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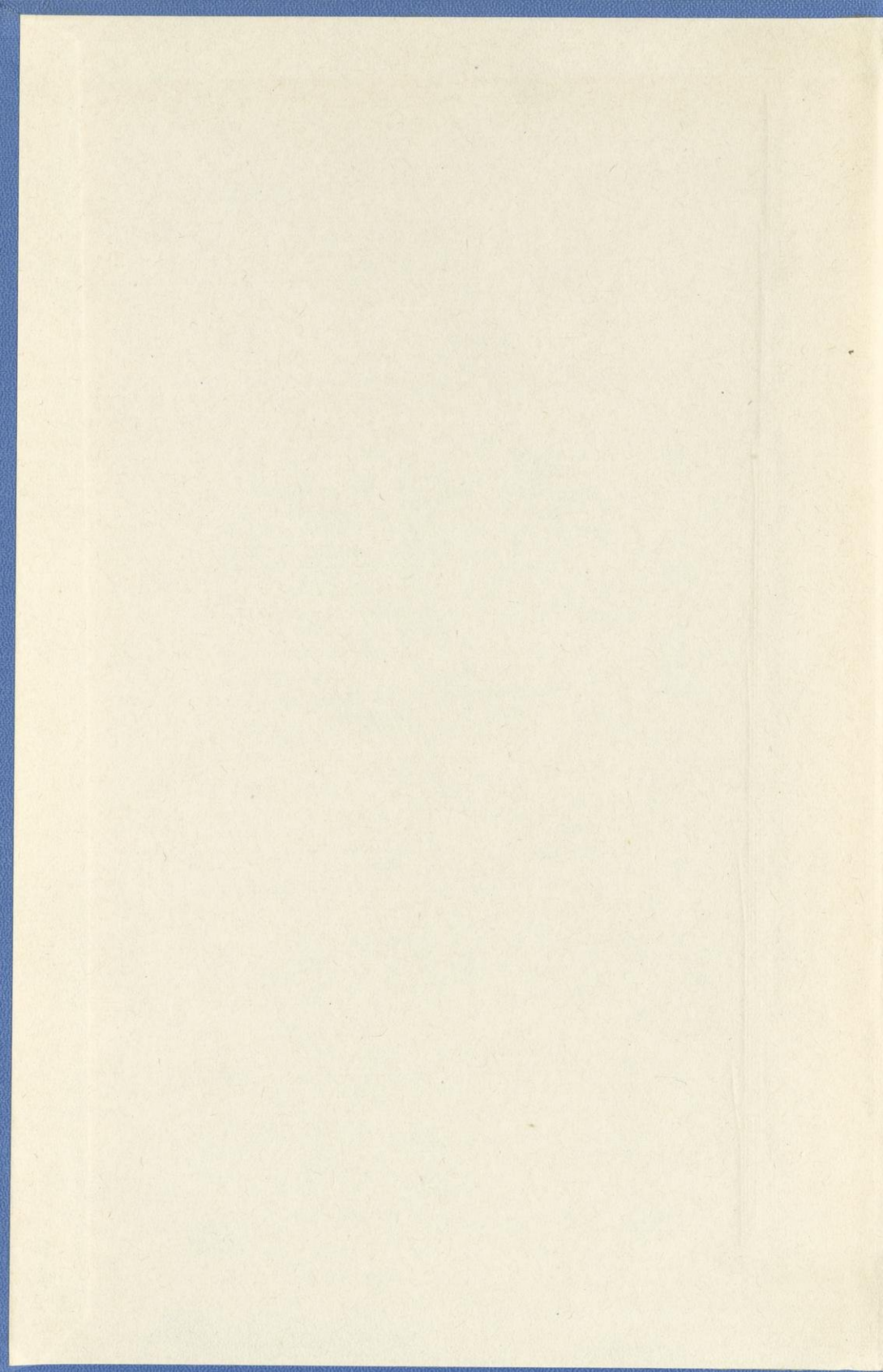
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THE WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK

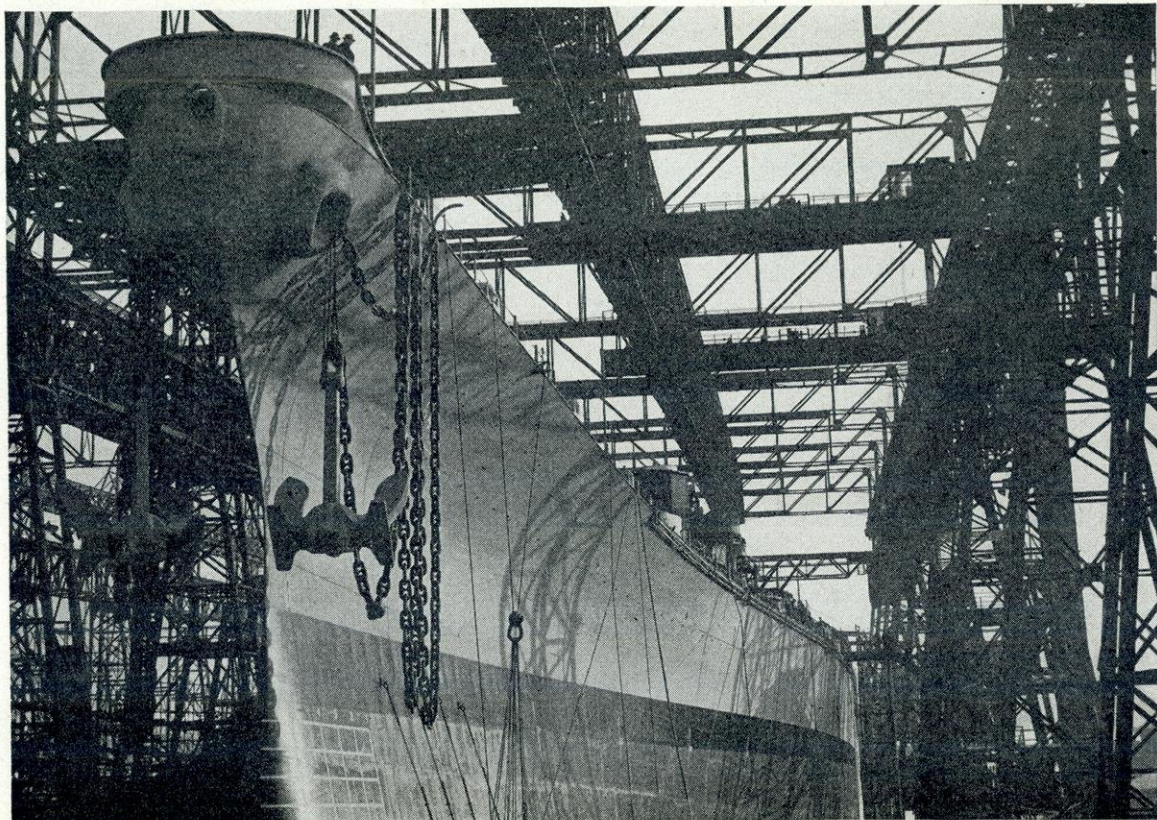
1944

THE
WISCONSIN
BLUE BOOK

1944

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STATE OF WISCONSIN



Launching of the new battleship, the U. S. S. Wisconsin, at Philadelphia, December 7, 1943.

Foreword



BEFORE the outbreak of the present war, most Americans believed that Democracy, the right of self-government in the people, was peculiarly an American concept of government whose institutions were developed and nourished exclusively on American soil.

This world conflict has demonstrated that Democracy is an international concept of all freedom-loving people which the Allied Nations, consisting of more than two-thirds of the people of the world, are fighting to preserve.

War imposes on government new and increased responsibilities, the same as on the citizens. State, county, and local governments are obligated to cooperate with the national government not only in the prosecution of the war to a complete victory but in the planning and preparation for an enduring peace to follow. Wisconsin has given, and will continue to give, its fullest cooperation to the very end.

Wisconsin's record for good government is due to the informed and enlightened citizenship of the people of this state. Our citizens have always recognized that government in this state belongs to all the people and is the concern of every citizen. They know and expect that continued good government requires a sustained interest and participation by the people in the activities of our government. We, the chosen representatives of the people, know that a clear understanding of the affairs of government is essential if we are to make government responsive to the will of the people.

The Wisconsin Blue Book, the oldest state publication, presents to the citizens factual information about our state government. It contains a simple, straightforward, up-to-date account of the functions and work of the various boards, commissions, and departments, including a brief summary of the activities of the state, county, and local governments in the war effort.

To the officials and teachers in our public and private schools, I urge the continuous use of the Blue Book not only as a reference book, but as a primal source of information and facts as to the organization and functions of all branches of our state and local governments.

I urge the people of the state to read this edition of the Blue Book. I am sure it will make for a better understanding of our government and arouse greater cooperation so essential in meeting the problems in the future.

WALTER S. GOODLAND,
Acting Governor.

March 1, 1944.

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Introduction



THE Wisconsin Blue Book is the manual of the state of Wisconsin and summarizes the work of the several branches of our state government. Beginning in 1853 it was published annually but since 1885 it has been a biennial publication. From 1885 through 1937 the Blue Book came from the press in the odd-numbered years but since that time it has made its appearance in the even-numbered years in accordance with a statute change made in 1939. This change was made so that each issue may contain up-to-date information as a result of the regular legislative session of the preceding year and any intervening special session, and to insure prompt publication of the book.

The Blue Book supplies impartial and accurate information useful not only to the average citizen but to students in the schools and colleges. It is published in the interest of every citizen of the state. The editors invite suggestions and criticism in order that each succeeding issue may be improved.

War conditions made it impossible to continue in this edition the picture section which has been a feature since 1935. However, a number of pictures are included in connection with the article on the war activities of Wisconsin government.

The editors wish to thank the contributor of the special article, members of the legislature, state departments, Department of Visual Instruction of the University Extension Division, particularly Mr. Homer C. Montague, who supplied photographs of members of the legislature, the sergeants-at-arms' staffs of both houses who cooperated with the photographer, the Milwaukee Journal, and all other individuals and organizations who made suggestions, furnished information and photographs, and gave assistance of any kind.

Blue Books may be obtained free by applying to your senator or assemblyman who has a limited number for distribution, or by purchase from the Bureau of Purchases, State Capitol, Madison 2, for the price of \$1.00 per copy. The Legislative Reference Library is directed by statute to compile the book but has nothing to do with its distribution.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE LIBRARY,

HOWARD F. OHM, *Chief,*
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Editors.

Constitutional Officers



Acting Governor Walter S. Goodland.



Governor-elect Orland S. Loomis.
Deceased December 7, 1942.

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

ACTING GOVERNOR

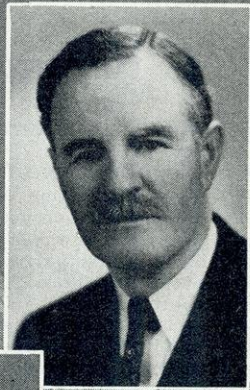
WALTER S. GOODLAND (Rep.) was born at Sharon on December 22, 1862. After his graduation from high school at Appleton he attended Lawrence College for one year. He was admitted to the bar in 1885 and practiced law for a few years before entering the newspaper business. He was mayor of Racine from 1911 to 1915. In 1912 and 1928 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention. From 1900 to 1933 he was the publisher and editor of the Racine Times-Call. In 1933 Mr. Goodland retired from the newspaper business and is now operating his farm in Racine County. He served two terms in the senate and was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1938 and re-elected in 1940 and again in 1942. Because of the death of Governor-Elect Orland S. Loomis on December 7, 1942 Lieutenant Governor Walter S. Goodland became Acting Governor on January 4, 1943 and succeeded to the duties and prerogatives of the office of Governor. Home Address: 1632 Wisconsin Street, Racine.

GOVERNOR-ELECT

ORLAND S. LOOMIS (Prog.) was born at Mauston on November 2, 1893. He attended Ripon College and the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from the Law School of the university in 1917. He was a practicing attorney in Mauston, and held the office of city attorney from 1922 to 1931. He also served as special prosecuting district attorney for Juneau County. During 1918 and 1919 he was in the World War as a member of the American Expeditionary Forces in France, and while there taught law in the army schools. Mr. Loomis served in the assembly during the session of 1929 and in the senate during the sessions of 1931 and 1933. He was elected president pro tempore of the senate during the latter session. In 1932 to 1933 he was chairman of the Veterans Memorial Commission; senate representative on the Governor's Executive Council; senate representative on the American Legislators' Council; and during 1935 and 1936 he served as state director for the Rural Electrification Administration in Wisconsin by appointment of the Governor. He was the Wisconsin representative to the World Power Conference in 1936. Mr. Loomis served as Attorney General in 1937 and 1938. At the general election in 1942 he was elected Governor. As the result of a sudden illness Mr. Loomis died on December 7, 1942.



GOODLAND



ZIMMERMAN



SMITH



MARTIN



CALLAHAN

Walter S. Goodland, Lieutenant Governor; Fred R. Zimmerman, Secretary of State; John M. Smith, State Treasurer; John E. Martin, Attorney General; John Callahan, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

WALTER S. GOODLAND (Rep.) *see Acting Governor.*

THE SECRETARY OF STATE

FRED R. ZIMMERMAN (Rep.) was born and educated in Milwaukee and has lived there all his life. He served as a member of the town board and in the assembly before he was elected Secretary of State in 1922 and 1924. From 1927 to 1929 he was Governor of Wisconsin. Following his term as Governor he was sent to Spain by the President of the United States to represent this Government as a Commissioner to the World's Fair at Seville. In 1916, 1920, 1924, and 1940 he was a delegate to the National Republican Convention. Mr. Zimmerman was again elected Secretary of State in 1938 and re-elected in 1940 and in 1942. Home Address: 2995 South Shore Drive, Milwaukee.

THE STATE TREASURER

JOHN M. SMITH (Rep.) was born on a farm near Carthage, Hancock County, Illinois. He was educated in the rural schools. From 1891 to 1895 he was a telegraph operator and station agent for the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Omaha Railway. For the next six years he was an official of the Shell Lake Lumber Company, employing 600 men in timber, mill and lumber yards. He was cashier of the Lumbermen's Bank, Shell Lake, from 1901 to 1925, and then became its president. Mr. Smith has always been active in civic and community affairs. He was president of the Wisconsin Bankers Association in 1922 and 1923. He organized and financed three cooperative creameries and has been secretary of the Wisconsin Cooperative Creamery Association since 1923. For five years he was a director of Wisconsin, the Land O'Lakes Association, which was the first state-wide organization to advertise Wisconsin as the playground of the Middle West. He had never held any public office until elected as State Treasurer in 1938. He was re-elected in 1940 and again in 1942. Home Address: Shell Lake.

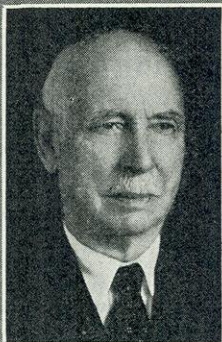
THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

JOHN E. MARTIN (Rep.) was born on November 15, 1891 in Green Bay. After attending the parochial and public schools of Green Bay he attended the University of Wisconsin from 1910 to 1914 and was graduated from the Law School of the University of Notre Dame in 1916. He is a practicing attorney. Mr. Martin served in the World War as a first lieutenant in Company E, 127th Infantry, 32nd Division. He had held no public office until his election as Attorney General in 1938. He was re-elected as Attorney General in 1940 and again in 1942. Home Address: 2519 North Prospect Avenue, Milwaukee.

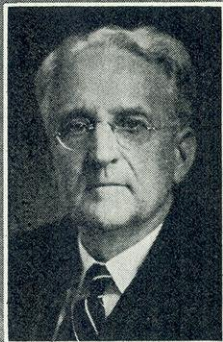
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

JOHN CALLAHAN was elected to his present office in 1921. He was born at Goldens Bridge, Westchester County, New York, December 16, 1865, and came with his family to Prescott, Pierce County, Wisconsin in 1869. Here he spent his boyhood and received his education which, supplemented by private study, made him the recipient of an unlimited state certificate in 1894. He taught rural school and served as school principal for several years, after which he was elected city superintendent of schools at Menasha which position he held for seventeen years. From 1918 until the time he assumed his present office he was the state director of vocational education. He is a life member of the National Educational Association and of the American Vocational Association. During his long career as a teacher in the public schools of the state he has served in numerous educational capacities, among them conductor of teachers' institutes and summer schools, president of the Northwest Teachers Association in 1900, president of the Northeast Teachers Association in 1908, president of the State Teachers Association in 1913, president of the National Council of State Superintendents and Commissioners of Education in 1930 and 1931, and for many years a member of the teachers' legislative committee. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Mr. Callahan by Carroll College, Waukesha, Wisconsin on June 11, 1934. Home Address: 509 North Lake Street, Madison.

Supreme Court Justices



FOWLER



FRITZ



FAIRCHILD



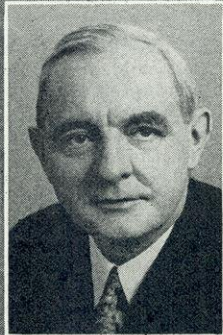
ROSENBERRY



WICKHEM



MARTIN



BARLOW

Members of the Supreme Court: Chief Justice Marvin B. Rosenberry; Justice Chester A. Fowler; Justice Oscar M. Fritz; Justice Edward T. Fairchild; Justice John D. Wickhem; Justice Joseph Martin; Justice Elmer E. Barlow.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT

MARVIN B. ROSENBERRY was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin, February 12, 1916, succeeding the late Justice John Barnes, resigned. Two years later, in April 1918, he was elected for the residue of the term. In April 1919 he was re-elected for the regular term ending January 1930, and was again re-elected in April 1929 and April 1939.

He was born February 12, 1868, at River Styx, Medina County, Ohio. Shortly thereafter his parents moved to Fulton, Kalamazoo County, Michigan. He was reared on a farm and educated in the common schools until he was sixteen. He attended the Michigan State Normal School at Ypsilanti for three years, teaching in the meantime to defray his expenses. In the fall of 1890 he entered the Law Department of the University of Michigan. In the summer of 1891 he entered the offices of Silverthorn, Hurly, Ryan, and Jones at Wausau as student and clerk, where he remained a year and a half. In 1893 he was graduated from the University of Michigan and began the practice of law at Wausau on August 23, 1893. On January 1, 1895 he became a member of the firm of Bump, Kreutzer, and Rosenberry which six years later became Kreutzer, Bird, and Rosenberry. In 1926 he was awarded the honorary degree of LL.D. by the University of Michigan. In 1930 he received the same degree from the University of Wisconsin and in 1938 from Marquette University. In 1941 he received the honorary degree of Master of Education from Michigan State Normal College at Ypsilanti.

He was married September 2, 1897 to Kate Landfair at Leslie, Michigan, who died January 26, 1917, leaving two children, Katherine and Samuel. On June 24, 1918 Judge Rosenberry was married to Mrs. Lois K. Mathews, then dean of women of the University of Wisconsin.

He became Chief Justice upon the death of Chief Justice Vinje on March 23, 1929.

CHESTER A. FOWLER was born at Rubicon, Dodge County, December 25, 1862, and spent his boyhood on a farm near Richland Center. He was graduated from Whitewater Normal School and the College of Letters and Science of the University of Wisconsin, and was admitted to the bar of Wisconsin upon state bar examination in 1889 after reading law in the office of D. W. Clements at West Union, Iowa. After practicing law for five years at Omaha, Nebraska, and for eleven years at Portage, Wisconsin, he was elected judge of the Eighteenth Judicial Circuit of Wisconsin on its creation in 1905 and was re-elected four times thereafter without opposition. He served as chairman of the Board of Circuit Judges for the first ten years of its existence. He was appointed by Governor Kohler in 1929 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Vinje, and in April 1930 was elected to this position by the people. He was re-elected in 1931 and again in 1941.

OSCAR MARION FRITZ was born in Milwaukee on March 3, 1878 where he attended the public schools and the Milwaukee Law School, which is now a department of Marquette University. He was graduated from the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin in 1901. From 1901 to 1912 he practiced law as a member of a partnership with Theodore Kronshage, Francis E. McGovern, Guy D. Goff, Walter Corrigan

and Timothy J. Hannan. From 1912 to 1929 he was circuit judge of Milwaukee County. He was advanced to the Supreme Court to succeed Justice Christian Doerfler on May 28, 1929, and was unanimously elected for the balance of the unexpired term in the spring of 1932, and for the full term in 1934. Judge Fritz was chairman of the Milwaukee Board of Circuit Judges for six years, and vice-chairman of the Wisconsin Board of Circuit Judges.

EDWARD T. FAIRCHILD was born at Towanda, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1872. He received his early education in the public schools of Dansville, New York. Later he was employed in a newspaper office and studied law in the office of Rowe and Coyne. After being admitted to the bar he moved to Milwaukee and began practicing law there. He was elected to the state senate for the sessions of 1907, 1909, and 1915, and to the position of circuit judge in 1916. In April 1930 he was appointed Justice of the Supreme Court and elected to that office in April 1936.

JOHN D. WICKHEM was born at Beloit on May 25, 1888. His father, also a native of Wisconsin, was a practicing lawyer of that city. He was educated in the public schools of Beloit, was graduated from Beloit College in 1910, and from the University of Wisconsin Law School in 1916. For four years following his graduation from college he taught history and was director of athletics at Beloit High School, and served by appointment a portion of a term as city treasurer. In 1916 he entered the law office of Burr W. Jones, Madison, and also lectured at the University Law School. In 1917 he became a member of the firm of Leni-check, Boesel and Wickhem, Milwaukee, and retained membership in this firm until his appointment to the Supreme Court. From August 1918 until April 1919 he was chief of the editorial division of the Bureau of War Trade Intelligence at Washington. In April 1919 he was made assistant professor of law, University of Wisconsin Law School. He became associate professor in 1922, and professor of law in 1925. He was appointed commissioner on uniform state laws in 1929. He is a member of the executive council of the American Law Institute, has been an adviser in the Restatements of Restitution and Security, and is a consultant upon the Code of Evidence. In 1931 he was awarded the honorary degree of LL.D. by Beloit College. In 1940 he received the same degree from the University of Wisconsin. He was appointed to the Supreme Court September 25, 1930 to succeed Justice Charles H. Crownhart, and was elected for a ten-year term in the spring of 1933 and re-elected for a like term in April 1943. He was married in 1920 to Mary Luella Carroll and has two sons, John C. and Robert J.

JOSEPH MARTIN was born on May 12, 1878 in the town of Rockland, Brown County. His parents, who were farmers, were among the pioneer settlers of Wisconsin. He attended rural school and was graduated from the West De Pere High School in 1897. From 1899 to 1902 he studied law in the offices of Wigman and Martin at Green Bay. In the fall of 1902 he entered the Law School of the University of Wisconsin and was admitted to the practice of law in April 1903. He became associated with his brothers, Patrick H. Martin and John F. Martin at Green Bay where he practiced his profession until he was appointed to the Supreme Court in December 1934 to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Justice Theodore G. Lewis. In 1937 he was elected to succeed himself for the full term of ten years. Justice Martin has always taken an active interest in public affairs. He was a member of the legislature from 1902 to 1904 and was president of the board of education of Green

Bay at the time of his appointment to the Supreme Court. He was married in 1904 to Mildred E. Wright of De Pere. Four daughters were born of this marriage, three of whom are living,—Mildred Martin Delaney, Jean Martin Lefebvre, and Florence Martin.

ELMER E. BARLOW was born in Arcadia, Wisconsin, on May 18, 1887. He was educated in the public schools of Arcadia and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin Law School in 1909. Following his graduation he began the practice of law with J. C. Gaveney and became a member of the firm of Gaveney and Barlow which later became Gaveney, Barlow, and Fugina. When Mr. Gaveney was appointed county judge the firm continued as Barlow and Fugina until the appointment of Judge Barlow to the Supreme Court. He also maintained a law office in La Crosse since 1934 as a member of the firm of Holmes and Barlow. During the time he was engaged in the practice of law Judge Barlow served as city attorney for twenty years and district attorney for ten years. In January 1939 he was appointed executive counsel by Governor Hell and in October 1939 as Tax Commissioner. He held the latter office until his appointment to the Supreme Court on December 12, 1942 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Justice George B. Nelson. He was married November 4, 1913 to Kate Haralda Clausen who died May 16, 1930, leaving two children, Robert, who is now in the navy, and Mrs. Fred C. Daft. On October 5, 1937 Judge Barlow was married to Mrs. Anna M. Schneider.

**Members of Congress
From Wisconsin**



United States Senator Robert M. La Follette, Jr.



United States Senator Alexander Wiley.



SMITH



SAUTHOFF



STEVENSON



WASIELEWSKI



McMURRAY

Members of House of Representatives: Lawrence Henry Smith, 1st district; Harry Sauthoff, 2nd district; William Henry Stevenson, 3rd district; Thad F. Wasielewski, 4th district; Howard J. McMurray, 5th district.



KEEFE



MURRAY



DILWEG



HULL



O'KONSKI

Members of House of Representatives: Frank B. Keefe, 6th district; Reid F. Murray, 7th district; LaVern R. Dilweg, 8th district; Merlin Hull, 9th district; Alvin E. O'Konski, 10th district.

WISCONSIN MEMBERS OF THE 78TH CONGRESS

SENATORS

ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE, JR. (Prog.) was born February 6, 1895 at Madison. He was educated in the public schools of Madison and Washington, D. C. He received early training in public affairs as intimate companion and later as private secretary to his father who, at that time, was United States Senator from Wisconsin. In 1924 he delivered his father's message to the National Conference for Progressive Political Action which launched the elder La Follette's candidacy for President of the United States. In 1925, at the age of thirty, he was elected to the Senate to succeed his father. He was chosen a delegate-at-large to the 1928 Republican National Convention and as the Wisconsin member of the Committee on Resolutions, presenting the Progressive minority report. In the same year he was re-elected to the Senate. He married Rachel Wilson Young in 1930. They have two children, Jo Oden and Bronson Cutting. He was re-elected to the Senate in 1934 as candidate of the Progressive Party, and again in 1940. He is first-ranking minority member of the Senate Committees on Finance, Education and Labor, Manufactures, and Indian Affairs; and third-ranking minority member of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. Home Address: Maple Bluff Farm, Madison.

ALEXANDER WILEY (Rep.) was born at Chippewa Falls on May 26, 1884. After his graduation from Chippewa Falls High School he attended Augsburg College at Minneapolis for two years, the law school of the University of Michigan for two years, and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin Law School in 1907. He has been a lawyer and businessman since that time. Since 1916 he has also owned and operated a dairy farm in Barron County which was previously owned by his parents. Senator Wiley was district attorney of Chippewa County for three terms from 1909 to 1915, a member of the school board of Chippewa Falls, governor of the Wisconsin-Michigan Kiwanis District in 1933, and Republican nominee for governor in 1936. He was married in 1909 to May Jenkins. They have four children, Elizabeth, Marshall, Rosemary, and Winifred. He was elected to the U. S. Senate in 1938. Home Address: Chippewa Falls.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Green, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, and Walworth Counties

LAWRENCE HENRY SMITH (Rep.) was born at Racine on September 15, 1892. His early education was received in the elementary schools of Racine and the Milwaukee University School. After attending Milwaukee State Teachers College for two years he enrolled at Marquette University where he was graduated from the law school in June 1923 with the degree of LL.B. Since that time he has been a practicing attorney in Racine. During World War I Mr. Smith was in the infantry from 1917 to 1919. From 1938 to 1939 he was department commander of the Wisconsin American Legion. He has also served as president of the Racine County Bar Association. In a special election in August 1941 he was elected to Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Bolles of the first district. He was re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Rural Route 3, Box 439, Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Columbia, Dane, Dodge, Jefferson, and Waukesha Counties

HARRY SAUTHOFF (Prog.) was born on June 3, 1879 at Madison. He attended the Madison public schools and received his B.A. degree from the University of Wisconsin in 1902 and his LL.B. from the law school of the University of Wisconsin in 1909. Before he studied law he taught school at Lake Geneva High School and the Northern Illinois State Normal School. During these four years he also coached athletics. After he received his law degree; he was a practicing attorney in Madison. From 1915 to 1919 he was district attorney of Dane County and in 1921 private secretary to Governor John J. Blaine. He was appointed by Governor Blaine as Wisconsin's representative at the International Conference between the United States and Canada, and also to the Mississippi Valley Conference. From 1925 to 1929 he was state senator from the twenty-sixth district of Wisconsin. He was elected to Congress in 1934 and re-elected in 1936, 1940, and 1942. Home Address: 22 South Hancock Street, Madison.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Monroe, Richland, Sauk, and Vernon Counties

WILLIAM HENRY STEVENSON (Rep.) was born on September 23, 1893 at Kenosha. His father, Major John Stevenson, was an Indian scout and a close associate of General Charles King. He was also an associate and friend of Buffalo Bill Cody. In 1894 Major Stevenson moved to La Crosse where his son attended grade and high school. He carried newspapers and cut cord wood with a buck saw to earn his expenses through the secondary and high school at La Crosse. He was graduated from the La Crosse Teachers College in 1912 and the University of Wisconsin in 1919. Mr. Stevenson was the first principal of Holmen High School, and also taught in the high school at Neillsville and in Central High School at Madison. In 1920 he received the degree of LL.B. from the law school of the University of Wisconsin. He is a member of the Phi Alpha Delta legal fraternity. Since 1920 he has practiced law in Richland Center and La Crosse. Mr. Stevenson has held a number of public offices: circuit court commissioner and divorce counsel of Richland County, district attorney of the same county, and district attorney of La Crosse County from 1934 until the time of his election to the 77th Congress in 1940. He was re-elected in 1942. Home Address: 235 West Avenue South, La Crosse.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, and Wauwatosa; villages of Greendale and West Milwaukee; cities of Cudahy, South Milwaukee, Wauwatosa, and West Allis, and the third, fourth, fifth, eighth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, and twenty-seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee.

THAD F. WASIELEWSKI (Dem.) was born in Milwaukee on December 2, 1904. He is the son of Dr. Francis S. and Felicia Baranowski Wasielewski. He was graduated from the University of Michigan where he received his B.A. and from Marquette University Law School where he was granted the degree of J.D. He is a practicing attorney. In 1940 he was census supervisor of the fourth district. In 1939 he married Stephanie M. Gorak of Milwaukee and they have one son, Francis Thomas. Mr. Wasielewski was elected to the 77th Congress in 1940 and to the 78th Congress in 1942. He is a member of the Ways and Means Committee. Home Address: 905 West Lincoln Avenue, Milwaukee.

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Calumet, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan, Washington, and Winnebago Counties

FRANK B. KEEFE (Rep.) was born on September 23, 1887 at Winneconne. He was graduated from Oshkosh State Teachers College in 1906 and received the degree of LL.B. from the University of Michigan in 1910. Mr. Keefe has been a practicing attorney since 1910 and served as district attorney of Winnebago County from 1922 to 1928. He married Mildred V. Steele of Ripon. They have one son, Bateman, and two daughters, Mrs. Charles F. Nolan and Mrs. Edwin Rosten. He was elected to Congress in 1938 and re-elected in 1940 and in 1942. Home Address: 687 Main Street, Oshkosh.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Towns of Granville and Milwaukee; villages of Fox Point, River Hills, Shorewood, and Whitefish Bay; and the first, second, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, thirteenth, fifteenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-fifth, and twenty-sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

HOWARD JOHNSTONE McMURRAY (Dem.) was born at Mount Hope, Kansas on March 3, 1901. He attended Berea Training School, Berea Academy, and Wisconsin High School. He received his B.A., M.A. and Ph.D. from the University of Wisconsin. Mr. McMurray was a life insurance statistician and an aircraft operations and sales manager. He was an instructor in political science and from 1938 to 1942 an assistant professor at the University of Wisconsin. He was elected to Congress in 1942. Home Address: 4903 North Cumberland Boulevard, Milwaukee.

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Adams, Green Lake, Langlade, Marathon, Marquette, Portage, Shawano, Waupaca, Waushara, and Wood Counties

REID F. MURRAY (Rep.) was born on October 16, 1887 at Ogdensburg. He was graduated from Manawa High School in 1907 and from the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin in 1916. Mr. Murray was professor of animal husbandry in the Agricultural Extension Division of the University of Wisconsin from 1922 to 1927. He was county agent of Winnebago County in 1917, agricultural agent of the Northern Pacific Railway Company from 1914 to 1917, and agricultural agent of the First National Bank of Oshkosh for three years. He married Lyle Hermanson of Iola, Wisconsin. They have two sons, Reid, jr. and Hyde, and a daughter Kittie. He was elected to Congress in 1938 and re-elected in 1940 and in 1942. Home Address: Ogdensburg.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Brown, Door, Florence, Forest, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Oconto, and Outagamie Counties

LAVERN R. DILWEG (Dem.) was born on November 1, 1903 in Milwaukee. After graduation from Washington High School in Milwaukee he attended Marquette University and received his LL.B. from that school. For some years he played professional football and recently was director of a baseball team. Since 1927 he has been a practicing attorney in Green Bay. Mr. Dilweg was chapter chairman of Brown County Red Cross and president of the Lions Club. He married Eleanor Coleman in 1927. They have four children, Jon, Robert, Gary, and Dian. He was elected to Congress in 1942. Home Address: Green Bay.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Barron, Buffalo, Chippewa, Clark, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin,
Pierce, St. Croix, and Trempealeau Counties

MERLIN HULL (Prog.) spent his boyhood in a farming community at Sechlerville in Jackson County. Here he attended school and worked as a farm hand and country school teacher so that he might earn funds with which to continue his education. He also learned the printing trade. His higher education was received at Gale College at Galesville, and De Pauw and Columbian Universities. After being admitted to the bar, he was a practicing attorney at Black River Falls. In 1904 he bought the Jackson County Journal, which in 1926 was consolidated with the Badger State Banner under the name of Banner-Journal. Mr. Hull still owns and publishes this newspaper. He has held various public offices, serving as district attorney of Jackson County; as a member of the assembly of the Wisconsin legislature in 1909, 1911, and 1913, being elected speaker of the assembly in 1913; and as Secretary of State in 1916 and again in 1918. He was elected to Congress from the seventh district in 1928 and has been elected continuously from the ninth district since 1934. Home Address: Black River Falls.

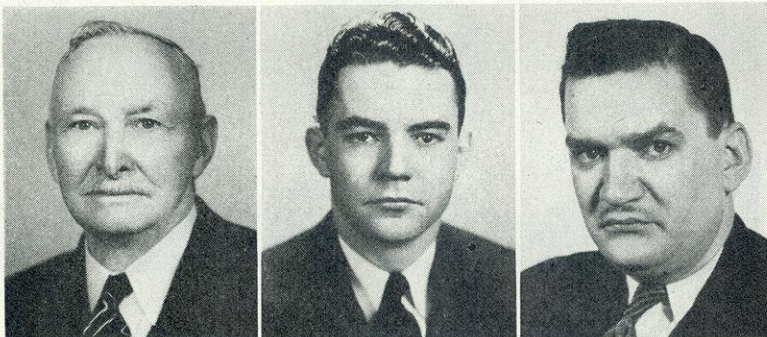
TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Ashland, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Iron, Lincoln, Oneida, Polk, Price,
Rusk, Sawyer, Taylor, Vilas, and Washburn Counties

ALVIN J. O'KONSKI (Rep.) was born in Kewaunee on May 26, 1904. He attended rural school and high school. He received his Ed.B. from the Oshkosh State Teachers College and his Ph.M. from the University of Wisconsin. He also attended the University of Iowa. Mr. O'Konski was a teacher, dean of a junior college, city superintendent of schools, and a professor of speech at Oregon State College and the University of Detroit. He has received national and international speech honors. At present he is a journalist. He was elected to Congress in 1942. Home Address: Mercer.

**Members of the
Legislature**

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE



CASHMAN
1st District

BYRNES
2nd District

ZABLOCKI
3rd District

JOHN E. CASHMAN (Prog.) farms and lives on the land in Kewaunee County that his father purchased from the government. He was born in the town of Franklin, was educated in the public schools, Valparaiso University, and the Chicago Law School. After teaching in Kewaunee and Brown Counties he became an inspector for the United States Bureau of Animal Industry at Chicago in 1901. From 1903 to 1919 he served in the United States Bureau of Internal Revenue and then returned to the farm. Senator Cashman was one of the La Follette delegates to the National Republican Convention at Cleveland in 1924. He served as a regent of the University for six years. He was elected to the state senate in 1922 and has served continuously ever since except for an interim of two years, 1939 to 1941, when he ran the second time for Congress, being defeated in 1936 by only 583 votes. He is the author of much outstanding legislation including the present highway law, the fifteen cent tax on oleomargarine and other butter substitutes, and the farm woodlot law. Home Address: Route 2, Denmark.

First senatorial district: Door, Kewaunee, and Manitowoc Counties.

JOHN W. BYRNES (Rep.) was born at Green Bay on June 12, 1913. After attending St. John's Parochial School and East Green Bay High School he continued his education at the University of Wisconsin where he received the degrees of B.A. and LL.B. Since his graduation he has been a practicing attorney in Green Bay. Senator Byrnes has also been employed by the Banking Department of Wisconsin as a special deputy commissioner of banking but resigned from this position when he assumed his duties as a state senator in January 1941. Home Address: 939 South Webster Avenue, Green Bay.

Second senatorial district: Brown and Oconto Counties.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI (Dem.) was born on November 18, 1912 at Milwaukee. After attending St. Vincent's Parochial School and Marquette University High School, he continued his education at Marquette University where he received his Ph.B. degree. From 1935 to 1938 he was a teacher, and since 1933 he has been a church organist. He has held no public office until his election to the senate in 1942. Home Address: 1623 South 21st Street, Milwaukee.

Third senatorial district: The fifth, eighth, eleventh, and twenty-fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



MURRAY
4th District

GETTELMAN
5th District

HAMPEL
6th District

MILTON T. MURRAY (Rep.) was born June 1, 1898 in Milwaukee and received his education at Milwaukee State Teachers College, Marquette University, and the University of Chicago. He was a teacher and athletic coach for ten years and is now a practicing attorney in Milwaukee. He resigned from his fifth consecutive term in the assembly to run for a seat in the senate left vacant by the death of Oscar H. Morris. Senator Murray was elected in April 1939 to fill the unexpired term and re-elected in 1940. Home Address: 419 West Acacia Road, Milwaukee.

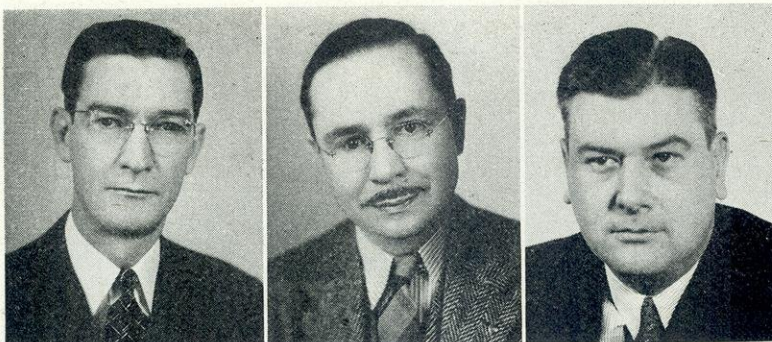
Fourth senatorial district: The thirteenth, eighteenth, and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee; and the villages of Fox Point, River Hills, Shorewood, Whitefish Bay, and the town of Milwaukee.

BERNHARD GETTELMAN (Rep.) was born at Chicago, Illinois on December 23, 1889. He received his education in the common schools of Milwaukee. Senator Gettelman is president-treasurer of the National Soap and Products Company. He has served in the Milwaukee County sheriff's department both as motorcycle officers' chief and as under-sheriff. He was elected a delegate to the Republican National Convention of 1932, 1936 and again in 1940. He was elected chairman of the Wisconsin delegation in 1936 and in 1940. From 1917 to 1918 he was a member of the assembly, and from 1923 to 1934 of the senate. He was elected to the senate in 1938 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: 2254 North Hi-Mount Boulevard, Milwaukee.

Fifth senatorial district: The ninth, fifteenth, nineteenth, twenty-second, and twenty-sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

GEORGE HAMPEL (Prog.) was born in Milwaukee on August 27, 1885. He was educated in the public schools, the International Correspondence School, and Hesse's Art School. Senator Hampel is an accountant and is president of Hampel's Book Shop, Inc. Included in the public offices which he has held are county clerk of Milwaukee County in 1919 and 1920 and executive secretary of the Milwaukee Motion Picture Commission. He was a member of the assembly in 1931, was elected to the senate in 1936, and re-elected in 1940. Home Address: 3651 North 17th Street, Milwaukee.

Sixth senatorial district: The second, seventh, tenth, twentieth, and twenty-fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



GAWRONSKI
7th District

BUSBY
8th District

TEHAN
9th District

ANTHONY P. GAWRONSKI (Dem.) was born at Wisconsin Dells on March 24, 1900. He was graduated from Marquette Academy in 1919 and from Marquette University Law School in 1923. Since 1923 he has been a practicing attorney in Milwaukee. Senator Gawronski was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Chicago in 1932 and in the fall of that year was elected as one of the presidential electors from the Fourth Congressional District. He served as assistant district attorney and divorce counsel of Milwaukee County from 1933 to 1937. He was elected to the state senate in 1938 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: 3032 South 12th Street, Milwaukee.

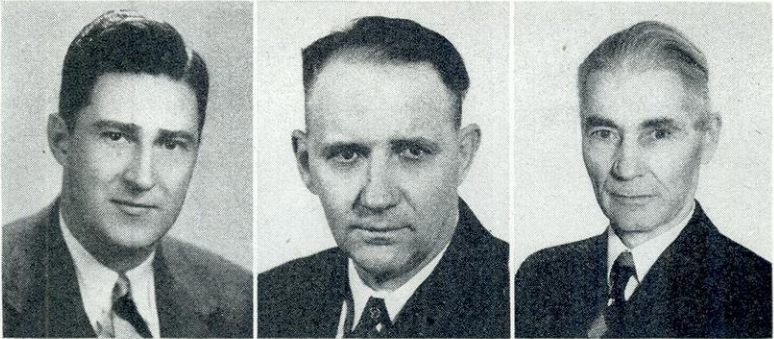
Seventh senatorial district: The twelfth, fourteenth, seventeenth, and twenty-seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee and the cities of Cudahy and South Milwaukee; towns of Lake and Oak Creek.

ALLEN J. BUSBY (Rep.) is a graduate of the West Milwaukee public schools, West Allis High School, Milwaukee State Teachers College, and the University of Wisconsin. He received the degrees of B.A., M.A., and LL.B. from the University of Wisconsin. He was admitted to the bar in 1928. Prior to engaging in the practice of law Senator Busby was principal of the high school at Little Chute for two years and an instructor of English and history at the West Allis High School for five years. Since 1932 he has been village attorney of West Milwaukee and a member of the law firm of Busby and Luehring in Milwaukee. Senator Busby served in the assembly in 1931 and again in 1935. In 1936 he was elected to the senate and in 1940 re-elected as a Republican. Home Address: 1673 South 53rd Street, Milwaukee.

Eighth senatorial district: Towns of Franklin, Granville, Greenfield, and Wauwatosa; villages of Greendale and West Milwaukee; sixteenth and twenty-third wards of the city of Milwaukee and cities of Wauwatosa and West Allis.

ROBERT E. TEHAN (Dem.) was born at Milwaukee on January 7, 1905. He attended Gesu Grade School and Marquette Academy and received his B.A. degree from Marquette University in 1927 and his LL.B. degree in 1929. Before becoming an attorney he was employed in the railroad shops at Milwaukee and as treasurer of the Pabst Theater. He is a member of both the Milwaukee and the Wisconsin State Bar Associations. He served three terms in the assembly and was elected to the senate in 1942. Home Address: 534 North 11th Street, Milwaukee.

Ninth senatorial district: The first, third, fourth, and sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



KNOWLES
10th District

PETERSON
11th District

CARROLL
12th District

WARREN P. KNOWLES (Rep.) was born on August 19, 1908 at River Falls where he received his early education. He holds the degree of B.A. from Carleton College and LL.B. from the Law School of the University of Wisconsin. Since his graduation from the law school in 1933 he has engaged in the practice of law. Senator Knowles was a member of the county board from 1936 to 1940 and is past president of both the Kiwanis and Conservation Clubs. He is a lieutenant junior grade in the United States Naval Reserve and was released from active duty to serve in the 1943 session. Senator Knowles acted as Republican floor leader in the senate during the 1943 session. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: New Richmond.

Tenth senatorial district: Buffalo, Pepin, Pierce, and St. Croix Counties.

ELMER C. PETERSON (Prog.) was born in Martin County, Minnesota on November 30, 1892. He was educated in the public schools of Rockford, Illinois and was graduated from Brown's Business College in that city. During World War I he served with the A. E. F. 311th Trench Mortar Battery, 86th Division. Beginning with his first office of town clerk in 1926, Senator Peterson has continually held public office having been school clerk, town chairman, and a member of the county board from 1930 to 1935. He was also president of the Douglas County Farmers Union from 1931 to 1938. He served in the assembly from 1935 to 1941 and was elected to the senate in 1942. Home Address: 2402 East 5th Street, Superior.

Eleventh senatorial district: Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, and Washburn Counties.

JAMES H. CARROLL (Rep.) was brought up on a farm at Collins in Manitowoc County. He attended the common schools and was graduated from Oshkosh Normal School in 1900. After two years of teaching in northern Wisconsin he went to South Dakota in 1904. Here he engaged in banking and the real estate business and later opened an office in Minneapolis. From 1918 to 1924 he was supervisor of farm loans in the Seventh Federal Land Bank District. At the present time he owns and operates a 160-acre farm, deals in timber products, and handles farm loans and fire insurance. Senator Carroll was elected to the senate as a Republican in 1924, 1928, and again in 1940. Home address: Glidden.

Twelfth senatorial district: Ashland, Iron, Price, Rusk, Sawyer, and Vilas Counties.



PANZER
13th District

LAPPEN
14th District

ROBINSON
15th District

FRANK E. PANZER (Rep.) was born in the town of Hubbard in Dodge County on September 1, 1890. He attended the public schools and the Oakfield High School. Since 1918 he has been a school teacher and a telegraph operator and at present is engaged in farming. Senator Panzer has held several public offices including those of school clerk, town chairman, member of the Dodge County Board since 1925, and chairman of the Dodge County Board since 1940. He served in the assembly in the session of 1931 and was elected to the senate in 1934 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Route 2, Oakfield.

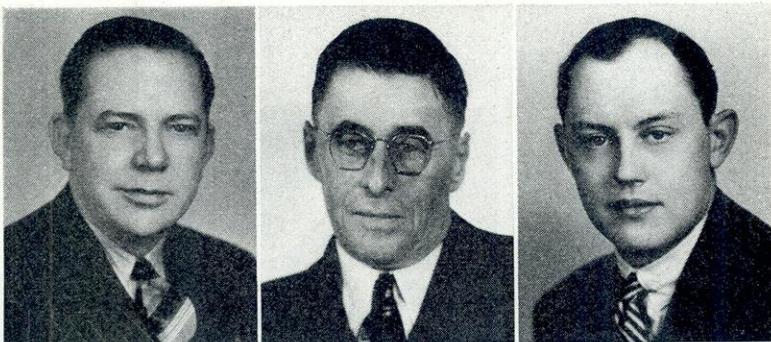
Thirteenth senatorial district: Dodge and Washington Counties.

JOHN F. LAPPEN (Rep.) was born in Appleton on February 6, 1881. A wire weaver by trade, Senator Lappen has had public and civic interests. He was alderman from 1916 to 1923, served as sheriff for four terms, and served as chief clerk of the Selective Service Board, and clerk of the Mediation Board. He was in the National Guard from 1900 to 1903. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: 46 Bellaire Court, Appleton.

Fourteenth senatorial district: Outagamie and Shawano Counties.

ROBERT P. ROBINSON (Rep.) was born in Beloit on May 15, 1884. He was graduated from the elementary and high schools and from Beloit College. He was a teacher from 1905 to 1916. From 1917 to 1919 he served in the army, entering the Reserve Corps as a lieutenant colonel. He was in the advertising business for several years and is now retired. Senator Robinson has been active in public and civic affairs having served as alderman, as member of the school board, of the Y. M. C. A. board, and of the Red Cross board. He has served as Housing Administrator and president of the Beloit Council of Defense. He is a member of the American Legion. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: 837 Church Street, Beloit.

Fifteenth senatorial district: Rock County.



LEWIS
16th District

OLSON
17th District

FELLENZ
18th District

HELMAR A. LEWIS (Rep.) was born at McFarland on February 7, 1900. After attending the McFarland grade school and Stoughton High School he came to the University of Wisconsin where he was graduated from the law school in 1928. Senator Lewis has been a farmer and laborer, but since 1928 has engaged in the practice of law. He has held a number of public offices: city attorney of Boscobel from 1930 to 1932, district attorney of Grant County from 1933 to 1937, and mayor of Boscobel since 1939. He is a veteran of World War I and a member of the American Legion. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: Boscobel.

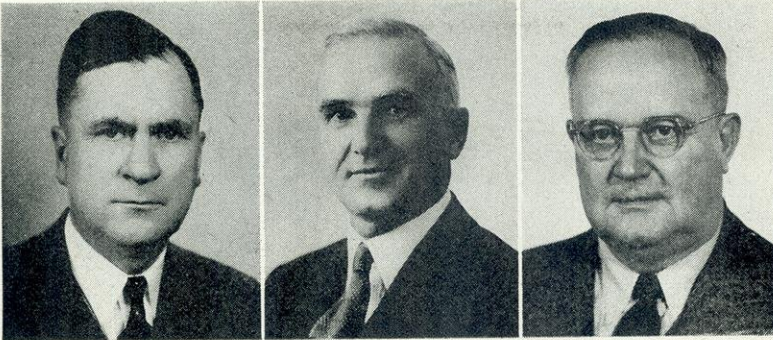
Sixteenth senatorial district: Crawford, Grant, and Vernon Counties.

MELVIN J. OLSON (Rep.) was born in the town of Blanchard in Lafayette County on May 18, 1887. After attending the common and high schools he was graduated from the Monroe Business College. He has been a farmer, a storekeeper, and at present is a farm implement and supply dealer. His public services include the offices of assessor, village treasurer, village president, and memberships on the county board, county relief committee, county selective service board, and the high school board. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: South Wayne.

Seventeenth senatorial district: Green, Iowa, and Lafayette Counties.

LOUIS J. FELLENZ, JR. (Rep.) was born at Fond du Lac on March 27, 1915. After his graduation from the Fond du Lac High School he went to the University of Wisconsin where he received the degree of LL.B. from the law school in 1939. Since that time he has been a practicing attorney. He had held no public office until his election to the senate in 1940. Home Address: 172 East Division Street, Fond du Lac.

Eighteenth senatorial district: Fond du Lac, Green Lake, and Wau-shara Counties.



BROWN
19th District

BUCHEN
20th District

HILKER
21st District

TAYLOR G. BROWN (Rep.) was born in Richland County on February 28, 1890. After his graduation from high school he taught in the rural schools for two years and then attended Platteville State Teachers College and the University of Wisconsin. He taught in the Viroqua High School for three years and was principal of Cashton High School for one year. In 1918 he served as county agricultural agent and from 1918 to 1930 as director of agriculture at Oshkosh under the Smith-Hughes act. Senator Brown has operated dairy farms since 1915. He was mayor of Oshkosh from 1930 to 1935 and has served as an officer of the New American Bank at Oshkosh, Oshkosh Fair, Wisconsin Association of Fairs, and Wisconsin-Fox Waterways Association. This is his second term in the senate. Home Address: Route 5, Oshkosh.

Nineteenth senatorial district: Calumet and Winnebago Counties.

GUSTAVE W. BUCHEN (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Lyndon in Sheboygan County on September 25, 1886. His parents came from Germany and were among the early settlers of the county. He attended the county district school, the Waldo graded school, and the Sheboygan public schools. He is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, receiving the degrees of B.A. in 1909 and LL.B. in 1912. From 1909 to 1911 he was assistant professor of rhetoric and oratory at the University of Oregon, and from 1911 to 1912 an instructor in public speaking at the University of Wisconsin. Since 1920 he has practiced law in Sheboygan. Senator Buchen has always been active in community affairs serving on the public library board, the school board, the public recreation board, and the county rural normal school board. In 1936 he was chairman of the Sheboygan County Republican Club and a delegate to the Republican National Convention. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 919 North 5th Street, Sheboygan.

Twentieth senatorial district: Ozaukee and Sheboygan Counties.

EDWARD F. HILKER (Rep.) was born on April 13, 1881 at Racine where he attended the common schools and business college. In 1898 he volunteered in the Spanish-American War. Senator Hilker was formerly in the wholesale candy business and the coal business and at the present time is a salesman. He is interested in athletics and has played on and managed the Racine Ball Club. He is active in the affairs of his community, having served as alderman of his ward for fourteen years. In 1936 Senator Hilker was a delegate at large to the Republican National Convention at Cleveland. He served five terms in the assembly and was elected to the senate in 1942. Home Address: 319 Lafayette Avenue, Racine.

Twenty-first senatorial district: Racine County.



SHEARER
22nd District



JACKLIN
23rd District



LAIRD
24th District

CONRAD SHEARER (Rep.) was born in the town of Somers, Kenosha County. He received his early education in the rural schools and was graduated from the Kenosha High School and the Milwaukee State Normal School. He taught in the rural schools of Kenosha County, the Kenosha College of Commerce, and the Milwaukee public schools. For seven years he was employed at the Kenosha Post Office as letter carrier and postal clerk, and since 1907 has been the secretary-manager of the central office of the Kenosha Industries. Senator Shearer served his city as alderman from 1913 to 1919 and as a member of the Kenosha Park Commission from 1919 to 1923. He was a member of the assembly from 1923 to 1927 and in 1928 was elected to the senate where he is serving his fourth consecutive term. Senator Shearer was chairman for three sessions of the Committee on Agriculture and Labor, and in 1943 he served on the Committee on Education and Public Welfare. Senator Shearer was elected president pro tempore in 1941 and in 1943. Home Address: 520—68th Place, Kenosha.

Twenty-second senatorial district: Kenosha and Walworth Counties.

HARLEY M. JACKLIN (Dem.) was born on August 20, 1889 at Redgranite. He was educated in the common schools and took a University of Wisconsin agricultural course. From 1917 to 1922 he was foreman at the Marshfield Experiment Station. With his son as partner he operates a farm near Stevens Point, specializing in purebred Guernsey cattle. Mr. Jacklin is the first Portage County man to be elected state senator since 1894. He has held no public office until his election to the senate in 1942. Home Address: Plover.

Twenty-third senatorial district: Portage and Waupaca Counties.

MELVIN R. LAIRD (Rep.) was born on a farm near Griggsville, Illinois, where he attended the rural schools and high school. He received his B.A. degree from Illinois, his M.A. from Princeton, and his D.D. from James Millikin University. He was also a graduate student at the Universities of Wisconsin and Chicago. Senator Laird taught country school in Illinois, was principal of the Barry, Illinois High School and president of Lincoln College at Lincoln, Illinois. He also served as Presbyterian minister at Prairie du Sac, Wisconsin, Lincoln, Illinois, and Omaha, Nebraska. For the past twelve years he has been a member of the Wood County Board of Supervisors. At the present time he is office and credit manager of the Connor Lumber and Land Company at Marshfield. During the World War he served as chaplain of the 335th regiment in France. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: 208 South Cherry Street, Marshfield.

Twenty-fourth senatorial district: Clark, Taylor, and Wood Counties.



McNEIGHT
25th District

RISSER
26th District

MILLER
27th District

WILLIAM H. McNEIGHT (Rep.) was born in the township of Brighton in Marathon County on March 6, 1881. He was educated in the common schools and has been a farmer all his life. His public offices include town clerk, town chairman, chairman of the county board, chairman of the Marathon County Fair Association, member of the board of that association, chairman of the Selective Service Board, and vice-chairman of the Agricultural Adjustment Agency in his county. He has served on practically all committees of the county board and is at present a member of its finance committee. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: Unity.

Twenty-fifth senatorial district: Lincoln and Marathon Counties.

FRED RISSER (Prog.) was born in the town of Buffalo, Buffalo County, on January 15, 1900. After he was graduated from the Winona High School at Winona, Minnesota he spent a couple of years on his father's farm and then entered the University of Wisconsin where he received his B.A. degree in 1923 and his LL.B. in 1925. He taught in the Beaver Dam High School for one year and since 1925 has been a practicing attorney in Madison. From 1925 to 1930 he lectured on business law at Madison College. Before his election to the senate in 1936 and his re-election in 1940 he had held a number of public offices: town clerk of the town of Madison from 1927 to 1928; treasurer of the Highlands Mendota Beach School since 1930; and district attorney of Dane County from 1929 to 1935. Home Address: Route 6, Madison.

Twenty-sixth senatorial district: Dane County.

JESS MILLER (Rep.) was born in 1884 in the town of Eagle, Richland County. He was educated in the public schools and is a farmer and auctioneer by occupation. Senator Miller has held a number of public offices—chairman of the town of Eagle, chairman of the county highway committee, the county mediation board, and the county Republican committee. He was elected to the senate for the first time in 1938 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Richland Center.

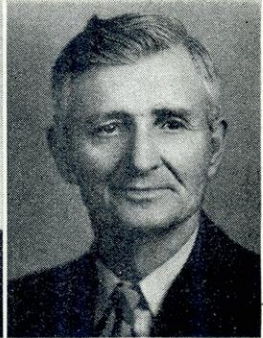
Twenty-seventh senatorial district: Columbia, Richland, and Sauk Counties.



HIPKE
28th District



MADSEN
29th District



DOWNING
30th District

GEORGE H. HIPKE (Rep.) was born at New Holstein, on December 29, 1879. He received his education in the common schools of his home town. At an early age he entered the mercantile business and at present devotes his time to the canning industry, forest products, and the selling of land. He has held a number of public offices. From 1921 to 1931, he was on the Stanley Board of Education. Since 1919 he has been a member of the board of trustees of the Chippewa County Asylum; and from 1932 to 1935 was mayor of Stanley. He served three terms in the assembly and was elected to the senate in 1940. Home Address: Stanley.

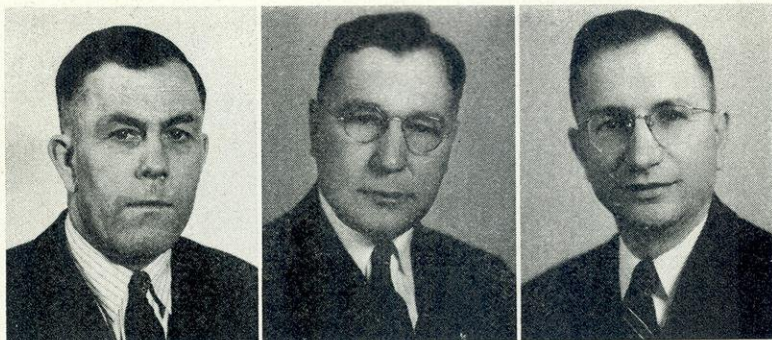
Twenty-eighth senatorial district: Chippewa and Eau Claire Counties.

CHARLES D. MADSEN (Prog.) was born in Durham, Connecticut on November 6, 1906. He attended high school, Harvard University from which he received his A.B. degree, the University of Chicago, and the University of Wisconsin from which he received his LL.B. degree in 1934. Since then he has practiced law. Senator Madsen has held a number of public offices—justice of the peace in 1935 and 1936, member of the village board in 1939 and 1940, and district attorney in 1937 and 1938. Since 1939 he has been municipal judge of Polk County, and Polk County divorce counsel since 1938. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: Luck.

Twenty-ninth senatorial district: Barron, Dunn, and Polk Counties.

PHILIP DOWNING (Rep.) was born in Ontario, Canada on September 3, 1871. He was educated in Canada. One year after his graduation from the Vankleek Hill Normal School in Ontario he came to Wisconsin where he taught school for nine years. Since that time he has been a salesman. Senator Downing was postmaster of Amberg for a good many years and has been county supervisor for the past twelve years. He has also held many other local offices and has always been very active in civic affairs. At the present time he is president of the Marinette County Recreational Association. This is his first term in the senate. Home Address: Amberg.

Thirtieth senatorial district: Forest, Florence, Langlade, Marinette, and Oneida Counties.



LEVERICH
31st District

SCHLABACH
32nd District

FREEHOFF
33rd District

EARL LEVERICH (Prog.) was born on a farm in the town of Angelo, Monroe County on December 6, 1891. He is a graduate of Sparta High School, Madison College, and the University of Wisconsin short course in agriculture. During the years in which he has been a dairy farmer, fruit grower, and farm co-op leader he has served his community as school clerk, town clerk, and town chairman. He is president of the Sparta Co-op Creamery Association and the Western Wisconsin Co-op Creamery Association; agricultural member of the State Board of Vocational Education; and has been president and vice president, respectively, of the Wisconsin Horticultural Society and the American Society of Equity and a member of various state-wide dairy committees. He organized the anti-oleo demonstration at Madison in 1931 which resulted in the elimination of oleo in Wisconsin. Senator Leverich was elected to the senate in 1934 and elected again in 1942. Home Address: Route 1, Sparta.

Thirty-first senatorial district: Adams, Juneau, Marquette, and Monroe Counties.

RUDOLPH M. SCHLABACH (Rep.) was born on April 4, 1890 at La Crosse. He was graduated from Ohio Wesleyan in 1914 and from the Law School of the University of Wisconsin in 1921. Senator Schlabach has been a practicing attorney in La Crosse since 1921. He is a World War veteran. Before he was elected to the assembly in 1938 he had held the office of district attorney of La Crosse County from 1928 to 1932. He was elected to the senate in 1940. Home Address: 132 South 16th Street, La Crosse.

Thirty-second senatorial district: Jackson, La Crosse, and Trempealeau Counties.

WILLIAM A. FREEHOFF (Rep.) was born on a farm near La Crosse on December 27, 1889. After his graduation from high school he worked for a year on the La Crosse Leader Press. At the University of Wisconsin he took the long course in agriculture but before the course was finished he accepted a position on the college staff for one year. Until 1926 Senator Freehoff engaged in farming and since that time he has been in the insurance business. He has been on the staff of the Wisconsin Agriculturist and has written for a number of farm publications as well as for general magazines and newspapers. He served in the assembly from 1921 to 1924. He was elected to the senate in 1938 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Route 1, Waukesha.

Thirty-third senatorial district: Jefferson and Waukesha Counties.



LARSEN
Chief Clerk

HARTMAN¹
Sergeant-at-Arms

LAWRENCE R. LARSEN was born at Racine, Wisconsin on March 23, 1897, and received his education in the common and high schools of that city. He served in the World War with Headquarters Company at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. He was elected as chief clerk of the senate in 1935 and has been unanimously re-elected in each succeeding session. Home Address: 1028 Russet Street, Racine.

EMIL A. HARTMAN¹ was born and educated at Manitowoc, Wisconsin. He was a paper hanging and painting contractor and is now retired. Mr. Hartman has served as secretary of the Manitowoc County Republican Committee, delegate to the Republican state conventions, clerk with the Adjutant General, and filing clerk with the Secretary of State. Since 1915 he has served in various capacities with the senate: document clerk, mailing clerk, assistant sergeant-at-arms, and has been elected as sergeant-at-arms for the past seven regular sessions and all intervening special sessions. Home Address: 2253 Fox Avenue, Madison.

¹ Deceased October 30, 1943.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY



LONG
Adams and Marquette



CHAPPLE
Ashland



SYKES
Barron

ROBERT M. LONG (Rep.) was born at Westfield on April 9, 1895. After his graduation from the Westfield High School in 1914 he began farming on the home farm where he still resides. Mr. Long was clerk of his school district for ten years, chairman of the town of Westfield for eight years, and chairman of the board of supervisors of Marquette County for four years. He was elected to the assembly for the first time in 1938. Home Address: Route 1, Westfield.

JOHN C. CHAPPLE (Rep.) was born on May 27, 1875 in La Porte City, Iowa. He was educated in the public and high schools of La Porte City, and attended Northland Academy in Ashland and Cornell College in Mt. Vernon, Iowa. He is editor in chief of the Ashland Daily Press and is a printer and publisher. He has been a supervisor, alderman, and member of the county board. For fourteen years he was a postmaster. Mr. Chapple is publicity chairman of the Ashland County Council of Defense, a position he also held in World War I. He is a past president of the Rotary Club, director of Northland College, former director of the Ashland General Hospital, and vice president of the Chapple Publishing Company of Boston. He is community song leader and was president of the Ashland Choral Club. He was a member of the assembly in 1909, 1917, and 1919. He was again elected to the assembly in 1942. Home Address: 700—7th Avenue West, Ashland.

CHARLES H. SYKES (Prog.) was born on January 11, 1881 at Brodhead. After his graduation from the Milton Junction High School he attended Janesville Business College. At the age of nineteen he began farming in Rock County. In 1919 he moved to a farm in Barron County on which he resided until he retired in 1934. Mr. Sykes served for two years on the county board of Rock County and for twelve years on the county board of Barron County. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Cameron.



SQUIRES
Bayfield

LYNCH
Brown, 1st

SWEENEY
Brown, 2nd

S. E. SQUIRES (Rep.) was born in Iowa on September 27, 1882. He was educated in the common and high schools and attended business college in Iowa. He was a teacher, grain merchant, and bookkeeper from 1900 to 1917. Since 1919 he has been a farmer. Mr. Squires has been town chairman and is now chairman of the county board. During World War I he served as captain in the infantry. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 2, Mason.

ROBERT E. LYNCH (Dem.) was born in Chicago and was graduated from Notre Dame University. He is sales manager for a building materials company. His election to the assembly in 1932 marked his entrance into public office. He was re-elected in 1934 and again in 1942. Home Address: 1144 Cass Street, Green Bay.

Brown County, first district: The city of Green Bay.

WILLIAM J. SWEENEY (Dem.) was born in the town of Glenmore, Brown County. He was educated in the common schools and also took a correspondence business course. For nine years ending in 1931 he was a road and bridge contractor. Since then he has been an auctioneer and farmer, and he also operates a stone quarry. He served the township of Glenmore as highway commissioner from 1920 to 1922, as town clerk from 1922 to 1927, and as town chairman from 1927 to 1929. He was elected to the assembly in 1932 and has served continuously since that time. Home Address: Route 2, De Pere.

Brown County, second district: All the towns, cities, and villages of Brown County except the city of Green Bay.



HAMMERGREN
Buffalo and Pepin

BENSON
Burnett and Washburn

BARNARD
Calumet

DAVID I. HAMMERGREN (Rep.) was born at St. Paul, Minnesota on June 16, 1875 where he was graduated from high school and business college. He was formerly a compositor, foreman and superintendent of various St. Paul and Chicago printing concerns. For the past thirty-two years he has been in the publishing business in Wisconsin. At one time he owned two farms in Wisconsin and was a breeder of purebred cattle. He is a member of the county board and president of the county normal school. Mr. Hammergren was a member of the Minnesota legislature from 1905 to 1907. He is serving his third term in the assembly. Home Address: Cochrane.

GUY BENSON (Rep.) was born at Jordan, Green County on April 18, 1876. He was educated in the common schools and was graduated from the short course in agriculture at the University of Wisconsin in 1895. From 1895 to 1903 he farmed. Since 1903 he has been in the general merchandise business and has been located at Spooner for the past twenty-eight years. Mr. Benson was president of the board of public works at Rice Lake from 1906 to 1907, a member of the Washburn County Board for twelve years, alderman and mayor of Spooner for three and two years respectively, and president of the Spooner School Board since 1920. He was also a member of the Wisconsin National Guard for two years. He has been a member of the assembly since 1938. Home Address: Spooner.

CHARLES R. BARNARD (Rep.) was born on March 13, 1883 at Brillion where he was graduated from high school and attended business college. He was a bookkeeper from 1903 to 1910 and a farmer from 1910 to 1925. Since 1927 Mr. Barnard has been an oil dealer. He was elected to the assembly in 1940 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Brillion.



PADRUTT
Chippewa

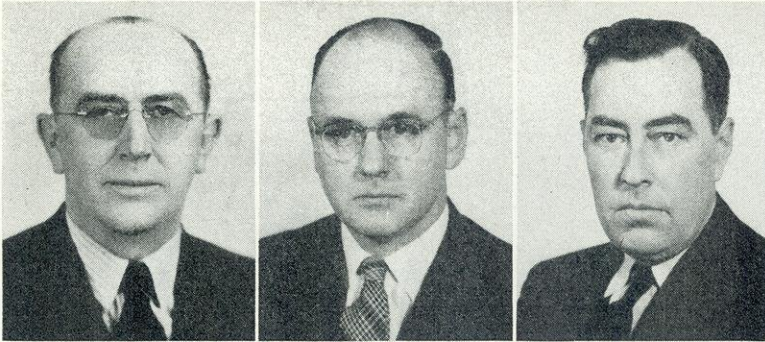
COOK
Clark

AUSTIN
Columbia

ARTHUR L. PADRUTT (Prog.) was born in Huron, South Dakota on September 26, 1917. In 1928 he moved with his parents to Chippewa Falls. He was graduated from McDonell Memorial High School in Chippewa Falls and received the degree of B.S. from Eau Claire State Teachers College in 1939. Since then he has attended the University of Wisconsin Law School and has taught in the public schools of Wisconsin. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: 45 East Birch Street, Chippewa Falls.

WALTER E. COOK (Rep.) was born at Unity on December 21, 1888. He was born and raised on a farm. After attending the grade schools of that village he spent two years in high school. Mr. Cook has owned and operated a farm for seventeen years and has been a farm and livestock auctioneer for twenty-two years. He has served as a member of the council and as school treasurer of Unity. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: Unity.

ARTHUR E. AUSTIN (Rep.) was born on January 22, 1891 in the town of Lowville, Columbia County. He received his education in the country school, the graded school at Rio, and the Columbus High School. He is a farmer and livestock dealer and still lives on the farm on which he was born. Mr. Austin has served his community as town treasurer, a member of the school board, secretary-treasurer of the Rio Cooperative Creamery, and as a church trustee. He was elected to the assembly for the first time in 1938. Home Address: Rio.



McDOWELL
Crawford

BEGGS
Dane, 1st

MULLEN
Dane, 2nd

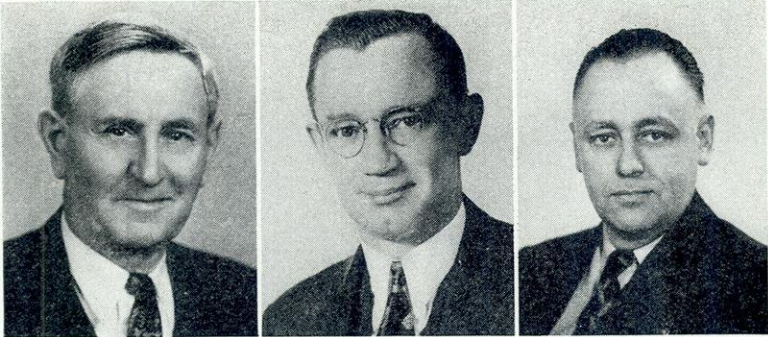
DONALD C. McDOWELL (Rep.) was born at Mt. Sterling in Crawford County on August 27, 1890. He received his education at Soldiers Grove High School, Lawrence College and the University of Wisconsin. Mr. McDowell is interested in farming and is a farm owner. He was post-master at Soldiers Grove from 1922 to 1935; a member of the school board from 1926 to 1933; a member of the Soldiers and Sailors Relief Commission of Crawford County for the past seven years; and at present is a supervisor and member of the county board. He served in the World War with the famous 32nd Division. This is his fourth term in the assembly. Home Address: Soldiers Grove.

LYALL T. BEGGS (Prog.) was born on November 9, 1899 at Plainfield. He attended the elementary and high schools in Cameron and was graduated from Eau Claire Teachers College in 1922. In 1925 he received the degree of LL.B. from the Law School of the University of Wisconsin. Mr. Beggs is a practicing attorney in Madison. From 1935 to 1939 he was district attorney for Dane County and since 1939 has been circuit court commissioner. In 1939 and 1940 he was chairman of the Dane County Progressive Club. During the World War he served overseas for one year with the 65th Regiment, C. A. C., First Army Corps. He is a past district commander of the American Legion and state commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and served as state president of the Fraternal Order of Eagles in 1937 and 1938. In the 1943 session he acted as the Progressive floor leader. He was elected to the assembly in 1940 and again in 1942. Home Address: 806 Miami Pass, Madison.

Dane County, first district: The city of Madison.

EARL MULLEN (Prog.) was born on September 27, 1902 at Deerfield. He is a graduate of the Deerfield High School and attended the University of Wisconsin. He has been a salesman and a farmer and at present is a barber. He is interested in farmers' cooperative movements and in conservation. He is chairman of the Blooming Grove town board and is a member of the Dane County Board. Mr. Mullen is chairman of the Dane County Conservation Committee and for eight years has been director of the Dane County Conservation League. Home Address: Route 50, Madison.

Dane County, second district: Towns of Albion, Blooming Grove, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Dunn, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Rutland, Sun Prairie, Windsor, and York; villages of Cambridge, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, De Forest, McFarland, Marshall, Monona, Rockdale, and Sun Prairie; city of Stoughton.



BAKER
Dane, 3rd

GENZMER
Dodge, 1st

CANNIFF
Dodge, 2nd

ALBERT J. BAKER (Prog.) son of the late P. O. Baker, a former assemblyman, was born December 14, 1874 in the town of Primrose, Dane County. He was educated in the common schools, and has been a farmer all his life. Mr. Baker has held numerous public and administrative offices. He was a member of the assembly from 1927 to 1937 and was re-elected in 1940 and in 1942. Home Address: 204 Wilson Street, Mount Horeb.

Dane County, third district: Towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Madison, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Vienna, and Westport; that part of the village of Brooklyn in Dane County and the villages of Belleville, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Brooklyn, Cross Plains, Dane, Maple Bluff, Mazomanie, Middleton, Mount Horeb, Oregon, Shorewood Hills, Verona, and Waunakee.

ELMER L. GENZMER (Dem.) is a direct descendant of one of Dodge County's pioneer farmers, Christian Genzmer. He was born on January 3, 1903. He attended Milwaukee State Teachers College and Marquette Law School from 1923 to 1924. Mr. Genzmer taught in the rural schools of Dodge County for five years and later held various positions with industrial and business concerns in Wisconsin and Ohio. He served as justice of the peace from 1932 to 1942. In 1942 he was elected mayor of Mayville. This is Mr. Genzmer's fifth consecutive term in the assembly. Home Address: 435 North Main Street, Mayville.

Dodge County, first district: Towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmet, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, and Williamstown; villages of Clyman, Hustisford, Iron Ridge, Lomira, Neosho, and Theresa; cities of Horicon and Mayville, and the fifth, sixth, thirteenth, and fourteenth wards of Watertown.

JESSE ANSON CANNIFF (Rep.) was born on a farm near Juneau on April 30, 1900. After attending high school he was graduated from the Beaver Dam Business College. Until 1926 he was a farmer and since that time has been an oil jobber. From 1936 to 1942 he served as alderman. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 308 Mary Street, Beaver Dam.

Dodge County, second district: Towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton, and Westford; villages of Lowell, Reeseville, and east ward of Randolph; cities of Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Juneau, and first, second, third, and fourth wards of the city of Waupun.



MEUNIER
Door

FOLEY
Douglas, 1st

LENROOT
Douglas, 2nd

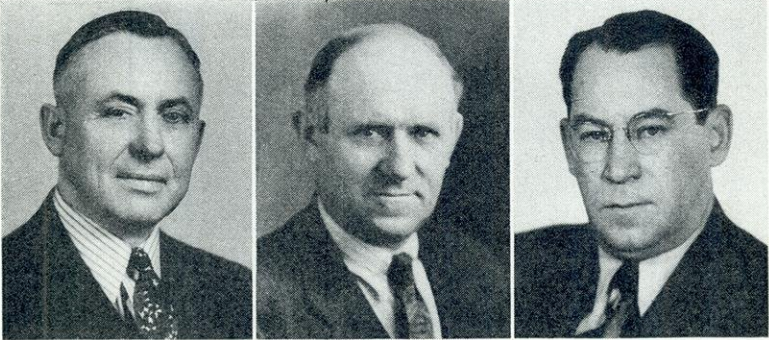
ALEX J. MEUNIER (Rep.) was born on November 9, 1897 on a farm in the town of Brussels, Door County. After he was graduated from the public schools he attended Algoma Normal School from which he was graduated. He taught school in Door County for nine years. Mr. Meunier also was garage bookkeeper, car salesman, collector, and is now a life insurance agent. He served as sheriff of Door County for four years and as undersheriff for four years. For two years he was treasurer of the Lions Club and he is a member of the Sturgeon Bay Chamber of Commerce. In World War I the armistice was signed when he was on the way to Camp Logan, Texas. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: Sturgeon Bay.

WILLIAM R. FOLEY (Prog.) was born at Superior on May 11, 1908. After graduation from high school he attended Superior State Teachers College. In 1931 he received his LL.B. from the Law School of the University of Wisconsin. From 1935 to 1940 Mr. Foley was an attorney for the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in Washington, D. C. In 1940 he returned to Superior and resumed his law practice. In 1943 Mr. Foley enlisted in the armed forces. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 1914 John Avenue, Superior.

Douglas County, first district: The fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, and sixteenth wards of the city of Superior.

ARTHUR A. LENROOT, JR. (Rep.) was born in Superior on February 18, 1912. He was educated in the common and high schools of Superior and then attended the Superior State Teachers College and the College of St. Thomas. His occupations include railroad laborer, employment in the traffic department of an oil company, traveling salesman and abstractor. Since 1937 he has held the office of Douglas County Abstractor. He is a member of the Wisconsin Title Association. Mr. Lenroot is active in conservation and tourist promotion. He is president of the Douglas County Fish and Game League, chairman of the Douglas County Conservation Congress, and director of the Douglas County division of the Wisconsin Indianhead Association. He is a member of the Wisconsin State Guard. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 821—8th Avenue East, Superior.

Douglas County, second district: Towns of Amnicon, Bennett, Brule, Cloverland, Dairyland, Gordon, Hawthorne, Highland, Lakeside, Maple, Oakland, Parkland, Solon Springs, Summit, Superior, and Wascott; villages of Lake Nebagamon, Oliver, Solon Springs, and Poplar; first, second, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Superior.



HANSON
Dunn

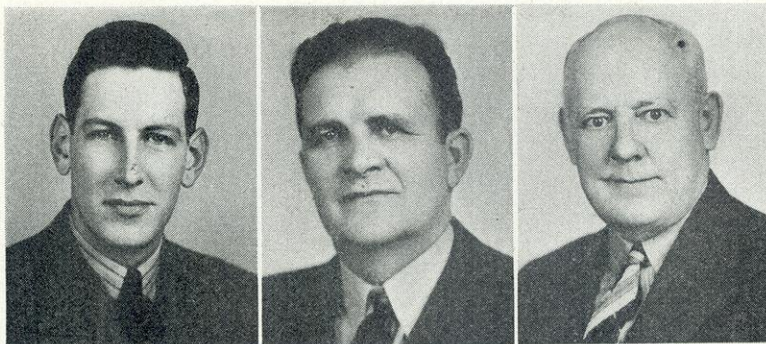
PRITCHARD
Eau Claire

FISHER
Florence, Forest and
Oneida

EARL W. HANSON (Rep.) was born on October 17, 1888 at Elk Mound where he attended the public schools. In 1907 he was graduated from the Eau Claire Business College. He was cashier of the bank at Elk Mound from 1908 to 1931. Since 1931 he has been in the general insurance business. Mr. Hanson has served his community as village clerk, trustee, and president. He was a member of the county highway committee from 1937 to 1938, has been a member of the Dunn County Board since 1933 and its chairman since 1935. Mr. Hanson is a World War veteran. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: Elk Mound.

JOHN T. PRITCHARD (Rep.) was born on December 20, 1884 in Caernarvon, Wales and received his early education there. In 1905 he came to America. He studied in the College of Agriculture at the University of Wisconsin for two years. Since then he has engaged in farming, moving to Eau Claire County in 1913. In 1943 Mr. Pritchard was selected by the Eau Claire chapter of Future Farmers to receive the certificate of recognition at the Wisconsin State Fair. This award was made to him for outstanding accomplishments as a farmer in contributing to the education and training of rural youth in agriculture. He has held various public offices and for twelve years was a member of the county board and chairman of its finance and resolution committees. Mr. Pritchard is serving his sixth term in the legislature. Home Address: Route 5, Eau Claire.

WALTER S. FISHER (Rep.) was born on April 6, 1894 in Minocqua where he attended the elementary schools. After graduation from the Minocqua High School he attended Oshkosh State Teachers College and the University of Wisconsin from which he received his LL.B. Mr. Fisher is a practicing attorney. In World War I he served in the 304th Field Signal Battalion. He had held no public office until his election to the assembly in 1940. Home Address: Minocqua.



NUSS
Fond du Lac, 1st

VAN DE ZANDE
Fond du Lac, 2nd

GOLDTHORPE
Grant, 1st

WILLIAM J. NUSS, JR. (Rep.) was born at Sheboygan on June 12, 1914. He received his elementary and high school education in Fond du Lac. He attended Notre Dame University for two years and was graduated from Marquette University Law School in 1937 with the degree of LL.B. Since 1937 Mr. Nuss has been a practicing attorney in Fond du Lac. In this, his second term in the assembly, he is serving as assistant Republican floor leader. Home Address: 231 Melrose Boulevard, Fond du Lac.

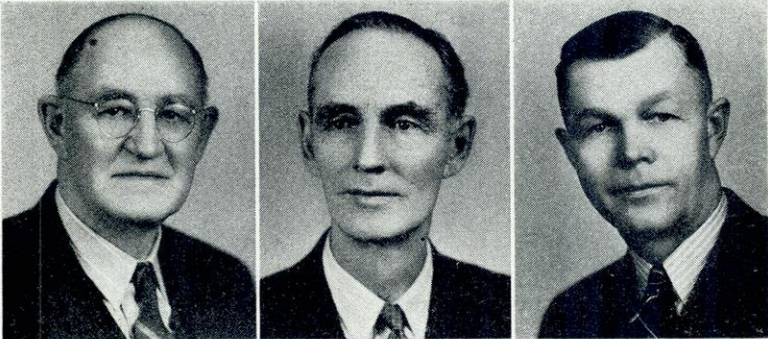
Fond du Lac County, first district: Towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, and Taycheedah; city of Fond du Lac.

ALFRED VAN DE ZANDE (Rep.) was born at Campbellsport on October 8, 1893. He received his education in the local grade school and was graduated from the Campbellsport High School in 1912. He has been in the insurance business since 1910 and is vice president of the Campbellsport Mutual Insurance Company. Mr. Van De Zande was president of the village of Campbellsport for two years, a member of its board of trustees for four years, and undersheriff and sheriff of Fond du Lac County for one term each. In 1918 he was an assistant instructor of military tactics at the University of Wisconsin. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: Campbellsport.

Fond du Lac County, second district: Towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Forest, Friendship, Lamartine, Marshfield, Metomen, Oakfield, Osceola, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, and Waupun; villages of Brandon, Campbellsport, Eden, Fairwater, North Fond du Lac, Oakfield, Rosendale, and St. Cloud; city of Ripon and fifth and sixth wards of the city of Waupun.

WILLIAM H. GOLDTHORPE (Rep.) was born at Cobb. He was educated in the local schools and Platteville Teachers College and later studied law and advertising. Mr. Goldthorpe is a newspaper publisher. He was president of the Cuba City board of education for a number of terms, president and secretary of the local commercial club, and postmaster under four presidents. He is very interested in music. Mr. Goldthorpe organized and conducted the first teachers college band in Wisconsin and played for two presidents of the United States. He also organized and conducted the first press association band in the United States. He is serving his fifth term in the assembly and his third term as chairman of the Committee on Education. Home Address: Cuba City.

Grant County, first district: Towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenboro, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, and Waterloo; villages of Cassville, Hazel Green, Livingston, Potosi, and Tennyson; cities of Cuba City and Platteville.



McINTYRE
Grant, 2nd

KEEGAN
Green

BOYSON
Green Lake and
Waushara

P. BRADLEY McINTYRE (Rep.) was born at Muscodia on February 9, 1872. He attended the Muscodia grade and high schools and completed the commercial course at the Dixon, Illinois Business College in 1892. For two years after his graduation he was an accountant in an insurance company but resigned to return to Muscodia where he operated a farm for ten years. From 1905 to 1931 he was connected with a number of agricultural manufacturing concerns as traveling salesman, assistant sales manager, and sales manager. Since 1931 he has been with the Federal Land Bank of St. Paul as an appraiser of Wisconsin farms. Mr. McIntyre was town clerk of Muscodia from 1897 to 1935 and chairman of the town in 1904. This is his fourth term in the assembly. For the last three terms he has served as assembly chairman of the Joint Committee on Finance. Home Address: 344 West Maple Street, Lancaster.

Grant County, second district: Towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscodia, North Lancaster, Patch Grove, South Lancaster, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, and Wyalusing; villages of Bagley, Bloomington, Blue River, Montfort, Mt. Hope, Muscodia, Patch Grove, and Woodman; cities of Boscobel, Fennimore, and Lancaster.

HARRY A. KEEGAN (Rep.) was born at Madison, South Dakota, on November 18, 1882. He attended high school for one year and then took a two-year course at Monroe Business College, Monroe, Wisconsin. He was in the retail grocery business at Monroe for nine years. For the past twenty-eight years he has been a dairy farmer. Mr. Keegan has served his community as a member of the city council and as treasurer of the school board of Monroe township. For over four years he was a member of Company H of the Wisconsin National Guard. For six years he was vice president and during the past two years he has been a director of the Green County Mutual Insurance Company. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 1424 Fourteenth Avenue, Monroe.

ROBERT H. BOYSON (Rep.) was born at Tustin in Waushara County where he was educated in the elementary schools. Up to 1918 he had a general store and saloon, between 1914 and 1937 he was a dealer in horses, cattle, and automobiles, and since 1926 he has engaged in farming. Mr. Boyson has held a number of public offices: school clerk between 1926 and 1934, treasurer of the cheese factory until 1918, sheriff of Waushara County for four years, and deputy sheriff of Waushara County for ten years. He served with the motorized artillery during the World War and is a member of the American Legion. He was elected to the assembly in 1940 and again in 1942. Home Address: Wautoma.



McCUTCHEIN
Iowa

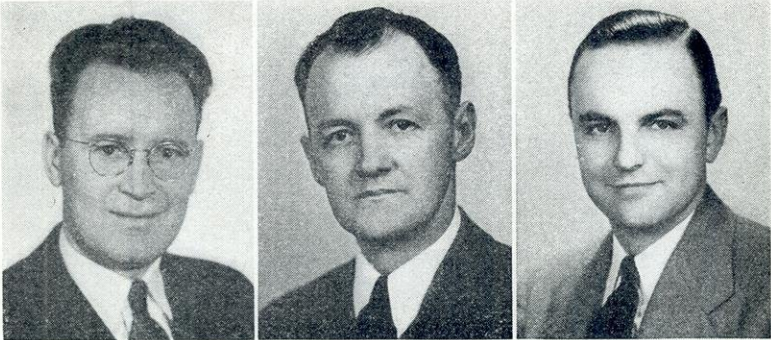
VARDA
Iron and Vilas

WALLER
Jackson

ROBERT McCUTCHEIN (Prog.) was born in the township of Arena on April 15, 1894. He attended the elementary and high schools and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture in 1916. Since 1918 he has been a farmer. He is president and manager of the Arena and Ridgeway Telephone Company and vice president of the Mazomanie Mutual Insurance Company. Mr. McCutchin has been town chairman for fourteen terms and has served on the county highway committee for three years. He is also on the Iowa County Defense Council. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Arena.

MARGARET P. VARDA (Prog.) was born in 1917 at Milwaukee. She attended the public schools in Milwaukee and after graduation from high school she attended the University of Wisconsin where she was graduated from the law school in 1941. She is a practicing attorney in Eagle River. She is a circuit court commissioner, vice-chairman of the Vilas County Red Cross, speaker for civilian defense, and vice-chairman of the Vilas County Taxpayers' League. Mrs. Varda is one of the two women members of the assembly. She succeeds her husband who served in the 1941 assembly and who has entered the armed services. This is her first term in the assembly. Home Address: Eagle River.

CASPER D. WALLER (Prog.), popularly known as Cap Waller, was born at Hixton on May 20, 1892. He was graduated from the common and high schools and attended the Chicago Art Institute where he specialized as a cartoonist and chalk talker. For the past twenty-five years he has followed that vocation. In addition, he was a salesman for twenty years. His versatile hobbies include lecturing, singing, writing, music, landscape painting, sports, and poetry. From 1935 to 1942 he was register of deeds for Jackson County. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: Black River Falls.



DAUGS
Jefferson

BRUNNER
Juneau

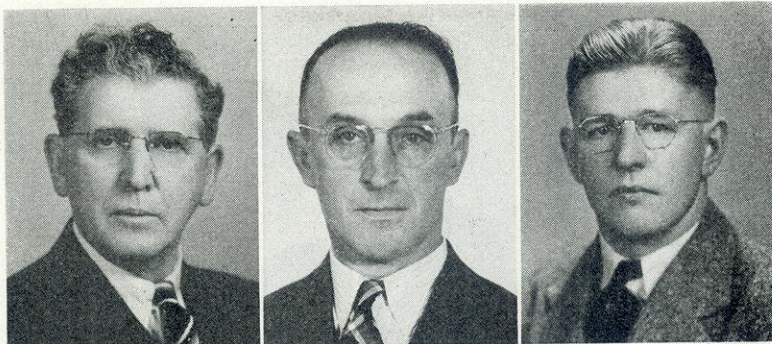
PFENNIG
Kenosha, 1st

PALMER F. DAUGS (Dem.) was born in the town of Farmington, Jefferson County, on February 10, 1903. He attended high school in Fort Atkinson and the College of Business Administration of Marquette University. He is a salesman. Mr. Daugs is secretary of the Southern Wisconsin Lakeland Association, a member of Delta Sigma Pi, International Commerce Fraternity, a charter and key member of the Fort Atkinson Lions Club, and has held many offices in civic and welfare organizations in Jefferson County. He is serving his sixth consecutive term in the assembly and is deeply interested in local government. He has sponsored bills on installment payment of real estate taxes, consolidation of counties, nonpartisan election of county officials, modernization of county government to allow choice of management, and state-wide citizenship training financed by the state. Mr. Daugs was secretary of the interim committee on Taxation Problems created by the 1933 Legislature. He has had a perfect attendance record in four legislative sessions. Home Address: 112 Louise Street, Lake Mills.

PAT W. BRUNNER (Rep.) was born in the town of Lemonweir on September 8, 1903. After attending the elementary and high schools in Mauston he farmed for four years and was a stationary engineer for four years. For the past twelve years Mr. Brunner has been engaged in general merchandising. He was elected to the assembly for the first time in 1940 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Lyndon Station.

FREDERICK S. PFENNIG (Rep.) was born at Kenosha on October 26, 1905. He was educated in the elementary schools of Kenosha, was graduated from St. Johns Military Academy, and attended Northwestern University. Since 1926 Mr. Pfennig has been vice president of Charles H. Pfennig, Inc. He is serving his second term in the assembly. Home Address: 610—69th Street, Kenosha.

Kenosha County, first district: Second, third, fourth, eighth, ninth, tenth, and twelfth wards of the city of Kenosha.



SIEBERT
Kenosha, 2nd

MLEZIVA
Kewaunee

KRAUSE
La Crosse, 1st

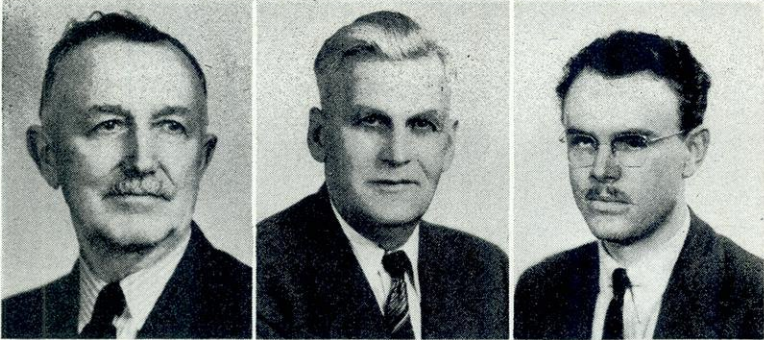
MATT G. SIEBERT (Dem.) was born March 11, 1883 at Stevens Point. He was a paper maker at Stevens Point from 1899 to 1902, and from 1908 to 1916 was secretary and business agent for Local 523 Kenosha of the Hotel and Restaurant Employees and Bartenders International Alliance of America. Since 1920 he has been in the hotel business in Salem, Wisconsin. He was town chairman and a member of the Kenosha County Board in 1926, 1927, 1934, and 1935. He was elected to the assembly in 1934 and re-elected in 1938, 1940, and 1942. Home Address: Box 16, Salem.

Kenosha County, second district: Towns of Brighton, Bristol, Paris, Pleasant Prairie, Randall, Salem, Somers, and Wheatland; villages of Silver Lake and Twin Lakes; first, fifth, sixth, seventh, and eleventh wards of the city of Kenosha.

JOSEPH M. MLEZIVA (Rep.) was born in Kewaunee County on January 21, 1890. He received his early education in the rural schools and continued his studies at Green Bay Business College and North Chicago Business College. During the six years that he worked in Chicago for Western Electric, Wells-Fargo Express, and Sears, Roebuck and Company, he attended night school at Lewis Institute, Crane Technical High School, and Northwestern University School of Commerce. When his father died in 1915 he returned to the home farm which he still owns and operates. Mr. Mleziva has held many business, farm, and public offices. He served six years as treasurer of Kewaunee County, four years as town treasurer, and three years as treasurer of his school district. He has held offices in the Kewaunee County Pure-Bred Seed Growers Association, Luxemburg Livestock Shipping Association, Green Bay Production Credit Association, and Farmers Trading Company at Luxemburg; and has been associated with the crop reporting service and the Agricultural Soil Conservation Program. In 1938 he was awarded a certificate of recognition as a Master Farmer of America. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Luxemburg.

EDWARD C. KRAUSE (Rep.) was born at La Crosse on December 14, 1914. He received his elementary education in the public and parochial schools of La Crosse and was graduated from Central High School in 1933. Mr. Krause attended La Crosse State Teachers College for one semester in 1935. He was secretary for a clothing company in 1936 and at the present time is a salesman. This is his second term in the legislature. Home Address: 525 South 10th Street, La Crosse.

La Crosse County, first district: The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, nineteenth, and twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse.



MILLER
La Crosse, 2nd

YOUNGBLOOD
Lafayette

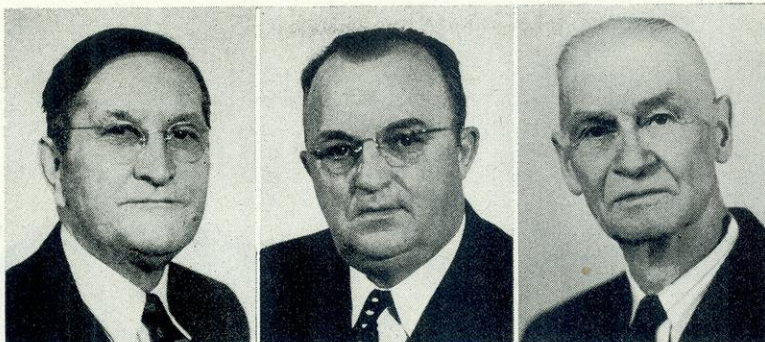
FINCH
Langlade

WILLIAM F. MILLER (Rep.) was born in the town of Barre, La Crosse County on September 24, 1869 and has always lived on a farm. He was educated in the common schools. Besides operating his farm, he has been manager of the Farmers Cooperative Supply and Shipping Association for two years, a director of the Shelby Farmers Fire Insurance Company for twenty years and a member of the State Board of Vocational Education from 1925 to 1931. For the past six years he has been a member of the village council. He served in the assembly from 1921 to 1925, from 1929 to 1933, and from 1939 to the present time. Home Address: West Salem.

La Crosse County, second district: The eighth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and twenty-first wards of the city of La Crosse, and the entire county outside La Crosse.

HENRY YOUNGBLOOD (Rep.) was born on May 9, 1879 in the town of Wiota, Lafayette County. He was educated in the common schools. Mr. Youngblood has been a farmer all his life and in 1915 bought a farm of his own on which he now resides. He has held a number of public offices: supervisor of his town in 1926 and 1927; town chairman from 1928 to 1933; member of the road and bridge committee of Lafayette County from 1929 to 1932. He has also served on the drought committee, seed and feed committee, and has been rural advisor on a federal resettlement project for Lafayette and Iowa Counties. This is his fourth term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Woodford.

CLAIR L. FINCH (Rep.) was born on July 31, 1911 in Palisade, Colorado. He was educated in the public and high schools of Antigo and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin where he received his B.A. and LL.B. degrees. In addition, he took a postgraduate course in sociology at the same institution. Although he lost his sight in 1929, he was graduated with honors from the Antigo High School and the School of Economics of the University of Wisconsin. In 1937, on the basis of merit, he was elected to membership in a national sociological society. Since 1940 he has practiced law in Antigo. In 1941 the Department of Public Welfare appointed him a member of the Langlade County Juvenile Correction Board. Mr. Finch is a voluntary juvenile case worker. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 103 East Fifth Avenue, Antigo.



HAMLIN
Lincoln

VOGEL
Manitowoc, 1st

RILEY
Manitowoc, 2nd

JAMES H. HAMLIN (Rep.) was born on November 3, 1875 in Mt. Morris, Waushara County. After graduation from the Merrill High School he attended Dixon College in Illinois. He taught school for several years and holds a Wisconsin teacher's life certificate. In addition to his real estate and insurance business, he owns the Lincoln County Abstract Company. Mr. Hamlin is interested in civic and charitable enterprises and in the promotion of conservation and outdoor sports. He has held the offices of county superintendent of schools and of town clerk. He was elected president of the County Superintendents Association in 1907 and district governor of Lions International in 1940. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 402 State Street, Merrill.

OTTO A. VOGEL (Prog.) was born on October 10, 1886 in the town of Newton, Manitowoc County. He received his education in the parochial and public schools of Manitowoc County. In 1902 he learned barbering and has practiced his trade ever since going into business for himself in 1908. He has held a number of public offices: justice of the peace from 1912 to 1918, and alderman from 1918 to 1930 and from 1932 to 1934. For three years, from 1921 to 1924, he acted as secretary of the Municipal Public Utility Commission. He served in the assembly in 1935 and 1939 and was re-elected in 1942. Home Address: 1120 Hamilton Street, Manitowoc.

Manitowoc County, first district: Towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, and Newton; city of Manitowoc.

FRANK E. RILEY (Rep.) was born on March 5, 1865 at Fitzwilliam, New Hampshire. He has lived in Two Rivers since 1868. After attending the public schools until he was fourteen years of age he became associated with his father in the painting and decorating business until 1898. Mr. Riley was postmaster of Two Rivers from 1898 to 1914 and from 1919 to 1923. During the sessions of 1915 and 1917 he served in the post office of the legislature. He has held a number of public offices—assessor at Two Rivers for two years, alderman for one year, and a member of the draft board from 1916 to 1918. For fifteen years prior to 1938 he was in the hardware business. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 1510 Washington Street, Two Rivers.

Manitowoc County, second district: Towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Koesuth, Maple Grove, Mishicot, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers; villages of Reedsville and Valders; city of Two Rivers and that part of the city of Kiel in Manitowoc County.



LUECK
Marathon, 1st

LUEDTKE
Marathon, 2nd

ANGWALL
Marinette

MARTIN C. LUECK (Rep.) was born at Hamburg on February 27, 1888. He was educated in the common schools and took a two-year course in the Marathon County School of Agriculture and Domestic Economy. Mr. Lueck has been a farmer all his life. He has held a number of public offices: town assessor for ten years, district school clerk for eighteen years, and member of the county board from 1934 to 1941. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: Hamburg.

Marathon County, first district: Towns of Bergen, Berlin, Bern, Bevent, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Elderon, Emmet, Frankfort, Franzen, Green Valley, Guenther, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, McMillan, Maine, Marathon, Mosinee, Reid, Rib Falls, Rib Mountain, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein; that part of Abbotsford village in Marathon County and villages of Athens, Edgar, Elderon, Fenwood, Marathon, Spencer, and Stratford; the city of Mosinee and that part of the city of Colby in Marathon County.

PAUL A. LUEDTKE (Rep.) was born in Wausau on August 24, 1888. He was educated in the elementary and parochial schools, and later took a commercial business course. After completing his apprenticeship as decorator and wood finisher he worked for eight years in this field. At the age of twenty-eight he went into business for himself. Since then he has operated a paint and wall paper store employing a crew of men. He has held a number of public offices: president of the city council; alderman and supervisor; chairman of the city equalization and tax board; chairman of the county board; and member of the county highway committee, of the county traffic committee, county board of health, and of the county park board. Mr. Luedtke is an honorary member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 118 Second Avenue South, Wausau.

Marathon County, second district: Towns of Easton, Harrison, Hewitt, Norrie, Plover, Ringle, Texas, Wausau, Weston; villages of Brokaw, Hatley, Rothschild, and Schofield; city of Wausau.

ORIN W. ANGWALL (Rep.) was born at Marinette on September 18, 1890. He was educated in the common schools of that city. From 1912 to 1932 he was a lake captain, and since then a wholesale fish dealer. Mr. Angwall has been an alderman and is a member of the Police and Fire Commission. He is president of the Marinette Chamber of Commerce. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 76 Russell Street, Marinette.



GREENE
Milwaukee, 1st

O'CONNELL
Milwaukee, 2nd

LUEBKE
Milwaukee, 3rd

CHARLES P. GREENE (Dem.) was born at Elkhorn on May 2, 1902. After attending the local high school he graduated from Culver Military Academy. After studying at the University of Wisconsin he received his B.S. from Lewis Institute in Chicago and his M.A. from Northwestern University. He has also taken graduate work at the University of Chicago and DePaul University. Mr. Greene has been in the advertising and publishing business and at present is a teacher. He resigned as labor relations assistant for the Labor Production Division of the War Production Board to be a candidate for the assembly. He is a member of the American Association for Adult Education and of the Progressive Education Association. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 1927A Prospect Avenue, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, first district: The first and third wards of the city of Milwaukee.

MICHAEL F. O'CONNELL (Dem.) was born in Tipperary, Ireland on January 27, 1877. He was educated in the public schools. He was a railroad conductor and since 1928 has been an election inspector. He was a member and officer of the Taxpayers League from 1936 to 1940. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 1128 North 18th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, second district: second and tenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

WILLIAM LUEBKE, JR. (Prog.) was born on April 28, 1906 in Milwaukee where he was educated in the elementary and vocational schools. He attended high school at night and took a number of home study courses. In the summer of 1933 he was a student in the University of Wisconsin School for Workers in Industry. He was formerly an electrician but at the present time is a salesman. Mr. Luebke was a candidate for the assembly in 1938 and received a tie vote. He ran again in 1940 and this time defeated his opponent. This is his second term in the legislature. Home Address: 3904 West Scott Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, third district: Towns of Franklin and Greenfield; villages of Greendale and West Milwaukee; city of West Allis.



ZOLLER
Milwaukee, 4th



KRYSZAK
Milwaukee, 5th



MARKEY
Milwaukee, 6th

JOHN A. ZOLLER (Rep.) was born on October 23, 1889 in Milwaukee. He was graduated from St. Mary's Catholic School in 1904 and attended a business college for two years. For more than thirty years he has been employed as a stage electrician at Milwaukee theaters. In 1939 he was a member of the citizens' committee to investigate hours of labor and equipment of the Milwaukee fire department. He is a veteran of World War I. Mr. Zoller is a member of the American Legion and of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 726 North 22nd Street, Milwaukee.

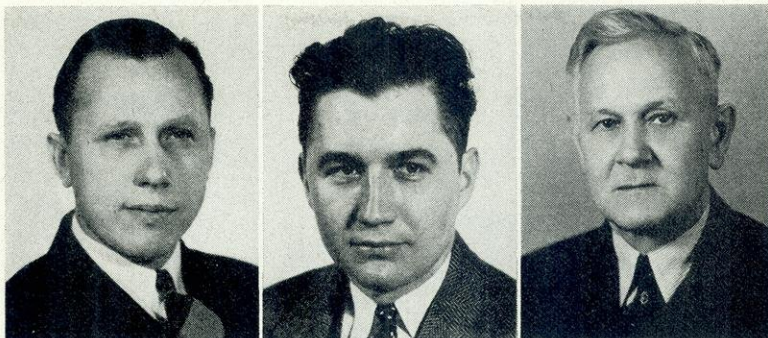
Milwaukee County, fourth district: The fourth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

MARY O. KRYSZAK (Dem.) has lived in Milwaukee all her life. She was graduated from St. Mary's High School and the Spencerian Business College and later attended the University of Wisconsin. She has been a school teacher, music teacher, accountant, librarian, and newspaper writer, as well as housewife and mother of three children. From 1921 to 1939 she was managing editor of the weekly publication, *Glos Polek* (Polish Women's Voice). She contributes columns on legislative and civic matters to both the Milwaukee Polish dailies. She was assistant supervisor of the fourth district for the 1940 United States census and has served as a federal jury commissioner for the eastern district of Wisconsin. Mrs. Kryszak is active in civic, religious, fraternal, welfare and patriotic organizations. She is state chairman of the Fraternal Polish Women's Alliance of America and a member of the Motion Picture Commission, Community Service, the Civilian Defense Council, and the O. P. A. She is one of the two women members in the legislature and is serving her sixth term in the assembly. Home Address: 2003 South 11th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, fifth district: Fifth and eighth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

PHILLIP MARKEY (Prog.) was born in Milwaukee on August 1, 1913 and has lived in the sixth ward for twenty-eight years. He attended the Fourth Street School, the Ninth Street School, Lincoln High School, Milwaukee State Teachers College, and Marquette University. He received his LL.B. degree from the University of Wisconsin and was admitted to the practice of law in 1940. He has been employed by the Smith Steel Company and the Sivyer Steel Company. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 2210 North Booth Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, sixth district: The sixth ward of the city of Milwaukee.



SCHREIBER
Milwaukee, 7th

RICE, R. M.
Milwaukee, 8th

GRAF
Milwaukee, 9th

MARTIN E. SCHREIBER (Rep.) was born on November 11, 1904 at Budsin in Marquette County. After graduation from a parochial school he attended high school and continued his education at the Milwaukee Vocational School and the Milwaukee Extension Center. He has been a carpenter and a carpenter foreman and is now a real estate agent, a property manager, and an appraiser and director of a savings and loan association. Mr. Schreiber is sergeant at arms of the Fond du Lac Avenue Advancement Association, chairman of the Republican Club of the seventh ward, and member of the Milwaukee Real Estate Board. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 2345 North 21st Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, seventh district: Seventh ward of the city of Milwaukee.

RICHARD M. RICE (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee on June 22, 1914. He was graduated from St. Rose's parochial school, Marquette High School, and Marquette University. He is an attorney. From 1938 to 1940 he was an in-service training apprentice in the legal department of the Wisconsin Department of Taxation. Mr. Rice is on the Speaker's Bureau of the Milwaukee Council of Defense. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 944 North 25th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, eighth district: The sixteenth and twenty-third wards of the city of Milwaukee.

EDWARD L. GRAF (Rep.) was born on a farm at Fredonia, Ozaukee County on January 17, 1878. He was educated in the common schools and attended the Cream City Commercial Law School. He taught in the rural schools for five years from 1895 to 1900. He was an accountant and a real estate broker. At present he is again employed as an accountant. Mr. Graf is serving his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 2963 North 46th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, ninth district: The ninth and twenty-sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



McPARLAND
Milwaukee, 10th

RYCZEK
Milwaukee, 11th

PYSZCZYNSKI
Milwaukee, 12th

LELAND S. McPARLAND (Dem.) was born at Thorp on December 18, 1896. He received his common and high school education at Thorp, attended Oshkosh State Teachers College for two years, and studied law at Marquette University. He taught school in South Milwaukee from 1919 to 1927 and since 1927 has engaged in the practice of law. Mr. McParland was city attorney of Cudahy from 1932 to 1936. During the World War he served in the United States Navy from 1917 to 1918. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: 3764 East Armour Avenue, Cudahy.

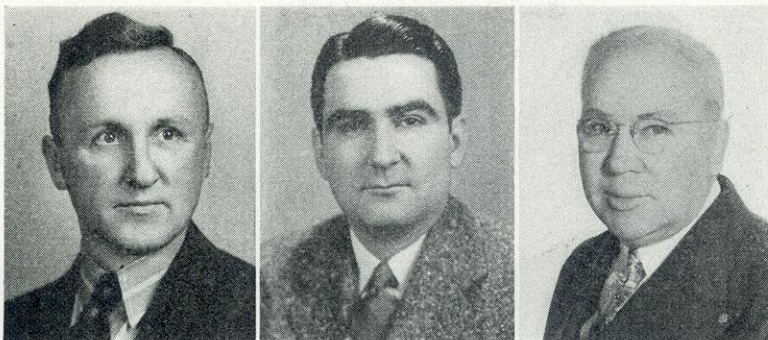
Milwaukee County, tenth district: Towns of Lake and Oak Creek; cities of Cudahy and South Milwaukee.

ERVIN JOHN RYCZEK (Dem.) was born at Milwaukee on September 20, 1909. He attended St. Adalbert's Parochial School and South Division High School and was graduated from Marquette High School in 1928. In 1938 he was a student at Spencerian Business College in Milwaukee. Since 1930 Mr. Ryczek has been an assistant funeral director. He is a member of the Polish American Citizen Club, Roman Catholic Union, Catholic Order of Foresters, Polish Association of America, Polish National Alliance, Lehitas Club, Federation Group, and Holy Name Society. He is also a member of the board of directors of the American Slav Council. He had held no public office until his election to the assembly in 1940. He was re-elected in 1942. Home Address: 1910 West Becher Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, eleventh district: Eleventh and twenty-fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

PETER PYSZCZYNSKI (Dem.) was born in Milwaukee on June 27, 1892. He was educated in the public and parochial schools. For eleven years prior to 1921 he was a shoe worker and since that time he has owned and operated a recreation parlor and tavern. He is a member of the Modern Woodmen of America, the International League of America, Bartenders Union Local 64, and the Milwaukee Polish Citizens Club. Mr. Pyszczynski was one of the organizers of the Milwaukee Century Club, Inc., and has been a member of its board of directors for ten years. He is also a member of the Wisconsin Fisherman and Hunters League and the Z. N. P. Polish Catholic of America. He had held no public office until his election to the assembly in 1936 where he has served continuously since that date. Home Address: 3709 South 14th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, twelfth district: Twelfth and fourteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



NAWROCKI
Milwaukee, 13th

McBRIDE
Milwaukee, 14th

COLLAR
Milwaukee, 15th

WILLIAM L. NAWROCKI (Dem.) was born on December 4, 1899 in Milwaukee. He was graduated from the elementary schools of that city and attended St. Johns High School. For eight years prior to 1926 he was a shoe worker and since 1927 he has been a stock clerk. Mr. Nawrocki served as county committeeman from 1937 to 1940. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: 2664 North Fratney Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, thirteenth district: Thirteenth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee.

JOHN C. McBRIDE (Rep.) was born at Milwaukee on September 16, 1908. He attended Marquette University and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin Law School in 1935. Since that time he has been a practicing attorney in Milwaukee. He was elected to the assembly in 1939 to fill a vacancy created by the retirement of Milton T. Murray and was re-elected for the full term in 1940, and again in 1942. Home Address: 3026 North Frederick Avenue, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, fourteenth district: Town of Milwaukee; villages of Fox Point, River Hills, Shorewood, and Whitefish Bay; eighteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

CHARLES E. COLLAR (Rep.) son of the late Dyton A. Collar, was born in Hortonville on April 20, 1877. He received his early education in Hortonville and attended Appleton High School and Oshkosh State Teachers College. He has been in the shoe business for many years and at the present time is district manager for the Martin Shoe Company. Mr. Collar is a former president of the Milwaukee Shoe Retailers Association. He enlisted in the Spanish-American War and saw service in Puerto Rico. He was mustered out as first sergeant on the non-commissioned staff. He also served six years in the Wisconsin National Guard. Mr. Collar is a member of the United Spanish War Veterans, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Knights of Columbus, Elks, and a number of musical organizations. He was elected to the legislature in 1940 and again in 1942. Home Address: 2106 North 49th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, fifteenth district; the fifteenth and nineteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.



WEGNER
Milwaukee, 16th

DOUBLE
Milwaukee, 17th

CLASEN
Milwaukee, 18th

HERMAN B. WEGNER (Prog.) was born on January 3, 1891 at Milwaukee. He attended parochial and public schools and at the age of fourteen became an apprentice in the glove cutting trade. In 1915 he changed to shoe cutting and in 1923 to leather garment cutting, which trade he followed until 1937. Mr. Wegner is now a salesman with the Gross Coal Company. He is a member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, and has been an active member of the Glove Workers International Union and the United Shoe Workers Union. Mr. Wegner was elected to the assembly for the first time in 1932 and has served continuously since that time. Home Address: 1305 West Cottage Place, Milwaukee.

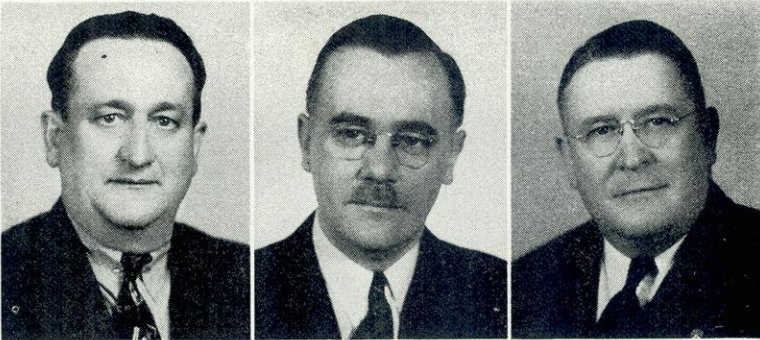
Milwaukee County, sixteenth district: The twenty-fifth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

WILLIAM F. DOUBLE (Rep.) was born at Milwaukee on June 12, 1910. After attending Ripon College and Marquette University he was graduated from Marquette Law College in 1934. He worked for the Nash Motor Company and for a transportation and a construction company before he became a practicing attorney in Milwaukee. At Ripon he served in the Reserve Officers Training Corps for two years and in the Wisconsin National Guard for one year. At present he is in the United States Temporary Coast Guard Reserve. This is Mr. Double's third term in the assembly. Home Address: 3400 South Delaware Avenue, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, seventeenth district: Seventeenth and twenty-seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee.

ALVIN J. CLASEN (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee on November 13, 1892. He was educated in the common and high schools of Milwaukee and attended Marquette University. From 1921 to 1926 he was a laundry operator. Mr. Clasen was a machine gunner and an anti-gas warfare instructor from 1917 to 1919. He is a member of the American Legion, and of Selective Service Board No. 20. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 2239 West Capitol Drive, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, eighteenth district: Twentieth ward of the city of Milwaukee.



WESTFAHL
Milwaukee, 19th

BURMASTER
Milwaukee, 20th

NICOL
Monroe

CHARLES F. WESTFAHL (Rep.) was born on April 10, 1885 in Milwaukee where he attended the public schools and Rhodes Business College. He was superintendent of the Westfahl File Company. During the war emergency he is serving as a mechanic in war production. In 1931 he served as assemblyman from his district and he was re-elected in 1938, 1940, and 1942. Home Address: 2437 North 49th Street, Milwaukee.

Milwaukee County, nineteenth district: The twenty-second ward of the city of Milwaukee.

MILTON F. BURMASTER (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee on January 19, 1905. After graduation from high school he attended the University of Wisconsin and the Marquette Law School. He received his LL.B. degree from the latter in 1929. Since then he has been practicing law. He was a Wauwatosa alderman from 1937 to 1941 and president of the common council in 1941. He is also a member of the Wauwatosa Safety Council. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 6229 West Lloyd Street, Wauwatosa.

Milwaukee County, twentieth district: Towns of Granville and Wauwatosa; city of Wauwatosa.

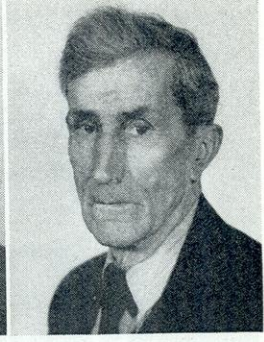
ALEX L. NICOL (Rep.) was born on March 13, 1895 in the township of Sparta, Monroe County. Directly after his graduation from Sparta High School in 1916 he was called into military service on the Mexican border. After he was discharged he attended Oshkosh Normal School until he again entered the service in March of 1917. He served eleven months in France as a first lieutenant and commanded Company L, 128th Infantry, 32nd Division. Mr. Nicol was wounded twice and awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. After spending two years in government hospitals he was discharged in October 1920. He held the office of county clerk from 1920 to 1939, and is serving his fourth term as a member of the school board. He was elected to the assembly in 1938, in 1940, and again in 1942. Home Address: 319 East Main Street, Sparta.



YOUNGS
Oconto



CATLIN
Outagamie, 1st



ROHAN
Outagamie, 2nd

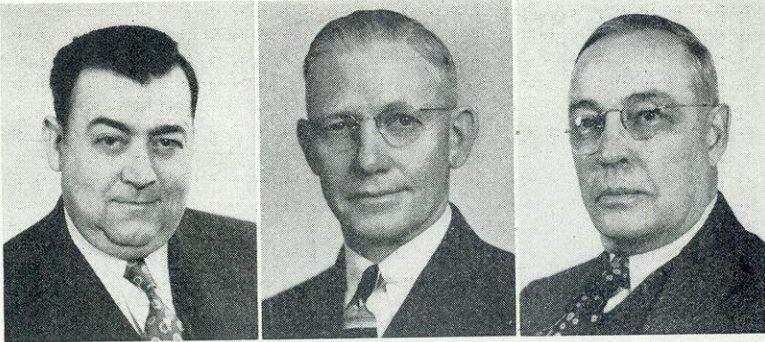
JOHN E. YOUNGS (Rep.) was born at Plainfield on August 2, 1883 and received his education in the Oconto public schools. Since 1906 he has been a barber. Mr. Youngs has always been active in conservation and civic work. He was sealer of weights and measures in 1912 and 1913, secretary of the police and fire commission from 1918 to 1922, member of the board of education from 1922 to 1929, and member of the board of supervisors of Oconto County from 1937 to 1942. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 522—1st Street, Oconto.

MARK S. CATLIN, Jr. (Rep.) was born on October 18, 1910 at Appleton. He was graduated from Appleton High School in 1927 and attended Lawrence College for one year. He received his B.A. degree from the University of Wisconsin and his law degree from the same institution in 1933. Since 1933 he has been a practicing attorney in Appleton. Mr. Catlin has been a member of the assembly since he was first elected to that body in 1936 and served as Republican floor leader during the 1941 and 1943 sessions. Home Address: 905 North Rankin Street, Appleton.

Outagamie County, first district: Towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, and Greenville; village of Shiocton; city of Appleton.

WILLIAM M. ROHAN (Dem.) was born in the town of Buchanan, Outagamie County and still resides there on a farm east of Kaukauna. He received his early education in public and parochial schools and later attended Green Bay Business College. He has held a number of public offices: town treasurer, town chairman, county board member, and chairman of the county highway committee. He was a member of the assembly in 1911, 1933, and 1937, and re-elected for the fourth time in 1942. Home Address: Route 3, Kaukauna.

Outagamie County, second district: Towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maple Creek, Maine, Oneida, Osborne, Seymour, and Vandebroek; villages of Black Creek, Bear Creek, Combined Locks, Hortonville, Kimberly, and Little Chute; cities of Kaukauna, Seymour, and third ward of New London.



FEIERSTEIN
Ozaukee

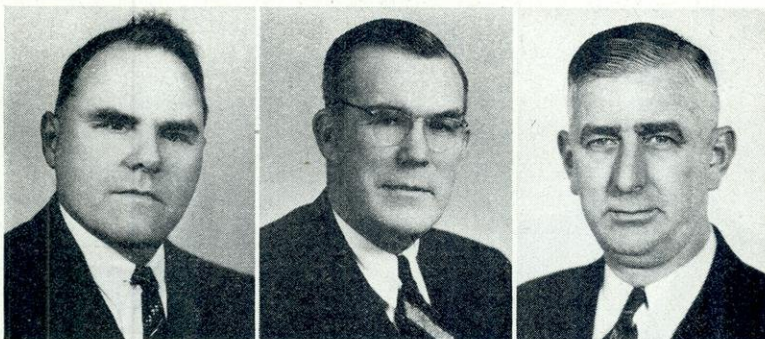
GUNDERSON
Pierce

PEABODY
Polk

FRED L. FEIERSTEIN (Rep.) was born in the town of Belgium on May 7, 1903. He was educated in the public and parochial schools. After completing a course in dairying he obtained his license for cheese-making, and for twelve years he and his partner operated two cheese factories in the town of Belgium. He also served as town clerk of the town of Belgium. He now resides in the town of Fredonia and is proprietor and manager of a restaurant and bus stop. Mr. Feierstein is one of Ozaukee County's most popular businessmen. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: R. F. D., Random Lake.

SELMER W. GUNDERSON (Rep.) was born at Colfax on February 25, 1890. He was educated in the elementary schools of Madison and attended the Colfax High School for one year. During the 1903 and 1907 legislative sessions he served as messenger in the assembly. From 1910 to 1918 he was cashier for the Soo Line Railroad. Since 1918 he has engaged in dairy farming. Mr. Gunderson has been secretary of the Pierce County Guernsey Breeders Association for fifteen years, director of the Wisconsin State Guernsey Breeders Association for fourteen years and was elected vice president in 1940. This is his second term in the assembly. He was a member of the Committee on Agriculture and of the Committee on Labor in 1941 and in 1943. Home Address: Route 1, Spring Valley.

RAYMOND A. PEABODY (Rep.) was born on February 24, 1883 in Baldwin, St. Croix County. After completing his education in the common schools he became a railroad telegraph operator. From 1903 to 1918 he was a merchant and since 1918 he has been a banker. Mr. Peabody was a member of the village council from 1922 to 1930 and village president for three years. He has been a member of the county board since 1930, and chairman of the board for three years. From 1939 to 1942 he served on the executive council of the Wisconsin Bankers Association. Since the beginning of the association he has been director of Wisconsin Indianhead, Inc., director and officer of the Polk County Association of Commerce, and director of the Highway 35 Association. Since its organization he has been chairman of the Polk County Council of Civilian Defense. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: Milltown.



KOSTUCK
Portage

HEDEN
Price

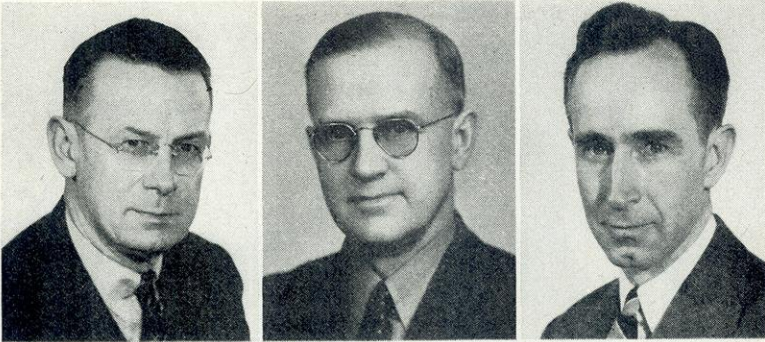
CHRISTENSEN
Racine, 1st

JOHN T. KOSTUCK (Dem.), a resident of Stevens Point, was born there on October 7, 1892. Leaving school at the end of the third grade, he went to work on a farm. At the age of fourteen when he was assisting in blasting stone, he met with an accident which made him blind. He entered the Wisconsin State School for the Blind and after ten years was graduated from the high school department in 1918. Then he attended the University of Wisconsin, specializing in political science and economics. After teaching for three years in the high school department of the School for the Blind at Staunton, Virginia, he entered the piano business at Stevens Point. He now devotes full time to his legislative work and is serving his seventh consecutive term in the assembly. Up to 1942 Mr. Kostuck was the only blind member ever elected to the legislature. Home Address: 130 Algoma Street, Stevens Point.

ERNEST A. HEDEN (Rep.) was born at Ogema on February 12, 1888. He is a graduate of Gustavus Adolphus College at St. Peter, Minnesota. For twenty-one years prior to 1935 he was a banker and from 1911 to the present time he has been engaged in the logging business. Mr. Heden is circuit court commissioner and jury commissioner of Price County. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: Ogema.

CARL C. CHRISTENSEN (Rep.) was born in Racine on October 1, 1891. He attended the elementary and high schools and La Salle College. He was an automobile trimmer and at present is proprietor of a filling station. He has been an alderman since 1926, and in 1941 and 1942 was president of the Racine Board of Health. Mr. Christensen served in the infantry in World War I. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 2019 Slauson Avenue, Racine.

Racine County, first district: The first, second, third, sixth, tenth, eleventh, thirteenth, and fourteenth wards of the city of Racine.



FRAZELL
Racine, 2nd

RUNDEN
Racine, 3rd

THOMSON
Richland

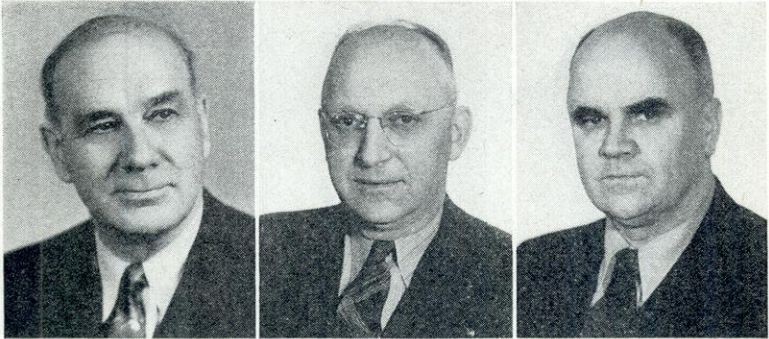
WILLIS FRAZELL (Rep.) was born in Racine on December 7, 1891. He attended the common schools and a business college in Racine. He is a barber and has operated his own shop for twenty-one years. He is serving his third term as a member of the county board. During the World War Mr. Frazell served in the navy. He is a member of Chapter 105 of the Associated Master Barbers of America and has held the office of secretary in that organization. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 718 Goold Street, Racine.

Racine County, second district: The fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, twelfth, and fifteenth wards of the city of Racine.

RANDOLPH H. RUNDEN (Rep.) was born at Chicago on August 27, 1897. After his graduation from high school he attended the University of Wisconsin from 1915 to 1917. Since that time he has engaged in farming. Mr. Runden has held a number of public offices: town treasurer for one year, town chairman since 1935, member of the county board, director of the Dover-Norway Insurance Company and commissioner for the Norway-Dover Drainage District. He is serving his second term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Union Grove.

Racine County, third district: Towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, and Yorkville; villages of Corliss, Rochester, Union Grove, and Waterford; city of Burlington and ninth ward of Racine.

VERNON W. THOMSON (Rep.) son of the late Mr. A. A. Thomson and Mrs. Thomson, was born at Richland Center on November 5, 1905. In 1927 he received his B.A. degree from the University of Wisconsin and his LL.B. from the same school in 1932. Since that time he has been a practicing attorney at Richland Center. He was assistant district attorney of Richland County from 1933 to 1935 and city attorney of Richland Center from 1933 to 1937 and from 1942 to date. From 1933 to 1935 he was enrolling official of the Civilian Conservation Corps for Richland County. Prior to practicing law he taught for two years in the Viroqua High School and for three years in the Madison Vocational School. For the past several years Mr. Thomson has been president of the library board at Richland Center. In 1936 and 1940 he was a delegate from the third congressional district to the National Republican Convention, and in 1940 was chairman of the State Republican Platform Convention. He has been a member of the assembly since 1935 and speaker of that body during the last three sessions. Home Address: Richland Center.



GRASSMAN
Rock, 1st

ENGBRETSON
Rock, 2nd

CHRISTMAN
Rusk and Sawyer

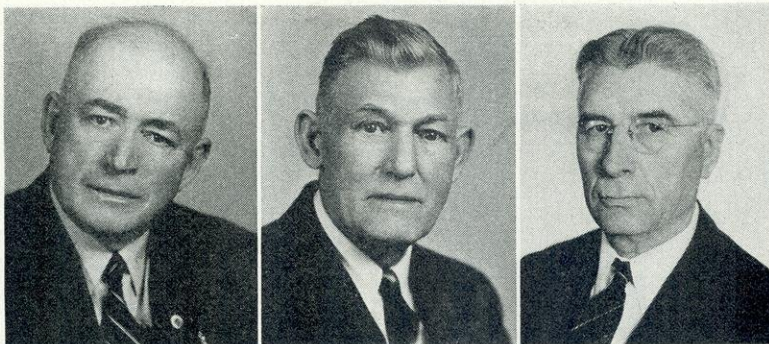
EDWARD GRASSMAN (Rep.) was born in Richland County. After having been graduated from Sextonville High School, he attended White-water State Normal and Valparaiso University and also took a six months' correspondence course in order to acquire a first grade teacher's certificate. He taught for the next eight years and then took up leaf tobacco buying and farming. Mr. Grassman has held a number of public offices; alderman of Edgerton, 1922 to 1926; mayor for the next biennium; and county supervisor for the three years preceding his election to the assembly in 1932. He has served in the assembly continuously since 1933. Home Address: 501 Washington Street, Edgerton.

Rock County, first district: Towns of Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Lima, Milton, Magnolia, Porter, and Union; village of Milton; cities of Edgerton, Evansville, and Janesville.

BURGER M. ENGBRETSON (Rep.) was born at Oslo, Norway on June 21, 1896. He was educated in the public schools of Beloit and attended the University of Wisconsin. He is a World War veteran. Mr. Engebretson has been in the insurance and real estate business for the past twenty years. He was elected twice to the board of supervisors of Rock County. This is his fourth term in the assembly. Home Address: 742 McKinley Avenue, Beloit.

Rock County, second district: Towns of Avon, Beloit, Bradford, Clinton, Johnstown, La Prairie, Newark, Plymouth, Rock, Spring Valley, and Turtle; villages of Clinton, Footville, and Orfordville; city of Beloit.

NICHOLAS J. CHRISTMAN (Rep.) was born on October 4, 1886 at Woodland. He received his education in the common and high schools. Since 1902 he has been a printer. Mr. Christman has held a number of public offices: member of the Board of Education since 1920; member of the Rusk County Normal School Board since 1934; and county supervisor since 1922. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: Tony.



RUNDELL
St. Croix

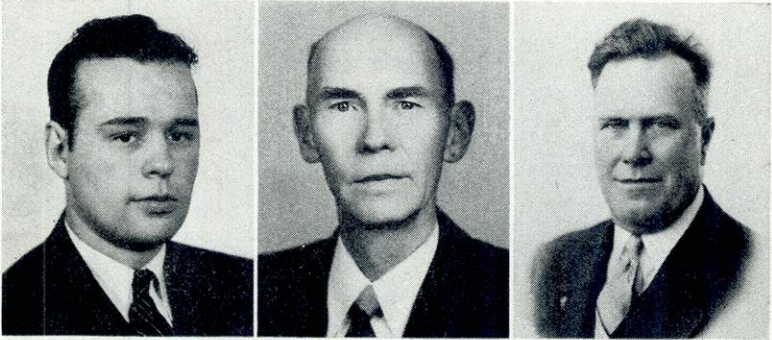
WOERTH
Sauk

EBERT
Shawano

ELMER LLOYD RUNDELL (Rep.) was born at Livingston on September 15, 1879. After his graduation from Platteville State Teachers College in 1900 he was principal of a school in Minnesota for two years. Prior to that time he taught for one year in a rural school in Wisconsin. Since 1910 he has been a dairy farmer and a breeder of purebred Guernseys. On his farm was bred the highest producing Guernsey cow in the United States west of the Alleghenies. Mr. Rundell is treasurer of the Roberts High School and has been either clerk or director of the rural school in his district for the past thirty-eight years. He served as president of the Wisconsin-Illinois Guernsey Breeders Association in 1922 and 1923. This is his second term in the assembly. Home Address: Roberts.

GEORGE J. WOERTH (Rep.) was born on December 4, 1875 at Loganville. He was educated in public and parochial schools and Wartburg College at Waverly, Iowa. Mr. Woerth is interested in conservation. He is a member of the Wisconsin Wild Life Federation and is a life member of the Twin City Rod and Gun Club. With the exception of the 1939 term he has served continuously in the assembly since 1935. Home Address: Prairie du Sac.

CHARLES J. EBERT (Rep.) was born on April 30, 1885 in the town of Seymour, Outagamie County. He is a cheese maker and operator of a cold storage locker plant in Gresham. Mr. Ebert was a member of the county board and is now serving his twentieth term as village president. Since 1933 he has been a bank director. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Natural Cheese Marketing Association. He has served three years as secretary of the Northeastern Cheesemakers and Buttermakers Association and six years as secretary of the Wisconsin Cheesemakers Association. This is his second term in the legislature. Home Address: Gresham.



KEPPLER
Sheboygan, 1st

LARSON
Sheboygan, 2nd

NELSON
Taylor

ERNEST C. KEPPLER (Rep.) was born at Sheboygan on April 5, 1918. After graduation from the common and high schools of Sheboygan he continued his education by taking courses in the Sheboygan Vocational School and in the local University of Wisconsin Extension Division. He has been an employe of the Garton Toy Company, the Wingrove Oil Company, and the Optenberg Iron Works. Mr. Keppler has long been active in the scouting movement where he became a director of the Boy Scout Bugle and Drum Corps, an Eagle Scout, and Scoutmaster. His other public and civic interests include the Y. M. C. A., Red Cross, Garton Toy Good Fellowship Club, and Junior Chamber of Commerce. Having been elected in 1941, at the age of twenty-two, Mr. Keppler is now serving his second term as alderman. Being a pilot, he also owns and flies his own plane. This is his first term in the legislature. Home Address: 909 New York Avenue, Sheboygan.

Sheboygan County, first district: The city of Sheboygan.

EDWIN J. LARSON (Rep.) was born at Waupaca on November 29, 1885. He is a graduate of Plymouth High School. Between 1920 and 1930 he was president and general manager of the Plymouth Refrigerating Company. Since 1930 he has been in the real estate, loans, and insurance business. The only public office Mr. Larson had held before his election to the assembly in 1938 was that of alderman in Plymouth during 1926 and 1927. Home Address: 132 High Street, Plymouth.

Sheboygan County, second district: The entire county outside the city of Sheboygan.

CARL M. NELSON (Rep.) was born in the town of Deer Creek, Taylor County on November 12, 1892. He received his education in the local schools and at the Southern Minnesota Normal College at Austin, Minnesota. He has been a farmer all of his life. From 1927 to 1935 Mr. Nelson was chairman of the town of Deer Creek. He acted as vice-chairman of the Taylor County Board in 1931 and from 1932 to 1935 was chairman of the board. During the World War he served in the First Marine Aviation Force for nineteen months, spending about seven months in active service in France and Belgium. This is his fifth term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Medford.



BROM
Trempealeau

WHEELOCK
Vernon

RICE, O. R.
Walworth

MARTIN D. BROM (Rep.) was born in 1880 in the town of Dodge. He received his education in the local elementary and high schools. Mr. Brom was a member of the county board from 1911 to 1918, patrol superintendent of county highways from 1919 to 1924, manager of the Farmers Cooperative Oil Company from 1930 to 1935, and sheriff in 1927 and 1928 and from 1936 to 1940. He has engaged in farming most of his life. He was elected to the assembly in 1940 and re-elected in 1942. Home Address: Dodge.

JEROME H. WHEELOCK (Rep.) was born in the town of Harris, Marquette County on June 30, 1877. He was raised on a farm and attended the public schools. He was graduated from the Stevens Point Normal School. He taught school for 42 years including 29 years as principal of county normal schools. He is president of the Viroqua school board and was county superintendent of Marquette County for six years. Mr. Wheelock was Sugar Rationing Administrator for Vernon County and has been president of Vernon County Taxpayers' Association, president of Wisconsin Citizens Public Expenditures Survey, and president of the Viroqua Kiwanis Club. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: Viroqua.

ORA R. RICE (Rep.) was born at Boscobel on September 16, 1885. He is a graduate of Boscobel High School and received his dental degree from Northwestern University Dental College in 1907. Since 1907 he has practiced dentistry in Delavan and the past six years has devoted considerable time to farming. Dr. Rice has held a number of elective and appointive offices: alderman of Delavan in 1916 and 1917; mayor of the city from 1918 to 1922; and secretary of the Walworth County Mediation Board for the past six years. This is his fourth term in the assembly. Home Address: Delavan.



SCHMITZ
Washington



WOODHEAD
Waukesha, 1st



LUDVIGSEN
Waukesha, 2nd

JOSEPH A. SCHMITZ (Rep.) was born on July 5, 1898 at Milwaukee where he attended the graded schools, Marquette Academy, and the Milwaukee State Teachers College. After he returned from the service in the World War he spent five years as a draftsman, engineer, and water main inspector for the city of Milwaukee. In 1924 he entered the building contracting business and in 1928 became part owner and operator of several Milwaukee hotels. Later he moved to a small farm in the village of Germantown where he is serving his eighth year as justice of the peace. This is his third term in the legislature. Home Address: Germantown.

FREDERIC F. WOODHEAD (Rep.) was born in Merton on March 16, 1915. He was educated in the public schools of the city of Waukesha. He attended the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from Carroll College and the Marquette University Law School. In 1941 he received his LL.B. degree from the latter school. At the present time he is a practicing attorney in Waukesha. Mr. Woodhead is a member of the Kiwanis Club and of the Junior Chamber of Commerce. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 302 Bethesda Court, Waukesha.

Waukesha County, first district: Towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, and Waukesha; villages of Big Bend, Dousman, Eagle, Mukwonago, North Prairie, and Wales; city of Waukesha.

ALFRED R. LUDVIGSEN (Rep.) was born on the old farm homestead in the town of Merton, Waukesha County on March 17, 1886. He received his education in the public schools and at Luther College, Racine. His early years were spent in farming. For many years he was engaged in landscape work and in the development and sale of lake frontage which he owns. He served as a member of the Waukesha County Board and chairman of the town of Merton during the years 1923 to 1928. He has been on the Farm Drainage District Board for twenty years. This is his fifth term in the assembly. Home Address: Route 1, Hartland.

Waukesha County, second district: Towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menomonie, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee, and Summit; villages of Butler, Chenequa, Hartland, Lac La Belle, Lannon, Menomonee Falls, Merton, Sussex, and Pewaukee; city of Oconomowoc.



SPEARBRAKER
Waupaca



TANK
Winnebago, 1st



FRITZEN
Winnebago, 2nd

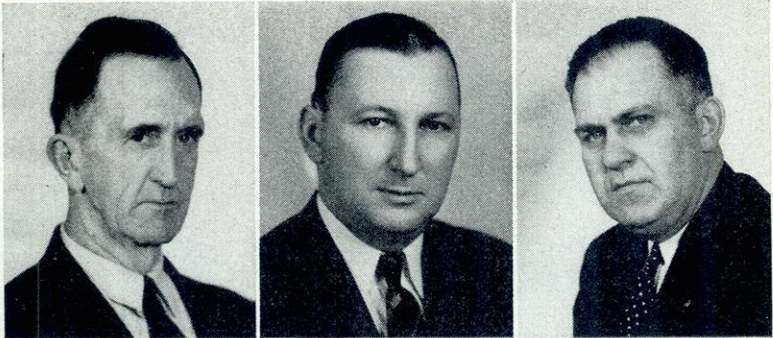
JULIUS SPEARBRAKER (Rep.) was born on September 8, 1886 at Clintonville where he has resided ever since. After his graduation from high school he attended Marquette University for one year. At the present time he is in the general insurance business. Mr. Spearbraker has held a number of positions of trust and honor—city clerk of Clintonville from 1912 to 1934, member and secretary of the municipal water and light commission for twenty-three years, member of the library board for twenty-one years, and jury commissioner of Waupaca County for many years. In 1940 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in Philadelphia. This is his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 16 Ninth Street, Clintonville.

WALTER TANK (Rep.) was born on June 25, 1897 in Oshkosh. After attending the public schools he became a truck driver and since 1934 has been a business agent. During World War I he was in the motor transportation corps from February 1918 to April 1920, and was overseas for all but one month of that period. Mr. Tank is serving his fourth term as alderman. He is president of the city council and vice-mayor. This is his first term in the assembly. Home Address: 168 Winnebago Street, Oshkosh.

Winnebago County, first district: City of Oshkosh.

JAMES C. FRITZEN (Rep.) was born on April 14, 1889 at Neenah where he was educated in the public schools. At the present time he is a merchant. For twenty years ending in 1924 he was associated with his father in the retail grocery business. Mr. Fritzen was a member of the Winnebago County Board from 1922 to 1927 and postmaster of Neenah from 1927 to 1935. He served overseas during the World War and has been a member of the American Legion since its organization. He is serving his third term in the assembly. Home Address: 309 East Wisconsin Avenue, Neenah.

Winnebago County, second district: All the towns, villages and cities of the county except the city of Oshkosh.



CLARK
Wood

MAY
Chief Clerk

KELLMAN
Sergeant-at-Arms

WILLIAM WALTER CLARK (Rep.) was born in Plum City on July 7, 1885. He was graduated from River Falls Teachers College and attended the University of Wisconsin. He taught for a number of years in a country school, high school, and county agricultural school, and has also served as county agricultural agent. Mr. Clark is a farmer and a cattle buyer. He has acted as town chairman of the town of Hansen and as chairman of the Wood County Board. He was elected to the assembly in 1920, in 1938, and again in 1942. Home Address: Vesper.

ARTHUR L. MAY was born in Chicago on January 6, 1901. He attended the elementary schools of Chicago and Wisconsin Rapids and was graduated from Central High School in Madison. In 1932 he received the degree of LL.B. from the University of Wisconsin Law School. Mr. May has been a farmer, mechanic, businessman, and since 1932 has engaged in the practice of law. He served as justice of the peace from 1931 to 1939. He was elected chief clerk of the assembly in 1941 and again in 1943. Home Address: 1431 Morrison Street, Madison.

NORRIS J. KELLMAN, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Kellman, was born on October 23, 1898 at Galesville. After his graduation from Galesville High School he attended La Crosse State Teachers College for one year and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1923. For ten years he was assistant postmaster at Galesville and for the past sixteen years he has been in the general insurance business. Mr. Kellman was a member of the board of supervisors of Trempealeau County for four years. He served in the World War and was one of the youngest men in the state to be commissioned as a second lieutenant. He has held a number of offices in the American Legion including that of commander of his local post for three years. In 1936 he was an alternate to the Republican National Convention in Cleveland and his father was a delegate. In 1940 he was a delegate to the 1940 convention of the party in Philadelphia and his father was an alternate. Mr. Kellman was a member of the assembly in the 1939 session. In 1941 and in 1943 he was elected sergeant-at-arms of that body. Home Address: Galesville.

**Article of General
Interest**

WISCONSIN GOVERNMENT ENROLLS FOR WAR

By EDWARD N. HEIN
*Superintendent of Public Relations
Wisconsin Conservation Department*

STATE GOVERNMENT

WISCONSIN'S state government was primarily designed for the administration of peacetime civilian activities. Late in 1941 it was called upon to re-gear itself as a part of the national unit for war. Practically all state departments have found that they have a part to play in the all-out fight for victory. The turmoil in Europe emphasized the need for national defense before the actual declaration of war and a number of departments were in cooperation with the national government on defensive measures prior to Pearl Harbor. Since then, the usual functions of departments have become secondary and everything that can be done to aid in the war effort has become a prior consideration in government management.



EDWARD N. HEIN

The conduct of government has become increasingly difficult as the war progresses and demands increase. State employes found useful in the armed services or elsewhere have gone. With decreased personnel, departments have continued civilian services while meeting new wartime demands. Travel has been curtailed and supplies used in the conduct of government, where obtainable, have been held to a minimum. Wisconsin's government, like its citizens generally, has been intent on holding the home front.

The 1943 session of the legislature spent much of its time in adjusting state regulations to wartime conditions. It voted to suspend numerous fees and other requirements for those serving in the armed forces. It provided that the proceeds of the 60 percent surtax applicable to 1942 incomes be placed in the Postwar Rehabilitation Trust Fund to take care of Wisconsin's returning veterans. It set up a new civilian defense organization. It temporarily lowered several food standards to help meet war needs. It suspended income tax requirements of those in the armed forces. Special legislation was enacted to meet numerous other emergencies resulting from wartime conditions.

Selective Service

The Selective Training and Service Act of the nation was approved by the President on September 16, 1940. At the outset selective service headquarters were located in the capitol building and later at 122 West Washington Avenue, Madison. On October 16, 1940 the first registration of all Wisconsin male citizens between the ages of 21 and 36 was carried out. On recommendation of the governor, the President appointed the members of the various boards called for by the act. On November 1, 1943 the total of all six registrations to date amounted to 1,034,561. Of this total approximately one-half of the registrants were in the age group of 18 to 38.

National Guard Ready

As in the first world war, the national government found Wisconsin's National Guard ready for action when its services were needed.

The Wisconsin National Guard, since its induction into federal service in October 1940, and on completion of its intensive training at Camp Livingston, Alexandria, Louisiana, has participated in much combat activity in the Southwest Pacific theater of operations. The guard continues to live up to its reputation of "Les Terribles" won in the first world war.

Company A, 192nd Tank Battalion (formerly the 32nd Division Tank Company of Janesville) was the first Wisconsin National Guard unit to participate in action against the enemy. The unit arrived in the Philippine Islands a few days before the United States was attacked by Japan. It took part in action in the Philippines until the historic fall of Bataan and Corregidor. Its deeds of valor, when they can be officially recorded, will compare with those of the Iron Brigade of the Civil War and the many exploits of the men of the 32nd Division.

Eighteen Wisconsin men with the 32nd Division in New Guinea have been decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross, which is topped only by the Congressional Medal of Honor in army awards.

Brigadier General Ralph M. Immell, the adjutant general, now on military leave, United States Army, has been decorated by the Sultan of Morocco for services in that country. The citation reads: "For services of the highest importance in establishing the mutual confidence and good will between the government of His Majesty, the Sultan of Morocco, and the government of the United States of America, etc."

Since General Immell's departure for active military service, in the early part of October 1942, Brigadier General Alvin A. Kuechenmeister of Milwaukee has served as acting adjutant general.

National Guard Airfields Serve

The army found two national guard airfields available for its use, namely, Camp Williams Field, Camp Douglas, and Billy Mitchell Field, Milwaukee. The Camp Williams Field is fully equipped with a modern hangar and three runways. The runways are so constructed



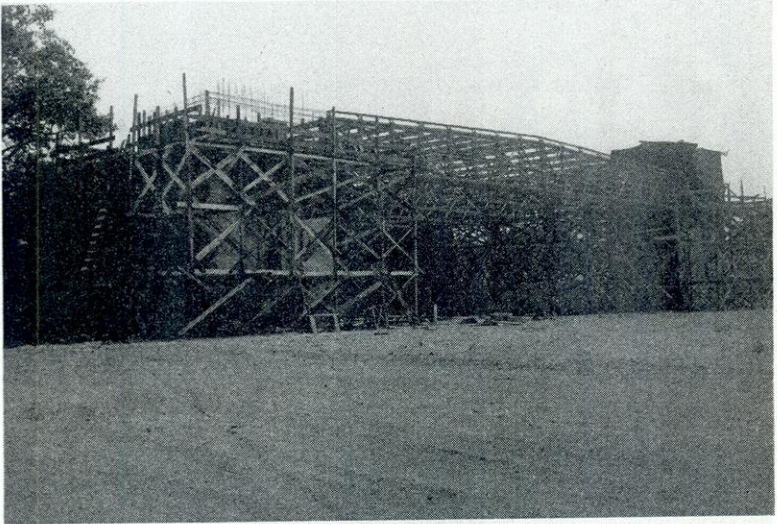
Camp headquarters at Camp Douglas.



Mess hall and kitchen, Camp Williams, completed late in 1941.

that almost any type of airplane can land on them. This field has been in constant use by the United States Army for the training of transport pilots, and as a staging area for the air service. The army is also using the field in connection with radio instruction. The Billy Mitchell Field has a fully equipped modern hangar and armory. It has been in constant use by the United States Army Air Service as a center for instructing certain classes of air service personnel.

In helping to solve new problems on the home front that resulted from the war activity, many departments have established records to which they point with pride.



Hangar under construction at Camp Williams in 1941.
This is now completed.

State Investments in War Bonds

Wherever possible, state funds have been placed at the disposal of the federal government through the purchase of government bonds. A total of \$27,909,100 of the funds of the State Annuity and Investment Board was in such bonds by the end of November and at the same time United States Government bond investments of other state funds totalled \$33,046,600.

Gas Conservation

The division of departmental research was given the job of conserving and coordinating the mileage traveled by state employes. State travel from January 1, 1941 to September 30, 1942 amounted to 40,629,580 miles at a cost of \$1,398,710.10. This was reduced for the

period January 1, 1942 to September 30, 1943 to 29,174,692 miles and a cost of \$1,027,638.18. The reduction amounted to 11,454,888 miles of travel and a cost of \$371,071.92. It is estimated that the reduction in official state mileage resulted in a saving of 45,820,000 tire miles which, assuming 35,000 miles as the average life of a tire, represents a saving of 1,310 tires. Assuming 15 miles per gallon of gasoline, the reduction in mileage represents a saving of approximately 763,700 gallons of gasoline.



Aid has been given by the State Board of Health in civilian defense in the organization and conducting of sanitation training schools for defense workers. This picture shows a demonstration of decontamination with chlorinated lime conducted at Milwaukee.

Health Guarded

The State Board of Health found it necessary to cope with many war problems.

Immediately on our entrance into the war, the board communicated with the mayors, village chairmen, and superintendents of municipal water supplies of every city and village in the state, urging that special safeguards be established in order to prevent the possibility of sabotage. It was recommended that increased lighting facilities be arranged for at once in the water plants and reservoir areas. Other steps were the maintenance of guards and construction of fencing. The board found complete cooperation in the carrying out of its plans.

The board also took an inventory of available emergency water supply equipment in the state so as to be able to meet any emergency

anywhere in the state. Special provisions were made to obtain adequate supplies of chlorine for proper chlorination of water that might become polluted through partial or complete destruction of water supply systems. It organized a waterworks protective committee consisting of 21 superintendents of water supply systems and created a school for waterworks superintendents to instruct in ways and means of obtaining a safe water supply should the normal water supply be destroyed or materially affected by enemy agents.

On March 6, 1942 the board issued emergency health and sanitary regulations for trailers and trailer camps for areas engaged in defense industry, and on July 10, 1942 emergency health and sanitary



Congestion at a typical trailer camp near a war industrial plant. Health hazards are created under such conditions.

regulations for tents and tent colonies in areas engaged in defense activities were issued. These rules and regulations were effective within the areas found to be engaged in defense activities. The provisions became applicable to Camp McCoy, including a radius of 25 miles from Sparta and later the radius was extended to 40 miles. Similar provisions were applied to the Badger Ordnance Works with a radius of 25 miles. Truax Field and the Naval Training Station in Madison were within that radius. Emergency regulations were also applied for tent colonies in defense areas of the counties of Eau Claire, Rock, and Door.

In order to enforce its rules and regulations, special investigators were employed by the board with funds supplied by the Social Security Act. Every effort was made to safeguard soldiers, sailors,

and defense workers, particularly against venereal infection. The board aided in the work of special venereal disease clinics in Milwaukee, Sparta, Baraboo, and Manitowoc.

Disease Prevention Campaign

The Board of Health has been cooperating closely with selective service and induction centers of the state, especially with regard to tuberculosis and venereal disease. A system of following up disease cases has been established by the board as a means of effecting treatment of diseased persons.

Meetings have been held in defense industrial areas and military zones attended by sheriffs, district attorneys, judges, and tavern-keepers in cooperation with the beverage tax division to emphasize the necessity of strict law enforcement, alertness, and the elimination of undesirable individuals. Law enforcement officers in a number of counties are requiring medical examination for individuals arrested for moral turpitude and treatment for those found afflicted.

With federal aid, the Board of Health has been providing special maternal and child health care for the families of servicemen. Under this program, care was provided for 4,109 wives and infants of servicemen from December 10, 1942 to November 1, 1943. In the bureau of maternal and child health, the nutritionists have given special attention to nutrition education activities in the defense areas.

The regulations of the army, navy, and the census bureau have created difficult problems in establishing citizenship. In the division of vital statistics, a large increase in the number of workers was made necessary to handle this work.

State Personnel Problems

The Bureau of Personnel found it difficult to recruit employes for state service. Labor turnover greatly increased, recently reaching the acute point of 58 percent in hospital attendants at one institution.

The number of applicants for state work slumped and the percentage of them reporting for examinations to establish eligibility for such work also decreased. The bureau found acute help shortages in public health employes: attendants to physicians, accountants, physical plant operators, firemen, operating engineers, and stenographers outside of Madison.

The 1943 session of the legislature passed several measures to enable state service to better cope with the present employment problems. One measure provided a cost-of-living bonus for state employes. Another law permitted temporary relaxation of standards and procedures. A general state retirement act was also enacted.

Highway Accidents Down

In spite of the shutdown of automobile manufacture, restriction of mileage, and rationing of tires, the Motor Vehicle Department reported that for the fiscal year 1942-43 motor vehicle registrations

totaled 863,042, only a 7.6 percent reduction from the 1941-42 fiscal year total of 933,653.

War has made a large reduction in the amount of travel on rural highways but Wisconsin cities continue to have considerable traffic. Many cities in which war plants are located have had an influx of new workers, adding to their problems.

Deaths due to traffic accidents in Wisconsin dropped from 870 in 1941 to 561 in 1942 and to under 400 in 1943. The 1943 toll was the lowest in the state since 1925. Reports showed, however, an actual increase in accidents involving children.



Highway 12 adjacent to the Badger Ordnance Works has been expanded to provide separated one-way roadways.

Wisconsin's driver education course is approved as a part of the pre-induction training program set up by the Office of the Quartermaster General of the War Department. It is estimated that one out of four persons entering military service must at some time or other be able to use a military motor vehicle.

Speeding up of interstate commerce was made possible by the signing of reciprocity agreements between Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, South Dakota, and Ohio.

Under a special law service men and women home on leaves are given permits to operate cars for 30 days without applying for the current year's vehicle registration. Those entering the services who have registered their cars receive refunds on the unused portion of the fees paid.

Military operations have meant additional work for the traffic patrol branch of the department. These included maneuvers and hundreds of military convoys over the highways. The department points to a perfect safety record in connection with these major highway uses.

State Leads in Social Disease Control

By request of federal officials the beverage tax division of the State Treasury Department found itself called upon to play an important role in the suppression of prostitution. Women who did not have a legitimate reason for being in one of the critical areas were apprehended within 12 to 24 hours after arrival and either prosecuted or returned to their point of origin. General cooperation in this work made it possible for the army camps of Wisconsin to lead the nation with the lowest rate of venereal disease infection. This campaign calls for continued vigilance.

The liquor industry of Wisconsin embracing 25,000 individuals was organized for the promotion of war bonds and stamps. Wisconsin ranks fifth in the nation in the value of bonds sold by state liquor organizations. A total of \$11,658,975 worth of bonds was sold in the third war loan drive in September. Sales had amounted to approximately \$3,500,000 in the second loan drive.

The division has also been aggressive in suppressing "black market" operations.

New Problems in Oil Inspection

The oil inspection bureau also found new problems on its hands because of war activities. New inspection stations were established to meet the change of transporting petroleum products by trucks instead of railroads. Losses occasioned by the use of petroleum products for the fiscal year 1942-43 were one-half the losses for the preceding year. During the latter year 362 rejections were made of products that did not comply with the Wisconsin law.

Defense Council

War work of the State Planning Board has had to do with the State Council of Defense, airport planning, and postwar public works program.

A State Council of Defense was appointed on October 2, 1940 by the Governor, and the director of the State Planning Board became the secretary of the council. The board performed many detailed statistical and service jobs for the council. The first job was a survey of idle storage and plant capacity. This was followed in the summer of 1941 by a survey of the state's manufacturing plant capacity. A test collection of aluminum was conducted in Dane County, which was one of two counties in the United States selected as a basis for estimating the amount of scrap aluminum that could be collected.

This was followed by a nation-wide aluminum collection. The work of the council took up about half of the time of the board as long as the original council continued in existence.

At the request of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, the board sponsored a WPA project for the making of construction plans for airports in cities requesting such services. Plans were undertaken for ten airports and of these the Rock County airport and the La Crosse Municipal airport have been approved by the army for construction as necessary in the national defense.

The State Planning Board at its meeting of August 1942 decided to continue the work of setting up a public works reserve, a project to encourage state and local governments to set up what is called a "shelf" of public works in order that employment opportunities might be provided through public works if such should become necessary. The board also cooperated actively with the legislative interim committee on postwar planning. On order of the Governor, the board also made a survey to determine the condition of various buildings of state institutions.

Conservation Activities Intensified

The Conservation Department found that with a considerable loss of experienced help it became highly important to protect forests and lands against fire. The forest protection division took steps to intensify forest protection and increase control measures in and around critical areas. The federal government also recognized this necessity and took steps at once on a nation-wide basis to assist the states in carrying out an extended program during the present emergency. Emergency appropriations were made available for forest fire protection against unusual hazards brought about by the war effort. Areas were mapped for special consideration because of their importance to the military, industrial, transportation, communication, water power, and mining installations and to commercial forest areas essential to the conduct of the war. Wardens and rangers were instructed to give particular attention in their patrolling activities to highway and railroad bridges, dams, power plants, and all other key points. Wisconsin pioneered the forest fire fighter service that became a branch of the Office of Civilian Defense. The department has cooperated with the federal government in making forest products needed in the war effort available and department property was made available for troop training.

Agricultural Cooperation

The Department of Agriculture has cooperated closely in the national production-for-victory campaign. The switch from an era of surplus to a new condition of scarcity has meant a need for agricultural statistics for production planning. Facts were necessary as a basis for production, rationing, and price control. Already there



Protecting Wisconsin forests from fire. Under wartime conditions lumber has become one of the most serious shortage materials, ranking ahead of such critical materials as rubber, aluminum, copper, and steel.



Trucks heavily loaded with pulpwood as they rolled down the streets of Tomahawk. Prizes were awarded for the best loads of pulpwood and spruce wood brought in. This program was developed to induce increased cutting of pulpwood for war needs.

have been demands for statistical material to be used in connection with postwar planning and in measuring the agricultural situation which will prevail at the end of the war. The department devoted considerable of its efforts to curtailing truck mileage in the food industries.

Greatly increased food production has meant an expansion of grading activities and inspections and added duties in cooperating with the federal government in the purchase of Wisconsin farm products. The emphasis on greater food production has meant redoubling



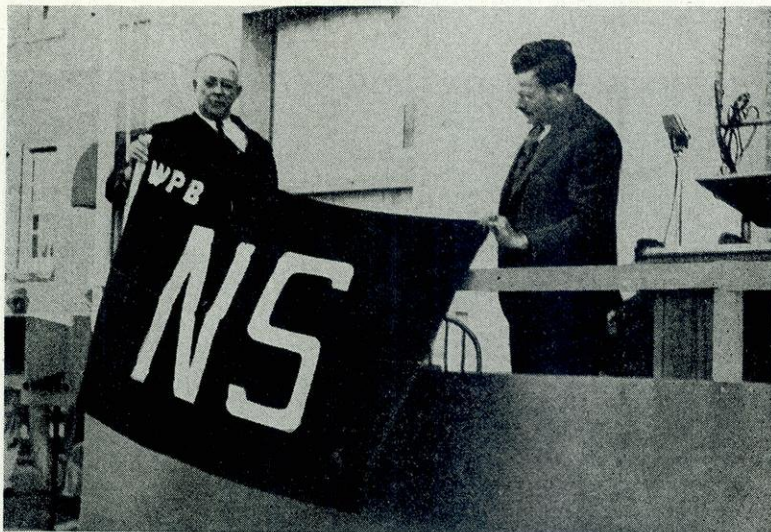
There are 85 pieces of standard equipment in this portable weights and measures kit used by state sealers in their work in war plants and other commercial institutions. In connection with this kit a large number of fifty pound weights and large sized measures are used.

efforts to control diseases, weeds, and insects. To comply with government demands the department appealed to state beekeepers to salvage all possible beeswax. Curtailment of a number of food products brought many new substitutes that required supervision as to composition and labeling. The weights and measures division found its activities greatly expanded to meet wartime demands.

Public Welfare Coordination

The impact of war has made necessary the shifting of emphasis by the Department of Public Welfare from purely financial assistance to the giving of services to families and individuals under various national and state programs. The division of public assistance has been assisting in the national nutrition program, day care plans for

children, and aid for families of interned aliens. It has also cooperated with the Social Security Board, War Relocation Authority, Housing Administration, and other federal agencies. Information concerning various federal programs affecting servicemen and their families, such as allowances and allotments, obstetrical and pediatric cases, and rehabilitation facilities have been channeled through the division to public assistance agencies directly responsible for the care of persons in need. It has had continuous contacts with many agencies operating in allied fields. At the Industrial School for Boys preliminary training has been given and many of the boys have



Because of its excellent production record the Wisconsin State Prison was awarded the "S" banner by the War Production Board. This insignia is similar to the "E" award given to industries.

gone into defense work. The school has also adopted a military training program. During the past fiscal year the Workshop for the Blind has made approximately 30,000 cocoa mats for the government at a cost of \$46,918.

Prisoners Help

The Wisconsin State Prison has trained hundreds of welders and machinists who have gone into defense plants. War contracts awarded to the prison in 1943 amounted to \$51,000. Because of its excellent production record, the prison was awarded the "S" banner by the War Production Board. Approximately 800 inmates housed in the institution proper contributed 1,679 pints of blood and many inmates purchased war bonds and stamps.

Strikes Reduced

With the advent of the war, the Employment Relations Board centered its efforts on keeping industry and labor at work. During 1941, up to the time of Pearl Harbor, there were 65 strikes in Wisconsin in which 17,450 workers were involved and 521,315 man-days of work were lost. During the year 1942 there were 45 strikes involving 7,087 employes and causing a man-day idleness of 37,492 days. The record for the first half of 1943 is substantially better than for the year 1942. In the first six months of 1943 there were 16 strikes in which 1,968 workers were involved and only 6,424 man-days work were lost as a result of such strikes.



The drill press and the grinder are familiar tools to these war production trainees.

Industrial Regulation Adjustments

Wisconsin's all-out effort at production in the face of the drain of manpower into the armed forces meant many new problems for the Industrial Commission.

The necessity for operating machinery 24 hours a day, seven days a week, the real scarcity of skilled workers, and the induction of several million young men has been a problem in Wisconsin as elsewhere. It was found necessary to relax some labor standards to meet vital demands in the national crisis. However, the commission has felt that relaxations should be permitted only in instances of

necessity. Consistent with a policy of supporting a maximum production program, many orders granting necessary relief have been issued.

Safety Program Emphasized

The great majority of special orders issued have permitted the employment of women after 6 p.m. The employment of women during the nighttime was made necessary because of the scarcity of available men. To assure some measure of protection of the health and welfare of women, the commission limited the length of night shifts to eight hours per day and 48 hours per week. The employment of 17 year old boys has been permitted in canneries where it is shown that older labor cannot be employed. Similar employment has been permitted in hotels and restaurants.

The state average of daily accidents reported in 1940 was approximately 70. Following Pearl Harbor and the start of the huge production program, the number increased to approximately 100 in 1941 and from 110 to 115 in 1942. Redoubled safety efforts were called for and were applied.

Following the lead set by Oregon and Wisconsin, the national government engaged in the encouragement of apprenticeship training in other states. The shortage of skilled craftsmen has increased the activity in this field. The commission has frozen employe-status for those entering the armed services so that they will be entitled to unemployment compensation benefits should they not be able to find employment on return to civilian life.

Liquidation of Bank Assets

One result of war conditions has been the accelerated liquidation of assets in closed banks, building and loan associations, and segregated trusts. Increased earnings have afforded an incentive to pay off obligations which previously debtors were unable to meet. The State Banking Department has found that the liquidation of such assets has given many citizens an additional purchasing power.

Highway Difficulties

The war has made necessary a drastic curtailment in highway work due to the diversion of material, equipment, and manpower to the war effort. The State Highway Commission's war problem has been that of maintaining the essential transportation services over the highways. Construction activity has been limited to some few projects which have been requested by or certified as essential to the prosecution of the war by military authorities. Highway improvements in this class consist of the facilities considered necessary to provide access to and about military establishments and war industries.

Maintenance of the highway system has been particularly difficult due to restrictions curtailing the availability of bituminous materials and their transportation, and difficulties in securing repairs and replacements to necessary equipment.

Military and other federal agencies have drawn on the services of the commission for the assembling and preparation of information considered necessary by them. The commission is making and maintaining an inventory of all trucks and busses in Wisconsin, and routes military convoys through the state.



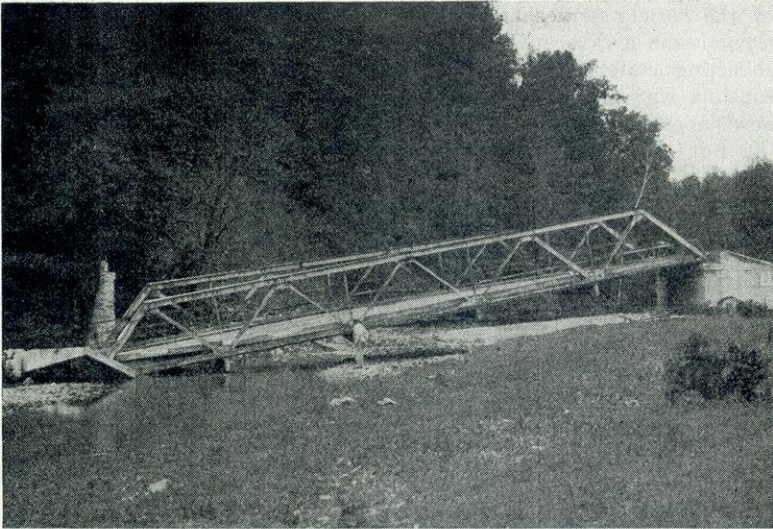
Access road to Camp McCoy built to accommodate greatly increased wartime traffic.

Changes in Grain Shipments

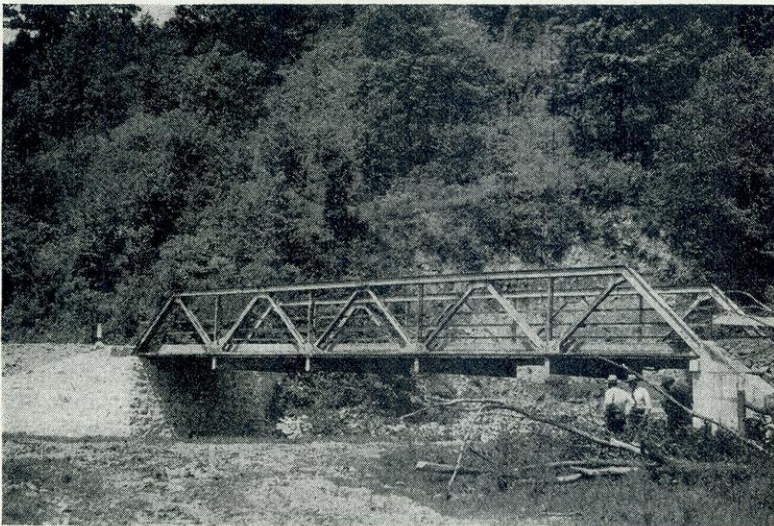
The Grain and Warehouse Commission at Superior found transportation changes resulting from the war added to its work. Down-lake ore shipments have taken priority over the hauling of grain and as a result more grain has been hauled by rail. Grain boat shipments in summer months dropped to less than half while rail shipments increased three to five-fold. This change meant more individual inspections and weighings.

Historical Records

The State Historical Society adapted its operations to meet war conditions. The society's library is collecting many materials on the war showing the impact on the state and its people. The director



Cave Creek bridge on Highway 72, Pierce County. Abutment washed out in flood May 1942.

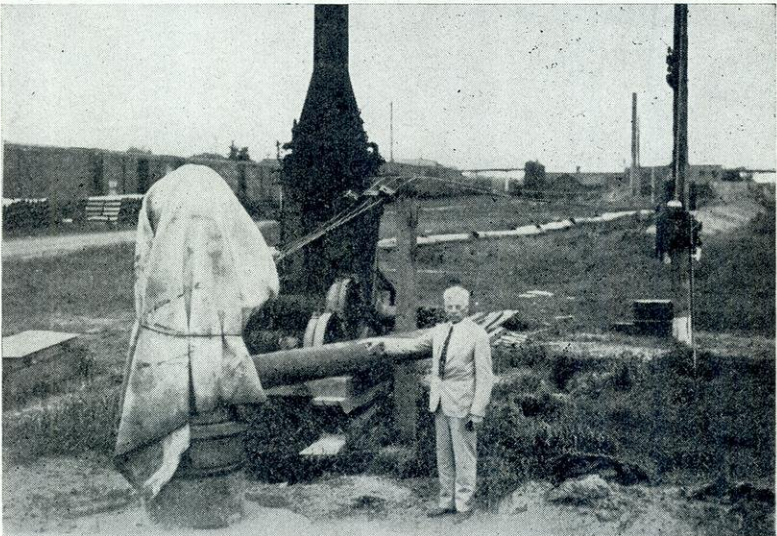


This bridge was restored with noncritical materials.

of the society serves as chairman of the Wisconsin War Records Commission as a branch of the Wisconsin State Council of Defense, collecting material to eventually make possible the history of Wisconsin's war effort. Federal officials have been using the library's newspaper files and maps. Two traveling exhibits on "Worth Fighting For" have been shown about the state.

Public Utility Rates Down

Declaring that public utilities during the war emergency should be treated in the same spirit as individuals and corporations in other businesses, the Public Service Commission announced that it would



Adequate and safe water supplies are essential in the war effort. Aid is given by the Public Service Commission in securing sources of water, like the well shown above, to meet greatly increased municipal, industrial, or emergency needs.

frown on proposals to increase utility rates although there might be instances where increases would be necessary. In the 18 months since the announcement of this policy, public utility rates in Wisconsin were reduced \$800,000. Due to railroad congestion it has been found necessary to relieve roads of the necessity of hauling some commodities for short distances within the state. Special types of trucking permits were issued to expire six months after the war.

Contracts for public utility service to defense plants and military camps required supervision. Construction of railroad extensions, the first in many years, called for inspection. And certain phases of regulatory procedure affecting dams, railroads, waterways, and utilities had to be continued.

Library Services

The Free Library Commission in its traveling library and study club department found itself affected by the war in two ways. Where an expanded industry created a need for technical information, as in the shipbuilding activities in Superior, Manitowoc, and Sturgeon Bay, books on technical subjects were purchased and supplied largely through local libraries. Where a movement of workers and their families into a totally new location left them without book service, as in the construction of Badger village, deposit collections of books have been supplied.



Checking airplane models made by the boys of a Kohler high school. Over 8,000 of such models have been made in Wisconsin for the Bureau of Aeronautics of the United States Navy.

Education Geared to War Effort

The entire Wisconsin school system has been playing an important part in the national war effort from the earlier days when it was felt that defensive measures were necessary. Teachers and students have been enrolled in community war work as well as carrying on those activities that found a place directly on school properties.

The Department of Public Instruction, in order to assist school administrators in interpreting the war program, worked through many special conferences held about the state. The physical education program planned jointly by the army, navy, and U. S. Office of Education was presented at regional institutes conducted in 28 cities. Con-

sideration was given to pre-induction courses, the high school victory corps, and other activities related to the war effort at these and subsequent meetings.

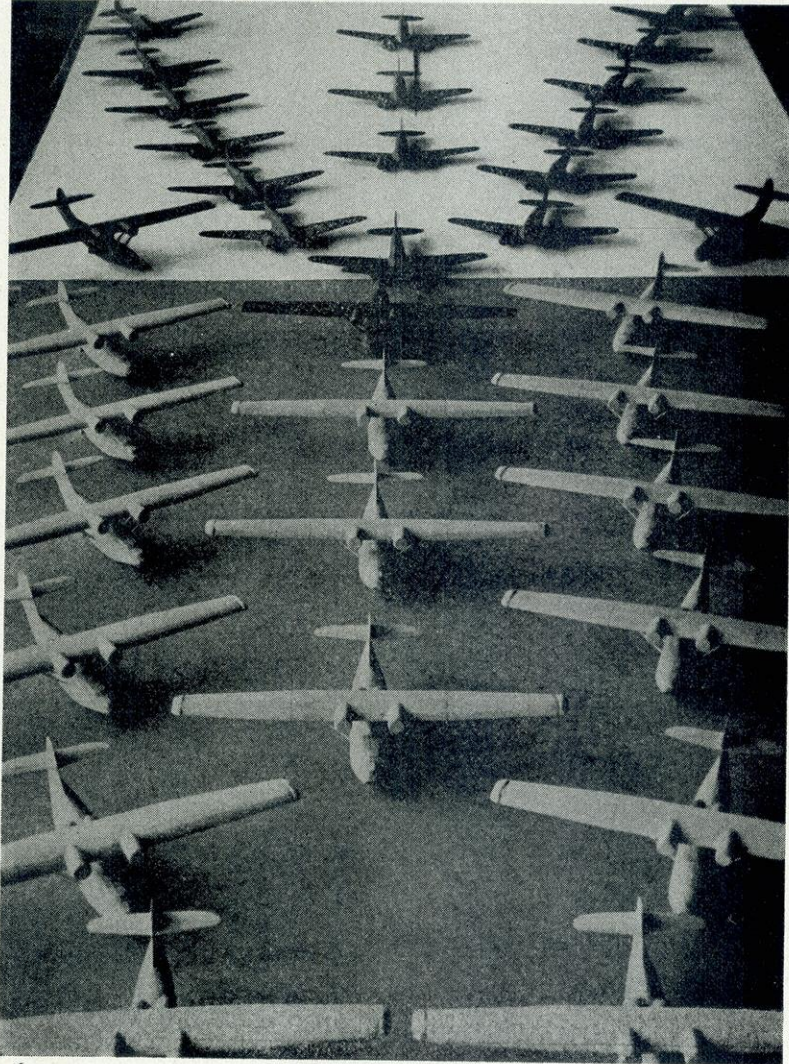
The schools list the teacher shortage as their outstanding problem and every effort is being made to meet this difficulty.



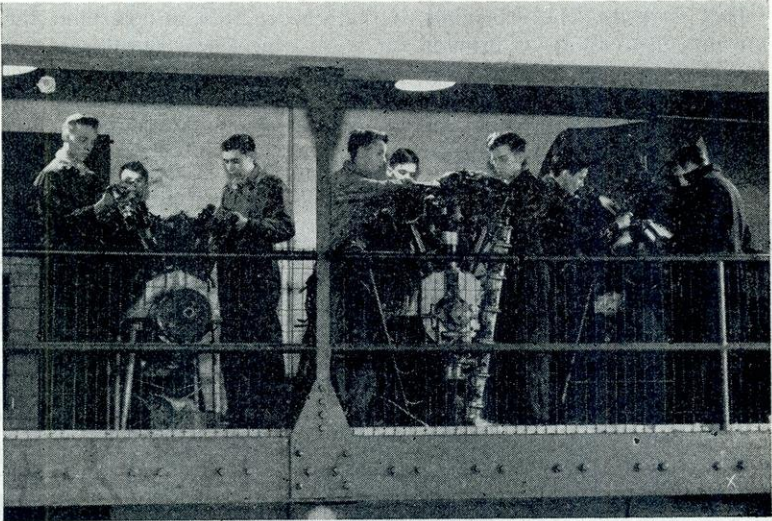
Pyramid building is a part of the physical fitness program for boys in the Kohler schools.

Wisconsin high schools are mobilized in an all-out effort for victory and have converted a proportionate share of their facilities to war purposes. Model aircraft projects, sugar and gasoline rationing, and war stamp and salvage drives are some of the more obvious activities. On March 8, 1943 the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and the chairman of the Industrial Commission issued a joint statement recommending adjusted school hours for working high

school students. The principals of the schools were to determine the amount of credit to be granted for work experience. Enrollments in the public schools have declined but slightly. On the elementary level there is practically no decrease in the state as a whole. The enrollment in the high schools is about five percent less this year than during the 1942-43 school year.

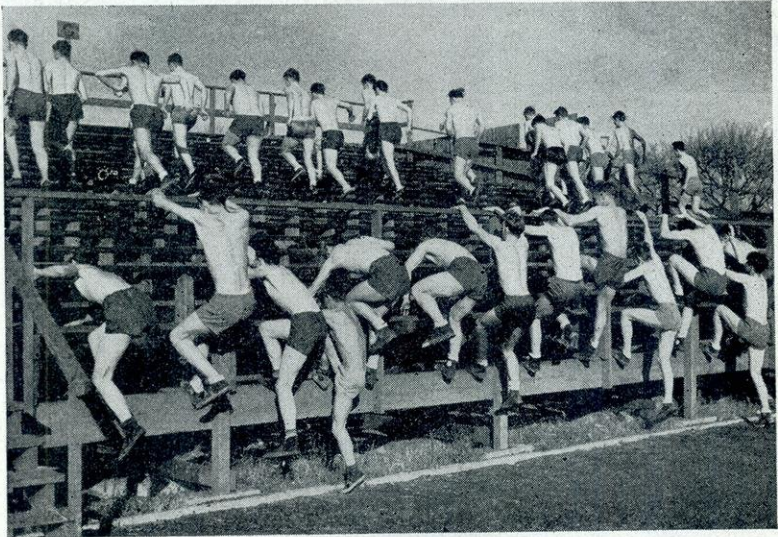


A few of the thousands of scale airplane models made in the Milwaukee schools for instruction purposes for the armed forces.

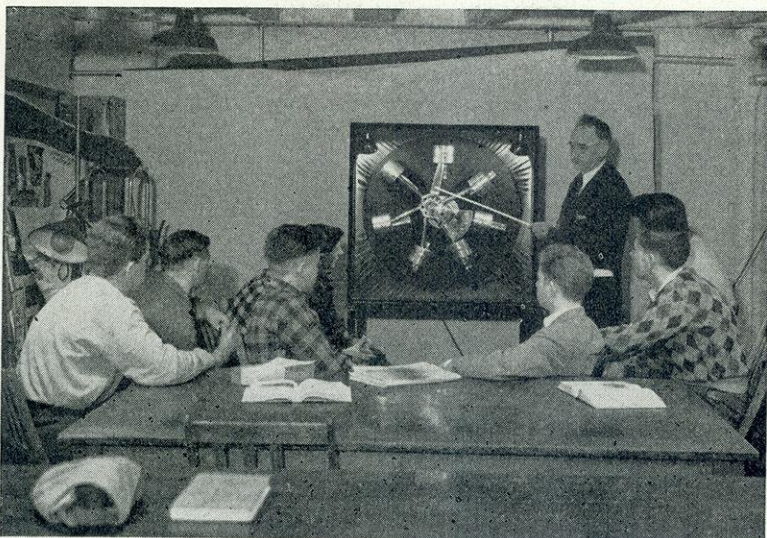


Disassembling obsolete aircraft motors to study at firsthand their relation to the motor of the rotary type in an aeronautics class in a Madison high school.

In response to national recommendations, an extensive physical fitness program for all high school youth has been initiated in the high schools.



The use of stadium bleachers for obstacle racing has proven of great value for the over-all physical development of these youths. This is but a small part of a Green Bay high school physical fitness program.



Explaining the working intricacies of the radial aircraft motor to a class in aeronautics in a Madison high school.



The center model shown above is that of a Boeing Clipper, the one at the left the Nakajima (Japanese), while the one at the right is called the Ugly Duckling. All made in the schools of Milwaukee.

University Program Extensive

The University of Wisconsin was able to put into immediate training several groups of service men and women as soon as the government asked it to do so. Other facilities and numerous faculty members were turned over to war service, much of which cannot be discussed until the end of the war.

A total of more than 80 young men from all walks of life became cooks and bakers for the navy by completing the course of training in the navy cook's and baker's school operated in connection with the university dormitories.



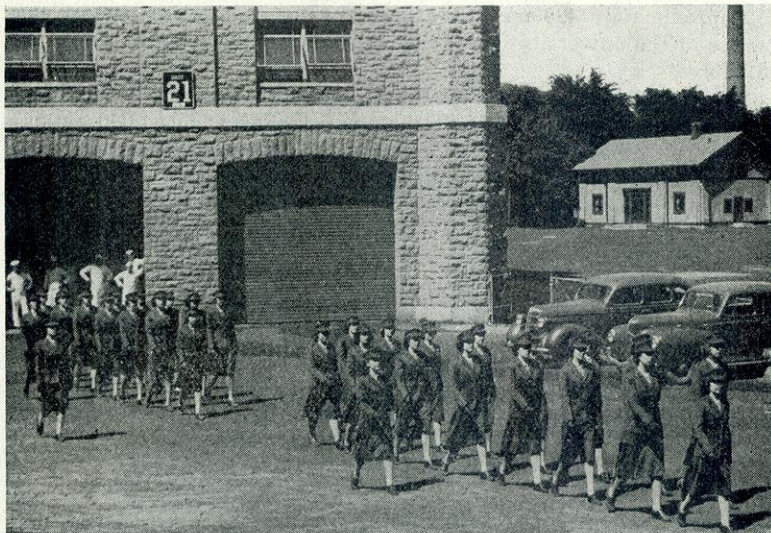
The University of Wisconsin trained cooks and bakers for the navy, giving them practical experience in the university dormitory kitchens as well as lecture courses. Here is shown a group of the bakers in a university kitchen learning how to make bread—an essential item of any sailor's diet.

Approximately 100 navy officers were given highly specialized training in Diesel engineering in the mechanical engineering department.

Under navy supervision, a group of 50 marines were trained as glider pilots.

The university trained for the navy 850 Waves, 100 Spars for the coast guard, and 100 marine auxiliaries. These women were trained in navy radio code and communications.

For the army air forces, the university trained more than 220 men in machine mechanics in the mechanical engineering department, working in three seven-hour shifts daily in order to use the department's facilities to the utmost.



Women marines joined the WAVES and SPARS to study radio code and communications in the navy radio school at the university. In their forest green uniforms with red trimming the marines presented a pleasant sight as they marched snappily along university roads and sidewalks.

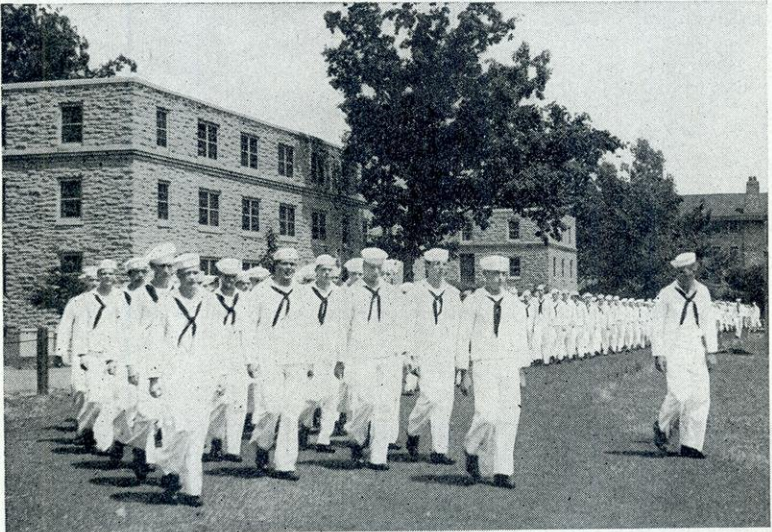


WAVES, that is, women sailors, receive the same training in radio code and communications as do the men at the University of Wisconsin navy radio school. Here are shown WAVES in class receiving coded practice messages through the earphones and transcribing the messages on typewriters.

Approximately 420 men have been trained in the pre-meteorology course at the university, preparing them as weathermen for the army air force.

The Wisconsin campus is the home of a radio code and communications school for the United States Navy, under which 1,000 sailors are being trained continuously for this type of specialized work. The school has graduated approximately 5,000 sailors.

The university is the center of the Armed Forces Institute of Correspondence Work, which is making available to any soldier, sailor, or marine, anywhere in the world, with at least four months service,



Navy V-12 engineers enrolled in the University of Wisconsin in the summer of 1943 as students in the university's regular engineering courses. Shown above is a part of the group in the marching formation which has become so familiar at the university.

a practical means for educational training along with military tasks. Already about 70,000 registrations have been received and the institute is the largest of its kind in the world.

The navy air corps has inducted six units of "Flying Badgers" on the campus and has given more men to naval aviation than any other school in the United States.

Specialized Training

The university's military science department has increased many times its activities since Pearl Harbor. During one winter the department had in training the only ski troop unit to be found at any college or university in the country, a unit made up of more than 150 students. One spring the department trained a "commando" unit of more than 100 men.

A total of 45 new and modified courses of study designed to permit immediate participation in the war effort are being taught. Teaching and training processes have been speeded in order to release students earlier for various jobs that were demanding help.

Through its extension division, the university has given civilian pilot training to more than 600 Wisconsin students. Under the federal engineering, science, and management war training program, more than 500 classes have been organized, enrolling more than 10,000 students.

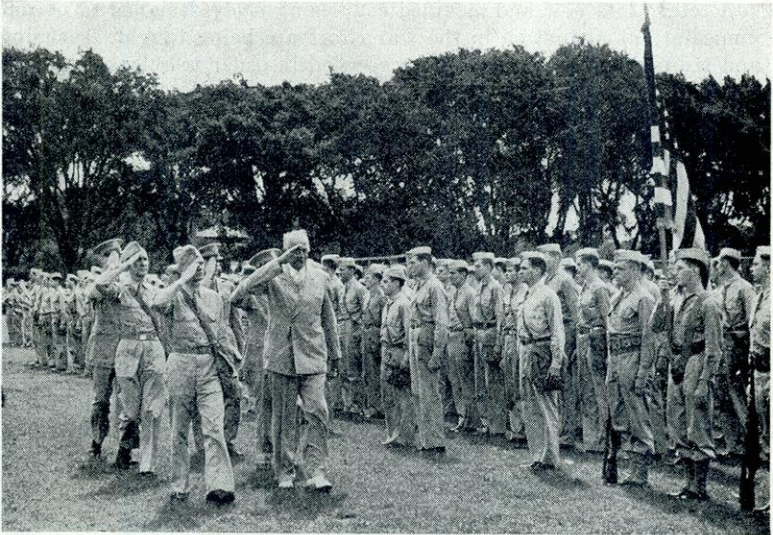
More than 100 of the university's outstanding scientists are lending their special knowledge and training to the solution of scientific problems in the field of national defense.



This shows two ASTP medical students at the University of Wisconsin studying the case history of a patient with a member of the hospital staff. Approximately 100 ASTP students at the university have become "soldiers in white" and are in the medical unit. The men in this unit continue their studies in the university School of Medicine, while remaining under army orders.

The university has been designated as a training center for the army specialized training program and at present about 1,000 soldiers are studying under this arrangement. The university is continually training 140 naval aviation cadets. A total of 450 are studying in the navy V-12 engineering training program. There is a total of 175 men in uniform studying in the university's medical school for the army and navy. Physiotherapy was taught to 16 members of the Women's Auxiliary Corps.

Of the university's total enrollment of about 9,000 during the fall of 1943, a little more than 5,000 were civilian students while about 4,000 were armed forces trainees. In addition to training these men and women, the university also housed and fed them.

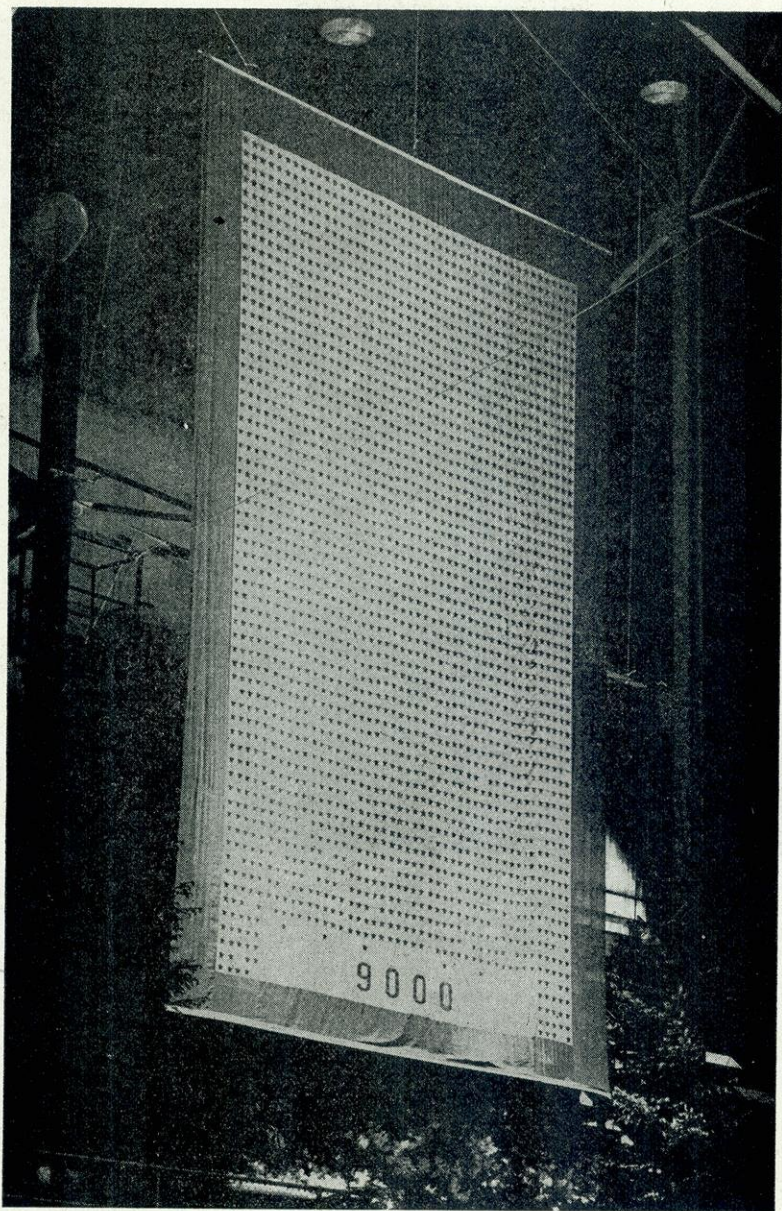


Weekly inspections and reviews are held of ASTP students. Shown here is President C. A. Dykstra of the university reviewing the men of the ASTP at the University of Wisconsin in one of the weekly reviews.

Approximately 100 army officers, ranging in rank from second lieutenant to colonel, are studying civil affairs of foreign countries. Three such groups were trained during 1943-44.



ASTP students receive regular rifle and marksmanship practice and training in addition to their other regular training at the university. Above are shown a number of these students receiving instruction in marksmanship under the direction of army officers in the university armory.



The University of Wisconsin's service flag of World War I, bearing the embroidered stars which honored the university men who served the country in its first great world battle, was removed from storage and hung above the commencement platform in May, 1943, to honor the 9,000 students and alumni in service in the present war. Many hundreds of those whom the flag was honoring would have received their degrees at this commencement ceremony had they been able to continue their studies.

Technical Training

The Institute of Technology at Platteville has adopted a physical training program for all students able to participate, and has instituted a 12-week summer session to permit the completion of the regular three years of work in four semesters and two summer sessions. Special courses have been arranged for those awaiting a call to the armed services. Space and facilities have been allotted to the U. S. Bureau of Mines and the U. S. Geological Survey in their work of developing the zinc deposits of Southwestern Wisconsin. The



In the Rural War Production Training Program one of the courses of major interest is the repair and construction of farm equipment, with a total of 2,235 courses taught so far. This course is open to out-of-school youth and adults.

institute is cooperating with the U. S. Veteran's Administration in supplying instruction to discharged servicemen who have service-connected disability.

Vocational Training

The largest war program of the Wisconsin schools of vocational and adult education is composed of two major phases, that conducted in the cities and known as the program for war production workers, and that carried on in the rural areas known as the food production war training program. The city program has as its primary purpose the training of workers for essential war industries. The rural program calls for instruction in farm mechanics, increased food production, conservation of food, and efficient distribution of food

commodities. Normal education activities of the schools are also directed toward making the utmost contribution to the war effort. Through its program of civilian rehabilitation, many physically handicapped persons have been prepared to serve in war work.

The administration of the food production training program has been accomplished through the combined efforts of federal, state, and local agencies. The federal government allocated funds of \$772,363.73 for the period beginning January 1, 1941 and ending June 30, 1943.

During the period from July 1940 to July 1943 a total of 107,463 persons received training to fit them for war plant services. A total



Vocational training in shaper operation offered in the War Production Training Program in the Eau Claire schools. Specialized machine shop training is provided for specific types of work under emergency conditions. No attempt is made to give general machine shop training but emphasis is placed on a particular operation.

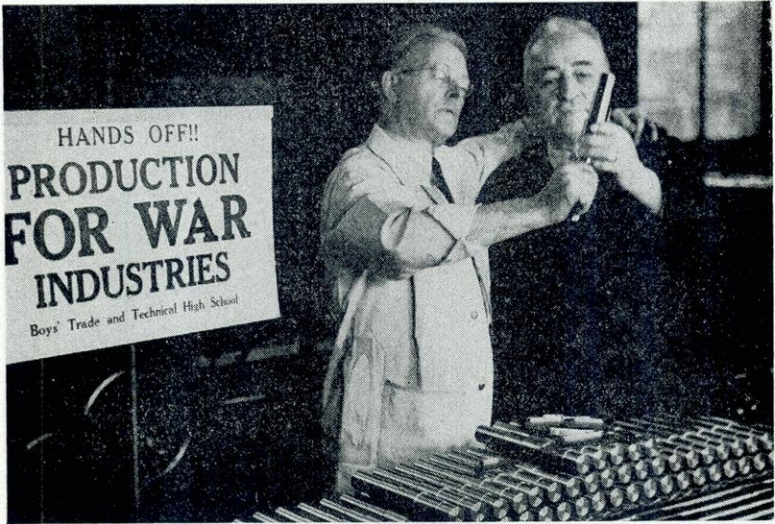
expenditure of \$4,394,985.71 was made from federal funds during this period on these courses. In addition, \$736,087.97 was made available to the state to purchase equipment for the schools of vocational and adult education. Funds were also made available in January 1941 for NYA youth training courses. During its operation \$346,963.67 was spent in the state. Signal corps schools were conducted at Ashland, Milwaukee, and Janesville.

Stout Institute Activities

Stout Institute participated in the navy V-5 flight training program. The men in this training were housed in Tower Hall, one of the residence halls operated by the institute. Ground instruction was

carried on in the Stout Institute shops and laboratories, and flight instruction at the Menomonie airport. Men in this training program took an eight weeks course. As fast as one group was trained another group followed.

Training programs were set up for the men in the various reserves. The large majority of the men in attendance at Stout Institute were members of reserve corps. The institute cooperated with the Menomonie School of Vocational and Adult Education in the war production training program and at times the shops were on a 24-hour



Students in vocational and adult education schools are trained in precision work technique by the use of a master gauge, the same as in industry.

basis. During the fall of 1943, the institute began receiving men from the armed services for rehabilitation training.

Stout, like other educational institutions, furnished technically trained personnel to the armed services and to war industry while participating generally in civilian war work.

Teacher College Training Program

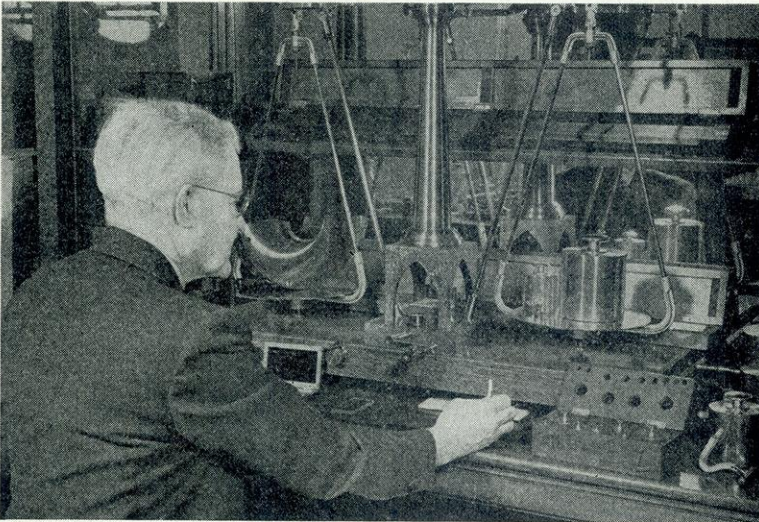
The nine state teachers colleges have been devoting their facilities to general war activities and specialized training.

The Whitewater college, through its civil pilot training program, has prepared 50 students, 25 of whom have gone directly into service. Many of its students have been enrolled in pre-induction and enlistment courses.

At the Oshkosh college, 65 men enrolled in the different army, navy, and marine corps plans. With college cooperation 200 men have

been trained as pilots. Since April 1, approximately 400 trainees have been quartered at the college. The school schedule was stepped up so that a student may complete a full four-year course in three years.

The Platteville college offered seven special war courses. Approximately 215 were trained for positions in industry and an extensive program for reserves for the army, navy, and marines was carried out. A total of 75 students is enrolled in war emergency courses. The 1943 summer session was extended to 11 weeks.



This shows the state's master scale. The device on the left-hand side of the pan is one-half of a ring weight used in the manufacture of fighter airplanes; the weights on the right-hand pan are the gold-plated state standards. A scale similar to this one has been installed in a manufacturing plant and is being used almost constantly in the weighing of thousands of these ring weights.

Before the present aviation training program was put into effect, the La Crosse college carried six different units of trainees. Classes were organized in radio, engineering mathematics, and electronics. There also has been first aid classes by college instructors and a physical fitness program.

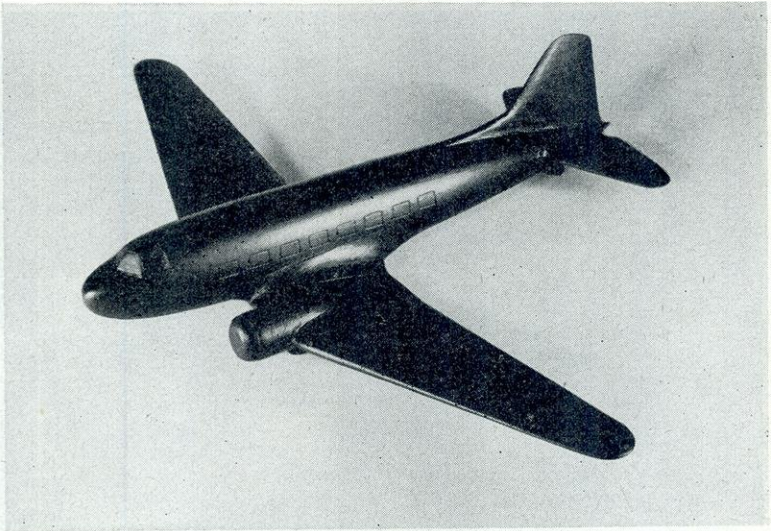
Hour Classes

The largest single activity of the Milwaukee college has been the maintenance of the AAF detachment with the enrollment of 200 men. Extra-hour classes were provided to meet the teacher shortage with an enrollment of about 140. Special housing provisions were found necessary to provide for 40 girl students. Courses in military map-making, meteorology, electronics, and mathematics were provided to prepare for entry into the armed services.

The Stevens Point college also presented an accelerated course in teacher training and handled 350 trainees and special services were set up for cadets. A number of courses have been conducted for training of pilots and for other services of the armed forces.

The River Falls college offered 19 courses especially designed to help in the war effort. During 1942-43 there were 61 enrolled in the army reserve and 72 in the naval reserve.

A year before Pearl Harbor the Eau Claire college set up faculty committees to stimulate war work. New subjects were added to meet



A fine example of a completed model DC-3 bomber, one of hundreds made in a Milwaukee high school.

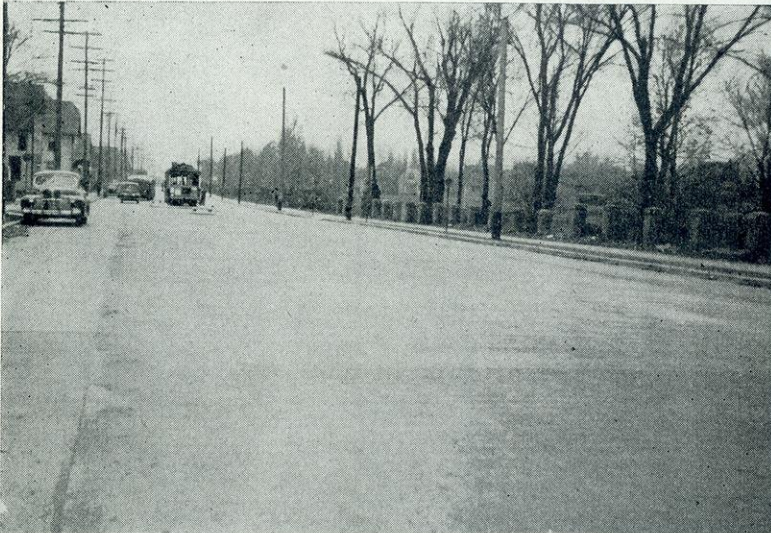
the war need and at one time there were 82 men enrolled in courses to prepare for officers training. Regular classes were instituted in military drill and physical conditioning. Approximately 40 percent of the facilities of the college have been used by the army air corps training program with 300 cadets.

The Superior college enrolled 150 students in the various reserves of the armed services and carried on a civilian pilot training program. The college turned over to the U. S. Army Air Force a portion of its plant and faculty for the operation of a training department.

COUNTIES ACTIVE IN WAR EFFORT

Every one of Wisconsin's 71 counties felt a heavy impact of the war effort. Local industries were converted to the making of war goods and production was stepped up, meaning an influx of new people in many areas.

County government naturally adapted itself to the new conditions and became the center of local efforts made necessary by the wartime situations. As elsewhere, county government confined its customary functions to necessary maintenance, and looked forward to the days of peace for a resumption of capital investments. As the war progressed there was increasing thought of postwar planning to dovetail into broader plans that may be evolved in the state and nation. Many counties set aside special funds for such plans, including such investments as war bonds.



Highway 62 between Cudahy and Milwaukee reconstructed for improved access to defense industries.

At this writing Rock County found itself with a bonded indebtedness of only \$75,000 and a bond investment of \$150,000 while it carried on its schedule of emphasis on special war needs.

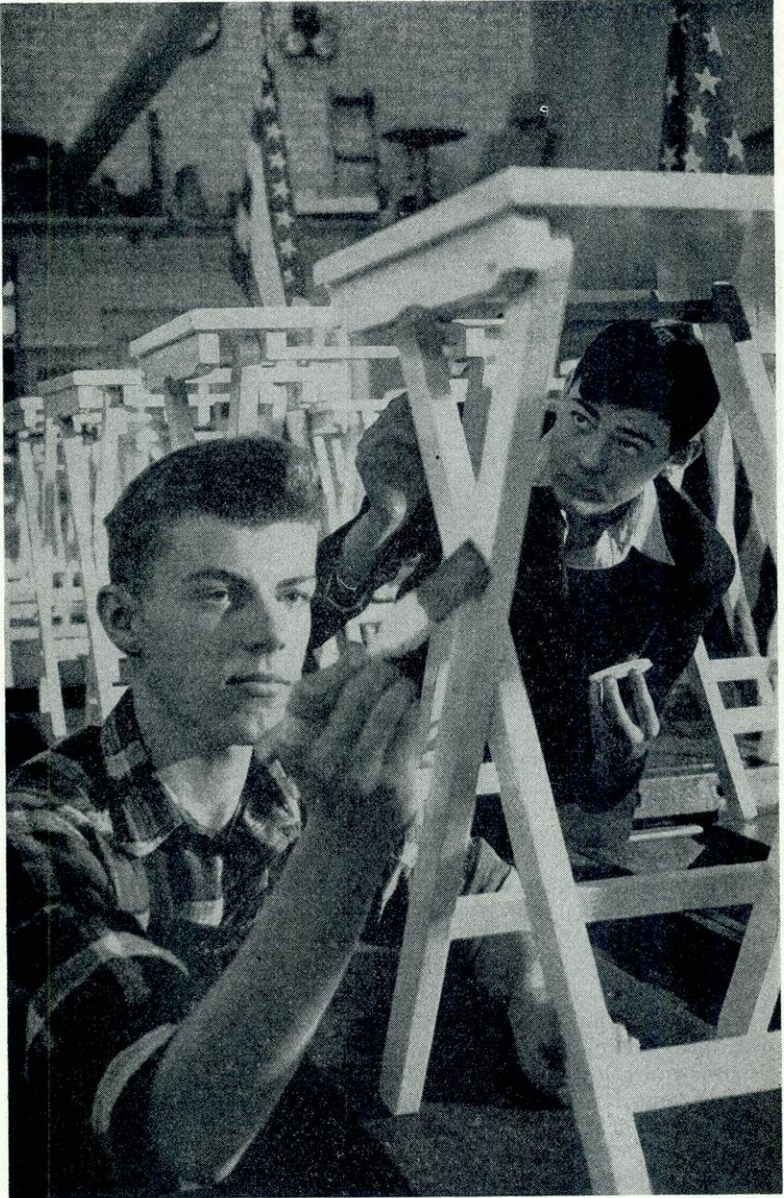
Marathon County was pleased over its successes in war loan and scrap drives and its \$300,000 invested in war bonds.

Like other counties, Buffalo County officers showed chief concern over the functioning of county Red Cross, ration boards, civilian defense, and selective service.

Aside from its war bond purchases, plans in Calumet County call for a budgeted \$10,000 for postwar construction.

Jefferson County built a control center in the court house which it believes is one of the best in the state and set up a planning committee to work out a definite postwar program.

Outagamie County extended the usual county cooperation to the federal government and also had about 30 percent of its labor in war industries.



Finishing bedside tables for the Red Cross. A production project in the Milwaukee schools.

Juneau County arranged to give 24-hour radio service through the sheriff's department to the federal government whenever needed. It found its county service office work increasing in the handling of claims and benefits of disabled and discharged service men.

Wood County officers felt the need of postwar planning and a cash surplus is being built up to meet future needs.

Ashland County made provisions for every possible eventuality and registered 5,000 of its citizens for civilian defense within a few days after Pearl Harbor.

Marinette County found that a local shipyard had a contract for the building of government barges but was unable to get the necessary lumber. A survey of county-owned timber was made and the yard was supplied with the local material.

Without debt, with \$100,000 invested in war bonds, and with a planning board laying out a program for the postwar period, Barron County is facing the future with confidence.

In addition to the usual war activities, Bayfield County raised \$2,500 to provide gifts for service men and to provide breakfasts for boys leaving for service.

La Crosse County estimated that with its own postwar plans, those of the city of La Crosse, and of private business, a total of \$4,613,440 will be spent on various programs after the close of the war.

Like other counties, Dunn County financed a council of civilian defense, maintaining an office and emergency telephone service.

Sheboygan County maintained a civilian defense organization that could be mobilized within a few minutes to meet emergencies. Employees of the highway department spent 7,931 man hours in helping to pack needed food, and county equipment was used to haul crops.

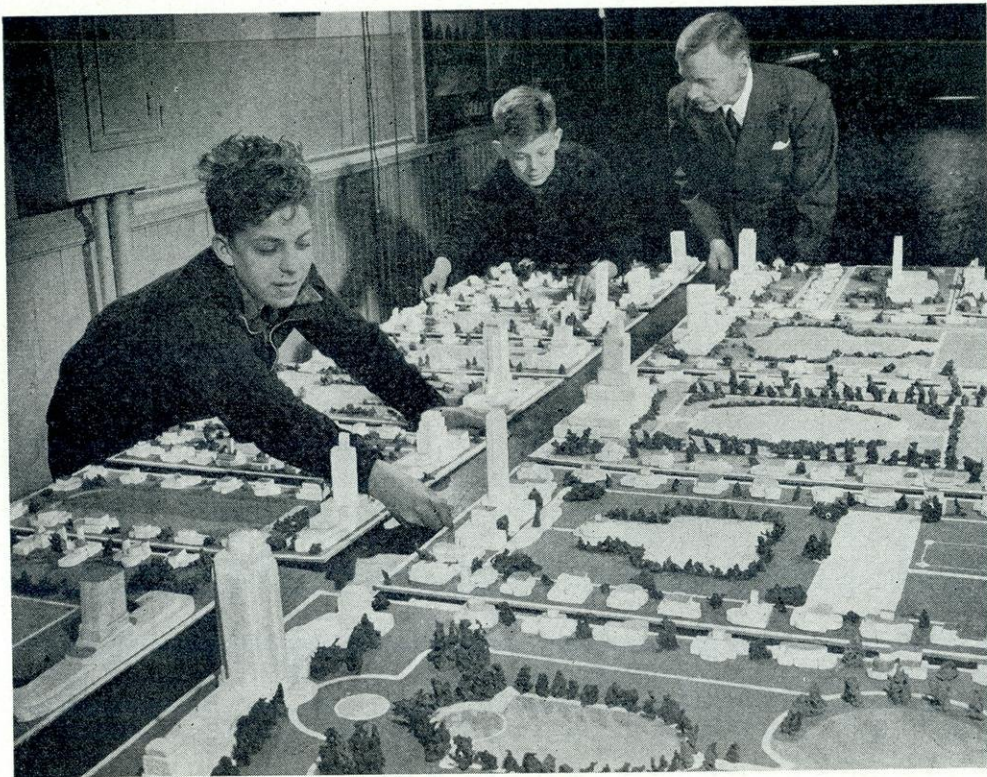
Wherever possible Walworth County departments lent their aid to the war effort, including the sheriff's department, the Walworth county hospital, the county nurse, the highway department, and the public welfare department.

Chippewa County, besides other current activities, had a postwar planning committee in operation.

EFFECT OF WAR ON CITIES AND VILLAGES

The effect of the war on cities and villages has been similar to that on other units of government. Governmental units first felt the call of the national defense program and then came the heavier impact of war demands.

City and village personnel was lost to the armed forces and to war industries and replacement has been an increasing problem. New construction work and the purchase of equipment has been curtailed or discontinued. Savings which resulted from such curtailment have to a great extent been offset by the increased cost of purchases and the cost-of-living salary increases.



A splendid scale model of a postwar community planning project made in a Milwaukee elementary school.

Cities and villages generally have been preparing for the postwar period. They have been formulating long-range programs of municipal improvements to be undertaken when present restrictions are lifted. Municipal reserves are being set up, largely invested in war bonds, to finance projects undertaken after the war. The postwar plans are aimed to provide employment and reduce relief costs during the change-over from war production to peacetime activities.

With the coming of war, cities and villages throughout the state proceeded under their general powers to enact ordinances granting to mayors and village presidents the power to promulgate regulations required because of the war emergency. These regulations related to blackouts, air raids, emergency health, safety, etc. In the organization of civilian defense activities, municipal officials were given major responsibilities.

Many Wisconsin cities and villages were particularly affected by specific war developments. An outstanding illustration of this is the effect of the Badger Ordnance plant upon the surrounding municipalities. Late in 1941, the cities and villages in the Baraboo area created a steering committee to represent them in preparing for the impact of the new powder plant. As a result most of the cities and villages in the Baraboo area enacted ordinances to regulate trailers. The state Board of Health later provided minimum state-wide regulations. A byproduct of the developments in the Baraboo area was the rapid enactment of zoning ordinances by cities and villages.

The influx of large numbers of troops in the Camp McCoy area also created serious problems for the cities and villages in that section. These were primarily police problems.

It was also necessary that municipalities aid in providing recreation facilities and many municipalities have taken steps in this direction. At Tomah, for example, the city donated to the federal government the site of the existing city hall for use in building a USO center. In Madison, the city purchased a building for this purpose.

Many municipalities were seriously affected by the rapid expansion of war industries. This was particularly true of **Manitowoc**, Sturgeon Bay, Beloit, and other communities. In addition to the usual problem of trailers, policing, health, and sanitation, it was found necessary in many instances to provide new facilities, such as sewer and water extensions and additional school services.

Many municipal officials are concerned with the postwar problem caused by individuals employed in war industries who have acquired legal residence in the locality. This may present a serious financial liability when such employment terminates.



The engine lathe is becoming as mighty as the sword. Some war production work in a high school in Milwaukee.



One of the courses of major interest in the Rural War Production Training Program is truck and tractor repair and maintenance, which is open to out-of-school youth and adults.

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The State Government

WISCONSIN CONSTITUTION

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PREAMBLE

WE, THE people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquility and promote the general welfare, do establish this constitution.

ARTICLE I

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS

Equality; inherent rights. SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Slavery prohibited. SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery, nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

Free speech; libel. SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence, and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

Right to assemble and petition. SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble, to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

Trial by jury. SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, and shall extend to all cases at law without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases in the manner prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the legislature may, from time to time, by statute provide that a valid verdict, in civil cases, may be based on the votes of a specified number of the jury, not less than five-sixths thereof.

Excessive bail; cruel punishments. SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Rights of accused. SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment, or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offense shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

Prosecutions; second jeopardy; self-incrimination; bail; habeas corpus. SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

Remedy for wrongs. SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

Treason. SECTION 10. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Searches and seizures. SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

Attainder; ex post facto; contracts. SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

Private property for public use. SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use without just compensation therefor.

Feudal tenures; leases; alienation. SECTION 14. All lands within the state are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land for a longer term than fifteen years in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation reserved in any grant of land, hereafter made, are declared to be void.

Equal property rights for aliens and citizens. SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment or descent of property.

Imprisonment for debt. SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt arising out of or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

Exemption of property of debtors. SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted.

Freedom of worship; liberty of conscience; state religion; public funds. SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience shall never be infringed; nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry, against his consent; nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments or modes of worship; nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious or theological seminaries.

Religious test prohibited. SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office of public trust under the state, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

Military subordinate to civil power. SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Writs of error. SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

Maintenance of free government. SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II

BOUNDARIES

State boundary. SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared that the state of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of congress entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin

territory to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the state of Illinois—that is to say, at a point in the center of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the state of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last-mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule, in a direct line to the center of the channel between Middle and South Islands in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the headwaters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cram; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the center of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the River St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the center of the main channel of that river to the northwest corner of the state of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the state of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "An act to enable the people of the Illinois territory to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the Union on an equal footing with the original states," approved April 18, 1818.

Enabling act accepted. SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this state shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land the property of the United States; and in no case shall nonresident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. Provided, that nothing in this constitution, or in the act of congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice or affect the right of the state of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said state, and to be hereafter selected and located by and under the act of congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III

SUFFRAGE

Electors. SECTION 1. Every person, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote such time as may be prescribed by the legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

1. Citizens of the United States.
2. Persons of Indian blood, who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
3. The legislature may at any time extend, by law, the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast on that question at such election; and provided further, that the legislature may provide for the registration of electors, and prescribed proper rules and regulations therefor.

Who not electors. SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non compos mentis or insane shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights.

Votes to be by ballot. SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot except for such township officers as may by law be directed or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

Residence not lost. SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this state by reason of his absence on business of the United States or of this state.

Soldiers not residents. SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this state in consequence of being stationed within the same.

Exclusion from suffrage. SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make or become directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV

LEGISLATIVE

Legislative power. SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and assembly.

Legislature, how constituted. SECTION 2. The number of the members of the assembly shall never be less than fifty-four nor more than one hundred. The senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third nor less than one-fourth of the number of the members of the assembly.

Apportionment. SECTION 3. At their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the senate and assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, soldiers, and officers of the United States army and navy.

Assemblymen, how chosen. SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts, such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory and be in as compact form as practicable.

Senators, how chosen. SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen; and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The senators elected or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

Qualifications of legislators. SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the legislature who shall not have resided one year within the state, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

Organization of legislature; compulsory attendance. SECTION 7. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Rules; contempts; expulsion. SECTION 8. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

Officers. SECTION 9. Each house shall choose its own officers, and the senate shall choose a temporary president when the lieutenant governor shall not attend as president or shall act as governor.

Journals; open doors; adjournments. SECTION 10. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall, without consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

Meeting of legislature. SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years, and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

Ineligibility to office. SECTION 12. No member of the legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the state, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

Ineligibility of federal officers. SECTION 13. No person being a member of congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the legislature; and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the legislature, be elected to congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

Filling vacancies. SECTION 14. The governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the legislature.

Exemption from arrest. SECTION 15. Members of the legislature shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process during the session of the legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

Privilege in debate. SECTION 16. No member of the legislature shall be liable in any civil action, or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

Style of law; bills. SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the state shall be "The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

Title of private bills. SECTION 18. No private or local bill which may be passed by the legislature shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

Origin of bills. SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either house of the legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

Yeas and nays. SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Powers of county boards. SECTION 22. The legislature may confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the state such powers of a local, legislative and administrative character as they shall from time to time prescribe.

Uniform town and county government. SECTION 23. The legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

Lotteries and divorces. SECTION 24. The legislature shall never authorize any lottery, or grant any divorce.

Stationery and printing. SECTION 25. The legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the state, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the state, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the legislature may establish a maximum price, no member of the legislature or other state officer shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

Extra compensation; salary change. SECTION 26. The legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered or the contract entered into; nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

Suits against state. SECTION 27. The legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts suits may be brought against the state.

Oath of office. SECTION 28. Members of the legislature and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

Militia. SECTION 29. The legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the state, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Elections by legislature. SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the legislature the members thereof shall vote viva voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

Special legislation prohibited. SECTION 31. The legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir at law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways, except in cases of state roads extending into more than one county, and military roads to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by congress. 3rd. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for the collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

General laws on enumerated subjects. SECTION 32. The legislature shall provide general laws for the transaction of any business that may be prohibited by section thirty-one of this article, and all such laws shall be uniform in their operation throughout the state.

ARTICLE V

EXECUTIVE

Governor, lieutenant governor; term. SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for two years; a lieutenant governor shall be elected at the same time and for the same term.

Eligibility. SECTION 2. No person except a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the state shall be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor.

Election. SECTION 3. The governor and lieutenant governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the state at the times and places of

choosing members of the legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for governor and lieutenant governor shall be elected; but in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for governor or lieutenant governor, the two houses of the legislature, at its next annual [biennial] session shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for governor or lieutenant governor. The returns of election for governor and lieutenant governor shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

Powers and duties. SECTION 4. The governor shall be commander in chief of the military and naval forces of the state. He shall have power to convene the legislature on extraordinary occasions, and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the state. He shall communicate to the legislature, at every session, the condition of the state, and recommend such matters to them for their consideration as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Pardoning power. SECTION 6. The governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislature at its next meeting, when the legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually [biennially] communicate to the legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

Lieutenant governor, when governor. SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation or absence from the state, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the lieutenant governor for the residue of the term or until the governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the governor shall, with the consent of the legislature, be out of the state in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue commander in chief of the military force of the state.

Lieutenant governor president of senate; when secretary of state to be governor. SECTION 8. The lieutenant governor shall be president of the senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of governor, the lieutenant governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the state, the secretary of state shall act as governor until the vacancy shall be filled or the disability shall cease.

Governor to approve or veto bills; proceedings on veto. SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. Appropriation bills may be approved in whole or in part by the governor, and the part approved shall become law, and the part objected to shall be returned in the same manner as provided for other bills. If, after such reconsideration, two-

thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, or the part of the bill objected to, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill or the part of the bill objected to, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law unless the legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI

ADMINISTRATIVE

Election of secretary, treasurer and attorney-general; term. SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state, at the times and places of choosing the members of the legislature, a secretary of state, treasurer and attorney-general, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

Secretary of state; duties; compensation. SECTION 2. The secretary of state shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the legislature and executive department of the state, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the legislature. He shall be ex officio auditor, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services yearly such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

Treasurer; attorney-general. SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the treasurer and attorney-general shall be prescribed by law.

County officers; election; terms; removal; vacancies. SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and shall not serve more than two terms or parts thereof in succession; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment, and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII

JUDICIARY

Impeachment; trial. SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the senate. The assembly shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this state for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the governor, the lieutenant governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office, after he shall have been impeached, until his acquittal. Before the trial of an impeachment the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend

further than to removal from office or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the state; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

Judicial power, where vested. SECTION 2. The judicial power of this state, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, courts of probate, and in justices of the peace. The legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in municipal courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. Provided, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in municipal courts shall not exceed in their respective municipalities that of circuit courts in their respective circuits as prescribed in this constitution; and that the legislature shall provide as well for the election of judges of the municipal courts as of the judges of inferior courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the judges of the circuit courts.

Supreme court, jurisdiction. SECTION 3. The supreme court, except in cases otherwise provided in this constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be coextensive with the state; but in no case removed to the supreme court shall a trial by jury be allowed. The supreme court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

Supreme court justices; term; election; quorum. SECTION 1. [4]. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as the justices of said court, with the same terms of office of ten years respectively as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of seven justices, any four of whom shall be a quorum, to be elected as now provided, not more than one each year. The justice having been longest a continuous member of said court, or in case two or more such senior justices shall have served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires shall be ex officio, the chief justice.

Judicial circuits. SECTION 5. The state shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The first circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green; the second circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane; the third circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage; the fourth circuit, the counties [of] Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet; and the fifth circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, Lafayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided by the legislature.

Alteration of circuits. SECTION 6. The legislature may alter the limits or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines; but no such alteration or increase shall be the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the circuit court.

Circuit judges; number; election; eligibility; term; salary. SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof one circuit judge, except that in any circuit in which there is a county that had a population in excess of eighty-five thousand, according to the last state or United States census, the legislature may, from time to time, authorize additional circuit judges to be chosen. Every circuit

judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the legislature shall prescribe.

Circuit court, jurisdiction. SECTION 8. The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal within this state, not excepted in this constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law; and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgment and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

Vacancies, how filled. SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of judge of the supreme or circuit courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for state or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

Compensation and qualifications of judges. SECTION 10. Each of the judges of the supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable at such time as the legislature shall fix, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salary; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

Terms of courts; change of judges. SECTION 11. The supreme court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the state, at such time as shall be provided by law. And the legislature may provide for holding other terms and at other places when they may deem it necessary. A circuit court shall be held at least twice in each year in each county of this state organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

Clerks of circuit and supreme courts. SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy, the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk, and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

Removal of judges. SECTION 13. Any judge of the supreme or circuit court may be removed from office by address of both houses of the legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him, as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defense. On the question of removal the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

Judges of probate. SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a judge of probate, who shall hold his office for two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the legislature shall have power to abolish the

office of judge of probate in any county, and to confer probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

Justices of the peace. SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns at their annual town meeting, and the electors of cities and villages at their charter elections, shall, in such manner as the legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices thus elected shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

Tribunals of conciliation. SECTION 16. The legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment or assent thereto in writing.

Style of writs; indictments. SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be "The state of Wisconsin;" all criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same, and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the state.

Suit tax. SECTION 18. The legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of judges.

Testimony in equity suits. SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law, and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

Rights of suitors. SECTION 20. Any suitor, in any court of this state, shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person, or by an attorney or agent of his choice.

Publication of laws and decisions. SECTION 21. The legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions, made within the state, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

Commissioners to revise code of practice. SECTION 22. The legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system adapted to the courts of record of this state, and report the same to the legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

Court commissioners. SECTION 23. The legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, that said power shall not exceed that of a judge of a circuit court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII

FINANCE

Rule of taxation uniform; income privilege and occupation taxes. SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform but the legislature may empower cities, villages or towns to collect and return taxes on real estate located therein by optional methods. Taxes shall be levied upon such property with such classifications as to forests and minerals including or separate or severed from the land, as the legislature shall prescribe. Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupa-

tions, which taxes may be graduated and progressive, and reasonable exemptions may be provided.

Appropriations; limitation. SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the state except claims of the United States and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

Credit of state. SECTION 3. The credit of the state shall never be given, or loaned, in aid of any individual, association or corporation.

Contracting state debts. SECTION 4. The state shall never contract any public debt except in the cases and manner herein provided.

Annual tax to equal expenses. SECTION 5. The legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the state for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

Public debt for extraordinary expense; taxation. SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures the state may contract public debts (but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars). Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

Public debt for public defense. SECTION 7. The legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the state in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

Vote on fiscal bills; quorum. SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the legislature of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the state, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

Evidences of public debt. SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of state debt whatsoever, shall be issued except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this article.

Internal improvements. SECTION 10. The state shall never contract any debt for works of internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works; but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the state, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of internal improvement, the state may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion. Provided, that the state may appropriate money in the treasury or to be thereafter raised by taxation for the construction or improvement of public highways. Provided, that the state may appropriate moneys for the purpose of acquiring, preserving and developing the forests of the state; but there shall not be appropriated under the

authority of this section in any one year an amount to exceed two-tenths of one mill of the taxable property of the state as determined by the last preceding state assessment.

ARTICLE IX

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE

Jurisdiction on rivers and lakes; navigable waters. SECTION 1. The state shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this state so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the state and any other state or territory now or hereafter to be formed, and bounded by the same; and the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the state as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost or duty therefor.

Territorial property. SECTION 2. The title to all lands and other property which have accrued to the territory of Wisconsin by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat or otherwise shall vest in the state of Wisconsin.

Ultimate property in lands; escheats. SECTION 3. The people of the state, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the state; and all lands the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X

EDUCATION

Superintendent of public instruction. SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a state superintendent and such other officers as the legislature shall direct; and their qualifications, powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. The state superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state at the same time and in the same manner as members of the supreme court, and shall hold his office for four years from the succeeding first Monday in July. The state superintendent chosen at the general election in November, 1902, shall hold and continue in his office until the first Monday in July, 1905, and his successor shall be chosen at the time of the judicial election in April, 1905. The term of office, time and manner of electing or appointing all other officers of supervision of public instruction shall be fixed by law.

School fund created; income applied. SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this state for educational purpose (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a university), and all moneys and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the state by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the state where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the state is entitled by the provisions of an act of congress, entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the state shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned), shall be set apart as a separate fund to be called "the school fund," the interest of which and all other revenues derived from the school lands shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to wit:

1. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

2. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

District schools; tuition; sectarian instruction. SECTION 3. The legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of district schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable; and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition to all children between the ages of four and twenty years; and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

Annual school tax. SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes from the income of the school fund.

Income of school fund. SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the state for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city or town for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax; nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

State university; support. SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a state university at or near the seat of state government, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the state as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the state for the support of a university shall be and remain a perpetual fund to be called "the university fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the state university, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed to such university.

Land commissioners. SECTION 7. The secretary of state, treasurer and attorney-general shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of the school and university lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

Lands, how sold; payment. SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all school and university lands after they shall have been appraised; and when any portion of such lands shall be sold and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the treasurer. The commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other university and school funds, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI

CORPORATIONS

Corporations, how formed. SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts

enacted under the provisions of this section may be altered or repealed by the legislature at any time after their passage.

Property taken by municipality. SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use, against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

Municipal home rule; debt limit; tax to pay debt. SECTION 3. Cities and villages organized pursuant to state law are hereby empowered, to determine their local affairs and government, subject only to this constitution and to such enactments of the legislature of statewide concern as shall with uniformity affect every city or every village. The method of such determination shall be prescribed by the legislature. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same; except that when such indebtedness is incurred in the acquisition of lands by cities, or by counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or over, for public, municipal purposes, or for the permanent improvement thereof, the city or county incurring the same shall, before or at the time of so doing, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within a period not exceeding fifty years from time of contracting the same. Providing, that an indebtedness created for the purpose of purchasing, acquiring, leasing, constructing, extending, adding to, improving, conducting, controlling, operating or managing a public utility of a town, village or city, and secured solely by the property or income of such public utility, and whereby no municipal liability is created, shall not be considered an indebtedness of such town, village or city, and shall not be included in arriving at such five per centum debt limitation.

Acquisition of lands by state and cities. SECTION 3a. The state or any of its cities may acquire by gift, purchase, or condemnation lands for establishing, laying out, widening, enlarging, extending, and maintaining memorial grounds, streets, squares, parkways, boulevards, parks, playgrounds, sites for public buildings, and reservations in and about and along and leading to any or all of the same; and after the establishment, layout, and completion of such improvements, may convey any such real estate thus acquired and not necessary for such improvements, with reservations concerning the future use and occupation of such real estate, so as to protect such public works and improvements, and their environs, and to preserve the view, appearance, light, air, and usefulness of such public works.

General banking law. SECTION 4. The legislature shall have power to enact a general banking law for the creation of banks, and for the regulation and supervision of the banking business, provided that the vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, be in favor of the passage of such law.

ARTICLE XII

AMENDMENTS

Constitutional amendment. SECTION 1. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in either house of the legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected

to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election; and if, in the legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people in such manner and at such time as the legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the constitution; provided, that if more than one amendment be submitted they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

Constitutional conventions. SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the senate and assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the legislature. And if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon have voted for a convention, the legislature shall, at its next session, provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Political year; elections. SECTION 1. The political year for the state of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such offices respectively until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

Dueling. SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this state who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the constitution and laws of this state, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Eligibility to office. SECTION 3. No member of congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (post-masters excepted) or under any foreign power, no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States, and no person being a defaulter to the United States or to this state, or to any county or town therein, or to any state or territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit or honor in this state.

Great seal. SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the legislature to provide a great seal for the state, which shall be kept by the secretary of state, and all official acts of the governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

Residents on Indian lands, where may vote. SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands, within any county of the state, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence, for state, United States or county officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

Legislative officers. SECTION 6. The elective officers of the legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a chief clerk and a sergeant at arms, to be elected by each house.

Division of counties. SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles or less shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

County seats removed. SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

Election or appointment of statutory officers. SECTION 9. All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this constitution shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors or other county authorities, as the legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this constitution shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof as the legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people or appointed, as the legislature may direct.

Vacancies in offices. SECTION 10. The legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in this constitution.

Passes, franks and privileges. SECTION 11. No person, association, co-partnership, or corporation, shall promise, offer, or give, for any purpose, to any political committee, or any member or employe thereof, to any candidate for, or incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality, of this state, or to any person at the request or for the advantage of all or any of them, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property, or the transmission of any message or communication.

No political committee, and no member or employe thereof, no candidate for and no incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality of this state, shall ask for, or accept, from any person, association, co-partnership, or corporation, or use, in any manner, or for any purpose, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property, or the transmission of any message or communication.

Any violation of any of the above provisions shall be bribery and punished as provided by law, and if any officer or any member of the legislature be guilty thereof, his office shall become vacant.

No person within the purview of this act shall be privileged from testifying in relation to anything therein prohibited; and no person having so testified shall be liable to any prosecution or punishment for any offense concerning which he was required to give his testimony or produce any documentary evidence.

Notaries public and regular employes of a railroad or other public utilities who are candidates for or hold public offices for which the annual compensation is not more than three hundred dollars to whom no passes or privileges are extended beyond those which are extended to other regular employes of such corporations are excepted from the provisions of this section.

Recall of elective officers. SECTION 12. The qualified electors of the state or of any county or of any congressional, judicial or legislative district may petition for the recall of any elective officer after the first year of the term for which he was elected, by filing a petition with the officer with whom the petition for nomination to such office in the

primary election is filed, demanding the recall of such officer. Such petition shall be signed by electors equal in number to at least twenty-five per cent of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last preceding election, in the state, county or district from which such officer is to be recalled. The officer with whom such petition is filed shall call a special election to be held not less than forty nor more than forty-five days from the filing of such petition. The officer against whom such petition has been filed shall continue to perform the duties of his office until the result of such special election shall have been officially declared. Other candidates for such office may be nominated in the manner as is provided by law in primary elections. The candidate who shall receive the highest number of votes shall be deemed elected for the remainder of the term. The name of the candidate against whom the recall petition is filed shall go on the ticket unless he resigns within ten days after the filing of the petition. After one such petition and special election, no further recall petition shall be filed against the same officer during the term for which he was elected. This article shall be self-executing and all of its provisions shall be treated as mandatory. Laws may be enacted to facilitate its operation, but no law shall be enacted to hamper, restrict or impair the right of recall.

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

Effect of change of government. SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a permanent state government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well as of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all process which may be issued under the authority of the territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the union of the United States shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the state.

Existing laws continued. SECTION 2. All laws now in force in the territory of Wisconsin which are not repugnant to this constitution shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation or be altered or repealed by the legislature.

Territorial fines to accrue to state. SECTION 3. All fines, penalties or forfeitures accruing to the territory of Wisconsin shall inure to the use of the state.

Rights of action and prosecutions saved. SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from territorial to a permanent state government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to and may be prosecuted in the name of the state; and all bonds executed to the governor of the territory, or to any other officer or court in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the governor or state authority and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate, or property, real, personal or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action and claims or debts of whatsoever description of the territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the state of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent by the state of Wisconsin as the same could have been by the territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise before the change from a territorial to a state government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the state. All offenses committed against the laws of the territory of Wisconsin before the change from a territorial to a state government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the state of Wisconsin with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred

shall remain the same as if this constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity which may be pending in any of the courts of the territory of Wisconsin at the time of the change from a territorial to a state government may be continued and transferred to any court of the state which shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

Existing officers hold over. SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States or of the territory of Wisconsin shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the state.

Seat of government. SECTION 6. The first session of the legislature of the state of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

Local officers hold over. SECTION 7. All county, precinct and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

Copy of constitution for president. SECTION 8. The president of this convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this constitution, together with a copy of the act of the legislature of this territory, entitled "An act in relation to the formation of a state government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the legislature," approved October 27, 1847, providing for the calling of this convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of this territory as exhibits the number of its inhabitants to be forwarded to the president of the United States to be laid before the congress of the United States at its present session.

Ratification of constitution; election of officers. SECTION 9. This constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this territory and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of congress on the subject of naturalization; and all persons having such qualifications shall be entitled to vote for or against the adoption of this constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the constitution be ratified by the said electors it shall become the constitution of the state of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the constitution shall be written or printed the word "yes" and on such as are against the constitution the word "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the governor of the territory at any time before the tenth day of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this constitution by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the governor of this territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the senate and assembly of the state on the first day of their session. An election shall be held for governor, lieutenant governor, treasurer, attorney-general, members of the state legislature, and members of congress, on the second Monday of May next; and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

First elections. SECTION 11. The several elections provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the territory; provided, that no elector shall be entitled to vote except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election for senators and members of assembly shall be transmitted to the clerk of the board of supervisors or county commissioners, as the case may be; and the votes shall be canvassed and certificates of election issued as

now provided by law. In the first senatorial district the returns of the election for senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the second senatorial district to the proper officer in the county of Columbia; in the third senatorial district to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the fourth senatorial district to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the fifth senatorial district to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for state officers and members of congress shall be certified and transmitted to the speaker of the assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to congress are required to be certified and returned by the laws of the territory of Wisconsin, to the secretary of said territory, and in such time that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the legislature shall be organized the speaker of the assembly and the president of the senate shall, in the presence of both houses, examine the returns and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned, and give to each of the persons elected a certificate of his election.

Common law continued in force. SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this state until altered or suspended by the legislature.

Officers, when to enter on duties. SECTION 14. The senators first elected in the even-numbered senate districts, the governor, lieutenant governor and other state officers first elected under this constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next; the senators first elected in the odd-numbered senate districts, and the members of the assembly first elected, shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

Oath of office. SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any judge or justice of the peace until the legislature shall otherwise direct.

STATE-WIDE REFERENDA ELECTIONS OTHER THAN CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS 1846 TO 1943

Territorial

Question	Law Submitting	Date of Election	Votes	
			For	Against
*Formation of a State Government.....	Territorial law appr. Jan. 31, 1846, p. 5	April 1846	12,334	2,487
Approval of First Constitution.....	Art. XIX, Sec. 9 of 1846 Constitution and Act of Jan. 31, 1846	April 1847	14,119	20,231
Negro Suffrage.....	Supl. resolution to Const. of 1846; Vol. II of Quaife, p. 755	April 1847	7,664	14,615
*Ratification of Second Constitution.....	Art. XIV, Sec. 9 of 1848 Constitution	Mar. 1848	16,799	6,384

State

*Extending suffrage to colored persons ¹	Chap. 137 1849	Nov. 1849	5,265	4,075
*Banks or no banks.....	Chap. 143 1851	Nov. 1851	31,289	9,126
*General banking law.....	Chap. 479 1852	Nov. 1852	32,826	8,711
*Prohibitory liquor law.....	Chap. 101 1853	Nov. 1853	27,519	24,109
Extending Suffrage to colored persons.....	Chap. 44 1857	Nov. 1857	28,235	41,345
*Amending general banking law.....	Chap. 98 1858	Nov. 1858	27,267	2,837
*Amending general banking law.....	Chap. 242 1861	Nov. 1861	57,646	2,515
*Incorporation of banking associations.....	Chap. 203 1862	Nov. 1862	46,269	7,794
Extending suffrage to colored persons.....	Chap. 414 1865	Nov. 1865	46,588	55,591
*Amending Act—Inc. of banking associations.....	Chap. 102 1866	Nov. 1866	49,714	19,151
*Amending general banking law.....	Chap. 143 1866	Nov. 1867	45,796	11,842
*Abolition of the bank comptroller.....	Jt. Res. 12 1867			
Chap. 28 1868	Nov. 1868	15,499	1,948	
*Incorporation of savings banks.....	Chap. 384 1876	Nov. 1876	4,029	3,069
*Woman suffrage upon school matters.....	Chap. 211 1885	Nov. 1886	43,581	38,998
Revised banking law of 1897.....	Chap. 303 1897	Nov. 1898	86,872	92,607
*Primary law.....	Chap. 451 1903	Nov. 1904	130,366	80,102
Pocket ballots and coupon voting systems.....	Chap. 522 1905	April 1906	45,958	111,139
Woman suffrage ²	Chap. 227 1911	Nov. 1912	135,545	227,024
*Soldier bonus law.....	Chap. 667 1919	Sept. 1919	165,762	57,324
*Prohibition enforcement act (Mulberger).....	Chap. 556 1919	Nov. 1920	419,309	199,876
*Volstead act, modification.....	Jt. Res. 47 1925	Nov. 1926	349,443	177,602
*Repeal of the Severson enforcement act.....	Jt. Res. 16 1929	April 1929	350,337	196,402
*Modification of the Severson enforcement act.....	Jt. Res. 16 1929	April 1929	321,688	200,545
County distribution of auto licenses.....	Jt. Res. 11 1931	April 1931	183,716	368,674
*Sunday blue law repeal.....	Jt. Res. 114 1931	April 1932	396,436	271,786
*Old-age pensions.....	Jt. Res. 64 1933 Sp.	April 1934	531,915	154,729
Teacher tenure law repeal.....	Jt. Res. 100 1939	April 1940	403,782	372,524

* Ratified.

¹In Gillespie vs. Palmer, 20 Wis. 572 (Jan. term—1866). The Supreme Court ruled that Chap. 173, 1849, extending suffrage to colored persons, was ratified November 6, 1849.

²Presidential suffrage for women, granted by Chap. 5, 1919, was not ordered submitted to the people.

HISTORY OF CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

Constitution	Subject	First Approval	Second Approval	Submission to people	Date of election	Votes		Total for Governor
						For	Against	
IV, 4	Biennial sessions.....	Chap. 95 1853	Chap. 89 1854	Chap. 89 1854	Nov. 1854	6,549	11,580	-----
5	Biennial sessions.....	Chap. 95 1853	Chap. 89 1854	Chap. 89 1854	Nov. 1854	6,348	11,885	-----
11	Biennial sessions.....	Chap. 95 1853	Chap. 89 1854	Chap. 89 1854	Nov. 1854	6,752	11,589	-----
V, 5	Governor's salary (\$1,250 to \$2,500).....	Jt. Res. 4 1861	Jt. Res. 6 1862	Chap. 202 1862	Nov. 1862	14,519	32,612	-----
IV, 21	*Salary of legislators (\$350—10c mile).....	Jt. Res. 9 1865	Jt. Res. 3 1866	Chap. 25 1867	Nov. 1867	58,363	24,418	-----
V, 5	*Governor's salary, \$5,000.....	Jt. Res. 9 1868	Jt. Res. 2 1869	Chap. 186 1869	Nov. 1869	47,340	41,704	130,741
V, 9	Lt.-Governor's salary \$1,000.....	Jt. Res. 9 1868	Jt. Res. 2 1869	Chap. 186 1869	Nov. 1869			-----
I, 8	*Against Grand Jury.....	Jt. Res. 7 1869	Jt. Res. 3 1870	Chap. 118 1870	Nov. 1870	48,894	18,606	146,908
IV, 31 & 32	*Against private and local laws.....	Jt. Res. 13 1870	Jt. Res. 1 1871	Chap. 122 1871	Nov. 1871	54,087	3,675	(St. Supt.)
IV, 4	One chief and four associate justices.....	Jt. Res. 2 1871	Jt. Res. 8 1872	Chap. 111 1872	Nov. 1872	16,272	29,755	148,274
XI, 3	*Limiting indebtedness of municipalities.....	Jt. Res. 11 1872	Jt. Res. 4 1873	Chap. 37 1874	Nov. 1874	66,061	1,509	No state election
VII, 4	*One chief and four associate justices.....	Jt. Res. 10 1876	Jt. Res. 1 1877	Chap. 48 1877	Nov. 1877	79,140	16,763	172,122
VIII, 2	*Appropriations only by law.....	Jt. Res. 7 1876	Jt. Res. 4 1877	Chap. 158 1877	Nov. 1877	33,046	3,371	-----
IV, 4	*Biennial sessions.....							-----
5	*Assemblymen chosen biennially.....							-----
11	*Senators chosen quadrennially.....	Jt. Res. 9s 1880	Jt. Res. 7A 1881	Chap. 262 1881	Nov. 1881	53,532	13,936	171,856
21	*Compensation of members, (\$500—10c mile).....							-----
III, 1	*Suffrage to colored people—registration authorized.....	Jt. Res. 26A 1881	Jt. Res. 5 1882	Chap. 272 1882	Nov. 1882	36,223	5,347	-----
VI, 4	*Sheriffs and other county officers, terms.....							-----
VII, 12	*Clerk of court.....	Jt. Res. 16A 1881	Jt. Res. 3 1882	Chap. 290 1882	Nov. 1882	60,091	8,089	-----
XIII, 1	*Political year, biennial elections.....							-----
X, 1	State Superintendent—election when legislature directs.....	Jt. Res. 34 1885	Jt. Res. 4 1887	Chap. 357 1887	Nov. 1888	12,967	18,342	354,688
VII, 4	*Supreme Court composed of "Justices of Supreme Court".....	Jt. Res. 5 1887	Jt. Res. 3 1889	Chap. 22 1889	April 1889	125,759	14,712	-----
IV, 31 (9)	*Forbidding special incorporation of cities.....	Jt. Res. 4 1889	Jt. Res. 4 1891	Chap. 362 1891	Nov. 1892	15,718	9,105	371,415
X, 1	Salary of State Superintendent—removing limit of \$1,200.....	Jt. Res. 10 1893	Jt. Res. 2 1895	Chap. 177 1895	Nov. 1896	38,752	56,506	444,095
VII, 7	*Circuit judges, populous counties.....	Jt. Res. 8 1895	Jt. Res. 9 1897	Chap. 69 1897	April 1897	45,823	41,515	-----
XI, 4	*Authorizing general banking law.....	Jt. Res. 13 1899	Jt. Res. 2 1901	Chap. 73 1901	Nov. 1902	64,836	44,620	365,676
XI, 5	*Repeal of referendum on banking laws.....							-----
X, 1	*State Supt.—non-partisan election—term, four years.....	Jt. Res. 16 1899	Jt. Res. 3 1901	Chap. 258 1901	Nov. 1902	71,550	57,411	365,676

HISTORY OF CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS—Continued

Constitution	Subject	First Approval	Second Approval	Submission to people	Date of election	Votes		Total for Governor
						For	Against	
XIII, 11	*Prohibiting free passes.....	Jt. Res. 8 1899	Jt. Res. 9 1901	Chap. 437 1901	Nov. 1902	67,781	40,697	365,676
VII, 4	*Seven Justices of the Supreme Court.....	Jt. Res. 8 1901	Jt. Res. 7 1903	Chap. 10 1903	April 1903	51,337	39,957	No state election
V, 10	*Governor's approval of bills—six days vs. three.....	Jt. Res. 14 1905	Jt. Res. 13 1907	Chap. 661 1907	Nov. 1908	85,959	27,270	159,273
VIII, 10	*Appropriations for highways.....	Jt. Res. 11 1905	Jt. Res. 18 1907	Chap. 238 1907	Nov. 1908	116,421	46,739	159,273
VIII, 1	*Income tax.....	Jt. Res. 12 1905	Jt. Res. 29 1907	Chap. 661 1907	Nov. 1908	85,696	37,729	159,273
III, 1 (2)	*Suffrage only to full citizens.....	Jt. Res. 15 1905	Jt. Res. 25 1907	Chap. 661 1907	Nov. 1908	85,838	36,733	159,273
IV, 21	Pay of legislators, \$1,000 for session vs. \$500.....	Jt. Res. 35 1907	Jt. Res. 7 1909	Chap. 508 1909	Nov. 1910	44,153	76,278	319,522
IV, 3	*Apportionment after each Federal census.....	Jt. Res. 30 1907	Jt. Res. 15 1909	Chap. 478 1909	Nov. 1910	54,932	52,634	319,522
VIII, 10	**Appropriations for water powers and forests.....	Jt. Res. 31 1907	None	Chap. 514 1909	Nov. 1910	62,468	45,924	319,522
XI, 3	*City and county indebtedness for lands.....	Jt. Res. 44 1909	Jt. Res. 42 1911	Chap. 665 1911	Nov. 1912	46,369	34,975	393,849
XI, 3a	*Public parks, playgrounds, etc.....	Jt. Res. 38 1909	Jt. Res. 48 1911	Chap. 665 1911	Nov. 1912	48,424	33,931	393,849
VII, 10	*Monthly pay for judges vs. quarterly.....	Jt. Res. 34 1909	Jt. Res. 24 1911	Chap. 665 1911	Nov. 1912	44,855	34,865	393,849
XII, 1	Ratification of constitutional amendments after 3-5 approval by one legislature.....	Jt. Res. 71 1911	Jt. Res. 17 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	71,734	160,761	325,430
IV, 1	Initiative and referendum.....	Jt. Res. 74 1911	Jt. Res. 22 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	84,934	148,536	325,430
VIII, 11	State annuity insurance.....	Jt. Res. 65 1911	Jt. Res. 25 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	59,909	170,338	325,430
XI, 3a	Home rule of cities and villages.....	Jt. Res. 73 1911	Jt. Res. 21 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	86,020	141,472	325,430
VII, 6, 7	Decrease in judicial circuits.....	Jt. Res. 67 1911	Jt. Res. 26 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	63,311	154,827	325,430
XIII, 12	Recall of civil officers.....	Jt. Res. 41 1911	Jt. Res. 15 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	81,628	144,386	325,430
XI, 3b	Municipal powers of eminent domain.....	Jt. Res. 48 1911	Jt. Res. 25 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	61,122	154,945	325,430
XII, 3	Constitution amended upon petition.....	Jt. Res. 74 1911	Jt. Res. 22 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	68,434	150,215	325,430
VIII, 13 (9)	State insurance.....	Jt. Res. 56 1911	Jt. Res. 12 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	58,490	165,966	325,430
IV, 21	Pay of legislators \$600 a year, 12c a mile.....	Jt. Res. 66 1911	Jt. Res. 24 1913	Chap. 770 1913	Nov. 1914	68,907	157,202	325,430
IV, 21	Pay of legislators fixed by law.....	Jt. Res. 23 1917	Jt. Res. 37 1919	Chap. 480 1919	April 1920	126,243	132,258	No state election
VII, 6, 7	Decrease of circuit courts—increase of judges.....	Jt. Res. 20 1917	Jt. Res. 92 1919	Chap. 604 1919	April 1920	113,786	116,436	No state election
I, 5	*Trial by jury.....	Jt. Res. 58 1919	Jt. Res. 17 1921	Chap. 504 1921	Nov. 1922	171,433	156,820	481,828
VI, 4	Sheriffs succeeding themselves.....	Jt. Res. 38 1919	Jt. Res. 36 1921	Chap. 437 1921	Nov. 1922	161,832	207,594	481,828
XI, 3b	Indebtedness of municipal corporations.....	Jt. Res. 53 1919	Jt. Res. 37 1921	Chap. 566 1921	Nov. 1922	105,234	219,693	481,828

HISTORY OF CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS—Continued

Constitution	Subject	First Approval	Second Approval	Submission to people	Date of election	Votes		Total for Governor
						For	Against	
IV, 21	Pay of legislators \$750 per annum	Jt. Res. 28 1921	Jt. Res. 18 1923	Chap. 241 1923	April 1924	189,635	250,236	No state election
XI, 3	*Home rule for cities.....	Jt. Res. 39 1921	Jt. Res. 34 1923	Chap. 203 1923	Nov. 1924	299,792	190,165	796,432
VIII, 10	*Taxation for forestry.....	Jt. Res. 29 1921	Jt. Res. 57 1923	Chap. 289 1923	Nov. 1924	336,360	173,563	796,432
VII, 7	*Additional circuit judges.....	Jt. Res. 24 1921	Jt. Res. 64 1923	Chap. 408 1923	Nov. 1924	240,207	226,562	796,432
XIII, 12 cr	*Recall of elective officials.....	Jt. Res. 73 1923	Jt. Res. 16 1925	Chap. 270 1925	Nov. 1926	205,868	201,125	552,912
V, 5	*Salary of Governor fixed by law.....	Jt. Res. 80 1923	Jt. Res. 52 1925	Chap. 413 1925	Nov. 1926	202,156	188,302	552,912
IV, 21	Legislators' pay \$1,000 for session.....	Jt. Res. 33 1925	Jt. Res. 12 1927	Jt. Res. 12 1927	April 1927	151,786	109,260	308,885
VIII, 1	*Taxation of forests and minerals.....	Jt. Res. 61 1925	Jt. Res. 13 1927	Jt. Res. 13 1927	April 1927	179,217	141,888	Jus. Sup. Ct. 308,885
IV, 21	*Repealing \$500 a session for legislators....	Jt. Res. 57 1927	Jt. Res. 6 1929	Jt. Res. 6 1929	April 1929	237,250	212,846	Jus. Sup. Ct. 379,912
VI, 10	*Sheriffs succeeding themselves.....	Jt. Res. 24 1927	Jt. Res. 13 1929	Jt. Res. 13 1929	April 1929	259,881	210,964	State Supt. 379,912
V, 5	*Approval of appropriation bills in part.....	Jt. Res. 37 1927	Jt. Res. 43 1929	Jt. Res. 43 1929	Nov. 1930	252,655	153,703	606,825
V, 5	*Repealing salary of Governor.....	Jt. Res. 69 1929	Jt. Res. 52 1931	Jt. Res. 52 1931	Nov. 1932	452,605	275,175	1,124,502
V, 9	*Repealing salary of Lt. Governor.....	Jt. Res. 70 1929	Jt. Res. 53 1931	Jt. Res. 53 1931	Nov. 1932	427,768	267,120	1,124,502
VII, 1	*Correcting "Impeachments".....	Jt. Res. 72 1929	Jt. Res. 58 1931	Jt. Res. 58 1931	Nov. 1932	436,113	221,563	1,124,502
XI, 3	*Municipal indebtedness for utilities.....	Jt. Res. 74 1929	Jt. Res. 71 1931	Jt. Res. 71 1931	Nov. 1932	401,194	279,631	1,124,502
III, 1	*Suffrage for women and Indians.....	Jt. Res. 91 1931	Jt. Res. 76 1933	Jt. Res. 76 1933	Nov. 1934	411,088	166,745	921,949
XIII, 11	*Relating to free passes.....	Jt. Res. 63 1933	Jt. Res. 98 1935	Jt. Res. 98 1935	Nov. 1936	365,971	361,799	1,117,600
VIII, 1	Instalment payment of real estate taxes....	Jt. Res. 88 1939	Jt. Res. 18 1941	Jt. Res. 18 1941	April 1941	330,971	134,808	528,875
								Jus. Sup. Ct.

* Ratified. ** Ratified but declared invalid by Supreme Court in forestry case (State ex rel. Owen v. Donald, 160 Wis, 21, 151 N. W. 331.)

ESTIMATED CONDITION OF THE GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 1943

(Excluding Accounts Receivable Except as Stated)

By E. C. GIESSEL
Director of the Budget

IN VIEW of the fact that the General Fund treasury balance on June 30 is meaningless insofar as it does not show the obligations and liabilities legally incurred but not paid, and certain receivables not collected, the below estimated financial condition of the General Fund was prepared in order to give to the citizens and taxpayers at large a truer picture of the financial status of the state. The following condition statement shows not only the amount of cash and securities in the General Fund on June 30, 1943, but the payables and receivables of the General Fund, as accurately as can be determined, which will decrease or increase the money in the treasury on June 30. In order to enlighten the citizens of Wisconsin to the true meaning of the various items affecting the condition of the General Fund, an explanatory note follows each item.

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
General Fund Cash ----- (Cash on deposit with the State Treasurer to the credit of the Gen- eral Fund on June 30, 1943.)	\$13,397,199.25
General Fund Bonds ----- (Purchase price of \$30,000,000 U. S. short term securities from surplus General Fund Cash.)	30,004,205.43
Total General Fund Cash and Securities -----	\$43,401,404.68

Deduct:

Bills Due and Owing (Estimated commitments of Gen- eral Fund Cash on June 30, 1943, not paid until 1943-1944.)	
Specific and Sum Sufficient Appropria- tions, Current Year 1942-1943 ---\$	2,097,860.00
(Bills due and owing from legisla- tive appropriations of General Reve- nues for specific purposes, such as Administration, Operation, Mainte- nance, Miscellaneous Capital, etc. Specific appropriations lapse and cease to be available at the close of the fiscal year, except for the pay- ment of old bills.)	
Specific and Sum Sufficient Appropria- tions, Prior to 1942-1943 -----	1,980.83

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
Specific-Continuing Appropriations ----\$	26,734.61
(Bills due and owing from non-lapsible legislative appropriations of General Revenues for specific purposes. Nonlapsible specific appropriations, such as special capital, continue to be available until the specific purpose for which they were created is accomplished.)	
Revolving Funds -----	2,991,135.15
(Bills due and owing from self-sustaining or self-supporting activities of the State Budget System, exclusive of Highway Activities. One type of revolving activity is represented by state business enterprises performing a service for a fee which is reappropriated by statute to the enterprise for the furtherance of its activities. Some of the major business revolving funds of the State of Wisconsin are: University of Wisconsin Dormitories, Memorial Union, Athletic Department, Dairy and Farm Sales, Stores, State Prison Binder Twine Plant, Prison Industries, Farms, Public Service Commission Utilities Regulation, Bureau of Engineering Services, Bureau of Purchases Supplies, etc. A second type of revolving or self-sustaining activity is represented by trust or agency agreements. Such revolving funds include Federal Aids, Inter-county Settlements, Gifts and Donations, etc.)	
Highway Activities, Revolving -----	569,276.29
(Ordinary bills due and owing from Highway balances. Highway Activities constitute a special revolving fund financed by the net collections of the gas tax, motor vehicle and drivers' licenses, federal aids, contributions of localities, utilities, etc.)	
State Trunk Highway Trust Fund Transfer -----	7,436,336.16
(Transfer of cash in 1943-1944 from the General Fund to the State Trunk Highway Fund from Highway balances on hand June 30, 1943, as provided in Chapter 364, Laws of 1943, to finance the construction of state trunk highways.)	
Unapportioned Liquor, Income and Utility Taxes -----	2,500,960.98
(Collections made prior to and including June 30, 1943, but apportioned to localities in 1943-1944.)	

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
Estimated Income Tax Refunds % Re-negotiation of War Contracts ----\$	1,820,000.00
Estimated 60% Surtax Refunds % Re-negotiation of War Contracts ----	250,000.00
<p>(Estimates of the Wisconsin Department of Taxation on the probable overcollection of income tax and surtax in 1942-1943, which will be refunded in succeeding fiscal years whenever the Federal Government redetermines the allowable war profits through a post audit of war contracts. The State has collected the income tax on profits prior to any redeterminations of the Federal Government, and hence is liable for the tax refund in all cases where war contracts are renegotiated and war profits subsequently reduced.)</p>	
Total Bills Due and Owing From General Fund Cash -----	<u>17,694,284.02</u>
General Fund Balance Adjusted for Bills Due and Owing June 30, 1943 -----	\$25,707,120.66
Add:	
Certain Accounts Receivable (Major accounts receivable due and owing to the General Fund as of June 30, 1943. No attempt is made to recognize revolving fund receivables.)	
Teachers' Surtax on Incomes—Excess Over Requirements for 1942-1943---\$	2,368,160.00
<p>(Excess of the collections of the teachers' surtax on incomes for 1942-1943 over the amount required from the State of Wisconsin to match teachers' deposits in the Teachers' Retirement System. The excess will be transferred from the Teachers' Retirement Fund to the General Fund in 1943-1944 when the final determination of the State's deposit share for 1942-1943 is made.)</p>	
Teachers' State Deposits Lapsible, to Revert to General Fund -----	493,335.03
<p>(Accumulations since 1921 of State deposits with the Teachers' Retirement System on accounts which have subsequently become inactive and which have been forfeited by teachers leaving the Retirement System. Chapter 404, Laws of 1943, provides that such accumulations of released or forfeited State deposits</p>	

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
shall be paid into the General Fund from the Teachers' Retirement Fund.)	
Gross Amount Due From Teachers' Retirement Fund -----	\$ 2,861,495.03
Deduct: Estimated Teachers' Surtax Refunds % Renegotiation of War Contracts -----	712,000.00
Net Amount Due From Teachers' Retirement Fund -----	\$ 2,149,495.03
Railroad Taxes for 1942-1943 Not Collected Until 1943-1944 -----	363,803.99
(Taxes assessed for 1942-1943, due and owing June 30, 1943, but collected in 1943-1944.)	
War Training Course Advance to State Teachers' Colleges -----	220,000.00
(Amount appropriated to the State Teachers' Colleges from General Revenues, pursuant to Chapter 35, Laws of 1943, for the purpose of initiating War Training Programs for the Armed Services at Eau Claire, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Stevens Point, and Superior. The Armed Services reimburse the State Teachers' Colleges for instruction, messing, and housing accommodations on a cost basis. Money so received is deposited in the revolving fund created by Chapter 35. The General Fund advance of \$220,000 to initiate the war services program will eventually be repaid into the General Fund from Federal receipts covering such war training programs.)	
Total of Certain Accounts Receivable Due General Fund -----	2,733,299.02
General Fund Balance Adjusted for Bills Due and Owing and Certain Accounts Receivable, June 30, 1943 -----	28,440,419.68
Deduct:	
Cash Transfer of 60% Surtax to Soldiers' Postwar Rehabilitation Trust Fund -----	5,880,873.62
(1942 60% Surtax on Income collections which, pursuant to Chapter 74, Laws of 1943, is transferable from the General Fund on July 1, 1943 to a separate fund known as the "Postwar Rehabilitation Trust Fund", and shall be used exclusively for medical, educational, and	

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
economic rehabilitation of returning Wisconsin veterans of World War II.)	
Estimated General Fund Free and Unencumbered Balance, June 30, 1943 (Free Balance Remaining in the General Fund on June 30, 1943, After Allowance is Made for Estimated Bills Due and Owing, Certain Accounts Receivable, and Cash Transfer to Soldiers' Postwar Trust Fund.)	\$22,559,546.06
<p>The Estimated General Fund Free and Unencumbered Balance, as shown above, takes into consideration only cash payables and certain receivables of the General Fund on June 30, 1943. In other words, if all debts of the state were paid and certain accounts receivable were collected, it is estimated that the free General Fund balance on June 30, 1943 would aggregate \$22,559,546.06.</p> <p>Some believe, however, that the true condition of the General Fund cannot be determined until the free and unencumbered revolving balances, continuing-specific balances, and Highway balances, constituting legislative "powers to spend", are deducted from the free General Fund balance. Therefore, in order to reflect this theory of General Fund Condition in this presentation, the following additional data are furnished:</p>	
Estimated General Fund Free and Unencumbered Balance, June 30, 1943	\$22,559,546.06
Deduct:	
Free and Unencumbered Revolving and Continuing-Specific Balances, June 30, 1943 (Net book credit available for revolving funds, and continuing-specific appropriations.)	
Revolving Funds Balances June 30, 1943, Exclusive of Highway Activities (See Revolving Funds note above) -----	\$ 4,463,776.67
(Free of Bills Due and Owing.)	
Continuing-Specific Appropriation Balances, June 30, 1943 (See above) -	826,162.60
(Free of Bills Due and Owing.)	
Total Free and Unencumbered Revolving and Continuing-Specific Balances -----	5,289,939.27
Estimated Condition of the General Fund, June 30, 1943, Representing the Excess of Net Cash and Securities Available Over Obligations in Force Exclusive of Free Highway Balances -----	17,269,606.79

<i>Description</i>	<i>Amount</i>
Deduct:	
Free and Unencumbered Highway Balances June 30, 1943 (<i>Net book credit</i> available for Highway Activities.)	
Highway Balances, June 30, 1943 -----	\$24,763,282.51
(Free of Bills Due and Owing and State Highway Trust Fund Transfer from June 30, 1943 Highway Balances.)	
Highway Reserve, June 30, 1943, to be Appropriated July 1, 1943 -----	17,630,237.89
(Collections of the 1942-1943 gas tax, motor vehicle license fees, and drivers' license fees, minus the cost of administration, refunds of receipts, and Highway Anticipations appropriated during 1942-1943. The net revenues will be set up as Highway appropriations on July 1, 1943, pursuant to section 20.49 of the statutes and Chapter 364, Laws of 1943.)	
Total Free and Unencumbered Highway Balances, June 30, 1943 -----	42,393,520.40
	<u>42,393,520.40</u>

Note: These free balances, which constitute the largest claim on the general fund, have accumulated since the depression years of 1930.

Highway expenditures have not equaled the highway receipts and such balances are held a credit to the highway fund, but they have been used to an extensive degree to carry on cost of state government, with a result that as of June 30, 1943, there exists a book balance highway credit of \$42,393,520.40 with only a free general fund cash balance of \$22,559,546.06, in the treasury. This practice is what has been commonly called "highway diversion".

To give the true picture of the state treasury's status, according to the written law, this highway credit is here shown deducted from the free cash balance.

Estimated Condition of the General Fund, June 30, 1943, Representing the Excess of Total Obligations in Force Over Net Cash and Securities Available -----	<u>—\$25,123,913.61</u>
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(Net cash condition of the General Fund after payment is made on all bills due and owing and transfers of cash, after certain receivables are collected, and after free and unencumbered revolving balances, continuing-specific balances, and Highway balances, constituting "powers to spend", are deducted.)

The State Government

**Executive Branch and
Constitutional Departments**

CONSTITUTIONAL DEPARTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

Acting Governor: WALTER S. GOODLAND.

Lieutenant Governor: WALTER S. GOODLAND.

Private Secretary: ROY L. BRECKE.

Legislative and Financial Secretary: FRANK N. GRAASS.

Executive Counsel: FRANCIS LAMB.

Press Secretary: ROY L. BRECKE.

Director of Departmental Research: AUGUST FREY.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 11 in Executive Office and 5 in the division of departmental research.

Publications: No regular publications; Governor's message printed in pamphlet form when delivered and also in the legislative journal; report on pardons made biennially to legislature and printed in journals.

The Governor is elected by the people for a two-year term at the general election in November in each even-numbered year and takes office on the first Monday in January of the following odd-numbered year. He is principal executive officer of the state and also has an important part in legislation.

According to the Constitution it is his duty "to faithfully execute the laws of the state and to maintain and defend its sovereignty and jurisdiction". He is the commander-in-chief of the militia, all of whose officers he appoints. He has exclusive power to grant pardons, reprieves, and commutations for criminal offenses, and passes upon applications for the extradition of persons charged with criminal offenses in other states. Principal officers of nearly all state departments are appointed by him, some of whom are subject to approval by the senate. Those appointed without confirmation by the senate may be removed at his will, while those whose appointments have been confirmed by the senate may, after a hearing, be removed for cause only. He receives resignations of state officers and fills vacancies. He may remove sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, and district attorneys for misconduct in office, after they have had a hearing, and he fills vacancies in those county offices.

The Governor is responsible for presenting to the legislature a balanced state budget with recommendations as to the amount to be appropriated to each state department. After the budget bill has been passed the Governor may veto any separable part of the measure. The budget director, in most cases, releases to the departments the

appropriations made by the legislature. Approval for all land purchases must be granted by the Governor. He is the chairman of the Emergency Board and designates when its meetings are to be held. For its actions his approval and that of one other member is necessary.

The Constitution gives the Governor an important part in the legislative machinery of the state. Through a biennial message delivered at the beginning of the session and special messages from time to time, he recommends changes in law that he thinks necessary. According to the Constitution every bill passed by the legislature is sent to the Governor for his approval or veto. If he vetoes a bill it can become law only if passed over the veto by a two-thirds vote in both houses.

It is the constitutional duty of the Lieutenant Governor to act as Governor if the latter is incapacitated or leaves the state. In case the Governor dies or resigns the Lieutenant Governor succeeds to the office. He also presides over the senate during legislative sessions and casts a vote only in case of a tie.

Chapter 30, Laws of 1939, created, within the executive office, the division of departmental research whose director is appointed by the Governor for an indefinite term. The principal function of this division, when directed by the Governor, is to investigate irregularities, operating costs, or functions of any state department to determine the feasibility of consolidating, creating, or rearranging departments for the purpose of eliminating unnecessary functions, avoiding duplication, promoting economy, and increasing efficiency.

SECRETARY OF STATE

Secretary of State: FRED R. ZIMMERMAN.

Assistant Secretary of State: ROBERT C. ZIMMERMAN.

Chief Accountant and Chief Clerk: C. A. NICKERSON.

Corporation Clerk: H. E. WHIPPLE.

Assistant Supervisor Records and Elections: GAIGE S. ROBERTS.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 41 full-time, 1 part-time.

Publications: Biennial Report; Election Laws; Election Manual; Corporation Laws.

The Constitution delegates to the Secretary of State two distinct duties—namely, keeping the state's records and conducting its official correspondence, and serving as the state's auditor. All laws, appointments, oaths of office, and similar official records are filed with and preserved by him, and certified copies thereof are furnished by him upon payment of prescribed fees. The validity of all claims against the state or any of its departments are passed on by the secretary. He also keeps the state's books and accounts and draws all warrants for payments from the state treasury.

The administration of the corporation laws is the duty of the department. All domestic corporations must secure charters from the Secretary of State and foreign corporations must have licenses in order to do business in the state. All corporations both domestic and foreign are required to file annual reports.

The Secretary of State is also the central election officer of the state. All nomination papers for offices in which the district is larger than a single county are filed with the department which prepares all notices and blank forms required for primaries and elections in such districts, and makes all tabulations for the official canvass of the returns.

Additional duties of the department include the issuing and recording of city and village charters, the commissioning of notaries public, the licensing of private detective agencies, and the numbering and publishing of all approved laws received from the Governor. The Secretary of State is also custodian of the Great Seal which he imprints on all official acts of the Governor.

STATE TREASURER

State Treasurer: JOHN M. SMITH.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 181.

Publications: Biennial Report.

The State Treasurer has custody of all state funds, receives all moneys paid into the treasury, and issues checks in payment of all claims. All securities owned by any state fund are held by him and he collects the interest thereon. He deposits the cash paid into the treasury in banks designated by the Board of Deposits and draws upon them in making payments. He settles with the county treasurers for the state's share of the property and income taxes and the off-setting aids paid by the state to the counties. Special property taxes paid by the railroads, public utilities, and telephone companies are collected directly by the department. The State Treasurer receives weekly from each state department all moneys which were paid to it in taxes or fees. In the case of motor vehicles, such taxes or fees are sent in daily.

The State Treasurer's office collects the malt beverage and intoxicating liquor tax, the annual license fees of and emergency taxes on telephone companies, and the cigarette tax. Inspection of gasoline and other petroleum products is also performed by this department.

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Attorney General: JOHN E. MARTIN.

Deputy Attorney General: JAMES WARD RECTOR.

Assistant Attorneys General: MORTIMER LEVITAN; JAMES WARD RECTOR; WARREN H. RESH; HAROLD H. PERSONS; JAMES R. WEDLAKE; WILLIAM A. PLATZ; MYRON L. SILVER; BEATRICE LAMPERT.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 22.

Publications: Opinions of the Attorney General (monthly in pamphlet form and an annual volume).

The Attorney General is the chief law officer of the state. He represents the state in all actions in the Supreme Court in which the state is a party, including all appeals in criminal cases from convictions in trial courts. When instructed to do so by the Governor or the legislature, the Attorney General also represents the state in other courts, including the United States Supreme Court and other federal courts. He also represents commissions, boards, departments or other agencies of the state government in appeals from their decisions or determinations and represents state employes in actions brought against them in matters arising out of the discharge of their duties.

Another important duty is the rendering of opinions on questions of law to state officers and district attorneys. Either house of the legislature and all state officers may request opinions from the Attorney General upon any legal questions which confront them, as may also the 71 district attorneys of the state. The opinions of the Attorney General are given in writing, and while not having the force of court decisions are, to all practical intents and purposes, binding upon the state officers until the courts render a contrary decision.

In addition, the department does a large amount of other legal work. The Attorney General drafts practically all contracts entered into by the state or any of its departments and approves the form of bonds required under state statutes. He examines the titles to property upon which loans are made from state funds and passes upon the form of the mortgages, bonds, and other instruments for which these loans are secured. A special statutory duty is the examination of all county and municipal bond issues as to legal form and content, and the collection for the school fund of all funds and property which escheat to the state under the statutes.

The Attorney General is also a member of the Board of Deposits of Wisconsin, Commissioners of Public Lands, State Board of Canvassers, Board of Trustees of the State Library, and Advisory Committee on Rules of Pleading, Practice and Procedure.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

State Superintendent of Public Instruction: JOHN CALLAHAN.

First Assistant Superintendent: F. G. BISHOP.

Assistant Superintendent-Director of Bureau of Handicapped Children: FRANK V. POWELL.

Assistant Superintendent (Legal): VICTOR E. KIMBALL.

Supervisor of School Building Service: H. W. SCHMIDT.

Guidance Director-Administrative Assistant: J. H. ARMSTRONG.

Supervisors of Elementary Schools: MAYBELL G. BUSH; LEROY S. IHLENFELDT; DELIA E. KIBBE; GEORGE H. LANDGRAF; LOIS G. NEMEC; JOHN F. SHAW.

Supervisors of Secondary Schools: LEROY S. IHLENFELDT; HARRY E. MERRITT; ARTHUR R. PAGE; W. B. SENTRY; J. F. WADDELL.

Supervisor of School Libraries: IRENE M. NEWMAN.

Assistant Supervisor of School Libraries: MARY T. RYAN.

Supervisor of Schools for Exceptional Children: HAROLD M. WILLIAMS.

Supervisor of Schools for Deaf, Blind, and Defective Speech: LAVILLA A. WARD.

Field Workers Crippled Children Division: LUCY E. BLAIR; LOIS M. MITCHELL; BERYL M. STERNAD; ALFARETTA WRIGHT.¹

Social Workers Crippled Children Division: VIRGINIA STEPHENSON; KATHERINE M. HERINGER.

Principal Statistician: CHARLES E. LIMP.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 113 professional and office employes in the Department of Public Instruction, School for the Deaf, and School for the Blind.

Publications: Biennial reports; Manual of School Laws; manuals of teaching; List of Books for School Libraries (biennial); Price Lists of Textbooks; Reading Circle Annual; plans and specifications for schoolhouses; special research studies on various subjects; manuals on home economics, industrial arts, reading, social studies, foreign language, conservation, high schools, rural school program.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction is a constitutional officer and is elected by the people for a four-year term on a non-partisan basis. He is head of the Department of Public Instruction which has general supervision of all elementary and secondary public schools of the state, special education for handicapped children, county normal schools, the Wisconsin School for the Blind, and the Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

State supervisors visit the elementary and secondary public schools and give advice and assistance to both teachers and school boards.

¹ On military leave.

The department also prepares manuals for teachers in the elementary and secondary schools.

The department helps schools in the selection and purchase of books for school libraries and prepares lists of books for the Wisconsin State Reading Circle Board. Reading Circle diplomas are issued by county superintendents when the required reading is completed.

Plans for all school buildings have to be submitted for approval. Plans and specifications for one and two-room buildings are furnished by the department. As the postwar school building program is assuming large proportions, the department is now engaged in formulating plans for a public works reserve shelf to take care of future school construction.

No new high school districts may be formed without the approval of the State Superintendent.

State aids for education, totaling in the current fiscal year approximately \$9,868,000 are apportioned by the State Superintendent. School districts and city schools make annual reports to the State Superintendent which are the basis of the biennial reports. In 1941-'42 the total enrollment in all elementary and secondary public schools was 519,847, and their expenditures were \$52,100,219.29.

The department members participate in teachers' institutes, and school board conventions upon invitation from county superintendents.

County normal schools for the training of rural teachers are under the direct supervision of the department. The courses of study in the county normal schools, the qualifications of the teachers, and their salaries are subject to the approval of the State Superintendent.

The State Superintendent is legally responsible for the evaluation of the supervisory program of 106 rural school supervisors as administered in the 71 counties of the state as a basis for reimbursing the several counties for the salaries and expenses of these supervisors in accordance with a state schedule.

The aims and objectives of the bureau aiding handicapped children are to insure to all such children adequate opportunities for care which will make possible for them a maximum degree of correction of their disability at a time when most improvement can be expected; to assist communities in modifying regular school facilities and adjusting the educational program to meet the needs of individual handicapped children in their regular school attendance; and to develop from the work for the handicapped basic information and procedures which will be equally advantageous to all children.

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC LANDS

Commissioners: FRED R. ZIMMERMAN, *chairman*; JOHN M. SMITH;
JOHN E. MARTIN.
Chief Clerk: T. H. BAKKEN.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 4 permanent and 1 occasional.

Publications: Biennial report.

The land department is the only state department in addition to the elective state officers which is created by the Constitution. This department is headed by the Commissioners of Public Lands, who under the Constitution are the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, and the Attorney General. A chief clerk employed by them has immediate charge of the work of the department.

The department has exclusive control over the lands and moneys belonging to the constitutional trust funds which consist of the common school fund, normal fund, university fund, and the agricultural college fund. There remain unsold 176,000 acres of timber or unimproved land, belonging to these funds, which have a value of approximately \$2,000,000. Moneys belonging to the trust funds total over \$15,000,000 and are loaned to school districts and other municipalities.

This department has the original record of the sale and conveyance of state lands and has on file the field notes and plats of the original and subsequent federal surveys of lands in Wisconsin. Documents made by this office from these records are used by abstractors and lawyers, and the field notes and plats by surveyors in running and locating the original section lines and corners.

This department protects the interest of the state in lands under any federal grant, uncovered lake beds, made lands in navigable waters, as well as in unsurveyed islands.

Under the Constitution escheated real and personal property is under the jurisdiction of the land department as well as fines and forfeitures.

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF STATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

1935-1943

(For 1836 to 1935 see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935)

Governors

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
Philip F. La Follette, Prog.....	Madison.....	1935	1939
Julius P. Hell, Rep.....	Milwaukee.....	1939	1943
Orland S. Loomis, Prog. ¹	Mauston.....	-----	-----
Walter S. Goodland, Rep. ²	Racine.....	1943	-----

Lieutenant Governors

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
Thomas J. O'Malley, Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1933	1937
Henry A. Gunderson, Prog. ³	Portage.....	1937	1937
Walter S. Goodland, Rep. ⁴	Racine.....	1939	-----

Secretaries of State

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
Theodore Dammann, Prog.....	Milwaukee.....	1935	1939
Fred R. Zimmerman, Rep.....	Milwaukee.....	1939	-----

Treasurers

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
Robert K. Henry, Dem.....	Jefferson.....	1933	1937
Solomon Levitan, Prog.....	Madison.....	1937	1939
John M. Smith, Rep.....	Shell Lake.....	1939	-----

¹ Elected November, 1942—died Dec. 7, 1942, before taking office.

² Elected Lieutenant Governor, November 1942—designated "Acting Governor" for period of vacancy in the office of Governor caused by the death of Governor-elect Loomis.

³ Resigned October 16, 1937.

⁴ Acting Governor, 1943—(See note (2) above).

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF STATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS—Continued

Attorneys General

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
James E. Finnegan, Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1933	1937
Orland S. Loomis, Prog.....	Mauston.....	1937	1939
John E. Martin, Rep.....	Milwaukee.....	1939	-----

Superintendents of Public Instruction

Name and Party	Residence	From	To
John Callahan.....	Madison.....	1921	-----

ELECTIVE AND APPOINTIVE STATE OFFICERS

February 15, 1944

ELECTIVE OFFICERS

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary
Governor (Acting).....	Walter S. Goodland.....	Racine.....	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Walter S. Goodland.....	Racine.....	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	1,500
Secretary of State.....	Fred R. Zimmerman.....	Milwaukee.....	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	5,000
Attorney General.....	John E. Martin.....	Milwaukee.....	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	5,000
State Treasurer.....	John M. Smith.....	Shell Lake.....	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	5,000
Supt. of Public Instruction	John Callahan.....	Madison.....	1st Mon. July 1945	5,000

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
Accountancy, Board of....	Clarence H. Lichtfeldt ..	Milwaukee ..	June 25, 1944 ..	\$10 per day
	Carl J. Becher.....	Appleton.....	June 25, 1945 ..	\$10 per day
	A. E. Wegner.....	Madison.....	June 25, 1946 ..	\$10 per day
Adjutant General, The....	Ralph M. Immell (On leave).....	Blair.....	Indefinite.....	\$5,000
	Alvin A. Kuchenmeister (Acting).....	Milwaukee ..		
*Agriculture, Board of....	John Scott Earll.....	Pr. du Chien ..	June 2, 1945.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and expenses
	William E. Seffern.....	Van Dyne.....	June 2, 1945.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
	Ira Inman.....	Beloit.....	June 2, 1945.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
	James W. Baird.....	Waukesha.....	June 2, 1947.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
	Edward Pfeifer.....	Ladysmith.....	June 2, 1947.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
	E. F. Horn.....	Beaver Dam ..	June 2, 1949.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
	Paul C. Schmoldt.....	Medford.....	June 2, 1949.....	Not to exceed \$10 per day or \$600 per annum and ex- penses
*Annuity and Investment ****Board.....	Chas. McKeown.....	Milwaukee ..	March 1, 1945.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$500 per annum and ex- penses
	Noble Clark.....	Madison.....	March 1, 1947.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$500 per annum and ex- penses
	J. M. Dusel.....	Iron Ridge.....	March 1, 1947.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$500 per annum and ex- penses
	William E. Hawley.....	Baldwin.....	March 1, 1949.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$500 per annum and ex- penses
****Armory Board.....	Col. Fred Finn.....	Madison.....	Indefinite.....	None
	Maj. Gilbert Seaman.....	Madison.....	Indefinite.....	None

* Appointments to this department require confirmation by the senate.

**** Besides the members appointed by the Governor these Boards have one or more members nearly all of whom are ex-officio. For a complete list of the members consult the descriptive articles dealing with these departments.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
Athletic Commission	Peter H. Schumacher	-----	August 20, 1944	\$5 per day ²
	Harvey Buchanan	Superior	August 20, 1945	\$5 per day ²
	Joseph A. Landauer	Milwaukee	August 20, 1946	\$5 per day ²
	Frank L. Fawcett	Milwaukee	August 20, 1947	\$5 per day ²
	Joseph Leo Coughlin	Madison	August 20, 1948	\$5 per day ²
*Banking Commission	Edward N. Tamm	Kiel	April 1, 1945	\$5,000
	Robert K. Henry	Jefferson	April 1, 1947	\$5,000
	James B. Mulva	Madison	April 1, 1949	\$5,000
*Banking Review Board	George L. Gilkey	Merrill	1st Mon. Jan. 1945	\$15 per day but not to exceed \$900 per annum and expenses
	John Rose	Green Bay	1st Mon. Jan. 1946	\$15 per day but not to exceed \$900 per annum and expenses
	Gus Foundrie	Reedsburg	1st Mon. Jan. 1947	\$15 per day but not to exceed \$900 per annum and expenses
	Henry C. Wilke	Two Rivers	1st Mon. Jan. 1948	\$15 per day but not to exceed \$900 per annum and expenses
	H. A. von Oven	Beloit	1st Mon. Jan. 1949	\$15 per day but not to exceed \$900 per annum and expenses
*Basic Sciences, Board of Examiners in the	W. H. Barber	Ripon	April 1, 1945	\$10 per day and expenses
	Robert N. Bauer	Milwaukee	April 1, 1947	\$10 per day and expenses
	M. F. Guyer	Madison	April 1, 1949	\$10 per day and expenses
*Budget Director	C. Giessel	Madison	Indefinite	\$6,000
*Building and Loan Advisory Committee (in Banking Dept.)	A. Helmuth Koepke	Milwaukee	1st Mon. July 1944	Expenses
	William L. Pieplow	Milwaukee	1st Mon. July 1944	Expenses
	Charles M. Pors	Marshfield	1st Mon. July 1945	Expenses
	Robert J. Pittelkow	Milwaukee	1st Mon. July 1945	Expenses
	Fred Schulz	Racine	1st Mon. July 1946	Expenses
	Edward C. Schauer	Hartford	1st Mon. July 1947	Expenses
	A. C. Steinhauer	Madison	1st Mon. July 1947	Expenses
*Chiropractic, Board of Examiners in	E. M. Cardell	Kenosha	April 1, 1945	\$10 per day and expenses
	E. J. Wollschlaeger	La Crosse	April 1, 1947	\$10 per day and expenses
	H. M. Michler	Merrill	April 1, 1949	\$10 per day and expenses
*Conservation Commission	William J. P. Aberg	Madison	July 27, 1945	Expenses
	James Corcoran	Webster	July 27, 1945	Expenses
	Virgil Dickinsen	Augusta	July 27, 1947	Expenses
	Guido Rahr	Manitowoc	July 27, 1947	Expenses
	John C. Moreland	Hayward	July 27, 1949	Expenses
	Aldo Leopold	Madison	July 27, 1949	Expenses
*Council of Defense	Pierpont Wood	Janesville	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Gen. Ray B. Farrand	Delafield	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Lincoln Neprud	Viroqua	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Edward H. Krause	Milwaukee	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Dr. Robert W. Blumenthal	Milwaukee	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Leo Promen	Fond du Lac	Duration and 6 months	Expenses

* Appointments to this department require confirmation by the senate.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

² Per diem compensation shall not exceed \$3,000 per annum for the entire board.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
*Council of Defense —continued	James R. Durfee	Antigo	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	F. M. Tidmarsh	Manitowoc	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Maj. Harvey Vermilyea	Eau Claire	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	John B. Chapple	Ashland	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Marshall C. Graff	Appleton	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	William Nagorsne	Milwaukee	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Margaret T. Sharpe	Milwaukee	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Mrs. Harriet Hass	Madison	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Howard J. Underhill	Superior	Duration and 6 months	Expenses
	Walter S. Goodland <i>ex officio</i>			
	A. A. Kuechenmeister <i>ex officio</i>			
Dental Examiners, Board of	Dr. B. D. Ising	Oshkosh	May 2, 1944	\$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. W. H. Schaller	Milwaukee	May 2, 1945	\$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. S. F. Donovan	Tomah	May 2, 1946	\$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. Clarence H. Ruchti	Janesville	May 2, 1947	\$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. C. J. Baumann	Milwaukee	May 2, 1948	\$10 per day and expenses
*Employment Relations Board, Wisconsin	L. E. Gooding	Fond du Lac	May 12, 1945	\$5,000
	R. Floyd Green	La Crosse	May 12, 1947	\$5,000
	John E. Fitzgibbon	Milwaukee	May 12, 1949	\$5,000
****Engineer, State	Charles A. Halbert	Madison	Indefinite	\$5,000
Grain and Warehouse Commission	Peter Skamsner	Superior	1st Mon. Feb. 1945	\$3,600
	Fred R. Fisher	Waupaca	1st Mon. Feb. 1946	\$3,600
	Edward W. Richardson	Ladysmith	1st Mon. Feb. 1947	\$3,600
*Health, Board of	Dr. I. F. Thompson	Racine	1st Mon. Feb. 1945	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. A. E. Rector	Appleton	1st Mon. Feb. 1946	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. Carl W. Eberbach	Milwaukee	1st Mon. Feb. 1947	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. Stephen Cahana	Milwaukee	1st Mon. Feb. 1948	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. W. T. Clark	Janesville	1st Mon. Feb. 1949	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. Stephen Gavin	Fond du Lac	1st Mon. Feb. 1950	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. Gunnar Gunderson	La Crosse	1st Mon. Feb. 1951	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
*Highway Commission	D. J. Summerville	Ladysmith	March 1, 1947	\$6,500**
	Mike Mack	Shiocton	March 1, 1947	\$6,500**
	James R. Law	Madison	March 1, 1949	\$6,500
*Industrial Commission	C. L. Miler	Delavan	June 30, 1945	\$6,500**
	Harry J. Burezyk	Milwaukee	June 30, 1947	\$6,500**
	Voyta Wrabetz	Madison	June 30, 1949	\$6,500

* Appointments to this department require confirmation by the senate.

**Increased from \$5,000 by Chapter 551, Laws of 1943, effective July 31, 1943. Incumbents on that date receive \$5,000; successor appointed and qualifying after that date receive \$6,500.

**** Subject to civil service.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
Institute of Technology, Wisconsin, Board of Regents	Charles W. Stoops	Platteville	July 1, 1944	None
	John P. Lacke	Cuba City	July 1, 1946	None
*Insurance Commissioner	Morvin Duel	Fond du Lac	June 30, 1947	\$6,500**
****Interstate Coopera- tion, Commission on	A. E. Wegner	Madison	Indefinite	Expenses
	James R. Law	Madison	Indefinite	Expenses
	Frank N. Graass	Sturgeon Bay	Indefinite	Expenses
****Library Certification Board, Public	Helen S. Mathews***	De Pere	Jan. 1, 1936	None
	Margaret Biggert***	Berlin	Jan. 1, 1939	None
	One vacancy			
****Library Commission, Free	Jacob Heim	Racine	June 1, 1946	Expenses
	M. S. Dudgeon	Milwaukee	June 1, 1946	Expenses
Medical Examiners, Board of	Dr. Edward C. Murphy	Eau Claire	July 1, 1945	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. Anthony E. Ruffolo	Kenosha	July 1, 1945	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. H. H. Christofferson	Colby	July 1, 1945	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. Ernest W. Miller	Milwaukee	July 1, 1945	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. Charles A. Dawson	River Falls	July 1, 1947	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. Jessie P. Allen	Beloit	July 1, 1947	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
	Dr. John W. Smith	Milwaukee	July 1, 1947	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses
Dr. Raymond G. Arveson	Frederic	July 1, 1947	Not to exceed \$10 per day and expenses	
Memorial Hall, Custodian of	Stanley Dietz	Beloit	May 1, 1945	\$1,500
Metropolitan Sewerage Commission	Jacob Friedrich	Milwaukee	Indefinite	Expenses
	George H. Gabel	Shorewood	Indefinite	Expenses
	Henry G. Meigs	West Allis	Indefinite	Expenses
Milwaukee County Board of Trustees	George Hampel, Jr.***	Milwaukee	Aug. 1, 1942	Fixed by county board
Municipal Retirement Fund, Board of Trustees	Albert Schimming	Madison	Jan. 1, 1946	Expenses
	I. F. Knoebel	West Allis	Jan. 1, 1947	Expenses
	Orville Christianson	Eau Claire	Jan. 1, 1948	Expenses
	John Scanlon, Jr.	Menasha	Jan. 1, 1949	Expenses
	Morvin Duel, <i>ex officio</i>	Madison	Indefinite	Expenses
*Motor Vehicle Depart- ment, Commissioner of	Hugh M. Jones (On leave)	Bloomer	Sept. 7, 1945	\$5,000
	B. L. Marcus (Acting)			

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**Increased from \$5,000 by Chapter 551, Laws of 1943, effective July 31, 1943. Incumbents on that date receive \$5,000; successors appointed and qualifying after that date receive \$6,500.

*** Term has expired but no successor has been appointed.

**** Besides the members appointed by the Governor these boards have one or more members nearly all of whom are *ex officio*. For complete list of the members consult the descriptive articles dealing with these departments.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹	
****Normal Schools, Board of Regents.....	Edward J. Dempsey.....	Oshkosh.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1944	Expenses	
	James A. Richards.....	River Falls.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1944	Expenses	
	Dr. R. H. Dixon.....	Whitewater.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1945	Expenses	
	W. S. Delzell.....	Stevens Point.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1945	Expenses	
	Dr. George N. Sund- quist.....	Superior.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1946	Expenses	
	Mrs. Helen Harkness Eby.....	Madison.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1946	Expenses	
	Mrs. Dorris Marks.....	Milwaukee.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1947	Expenses	
	Elton S. Karrmann.....	Platteville.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1947	Expenses	
	Peter J. Smith.....	Eau Claire.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1948	Expenses	
	Roy C. Davidson.....	La Crosse.....	1st Mon. Feb. 1948	Expenses	
	Optometry, Board of Ex- aminers in.....	Earle W. Johnson.....	Berlin.....	August 9, 1944.....	\$8 per day and expenses
		Charles F. Behnke.....	Oshkosh.....	August 9, 1945.....	\$8 per day and expenses
Ottmar T. Beeck.....		Milwaukee.....	August 9, 1946.....	\$8 per day and expenses	
Dr. Newton E. W. Lenz.....		Waupun.....	August 9, 1947.....	\$8 per day and expenses	
Henry R. Tavs.....		Milwaukee.....	August 9, 1948.....	\$8 per day and expenses	
*****Personnel, Director of.....	A. J. Opstedal.....	Madison.....	Indefinite.....	\$5,000	
*Personnel, Board of.....	Lulu E. Nelson.....	Grantsburg.....	July 1, 1945.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
	William Ahrens.....	Milwaukee.....	July 1, 1947.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
	Lyall J. Pinkerton.....	Neenah.....	July 1, 1949.....	\$25 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
Pharmacy, Board of.....	J. P. Lee.....	Menomonie.....	April 12, 1944.....	\$5 per day and expenses	
	Oscar Rennebohm.....	Madison.....	April 12, 1945.....	\$5 per day and expenses	
	Sylvester H. Dretzka.....	So. Milwaukee.....	April 12, 1946.....	\$5 per day and expenses	
	Edwin Schweger.....	Green Bay.....	April 12, 1947.....	\$5 per day and expenses	
	Edith Schmitz.....	Platteville.....	April 12, 1948.....	\$5 per day and expenses	
****Planning Board, State.....	Hugh A. Harper.....	Lancaster.....	Indefinite.....	None	
	Charles B. Whitnall.....	Milwaukee.....	Indefinite.....	None	
	Vacancy.....				
Portage Levee Com- mission.....	William Louis Mohr.....	Portage.....	Duration of Com.	Expenses	
	George S. Long.....	Portage.....	Duration of Com.	Expenses	
	Charles Clemmons.....	Portage.....	Duration of Com.	Expenses	
*Public Service Com- mission.....	Reuben W. Peterson**.....	Berlin.....	1st Mon. Mar. 1945	\$6,500	
	Wildon F. Whitney**.....	Madison.....	1st Mon. Mar. 1947	\$6,500	
	L. H. Ashley**.....	Hudson.....	1st Mon. Mar. 1949	\$6,500	
*Public Welfare, State Board of.....	John M. McHale.....	Green Bay.....	Oct. 3, 1945.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
	Herman A. Kloppman.....	Crivitz.....	Oct. 3, 1945.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
	Dr. Leon A. Nowak.....	Milwaukee.....	Oct. 3, 1945.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	
	Mrs. Lydia Wallis Pettit.....	Racine.....	Oct. 3, 1947.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and ex- penses	

* Appointments to this department require confirmation by the senate.

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***** Subject to civil service.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
*Public Welfare, State Board of—continued	Charles H. Liehe.....	Chippewa Falls	Oct. 3, 1947.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. George R. Baker.....	Tomahawk.....	Oct. 3, 1949.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
	Dr. Wm. D. Stovall.....	Madison.....	Oct. 3, 1949.....	\$10 per day but not to exceed \$600 per annum and expenses
****Purchases, Director	F. X. Ritger.....	Madison.....	Indefinite.....	\$5,000
*Real Estate Brokers Board.....	J. S. Miller.....	Madison.....	July 12, 1945.....	\$10 per day and expenses
	Oscar A. Swenby.....	New Richmond.....	July 12, 1947.....	\$10 per day and expenses
	Frank E. Altendorf.....	Port Washington.....	July 12, 1949.....	\$10 per day and expenses
Research, Director of Departmental (in Executive Department).....	August Frey.....	Milwaukee.....	Indefinite.....	\$5,000
*Securities, Director Department of.....	Vern G. Zeller.....	Milwaukee.....	May 1, 1945.....	\$6,000
****Soil Conservation Committee.....	Mamre Ward.....	Durand.....	July 1, 1944.....	\$5 per day and expenses
	George Nygaard.....	Chaseburg.....	July 1, 1945.....	\$5 per day and expenses
	Paul Weis.....	Waunakee.....	July 1, 1946.....	\$5 per day and expenses
****Soldiers Rehabilitation Board.....	Dr. Erwin R. Schmidt.....	Madison.....	Feb. 2, 1949.....	Expenses
Supervisor of Inspectors, State.....	Lawrence C. Whittet.....	Edgerton.....	May 1, 1945.....	\$4,000
*Tax Appeals, Board of.....	William E. Thurston.....	Durand.....	1st Mon. May 1945.....	\$5,000
	Harry Slater.....	Milwaukee.....	1st Mon. May 1947.....	\$5,000
	George M. Sheldon.....	Tomahawk.....	1st Mon. May 1949.....	\$5,000
*Taxation, Commissioner of.....	A. E. Wegner.....	Madison.....	1st Mon. May 1945.....	\$7,000
****University of Wisconsin, Board of Regents.....	A. Matt Werner.....	Sheboygan.....	May 1, 1945.....	Expenses
	M. J. Cleary.....	Milwaukee.....	May 1, 1946.....	Expenses
	A. T. Holmes.....	La Crosse.....	May 1, 1947.....	Expenses
	F. J. Sensenbrenner.....	Neenah.....	May 1, 1948.....	Expenses
	John D. Jones, Jr.....	Mt. Pleasant.....	May 1, 1949.....	Expenses
	Walter Hodgkins.....	Ashland.....	May 1, 1950.....	Expenses
	Daniel H. Grady.....	Portage.....	May 1, 1951.....	Expenses
	William J. Campbell.....	Oshkosh.....	May 1, 1952.....	Expenses
	Leonard J. Kleczka.....	Milwaukee.....	May 1, 1953.....	Expenses
	****University of Wisconsin, Board of Visitors.....	Thurwald M. Beck.....	Racine.....	1st Mon. July 1945.....	None
Emory W. Krauthofer.....		Milwaukee.....	1st Mon. July 1946.....	None
Maude Maxwell.....				
Munroe.....		Baraboo.....	1st Mon. July 1947.....	None
*Veterans' Recognition Board.....	J. E. Joyce, Jr.....	Menomonie.....	Mar. 1, 1945.....	Expenses
	Jessel E. Whyte.....	Kenosha.....	Mar. 1, 1945.....	Expenses
	Dr. C. A. Dawson.....	River Falls.....	Mar. 1, 1947.....	Expenses
	W. H. Dougherty.....	Janesville.....	Mar. 1, 1947.....	Expenses
	James F. Burns.....	Wood.....	Mar. 1, 1949.....	Expenses
	Col. John F. Mullen ²	Madison.....	Indefinite.....	Expenses

*Appointments to this department require confirmation by the senate.

**** Besides the members appointed by the Governor these boards have one or more members nearly all of whom are *ex officio*. For a complete list of the members consult the descriptive articles dealing with these departments.

***** Subject to civil service.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

² Appointment does not require senate confirmation.

OFFICERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—Continued

Department	Name	Home Address	Term Expires	Salary or Compensation ¹
****Veterans Home, Wisconsin Bd. of Managers.	Mrs. May Luchsinger	Monroe	Dec. 12, 1945	Expenses
	Oswald C. Claus	Burlington	Sept. 19, 1947	Expenses
	August Frey	Madison	Sept. 19, 1947	Expenses
	William H. Zuehlke	Appleton	Sept. 19, 1947	Expenses
****Vocational and Adult Education, Board of	Robert L. Pierce	Menomonie	July 1, 1945	\$100 per year and expenses
	Peter T. Schoemann	Milwaukee	July 1, 1945	\$100 per year and expenses
	Jessel S. Whyte	Kenosha	July 1, 1945	\$100 per year and expenses
	Frank C. Horyza	Superior	July 1, 1947	\$100 per year and expenses
	Emil Waldo	Green Bay	July 1, 1947	\$100 per year and expenses
	Alfred A. Laun	Kiel	July 1, 1947	\$100 per year and expenses
	John Wiechers	Racine	July 1, 1949	\$100 per year and expenses
	Fred Vogt	Milwaukee	July 1, 1949	\$100 per year and expenses
	Michael G. Eberlein	Shawano	July 1, 1949	\$100 per year and expenses
Watchmaking, Board of Examiners in	R. Lees Avery***	Appleton	May 15, 1943	\$10 per day and expenses
	Ralph Young	La Crosse	May 15, 1944	\$10 per day and expenses
	Erwin J. Metzke	Milwaukee	May 15, 1945	\$10 per day and expenses
	C. G. Anderson	Milwaukee	May 15, 1946	\$10 per day and expenses
	B. W. Heald	Milwaukee	May 15, 1947	\$10 per day and expenses
Waterways Commission, Wisconsin Deep	William G. Bruce	Milwaukee	Life of Commission	Expenses
	Herman L. Ekern	Madison	Life of Commission	Expenses
	Charles A. Halbert	Madison	Life of Commission	Expenses

*** Term has expired but no successor has been appointed.

**** Besides the members appointed by the Governor these boards have one or more members nearly all of whom are *ex officio*. For a complete list of the members consult the descriptive articles dealing with these departments.

¹ Where a per diem compensation is indicated, board members are paid only for the time actually spent in the performance of their official duties.

The State Government
Legislative Branch

THE LEGISLATURE

Total personnel: 133 members, 4 officers (besides the Lieutenant Governor and the Speaker), 104 employes.

Publications: Journals of each house (daily during sessions and in bound form after their close); Manuals of each house (giving rules); Official Legislative Manual and Directory; bulletins of committee hearings (weekly during sessions by each house); Bulletin of Proceedings (weekly during sessions after first five weeks and in bound form after close); calendars (daily during sessions for use of members); bills, joint resolutions; amendments to bills and joint resolutions; acts; session laws (published by the Secretary of State after close of sessions); interim committee reports. (All of the above publications except the session laws will be mailed as they appear for \$25 per session paid to the Secretary of State for this service, or the acts alone, as published, for \$5. Single copies of these publications can be obtained, while the supply lasts, from members of the legislature or the Legislative Reference Library. The session laws are sold by the director of purchases at cost.)

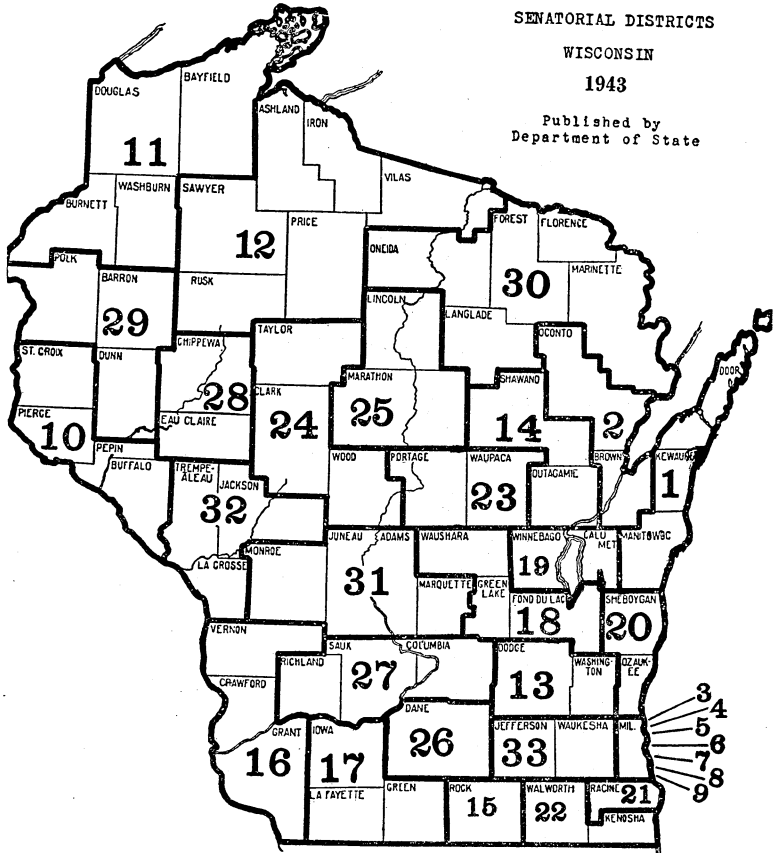
The Wisconsin Legislature consists of two houses, the senate and the assembly. The members of each house are elected by the people in the November general election from districts into which the state is divided by legislative act after each federal census.

There are 33 senators who are elected for terms of four years. The 16 senators who represent even-numbered districts are elected in the years in which presidential elections occur and the 17 who represent odd-numbered districts, in the even-numbered years in which there are no presidential elections. There are 100 members in the assembly who are elected for two-year terms. At present both senators and assemblymen receive \$100 per month throughout their term of office. In addition they receive 10 cents per mile for one journey to and from the capitol during each session. For special sessions or for interim committee service they receive no additional compensation.

Regular sessions of the legislature are held in each odd-numbered year and begin on the second Wednesday in January. These regular sessions usually last about six months, and during such sessions the legislature may act upon any subject within the functions of the state government. After adjournment of the regular session the Governor may call a special session which can act only upon matters specifically mentioned in the call of the Governor. Since 1915 there have been 12 special sessions, the longest of which lasted two and one-half months.

Each house elects its own officers, except that the Lieutenant Governor, under the Constitution, is the president of the senate with power to cast a vote in case of tie. The corresponding officer in the

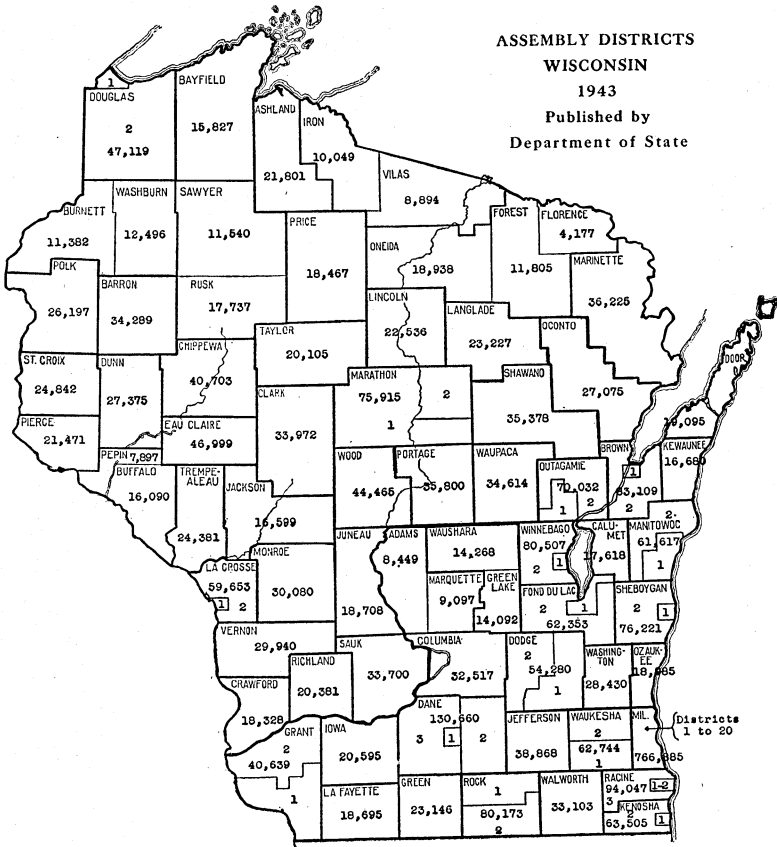
assembly is the speaker, who is an assemblyman elected by the members. The other officers are a chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms in each house who are elected by the members. All the employes of the legislature are appointed under civil service rules. These employes are under the direction of the chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms of the respective houses.



Meetings of the legislature are held in the senate and assembly chambers in the state capitol. Under rules of the houses daily sessions are held which, unless otherwise ordered, begin at 10 a. m. and usually last until noon or a little later. Frequently the houses begin work earlier than 10 a. m. and they often hold night sessions. Toward the end of each regular session the houses meet practically continuously.

The afternoons of each day, until near the close of the session, are devoted to committee hearings. The assembly has 23 standing com-

mittees and the senate nine. Six of the assembly committees and two of the senate committees, however, have other functions than the consideration of bills. Appointment to senate committees is made upon the recommendation of a Committee on Committees elected by the senate. The speaker of the assembly appoints the committees of that body. In the senate there is a rule that each senator must be



appointed to one and only one of the committees to which bills are referred, while in the assembly some members serve on more than one. The most important committee of the two houses is the Joint Committee on Finance made up of members from both the senate and assembly. It acts and votes on all matters jointly. Other committees frequently arrange joint hearings but act independently upon all measures.

All bills when introduced in the legislature are referred to committees which conduct hearings every afternoon at 2 p. m., usually in

a room in the state capitol assigned to the particular committee. These hearings are announced in the bulletins of committee hearings which appear each Friday and list the hearings for the coming week.

In addition to the regular committees special committees are appointed during each legislative session which study special problems or conduct special investigations. One or more interim committees are usually created each session to investigate particular subjects. They function between legislative sessions and report their findings and make recommendations to the next legislature. Bills are never referred to interim committees and very seldom to special committees.

All bills and joint resolutions introduced in the legislature are printed, usually within one day after introduction. Under the Wisconsin procedure every bill introduced is given a public hearing, is reported upon by the committee to which it was referred, and is voted on in the house of its introduction—in both houses unless “killed” in the first. Amendments may be reported by the committee to which the measure was referred or may be offered by a member on the floor when it comes up for consideration. If passed by one house a bill is sent to the other and goes through the same course in the second house. If concurred in, it is enrolled (i.e., printed in act form), signed by the presiding officers of the two houses and the chief clerk of the house in which it originated, and delivered by such clerk to the Governor. The Governor, within six days not counting Sundays or holidays, must either approve or veto the measure, except at the close of the session, when the bills die automatically unless signed by the Governor. If approved, he reports this fact to the house in which the bill originated and files the original copy which carries his signature with the Secretary of State. If vetoed, he sends a veto message to the house in which the bill originated. This ends the bill unless it is repassed by a two-thirds vote in each house. After passage and approval by the Governor, acts are published in the official state paper, and usually take effect on the day following such publication, but may take effect at some other time as specified in the measure.

Each house of the legislature keeps a complete record of its proceedings known as the journal. No verbatim record is kept of the debates in either house, nor of the statements made by persons appearing at committee hearings. A record is kept, however, of the names of the persons appearing at committee hearings, which after the session is filed in the office of the Secretary of State, together with the bill and the votes thereon.

The acts passed by the legislature are published, usually on the day after their approval, in the official state paper, now the *Wisconsin State Journal*. Later the session laws are issued in book form by the Secretary of State, and soon thereafter the Revisor of Statutes issues the biennial Wisconsin Statutes in one volume which contains all of the permanent general statutes of the state, including those enacted at the last legislative session.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE, 1943

Walter S. Goodland, Lieutenant Governor, Racine.....	President
Conrad Shearer, Kenosha.....	President pro tem
Lawrence R. Larsen, Racine.....	Chief Clerk
Emil A. Hartman, Madison.....	Sergeant-at-Arms ¹
Harold Damon, Wausau.....	Acting Sergeant-at-Arms

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Agriculture and Labor—Laird (chairman), Cashman, Jacklin, Lappen, Olson.

Committee on Committees—Murray (chairman), Fellenz, Miller.

Contingent Expenditures—Brown (chairman), Carroll, Hipke.

Corporations and Taxation—Murray (chairman), Busby, Fellenz, Gawronski, Leverich.

Education and Public Welfare—Freehoff (chairman), Downing, Risser, Robinson, Shearer.

Highways—Miller (chairman), McNeight, Panzer.

Judiciary—Byrnes (chairman), Buchen, Fellenz, Madsen, Tehan.

Legislative Procedure—Shearer (chairman), Brown, Byrnes, Fellenz, Freehoff, Gettelman, Laird, Lewis, Miller, Murray, Schlabach.

Military Affairs—Gettelman (chairman), Brown, Hilker, Leverich, Robinson.

State and Local Government—Schlabach (chairman), Carroll, Gettelman, Peterson, Zablocki.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, 1943

Vernon W. Thomson, Richland Center.....	Speaker
Arthur L. May, Madison.....	Chief Clerk
Norris J. Kellman, Galesville.....	Sergeant-at-Arms

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY

Agriculture—Ora R. Rice (chairman), Barnard, Cook, Ebert, Gunderson, Keegan, Long, Miller, Mleziva, Sweeney, Sykes.

Commerce and Manufactures—Grassman (chairman), Austin, Barnard, Larson, Nawrocki, Riley, Vogel.

Conservation—Heden (chairman), Angwall, Boyson, Lenroot, Meunier, Rundell, Youngs.

Contingent Expenditures—Benson (chairman), Brom, Graf, Pyszczyński, Wegner.

Education—Goldthorpe (chairman), Christman, Clark, Greene, Hamlin, Long, Padrutt, Rundell, Wheelock.

Elections—Nuss (chairman), Brunner, Fritzen, Genzmer, Graf, Vogel, Youngs.

Engrossed Bills—Youngblood (chairman), Ebert, Luebke.

Enrolled Bills—Nelson (chairman), Hamlin, Waller.

Excise and Fees—Schmitz (chairman), Christensen, Feierstein, Kostuck, Larson, Siebert, Westfahl.

Highways—McDowell (chairman), Hanson, Keegan, Lueck, Pritchard, Siebert, Youngblood.

¹ Deceased October 30, 1943.

Insurance and Banking—McBride (chairman), Canniff, Catlin, Chapple, McParland, Peabody, Pfennig, Spearbraker, Van De Zande.

Judiciary—Catlin (chairman), Beggs, Burmaster, Double, Fisher, McBride, McParland, Nuss, Pfennig, Rice, Woodhead.

Labor—Cook (chairman), Engebretson, Goldthorpe, Gunderson, Squires, Sweeney, Tank, Wegner, Zoller.

Municipalities—Double (chairman), Brom, Clasen, Collar, Heden, Keppler, Krause, Luedtke, Rohan, Varda, Wheelock.

Printing—Chapple (chairman), Lenroot, Markey, Mullen, Woerth.

Public Welfare—Hanson (chairman), Finch, Foley, Hammergren, McDowell, Pritchard, Squires.

Revision—Collar (chairman), Angwall, McCutchin, Meunier, Westfahl.

Rules—McDowell (chairman), Catlin, Genzmer, McBride, Speaker, Ex officio.

State Affairs—Austin (chairman), Baker, Boyson, Brunner, Kryszak, Lueck, Pyszczyński, Runden, Schmitz, Schreiber, Woerth.

Taxation—Ludvigsen (chairman), Baker, Frazell, Graf, Lynch, Mleziva, Runden.

Third Reading—Miller (chairman), Kryszak, Peabody.

Transportation—Hammergren (chairman), Clark, Krause, O'Connell, Riley, Ryzek, Van De Zande.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES

Finance—Senators: Lewis (chairman), Brown, Hampel, Hilker, Hipke, Assemblymen: McIntyre (chairman), Benson, Daugs, Fritzen, Grassman, Ludvigsen, Nelson, Nicol, Spearbraker.

Revisions, Repeals and Uniform Laws—Senators: Buchen (chairman), Madsen. Assemblymen: Nuss (chairman), Burmaster, R. M. Rice.

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES

Interim

APPOINTED BY THE 1943 LEGISLATURE

Industrial School for Boys (Jt. Res. 42, S and 84, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Hipke, *chairman*; Lappen; Tehan.

Assemblymen: Clark; Clasen; Cook; Keegan; Westfahl.

Appropriation: \$2,000 from the general fund (Chapter 559, Laws of 1943)

Report: Preliminary report, Senate Journal, January 22, 1944.

Interest Charges and Loan Methods of Loaning Institutions (Jt. Res. 21, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Byrnes, *chairman*; Downing; Jacklin.

Assemblymen: Double; Finch; Mullen; Thomson.

Appropriation: \$3,000 from the general fund (Chapter 559, Laws of 1943)

Report: None in 1943.

Postwar Planning (Chapter 417, Laws of 1943)

Members

Senators: Freehoff, *chairman*; Hilker; Panzer.

Assemblymen: Grassman; Hammergren; Ludvigsen; McParland.

Appropriation: \$5,000 from the general fund.

Report: Senate Journal, January 12, 1944; Assembly Journal, January 12, 1944.

Relief Laws: Revising and Codifying (Jt. Res. 40, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Brown, *chairman*; Buchen; Olson.

Assemblymen: Benson; Hanson; Youngblood.

Appropriation: \$2,000 from the general fund (Chapter 559, Laws of 1943)

Road Program for the State (Chapters 540 and 566, Laws of 1943)

Members

Senators: Miller, *chairman*; Fellenz; Gettelman.

Assemblymen: McDowell; Peabody; Spearbraker.

Ex officio: chairman of State Highway Commission; state highway engineer.

Appropriation: \$10,000 from the general fund.

Report: None in 1943.

State Aids and Income Tax (Jt. Res. 31, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: McNeight, *chairman*; Gawronski; Leverich.

Assemblymen: Fritzen; Pritchard; Wheelock.

Appropriation: \$2,000 from the general fund (Chapter 559, Laws of 1943)

Report: None in 1943.

State Budget System (Jt. Res. 49, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Laird, *chairman*; Brown; Robinson.

Assemblymen: Lenroot, secretary; Luedtke; Pfennig; Runden.

Ex officio: chairman of senate finance committee (Senator Lewis); chairman of assembly finance committee (Assemblyman McIntyre).

Appropriation: \$5,000 from the general fund (Chapter 559, Laws of 1943)

Report: None in 1943.

Welfare and Rehabilitation of Veterans of World War II (Jt. Res. 53, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Murray, *chairman*; Hampel; Schlabach.

Assemblymen: Nelson; Nicol; Rice, O. R.; Varda.

Appropriation: \$2,000 from the general fund (Chapter 417, Laws of 1943)

Report: None in 1943.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES

To Report to the 1943 Legislature

Joint

Civil Service Personnel Problems (Jt. Res. 14, A, 1943)

Members

Senators: Freehoff, *chairman*; Peterson; Robinson.

Assemblymen: Benson; Nicol; Thomson; Varda.

Report: Assembly Journal, 1943, pp. 1310-1313.

Industrial School for Girls (Jt. Res. 17, A, 1943)

Members

Senators: Lewis, *chairman*; Gawronski; Hipke.

Assemblymen: Foley; Hanson; Krause; Pritchard; Van De Zande.

Report: Senate Journal, 1943, pp. 1322-1324; Assembly Journal, 1943, pp. 1630-1632.

Pressure Groups and Lobbyists (Jt. Res. 38, S, 1943)

Members

Senate: None.

Assemblymen: Austin; Fisher; McBride.

Report: None.

State Aid to High Schools (Jt. Res. 62, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Schlabach, *chairman*; Byrnes; McNeight.

Assemblymen: Christman; Clark; Hanson.

Report: Senate Journal, June 16, 1943, p. 1248.

OTHER SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Joint

Brother Joseph Dutton Centennial Memorial (Jt. Res. 68, A, 1943)

Members

Senator: Robinson.

Assemblymen: Engebretson; Nuss.

Mississippi River Pollution (Jt. Res. 18, S, 1925: continued by each succeeding legislature and Chapter 301, Laws of 1935)

Members

Assemblyman: Ex-assemblyman Swanson.

Two vacancies: one senator; one assemblyman.

Report: None in 1943.

Quint Fleet Launching at Superior (Jt. Res. 32, A, 1943)

Members

Senators: Buchen; Carroll; Laird.

Assemblymen: Angwall; Christman; Heden; Lenroot; Spearbraker.

School Consolidation Bills (Jt. Res. 50, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Miller, *chairman*; Freehoff; Panzer.

Assemblymen: Long; McDowell; Nicol.

Swiss Centennial Committee (Jt. Res. 60, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Olson, *chairman*; Lewis; Robinson.

Assemblymen: Baker; Keegan; McDowell; Miller; Rice, O. R.

Of One House

Division of Departmental Research (Res. 22, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Fellenz, *chairman*; Schlabach; Tehan.

Report: None.

Milk Fat Content of Ice Cream (Res. 35, A, 1943)

Members

Assemblymen: McBride, *chairman*; Austin; Kryszak; Nuss; Pfennig.

Report: None.

Norwegian Settlement Centennial (Res. 40, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Cashman; Olson; Panzer.

Senate Rules, Revision of (Res. 30, S, 1943)

Members

Senators: Shearer; Busby; Carroll; Risser; Zablocki.

Report: None in 1943.

APPOINTED IN PART BY THE GOVERNOR*Flood Disaster Committee* (Chapter 467, Laws of 1943)

Members: Acting Governor Walter S. Goodland, *chairman*; Senator Schla-
bach; Assemblyman Hanson; a representative of the Public Service
Commission (Adolph Kanneberg); director of regional planning
(M. W. Torkelson); a representative of the University of Wisconsin
(Noble Clark).

Appropriation: \$50,000 from the general fund.

Report: None in 1943.

EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE**Staff of the Chief Clerk**

Thomas M. Donahue, Kenosha-----Assistant Chief Clerk

Legislative Stenographers

Patrick H. Fass, Milwaukee	George Neuhauser, Madison
Gerald A. Gruen, Tomah	Clara Y. Reick, Madison
Richard C. Hungate, Jr., Madison	Rosanna Roche, Madison
Irene M. Jennings, Madison	Frank J. Roub, Monroe
Kenneth A. Ludeking, Wilton	Frank E. Simon, Madison
Pearl McMurray, Madison	Duane M. Smith, Baraboo

Legislative Clerks

Thomas C. Johnson, South Wayne	Joseph S. Pitts, River Falls
Raymond J. McAdams, Watertown	Melvin A. Rawson, Sheboygan
Earl McHatton, Hollandale	Charles G. Riley, Madison
Lloyd R. Newman, New Diggings	Hanford A. Wesley, Iola

Staff of the Sergeant-at-Arms**Legislative Clerks**

Harold Damon, Wausau, assistant sergeant-at-arms	Wm. J. Karberg, Madison
	Fred Wehmeier, Milwaukee
Alfred S. Gormley, Madison	

Legislative Messengers

Edward C. Babcock, Madison*	Robert J. Lang, Kimberly*
Paul J. Bennett, Madison	Robert C. Leverich, Sparta*
Wm. J. Brinkley, Madison	A. J. Oelmiller, Madison
Wm. J. Brinkley, Jr., Madison*	Richard Pease, Racine*
Franklin J. Clifford, Evansville	Reuben W. Peterson, Jr., Berlin
Howard M. Green, Janesville*	John R. Petrus, Highland
Earl O. Himley, Madison	Winfield Sanborn, Madison
John R. Holden, Boscobel	Frank Stayduhar, Milwaukee
Bernard Johnson, Stevens Point*	John G. Vergeront, Madison*

* Part-time employes.

EMPLOYEES OF THE ASSEMBLY**Staff of the Chief Clerk**

Edward J. Walden, Readfield-----Assistant Chief Clerk
 Joseph S. Einberger-----Secretary to the Chief Clerk

Legislative Stenographers

Francis Bannen, Boscobel	Arnold H. Mulhern, Dalton
Helen Brisco, Madison	Clair Mulhern, Montello
Audrey Buchholz, Madison	Dorothy Ryan, Madison
Eleanor H. Kilp, Madison	Arthur Stofen, Madison
Esther Liefke, Madison	George Voramvald, Madison

Legislative Typists

John Bier, Mount Horeb	Frank D. Nikolay, Abbotsford
	Howard Guth, Adell

Legislative Clerks

William Atkinson, Madison	Ivan Lake, Madison
Otis Bersing, Blair	Peter Leon, Milwaukee
Edmund Buehler, Alma	Conrad A. Lewis, Madison
Edson Gibbard, Berlin	Claude Lyons, Madison
Harold Hebblethwaite, Madison	W. Wrenn O'Connell, Madison
Clinton V. Hovary, Darlington	Turon Pease, Richland Center
Mark R. Kilp, Oshkosh	Albert Shimek, Algoma

Voting Machine Operator

Norman Berggren, Madison

Messenger

Varley S. Bond, Madison

Staff of the Sergeant-at-Arms**Legislative Clerks**

Phil K. Lator, Oregon, assistant sergeant-at-arms	Arthur Mockrud, Westby
	Claude Watson, Livingston
	Forrest Kellman, Madison

Legislative Messengers

Chris Anderson, Madison	John Madden, Janesville
Paul Caldwell, Two Rivers	Spencer Markham, Horicon
Charles Dietz, Monroe	Hasley Monk, Wausau
Leo Donovan, Madison	Richard J. O'Meara, Madison
Elton Friedell, Viroqua	Wm. C. Parsons, Madison
Harry W. Gallup, Galesville	Graydon Ranger, Westby
James Gillet, Milwaukee	Francis Rank, Omro
Chester Glodoske, Stevens Point	Francis Stewart, Richland Center
Roman Heilman, Madison	Theodore Swanson, Ellsworth
William Kellman, Madison	Michael Timbers, Mauston
Robert Laszewski, Stevens Point	Vane Weidenkopf, Madison
John Lenahan, Madison	Allan Wierman, Waldo
	Leslie Livingston, Livingston

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PRESS

C. K. Alexander	-----	The Wisconsin Taxpayer
A. D. Bolens	-----	Wisconsin Statesman
Wm. Bollenbeck	-----	Sheboygan Press
C. H. Crownhart	-----	Wisconsin Medical Journal
Phillip Drotning	-----	Wisconsin State Journal
William T. Evjue	-----	Capital Times
L. H. Fitzpatrick	-----	Wisconsin State Journal
Jerry Freeman	-----	United Press
Gaylord P. Godwin	-----	United Press
Charles W. Holmburg	-----	Capital Times
Kenneth Hopping	-----	Associated Press
Rex Karney	-----	Wisconsin State Journal
Roy E. Kubista	-----	Wisconsin State Employe
Gordon E. Lewis	-----	Wisconsin Tax News
Della Loui	-----	The Prairie Farmer
F. N. MacMillin	-----	The Municipality
Roy E. Matson	-----	Wisconsin State Journal
Everett K. Melvin	-----	Chicago Tribune
Don R. Millar	-----	Milwaukee Sentinel
William A. Norris	-----	Milwaukee Sentinel
J. Craig Ralston	-----	Milwaukee Journal
Aldric Revell	-----	Capital Times
Morris H. Rubin	-----	The Progressive
Willard Smith	-----	Wisconsin State Journal
George Stephenson	-----	Capital Times
George Tagatz	-----	Associated Press
Havens Wilber	-----	Capital Times
Anthony Wirry	-----	Associated Press
John Wyngaard	-----	Green Press Gazette, Appleton Post-Crescent
Carl Zielke	-----	Wisconsin Press Association

LENGTH OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS

Year	Length of Session	Calendar Days	Measures Introduced			Laws Enacted
			Bills	Joint Resolutions	Resolutions	
1848	June 5—Aug. 21	78	217			155
1849	Jan. 10—April 2	83	428			220
1850	Jan. 9—Feb. 11	34	438			284
1851	Jan. 8—Mar. 17	69	707			407
1852	Jan. 14—April 19	97	813			504
1853	Jan. 12—June 13	153	1,145			521
1854	Jan. 11—April 3	83	880			437
1855	Jan. 10—April 2	83	955			500
1856	Jan. 9—Mar. 31					
	Sept. 3—Oct. 14	125	1,242			688
1857	Jan. 14—Mar. 9	55	895			517
1858	Jan. 13—Mar. 31					
	April 10—May 17	116	1,364	157	342	436
1859	Jan. 12—Mar. 21	69	986	113	143	680
1860	Jan. 11—April 2	83	1,024	69	246	489
1861	Jan. 9—April 17	99	857	100	235	387
1861	Spec. Sess. May 15-27	13	28	24	23	13
1862	Jan. 8—June 17	161	1,008	125	207	514
1862	Spec. Sess. Sept. 10-26	17	43	25	37	17
1863	Jan. 14—April 2	79	895	101	157	383
1864	Jan. 13—April 4	83	835	66	141	509
1865	Jan. 11—April 10	90	1,132	82	190	565
1866	Jan. 10—April 2	93	1,107	64	208	733
1867	Jan. 9—April 11	93	1,161	97	161	790
1868	Jan. 8—Mar. 6	59	987	73	119	692
1869	Jan. 13—Mar. 11	58	887	52	81	657
1870	Jan. 12—Mar. 17	65	1,043	54	89	666
1871	Jan. 11—Mar. 25	74	1,066	55	82	671
1872	Jan. 10—Mar. 26	77	709	79	124	322
1873	Jan. 8—Mar. 20	72	611	62	122	308
1874	Jan. 14—Mar. 12	58	688	91	111	349
1875	Jan. 13—Mar. 6	53	637	39	93	344
1876	Jan. 12—Mar. 14	63	715	57	115	415
1877	Jan. 10—Mar. 8	58	720	59	95	384
1878	Jan. 9—June 7	150	735	79	134	342
1878	Extra Sess. June 4-7	4	6	14	10	5
1879	Jan. 8—Mar. 5	57	610	49	105	256
1880	Jan. 14—Mar. 17	64	669	58	93	323
1881	Jan. 12—April 14	83	780	104	100	334
1882	Jan. 11—Mar. 31	80	728	57	90	330
1883	Jan. 10—April 4	85	705	75	100	360
1885	Jan. 14—April 13	90	963	97	108	471
1887	Jan. 12—April 15	94	1,293	114	60	553
1889	Jan. 9—April 19	101	1,355	136	82	529
1891	Jan. 14—April 25	102	1,216	137	91	483
1892	Spec. Sess. June 28-July 1	4	3	7	1	1
1892	Spec. Sess. Oct. 17-26	10	8	6	14	2
1893	Jan. 11—April 20	100	1,124	135	86	312
1895	Jan. 9—April 20	102	1,154	139	88	387
1896	Spec. Sess. Feb. 18-28	11	3	10	15	1
1897	Jan. 13—Aug. 20	220	1,077	155	39	381
1899	Jan. 11—May 4	114	910	113	40	355
1901	Jan. 9—May 15	127	1,091	81	39	470
1903	Jan. 14—May 25	130	1,115	65	81	451
1905	Spec. Sess. Dec. 4-19	16	24	15	26	17
1905	Jan. 11—June 21	162	1,357	134	101	523
1907	Jan. 9—July 18	189	1,685	205	84	677
1909	Jan. 13—June 18	157	1,567	213	49	550
1911	Jan. 11—July 15	186	1,710	267	37	665
1912	Spec. Sess. April 30-May 6	7	41	7	6	22
1913	Jan. 8—Aug. 9	214	1,847	175	79	778
1915	Jan. 13—Aug. 24	224	1,560	220	79	637
1916	Spec. Sess. Oct. 10-11	2	2	8	4	2
1917	Jan. 10—July 16	188	1,439	229	115	679
1918	Spec. Sess. Feb. 19-Mar. 9	19	27	22	28	16
1918	Spec. Sess. Sept. 24-25	2	2	6	9	2
1919	Jan. 8—July 30	204	1,350	268	100	703
1919	Spec. Sess. Sept. 4-8	5	7	4	6	7
1920	Spec. Sess. May 25-June 4	11	46	10	22	32
1921	Jan. 12—July 14	184	1,199	207	93	591

LENGTH OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS—Continued

Year	Length of Session	Calendar Days	Measures Introduced			Laws Enacted
			Bills	Joint Resolutions	Resolutions	
1922	Spec. Sess. Mar. 22-28.....	7	10	7	12	4
1923	Jan. 10—July 14.....	186	1,247	215	93	449
1925	Jan. 14—June 29.....	167	1,144	200	115	454
1926	Spec. Sess. April 15-16.....	2	1	8	12	1
1927	Jan. 12—Aug. 13.....	214	1,341	235	167	542
1928	Spec. Sess. Jan. 24-Feb 4.....	12	20	35	23	5
1928	Spec. Sess. Mar. 6-13.....	8	13	9	17	2
1929	Jan. 9—Sept. 20.....	255	1,366	278	185	530
1931	Jan. 14—June 27.....	165	1,429	291	160	487
1931	Spec. Sess. Nov. 24, '31— Feb. 5, '32.....	74	99	93	83	31
1933	Jan. 11—July 25.....	196	1,411	324	157	496
1933	Spec. Sess. Dec. 11, '33— Feb. 3, '34.....	55	45	160	53	25
1935	Jan. 9—Sept. 27.....	262	1,662	346	190	556
1937	Jan. 13—July 2.....	171	1,404	228	127	432
1937	Spec. Sess. Sept. 15—Oct. 16.....	32	28	18	23	15
1939	Jan. 11—Oct. 6.....	270	1,559	268	133	535
1941	Jan. 8—June 6.....	151	1,368	160	109	333
1943	Jan. 13—Aug. 3, 1943.....					
1943	Jan. 12—Jan. 22, 1944.....	214	1,153	202	135	577

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE

From 1937 to 1943

For 1848 to 1913, see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1915.

For 1915 see Biographical List in Wisconsin Blue Book, 1915.

For 1917 to 1925, see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1927.

For 1927 to 1935, see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935.

SENATORS

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Anderson, John A.	Barron	29	1937
Bolens, Harry W.	Port Washington	20	1937, 39
Brown, Taylor G.	Oshkosh	19	1939, 41, 43
Buchen, Gustave W.	Sheboygan	20	1941, 43
Busby, Allen J.	Milwaukee	8	1937, 39, 41, 43**
Byrnes, John W.	Green Bay	2	1941, 43
Callan, James L.	Milwaukee	9	1937
Carroll, James H.	Glidden	12	1941, 43
Cashman, John E.	Denmark	1	1937, 41, 43
Clancy, Joseph	Racine	21	1937**
Coakley, Maurice P.	Beloit	15	1937, 39, 41
Coller, Amrose B.	Necedah	31	1939, 41
Connors, A. J.	Barron	29	1939, 41
Dempsey, Chester E.	Hartland	33	1937
Downing, Philip	Amberg	30	1941, 43
Duel, Morvin	Fond du Lac	18	1937, 39
Engebretson, George	South Wayne	17	1937
Fellenz, Louis J., Jr.	Fond du Lac	18	1941, 43
Fisher, Fred R.	Waupaca	23	1939, 41
Freehoff, William A.	Waukesha	33	1939, 41, 43
Galasinski, Max J.	Milwaukee	7	1937**
Gawronski, Anthony P.	Milwaukee	7	1939, 41, 43
Gettelman, Bernhard	Milwaukee	5	1939, 41, 43
Greenquist, Kenneth L.	Racine	21	1939, 41
Hampel, George	Milwaukee	6	1937, 39, 41, 43**
Hilker, Edward F.	Racine	21	1943* **
Hipke, George H.	Stanley	28	1941, 43* **
Ingram, G. Erle	Eau Claire	28	1937, 39**
Jacklin, Harley M.	Plover	23	1943
Kannenberg, Roland E.	Wausau	15	1937
Knowles, Warren P.	New Richmond	20	1941, 43
Kresky, Michael F.	Green Bay	2	1937, 39
Laird, Melvin R.	Marshfield	24	1941, 43
Lappen, John F.	Appleton	14	1943
Leverich, Earl	Sparta	31	1937, 43
Lewis, Helmar A.	Boscobel	16	1941, 43
Lovelace, Carl	South Wayne	17	1939, 41
McDermid, Joseph E.	Ladysmith	12	1937, 39
McNeight, William H.	Unity	25	1943
Mack, Michael A.	Shiocton	14	1937, 39, 41
Madsen, Charles D.	Luck	29	1943
Miller, Jess	Richland Center	27	1939, 41, 43
Morris, Oscar H.	Milwaukee	4	1937, 39
Morrissey, Pierce A.	Rush Lake	19	1937
Mueller, Otto	Wausau	25	1939, 41
Murray, Milton T.	Milwaukee	4	1941, 43* **
Nelson, Philip E.	Maple	11	1937, 39, 41
Olson, Melvin J.	South Wayne	17	1943
Panzer, Frank E.	Oakfield	13	1937, 43**
Paulson, Oscar S.	La Crosse	32	1937, 39
Peters, Jesse M.	Hartford	13	1939, 41
Peterson, Elmer C.	Superior	11	1943* **
Risser, Fred	Madison	26	1937, 39, 41, 43
Roethe, Edward J.	Fennimore	16	1937, 39
Robinson, Robert P.	Beloit	15	1943
Rowlands, E. Merwyn	Cambria	27	1937**
Rush, Walter J.	Neillsville	24	1937, 39
Sauld, Ernest G.	Pembine	30	1937, 39
Schlabach, Rudolph M.	La Crosse	32	1941, 43*

SENATORS—Continued

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Schoenecker, Harold V.	Milwaukee	5	1937
Severson, Herman J.	Iola	23	1937
Shearer, Conrad	Kenosha	22	1937, 39, 41, 43**
Tehan, Robert E.	Milwaukee	9	1943*
White, Kenneth S.	River Falls	10	1937, 39
Yindra, Francis A.	Manitowoc	1	1939* **
Young, Cornelius T.	Milwaukee	9	1939, 41* **
Zablocki, Clement J.	Milwaukee	3	1943
Zimny, Arthur L.	Milwaukee	3	1937, 39, 41

* See List of Assemblymen.

** See List of Assemblymen, Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935.

ASSEMBLYMEN

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Alfonsi, Paul R.	Pence	Iron, Vilas	1937, 39
Angwall, Orin W.	Marinette	Marinette	1943
AuBuchon, W. H.	Merrill	Lincoln	1941
Austin, Arthur E.	Rio	Columbia	1939, 41, 43
Baker, Albert J.	Mount Horeb	Dane, 3rd	1937, 41, 43
Balzer, Arthur J.	West Allis	Milwaukee, 3rd	1937, 39
Barber, Joseph L.	Marathon	Marathon, 1st	1937
Barnard, Charles R.	Brillion	Calumet	1941, 43
Barnes, William H.	New Lisbon	Juneau	1937, 39
Beggs, Charles A.	Rice Lake	Barron	1937
Beggs, Lyall T.	Madison	Dane, 1st	1941, 43
Benson, Guy	Spooner	Burnett, Washburn	1939, 41, 43
Bergren, Harry B.	Siren	Burnett, Washburn	1937
Berquist, Henry J.	Rhineland	Florence, Forest, Oneida	1937, 39, 41
Biehler, Nicholas J.	Belgium	Ozaukee	1937, 39, 41
Biemiller, Andrew J.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 2nd	1937, 39, 41
Blomquist, Edwin W.	Adams	Adams, Marquette	1937
Boyd, Robert H.	Wautoma	Green Lake, Waushara	1941, 43
Brom, Martin D.	Dodge	Trempealeau	1941, 43
Brunner, Pat W.	Lyndon Station	Juneau	1941, 43
Budlong, Charles A.	Marinette	Marinette	1937, 39
Burmester, Milton F.	Wauwatosa	Milwaukee, 20th	1943
Burns, Robert H.	Ladysmith	Rusk, Sawyer	1939, 41
Canniff, Jesse A.	Beaver Dam	Dodge, 2nd	1943
Carlson, Laurie E.	Bayfield	Bayfield	1937, 39, 41
Catlin, Mark S., Jr.	Appleton	Outagamie, 1st	1937, 39, 41, 43
Cavanaugh, James T.	Antigo	Langlade	1937, 41
Chapple, John C.	Ashland	Ashland	1943
Christensen, Carl C.	Racine	Racine, 1st	1943
Christman, Nicholas J.	Tony	Rusk, Sawyer	1943
Clark, William W.	Vesper	Wood	1939, 43
Clasen, Alvin J.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 18th	1943
Collar, Charles E.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 15th	1941, 43
Cook, Walter E.	Unity	Clark	1939, 41, 43
Corbett, Thomas P.	Racine	Racine, 1st	1941
Costello, Emil	Kenosha	Kenosha, 2nd	1937
Daug, Palmer F.	Lakemills	Jefferson	1937, 39, 41, 43
Davis, Glenn R.	Waukesha	Waukesha, 1st	1941
Dela Hunt, Robert G.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 1st	1941
Diederich, Benjamin W.	Sheboygan	Sheboygan, 1st	1939
Dittbender, John F.	Ringle	Marathon, 2nd	1939
Domach, Walter J.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 1st	1939
Double, William F.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 17th	1939, 41, 43
Douglass, Lyle E.	Waukesha	Waukesha, 1st	1937, 39
Doyle, John Lyons	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 8th	1941
Ebert, Charles J.	Gresham	Shawano	1941, 43
Egan, John	Manitowoc	Manitowoc, 1st	1941
Enge, Charles	Sauk City	Sauk	1939
Engebretson, Burger M.	Beloit	Rock, 2nd	1937, 39, 41, 43
Fehlhaber, Orville W.	Wausau	Marathon, 2nd	1941

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Feierstein, Fred L.	Random Lake	Ozaukee	1943
Finch, Clair L.	Antigo	Langlade	1943
Fisher, Walter S.	Minocqua	Florence, Forest, Oneida	1943
Fitzsimons, Maurice, Jr.	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1937, 39
Foley, William R.	Superior	Douglas, 1st	1943
Fowell, Charles W., Jr.	Viroqua	Vernon	1939, 41
Frankowiak, Martin B.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 11th	1937
Frazell, Willis	Racine	Racine, 2nd	1943
Fritz, Oliver H.	La Crosse	La Crosse, 1st	1937
Fritzen, James C.	Neenah	Winnebago, 2nd	1939, 41, 43
Fuhrman, Paul T.	Bowler	Shawano	1937
Gantter, William J.	Kaukauna	Outagamie, 2nd	1939
Garvens, Joseph L.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 19th	1937
Genzmer, Elmer L.	Mayville	Dodge, 1st	1937, 39, 41, 43
Goldthorpe, William H.	Cuba City	Grant, 1st	1937, 39, 41, 43
Graess, Frank N.	Sturgeon Bay	Door	1937, 39, 41
Graf, Edward L.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 9th	1939, 41, 43
Grassman, Edward	Edgerton	Rock, 1st	1937, 39, 41, 43
Greene, Charles P.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 1st	1943
Groschmidt, John W.	South Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 10th	1937, 39
Grosvenor, Alfred C.	Kenosha	Kenosha, 1st	1937, 39
Gruszka, Anthony	Mosinee	Marathon, 1st	1939
Gunderson, Selmer W.	Spring Valley	Pierce	1941, 43
Hagedorn, Eric E.	Wauwatosa	Milwaukee, 20th	1941
Hall, Earl D.	Tunnel City	Monroe	1937
Hall, Michael H.	Superior	Douglas, 1st	1937
Halversen, H. S.	Westby	Vernon	1937
Hamlin, James H.	Merrill	Lincoln	1943
Hammergren, David I.	Cochrane	Buffalo, Pepin	1939, 41, 43
Handrich, Alvin A.	Manawa	Waupaca	1937
Hanson, Earl W.	Elk Mound	Dunn	1939, 41, 43
Hanson, James C.	Deerfield	Dane, 2nd	1937, 39
Harvey, Jack	Racine	Racine, 2nd	1937, 39
Heden, Ernest A.	Ogema	Price	1939, 41, 43
Hemmy, Peter A.	Humbird	Jackson	1937, 39
Herzog, Martin H.	Sturtevant	Racine, 3rd	1939
Hilker, Edward F.	Racine	Racine, 2nd	1941*
Hinz, Arthur F.	Ripon	Fond du Lac, 2nd	1937, 39
Hipke, George H.	Stanley	Chippewa	1937, 39*
Hitt, Arthur	Alma	Buffalo, Pepin	1937
Hoesly, E. J.	New Glarus	Green	1937
Howard, Martin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 17th	1937
Hupfauf, Henry	Appleton	Calumet	1937
Jackson, John S.	Mineral Point	Iowa	1937
James, Glenn H.	Montfort	Iowa	1939, 41
Johnson, Oswald H.	Black River Falls	Jackson	1941
Jones, William E.	Beaver Dam	Dodge, 2nd	1939, 41
Judd, Charles H.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 8th	1939
Keegan, Harry A.	Monroe	Green	1939, 41, 43
Kellman, Norris J.	Galesville	Trempealeau	1939
Kelly, Arthur D.	Hudson	St. Croix	1937, 39
Kennedy, Douglas D.	Amery	Polk	1937, 39, 41
Keppler, Ernest C.	Sheboygan	Sheboygan, 1st	1943
Kiefer, Edward H.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 18th	1937, 39
Koegel, Arthur	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 7th	1937, 39, 41
Kostuck, John T.	Stevens Point	Portage	1937, 39, 41, 43
Krause, Edward C.	La Crosse	La Crosse, 1st	1941, 43
Kremer, Felix A.	Phillips	Price	1937
Kroenke, Bernard B.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 13th	1937, 39
Krohn, Chester A.	Marshfield	Wood	1941
Krueger, Henry E.	Beaver Dam	Dodge, 2nd	1937
Kryszak, Mary O.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 5th	1937, 41, 43
Laack, Charles A.	Plymouth	Sheboygan, 2nd	1937
Lang, Lloyd	Kimberly	Outagamie, 2nd	1941
Larsen, Claud H.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 5th	1939
Larson, Edwin J.	Plymouth	Sheboygan, 2nd	1939, 41, 43
Larson, Nels	Neenah	Winnebago, 2nd	1937
Lein, Lars O.	Edgerton	Dane, 2nd	1941
Lenroot, Arthur A., Jr.	Superior	Douglas, 2nd	1943
Lingelbach, Frank J.	Oconto	Oconto	1937
Lomsdahl, Tom	Oseo	Trempealeau	1937
Long, Robert M.	Westfield	Adams, Marquette	1939, 41, 43
Ludvigsen, Alfred R.	Hartland	Waukesha, 2nd	1937, 39, 41, 43
Luebke, William Jr.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 3rd	1941, 43
Lueck, Martin C.	Hamburg	Marathon, 1st	1941, 43

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Luedtke, Paul A.	Wausau	Marathon, 2nd	1943
Lynch, Robert E.	Green Bay	Brown, 1st	1943
Lytie, Harold A.	Green Bay	Brown, 1st	1937, 39, 41
McBride, John C.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 14th	1941, 43
McCutchin, Robert	Arena	Iowa	1943
McDowell, Donald C.	Soldiers Grove	Crawford	1937, 39, 41, 43
McIntyre, P. Bradley	Lancaster	Grant, 2nd	1937, 39, 41, 43
McParland, Leland S.	Cudahy	Milwaukee, 10th	1941, 43
Mace, James S.	Superior	Douglas, 1st	1939
Markey, Phillip	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 6th	1943
Meisner, Rudolph A.	Wausau	Marathon, 2nd	1937
Meunier, Alex J.	Sturgeon Bay	Door	1943
Millar, J. D.	Menomonie	Dunn	1937
Miller, William F.	West Salem	La Crosse, 2nd	1939, 41, 43
Mieziva, Joseph M.	Luxemburg	Kewaunee	1941, 43
Mueller, Joseph F.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 9th	1937
Mullen, Earl	Madison	Dane, 2nd	1943
Murphy, Francis T.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 15th	1937
Murray, Milton T.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 14th	1937, 39*
Nawrocki, William L.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 13th	1941, 43
Nebs, Victor W.	Neillsville	Clark	1937
Nelson, Carl M.	Medford	Taylor	1937, 39, 41, 43
Nicol, Alex L.	Sparta	Monroe	1939, 41, 43
Niemuth, Leo T.	Oshkosh	Winnebago, 1st	1937, 39, 41
Nortman, Walter	Wauwatosa	Milwaukee, 20th	1939
Nuss, William J., Jr.	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1941, 43
Nyman, Carl R.	Hayward	Rusk, Sawyer	1937
O'Connell, Michael F.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 2nd	1943
Padrutt, Arthur L.	Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	1941, 43
Peabody, Raymond A.	Milltown	Polk	1943
Peik, Carl J.	Chilton	Calumet	1939
Perry, Charles B.	Wauwatosa	Milwaukee, 20th	1937
Peterson, Elmer C.	Poplar	Douglas, 2nd	1937, 39, 41*
Peterson, Reuben W.	Berlin	Green Lake, Waushara	1937, 39
Pfennig, Frederick S.	Kenosha	Kenosha, 1st	1941, 43
Prichard, John	Eau Claire	Eau Claire	1937, 39, 41, 43
Pyszczyński, Peter P.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 12th	1937, 39, 41, 43
Rakow, Edward F.	Burlington	Racine, 3rd	1937
Rath, Valentine P.	Antigo	Langlade	1939
Rice, Ora R.	Delavan	Walworth	1937, 39, 41, 43
Rice, Richard M.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 8th	1943
Riley, Frank E.	Two Rivers	Manitowoc, 2nd	1939, 41, 43
Roche, Robert H.	Portage	Columbia	1937
Rohan, William M.	Kaukauna	Outagamie, 2nd	1937, 43
Rubin, Ben	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 6th	1937, 39, 41
Rundell, Elmer Lloyd	Roberts	St. Croix	1941, 43
Runden, Randolph H.	Union Grove	Racine, 3rd	1941, 43
Ryan, Donald P.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 8th	1937
Rycek, Ervin John	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 11th	1941, 43
Schenk, Herbert C.	Madison	Dane, 1st	1937, 39
Schilling, Harry W.	Onalaska	La Crosse, 2nd	1937
Schlabach, Rudolph M.	La Crosse	La Crosse, 1st	1939*
Schlytter, Melvin H.	Wittenberg	Shawano	1939
Schmitz, Joseph A.	Germantown	Washington	1939, 41, 43
Schowalter, Henry O.	West Bend	Washington	1937
Schreiber, Martin E.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 7th	1943
Sengstock, Roy H.	Marinette	Marinette	1941
Sheahan, Frank D.	Superior	Douglas, 1st	1941
Shimek, Albert D.	Algoma	Kewaunee	1937, 39
Sieb, John L.	Racine	Racine, 1st	1937, 39
Siebert, Matt G.	Salem	Kenosha, 2nd	1939, 41, 43
Sigman, David	Two Rivers	Manitowoc, 2nd	1937
Slater, Ben G.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 15th	1939
Spearbraker, Julius	Clintonville	Waupaca	1939, 41, 43
Squires, S. E.	Mason	Bayfield	1943
Stachowiak, Clement	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 11th	1939
Swanson, Theodore	Ellsworth	Pierce	1937, 39
Sweeney, William J.	Green Bay	Brown, 2nd	1937, 39, 41, 43
Sykes, Charles H.	Cameron	Barron	1939, 41, 43
Tank, Walter H.	Oshkosh	Winnebago, 1st	1943
Tehan, Robert E.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee, 4th	1937, 39, 41*
Theisen, Joseph M.	Sheboygan	Sheboygan, 1st	1937, 41
Thomson, Vernon W.	Richland Center	Richland	1937, 39, 41, 43
Toepfer, Otto	Middleton	Dane, 3rd	1939
Trego, Reno W.	Merrill	Lincoln	1937, 39

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued

Name	Post Office Address	District Represented	Sessions
Van De Zande, Alfred.....	Campbelsport.....	Fond du Lac, 2nd.....	1941, 43
Van Guilder, Harry.....	Ashland.....	Ashland.....	1937, 39, 41
Varda, John P.....	Eagle River.....	Iron, Vilas.....	1941
Varda, Margaret P.....	Eagle River.....	Iron, Vilas.....	1943
Vaughan, Byrde M.....	Wis. Rapids.....	Wood.....	1937
Vogel, Otto A.....	Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc, 1st.....	1939, 43
Waller, Casper D.....	Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	1943
Wegner, Herman B.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 16th.....	1937, 39, 41, 43
Weinheimer, Frank.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 18th.....	1941
Westfahl, Charles F.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 19th.....	1939, 41, 43
Wheelock, Jerome H.....	Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	1943
Woerth, George J.....	Prairie du Sac.....	Sauk.....	1937, 41, 43
Woodhead, Frederic F.....	Waukesha.....	Waukesha, 1st.....	1943
Yindra, Francis A.....	Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc, 1st.....	1937*
Young, Cornelius T.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 1st.....	1937*
Youngblood, Henry.....	Woodford.....	Lafayette.....	1937, 39, 41, 43
Youngs, John E.....	Oconto.....	Oconto.....	1939, 41, 43
Zoller, John A.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 4th.....	1943

* See List of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY

1937-1943

(For 1848 to 1935 see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935)

Legislature	Name	Counties	Date
63.....	Paul R. Alfonsi.....	Iron.....	1937
64.....	Vernon W. Thomson.....	Richland.....	1939
65.....	Vernon W. Thomson.....	Richland.....	1941
66.....	Vernon W. Thomson.....	Richland.....	1943

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE

1937-1943

(For 1848 to 1935 see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935)

Session	Year	Senate	Assembly
63	1937	Lawrence R. Larsen.....	Lester R. Johnson
64	1939	Lawrence R. Larsen.....	John J. Slocum
65	1941	Lawrence R. Larsen.....	Arthur L. May
66	1943	Lawrence R. Larsen.....	Arthur L. May

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE

1937-1943

(For 1848 to 1935 see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935)

Session	Year	Senate	Assembly
63	1937	Emil A. Hartman	Gustave Rheingans
64	1939	Emil A. Hartman	Major Robert A. Merrill
65	1941	Emil A. Hartman	Norris J. Kellman
66	1943	Emil A. Hartman	Norris J. Kellman



Pupils of a Milwaukee High School at work in the waste paper campaign.



The result of the "Key Drive" by a Milwaukee High School: 5,050 keys, totalling 83 pounds.

The State Government
Administrative Branch

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

State Board of Agriculture: IRA INMAN, *chairman*; PAUL C. SCHMOLDT, *vice chairman*; JOHN SCOTT EARLL, *secretary*; EDWARD PFEIFER; J. W. BAIRD; WILLIAM SEFFERN; E. F. HORN.

Director: MILTON H. BUTTON.

Divisions: Administrative, MILTON H. BUTTON, *director*; Dairy, A. T. BRUHN, *acting chief*; Livestock Sanitation, DR. V. S. LARSON, *chief*; Markets, W. L. WITTE, *chief*; Milk Auditing, VERLYN F. SEARS, *chief*; Plant Industry, E. L. CHAMBERS, *chief*; Division of Rural Electrification, Division of Trade Practices, ROBERT A. MERRILL, *chief*; Fairs, WILLIAM T. MARRIOTT, *chief*.

Office: State Capitol. Laboratories located at University of Wisconsin. State Fair at West Allis.

Total personnel, July 1943: 231.

Publications: Biennial Report; Wisconsin Crop and Livestock Reporter (issued in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics); Wisconsin Agriculture (annual statistical report); Wisconsin Dairy Statistics (annual); State Fair Premium List (annual); Noxious Weeds and the Weed Law; Seed Inspection (annual); Feed Inspection (annual); Fertilizer Inspection (annual); Stallion Enrollment (annual); White Pine Blister Rust in Wisconsin; Apiary Inspection, Laws and Regulations; County Fair Manual (annual); Bulletin on Wisconsin's Resources (biennial); reprints of some laws under which the department operates; Wisconsin Accredited, Certified, and Record of Performance Poultry Flocks; Wisconsin Licensed Veterinarians; Directory of Wisconsin Dairy Manufacturing Plants; System of Accounting for Cooperative Associations; County Bulletin Series of the Wisconsin Crop Reporting Service; Wisconsin Farm Power and Machinery; Climate, Agriculture and Land Use; Wisconsin Feed Production and Utilization; Inventory of Wisconsin Lakes; Lessons in Forestry; Forest Plantations of Wisconsin.

Prior to 1929, there were three state departments serving Wisconsin agriculture: Dairy and Foods, Markets, and Agriculture. In 1929 these were consolidated in a Department of Agriculture and Markets with a three-man commission administering the three departments. At the beginning of 1938 the three-man commission was replaced by a seven-man, part-time policy board and a full-time director. In 1939 the department was again reorganized and the name changed to Department of Agriculture. The many functions of the department were then consolidated into five divisions: administrative, plant industry, markets, livestock sanitation, and dairy. Three other divisions—milk

control, rural electrification, and trade practices were added the same year by legislative enactment. In 1941 another activity was added when the legislature transferred to the department the land economic inventory section of the State Planning Board, a type of work which had been started by the department in 1927. The milk control division was changed to the milk auditing division when the 1941 Legislature failed to re-enact the milk control law.

The principal functions of the board of agriculture are the formulation of policies, planning of general programs, promulgation of orders, and selection of a director. The director is authorized by law to appoint advisory committees for the various branches of Wisconsin agriculture. Committees have been appointed for the American cheese, foreign type cheese, butter, and bees and honey industries. Another committee is serving in an advisory capacity on questions of livestock sanitation.

The ultimate purpose of the work undertaken by the Department of Agriculture is to insure the stable production of high quality farm products which will command a good market price. For this reason, the department's services extend into every phase of agriculture—production, manufacturing, assembling, grading, advertising, and merchandising. While providing service to every branch of agriculture, the department concentrates on the advancement of dairying, the biggest industry in the state.

The department's services can best be understood by examining the functions of its various divisions. Grouped within the administrative division are legal activities, agricultural statistics, dairy promotion, publicity, radio, bees and honey, and land economic inventory work. The legal section conducts hearings preliminary to the issuance of regulations, institutes legal proceedings against violators of laws enforced by the department, drafts orders, issues hearing notices, and performs a multiplicity of services for the entire department. The agricultural statistics section, better known as the Crop Reporting Service of the Wisconsin and U. S. Departments of Agriculture, provides Wisconsin farmers with accurate information on production trends of agricultural products, marketing supplies, relative prices, planting intentions, probable yields, and other information.

During the war, the dairy promotion section has been conducting experiments in manufacturing, packaging, and merchandising cheese to prepare the dairy industry for increased sales of natural cheese after the war. Through this section the department has issued a dairyland cookbook which will be widely distributed in the postwar period. Normally, the section makes extensive use of advertising and publicity media to stimulate the demand for Wisconsin dairy products throughout the nation. The 1943 Legislature appropriated \$50,000 annually for two years for use by the dairy promotion section.

Duties of the bees and honey section include the inspection of approximately 3,500 apiaries annually in an effort to eradicate American foulbrood, an infectious disease of honeybees; issuance of permits for moving bees and used bee equipment; enforcement of

standards for grading and packing honey; and assistance in promoting the marketing of Wisconsin's honey crop.

To keep Wisconsin citizens informed of its activities, the department issues hundreds of news releases in a year to all daily and weekly newspapers, farm, dairy, and grocery publications, the press services, and radio stations in the state. Many special articles are prepared by the department, on request, for leading newspapers and magazines of the nation. Various farm organizations make extensive use of the department's publicity services.

Market reports are broadcast by WLBL, the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture's 5,000-watt radio station, through a cooperative arrangement with the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Commodities covered by a leased telegraph service are potatoes, butter, eggs, cheese, livestock, hay, feeds, and many other seasonal commodities produced in Wisconsin. Many educational features are included in the broadcasts over this station.

The land economic inventory section determines the best uses for different lands. In all counties except Milwaukee County, the land has been classified according to its uses for agriculture, recreation, and the development of forests. Land-use maps have been published for 45 counties of this state.

An appropriation of \$300,000 for the 1943-44 biennium was allocated to the department by the 1943 Legislature for general administrative purposes.

A splendid opportunity to display the state's farm and factory products is offered by the Wisconsin State Fair branch of the department, located at West Allis. Dedicated to the advancement of Wisconsin agriculture and the winning of the war, the State Fair encourages production of better livestock, crops, dairy and other farm products. It features exhibits of "America's Dairyland" and pays many thousands of dollars in premiums. No fair in America enjoys a better reputation for the high character of its midway and other entertainment features. The Wisconsin State Fair pays its own way and invests its returns in a building and improvement program. The facilities of State Fair Park are available to the people of this state throughout the year.

The dairy division has charge of licensing and inspecting all cheese factories, creameries, evaporated milk plants, ice cream manufacturing establishments, milk and cream receiving stations, powdered milk plants, and other dairy factories. Included among its other duties are milk plant inspection, cheese grading, food inspection, and dairy and food laboratory tests. The food section checks on the sanitation, composition, labeling, and advertising of foods other than dairy products. Samples of dairy, food, drug, and paint products are given chemical and bacteriological examinations at the dairy and food laboratory. Farmers or dairy plant operators who feel that they are not getting the proper butterfat test on milk send a sample of the milk to the laboratory for a check test.

Through the dairy division, a quality dairy improvement program is conducted on a county-wide basis. The program is designed to improve dairy markets and extend Wisconsin's leadership in dairying. Under the program, suggestions are made to assist farmers in producing high quality milk at a minimum of expense and additional effort. Sediment and methylene blue tests are made at the factory to determine the amount of foreign matter and approximate number of bacteria in the milk. The plant operator keeps the patron informed as to the improvement in the quality of the milk and the Department of Agriculture makes regular inspections to insure that the program is enforced. With an annual appropriation of \$70,000 for quality improvement work, inspection and grading of dairy products is carried on extensively throughout the state.

Duties of the division of markets include the administration of various laws designed to protect agricultural producers against losses; services to both marketing and purchasing cooperatives; standardization and inspection of fruits, vegetables, and other farm products; quality improvement of various agricultural products; finding new outlets and methods of marketing farm products; making market investigations and, in general, improving markets for farm products.

Hundreds of cooperatives receive service from the markets division. The service includes the organization and development of new associations, reorganizing old associations and consolidating others when conditions warrant. The accounting activities of the division include periodical audits of the books of cooperative associations, preparation of financial statements, and installations of uniform accounting systems. The department is authorized by law to install uniform systems of accounting for any cooperative requesting such service. This is done free of charge except for the cost of the books. Annual audits of the records of cooperative associations are likewise made upon request of 20 percent of the stockholders or the board of directors.

Efforts of the livestock sanitation division center around the control of Bang's disease, bovine tuberculosis, and other livestock diseases, and the maintenance of a diagnostic laboratory for protecting the health of livestock. The department, in cooperation with the federal government, has given a service which has almost completely eradicated bovine tuberculosis from Wisconsin. Sixty-eight counties have qualified for a six-year retest and three are retested every three years.

The legislature appropriated \$285,000 to be used annually during the 1943-44 biennium for the eradication of Bang's disease. This sum includes funds for operating the program and making indemnity payments. Indemnity paid by the state is matched by the federal government. A total of \$173,000 was appropriated for operating the bovine tuberculosis control program and making indemnity payments. Funds remaining in this appropriation after all operating expenses and indemnities have been paid revert to the Bang's control fund.

Calfhood vaccination against Bang's disease was inaugurated by the department as a supervised program in 1940. Legislation encouraging a wider use of vaccination as a means of controlling Bang's disease was passed in June 1943. As of November 24, 1943 the department had issued 3,000 vaccination permits. Five procedures for vaccinating calves are available. Under four, the vaccinating is done by an approved veterinarian on permit from the department and the vaccination receives official recognition. Under a fifth plan, the herd owner vaccinates his own herd and needs no permit from the department since the vaccinating is not officially recognized.

The division of plant industry is composed of three sections: entomology, feed and fertilizer control, and seed and weed control. Its activities include the licensing and inspecting of all nursery stock moved within the state; control and inspection of nursery stock from other states and abroad; large scale pest control activities against the corn borer, grasshopper, and other insect pests; inspecting cranberry marshes and directing control of cranberry pests; control of white pine blister rust to save our white pines; eradication of the common barberry to control grain rust; enforcement of plant quarantines to delay the introduction of new pests; seed control, including inspections and analyses; weed control through local, town, village, and city officials; and regulating the sale of fertilizers, liming materials, legume cultures, livestock remedies, and feeds.

The 1941 Legislature did not re-enact the milk control law which gave the milk control division the responsibility of regulating various fluid milk markets. It passed a bill, however, making it possible for the department to render auditing services for bargaining groups which will provide these groups with information essential to the discussion of milk prices with distributors. Consequently, the milk control division became the milk auditing division.

Enforcement of laws and regulations restricting unfair methods of competition in business devolves upon the trade practice division. The division investigates methods by which food products and fuel are distributed, including monopoly practices and fraudulent advertising. State sealers connected with the weights and measures section call upon about 13,000 business establishments and test approximately 100,000 pieces of commercial equipment annually. They weigh, measure, and inspect from 15,000 to 20,000 packages and observe methods of weighing, packaging, labelling, and preparing commodities. Collecting licenses for peddlers, truckers, transient merchants, itinerant merchant truckers, and public showmen is another function of the trade practice division.

As defined by law, the duties of the rural electrification division are to gather, digest, and disseminate all available information on rural electrification; to cooperate with the federal government and its agencies and any private or municipal company in carrying out its program; and to coordinate the efforts of rural electric cooperative associations and private municipal companies in Wisconsin.

ANNUITY AND INVESTMENT BOARD

Members of Annuity and Investment Board: CHARLES MCKEOWN, *chairman*; JOHN CALLAHAN; WM. E. HAWLEY; NOBLE CLARK; J. M. DUSEL.

Public School Retirement Board: WILLIAM T. DARLING, *chairman*; EDITH MCEACHRON; GEORGE O. SAVAGE; MABEL OTTESON; GEORGE M. HETHERINGTON.

Normal School Retirement Board: RUDOLPH A. KARGES, *chairman*; MRS. H. A. SEVERY; EARL A. CLEMANS; MRS. HAZEL RAMHARTER; C. O. WELLS.

University Retirement Board: M. H. INGRAHAM, *chairman*; RAY A. BROWN; PHILIP G. FOX; NOBLE CLARK; B. G. ELLIOTT.

Director of Investments: ALBERT TRATHEN.

Actuary: E. D. BROWN, JR.

Manager of Farm Loans: JOHN H. HILL.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 19.

Publications: Teachers' Retirement Law.

The first teachers' retirement law was passed in 1911. In 1921 this law was completely revised and the Annuity Board reorganized. In 1929 the board was once more reorganized and its name changed to the Annuity and Investment Board. At the same time its functions were enlarged, so that in addition to administering and investing the teachers' retirement fund, it was also charged with the investment of most of the state's investment funds.

The teachers' retirement law applies to all teachers over 25 years of age except those in the city of Milwaukee, which has its own retirement system, and to certain of the older university professors who are under the noncontributory retirement plan of the Carnegie Foundation. Five percent of the salaries of all teachers subject to the law is deducted and paid over to the retirement fund. These contributions are matched by the state on a basis which gives added allowances for length of service and a relatively large contribution for the less highly paid teachers. The state also contributes a sum sufficient to give teachers credit on their pensions for teaching service before 1921, when the present law was enacted. The source of these state contributions is a surtax on incomes over \$3,000. The rate imposed on these incomes is one-sixth the normal rate on incomes.

Teachers coming under the retirement system are members of the Public School Retirement Association, the Normal School Retirement Association, and the University Retirement Association. Each of these associations has an elective board composed of five members, one of whom is elected each year by the members of the association. The duties of these retirement boards are essentially advisory and all of their acts are subject to review by the Annuity and Investment Board. This board keeps individual accounts with all teachers, with

a separate record of the members' and the state's deposits. Interest is credited to each of these accounts annually at the rate earned by the fund. Members withdrawing from teaching service can get back all of the money which they deposited, with interest, at any time subsequent to six months after application. The state's deposits to a teacher's credit cannot be withdrawn until the teacher reaches the age of 50 years, after which they may be withdrawn as an annuity or allowed to accumulate with interest to the member's credit or that of his beneficiaries. The annuities payable are in all instances determined by the amount standing to the teacher's credit from both his own and the state's deposits. About 16,500 teachers are paying into the retirement fund annually, and the total reserve funds accumulated by the fund are approximately \$60,000,000.

In addition to investing the teachers' retirement fund, the board invests six other funds. Preference to Wisconsin real estate and to cooperative societies must be given when these funds are invested. Before any mortgage loans are made, the property is examined by appraisers in the employ of the board. All farm mortgage loans are made on the amortization plan, under which the borrower annually repays a part of the principal, in addition to the interest due.

Since July 1, 1943 the board administers the retirement system for state employes.

STATE ARMORY BOARD

Members: Brig. Gen. ALVIN A. KUECHENMEISTER, *chairman*; Col. FRED FINN; Lt. Col. GEORGE M. GOVE; Maj. GILBERT E. SEAMAN; CHAS. A. HALBERT.

Acting Secretary: Maj. GILBERT E. SEAMAN.

Office: Adjutant General's Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, January 1944: None.

Publications: None.

The State Armory Board was created by Chapter 271, Laws of 1943. The board consists of the adjutant general, the chief quartermaster, the state engineer, and two members appointed by the Governor from the active list of the Wisconsin National Guard or its successor. The primary duty of the board is the construction or acquisition of armory buildings suitable for use by the Wisconsin National Guard. The board has corporate powers. It may borrow money and issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness for the purpose of acquiring building sites and buildings and constructing and equipping buildings and may lease any of its sites or buildings to the state or to any person or entity upon such terms as the board may determine. When property acquired or constructed by the board has been fully paid for and all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness incurred in connection therewith have been fully paid, the board is to donate and transfer such property to the state.

ATHLETIC COMMISSION

Commissioners: HARVEY C. BUCHANAN, *chairman*; JOSEPH A. LANDAUER; FRANK L. FAWCETT; JOSEPH L. COUGHLIN; PETER SCHUMACHER.

Secretary: FRED J. SADDY.

Office: 161 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee.

Total personnel, July 1943: 1 full-time, 33 part-time.

Publications: Biennial report; Boxing Law, Rules and Regulations.

The Athletic Commission was organized in 1913 to control and supervise all boxing contests conducted in Wisconsin except those in colleges and universities. Both amateur and professional bouts are included. Rules and regulations have been adopted to govern all boxing contests. The commission licenses clubs, matchmakers, managers, referees, examining physicians, boxers, seconds, and trainers. Every bout must be sanctioned by it and it has an official representative at every boxing exhibition to see that all rules and regulations are observed. The department is more than self-supporting through license fees and a tax of five percent on the gross receipts of all boxing exhibitions conducted in the state.

BANKING COMMISSION

Commissioners: JAMES B. MULVA, *chairman*; ROBERT K. HENRY, *secretary*; EDWARD W. TAMM.

Banking Review Board: H. A. von OVEN, *chairman*; GUS FONDRIE; GEORGE L. GILKEY; JOHN ROSE; HENRY C. WILKE.

Building and Loan Advisory Committee: WILLIAM L. PIEFLOW, *chairman*; A. HELMUTH KOEPKE; ROBERT J. PITTELKOW; CHARLES M. PORS; EDWARD C. SCHAUER; FRED H. SCHULZ; A. C. STEINHAUER.

Advisory Committee Consumer Credit: W. F. GROSSMAN; J. LEE WRIGHT; W. J. DOWLING; EDWARD C. WEHE; H. F. BANKS; LEONARD L. KVAM; WALTER P. KAMP; H. W. TOUSLEY; F. E. DYKSTRA; FRANK LUICK.

Advisory Committee Credit Unions: J. W. DOCKENDORFF; WALTER H. GAEDKE; WALTER E. MEYER; NORMAN T. BRICE; AL F. SHEELEY.

Chief Bank Examiner: HARRY W. BARNEY.

Supervisor of Building and Loan Associations: CLYDE P. DIGGLES.

Supervisor of Credit Unions: EMMETT G. HAMPTON.

Supervisor Division of Consumer Credit: JOHN F. DOYLE.

Senior Examiner in charge of Liquidation: T. LEROY HERREID.

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 85.

Publications: Annual Report on Banks and Trust Companies; Annual Report on Building and Loan Associations; Annual Report on Credit Unions; Annual Report on Small Loan and Discount Companies; Banking Laws; Building and Loan Laws.

The supervision of state banks was begun in 1895 when the State Treasurer appointed the first bank examiner. In the 1903 session of the legislature a law was passed creating the State Banking Department and providing for a commissioner of banking to be appointed by the Governor. In 1933 the legislature repealed the proviso for the administration of the State Banking Department by a single commissioner and created the Banking Commission, a board of three members, to be appointed by the Governor.

The Banking Commission is charged with the supervision and examination of banks, building and loan associations, credit unions, and small loan companies, and has licensing powers over collection agencies, discount companies, automobile dealers and finance companies, also foreign exchange agencies.

Wisconsin's prosperity during the past biennium is well reflected in figures on file in the office of the State Banking Department. The resources of the 465 state banks of Wisconsin on June 30, 1943 were \$832,011,730.92, an increase of \$211,008,705.49 over the resources of June 30, 1942. The deposit increase amounted to \$208,667,431.33 during the same period, the total deposits on June 30, 1943, having been \$764,082,726.82, with \$555,415,295.49 on June 30, 1942.

There has not been so much call for money by citizens in 1943 as there was in 1942 as is shown by a decrease of \$22,699,007.59 in the loans and discounts. The banks have manifested a disposition to do their part in loans to the government during this war crisis. Government bonds held by the banks in 1942 amounting to \$124,203,525.24 were increased to \$327,447,938.96 in 1943, or an increase of \$203,244,413.72. The supervision of the open banks with their present large resources has not been the problem that it was during the years of the depression, especially between 1932 and 1938. There were only two banks closed during 1942 and 1943. Both of these banks have paid out 100 cents on the dollar.

The tedious work of the past decade of the Banking Commission in the liquidation of the 196 closed banks and the 260 segregated trusts of banks that were kept open through stabilization is fast drawing to a close. By January 1, 1944, there will not be more than 25 banks and 100 trusts remaining to be liquidated and most of these liquidations will be terminated within a year. The sound policy of the Banking Commission in not throwing assets of delinquent institutions upon the market in large blocks on a cut-rate counter, but of carefully nursing them and disposing of them when the most could be realized, has been well demonstrated in the large returns that have been obtained for the depositors. Of the 196 banks that closed their doors during the years of the depression, 165 paid over 40 percent to the

depositors. Of this number, 36 banks paid out in full, 12 paid between 90 and 99 percent, 12 paid between 80 and 89 percent, 25 paid between 70 and 79 percent, 33 paid between 60 and 69 percent, 27 paid between 50 and 59 percent, and 20 paid between 40 and 49 percent. Only 31 of the banks paid less than 40 percent of the depositors' claims. More than half of the banks paid over 65 percent. This record has been equalled by few states in the Union.

The building and loan associations of Wisconsin have now also all been stabilized and placed on a firm footing. In this work the Banking Commission has been able to gain a large return for the shareholders through favorable sales of real estate and the combination of weak associations with stronger organizations on a basis that was equitable both to the associations who absorbed the weaker institutions and to the shareholders of the latter.

During the past two years about \$8,400,000 has been returned to the shareholders of defunct associations in the form of liquidating dividends and before the close of 1943 an additional \$1,500,000 will be paid out, making a total of nearly \$10,000,000. In many instances this return to the shareholders has been far larger than was anticipated when they were placed in liquidation. As of December 31, 1942, there were 120 state building and loan associations in Wisconsin with total assets of \$113,861,795.05.

As stated above, the guardianship of the depositors in banks and the protection of the shareholders in the building and loan associations are not the sole duties of the Banking Commission. New methods of loans to small borrowers have been in recent years under its jurisdiction and now the Banking Commission must keep a watchful eye and issue restraining orders for the benefit of the public on practically all personal property loans, including sales under the installment plan and the loans to borrowers under \$300 by the small loan companies. In many ways the control of these loaning agencies, including credit unions, has become an important activity of the Banking Commission. The large extent of these activities undoubtedly calls for new legislation to aid the commission in its regulation. An interim committee of the legislature is now studying, with the Banking Commission as an advisory aid, proposals for laws to give a better control and a uniform rate of charges on small loans of all descriptions.

BUDGET BUREAU

Director of the Budget: E. C. GIESSEL.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 6.

Publications: Wisconsin State Budget (mimeographed) supplied only to members of the legislature and state departments.

The Board of Public Affairs, created in 1911, has been succeeded by the Budget Bureau which was established in 1929. Its duties relate to the budget system of the state. The director of the budget is

a direct subordinate of the Governor. He is appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, for an indeterminate term. The director of the budget may be removed by the Governor at his pleasure, except during a regular session of the legislature and for two months prior thereto when he may be removed only for cause. He is the financial aide and advisor of the Governor and is in effect the secretary of the Joint Committee on Finance and of the Emergency Board. His duties are not to determine policies but rather, as an expert, to advise and assist both the Governor and legislature in financial matters.

Wisconsin's budget system centers around the executive budget, which is transmitted by the Governor to the legislature at the time he delivers his biennial budget message. This budget is compiled by the director of the budget but presents the recommendations of the Governor. For the information of the legislature, it shows in parallel columns, the actual receipts and disbursements of all state departments and institutions in the three fiscal years preceding the year in which the budget is issued, the estimated receipts and disbursements of the current year, the department's requests for the next two years, and the appropriations recommended by the Governor.

With the budget the Governor also presents the executive budget bill, which incorporates his recommendations on appropriations for the next biennium. This bill, like the budget, is prepared by the budget director under instructions from the Governor. After introduction, the executive budget bill is referred to the Joint Committee on Finance which conducts hearings thereon and then recommends such changes as it deems advisable. The legislature, in turn, may accept or reject these recommended changes and make such other changes as it wishes. The legislature is not bound to follow the Governor's recommendations, but the Governor may veto in whole or in part the budget bill which the legislature finally passes. The net result is that the biennial executive budget act is really a joint product of the Governor and the legislature.

After appropriations are voted, they are not actually available to the departments to which they are made until released by the director of the budget. Such releases are made on the presentation of quarterly estimates of expenditures, which the budget director may not approve until he is satisfied that they are lawful and may be made without exhausting, before the end of the year, the appropriations which the legislature has made to the department.

The Budget Bureau makes detailed annual audits of the accounts of the State Treasurer, the University, the State Teachers Colleges, and the state institutions under the jurisdiction of the Department of Public Welfare, the Board of Health, and The Department of Public Instruction.

STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS

Members: FRED R. ZIMMERMAN; JOHN M. SMITH; JOHN E. MARTIN.

Total personnel, July 1943: None.

This is an *ex officio* board whose sole purpose is to officially canvass all election returns for officers elected in districts which are larger than a single county. The members are the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, and the Attorney General. The actual tabulation of the returns is made in the office of the Secretary of State. The board's duties are confined to formally declaring and publishing the results in the form of signed certificates of determination. Upon authority of these certificates, the Secretary of State then issues certificates of election to successful candidates.

CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Commissioners: WILLIAM J. P. ABERG, *chairman*; GUIDO RAHR, *secretary*; JAMES A. CORCORAN; VIRGIL DICKINSEN; ALDO LEOPOLD; JOHN O. MORELAND.

Director of Conservation: E. J. VANDERWALL.

Assistant Director: ERNEST F. SWIFT.

Assistant Director: ROBERT A. GRAY.

Superintendent of Recreational Publicity: J. H. H. ALEXANDER.

Assistant Superintendent of Recreational Publicity: C. L. COON.

Comptroller: C. A. BONTLY.

Superintendent of Education: W. T. CALHOUN.

Supervisor of Contract and Commercial Fishing: WAYNE DALLMAN.

Superintendent of Game Management: WILLIAM F. GRIMMER.

Superintendent of Forests and Parks: C. L. HARRINGTON.

Superintendent of Public Relations: EDWARD N. HEIN.

Chief Forest Ranger: NEIL LE MAY.

Chief Conservation Warden: A. J. ROBINSON.

Chief Biologist: EDWARD SCHNEBERGER, Ph.D.

Chief Clerk: LYDIA STUMPF.

Superintendent of Fisheries: B. O. WEBSTER.

Assistant Superintendent of Fisheries: G. E. SPRECHER.

Superintendent of Cooperative Forestry: F. G. WILSON.

Serving as members on other state committees and boards: EDWARD SCHNEBERGER, Committee on Water Pollution (144.52); JAMES A. CORCORAN, Board of Trustees of the Conservation Warden Pension Fund (23.14); H. T. J. CRAMER, Water Regulatory Board (31.36); E. J. VANDERWALL, State Geographic Board, *secretary* and *executive officer* (23.25), and State Planning Board (27.20). (References are to sections of the Wisconsin Statutes).

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 515 permanent, 413 temporary.

Publications: Conservation Monthly Bulletin; Fish and Game Laws; Forest, Field and Marsh Fire Laws; Forest Crop Laws; State Experimental Game and Fur Farm Guide Book; Pheasant Propagation Handbook; Waterfowl in Wisconsin; Wisconsin Game Fish; Wisconsin Forest Tree Nurseries; Wisconsin Fisheries Program; Wisconsin Wild Flowers; Forest Trees of Wisconsin; County Forests of Wisconsin; and recreational publicity division vacation literature including Your Vacation in Wisconsin, Among the State Parks and Forests, A Little Picture Tour Through Wisconsin and numerous other publications on recreational and conservation subjects.

Administration

The present form of the Conservation Commission, a policy-making body composed of six unsalaried members, was created by statutory provision in 1927. Commissioners are selected by the Governor with the advice and consent of the senate, three from the northern half and three from the southern half of the state. They serve without remuneration except for repayment of expenses incurred traveling to and from meetings. Their term of office is six years and two members are appointed every odd-numbered year. The Conservation Commission meets once a month, usually on the second Tuesday, to consider problems relating to the conservation program and to formulate regulatory policies for the execution of the program by the Conservation Department.

A conservation director, selected by the commission, is the administrative head of the department and is responsible for the execution of policies framed by the commission. Under his direction and supervision are two assistant directors who act as his aides in administrative matters. Stemming out from these administrative heads are the component parts of the department, the 13 divisions each with its superintendent or chief and its staff of trained personnel.

All employes with the exception of the director are chosen from eligibility lists prepared by the Bureau of Personnel as a result of competitive examinations. Although they are assigned to their respective divisions which will be discussed separately in this article, all employes work together in the execution of all aspects of a sound and efficient conservation program as it relates to the protection, perpetuation and restoration of the natural resources of Wisconsin.

State Parks

In the state park system an effort has been made to preserve, for wide public use, the most outstanding bits of attractive scenery or places of state-wide historical significance or geographic importance which this part of the country possesses. As a result there are now 21 areas administered by the Conservation Commission through the division of forests and parks. Annually over a million people visit

these parks and find in them a type of outdoor recreation of the wildwood kind. The state during the past several years has been gradually enlarging the established areas, but it is not anticipated that new developments along this line will be approved for the duration.

The following table presents essential information on the state parks of Wisconsin:

WISCONSIN STATE PARKS

	Location (County)	Size (Acres)	How Acquired	Year Est.	Address of Custodian
Scenic Parks					
Brunet Island.....	Chippewa.....	179	Purchase....	1936	Cornell
Copper Falls.....	Ashland.....	1,200	Purchase....	1929	Mellen
Devil's Lake.....	Sauk.....	1,303	Purchase....	1911	Baraboo
Interstate.....	Polk.....	581	Purchase....	1900	St. Croix Falls
Merrick.....	Buffalo.....	123	Gift.....	1932	Fountain City
Pattison.....	Douglas.....	1,140	Gift.....	1920	Superior
Peninsula.....	Door.....	3,428	Purchase....	1910	Fish Creek
Perrot.....	Trempealeau.....	937	Gift.....	1918	Trempealeau
Potawatomi.....	Door.....	1,046	Purchase....	1928	Sturgeon Bay
Rib Mountain.....	Marathon.....	414	Gift.....	1927	Wausau
Terry Andrae.....	Sheboygan.....	167	Gift.....	1928	Sheboygan
Wyalusing.....	Grant.....	1,671	Purchase....	1917	Wyalusing
Historical—Memorial					
Cushing.....	Waukesha.....	9	Gift.....	1915	Delafield
First Capitol.....	Lafayette.....	2	Gift.....	1924	Belmont
Nelson Dewey.....	Grant.....	720	Purchase....	1935	Cassville
Tower Hill.....	Iowa.....	108	Gift.....	1922	Spring Green
Roadside Parks					
Castle Mound.....	Jackson.....	222	Lease.....	1941	Black River Falls
Mill Bluff.....	Monroe.....	56	Lease.....	1941	Black River Falls
New Glarus Woods.....	Green.....	43	Purchase....	1934	New Glarus
Ojibwa.....	Sawyer.....	353	Gift.....	1932	Ojibwa
Rocky Arbor.....	Juneau.....	228	Purchase....	1932	Wisconsin Dells

State Forests

The state of Wisconsin is now the owner of 223,653 acres of forest land located within the boundaries of eight officially established state forests. Most of this land is in the northern and less sparsely populated part of the state, but in the Kettle Moraine area of southeastern Wisconsin a state forest development furnishes a publicly-owned area within a distance of 35 miles of the city hall in Milwaukee. Not only for timber production are these lands held by the state, but they also furnish a wide variety of outdoor recreational possibilities and minister to other conservation activities. With the advent of higher prices for stumpage, caused by the war, a controlled and regulated cutting of timber from state forest lands has been started. There has also been a steady increase in the acreage owned by the state and this is particularly true in the Flambeau River State Forest and the Kettle Moraine units. Land exchanges have been completed with counties and purchases of tax deed lands from counties have been approved by the Conservation Commission and the Governor.

The administration of state forests is largely concerned with the development and maintenance of state forest lands, the improvement

and policing of public camp grounds, the protection of this state-owned property from fire and trespass, the improvement of growing timber stands, the reforestation activities, the details arising from the leasing of land, the sale or exchange of land, the care and protection of physical property such as buildings, and similar items which would naturally arise from the ownership and the development of any forest property. During the past biennium additional progress has been made in connection with the blocking up of state forest lands through land exchanges and in this respect all state forest property is in much better condition for protection and administration. Definite progress has also been made in connection with the establishment of the Flambeau River State Forest and the acquisition of lands for forest and recreational purposes along that stream.

With the decline of federally supported labor forces, such as CCC and WPA, the tree planting work in the state has likewise diminished, but during the past fall the amount of seeding in the state forest tree nurseries has been expanded, looking to the day when this activity will again be resumed in strength. There are millions of acres of land in the state which should be growing a crop of timber as against the present condition of these lands with production either negligible or relatively small.

The following table presents essential information on the state forests of Wisconsin:

STATE FORESTS

	Location (County)	Size (Acres)	How Acquired	Year Est.	Address of Custodian
American Legion.....	Oneida.....	37,660	Purchase...	1929	Trout Lake
Brule River.....	Douglas.....	7,759	Gift.....	1906	Brule
Council Grounds.....	Lincoln.....	278	Gift.....	1938	Merrill
Flambeau River.....	Sawyer & Rusk	42,677	Purchase...	1930	Hayward
Kettle Moraine.....	Fond du Lac, Sheboygan & Waukesha....	6,970	Purchase...	1936	Campbellsport
Northern Highland.....	Iron & Vilas....	126,687	Purchase...	1925	Trout Lake
Point Beach.....	Manitowoc....	822	Purchase...	1938	Two Rivers
Silver Cliff.....	Marinette....	800	.....	1936	Wausaukee

Cooperative Forestry

Better management of privately-owned forest lands is required in the public interest. A continuing supply of forest products is needed for continuing employment in the woods and mills and to meet consumer needs. While public forests will make their contribution, private forest land should also be managed for higher production. Forests also bring public benefits in controlling soil erosion and stabilizing stream flow. The Conservation Department, through the cooperative forestry division and the division of forests and parks, cooperates by providing forest planting stock, by supporting farm forestry extension work, and by giving special assistance to interested forest landowners.

Ten district foresters serve the county board committees in charge of county forests which now total 1,920,000 acres in 27 counties. Forest planting on these county lands dropped from the high figure of 19,992 acres in 1940 to 2,916 acres in 1943 because of the labor shortage, but county timber sales are now increasing due to the campaign to produce pulpwood and lumber needed in the war effort. The district foresters are also acting as cooperators under the Timber Production War Project.

This division also administers the forest crop law, keeps all records on forest crop lands, and ownership records on all Conservation Department lands.

Forest Protection

An effective fire control program is of primary importance in conservation. While of major importance at all times, it is doubly so now that our country is engaged in all-out war. It is a combination of those activities which aim to prevent forest fires from starting, to quickly suppress forest fires when they do start, and to confine the total area burned to an acceptable minimum at the lowest possible cost. Successful fire control depends upon favorable public sentiment, wise regulation, strict enforcement, an extensive program of prevention, and an organization equipped to take prompt and definite action on all fires.

Approximately 13½ million acres, covering all or parts of 34 counties are now under intensive forest fire protection by the Conservation Department. The land under intensive protection is divided into four areas—northern, northwestern, northeastern, and central, each under the direction of a supervisor. The areas are broken down into districts—10 in number, each under the direction of a district forest ranger. In each of the districts the state maintains headquarters, from two to four forest ranger stations, modern fire fighting equipment, and from 10 to 12 lookout towers connected to headquarters by telephone. The territory under intensive forest fire protection generally coincides with the land-use program, and from 50 percent to 90 percent of the acreage might be classified as wild lands.

In the cooperative protection areas consisting of all or parts of 40 counties which lie outside of the 10 regular forest protection districts, the institution of fire prevention methods, prevention procedures and suppression assistance started in 1937 has of necessity been curtailed due to the impact of the war and the resulting manpower shortage. With the return to normal conditions it is expected that this service will be resumed and even expanded.

The 1941 and 1942 seasons were among the best ever experienced in the history of fire control in Wisconsin. Contrary to general opinion, an extremely dangerous forest fire situation prevailed on numerous occasions. For the two-year period 1,622 fires burned a total of 4,543 acres. The damage amounted to \$9,548. Approximately 95 percent of all fires were held to less than 10 acres in size.

Fisheries

Of all the recreational advantages offered the American public by the state of Wisconsin, fishing is most utilized. Almost 8,000 lakes and some 10,000 miles of trout streams provide recreation and food to Wisconsin residents in particular and to hundreds of thousands of citizens of other states who visit us each year. Food fish are produced commercially in Lakes Michigan and Superior and provide much of the lake trout, whitefish, lake herring, and chubs used by the entire nation.

Wisconsin provides the sportsman with unparalleled muskellunge fishing. Brook, brown, and rainbow trout fishing is found in all parts of the state. Both large and small mouth black bass and great northern pike are abundant. The walleyed pike is noted for its excellence as a table fish and is found in practically every county in the state.

Pan fish such as perch, sunfish, crappies, bullheads, and bluegills are of little moment to the sportsman who craves action but they provide almost continuous fishing throughout the season and in the end supply a greater tonnage of food than any other varieties of fish.

To maintain a high population of all game fish in Wisconsin waters is the job of the fisheries division of the Conservation Department. The continuous drain on the supply of game fish by hundreds of thousands of fishermen makes it necessary for the state to replenish the supply by artificial propagation methods. Thirty-three state fish hatcheries are used for this purpose. New and improved methods of fish propagation are placed in use each year. During the past few years the development of walleyed pike rearing ponds has been noteworthy. We are now able to distribute to suitable waters more than one million walleyed pike fingerlings each year. These fingerlings vary in size from three to six inches. The muskellunge rearing ponds at Spooner and Woodruff provide more than 100,000 musky fingerlings each year. The trout fingerling program which has been in existence for many years is gradually being replaced by a program of rearing brook, brown, and rainbow trout to legal size before planting.

The war effort of the state and nation has compelled this division to drastically reduce the number of fish propagated. Less than six hundred million fish will be planted in 1943 as compared to one and one-half billion in 1940. The effect of the expanded program carried on prior to the war is now being felt in the increased catch of game fish in Wisconsin. We hope that the population of these fish will carry over the war period at a high level until we can again propagate fish on a peacetime basis.

Rough Fish Removal

The removal of rough fish from the inland waters of Wisconsin continues to be an important part of the general fisheries program, particularly in the boundary waters of the Mississippi and St. Croix

Rivers and in the lakes and streams in the southeastern section of the state.

The removal of rough fish is necessary in order to maintain a proper balance between the game fish that are taken with hook and line and the rough or forage fish in the various lakes and streams that heretofore had been over-populated with rough fish, principally carp. The removal of rough fish is also necessary inasmuch as carp destroy vegetation which provides a habitat for small game fish, and is also necessary for muskrats and aquatic birds. Lakes and streams that are over-populated with carp are usually devoid of vegetation.

The contract and commercial fishing division which supervises the removal of rough fish operates on a self-sustaining budget. No funds other than those received from the sale of marketable rough fish are used to carry on this work.

Three different systems of rough fish removal activities are carried on in Wisconsin: (1) licenses are issued by the Conservation Commission to individuals to remove rough fish from the Mississippi River and the waters of Green Bay; (2) contracts are issued by the commission to individuals to remove rough fish from bounded bays and other inland lakes and streams confined within the borders of the state; (3) state-owned and operated crews remove rough fish from the inland lakes and rivers of the state. During the course of these operations department biologists study fish populations and make other technical observations in conjunction with the department's biology program.

Biology

The biology division of the Conservation Department functions chiefly in the determination of facts which will aid in the proper administration of a program of fishing management; therefore, all research and survey projects are aimed at that objective. Most problems are approached on a long-range scale because ecological factors vary and effects must, therefore, be observed over a period of years. Although activities have been curtailed because of loss of personnel to the armed forces, lake and stream surveys, studies of fish populations with respect to densities and rates of growth, and control of fish diseases have continued to receive attention.

Among the most notable and urgent of the new projects initiated during the biennium are the following: study of Lake du Bay, a new flowage on the Wisconsin River, to determine if possible the reasons why new flowages tend to deteriorate in fish productive capacity, and to discover methods of maintaining a good fish crop in this and similar waters; and investigation of the effects of the effluent discharged from a modern domestic sewage disposal plant upon fish populations and other forms of aquatic life.

During the past two years many projects have also been undertaken cooperatively with various departments of the University of Wisconsin, but space permits only a listing of the more outstanding.

(1) The Brule River survey to assemble chemical, biological, and physical data necessary to properly manage a trout stream from the standpoint of fish production; (2) a project to inventory parasites of Wisconsin fishes and determine whether or not control measures can be applied successfully and economically to white grub and black spot infections; (3) experiments on trout diets to determine basic requirements and find meat substitutes; (4) minnow culture project to develop practical methods of bait culture at a reasonable cost for anglers and for commercial minnow farmers.

Plans are now under way for an interstate cooperative survey of the fisheries resources of the upper Mississippi River. Cooperating agencies will be the Minnesota, Iowa, Illinois, and Missouri conservation departments and the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Game Management

Progress continues on the Pittman-Robertson research projects on deer, grouse, waterfowl, and pheasants. The southern half of Horicon Marsh in Dodge County has now been acquired under the Pittman-Robertson Act and flooding operations have begun.

The game farm at Poynette, streamlined during the war, has distributed more than 400,000 pheasants during the biennium. In addition, more than 1,900 raccoon were planted during the past two years.

Tentative policies relating to the new public hunting ground program have been approved by the Conservation Commission. Final surveys are being completed on county-owned cedar swamps to be acquired by the commission.

The winter feeding budget for deer and game birds for the biennium will exceed \$40,000.

Law Enforcement

The law enforcement division of the Conservation Department consists of a chief conservation warden and 87 conservation wardens stationed at strategic points throughout the state. The enforcement division is charged with the responsibility of enforcing all laws and regulations which provide protection for the natural resources of Wisconsin. Through the efforts of the various wardens, violators are apprehended and prosecuted, surveys are made, beaver, bear, and deer damage complaints are investigated, and winter feeding programs and the planting of fish and game are carried on under their supervision. Besides these duties the wardens are required to carry on educational programs in their localities, primarily by giving talks before school groups and conservation clubs, and to provide assistance to tourists and state residents by lending every service possible in aiding them in the pursuit of recreation. The state is divided into seven areas with a supervisor in each area directly in charge of the wardens and their activities.

Recreational Publicity

Efforts to increase the state's tourist business continued to mark Wisconsin's recreational advertising and publicity program during the biennium. Appropriations of \$75,000 annually were utilized to impartially feature the vacation attractions of all parts of our state and to invite vacation guests to "Relax in Wisconsin".

During the biennium beginning in February and ending in September of each year, invitational advertisements stressing Wisconsin's varied vacation appeal were judiciously scheduled in leading outdoor and other magazines with a circulation of nearly four million. Intensive reader coverage in the north central states was attained through the use of ads in the travel pages of large metropolitan newspapers having a combined weekly circulation of more than seven million. Key cities covered were Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Cincinnati, Dayton, Columbus, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Des Moines, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Kansas City, and Omaha. Total advertising insertions numbered 332 in 1942 and 255 in 1943.

Additional aspects of the program included the preparation of illustrated literature with strong pulling power; prompt follow-up of all inquiries with packets containing literature, fishing laws, highway maps, list of regional organizations; frequent news releases to the out-of-state press; preparation and distribution of calendars of events; speaking engagements; the highway sign program in other states; exhibits and displays. Contacts with travel editors, travel agencies, railroads, bus lines, air lines, and steamship lines all aimed toward promotion of vacation travel to Wisconsin by those able to take vacations and those whose wartime work has made occasional rest and relaxation an imperative necessity.

Education

It is the function of the education division to coordinate the various educational services carried on by the Conservation Department.

The development and promotion of a successful conservation education program in the schools is a responsibility of the education division. Visits are made by departmental personnel to teacher training institutions. Talks are given before student teachers and conferences are held with instructors on textbooks, publications, methods, and teaching aids. County superintendents, supervising teachers, city superintendents, principals, and teachers are contacted in all parts of the state. To meet numerous requests for literature, information of special interest to teachers is prepared and forwarded. Work with schools is carried on in close cooperation with the Department of Public Instruction and with committees engaged in the conservation education program.

Projects and programs are prepared for conservation groups, women's clubs, and many junior organizations throughout the state.

By personal contact and correspondence every possible assistance is given. Radio programs for youth and adult listeners are presented.

The education division also assists in in-service training programs for departmental employees.

Public Relations

Conservation responsibilities are divided among governmental agencies and private citizens. Much of Wisconsin's conservation progress depends on the public attitude and the consideration given to wild life in the conduct of agriculture and industry. That accounts for the great stress now placed on public relations and education in the general field of conservation. A monthly publication, the Wisconsin Conservation Bulletin, is issued to keep interested citizens informed on up-to-date developments. Newspapers continue to be the most effective method of spreading information and several hundred releases are issued by the department annually. Nearly 200 weekly newspapers carry a column issued by the department each week for the benefit of their readers. Educational talks and motion picture showings are other information outlets and are offered to local civic clubs and sportsmen's groups throughout the state on invitation.

Finance

The finance division is charged with the responsibility of the accounting work for the department. This requires the recording of receipts and the auditing of all pay rolls, expense vouchers, and miscellaneous purchases of supplies and equipment. The finance division also prepares all department and division budgets, and has the supervision of all matters of personnel, unemployment compensation, retirement system, and voluntary war saving bond purchases as they relate to the Conservation Department. This division also coordinates travel for department personnel traveling out of the Madison office.

Clerical

The work of the clerical division is closely related to all other divisions of the Conservation Department and is divided into seven sections, namely: information, license, mail and supply, statistical, filing, photographic, and secretarial. Fees from 25 specific types of licenses sold by the license section of this division amount to more than a million dollars annually and constitute a principal part of the department's funds used to finance its fish and game activities. Claims for deer, bear, and beaver damage are also cleared through this division for payment. Among its more important functions the statistical section compiles information on game populations from field reports and game census card returns. This information is used by the commission in formulating regulations and setting seasons pertaining to hunting and trapping. The photographic section plays an important part in the department's educational program by preparing motion pictures, slide sets, and photographs loaned without charge as a service to schools, organizations and individuals.

STATE COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

Members: JOHN B. CHAPPLE, *chairman*; JAMES R. DURFEE; LINCOLN NEPRUD; MARSHALL C. GRAFF; MRS. HARRIET HASS; *Maj.* HARVEY VERMILYER; EDWARD H. KRAUSE; MARGARET T. SHARPE; HOWARD J. UNDERHILL; F. M. TIDMARSH; *Gen.* ROY F. FARRAND; LEO PROMEN; PIERPONT WOOD; WILLIAM NAGORSNE; DR. ROBERT W. BLUMENTHAL; WALTER S. GOODLAND, *ex officio*; ALVIN A. KUECHENMEISTER, *ex officio*.

Director: *Lieut. Col.* GEORGE R. HOWITT.

Office: 231 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee.

Total personnel, July 1943: 18.

Publications: None.

The State Council of Defense was created by Chapter 9, Laws of 1943, constituting Chapter 22 of the statutes. The creating enactment which was published on March 12, 1943 and became effective on the following day provided that upon notification by the Governor that the State Council of Defense was organized and ready to function, its predecessor, the Wisconsin Council of Defense, created by executive order dated October 1, 1940, was abolished and ceased to exist. Such notification was given by the Governor on March 24, 1943, which date marks the functional beginning of the State Council of Defense. Section 22.13 of the statutes expressly provides that the State Council shall operate until the end of the present war as proclaimed by the President or the Congress and for a period of six months thereafter, unless sooner repealed.

In January 1943 John Cudahy, author and former diplomat, volunteered his services to the Governor and was made director. Following Mr. Cudahy's accidental death on September 6, 1943, Lieut. Col. George R. Howitt was elected director.

The Council of Defense has two major branches: the Citizens Defense Corps and the Citizens Service Corps.

The Citizens Defense Corps is under the direction of B. B. McKinstry, adjutant, with General Roy F. Farrand as acting commander. The function of the defense corps is to effect a passive defense of the state and to augment and assist the regularly established peacetime protective agencies in emergencies. In the organizational pattern a general policy was followed, delegating to established agencies the responsibility for leadership, training, and administration of the local auxiliary units. Wherever possible fire and police chiefs were chosen.

Fifty-eight counties have participated in blackouts. Participation in blackouts varied from a village to a simultaneous nine-county blackout.

On August 1, 1943 there were 94,800 trained members as compared to 53,102 on August 1, 1942.

An important responsibility of a civilian defense assignment is the responsibility of verifying the presence of unexploded or delayed action bombs. This is one of the duties of the 180 bomb reconnaissance agents trained by the United States Army.

Air Raid Warning System

For the prompt transmission of air raid warnings the state is divided into six district warning centers. These act promptly upon the receipt of a warning from the Sixth Corps area located in Chicago. The local warning centers are manned 24 hours a day and frequent test calls indicate the efficiency of the system. In less than 10 minutes all counties in the state can be apprised of danger. A number system also alerts the towns and villages in each county. The Wisconsin Telephone Company has assisted materially in the development of this system.

Control Centers

In each county a workable control center has been set up. A general headquarters for the county commander and his staff has been established to receive reports of damage and to dispatch necessary help and equipment in any emergency or catastrophe. Periodic plant protection conferences conducted by specialists in the respective fields have been held throughout the state.

In the emergency medical service there are 9,096 trained persons and 3,389 persons in training. At the close of November 1943 there are 2,384 nurses' aides with 721 more in training.

Citizens Service Corps

This department was organized to give civilian volunteers an opportunity to do the many civilian war jobs that must be done to keep the home front strong. Dr. Clarence A. Dykstra, president of the University of Wisconsin, is the service corps director.

The corps and its committees seek the cooperation of all existing groups and agencies which can help solve community problems or vary our wartime programs. It seeks to enroll volunteer and professional workers in social agencies and also helps to supply volunteers to those groups or agencies which need to supplement their staffs because of lost personnel or because of enlarged programs due to participation in the war effort. Among the state service corps activities now being carried on in cooperation with federal and state war programs are these committees:

FARM LABOR: Professor Arlie Mucks, Madison, *assistant director*. This committee has made surveys of the farm labor situation in the state. This work has been most helpful in supplying both seasonal and permanent labor.

SALVAGE: D. J. Kenny, West Bend, *chairman*. This committee cooperates with the state office of the War Production Board by pro-

viding workers in drives for scrap, fats, grease, waste paper, clothing, and tin cans.

TRANSPORTATION: R. C. Salisbury, Madison, *chairman*. Transportation chairmen have been appointed by all local defense councils. These chairmen work in cooperation with the ODT, OPA, and the local transportation administrator, to provide workers to apply for and secure additional supplies of necessary gasoline. The transportation committees take the lead in encouraging car sharing, group riding, and the conservation of tires and automobiles. They also distribute information on car sharing and mileage rationing.

NUTRITION: Professor Frances Zuill, Madison, *chairman*. In cooperation with nutrition committees of the OPA this committee provides a program and the leadership necessary to cope with food shortage problems. Expert nutritionists are training volunteers and are holding classes for housewives in practically all communities of the state.

VICTORY GARDENS: Professor James G. Moore, Madison, *advisor*. Victory garden material has been forwarded to county councils of defense, and the State Council of Defense is encouraging the promotion of this activity in all communities. The results of the 1943 victory gardens in Wisconsin have been outstanding.

CONSUMER SERVICE: Clara E. Jonas, Madison, *chairman*. This committee cooperates with the consumer service program of OPA and is encouraging the setting up of consumer interest information centers in all communities. These centers provide facilities for the dissemination of information on the need for rationing, what to buy, and how to make use of existing supplies.

RATIONING: Local councils of defense nominate rationing boards and provide volunteers who serve under the direction of OPA.

WAR BONDS AND STAMPS: Frank Kuhl, Milwaukee, *chairman*. Local defense councils cooperate with the Treasury Department by furnishing volunteers for war bond drives. There is no state program.

Other Committees

The following committees help to meet war problems, particularly in areas near military camps and war industries.

HEALTH: Dr. Carl N. Neupert, Madison, *chairman*. This serves as a planning, coordinating, and advisory body. It is the health and medical advisory committee for the Citizens Defense Corps. In the service corps field of continuing health problems, suggestions have been forwarded to county and local defense councils on immunization against preventable diseases, using volunteers in health work, training for home nursing, training of nurses' aides, and wartime problems confronting official health agencies. On post-bombing health problems advice has been given relative to adequate water supply, sewerage treatment, milk pasteurization, epidemic control, and emergency food supply and housing.

EDUCATION: Walter Senty, Madison, *chairman*. To date this committee has limited itself to making suggestions to county and local defense council education committees on within-the-school problems and programs. Included were suggestions on curricular study, safety of pupils, protection of property, first aid, fire prevention, citizenship training, wartime information for pupils, cooperation with agriculture and industry, pre-flight and pre-induction training, and support of the victory corps.

RECREATION AND PHYSICAL FITNESS: Arthur Eckel, Two Rivers, *chairman*. This committee helps to serve communities in areas near military camps and war industries where there has been an influx of military men on leave or war workers. It also seeks to provide a recreation program for all men, women, and youth of the state. It works closely with the Wisconsin Recreation Association which has assumed the responsibility of providing an adequate recreation program for all communities of the state.

WELFARE: George Keith, Madison, *chairman*. This state committee is composed of representatives of state and federal agencies and private organizations interested in family and child welfare problems. It is primarily a coordinating body surveying state-wide war problems and coordinating activities in fields such as family security, child welfare, day care for children of working mothers, service to newcomers in crowded areas, juvenile delinquency, and assistance to service men and their families. The committee acts in an advisory capacity on post-emergency welfare problems including evacuation or relocation of individuals, rest or registration centers, and emergency aid and assistance in event of enemy air attack.

Departments Working With the Defense and Service Corps

CIVILIAN DEFENSE VOLUNTEER OFFICE: This volunteer office in each community is the clearing house for the enrollment of persons interested in civilian defense activities. It also furnishes lists of volunteers to any war agencies requiring such services.

BLOCK PLAN ORGANIZATION: Gertrude M. Puelicher, Milwaukee, *chairman*. This organization is comprised of approximately 35,000 Wisconsin women whose function it is to disseminate war information in their own communities through the leaders in each block. These women assist materially in furthering all projects pertaining directly or indirectly to the war effort. Their primary object is to establish and maintain community spirit through a neighborly and helpful attitude within their own blocks. In addition, they deliver vital war information rapidly and accurately to every home and secure from the home such information as may be of vital importance to the war effort.

PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPARTMENT: Sara Bivins, Milwaukee, *director*. This department, created in September 1943, handles all press and radio contracts on the state level for both the defense and service corps.

BOARD OF DEPOSITS OF WISCONSIN

Members: WALTER S. GOODLAND; FRED R. ZIMMERMAN; JOHN M. SMITH; JOHN E. MARTIN.

Acting Executive Secretary: BERNICE E. COE.

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 5.

This board, consisting of the Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, designates the banks in which the state funds are deposited and administers the state deposit fund. This fund was created in 1925 to insure state funds on deposit in banks. In the special session of 1931-32, this fund was expanded to include, besides the state's own funds, those of all political subdivisions of the state. All governmental units in the state are required to pay quarterly premiums to the state deposit fund, based on their average deposits in banks, at a rate fixed by the Board of Deposits, which is now one-tenth of one percent per annum, provided that that part of each deposit which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be exempt from any payment. In return, the state deposit fund is to reimburse them if losses result through the bank failures.

EMERGENCY BOARD

Members: WALTER S. GOODLAND, *chairman*; HELMAR A. LEWIS; P. BRADLEY MCINTYRE.

Office: Executive Department, State Capitol.

The Emergency Board was organized in 1915 and reorganized in its present form in 1929. It consists of the Governor and the senate and the assembly chairmen of the Joint Committee on Finance. The board has no employes but it was authorized by the 1933 Legislature to employ help if necessary. The Governor is *ex officio* chairman of the board and calls meetings at least once each quarter. The two legislative members are reimbursed their expenses and receive \$10 per day while attending meetings or while performing services requested by the Governor.

The main function of the Emergency Board is to take care of unexpected contingencies arising in state finances. For this purpose an appropriation of \$750,000 per year was made to the board under the executive budget act of 1943 to be allotted by it to state departments and institutions to tide them over unforeseen emergencies and to supplement appropriations which prove insufficient.

Under the 1943 executive budget act, the Emergency Board may reduce any appropriation for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1944 and June 30, 1945 by such amount as it deems feasible, not exceeding

25 percent of the appropriations for these years, except that appropriations for aids to political subdivisions of the state and for highways may not be reduced.

WISCONSIN EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS BOARD

Members: LAURENCE E. GOODING, *chairman*; R. FLOYD GREEN; J. E. FITZGIBBON.

Acting Secretary: WALTER KWAPIL.

General office: State Capitol; Regional office: 110 East Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee.

Total personnel, July 1943: 4.

Publications: Annual report; decisions on particular cases from time to time.

Wisconsin first passed a labor relations act in April 1937 which was commonly referred to as one of the "little Wagner Acts". The 1939 Legislature repealed the Wisconsin Labor Relations Act and enacted the Wisconsin Employment Peace Act, under which the Wisconsin Employment Relations Board was established in May of that year.

The end that the legislature desired to achieve is best shown by the statement of policy contained in the preamble—"to preserve and promote the interests of the public, the employe and the employer alike, to establish standards of fair conduct in employment relations, and to provide a convenient, expeditious, and impartial tribunal by which these interests may have their respective rights and obligations adjudicated."

The Employment Peace Act was intended to entirely restate the policy of Wisconsin in the field of labor relations. It recognizes and protects the right of employes to freely organize and to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, free from any type of employer interference. It also recognizes and protects the right of employes to refrain from any type of organization and guarantees to them freedom from intimidation or coercion from any source.

By the passage of the Employment Peace Act, the legislature recognized that the relationship between employe and employer involves three major interests—the interest of the public, the employe, and the employer. The act defines the rights and the obligations of both employe and the employer.

Certain definite duties are imposed upon the board by law. The board is required to conduct elections to determine whether or not a majority of the employes in a collective bargaining unit desire to be represented for the purpose of collective bargaining by a collective bargaining agency. If, in such election, some collective bargaining agency is selected by a majority of the employes, the board certifies such fact to the employer and to the union selected. It then becomes

the duty of the employer to bargain in good faith with such union in an attempt to arrive at fair and equitable working conditions for the employes in such collective bargaining unit.

The Employment Peace Act also provides that the board must conduct referenda to determine whether or not three-quarters or more of the employes voting in a collective bargaining unit desire an "all-union" agreement before an employer may enter into such agreement. If the required number of employes of an employer, at a referendum conducted by the board, vote in the affirmative, the employer may, but is not required to, enter into an agreement which will require all of the employes in such collective bargaining unit to become and remain members in good standing in the agency representing such employes for the purposes of collective bargaining.

Another duty imposed upon the board is to determine the rights of the parties whenever a complaint is filed with the board charging anyone with the commission of an unfair labor practice. The board neither investigates nor prosecutes such cases but acts merely in a quasi-judicial manner, first to determine what the facts are and, secondly, to determine what, if any, remedy should be imposed to overcome any unfair labor practice that the board may find has been committed.

The board is also authorized to conduct arbitration proceedings or to appoint arbitrators for such purpose at the request of the parties, the decision of such board of arbitration being final and binding upon all parties who have submitted to the jurisdiction of such arbitration board.

It is also directed to endeavor to mediate disputes to the end that such disputes will be minimized.

The authority given to this board is similar to that given to the National Labor Relations Board by the National Labor Relations Act. There are, however, several important distinctions between the national law and the Wisconsin law. Probably the most important distinctions between the two laws are: first, under the Wisconsin law the board has nothing whatever to do with the investigation and prosecution of unfair labor practices but acts solely in a quasi-judicial capacity; secondly, that the right of employes to refrain from joining or assisting labor organizations is protected in the same manner and by the same means that the right of organization and collective bargaining through representatives of the employes' own choosing is protected. This right is protected by restrictions in the form of unfair labor practices upon unions and employes to prevent coercion and interference with the unaffiliated status of the individual employe.

Innumerable legal questions have arisen in the administration of this act. Many have been presented to the Wisconsin courts and several have gone to the United States Supreme Court for decision. The law in reference to labor relations is still in a youthful stage and many additional questions are continually being presented to the courts for determination.

As a result of the success of the Wisconsin act, several states within the past year have adopted legislation similar to, some of it nearly identical with, the Wisconsin Employment Peace Act. Whether such trend will continue in the future or whether some other philosophy in the handling of labor relations will be developed, probably rests largely in the manner of the administration of such acts and the success that may be achieved in obtaining the hopes expressed by the legislature in its statement of policy.

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

State Chief Engineer: CHAS. A. HALBERT.

State Architect: ROGER C. KIRCHHOFF.

Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds: MALCOLM L. BROWN.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 182 employees, 26 of whom are part-time and 4 seasonal.

The state engineering department was organized in 1915. In 1929 its name was changed to the Bureau of Engineering and its duties somewhat modified. The state chief engineer is its executive officer. He has civil service status and is appointed by the Governor for an indeterminate term.

The Bureau of Engineering has direct charge of all architectural and engineering phases of building construction for the state, of its sewerage and water supply systems, of its power plants, and other improvements. It prepares the plans, draws the specifications, and supervises all work done under contracts.

According to the statutes, the state chief engineer also has general supervision of all engineering work carried on by any state department other than the Highway Commission. He is consulted in the appointment of engineers for the different departments, even though they are under the direct control of the departments which pay their salaries. The state chief engineer receives semiannual reports on the engineering work done in each department and has authority to make arrangements for interchange of engineering services between departments and temporary transfers of employees.

The Bureau of Engineering directly operates the capitol power plant and has supervision over all other state power plants. In connection with the capitol power plant it conducts a machine shop for the rebuilding and repair of machinery at state institutions, at the cost of the departments using this machinery. It draws the specifications on which all coal used by state departments is purchased and tests this coal upon delivery to determine the heating value and other qualities which determine the price to be paid therefor. All coal is

purchased by the state on a heating unit basis, with premiums to the sellers for superior quality and deductions where the specifications are not complied with.

The Bureau of Engineering also has charge of the equipment, operation, and maintenance of the capitol, the state office building, and the executive residence, and the grounds on which they are located. This includes janitor service, elevator service, policing, and similar duties. The cost of operation and maintenance of the state office building is charged to the State Office Building Commission.

STATE GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

Members: E. J. VANDERWALL, *executive secretary*; E. F. BEAN; C. A. HALBERT.

Total personnel, July 1943: None.

The State Geographic Board consists of the conservation director, the state geologist, and the state chief engineer. It was established under section 23.25 of the Wisconsin Statutes for the purpose of determining the correct and most appropriate names for geographic features, by changing, in cooperation with county boards and with their approval, names that are unsuitable or duplicated within the state, by giving names to features for which no generally accepted name has been in use, preparing and publishing an official state dictionary of geographic names, and cooperating with the United States Board on Geographical Names so that there may be no conflict between the state and federal designations of geographic features in the state.

GRAIN AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSION

Commissioners: PETER SKAMSER, *chairman*; FRED R. FISHER, *vice chairman*; E. W. RICHARDSON, *secretary-treasurer*.

Office: Board of Trade Building, Superior.

Total personnel, July 1943: 49 full-time and 7 seasonal.

Publications: No regular publications.

The Grain and Warehouse Commission was organized in 1905 and functions in the city of Superior. Green Bay and La Crosse warehouses are also served by this commission. It is composed of three members appointed by the Governor for three-year terms, without necessity of confirmation. It is supported entirely from its receipts. Earnings in excess of the permitted working surplus of \$60,000 go into the state general fund.

This commission has jurisdiction over all warehouses in the state with the exception of Milwaukee County. If warehouses in other cities desire this service, they are required to take out licenses under the act creating the commission.

Its principal duties are to inspect all grain shipped out of Superior; to inspect grain shipped to Superior if the shipper requests it; to weigh all grain passing in and out of Superior and to give official certificates of weight; and, on request, to analyze at its protein laboratory all grain and cereal products offered for inspection. The purpose of this service is to develop the grain trade of Wisconsin by insuring a fair deal to the shippers and producers of grain.

GRAND ARMY HOME FOR VETERANS

Board of Managers:

Ex officio: Brig. Gen. A. A. KUECHENMEISTER, acting adjutant general; Col. WILLIAM F. LORENZ, state surgeon; Col. GEORGE GOVE, chief quartermaster; CHARLES L. HOOKER, commander, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin;¹ HENRY TYRIVER, commander, United Spanish War Veterans.²

Appointed: AUGUST FREY, president, Spanish American war veteran; WILLIAM H. ZUEHLKE, vice president, Spanish American war veteran; MRS. MAY LUCHSINGER, secretary, Woman's Relief Corps; OSWALD CLAUS, World War veteran.

Administrative Officer in Charge of Home: Brig. Gen. A. A. KUECHENMEISTER.

Commandant: Col. WILLIAM A. HOLDEN (on active duty with U. S. Army).

Adjutant: Col. CARL L. BROSIUS.

Chief Surgeon: Maj. E. F. HAFEMEISTER.

Utility Officer: Maj. WALDO G. HANSEN.

Supply Officer: CLYDE V. FITCH.

Location of Home and Address of Commandant: King, Waupaca County.

Office of Adjutant General: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 174.

Publications: Annual Report of the Adjutant General for the Grand Army Home for Veterans.

The Grand Army Home for Veterans, originally called the Wisconsin Veterans Home, was established in 1887, for Union soldiers, sailors, and marines of the Civil War and their wives and widows in need of domiciliary care. Later nurses, veterans of the Spanish-American War and the World War, together with their wives, wid-

¹ Assumed office June 15, 1943. Term one year.

² Assumed office June 10, 1943. Term one year.

ows, and mothers were admitted. Applications for admittance to the home are passed upon in the following order of seniority: Civil War veterans, their wives and widows; Civil War nurses; veterans of the Spanish-American War, Philippine Insurrection, China Relief Expedition, and their mothers, wives, and widows; veterans of the World War, or any other war, and their mothers, wives, and widows.

The Adjutant General, with the approval of the Board of Managers, operates and conducts the Grand Army Home for Veterans.

The Board of Managers is composed of five *ex officio* members and four persons appointed by the Governor for terms of six years. The appointive members must be members of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Women's Relief Corps, the United Spanish American War Veterans or Auxiliary, the American Legion or Auxiliary, the Veterans of Foreign Wars or Auxiliary, or the Disabled American War Veterans or Auxiliary. Members of the board are not reimbursed for their services but are paid only the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties.

Recognizing the inadequate facilities of the home, not only in caring for the present membership but in anticipating the return of veterans of the present war who may need either hospitalization or domiciliary care, and considering the serious fire hazards which now exist, the new Board of Managers presented these facts to the Governor at the budget hearing and to the Joint Committee on Finance of the 1943 Legislature. A request was made for a sum of not less than two and one-half million dollars and all of the income from the federal government as veterans' aid to be appropriated over a ten-year period for a building program.

The 1943 Legislature made an appropriation of \$500,000 for the construction of a new power house and installation of heating equipment and a new hospital. Plans and specifications have already been drawn for the power house and a hospital with an ultimate 300-bed capacity. Building will commence as soon as the necessary priorities have been made available.

Total membership at the home, June 30, 1943: 187 men, 268 women.

<i>War Classification</i>	<i>Veterans</i>	<i>Wives</i>	<i>Widows</i>	<i>Mothers</i>	<i>Total</i>
Civil War -----	0	0	57	0	57
War with Spain -----	85	46	37	0	168
Philippine Insurrection--	10	6	1	2	19
Indian Wars -----	1	1	1	0	3
Mexican War -----	2	1	1	0	4
World War -----	89	23	7	85	204
Totals -----	187	77	104	87	455

BOARD OF HEALTH

Members: GUNNAR GUNDERSEN, M.D., *president*; IRA F. THOMPSON, M.D., *vice president*; CARL N. NEUPERT, M.D., *secretary*; A. E. RECTOR, M.D.; CARL W. EBERBACH, M.D.; STEPHEN CAHANA, M.D.; W. T. CLARK, M.D.; STEPHEN E. GAVIN, M.D.

State Health Officer: CARL N. NEUPERT, M.D.

Acting Assistant State Health Officer: C. A. HARPER, M.D.

Deputy Health Officers: F. P. DALY, M.D., Chippewa Falls; V. A. GUDEX, M.D., Fond du Lac.

District Health Officers: A. L. VAN DUSER, M.D., Wisconsin Rapids; R. N. NELSON, M.D., Elkhorn; M. W. MEYER, M.D., Green Bay; FRANCES CLINE, M.D., Rhinelander; ARTHUR R. ZINTEK, M.D., Madison; two vacancies.

Supervisor of Local Health Services: E. H. JORRIS,¹ M.D.; MILTON TRAUTMAN, M.D., *pro tem*.

Bureau of Vital Statistics: PAUL WEIS, *assistant state registrar*.

Bureau of Sanitary Engineering: L. F. WARRICK, *state sanitary engineer*.

Bureau of Communicable Diseases: H. M. GUILFORD, M.D., *state epidemiologist*; division of tuberculosis, ALLAN FILEK, M.D., *supervisor*; division of venereal diseases, MILTON TRAUTMAN, M.D., *supervisor*.

Bureau of Maternal and Child Health: AMY L. HUNTER, M.D., *chief*; medical specialists: EUGENIA S. CAMERON, M.D., *mental health*; WILLIAM KEETTEL,¹ M.D., *obstetrical consultant*; one vacancy, *school health*.

Bureau of Public Health Nursing: CORNELIA VAN KOOY, R.N., *supervisor*.

Dental Education: JOHN BULL,¹ D.D.S., *supervisor*.

Industrial Hygiene Division: PAUL A. BREHM, M.D., *supervisor*.

Bureau of Nursing Education: LEILA I. GIVEN, R.N., *director*.

Bureau of Plumbing and Domestic Sanitary Engineering: WALTER S. SPENCER, *supervisor*.

Hotel and Restaurant Division: BERT A. HONEYCOMBE, *supervisor*.

Barber Division: CHARLES E. MULLEN, *supervisor*.

Cosmetology Division: MRS. MARION GROTH, *supervisor*.

State Laboratory of Hygiene: W. D. STOVALL, M.D., *director*.

Wisconsin State Sanatorium for tuberculosis treatment: RICHARD SCHMIDT, M.D., *superintendent*.

Lake Tomahawk State Camp for tuberculosis rehabilitation: FRANK A. REICH, *superintendent*.

Bureau of Education: JOHN CULNAN,¹ *editor*; MRS. JANICE STOVALL, *assistant health educator*.

¹ On leave of absence for military service.

Subordinate Boards

- Barbers Examining Board:* HUGO VOGEL; JOSEPH LANDREE; GEORGE SCHOENFELDT.
- Cosmetology Examining Board:* LYDIA SCHNEIDER; MRS. MABLE SCOTT; MRS. LILLIAN FRANCE.
- Funeral Directors and Embalmers Examining Board:* COAD A. LE SAGE; CLARKE B. HABECKER; WILLMER G. SCHMIDT.
- Nursing Education, Committee on:* ESTHER KLINGMAN, *chairman*; LEILA I. GIVEN, *secretary*; R. M. KURTEN, M.D.; REV. HERMAN FRITSCHER; SISTER M. OLYMPIA; SISTER MERCEDES; CLARA BUMILLER; CORNELIA VAN KOOY; CARL N. NEUPERT, M.D., *ex officio*.
- Nurse Examiners, Board of:* GRACE A. KNIGHT, *chairman*; LEILA A. GIVEN, *secretary*; WHILOMENE RENTMEESTERS; SISTER M. ETHEL-REDA EBEL; MARGARET EMANUEL.
- Plumber Examiners, Board of:* ROBERT T. MORRILL; JOHN STROEBEL; WALTER A. SPENCER.
- Public Health Nurses, Examining Committee for:* C. A. HARPER, M.D.; ERNA KOWALKE; MAYBELL G. BUSH.
- Water Pollution, Committee on:* ADOLPH KANNEBERG, *chairman*; L. F. WARRICK, *executive secretary*; C. A. HALBERT; DR. EDWARD SCHNEBERGER.

Offices: State Office Building. The two deputy and seven district state health officers have offices in the cities following their names. The state laboratory is located at the University of Wisconsin, the branch laboratory at Rhinelander, and the cooperative laboratories in Beloit, Green Bay, Kenosha, La Crosse, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Superior, and Wausau.

Total personnel, July 1943: 478.

Publications: Biennial Report; Quarterly Bulletin; and various special publications which are listed in a publications leaflet obtainable on request.

The Board of Health consists of seven members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the senate for seven-year terms and the secretary who is elected by the board. This board of eight determines policies and adopts rules and regulations as provided by statute since 1876. It enforces all health laws of the state and has extensive order-making powers which include the preparation, promulgation and enforcement of many permanent rules and regulations in effect throughout the state. In addition special regulations are made to meet emergencies. The work of the board and of the department under its jurisdiction is supplemented by that of local boards of health through health officers in all towns, villages and cities. The state board keeps in touch constantly with these local boards and officers through its district and deputy state health officers so as to be able to assist them with their problems.

With the assistance of federal funds made available through the United States Public Health Service for supplementing local health services the board has been able to decrease the size of its districts by dividing the state into nine districts in place of the original five. These funds come into the state treasury and are expended in accordance with a budget and plan approved by the United States Public Health Service. Similarly additional funds are made available for services in the field of maternal and child health through the United States Children's Bureau.

A major concern of the Board of Health is the prevention and control of communicable diseases. Among these is the prevention and control of tuberculosis. It has been well demonstrated that the discovery of tuberculosis in its early stages when accompanied by prompt treatment results in early recovery, consequently there are fewer exposures of others, periods of recovery are shorter, and therefore there is in prospect the eradication of this disease in a comparatively short period in this state. The most important activities in this field include finding the unknown cases by means of taking miniature X-rays of those engaged in industry, skin testing of high school students, X-rays of contacts of active cases, follow-up of known cases to contacts and of those reported by Selective Service and encouraging patients to enter sanatoria for treatment in the early stages. The board operates the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Statesan and the Lake Tomahawk State Camp for rehabilitation of the tuberculous. It is directed by statute to investigate and supervise all tuberculosis hospitals and sanatoria and to familiarize itself with all circumstances affecting their management and usefulness.

In the field of venereal disease control it concerns itself with preventing the spread of these diseases by getting those infected under treatment as promptly as possible. By and large, treatment is carried out by practicing physicians, though the board maintains facilities in clinics in the major cities to provide treatment for those unable to pay private practitioners. It has available at no cost to the physician the drugs ordinarily used for the treatment of these diseases. Special effort is being put on the follow-up of individuals reported by the Selective Service as rejected with venereal disease.

Its bureau of maternal and child health carries on demonstration maternal and child health centers to encourage the establishment of such services in local communities, prepares statistics and makes the results available to county medical societies aiming at the reduction in the illnesses and deaths associated with childbirth and with infancy and childhood. Special attention is given to problems in general nutrition in the interest of improving the health of the individuals in the state.

For the past several months many of the normal activities of the bureau have had to be subordinated to a new emergency maternal and infant care program for the wives of those in the armed forces inaugurated by the Children's Bureau at Washington. Under this program obstetrical, pediatric and hospital care delivered in accordance

with certain regulations and standards set up are paid for from federal funds.

County-wide programs in the field of mental health aimed at the prevention of mental breakdowns in school children are being carried out in a number of counties with gratifying results.

Health education is receiving attention on a cooperative basis with other agencies in this field with special attention to the integration of health education and to teachers college, high school and elementary curricula.

Public health nurses are required by state law to be certified by the Board of Health. Through the bureau of public health nursing it keeps in close touch with all public health nurses in the state including county, city, and school nurses, and those employed by industry and private agencies.

Without accurate vital statistics a state cannot adequately protect the civil and property rights of its people or properly apply plans of hygiene in prolonging life. Birth and death records are among the most essential and effective agencies we possess for improving health and bringing about sanitary reform. Through the bureau of vital statistics the board receives, classifies, and preserves all records of births, deaths, marriages, and divorces, including important information relative to each. Certified copies of birth, death, marriage, and divorce records may be obtained upon application and the payment of a required fee. The filing of delayed birth records has attained voluminous proportions in the past two years.

The bureau of sanitary engineering carries on another phase of the work of the Board of Health. It concerns itself primarily with the purity of water supplies, safe and adequate sewage and garbage disposal, and the disposal of industrial wastes. Plans for the construction of all public water, sewage and refuse disposal systems and swimming pools must be approved by it. The safety of private water supplies is insured through a process of registering well drillers under a supervisor of well drilling. The well construction code sets reasonable standards and requirements to be met to provide pure drinking water.

The prevention of the contamination of highways incidental to the transportation of carcasses of animals dying from hoof or mouth disease, anthrax, etc., and the prevention of nuisances due to the disintegration of animal carcasses is accomplished through regulations governing the collection of dead animals and their rendering through the licensing of rendering plants with emphasis on sanitary standards for trucks engaged in transportation of dead animals. The bureau also has the responsibility of enforcing the slaughterhouse regulations provided for by the new slaughterhouse law. The chief purpose of the law is that of requiring the slaughtering to be done under sanitary conditions.

An interdepartmental committee on water pollution is attached to the Board of Health. Created in 1927, it is composed of representatives of the Public Service Commission, the Conservation Department,

the State Engineering Department and the State Board of Health. The state sanitary engineer is executive secretary of the committee and the administrative work is conducted by the bureau of sanitary engineering. The committee is charged with establishing general policies and procedures to halt the pollution of Wisconsin waters.

The board's industrial hygiene division cooperates with various industries and with the Industrial Commission by conducting studies of industrial health hazards on request and making recommendations to the industry making the request for elimination and control of those hazards.

Activities in the field of dental education are temporarily interrupted due to military leave of the supervisor of dental education.

A state hygienic laboratory and branch and cooperative laboratories in the various cities are maintained primarily to provide laboratory service in the control of communicable diseases. The cost of the branch and cooperative laboratories is shared with the cities in which they are located. They assist physicians and public health officials in diagnosing communicable diseases and in any one of the essential procedures. The state laboratory is operated in conjunction with the university and the director is a member of the university faculty. Here chemical and bacteriological examinations are made to determine the presence of various communicable diseases. Analysis of water is also made to test its fitness for drinking. All tests are made at no cost to the physician or health officer making the request. Anti-typhoid and whooping cough vaccines are manufactured in this laboratory and distributed at no cost to physicians in the state. Silver nitrate is similarly made available to physicians and midwives attending births since they are required to administer it to all newborn babies to prevent blindness from ophthalmia neonatorum.

Through its bureau of nursing education and the committee on nursing education the board prescribes standards for all schools of nursing education, makes surveys, has general supervision of all schools, and registers nurses who have met the requirements and have passed the examination.

The board also concerns itself with the protection of the public in maintaining sanitary conditions in public eating establishments through its hotel and restaurant division. It inspects and licenses all hotels and restaurants, tourist rooms, and tourist cabins.

Sanitary conditions in beauty shops are of interest to the board and it is charged with licensing schools of beauty culture, managers, operators, and manicurists in the field of cosmetology through its cosmetology division. Similar services in the field of barbering are provided through its barber division.

The public is protected against health hazards in the field of contamination of water in plumbing systems by enforcing the state plumbing code which prescribes minimum standards for all plumbing and domestic drainage in the state. The board licenses plumbers, registers plumbing apprentices, examines lake and stream shore plats, and performs similar duties.

The board guards against the spread of communicable disease through the preparation and burial of the dead. Through the rules and regulations governing funeral directing and embalming, the board especially prevents the mingling at funerals of those who have come in contact with the deceased with the general public. It licenses funeral directors and embalmers in conjunction with the committee of examiners in that field as provided by statute.

Maternity hospitals are licensed by the Board of Health in cooperation with the Department of Public Welfare.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION

Commissioners: JAMES R. LAW, *chairman*; MIKE MACK, *vice chairman*; DAVID J. SUMMERVILLE, *secretary*.

Central Office Staff: E. L. ROETTIGER, *state highway engineer*; A. T. BLECK, *construction engineer*; WILLIAM HOENIG, *maintenance engineer*; CHARLES H. KIRCH, *bridge engineer*; W. B. BLAIR, *chief accountant*.

Division Engineers with Offices:

Division No. 1, D. J. Minahan, State Office Building, Madison.

Division No. 2, J. A. Stransky, 513 Commerce Building, Milwaukee.

Division No. 3, D. F. Culbertson, Nicolet Building, Green Bay.

Division No. 4, W. J. Haselton, Wisconsin Theatre Building, Wisconsin Rapids.

Division No. 5, T. M. Reynolds, Hoeschler Building, La Crosse.

Division No. 6, W. F. Baumgartner, 213 South Barstow Street, Eau Claire.

Division No. 7, S. A. Koszarek, Court House, Rhinelander.

Division No. 8, G. I. Germond, 1517 Tower Avenue, Superior.

Division No. 9, T. W. Reilly, Lancaster.

General Office: State Office Building; Division offices: In places given above as addresses of the Division Engineers.

Total personnel, July 1943: 269 permanent; 3 seasonal; 2 temporary; 7 part-time.

Publications: Biennial reports; Road and Bridge Standard Specifications; highway maps.

The Highway Commission was organized in 1911 and reorganized in 1929. It is headed by three full-time commissioners, appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the senate. The commissioners hold office for six-year terms.

The Highway Commission is charged by law with the duty of administering state functions in maintaining and operating the state trunk highway system and the distribution of the state highway aids

to local units of government, all within the limits of the motor fuel taxes and registration fees for the purpose levied at the state level.

The state highway system maintained and operated by the state aggregates approximately 10,000 miles. The commission directs, finances, and supervises the maintenance of traffic service on this system. County highway forces operating under agreements with the commission and on a labor reimbursement and machinery rental basis perform practically all the maintenance and service operations on the system.

The Highway Commission, subject to the provisions of the statutes, locates, designs, supervises, and finances the improvement of the state trunk highway system.

All federal highway aids apportioned to the state under authorizations of the Federal Highway Act are expended by and through the commission under supervision of the Public Roads Administration of the Federal Works Agency. Federal highway funds are allocated to the state for the several purposes, including improvements on the portion of the state trunk highway system designated the Federal Aid System; for secondary and feeder roads on secondary state trunk highways and primary county highways; for railroad grade crossing elimination and protection eligible on all public highways; for national forest roads; and since the war emergency, special aids for access roads to military and naval establishments.

The commission maintains such engineering and clerical personnel as is necessary for laying out, designing, and supervision of construction of roads and bridges, testing of materials, inventory of facilities necessary for determining apportionment of aids to local units, and accounting of funds appropriated to and spent by the state or apportioned to local units of government. Upon request, highway engineering services are made available to local units of government on an actual cost basis.

In addition to operations of maintaining and improving the state trunk system the commission directs and supervises the traffic services, such as snow and ice removal and control, and the signs, signals, and other traffic control devices necessary for the guidance and regulation of traffic.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

Commissioners: VOYTA WRABETZ, *chairman*; HARRY J. BURCZYK; C. L. MILER.

Secretary: HELEN E. GILL.

Safety and Sanitation Division: R. MCA. KEOWN, *engineer*; O. T. NELSON, *building engineer*; M. A. EDGAR, *chief boiler inspector*; GILBERT S. KESSLER, *superintendent of fire prevention*; JOHN E. WISE, *electrical engineer*; A. H. FINDEISEN, *mine inspector*.

Workmen's Compensation Department: H. A. NELSON, *director*.

Woman and Child Labor Department: TAYLOR FRYE, *assistant to the Commission*; MAUD SWETT, *Milwaukee, field director*.

Apprenticeship Department: W. F. SIMON, *supervisor of apprenticeship.*

Statistical Department: ORRIN A. FRIED, *chief statistician.*

Unemployment Compensation: PAUL A. RAUSHENBUSH, *director.*

General office: State Office Building; Milwaukee office: 623 North Second Street; unemployment compensation division: 137 East Wilson Street, Madison.

Total personnel, July 1943: 370.

Publications: Biennial Report; Workmen's Compensation Report; reprints of the laws administered by the commission; safety codes (on the different subjects on which the commission has issued orders).

The Industrial Commission is the labor department of the state. Since the first labor law was passed in 1867, new laws on the subject have been enacted at every session of the legislature. The Bureau of Labor Statistics was created in 1887 to enforce all labor laws but in 1911, when the Workmen's Compensation Law was passed, it was replaced by the Industrial Commission. This commission consists of three persons appointed by the Governor for six-year terms, subject to confirmation by the senate.

Safety and Sanitation

The commission enforces all of the laws pertaining to the physical safety of work places and public buildings, such as factories, stores, schools, theaters, churches, and hotels. The statutes do not prescribe in detail the safety requirements but merely provide that all employers and all owners of public buildings shall provide places which are safe to employes and frequenters. It is the duty of the Industrial Commission to determine what is safe and with that purpose in mind it has adopted approximately 1,300 separate regulations. These regulations were drafted by advisory committees made up of representatives of employers and employes. Eleven district deputies systematically inspect all principal places of employment. In addition, there are a number of engineers who deal with special problems.

Woman and Child Labor

The child labor law, street trades law, the law regulating hours of labor of women and the minimum wage law for minors and adult women are administered by the commission.

Child labor permits are required for the employment of boys and girls under 18 years of age and street trades permits are required for the employment of boys under 18 to be employed in street trades. Girls under 18 are not permitted to engage in street trades. The commission has designated some 250 people as permit officers throughout the state who issue child labor and street trades permits without pay. Labor permits are not required for the employment of children in agricultural pursuits.

The law regulates the hours of labor of women in the following places of employment: beauty parlors; factories and laundries; hotels; mercantile or mechanical establishments; confectionery stores; telegraph offices, express, and transportation establishments; restaurants; and telephone exchanges. In all other places of employment the hours that women shall be employed are matters of agreement between them and their employers.

The Minimum Wage Law applies to minors and adult women. The minimum rates of pay fixed under this law are at this time as follows:

Experienced minor employes in cities with a population of 5,000 or more	22½¢	per hour
Experienced minor employes elsewhere	20¢	per hour
Inexperienced minor employes during the first 3 months in the industry	16¢	per hour
Inexperienced minor employes during the second 3 months in the industry	18¢	per hour

Workmen's Compensation

The Workmen's Compensation Act is administered by the Industrial Commission. It provides for payment of compensation, and for all necessary medical treatment to injured employes of employers subject to the compensation act, and for compensation to dependents of employes whose injury results in death. During the year ended June 30, 1943, 36,370 industrial accidents and diseases were reported. Complete reports of these accidents were furnished in order to make certain that injured employes received the full amount due them. In about 85 percent of these cases payments were made without a formal order of the commission. In about 15 percent of the cases, which involved more than one-half the total benefits paid during the year, the commission determined the rights of the parties by formal order. Orders are entered after hearings held at some place within the state in or near the place where the accident occurred, or where the injured person resides. These hearings are conducted by an examiner of the commission, and appeal from these findings may be taken to the commission as a body.

Employment Service

On January 1, 1942 at the request of the President, and with the full cooperation of the Executive Office of this state, the state employment service was loaned to the federal government for the war duration.

Unemployment Compensation

Wisconsin enacted its pioneer unemployment compensation law in January 1932—three years before any other state took action in this field.

The present law, Chapter 108 of the Wisconsin Statutes, covers over 14,000 employers of six or more persons, and about 700,000 workers. Contributions have been paid by covered employers since

July 1934. Unemployment benefits have been paid to eligible workers since August 1936. Through July 1943, benefit payments had totalled over 27½ million dollars.

To secure benefits under the law, each unemployed worker must register for work and report weekly at a public employment office. Benefits due under the law, for weeks of unemployment, are paid by check, mailed to the worker at his home address. Each unemployed worker's weekly benefit is based on his average weekly wage, under a schedule weighted in favor of the lower earning brackets. The resulting weekly payments for total unemployment range from \$8 up to a maximum of \$20 (effective in 1944). How long a worker may draw benefits depends on how long he has recently worked in "covered" employment. If he has had 40 or more weeks of covered employment within the past year, he may draw up to 20 weeks of benefits.

Each employer's contributions are credited to his separate reserve account in the state's "unemployment reserve fund." Under Wisconsin's "experience rating" system, each employer's contribution rate depends on his own experience, as shown by the contributions credited and the benefits charged to his separate account. Steadier employment means lower contribution rates.

Wartime expansion has greatly increased the potential liabilities of Wisconsin's unemployment fund. Because heavy postwar benefit payments must be expected, larger reserves are now being built up—by higher wartime contribution rates, starting in July 1943. All covered employers are now paying an extra one-half percent contribution, into special "postwar reserves"; and a new schedule of higher "war-risk" contribution rates now applies to some hundreds of larger war-expanded employers.

These wartime measures, enacted in 1943, should fully assure the postwar solvency of Wisconsin's fund, which totalled over 98 million dollars on July 31, 1943. This fund can be used for only one purpose—to pay unemployment benefits to Wisconsin workers.

The Industrial Commission's expenses in administering the unemployment compensation law (collecting contributions, receiving claims at employment offices, and paying benefits) are financed separately, from federal funds granted under the Social Security Act.

Apprenticeship

In view of the fact that the armed services have first claim on youths eighteen years of age or over, it would appear that apprentice training must remain at a standstill for the duration. However, industry, especially the metal trades, must have skilled mechanics to meet the increased demand for production and to replace those who entered the armed forces.

In Wisconsin there has been no falling off of apprentice training during the last two years. As a matter of fact there has been an increase. During 1942 there were 1,455 new apprentice indentures approved by the Industrial Commission. The record for 1943 will

about equal this. Also, during the year 1942 a total of 150 additional employers joined the ranks of those with indentured apprentices. The young men now being apprenticed are those 16 years of age. This is permissible under our apprenticeship law. Naturally at that age most boys are still in high school. More than a year ago the Industrial Commission took the first steps to initiate a plan which would enable boys to complete their high school training on a part-time basis while serving a formal apprenticeship. The commission in this case acted as the coordinating agency between high schools and vocational schools in making such a plan possible. Under this system the young man can get his high school diploma and almost complete learning a skilled craft by the time he reaches his eighteenth birthday or shortly thereafter. Thus, if he enters the armed services at 18 his experience and training will be such as will be of greatest usefulness to his country in the service and upon his return to civilian life he will have a skilled trade to practice.

Wisconsin leads other states in this respect. This state also initiated a program of placement as apprentices of returning disabled war veterans in cooperation with the rehabilitation division of the Veterans Administration.

Wage Collection

In 1931 the legislature passed a law making it the duty of the commission to help wage earners collect the wages due them. When earned wages have not been paid the Industrial Commission investigates the facts and often calls in both parties. This usually results in a mutually satisfactory settlement without court action but, if necessary, the commission may prosecute for the workman.

Statistics

Through its statistical department the Industrial Commission collects, analyzes, and publishes statistics relating to industrial conditions, including statistics of employment, industrial accidents, and child labor. Index numbers of the volume of employment and pay rolls are compiled monthly from reports voluntarily made by many employers and are the best gauge of industrial conditions obtainable.

WISCONSIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Board of Regents: JOHN CALLAHAN, *president*; JOHN P. LACKE, *secretary*; CHARLES W. STOOPS.

President: MILTON A. MELCHER.

Location: Platteville.

Total personnel, July 1943: 8 full-time and 1 part-time faculty members; 4 civil service employes and 1 student helper.

Publications: Bulletin of the Wisconsin Institute of Technology.

The Wisconsin Institute of Technology was established in 1907 as a mining trade school with a two-year course of instruction. The course was increased in length and scope in 1915 and again in 1939. The law as amended provides that the board may grant diplomas or certificates of graduation upon the completion of the required courses and may confer degrees upon the graduates from the various courses. No degrees have been granted as yet because numerous changes in the curricula have not been completed. A diploma is the present certificate of graduation.

The function of the school is to train students in practical general engineering. The first two years of training are devoted to the basic sciences of engineering. The third year includes courses in mining, chemistry, and geology.

Two sequences are given to cover this work. One sequence is intended for students who are not high school graduates. High school as well as non-high school graduates may enroll in this course. Non-high school graduates are not qualified to enter a university, hence, they are required to take many non-college credit subjects. These courses eliminate as much theory as possible and concentrate on the practical application of subject matter, making it possible to learn the principles and practices of a profession without a long apprenticeship in an engineering or mining establishment.

The sequence for high school graduates requires much more theory and reference work. This sequence conforms to the requirements of most university curricula. If a student taking this course desires to complete his studies in mining engineering, he may transfer to another school to obtain his degree; or, if he desires, he may have his credits transferred to a different branch of engineering.

No student who shall have been a resident of the state for one year next preceding his admission to the school shall be required to pay tuition. The tuition for students who are not residents has been fixed by the board of regents at \$25 per term. All students pay nominal laboratory fees.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Commissioner of Insurance: MORVIN DUEL.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 33.

Publications: Annual reports, insurance laws.

For eight years following the beginning of the Insurance Department in 1870, the Secretary of State was *ex officio* Insurance Commissioner. From 1878 until 1911 the commissioner was an elective officer. Since that time he has been appointed by the Governor for a four-year term, subject to confirmation by the senate.

The Insurance Department administers the laws relating to fire, marine, life, disability, liability, steam boiler, fidelity, title, credit, burglary, plate glass, sprinkler leakage, elevator, livestock, automobile, workmen's compensation, and other casualty insurance, which comprise the 17 forms recognized by the Wisconsin Statutes. There were 286 Wisconsin companies licensed in 1942, and these companies are examined every three years. In 1942 there were also 475 foreign companies licensed to do business in this state after an examination made by this department. Special examinations of either foreign or domestic companies may be made whenever the commissioner deems it advisable. All companies file annual reports which are examined in detail. When a foreign company has been determined unsound or has violated any laws of the state its license can be revoked by the commissioner, and if a similar situation arises in regard to a domestic company, proceedings may be started to take over its business.

All insurance policy forms used in the state and the methods for computing reserve liabilities must be approved by the commissioner. The department licenses rating bureaus, insurance adjusters, and agents. All insurance taxes and fire department dues and fees, approximating \$2,592,371 per year, are collected by it. The fire department dues approximating \$220,200 are distributed to cities, towns, and villages for the support of their fire departments. The department may investigate, either on complaint or its own initiative, to determine whether the insurance laws are being complied with; and it may revise rates, rules, and classifications, if they are unreasonable or discriminatory.

The state insurance fund established in 1903 and the state life fund established in 1911 are managed and operated by the Insurance Department. The state insurance fund insures state-owned property and that of political subdivisions of the state which wish to insure with it. The state life fund insures citizens of the state after satisfactory evidence of insurability is furnished.

The commissioner of insurance was made *ex officio* State Fire Marshal in 1911, and at the present time has five deputy fire marshals on his staff who are assigned to various districts of the state. Their duties are to investigate fires of suspicious origin, to assist in the prosecution of arson cases, and to collect statistics on fire losses.

In 1933 a law was passed which abolished the Compensation Insurance Board and transferred its functions to the Insurance Department. These added duties include the establishment of minimum rates for all classes of compensation risks, investigation as to the solvency of all companies in this field, and prevention of discrimination between employers through checking all inspection reports and rates upon individual risks which the companies must file with the department. The commissioner consults with the Industrial Commission but the legal responsibility in the discharge of his duties remains with him.

COMMISSION ON INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Members: Senators LOUIS J. FELLEZ, Jr., JOHN W. BYRNES, MELVIN R. LAIRD; Assemblyman ROBERT M. LONG, ALFRED R. LUDVIGSEN, JOSEPH A. SCHMITZ; A. E. WEGNER, commissioner of taxation; FRANK N. GRAASS, legislative and financial secretary to the Governor; JAMES R. LAW, member of the Highway Commission.

The 1937 Legislature created, under Chapter 273, Laws of 1937, the Commission on Interstate Cooperation which consists of three senators and three assemblymen who are appointed as are standing committees in the respective houses, and three state officials to be designated by the Governor. The Governor serves as an *ex officio* nonvoting member of the commission. It shall be the principal functions of the commission to carry forward the participation of this state as a member of the Council of State Governments and to promote cooperation with other units of government by formulating proposals and by facilitating the adoption of such compacts, uniform or reciprocal agreements as will enable this state to do its proper part in forming a more perfect union among the various state governments. There is appropriated from the general fund annually \$2,000 for the execution of the functions of the commission.

FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION

Commissioners: JOHN CALLAHAN, *chairman*; CLARENCE A. DYKSTRA, *vice chairman*; EDWARD P. ALEXANDER; MATTHEW S. DUDGEON; JACOB H. HEIM.

Secretary: CLARENCE B. LESTER.

Legislative Reference Library: HOWARD F. OHM, *chief*.

Library Extension: ELEANOR DAVIS, *chief*.

Traveling Library and Study Club: JENNIE T. SCHRAGE, *chief*.

Book Selection: MARY K. REELY, *chief*.

Secretary's office and Legislative Reference Library: State Capitol;
Library Extension, Book Selection, and Traveling Library: State
Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 29; seasonal employes as required.

Publications: Biennial reports; Wisconsin Library Bulletin (monthly periodical; subscription price \$1 per year); Book lists (occasional); Wisconsin Blue Book; Summary of the Action . . . of the Wisconsin Legislature on Some of the More Important Questions Coming Before It; Red Book, Wisconsin Administrative Rules and Orders (jointly with Revisor of Statutes).

The Free Library Commission was organized in 1895 and in the same year the Traveling Library and a summer Library School were started. The Library School proper dates from 1905, and continued under the supervision of the Free Library Commission until 1939 when it was transferred to the University of Wisconsin. The Legislative Reference Library was organized in 1901.

The Free Library Commission has a five-member board consisting of two members appointed by the Governor for terms of five years without confirmation by the senate, and three *ex officio* members who are the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the president of the university, and the director of the State Historical Society. The commission elects a chairman from its own membership and employs a secretary. Members receive no salary but are reimbursed their actual expenses when attending meetings.

Library Extension and Book Selection

The commission assists in the establishment, maintenance, and operation of public libraries throughout the state. It advises in such matters as the selection of library quarters, the construction and arrangement of library buildings, the organization and conduct of library affairs, and the selection of books. This assistance is given through correspondence and through visits to libraries by the secretary and members of the staff. A monthly bulletin is published by the commission which deals with subjects of interest to librarians and which contains notes on current library practices and a list of current books recommended for library purchase. Both library extension and book selection departments are immediately responsible for this part of the work of the commission.

Traveling Library and Study Club Department

The Traveling Library is a book supply service maintained for communities which have no local library service and for those whose libraries are inadequate to meet the demands of their communities. Individuals or groups of people may request single books, or sets or selections of books on particular subjects. Selected libraries are sent out for the use of women's clubs, boy scouts, rural schools, and many other groups. Persons living in communities without libraries may make direct request for the services of the Traveling Library, but where a local library exists transfers are made from the Traveling Library to the local libraries which distribute the books. Assistance in program planning is offered all types of study groups. Reading courses are planned for individuals.

Legislative Reference Library

The Legislative Reference Library has three main functions. It offers a bill drafting service for the legislature, a research and library service principally for the legislature and state departments

but also available to private citizens, and it edits the Wisconsin Blue Book.

Probably its best known function is the drafting of bills, resolutions, and amendments to be introduced in the legislature. The library does not advocate legislation nor does it ever draft a bill without a specific request. Members of the legislature are not required to have their bills drafted by this service, but for many years all of them have done so.

STATE LIBRARY

Board of Trustees: The Justices of the Supreme Court and the Attorney General.

State Librarian: GILSON G. GLASIER.

Assistant: EDWIN C. JENSEN.

Location: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 4.

Number of volumes: 92,000.

Publications: None.

The State Library is the oldest state institution, dating from the act of Congress which organized the territory of Wisconsin in 1836. Until 1876 the librarian was appointed by the Governor. Since then the State Library has been under the control of a board of trustees consisting of the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Attorney General. The trustees select the State Librarian, the administrative head of the library, and the library staff.

The State Library is often referred to as the "law library," because its collection consists mainly of court reports, session laws, statutes, and legal texts. In addition thereto it has a large collection of documentary material acquired by exchange with other state libraries over a period of many years. It is essentially a reference library of law. It is used very largely by the Supreme Court, the Attorney General's department, and by attorneys; to a lesser degree by all the other state departments; and to some extent by the public. Its books are loaned and circulated only within the state departments at Madison.

MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT

Commissioner: HUGH M. JONES.¹

Acting Commissioner: B. L. MARCUS.

Registration and Licensing Division: B. L. MARCUS, *director.*

Inspection and Enforcement Division: HOMER G. BELL, *director.*

Highway Safety Promotion Division: R. C. SALISBURY, *director.*

General office: State Office Building; branch office: 759 North Broadway, Milwaukee.

Total personnel, July 1943: 236.

Publications: Motor vehicle registration lists; monthly bulletin for enforcement officers; periodic lists of new motor vehicle registrations; monthly list of stolen and recovered motor vehicles; monthly list of drivers' license suspensions, revocations, cancellations, and reinstatements; school bus regulations; motor vehicle lighting regulations; motor carrier safety regulations; motor vehicle laws; bulletins on drivers' license examinations; Wisconsin Traffic Safety; official tests for drivers' license applicants; Official Drivers' Manual; Examiners' Manual; various publications for the promotion of highway safety.

The Motor Vehicle Department was created in 1939 for the purpose of integrating in one department all functions relating to the licensing and regulation of motor vehicles and drivers. Prior to 1939 these functions were scattered among five separate departments, namely—Secretary of State, Public Service Commission, State Highway Commission, Industrial Commission, and State Inspection Bureau. The various duties were transferred and coordinated and the new organization began to function October 1, 1939. The staff was built around that of the former Motor Vehicle Division which had been operating for more than 20 years and which was the largest and most experienced of the several units affected by the consolidation. The work of the new department is organized into three administrative divisions—registration and licensing, inspection and enforcement, and highway safety promotion. The directors of these divisions are at all times accountable to the commissioner.

Registration and Licensing

The registration and licensing division registers all motor vehicles in the state, issues certificates of title to owners of vehicles, issues motor vehicle dealers' licenses and motor carriers' permits, and collects the taxes imposed on motor carriers. This division compiles the statistics for distribution of the privilege highway tax among the several towns, villages, and cities, consisting of 20 percent of the net registration fees derived from motor vehicles customarily kept therein.

Total receipts on tax, permits, registrations and drivers' licenses in the fiscal year 1942-43 totaled \$15,245,307.21.

¹On military leave.

Inspection and Enforcement

The inspection and enforcement division has direct charge of the enforcement of state traffic laws, motor vehicle registration laws, permit and ton-mile tax laws, and the drivers' license law which includes the examination of drivers. This division also enforces the minimum safety standards for school buses and motor carriers, the motor vehicle lighting laws and regulations, inspects and approves rebuilt motor vehicles, inspects display and service facilities of motor vehicle dealers, and enforces the provisions of the itinerant merchant truckers' law. The statutes provide for 55 uniformed officers of the State Traffic Patrol, stationed at strategic points throughout the state to enforce the laws which come under the jurisdiction of this division. Contact is maintained with sheriffs, local police officers, county traffic officers, and enforcement authorities of other states.

Safety Promotion

A ceaseless campaign of public safety education is carried on by the safety promotion division in an effort to make Wisconsin citizens more conscious of their individual responsibilities for improved traffic conditions.

An accident record bureau gathers data on traffic accidents within the state. This bureau compiles highway accident statistics and files accident reports under section 85.141 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Every motor vehicle traffic accident resulting in death, personal injury, or total property damage of \$50 or more must be reported by the drivers involved to local police authorities as soon as reasonably possible and within 48 hours to the Motor Vehicle Department.

Accidents are classified as to location, type, circumstances, time, and condition in considerable detail so that study and investigation of accident records yield valuable information on which intelligent planning of safety promotion can be based.

Individual driver record files are maintained, in which are listed any court convictions, revocations, suspensions, or motor vehicle traffic accidents involving the driver. "Safety letters" are sent to drivers whose record appears in need of warning. There are 1,200,000 drivers in the state.

The educational section of this division promotes safety in junior and senior high schools in cooperation with local educational authorities. The Department of Public Instruction co-sponsors a driver education and training course for high schools. Assistance is given in establishing school safety patrols in public and parochial schools, in city and country.

The publicity section of the safety promotion division prepares releases for daily and weekly newspapers, radio warnings and speeches for radio stations, special articles for magazines, and public address announcements for large gatherings. A bi-monthly magazine, Wisconsin Traffic Safety, reaches 11,000 persons.

Lectures are given by members of the division staff before civic, fraternal, and religious organizations. Motion pictures are loaned free, except for transportation costs. Thousands of pieces of literature are distributed every month. Assistance is given to any group desiring to help promote highway safety in Wisconsin.

MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Board of Trustees: Executive Trustee, ORVILLE CHRISTIANSON, *chairman*; finance trustee, IRVIN F. KNOEBEL, *secretary*; municipality trustee, JOHN SCANLON, JR.; employe trustee, ALBERT SCHIMMING; MORVIN DUEL, *ex officio*.

Acting Director: FREDERICK N. MACMILLIN.

Actuary: ARTHUR S. HANSEN.

Office: 30 East Johnson Street, Madison 3.

Total personnel, February 1944: 4.

Publications: None.

The municipal retirement fund, created by Chapter 175, Laws of 1943, is administered by a board of trustees appointed by the Governor. The purpose of the fund is to provide for the payment of annuities and other benefits to employes and to beneficiaries of employes of cities and villages in the state. The board consists of five members: a municipality trustee who shall be a member of the governing body of a participating municipality; an executive trustee who shall be a chief executive of a participating municipality; a finance trustee who shall be a principal finance officer of a participating municipality; an employe trustee who shall be an employe of a participating municipality; and the commissioner of insurance who shall serve *ex officio*. The board was organized on November 22, 1943.

On January 1, 1944 the participating municipalities were the cities of Beloit, Black River Falls, Burlington, Cudahy, Eau Claire, Janesville, La Crosse, Madison, Manitowoc, Menasha, Menomonie, Neenah, Port Washington, Racine, Rhinelander, South Milwaukee, Stevens Point and West Allis and the village of Greendale. Proposals for adoption by Cedarburg and Fort Atkinson have been referred to a referendum in April 1944. The cities of Antigo, Shawano, and West Bend are to participate on January 1, 1945.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD AND STATE GUARD

Commander-in-Chief: ACTING GOVERNOR WALTER S. GOODLAND.

Adjutant General's Department

The Adjutant General: Brig. Gen. RALPH M. IMMELL (on military leave).

The Acting Adjutant General: Brig. Gen. ALVIN A. KUECHENMEISTER.

Assistant Adjutant General: Col. NICHOLAS M. SCHANTZ.

Executive Officer: Col. JOHN F. MULLEN (on military leave).

Administrative Assistant: THOR H. HANSON.

Quartermaster Corps

Chief Quartermaster: Lt. Col. HARRY G. WILLIAMS (on military leave).

Acting Chief Quartermaster: Lt. Col. GEORGE M. GOVE.

Medical Department

Chief Surgeon: Col. WILLIAM F. LORENZ.

Adjutant General's office: State Capitol; Chief Quartermaster's office: Camp Douglas.

State Military Reservation: Camp Williams (Post Office, Camp Douglas).

Total personnel, Adjutant General's Department, July 1943: 13.

Publications: Biennial report; Wisconsin veterans' laws; roster of units and commissioned officers.

The Wisconsin State Guard, organized under the provisions of the Wisconsin Statutes to replace the National Guard which has been called into federal service, has been molded into an efficient military force, ready to respond at the Governor's call to meet any state emergency.

The formation and organization of the State Guard, under the supervision of Brigadier General Ralph M. Immell, Adjutant General, was started immediately after the 64th Infantry Brigade was called into federal service on October 15, 1940, and by June 30, 1941, a complete Brigade of Infantry, consisting of three regiments of infantry, had been organized. The Infantry Company was organized as a self-sustaining unit with the necessary medical and chemical personnel assigned to each company; each company organized with a maximum strength of five officers and sixty enlisted men; each regiment organized on the basis of three battalions, each battalion consisting of four Infantry Companies and one Battalion Headquarters Detachment. The total strength of the Wisconsin State Guard on June 30, 1943 was 297 officers and 2,251 enlisted men.

The Wisconsin State Guard has responded to the call of the Governor on three occasions. On August 15, 1942 two Infantry Companies

were ordered to active duty with stations at Superior and Ashland, Wisconsin, to guard the ore docks. Companies were alternated every two weeks until November 17, 1942, when the guarding of the ore docks was taken over by the federal government.

On September 19, 1942, Company L, Second Infantry Regiment, later designated as Company L, Third Infantry Regiment, at Eau Claire, Wisconsin, was called into active duty to protect life and property due to the flood conditions at Spring Valley, Wisconsin.

On December 17, 1942, a squad of ten enlisted men and one commissioned officer was called to active duty to guard the bridge at Sturgeon Bay, Wisconsin. This detail remained on duty until December 31, 1942, when the assignment was taken over by locally-deputized guards.

The officers and enlisted men of the Wisconsin State Guard are entitled to every consideration in view of the fact that they must make many personal sacrifices and give up many hours of their time to training and duty without remuneration. Wisconsin can well be proud of its state military force and every community fortunate enough to have a State Guard unit should give it their wholehearted support.

The greater part of Wisconsin's own military reservation, Camp Williams, located at Camp Douglas, was leased to the United States Government early in 1942, for the purpose of training the rapidly expanding Air Corps. However, provisions were made whereby the United States Government will set aside the 128th Infantry Area for three weeks per year upon state request for the purpose of a Field Camp of Instruction for the Wisconsin State Guard. During the year 1942-1943, due to the shortage of manpower in industry, the state authorities did not deem it advisable to conduct a Field Camp of Instruction for the entire State Guard, but in lieu thereof during the summer of 1943 conducted a two-day week-end maneuver for each battalion in an area in close proximity to the home station of the respective battalion. Much valuable instruction was gleaned from these maneuvers, and the experience gained by both officers and men in conducting a battalion in the field covering details as to the transportation of troops in convoy over public highways, plus the experience incident to supply, mess management, and housing, including the solving of tactical problems in the field under unfamiliar terrain was of great worth. In addition, a three-day officers' school was conducted at Camp Williams on the 27th, 28th, and 29th of August 1943, with gratifying results, judged by the enthusiasm, display of interest, and the manner in which the subject matter was prepared and transferred to the officer-students by the several instructors assigned to present various subjects.

During the year, much necessary equipment was provided by the state of Wisconsin and the United States Government, and the early part of 1944 will see the State Guard clothed in uniforms equal in style and material to that of the United States Army. Full field equipment has been issued to the troops, and blouses, coveralls, and raincoats will be provided at an early date.

BUREAU OF PERSONNEL

Members: LYALL J. PINKERTON, *chairman*; MRS. LULU E. NELSON;
WM. AHRENS.

Director of Personnel: A. J. OPSTEDAL.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 32.

Publications: Biennial reports; Civil Service Law.

The Wisconsin civil service law was originally enacted in 1905 and provided for a Civil Service Commission which was a part-time body employing a full-time secretary and chief examiner. This department was reorganized in 1929 as the Bureau of Personnel within the Executive Department. This bureau is in charge of a Personnel Board and a director of personnel. The Personnel Board consists of three members appointed by the Governor for six-year terms, subject to the approval of the senate. It is a part-time board, holding meetings twice a month. The director of personnel, who is the administrative head of the department, is appointed by the Governor from a list of eligibles obtained through competitive examination, for an indefinite term subject to removal by the Governor with the approval of the board.

The civil service law was amended in 1929, 1931, 1935, 1939, and again in 1941. It applies to practically all positions in the state service except appointive officers and the faculties of the state educational institutions. Appointments to the state service, promotions, transfers, removals, reinstatements, and salary changes are governed by this law.

Whenever a vacancy occurs or a new position is to be filled, the head of the department makes the appointment but he must make his selection for the position from the persons highest on the appropriate civil service list. Competitive examinations, held at Madison and other places in the state as advertised, are the basis for these lists. For a few highly technical positions non-assembled examinations are given, and there are a small number of exempt positions for which no examinations are required. In all other respects these positions are subject to civil service law. After successfully passing an examination, a person's eligibility to appointment expires after six months unless the board sees fit to extend the time. Such extension of time may not exceed three years. According to rules of the board, employes may be transferred from one department to another, and, if they have left the service, may on application be reinstated within one year.

Full power of discharge lies with the employing department, but it must file with the Bureau of Personnel the reasons for discharge. Such reasons may not be based on political or religious grounds. Employes claiming to have been discharged on such grounds are en-

titled to a hearing before the Personnel Board with an appeal from its decision to the courts. Employees who have been discharged for cause from a permanent position in the classified service and who appeal to the Bureau of Personnel within 10 days after such action shall be heard by the Personnel Board within 30 days. All promotions are made upon recommendation of the employing department after promotional examinations have been taken.

All civil service positions of the state have been classified and salary ranges for each classification have been established, including minimum and maximum salaries. According to the statutes, salary ranges for all civil service positions must be submitted at the beginning of each regular session by the director of personnel to the Joint Committee on Finance of the legislature. That committee has the right to modify such schedules, if it deems it advisable. Increases in salaries within the respective salary ranges are filed with the Bureau of Personnel and the director of the budget on or before July 1. Salary increases at other periods in the fiscal year are allowed only upon approval of the Emergency Board and the Personnel Board.

STATE PLANNING BOARD

Chairman: Acting Governor WALTER S. GOODLAND.

Secretary and Executive Officer: M. W. TORKELOSON, *director of Regional Planning.*

Other Members: The state chief engineer, the state health officer, the director of conservation, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the director of the budget; one member from each of the following boards, commissions, and departments, to be designated by them respectively: the Public Service Commission, the Highway Commission, the Industrial Commission, the Department of Taxation, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Public Welfare; two representatives of the university to be designated by the president, and three citizen members at large to be appointed by the Governor.

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 14.

Publications: Bulletins 1-14 respectively; Planned Progress Through Federal, State and Local Cooperation, August 1934; Wisconsin Regional Plan Report, December 1934; A Conservation and Recreation Plan for Southeastern Wisconsin, December 1936; An Analysis of Population Growth in Wisconsin, October 1937; The Fox River Valley, February 1938; The Proposed Wisconsin-Fox Rivers Development Plan, May 1938; The Cutover Region of Wisconsin, January 1939; (jointly with the Conservation Commission) A Park, Parkway and Recreational Area Plan, January

1939; The Horicon Marsh, May 1939; The Milwaukee River Basin, June 1940; An Airport System Plan for Wisconsin, October 1940; A Recreational Plan for Vilas County, January 1941; Local Government Study in Wisconsin, 1927-1936, (vol. 1, Assessments and Levies, March 1941; vol. 2, part 1, Disbursements, October 1941; vol. 2, part 2, Receipts, March 1942; vol. 3, part 1, Indebtedness, July 1942; vol. 3, part 2, School District Statistics, July 1942; vol. 4, Summary—volumes 1 to 3 inclusive, April 1943); A Campus Development Plan for the University of Wisconsin, December 1941.

The duty of the State Planning Board can best be stated by quoting subsections (5) and (6) of section 27.20 of the statutes.

27.20 (5) "The state planning board shall assemble and correlate data and information with reference to the development of the state and its subdivisions, and may include among other things data and information relating to the general character and extent of highways, waterways, waterfront and harbor developments, flood prevention works, parks, reservations, forests, wildlife refuges, aviation facilities, drainage and sanitary systems, waste disposal works for the prevention of stream pollution, water works, railroad and motor vehicle routes, power transmission facilities, public buildings, and other public works or facilities, which may be appropriate subjects of state concern; work opportunities; also the general location and extent of forests, agriculture areas and open development areas for purposes of conservation, housing, food and water supply, sanitary and drainage facilities and the protection of urban and rural development; also a land utilization program, including the general classification and allocation of the land within the state amongst agricultural, forestry, recreational, soil conservation, water conservation, industrial, urbanization and other uses and purposes.

(6) "The studies made by the state planning board shall be made with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a coordinated, adjusted, efficient and economic development of the state, which will, in accordance with present and future needs and resources, best promote the health, safety, order, convenience and welfare of the state as well as efficiency and economy in the process of development. All state boards, commissions, departments, and institutions are directed to cooperate with the state planning board to further these ends."

It is plain from the subsections quoted that the State Planning Board is intended to be a research and service agency to help the people of the state in the consideration of problems of public concern affecting the public convenience and welfare, through their government at the various levels, through civic groups, and even through individuals. The board has endeavored to fulfill this function by the presentation of pertinent facts, comprehensively and thoroughly, and in a nontechnical manner understandable to the layman. Specific proposals and recommendations have been made when deemed appropriate.

In addition to the publications listed, the board has issued numerous reports with reference to particular projects in which specific recommendations have been made. These deal with city and county zoning ordinances, recreation, drainage basin problems including water conservation, hydroelectric power, flood control, local roadside improvement, the development of parks, the economic rehabilitation of such large areas as the cutover region, statistical studies relating to the growth, distribution, and movement of population, the cost of local government, the needs of state institutions, including the university, and latterly, airports. The board also provided staff service for carrying out the activities of the State Council of Defense appointed by Governor Julius P. Heil during the greater portion of its existence.

Rather detailed information regarding specific activities of the character mentioned have been made in previous Blue Books and therefore will not be repeated. The newest major activity of the State Planning Board, undertaken by direction of the Legislature of 1943, is described in some detail.

In 1937 the legislature created the Aeronautics Board. This failed to function due to lack of funds. As a result and through force of circumstances the State Planning Board became the state's aeronautical agency. By request of the Executive Office it issued its Bulletin No. 11, An Airport System Plan for Wisconsin, in October 1940. By request of the Regional Airport Engineer of the Civil Aeronautics Administration in August 1941 it undertook the sponsorship of a WPA project to make plans for airports for municipalities having airport sites approved by the Civil Aeronautics Administration and meeting certain conditions, the principal one being the control, through ownership or option, of the site. Beginning in November 1941, the State Planning Board, through the sponsored WPA project and in cooperation with engineers employed by the respective units of government concerned, made plans for airports at the following locations:

Class IV. Runways minimum length 4,500 feet.

The Rock County Airport near Janesville, the La Crosse Municipal Airport, the Eau Claire Municipal Airport, the Rhinelander Municipal Airport, the Clintonville Municipal Airport, and the Sheboygan Municipal Airport. Work was also done on plans for an airport at Marinette but the plans were not completed.

Class III. Runways minimum length 3,500 feet.

The Burnett County Airport at Webster, the Alexander Airport at Wausau, and the West Bend Municipal Airport.

Two of the Class IV airports, namely the Rock County Airport near Janesville and the La Crosse Municipal Airport near La Crosse, are being constructed (as of December 1943) by the Civil Aeronautics Administration as being necessary in the war effort.

Through Chapter 269, Laws of 1943, the State Planning Board became the active state agency for the promotion of aeronautics. It

was declared to be the intent to encourage the development of a comprehensive system of public airports to serve the people of Wisconsin by rendering assistance in the making of airport plans to such counties, cities, villages and towns as may request it. The State Planning Board was instructed to make such investigations and surveys as may be necessary for making such comprehensive airport system plans, to discover suitable airport sites, and directed to assist counties, cities, villages, and towns in making construction plans for airports located in sites deemed suitable for such purpose by providing advice and supervision when so requested.

Since the act became effective, activities in connection with airport work have required a substantial portion of the resources of the board. It is the intent to discover and to have accurate comprehensive information on every airport site within the state so located as to be useful to a substantial center of population; also to discover and have available information regarding numerous other smaller sites that will be suitable and useful for small, privately owned aircraft and for serving the recreational areas of the state, for which such smaller airports or flying fields will be particularly useful.

The possibilities for usefulness of a research and service agency such as the State Planning Board aspires to be are virtually unlimited. To be of the greatest usefulness a publicly supported planning agency should operate under the following conditions:

1. It must be adequately staffed and equipped. Such has been the case in Wisconsin since 1935 although increasing demands for service may require increased facilities.

2. It should be free from administrative duties. If such were imposed, research and service would soon become secondary.

3. It should not intervene in any specific project unless invited by the locality itself. Intervention on any other terms is impertinent interference.

4. It should not be vested with authority to require anything to be done. Such authority would make it necessary to issue orders which would provoke resistance and require enforcement. So long as the planning agency's ideas are expressed as recommendations, and advisory only, they will have influence which will be lost if issued as orders.

As time goes on, the complexity of government increases, and with it the need of local government and civic groups for a source of disinterested information regarding their problems. The logical source is a publicly supported research and service agency such as the State Planning Board aspires to be. As the board's function is fulfilled and as it gains in experience the value of the board will continue to increase and there will be a growth of appreciation by the public.

PORTAGE LEVEE COMMISSION

Commissioners: WILLIAM L. MOHR; CHARLES CLEMMONS; GEORGE LONG.

Office: Portage.

Total personnel, July 1943: 2 full-time, 2 part-time.

Publications: None.

The Portage Levee Commission has charge of the operation and maintenance of the system of levees on the Wisconsin River in Sauk and Columbia Counties in the vicinity of Portage. The system includes about eight miles of earth levees on the north side of the Wisconsin River which protect not only a part of the city of Portage but also the entire Fox River Valley from Portage to Oshkosh from flood waters of the Wisconsin River, and nine miles of levees on the south side of the river for the protection of farm lands between the Wisconsin and Baraboo Rivers at this point.

As funds are available, the levee system is being strengthened, enlarged, and raised so as to safely withstand a flood stage of 22 feet on the Portage gauge. About six miles of the levee are yet to be thus improved. The maximum flood stage was recorded in September 1938 at 20.5.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Commissioners: R. W. PETERSON, *chairman*; W. F. WHITNEY; LYNN H. ASHLEY.

Secretary: EDWARD T. KAVENY.

Assistant Secretary: ALVIN H. OLSON.

Administration Department: EDWARD T. KAVENY, *chief*; ALVIN H. OLSON, *assistant chief*.

Legal Department: (Vacancy), *chief counsel*.

Transportation Tariffs: IVAN A. SHERMAN, *supervisor*.

Transportation Statistics: CECIL E. SCHREIBER, *supervisor*.

Engineering Department: C. B. HAYDEN, *acting chief*; WARREN OAKEY, *acting assistant chief*.

General: RALPH E. PURUCKER, *supervisor*.

Service: W. H. DAMON, *supervisor*.

Railroad: L. P. ATWOOD, *supervisor*.

Valuation: WARREN OAKEY, *supervisor*.

Water Power: WALTER A. MUEGGE, *acting supervisor*.

Accounts and Finance Department: A. R. COLBERT, *chief*; RALPH S. BUTLER, *assistant chief*.

Rates and Research Department: HENRY J. O'LEARY, *chief*; E. M. DOWNEY, *assistant chief*.

General office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 114.

Publications: Commission reports; biennial reports; statistical bulletins.

History of Commission

The Public Service Commission has a distinguished history. It is one of the pioneer state utility regulatory bodies and has extensive supervision over public utilities.

To insure that rates are reasonable and just, the commission regulates the charges which these companies make for their services. It determines schedules and services of these utilities and investigates formal and informal complaints. Under commission jurisdiction are railroads, telephone, gas, electric, and water utilities. The statutes empower the commission to supervise and regulate every public utility in the state and to do all things necessary and convenient in the exercise of its power and jurisdiction.

Regulation of public service companies in Wisconsin dates back to 1874 when railroads were first regulated by a three-man Board of Railroad Commissioners. Later a single Railroad Commissioner replaced this board and the single commissioner system was used until 1905 when the three-member Railroad Commission was created. In 1931 the present Public Service Commission succeeded the Railroad Commission. Regulation of gas, electric, telephone, and water utilities began in Wisconsin in 1907; of water power in 1915; and effective truck and bus regulation in 1933.

Organization and Procedure

The commission is comprised of three commissioners appointed by the Governor for six-year terms and confirmed by the senate. The terms alternately expire in March of each odd-numbered year. The commissioners elect a member as chairman for a two-year term and appoint the statutory secretary who serves for an indefinite period.

Commission meetings are held daily. They are attended by the three commissioners and continue from one-half hour to five or six hours, depending upon the volume of work requiring direct commission action. Controversial questions and policy matters come before the commission for final determination. Staff members appear before commission meetings to receive instructions. When the commission is not in session the commissioners are in their offices transacting departmental business which requires their individual attention, and conferring with citizens from various parts of the state on public service matters. All orders, opinions, and decisions must be reviewed and signed by the commissioners.

Functions

The commission is charged with the responsibility of requiring every public utility to furnish reasonably adequate services and facilities. The law requires that the rate which any public utility

charges for heat, light, water, or power, or for any telephone message or supplementary service must be reasonable and just. Any unjust and unreasonable charge is declared unlawful by statute.

Whenever the commission, after an investigation made in accordance with the statutes, finds rates, tolls, charges, or schedules unjust, unreasonable, insufficient, or unjustly discriminatory, it determines, and by order fixes reasonable charges to replace those found to be unreasonable and unlawful. The commission is directed by law to fix reasonable requirements to replace any regulations, measurements, practices, acts, or services which it finds unjust, unreasonable, inadequate, or unlawful.

No securities may be issued by any public service corporation until it has first obtained and recorded upon its books a certificate of authorization from the commission. The law provides that the commission shall not approve the issuance of securities for any except proper corporate purposes, or for an amount greater than is reasonably necessary. The commission must consider the immediate requirements of the corporation as well as its prospective future requirements and other relevant factors. All public utility securities when issued in violation of the statutes are void. Each public service corporation must pay, prior to the issuance of a certificate, a fee of \$1 per thousand for each \$1,000 par value of securities authorized. If securities have no par value the price at which they are issued or sold is deemed par to compute the fee.

Under commission jurisdiction are approximately 1,250 public utilities, 20 steam railroads, 1 express company, 2 interurban electric railways, 2 urban electric railways, 1 urban trackless trolley system, 8,800 common and contract motor carriers, 1,100 dams, and 1 telegraph company.

The 8,800 motor carriers under commission jurisdiction are divided into common motor carriers and contract motor carriers. A common carrier renders a public transportation service between fixed termini and over regular routes carrying passengers or property. However, one who transports only livestock, fluid milk, or other agricultural products or supplies to or from farms is classified as a contract motor carrier even though he hauls such commodities for the public over regular routes. A contract motor carrier transports property under contract with individual shippers or for the public only over irregular routes, except as stated. Both must obtain authority from the Public Service Commission to operate.

The commission, upon the filing of an application for a certificate or license issues a notice of hearing. The commission has the power to grant or to refuse such certificate, as public interest may dictate, upon a finding of public convenience and necessity in the case of common carriers and of convenience and necessity in the case of contract carriers. The commission may impose terms and conditions it deems public interest requires. Before granting a certificate the commission must consider existing bus, steam, electric, and truck transportation facilities in the territory proposed to be served.

Under the Motor Vehicle Transportation Act the commission is empowered to fix, alter, regulate, and determine just, fair, reasonable, and sufficient rates, fares, charges, and classifications for common motor carriers; to designate the public highways as routes over which they may or may not operate; to regulate the facilities and services of these carriers; to regulate operating and time schedules and routes to meet the needs of any community; to insure adequate transportation services and to prevent unnecessary duplication between carriers; to require coordination of service and schedules of common motor carriers and electric or steam railroads; to require the filing of reports, tariffs, and schedules; to supervise and regulate common motor carriers in matters affecting their relationship with the public and each other so adequate service at reasonable rates shall be afforded; and to carefully preserve, foster, and regulate transportation and to permit coordination of such facilities.

Each citizen is daily affected by activities of the Public Service Commission. The telephone service he uses, the electricity he consumes, and the water he drinks are sold at rates regulated by the commission. The food served in Wisconsin, the clothes worn by residents, and the material from which homes are constructed, are sold at prices influenced by transportation charges under commission jurisdiction. The bus one rides to work, the train one takes to reach distant cities, the dams which make hydroelectric generation possible, are all subject to commission regulation.

The commission is divided into coordinated departments. These are the administration department, legal department, rates and research department, engineering department, and accounts and finance department.

Engineering Department

The engineering department has five sections: railroad engineering, utility service, valuation, water power engineering, and general engineering work. In cooperation with the University of Wisconsin the engineering department maintains an electrical standards laboratory at the university.

The railroad engineering section makes systematic inspections of transportation facilities to promote public safety. Plans for construction and changes in interlocking plants at the crossing of two railroads and plans for crossing protection at railroad and highway intersections are reviewed and approved. Records are kept of railroad accidents and recommendations made for the installation or alteration of safety devices.

The engineering service section examines the quality of utility service and daily investigates complaints and makes tests to insure compliance with commission requirements and the statutes.

The valuation section prepares appraisals of utility property for rate, acquisition, and securities purposes and assists in the installation of continuous inventory or continuing property record systems in the larger state electric and gas utilities.

The water power section reviews, checks, and approves the plans for the construction and repair of all dams and other hydraulic structures and makes periodic safety checks. This section cooperates with the United States Geological Survey in taking stream flow measurements and in recording lake levels. It handles all engineering problems involving hydrological matters.

General engineering includes the review of proposals by utilities for the construction and alteration of plants. It also includes preparation of utility service rules and electrical safety codes. Considerable work is done for other state departments, such as preparing plans and specifications for heating and ventilating state buildings, valuations for the Department of Securities, and in designing hydraulic structures for the Conservation Department. The engineering department also provides services in connection with power contracts, wholesale rates, plant allocations, and in estimates for the cost of extending utility service.

Legal Department

The legal department appears in collaboration with the Attorney General where an appeal from decisions and orders of the commission is taken to the courts. It represents the commission in proceedings before the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Federal Power Commission, and other federal boards and departments.

The legal department also conducts hearings and formal proceedings, except those handled directly by the commissioners, prepares and submits recommendations as to the disposition of cases, and prepares, under commission direction and instruction, opinions and orders. It appears for the staff in proceedings before the commission. It prepares legal opinions for the commission, the staff, and when appropriate, for others. The department includes the transportation statistics and tariffs sections.

The legal department conducts hundreds of hearings each year and collaborates with the commission in drafting opinions, findings, and orders in these proceedings. It also performs a similar function in hundreds of orders issued without formal public hearing. It appears in court actions where validity of orders are attacked.

Rates and Research Department

The title, rates, and research department, is descriptive of its principal functions. The rate work falls into two broad classifications: formal rate proceedings, negotiations and complaints, and informal proceedings.

In formal utility rate cases, the department prepares technical reports, analyses, and recommendations for the commissioners and the legal department. Staff members also present testimony in certain formal hearings.

The department is continuously engaged in informal rate matters. Most revisions in rates for electric, water, gas, and telephone utilities

are made informally without hearings. In these cases the staff investigates and designs rates and rules, and analyzes costs. Staff members frequently confer with utility representatives and customers concerning rate structure changes and regulations under which utility service is furnished. Because it has access to the divergent views of the utilities and their customers the rates and research department, in effect, is a clearing house for interchange of ideas and information.

The rates and research department investigates approximately 200 informal complaints and inquiries monthly. The general character of the complaints is rather closely attuned to prevailing economic conditions. During the depression most complaints concerned alleged excessive rates, unduly burdensome rules and regulations, and collection practices. More recently numerous complaints relate to conditions under which service may be obtained and to alleged delays in extension of service.

Research activities include preparation of periodic statistical bulletins, special cost studies and analyses, and compilation of data in reply to inquiries. The periodic bulletins prepared by the department make available information comparable to that in the trade publications and statistical reports of various industrial associations. Utilities, federal agencies, and educational institutions use them extensively.

Accounts and Finance Department

Accounting and financial jurisdiction of the commission is assigned to the accounts and finance department. The duties of this department include preparation of accounting rules for utilities and supervision over utility accounts. The commission has developed uniform accounting systems for all electric, gas, water, and telephone utilities, except extremely small ones from which only a simple annual report is required. The utilities are required to adhere to these systems and to present annually a report of all operating and financial transactions. The department thoroughly checks these reports.

The accounts and finance department also frequently makes special audits and investigations of accounts of utilities. These include audits made in connection with rate investigations, applications for issuance of securities, or upon complaints.

The accounts and finance department has also investigated and determined reasonable depreciation rates applicable to the property of all the larger utilities in the state and certifications of these rates have been made by the commission to the utilities. Wisconsin is the first state in which all utilities, through adequate and correct depreciation accounting, are estimating the cost of depreciation on their property in service.

Advice is frequently given to utilities in connection with their accounts. Many requests are received from small utilities without large accounting staffs, particularly when annual audits and preparation of governmental reports are in process. Requests are handled by

correspondence or by personal contact with utility representatives. Numerous field trips are made to the smaller utilities to revise their accounts and to give assistance in the proper maintenance of records.

The statutes relating to issuance of securities by public service corporations require that a certificate of authority must be obtained from the commission before securities may be issued by such corporation. The accounts and finance department investigates these applications and makes its recommendation to the commission which then decides whether the authority shall be granted. The department likewise investigates all mergers and consolidations of utilities which involve the issuance of securities.

Commission expenses, revenue, and charges are checked by the cost accounting system. Most of the utility regulation by the commission is financed from direct assessment of costs against investigated utilities and from the general assessment of remaining costs, at the close of the fiscal year, against all state utilities on the basis of gross intrastate operating revenues. These assessments are apportioned, subject to commission approval, by the cost accounting section. An \$80,000 annual appropriation finances the duties of the commission relating to motor transportation. General administrative and water power expenses and most of those for railroad regulation are financed from a general appropriation of \$115,000 a year.

Tariffs Section

The tariffs section is charged with keeping accurate and complete tariff files of the steam and electric railroads, common motor carriers of passengers, and common and contract motor carriers of property.

Yearly it also audits approximately 10,000 freight, truck, and express bills for various state institutions and shippers, and acts informally on approximately 500 railroad and motor carrier applications for rate and tariff changes.

Part of the tariff work is investigational, including preparation and presentation of rate exhibits and other data in formal cases before the commission and the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The tariffs section participates in numerous intrastate rail transportation rate cases involving shipments of coal, lumber, and pulpwood moving entirely within Wisconsin. It also participates in proceedings before the Interstate Commerce Commission which are of vital interest to Wisconsin industry and shippers.

Transportation and Statistical Section

The transportation statistical section of the legal department is responsible for statistics and supervises accounts of transportation agencies. The major work of this section is the adaptation of statistics and accounts to develop financial, traffic, and cost analyses for commission use. The section maintains extensive files of statistical material which is used extensively by persons interested in transportation.

The more common types of proceedings in which the section participates include state-wide investigations of the rates for the transportation of a particular commodity or for a particular type of service, such as the investigation of all state rates on coal and coke, the contract carrier rates for household goods, and the minimum rates for contract carrier transportation in general.

Other activities of the transportation statistical section comprise state-wide or nation-wide investigations of the level of rates in general, investigations of the rates for a particular service, such as switching, and investigations in connection with carrier proposals to curtail service by the closing or abandonment of branch lines. In such cases the presentation is intended to measure the loss incurred by the carrier in continuing the service against the hardship to the communities served that would be caused by its discontinuation.

The statistics section makes numerous other financial and statistical studies of transportation matters, and is called upon by the Attorney General, the Tax Commission, and by other state agencies for assistance in transportation matters.

Editorial and Reporting Sections

The editorial section prepares material for the printer. The spelling, punctuation, capitalization, grammar, accuracy, and typographical arrangement of the commission's printed matter, including publications, are in its keeping. It must also select and arrange type sizes and faces and spacing so the finished job will be economical and well-tailored, and it must furnish the Bureau of Purchases in advance a reasonably accurate estimate of the cost of every printing job, large or small, when the order is filed. The index-digest section prepares syllabuses, tables, and the digest of commission orders.

The reporting section records in shorthand and then transcribes commission hearings taken by shorthand reporters. Dictaphones are used in the transcription. Hearings vary in length from 100 words to the 3,000,000 words taken during the commission's investigation of the rates, rules, and practices of the Wisconsin Telephone Company, the longest hearing on record. Another hearing of widespread interest opened in June 1941 on the application for authority to introduce natural gas into Wisconsin. Nearly 1,000,000 words of testimony were taken. This was the second longest hearing in commission history.

STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE

Members: HERMAN A. KLOPPMANN, *chairman*; JOHN M. MCHALE, *vice chairman*; WM. D. STOVALL, M. D., *secretary*; GEO. R. BAKER, M. D.; LEON A. NOWAK, D. D. S.; MRS. LYDIA WALLIS PETTIT; CHAS. LIEHE.

Director: A. W. BAYLEY.

Director of Child Welfare: ELIZABETH YERXA.

Director of Corrections: PAUL D. YOUNT.

Director of Mental Hygiene: W. J. URBEN, M. D.

Director of Public Assistance: GEORGE M. KEITH.

Director of Administration and Research: H. B. EVANS.

Director of Adult Blind Services: E. F. COSTIGAN.

Superintendents of State Institutions:

Mendota State Hospital: M. K. GREEN, M. D., Mendota.

Winnebago State Hospital: BYRON HUGHES, M. D., Winnebago.

Central State Hospital: A. R. REMLEY, M. D., Waupun.

Northern Colony and Training School: H. R. HUNTER, M. D., Chippewa Falls.

Southern Colony and Training School: C. C. ATHERTON, M. D., Union Grove.

State Prison: L. F. MURPHY, *warden*, Waupun.

State Reformatory: B. P. KRAMER, Green Bay.

Prison for Women: MRS. ELIZABETH B. PRESCOTT, Taycheedah.

Industrial Home for Women: MRS. ELIZABETH B. PRESCOTT, Taycheedah.

Industrial School for Boys: T. R. UTHUS, Waukesha.

Industrial School for Girls: ETHEL BRUBAKER, Oregon.

State Public School: C. D. LEHMAN, Sparta.

Workshop for the Blind: E. F. COSTIGAN, *supervisor*, Milwaukee.

State Transient Camps: C. T. GRAHAM, Hayward.

Offices: State Capitol; Public Welfare Building. District offices: 2361 North Lake Drive, Milwaukee; Ashland; Rhinelander; Stevens Point; 409 East Walnut Street, Green Bay; 402½ South Barstow Street, Eau Claire; and institutions at places indicated.

Total personnel, July 1943: 1,932.

Publications: Biennial report; handbook of laws and rules; monthly population reports; Wisconsin Public Welfare Review.

The State Department of Public Welfare consists of a State Board of Public Welfare comprised of seven members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the senate and a director of the department together with his staff. The board is an advisory, policy-forming, part-time body, and the director, who is appointed by the board for an indefinite term, is the administrator of the department.

This department is a body corporate charged with the responsibility of over \$16,000,000 worth of state property and has varied

responsibility and authority in the expenditure of approximately \$50,000,000 of federal, state, and local funds.

All of the powers, functions, and duties formerly exercised by the Board of Control, the Pension Department, and the Public Welfare Department are vested in the director subject to the policies adopted by the State Board of Public Welfare. Divisions of the department are administration and research, corrections, mental hygiene, public assistance, adult blind, and child welfare.

The object and duties of the department are to secure the just, humane, and economical administration of the laws concerning the charitable, curative, correctional, and penal institutions of the state and administration of the laws concerning old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, aid to the blind, and relief.

The department exercises managerial control over 14 state, penal, curative, and correctional institutions while it has inspectional powers over 38 county asylums, 45 county homes, and the various county jails and police lockups.

WISCONSIN STATE INSTITUTIONS
Inmates and Employes

Institutions	Location	Inmates June 30, 1943	Rated Capa- city	Inmates on Parole June 30, 1943	Em- ployes June 30, 1943
Mendota State Hospital.....	Mendota.....	760	790	616	215
Winnebago State Hospital.....	Winnebago.....	844	740	521	203
Central State Hospital.....	Waupun.....	331	204	30	83
Northern Colony & Training School.....	Chippewa Falls.....	1,544	1,204	511	225
Southern Colony & Training School.....	Union Grove.....	766	518	175	118
State Prison.....	Waupun.....	1,298	952	304	190
State Reformatory.....	Green Bay.....	311	652	159	80
Industrial Home for Women.....	Taycheedah.....	69	67	20	39
Prison for Women.....	Taycheedah.....	73	45	21	6
Industrial School for Boys.....	Waukesha.....	216	420	237	85
Industrial School for Girls.....	Oregon.....	152	190	153	76
State Public School.....	Sparta.....	230	351	575	141
Workshop for Blind*.....	Milwaukee.....	115			
Total.....		6,709	6,133	3,336	1,473

* Figures on Workshop for Blind include: 59 in shop with 10 administrative employes and 7 social and statistical; and 56 in homes with 8 sighted men working with them.

DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION AND RESEARCH

The division of administration and research is concerned primarily with the business management of the various institutions and services. It is in charge of budget making, keeping expenditures within the budget, institutional management, personnel, engineering and farm problems, collection of money from patients able to pay for their maintenance, and deportation and importation of patients and inmates to and from other jurisdictions. This division includes four sections—the accounting, the statistical, the collection and deportation, and the farm sections.

Accounting

A centralized accounting system including all receipts and expenditures of the department, embracing all institutions, divisions, and extra-institutional services, is maintained by this section. It also supervises purchases, makes cost studies, prepares material for the budget, and checks the inventories of the state institutions.

Due to the large amount of accounting in the security aids, the division of public assistance has an additional auditing section to handle social security aids, and reimbursement and financial records. Four field auditors audit expenditures in the various counties.

Statistical

Statistical data relating to defectives, criminals, and delinquents is collected and tabulated by the statistical section. Monthly population reports are compiled.

Research studies, together with federal reports on social security aids and welfare problems, are made by the section on research and statistics in the division of public assistance. This section also edits the Wisconsin Public Welfare Review.

Collection and Deportation

Collection of the cost of care and maintenance of patients in state and county institutions, including the Wisconsin General Hospital, is the responsibility of this section. It is also responsible for the deportation proceedings of nonresident mentally diseased and mentally deficient persons, the determination of state aid to county hospitals and asylums, and the collection of the bills against the several counties for care and maintenance. This section also prepares orders for transfer between state and county institutions, acts for the department in sterilization proceedings, and maintains a central index.

Farm Section

The Department of Public Welfare employs a state farm supervisor who directs and coordinates farming activities at the institutions. Centralized control and supervision of the farming activities at the various state curative, penal, and correctional institutions has resulted in benefits not only to the inmates but to the taxpayer.

The farm program is threefold in purpose. (1) It aids the patient, as work on land and out-of-doors has been found to contribute to the recovery of persons suffering from mental diseases. Educational in nature, it provides training in farming and dairying which may be utilized by the individual on his release from the institution. (2) It enables the production of a wide variety of field and garden crops and fruit, and a supply of pure dairy products for use in the institutions. (3) It is of service to taxpayers as the farm products raised substantially reduce the cost of food for the institutional population.

Lands owned or rented by the state for the institutions comprise almost 22,000 acres. Approximately 10,500 acres are under cultivation, the remainder consisting of institution grounds, pasture, woods, and swampland.

There has been an intensified farm and garden program. Thousands of gallons of vegetables and fruits are canned each year.

During 1942, an average of 811 cows produced 10,666,645 pounds of milk for institution use. Milk production records made by the state herds, and the champions placed at cattle show competitions throughout the states, have helped to establish Wisconsin as a national leader in the dairy industry.

DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS

The division of corrections is concerned with the state penal and correctional institutions. While the policies of these institutions are determined by the Board of Public Welfare and the operation and maintenance are supervised by the department, the divisional staff members are interested primarily in the welfare of the inmates.

Educational, vocational, and work programs, rehabilitative in nature, are provided to correct asocial traits and to prepare the prisoners to make adjustments in free society and to be law-abiding citizens.

Routinely, all admissions and parole applicants of the Wisconsin State Prison, the Prison for Women, Wisconsin State Reformatory, Industrial Home for Women, Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, and the Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls, are observed by the supervisor of the psychiatric field service. Applicants for parole at the Milwaukee County House of Correction are also observed.

The psychiatric examination of the inmate serves several purposes: (1) In the case of admissions, vocational and work aptitudes and adaptations are determined, and institutional pursuits suggested accordingly. (2) In the case of applicants for parole or pardon, the psychiatrist appraises the possible future stabilization of the individual in free society, suggests the environment and occupation which would most likely insure such stabilization, and advises whether or not such individual would benefit by parole.

The supervisor of the psychiatric field service also sits on commissions in lunacy for the department, on request determines the feasibility of sterilization of patients at the colonies for the mental deficient whose release is under consideration, and also cooperates with the bureau of probation and parole in making occasional examinations of probationers.

Bureau of Probation and Parole

The central office of the bureau of probation and parole is located in Milwaukee, with regional offices in Madison, Green Bay, Eau Claire, and Milwaukee. Thirty officers located in strategic parts of the state supervise law violators placed on probation by the courts of the state,

and men and women, boys and girls paroled from the state penal and correctional institutions. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1943, there were 715 men, women, and children placed on probation by the courts of the state and 1,014 paroled from the various institutions.

DIVISION OF MENTAL HYGIENE

This division is interested in the medical and therapeutic treatment of patients in the two hospitals for mental diseases—Mendota and Winnebago, the colonies for the mental deficient, the Northern Wisconsin Colony and Training School at Chippewa Falls, the Southern Wisconsin Colony and Training School at Union Grove, and the county asylums for the insane.

Visits are made to the county charitable, curative and penal institutions at regular intervals by an inspector in order to aid in securing the best sanitary and housing conditions in all such institutions and to advise such measures as are for the protection and welfare of inmates.

DIVISION OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

The division of public assistance carries out all the responsibilities of the department relating to public assistance or noninstitutional relief. Since the programs are financed from federal, state, and local funds jointly in varying combinations, the duties of the division in regard to each program also vary.

The division is responsible for supervising the administration of the social security aids: old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, and aid to the blind. Both the federal government through the Social Security Board, and all of the 71 counties participate actively in administration. The Social Security Board participates by interpretation of the federal Social Security Act, by auditing, by administrative reviews, and by technical advice to the state department. The county departments, who select their personnel according to a merit rule for the counties, are supervised by the division of public assistance in the actual work of taking and investigating applications, determining the amounts of individual grants, and rendering services to clients. Technical assistance in solving accounting, legal, statistical, and case work problems is furnished to the county departments by the division through manuals on procedures and by staff members in the field.

The functions of the department are definitely limited as regards the administration of general relief. The responsibility for administration of this form of assistance rests entirely with local units of government. The division of public assistance, however, performs the following functions in aiding the local units: it investigates the need of local units for state aid in meeting general relief obligations; prepares recommendations of the department to the Emergency Board; and distributes whatever aid is approved by the Emergency Board. Disputes between municipalities as to responsibility for the support

of general relief recipients are adjudicated. The division collects and prepares for publication statistical data on cases and costs of general relief in the state.

Administration of the student loan fund for needy college students is also a function of the division. The division has also cooperated in carrying out various federal programs—Work Projects Administration, Civilian Conservation Corps, National Youth Administration, Selective Service, Office of Civilian Defense, Food Distribution Administration, and aid to families of interned enemy aliens. It has also cooperated with the various state departments where interchange of services is possible.

**PUBLIC ASSISTANCE GRANTS AND EXPENDITURES IN WISCONSIN
FISCAL YEAR 1942-1943**

	Total No. Monthly Grants	Avg. No. Grants Per Month	Total Expendi- tures	Source of Funds		
				Federal	State	Local
Old Age Assistance.....	628,468	52,372	\$16,173,860	\$ 8,003,825	\$ 4,690,509	\$ 3,479,526
Aid to Dependent Children	114,133	9,512	5,330,899	1,689,217	1,657,701	1,983,981
Aid to the Blind.....	21,904	1,825	567,188	286,482	160,428	120,278
General Relief.....	146,027	12,169	4,791,088	-----	564,059	4,227,029
Work Projects Ad- ministration	33,890	3,766	5,537,672	3,420,846	-----	2,116,826
Federal Commodities ..	110,943	9,245	1,633,882	1,633,882	-----	-----
Total.....	1,055,370	88,889	\$34,034,589	\$15,034,252	\$ 7,072,697	\$11,927,640

The problem of public assistance in the fiscal year 1942-1943, as measured by expenditures, is about one-third of its magnitude in the fiscal year 1939-1940 when over \$100,000,000 was expended from federal, state, and local funds. Expenditures, however, are still greater than for any other governmental activity in the state excepting highways and education. In 1939-1940 the bulk of public assistance costs were incurred for the alleviation of unemployment. At the end of the fiscal year 1942-1943 there was practically no unemployment relief since the Work Projects Administration was suspended on February 1, 1943, and there were very few employables on any program. Now the bulk of public assistance expenditures is being made through old-age assistance and aid to dependent children, programs set up for the benefit of unemployables. For the duration of the war this condition will persist. It is possible, however, that the social and economic readjustments of the postwar period may again raise an unemployment problem of serious dimensions.

ADULT BLIND

The division for adult blind includes a workshop for adult male blind persons, a field service, an employment service, a homework bureau, and a vending stand program.

The Workshop for the Blind furnishes employment to blind men of Wisconsin and gives them the opportunity to be self-supporting

and contributing members of society. Any blind male resident of the state is privileged to apply for admittance. The workers usually are trained on the job. For the most part the men at the shop are paid at a piece rate. Many jobs can be handled by totally blind men. Others require varied degrees of sight and thus provide employment for men who, because of their limited vision, are unable to secure jobs in private industry. During the fiscal year over 50 blind men and women have been placed in industry by the placement bureau.

At the present time the entire production of cocoa mats goes to the federal war agencies. Twelve carloads of coir yarn, handspun by the natives of India, are used annually in the manufacture of cocoa mats. Wisconsin is the first state to set up for the blind an industry with a modern production line.

The field agency for the blind is charged with making and keeping a complete census of the blind, making investigations of the blind in their homes to learn the cause of blindness, investigating the physical health and the capacity of the individual for training and employment, and giving educational and vocational instruction. As not more than 25 percent of the blind population make practical use of the Braille system, the talking book machine, an instrument which plays recordings of all types of literature, has been made available to the blind by the United States government. About 550 of these machines have been placed in the homes of blind persons throughout the state.

Since the workshop makes no provision for blind women, they and the blind men who are unable to work in the shop, are assigned homework. Consideration is given not only to the person's skill, but also to the need of employment. Raw materials are sent to the homeworkers who make them into the finished product. Among the homework products are brooms, mops, rugs, leather belts, suspenders, purses, hearth brooms, and aprons. Dish cloths, mangle covers, and linen and turkish towels are hemmed on sewing machines by blind women in their homes. Woodworking and assembling are other home industries.

Vending stands are being operated in larger cities throughout the state, as a result of the enactment of a federal law permitting the setting up of concession stands in federal buildings. Operated by blind persons, these stands are managed by the "complete control" method under which the state division owns and controls all the stock and fixtures, collects gross receipts from the operators, and returns the net profits to them.

CHILD WELFARE DIVISION

The division of child welfare carries on a program of education and the development of standards for child welfare services. Cases of necessity are carried by the workers. Among these are some requested by the courts, some which present serious emergency conditions and where there is no local welfare agency, and some for the development of child welfare services in rural areas carried by a county children's workshop.

The staff gives consultive and advisory service in developing programs with lay groups, individual citizens, officials, and private child welfare agencies designed to make the state and the counties more aware of the needs of children and methods of caring for them. Special emphasis is placed upon the prevention of delinquency and family disintegration by means of preventive programs in each county.

In general, the division has the following duties:

- (1) It shall promote the enforcement of all laws for the protection of mentally deficient, illegitimate, dependent, neglected, and delinquent children.
- (2) It shall take the initiative in all matters involving the interest of such children, where it appears such provision is not going to be made.
- (3) It shall cooperate with the juvenile courts and all licensed child welfare agencies.
- (4) It shall look after the interests of illegitimate children.
- (5) It shall see that no child is kept in a county institution or jail.
- (6) It shall license all private child welfare agencies.
- (7) It shall issue permits to people giving foster home care to children.
- (8) It shall approve the importation and exportation of children in foster homes.
- (9) It shall make investigations for all adoptions when requested by the county court, and shall give consent to adoptions under certain conditions.
- (10) It shall certify all maternity homes which are for the unmarried mothers and illegitimate children.
- (11) It may assist counties in developing county children's boards. Due to the passage of the Social Security Act the division, under the direction of the U. S. Children's Bureau, develops child welfare services in rural areas.

Because of the contract entered into between the state of Wisconsin and the Office of Indian Affairs of the federal government the division is looking after the interests of Indian children in Wisconsin.

A state-wide juvenile delinquency survey was conducted by the Department of Public Welfare in 1940. The initial survey showed the extent of juvenile delinquency and indicated the causes. This information is being utilized to formulate preventive programs in the counties. The assistant director of the division of child welfare has been designated to assist individuals and groups interested in the program.

BUREAU OF PURCHASES

Director of Purchases: F. X. RITGER.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 25.

Publications: None.

The Bureau of Purchases is the centralized purchasing and supply department of the state, and also has charge of state printing. Organized in 1929, it succeeded the Superintendent of Public Property and the Printing Board. According to the statutes it is "a bureau within the executive department" and its administrative head is the director of purchases, who is appointed by the Governor.

All state departments and institutions must obtain all materials, supplies, stationery, furniture, equipment, and other permanent personal property, and miscellaneous capital, as well as contractual services and other expenses of a contractual nature, through the director of purchases. This officer, however, may with the approval of the Governor delegate the right to make certain purchases to institutions, and he allows limited purchasing of supplies by the state charitable and penal institutions and permits the university to largely handle its own purchases under his direction. Departments requisitioning supplies have considerable latitude in specifying what they want, but all purchases are made by the director of purchases and the costs are charged back to the departments to which the articles are furnished. This includes everything that the state uses, from road machinery, coal, and cement, to lead pencils, papers, and pins. All purchases are made upon specifications prepared by the director of purchases. When the value of the articles to be purchased exceeds \$3,000, they must be purchased upon competitive bids, with the lowest responsible bidder getting the contract.

WISCONSIN REAL ESTATE BROKERS' BOARD

Members: F. E. ALTENDORF, *chairman*; J. S. MILLER; O. A. SWENBY.

Acting Secretary: WILLIAM DOLL.

Office: 740 North Plankinton Avenue, Milwaukee 3.

Total personnel, July 1943: 3.

Publications: Roster of Licensed Real Estate Brokers and Salesmen;
A Legal Guide for Wisconsin Real Estate Brokers; Listing
Appraisal Ethics.

The Real Estate Brokers' Board established by statute in 1919 was reorganized in 1929 and given considerably more power.

The main duty of the board is to protect the people of this state from unscrupulous and incompetent real estate operators by wise

administration of the real estate license law. All new applicants for a license are required to take a written examination. A license is granted only after a satisfactory standing has been made and the board is satisfied that the applicant is trustworthy. All complaints concerning improper practices of real estate brokers and salesmen are investigated and action taken. After a hearing, licenses may be revoked on the grounds of untrustworthiness or incompetency.

REVISOR OF STATUTES

Revisor of Statutes: E. E. BROSSARD.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 3.

Publications: Wisconsin Statutes; Wisconsin Annotations; Red Book, Wisconsin Administrative Rules and Orders; Town Laws.

The office of Revisor of Statutes, organized in 1909, is concerned mainly with the system of continuous statutory revision. The revisor is appointed by the justices of the Supreme Court and the Attorney General (section 43.07, Wisconsin Statutes). The principal work of the revisor is the codification and revision of statutes. This involves the clarification of the language and arrangement of the statutes, the elimination of obsolete and unconstitutional provisions, and the reconciliation of conflicting provisions. The revision work is presented to the legislature in bills known as "revision bills," which carry full explanations of any proposed changes in the statutes. The revision bills do not take effect until enacted—the same as ordinary bills.

The revisor edits and annotates the Wisconsin Statutes which are issued biennially and appear as soon as possible after the close of each regular session. These statutes include all of the permanent and general laws of the state in a single volume (section 35.18, Wisconsin Statutes). They are sold by the director of purchases at \$5.

The revisor every two years compiles and publishes the Town Laws of Wisconsin—a reprint of the statutes with which town officers must deal, with forms needed in the performance of their duties.

He also prepares the index of the session laws which are published at the close of each legislative session.

The revisor prepares the Wisconsin Annotations which summarize court decisions and Attorney General's opinions construing the Wisconsin Constitution and Statutes. These annotations are cumulative and are printed in the statutes immediately after the sections to which they relate. They supplement and keep the 1930 Wisconsin Annotations up to date (section 35.23, Wisconsin Statutes).

In conjunction with the chief of the Legislative Reference Library the revisor prepares for publication the Red Book which contains the administrative rules and orders of Wisconsin state departments (section 35.93, Wisconsin Statutes).

The revisor and the chief of the Legislative Reference Library represent this state in the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws (Section 14.76, Wisconsin Statutes). The revisor is a member and is the secretary of the Advisory Committee on Rules of Pleading, Practice and Procedure (section 251.18, Wisconsin Statutes).

DEPARTMENT OF SECURITIES

Director: VERN G. ZELLER.

Acting Deputy Director: A. D. RICHARDSON.

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 8.

Publications: Annual report; monthly bulletin to dealers; securities laws.

The Department of Securities was created by Chapter 68, Laws of 1939, which became effective June 10, 1939. Previously, the administration of the securities act has at various times been committed to the Public Service Commission and the Banking Commission. Now all administrative and executive powers and duties of the department are vested in a director.

The duties of the department are to administer and enforce the Wisconsin Securities Act. Among these are the investigation of issues of securities which are sold within the state and the registration of such securities as meet statutory requirements; the licensing of securities dealers and agents; examination of the businesses of dealers; and the investigation and prosecution of securities act violations.

WISCONSIN SELECTIVE SERVICE HEADQUARTERS

Acting Governor: Honorable WALTER S. GOODLAND.

Director: Colonel JOHN F. MULLEN.

Office: 122 West Washington Avenue, Madison.

Total personnel, July 1943: Office, 45; entire state, 2,753 (compensated and uncompensated).

On September 16, 1940 the President of the United States approved the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 which had been previously passed by the congress. This act was based on studies by the Army and Navy selective service committees over a period of years.

The purpose of selective service, according to regulations prescribed by executive order of the President, is to secure an orderly, just, and democratic method whereby the military manpower of the United States may be made available for training and service in the land

and naval forces of the United States as provided by the congress, with the least possible disruption of the social and economic life of the nation.

Selective Service Headquarters for Wisconsin is located at 122 West Washington Avenue, Madison. Salaries of the entire personnel and all other expenses necessary in conducting the administration of the Selective Training and Service Law are borne by the federal government.

One of the first processes of selective service was the registration of all Wisconsin male citizens between the ages of 21 and 36. On October 16, 1940, one month after the law became effective, the first registration under the act was carried out pursuant to proclamations of the President of the United States and the Governor of the state of Wisconsin, and 371,071 young men were registered. This registration was accomplished primarily through county clerks, election commissions, and the election machinery of Wisconsin. More than 20,000 patriotic citizens voluntarily assisted in conducting this registration.

Following the registration, a national lottery was held in Washington to determine the order in which prospective trainees would be classified and selected on the basis of their availability for military training and service.

Soon after the registration, the Governor of Wisconsin, in conformity with the duties imposed upon him under the regulations, recommended, and the President of the United States appointed, five members to each of the 134 local selective service boards in the state; five members to each of the ten district appeal boards; one or more physicians to conduct medical examinations for each local board; 128 dental examiners; and a government appeal agent for each local board. The Governor also appointed a medical advisory board for each local board or group of local boards where joint administrative action was possible, and the personnel of 79 registrants' advisory boards. All of these local civilian officials serve in their administrative capacity without remuneration.

The second registration was held on July 1, 1941, and included all men who had attained the age of 21 years since October 16, 1940. This registration was accomplished by the various local boards, assisted by voluntary, patriotic citizens, and totaled 17,543 registrants.

On December 20, 1941 an act amending the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 was approved to provide for the extension of liability for military service and additional registration of the manpower of the nation.

Pursuant to the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 as amended, the President of the United States proclaimed that the third registration would take place on February 16, 1942. This registration required that all male citizens, and other male persons, born on or after February 17, 1897 and on or before December 31, 1921 must register. A total of 201,213 Wisconsin men placed themselves at the service of the nation as a result of this registration.

The President of the United States, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in him by the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 as amended, proclaimed the fourth registration would be held on April 27, 1942. This proclamation required the registration of male citizens of the United States and other male persons who were born on or after April 28, 1877 and on or before February 16, 1897, and resulted in a total of 350,009 Wisconsin registrations.

On May 22, 1942, the President of the United States issued a proclamation requiring the registration of male citizens of the United States and other male persons who were born on or after January 1, 1922 and on or before June 30, 1924, and designated June 30, 1942 as registration day. This fifth registration imposed the liability for service on 63,073 Wisconsin young men.

The Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 as amended provided that it was the duty of every male citizen of the United States and every other male person residing in the United States who, on the day or days fixed for the first or any subsequent registration was between the ages of 18 and 65, to submit to registration at such time or times and place or places, and in such manner and in such age group or groups as determined by rules and regulations prescribed. The President's sixth registration proclamation issued on November 17, 1942 provided as follows: "Those who were born on or after July 1, 1924, but not after August 31, 1924, shall be registered on any day during the week commencing Friday, December 11, 1942, and ending Thursday, December 17, 1942; those who were born on or after September 1, 1924, but not after October 31, 1924, shall be registered on any day during the week commencing Friday, December 18, 1942 and ending Thursday, December 24, 1942; those who were born on or after November 1, 1924, but not after December 31, 1924, shall be registered on any day during the period commencing Saturday, December 26, 1942, and ending Thursday, December 31, 1942."

The proclamation further provided that during the continuance of the present war those who were born on or after January 1, 1925, are to register on the day they attain the 18th anniversary of the day of their birth; and if such anniversary falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, the registration is to take place on the day following the Sunday or legal holiday. Thus the sixth registration is a continuing one, and registrants attaining the 18th anniversary of the day of their birth must submit to registration at the local board having jurisdiction over the area in which they reside. A total of 11,540 Wisconsin young men registered under the provisions of the sixth registration through December 31, 1942 and an additional 20,112 registered through November 1, 1943. On this date the total of the sixth registration for Wisconsin was 31,652.

On November 1, 1943 the total of all six registrations amounted to 1,034,561. Of this total approximately one-half of the registrants are in the age group eighteen to thirty-eight.

STATE SOIL CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

Members: NOBLE CLARK, *ex officio*, chairman; GEORGE NYGAARD, *vice chairman*; PAUL WEIS, *secretary*; M. H. WARD; W. W. CLARK, *ex officio*; M. F. SCHWEERS, *advisory member*.

Executive Secretary: BEN F. RUSY.

Office: Agricultural Hall, University of Wisconsin.

The State Soil Conservation Committee was created by Chapter 341, Laws of 1937. Three farmer members are appointed by the Governor, and there are two *ex officio* members—the director of agricultural extension of the College of Agriculture, or at his designation the associate director of agricultural extension, and the director of the state agricultural experiment station, or at his designation the associate director of the state agricultural experiment station. The committee may elect to name the state coordinator of the federal Soil Conservation Service as an advisory member. The committee serves without pay except that the three farmer members receive \$5 a day for time actually spent on the work of the committee.

The function of the committee is to promote the conservation of the soil resources of the state, particularly as regards the control of soil erosion. A major activity is the provision of assistance in the establishment and operation of soil conservation districts in areas where soil erosion is an important problem. The 1939 Legislature amended the act creating the State Soil Conservation Committee so that it is now possible for a county board of supervisors, when there is evidence that such is the desire of the people living outside of the villages and cities in the county, to pass a resolution setting up a soil conservation district for the county. The members of the agricultural committee of the county board of supervisors are designated as supervisors of the county soil conservation district.

The State Soil Conservation Committee cooperates with the local soil conservation districts in securing group and community action in combating soil erosion. The committee also helps the district obtain assistance from various federal agencies in carrying forward erosion control programs. The State Soil Conservation Committee maintains a field personnel of four erosion control assistants and one clerk.

SOLDIERS REHABILITATION BOARD

Members of Board: Acting Adjutant General ALVIN A. KUECHENMEISTER; DR. WILLIAM F. LORENZ; DR. E. R. SCHMIDT; DR. CARL NEUPERT; JAMES DUFFEE; JOHN E. JOYCE, JR.; JOHN S. KITTS.

Acting Chairman of the Board: DR. WILLIAM F. LORENZ.

Pension, Bonus, Rehabilitation, and Graves Registration Division of the Adjutant General's Department: ALBERT R. FREEMAN, acting director.

Office: Adjutant General's Department, State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 6.

Publications: Annual pamphlet of Wisconsin veterans laws; annual and biennial reports; periodical bulletins.

The Soldiers Rehabilitation Board is an unpaid part-time board which decides questions of policy. Three members of the board are department commanders of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Disabled American Veterans, respectively. They hold only a one-year term. The administration of the law charged to the board is vested in the Adjutant General and through this department all veterans' claims against the United States are prosecuted. For this purpose a representative and an assistant are maintained at the United States Veterans Administration Facility at Milwaukee. During 1940-43, 4,541 claims of various kinds were prosecuted for veterans and their dependents. This includes men who served during peacetime and veterans of World War I and II and all previous wars.

Cash Bonus

The benefits of the law of 1919, providing for the payment of \$10 per month for each month of active continuous service between April 6, 1917 and March 3, 1921 to each soldier, sailor, marine, or nurse who served the United States during the World War and who was a bona fide resident of Wisconsin at the time of entrance into service, were terminated on July 1, 1933. However, Chapter 202 of the Laws of 1943 provides that these benefits shall be available to such eligible persons who file their applications with the Adjutant General prior to July 1, 1944. Prior to July 1, 1942, 116,562 claims totaling \$15,970,415.16 were paid. Since July 1, 1942, 24 claims totaling \$2,898.02 have been paid, making a total expenditure of \$15,973,313.18 as of November 1, 1943.

Educational Bonus

Chapter 5 of the Laws of the Special Session of 1919, as amended, provided that any person discharged, released, or furloughed subsequent to April 7, 1917 and who complied with certain conditions, was entitled to receive \$30 per month while in regular attendance as a

student at an approved school in Wisconsin but not in excess of a total of \$1,080, in lieu of the soldier bonus provided for in Chapter 667 of the Laws of 1919. According to the Laws of 1933 these benefits were terminated July 1, 1933 except to veterans who enrolled prior to October 1, 1931 and who, by July 1, 1933 had completed at least two years of college work. After July 1, 1945 these benefits shall not be available to the child between 16 and 24 years old of a veteran who died between April 6, 1917 and July 21, 1921. Benefits paid as of November 1, 1943 were \$4,671,049.54.

Hospital Care or Medical Treatment

According to statute, free hospital care and medical treatment are provided for any man or woman who served his country between March 1, 1917 and July 1, 1919 and who through his military or naval service suffered disease or injury or the consequent result of such disease or injury. It provides also that such person must have been a resident of Wisconsin for not less than five years next preceding his application for treatment, and that no person, otherwise eligible, who is receiving treatment through federal authority shall receive benefit unless the Soldiers Rehabilitation Board decides that such federal treatment is inadequate or that such person will be further injured by delay in receiving treatment. By November 1, 1943 benefits paid were \$708,200.50.

Graves Registration

A law became effective on July 1, 1929, providing that the Adjutant General shall compile a record of the burial places within the state of soldiers, sailors, marines, and nurses who served in the military or naval forces of the United States. Since that date approximately 100,000 graves of veterans have been recorded to show the name of the veteran, the service in which he was engaged, the designation of the organization in which he served, the rank and period of service, the location and name of the cemetery in which the body is interred, the location of the grave within the cemetery, and the character of the headstone or other marker, if any, at such grave. An alphabetical card index system of filing has been adopted with a distinctive colored card denoting the particular war in which the veteran served.

Some of the services rendered to the public in carrying out the provisions of the law are the return to cemetery associations and patriotic organizations of completed copies of graves registration records for their permanent records; assistance with the execution and transmittal of applications for government headstones, flags, and burial allowance; and the dissemination of information pertaining to matters of graves registration data for burial records, laws governing disposition of deceased veterans and the care of their graves, government headstones, government burial flags, and burial allowances.

STOUT INSTITUTE

Board of Trustees of the Stout Institute: PETER T. SCHOEMANN, *president*; LLOYD BERRAY, *acting secretary*; JOHN CALLAHAN; VOYTA WRABETZ; ROBERT L. PIERCE; JESSEL S. WHYTE; EMIL WALDOW; A. A. LAUN; JOHN WIECHERS; MICHAEL G. EBERLEIN; FRED VOGT; FRANK C. HORYZA.

Officers of Administration: BURTON EDSAL NELSON, *president*; CLYDE A. BOWMAN, *dean*, Division of Industrial Education and director of summer session; RUTH E. MICHAELS, *dean*, Division of Home Economics.

Location: Menomonie.

Total personnel, July 1943: 43 members of the faculty not including the president; 54 civil service employes.

Publications: Bulletin of Stout Institute (published quarterly), one number of which each year is the annual catalog of the institute and another, the summer session announcement; Stoutonia, the weekly student paper; and The Tower, the college annual.

Through the encouragement and financial support of James H. Stout, who later became a state senator, manual training and domestic science were incorporated in the public schools of Menomonie, where for the first time in the history of education these subjects became a part of the curriculum in the lower grades as well as in the high school. In 1893 the results of this experiment justified the organization of the Stout Manual Training School which was operated in connection with and under the administration of the city board of education. In 1903 this connection with the public schools was broken and the Stout Training School placed new emphasis on the training of teachers of manual training and domestic science. In 1908 the Stout Manual Training School became the Stout Institute and teacher training became the school's major interest.

In 1911, following the death of Senator Stout, the institution was taken over by the state and placed under the management of the board of trustees of the Stout Institute. This Board of Trustees is identical in personnel with the membership of the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education; each board has its own officers and each is distinctly independent of the other. In 1917 by a special act of the legislature, the Stout Institute was empowered to grant the Bachelor of Science degree and in 1937 by similar act it was authorized to give graduate work and to grant the Master of Science degree.

The Stout Institute is the only institution in the country devoted exclusively to teacher training in the special fields of home economics and industrial education. It is nationally known and its graduates are widely distributed.

The courses in home economics, and industrial and vocational education cover four years. The entrance requirement is high school

graduation. On the completion of the work required for the B. S. degree and after two years of successful teaching, graduates are eligible to life certificates to teach in Wisconsin. The Master's degree requirements are similar to those of other colleges, except that major emphasis is placed on the fields of education in which Stout specializes.

WISCONSIN BOARD OF TAX APPEALS

Members: HARRY SLATER, *chairman*; G. M. SHELDON; WM. E. THURSTON.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: 2.

Publications: Biennial Report; decisions (WBTA) in volume form; Rules of Practice and Procedure.

Statutory Functions of the Board

The Wisconsin Board of Tax Appeals, created in 1939, is a quasi-judicial tribunal and functions under Chapter 73 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It hears, considers, and determines all tax appeals which relate to the assessment of income taxes, both individual and corporation, gift taxes, privilege dividend taxes, and the taxes imposed on the intrastate operating property of railway companies, express companies, sleeping car companies, light, heat, and power companies, telegraph companies, conservation and regulation companies, and also appeals with respect to assessments made against freight line companies, under Chapters 71, 72, and 76 of the Wisconsin Statutes. In addition to these quasi-judicial reviewing duties, the Board of Tax Appeals reviews denials of claims for refund whenever aggrieved taxpayers pursue their statutory right to a review.

The board is a separate department of state government. It hears questions of fact and law presented to it by aggrieved taxpayers when they file appeals from the determinations made by the commissioner of taxation.

Extent of Appeals

During the period from January 1, 1941, to October 31, 1943, the Board of Tax Appeals disposed of appeals which involved in the aggregate a sum in excess of \$6,575,000 in taxes.

With respect to the board's function of reviewing assessments made by the commissioner of taxation against the intrastate property of railroad companies, street railway companies, light, heat, and power companies, telegraph companies, sleeping car companies, express companies, and conservation and regulation companies pursuant to Chapter 76, Wisconsin Statutes, it may be noted that since the board's

creation assessments aggregating \$334,125,000 have been reviewed by the board on appeals from the commissioner's determinations. Only one appeal by a taxpayer and none by the commissioner resulted from the determination of the Board of Tax Appeals with respect to its review of assessments made by the commissioner, and in that single instance the appeal was withdrawn by the taxpayer. Thus, up to November 22, 1943, the Wisconsin Board of Tax Appeals has reviewed property assessments aggregating more than a third of a billion dollars without a reversal of its determination.

Uniformity of Procedure

The act creating the Board of Tax Appeals abolished the county boards of review which formerly heard individual income tax controversies. This action eliminated 71 separate state tax reviewing agencies. It likewise established a uniform system of determining income tax issues which arise in all sections of the state. Uniformity of procedure and determination, so essential to successful tax administration, is now in effect because only one reviewing agency, the Wisconsin Board of Tax Appeals, hears and determines all appeals, whereas previously 71 separate agencies, each composed of three persons, or a total of 213 officials, and each agency operating independently of the others, performed these functions. Formerly the Tax Commission was charged with the important responsibility of administering the tax laws of this state and also with the incongruous task of reviewing assessments made by it. Under that system the old Tax Commission was occupying a dual position, since it was functioning both as a prosecutor and as a judge. The separating of those functions by the legislature and the vesting of duties relating to review of assessments in a separate agency has apparently met with public approval.

Many states likewise have changed their form of tax administration to include boards of tax appeals.

Promptness of Hearings and Determinations Essential

It is a matter of common knowledge that issues involving the property rights of the state and its citizens are of major importance to both; consequently, they must be determined judiciously and promptly. This is particularly true in cases involving tax disputes. The financial status of a taxpayer may, through force of uncontrollable circumstances, change materially within a relatively short space of time. Cases filed with the board are promptly set for hearing, and determinations are made only after a hearing, study, and consideration of the questions presented. Ample notice, six to eight weeks in most instances, is given in advance of the hearing of each case. Continuances are allowed only when good and sufficient cause therefor is shown. In cases where individual appeals are involved, hearings are held within the assessment districts wherein they arise. This procedure is followed whenever expedient, in order to make it

unnecessary for the taxpayer or the state's representatives to travel long distances. Hearings of individual matters have been held in Madison, Milwaukee, Racine, Fond du Lac, Appleton, Green Bay, and Wausau. Appeals by corporations are heard in the state capitol at Madison.

Under the former system, county boards of review met at certain periods to hear tax disputes. This in many instances necessarily resulted in delays in the hearings of appeals. On the other hand, the Board of Tax Appeals, which is constantly in session and continuously setting matters for hearing and making prompt determinations, does not permit any appeal to remain unnoticed or unheard. Any taxpayer or the state may have an immediate hearing of a tax controversy. During this period of war emergency, and especially in the postwar period of adjustment, the board considers that it is vital to a successful tax administration that taxpayers' disputes with respect to income tax assessments receive both careful attention and prompt determination.

Expansion of Income Tax Returns

Appeals are constantly filed, and although the work of the board is heavy, it is anticipated that even a larger number of appeals will be filed with the board in the period to come. Income taxation today is one of the most essential factors in the field of government finance. Since income taxes are a dependable source of revenue, while other fields of taxation seem to be suffering because of war conditions which necessarily bring on rationing and other forms of curtailment, income taxes must be relied upon more and more as revenue producers.

It is noteworthy that income tax returns, from which source a considerable portion of this board's work results, are being filed with the Department of Taxation in ever-increasing numbers. The Department of Taxation prior to 1942 received slightly more than 200,000 returns annually. For the year 1942, the last income tax return filing period, approximately 750,000 state income tax returns were filed with the Department of Taxation and the assessors, of which about 18,000 were corporation returns. This does not include thousands of filed returns of gift taxes and privilege dividend taxes.

This unprecedented increase in the number of income tax returns significantly explains the increasing volume of tax problems and disputes which will come before the Board of Tax Appeals for hearing, study, and determination.

Continuity of Hearings

Hearings are continuously being set and held. They are scheduled during all months of the year. The time required for a hearing varies from several hours in some cases to four and five days in others. The determination of the issues, in order that they may be comprehensively decided, requires considerable time and study. In every case the state and the taxpayer are permitted to file briefs, and full

hearings are accorded to the parties and their representatives irrespective of the amount of the tax.

Because hearings are set promptly, many thousands of dollars in interest are saved annually by both the state and the taxpayer. Particularly is this true with respect to deposits, which earn six percent interest, made with the State Treasurer by aggrieved taxpayers. If prompt hearings and determinations are effected, these funds are not "tied up" for long periods of time. The board considers that prompt determinations enable a taxpayer to know just what his financial status is with respect to his tax liabilities,—an important factor in conducting business efficiently and in making financial commitments.

During prescribed statutory periods the board hears appeals from assessments made by the commissioner pursuant to Chapter 76 of the Statutes with respect to the property of railroad companies, railway lines, heat, light, and power companies, and others. The statute designates a very limited time within which the aggrieved taxpayer may appeal and the board may hear and determine the appeal. Thus, certification of the tax rolls is not delayed.

Written Findings and Decisions Published

In each appeal written findings of fact are prepared and written decisions are filed setting forth the underlying reasons for the board's determinations. Copies of the findings of fact and the decision and order of the board are forthwith transmitted to all parties to the appeal.

All decisions of this board are reprinted verbatim in the local tax services published for this state.

In May 1943, the Board of Tax Appeals issued Volume 1 of appeals determined by the board. This publication contains official reports of selected decisions and orders, together with complete tables of cases and statutes cited, thus permitting easy reference to the board's decisions and the authorities referred to. In the interests of economy, only those cases whose principal facts and principles of law would in the opinion of the members of the board invite wider general interest were selected and included in the publication. Copies of Volume 1 are available to the public at \$1.75 per copy by purchase from Bureau of Purchases. It is the plan of the Board of Tax Appeals to publish succeeding volumes from time to time, and the interest manifested by purchasers in the volume already issued justifies the plan of publishing succeeding volumes.

Board's Rules and Record of Appeals

The Board of Tax Appeals proceeds under simple rules of practice and procedure that were adopted by the board pursuant to statutory authority after careful study. They appear in the biennial state publication "Administrative Orders" known as the "Red Book". In a

number of instances its rules have been copied and are now incorporated in the rules adopted by similar boards in other states.

A case history is prepared chronologically for each appeal filed with the board and each step in the proceedings is recorded by a docket entry. At all times there is available to the public not only the contents of the official file but a complete and recorded account of the various procedural steps. All hearings are public.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Commissioner of Taxation: A. E. WEGNER.

General and Special Property: FORREST W. GILLETT.

Income, Inheritance and Gift Taxation: H. D. KUENTZ.

Municipal Accounting and Auditing: R. S. MALLOW.

Motor Fuel Tax: D. W. MACK.

Office: State Office Building.

Total personnel, July 1943: 213.

Publications: Biennial Report; Assessor's Manual; Manual for Supervisors of Assessments; bulletins on assessments, taxes, expenditures, debts (issued annually); reprints of tax laws; various special reports on taxation.

Organization

Under the direction and general supervision of the commissioner of taxation, appointed by the Governor, the Department of Taxation operates under several functional divisions.

The functions can be roughly grouped into: general administration, taxation of general property, taxation of public service corporations, taxation of inheritances and gifts, taxation of incomes, municipal accounting and auditing, and taxation of motor vehicle fuel.

Those functions which lend themselves to a central office administration on a state-wide basis are performed through personnel in the main office at Madison. Those functions that lend themselves more readily to administration within smaller areas are performed by personnel in local offices established in convenient centers centrally located within the areas.

Duties and Functions

The Department of Taxation, through its commissioner, exercises general supervision over the assessment and tax laws of the state to the end that all assessments of property be made relatively just and equal at full value and that all assessments of income may be legally and equally made in substantial compliance with law.

By its supervisors of assessments the department's general property division works with the local assessors and the boards of review in

the administrative procedure of the state's general property tax law. Through its public service corporation division it assesses the ad valorem tax on railroads, street railways, light, heat, and power companies, telegraph companies, sleeping car companies, and express companies. Through its inheritance and gift tax division, it makes final determination of the tax on gifts and makes its staff and records available to the county court in the determination of the inheritance tax. Through its division of income taxation it determines the tax on incomes of individuals, corporations, trusts, and estates. Through its municipal accounting and auditing division it assists and advises political subdivisions of the state on matters relating to fiscal affairs, and through its gas tax division collects the tax on motor fuel.

Taxation of General Property

The general property tax, as a unit in the Wisconsin tax group, is the major source of revenue and yields nearly one-half of all taxes raised by the state and its political subdivisions. General property taxes are levied upon all general property in this state except such as is exempted therefrom and is composed of two major classes—real property and personal property. Real property as defined for taxation purposes includes "all land with all buildings and improvements thereon and all fixtures and rights and privileges appertaining thereto." Personal property includes "all goods, wares, merchandise, chattels and effects of every nature and description having any real or marketable value and not included in the term 'real estate'."

Real estate and personal property are assessed by classes, based upon use. The several classes of real estate are: residential, mercantile, manufacturing, agriculture, swamp, cutover and waste, and timber. Through its supervisors of assessment, the Department of Taxation is ready to assist in assessment procedure and make available to the local assessors any information in its files.

Under the Wisconsin system there are four principal tax-levying bodies—local units of government, school districts, county boards, and the legislature; and three assessing bodies—the local assessor, the county board, and the state.

Using as a basis the figures compiled by the staff assigned to property work, the Department of Taxation compiles an equalized state assessment from which it determines the average state rate which it also applies in the taxation of railroads and other utility properties.

Summary of 1942 Assessments

	<i>Local Assessment</i>	<i>State Assessment</i>
Real Estate -----	\$3,565,416,693	\$3,960,501,100
Personal Property -----	578,013,096	665,830,261
Total -----	\$4,143,429,789	\$4,626,331,361

Summary of Tax Levies

	1941	1942
School* -----	\$ 39,148,823	\$ 42,097,222
Local -----	33,487,567	32,419,557
County -----	36,509,103	34,704,728
State -----	863,836	916,575
Total -----	\$110,009,329	\$110,138,082

* Includes amount levied for school debt service and for high school tuition.

Taxation of Public Service Corporations

The present statutes provides that the commissioner of taxation shall make the ad valorem assessment of the operating property of each public service company.

By statute the property of public service corporations must be assessed at full market value. While real and personal property are assessed according to the value of each individual description or parcel, all operating property of a public service corporation, whether real or personal, and including whatever intangible value that may exist, is assessed as one item or unit and as personal property.

After the assessments have been determined, the average state rate of taxation is applied thereto to determine the taxes which must be paid directly by the public service corporations to the State Treasurer. The rate of taxation is an equalized rate determined by dividing all real and personal property taxes levied locally in the entire state by the state assessment of general property as determined by the Department of Taxation.

In addition to the ad valorem assessments, freight line companies are assessed a tax based upon six percent of gross earnings in this state, and rural electric cooperative associations are taxed at three percent of their gross receipts.

The statutes provide that after the railroad assessments have been determined, the Department of Taxation must separately value terminal property used in transferring freight and passengers between cars and vessels and compute the taxes thereon at the average state rate. This portion of the total railroad taxes is then remitted by the State Treasurer to the lakeport cities in which the terminal properties are located. All other railroad taxes remain in the state treasury for general state purposes.

All of the taxes paid by telegraph companies, express companies, sleeping car companies, and freight line companies also remain in the state treasury for general state purposes.

Sixty-five percent of the taxes paid by street railway companies, the light, heat, and power companies, and conservation and regulation companies is apportioned to the towns, villages, and cities on the basis of the amount of utility property located and gross business transacted in each such community. Twenty percent of such taxes is apportioned to the counties on the same basis, and 15 percent thereof remains in the state treasury for general state purposes.

	Total 1943 Taxes	APPORTIONMENT		
		State	Counties	Localities
Railroads.....	\$ 4,719,619.36	\$ 4,390,683.94	\$ -----	\$ 328,935.42
Street Railways and Connected Utilities.....	442,626.06	66,393.91	88,525.21	287,706.94
Light, Heat and Power Companies:				
Privately Owned.....	7,843,214.80	1,176,482.22	1,568,642.96	5,098,089.62
Municipally Owned.....	30,098.57	4,514.79	6,019.71	19,564.07
Telegraph Companies.....	99,947.82	99,947.82	-----	-----
Conservation and Regulation Companies.....	78,768.40	11,815.26	15,753.68	51,199.46
Sleeping Car Companies.....	23,797.10	23,797.10	-----	-----
Express Companies.....	14,873.19	14,873.19	-----	-----
Freight Line Companies.....	90,528.98	90,528.98	-----	-----
Rural Electric Cooperative Associations.....	60,427.96	1,171.78	8,888.39	50,367.79
Total.....	\$ 13,403,902.24	\$ 5,880,208.99	\$ 1,687,829.95	\$ 5,835,863.30

Taxation of Inheritance and Gifts

The terms "inheritance tax" and "estates tax" are widely used in the United States to designate systems of taxes levied upon the transfer or passing of property from the dead to the living.

All but a few of the states have chosen the inheritance tax. Wisconsin was among the first, and our inheritance tax law has been in effect since April 1, 1903.

The tax is assessed by the court in which the estate of the decedent is administered, the proceeding to determine the tax being a part of the regular probate procedure. At the inception of the probate proceedings in any estate, the Department of Taxation is notified thereof, and thereafter it follows the progress of each estate toward final settlement until the tax is determined and paid.

The inheritance taxes collected are apportioned between the state and the counties.

Inheritance Taxes Collected

	Fiscal Years Ending	
	June 30, 1942	June 30, 1943
Net Taxes (after deducting expense of collection)	\$2,712,238	\$1,047,592
Emergency Inheritance Tax	495,305	619,337
Total	\$3,207,543	\$1,666,929

The gift tax is an emergency measure adopted in 1933 and was the first attempt by any state to impose such a measure. Unlike the inheritance tax, this tax is imposed upon the value of the property annually transferred by a donor during his lifetime.

The rates, with certain exceptions, are the same as those of the inheritance tax but apply separately to transfers in different calendar years. Property so transferred in any calendar year at the value of \$1,000 is exempt. In addition, property up to the value of \$15,000

transferred by the donor to his wife, and property up to the value of \$5,000 transferred by the donor to her husband, and property up to the value of \$2,000 transferred by the donor to a lineal descendant is exempt, but such additional exemptions shall be allowed but once. The value of the property transferred by a donor shall be aggregated from year to year until the aggregate value equals the exemption.

The tax is collected and handled by the district offices of the department. Collections in the most recent fiscal years follow:

1941 -----	\$583,534.73
1942 -----	936,514.00
1943 -----	334,711.00

Taxation of Incomes

In principle, the Wisconsin law and its operation provides for a self-assessed tax on net incomes of both individuals and corporations.

Taxes levied on net incomes of corporations are recorded, collected, and administered by the department's corporation division, while taxes levied on net incomes of individuals, trusts, and estates are collected and administered in the four district offices located within the state at convenient locations within the areas, all under the supervision of the department's administrative office and under the direction of the commissioner of taxation.

The tax on incomes can be divided into the several taxes now imposed: a normal tax on Wisconsin net incomes of both corporations and individuals ranging in rates from two percent on the first thousand to six percent over \$6,000 of net incomes of corporations and one percent on the first thousand to seven percent over \$12,000 of the net incomes of individuals; a teacher's surtax on Wisconsin net incomes of both corporations and individuals of an amount equal to one-sixth of the normal tax after the elimination of the equivalent of the normal tax on the first \$3,000 of net incomes; and a privilege dividend tax in an amount of three percent of dividends declared and paid by corporations out of Wisconsin net incomes.

Though the income taxes fluctuate from year to year, depending somewhat upon general conditions, the taxes have become a substantial part of the revenue collected in the state ranging from an inconsequential fraction in 1912 to 9.5 percent in 1934 and 20 percent in 1943. Collections of income taxes in the fiscal years since 1940 follow:

1941 -----	\$22,812,127.83
1942 -----	37,367,574.77
1943 -----	51,803,232.99

The normal taxes collected are distributed 50 percent to the towns, cities, and villages and 10 percent to the counties in which the income is earned. Forty percent is retained by the state. The teachers' surtax is paid into the annuity funds held for retirement of teachers. The privilege dividend taxes collected are retained by the state.

Municipal Accounting and Auditing

By its division of municipal accounting and auditing, the Department of Taxation holds itself in readiness to serve the political subdivisions of the state at their request in the matter of installing accounting records and systems and of auditing and verifying the account books of such local governmental units.

The services so performed by the state make possible the comparison between like units of government, particularly with respect to the cost of similar activities and uniformity of accounting records.

Uniform accounting records have been installed in all counties of the state excepting Milwaukee and in over 100 cities. Accounting and installation services performed by the department are paid for by the municipality requesting the service.

AUDITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTING SERVICES SUPPLIED TO MUNICIPALITIES AT THEIR DIRECTION IN 1942

Municipalities	Audits	Closings	Installations	Financial Reports	Budget Assistance	Miscel.	Total
Counties.....	40	26	3	6	6	6	87
Cities.....	33	33	2	1	1	5	75
Villages.....	5	1	1	4	-----	2	13
Towns.....	9	2	-----	8	-----	6	25
Schools.....	17	2	-----	-----	-----	-----	19
Total.....	104	64	6	19	7	19	219

Taxation of Motor Vehicle Fuel

By its motor fuel division transferred from the State Treasurer on July 1, 1943, the Department of Taxation collects motor fuel tax from licensed wholesalers on Class 1 motor fuel received by them in this state and on Class 2 motor fuel sold for use in this state for a nonexempt purpose.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1943 the tax collected amounted to \$22,872,037.31.

By statute the department refunds motor fuel tax to claimants who have used tax-paid motor fuel for nontaxable purposes. For the past fiscal year \$1,885,013.88 was paid out on approximately 180,000 claims.

TEACHERS COLLEGES

Board of Regents of Normal Schools: EDWARD J. DEMPSEY, *president*;
JOHN CALLAHAN; ROY DAVIDSON; W. S. DELZELL; DR. R. H.
DIXON; MRS. ROBERT C. EBY; ELTON S. KARRMANN; MRS. DORRIS
MARKS; JAMES A. RICHARDS; P. J. SMITH; DR. GEORGE N.
SUNDQUIST.

Secretary and Director: EDGAR G. DOUDNA.

TEACHERS COLLEGES

<i>Location</i>	<i>Date Established</i>	<i>President</i>
Eau Claire -----	1916-----	W. R. Davies
La Crosse -----	1909-----	R. S. Mitchell
Milwaukee -----	1885-----	F. E. Baker
Oshkosh -----	1871-----	F. R. Polk
Platteville -----	1866-----	C. O. Newlun
River Falls -----	1875-----	J. H. Ames
Stevens Point -----	1894-----	W. C. Hansen
Superior -----	1896-----	R. C. Williams (pro tem)
Whitewater -----	1868-----	C. M. Yoder

Total personnel, July 1943: In the office of the board—6 permanent employes; in the Teachers Colleges—9 presidents, 443 faculty members including librarians, 33 part-time city school critics, 112 permanent and 8 part-time employes in the classified service. Of the 443 faculty members the equivalent of 39 are teaching in the army units.

Publications: Biennial reports of the Board of Regents; bulletins and catalogs of the separate colleges.

The government of the teachers colleges is vested in the Board of Normal School Regents made up of ten members—two appointed each year by the Governor for five-year terms and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction who is a member *ex officio*. There is usually one member of the board from each city or locality in which a teachers college is located but it is not required by law. The board selects the secretary and director who is virtually its executive officer. The presidents of the teachers colleges are elected by the board; teachers and other employes are selected by the presidents and confirmed by the board. Teachers have permanent tenure and, after a probationary period of three years, can be removed only for cause.

The state teachers colleges are devoted to the training of teachers for rural, elementary, and high schools. Until 1925 they were called normal schools and most of the courses of study were two years in length. Now they are on a college basis with many four-year courses leading to the degrees of B. E. and B. S. Life certificates are given by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction only to those completing a four-year course and securing the degree. All of the col-

leges conduct summer sessions at which teachers who are employed during the school year may add to their qualifications.

In each college there is an elementary school, and at Whitewater a junior and senior high school, for demonstration and practice work. This is the distinguishing mark of a teachers college since apprentice teachers are directed by skilled supervisors under conditions as nearly as possible like those of the best public schools. About 2,300 pupils are enrolled in these demonstration schools.

The demand for teachers trained in the so-called special subjects is limited and it is, therefore, obviously unnecessary to have special subject departments in each college. The Board of Regents, which has control and supervision of the teachers colleges, has designated the teachers college at Milwaukee to train teachers of art, music, and deaf and defective children; River Falls and Platteville for agriculture; Platteville for industrial arts; La Crosse for physical education; and Whitewater for commercial education. Stevens Point offers a major in home economics, and Superior a major in music.

Graduation from high school is required for admission in all courses of the teachers colleges and students in the lower 20 percent of high school classes are usually not admitted. Tuition is free to all residents of the state but nonresidents are required to pay a fee of \$25 a semester. There is an incidental fee of \$20 a semester for all students. Only two colleges have dormitories—Stevens Point and Superior. Cafeterias are operated at Eau Claire, Milwaukee, and River Falls. Farms are operated in connection with the agricultural courses at Platteville and River Falls.

All monies collected by the teachers colleges are paid into the general fund of the State Treasury, except those which come from the self-supporting activities. These are deposited to the credit of the activity which produces them and are automatically appropriated to them. All appropriations are made by the legislature from the general fund of the state. About 80 percent of the funds so appropriated come from tax sources. The Legislature of 1857 created a normal school fund to be built up from the sale of swamp lands. This fund now amounts to more than \$3,200,000 and produces an income of about \$100,000. This, however, goes to the general fund and not to the Board of Regents. Student fees are also sent to the general fund and the board has no further claim upon them. Appropriations for the current biennium are \$2,056,925 annually.

The appraised value of the buildings and contents of the teachers colleges is approximately nine million dollars. The land owned by the Board of Regents amounts to 389.32 acres of which 229.64 acres are in the farms at Platteville and River Falls.

The war has reduced enrollments so drastically that the present shortage of teachers will be a major disaster in two or three years. Every possible effort has been made to prepare an adequate supply of teachers, but the shortage is even now very large.

Five of the colleges, Eau Claire, Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Stevens Point, and Superior, have army units preparing for the flying service.

The services are paid for by the federal government on a cost basis. The results have been very satisfactory and the Board of Regents feel gratified with the services and the opportunity to aid directly in the war service. About 1,200 men are in these groups.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN

Board of Regents of the University: WALTER HODGKINS, *president*; A. T. HOLMES, *vice president*; MICHAEL J. CLEARY; W. J. CAMPBELL; DANIEL H. GRADY; JOHN D. JONES, JR.; LEONARD J. KLECZKA; FRANK J. SENSENBRENNER; A. MATT WERNER; JOHN CALLAHAN, *ex officio*.

Secretary, Board of Regents: M. E. MCCAFFREY.

Board of Visitors:

Nominated by the Governor: THORWALD M. BECK; MAUDE M. MUNROE; Col. E. W. KRAUTHOEFER.

Appointed by the Board of Regents: C. F. HEDGES; A. D. GILLET; MARCUS A. JACOBSON.

Appointed by the Wisconsin Alumni Association: R. E. BALLETTTE; MRS. CARL A. JOHNSON; MYRON T. HARSHAW; BASIL I. PETERSON; ROBERT K. COE; MRS. GEORGE LINES.

Administrative Officers:

President of the University: CLARENCE A. DYKSTRA.

Dean of Men: SCOTT H. GOODNIGHT.

Dean of Women: LOUISE TROXELL.

Acting Secretary of the Faculty: ALDEN WHITE.

Director, Department of Public Service: FRANK O. HOLT.

Registrar and Director, Bureau of Records and Guidance: CURTIS MERRIMAN.

University Librarian: GILBERT H. DOANE.

Commandant (Department of Military Science): Lt. Col. FRANKLIN W. CLARKE.

Director, Department of Student Health: DR. L. R. COLE.

Director of Athletics: HARRY STUHLREHER.

Business Officers:

Comptroller: ALFRED W. PETERSON.

Residence Halls: DONALD L. HALVERSON, *director*.

Buildings and Grounds: ALBERT F. GALLISTEL, *superintendent*.

Director of Publicity: ROBERT FOSS.

Educational Divisions

College of Letters and Science: MARK H. INGRAHAM, *dean*; H. GLICKSMAN, *junior dean*.

School of Commerce: F. H. ELWELL, *director*.

School of Journalism: GRANT M. HYDE, *director*.

Library School: GEORGE C. ALLEZ, *director*.

School of Music: CARL E. BRICKEN, *director*.

College of Engineering: F. ELLIS JOHNSON, *dean*; ADAM V. MILLAR, *assistant dean*.

College of Agriculture: EDWIN B. FRED, *dean*; IRA L. BALDWIN, *assistant dean*; V. E. KIVLIN, *assistant dean*.

Agricultural Extension: W. W. CLARK, *associate director*.

Short Course: V. E. KIVLIN, *director*.

Course in Home Economics: FRANCES L. ZUILL, *director*.

Law School: LLOYD K. GARRISON, *dean*.

Medical School: DR. W. F. MIDDLETON, *dean*; DR. WALTER J. MEEK, *assistant dean*.

School of Nursing: CHRISTINA C. MURRAY, *director*.

Medical Extension Library Service: MRS. ESTHER L. GOETTLING, *librarian*.

School of Education: C. J. ANDERSON, *dean*.

Graduate School: HAROLD W. STOKE, *acting dean*.

Extension division: FRANK O. HOLT, *dean*.

Milwaukee Extension Center: DEAN HOLT, *director*.

Field Organization: CHESTER ALLEN, *director*.

Debating and Public Discussion: ALMERE SCOTT, *director*.

Summer Session: JOHN GUY FOWLKES, *director*.

Besides its duty of educating the youth of the state, the university carries on many services for the benefit of the state's citizens. These services are carried on in the following institutions which are connected with or are part of the university.

Wisconsin General Hospital: DR. H. M. COON, *superintendent*; DR. ERWIN R. SCHMIDT, *chief surgeon*.

Wisconsin Orthopedic Hospital for Children: DR. H. M. COON, *acting superintendent*.

Wisconsin Psychiatric Institute: DR. WILLIAM F. LORENZ, *director*.

State Laboratory of Hygiene: DR. WILLIAM D. STOVALL, *director*.

Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey: DR. E. A. BIRGE.

State Geologist: E. F. BEAN.

Washburn Observatory: JOEL H. STEBBINS, *director*.

Agricultural Experiment Station: EDWIN B. FRED, *director*; NOBEL CLARK, *assistant director*.

Wisconsin Union: PORTER BUTTS, *house director*.

Forest Products Laboratory (financed by the United States Government): C. P. WINSLOW, *director*.

United States Weather Bureau: ERIC R. MILLER, *meteorologist*.

Location: With the exceptions noted below all departments of the university are located at Madison. The Extension Division, the general office of which is at Madison, has a Milwaukee center at 623 West State Street. It has district representatives at 108 West College Avenue, Appleton; 1332 Woodland Avenue, Eau Claire; 122 South 16th Street, La Crosse; 128 Central Avenue,

Oshkosh, and 1428 East Capitol Drive, Milwaukee. The branch Agricultural Experiment Stations are at Ashland Junction, Hancock, Marshfield, Spooner, and the Peninsula State Park in Door County.

Total personnel: See page 300 in the following article.

Publications: Annual Report of Comptroller; Biennial Report of the President; University Press Bulletin (biweekly newspaper release); The Badger Quarterly; Bulletins (occasional, including announcements of courses and publications of the Bureau of Business and Economic Research); University of Wisconsin Studies in Language and Literature; University of Wisconsin Studies (quarterly, scientific); Agricultural Experiment Station Reports (annual); Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletins (popular research); Retail Bulletin (monthly, \$1.00 per year); Wisconsin Law Review (quarterly magazine, \$2.50 per year); books by the University of Wisconsin Press.

Our state Constitution provides for the University of Wisconsin in Section 6 of Article X as follows: "Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a state university at or near the seat of government and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the state as the interests of education may require."

Accordingly, a university was established in 1848 in the first year of statehood. Classes began the next year and in 1851 the first building (North Hall) was erected. No appropriation from state funds was made to the university until 1869. In the meantime the institution was financed entirely from the proceeds of the sale of lands donated to the state for the establishment of a university. The Constitution meant these lands to be a permanent endowment but when they had to be sold to meet current expenses practically the entire endowment from the United States was lost. Even though the university has received some sizable gifts in recent years, its total endowment is only slightly over \$1,500,000.

In its present-day work of serving the citizens of Wisconsin, the university operates in three fields—education, science research, and public service. We here review briefly the work of the university in each of these three fields.

Education

There were only 20 students in that first class which met on February 5, 1849 in a little red brick building known as the Madison "Female Academy."

In its early years the university was really a small classical college of the New England type with a large part of the students enrolled in preparatory courses. After the close of the Civil War the state extended financial support and in a few years the number of students increased from 200 to more than 400. A College of Agriculture was established in 1866, under the stimulus of the Morrill Land

Grant Act of Congress. The College of Law was founded in 1868, the College of Engineering in 1889, the Extension Division and the Medical School in 1907, and the School of Education in 1930. In the school year 1891-92 the university enrollment was 1,000; ten years later it had grown to 3,000. Thereafter the university increased steadily in enrollment and very rapidly after World War I, as shown in the following table:

	1928-29	1930-31	1933-34	1942-43
Regular Session	9,675	10,001	7,957	12,108
Summer Session	5,065	5,171	3,059	1,540
University Extension	19,976	23,401	20,800	23,439
Agriculture Short Courses	228	156	145	101
Workers' School	40	40	45	282
Armed Forces Students				4,000
Totals	34,984	38,769	32,006	46,470

This table shows that enrollment in regular sessions on the campus reached a new record high in the 93-year history of the university with a total of 12,108 students enrolled, in addition to the 4,000 armed forces students being trained along with the civilians. The table also shows that the total enrollment in university educational work also continued at about the record high figure set in 1940, with 46,470 students registered in university studies.

The figures in the enrollment table, however, do not give a complete picture of the university's educational work in any one year, because they do not include figures as to attendance of state citizens at the various short courses held by the university each year. Several score of these short service courses are sponsored by the various divisions and departments of the university annually, ranging in length from one or two days to several weeks. These courses are attended annually by more than 30,000 Wisconsin citizens. This figure does not include the attendance of the thousands of state citizens at the many meetings held each year by county agents and extension specialists from the university. In addition, there are more than 300,000 grade school pupils and high school students actually enrolled annually in the 15 "School of the Air" courses of study of the state radio stations, WHA and WLBL.

For all regular courses graduation from high school is prerequisite but adult special students are admitted to courses for which they are qualified without meeting general entrance requirements. Residents of the state pay fees of \$48 per semester in all schools and colleges except the Law and Medical Schools. Law School students pay \$55 per semester and Medical School students pay \$112.50 in the first, second and third years and \$75 in the fourth year. Nonresidents pay an additional fee of \$100.

The university operates three dormitories for women and ten for men, with about 16 percent of the student body housed in them in normal times. Dining halls are maintained in the dormitories and a variety of dining services are provided in the Memorial Union for

students who do not live in the dormitories. The Memorial Union is a building which can be best described as the students' "living room," being the center for student life and activities outside of the classroom.

Instruction given on the campus of the university to resident students is organized in nine colleges and schools: Letters and Science, Engineering, Agriculture, Law, Medicine, Education, Nursing, Library, and the Graduate School. Subordinate to these colleges are schools and courses as indicated in the roster of educational divisions given at the head of this article. Within each college are departments for the various major divisions of study. The total number of separate classes in which instruction is given exceeds 1,000. Requirements for graduation differ for each course, but in most courses four years of work is required for a degree.

In the College of Agriculture there are, besides four-year courses in home economics, a long course in agriculture of four years, a middle course of two years, a short course of two winter sessions of 15 weeks each, a winter dairy course of two six-week terms, and a summer dairy course of ten weeks.

In some courses students are allowed wide latitude in the selection of particular subjects of study; in others these are rigidly prescribed. Appropriate degrees or certificates are given upon the completion of each course offered. Teachers' certificates entitling their holders to teach in any school of the state are granted to students completing required work in the School of Education in addition to work required in the college in which they seek a degree. Graduates of the Law School are admitted to the bar and licensed to practice law in Wisconsin without examination.

Graduate work is offered in most departments and in all colleges. All graduates are enrolled in the Graduate School, but do their class work in the college of their special study. Many of these do part-time teaching as scholars, fellows, or assistants, earning a part of the costs of their advanced education and affording to the university an assistant teaching corps at low cost. Both second (masters') and third (doctors') degrees are conferred. For the former at least one year and for the latter at least three years of post graduate study are required, but advanced degrees are given on attainments, as demonstrated by examinations and theses, not upon satisfactory completion of a prescribed number of courses, as are undergraduate degrees.

A summer session of the university is conducted each summer, with instruction in all colleges but with fewer courses than during the regular session. However, beginning in 1943, a regular summer semester is also conducted placing the university on a regular year-round operational basis so that students may graduate in two and two-thirds years. A majority of students in the short summer session are teachers and graduate students. The courses range in length from a two weeks' course in railway engineering to a ten weeks'

course in the Law School. The regular summer session is now eight weeks in length. The fees charged are alike for residents and non-residents, being computed on the basis of \$4.50 per week for undergraduates and of \$5 per week for graduate students. A considerable number of special courses and conferences, many of them of short duration, are conducted in conjunction with the summer school for groups of people engaged in practical work along particular lines, such as the Summer School for Industrial Workers, the Rural Leadership School, the Music Clinic, and the School Administrators' Conference.

Science Research Work

An important function of every true university is research and the advancement of knowledge. This is a function which has long been stressed at the University of Wisconsin. As a result of research conducted at the university, many important inventions and discoveries have been given to mankind. Among these contributions, which have often resulted in direct benefit to Wisconsin agriculture and industry, are the following: a new steel-making process, the desulphurization of iron ore, the development of a new submarine detector, the development of new and more exact designs for the construction of railroad bridges, completion of experiments with reference to the use of reinforced concrete in construction work, the development of a new and more economical method of mixing concrete, the Babcock milk test, the Steenbock process of ultra-violet ray treatment of foods, the curd test, the milk sediment test, the butter moisture test, the casein and the ice cream overrun test, the development of Wisconsin's pedigree seeds, development of new and stable methods of commercial canning, and the development of a remedy for goitre infection of the thyroid gland in pigs, a great boon in preventing losses to hog-raising farmers. The discovery that nicotinic acid is essential in the care of pellagra, a disease yearly affecting over a million people in this country alone, was made in the university laboratories.

All professors are encouraged to engage in research in their special fields along with their teaching, in the belief that the best teacher for university students is one who keeps abreast of the advances in his field and contributes thereto. The legislature has made a small appropriation specifically for research and a few donations have been made by private parties to the university for investigations along particular lines. The university maintains complete control of all of this research. In recent years considerable financial assistance for research in the field of the natural sciences has been afforded by the Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, whose income is derived from patents assigned to it by university professors who have made commercially valuable discoveries in their research.

The greatest amount of attention to practical research and experimentation has been given in the College of Agriculture, one of whose

definite functions is the development of improved agricultural methods. This work is done through the Agricultural Experiment Station, whose director is the dean of the College of Agriculture and whose staff are the members of the faculty. The university conducts two good-sized farms at Madison and five branch agricultural stations in different parts of the state, which serve the dual purpose of demonstration and experiment. Members of the staff of the Experiment Station are constantly engaged in experiments along such lines as the control of insect pests and plant diseases, the development of better seed grains and farm animals, the best use to be made of various types of soil and their improvement through fertilizers, the most economical feeds, and numerous other experiments. In recent years much attention has been given to marketing problems and rural social life. The results of all such studies and experimentation are usually embodied in bulletins issued by the College of Agriculture which are widely distributed, the purpose of such research being to improve farming in this state and to make it more profitable and enjoyable.

Other valuable research has been accomplished and is now being carried on in the field of engineering. Aiding Wisconsin industry, the College of Engineering each year carries on important and valuable research in many different fields. Among the more important of these is research conducted for machinery industries, the lime and brick industry, iron foundry industries, and electrical manufactures. By its successful experiments with the mixing of concrete for paving, the Engineering College in one year saved the state a large sum in its highway paving costs, and it is expected that these savings will be larger in the future. The hydraulic and sanitary engineering division of the Engineering College has gone far in helping to keep industrial and domestic wastage from polluting the state's lakes and streams, while the university's electrical standards laboratory has saved Wisconsin electricity consumers thousands of dollars through its rigid testing of electric meters and electric appliances.

Valuable research is also being done by the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, whose aim is to apply science to the conservation of the state's natural resources, such as its lakes and streams, and fish and game. Important progress has been made. This work is extremely valuable to Wisconsin because of the state's reputation as the recreational and resort center of the Middle West. The tourist and resort business of the state runs into millions annually, and if the state is to hold this business, it must constantly protect its lakes and streams and maintain its reputation for good fishing grounds.

Considerable additional research is also being carried on constantly in the Medical School, the Law School, the School of Education, and in the Graduate School. There are more than 1,500 research projects being conducted throughout the university—all designed to advance knowledge or benefit the state.

Public Service Work

As in the case of its research work, the university was not projected into the field of public service on a large scale until after 1900. Previous to that time the university had made some very valuable contributions to the welfare of the state—principally through its research work—but there had not yet been developed a conscious policy of service to all of the people of the state.

Such a policy of definite obligation on the part of the university to the citizens of Wisconsin was definitely developed during the first decade of this century. In 1903, Charles R. Van Hise, a native of Wisconsin who had been graduated from the university and who had received the first doctor's degree which it conferred, became its president. He brought to the university a new conception of the work of a state university—that a university should be the servant of the state to which it belongs, and that it should apply all its facilities and resources in an effort to help solve the day-to-day problems of the people of the state.

This idea, first put forth by President Van Hise, became known as "The Wisconsin Idea" in education. During the entire period of his administration from 1903 to 1918, President Van Hise worked for the expansion of this idea. It is recorded that he once said: "I shall never rest content until the boundaries of the campus have become the boundaries of the state." That the people of Wisconsin have given wholehearted approval to this idea during the past generation is revealed today by the widespread use they are making of the many off-campus public services which the university now carries on for them.

It is true that in the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin the university is described as "an institution of learning." But down through the years since 1900, many legislatures, in response to public needs and demands, have added mandates to this original law of the state, requesting the university to conduct this research investigation or that public service for the welfare of the state and its people. The university has willingly undertaken the work requested, realizing its obligations to the people.

Among the more important public services conducted by the university are: the State Hygienic Laboratory; the Wisconsin General Hospital; the Wisconsin Orthopedic Hospital for Children; the Psychiatric Institute; the Electric Standards Laboratory; the Extension Division with its many services; the manufacture and distribution of legume cultures, Swiss cheese cultures, tuberculin, and vaccines and test fluids used by veterinarians in the diagnosing and prevention of various animal diseases; 4-H Club work; the State Seed Laboratory; the State Limestone Testing Laboratory; the State Soils Laboratory; the radio stations; the State Geologist; and the Bureau of Business Research in the School of Commerce.

Information on these public services is given in detail in the following paragraphs.

Extension Division

Carrying instruction and other educational service to the off-campus population the Extension Division of the university serves the adult public educationally in a diversity of ways on foundations established early in the present century. Courses of study are offered for high school and college credit. College credit courses are offered at the rate of \$5 per credit to Wisconsin students, \$8 to others. Courses taught by correspondence number more than 400. Extension classes are held in any city where a sufficient number of students desires them. In addition to those giving academic credit there are courses of the non-credit type designated as "liberal education" courses and others of a vocational character in industrial and business fields.

In 1942-43 the Extension Division recorded 28,439 registrations in correspondence courses and in state and Milwaukee extension classes. These included 2,329 in war-training courses organized under government subsidy, such as pilot training for trainees of the army, navy and marine corps, and engineering, science and management war-training, in which several thousand men and women received specialized instruction through several hundred classes conducted in nearly 100 Wisconsin cities. The University of Wisconsin in Milwaukee offers the first two years of the university credit program in letters and science and in engineering, together with a large program of evening classes serving many individual needs, and an extensive war-service program. Other Extension Division services include visual instruction, especially by means of educational motion pictures with emphasis on the war effort; lectures and lyceum offerings, providing high school assembly and other community programs, also addresses by members of the university faculty; package library, debating and club study aids, through the Department of Debating and Public Discussion; and advisory service to the state's citizens on business, social and economic problems.

Agricultural Extension

A major function of the College of Agriculture is the dissemination of practical information for the betterment of farming and rural life among the farmers and farm women of the state. This is done, not through classes, but through publications, demonstrations, conferences, and county agents. The publications distributed are those of the Agricultural Experiment Station, which are written in popular style and furnished free on application to residents of the state. The demonstrations are given both on the state-owned farms and through the county and special agents. The principal conferences are now the so-called campus extension courses, which are really institutes conducted for a few days: Farmers' Week, and Women's Week in Home Economics, and the Special Dairy Course conducted between semesters in February; the Farm Field Day in June; and the Rural Leadership School during the summer session. There are also a number

of field agents who are specialists in particular fields of agricultural extension, such as farm accounting, home economics, and 4-H Club work.

County agricultural agents, generally called "county agents," are demonstration agents and instructors in agricultural extension, living and working in the counties by which they are employed. Employment of such county agents is optional with the county boards and part of their salary comes from the counties. These county agents, however, are under the direction of the College of Agriculture and one-half or more of their salary comes from the university. However, the federal government, under various acts of Congress pays the major part of the cost of all agricultural extension work and considerable part of the costs of research in agriculture.

The College of Agriculture also conducts a Soils Laboratory at which tests are made at cost of soils submitted for analysis and advice given on treatment necessary for best results.

Hospitals

At the university are located two state hospitals; the Wisconsin General Hospital, which was erected under legislation enacted in 1920, and the Wisconsin Orthopedic Hospital for Children, established in 1929. Both hospitals and also the Student Clinic and Infirmary, which is located in a wing of the Wisconsin General Hospital, are under the same management and are conducted as an integral part of the university.

The Student Clinic and Infirmary serves the students of the university and is supported by \$3.50 per semester of each student's general fee. The majority of the patients in the Wisconsin General Hospital are public patients, who are sent to the hospital upon order of the county judge of the county in which they reside, on the recommendation of a local physician, and upon proof that they are unable to pay for treatment. One-half the cost of the treatment and care of public patients is borne by the county and the other half by the state subject to a limitation inserted in the statutes by the 1933 Legislature, not more than two patients per thousand of population from any county may be treated at state expense in any year, except from counties in which there is no hospital. Persons who can pay a part of the cost of their treatment may also be admitted. The Orthopedic Hospital is an institution for the physical restoration of crippled children. Like the Wisconsin General Hospital, it draws its patients from all over the state and most of them receive treatment at public expense. A large percentage of all children treated are charges of the Department of Public Welfare, particularly children from the State Public School at Sparta.

Psychiatric Institute

The Psychiatric Institute was established in 1915 and was under the management of the Board of Control until 1925, when it was transferred to the university by legislative act. Its principal pur-

pose is to investigate causes of insanity and to promote measures of relief and prevention. It conducts Wassermann and other blood tests for syphilis free of charge from samples sent in by physicians, and also makes tests of cerebro-spinal fluid and chemical blood examinations. Each year the institute makes more than 120,000 such tests and examinations. The institute also serves the Department of Public Welfare in the investigation of medical and medico-social problems arising in the administration of the state charitable and penal institutions. This institute has saved the state a considerable amount by reducing the cost of taking care of the mentally incompetent.

State Laboratory of Hygiene

The State Laboratory of Hygiene is a joint enterprise of the university and the State Board of Health. At this laboratory tests are made for communicable diseases, and vaccines are prepared for the treatment of various diseases. Three-fourths of all physicians of the state made use of the service of this laboratory in the last year.

During the past three-year period, the laboratory examined nearly half a million specimens and sent out more than 100,000 doses of vaccine in the fight against the spread of disease in Wisconsin. In dollars and cents, the good health of the citizens of Wisconsin is valued at \$33,000,000, and it is the job of the laboratory to safeguard this greatest of the state's assets.

Forest Products Laboratory and United States Weather Bureau

These two scientific institutions are conducted by the United States government but are located on the university campus. Courses in these special fields are offered as part of the university curriculum and are taught by members of the staffs of these institutions.

Administration

The university is under the management of the Board of Regents of the university. This board consists of nine members appointed by the Governor and approved by the state senate, and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, *ex officio*. The regents receive no salary but are reimbursed their expenses. Meetings are held periodically.

The regents select the president, the deans, and all other officers and employ the faculty and other employes. The president is the executive head of the entire institution; the deans of the several colleges; and the comptroller of the business offices. In 1942-43 the faculty consisted of a total of 1,720 persons, including those hired to teach and train armed forces personnel. Of this number, however, only about one-third were assistant professors or higher, and about one-half were employed on a part-time basis only.

VETERANS RECOGNITION BOARD

Members of Board: W. H. DOUGHERTY, *chairman*; JESSEL S. WHYTE, *secretary*; JAMES F. BURNS; DR. C. A. DAWSON; J. E. JOYCE, Jr.; Col. JOHN F. MULLEN; WALTER S. GOODLAND, Acting Governor.

Advisory Committee: VAL W. OVE, American Legion; H. J. MENARD, Disabled American Veterans; LYALL T. BEGGS, Veterans of Foreign Wars; CHARLES H. COX, United Spanish War Veterans; Mrs. LOHRA S. DAVIES, American Red Cross; one vacancy: appointment of veteran of World War II to be made.

Medical Committee: Dr. B. J. HUGHES, *chairman*; Dr. R. P. MONTGOMERY; Dr. A. J. WIESENDER; Dr. R. W. HUEGEL.

Advisory Agricultural Committee: Appointments to be made.

Director: Lt. Col. LEO B. LEVENICK, Army of the United States, retired.

Office: State Capitol.

Total personnel, March 1, 1944: 8.

The Veterans Recognition Board was created by Chapter 443, Laws of 1943, which became effective July 4, 1943. Under this act the board was charged with responsibility for the rehabilitation and hospitalization of returning members of the armed forces of the United States in World War II who are bona fide residents of the state, in cases where the federal government fails or refuses to provide such assistance. The first meeting of the board was held on July 21, 1943. The director was appointed on October 14 and the administrative organization began.

In carrying out the duties with which it was charged under Chapter 443 the Veterans Recognition Board adopted a policy of granting emergency aid, upon proper investigation, not exceeding \$250 for medical care, hospitalization, and educational assistance where want or distress are evident. Such policy will be continued until such time as the development of the program brings about the formation of more definite policies.

The board maintains a contact office at the Veterans Administration at Wood, Wisconsin, in cooperation with the Adjutant General's office, for the purpose of assisting veterans in perfecting their claims against the federal government. The board cooperates with federal and state agencies and works closely with veterans' organizations, county service officers, local agencies, the American Red Cross, and other organizations concerned with the welfare of veterans, bringing about the proper coordination of existing services to insure for Wisconsin veterans of World War II all benefits to which they may be entitled.

STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL AND ADULT EDUCATION

Employer Members: JESSEL S. WHYTE; ALFRED A. LAUN; FRED VOGT.

Employe Members: PETER T. SCHOEMANN; EMIL WALDOW; FRANK C. HORYZA.

Farmer Members: MICHAEL G. EBERLEIN; ROBERT L. PIERCE; JOHN WEICHERS.

Ex Officio Members: JOHN CALLAHAN; VOYTA WRABETZ.

Acting State Director: JOHN CALLAHAN.¹

Secretary: C. L. GREIBER.²

Acting Secretary: LLOYD BERRAY.

Supervisor of Trade and Industrial Education: R. L. WELCH.

Supervisor of Agricultural Education: L. M. SASMAN.

Supervisor of Rehabilitation: W. F. FAULKES.

Office: State Office Building; rehabilitation division branch office, Milwaukee Vocational School.

Total personnel, July 1943: 66.

The State Board of Vocational and Adult Education is composed of nine members who are appointed by the Governor for six-year terms and two *ex officio* members, namely, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and a member of the Industrial Commission selected by that body. Of the members appointed by the Governor, three must be employers of labor, three must be employes not having supervisory duties, and three must be practical farmers. Appointed members receive \$100 per year and are reimbursed their expenses when on official board business. This board is responsible for the "organization, plans, scope, and development of vocational and adult education" in Wisconsin and employs a state director and assistants for the development and supervision of the program.

Wisconsin is a pioneer in the field of vocational and adult education, the first law for part-time education having been passed in this state in 1911. The program of education administered by the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education includes that carried on in the city schools of vocational and adult education, in rural vocational home economics and vocational agriculture in rural areas, and the administration of the program of rehabilitation of physically handicapped persons in Wisconsin.

In addition to the above regular activities, this department is now engaged in cooperating with the federal government in the several phases of vocational training for War Production Workers Programs. These programs are financed wholly by the federal government and have as their objective the training of workers for employment in essential war industries to promote the building of an adequate national defense.

¹ To succeed George P. Hambrecht, deceased.

² On military leave.

The War Production Training Programs were, in reality, not a new activity in Wisconsin but simply an expansion of going programs for the out-of-school group which have been carried on in this state since the inception of the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education in 1911. For this reason the local schools of vocational and adult education had had previous experience in the training programs of the type required to qualify workers in the national emergency. This program is more fully discussed in another part of the Blue Book.

At the present time there are 43 day and 50 evening schools of vocational and adult education in this state with a total enrollment of approximately 125,000 students. In the early days the employed youth attending the day schools for part-time education under the requirements of the state school law outnumbered the adults coming in the evening or the daytime on a voluntary basis. In later years conditions have been reversed. The voluntary attendance of students 18 years of age and over has grown far beyond the required attendance.

The programs of the day and evening schools of vocational and adult education include general cultural as well as vocational training. Opportunity is offered for general improvement and advancement through classes such as those in current problems, forums, discussion group activities, better English, foreign languages, dramatics, public speaking, science, mathematics, and orchestral and choral music. In many cases persons who have not completed the grades, high school, or college continue their education on a part-time basis. During the last several years there has been a decided increase in the interest for courses in the above fields. A well-informed adult population is one of the soundest bulwarks of a nation in times of either war or peace, and the Wisconsin schools of vocational and adult education are therefore placing a greater emphasis in this direction than ever before.

Constructive federal legislation in the field of vocational education has been of material aid to this state in its development of the vocational training being carried on in the several local schools of vocational and adult education. In 1917 the federal Smith-Hughes Act provided federal aid in trades and industries, home economics, vocational agriculture, and for the training of teachers on the job. The 74th session of Congress in 1936 made available through the George-Deen Act increased federal funds in the fields provided for under the Smith-Hughes Act and also in the field of distributive occupations. All of the federal aid available under the two above-mentioned acts in the amount of \$510,000 has been absorbed in this state, and it has been necessary for the communities to assume a larger proportion of the cost because of increased demands upon the schools with no increase in state and federal aids.

During the past several years the apprenticeship program in Wisconsin, which has developed above that of any other state in this country, again received major attention. Classes are set up through-

out the state for apprentices to receive instruction especially designed to supplement their shop training. Arrangements are made for qualified instructors to conduct classes in a number of cities in the same section of the state. These instructors spend a day in each school, thereby affording workers the advantage of instruction by specialists at a minimum cost to the community. The instruction is given both apprentices and journeymen in fields of industry such as barbering, plumbing, foundry work, salesmanship, cosmetology, electricity, and many others. In addition to these courses, all of the schools offer instruction in trade fields such as welding, machine shop, sheet metal, and others. Extensive commercial courses are also offered in all of the schools on both a day and evening basis.

Homemaking instruction in the 50 city schools of vocational and adult education reached a total of 31,809 women during the school year 1941-1942, dropping to 27,252 in 1942-1943. The part-time group—the employed girls—increased in that period from 3,304 to 3,970; but adult day enrollments dropped from 9,510 to 8,245; and adult evening enrollments from 16,562 to 14,090; while full-time attendance dropped from 1,989 to 947. The increase in part-time attendance is due to the increase in available jobs, and the decrease in adult attendance is due to the fact that women are taking jobs; that they have to get more meals for members of the family on various shifts; and that their time is demanded for war activities.

However, from the women there has been greatly increased demand for certain types of homemaking instruction, such as food preservation, putting up box lunches, home nursing, and making over clothing. The interests of the women are indicated by the number of adult classes conducted in the various phases of homemaking for the year 1942-1943. They were as follows: family relationships, 25; foods and nutrition, 268; health, safety and home care of sick, 146; management of family resources, 17; home improvement, 185; and clothing and textiles, 280. Classes for girls training for home employment, formerly numerous, have almost disappeared because of the draining of women from maid service to industry. During the summer, the schools have become canning centers to which hundreds of women have brought their fruit and vegetables.

Since the passage of the Smith-Hughes Act of 1917, departments of vocational agriculture have continually gained in favor with farmers and farm boys. From five schools in that year having a recognized vocational agricultural course there were in 1942-1943, 225 vocational agricultural departments with an enrollment of 10,911. In connection with their studies the pupils carry on farming programs including enterprises which the boys own or partly own, improvement enterprises which they carry out on the farm, and practices and skills which the farmer should have. Enterprises include soil improvement, growing purebred grain, developing dairy herds, swine, and poultry, keeping farm records, and the repair and construction of farm machinery of all kinds. In 1942-1943 over

50,000 improved practices were completed and the net income on these boys' individual enterprises was over \$600,000.

In addition, teachers of vocational agriculture conduct part-time classes for young farmers and evening classes for adults. These classes generally meet once or twice a week for 10 to 20 weeks. Those attending select the subject which they wish to study, such as alfalfa, farm economics, crops and soils, herd improvement, etc. In 1942-1943 there were 3,000 farmers and more than 1,000 farm boys enrolled in these part-time and evening schools.

Through federal aid provided under the George-Deen Act, 121 departments in rural vocational home economics have been established in high schools and schools of vocational and adult education in 1943. Four of these schools have departments devoting their full time to part-time and adult programs for farm girls and women. Others carry on day school work for students regularly enrolled together with part-time and evening classes for out-of-school farm women and girls. Communities are reimbursed to an extent not to exceed one-half of the salary of qualified teachers from federal George-Deen funds. Home experience programs, which include such work as child care and training, meal preparation, clothing construction, home furnishing and decoration, and home ground improvement are carried on by the students correlating their school study with their home experiences. During the year 1942-1943 the total enrollment in this program was 12,724 which included about 7,500 attending all-day classes, 1,500 part-time classes, and 3,700 adult classes. About 9,000 home experience programs were carried on by girls enrolled in all-day and part-time classes.

Federal and state aids for all types of vocational education are distributed only after the annual reports of the different schools and departments have been audited and it is clear that they have complied with the rules and regulations set up by the state board. The State Board of Vocational and Adult Education through its staff assists in finding competent teachers and continues training them on the job. The meeting of the standards of qualifications demanded tends to place the quality of instruction on a basis which is suited to the needs of the various individuals and groups enrolled in the courses.

The vocational rehabilitation of the physically handicapped has been one of the major services of the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education since 1921.

During this period over 28,000 physically disabled persons have been reported to the state board as applicants for rehabilitation service. Of this number over 8,000 have been rehabilitated and placed in some kind of suitable employment. For the year ending June 30, 1942, 731 physically handicapped persons were rehabilitated and returned to permanent suitable employment; for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1943, 1,336 were rehabilitated.

The average weekly wage for the 731 cases rehabilitated in 1941-1942 was \$23.55, or an aggregate weekly wage of \$17,215.05. The

average weekly wage for the 1,336 cases rehabilitated in 1942-1943 was \$27.75, or an aggregate weekly wage of \$37,074. The increase in earning capacity of these disabled persons is not a static item to be judged on the basis of one year's labor. It has an accumulative effect over a period of years that is impossible to measure. This has been done at a cost less than 20 percent of the aggregate earnings. Not only has society been relieved of the cost of supporting these people previously unable to do so themselves, but it has profited by the increased earning and working capacity created in these formerly almost helpless citizens.

Rehabilitation is a carefully planned program whereby each handicapped person is carefully investigated in order that his educational background, experience, if any, talents, and abilities may be evaluated in terms of future earning capacity. Based upon such data, an individual plan is developed to the end that the abilities and talents of the handicapped person may be directed to a vocational objective for which there is an opportunity for employment at a satisfactory living wage. Careful surveys and analyses of occupations and employment opportunities disclose that few jobs require all the physical capabilities of a normal person. Many jobs, such as stenographic, clerical, accounting, drafting, machine operation, and many other types of employment depend to a greater extent upon skill and mental alertness than upon physical ability alone. The records on file in the office of the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education will reveal thousands of successful placements made during the past 22 years of serving physically handicapped persons in Wisconsin. The rehabilitation of a handicapped citizen is not charity, but an investment which affords him the opportunity of becoming an economic asset to his family, to his community, and to his state.

WATER REGULATORY BOARD

Members: ADOLPH KANNEBERG, Public Service Commission, *chairman*;
O. R. ZEASMAN, College of Agriculture; H. T. J. CRAMER, Conservation Commission.

Secretary and Administrative Officer: H. V. TENNANT.

Chapter 370, Laws of 1937, created the Water Regulatory Board which consists of three members—one designated by the College of Agriculture, one by the Conservation Commission, and one by the Public Service Commission. The secretary and administrative officer authorized by the statutes is employed on a part-time basis. The board also employs a part-time clerk-stenographer, laborers, and truck drivers, as needed. This board has power to supervise the operation, repair, and maintenance of dams, dykes, and other works in the interest of drainage control, water conservation, irrigation, and conservation.

In the exercise of its powers the board is required by the act to consider the problems and needs of the several drainage districts as a unit and, within the limits of its appropriation, to solve the problems in a manner which will be for the best interest of the district as a whole. The act also provides that the board confer with the drainage commissioners in each drainage district on the formation of policies for the operation and maintenance of the dams or with a committee appointed by the county board in drainage districts which have been dissolved.

The board may adopt general or special rules and regulations governing the operation, maintenance, and repair of the dams, dykes, and other works in the drainage district and employ such labor and purchase such materials and purchase or lease such machinery and equipment as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the act.

The 216 dams over which the board now has jurisdiction are located in the drainage ditches and streams in 15 drainage districts organized under state laws. With the exception of the Three Lakes Drainage District in Oneida County, all are located in seven adjoining counties in the central part of the state. The combined area of the drainage districts is 391,300 acres. The drainage projects in most of these districts proved unsuccessful undertakings mainly for the basic reason that the soil is unsuited for general farming purposes. As a consequence of the failure to generally develop farms in the districts containing poor soil, most of the land in such districts became tax delinquent for many successive years and such lands eventually reverted to the counties on tax deeds. The counties were then faced with the problem of what to do with the tax lands or how to use the lands for the benefit of the public. Some of the drainage districts have been disorganized. In these districts the lands are owned principally by the counties, the federal government, and by a few individuals.

The lands are located chiefly in the sandy bed of glacial Lake Wisconsin. The sand is overlaid by peat varying from a few inches to three or four feet in thickness. Because the lands were drained and the soil is porous, forests and other vegetative cover would have difficulty in coming back unless the ground water level is restored. Peat fires were a constant menace and waterfowl had largely abandoned the areas. The solution arrived at was to restore and control the former water table by means of dams in the ditches and streams for subirrigation, to devote such lands as are suitable to forestry, to general farming, to the growing of such special crops as cranberries, sphagnum moss, or possibly other special garden or agricultural crops, to the propagation of aquatic wild bird life and fur-bearing animals, and to such other purposes as are mentioned in the act. The Water Regulatory Board has endeavored to correlate these interests and to assist land owners in controlling water levels to the best advantage for the use to which the land is to be put.

The total cost of the 216 dams with their dykes and other works was \$514,955, of which the federal government contributed \$511,955

while the counties contributed approximately \$3,000. Concrete dams were constructed according to approved design. The plans for the dams, except a few of the small ones and those which were constructed in connection with highway bridges in Portage County for which no plans were furnished, were submitted to the Public Service Commission for approval and were approved by that commission.

The drainage control and water conservation dams were constructed under the various government relief agencies and the board has found it necessary in many cases to re-lay permanently the riprap and other protecting works. It is believed that the dams will require considerable supervision of maintenance and operation because of the isolated location of most of the structures, and because of the fact that the safety of the dams requires that the stop logs in the gate openings be promptly removed before heavy runoff or floods occur and be promptly closed after the floods have passed. The dams are frequently located less than one mile apart in order to insure desirable control of water levels. The failure of one dam may cause the failure of a series of dams on the same ditch or stream. One of the obstacles in the way of prompt operation of all the dams is the vast area in the seven counties in which the dams are located and the poor condition of some of the roads leading to the dams.

The sums appropriated by the legislature to the board to carry out its duties and the sums spent by the board were as follows:

<i>Fiscal year</i>	<i>Amount Appropriated</i>	<i>Amount Available</i>	<i>Amount Spent</i>
1937-1938 -----	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$14,778
1938-1939 -----	15,000	14,569	12,780
1939-1940 -----	9,500	8,310	7,925
1940-1941 -----	9,500	7,125	6,586
1941-1942 -----	8,500	8,500	8,262
1942-1943 -----	8,500	8,500	8,458

It should be stated, however, that WPA funds amounting to over \$90,000 were available and were used under the supervision of the board in making the necessary improvements and carrying out its duties.

DEEP WATERWAYS COMMISSION

Commissioners: WILLIAM GEORGE BRUCE, *chairman*; CHAS. A. HALBERT, *secretary*; HERMAN L. EKERN.

Secretary's address: State Capitol.

Total personnel, July 1943: None.

Publications: None.

Chapter 377 of the Laws of 1919 created the Deep Waterways Commission which cooperates with other states in promoting the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Waterway. The appropriation for 1941-1943 biennium was held invalid by the Attorney General and up to the time of this ruling only a small part of the appropriation had been spent. The secretary of the commission is the state chief engineer.

PROFESSIONAL EXAMINING BOARDS

The boards listed in this section are independent branches of the state government, but none of them have a separate office and most of them have no regular employees.

In addition to these boards which have an independent status, there are a number of licensing and regulatory divisions within state departments.

Six of these divisions are connected with the Board of Health and are examining boards for barbers, cosmeticians, embalmers, nurses, public health nurses, and plumbers. Motor vehicle dealers, salesmen and sales finance companies, and collection agencies are licensed by the Banking Commission; regulation of the sale of home study or correspondence school courses by the Department of Public Instruction; owners of certified domestic mink farms by the Conservation Commission; regulation and licensing of the rendering of dead animals by the Board of Health; licensing of certain solicitors of insurance by the Insurance Department; licensing of veterinarians, canneries of farm produce, manufacturers of limburger cheese, makers of processed cheese, dealers in poultry and poultry products, and dealers in agricultural and vegetable seeds by the Department of Agriculture. This department also regulates the sale of commercial feed and the registration of dealers in such feed.

BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

Members: A. E. WEGNER, *secretary*; CARL J. BECHER; CLARENCE H. LICHTFELDT.

Secretary's address: 1000 State Office Building, Madison.
 Total personnel, July 1943: 1.
 Publications: Annual Register.

The Board of Accountancy was created in 1911 at which time the first accountancy law also was passed. In 1935 the accountancy law was materially strengthened by amendment. Practice of accountancy was defined; all practicing accountants were placed under statutory regulation. The board conducts examinations for certified public accountants and is required to issue certificates of authority to practice as public accountants to all eligible persons other than certified public accountants. In order to practice in Wisconsin as a certified public accountant or a public accountant, one must register annually with the board and pay an annual fee of \$5. Those eligible to register are holders of unrevoked certificates as certified public accountants or unrevoked certificates of authority. Either type of certificate may be revoked for cause.

REGISTRATION BOARD OF ARCHITECTS AND PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

Chairman: F. ELLIS JOHNSON.
Architect's Division: G. J. DEGELLEKE, *chairman*; PETER BRUST;
 EDGAR H. BERNERS; ROGER C. KIRCHHOFF.
Engineer's Division: JAMES L. FEREBEE, *chairman*; B. V. E. NORD-
 BERG; GROVER KEETH; C. A. HALBERT.
Acting Secretary: JOSEPHINE V. HUGHES.

Acting secretary's address: State Capitol.
 Total personnel, July 1943: None.
 Publications: The Annual Report, which includes instructions for obtaining registration, rules of the board, the registration act, and rosters of registered architects and professional engineers.

The board consists of three *ex officio* members: the dean of the College of Engineering of the University of Wisconsin, the state architect, and the state engineer; and three architects and three professional engineers who are appointed by the Industrial Commission from nomination lists submitted by the architectural and engineering societies of the state. The appointed members hold office for three years. They receive no salaries but are reimbursed for their expenses.

Registration of architects in Wisconsin began in 1917. A new law passed in 1931 provided for the registration of both architects and civil engineers. This law was amended in 1935 to provide for the registration of all branches of the engineering profession.

STATE BAR COMMISSIONERS

Commissioners: EDWARD J. DEMPSEY, *president*; JOHN O. CARBYS; PAUL N. GRUBB; RICHARD T. REINHOLDT; W. T. DOAR.
Secretary: ARTHUR A. MCLEOD, *clerk* of the Supreme Court.

Secretary's address: State Capitol.
Total personnel, July 1943: None.
Publications: None.

The Board of State Bar Commissioners was organized in 1886. Members of the board are appointed by the Supreme Court for terms of five years and the clerk of the Supreme Court is *ex officio* secretary of the board. The Supreme Court supervises all activities of the board. The latter examines applicants for admission to the bar, qualifications for which are partly prescribed by statute and partly by rules and regulations of the Supreme Court. The board also investigates complaints of misconduct on the part of licensed attorneys. Causes for disbarment are stated in the statutes and after investigation and a hearing disbarment can be ordered only by the Supreme Court.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN THE BASIC SCIENCES

Members: ROBERT N. BAUER, *secretary*; M. F. GUYER; W. H. BARBER.

Secretary's address: 152 West Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee 3.
Total personnel, July 1943: None.
Publications: None.

This board organized in 1925, consists of three members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the senate. Their term of office is for six years. The board conducts examinations and issues certificates of registration in basic sciences; passes upon qualifications of applicants who have been granted such certificates in other states, and revokes certificates of registration in basic sciences for cause. No examining board for any profession having for its object the treatment of the sick may admit to an examination any applicant who has not first presented a certificate of registration in the basic sciences.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN CHIROPRACTIC

Members: E. M. CARDELL, *secretary*; E. J. WOLLSCHLAEGER; H. M. MICHLER.

Secretary's address: Kenosha.
 Total personnel, July 1943: None.
 Publications: None.

The Board of Examiners in Chiropractic was created in 1925. Its members are appointed by the Governor for six-year terms, subject to confirmation by the senate. It issues licenses to practice chiropractic and also revokes them for cause.

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS

Members: DR. BYRON D. ISING, *president*; DR. W. H. SCHALLER, *vice president*; DR. S. F. DONOVAN, *secretary-treasurer*; DR. C. M. RUCHTI; *Maj.* C. J. BAUMANN.

Secretary's address: Tomah.
 Total personnel, July 1943: 1.
 Publications: Annual Dental Directory; New dental law and bylaws; annual report.

The above board, organized in 1885, is composed of five members appointed by the Governor for five-year terms. They receive a per diem salary of \$10 for each day actually spent in the performance of duties for the board. It is the duty of the board to conduct examinations for licenses to practice dentistry and dental hygiene, to admit dentists from other states after examining their qualifications, and to revoke licenses for cause.

PUBLIC LIBRARY CERTIFICATION BOARD

Members: HELEN S. MATHEWS, *chairman*; C. B. LESTER, *secretary*; MARGARET BIGGERT; PAUL F. CLARK; *vacancy*.

Secretary's address: State Capitol.
 Total personnel, July 1943: None.
 Publications: None.

The Public Library Certification Board issues certificates testifying to the qualifications of librarians for public library work, based on their education, professional training, and practical experience. Three of its five members are appointed by the Governor for five-year terms without confirmation of the senate; another member is selected by the president of the university; and the fifth, who is *ex officio* the secretary of the board, by the Free Library Commission.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS

Members: DR. HENRY H. CHRISTOFFERSON, *president*; DR. C. A. DAWSON, *secretary*; DR. E. C. MURPHY; DR. E. W. MILLER; DR. JOHN WM. SMITH; DR. JESSIE P. ALLEN; DR. A. F. RUFFOLO; DR. R. G. ARVESON.

Secretary's address: Tremont Building, River Falls.
 Total personnel, July 1943: 2.
 Publications: Rules and regulations; law.

The Board of Medical Examiners was created in 1897 for the purpose of licensing applicants to practice medicine, surgery, and osteopathy, and all other methods of treating the sick. Its eight members are appointed by the Governor for a term of four years and receive \$10 per day for time actually spent in performance of duties.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN OPTOMETRY

Members: EARLE W. JOHNSON, *president*; NEWTON E. W. LENZ, *secretary*; CHARLES F. BEHNKE; HENRY R. TAVS; OTTMAR T. BEECK.

Secretary's address: 9 Beverly Court, Waupun.
 Total personnel, July 1943: 1.
 Publications: None.

This board was organized in 1915 for the purpose of licensing applicants to practice optometry. It also investigates complaints of violation of the statutes on optometric practice and institutes prosecutions against violators.

Five members are appointed to it by the Governor for five-year terms. The secretary receives an annual salary of \$480, and the members receive \$8 for each day spent in the performance of their duties.

BOARD OF PHARMACY

Members: SYLVESTER H. DRETZKA, *secretary*; EDWIN SCHWEGER; J. P. LEE; EDITH C. SCHMITZ; OSCAR RENNEBOHM.

Secretary's address: 709 North 11th Street, Milwaukee.
 Total personnel, July 1943: 3.
 Publications: Pharmacy laws; regulations; annual reports.

The Board of Pharmacy was organized in 1882, and consists of five pharmacists who are appointed by the Governor for terms of five years. They receive no salary, but are reimbursed their actual and necessary expenses. It is their duty to examine applicants for registration as pharmacists, enforce the pharmacy laws, and, after hearings, to revoke licenses for cause.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS IN WATCHMAKING

Members: B. W. HEALD, *secretary*; R. LEES AVERY; RALPH H. YOUNG; E. J. METZKE; C. G. ANDERSON.

Secretary's address: 339 North 35th Street, Milwaukee 8.

Total personnel, July 1943: Part-time secretary.

Publications: Regulations relating to the practice of watchmaking.

The Board of Examiners in Watchmaking, created in 1937, consists of five members appointed by the Governor for five-year terms. The principal duties of this board are to define the standards of workmanship and skill for persons desiring to engage in watchmaking, to issue certificates of registration to persons qualifying therefor, to revoke certificates for cause, and to administer the provisions of Chapter 125 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

Examinations are conducted at the office of the board, 339 North 35th Street, Milwaukee.

SOCIETIES

The following organizations are not state departments in the usual sense of the term. They are private organizations which are aided by state funds and which are required to turn all of their receipts into the state treasury as a condition of receiving state aid. They are membership organizations, whose members select the officers. The Historical Society is the only one of these organizations which employs a considerable personnel and which might, perhaps, be classified as a state department.

The state also pays aid to county agricultural societies for specified purposes. Such aid is used to pay a part of the premiums and prizes paid at the annual county fairs which are conducted by these societies.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS, AND LETTERS

Acting Secretary: ROBERT J. MUCKENHIRN, *Soils Department*, University of Wisconsin, Madison.

Publications: Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters (annual volume).

The Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters was organized under a special act of the legislature in 1870. Its object is the promotion of sciences, arts, and letters, principally through the publication of significant studies and investigations. It is a membership organization which elects its own officers, but receives a small state appropriation in aid of its work. A university professor is the secretary.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT ASSOCIATION

Secretary: PROFESSOR E. D. HOLDEN, *College of Agriculture, Madison.*

Publications: Catalog of Producers of Improved Seeds; News Letter; seed improvement circulars; annual reports.

The Agricultural Experiment Association was organized in 1901, and in 1903 received its first appropriation from the legislature. The lines of work on which the association concentrates its efforts are (1) cooperating with the state experiment station by carrying on tests of new crops and varieties in all parts of the state, (2) encouraging a large production of high grade seeds of superior varieties, (3) conducting a seed certification service under authority of the State Department of Agriculture, and (4) promoting the use of superior seeds on Wisconsin farms.

ARCHEOLOGICAL SOCIETY

Editor: WALTER BUBBERT, Court House, Milwaukee.

Emeritus Editor: CHARLES E. BROWN, *Historical Museum, Madison.*

Publications: The Wisconsin Archeologist (quarterly); Wisconsin Archeological Society publications.

The Archeological Society was organized in 1903. Its purpose is the location, mapping, exploring, and preservation of Wisconsin's Indian mounds and other landmarks, and the recording of its Indian history and folklore.

CENTRAL WISCONSIN CHEESE MAKERS, BUTTER MAKERS AND DAIRYMEN'S ADVANCEMENT ASSOCIATION

Secretary: M. H. PARSONS, Dorchester.

Publications: None.

This is an organization for the promotion of dairying and the protection of the interests of cheese makers and butter makers in central Wisconsin. It has received state aid since 1925.

FOREIGN TYPE CHEESE MAKERS ASSOCIATION

Secretary: WM. IENATSCH, Monroe.

Publications: None.

The Foreign Type Cheese Makers Association was organized in 1922. In 1934 it took over the Southern Wisconsin Cheese Makers and Dairymen's Association and is now receiving the state aid formerly received by the latter. It operates in the foreign cheese industry and maintains a laboratory at Monroe for studying the latest methods of producing quality cheese.

WISCONSIN CHEESE MAKERS ASSOCIATION

Secretary: A. H. GRAF, Zachow.

Publications: Annual proceedings; annual convention book.

The Wisconsin Cheese Makers Association was organized in 1893 and has been receiving state aid since 1913. Its purpose is to improve the quality of Wisconsin cheese thereby increasing its consumption and consequently enhancing the interests of the dairy farm as well as that of the cheese manufacturer. In 1943 the association had a membership of about 700 representing over 1,000 cheese factories.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Acting Secretary-Treasurer: DORIS TRIELOFF, Fort Atkinson.

Office address: Fort Atkinson.

Total personnel: July 1943: 2.

Publications: Wisconsin Dairymen's Association Year Book.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's Association is one of the oldest organizations in the dairy field. It was organized in 1872 and has received state aid since 1913. Its chief purpose is to promote greater use of Dairy Herd Improvement Association materials through cooperative use of sires, production shows, breeding schools, junior dairymen activities, and educational meetings relating to the greater use of dairy farm records, including herd analysis, brood cow and proved sire summaries, and the planning of breeding programs with cooperative groups of dairy farmers.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN

Director: DR. EDWARD P. ALEXANDER, *Historical Society, Madison.*

Total personnel, July 1943: 50.

Publications: Wisconsin Magazine of History (quarterly); Checklist of Wisconsin Public Documents (bimonthly); Wisconsin Historical Society Publications (irregular).

The Historical Society was established in 1846 while Wisconsin was yet a territory, and was reorganized by a special act of the legislature in 1853. It is a membership organization with a considerable endowment fund of its own, but functions as a state department. It is governed by a Board of Curators consisting of 36 members, 12 of whom are elected at each annual meeting. They select the officers, including the director, who is the administrative head of the society. The Governor, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, and the director of the society are permanent *ex officio* members of the board.

The primary function of the Historical Society is to preserve and make available the history of the state. It collects manuscripts, newspapers, books, pamphlets, portraits, and museum objects relating to the history of Wisconsin and publishes historical studies for distribution to its members and to exchanges. It also seeks to stimulate interest in the history of the state among its citizens, and promotes and keeps in close contact with 36 auxiliary local historical societies situated in many parts of Wisconsin.

The Historical Society has the largest historical society library in the entire country, with more than 680,000 volumes, growing at the rate of 10,000 volumes each year. It is housed in a building erected for the society. The University Library, which is a separate organization, is situated in the same building, thereby making easily available the resources of both libraries to research students and others. The museum of the Historical Society, also in the same building, contains a large collection of historical and archeological materials on Wisconsin.¹

WISCONSIN HORSE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

Secretary: J. G. FULLER, *College of Agriculture, Madison.*

Publications: None.

The Wisconsin Horse Breeders Association was organized in 1906 and has for its purpose the promotion and improvement of better farm and pleasure horses.

¹For a description of the historical manuscripts belonging to the Historical Society, consult pages 1-17 of the 1933 Blue Book.

WISCONSIN STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

Secretary: H. J. RAHMLow, 424 University Farm Place, Madison.

Publications: Wisconsin Horticulture (monthly magazine); circulars on horticultural subjects.

The Horticultural Society was formed in 1865, and has received state aid since 1871. Its purpose is the advancement of all branches of horticulture in the state. The membership of the society totaling 4,800 is composed of 112 affiliated horticultural organizations, both state and local, and individual and life members, including fruit growers, nurserymen, florists, garden club members, and beekeepers.

WISCONSIN LIVESTOCK BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

Secretary: ARLIE MUCKS, *College of Agriculture*, Madison.

Publications: Livestock Breeders Directory; Junior Livestock Exposition Catalog.

The Livestock Breeders Association was organized in 1902 and has received state aid since 1913. It seeks to improve the livestock of the state and to aid breeders directly in the sale of livestock.

WISCONSIN POTATO GROWERS ASSOCIATION

Secretary: PROF. J. G. MILWARD, *College of Agriculture*, Madison.

Publications: No regular reports.

The Wisconsin Potato Growers Association was organized in 1912 and has received state aid since that time. It is affiliated with the Department of Horticulture of the Wisconsin College of Agriculture and is therefore an extension agency of that college engaged in conducting field work in the interest of the potato improvement program.

VETERANS' ORGANIZATIONS

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC

Department officers, 1942-43: C. L. HOOKER, Superior, commander; B. REGLI, Eau Claire, senior vice commander; L. SNYDER, Wonewoc, junior vice commander; W. L. WILCOX, Cadott, chaplain; A. R. KIBBE, New Richmond, judge advocate; JOHN W. MILLER, Osseo, patriotic instructor; H. ALEXANDER, Baraboo, assistant adjutant general.

Secretary: Alma Cheesman, 5502 West Burnham Street, Milwaukee 14.

Custodian of Memorial Hall: J. Stanley Dietz.

Location of Memorial Hall: State Capitol.

The Grand Army of the Republic which is the national organization of Civil War Veterans was founded in 1866 and the Wisconsin department was organized in the same year. Wisconsin was the second state to organize such a group. With a population of only 800,000 in 1861, it supplied 91,379 soldiers and 1,000 sailors in the Civil War. A total of 10,752 Wisconsin men and women lost their lives in this struggle.

The members of the Grand Army of the Republic served their country well, not only in war, but in peace. Seven governors of Wisconsin were Civil War veterans. Their ranks have thinned rapidly and at present there are only about 20 members. Their records and achievements will last forever.

The state has given financial assistance to the Grand Army of the Republic for many years. A suite of rooms in the state capitol has been set aside as headquarters and as a memorial hall. These rooms house a valuable historical collection and are open to the public. The state pays the custodian and the entire cost of upkeep. In addition, it has appropriated a sum not to exceed \$1,000 for the state encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic, including publication of its proceedings.

UNITED SPANISH WAR VETERANS

Department officers, 1943-44: HENRY TYRIVER, Oshkosh, *department commander*; GEORGE C. BAUER, Milwaukee, *senior vice commander*; FRANK H. DWINNEL, Baraboo, *junior vice commander*; JOHN D. KUTCHERA, Milwaukee, *adjutant*; RUDOLPH SLADKY, Milwaukee, *quartermaster*; STURLEY D. BOREHAM, Fond du Lac, *chief of staff* WM. F. BAUCHLE, Beloit, *judge advocate*; FRED H. GREEN, Milwaukee, *chaplain*; WM. W. HAMMOND, Edgerton, *inspector*; DR. H. H. MEUSEL, Oshkosh, *surgeon*; WALTER E. CALKINS, King, *historian*; AUGUST DELLMANN, Milwaukee, *marshal*; WM. J. KIRST, Sheboygan, *patriotic instructor*; MONROE V. SMITH, Oshkosh, *service officer*; JACK J. HELBURG, Milwaukee, *recruiting officer*; CALVIN FRANKEL, King, *press and publicity director*; ALFRED A. WATSON, Reedsburg, *musician*; ALBERT J. OBENBERGER, RUDOLPH SLADKY, GEORGE C. BAUER, Milwaukee, *travel-committee*.

Department headquarters: Milwaukee.

The purpose of this organization is to unite its members in the fraternal bonds of comradeship, perpetuate the memories of the war with Spain, promote peace and good will at home and among all nations, encourage an adequate national defense, and protect and preserve our institutions of government.

AMERICAN LEGION

Department officers, 1943-44: JAMES R. DURFEE, Antigo, *commander*; EDGAR G. HANSEN, Manitowoc, JOHN F. O'BRIEN, Wausau, CHRIS J. HANSON, Bloomer, A. W. ROGAHN, Milwaukee, *vice commanders*; G. H. STORDOCK, Milwaukee, *adjutant*; JAMES F. BURNS, Wood, *service officer*; THOMAS NOYES, Winter, *historian*; HARRY HALBERG, Baraboo, SIDNEY E. SORENSON, Lake Mills, *sergeants-at-arms*; JUDGE LINCOLN NEPRUD, Viroqua, *judge advocate*; REV. JOSEPH R. HUEPPER, Milwaukee, *chaplain*.

State headquarters: Room 511, 225 East Michigan Street, Milwaukee 2.

The American Legion was organized in Paris, France, in March 1919, and chartered by act of Congress approved September 16, 1919. This act was amended by Public Act No. 767, approved October 29, 1942. Since originally organized it has steadily increased in membership until it is the largest organization of war veterans in both state and nation. Originally organized only for honorably discharged veterans of World War I membership is now open also to honorably discharged veterans of World War II. Any person, male or female, who was accepted for and assigned to active duty in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States or who served in the naval, military, or air forces of any allied nation, and who was a

citizen of the United States at the time of his entry into such service, is eligible for membership. Eligibility is also limited to those who receive an honorable discharge from active service. At the present time it has the largest membership in the history of the organization. It has a well-organized, efficient rehabilitation program which provides service, free of charge, to any veteran of World War I or II, whether disabled or not, and also for the dependents of disabled and deceased veterans.

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES

Department officers, 1943-44: J. E. JOYCE, Jr., Menomonie, *department commander*; GEORGE H. JOHNSON, Milwaukee, *senior vice commander*; EDGAR FREIMUND, Sheboygan, *junior vice commander*; REV. GUSTAVE STEARNS, D. D., Wood, *chaplain*; E. M. GREINKE, Milwaukee, *judge advocate*; E. A. LEWIS, Manitowoc, *adjutant-quartermaster*; EVERETT LA FOND, Two Rivers, *inspector*; DR. GEORGE REDDICK, Wabeno, *department surgeon*; ALBERT R. FREEMAN, Veterans Administration, *liaison officer*; O. C. CLAUS, Burlington, *editor*, Wisconsin Veteran.

The Wisconsin department of the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States was organized on June 6, 1921. It is an organization to which any honorably discharged veteran who served as an officer or enlisted soldier in any foreign war, insurrection, or expedition may belong. Most of its members are veterans of the World War who saw service in France, but it also numbers among its members veterans of other foreign wars of the United States. The official organ of the organization is the Wisconsin Veteran.

DISABLED AMERICAN VETERANS

Department officers, 1943-44: JOHN KITTS, Oshkosh, *commander*; FRED M. FROEMMING, West Allis, *vice commander*; LAWRENCE P. WILSON, JR., Fond du Lac, *treasurer*; I. F. STATZ, Madison, *judge advocate*; M. C. ALEXANDER, Madison, *legislative director*; HERBERT J. MENARD, Green Bay, *past commander*; ERNEST SEIBERT, Medina, *1st district commander*; M. J. THOMPSON, Beloit, *2nd district commander*; WALTER E. MOQUIN, Fond du Lac, *3rd district commander*; HERBERT SIMS, Menomonie, *4th district commander*; WM. JAKOBI, Antigo, *6th district commander*; RICHARD KAVANAUGH, La Crosse, *7th district commander*; RUSSELL MOEN, Stevens Point, *8th district commander*; E. J. LATOUR, Green Bay, *adjutant and publicity chairman*; HERMAN SORENSON, Kenosha, *sergeant-at-arms*; EDWARD TORSTENSON, Milwaukee, *officer of the day*; THEODORE CORRADO, Wood, *national rehabilitation officer*; I. F. STATZ, Madison, *patriotic instructor*; REV. GUSTAVE STEARNS, D. D., Wood, *chaplain*.

The Disabled American Veterans of the World War was organized in 1920 and has its national headquarters in Cincinnati. The Wisconsin department was organized in 1921 and reorganized in 1924 when it was incorporated under state law. In 1932 by act of congress this organization was incorporated. A 1942 act of congress changed the name of this organization to the Disabled American Veterans and extended membership eligibility to American citizens honorably discharged from active military or naval forces of the United States who have been wounded, injured, or disabled in such service during time of war.

ARMY AND NAVY UNION

Department officers, 1943-1944: DR. JOHN E. SANBORN, Milwaukee, *commander*; WALTER J. HARRIS, Madison, *senior vice-commander*; JOSEPH GOETZ, SR., Milwaukee, *junior vice-commander*; GORDON GRIFFITHS, Milwaukee, *adjutant*; SAM DALIN, West Allis, *chief of staff*; ANTON BONIN, Milwaukee, *paymaster*; FLOYD HILL, Milwaukee, *officer of the day*; HERMAN GESKE, Milwaukee, *chaplain*; A. S. AUSTIN, Wauwatosa, *judge advocate*; CHESTER OLSON, West Allis, *inspector*; COL. PHILIP C. WESTFAHL, Milwaukee, *patriotic instructor*; WALTER GERARDIN, Milwaukee, *quartermaster*; DR. J. J. JANKOWSKI, Milwaukee, *surgeon*; JOHN JAMBOR, Milwaukee, *historian*; CARL BLUMENBERG, West Allis, *officer of the watch*; JOHN KRUKAR, Milwaukee, *officer of the guard*; WALTER SELKE, Milwaukee, *color sergeant*; ALVIN GLOYECK, JR., Milwaukee, *national council member*; CLARENCE A. MUTH, Wauwatosa, OTTO R. LUEDECKE, Milwaukee, and OSCAR J. HOLTON, Milwaukee, *council of administration*; LEO LANGE, JAMES CALLAHAN, CHESTER KELLER, PAUL STEVENSON, and HUGO MELSCH-EIMER, all of Milwaukee, *aides-de-camp*.

The Army and Navy Union incorporated by an act of Congress in 1888 is the oldest service men's organization in the United States. Its official badge may be worn by officers and enlisted men of the army, navy, marine corps, and air corps during all patriotic public events. The dominant aim of the union is to perpetuate the organization as long as the United States Constitution lives. Eligible for membership are those who have served honorably at any time in some branch of the United States military service. A majority of the members are veterans of World War I. Many have served in the present war. A large number served in peacetime.

The Wisconsin department was formed in 1917, when Lucas A. Van Toor of Milwaukee became its first commander. Since then 5,000 or more men have sworn in as members. At present ten garrisons make up Wisconsin's strength. Their annual convention is held in August and is often attended by the national commander in chief. They are affiliated with the Wisconsin Veterans' Council.

The State Government
Judicial Branch



WISCONSIN COURTS

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN

Name	Title	Term Expires
Marvin B. Rosenberry.....	Chief Justice	January 1950
Chester A. Fowler.....	Justice	January 1952
Oscar M. Fritz.....	Justice	January 1945
Edward T. Fairchild.....	Justice	January 1947
John D. Wickem.....	Justice	January 1954
Joseph Martin.....	Justice	January 1948
Elmer E. Barlow.....	Justice	January 1946

ARTHUR A. MCLEOD, *Clerk of the Supreme Court.*

G. E. LANGDON, *Deputy Clerk.*

FRED L. DOAR, *Marshal.*

Other Employes: FRED C. SEIBOLD, *reporter*; J. H. BLIED, *assistant to reporter*; GILSON G. GLASIER, *librarian*; EDWIN C. JENSEN, *assistant*; ROY MARSDEN¹, *messenger*; L. WESTLAKE, H. C. HEANY, H. E. BELITZ, R. LAFAVE, D. A. HEIL, C. J. FRANTZ², A. KIRKPATRICK, *private secretaries* to the Supreme Court Justices.

Court Rooms: East Wing, State Capitol.

Terms of Court: January Term—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January, August Term—Second Tuesday in August.

Publications: Calendar of the Supreme Court (each term); Wisconsin (Supreme Court) Reports (published by Callaghan and Company of Chicago and sold at \$2.65 per volume).

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF JUSTICES OF THE WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT

1935-1943

(For 1836 to 1934 see Wisconsin Blue Book, 1935)

Name	Residence	From	To
Marvin B. Rosenberry ³	Wausau.....	1916	1950
Chester A. Fowler.....	Fond du Lac.....	1929	1952
Oscar Marion Fritz.....	Milwaukee.....	1929	1945
Edward T. Fairchild.....	Milwaukee.....	1929	1947
John D. Wickem.....	Madison.....	1930	1944
George B. Nelson.....	Stevens Point.....	1930	1942
Joseph Martin.....	Green Bay.....	1934	1948
Elmer E. Barlow ⁴	Arcadia.....	1942	1946

¹ On leave for military service.

² On leave for military service. C. Healy is acting private secretary during his absence.

³ Chief Justice since 1922.

⁴ Appointed to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Justice George B. Nelson for term expiring in 1946.

CIRCUIT COURTS

Term six years, expiring on the first Monday in January

Circuit	Judge	Address	Year Term Expires
1st Circuit.....	Alfred L. Drury.....	Kenosha.....	January 1950
2nd Circuit.....			
(1st Branch).....	Otto H. Breidenbach.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1948
(2nd Branch).....	Daniel W. Sullivan.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1948
(3rd Branch).....	Roland J. Steinle.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1946
(4th Branch).....	Walter Schinz.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1948
(5th Branch).....	Gustav G. Gehrz.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1945
(6th Branch).....	John C. Kleczka.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1947
(7th Branch).....	August E. Braun.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1950
(8th Branch).....	Charles L. Aarons.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1950
(9th Branch).....	Wm. F. Shaughnessy.....	Milwaukee.....	January 1946
3rd Circuit.....	Henry P. Hughes.....	Oshkosh.....	January 1945
4th Circuit.....	Henry A. Detling.....	Sheboygan.....	January 1947
5th Circuit.....	Arthur W. Kopp.....	Platteville.....	January 1949
6th Circuit.....	Robert S. Cowie.....	La Crosse.....	January 1949
7th Circuit.....	Herman J. Severson.....	Iola.....	January 1945
8th Circuit.....	Geo. Thompson.....	Hudson.....	January 1945
9th Circuit.....			
(1st Branch).....	Alvin C. Reis.....	Madison.....	January 1945
(2nd Branch).....	Herman W. Sachtjen.....	Madison.....	January 1944 ¹
10th Circuit.....	Joseph R. McCarthy.....	Shawano.....	January 1946 ²
11th Circuit.....	Carl H. Daley.....	Superior.....	January 1949
12th Circuit.....	Jesse Earle.....	Janesville.....	January 1949
13th Circuit.....	Edward J. Gehl.....	Hartford.....	January 1948
14th Circuit.....	Henry Graess.....	Green Bay.....	January 1950
15th Circuit.....	Gullick N. Risjord.....	Ashland.....	January 1948
16th Circuit.....	Gerald J. Boileau.....	Wausau.....	January 1946
17th Circuit.....	Emery W. Crosby.....	Neillsville.....	January 1946
18th Circuit.....	Louis J. Pellenz, Sr.....	Fond du Lac.....	January 1948 ³
19th Circuit.....	Clarence E. Rinehard.....	Chippewa Falls.....	January 1946
20th Circuit.....	Arold F. Murphy.....	Marinette.....	January 1948

¹ Appointed to succeed August C. Hoppmann, deceased.² In military service.³ Appointed to succeed Clayton F. Van Pelt, resigned.

Terms of Court: Held at the county seat at the time designated by section 252.06 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

BOARD OF CIRCUIT JUDGES

Judge GEORGE THOMPSON, Hudson, *chairman*; Judge DANIEL W. SULLIVAN, Milwaukee, *vice chairman*; MABEL GUSTAVSON, Hudson, *secretary*.

COUNTY COURTS

For a list of the county judges see the list of County Officers as of January 1, 1944 in this book. County judges have their offices and hold court at the county seats. All expenses of the county courts are paid by the counties.

SPECIAL COURTS

Term of office in all cases six years, expiring on the first Monday in January of the year indicated.

CIVIL COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY

	Judge	Year Term Expires
1st Branch.....	A. J. Hedding.....	January 1950
2nd Branch.....	Carl Runge.....	January 1946
3rd Branch.....	Thaddeus J. Pruss.....	January 1950
4th Branch.....	Francis J. Jennings.....	January 1948
5th Branch.....	Herbert Schultz.....	January 1948
6th Branch.....	Joseph E. Cordes.....	January 1946
7th Branch.....	Edmund Gausewitz.....	January 1946

DISTRICT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY

Judge	Year Term Expires
Harvey L. Neelan.....	January 1950

SUPERIOR COURTS

County	Judge	Year Term Expires
Dane County (Madison).....	Roy H. Proctor.....	January 1945
Douglas County (Superior).....	Archibald McKay.....	January 1947

MUNICIPAL COURTS

County	Where Held	Judge	Term and Expiration
Ashland	Ashland	Richard J. Prittie	4 years Jan. 1946
Barron, 1st	Barron	Edward N. Ellingson	4 years May 1944
Barron, 2nd	Rice Lake	Lawrence S. Coe	4 years May 1947
Barron, 3rd	Cumberland	John Bauman	4 years May 1947
Bayfield, 1st	Washburn	Emerson C. Hart	4 years May 1947
Bayfield, 2nd	Iron River	Peter J. Savage	4 years May 1944
*Brown	Green Bay	Nicholas J. Monahan	4 years May 1944
Burnett	Grantsburg	Sherman J. Auringer	4 years May 1946
*Douglas	Superior	Claude F. Cooper	4 years May 1945
*Fond du Lac	Ripon	Lester J. Burr	4 years May 1945
*Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	George M. St. Peter	4 years May 1946
*Kenosha	Kenosha	Edward J. Ruetz	4 years Jan. 1946
Lincoln	Tomahawk	Vacant	4 years May 1945
*Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Osuld T. Bredesen	4 years May 1945
*Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Herbert J. Steffes	6 years Jan. 1950
*Outagamie	Appleton	Oscar J. Schmiede	6 years May 1949
Polk	Balsam Lake	Charles D. Madsen	4 years May 1945
*Racine	Racine	Elmer D. Goodland	6 years Jan. 1948
*Rock	Janesville	Ernest P. Agnew	6 years June 1947
*Rock	Beloit	Chester H. Christensen	6 years May 1948
Sawyer	Hayward	Jens Jorgenson	4 years May 1947
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	E. H. Puhr	4 years May 1947
Washburn	Spooner	Edward H. Omernik	4 years May 1947
*Waukesha, East	Waukesha	Scott Lowry	6 years May 1949
*Waukesha, West	Oconomowoc	Alvin G. Brendemuehl	6 years May 1949
*Winnebago	Oshkosh	S. J. Luchsinger	6 years Jan. 1950
Winnebago	Winneconne	Otto G. Ansoerge	4 years May 1944
Wood	Marshfield	A. C. Wharfield	2 years May 1945

* Court of Record.

All expenses of special and municipal courts are paid by the counties or cities in which they are located.

The Constitution provides for a supreme court, circuit courts, county courts, and justices of the peace. There have also been established a considerable number of municipal and other special courts whose organization and jurisdiction depend entirely upon the statutes.

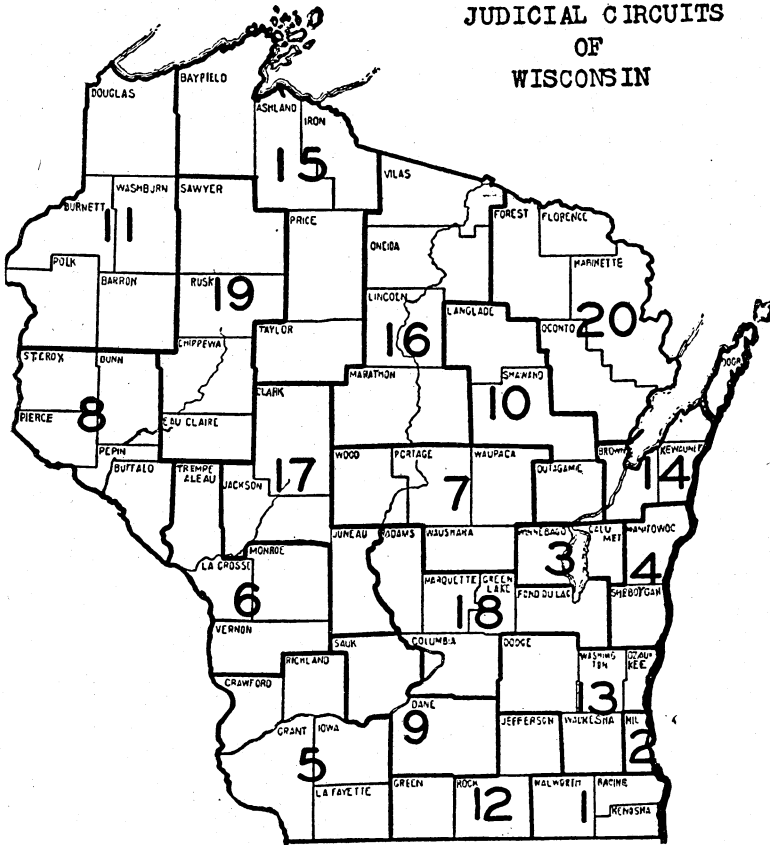
SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court consists of seven justices elected by the people for ten-year terms. Such elections occur in April and only one justice is elected in any one year. Whenever vacancies occur the Governor fills them by appointment but such appointees must come up for election in the first year following the appointment when no other justice is to be elected. All judicial elections are strictly nonpartisan.

The justice who has been a member of the Supreme Court for the longest time serves as the chief justice. Salaries of the justices are fixed by statute at \$10,000 per year and the chief justice receives \$500 additional.

The Supreme Court appoints the clerk of the Supreme Court who is a constitutional officer. He keeps the court's records and serves as secretary of the Board of Bar Commissioners but receives no salary

JUDICIAL CIRCUITS
OF
WISCONSIN



except the statutory fees. In addition the court employs a marshal and a reporter, and each justice has a private secretary.

Under the Constitution the Supreme Court has original jurisdiction in a limited number of important classes of cases and appellate jurisdiction in all other cases. Between 400 and 500 appeals come to it each year from the circuit and other courts on which it gives its decisions, and it receives about 20 applications for the exercise of its original jurisdiction. No testimony is taken in the Supreme Court. In cases which involve the original jurisdiction of the court it may make provision for the taking of testimony before a commissioner appointed by it. In cases brought to it on appeal the Supreme Court disposes of them on the record made in the trial court, with printed briefs and oral arguments by counsel. The court takes up cases in turn, according to a calendar arranged by the clerk. The Supreme Court holds two terms, beginning respectively in August and January, and is in session practically continuously from August to July of each year. Decisions are given in writing, and in all novel or important cases are accompanied by memoranda giving reasons for the conclusions reached. These decisions are published in the Wisconsin Reports and unofficially in the Northwestern Reports. The Supreme Court is the final authority on the state constitution and the highest judicial tribunal for any action begun in the state courts, except when a question under the federal constitution is raised, in which case there may be an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The Supreme Court appoints the State Board of Bar Commissioners, licenses attorneys to practice law, and after a hearing may disbar attorneys for cause. Under a 1929 statute it has promulgated rules of pleading, practice, and procedure for all courts of the state. The justices of the Supreme Court together with the Attorney General constitute the board of trustees of the State Library and appoint the Revisor of Statutes.

CIRCUIT COURTS

Circuit courts have original jurisdiction in all matters of law and equity and appellate jurisdiction in certain cases from municipal and other special courts. They are the principal trial courts of the state and any appeal from their decisions goes directly to the Supreme Court. Wisconsin is divided into 20 judicial circuits. Two circuits have more than one judge so that there is a total of 29 circuit judges in the state. They are elected for six-year terms in the April preceding the January in which their terms commence. According to statute circuit judges receive \$8,000 per year from the state. Each county in a judicial circuit containing a city or cities having a population of not less than 40,000 nor more than 400,000 may pay the circuit judge such salary, in addition to that paid by the state, as the county board may determine. The salaries of circuit court reporters

and the traveling expenses of the judges and reporters are paid by the state. Terms of the circuit court are held at least once each year in every county of the circuit. These terms are prescribed in the statutes and vary in number and length according to the usual business to come before the circuit court in the county.

BOARD OF CIRCUIT JUDGES

The Board of Circuit Judges has been organized to insure the efficient functioning of the circuit courts. This board consists of all of the circuit judges who, according to the statutes, meet once a year to consider the prompt administration of the judicial business of these courts. The board elects a chairman and a secretary, who is always the reporter of the circuit court judge who is the chairman of the board. Each circuit judge reports to the chairman the condition of the judicial business in his circuit. When work falls behind in any circuit or when the judge thereof is for any reason unable to hold court, another circuit judge is assigned by the chairman of the board to assist in the trial of cases in such circuit.

COUNTY COURTS

There is a county court in each county of the state which is presided over by a county judge. In Milwaukee County there are two judges. The people of the county elect such judge for a term of six years. The salaries of the county judges¹ are fixed by the county board and paid by the county.

The county courts have jurisdiction over all probate matters. As of November 1, 1943 in 12 of the 71 counties the county judges administer the aid for dependent children and the old-age assistance law. In most counties they are also the juvenile judges. Criminal and civil jurisdiction has been conferred upon the county courts of 40 counties by special acts of the legislature. This jurisdiction differs and can be ascertained by an examination of the statutes, as amended, which create these courts and which are to be found only in the session laws. In probate cases appeal from the county court goes directly to the Supreme Court except in counties having a population of 15,000 or less where such appeals go to the circuit court of the same county. In other cases, appeals go either to the Supreme Court or to the circuit courts, as the special acts conferring criminal and civil jurisdiction on the county courts may provide.

¹For a list of the county judges see County Officers in this book.

MUNICIPAL AND SPECIAL COURTS

The Constitution gives the legislature power to create municipal and other inferior courts, as well as to confer criminal and civil jurisdiction upon the county courts. Under this authority 31 municipal courts have been created, two superior courts, a civil court in Milwaukee County with seven branches, and a district court in the same county.

The statutes creating the municipal courts are all special acts to be found only in the session laws and confer varying jurisdiction. Some are not courts of record and do not have a jurisdiction much greater than that of justices of the peace. A larger number are courts of record and have an extensive civil and criminal jurisdiction. The terms of office of the judges are either four or six years, as prescribed in the act creating the particular court in question.

The two superior courts are in Madison and Superior and, except for the title, are similar to the municipal courts which exist elsewhere. The Civil Court of Milwaukee County has jurisdiction in civil cases only, but is the trial court for a large percentage of the civil actions arising in that county. The District Court of Milwaukee County is a criminal court for the trial of minor offenders.

JUSTICE COURTS

Justice courts, presided over by a justice of the peace, are constitutional courts which cannot be abolished without amendment to the constitution. They are not courts of record and their procedure is quite informal. Justices are elected annually in most towns and villages and in many cities, there being often a justice for each ward. They have jurisdiction throughout the county, but their civil jurisdiction is limited to cases involving \$200 or less and their criminal jurisdiction covers only local ordinances plus the power to bind over for trial persons charged with offenses in instances where the evidence indicates probable guilt. In counties where municipal or other special courts have been established, the jurisdiction of the justice courts is very often limited considerably by the acts creating these special courts. In Milwaukee there is only one justice and he has no jurisdiction in either civil or criminal cases, but all justice court cases are handled by the Civil Court of Milwaukee County which was established in 1909.

POLICE COURTS

Special courts known as police courts exist in a number of cities, having been established by the cities themselves or under old special charters issued many years ago. The jurisdiction of the police courts is confined to the trial of cases involving violations of municipal ordinances.

JUVENILE COURTS

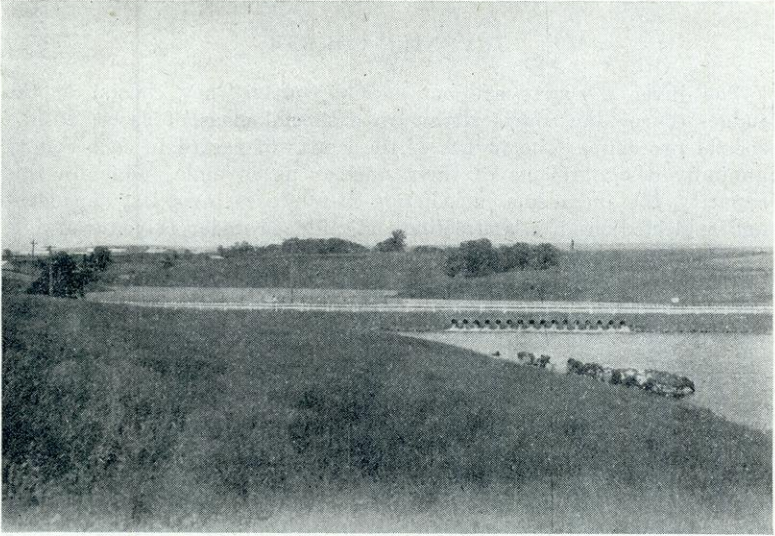
The juvenile courts are not special courts. They consist of the judges of regular courts sitting in a special class of cases, with a special procedure. The judges of the courts of record in each county annually designate one of their number as juvenile judge. In this capacity, the judge has jurisdiction in all cases involving dependent and neglected children and delinquent children under 18 years of age. He also has concurrent jurisdiction with the criminal courts in cases of delinquent children between 16 and 18. The juvenile court procedure is confidential and the primary function is the protection and welfare of the children that come under their supervision.

COURT OF DOMESTIC RELATIONS

The Milwaukee Court of Domestic Relations was created by the 1933 Legislature. The group of judges in the nine branches of the Milwaukee Circuit Court select one of their number to preside over the Court of Domestic Relations for a period of not less than two years. This court receives all domestic complaints, investigates them, and exercises such supervision of these cases as the judge thereof may order.

COURT COMMISSIONERS

The judges of the circuit courts have authority to appoint not more than six court commissioners in each county except Milwaukee, in which each circuit judge may appoint not more than two. All county and municipal judges are *ex officio* court commissioners. These commissioners take depositions and testimony in matters pending before the circuit courts, fix bail in certain criminal cases, and have numerous other powers. Nearly all court commissioners are practicing attorneys and proceedings before them are ordinarily taken in their own offices.



Practical measures for war industry waste treatment have been developed for water pollution control. The above picture shows a neutralizing basin for ordnance plant wastes.



Trailer camps such as these have been placed under war emergency trailer camp sanitation regulations.

The Federal Government

UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

SECTION

1. Legislative power, where vested.
2. House of representatives; how composed; eligibility; term; apportionment; officers; impeachment.
3. Senate; how composed; classification; eligibility; term; officers; impeachment.
4. Senators and representatives, election of; sessions of congress.
5. Membership; quorum; rules of order; discipline and expulsion; journals; yeas and nays; adjournments.
6. Compensation; privileges; ineligibility.
7. Revenue bills; how a bill becomes law; veto.
8. Powers of congress enumerated.
9. Limitations on power of congress; title of nobility.
10. Limitations on power of states.

ARTICLE II

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

SECTION

1. Executive power vested in president; term; election; eligibility; successor; compensation; oath.
2. President chief of army and navy; may require opinions from cabinet, grant pardons, make treaties, appoint ambassadors, judges, etc., and fill vacancies.
3. President's message; he may convene and adjourn congress, receive foreign ministers; execute laws; commission officers.
4. Removal of president, vice president and civil officers.

ARTICLE III

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

SECTION

1. Judicial power; tenure and compensation of judges.
2. Jurisdiction; original and appellate; criminal trials, venue, jury.
3. Treason; proof and punishment.

ARTICLE IV

SECTION

1. Full faith and credit provision.
2. Privileges of citizens; extradition of criminals and slaves.

SECTION

3. New states; territories and property of United States.
4. Republican form of government and protection guaranteed to states.

ARTICLE V

Constitution, how amended.

ARTICLE VI

Public debt validated; supreme law defined; constitutional oath, who to take; no religious test.

ARTICLE VII

Adoption of constitution.

AMENDMENTS

ARTICLE

- I. State church; freedom of worship, of speech, of assemblage and of petition.
- II. Right to keep and bear arms.
- III. Quartering of soldiers.
- IV. Searches and seizures.
- V. Indictments; second jeopardy; self-incrimination; due process of law, private property for public use.
- VI. Conduct of criminal prosecutions.
- VII. Jury in civil cases.
- VIII. Excessive bail and fines and cruel punishments prohibited.
- IX. Rule of constitutional construction.
- X. Constitutional construction; rights of states.
- XI. Constitutional construction; judicial power limited.
- XII. Election of president and vice president.
- XIII. Slavery abolished.
- XIV. Citizenship; representatives apportioned; official disability; public debt validated; confederate debt repudiated.
- XV. Suffrage granted to negroes.
- XVI. Income taxes authorized.
- XVII. Popular election of senators; vacancies in senate.
- XVIII. Prohibition of intoxicating beverages.
- XIX. Suffrage granted to women.
- XX. Terms of president, vice president, senators and representatives; sessions of congress; successor to president and vice president.
- XXI. Repeal of eighteenth amendment; importation of intoxicating liquors in violation of state laws prohibited.

PREAMBLE

WE, THE people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New-Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New-York six, New-Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North-Carolina five, South-Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall chuse their Speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any state, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall chuse their other officers and also a President pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of chusing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behaviour, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with the amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and

proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of the particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings;—And

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty, may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct, tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States:—And no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECTION 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress. No state shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the Congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The

president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately chuse by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority; then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner chuse the president. But in chusing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall chuse from them by ballot the vice-president.

The Congress may determine the time of chusing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The president shall be commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The president, vice-president and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States, shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behaviour, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States, between a state and citizens of another state, between citizens of different States, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grant of different States, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed but when not committed with any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labour in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labour, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labour may be due.

SECTION 3. New states may be admitted by the Congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a Republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives beforementioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII

The ratification of the conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

AMENDMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

ARTICLE VII

In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI

The Judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by Citizens of another State, or by Citizens or Subjects of any Foreign State.

ARTICLE XII

The Electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate;—The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted;—The person having the greatest number of votes for President, shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.—The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the Executive and Judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XVI

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

ARTICLE XVII

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: **Provided**, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

ARTICLE XVIII

SECTION 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

SECTION 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

ARTICLE XIX

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XX

SECTION 1. The terms of the President and Vice President shall end at noon on the 20th day of January, and the terms of Senators and Representatives at noon on the 3d day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended if this article had not been ratified; and the terms of their successors shall then begin.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 3d day of January, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 3. If, at the time fixed for the beginning of the term of the President, the President elect shall have died, the Vice President elect shall become President. If a President shall not have been chosen before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, or if the President elect shall have failed to qualify, then the Vice President elect shall act as President until a President shall have qualified; and the Congress may by law provide for the case wherein neither a President elect nor a Vice President elect shall have qualified, declaring who shall then act as President, or the manner in which one who is to act shall be selected, and such person shall act accordingly until a President or Vice President shall have qualified.

SECTION 4. The Congress may by law provide for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the House of Representatives may choose a President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them, and for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the Senate may choose a Vice President whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them.

SECTION 5. Sections 1 and 2 shall take effect on the 15th day of October following the ratification of this article.

SECTION 6. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission.

ARTICLE XXI

SECTION 1. The eighteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. The transportation or importation into any State, Territory, or possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by conventions in the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

PENDING AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

CHILD LABOR AMENDMENT*

SECTION 1. The Congress shall have power to limit, regulate, and prohibit the labor of persons under 18 years of age.

SECTION 2. The power of the several States is unimpaired by this article except that the operation of State laws shall be suspended to the extent necessary to give effect to legislation enacted by the Congress.

*By a vote of seven to two the United States Supreme Court, on June 5, 1939, held that the Child Labor Amendment was still subject to ratification by the states.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

UNITED STATES OFFICIALS

*President*¹

Franklin D. Roosevelt, New York
 Term expires January 20, 1945
 Salary \$75,000 per year

*Vice President*¹

Henry A. Wallace, Iowa
 Term expires January 20, 1945
 Salary \$15,000 per year

PRESIDENT'S CABINET²

Salary \$15,000 per year

Secretary of State ³ -----	Cordell Hull, Tennessee
Secretary of the Treasury ⁴ -----	Henry Morgenthau, Jr., New York
Secretary of War ⁵ -----	Henry L. Stimson, New York
Attorney General ⁶ -----	Francis Biddle, Pennsylvania
Postmaster General ⁷ -----	Frank C. Walker, Pennsylvania
Secretary of the Navy ⁸ -----	Frank Knox, Illinois
Secretary of the Interior ⁹ -----	Harold L. Ickes, Illinois
Secretary of Agriculture ¹⁰ -----	Claude R. Wickard, Indiana
Secretary of Commerce ¹⁰ -----	Jesse H. Jones, Texas
Secretary of Labor ¹⁰ -----	Frances Perkins, New York

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM WISCONSIN¹¹

Official address: Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

Robert M. La Follette, Jr. (Prog.), Madison
 Term expires January 3, 1947

Alexander Wiley (Rep.), Chippewa Falls
 Term expires January 3, 1945

¹ Elected for a term of four years.

² Appointed by the President.

³⁻⁹ Order of succession to the presidency.

¹⁰ Not eligible to presidential succession.

¹¹ Elected for a term of six years.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM WISCONSIN¹

Official address: House Office Building, Washington, D. C.

Terms expire January 3, 1945

1st District.....	Lawrence H. Smith (Rep.).....	Racine
2nd District.....	Harry Sauthoff (Prog.).....	Madison
3rd District.....	Wm. H. Stevenson (Rep.).....	La Crosse
4th District.....	Thaddeus F. B. Wasielewski (Dem.).....	Milwaukee
5th District.....	Howard J. McMurray (Dem.).....	Milwaukee
6th District.....	Frank B. Keefe (Rep.).....	Oshkosh
7th District.....	Reid F. Murray (Rep.).....	Ogdensburg
8th District.....	La Vern R. Dilweg (Dem.).....	Green Bay
9th District.....	Merlin Hull (Prog.).....	Black River Falls
10th District.....	Alvin E. O'Konski (Rep.).....	Mercer

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Salary \$20,000 per year

Chief Justice receives \$500 additional

Chief Justice Harlan F. Stone

Associate Justices

Owen J. Roberts	William O. Douglas
Hugo L. Black	Frank Murphy
Stanley F. Reed	Robert H. Jackson
Felix Frankfurter	Wiley B. Rutledge

CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS OF THE UNITED STATES²

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Justice Frank Murphy, Districts of Indiana, northern Illinois, eastern Illinois, southern Illinois, eastern Wisconsin, and western Wisconsin.

Circuit Judges:³ Evan A. Evans, Madison and Baraboo, Wisconsin; William M. Sparks, Indianapolis, Indiana; J. Earl Major, Springfield, Illinois; Sherman Minton, New Albany, Indiana; Otto Kerner, Chicago, Illinois.

¹ Elected for a term of two years.

² Ten appellate courts intermediate between the District Courts and the United States Supreme Court.

³ Salary \$12,500 per year.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS IN WISCONSIN

	<i>Eastern District</i> ¹	<i>Western District</i> ²
District Judge ³ -----	F. Ryan Duffy Milwaukee	Patrick T. Stone Wausau
District Attorney -----	Timothy T. Cronin Oconomowoc	John J. Boyle ⁴ Darlington
Marshal -----	A. J. Lukaszewicz Milwaukee	John M. Comeford Madison
Clerk -----	B. H. Westfahl Milwaukee	H. C. Hale Madison
Referees in Bankruptcy --	Thomas F. Millane Milwaukee Frank J. Shannon Kenosha Francis A. Yindra Manitowoc William L. Evans Green Bay	Miles Riley Madison C. L. Baldwin La Crosse Charles A. Wilson Superior
Court Commissioners ---	Floyd E. Jenkins Milwaukee E. L. Aschenbrenner Shawano John D. Kehoe Green Bay John N. O'Brien Delavan	J. J. McManamy Madison A. J. Sutherland Eau Claire H. J. Niehaus La Crosse Vincent P. Davis Ashland C. W. Bishop Superior Paul J. Megan Wausau Lambert A. Hansen Sparta

INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT, WISCONSIN DISTRICT

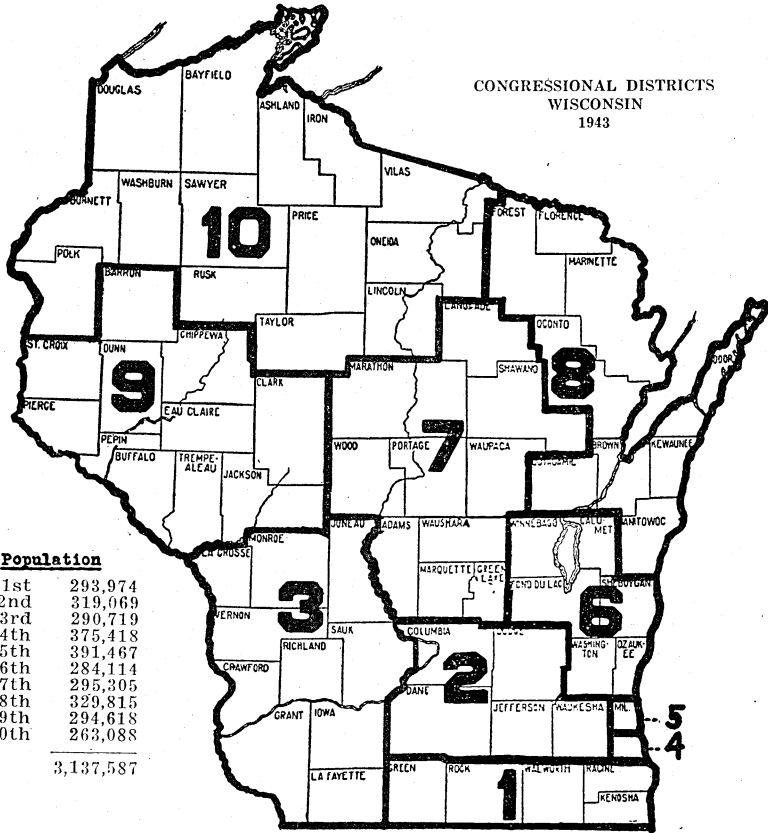
Collector ----- F. J. Kuhl, Milwaukee

¹ Headquarters at Milwaukee.

² Headquarters at Madison.

³ Salary \$10,000 per year.

⁴ Deceased March 9, 1944.



SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS FROM WISCONSIN

1837-1943

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN

Name and Party	Residence	Term
George W. Jones, Dem.....	Sinsinawa Mound.....	1837-1839
James D. Doty, Whig.....	Doty's Island.....	1837-1841
Henry Dodge, Dem.....	Dodgeville.....	1841-1845
Morgan L. Martin, Dem.....	Green Bay.....	1845-1847
John H. Tweedy, Whig.....	Milwaukee.....	1847-1848

UNITED STATES SENATORS

Name and Party	Residence	Term
Isaac P. Walker, Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1848-1855
Henry Dodge, Dem.....	Dodgeville.....	1848-1857
Charles Durkee, Rep.....	Kenosha.....	1855-1861
James R. Doolittle, Rep.....	Racine.....	1857-1869
Timothy O. Howe, Rep.....	Green Bay.....	1861-1879
Matthew H. Carpenter, Rep.....	Milwaukee.....	1869-1875; 1879-1881
Angus Cameron, Rep.....	La Crosse.....	1875-1885
Philetus Sawyer, Rep.....	Oshkosh.....	1881-1893
John C. Spooner, Rep.....	Hudson, Madison.....	1885-1891; 1897-1907
William F. Vilas, Dem.....	Madison.....	1891-1897
John L. Mitchell, Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1893-1899
J. V. Quarles, Rep.....	Milwaukee.....	1899-1905
Robert M. La Follette, Sr., Rep.....	Madison.....	1905-1925
Isaac Stephenson, Rep.....	Marinette.....	1907-1915
Paul O. Husting, Dem.....	Mayville.....	1915-1917
Irvine L. Lenroot, Rep.....	Superior.....	1918-1927
John J. Blaine, Rep.....	Boscobel.....	1927-1933
F. Ryan Duffy, Dem.....	Fond du Lac.....	1933-1939
Robert M. La Follette, Jr., Prog.....	Madison.....	1925-
Alexander Wiley, Rep.....	Chippewa Falls.....	1939-

MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Name and Party	Residence	Term
William Pitt Lynde, Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1848-1849; 1875-1879
M. C. Darling, Dem.....	Fond du Lac.....	1848-1849
Charles Durkee, Free Soll.....	Kenosha.....	1849-1853
Orasmus Cole, Whig.....	Potosi.....	1849-1851
James D. Doty, Dem.....	Neenah.....	1849-1853
Ben C. Eastman, Dem.....	Platteville.....	1851-1855
John B. Macy, Dem.....	Fond du Lac.....	1853-1855
Daniel Wells, Jr., Dem.....	Milwaukee.....	1853-1857
Cadwallader C. Washburn, Rep.....	Mineral Point, La Crosse.....	1855-1861; 1867-1871
Charles Billinghamurst, Rep.....	Juneau.....	1855-1859
John F. Potter, Rep.....	East Troy.....	1857-1863
C. H. Larrabee, Dem.....	Horicon.....	1859-1861
Luther Hanchett, Rep.....	Plover.....	1861-1862
Walter D. McIndoe, Rep.....	Wausau.....	1863-1867

MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued

Name and Party	Residence	Term
A. Scott Sloan, Rep.	Beaver Dam	1861-1863
James S. Brown, Dem.	Milwaukee	1863-1865
Ithamar C. Sloan, Rep.	Janesville	1863-1867
Amasa Cobb, Rep.	Mineral Point	1863-1871
Charles A. Eldridge, Dem.	Fond du Lac	1863-1875
Ezra Wheeler, Dem.	Berlin	1863-1865
Halbert E. Paine, Rep.	Milwaukee	1865-1871
Philetus Sawyer, Rep.	Oshkosh	1865-1875
Benjamin F. Hopkins, Rep.	Madison	1867-1870
David Atwood, Rep.	Madison	1870-1871
Alexander Mitchell, Dem.	Milwaukee	1871-1875
Gerry W. Hazelton, Rep.	Columbus	1871-1875
J. Allen Barber, Rep.	Lancaster	1871-1875
Jeremiah M. Rusk, Rep.	Viroqua	1871-1877
Charles G. Williams, Rep.	Janesville	1873-1883
Alexander S. McDill, Rep.	Plover	1873-1875
Lucien B. Caswell, Rep.	Fort Atkinson	1875-1883; 1885-1891
Henry S. Margoon, Rep.	Darlington	1875-1877
Samuel D. Burchard, Dem.	Beaver Dam	1875-1877
Alanson M. Kimball, Rep.	Waushara	1875-1877
George W. Cate, Dem.	Stevens Point	1875-1877
George C. Hazelton, Rep.	Boscobel	1875-1877
Edward S. Bragg, Dem.	Fond du Lac	1877-1883; 1885-1887
Gabriel Bouck, Dem.	Oshkosh	1877-1881
Herman L. Humphrey, Rep.	Hudson	1877-1883
Thaddeus C. Pound, Rep.	Chippewa Falls	1877-1883
Peter V. Deuster, Dem.	Milwaukee	1879-1885
Richard W. Guenther, Rep.	Oshkosh	1881-1889
John Winans, Dem.	Janesville	1883-1885
Daniel H. Sumner, Dem.	Waukesha	1883-1885
Burr W. Jones, Dem.	Madison	1883-1885
Joseph Rankin, Dem.	Manitowoc	1883-1886
Gilbert M. Woodward, Dem.	La Crosse	1883-1885
William T. Price, Rep.	Black River Falls	1883-1886
Isaac Stephenson, Rep.	Marinette	1883-1889
Robert M. La Follette, Rep.	Madison	1885-1891
Isaac W. Van Schaek, Rep.	Milwaukee	1885-1887; 1889-1891
Thomas R. Hudd, Dem.	Green Bay	1886-1889
Ormsby B. Thomas, Rep.	Prairie du Chien	1886-1891
Hugh H. Price, Rep.	Black River Falls	1887-1887
Henry Smith, Union Labor	Milwaukee	1887-1889
Charles B. Clark, Rep.	Neenah	1887-1891
Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	River Falls	1887-1895
Charles Barwig, Dem.	Mayville	1889-1895
George H. Brickner, Dem.	Sheboygan Falls	1889-1895
Myron H. McCord, Rep.	Merrill	1889-1891
Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	Beloit	1891-1893
Allen R. Bushnell, Dem.	Madison	1891-1893
John L. Mitchell, Dem.	Milwaukee	1891-1893
Lucas M. Miller, Dem.	Oshkosh	1891-1893
Frank P. Coburn, Dem.	West Salem	1891-1893
Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Antigo	1891-1895
Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Racine	1893-1919; 1921-1931
Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Necedah	1893-1907
Peter J. Somers, Dem.	Milwaukee	1893-1895
Owen A. Wells, Dem.	Fond du Lac	1893-1895
George B. Shaw, Rep.	Eau Claire	1893-1894
Michael Griffin, Rep.	Eau Claire	1894-1899
Lyman E. Barnes, Dem.	Appleton	1895-1895
Edward Sauehering, Rep.	Mayville	1895-1899
Theobald Otjen, Rep.	Milwaukee	1895-1907
Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	West Bend	1895-1903
Samuel A. Cook, Rep.	Neenah	1895-1897
Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Sturgeon Bay	1895-1907
Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Wausau	1895-1901
John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Chippewa Falls	1895-1909
James H. Davidson, Rep.	Oshkosh	1897-1913; 1917-1918
Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Mount Horeb	1899-1903
John J. Esch, Rep.	La Crosse	1899-1921
Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Rhinelander	1901-1907
Henry C. Adams, Rep.	Madison	1903-1906
William H. Stafford, Rep.	Milwaukee	1903-1911; 1913-1919; 1921-1923; 1929-1933
Chas. H. Weiss, Dem.	Sheboygan Falls	1903-1911

MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued

Name and Party	Residence	Term
John M. Nelson, Rep.	Madison	1906-1919; 1921-1933
James W. Murphy, Dem.	Platteville	1907-1909
William J. Cary, Rep.	Milwaukee	1907-1919
Gustav Kustermann, Rep.	Green Bay	1907-1911
Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Antigo	1907-1913
Arthur W. Kopp, Rep.	Platteville	1909-1913
Irvine L. Lenroot, Rep.	Superior	1909-1913
Victor L. Berger, Soc.	Milwaukee	1911-1913; 1923-1929
Michael E. Burke, Dem.	Beaver Dam	1911-1917
Thomas F. Konop, Dem.	Madison	1911-1917
Edward E. Browne, Rep.	Waupaca	1913-1931
Michael K. Reilly, Dem.	Fond du Lac	1913-1917; 1929-1939
James A. Frear, Rep.	Hudson	1913-1935
Edward Voigt, Rep.	Sheboygan	1917-1927
Florian Lampert, Rep.	Oshkosh	1918-1930
David G. Classon, Rep.	Oconto	1917-1923
Adolphus P. Nelson, Rep.	Grantsburg	1918-1923
Clifford E. Randall, Rep.	Kenosha	1919-1921
James G. Monahan, Rep.	Darlington	1919-1921
John C. Kleczka, Rep.	Milwaukee	1919-1923
Joseph D. Beck, Rep.	Viroqua	1921-1929
John C. Shafer, Rep.	Milwaukee	1923-1933; 1939-1941
George J. Schneider, Rep.	Appleton	1923-1933; 1935-1939
Hubert Peavey, Rep.	Washburn	1923-1935
Charles A. Kading, Rep.	Watertown	1927-1933
Gardner R. Withrow, Rep.	La Crosse	1931-1939
Gerald J. Boileau, Rep.	Wausau	1931-1939
Thomas R. Amlie, Rep.	Elkhorn	1931-1933; 1935-1939
George W. Blanchard, Rep.	Edgerton	1933-1935
C. W. Henney, Dem.	Portage	1933-1935
Raymond J. Cannon, Dem.	Milwaukee	1933-1939
Thomas J. O'Malley, Dem.	Milwaukee	1933-1939
James Hughes, Dem.	De Pere	1933-1935
Bernhard J. Gehrman, Prog.	Mellen	1935-1943
Stephen Bolles, Rep.	Janesville	1939-1941
Charles Hawkes, Jr., Rep.	Horicon	1939-1941
Harry W. Griswold, Rep.	West Salem	1939-1941
Lewis D. Thill, Rep.	Milwaukee	1939-1943
Joshua L. Johns, Rep.	Appleton	1939-1943
Merlin Hull, Prog.	Black River Falls	1929-1931; 1935-
Harry Sauthoff, Prog.	Madison	1935-1939; 1941-
Frank B. Keefe, Rep.	Oshkosh	1939-
Reid F. Murray, Rep.	Ogdensburg	1939-
Lawrence H. Smith, Rep.	Racine	1941-
William H. Stevenson, Rep.	La Crosse	1941-
Thaddeus F. Wasielewski, Dem.	Milwaukee	1941-
La Vern R. Dilweg, Dem.	Green Bay	1943-
Howard J. McMurrav, Dem.	Milwaukee	1943-
Alvin E. O'Konski, Rep.	Mercer	1943-

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

DIRECTORY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES IN WISCONSIN

November 1, 1943

NAME	ADDRESS	
	National	State
Agricultural Adjustment Agency (AAA)	Norris E. Dodd 14th St. & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	
Board of War Communications (BWC)	James L. Fly Post Office Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Bureau of Agricultural Economics (BAE)	Howard R. Tolley 13th St. & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	
Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)	Isador Lupin 14th St. & Constitution Ave. Washington 25, D. C.	
Bureau of the Budget	Harold D. Smith State Dept. Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Civil Aeronautics Administration (CAA)	Charles J. Stanton 14th St. & Constitution Ave. Washington 25, D. C.	
Civil Aeronautics Board (CAB) -----	L. Welch Pogue Dept. of Commerce Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Committee on Fair Employment Practice (CFEP)	Malcolm Ross 1006 U St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC)	J. B. Huston 14th & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	Southern Wisconsin F. M. Murchison 164 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Ill.
		Northern Wisconsin James A. Cole 330 McKnight Bldg. Minneapolis, Minnesota
Defense Plant Corporation (DPC)	Sam H. Husbands 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Defense Supplies Corporation (DSC)	Henry A. Mulligan 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Disaster Loan Corporation	Charles B. Henderson Charles T. Fisher, Jr. 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Employment Office Service Division	Robert L. Clark Social Security Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	Harry Lippart Tenney Bldg. Madison 3, Wisconsin

**DIRECTORY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES IN
WISCONSIN—Continued**

November 1, 1943

NAME	ADDRESS	
	National	State
Farm Credit Administration (FCA)	A. G. Black 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	John D. Jones, Jr. 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Farm Security Administration (FSA)	Frank Hancock 14th St. & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	H. S. Muir Milwaukee County Court- house Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)	J. Edgar Hoover Dept. of Justice Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	Lee V. Boardman 1501 Bankers' Bldg. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Federal Communications Commission (FCC)	James Lawrence Fly 13th St. & Pennsylvania Ave. NW Washington 25, D. C.	Northern Wisconsin C. W. Loeber 208 Uptown Post Office Bldg. St. Paul, Minnesota Southern Wisconsin H. D. Hayes 246 U. S. Courthouse Bldg. Chicago, Illinois
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)	Leo T. Crowley 14th & F St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Raby L. Hopkins 715 Tenney Bldg. Madison, Wisconsin
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation	A. G. Black 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	S. R. Day 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Federal Home Loan Bank Ad- ministration (FHLBA)	John H. Fahey 1st St. & Indiana Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Lawrence D. Gard 105 W. Monroe St. Chicago, Illinois
Federal Housing Administration (FHA)	Abner H. Ferguson Vermont Ave. at K St. Washington 25, D. C.	
Federal Intermediate Credit Bank of St. Paul	George M. Brennan 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	F. H. Klawon 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Federal Land Bank of St. Paul	W. E. Rhea 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	F. W. Peck 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Federal National Mortgage Association	Sam H. Husbands 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Federal Power Commission (FPC)	Leland Olds 1800 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Federal Public Housing Authority (FPHA)	Herbert Emmerich 1201 Connecticut Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Federal Reserve System	Marriner S. Eccles 20th St. & Constitution Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Federal Security Agency (FSA)	Paul V. McNutt 4th St. & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	

**DIRECTORY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES IN
WISCONSIN—Continued**

November 1, 1943

NAME	ADDRESS	
	National	State
Federal Trade Commission (FTC)	Garland S. Ferguson Pennsylvania Ave. at 6th St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	W. F. Dinnen New Post Office Bldg. Chicago, Illinois
Federal Works Agency (FWA)	Brig. Gen. Philip B. Fleming 18th & F Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	W. G. Campbell 12th & C Sts., SW Washington 25, D. C.	
Foreign Economic Administration (FEA)	Leo T. Crowley National Press Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Home Owners' Loan Corporation (HOLC)	John H. Fahey 1st St. & Indiana Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Fred W. Keller Federal Bldg. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC)	J. H. Allredge 12th St. & Constitution Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics (NACA)	Dr. Jerome C. Hunsaker 1500 New Hampshire Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
National Housing Agency (NHA)	John B. Blandford, Jr. 1600 Eye St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
National Labor Relations Board (NLRB)	Dr. Harry A. Millis 815 Connecticut Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	John G. Shott Madison Bldg. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
National Mediation Board (NMB)	Wm. M. Leiserson 18th & F Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
National War Labor Board (NWLB)	Wm. H. Davis Labor Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Alien Property Custodian (OAPC)	Leo T. Crowley National Press Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Censorship (OOC)	Byron Price Federal Trade Commission Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Civilian Defense (OCD)	John B. Marting Dupont Circle Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Coordinator of Inter-Am- erican Affairs (OCIAA)	Nelson A. Rockefeller Commerce Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Defense Transportation (ODT)	Joseph B. Eastman Interstate Commerce Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Economic Stabilization (OES)	Fred M. Vinson Federal Reserve Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	

**DIRECTORY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES IN
WISCONSIN—Continued**

November 1, 1943

NAME	ADDRESS	
	National	State
Office of Price Administration (OPA)	Chester Bowles 4th St. & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of Scientific Research and Development (OSRD)	Dr. Irvin Stewart 1530 P St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of War Information (OWI)	Elmer Davis Social Security Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Office of War Mobilization (OWM)	James F. Byrnes Interior Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Petroleum Administration for War (PAW)	Harold L. Ickes Interior Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Production Credit Corporation of St. Paul	C. R. Arnold 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	George Susens 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Public Buildings Administration (PBA)	W. E. Reynolds 18th & F Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Public Roads Administration (PRA)	Thomas H. MacDonald 18th & F Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Wm. S. Mackintosh 907 New Post Office Bldg. St. Paul, Minnesota
Railroad Retirement Board	Murray W. Latimer 844 Rush St. Chicago 11, Illinois	
Reconstruction Finance Corporation (RFC)	Charles B. Henderson 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
RFC Mortgage Company	Charles T. Fisher, Jr. 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Southern Wisconsin Frank M. Murchison 164 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Illinois Northern Wisconsin China R. Clarke 438 McKnight Bldg. Minneapolis, Minnesota
Rural Electrification Administration (REA)	Harry Slattery Boatmen's Bldg. St. Louis, Missouri	
St. Paul Bank for Cooperatives	S. D. Sanders 212 W. 14th St. Kansas City, Missouri	Hutzel Metzger 346 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minnesota
Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)	Ganson Purcell 18th & Locust Sts. Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania	W. McNeil Kennedy 105 W. Adams St. Chicago, Illinois
Selective Service, Bureau of	Maj. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey 21st & C Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	Col. John F. Mullen 122 W. Washington Ave. Madison, Wisconsin
Social Security Board (SSB)	Arthur H. Altmeyer 1825 H St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	H. L. McCarthy U. S. Courthouse Chicago, Ill.

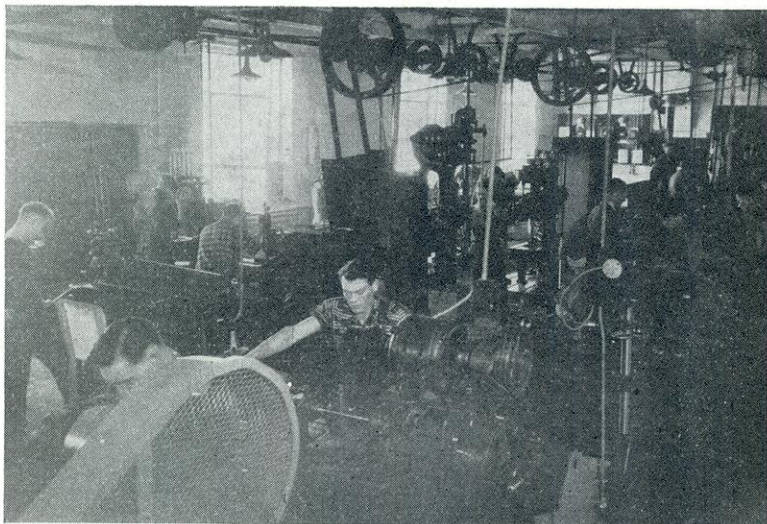
**DIRECTORY OF FEDERAL AGENCIES IN
WISCONSIN—Continued**

November 1, 1943

NAME	ADDRESS	
	National	State
Soil Conservation Service (SCS)	Hugh H. Bennett 14th & Independence Ave., SW Washington 25, D. C.	R. H. Musser 4650 N. Port Washing- ton Rd. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Solid Fuels Administration for War (SFAW)	Harold L. Ickes Interior Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)	David E. Lilienthal New Sprankle Bldg. Knoxville, Tennessee	
United States Civil Service Com- mission (USCSC)	Harry B. Mitchell 8th & F Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
United States Coast Guard (USCG)	Vice Adm. R. R. Waesche 1300 E St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Claude R. Wickard Agricultural Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
United States Employees' Compensa- tion Commission	Mrs. Jewell W. Swofford 285 Madison Ave. New York 17, N. Y.	
United States Marine Corps (USMC)	Lt. Gen. Thomas Holcomb Arlington Annex Arlington, Virginia	
United States Maritime Commission	Rear Adm. Emory S. Land Commerce Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
United States Tariff Commission	Oscar B. Ryder E St. at 7th & 8th Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
Veterans Administration	Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines Vermont Ave. at H & I Sts., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
War Damage Corporation	John B. Blandford, Jr. 811 Vermont Ave., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
War Food Administration (WFA)	Marvin Jones Dept. of Agriculture Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
War Manpower Commission (WMC)	Paul V. McNutt Social Security Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	
War Production Board (WPB)	Donald M. Nelson Social Security Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	C. E. Ives 161 W. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
War Relocation Authority (WRA)	Dillon S. Myer 910-17th St., NW Washington 25, D. C.	
War Shipping Administration (WSA)	Rear Adm. Emory S. Land Commerce Bldg. Washington 25, D. C.	



A few pieces of the large variety of machine parts made on a war production basis in the schools of Milwaukee.



Many have received specialized training in some phase of machine operation in the War Production Training Program offered in the vocational schools under the supervision of the State Board of Vocational and Adult Education. In this program the emphasis is on a specific job rather than on general machine operation.

Miscellaneous

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940

Total population ----- 3,137,587
 Area ----- 54,715 square miles

Adams County	8,449	Barron County—Cont.	
Adams city	1,310	Prairie Lake town	869
Adams town	447	Rice Lake city	5,719
Big Flats town	328	Rice Lake town	924
Colburn town	254	Sioux Creek town	720
Dell Prairie town	410	Stanford town	383
Eastern town	459	Stanley town	826
Friendship village	453	Summer town	760
Jackson town	505	Turtle Lake town	825
Leola town	244	Turtle Lake village	616
Lincoln town	381	Vance Creek town	872
Monroe town	279		
New Chester town	523	Bayfield County	15,827
New Haven town	555	Barksdale town	566
Preston town	279	Barnes town	262
Quincy town	312	Bayfield city	1,212
Richfield town	261	Bayfield town	675
Rome town	279	Bayview town	431
Springville town	385	Bell town	336
Strongs Prairie town	755	Cable town	453
	21,801	Cable village	314
Ashland county	21,801	Clover town	419
Agenda town	743	Delta town	180
Ashland city	11,101	Drummond town	776
Ashland town	995	Eileen town	676
Butternut town	522	Hughes town	168
Butternut village	669	Iron River town	912
Gingles town	442	Kelly town	510
Gordon town	592	Keystone town	423
Jacobs town	1,246	Lincoln town	366
La Pointe town	236	Mason town	584
Marengo town	548	Mason village	152
Mellen city	1,598	Namekagon town	193
Morse town	585	Orienta town	203
Pecksville town	292	Oulu town	910
Sanborn town	1,310	Pilsen town	320
Shanagolden town	246	Port Wing town	584
White River town	676	Pratt town	579
		Russell town	575
Barron county	34,289	Tripp town	226
Almena town	1,243	Washburn city	2,363
Arland town	913	Washburn town	459
Barron city	2,059		
Barron town	943	Brown County	83,109
Bear Lake town	511	Allouez town	3,561
Cameron village	807	Ashwaubenon town	900
Cedar Lake town	554	Bellevue town	842
Chetek city	1,227	Denmark village	864
Chetek town	775	De Pere city	6,373
Clinton town	1,104	De Pere town	780
Crystal Lake town	956	Eaton town	1,040
Cumberland city	1,539	Glenmore town	953
Cumberland town	1,121	Green Bay city	46,235
Dallas town	807	Green Bay town	816
Dallas village	436	Hobart town	1,683
Dovre town	712	Holland town	1,068
Doyle town	619	Howard town	1,803
Haugen village	268	Humboldt town	876
Lakeland town	702	Lawrence town	1,138
Maple Grove town	1,176	Morrison town	1,264
Maple Plain town	520	New Denmark town	1,254
Oak Grove town	1,088	Pittsfield town	1,181
Prairie Farm town	860	Preble town	4,116
Prairie Farm village	335	Pulaski village	979

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Brown County—Cont.		Chippewa County.....	40,703
Rockland town.....	641	Anson town.....	1,038
Scott town.....	1,402	Arthur town.....	915
Saukico town.....	1,318	Auburn town.....	546
Wrightstown town.....	1,304	Birch Creek town.....	462
Wrightstown village.....	718	Bloomer city.....	2,201
		Bloomer town.....	894
Buffalo County.....	16,090	Boyd village.....	618
Alma city.....	1,139	Cadott village.....	676
Alma town.....	533	Chippewa Falls city.....	10,368
Belvidere town.....	532	Cleveland town.....	735
Buffalo city.....	293	Colburn town.....	1,137
Buffalo town.....	613	Cooks Valley town.....	675
Canton town.....	608	Cornell village.....	1,759
Cochrane village.....	458	Delmar town.....	1,272
Cross town.....	486	Eagle Point town.....	1,762
Dover town.....	739	Edson town.....	1,330
Fountain City.....	985	Estella town.....	600
Gilmanston town.....	816	Goetz town.....	671
Glencoe town.....	694	Hallie town.....	1,020
Lincoln town.....	503	Holcombe town.....	659
Maxville town.....	567	Howard town.....	779
Milton town.....	264	Lafayette town.....	2,851
Modena town.....	729	New Auburn village.....	398
Mondovi city.....	2,077	Ruby town.....	755
Mondovi town.....	588	Sampson town.....	865
Montana town.....	617	Sigel town.....	750
Naples town.....	730	Stanley city.....	2,021
Nelson town.....	1,337	Tilden town.....	855
Waumandee town.....	782	Wheaton town.....	1,193
		Woodmohr town.....	895
Burnett County.....	11,382	Clark County.....	33,972
Anderson town.....	449	Abbotsford village, in Clark Co.....	778
Blaine town.....	155	In Marathon Co.....	142
Daniels town.....	727	Total.....	920
Dewey town.....	536	Beaver town.....	905
Grantsburg town.....	594	Butler town.....	190
Grantsburg village.....	874	Colby city, in Clark Co.....	686
Jackson town.....	197	In Marathon Co.....	217
La Pollette town.....	387	Total.....	903
Lincoln town.....	345	Colby town.....	842
Meenon town.....	608	Curtiss village.....	171
Oakland town.....	425	Dewhurst town.....	159
Roosevelt town.....	309	Dorchester village.....	456
Rusk town.....	331	Eaton town.....	697
Sand Lake town.....	453	Foster town.....	100
Scott town.....	236	Fremont town.....	1,059
Siren town.....	910	Grant town.....	1,006
Swiss town.....	708	Granton village.....	300
Trade Lake town.....	1,027	Green Grove town.....	804
Union town.....	184	Greenwood city.....	776
Webb Lake town.....	132	Hendren town.....	701
Webster village.....	524	Hewett town.....	226
West Marshland town.....	311	Hixon town.....	1,075
Wood River town.....	960	Hoard town.....	1,122
		Levis town.....	481
Calumet County.....	17,618	Longwood town.....	941
Brillion town.....	1,256	Loyal town.....	957
Brillion village.....	1,200	Loyal village.....	921
Brothertown town.....	1,282	Lynn town.....	679
Charlestown town.....	1,067	Mayville town.....	1,037
Chilton city.....	2,203	Mead town.....	416
Chilton town.....	1,074	Mentor town.....	749
Harrison town.....	2,177	Neillsville city.....	2,562
Hilbert village.....	607	Owen city.....	1,083
Kiel city, in Calumet Co.....	189	Pine Valley town.....	842
In Manitowoc Co.....	1,709	Reseburg town.....	1,095
Total.....	1,898	Seif town.....	300
New Holstein city.....	1,502	Sherman town.....	771
New Holstein town.....	1,156	Sherwood town.....	259
Rantoul town.....	1,140	Thorp town.....	1,347
Stockbridge town.....	1,242	Thorp village.....	1,052
Stockbridge village.....	386	Unity town.....	943
Woodville town.....	1,137	Unity village, in Clark Co.....	113

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Clark County—Cont.		Dane County		130,660
In Marathon Co.....	173	Albion town.....	1,325	
Total.....	286	Belleville village.....	594	
Warner town.....	800	Berry town.....	862	
Washburn town.....	363	Black Earth town.....	346	
Weston town.....	777	Black Earth village.....	531	
Withee town.....	1,154	Blooming Grove town.....	3,015	
Withee village.....	329	Blue Mounds town.....	650	
Worden town.....	967	Blue Mounds village.....	196	
York town.....	981	Bristol town.....	1,073	
		Brooklyn village, in Dane Co.....	144	
		In Green Co.....	305	
		Total.....	449	
Columbia County.....	32,517	Burke town.....	3,003	
Arlington town.....	822	Cambridge village.....	577	
Caledonia town.....	928	Christiana town.....	1,147	
Cambria village.....	688	Cottage Grove town.....	1,033	
Columbus city.....	2,760	Cottage Grove village.....	310	
Columbus town.....	646	Cross Plains town.....	908	
Courtland town.....	723	Cross Plains village.....	374	
Dekorra town.....	787	Dane town.....	796	
Doylestown village.....	253	Dane village.....	301	
Fall River village.....	425	Deerfield town.....	811	
Fort Winnebago town.....	555	Deerfield village.....	611	
Fountain Prairie town.....	832	De Forest village.....	598	
Hampden town.....	733	Dunkirk town.....	1,276	
Leeds town.....	961	Dunn town.....	969	
Lewiston town.....	746	Fitchburg town.....	1,257	
Lodi town.....	625	McFarland village.....	463	
Lodi village.....	1,116	Madison city.....	67,447	
Lowville town.....	607	Madison town.....	4,638	
Marcellon town.....	663	Maple Bluff village.....	862	
Newport town.....	408	Marshall village.....	447	
Otsego town.....	731	Mazomanie town.....	418	
Pacific town.....	310	Mazomanie village.....	851	
Pardeeville village.....	1,001	Medina town.....	836	
Portage city.....	7,016	Middleton town.....	1,255	
Poynette village.....	870	Middleton village.....	1,358	
Randolph town.....	1,262	Monona village.....	1,323	
Randolph village, in Columbia Co.....	344	Montrose town.....	834	
In Dodge Co.....	802	Mount Horeb village.....	1,610	
Total.....	1,146	Oregon town.....	675	
Rio village.....	696	Oregon village.....	1,005	
Scott town.....	688	Perry town.....	868	
Springvale town.....	619	Pleasant Springs town.....	1,114	
West Point town.....	624	Primrose town.....	647	
Wisconsin Dells city.....	1,762	Rockdale village.....	136	
Wyocena town.....	630	Roxbury town.....	999	
Wyocena village.....	706	Rutland town.....	888	
		Shorewood Hills village.....	1,064	
		Springdale town.....	908	
Crawford County.....	18,323	Springfield town.....	1,151	
Bell Center village.....	264	Stoughton city.....	4,743	
Bridgeport town.....	363	Sun Prairie town.....	1,007	
Clayton town.....	1,604	Sun Prairie village.....	1,625	
De Soto village, in Crawford Co.....	112	Vermont town.....	689	
In Vernon Co.....	288	Verona town.....	1,158	
Total.....	400	Verona village.....	535	
Eastman town.....	988	Vienna town.....	788	
Eastman village.....	348	Waukege village.....	773	
Ferryville village.....	306	Westport town.....	2,689	
Freeman town.....	1,170	Windsor town.....	1,357	
Guys Mills village.....	737	York town.....	792	
Haney village.....	707			
Lynxville village.....	233	Dodge County.....	54,230	
Marietta town.....	836	Ashippun town.....	1,225	
Mount Sterling village.....	264	Beaver Dam city.....	10,356	
Prairie du Chien city.....	4,622	Beaver Dam town.....	1,194	
Prairie du Chien town.....	534	Burnett town.....	969	
Scott town.....	726	Calamus town.....	927	
Seneca town.....	1,178	Chester town.....	705	
Soldiers Grove village.....	778	Clyman town.....	901	
Stauben village.....	321	Clyman village.....	230	
Utica town.....	1,255	Elba town.....	980	
Wauzeka town.....	469	Emmet town.....	987	
Wauzeka village.....	513	Fox Lake city.....	1,016	

**POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued**

Dodge County—Cont.		Douglas County—Cont.	
Fox Lake town.....	707	Superior city.....	35,136
Herman town.....	1,165	Superior town.....	1,461
Horicon city.....	2,253	Wascott town.....	368
Hubbard town.....	1,071		
Hustisford town.....	883	Dunn County	27,375
Hustisford village.....	564	Boyceville village.....	533
Iron Ridge village.....	273	Colfax town.....	703
Juneau city.....	1,301	Colfax village.....	992
Lebanon town.....	1,229	Downing village.....	308
Leroy town.....	1,096	Dunn town.....	1,146
Lomira town.....	1,525	Eau Galle town.....	1,231
Lomira village.....	659	Elk Mound town.....	573
Lowell town.....	1,325	Elk Mound village.....	338
Lowell village.....	282	Grant town.....	530
Mayville city.....	2,754	Hay River town.....	626
Neosho village.....	255	Lnapp village.....	436
Oak Grove town.....	1,476	Lucas town.....	721
Portland town.....	936	Menomonie city.....	6,582
Randolph village, in Dodge Co.	802	Menomonie town.....	1,400
In Columbia Co.....	344	New Haven town.....	909
Total.....	1,146	Otter Creek town.....	494
Reeseville village.....	407	Peru town.....	313
Rubicon town.....	1,089	Red Cedar town.....	1,275
Shields town.....	625	Ridgeland village.....	242
Theresa town.....	1,085	Rock Creek town.....	614
Theresa village.....	418	Sand Creek town.....	724
Trenton town.....	1,266	Sheridan town.....	670
Watertown city, in Dodge Co.	2,754	Sherman town.....	725
In Jefferson Co.....	8,547	Spring Brook town.....	1,261
Total.....	11,301	Stanton town.....	783
Waupun city, in Dodge Co.....	4,388	Tainter town.....	614
In Fond du Lac Co.....	1,910	Tiffany town.....	721
Total.....	6,798	Weston town.....	978
Westford town.....	819	Weston village.....	272
Williamstown town.....	883	Wilson town.....	659
Door County	19,095	Eau Claire County	46,999
Baileys Harbor town.....	677	Altoona city.....	1,239
Brussels town.....	1,215	Augusta city.....	1,519
Claybanks town.....	384	Bridge Creek town.....	945
Egg Harbor town.....	926	Brunswick town.....	739
Ephraim village.....	254	Clear Creek town.....	773
Forestville town.....	1,308	Drammen town.....	762
Gardner town.....	844	Eau Claire city.....	30,745
Gibraltar town.....	880	Fairchild town.....	437
Jacksonport town.....	719	Fairchild village.....	639
Liberty Grove town.....	1,358	Fall Creek village.....	572
Nasewaupce town.....	1,223	Lincoln town.....	1,014
Sevastopol town.....	1,588	Ludington town.....	913
Sister Bay village.....	309	Otter Creek town.....	657
Sturgeon Bay city.....	5,439	Pleasant Valley town.....	1,062
Sturgeon Bay town.....	522	Seymour town.....	1,327
Union town.....	695	Union town.....	1,562
Washington town.....	754	Washington town.....	1,539
		Wilson town.....	555
Douglas County	47,119	Florence County	4,177
Amnicon town.....	611	Aurora town.....	981
Bennett town.....	488	Commonwealth town.....	340
Brule town.....	783	Fence town.....	285
Cloverland town.....	375	Fern town.....	130
Dairyland town.....	542	Florence town.....	1,353
Gordon town.....	704	Homestead town.....	383
Hawthorne town.....	707	Long Lake town.....	303
Highland town.....	162	Tipler town.....	402
Lake Nebagamogon village.....	357		
Lakeside town.....	462	Fond du Lac County	62,353
Maple town.....	769	Alto town.....	1,153
Oakland town.....	571	Ashford town.....	1,261
Oliver village.....	201	Auburn town.....	956
Parkland town.....	1,290	Brandon village.....	708
Poplar village.....	462	Byron town.....	1,144
Solon Springs town.....	412		
Solon Springs village.....	392		
Summit town.....	866		

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Fond du Lac County—Cont.		Grant County—Cont.	
Calumet town.....	1,263	In Iowa Co.....	12
Campbellsport village.....	1,094	Total.....	520
Eden town.....	990	Marion town.....	490
Eden village.....	223	Millville town.....	283
Eldorado town.....	1,152	Montfort village.....	615
Empire town.....	887	Mount Hope town.....	427
Fairwater village.....	293	Mount Hope village.....	256
Fond du Lac city.....	27,209	Mount Ida town.....	738
Fond du Lac town.....	1,809	Muscoda town.....	469
Forest town.....	1,038	Muscoda village.....	902
Friendship town.....	1,176	North Lancaster town.....	569
Lamartine town.....	1,114	Paris town.....	850
Marshfield town.....	1,683	Patch Grove town.....	492
Metomen town.....	839	Patch Grove village.....	195
North Fond du Lac village.....	2,083	Platteville city.....	4,762
Oakfield town.....	813	Platteville town.....	728
Oakfield village.....	655	Potosi town.....	1,247
Oseola town.....	778	Potosi village.....	506
Ripon city.....	4,566	Smelser town.....	802
Ripon town.....	848	South Lancaster town.....	1,037
Rosendale town.....	804	Waterloo town.....	748
Rosendale village.....	317	Wattertown town.....	385
St. Cloud village.....	353	Wingville town.....	567
Springvale town.....	852	Woodman town.....	308
Taycheedah town.....	1,486	Woodman village.....	108
Waupun city, in Fond du Lac Co.....	1,910	Wyalusing town.....	633
In Dodge Co.....	4,888		
Total.....	6,798		
Waupun town.....	996		
		Green County.....	23,146
Forest County.....	11,805	Adams town.....	732
Alvin town.....	429	Albany town.....	563
Argonne town.....	738	Albany village.....	741
Armstrong Creek town.....	713	Brodhead city.....	1,750
Blackwell town.....	269	Brooklyn town.....	747
Caswell town.....	199	Brooklyn village, in Green Co.....	305
Crandon city.....	2,000	In Dane Co.....	144
Crandon town.....	572	Total.....	449
Freedom town.....	221	Browntown village.....	271
Hiles town.....	462	Cadiz town.....	925
Laona town.....	2,175	Clarno town.....	972
Lincoln town.....	593	Decatur town.....	565
Nashville town.....	833	Exeter town.....	670
Popple River town.....	131	Jefferson town.....	1,144
Ross town.....	401	Jordan town.....	701
Wabeno town.....	2,069	Monroe city.....	6,182
		Monroe town.....	1,035
Grant County.....	40,639	Monticello village.....	716
Bagley village.....	293	Mount Pleasant town.....	615
Beetown town.....	999	New Glarus town.....	539
Bloomington town.....	606	New Glarus village.....	1,068
Bloomington village.....	677	Spring Grove town.....	813
Blue River village.....	381	Sylvester town.....	703
Boscobel city.....	2,008	Washington town.....	672
Boscobel town.....	238	York town.....	717
Cassville town.....	594		
Cassville village.....	956	Green Lake County.....	14,092
Castle Rock town.....	626	Berlin city, in Green Lake Co.....	4,215
Clifton town.....	621	In Waushara Co.....	32
Cuba City.....	1,259	Total.....	4,247
Ellenboro town.....	671	Berlin town.....	650
Fennimore city.....	1,592	Brooklyn town.....	897
Fennimore town.....	776	Green Lake town.....	1,003
Glen Haven town.....	784	Green Lake village.....	661
Harrison town.....	650	Kingston town.....	605
Hazel Green town.....	1,040	Kingston village.....	295
Hazel Green village.....	582	Mackford town.....	708
Hickory Grove town.....	600	Manchester town.....	747
Jamestown town.....	1,086	Markesan village.....	912
Lancaster city.....	2,963	Marquette town.....	573
Liberty town.....	771	Princeton city.....	1,247
Lima town.....	738	Princeton town.....	799
Little Grant town.....	503	St. Marie town.....	380
Livingston village, in Grant Co.....	508	Seneca town.....	400

**POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued**

Iowa County.....	20,595	Jefferson County.....	38,868
Arena town.....	936	Aztalan town.....	847
Arena village.....	278	Cold Spring town.....	491
Avoca village.....	417	Concord town.....	937
Barneveld village.....	358	Farmington town.....	1,280
Brigham town.....	1,042	Fort Atkinson city.....	6,153
Clyde town.....	622	Hebron town.....	726
Cobb village.....	276	Ixonia town.....	1,199
Dodgeville city.....	2,269	Jefferson city.....	3,059
Dodgeville town.....	1,424	Jefferson town.....	2,137
Eden town.....	570	Johnson Creek village.....	511
Highland town.....	1,245	Koshkonong town.....	1,328
Highland village.....	902	Lake Mills city.....	2,219
Hollandale village.....	290	Lake Mills town.....	928
Linden town.....	1,236	Milford town.....	962
Linden village.....	461	Oakland town.....	1,167
Livingston village, in Iowa Co.....	12	Palmyra town.....	604
In Grant Co.....	508	Palmyra village.....	711
Total.....	520	Sullivan town.....	882
Miffin town.....	848	Sullivan village.....	286
Mineral Point city.....	2,275	Sumner town.....	566
Mineral Point town.....	936	Waterloo town.....	695
Moscow town.....	905	Waterloo village.....	1,474
Pulaski town.....	661	Watertown city, in Jefferson Co.....	8,547
Rewey village.....	267	In Dodge Co.....	2,754
Ridgeway town.....	690	Total.....	11,301
Ridgeway village.....	431	Watertown town.....	1,159
Waldwick town.....	612		
Wyoming town.....	632		
		Juneau County.....	18,708
Iron County.....	10,049	Armenia town.....	443
Anderson town.....	193	Camp Douglas village.....	445
Carey town.....	292	Clearfield town.....	377
Gurney town.....	185	Cutler town.....	299
Hurley city.....	3,375	Elroy city.....	1,850
Kimball town.....	723	Finley town.....	111
Knight town.....	688	Fountain town.....	637
Mercer town.....	936	Germantown town.....	194
Montreal city.....	1,700	Hustler village.....	167
Oma town.....	503	Kildare town.....	377
Pence town.....	456	Kingston town.....	124
Saxon town.....	809	Lemonweir town.....	1,076
Sherman town.....	189	Lindina town.....	956
		Lisbon town.....	524
Jackson County.....	16,599	Lyndon town.....	419
Adams town.....	651	Lyndon Station village.....	354
Albion town.....	928	Marion town.....	319
Alma town.....	932	Mauston city.....	2,621
Alma Center village.....	431	Necedah town.....	512
Bear Bluff town.....	153	Necedah village.....	838
Black River Falls city.....	2,539	New Lisbon city.....	1,215
Brookway town.....	668	Orange town.....	558
City Point town.....	350	Plymouth town.....	810
Cleveland town.....	623	Seven Mile Creek town.....	678
Curran town.....	543	Summit town.....	815
Franklin town.....	724	Union Center village.....	190
Garden Valley town.....	634	Wonewoc town.....	1,006
Garfield town.....	524	Wonewoc village.....	793
Hixton town.....	646		
Hixton village.....	301	Kenosha County.....	63,505
Irving town.....	849	Brighton town.....	827
Knapp town.....	206	Bristol town.....	1,397
Komensky town.....	376	Kenosha city.....	48,765
Manchester town.....	247	Paris town.....	1,006
Melrose town.....	465	Pleasant Prairie town.....	3,892
Melrose village.....	462	Randall town.....	554
Merrillan village.....	591	Salem town.....	1,772
Millston town.....	212	Silver Lake village.....	365
North Bend town.....	596	Somers town.....	3,641
Northfield town.....	923	Twin Lakes village.....	409
Springfield town.....	711	Wheatland town.....	877
Taylor village.....	314		

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Kewaunee County	16,650	Langlade County—Cont.	
Ahnapee town.....	979	Polar town.....	963
Algoma city.....	2,652	Price town.....	446
Carlton town.....	1,153	Rolling town.....	937
Casco town.....	944	Summit town.....	315
Casco village.....	292	Unham town.....	536
Franklin town.....	1,043	Vilas town.....	393
Kewaunee city.....	2,533	White Lake village.....	548
Lincoln town.....	1,208	Wolf River town.....	1,128
Luxemburg town.....	1,239		
Luxemburg village.....	468	Lincoln County	22,536
Montpelier town.....	1,214	Birch town.....	522
Pierce town.....	563	Bradley town.....	1,172
Red River town.....	1,329	Corning town.....	967
West Kewaunee town.....	1,063	Harding town.....	286
		Harrison town.....	504
La Crosse County	59,653	King town.....	298
Bangor town.....	679	Merrill city.....	8,711
Bangor village.....	847	Merrill town.....	1,102
Barre town.....	467	Pine River town.....	1,280
Burns town.....	990	Rock Falls town.....	358
Campbell town.....	2,222	Russell town.....	728
Farmington town.....	1,643	Schley town.....	1,024
Greenfield town.....	642	Scott town.....	1,004
Hamilton town.....	1,342	Skanawan town.....	293
Holland town.....	1,254	Somo town.....	311
La Crosse city.....	42,707	Tomahawk city.....	3,365
Onalaska city.....	1,742	Tomahawk town.....	426
Onalaska town.....	913	Wilson town.....	205
Rockland village.....	171		
Shelby town.....	2,006	Manitowoc County	61,617
Washington town.....	774	Cato town.....	1,783
West Salem village.....	1,254	Centerville town.....	1,313
		Cooperstown town.....	1,239
Lafayette County	18,695	Eaton town.....	1,112
Argyle town.....	715	Franklin town.....	1,520
Argyle village.....	735	Gibson town.....	1,156
Belmont town.....	580	Kiel city, in Manitowoc Co. In Calumet Co.....	1,709
Belmont village.....	476	Total.....	1,898
Benton town.....	646	Kossuth town.....	1,905
Benton village.....	835	Liberty town.....	1,270
Blanchard town.....	371	Manitowoc city.....	24,404
Blanchardville village.....	662	Manitowoc town.....	558
Darlington city.....	2,002	Manitowoc Rapids town.....	2,433
Darlington town.....	1,029	Maple Grove town.....	966
Elk Grove town.....	672	Meeme town.....	1,393
Fayette town.....	663	Mishicot town.....	1,473
Gratiot town.....	1,026	Newton town.....	1,503
Gratiot village.....	297	Reedsville village.....	729
Kendall town.....	541	Rockland town.....	1,122
Lamont town.....	449	Schleswig town.....	1,170
Monticello town.....	255	Two Creeks town.....	525
New Diggings town.....	774	Two Rivers city.....	10,302
Seymour town.....	656	Two Rivers town.....	1,452
Shullsburg city.....	1,197	Valders village.....	580
Shullsburg town.....	596		
South Wayne village.....	331	Marathon County	75,915
Wayne town.....	665	Abbotsford village, in Marathon Co.....	142
White Oak Springs town.....	226	In Clark Co.....	778
Willow Springs town.....	906	Total.....	920
Wiota town.....	1,390	Athens village.....	856
		Bergen town.....	502
Langlade County	23,227	Berlin town.....	856
Ackley town.....	795	Bern town.....	609
Ainsworth town.....	465	Bevent town.....	947
Antigo city.....	9,495	Brighton town.....	690
Antigo town.....	1,598	Brokaw village.....	477
Elecho town.....	1,224	Cassel town.....	1,074
Evergreen town.....	829	Cleveland town.....	952
Langlade town.....	768	Colby city, in Marathon Co. In Clark Co.....	217
Neva town.....	1,006	Total.....	903
Norwood town.....	1,103	Day town.....	1,025
Farrish town.....	151		
Peek town.....	527		

**POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued**

Marathon County—Cont.		Marquette County.....	9,097
Easton town.....	995	Buffalo town.....	653
Eau Pleine town.....	921	Crystal Lake town.....	323
Edgar village.....	694	Douglas town.....	589
Elderon town.....	617	Harris town.....	418
Elderon village.....	249	Mecan town.....	371
Emmet town.....	985	Montello city.....	1,138
Fenwood village.....	156	Montello town.....	404
Frankfort town.....	754	Moundville town.....	637
Franzen town.....	726	Neshkoro town.....	259
Green Valley town.....	456	Neshkoro village.....	301
Guenther town.....	437	Newton town.....	399
Halsey town.....	771	Oxford town.....	379
Hamburg town.....	963	Oxford village.....	404
Harrison town.....	442	Packwaukee town.....	709
Hatley village.....	270	Shields town.....	400
Hewitt town.....	595	Springfield town.....	444
Holton town.....	1,099	Westfield town.....	408
Hull town.....	197	Westfield village.....	851
Johnson town.....	1,137		
Knowlton town.....	329	Milwaukee County.....	766,885
Kronewetter town.....	2,133	Cudahy city.....	10,561
McMillan town.....	1,115	Fox Point village.....	1,180
Maine town.....	1,334	Franklin town.....	2,304
Marathon town.....	862	Granville town.....	11,280
Marathon village.....	823	Greendale village.....	2,527
Mosinee city ¹⁸	1,361	Greenfield town.....	12,060
Mosinee town.....	1,105	Lake town.....	11,923
Norrie town.....	825	Milwaukee city.....	587,472
Plover town.....	828	Milwaukee town.....	4,202
Reid town.....	733	Oak Creek town.....	3,112
Reithrook town.....	1,175	River Hills village.....	541
Rib Falls town.....	878	Shorewood village.....	15,184
Rib Mountain town.....	1,291	South Milwaukee city.....	11,134
Ringle town.....	702	Wauwatosa city.....	27,769
Ringschild village.....	812	Wauwatosa town.....	14,611
Schofield village.....	1,536	West Allis city.....	36,364
Spencer town.....	750	West Milwaukee village.....	5,010
Spencer village.....	506	Whitefish Bay village.....	9,651
Stettin town.....	1,825		
Stratford village.....	879	Monroe County.....	30,080
Texas town.....	1,196	Adrian town.....	416
Unity village, in Marathon Co. In Clark Co.....	173 113	Angelo town.....	672
Total.....	286	Byron town.....	857
Wausau city.....	27,268	Cashton village.....	706
Wausau town.....	1,169	Clifton town.....	836
Weston town.....	1,458	Glendale town.....	805
Wien town.....	944	Grant town.....	424
		Greenfield town.....	662
Marinette County.....	36,225	Jefferson town.....	930
Amberg town.....	891	Kendall village.....	478
Athelstane town.....	377	Lafayette town.....	338
Beaver town.....	1,217	La Grange town.....	850
Beecher town.....	294	Leon town.....	827
Coleman village.....	562	Lincoln town.....	966
Dunbar town.....	349	Little Falls town.....	1,144
Goodman town.....	1,390	Melvina village.....	135
Grover town.....	1,751	New Lyme town.....	266
Lake town.....	764	Norwalk village.....	551
Marinette city.....	14,183	Oakdale town.....	691
Middle Inlet town.....	547	Portland town.....	964
Niagara town.....	508	Ridgeville town.....	776
Niagara village.....	2,266	Scott town.....	126
Pembine town.....	563	Sheldon town.....	831
Peshigo city.....	1,947	Sparta city.....	5,820
Peshigo town.....	1,840	Sparta town.....	1,551
Porterfield town.....	1,094	Tomah city.....	3,817
Pound town.....	1,464	Tomah town.....	745
Pound village.....	310	Wellington town.....	861
Silver Cliff town.....	224	Wells town.....	571
Stephenson town.....	1,876	Wilton town.....	759
Wagner town.....	593	Wilton village.....	486
Wausaukee town.....	560	Wyeville village.....	219
Wausaukee village.....	655		

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Oconto County	27 075	Outagamie County—Cont.	
Abrams town.....	505	Little Chute village.....	3,360
Armstrong town.....	572	Maine town.....	768
Bagley town.....	242	Maple Creek town.....	674
Brazeau town.....	1,135	New London city, in Outagamie Co.....	1,154
Breed town.....	537	In Waupaca Co.....	3,671
Chase town.....	1,091	Total.....	4,825
Doty town.....	125	Oneida town.....	2,013
Gillett town.....	1,029	Osborn town.....	565
Gillett village.....	1,145	Seymour city.....	1,365
How town.....	777	Seymour town.....	1,114
Lena town.....	970	Shiocton village.....	592
Lena village.....	469	Vandenbroek town.....	786
Little River town.....	1,011		
Little Suamico town.....	1,098	Ozaukee County	18,985
Maple Valley town.....	934	Belgium town.....	1,284
Morgan town.....	813	Belgium village.....	356
Oconto city.....	5,362	Cedarburg city.....	2,245
Oconto town.....	1,102	Cedarburg town.....	1,324
Oconto Falls city.....	1,888	Fredonia town.....	1,164
Oconto Falls town.....	909	Fredonia village.....	356
Pensaukee town.....	822	Grafton town.....	955
Riverview town.....	243	Grafton village.....	1,150
Spruce town.....	960	Mequon town.....	3,068
Stiles town.....	806	Port Washington city.....	4,046
Suring village.....	437	Port Washington town.....	891
Townsend town.....	409	Saukville town.....	1,070
Underhill town.....	736	Saukville village.....	431
Wheeler town.....	360	Thiensville village.....	645
Menominee Indian Reservation (part).....	288		
Oneida County	18,938	Pepin County	7,897
Cassian town.....	715	Albany town.....	632
Crescent town.....	662	Durand city.....	1,858
Enterprise town.....	324	Durand town.....	293
Hazelhurst town.....	227	Frankfort town.....	772
Lake Tomahawk town.....	345	Lima town.....	762
Little Rice town.....	193	Pepin town.....	868
Lynne town.....	252	Pepin village.....	754
Minocqua town.....	1,259	Stockholm town.....	344
Monico town.....	498	Stockholm village.....	179
Newbold town.....	395	Waterville town.....	1,305
Pelican town.....	1,402	Waubeek town.....	130
Piehl town.....	146		
Pine Lake town.....	829	Pierce County	21,471
Rhineland city.....	8,501	Bay City village.....	299
Schoepke town.....	514	Clifton town.....	508
Stella town.....	195	Diamond Bluff town.....	442
Sugar Camp town.....	508	Ellsworth town.....	1,144
Three Lakes town.....	1,118	Ellsworth village.....	1,340
Woodboro town.....	169	Elmwood village.....	828
Woodruff town.....	686	El Paso town.....	878
Outagamie County	70,032	Gilman town.....	956
Appleton city.....	28,436	Hartland town.....	847
Bear Creek village.....	409	Isabelle town.....	147
Black Creek town.....	854	Maiden Rock town.....	917
Black Creek village.....	542	Maiden Rock village.....	291
Bovina town.....	655	Martell town.....	908
Buchanan town.....	1,219	Oak Grove town.....	642
Center town.....	1,271	Plum City village.....	368
Cicero town.....	1,168	Prescott city.....	857
Combined Locks village.....	625	River Falls city, in Pierce Co.....	2,516
Dale town.....	1,105	In St. Croix Co.....	290
Deer Creek town.....	1,008	Total.....	2,806
Ellington town.....	1,229	River Falls town.....	900
Freedom town.....	1,493	Rock Elm town.....	984
Grand Chute town.....	3,814	Salem town.....	745
Greenville town.....	1,159	Spring Lake town.....	859
Hortonia town.....	570	Spring Valley village.....	973
Hortonville village.....	968	Trenton town.....	1,011
Kaukauna city.....	7,382	Trimble town.....	1,133
Kaukauna town.....	688	Union town.....	978
Kimberly village.....	2,618		
Liberty town.....	428		

**POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued**

Polk County	26,197	Price County—Cont.	
Alden town	1,193	Hilltown	427
Amery city	1,461	Kennan town	577
Apple River town	728	Kennan village	256
Balsam Lake town	764	Knox town	903
Balsam Lake village	452	Lake town	1,611
Beaver town	766	Ogema town	1,079
Black Brook town	833	Park Falls city	3,252
Bone Lake town	649	Phillips city	1,915
Centuria village	411	Prentice town	694
Clam Falls town	725	Prentice village	452
Clayton town	748	Spirit town	546
Clayton village	367	Worcester town	1,362
Clear Lake town	885		
Clear Lake village	676	Racine County	94,047
Dresser Junction village	294	Burlington city	4,414
Eureka town	1,323	Burlington town	1,257
Farmington town	911	Caledonia town	4,019
Frederic village	725	Dover town	1,782
Garfield town	953	Mount Pleasant town	6,760
Georgetown town	569	Norway town	1,354
Johnstown town	413	Racine city	67,195
Laketown town	990	Raymond town	1,549
Lincoln town	960	Rochester town	460
Lorain town	447	Rochester village	283
Luck town	855	Rochester village	803
Luck village	617	Sturtevant village	673
McKinley town	401	Union Grove village	1,153
Milftown town	927	Waterford town	786
Milftown village	469	Waterford village	1,254
Osceola town	736	Yorkville town	
Osceola village	642		
St. Croix Falls town	817	Richland County	20,381
St. Croix Falls village	1,007	Akan town	870
Sterling town	644	Bloom town	993
West Sweden town	839	Boaz village	230
		Buena Vista town	1,067
Portage County	35,800	Cazenovia village	370
Alban town	956	Dayton town	836
Almond town	663	Eagle town	901
Almond village	449	Forest town	670
Amherst town	995	Henrietta town	988
Amherst village	611	Ithaca town	842
Amherst Junction village	197	Lone Rock village	502
Belmont town	582	Marshall town	768
Buena Vista town	995	Orion town	756
Carson town	1,454	Richland town	1,214
Dewey town	718	Richland Center city	4,364
Eau Pleine town	1,029	Richwood town	1,045
Grant town	619	Rockbridge town	807
Hull town	1,428	Sylvan town	840
Junction City village	308	Viola village, in Richland Co.	539
Lanark town	712	In Vernon Co.	286
Linwood town	676	Total	825
Nelsonville village	180	Westford town	827
New Hope town	805	Willow town	836
Park Ridge village	210	Yuba village	116
Pine Grove town	668		
Plover town	2,082	Rock County	80,173
Rosholt village	523	Avon town	583
Sharon town	1,579	Beloit city	25,365
Stevens Point city	15,777	Beloit town	3,369
Stockton town	1,584	Bradford town	895
		Center town	874
Price County	18,400	Clinton town	871
Catawba town	421	Clinton village	903
Catawba village	290	Edgerton city	3,266
Eisenstein town	818	Evansville city	2,321
Elk town	677	Footville village	459
Emery town	609	Fulton town	1,210
Fifield town	958	Harmony town	1,481
Flambeau town	575	Janesville city	22,992
Georgetown town	319	Janesville town	1,600
Hackett town	365	Johnstown town	774
Harmony town	361	La Prairie town	833

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued,

Rock County—Cont.		St. Croix County—Cont.	
Lima town.....	573	Somerset town.....	854
Magnolia town.....	664	Somerset village.....	476
Milton town.....	1,835	Springfield town.....	984
Milton village.....	1,266	Stanton town.....	603
Newark town.....	797	Star Prairie town.....	917
Orfordville village.....	510	Star Prairie village.....	250
Plymouth town.....	902	Troy town.....	589
Porter town.....	823	Warren town.....	787
Rock town.....	1,454	Wilson village.....	188
Spring Valley town.....	788	Woodville village.....	408
Turtle town.....	1,516		
Union town.....	919	Sauk County.....	33,700
Rusk County.....	17,737	Ableman village.....	395
Atlanta town.....	796	Baraboo city.....	6,415
Big Bend town.....	583	Baraboo town.....	1,416
Big Falls town.....	148	Bear Creek town.....	837
Bruce village.....	596	Dellona town.....	508
Cedar Rapids town.....	80	Delton town.....	996
Conrath village.....	128	Excelsior town.....	782
Dewey town.....	496	Fairfield town.....	560
Flambeau town.....	904	Franklin town.....	1,015
Glen Flora village.....	140	Freedom town.....	660
Grant town.....	1,049	Greenfield town.....	675
Grow town.....	619	Honey Creek town.....	880
Hawkins town.....	344	Ironton town.....	788
Hawkins village.....	496	Ironton village.....	213
Hubbard town.....	248	La Valle town.....	880
Ingram village.....	174	La Valle village.....	408
Ladysmith city.....	3,671	Lime Ridge village.....	197
Lawrence town.....	329	Loganville village.....	236
Marshall town.....	891	Merrimac town.....	519
Murry town.....	542	Merrimac village.....	234
Richland town.....	284	North Freedom town.....	547
Rusk town.....	575	Plain village.....	405
Sheldon village.....	199	Prairie du Sac town.....	516
South Fork town.....	277	Prairie du Sac village.....	1,001
Strickland town.....	580	Reedsburg city.....	3,608
Stubbs town.....	812	Reedsburg town.....	1,167
Thornapple town.....	694	Sauk City village.....	1,325
Tony village.....	186	Spring Green town.....	682
True town.....	480	Spring Green village.....	868
Washington town.....	323	Sumpter town.....	592
Weyerhauser village.....	298	Troy town.....	974
Wilkinson town.....	148	Washington town.....	1,035
Willard town.....	459	Westfield town.....	808
Wilson town.....	188	Winfield town.....	666
St. Croix County.....	24,842	Woodland town.....	892
Baldwin town.....	1,057	Sawyer County.....	11,540
Baldwin village.....	918	Bass Lake town.....	736
Cady town.....	932	Couderay town.....	521
Cylon town.....	619	Couderay village.....	189
Deer Park village.....	203	Draper town.....	608
Eau Galle town.....	859	Edgewater town.....	276
Emerald town.....	766	Exeland village.....	194
Erin Prairie town.....	447	Hayward city.....	1,571
Forest town.....	807	Hayward town.....	1,345
Glenwood city.....	811	Hunter town.....	387
Glenwood town.....	890	Lenroot town.....	629
Hammond town.....	711	Meadow Brook town.....	316
Hammond village.....	467	Meteor town.....	294
Hudson city.....	2,987	Ojibwa town.....	309
Hudson town.....	426	Radisson town.....	870
Kinnickinnic town.....	561	Round Lake town.....	499
New Richmond city.....	2,388	Sand Lake town.....	675
North Hudson village.....	595	Spider Lake town.....	248
Pleasant Valley town.....	343	Weigort town.....	455
Richmond town.....	572	Winter town.....	1,418
River Falls city, in St. Croix Co.....	290		
In Pierce Co.....	2,516	Shawano County.....	35,378
Total.....	2,806	Almon town.....	781
Rush River town.....	419	Angelica town.....	1,463
St. Joseph town.....	718	Aniwa town.....	587

**POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued**

Shawano County—Cont.		Taylor County—Cont.	
Aniwa village.....	283	Grover town.....	385
Bartelme town.....	530	Hammel town.....	593
Belle Plaine town.....	1,321	Holway town.....	896
Birnamwood town.....	822	Jump River town.....	623
Birnamwood village.....	556	Little Black town.....	1,426
Bonduel village.....	661	Lublin village.....	148
Bowler village.....	315	McKinley town.....	658
Cecil village.....	370	Maplehurst town.....	554
Eland village.....	296	Medford city.....	2,361
Fairbanks town.....	735	Medford town.....	1,593
Germania town.....	456	Molitor town.....	212
Grant town.....	1,099	Pershing town.....	472
Green Valley town.....	1,183	Rib Lake town.....	879
Gresham village.....	295	Rib Lake village.....	1,042
Hartland town.....	939	Roosevelt town.....	1,022
Herman town.....	1,043	Taft town.....	548
Hutchins town.....	699	Westboro town.....	913
Lessor town.....	977		
Maple Grove town.....	1,376		
Mattoon village.....	524	Trempealeau County.....	24,381
Morris town.....	717	Albion town.....	725
Navarino town.....	543	Arcadia city.....	1,830
Pella town.....	874	Arcadia town.....	2,302
Red Springs town.....	906	Blair village.....	856
Richmond town.....	1,061	Burnside town.....	894
Seneca town.....	674	Caledonia town.....	330
Shawano city.....	5,565	Chimney Rock town.....	860
Tigerton village.....	794	Dodge town.....	543
Washington town.....	827	Eleva village.....	406
Waukechon town.....	877	Ettrick town.....	1,991
Wescott town.....	893	Gale town.....	1,450
Wittenberg town.....	971	Galesville village.....	1,147
Wittenberg village.....	900	Hale town.....	1,448
Menominee Indian Reservation (part).....	2,465	Independence village.....	1,036
		Lincoln town.....	746
Sheboygan County.....	76,221	Osseo village.....	1,105
Adell village.....	313	Pigeon town.....	1,067
Cascade village.....	358	Preston town.....	1,379
Cedar Grove village.....	907	Sumner town.....	672
Elkhart Lake village.....	571	Trempealeau town.....	1,001
Glenbeulah village.....	357	Trempealeau village.....	527
Greenbush town.....	1,152	Unity town.....	1,031
Herman town.....	1,932	Whitehall village.....	1,035
Holland town.....	2,010		
Kohler village.....	1,789	Vernon County.....	29,940
Lima town.....	1,784	Bergen town.....	707
Lyndon town.....	1,032	Chaseburg village.....	258
Mitchell town.....	822	Christiana town.....	1,039
Mosel town.....	830	Clinton town.....	1,039
Oostburg village.....	742	Coon town.....	995
Plymouth city.....	4,170	Coon Valley village.....	469
Plymouth town.....	1,459	De Soto village, in Vernon Co.....	288
Random Lake village.....	613	In Crawford Co.....	112
Rhine town.....	1,169	Total.....	400
Russell town.....	436	Forest town.....	1,029
Scott town.....	1,179	Franklin town.....	1,320
Sheboygan city.....	40,638	Genoa town.....	739
Sheboygan town.....	4,328	Genoa village.....	339
Sheboygan Falls city.....	3,395	Greenwood town.....	762
Sheboygan Falls town.....	1,660	Hamburg town.....	727
Sherman town.....	988	Harmony town.....	893
Waldo village.....	324	Hillsboro city.....	1,146
Wilson town.....	1,263	Hillsboro town.....	946
		Jefferson town.....	1,256
Taylor County.....	20,105	Kickapoo town.....	823
Aurora town.....	637	La Farge village.....	921
Browning town.....	709	Liberty town.....	414
Chelsea town.....	681	Ontario village.....	533
Cleveland town.....	511	Readstown village.....	584
Deer Creek town.....	1,052	Stark town.....	823
Ford town.....	388	Sterling town.....	1,085
Gilman village.....	440	Stoddard village.....	368
Goodrich town.....	520	Union town.....	710
Greenwood town.....	841		

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Vernon County—Cont.		Washburn County—Cont.	
Viola village, in Vernon Co.....	256	Sarona town.....	487
In Richland Co.....	539	Shell Lake village.....	872
Total.....	825	Spooner city.....	2,639
Viroqua city.....	3,549	Spooner town.....	358
Viroqua town.....	1,766	Spring Brook town.....	452
Webster town.....	1,061	Stinnett town.....	266
Westby city.....	1,438	Stone Lake town.....	393
Wheatland town.....	685	Trego town.....	637
Whitestown town.....	942		
Vilas County.....	8,894	Washington County.....	28,430
Arbor Vitae town.....	521	Addison town.....	1,629
Boulder Junction town.....	366	Barton town.....	848
Cloverland town.....	210	Barton village.....	900
Conover town.....	472	Erin town.....	955
Eagle River village.....	1,491	Farmington town.....	1,251
Flambeau town.....	1,133	German town town.....	1,626
Lincoln town.....	911	German town village.....	292
Phelps town.....	1,614	Hartford city.....	3,910
Plum Lake town.....	302	Hartford town.....	1,239
Presque Isle town.....	344	Jackson town.....	1,244
St. Germain town.....	286	Jackson village.....	302
Spider Lake town.....	180	Kewaskum town.....	736
State Line town.....	440	Kewaskum village.....	880
Washington town.....	380	Polk town.....	1,224
Winchester town.....	244	Richfield town.....	1,564
		Slinger village.....	775
Walworth County.....	33,103	Trenton town.....	1,499
Bloomfield town.....	971	Wayne town.....	1,055
Darien town.....	1,358	West Bend city.....	5,452
Delavan city.....	3,444	West Bend town.....	1,049
Delavan town.....	1,377		
East Troy town.....	898	Waukesha County.....	62,744
East Troy village.....	925	Big Bend village.....	298
Elkhorn city.....	2,382	Brookfield town.....	4,196
Fontana on Geneva Lake village.....	461	Butler village.....	778
Geneva town.....	1,444	Chenequa village.....	288
Geona City village.....	715	Delafield town.....	2,494
Lafayette town.....	814	Dousman village.....	272
La Grange town.....	757	Eagle town.....	742
Lake Geneva city.....	3,238	Eagle village.....	391
Linn town.....	1,179	Genesee town.....	1,484
Lyons town.....	1,150	Hartland village.....	998
Richmond town.....	751	Lac La Belle village.....	66
Sharon town.....	909	Lannon village.....	378
Sharon village.....	812	Lisbon town.....	1,158
Spring Prairie town.....	921	Menomonie town.....	2,205
Sugar Creek town.....	896	Menomonee Falls village.....	1,469
Troy town.....	842	Merton town.....	1,426
Walworth town.....	917	Merton village.....	254
Walworth village.....	875	Mukwonago town.....	801
Whitewater city.....	3,689	Mukwonago village.....	855
Whitewater town.....	661	Muskego town.....	2,495
Williams Bay village.....	717	New Berlin town.....	3,034
		North Prairie village.....	375
Washburn County.....	12,496	Oconomowoc city.....	4,562
Barronett town.....	515	Oconomowoc town.....	2,081
Bashaw town.....	681	Ottawa town.....	675
Bass Lake town.....	295	Pewaukee town.....	3,299
Beaver Brook town.....	513	Pewaukee village.....	1,352
Birehwood town.....	339	Summit town.....	1,617
Birehwood village.....	531	Sussex village.....	548
Brooklyn town.....	349	Vernon town.....	1,201
Casey town.....	165	Wales village.....	170
Chicog town.....	249	Waukesha city.....	19,242
Crystal town.....	355	Waukesha town.....	1,540
Evergreen town.....	560		
Frog Creek town.....	266	Waupaca County.....	34,614
Gull Lake town.....	179	Bear Creek town.....	986
Long Lake town.....	408	Big Falls village.....	187
Madge town.....	283	Caledonia town.....	696
Minong town.....	396	Clintonville city.....	4,134
Minong village.....	308	Dayton town.....	716
		Dupont town.....	863

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY MINOR CIVIL
DIVISIONS, 1940—Continued

Waupaca County—Cont.		Waushara County—Cont.	
Embarrass village.....	335	Wautoma town.....	510
Farmington town.....	1,819	Wautoma village.....	1,180
Fremont town.....	411	Wild Rose village.....	559
Fremont village.....	437		
Harrison town.....	637	Winnebago County.....	80,507
Helvetia town.....	515	Algoma town.....	1,242
Iola town.....	672	Black Wolf town.....	861
Iola village.....	746	Clayton town.....	1,160
Larrabee town.....	1,142	Menasha city.....	10,481
Lebanon town.....	854	Menasha town.....	1,235
Lind town.....	843	Neenah city.....	10,645
Little Wolf town.....	1,034	Neenah town.....	1,262
Manawa village.....	791	Nekimi town.....	977
Marion village.....	1,034	Nepeuskun town.....	710
Matteson town.....	852	Omro town.....	1,020
Mukwa town.....	814	Omro village.....	1,401
New London city, in Waupaca Co.	3,671	Oshkosh city.....	39,089
In Outagamie Co.....	1,154	Oshkosh town.....	3,449
Total.....	4,825	Poygan town.....	579
Ogdensburg village.....	207	Rushford town.....	1,355
Royalton town.....	1,216	Utica town.....	893
St. Lawrence town.....	727	Winland town.....	901
Scandinavia town.....	713	Winchester town.....	944
Scandinavia village.....	295	Winneconne town.....	628
Union town.....	963	Winneconne village.....	931
Waupaca city.....	3,458	Wolf River town.....	744
Waupaca town.....	758		
Weyauwega city.....	1,173	Wood County.....	44,465
Weyauwega town.....	458	Arpin town.....	1,154
Wyoming town.....	423	Auburdale town.....	986
		Auburdale village.....	342
Waushara County.....	14,268	Biron village.....	475
Aurora town.....	822	Cameron town.....	301
Berlin city, in Waushara Co.....	32	Cary town.....	423
In Green Lake Co.....	4,215	Cranmoor town.....	258
Total.....	4,247	Dexter town.....	379
Bloomfield town.....	882	Grand Rapids town.....	2,360
Coloma town.....	387	Hansen town.....	972
Coloma village.....	308	Hiles town.....	202
Dakota town.....	394	Lincoln town.....	1,256
Deerfield town.....	455	Marshfield city.....	10,359
Hancock town.....	470	Marshfield town.....	767
Hancock village.....	481	Milladore town.....	962
Leon town.....	592	Milladore village.....	226
Lohrville village.....	191	Nekoosa city.....	2,212
Marion town.....	684	Pittsville city.....	556
Mount Morris town.....	471	Port Edwards town.....	470
Oasis town.....	448	Port Edwards village.....	1,192
Plainfield town.....	482	Remington town.....	420
Plainfield village.....	571	Richfield town.....	920
Poysippi town.....	862	Rock town.....	771
Redgrainte village.....	857	Rudolph town.....	1,030
Richford town.....	454	Saratoga town.....	932
Rose town.....	494	Seneca town.....	472
Saxeville town.....	619	Sherry town.....	767
Springwater town.....	387	Sigel town.....	1,204
Warren town.....	676	Wisconsin Rapids city.....	11,416
		Wood town.....	681

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES

July 1943

Office	County	Office	County
Abbotsford	Clark	Beaver	Marinette
Ableman	Sauk	Beaver Brook	Washburn
Abrams	Oconto	Beaver Dam	Dodge
Adams	Adams	Beetown	Grant
Adell	Sheboygan	Beldenville	Pierce
Afton	Rock	Belgium	Ozaukee
Albany	Green	Belleville	Dane
Albion	Dane	Belmont	Lafayette
Algoma	Kewaunee	Beloit	Rock
Allen Grove	Walworth	Bennett	Douglas
Allenton	Washington	Benoit	Bayfield
Allenville	Winnebago	Benton	Lafayette
Allouez (Ind. Sta. Superior)		Berlin	Green Lake
	Douglas	Big Bend	Waukesha
Alma	Buffalo	Big Falls	Waupaca
Alma Center	Jackson	Billings Park (Sta. Superior)	Douglas
Almena	Barron	Birchwood	Washburn
Almond	Portage	Birnamwood	Shawano
Altoona	Eau Claire	Blackcreek	Outagamie
Alvin	Forest	Black Earth	Dane
Amberg	Marinette	Black River Falls	Jackson
Amery	Polk	Blackwell	Forest
Amherst	Portage	Blair	Trempealeau
Amherst Junction	Portage	Blanchardville	Lafayette
Aniwa	Shawano	Blenker	Wood
Antigo	Langlade	Bloom City	Richland
Appleton	Outagamie	Bloomer	Chippewa
Arbor Vitae	Vilas	Bloomington	Grant
Arcadia	Trempealeau	Blue Mounds	Dane
Arena	Iowa	Blue River	Grant
Argonne	Forest	Boardman	Saint Croix
Argyle	Lafayette	Boaz	Richland
Arkansaw	Pepin	Bonduel	Shawano
Arkdale	Adams	Boscobel	Grant
Arlington	Columbia	Boulder Junction	Vilas
Armstrong Creek	Forest	Bowler	Shawano
Arpin	Wood	Boyceville	Dunn
Ashippun	Dodge	Boyd	Chippewa
Ashland	Ashland	Branch	Manitowoc
Astico	Dodge	Brandon	Fond du Lac
Athelstane	Marinette	Brantwood	Price
Athens	Marathon	Breed	Oconto
Atwater	Dodge	Bridgeport	Crawford
Auburndale	Wood	Briggsville	Marquette
Augusta	Eau Claire	Brill	Barron
Aurora	Waushara	Brillion	Calumet
Aurora	Rock	Bristol	Kenosha
Avoca	Iowa	Brodhead	Green
		Brokaw	Marathon
		Brookfield	Waukesha
		Brooklyn	Green
		Brooks	Adams
		Brownsville	Dodge
		Browntown	Green
		Bruce	Rusk
		Brule	Douglas
		Brussels	Door
		Bryant	Langlade
		Burkhardt	Saint Croix
		Burlington	Racine
		Burnett	Dodge
		Butler	Waukesha
		Butte des Morts	Winnebago
		Butternut	Ashland
		Byron	Fond du Lac
Babcock	Wood	Cable	Bayfield
Bagley	Grant	Cadott	Chippewa
Baileys Harbor	Door		
Baldwin	Saint Croix		
Balsam Lake	Polk		
Bancroft	Portage		
Bangor	La Crosse		
Baraboo	Sauk		
Barksdale	Bayfield		
Barneveld	Iowa		
Barnum	Crawford		
Barron	Barron		
Barronnett	Barron		
Barton	Washington		
Basco	Dane		
Bassett	Kenosha		
Bay City	Pierce		
Bayfield	Bayfield		
Bear Creek	Outagamie		

Office	County	Office	County
Calamine	Lafayette	Dale	Outagamie
Caledonia	Racine	Dallas	Barron
Calvary	Fond du Lac	Dalton	Green Lake
Cambria	Columbia	Danbury	Burnett
Cambridge	Dane	Dancy	Marathon
Cameron	Barron	Dane	Dane
Campbellsport	Fond du Lac	Darien	Walworth
Camp Douglas	Juneau	Darlington	Lafayette
Camp Lake	Kenosha	Deerbrook	Langlade
Camp McCoy (Ind. Branch of Sparta)	Monroe	Deerfield	Dane
Canton	Barron	Deer Park	Saint Croix
Caroline	Shawano	De Forest	Dane
Carrollville	Milwaukee	Delafield	Waukesha
Carter	Forest	Delavan	Walworth
Cascade	Sheboygan	Dellwood	Adams
Casco	Kewaunee	Delta	Bayfield
Cashton	Monroe	Denmark	Brown
Cassville	Grant	De Pere	Brown
Cataract	Monroe	Deronda	Polk
Catawba	Price	De Sota	Vernon
Cato	Manitowoc	Devils Lake (Rural Station)	Sauk
Cavour	Forest	Diamond Bluff	Pierce
Cayuga	Ashland	Dickeyville	Grant
Cazenovia	Richland	Dodge	Trempealeau
Cecil	Shawano	Dodgeville	Iowa
Cedar	Iron	Dorchester	Clark
Cedarburg	Ozaukee	Dousman	Waukesha
Cedar Grove	Sheboygan	Downing	Dunn
Centuria	Polk	Downsville	Dunn
Chaseburg	Vernon	Doylestown	Columbia
Chelsea	Taylor	Dresser	Polk
Chetek	Barron	Drummond	Bayfield
Chili	Clark	Dunbar	Marinette
Chilton	Calumet	Dunbarton	Lafayette
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	Dundas	Calumet
City Point	Jackson	Durand	Pepin
Clam Falls	Polk	Eagle	Waukesha
Clam Lake	Ashland	Eagle River	Vilas
Clarno	Green	Earl	Washburn
Clayton	Polk	East Ellsworth	Pierce
Clear Lake	Polk	East End (Ind. Sta. Superior)	Douglas
Clearwater Lake	Oneida	Eastman	Crawford
Cleveland	Manitowoc	East Troy	Walworth
Clinton	Rock	Eau Claire	Eau Claire
Clintonville	Waupaca	Eau Galle	Dunn
Cloverdale	Juneau	Eden	Fond du Lac
Clyman	Dodge	Edgar	Marathon
Cobb	Iowa	Edgerton	Rock
Cochrane	Buffalo	Edgewater	Sawyer
Coddington	Portage	Edmund	Iowa
Colby	Marathon	Egg Harbor	Door
Coleman	Marinette	Eland	Shawano
Coifax	Dunn	Elcho	Langlade
Colgate	Washington	Elderon	Marathon
College Camp	Walworth	Eldorado	Fond du Lac
Collins	Manitowoc	Eleva	Trempealeau
Coloma	Waushara	Elkhart Lake	Sheboygan
Columbus	Columbia	Elkhorn	Walworth
Combined Locks	Outagamie	Elk Mound	Dunn
Commonwealth	Florence	Ellison Bay	Door
Comstock	Barron	Ellsworth	Pierce
Conover	Vilas	Elm Grove	Waukesha
Conrath	Rusk	Elmwood	Pierce
Coon Valley	Vernon	Elroy	Juneau
Cornell	Chippewa	Elton	Langlade
Cornucopia	Bayfield	Embarrass	Waupaca
Cottage Grove	Dane	Emerald	Saint Croix
Couderay	Sawyer	Endeavor	Marquette
Crandon	Forest	Ephraim	Door
Crivitz	Marinette	Etrick	Trempealeau
Cross Plains	Dane	Eureka	Winnebago
Cuba City	Grant	Evansville	Rock
Cudahy	Milwaukee	Excelsior	Richland
Cumberland	Barron	Exeland	Sawyer
Curtiss	Clark	Fairchild	Eau Claire
Cushing	Polk	Fair Water	Fond du Lac
Custer	Portage		
Cutler	Juneau		
Cylon	Saint Croix		

Office	County
Fall Creek	Eau Claire
Fall River	Columbia
Fence	Florence
Fennimore	Grant
Fenwood	Marathon
Fern	Florence
Ferryville	Crawford
Field	Price
Finley	Juneau
Fish Creek	Door
Fitchburg	Dane
Florence	Florence
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac
Fontana	Walworth
Footville	Rock
Forest Junction	Calumet
Forestville	Door
Fort Atkinson	Jefferson
Fountain City	Buffalo
Foxboro	Douglas
Fox Lake	Dodge
Francis Creek	Manitowoc
Franksville	Racine
Frederic	Polk
Fredonia	Ozaukee
Fremont	Waupaca
Friendship	Adams
Friesland	Columbia

Galesville	Trempealeau
Galloway	Marathon
Gays Mills	Crawford
Genesee Depot	Waukesha
Genoa	Vernon
Genoa City	Walworth
Germantown	Washington
Gile	Iron
Gillett	Oconto
Gillingham	Richland
Gilman	Taylor
Gilmanton	Buffalo
Gleason	Lincoln
Glenbeulah	Sheboygan
Glen Flora	Rusk
Glenhaven	Grant
Glen Oak	Marquette
Glenwood City	Saint Croix
Glidden	Ashland
Goodman	Marinette
Goodrich	Taylor
Gordon	Douglas
Gotham	Richland
Grafton	Ozaukee
Grandmarsh	Adams
Grandview	Bayfield
Granite Heights	Marathon
Granton	Clark
Grantsburg	Burnett
Granville	Milwaukee
Gratiot	Lafayette
Green Bay	Brown
Greenbush	Sheboygan
Greendale	Milwaukee
Green Lake	Green Lake
Greenleaf	Brown
Greenvalley	Shawano
Greenville	Outagamie
Greenwood	Clark
Gresham	Shawano
Grimms	Manitowoc
Gurney	Iron

Hager City	Pierce
Hales Corners	Milwaukee
Hamburg	Marathon
Hammond	Saint Croix
Hancock	Waushara
Hannibal	Taylor

Office	County
Hanover	Rock
Harshaw	Oneida
Hartford	Washington
Hartland	Waukesha
Hatley	Marathon
Hauer	Sawyer
Haugen	Barron
Haven	Sheboygan
Hawkins	Rusk
Hawthorne	Douglas
Hayward	Sawyer
Hazel Green	Grant
Hazelhurst	Oneida
Heafford Junction	Lincoln
Helenville	Jefferson
Herbster	Bayfield
Hersey	Saint Croix
Hertel	Burnett
Hewitt	Wood
High Bridge	Ashland
Highcliff	Calumet
Highland	Iowa
Hika	Manitowoc
Hilbert	Calumet
Hiles	Forest
Hillpoint	Sauk
Hillsboro	Vernon
Hillsdale	Barron
Hines	Douglas
Hingham	Sheboygan
Hixton	Jackson
Holcombe	Chippewa
Hollandale	Iowa
Hollister	Langlade
Holmen	La Crosse
Honey Creek	Walworth
Horicon	Dodge
Hortonville	Outagamie
Hubbleton	Jefferson
Hubertus	Washington
Hudson	Saint Croix
Humbird	Clark
Hurley	Iron
Hustisford	Dodge
Hustler	Juneau

Independence	Trempealeau
Ingram	Rusk
Iola	Waupaca
Irma	Lincoln
Iron Belt	Iron
Iron Ridge	Dodge
Iron River	Bayfield
Ironton	Sauk
Itasca (Ind. Sta. Superior)	
	Douglas
Ixonia	Jefferson

Jackson	Washington
Jacksonport	Door
Janesville	Rock
Jefferson	Jefferson
Jefferson Junction	Jefferson
Jewett	Saint Croix
Jim Falls	Chippewa
Joel	Polk
Johnson Creek	Jefferson
Jonesdale	Iowa
Juda	Green
Jump River	Taylor
Junction City	Portage
Juneau	Dodge

Kansasville	Racine
Kaukauna	Outagamie
Kellnersville	Manitowoc
Kempster	Langlade

Office	County	Office	County
Kendall	Monroe	Manchester	Green Lake
Kennan	Price	Manitowish	Iron
Kenosha	Kenosha	Manitowoc	Manitowoc
Keshena	Shawano	Maple	Douglas
Kewaskum	Washington	Maplewood	Door
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Marathon	Marathon
Kiel	Manitowoc	Marengo	Ashland
Kimberly	Outagamie	Maribel	Manitowoc
King	Waupaca	Marinette	Marinette
Kinston	Green Lake	Marion	Waupaca
Klevenville	Dane	Markesan	Green Lake
Knapp	Dunn	Markton	Langlade
Knowles	Dodge	Marquette	Green Lake
Knowlton	Marathon	Marshall	Dane
Kohler	Sheboygan	Marshfield	Wood
Krakow	Shawano	Martell	Pierce
		Mason	Bayfield
Lac du Flambeau	Vilas	Mather	Juneau
La Crosse	La Crosse	Mattoon	Shawano
Ladysmith	Rusk	Mauston	Juneau
La Farge	Vernon	Mayville	Dodge
Lake Beulah	Walworth	Mazomanie	Dane
Lake Delton	Sauk	Medford	Taylor
Lake Geneva	Walworth	Medina	Outagamie
Lake Mills	Jefferson	Mellen	Ashland
Lake Nebagamon	Douglas	Melrose	Jackson
Lake Tomahawk	Oneida	Melvina	Monroe
Lakewood	Oconto	Menasha	Winnebago
Lampson	Washburn	Mendota	Dane
Lancaster	Grant	Menekaunee	Marinette
Land O'Lakes	Vilas	Menomonee Falls	Waukesha
Lannon	Waukesha	Menomonie	Dunn
Laona	Forest	Mercer	Iron
La Pointe	Ashland	Merrill	Lincoln
Larsen	Winnebago	Merrillan	Jackson
La Valle	Sauk	Merrimack	Sauk
Leadmine	Lafayette	Merton	Waukesha
Lebanon	Dodge	Middle Inlet	Marinette
Lemington	Sawyer	Middleton	Dane
Lena	Oconto	Mifflin	Iowa
Leapolis	Shawano	Mikana	Barron
Lewis	Polk	Milan	Marathon
Lily	Langlade	Milladore	Wood
Lima Center	Rock	Millston	Jackson
Limeridge	Sauk	Milltown	Polk
Linden	Iowa	Milton	Rock
Lindsey	Wood	Milton Junction	Rock
Little Chute	Outagamie	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
Little Suamico	Oconto	Mindoro	La Crosse
Livingston	Grant	Mineral Point	Iowa
Lodi	Columbia	Minocqua	Oneida
Loganville	Sauk	Minong	Washburn
Lohrville	Waushara	Mishicot	Manitowoc
Lomira	Dodge	Modena	Buffalo
London	Dane	Mondovi	Buffalo
Lone Rock	Richland	Monico	Oneida
Long Lake	Florence	Monroe	Green
Loomis	Marinette	Montello	Marquette
Loraine	Polk	Montfort	Grant
Loretta	Sawyer	Monticello	Green
Louisburg	Grant	Montreal	Iron
Lowell	Dodge	Moquah	Bayfield
Loyal	Clark	Morse	Dane
Lublin	Taylor	Morrisonville	Ashland
Luck	Polk	Mosinee	Marathon
Luxemburg	Kewaunee	Mountain	Oconto
Lyndhurst	Shawano	Mount Calvary	Fond du Lac
Lyndon Station	Juneau	Mount Hope	Grant
Lynxville	Crawford	Mount Horeb	Dane
Lyns	Walworth	Mount Sterling	Crawford
		Mukwonago	Waukesha
		Muscoda	Grant
		Muskego	Waukesha
McAllister	Marinette		
McFarland	Dane	Nashotah	Waukesha
McNaughton	Oneida	Nashville	Forest
Madison	Dane	Navarino	Shawano
Maiden Rock	Pierce	Necedah	Juneau
Malone	Fond du Lac	Neeah	Winnebago
Manawa	Waupaca		

POST OFFICES

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Office County
 Neillsville ----- Clark
 Nekoosa ----- Wood
 Nelma ----- Forest
 Nelson ----- Buffalo
 Nelsonville ----- Portage
 Neopit ----- Shawano
 Neosho ----- Dodge
 Neshkoro ----- Marquette
 Newald ----- Forest
 New Auburn ----- Chippewa
 Newburg ----- Washington
 New Diggings ----- Lafayette
 New Franken ----- Brown
 New Glarus ----- Green
 New Holstein ----- Calumet
 New Lisbon ----- Juneau
 New London ----- Waupaca
 New Munster ----- Kenosha
 New Richmond ----- Saint Croix
 New Rome ----- Adams
 Newton ----- Manitowoc
 Niagara ----- Marinette
 Nichols ----- Outagamie
 Norrie ----- Marathon
 North Bend ----- Jackson
 Northfield ----- Jackson
 North Fond du Lac (Branch
 of Fond du Lac) ----- Fond du Lac
 North Freedom ----- Sauk
 North Lake ----- Waukesha
 North Prairie ----- Waukesha
 Norwalk ----- Monroe
 Nye ----- Polk

Oakdale ----- Monroe
 Oakfield ----- Fond du Lac
 Oakwood ----- Milwaukee
 Oconomowoc ----- Waukesha
 Oconto ----- Oconto
 Oconto Falls ----- Oconto
 Odanah ----- Ashland
 Ogdensburg ----- Waupaca
 Ogema ----- Price
 Ojibwa ----- Sawyer
 Okauchee ----- Waukesha
 Okee ----- Columbia
 Omro ----- Winnebago
 Onalaska ----- La Crosse
 Oneida ----- Outagamie
 Ontario ----- Vernon
 Oostburg ----- Sheboygan
 Oregon ----- Dane
 Orfordville ----- Rock
 Osceola ----- Polk
 Oshkosh ----- Winnebago
 Osseo ----- Trempealeau
 Owen ----- Clark
 Oxford ----- Marquette

Packwaukee ----- Marquette
 Palmyra ----- Jefferson
 Pardeeville ----- Columbia
 Park Falls ----- Price
 Parrish ----- Langlade
 Patch Grove ----- Grant
 Patzau ----- Douglas
 Pearson ----- Langlade
 Peebles ----- Fond du Lac
 Pelican Lake ----- Oneida
 Pell Lake ----- Walworth
 Pembine ----- Marinette
 Pence ----- Iron
 Pensaukee ----- Oconto
 Pepin ----- Pepin
 Perkinstown ----- Taylor
 Peshtigo ----- Marinette
 Pewaukee ----- Waukesha
 Phelps ----- Vilas

Office County
 Phillips ----- Price
 Phlox ----- Langlade
 Pickerel ----- Langlade
 Pickett ----- Winnebago
 Pigeon Falls ----- Trempealeau
 Pine River ----- Waushara
 Pittsville ----- Wood
 Plain ----- Sauk
 Plainfield ----- Waushara
 Plainville ----- Adams
 Platteville ----- Grant
 Pleasant Prairie ----- Kenosha
 Plover ----- Portage
 Plum City ----- Pierce
 Plymouth ----- Sheboygan
 Polar ----- Langlade
 Poplar ----- Douglas
 Portage ----- Columbia
 Port Edwards ----- Wood
 Porterfield ----- Marinette
 Port Washington ----- Ozaukee
 Port Wing ----- Bayfield
 Poskin ----- Barron
 Potosi ----- Grant
 Potter ----- Calumet
 Pound ----- Marinette
 Powell ----- Iron
 Powers Lake ----- Kenosha
 Poynette ----- Columbia
 Poy Sippi ----- Waushara
 Prairie du Chien ----- Crawford
 Prairie du Sac ----- Sauk
 Prairie Farm ----- Barron
 Pray ----- Jackson
 Prentice ----- Price
 Prescott ----- Pierce
 Princeton ----- Green Lake
 Pulaski ----- Brown
 Pulcifer ----- Shawano

Quarry ----- Manitowoc

Racine ----- Racine
 Radisson ----- Sawyer
 Randall ----- Burnett
 Randolph ----- Columbia
 Random Lake ----- Sheboygan
 Readfield ----- Waupaca
 Readstown ----- Vernon
 Redgranite ----- Waushara
 Reedsburg ----- Sauk
 Reedsville ----- Manitowoc
 Reeseville ----- Dodge
 Rewey ----- Iowa
 Rhineland ----- Oneida
 Rib Lake ----- Taylor
 Rice Lake ----- Barron
 Richfield ----- Washington
 Richland Center ----- Richland
 Richwood ----- Dodge
 Ridgeland ----- Dunn
 Ridgeway ----- Iowa
 Ringle ----- Marathon
 Rio ----- Columbia
 Rio Creek ----- Kewaunee
 Riplinger ----- Clark
 Ripon ----- Fond du Lac
 River Falls ----- Pierce
 Roberts ----- Saint Croix
 Rochester ----- Racine
 Rockbridge ----- Richland
 Rockdale ----- Dane
 Rock Elm ----- Pierce
 Rock Falls ----- Dunn
 Rockfield ----- Washington
 Rockland ----- La Crosse
 Rolling Prairie ----- Dodge
 Rome ----- Jefferson

Office	County	Office	County
Rosendale	Fond du Lac	Stockholm	Pepin
Rosholt	Portage	Stoddard	Vernon
Rothschild	Marathon	Stone Lake	Sawyer
Royalton	Waupaca	Stoughton	Dane
Rubicon	Dodge	Stratford	Marathon
Rudolph	Wood	Strongs Prairie	Adams
Rush Lake	Winnebago	Strum	Trempealeau
Rusk	Dunn	Sturgeon Bay	Door
		Sturtevant	Racine
		Suamico	Brown
Saint Cloud	Fond du Lac	Sugar Bush	Outagamie
Saint Croix Falls	Polk	Sullivan	Jefferson
Saint Francis	Milwaukee	Summit Lake	Langlade
Saint Nazianz	Manitowoc	Sun Prairie	Dane
Salem	Kenosha	Superior	Douglas
Sanborn	Ashland	Suring	Oconto
Sand Creek	Dunn	Sussex	Waukesha
Sarana	Washburn		
Sauk City	Sauk	Taycheedah	Fond du Lac
Saukville	Ozaukee	Taylor	Jackson
Sawyer (Ind. Br. of Sturgeon Bay)	Door	Theresa	Dodge
Saxeville	Waushara	Thiensville	Ozaukee
Saxon	Iron	Thor	Clark
Sayner	Vilas	Three Lakes	Oneida
Scandinavia	Waupaca	Tiffany	Rock
Schofield	Marathon	Tigerton	Shawano
Sechlerville	Jackson	Tilleda	Shawano
Seneca	Crawford	Tioga	Clark
Sextonville	Richland	Tipler	Florence
Seymour	Outagamie	Tisch Mills	Manitowoc
Sharon	Walworth	Tomah	Monroe
Shawano	Shawano	Tomahawk	Lincoln
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Tony	Rusk
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	Townsend	Oconto
Sheldon	Rusk	Trego	Washburn
Shell Lake	Washburn	Trempealeau	Trempealeau
Sheridan	Waupaca	Trevor	Kenosha
Sherry	Wood	Tripoli	Oneida
Sherwood	Calumet	Trout Lake	Vilas
Shiocton	Outagamie	Troy Center	Walworth
Shorewood (Branch of Milwaukee)	Milwaukee	Truesdell	Kenosha
Shullsburg	Lafayette	Tunnel City	Monroe
Silverlake	Kenosha	Turtle Lake	Barron
Sinsinawa	Grant	Twin Bluffs	Richland
Siren	Burnett	Twin Lakes	Kenosha
Sister Bay	Door	Two Rivers	Manitowoc
Slinger	Washington		
Sobieski	Oconto	Underhill	Oconto
Soldiers Grove	Crawford	Union Center	Juneau
Solon Springs	Douglas	Union Grove	Racine
Somers	Kenosha	Unity	Marathon
Somerset	Saint Croix	Upson	Iron
Soperton	Forest		
South Byron	Fond du Lac	Valders	Manitowoc
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Valley	Vernon
South Range	Douglas	Vandyne	Fond du Lac
South Wayne	Lafayette	Verona	Dane
Sparta	Monroe	Vesper	Wood
Spencer	Marathon	Victory	Vernon
Spirit Falls	Lincoln	Viola	Richland
Spooner	Washburn	Viroqua	Vernon
Sprague	Juneau		
Spread Eagle	Florence	Wabeno	Forest
Springbrook	Washburn	Waldo	Sheboygan
Springfield	Walworth	Wales	Waukesha
Spring Green	Sauk	Walworth	Walworth
Spring Valley	Pierce	Wanderoos	Polk
Stanley	Chippewa	Warrens	Monroe
Starlake	Vilas	Wascott	Douglas
Star Prairie	Saint Croix	Washburn	Bayfield
Statesan	Waukesha	Washington Island	Door
Stetsonville	Taylor	Waterford	Racine
Steuben	Crawford	Waterloo	Jefferson
Stevens Point	Portage	Watertown	Jefferson
Stiles	Oconto	Waubeka (Rural Sta. donia)	Ozaukee
Stitzer	Grant		
Stockbridge	Calumet		

Office	County	Office	County
Waukau	Winnebago	Wild Rose	Waushara
Waukesha	Waukesha	Willard	Clark
Waumandee	Buffalo	Williamis Bay	Walworth
Waunakee	Dane	Wilmot	Kenosha
Waupaca	Waupaca	Wilson	Saint Croix
Waupun	Fond du Lac	Wilton	Monroe
Wausau	Marathon	Winchester	Vilas
Wausaukee	Marinette	Windsor	Dane
Wautoma	Waushara	Winegar	Vilas
Wauwatosa (Branch of Milwaukee)	Milwaukee	Winnebago	Winnebago
Wauzeka	Crawford	Winneconne	Winnebago
Wayside	Brown	Winter	Sawyer
Webb Lake	Burnett	Wisconsin Dells	Columbia
Webster	Burnett	Wisconsin Rapids	Wood
Wentworth	Douglas	Withee	Clark
West Allis (Branch of Milwaukee)	Milwaukee	Wittenberg	Shawano
West Bend	Washington	Wolfcreek	Polk
West Bloomfield	Waushara	Wonewoc	Juneau
Westboro	Taylor	Wood	Milwaukee
Westby	Vernon	Woodford	Lafayette
West De Pere	Brown	Woodland	Dodge
Westfield	Marquette	Woodman	Grant
West Lima	Richland	Woodruff	Oneida
Weston	Dunn	Woodville	Saint Croix
West Salem	La Crosse	Woodworth	Kenosha
West Wrightstown	Brown	Wrightstown	Brown
Weyauwega	Waupaca	Wyalusing	Grant
Weyerhauser	Rusk	Wyeville	Monroe
Wheeler	Dunn	Wyocena	Columbia
White Creek	Adams	Yellowlake	Burnett
Whitehall	Trempealeau	Yuba	Richland
White Lake	Langlade		
Whitelaw	Manitowoc		
Whitewater	Walworth	Zachow	Shawano
Whittlesey	Taylor	Zenda	Walworth

WISCONSIN CITIES¹ AND VILLAGES²

City	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated	Type of Government
First Class Cities (Over 150,000 Population)				
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	587,472	1846	Mayor-Council
Second Class Cities (39,000 to 150,000)				
Green Bay.....	Brown.....	46,235	1854	Mayor-Council ³
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	48,765	1850	City Manager
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	42,707	1856	Mayor-Council
Madison.....	Dane.....	67,447	1856	Mayor-Council
Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	39,089	1853	Mayor-Council
Racine.....	Racine.....	67,195	1848	Mayor-Council
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	40,638	1853	Mayor-Council
Superior.....	Douglas.....	35,136	1858	City Manager
Third Class Cities (10,000 to 39,000)				
Appleton.....	Outagamie.....	28,436	1857	Mayor-Council
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	11,101	1887	Mayor-Council
Beloit.....	Rock.....	25,365	1857	City Manager
Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.....	10,368	1869	Mayor-Council
Cudahy.....	Milwaukee.....	10,561	1906	Mayor-Council
Eau Claire.....	Fau Claire.....	30,745	1872	Commission
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	27,209	1852	Commission
Janesville.....	Rock.....	22,992	1853	City Manager
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	24,404	1870	Mayor-Council
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	14,183	1887	Mayor-Council
Menasha.....	Winnebago.....	10,481	1874	Mayor-Council
Neeah.....	Winnebago.....	10,645	1873	Mayor-Council
South Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	11,134	1897	Mayor-Council
Stevens Point.....	Portage.....	15,777	1858	Mayor-Council
Two Rivers.....	Manitowoc.....	10,302	1878	City Manager
Watertown.....	Dodge, Jefferson.....	11,301	1853	Mayor-Council
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	19,242	1895	Mayor-Council
Wausau.....	Marathon.....	27,268	1872	Mayor-Council
Wauwatosa.....	Milwaukee.....	27,769	1897	Mayor-Council
West Allis.....	Milwaukee.....	36,364	1906	Mayor-Council
Wisconsin Rapids.....	Wood.....	11,416	1869	Mayor-Council
Fourth Class Cities (Under 10,000)				
Adams.....	Adams.....	1,310	1926	Mayor-Council
Algoma.....	Kewaunee.....	2,652	1879	Mayor-Council
Alma.....	Buffalo.....	1,139	1895	Mayor-Council
Altoona.....	Eau Claire.....	1,239	1887	Mayor-Council
Amery.....	Polk.....	1,461	1919	Mayor-Council
Antigo.....	Langlade.....	9,495	1885	Commission
Arcadia.....	Trempealeau.....	1,830	1925	Mayor-Council
Augusta.....	Eau Claire.....	1,519	1885	Mayor-Council
Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	6,415	1882	Mayor-Council
Barron.....	Barron.....	2,059	1887	Mayor-Council
Bayfield.....	Bayfield.....	1,212	1913	Mayor-Council
Beaver Dam.....	Dodge.....	10,356	1856	Mayor-Council
Berlin.....	Green Lake, Waushara.....	4,247	1857	Mayor-Council
Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	2,539	1883	Mayor-Council
Brillion.....	Calumet.....	1,700	1944	Mayor-Council
Bloomer.....	Chippewa.....	2,204	1920	Mayor-Council
Boscobel.....	Grant.....	2,008	1873	Mayor-Council
Brodhead.....	Green.....	1,750	1891	Mayor-Council
Buffalo.....	Buffalo.....	293	1859	Mayor-Council
Burlington.....	Racine.....	4,414	1900	Mayor-Council

¹ Under 62.05 (2) of the statutes, a city changes from one class to another, when after the official census is published, the city has enacted the legislation for such changed classification, and the mayor has proclaimed the change.

² Villages of 1,000 or more population may become cities under 61.58 of the statutes. In addition, any district containing a population of 1,500 or more and consisting of or containing an incorporated or unincorporated village, may become a city under 62.06 of the statutes.

³ Green Bay has a special form of commission government, which in many respects is more like the mayor-council form of government than the usual commission type.

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

City	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated	Type of Government
Cedarburg.....	Ozaukee.....	2,245	1885	Mayor-Council
Chetek.....	Barron.....	1,227	1891	Mayor-Council
Chilton.....	Calumet.....	2,203	1877	Mayor-Council
Clintonville.....	Waupaca.....	4,134	1887	Mayor-Council
Colby.....	Clark, Marathon.....	903	1891	Mayor-Council
Columbus.....	Columbia.....	2,760	1874	Mayor-Council
Crandon.....	Forest.....	2,000	1898	Mayor-Council
Cuba City.....	Grant.....	1,259	1925	Mayor-Council
Cumberland.....	Barron.....	1,539	1885	Mayor-Council
Darlington.....	Lafayette.....	2,002	1877	Mayor-Council
Delavan.....	Walworth.....	3,444	1897	Mayor-Council
De Pere.....	Brown.....	6,373	1883	Mayor-Council
Dodgeville.....	Iowa.....	2,269	1889	Mayor-Council
Durand.....	Peplin.....	1,858	1887	Mayor-Council
Eagle River.....	Vilas.....	1,491	1937	Mayor-Council
Edgerton.....	Rock.....	3,266	1883	Mayor-Council
Elkhorn.....	Walworth.....	2,382	1897	Mayor-Council
Elroy.....	Juneau.....	1,850	1885	Mayor-Council
Evansville.....	Rock.....	2,321	1896	Mayor-Council
Fennimore.....	Grant.....	1,592	1919	Mayor-Council
Fort Atkinson.....	Jefferson.....	6,153	1878	City Manager
Fountain City.....	Buffalo.....	985	1889	Mayor-Council
Fox Lake.....	Dodge.....	1,016	1938	Mayor-Council
Galesville.....	Trempealeau.....	1,147	1942	Mayor-Council
Glenwood.....	St. Croix.....	811	1895	Mayor-Council
Greenwood.....	Clark.....	776	1891	Mayor-Council
Hartford.....	Washington.....	3,910	1883	Mayor-Council
Hayward.....	Sawyer.....	1,571	1915	Mayor-Council
Hillsboro.....	Vernon.....	1,146	1885	Mayor-Council
Horicon.....	Dodge.....	2,253	1897	Mayor-Council
Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	2,987	1856	Mayor-Council
Hurley.....	Iron.....	3,375	1918	Mayor-Council
Independence.....	Trempealeau.....	1,036	1942	Mayor-Council
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	3,059	1878	Mayor-Council
Juneau.....	Dodge.....	1,301	1887	Mayor-Council
Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	7,382	1885	Mayor-Council
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	2,533	1883	Mayor-Council
Kiel.....	Calumet, Manitowoc.....	1,898	1920	Mayor-Council
Ladysmith.....	Rusk.....	3,671	1905	Commission
Lake Geneva.....	Walworth.....	3,238	1883	Mayor-Council
Lake Mills.....	Jefferson.....	2,219	1905	Mayor-Council
Lancaster.....	Grant.....	2,963	1878	Mayor-Council
Lodi.....	Columbia.....	1,116	1941	Mayor-Council
Marion.....	Waupaca.....	1,034	1898	Mayor-Council
Marshfield.....	Wood.....	10,481	1874	Mayor-Council
Mauston.....	Juneau.....	2,621	1883	Mayor-Council
Mayville.....	Dodge.....	2,754	1885	Mayor-Council
Medford.....	Taylor.....	2,361	1889	Mayor-Council
Mellen.....	Ashland.....	1,698	1907	Mayor-Council
Menomonie.....	Dunn.....	6,582	1882	Mayor-Council
Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	8,711	1883	Mayor-Council
Mineral Point.....	Iowa.....	2,275	1857	Mayor-Council
Mondovi.....	Buffalo.....	2,077	1889	Mayor-Council
Monteal.....	Green.....	6,182	1882	Mayor-Council
Montreal.....	Marquette.....	1,138	1938	Mayor-Council
Mosinee.....	Iron.....	1,700	1924	Mayor-Council
Neillsville.....	Marathon.....	1,361	1931	Mayor-Council
Nעיםville.....	Clark.....	2,562	1882	Mayor-Council
Nekoosa.....	Wood.....	2,212	1926	Mayor-Council
New Holstein.....	Calumet.....	1,502	1926	Mayor-Council
New Lisbon.....	Juneau.....	1,215	1889	Mayor-Council
New London.....	Outagamie, Waupaca.....	4,825	1877	Mayor-Council
New Richmond.....	St. Croix.....	2,388	1885	Mayor-Council

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

City	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated	Type of Government
Oconomowoc.....	Waukesha.....	4,562	1875	Mayor-Council
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	5,362	1869	Mayor-Council
Oconto Falls.....	Oconto.....	1,888	1919	Mayor-Council
Onalaska.....	La Crosse.....	1,742	1887	Mayor-Council
Osseo.....	Trempealeau.....	1,105	1941	Mayor-Council
Owen.....	Clark.....	1,083	1925	Mayor-Council
Park Falls.....	Price.....	3,252	1912	Mayor-Council
Peshigo.....	Marinette.....	1,947	1903	Mayor-Council
Phillips.....	Price.....	1,915	1891	Mayor-Council
Pittsville.....	Wood.....	556	1887	Mayor-Council
Platteville.....	Grant.....	4,762	1876	Mayor-Council
Plymouth.....	Sheboygan.....	4,170	1877	Mayor-Council
Portage.....	Columbia.....	7,016	1854	Mayor-Council
Port Washington.....	Ozaukee.....	4,046	1882	Mayor-Council
Prairie du Chien.....	Crawford.....	4,622	1872	Mayor-Council
Prescott.....	Pierce.....	857	1857	Mayor-Council
Princeton.....	Green Lake.....	1,247	1920	Mayor-Council
Reedsburg.....	Sauk.....	3,608	1887	Mayor-Council
Rhineland.....	Oneida.....	8,501	1894	City Manager
Rice Lake.....	Barron.....	5,719	1887	Mayor-Council
Richland Center.....	Richland.....	4,364	1887	Mayor-Council
Ripon.....	Fond du Lac.....	4,566	1858	Mayor-Council
River Falls.....	Pierce, St. Croix.....	2,806	1875	Mayor-Council
Seymour.....	Outagamie.....	1,365	1879	Mayor-Council
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	5,565	1874	Mayor-Council
Sheboygan Falls.....	Sheboygan.....	3,395	1913	Mayor-Council
Shullsburg.....	Lafayette.....	1,197	1889	Mayor-Council
Sparta.....	Monroe.....	5,820	1883	Mayor-Council
Spooner.....	Washburn.....	2,639	1909	Mayor-Council
Stanley.....	Chippewa.....	2,021	1898	Mayor-Council
Stoughton.....	Dane.....	4,743	1882	Mayor-Council
Sturgeon Bay.....	Door.....	5,439	1883	Mayor-Council
Tomah.....	Monroe.....	3,817	1883	Mayor-Council
Tomahawk.....	Lincoln.....	3,365	1891	Mayor-Council
Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	3,549	1885	Mayor-Council
Washburn.....	Bayfield.....	2,363	1904	Mayor-Council
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	3,458	1875	Mayor-Council
Waupun.....	Fond du Lac, Dodge.....	6,798	1878	Mayor-Council
Wautoma.....	Waushara.....	1,180	1901	Mayor-Council
West Bend.....	Washington.....	5,452	1885	Mayor-Council
Westby.....	Vernon.....	1,438	1920	Mayor-Council
Weyauwega.....	Waupaca.....	1,173	1939	Mayor-Council
Whitehall.....	Trempealeau.....	1,035	1941	Mayor-Council
Whitewater.....	Walworth.....	3,689	1885	Mayor-Council
Wisconsin Dells.....	Columbia.....	1,762	1925	Mayor-Council

Villages

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
Abbotsford.....	Clark, Marathon.....	920	1894
Ableman.....	Sauk.....	395	1894
Adell.....	Sheboygan.....	313	1918
Albany.....	Green.....	741	1883
Alma Center.....	Jackson.....	431	1902
Almond.....	Portage.....	449	1905
Amherst.....	Portage.....	611	1899
Amherst Junction.....	Portage.....	197	1912
Aniwa.....	Shawano.....	283	1899
Arena.....	Iowa.....	278	1923
Argyle.....	Lafayette.....	735	1903
Athens.....	Marathon.....	856	1901
Auburndale.....	Wood.....	342	1881
Avoca.....	Iowa.....	417	1870

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
Bagley	Grant	293	1919
Baldwin	St. Croix	918	1875
Balsam Lake	Polk	452	1905
Bangor	La Crosse	847	1899
Barneveld	Iowa	358	1906
Barton	Washington	900	1925
Bay City	Pierce	299	1909
Bear Creek	Outagamie	409	1902
Belgium	Ozaukee	356	1922
Bell Center	Crawford	264	1901
Belleville	Dane	594	1892
Belmont	Lafayette	476	1894
Benton	Lafayette	335	1892
Big Bend	Waukesha	298	1928
Big Falls	Waupaca	187	1925
Birchwood	Washburn	531	1921
Birnamwood	Shawano	566	1895
Biron	Wood	475	1910
Black Creek	Outagamie	542	1904
Black Earth	Dane	531	1887
Blair	Trempealeau	856	1894
Blanchardville	Lafayette	662	1890
Bloomington	Grant	677	1880
Blue Mounds	Dane	166	1912
Blue River	Grant	381	1916
Boaz	Richland	230	1939
Bonduel	Shawano	661	1916
Bowler	Shawano	315	1923
Boyceville	Dunn	533	1922
Boyd	Chippewa	618	1891
Brandon	Fond du Lac	708	1881
Brokaw	Marathon	477	1903
Brooklyn	Dane, Green	449	1905
Browntown	Green	271	1890
Bruce	Rusk	596	1901
Butler	Waukesha	778	1913
Butternut	Ashland	669	1903
Cable	Bayfield	314	1920
Cadott	Chippewa	676	1895
Cambria	Columbia	688	1866
Cambridge	Dane	577	1891
Cameron	Barron	807	1894
Campbellsport	Fond du Lac	1,094	1902
Camp Douglas	Juneau	445	1893
Cascade	Sheboygan	358	1914
Casco	Kewaunee	292	1920
Cashton	Monroe	706	1901
Cassville	Grant	956	1882
Catawba	Price	290	1922
Cazenovia	Richland	370	1902
Cecil	Shawano	370	1905
Cedar Grove	Sheboygan	907	1899
Centuria	Polk	411	1904
Chaseburg	Vernon	258	1922
Chenequa	Waukesha	288	1928
Clayton	Polk	367	1909
Clear Lake	Polk	676	1894
Clinton	Rock	903	1882
Clyman	Dodge	230	1924
Cobb	Iowa	276	1902
Cochrane	Buffalo	458	1910
Coleman	Marinette	562	1903
Colfax	Dunn	992	1904
Coloma	Waushara	308	1939
Combined Locks	Outagamie	625	1920
Conrath	Rusk	128	1915
Coon Valley	Vernon	469	1907
Cornell	Chippewa	1,759	1913
Cottage Grove	Dane	310	1924
Couderay	Sawyer	189	1922
Cross Plains	Dane	374	1920
Curtiss	Clark	171	1917

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
Dallas	Barron	436	1903
Dane	Dane	301	1899
Deerfield	Dane	611	1891
Deer Park	St. Croix	203	1913
De Forest	Dane	598	1903
Denmark	Brown	864	1915
De Soto	Crawford, Vernon	400	1886
Dorchester	Clark	456	1901
Dousman	Waukesha	272	1917
Downing	Dunn	308	1909
Daylestown	Columbia	253	1907
Dresser	Polk	294	1919
Eagle	Waukesha	391	1899
Eastman	Crawford	348	1909
East Troy	Walworth	925	1900
Eden	Fond du Lac	223	1912
Edgar	Marathon	694	1898
Eland	Shawano	296	1905
Elderon	Marathon	249	1917
Eleva	Trempealeau	406	1902
Elkhart Lake	Sheboygan	571	1894
Elk Mound	Dunn	338	1909
Ellsworth	Pierce	1,340	1887
Elmwood	Pierce	828	1905
Embarrass	Waupaca	335	1895
Ephraim	Door	254	1919
Exeland	Sawyer	194	1920
Fairchild	Eau Claire	639	1880
Fairwater	Fond du Lac	293	1921
Fall Creek	Eau Claire	572	1906
Fall River	Columbia	425	1903
Fenwood	Marathon	156	1904
Ferryville	Crawford	306	1912
Pontana	Walworth	461	1924
Footville	Rock	459	1918
Fox Point	Milwaukee	1,180	1926
Frederic	Polk	725	1903
Fredonia	Ozaukee	356	1922
Fremont	Waupaca	437	1882
Friendship	Adams	453	1907
Gays Mills	Crawford	737	1900
Genoa	Vernon	339	1935
Genoa City	Walworth	715	1901
Germantown	Washington	292	1927
Gillett	Oconto	1,145	1900
Gilman	Taylor	440	1914
Glenbeulah	Sheboygan	357	1913
Glen Flora	Rusk	140	1915
Grafton	Ozaukee	1,150	1896
Granton	Clark	300	1916
Grantsburg	Burnett	874	1887
Gratiot	Lafayette	297	1891
Greendale	Milwaukee	2,527	1939
Green Lake	Green Lake	661	1871
Gresham	Shawano	295	1908
Hammond	St. Croix	467	1880
Hancock	Waushara	481	1902
Hartland	Waukesha	998	1891
Hatley	Marathon	270	1912
Haugen	Barron	268	1918
Hawkins	Rusk	498	1922
Hazel Green	Grant	582	1867
Highland	Iowa	902	1873
Hilbert	Calumet	607	1898
Hixton	Jackson	301	1920
Hollandale	Iowa	290	1910
Hortonville	Outagamie	988	1894
Hustisford	Dodge	564	1870
Hustler	Juneau	167	1914

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
Ingram	Rusk	174	1907
Iola	Waupaca	746	1892
Iron Ridge	Dodge	273	1913
Ironton	Sauk	213	1914
Jackson	Washington	302	1912
Johnson Creek	Jefferson	511	1903
Junction City	Portage	308	1911
Kendall	Monroe	478	1894
Kennan	Price	256	1903
Kewaskum	Washington	880	1895
Kimberly	Outagamie	2,618	1910
Kingston	Green Lake	295	1923
Knapp	Dunn	436	1905
Kohler	Sheboygan	1,789	1912
Lac Labelle	Waukesha	66	1931
La Farge	Vernon	921	1899
Lake Nebagamong	Douglas	357	1907
Lannon	Waukesha	378	1930
La Valle	Sauk	408	1883
Lena	Oconto	469	1921
Lime Ridge	Sauk	197	1910
Linden	Iowa	461	1900
Little Chute	Outagamie	3,360	1899
Livingston	Grant, Iowa	520	1914
Loganville	Sauk	236	1917
Lohrville	Waushara	191	1910
Lomira	Dodge	659	1899
Lone Rock	Richland	502	1886
Lowell	Dodge	282	1894
Loyal	Clark	921	1893
Lublin	Taylor	148	1915
Luck	Polk	617	1905
Luxemburg	Kewaunee	468	1908
Lyndon Station	Juneau	354	1903
Lynxville	Crawford	233	1889
McFarland	Dane	463	1920
Maiden Rock	Pierce	291	1887
Manawa	Waupaca	791	1900
Maple Bluff	Dane	862	1930
Marathon	Marathon	823	1884
Markesan	Green Lake	912	1888
Marshall	Dane	447	1905
Mason	Bayfield	152	1925
Mattoon	Shawano	524	1901
Mazomanie	Dane	851	1899
Melrose	Jackson	462	1914
Melvina	Monroe	135	1922
Menomonee Falls	Waukesha	1,469	1802
Merrillan	Jackson	591	1881
Merrimac	Sauk	234	1899
Merton	Waukesha	254	1922
Middleton	Dane	1,358	1905
Milladore	Wood	226	1933
Milltown	Polk	469	1910
Milton	Rock	1,266	1904
Minong	Washburn	308	1915
Monona	Dane	1,323	1938
Montfort	Grant	615	1893
Monticello	Green	710	1891
Mount Hope	Grant	256	1919
Mt. Sterling	Crawford	264	1936
Mukwonago	Waukesha	855	1905
Muscoda	Grant	902	1894
Necedah	Juneau	838	1870
Nelsonville	Portage	180	1913
Neosho	Dodge	255	1902
Neshkoro	Marquette	301	1906
New Auburn	Chippewa	398	1902
New Glarus	Green	1,068	1901
Niagara	Marinette	2,266	1914

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
North Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	2,083	1903
North Freedom.....	Sauk.....	547	1893
North Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	595	1912
North Prairie.....	Waukesha.....	375	1919
Norwalk.....	Monroe.....	551	1894
Oakfield.....	Fond du Lac.....	655	1903
Ogdensburg.....	Waupaca.....	207	1912
Oliver.....	Douglas.....	201	1917
Omro.....	Winnebago.....	1,401	1857
Ontario.....	Monroe, Vernon.....	533	1890
Oostburg.....	Sheboygan.....	742	1909
Oregon.....	Dane.....	1,005	1883
Orfordville.....	Rock.....	510	1900
Osceola.....	Polk.....	642	1886
Oxford.....	Marquette.....	404	1912
Palmyra.....	Jefferson.....	711	1866
Pardeeville.....	Columbia.....	1,001	1894
Park Ridge.....	Portage.....	210	1938
Patch Grove.....	Grant.....	195	1921
Pepin.....	Pepin.....	754	1860
Pewaukee.....	Waukesha.....	1,352	1876
Plain.....	Sauk.....	405	1912
Plainfield.....	Waushara.....	571	1882
Plum City.....	Pierce.....	368	1909
Poplar.....	Douglas.....	462	1917
Port Edwards.....	Wood.....	1,192	1902
Potosi.....	Grant.....	506	1887
Pound.....	Marinette.....	310	1914
Poynette.....	Columbia.....	870	1892
Prairie du Sac.....	Sauk.....	1,001	1885
Prairie Farm.....	Barron.....	335	1901
Prentice.....	Price.....	452	1899
Pulaski.....	Brown.....	979	1910
Randolph.....	Columbia, Dodge.....	1,146	1870
Random Lake.....	Sheboygan.....	613	1907
Readstown.....	Vernon.....	584	1898
Redgranite.....	Waushara.....	857	1904
Reedsville.....	Manitowoc.....	729	1892
Reeseville.....	Dodge.....	407	-----
Rewey.....	Iowa.....	267	1902
Rib Lake.....	Taylor.....	1,042	1902
Ridgeland.....	Dunn.....	242	1921
Ridgeway.....	Iowa.....	451	1902
Rio.....	Columbia.....	696	1887
River Hills.....	Milwaukee.....	541	1930
Rochester.....	Racine.....	288	1912
Rockdale.....	Dane.....	136	1914
Rockland.....	La Crosse.....	171	1919
Rosendale.....	Fond du Lac.....	317	1915
Rosholt.....	Portage.....	523	1907
Rothschild.....	Marathon.....	812	1917
St. Cloud.....	Fond du Lac.....	353	1909
St. Croix Falls.....	Polk.....	1,007	1888
Sauk City.....	Sauk.....	1,325	1884
Saukville.....	Ozaukee.....	431	1915
Scandinavia.....	Waupaca.....	285	1894
Schofield.....	Marathon.....	1,536	1904
Sharon.....	Walworth.....	812	1892
Sheldon.....	Rusk.....	199	1917
Shell Lake.....	Washburn.....	872	1908
Shiocton.....	Outagamie.....	592	1903
Shorewood.....	Milwaukee.....	15,184	1900
Shorewood Hills.....	Dane.....	1,064	1927
Silver Lake.....	Kenosha.....	365	1926
Sister Bay.....	Door.....	309	1912
Slinger.....	Washington.....	775	1869
Soldiers Grove.....	Crawford.....	778	1888
Solon Springs.....	Douglas.....	392	1920
Somersst.....	St. Croix.....	476	1915
South Wayne.....	Lafayette.....	331	1911
Spencer.....	Marathon.....	506	1902

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES—Continued

Villages	County	Population 1940	Year In- corporated
Spring Green	Sauk	868	1869
Spring Valley	Pierce	973	1895
Star Prairie	St. Croix	250	1900
Steuben	Crawford	321	1900
Stockbridge	Calumet	386	1908
Stockholm	Pepin	179	1903
Stoddard	Vernon	368	1911
Stratford	Marathon	879	1910
Sturtevant	Racine	803	1907
Sullivan	Jefferson	286	1915
Sun Prairie	Dane	1,625	1868
Suring	Oconto	437	1914
Sussex	Waukesha	548	1924
Taylor	Jackson	314	1919
Tennyson	Grant	202	1940
Theresa	Dodge	418	1898
Thiensville	Ozaukee	645	1910
Thorp	Clark	1,052	1893
Tigerton	Shawano	794	1896
Tony	Rusk	186	1911
Trempealeau	Trempealeau	527	1867
Turtle Lake	Barron	616	1898
Twin Lakes	Kenosha	409	1937
Union Center	Juneau	190	1913
Union Grove	Racine	973	1893
Unity	Clark, Marathon	286	1903
Valders	Manitowoc	580	1919
Verona	Dane	535	1920
Viola	Richland, Vernon	825	1899
Waldo	Sheboygan	324	1922
Wales	Waukesha	170	1922
Walworth	Walworth	875	1901
Waterford	Racine	786	1906
Waterloo	Jefferson	1,474	1859
Waunakee	Dane	773	1893
Wausaukee	Marinette	655	1924
Wauzeka	Crawford	513	1890
Webster	Burnett	524	1916
Westfield	Marquette	851	1902
West Milwaukee	Milwaukee	5,010	1906
West Salem	La Crosse	1,254	1893
Weyerhaeuser	Rusk	298	1906
Wheeler	Dunn	272	1922
Whitefish Bay	Milwaukee	9,651	1892
White Lake	Langlade	548	1926
Wild Rose	Waushara	559	1904
Williams Bay	Walworth	717	1919
Wilson	St. Croix	188	1911
Wilton	Monroe	486	1890
Winneconne	Winneshago	931	1871
Withoe	Clark	329	1901
Wittenberg	Shawano	900	1893
Wonewoc	Juneau	793	1878
Woodman	Grant	108	1917
Woodville	St. Croix	408	1911
Wrightstown	Brown	718	1901
Wyeville	Monroe	219	1923
Wycocena	Columbia	706	1909
Yuba	Richland	116	1935

COUNTY OFFICERS

January 1 1944

County	County Seat	Population 1940	County Board	
			Chairman ¹	Number of Members
Adams.....	Friendship.....	8,449	Leo J. Baggot.....	20
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	21,801	Frank G. Shefchik.....	27
Barron.....	Barron.....	34,289	John A. Matye.....	50
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	15,827	S. D. Squires.....	37
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	83,109	Henry Katers.....	49
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	16,090	H. L. Multhaup.....	28
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	11,382	Fred Nordin.....	23
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	17,618	Edward Bonk.....	20
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	40,703	Clarence Balts.....	45
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	33,972	Claude Sturdevant.....	52
Columbia.....	Portage.....	32,517	C. S. Lerum.....	43
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	18,328	Tunis N. Nelson.....	29
Dane.....	Madison.....	130,660	Frank Stewart.....	32
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	54,280	Frank Panzer.....	67
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	19,095	Harry Schuyler.....	20
Douglas.....	Superior.....	47,119	Edwin Pearson.....	40
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	27,375	E. W. Hanson.....	35
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	46,999	Geo. Zetzman.....	31
Florence.....	Florence.....	4,177	Arthur Peterson.....	8
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	62,253	William Seffern.....	56
Forest.....	Crandon.....	11,805	Clyde Spencer.....	19
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	40,639	Foster B. Porter.....	66
Green.....	Monroe.....	23,146	Ernst J. Hoelsy.....	27
Green Lake.....	Green Lake.....	14,092	C. W. Hitchcock.....	21
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	20,595	Wm. Kisingbury.....	31
Iron.....	Hurley.....	10,049	W. F. Rugee.....	20
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	16,599	Emil G. Gilbertson.....	30
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	38,868*	Arthur Mussehl.....	45
Juneau.....	Maunton.....	13,708*	Harve Stackman.....	37
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	63,505	Martin Schenning.....	22
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	16,680	Arthur C. Walecka.....	18
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	59,653	R. W. Davis.....	38
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	13,695	Wm. Ayers.....	28
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	23,227	F. J. Pawlitschek.....	24
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	22,536	Emil A. Hinz.....	28
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	61,617	George W. Kiel.....	38
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	75,915	Henry Lussier.....	69
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	36,225	L. E. Ness.....	30
Marquette.....	Montello.....	9,097	J. W. Daniels.....	21
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	766,885	Lawrence J. Timmerman.....	20
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	30,080	R. G. Lahm.....	37
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	27,075	H. E. Muehl.....	34
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	18,938	Clarence E. Greene.....	27
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	70,032	J. D. Bottenschek.....	53
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	18,985	Al Krier.....	21
Pepin.....	Durand.....	7,897	John Brunner.....	13
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	21,471	Arnold Madson.....	29
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	26,197	Peter Frandsen.....	36
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	35,800	Carl Rosholt.....	33
Price.....	Phillips.....	18,467	E. J. Aschenbrener.....	27
Racine.....	Racine.....	94,047	Claude Brown.....	32
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	20,381	E. J. Rohn.....	24
Rock.....	Janesville.....	80,173	O. D. Wheeler.....	62
Rusk.....	Ladysmith.....	17,737	O. J. Falge.....	39
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	24,842	C. A. Heebink.....	39
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	33,700	H. L. Wischhoff.....	38
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	11,540	James H. Wilson.....	21
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	35,378	A. E. Swanke.....	38
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	76,221	Oscar A. Damrow.....	36
Taylor.....	Medford.....	20,105	Paul C. Schmoldt.....	28
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	24,381	R. H. Holtan.....	34
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	29,940	F. F. Neumann.....	39
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	8,894	Harley Arnett.....	18
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	33,103	Dr. T. J. Crew.....	34
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	12,496	A. L. Neste.....	29
Washington.....	West Bend.....	28,430	Guido Schroeder.....	28
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	62,744	Vernon M. Gaspar.....	50
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	34,614	E. J. Perkins.....	48
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	14,268	Wm. Decker.....	28
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	80,507	J. F. Shea.....	44
Wood.....	Wisconsin Rapids.....	44,465	F. Geo. Kip.....	51

¹ Elected as chairman for 1943.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued

County	County Seat	Voting Precincts	County Superintendent of Schools ¹	County Judge ²
Adams	Friendship	20	Irrin S. Jones	Charles H. Gilman
Ashland	Ashland	27	Dwight Kenyon	James McCully ³
Barron	Barron	41	Geo. M. Wavrunek	Earl L. Risberg
Bayfield	Washburn	37	Zelda Johnson	H. P. Axelberg
Brown	Green Bay	52	Joseph D. Donovan	Archie McComb
Buffalo	Alma	28	Orlando J. Sohreweide	G. L. Pattison
Burnett	Grantsburg	23	Elmer J. Adams	August J. Christianson
Calumet	Chilton	16	Francis J. Flannagan	George M. Goggins
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	43	Theo. A. Sorenson	Dayton E. Cook
Clark	Neillsville	52	Louis E. Slock	O. W. Schoengarth
Columbia	Portage	43	Jay W. Packard	Elton J. Morrison
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	29	Leonore M. Feldmann	Jeremiah O'Neil
Dane	Madison	83	Harry Hanson (1st)	Fred M. Evans
			Hanche Losinski (2nd)	
Dodge	Juneau	67	Paul L. Kaiser	W. C. O'Connell
Door	Sturgeon Bay	20	Harvey H. Cornell	Grover M. Stapleton
Douglas	Superior	43	Vera C. Rehnstrand	Robert E. Curran
Dunn	Menomonie	35	Archie A. Shafer	Carl E. Peterson
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	32	Mildred D. Wilcox	Merrill R. Farr
Florence	Florence	8	Winifred W. Robinson	Irving W. Smith
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	56	Lester A. Timm	Lawson E. Larvey
Forest	Crandon	19	S. W. Ihlenfeldt	Ray S. Rowlinson
Grant	Lancaster	66	Robert W. Ostrander	Walter D. Walker
Green	Monroe	27	Alta R. Rouse	Harold J. Lamboley
Green Lake	Green Lake	21	Louis Bosman	G. E. Ostrander
Iowa	Dodgeville	31	Lillian M. Ellis	James E. O'Neil
Iron	Durley	20	Paul J. Santini	R. C. Trembath
Jackson	Black River Falls	30	Grace Webb	Harry M. Perry
Jefferson	Jefferson	46	Eva N. Book	Lorenzo L. Darling
Juneau	Mauston	37	Beatrice Burgdorff	Robert P. Clark
Kenosha	Kenosha	35	Marion Feurer	Robert V. Baker
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	14	Mrs. G. J. Bartel ³	George H. Crowsns
La Crosse	La Crosse	38	Hazel B. Leicht	Roy V. Ahlstrom
Lafayette	Darlington	28	Paul F. Gleiter	Floyd E. Olson
Langlade	Antigo	24	Frank J. Nimitz	A. N. Whiting
Lincoln	Merrill	28	Nellie Evjue	Max Van Hecke
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	42	Edwin S. Mueller	Jerome V. Ledvina
Marathon	Wausau	78	William E. Moore	Frank P. Regner
Marinette	Marinette	35	Christine Christenson	William F. Haase
Marquette	Montello	21	Samuel Long	K. J. Callahan
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	560	Michael S. Kies	M. S. Sheridan, 1st Br. (1950)
				C. A. Hansen, 2nd Br. (1946)
Monroe	Sparta	37	Ollie Swanson ³	Otto W. Sprecher
Oconto	Oconto	34	Frank P. Neumann	Frank P. Mezar
Oneida	Rhineland	27	Jesse M. Reed	H. F. Steele
Outagamie	Appleton	53	Henry J. Van Straten	George Jolin
Ozaukee	Port Washington	22	Richard F. Beger	Peter M. Hurras
Pepin	Durand	13	Wilbur M. Gibson	Joseph H. Riedner
Pierce	Ellsworth	27	Mark L. Saxton	Jay H. Riedner
Polk	Balsam Lake	36	Kenneth L. Outcalt	Howard D. Blanding
Portage	Stevens Point	35	Lifelet D. Culver	Byron J. Carpenter
Price	Phillips	27	Elizabeth Dunn	Asa K. Owen
Racine	Racine	48	Edith L. McEachron	J. Allan Simpson
Richland	Richland Center	24	Earl L. Anderson	Levi H. Bancroft
Rock	Janesville	58	L. W. Porter ³	Harry S. Fox
Rusk	Ladysmith	39	Autie C. Sanford	James A. Michaelson
St. Croix	Hudson	39	N. E. Erickson	Robert Varnum
Sauk	Baraboo	40	Kurt R. Schoenoff	Henry J. Bohn
Sawyer	Hayward	21	Inez M. Sabin	Walter J. Duffy
Shawano	Shawano	42	Arthur L. Pahr	C. B. Dillett
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	46	Ray B. Lightfoot	F. H. Schlichting
Taylor	Medford	28	Roy J. Forehand	E. J. Neuenschwander ³
Trempealeau	Whitehall	34	Dorris Sander	John C. Gaveney
Vernon	Viroqua	39	W. J. Schallock	Lincoln Neprud
Vilas	Eagle River	18	Opal Wiegand	Frank W. Carter
Walworth	Elkhorn	35	Laura McDougall	Roscoe R. Luce
Washburn	Shell Lake	29	Irving E. Crowell	Albert C. Barrett
Washington	West Bend	28	Michael T. Buckley	Frank W. Bucklin
Waukesha	Waukesha	48	Winston D. Brown	Allen D. Young
Waupaca	Waupaca	49	Carl H. Bacher	Arthur M. Scheller
Waushara	Wautoma	28	Arthur Dietz	Gay Jones
Winnebago	Oshkosh	45	Eva C. Monson	D. E. McDonald
Wood	Wisconsin Rapids	52	Silas G. Corey	Frank W. Calkins

¹ Term expires July 1945.

² Term expires 1st Monday 1950.

³ Acting. Incumbent in military service or essential war work.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued

County	County Seat	Voting Precincts	District Attorney ¹	Sheriff ¹
Adams	Friendship	20	Fulton Collip	Samuel R. Stone
Ashland	Ashland	27	Clarence V. Olson	Julius A. Sherfinski
Barron	Barron	41	E. N. Ellingson ²	Rollin Curtis ²
Bayfield	Washburn	37	Walter T. Norlin	Andrew Gidlof
Brown	Green Bay	52	Donald W. Gleason	Andrew Lom
Buffalo	Alma	28	B. H. Schlosstein	Merle O. Roffler
Burnett	Grantsburg	23	Clive J. Strang	George Iverson
Calumet	Chilton	16	Franklin J. Schmieder	Earl A. Schwabe
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	43	R. F. North ²	John Hepfer
Clark	Neillsville	52	Richard F. Gaffney	Ray Kutsche
Columbia	Portage	43	William Leitsch	George F. Hibner
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	29	Clarence B. Peterson	Helen Day
Dane	Madison	83	Norris E. Maloney	John R. Arnold
Dodge	Juneau	67	Clarence G. Tragger	Edward C. Klemann
Door	Sturgeon Bay	20	Herbert W. Johnson	Harry J. Brann
Douglas	Superior	43	Thomas W. Foley	Elton Ekroth
Dunn	Menomonie	35	Clarence Smith	Fred Einum
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	32	J. D. Kaiser	Ray Kuhlman
Florence	Florence	8	Allen C. Wittkopf	Anthony A. Grell
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	56	S. Richard Heath	Arnold Sook
Forest	Crandon	19	Allan M. Strang	Harry Fannin
Grant	Lancaster	66	Melvin P. Bonn	Aloys M. Kluas
Green	Monroe	27	Herbert T. Johnson ²	Ray H. Schoonover
Green Lake	Green Lake	21	James McMonigal	Al Christensen
Iowa	Dodgeville	31	Harry A. Speich	Clarence J. Holman
Iron	Hurley	20	J. E. Flandrena	John Gersch
Jackson	Black River Falls	30	Lester R. Johnson	I. S. Hollenbeck ²
Jefferson	Jefferson	46	Henry G. Schroeder ²	Glen Zimmermann
Juneau	Mauston	37	Henry C. Rowan ²	Ferd Steffen
Kenosha	Kenosha	35	K. Thomas Savage	Thomas J. Jester
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	14	Aaron G. Murphy	William Brusky
La Crosse	La Crosse	38	Frederic W. Crosby	Stanley C. Olson
Lafayette	Darlington	28	Ervin W. Johnson	Homer L. Curry
Langlade	Antigo	24	Julius Guenther	Carl Monroe
Lincoln	Merrill	28	Donald E. Schnabel	Walter Kienbaum
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	42	John C. Danielson	Elmer Bergner
Marathon	Wausau	78	Frank G. Loeffler	Robert J. Dudley
Marinette	Marinette	35	Norman B. Langill	Marriner Kohlman
Marquette	Montello	21	Andrew P. Cotter	E. J. Daniels
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	569	James J. Kerwin	Joseph J. Shinners
Monroe	Sparta	37	Leo J. Goodman	Bert O. Johnson
Oconto	Oconto	34	Howard W. Eslien	William L. Chesley
Oneida	Rhineland	27	Donald C. O'Melia	Adolph Kushman
Outagamie	Appleton	53	Elmer R. Honkamp	Fred H. Frank
Ozaukee	Port Washington	22	George H. Paulin	Roland G. Schaefer
Pepin	Durand	13	Wm. E. Thurston	Victor Seline
Pierce	Ellsworth	27	Theodore A. Waller	Victor A. Gilbertson
Polk	Balsam Lake	36	M. J. McDonald	James W. Moore
Portage	Stevens Point	35	John A. Meleski	Florian A. Krutza
Price	Phillips	27	Ray J. Haggerty	Leo Weyers
Racine	Racine	48	J. Lester Johnson	Edward B. Yanny
Richland	Richland Center	24	Leo P. Lownik	J. Ben McClaren
Rock	Janesville	58	Harry F. Knipp ²	E. A. Silverthorn
Rusk	Ladysmith	39	Emory O. Ellingson	Carl E. Nelson
St. Croix	Hudson	39	Robert A. Forsythe	George G. Evans
Sauk	Baraboo	40	John H. Rouse	Clayton H. Wilcox
Sawyer	Hayward	21	Ralph W. Steller	Art O. Hanson
Shawano	Shawano	42	Louis Brunner	Stanley Brown
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	46	Henry Van de Water	Walter A. Knopp
Taylor	Medford	28	T. W. Andresen ²	Charles J. Stelleck
Trempealeau	Whitehall	34	La Vern G. Kostner	Chauncey E. Heath
Vernon	Viroqua	39	Martin Gulbrandsen	Bernard Ammerman
Vilas	Eagle River	18	Edmund H. Drager	Lloyd Seyfert
Walworth	Elkhorn	35	Lyman K. Arnold	George O'Brien
Washburn	Shell Lake	29	Ward Winton ²	Frank J. Pokorny
Washington	West Bend	28	Milton L. Meister	Herbert Bachring
Waukesha	Waukesha	48	Leon J. Brenner	Martin E. Fromm
Waupaca	Waupaca	49	J. Kyle Anderson	Walter L. Eves
Waushara	Wautoma	28	Earl F. Kileen ²	Ellery E. Dutcher
Winnebago	Oshkosh	45	Walter J. Patri ²	Julius G. Holtz
Wood	Wisconsin Rapids	52	Hugh W. Goggins	Henry J. Becker

¹ Term expires 1st Monday 1945.² Acting. Incumbent in military service or essential war work.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued

County	County Seat	Voting Precincts	Register of Deeds ¹	Clerk of Court ¹
Adams	Friendship	20	Clara R. Smith	Adolph Troemner
Ashland	Ashland	27	Mary C. Donald	Clark Berry
Barron	Barron	41	Alfred Mickelson	Ernest Salsbury
Bayfield	Washburn	37	Nels Myhre	Roy A. Paulson
Brown	Green Bay	52	Rigney L. Dwyer	Leo Ruel
Buffalo	Alma	28	Chas. H. Kaste	D. W. Ulrich
Burnett	Grantsburg	23	Ellsworth Sundquist	Madeline Huth
Calumet	Chilton	16	Charles M. Luther	Math. A. Nilles
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	43	Mary T. Emerson	John L. Ritzinger
Clark	Neillsville	52	Henry E. Rahn	Ben Frantz
Columbia	Portage	43	Edward A. Rebholz	David R. Owen
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	29	Marguerite Rogers	Evelyn Knutson
Dane	Madison	83	Albert O. Barton	Myrtle L. Hansen
Dodge	Juneau	67	William Druecke	John J. O'Mara
Door	Sturgeon Bay	20	Ralph J. Alexander	Herbert A. Gaeth
Douglas	Superior	43	Ralph Nelson	Gerhardt M. Haugner
Dunn	Menomonie	35	Fred C. Pauly	Doloris Brown
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	32	Grace Barnes ²	Harlan Niebuhr
Florence	Florence	8	Ode N. Christesen	Otto A. Dumke
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	56	J. F. Brunkhorst	Geo. E. McConahey
Forest	Crandon	19	P. W. Woodbury	Wm. Bassett ²
Grant	Lancaster	66	M. Ethel Utt	Matt B. Elskamp
Green	Monroe	27	Belle Burke	Jessie Holcombe ²
Green Lake	Green Lake	21	Leonard A. Krueger	Lillian A. Leigh
Iowa	Dodgeville	31	Shirley E. Strutt	Ina M. Potterton
Iron	Hurley	20	Mary E. Lerza ²	Fred Eblt
Jackson	Black River Falls	30	Ida J. Stein	Oliver T. Riestven
Jefferson	Jefferson	46	Arthur J. Gruennert	Irving A. Sivbert
Juneau	Mauston	37	Lawrence Larson	Jean Towers
Kenosha	Kenosha	35	Harold J. Schend	G. Adolph Strangberg
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	14	Joseph L. Crabb	Louis P. Kasal
La Crosse	La Crosse	38	Charles J. Wachs	Larry G. Schaefer
Lafayette	Darlington	28	Roy O'Neill	R. H. Michaelson ²
Langlade	Antigo	24	Adela Friedeman	Dulecia Fraley
Lincoln	Merrill	28	Fremont C. Woller	Theodore Lokemoen
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	42	Joseph M. Zahorik	Harvey P. Strouf
Marathon	Wausau	78	Andrew Miller	Lila Jones
Marinette	Marinette	35	Carol M. Jackson	Warner A. Lund
Marquette	Montello	21	Agnes Flynn	S. B. Robinson
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	560	Phillip C. Westfahl	Fred J. Jaeger
Monroe	Sparta	37	Elizabeth Crossen	Oliver A. Hanson
Oconto	Oconto	34	John Wesner	Lloyd Hodgins
Oncida	Rhinelander	27	Agnes Verage	William J. Hack
Outagamie	Appleton	53	Stephen D. Peeters	Sydney M. Shannon
Ozaukee	Port Washington	22	Louis J. Deppisch	Wm. Schuknecht
Pepin	Durand	13	Wm. C. Thompson	Reuben Anderson
Pierce	Ellsworth	27	John L. Swanson	Einar C. Jurgensen
Polk	Balsam Lake	36	Anona Olson	Walter Peterson
Portage	Stevens Point	35	Edward D. Haka	Charles P. Dineen
Price	Phillips	27	Walter F. Koch	Henry Niebauer
Racine	Racine	48	Louis L. Peterson	Edward F. Daley
Richland	Richland Center	24	Alice N. Poole	J. M. Hoke
Rusk	Janesville	58	Maurice W. Smith	Katherine Carman
St. Croix	Ladysmith	39	Selma J. Conklin	Charles D. Swain
Sauk	Hudson	39	David Hope	Simon Lovas
Sawyer	Baraboo	40	Clinton W. Platt	Herbert H. Prange
Shawano	Hayward	21	Ray Olson	Harold Gobler
Sheboygan	Shawano	42	Albert F. Wendt	Clifton A. Perry
Taylor	Sheboygan	46	Alice M. Adams	Eugene A. Hickey
Traverse	Medford	28	Glen A. Gowey	Frank Kulwiec
Traverse	Whitehall	34	Lester Brennom	Clarence H. Johnson
Vernon	Viroqua	39	William Kotvis	Verl W. Poole
Vilas	Eagle River	18	Albia Heal	Robt. D. Martinson
Walworth	Elkhorn	35	Frank G. Holmes	Harry D. Dunbar
Washington	Shell Lake	29	Lewis I. Gullickson	Jessie S. McCulloch
Waukesha	West Bend	28	Edwin Pick	Helen Berend ²
Waupaca	Waukesha	48	Marie L. Lattner	Samuel D. Connell
Waushara	Waupaca	49	Alice Larkee	Paul Ovrom
Winnebago	Wautoma	28	James L. Anderson	Roy L. Booth
Wood	Oshkosh	45	George B. Young	Edward C. Abell
	Wisconsin Rapids	52	Henry Ebbe	Jasper C. Johnson

¹ Term expires 1st Monday 1945.

² Acting. Incumbent in military service or essential war work.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued

County	County Seat	Voting Precincts	County Clerk ¹	Treasurer ¹
Adams	Friendship	20	B. A. McBride	T. V. Avery
Ashland	Ashland	27	Edwin H. Quistorff	Henry D. Klein
Barron	Barron	41	Ralph J. Hill	Verna Timblin
Bayfield	Washburn	37	Ludwig Tranmal	John O. Bodin
Brown	Green Bay	52	Omer F. Rothe	Ann E. Wanek
Buffalo	Alma	28	James O. Holmes	Esther Brevicek
Burnett	Grantsburg	23	Harry B. Bergren	Ada Ortendahl
Calumet	Chilton	16	Roland E. Miller	Wilber R. Winch
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	43	Mildred Gunderson	Warren K. Robarge
Clark	Neillsville	52	Calvin Mills	James H. Fradette
Columbia	Portage	43	H. Roy Tongen	Mary L. Diehl
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	29	Lester R. Daugherty	Amos E. Sutton
Dane	Madison	83	Austin N. Johnson	Clarence L. Femrite
Dodge	Juneau	67	Walter Oberdiek	Allen Henke
Door	Sturgeon Bay	20	Hollis C. Bassford	Evelyn Alliet
Douglas	Superior	43	Stephen P. Gray	William C. Smith
Dunn	Menomonie	35	Leonard Kingsley	Anna C. Nesseth
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	32	John H. Nygaard	Joseph Figmler
Florence	Florence	8	Grace Roach O'Connor	Charles R. Tiderman
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	56	Arthur J. Kremer	Fayette M. Coffeen
Forest	Crandon	19	Alton B. Ison	Frank R. Sturzl
Grant	Lancaster	66	Alonzo Apperle	Rolla L. Rech
Green	Monroe	27	Clarence W. Lengacher	Emanuel G. Stauffacher
Green Lake	Green Lake	21	Gustave Doepke	Norbert A. Bierman
Iowa	Dodgeville	31	Elizabeth Mitchell	Frances Chappell
Iron	Hurley	20	Eugene Darin	Matthew Gravitz, Jr.
Jackson	Black River Falls	30	Hans K. Hanson	Carl G. Monsof
Jefferson	Jefferson	46	Joseph T. Lange	William H. Nevins
Juneau	Mauston	37	John S. Henry	John E. Felland
Kenosha	Kenosha	35	John C. Niederprimm	George H. Lauer
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	14	Mrs. W. J. Wesely ²	Andrew Krueger
La Crosse	La Crosse	38	Esther M. Domke	Marvin Johnson
Lafayette	Darlington	28	Frank D. Goodrich	Elmer B. Virtue
Langlade	Antigo	24	R. M. Moss	John Callahan
Lincoln	Merrill	28	Wm. Leroy Brandt	Grace Fisher
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	42	Albert W. Tetzlaff	Ray McCarthy
Marathon	Wausau	78	Edward H. Kuhlmann	Everett J. Freeman
Marquette	Marquette	35	Geo. E. Costello	Bernard M. Stehle
Marquette	Montello	21	Charles Barry	Edward Gelhar
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	569	George F. Breitbach	Clarence M. Sommers
Monroe	Sparta	37	Loren E. Austin	Roland E. Wildes
Oconto	Oconto	34	Josie M. Cook	Allan Ehlers
Oneida	Rhineland	27	Lloyd D. Verage	Anna Moe Gruper
Outagamie	Appleton	53	John E. Hantschel	Ray L. Feuerstein
Ozaukee	Port Washington	22	Harold Wm. Hughes	Max M. Gunther
Pepin	Durand	13	John Gillmore	Guy H. Miller
Pierce	Ellsworth	27	Ralph Condit	William M. Moran
Polk	Balsam Lake	36	V. A. Hansen	Ernest Lundberg
Portage	Stevens Point	35	Anne T. Strojny ²	Ralph A. Woyak
Price	Phillips	27	Joshua Jones	Margaret Corrigan
Racine	Racine	48	Lennie E. Hardie	Horace F. Edmonds
Richland	Richland Center	24	S. C. Davis	Lena Hart
Rock	Janesville	58	Walter M. Lindemann	L. C. Schmidley
Rusk	Ladysmith	39	Elmer W. Hill	Yelmer V. Sims
St. Croix	Hudson	39	Simon N. Swanson	John C. Bogut
Sauk	Baraboo	40	J. Victor Johnson	Hazel E. Frazier
Sawyer	Hayward	21	Adolph Sandstrom	Robert Bjorkquist
Shawano	Shawano	42	Ralph J. Kuckuk	Grover W. Beversdorf
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	46	Ernst L. Kaufmann	Robert Bjorkquist
Taylor	Medford	28	Harold O. Ruesch	Grover W. Beversdorf
Trempealeau	Whitehall	34	Roy H. Matson	Alfred L. Krause
Vernon	Viroqua	39	Berlie Moore	Joseph J. Fleischmann
Vilas	Eagle River	13	Mary Thomas	John Allen
Walworth	Elkhorn	35	Leo D. Dunlap	H. V. Rabbitt
Washburn	Shell Lake	29	Ole S. Soholt	Francis T. Johnson
Washington	West Bend	28	Louis Kuhaupt	Volney A. Lackey
Waukesha	Waukesha	48	William Koehler	O. K. Lathrop
Waupaca	Waupaca	49	Leland J. Steiger	Paul L. Justman
Waushara	Wautoma	28	Grant Boyson	Daniel J. Perner
Winnebago	Oshkosh	45	Arthur E. Hedke	Leonard J. Stadler
Wood	Wisconsin Rapids	52	Joachim A. Schindler	Ervin E. Bruchs
				Earl E. Fuller
				Vernon M. Kelly

¹Term expires 1st Monday 1945.²Acting. Incumbent in military service or essential war work.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued

County	County Seat	Voting Precincts	Surveyor ¹	Coroner ¹
Adams	Friendship	20	John W. Purves	Robert W. Roseberry
Ashland	Ashland	27	Onan Eide	George H. Wartman
Barron	Barron	41	B. M. Apker	A. J. Hyllengren
Bayfield	Washburn	37		Alvin E. Bratley
Brown	Green Bay	52	Harry R. Albert	Orlen Miller
Buffalo	Alma	28		H. F. Stohr
Burnett	Grantsburg	23	Darius Connor	J. Raymond Swedberg
Calumet	Chilton	16		John A. Knaut
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	43	Henry Vaver	J. A. Kelly
Clark	Neillsville	52	C. L. Mathewson	Herbert L. Brown
Columbia	Portage	43	Harry Corning	William E. Brauer
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	29	Gordon Hurlbut	William J. Rider
Dane	Madison	83	Andrew Dahlen	Edward Ace Fischer
Dodge	Juneau	67	Frank Livermore	W. J. Schmidt
Door	Sturgeon Bay	20	Richard Rasmusson	Calmer Nelson
Douglas	Superior	43	Leroy Bartlett	Herbert L. Smith
Dunn	Menomonie	35	William A. Harding	Francis E. Greeley
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	32	George Peterson	E. Wallace Stokes
Florence	Florence	8	Elmer E. Small	Harold S. Peters
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	56	Geo. W. Marshall	R. S. Timmons
Forest	Crandon	19	Charles Walker	John C. Reese
Grant	Lancaster	66	John T. Buser	George B. Harrower
Green	Monroe	27		Herman A. Stuessy
Green Lake	Green Lake	21		Mark Egbert
Iowa	Dodgeville	31	T. H. Arthur	Fred W. Kepke
Iron	Hurley	20		Florian Jelinski
Jackson	Black River Falls	30	David A. Blencoe	Sidney J. Jensen
Jefferson	Jefferson	46		August H. Kieck
Juneau	Mauston	37		Clarence Sorenson
Kenosha	Kenosha	35	Hugh Southmayd	James A. Crossin
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	14		William Sladky
La Crosse	La Crosse	38	Walter S. Woods	G. D. Reay
Lafayette	Darlington	28		H. I. Thompson ²
Langlade	Antigo	24		Harry Gibbons
Lincoln	Merrill	28	Francis X. Fox	Arthur E. Taylor
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	42		Theodore A. Teitgen
Marathon	Wausau	78	Carl H. Pactzold	Aloysius W. Burek
Marinette	Marinette	35	James E. Murphy	Robert L. Thompson
Marquette	Montello	21	Raymond Phillips	Howard Schultz
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	569	Walter Bubbett	Frank J. Schultz
Monroe	Sparta	37		Maurice J. Lanham
Oconto	Oconto	34	H. A. Hall	Wm. J. Gallagher
Oneida	Rhineland	27	Vernon M. Maine	Albert G. Onson
Outagamie	Appleton	53	Robert M. Connelly	Herbert E. E. Ellsworth
Ozaukee	Port Washington	22	Harold W. Ward	Clarence C. Stein
Pepin	Durand	13	John W. Harris	R. J. Bryant
Pierce	Ellsworth	27		Roland Hoyer
Polk	Balsam Lake	36		John C. Park
Portage	Stevens Point	35		Victor S. Prais
Price	Phillips	27	Leonard Risberg	Walter W. Blume
Racine	Racine	48	Louis F. Pope	James W. Heiberger
Richland	Richland Center	24	Alvin Bannister	R. C. Hoskins
Rock	Janesville	58	Benjamin J. Sunny	E. J. Overton
Rusk	Ladysmith	39	John Diamond	Ole B. Ellingboe
St. Croix	Hudson	39		Archibald M. Ford
Sauk	Baraboo	40		Otto V. Pawlisch
Sawyer	Hayward	42	Harry Johnson	Lester L. Anderson
Shawano	Shawano	21		Leonard Hartwig
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	46	Bruno Hartman	Wesley Van Zanten
Taylor	Medford	28	Cyrus R. Claussen	Earle W. Ruesch
Trempealeau	Whitehall	34		Martin A. Wiemer
Vernon	Viroqua	39		Ole Jackson
Vilas	Eagle River	18	Herb Warner, Sr.	P. J. Gaffney
Walworth	Elkhorn	35	Lloyd L. Jensen	Robert S. Betzer
Washburn	Shell Lake	29	Richard Andrews	Harry W. Dahl
Washington	West Bend	28	W. T. Leins	Raymond Frankow
Waukesha	Waukesha	48	Edward H. Hoffmann	Alvin H. Johnson
Waupaca	Waupaca	49	Walter E. Hoyord	A. M. Christofferson
Waushara	Wautoma	28	George Vergin	George A. Blader
Winnebago	Oshkosh	45		George A. Steele
Wood	Wisconsin Rapids	52	Geo. W. Severns	Harold G. Pomainville

¹ Term expires 1st Monday 1945.

² Acting. Incumbent in military service or essential war work.

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN¹

Miscellaneous

	Address Correspondence to	
American Association of University Women.....	Mrs. E. L. Sevringhaus ..	3914 Cherokee Dr. Madison, 5
American Automobile Association.....	Stuart B. Wright.....	730 University Ave. Madison, 5
Associated Hospital Service, Inc.....	L. R. Wheeler.....	611 N. Broadway Milwaukee, 2
Association of Wisconsin Cemetery Superintendents and Officials.....	F. B. Groh.....	107 W. College Ave. Appleton
Badger State Advancement Association of the Blind	M. C. Leedom.....	912 N. Hawley Road Milwaukee
Children's Aid Society of Wisconsin.....	Margaret Winchell.....	2835 W. Kilbourn Ave. Milwaukee, 8
Daniel Boone Hunters League, Inc.....	Elroy J. Behling.....	3151 N. Bufum St. Milwaukee
English-Speaking Union.....	Alice Murphy.....	2115 N. Lake Drive Milwaukee
Federation of German-American Societies of Wisconsin.....	Otto Reiss.....	1527 N. 28th St. Milwaukee, 8
Izaak Walton League of Wisconsin.....	Francis Buell.....	Beloit
League of American Wheelmen of Wisconsin.....	Mrs. Victor T. Broome.....	372 N. Macy St. Fond du Lac
Lincoln Fellowship of Wisconsin.....	L. W. Bridgman.....	1910 Kendall Ave. Madison, 5
National Legion of Mothers of America.....	Mrs. Katherine A. Wendelburg.....	2126 N. 42nd St. Milwaukee, 8
Old-Age Pension Group, Inc.....	Mrs. Max Cichon.....	15 E. Dayton St. Madison, 3
United Taxpayers Association of Wisconsin.....	Lucian Holman.....	Box 84, Janesville
Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters ..	Loyal Durand, Jr.....	Science Hall U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Anti-Saloon League.....	J. Frank Jenner.....	118 W. Wilson St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association.....	Dr. Oscar Lotz.....	1018 N. Jefferson St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Association for the Disabled.....	P. J. Kirch.....	413-16 Washington Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Association of the Deaf.....	Rev. A. G. Leisman.....	4068 N. 13th St. Milwaukee, 9
Wisconsin Bridge Association.....	Mrs. T. L. Torgerson.....	210 Breesse Terrace Madison, 5
Wisconsin Citizens Public Expenditure Survey	Arch Ely.....	340 Washington Bldg. Madison, 3

¹ This list was compiled as of November 1943 from a questionnaire sent to all known state-wide associations other than religious, fraternal, and similar organizations. Organizations not included in this list are requested to communicate with the Legislative Reference Library, Blue Book Editor, State Capitol, Madison.

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

		Address Correspondence to
Wisconsin Conservation Congress.....	C. A. Scarles.....	Route 3 Wisconsin Rapids
Wisconsin Cooperative Housing Association.....	R. C. Dubielzig.....	Crestwood, Madison, 5
Wisconsin Council of Churches.....	Mrs. John Bordner.....	Crestwood, Madison, 5
Wisconsin Council of Safety.....	Hugo A. Klemm.....	234 State Office Bldg. Madison, 2
Wisconsin Council on World Affairs.....	Almere L. Scott.....	University Extension Div. Madison, 6
Wisconsin Electric Cooperative.....	W. V. Thomas.....	303 E. Wilson St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Federation of Music Clubs.....	Mrs. Ronald Dougan.....	Box 87, Cooley Rd., Beloit
Wisconsin Federation of Stamp Clubs.....	W. L. Clunie.....	1435 Owen Ave. Racine
Wisconsin Federation of Women's Clubs.....	Mrs. C. M. Walker.....	Lancaster
Wisconsin Friends of Our Native Landscape.....	G. Wm. Longenecker.....	Horticulture Bldg., U. W. Madison, 6
Wisconsin Garden Club Federation.....	Mrs. H. W. Schaefer.....	4416 Taft Road, Kenosha
Wisconsin Genealogical Society.....	Mrs. E. R. Parker.....	Route 2 Fort Atkinson
Wisconsin Greater Recreational Association.....	Dan F. Vicker.....	Park Falls
Wisconsin Highway Users Conference.....	Fred M. Elliott.....	122 W. Washington Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Houdini Club.....	Frank W. Carter.....	Eagle River
Wisconsin Humane Society.....	John H. Borges.....	207 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin League of Women Voters.....	Mrs. F. A. Marshall.....	1 W. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Park and Recreation Society.....	Kenneth L. Schellie.....	300 State Office Bldg. Madison, 2
Wisconsin Passenger Club.....	W. H. Schubel.....	404 Majestic Bldg. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Planners' Club.....	Norval C. Johnson.....	303 Court House Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Pleasure Horse Association.....	F. J. Southcott.....	Dousman
Wisconsin Recreation Association.....	D. B. Dyer.....	3841 W. St. Paul Ave. Milwaukee, 8
Wisconsin Roadside Development Council.....	Mrs. C. L. Dean.....	102 Grand Ave. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Singing School.....	Will Schack.....	1219 S. 12th St. Manitowoc
Wisconsin Society of Ornithology.....	Mrs. A. P. Balsom.....	2209 E. Stratford Ct. Milwaukee, 11
Wisconsin State Bowling Association.....	.....	739 N. Second St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin State Conference on Social Legislation.....	Thomas E. Casey.....	3125 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin State Horticultural Society.....	H. J. Rahmlow.....	424 University Farm Place Madison, 6

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Taxpayers Alliance.....	Paul N. Reynolds.....	116 W. Washington Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Taxpayers Conference.....	Arch Ely.....	340 Washington Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin War Fund, Inc.....	Carl Warmington.....	610 State St., Madison, 5
Wisconsin Welfare Council.....	Lloyd V. Ballard.....	Beloit College, Beloit
Wisconsin Woman's Bowling Association.....	Mrs. Jeannette J. Knepprath.....	4721 W. Washington Blvd., Milwaukee, 8
Wisconsin Women's Legislative Council.....	Mrs. John Glaettli, Jr.....	2141 Fox Ave. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Women's Press Club.....	Joyce Larkin.....	Vilas County News Re- view, Eagle River
Women's Field Army for Control of Cancer.....	Mrs. G. E. Stoddart.....	Beaver Dam
Agricultural		
American Dairy Association of Wisconsin.....	.....	616 Tenney Bldg. Madison, 3
Cash Crops Cooperative.....	Howard T. Greene.....	Genesee Depot
Cheese Producers Marketing Association.....	E. A. Janke.....	Monticello
Consolidated Badger Cooperative.....	George Ruppel.....	Shawano
Equity Cooperative Livestock Sales Association.....	.....	100 N. Muskego Ave. Milwaukee
Farm Holiday Association.....	Chas. F. Goldamer.....	2130 N. 45th St. Milwaukee
Farm Truckers Association of Wisconsin.....	C. J. Rada.....	1139 W. Canal St. Milwaukee, 3
4-H Club Organization.....	T. L. Bewick.....	College of Agriculture U. W., Madison, 6
Fruit Growers Co-op.....	Kurt Stock.....	Sturgeon Bay
Holstein-Friesian Association of Wisconsin.....	Mrs. W. J. Reynolds.....	1664 Monroe St. Madison, 5
Progressive Farmers of Wisconsin Co-op.....	Jay Lutsey.....	Pulaski
Wisconsin Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Association.....	J. G. Fuller.....	College of Agriculture U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Association.....	E. D. Holden.....	Agronomy Bldg., U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Association of Fairs.....	James F. Malone.....	Beaver Dam
Wisconsin Association of Future Farmers of America.....	C. H. Bonsack.....	315 State Office Bldg. Madison, 2
Wisconsin Beekeepers Association.....	H. J. Rahmlow.....	424 University Farm Place Madison, 6
Wisconsin Berkshire Association.....	Charles Veers.....	Stratford
Wisconsin Brown Swiss Cattle Breeders Association.....	Theo. J. Kurtz.....	Cedarburg
Wisconsin Certified Record of Production Association.....	R. D. Young.....	Menomonie
Wisconsin Cheese Exchange.....	Ray Brown.....	Winnebago Cheese Co. Pond du Lac

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Cheese Producers' Co-op.....	E. H. Bruggink.....	Plymouth
Wisconsin Cheesemaker's Association.....	A. H. Graf.....	Zachow
Wisconsin Chester White Breeders Association.....	Clarence H. Rhodes.....	Burlington
Wisconsin Cooperative Creamery Association.....	Otto Kahl.....	Dallas
Wisconsin Cooperative Poultry Improvement Association.....	Duane Peck.....	Baraboo
Wisconsin Cooperative Wool Grower's Association.....	Roy F. Richards.....	Box 26, Portage
Wisconsin Council of Agriculture.....	Milo K. Swanton.....	614 Tenney Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Cranberry Sales Company.....	Vernon Goldsworthy.....	Wisconsin Rapids
Wisconsin Dairy Herd Improvement Association.....	Morris C. Jensen.....	213 W. Church St. Evansville
Wisconsin Dairy Industries Association.....	Milo K. Swanton.....	110 E. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Dairy Technology Society.....	K. G. Weekel.....	202 Hiram Smith Hall U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Dairymen's Association.....	B. R. Dugdale.....	Fort Atkinson
Wisconsin Duroc Breeder's Association.....	Bryce Bartholf.....	Burlington
Wisconsin Farm Bureau Federation Co-op.....	James G. Green.....	18 S. Thornton Ave. Madison, 4
Wisconsin Farmers Union.....	H. K. Hones.....	2 W. Spring St. Chippewa Falls
Wisconsin Guernsey Breeder's Association.....	Gavin W. McKerrow.....	Pewaukee
Wisconsin Hampshire Swine Breeder's Association.....	Raymond F. Henry.....	Deerfield
Wisconsin Hatcheries Association.....	P. O. Peterson.....	Fond du Lac
Wisconsin Hereford Breeders' Association.....	Homer Graber.....	Mineral Point
Wisconsin Horse Breeders' Association.....	J. G. Fuller.....	College of Agriculture U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Jersey Cattle Club.....	George B. Price.....	Kenosha
Wisconsin Junior State Fair Board.....	Martha Bubeck Schmidt.....	315 State Office Bldg. Madison, 2
Wisconsin Leaf Tobacco Dealers' and Growers Association.....	Carl W. Heller.....	Edgerton
Wisconsin Live Stock Breeders' Association.....	Arlie Mucks.....	2 Agricultural Hall U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Live Stock Marketing Federation Cooperative.....	Peter Ley Kauf.....	Sauk City
Wisconsin Milk Dealers' Association, Inc.....	Harry Klueter.....	1 W. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Muck Farmers Association.....	A. R. Albert.....	Hancock
Wisconsin Poland China Breeders Association.....	Chas. A. Maas.....	Route 1, Evansville
Wisconsin Potato Growers' Association.....	.....	Horticulture Bldg. U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Poultry Improvement Association Cooperative.....	P. O. Peterson.....	Fond du Lac

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Sheep Breeders Association.....	Roy E. Richards.....	Box 26, Portage
Wisconsin Shorthorn Breeders Association.....	J. J. McCann.....	507 S. Bluff St. Janesville
Wisconsin State Grange.....	Neal Peck.....	Route 1, Peshtigo
Wisconsin Swine Breeder's Association.....	Bryce Bartholf.....	Burlington
Wisconsin Swiss and Limburger Cheese Producers Association.....	H. E. Thew.....	2437 Sommers Ave. Madison, 4
Wisconsin-Upper Michigan Fruit Jobbers Association.....	Fred J. Leonard.....	Box 199 Appleton
Educational		
Association of Wisconsin Teachers Colleges.....	Carrie B. Edmondson.....	Milwaukee State Teach- ers College, Milwaukee
County Normal Principal's Association.....	Alice Gordon.....	Merrill
Future Homemaker's Association.....	Martha Bubeck Schmidt	State Office Bldg. Madison, 2
League of Classroom Teachers of Wisconsin.....	Flora Jane Macdonald.....	112½ W. Second St. Ashland
Mathematical Association of America.....	Paul L. Trump.....	206 North Hall U. W., Madison, 6
State Home Demonstration Council.....	Mrs. G. H. Alberts.....	Stratford
Wisconsin Alumni Association.....	John Berge.....	770 Langdon St. Madison, 6
Wisconsin Association for Childhood Education.....	Edith E. Nohling.....	6420-20th Ave., Kenosha
Wisconsin Association for Health and Physical Education.....	H. P. Liddicoat.....	7400-18th Ave., Kenosha
Wisconsin Association for Vocational and Adult Education.....	C. D. Rejahl.....	1646 Oakwood Ave. Beloit
Wisconsin Association of Modern Foreign Language Teachers.....	Dr. Mariele Schirmer.....	State Teachers College Milwaukee
Wisconsin Association of Presidents and Deans of Wisconsin Colleges.....	Dean Ralph S. Nanz.....	Carroll College Waukesha
Wisconsin Association of Rural Vocational Homemaking Instructors.....	Mrs. Jane Rosenthal.....	Mondovi
Wisconsin Association of School Administrators.....	W. F. Waterpool.....	Marinette
Wisconsin Association of School Boards.....	Mrs. Letha Bannerman.....	1220 Highland Park Bldv., Wausau
Wisconsin Association of Supervising Teachers.....	A. Jane Burke.....	Stevens Point
Wisconsin Association of Teachers of the Deaf.....	Mary E. Cannon.....	2511 N. Prospect Ave. Milwaukee, 11
Wisconsin Association of Teachers of Speech.....	Gladys Borchers.....	Dept. of Speech U. W., Madison, 6
Wisconsin Association of Vocational Agriculture Instructors.....	Earle Sanford.....	St. Croix Falls, Wis.
Wisconsin Business Schools Association.....	G. E. Spohn.....	215 W. Washington Ave. Madison, 3

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin City Grade Supervisors Association.....	R. E. Gotham.....	Beloit
Wisconsin Commercial Teachers Association.....	Janet Greenhalgh.....	403 Second St. Watertown
Wisconsin Conference of Elementary School Supervisors.....	Martha Sorenson.....	Appleton Public Schools Appleton
Wisconsin Congress of Parents and Teachers.....	Mrs. George Chatterton.....	119 Monona Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin County Superintendents Association.....	Eva C. Monson.....	Court House, Oshkosh
Wisconsin County Supervising Teachers Association.....	Edith Turnell.....	Superior
Wisconsin Education Association.....	O. H. Plenzke.....	119 Monona Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Elementary School Principals' Association.....	Edna E. Mumm.....	911 Emerson St., Beloit
Wisconsin Federation of Teachers.....	Howland H. Paddock.....	720-59th Place Kenosha
Wisconsin High School Forensic Association.....	Almere L. Scott.....	University Extension Div. Madison, 6
Wisconsin Home Economics Association.....	Ruth Henderson.....	1320 Spring St. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Interscholastic Athletic Association.....	P. F. Neverman.....	Marinette
Wisconsin Junior High School Administrators Association.....	H. U. Wood.....	Franklin School, Racine
Wisconsin Occupational Therapy Association.....	Ruth Bell.....	2102 W. Pierce St. Milwaukee, 4
Wisconsin School Music Association.....	H. C. Wegner.....	Waupun
Wisconsin State League of Nursing Education.....	Buleau Gautefold.....	Milwaukee Children's Hospital, Milwaukee
Wisconsin Vocational and Adult Schools Directors Association.....	G. J. Ehart.....	Janesville
Wisconsin Vocational Guidance Association.....	C. D. Rejahl.....	1646 Oakwood Ave. Beloit

Patriotic

American Legion.....	G. H. Stordock.....	225 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee
American Legion Auxiliary.....	Cora E. Brown.....	225 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee
American War Mothers.....	Mrs. Ada Bass.....	Montello
Army and Navy Union.....	Walter J. Harris.....	1 Langdon St., Madison, 3
Betsy Ross Club.....	Mrs. Edith B. Dauplaise.....	1816 Weeks Ave. Superior
Blue Star Mothers.....	Mrs. Esther Francour.....	Route 3, Box 367 Waukesha
Colonial Dames of America.....	Mrs. Alfred Wettstein.....	2718 E. Kenwood Blvd. Milwaukee, 11
County Veterans Service Officers Association.....	T. C. Eckhart.....	Court House, Manitowoc
Daughters of the American Revolution.....	Mrs. Vincent Koch.....	Oakland Ave., Janesville

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America.....	Mrs. N. P. Barrett.....	907 N. 17th St. Milwaukee
Daughters of Union Veterans of the Civil War.....	Mrs. Wilma Hansen.....	Lake Mills
Disabled American Veterans of the World War.....	John Kitts.....	85 Parkway, Oshkosh
Disabled American Veterans of the World War (Women's Auxiliary).....	Mrs. Helen C. Ratagick.....	851 Elmrose St. Green Bay
Grand Army of the Republic.....	Mrs. Alma Cheesman.....	5502 West Burnham Milwaukee, 14
Ladies of Grand Army of Republic.....	Mrs. E. E. Saunders.....	6118-12th Ave. Kenosha
Marine Corps League, Badger Detachment.....	.....	1111 W. Highland Ave., Milwaukee, 3
Military Order of the Purple Heart.....	R. C. Coulson.....	2875 S. Ellen St. Milwaukee
National Daughters of the Grand Army of the Republic.....	Lenore Dilday.....	1524 Winslow St., Racine
Rainbow Division Veterans Association.....	Thomas E. Sullivan.....	206 Marquette St. Fond du Lac
Regular Veterans Association.....	Claud E. Dyer.....	446 Sidney St. Madison, 3
Reserve Officer's Association.....	Capt. David W. Blood- good.....	312 E. Wisconsin Ave Milwaukee
Service Star Legion, Inc.....	Mrs. W. L. Olds.....	Route 1, Madison, 4
Society of Mayflower Descendants.....	Mrs. N. Tracy Yeoman.....	408 W. Washington St. Watertown
Sons of the American Revolution.....	A. H. Wilkinson.....	110 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee, 2
Sons of Union Veterans of Civil War.....	Hugo Vogel.....	748 Jenifer St. Madison, 3
Sons of Union Veterans of Civil War (Women's Auxiliary).....	Mrs. Kitty Pillsbury.....	2111-41st St., Milwaukee
Thirty-second Division Veterans Association.....	Byron Beveridge.....	State Capitol, Madison, 2
United Spanish War Veterans.....	John D. Kutchera.....	5412 W. Central St. Milwaukee
United Spanish War Veterans Auxiliary.....	Mrs. Cecelia M. Johnson.....	330 Owen Drive Madison, 5
Veterans of Foreign Wars.....	J. E. Joyce, Jr.....	409 Wilson Ave. Menomonie
Veterans of Foreign Wars Auxiliary.....	Sarah Hansen.....	2667 N. 60th St. Milwaukee, 10
Wisconsin Citizens' Military Training Camps Association.....	Capt. David W. Blood- good.....	312 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Military Association.....	Capt. David W. Blood- good.....	312 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Mothers of World War II.....	Eleanor Miller.....	1539 N. 39th St. Milwaukee

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Navy Fathers, Inc.....		2628 E. Ohio Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Veterans Council.....	G. H. Stordock.....	225 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin War Flying Foundation.....	John B. Coleman.....	124 N. Jefferson St. Milwaukee
Woman's Relief Corps.....	Mattie McMullen.....	Superior

Public Officials and Public Employes

American Waterworks Association.....	L. A. Smith.....	City Hall, Madison, 3
Association of Wisconsin County Asylums.....	N. J. Hansen.....	Route 2, Sparta
Board of County Judges.....	F. H. Schlichting.....	Court House, Sheboygan
Circuit Court Clerks Association.....	Myrtle Hansen.....	Court House, Madison, 3
Clerk of Courts Association of Wisconsin.....	Myrtle Hansen.....	Court House, Madison
International Association of Electrical Inspectors.....	J. E. Wise.....	1 W. Wilson St. Madison, 3
League of Wisconsin Municipalities.....	Frederick N. MacMillan.....	30 E. Johnson St. Madison, 3
Assessors Section.....	Soren Rasmussen.....	307 W. 5th St. Marshfield
Attorneys Section.....	T. C. Dwyer.....	City Hall, Green Bay
Building Inspectors Section.....	Hugo E. Bothe.....	15 City Hall, Kenosha
Clerks and Finance Section.....	Frederick N. MacMillan.....	30 E. Johnson St. Madison, 3
Engineering and Public Works Section.....	F. M. Wolverton.....	Oshkosh
Mayors and Aldermen's Section.....	F. R. Buechner.....	City Hall, Superior
Park and Recreation Society.....	Kenneth I. Schellie.....	300 State Office Building Madison, 2
Plumbing Inspectors Section.....	Richard Mason.....	Fond du Lac
Village Section.....	Wm. A. Nesemann.....	Kohler
National Association of Postmasters.....	Earl Moldenhauser.....	Clintonville
State Organization for Public Health Nursing.....	Marie Scheffer.....	Visiting Nurse Association Eau Claire
Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association.....	R. H. McCarty.....	Kaukauna
Wisconsin County Boards Association.....	A. J. Thelen.....	1 W. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin County Clerks Association.....	John E. Hantschel.....	Courthouse, Appleton
Wisconsin County Highway Commissioner's Association.....	George Batty.....	Portage
Wisconsin County Treasurer's Association.....	Ada Ortendahl.....	Grantsburg
Wisconsin District Attorneys Association.....	Milton L. Meister.....	West Bend
Wisconsin Federation of Post Office Clerks.....	Arthur M. Kahler.....	Appleton
Wisconsin Joint Association of County Officers.....	Mary T. Emerson.....	Chippewa Falls
Wisconsin Milk Sanitarian's Association.....	A. T. Bruhn.....	State Capitol, Madison, 2

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Municipal Utilities Association.....	J. B. Jedwabny.....	Menasha
Wisconsin Paid Firemen's Association.....	Leo J. Girens.....	1108-5th St., Oshkosh
Wisconsin Policemen's Protective Association.....	Thos. P. King.....	7713-34th Ave., Kenosha
Wisconsin Public Welfare Association.....	Edith Massee.....	Court House, Oshkosh
Wisconsin Rural Letter Carrier's Association.....	Manifee Burris.....	Platteville
Wisconsin Sheriff's Association.....	Fred Finn.....	810 W. Lakeside St. Madison, 5
Wisconsin State Association of Fire Fighters.....	George J. Henningfeld.....	2054 Carter St., Racine
Wisconsin State Employees Association.....	Roy E. Kubista.....	719 Insurance Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin State Fire Chiefs Association.....	Arthur J. Rahn.....	Two Rivers
Wisconsin Townships Defense Bureau, Inc.....	.....	119 W. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Townships Inc.....	Arnold H. Fraedrich.....	Route 1, Nekoosa

Trade and Professional

American Institute of Architects of Wisconsin.....	Alexander H. Bauer.....	985 E. Circle Drive Milwaukee, 11
American Institute of Banking.....	Wall G. Coapman.....	312 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
American Institute of Real Estate Appraisers.....	A. P. Van Loghem.....	740 N. Plankinton Ave. Milwaukee
American Society of Civil Engineers.....	Prof. O. Neil Olson.....	1515 W. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee, 3
American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers.....	E. W. Gifford.....	611 N. Broadway Milwaukee
Associated Credit Bureau of Wisconsin, Inc.....	R. D. Morse.....	P. O. Box 744, La Crosse
Associated Master Barbers of Wisconsin.....	Edward Wood.....	2511 W. Greenfield Ave. Milwaukee, 4
Associated Photo-Engravers of Wisconsin.....	John R. Shultz.....	135 W. Wells St. Milwaukee, 3
Building Congress of Wisconsin.....	Walter G. Memmler.....	1825 E. Hartford Ave., Milwaukee
Engineering Society of Wisconsin.....	O. J. Muegge.....	656 Crandall St. Madison, 5
Furniture Salesmen's Club of Wisconsin.....	Edward F. Peschke.....	4172 N. 16th St. Milwaukee
Hotel Greeters of America.....	.....	Park Hotel, Milwaukee, 3
Insurance Cooperative Agency.....	A. J. Green.....	1009 Tenney Bldg. Madison, 3
Junior Chamber of Commerce.....	Bert Mulroy.....	340-10th Ave., N. Wisconsin Rapids
Junior Savings and Loan League of Wisconsin.....	E. A. McCabe.....	739 N. Broadway Milwaukee,
Kiwanis International.....	F. J. Horak.....	P. O. Box 3, Oconto
Master Builders Association of Wisconsin.....	Richard Ferge.....	611 N. Broadway Milwaukee

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Monument Builders of America.....	Merrill W. Schaefer.....	2430 W. Lincoln Ave. Milwaukee, 7
Northern Hemlock and Hardwood Manufacturers Association.....	O. T. Swan.....	Box 1040, Oshkosh
Professional Photographers Association of Wisconsin	Arthur Pohlman.....	647 W. Virginia St. Milwaukee
Retailers Tallow and Calf Skin Association of Wisconsin, Inc.....	.....	225 S. Muskego Ave. Milwaukee, 3
Rotary International.....	Paul F. Hunter.....	110 E. Main St. Madison, 3
Sheet Metal Contractors Association of Wis- consin, Inc.....	Paul L. Biersach.....	225 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee
State Association of Wisconsin Architects.....	Leigh Hunt.....	152 W. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
State Medical Society of Wisconsin.....	Charles H. Crownhart.....	917 Tenney Bldg. Madison, 3
Tavern League of Wisconsin.....	Paul E. Jorgensen.....	215-6th St., Racine
Travelers Protective Association.....	Wm. F. Schad.....	6000 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Archeological Society.....	Charles E. Brown.....	Historical Museum Madison, 6
Wisconsin Association of Commercial Organization Secretaries.....	R. W. Mills.....	Association of Commerce Fond du Lac
Wisconsin Association of Finance Companies.....	L. M. Jeger.....	P. O. Box 227, Oconto
Wisconsin Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.....	P. C. Carver.....	Box 645, Oshkosh
Wisconsin Association of Insurance Agents.....	John Rowland.....	Racine
Wisconsin Association of Medical Technologists.....	Alice A. Thorngate.....	701 W. Johnson St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Association of Memorial Craftsmen of America, Inc.....	M. W. Schaefer.....	Schaefer Monument Co. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Association of Optometrists.....	Armin P. Hille.....	Menomonee Falls
Wisconsin Association of Personal Finance Companies, Inc.....	J. H. Hendee.....	2309 N. 36th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Association of Power Engineers.....	Martin O'Neill.....	925 Drake St. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Association of Real Estate Brokers.....	.....	740 N. Plankinton Ave. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Association of Taxicab Owners.....	D. I. Norman.....	639 E. Wilson St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Automotive Trades Association.....	Lou's Milan.....	111 S. Hamilton St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Bakers Association.....	Fred H. Laufenburg.....	5154 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Bandmaster's Association, Inc.....	Harvey E. Krueger.....	2815 N. 37th St. Milwaukee

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Bankers Association.....	Wall G. Coapman.....	312 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Blacksmiths and Horseshoers Association	Walter J. Klumb.....	1506 Calumet Drive Sheboygan
Wisconsin Bottlers of Carbonated Beverages.....	D. E. Carroll.....	424 E. Capitol Drive Milwaukee
Wisconsin Building and Loan League.....	Carl Taylor.....	1900 Wisconsin Tower Milwaukee
Wisconsin Canners Association.....	Marvin P. Verhulst.....	110 E. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Cemetery Owners and Representatives Association.....	G. L. Saeveke.....	119 Monona Ave., Madison
Wisconsin Chiropractic Association.....	Dr. George H. Kopp.....	New London
Wisconsin Chiropractic Basic Research.....	E. W. Miller.....	Kraft Bldg., Menomonie
Wisconsin Coal Bureau.....	Wm. F. Ehmann.....	1 W. Main St., Madison, 3
Wisconsin Commercial Fishermen's Association.....	Everett LaFond.....	1820 Jackson St. Two Rivers
Wisconsin Concrete Products Association.....	A. W. Devos.....	735 N. Water St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Constructors, Inc.....	J. Harry Green.....	Jackman Bldg., Janesville
Wisconsin Council of Painting and Decorating Contractors of America.....	C. H. Muren.....	417 Clemons Ave., Madison, 4
Wisconsin Credit Union League.....	Floyd A. Fuller.....	259 E. Wells St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Daily Association.....	William Burgess.....	La Crosse
Wisconsin Daily Newspaper League.....	Walter Chilsen.....	Merrill Herald, Merrill
Wisconsin Dry Cleaners Association, Inc.....	Egon W. Peck.....	208 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Dump Truck Owners Association.....	.....	709 N. 11th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Electrical Association.....	R. J. Nickles.....	1203 Williamson St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc.....	Mabel R. Holdhusen.....	167 N. Prospect Ave. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Fire Underwriters Association.....	.....	828 N. Broadway Milwaukee
Wisconsin Fox and Fur Breeders Association.....	Harley Wittig.....	Green Bay
Wisconsin Frozen Food Locker Association.....	Peter Wm. Frett.....	431 Saratoga St. Wisconsin Rapids
Wisconsin Funeral Directors and Embalmers Association.....	.....	5920 W. North Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Garage Operators Association, Inc.....	Arthur E. Harrer.....	1421 N. 16th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Greenkeeper's Association.....	Glen R. Barclay.....	419 Kensington Drive Madison, 4

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Hairdressers and Cosmetologists Association, Inc.-----	Evalyn R. Wrecza-----	1801 W. Keefe Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Hospital Association-----	N. E. Hanshus-----	Lutheran Hospital Eau Claire
Wisconsin Implement Dealers Association, Inc.-----	M. R. Williams-----	2039 Winnebago St. Madison, 4
Wisconsin Journeymen Barbers, Hairdressers and Cosmetologists Association-----	John A. Billie-----	1408 Washington St. Manitowoc
Wisconsin Library Association-----	Edith Shepard-----	Public Library Fond du Lac
Wisconsin Locally Owned Telephone Group-----	L. M. Lamkins-----	Manawa
Wisconsin Manufacturers Association-----	G. F. Kull-----	First National Bank Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Master Plumbers Association-----		326 W. Brown St. Milwaukee, 12
Wisconsin Motor Carriers Association-----		407 E. Michigan St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Mutual Insurance Alliance-----	J. E. Kennedy-----	Washington Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Naturopathic Association-----	Dr. Dorothy K. Runkel-----	3019 N. 12th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Nurserymen's Association-----	Thos. S. Pinney-----	Sturgeon Bay
Wisconsin Osteopathic Association-----	Dr. E. J. Elton-----	1518 N. 70th St. Wauwatosa
Wisconsin Painters and Sculptors-----	Edward A. Boerner-----	2963 N. Frederick Ave. Milwaukee, 11
Wisconsin Paper Merchants Association-----	A. Sclaff-----	318 N. Water St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Petroleum Association-----	Roy L. Brecke-----	329 E. Wisconsin Ave. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Petroleum Industries Committee-----	Fred M. Elliott-----	122 W. Washington Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association-----	Jennings Murphy-----	625 N. Milwaukee St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Travelers Association-----	H. E. Kraft-----	3440 N. 54th St. Milwaukee, 10
Wisconsin Press Association-----	Carl Zielke-----	235 Washington Bldg. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Railroad Association-----	A. R. McDonald-----	122 W. Washington Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Radio Refrigeration and Appliance Association-----	H. L. Ashworth-----	125 E. Wells St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Recorders Association-----	Lawrence Larson-----	Mauston
Wisconsin Restaurant Association-----	E. A. Conforti-----	6148 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Retail Credit Association-----	W. H. Wittwer-----	302 W. Sunset Court Madison, 5

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin Retail Dry Goods Association.....	H. L. Ashworth.....	125 E. Wells St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Retail Food Dealers Association.....	A. E. Gesch.....	342 N. Water St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Retail Furniture Association.....	Theo. E. Stickle.....	125 E. Wells St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Retail Hardware Association.....	H. A. Lewis.....	Stevens Point
Wisconsin Retail Harness and Leather Goods.....	John Betlach.....	Sun Prairie
Wisconsin Retail Jewelers Association.....	H. W. Anderson.....	Neenah
Wisconsin Retail Lumbermen's Association.....	D. S. Montgomery.....	501 Milwaukee Gas Co. Bldg., Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Road Builders Association.....	E. E. Hoebel.....	1 W. Main St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Sanatorium Superintendents' Association	Mabel Ryan.....	Forest Lawn Sanitorium Jefferson
Wisconsin Sanatorium Trustees Association.....	Chas. L. Burnham.....	1018 N. Jefferson St. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin Shoe Retailers Association.....	Oscar Thureen.....	Viroqua
Wisconsin Shoe Travelers Association.....	Henry D. Kuehn.....	3110 W. National Ave. Milwaukee, 4
Wisconsin Shorthand Reporters Association.....	Mabel D. Holt.....	Court House, Kenosha
Wisconsin Society for Mental Hygiene.....	Dr. Esther H. De Weerd	405 E. Grand Ave., Beloit
Wisconsin Society of Certified Public Accountants.....	A. E. Wegner.....	1109 Seminole Highway Madison, 5
Wisconsin Society of Chiropradists.....	Dr. Lois K. Brancel.....	4048 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Society of Plumbing Supervisors and Sanitary Inspectors.....	Edw. C. Kuhlman.....	742 S. 22nd St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Society of X-Ray Technicians.....	Carrie L. Meyer, R. T.....	1931 N. 38th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin State Bowling Proprietors Association...	Paul E. Jorgensen.....	215 6th St., Racine
Wisconsin State C. I. O.....	Mel J. Heinritz.....	108 W. Wells St. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin State Association of Life Underwriters...	Paul A. Schuette.....	Manitowoc
Wisconsin State Association of Mutual Insurance Companies.....	Theodore R. Schmidt.....	Kewaskum
Wisconsin State Association of Retail Meat Dealers	Harvey Wickert.....	1659 Oregon St. Oshkosh
Wisconsin State Bar Association.....	Gilson G. Glasier.....	State Capitol, Madison, 2
Wisconsin State Brewers Association.....	L. A. Miller.....	1301 Majestic Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin State Chamber of Commerce.....	Wm. J. Petersen.....	119 Monona Ave. Madison, 3
Wisconsin State Dental Assistants Association.....	Eugenia Uttech.....	123 W. Washington St. Watertown
Wisconsin State Dental Economics Study Club.....	Dr. Everett J. Johnson.....	110 E. Main St. Madison, 3

STATE-WIDE ASSOCIATIONS OF WISCONSIN—Continued

	Address Correspondence to	
Wisconsin State Dental Society	Kenneth F. Crane	1233 Bankers Bldg. Milwaukee, 2
Wisconsin State Federation of Labor	Wm. Nagorsne	321 Metropolitan Block Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin State Hotel Association	H. L. Ashworth	125 E. Wells St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin State Musicians Association	W. Clayton Dow	221-6th St., Racine
Wisconsin State Nurses Association	Mrs. C. D. Partridge, R. N.	3727 E. Layton Ave. Cudahy
Wisconsin State Telephone Association	J. E. Byrnes	14 S. Carroll St. Madison, 3
Wisconsin Tavernkeepers Association .....	.....	779 N. Front St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Tire Recappers and Vulcanizers .....	.....	919 N. Broadway Milwaukee
Wisconsin Title Association	A. J. Achten	Shawano
Wisconsin-Upper Michigan Florists Association	Carl Menger	3307 W. Walnut St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin-Upper Michigan Fuel Dealers Association .....	.....	905 University Ave. Madison, 5
Wisconsin Utilities Association	A. F. Herwig	135 W. Wells St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Veterinary Medical Association	Dr. B. A. Beach	Genetics Bldg., U. W. Madison, 6
Wisconsin Watchmakers' Association	B. W. Heald	339 N. 35th St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Well Constructors Association	E. A. Conforti	6148 Plankinton Bldg. Milwaukee, 3
Wisconsin Wholesale Food Distributors Association	.....	342 N. Water St. Milwaukee
Wisconsin Wine and Spirit Institute	Louis Milan	119 Monona Ave. Madison, 3
Women's State Bar Association	Vartak Gulbankian	309 Main St., Racine

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS¹

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Abbotsford	Clark	Tribune	Thurs.	R. J. Janda
Albany	Green	Herald	Thurs.	Ralph Molm
Algoma	Kewaunee	Record-Herald	Fri.	H. H. Heidmann
Alma	Buffalo	Buffalo County Journal	Thurs.	Theodore Buehler, Jr.
Amery	Polk	Free Press	Thurs.	Palmer Sondreal
Amherst	Portage	Advocate	Thurs.	J. L. Moberg
Antigo	Langlade	Daily Journal	Daily	Otto F. Berner
Appleton	Outagamie	Badger Legionnaire	Monthly	Erik I. Madisen
		Post-Crescent	Dly. ex. Sun.	V. I. Minahan
Arcadia	Trempealeau	News-Leader	Thurs.	A. H. Gauger
Argyle	Lafayette	Atlas	Thurs.	J. A. McGinnity
Ashland	Ashland	Press	Dly. ex. Sun.	John C. Chapple
Athens	Marathon	Record	Thurs.	A. Neuenschwander
Augusta	Eau Claire	Union	Thurs.	E. M. Herrell
Baldwin	St. Croix	Bulletin	Fri.	W. E. Hawley
Balsam Lake	Polk	Folk County Ledger	Thurs.	Curtis B. Gaylord
Bangor	La Crosse	Independent	Thurs.	Gertrude Gessler
Baraboo	Sauk	News-Republic	Dly. ex. Sun.	H. K. Page and Sons
		Weekly News	Thurs.	H. K. Page and Sons
Barron	Barron	Barron County News-Shield	Thurs.	E. H. Stern
Bayfield	Bayfield	Bayfield County Press	Thurs.	Wm. G. Reque
Beaver Dam	Dodge	Argus	Dly. ex. Sun.	James B. Sherman
		Citizen	Thurs.	E. E. Parker
Beldenville	Pierce	Reporter	Thurs.	C. E. Helmer
Belleville	Dane	Recorder	Thurs.	Herbert L. Adams
Belmont	Lafayette	Success	Dly. ex. Sun.	Donald Benedict
Beloit	Rock	Daily News	Dly. ex. Sun.	M. H. Dobson
		Round Table	Fri.	Students of Beloit College
Benton	Lafayette	Advocate	Fri.	C. M. Vail
Berlin	Green Lake	Journal	Thurs.	Wm. H. Patey
Biramwood	Shawano	News	Tues.	M. M. Keller
Black Earth	Dane	Dane County News	Fri.	Arthur W. Pickering
Black River Falls	Jackson	Banner-Journal	Wed.	Merlin Hull
Blair	Trempealeau	Press	Thurs.	M. A. Jensen
Blanchardville	Lafayette	Blade	Thurs.	W. F. McGuigan
Bloomer	Chippewa	Advance	Thurs.	Frank E. Andrews
Bloomington	Grant	Record	Wed.	C. J. Slaats
Bonduel	Shawano	Times	Thurs.	Mr. & Mrs. H. C. Van Vuren
Boscobel	Grant	Dial	Thurs.	Mildred Johnson Lawrence
Boyceville	Dunn	Press	Fri.	H. K. Halvorsen
Boyd	Chippewa	Transcript	Fri.	H. W. Brochtrup
Brandon	Fond du Lac	Times	Thurs.	Gordon Hamley
Brillion	Calumet	News	Fri.	Otto J. Zander
Brodhead	Green	Independent-Register	Thurs.	Dan S. Markham
Brooklyn	Green	Te. ler.	Fri.	H. D. Hanson
Bruce	Rusk	News-Letter	Thurs.	Gordon McConnell
Burlington	Racine	Free Press	Thurs.	Kirchner & Koch
		Slade Corner's Mugwump	Thurs.	Paul J. Sauer
		Standard Democrat	Fri.	Louis H. Zimmermann
Butternut	Ashland	Bulletin	Thurs.	Hart Publishing Co.
Cadott	Chippewa	Sentinel	Fri.	A. T. Nabbefeld
Cambria	Columbia	News	Fri.	Mrs. B. W. Hughes
Cambridge	Dane	News	Fri.	M. E. Matzke
Cameron	Barron	Echo	Thurs.	L. P. Charles
Campbellsport	Fond du Lac	News	Wed.	Harlow Roate
Cashton	Monroe	Record	Fri.	Martin E. Hagen
Cassville	Grant	American	Thurs.	J. B. Simmons
Cedarburg	Ozaukee	News	Wed.	Adlai S. Horn
Chetek	Barron	Alert	Fri.	L. P. Charles
Chilton	Calumet	Times-Journal	Thurs.	William J. McHale
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	Farmers Union News	Semimonthly	K. W. Hones
		Herald-Telegram	Dly. ex. Sun.	W. H. Gharrity
Clear Lake	Polk	Star	Thurs.	Roy Holman
Clinton	Rock	Topper	Wed.	C. A. McMullen

¹ This list was compiled as of November 1943.

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Clintonville	Waupaca	Tribune-Gazette	Thurs.	E. F. Moldenhauer
Cochrane	Buffalo	Recorder	Thurs.	D. I. Hammergren
Colby	Clark	Phonograph	Thurs.	R. H. Markus
Colfax	Dunn	Messenger	Thurs.	P. H. Swift & S. H. Rand
Columbus	Columbia	Journal Republican	Thurs.	W. R. & L. S. Larson
Cornell	Chippewa	Chippewa Valley Courier	Thurs.	R. W. Howard
Crandon	Forest	Forest Republican	Thurs.	Jack Kronschnabl
Cuba City	Grant	News-Herald and Hazel Green Tribune-Reporter	Thurs.	W. H. Goldthorpe
Cudahy	Milwaukee	Enterprise	Wed.	George O. Bauman
Cumberland	Barron	Reminder	Thurs.	Leo R. Stonek
Darlington	Lafayette	Advocate	Thurs.	Alvin Serkland
Deerfield	Dane	Democrat	Thurs.	Will Riley
De Forest	Dane	Republican-Journal	Thurs.	M. P. Peavey
Delavan	Walworth	Independent	Fri.	E. T. Schultz
Denmark	Brown	Times	Fri.	Earl N. Emerson
De Pere	Brown	Enterprise	Thurs.	Chester Dorchner
Dodgeville	Iowa	Republican	Thurs.	Edward Morrissey
Dorchester	Clark	Press	Thurs.	J. R. Satran
Dousman	Waukesha	Journal-Democrat	Thurs.	John A. Creviere
Durand	Pepin	Chronicle	Thurs.	Edw. T. Mundy
Eagle	Waukesha	Clarion	Thurs.	B. Dayton Merriman
Eagle River	Vilas	Weekly Index	Fri.	F. C. Krueger
East Troy	Walworth	Courier-Wedge	Thurs.	A. F. Ender & Sons
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Quill	Wed.	Henry M. Loibl
Edgar	Marathon	Vilas County News-Review	Thurs.	Joyce M. Larkin
Edgerton	Rock	News	Wed.	O. R. Kurzrok
Elkhorn	Walworth	Daily Telegram	Dly. ex. Sun.	M. M. Kelly
Ellsworth	Pierce	Leader	Dly. ex. Mon.	M. M. Kelly
Elmwood	Pierce	Spectator	Biweekly	Students of State Teachers College
Elroy	Juneau	News	Wed.	Cletus J. Greisch
Etrick	Trempealeau	Wisconsin Tobacco Reporter	Thurs.	C. A. Hoen
Evansville	Rock	Independent	Thurs.	Claude F. Eames
Fennimore	Grant	Pierce County Herald	Thurs.	H. F. Doolittle
Florence	Florence	Record	Thurs.	O. A. Halls
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Argus	Thurs.	Jack Cory
Fort Atkinson	Jefferson	Leader-Tribune	Fri.	Oliver R. Witte
Fountain City	Buffalo	Advance	Wed.	Arthur C. Sorenson
Frederic	Polk	Review	Thurs.	P. D. Pearsall
Friendship	Adams	Times	Wed.	E. J. Roethe
Galesville	Trempealeau	Mining News	Fri.	Chase O. Youngs
Gays Mills	Crawford	Commonwealth Reporter	Dly. ex. Sun.	C. F. Coffman
Genoa City	Walworth	Fort Daily News	Dly. ex. Sat. & Sun.	Ray Breitweiser
Gillett	Oconto	Hoard's Dairyman	Semimonthly	W. D. Hoard, Jr.
Gilman	Taylor	Jefferson County Union	Wed.	W. D. Hoard & Sons Co.
Glenwood City	Saint Croix	Buffalo County Republican	Thurs.	M. H. Johnson
Glidden	Ashland	Inter-County Leader	Thurs.	Bennie Bye
Grantsburg	Burnett	Star	Thurs.	Harvey J. Oleson
Green Bay	Brown	Adams County Times	Thurs.	J. E. Solma
Green Lake	Green Lake	Reporter	Thurs.	J. E. Solma
Greendale	Milwaukee	Republican	Thurs.	Ward Risvold
Greenwood	Clark	Independent	Thurs.	L. E. Wetmore
Hales Corners	Milwaukee	Broadcaster	Wed.	Albert L. Johnson
Hammond	Saint Croix	Times	Thurs.	W. E. Clough
Hancock	Waushara	Herald	Fri.	H. W. Brochtrup
Hartford	Washington	Tribune	Thurs.	Cornelius W. Lofgren
		Enterprise	Fri.	Katherine Hart
		Journal of Burnett Co.	Thurs.	F. B. Huth
		Farmer's Friend	Semimonthly	Crane Murphy
		Press-Gazette	Dly. ex. Sun.	Victor I. Minahan
		Green Lake County Reporter	Thurs.	Herbert F. Heidel
		Review	Biweekly-Wed.	John P. Schroeter
		Gleaner	Thurs.	Neuenfeldt & O'Connell
		Tri-Town News	Thurs.	Carl Johnson
		News	Thurs.	Fred E. Hartwig
		Hancock-Coloma News	Thurs.	Orson Adams
		Times-Press	Fri.	John J. Shiners

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Hartland.....	Waukesha.....	News.....	Fri.....	Carl B. Hansen
Hawkins.....	Rusk.....	Chronicle.....	Thurs.....	Lyle Speed
Hayward.....	Sawyer.....	Sawyer County Record.....	Thurs.....	F. J. Schwegler
Highland.....	Iowa.....	Press.....	Fri.....	Geo. Dille
Hilbert.....	Calumet.....	Favorite.....	Thurs.....	Leonard J. Suttner
Hillsboro.....	Vernon.....	Sentry-Enterprise.....	Thurs.....	Edwin W. Shear
Hollandale.....	Iowa.....	Review.....	Thurs.....	Bert Day
Horicon.....	Dodge.....	Reporter.....	Thurs.....	Harry E. Roate
Hudson.....	Saint Croix.....	Star Observer.....	Thurs.....	C. J. Reiter
Humbird.....	Clark.....	Enterprise.....	Sat.....	E. T. Hale
Hurley.....	Iron.....	Iron County News.....	Fri.....	F. A. Emunson
		Montreal River Miner.....	Fri.....	Alvin E. O'Konski
Hustisford.....	Dodge.....	News.....	Fri.....	Willie Kaul
Independence.....	Trempealeau.....	News-Wave.....	Thurs.....	G. L. Kirkpatrick
Iola.....	Waupaca.....	Herald.....	Thurs.....	Firman E. Cooper
Iron River.....	Bayfield.....	Pioneer.....	Thurs.....	P. J. Savage
Janesville.....	Rock.....	Daily Gazette.....	Daily.....	S. H. & R. W. Bliss
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Banner.....	Thurs.....	Horace L. Buri
Juneau.....	Dodge.....	Independent.....	Wed.....	Clifford Bros
Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	Times.....	Semimonthly.....	C. J. Hansen
Kendall.....	Monroe.....	Keystone.....	Fri.....	Oliver R. Witte
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Evening News.....	Daily.....	E. F. Marlatt
		Labor.....	Tues.....	Paul Porter
		Telegraph-Courier.....	Thurs.....	E. R. Marlatt
Kewaskum.....	Washington.....	Statesman.....	Thurs.....	D. J. Harbeck
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Enterprise.....	Fri.....	C. F. Temby
Kiel.....	Manitowoc.....	Tri-County Record.....	Wed.....	B. A. Cox
Kingston.....	Green Lake.....	Spy.....	Thurs.....	E. W. Warnke
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	Business.....	Monthly ex. summer.....	Chamber of Commerce H. E. Wheaton
		Hokah Chief.....	Thurs.....	R. L. Bangsberg
		Tribune & Leader Press.....	Daily.....	Mark R. Bell
Ladysmith.....	Rusk.....	News.....	Fri.....	Chester P. Burt
		Rusk County Reporter.....	Fri.....	Arnett Widstrand
La Farge.....	Vernon.....	Enterprise.....	Thurs.....	A. M. Bearder
Lake Geneva.....	Walworth.....	Regional News.....	Thurs.....	F. I. Doudna
Lake Mills.....	Jefferson.....	Dairyland News.....	Semimonthly.....	Willis James Erlandson
		Leader.....	Wed.....	A. L. Sherman
Lancaster.....	Grant.....	Grant County Herald.....	Wed.....	Cassius L. Coward
Lodi.....	Columbia.....	Enterprise.....	Thurs.....	Einar O. Hammer
Lone Rock.....	Richland.....	Journal.....	Thurs.....	Lawrence Cowles & J. R. Steiner
Loyal.....	Clark.....	Tribune.....	Thurs.....	Vernie R. Jensen
Luck.....	Polk.....	Enterprise-Herald.....	Thurs.....	C. B. Temby
Luxemburg.....	Kewaunee.....	News.....	Fri.....	
Madison.....	Dane.....	American Political Science Review.....	Bimonthly.....	Frederic A. Ogg
		Bulletin of the State Bar Association of Wis- consin.....	Quarterly.....	Gilson G. Glasier
		Capital Area Ruralist.....	Fri.....	Marshall F. Browne
		Capital Times.....	Daily.....	William T. Evjue
		Daily Cardinal.....	4 times weekly during sch. yr.....	Students of U. of Wis. Marshall F. Browne
		East Side News.....	Thurs.....	
		Journal of Educational Research.....	Mo. except June, July, Aug.....	A. S. Barr
		Journal of Experimental Education.....	Quarterly.....	A. S. Barr
		Monatshefte für Deutschen Unterricht.....	Mo. ex. June, July, Aug., Sept.....	R. O. Roeseler
		Municipality.....	Monthly.....	Frederick N. MacMillin
		Progressive.....	Mon.....	Morris H. Rubin
		Rural Gravure.....	Monthly.....	B. Smith
		Smilin' Through.....	Bimonthly.....	Wisconsin Association for the Disabled, Inc.
		Temperance Education Journal.....	Quarterly.....	Temperance Education Association, Inc.
		Union Labor News.....	Monthly.....	Richard Huffman
		Wisconsin Alumnus.....	Monthly, Oct. to July.....	Wis. Alumni Association

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Madison—cont.	Dane	Wisconsin Beekeeping	Mo. ex. July	Wisconsin State Horticultural Society
		Wisconsin Clubwoman	Bimonthly	Jennie T. Schrage
		Wisconsin Congregational Church Life	Monthly ex. July & Aug.	Theodore R. Faville
		Wisconsin Country Magazine	Monthly during school year	Students of U. of Wis. Col. of Agriculture
		Wisconsin Engineer	Mo. ex. July	Donald E. Niles
		Wisconsin Historical News	Monthly	State Historical Society of Wisconsin
		Wisconsin Horticulture	Mo. ex. July	Wisconsin State Horticultural Society
		Wisconsin Implement Dealer	Monthly	M. R. Williams
		Wisconsin Journal of Education	Mo., Sept.—May	O. H. Plenzke
		Wisconsin Law Review	Quarterly	Univ. of Wis. Law School
		Wisconsin Magazine of History	Quarterly	State Historical Society of Wisconsin
		Wisconsin Medical Journal	Monthly	State Medical Society of Wisconsin
		Wisconsin REA News	Monthly	H. M. Schermerhorn
		Wisconsin State Employee	Bimonthly	Roy E. Kubista
		Wisconsin State Journal	Daily	Don Anderson
		Wisconsin Taxpayer Advocate	Semimonthly	Wis. Taxpayers Alliance
Manawa	Waupaca	Herald Times	Daily, ex. Sun.	James Walsh
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Herald Times	Daily, ex. Sun.	Manitowoc Newspapers, Inc.
Marinette	Marinette	Eagle-Star	Daily, ex. Sun.	Fred G. Sappington
Marion	Waupaca	Advertiser	Thurs.	Elmer Byers
Markesan	Green Lake	Herald	Thurs.	R. P. Van Vuren
Marshall	Dane	Record	Fri.	C. V. Lake
Marshfield	Wood	Journal	Thurs.	John Witt
Mauston	Juneau	News-Herald	Daily, ex. Sun.	Howard A. Quirt
		Juneau County Chronicle	Thurs.	Robert J. Temple
Mayville	Dodge	Star	Thurs.	John B. Hanson
		Dodge County Pioneer	Wed.	Conrad Mueller
Mazomanie	Dane	News	Tues.	O. A. Gehrke
		Trade and Farm News	Monthly	Edgar G. Mueller
		Sickle	Wed.	Mathew Higgons
Medford	Taylor	Taylor County Star News	Thurs.	W. H. Conrad
Mellen	Ashland	Weekly-Record	Thurs.	Harriet V. Kenyon
Melrose	Jackson	Chronicle	Thurs.	Helmer L. Gilbertson
Menasha	Winnebago	Record	Daily	Ira H. Clough
Menomonee Falls	Waukesha	News	Thurs.	Mrs. C. M. Rintelman
Menomonie	Dunn	Dunn County News	Wed.	J. T. Flint
		Stoutonia	Weekly during school year	Stud. of Stout Institute
Merrill	Lincoln	Daily Herald	Daily	W. B. Chilsen
Middleton	Dane	Times-Tribune	Fri.	Thomas R. Daniels
Milton	Rock	Milton College Review	Semimo. during school year	Milton College Student Body
Milton Junction	Rock	Telephone	Weekly	Orlando H. Frantz
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	American School Board Journal	Monthly	William George Bruce
		Badger De Molay	Monthly	Howard C. Krueger
		Brooms, Brushes & Mops	Monthly	Harry A. Apple
		Catholic School Journal	Monthly, ex. July & Aug.	Edward A. Fitzpatrick
		Church Property Administration	Bimonthly	Franklin X. McCormick
		Church Times	Monthly	Ven William Dawson
		Confectioner	Monthly	Alva H. Cook
		Czechoslovak	Sat.	John V. Klabouch
		Deutsche Zeitung	Daily	Milwaukee German News Co.
Die Hausfrau	Monthly	H. H. Coleman		

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Echo Weekly	Wed.	Stud. of State Teachers College
		Engineering	Monthly, ex. July & Aug.	John D. Ball
		Excelsior	Thurs.	Jos. M. Matt
		Feed Bag	Monthly	D. K. Steenberg
		Flour and Feed	Monthly	W. R. Anderson
		Ford Field	Monthly	F. L. Goulston
		Government Service	Bimonthly	Milwaukee Government Service League
		Great Lakes "Outlook"	Monthly	Great Lakes Harbors Association
		Herold	Wed. & Fri.	Leo Luedke
		Hospital Progress	Monthly	Rev. Alphonse M. Schwitalla
		Ice Cream Review	Monthly	Olsen Publishing Co.
		Industrial Arts and Vocational Education	Monthly, ex. July & Aug.	John J. Metz
		Journal	Daily	Irwin A. Maier
		Journal of the Biological Photographic Ass'n	Quarterly	Leo C. Massopust
		Jugoslvenski Obzor	Semimonthly	Frank R. Staut
		Kodak	Quarterly	Stud. of Milwaukee Downer College
		Kuryer Polski	Daily	J. A. Kapmarski
		La Tribuna Italiana	Biweekly	Joseph Cacchione
		Living Church	Weekly	Clifford P. Morehouse
		Marquette Engineer	Nov., Jan., Mar., May	Col. of Engineering, Marquette University
		Marquette Journal	Quarterly	Marquette Univ. Press
		Marquette Law Review	Quarterly	Stud. of Marquette U. School of Law
		Marquette Tribune	Thurs.	Stud. of Marquette Univ.
		Masonic Tidings	Monthly	Edward K. Slater
		Melting Pot	Monthly	Mrs. A. B. Vaida
		Mid-Western Banker	Monthly	Howard W. Clark
		Milk Dealer	Monthly	E. K. Slater
		Model Railroader	Monthly	Frank Taylor
		Motor	Monthly ex. July & Dec.	Susie Neff
		National Butter & Cheese Journal	Monthly	Edward K. Slater
		North Milwaukee Community Press	Thurs.	Hicks & Schaefer
		Nowiny Polskie	Daily	Rev. B. Snella
		Reporter	Daily	Webster Woodmansee
		Reservist	Monthly	Capt. David W. Bloodgood
		Retail Journal	Bimonthly	Carl Schmidt
		Sentinel	Daily	Frank L. Taylor
		Times	Thurs.	Harold Towell
		Trains	Monthly	A. C. Kalmbach
		Utilitarian	Monthly	Wisconsin Utilities Ass'n.
		Western Builder	Thurs.	Charles H. Fox
		Wisconsin Archeologist	Quarterly	Walter Bubbart
		Wisconsin Architect	Bimonthly	Leigh Hunt
		Wisconsin C. I. O. News	Mon.	Wisconsin C. I. O.
		Wisconsin Druggist	Monthly	Jennings Murphy
		Wisconsin Enterprise-Blade	Sat.	J. Anthony Josey
		Wisconsin Food Dealer	Monthly	Arthur E. Gesch
		Wisconsin Odd Fellow	Monthly	A. M. Arveson
		Wisconsin Restaurateur	Monthly	E. A. Conforti
		Wisconsin Telephone News	Monthly	Wis. Telephone Co.
		Wisconsin Truck News	Thurs.	E. W. Groth
		Wisconsini Magyarsag	Fri.	Charles Klein
		Wisconsin's Future	Monthly	Wis. Jr. Chamber of Commerce
		Wochenlat.	Fri.	Isador S. Horwitz

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Mineral Point	Iowa	Iowa County Democrat and Mineral Point Tribune	Thurs.	D. M. Morgan
Minocqua	Oneida	Lakeland Times	Fri.	Enos E. Fisher
Mondovi	Buffalo	Herald-News	Thurs.	F. L. St. John
Monroe	Green	Cheese Trier	Monthly	Wis. Swiss & Limburger Cheese Prod. Ass'n
Montello	Marquette	Evening Times	Daily ex. Sun.	Emery A. Odell
Montfort	Grant	Express	Thurs.	Victor F. Hayden
Monticello	Green	Mail	Thurs.	R. D. Quick
Morrisonville	Dane	Messenger	Wed.	C. M. Wittenwyler
Mosinee	Marathon	Tribune	Sat.	Earl N. Emerson
Mount Horeb	Dane	Times	Wed.	Mosinee Times Co.
Mukwonago	Waukesha	Mail	Thurs.	A. C. Krohn
Muscoda	Grant	Chief	Thurs.	Mrs. Mary D. Small
Necedah	Juneau	Progressive	Thurs.	Paul Kratochwill
Neenah	Winnebago	Republican	Thurs.	LeRoy Eaton
Neillsville	Clark	Equitable Reserve Guide	Monthly	Dio W. Dunham
New Glarus	Green	News-Times	Daily ex. Sun.	Clara A. Bloom
New Holstein	Calumet	Reporter	Wed.	Wells F. Harvey
New Lisbon	Juneau	Times & Juneau County Argus	Wed.	Arthur J. Theiler I. E. Cooley
New London	Waupaca	Press-Republican	Thurs.	C. A. Leicht
New Richmond	Saint Croix	Leader	Thurs.	Harold D. Smith
Niagara	Marinette	News	Thurs.	O. A. & Grace P. Bloom
Norwalk	Monroe	Journal	Thurs.	John A. Van Meter
Oakfield	Pond du Lac	Star Herald News	Fri.	Martin Boerner
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	Trade Journal	Thurs.	Wm. J. Norton, Jr.
Oconto	Oconto	Enterprise	Semimonthly	M. R. Sloggy
Oconto Falls	Oconto	Liguorian	Thurs.	C. W. Brown
Ojibwa	Sawyer	Oconto County Reporter	Monthly	Rev. Donald F. Miller
Omro	Winnebago	Herald	Thurs.	Duane S. McCall
Onalaska	La Crosse	Courier	Thurs.	E. J. Shellman
Oregon	Dane	Observer	Thurs.	Frank T. Bro
Orfordville	Rock	La Crosse County Record	Thurs.	F. A. Siebensohn
Osceola	Polk	Journal & Footville News	Thurs.	Thos. G. Madigan
Oshkosh	Winnebago	Sun	Thurs.	E. F. Kramer
Osseo	Trempealeau	Daily Northwestern	Wed.	Ward A. Stewart
Owen	Clark	Shop-o-Gram	Thurs.	O. A. & Grace P. Bloom
Palmyra	Jefferson	Wineo Farmer	Thurs.	O. J. Hardy
Pardeeville	Columbia	Tri-County News	Thurs.	James Skole
Park Falls	Price	Enterprise	Thurs.	James Skole
Pepin	Pepin	Enterprise	Thurs.	J. H. Smith
Peshigo	Marinette	Pardeeville-Wyocena Times	Thurs.	V. P. Barager
Phillips	Price	Herald	Thurs.	James H. La Chance
Pittsville	Wood	Herald	Fri.	H. P. Thompson
Plainfield	Waushara	Times	Thurs.	Alan M. Young
Platteville	Grant	Bee	Thurs.	R. E. Portmann
Plymouth	Sheboygan	Record	Thurs.	Leo J. Pesch
Port Washington	Ozaukee	Sun	Thurs.	Geo. R. Foster & Sons
Portage	Columbia	Exponent	Thurs.	D. M. McKee
Poynette	Columbia	Grant County News	Thurs.	W. H. Fields
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	Journal	Monthly	State Teachers College
Prairie du Sac	Sauk	Mission House Mirror	Thurs.	R. I. Dugdale
Prentice	Price	Review	Thurs.	H. A. Brockman
Prescott	Pierce	Herald	Biweekly	Lorenz W. Huenemann
Princeton	Green Lake	Pilot	Thurs.	Ben L. Harper
Racine	Racine	Ozaukee Press	Wed.	W. B. Krause
		Register-Democrat Daily	Thurs.	Norbert A. Sauer
		Press	Wed.	Wm. F. Schanen, Jr.
		Courier	Daily	A. A. Porter
		Crawford County Press	Fri.	C. M. Butler
		Sauk County News	Tues.	H. E. Howe
		News	Thurs.	J. Alvin Druyor
		Journal	Thurs.	Bert Giegerich
		Times-Republic	Thurs.	Ralph E. Nehls
		Journal Times	Thurs.	W. H. Hansen
		Labor	Thurs.	H. H. Hobart & Sons
		Wisconsin Agriculturist and Farmer	Daily	F. R. Starbuck
			Fri.	Loren Norman
			Semimonthly	F. B. Swingle

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Randolph	Dodge	Advance	Weekly	L. E. Williams
Random Lake	Sheboygan	Times	Thurs.	H. C. Scholler
Reedsburg	Sauk	Times-Press	Thurs.	T. C. Ninman
Rhineland	Oneida	New North	Wed.	Harry E. Slosson
		News	Dly. ex. Sun.	Clifford G. Ferris
Rib Lake	Taylor	Herald	Fri.	L. L. Arnold
Rice Lake	Barron	Chronotype	Thurs.	Chronotype Pub. Co., Inc.
Richland Center	Richland	Democrat	Thurs.	Mrs. A. P. Andrews
		Republican Observer	Thurs.	S. W. Fogo
Rio	Columbia	Journal	Thurs.	Victor Stroebel
Ripon	Fond du Lac	Commonwealth	Fri.	Jay E. Carter
		Press	Thurs.	Howe Company, Inc.
River Falls	Pierce	Student Voice	Semimonthly	Students of State Teachers College
St. Croix Falls	Polk	Standard Press	Thurs.	W. R. Vezina & Sons
St. Francis	Milwaukee	Our Young People	Monthly	St. John's School for the Deaf
Sauk City	Sauk	Pioneer Press	Wed.	C. F. Ninman
Seymour	Outagamie	Press	Thurs.	C. A. Van Vuren
Sharon	Walworth	Reporter	Thurs.	J. L. Howell
Shawano	Shawano	Evening Leader	Dly. ex. Sun.	J. P. Heal
		Shawano County Journal	Thurs.	Harold A. Meyer
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Press	Dly. ex. Sun.	C. E. Broughton
		Progressive Mail Trade	Monthly	Max Schnell
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	Cheese Reporter	Fri.	Fred Beisser
		Kohlerian	Thurs.	R. E. Lindner
		Sheboygan County News	Wed.	Newcomer & Lindner
Shell Lake	Washburn	Washburn County Register	Thurs.	Shea & Shea
Shorewood	Milwaukee	Herald	Wed.	Kitz and Murphy
		Wauwatosa Times	Wed.	Kitz and Murphy
		Whitefish Bay Herald	Wed.	Kitz and Murphy
Shullsburg	Lafayette	Pick and Gad	Thurs.	H. T. Law
Siren	Burnett	Burnett County Leader	Thurs.	Bennie Bye
Soldiers Grove	Crawford	Kickapoo Scout	Thurs.	H. R. Portman
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Driller	Monthly	F. O. Wyse
		Excavating Engineer	Monthly	F. O. Wyse
		Journal	Fri.	Fred L. Hook & C. A. Fish
		Voice	Thurs.	A. M. Huebner
South Wayne	Lafayette	Homestead	Thurs.	Harry Hough & J. Louis Smith
Sparta	Monroe	Herald	Mon.	T. C. Radde
		Monroe County Democrat	Thurs.	Monroe Co. Publishers
Spencer	Marathon	Record	Thurs.	C. B. Spicher
Spooner	Washburn	Advocate	Thurs.	E. M. Bardill
Spring Green	Sauk	Home News	Thurs.	Carl Spalthoff
Spring Valley	Pierce	Sun	Thurs.	Spring Valley Pub. Co., Inc.
Stanley	Chippewa	Republican	Fri.	Inter County Publishing Co.
Stevens Point	Portage	Gwiazda Polarna	Sat.	Paul Klimowicz
		Journal	Dly. ex. Sun.	Guy W. Rogers
		Pointer	Weekly	Students of Central State Teachers College
		Rolnik	Sat.	Paul Klimowicz
Stoughton	Dane	Courier-Hub	Dly. ex. Sat. & Sun.	H. W. Quirt
Sturgeon Bay	Door	Door County Advocate	Fri.	H. J. Sanderson & A. T. Harris
Sun Prairie	Dane	Countryman	Thurs.	Theron G. Stone
		Star	Tues.	J. J. Sullivan
Superior	Douglas	Co-operative Builder	Thurs.	Cooperative Publishing Association
		Evening Telegram	Daily	Morgan Murphy
		Peptomist	Biweekly during school year	Students of State Teachers College
		Tidende	Fri.	Anna Dahl Fuhr
		Tyomies	Dly. ex. Sun.	Tyomies Society
		Tyovaen Osuustoimintalehti	Sat.	Co-operative Publishing Ass'n
Thorp	Clark	Courier	Thurs.	Wm. Wagner & Son

WISCONSIN PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Post Office	County	Name	Issued	Editor or Publisher
Three Lakes	Oneida	News	Thurs.	Joyce M. Larkin
Tigerton	Shawano	Chronicle	Fri.	Lester W. Bowker
Tomah	Monroe	Journal & Monitor-Herald	Thurs.	L. W. Kenny
Tomahawk	Lincoln	Leader	Thurs.	L. W. Osborne
Turtle Lake	Barron	Times	Wed.	A. T. Grimsrud
Twin Lakes	Kenosha	Reporter	Wed.	Albert L. Johnson
Two Rivers	Manitowoc	Free Press	Thurs.	David A. Bensman
Union Grove	Racine	Reporter	Daily	Seymour Althen
Unity	Marathon	Sun	Wed.	James J. Page
Valders	Manitowoc	Marathon County Register	Fri.	C. B. Spieher
Vesper	Wood	Journal	Thurs.	Mr. & Mrs. F. H. Brockman
Viola	Richland	State Center	Thurs.	Elmer Trickey
Viroqua	Vernon	News	Thurs.	W. B. Van Winter
Wabeno	Forest	Vernon County Broad-caster	Thurs.	R. L. Graves
Walworth	Walworth	Vernon County Censor	Thurs.	Harlow E. Goldsmith
Washburn	Bayfield	Northern Wisconsin News	Wed.	J. W. Norris
Waterford	Racine	Times	Thurs.	Frank J. McCay
Waterloo	Jefferson	Times	Thurs.	Paul L. Robinson
Watertown	Jefferson	Post	Thurs.	M. J. Chapman
		Courier	Thurs.	L. E. Perry
		Black and Red	Mo. during school year	Students of Northwestern College
Waukesha	Waukesha	Daily Times	Dly. ex. Sun.	John D. Clifford
		Burning Bush	Thurs.	Chas. L. Capsel
		Carroll Echo	Wed.	Carroll College Students
		Waukesha County Tribune	Wed.	Leo J. Miller
		Waukesha Daily Freeman	Daily	Mrs. Josephine H. Youmons
Waunakee	Dane	Tribune	Wed.	Roessler Printing Co.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Waupaca County Post	Thurs.	Waupaca Leader Co., Inc.
Waupun	Fond du Lac	Leader-News	Thurs.	George W. Greene
Wausau	Marathon	American National Fur & Market Journal	Monthly	American National Fur Breeders Association
Wausaukee	Marinette	Record-Herald	Dly. ex. Sun.	J. C. Sturtevant
Wautoma	Waushara	Independent	Wed.	G. E. Bogrand
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	Waushara Argus	Thurs.	R. W. Harmon
		American Poetry Magazine	Six issues per yr.	Clara Catherine Prince
Wauzeka	Crawford	News	Thurs.	Mrs. Nancy Perry
Webster	Burnett	Chief	Thurs.	Harry C. Craig
West Allis	Milwaukee	Burnett County Enterprise	Fri.	Mrs. Emil Fosmo
West Bend	Washington	Star	Thurs.	Arnold H. Klentz
		News	Thurs.	Mrs. Jos. J. Huber
		Pilot	Thurs.	H. B. Kaempfer & Son
Westby	Vernon	Times	Wed.	J. T. Hage
Westfield	Marquette	Central Union	Weekly	Victor F. Hayden
West Salem	La Crosse	Nonpareil-Journal	Thurs.	Mrs. G. W. Garlock
Weyauwega	Waupaca	Chronicle	Thurs.	Pete Walch
Whitehall	Trempealeau	Times	Thurs.	Scott B. Nichols
Whitewater	Walworth	Royal Purple	Mon.	Students of Whitewater State Teachers College
		Register	Weekly	R. K. Coe
Winneconne	Winnebago	News	Wed.	Wm. Larson
Winter	Sawyer	Sawyer County Gazette	Thurs.	Thos. E. Noyes
Wisconsin Dells	Columbia	Events	Thurs.	Isabelle Drum
Wisconsin Rapids	Wood	Tribune	Daily	Wm. F. Huffman
Wittenberg	Shawano	Enterprise	Thurs.	John Englund
		For Gammel og Ung	Sun.	F. B. Anderson
Wonewoc	Juneau	Reporter	Thurs.	Mrs. V. O. Fuller
Woodville	St. Croix	Leader & Dunn Pictorial Messenger	Fri.	Art Best



Women of the United States Coast Guard, the SPARS, studied radio code and communications along with the WAVES, marines, and sailors in the navy radio school at the University of Wisconsin. Here is shown a group of SPARS standing ready for inspection.



Six hundred young men studied pre-meteorology courses at the University of Wisconsin in preparation for more advanced training as weathermen in the army air corps. Here is shown a small part of the group as it marched to class along one of the campus roads. These men lived in the regular men's dormitories on the shores of Lake Mendota.

Parties and Elections

State Party Platforms

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM

1942

INVOKING the blessings of Almighty God in our efforts to save the Americas from invasion by the mighty forces of evil now seeking to destroy the democracies and liberties of the world and now attempting to enslave our working men and women, farmers and artisans, as they have in great areas of Europe and Asia, we submit to the voters the following declaration of principles, aims and purposes of the Democratic Party of Wisconsin.

WE STAND SOLIDLY BEHIND THE PRESIDENT

1. We in Wisconsin are a peace-loving and industrious people. We have been in the forefront of all liberal legislation for social betterment. Today this nation is at war. The dastardly attack by the Japs on our people at Pearl Harbor and the barbaric and ruthless attacks by the Nazi and Fascist aggressors upon our freedoms, threatening the very existence of civilization itself, have left us no alternative but to wage war upon these evil forces. We are determined to do so with ever growing vigor and determination for an early victory. At the helm of our nation, directing the destiny of this country and of our very lives in this titanic struggle, is our illustrious President, Franklin D. Roosevelt, who has by his record of achievement during the past ten years won for himself the admiration not only of the people of the United States but of all of the democratic nations of the world. He is a great humanitarian, a wise and efficient executive, and an able leader of his people both in peace and in war. As our Commander-in-Chief he is entitled to our unified support. He commands and deserves the united support of all peoples of all faiths and of all political beliefs. Partisanship should be set aside, at least for the duration of this great war effort, and like the nation, so Wisconsin should give to the President the support of an administration of liberal Democrats. There is no better way to aid our Commander-in-Chief than by demonstrating our unity and support by uniting with him as true Democrats.

2. Here in Wisconsin the leadership of the Democratic Party has been entrusted by the voters in the primary election to a man who supports the President one hundred per cent, both in his foreign and his domestic program. No other candidate for the office of Governor nominated by any of the other major parties in this state can claim such a record.

3. We condemn the unpatriotic and discourteous utterances of Governor Heil when making reference to President Roosevelt. We have particular reference to Governor Heil's remarks at the La Crosse meeting of August 18, 1942 when he stated: "If we weren't at war

I'd knock the hell out of him, but he is my Commander-in-Chief and yours so we have to follow him and obey orders."

4. Mr. Loomis, the Progressive nominee, has adroitly evaded the issue of isolationism. He is harboring among his supporters arch-isolationists and obstructionists, and has refused to abandon the traditional La Follette policy of isolationism. To support either the Republican nominee or the Progressive nominee would in itself be an act of disunity and lack of support of our President.

5. We call on all loyal American citizens of Wisconsin to redeem this great state from the blotch of isolationism and obstruction to the war effort, for which the Republican reactionary administration of the state of Wisconsin and Progressive isolationists are responsible, by voting for the party of the President, the Democratic Party.

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES

1. We affirm our stand with the United Nations pledged against any appeasement or compromise with aggression.

2. We unreservedly stand for the four freedoms as expressed in the Atlantic Charter, namely, freedom of expression, freedom of religion, freedom from want, and freedom from fear, as the rightful heritage of all people.

3. We abhor racial and religious discrimination in any form and shall fight it whenever and wherever it may exist.

4. We further affirm that part and parcel of our war effort is planning now for a peace that will insure a fair and equitable world order. Men and women cannot be really free until they have plenty to eat and time and ability to read and think and talk things over. Our duty is to build a peace that is just, charitable and enduring. The peace must mean a better standard of living for the common man. Those who write the peace must think of the whole world. There can be no privileged peoples. No nation will have the God-given right to exploit other nations. There must be neither military nor economic imperialism. We are fighting for a People's Peace.

5. We are committed to a continuation of an enlargement upon the social and economic gains heretofore attained for the common man. We declare it to be the function of our government to promote economic security and an economy of abundance for the people of America so that our returning servicemen need not experience the hopelessness that was the fate of the returning soldier of the last war.

6. We declare for an equality of sacrifice of all American citizens in the war effort.

7. Modern transportation and communication, and the dependency of one nation upon another for raw materials, leave no room for any form of isolationism. We are opposed to and urge the defeat of any candidate who is an isolationist, whether his isolationism is demonstrated before Pearl Harbor, during the current war, or in the post-war period.

INDUSTRY AND LABOR

Management of industry in Wisconsin and organized labor in Wisconsin have demonstrated their ability and loyalty in production. As a result of this joint cooperation, President Roosevelt's administration has centered many war industries in Wisconsin, giving employment to many workers and bringing added wealth and income to this state.

1. We favor joint labor-management committees in industry.
2. We favor additional war industries in Wisconsin.
3. We favor the establishment of a joint industry-labor advisory committee to aid the Governor in planning for post-war conversion of war industries to peacetime production, so that all can be gainfully employed.
4. We favor the repeal of the existing laws obnoxious to organized labor in the state of Wisconsin.
5. We favor the enactment of legislation to conform with the national legislation that has won the approval of both industry and organized labor.
6. We favor legislation, both state and federal, to protect the seniority rights of workers who have been dislocated from civilian production to war industries.
7. We favor increased compensation to the beneficiaries of the Unemployment Compensation Act to meet the present American standard of living.
8. Organized labor has demonstrated its necessity. We stand wholeheartedly in favor of organized labor.

AGRICULTURE

The welfare of the state primarily depends upon the security of the farmers. Wisconsin ranks first in dairy products and ranks high in other fields of agriculture. We hold that the farmer must have an active voice in the agricultural program of the Department of Agriculture. The Department of Agriculture should not be made a political football for any administration. We favor a program in agriculture in which the farmer will be guaranteed not only parity prices during the war period but also be guaranteed parity prices after the war. We favor the establishment of an advisory committee which is truly representative of agriculture.

TAXES

In our country's defense, we stand ready, unreservedly and without equivocation, to make sacrifices and to assume all the taxes necessary to finance its victory.

The state of Wisconsin, however, because of the suspension of many state activities by reason of the war, has accumulated in its treasury

large surplus funds which have been shifted and juggled for political propaganda. The state has the power to levy taxes and it is in no need of a reserve, while the people at present are in need of all the savings available to them. Therefore, we favor the immediate reduction of taxes, particularly on homesteads, until the surplus shall have been absorbed.

We favor a program of tax revision which will relieve property of its present excessive tax burden to the end that homesteads will only be taxed for the direct service they receive from their respective local units of government.

We are opposed to a sales or consumers tax.

The power of taxation should not be used to divide the property or wealth of the state, or harass or annoy the thrifty. Farmers, manufacturers, merchants, individual workers, and all others must be treated fairly in the matter of taxation, and the levying of taxes, in whatever form, should be limited to the needs of government, economically administered and kept within proper limits.

CONSERVATION

General

We pledge our full efforts to right the wrongs which the Heil administration has committed in the name of conservation. We not only will eliminate the political sabotage and bungling which the Conservation Department has been forced to endure, but we will also reestablish a sound and expanding conservation policy for the state of Wisconsin. Specifically, we will work toward:

Game and Fish

A. Establishment of public hunting and fishing grounds near large population centers of southeastern Wisconsin.

B. State sponsorship of farmer-sportsmen cooperative game associations to improve hunting, to provide added income for farmers, and to promote better relations between farm and city people.

Forestry

A. Development of state measures to improve forest cutting methods and to prevent forest devastation on both public and private lands.

B. Support of adequate forest fire prevention and control measures during the war in order to preserve our resources for post-war reconstruction.

C. Formulation of plans for post-war rehabilitation by:

1. Reforestation projects.
2. Public forest recreational developments.
3. Encouragement of small forest industries to provide employment for returning servicemen.

Soil Conservation

A. Extension of soil conservation districts under coordinated federal-state sponsorship.

B. Expansion of public works program for controlling soil erosion and providing employment on Wisconsin farms in the post-war period.

C. Development of upstream flood control programs coordinated with rural power and soil conservation requirements.

Miscellaneous

We pledge to support plans looking toward:

1. Improvement and extension of county zoning programs to prevent unwise land settlement in the post-war period.

2. Federal contributions in lieu of taxes to those counties containing federally-owned land.

3. Conservation measures which may be needed to prevent waste of other resources.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

We take pride in the development of rural electrification so greatly expanded under the administration of President Roosevelt, and shall work for a continuation of the same.

We point with glowing tribute to those municipalities which have so wisely developed municipally-owned public utilities for the production of electric light and power. They have made it possible for the people and industries to enjoy cheap electric light and power.

We urge a program to facilitate and encourage greater extension of municipal ownership of these utilities throughout the state of Wisconsin.

PENSIONS

We favor increased pensions for those eligible to pensions in the state of Wisconsin to meet the added cost of living and other necessary requirements.

HIGHWAYS

We favor the development of a program of improved highways and the earmarking of the gas tax and motor vehicle registration monies for that purpose.

EDUCATION

Recognizing the importance of education in our economic and social life, we favor every improvement to our educational institutions in the state of Wisconsin. We urge that our university again play an important part in advising the state administration as to its educational program throughout the state.

We take pride in our great university and other institutions of higher learning, and in our public and private schools. We stand for academic freedom in the highest degree and we condemn the threats by the Governor to deny the privilege of our university to a teacher or student because of criticism of him or any other politician.

We favor continuance of adequate financing of our educational institutions, especially vocational schools, the need for which has been noticeably demonstrated during the last two years.

We favor the appointment of a special legislative committee to investigate the advisability of postponing further consolidation of schools for the duration.

CREDIT UNIONS

The credit unions in the state of Wisconsin have been a Godsend to Wisconsin workers in need of financial aid. We favor and urge the continuance and growth of credit unions.

POST-WAR PROGRAM

We favor the establishment of an advisory committee to the administration, composed of chosen representatives of organized labor, industry, agriculture, our university, and the public, for the purpose of preparing a post-war program in the state of Wisconsin so that the people of the state might have the assurance to the fullest degree of security and enjoyment in economic life.

ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY AND SHIPYARDS

Shipyards in the state of Wisconsin have enjoyed an unprecedented growth, employing many people and building many ships. The shipyard industry will play an important part in the post-war program. We favor every possible means of assisting and encouraging the establishment of more shipyards in the state of Wisconsin. We deem it necessary that the St. Lawrence waterway project be immediately developed.

OUR DEMOCRATIC FAITH

Democracy is more than a political system for the government of a people. It is the expression of a people's faith in themselves as human beings. If this faith is permitted to die, human progress will die with it. We believe that a mechanized existence, lacking the spiritual quality of democracy, is intolerable to the free people of this country.

We, therefore, pledge ourselves to fight, as our fathers fought, for the right of every American to enjoy freedom of religion, speech, press, assembly, and petition, and to enjoy security in his home.

It is America's destiny, in these days of rampant despotism, to be the guardian of the world heritage of liberty and to hold aloft and aflame the torch of Western civilization.

The Democratic Party rededicates itself to this faith in democracy, to the defense of the American system of government, the only system under which men are masters of their own souls and the only system under which the American people, composed of many races and creeds, can live and work, play and worship in security and freedom.

Firmly relying upon a continuation of the blessings of Divine Providence upon all our righteous endeavors to preserve forever the priceless heritage of American liberty, we appeal to all the liberal-minded men and women of Wisconsin to approve this platform and to go forward with us by wholeheartedly supporting the candidates who subscribe to the principles which it proclaims.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Officers

THOS. R. KING, Oconomowoc, *Chairman*
 JAY. B. GLERUM, Kenosha, *Secretary*

First District

Edwin J. Boyle, Burlington
 Jacob M. Weisman, Racine
 Mrs. Margaret O'Brien,
 Janesville
 Mrs. Alma G. Wade, Kenosha
 James Slattery, Elkhorn
 G. I. Sousman, Monroe

Second District

Mrs. Ruth Steinert, Waukesha
 Paul A. Hemmy, Jr., Juneau
 Palmer F. Daug, Lake Mills
 Thos. R. Brooks, Watertown
 Jean Schultz, Waukesha
 Mrs. Gretchen Bonini, Madison

Third District

Mrs. Jerry Garvin, Elroy
 Frank J. Antoine, Prairie du
 Chien
 Mrs. John J. Boyle, Darlington
 Charles T. O'Brien, Necedah
 Mrs. Maude K. Mahoney, La
 Crosse
 Wm. D. Carroll, Prairie du
 Chien

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Mrs. Genevieve Eisold,
 Milwaukee
 Emmet Scanlon, So. Milwaukee

Fourth District—Continued

Robert Dejewski, Milwaukee
 William Galasinski, Milwaukee
 Andrew Campbell, Milwaukee
 Mrs. Earl Judkins, Milwaukee

Fifth District

Mrs. Wm. McCormick,
 Milwaukee
 Mrs. B. Durnin, Milwaukee
 Miss Alice O'Malley, Milwaukee
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 Oscar Nimmer, Fond du Lac
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PROGRESSIVE PARTY PLATFORM

1942

OUR country is now involved in the most critical struggle of its history. On the outcome of this struggle depends the continuance of our priceless freedoms and our American way of life.

The winning of this war and the peace to follow transcends all other issues. Our country is fast assuming a position of first responsibility in the matter of money, men, materials, and management. It must not fail to win. Complete victory must be our first objective. That victory must be the winning of the peace as well as the war. To this end, as Progressives, we pledge the wholehearted support of our people and our state to every measure under the leadership of our commander-in-chief, Franklin D. Roosevelt, that will strengthen and defend the nation, effectively mobilize its resources for the winning of the war and through cooperation with the nations of the world establish a just and lasting peace.

DEMOCRACY

Our second job is to prevent the destruction of democracy in Wisconsin on the home front. This we owe to our sons and daughters who are fighting for us on the battlefields of the world. They must not return to find free government has been destroyed.

The Progressive Party pledges its best efforts both in the state and in the nation to keep faith with those men in the armed forces in order that they may return to a post-war world of freedom and opportunity.

We condemn the acts of the present Republican Governor as being arbitrary, dictatorial, and undemocratic. He has usurped the duties, powers, and functions of the various boards and commissions. He has refused to call a special session of the legislature and thus denied to the people of Wisconsin the right to express their opinions through their representatives. He has substituted his own edicts for law and has boasted of his open disregard for legislative enactments.

The Governor's repeated absence from his office and his lack of attention to the executive duties not only produces inefficiency in government but also destroys public confidence in democracy.

CIVILIAN DEFENSE

Our present Governor has assumed unto himself the full power and authority to provide civilian defense in Wisconsin. He has refused to grant to the town boards, the village boards, city councils, and the county boards the opportunity to function in a democratic way. We pledge that legislation will be enacted under a Progressive ad-

ministration which will permit these units of government to participate in carrying out this program.

Today the state's program of civilian defense is being administered in a dictatorial, inefficient, and political manner.

So long as this war emergency exists there must be an all inclusive program of civilian defense which can be put into operation by all units of government within the state. All programs for civilian defense must be carried out on a strictly nonpartisan basis. Wisconsin must have a governor who is willing to recognize the President of the United States as the commander-in-chief of our entire war effort. We recognize Franklin D. Roosevelt as the commander-in-chief of our armed forces and we will give to him our unswerving loyalty in carrying out the policies laid down by Congress and of the President for a total victory.

AGRICULTURE

Wisconsin's dairy industry is now geared to the demands of the federal government. During the war period there should be full and complete cooperation by our state government with our federal Department of Agriculture to the end that we may do our full part in producing for the war effort.

Legislation taxing oleomargarine, which was first sponsored by Orland S. Loomis as a state senator and enforced by him as Attorney General, should be retained as a protection against the deceptive competition of butter substitutes. Our present Governor has suggested its repeal.

We must face the post-war problems of agriculture too. We must see to it that the farmer, who has been encouraged to increase his production for war purposes, is not suddenly let down and forgotten. His investment and his farm must not be taken from him. The family-sized farm as the basic unit of community, church, state, and nation must be safeguarded and kept in existence. The small creamery, milk plant, and cheese factory, private and cooperative, must not be closed out or taken over. They must be given every aid and assistance in the development of improved products and improved marketing efficiency. Thus we will not only increase consumption but we will assure a more constant income to the farmer.

We must also face the problem of anticipated surpluses which may come with peacetime markets and needs. We must protect the farmer's income by promoting consumption through a program of advertising our dairy products, and by promoting price stability through a program of warehousing. Facilities for the promotion of such a program were created in 1937. They were wrecked by the present administration in 1939. Wisconsin farmers since that time have been dependent upon the warehousing facilities in other states operated and controlled by the national dairy distributors. The present Heil administration for four years has promised to provide warehousing facilities but has failed to do so.

LABOR

We pledge our adherence to protect the right of collective bargaining by act of the majority; and the strict enforcement of laws affecting the health, safety, and welfare of the working men and women.

In order to effectuate these principles we propose the repeal or amendment of the un-American Catlin-Peterson laws; the reestablishment for labor of civil rights in industry, including the right to join unions of its own choosing without discrimination; the outlawing of company dominated unions; the establishment of a strong agency to enforce these rights, thus minimizing industrial friction; the enactment of minimum state wage and maximum hour laws in accordance with and along the lines of the federal act.

The social gains of security for the workers must be protected. As we look toward the post-war period plans must be laid to minimize the hazards and insecurity of employment.

SOCIAL SECURITY

We consider old age pensions a matter of right rather than charity. The present Heil administration promised much to our older citizens and delivered less than nothing. We favor an adequate national system of old age retirement. In the meantime we will increase the state's share to match the maximum amount the federal government provides.

We stand for the repeal of the old age assistance lien law.

We favor relieving counties of a part of the cost they now bear for old age pensions.

CIVIL SERVICE

We believe in the principle of the merit system in state and local government.

The Heil administration has nullified the whole principle of merit in state service.

We pledge that the administration of civil service will be put on a sound and honest basis and that a permanent director will be appointed.

We favor the establishment of a retirement system for state, county, and city employees who are now excluded from the provisions of the Federal Security Act and who are not now covered by existing retirement systems.

CONSERVATION

We recognize that forestry, fish and game, lakes and streams, and outdoor recreation are of vital importance socially and economically to the state of Wisconsin.

We believe that the program set up more than fifteen years ago is basically sound and should be expanded and carried out without the

unwarranted interruptions and interferences now being imposed upon it by the present Governor.

We believe in the administration of these activities by a nonpaid, nonpartisan form of commission control; the expansion of state forests as rapidly as funds will permit; the complete protection from fire of all forest areas, the segregation and preservation inviolate of forestry mill tax funds for forestry purposes and fish and game license income for fish and game protection, production, and management.

We believe in greater opportunity for the common man to fish, hunt, and enjoy the out-of-doors, and shall sponsor a state-wide program of furnishing to the public state-owned or controlled fishing and hunting areas. In such a program, we favor closer cooperation with the farmer so that he may derive benefits from the game and cover he produces.

We deplore the unwarranted and illegal interference with the conservation program practiced by the present Heil administration, through withholding of forestry funds; withholding of personnel for forestry and other department activities; through unlawful dictatorship of the Bureau of Personnel and costly and damaging interference with the acquisition of necessary supplies by unlawful dictatorship over the Bureau of Purchases.

We urge an immediate resumption of the state forest acquisition program which has been stopped completely by the present Heil administration.

TAXATION

We pledge ourselves to the Progressive principle of taxation based on ability to pay. We are opposed to the sales tax.

We favor a tax reform program to lighten the tax burden upon real estate, farms, homes, and places of business.

We favor crediting on the automobile license fee such amount as may be paid to the federal government for the automobile use tax stamp.

We pledge ourselves to abolish all useless and burdensome taxes. We oppose the enactment of any new taxes. In time of war it is wrong to raise one cent more in taxes than is necessary to effectively carry on the functions of government.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION

We favor the extension of the rural electrification program sponsored and developed by Orland S. Loomis as its first state director. The program must be expanded until electricity is made available to all our farmers at a rate they can afford to pay, thus increasing their income and raising their standard of living.

EDUCATION

We pledge ourselves to protect and foster the American system of free education. Educational opportunity must be made available to all our youth.

We favor a policy of adequately financing our institutions of higher education. We favor increased state aid to maintain and improve vocational schools, high schools, and common schools.

We favor adequate transportation aids.

We believe that any program for the consolidation of rural schools should employ democratic processes instead of the dictatorial procedure established by the Heil administration.

HIGHWAYS

The continued neglect of our highways for the past four years by the Heil administration has permitted needless deterioration of our vital road system. We must act now to prevent further destruction. While priorities prohibit the use of certain construction materials, we must make every effort to protect our road system. We must preserve the money collected through gasoline taxes and license fees to carry out a highway construction program at the end of the war.

We favor a constitutional amendment prohibiting the diversion of highway funds which is now being practiced by the Heil administration on a wholesale basis.

We favor granting of aid by the state to the townships for the repair and replacement of roads and bridges destroyed in the 1941 and 1942 floods, and we favor the setting up of a program to take care of such catastrophes in the future.

We favor using our existing state agencies to step up the general accident prevention program so that Wisconsin will take a place in the forefront in the field of accident prevention.

ST. LAWRENCE WATERWAY

We favor the early completion of the St. Lawrence Waterway to aid the commerce of our state.

We are opposed to the unlawful diversion of water from the Great Lakes by the Chicago Sanitary District. We commend Orland S. Loomis for the fight he led as Attorney General to prevent such diversion.

STATE FINANCES

We condemn the Heil administration for its policy of hidden mysteries in failing to report on the status of our state finances. The business of our government is a public business and we will comply with the provisions of our law which require the reporting and publication of our state's financial status.

COOPERATIVES

We favor the support of the cooperative movement.

VETERANS

We favor now, as we have in the past, fair and generous legislation for those who have sacrificed in the service of the state and nation and those who are now serving in the armed forces.

We condemn the Heil administration for its neglect of the present facilities for veterans in Wisconsin during the past four years.

We will see that members of the Wisconsin State Guard called in defense service receive adequate protection.

SMALL BUSINESS

We recognize the contribution small business has made to the welfare of this state and nation. Forces are now in operation which may ultimately result in the destruction of almost all of such small business. We pledge our best efforts to maintain this segment of our people by resisting unfair competition and by establishing a state business bureau to provide aid and assistance for such small business.

PUBLIC WELFARE

The underprivileged citizens of our state are entitled to humane and scientific treatment and consideration.

We pledge a reorganization of the present Public Welfare Department in order to give better and more scientific case study and treatment by trained and experienced administrators to the residents of our institutions and to permit a more efficient and economical business administration.

CONCLUSION

The Progressives in Wisconsin have long taken the leadership in liberal legislation. Many of their legislative enactments have been accepted in principle and followed by our federal government.

Today we recognize that these gains are under vicious attack. The social advances of the past decade must be defended and preserved as we struggle to reestablish free democracy and win the war.

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Jack Cory, Elmwood

Harold Stafford, Chippewa

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Tomahawk

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Herb. Guenzel, Merrill

Edoardo Marolla, Pence

L. R. Dauplaise, Superior

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM**1942**

WE, THE qualified members of the Wisconsin Republican Platform Convention, assembled at Madison, Wisconsin, this 29th day of September, 1942, do make the following declaration of principles:

We endorse the principles and sentiment of the platform of the Republican Party adopted in convention at Wausau, Wisconsin, July 11, 1942;

We pledge our support to all Republican candidates for national, state, and county offices;

We are at war. We pledge to our country and to its leaders the support of the Republican Party of Wisconsin to the end that complete victory shall be ours. We therefore declare it to be the duty of every American to perform every service within his power and to make every sacrifice to help win the war and establish permanent peace. We Republicans of Wisconsin declare our loyal support of the government in our war effort.

We commend the present Republican administration for the following notable achievements:

Giving Wisconsin a sound business administration.

Exercising rigid economy.

Passing laws preparing Wisconsin for war months before Pearl Harbor.

Reorganizing, consolidating and eliminating state boards, commissions, and departments, thereby effecting substantial reductions in state expenditures.

Granting and paying in full increased aids to local units of government.

Paying in full all past indebtedness to the Teachers Retirement Fund.

Paying in full all school and highway aids.

Increasing old age pensions to \$40.00 per month and providing sufficient funds to pay the pensions allowed in full.

Supporting agriculture and cooperative marketing.

Strengthening the oleomargarine law.

Aiding and assisting rural electric cooperatives by reducing the tax burden.

Advertising and selling Wisconsin farm products.

Assisting in obtaining war contracts for the benefit and expansion of labor opportunities in Wisconsin.

Assisting in bringing about peace between labor and management.

Providing a solvent state treasury, with the sum of \$31,493,665.47 cash on hand at the end of the last fiscal year.

We favor the enactment and carrying out of the following legislation and programs:

The provision for all possible aid and comfort to the boys in service and their rehabilitation upon return to civilian life.

A continued exercise of rigid economy in government through the elimination of all but absolutely essential state functions.

A reduction of taxes consistent with the solvency of state government.

A continued business administration.

The protection of the funds in the state treasury.

The continued development of dairying as Wisconsin's greatest agricultural activity and as the most effective utilization of our land and labor resources.

A more uniform deferment of farm labor and a continuation of the manufacture of essential farm machinery to the end that production of dairy and agricultural products may be maintained to meet the demands of the war effort.

A provision to legally provide funds for civilian defense.

The payment of gasoline tax refunds within 30 days after the filing of applications.

The exemption from state income tax of all compensation received by men and women in the armed forces of the United States.

The provision for a post-war construction fund for a state building and highway program to provide work for men and women returning from war service.

The separation of highway monies to safeguard statutory allocations, to provide funds for emergency flood damage and post-war highway construction.

The rehabilitation of the northern counties known as the cut-over counties of Wisconsin to the end that this part of our state may again become self-sustaining.

The continuation and expansion of our conservation program on an efficient, cooperative, non-political and scientific basis, administered by the present system of a six-man commission, all conservation funds to be segregated and under jurisdiction of said commission.

The continued support of the right of labor to organize and bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing under state and national legislation that insures an equal opportunity for all.

The payment of the Civil War debt.

The continuation of opposition to discrimination in any form because of race, creed or color.

The amendment of our Wisconsin Constitution to permit optional forms of county government.

In conclusion, we pledge ourselves to preserve the American system of representative government, and we reaffirm our faith in America and the Constitution.

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SOCIALIST STATE PLATFORM

1942

THE MEANING OF SOCIALISM

THE Socialist Party of Wisconsin reaffirms its faith in democratic socialism as the remedy for the ills of the nation and of the world.

Socialism is the social ownership and democratic management of the social means of production and distribution. Therefore socialism is total democracy. As believers in total democracy socialists oppose private ownership and exploitation, for private profit, of the means of life—which is the essence of capitalism. Socialists oppose bureaucratic state ownership or state control for the benefit of a ruling political party—which is the essence of fascism and totalitarianism. Both of these tendencies socialists oppose within the country as well as without.

To this end the Socialist Party supports cooperatives, labor unions, and all other democratic institutions of the people as a bulwark against the growing totalitarian power of the state, and as a foundation for a democratically planned commonwealth of a free and prosperous people.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP AND PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

More than ever before the needs of our time require public ownership and democratic control of the basic means of production and distribution. Private ownership has proven itself incapable of organizing the work of all of our people; it has plunged us into war and it offers no hope for the future.

A modern instrument of public ownership is the public authority which can more expeditiously organize and carry out the nation's daily work which is at present the ill-directed and haphazard function of incompetent private corporations. Under the instrument of a public authority, the nation can engage in production for use and enjoyment rather than in production for profit. We propose to establish public authorities in the state to handle vital processes now held in monopolistic or inefficient hands.

COOPERATIVES

The cooperative movement has the full support of the Socialist Party. Farm marketing cooperatives have efficiently marketed farm products and have cut distribution costs for the benefit of the producer and consumer. Consumer cooperatives built upon democratic principles of one vote regardless of the number of shares held, lim-

ited interest upon share capital and distribution of savings according to patronage are effective means by which consumers help themselves through nonprofit organizations. Such cooperatives embody the ideal of economic democracy in contrast to corporate dictatorship and afford people a means of satisfying their economic needs through their own organizations. Cooperatives are a fundamental part of socialist planning for an American commonwealth.

AGRICULTURE

Half of the farmer's problem is in the city. There are no genuine farm surpluses, since surpluses are the result of people's inability to buy what they sorely need. The Socialist program of economic expansion will bring industrial production up to the level of farm production instead of dragging farm production down to the level of restricted industrial production.

We believe that no single type of agricultural organization is applicable to the whole country, and that farmers themselves in democratic fashion should reach decisions on agricultural practice.

Consumer and agricultural marketing cooperatives and public marketing authorities should be promoted by both government agencies and our schools, as fundamental aids in solving the farm problem. More direct cooperation between producer and consumer cooperatives should also be promoted.

Soil conservation must be a definite public policy. Title to farm lands shall depend on the policy of occupancy and use. We deplore the hard work and the excessively long hours required of farmers and their families in order to make a living under the present system and we offer the hope that in a socialist society hours of work can be shortened and work made easier through the greater use of machines. We also offer the hope of more cultural activities for farm families.

LABOR

The Socialist Party is the historical political party of the producers of the world. We have insisted upon the free and untrammelled right and opportunity for workers to organize long before other parties became aware of labor.

We have resisted and will continue to resist any attempts to lengthen the hours of labor for the gain and benefit of employers, and in peace time we will insist on reduction of the hours of work until all the slack in employment is taken up. History has proved conclusively that capitalism cannot provide for the available labor power in times of peace. We demand, therefore, that adequate measures be taken now by the government to provide opportunity for the social and economic use of all labor after the war.

We again desire to point out to labor organizations that there is danger in backing haphazard candidates in political parties which of

themselves are not labor parties such as the Socialist Party is. The amount of money necessary for electing representatives pledged to labor on a labor party program is considerably better spent than money used to lobby among legislators who are hostile to labor.

It should not be necessary to remind labor leaders that the right of labor to organize is not fundamentally ingrained in either the Democratic or Republican parties and that such rights as labor has seemed to gain under the present administration are not guaranteed by other Democrats, whose conservatism and reaction are in the marrow of their political bones.

Labor, not only for the sake of its own security, but also for the sake of its obligations toward society, must support the Socialist Party.

CONSERVATION

A fundamental principle of the socialist movement is that of conservation, both of human and natural resources. Violation of the principles of conservation is widespread throughout our state and nation despite man's knowledge that such violation has led to the downfall of great nations.

No people can consistently allow the waste and misuse of natural resources without paying a penalty. We in Wisconsin, therefore, must take care to protect every acre of soil, every flowing stream and all life from wanton and foolish destruction.

Since the conservation program in the state is of such importance, there must be a greatly expanded conservation plan, which must be put into effect by competent, well-informed, and courageous public officers and agents who understand their business.

The majority of the present Conservation Commission and the present state administration have seen fit by recent actions to violate the spirit of such a program and have forfeited thereby the support of those who see the need of a broad program of conservation.

Too many conservationists have been complacent and content with the showing thus far and have not maintained that constant vigilance which is ever the price of progress. For a complete and comprehensive program of conservation of wild life and natural resources, the Socialist Party supports the following program:

1. The release of present funds for conservation now withheld by the administration and the establishment of new appropriations adequate to initiate a widespread program which will bring all areas of the state under immediate conservation control.
2. The initiation of a program to conserve the soil from the tremendous erosion it is now undergoing, and to protect streams and wild life from the effect of erosion and pollution.
3. The preservation and constant replenishment of wild life and game.
4. The increase and sound management of state forests and parks.
5. Selective cutting of timber on wood lots and in forests.

6. Widespread education among all people from school children to adults on the proper meaning of conservation, more than is now being given.

7. The promotion of courtesy, cooperation and good will between the various groups who use the state's natural resources.

8. Beautification of roadsides, with the plantings of materials essential for feed and cover for song birds and other wild life; and the increase of appropriations for such activities.

9. The establishment of a conservation authority with broad powers to initiate and develop conservation practices; with a personnel selected by honest civil service; and with financial responsibility for monies allocated to it or collected by it.

TAXATION

The Socialist Party believes in taxation based on the ability to pay. For this reason it opposes the principle of a sales tax and other taxes which must ultimately be borne by the lowest income groups.

Inasmuch as vast personal incomes are not justified by the social conditions of our times and inasmuch as they do not arise from contributions to society, we favor a one hundred percent tax rate on incomes above those of the top ranking civil servants.

We are opposed to the levy of taxes for specific purposes and the diverting of those funds to other purposes. Such conduct is justified only in extreme emergencies, and the constant use of such a practice leads to careless state finances.

It must be remembered that in the nature of the capitalist system, taxation is considered as an evil instead of a means of keeping society running productively and orderly. Furthermore, under the system of capitalism where the motive for production is private profit, taxation means the curtailing not only of profit but also of production, for where there is no private profit in capitalism, there is no production.

Under a socialist system, however, taxation for useful and productive purposes would offer no deterrent to production whatsoever since production is a function of the public need rather than of private profit. Under a socialist society taxation would be one means whereby the government secured its funds to initiate and direct production.

OLD AGE PENSIONS

While the problem of pensions for persons advanced in life has been eclipsed by the effort to win a war, nevertheless the problem still remains and is made more acute by the rise in the cost of living. We Socialists feel that the productive capacity of the country can permit pensions for all persons who require them and for those over sixty, which pension could be three to five times greater than the

present maximum rate and we pledge ourselves to devise ways and means of increasing that pension to the maximum level.

We warn against those pension plans which promise some numerical sum to be handed out at a given interval. These plans are inadequate in that they do not take into consideration the possibility of a disastrous and critical inflation of the monetary system which would render such a numerical system meaningless. Instead we offer a cost of living pension which will guarantee a decent existence at all times.

Further, to those persons of advanced age whose working skills are only slightly diminished, we pledge that under a socialist administration there will be useful and necessary work for them to do which is fitted to their skills. We favor cost of living pensions for the disabled, for workers, and for all those who need a subsidy to maintain themselves when circumstances beyond their control affect them. We favor useful projects under government authorities for such persons among the handicapped as have marketable skills.

THE HAZARDS OF LIVING

In line with socialist emphasis on human conservation and on reducing the hazards of living, the Socialist Party favors measures of a general nature emphasizing the following subjects:

1. Continued emphasis on safety and public health measures of all kinds.
2. Expanded offerings of state accident, health, and life insurance.
3. A state housing authority.
4. A state department to protect the consumer.
5. A program to insure every child being well born.
6. Extension of free educational opportunities to the junior college level.
7. Expanded opportunities for the acquiring of vocational skills and for the re-education of persons whose skills are needed no longer.
8. A broad program of child welfare.

STATE FINANCES

Financial matters of state, ever a mystery to the plain people, will be the chief medium by which the present administration hopes to exercise a kind of political hocus pocus over the public.

Let no one be fooled: the present surplus in the state treasury is not due to an economical administration. It is due to revenues swollen by pre-war and war activity.

The administration insults the intelligence of the Wisconsin voter by claiming that it is responsible for this surplus and it does a disservice to the public in picturing that everything is rosy at a time when grave problems loom.

Let the voters beware of the claims of financial soundness that the present administration is putting out.

PUBLIC CONTROL OVER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Finding itself in a war, the nation has resorted to devices which are semi-socialist in that they are part of a planned economy. Such measures as rationing, price control, wage control, and the direction of consumer expenditures can be the means of guaranteeing everyone the highest standard of living, or they may be the means of enforcing the lowest standards of living, depending on what are the ends of the political powers that control the government.

At present, the control of agencies in Wisconsin set up by the federal government, is in the hands of persons whose appointments seem to be based on their previous dislike for a planned economy and on their adherence to the Republican political machine. Such persons are entirely unadapted mentally to organize a planned economy on democratic lines and they are able to conceive of planning only as a means of ensuring corporate profits and of enslaving the people.

We make it our earnest and serious demand that ration boards, price control boards and similar agencies have on them representatives of labor, the farmers, and the consuming public. We warn the public of the serious consequences of neglecting to secure this representation.

UNICAMERAL LEGISLATURE

We are opposed to the present two-chamber legislature in Wisconsin as undemocratic, cumbersome, and responsive only to corporate interests, because by its very cumbersomeness, it obstructs effective and popular legislation. We favor a constitutional amendment establishing the one-chamber legislature.

PARTY RESPONSIBILITY

Political parties should stand for something more than the desire to get into office. They should have clearly defined principles and their candidates should be pledged to stand by them. At present, Wisconsin is notorious for the irresponsibility of its major parties, and for the fact that numerous candidates have run on two tickets simultaneously or have jumped tickets in order to win. What principle do such candidates represent other than the principle of expediency and opportunism?

To reduce the number of job seekers in the legislature and to increase the quality of leadership offered by the various parties, we ask the right be given to candidates for the legislature to stand in any district in the state in order to insure all parties a competent leadership in the state legislature to check other parties or the administration.

PARTY SPOILS

As we have done in the past, we desire to point out again that the cohesive force which binds other political parties together is a common hope of spoils and of jobs with the government. All other principles are subordinated thereto.

As concrete evidence of this, the Republican Party, though founded upon the principle of strong central government, is now posing as the champion of state's rights. It defended strong central government as long as it was in power in the national administration. Conversely, the Democratic Party, though founded upon the principle of state's rights is now the champion of centralized government, no doubt because it controls the administration.

In this connection, it is interesting to note that while both parties loudly disavow any belief in socialism or socialist principles, the chief aim of all members thereof is either to be enriched by special legislation or government contracts, or to get a government job.

THE TREND TO SOCIALISM

After years of patient effort, the principles of the Socialist Party are being recognized by more and more people. The bugaboo of "socialism" has disappeared from all but a few unenlightened minds. The popularity of socialist ideas and principles among the informed people of the world marks those who refuse to give due weight to the concepts of socialism as poorly educated.

The honesty and integrity of socialist administrations in government everywhere is the wonder of hardened and cynical observers who have felt that government must necessarily be a reflection of greedy pressure groups.

The fact that the major political parties of America are now vying for power on issues taken from the Socialist party is proof of the prophetic ability of early Socialists.

Further, the Socialist party has received a sound tribute from the fact that numerous religious bodies founded on the Golden Rule have adopted as their ideal of a new social order systems closely approaching democratic socialism.

No one, therefore, who has made a study of political organization and who is motivated by humanitarian ideals and aims can vote for any party other than the Socialist party without a violation of his conscience.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Officers

EDWARD KIEFER, Milwaukee, *Chairman*EDWIN W. KNAPPE, Milwaukee, *Secretary**Vice Chairmen*

FREDERICK HEATH, Milwaukee
 EDWIN W. KNAPPE, Milwaukee
 WALTER UPHOFF, Prairie du Sac
 STANLEY BUDNY, Milwaukee
 EDWARD SCHULTHEIS, Milwaukee
 GEORGE A. NELSON, Milltown
 DR. NEAL BILLINGS, Milwaukee

ARTHUR KOEGEL, Milwaukee
 HARRY FLUEKIGER, Alma
 ALEX RUFFING, Milwaukee
 E. C. DAMROW, Fond du Lac
 JOHN C. BOLL, Sheboygan
 JOHN BRODDE, Milwaukee
 FRED WOLTER, Milwaukee

First District

Carl Benson, Kenosha
 Walter Benson, Kenosha
 John O. Van Hazinga, Kenosha
 Thor Lorenzen, Racine
 Edward Bergren, Kenosha
 L. Harry Dadian, Racine
 Joseph Duchkowsitch, Racine
 Arthur Swenson, Racine
 Peter Jacobsen, Kenosha
 William Cote, Racine
 Robert Saucerman, Monroe

Second District

Fred A. Hale, Madison
 Sam Mintz, Madison
 Rev. George L. Collins, Madison
 Mrs. Lorena Smith, Madison
 Vilas Schultz, Waukesha
 Mrs. Margaret Gray, Madison
 Mrs. C. A. Buss, Madison
 John Sikkema, Madison

Third District

Arthur C. Ochsner, Plain
 Henry A. Ochsner, Plain
 Clarence J. Habelman, Camp
 Douglas
 Tom Rusch, Prairie du Sac
 Mary Jo Uphoff, Prairie du Sac
 Donald Lobe, Tomah
 Lynn Reynolds, Tomah

Fourth District

Claud Larsen, Milwaukee
 Robert Buech, West Allis
 Clement Stachowiak, Milwaukee
 Frank Lubinski, Milwaukee
 George Helberg, Milwaukee
 William F. Quick, Sr.,
 Milwaukee

Fourth District—Continued

Harry Wroblewski, Milwaukee
 Peter Poberezny, West Allis
 George J. Indra, Milwaukee
 Leo Mussa, Milwaukee

Fifth District

Chris Holz, Milwaukee
 Ruth R. Burba, Milwaukee
 Joseph M. Driscoll, Milwaukee
 Chas. C. Shad, Milwaukee
 Emil Brodke, Milwaukee
 Walter G. Bubbart, Milwaukee
 William Baumann, Milwaukee
 Ervin A. Koth, Milwaukee
 Mrs. Walter Wappler,
 Milwaukee
 Robert F. Repas, Milwaukee
 Rudolph Beyer, Milwaukee
 Adolph E. Grimm, Milwaukee
 Herman O. Kent, Milwaukee
 David Bornstein, Milwaukee
 Alex Badura, Milwaukee
 William Lippold, Milwaukee

Sixth District

Fred Kneever, Sheboygan
 Arthur Mueller, Fond du Lac
 Hugh A. Kelly, Fond du Lac
 Adolph Schnaitmann,
 Sheboygan
 Wm. J. Kirst, Sheboygan
 Wm. Brockmann, Sheboygan

Seventh District

Herbert Jacobi, Marathon City
 Herman Marth, Wausau
 Dr. Lewis Frick, Athens
 Sam Dubi, Athens
 Stanley Nowaczyk, Wausau
 Erwin Thurs, Wausau
 Walter Weinig, Shawano

Eighth District

Clinton Ballard, Appleton
 B. F. Ihlenfeldt, Appleton
 Henry Dobberpohl, De Pere
 Mrs. Florence Reynolds, Green
 Bay

Ninth District

Arthur Thut, Medford
 Adolph Maassen, Alma
 Harry Fluekiger, Alma
 Olin Swenson, Chippewa Falls
 Otto Hoepner, Chippewa Falls
 Walter T. Roach, Eau Claire
 William C. White, Glenwood
 City
 Frank J. Ender, Chippewa
 Falls
 Charles Zivney, Owen

Tenth District

Henry C. Harder, Medford
 Adolph Kreie, Stetsonville
 Henry Bergman, Medford

Tenth District—Continued

Elmer Perrin, Turtle Lake
 Mrs. Alma Richter, Clear Lake
 Henry Sillman, Ladysmith
 Hanford Olson, Superior
 Leon Lueck, Stetsonville

National Chairman

Maynard C. Krueger
 Chicago, Illinois

National Committeeman

Walter H. Uphoff
 Prairie du Sac

Young Socialists

James Humphrey, Milwaukee
 Shirley Holzman, Milwaukee
 Dorothy Rifis, Milwaukee
 Martin Ptacek, Milwaukee
 Ray Schenk, Madison
 Julius Goldstein, Milwaukee
 Lola Harding, Madison



Pheasants for sport and wartime food. During the biennium more than 400,000 pheasants were produced and distributed by the State Experimental Game and Fur Farm, Poynette.



Seining rough fish for food in time of war. Inland lakes, rivers, and streams of Wisconsin produce from seven to nine million pounds of carp and other rough fish annually.

Parties and Elections
The Primary Elections

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS

September 1942

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
ADAMS CO.											
Adams.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	8	1	1	1
Big Flats.....	0	1	0	0	0	1	10	6	3	1	0
Colburn.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	5	1	0
Dell Prairie.....	1	0	0	1	0	1	23	10	2	1	0
Easton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	11	3	0	0
Jackson.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	9	8	1	0
Leola.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	4	0	0
Lincoln.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	3	0	0
Monroe.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	7	4	2	1
New Chester.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10	10	3	0
New Haven.....	1	1	0	2	8	1	13	11	3	5	0
Preston.....	0	1	1	0	1	0	18	3	7	2	0
Quincy.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	13	13	3	2	0
Richfield.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	4	5	0	0
Rome.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	1	11	0	0
Springville.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	15	1	1	0
Strongs Prairie.....	0	1	0	8	2	0	48	11	3	2	0
Friendship, vil.....	0	1	1	4	1	0	36	25	10	4	1
Adams, city:											
1st ward.....	3	1	0	3	1	2	46	7	5	3	0
2nd ward.....	0	2	0	2	2	0	64	16	15	5	0
Totals.....	7	8	2	23	16	5	386	181	106	34	3
ASHLAND CO.											
Agenda.....	0	0	3	1	0	0	9	10	29	9	0
Ashland.....	0	0	1	4	1	0	28	14	13	8	0
Butternut.....	1	0	0	5	0	0	10	23	25	7	1
Gingles.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	22	4	12	2	0
Gordon.....	0	0	1	0	4	0	24	9	7	6	0
Jacobs.....	1	0	0	4	2	0	15	56	42	19	0
La Pointe.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	3	2	0
Marengo.....	1	0	1	0	1	0	26	9	7	7	0
Morse.....	2	1	2	0	0	0	45	14	15	6	0
Peeksville.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	14	15	4	0
Sanborn.....	2	1	4	3	3	0	8	10	5	0	0
Shanagolden.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	6	8	11	1
White River.....	0	0	1	1	0	1	17	21	29	7	0
Butternut, vil.....	2	0	0	4	0	2	10	18	32	6	0
Ashland, city:											
1st ward.....	1	1	1	2	2	0	72	26	77	13	1
2nd ward.....	0	0	2	2	4	0	41	46	71	23	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	44	72	95	21	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	43	28	48	4	0
5th ward.....	1	1	0	2	1	0	43	54	84	10	0
6th ward.....	2	1	2	13	7	0	51	40	72	14	0
7th ward.....	2	0	8	2	3	0	65	14	63	8	1
8th ward.....	0	0	0	0	3	0	62	8	30	6	0
9th ward.....	0	0	9	0	1	1	81	7	41	7	0
10th ward.....	1	0	7	0	1	0	85	13	46	5	0
Mellen, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	5	1	0	29	18	38	10	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	2	0	1	27	8	12	0	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	10	9	1	0
Totals.....	20	6	45	53	34	5	880	569	928	216	4
BARRON CO.											
Almena.....	0	0	2	2	0	0	45	23	4	2	2
Arland.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	52	15	8	13	0
Barron.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	51	21	2	6	0
Bear Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	1	0	0
Cedar Lake.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	6	1	5	0
Chetek.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	29	11	1	0	0
Clinton.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	85	10	3	6	4
Crystal Lake.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	43	14	1	4	2
Cumberland.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	11	2	5	0
Dallas.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	33	12	3	1	0
Dovre.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	1	2	0	0
Doyle.....	0	1	0	1	0	0	34	3	2	1	0
Lakeland.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	2	1	1	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wylie (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
BARRON CO.—cont.											
Maple Grove.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	31	41	17	11	0
Maple Plain.....	0	1	0	2	2	1	11	0	0	0	0
Oak Grove.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	5	2	0	0
Prairie Farm.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	2	1	0	0
Prairie Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	32	7	1	1	0
Rice Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	1	2	3	0
Stoux Creek.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	5	5	1	0
Stanfold.....	1	0	0	2	1	0	25	5	2	1	0
Stanley.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	21	10	1	1	0
Summer.....	0	0	1	1	2	1	52	5	5	1	0
Turtle Lake.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	14	5	2	4	0
Vance Creek.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	41	11	1	4	0
Cameron, vil.....	1	1	0	2	0	1	18	28	4	5	1
Dallas, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	28	12	2	3	0
Haugen, vil.....	0	0	2	1	2	0	10	6	1	0	0
Prairie Farm, vil.....	0	0	1	3	0	0	12	4	6	5	0
Turtle Lake, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	21	14	4	4	2
Barron, city.....	1	1	0	12	1	0	76	42	12	7	0
Chetek, city.....	2	0	0	2	2	0	21	38	13	6	0
Cumberland, city.....	2	0	1	9	4	1	40	27	13	16	0
Rice Lake, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	18	11	7	2	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	3	0	2	14	13	4	1	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	6	2	2	21	29	8	5	0
4th ward.....	0	0	1	3	0	0	14	14	1	2	0
5th ward.....	1	0	0	0	1	1	23	8	3	4	1
6th ward.....	0	0	0	4	1	0	10	13	3	1	0
7th ward.....	1	0	0	1	0	1	17	3	1	0	0
8th ward.....	1	0	0	0	2	0	24	4	1	3	0
Totals.....	12	4	9	67	25	11	1,173	493	153	135	13
BAYFIELD CO.											
Barksdale.....	0	0	0	1	3	0	14	20	47	7	0
Barnes.....	0	0	0	2	3	1	4	32	12	7	0
Bayfield.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	18	52	27	17	0
Bayview.....	0	1	0	1	1	0	8	48	41	19	0
Bell.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	7	9	6	0
Cable.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	7	33	15	7	0
Clover.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	13	19	16	19	0
Delta.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	9	0	0
Drummond.....	0	1	0	1	2	0	23	24	31	18	0
Eileen.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	26	10	28	10	0
Hughes.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	18	3	4	0
Iron River.....	0	0	1	6	5	0	24	82	48	23	0
Kelly.....	0	1	0	5	3	0	11	22	22	3	0
Keystone.....	1	0	5	3	4	0	27	9	13	6	1
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	17	9	4	0
Mason.....	1	0	3	1	2	0	26	19	15	9	0
Namekagon.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	23	43	7	0
Orienta.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	21	13	10	0
Oulu.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	19	95	43	37	0
Pilsen.....	1	0	2	7	3	0	15	12	8	9	0
Port Wing.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	20	80	35	25	0
Pratt.....	0	0	0	2	2	1	10	39	24	5	0
Russell.....	0	0	0	1	0	2	16	29	18	11	0
Tripp.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	20	19	6	0
Washburn.....	0	0	1	3	0	0	18	31	11	18	2
Cable, vil.....	1	1	0	4	1	0	5	23	16	6	0
Mason, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	14	10	5	0
Bayfield, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	16	10	2	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	22	5	2	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	12	4	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	13	7	2	0
Washburn, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	2	2	2	1	12	85	56	24	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	14	30	38	14	1
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	3	1	1	7	21	11	21	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	8	29	30	19	0
5th ward.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	13	36	29	24	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	1	2	1	12	18	19	19	0
Totals.....	6	6	17	56	45	7	426	1,102	802	427	4

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
BROWN CO.											
Allouez.....	13	2	0	40	28	29	15	143	60	3	0
Ashwaubenon.....	2	0	2	5	6	3	0	13	2	1	0
Bellevue.....	4	2	6	6	12	18	0	1	6	3	0
De Pere.....	1	1	5	7	23	8	2	6	8	0	0
Eaton.....	4	2	24	4	13	6	0	2	0	0	0
Glenmore.....	1	0	6	8	5	6	1	17	1	1	0
Green Bay.....	2	3	0	3	3	2	4	9	7	4	0
Hobart.....	3	1	0	4	0	5	2	9	2	0	0
Holland.....	1	0	1	11	28	8	8	9	6	1	0
Howard.....	8	1	3	17	19	19	2	8	6	2	0
Humboldt.....	5	2	3	8	8	7	0	11	4	0	0
Lawrence.....	4	0	2	10	19	4	4	10	2	0	0
Morrison.....	1	1	0	5	9	3	8	22	2	6	2
New Denmark.....	1	2	4	0	10	10	7	16	20	5	0
Pittsfield.....	1	1	5	8	7	4	4	6	8	1	0
Preble:											
1st pct.....	7	5	1	14	27	20	0	12	7	2	1
2nd pct.....	17	12	10	29	59	45	1	28	9	2	0
Rockland.....	4	2	0	9	12	3	1	14	1	0	0
Scott.....	3	3	0	10	16	13	2	12	4	0	0
Suamico.....	3	0	6	15	8	8	1	4	5	1	0
Wrightstown.....	1	2	0	15	22	5	4	22	5	3	0
Denmark, vil.....	7	0	1	10	12	9	3	20	5	2	0
Pulaski, vil.....	3	1	28	6	10	10	2	14	7	2	0
Wrightstown, vil.....	3	0	0	14	10	6	3	7	4	0	0
De Pere, city:											
1st ward.....	9	2	2	60	31	13	5	77	18	2	0
2nd ward.....	7	5	2	61	35	26	1	32	19	3	0
3rd ward.....	12	4	1	46	36	17	9	54	20	8	1
4th ward.....	6	1	4	24	16	12	4	11	9	3	0
Green Bay, city:											
1st ward.....	10	5	2	39	23	18	9	164	31	6	2
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	20	6	6	41	37	27	6	129	50	10	2
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	10	4	38	38	32	26	3	29	23	4	0
3rd ward.....	18	5	8	52	49	23	4	124	22	13	1
4th ward.....	9	7	2	28	43	21	7	68	22	5	0
5th ward.....	24	2	10	40	76	58	15	59	25	4	1
6th ward.....	10	2	4	14	31	25	4	39	14	4	2
7th ward.....	12	3	3	31	35	27	2	34	17	5	0
8th ward.....	19	4	8	28	48	36	12	41	28	5	1
9th ward.....	9	10	3	20	51	22	5	34	27	1	0
10th ward.....	17	7	7	34	53	57	3	18	8	5	0
11th ward, 1st pct.....	9	7	1	15	51	48	5	17	4	4	0
11th ward, 2nd pct.....	12	4	2	14	26	22	5	9	5	0	1
12th ward.....	12	1	7	25	32	12	3	25	13	3	0
13th ward.....	26	6	1	35	54	15	8	40	46	1	0
14th ward.....	19	5	3	25	58	39	10	34	33	4	0
15th ward.....	18	4	1	41	46	13	9	82	25	7	0
16th ward.....	13	3	2	44	47	11	3	66	24	9	2
17th ward.....	19	7	4	27	46	24	5	60	43	6	0
18th ward.....	9	4	1	13	32	31	16	28	24	2	1
19th ward.....	10	2	1	10	32	16	14	20	16	5	2
20th ward.....	24	9	4	25	65	45	15	48	23	8	4
21st ward.....	27	8	3	31	49	48	6	25	19	3	1
22nd ward.....	12	4	2	30	36	17	9	55	35	2	0
Totals.....	501	174	248	1,149	1,537	994	260	1,873	807	171	24
BUFFALO CO.											
Alma.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	39	18	25	2
Belvidere.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	41	14	13	1
Buffalo.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	17	11	9	0
Canton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	34	5	8	0
Cross.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15	7	9	1
Dover.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	23	14	16	0
Gilmanton.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	61	24	18	2
Glencoe.....	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	15	4	4	0
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	22	27	13	10	1
Maxville.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	24	11	8	0
Milton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	6	0	0
Modena.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	75	15	34	2
Mondovi.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	58	17	23	1
Montana.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	15	1	6	0
Naples.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	29	12	9	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
BUFFALO CO.—Cont.											
Nelson.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	25	68	25	41	11
Waumandee.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	29	6	3	0
Cochrane, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	11	118	19	16	0
Alma, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	50	28	22	2
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	25	21	5	1
3rd ward.....	0	1	0	1	0	0	6	32	15	12	0
Buffalo, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	27	7	5	0
Fountain City, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	6	5	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	6	38	15	8	0
Mondovi, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	2	2	0	7	91	41	31	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	78	36	20	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	42	25	10	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	22	10	6	0
Totals.....	1	1	4	9	5	0	266	1,145	426	376	24
BURNETT CO.											
Anderson.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	24	11	4	0	0
Blaine.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	14	0	1	0	0
Daniels.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	35	9	4	1	0
Dewey.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	8	6	1	0
Grantsburg.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	38	16	2	1	0
Jackson.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	4	0	0
La Pollette.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	1	0
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	2	5	1	0
Meenon.....	2	0	2	0	0	0	11	11	33	5	0
Oakland.....	4	0	0	0	0	1	26	18	19	3	0
Roosevelt.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	10	2	0	0
Rusk.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	9	6	3	0	0
Sand Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	3	0	0
Scott.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	7	2	0	1	1
Siren.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	43	43	34	9	0
Swiss.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	18	6	23	2	0
Trade Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	16	17	0	0
Union.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	21	2	0
Webb Lake.....	1	0	1	0	2	0	3	5	6	0	0
West Marshland.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	12	1	2	0	0
Wood River.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	49	13	4	2	1
Grantsburg, vil.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	70	39	23	1	0
Webster, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	30	74	1	0
Totals.....	17	1	3	5	8	2	500	258	293	30	2
CALUMET CO.											
Brillion.....	0	0	1	6	4	0	0	44	10	9	0
Brothertown.....	0	1	0	1	2	3	11	12	1	4	0
Charlestown.....	2	0	0	14	8	6	7	13	4	1	0
Chilton.....	5	0	0	8	7	2	0	22	5	2	0
Harrison.....	2	2	0	15	26	1	7	34	13	6	2
New Holstein.....	0	1	0	4	4	1	14	9	16	3	0
Rantoul.....	3	0	0	3	3	4	4	41	7	8	0
Stockbridge.....	2	1	0	5	7	5	1	14	10	4	0
Woodville.....	0	0	0	2	7	2	2	21	2	6	0
Brillion, vil.....	0	0	1	4	5	10	8	43	15	8	0
Hilbert, vil.....	0	0	1	8	2	0	2	35	4	5	0
Stockbridge, vil.....	1	0	1	2	7	1	0	13	5	5	0
Chilton, city:											
1st pct.....	2	2	0	13	27	12	2	41	13	6	1
2nd pct.....	4	3	0	14	16	8	0	29	9	2	1
Kiel, city, 2nd pct.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0
New Holstein, city.....	7	0	1	19	4	21	22	42	35	11	1
Totals.....	29	11	5	118	129	76	81	415	150	81	5
CHIPPEWA CO.											
Anson.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	16	91	22	18	1
Arthur.....	3	0	0	0	0	0	21	28	12	1	0
Auburn.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	4	4	1	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
CHIPPEWA CO.—cont.											
Birch Creek.....	0	1	0	0	0	1	20	18	5	2	0
Bloomer.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	24	31	4	4	0
Cleveland.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	25	25	14	3	0
Colburn.....	1	0	2	1	1	0	46	22	5	4	0
Cooks Valley.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	10	5	1	0
Delmar.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	30	20	6	3	2
Eagle Point.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	37	45	34	7	0
Edson.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	21	16	4	2	0
Estella.....	0	0	0	3	0	1	11	20	8	1	0
Goetz.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	44	6	2	2
Hallie.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	26	25	6	2	0
Holcombe.....	5	0	0	1	0	1	13	26	7	3	0
Howard.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	22	7	5	2
Lafayette.....	3	0	0	1	1	0	40	78	25	15	0
Ruby.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	24	32	12	13	1
Sampson.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	19	13	9	1	0
Sigel.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	23	6	1	0
Tilden.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	35	5	2	0
Wheaton.....	2	1	0	2	1	0	18	40	7	4	0
Woodmohr.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	16	27	10	1	0
Boyd, vil.....	0	0	0	6	0	0	16	35	10	1	0
Cadott, vil.....	2	1	1	3	1	4	17	26	12	6	0
Cornell, vil.....	6	0	0	1	3	2	22	68	40	8	0
New Auburn, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	23	15	5	0
Bloomer, city.....	1	0	1	6	1	1	33	129	23	0	0
Chippewa Falls, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	50	81	14	7	0
2nd ward.....	2	1	0	1	3	0	68	70	21	4	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	0	2	3	0	36	76	6	3	2
4th ward.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	35	73	15	3	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	3	0	0	0	3	0	42	63	37	4	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	0	0	0	0	3	0	26	118	18	3	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	41	64	24	3	0
7th ward.....	2	1	0	1	1	1	33	51	24	7	0
8th ward.....	1	0	0	5	1	2	37	73	24	6	1
9th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	40	22	2	0
10th ward.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	40	50	10	7	0
Stanley, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	1	1	0	0	15	29	13	0	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	6	0	0	9	20	8	2	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	17	11	2	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	15	3	2	0
Totals.....	39	5	6	53	29	15	1,072	1,816	573	170	12
CLARK CO.											
Beaver.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	13	10	2	3	0
Butler.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	5	0	1	0
Colby.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	14	3	1	0
Dewhurst.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	7	8	1	1	0
Eaton.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	15	34	6	5	0
Foster.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	8	1	2	0	0
Fremont.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	18	6	3	0
Grant.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	32	12	12	4	0
Green Grove.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	5	14	1	0
Hendren.....	0	0	0	5	1	1	88	3	10	1	3
Hewett.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	21	2	0	0
Hixon.....	0	0	1	3	0	0	30	17	6	3	0
Hoard.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	29	24	6	5	0
Levis.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	54	18	4	1	0
Longwood.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	27	14	15	1	0
Loyal.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	7	30	6	1	0
Lynn.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	39	11	4	3	0
Mayville.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	31	12	11	3	2
Mead.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	1	5	2	0
Mentor.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	15	27	3	0	0
Fine Valley.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	31	9	4	3	0
Reseburg.....	0	0	3	1	1	1	7	10	1	1	0
Seif.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	7	0	0	0
Sherman.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	14	5	1	0
Sherwood.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	4	2	0	0
Thorp.....	0	0	8	1	0	0	21	19	1	3	0
Unity.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	18	1	5	0
Warner.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	21	5	3	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
CLARK CO.—Cont.											
Washburn	0	0	1	0	1	0	31	7	4	1	0
Weston	0	0	0	0	1	0	69	17	6	1	0
Withee	0	0	5	1	0	0	19	13	2	6	0
Worden	0	0	1	1	0	0	13	16	4	2	0
York	1	2	0	3	0	0	52	13	10	0	0
Abbotsford, vil.	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	16	7	6	0
Curtiss, vil.	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	27	8	4	0
Dorchester, vil.	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	17	4	1	2
Granton, vil.	0	0	0	4	0	0	8	13	13	0	0
Loyal, vil.	0	0	0	8	1	1	16	31	11	0	0
Thorp, vil.	0	0	3	6	1	1	9	26	17	2	0
Unity, vil.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	14	5	1	0
Withee, vil.	0	0	0	1	1	0	7	13	6	4	0
Colby, city:											
2nd ward	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	19	8	1	0
3rd ward	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	20	9	3	0
Greenwood, city:	0	0	1	10	0	0	10	44	11	2	0
Neillsville, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	2	0	0	30	41	17	10	1
2nd ward	0	0	1	1	0	0	14	51	16	2	0
3rd ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	58	20	7	0
4th ward	0	0	1	0	0	0	26	28	21	8	0
Owen, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	8	2	1	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15	12	1	0
3rd ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	12	3	4	1
4th ward	1	0	0	2	0	1	15	13	9	2	1
Totals	3	2	27	77	12	10	1,006	928	352	129	11
COLUMBIA CO.											
Arlington	0	0	0	1	1	0	24	13	30	9	0
Caledonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	21	11	3	0
Columbus	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	22	4	0
Courtland	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	9	3	0
Dekorra	1	0	0	2	0	0	12	18	45	9	0
Fort Winnebago	1	0	1	3	4	0	7	14	16	6	0
Fountain Prairie	1	0	0	0	0	1	10	21	32	5	0
Hampden	1	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	23	11	0
Leeds	0	0	0	1	0	0	40	8	7	6	0
Lewiston	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	16	9	2	0
Lodi	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	14	4	0
Lowville	3	0	0	0	1	0	5	26	37	18	0
Marcellon	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	16	9	3	0
Newport	2	2	0	0	0	0	9	3	3	1	2
Otsego	0	0	0	2	1	0	19	33	21	10	0
Pacific	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	12	4	0
Randolph	2	0	0	0	0	0	12	27	9	6	0
Scott	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	9	10	0
Springvale	3	0	0	1	0	0	6	17	8	2	0
West Point	0	0	0	2	0	0	16	6	12	3	0
Wycocena	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	23	13	8	0
Cambria, vil.	2	0	0	3	0	0	21	57	25	11	0
Doylestown, vil.	2	0	0	11	0	0	0	17	12	1	0
Fall River, vil.	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	15	23	9	1
Pardeeville, vil.	0	0	0	2	1	0	17	49	33	8	0
Poynette, vil.	6	0	0	8	2	0	33	28	76	10	0
Randolph, vil.	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	29	4	0	0
Rio, vil.	2	0	0	0	3	1	14	39	38	14	0
Wycocena, vil.	4	0	0	1	3	0	11	19	19	8	0
Columbus, city:											
1st ward	3	1	0	2	1	1	9	82	92	5	1
2nd ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	68	76	13	0
3rd ward	2	2	0	0	1	0	6	64	72	9	0
Lodi, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	4	0	0	14	13	33	8	0
2nd ward	1	0	0	2	0	0	9	11	23	6	0
3rd ward	1	1	0	5	0	0	6	8	16	3	0
Portage, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	1	1	0	11	22	26	5	0
2nd ward	3	0	1	8	1	1	19	79	53	21	0
3rd ward	2	0	0	5	2	1	13	93	52	6	0
4th ward	5	1	0	9	2	1	26	139	111	27	1
5th ward	7	2	0	5	0	1	45	140	137	42	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
COLUMBIA CO.—Cont.											
Wisconsin Dells, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	4	0	1	13	15	3	3	5
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	7	25	19	2	2
3rd ward.....	1	2	0	5	1	0	8	13	11	2	1
Totals.....	61	11	2	93	29	9	496	1,342	1,305	340	13
CRAWFORD CO.											
Bridgeport.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	29	14	8	0
Clayton.....	14	8	0	12	23	5	5	40	37	17	0
Eastman.....	7	1	0	5	9	4	1	55	11	13	0
Freeman.....	11	6	0	2	5	3	7	83	26	19	0
Haney.....	2	1	0	1	3	1	7	15	19	14	0
Marietta.....	5	4	0	3	9	6	1	18	17	7	0
Prairie du Chien.....	3	2	1	2	7	3	0	27	10	10	0
Scott.....	8	4	0	5	17	2	3	27	27	14	0
Seneca.....	12	4	0	9	26	7	1	48	29	14	0
Utica.....	8	2	0	4	14	3	15	48	21	16	0
Wauzeka.....	5	1	0	0	1	1	8	13	16	20	0
Bell Center, vil.....	4	0	0	0	2	0	1	15	4	3	0
De Soto, vil.....	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	7	3	2	0
Eastman, vil.....	10	1	0	4	5	7	0	30	6	5	0
Ferryville, vil.....	2	3	0	3	8	2	0	13	14	2	0
Gays Mills, vil.....	5	2	0	6	9	1	4	38	9	8	0
Lynxville, vil.....	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	5	8	2	0
Mt. Sterling, vil.....	3	4	0	3	1	3	4	21	14	10	0
Soldiers Grove, vil.....	3	0	0	4	5	0	4	48	14	12	0
Steuben, vil.....	2	3	0	1	1	1	1	17	10	7	1
Wauzeka, vil.....	2	1	0	1	1	5	1	42	26	21	0
Prairie du Chien, city:											
1st ward.....	17	0	1	5	9	3	1	19	10	1	0
2nd ward.....	10	2	1	23	6	1	2	62	14	10	0
3rd ward.....	13	3	2	7	17	1	2	58	20	8	1
4th ward.....	8	4	0	2	8	5	2	8	2	10	0
5th ward.....	15	3	1	10	7	2	2	32	7	1	1
6th ward.....	15	4	3	11	12	9	0	36	12	7	0
7th ward.....	9	2	1	9	19	4	1	53	13	8	0
8th ward.....	13	6	1	6	10	3	0	40	21	10	0
Totals.....	209	74	11	143	237	84	74	947	434	279	3
DANE CO.											
Albion.....	0	0	0	0	3	1	94	33	9	9	0
Berry.....	2	1	0	1	0	0	38	15	4	4	1
Black Earth.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	10	9	6	1	0
Blooming Grove:											
1st dist.....	2	0	0	5	8	5	299	32	65	18	1
2nd dist.....	3	0	0	2	4	2	65	4	13	11	0
Blue Mounds.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	10	5	4	0
Bristol.....	0	0	0	2	2	0	29	11	7	1	1
Burke.....	4	0	0	6	5	9	135	33	65	34	0
Christiana.....	0	0	0	2	6	2	92	16	7	6	1
Cottage Grove.....	11	0	0	3	1	1	50	11	14	7	0
Cross Plains.....	2	0	0	0	4	0	37	11	12	4	0
Dane.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	20	8	7	2	0
Deerfield.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	47	8	8	9	0
Dunkirk.....	1	2	0	0	1	1	37	10	10	6	0
Dunn.....	1	0	0	0	1	2	63	14	19	6	0
Fitchburg.....	0	4	0	4	1	1	62	33	23	9	0
Madison.....	5	8	1	2	10	2	226	91	223	85	1
Mazomanie.....	0	1	0	2	0	0	7	13	7	4	0
Medina.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	8	6	1	0
Middleton.....	3	2	0	3	0	0	32	40	43	18	4
Montrose.....	1	1	0	1	0	0	29	13	11	3	0
Oregon.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	41	6	1	0	0
Perry.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	28	7	9	14	0
Peasant Springs.....	0	0	0	1	1	2	71	13	9	5	0
Primrose.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	7	11	2	2
Roxbury.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	32	3	6	11	1
Rutland.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	47	3	6	2	0
Springdale.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	49	6	9	9	0
Springfield.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	23	18	18	1	0
Sun Prairie.....	0	0	0	0	3	4	31	11	9	4	0
Vermont.....	1	3	2	2	0	0	27	9	12	1	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
DANE CO.—Cont.											
Verona.....	1	0	0	1	0	1	20	16	8	6	0
Vienna.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	38	4	13	3	0
Westport.....	3	4	0	2	0	0	70	42	41	19	0
Windsor.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	70	23	28	8	0
York.....	0	1	0	1	0	1	21	10	1	1	0
Belleville, vil.....	1	0	0	2	5	1	24	18	16	6	0
Black Earth, vil.....	1	0	0	1	5	3	24	9	17	10	0
Blue Mounds, vil.....	0	0	0	3	4	0	10	12	6	0	0
Brooklyn, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	2	7	0	0
Cambridge, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	2	56	18	21	12	0
Cottage Grove, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	3	33	7	14	4	0
Cross Plains, vil.....	4	0	2	1	2	0	26	14	5	2	0
Dane, vil.....	1	5	0	3	1	2	59	22	28	16	0
Deerfield, vil.....	1	0	0	1	3	1	42	16	26	18	0
De Forest, vil.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	25	105	84	25	1
Maple Bluff, vil.....	2	0	0	2	0	2	21	28	15	0	0
Marshall, vil.....	2	0	0	2	0	0	21	28	15	0	0
Mazomanie, vil.....	3	5	0	4	4	1	21	25	18	10	0
McFarland, vil.....	0	1	0	2	2	1	54	6	11	3	0
Middleton, vil.....	8	5	0	3	3	2	50	66	75	37	3
Monona, vil.....	1	1	0	0	2	5	90	22	29	17	0
Mt. Horeb, vil.....	5	4	0	9	0	0	166	109	59	27	0
Oregon, vil.....	1	6	1	4	3	4	105	28	26	9	0
Rockdale, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	21	2	2	4	0
Shorewood Hills, vil.....	2	0	1	1	4	0	32	49	120	34	2
Sun Prairie, vil.....	2	2	1	6	4	7	44	67	28	19	1
Verona, vil.....	0	2	0	4	1	0	34	17	15	6	0
Waunakee, vil.....	2	7	0	14	3	0	30	31	24	4	0
Madison, city:											
1st ward.....	7	5	0	22	11	3	195	154	176	48	1
2nd ward.....	13	8	0	8	6	2	222	111	157	44	2
3rd ward.....	15	6	0	6	6	2	183	99	115	35	0
4th ward.....	18	8	3	16	17	3	242	146	172	57	0
5th ward.....	9	5	1	7	14	1	168	62	132	23	4
6th ward.....	20	3	1	13	3	1	250	88	148	53	3
7th ward.....	26	7	0	7	19	1	186	107	168	44	1
8th ward.....	18	7	1	18	6	6	259	85	156	31	2
9th ward.....	6	4	1	5	10	2	249	26	49	22	2
10th ward.....	3	0	0	7	6	1	121	183	214	81	3
11th ward.....	18	10	1	13	10	2	274	59	125	29	0
12th ward.....	7	0	0	7	11	0	105	39	106	33	1
13th ward.....	8	4	1	20	21	4	153	204	250	75	2
14th ward.....	8	5	0	7	6	0	212	50	98	51	3
15th ward.....	12	3	0	7	6	3	256	101	125	58	0
16th ward.....	12	5	2	5	10	6	316	110	205	42	2
17th ward.....	19	4	0	7	8	9	233	44	81	38	4
18th ward.....	18	3	2	14	6	4	363	86	156	53	4
19th ward.....	5	0	1	1	8	1	159	198	282	82	0
20th ward.....	9	1	0	10	6	1	176	279	338	127	2
Stoughton, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	5	3	4	55	24	11	10	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	0	0	3	6	103	16	16	19	0
3rd ward.....	0	1	0	3	2	2	57	17	17	14	0
4th ward.....	1	0	0	4	30	4	50	72	26	18	0
Totals.....	327	159	23	327	347	142	7,615	3,645	4,718	1,681	55
DODGE CO.											
Ashippun.....	3	0	0	0	2	0	7	43	13	7	1
Beaver Dam.....	1	1	2	7	3	2	5	27	18	13	0
Burnett.....	0	1	1	6	1	0	3	26	33	16	0
Calamus.....	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	40	24	10	0
Chester.....	1	1	0	2	0	5	7	27	16	0	0
Clyman.....	6	2	0	3	3	2	3	20	22	10	0
Elba.....	0	1	0	2	10	1	3	26	31	2	0
Emmet.....	8	3	0	2	2	0	9	28	19	7	0
Fox Lake.....	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	41	19	7	0
Herman.....	2	0	1	1	0	2	5	55	38	25	0
Hubbard.....	6	1	0	2	1	1	2	37	30	13	4
Hustisford.....	6	1	0	3	0	3	5	26	24	16	2
Lebanon.....	2	0	2	1	0	4	10	47	26	11	1
Le Roy.....	5	1	0	1	1	2	0	103	91	29	0
Lomira.....	5	0	0	4	1	1	2	66	47	12	1
Lowell.....	0	0	0	5	5	1	4	24	26	20	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
DODGE CO.—Cont.											
Oak Grove.....	5	1	1	7	1	1	10	60	49	29	2
Portland.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	110	68	40	0
Rubicon.....	6	1	0	5	2	0	1	38	23	16	0
Shields.....	5	0	1	1	3	0	1	13	15	1	1
Theresa.....	1	0	0	3	0	2	3	38	23	13	0
Trenton.....	0	0	4	1	3	0	1	40	13	10	0
Westford.....	0	1	2	7	0	1	2	7	14	5	0
Williamstown.....	4	0	0	4	2	1	3	47	36	8	0
Clyman, vil.....	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	11	6	0	0
Hustisford, vil.....	4	2	1	3	1	2	4	48	15	5	0
Iron Ridge, vil.....	1	1	0	4	2	1	3	27	25	5	0
Lomira, vil.....	4	1	0	1	0	0	12	30	19	5	0
Lowell, vil.....	0	0	2	1	0	1	9	11	13	7	0
Neosho, vil.....	12	2	0	4	0	1	0	9	11	6	0
Randolph, vil.....	0	0	0	6	2	1	4	41	7	14	0
Reeseville, vil.....	1	0	0	4	2	0	3	34	26	18	0
Theresa, vil.....	2	2	0	7	1	0	0	19	15	8	1
Beaver Dam, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	7	1	2	2	1	10	7	3	0
2nd ward.....	4	4	3	15	3	2	3	30	26	14	1
3rd ward.....	5	2	8	12	2	1	4	19	23	14	0
4th ward.....	1	3	5	17	11	3	5	31	27	15	0
5th ward.....	8	0	4	12	2	2	0	38	42	19	0
6th ward.....	3	3	4	8	8	2	4	38	47	7	0
7th ward.....	0	0	2	10	5	2	10	81	50	15	0
8th ward.....	5	2	0	15	1	1	9	113	33	20	0
9th ward.....	2	0	6	7	5	3	5	73	46	8	0
10th ward.....	1	2	1	5	6	3	2	66	27	19	0
11th ward.....	5	3	1	13	5	2	6	75	19	18	0
12th ward.....	4	4	7	8	1	4	10	47	14	15	0
13th ward.....	3	0	10	3	4	4	3	46	28	21	1
14th ward.....	10	4	5	5	6	7	7	36	40	13	1
Fox Lake, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	0	4	2	0	0	36	19	6	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	7	1	0	2	25	14	8	0
3rd ward.....	1	0	1	4	1	0	0	44	20	10	0
Horicon, city:											
1st ward.....	16	0	0	16	5	1	10	57	85	13	1
2nd ward.....	14	2	1	3	6	4	5	55	63	30	0
3rd ward.....	9	1	1	3	6	2	10	83	72	35	2
Juneau, city:											
1st ward.....	3	2	2	5	5	0	4	41	33	20	0
2nd ward.....	2	3	1	2	3	0	15	34	19	10	0
3rd ward.....	6	1	0	4	1	3	2	20	34	5	0
Mayville, city:											
1st ward.....	6	1	0	4	1	0	5	59	54	17	0
2nd ward.....	3	0	0	3	1	0	0	40	24	10	0
3rd ward.....	7	1	0	3	4	2	1	99	72	20	1
Watertown, city:											
5th ward.....	7	3	0	2	4	1	10	27	24	3	0
6th ward.....	13	2	0	5	5	4	14	21	17	6	1
13th ward.....	12	1	0	3	4	2	8	22	20	7	0
14th ward.....	13	2	0	3	9	2	6	23	12	5	0
Waupun, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	3	4	2	1	9	35	35	23	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	0	1	3	0	11	38	49	14	0
3rd ward.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	12	12	5	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	3	3	17	21	6	0
Totals.....	261	72	93	307	176	95	311	2,690	1,999	858	21
DOOR CO.											
Baileys Harbor.....	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	47	31	7	2
Brussels.....	1	0	0	1	4	1	2	55	67	10	1
Clay Banks.....	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	33	33	9	0
Egg Harbor.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	53	29	12	0
Forestville.....	2	3	0	6	5	2	7	81	57	21	0
Gardner.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	58	36	14	0
Gibraltar.....	1	0	0	5	1	1	3	56	26	11	0
Jacksonport.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	59	43	9	0
Liberty Grove.....	1	2	0	3	3	1	9	106	43	34	0
Nasawaupee.....	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	91	72	12	0
Sevastopol.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	142	93	32	1
Sturgeon Bay.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	38	24	7	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
DOOR CO.—Cont.											
Union.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	62	81	13	0
Washington.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	60	12	10	0
Ephraim, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	35	13	4	0
Sister Bay, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	38	27	12	0
Sturgeon Bay, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	1	1	8	1	2	153	107	31	1
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	118	73	13	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	130	87	24	1
4th ward.....	1	1	0	2	3	0	1	126	82	31	0
Totals.....	10	6	2	30	31	10	45	1,541	1,036	316	7
DOUGLAS CO.											
Amnicon.....	0	0	2	0	0	0	30	12	11	7	0
Bennett.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	29	12	4	4	0
Brule.....	0	2	0	2	0	0	39	19	6	2	0
Cloverland.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	36	19	3	4	0
Dairyland.....	0	1	0	1	0	0	18	5	5	3	0
Gordon.....	1	5	0	2	3	1	37	17	19	3	1
Hawthorne.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	59	10	8	15	0
Highland.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	10	3	4	3	0
Lakeside.....	0	1	0	1	1	0	53	8	7	9	0
Maple.....	1	1	0	3	1	1	30	17	3	1	0
Oakland.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	6	10	6	1
Parkland.....	2	1	2	2	3	1	75	26	31	13	0
Solon Springs.....	0	6	0	0	0	0	15	11	9	3	1
Summit.....	1	2	2	0	0	0	26	12	11	3	0
Superior.....											
1st pct.....	1	2	0	2	1	1	72	21	25	10	0
2nd pct.....	1	2	1	0	0	0	23	9	11	8	0
Wascott.....	2	4	3	0	0	1	24	13	2	6	1
Lake Nebagamon, vil.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	19	19	8	4	0
Oliver, vil.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	18	4	1	1	0
Poplar, vil.....	0	1	1	11	1	0	15	53	7	5	0
Solon Springs, vil.....	1	2	0	1	0	0	17	21	10	3	0
Superior, city:											
1st ward.....	8	3	18	6	12	1	154	41	82	33	2
2nd ward.....	0	5	6	9	3	4	147	74	71	21	0
3rd ward.....	5	4	1	3	4	0	98	113	91	28	1
4th ward.....	0	0	1	5	3	1	132	35	38	13	1
5th ward.....	1	0	1	9	2	1	109	20	9	2	2
6th ward.....	5	2	13	20	12	6	150	19	24	6	7
7th ward.....	3	0	2	29	12	1	147	40	25	12	1
8th ward.....	0	2	2	17	6	1	115	17	42	9	0
9th ward.....	4	4	3	6	13	2	118	29	36	9	1
10th ward.....	3	3	10	9	11	1	110	38	40	8	0
11th ward.....	1	0	3	11	8	0	93	105	88	22	0
12th ward.....	1	0	1	22	7	1	130	86	57	10	0
13th ward.....	2	3	1	10	9	0	140	37	28	16	0
14th ward.....	1	1	1	6	6	2	116	120	65	19	1
15th ward.....	1	1	0	2	7	0	129	90	55	21	3
16th ward.....	0	0	0	3	7	2	96	58	40	14	0
17th ward.....	4	7	7	3	3	2	117	35	52	34	1
18th ward.....	2	4	1	13	8	1	116	47	38	13	1
19th ward, east pct.....	1	2	1	1	1	2	58	44	41	11	1
19th ward, west pct.....	0	7	7	5	2	2	87	33	30	9	0
20th ward, east pct.....	4	3	1	2	1	0	23	14	8	6	0
20th ward, west pct.....	8	18	20	25	18	7	96	12	23	5	2
Totals.....	68	101	113	246	168	42	3,147	1,424	1,178	434	28
DUNN CO.											
Collfax.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	8	6	2	0
Dunn.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	26	3	3	0
Eau Galle.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	17	14	0	0	0
Elk Mound.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	17	0	2	0
Grant.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	32	5	4	1	0
Hay River.....	0	1	0	2	0	1	25	15	5	2	0
Lucas.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	9	6	2	0
Menomonie.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	24	22	8	3	0
New Haven.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	19	17	3	3	1
Otter Creek.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	9	3	2	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
DUNN CO.—Cont.											
Perru.....	0	0	0	0	2	1	11	8	2	1	0
Red Cedar.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	26	6	5	0
Rook Creek.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	17	10	3	2	0
Sand Creek.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	26	15	1	2	0
Sheridan.....	1	0	1	1	2	0	18	6	3	1	0
Sherman.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	14	2	1	0
Spring Brook.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	22	24	3	3	1
Stanton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	24	1	3	0
Tainter.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	14	2	2	1
Tiffany.....	1	0	0	0	2	0	12	17	5	1	0
Weston.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	22	14	11	2	0
Wilson.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	32	4	6	2	3
Boyceville, vil.....	0	0	0	5	0	1	6	26	7	2	0
Cofox, vil.....	0	0	0	5	0	0	32	33	20	1	0
Downing, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	8	17	2	0	0
Elk Mound, vil.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	6	28	6	3	0
Knapp, vil.....	0	1	0	5	1	2	12	24	8	3	0
Ridgeland, vil.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	7	10	2	0	1
Wheeler, vil.....	0	0	0	1	4	0	14	17	5	2	0
Menomonie, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	4	1	0	27	44	10	5	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	5	4	2	21	66	23	7	0
3rd ward.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	28	34	16	5	0
4th ward.....	2	1	0	7	2	2	35	44	13	6	0
5th ward.....	0	1	0	3	2	1	31	67	24	7	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	4	1	0	17	51	16	6	0
Totals.....	8	5	1	54	27	15	688	779	243	92	8
EAU CLAIRE CO.											
Bridge Creek.....	0	0	1	2	0	0	15	28	16	8	1
Brunswick.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	15	25	6	3	0
Clear Creek.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	18	3	2	0
Drammen.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	41	11	16	0
Fairchild.....	0	0	2	1	0	0	8	5	1	6	0
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	13	9	10	0
Ludington.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	23	19	16	9	2
Otter Creek.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	12	3	4	0
Pleasant Valley.....	0	2	0	2	1	0	9	38	6	9	0
Seymour.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	25	33	11	6	0
Union.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	24	40	15	8	4
Washington.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	38	13	5	1
Wilson.....	0	0	1	1	0	1	9	20	1	3	1
Fairchild, vil.....	0	1	1	2	1	0	11	20	7	2	1
Fall Creek, vil.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	34	29	16	5	0
Altoona, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	17	8	1	3	1
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	5	0	0	30	15	10	8	0
Augusta, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	8	0	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	17	12	3	0
3rd ward.....	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	22	8	4	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	11	7	1	0
Eau Claire, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	3	7	2	1	37	69	22	9	0
2nd ward.....	1	1	0	3	0	1	60	130	73	21	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	0	0	0	4	3	0	50	395	117	23	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	3	1	0	7	0	0	63	133	64	8	0
4th ward.....	0	1	1	5	4	0	36	32	33	9	0
5th ward.....	0	3	1	12	3	0	61	173	62	14	0
6th ward.....	0	1	2	4	4	0	63	172	83	30	0
7th ward.....	0	1	5	4	5	1	62	97	63	16	0
8th ward.....	0	1	0	2	1	1	120	87	44	20	2
9th ward.....	2	4	5	4	5	5	143	192	189	58	0
10th ward.....	2	2	5	10	6	3	146	156	104	24	1
Totals.....	13	18	29	83	37	16	1,171	2,094	1,034	347	13
FLORENCE CO.											
Aurora.....	0	1	0	3	3	1	13	17	11	5	0
Commonwealth.....	1	0	0	2	0	0	6	6	17	18	0
Fence.....	1	0	0	3	3	1	16	12	7	7	0
Fern.....	0	0	2	0	1	0	4	7	5	4	0
Florence.....	2	0	0	5	2	0	7	105	108	21	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
FLORENCE CO.—Cont.											
Homestead.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	11	12	2	0
Long Lake.....	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	6	21	5	0
Tipler.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	9	21	0	0
Totals.....	5	1	2	14	10	3	63	173	202	62	0
FOND DU LAC CO.											
Alto.....	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	12	9	13	0
Ashford.....	4	2	0	4	2	4	10	42	27	11	0
Auburn.....	1	0	0	0	2	2	3	43	50	18	1
Byron.....	2	2	0	3	8	2	2	36	23	7	0
Calumet.....	0	1	1	5	1	0	2	31	18	5	0
Eden.....	5	1	0	5	2	0	1	42	54	14	0
Eldorado.....	1	0	0	2	2	1	14	23	14	9	0
Empire.....	1	0	2	2	5	2	0	47	43	9	0
Fond du Lac.....	1	2	0	11	10	0	4	73	17	11	0
Forest.....	3	1	0	1	2	7	7	34	16	7	0
Friendship.....	2	1	0	0	3	1	12	40	14	8	0
Lamartine.....	0	0	0	6	2	6	1	24	24	17	0
Marshfield.....	2	1	0	2	4	1	5	34	17	10	0
Metomen.....	0	1	0	0	7	1	1	17	7	2	0
Oakfield.....	1	0	0	1	0	5	1	14	7	1	0
Osceola.....	1	1	1	0	4	4	1	65	69	23	0
Ripon.....	0	0	0	0	3	3	2	35	6	2	0
Rosendale.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	13	6	4	0
Springvale.....	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	17	3	2	0
Taycheedah.....	3	5	2	13	2	2	4	29	26	15	0
Waupun.....	0	0	0	0	1	5	17	16	9	4	0
Brandon, vil.....	3	1	1	1	1	5	17	45	11	8	1
Campbellsport, vil.....	2	0	1	0	5	2	3	60	139	16	1
Eden, vil.....	0	0	6	1	1	0	0	12	34	7	1
Fairwater, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	8	2	3	0
North Fond du Lac, vil.....	5	3	5	6	13	10	41	33	35	17	0
Oakfield, vil.....	2	1	0	2	0	3	3	32	24	13	0
Rosendale, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	26	4	1	0
St. Cloud, vil.....	1	0	0	2	1	3	1	18	8	4	0
Fond du Lac city:											
1st ward.....	3	7	6	7	6	4	8	38	23	5	1
2nd ward.....	8	2	7	22	5	7	12	36	50	19	1
3rd ward.....	5	4	9	16	13	1	6	86	50	34	0
4th ward.....	10	8	9	25	12	5	29	51	38	28	3
5th ward.....	8	8	6	15	11	2	6	55	28	19	1
6th ward.....	2	2	8	20	15	7	9	46	32	17	1
7th ward.....	5	0	6	9	6	2	22	73	38	22	0
8th ward.....	4	5	6	17	15	4	20	119	85	29	0
9th ward.....	8	3	11	21	17	7	12	62	40	21	0
10th ward.....	4	10	4	14	12	4	16	57	50	22	1
11th ward.....	4	5	3	18	7	3	6	85	39	21	0
12th ward.....	5	2	3	13	14	0	11	68	34	17	0
13th ward.....	4	1	2	17	7	3	6	95	38	16	0
14th ward.....	0	4	2	10	9	1	8	107	27	13	1
15th ward.....	5	3	3	15	11	2	17	112	36	22	0
16th ward.....	3	2	4	16	7	2	23	169	43	15	1
17th ward.....	0	4	3	12	8	3	15	65	41	15	1
18th ward.....	2	1	0	4	7	0	6	101	49	9	0
19th ward.....	1	3	3	10	5	5	11	103	37	14	0
20th ward.....	4	7	3	11	16	4	8	110	63	30	0
21st ward.....	4	4	2	12	13	2	4	86	36	21	2
Ripon, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	2	7	3	11	1	28	16	2	2
2nd ward.....	1	3	1	13	11	17	2	72	61	19	0
3rd ward.....	3	2	3	10	4	19	7	53	22	3	1
4th ward.....	2	3	6	10	3	11	10	64	34	0	1
Waupun, city:											
5th ward.....	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	5	14	2	0
6th ward.....	3	0	0	2	3	4	6	23	31	9	0
Totals.....	139	118	125	420	316	202	430	2,830	1,751	708	21
FOREST CO.											
Alvin.....	6	0	1	7	10	4	1	6	7	1	0
Argonne.....	4	0	1	7	25	9	33	8	20	3	0
Armstrong Creek.....	0	1	35	6	8	2	3	9	6	1	0
Blackwell.....	2	3	2	0	13	4	0	1	1	0	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
FOREST CO.—Cont.											
Caswell.....	1	0	1	2	11	3	4	9	14	0	0
Crandon.....	5	0	1	7	28	5	0	7	3	0	0
Freedom.....	4	0	0	3	8	6	1	3	2	2	0
Hiles.....	2	1	0	7	13	5	1	6	9	0	0
Laona.....	15	3	4	32	54	15	11	30	29	5	0
Lincoln.....	1	1	4	14	15	9	0	1	3	0	0
Nashville.....	5	1	0	5	41	6	0	5	5	4	0
Popple River.....	1	0	0	3	13	1	2	1	1	0	0
Ross.....	4	2	0	1	9	3	1	4	5	0	0
Wabeno.....	19	8	6	41	51	37	7	29	31	4	0
Crandon, city:											
1st ward.....	14	2	2	18	23	7	2	21	24	1	1
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	4	9	5	0	3	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	4	1	2	12	20	9	0	6	33	1	0
4th ward.....	3	0	0	9	8	2	0	3	12	2	0
5th ward.....	3	0	0	7	15	4	0	11	12	0	0
Totals.....	94	23	59	185	374	136	66	163	221	24	2
GRANT CO.											
Beetown.....	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	62	37	25	1
Bloomington.....	0	1	1	0	1	0	2	33	25	18	0
Boscobel.....	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	9	9	5	0
Cassville.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	25	11	4	0
Castle Rock.....	0	1	0	1	3	0	3	20	18	41	0
Chilton.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	37	52	29	0
Ellenboro.....	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	37	44	22	0
Fennimore.....	1	1	0	3	3	0	10	26	30	50	0
Glen Haven.....	4	2	1	3	0	0	2	45	28	11	1
Harrison.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	55	24	17	0
Hazel Green.....	0	7	0	0	0	0	2	43	34	19	0
Hickory Grove.....	0	0	1	0	3	2	5	11	13	17	0
Jamestown.....	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	134	72	10	0
Liberty.....	0	0	0	3	0	1	5	39	48	55	0
Lima.....	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	39	34	29	0
Little Grant.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	25	30	21	0
Marion.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	6	8	7	0
Millville.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	5	16	0
Mt. Hope.....	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	30	20	21	0
Mt. Ida.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	23	17	45	0
Muscoda.....	1	1	3	1	2	0	1	10	11	17	0
North Lancaster.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	43	36	25	0
Paris.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	81	50	20	0
Patch Grove.....	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	41	15	15	0
Platteville.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	55	29	16	0
Potosi.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	76	17	0
Smelser.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	22	16	0
South Lancaster.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	84	46	38	0
Waterloo.....	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	63	38	13	0
Watterstown.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	11	12	12	0
Wingville.....	0	1	0	4	1	0	10	14	30	26	0
Woodman.....	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	17	4	14	0
Wyalusing.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	14	13	0
Bagley, vil.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	32	24	17	0
Bloomington, vil.....	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	71	32	17	1
Blue River, vil.....	1	1	1	6	0	2	4	13	27	10	0
Cassville, vil.....	0	3	0	2	0	0	7	39	26	10	1
Hazel Green, vil.....	3	0	0	1	2	0	5	33	17	7	0
Livingston, vil.....	2	0	0	1	2	1	6	56	23	12	0
Montfort, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	10	26	56	18	0
Mt. Hope, vil.....	1	0	0	2	1	2	0	23	12	12	0
Muscoda, vil.....	1	3	3	7	0	1	10	42	45	39	0
Patch Grove, vil.....	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	24	9	18	1
Potosi, vil.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	58	43	5	0
Tennyson, vil.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	21	40	9	0
Woodman, vil.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	13	7	1
Boscobel, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	9	16	24	20	0
2nd ward.....	2	1	0	0	2	1	6	22	35	19	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	1	5	2	0	6	10	28	21	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	23	23	13	0
Cuba City, city:											
1st ward.....	0	2	0	2	0	1	1	42	17	8	0
2nd ward.....	0	2	0	1	1	1	6	25	14	7	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
GRANT CO.—Cont.											
Cuba City, city—Cont.											
3rd ward	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	15	19	3	0
4th ward	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	15	18	4	0
Fennimore, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	1	2	0	7	17	26	18	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	2	4	0	17	28	31	15	0
3rd ward	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	19	19	20	0
4th ward	1	0	1	2	1	0	6	23	28	27	0
Lancaster, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	68	49	31	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	2	3	2	3	99	83	46	0
3rd ward	0	1	0	1	0	0	5	108	105	45	0
4th ward	0	0	0	3	1	0	3	92	81	61	0
Platteville, city:											
1st ward	1	1	1	0	3	2	6	144	88	17	0
2nd ward	0	11	1	6	2	0	8	135	112	37	0
3rd ward	4	2	1	3	5	3	7	153	93	26	0
4th ward	1	3	0	1	3	2	10	84	44	22	0
Totals	33	68	20	76	59	32	257	2,889	2,236	1,345	6
GREEN CO.											
Adams	1	1	0	2	4	0	4	13	7	14	0
Albany	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	19	7	8	0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	2	0	13	8	7	9	0
Cadiz	1	0	0	1	0	0	5	54	25	19	0
Clarno	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	35	7	15	0
Decatur	0	1	1	0	1	0	5	14	7	5	0
Exeter	3	0	0	2	3	0	8	10	14	7	0
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	43	46	11	0
Jordan	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	10	17	14	0
Monroe	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	24	24	10	0
Mt. Pleasant	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	20	9	9	0
New Glarus	0	0	0	2	3	0	16	0	9	0	0
Spring Grove	0	1	0	0	7	0	1	18	16	4	0
Sylvester	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	28	12	3	0
Washington	0	0	0	1	2	0	8	26	11	13	0
York	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	13	17	17	0
Albany, vil.	0	0	0	2	3	0	5	50	37	8	0
Brooklyn, vil.	0	0	0	2	2	0	5	10	14	4	0
Browntown, vil.	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	21	18	2	0
Monticello, vil.	1	0	0	0	3	2	13	43	34	4	1
New Glarus, vil.	0	0	0	13	4	0	54	18	45	6	1
Brodhead, city:											
1st ward	1	0	0	6	8	0	7	38	16	8	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	4	5	1	13	65	24	6	1
Monroe, city:											
1st ward	0	1	0	10	12	0	11	208	100	26	0
2nd ward	1	1	0	3	11	1	20	136	72	17	1
3rd ward	1	1	0	4	5	1	25	61	57	23	2
4th ward	1	0	0	3	6	0	7	125	67	34	0
Totals	11	8	1	62	88	5	275	1,110	719	296	6
GREEN LAKE CO.											
Berlin	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	7	2	5	0
Brooklyn	0	0	3	3	1	0	7	26	18	4	0
Green Lake	1	0	0	0	1	1	9	11	6	0	0
Kingston	2	0	0	4	1	0	0	28	12	3	0
Mackford	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	8	4	0
Manchester	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	8	10	4	0
Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	9	5	4	0
Princeton	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	13	13	3	0
Seneca	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	5	2	8	0
St. Marie	0	0	0	9	7	1	0	4	5	0	0
Green Lake, vil.	1	0	0	4	2	0	3	32	28	3	0
Kingston, vil.	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	20	18	0	0
Markesan, vil.	0	0	0	9	2	1	3	35	30	1	0
Berlin, city:											
1st ward	1	0	0	11	4	1	2	29	17	19	1
2nd ward	0	0	2	13	4	0	2	40	20	13	0
3rd ward	0	0	1	15	4	1	1	27	18	9	0
4th ward	1	1	5	19	3	1	0	15	5	5	0
5th ward	1	0	5	6	6	0	2	11	12	1	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
GREEN LAKE CO.—											
Cont.											
Princeton, city:											
1st ward.....	1	1	0	2	1	0	7	28	29	1	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	2	7	3	1	5	14	20	3	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	7	1	3	1	4	9	10	0	0
Totals.....	11	3	27	107	50	10	56	379	288	90	1
OWA CO.											
Arena.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	20	14	11	0
Brigham.....	0	0	0	1	5	0	42	16	33	33	0
Clyde.....	0	1	0	0	1	2	49	5	12	7	2
Dodgeville.....	0	0	0	0	6	3	15	54	57	60	0
Eden.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	34	12	15	0
Highland.....	2	1	0	0	7	2	24	24	25	30	1
Linden.....	0	0	0	0	1	2	13	43	21	23	0
Mifflin.....	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	52	7	17	2
Mineral Point.....	2	1	0	1	1	2	3	41	51	36	0
Moscow.....	0	0	1	0	0	1	45	47	25	30	0
Pulaski.....	1	0	0	0	1	1	7	10	10	7	0
Ridgeway.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	30	45	52	1
Waldwick.....	1	0	1	1	0	1	9	30	22	24	0
Wyoming.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	12	20	19	0
Arena, vil.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	26	11	0
Avoca, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	12	27	5	10	0
Barneveld, vil.....	0	0	0	1	2	4	25	29	8	12	0
Cobb, vil.....	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	21	16	13	0
Highland, vil.....	2	0	0	2	2	9	10	52	57	29	1
Hollandale, vil.....	0	0	0	6	2	0	12	17	16	10	0
Linden, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	19	13	10	1
Livingston, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
Rewey, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	14	9	4	0
Ridgeway, vil.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	29	53	37	0
Dodgeville, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	0	1	2	9	28	31	19	0
2nd ward.....	2	0	0	0	2	1	26	91	54	36	2
3rd ward.....	1	1	0	1	0	1	7	61	28	19	1
Mineral Point, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	0	6	3	4	8	47	28	16	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	1	2	2	8	43	34	20	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	8	13	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	28	14	7	0
Totals.....	20	6	2	25	44	40	390	950	754	630	11
RON CO.											
Anderson.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	5	5	40	6	0
Carey.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	4	16	14	0
Gurney.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	24	7	16	6	0
Kimball.....	0	1	1	6	3	1	29	33	24	11	0
Knight.....	1	1	0	5	3	0	24	29	64	10	1
Mercer.....	0	0	0	9	4	1	10	67	151	28	0
Oma.....	0	0	2	4	3	0	44	23	25	7	0
Pence.....	0	1	0	0	2	0	13	32	59	14	0
Saxon.....	0	0	0	3	3	2	24	46	61	10	0
Sherman.....	0	0	1	17	7	1	1	7	38	11	0
Hurley, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	24	41	135	19	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	25	45	74	11	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	7	6	0	15	50	109	6	1
4th ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	33	36	75	5	0
5th ward.....	0	0	1	3	1	0	3	4	23	5	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	11	4	0	12	15	37	5	0
Montreal, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	1	0	2	0	5	12	29	14	0
2nd ward.....	1	1	1	4	4	0	2	30	24	8	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	1	4	2	0	9	33	56	22	0
4th ward.....	0	0	1	5	0	2	17	12	38	9	0
Totals.....	3	4	8	86	53	8	332	531	1,094	221	2

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
JACKSON CO.											
Adams	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	25	8	4	0
Albion	0	0	0	0	0	1	74	41	21	14	0
Alma	1	0	0	0	0	0	23	16	8	4	1
Bear Bluff	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	2	1	0	0
Brookway	2	0	0	4	0	0	28	22	19	9	0
City Point	0	0	1	0	0	0	45	1	1	0	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	5	9	3	0
Curran	0	1	0	0	0	0	31	8	3	1	0
Franklin	0	2	0	0	1	0	31	16	2	4	0
Garden Valley	2	0	0	0	0	1	18	26	7	1	0
Garfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	13	3	0	0
Hixton	0	2	0	0	0	0	40	24	5	6	0
Irving	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	36	5	3	0
Knapp	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	0	0	0
Komensky	1	1	0	0	0	0	15	0	1	0	0
Manchester	0	1	0	2	0	0	10	13	7	4	0
Melrose	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	8	1	0	0
Millston	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	5	3	0
North Bend	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	18	4	9	0
Northfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	21	8	3	0
Springfield	0	0	0	2	0	0	35	24	4	2	0
Alma Center, vil.	0	0	0	6	0	0	12	25	10	1	0
Hixton, vil.	0	1	0	2	0	0	13	14	11	4	0
Melrose, vil.	2	0	3	0	0	0	6	40	11	2	0
Merrillan, vil.	0	1	1	6	0	0	31	19	12	7	0
Taylor, vil.	2	0	0	2	0	0	29	22	7	7	0
Black River Falls, city:											
1st ward	0	1	0	2	1	0	49	57	28	8	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	2	0	0	40	33	30	1	0
3rd ward	0	1	0	0	0	0	22	19	18	2	0
4th ward	0	0	1	0	0	0	62	37	25	9	0
Totals	8	13	6	29	2	2	858	600	274	117	2
JEFFERSON CO.											
Astalan	5	1	4	6	3	2	12	15	24	6	0
Cold Spring	4	1	2	2	1	0	3	2	1	2	0
Concord	2	2	0	3	8	1	4	22	16	4	0
Farmington	4	6	4	11	8	7	1	14	9	1	1
Hebron	2	7	4	3	9	3	1	15	6	3	0
Ixonia	4	2	2	11	1	3	9	35	24	17	0
Jefferson:											
1st pct.	4	2	1	7	7	5	3	15	9	3	0
2nd pct.	3	3	5	14	7	2	0	10	4	2	0
Koshkonong	4	10	0	7	12	2	7	15	7	5	0
Lake Mills	3	3	0	4	2	2	20	19	7	6	0
Milford	6	2	3	6	4	3	6	9	8	7	0
Oakland	4	2	1	3	8	1	12	28	16	7	1
Palmyra	1	1	0	1	0	0	8	10	15	2	0
Sullivan	3	1	1	5	11	2	4	13	15	2	0
Sumner	4	2	1	7	5	1	9	15	7	1	1
Waterloo	1	1	5	3	3	4	2	9	4	0	0
Watertown	4	2	7	8	8	2	2	31	18	8	0
Johnson Creek, vil.	5	5	3	19	10	3	11	29	10	8	0
Palmyra, vil.	7	4	1	1	13	4	3	29	19	2	0
Sullivan, vil.	1	2	0	0	3	1	0	16	22	1	0
Waterloo, vil.	13	8	8	25	27	20	13	72	26	23	2
Fort Atkinson, city:											
1st ward	7	8	2	14	7	11	0	45	18	3	0
2nd ward	1	6	3	8	14	7	0	54	19	19	1
3rd ward	4	8	6	12	8	4	3	42	13	4	0
4th ward	7	8	3	7	11	5	2	36	6	4	0
5th ward	6	8	3	10	13	5	2	31	9	1	0
6th ward	4	10	7	12	5	4	2	20	12	2	0
7th ward	4	8	2	9	12	2	6	30	6	1	0
8th ward	7	6	1	10	14	10	1	53	18	3	0
Jefferson, city:											
1st ward	8	12	5	12	8	12	3	25	22	1	0
2nd ward	2	6	6	11	11	4	2	22	9	4	0
3rd ward	10	9	4	17	24	9	3	30	27	3	0
4th ward	5	5	9	14	15	5	1	21	14	0	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Sec.)
JEFFERSON CO.—Cont.											
Lake Mills, city:											
1st ward	1	0	0	4	1	0	5	36	10	9	0
2nd ward	2	1	0	2	1	2	4	20	31	8	0
3rd ward	5	1	1	8	1	0	4	28	13	6	0
Watertown, city:											
1st ward	8	3	2	24	8	5	6	32	13	7	0
2nd ward	8	2	3	9	13	6	9	35	20	2	0
3rd ward	14	2	3	14	18	2	9	29	12	7	0
4th ward	15	5	3	5	25	1	7	7	18	5	1
7th ward	10	11	11	18	11	9	11	18	26	4	0
8th ward	10	0	0	9	4	3	2	25	25	8	0
9th ward	3	2	2	9	1	3	2	54	9	4	0
10th ward	11	2	9	15	8	5	7	47	15	7	0
11th ward	14	4	2	10	7	11	0	52	40	18	1
12th ward	10	5	5	16	5	2	5	17	13	1	0
Totals	260	199	144	425	395	195	222	1,232	685	238	8
JUNEAU CO.											
Armenia	0	0	1	1	0	0	29	9	3	1	0
Clearfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	11	4	3	0
Cutler	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	8	1	1	0
Finley	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	3	2	0	1
Fountain	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	17	12	9	1
Germantown	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	6	3	3	0
Kildare	0	0	0	0	2	0	16	25	20	7	0
Kingston	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9	2	0
Lemonweir	0	0	0	0	0	1	29	17	8	11	0
Lindina	1	0	0	0	0	0	33	22	11	7	0
Lisbon	1	0	0	0	0	0	19	10	6	7	0
Lyndon	0	1	0	0	2	0	14	20	16	7	0
Marion	0	0	0	2	1	0	13	6	4	1	0
Necedah	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	12	2	1	0
Orange	0	0	1	0	0	0	20	5	4	2	0
Plymouth	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	24	20	12	0
Seven Mile Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	2	9	1	0
Summit	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	9	4	2	0
Wonewoc	0	0	0	1	0	1	20	9	8	6	1
Camp Douglas, vil.	1	0	0	3	1	1	13	17	12	3	0
Hustler, vil.	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	15	2	1	0
Lyndon Station, vil.	0	1	0	0	2	1	36	34	36	4	0
Necedah, vil.	4	2	1	8	3	0	20	24	19	6	0
Union Center, vil.	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	9	26	5	0
Wonewoc, vil.	0	0	0	4	0	0	34	23	12	8	0
Elroy, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	32	21	14	0
2nd ward	2	0	0	0	0	1	19	23	19	13	0
3rd ward	2	0	0	3	0	0	25	30	24	10	0
4th ward	0	1	0	0	0	0	12	27	25	6	0
Mauston, city:											
1st ward	0	1	2	1	0	1	30	9	5	11	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	1	1	0	22	13	14	1	0
3rd ward	0	0	0	0	0	1	62	58	20	15	0
4th ward	0	0	0	1	1	1	44	38	20	2	0
New Lisbon, city:											
1st ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	6	1	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	7	9	2	0
3rd ward	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	3	2	0	0
4th ward	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	9	5	0	0
Totals	11	6	5	26	13	8	747	591	423	185	3
KENOSHA CO.											
Brighton	2	3	2	8	4	0	1	15	6	3	0
Bristol	1	1	0	1	1	1	4	60	15	10	1
Paris	3	2	0	3	3	0	1	46	8	2	0
Pleasant Prairie	11	14	1	14	15	7	21	121	34	22	7
Randall	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	13	4	5	0
Salem	6	5	2	2	7	3	0	69	21	4	0
Somers:											
1st pct.	8	10	3	8	7	0	6	139	43	25	1
2nd pct.	7	2	1	3	3	3	4	21	8	6	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
KENOSHA CO.—Cont.											
Wheatland.....	1	3	0	6	1	1	3	13	6	1	0
Silver Lake, vil.....	3	3	1	1	6	1	1	32	6	3	0
Twin Lakes, vil.....	0	2	1	2	5	2	0	24	9	10	0
Kenosha, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.....	35	35	62	56	43	18	17	87	39	15	7
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	10	23	43	17	19	9	11	50	28	16	10
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	16	6	8	42	37	31	10	58	16	8	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	14	5	28	7	12	21	5	64	27	25	4
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	14	12	5	19	36	21	11	90	35	21	1
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	18	5	6	27	35	22	11	226	42	16	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	16	10	2	26	61	33	13	301	49	33	3
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	11	4	6	9	25	19	4	82	16	20	2
5th ward, 1st pct.....	24	43	62	25	44	17	30	117	38	31	3
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	11	17	19	18	22	14	18	35	13	11	0
6th ward, 1st pct.....	20	21	22	12	19	3	14	69	35	23	6
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	17	17	22	11	28	10	15	78	31	27	2
7th ward, 1st pct.....	19	23	13	24	24	9	23	74	22	13	3
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	16	25	10	17	24	5	25	70	42	24	4
8th ward, 1st pct.....	13	3	12	16	13	32	12	102	25	22	2
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	12	4	7	13	17	29	20	75	18	25	8
9th ward, 1st pct.....	14	10	16	24	37	40	11	94	27	23	0
9th ward, 2nd pct.....	18	9	9	9	29	39	9	118	32	23	5
10th ward, 1st pct.....	9	6	6	25	32	25	25	101	23	23	3
10th ward, 2nd pct.....	12	5	10	21	51	44	17	206	55	42	6
11th ward, 1st pct.....	15	10	6	15	24	5	29	78	25	17	8
11th ward, 2nd pct.....	15	5	5	24	24	12	21	81	33	27	4
12th ward, 1st pct.....	9	24	10	14	27	32	20	86	23	21	3
12th ward, 2nd pct.....	11	9	15	12	25	37	27	97	41	29	6
Totals.....	411	371	415	532	761	545	439	2,992	895	628	100
KEWAUNEE CO.											
Ahnapee.....	1	0	0	3	2	1	4	28	6	4	1
Carlton.....	2	3	8	2	4	4	1	29	18	8	0
Casco.....	0	2	3	9	5	1	0	30	6	2	0
Franklin.....	1	3	8	12	10	3	4	15	4	0	0
Lincoln.....	1	5	0	6	1	1	0	7	4	2	0
Luxemburg.....	2	1	1	10	2	0	0	22	8	0	0
Montpelier.....	1	1	0	3	3	1	6	29	27	6	0
Pierce.....	1	0	1	6	4	3	2	24	3	4	0
Red River.....	1	2	0	5	8	1	2	9	3	1	0
West Kewaunee.....	2	2	15	4	6	4	0	32	10	4	0
Casco, vil.....	1	1	0	21	2	2	0	11	3	0	0
Luxemburg, vil.....	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	26	12	2	0
Algoma, city.....	6	1	2	20	9	3	7	64	41	6	1
Kewaunee, city.....	8	8	15	45	19	9	4	96	50	12	0
Totals.....	27	29	54	150	76	33	31	422	195	53	2
LA CROSSE CO.											
Bangor.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	48	8	12	0
Barre.....	0	1	0	0	3	2	2	32	18	28	0
Burns.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	48	15	24	0
Campbell.....	0	1	2	7	3	1	63	96	47	38	0
Farmington.....	0	0	2	0	3	1	6	62	36	27	0
Greenfield.....	0	1	3	0	0	0	3	38	13	15	0
Hamilton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	119	26	35	0
Holland.....	1	0	2	3	1	0	9	88	18	14	0
Onalaska.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	52	16	24	0
Shelby.....	0	0	1	5	0	2	6	146	32	38	0
Washington.....	0	0	4	1	0	1	6	25	22	23	0
Bangor, vil.....	0	0	0	2	2	2	8	72	28	14	0
Rockland, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	23	3	5	0
West Salem, vil.....	0	2	0	7	0	0	10	159	72	60	0
Onalaska, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	28	11	10	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	19	60	14	20	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	48	13	15	0
La Crosse, city:											
1st ward.....	5	0	2	8	7	2	22	133	49	61	1
2nd ward.....	1	0	1	6	0	1	19	59	29	26	0
3rd ward.....	2	2	6	12	4	6	58	92	49	41	1
4th ward.....	2	0	2	14	6	0	14	158	40	47	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
LA CROSSE CO.—Cont.											
La Crosse city—Cont.											
5th ward	0	1	0	2	6	1	61	42	28	40	0
6th ward	3	2	1	12	4	2	17	205	46	50	0
7th ward	1	4	5	31	5	3	45	233	66	75	0
8th ward	2	4	7	25	3	4	44	217	113	98	0
9th ward	1	1	3	5	1	4	108	109	39	68	0
10th ward	3	1	3	5	1	1	96	151	38	71	0
11th ward	0	5	3	18	2	1	38	232	69	67	0
12th ward	0	1	1	4	1	1	13	35	18	12	0
13th ward	0	1	5	13	1	1	26	109	35	28	0
14th ward	6	1	5	26	4	2	34	485	104	93	0
15th ward	1	1	4	11	6	0	74	68	43	33	1
16th ward	1	0	1	17	2	3	25	394	67	56	1
17th ward	1	2	2	5	8	2	21	229	69	41	0
18th ward	3	8	8	15	5	4	18	98	52	41	1
19th ward	2	3	4	3	2	0	75	70	48	30	0
20th ward	4	2	1	6	3	3	172	111	55	78	0
21st ward	4	3	8	14	7	2	60	136	85	91	0
Totals	43	47	86	282	91	53	1,205	4,510	1,534	1,549	5
LAFAYETTE CO.											
Argyle	1	0	3	0	0	0	8	12	13	13	1
Belmont	1	0	0	2	1	3	11	6	6	4	0
Benton	1	0	1	2	0	1	2	31	8	6	0
Blanchard	0	0	0	2	2	0	8	11	21	9	0
Darlington	0	1	1	6	2	0	1	42	28	18	0
Elk Grove	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	21	12	11	0
Fayette	1	0	0	1	0	1	6	15	13	11	0
Gratiot	0	0	0	4	5	1	3	26	15	8	0
Kendall	0	0	1	6	6	0	3	8	9	5	1
Lamont	0	0	0	4	0	0	16	15	14	15	0
Monticello	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	17	2	7	0
New Diggings	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	92	24	14	1
Seymour	1	3	0	4	0	0	1	26	16	7	0
Shullsburg	0	1	1	2	0	1	1	12	11	8	0
Wayne	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	60	28	26	0
White Oak Springs	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	4	2	0	0
Willow Springs	4	0	0	4	7	2	2	20	7	10	0
Wiota	1	1	0	1	1	0	29	76	38	53	0
Argyle, vil.	0	0	1	2	3	0	20	44	31	19	0
Belmont, vil.	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	30	10	5	0
Benton, vil.	4	1	0	5	3	0	5	39	25	16	2
Blanchardville, vil.	1	0	0	4	0	0	18	55	44	20	0
Gratiot, vil.	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	17	7	5	0
South Wayne, vil.	0	0	0	6	2	2	2	71	40	18	0
Darlington, city:											
1st ward	2	1	0	10	3	1	8	68	19	12	0
2nd ward	1	1	0	8	6	1	11	66	32	17	0
Shullsburg, city:											
1st ward	0	1	0	3	4	0	0	36	13	6	0
2nd ward	1	0	0	8	5	2	1	44	22	3	0
Totals	20	14	9	87	52	14	163	983	512	348	5
LANGLADE CO.											
Ackley	3	3	11	8	12	17	2	12	14	1	1
Ainsworth	2	0	0	2	2	2	0	17	7	2	0
Antigo	13	8	7	12	24	18	2	38	42	2	0
Elcho	3	0	2	7	4	7	2	28	10	3	0
Evergreen	3	1	1	1	6	9	0	6	2	2	0
Langlade	2	2	1	2	10	9	0	5	12	2	1
Neva	7	4	6	11	22	18	0	11	17	6	1
Norwood	3	4	1	11	7	11	1	18	8	0	0
Parrish	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	4	3	2	0
Peck	4	1	3	7	3	8	0	5	7	2	2
Polar	2	1	7	1	5	15	2	19	10	4	0
Price	4	0	0	5	6	17	1	3	2	1	0
Rolling	5	1	6	4	5	17	8	15	16	4	0
Summit	1	0	1	0	0	3	5	9	16	1	1
Upham	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	10	8	2	0
Vilas	1	2	0	1	4	7	1	13	13	0	0
Wolf River	3	3	7	0	8	12	0	7	29	7	0
White Lake, vil.	6	3	0		14	11	1	16	22	8	

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
LANGLADE CO.—Cont.											
Antigo, city:											
1st ward.....	15	3	0	13	24	24	3	66	61	3	0
2nd ward.....	17	2	7	20	31	34	4	76	70	5	0
3rd ward.....	15	2	13	14	61	33	7	27	48	3	0
4th ward.....	32	3	20	27	56	53	4	60	41	4	1
5th ward.....	23	3	6	19	37	31	1	48	38	10	0
6th ward.....	35	3	9	52	77	41	3	93	77	7	0
Totals.....	203	49	109	222	422	401	48	606	573	81	7
LINCOLN CO.											
Birch.....	1	2	0	0	1	0	11	11	32	2	0
Bradley.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	11	46	6	0
Corning.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	8	82	12	2
Harding.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	15	5	14	1	0
Harrison.....	0	0	1	1	1	0	6	8	41	0	0
King.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	6	14	11	0	0
Merrill.....	1	0	0	0	1	1	48	25	60	5	1
Pine River.....	0	2	0	1	0	0	56	11	95	6	0
Rock Falls.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	13	15	17	2	0
Russell.....	1	1	0	1	1	0	21	12	48	5	0
Schley.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	47	12	59	7	0
Scott.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	90	35	74	4	0
Skanawan.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	10	17	1	0
Somo.....	0	2	1	0	0	0	4	5	25	7	0
Tomahawk.....	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	16	11	6	0
Wilson.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	7	11	2	0
Merrill, city:											
1st ward.....	1	1	0	0	1	0	76	95	136	15	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	4	1	0	41	80	94	4	0
3rd ward.....	0	3	1	5	1	1	31	111	166	12	0
4th ward.....	1	4	1	3	1	0	45	45	106	20	1
5th ward.....	0	2	1	2	0	0	27	95	98	9	0
6th ward.....	1	2	0	0	0	0	68	63	166	16	2
7th ward.....	0	1	0	1	3	2	114	118	230	19	0
8th ward.....	2	0	0	2	2	0	58	44	87	16	1
Tomahawk, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	4	1	0	10	9	25	5	0
2nd ward.....	2	1	0	1	1	0	25	10	43	3	0
3rd ward.....	1	2	1	5	0	1	36	29	74	4	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	30	22	50	3	0
Totals.....	14	28	6	33	17	6	1,015	926	1,918	192	7
MANITOWOC CO.											
Cato.....	7	2	0	4	7	2	7	20	4	9	0
Centerville.....	3	0	0	3	6	1	26	21	8	9	1
Cooperstown.....	2	1	0	7	11	0	10	26	6	1	0
Eaton.....	5	3	0	9	11	1	9	9	8	2	1
Franklin.....	7	0	0	6	6	3	16	12	18	0	0
Gibson.....	2	0	2	2	0	0	10	31	5	5	0
Kossuth.....	2	0	1	2	1	0	20	35	18	5	0
Liberty.....	0	0	0	2	2	5	11	27	3	6	0
Manitowoc.....	0	1	0	0	1	2	13	10	0	1	0
Manitowoc Rapids.....	2	2	0	4	4	7	28	18	8	1	1
Maple Grove.....	0	0	0	0	4	0	17	9	18	1	0
Meeme.....	3	0	0	2	2	1	15	13	4	2	0
Mishicot.....	6	2	1	3	6	3	31	33	13	5	0
Newton.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	8	3	1	1
Rockland.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	22	16	9	1	0
Schleswig.....	4	2	0	4	1	1	25	15	8	1	0
Two Creeks.....	2	0	0	0	3	1	5	41	11	1	0
Two Rivers.....	4	0	1	1	12	1	16	14	7	2	1
Readsville, vil.....	1	0	0	3	1	0	6	22	5	2	1
Valders, vil.....	10	1	2	9	6	5	10	19	2	1	1
Kiel, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	7	20	7	4	0
2nd ward.....	4	0	0	3	1	0	9	41	8	1	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	3	9	3	1	1
Manitowoc, city:											
1st ward.....	5	2	1	11	13	14	49	79	20	7	2
2nd ward.....	3	1	2	16	9	12	30	118	11	1	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	6	1	3	14	13	19	65	55	7	3	4
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	5	0	1	11	7	10	61	67	11	13	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MANITOWOC CO.—											
Cont.											
Manitowoc city—Cont.											
4th ward.....	9	5	2	6	16	11	33	106	12	5	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	7	2	1	13	8	16	43	54	16	6	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	5	3	4	7	15	9	36	45	14	3	1
6th ward, 1st pct.....	7	1	3	11	11	22	39	112	10	12	1
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	10	3	3	5	13	9	46	73	16	3	0
7th ward, 1st pct.....	12	2	28	11	21	24	63	33	13	4	2
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	4	1	22	4	8	12	44	18	6	4	0
Two Rivers, city:											
1st ward.....	14	0	3	10	7	4	37	42	12	1	1
2nd ward.....	9	3	3	3	10	4	42	27	7	4	0
3rd ward.....	3	3	0	3	0	2	13	66	19	0	0
4th ward.....	8	1	5	11	5	5	31	83	15	4	0
5th ward.....	10	4	3	8	12	8	43	68	7	3	1
6th ward.....	6	4	6	5	10	4	53	40	9	6	1
7th ward.....	12	3	1	6	6	2	43	29	13	1	8
8th ward.....	3	1	1	2	2	8	46	22	11	3	2
Totals.....	202	54	100	220	272	2.9	1,141	1,614	405	145	31
MARATHON CO.											
Bergen.....	0	0	2	0	1	0	6	5	13	4	0
Berlin.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	36	60	9	0
Bern.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	4	13	19	7	1
Bevent.....	1	0	3	1	5	2	4	12	25	5	0
Brighton.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	117	50	18	0
Cassel.....	0	1	11	5	3	0	17	20	49	9	0
Cleveland.....	0	0	1	0	1	0	15	15	22	8	2
Day.....	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	29	16	11	7
Easton.....	0	0	0	2	2	0	10	29	36	1	0
Eau Claire.....	0	1	0	1	2	0	8	31	19	7	0
Elderon.....	0	0	2	1	1	0	16	13	36	3	0
Emmet.....	0	0	5	1	5	1	8	23	40	4	0
Frankfort.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	3	33	22	10	4
Franzen.....	0	0	10	1	3	0	6	6	25	1	0
Green Valley.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	9	9	1	0
Guenther.....	0	0	11	0	4	0	0	5	11	3	0
Halsey.....	0	0	0	4	0	0	15	13	33	5	3
Hamburg.....	0	0	0	2	1	2	10	14	36	1	0
Harrison.....	0	0	3	0	3	0	1	14	16	3	0
Hewitt.....	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	16	13	29	7
Holton.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	22	5	1
Hull.....	1	0	0	0	1	2	14	45	25	5	0
Johnson.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	21	30	8	3
Knowlton.....	2	2	13	4	5	3	18	18	56	9	0
Kronenwetter.....	5	3	44	7	13	1	3	24	110	12	0
Maine.....	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	10	37	6	3
Marathon.....	4	0	2	19	2	0	0	29	12	25	3
McMillan.....	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	16	17	14	2
Mosinee.....	1	1	6	4	1	0	2	20	43	6	0
Norrie.....	0	0	7	1	6	0	6	21	21	3	0
Plover.....	0	0	0	0	3	1	7	30	23	6	0
Reid.....	0	0	6	0	5	0	3	21	37	6	0
Rib Falls.....	0	0	2	1	2	1	1	20	15	32	3
Rib Mountain.....	0	1	0	2	1	1	19	48	74	11	1
Rietbrook.....	0	1	4	0	0	1	13	22	32	4	2
Ringle.....	1	0	0	1	4	0	0	35	17	25	3
Spencer.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	18	12	8	0
Stettin.....	0	1	0	3	2	1	32	58	97	9	1
Texas.....	1	1	1	0	3	2	1	45	23	49	0
Wausau.....	0	0	1	0	5	1	21	23	50	5	1
Weston.....	3	0	2	4	3	1	26	21	58	5	2
Wien.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	6	37	34	3	0
Abbotsford, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	0	0
Athens, vil.....	0	0	3	9	5	2	5	34	30	5	0
Brokaw, vil.....	3	2	2	1	4	1	29	8	38	6	0
Edgar, vil.....	2	1	2	6	4	1	8	61	34	2	2
Elderon, vil.....	1	0	3	3	4	0	3	6	13	4	0
Fenwood, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	15	2	0
Hatley, vil.....	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	12	10	1	0
Marathon, vil.....	2	0	0	3	2	2	24	47	43	4	0
Rothschild, vil.....	1	0	6	5	8	1	15	33	100	14	1
Schofield, vil.....	0	1	4	2	7	5	21	38	103	10	3

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MARATHON CO.—Cont.											
Spencer, vil.-----	3	1	0	2	3	1	3	33	21	3	0
Stratford, vil.-----	0	0	1	3	9	0	3	53	26	8	0
Unity, vil.-----	0	0	0	4	2	1	4	33	13	1	0
Colby, city.-----	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	2	8	2	0
Mosinee, city:											
1st ward.-----	1	0	0	2	4	2	0	30	60	5	0
2nd ward.-----	1	1	3	5	4	1	2	18	40	2	0
3rd ward.-----	4	0	0	2	3	1	1	24	48	5	0
4th ward.-----	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	12	25	5	0
Wausau, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.-----	1	3	3	3	16	1	14	255	265	16	1
1st ward, 2nd pct.-----	1	0	0	5	9	2	7	123	139	8	1
1st ward, 3rd pct.-----	3	3	0	8	18	3	15	121	134	7	0
2nd ward.-----	0	1	3	7	12	3	26	68	157	10	1
3rd ward.-----	2	1	2	4	9	1	7	166	95	5	0
4th ward.-----	0	0	4	0	7	0	9	120	69	3	0
5th ward, 1st pct.-----	2	0	3	3	9	6	11	99	90	7	2
5th ward, 2nd pct.-----	2	1	2	2	2	0	17	142	97	9	4
5th ward, 3rd pct.-----	0	0	0	6	5	0	12	236	111	13	0
6th ward.-----	4	0	0	8	10	2	41	91	149	9	2
6th ward, 2nd pct.-----	3	0	1	3	12	4	38	74	106	13	1
7th ward.-----	0	0	0	2	2	3	19	110	103	5	2
7th ward, 2nd pct.-----	7	2	1	3	7	2	49	99	171	11	2
7th ward, 3rd pct.-----	4	0	4	2	13	3	58	95	182	23	1
8th ward, 1st pct.-----	3	3	2	4	8	1	27	58	110	13	3
8th ward, 2nd pct.-----	1	3	1	6	11	1	48	95	189	13	6
9th ward.-----	1	1	8	7	4	0	32	124	171	13	0
Totals.-----	74	38	194	200	317	74	1,042	3,561	4,466	517	63
MARINETTE CO.											
Amberg.-----	3	1	1	1	3	1	2	34	40	7	1
Athelstane.-----	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	15	20	1	0
Beaver.-----	2	0	5	3	3	0	7	22	31	7	1
Beecher.-----	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	10	10	4	0
Dunbar.-----	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	17	17	4	0
Goodman.-----	2	2	8	7	16	1	5	14	28	4	0
Grover.-----	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	36	23	3	0
Lake.-----	2	0	2	5	0	1	5	20	32	1	0
Middle Inlet.-----	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	21	23	1	0
Niagara.-----	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	16	14	1	0
Pembine.-----	4	2	3	7	3	2	3	27	14	6	0
Peshigo.-----	0	0	4	4	1	0	0	85	65	10	0
Peterfield.-----	1	0	5	1	2	0	1	38	43	5	0
Pound.-----	0	0	1	3	2	0	6	18	14	5	0
Silver Cliff.-----	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	9	6	4	0
Stephenson.-----	5	3	14	14	5	1	10	49	69	10	1
Wagner.-----	1	0	1	2	2	1	0	10	15	2	0
Wausaukee.-----	0	0	3	3	1	1	2	11	16	1	1
Coleman, vil.-----	1	0	0	5	1	1	0	11	15	0	0
Niagara, vil.-----	1	6	7	9	11	3	8	28	35	2	0
Pound, vil.-----	1	0	0	5	2	1	3	11	12	4	1
Wausaukee, vil.-----	1	0	2	11	1	3	3	18	35	3	0
Marinette, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.-----	2	2	7	1	0	6	2	55	58	8	1
1st ward, 2nd pct.-----	0	4	1	4	5	1	4	79	74	15	1
2nd ward, 1st pct.-----	0	0	2	5	5	1	1	54	65	6	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.-----	3	3	3	6	5	2	0	83	111	18	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.-----	1	2	4	6	2	1	5	107	98	15	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.-----	2	0	0	11	8	3	4	81	90	18	0
4th ward, 1st pct.-----	4	3	3	17	18	8	0	80	92	21	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.-----	0	0	1	6	2	0	6	86	66	5	0
5th ward, 1st pct.-----	0	1	1	10	9	1	0	129	110	7	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.-----	3	2	3	7	4	3	2	91	67	7	0
Peshigo, city:											
1st ward.-----	0	0	2	0	2	2	1	18	31	6	0
2nd ward.-----	1	0	0	1	2	0	3	14	37	7	0
3rd ward.-----	0	1	0	1	1	0	3	26	33	3	0
Totals.-----	44	34	91	160	126	46	90	1,423	1,509	221	7
MARQUETTE CO.											
Buffalo.-----	2	1	0	2	2	3	0	29	58	5	0
Crystal Lake.-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	19	1	1
Douglas.-----	4	8	0	6	20	1	1	39	17	8	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MARQUETTE CO.—Con.											
Harris.....	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	34	50	10	0
Mecan.....	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	28	86	13	0
Montello.....	0	1	0	2	6	0	1	22	96	6	1
Moundville.....	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	29	74	13	0
Neshkoro.....	0	7	6	0	4	1	0	6	13	7	0
Newton.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	56	37	19	0
Oxford.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	16	15	3	1
Packwaukee.....	1	3	0	0	1	2	3	30	132	25	0
Shields.....	1	2	1	1	3	0	0	31	57	11	0
Springfield.....	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	29	22	14	0
Westfield.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	38	52	5	1
Neshkoro, vil.....	0	1	2	9	6	2	1	34	26	2	0
Oxford, vil.....	0	1	0	2	0	2	4	27	21	2	0
Westfield, vil.....	0	2	0	6	3	1	3	84	110	28	0
Montello, city:											
1st ward.....	0	2	0	3	1	0	0	39	76	2	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	1	2	2	0	0	20	55	3	0
3rd ward.....	0	1	0	2	5	0	0	17	58	7	0
4th ward.....	2	1	1	3	1	0	0	18	65	3	0
Totals.....	15	34	14	46	57	14	20	659	1,139	187	5
MILWAUKEE CO.											
Franklin:											
1st pct.....	1	0	3	2	4	0	9	57	14	9	4
2nd pct.....	3	1	0	2	2	1	5	39	13	1	1
Granville:											
1st pct.....	2	0	0	5	2	1	5	34	13	3	0
2nd pct.....	5	0	0	8	4	2	11	50	34	9	5
3rd pct.....	6	0	0	8	7	1	57	32	37	5	10
4th pct.....	2	1	1	3	4	1	38	25	18	3	4
5th pct.....	4	0	0	8	2	5	51	31	22	4	5
6th pct.....	1	0	1	5	5	3	41	39	29	4	11
7th pct.....	0	2	0	2	8	1	22	23	18	4	10
8th pct.....	3	0	2	4	1	1	34	38	30	2	2
9th pct.....	6	2	1	2	2	2	33	26	16	2	6
Greenfield:											
1st pct.....	6	2	11	2	6	2	23	54	40	16	1
2nd pct.....	13	2	7	8	9	0	16	23	39	6	15
3rd pct.....	5	1	18	8	14	1	26	27	17	9	7
4th pct.....	2	1	0	1	6	0	12	120	32	18	0
5th pct.....	10	0	6	7	6	2	31	33	26	5	10
6th pct.....	10	0	13	4	4	0	11	70	25	5	2
7th pct.....	3	1	27	4	9	5	37	74	50	14	5
8th pct.....	2	1	1	9	5	2	8	72	31	12	2
9th pct.....	11	2	3	2	13	1	30	32	27	8	3
Lake:											
1st pct.....	11	6	4	17	4	1	12	145	28	3	7
2nd pct.....	27	2	10	11	5	2	32	16	18	3	14
3rd pct.....	11	4	6	9	5	4	12	21	22	3	7
4th pct.....	8	6	10	7	4	2	26	56	22	9	3
5th pct.....	5	5	14	2	5	3	33	53	35	7	7
6th pct.....	18	5	19	3	8	9	36	36	35	5	2
7th pct.....	9	9	27	10	6	5	10	46	14	3	2
8th pct.....	7	4	8	7	3	3	14	12	16	2	4
9th pct.....	3	1	4	1	3	0	5	29	17	4	1
10th pct.....	8	1	8	0	0	2	9	19	14	0	0
Milwaukee:											
1st pct.....	0	1	1	1	8	1	9	73	99	4	9
2nd pct.....	6	1	0	10	9	2	17	24	35	3	5
3rd pct.....	2	0	0	1	7	3	23	38	72	7	9
4th pct.....	0	1	0	0	7	2	12	66	58	6	2
Oak Creek:											
1st pct.....	5	0	7	1	2	1	9	147	63	21	0
2nd pct.....	15	2	4	7	8	3	6	35	28	6	1
Wauwatosa:											
1st pct.....	5	1	1	3	4	4	12	35	36	3	7
2nd pct.....	2	2	4	6	8	3	51	60	54	14	13
3rd pct.....	2	0	0	5	5	2	17	49	31	4	1
4th pct.....	9	0	4	5	10	4	18	72	107	13	5
5th pct.....	3	0	0	8	1	4	20	20	55	5	4
6th pct.....	8	1	3	14	13	3	50	35	44	4	6
7th pct.....	2	0	3	7	1	1	32	8	12	3	2
8th pct.....	8	0	1	8	8	3	25	26	25	5	5

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Sec.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Fox Point, vil.-----	3	0	0	5	12	3	7	208	102	5	1
Greendale, vil.:											
1st pct.-----	13	2	7	6	11	3	41	18	36	4	4
2nd pct.-----	10	3	9	13	10	5	27	20	38	14	7
River Hills, vil.-----	0	0	1	0	5	0	9	63	36	3	0
Shorewood, vil.:											
1st pct.-----	8	3	1	7	17	5	9	288	137	17	3
2nd pct.-----	6	4	1	14	40	11	19	185	187	16	2
3rd pct.-----	5	2	1	18	28	6	7	182	135	6	3
4th pct.-----	3	6	1	8	37	7	9	308	176	14	7
5th pct.-----	1	3	3	2	27	9	17	264	182	10	0
West Milwaukee, vil.:											
1st pct.-----	3	1	3	0	0	1	65	18	18	7	10
2nd pct.-----	1	0	3	0	5	1	48	35	23	12	4
3rd pct.-----	2	0	12	2	11	0	25	39	35	14	11
4th pct.-----	3	2	4	0	3	5	26	37	27	5	8
5th pct.-----	5	1	5	5	0	2	36	41	52	7	5
6th pct.-----	0	1	6	0	2	0	23	9	8	5	1
Whitefish Bay, vil.:											
1st pct.-----	3	1	1	8	10	3	4	205	98	10	1
2nd pct.-----	6	1	1	7	13	6	3	193	160	10	1
3rd pct.-----	5	0	2	17	17	3	8	250	116	9	0
4th pct.-----	5	0	3	9	22	6	12	233	149	12	2
5th pct.-----	4	1	3	16	24	7	7	321	157	13	3
Cudahy, city:											
1st ward-----	19	8	10	16	11	3	16	66	43	3	10
2nd ward-----	30	7	12	33	9	3	16	100	75	9	9
3rd ward-----	40	9	26	28	12	3	22	30	21	1	1
4th ward-----	49	8	67	14	4	5	11	11	9	3	2
Milwaukee, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.-----	5	8	1	10	13	5	8	169	46	7	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.-----	5	2	1	4	7	7	17	60	52	5	1
1st ward, 3rd pct.-----	12	2	11	4	19	2	9	53	75	5	0
1st ward, 4th pct.-----	2	7	0	9	12	2	7	121	54	7	1
1st ward, 5th pct.-----	9	11	17	1	15	1	18	39	47	11	7
1st ward, 6th pct.-----	19	11	47	3	21	4	9	6	9	5	4
1st ward, 7th pct.-----	11	9	17	3	29	1	6	16	15	4	1
1st ward, 8th pct.-----	10	16	33	9	12	5	22	22	34	9	4
1st ward, 9th pct.-----	13	4	11	13	20	10	6	41	15	7	6
1st ward, 10th pct.-----	11	4	18	5	20	10	17	39	33	8	5
1st ward, 11th pct.-----	15	6	7	3	11	10	14	27	38	9	11
1st ward, 12th pct.-----	9	5	3	3	8	0	10	42	35	13	3
1st ward, 13th pct.-----	11	8	2	4	10	3	8	46	53	4	5
1st ward, 14th pct.-----	8	7	2	2	3	0	13	48	53	4	6
1st ward, 15th pct.-----	10	4	10	0	6	3	10	39	53	9	6
1st ward, 16th pct.-----	3	3	0	0	4	4	10	54	32	6	4
1st ward, 17th pct.-----	2	2	3	3	4	1	13	65	49	7	6
2nd ward, 1st pct.-----	15	8	1	9	14	2	51	32	37	14	17
2nd ward, 2nd pct.-----	9	7	1	2	2	0	33	48	27	10	8
2nd ward, 3rd pct.-----	11	8	0	7	10	3	19	38	37	12	7
2nd ward, 4th pct.-----	14	3	4	1	12	4	32	30	44	18	10
2nd ward, 5th pct.-----	9	8	1	2	4	3	25	41	24	4	11
2nd ward, 6th pct.-----	11	8	1	2	4	2	44	39	38	21	19
2nd ward, 7th pct.-----	10	5	2	12	7	3	22	36	41	8	12
2nd ward, 8th pct.-----	12	6	0	3	13	5	25	30	37	12	12
2nd ward, 9th pct.-----	13	7	1	3	8	2	21	58	32	11	4
2nd ward, 10th pct.-----	7	2	3	9	4	2	19	33	16	7	11
2nd ward, 11th pct.-----	7	9	5	5	3	7	15	55	34	13	6
2nd ward, 12th pct.-----	12	9	0	4	8	2	26	30	47	10	21
2nd ward, 13th pct.-----	7	1	5	0	8	0	14	32	30	10	8
2nd ward, 14th pct.-----	7	6	1	6	5	2	19	41	38	13	11
2nd ward, 15th pct.-----	8	6	0	3	2	1	26	41	38	13	11
3rd ward, 1st pct.-----	2	1	0	2	8	3	7	19	50	29	12
3rd ward, 2nd pct.-----	3	6	0	0	5	8	8	118	43	5	2
3rd ward, 3rd pct.-----	4	2	0	2	8	3	7	32	47	10	3
3rd ward, 4th pct.-----	9	4	4	7	12	1	7	46	43	6	3
3rd ward, 5th pct.-----	10	5	8	8	12	2	4	19	27	3	2
3rd ward, 6th pct.-----	14	13	6	8	8	8	28	28	66	7	4
3rd ward, 7th pct.-----	2	4	0	3	10	3	2	29	37	5	5
3rd ward, 8th pct.-----	7	5	2	4	10	2	3	100	65	7	7
3rd ward, 9th pct.-----	11	2	5	5	7	11	24	41	41	7	5
3rd ward, 10th pct.-----	2	1	0	5	7	3	10	53	43	2	3
3rd ward, 11th pct.-----	6	6	2	1	5	3	15	84	33	9	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city:—Cont.											
3rd ward, 12th pct.	1	3	3	5	5	3	15	48	49	10	0
3rd ward, 13th pct.	13	2	3	4	4	2	13	31	48	5	3
4th ward, 1st pct.	4	0	4	3	13	1	14	72	40	4	1
4th ward, 2nd pct.	22	3	6	16	20	6	12	12	39	2	5
4th ward, 3rd pct.	19	4	3	8	23	11	34	42	50	7	5
4th ward, 4th pct.	8	1	1	4	14	2	21	46	47	8	5
4th ward, 5th pct.	13	2	5	3	19	4	12	49	76	7	4
4th ward, 6th pct.	8	1	4	12	22	3	18	29	58	5	6
4th ward, 7th pct.	3	0	3	6	9	2	7	40	48	5	1
4th ward, 8th pct.	3	0	0	16	10	4	13	47	80	8	3
4th ward, 9th pct.	2	0	1	1	16	2	11	21	63	7	1
4th ward, 10th pct.	7	0	2	1	9	1	19	35	41	0	3
4th ward, 11th pct.	9	0	4	10	13	2	13	28	60	10	3
4th ward, 12th pct.	7	0	5	6	9	3	19	36	34	6	7
4th ward, 13th pct.	7	0	0	11	14	1	11	48	60	9	0
4th ward, 14th pct.	9	2	0	3	13	0	18	44	52	3	10
4th ward, 15th pct.	3	0	1	9	12	1	7	27	67	3	0
4th ward, 16th pct.	3	0	1	8	13	2	18	33	59	5	4
4th ward, 17th pct.	5	1	1	9	8	1	6	39	51	9	1
5th ward, 1st pct.	26	0	12	15	17	7	61	17	19	3	16
5th ward, 2nd pct.	14	0	12	18	8	3	60	20	10	5	8
5th ward, 3rd pct.	8	1	16	15	17	3	40	14	8	2	1
5th ward, 4th pct.	16	1	11	6	16	0	43	49	13	6	11
5th ward, 5th pct.	7	4	4	12	13	5	60	34	18	8	10
5th ward, 6th pct.	16	2	14	7	14	4	70	13	15	3	18
5th ward, 7th pct.	9	1	8	11	9	5	48	23	18	6	14
5th ward, 8th pct.	12	2	7	10	13	2	40	37	22	5	13
5th ward, 9th pct.	9	1	10	6	9	6	24	56	42	16	10
5th ward, 10th pct.	9	1	17	9	9	2	55	71	17	6	4
5th ward, 11th pct.	9	1	7	5	5	2	38	76	38	6	6
5th ward, 12th pct.	14	2	5	7	7	3	76	38	17	10	14
5th ward, 13th pct.	13	1	11	14	14	6	31	32	32	9	14
5th ward, 14th pct.	6	1	7	7	5	0	41	46	26	4	5
5th ward, 15th pct.	9	1	9	2	7	6	22	70	33	5	8
5th ward, 16th pct.	7	0	3	10	16	4	49	25	14	4	13
6th ward, 1st pct.	6	1	4	9	10	3	52	37	30	4	15
6th ward, 2nd pct.	6	1	6	6	6	2	61	43	40	7	9
6th ward, 3rd pct.	14	0	2	11	9	10	69	43	29	7	7
6th ward, 4th pct.	11	3	1	8	12	12	36	49	29	7	9
6th ward, 5th pct.	4	4	1	10	5	5	53	27	26	3	7
6th ward, 6th pct.	8	2	3	9	10	3	40	46	30	9	6
6th ward, 7th pct.	1	1	5	3	6	12	51	10	17	5	8
6th ward, 8th pct.	2	0	2	4	3	3	12	26	12	3	4
6th ward, 9th pct.	10	1	0	11	8	5	17	26	35	2	5
6th ward, 10th pct.	4	2	1	1	4	4	16	21	16	10	4
6th ward, 11th pct.	4	1	4	14	5	7	19	19	45	10	11
6th ward, 12th pct.	11	2	0	4	15	6	18	16	28	4	14
6th ward, 13th pct.	8	1	2	13	9	3	13	31	24	6	6
6th ward, 14th pct.	4	2	2	18	8	7	32	20	14	4	2
6th ward, 15th pct.	2	1	1	9	7	3	8	25	18	5	0
6th ward, 16th pct.	13	2	2	13	7	11	34	26	31	6	5
7th ward, 1st pct.	4	0	1	6	5	1	22	34	35	15	13
7th ward, 2nd pct.	3	1	1	1	5	3	27	27	20	8	18
7th ward, 3rd pct.	5	2	7	9	6	7	32	34	30	13	23
7th ward, 4th pct.	2	3	2	4	10	9	16	23	28	6	2
7th ward, 5th pct.	7	3	9	5	9	3	29	24	38	13	7
7th ward, 6th pct.	6	3	1	7	11	2	35	23	31	11	15
7th ward, 7th pct.	12	1	7	4	5	3	25	55	30	13	36
7th ward, 8th pct.	5	3	4	8	11	8	18	22	29	3	12
7th ward, 9th pct.	11	0	2	7	7	7	34	31	33	9	21
7th ward, 10th pct.	6	0	5	7	8	2	32	35	30	7	16
7th ward, 11th pct.	10	5	3	6	12	5	32	38	24	7	25
7th ward, 12th pct.	5	1	3	4	5	1	31	45	24	11	8
7th ward, 13th pct.	5	0	2	2	6	0	20	23	34	13	7
7th ward, 14th pct.	10	0	5	3	6	0	35	49	43	7	12
7th ward, 15th pct.	10	0	4	3	3	1	35	23	35	10	11
7th ward, 16th pct.	4	4	1	7	2	3	13	38	13	12	9
7th ward, 17th pct.	4	0	4	3	6	6	38	76	28	7	19
8th ward, 1st pct.	18	2	26	15	12	2	29	56	19	2	6
8th ward, 2nd pct.	30	2	56	15	10	2	20	29	17	6	13
8th ward, 3rd pct.	15	0	67	12	14	1	6	12	11	4	7
8th ward, 4th pct.	10	1	20	6	10	1	40	36	19	4	13
8th ward, 5th pct.	14	1	51	10	20	7	25	27	9	0	12

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city.—Cont.											
8th ward, 6th pct.	28	4	86	11	27	5	8	15	21	6	6
8th ward, 7th pct.	8	0	22	10	10	4	38	37	15	2	12
8th ward, 8th pct.	23	1	26	10	11	5	16	33	10	3	7
8th ward, 9th pct.	30	5	69	12	33	4	26	15	15	2	11
8th ward, 10th pct.	27	0	46	11	15	5	38	35	23	3	8
8th ward, 11th pct.	9	2	35	7	24	1	30	38	29	4	7
8th ward, 12th pct.	38	1	97	19	40	6	16	26	6	1	1
8th ward, 13th pct.	6	3	13	55	5	2	8	45	215	2	0
8th ward, 14th pct.	35	5	77	18	32	7	15	12	2	2	4
9th ward, 1st pct.	4	1	4	1	3	3	27	55	49	8	6
9th ward, 2nd pct.	2	2	3	4	7	5	14	57	24	9	8
9th ward, 3rd pct.	3	1	1	5	4	2	26	54	61	12	4
9th ward, 4th pct.	7	2	3	3	5	0	31	40	50	8	13
9th ward, 5th pct.	7	1	4	6	10	2	28	50	44	11	20
9th ward, 6th pct.	12	3	1	1	5	1	28	9	14	4	17
9th ward, 7th pct.	3	0	0	2	2	1	27	30	37	9	17
9th ward, 8th pct.	2	4	1	8	11	2	40	22	2	8	6
9th ward, 9th pct.	2	2	1	3	2	4	24	42	25	11	13
9th ward, 10th pct.	5	3	1	2	6	1	35	38	38	10	16
9th ward, 11th pct.	8	5	1	3	2	3	31	49	28	9	13
9th ward, 12th pct.	9	0	4	10	7	5	36	57	60	10	26
9th ward, 13th pct.	2	0	2	5	10	6	37	28	36	14	13
9th ward, 14th pct.	0	1	5	0	8	3	31	71	56	16	10
9th ward, 15th pct.	5	0	1	3	4	2	33	56	43	14	14
9th ward, 16th pct.	9	3	3	6	8	1	41	24	37	8	10
9th ward, 17th pct.	3	1	4	2	10	2	19	29	44	9	12
9th ward, 18th pct.	3	1	4	7	4	1	26	36	48	15	10
9th ward, 19th pct.	6	1	2	5	2	1	29	69	49	9	6
10th ward, 1st pct.	4	7	3	8	8	1	21	13	19	10	10
10th ward, 2nd pct.	14	9	3	7	7	4	25	14	22	6	1
10th ward, 3rd pct.	10	10	3	9	10	4	21	22	21	10	6
10th ward, 4th pct.	11	11	11	2	7	2	29	31	36	9	9
10th ward, 5th pct.	6	7	5	9	7	4	29	44	35	9	5
10th ward, 6th pct.	9	6	5	6	4	3	28	38	23	8	16
10th ward, 7th pct.	7	2	4	2	11	2	27	34	37	9	10
10th ward, 8th pct.	10	5	2	4	5	3	30	48	27	9	17
10th ward, 9th pct.	8	5	0	8	4	2	19	29	29	3	18
10th ward, 10th pct.	5	6	1	6	6	4	23	26	23	7	16
10th ward, 11th pct.	6	4	2	2	3	4	33	34	40	9	16
10th ward, 12th pct.	6	4	4	12	6	2	35	29	20	9	16
10th ward, 13th pct.	8	5	4	3	6	4	40	21	14	4	7
10th ward, 14th pct.	2	8	2	7	3	1	26	42	31	4	18
10th ward, 15th pct.	5	21	2	5	11	5	46	25	29	9	18
11th ward, 1st pct.	47	7	98	3	30	6	18	19	12	4	4
11th ward, 2nd pct.	46	1	85	3	14	5	19	11	8	2	5
11th ward, 3rd pct.	56	2	71	6	5	8	32	22	23	5	12
11th ward, 4th pct.	27	1	30	5	7	2	14	40	22	2	5
11th ward, 5th pct.	10	1	17	6	9	3	24	57	27	6	5
11th ward, 6th pct.	11	1	10	3	5	3	47	40	38	5	11
11th ward, 7th pct.	23	1	33	2	3	0	49	43	21	7	7
11th ward, 8th pct.	14	2	34	3	8	2	30	47	31	7	5
11th ward, 9th pct.	22	3	28	2	15	11	45	46	36	8	23
11th ward, 10th pct.	23	1	37	8	20	3	56	26	33	3	3
11th ward, 11th pct.	11	0	13	2	5	1	45	55	49	12	12
11th ward, 12th pct.	22	0	38	2	11	1	23	33	11	4	13
11th ward, 13th pct.	16	0	16	6	6	9	49	18	7	7	8
11th ward, 14th pct.	30	2	68	6	12	4	33	34	20	1	8
12th ward, 1st pct.	26	8	12	4	19	6	29	24	28	6	12
12th ward, 2nd pct.	6	10	4	2	3	1	24	36	23	5	4
12th ward, 3rd pct.	11	14	7	5	4	4	34	27	21	8	13
12th ward, 4th pct.	47	13	47	7	18	5	27	18	9	2	25
12th ward, 5th pct.	25	12	73	3	16	4	32	18	20	0	5
12th ward, 6th pct.	22	12	78	3	17	3	8	12	26	9	4
12th ward, 7th pct.	29	13	69	2	24	8	15	13	9	5	8
12th ward, 8th pct.	26	8	41	2	17	9	15	28	20	1	14
12th ward, 9th pct.	19	7	26	5	17	2	16	37	22	2	8
12th ward, 10th pct.	19	8	35	6	18	4	22	44	31	7	4
12th ward, 11th pct.	19	9	54	1	3	3	18	24	18	2	5
12th ward, 12th pct.	23	12	61	4	25	3	14	15	23	2	14
13th ward, 1st pct.	14	1	55	6	4	17	6	20	26	4	2
13th ward, 2nd pct.	9	1	35	4	35	8	2	10	17	2	7
13th ward, 3rd pct.	15	4	49	2	23	15	8	15	19	3	1
13th ward, 4th pct.	11	0	33	3	33	16	8	24	40	6	4

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city.—Cont.											
13th ward, 5th pct.	10	0	27	2	14	13	9	27	25	4	8
13th ward, 6th pct.	11	2	35	4	40	6	12	13	21	5	13
13th ward, 7th pct.	6	1	12	1	11	4	8	54	19	8	18
13th ward, 8th pct.	8	1	6	2	3	13	10	53	27	7	10
13th ward, 9th pct.	5	0	6	0	6	5	20	47	31	8	9
13th ward, 10th pct.	8	1	8	2	1	17	20	50	38	13	5
13th ward, 11th pct.	6	2	12	2	5	11	16	46	30	10	12
13th ward, 12th pct.	10	2	6	4	8	6	23	81	40	12	15
13th ward, 13th pct.	5	0	1	3	6	1	9	62	31	8	11
13th ward, 14th pct.	3	1	1	7	10	6	25	48	25	6	12
13th ward, 15th pct.	4	1	2	1	9	2	13	47	24	5	19
13th ward, 16th pct.	10	0	57	2	27	12	21	13	7	6	4
14th ward, 1st pct.	17	14	66	7	12	2	7	9	36	0	3
14th ward, 2nd pct.	15	7	74	5	22	3	8	13	20	4	4
14th ward, 3rd pct.	28	15	67	4	16	6	12	15	10	3	7
14th ward, 4th pct.	40	11	72	6	21	4	11	8	13	3	6
14th ward, 5th pct.	27	12	85	7	16	6	18	6	15	2	32
14th ward, 6th pct.	30	8	69	2	10	6	14	12	15	1	14
14th ward, 7th pct.	36	13	61	3	21	3	22	12	7	2	7
14th ward, 8th pct.	21	11	53	0	13	4	16	8	19	4	3
14th ward, 9th pct.	21	10	90	7	13	3	12	20	18	3	7
14th ward, 10th pct.	24	18	93	9	21	9	14	21	16	1	2
14th ward, 11th pct.	9	11	49	3	12	2	16	12	9	6	3
14th ward, 12th pct.	23	11	78	2	25	5	15	31	25	8	5
14th ward, 13th pct.	24	4	60	1	26	2	16	16	30	7	9
14th ward, 14th pct.	36	10	52	1	13	5	23	23	13	1	3
14th ward, 15th pct.	23	15	79	2	21	6	15	24	31	4	4
15th ward, 1st pct.	9	2	3	5	6	10	32	51	41	11	22
15th ward, 2nd pct.	1	1	1	2	3	8	17	56	39	18	2
15th ward, 3rd pct.	3	0	0	6	4	6	9	76	38	6	7
15th ward, 4th pct.	6	4	4	2	5	5	23	39	35	13	16
15th ward, 5th pct.	3	0	2	4	11	1	28	31	28	26	7
15th ward, 6th pct.	5	1	2	6	5	2	21	49	33	36	10
15th ward, 7th pct.	6	0	0	4	1	5	18	60	40	20	5
15th ward, 8th pct.	3	2	1	6	2	3	12	61	41	30	6
15th ward, 9th pct.	7	2	1	0	3	7	16	70	34	21	3
15th ward, 10th pct.	2	1	0	1	7	3	22	50	39	42	4
15th ward, 11th pct.	1	1	1	13	3	2	21	55	41	29	4
15th ward, 12th pct.	6	1	0	10	5	4	8	91	35	9	7
15th ward, 13th pct.	3	0	0	13	2	4	13	88	57	13	6
15th ward, 14th pct.	4	2	0	7	14	8	22	66	42	8	4
15th ward, 15th pct.	5	0	0	3	5	4	8	98	59	13	5
15th ward, 16th pct.	8	1	3	3	8	5	16	47	29	11	13
16th ward, 1st pct.	6	0	1	4	1	1	15	44	36	14	4
16th ward, 2nd pct.	5	2	0	0	7	1	9	34	45	7	3
16th ward, 3rd pct.	12	5	0	3	5	3	9	34	30	5	5
16th ward, 4th pct.	9	1	2	2	6	1	12	53	42	7	6
16th ward, 5th pct.	12	0	3	2	5	2	17	37	31	4	6
16th ward, 6th pct.	7	1	1	3	7	23	26	85	68	20	6
16th ward, 7th pct.	10	2	0	7	13	1	9	35	87	5	2
16th ward, 8th pct.	26	3	1	6	8	0	31	16	40	2	16
16th ward, 9th pct.	3	1	0	6	2	3	10	60	38	7	0
16th ward, 10th pct.	9	1	1	1	12	2	7	38	78	4	8
16th ward, 11th pct.	13	2	3	2	8	1	16	27	34	6	6
16th ward, 12th pct.	15	2	3	2	6	1	28	45	43	8	15
16th ward, 13th pct.	11	1	4	6	7	0	38	33	49	4	36
16th ward, 14th pct.	3	2	1	1	1	2	10	95	53	8	8
16th ward, 15th pct.	8	2	0	3	2	4	16	63	62	16	11
16th ward, 16th pct.	17	2	0	6	4	0	21	62	49	11	9
16th ward, 17th pct.	8	1	4	3	3	5	31	29	36	5	12
16th ward, 18th pct.	14	2	1	7	10	3	26	29	28	8	5
16th ward, 19th pct.	8	1	3	0	3	2	21	32	56	11	4
17th ward, 1st pct.	10	5	3	0	5	3	36	37	26	5	20
17th ward, 2nd pct.	6	9	8	5	4	2	33	41	26	3	8
17th ward, 3rd pct.	25	16	77	8	18	4	23	15	14	5	5
17th ward, 4th pct.	7	5	7	2	5	3	43	31	24	2	11
17th ward, 5th pct.	0	6	9	6	10	3	31	46	29	2	2
17th ward, 6th pct.	6	6	7	4	3	3	32	46	28	13	10
17th ward, 7th pct.	3	2	1	0	8	3	21	82	33	6	5
17th ward, 8th pct.	12	6	9	2	6	2	34	27	18	9	16
17th ward, 9th pct.	8	6	13	6	6	1	36	35	17	4	6
17th ward, 10th pct.	5	6	9	8	6	3	39	44	42	9	9
17th ward, 11th pct.	32	14	61	3	6	1	15	8	2	3	7

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city.—Cont.											
17th ward, 12th pct.	11	7	25	2	7	1	30	87	51	8	5
17th ward, 13th pct.	5	3	1	3	5	0	30	46	25	3	3
18th ward, 1st pct.	5	3	0	2	8	1	7	65	27	3	1
18th ward, 2nd pct.	11	0	1	6	21	5	15	40	83	4	2
18th ward, 3rd pct.	8	0	11	10	19	3	17	21	23	2	5
18th ward, 4th pct.	3	0	4	7	16	2	7	52	62	10	4
18th ward, 5th pct.	3	1	0	7	10	0	12	50	45	6	0
18th ward, 6th pct.	4	0	0	3	3	0	10	127	43	5	0
18th ward, 7th pct.	2	0	1	3	3	3	20	76	40	7	1
18th ward, 8th pct.	0	0	1	7	11	2	3	149	43	3	0
18th ward, 9th pct.	1	0	0	6	5	1	3	108	36	2	0
18th ward, 10th pct.	9	0	0	5	15	1	5	134	64	10	0
18th ward, 11th pct.	1	0	4	6	14	1	16	60	68	11	3
18th ward, 12th pct.	3	1	0	0	3	0	5	55	55	6	2
18th ward, 13th pct.	0	0	8	9	9	2	16	61	64	7	5
18th ward, 14th pct.	4	1	0	9	26	1	8	73	78	3	2
18th ward, 15th pct.	3	0	1	5	7	3	15	84	69	9	0
18th ward, 16th pct.	0	0	1	5	16	1	2	139	50	3	2
18th ward, 17th pct.	0	0	1	2	3	0	6	106	63	4	0
18th ward, 18th pct.	0	0	0	3	11	2	4	136	25	2	0
18th ward, 19th pct.	0	0	0	6	11	2	6	156	55	9	0
18th ward, 20th pct.	4	0	2	3	15	1	25	45	64	3	5
18th ward, 21st pct.	0	1	4	2	14	3	8	60	68	4	5
18th ward, 22nd pct.	4	0	1	2	8	3	3	114	47	11	2
19th ward, 1st pct.	13	1	1	1	1	2	25	31	22	8	7
19th ward, 2nd pct.	5	0	1	5	3	15	18	46	23	7	9
19th ward, 3rd pct.	1	1	0	9	7	18	29	48	48	22	19
19th ward, 4th pct.	4	0	0	0	11	9	23	72	41	5	3
19th ward, 5th pct.	4	0	2	10	6	4	25	61	26	6	8
19th ward, 6th pct.	4	1	0	9	10	5	34	50	35	15	4
19th ward, 7th pct.	6	1	0	6	5	1	11	34	29	9	9
19th ward, 8th pct.	3	1	0	1	1	5	30	59	21	3	5
19th ward, 9th pct.	0	0	2	3	4	1	11	41	27	12	3
19th ward, 10th pct.	4	0	0	5	6	7	3	79	39	10	5
19th ward, 11th pct.	5	0	3	6	4	3	16	55	31	13	4
19th ward, 12th pct.	7	0	0	2	3	4	9	47	7	9	4
19th ward, 13th pct.	3	0.	0	4	2	3	11	97	51	7	11
19th ward, 14th pct.	2	0	0	5	4	3	8	103	44	10	6
19th ward, 15th pct.	1	1	0	3	2	5	11	91	71	12	0
19th ward, 16th pct.	2	0	0	4	9	6	13	84	69	15	0
19th ward, 17th pct.	1	1	0	9	5	3	10	88	60	21	6
19th ward, 18th pct.	6	0	0	6	3	3	9	93	53	14	1
20th ward, 1st pct.	1	0	1	2	12	3	40	57	45	6	11
20th ward, 2nd pct.	7	0	0	3	8	4	34	42	37	6	17
20th ward, 3rd pct.	4	1	0	3	2	2	22	30	21	3	12
20th ward, 4th pct.	3	0	0	3	12	3	47	37	46	6	18
20th ward, 5th pct.	5	0	0	5	10	2	25	41	40	9	37
20th ward, 6th pct.	3	1	0	0	11	4	26	35	30	9	21
20th ward, 7th pct.	7	1	0	3	12	1	29	35	41	10	27
20th ward, 8th pct.	6	2	0	2	5	2	38	50	35	10	16
20th ward, 9th pct.	7	0	0	4	6	0	34	49	27	8	14
20th ward, 10th pct.	1	0	0	2	10	1	32	36	26	4	13
20th ward, 11th pct.	1	1	1	3	7	0	16	52	42	7	24
20th ward, 12th pct.	4	1	0	0	9	3	26	38	46	8	7
20th ward, 13th pct.	3	0	0	2	14	2	20	43	32	10	18
20th ward, 14th pct.	7	0	0	0	7	0	10	35	31	5	13
20th ward, 15th pct.	5	1	4	2	15	7	39	46	44	9	16
20th ward, 16th pct.	7	3	0	4	10	0	22	24	58	3	21
20th ward, 17th pct.	3	1	3	4	12	3	42	32	29	5	11
20th ward, 18th pct.	0	0	1	1	6	1	29	33	23	6	14
21st ward, 1st pct.	11	1	59	7	17	8	8	21	31	0	8
21st ward, 2nd pct.	5	0	16	4	10	2	4	24	30	3	4
21st ward, 3rd pct.	12	1	6	11	11	15	22	41	27	2	9
21st ward, 4th pct.	5	2	1	9	4	9	18	42	26	9	13
21st ward, 5th pct.	3	1	2	18	7	11	20	50	35	12	5
21st ward, 6th pct.	7	2	3	8	5	6	16	51	29	6	11
21st ward, 7th pct.	5	2	13	3	9	12	23	34	37	12	18
21st ward, 8th pct.	0	0	41	7	15	14	12	29	19	4	1
21st ward, 9th pct.	16	0	53	2	18	8	12	50	49	13	4
21st ward, 10th pct.	9	1	16	6	2	6	11	19	27	10	14
21st ward, 11th pct.	11	1	2	2	5	3	15	13	25	7	5
21st ward, 12th pct.	1	1	2	3	6	4	9	50	32	14	2
21st ward, 13th pct.	9	0	2	14	8	15	18	26	24	7	16

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Koller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city.—Cont.											
21st ward, 14th pct.	5	1	2	5	1	4	11	37	18	11	8
21st ward, 15th pct.	8	2	45	3	21	10	12	16	20	3	13
21st ward, 16th pct.	8	2	6	2	3	8	25	34	29	9	14
21st ward, 17th pct.	2	0	0	2	2	5	15	24	30	9	5
22nd ward, 1st pct.	6	4	3	13	9	3	36	30	42	14	14
22nd ward, 2nd pct.	5	2	2	29	6	5	28	51	33	7	19
22nd ward, 3rd pct.	13	1	2	7	6	3	18	36	38	6	13
22nd ward, 4th pct.	6	1	0	10	2	2	13	42	39	8	6
22nd ward, 5th pct.	8	2	1	9	2	2	34	40	62	11	9
22nd ward, 6th pct.	3	3	0	12	13	4	24	64	87	12	11
22nd ward, 7th pct.	0	2	0	13	3	4	19	56	65	17	3
22nd ward, 8th pct.	6	0	1	8	3	1	21	80	35	5	7
22nd ward, 9th pct.	3	0	1	8	6	0	8	53	59	7	4
22nd ward, 10th pct.	0	0	0	6	5	0	10	60	62	5	3
22nd ward, 11th pct.	4	1	0	9	6	1	7	113	46	6	5
22nd ward, 12th pct.	7	0	1	11	3	2	16	67	35	6	5
22nd ward, 13th pct.	6	0	1	8	4	4	13	59	32	2	5
22nd ward, 14th pct.	10	1	1	5	10	1	11	41	37	9	5
22nd ward, 15th pct.	0	0	1	1	1	1	7	102	32	5	3
22nd ward, 16th pct.	5	1	0	4	7	1	18	81	60	11	3
22nd ward, 17th pct.	4	2	0	16	12	3	19	62	55	3	8
22nd ward, 18th pct.	2	1	0	8	5	1	15	66	43	10	10
22nd ward, 19th pct.	8	0	3	10	6	3	21	58	44	10	9
22nd ward, 20th pct.	1	1	0	10	6	3	28	65	38	8	11
23rd ward, 1st pct.	11	2	3	5	10	4	26	61	33	9	19
23rd ward, 2nd pct.	17	2	14	1	10	1	26	58	58	10	6
23rd ward, 3rd pct.	5	0	1	4	8	1	24	94	44	10	14
23rd ward, 4th pct.	8	1	2	1	1	1	21	45	32	4	7
23rd ward, 5th pct.	5	1	4	1	3	1	18	97	43	10	6
23rd ward, 6th pct.	8	1	2	2	5	2	22	37	31	5	17
23rd ward, 7th pct.	7	1	1	1	2	2	10	44	19	5	10
23rd ward, 8th pct.	11	1	3	3	1	1	32	41	20	5	17
23rd ward, 9th pct.	11	1	4	1	9	6	31	30	20	5	16
23rd ward, 10A pct.	10	1	9	4	7	4	3	56	35	8	3
23rd ward, 10B pct.	18	2	16	2	3	1	33	74	38	9	2
23rd ward, 11th pct.	10	2	3	2	2	0	52	29	36	9	10
23rd ward, 12th pct.	15	2	4	4	2	3	39	18	19	4	14
23rd ward, 13th pct.	20	2	4	7	11	3	54	19	35	8	21
24th ward, 1st pct.	36	3	51	2	13	6	8	8	11	1	2
24th ward, 2nd pct.	50	2	98	5	20	3	11	9	10	1	7
24th ward, 3rd pct.	43	7	91	6	14	7	12	16	5	1	3
24th ward, 4th pct.	42	7	76	2	22	13	11	10	13	3	1
24th ward, 5th pct.	40	7	104	9	30	6	28	17	4	1	3
24th ward, 6th pct.	22	1	22	6	6	5	25	47	19	11	13
24th ward, 7th pct.	24	2	23	6	9	6	38	49	28	3	9
24th ward, 8th pct.	12	1	17	2	5	3	21	16	15	6	3
24th ward, 9th pct.	21	0	13	2	0	2	51	79	35	8	13
24th ward, 10th pct.	32	3	72	4	17	5	36	30	24	8	13
24th ward, 11th pct.	53	4	119	8	22	10	20	20	19	0	6
24th ward, 12th pct.	15	0	13	3	12	9	58	81	60	8	6
24th ward, 13th pct.	58	7	65	4	32	4	13	5	8	6	2
24th ward, 14th pct.	40	5	68	3	19	5	20	22	18	5	14
24th ward, 15th pct.	45	7	80	3	18	9	9	4	9	2	1
24th ward, 16th pct.	14	4	27	10	11	3	32	83	53	21	5
25th ward, 1st pct.	14	0	1	2	9	3	33	40	44	7	17
25th ward, 2nd pct.	3	0	0	1	3	5	36	52	35	5	12
25th ward, 3rd pct.	8	1	0	3	2	8	36	37	29	6	11
25th ward, 4th pct.	7	2	0	4	2	2	25	25	12	4	17
25th ward, 5th pct.	6	1	0	5	4	2	48	32	31	15	14
25th ward, 6th pct.	7	1	0	3	3	7	36	31	27	7	22
25th ward, 7th pct.	3	0	1	2	4	1	14	39	18	2	11
25th ward, 8th pct.	8	0	1	2	4	3	35	32	45	8	16
25th ward, 9th pct.	10	2	0	5	7	4	40	54	60	2	23
25th ward, 10th pct.	6	0	3	3	7	5	20	80	38	24	7
25th ward, 11th pct.	9	0	2	9	4	3	10	32	45	4	16
25th ward, 12th pct.	7	2	3	2	4	2	16	38	24	6	15
25th ward, 13th pct.	10	0	0	2	4	4	33	38	29	5	15
25th ward, 14th pct.	11	1	1	3	1	4	26	23	40	7	21
25th ward, 15th pct.	13	0	0	1	1	5	47	27	30	6	27
25th ward, 16th pct.	8	2	2	5	0	0	27	49	35	5	22
25th ward, 17th pct.	4	2	0	3	5	4	30	66	41	15	11
25th ward, 18th pct.	5	1	0	2	4	4	37	58	32	14	24
25th ward, 19th pct.	13	1	0	4	4	4	28	50	42	5	10

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
Milwaukee, city:—Cont.											
25th ward, 20th pct.	9	1	0	3	2	0	31	14	23	6	27
26th ward, 1st pct.	2	3	3	5	7	5	31	30	22	8	16
26th ward, 2nd pct.	7	2	1	2	2	10	14	98	42	12	9
26th ward, 3rd pct.	4	0	0	1	1	1	16	75	55	11	1
26th ward, 4th pct.	3	1	6	3	4	2	41	31	34	12	14
26th ward, 5th pct.	5	1	2	2	4	2	25	43	61	15	11
26th ward, 6th pct.	1	2	1	1	6	0	14	71	55	9	3
26th ward, 7th pct.	4	1	3	3	8	3	11	107	46	14	4
26th ward, 8th pct.	3	2	4	3	6	3	31	90	53	13	1
26th ward, 9th pct.	7	1	3	3	6	10	2	18	82	47	13
26th ward, 10th pct.	10	3	1	5	8	4	18	52	42	7	6
26th ward, 11th pct.	7	3	2	4	5	7	16	74	47	13	8
26th ward, 12th pct.	3	2	0	6	3	1	13	40	43	3	11
26th ward, 13th pct.	2	0	2	9	1	2	21	23	25	11	7
26th ward, 14th pct.	1	1	3	2	5	2	23	59	59	13	17
26th ward, 15th pct.	2	0	1	16	4	4	25	53	48	17	7
26th ward, 16th pct.	2	2	5	8	9	0	16	49	41	16	4
26th ward, 17th pct.	2	2	0	4	9	1	27	80	68	12	3
26th ward, 18th pct.	3	3	1	6	4	4	24	41	53	10	11
26th ward, 19th pct.	4	0	2	10	4	2	20	90	63	18	6
26th ward, 20th pct.	1	1	0	8	11	2	14	76	66	10	2
26th ward, 21st pct.	3	2	1	7	3	3	31	53	50	13	12
26th ward, 22nd pct.	3	3	3	3	7	7	30	56	46	14	8
26th ward, 23rd pct.	3	3	1	2	6	3	28	35	46	11	5
27th ward, 1st pct.	13	13	1	1	8	2	29	41	26	4	15
27th ward, 2nd pct.	5	6	5	10	6	3	12	78	45	12	10
27th ward, 3rd pct.	7	3	1	8	3	0	30	70	37	14	7
27th ward, 4th pct.	6	5	6	1	5	4	26	70	41	7	7
27th ward, 5th pct.	3	5	0	6	8	2	29	37	34	4	8
27th ward, 6th pct.	2	1	7	6	1	0	17	71	43	8	6
27th ward, 7th pct.	6	4	7	5	5	1	18	84	35	4	8
27th ward, 8th pct.	3	4	10	3	6	3	31	49	46	10	5
27th ward, 9th pct.	11	1	9	2	6	4	21	41	35	12	12
27th ward, 10th pct.	3	2	11	5	6	2	29	55	47	9	3
27th ward, 11th pct.	1	1	1	0	4	0	11	57	27	9	6
27th ward, 12th pct.	28	6	26	3	11	4	36	27	36	6	12
27th ward, 13th pct.	9	9	6	2	2	2	17	24	25	5	11
27th ward, 14th pct.	3	6	0	5	3	1	22	37	29	7	1
South Milwaukee, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.	7	1	3	3	4	4	16	74	47	8	2
1st ward, 2nd pct.	20	2	5	0	9	0	16	68	57	6	6
2nd ward, 1st pct.	13	4	2	3	4	1	13	47	78	1	10
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	14	4	6	1	4	4	15	71	69	6	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.	21	1	48	4	6	4	12	25	23	3	3
3rd ward, 2nd pct.	24	2	18	4	7	5	20	43	38	7	5
4th ward	30	0	31	2	5	3	5	18	34	2	4
Wauwatosa, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.	0	1	0	3	2	1	4	13	48	9	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.	1	0	1	1	4	3	2	79	34	6	1
1st ward, 3rd pct.	3	0	0	6	1	1	7	218	49	13	2
1st ward, 4th pct.	2	0	0	6	3	4	16	141	45	7	5
1st ward, 5th pct.	5	0	0	8	5	1	9	87	52	11	2
1st ward, 6th pct.	4	0	0	3	5	0	17	98	45	16	2
2nd ward, 1st pct.	1	0	0	11	5	1	8	165	66	10	4
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	2	0	1	0	7	0	7	156	74	18	4
2nd ward, 3rd pct.	2	1	0	2	2	0	13	161	69	8	2
2nd ward, 4th pct.	2	0	1	8	10	4	17	170	80	15	4
3rd ward, 1st pct.	4	3	0	8	9	4	11	152	55	10	1
3rd ward, 2nd pct.	6	1	0	12	3	5	27	169	81	8	4
3rd ward, 3rd pct.	2	0	0	3	5	0	4	135	62	3	2
4th ward, 1st pct.	8	0	0	2	8	2	14	59	50	9	5
4th ward, 2nd pct.	5	1	1	10	6	1	21	59	57	23	4
4th ward, 3rd pct.	0	1	1	6	1	0	12	149	46	5	1
4th ward, 4th pct.	1	0	0	6	9	3	11	87	53	3	6
5th ward, 1st pct.	6	0	0	4	3	0	21	139	63	20	5
5th ward, 2nd pct.	4	1	1	5	10	6	34	176	85	24	19
5th ward, 3rd pct.	2	1	0	10	11	2	26	162	83	21	5
West Allis, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.	5	3	10	3	15	2	59	40	25	10	3
1st ward, 2nd pct.	5	6	19	6	16	1	51	15	12	3	16
1st ward, 3rd pct.	4	0	7	5	11	2	47	41	26	9	8
1st ward, 4th pct.	11	2	27	7	16	1	29	48	40	2	12
1st ward, 5th pct.	12	1	47	12	11	7	42	42	29		2

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.											
West Allis, city:											
1st ward, 6th pct.	14	3	61	10	22	5	27	18	18	6	3
1st ward, 7th pct.	13	1	21	4	10	5	36	17	19	6	3
1st ward, 8th pct.	8	3	22	16	15	6	36	63	51	11	8
1st ward, 9th pct.	12	3	13	4	13	6	35	48	27	10	7
2nd ward, 1st pct.	10	1	5	6	8	4	25	44	29	11	7
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	2	1	0	8	8	2	16	77	30	12	2
2nd ward, 3rd pct.	8	2	4	8	3	0	18	30	16	7	5
2nd ward, 4th pct.	8	0	8	18	17	4	30	26	17	7	13
2nd ward, 5th pct.	3	1	11	7	16	3	29	16	10	7	6
3rd ward, 1st pct.	3	0	3	5	8	2	9	64	36	7	1
3rd ward, 2nd pct.	2	1	1	2	4	1	24	73	40	7	3
3rd ward, 3rd pct.	2	2	4	3	14	1	21	87	37	9	4
3rd ward, 4th pct.	6	0	4	5	8	1	19	50	18	3	2
3rd ward, 5th pct.	6	2	2	2	7	5	32	37	31	13	3
3rd ward, 6th pct.	9	1	1	1	7	2	14	30	33	6	3
3rd ward, 8th pct.	9	4	10	2	9	2	34	13	22	5	3
4th ward, 1st pct.	3	0	2	4	7	1	33	40	34	13	7
4th ward, 2nd pct.	8	1	4	2	4	1	19	34	24	14	3
4th ward, 3rd pct.	6	0	0	3	8	3	17	70	53	12	9
4th ward, 4th pct.	3	0	7	2	3	1	33	46	36	7	0
4th ward, 5th pct.	11	2	8	6	5	3	31	24	17	10	3
4th ward, 7th pct.	3	2	5	2	2	0	33	18	13	12	6
4th ward, 8th pct.	2	2	5	7	9	1	32	30	42	12	11
Totals	5,319	1,445	6,415	3,171	5,109	1,978	12,773	29,145	21,595	4,474	4,511
MONROE CO.											
Adrian	0	1	0	2	1	0	9	12	12	5	0
Angelo	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	17	10	8	0
Byron	0	0	0	1	0	0	24	7	9	2	0
Clifton	0	0	1	1	4	0	35	21	24	6	0
Glendale	3	2	1	0	1	1	31	17	18	8	0
Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	9	4	0
Greenfield	0	0	0	0	1	0	26	11	3	1	0
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	10	20	7	0
La Fayette	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	17	9	5	0
La Grange	1	0	0	0	0	0	16	4	14	5	0
Leon	0	0	1	0	0	1	15	26	24	15	0
Lincoln	1	2	0	0	0	0	22	21	18	8	0
Little Falls	0	1	1	0	1	0	6	45	20	15	0
New Lyme	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	6	4	0
Oakdale	0	1	0	2	0	0	44	7	12	5	9
Portland	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	19	10	11	0
Ridgeville	2	1	1	1	2	1	27	42	25	10	0
Scott	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	3	0	0
Sheldon	0	0	0	0	2	0	15	23	22	11	0
Sparta	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	68	34	22	0
Tomah	0	4	0	2	1	0	28	25	9	14	1
Wellington	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	9	10	9	0
Wells	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	5	9	3	0
Wilton	0	3	0	2	0	2	22	21	16	6	0
Cashton, vil.	2	3	0	1	1	1	19	43	53	12	0
Kendall, vil.	0	0	0	3	0	0	15	26	13	3	0
Melvina, vil.	0	0	0	1	1	0	8	4	3	4	0
Norwalk, vil.	0	0	1	2	5	3	15	34	11	3	1
Wilton, vil.	0	2	0	3	0	1	9	28	12	3	1
Wyeville, vil.	0	1	0	2	1	0	17	4	3	3	0
Sparta, city:											
1st ward	1	1	0	2	2	0	12	121	51	12	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	1	1	1	7	94	69	18	0
3rd ward	2	0	0	0	1	0	9	97	57	26	0
4th ward	0	3	0	1	1	1	10	91	57	28	0
Tomah, city:											
1st ward	0	5	0	5	2	0	36	59	27	14	2
2nd ward	2	5	0	7	4	0	31	49	44	26	2
3rd ward	0	1	0	4	0	1	65	40	19	13	1
Totals	16	36	6	43	34	16	670	1,136	765	349	17
OCONTO CO.											
Abrams	0	5	19	8	8	9	3	40	27	11	0
Armstrong	2	2	4	7	14	2	3	19	22	12	0
Bagley	2	1	1	4	1	0	1	10	6	4	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
OCONTO CO.—Cont.											
Brazeau.....	0	2	5	3	3	3	0	24	21	10	0
Breed.....	2	0	1	5	4	1	1	16	11	4	0
Chase.....	0	2	21	4	7	4	2	32	15	9	1
Doty.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	5	9	1	0
Gillett.....	0	1	1	0	1	0	2	62	33	19	0
How.....	2	2	3	8	8	2	2	46	7	6	0
Lena.....	1	6	4	5	16	3	0	42	35	12	0
Little River.....	2	1	2	1	4	6	0	73	64	34	0
Little Suamico.....	5	4	52	31	21	7	2	29	17	11	2
Maple Valley.....	0	1	1	9	3	2	1	62	22	23	0
Morgan.....	4	2	2	1	15	1	1	38	13	10	0
Oconto.....	4	2	3	10	12	1	0	81	30	9	0
Oconto Falls.....	1	1	1	6	12	0	0	95	26	17	2
Pensaukee.....	3	4	4	9	12	11	1	79	33	16	1
Riverview.....	2	0	1	5	5	0	0	12	14	2	0
Spruce.....	6	10	7	12	8	8	9	36	40	13	0
Stiles.....	2	7	5	3	7	0	0	57	43	12	0
Townsend.....	2	0	2	5	7	3	2	17	13	7	0
Underhill.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	29	24	7	0
Wheeler.....	2	3	0	4	4	2	0	27	14	4	1
Gillett, vil.....	1	3	0	15	2	2	4	116	27	10	1
Lena, vil.....	0	1	3	9	1	2	0	51	42	8	0
South Branch, pct.....	0	6	3	6	9	2	0	0	3	0	0
Suring, vil.....	1	4	2	15	7	4	1	56	17	4	0
Oconto, city:											
1st ward.....	7	6	8	15	16	18	2	88	61	22	0
2nd ward.....	5	9	7	21	18	13	1	15	17	15	0
3rd ward.....	7	8	6	11	31	14	1	42	33	8	0
4th ward.....	8	3	0	15	14	2	6	131	60	20	0
5th ward.....	3	4	4	18	22	17	4	193	71	19	0
Oconto Falls, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	2	8	4	2	0	32	16	12	1
2nd ward.....	3	0	3	7	2	3	1	82	17	9	0
3rd ward.....	3	3	1	9	10	5	1	74	32	9	0
Totals.....	83	103	179	291	309	150	51	1,811	935	389	9
ONEIDA CO.											
Cassian.....	2	0	1	0	5	1	14	36	22	12	0
Crescent.....	2	0	2	3	4	0	15	11	32	17	0
Enterprise.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	18	21	3	0
Hazelhurst.....	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	20	16	2	0
Lake Tomahawk.....	0	0	0	2	6	0	8	25	37	5	0
Little Rice.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	8	2	0
Lynne.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	0	6	4	0
Minocqua.....	11	0	1	4	5	2	20	117	84	15	1
Monico.....	1	0	1	2	1	1	2	10	13	5	0
Newbold.....	0	2	0	1	5	0	10	17	18	3	0
Pelican.....	0	1	2	1	3	2	57	31	56	19	0
Piehl.....	1	0	1	0	1	1	8	7	3	3	0
Pine Lake.....	0	0	1	4	7	1	26	25	53	14	0
Schoepke.....	0	2	0	2	2	0	1	32	32	13	0
Stella.....	2	0	2	0	2	0	7	3	3	2	0
Sugar Camp.....	2	0	7	2	5	1	12	21	34	8	0
Three Lakes.....	2	1	3	4	4	0	12	46	55	18	0
Woodboro.....	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	16	20	6	0
Woodruff.....	0	1	0	2	5	1	16	29	38	11	0
Rhineland, city:											
1st ward.....	1	1	3	1	3	1	40	48	72	24	0
2nd ward.....	1	2	5	3	4	0	25	44	48	25	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	2	0	6	3	34	37	51	14	1
4th ward.....	2	1	0	9	5	0	57	142	67	13	0
5th ward.....	1	0	0	2	3	1	21	127	63	17	1
6th ward.....	1	0	0	4	5	1	21	43	51	15	1
7th ward.....	1	1	1	0	5	2	23	64	78	13	4
8th ward.....	2	1	2	0	4	4	52	32	49	17	0
Totals.....	37	12	37	48	93	22	451	1,007	1,030	300	8
OUTAGAMIE CO.											
Black Creek.....	0	1	0	2	7	0	3	31	17	4	1
Bovina.....	1	0	0	2	2	0	1	16	8	2	0
Buchanan.....	0	1	1	6	71	2	1	23	11	3	1
Center.....	0	0	0	3	10	0	6	50	19	14	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
OUTAGAMIE CO.—Cont.											
Cicero	1	1	0	1	4	0	4	26	20	8	2
Dale	3	2	0	19	2	0	2	45	13	11	0
Deer Creek	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	7	12	0	0
Ellington	0	2	0	7	1	0	0	61	18	19	1
Freedom	1	0	0	16	46	1	8	24	15	7	0
Grand Chute:											
1st pct.	1	2	2	10	7	0	3	125	66	34	1
2nd pct.	1	1	0	12	6	0	7	75	44	35	3
Greenville	1	1	0	6	2	0	8	60	18	13	0
Hortonia	0	0	0	6	1	0	1	16	10	3	0
Kaukauna	1	0	1	12	47	1	0	14	5	5	0
Liberty	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	21	10	4	0
Maine	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	8	6	7	0
Maple Creek	0	1	0	1	3	0	3	20	8	2	0
Oneida	0	0	0	5	23	0	1	24	22	8	0
Osborn	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	30	15	6	1
Seymour	0	1	0	7	2	0	6	31	7	15	0
Vandenbroek	1	0	0	1	22	1	0	10	9	3	0
Bear Creek, vil.	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	15	6	2	0
Black Creek, vil.	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	46	6	6	0
Combined Locks, vil.	0	0	0	9	11	0	1	17	13	3	0
Hortonville, vil.	1	0	0	6	3	1	0	62	13	3	0
Kimberly, vil.	4	2	1	74	35	3	5	130	70	24	1
Little Chute, vil.	4	3	0	41	43	0	0	264	207	91	0
Shiocton, vil.	4	3	1	7	1	1	6	52	17	9	0
Appleton, city:											
1st ward	2	0	0	35	5	2	7	143	45	33	2
2nd ward	4	2	1	50	12	1	6	229	64	29	1
3rd ward	0	1	0	23	3	0	14	65	23	24	1
4th ward	0	3	1	25	2	0	9	149	60	40	0
5th ward	1	1	2	25	4	0	9	150	70	29	1
6th ward	2	7	0	20	13	1	11	141	82	55	2
7th ward	1	2	0	12	2	0	16	120	56	25	1
8th ward	1	6	0	27	2	0	12	91	53	16	1
9th ward	8	8	0	89	5	1	6	108	55	14	0
10th ward	5	5	3	52	9	2	11	138	80	35	0
11th ward	1	2	0	26	4	0	5	102	41	21	1
12th ward	0	3	0	44	11	1	28	95	80	33	2
13th ward	0	8	1	17	7	0	5	46	37	26	2
14th ward	1	0	0	25	1	1	5	202	52	37	1
15th ward	0	3	0	20	5	1	4	127	52	12	3
16th ward	3	2	0	26	3	1	6	94	56	19	1
17th ward	2	4	0	12	5	0	5	84	51	31	3
18th ward	4	4	0	21	0	0	12	75	41	11	0
Kaukauna, city:											
1st ward	0	1	1	14	114	3	14	76	33	15	4
2nd ward	2	1	0	23	111	3	10	78	23	14	1
3rd ward	1	1	0	26	193	3	7	47	25	20	0
4th and 5th wards	2	1	0	12	142	1	5	62	26	16	0
New London, city:											
3rd ward	1	0	0	13	3	1	1	37	9	2	0
Seymour, city:											
1st ward	1	0	0	3	1	1	1	57	33	5	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	38	30	5	1
Totals	64	87	15	907	1,017	33	283	3,857	1,862	908	39
OZAUKEE CO:											
Belgium	23	2	0	26	7	3	5	45	37	8	0
Cedarburg	3	0	0	0	1	0	4	22	24	4	0
Fredonia	4	0	1	4	2	2	14	35	45	12	0
Grafton	2	1	0	5	0	2	3	19	19	2	0
Mequon:											
1st pct.	1	1	0	2	2	1	9	93	35	9	6
2nd pct.	0	0	0	1	8	0	1	50	34	11	1
Port Washington	6	1	0	5	3	2	5	16	13	4	3
Saukville	8	1	0	4	3	1	7	19	8	8	0
Belgium, vil.	9	0	0	7	4	4	4	16	17	1	0
Fredonia, vil.	3	0	0	7	2	1	1	26	4	3	0
Grafton, vil.	5	0	0	4	2	1	3	29	23	0	0
Saukville, vil.	3	0	0	5	0	1	3	12	5	2	1
Thiensville, vil.	5	3	0	0	2	1	3	37	29	6	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
OZAUKEE CO.—Cont.											
Cedarburg, city:											
1st ward.....	3	2	0	3	0	0	6	42	13	4	0
2nd ward.....	3	0	1	2	2	3	6	14	16	1	0
3rd ward.....	5	1	0	5	0	2	1	11	3	2	0
Port Washington, city:											
1st ward.....	8	2	0	32	3	4	23	23	31	5	2
2nd ward.....	4	1	2	31	2	0	13	17	22	3	1
3rd ward.....	12	0	0	8	3	2	6	17	19	6	1
4th ward.....	9	0	0	3	1	1	11	9	10	2	0
5th ward.....	5	1	1	8	1	1	9	29	24	2	1
6th ward.....	7	2	1	6	6	1	11	28	26	5	0
Totals.....	128	15	6	168	54	33	148	609	462	100	16
PEPIN CO.											
Albany.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	12	6	7	2	0
Durand.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	4	2	0
Frankfort.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	6	5	0	3	0
Lima.....	0	1	4	0	1	0	3	4	3	1	0
Pepin.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	15	17	1	1	0
Stockholm.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	14	0	1	0
Waterville.....	0	0	1	0	1	1	8	17	8	1	0
Waubeek.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	9	1	10	0
Pepin, vil.....	2	1	2	1	1	0	6	16	1	1	0
Stockholm, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	2	3	0
Durand, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	4	0	0	12	11	3	2	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	8	24	11	8	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	25	8	6	0
Totals.....	3	2	8	9	6	2	88	169	57	41	0
PIERCE CO.											
Clifton.....	0	0	1	3	1	0	14	15	3	1	0
Diamond Bluff.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	24	12	7	1	0
Ellsworth.....	1	0	0	2	0	0	51	66	20	18	0
El Paso.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	35	37	13	3	0
Gilman.....	0	1	0	2	0	0	12	67	9	9	0
Hartland.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	52	24	9	9	1
Isabelle.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	0	2	0
Maiden Rock.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	16	0	0	0
Martell.....	0	0	0	2	0	2	67	59	12	3	0
Oak Grove.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	23	1	2	0
River Falls.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	24	38	9	8	0
Rock Elm.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	27	5	4	0
Salem.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	26	2	3	0
Spring Lake.....	0	0	1	0	0	1	32	32	2	4	0
Trenton.....	0	1	2	0	0	0	74	17	7	14	0
Trimbelle.....	0	2	0	0	1	0	107	32	14	8	1
Union.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	57	48	5	7	0
Bay City, vil.....	1	0	0	3	1	0	10	9	6	3	0
Ellsworth, vil.....	4	0	1	10	2	2	99	182	53	23	0
Elmwood, vil.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	149	46	4	5	1
Maiden Rock, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	24	4	3	0
Plum City, vil.....	1	0	0	2	1	0	17	18	6	2	0
Spring Valley, vil.....	0	0	0	4	1	0	7	156	9	2	0
Prescott, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	21	7	0	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	24	1	2	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	1	3	1	0	8	30	1	1	0
River Falls, city:											
2nd election dist.....	1	0	0	7	2	1	79	243	56	33	0
Totals.....	9	6	7	40	15	8	1,001	1,299	265	170	3
POLK CO.											
Alden.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	9	5	7	0
Apple River.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	59	15	5	10	0
Balsam Lake.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	54	10	4	7	0
Beaver.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	50	7	10	2	1
Black Brook.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	32	21	5	2	0
Bone Lake.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	53	3	5	9	2
Clam Falls.....	1	1	0	0	1	0	25	26	15	10	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
POLK CO.—Cont.											
Clayton.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	54	9	13	13	0
Clear Lake.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	55	21	9	4	0
Eureka.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	53	15	12	8	2
Farmington.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	53	21	7	15	0
Garfield.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	44	16	6	8	0
Georgetown.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	11	4	4	0
Johnstown.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	23	2	1	2	0
Laketown.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	11	18	2	0
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	17	15	8	0
Lorain.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	24	22	13	6	0
Luck.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	39	20	6	6	1
McKinley.....	0	1	0	1	0	0	39	15	4	1	0
Milltown.....	4	0	0	0	1	0	63	19	14	13	0
Osceola.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	93	11	3	0	0
St. Croix Falls.....	0	1	0	0	0	2	32	16	11	6	0
Sterling.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	15	9	6	7	0
West Sweden.....	1	0	1	1	1	0	36	33	11	9	1
Balsam Lake, vil.....	0	1	0	0	1	0	57	38	43	11	0
Centuria, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	1	30	31	12	4	2
Clayton, vil.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	13	38	13	11	0
Clear Lake, vil.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	28	37	7	3	0
Dresser, vil.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	42	7	6	4	0
Frederic, vil.....	1	1	0	1	0	1	11	95	51	20	1
Luck, vil.....	4	1	1	1	1	1	35	56	8	6	0
Milltown, vil.....	5	1	1	2	0	3	19	44	16	6	2
Osceola, vil.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	50	45	7	7	0
St. Croix Falls, vil.....	1	0	0	1	2	0	26	61	40	25	0
Amery, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	17	46	9	7	0
2nd ward.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	14	49	9	4	0
Totals.....	42	11	6	13	13	9	1,402	911	421	267	12
PORTAGE CO.											
Alban.....	6	2	12	0	1	4	8	8	10	0	0
Almond.....	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	36	34	3	0
Amherst.....	1	0	6	0	1	1	7	19	31	5	0
Belmont.....	3	1	4	0	1	0	1	14	20	6	0
Buena Vista.....	6	1	5	1	3	0	1	30	40	5	0
Carson.....	13	1	3	0	1	0	2	10	15	1	0
Dewey.....	8	2	40	0	9	1	2	1	6	1	0
Eau Pleine.....	5	1	6	4	4	0	4	28	11	4	0
Grant.....	0	1	3	0	2	1	4	17	22	8	0
Hull.....	15	4	55	13	4	5	1	2	7	1	0
Lanark.....	1	0	1	1	2	4	3	18	13	5	0
Linwood.....	5	2	20	1	1	1	1	7	10	1	0
New Hope.....	2	1	10	1	0	1	9	21	27	5	0
Pine Grove.....	3	0	1	1	1	2	3	23	21	2	0
Plover.....	10	0	18	5	3	1	8	25	67	4	0
Sharon.....	18	3	79	1	20	1	0	6	5	0	0
Stockton.....	7	2	34	4	11	1	0	1	14	2	0
Almond, vil.....	1	0	1	2	2	2	5	56	27	6	1
Amherst, vil.....	4	0	0	9	0	0	4	36	26	3	0
Amherst Junction, vil.....	10	1	4	1	4	0	0	3	9	1	0
Junction City, vil.....	1	0	0	4	3	1	0	5	24	2	0
Nelsonville, vil.....	1	0	0	0	2	1	9	15	6	0	0
Park Ridge, vil.....	2	0	2	3	0	1	0	13	21	0	0
Rosholt, vil.....	4	1	6	2	1	0	0	14	22	2	2
Stevens Point, city:											
1st ward.....	17	2	15	13	13	3	10	62	58	2	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	7	0	4	11	3	4	10	77	102	5	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	9	2	6	9	13	5	5	52	84	1	0
3rd ward.....	18	2	13	14	12	4	13	85	129	7	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	33	5	76	18	16	11	1	13	25	0	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	23	10	80	11	15	5	9	9	18	4	1
5th ward.....	18	1	7	10	9	5	4	11	60	137	0
6th ward.....	17	5	19	7	19	6	2	11	76	19	0
7th ward.....	45	11	83	23	19	6	2	11	24	1	0
8th ward.....	30	4	45	21	16	3	4	41	94	4	0
9th ward.....	11	1	17	1	3	5	2	16	29	2	0
Totals.....	357	66	676	192	201	87	141	861	1,264	120	4

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Fajkowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
PRICE CO.											
Catawba	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	31	22	11	1
Eisenstein	1	0	3	3	1	0	11	36	34	20	1
Elk	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	60	24	26	0
Emery	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	63	27	20	2
Fifield	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	70	63	58	0
Flambeau	1	2	10	0	0	0	3	20	51	33	0
Georgetown	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	28	13	16	0
Hackett	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	27	12	8	0
Harmony	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	33	17	15	0
Hill	0	0	3	0	2	0	3	51	30	27	0
Kenman	0	1	2	1	1	0	5	22	26	28	3
Knox	0	0	4	3	1	0	8	37	36	27	2
Lake	2	1	3	5	2	2	9	65	58	52	0
Ogema	0	0	1	3	3	0	3	186	50	50	0
Prentice	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	53	11	15	0
Spirit	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	54	26	27	0
Worcester	1	0	7	3	1	1	7	129	79	63	0
Catawba, vil.	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	23	14	18	0
Kenman, vil.	0	0	0	2	0	1	5	31	21	20	0
Prentice, vil.	0	0	0	3	1	0	4	39	33	22	0
Park Falls, city:											
1st ward	0	1	1	2	2	0	9	40	55	16	0
2nd ward	0	1	0	2	0	0	6	24	65	13	1
3rd ward	0	0	0	1	2	1	7	52	89	28	0
4th ward	1	0	2	1	0	0	6	26	53	38	0
Phillips, city:											
1st ward	0	1	1	2	1	1	2	57	51	32	0
2nd ward	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	77	69	19	0
3rd ward	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	42	68	22	0
Totals	8	10	52	39	20	8	127	1,376	1,097	724	10
RACINE CO.											
Burlington	0	7	39	7	3	0	1	36	15	2	0
Caledonia	12	3	6	35	15	10	17	107	70	17	0
Dover	2	5	0	5	8	1	9	67	32	19	0
Mt. Pleasant:											
Dist. no. 1	9	2	8	40	15	11	45	240	86	33	3
Dist. no. 2	6	4	2	26	17	6	15	52	29	15	3
Norway	0	0	3	1	1	3	6	79	43	19	0
Raymond	0	0	1	6	1	1	17	84	30	7	2
Rochester	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	29	13	0	0
Waterford	2	0	0	6	1	0	1	25	14	3	0
Yorkville	3	1	1	2	3	0	4	61	16	10	0
Rochester, vil.	2	0	0	1	1	0	4	34	10	4	1
Sturtevant, vil.	5	1	0	13	3	2	33	29	18	14	0
Union Grove, vil.	3	1	0	7	2	0	8	74	28	12	0
Waterford, vil.	0	0	0	3	2	1	2	39	19	8	0
Burlington, city:											
1st ward	1	1	3	5	0	0	1	12	7	0	0
2nd ward	5	2	1	13	1	1	4	97	21	0	0
3rd ward	2	6	0	13	2	3	4	74	21	6	0
4th ward	2	5	1	11	5	0	5	51	10	3	0
Racine, city:											
1st ward	9	2	2	13	2	5	6	74	24	8	2
2nd ward	18	5	1	21	19	9	8	386	187	23	1
3rd ward, N pct.	25	9	4	16	10	8	16	175	62	24	0
3rd ward, S pct.	28	8	7	20	19	10	17	185	106	16	1
4th ward, E pct.	19	3	6	8	30	22	19	72	41	31	1
4th ward, W pct.	24	7	7	16	19	34	25	87	68	37	6
5th ward	17	19	3	10	24	53	39	85	64	21	8
6th ward	30	9	4	21	18	17	29	57	50	16	2
7th ward, 1st pct.	9	3	3	11	9	18	16	169	52	24	1
7th ward, 2nd pct.	19	3	8	11	16	23	24	104	61	41	1
7th ward, 3rd pct.	17	2	5	19	23	24	22	142	93	58	1
8th ward, 1st pct.	13	1	1	15	17	22	39	193	47	25	2
8th ward, 2nd pct.	10	2	2	19	15	0	46	213	69	49	4
9th ward, 1st pct.	9	4	3	25	14	10	37	76	51	25	0
9th ward, 2nd pct.	11	1	3	51	14	7	29	77	35	21	5
10th ward, 1st pct.	32	10	3	17	9	9	24	74	36	15	0
10th ward, 2nd pct.	22	4	19	6	17	12	19	33	32	20	4
11th ward, 1st pct.	15	6	1	5	3	4	24	210	57	25	5
11th ward, 2nd pct.	29	6	7	12	9	8	35	93	35	16	4
12th ward, 1st pct.	11	2	5	23	9	20	28	334	84	47	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
RACINE CO.—Cont.											
Racine, city—Cont.											
12th ward, 2nd pct.	14	3	1	14	16	15	34	290	63	52	2
12th ward, 3rd pct.	10	5	5	26	15	29	50	174	91	65	2
13th ward, 1st pct.	30	7	7	19	10	6	34	92	41	19	0
13th ward, 2nd pct.	28	1	1	11	13	14	24	108	55	28	0
13th ward, 3rd pct.	28	9	11	14	5	10	31	75	59	28	0
14th ward, 1st pct.	9	6	51	16	18	10	27	43	44	18	2
14th ward, 2nd pct.	19	3	34	29	10	2	24	150	65	11	1
15th ward, 1st pct.	18	5	3	18	13	27	26	100	74	28	2
15th ward, 2nd pct.	20	3	4	19	12	32	42	114	83	25	1
15th ward, 3rd pct.	16	3	9	17	16	25	19	97	39	23	1
Totals	633	189	285	716	505	524	990	5,281	2,350	1,007	69
RICHLAND CO.											
Akan	0	1	0	2	2	1	7	21	26	17	0
Bloom	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	48	57	22	0
Buena Vista	5	0	0	0	0	0	10	67	67	24	0
Dayton	1	0	0	1	4	1	1	42	47	21	0
Eagle	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	29	45	8	0
Forest	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	35	16	5	0
Henrietta	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	45	46	18	0
Ithaca	3	2	0	1	1	0	1	40	59	17	0
Marshall	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	37	40	10	0
Orion	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	52	46	8	0
Richland	2	0	0	2	1	0	3	108	113	34	0
Richwood	4	1	1	3	3	1	2	65	25	20	0
Rockbridge	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	78	45	0
Sylvan	4	2	0	1	2	0	2	52	26	19	0
Westford	4	1	0	0	0	1	6	15	41	14	0
Willow	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	47	40	16	0
Boaz, vil.	4	0	1	1	0	2	1	9	9	5	1
Cazenovia, vil.	3	0	0	1	0	0	3	30	22	7	0
Lone Rock, vil.	1	1	0	3	2	0	8	28	29	8	0
Viola, vil.	2	0	0	1	1	0	2	39	29	8	0
Yuba, vil.	1	0	0	1	0	0	5	7	8	2	0
Richland Center, city:											
1st ward	1	0	0	0	3	0	5	141	143	30	0
2nd ward	3	1	1	2	2	0	8	173	154	40	0
3rd ward	2	1	0	4	5	0	3	273	192	54	1
Totals	51	11	3	27	29	7	77	1,413	1,350	450	2
ROCK CO.											
Avon	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	17	10	0
Beloit	0	0	2	1	1	0	7	69	46	35	1
Bradford	0	0	0	2	1	0	5	36	17	12	0
Center	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	59	31	23	0
Clinton	0	0	0	2	0	2	9	38	13	10	0
Fulton	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	63	45	34	1
Harmony	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	50	47	30	0
Janesville	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	71	63	46	0
Johnstown	0	0	0	0	4	0	6	29	22	15	0
La Prairie	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	38	27	11	0
Lima	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	17	15	13	0
Magnolia	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	25	32	22	0
Milton	1	0	0	1	1	0	8	101	109	38	1
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	27	11	9	0
Plymouth	1	1	1	1	0	0	6	54	44	34	0
Porter	0	1	3	3	0	1	9	29	37	11	1
Rock	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	72	56	38	1
Spring Valley	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	27	22	10	1
Turtle	0	0	0	1	1	2	9	78	25	16	0
Union	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	21	31	14	0
Clinton, vil.	1	0	0	6	1	0	5	60	36	24	0
Footville, vil.	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	62	30	33	0
Milton, vil.	0	0	0	2	2	2	11	70	101	48	0
Orfordville, vil.	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	37	42	25	0
Beloit, city:											
1st ward	1	0	2	6	3	1	7	51	17	12	0
2nd ward	0	1	0	4	4	0	7	105	30	12	0
3rd ward	2	1	2	4	2	2	8	48	31	25	0
4th ward	0	1	1	7	0	1	8	42	27	16	1
5th ward	0	0	0	11	5	0	2	86	22	22	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
ROCK CO.—Cont.											
Beloit, city—Cont.											
6th ward.....	1	0	11	4	0	0	4	153	43	29	0
7th ward.....	0	0	1	2	3	0	4	139	55	35	0
8th ward.....	0	0	2	8	10	1	6	55	30	22	2
9th ward.....	2	1	3	3	3	1	7	81	47	36	0
10th ward.....	0	0	0	5	2	0	5	51	12	20	1
11th ward.....	0	0	2	3	2	0	7	60	12	17	0
12th ward.....	1	3	0	2	5	0	5	49	15	14	0
13th ward.....	0	0	0	6	1	0	10	49	23	19	0
14th ward.....	2	1	0	4	2	0	6	81	22	26	0
15th ward.....	0	0	0	6	4	1	5	52	20	14	0
16th ward.....	1	2	0	2	4	0	6	80	24	28	0
17th ward.....	1	0	0	3	0	1	4	45	21	40	1
18th ward.....	2	0	0	6	2	0	4	44	28	15	1
Edgerton, city	1	0	1	12	13	0	36	242	252	125	1
Evansville, city	1	0	0	3	4	3	26	85	154	50	0
Janesville, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	1	1	3	5	116	138	75	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	5	0	3	87	131	52	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	1	3	3	0	7	109	107	52	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	4	0	0	7	179	123	60	0
5th ward.....	1	0	0	3	2	0	4	204	237	95	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	1	3	2	9	122	121	51	0
7th ward.....	1	0	0	4	5	1	15	48	93	45	0
8th ward.....	3	2	1	3	9	2	6	67	109	53	0
9th ward.....	1	1	0	1	3	1	7	33	97	51	1
10th ward.....	0	0	0	8	4	0	6	36	78	32	0
11th ward.....	1	2	2	0	8	2	10	51	67	42	0
12th ward.....	0	0	0	3	3	0	5	60	73	31	0
13th ward.....	0	0	0	1	1	2	15	99	128	66	0
14th ward.....	1	1	0	1	1	1	9	67	136	68	1
Totals.....	33	18	36	155	141	34	389	4,015	3,442	1,911	15
RUSK CO.											
Atlanta.....	1	0	0	1	2	3	26	40	2	7	0
Big Bend.....	0	0	2	1	0	1	12	27	1	7	0
Big Falls.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	13	13	13	8	0
Cedar Rapids.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	3	3	2	0
Dewey.....	0	0	0	2	1	2	42	34	4	10	0
Flambeau.....	0	0	1	3	0	2	24	29	15	12	0
Grant.....	0	0	1	1	0	1	10	64	7	7	0
Grow.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	30	13	6	3	0
Hawkins.....	0	0	1	0	0	2	15	8	6	7	0
Hubbard.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	11	10	2	4	0
Lawrence.....	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	20	3	6	0
Marshall.....	0	0	2	0	0	1	22	30	2	6	0
Murry.....	0	1	0	0	1	6	11	25	5	8	0
Richland.....	0	1	1	1	0	0	5	13	2	3	0
Rusk.....	0	2	7	0	0	2	19	10	3	2	0
South Fork.....	0	0	4	0	1	2	8	9	4	3	0
Strickland.....	1	1	6	1	0	1	22	12	6	3	0
Stubbs.....	1	0	5	1	0	1	8	38	4	9	0
Thornapple.....	1	4	2	3	6	2	17	19	4	5	0
True.....	0	0	1	0	0	1	12	36	9	4	2
Washington.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	19	3	0	0
Wilkinson.....	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	7	2	3	0
Willard.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	16	2	3	1
Wilson.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	2	1	0	0
Bruce, vil.....	4	0	2	5	5	4	10	29	13	6	0
Conrath, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	7	5	4	3	0
Glen Flora, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	21	2	4	0
Hawkins, vil.....	1	1	2	2	1	3	11	22	7	9	0
Ingram.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	11	14	3	1	0
Sheldon, vil.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	21	3	1	0
Tony, vil.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	13	41	5	6	0
Weyerhauser, vil.....	0	0	1	0	0	1	8	23	7	9	0
Ladysmith, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	1	0	0	0	11	24	12	5	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	12	47	13	5	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	20	22	6	6	0
4th ward.....	1	0	2	2	2	2	25	24	34	5	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
RUSK CO.—Cont.											
Ladysmith city:—Cont.											
5th ward.....	0	0	0	5	2	0	9	43	19	8	0
6th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	14	20	7	16	0
7th ward.....	0	0	2	1	2	0	4	63	17	6	0
Totals.....	11	13	46	42	28	47	509	916	261	208	5
ST. CROIX CO.											
Baldwin.....	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	24	8	5	0
Cady.....	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	49	19	10	0
Cylon.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	27	9	1	6	1
Eau Galle.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	13	7	4	1
Emerald.....	0	0	0	0	3	1	5	12	7	5	4
Erin Prairie.....	0	0	0	7	9	0	2	8	18	2	0
Forest.....	0	0	1	1	0	0	26	7	5	2	3
Glenwood.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	8	18	11	3
Hammond.....	0	0	0	2	4	0	3	27	6	9	0
Hudson.....	0	2	0	8	0	1	3	11	3	4	0
Kinnickinnie.....	0	1	0	3	1	0	7	9	8	5	0
Pleasant Valley.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	9	6	4	0
Richmond.....	0	2	0	3	13	3	4	12	11	8	0
Rush River.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	7	18	2	7	0
Somerset.....	2	1	0	1	3	0	12	10	4	2	0
Springfield.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	8	20	13	10	0
Stanton.....	0	2	1	7	4	1	6	10	9	2	0
Star Prairie.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	5	15	11	13	0
St. Joseph.....	1	0	0	0	3	1	3	28	8	3	0
Troy.....	0	0	0	3	2	1	7	13	1	0	0
Warren.....	0	1	0	12	9	0	10	52	17	11	0
Baldwin, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	6	66	12	9	0
Deer Park, vil.....	1	2	0	9	3	1	16	7	1	6	0
Hammond, vil.....	0	0	0	7	3	0	1	52	16	7	0
No. Hudson, vil.....	0	1	0	4	11	4	46	7	13	4	0
Somerset, vil.....	3	0	0	18	7	0	0	28	3	2	0
Star Prairie, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	15	9	5	0
Wilson, vil.....	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	14	3	3	0
Woodville, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	5	15	6	8	0
Glenwood, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	5	2	1	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	3	7	0	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	8	19	3	3	0
Hudson, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	1	14	14	4	9	52	19	11	0
2nd ward.....	3	1	1	13	16	2	34	66	40	23	0
3rd ward.....	6	1	0	14	16	1	49	42	18	14	0
New Richmond, city:											
1st ward.....	0	3	0	9	11	1	3	45	27	19	0
2nd ward.....	4	1	0	13	14	1	6	63	45	21	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	0	1	4	0	6	35	15	10	0
River Falls, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	15	4	3	0
Totals.....	23	21	4	165	168	27	392	913	425	272	12
SAUK CO.											
Baraboo.....	1	1	0	1	3	1	16	81	66	34	0
Bear Creek.....	0	1	0	2	5	1	14	9	19	4	0
Dellona.....	1	1	5	0	3	0	2	5	13	1	3
Delton.....	6	0	0	1	2	1	11	53	34	2	0
Excelsior.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	23	37	39	14	0
Fairfield.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35	22	14	1
Franklin.....	3	1	0	0	0	0	36	15	18	13	0
Freedom.....	1	0	0	2	0	0	11	41	25	9	0
Greenfield.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	22	34	9	2
Honey Creek.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	17	41	38	14	8
Ironton.....	1	0	0	4	3	1	11	16	22	14	2
La Valle.....	4	0	0	4	1	0	18	20	14	15	0
Merrimac.....	0	1	0	3	0	0	6	11	26	5	0
Paririe du Sac.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	26	14	8	4
Reedsburg.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	25	27	43	15	0
Spring Green.....	3	0	0	1	1	0	12	18	15	5	1
Sumpter.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	28	34	35	22	0
Troy.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	49	51	14	2
Washington.....	4	2	0	4	0	0	39	30	29	18	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
SAUK CO.—Cont.											
Westfield.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	26	45	7	0
Winfield.....	1	0	0	0	4	1	5	16	18	5	0
Woodland.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	19	6	4	8	0
Ableman, vil.....	1	0	0	6	0	0	10	25	33	5	1
Ironton, vil.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	15	5	0
La Valle, vil.....	3	0	0	5	2	2	11	28	23	4	0
Lime Ridge, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	14	4	0
Loganville, vil.....	1	0	0	4	0	0	5	23	16	1	0
Merrimac, vil.....	2	0	0	1	0	0	14	5	35	3	0
North Freedom, vil.....	1	0	0	5	0	0	7	46	20	7	0
Plain, vil.....	2	1	0	3	0	0	6	13	7	1	0
Prairie du Sac, vil.....	1	1	0	2	0	0	17	149	60	21	1
Sauk City, vil.....	6	0	0	5	0	0	29	76	36	9	1
Spring Green, vil.....	6	3	0	2	3	0	3	43	44	10	0
Baraboo, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.....	3	0	0	6	0	1	13	163	95	57	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	6	79	45	20	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	2	0	0	7	2	1	14	196	133	30	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	3	1	0	7	3	1	16	106	121	32	0
3rd ward.....	3	1	0	4	2	0	17	68	68	30	0
Reedsburg, city:											
1st ward.....	3	0	0	10	4	0	30	61	37	16	0
2nd ward.....	6	2	0	1	1	0	34	117	68	15	0
Totals.....	72	20	5	94	42	12	608	1,830	1,404	520	26
SAWYER CO.											
Bass Lake.....	3	1	1	5	2	6	5	33	25	20	0
Couderay.....	0	0	0	1	2	5	3	8	11	16	0
Draper.....	1	0	0	3	0	3	10	29	19	20	0
Edgewater.....	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	13	16	10	0
Hayward.....	1	0	1	9	1	1	7	53	17	37	0
Hunter.....	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	9	5	11	0
Lenroot.....	0	0	2	1	1	6	2	25	17	21	1
Meadowbrook.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	13	5	2	0
Meteor.....	0	0	0	0	1	3	8	27	5	9	0
Ojibwa.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	19	11	13	0
Radisson.....	1	1	1	6	5	1	6	29	18	16	0
Round Lake.....	0	0	1	1	1	2	4	41	13	17	1
Sand Lake.....	1	1	0	6	5	3	6	28	15	16	0
Spider Lake.....	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	16	9	15	0
Weirgor.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	18	9	13	0
Winter.....	2	1	3	4	8	7	12	53	21	25	0
Couderay, vil.....	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	6	14	5	0
Exeland, vil.....	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	16	5	8	0
Hayward, city:											
1st ward.....	3	0	0	5	1	2	1	81	33	27	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	4	1	1	4	52	25	16	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	0	2	2	2	2	47	34	23	0
Totals.....	14	6	10	58	35	47	86	616	327	340	2
SHAWANO CO.											
Almon.....	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	30	23	6	0
Angelica.....	1	0	2	4	0	2	0	31	14	3	0
Aniwa.....	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	14	11	3	1
Bartelme.....	0	0	0	7	1	0	0	12	6	2	0
Belle Plaine.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	61	38	5	0
Birnamwood.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	9	14	1	1
Fairbanks.....	1	0	1	3	1	0	9	15	20	4	0
Germania.....	0	0	2	1	0	0	14	9	16	5	0
Grant.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	29	29	2	0
Green Valley.....	4	0	0	4	0	2	0	50	23	2	0
Hartland.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	27	25	3	0
Herman.....	1	0	2	3	0	2	1	60	32	7	0
Hutchins.....	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	19	8	4	0
Lessor.....	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	38	10	11	0
Maple Grove.....	0	0	7	4	1	0	3	30	21	8	0
Morris.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	30	19	12	3	0
Navarino.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	14	6	9	0
Pella.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	38	16	3	0
Red Springs.....	0	0	0	22	4	2	0	26	10	3	0
Richmond.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	55	38	4	0
Seneca.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	4	51	34	15	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
HAWANO CO.—Cont.											
Washington.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	40	19	5	2
Waukechon.....	0	1	0	4	4	0	3	48	27	9	0
Wescott.....	0	0	0	4	3	1	1	62	54	5	0
Wittenberg.....	0	0	0	4	1	1	10	33	31	3	0
Aniwa, vil.....	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	13	13	1	0
Birnamwood, vil.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	3	29	22	0	0
Bonduel, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	46	30	2	0
Bowler, vil.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	30	20	2	0
Cecil, vil.....	1	0	0	6	1	1	1	42	16	3	0
Eland, vil.....	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	16	13	4	0
Gresham, vil.....	2	1	0	8	0	0	2	22	45	9	0
Keshena Pct.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	49	1	0
Mattoon, vil.....	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	24	18	4	0
Neopit, Pct.....	1	0	0	2	1	2	0	101	50	4	0
Tigerton, vil.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	33	31	6	2
Wittenberg, vil.....	0	0	0	9	1	1	7	81	32	4	1
Shawano, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.....	1	0	1	3	3	1	2	116	71	15	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	0	0	1	10	1	1	10	80	29	5	3
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	0	0	1	7	2	0	5	121	82	8	1
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	1	0	0	3	3	0	4	141	92	4	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	1	0	0	4	1	1	2	90	45	9	0
Totals.....	19	3	21	140	45	23	151	1,906	1,192	213	11
HEBOYGAN CO.											
Greenbush.....	3	5	0	3	3	0	1	41	20	7	0
Herman.....	3	3	0	1	1	1	1	96	96	22	3
Holland.....	1	2	0	8	2	0	7	120	68	24	0
Lima.....	3	4	1	4	3	1	11	97	68	16	0
Lyndon.....	3	2	0	10	5	1	2	52	28	7	0
Mitchell.....	3	2	2	6	0	0	3	18	19	4	0
Mosel.....	4	2	1	6	3	1	3	31	31	13	1
Plymouth.....	3	3	1	3	6	1	9	98	49	22	2
Rhine.....	4	4	1	7	4	1	2	40	30	7	4
Russell.....	2	2	0	3	5	0	0	14	6	3	0
Scott.....	3	1	0	2	0	1	3	46	13	6	0
Sheboygan.....	24	22	5	28	19	5	46	82	95	27	3
Sheboygan Falls.....	5	4	0	13	3	1	13	53	24	11	29
Sherman.....	1	0	0	0	4	0	9	41	15	7	1
Wilson.....	11	4	1	11	3	0	3	66	61	25	1
Adell, vil.....	1	2	0	11	2	0	4	20	12	5	0
Cascade, vil.....	5	0	0	5	4	1	1	37	18	6	0
Cedar Grove, vil.....	0	2	0	6	1	0	6	85	68	17	0
Elkhart Lake, vil.....	5	3	2	18	5	0	6	41	25	4	1
Glenbeulah, vil.....	3	2	0	6	1	0	0	30	13	8	0
Kohler, vil.....	2	4	0	14	8	0	2	244	202	65	0
Oostburg, vil.....	0	0	0	8	1	0	3	87	43	9	0
Random Lake, vil.....	5	6	1	14	9	0	3	30	36	3	0
Waldo, vil.....	1	0	0	11	3	1	1	41	21	9	0
Plymouth, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.....	5	2	1	15	4	0	2	36	34	8	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	2	6	0	3	4	0	5	45	22	8	1
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	0	0	0	3	3	0	3	45	30	4	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	2	2	0	10	7	1	6	63	30	7	1
Sheboygan, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.....	6	8	1	31	8	2	8	296	115	26	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	16	19	2	48	15	3	14	276	141	55	5
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	12	19	2	34	8	2	18	193	91	23	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	15	32	4	54	14	3	30	118	92	33	3
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	15	18	6	30	14	6	26	55	62	24	9
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	25	32	6	86	17	9	57	97	98	30	17
4th ward, 1st pct.....	33	53	29	86	40	8	54	118	98	18	5
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	17	33	8	53	20	4	27	171	169	52	5
5th ward, 1st pct.....	12	18	7	22	11	1	29	74	85	35	7
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	31	50	12	100	37	5	55	155	196	83	11
6th ward, 1st pct.....	14	36	4	29	17	6	18	53	105	32	8
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	25	26	14	47	18	5	31	77	105	33	10
7th ward, 1st pct.....	25	30	12	84	39	12	55	102	96	51	5
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	22	35	10	106	18	6	46	117	98	41	2
8th ward, 1st pct.....	35	28	4	69	26	5	47	151	140	38	5
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	34	38	10	86	29	4	49	133	122	44	9

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Sec.)
SHEBOYGAN CO.—Con.											
Sheboygan Falls, city:											
1st ward.....	15	3	1	16	9	0	10	49	63	16	1
2nd ward.....	8	7	0	7	5	0	3	59	63	17	0
Totals.....	464	576	148	1,217	458	97	732	3,993	3,116	1,005	150
TAYLOR CO.											
Aurora.....	1	0	1	0	1	0	10	14	7	10	0
Browning.....	0	0	0	2	0	2	5	25	18	29	14
Chelsea.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	43	37	15	0
Cleveland.....	0	1	0	0	3	0	2	29	11	14	1
Deer Creek.....	0	0	3	1	0	2	12	49	33	37	9
Ford.....	0	0	6	1	1	1	0	16	11	5	1
Goodrich.....	1	0	1	2	0	0	4	10	5	8	10
Greenwood.....	1	1	2	1	2	1	8	19	12	25	2
Grover.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	17	11	29	0
Hammel.....	0	1	3	7	1	3	8	23	19	17	1
Holway.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	10	31	16	25	0
Jump River.....	0	1	0	0	2	0	14	21	9	20	1
Little Black.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	14	39	32	43	1
Maplehurst.....	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	23	17	12	0
McKinley.....	0	0	0	0	2	2	6	14	11	15	0
Medford.....	0	1	3	2	0	2	10	67	62	77	6
Molitor.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	17	9	12	0
Pershing.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	7	16	15	18	0
Rib Lake.....	4	1	2	2	2	5	4	28	26	33	0
Roosevelt.....	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	88	77	62	0
Taft.....	0	0	7	0	2	0	2	30	9	26	0
Westboro.....	2	0	4	14	5	4	7	50	32	44	1
Gilman, vil.....	0	0	2	2	0	0	9	11	2	3	0
Lublin, vil.....	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	23	10	7	1
Rib Lake, vil.....	0	0	2	6	3	2	5	67	42	37	0
Medford, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	13	2	2	5	115	95	54	1
2nd ward.....	2	1	0	2	1	2	3	50	59	34	0
3rd ward.....	3	0	1	15	5	4	1	65	89	50	0
Totals.....	17	10	42	76	36	37	149	1,000	776	761	49
TREMPEALEAU CO.											
Albion.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	14	1	1	0
Arcadia.....	0	0	1	0	1	3	16	22	4	10	0
Burnside.....	0	0	3	1	1	1	6	4	0	1	0
Caledonia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	1	0	0
Chimney Rock.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	6	3	2	0
Dodge.....	3	1	7	0	1	1	4	23	10	5	0
Ettrick.....	0	1	0	7	0	2	60	59	5	8	0
Gale.....	0	0	0	0	2	1	22	37	12	7	0
Hale.....	0	1	1	0	3	1	54	37	14	16	0
Lincoln.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	6	7	4	0
Pigeon.....	0	1	0	1	0	1	58	14	6	21	0
Preston.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	92	13	2	7	0
Sumner.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	8	5	2	1
Trempealeau.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	20	19	5	1
Unity.....	0	0	0	0	4	3	51	16	5	6	0
Blair, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	3	43	32	6	6	0
Eleva, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	16	16	7	6	0
Trempealeau, vil.....	1	0	0	1	1	5	0	13	5	7	0
Arcadia, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	1	3	0	1	2	14	3	4	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	1	4	1	2	2	31	4	1	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	23	1	0	0
Galesville, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	23	10	6	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	18	7	6	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	7	5	0
Independence, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	1	1	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	0	1	0	1	0	1	2	8	1	0	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	6	9	0	0	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
FREMPEALEAU CO.—											
Cont.											
Osseo, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	0	0	0	2	11	19	14	1	0
2nd ward.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	8	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	10	5	1	0
Whitehall, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	1	8	23	9	7	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	2	1	1	27	31	7	5	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	0	1	1	0	7	30	12	5	0
Totals.....	8	7	16	33	19	34	601	613	195	152	2
VERNON CO.											
Bergen.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	31	3	3	0
Christiana.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	92	20	5	4	0
Clinton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	14	12	13	0
Coon.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	21	17	7	0
Forest.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	16	13	6	0
Franklin.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	70	50	24	29	0
Genoa.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	27	9	5	0
Greenwood.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	5	13	7	0
Hamburg.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	29	10	10	0
Harmony.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	40	23	13	8	0
Hillsboro.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	12	28	16	18	0
Jefferson.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	59	48	35	22	1
Kickapoo.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	12	16	9	11	0
Liberty.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	23	19	9	0
Stark.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	26	5	7	0
Sterling.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	22	40	25	10	0
Union.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	14	21	13	0
Viroqua.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	77	41	42	1
Webster.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	26	39	26	6	0
Wheatland.....	0	0	0	0	1	1	9	24	15	12	0
Whitestown.....	0	1	0	0	0	0	18	17	12	5	0
Chaseburg, vil.	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	30	18	1	0
Coon Valley, vil.	0	0	0	0	1	0	23	25	8	3	0
De Soto, vil.	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	26	9	3	0
Genoa, vil.	0	0	0	4	1	0	4	34	6	7	0
La Farge, vil.	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	38	31	10	0
Ontario, vil.	0	0	0	1	0	1	12	14	13	8	0
Readstown, vil.	1	0	0	0	0	0	13	26	17	6	0
Stoddard, vil.	0	2	0	1	0	1	4	18	6	2	0
Viola, vil.	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	14	4	0
Hillsboro, city:											
1st ward.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	37	27	8	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	25	17	3	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	38	33	11	0
Viroqua, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	47	119	101	39	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	45	131	112	27	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	0	1	0	0	40	111	71	47	0
Westby, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	18	6	4	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	33	30	11	5	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	9	4	4	0
Totals.....	8	8	2	13	11	3	926	1,325	847	439	2
VILAS CO.											
Arbor Vitae.....	2	0	0	0	9	2	11	10	19	4	0
Boulder Junction.....	2	0	0	5	3	2	5	14	21	1	0
Cloverland.....	1	1	4	2	2	1	2	16	15	4	0
Conover.....	0	1	1	5	7	2	24	27	17	3	1
Flambeau.....	11	5	2	94	20	6	3	20	14	2	0
Lincoln.....	3	0	3	31	7	4	20	39	25	10	0
Manitowish Waters.....	1	0	1	25	1	1	3	4	14	2	0
Phelps.....	2	7	1	38	9	5	38	80	73	11	2
Phum Lake.....	3	0	0	0	4	2	8	24	7	3	0
Fresque Isle.....	1	2	0	1	6	2	8	4	23	0	0
St. Germain.....	1	0	1	4	5	2	4	19	11	7	1
State Line.....	1	1	0	4	6	3	4	16	17	7	0
Washington.....	0	0	2	1	7	0	5	14	12	5	0
Winchester.....	3	1	1	1	4	1	3	10	10	1	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
VILAS CO.—Cont.											
Eagle River, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	9	3	0	10	46	20	4	0
2nd ward.....	1	0	0	9	1	0	11	48	24	3	0
3rd ward.....	2	0	0	6	5	4	4	41	31	3	0
4th ward.....	1	1	1	2	3	3	7	10	13	2	0
Totals.....	35	19	17	237	102	40	170	442	366	69	4
WALWORTH CO.											
Bloomfield.....	0	1	0	4	1	2	3	66	21	5	0
Darien.....	0	0	0	6	2	0	2	126	50	24	0
Delavan.....	1	2	0	2	1	3	3	145	75	22	1
East Troy.....	2	0	0	1	2	1	3	137	50	20	1
Geneva.....	2	1	0	3	4	0	2	126	86	17	0
LaFayette.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	12	63	39	18	1
La Grange.....	2	0	0	7	1	1	5	67	49	12	0
Linn.....	1	0	1	2	1	0	2	101	29	8	0
Lyons.....	1	0	0	3	2	0	4	86	30	5	0
Richmond.....	2	1	0	2	1	0	1	47	63	7	0
Sharon.....	0	0	0	2	4	2	3	51	23	9	0
Spring Prairie.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	30	22	6	0
Sugar Creek.....	1	0	0	3	0	0	6	93	54	27	0
Troy.....	2	0	0	3	2	3	6	96	51	16	1
Walworth.....	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	63	14	9	0
Whitewater.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	22	26	5	0
East Troy, vil.....	2	0	0	3	7	1	5	211	85	23	0
Fontana on											
Geneva Lake, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	71	22	13	1
Genoa City, vil.....	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	55	13	6	1
Sharon, vil.....	0	0	0	9	3	0	5	73	29	10	0
Walworth, vil.....	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	115	45	12	0
Williams Bay, vil.....	3	0	0	3	5	1	2	125	45	15	0
Delavan, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	1	7	5	0	8	146	62	25	0
2nd ward.....	3	0	0	10	0	0	8	136	67	21	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	0	5	3	0	2	175	71	15	0
Elkhorn, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	115	47	14	0
2nd ward.....	1	1	3	7	6	0	8	120	107	37	0
3rd ward.....	0	1	1	9	3	1	7	181	122	50	0
Lake Geneva, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	8	2	0	2	116	21	8	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	4	4	0	3	88	27	3	0
3rd ward.....	0	1	0	7	3	0	5	121	38	19	1
Whitewater, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	2	3	0	1	20	54	41	9	2
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	1	0	0	4	0	0	27	140	67	15	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	0	1	0	2	2	1	9	102	46	7	0
3rd ward.....	1	1	0	5	2	0	9	80	53	15	0
Totals.....	27	13	8	139	72	18	180	3,543	1,690	527	9
WASHBURN CO.											
Barronett.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	32	8	15	0
Bashaw.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	39	16	10	0
Bass Lake.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	9	0	2	0
Beaver Brook.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	33	8	11	0
Birchwood.....	2	0	1	0	0	1	17	8	6	1	0
Brooklyn.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	10	8	4	1
Casey.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	10	10	9	0
Chicog.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	9	7	2	2
Crystal.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	10	12	12	7	0
Evergreen.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	18	11	5	0
Frog Creek.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	18	4	8	0
Gull Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	7	3	0
Long Lake.....	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	16	18	4	0
Madge.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	19	17	16	9	0
Minong.....	2	2	0	1	2	0	8	20	10	10	0
Sarona.....	2	0	0	1	0	0	8	54	36	18	0
Spooner.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	13	10	6	0
Springbrook.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	35	15	7	0
Stinnett.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8	5	0
Stone Lake.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	3	3	0
Trego.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	10	20	25	4	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
WASHBURN CO.—Cont.											
Birchwood, vil.....	1	0	0	3	0	1	7	31	17	8	0
Minong, vil.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	22	15	6	0
Shell Lake, vil.....	0	1	1	6	5	0	22	137	60	20	0
Spoooner, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	31	24	6	0
2nd ward.....	1	1	0	0	2	0	28	44	21	2	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	24	32	33	13	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	26	28	33	7	1
5th ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	26	6	0
Totals.....	17	5	2	13	15	2	295	739	467	211	5
WASHINGTON CO.											
Addison.....	3	2	1	1	4	0	5	79	52	19	2
Barton.....	3	1	0	2	0	0	2	47	57	6	0
Erin.....	1	1	0	0	14	0	4	13	19	5	0
Farmington.....	4	2	0	0	0	1	5	38	31	8	0
Germantown.....	4	0	0	1	0	1	4	44	10	10	0
Hartford.....	0	3	0	2	3	0	25	51	28	8	0
Jackson.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	33	14	10	1
Kewaskum.....	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	31	20	7	0
Polk.....	1	2	0	0	2	2	2	40	24	6	4
Richfield.....	4	5	0	0	0	4	5	67	33	10	0
Trenton.....	2	6	1	0	0	1	15	41	32	12	0
Wayne.....	1	1	0	0	2	0	2	51	27	8	0
West Bend.....	5	7	0	2	2	1	2	41	54	10	4
Barton, vil.....	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	102	126	25	0
Germantown, vil.....	2	0	0	4	1	0	2	24	11	1	0
Jackson, vil.....	4	1	0	1	1	0	1	21	18	4	0
Kewaskum, vil.....	6	1	1	7	1	0	4	58	59	6	0
Slinger, vil.....	3	2	0	7	1	1	3	72	28	14	1
Hartford, city:											
1st ward.....	6	3	0	0	2	0	16	81	50	9	0
2nd ward.....	1	1	0	1	0	0	20	47	17	12	0
3rd ward.....	3	1	2	4	4	0	12	37	37	1	0
4th ward.....	6	4	2	3	1	1	18	61	50	5	0
West Bend, city:											
1st ward.....	3	2	0	1	2	0	4	50	24	4	0
2nd ward.....	4	5	0	14	3	3	3	74	40	6	0
3rd ward.....	7	5	0	7	4	2	3	104	50	12	1
4th ward.....	3	1	0	5	0	0	3	50	25	7	0
5th ward.....	1	2	0	7	2	2	4	47	24	8	0
6th ward.....	6	1	0	3	1	1	2	52	48	5	0
Totals.....	87	65	7	75	51	22	166	1,455	1,008	238	13
WAUKESHA CO.											
Brookfield.....	7	2	3	5	6	2	32	253	207	35	9
Delafield.....	3	3	0	4	11	1	19	146	148	15	2
Eagle.....	0	0	0	5	1	1	4	26	13	4	1
Genesee.....	1	1	1	8	3	2	7	137	65	21	1
Lisbon.....	1	0	0	3	1	0	4	77	39	16	0
Menomonee.....	2	1	0	0	1	1	9	72	77	16	2
Merton.....	2	2	0	3	1	2	0	105	115	18	0
Mukwonago.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	10	3	0
Muskego.....	1	1	0	8	1	1	27	111	90	26	5
New Berlin.....	3	0	1	10	5	3	19	176	103	13	1
Oconomowoc.....	2	3	0	21	2	3	2	148	95	16	1
Ottawa.....	1	0	0	2	0	0	12	39	30	1	0
Pewaukee.....	3	4	2	9	2	1	31	169	159	30	4
Summit.....	2	0	0	2	3	0	12	150	99	19	3
Vernon.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	34	18	0	1
Waukesha.....	0	0	0	2	0	2	7	106	65	11	0
Big Bend, vil.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	26	18	2	0
Butler, vil.....	4	0	0	0	1	3	19	10	16	9	4
Chenequa, vil.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	56	21	10	0
Dousman, vil.....	1	0	0	7	6	0	3	35	30	6	0
Eagle, vil.....	1	2	0	29	3	0	1	26	33	7	0
Hartland, vil.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	189	128	30	0
Lac La Belle, vil.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	9	49	2	0
Lannon, vil.....	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	22	12	12	0
Menomonee Falls, vil.....	3	0	0	3	4	1	13	119	74	37	3
Merton, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	32	27	5	0
Mukwonago, vil.....	0	0	0	5	2	0	2	55	36	12	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
WAUKESHA CO.—Cont.											
North Prairie, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	38	16	3	0
Pewaukee, vil.....	1	3	0	5	1	4	6	70	116	8	2
Sussex, vil.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	4	52	32	4	1
Wales, vil.....	2	0	0	5	2	0	3	14	14	2	0
Oconomowoc, city:											
1st pct.....	1	3	1	3	6	2	12	194	120	29	0
2nd pct.....	3	5	1	12	2	3	15	193	179	41	1
Waukesha, city:											
1st ward.....	2	0	0	9	5	5	13	33	52	8	0
2nd ward.....	0	2	1	8	5	0	14	55	74	7	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	14	0	2	8	87	98	14	0
4th ward.....	3	0	0	7	4	3	11	102	77	16	2
5th ward.....	2	0	0	10	3	2	5	132	93	14	1
6th ward.....	5	2	2	11	4	0	9	131	117	18	0
7th ward.....	1	0	0	4	6	1	8	92	50	11	0
8th ward.....	1	0	0	5	0	0	13	124	81	8	0
9th ward.....	0	0	0	5	3	1	12	146	144	13	0
10th ward.....	0	0	0	10	3	0	7	172	109	12	0
11th ward.....	1	2	0	5	1	1	11	105	113	8	1
12th ward.....	3	1	0	4	4	0	11	91	78	14	0
13th ward.....	1	1	0	19	4	2	24	31	66	14	1
14th ward.....	1	0	0	20	0	1	22	74	90	13	1
15th ward.....	6	0	2	17	5	0	18	77	86	8	0
Totals.....	74	39	16	307	114	51	463	4,360	3,582	641	47
WAUPACA CO.											
Bear Creek.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	34	30	2	0
Caledonia.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	3	36	18	2	0
Dayton.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	13	37	5	0
Dupont.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	43	30	6	0
Farmington:											
1st pct.....	1	1	1	0	3	0	13	12	24	4	0
2nd pct.....	1	0	1	1	5	2	78	34	65	9	3
Fremont.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	13	5	1
Harrison.....	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	6	10	2	0
Helvetia.....	0	1	0	3	1	0	8	13	12	8	0
Iola.....	0	1	0	0	2	0	18	24	28	10	0
Larrabee.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	41	27	6	0
Lebanon.....	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	38	21	2	0
Lind.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	27	9	0
Little Wolf.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	43	33	9	3
Matteson.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	17	14	7	0
Mukwa.....	2	1	0	3	5	0	2	12	9	2	0
Royalton.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	39	16	8	0
Scandinavia.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	9	31	16	4	0
St. Lawrence.....	0	0	0	3	2	0	11	44	31	10	0
Union.....	0	0	0	1	4	2	9	25	31	6	1
Waupaca.....	1	0	0	0	4	0	8	19	26	7	1
Weyauwega.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	22	12	2	1
Wyoming.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	10	20	1	0
Big Falls, vil.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	5	7	9	4	0
Embarrass, vil.....	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	20	14	2	1
Fremont, vil.....	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	18	7	0	0
Iola, vil.....	0	0	0	6	2	0	9	65	24	4	0
Manawa, vil.....	1	0	0	3	2	0	4	54	44	6	0
Ogdensburg, vil.....	0	0	0	3	1	1	1	25	24	1	0
Scandinavia, vil.....	1	0	0	2	7	1	1	33	20	1	0
Clintonville, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	3	1	0	8	73	52	4	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	25	26	5	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	3	1	5	44	41	8	0
4th ward.....	1	0	0	4	11	0	9	76	45	9	1
5th ward.....	0	0	1	4	3	0	3	70	44	8	0
Marion, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	18	8	2	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	11	8	1	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	6	1	1	0	22	9	4	0
New London, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	10	3	0	1	15	25	2	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	13	7	0	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	13	3	0	3	40	14	3	0
5th ward.....	2	0	0	3	2	1	6	16	11	2	1

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keiler (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
WAUPACA CO.—Cont.											
Waupaca, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	4	2	0	6	35	24	5	1
2nd ward.....	1	1	0	4	1	0	6	53	27	5	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	8	30	14	2	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	3	4	2	2	70	31	5	0
Weyauwega, city:											
1st ward.....	0	1	0	5	0	0	3	30	14	0	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	31	7	1	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	12	8	1	0
Totals.....	13	8	4	115	83	15	295	1,479	1,107	211	14
WAUSHARA CO.											
Aurora.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	18	7	0
Bloomfield.....	0	0	0	2	1	0	9	32	14	5	0
Coloma.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	21	3	2	0
Dakota.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	18	6	10	0
Deerfield.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	5	7	0
Hancock.....	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	7	12	4	0
Leon.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	32	9	4	0
Marion.....	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	46	21	25	0
Mt. Morris.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	50	19	18	0
Oasis.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	2	0
Plainfield.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	8	11	3	0
Poy Sippi.....	1	1	1	11	2	0	3	40	20	10	0
Richford.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	21	9	17	0
Rose.....	2	0	3	0	2	0	3	18	3	7	0
Saxeville.....	0	0	0	5	2	0	2	16	6	6	0
Springwater.....	1	0	0	4	3	0	3	11	12	7	0
Warren.....	0	0	1	2	3	1	6	19	13	14	4
Wautoma.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	45	10	26	0
Coloma, vil.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	23	9	1	0
Hancock, vil.....	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	4	25	11	0
Lohrville, vil.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	11	3	3	1	0
Plainfield, vil.....	0	0	0	3	11	1	0	15	20	6	0
Redgranite, vil.....	0	0	3	27	7	3	5	24	31	16	2
Wild Rose, vil.....	0	0	0	21	2	5	5	31	24	16	0
Berlin, city:											
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wautoma, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	0	2	3	0	2	59	15	20	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	45	17	24	0
3rd ward.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	31	15	14	0
Totals.....	6	1	8	88	52	10	84	637	355	283	6
WINNEBAGO CO.											
Algoma.....	0	1	0	3	0	0	6	73	31	14	0
Black Wolf.....	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	38	13	5	0
Clayton.....	1	0	0	0	1	2	6	42	13	10	1
Menasha.....	0	0	0	5	6	1	7	36	16	15	0
Neenah.....	0	0	3	1	2	4	3	33	19	6	1
Nekimi.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	61	9	19	0
Nepeuskun.....	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	34	6	3	0
Omro.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	7	54	5	10	0
Oshkosh.....	1	1	0	3	3	5	0	100	46	20	0
Poygan.....	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	17	15	5	0
Rushford.....	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	43	16	8	0
Utica.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	54	8	4	0
Vinland.....	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	51	24	14	0
Winchester.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	40	20	15	0
Winneconne.....	1	0	1	1	0	1	3	58	6	6	0
Wolf River.....	0	0	0	0	0	1	10	17	15	14	0
Omro, vil.....	3	0	0	6	2	2	7	100	19	17	0
Winneconne, vil.....	4	0	0	2	3	0	7	56	25	11	0
Menasha, city:											
1st ward.....	1	0	13	23	8	12	3	60	39	20	1
2nd ward.....	8	3	6	56	20	27	13	66	51	31	0
3rd ward.....	9	2	2	25	6	10	15	105	41	31	1
4th ward.....	9	7	34	62	30	19	14	58	44	22	0
5th ward.....	8	1	6	35	24	11	7	76	27	27	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
WINNEBAGO CO.—Con.											
Nee Nah, city:											
1st ward, 1st pct.-----	1	0	1	5	5	13	14	159	42	33	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.-----	8	1	0	18	4	14	15	112	49	30	3
2nd ward-----	9	1	0	19	7	12	20	132	36	39	0
3rd ward-----	3	0	2	9	9	7	7	68	19	23	0
4th ward-----	10	2	2	11	9	14	23	84	48	22	1
5th ward-----	4	3	1	19	7	13	15	144	58	42	1
Oshkosh, city:											
1st ward-----	3	0	3	6	3	0	4	93	55	23	0
2nd ward-----	4	4	3	6	5	3	18	187	92	50	1
3rd ward-----	6	3	0	4	3	0	12	143	97	30	0
4th ward-----	4	6	0	7	8	0	11	220	105	46	1
5th ward-----	4	4	0	3	8	3	23	255	116	54	1
6th ward-----	9	6	1	19	10	2	37	97	159	67	2
7th ward-----	0	1	0	1	2	2	4	233	86	25	0
8th ward-----	2	3	2	4	7	3	19	153	80	64	8
9th ward-----	4	0	1	18	8	2	24	246	156	90	2
10th ward-----	2	4	1	15	9	4	8	251	127	50	2
11th ward-----	2	4	1	4	9	5	6	330	114	50	2
12th ward-----	4	7	13	8	15	7	18	193	100	53	0
13th ward-----	8	5	4	8	10	2	25	111	123	68	3
14th ward-----	5	3	4	8	6	3	16	154	86	53	0
15th ward-----	1	5	1	3	4	2	10	129	83	50	0
16th ward-----	4	3	2	4	6	5	15	78	62	40	1
Totals-----	146	80	108	425	267	219	471	4,844	2,461	1,329	32
WOOD CO.											
Arpin-----	0	0	0	3	0	0	28	25	20	5	0
Auburdale-----	0	0	0	3	3	0	20	7	9	2	0
Cameron-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	7	6	1	0
Cary-----	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	19	3	0	1
Cranmoor-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	13	1	0
Dexter-----	0	0	0	1	2	1	12	4	4	1	0
Grand Rapids:											
1st pct.-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	14	33	3	1
2nd pct.-----	0	0	1	0	0	0	28	16	32	2	0
Hansen-----	0	0	1	4	0	0	24	31	32	8	0
Hiles-----	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	6	4	2	1
Lincoln-----	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	10	7	2	0
Marshfield-----	0	0	0	0	3	1	9	11	15	3	0
Milladore-----	0	0	0	3	2	0	13	25	18	14	0
Port Edwards-----	0	0	1	5	1	0	35	4	8	0	0
Remington-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	11	17	2	0
Richfield-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	5	3	0
Rock-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	11	4	1	1
Rudolph-----	2	0	1	7	2	0	15	32	12	3	0
Saratoga-----	0	1	0	1	0	0	22	12	31	1	0
Seneca-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	9	9	0	1
Sherry-----	0	0	0	1	0	0	14	18	10	3	0
Sigel-----	0	1	0	0	0	0	51	17	23	2	1
Wood-----	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	13	18	3	0
Auburdale, vil.-----	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	7	10	1	0
Biron, vil.-----	0	0	0	4	0	1	16	8	22	4	0
Milladore, vil.-----	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	10	20	3	0
Port Edwards, vil.-----	1	0	0	6	1	1	31	16	9	2	0
Marshfield, city:											
1st ward-----	0	1	0	6	0	1	25	34	11	5	0
2nd ward-----	0	0	0	8	4	0	24	39	31	0	0
3rd ward-----	1	0	7	0	1	0	24	75	25	5	1
4th ward-----	1	1	0	2	1	0	24	53	21	5	2
5th ward-----	0	1	0	5	1	1	40	45	23	7	3
6th ward-----	1	0	0	3	1	1	25	31	25	3	0
7th ward-----	0	0	0	8	4	0	34	50	34	10	0
8th ward-----	0	0	1	8	1	3	21	31	23	5	2
Nekoosa, city:											
1st ward-----	0	0	0	3	0	1	26	14	13	0	0
2nd ward-----	0	0	0	6	1	0	11	31	4	0	0
3rd ward-----	0	0	0	1	1	0	31	5	13	1	0
4th ward-----	0	0	0	0	1	0	26	9	12	0	0
Pittsville, city:											
1st ward-----	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	11	7	1	0
2nd ward-----	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	0	0
3rd ward-----	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	0	0

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued

District	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robin- son (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
WOOD CO.—Cont.											
Wisconsin Rapids, city:											
1st ward.....	0	0	1	9	1	1	46	40	44	2	0
2nd ward.....	0	0	2	5	3	0	23	40	58	5	0
3rd ward.....	1	0	0	1	1	0	14	72	60	4	0
4th ward.....	0	0	0	3	0	0	25	24	52	6	1
5th ward.....	1	1	1	2	2	0	57	11	44	2	3
6th ward.....	1	1	1	4	1	1	62	16	43	3	1
7th ward.....	1	0	0	5	1	1	49	23	32	5	1
8th ward.....	0	0	2	14	5	0	35	31	28	10	0
9th ward.....	0	0	1	2	1	0	34	18	31	4	0
10th ward.....	0	1	0	3	2	1	30	10	35	3	1
Totals.....	11	9	21	143	50	16	1,152	1,033	1,074	158	18

PRIMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES¹

September 1942

County	Cannon (Dem.)	Conlin (Dem.)	Faj- kowski (Dem.)	Keller (Dem.)	Sullivan (Dem.)	Wilde (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)	Robinson (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)
Adams	7	8	2	23	16	5	386	181	106	34	3
Ashland	20	6	45	53	34	5	880	569	928	216	4
Barron	12	4	9	67	25	11	1,173	493	153	135	13
Bayfield	6	6	17	56	45	7	426	1,102	802	427	4
Brown	501	174	248	1,149	1,537	994	260	1,873	807	171	24
Buffalo	1	1	4	9	5	2	266	1,145	426	376	24
Burnett	17	1	3	5	8	2	500	258	293	30	2
Calumet	29	11	5	118	129	76	81	415	150	81	5
Chippewa	3	5	6	53	29	15	1,072	1,816	573	170	12
Clark	39	2	27	77	12	10	1,006	928	352	129	11
Columbia	61	11	2	93	29	9	496	1,342	1,305	340	13
Crawford	209	74	11	143	237	84	74	947	434	279	3
Dane	327	159	23	327	347	142	7,015	3,645	4,718	1,681	55
Dodge	327	159	23	327	347	142	95	3,111	2,690	1,999	858
Dor	261	72	6	2	30	31	10	45	1,541	1,036	316
Door	10	2	2	30	31	10	45	1,541	1,424	1,178	434
Douglas	68	101	113	246	168	42	3,147	1,688	779	243	92
Dunn	8	5	1	54	27	15	688	779	1,034	347	13
Eau Claire	5	18	29	83	37	16	1,171	2,094	1,034	202	62
Flrenee	13	1	2	14	10	6	3	63	173	708	21
Fond du Lac	179	118	125	420	316	202	430	2,880	1,751	708	21
Forest	94	23	59	185	374	136	66	163	221	24	2
Grant	33	88	20	76	59	32	257	2,889	2,236	1,345	6
Green	11	3	1	62	88	5	275	1,110	710	296	6
Green Lake	21	3	27	107	50	10	56	379	288	630	11
Iowa	11	6	2	25	44	40	390	950	754	90	1
Iron	3	4	8	86	53	8	332	531	1,004	221	2
Jackson	8	13	6	29	2	2	858	600	274	274	2
Jefferson	260	199	144	425	395	195	222	1,232	685	238	8
Juneau	11	6	5	26	13	8	747	591	423	185	3
Kenosha	411	371	415	532	761	545	439	2,992	895	628	100
Kewaunee	27	20	54	150	76	33	31	422	195	53	2
La Crosse	43	47	86	282	91	53	1,205	4,510	1,534	1,549	5
Lafayette	20	14	9	87	57	14	163	983	512	348	5
Langlade	203	49	109	222	422	401	48	603	573	81	7
Lincoln	14	28	6	33	17	6	1,015	926	1,918	192	7
Manitowoc	202	54	100	220	272	229	1,141	1,614	405	145	31
Marathon	74	38	194	200	317	74	1,042	3,561	4,466	517	63
Marquette	44	34	91	160	126	46	90	1,423	1,509	221	7
Marquette	15	34	14	46	57	14	20	659	1,139	187	5
Milwaukee	5,319	1,445	6,415	3,171	5,109	1,978	12,773	29,145	21,595	4,474	4,511
Monroe	16	36	6	43	34	16	670	1,133	765	349	17
Oconto	83	103	179	291	309	150	51	1,811	935	389	9
Oneida	87	12	37	48	93	22	451	1,007	1,030	300	8
Outagamie	64	87	15	907	1,017	33	283	3,857	1,862	908	39
Ozaukee	128	15	6	168	54	33	148	609	462	100	16
Pepin	3	2	8	9	6	2	88	169	57	41	3
Pierce	9	6	7	40	15	8	1,001	1,299	265	170	2
Polk	42	11	6	13	13	9	1,402	911	421	267	12
Portage	357	66	676	192	201	87	141	861	1,264	120	4
Price	8	10	52	39	20	8	127	1,376	1,097	724	10
Racine	633	189	285	716	505	524	990	5,281	2,350	1,007	69
Richland	51	11	3	30	27	9	77	1,413	1,350	450	2
Rock	33	18	36	155	141	34	389	4,015	3,442	1,911	15
Rusk	11	13	46	42	28	47	509	916	261	208	5
St. Croix	23	21	4	165	168	27	392	913	425	272	12
Sauk	72	20	5	94	42	12	603	1,830	1,494	520	26
Sawyer	14	6	10	58	35	47	86	616	327	340	2
Shawano	19	3	21	140	45	23	151	1,906	1,192	213	11
Sheboygan	464	576	148	1,217	458	97	732	3,993	3,116	1,005	150
Taylor	17	10	42	76	36	37	149	1,000	776	761	49
Trimpealeau	8	7	16	33	19	34	601	613	195	152	2
Vernon	8	8	2	13	11	3	926	1,325	847	439	2
Vilas	35	19	17	237	102	40	170	442	366	69	4
Walworth	27	13	8	139	72	18	180	3,543	1,690	527	9
Washington	17	5	2	13	15	2	295	739	467	211	5
Washington	87	65	7	75	51	22	166	1,456	1,008	238	13
Waukesha	74	39	16	307	114	51	463	4,369	3,582	641	47
Waupaca	13	8	4	115	83	15	295	1,479	1,107	211	14
Waushara	6	1	8	88	52	10	84	637	355	283	6
Winnebago	146	80	108	425	267	219	471	4,844	2,401	1,329	32
Wood	11	9	21	143	50	16	1,152	1,083	1,074	158	18
Total	11,075	4,725	10,333	15,482	15,684	7,227	54,508	136,930	95,908	32,740	5,666

¹Based on official figures by the Board of State Canvassers and by the Boards of County Canvassers.

PRIMARY VOTE FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES

September 1942

County	Brophy (Dem.)	Berquist (Prog.)	Nelson (Prog.)	Goodland (Rep.)	Wesley (Rep.)	Oehsner (Soc.)
Adams.....	56	55	268	201	88	1
Ashland.....	148	293	553	913	491	5
Barron.....	114	350	744	517	156	13
Bayfield.....	121	94	320	1,160	682	4
Brown.....	3,519	30	204	1,790	657	19
Buffalo.....	22	72	162	1,115	410	23
Burnett.....	33	183	348	323	142	2
Calumet.....	292	12	61	416	165	6
Chippewa.....	127	461	524	1,829	453	10
Clark.....	113	191	722	868	354	9
Columbia.....	176	122	307	2,034	632	13
Crawford.....	626	26	39	1,013	442	3
Dane.....	1,120	1,592	5,447	7,044	2,257	52
Dodge.....	890	99	169	3,656	1,244	18
Door.....	67	16	17	1,587	718	5
Douglas.....	601	1,053	2,427	1,565	938	25
Dunn.....	78	180	411	688	235	7
Eau Claire.....	174	368	676	2,071	746	13
Florence.....	24	62	1	262	95	
Fond du Lac.....	1,093	90	307	3,537	1,124	24
Forest.....	633	64	5	254	79	2
Grant.....	244	59	168	3,549	1,801	8
Green.....	131	61	178	1,346	456	5
Green Lake.....	168	36	16	559	131	1
Iowa.....	115	40	307	1,478	537	6
Iron.....	115	93	210	914	479	1
Jackson.....	63	106	637	538	292	1
Jefferson.....	1,357	69	140	1,436	473	8
Juneau.....	58	127	425	706	325	4
Kenosha.....	2,475	85	332	2,808	1,129	101
Kewaunee.....	320	10	19	337	268	1
La Crosse.....	555	407	694	5,104	1,645	2
Lafayette.....	186	11	136	1,102	564	4
Langlade.....	1,202	13	32	812	309	7
Lincoln.....	93	280	670	1,890	795	8
Manitowoc.....	891	235	855	1,166	830	23
Marathon.....	782	386	601	5,356	2,242	63
Marinette.....	410	45	46	1,751	847	7
Marquette.....	128	3	12	1,047	571	6
Milwaukee.....	19,601	3,123	8,876	25,810	24,660	4,143
Monroe.....	128	77	502	1,377	582	17
Oconto.....	887	15	35	1,645	1,051	7
Oneida.....	193	475	24	1,322	532	8
Outagamie.....	1,614	47	211	4,780	1,373	34
Ozaukee.....	314	36	97	683	301	12
Pepin.....	25	25	49	147	62	1
Pierce.....	78	247	587	862	640	2
Polk.....	81	456	829	924	452	13
Portage.....	1,285	45	83	1,377	578	3
Price.....	123	46	72	1,591	1,079	6
Racine.....	2,422	334	595	7,000	1,464	70
Richland.....	107	17	45	1,814	821	2
Rock.....	322	71	234	5,692	2,166	13
Rusk.....	159	75	391	748	427	4
St. Croix.....	329	156	197	1,064	364	13
Sauk.....	207	151	368	2,563	676	24
Sawyer.....	131	15	65	676	356	2
Shawano.....	208	15	128	2,049	896	11
Sheboygan.....	2,296	154	616	3,414	3,570	151
Taylor.....	75	21	120	1,409	850	50
Trempealeau.....	100	75	442	570	266	2
Vernon.....	41	174	636	1,518	653	1
Vilas.....	322	95	77	532	207	3
Walworth.....	253	24	134	2,837	2,095	5
Washburn.....	44	143	140	802	359	4
Washington.....	259	22	120	1,718	677	11
Waukesha.....	520	60	362	5,035	2,740	30
Waupaca.....	207	91	147	1,933	565	13
Waushara.....	130	27	48	871	269	7
Winnebago.....	958	196	324	5,903	1,110	36
Wood.....	213	233	831	1,287	831	16
Total.....	52,952	14,240	36,584	154,695	78,474	5,233

PRIMARY VOTE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE BY COUNTIES
September 1942

County	Seyfert (Dem.)	Kaiser (Prog.)	Zimmerman (Rep.)	Van Hazinga (Soc.)
Adams.....	52	283	288	2
Ashland.....	152	724	1,430	3
Barron.....	105	920	731	12
Bayfield.....	100	333	2,022	2
Brown.....	3,410	200	2,421	18
Buffalo.....	22	195	1,669	23
Burnett.....	31	402	496	3
Calumet.....	292	64	565	5
Chippewa.....	121	884	2,297	11
Clark.....	115	845	1,247	10
Columbia.....	161	383	2,634	12
Crawford.....	585	63	1,504	4
Dane.....	1,031	6,283	8,755	49
Dodge.....	883	255	4,957	17
Door.....	61	32	2,307	5
Douglas.....	585	2,438	2,665	25
Dunn.....	78	502	997	8
Eau Claire.....	164	917	3,065	11
Florence.....	28	50	360	
Fond du Lac.....	1,035	338	4,543	24
Forest.....	613	52	343	2
Grant.....	238	190	5,638	5
Green.....	131	174	1,822	3
Green Lake.....	162	47	669	1
Iowa.....	114	302	1,998	7
Iren.....	118	245	1,321	2
Jackson.....	52	652	899	3
Jefferson.....	1,375	186	1,939	9
Juneau.....	50	487	1,052	5
Kenosha.....	2,453	349	3,984	96
Kewaunee.....	310	23	583	2
La Crosse.....	525	1,018	6,809	2
Lafayette.....	173	132	1,638	4
Lánglade.....	1,166	37	1,111	7
Lincoln.....	94	840	2,085	8
Manitowoc.....	876	991	1,900	25
Marathon.....	765	927	7,639	00
Marinette.....	392	74	2,527	7
Marquette.....	125	10	1,035	4
Milwaukee.....	18,837	11,206	46,544	4,147
Monroe.....	118	487	1,994	15
Oconto.....	841	40	2,784	6
Oneida.....	188	347	1,351	7
Outagamie.....	1,520	233	5,828	33
Ozaukee.....	310	144	979	13
Pepin.....	25	67	226	1
Pierce.....	70	695	1,616	2
Folk.....	75	1,093	1,487	13
Portage.....	1,228	121	1,801	3
Price.....	125	99	2,629	7
Racine.....	2,417	838	7,626	70
Richland.....	96	50	2,720	2
Rock.....	287	267	8,144	8
Rusk.....	164	390	1,197	4
St. Croix.....	318	304	1,455	11
Sauk.....	180	458	3,381	23
Sawyer.....	117	64	1,077	1
Shawano.....	190	105	2,970	8
Sheboygan.....	2,299	646	7,070	152
Taylor.....	185	117	2,269	47
Trempealeau.....	98	440	860	2
Vernon.....	38	699	2,358	2
Vilas.....	511	113	759	4
Walworth.....	241	147	5,060	6
Washburn.....	41	216	1,278	3
Washington.....	261	132	2,318	10
Waukesha.....	488	385	7,384	35
Waupaca.....	195	219	2,462	13
Waushara.....	128	70	1,157	7
Winnebago.....	921	418	7,025	39
Wood.....	206	966	2,056	15
Total.....	51,461	44,423	229,580	5,205

THE PRIMARY ELECTION

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PRIMARY VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER BY COUNTIES

September 1942

County	Lawrie (Dem.)	Johnson (Prog.)	Schultz (Prog.)	Smith (Rep.)	Nelson (Soc.)
Adams.....	53	148	169	265	2
Ashland.....	146	540	283	1,273	5
Barron.....	108	741	294	691	11
Bayfield.....	111	207	153	1,826	5
Brown.....	3,390	88	133	2,276	21
Buffalo.....	22	137	77	1,460	23
Burnett.....	32	389	80	468	2
Calumet.....	288	25	43	529	6
Chippewa.....	115	558	388	2,171	11
Clark.....	106	325	531	1,160	9
Columbia.....	167	291	114	2,455	11
Crawford.....	600	45	20	1,331	3
Dane.....	1,057	5,013	1,917	8,574	50
Dodge.....	891	143	114	4,572	17
Door.....	66	22	10	2,134	5
Douglas.....	584	1,585	1,265	2,565	24
Dunn.....	76	436	138	889	7
Eau Claire.....	161	659	346	2,772	12
Florence.....	25	41	13	329	-----
Fond du Lac.....	1,068	228	154	4,213	24
Forest.....	610	42	18	317	2
Grant.....	232	147	64	5,211	10
Green.....	131	173	61	1,694	5
Green Lake.....	165	19	29	640	1
Iowa.....	112	214	125	1,865	8
Iron.....	124	190	80	1,244	3
Jackson.....	59	486	222	787	2
Jefferson.....	1,319	116	86	1,792	8
Juneau.....	56	304	214	938	4
Kenosha.....	2,377	169	213	3,692	99
Kewaunee.....	306	15	13	531	1
La Crosse.....	513	691	408	6,376	4
Lafayette.....	169	98	44	1,514	3
Langlade.....	1,177	14	32	1,047	6
Lincoln.....	91	276	639	2,499	7
Manitowoc.....	857	549	489	1,785	27
Marathon.....	753	501	474	7,076	60
Marinette.....	380	62	23	2,305	7
Marquette.....	134	4	9	1,510	5
Milwaukee.....	18,739	4,619	7,205	44,354	4,153
Monroe.....	111	266	281	1,797	16
Oconto.....	851	27	22	2,493	7
Oneida.....	187	282	83	1,737	7
Outagamie.....	1,548	96	152	5,514	32
Ozaukee.....	286	78	50	900	10
Pepin.....	22	45	25	211	1
Pierce.....	71	403	336	1,492	3
Polk.....	82	932	265	1,347	16
Portage.....	1,244	95	32	1,770	5
Price.....	125	73	38	2,394	7
Racine.....	2,380	468	414	7,294	67
Richland.....	103	42	14	2,438	2
Rock.....	316	199	99	7,708	13
Rusk.....	157	182	245	1,119	4
St. Croix.....	326	217	122	1,379	14
Sauk.....	187	315	183	2,947	23
Sawyer.....	120	44	31	980	3
Shawano.....	192	68	70	2,771	10
Sheboygan.....	2,268	180	562	6,657	151
Taylor.....	181	52	76	2,114	43
Trempealeau.....	93	297	176	799	2
Vernon.....	38	636	182	2,041	7
Vilas.....	318	112	26	682	3
Walworth.....	240	63	79	4,699	8
Washburn.....	43	163	73	1,263	4
Washington.....	254	42	96	2,229	12
Waukesha.....	501	179	232	7,006	38
Waupaca.....	204	160	64	2,270	12
Waushara.....	152	54	19	1,073	7
Winnebago.....	931	249	262	6,411	37
Wood.....	214	541	504	1,959	16
Total.....	51,115	26,860	21,508	214,635	5,243

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL BY COUNTIES

September 1942

County	Fitzpatrick (Dem.)	Deiterich (Prog.)	Spence (Prog.)	Martin (Rep.)	Davis (Soc.)
Adams.....	56	120	169	252	3
Ashland.....	149	489	286	1,152	5
Barron.....	114	627	322	620	14
Bayfield.....	117	154	190	1,634	4
Brown.....	3,503	87	123	2,326	18
Buffalo.....	21	126	83	1,380	23
Burnett.....	34	303	133	434	3
Calumet.....	298	28	37	530	5
Chippewa.....	119	654	270	2,099	10
Clark.....	113	397	440	1,094	10
Columbia.....	172	271	116	2,397	11
Crawford.....	630	42	18	1,288	3
Dane.....	1,091	3,367	3,144	8,531	50
Dodge.....	875	153	95	4,429	17
Door.....	70	19	13	2,069	3
Douglas.....	632	1,320	1,420	2,391	22
Dunn.....	78	319	224	858	8
Eau Claire.....	174	602	358	2,668	12
Florence.....	30	32	17	324	
Fond du Lac.....	1,161	195	187	4,431	23
Forest.....	631	39	18	321	2
Grant.....	241	123	68	4,999	6
Green.....	136	166	61	1,576	5
Green Lake.....	170	21	25	631	1
Iowa.....	115	129	182	1,807	10
Iron.....	115	167	89	1,210	3
Jackson.....	59	316	380	737	3
Jefferson.....	1,362	118	74	1,753	8
Juneau.....	57	254	242	940	4
Kenosha.....	2,457	183	198	3,528	92
Kewaunee.....	308	18	10	512	2
La Crosse.....	532	564	498	6,258	4
Lafayette.....	374	62	70	1,445	5
Langlade.....	1,222	26	19	998	7
Lincoln.....	95	499	373	2,448	8
Manitowoc.....	889	644	392	1,803	22
Marathon.....	793	733	212	6,886	61
Marquette.....	305	47	36	2,270	5
Marquette.....	129	6	6	1,405	4
Milwaukee.....	19,312	6,455	5,364	44,349	4,028
Monroe.....	123	244	287	1,686	17
Oconto.....	864	25	21	2,431	8
Oneida.....	196	240	105	1,721	6
Outagamie.....	1,588	127	112	5,354	29
Ozaukee.....	291	84	39	889	13
Peplin.....	25	47	22	196	1
Pierce.....	77	221	450	1,403	2
Polk.....	75	709	444	1,277	12
Portage.....	1,282	83	43	1,747	3
Price.....	123	62	43	2,341	6
Racine.....	2,452	373	504	7,110	66
Richland.....	109	30	19	2,378	2
Rock.....	307	140	137	7,334	9
Rusk.....	168	191	211	1,062	4
St. Croix.....	346	197	121	1,310	13
Sauk.....	194	340	126	2,867	23
Sawyer.....	122	35	33	917	1
Shawano.....	196	57	72	2,744	8
Sheboygan.....	2,365	242	495	6,571	148
Taylor.....	193	71	50	2,061	48
Trempealeau.....	100	166	255	746	2
Vernon.....	41	316	421	1,941	2
Vilas.....	326	73	58	675	3
Walworth.....	240	53	92	4,485	7
Washburn.....	44	138	82	1,024	4
Washington.....	256	97	52	2,153	10
Waukesha.....	504	168	220	6,986	34
Waupaca.....	198	153	75	2,198	12
Waushara.....	133	48	22	1,058	7
Winnebago.....	952	291	209	6,422	37
Wood.....	211	502	493	1,941	15
Total.....	52,736	25,398	21,270	209,871	5,076

PRIMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS BY DISTRICTS

September 1942

First District

Counties	Magruder (Dem.)	Smith (Rep.)	Benson (Soc.)
Green.....	115	1,494	5
Kenosha.....	2,347	3,629	92
Racine.....	2,530	7,660	64
Rock.....	306	7,230	12
Walworth.....	226	4,567	9
Total.....	5,524	24,580	182

Second District

Counties	Brooks (Dem.)	Larson (Dem.)	Southoff (Prog.)	Hawks (Rep.)	Leissring (Rep.)	May (Rep.)	Samp (Rep.)	Hale (Soc.)
Columbia.....	129	60	422	1,088	163	509	818	12
Dane.....	577	581	6,511	1,994	363	3,289	3,486	48
Dodge.....	512	432	281	2,768	454	712	1,185	15
Jefferson.....	910	677	212	806	213	257	626	8
Waukesha.....	304	211	382	3,175	1,226	674	2,328	30
Total.....	2,432	1,961	7,808	9,831	2,419	5,441	8,443	113

Third District

Counties	Carroll (Dem.)	Toland (Dem.)	Withrow (Prog.)	Stevenson (Rep.)	Walsh (Rep.)	Ochsner (Soc.)
Crawford.....	685	179	69	894	670	6
Grant.....	184	59	210	2,135	4,371	9
Iowa.....	101	22	326	701	1,446	4
Juneau.....	55	14	555	611	521	4
La Crosse.....	262	905	1,216	4,698	2,832	4
Lafayette.....	126	42	146	724	1,005	4
Monroe.....	91	37	609	1,496	629	17
Richland.....	92	19	63	1,945	1,107	2
Sauk.....	200	27	550	1,972	1,427	23
Vernon.....	27	13	840	1,465	832	2
Total.....	1,823	1,317	4,584	16,641	14,840	75

Fourth District

Counties	Wasielowski (Dem.)	Brophy (Prog.)	Hoyt (Rep.)	Kuczynski (Rep.)	Madison (Rep.)	Schafer (Rep.)	Buech (Soc.)
Milwaukee (part).....	14,294	5,546	4,860	2,181*	4,257	10,624	1,645
Total.....	14,294	5,546	4,860	2,181	4,257	10,624	1,645

PRIMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS
BY DISTRICTS—Continued

September 1942

Fifth District

Counties	Chadwick, Jr. (Dem.)	Kerwin (Dem.)	Kirk- patrick (Dem.)	McMur- ray (Dem.)	Murphy (Dem.)	Roush (Prog.)	Finne- gan (Rep.)
Milwaukee (part).....	935	916	2,076	3,279	1,538	5,422	1,843
Total.....	935	916	2,076	3,279	1,538	5,422	1,843

Counties	Kirk- patrick (Rep.)	Ramsey (Rep.)	Schell (Rep.)	Stafford (Rep.)	Thill (Rep.)	Wenzel (Rep.)	Knappe (Soc.)
Milwaukee (part).....	5,686	1,697	1,296	6,440	11,159	1,956	2,478
Total.....	5,686	1,697	1,296	6,440	11,159	1,956	2,478

Sixth District

Counties	Biehler (Dem.)	Schallern (Dem.)	Polti (Prog.)	Keefe (Rep.)	Boll (Soc.)
Calumet.....	194	113	60	564	4
Fond du Lac.....	511	697	356	4,534	25
Ozaukee.....	397	42	96	738	8
Sheboygan.....	862	1,587	630	6,433	156
Washington.....	187	85	150	2,060	10
Winnebago.....	606	433	417	7,312	38
Total.....	2,757	2,957	1,709	21,641	241

Seventh District

Counties	Kennedy (Dem.)	Meisner (Dem.)	Frederich (Prog.)	Behm (Rep.)	Murray (Rep.)
Adams.....	35	19	14	43	224
Green Lake.....	111	75	0	209	490
Langlade.....	815	499	0	339	832
Marathon.....	372	483	82	1,407	6,340
Marquette.....	128	27	0	532	1,110
Portage.....	907	505	2	436	1,707
Shawano.....	103	108	0	705	2,257
Waupaca.....	94	113	10	658	2,033
Waushara.....	71	64	0	335	844
Wood.....	177	62	181	482	1,582
Total.....	2,813	1,955	289	5,146	17,424

PRIMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS
BY DISTRICTS—Continued

September 1942

Eighth District

Counties	Dilweg (Dem.)	Lytie (Dem.)	Giese (Prog.)	Johns (Rep.)
Brown.....	3,455	1,993	190	2,268
Door.....	64	26	26	2,033
Florence.....	22	7	50	315
Forest.....	406	286	48	318
Kewaunee.....	323	81	23	484
Manitowoc.....	692	335	928	1,735
Marinette.....	310	139	73	2,239
Oconto.....	677	387	43	2,455
Outagamie.....	1,168	624	226	4,981
Total.....	7,117	3,878	1,607	16,828

Ninth District

Counties	Joyce (Dem.)	Hull (Prog.)	Hipke (Rep.)
Barron.....	111	1,138	533
Buffalo.....	19	240	1,098
Chippewa.....	121	1,066	2,129
Clark.....	106	976	942
Dunn.....	109	663	719
Eau Claire.....	172	1,178	2,666
Jackson.....	56	889	626
Pepin.....	24	84	169
Pierce.....	71	806	1,101
St. Croix.....	368	372	1,134
Trempealeau.....	95	578	655
Total.....	1,252	7,990	11,772

Tenth District

Counties	Green (Dem.)	Gehrmann (Prog.)	Sybeldon (Prog.)	Alfonsi (Rep.)	Borg (Rep.)	Emerich (Rep.)	Kenyon (Rep.)	O'Konski (Rep.)
Ashland.....	141	797	152	182	363	187	386	556
Bayfield.....	111	357	60	377	520	173	195	1,107
Burnett.....	33	484	36	15	212	120	10	207
Douglas.....	721	3,034	448	106	2,363	71	80	455
Iron.....	110	160	231	1,031	83	112	36	788
Lincoln.....	93	846	140	112	215	1,666	64	890
Oneida.....	191	365	53	160	298	525	81	1,030
Polk.....	67	1,268	99	158	282	329	47	989
Price.....	118	106	16	219	360	550	537	1,502
Rusk.....	154	418	73	35	261	293	77	589
Sawyer.....	124	79	10	194	320	122	66	487
Taylor.....	187	131	14	85	194	654	111	1,479
Vilas.....	303	144	43	213	56	145	27	379
Washburn.....	41	281	10	130	198	149	78	758
Total.....	2,394	8,470	1,385	3,017	5,728	5,096	1,795	10,916

PRIMARY VOTE FOR STATE SENATORS BY DISTRICTS

September 1942

District	Counties	Candidates	Vote
First.....	Door, Kewaunee, Manitowoc.....	Cashman (Prog.)..... Tills (Rep.).....	1,093 3,752
Third.....	Milwaukee.....	Maruszewski (Dem.)..... Zablocki (Dem.)..... Melms (Prog.)..... Polakowski (Prog.)..... Zarning (Prog.)..... Chelminiak (Rep.)..... Schultheis (Soc.).....	2,608 3,015 989 585 306 2,687 438
Fifth.....	Milwaukee.....	Hall (Dem.)..... Aaron (Prog.)..... Ferris (Rep.)..... Gettelman (Rep.)..... Koth (Soc.).....	150 1,680 3,808 6,276 716
Seventh.....	Milwaukee.....	Gawronski (Dem.)..... Piszczek (Dem.)..... Ross (Dem.)..... Schmidt (Prog.)..... Howard (Rep.)..... Galasinski (Rep.)..... Jarz (Rep.)..... Mussa (Soc.).....	3,101 1,476 731 1,357 2,363 1,308 1,088 495
Ninth.....	Milwaukee.....	Tehan (Dem.)..... Brown (Prog.)..... Erasmus (Rep.)..... Humphrey (Soc.).....	1,761 901 3,609 3
Eleventh.....	Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Washburn.....	Idziorek (Dem.)..... Peterson (Prog.)..... Sheahan (Prog.)..... Erickson (Rep.).....	872 2,499 2,195 5,012
Thirteenth.....	Dodge, Washington.....	Schellpfeffer (Dem.)..... Panzer (Rep.)..... Peters (Rep.)..... Schumann (Rep.).....	1,131 4,002 2,397 1,682
Fourteenth.....	Outagamie, Shawano.....	Lappen (Rep.).....	7,864
Fifteenth.....	Rock.....	Robinson (Rep.)..... Slagg (Rep.).....	5,208 3,816
Seventeenth.....	Green, Iowa, Lafayette.....	Wonn (Prog.)..... Hare (Rep.)..... James (Rep.)..... Olson (Rep.)..... Severson (Rep.)..... Steele (Rep.).....	592 781 1,932 2,264 629 640
Nineteenth.....	Calumet, Winnebago.....	Brown (Rep.).....	6,990
Twenty-first.....	Racine.....	Swoboda (Dem.)..... Herzog (Prog.)..... Hilker (Rep.)..... Dadian (Soc.).....	2,444 865 7,067 1
Twenty-third.....	Portage, Waupaca.....	Jaeklin (Dem.)..... Fisher (Rep.).....	1,411 3,720
Twenty-fifth.....	Lincoln, Marathon.....	MacCormick (Dem.)..... Gesicki (Prog.)..... Kannenber (Prog.)..... Krueger (Prog.)..... Fehlhaber (Rep.)..... McNeight (Rep.)..... Terwilliger (Rep.).....	841 378 836 848 2,653 4,417 3,861

**PRIMARY VOTE FOR STATE SENATORS
BY DISTRICTS—Continued**

September 1942

District	Counties	Candidates	Vote
Twenty-seventh	Columbia, Richland, Sauk	Sprecher (Prog.)	809
		Johnson (Rep.)	4,146
		Miller (Rep.)	4,692
		Rusch (Soc.)	13
Twenty-ninth	Barron, Dunn, Polk	Helstern (Prog.)	840
		Madsen (Prog.)	1,981
		Ausman (Rep.)	2,315
Thirty-first	Adams, Juneau, Monroe, Marquette	Leverich (Prog.)	1,346
		Coller (Rep.)	3,740
Thirty-third	Jefferson, Waukesha	Roswell (Prog.)	538
		Dempsey (Rep.)	4,260
		Frechhoff (Rep.)	4,575
		Simpson (Rep.)	1,020

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN BY DISTRICTS

September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Adams, Marquette	Joyce (Dem.)	189
	Baggot (Prog.)	123
	Romell (Prog.)	241
	Long (Rep.)	1,178
	Pierce (Rep.)	223
	Wilkins (Rep.)	838
Ashland	Van Guilder (Prog.)	789
	Chapple (Rep.)	1,080
Barron	Sykes (Prog.)	1,086
	Matye (Rep.)	641
Bayfield	Carlson (Prog.)	299
	Thompson (Prog.)	151
	Squires (Rep.)	1,617
Brown, 1st district	Clabots (Dem.)	902
	Lynch (Dem.)	1,809
	Tibbetts (Dem.)	811
	Brazner (Rep.)	1,329
Brown, 2nd district	Sweeney (Dem.)	1,297
Buffalo and Pepin	Hitt (Prog.)	307
	Hammergren (Rep.)	1,223
	Hill (Rep.)	1,102
	Maasen (Soc.)	22
Burnett and Washburn	Bergren (Prog.)	731
	Benson (Rep.)	1,353
Calumet	Jensen (Dem.)	340
	Barnard (Rep.)	502
Chippewa	Padruft (Prog.)	1,072
	Anderson (Rep.)	882
	Rada (Rep.)	754
	Raihle (Rep.)	896
Clark	Walters (Prog.)	783
	Cook (Rep.)	1,135
Columbia	Dunn (Prog.)	378
	Austin (Rep.)	2,287
Crawford	Antoine (Dem.)	808
	McDowell (Rep.)	1,363
Dane, 1st district	Beggs (Prog.)	3,746
	Lippert (Rep.)	4,708
	Mintz (Soc.)	1
Dane, 2nd district	Stokstad (Dem.)	179
	Lein (Prog.)	703
	Mullen (Prog.)	744
	Olson (Prog.)	363
	Pierce (Rep.)	62
Dane, 3rd district	Coyle (Dem.)	3
	Stewart (Dem.)	1
	Baker (Prog.)	1,247
	Burmeister (Rep.)	1,547
	Buss (Soc.)	2
Dodge, 1st district	Genzmer (Dem.)	395
	Goetsch (Rep.)	1,784
Dodge, 2nd district	Krueger (Dem.)	516
	Buschkopf (Prog.)	140
	Canniff (Rep.)	1,786
	Jones (Rep.)	1,107

**PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued**

September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Door.....	Graass (Rep.).....	1,165
	Meunier (Rep.).....	2,065
Douglas, 1st district.....	Uhlar (Dem.).....	272
	Anderson (Prog.).....	614
	Foley (Prog.).....	1,133
	Whealdon (Rep.).....	1,211
Douglas, 2nd district.....	Wangerin (Dem.).....	304
	Paulus (Prog.).....	567
	Pearson (Prog.).....	612
	Rieckhoff (Prog.).....	513
	Horyza (Rep.).....	347
Dunn.....	Lenroot (Rep.).....	1,149
	Bates (Prog.).....	516
Eau Claire.....	Hanson (Rep.).....	913
	Matz (Dem.).....	161
Florence, Forest and Oneida.....	Pritchard (Prog.).....	1,141
	Pritchard (Rep.).....	2,932
	Roach (Soc.).....	16
	Briggs (Prog.).....	401
Fond du Lac, 1st district.....	Beltz (Rep.).....	923
	Fisher (Rep.).....	1,132
	Hoel (Rep.).....	670
	Freund (Dem.).....	798
Fond du Lac, 2nd district.....	Koenigs (Prog.).....	244
	Nuss, Jr. (Rep.).....	2,521
	Rapp (Rep.).....	706
	Wilson (Prog.).....	125
Grant, 1st district.....	Van De Zande (Rep.).....	1,706
	Goldthorpe (Rep.).....	2,609
Grant, 2nd district.....	Victoria (Dem.).....	134
	McIntyre (Rep.).....	2,596
Green.....	Keegan (Rep.).....	1,512
Green Lake and Waushara.....	Wirth (Dem.).....	306
	Boyson (Rep.).....	1,616
Iowa.....	Johnson (Dem.).....	1
	McCutchin (Prog.).....	348
	Pusch (Rep.).....	1,635
Iron and Vilas.....	Joyce (Dem.).....	353
	Lena (Dem.).....	192
	Innes (Prog.).....	150
	Varda (Prog.).....	449
	McGregor (Rep.).....	854
	Rugee (Rep.).....	1,434
Jackson.....	Johnson (Prog.).....	232
	Waller (Prog.).....	650
	Johnson (Rep.).....	871
Jefferson.....	Daug's (Dem.).....	1,593
	Grell (Rep.).....	1,628
Juneau.....	Carter (Prog.).....	487
	Brunner (Rep.).....	853
	McCoy (Rep.).....	304
Kenosha, 1st district.....	Pfennig (Rep.).....	2,128
Kenosha, 2nd district.....	Siebert (Dem.).....	1,324
	Copen (Prog.).....	197
	Benson (Soc.).....	5

**PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued**

September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Kewaunee.....	Gotstein (Dem.).....	58
	Mleziva (Rep.).....	581
La Crosse, 1st district.....	Nolan (Dem.).....	319
	Fritz (Prog.).....	494
	Heiser (Prog.).....	115
	Layland (Prog.).....	276
	Kempter (Rep.).....	1,538
La Crosse, 2nd district.....	Krause (Rep.).....	2,657
	Nuttleman (Dem.).....	201
	Roraff (Prog.).....	267
	Bruhneke (Rep.).....	964
	Miller (Rep.).....	1,249
Lafayette.....	Storandt (Rep.).....	876
	Youngblood (Rep.).....	1,373
Langlade.....	Holup (Dem.).....	971
	Krugel (Dem.).....	532
	Finch (Rep.).....	1,075
Lincoln.....	AuBuchon (Prog.).....	917
	Hamlin (Rep.).....	1,864
	Herman (Rep.).....	926
Manitowoc, 1st district.....	Vogel (Prog.).....	584
	Egan (Rep.).....	914
Manitowoc, 2nd district.....	Meyer (Prog.).....	477
	Kust (Rep.).....	298
	Riley (Rep.).....	691
Marathon, 1st district.....	Orzechowski (Dem.).....	380
	Kannenber, Jr. (Prog.).....	293
	Lueck (Rep.).....	2,398
Marathon, 2nd district.....	Bachhuber (Dem.).....	407
	Dittbender (Prog.).....	579
	Luedtke (Rep.).....	2,933
	Monk (Rep.).....	2,275
Marinette.....	Evert (Dem.).....	397
	Angwall (Rep.).....	1,675
	Budlong (Rep.).....	757
	Kersten (Rep.).....	636
Milwaukee, 1st district.....	Greene (Dem.).....	726
	Treis (Dem.).....	363
	Bucane (Prog.).....	283
	Calvano (Rep.).....	670
	Hogue (Rep.).....	871
	Leon (Rep.).....	644
	Nick (Rep.).....	437
	Kruse (Soc.).....	1
Milwaukee, 2nd district.....	O'Connell (Dem.).....	490
	Schneider (Dem.).....	419
	Gehrke (Prog.).....	737
	Cannon (Rep.).....	461
	Haese (Rep.).....	787
	Kehrein (Rep.).....	739
	Holz (Soc.).....	300
Milwaukee, 3rd district.....	Paradowski (Dem.).....	834
	Swendson (Dem.).....	634
	Luebke, Jr. (Prog.).....	935
	Nibbe (Prog.).....	349
	Balzer (Rep.).....	1,500
	Foster (Rep.).....	1,595
Guadagni (Rep.).....	265	

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued
September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Milwaukee, 4th district	Curtin (Dem.)	266
	Schaeffer, Jr. (Dem.)	319
	Bergen (Rep.)	520
	Haney (Rep.)	225
	Zoller (Rep.)	753
	Graves (Soc.)	1
Milwaukee, 5th district	Gawin (Dem.)	959
	Kryszak (Dem.)	1,324
	Dobnik (Prog.)	915
	Dougan (Rep.)	455
	Kling (Rep.)	439
	Smith (Rep.)	686
	Czubinski (Soc.)	12
Milwaukee, 6th district	Bennett (Dem.)	401
	Alberti (Prog.)	230
	Markey (Prog.)	326
	Colbert (Rep.)	250
	Dale (Rep.)	190
	Terris (Rep.)	225
	Watson (Rep.)	97
	Williams (Rep.)	111
Repas (Soc.)	94	
Milwaukee, 7th district	Ensslin (Prog.)	408
	Schreiber (Rep.)	954
	Koegel (Soc.)	271
Milwaukee, 8th district	Ryan (Dem.)	750
	Miller (Prog.)	625
	Hart (Rep.)	309
	Judd (Rep.)	791
	Rice (Rep.)	1,157
	Talsky (Rep.)	311
	Taylor (Rep.)	326
	Schupp (Soc.)	293
Milwaukee, 9th district	Hamann (Dem.)	408
	Klabouch, Jr. (Dem.)	179
	Nissenbaum (Dem.)	181
	Duerr (Prog.)	433
	Frederick (Prog.)	532
	Graf (Rep.)	1,872
	Rechlin (Rep.)	879
	Seal (Rep.)	493
	Weissleder (Rep.)	677
Driscoll (Soc.)	371	
Milwaukee, 10th district	McParland (Dem.)	825
	Behlendorf (Prog.)	301
	Hurley (Rep.)	539
	Lampe (Rep.)	1,112
	Both (Soc.)	1
Milwaukee, 11th district	Franzkowiak (Dem.)	963
	Ryczek (Dem.)	2,335
	Nowicki (Prog.)	739
	Kujawa (Rep.)	1,275
	Stachowiak (Soc.)	212
Milwaukee, 12th district	Pszyczynski (Dem.)	2,877
	Tutkowski (Rep.)	844
	Wroblewski (Soc.)	205
Milwaukee, 13th district	Nawrocki (Dem.)	1,592
	Froemming (Rep.)	1,081
	Guenther (Rep.)	390
	Hagedorn (Rep.)	244
	Schroeder (Rep.)	361
	Becker (Soc.)	269

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued

September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Milwaukee, 14th district	Moore (Dem.)	813
	McBride (Rep.)	5,938
Milwaukee, 15th district	Polland (Dem.)	6
	Grimm (Prog.)	502
	Collar (Rep.)	2,469
	Lipscomb (Rep.)	1,074
	Burba (Soc.)	201
Milwaukee, 16th district	Merz (Dem.)	6
	Wegner (Prog.)	579
	Budiac (Rep.)	341
	Riebau (Rep.)	983
	Schad (Soc.)	313
Milwaukee, 17th district	Sadowski (Dem.)	887
	Gray (Prog.)	643
	Double (Rep.)	1,912
	Place (Soc.)	1
	Quick (Soc.)	1
Milwaukee, 18th district	Clemens (Dem.)	6
	Weinheimer (Prog.)	463
	Clasen (Rep.)	1,116
	Schaus (Soc.)	287
Milwaukee, 19th district	Fueger (Dem.)	358
	Kuechle (Prog.)	321
	Garvens (Rep.)	943
	Westfahl (Rep.)	1,211
	Lippold (Soc.)	129
Milwaukee, 20th district	Schmidt (Prog.)	641
	Burmester (Rep.)	2,756
	Hagedorn (Rep.)	2,141
	Schmidt (Soc.)	2
Monroe	White (Dem.)	116
	Hall (Prog.)	550
	Mitbey (Rep.)	913
	Nicol (Rep.)	1,386
	Habelman (Soc.)	14
Oconto	Cain (Dem.)	966
	Shallow (Rep.)	1,031
	Youngs (Rep.)	1,937
Outagamie, 1st district	Schaefer (Dem.)	682
	McGillan (Prog.)	152
	Catlin, Jr. (Rep.)	1,342
	Geenen (Rep.)	859
	Gerrits (Rep.)	383
	McGillan (Rep.)	607
	Rehfeldt (Rep.)	1,243
Outagamie, 2nd district	McDaniel (Dem.)	292
	Miller (Dem.)	405
	Rohan (Dem.)	546
	Hanges (Rep.)	639
	Smith (Rep.)	701
	Wonders (Rep.)	697
Ozaukee	Bolens (Dem.)	372
	Feierstein (Rep.)	487
	Kaul (Rep.)	368
	Krumhus (Rep.)	224
	Niesen (Rep.)	77
Pierce	Cory (Prog.)	790
	Swanson (Prog.)	229
	Gunderson (Rep.)	1,040
	Swanson (Rep.)	652

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued
September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Polk.....	Lanty (Dem.).....	1
	Mittlesdorf (Prog.).....	840
	Paulson (Prog.).....	536
	Candy (Rep.).....	424
	Peabody (Rep.).....	1,036
	Helstern (Soc.).....	1
Portage.....	Kostuck (Dem.).....	1,621
Price.....	Whitmer (Prog.).....	98
	Heden (Rep.).....	1,566
	Johnson (Rep.).....	844
	Whitmer (Rep.).....	768
Racine, 1st district.....	Baker (Dem.).....	925
	Gade (Prog.).....	248
	Christensen (Rep.).....	2,126
	Cook (Soc.).....	1
Racine, 2nd district.....	Flsner (Prog.).....	346
	Frazell (Rep.).....	2,722
Racine, 3rd district.....	Newell (Dem.).....	539
	Kamper (Prog.).....	225
	Runden (Rep.).....	1,686
Richland.....	Brindley (Rep.).....	1,521
	Thomson (Rep.).....	1,809
Rock, 1st district.....	Grassman (Rep.).....	3,372
	Murwin (Rep.).....	2,135
Rock, 2nd district.....	Engebretson (Rep.).....	2,717
Rusk, Sawyer.....	Gonia (Dem.).....	151
	Steinhilber (Dem.).....	175
	Emmons (Prog.).....	153
	Sybers (Prog.).....	440
	Christman (Rep.).....	1,126
	Garwood (Rep.).....	1,048
St. Croix.....	Kinney (Dem.).....	386
	Thompson (Prog.).....	320
	Karnes (Rep.).....	651
	Rundell (Rep.).....	922
Sauk.....	Towne (Dem.).....	168
	Meyer (Prog.).....	422
	Babington (Rep.).....	1,189
	Dithmar (Rep.).....	701
	Woerth (Rep.).....	1,822
	Klemm (Soc.).....	8
Shawano.....	Meisner (Dem.).....	199
	Ebert (Rep.).....	2,703
Sheboygan, 1st district.....	Theisen (Dem.).....	1,928
	Keppler (Rep.).....	3,592
	Kirst (Soc.).....	110
Sheboygan, 2nd district.....	Nametz (Dem.).....	534
	Larson (Rep.).....	2,736
	Boll (Soc.).....	48
Taylor.....	Poirier (Dem.).....	185
	Gamper (Prog.).....	104
	Nelson (Rep.).....	2,207
	Kreie (Soc.).....	46
Trempealeau.....	Tubbs (Dem.).....	109
	Tubbs (Prog.).....	495
	Brom (Rep.).....	849

PRIMARY VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN
BY DISTRICTS—Continued

September 1942

District	Candidates	Vote
Vernon.....	Skolos (Prog.).....	798
	Fowell, Jr. (Rep.).....	1,016
	Wheelock (Rep.).....	1,641
Walworth.....	Harmon (Dem.).....	234
	Hubbard (Prog.).....	119
	Rice (Rep.).....	4,669
Washington.....	Brandenburg (Dem.).....	60
	Schmitz (Rep.).....	2,190
Waukesha, 1st district.....	Schultz (Dem.).....	350
	Hasselkus (Prog.).....	212
	Sawyer (Rep.).....	1,245
	Todd (Rep.).....	1,316
	Woodhead (Rep.).....	1,536
Waukesha, 2nd district.....	Emslie (Prog.).....	138
	Ludvigsen (Rep.).....	3,234
Wapuca.....	Rode (Dem.).....	3
	Trambauer (Prog.).....	1
	Handrich (Rep.).....	1,143
	Rode (Rep.).....	328
	Spearbraker (Rep.).....	1,356
Winnebago, 1st district.....	Doule (Rep.).....	1,171
	Steinhilber (Rep.).....	1,887
	Tank (Rep.).....	2,213
Winnebago, 2nd district.....	Steffens (Dem.).....	721
	Fritzen (Rep.).....	2,497
Wood.....	Cummings (Prog.).....	419
	Leopold (Prog.).....	732
	Clark (Rep.).....	1,863

Parties and Elections

The General Election

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS

November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
ADAMS CO.						
Adams.....	7	62	28	1	0	0
Big Flats.....	8	36	18	0	1	1
Colburn.....	1	35	16	0	0	0
Dell Prairie.....	4	66	31	0	0	0
Easton.....	1	40	48	1	0	0
Jackson.....	3	43	23	1	0	0
Leola.....	0	20	9	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	1	51	27	0	0	0
Monroe.....	5	30	23	0	0	0
New Chester.....	0	50	22	0	1	0
New Haven.....	12	45	63	1	0	0
Preston.....	4	43	18	1	0	0
Quincy.....	2	48	36	0	0	0
Richfield.....	1	42	12	0	0	0
Rome.....	3	51	4	1	0	0
Springville.....	8	28	50	0	0	0
Strongs Prairie.....	7	129	58	3	0	0
Friendship, vil.....	12	105	60	1	0	0
Adams, city:						
1st ward.....	12	100	28	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	199	58	0	0	0
Totals.....	99	1,223	632	13	2	1
ASHLAND CO.						
Agenda.....	19	54	34	2	0	0
Ashland.....	18	142	66	0	5	0
Butternut.....	12	39	62	3	0	0
Gingles.....	12	88	30	0	0	0
Gordon.....	15	62	50	0	0	0
Jacobs.....	23	119	164	5	0	0
La Pointe.....	8	13	28	0	0	0
Marengo.....	8	86	32	0	0	0
Morse.....	19	120	45	0	0	0
Peeksville.....	6	22	33	1	0	0
Sanborn.....	23	55	35	0	0	0
Shanagolden.....	2	50	15	1	2	0
White River.....	13	94	61	0	10	0
Butternut, vil.....	21	94	61	1	1	0
Ashland, city:						
1st ward.....	13	248	99	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	45	236	137	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	24	213	207	2	1	0
4th ward.....	9	117	89	0	0	0
5th ward.....	23	174	154	2	0	0
6th ward.....	29	215	124	0	0	0
7th ward.....	34	256	74	0	0	0
8th ward.....	25	194	32	0	0	0
9th ward.....	19	234	32	0	0	0
10th ward.....	25	260	34	2	0	0
Mellen, city:						
1st ward.....	19	134	43	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	10	72	42	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	12	52	25	0	0	0
Totals.....	486	3,443	1,808	25	19	0
BARRON CO.						
Almena.....	8	145	61	0	0	0
Arland.....	3	160	58	1	0	0
Barron.....	2	138	60	1	0	0
Bear Lake.....	1	61	6	0	0	0
Cedar Lake.....	9	28	61	1	0	0
Chetek.....	9	123	48	0	0	0
Clinton.....	8	198	62	4	2	0
Crystal Lake.....	9	115	51	0	3	0
Cumberland.....	6	132	37	0	0	0
Dallas.....	1	132	36	0	0	0
Dovre.....	6	79	23	0	0	0
Doyle.....	5	76	16	0	0	0
Lakeland.....	2	79	21	2	0	0
Maple Grove.....	6	162	136	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
BARRON CO.—Cont.						
Maple Plain.....	6	69	13	3	0	0
Oak Grove.....	17	117	22	0	0	0
Prairie Farm.....	5	103	17	0	0	0
Prairie Lake.....	3	116	39	0	0	0
Rice Lake.....	1	91	18	2	0	0
Sioux Creek.....	6	105	20	0	0	0
Stanford.....	4	107	14	0	2	0
Stanley.....	2	80	46	1	0	0
Summer.....	9	163	31	1	0	0
Turtle Lake.....	6	83	29	3	0	0
Vance Creek.....	6	116	37	1	0	0
Cameron, vil.....	7	99	91	0	0	0
Dallas, vil.....	8	63	55	0	0	0
Haugen, vil.....	11	20	14	0	0	0
Prairie Farm, vil.....	5	59	16	0	0	0
Turtle Lake, vil.....	6	54	49	2	0	0
Barron, city.....	20	264	173	4	0	0
Chetek, city.....	8	166	142	0	0	0
Cumberland, city.....	22	180	128	1	0	0
Rice Lake, city:						
1st ward.....	8	69	56	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	45	43	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	9	67	102	1	0	0
4th ward.....	10	54	51	1	0	0
5th ward.....	5	72	43	0	0	0
6th ward.....	13	61	43	0	0	0
7th ward.....	10	63	10	1	0	0
8th ward.....	6	65	8	0	0	0
Totals.....	296	4,179	1,986	32	7	0
BAYFIELD CO.						
Barksdale.....	9	116	39	2	1	0
Barnes.....	4	35	28	0	0	0
Bayfield.....	7	101	45	0	0	0
Bayview.....	9	62	35	0	0	0
Bell.....	9	51	23	0	0	0
Cable.....	10	46	39	11	0	0
Clover.....	12	69	20	5	1	1
Delta.....	0	31	14	1	0	0
Drummond.....	14	118	46	0	0	0
Eileen.....	8	109	18	0	0	0
Hughes.....	3	29	8	0	0	0
Iron River.....	31	142	89	1	0	0
Kelley.....	17	89	39	1	0	0
Keystone.....	13	78	12	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	10	49	29	0	0	0
Mason.....	5	90	40	0	1	0
Namekagon.....	6	35	28	0	0	0
Orienta.....	2	38	26	0	1	0
Oulu.....	19	108	63	0	10	0
Pilsen.....	18	58	9	0	0	0
Port Wing.....	5	141	72	1	0	0
Pratt.....	8	68	54	2	0	0
Russell.....	11	72	32	0	0	0
Tripp.....	5	46	15	0	0	0
Washburn.....	1	75	8	4	0	0
Cable, vil.....	14	52	28	3	0	0
Mason, vil.....	1	20	29	0	0	0
Bayfield, city:						
1st ward.....	14	43	16	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	25	25	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	5	60	25	0	0	0
4th ward.....	2	23	33	0	0	0
Washburn, city:						
1st ward.....	16	115	96	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	61	34	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	3	49	25	0	0	0
4th ward.....	11	77	38	0	0	0
5th ward.....	4	62	46	1	0	0
6th ward.....	6	47	8	0	0	0
Totals.....	325	2,490	1,234	32	14	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
BROWN CO.						
Allouez.....	111	273	464	2	0	0
Ashwaubenon.....	30	63	68	0	0	0
Bellevue.....	39	53	26	0	0	0
De Pere.....	38	49	76	0	0	0
Eaton.....	109	56	25	0	0	0
Glenmore.....	29	62	72	1	0	0
Green Bay.....	20	28	53	0	0	0
Hobart.....	50	39	67	0	0	0
Holland.....	72	118	37	0	0	0
Howard.....	76	99	88	0	0	0
Humboldt.....	40	33	55	0	0	0
Lawrence.....	61	109	56	0	0	0
Morrison.....	37	84	115	0	0	0
New Denmark.....	76	147	98	0	0	0
Pittsfield.....	64	61	50	1	0	0
Preble:						
1st pct.....	55	99	93	1	0	0
2nd pct.....	107	161	111	5	0	0
Rockland.....	25	48	57	1	0	0
Scott.....	47	72	120	0	0	0
Suamico.....	55	50	113	0	1	0
Wrightstown.....	62	82	105	0	0	0
Denmark, vil.....	30	73	105	0	0	0
Pulaski, vil.....	103	51	63	1	0	0
Wrightstown, vil.....	46	51	38	2	0	0
De Pere, city:						
1st ward.....	91	178	244	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	139	156	153	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	127	180	216	2	0	0
4th ward.....	100	91	74	2	0	0
Green Bay, city:						
1st ward.....	65	140	385	2	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	100	224	448	10	0	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	147	202	162	7	1	0
3rd ward.....	111	187	321	2	1	0
4th ward.....	91	198	276	0	0	0
5th ward.....	167	317	196	2	0	0
6th ward.....	48	122	107	2	0	0
7th ward.....	89	114	144	2	0	0
8th ward.....	106	227	180	0	0	0
9th ward.....	70	159	89	4	0	0
10th ward.....	130	178	109	0	1	0
11th ward, 1st pct.....	131	173	81	1	0	0
11th ward, 2nd pct.....	90	92	30	3	0	0
12th ward.....	70	153	79	1	0	0
13th ward.....	99	237	161	0	0	0
14th ward.....	130	311	142	1	0	0
15th ward.....	80	183	252	2	1	0
16th ward.....	90	227	216	4	0	0
17th ward.....	135	266	283	2	0	0
18th ward.....	55	196	108	3	0	0
19th ward.....	70	223	84	2	0	0
20th ward.....	168	341	175	5	0	0
21st ward.....	130	240	129	5	1	0
22nd ward.....	117	251	215	3	0	0
Totals.....	4,328	7,527	7,223	85	6	2
BUFFALO CO.						
Alma.....	0	145	34	2	0	0
Belvidere.....	3	62	38	0	0	0
Buffalo.....	7	36	58	0	0	0
Canton.....	2	62	55	0	0	0
Cross.....	3	40	26	0	0	0
Dover.....	3	69	55	0	0	0
Gilmanston.....	4	148	81	0	0	0
Glencoe.....	3	41	33	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	1	113	33	0	0	0
Maxville.....	2	85	24	1	0	0
Milton.....	2	23	25	0	1	0
Modena.....	2	166	45	2	0	0
Mondovi.....	5	94	54	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
BUFFALO CO.—Cont.						
Montana.....	0	41	22	0	0	0
Naples.....	1	105	54	0	0	0
Nelson.....	9	175	80	7	0	0
Waumandee.....	5	42	53	0	0	0
Cochrane, vil.....	5	80	156	0	0	0
Alma, city:						
1st ward.....	2	125	45	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	57	27	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	6	81	51	1	0	0
Buffalo, city.....	5	32	35	0	1	0
Fountain City, city:						
1st ward.....	2	34	64	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	4	77	57	0	0	0
Mondovi, city:						
1st ward.....	7	133	115	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	2	117	96	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	3	80	35	0	0	0
4th ward.....	2	21	25	0	0	0
Totals.....	97	2,284	1,476	17	2	0
BURNETT CO.						
Anderson.....	3	75	22	1	2	0
Blaine.....	4	30	3	0	0	0
Daniels.....	5	121	43	2	0	0
Dewey.....	2	64	31	0	0	0
Grantsburg.....	6	84	34	1	3	0
Jackson.....	1	22	12	0	0	0
La Follette.....	8	55	19	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	1	28	21	1	0	0
Meenon.....	10	76	41	0	0	0
Oakland.....	6	59	33	1	1	0
Roosevelt.....	0	32	14	0	0	0
Rusk.....	1	25	27	0	0	1
Sand Lake.....	3	31	16	0	0	0
Scott.....	1	29	11	2	0	0
Siren.....	9	186	72	2	0	0
Swiss.....	22	83	23	2	0	0
Trade Lake.....	6	169	64	2	0	0
Union.....	0	22	35	0	0	0
Webb Lake.....	2	18	15	0	0	0
West Marshland.....	4	37	6	0	0	0
Wood River.....	9	137	66	1	1	0
Grantsburg, vil.....	5	152	132	2	0	0
Webster, vil.....	2	118	37	0	1	0
Totals.....	110	1,653	777	17	8	1
CALUMET CO.						
Brillion.....	43	68	158	6	0	0
Brothertown.....	16	106	107	1	0	0
Charlestown.....	45	147	104	2	0	0
Chilton.....	42	52	137	2	0	0
Harrison.....	187	175	155	0	0	1
New Holstein.....	29	79	57	0	1	0
Rantoul.....	25	59	192	3	0	0
Stockbridge.....	49	95	93	5	0	0
Woodville.....	81	40	127	3	0	0
Brillion, vil.....	31	102	196	5	1	0
Hilbert, vil.....	13	44	106	3	0	0
Stockbridge, vil.....	27	43	40	1	0	0
Chilton, city:						
1st pct.....	74	198	184	4	0	0
2nd pct.....	50	173	152	3	0	0
Kiel, city:						
2nd pct.....	10	8	19	0	0	0
New Holstein, city.....	74	249	160	2	0	0
Totals.....	796	1,638	1,987	40	2	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
CHIPPEWA CO.						
Anson.....	8	97	173	0	0	0
Arthur.....	10	102	79	1	0	0
Auburn.....	7	52	21	1	0	0
Birch Creek.....	6	59	44	1	0	0
Bloomer.....	5	96	76	0	0	0
Cleveland.....	3	88	44	1	0	0
Colburn.....	16	147	71	0	0	0
Cooks Valley.....	1	56	45	0	0	0
Delmar.....	14	129	78	3	0	0
Eagle Point.....	7	180	108	0	1	0
Edson.....	7	124	81	2	0	0
Estella.....	9	61	37	0	0	0
Goetz.....	12	79	79	0	1	0
Hallie.....	10	103	89	0	0	0
Holcombe.....	10	61	60	0	0	0
Höward.....	5	71	43	1	0	0
Lafayette.....	12	132	134	0	0	0
Ruby.....	14	84	40	1	2	0
Sampson.....	10	84	59	0	0	0
Sigel.....	8	50	39	0	0	0
Tilden.....	7	78	69	0	0	0
Wheaton.....	11	121	70	0	0	0
Woodmohr.....	3	56	85	0	0	0
Boyd, vil.....	12	102	65	0	0	0
Cadott, vil.....	12	76	89	0	0	0
Cornell, vil.....	36	206	129	0	0	0
New Auburn, vil.....	6	53	34	0	1	0
Bloomer, city.....	24	209	313	1	0	0
Chippewa Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	10	189	132	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	20	188	153	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	15	118	141	2	0	0
4th ward.....	7	95	137	0	0	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	24	147	169	1	0	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	13	88	178	0	0	0
6th ward.....	17	105	130	0	0	0
7th ward.....	10	98	131	0	1	0
8th ward.....	17	145	160	1	1	0
9th ward.....	7	111	84	1	0	0
10th ward.....	13	116	107	0	0	0
Stanley, city:						
1st ward.....	18	75	88	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	74	81	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	6	51	70	2	0	0
4th ward.....	12	74	66	0	0	0
Totals.....	480	4,430	4,081	22	7	0
CLARK CO.						
Beaver.....	2	76	50	1	1	0
Butler.....	4	27	13	0	0	0
Colby.....	6	52	62	0	1	0
Dewhurst.....	2	12	20	0	0	0
Eaton.....	9	76	69	0	0	0
Foster.....	1	20	3	0	0	0
Fremont.....	4	105	99	2	0	0
Grant.....	5	175	52	0	0	0
Green Grove.....	1	92	36	1	0	0
Hendren.....	21	240	41	7	1	0
Hewett.....	2	14	32	0	0	0
Hixon.....	12	161	50	0	0	0
Hoard.....	7	115	68	1	0	0
Levis.....	7	110	63	0	0	0
Longwood.....	10	136	63	1	1	0
Loyal.....	7	62	114	0	0	0
Lynn.....	3	99	77	0	0	0
Mayville.....	5	91	46	5	2	1
Mead.....	2	53	3	0	0	0
Mentor.....	5	66	64	1	0	0
Pine Valley.....	2	147	60	1	0	0
Reseburg.....	17	120	29	0	1	0
Seif.....	0	48	15	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
CLARK CO.—Cont.						
Sherman.....	1	55	54	0	0	0
Sherwood.....	3	38	12	1	0	0
Thorp.....	39	156	44	2	0	0
Unity.....	3	67	98	1	0	0
Warner.....	4	67	55	2	1	0
Washburn.....	2	77	34	1	0	0
Weston.....	2	167	42	0	0	0
Withee.....	36	146	26	1	2	1
Worden.....	12	81	80	0	0	0
York.....	5	162	61	1	1	0
Abbotsford, vil.	6	48	74	3	0	0
Curtiss, vil.	2	13	37	0	0	0
Dorchester, vil.	3	33	51	2	0	0
Granton, vil.	8	42	38	0	0	0
Loyal, vil.	15	99	94	0	0	0
Thorp, vil.	39	147	72	0	0	0
Unity, vil.	4	4	21	2	0	0
Withee, vil.	7	79	43	0	3	0
Colby, city:						
2nd ward.....	2	19	60	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	9	22	37	0	0	0
Greenwood, city:	14	74	104	0	0	0
Neillsville, city:						
1st ward.....	8	122	66	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	94	117	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	2	82	103	2	0	0
4th ward.....	3	77	68	1	0	0
Owen, city:						
1st ward.....	5	13	15	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	2	32	36	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	2	38	27	0	0	0
4th ward.....	5	69	27	1	0	0
Totals.....	383	4,220	2,707	45	13	2
COLUMBIA CO.						
Arlington.....	10	147	39	1	0	0
Caledonia.....	16	73	54	1	0	0
Columbus.....	7	107	27	0	0	0
Courtland.....	12	36	47	0	0	0
Dekorra.....	11	160	71	1	0	0
Fort Winnebago.....	13	84	28	0	0	0
Fountain Prairie.....	9	80	33	0	0	0
Hampden.....	7	173	15	3	0	0
Leeds.....	1	218	22	0	0	0
Lewiston.....	7	62	49	0	1	0
Lodi.....	11	116	30	1	0	0
Lowville.....	12	94	36	0	0	0
Marcellon.....	7	55	59	3	0	0
Newport.....	4	70	18	1	0	0
Otego.....	8	131	53	1	0	0
Pacific.....	8	37	18	0	0	0
Randolph.....	15	77	117	0	0	0
Scott.....	3	60	41	0	0	0
Springvale.....	6	57	27	0	0	0
West Point.....	5	115	24	4	0	0
Wyoceña.....	4	90	45	0	0	0
Cambria, vil.	17	69	118	0	0	0
Doylestown, vil.	10	33	36	1	0	0
Fall River, vil.	7	61	31	0	0	0
Pardeeville, vil.	15	176	125	1	0	0
Poynette, vil.	30	205	73	1	0	0
Randolph, vil.						
west ward.....	13	23	64	0	0	0
Rio, vil.	5	152	80	1	0	0
Wyoceña, vil.	5	62	30	1	0	0
Columbus, city:						
1st ward.....	13	136	145	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	171	82	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	26	132	111	3	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
COLUMBIA CO.—Cont.						
Lodi, city:						
1st ward.....	8	119	51	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	110	30	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	11	97	21	0	0	0
Portage, city:						
1st ward.....	8	101	39	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	31	214	111	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	21	121	138	0	0	0
4th ward.....	33	216	220	6	0	0
5th ward.....	41	397	191	0	1	0
Wisconsin Dells, city:						
1st ward.....	11	77	62	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	5	78	82	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	12	60	62	1	0	0
Totals.....	514	4,852	2,755	37	2	1
CRAWFORD CO.						
Bridgeport.....	17	26	57	0	0	0
Clayton.....	102	182	196	0	0	0
Eastman.....	87	31	127	1	0	0
Freeman.....	40	82	178	0	0	0
Haney.....	32	56	47	2	0	0
Marietta.....	57	100	53	0	0	0
Prairie du Chien.....	44	31	79	0	0	0
Scott.....	54	78	60	3	0	0
Seneca.....	130	60	139	1	0	0
Utica.....	40	198	143	0	0	0
Wauzeka.....	24	86	35	2	0	0
Bell Center, vil.....	11	21	31	0	0	0
De Soto, vil.....	4	5	11	0	0	0
Eastman, vil.....	32	9	77	1	0	0
Ferryville, vil.....	25	27	45	0	0	0
Gays Mills, vil.....	30	74	106	1	0	0
Lynxville, vil.....	7	23	34	1	0	0
Mt. Sterling, vil.....	11	56	40	0	0	0
Soldiers Grove, vil.....	15	108	116	1	0	0
Steuben, vil.....	18	42	32	0	0	0
Wauzeka, vil.....	25	68	85	3	0	0
Prairie du Chien, city:						
1st ward.....	67	25	95	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	58	45	135	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	62	41	143	5	0	0
4th ward.....	58	25	58	1	0	0
5th ward.....	82	49	76	1	0	0
6th ward.....	91	42	113	0	0	0
7th ward.....	92	49	111	0	0	0
8th ward.....	78	36	99	3	1	0
Totals.....	1,393	1,675	2,521	28	1	0
DANE CO.						
Albion.....	16	396	97	5	0	0
Berry.....	8	173	41	0	0	0
Black Earth.....	1	65	31	0	0	0
Blooming Grove:						
1st district.....	14	808	116	0	0	0
2nd district.....	11	268	7	2	1	0
Blue Mounds.....	1	171	36	0	0	0
Bristol.....	10	215	39	1	0	0
Burke.....	16	665	90	0	0	0
Christiana.....	7	299	49	0	0	0
Cottage Grove.....	7	240	43	1	0	0
Cross Plains.....	12	239	32	7	0	0
Dane.....	8	153	43	0	0	0
Deerfield.....	2	165	32	0	0	0
Dunkirk.....	12	284	41	2	0	0
Dunn.....	4	312	44	1	0	0
Fitchburg.....	13	284	91	4	0	0
Madison.....	46	1,150	279	8	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
DANE CO.—Cont.						
Mazomanie.....	9	70	36	0	0	0
Medina.....	6	124	38	2	0	0
Middleton.....	13	287	96	6	0	0
Montrose.....	12	164	36	1	0	0
Oregon.....	11	160	19	0	0	0
Perry.....	4	194	27	0	0	0
Pleasant Springs.....	10	268	72	0	0	0
Primrose.....	1	153	19	0	0	0
Roxbury.....	2	185	18	4	0	0
Rutland.....	8	226	33	0	0	0
Springdale.....	9	216	46	5	0	0
Springfield.....	6	256	57	2	0	0
Sun Prairie.....	10	184	53	0	0	0
Vermont.....	5	147	35	0	0	0
Verona.....	12	159	52	1	0	0
Vienna.....	2	184	36	0	0	0
Westport.....	21	417	99	1	0	0
Windsor.....	5	318	66	1	0	0
York.....	11	151	43	2	0	0
Belleville, vil.....	17	108	62	0	0	0
Black Earth, vil.....	5	160	42	1	0	0
Blue Mounds, vil.....	4	52	21	1	0	0
Brooklyn, vil.....	2	39	8	0	0	0
Cambridge, vil.....	6	151	48	4	0	0
Cottage Grove, vil.....	10	93	23	1	0	0
Cross Plains, vil.....	11	80	26	1	0	0
Dane, vil.....	9	77	28	0	0	0
Deerfield, vil.....	15	159	60	3	1	0
De Forest, vil.....	11	182	51	2	0	0
Maple Bluff, vil.....	17	192	251	0	0	0
Marshall, vil.....	3	104	60	0	0	0
Mazomanie, vil.....	27	183	81	0	0	0
McFarland, vil.....	4	158	16	0	0	0
Middleton, vil.....	28	324	107	7	0	0
Monona, vil.....	5	297	55	1	0	0
Mount Horeb, vil.....	18	494	202	1	0	0
Oregon, vil.....	11	288	99	2	0	0
Rockdale, vil.....	1	54	16	1	0	0
Shorewood, vil.....	24	257	153	6	0	0
Sun Prairie, vil.....	38	358	190	7	1	0
Verona, vil.....	8	166	59	1	0	0
Waunakee, vil.....	26	196	68	0	0	0
Madison, city:						
1st ward.....	70	753	346	7	3	1
2nd ward.....	45	846	231	4	0	0
3rd ward.....	43	645	192	2	1	0
4th ward.....	60	871	267	5	1	1
5th ward.....	44	704	154	2	0	0
6th ward.....	34	773	207	3	3	0
7th ward.....	41	438	221	3	0	0
8th ward.....	49	849	153	2	0	0
9th ward.....	23	686	74	4	1	2
10th ward.....	54	596	397	8	0	0
11th ward.....	37	830	154	9	0	0
12th ward.....	26	489	124	9	0	0
13th ward.....	55	703	424	4	0	0
14th ward.....	38	647	142	2	0	0
15th ward.....	34	837	177	3	0	0
16th ward.....	44	1,050	264	7	1	0
17th ward.....	22	721	79	2	0	0
18th ward.....	46	1,164	194	8	0	0
19th ward.....	43	650	391	11	0	0
20th ward.....	77	850	575	14	0	0
Stoughton, city:						
1st ward.....	8	253	71	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	9	436	62	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	9	374	60	1	0	0
4th ward.....	21	307	164	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,577	30,394	8,841	207	11	4

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
DODGE CO.						
Ashippun.....	20	93	143	0	0	0
Beaver Dam.....	74	89	91	4	0	0
Burnett.....	32	141	58	1	0	0
Calamus.....	19	71	70	0	0	0
Chester.....	10	84	28	1	0	0
Clyman.....	34	108	62	2	0	0
Elba.....	30	101	70	1	0	0
Emmet.....	48	92	71	0	0	0
Fox Lake.....	22	38	123	1	0	0
Herman.....	31	119	88	4	1	0
Hubbard.....	29	93	75	7	0	0
Hustisford.....	26	83	67	4	0	0
Lebanon.....	38	136	64	5	0	0
LeRoy.....	58	113	127	3	0	0
Lomira.....	44	121	131	2	0	0
Lowell.....	21	93	100	2	0	0
Oak Grove.....	51	185	142	2	0	0
Portland.....	13	71	74	1	0	0
Rubicon.....	45	73	75	1	0	0
Shields.....	22	72	34	0	1	0
Theresa.....	38	71	67	13	0	0
Trenton.....	30	79	124	4	0	0
Westford.....	37	60	63	1	0	0
Williamstown.....	24	103	80	1	0	0
Clyman.....	6	27	29	0	0	0
Hustisford.....	13	81	97	1	0	0
Iron Ridge.....	9	51	32	1	0	0
Lomira.....	17	89	71	0	0	0
Lowell.....	15	59	32	0	0	0
Neosho.....	13	65	12	0	0	0
Randolph.....	36	76	89	0	0	0
Reeseville.....	20	72	48	0	0	0
Theresa.....	14	54	37	0	0	0
Beaver Dam, city:						
1st ward.....	37	53	39	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	36	110	58	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	32	86	37	2	0	0
4th ward.....	43	81	77	1	1	0
5th ward.....	36	94	74	1	0	0
6th ward.....	38	146	81	3	0	0
7th ward.....	33	113	124	5	0	1
8th ward.....	32	103	164	1	0	0
9th ward.....	42	94	126	0	0	0
10th ward.....	23	92	114	1	0	0
11th ward.....	42	104	141	1	0	0
12th ward.....	32	120	83	2	0	0
13th ward.....	33	131	79	2	0	0
14th ward.....	40	152	102	4	0	0
Fox Lake, city:						
1st ward.....	26	30	54	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	23	44	75	2	1	0
3rd ward.....	33	50	79	0	0	1
Horicon, city:						
1st ward.....	22	216	71	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	26	167	92	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	21	234	121	3	0	1
Juneau, city:						
1st ward.....	32	108	54	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	23	84	52	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	13	107	62	2	0	0
Mayville, city:						
1st ward.....	31	146	76	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	18	54	61	5	0	0
3rd ward.....	43	193	153	5	0	0
Watertown, city:						
5th ward.....	27	102	69	1	0	0
6th ward.....	17	122	37	2	0	0
13th ward.....	24	115	47	2	0	0
14th ward.....	28	111	50	2	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
DODGE CO.—Cont.						
Waupun, city:						
1st ward.....	30	118	111	0	1	0
2nd ward.....	25	159	105	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	16	90	42	0	0	0
4th ward.....	21	104	59	2	1	0
Totals.....	1,937	6,696	5,248	121	6	3
DOOR CO.						
Baileys Harbor.....	10	74	61	2	0	0
Brussels.....	19	116	50	0	0	0
Clay Banks.....	9	52	23	1	0	0
Egg Harbor.....	19	84	50	1	0	0
Forestville.....	23	94	136	1	0	0
Gardner.....	9	63	46	0	0	0
Gibraltar.....	8	63	77	3	0	0
Jacksonport.....	7	56	63	0	0	0
Liberty Grove.....	9	117	95	3	0	0
Nasewaupée.....	10	134	59	4	1	0
Sevastopol.....	13	110	110	1	1	0
Sturgeon Bay.....	5	48	32	0	0	0
Union.....	6	118	27	0	0	0
Washington.....	4	38	78	1	0	0
Ephraim, vil.....	3	18	57	0	0	0
Sister Bay, vil.....	3	61	31	1	0	0
Sturgeon Bay, city:						
1st ward.....	36	132	109	1	0	2
2nd ward.....	19	84	120	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	19	108	112	0	0	0
4th ward.....	34	112	97	1	0	0
Totals.....	265	1,582	1,433	20	2	2
DOUGLAS CO.						
Amnicon.....	16	92	47	0	0	0
Bennett.....	18	52	39	3	1	0
Brule.....	24	125	48	0	8	0
Cloverland.....	6	78	36	1	0	0
Dairyland.....	3	63	27	1	1	0
Gordon.....	15	102	34	0	0	0
Hawthorne.....	15	118	60	2	0	0
Highland.....	8	19	10	0	0	0
Lakeside.....	12	98	46	2	2	0
Maple.....	18	77	45	0	2	0
Oakland.....	10	82	35	3	1	0
Parkland.....	25	179	52	3	0	0
Solon Springs.....	17	53	40	2	0	0
Summit.....	29	99	29	0	0	0
Superior:						
1st pct.....	24	198	71	4	0	0
2nd pct.....	11	72	23	0	0	0
Wascott.....	2	52	40	0	1	0
Lake Nebagamon, vil.....	14	51	52	0	0	0
Oliver, vil.....	10	44	8	1	0	0
Poplar, vil.....	17	54	69	0	0	0
Solon Springs, vil.....	12	62	34	3	0	0
Superior, city:						
1st ward.....	111	352	126	6	1	0
2nd ward.....	84	317	163	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	52	253	151	4	0	0
4th ward.....	42	258	81	4	0	1
5th ward.....	35	192	41	5	0	0
6th ward.....	96	278	61	4	5	1
7th ward.....	85	276	104	4	0	0
8th ward.....	60	260	49	2	2	0
9th ward.....	62	266	79	2	0	0
10th ward.....	70	242	113	3	0	0
11th ward.....	65	288	236	1	1	0
12th ward.....	113	266	200	2	0	0
13th ward.....	59	260	85	6	1	0
14th ward.....	44	308	224	0	0	0
15th ward.....	59	291	237	2	1	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
DOUGLAS CO.—Cont.						
Superior, city—Cont.						
16th ward.....	38	232	148	3	0	0
17th ward.....	89	327	105	0	0	0
18th ward.....	88	260	104	1	2	2
19th ward, east pct.....	33	150	97	2	0	0
19th ward, west pct.....	67	168	104	4	1	0
20th ward, east pct.....	16	94	34	1	1	0
20th ward, west pct.....	158	289	42	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,832	7,397	3,429	82	31	5
DUNN CO.						
Colfax.....	9	137	34	1	0	0
Dunn.....	2	75	84	0	0	0
Eau Claire.....	5	98	78	0	0	0
Elk Mound.....	1	54	51	0	0	0
Grant.....	1	102	33	1	0	0
Hay River.....	7	74	45	0	0	0
Lucas.....	6	49	52	0	0	0
Menomonie.....	5	124	137	2	0	0
New Haven.....	14	74	62	0	0	0
Otter Creek.....	3	70	19	0	0	0
Peru.....	2	38	19	0	0	0
Red Cedar.....	2	92	91	2	0	2
Rock Creek.....	6	67	44	0	0	0
Sand Creek.....	1	90	50	0	0	0
Sheridan.....	6	76	28	1	0	0
Sherman.....	0	42	46	1	0	0
Spring Brook.....	12	120	80	0	0	0
Stanton.....	10	60	68	0	0	2
Tainter.....	2	67	41	6	0	0
Tiffany.....	3	79	43	0	0	0
Weston.....	4	89	56	0	0	0
Wilson.....	2	109	29	0	0	1
Boyceville, vil.....	11	52	77	0	0	0
Colfax, vil.....	6	153	102	0	0	0
Downing, vil.....	8	21	40	1	0	0
Elk Mound, vil.....	4	31	59	0	0	0
Knapp, vil.....	12	59	39	0	0	0
Ridgeland, vil.....	0	38	23	0	0	1
Wheeler, vil.....	5	45	28	0	0	0
Menomonie, city:						
1st ward.....	19	126	101	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	155	176	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	8	120	129	0	0	0
4th ward.....	7	153	140	1	0	1
5th ward.....	8	133	194	1	1	1
6th ward.....	13	117	152	0	0	0
Totals.....	220	2,989	2,450	17	1	8
EAU CLAIRE CO.						
Bridge Creek.....	5	67	72	0	0	0
Brunswick.....	8	54	38	2	0	0
Clear Creek.....	3	62	48	2	0	0
Drammen.....	1	79	37	0	0	0
Fairchild.....	1	32	33	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	4	115	35	0	0	0
Ludington.....	4	111	44	3	0	0
Otter Creek.....	3	47	35	1	0	0
Pleasant Valley.....	7	91	93	0	0	0
Seymour.....	5	157	70	0	0	0
Union.....	4	152	120	3	0	0
Washington.....	8	142	115	1	0	0
Wilson.....	3	34	56	0	0	0
Fairchild, vil.....	11	75	59	0	0	0
Fall Creek, vil.....	2	128	46	2	1	0
Altoona, city:						
1st ward.....	1	72	28	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	5	139	49	3	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
EAU CLAIRE CO.—Cont.						
Augusta, city:						
1st ward.....	0	19	22	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	5	53	44	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	1	35	39	1	0	0
4th ward.....	0	31	39	0	0	0
Eau Claire, city:						
1st ward.....	9	185	116	0	1	0
2nd ward.....	36	298	246	2	0	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	19	345	606	0	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	7	304	248	0	0	0
4th ward.....	13	157	48	4	0	0
5th ward.....	39	237	302	13	0	0
6th ward.....	54	293	331	2	1	0
7th ward.....	30	253	197	1	0	0
8th ward.....	6	287	189	4	0	0
9th ward.....	35	659	341	2	0	0
10th ward.....	53	725	317	5	5	0
Totals.....	382	5,438	4,063	55	8	0
FLORENCE CO.						
Aurora.....	34	68	59	1	0	1
Commonwealth.....	15	44	20	0	0	0
Fence.....	10	32	24	0	0	0
Fern.....	8	15	13	0	0	0
Florence.....	46	96	170	0	1	1
Homstead.....	8	40	37	0	1	0
Long Lake.....	14	23	11	0	0	0
Tipler.....	13	16	16	1	0	0
Totals.....	148	334	350	2	2	2
FOND DU LAC CO.						
Alto.....	4	39	97	1	0	0
Ashford.....	13	142	123	1	2	0
Auburn.....	20	93	110	2	1	0
Byron.....	46	108	119	0	0	0
Calumet.....	31	81	81	3	0	0
Eden.....	48	107	97	0	0	0
Eldorado.....	19	133	71	3	0	0
Empire.....	33	90	90	0	0	0
Fond du Lac.....	37	136	135	2	0	0
Forest.....	33	83	72	0	0	0
Friendship.....	14	116	92	1	0	0
Lamartine.....	42	102	84	0	0	0
Marshfield.....	44	124	70	2	0	0
Metomen.....	11	49	62	0	0	0
Oakfield.....	12	55	43	0	0	0
Osceola.....	44	86	87	0	0	0
Ripon.....	18	47	97	0	0	0
Rosendale.....	11	45	69	1	0	0
Springvale.....	28	53	47	0	0	0
Taycheedah.....	59	166	92	4	0	0
Waupun.....	19	48	75	2	0	0
Brandon, vil.....	19	111	96	2	0	2
Campbellsport, vil.....	26	86	254	2	0	0
Eden, vil.....	16	40	22	0	0	0
Fairwater, vil.....	4	17	31	0	0	0
North Fond du Lac, vil.....	43	345	84	1	0	0
Oakfield, vil.....	23	60	79	2	0	0
Rosendale, vil.....	6	35	46	0	0	0
St. Cloud, vil.....	7	40	17	0	0	0
Fond du Lac, city:						
1st ward.....	34	109	53	1	1	1
2nd ward.....	48	144	72	2	3	0
3rd ward.....	44	175	154	1	1	0
4th ward.....	53	109	105	9	0	0
5th ward.....	56	146	88	1	2	0
6th ward.....	92	135	96	3	2	0
7th ward.....	43	131	145	3	0	0
8th ward.....	71	248	231	8	1	0
9th ward.....	60	175	119	6	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
FOND DU LAC Co.—Cont.						
Fond du Lac, city—Cont.						
10th ward.....	68	156	135	4	0	0
11th ward.....	51	86	163	1	0	0
12th ward.....	54	96	164	2	1	0
13th ward.....	51	106	141	2	1	0
14th ward.....	49	112	187	4	0	0
15th ward.....	42	141	179	3	0	0
16th ward.....	33	150	176	5	1	0
17th ward.....	62	129	167	1	0	0
18th ward.....	30	95	161	0	0	1
19th ward.....	31	91	203	2	0	1
20th ward.....	62	165	209	0	1	0
21st ward.....	36	165	143	7	0	0
Ripon, city:						
1st ward.....	23	81	94	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	27	169	216	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	29	100	195	0	0	0
4th ward.....	49	145	203	4	0	0
Waupun, city:						
5th ward.....	12	59	39	0	0	0
6th ward.....	32	188	115	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,972	6,333	6,395	107	17	5
FOREST CO.						
Alvin.....	30	25	23	0	0	0
Argonne.....	33	133	18	1	2	0
Armstrong Creek.....	66	94	30	2	0	1
Blackwell.....	21	13	8	0	0	0
Caswell.....	12	27	18	0	0	0
Crandon.....	43	42	32	1	0	0
Freedom.....	16	16	24	0	0	0
Hiles.....	24	35	32	0	0	1
Laona.....	136	187	81	2	0	0
Lincoln.....	29	38	27	1	0	0
Nashville.....	71	79	61	3	0	0
Popple River.....	14	12	7	0	0	0
Ross.....	19	41	14	2	0	0
Wabeno.....	106	190	107	6	1	1
Crandon, city:						
1st ward.....	27	115	45	1	1	1
2nd ward.....	11	29	15	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	32	111	49	2	0	0
4th ward.....	20	30	36	1	1	0
5th ward.....	26	49	36	7	0	0
Totals.....	736	1,266	663	29	5	4
GRANT CO.						
Beetown.....	35	162	107	0	3	0
Bloomington.....	16	104	86	2	0	0
Boscobel.....	6	32	21	0	0	1
Cassville.....	11	67	60	1	0	0
Castle Rock.....	38	109	22	0	0	0
Clifton.....	9	149	71	0	0	0
Ellenboro.....	5	138	82	1	1	1
Fennimore.....	32	210	45	0	0	0
Glen Haven.....	47	80	104	0	0	0
Harrison.....	31	66	102	1	1	1
Hazel Green.....	42	63	88	2	1	0
Hickory Grove.....	13	97	43	2	0	0
Jamestown.....	135	72	160	0	0	0
Liberty.....	23	170	85	2	0	0
Lima.....	18	130	120	0	0	0
Little Grant.....	24	70	68	0	0	0
Marion.....	14	76	23	4	0	0
Millville.....	8	17	51	1	1	0
Mt. Hope.....	23	69	69	0	0	0
Mt. Ida.....	20	132	71	0	0	0
Muscoda.....	14	52	24	0	0	0
North Lancaster.....	14	114	69	1	0	0
Paris.....	31	65	131	2	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
GRANT CO.—Cont.						
Patch Grove.....	21	58	91	0	0	0
Platteville.....	9	80	110	0	1	0
Potosi.....	24	104	139	2	0	0
Smelser.....	23	52	139	2	1	0
South Lancaster.....	18	175	93	0	0	0
Waterloo.....	7	125	92	0	0	0
Watterstown.....	11	56	23	1	1	0
Wingville.....	8	127	39	1	2	0
Woodman.....	13	57	40	0	0	0
Wyalusing.....	21	49	90	3	0	0
Bagley, vil.....	7	48	60	0	0	0
Bloomington, vil.....	43	79	158	1	0	0
Blue River, vil.....	16	97	39	1	2	0
Cassville, vil.....	26	180	130	4	0	0
Hazel Green, vil.....	15	43	84	0	0	0
Livingston, vil.....	5	86	122	2	0	0
Montfort, vil.....	16	112	76	1	0	0
Mt. Hope, vil.....	24	27	64	0	0	0
Muscoda, vil.....	36	186	54	1	0	0
Patch Grove, vil.....	15	28	47	1	0	0
Potosi, vil.....	10	69	84	0	0	0
Tennyson, vil.....	13	32	17	0	0	1
Woodman, vil.....	1	41	7	0	0	0
Boscobel, city:						
1st ward.....	14	134	46	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	119	56	0	2	0
3rd ward.....	24	111	33	1	0	0
4th ward.....	9	102	54	0	1	0
Cuba City, city:						
1st ward.....	13	33	65	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	17	27	60	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	15	39	35	1	0	0
4th ward.....	9	30	39	1	0	0
Fennimore, city:						
1st ward.....	9	94	35	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	10	113	46	1	0	1
3rd ward.....	7	87	28	1	0	0
4th ward.....	9	108	44	0	0	0
Lancaster, city:						
1st ward.....	9	149	86	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	23	185	127	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	20	229	153	0	0	0
4th ward.....	9	224	91	2	0	0
Platteville, city:						
1st ward.....	21	166	226	2	1	0
2nd ward.....	44	205	287	5	0	0
3rd ward.....	23	151	242	0	0	0
4th ward.....	27	122	147	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,319	6,583	5,400	59	18	5
GREEN CO.						
Adams.....	14	115	34	1	0	0
Albany.....	6	84	52	0	0	0
Brooklyn.....	4	104	35	1	0	0
Cadiz.....	9	85	78	1	0	0
Clarno.....	7	105	105	3	0	0
Decatur.....	9	79	30	1	0	0
Exeter.....	10	142	16	0	0	0
Jefferson.....	13	190	92	0	0	0
Jordan.....	12	110	38	0	1	0
Monroe.....	19	117	51	0	0	0
Mt. Pleasant.....	9	83	44	3	0	0
New Glarus.....	3	134	13	0	0	0
Spring Grove.....	8	84	37	1	0	0
Sylvester.....	3	54	64	0	0	0
Washington.....	7	97	47	3	0	0
York.....	1	162	42	3	0	0
Albany, vil.....	12	114	120	0	1	1
Brooklyn, vil.....	6	76	23	1	0	0
Browtown, vil.....	5	45	37	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
GREEN CO.—Cont.						
Monticello, vil.	1	123	99	3	0	0
New Glarus, vil.	18	281	61	4	0	0
Brodhead, city:						
1st ward	16	127	126	0	0	0
2nd ward	21	139	128	1	0	0
Monroe, city:						
1st ward	32	291	313	4	0	0
2nd ward	18	268	233	0	0	0
3rd ward	14	215	120	3	0	0
4th ward	15	243	162	4	0	0
Totals	292	3,667	2,200	37	2	1
GREEN LAKE CO.						
Berlin	25	16	64	0	0	0
Brooklyn	21	108	174	3	0	0
Green Lake	13	106	66	0	0	0
Kingston	10	53	78	0	0	0
Mackford	9	63	50	0	0	0
Manchester	4	99	41	1	0	0
Marquette	4	62	52	3	0	0
Princeton	52	96	64	1	0	0
St. Marie	26	33	25	0	0	0
Seneca	19	36	32	0	0	0
Green Lake, vil.	30	58	143	0	0	0
Kingston, vil.	7	41	53	0	0	0
Markesan, vil.	24	109	186	2	0	0
Berlin, city:						
1st ward	70	78	108	0	0	0
2nd ward	57	126	150	1	2	0
3rd ward	53	82	121	0	0	0
4th ward	65	44	63	0	0	0
5th ward	36	69	66	0	0	0
Princeton, city:						
1st ward	10	106	91	3	0	0
2nd ward	12	94	71	0	0	0
3rd ward	37	62	29	1	0	0
Totals	584	1,541	1,727	15	2	0
IOWA CO.						
Arena	5	200	76	0	0	0
Brigham	10	265	53	2	0	0
Clyde	15	160	22	0	0	0
Dodgeville	11	310	83	5	1	0
Eden	19	62	45	1	1	0
Highland	32	214	64	1	0	0
Linden	10	155	75	2	0	0
Miffin	3	78	93	1	1	0
Mineral Point	23	142	104	1	0	0
Moscow	3	196	64	0	0	0
Pulaski	9	93	36	0	0	0
Ridgeway	9	174	44	0	0	0
Waldwick	5	96	52	0	0	0
Wyoming	3	97	30	9	0	0
Arena, vil.	0	69	44	0	0	0
Avoca, vil.	7	67	36	1	0	0
Barneveld, vil.	6	103	44	1	0	0
Cobb, vil.	6	36	41	0	0	0
Highland, vil.	41	153	95	0	0	0
Hollandale, vil.	7	77	23	0	0	0
Linden, vil.	6	46	46	0	0	0
Livingston, vil.	0	2	4	1	0	0
Rewey, vil.	6	30	30	0	0	0
Ridgeway, vil.	5	103	23	0	0	0
Dodgeville, city:						
1st ward	5	110	60	0	0	0
2nd ward	10	160	137	0	0	0
3rd ward	8	92	93	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
IOWA CO.—Cont.						
Mineral Point, city:						
1st ward.....	14	95	131	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	21	111	92	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	4	53	28	1	0	0
4th ward.....	7	39	51	0	0	0
Totals.....	310	3,588	1,819	27	3	0
IRON CO.						
Anderson.....	11	52	12	1	0	0
Carey.....	10	77	14	1	1	0
Gurney.....	18	44	22	0	0	0
Kimball.....	17	121	57	4	8	2
Knight.....	36	197	36	5	1	0
Mercer.....	49	135	186	5	0	0
Oma.....	24	96	43	1	4	0
Pence.....	17	103	39	3	0	0
Saxon.....	48	104	80	1	0	0
Sherman.....	32	34	15	0	0	0
Hurley, city:						
1st ward.....	48	146	103	6	0	0
2nd ward.....	25	99	100	4	1	0
3rd ward.....	32	129	77	9	1	0
4th ward.....	35	108	89	2	0	0
5th ward.....	8	31	17	0	0	0
6th ward.....	21	70	26	0	0	0
Montreal, city:						
1st ward.....	22	65	30	2	1	0
2nd ward.....	28	52	50	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	47	97	63	0	1	0
4th ward.....	21	90	27	0	0	1
Totals.....	549	1,850	1,086	45	18	3
JACKSON CO.						
Adams.....	1	108	38	0	0	0
Albion.....	11	210	53	2	0	0
Alma.....	1	158	42	3	0	0
Bear Bluff.....	1	18	15	0	0	0
Brockway.....	5	154	24	0	1	0
City Point.....	10	83	7	0	0	0
Cleveland.....	6	76	15	1	0	0
Curran.....	2	114	18	0	0	0
Franklin.....	3	108	39	2	0	0
Garden Valley.....	3	123	58	0	0	0
Garfield.....	2	91	33	0	0	0
Hixton.....	3	124	42	0	0	0
Irving.....	1	167	40	1	0	0
Knapp.....	0	10	30	0	0	0
Komensky.....	0	31	8	0	0	0
Manchester.....	8	74	31	0	0	0
Melrose.....	4	57	17	1	0	0
Millston.....	3	36	13	0	1	0
North Bend.....	3	60	22	0	0	0
Northfield.....	0	261	38	0	0	0
Springfield.....	2	107	42	1	0	0
Alma Center, vil.....	2	59	76	0	0	0
Hixton, vil.....	8	59	38	0	0	0
Melrose, vil.....	9	71	85	0	0	0
Merrillan, vil.....	8	113	46	0	0	0
Taylor, vil.....	3	71	35	0	0	0
Black River Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	8	160	139	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	2	78	88	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	2	78	40	0	0	0
4th ward.....	4	207	65	0	0	0
Totals.....	121	3,157	1,237	12	2	0
JEFFERSON CO.						
Aztalan.....	28	107	74	0	0	0
Cold Spring.....	4	62	35	1	0	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
JEFFERSON CO.—Cont.						
Concord.....	27	79	97	2	0	0
Farmington.....	58	170	61	1	0	0
Hebron.....	25	59	67	2	0	0
Ixonia.....	35	104	151	4	0	0
Jefferson:						
1st pct.....	52	75	128	1	0	0
2nd pct.....	36	52	48	1	0	0
Koshkonong.....	48	114	86	0	0	0
Lake Mills.....	16	182	85	2	0	0
Milford.....	23	130	63	6	0	0
Oakland.....	62	169	116	2	0	0
Palmyra.....	6	69	54	1	0	0
Sullivan.....	42	79	99	1	0	0
Sumner.....	13	96	37	2	1	1
Waterloo.....	11	65	39	1	0	0
Watertown.....	25	119	90	2	0	0
Johnson Creek, vil.....	34	99	71	2	0	0
Palmyra, vil.....	21	83	96	1	0	0
Sullivan, vil.....	26	31	50	0	0	0
Waterloo, vil.....	37	222	216	12	0	0
Fort Atkinson, city:						
1st ward.....	26	59	106	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	28	92	176	2	0	1
3rd ward.....	29	95	105	1	0	0
4th ward.....	28	74	80	1	0	0
5th ward.....	23	90	67	0	0	2
6th ward.....	22	82	65	1	0	0
7th ward.....	38	105	73	0	0	0
8th ward.....	25	99	129	0	0	0
Jefferson, city:						
1st ward.....	44	128	86	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	45	62	85	2	0	1
3rd ward.....	61	121	131	2	0	0
4th ward.....	48	82	60	2	0	1
Lake Mills, city:						
1st ward.....	12	102	110	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	10	109	77	5	0	0
3rd ward.....	16	158	135	2	0	0
Watertown, city:						
1st ward.....	22	102	83	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	18	145	67	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	29	118	81	3	0	0
4th ward.....	48	107	63	2	1	0
7th ward.....	34	216	81	1	0	0
8th ward.....	20	89	100	0	0	0
9th ward.....	15	74	110	3	0	0
10th ward.....	18	174	174	2	0	3
11th ward.....	45	203	187	2	0	0
12th ward.....	26	73	77	4	0	0
Totals.....	1,359	4,925	4,271	81	2	10
JUNEAU CO.						
Armenia.....	3	65	20	0	0	0
Clearfield.....	7	74	26	2	0	0
Cutler.....	3	35	21	0	0	0
Finley.....	1	22	8	0	0	0
Fountain.....	3	131	31	0	0	0
Germantown.....	0	47	7	0	0	0
Kildare.....	2	118	25	0	0	0
Kingston.....	2	39	1	1	0	0
Lemonweir.....	6	173	34	0	0	0
Lindina.....	6	171	64	2	0	0
Lisbon.....	4	96	29	0	0	0
Lyndon.....	7	87	28	0	0	0
Marion.....	6	42	20	0	0	0
Necedah.....	0	40	41	0	0	0
Orange.....	2	89	26	0	0	0
Plymouth.....	8	125	34	0	0	0
Seven Mile Creek.....	1	111	16	0	0	0
Summit.....	2	140	28	2	0	0
Wonewooc.....	6	97	33	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
JUNEAU CO.—Cont.						
Camp Douglas, vil.....	8	82	45	2	0	0
Hustler, vil.....	0	37	17	0	0	0
Lyndon Station, vil.....	8	128	34	0	0	0
Necedah, vil.....	9	147	67	1	0	0
Union Center, vil.....	3	56	12	1	0	0
Wonewoc, vil.....	8	182	74	1	0	0
Elroy, city:						
1st ward.....	2	87	38	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	10	83	37	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	5	80	48	0	0	0
4th ward.....	3	50	29	1	0	0
Mauston, city:						
1st ward.....	4	149	40	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	1	106	26	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	9	269	70	2	0	0
4th ward.....	2	180	86	0	0	0
New Lisbon, city:						
1st ward.....	5	53	21	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	83	27	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	5	26	8	0	0	0
4th ward.....	5	53	27	2	0	0
Totals.....	162	3,553	1,198	19	0	0
KENOSHA CO.						
Brighton.....	30	35	71	1	0	0
Bristol.....	30	44	240	0	0	0
Paris.....	23	38	124	2	0	0
Pleasant Prairie.....	136	316	333	19	2	0
Randall.....	14	26	70	0	0	0
Salem.....	45	97	302	2	2	0
Somers:						
1st pct.....	54	153	290	0	0	0
2nd pct.....	29	102	87	1	0	0
Wheatland.....	25	35	106	0	0	0
Silver Lake, vil.....	21	39	73	0	0	0
Twin Lakes, vil.....	22	26	109	0	0	0
Kenosha, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	165	305	252	15	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	149	233	122	12	1	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	84	158	172	4	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	127	173	104	9	1	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	99	175	223	10	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	79	158	458	3	1	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	87	212	718	5	0	1
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	71	153	176	3	0	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	219	456	222	9	2	3
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	83	224	76	9	3	6
6th ward, 1st pct.....	79	246	139	11	4	3
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	111	248	121	7	2	4
7th ward, 1st pct.....	58	208	151	5	0	0
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	99	310	115	7	4	9
8th ward, 1st pct.....	146	218	235	13	3	0
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	83	217	156	9	0	0
9th ward, 1st pct.....	153	222	229	11	1	1
9th ward, 2nd pct.....	118	287	307	9	1	0
10th ward, 1st pct.....	103	270	244	4	1	3
10th ward, 2nd pct.....	106	318	525	3	1	0
11th ward, 1st pct.....	81	263	213	14	2	2
11th ward, 2nd pct.....	94	77	238	3	0	1
12th ward, 1st pct.....	90	185	163	6	1	1
12th ward, 2nd pct.....	93	285	198	11	5	0
Totals.....	3,006	6,512	7,362	217	37	34
KEWAUNEE CO.						
Ahnapee.....	31	65	119	3	1	0
Carlton.....	59	125	120	0	0	0
Casco.....	91	65	96	3	0	0
Franklin.....	86	138	67	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	56	55	59	0	0	0
Luxemburg.....	95	69	128	2	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
KEWAUNEE CO.—Cont.						
Montpelier.....	65	110	150	3	1	1
Pierce.....	38	45	85	1	0	1
Red River.....	43	63	74	0	0	0
West Kewaunee.....	108	100	133	2	1	0
Casco, vil.....	33	43	39	0	0	0
Luxemburg, vil.....	15	38	98	3	0	0
Algoma, city.....	153	258	332	6	1	0
Kewaunee, city.....	160	348	403	4	0	0
Totals.....	1,033	1,522	1,903	27	4	2
LA CROSSE CO.						
Bangor.....	13	40	53	0	0	0
Barre.....	10	66	28	0	0	0
Burns.....	2	57	81	0	1	0
Campbell.....	33	331	148	2	4	0
Farmington.....	10	78	87	0	0	0
Greenfield.....	14	70	56	0	0	0
Hamilton.....	9	77	109	0	0	0
Holland.....	7	110	171	0	0	0
Onalaska.....	6	74	103	0	0	0
Shelby.....	23	159	192	2	0	0
Washington.....	16	85	48	0	1	0
Bangor, vil.....	11	75	113	2	0	0
Rockland, vil.....	4	13	39	0	0	0
West Salem, vil.....	23	166	174	1	0	0
La Crosse, city:						
1st ward.....	44	182	186	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	21	124	83	0	1	0
3rd ward.....	52	290	109	3	0	0
4th ward.....	43	184	245	4	0	0
5th ward.....	21	269	78	0	0	0
6th ward.....	23	197	311	6	0	0
7th ward.....	55	313	325	6	0	0
8th ward.....	79	504	282	2	0	0
9th ward.....	19	342	147	1	0	0
10th ward.....	30	387	211	0	0	0
11th ward.....	38	333	295	2	0	0
12th ward.....	12	76	53	0	0	0
13th ward.....	35	146	130	0	0	0
14th ward.....	53	302	652	3	3	0
15th ward.....	35	275	84	4	0	0
16th ward.....	42	244	573	6	0	0
17th ward.....	55	225	260	2	0	0
18th ward.....	47	284	139	1	0	0
19th ward.....	29	249	121	1	0	0
20th ward.....	33	542	166	3	1	0
21st ward.....	63	483	191	4	0	0
Onalaska, city:						
1st ward.....	4	59	39	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	115	61	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	6	85	66	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,028	7,611	6,209	55	11	0
LAFAYETTE CO.						
Argyle.....	8	129	23	1	0	0
Belmont.....	9	24	31	0	0	0
Benton.....	16	26	86	0	0	0
Blanchard.....	4	88	18	0	0	0
Darlington.....	61	132	134	1	0	0
Elk Grove.....	12	24	62	1	0	0
Fayette.....	11	127	47	0	0	0
Gratiot.....	31	64	117	0	0	0
Kendall.....	19	55	22	0	0	0
Lamont.....	4	108	42	0	0	0
Lamont.....	4	22	26	0	0	0
Monticello.....	18	26	113	0	0	0
New Diggings.....	39	32	86	0	0	0
Seymour.....	26	22	67	0	0	0
Shullsburg.....	4	87	100	2	1	0
Wayne.....	4	10	46	0	0	0
White Oak Springs.....	4	10	46	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
LAFAYETTE CO.—Cont.						
Willow Springs.....	21	100	67	1	0	0
Wiota.....	10	205	130	1	0	0
Argyle, vil.....	11	137	106	0	0	0
Belmont, vil.....	9	35	55	3	0	0
Benton, vil.....	33	89	96	1	1	0
Blanchardville, vil.....	13	128	93	0	0	0
Gratiot, vil.....	21	25	25	0	0	0
South Wayne vil.....	10	52	95	1	0	0
Darlington, city:						
1st ward.....	55	137	142	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	76	167	141	1	0	0
Shullsburg, city:						
1st ward.....	18	45	99	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	38	49	86	0	0	0
Totals.....	585	2,145	2,155	13	2	0
LANGLADE CO.						
Ackley.....	52	59	54	2	0	0
Ainsworth.....	41	11	46	0	0	0
Antigo.....	100	125	140	1	1	1
Elcho.....	28	90	99	2	0	0
Evergreen.....	30	17	24	0	0	0
Langlade.....	60	24	47	1	0	0
Neva.....	99	69	85	3	3	0
Norwood.....	55	60	90	2	0	0
Parrish.....	11	8	13	0	0	0
Peck.....	54	33	35	2	2	0
Polar.....	50	70	64	4	4	0
Pries.....	31	16	52	0	0	0
Rolling.....	29	83	85	4	0	0
Summit.....	11	32	27	2	1	0
Upham.....	23	19	47	0	0	0
Vilas.....	22	30	33	2	0	0
Wolf River.....	61	90	47	0	1	0
White Lake, vil.....	49	57	44	1	0	0
Antigo, city:						
1st ward.....	85	152	162	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	69	201	188	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	97	238	85	1	1	0
4th ward.....	133	243	171	10	0	0
5th ward.....	62	167	139	8	0	0
6th ward.....	172	301	257	2	2	0
Totals.....	1,424	2,195	2,034	49	15	1
LINCOLN CO.						
Birch.....	5	89	54	0	0	0
Bradley.....	9	141	69	1	0	0
Corning.....	2	243	52	0	1	6
Harding.....	2	42	23	2	0	0
Harrison.....	17	79	27	2	0	2
King.....	5	26	22	1	0	0
Merrill.....	8	178	47	4	0	0
Pine River.....	9	261	52	10	1	2
Rock Falls.....	6	50	35	1	0	0
Russell.....	7	105	52	2	2	1
Schley.....	14	161	70	5	0	0
Scott.....	8	217	93	15	0	0
Skawanaw.....	2	59	26	1	0	0
Somo.....	6	45	19	1	1	0
Tomahawk.....	5	52	23	1	0	1
Wilson.....	0	28	9	1	0	0
Merrill, city:						
1st ward.....	13	230	161	2	0	1
2nd ward.....	19	116	156	2	0	2
3rd ward.....	23	199	186	1	0	1
4th ward.....	21	193	88	4	0	2
5th ward.....	20	110	148	1	0	1
6th ward.....	18	256	126	1	0	0
7th ward.....	25	283	211	6	0	4
8th ward.....	21	191	79	10	0	2

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
LINCOLN CO.—Cont.						
Tomahawk, city:						
1st ward.....	11	72	27	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	13	100	49	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	23	178	87	2	0	0
4th ward.....	15	167	102	0	0	0
Totals.....	327	3,871	2,093	76	5	25
MANITOWOC CO.						
Cato.....	46	147	122	0	0	0
Centerville.....	34	132	95	3	0	0
Cooperstown.....	59	96	95	1	0	0
Eaton.....	32	64	121	3	0	0
Franklin.....	45	136	72	4	0	0
Gibson.....	26	103	92	1	0	0
Kossuth.....	51	224	159	2	0	0
Liberty.....	26	126	136	1	0	0
Manitowoc.....	9	82	35	0	0	0
Manitowoc Rapids.....	39	318	158	8	2	0
Maple Grove.....	34	96	78	0	0	0
Meeme.....	30	103	67	1	0	0
Mishicot.....	39	206	81	3	0	0
Newton.....	9	128	114	1	0	0
Rockland.....	25	99	83	0	0	0
Schleswig.....	17	116	67	6	0	0
Two Creeks.....	17	63	49	0	0	0
Two Rivers.....	44	188	79	6	0	0
Reedsville, vil.....	10	50	85	1	0	0
Valders, vil.....	20	70	95	0	0	0
Kiel, city:						
1st ward.....	13	73	86	0	0	1
2nd ward.....	15	61	101	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	5	22	40	1	0	0
Manitowoc, city:						
1st ward.....	53	327	324	9	0	0
2nd ward.....	47	313	385	2	0	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	70	384	186	0	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	47	436	228	4	0	0
4th ward.....	63	419	396	2	2	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	90	420	158	5	1	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	43	387	165	8	0	0
6th ward, 1st pct.....	47	283	326	6	0	0
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	41	428	221	6	1	0
7th ward, 1st pct.....	126	673	157	4	0	1
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	70	247	73	5	0	0
Two Rivers, city:						
1st ward.....	52	144	105	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	28	143	54	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	26	126	155	4	0	0
4th ward.....	47	185	179	5	1	0
5th ward.....	68	156	150	1	0	0
6th ward.....	49	177	101	2	0	0
7th ward.....	25	196	83	15	0	0
8th ward.....	19	145	57	2	0	1
Totals.....	1,656	8,292	5,613	126	7	3
MARATHON CO.						
Bergen.....	8	59	21	0	0	0
Berlin.....	4	52	88	5	2	0
Bern.....	7	40	29	0	0	0
Bevent.....	55	42	23	1	0	0
Brighton.....	5	68	126	0	1	0
Cassel.....	45	97	55	3	0	1
Cleveland.....	26	69	51	4	0	0
Day.....	13	52	80	1	0	0
Easton.....	12	98	90	4	0	0
Eau Pleine.....	6	39	73	0	0	0
Elderon.....	19	75	34	2	0	0
Emmet.....	38	86	62	1	0	0
Frankfort.....	15	31	74	9	0	0
Franzen.....	48	47	33	2	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MARATHON CO.—Cont.						
Green Valley.....	6	23	23	2	1	0
Guenther.....	29	25	27	0	0	0
Halsey.....	3	57	24	8	0	0
Hamburg.....	2	84	98	8	1	0
Harrison.....	22	19	42	0	1	0
Hewitt.....	8	70	44	1	1	0
Holton.....	10	45	52	3	0	0
Hull.....	7	75	101	1	0	0
Johnson.....	12	44	53	13	0	0
Knowlton.....	41	61	41	0	1	0
Kronenwetter.....	155	249	62	3	0	0
Maine.....	13	141	86	9	0	0
Marathon.....	36	87	54	5	0	0
McMillan.....	10	80	70	0	0	0
Mosinee.....	46	113	50	0	0	0
Norrie.....	26	51	49	3	0	0
Plover.....	5	44	60	4	0	1
Reid.....	35	51	32	3	0	0
Rib Falls.....	6	59	41	1	0	0
Rib Mountain.....	26	112	52	4	1	0
Richtbrock.....	35	57	49	11	0	0
Ringle.....	22	99	43	9	3	0
Spencer.....	8	37	46	1	0	0
Stettin.....	18	163	87	8	0	0
Texas.....	11	170	48	7	0	0
Wausau.....	21	141	73	6	0	1
Weston.....	27	150	66	4	0	0
Wien.....	8	45	75	13	0	0
Abbotsford, vil.....	3	9	13	1	0	0
Athens, vil.....	33	52	74	4	0	0
Brokaw, vil.....	14	115	10	2	0	0
Edgar, vil.....	20	46	87	1	0	0
Elderon, vil.....	2	54	15	0	0	0
Fenwood, vil.....	4	12	14	1	0	0
Hatley, vil.....	19	13	18	0	0	0
Marathon, vil.....	20	126	56	2	1	0
Rothschild, vil.....	44	157	59	3	0	0
Schofield, vil.....	40	176	71	16	0	0
Spencer, vil.....	11	43	73	1	0	0
Stratford, vil.....	21	40	111	1	0	0
Unity, vil.....	9	20	44	1	0	0
Colby, city.....	3	14	14	1	0	0
Mosinee, city:						
1st ward.....	23	72	68	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	63	30	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	26	51	57	2	0	0
4th ward.....	13	45	18	0	0	0
Wausau, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	64	309	402	9	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	39	185	189	7	0	0
1st ward, 3rd pct.....	59	183	180	2	0	2
2nd ward.....	38	193	138	7	0	0
3rd ward.....	32	108	214	5	0	0
4th ward.....	23	85	189	2	0	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	33	108	154	5	0	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	18	128	180	5	0	0
5th ward, 3rd pct.....	33	112	337	7	0	0
6th ward, 1st pct.....	34	247	157	5	0	0
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	40	241	114	9	0	0
7th ward, 1st pct.....	9	135	157	5	0	0
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	35	262	149	14	0	2
7th ward, 3rd pct.....	41	326	157	6	0	0
8th ward, 1st pct.....	32	222	108	12	0	0
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	42	298	187	10	1	0
9th ward.....	39	227	211	8	0	0
Totals.....	1,881	7,684	6,442	315	15	7
MARINETTE CO.						
Amberg.....	27	47	88	4	0	0
Athelstane.....	12	19	56	1	0	0
Beaver.....	54	74	98	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MARINETTE CO.—Cont.						
Beecher.....	13	8	36	0	0	0
Dunbar.....	13	13	53	1	0	0
Goodman.....	72	77	53	1	0	0
Grover.....	25	48	198	0	0	0
Lake.....	20	72	66	1	0	0
Middle Inlet.....	28	32	81	0	0	0
Niagara.....	15	26	31	1	0	0
Pembine.....	36	45	91	0	0	0
Peshtigo.....	52	69	180	3	0	0
Porterfield.....	40	46	102	1	0	0
Pound.....	31	66	103	1	0	0
Silver Cliff.....	5	15	28	0	0	0
Stephenson.....	103	184	147	7	1	0
Wagner.....	21	24	45	0	0	0
Wausaukee.....	42	31	32	3	0	0
Coleman, vil.....	24	36	65	2	1	0
Niagara, vil.....	159	115	156	4	0	1
Pound, vil.....	12	28	42	1	0	0
Wausaukee, vil.....	39	61	51	1	0	0
Marinette, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	61	56	98	4	1	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	41	91	136	2	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	58	68	120	1	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	104	92	205	1	0	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	55	98	274	2	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	56	123	221	3	1	1
4th ward, 1st pct.....	100	86	251	2	0	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	51	77	201	1	0	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	73	97	267	1	0	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	58	91	187	4	0	0
Peshtigo, city:						
1st ward.....	14	30	69	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	9	61	85	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	22	34	78	2	0	0
Totals.....	1,545	2,140	4,063	56	4	2
MARQUETTE CO.						
Buffalo.....	24	58	41	2	0	1
Crystal Lake.....	1	8	54	1	0	0
Douglas.....	26	81	112	0	0	0
Harris.....	10	26	72	0	0	0
Mecan.....	8	66	44	0	0	0
Montello.....	31	67	37	0	0	0
Moundville.....	16	107	56	0	0	0
Neshkoro.....	15	13	26	0	0	0
Newton.....	4	26	88	0	0	0
Oxford.....	2	32	45	2	0	0
Packwaukee.....	27	96	66	1	0	0
Shields.....	19	34	51	0	0	0
Springfield.....	2	36	54	2	0	0
Westfield.....	18	55	54	1	1	0
Neshkoro, vil.....	8	31	81	1	0	0
Oxford, vil.....	5	66	73	4	0	0
Westfield, vil.....	18	101	128	0	0	0
Montello, city:						
1st ward.....	15	26	76	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	17	42	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	26	41	37	0	0	0
4th ward.....	16	27	38	0	0	0
Totals.....	307	1,014	1,275	14	1	1
MILWAUKEE CO.						
Franklin:						
1st pct.....	28	118	136	11	0	0
2nd pct.....	35	53	88	1	1	0
Granville:						
1st pct.....	18	63	113	3	0	0
2nd pct.....	14	133	120	8	0	0
3rd pct.....	29	243	110	20	0	0
4th pct.....	21	188	51	16	1	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Granville—Cont.						
5th pct.	23	263	55	8	2	1
6th pct.	22	220	78	14	0	0
7th pct.	17	180	81	10	0	0
8th pct.	22	260	96	9	0	0
9th pct.	25	190	45	6	0	1
Greenfield:						
1st pct.	37	183	91	12	1	0
2nd pct.	75	213	68	10	0	0
3rd pct.	48	174	72	4	2	0
4th pct.	21	175	202	6	0	0
5th pct.	43	233	71	8	0	0
6th pct.	57	188	104	12	1	2
7th pct.	65	290	169	9	1	0
8th pct.	34	138	130	7	1	0
9th pct.	39	231	52	9	2	0
Lake:						
1st pct.	54	87	206	13	0	1
2nd pct.	73	194	64	9	0	0
3rd pct.	71	163	63	16	0	1
4th pct.	56	217	119	7	0	0
5th pct.	56	223	122	16	0	1
6th pct.	57	226	67	12	1	0
7th pct.	78	114	78	14	0	0
8th pct.	42	104	46	9	0	1
9th pct.	24	50	45	5	0	1
10th pct.	46	108	54	4	1	0
Milwaukee:						
1st pct.	22	160	188	7	0	0
2nd pct.	36	137	47	11	0	0
3rd pct.	30	218	119	24	0	0
4th pct.	27	108	134	11	0	0
Oak Creek:						
1st pct.	43	180	263	14	1	2
2nd pct.	105	110	83	10	1	0
Wauwatosa:						
1st pct.	44	198	94	8	1	1
2nd pct.	51	389	108	9	0	0
3rd pct.	14	142	111	6	0	0
4th pct.	90	167	111	7	1	0
5th pct.	29	197	83	7	0	2
6th pct.	45	185	53	10	1	1
7th pct.	38	163	27	4	0	0
8th pct.	28	153	46	9	5	0
8th pct.	31	146	385	4	0	0
Fox Point, vil.:						
Greendale, vil.:						
1st pct.	29	276	42	11	2	0
2nd pct.	44	222	32	3	0	0
River Hills, vil.:						
Shorewood, vil.:						
1st pct.	68	283	606	8	0	0
2nd pct.	95	337	498	9	0	0
3rd pct.	90	279	438	8	1	0
4th pct.	110	342	661	13	1	0
5th pct.	85	377	570	11	0	0
West Milwaukee, vil.:						
1st pct.	31	207	38	11	0	0
2nd pct.	16	182	83	5	1	1
3rd pct.	26	190	101	16	0	0
4th pct.	27	166	77	11	1	0
5th pct.	34	158	71	16	0	0
6th pct.	26	119	34	9	0	0
Whitefish Bay, vil.:						
1st pct.	33	139	416	5	0	0
2nd pct.	47	207	435	5	0	0
3rd pct.	37	212	488	2	0	2
4th pct.	53	266	522	9	2	6
5th pct.	58	277	634	8	0	0
Cudahy, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.	129	243	149	20	2	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	177	324	267	21	2	2
3rd ward, 3rd pct.	253	229	91	13	2	3
4th ward, 4th pct.	224	257	59	11	2	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.	33	123	263	2	1	1
1st ward, 2nd pct.	58	132	133	5	1	1
1st ward, 3rd pct.	85	158	90	1	3	1
1st ward, 4th pct.	40	138	255	6	1	1
1st ward, 5th pct.	70	179	97	5	2	2
1st ward, 6th pct.	127	176	25	0	0	0
1st ward, 7th pct.	90	143	29	0	1	0
1st ward, 8th pct.	104	176	54	1	0	0
1st ward, 9th pct.	78	109	77	0	0	1
1st ward, 10th pct.	64	155	102	0	0	0
1st ward, 11th pct.	54	130	48	2	2	3
1st ward, 12th pct.	43	111	100	0	0	1
1st ward, 13th pct.	60	116	79	1	1	0
1st ward, 14th pct.	53	108	105	2	2	0
1st ward, 15th pct.	73	146	82	0	0	0
1st ward, 16th pct.	26	135	96	0	0	0
1st ward, 17th pct.	37	102	116	0	0	1
2nd ward, 1st pct.	66	237	89	14	3	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	34	189	83	13	3	1
2nd ward, 3rd pct.	73	175	71	8	2	1
2nd ward, 4th pct.	67	190	82	17	1	0
2nd ward, 5th pct.	53	156	69	9	1	1
2nd ward, 6th pct.	61	229	71	23	1	0
2nd ward, 7th pct.	68	236	72	17	2	0
2nd ward, 8th pct.	46	227	81	13	0	0
2nd ward, 9th pct.	50	163	104	16	3	0
2nd ward, 10th pct.	53	210	85	20	2	0
2nd ward, 11th pct.	38	176	104	5	2	0
2nd ward, 12th pct.	46	206	69	17	2	1
2nd ward, 13th pct.	54	131	73	8	1	1
2nd ward, 14th pct.	43	184	68	18	2	2
2nd ward, 15th pct.	42	187	108	12	1	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.	24	103	236	4	2	2
3rd ward, 2nd pct.	36	136	61	5	0	1
3rd ward, 3rd pct.	26	110	105	10	0	0
3rd ward, 4th pct.	47	95	58	6	5	0
3rd ward, 5th pct.	46	148	42	7	2	0
3rd ward, 6th pct.	71	143	61	10	1	1
3rd ward, 7th pct.	27	132	191	3	1	0
3rd ward, 8th pct.	52	102	83	4	3	0
3rd ward, 9th pct.	51	119	61	6	3	0
3rd ward, 10th pct.	34	149	98	7	0	2
3rd ward, 11th pct.	28	113	159	2	2	0
3rd ward, 12th pct.	36	135	118	3	1	0
3rd ward, 13th pct.	39	130	55	2	0	2
4th ward, 1st pct.	42	110	121	6	1	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.	69	123	35	7	1	0
4th ward, 3rd pct.	109	201	75	11	5	4
4th ward, 4th pct.	55	185	89	6	3	0
4th ward, 5th pct.	91	183	126	6	3	0
4th ward, 6th pct.	69	146	84	8	6	3
4th ward, 7th pct.	38	154	98	4	0	0
4th ward, 8th pct.	55	163	93	3	2	1
4th ward, 9th pct.	56	141	61	2	3	0
4th ward, 10th pct.	28	125	67	7	1	1
4th ward, 11th pct.	41	168	77	3	0	1
4th ward, 12th pct.	54	143	85	5	6	2
4th ward, 13th pct.	39	125	95	7	0	0
4th ward, 14th pct.	37	134	88	10	1	2
4th ward, 15th pct.	43	118	71	1	0	1
4th ward, 16th pct.	47	194	83	2	0	0
4th ward, 17th pct.	46	123	104	4	2	0
5th ward, 1st pct.	69	210	30	18	2	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.	61	206	60	10	3	2
5th ward, 3rd pct.	59	177	33	7	1	0
5th ward, 4th pct.	65	230	80	10	0	3
5th ward, 5th pct.	47	203	66	15	2	1
5th ward, 6th pct.	55	255	41	12	3	2
5th ward, 7th pct.	55	220	54	20	3	1
5th ward, 8th pct.	49	177	70	16	1	0
5th ward, 9th pct.	57	195	65	13	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee, city:						
5th ward, 10th pct.	54	205	90	13	2	0
5th ward, 11th pct.	43	166	111	7	0	0
5th ward, 12th pct.	45	216	61	17	0	0
5th ward, 13th pct.	70	219	93	15	0	0
5th ward, 14th pct.	51	182	92	7	1	5
5th ward, 15th pct.	43	175	107	8	1	0
5th ward, 16th pct.	36	173	48	13	9	6
6th ward, 1st pct.	52	92	64	11	1	2
6th ward, 2nd pct.	38	247	85	10	1	5
6th ward, 3rd pct.	43	283	73	9	6	4
6th ward, 4th pct.	56	210	107	12	1	0
6th ward, 5th pct.	57	201	82	14	4	0
6th ward, 6th pct.	59	132	111	9	2	2
6th ward, 7th pct.	60	177	47	13	1	0
6th ward, 8th pct.	37	103	97	8	2	0
6th ward, 9th pct.	45	105	89	6	1	0
6th ward, 10th pct.	53	74	101	4	3	0
6th ward, 11th pct.	6	127	93	17	2	0
6th ward, 12th pct.	58	114	48	13	4	2
6th ward, 13th pct.	73	102	67	9	2	2
6th ward, 14th pct.	47	142	44	9	4	0
6th ward, 15th pct.	42	78	87	4	4	1
6th ward, 16th pct.	55	188	83	6	0	5
7th ward, 1st pct.	39	200	82	23	1	0
7th ward, 2nd pct.	33	188	92	30	0	0
7th ward, 3rd pct.	41	252	69	18	3	1
7th ward, 4th pct.	50	186	62	26	0	0
7th ward, 5th pct.	66	262	66	9	0	0
7th ward, 6th pct.	45	222	73	25	0	0
7th ward, 7th pct.	55	236	90	32	1	0
7th ward, 8th pct.	69	219	59	19	0	3
7th ward, 9th pct.	58	249	73	25	1	0
7th ward, 10th pct.	61	247	64	16	1	0
7th ward, 11th pct.	43	252	98	29	2	0
7th ward, 12th pct.	28	208	98	26	0	0
7th ward, 13th pct.	32	192	61	24	4	0
7th ward, 14th pct.	48	255	115	24	0	2
7th ward, 15th pct.	30	209	73	29	0	0
7th ward, 16th pct.	33	186	92	14	1	2
7th ward, 17th pct.	42	188	141	26	0	0
8th ward, 1st pct.	71	194	111	9	3	3
8th ward, 2nd pct.	109	168	80	7	0	0
8th ward, 3rd pct.	109	167	53	5	1	0
8th ward, 4th pct.	63	198	72	24	1	0
8th ward, 5th pct.	94	209	74	7	0	1
8th ward, 6th pct.	126	210	45	6	1	0
8th ward, 7th pct.	54	194	72	18	0	0
8th ward, 8th pct.	66	180	63	7	0	0
8th ward, 9th pct.	79	248	60	13	2	0
8th ward, 10th pct.	94	205	76	17	0	0
8th ward, 11th pct.	71	235	92	11	1	0
8th ward, 12th pct.	132	215	56	9	1	0
8th ward, 13th pct.	50	97	318	0	0	0
8th ward, 14th pct.	150	224	42	6	0	2
9th ward, 1st pct.	34	204	103	14	2	0
9th ward, 2nd pct.	27	134	125	23	0	0
9th ward, 3rd pct.	34	221	132	11	0	0
9th ward, 4th pct.	40	230	110	19	0	0
9th ward, 5th pct.	37	255	94	29	0	0
9th ward, 6th pct.	31	171	34	14	0	0
9th ward, 7th pct.	18	153	97	19	0	4
9th ward, 8th pct.	29	205	63	7	1	1
9th ward, 9th pct.	20	149	83	17	0	0
9th ward, 10th pct.	31	201	74	25	0	0
9th ward, 11th pct.	34	165	105	14	0	0
9th ward, 12th pct.	41	244	112	31	0	0
9th ward, 13th pct.	35	207	68	13	1	1
9th ward, 14th pct.	32	198	171	23	2	0
9th ward, 15th pct.	37	209	126	11	0	0
9th ward, 16th pct.	26	203	45	11	0	1
9th ward, 17th pct.	23	180	70	16	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee, city:						
9th ward, 18th pct.	41	213	66	16	2	0
9th ward, 19th pct.	29	160	112	12	1	0
10th ward, 1st pct.	77	180	28	8	0	0
10th ward, 2nd pct.	91	150	55	9	3	0
10th ward, 3rd pct.	90	157	39	14	2	1
10th ward, 4th pct.	66	232	38	10	3	0
10th ward, 5th pct.	51	196	90	20	3	0
10th ward, 6th pct.	37	190	53	17	0	0
10th ward, 7th pct.	32	205	83	19	0	0
10th ward, 8th pct.	52	192	68	19	0	1
10th ward, 9th pct.	34	184	66	29	0	0
10th ward, 10th pct.	49	175	42	19	3	0
10th ward, 11th pct.	29	244	83	20	1	0
10th ward, 12th pct.	39	196	71	29	0	0
10th ward, 13th pct.	52	157	40	12	3	0
10th ward, 14th pct.	34	199	81	14	0	1
10th ward, 15th pct.	84	243	51	13	3	1
11th ward, 1st pct.	120	235	41	5	0	0
11th ward, 2nd pct.	110	210	38	7	0	1
11th ward, 3rd pct.	126	253	40	9	0	2
11th ward, 4th pct.	46	138	64	7	0	0
11th ward, 5th pct.	52	179	105	7	0	0
11th ward, 6th pct.	42	213	90	13	0	0
11th ward, 7th pct.	60	172	108	15	0	0
11th ward, 8th pct.	60	189	131	9	0	0
11th ward, 9th pct.	56	245	122	31	0	0
11th ward, 10th pct.	73	239	75	14	1	0
11th ward, 11th pct.	28	186	131	7	0	0
11th ward, 12th pct.	61	170	66	7	0	1
11th ward, 13th pct.	53	201	40	13	0	1
11th ward, 14th pct.	75	209	73	14	0	4
12th ward, 1st pct.	80	234	51	14	0	0
12th ward, 2nd pct.	44	164	61	11	0	0
12th ward, 3rd pct.	62	187	74	25	0	0
12th ward, 4th pct.	116	206	58	30	1	0
12th ward, 5th pct.	129	261	32	10	0	0
12th ward, 6th pct.	99	214	62	11	0	0
12th ward, 7th pct.	112	212	42	7	1	0
12th ward, 8th pct.	125	179	61	13	0	0
12th ward, 9th pct.	73	187	60	11	2	1
12th ward, 10th pct.	88	184	82	6	1	0
12th ward, 11th pct.	115	196	66	12	0	0
12th ward, 12th pct.	115	211	58	10	0	0
13th ward, 1st pct.	134	206	37	5	0	1
13th ward, 2nd pct.	103	128	40	3	0	0
13th ward, 3rd pct.	130	144	44	6	0	0
13th ward, 4th pct.	134	183	53	4	0	1
13th ward, 5th pct.	70	151	68	11	0	0
13th ward, 6th pct.	144	157	29	10	0	2
13th ward, 7th pct.	57	165	73	12	0	0
13th ward, 8th pct.	45	145	100	12	0	0
13th ward, 9th pct.	50	109	85	14	0	0
13th ward, 10th pct.	40	165	115	14	2	0
13th ward, 11th pct.	52	168	102	16	0	0
13th ward, 12th pct.	53	186	148	27	5	1
13th ward, 13th pct.	32	143	130	12	1	0
13th ward, 14th pct.	42	181	97	29	1	0
13th ward, 15th pct.	35	160	71	35	0	3
13th ward, 16th pct.	121	166	51	9	0	0
14th ward, 1st pct.	130	171	56	9	1	1
14th ward, 2nd pct.	119	212	32	8	0	0
14th ward, 3rd pct.	114	198	43	8	0	1
14th ward, 4th pct.	126	230	26	5	0	0
14th ward, 5th pct.	143	208	32	13	0	0
14th ward, 6th pct.	116	180	40	16	0	1
14th ward, 7th pct.	134	227	50	8	1	0
14th ward, 8th pct.	109	198	39	6	1	1
14th ward, 9th pct.	142	217	63	7	1	0
14th ward, 10th pct.	108	250	55	6	0	0
14th ward, 11th pct.	85	160	50	8	1	0
14th ward, 12th pct.	127	252	71	6	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee, city:						
14th ward, 13th pct.....	104	236	72	5	0	0
14th ward, 14th pct.....	108	228	38	3	0	1
14th ward, 15th pct.....	111	223	75	8	0	0
15th ward, 1st pct.....	60	193	116	18	3	1
15th ward, 2nd pct.....	44	149	118	5	0	0
15th ward, 3rd pct.....	25	114	124	9	2	1
15th ward, 4th pct.....	40	204	89	22	0	0
15th ward, 5th pct.....	33	157	89	13	3	0
15th ward, 6th pct.....	24	158	105	4	0	0
15th ward, 7th pct.....	28	145	147	7	0	0
15th ward, 8th pct.....	27	160	132	12	0	0
15th ward, 9th pct.....	36	145	150	14	0	0
15th ward, 10th pct.....	43	181	128	7	2	0
15th ward, 11th pct.....	20	159	111	7	0	0
15th ward, 12th pct.....	40	157	167	7	1	1
15th ward, 13th pct.....	48	145	189	10	0	0
15th ward, 14th pct.....	44	205	133	16	2	0
15th ward, 15th pct.....	41	123	196	4	0	1
15th ward, 16th pct.....	43	144	97	6	0	0
16th ward, 1st pct.....	36	153	93	4	0	1
16th ward, 2nd pct.....	34	146	104	7	0	0
16th ward, 3rd pct.....	28	126	83	6	1	0
16th ward, 4th pct.....	37	112	100	12	0	0
16th ward, 5th pct.....	41	148	63	14	0	0
16th ward, 6th pct.....	54	177	170	3	1	0
16th ward, 7th pct.....	55	153	90	7	0	0
16th ward, 8th pct.....	55	186	48	14	2	0
16th ward, 9th pct.....	36	144	137	4	0	0
16th ward, 10th pct.....	52	131	81	17	0	0
16th ward, 11th pct.....	66	152	63	9	1	3
16th ward, 12th pct.....	41	144	87	16	1	0
16th ward, 13th pct.....	55	243	53	36	4	0
16th ward, 14th pct.....	33	125	207	12	0	0
16th ward, 15th pct.....	61	201	154	13	0	0
16th ward, 16th pct.....	42	195	123	13	0	0
16th ward, 17th pct.....	34	190	50	13	0	2
16th ward, 18th pct.....	50	146	66	8	1	0
16th ward, 19th pct.....	38	162	82	11	4	2
17th ward, 1st pct.....	42	205	69	17	1	0
17th ward, 2nd pct.....	46	161	82	10	0	0
17th ward, 3rd pct.....	109	248	4	5	0	0
17th ward, 4th pct.....	30	168	66	3	1	0
17th ward, 5th pct.....	59	160	123	11	0	0
17th ward, 6th pct.....	47	199	89	10	0	0
17th ward, 7th pct.....	39	174	124	12	0	0
17th ward, 8th pct.....	43	249	71	19	0	0
17th ward, 9th pct.....	58	209	79	16	0	0
17th ward, 10th pct.....	42	243	150	17	1	0
17th ward, 11th pct.....	116	192	12	10	0	0
17th ward, 12th pct.....	77	193	176	5	0	0
17th ward, 13th pct.....	35	144	99	14	2	0
18th ward, 1st pct.....	30	81	163	1	0	0
18th ward, 2nd pct.....	74	181	108	7	1	0
18th ward, 3rd pct.....	80	138	60	14	0	0
18th ward, 4th pct.....	54	134	129	5	0	0
18th ward, 5th pct.....	38	100	98	4	4	2
18th ward, 6th pct.....	33	89	230	5	2	0
18th ward, 7th pct.....	15	110	169	3	0	0
18th ward, 8th pct.....	15	89	269	1	0	0
18th ward, 9th pct.....	15	66	197	2	0	0
18th ward, 10th pct.....	31	102	214	4	0	0
18th ward, 11th pct.....	48	137	126	7	0	0
18th ward, 12th pct.....	18	85	114	1	0	0
18th ward, 13th pct.....	57	179	123	13	0	0
18th ward, 14th pct.....	34	150	161	6	1	0
18th ward, 15th pct.....	70	140	171	3	1	0
18th ward, 16th pct.....	22	84	244	1	0	0
18th ward, 17th pct.....	5	96	221	1	0	0
18th ward, 18th pct.....	16	61	235	3	0	0
18th ward, 19th pct.....	28	112	206	3	0	0
18th ward, 20th pct.....	37	173	118	7	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee, city:						
18th ward, 21st pct.....	62	160	113	9	0	0
18th ward, 22nd pct.....	31	123	236	2	0	0
19th ward 1st pct.....	43	198	91	4	4	0
19th ward, 2nd pct.....	47	183	95	14	0	0
19th ward, 3rd pct.....	54	213	102	21	1	0
19th ward, 4th pct.....	35	166	121	11	2	0
19th ward, 5th pct.....	33	157	103	12	0	0
19th ward, 6th pct.....	43	197	86	6	0	0
19th ward, 7th pct.....	306	139	91	7	0	0
19th ward, 8th pct.....	36	152	114	10	0	0
19th ward, 9th pct.....	27	137	105	10	0	1
19th ward, 10th pct.....	38	133	148	8	0	1
19th ward, 11th pct.....	27	161	124	8	0	1
19th ward, 12th pct.....	31	133	118	4	0	0
19th ward, 13th pct.....	33	109	173	12	4	0
19th ward, 14th pct.....	38	86	191	8	0	0
19th ward, 15th pct.....	37	136	146	1	0	0
19th ward, 16th pct.....	48	157	204	7	0	0
19th ward, 17th pct.....	35	190	187	6	0	0
19th ward, 18th pct.....	30	114	161	3	0	0
20th ward, 1st pct.....	31	206	119	16	0	0
20th ward, 2nd pct.....	30	215	90	27	1	0
20th ward, 3rd pct.....	20	190	66	15	1	5
20th ward, 4th pct.....	23	230	96	30	0	0
20th ward, 5th pct.....	49	218	86	41	0	1
20th ward, 6th pct.....	46	217	86	22	0	0
20th ward, 7th pct.....	33	197	83	33	0	1
20th ward, 8th pct.....	30	218	89	28	1	0
20th ward, 9th pct.....	38	199	85	10	0	0
20th ward, 10th pct.....	30	203	64	18	0	0
20th ward, 11th pct.....	22	187	95	19	2	1
20th ward, 12th pct.....	46	185	88	12	0	0
20th ward, 13th pct.....	37	234	94	16	1	0
20th ward, 14th pct.....	24	185	110	15	0	1
20th ward, 15th pct.....	57	266	85	14	0	0
20th ward, 16th pct.....	41	213	63	30	0	2
20th ward, 17th pct.....	26	203	66	28	0	0
20th ward, 18th pct.....	26	187	78	23	1	0
21st ward, 1st pct.....	136	209	58	7	3	1
21st ward, 2nd pct.....	50	170	61	13	1	0
21st ward, 3rd pct.....	40	205	82	10	0	0
21st ward, 4th pct.....	39	156	94	20	0	0
21st ward, 5th pct.....	39	157	104	16	0	0
21st ward, 6th pct.....	42	164	103	17	0	0
21st ward, 7th pct.....	49	192	90	20	0	0
21st ward, 8th pct.....	104	168	60	11	0	1
21st ward, 9th pct.....	92	214	121	7	0	2
21st ward, 10th pct.....	71	175	54	13	0	0
21st ward, 11th pct.....	36	145	39	12	0	1
21st ward, 12th pct.....	31	124	108	14	0	0
21st ward, 13th pct.....	37	185	65	13	0	1
21st ward, 14th pct.....	43	165	91	10	1	0
21st ward, 15th pct.....	114	216	46	15	0	0
21st ward, 16th pct.....	31	166	90	23	0	0
21st ward, 17th pct.....	30	162	61	11	0	0
22nd ward, 1st pct.....	39	238	82	27	0	1
22nd ward, 2nd pct.....	36	225	109	31	1	0
22nd ward, 3rd pct.....	46	175	66	18	0	0
22nd ward, 4th pct.....	43	192	99	11	2	0
22nd ward, 5th pct.....	77	222	82	13	1	0
22nd ward, 6th pct.....	45	204	147	9	0	0
22nd ward, 7th pct.....	44	190	113	6	0	0
22nd ward, 8th pct.....	21	154	155	14	1	0
22nd ward, 9th pct.....	57	166	119	5	0	0
22nd ward, 10th pct.....	18	139	147	1	0	0
22nd ward, 11th pct.....	15	110	218	2	0	0
22nd ward, 12th pct.....	23	182	131	3	0	0
22nd ward, 13th pct.....	32	151	142	7	0	0
22nd ward, 14th pct.....	44	210	89	4	4	0
22nd ward, 15th pct.....	30	110	175	8	0	0
22nd ward, 16th pct.....	57	225	162	3	5	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee city:						
22nd ward, 17th pct.	70	228	144	10	0	0
22nd ward, 18th pct.	25	176	139	10	0	0
22nd ward, 19th pct.	36	174	125	9	0	0
22nd ward, 20th pct.	43	175	135	9	1	0
23rd ward, 1st pct.	53	176	122	16	0	1
23rd ward, 2nd pct.	63	190	108	14	1	2
23rd ward, 3rd pct.	45	149	170	15	0	0
23rd ward, 4th pct.	21	142	97	10	0	0
23rd ward, 5th pct.	35	158	167	19	2	1
23rd ward, 6th pct.	38	166	85	17	1	2
23rd ward, 7th pct.	24	155	77	15	3	0
23rd ward, 8th pct.	27	183	67	28	1	0
23rd ward, 9th pct.	45	204	67	23	2	1
23rd ward, 10A pct.	64	56	118	9	1	0
23rd ward, 10B pct.	56	87	168	5	0	2
23rd ward, 11th pct.	36	248	85	18	3	0
23rd ward, 12th pct.	42	229	36	18	0	6
23rd ward, 13th pct.	56	299	64	15	3	6
24th ward, 1st pct.	106	193	39	2	0	0
24th ward, 2nd pct.	134	234	34	4	0	0
24th ward, 3rd pct.	103	201	37	7	1	0
24th ward, 4th pct.	118	238	29	10	1	1
24th ward, 5th pct.	111	238	44	5	0	0
24th ward, 6th pct.	54	163	114	19	0	0
24th ward, 7th pct.	43	205	103	9	1	0
24th ward, 8th pct.	28	162	45	9	3	0
24th ward, 9th pct.	36	198	169	24	0	1
24th ward, 10th pct.	109	266	84	4	0	1
24th ward, 11th pct.	119	334	96	9	0	1
24th ward, 12th pct.	45	251	168	10	0	0
24th ward, 13th pct.	116	176	19	0	0	0
24th ward, 14th pct.	116	234	63	11	2	4
24th ward, 15th pct.	112	186	31	0	1	0
24th ward, 16th pct.	46	256	145	11	0	0
25th ward, 1st pct.	33	223	115	13	0	1
25th ward, 2nd pct.	29	192	103	30	0	0
25th ward, 3rd pct.	19	203	68	17	0	2
25th ward, 4th pct.	19	169	53	22	0	0
25th ward, 5th pct.	27	246	85	20	0	0
25th ward, 6th pct.	38	209	77	31	1	0
25th ward, 7th pct.	13	143	97	12	0	0
25th ward, 8th pct.	27	217	89	12	4	1
25th ward, 9th pct.	52	246	118	21	0	0
25th ward, 10th pct.	32	190	154	12	0	0
25th ward, 11th pct.	31	202	79	10	1	1
25th ward, 12th pct.	22	171	99	12	3	0
25th ward, 13th pct.	36	237	87	24	0	0
25th ward, 14th pct.	28	211	51	35	0	0
25th ward, 15th pct.	28	233	67	25	0	1
25th ward, 16th pct.	31	188	109	30	0	0
25th ward, 17th pct.	24	196	120	18	1	0
25th ward, 18th pct.	36	215	117	28	0	0
25th ward, 19th pct.	29	233	106	17	0	2
25th ward, 20th pct.	25	214	57	21	0	0
26th ward, 1st pct.	42	246	82	24	3	0
26th ward, 2nd pct.	43	159	162	16	0	0
26th ward, 3rd pct.	40	200	125	14	0	0
26th ward, 4th pct.	36	219	81	7	0	0
26th ward, 5th pct.	41	252	121	28	2	0
26th ward, 6th pct.	17	200	146	8	0	0
26th ward, 7th pct.	38	174	180	7	0	1
26th ward, 8th pct.	34	219	144	7	0	0
26th ward, 9th pct.	50	217	124	8	3	0
26th ward, 10th pct.	65	196	130	15	0	0
26th ward, 11th pct.	51	200	173	17	0	0
26th ward, 12th pct.	36	154	106	18	2	0
26th ward, 13th pct.	25	180	70	13	1	0
26th ward, 14th pct.	45	178	127	29	1	0
26th ward, 15th pct.	40	195	155	13	0	0
26th ward, 16th pct.	49	200	113	8	0	0
26th ward, 17th pct.	47	257	193	6	6	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
Milwaukee city:						
26th ward, 18th pct.....	27	216	108	16	0	0
26th ward, 19th pct.....	36	217	165	9	1	0
26th ward, 20th pct.....	30	169	166	20	2	0
26th ward, 21st pct.....	41	253	146	13	0	0
26th ward, 22nd pct.....	59	211	138	4	0	0
26th ward, 23rd pct.....	22	185	97	12	0	1
27th ward, 1st pct.....	57	187	94	7	0	1
27th ward, 2nd pct.....	48	181	146	12	1	0
27th ward, 3rd pct.....	31	140	141	11	0	1
27th ward, 4th pct.....	37	196	115	6	0	0
27th ward, 5th pct.....	47	160	92	13	1	0
27th ward, 6th pct.....	30	141	156	11	0	0
27th ward, 7th pct.....	31	144	178	12	1	0
27th ward, 8th pct.....	54	201	99	14	0	0
27th ward, 9th pct.....	37	206	101	14	0	0
27th ward, 10th pct.....	38	172	110	11	0	0
27th ward, 11th pct.....	34	163	113	5	1	0
27th ward, 12th pct.....	66	331	99	12	0	0
27th ward, 13th pct.....	36	176	64	12	0	0
27th ward, 14th pct.....	34	164	85	2	0	1
South Milwaukee, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	60	164	154	14	5	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	64	178	173	12	1	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	53	180	147	20	2	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	94	220	167	21	0	1
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	132	222	91	14	1	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	121	233	89	9	6	2
4th ward, 1st pct.....	138	198	85	15	0	2
Wauwatosa, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	24	111	225	3	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	13	73	173	3	0	0
1st ward, 3rd pct.....	26	85	350	4	0	0
1st ward, 4th pct.....	33	109	245	9	0	0
1st ward, 5th pct.....	38	151	157	4	0	0
1st ward, 6th pct.....	39	173	186	7	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	23	152	335	6	0	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	44	198	292	11	0	0
2nd ward, 3rd pct.....	18	147	389	1	0	0
2nd ward, 4th pct.....	43	267	394	13	2	2
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	42	163	285	13	1	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	72	220	316	7	0	0
3rd ward, 3rd pct.....	20	80	290	4	1	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	23	166	145	11	0	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	30	210	192	7	0	1
4th ward, 3rd pct.....	30	114	275	5	1	0
4th ward, 4th pct.....	24	132	161	10	1	0
5th ward, 1st pct.....	33	238	292	12	0	1
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	51	303	299	14	2	0
5th ward, 3rd pct.....	33	274	315	10	0	0
West Allis, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	43	250	72	6	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	58	245	32	8	9	0
1st ward, 3rd pct.....	48	203	67	10	1	4
1st ward, 4th pct.....	64	262	85	14	1	0
1st ward, 5th pct.....	83	233	93	10	0	0
1st ward, 6th pct.....	97	218	35	9	2	0
1st ward, 7th pct.....	53	203	60	4	2	0
1st ward, 8th pct.....	91	303	137	18	0	2
1st ward, 9th pct.....	66	244	88	14	1	1
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	47	203	64	13	1	2
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	32	143	124	1	2	0
2nd ward, 3rd pct.....	33	130	77	5	2	1
2nd ward, 4th pct.....	64	101	67	6	3	1
2nd ward, 5th pct.....	44	146	32	9	0	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	35	134	130	4	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	37	128	155	3	0	0
3rd ward, 3rd pct.....	35	181	154	3	0	0
3rd ward, 4th pct.....	25	122	86	6	0	3
3rd ward, 5th pct.....	37	185	60	7	0	0
3rd ward, 6th pct.....	38	141	73	6	0	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	69	194	44	4	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
MILWAUKEE CO.—Cont.						
West Allis city:						
4th ward, 2nd pct.	50	199	92	12	0	1
4th ward, 3rd pct.	31	166	67	3	3	1
4th ward, 4th pct.	49	178	155	8	0	2
4th ward, 5th pct.	37	154	93	6	1	0
4th ward, 6th pct.	30	216	64	11	3	1
4th ward, 7th pct.	34	167	40	5	0	0
4th ward, 8th pct.	45	230	85	6	0	1
Totals	30,230	103,650	62,701	6,546	473	269
MONROE CO.						
Adrian	4	68	22	1	0	0
Angelo	3	106	58	0	0	0
Byron	0	94	17	0	0	0
Clifton	10	150	44	0	0	0
Glendale	12	138	45	0	0	0
Grant	1	21	17	0	0	0
Greenfield	0	61	41	0	0	0
Jefferson	4	123	28	0	0	0
La Fayette	2	35	28	2	0	0
La Grange	11	89	33	0	0	0
Leon	5	129	45	0	0	0
Lincoln	16	117	76	0	0	0
Little Falls	12	68	76	0	0	0
New Lyme	3	15	13	0	0	0
Oakdale	4	144	19	5	0	0
Portland	7	113	49	0	0	0
Ridgeville	12	97	61	0	0	0
Scott	15	6	1	0	0	0
Sheldon	11	112	53	1	0	0
Sparta	12	116	101	1	0	0
Tomah	7	98	84	2	0	0
Wellington	2	109	33	0	0	0
Wells	10	46	17	1	0	0
Wilton	14	101	56	0	0	0
Cashton, vil.	7	194	59	0	0	0
Kendall, vil.	7	85	54	2	0	0
Melina, vil.	3	34	9	0	0	0
Norwalk, vil.	12	71	67	2	0	0
Wilton, vil.	14	67	41	0	0	0
Wyeville, vil.	0	41	14	1	0	0
Sparta, city:						
1st ward	12	146	205	0	0	0
2nd ward	15	147	172	3	1	0
3rd ward	11	158	118	0	0	0
4th ward	18	163	127	2	0	0
*Tomah, city:						
1st ward	18	192	128	5	0	0
2nd ward	23	237	125	3	0	1
3rd ward	20	224	70	7	2	0
Totals	337	3,924	2,206	38	3	1
OCONTO CO.						
Abrams	30	73	99	1	0	0
Armstrong	29	87	36	4	0	0
Bagley	11	13	23	2	0	0
Brazau	50	65	87	0	0	0
Breed	35	26	44	2	0	0
Chase	55	102	68	0	0	0
Doty	10	19	16	0	0	0
Gillett	18	76	108	2	0	0
How	39	54	89	2	0	0
Lena	56	117	74	1	0	0
Little River	53	141	99	1	0	0
Little Suamico	84	101	101	3	0	0
Maple Valley	19	74	115	3	0	0
Morgan	19	55	83	1	1	0
Oconto	56	120	113	1	0	0
Oconto Falls	35	72	128	7	0	0
Pensaukee	16	105	128	2	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
OCONTO CO.—Cont.						
Riverview.....	18	36	29	1	1	0
Spruce.....	48	112	78	2	2	0
Stiles.....	47	93	78	1	0	0
Townsend.....	11	57	44	0	1	0
Underhill.....	15	49	57	1	0	0
Wheeler.....	27	31	59	1	0	0
Gillett, vil.....	36	113	164	2	0	0
Lena, vil.....	52	86	68	2	0	0
Suring, vil.....	24	56	92	3	1	0
Oconto, city:						
1st ward.....	46	219	122	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	62	199	33	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	90	191	51	0	0	0
4th ward.....	51	191	163	1	0	0
5th ward.....	48	281	269	0	0	0
Oconto Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	25	55	52	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	27	74	110	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	42	79	124	0	0	0
Totals.....	1,284	3,222	3,004	52	6	0
ONEIDA CO.						
Cassian.....	13	88	41	1	0	0
Crescent.....	12	102	19	5	0	0
Enterprise.....	5	32	24	2	0	0
Hazelhurst.....	7	32	33	0	0	0
Lake Tomahawk.....	15	65	25	2	0	0
Little Rice.....	1	20	5	0	0	0
Lynne.....	7	30	6	0	3	0
Minocqua.....	43	174	241	6	0	0
Monico.....	11	38	10	4	0	0
Newbold.....	10	64	37	3	0	0
Pelican.....	22	247	62	6	0	0
Piehl.....	3	28	5	0	0	0
Pine Lake.....	18	158	30	2	0	1
Schoepke.....	15	57	46	0	1	0
Stella.....	15	23	6	0	0	0
Sugar Camp.....	21	82	28	2	1	0
Three Lakes.....	42	106	102	7	0	0
Woodboro.....	4	25	16	0	0	0
Woodruff.....	22	90	43	1	0	0
Rhinelander, city:						
1st ward.....	14	256	63	2	1	0
2nd ward.....	24	187	40	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	22	173	32	0	0	0
4th ward.....	18	135	189	2	0	1
5th ward.....	21	166	163	5	0	0
6th ward.....	20	151	59	1	0	0
7th ward.....	29	179	100	3	0	0
8th ward.....	15	242	41	0	0	0
Totals.....	449	2,950	1,475	55	6	2
OUTAGAMIE CO.						
Black Creek.....	29	40	87	0	0	0
Bovina.....	11	17	51	0	0	0
Buchanan.....	167	54	43	0	0	0
Center.....	45	82	118	7	0	0
Cicero.....	36	82	88	4	0	1
Dale.....	35	49	163	1	0	0
Deer Creek.....	17	17	27	1	0	0
Ellington.....	40	48	147	2	0	0
Freedom.....	201	42	87	1	0	0
Grand Chute:						
1st pct.....	91	113	197	3	1	0
2nd pct.....	101	90	150	9	0	0
Greenville.....	39	84	145	10	0	0
Hortonia.....	14	25	43	0	0	0
Kaukauna.....	108	25	14	1	0	0
Liberty.....	12	27	54	0	0	0
Maine.....	23	22	46	1	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
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District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
OUTAGAMIE CO.—Cont.						
Maple Creek.....	13	26	63	0	0	0
Oneida.....	99	44	105	1	0	0
Osborn.....	43	32	73	2	0	0
Seymour.....	18	57	109	2	1	0
Vandenbrook.....	98	26	18	0	0	2
Bear Creek, vil.....	19	9	31	0	0	0
Black Creek, vil.....	5	34	105	3	0	0
Combined Locks, vil.....	47	46	26	0	0	0
Hortonville, vil.....	37	61	153	1	0	0
Kimberly, vil.....	333	203	208	0	0	0
Little Chute, vil.....	379	268	224	3	0	0
Shiocton, vil.....	16	50	87	1	0	0
Appleton, city:						
1st ward.....	83	107	263	10	0	0
2nd ward.....	98	162	415	6	0	0
3rd ward.....	43	87	136	5	0	0
4th ward.....	72	188	290	3	0	0
5th ward.....	58	139	288	9	0	0
6th ward.....	96	227	304	10	0	0
7th ward.....	62	128	242	4	0	0
8th ward.....	97	112	165	1	0	0
9th ward.....	149	108	187	0	0	0
10th ward.....	121	153	256	1	0	0
11th ward.....	68	104	182	2	0	0
12th ward.....	131	197	267	7	0	0
13th ward.....	78	118	108	7	2	1
14th ward.....	32	104	358	7	0	0
15th ward.....	37	83	259	8	0	0
16th ward.....	57	98	191	3	0	0
17th ward.....	68	126	156	4	1	0
18th ward.....	69	0	116	5	0	0
Kankauna, city:						
1st ward.....	286	85	178	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	267	98	166	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	347	112	116	0	0	0
4th and 5th wards.....	283	90	118	1	0	0
New London, city:						
3rd ward.....	37	107	109	1	0	0
Seymour, city:						
1st ward.....	20	54	145	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	19	35	103	1	0	0
Totals.....	4,754	4,495	7,780	155	5	4
OZAUKEE CO.						
Belgium.....	45	177	126	4	0	0
Cedarburg.....	23	127	112	1	0	0
Fredonia.....	22	191	86	2	0	1
Grafton.....	13	115	58	4	0	0
Mequon:						
1st pct.....	31	182	181	11	0	0
2nd pct.....	23	130	154	5	0	1
Port Washington.....	30	130	54	8	0	0
Saukville.....	19	82	71	3	0	0
Belgium, vil.....	27	62	56	1	0	0
Fredonia, vil.....	12	41	56	5	0	0
Grafton, vil.....	40	162	102	4	0	0
Saukville, vil.....	25	76	42	1	0	0
Thiensville, vil.....	16	94	58	1	0	0
Cedarburg, city:						
1st ward.....	30	133	140	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	99	62	5	0	3
3rd ward.....	24	91	79	1	1	1
Port Washington, city:						
1st ward.....	43	248	97	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	47	114	57	2	0	1
3rd ward.....	29	124	52	0	0	0
4th ward.....	17	108	34	2	0	0
5th ward.....	19	127	82	0	1	0
6th ward.....	19	197	89	0	0	0
Totals.....	570	2,810	1,848	63	2	7

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
PEPIN CO.						
Albany.....	1	54	10	0	0	0
Durand.....	4	25	16	0	0	0
Frankfort.....	3	53	56	0	0	0
Lima.....	8	28	33	1	0	0
Pepin.....	9	83	98	0	0	0
Stockholm.....	0	20	46	2	0	0
Waterville.....	6	94	68	0	0	0
Waubeek.....	0	13	15	0	0	0
Pepin, vil.....	18	53	87	0	0	0
Stockholm, vil.....	4	17	34	0	0	0
Durand, city:						
1st ward.....	4	54	46	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	13	113	92	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	9	66	89	0	0	0
Totals.....	79	673	690	4	0	0
PIERCE CO.						
Clifton.....	7	38	41	0	0	0
Diamond Bluff.....	3	59	14	0	0	0
Ellsworth.....	11	136	72	0	0	0
El Paso.....	1	86	82	0	0	0
Gilman.....	6	50	146	0	0	0
Hartland.....	3	122	40	1	0	0
Isabelle.....	0	11	10	0	0	0
Maiden Rock.....	1	69	40	0	0	0
Martell.....	1	119	105	0	0	0
Oak Grove.....	4	31	25	0	1	0
River Falls.....	12	70	81	0	0	0
Rock Elm.....	2	100	83	0	0	0
Salem.....	1	55	58	0	0	0
Spring Lake.....	5	58	108	0	0	0
Trenton.....	4	150	44	3	0	0
Trimbelle.....	4	248	62	3	1	0
Union.....	3	95	84	0	0	0
Bay City, vil.....	5	29	17	2	1	0
Ellsworth, vil.....	10	220	216	0	0	0
Elmwood, vil.....	11	167	85	1	0	0
Maiden Rock, vil.....	3	22	39	0	0	0
Plum City, vil.....	2	50	36	0	0	0
Spring Valley, vil.....	5	12	276	0	0	0
Prescott, city:						
1st ward.....	5	19	29	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	5	17	30	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	6	17	35	0	0	0
River Falls, city:						
2nd election dist.....	49	322	427	0	0	0
Totals.....	169	2,372	2,285	11	3	0
POLK CO.						
Alden.....	3	169	37	0	0	1
Apple River.....	3	149	26	1	0	0
Balsam Lake.....	4	125	37	1	0	0
Beaver.....	3	131	20	0	1	0
Black Brook.....	7	138	40	0	0	0
Bone Lake.....	0	153	17	1	1	0
Clam Falls.....	5	99	42	2	0	0
Clayton.....	12	136	18	1	0	0
Clear Lake.....	7	162	47	1	0	0
Eureka.....	9	228	47	3	0	0
Farmington.....	3	114	73	2	0	0
Garfield.....	2	135	54	0	0	0
Georgetown.....	7	85	15	0	0	0
Johnstown.....	2	74	12	3	0	0
Laketown.....	5	182	43	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	5	131	62	0	0	0
Lorain.....	3	83	0	0	0	0
Luck.....	4	136	35	0	0	0
McKinley.....	3	86	26	0	0	0
Milltown.....	2	160	26	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
POLK CO.—Cont.						
Osceola.....	3	156	35	0	0	0
St. Croix Falls.....	8	137	26	0	0	0
Sterling.....	3	100	18	0	0	0
West Sweden.....	7	138	46	2	1	0
Balsam Lake, vil.....	3	119	60	2	0	0
Centuria, vil.....	7	91	37	1	0	0
Clayton, vil.....	5	49	42	0	0	0
Clear Lake, vil.....	12	121	68	0	0	0
Dresser vil.....	2	76	25	0	0	0
Frederic, vil.....	8	121	117	1	0	0
Luck, vil.....	3	79	74	0	0	0
Milltown, vil.....	4	91	56	0	0	0
Osceola, vil.....	6	97	93	0	0	0
St. Croix Falls, vil.....	11	111	82	0	0	0
Amery, city:						
1st ward.....	17	55	139	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	60	85	0	1	0
Totals.....	194	4,277	1,708	22	4	1
PORTAGE CO.						
Alban.....	113	54	52	0	0	0
Almond.....	17	38	80	0	0	0
Amherst.....	87	81	65	0	0	0
Belmont.....	23	58	19	2	0	0
Buena Vista.....	67	49	93	2	0	0
Carson.....	86	93	69	2	1	0
Dewey.....	141	17	24	0	0	0
Eau Claire.....	83	82	65	1	0	0
Grant.....	8	72	36	0	0	0
Hull.....	243	87	28	1	0	0
Lanark.....	40	54	77	0	0	0
Linwood.....	75	47	26	2	0	0
New Hope.....	63	116	64	3	0	0
Pine Grove.....	24	37	81	0	0	0
Plover.....	145	219	117	4	0	0
Sharon.....	361	187	67	1	0	0
Stockton.....	249	74	50	1	0	0
Almond, vil.....	10	37	71	2	0	0
Amherst, vil.....	28	77	92	0	0	0
Amherst Junction, vil.....	22	17	14	0	0	0
Junction City, vil.....	18	59	12	0	0	0
Nelsonville, vil.....	2	30	30	0	0	0
Park Ridge, vil.....	12	27	32	1	0	0
Rosholt, vil.....	50	34	49	0	0	1
Stevens Point, city:						
1st ward.....	70	118	136	1	1	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	40	148	188	4	0	1
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	50	175	90	3	0	0
3rd ward.....	89	231	206	5	0	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	182	147	55	0	0	0
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	354	147	36	3	1	1
5th ward.....	83	292	139	4	0	0
6th ward.....	82	244	70	4	0	0
7th ward.....	251	182	47	6	0	0
8th ward.....	161	219	143	5	0	1
9th ward.....	57	99	45	3	0	0
Totals.....	3,386	3,648	2,468	60	3	4
PRICE CO.						
Catawba.....	12	57	57	3	0	0
Eisenstein.....	14	104	58	9	0	1
Elk.....	17	175	97	3	7	0
Emery.....	19	86	78	1	6	0
Fifield.....	36	126	118	3	1	0
Flambeau.....	34	69	52	1	0	0
Georgetown.....	10	35	55	1	0	0
Hackett.....	3	24	57	0	1	0
Harmony.....	3	66	36	1	4	0
Hill.....	13	53	53	0	0	0
Kennan.....	18	70	53	4	0	1

THE GENERAL ELECTION

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SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
PRICE CO.—Cont.						
Knox.....	14	128	60	0	10	1
Lake.....	47	149	118	4	1	0
Ogema.....	24	116	246	3	1	0
Prentice.....	19	45	104	6	3	0
Spirit.....	11	55	99	3	0	0
Worcester.....	51	184	176	8	10	0
Catawba, vil.....	12	31	45	1	0	0
Kennan, vil.....	10	37	43	2	0	0
Prentice, vil.....	13	63	66	1	0	1
Park Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	42	95	101	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	20	65	67	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	30	132	125	2	0	0
4th ward.....	25	128	59	0	0	0
Phillips, city:						
1st ward.....	26	96	100	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	10	77	122	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	19	103	75	4	3	0
Totals.....	552	2,269	2,320	64	47	4
RACINE CO.						
Burlington.....	76	73	112	6	0	0
Caledonia.....	92	348	289	6	0	0
Dover.....	59	95	147	1	0	0
Mt. Pleasant:						
District 1.....	124	528	496	14	3	0
District 2.....	53	189	88	0	2	0
Norway.....	27	159	194	2	2	0
Raymond.....	19	135	140	0	0	0
Rochester.....	23	28	55	2	0	0
Waterford.....	16	75	120	3	0	0
Yorkville.....	19	109	186	1	0	0
Rochester, vil.....	9	38	62	0	0	0
Sturtevant, vil.....	40	144	85	5	0	0
Union Grove, vil.....	20	92	163	4	0	0
Waterford, vil.....	20	53	147	0	0	0
Burlington, city:						
1st ward.....	28	56	58	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	50	94	234	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	50	63	220	1	0	0
4th ward.....	46	85	147	2	1	0
Racine, city:						
1st ward.....	22	99	95	4	5	0
2nd ward.....	96	238	643	3	0	0
3rd ward, N pct.....	80	248	322	6	1	0
3rd ward, S pct.....	118	265	432	0	0	0
4th ward, E pct.....	108	216	130	7	1	0
4th ward, W pct.....	115	333	209	12	1	0
5th ward.....	195	310	170	18	2	2
6th ward.....	97	280	161	4	1	0
7th ward, 1st pct.....	47	178	366	11	0	0
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	77	312	226	3	4	0
7th ward, 3rd pct.....	114	315	253	5	0	0
8th ward, 1st pct.....	64	373	347	10	0	0
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	72	399	306	12	2	0
9th ward, 1st pct.....	141	442	85	18	3	3
9th ward, 2nd pct.....	98	291	148	6	1	0
10th ward, 1st pct.....	68	280	115	4	1	0
10th ward, 2nd pct.....	85	235	106	3	2	0
11th ward, 1st pct.....	53	234	325	7	1	0
11th ward, 2nd pct.....	49	305	200	13	0	0
12th ward, 1st pct.....	74	443	631	6	0	0
12th ward, 2nd pct.....	66	356	544	8	2	0
12th ward, 3rd pct.....	100	457	343	14	1	1
13th ward, 1st pct.....	66	321	171	5	0	0
13th ward, 2nd pct.....	73	361	226	5	0	0
13th ward, 3rd pct.....	111	378	191	8	2	0
14th ward, 1st pct.....	130	355	76	7	4	0
14th ward, 2nd pct.....	108	255	281	4	3	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
RACINE CO.—Cont.						
Racine city:						
15th ward, 1st pct.-----	81	383	238	6	1	1
15th ward, 2nd pct.-----	115	373	273	8	3	0
15th ward, 3rd pct.-----	106	274	444	6	4	0
Totals-----	3,500	11,673	11,000	271	53	7
RICHLAND CO.						
Akan-----	11	146	53	1	0	0
Bloom-----	12	86	102	0	0	0
Boaz-----	7	49	18	0	0	0
Buena Vista-----	17	140	101	4	0	0
Cazenovia-----	16	43	53	0	0	0
Dayton-----	19	95	87	0	0	0
Eagle-----	23	60	77	1	0	0
Forest-----	6	45	69	0	0	0
Henrietta-----	25	71	83	0	0	0
Ithaca-----	14	112	75	0	0	0
Lone Rock-----	16	71	33	0	1	0
Marshall-----	8	53	59	0	0	0
Orion-----	7	88	81	0	0	0
Richland-----	17	117	148	0	0	0
Richwood-----	37	104	45	1	1	0
Rockbridge-----	14	118	90	1	0	0
Sylvan-----	8	80	85	3	3	0
Viola-----	8	61	65	0	0	0
Westford-----	10	99	35	0	0	0
Willow-----	12	54	92	0	0	0
Yuba-----	4	22	8	1	0	0
Richland Center, city:						
1st ward-----	28	193	151	2	0	0
2nd ward-----	28	246	192	0	2	0
3rd ward-----	42	264	314	0	4	1
Totals-----	385	2,417	2,116	14	11	1
ROCK CO.						
Avon-----	9	39	38	0	1	0
Beloit-----	34	186	180	4	0	0
Bradford-----	2	40	71	0	0	0
Center-----	6	62	86	0	0	0
Clinton-----	9	44	103	0	0	0
Fulton-----	18	150	111	2	0	0
Harmony-----	13	128	90	1	0	0
Janesville-----	15	142	98	0	0	0
Johnstown-----	6	72	48	0	0	0
La Prairie-----	8	50	72	0	0	0
Lima-----	8	55	94	0	0	0
Magnolia-----	7	76	49	1	2	0
Milton-----	17	223	178	2	1	0
Newark-----	6	33	86	0	1	0
Plymouth-----	14	82	100	1	0	0
Porter-----	14	142	52	1	0	0
Rock-----	12	112	77	0	0	0
Spring Valley-----	16	70	61	1	0	0
Turtle-----	20	112	154	1	0	0
Union-----	14	143	65	0	0	0
Clinton, vil.-----	16	94	188	0	0	0
Footville, vil.-----	9	52	84	2	0	0
Milton, vil.-----	14	183	150	1	0	0
Orfordville, vil.-----	4	82	65	1	0	0
Beloit, city:						
1st ward-----	24	58	95	1	0	0
2nd ward-----	34	173	187	1	0	0
3rd ward-----	38	118	105	2	0	0
4th ward-----	23	120	112	1	0	0
5th ward-----	10	45	167	1	0	0
6th ward-----	41	89	277	0	0	0
7th ward-----	37	126	302	2	0	0
8th ward-----	24	129	137	2	1	0
9th ward-----	44	98	142	1	1	0
10th ward-----	22	70	96	0	1	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
ROCK CO.—Cont.						
Beloit city:						
11th ward.....	26	92	116	1	0	0
12th ward.....	30	99	132	0	0	0
13th ward.....	22	130	116	1	0	0
14th ward.....	15	95	145	0	0	0
15th ward.....	22	89	134	0	0	0
16th ward.....	41	146	131	1	0	0
17th ward.....	23	135	143	0	0	0
18th ward.....	24	127	104	0	1	2
Edgerton, city.....	37	574	339	1	1	0
Evansville, city.....	25	475	225	3	0	0
Janesville, city:						
1st ward.....	18	325	180	2	1	1
2nd ward.....	23	234	176	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	18	166	168	1	0	1
4th ward.....	15	127	294	3	0	0
5th ward.....	25	340	360	0	0	0
6th ward.....	19	214	182	1	0	0
7th ward.....	29	280	89	2	0	0
8th ward.....	27	211	106	0	0	0
9th ward.....	28	164	63	2	1	0
10th ward.....	20	163	69	0	0	0
11th ward.....	20	188	66	0	1	1
12th ward.....	21	170	84	0	0	0
13th ward.....	15	238	144	0	0	0
14th ward.....	22	226	121	1	0	0
Totals.....	1,153	8,306	7,662	50	12	5
RUSK CO.						
Atlanta.....	19	90	69	0	0	0
Big Bend.....	11	50	56	0	0	0
Big Falls.....	4	45	17	0	0	0
Cedar Rapids.....	2	21	2	0	0	0
Dewey.....	6	99	51	0	0	0
Flambeau.....	11	137	80	1	0	0
Grant.....	14	117	90	8	1	0
Grow.....	9	101	50	2	0	0
Hawkins.....	6	55	17	0	0	0
Hubbard.....	6	40	20	0	0	0
Lawrence.....	7	21	41	1	0	0
Marshall.....	25	99	50	4	0	0
Murry.....	10	48	51	1	1	0
Richland.....	4	21	30	0	0	0
Rusk.....	17	94	15	1	1	0
South Fork.....	24	35	11	1	2	1
Strickland.....	19	62	25	2	0	0
Stubbs.....	19	56	71	1	0	1
Thornapple.....	24	69	61	0	0	1
True.....	11	38	56	3	0	1
Washington.....	5	22	39	1	0	0
Wilkinson.....	3	12	11	0	0	0
Willard.....	8	53	31	0	2	0
Wilson.....	4	20	12	0	0	0
Bruce, vil.....	21	56	93	2	0	0
Conrath, vil.....	1	20	9	0	0	0
Glen Flora, vil.....	1	14	27	0	1	0
Hawkins, vil.....	13	69	40	0	0	0
Ingram, vil.....	6	25	21	0	0	0
Sheldon, vil.....	3	26	41	0	0	0
Tony, vil.....	6	35	47	0	0	0
Weyerhauser, vil.....	10	29	51	0	0	0
Ladysmith, city:						
1st ward.....	4	76	41	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	9	96	68	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	12	64	45	0	0	0
4th ward.....	19	114	89	1	0	0
5th ward.....	9	74	90	3	0	0
6th ward.....	8	99	32	0	0	0
7th ward.....	12	69	90	1	0	0
Totals.....	402	2,271	1,740	33	8	4

**SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942**

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
ST. CROIX CO.						
Baldwin.....	9	87	108	0	0	0
Cady.....	10	51	90	2	0	0
Cylon.....	19	121	26	1	0	1
Eau Galle.....	8	78	80	0	0	0
Emerald.....	18	72	47	5	0	0
Erin Prairie.....	19	90	13	1	0	0
Forest.....	5	147	41	3	0	0
Glenwood.....	8	143	50	0	0	0
Hammond.....	29	51	95	0	0	0
Hudson.....	23	67	23	1	0	0
Kinnickinnic.....	14	58	41	1	0	0
Pleasant Valley.....	3	51	22	2	2	0
Richmond.....	32	44	26	0	0	0
Rush River.....	1	35	46	0	0	0
Somerset.....	5	70	55	1	0	0
Springfield.....	21	105	72	1	0	0
Stanton.....	24	101	25	2	0	0
Star Prairie.....	13	81	29	0	0	0
St. Joseph.....	20	70	40	2	0	0
Troy.....	22	55	39	1	0	0
Warren.....	33	101	83	1	0	0
Baldwin, vil.....	20	59	222	0	0	0
Deer Park, vil.....	4	78	10	0	0	0
Hammond, vil.....	20	54	107	0	0	0
North Hudson, vil.....	20	156	25	0	0	0
Somerset, vil.....	35	15	73	0	0	0
Star Prairie, vil.....	6	39	16	0	0	0
Wilson, vil.....	7	14	35	0	0	0
Woodville, vil.....	16	32	54	0	0	0
Glenwood City, city:						
1st ward.....	5	35	18	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	2	30	28	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	8	37	57	0	0	0
Hudson, city:						
1st ward.....	39	108	114	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	58	221	163	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	46	206	119	0	0	0
New Richmond, city:						
1st ward.....	48	92	85	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	59	145	109	4	0	0
3rd ward.....	15	51	40	0	0	0
River Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	7	48	33	0	0	0
Totals.....	751	3,098	2,359	32	2	1
SAUK CO.						
Baraboo.....	19	239	155	9	0	0
Bear Creek.....	13	92	18	0	0	0
Dellona.....	20	71	28	6	1	0
Delton.....	21	106	135	0	0	0
Excelsior.....	3	140	59	1	0	0
Fairfield.....	7	55	56	0	0	0
Franklin.....	5	170	32	1	0	0
Freedom.....	7	87	62	1	0	0
Greenfield.....	5	100	61	2	0	0
Honey Creek.....	2	160	59	9	0	0
Ironton.....	11	100	45	1	0	0
La Valle.....	9	145	42	1	0	0
Merrimac.....	6	58	17	0	0	0
Prairie du Sac.....	0	52	50	6	0	0
Reedsburg.....	6	164	74	1	0	0
Spring Green.....	7	68	42	0	0	0
Sumpter.....	3	124	36	1	0	0
Troy.....	2	206	120	1	0	1
Washington.....	15	189	69	3	0	0
Westfield.....	2	189	56	1	0	0
Winfield.....	15	67	42	0	0	0
Woodland.....	9	120	40	0	0	0
Ableman, vil.....	4	92	40	2	0	0
Ironton, vil.....	6	33	13	0	0	0
La Valle, vil.....	19	67	63	0	0	0
Lime Ridge, vil.....	0	40	31	0	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
SAUK CO.—Cont.						
Loganville, vil.	4	59	33	0	0	0
Merrimac, vil.	9	124	15	1	0	0
North Freedom, vil.	8	85	81	2	0	0
Plain, vil.	20	56	37	0	0	0
Prairie du Sac, vil.	16	150	218	1	0	0
Sauk City, vil.	31	253	126	5	0	0
Spring Green, vil.	15	127	88	0	0	0
Baraboo, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.	29	206	221	3	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.	13	130	139	1	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.	31	246	279	5	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.	35	222	168	1	1	0
3rd ward.	26	227	89	2	2	0
Reedsburg, city:						
1st ward.	23	264	110	0	1	1
2nd ward.	24	307	270	3	1	0
Totals.	500	5,390	3,319	70	6	2
SAWYER CO.						
Bass Lake.	20	91	93	3	0	0
Couderay.	24	32	40	1	0	0
Draper.	15	71	64	3	0	0
Edgewater.	14	51	28	1	1	0
Hayward.	14	101	96	0	0	0
Hunter.	9	55	20	0	0	0
Lenroot.	15	76	42	0	0	0
Meadowbrook.	9	20	29	0	0	0
Meteor.	2	36	50	3	0	0
Ojibwa.	8	35	29	0	0	0
Radisson.	31	59	86	0	0	0
Round Lake.	6	63	71	3	0	0
Sand Lake.	26	67	130	1	2	0
Spider Lake.	2	43	38	0	0	0
Weirgor.	13	50	44	2	1	1
Winter.	61	100	197	2	0	1
Couderay, vil.	10	25	12	0	0	0
Exceland, vil.	16	12	41	0	0	0
Hayward, city:						
1st ward.	21	94	106	0	0	0
2nd ward.	5	93	60	1	0	0
3rd ward.	13	81	73	0	0	0
Totals.	334	1,255	1,349	20	4	2
SHAWANO CO.						
Almon.	11	35	54	2	1	0
Angelica.	41	48	55	2	0	0
Aniwa.	4	14	34	2	0	0
Bartelme.	18	8	15	0	0	0
Belle Plaine.	12	68	132	5	0	0
Birmamwood.	10	24	53	7	1	0
Fairbanks.	5	79	28	1	0	0
Germania.	7	69	17	1	0	0
Grant.	8	43	124	1	0	0
Green Valley.	16	61	131	3	0	0
Hartland.	10	49	67	1	0	0
Herman.	13	45	106	2	0	0
Hutchins.	7	26	37	3	0	0
Lessor.	24	32	79	0	0	0
Maple Grove.	76	68	71	0	0	0
Morris.	5	103	46	0	0	0
Navarino.	3	26	29	0	0	0
Pella.	13	23	99	2	0	0
Red Springs.	32	27	43	1	0	0
Richmond.	10	75	81	2	0	0
Seneca.	9	43	76	0	0	0
Washington.	6	28	101	2	0	0
Waukechon.	28	65	97	1	0	0
Wescott.	24	68	117	3	0	1
Wittenberg.	13	70	83	2	0	0
Aniwa, vil.	2	27	27	4	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
SHAWANO CO.—Cont.						
Biramwood, vil.....	7	22	101	0	0	0
Bonduel, vil.....	8	50	104	1	0	0
Bowler, vil.....	6	16	64	1	0	0
Cecil, vil.....	11	26	72	0	0	0
Eland, vil.....	12	28	25	0	0	0
Gresham, vil.....	16	32	59	2	0	0
Keshena, pct.....	11	9	45	3	0	0
Mattoon, vil.....	14	41	48	0	0	0
Neopit, pct.....	14	27	58	1	0	0
Tigerton, vil.....	10	112	61	1	0	0
Wittenberg, vil.....	10	93	143	5	0	0
Shawano, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	20	101	199	3	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	19	77	111	5	0	0
2nd ward.....	28	114	171	5	0	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	27	132	239	2	0	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	22	59	108	1	0	0
Totals.....	642	2,163	3,415	77	2	1
SHEBOYGAN CO.						
Greenbush.....	46	84	96	1	1	0
Herman.....	34	128	157	28	2	0
Holland.....	42	127	305	3	0	1
Lima.....	57	117	272	4	1	0
Lyndon.....	28	80	145	0	0	0
Mitchell.....	50	59	61	0	0	0
Mosel.....	30	71	86	0	0	0
Plymouth.....	53	156	179	16	0	1
Rhine.....	24	79	90	10	0	0
Russell.....	25	24	31	1	0	0
Scott.....	22	56	131	0	0	0
Sheboygan.....	178	320	229	22	0	1
Sheboygan Falls.....	54	118	126	50	0	1
Sherman.....	19	65	114	3	0	0
Wilson.....	58	122	123	5	0	1
Adell, vil.....	13	32	62	1	0	0
Cascade, vil.....	19	56	69	2	0	0
Cedar Grove, vil.....	31	112	203	0	0	0
Elkhart Lake, vil.....	35	58	84	4	0	0
Glenbeulah, vil.....	35	31	64	1	0	0
Kohler, vil.....	132	157	467	10	2	1
Oostburg, vil.....	19	58	185	2	0	0
Random Lake, vil.....	73	62	88	2	0	0
Waldo, vil.....	16	39	74	2	0	0
Plymouth, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	43	152	88	5	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	27	134	133	7	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	37	111	138	1	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	27	132	140	6	0	0
Sheboygan, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	49	221	500	13	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	150	261	535	23	3	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	90	181	334	8	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	142	240	248	20	3	0
3rd ward, 1st pct.....	85	157	132	13	3	0
3rd ward, 2nd pct.....	154	298	205	30	9	0
4th ward, 1st pct.....	251	319	207	31	2	1
4th ward, 2nd pct.....	156	307	327	15	3	2
5th ward, 1st pct.....	81	220	124	13	0	0
5th ward, 2nd pct.....	279	542	362	18	4	3
6th ward, 1st pct.....	102	212	108	16	2	0
6th ward, 2nd pct.....	148	274	155	22	4	1
7th ward, 1st pct.....	198	356	207	23	0	0
7th ward, 2nd pct.....	184	356	251	29	0	0
8th ward, 1st pct.....	161	362	292	20	0	2
8th ward, 2nd pct.....	252	338	284	30	2	0
Sheboygan Falls, city:						
1st ward.....	119	149	145	6	1	0
2nd ward.....	66	120	143	2	0	0
Totals.....	3,894	7,653	8,499	518	42	15

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
TAYLOR CO.						
Aurora.....	14	45	63	6	2	0
Browning.....	12	102	45	13	0	0
Chelsea.....	8	96	88	0	0	0
Cleveland.....	14	33	47	5	0	0
Deer Creek.....	13	148	98	11	2	0
Ford.....	16	21	25	2	1	0
Goodrich.....	13	49	37	4	0	0
Greenwood.....	13	98	33	5	3	0
Grover.....	7	40	43	3	1	0
Hammel.....	23	71	59	6	0	0
Holway.....	26	87	95	3	1	0
Jump River.....	7	71	51	5	0	0
Little Black.....	19	167	130	12	4	0
Maplehurst.....	11	67	75	1	0	0
McKinley.....	20	45	69	1	0	0
Medford.....	34	264	142	18	1	0
Molitor.....	12	21	28	2	0	0
Pershing.....	21	26	43	0	0	1
Rib Lake.....	42	82	86	3	1	0
Roosevelt.....	68	175	55	2	2	0
Taft.....	11	67	40	1	0	0
Westboro.....	63	119	96	9	4	1
Gilman, vil.....	12	31	33	0	0	0
Lublin, vil.....	16	8	28	1	1	0
Rib Lake, vil.....	52	104	119	2	0	0
Medford, city:						
1st ward.....	32	179	155	6	0	0
2nd ward.....	21	132	69	9	0	0
3rd ward.....	48	189	110	8	0	0
Totals.....	648	2,537	1,962	138	23	2
TREMPEALEAU CO.						
Albion.....	0	76	46	1	0	0
Arcadia.....	44	156	73	2	0	0
Burnside.....	7	58	6	0	0	0
Caledonia.....	3	23	21	0	0	0
Chimney Rock.....	5	64	18	0	0	0
Dodge.....	18	49	78	0	0	0
Ettrick.....	7	286	148	0	0	0
Gale.....	8	200	80	1	0	0
Hale.....	13	285	63	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	3	110	12	0	0	0
Pigeon.....	6	236	43	0	0	0
Preston.....	4	264	55	2	0	0
Sumner.....	4	127	36	0	0	0
Trempealeau.....	10	94	44	0	0	0
Unity.....	12	210	55	0	0	0
Blair, vil.....	6	163	75	0	0	0
Eleva, vil.....	5	47	50	0	0	0
Trempealeau, vil.....	15	34	56	0	0	0
Arcadia, city:						
1st ward.....	6	32	53	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	14	57	95	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	5	29	70	0	0	0
Galesville, city:						
1st ward.....	5	63	45	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	9	37	50	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	3	31	45	0	0	0
Independence, city:						
1st ward.....	4	21	16	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	4	13	18	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	6	13	27	0	0	0
4th ward.....	5	24	32	0	0	0
Osseo, city:						
1st ward.....	5	69	67	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	2	49	37	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	1	41	28	0	0	0
Whitehall, city:						
1st ward.....	2	72	39	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	0	102	60	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	2	79	42	1	0	0
Totals.....	243	3,204	1,683	9	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
VERNON CO.						
Bergen.....	5	52	29	1	0	0
Christiana.....	1	220	38	0	0	0
Clinton.....	4	183	53	1	0	0
Coon.....	2	146	56	0	0	0
Forest.....	5	80	53	0	0	0
Franklin.....	10	285	66	1	0	0
Genoa.....	8	34	48	0	0	0
Greenwood.....	11	80	27	0	0	0
Hamburg.....	3	79	68	1	0	0
Harmony.....	4	137	36	1	0	0
Hillsboro.....	5	110	39	0	0	0
Jefferson.....	4	259	66	0	0	0
Kickapoo.....	12	111	27	0	0	0
Liberty.....	3	64	23	0	0	0
Stark.....	2	82	52	1	0	0
Sterling.....	13	124	53	0	0	0
Union.....	6	111	25	1	0	0
Viroqua.....	3	386	112	1	0	0
Webster.....	4	140	64	0	0	0
Wheatland.....	3	51	53	0	0	0
Whitestown.....	1	109	37	0	0	0
Chaseburg, vil.....	5	33	44	0	0	0
Coon Valley, vil.....	0	94	41	0	0	0
De Soto, vil.....	3	19	41	0	0	0
Genoa, vil.....	8	31	37	0	0	0
La Farge, vil.....	9	92	81	1	0	0
Ontario, vil.....	7	70	38	2	0	0
Readstown, vil.....	8	90	42	0	0	0
Stoddard, vil.....	8	31	40	1	0	0
Viola, vil.....	6	15	41	0	0	0
Hillsboro, city:						
1st ward.....	10	42	33	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	6	51	30	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	13	70	36	1	0	0
Viroqua, city:						
1st ward.....	10	303	142	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	210	222	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	11	274	140	3	0	0
Westby, city:						
1st ward.....	3	73	34	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	4	111	70	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	1	56	27	0	0	0
Totals.....	228	4,508	2,164	20	0	0
VILAS CO.						
Arbor Vitae.....	18	99	56	1	0	0
Boulder Junction.....	12	63	58	0	0	0
Cloverland.....	21	26	28	5	1	0
Conover.....	38	102	55	2	0	0
Flambeau.....	73	71	102	0	0	0
Lincoln.....	77	162	114	7	0	0
Manitowish Waters.....	27	43	27	1	1	0
Phelps.....	115	229	151	1	6	1
Plum Lake.....	14	42	58	0	0	0
Presque Isle.....	34	62	20	0	0	0
St. Germain.....	27	54	49	1	0	0
State Line.....	34	57	44	0	0	0
Washington.....	32	64	41	3	0	3
Winchester.....	18	25	24	0	0	0
Eagle River, city:						
1st ward.....	13	40	99	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	23	59	85	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	24	64	73	3	0	2
4th ward.....	23	46	50	4	0	0
Totals.....	723	1,308	1,134	33	8	6
WALWORTH CO.						
Bloomfield.....	34	49	101	1	0	0
Darien.....	40	102	265	1	0	0
Delavan.....	54	104	259	1	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
WALWORTH CO.—Cont.						
East Troy.....	24	49	168	0	0	0
Geneva.....	42	86	248	1	0	0
La Fayette.....	40	93	117	2	0	0
La Grange.....	20	91	108	1	0	0
Linn.....	21	41	209	0	0	0
Lyons.....	30	77	139	2	0	0
Richmond.....	31	99	60	2	0	0
Sharon.....	20	54	102	1	0	0
Spring Prairie.....	13	44	103	1	0	0
Sugar Creek.....	36	155	134	1	0	0
Troy.....	19	77	125	1	0	0
Walworth.....	23	33	132	0	0	0
Whitewater.....	8	62	31	0	0	0
East Troy, vil.....	38	111	241	0	0	0
Fontana on Geneva Lake, vil.....	19	33	125	2	0	0
Genoa City, vil.....	12	32	146	3	0	0
Sharon, vil.....	27	66	157	2	0	0
Walworth, vil.....	28	76	218	4	0	0
Williams Bay, vil.....	22	106	180	1	0	0
Delavan, city:						
1st ward.....	29	127	230	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	31	104	245	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	42	90	305	1	0	2
Elkhorn, city:						
1st ward.....	30	86	133	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	49	199	166	3	0	0
3rd ward.....	37	205	201	2	0	0
Lake Geneva, city:						
1st ward.....	27	49	194	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	18	39	158	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	43	99	233	1	0	0
Whitewater, city:						
1st ward.....	13	128	65	0	0	0
2nd ward, 1st pct.....	14	145	182	0	0	0
2nd ward, 2nd pct.....	16	112	138	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	16	148	141	3	0	0
Totals.....	966	3,171	5,759	43	0	2
WASHBURN CO.						
Barronett.....	3	56	27	0	0	0
Bashaw.....	6	48	70	0	0	0
Bass Lake.....	2	41	7	0	0	0
Beaver Brook.....	8	65	30	1	0	0
Birchwood.....	9	38	27	1	0	0
Brooklyn.....	4	27	18	0	0	0
Casey.....	0	24	17	1	0	0
Chicog.....	1	9	17	0	0	0
Crystal.....	4	41	16	0	0	0
Evergreen.....	7	34	35	0	0	0
Frog Creek.....	5	12	19	0	1	0
Gull Lake.....	3	23	18	0	0	0
Long Lake.....	13	62	21	0	1	0
Madge.....	3	47	21	0	0	0
Minong.....	4	42	48	2	0	2
Sarona.....	14	56	54	0	0	0
Spooner.....	0	44	15	0	0	0
Springbrook.....	7	37	44	1	1	0
Stinnett.....	2	30	11	1	0	0
Stone Lake.....	8	24	41	0	0	0
Trego.....	1	64	33	0	0	0
Birchwood, vil.....	11	45	65	1	0	0
Minong, vil.....	9	41	33	1	0	0
Shell Lake, vil.....	22	109	117	2	0	0
Spooner, city:						
1st ward.....	2	89	53	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	5	93	47	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	11	115	34	0	0	0
4th ward.....	4	103	52	0	0	0
5th ward.....	2	47	9	0	0	0
Totals.....	170	1,466	999	12	3	2

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
WASHINGTON CO.						
Addison.....	78	108	224	7	0	0
Barton.....	46	63	77	10	0	0
Erin.....	41	78	51	0	0	0
Farmington.....	19	103	88	3	0	0
Germantown.....	24	126	195	3	0	0
Hartford.....	38	150	132	4	0	0
Jackson.....	18	75	122	4	0	0
Kewaskum.....	18	28	84	0	0	0
Polk.....	24	95	118	5	0	0
Richfield.....	44	124	183	1	0	0
Trenton.....	46	109	113	3	0	0
Wayne.....	41	56	132	1	0	0
West Bend.....	46	135	110	3	0	0
Barton, vil.....	31	119	66	2	0	0
Germantown, vil.....	13	40	38	0	0	0
Jackson, vil.....	12	48	56	0	0	0
Kewaskum, vil.....	41	98	117	2	0	0
Slinger, vil.....	16	103	136	3	0	0
Hartford, city:						
1st ward.....	36	182	149	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	15	119	100	7	0	0
3rd ward.....	29	121	82	3	0	0
4th ward.....	31	126	129	0	0	0
West Bend, city:						
1st ward.....	25	59	85	3	0	0
2nd ward.....	46	142	148	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	37	110	205	2	0	0
4th ward.....	32	89	103	2	0	0
5th ward.....	28	108	70	5	0	0
6th ward.....	27	113	118	3	0	0
Totals.....	902	2,827	3,231	78	0	0
WAUKESHA CO.						
Brookfield.....	140	577	619	22	0	0
Delafield.....	49	280	321	9	0	0
Eagle.....	26	61	62	1	0	0
Genesee.....	45	127	222	3	0	0
Lisbon.....	13	101	136	1	1	0
Menomonee.....	44	226	162	10	0	0
Merton.....	27	167	136	7	0	0
Mukwonago.....	9	48	90	1	0	0
Muskego.....	40	304	256	6	0	0
New Berlin.....	72	376	338	11	1	0
Oconomowoc.....	57	197	258	6	0	0
Ottawa.....	11	82	85	1	0	0
Pewaukee.....	57	389	284	7	2	0
Summit.....	33	154	281	3	0	0
Vernon.....	12	61	126	3	0	0
Waukesha.....	15	122	214	1	0	0
Big Bend, vil.....	12	33	77	0	0	0
Butler, vil.....	14	140	26	7	0	0
Chenequa, vil.....	6	26	99	1	0	0
Dousman, vil.....	12	42	61	0	0	0
Eagle, vil.....	16	92	35	1	0	0
Hartland, vil.....	33	136	207	2	1	0
Lac La Belle, vil.....	21	44	14	0	0	0
Lannon, vil.....	8	36	30	0	0	0
Menomonee Falls, vil.....	26	269	186	3	0	0
Merton, vil.....	4	44	35	1	0	0
Mukwonago, vil.....	14	108	108	1	0	0
North Prairie, vil.....	11	54	48	0	0	0
Pewaukee, vil.....	34	189	151	4	0	0
Sussex, vil.....	5	61	81	0	0	0
Wales, vil.....	3	33	32	0	2	0
Oconomowoc, city:						
1st pct.....	39	262	290	6	0	0
2nd pct.....	52	389	362	6	0	0
Waukesha, city:						
1st ward.....	14	119	50	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	18	146	62	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	18	198	115	2	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
WAUKESHA CO.—Cont.						
Waukesha city:						
4th ward.....	32	116	94	1	0	0
5th ward.....	37	181	174	4	0	2
6th ward.....	27	225	198	1	0	0
7th ward.....	16	101	125	0	0	0
8th ward.....	21	183	180	0	0	0
9th ward.....	19	229	233	2	0	0
10th ward.....	18	135	276	1	0	0
11th ward.....	27	231	143	1	0	0
12th ward.....	16	187	138	2	0	0
13th ward.....	19	270	65	4	0	0
14th ward.....	33	232	90	2	0	0
15th ward.....	21	216	100	1	0	0
Totals.....	1,299	7,999	7,475	147	7	2
WAUPACA CO.						
Bear Creek.....	21	49	95	0	0	0
Caledonia.....	12	49	51	1	0	0
Dayton.....	22	138	40	2	0	0
Dupont.....	1	55	118	1	0	0
Farmington:						
1st pct.....	16	118	39	1	0	0
2nd pct.....	15	300	89	0	0	0
Fremont.....	7	19	19	4	1	0
Harrison.....	10	63	23	0	0	0
Helvetia.....	7	77	14	0	0	0
Iola.....	8	105	52	0	0	0
Larrabee.....	10	66	95	5	0	0
Lebanon.....	20	47	73	1	0	0
Lind.....	11	92	41	0	0	0
Little Wolf.....	8	81	45	2	0	0
Matteson.....	6	47	44	1	0	0
Mukwa.....	27	37	64	1	0	0
Royalton.....	21	74	66	3	0	0
St. Lawrence.....	15	70	73	0	0	0
Scandinavia.....	5	78	61	0	0	0
Union.....	9	105	65	1	0	0
Waupaca.....	5	87	53	2	0	0
Weyauwega.....	3	23	54	1	0	0
Wyoming.....	3	43	23	1	0	0
Big Falls, vil.....	4	20	7	3	0	0
Embarrass, vil.....	5	21	3	3	0	0
Fremont, vil.....	6	28	52	2	1	0
Iola, vil.....	18	76	114	0	0	0
Manawa, vil.....	18	61	95	1	0	0
Ogdensburg, vil.....	12	17	52	0	0	0
Scandinavia, vil.....	13	33	69	0	0	0
Clintonville city:						
1st ward.....	13	83	110	2	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	46	43	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	12	73	68	2	0	0
4th ward.....	16	100	118	5	0	0
5th ward.....	10	77	119	1	0	0
Marion, city:						
1st ward.....	7	26	59	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	17	32	2	0	0
3rd ward.....	10	22	62	2	0	0
New London, city:						
1st ward.....	35	87	88	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	16	36	33	0	0	0
4th ward.....	33	149	141	0	0	0
5th ward.....	18	96	45	0	0	0
Waupaca, city:						
1st ward.....	15	126	74	4	0	0
2nd ward.....	18	108	101	1	0	1
3rd ward.....	13	107	57	4	0	0
4th ward.....	16	119	131	1	0	0
Weyauwega, city:						
1st ward.....	9	31	66	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	7	26	50	3	0	0
3rd ward.....	1	15	30	1	0	0
Totals.....	601	3,423	3,149	63	3	1

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
WAUSHARA CO.						
Aurora.....	12	49	47	1	0	0
Bloomfield.....	8	64	52	0	0	0
Coloma.....	1	19	45	0	0	0
Dakota.....	0	6	48	1	0	0
Deerfield.....	5	19	37	1	0	0
Hancock.....	7	28	28	0	0	0
Leon.....	8	48	58	0	0	0
Marion.....	14	32	102	0	1	0
Mt Morris.....	4	37	92	4	1	0
Oasis.....	11	20	23	0	0	0
Plainfield.....	12	45	30	0	0	0
Poy Sippi.....	19	76	131	1	1	0
Richford.....	6	25	74	2	1	0
Rose.....	11	24	50	0	0	0
Saxeville.....	18	32	56	1	0	0
Springwater.....	6	34	28	2	0	0
Warren.....	13	69	32	6	0	0
Wautoma.....	6	21	90	1	0	0
Coloma, vil.....	4	35	58	2	1	0
Hancock, vil.....	8	52	47	0	0	0
Lohrville, vil.....	4	24	3	0	0	0
Plainfield, vil.....	20	84	83	1	0	0
Redgranite, vil.....	22	127	42	4	3	0
Wild Rose, vil.....	22	93	54	0	0	0
Berlin, city:						
pct.....	0	0	4	0	0	0
Wautoma, city:						
1st ward.....	10	33	116	0	0	0
2nd ward.....	8	40	68	0	0	0
3rd ward.....	13	42	79	0	0	0
Totals.....	272	1,178	1,577	27	8	0
WINNEBAGO CO.						
Algoma.....	39	92	148	1	0	0
Black Wolf.....	20	91	102	0	0	0
Clayton.....	24	72	88	0	0	0
Menasha.....	35	80	97	0	0	0
Neenah.....	31	77	89	2	0	0
Nekimi.....	9	40	113	3	2	0
Nepeuskun.....	8	39	78	0	0	0
Omro.....	12	66	111	0	0	0
Oshkosh.....	26	157	206	1	4	0
Poygan.....	9	36	63	1	0	0
Rushford.....	12	49	181	1	0	0
Utica.....	7	36	138	1	0	0
Vinland.....	16	67	84	1	0	0
Winchester.....	5	87	76	1	0	0
Winneconne.....	13	28	73	0	0	0
Wolf River.....	6	56	44	0	0	0
Omro, vil.....	30	107	195	0	0	0
Winneconne, vil.....	16	54	149	0	0	0
Menasha, city:						
1st ward.....	75	103	112	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	133	229	116	1	0	0
3rd ward.....	71	170	185	2	0	0
4th ward.....	213	238	100	4	0	0
5th ward.....	117	167	127	0	3	0
Neenah, city:						
1st ward, 1st pct.....	42	182	327	3	0	0
1st ward, 2nd pct.....	48	243	215	1	0	0
2nd ward.....	38	217	221	4	0	0
3rd ward.....	60	127	138	2	0	0
4th ward.....	47	181	118	2	1	0
5th ward.....	66	245	283	1	0	1
Oshkosh, city:						
1st ward.....	37	90	161	5	1	0
2nd ward.....	37	227	364	5	1	0
3rd ward.....	54	197	237	1	1	1
4th ward.....	56	191	370	5	0	0
5th ward.....	39	234	427	8	0	0
6th ward.....	74	406	163	15	2	0
7th ward.....	33	120	350	6	0	0

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY PRECINCTS—Continued
November 1942

District	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
WINNEBAGO CO.—Cont.						
Oshkosh city:						
8th ward	39	211	253	25	0	0
9th ward	47	348	431	20	2	1
10th ward	50	212	462	18	1	1
11th ward	55	207	546	13	1	0
12th ward	85	274	352	6	0	0
13th ward	53	336	207	12	0	0
14th ward	49	245	236	13	1	0
15th ward	41	160	252	5	0	0
16th ward	46	206	161	12	6	0
Totals	2,023	7,000	8,949	202	26	4
WOOD CO.						
Arpin	18	185	122	2	0	0
Auburdale	13	108	47	2	0	0
Cameron	2	22	31	0	0	0
Cary	2	36	34	3	0	0
Cranmoor	4	34	23	2	0	0
Dexter	13	53	16	6	0	1
Grand Rapids:						
1st pct.	15	212	40	5	1	0
2nd pct.	7	198	33	0	0	0
Hansen	16	160	137	3	0	0
Hiles	6	35	18	1	0	0
Lincoln	7	80	64	0	0	0
Marshfield	19	77	70	2	0	0
Milladore	11	105	77	0	2	0
Port Edwards	8	105	21	1	0	0
Remington	6	73	26	2	0	0
Richfield	6	74	90	4	0	0
Rock	4	54	70	2	0	0
Rudolph	20	197	73	2	0	0
Saratoga	6	174	60	1	0	0
Seneca	7	80	38	1	1	0
Sherry	10	131	78	1	0	0
Stigel	20	214	122	2	0	0
Wood	13	64	54	2	0	0
Auburdale, vil.	7	66	29	0	0	0
Biron, vil.	8	112	32	2	0	0
Milladore, vil.	7	45	33	1	0	0
Port Edwards, vil.	25	223	78	2	0	0
Marshfield, city:						
1st ward	22	122	133	2	0	0
2nd ward	20	125	139	6	0	0
3rd ward	22	87	215	3	3	2
4th ward	20	114	160	5	1	0
5th ward	30	136	166	0	0	0
6th ward	14	118	119	2	0	0
7th ward	25	151	140	0	0	1
8th ward	12	118	85	0	0	0
Nekoosa, city:						
1st ward	8	109	45	0	0	0
2nd ward	4	56	83	0	0	0
3rd ward	8	142	48	2	0	0
4th ward	2	125	35	9	0	1
Pittsville, city:						
1st ward	3	51	39	3	0	0
2nd ward	1	19	19	0	0	0
3rd ward	2	11	15	0	0	0
Wisconsin Rapids, city:						
1st ward	31	268	106	0	0	0
2nd ward	17	201	149	0	0	0
3rd ward	26	165	152	2	0	0
4th ward	16	248	54	0	0	0
5th ward	28	270	47	6	0	1
6th ward	15	282	51	1	0	0
7th ward	6	192	63	2	1	0
8th ward	8	210	92	0	0	0
9th ward	6	248	47	0	0	0
10th ward	14	149	55	0	0	0
Totals	649	6,634	3,773	92	9	6

SUMMARY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES
November 1942

Counties	Sullivan (Dem.)	Loomis (Prog.)	Heil (Rep.)	Zeidler (Soc.)	Blair (Ind. Com.)	Cozzini (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
Adams.....	99	1,223	632	13	2	1
Ashland.....	486	3,443	1,808	25	19	0
Barron.....	296	4,179	1,986	32	7	0
Bayfield.....	325	2,490	1,234	32	14	3
Brown.....	4,328	7,527	7,223	85	6	2
Buffalo.....	97	2,283	1,476	17	2	0
Burnett.....	110	1,653	777	17	8	1
Calumet.....	796	1,638	1,987	40	2	1
Chippewa.....	480	4,430	4,081	22	7	0
Clark.....	393	4,220	2,707	45	13	2
Columbia.....	514	4,852	2,755	37	2	1
Crawford.....	1,393	1,675	2,521	28	1	0
Dane.....	1,577	30,394	8,841	207	11	4
Dodge.....	1,937	6,696	5,248	121	6	3
Door.....	265	1,532	1,433	20	2	2
Douglas.....	1,832	7,397	3,429	82	31	8
Dunn.....	220	2,389	2,450	17	1	0
Eau Claire.....	382	5,438	4,063	55	8	0
Florence.....	148	334	350	2	2	2
Fond du Lac.....	1,972	6,333	6,395	107	17	5
Forest.....	796	1,266	1,663	29	5	4
Grant.....	1,319	6,333	5,400	59	18	5
Green.....	292	3,667	2,200	37	2	1
Green Lake.....	584	1,541	1,727	15	2	0
Iowa.....	310	3,588	1,819	27	3	0
Iron.....	549	1,850	1,086	45	18	3
Jackson.....	121	3,157	1,237	12	2	0
Jefferson.....	1,359	4,925	4,271	81	2	0
Juneau.....	162	3,553	1,198	19	0	0
Kenosha.....	3,006	6,512	7,362	217	37	34
Kewaunee.....	1,033	1,522	1,903	27	4	2
La Crosse.....	1,028	7,611	6,209	55	11	0
Lafayette.....	585	2,145	2,155	13	2	0
Langlade.....	1,424	2,105	2,034	49	15	1
Lincoln.....	327	3,871	2,093	76	5	25
Manitowoc.....	1,656	8,292	5,613	126	7	3
Marathon.....	1,881	7,684	6,442	315	15	7
Marinette.....	1,545	2,140	4,063	56	4	2
Marquette.....	307	1,014	1,275	14	0	0
Milwaukee.....	30,230	103,650	62,701	6,546	473	269
Monroe.....	337	3,924	2,206	38	3	1
Oconto.....	1,284	3,222	3,004	52	6	0
Oncida.....	440	2,950	1,475	55	6	2
Outagamie.....	4,754	4,495	7,780	155	5	4
Ozaukee.....	570	2,810	1,848	63	2	7
Pepin.....	79	673	690	4	0	0
Pierce.....	169	2,372	2,285	11	3	0
Polk.....	194	4,277	1,708	22	4	1
Portage.....	3,386	3,648	2,468	60	3	4
Price.....	552	2,269	2,320	64	47	4
Racine.....	3,500	11,673	11,000	271	53	7
Richland.....	385	2,417	2,116	14	11	1
Rock.....	1,153	8,306	7,662	50	12	5
Rusk.....	492	2,271	1,740	33	8	4
St. Croix.....	751	3,098	2,359	32	2	1
Sauk.....	500	5,390	3,319	70	6	2
Sawyer.....	334	1,255	1,349	20	4	2
Shawano.....	642	2,163	3,415	77	2	1
Sheboygan.....	3,894	7,653	8,499	518	42	15
Taylor.....	648	2,537	1,962	138	23	2
Trempealeau.....	243	3,204	1,683	9	0	0
Vernon.....	228	4,508	2,164	20	0	0
Vilas.....	723	1,308	1,134	33	8	6
Walworth.....	966	3,171	5,759	43	0	2
Washburn.....	170	1,466	999	12	3	2
Washington.....	902	2,827	3,231	78	0	0
Waukesha.....	1,299	7,999	7,475	147	7	2
Waupaca.....	601	3,423	3,149	63	3	1
Waushara.....	272	1,178	1,577	27	8	0
Winnebago.....	2,023	7,000	8,949	202	26	4
Wood.....	649	6,634	3,773	92	9	6
Total.....	98,153	397,664	291,945	11,295	1,092	490

SUMMARY VOTE FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES
November 1942

Counties	Brophy (Dem.)	Berquist (Prog.)	Goodland (Rep.)	Ochsner (Soc.)	Wiggert (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
Adams.....	113	851	722	8	1
Ashland.....	439	2,491	2,153	21	5
Barron.....	288	3,415	2,162	22	0
Bayfield.....	296	1,688	1,553	20	4
Brown.....	5,256	3,896	8,073	56	11
Buffalo.....	96	1,342	1,593	44	10
Burnett.....	112	1,361	832	14	2
Calumet.....	743	862	2,369	26	3
Chippewa.....	498	3,358	4,452	20	6
Clark.....	407	3,117	2,996	39	2
Columbia.....	531	3,313	3,576	34	2
Crawford.....	1,450	911	2,775	17	2
Dane.....	1,804	24,073	12,878	245	14
Dodge.....	2,181	3,721	6,442	106	9
Door.....	236	768	1,983	11	1
Douglas.....	1,823	5,921	3,622	58	20
Dunn.....	215	2,167	2,528	20	7
Eau Claire.....	421	3,934	4,720	61	1
Florence.....	102	327	380	0	2
Fond du Lac.....	2,216	3,325	8,037	90	18
Forest.....	593	1,100	1,650	10	6
Grant.....	1,258	3,214	7,037	27	22
Green.....	288	2,301	2,939	36	4
Green Lake.....	645	728	2,115	16	0
Iowa.....	344	2,388	2,459	20	2
Iron.....	420	1,217	1,241	30	14
Jackson.....	133	2,391	1,463	7	1
Jefferson.....	1,758	2,917	4,956	57	16
Juneau.....	220	2,264	1,719	13	0
Kenosha.....	3,514	4,416	7,806	198	38
Kewaunee.....	1,001	761	2,095	15	10
La Crosse.....	1,581	5,320	7,294	49	14
Lafayette.....	650	1,213	2,616	7	3
Langlade.....	1,450	1,290	2,293	32	10
Lincoln.....	307	2,761	2,804	61	32
Manitowoc.....	2,126	6,154	6,082	94	16
Marathon.....	2,110	5,076	7,657	281	29
Marinette.....	1,527	1,155	4,426	43	15
Marquette.....	295	481	1,494	6	1
Milwaukee.....	47,474	64,405	72,557	6,306	613
Monroe.....	357	2,380	2,901	50	3
Oconto.....	1,488	1,499	3,635	27	8
Oneida.....	316	2,905	1,459	33	4
Outagamie.....	3,663	2,247	10,320	86	21
Ozaukee.....	798	1,479	2,189	47	15
Pepin.....	71	449	740	8	1
Pierce.....	168	1,753	2,415	12	1
Polk.....	178	3,645	1,998	22	4
Portage.....	3,769	1,936	2,884	35	7
Price.....	493	1,429	2,666	47	32
Racine.....	3,533	6,533	15,207	191	30
Richland.....	440	1,186	2,720	15	7
Rock.....	1,335	4,948	9,615	40	10
Rusk.....	421	1,530	2,006	27	9
St. Croix.....	726	2,149	2,700	28	2
Sauk.....	541	3,600	4,190	182	6
Sawyer.....	330	733	1,452	16	8
Shawano.....	585	1,213	4,070	50	10
Sheboygan.....	4,540	4,316	10,047	482	62
Taylor.....	645	1,331	2,552	137	24
Trempealeau.....	304	2,263	1,629	6	3
Vernon.....	237	3,151	2,776	9	4
Vilas.....	716	835	1,240	27	9
Walworth.....	1,034	1,505	6,486	19	4
Washburn.....	149	1,042	1,179	6	3
Washington.....	945	1,563	3,930	70	7
Waukesha.....	1,630	5,165	9,028	161	20
Waupaca.....	551	2,056	4,101	38	5
Waushara.....	260	668	1,946	24	6
Winnebago.....	2,079	4,553	10,485	197	32
Wood.....	703	4,466	4,956	60	9
Total.....	119,926	256,851	349,230	10,372	1,336

SUMMARY VOTE FOR SECRETARY OF STATE BY COUNTIES
November 1942

Counties	Seyfert (Dem.)	Kaiser (Prog.)	Zimmerman (Rep.)	Van Hazinga (Sec.)	Stoltenberg (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
Adams.....	106	641	993	3	2
Ashland.....	370	1,855	3,079	11	0
Barron.....	264	2,930	2,928	18	0
Bayfield.....	265	1,131	2,264	13	6
Brown.....	4,662	2,316	10,505	48	5
Buffalo.....	79	949	2,254	28	8
Burnett.....	105	918	1,310	10	2
Calumet.....	645	607	2,844	27	4
Chippewa.....	423	2,616	5,570	20	7
Clark.....	338	2,518	3,930	38	8
Columbia.....	477	2,683	4,532	27	2
Crawford.....	1,264	531	3,441	10	3
Dane.....	1,510	20,870	17,153	175	23
Dodge.....	2,012	2,344	8,718	69	5
Door.....	193	435	2,418	6	1
Douglas.....	1,501	4,353	5,716	53	19
Dunn.....	174	1,714	3,335	17	4
Eau Claire.....	351	3,044	5,875	46	3
Florence.....	111	154	515	2	2
Pond du Lac.....	2,135	2,394	9,259	78	11
Forest.....	676	383	1,161	10	4
Grant.....	909	2,094	9,017	18	13
Green.....	248	1,603	3,899	21	7
Green Lake.....	618	473	2,500	8	1
Iowa.....	282	1,841	3,108	14	3
Iron.....	364	945	1,666	19	12
Jackson.....	104	1,673	2,050	11	2
Jefferson.....	1,746	1,794	6,415	33	12
Juneau.....	211	1,775	2,358	14	0
Kenosha.....	3,604	3,019	9,379	261	40
Kewaunee.....	805	474	2,757	12	3
La Crosse.....	881	4,355	9,138	35	8
Lafayette.....	625	839	3,079	6	2
Langlade.....	1,271	868	3,024	27	7
Lincoln.....	259	2,028	3,750	30	48
Manitowoc.....	1,965	4,604	8,114	81	4
Marathon.....	1,884	3,733	9,690	254	24
Marinette.....	1,410	743	5,149	38	17
Marquette.....	259	266	1,833	7	0
Milwaukee.....	41,061	53,072	89,351	6,083	597
Monroe.....	272	1,846	3,802	41	5
Oconto.....	1,326	891	4,654	34	5
Oneida.....	486	1,468	2,503	38	7
Outagamie.....	3,171	1,494	11,712	48	18
Ozaukee.....	467	2,133	2,450	31	9
Pepin.....	74	351	870	3	0
Pierce.....	164	1,213	3,060	4	4
Polk.....	122	2,667	3,095	20	3
Portage.....	3,711	1,305	3,747	28	12
Price.....	407	930	3,404	38	29
Racine.....	3,992	5,165	15,631	180	24
Richland.....	373	778	3,464	6	2
Rock.....	1,205	3,631	11,357	34	9
Rusk.....	381	1,148	2,502	27	6
St. Croix.....	633	1,291	3,778	24	2
Sauk.....	458	2,720	5,511	50	3
Sawyer.....	287	354	1,923	19	12
Shawano.....	518	851	4,656	48	8
Sheboygan.....	4,165	3,487	11,532	428	114
Taylor.....	560	784	3,955	131	17
Trempealeau.....	256	1,648	2,668	6	0
Vernon.....	167	2,382	3,829	5	1
Vilas.....	1,600	290	1,240	14	7
Walworth.....	873	979	7,454	11	3
Washburn.....	113	634	1,700	4	4
Washington.....	806	1,137	4,670	51	2
Waukesha.....	1,481	3,597	10,719	114	27
Waupaca.....	497	1,485	4,878	36	3
Waushara.....	228	483	2,211	19	3
Winnebago.....	2,016	3,875	11,407	211	21
Wood.....	554	3,385	6,460	50	11
Total.....	107,535	196,287	434,979	9,434	1,290

SUMMARY VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER BY COUNTIES
November 1942

Counties	Lawrie (Dem.)	Johnson (Prog.)	Smith (Rep.)	Nelson (Soc.)	Brlas (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
Adams.....	113	697	864	11	4
Ashland.....	420	2,120	2,562	31	0
Barron.....	260	3,128	2,597	38	14
Bayfield.....	299	1,257	1,950	28	6
Brown.....	5,452	2,623	8,779	108	16
Buffalo.....	91	1,078	1,853	58	9
Burnett.....	96	1,085	1,098	45	0
Calumet.....	672	590	2,713	39	1
Chippewa.....	513	2,939	4,817	57	8
Clark.....	375	2,754	3,344	55	10
Columbia.....	508	2,878	4,042	41	1
Crawford.....	1,388	775	3,022	24	2
Dane.....	1,520	24,082	14,315	321	9
Dodge.....	2,268	2,523	7,631	136	7
Door.....	277	519	2,113	12	0
Douglas.....	1,554	4,726	4,857	165	22
Dunn.....	193	1,906	2,879	26	5
Eau Claire.....	410	3,341	5,126	79	4
Florence.....	130	166	443	9	3
Fond du Lac.....	2,204	2,581	8,725	121	17
Forest.....	745	411	950	25	8
Grant.....	1,097	2,382	7,880	80	13
Green.....	265	1,795	3,463	32	4
Green Lake.....	712	487	2,312	16	1
Iowa.....	298	2,212	2,762	36	2
Iron.....	388	1,014	1,424	41	11
Jackson.....	119	2,214	1,640	22	2
Jefferson.....	1,801	2,083	5,573	63	14
Juneau.....	229	1,911	2,010	18	3
Kenosha.....	3,919	3,333	8,341	296	51
Kewaunee.....	979	507	2,321	25	6
La Crosse.....	1,085	4,931	7,810	54	8
Lafayette.....	659	1,048	2,739	20	4
Langlade.....	1,427	910	2,604	40	6
Lincoln.....	301	2,314	3,189	58	50
Manitowoc.....	2,121	5,207	6,740	176	18
Marathon.....	2,120	4,246	8,333	336	31
Marinette.....	1,493	882	4,686	62	14
Marquette.....	284	304	1,685	8	0
Milwaukee.....	44,901	56,265	76,065	8,401	636
Monroe.....	296	2,239	3,251	61	2
Oconto.....	1,486	1,063	3,993	68	6
Oneida.....	484	1,639	2,075	71	9
Outagamie.....	3,544	1,671	10,668	137	13
Ozaukee.....	679	1,159	2,531	93	13
Pepin.....	81	366	794	11	0
Pierce.....	158	1,384	2,710	20	5
Polk.....	148	2,943	2,518	176	8
Portage.....	3,845	1,396	3,270	107	10
Price.....	449	1,062	2,941	67	31
Racine.....	4,408	6,069	13,377	284	37
Richland.....	418	896	3,099	15	7
Rock.....	1,336	3,793	10,813	59	11
Rusk.....	399	1,256	2,286	46	8
St. Croix.....	691	1,540	3,227	55	8
Sauk.....	484	3,134	4,739	75	5
Sawyer.....	299	451	1,712	41	12
Shawano.....	552	962	4,357	67	7
Sheboygan.....	4,468	3,361	10,817	595	49
Taylor.....	631	934	2,915	230	23
Trempealeau.....	291	2,027	2,057	22	0
Vernon.....	189	2,930	3,060	20	1
Vilas.....	781	600	1,355	33	8
Walworth.....	943	1,041	7,067	23	5
Washington.....	128	759	1,548	11	4
Washington.....	858	1,148	4,363	77	7
Waukesha.....	1,636	3,922	9,776	173	22
Waupaca.....	528	1,658	4,492	47	5
Waushara.....	375	492	2,038	23	2
Winnebago.....	2,154	3,995	10,693	229	35
Wood.....	705	3,881	5,499	89	15
Total.....	117,070	215,995	380,298	14,238	1,375

SUMMARY VOTE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL BY COUNTIES
November 1942

Counties	Fitzpatrick (Dem.)	Dieterich (Prog.)	Martin (Rep.)	Davis (Sec.)	Schaufel- berger (Ind. Soc. Lab.)
Adams.....	140	705	757	11	2
Ashland.....	522	2,048	2,405	34	1
Barron.....	343	3,126	2,354	31	0
Bayfield.....	359	1,204	1,754	33	6
Brown.....	5,292	2,179	9,850	101	12
Buffalo.....	117	1,075	1,684	37	11
Burnett.....	152	1,028	978	20	2
Calumet.....	764	623	2,562	25	2
Chippewa.....	683	2,867	4,469	68	9
Clark.....	444	2,759	3,062	53	8
Columbia.....	594	2,828	3,871	47	0
Crawford.....	1,487	570	2,934	18	7
Dane.....	2,069	21,922	14,397	431	7
Dodge.....	2,582	2,717	6,990	106	88
Door.....	271	461	2,072	8	0
Douglas.....	2,139	4,673	3,838	115	23
Dunn.....	248	1,833	2,711	32	8
Eau Claire.....	639	3,225	4,990	89	4
Florence.....	134	161	434	8	2
Fond du Lac.....	2,673	2,441	8,301	104	16
Forest.....	793	361	945	38	5
Grant.....	1,250	2,184	7,725	66	16
Green.....	336	1,684	3,297	35	9
Green Lake.....	759	478	2,208	17	1
Iowa.....	352	1,940	2,759	56	2
Iron.....	462	967	1,319	42	17
Jackson.....	144	2,137	1,584	22	2
Jefferson.....	2,089	2,144	5,239	73	13
Juneau.....	283	1,969	1,857	30	0
Kenosha.....	4,350	3,261	7,942	272	52
Kewaunee.....	1,012	455	2,332	28	5
La Crosse.....	1,546	4,364	7,935	66	6
Lafayette.....	775	909	2,702	14	1
Langlade.....	1,688	838	2,408	42	6
Lincoln.....	405	2,277	2,939	53	56
Manitowoc.....	2,639	4,816	6,580	132	9
Marathon.....	3,076	3,993	7,607	321	34
Marquette.....	1,689	799	4,659	48	11
Milwaukee.....	343	305	1,601	9	0
Monroe.....	52,109	54,689	73,784	6,788	625
Oconto.....	412	2,042	3,070	51	4
Oneida.....	1,643	870	3,972	48	5
Outagamie.....	618	1,543	1,991	91	10
Ozaukee.....	3,924	1,675	10,183	131	9
Pepin.....	855	1,229	2,333	62	9
Pierce.....	96	357	748	8	1
Polk.....	205	1,297	2,571	18	2
Portage.....	201	2,941	2,364	56	10
Price.....	4,106	1,223	3,221	70	4
Racine.....	508	954	2,941	71	27
Richland.....	5,338	5,608	12,593	263	28
Rock.....	440	809	3,009	12	2
Rusk.....	1,517	3,742	10,526	53	8
St. Croix.....	476	1,248	2,109	59	6
Sauk.....	849	1,465	3,048	43	0
Sawyer.....	605	3,004	4,616	63	6
Shawano.....	360	401	1,487	47	10
Sheboygan.....	629	886	4,313	67	4
Taylor.....	4,939	3,678	10,156	494	47
Templeau.....	742	837	2,837	164	15
Trempealeau.....	363	1,764	2,050	19	0
Vernon.....	226	2,620	3,016	21	1
Vilas.....	832	484	1,363	33	9
Walworth.....	1,056	985	6,830	26	3
Washburn.....	173	737	1,315	15	2
Washington.....	1,016	1,306	4,075	71	7
Waukesha.....	1,789	3,660	9,869	156	25
Waupaca.....	606	1,528	4,480	48	5
Waushara.....	308	494	2,062	24	2
Winnebago.....	2,389	3,860	10,707	208	25
Wood.....	907	3,528	5,489	84	19
Total.....	135,889	205,730	367,179	12,098	1,376

SUMMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS BY DISTRICTS

November 1942

First District

Counties	Magruder (Dem.)	Smith (Rep.)	Benson (Soc.)
Green.....	408	3,832	55
Kenosha.....	5,475	8,693	594
Racine.....	7,268	14,936	453
Rock.....	2,447	11,639	131
Walworth.....	1,250	7,353	42
Total.....	16,848	46,453	1,275

Second District

Counties	Brooks (Dem.)	Brooks Sauthoff (Prog.)	Sauthoff Hawks, Jr. (Rep.)	Hale (Soc.)
Columbia.....	526	3,723	3,460	27
Dane.....	2,025	27,087	10,738	198
Dodge.....	2,117	4,200	6,701	64
Jefferson.....	2,071	3,488	4,287	47
Waukesha.....	1,576	4,914	9,086	140
Total.....	8,315	43,412	34,272	476

Third District

Counties	Carroll (Dem.)	Withrow (Prog.)	Stevenson (Rep.)	Ochsner (Soc.)
Crawford.....	1,861	1,085	2,564	10
Grant.....	1,530	4,134	6,255	27
Iowa.....	427	2,622	2,210	14
Juneau.....	260	2,509	1,678	9
La Crosse.....	1,062	6,969	6,759	25
Lafayette.....	687	1,549	2,331	9
Monroe.....	302	2,970	2,938	36
Richland.....	428	1,518	2,768	18
Sauk.....	575	4,126	3,982	104
Vernon.....	253	3,610	2,692	6
Total.....	7,385	31,092	34,177	258

**SUMMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS BY
DISTRICTS—Continued**

Fourth District

Counties	Wasielewski (Dem.)	Brophy (Prog.)	Schafer (Rep.)	Buech (Soc.)
Milwaukee (part).....	46,819	17,468	29,104	2,535
Total.....	46,819	17,468	29,104	2,535

Fifth District

Counties	McMurray (Dem.)	Roush (Prog.)	Thill (Rep.)	Knappe (Soc.)
Milwaukee (part).....	41,337	16,409	38,345	3,553
Total.....	41,337	16,409	38,345	3,553

Sixth District

Counties	Schallern (Dem.)	Polti (Prog.)	Keefe (Rep.)	Boll (Soc.)
Calumet.....	709	457	2,965	28
Fond du Lac.....	3,109	2,010	8,883	75
Ozaukee.....	718	797	3,037	52
Sheboygan.....	5,629	2,508	10,563	708
Washington.....	773	1,488	4,332	50
Winnebago.....	2,426	3,385	11,605	244
Total.....	13,364	10,645	41,385	1,157

Seventh District

Counties	Kennedy (Dem.)	Murray (Rep.)
Adams.....	176	1,077
Green Lake.....	925	2,485
Langlade.....	2,004	2,916
Marathon.....	3,141	10,136
Marquette.....	331	1,744
Portage.....	4,824	3,703
Shawano.....	797	4,882
Waupaca.....	1,180	5,059
Waushara.....	390	2,269
Wood.....	2,053	6,209
Total.....	15,821	40,520

**SUMMARY VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS BY
DISTRICTS—Continued**

Eighth District

Counties	Dilweg (Dem.)	Johns (Rep.)
Brown.....	11,580	7,117
Door.....	1,615	1,631
Florence.....	284	411
Forest.....	1,145	1,043
Kewaunee.....	2,872	1,599
Manitowoc.....	7,311	5,889
Marinette.....	3,321	4,061
Oconto.....	3,544	3,509
Outagamie.....	8,330	8,181
Total.....	40,002	33,441

Ninth District

Counties	Joyce (Dem.)	Hull (Prog.)	Hipke (Rep.)
Barron.....	239	4,343	1,587
Buffalo.....	104	2,149	1,123
Chippewa.....	404	4,896	3,533
Clark.....	391	4,480	2,019
Dunn.....	452	3,300	1,748
Eau Claire.....	462	5,384	3,761
Jackson.....	143	3,374	944
Pepin.....	84	733	515
Pierce.....	169	2,754	1,581
St. Croix.....	703	3,174	1,947
Trempealeau.....	237	3,332	1,214
Total.....	3,448	37,919	19,972

Tenth District

Counties	Green (Dem.)	Gehrmann (Prog.)	O'Konski (Rep.)
Ashland.....	424	2,594	2,723
Bayfield.....	277	1,597	2,132
Burnett.....	113	1,275	1,102
Douglas.....	3,146	5,684	3,730
Iron.....	254	1,689	1,685
Lincoln.....	312	2,767	3,232
Oneida.....	514	1,624	2,493
Polk.....	153	3,439	2,488
Price.....	357	1,397	3,442
Rusk.....	287	1,614	2,397
Sawyer.....	278	773	1,738
Taylor.....	429	1,564	3,127
Vilas.....	532	1,086	1,491
Washburn.....	122	1,066	1,363
Total.....	7,198	28,169	33,143

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE BY DISTRICTS, 1940-1942¹

District	Counties	Members of Senate (Elected for 4 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
1	Door, Kewaunee, and Manitowoc.....	John E. Cashman (Prog.).....	10,592	Herman C. Tills (Rep.).....	9,761
2	Brown and Oconto.....	John W. Byrnes (Rep.).....	19,755	Fred H. Tibbetts (Dem.).....	17,630
3	Part of Milwaukee.....	Clement J. Zablocki (Dem.).....	10,253	Alfred J. Melms (Prog.).....	6,299
				Harry E. Chelminiak (Rep.).....	3,810
				Edward Schultheis (Soc.).....	644
4	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milton T. Murray (Rep.).....	24,919	Thomas Nimlos (Dem.).....	9,258
				Anton L. Blechinger (Prog.).....	8,346
5	Part of Milwaukee.....	Bernhard Gettleman (Rep.).....	17,598	Irvin I. Aaron (Prog.).....	8,689
				Ervin A. Koth (Soc.).....	1,816
				James Hall (Dem.).....	855
6	Part of Milwaukee.....	George Hampel (Prog.).....	24,106	Albert C. Treichler (Dem.).....	9,095
				Andrew J. Rockne (Rep.).....	13,616
7	Part of Milwaukee.....	Anthony P. Gawronski (Dem.).....	13,082	Martin F. Howard (Rep.).....	7,654
				Joseph Schmidt (Prog.).....	5,277
				Leo J. Mussa (Soc.).....	1,108
8	Part of Milwaukee.....	Allen J. Busby (Rep.).....	29,623	Christ Miller (Prog.).....	16,887
				John Patrick Murphy (Dem.).....	15,684
				Palmer E. Hanson (Ind. Rep.).....	2,928
9	Part of Milwaukee.....	Robert E. Tehan (Dem.).....	7,010	Willis A. Erasmus (Rep.).....	6,883
				Joseph Brown (Prog.).....	2,778
				James Humphrey (Soc.).....	411
10	Buffalo, Pepin, Pierce and St. Croix.....	Warren P. Knowles (Rep.).....	15,932	Carl M. Simonson (Prog.).....	10,681
11	Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas and Washburn.....	Elmer C. Peterson (Prog.).....	8,460	George A. Erickson (Rep.).....	7,500
				Felix J. Idziorek (Dem.).....	3,208
12	Ashland, Iron, Price, Rusk, Sawyer and Vilas.....	James H. Carroll (Rep.).....	15,842	L. Anderson McDowell (Prog.).....	13,225
13	Dodge and Washington.....	Frank E. Panzer (Rep.).....	13,990	Walter Schellpeffer (Dem.).....	4,812
14	Outagamie and Shawano.....	John F. Lappen (Rep.).....	17,164		
		Mike Mack (Rep.) ²	27,005	Harry H. Jaek (Prog.).....	9,686
15	Rock.....	Robert P. Robinson (Rep.).....	12,404		
16	Crawford, Grant and Vernon.....	Helmer A. Lewis (Rep.).....	19,006	Hugh A. Harper (Prog.).....	13,179
17	Green, Iowa and Lafayette.....	Melvin J. Olson (Rep.).....	9,176	Frank W. Wonn (Prog.).....	5,780
18	Fond du Lac, Green Lake and Waushara.....	Louis J. Fellenz, Jr. (Rep.).....	21,044	Maurice J. Fitzsimons, Jr. (Dem.).....	11,510
				John P. Kelley (Prog.).....	5,760

¹ Senators from even-numbered districts were elected in 1940; senators from odd-numbered districts elected in 1942.² Appointed to Highway Commission.

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE BY DISTRICTS, 1940-1942¹—Continued

District	Counties	Members of Senate (Elected for 4 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
19	Calumet and Winnebago.....	Taylor G. Brown (Rep.).....	15,155		
20	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	Gustave W. Buchen (Rep.).....	17,458	Harry W. Bolens (Dem.).....	15,483
				Andrew Schmitz (Prog.).....	5,570
21	Racine.....	Edward F. Hilker (Rep.).....	11,942	Martin H. Herzog (Prog.).....	7,197
				William J. Swoboda (Dem.).....	6,390
22	Kenosha and Walworth.....	Conrad Shearer (Rep.).....	25,391	Gordon G. Hickey (Prog.).....	11,168
23	Portage and Waupaca.....	Harley M. Jacklin (Dem.).....	8,043	Fred R. Fisher (Rep.).....	7,163
24	Clark, Taylor and Wood.....	Melvin R. Laird (Rep.).....	20,358	Max Leopold (Prog.).....	13,138
25	Lincoln and Marathon.....	William H. McNeight (Rep.).....	11,603	Clifford W. Krueger (Prog.).....	6,512
				Donald J. MacCormick (Dem.).....	3,437
26	Dane.....	Fred Risser (Prog.).....	35,952	Arthur May (Rep.).....	18,338
27	Columbia, Richland and Sauk.....	Jess Miller (Rep.).....	11,471	George P. Gaffney (Dem.).....	4,840
				Webster L. Sprecher (Prog.).....	7,848
				Thomas A. Rusch (Soc.).....	114
28	Chippewa and Eau Claire.....	George H. Hipke (Rep.).....	17,421	George P. Larson (Prog.).....	12,985
29	Barron, Dunn and Polk.....	Charles D. Madsen (Prog.).....	8,814	Milton E. Ausman (Rep.).....	7,431
30	Florence, Forest, Langlade, Marinette and Oneida.....	Philip Downing (Rep.).....	16,218	Elmer H. Frey (Dem.).....	15,818
31	Adams, Juneau, Marquette and Monroe.....	Earl Leverich (Prog.).....	6,835	Amrose B. Coller (Rep.).....	6,704
32	Jackson, La Crosse and Trempealeau.....	Rudolph M. Schlabach (Rep.).....	19,119	Harry W. Schilling (Prog.).....	16,094
				Richard W. Davis (Dem.).....	3,937
33	Jefferson and Waukesha.....	William A. Freehoff (Rep.).....	16,378	Herbert S. Roswell (Prog.).....	815

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE BY DISTRICTS

November 1942

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WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK

Counties	Members of Assembly (Elected for 2 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
Adams and Marquette.....	Robert M. Long (Rep.).....	2,181	Louis C. Romell (Prog.).....	1,311
Ashland.....	John C. Chapple (Rep.).....	2,984	Matthew J. Joyce (Dem.).....	863
Barron.....	Charles H. Sykes (Prog.).....	3,603	Harry Van Guilder (Prog.).....	2,474
Bayfield.....	S. E. Squires (Rep.).....	2,072	John A. Matye (Rep.).....	2,470
Brown, 1st district.....	Robert E. Lynch (Dem.).....	7,058	Laurie E. Carlson (Prog.).....	1,708
Brown, 2nd district.....	William J. Sweeney (Dem.).....	4,521	Frank Brazner (Rep.).....	4,050
Buffalo and Pepin.....	David I. Hammergren (Rep.).....	2,564	Edmund Hitt (Prog.).....	2,355
Burnett and Washburn.....	Guy Benson (Rep.).....	2,610	Adolph R. Maassen (Soc.).....	60
Calumet.....	Charles R. Barnard (Rep.).....	2,295	Harry B. Bergren (Prog.).....	2,306
Chippewa.....	Arthur L. Padrutt (Prog.).....	4,867	Gerhard B. Jensen (Dem.).....	2,098
Clark.....	Walter E. Cook (Rep.).....	3,599	Sylvia Raible (Rep.).....	3,845
Columbia.....	Arthur E. Austin (Rep.).....	4,128	J. Owen Walters (Prog.).....	2,921
Crawford.....	Donald C. McDowell (Rep.).....	2,852	John R. Dunn (Dem.).....	3,227
Dane, 1st district.....	Lyall T. Beggs (Prog.).....	13,257	Frank J. Antoine (Dem.).....	2,610
Dane, 2nd district.....	Earl Mullen (Prog.).....	7,106	Grover H. Lippert (Rep.).....	6,364
Dane, 3rd district.....	Albert J. Baker (Rep.).....	5,908	John L. Stokesstad (Dem.).....	751
Dodge, 1st district.....	Elmer L. Genzmer (Dem.).....	3,300	Solon W. Pierce (Ind.).....	207
Dodge, 2nd district.....	Jesse A. Canniff (Rep.).....	4,639	Otto H. Burmeister (Rep.).....	3,554
Door.....	Alex J. Meunier (Rep.).....	2,898	Otto F. Goetsch (Rep.).....	2,145
Douglas, 1st district.....	William R. Foley (Prog.).....	2,689	Henry E. Krueger (Dem.).....	2,479
Douglas, 2nd district.....	Arthur A. Lenroot, Jr. (Rep.).....	2,897	Albert D. Whealdon (Rep.).....	2,294
Dunn.....	Earl W. Hanson (Rep.).....	3,132	George J. Uhlar (Dem.).....	655
Eau Claire.....	John Pritchard (Rep.).....	5,589	Edwin Pearson (Prog.).....	2,423
Florence, Forest and Oneida.....	Walter S. Fisher (Rep.).....	4,030	Leonard Wangerin (Dem.).....	864
Fond du Lac, 1st district.....	William J. Nuss, Jr. (Rep.).....	4,536	Henry Bates (Prog.).....	2,106
Fond du Lac, 2nd district.....	Alfred Van de Zande (Rep.).....	4,994	Fred T. Hansen (Prog.).....	3,671
Grant, 1st district.....	William H. Goldthorpe (Rep.).....	4,957	Arthur Matz (Dem.).....	296
Grant, 2nd district.....	P. Bradley McIntyre (Rep.).....	4,689	Walter T. Roach (Soc.).....	112
Green.....	Harry A. Keegan (Rep.).....	4,122	William C. Briggs (Prog.).....	2,315
Green Lake and Waushara.....	Robert H. Boyson (Rep.).....	4,591	George A. Freund (Dem.).....	1,817
			Math Koenigs (Prog.).....	1,561
			William Victora (Dem.).....	938
			Clarence Wirth (Dem.).....	1,577

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE BY DISTRICTS—Continued

November 1942

Counties	Members of Assembly (Elected for 2 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
Iowa.....	Robert McCutchin (Prog.).....	2,921	Anthony J. Pusch (Rep.).....	2,454
Iron and Vilas.....	Margaret P. Varda (Prog.).....	3,629	William F. Rugee (Rep.).....	2,284
Jackson.....	Casper D. Waller (Prog.).....	2,472	Thomas J. Joyce (Dem.).....	1,016
Jefferson.....	Palmer F. Dausg (Dem.).....	5,889	Oswald H. Johnson (Rep.).....	1,974
Juneau.....	Pat W. Brunner (Rep.).....	2,465	Henry J. Grell (Rep.).....	4,062
Kenosha, 1st district.....	Frederick S. Pfenning (Rep.).....	5,513	Garry Carter (Prog.).....	2,009
Kenosha, 2nd district.....	Matt G. Siebert (Dem.).....	4,399	Harry C. Copen (Prog.).....	1,288
Kewaunee.....	Joseph M. Mleziva (Rep.).....	3,067	Carl Benson (Soc.).....	425
La Crosse, 1st district.....	Edward C. Krause (Rep.).....	4,408	Oliver H. Fritz (Prog.).....	3,601
La Crosse, 2nd district.....	William F. Miller (Rep.).....	3,141	Carroll E. Nolan (Dem.).....	568
Lafayette.....	Henry Youngblood (Rep.).....	3,442	Joseph B. Roraff (Prog.).....	1,813
Langlade.....	Clair L. Finch (Rep.).....	3,800	Fred W. Nuttleman (Dem.).....	774
Lincoln.....	James H. Hamlin (Rep.).....	3,281	Anton J. Holup (Dem.).....	1,768
Manitowoc, 1st district.....	Otto A. Vogel (Prog.).....	4,731	W. H. AuBuchon (Prog.).....	3,092
Manitowoc, 2nd district.....	Frank E. Riley (Rep.).....	2,801	John Egan (Rep.).....	3,683
Marathon, 1st district.....	Martin C. Lueck (Rep.).....	3,378	Louis J. Meyer (Prog.).....	2,698
Marathon, 2nd district.....	Paul Luedtke (Rep.).....	4,648	Casimir Orzechowski (Dem.).....	1,657
Marinette.....	Orin W. Angwall (Rep.).....	5,157	Ernest Kannenberg, Jr. (Prog.).....	1,222
Milwaukee, 1st district.....	Charles P. Greene (Dem.).....	3,813	John Dittbrender (Prog.).....	2,764
Milwaukee, 2nd district.....	Michael F. O'Connell (Dem.).....	2,954	Frank E. Bachhuber (Dem.).....	1,731
Milwaukee, 3rd district.....	William Luebke, Jr. (Prog.).....	5,557	Lewis M. Evert (Dem.).....	2,090
Milwaukee, 4th district.....	John A. Zoller (Rep.).....	2,153	Blanche B. Hogue (Rep.).....	3,097
Milwaukee, 5th district.....	Mary O. Kryszak (Dem.).....	4,604	Albert L. Bucane (Prog.).....	1,119
Milwaukee, 6th district.....	Phillip Markey (Prog.).....	1,458	Frederick R. Gehrke (Prog.).....	2,867
			John B. Haese (Rep.).....	2,825
			Christian J. Holz (Soc.).....	577
			Robert R. Foster (Rep.).....	5,042
			Henry E. Paradowski (Dem.).....	3,375
			Frank E. Schaeffer, Jr. (Dem.).....	1,871
			Otto X. Dobnick (Prog.).....	3,248
			H. Warren Smith (Rep.).....	1,906
			Roman Czubinski (Soc.).....	444
			Cleveland M. Colbert (Rep.).....	1,448
			Charles L. Bennett (Dem.).....	917
			Joseph Alberti (Ind. Prog.).....	652
			Robert F. Repas (Soc.).....	109

THE GENERAL ELECTION

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SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE BY DISTRICTS—Continued

November 1942

Counties	Members of Assembly (Elected for 2 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
Milwaukee, 7th district	Martin E. Schreiber (Rep.)	2,696	Walter H. Ensslin (Prog.)	1,652
Milwaukee, 8th district	Richard M. Rice (Rep.)	4,415	Arthur Kegel (Soc.)	818
Milwaukee, 9th district	Edward L. Graf (Rep.)	6,294	Christ Miller (Prog.)	2,724
Milwaukee, 10th district	Leland S. McParland (Dem.)	3,761	Donald P. Ryan (Dem.)	2,340
Milwaukee, 11th district	Ervin John Ryzek (Dem.)	5,398	John J. Schupp (Soc.)	468
Milwaukee, 12th district	Peter P. Pyszczynski (Dem.)	6,920	George E. Frederick (Prog.)	4,291
Milwaukee, 13th district	William Nawrocki (Dem.)	4,672	Walter R. Hamann (Dem.)	2,484
Milwaukee, 14th district	John C. McBride (Rep.)	12,082	Joseph M. Driscoll (Soc.)	885
Milwaukee, 15th district	Charles E. Collar (Rep.)	6,145	Herbert E. Lampe (Rep.)	3,033
Milwaukee, 16th district	Herman B. Wegner (Prog.)	2,782	Victor Behlendorf (Prog.)	1,672
Milwaukee, 17th district	William F. Double (Rep.)	4,453	Michael Nowicki (Prog.)	2,413
Milwaukee, 18th district	Alvin J. Clasen (Rep.)	2,566	Valentine Kujawa (Rep.)	2,276
Milwaukee, 19th district	Charles F. Westfahl (Rep.)	3,636	Clement Stachowiak (Soc.)	676
Milwaukee, 20th district	Milton F. Burmaster (Rep.)	8,695	Louis A. Tutkowski (Rep.)	1,438
Monroe	Alex L. Nicol (Rep.)	3,458	Harry Wroblewski (Soc.)	644
Oconto	John E. Youngs (Rep.)	4,206	John G. Froemming (Rep.)	3,670
Outagamie, 1st district	Mark Catlin, Jr. (Rep.)	4,519	Clarence H. J. Becker (Soc.)	684
Outagamie, 2nd district	William M. Rohan (Dem.)	3,565	Alfred J. Moore (Dem.)	3,296
Ozaukee	Fred L. Feierstein (Rep.)	2,391	Julius Grimm (Prog.)	2,901
			Ruth R. Burba (Soc.)	374
			Ernest L. Riebau (Rep.)	2,494
			Charles C. Schad (Soc.)	738
			Louis L. Merz (Dem.)	159
			Edward Gray (Prog.)	2,349
			Maryan J. Sadowski (Dem.)	2,056
			Frank Weinheimer (Prog.)	2,145
			William Schaus (Soc.)	515
			Herbert G. Kuechlo (Prog.)	1,696
			Christopher F. Fueger (Dem.)	1,066
			William Lippold (Soc.)	236
			Walter H. Schmidt (Prog.)	4,023
			Earl D. Hall (Prog.)	2,145
			Thomas White (Dem.)	270
			Clarence J. Habelman (Soc.)	67
			Milton J. Cain (Dem.)	2,953
			George R. Schaefer (Dem.)	2,973
			Laurence F. McGillan (Prog.)	2,316
			George L. Smith (Rep.)	3,108
			Harry W. Bolens (Dem.)	2,160
			Erwin W. Krumhus (Ind. Prog.)	464

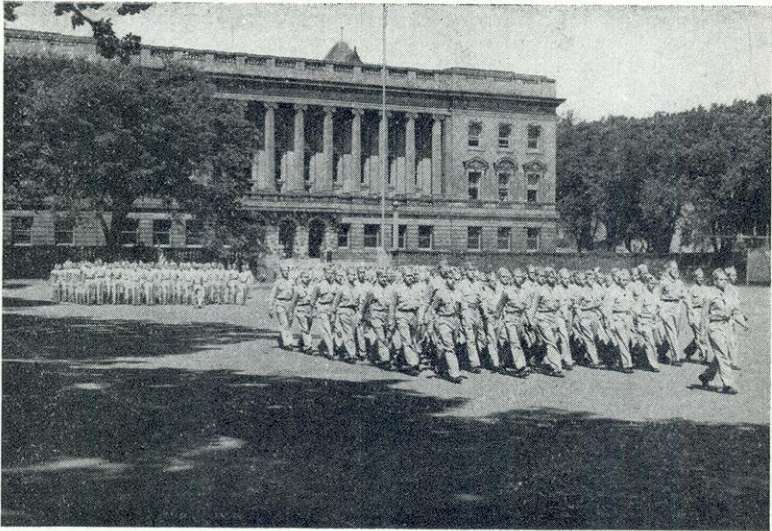
SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE BY DISTRICTS—Continued

November 1942

Counties	Members of Assembly (Elected for 2 years)	Vote	Opponents	Vote
Pierce.....	Selmer W. Gunderson (Rep.).....	2,760	Jack Cory (Prog.).....	2,016
Polk.....	Raymond A. Peabody (Rep.).....	3,092	Herbert A. Mittlesdorf (Prog.).....	2,858
Portage.....	John T. Kostuck (Dem.).....	7,468	-----	-----
Price.....	Ernest A. Heden (Rep.).....	3,387	John M. Whitmer (Prog.).....	1,468
Racine, 1st district.....	Carl C. Christensen (Rep.).....	4,158	Harold Gade (Prog.).....	2,476
Racine, 2nd district.....	Willis Frazell (Rep.).....	5,328	Peter Elsner (Prog.).....	2,742
Racine, 3rd district.....	Randolph H. Runden (Rep.).....	3,544	Ray S. Kamper (Prog.).....	1,917
-----	-----	-----	Howard H. Newell (Dem.).....	1,366
Richland.....	Vernon W. Thomson (Rep.).....	3,590	-----	-----
Rock, 1st district.....	Edward Grassman (Rep.).....	6,968	-----	-----
Rock, 2nd district.....	Burger M. Engebretson (Rep.).....	5,587	-----	-----
Rusk and Sawyer.....	Nicholas J. Christman (Rep.).....	3,099	Peter J. Sybers (Prog.).....	1,893
-----	-----	-----	Orrin Garwood (Ind. Rep.).....	967
St. Croix.....	Elmer Lloyd Rundell (Rep.).....	2,733	John M. Steinhilber (Dem.).....	762
-----	-----	-----	Carl Thompson (Prog.).....	2,023
Sauk.....	George J. Woerth (Rep.).....	4,887	Robert H. Kinney (Dem.).....	1,131
-----	-----	-----	Herbert R. Meyer (Prog.).....	3,090
Shawano.....	Charles J. Ebert (Rep.).....	4,721	Silas A. Towne (Dem.).....	499
Sheboygan, 1st district.....	Ernest C. Keppler (Rep.).....	5,445	Richard Klemm (Soc.).....	70
-----	-----	-----	Grover A. Meisner (Dem.).....	1,075
Sheboygan, 2nd district.....	Edwin J. Larson (Rep.).....	5,346	Joseph M. Theisen (Dem.).....	4,652
-----	-----	-----	William J. Kirst (Soc.).....	379
Taylor.....	Carl M. Nelson (Rep.).....	3,578	Everett H. Nametz (Dem.).....	2,085
-----	-----	-----	Harry C. Boll (Soc.).....	538
Trempealeau.....	Martin D. Brom (Rep.).....	2,908	Joseph C. Poirier (Dem.).....	982
Vernon.....	Jerome H. Wheelock (Rep.).....	4,337	John Gamper (Prog.).....	405
Walworth.....	Ora R. Rice (Rep.).....	7,475	Adolph F. Kreie (Soc.).....	178
-----	-----	-----	Lon F. Tubbs (Dem.).....	1,048
Washington.....	Joseph A. Schmitz (Rep.).....	5,366	Cornelius Skolos (Prog.).....	1,770
Waukesha, 1st district.....	Frederic F. Woodhead (Rep.).....	4,443	Howard Harmon (Dem.).....	1,314
-----	-----	-----	Harry L. Hubbard (Ind.).....	84
Waukesha, 2nd district.....	Alfred R. Ludvigsen (Rep.).....	5,776	-----	-----
Waupaca.....	Julius Spearbraker (Rep.).....	5,449	J. J. Schultz (Dem.).....	2,078
Winnebago, 1st district.....	Walter H. Tank (Rep.).....	6,510	Robert F. Hasselkus (Prog.).....	1,742
Winnebago, 2nd district.....	James C. Fritzen (Rep.).....	5,075	-----	-----
Wood.....	William W. Clark (Rep.).....	6,167	Richard J. Steffens (Dem.).....	2,447
-----	-----	-----	Max Leopold (Prog.).....	4,132

THE GENERAL ELECTION

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ASTP students hold weekly inspections and reviews. Shown here are the trainees passing in review on the University of Wisconsin lower campus.



Foreign area students in the ASTP at the University of Wisconsin study the languages of the enemy countries, in addition to learning the geography, history, government, and background of those countries. This shows a few of the trainee-students getting some pointers on speaking German from a professor in the German department of the university.

Parties and Elections

The Judicial and Nonpartisan Elections

VOTE FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

April 1943

Counties	Wickhem
Adams.....	782
Ashland.....	3,067
Barron.....	2,725
Bayfield.....	1,795
Brown.....	12,625
Buffalo.....	1,362
Burnett.....	955
Calumet.....	1,160
Chippewa.....	5,562
Clark.....	3,214
Columbia.....	2,571
Crawford.....	1,719
Dane.....	11,432
Dodge.....	3,793
Door.....	1,280
Douglas.....	6,493
Dunn.....	2,972
Eau Claire.....	3,733
Florence.....	568
Fond du Lac.....	8,178
Forest.....	1,355
Grant.....	2,754
Green.....	2,266
Green Lake.....	1,709
Iowa.....	1,685
Iron.....	836
Jackson.....	2,502
Jefferson.....	2,564
Juneau.....	1,234
Kenosha.....	9,857
Kewaunee.....	1,792
La Crosse.....	3,396
Lafayette.....	1,366
Lafayette.....	1,637
Langlade.....	1,637
Lincoln.....	2,122
Manitowoc.....	7,469
Marathon.....	7,494
Marquette.....	5,690
Marquette.....	887
Milwaukee.....	60,798
Monroe.....	1,359
Oconto.....	2,623
Oneida.....	2,536
Outagamie.....	9,870
Ozaukee.....	2,238
Pepin.....	797
Pierce.....	1,560
Polk.....	2,547
Portage.....	3,835
Price.....	2,173
Racine.....	16,144
Richland.....	2,282
Rock.....	6,145
Rusk.....	2,762
St. Croix.....	1,534
Sauk.....	3,919
Sawyer.....	1,577
Shawano.....	2,927
Sheboygan.....	9,453
Taylor.....	2,014
Trempealeau.....	2,028
Vernon.....	2,671
Vilas.....	1,681
Walworth.....	2,795
Washburn.....	1,304
Washington.....	2,648
Waukesha.....	9,706
Waupaca.....	2,574
Waushara.....	1,612
Winnebago.....	9,798
Wood.....	3,979
Total.....	314,490 *

VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

April 1942

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Harry E. Carthew	David O. Jones	Arthur W. Kopp	Edward J. Morse
Crawford.....	1,142	871	1,561	1,180
Grant.....	3,560	428	3,617	2,538
Iowa.....	613	2,865	1,300	365
Lafayette.....	940	785	1,552	678
Richland.....	979	684	1,495	913
Total.....	7,234	5,633	9,525	5,674

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Robert S. Cowie
La Crosse.....	3,971
Monroe.....	4,808
Trempealeau.....	3,239
Vernon.....	3,989
Total.....	16,007

ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Carl H. Daley	Chas. A. Taylor
Barron.....	4,738	27
Burnett.....	1,596	
Douglas.....	6,507	
Polk.....	2,905	
Washburn.....	2,287	
Total.....	18,033	27

TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Jesse Earle
Green.....	2,293
Jefferson.....	6,869
Rock.....	5,181
Total.....	14,343

VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

April 1942

SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Claire B. Bird	Gerald J. Boileau	Edward P. Gorman
Lincoln.....	2,259	2,208	2,178
Marathon.....	5,720	7,114	3,771
Oneida.....	1,497	1,673	954
Vilas.....	898	1,136	1,094
Total.....	10,374	12,131	7,997

VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

April 1943

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Alfred L. Drury
Kenosha.....	11,535
Racine.....	18,006
Walworth.....	2,883
Total.....	32,424

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Seventh Branch)

County	Paul E. Bornemann	August E. Braun
Milwaukee.....	15,088	54,870

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Eighth Branch)

County	Charles L. Aarons	Cornelius P. Hanley
Milwaukee.....	47,920	24,942

VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

April 1943

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Second Branch)

Counties	Vaughn S. Conway	August C. Hoppman
Dane.....	4,121	9,263
Sauk.....	2,578	3,089
Total.....	6,699	12,352

FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Henry Graass	Lynn D. Joseph
Brown.....	11,336	8,253
Door.....	1,663	686
Kewaunee.....	1,456	1,391
Total.....	14,455	10,330

NINETEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Counties	Clarence E. Rinehard	Harold E. Stafford
Chippewa.....	5,503	2,126
Eau Claire.....	3,389	1,562
Rusk.....	1,800	1,994
Sawyer.....	1,309	1,074
Total.....	12,001	6,756

ADDENDA

Results of the Election of April 4, 1944¹

Presidential Preference Primary and Delegate Vote in Wisconsin

Presidential Preference Primary

PRESIDENT

Democrat		Republican	
Franklin D. Roosevelt__	49,632*	Douglas MacArthur___	102,421
Scattering -----	3,014	Thomas E. Dewey_____	21,036*
		Harold E. Stassen_____	7,928*
		Wendell Willkie_____	6,439*
		Scattering -----	3,307
Total -----	52,646	Total -----	141,131

VICE PRESIDENT

Democrat		Republican	
Henry A. Wallace_____	16,248*	Harold E. Stassen_____	843*
Scattering -----	1,691	Thomas E. Dewey_____	752*
		Scattering -----	2,413
Total -----	17,939	Total -----	4,008

¹From official records in the office of the Secretary of State.
 * Denotes written-in votes.

Delegates-at-Large

Democrat		Republican	
McMurray, Howard J., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) ---	111,926	Zimmerman, Fred R., Milwaukee (Dewey) -----	143,031
King, Thomas R., Oconomowoc (Roosevelt) -----	97,122	Hammergren, David I., Cochrane (Dewey) -----	123,391
Keller, Gustave J., Appleton (Roosevelt) -----	96,985	Hilker, Edward F., Racine (Dewey) -----	122,401
Henney, Charles W., Portage (Roosevelt) -----	93,563	Koehler, John P., Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	76,811
Kehoe, John D., DePere (Roosevelt) -----	84,961	Farrand, Roy F., Delafield (MacArthur) -----	74,495
Rubin, Wm. B., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	84,274	Kannenber, Roland E., Wausau (MacArthur) -----	70,944
Gawronski, Anthony B., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	81,910	Campbell, Wm. J., Oshkosh (Stassen) -----	67,495
Whaling, Marshal, Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	77,924	Fraedrich, Arnold H., Nekoosa (MacArthur) -----	66,491
Gervais, Edward H., Antigo (Roosevelt) -----	76,491	Gullickson, Francis L., West Salem (Stassen) -----	63,053
Zimmerman, John N., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	71,259	Swan, James D., Jr., Delavan (Stassen) -----	61,994
Spath, Roy, Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	70,187	Doepke, Gilbert F., Milwaukee (Stassen) -----	58,970
Callahan, Wm. R., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	65,087	Thomson, Vernon W., Richland Center (Willkie) -----	49,535
Martin, James W., Thiensville (Uninstructed) -----	62,343	Renk, Wm. F., Sun Prairie (Willkie) -----	48,552
Scattering -----	143	Aberg, Wm. J. P., Madison (Willkie) -----	47,660
		Skogmo, Geo. B., Milwaukee (Willkie) -----	47,038
		Scattering -----	167
Total -----	1,074,175	Total -----	1,122,028

District Delegates

Democrat		Republican	
Cong. Dist.		Cady, Geo. R., Kenosha (Dewey)	11,428
1st O'Brien, John N., Delavan (Roosevelt) -----	9,542	Ritter, Grant A., Beloit (MacArthur) -----	7,711
Glerum, Jay B., Kenosha (Roosevelt) -----	8,159	Barkley, Jane G., Racine (MacArthur) -----	7,046
Myers, Archie S., Monroe (Uninstructed) -----	3,700	Green, J. Harry, Janesville (Willkie) -----	4,874
Lloyd, Douglas O., Kenosha (Uninstructed) -----	3,491	LaFrance, Alfred E., Racine (Willkie) -----	4,702
Scattering -----	0	Keegan, Harry, Sr., Monroe (Stassen) -----	4,244
		Robinson, Norma R., Lake Geneva (Stassen) -----	3,659
		Scattering -----	0
Total -----	24,892	Total -----	43,664
2nd Hemmy, Paul A., Juneau (Roosevelt) -----	10,368	May, Arthur L., Madison (Dewey)	11,859
Schlotthauer, Geo. M., Madison (Roosevelt) -----	8,785	McKerrow, Gavin W., Pewaukee (Dewey) -----	11,521
Schultz, Jean J., Waukesha (Roosevelt) -----	7,617	Caldwell, Robert, Madison (Willkie) -----	9,418
Krueger, Henry E., Beaver Dam (Uninstructed) -----	6,948	Ludvigsen, Alfred R., Hartland (Willkie) -----	8,696
Scattering -----	0	Felton, Carl, Madison (MacArthur) -----	7,095
		Hawks, Ralph E., Horicon (Stassen) -----	6,450
		Squire, Lucius A., Madison (MacArthur) -----	6,377
		Lee, Lester C., Madison (Stassen)	5,870
		Scattering -----	0
Total -----	33,718	Total -----	67,286

Democrat

Cong. Dist.		
3rd	Carroll, Wm. D., Prairie du Chien (Roosevelt) -----	5,551
	Garvin, Cecilia, Elroy (Roosevelt) -----	4,491
	Flanagan, John E., La Crosse (Uninstructed) -----	3,102
	Luening, Eugene H., La Crosse (Uninstructed) -----	1,951
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	15,095

Republican

	McDowell, Donald C., Soldiers Grove (Dewey) -----	9,073
	Lewis, Helmar A., Boscobel (Stassen) -----	7,781
	Schlabach, Otto M., La Crosse (Stassen) -----	7,363
	Allness, Conrad, Viroqua (MacArthur) -----	4,992
	Jolivet, Henry A., La Crosse (MacArthur) -----	4,383
	Brody, Lawrence, La Crosse (Willkie) -----	3,518
	Porter, Foster B., Bloomington (Willkie) -----	3,449
	Scattering -----	1
	Total -----	40,560

4th	Galasinski, Wm. V., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	29,500
	Kryszak, Mary O., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	25,744
	Krzyzkowski, Edmund J., Cudahy (Uninstructed) -----	14,627
	Scattering -----	2
	Total -----	69,873

	Rice, Richard M., Milwaukee (Dewey) -----	11,124
	Hogue, Blanche B., Milwaukee (Dewey) -----	10,458
	Hoyt, Lansing, Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	7,788
	Weigle, Geo. J., Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	7,434
	Piasecki, Peter F., Milwaukee (Willkie) -----	6,204
	Schultz, Harold C., Wauwatosa (Willkie) -----	5,734
	Zunk, Edward F., Milwaukee (Uninstructed Dewey) -----	4,154
	Thieme, Cyrus C., South Milwaukee (Stassen) -----	3,134
	Scattering -----	3
	Total -----	56,033

5th	Greene, Charles P., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	18,255
	McCauley, Wm. J., Milwaukee (Roosevelt) -----	17,534
	Brennan, Martin J., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	7,653
	Caffrey, Thomas H., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	5,947
	Langen, Wm. M., Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	5,301
	Chadwick, Robert A. Jr., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	3,789
	Scattering -----	1
	Total -----	58,480

	Gettelman, Bernhard, Milwaukee (Dewey) -----	19,642
	Johnson, Stanley I., Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	10,910
	Doll, Wm. D., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	9,535
	Koenen, Anita K., Milwaukee (MacArthur) -----	8,905
	Hartwig, Harvey, Milwaukee (Willkie) -----	7,029
	Dunn, Walter J., Milwaukee (Willkie) -----	6,955
	Donohue, James J., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	5,785
	Werkmeister, Otto R., Milwaukee (Uninstructed) -----	4,309
	Scattering -----	2
	Total -----	73,072

6th	Stielow, Otto B., Sheboygan (Roosevelt) -----	7,601
	Bolens, Harry W., Port Washington (Roosevelt) -----	7,309
	Bichler, Nicholas J., Belgium (Uninstructed) -----	3,758
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	18,668

	Van Pelt, Wm. K., Fond du Lac (Stassen) -----	11,659
	Tolverson, John S., Neenah (Stassen) -----	10,938
	Foster, Frederick K., Fond du Lac (Willkie) -----	4,474
	Dickinson, John E., West Bend (Willkie) -----	4,390
	Scattering -----	5
	Total -----	31,466

Democrat

Cong. Dist.		
7th	Cashin, Charles H., Stevens Point (Roosevelt) -----	8,994
	Butler, Edward F., Mosinee (Roosevelt) -----	7,818
	Chapman, Frank D., Berlin (Uninstructed) -----	4,642
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	21,454

8th	Clifford, Gerald, Green Bay (Roosevelt) -----	11,635
	Dewane, Patrick A., Manitowoc (Roosevelt) -----	11,128
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	22,763

9th	McNally, Miles H., New Richmond (Roosevelt) -----	4,883
	Wallis, Joseph H., Rice Lake (Roosevelt) -----	4,151
	Joyce, Jack E. Jr., Menomonie (Roosevelt) -----	3,913
	Putzier, Fred J., Ellsworth (Roosevelt) -----	2,176
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	15,123

10th	Green, John G., Superior (Roosevelt) -----	8,843
	Seyfert, Julius G., Eagle River (Roosevelt) -----	8,528
	Scattering -----	2
	Total -----	17,373

Republican

	Spearbraker, Julius, Clintonville (Dewey) -----	13,741
	Prehn, Arthur W., Wausau (Uninstructed) -----	7,693
	Clark, Wm. W., Vesper (MacArthur) -----	6,296
	Tack, Lucille G., Spencer (Stassen) -----	6,007
	Hill, Alex D., Wisconsin Rapids (Stassen) -----	6,006
	Gates, J. Will, Wittenberg (MacArthur) -----	5,502
	Mead, George W., Wisconsin Rapids (Willkie) -----	2,961
	McHenry, Wendell, Waupaca (Willkie) -----	2,775
	Scattering -----	5
	Total -----	50,986

	Watson, Lloyd R., Appleton (Dewey) -----	14,634
	Angwall, Orin W., Marinette (Dewey) -----	14,488
	Melchior, Walter, Appleton (MacArthur) -----	6,882
	Tubbs, Herbert, Seymour (MacArthur) -----	6,573
	Pauly, Wm. H., Manitowoc (Stassen) -----	5,986
	Jones, Anna E., Seymour (Stassen) -----	5,279
	Krueger, Harold W., Oconto (Willkie) -----	3,218
	Smith, David, Appleton (Willkie) -----	2,923
	Scattering -----	0
	Total -----	59,983

	Kellman, Norris J., Galesville (Dewey) -----	10,944
	Donley, Willis E., Menomonie (Uninstructed) -----	9,059
	Weigand, Arthur J., Chippewa Falls (MacArthur) -----	4,549
	McCue, Forrest, River Falls (MacArthur) -----	4,499
	Pierce, Robert L., Menomonie (Willkie) -----	3,608
	Gharrity, Wm. H., Chippewa Falls (Willkie) -----	3,479
	Scattering -----	3
	Total -----	36,141

	Heden, Ernest A., Ogema (Dewey) -----	8,512
	Simon, Harry, Ashland (Stassen) -----	5,878
	Gross, Mabel, Stone Lake (Stassen) -----	5,580
	Chilsen, Walter B., Merrill (Uninstructed) -----	5,509
	Carroll, James H., Glidden (MacArthur) -----	3,409
	Nelson, Ralph, Superior (Willkie) -----	3,147
	Tripp, Forrest, Springbrook (MacArthur) -----	3,114
	Nagler, Louis G., St. Croix Falls (Willkie) -----	2,961
	Scattering -----	1
	Total -----	38,111

REFERENDUM QUESTION

Submitted pursuant to Chapter 525, Laws of 1943

Relating to the levying of an annual tax on all general taxable property not exceeding 2 mills on each dollar of the assessed valuation for high school aids.

For	131,004
Against	410,315

JUDICIAL ELECTION

Supreme Court

Term expires January 1955

<i>Candidates</i>	<i>Vote</i>
Oscar M. Fritz	359,916
Peter F. Leuch	153,937

Circuit Courts

<i>Circuit</i>	<i>Judge</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Term Expires</i>
Second	Gustave W. Gehrz..	Milwaukee ..	January 1951
Third	Henry P. Hughes ..	Oshkosh	January 1951
Seventh	Herman J. Severson	Iola	January 1951
Eighth	George Thompson ..	Hudson	January 1951
Ninth			
1st Branch..	Alvin C. Reis.....	Madison	January 1951
2nd Branch..	Herman W. Sachtjen	Madison	January 1950
Eighteenth ---	Louis J. Fellenz, Sr.	Fond du Lac..	January 1948

County Courts

<i>County</i>	<i>Judge</i>	<i>Term Expires</i>
St. Croix	Robert G. Varnum	January 1950

Superior Courts

<i>County</i>	<i>Judge</i>	<i>Term Expires</i>
Dane County (Madison)	Roy H. Proctor	January 1951

Municipal Courts

<i>County</i>	<i>Where Held</i>	<i>Judge</i>	<i>Term Expires</i>
Bayfield, 2nd ---	Iron River ---	Peter J. Savage....	May 1948
Brown	Green Bay ---	Donald W. Gleason..	May 1948
Lincoln	Tomahawk	E. C. Smith.....	May 1945
Winnebago ---	Oshkosh	Otto J. Ansonge....	January 1950

**APPOINTMENTS TO STATE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCIES TOO
LATE TO BE INCLUDED IN THE TEXT**

Agency	Appointee	Address	Succeeds	Term Expires
Agriculture, Board of.....	R. J. Douglas.....	Juda.....	Edward Pfeifer, resigned.....	June 2, 1947
Dental Examiners, Board of.....	Dr. B. D. Ising.....	Oshkosh.....	Self.....	May 2, 1949
Municipal Retirement Fund, Board of Trustees.....	Edward Klusmeyer.....	Manitowoc.....	John Scanlon Jr.....	January 1, 1949
Normal Schools, Board of Regents.....	Edward J. Dempsey.....	Oshkosh.....	Self.....	1st Monday February 1949
	James A. Richards.....	River Falls.....	Self.....	1st Monday February 1949
	Dwight Warner.....	Whitewater.....	Dr. R. H. Hixon, deceased.....	February 1945
Pharmacy, Board of.....	J. P. Lee.....	Menomonie.....	Self.....	April 1 1949
Securities, Director Department of.....	Edward J. Samp.....	Madison.....	Vern G. Zeller resigned.....	May 1, 1945
University of Wisconsin, Board of Regents.....	Leonard J. Kleczka.....	Milwaukee.....	Self.....	May 1, 1953
Veterans Home, Wisconsin, Board of Managers.....	Charles H. Rawlinson.....	La Crosse.....	August Frey resigned.....	September 19, 1947
Watchmaking, Board of Examiners in.....	R. Lees Avery.....	Appleton.....	Self.....	May 19, 1948

MISCELLANEOUS

State

Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters. Prof. Banner Bill Morgan elected secretary April 1944.

Executive Department. Roy L. Brecke, private secretary, resigned April 11, 1944. Edward J. Roethe appointed secretary April 19, 1944.

Division of Departmental Research. August Frey, director, terminated his services April 22, 1944.

Grand Army Home for Veterans. August Frey, member of Board of Managers, resigned effective April 22, 1944.

State Government Mileage Administrator. August Frey resigned effective April 22, 1944. Homer G. Bell appointed April 25, 1944.

Securities Department. Vern G. Zeller, director, resigned effective April 12, 1944.

Veterans Recognition Board

Advisory Committee: Sgt. Thomas Theodore Jones, veteran of World War II.

Agricultural Advisory Committee: Prof. Walter Rowlands; A. N. Johnson; John D. Jones, Jr.; Harry Dix; Jim Clark.

MISCELLANEOUS—Continued**State**

Vocational and Adult Education, State Board of. C. L. Greiber elected state director April 4, 1944.

State-wide Associations of Wisconsin, under heading Public Officials and Public Employes, to be included: Associated Police Communications Officers, Inc., Wisconsin Chapter, correspondent H. F. Wareing, 47th and Vliet Sts., Milwaukee.

Local**Brown County**

Coroner. Dr. Alvin J. Dupont appointed to succeed Orlen Miller, deceased, for term ending January 1, 1945.

District Attorney. Raymond J. Rahr appointed to succeed Donald W. Gleason, resigned, for term ending January 1, 1945.

Federal**United States District Courts in Wisconsin****District Attorney**

Eastern District. Timothy T. Cronin, Oconomowoc, appointed to succeed Berthold J. Husting. Appointment confirmed March 14, 1944.

Western District. John Boyle, deceased, March 8, 1944. Francis Murphy appointed Acting District Attorney March 14, 1944.

ERRATA

Page 24. In the biography of Congressman O'Konski the name should be Alvin E. O'Konski.

Page 166. Under Highway Commission the two asterisks should be removed after the salary of D. J. Summerville.

Page 240. In the members of the Commission on Interstate Cooperation Assemblyman Joseph A. Schmidt should be spelled Joseph A. Schmitz.

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