



Vicinity of Greenwood, Michigan Marquette district: [specimens] 17631-17741. No. 113

1891

Merriam, W. N.

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1891

<https://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/7547BFOHWGEUT8R>

<http://rightsstatements.org/vocab/InC/1.0/>

For information on re-use see:

<http://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/Copyright>

The libraries provide public access to a wide range of material, including online exhibits, digitized collections, archival finding aids, our catalog, online articles, and a growing range of materials in many media.

When possible, we provide rights information in catalog records, finding aids, and other metadata that accompanies collections or items. However, it is always the user's obligation to evaluate copyright and rights issues in light of their own use.

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
FIELD SECTION BOOK

Book 113.

Vicinity of Greenwood, Mich.
Marquette District.

W. H. Merriam, 1891.

17631-17741.

LAKE SUPERIOR DIVISION.

INSTRUCTIONS.

1. Ordinarily at least two pages of this book will be devoted to one section. On the left-hand page, place a map of as much of the section as has *actually been seen*. Denote rivers, lakes, marshes, etc., by the usual topographical signs. Denote the ledges of rock, when no structure is made out, by cross-hatching, making the cross-hatching cover as nearly as possible the areas occupied by the exposures. If the rock is a massive one, but still more or less plainly bedded, use the same sign with a dip arrow and number attached, showing the direction and amount of the dip. Denote a shaly or other very plainly bedded ledge by right parallel lines, and a ledge having a secondary structure by wavy parallel lines running in the direction of the strike, with dip arrow and number attached as before. The greatest care must be taken to avoid confusing slaty or schistose structure with bedding, and in all cases where there is the least doubt about the true bedding direction, indicate it by a query. To each exposure on the face of the map attach the number of the specimen representing it. In mapping the section count each of the spaces between the blue lines as 100 paces, and twenty of these spaces to one mile, or 2,000 paces. Usually the southeast corner will be placed at the bottom of the page, or at the first black line above the bottom of the page, and at the right-hand side. If, however, for any reason, it is desirable to show portions of an adjoining section, the southeast corner may be shifted up, or the map may be turned around and the north placed at the left-hand side of the page. The ruling of the left-hand page is also arranged so that, if desirable, a smaller scale can be used, two inches, one inch, or even one-half inch to the mile. With the two-inch scale, the squares outlined in black represent sections, and those in red, quarter sections and "forties," while the space between the blue lines is 200 paces.

2. On the right-hand page place the notes descriptive of the exposures. Begin in each case with the number of the specimen, placing the number on the left-hand side of the red line, after which give in order on the right of the same red line the position of the ledges as reckoned in paces from the southeast corner of the section, and the dip and strike when observable, for instance 4025, 250 N., 300 W., *Strike, N. 6° E., Dip, 50° E.* Then follow with as full a description of the ledge as possible. When topographical maps are used for locations this paragraph applies only in part.

3. Collect a specimen from every ledge, or wherever there is a change of rock on any one ledge, taking care to get fresh material, unless for a special purpose the weathered surface is desired. In case of trips made on foot or in canoes, for long distances, neighboring ledges, unquestionably of one kind of rock, need not be specimened, but chips of them must be taken. The position and extent of the ledges not specimened should be marked on the map, with notes that each is of a rock identical with specimen so-and-so. Under the same conditions small sized specimens, trimmed to a uniform size of $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{4}$ inches will be allowed, but in all other cases *large sized specimens*, trimmed to a size of $3 \times 4 \times 1$ inches, must be selected, in accordance with section 3, chapter IV, p. 44, Regulations of the U. S. Geological Survey. In all cases collect chips for slicing. Specimens should not be placed together without protection in the collecting bag as the fresh surfaces, important in determining the character of rocks, are thus destroyed. They should be damaged by no temporary mark, but the numbers should be at once marked in at least two places upon the inclosing paper or cloth bags. It is desirable that specimens be permanently marked in camp by painting the numbers upon them in white upon a black background, using Silver White and Ivory Black oil tubes for color, with turpentine as a diluent.

4. On the last twenty-five pages of the book give, as may seem desirable, a general account of the examination of the region mapped in the previous pages, correlation of observations, sketches, cross sections, etc.

5. Forward this note book as soon as filled as registered mail matter to C. R. Van Hise, U. S. Geologist, Madison, Wis.

not platted
17641-17643, 17655-17659, 17667-70

#113

1 2

July.

✓17631 800 N. 1875 W. S.E. 8-47-28

On the north edge of a ridge this fine grained black rocks shows for a few paces when a greenstone comes in contact with it and makes up the mass of the ridge. The finer rock is much colored and the strike could be made out only in a general way to be about E. 4 W.

✓17632 The greenstone from above ridge is about 100 steps across when the same fine schist shows again on the south slope of the ridge

✓17633 700 N. 1725 W. S.E. 8-47-28

Similar to 17631. The rocks here are not quite so colored but still too much so to get dip and strike accurately. The strike is S. of E. Dip N.E. at a low angle

✓17634 520 N. 1850 W. S.E. 8-47-28

A low ledge of Act. mag. schist on south side of swamp

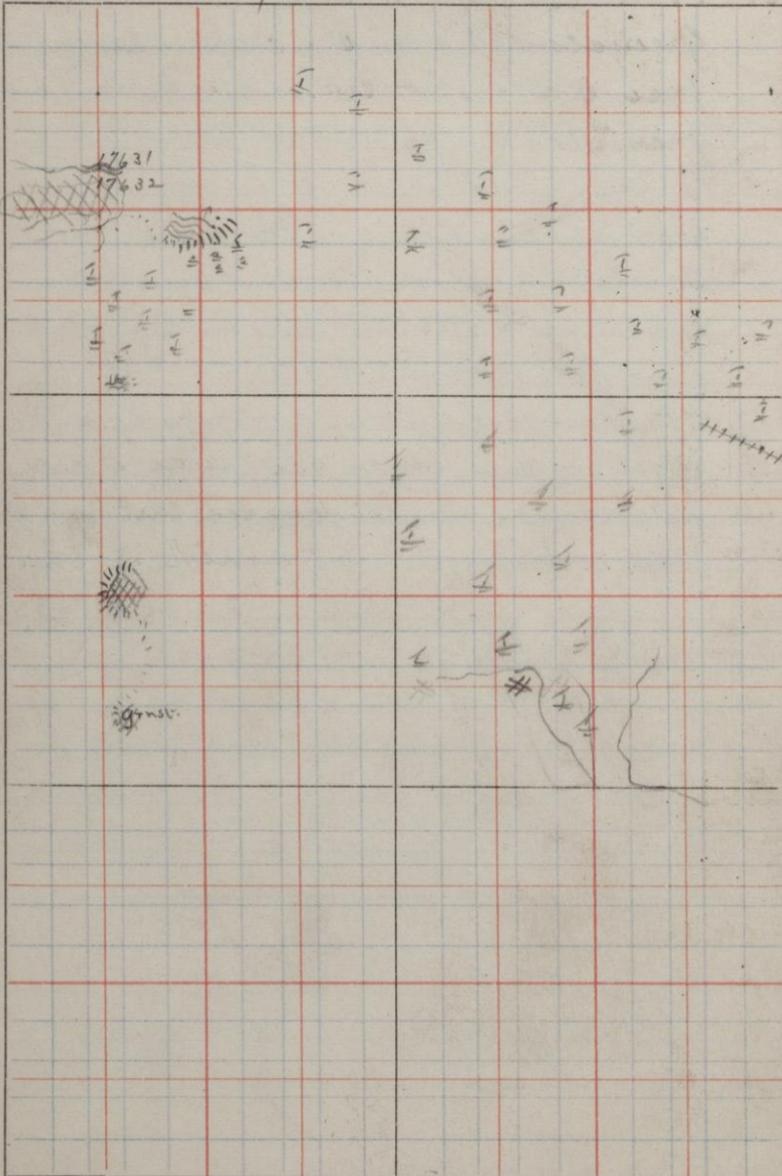
250 N. 1875 W. S.E. 8-47-28

Large greenstone ledge (see notes of 1888)

S. 27. '4 8

T. 47

R. 28



✓17635 1800N. 1875W. S.E. 17-47-28

Greenslimestone from the abrupt south-
face of a large E.W. ridge of coarse
greenslimestone

✓17636 1825N. 1600W. S.E. 17-47-28

A large ledge of coarse greenslimestone
similar to 17635-

✓17637 900N. 1875W. P.E. 17-47-28

Biotite Mica schist (?) on east side of river
Biotite The rock is highly banded but much
Schist contorted just south of this
in an east & west ridge is an
eruptive rock very like the ciffs
east of Champaign

✓17638 Is taken from the east end of this
Biotite Hornblendic ridge 1600W. 550N. S.E. 17-47-28

Schist

✓17639 350N. 1600W. S.E. 17-47-28

Hornblendic like 17638

Ames

✓17640 200N. 1800W. S.E. 17-47-28

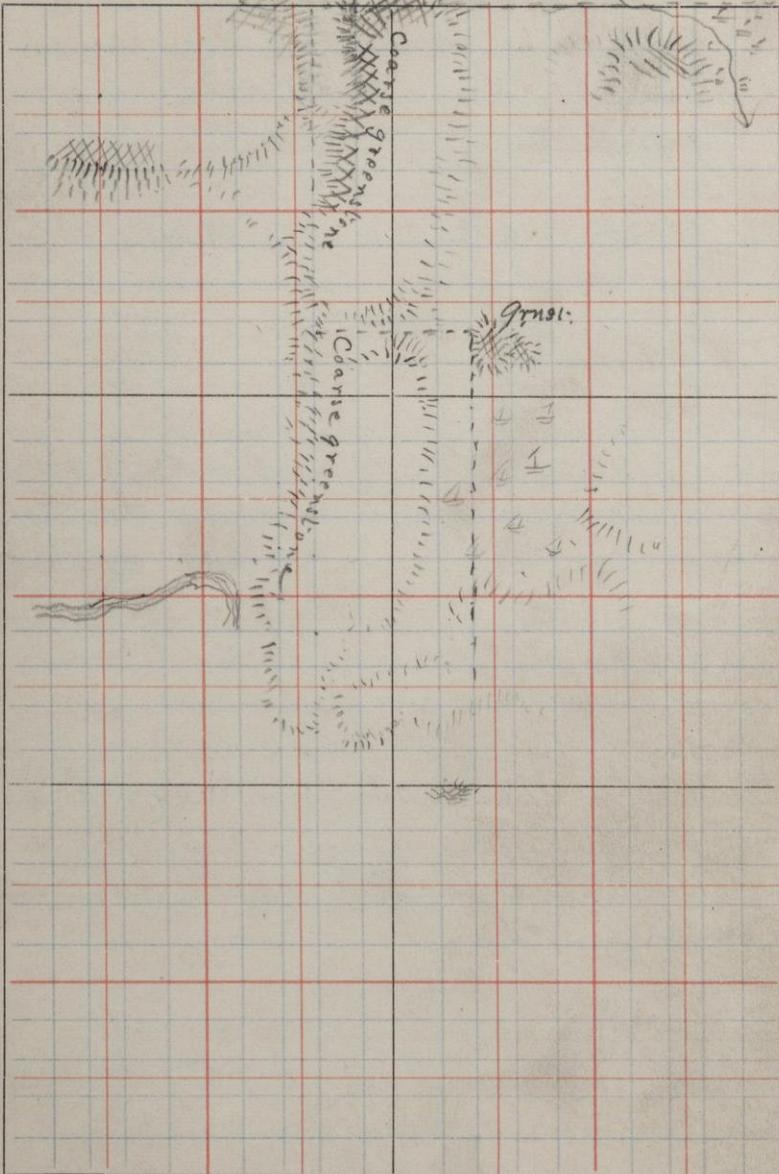
Hornblendic Greenslimestone Tuff highly banded
Biotite and contorted
Schist

He in large crystals) Ipp. sect. for 176 & 176.

M.W. 14 17

T. 47

R. 28



✓17641 2000N. 1800W S. E. 20 - 47-28

A finer phase of these greenstone
Tuffs. Surface weatheres in an
irregular manner and very rough
instead of in bands as in some parts
of the tuffs.

17642 1350N. 1800W S. E. 20 - 47-28

A low ledge of the same greenstone Tuff

✓17643 1700 N. 850 N. S. E. 20 - 47-28

Biotite On the south side of the Es. River
Granite a quite large exposure of grey granite

✓17644 220N. 900 W. S. E. 8 - 47-28

Altered A large knob of greenstone conglomerate
greenstone just S.W. of small lake

The conglomeratic character shows
on the weathered surface, but no
so plain on a fresh fracture. The
fragments seem to be all of one
kind and small. The rock
is massive.

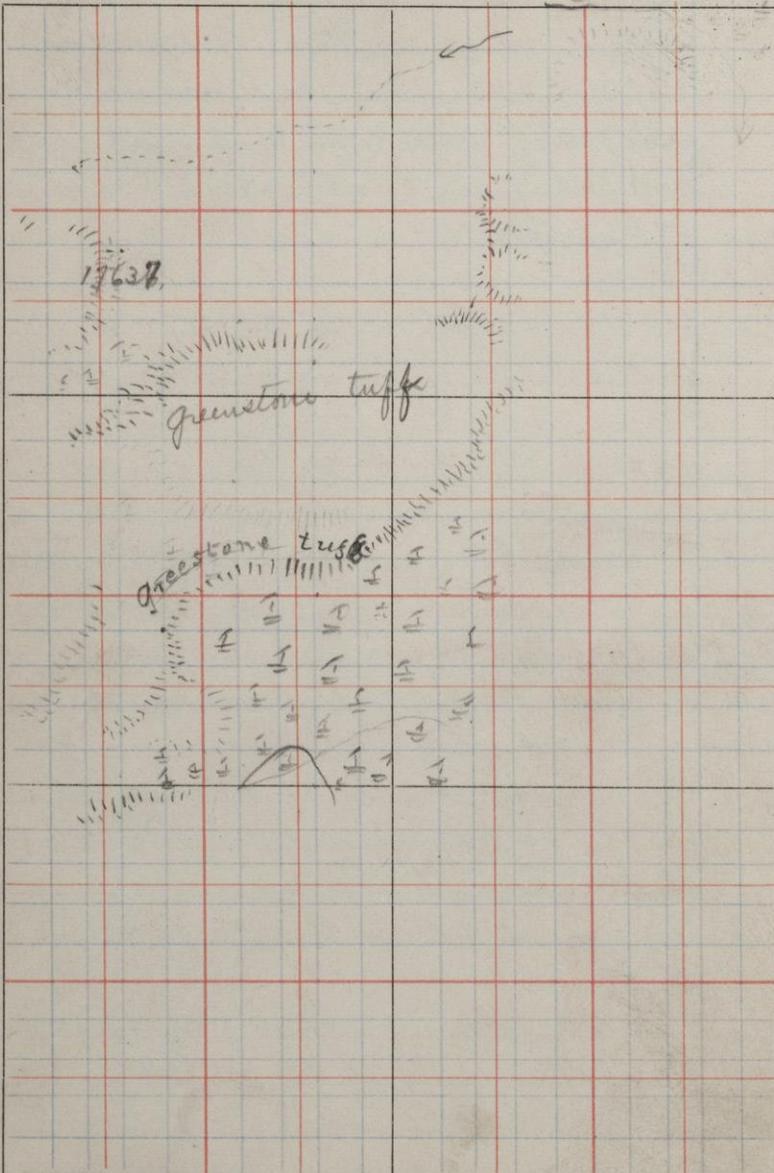
✓17645 Two of the fragments
17645 are shown in 17645 - 17646

17646 The rock I think belongs with
this general area of greenstones
and greenstone tuffs.

Oct. 14 17

T. 47

R. 28



17647 850 N 1950 N. S.E. 17-47-28

A low knob of greenstone rising
only a few feet above the low
surrounding country

17648 00 N. 970 N. S.E. 8-47-28

At south base of ridge of greenstone
conglomerate. The rock is quite
schistose and contorted. The general
strike of the bands being N. 65° W.
Dip nearly vertical

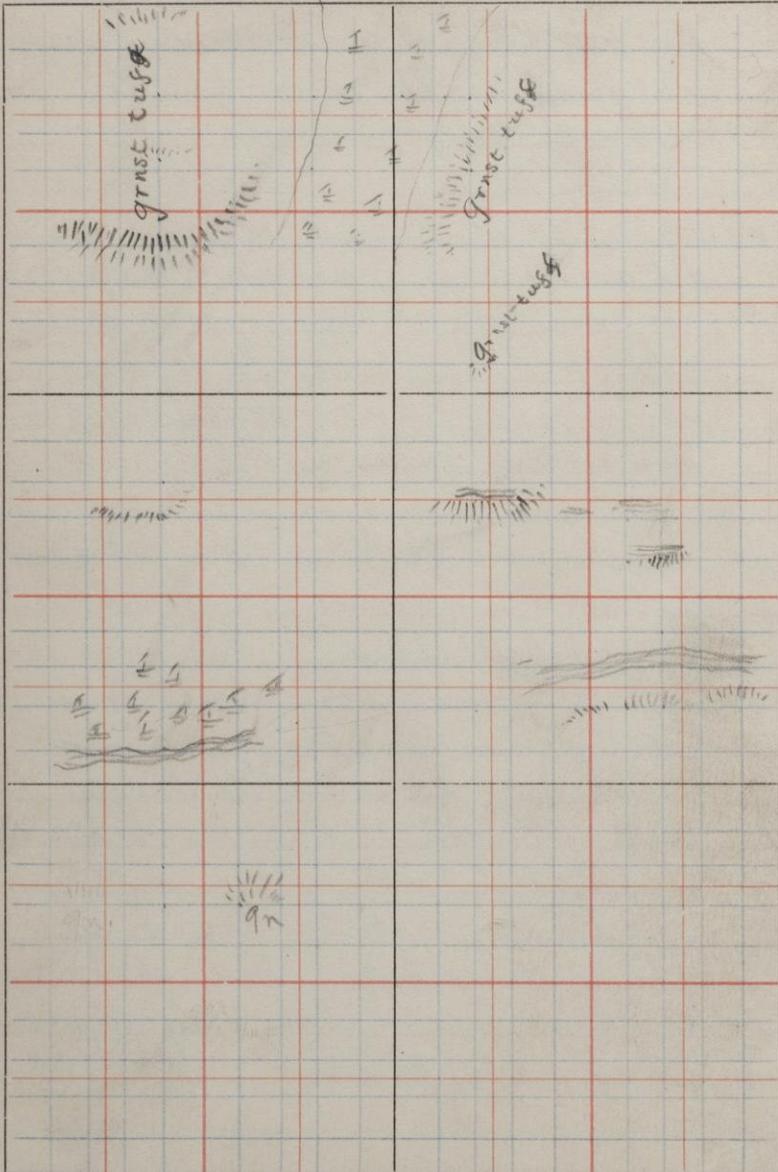
17649 1960 N. 1150 N. S.E. 17-47-28

A rock very similar to 17648
in many respects. The banding
is here however very regular and
well defined varying from a
fraction of an inch to nearly a
foot in width. Strike N. 40° W
Dip N. 8°

Do these rocks belong with
the greenstones? In places
they appear as though they might
be a phase of them

7.7.20 T. 47

R. 28



17650 1350 ft. 125 N. S.E. 8-47-28

A low ledge of coarse greenstone

17657 1500 ft. 00 N. S.E. 8-47-28

High ledge of coarse greenstone
rising 75 or 100 feet above the
swamp to the north

17652 1000 ft. 1400 W. S.E. 17-47-28

Very similar to 17648-49.

Alsophilic rock much contorted
Rip seems to be high to the south
These rocks look in places very much
like a mica schist - Do they belong
with the greenstones

17653 1400 ft. 625 N. S.E. 17-47-28

Greenstone lava or conglomerate

The rock weather's with a very rough
surface the fragments standing
out in very pronounced manner

They are vary in size from those but
a fraction of an inch in diameter
to those several inches in diameter

They are nearly all of one kind though
some of the larger ones weather to a
flesh color and seem to be porphyritic

✓17654 From one of the larger fragments

✓17655 1400 ft. 1800 N. S.E. 20-47-28-

From this same greenstone luff showing
in a ridge running N.E. & S.W., on
the east side of swamp and rising
40 to 50 ft. above swamp.

✓17656 1400 ft. 1375 N. S.E. 20-47-28

A banded rock like those to the
north (17648-49-52). The banding
is here contorted but has a general
Strike of N. 5° E. Dip about
vertical

17657 1300 N. 115° W. S.E. 20-47-28

17658 A banded fine grey rock with
cheerly bands up to 3 or 4 inches in
width. This rock lies just
north of the granite about 175 steps
and nearer to it than any rock
seen so far

Strike E.W. as nearly as could be
determined. Dip about 30° N.

The cheerly is also in lens-shaped
masses. The rock is quite contorted

S.E. 1/4 8

T. 47

R. 28

4 4 <u>1</u> 5	4 4
<hr/> <u>1</u> 4	=
1 1	4
1	5
5085 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

17659 1150 N. 1350 N. S. E. 20-47-28

A banded rock that belongs probably with 17657-58 although no chert bands were seen. The Knob rises up from the river about 30 or 40 feet. The granite is but a short distance to the south.

Attraction at this point $40^{\circ} 2\prime$.

Strike 8° S of E. Dip 50° N.

17660 850 N-1500 N. S. E. 17-47-28

17661 Greenstone conglomerate or tuff similar to all those in this region
17661 pebbles from this rock

17662 1300 N. 82 $^{\circ}$ W. S. E. 17-47-28

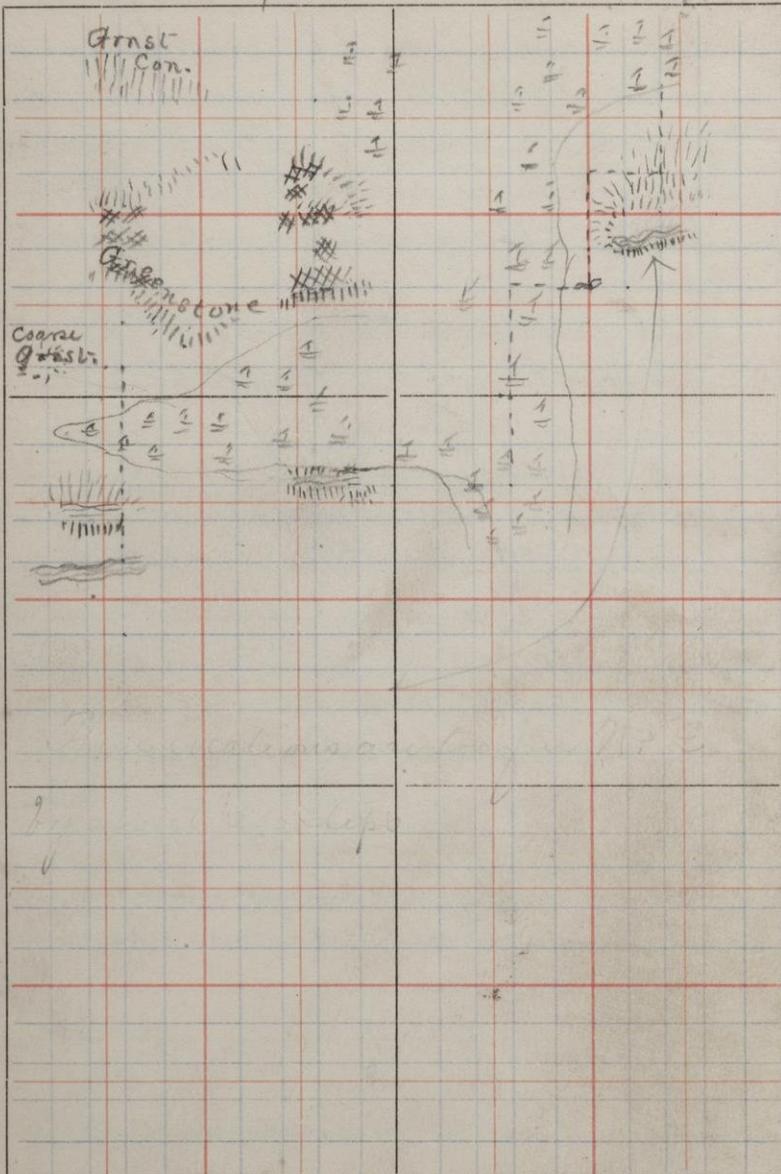
A more massive or greenstone like phase of this conglomerate. They are exposed for 200 steps north and south, most of the distance showing more conglomeratic than the specimen.

1000 N. 87 $^{\circ}$ W. S. E. 17-47-28

A low Knob of greenstone very similar to 17662

N.E. 1/4 20 T. 47

R. 28



17663 900 N. 850 W. S.E. 17-47-28

The greenstone tuff comes in again
in a ridge running E. 15° N. The
strike I think of these rocks corresponds
with this direction

The dip is to the south at an angle
of about 55°

17664 1175 N. 850 W. S.E. 17-47-28

Massive greenstone from large
ridge running about E. 4 W.

17665 600 N. 250 N. S.E. 17-47-28

a more schistose phase of the conglomer-
ates, the conglomeratic structure
not being so pronounced
Strike 45° N of W (?) Dip almost vertical

17666 600 N. 130 N. S.E. 17-47-28

The greenstone conglomerate shows in
a small exposure at top of hill on
west side of swamp.

Strike N. 15° N. Dip 75° P.

600 N. 100 N. S.E. 17-47-28

600 W. 60° "

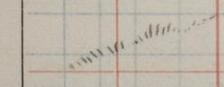
Exactly like 17666

D.E. 1/4 17

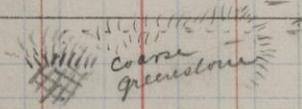
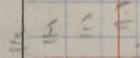
T. 47

R. 28

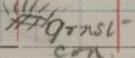
Center



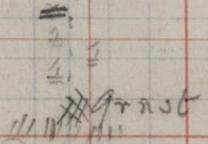
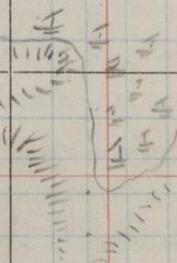
4



Grns.



Grns.
con.



Con.

17667 1750 N. 600 W. S. E. 20 - 47 - 28

Coarse greenstone It seems to
have a strike here of N. 10° S. and
a dip of about 45° to the N. (?)

17668 1400 N. 55° W. S. E. 20 - 47 - 28

A band of rock like 16657-58-59
in fact a continuation of the same
ledge as 176659 Dip and strike the
same

17669 1640 N. 25° N. S. E. 20 - 47 - 28

Act. Schist striking 20° S. of N.

About 40' slips south a small exposure
strikes 40° S. of W. and dips 35° N.

The exposures are both only a few yds in
area

Corrected
8/24.

17670 1700 N. 200 N. S. E. 20 - 47 - 28

The west end of a large range of
schist similar to 17669

Strike 10° S. of W. Dip 35° N.

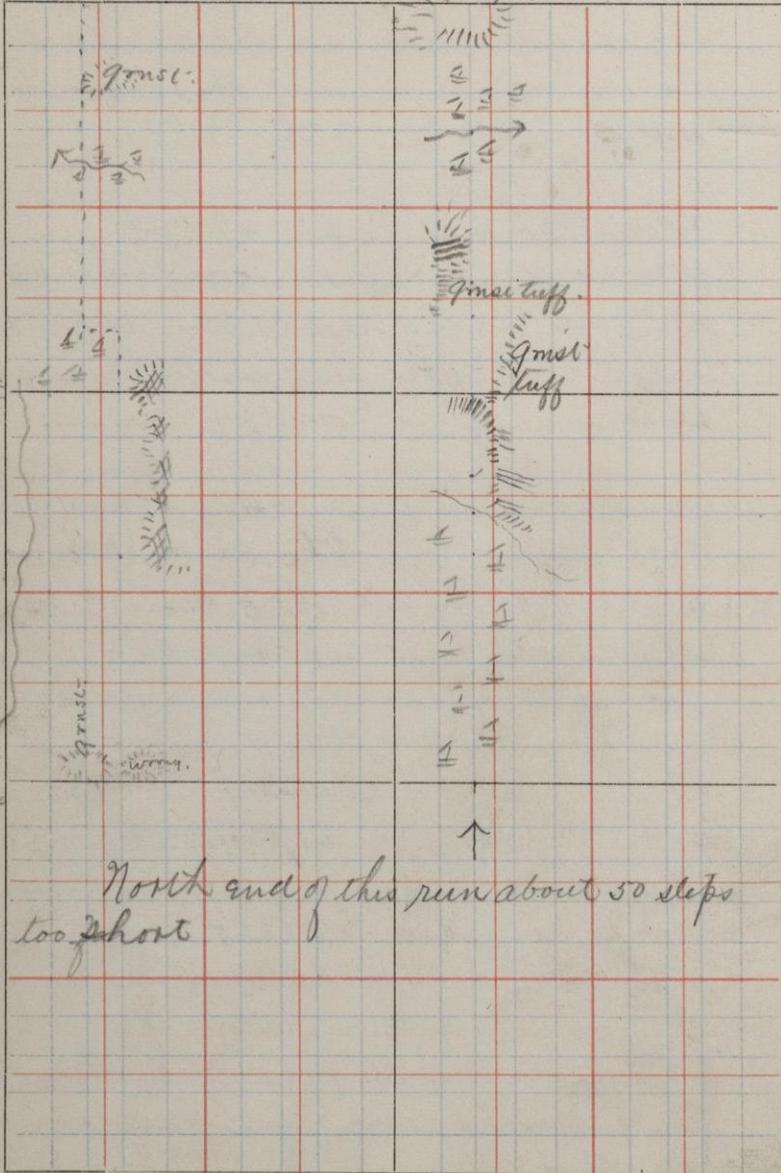
The banding is much contorted

The weathered surface shows narrow
and lines of small lens shaped areas which
weather white

N.E. 1/4 17

T. 47

R. 28



✓17671 75°N. 150°W. S.E. 17-47-28

A large ledge of coarse greenstone
rising about 60 feet above the
swamps.

✓17672 240°N. 150°W. S.E. 17-47-28

A ledge of greenstone conglomerate
similar to those a few hundred
feet west. The fragments are all
small and the rock quite massive.

400°N. 400°W. S.E. 17-47-28

greenstone con. The strike seems
to be E by N., and the dip high to the
south, both are obscure.

✓17673 84°N. 475°W. S.E. 17-47-28

Greenstone tuff striking a little
south of west ($\frac{1}{2}$) exposure small
inside of bluff

740°N. 375°W. S.E. 17-47-28

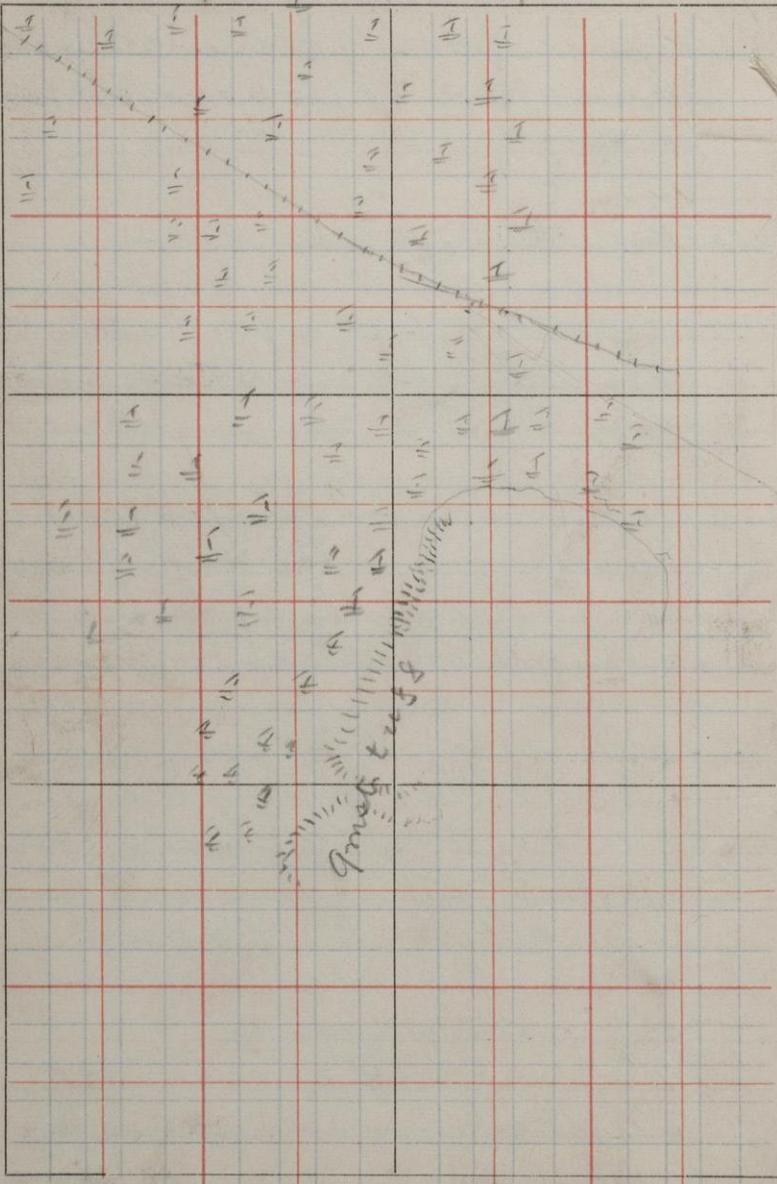
The same rock show I am not sure
it is in place however

This same rock shows north
to 1030 where a swamp runs
north to 135°

7.26.14/16

T. 47

R. 28



17674 1400 N. 400 ft. S.E. 17-47-28

Greenslone conglomerate. The
lines of fragments show plainly
on the surface of this exposure
running E. 20° S.

Dip about vertical

17675 1700 N. 400 W. S.E. 17-47-28

Greenslone tuff striking 20 S of W.
and dipping 85° N.

17676 2000 N. 400 ft. S.E. 17-47-28

a fine grained mica or chlorite
schist exposed in a knob
rising 30 or 40 feet above the
level of the south

Strike of schistose structure N. 45° W
Dip 80° & 85° N.

17677 1400 N. 1400 ft. S.E. 16-47-28

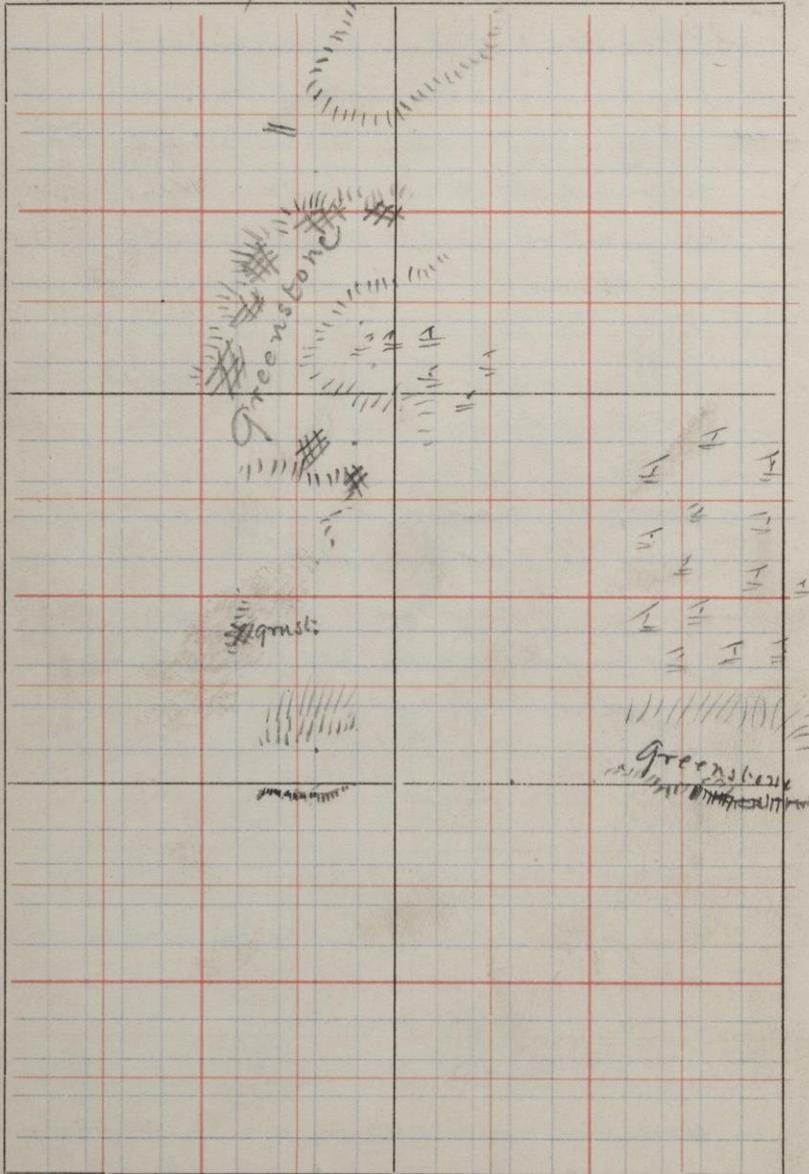
A hard rather coarse greenslone
exposed in a ridge rising about
30 feet above swamp

A few paces to the south the
greenslone conglomerate or tuff
shows the bandings striking
25° E. of N. and dipping N. N. 70° E.

J. 21. 1/4 16

T. 47

R. 28.



17678 1200 N. 1500 W. S.E. 16 - 47-28
Greystone conglomerate or tuff

17679 950 N. 1650 W. S.E. 16 - 47-28
Small exposure of tuff nicely banded
the direction of the strike is here
changed to W. 10 N.
Dip 55° S.

17680 750 N. 1600 W. S.E. 16 - 47-28
A large knot of massive
greystone
The greystone tuff lies to the
north about 30 steps in low
exposures

17681 400 N. 1600 W. S.E. 16 - 47-28
Massive greystone

17682 1970 N. 1600 W. S.E. 21 - 47-28
A large ledge of schist rising
abruptly from the south to a
height of 75 or 80 ft. It is
exactly like that to the west
Strike in general N. of W. a few degrees
Dip 65° N.
South of this the country is low and

27.97. 1/2 21 T. 47

R. 28

10086.

~~5~~ 6
~~4~~ 3
~~5~~ 5

~~5~~ 1
~~4~~ 4
~~5~~ 5
~~5~~ 1 1

grn.

flat as far as the river

17683 1240 N. 1650 W. S.E. 21-47-28

Pink granite; in an exposure 20 or 20
feet high just south of swamp

The granite seem to run about E.S.
west along here

17684 00 N. 1100 W. S.E. 16-47-28

A large ridge of greenstone fully
100 ft high continuing a little
N. of W. for a long distance

17685 200 N. 800 W. S.E. 16-47-28

Same large greenstone range

17686 1300 N. 600 W. S.E. 16-47-28

Coarse greenstone, the same rock
shows also a short distance
to the west and to the north

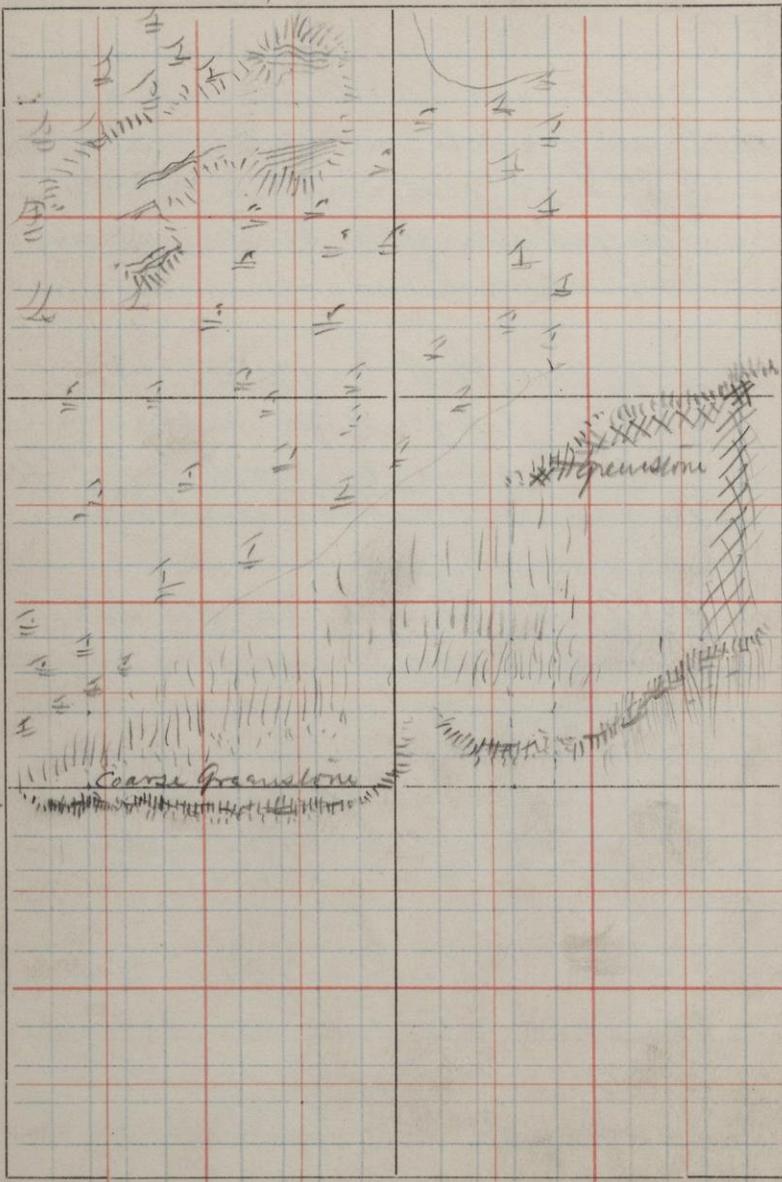
17687 1150 N. 600 W. S.E. 16-47-28

A highly banded much contorted
schist. The general strike
is 20° N. of W. Both N. and
S. dips were observed

D.E. 16

T. 47

R. 28



957 N. 600 W. S.E. 16 - 47-28

A high knot of schist - nearly like
17687 prevailing dip is to the N.

17688 The strike on the south side of this
bluff (850 N) is N 25 S. The bandings
here being quite regular
Dip to north at high angle 65°-70°

17689 525 N. 30 W. S.E. 16-47-28

A large ledge of greenstone. A con-
tinuation of Chal & Chi S.W.

17690 600 N. 1000 W. S.E. 15 - 47-28

Greenstone somewhat finer grained
than Chal to the south west but
exposed in the N.E. continuation of
Chal range

17691 300 W. 470 N. S.E. 15 - 47-28

A low ledge of somewhat schistose
greenstone

17692 640 N. 1840 W. S.E. 23 - 47-28

A low ledge of grey granite

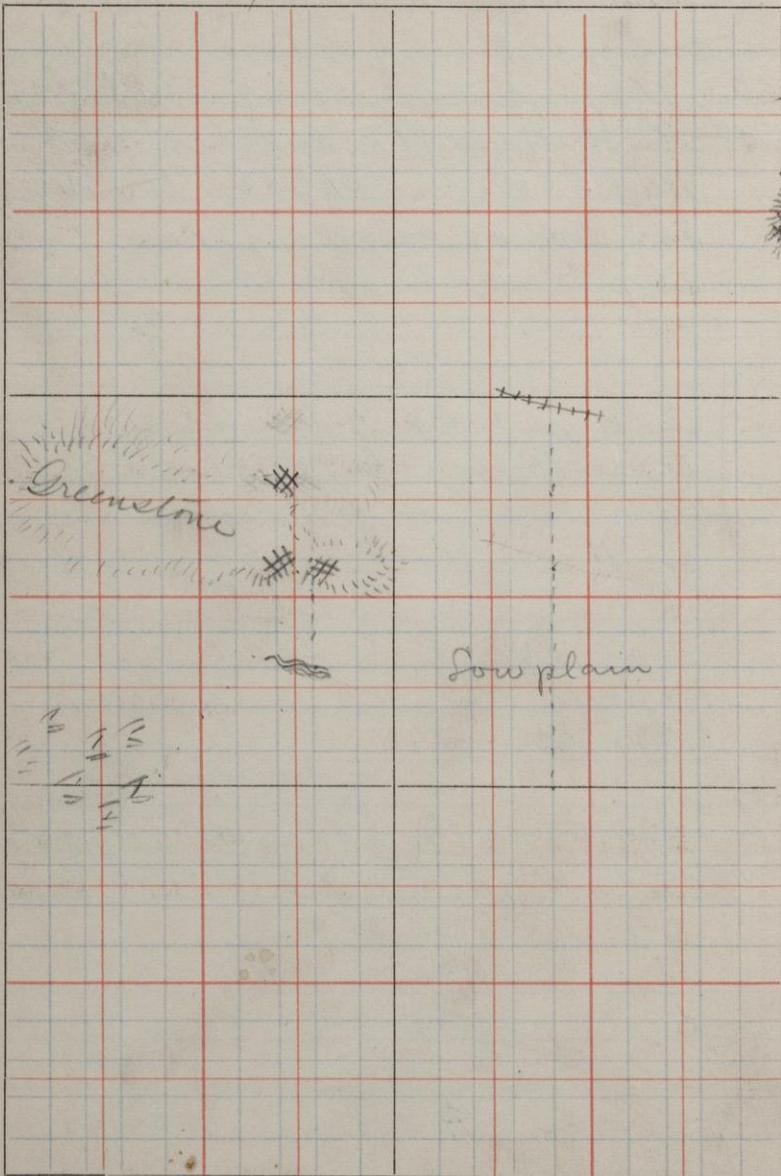
300 steps N.W. the granite shows again
in low outcrop

900 N. 1650 W. Drill hole, said to

N.E. 1/4 16

T. 47

R. 28



strike a few feet of over

117693 780 N. 1170 W. S. E. 14-47-28

An Act. Sch. (?) in large exposure
of finely banded rock. Like
some of the schist taken farther
west.

Strike E.T.W. Dip N. 55°

117694 700 W. 750 N. S. E. 14-47-28

Massive greenstone rising in
a Knob about 60 feet above swamp to
south

117695 750 N. 400 W. S. E. 14-47-28

Low ledge of massive greenstone

117696 40 N. 171° W. S. E. 3-47-28

Schistose greenstone (?) in Knob
rising 30 or 40 feet above general
level

Strike E.T.W.

Dip 70 S.

117697 40 N. 1580 E. S. E. 3-47-28

From east end of above Knob.

7.8.1121

T. 47

R. 28

15
A

Low sand plains

65

= =
= =
= =

The hills in the N.W. of S.H. 5-47-28
 do not show rock in place but
 from the numerous slate fragments
 as well as the strike of the hills
 and the position of the slate to the
 west lead me to think that
 the slate runs through to this
 point.

✓17698 1410 W. 1340 N. D.E. 5-47-28

A small outcrop of black slate-like
 stuff found to the west - It
 contains a large quantity of pyrite
 Strike E. 20 S.

Dip 85° N.

✓17699 80711. 1300 W. S.Q. 32-48-28

From the south face of northern
 granite

✓17700 80071. 1185 N. S.Q. 32-48-28

Strike about 25° fl wide in the
 granite. It stands about vertical

✓17701 3 inches from contact with granite

✓17702 at contact

✓17703 granite from contact

7. 21. 22

T. 47

R. 28

Δ							
		Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
			Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
				Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
					Δ	Δ	Δ
						Δ	Δ
							Δ

D - right H - left D - right H - left

Correct balance

✓17704 1800 N. 580 ft. S. E. 5-47-28

Quartzite-like that overlying the
one at the American Mine
Strike E. 20 S.

Dip very high to south (nearly vertical)

✓17705 900 N. 580 ft. S. E. 5-47-28

A low ledge of fine black slate
striking 20° S. of E.

Dip vertical

✓17706 500 N. 900 ft. S. E. 5-47-28

A high knot of slate striking
25° N. of W. Dip vertical

One of the triangulation stations
From the strike it appears to
belong with the graphitic slates
to the west

✓17707 700 ft. 00 N. S. E. 5-47-28

Knob of slate about 20 ft high
Slate is exposed on the south-
side

Strike N. 20° N. Dip 50° N.

17708 1000 N. 800 W. S.E. 8-47-28

A large ridge of greenstone
conglomerate on top striking
20 N. of W. Dip 70 to 75° N.

J. E. 15

T. 47

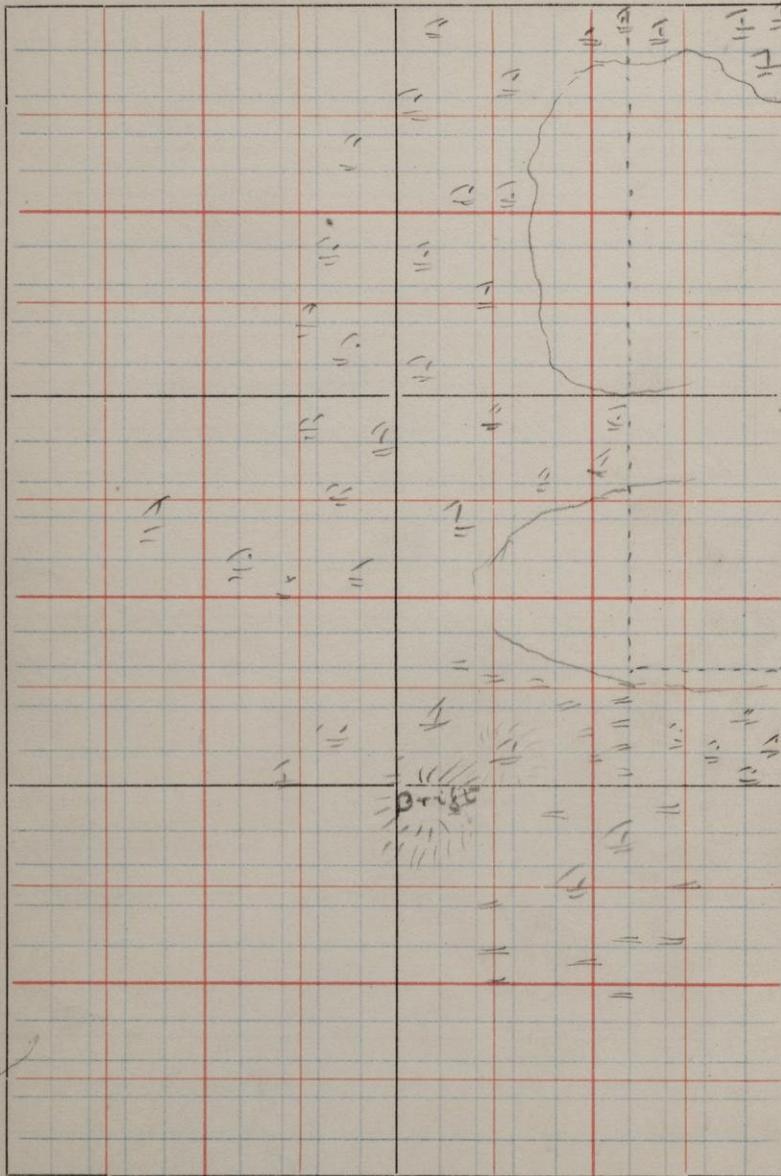
R. - 28

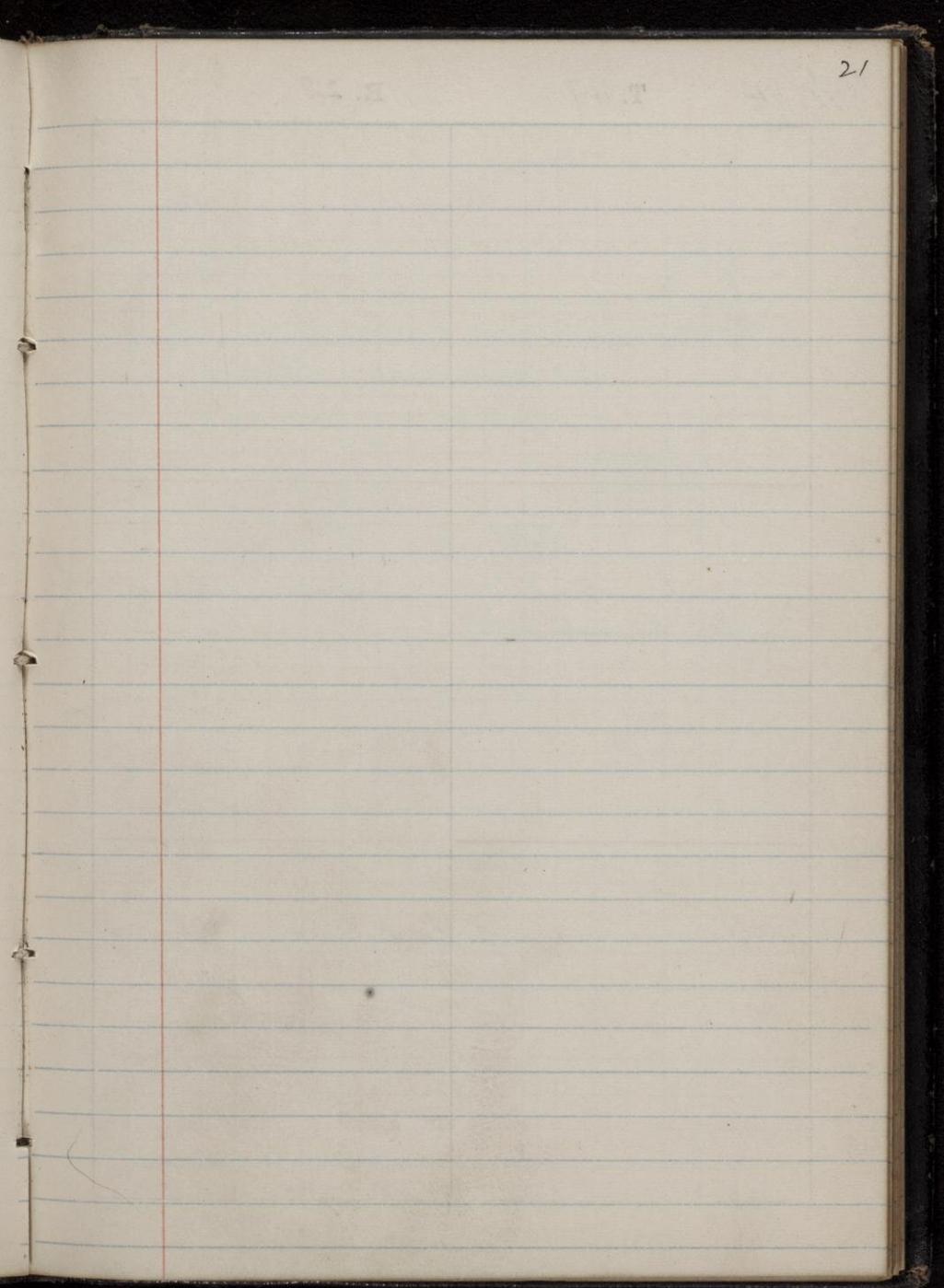
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

7. E. 22

T. 47

R. 28

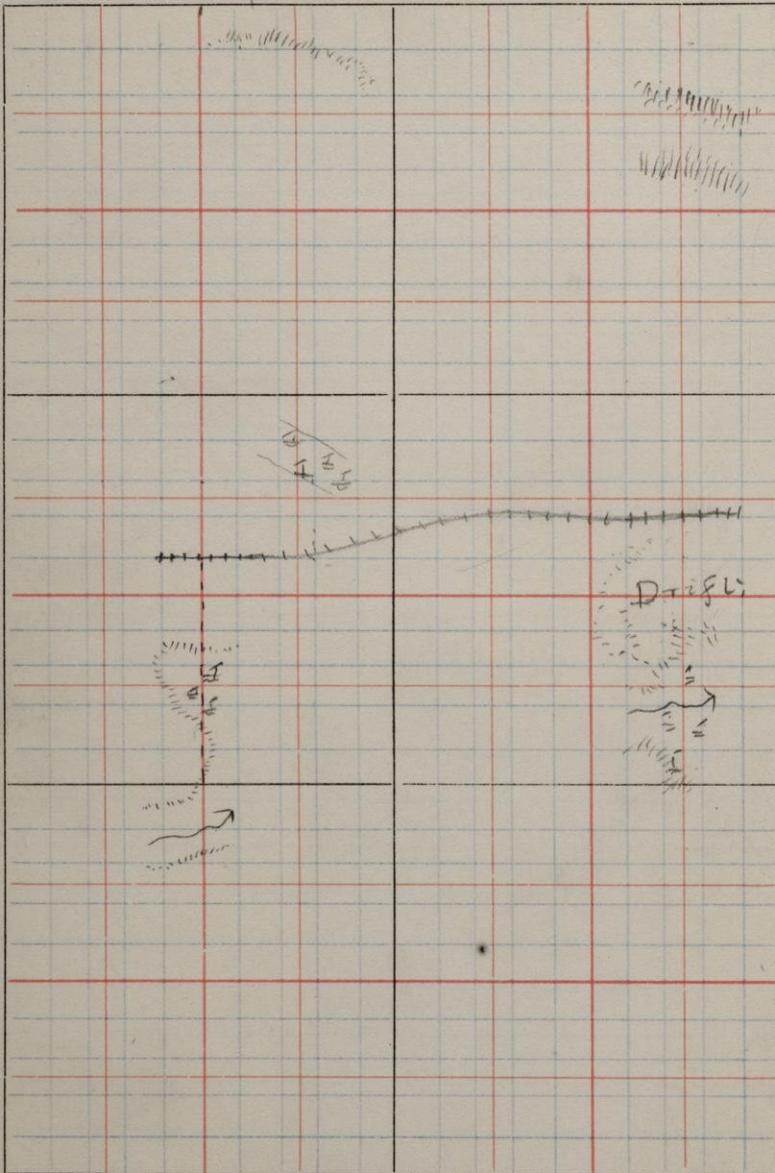




7. 21. 14

T. 47

R. 28



S. 27. 14

T. 47

R. 28

23

9.2.23

T. 47

R. 28 T

24

J. A. 23

T. 47

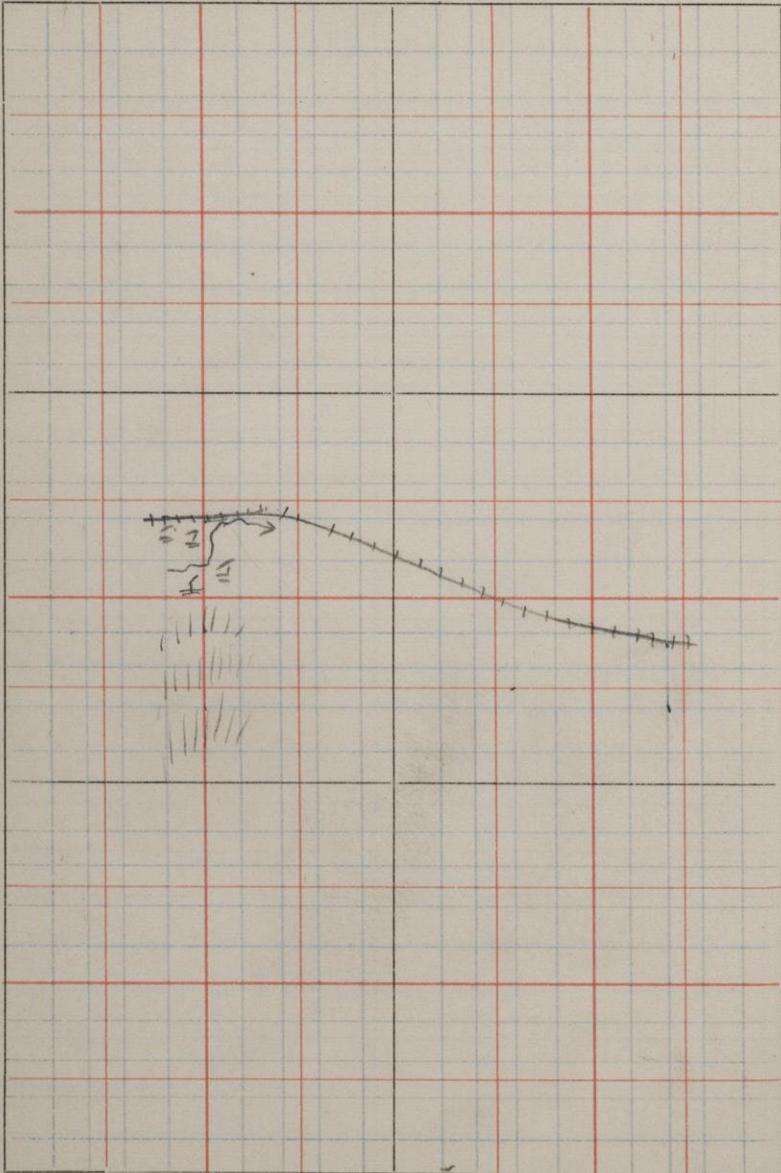
R. 20

25

21. E. 14

T. 47

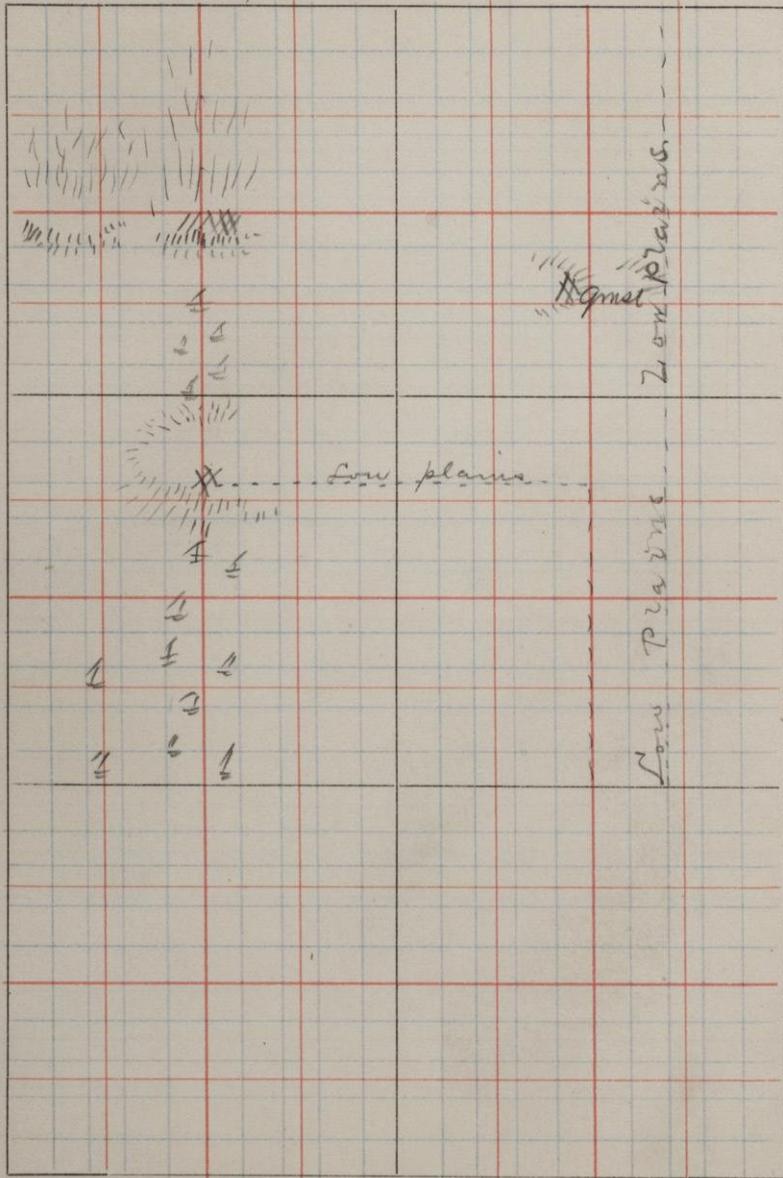
R. 28



S. E. 14

T. 47

R. 28



N.E. 23

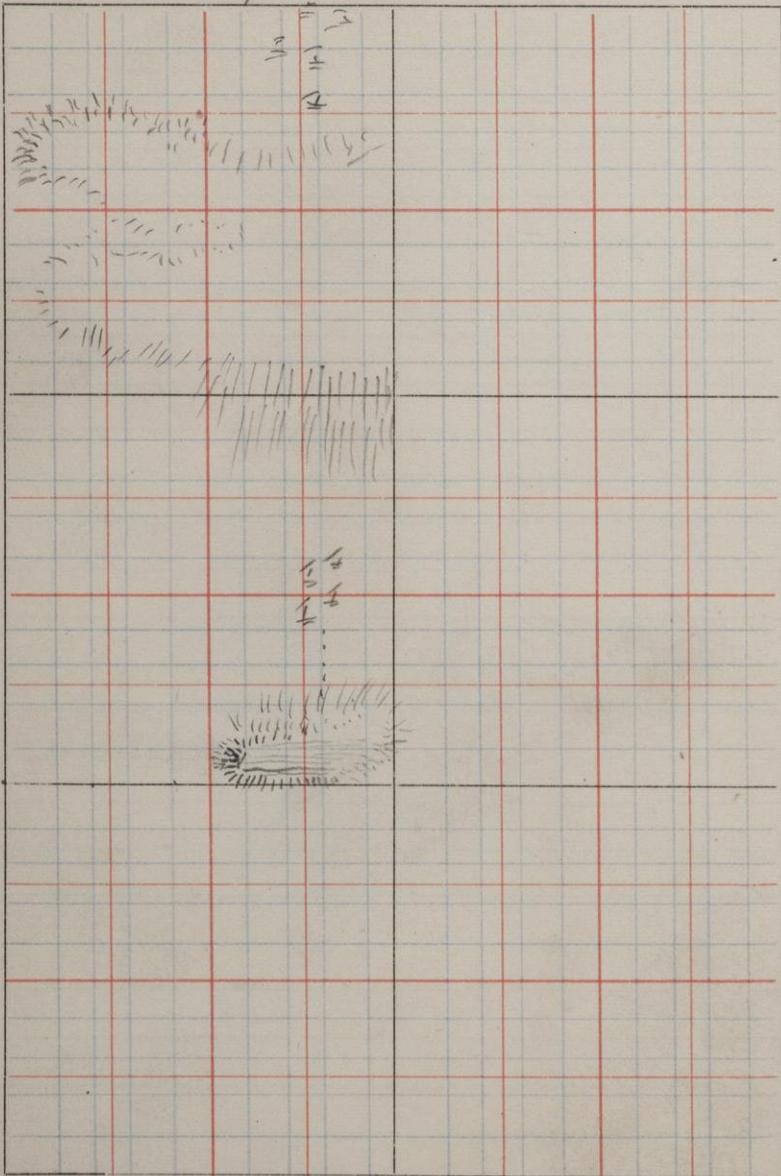
T. 47

R. 28

A grid of handwritten numbers and symbols on graph paper. The grid consists of 6 horizontal rows and 6 vertical columns, with red lines defining the boundaries. The numbers and symbols are as follows:
Row 1: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 2: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 3: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 4: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 5: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 6: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 7: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 8: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 9: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 10: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 11: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 12: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 13: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 14: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 15: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 16: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 17: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 18: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 19: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 20: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 21: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 22: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 23: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 24: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 25: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 26: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 27: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 28: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 29: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 30: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 31: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 32: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 33: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 34: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 35: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 36: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 37: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 38: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 39: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 40: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 41: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 42: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 43: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 44: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 45: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 46: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 47: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 48: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 49: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 50: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 51: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 52: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 53: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 54: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 55: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 56: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 57: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 58: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 59: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 60: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 61: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 62: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 63: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 64: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 65: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 66: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 67: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 68: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 69: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 70: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 71: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 72: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 73: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 74: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 75: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 76: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 77: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 78: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 79: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 80: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 81: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 82: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 83: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 84: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 85: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 86: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 87: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 88: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 89: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 90: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 91: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 92: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 93: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 94: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 95: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 96: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 97: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 98: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 99: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Row 100: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1

S. M. Sec 5 T. 47

R. 28



9.2k. 5-

T. 47

R. 28

A.H. 32 T. 48

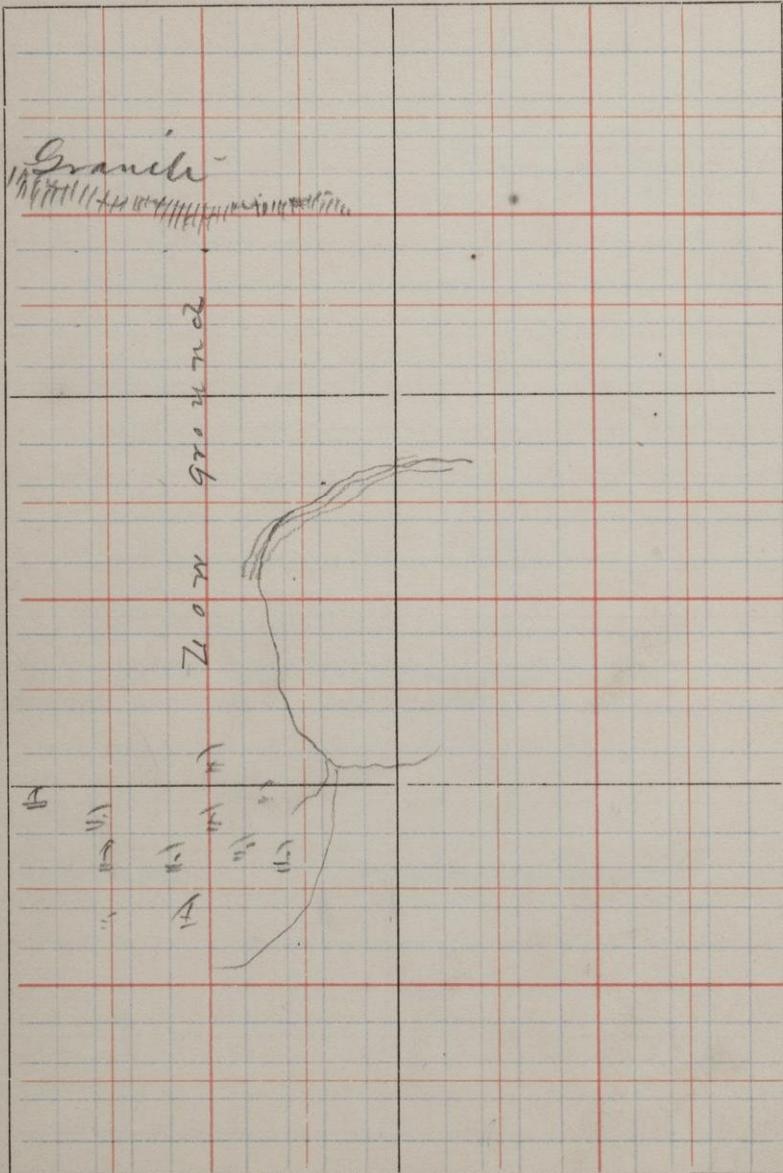
R. 28

	<p>===== 1 = = 4 = 4 = 4 =====</p>
<p>===== = = = =</p>	<p>===== = = =====</p>
<p>===== = =</p>	<p>American min.</p>
	<p>See notes of '88 for American min.</p>

S.E. 32

T. 48

R. 28

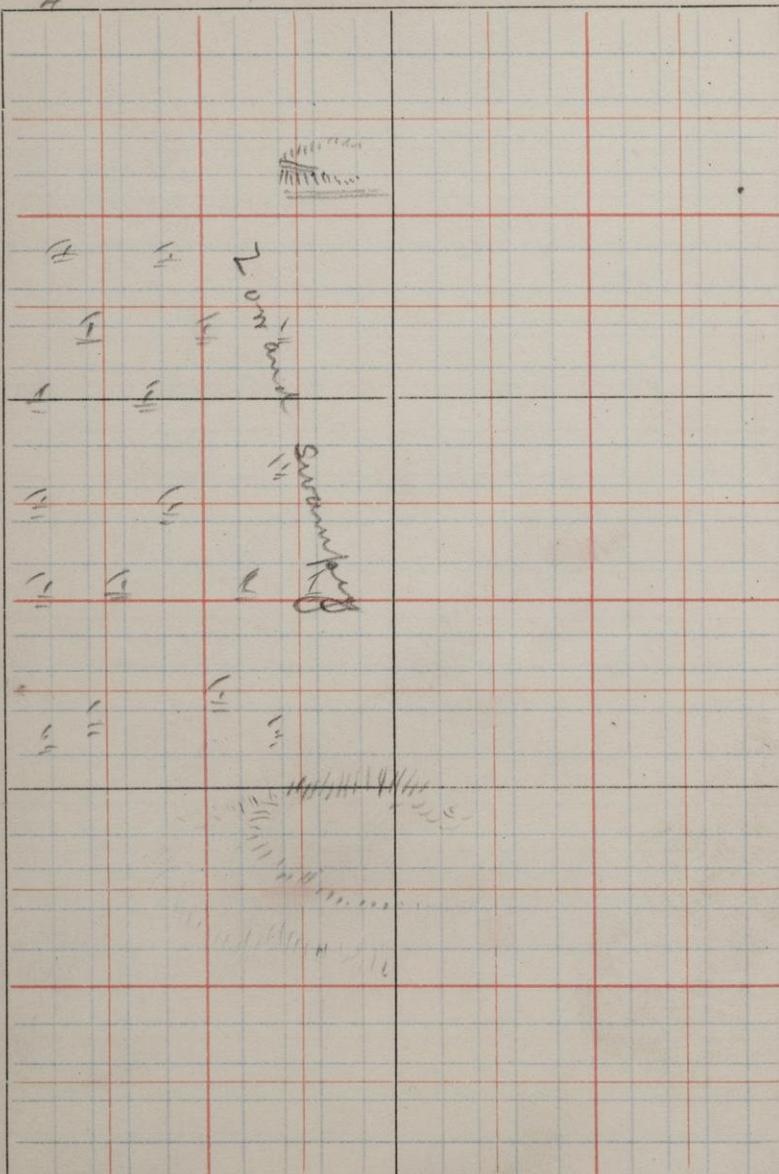


Anna

100

N.E. 1/4 S^W T. 47

R. 28



33

34

N. 26. 1/4 4 T. 47

T. 47

R. 28

No exposures were noted in the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4-47-28. The surface is all low and level except one small ridge in the north side which from base-pit seems to be mostly dry. It is however about on the strike of the quartzites of the American Mine and dips to the east.

The S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4-47-28 is nearly all swamp; the portion not swamp is low and level.

17709 470 N. 1200 W. S. E. 33-48-28

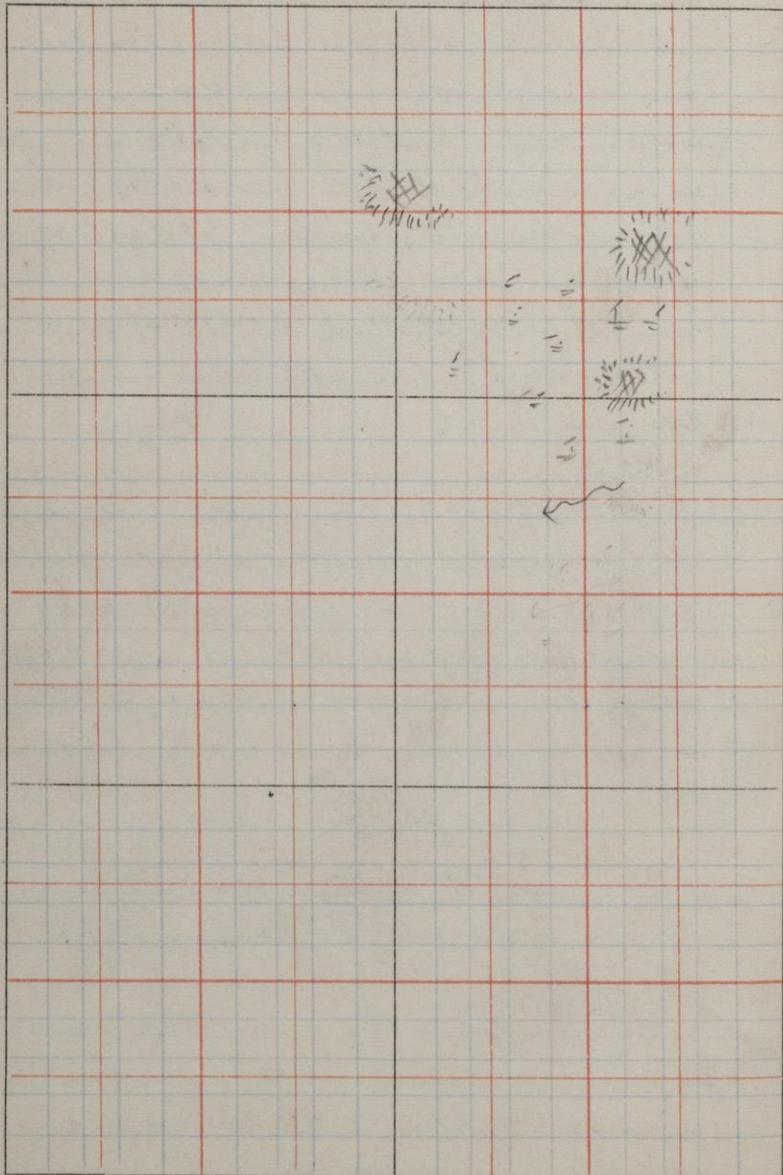
A granite from round Knob rising 25 or 30 feet. The large granite ridge which has been running so prominently E & W. breaks down here into lower rounded knobs.

17710 490 N. 250 W. S. E. 33-48-28

From a large dyke (?) in the granite. The granite at this point is in low knobs and the dyke seems to run north and south through them. Only one actual contact was seen but from the relative positions of the rocks

A. N. Sec 33 T. 48

R. 28



and from the nature of the greenstone at the contact, it being here much finer grained and schistose, it is taken to be a dike. In one place it includes a fragment of the granite 4 or 5 ft. in length. Small granitic veins were also noted in it. About 50 steps west the same rock and granite are in contact - although the actual line of contact is covered. It may be that this is the line of junction between these serpentinite rocks and the granite instead of a dike. If so the serpentinite seems to be the talus formation.

✓17711 Near contact with granite

✓17712 From granite fragment in the granite -

✓17713 325 N. 220 W. S. E. 33-48-28

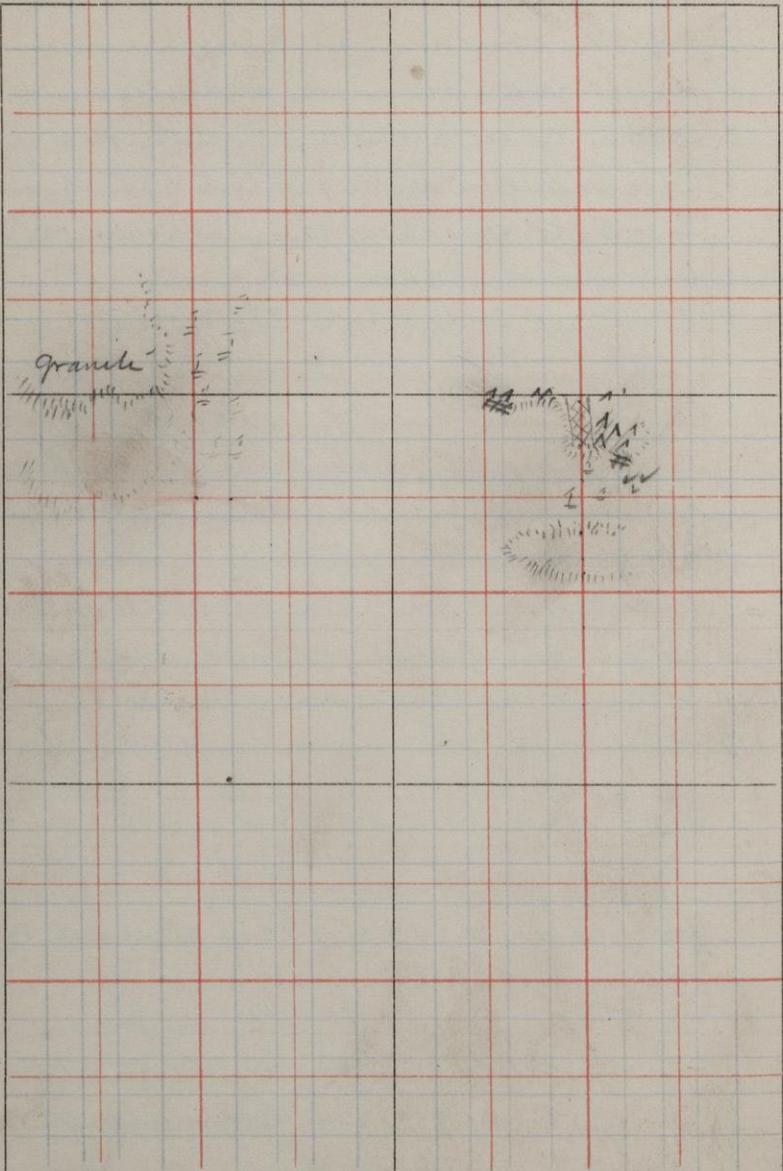
A large ridge of this greenstone running E & W.

✓17714 From a vein about 12 inches wide in 17712 well sharply defined with a distinct schistose structure in the granite

S.E. 33

T. 48

R. 28



17715 1825 N. 500 W. S. E. 4 - 47-28

Slate from last fit

Dip about 50° S. of slaty cleavage

17716 These rocks were taken in order

17717 from S. to N across a small knob

17718 in the S.E. of S. E. 4 - 47-28

17719 The south side of the ridge is

1400 N. S. E. 4 The strike
is about E & N. a little N of W
if anything. Dip high to north
for the first time in these
peculiarities

17720 1570 N. 1400 N. S. E. 3 - 47-28

17721 A ledge of Lean banded ore
chert & jasper. This is the first
exposure of these iron rocks seen.
Strike N. 10 N.

Dip vertical

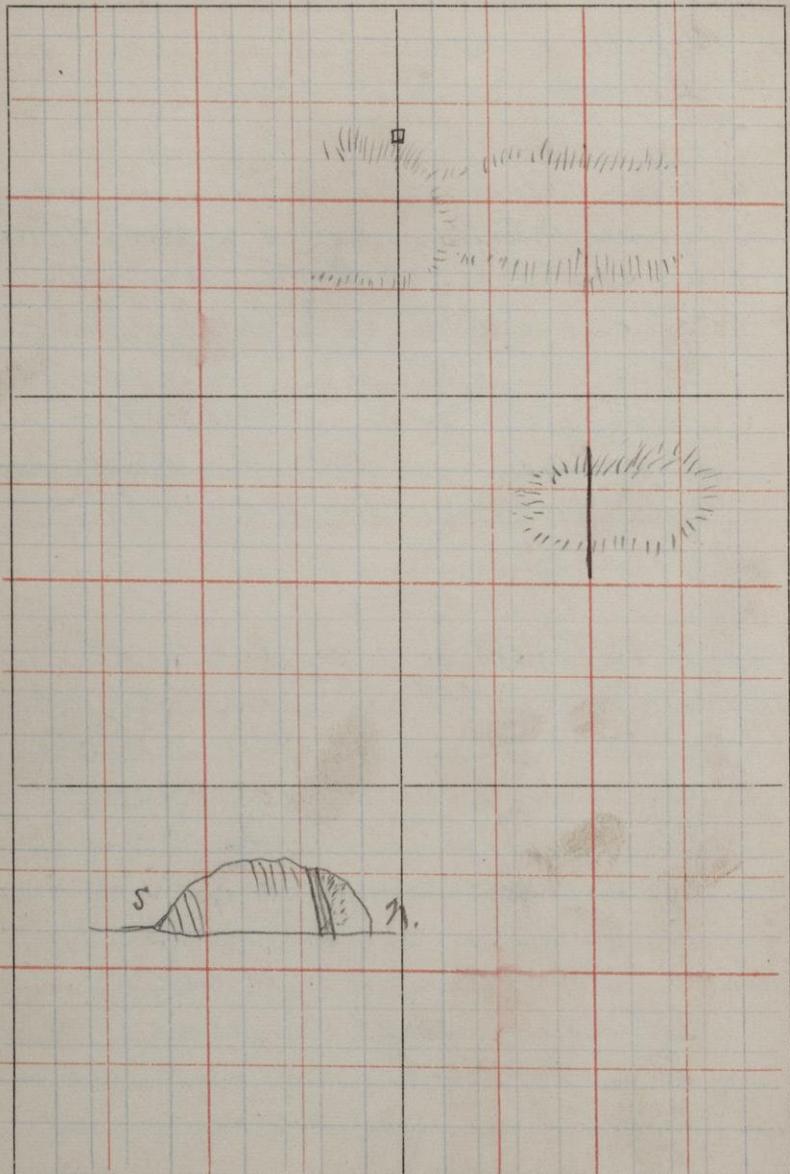
17722 1400 ft. 150 N. S. E. 34-48-28

A ledge of rock similar to 17713
This rock is exposed at intervals
to within a short distance
of the granite

N.E. 4

T. 47

R. 28

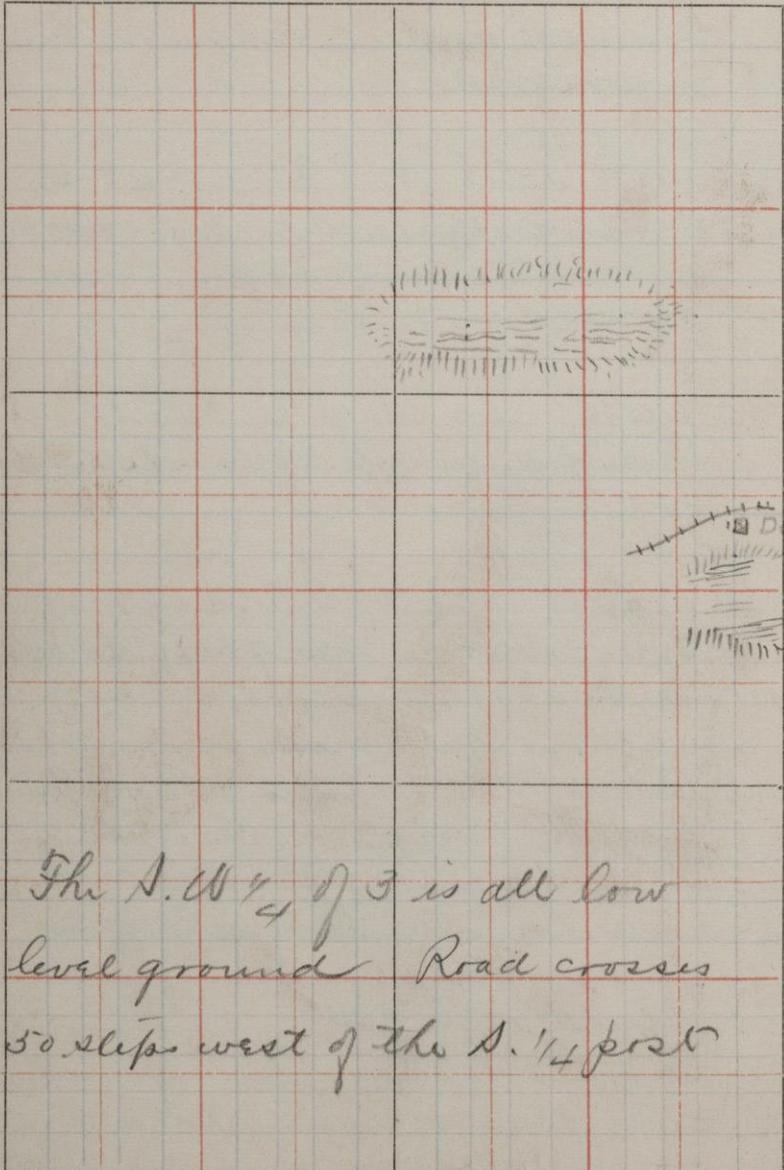


- ✓17723 720 N. 1440 W. S.E. 34-48-28
 A small granitic ledge on west side of road
- ✓17724 600 N 1200 W. S.E. 34-48-28
 Same serpentine rock exposed on south side of road. Explorations for gold made here
- ✓17725 600 N. 1200 W. S.E. 34-48-28
 From dike about 2 ft wide in the serpentine rock (?)
- ✓17726 1340 N. 1050 W. S.E. 34-47-28
 Ore from the West shaft of the Dexter Mine
- ✓17727 Quartzite about 15 ft south of above shaft. South of this shaft the Quartzite is exposed in a high Keweenaw large face exposures.
 Strike 15° S. of W.
 Dip 55° N.

N.W. 3

T. 47

R. 28



✓17728 1720 N. 00 W. S.E. 16-47-28

A small ledge of greenstone on
east side of north and south ridge

✓17729 100 N. 250 W. S.E. 9-47-28

A coarser band in the black
slate series. The strike is 20 N. of E.
(May) Dip N.

✓17730 125 N. 1450 W. P.E. 10-47-28

✓17731 A ledge of slate and quartzite
on the south slope of high bluff.
This I think is the south limit
of the slate belt from the
topography of the country as well
as from the quartzite which
seems to occur near the south
limit of the slate in several
places to the west.

Strike 20 N. of W.

Dip high to N.

✓17732 1200 N. 1100 W. S.E. 15-47-28

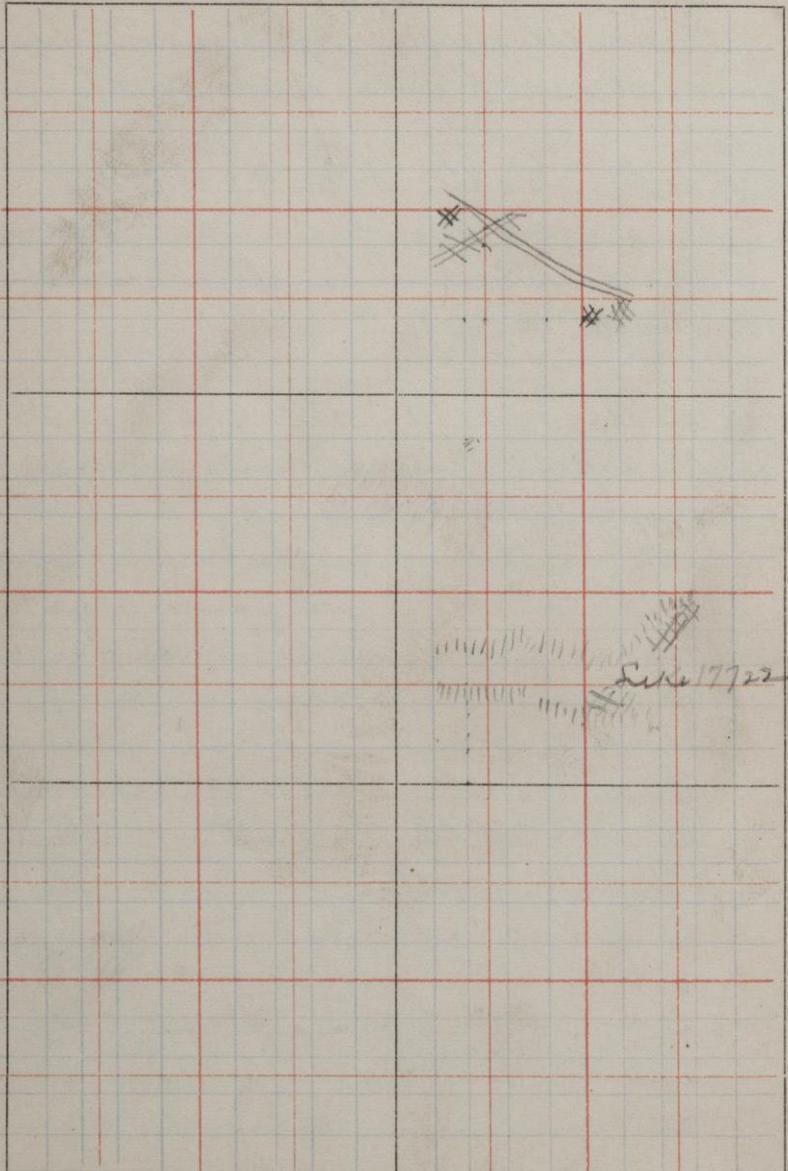
Strike E. & W.

Small ledge just N. of R.y.

S. 26. 34

T. 48

R. 28



17733 115° N., 143° W. S.E. 15 - 47-28
 A small ledge of greenstone
 exposed in Ry. cut.

17734 6.71 corner sec 11 - 47-28

17735 Slate and quartzite in south-
 facing bluff. The slate overlies
 the quartzite. Similar to
 that exposed $\frac{1}{2}$ mile west
 Strike E. & W.
 Dip 45° N.

17736 100° N. 150° N. S. E. 34 - 48-28

Large knot of Serpentine rock just
 north of C & H.W. Ry. From the
 south side of these rocks

17737 100 W. 225 N. S. E. 34 - 48-28

A more schistose phase of these
 rocks

17738 320 N. 100 W. S. E. 34 - 48-28

A white weathering band or dike
 it comes in 2 places for a width of about
 8 ft.

A. A. 111 10

T. 47

R. 28

This image shows a sheet of graph paper with a red grid pattern. On the left side, there are several groups of diagonal hatching. On the right side, there is vertical hatching and some small symbols like 'E' and '='.

17739 700 N. 600 W. S.E. 34-48-28

A small ledge, just rising above
the surface, of the Silurian rock

17740 1500 N. 1800 W. S.E. 2-47-28

A low ledge of slate exposed at side
of wagon road

Strike 10° N. of E. Dip about 9°

17741 10 N. 1060 W. A.E. 35-48-28

A small knob of ferruginous similar
to those rocks found to the west
in this range

N.W. 15

T. 47

R. 28

21. XI. 15

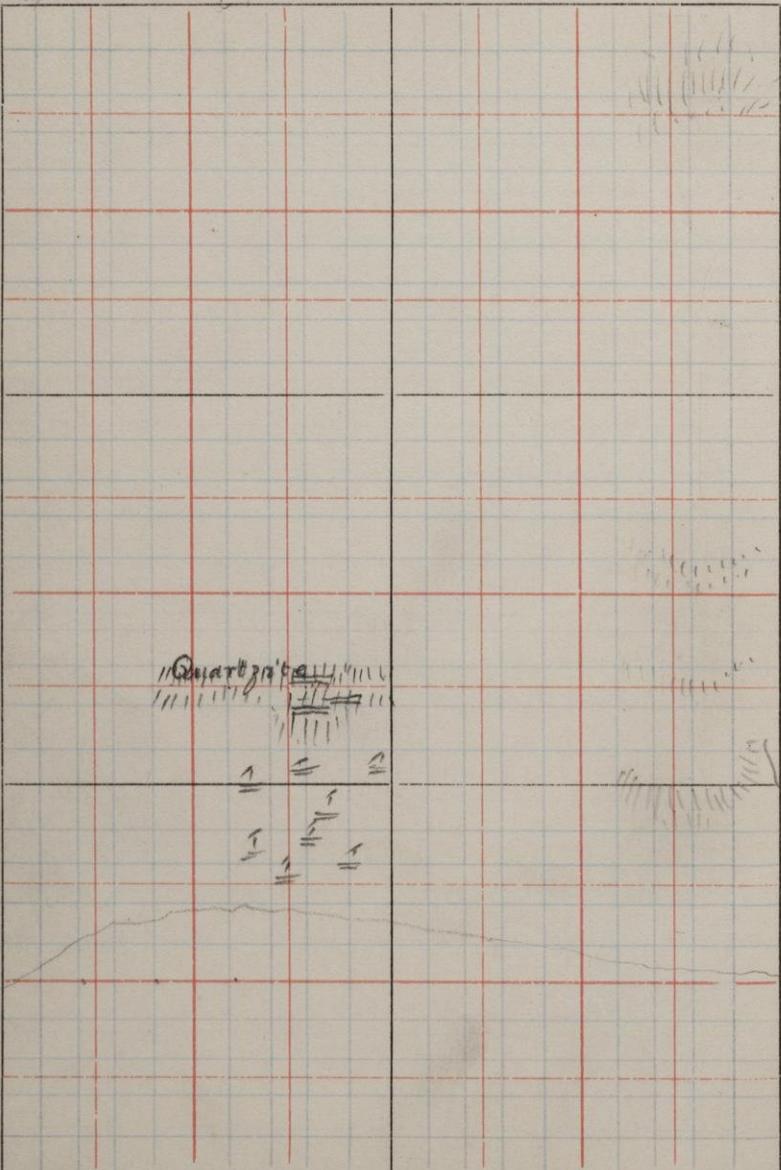
T. 47

R. 28

A.E. 1/10

T. 47

R. 28

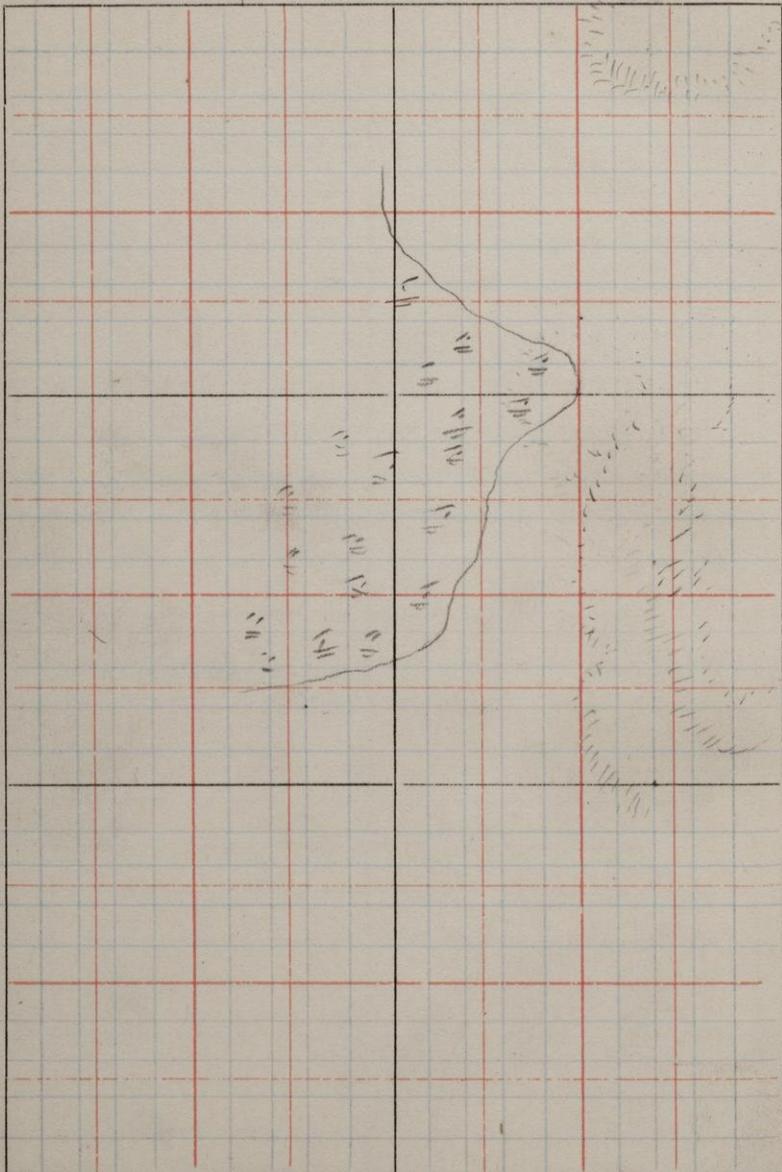


44

21.8.10

T.47

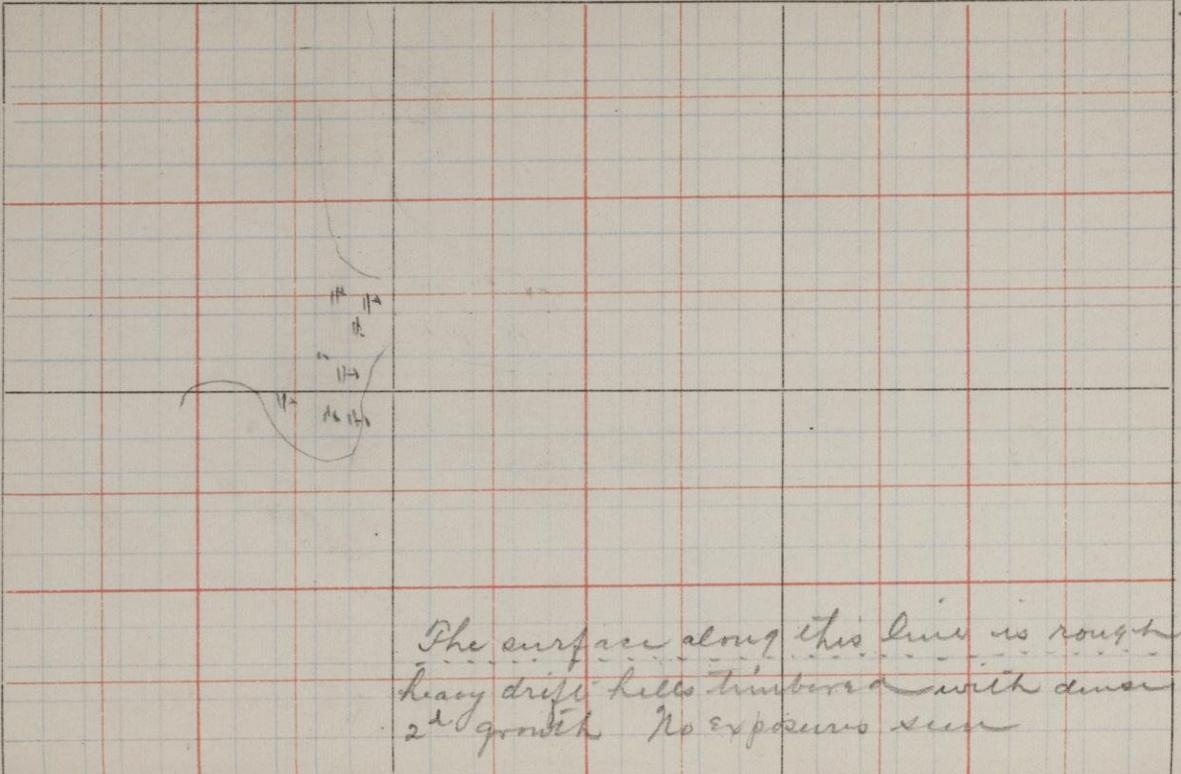
R.28



45

D.E. 143 T. 47

R. 28



The surface along this line is rough
heavy drift hills timbered with dense
2nd growth No exposures seen

M. E 1/3 T. 47

R. 28

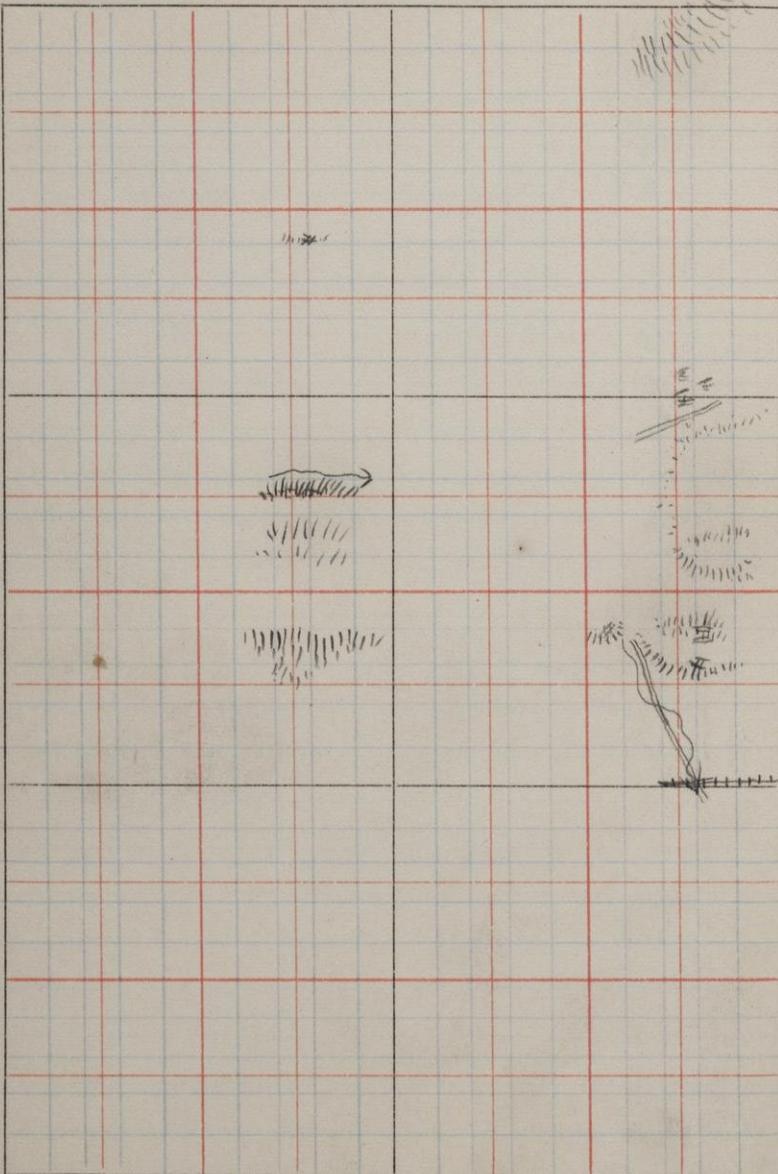
Surface same as south half. of...
section. Some large conglomerate
boulders were noted.

47

J. E. 34

T. 48

R. 28

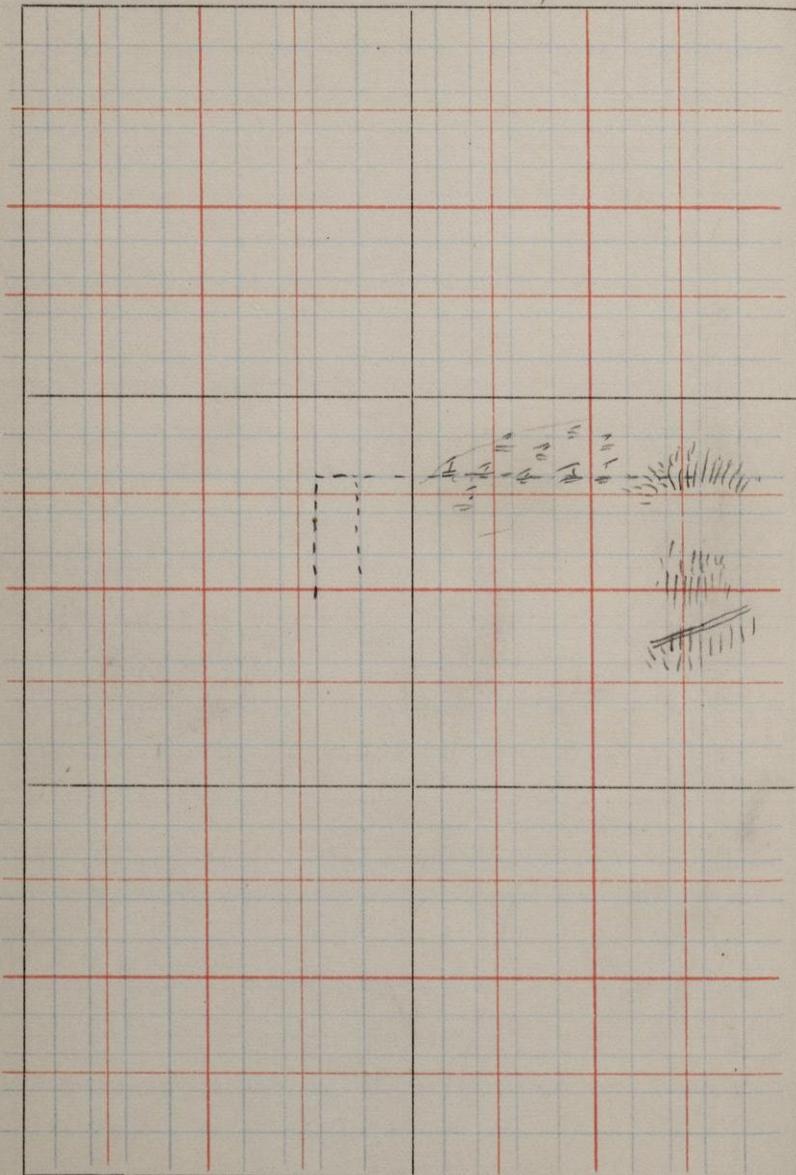


48

N.E. 34

T. 48

R. 27



49

2.7.14

T. 47

R. 28

A grid of red lines on white paper, divided into four quadrants by a central vertical and horizontal line. The top-left quadrant contains several 'X' marks. The top-right quadrant contains a circle and some 'X' marks. The bottom-left quadrant contains a 'W' shape. The bottom-right quadrant contains a 'Z' shape.

N. N. 11

T. 47

R. 28

A grid for musical notation. It consists of two vertical columns and five horizontal rows. The vertical lines are red, and the horizontal lines are blue. In the first column, there is handwritten musical notation at the top. In the second column, there is handwritten musical notation at the top, and a small sketch of a curved line with a double arrow below it.	

J. 21. 2

T. 47

R. 28

level

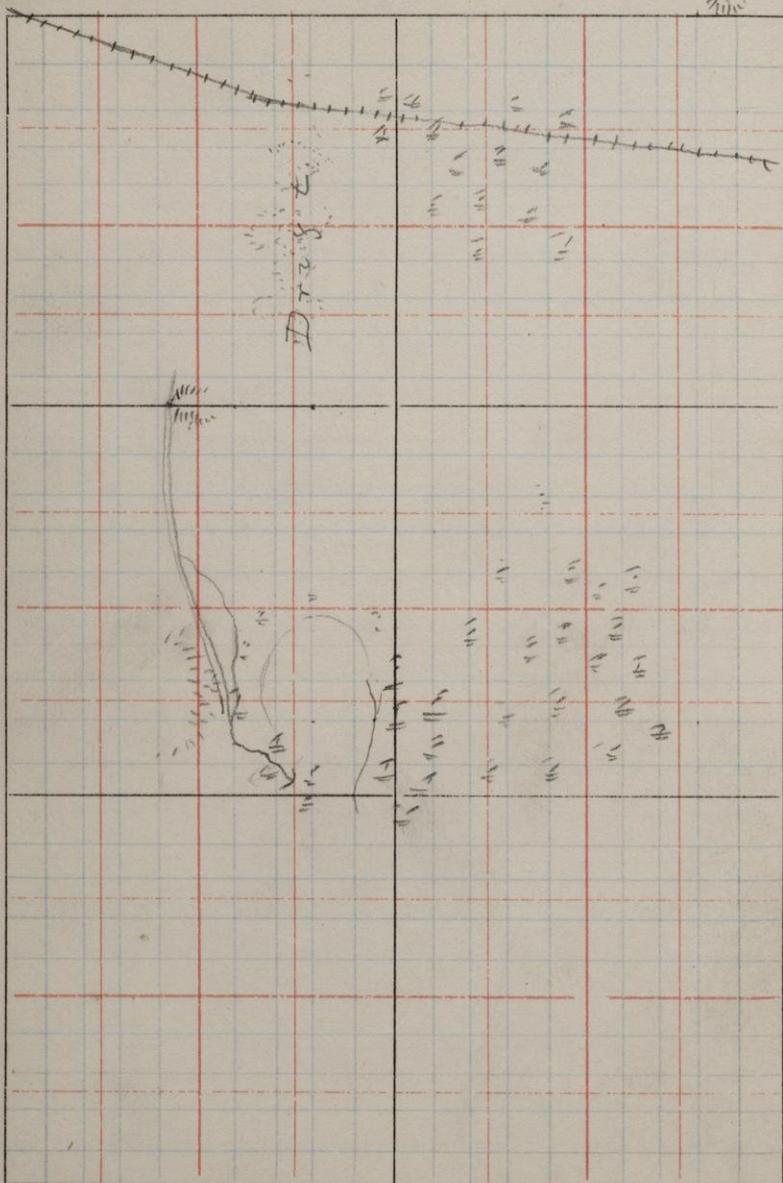
// low drift hills descending
east to swamp

62

21.21.2

T. 47

R. 28



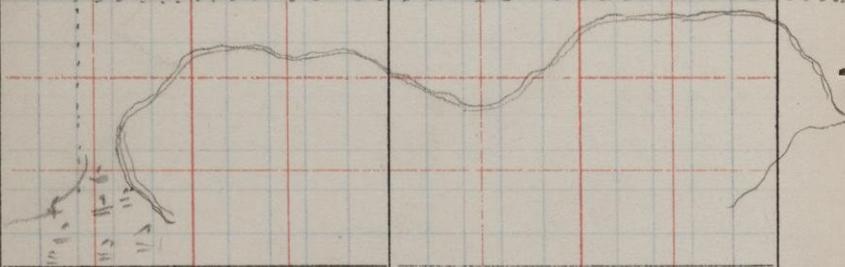
N. E $\frac{1}{4}$ 2

T. 47

R. 28

approx.

Zerez, drift covered



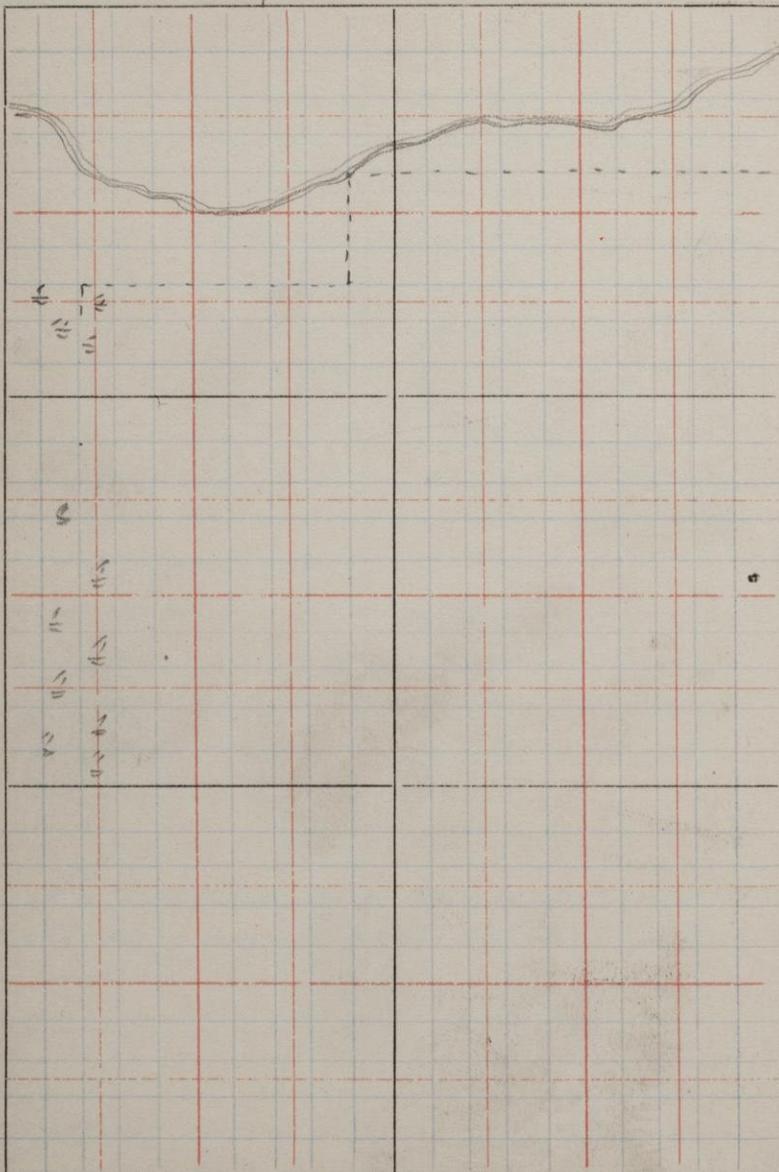
The serpentinite rock shows just south
of the Ry. near the center line (E. & W.) in this
 $\frac{1}{4}$ section.

54

S.E. 2

T. 47

R. 28



735
735
1470

735
825
1560

660 E.
385 S.

W. N. Merriam
314 Langdon St.
Madison
Wisconsin

