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Ratified treaty no. 261, Documents relating to the negotiation of the treaty of July 1, 1852, with the Apache Indians. July 1, 1852

Washington, D.C.: National Archives, July 1, 1852

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RATIFIED TREATY NO. 261

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE NEGOTIATION OF THE
TREATY OF JULY 1, 1852, WITH THE APACHE INDIANS

New Mexico Sept 1852
Executive Office
Santa Fe N.M.
July 21/52. —

J. W. Manning
Bot Cro Mts
In charge of Executive
Office.

Forwarding a
treaty with the
Apaches &c. —

✓ Recd. Indian Office Sept — 1852
See reports Dec of the Mr. Del 26, 1853.
Transmitting the within report

Copy referred to the
Commr. of Indian Affairs,
Dist of N.M. Open
Sept 1852

Is this report to be recorded?

Filed *[Signature]*

14.
Recd Sept 6. 1852.

Executive Office of the
Santa Fe

July 21/52.

Sir,

I have the pleasure to forward a treaty of peace with the Apache Indians that I have entered into as the Acting Executive of this Territory, in conjunction with John Greiner Esq senior Indian Agent, on the part of the United States, and Mangus Colorado and several other Apache Chiefs on the part of their nation. — These Indians were extremely shy and suspicious at first, but after a little time they gained confidence, and manifested an excellent spirit, and much intelligence, throughout the negotiation. —

If I can keep the Mexicans from committing depredations upon them, I think the peace will be lasting. — I said to them that I had no doubt, if they kept true to the treaty that the Government would place them on the same footing that it had the Navajos and Utes, and I would respectfully ask that an appropriation of \$18,000, may be obtained for this purpose, as this was the sum granted to each of those tribes on

the completion of the treaty with them. — I am convinced it would be sound economy to give these three nations a small annuity, about \$15000. for each, to be expended for the Navajo and Ute, in implements of husbandry, seeds, wearing apparel &c, and for the Apache principally, in beef cattle and corn, the cattle to be driven from Texas where they can be bought very cheap, and delivered to the Indians at some point on the Rio Grande, where the corn can be obtained. — This people do not cultivate much, and there is but little game in their country, and it is difficult to see how they can subsist at all times without plunder. — A small annuity has a wonderful effect upon Indians, in suppressing all hostile feeling — They soon learn to depend upon it, and are very careful to do nothing that can forfeit their right to it, and so long as they are kept quiet by these means, the expense is nothing, in comparison to the increased military expense of an Indian war.

The Hon
A. H. H. Stuart
Sec of Interior

I am Sir
with high respect
Your obt Servt
E. J. Sumner
Bot Col Ute, in charge of Ex office