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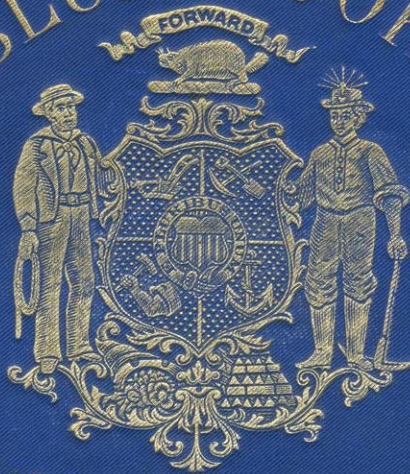
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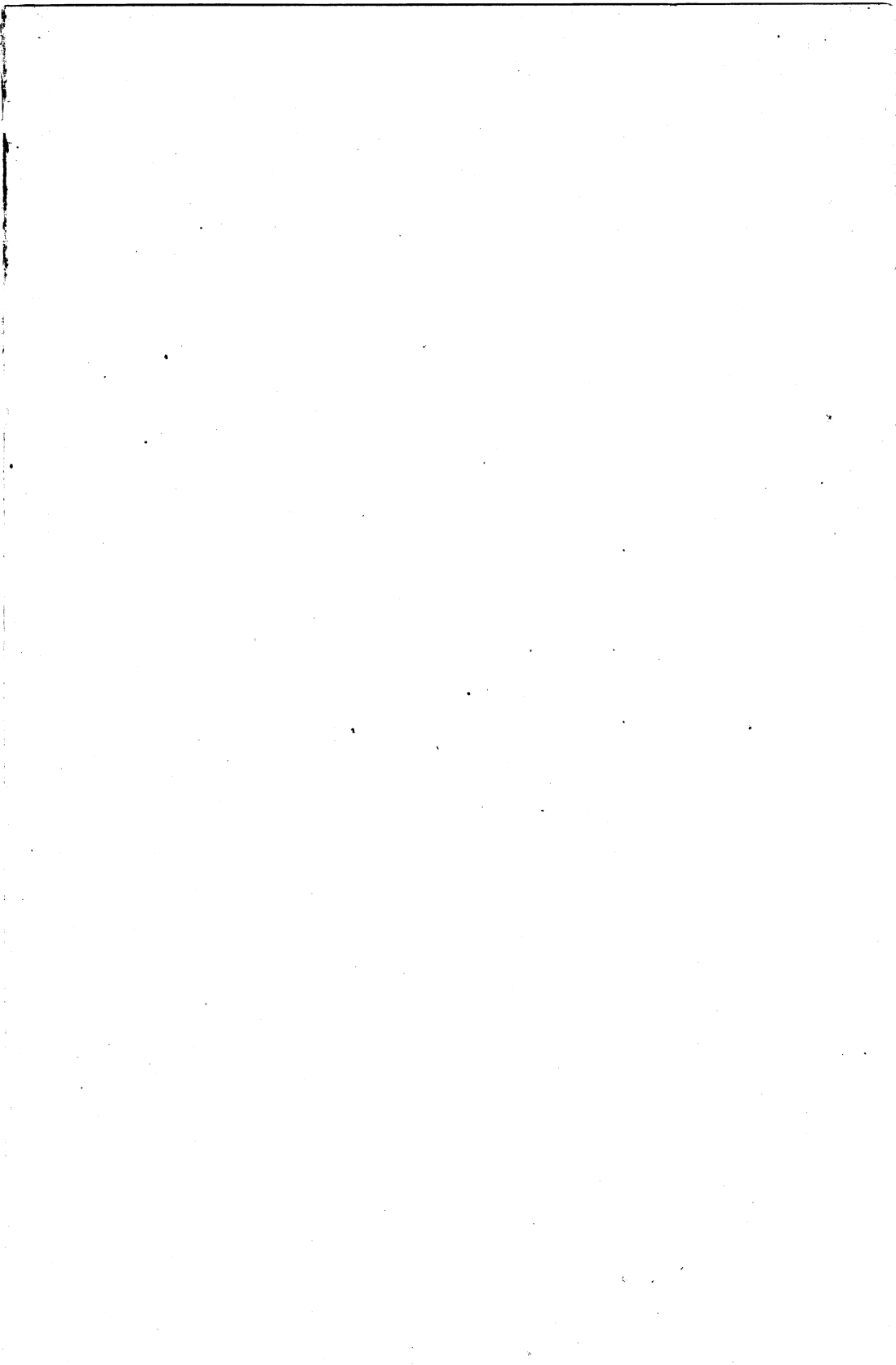
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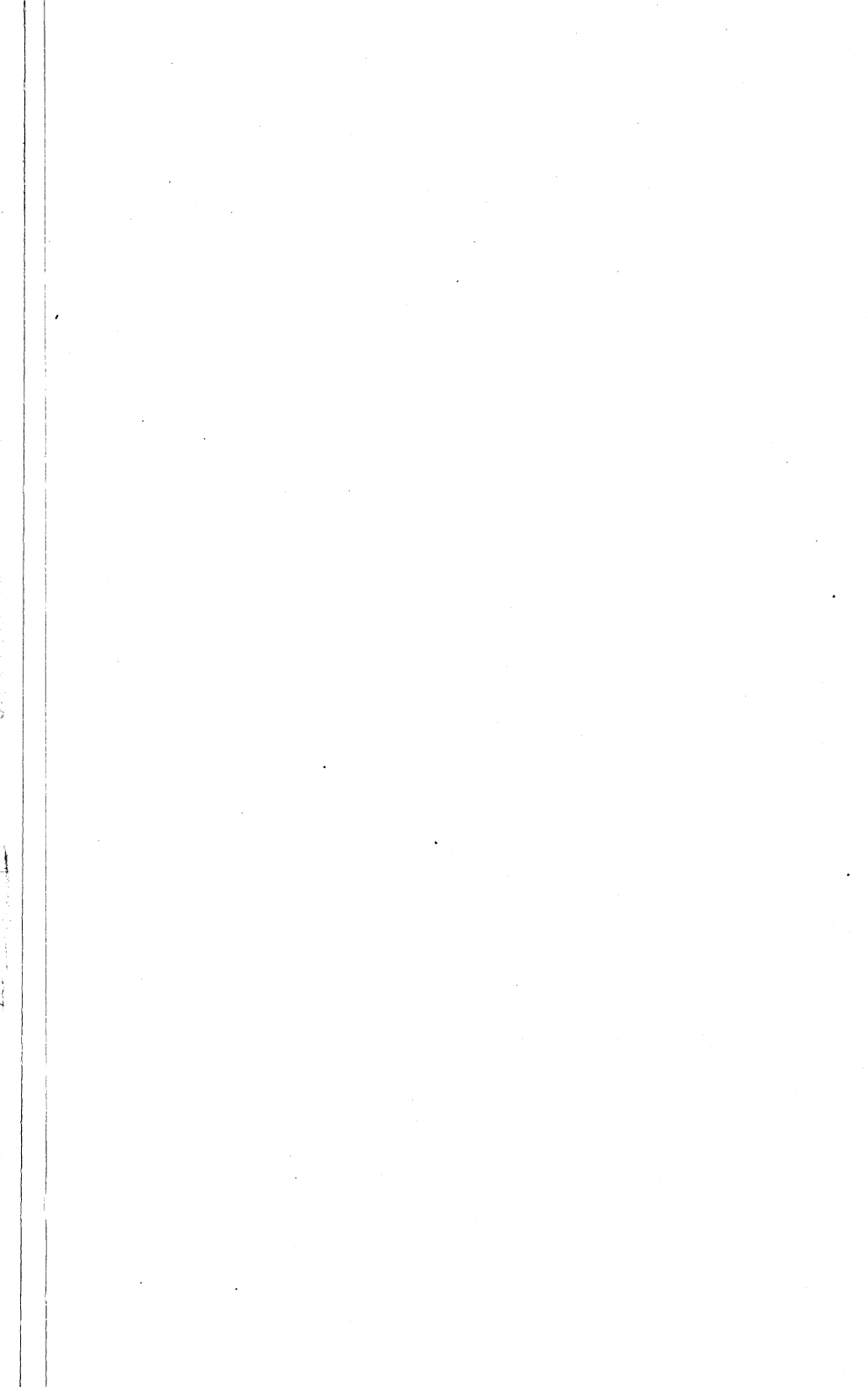
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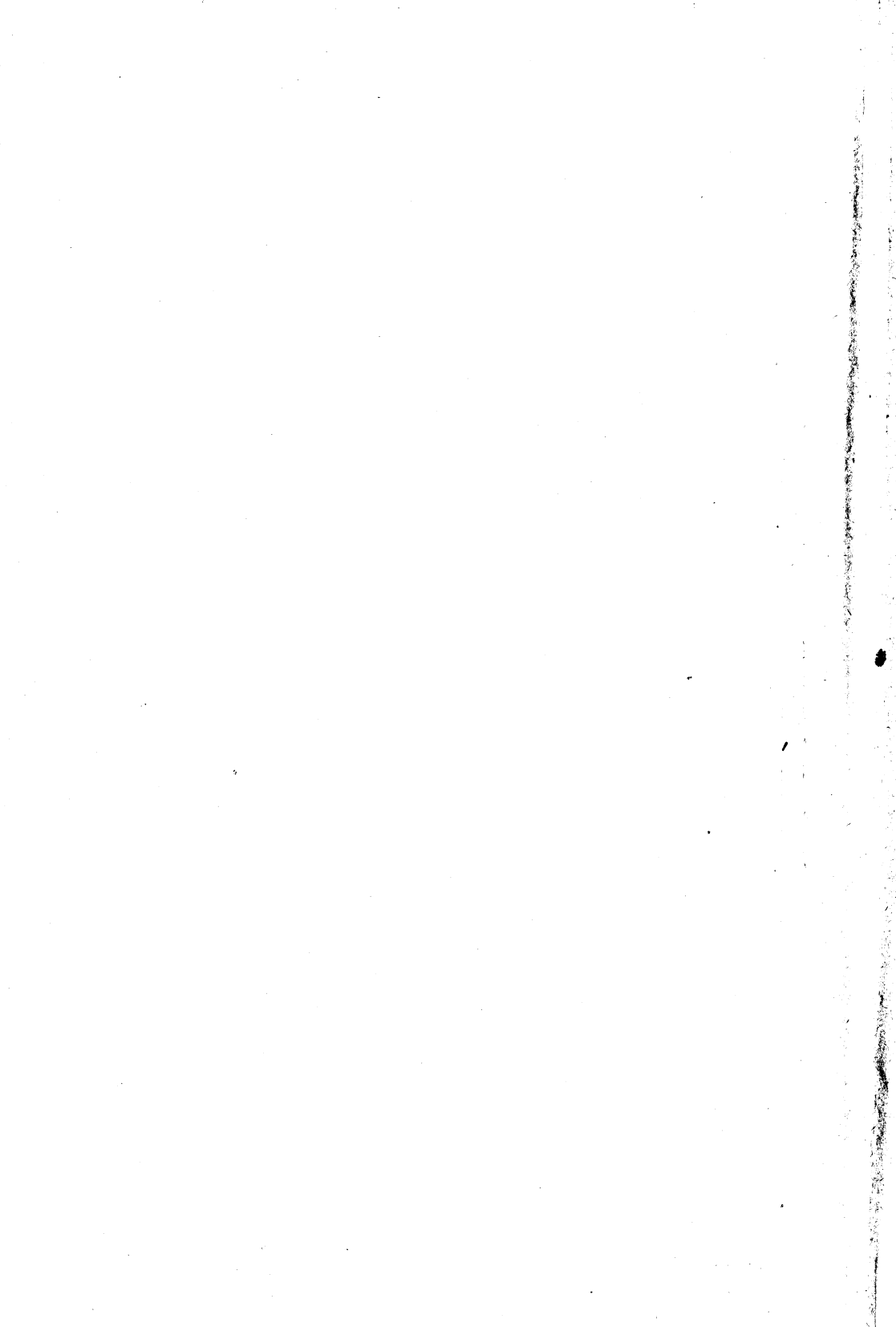
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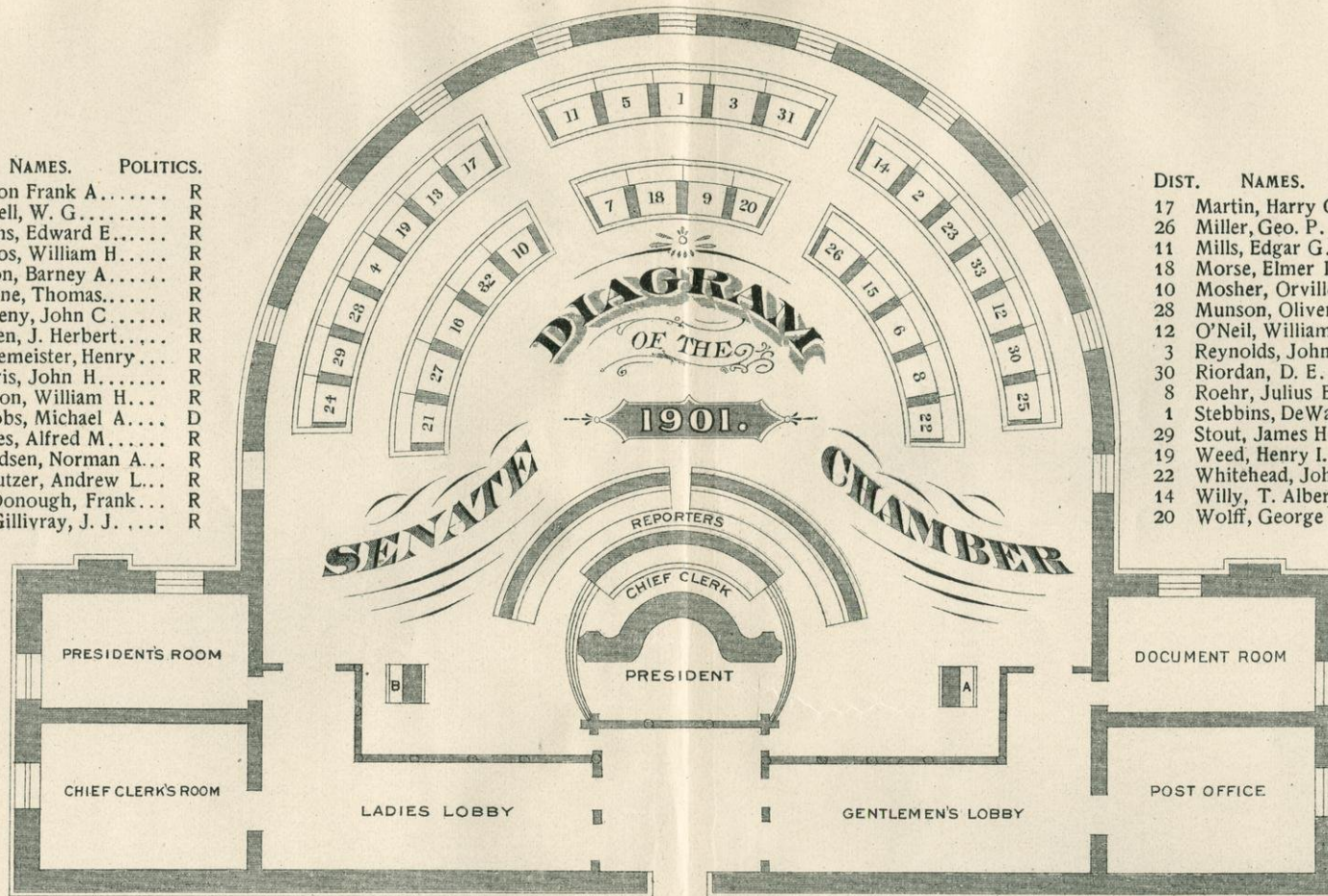






DIST.	NAMES.	POLITICS.
5	Anson Frank A.....	R
27	Bissell, W. G.....	R
16	Burns, Edward E.....	R
6	Devos, William H.....	R
7	Eaton, Barney A.....	R
9	Fearne, Thomas.....	R
32	Gaveny, John C.....	R
4	Green, J. Herbert.....	R
2	Hagemeister, Henry...	R
23	Harris, John H.....	R
21	Hatton, William H....	R
13	Jacobs, Michael A....	D
33	Jones, Alfred M.....	R
15	Knudsen, Norman A...	R
25	Kreutzer, Andrew L...	R
24	McDonough, Frank...	R
31	McGillivray, J. J.	R

DIST.	NAMES.	POLITICS.
17	Martin, Harry C.....	R
26	Miller, Geo. P.....	R
11	Mills, Edgar G.....	R
18	Morse, Elmer D.....	R
10	Mosher, Orville W....	R
28	Munson, Oliver G....	R
12	O'Neil, William.....	R
3	Reynolds, John F....	R
30	Riordan, D. E.....	R
8	Roehr, Julius E.....	R
1	Stebbins, DeWayne....	R
29	Stout, James H.....	R
19	Weed, Henry I.....	D
22	Whitehead, John M....	R
14	Willy, T. Albert.....	R
20	Wolf, George W.....	R



OFFICERS.

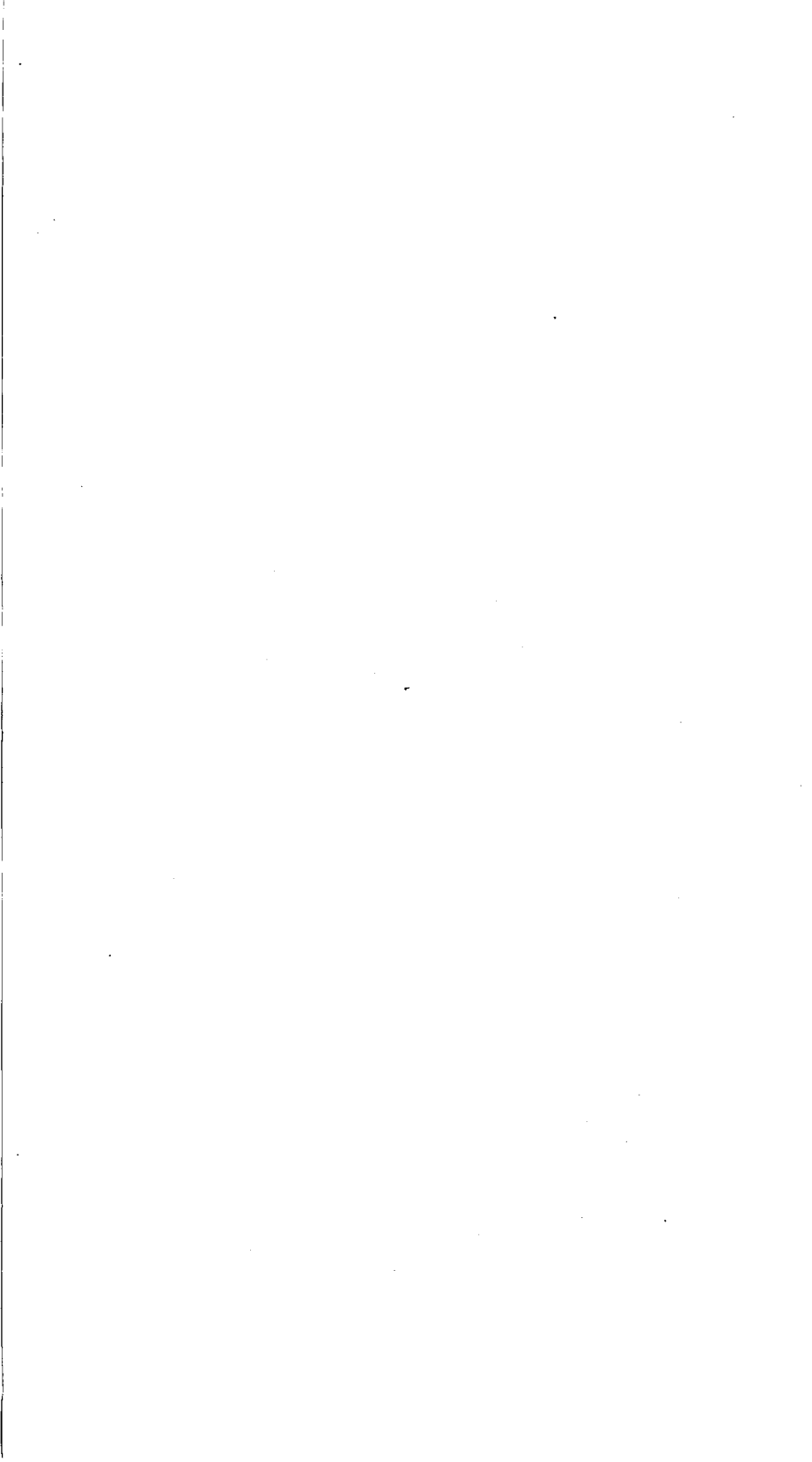
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WALTER A. BAYLEY, *Wisconsin State Journal*.
 WINTER EVERETT, *Milwaukee News*.
 ELLIS B. USHER, *Milwaukee Journal*.

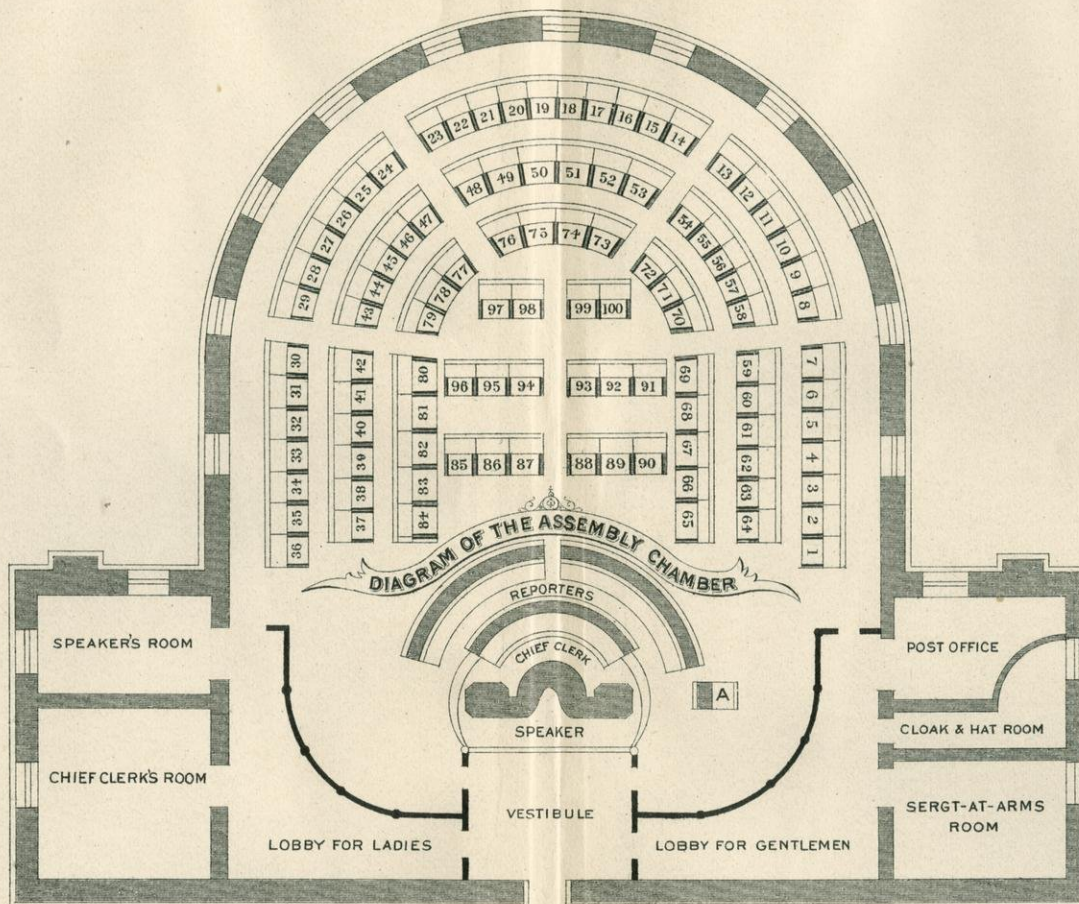
MARY A. CRAMER, *News, Milwaukee*
 RODNEY A. ELWARD, *Milwaukee Sentinel*.
 W. W. POWELL, *Madison Democrat*.

ALBERT BARTON, *Chicago Tribune*.
 DAN. B. STARKEY, *Evening Wisconsin*.
 FRED. ELLERMANN, *Milwaukee Germania*.



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Ainsworth	R	99
Anderson	R	98
Andrew	R	100
Babb	R	86
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Brunson	R	17
Burdeau	R	36
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Cleophas	R	44
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Collins	D	69
Cook	D	10
Dahl	R	73
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Jensen	R	90
Johnson, F.	R	33
Johnson, H.	R	35
Johnston	R	74
Jones	R	91
Karel	D	70
Katz	D	63
Keene	R	48
Kern	D	7

NAME.	POLITICS.	SEAT.
Krumrey	R	84
Lane	R	47
Lenroot	R	23
McCabe	D	61
McComb	D	65
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McMillan	R	85
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Overbeck	R	21
Owen	R	30
Park	R	95
Pomrening	R	57
Price	R	2
Rankl	R	9
Rasmussen	R	31
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Rossmann	R	8
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Whitson	R	45
Williams, Ed. A.	R	52
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Willot	R	94
Young	R	81
Zinn	R	55



OFFICERS.

Speaker—GEORGE H. RAY.

Chief Clerk—W. A. NOWELL.

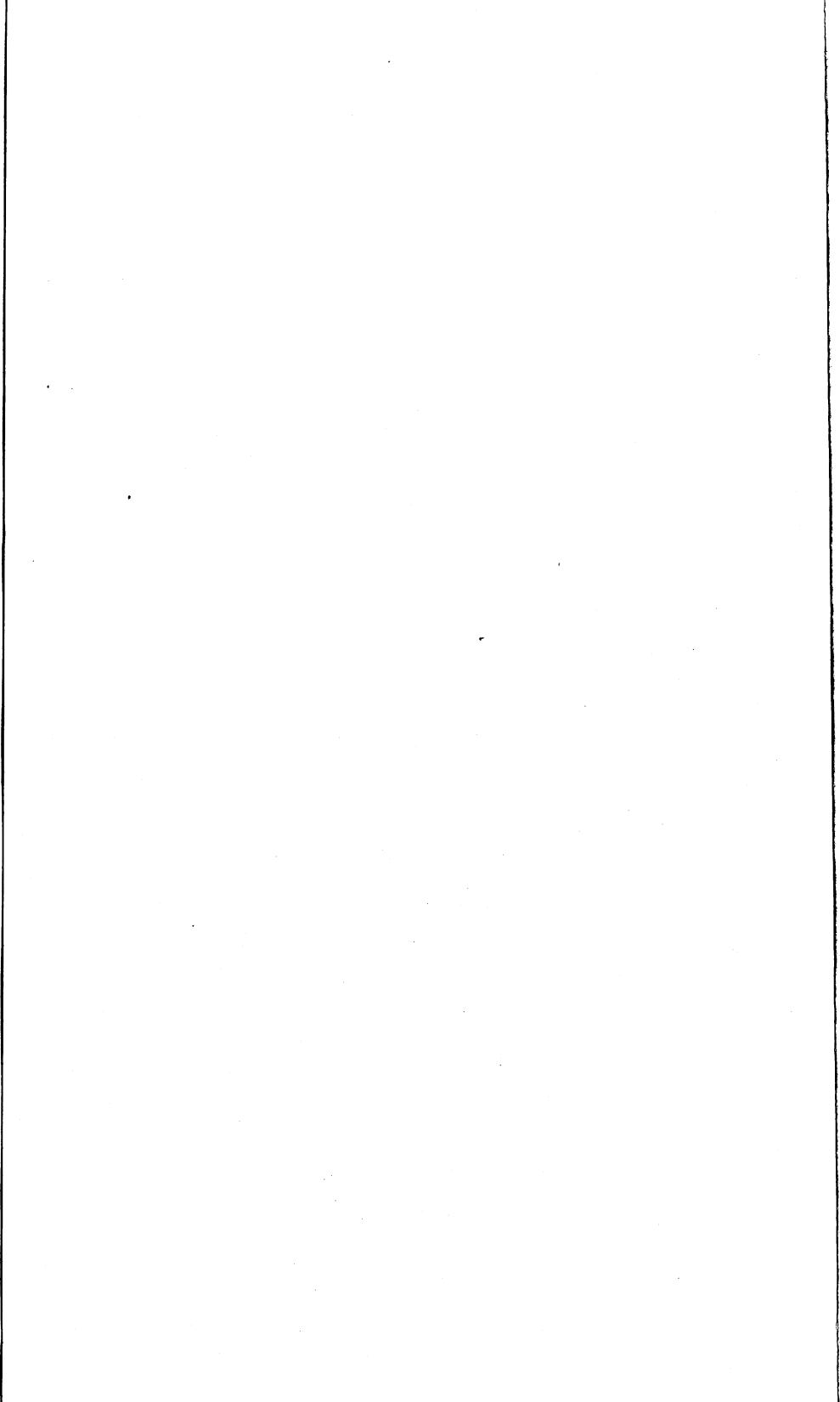
Sergeant-at-Arms—A. M. ANDERSON.

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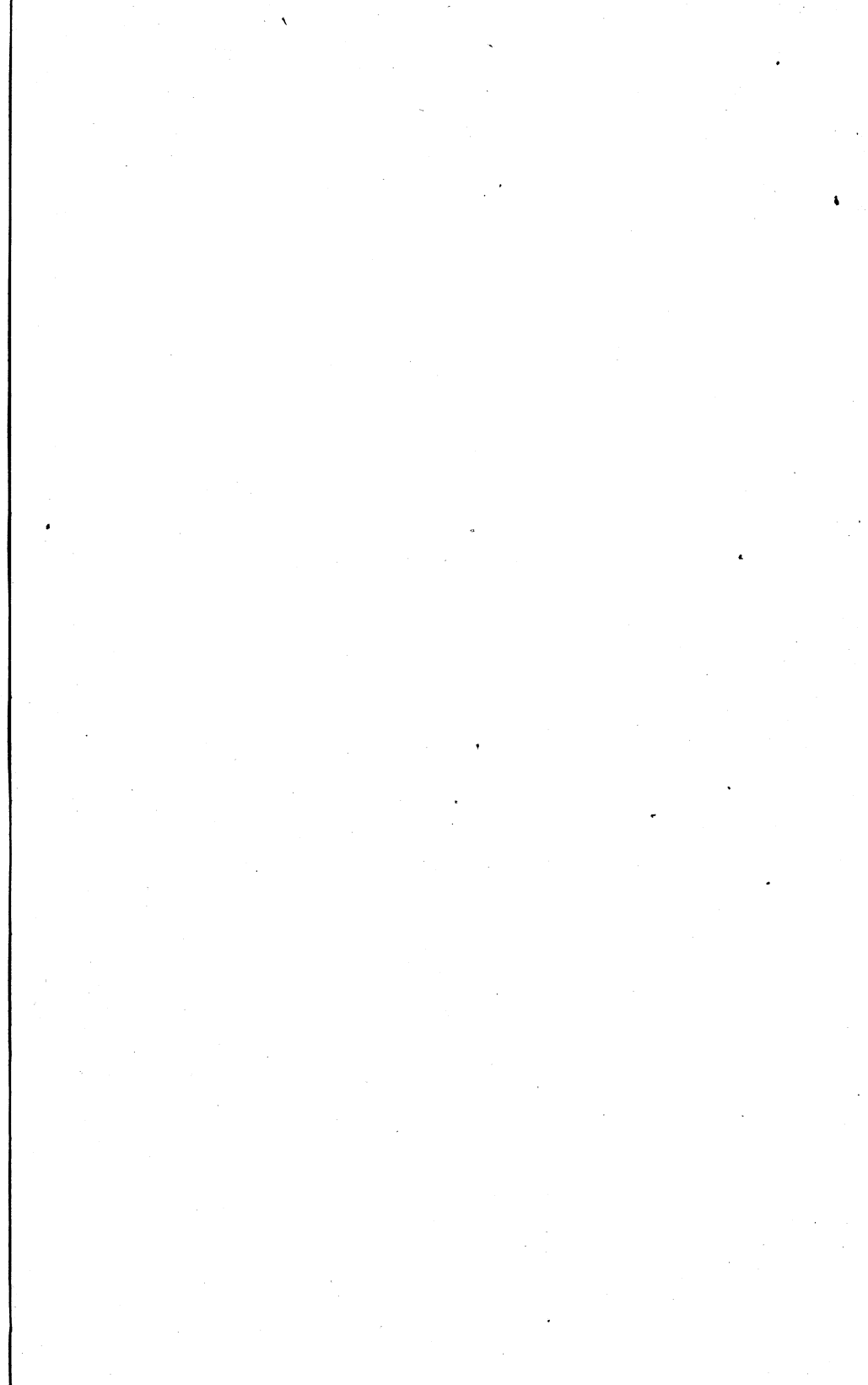
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 J. D. GILL, *Superior Leader*.
 JOHN POPPENDIECK, JR., *Milwaukee Sentinel*.
 O. D. BRANDENBURG, *Madison Democrat*.

DAN B. STARKEY, *Evening Wisconsin*.
 AMOS P. WILDER, *State Journal*.
 WINTER EVERETT, *Milwaukee News*.

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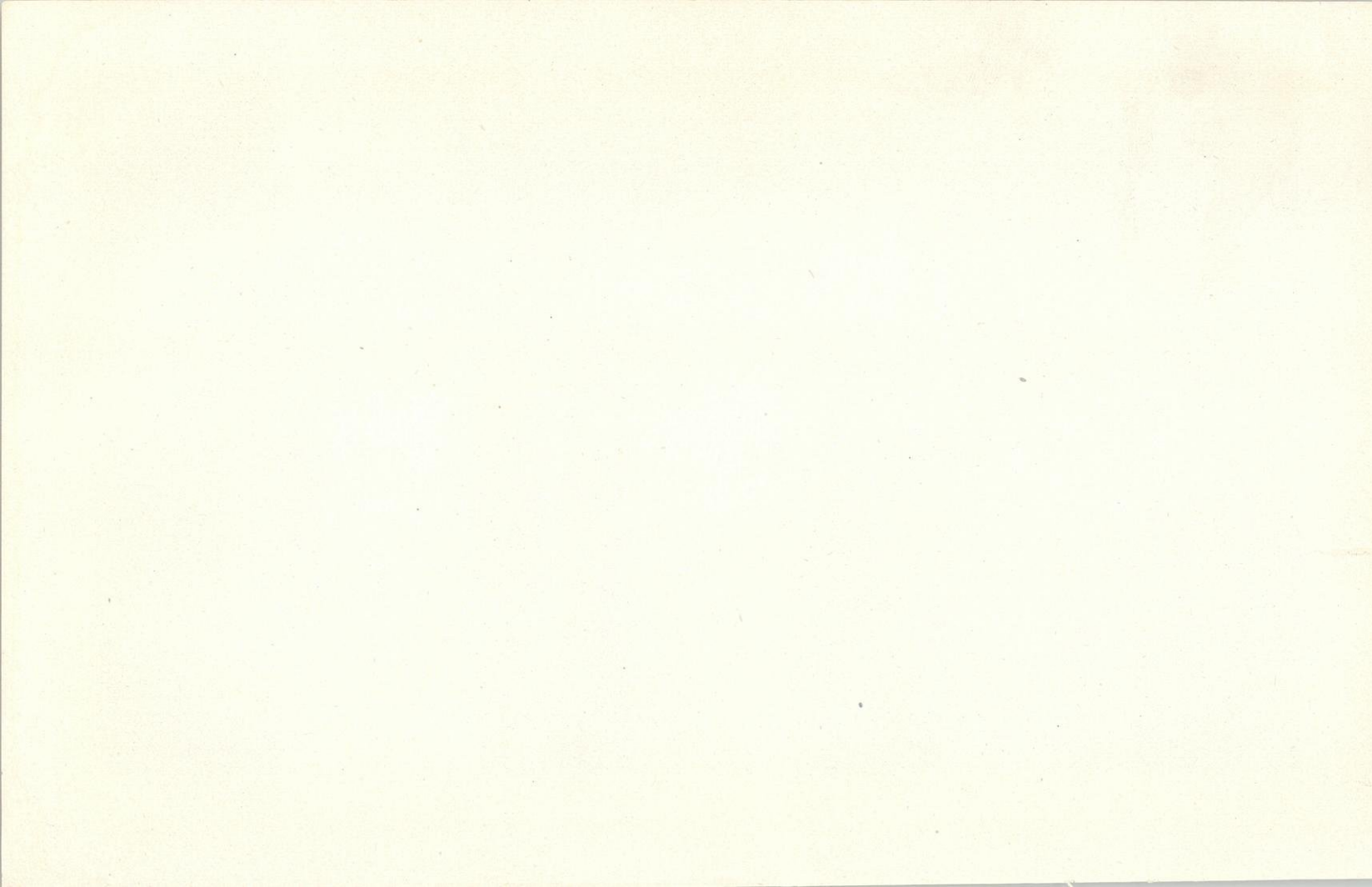








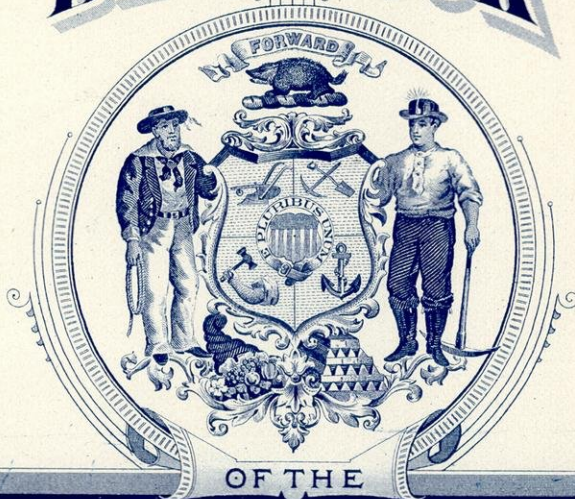






CAPITOL OF WISCONSIN.

THE
BLUE BOOK



OF THE
STATE OF WISCONSIN

Compiled and Published

UNDER THE DIRECTION

OF

WM. H. FROELICH,

SECRETARY OF STATE.

• 1901 •

62408
MAR 25 1902

INTRODUCTORY.

The thirty-first volume of the Blue Book with its budget of official statistics and information pertaining to the state of Wisconsin, and to the country in general, is presented herewith, the delay in its appearance having been occasioned by the necessity of its containing the result of legislative labors in apportioning the state into assembly, senatorial and congressional districts. Much faithful effort has been devoted to the preparation of the Blue Book for 1901, but in compiling a book of such magnitude, it is impossible to attain perfection. A large portion of parts I and II of the book is required by law to be published in each edition, hence there can be little change in that matter beyond the elimination of errors which time has disclosed. I am indebted to the Hon. E. W. Keyes, Hon. A. J. Turner, Hon. Charles E. Estabrook and many others, for suggestions and corrections in the names of former members of the legislature.

POLITICAL.

In addition to the usual election statistics some new features will be found which it is believed will meet with appreciation. Among these are tabulated figures showing the percentage of the total vote cast by each political party in Wisconsin, for governor in 1900; a table showing the popular and electoral vote for president in 1900 and the population per vote cast in each state; a table showing the population per congressman in each state; and the elective franchise requirements and a concise summary of the registration laws in force in other states and territories.

EDUCATIONAL.

Under this head will be found a table showing the total public expenditure for educational purposes and its division among the several classes of educational institutions, with the direct tax paid for all educational purposes by each county in 1901, its apportionment among the counties and the portion going to each class of educational institutions. There are also valuable statistics pertaining to the public and free high schools of the state; statistics of Indian schools, and tabulated data pertaining to Indian reservations and complete information as to libraries in Wisconsin.

MILITARY.

Veterans of the civil war will be interested in a concise statistical history of Wisconsin's part in that struggle, as well as complete information in reference to the Grand Army of the Republic. There are similar compilations in reference to Wisconsin organizations participating in the Spanish-American war.

COMMERCIAL.

Business men will find much of interest in a summary of financial and commercial statistics of the United States from 1868 to 1899, together with the growth of banking in this state during the last six years.

CENSUS.

Complete census figures for the years 1890, 1895 and 1900 are given in form for easy comparison. The relative position of the counties on a population basis in 1880, 1890 and 1900, together with the increase of population and the dates of organization of the several counties, has been concisely tabulated. There are also tables showing interesting facts regarding city and village corporations in Wisconsin.

CONCLUSION.

In preparing the index to the subject matter of the book, a new departure has been made from the usual form which it is hoped will be more serviceable and convenient than the style used in previous volumes. Notwithstanding the addition of about sixty pages of new matter and some increase devoted to established features there has been no increase in the total number of pages in the book nor have any statistical features been omitted which have appeared in former editions.

WM. H. FROELICH.

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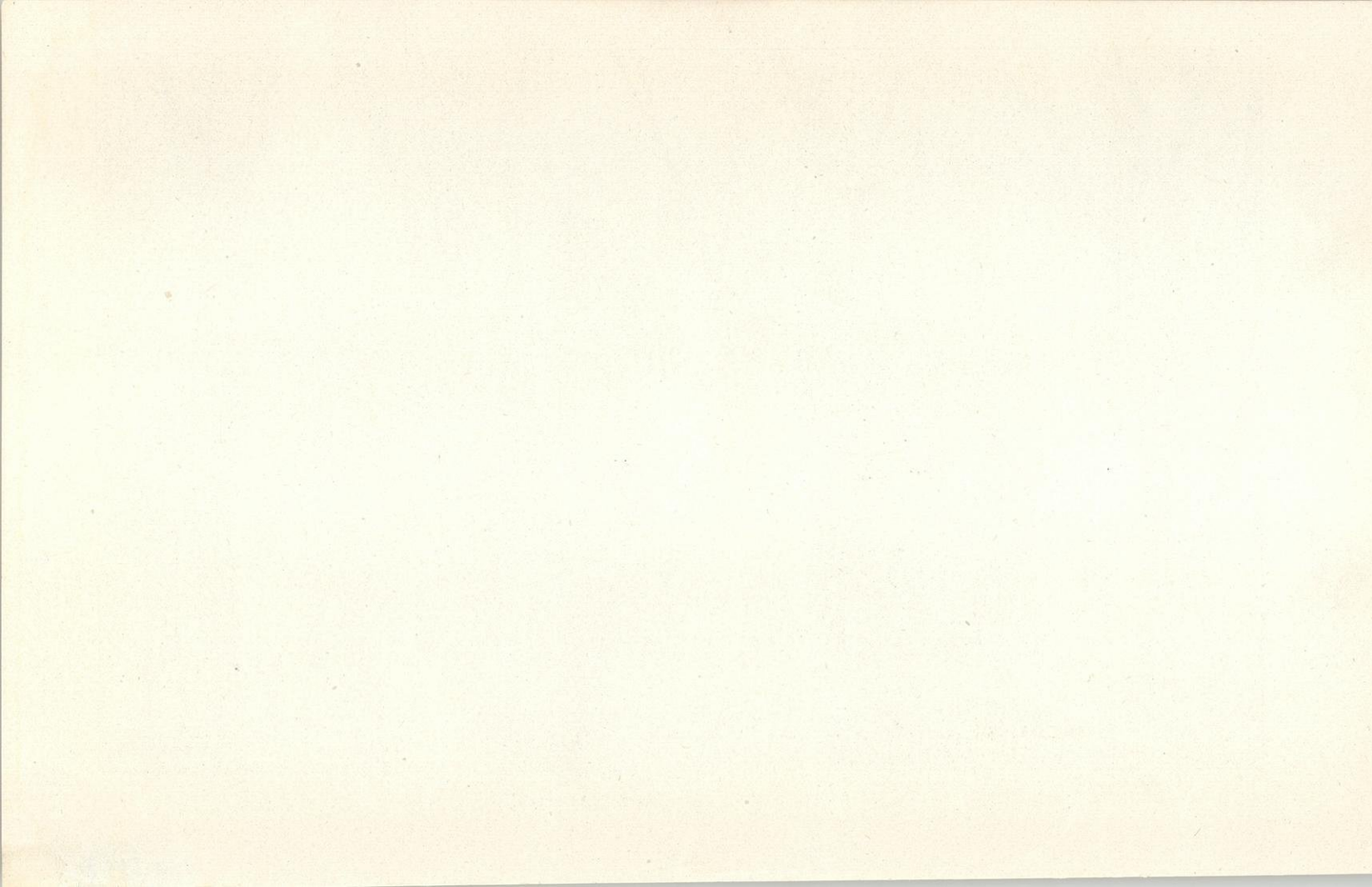
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EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE, MADISON.

PART I

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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He

has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms: our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war—in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island and Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess

of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be

sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of Impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made

or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State: nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of

the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress: provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN,

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA. DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
DANL. CARROLL.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON,

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

[AMENDMENTS.]

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was begun and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.— I vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property.

without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia—7.

All excepting Art. I ratified by Delaware—1.

All excepting Art. II ratified by Pennsylvania—1.

All excepting Arts. I and II ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island—3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts—3.

Article XI was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798.

Article XII was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky—2.

Article XIV was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California—1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland—3.

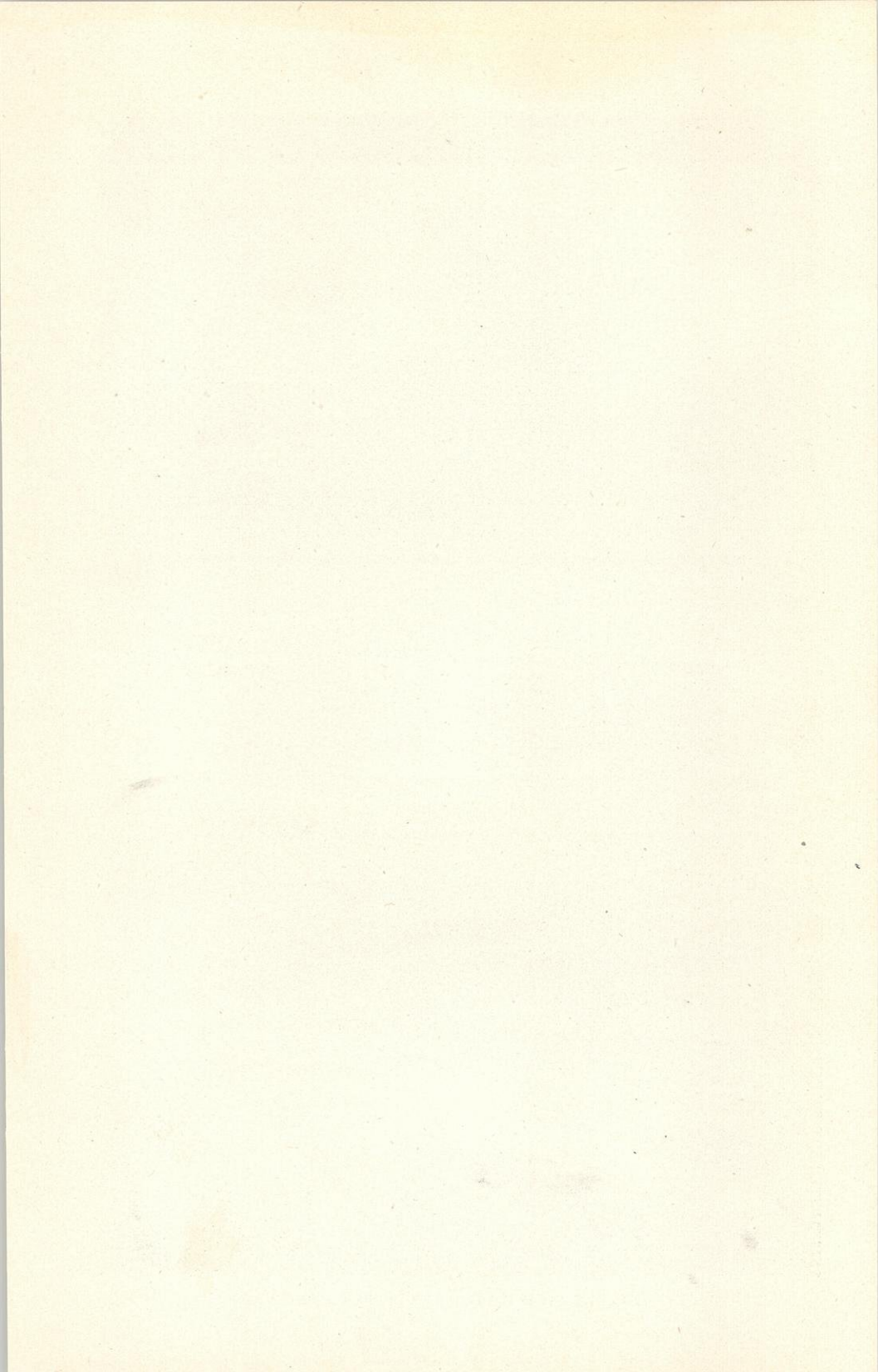
Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

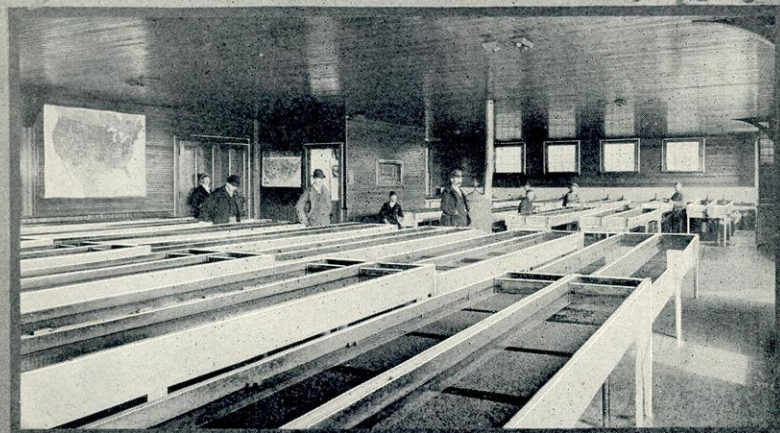
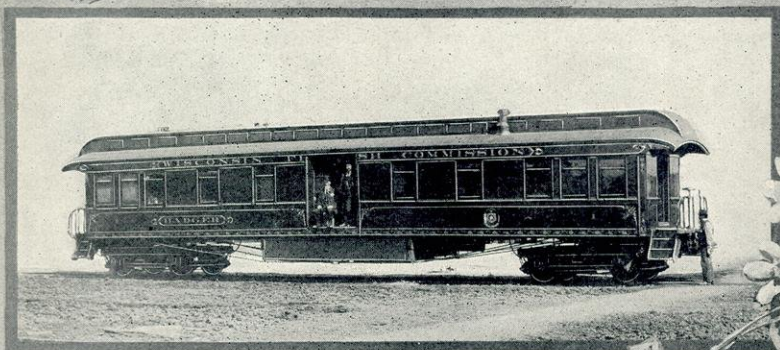
It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois,

Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon—6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee—1.





K. W. LETHBRIDGE

WISCONSIN FISH HATCHERY, NEAR MADISON.

HISTORICAL OUTLINE OF THE ADMISSION OF WISCONSIN TO THE UNION.

[By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary of State Historical Society of Wisconsin.]

Previous to the fall of New France (1763), what is now Wisconsin was held by the French, who had several military posts within its borders—the chief among them, at Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, and on Lake Pepin. Upon the assumption of British control, the country northwest of the River Ohio (including the present Wisconsin) was made a part of the Province of Quebec; but by the treaty of peace consequent upon the successful issue of the Revolution (1783), the country became a part of the United States. There were, at first, claims by tide-water States to some of the land in the then Northwest, but eventually these were abandoned, and the district became national domain. By the famous Ordinance of 1787, the trans-Ohio country was erected into the Northwest Territory; the ordinance provided for the ultimate establishment from this Territory, of five States. The story of how Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Illinois were in due course of time detached, will be found set forth in detail in the article on "The Boundaries of Wisconsin," in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, Vol. XI.

The country west of Lake Michigan and north of the Illinois line, became in course of time, a part of Michigan Territory. But the great distance from Detroit, at a time when there were no railways or telegraphs, was such as to render the exercise of civil government here, almost impracticable. Hence, after much complaint and recrimination, Congress was, in 1836, induced to erect Wisconsin Territory—the name being derived from its principal river. It is an Indian name, the exact meaning of which is unknown; popular writers are fond of telling us that it signifies "gathering of the waters," or "meeting of the waters"—but there is no warrant for this. The earliest-known French form of the word, is "Misconsin," which gradually became crystallized into "Ouisconsin." When the English language became dominant, it was necessary to change the spelling in order to preserve the sound; it thus, at first, became "Wiskonsan," or "Wiskonsin," but finally, by official action, "Wisconsin." The "k" was, however, rather strenuously insisted on by Governor Doty and many newspaper editors, in the days of the Territory.

Preliminary Agitation.—Some of the people of Wisconsin were not long content with a Territorial government. The Territory was only two years old, when a bill was introduced in Congress for a State government, but the attempt proved abortive. In 1841, Governor Doty, the leader in the movement, had the question put to popular vote, 92 voting for, and 499 against it; in 1842, there was still another vote,—ayes 619, nays 1,821; in 1843, a third attempt was defeated in the Territorial Council; and in 1845, still another met defeat in the House.

But at last, after ten years of Territorial existence, popular sentiment had been educated to a general desire for Statehood. Accordingly, Morgan L. Martin, of Green Bay, then the Territorial representative in Congress, gave notice in the House of Representatives (January 9, 1846), "of a motion for leave to introduce a bill to enable the people of Wisconsin to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union." He followed this (January 13) by the introduction of a bill to that effect; the measure was approved by President Polk, August 10.

Meanwhile, the Council and House of Wisconsin Territory had favorably voted on the proposition, and took time by the forelock by discussing some of the principal features of the proposed State constitution. This was in January and February, 1846. On the 17th of April, the question of Statehood was passed upon by the people of the Territory, the returns this time showing 12,334 votes for, and 2,487 against. August 1, Governor Dodge issued a proclamation calling a convention for the drafting of a constitution, and apportioning 124 delegates to the various counties; these delegates were elected September 7.

First Constitutional Convention.—The convention was in session in the Territorial capitol at Madison, between October 5 and December 16, 1846. Don A. J. Upham was president, and LaFayette Kellogg secretary. The membership was as follows:

Brown—David Agry, Henry S. Baird.

Calumet—Lemuel Goodell.

Columbia—Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.

Crawford—Peter A. R. Brace.

Dane—John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.

Dodge—William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.

Fond du Lac—Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.¹

Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevens, Neely Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Lurt, James R. Vineyard.

Green—Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.

Iowa—William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.

Jefferson—Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss,¹ Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Atwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.

La Pointe—James P. Hayes.

Marquette—Samuel W. Beall.

Manitowoc—Evander M. Soper.

Milwaukee—Don A. J. Upham, Franz Hübschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.

Portage—Henry C. Goodrich.

Racine—Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes French, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Carter, T. S. Stockwell.²

Rock—A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.

Richland—Edward Coumbe.

Sauk—William H. Clark.

St. Croix—William Holcombe.

Sheboygan—David Giddings.¹

Washington—Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Cox, Joel F. Wilson.

Waukesha—Andrew E. Elmore,¹ Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes, Babcock, Charles Burchard,³ James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins,¹ Alexander W. Randall.

Walworth—Salmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.²

Winnebago—James Duane Doty.

The convention, as above constituted, was an able body of thoroughly repre-

¹Known to be living, in January, 1901.

²This member never took his seat.

³Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee.

sentative men, of whom 42 were natives of New York State, 29 of New England, and 12 of foreign birth; 69 of them were farmers, and 26 lawyers. The oldest man was 65 years, and the youngest 23. The speeches, as recorded in the newspapers of the day, were of an exceptionally high order of excellence. The constitution which these men framed was submitted to popular vote, April 5, 1847, the result being 14,119 ayes and 20,231 nays. The contest over the document had been of an exciting nature; the defeat was owing to differences of opinion upon the article relating to the rights of married women, the article on exemptions, and those on banks, the elective judiciary, and the numerical size of the legislature.

Second Constitutional Convention.—As soon as practicable, Governor Dodge (Sept. 27, 1847) called a special session of the legislature, which convened at Madison October 18, and made provisions for a second constitutional convention, with 69 members. Most of the members of the first convention declined reelection to the second; six alone were returned—Messrs. S. W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald, and Frederick S. Lovell. The membership was as follows, Morgan L. Martin being president, and Thomas McIlugh secretary:

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia—James T. Lewis.

Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole,¹ William Richardson.

Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garrett M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schöffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage—William H. Kennedy.

Racine—Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew E. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Loius P. Harvey.

St. Croix—George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.

Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinnie, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra J. Mulford.

Washington—Patrick Pentony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

The second convention, which, on the whole, was thought to represent a more conservative element than the first, was in session at Madison from December 15, 1847, to February 1, 1848. The nativity list shows that 25 were born in New York State, 24 in New England, and only 7 in foreign lands. The oldest man was 65, and the youngest 25, with an average age of about 37.

The members of both conventions were men of high standing in their respective communities; and later, many of them held prominent positions in the service of the nation and the State.

The State Admitted.—As soon as possible after the close of the convention, notice was given in Congress (February 21, 1848) by our representative, John H. Tweedy, of his intention to introduce another bill for the admission of Wis-

¹Known to be living, in January, 1901

consin into the Union. March 13, the people of the Territory voted on the new constitution, and it was adopted by 16,799 ayes and 6,384 nays. March 16, in a special message, President Polk submitted to Congress the Wisconsin constitution, with accompanying documents. March 20, Mr. Tweedy introduced his promised bill, which on April 13 was favorably reported from the committee on territories, read first and second times, and referred to the committee of the whole. It was made special order for May 9, and "each day thereafter until disposed of;" and on the 11th was engrossed, read a third time, and passed. The Senate at once took action; May 12, the bill was there read first and second times and referred to committee on territories; a week later (May 19), the bill was concurred in, and ten days later (May 29) it was approved by the President.

The State Begins Business.—Wisconsin was thus admitted to the Union of States, by the Act of Congress approved May 29, 1848.

Upon the day of the general vote on the new constitution (March 13), the Territorial legislature adjourned *sine die*, after making full arrangements for the new government which was to succeed it; for it was well understood what the popular verdict would be.

The general election for the first State officers and the members of the first State legislature was held May 8. Upon the 7th of June, Governor Nelson Dewey and his fellow officials were sworn into office, and the legislature opened its first session. Thus the State of Wisconsin began business.

Why the "Badger" State?—In the early lead-mining days in Southwestern Wisconsin, the miners from Southern Illinois and farther south returned home every winter and came back to the diggings in the spring, thus imitating the migrations of the fish popularly called the "sucker," in the Rock, Illinois, and other south-flowing rivers of the region. For this reason, the south-winterers were jocosely called "Suckers," and Illinois became known as "The Sucker State." On the other hand, lead-miners from the Eastern States were unable to return home every winter, and at first lived in rude dug-outs—burrowing into the hill-sides after the fashion of the badger (*Taxidea americana*). These men were the first permanent settlers in the mines north of the Illinois line; and thus Wisconsin, in later days, became dubbed "The Badger State." Contrary to general belief, the badger itself is not frequently found in Wisconsin.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

[The text of the State Constitution given below follows the original certified copy on file in the Department of State. The use of capital letters and punctuation marks conforms with the original.]

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom; in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquillity and promote the general welfare; do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness: to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery, nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech, or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions, or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence, and if it shall appear to the jury, that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble, to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases, in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment, or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offence shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offence, unless on the presentment, or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by Justices of the Peace, or arising in the Army, or Navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war, or public danger; and no person for the same offence shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor

shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; all persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offences when the proof is evident, or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas-corpus shall not be suspended unless when, in cases of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may require.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries, or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath, or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, ex-post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts shall ever be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited.—Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent, or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land, hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt, arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life, shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure, or sale for the payment of any debt, or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of his own conscience, shall never be infringed; nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against his consent; nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments, or modes of worship; nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious, or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office of public trust under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law, or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared, that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," ap-

proved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the State of Illinois—that is to say; at a point in the centre of Lake Michigan, where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule in a direct line to the centre of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert: thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cramm; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior, thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nichollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the centre of the main channel of that river to the north-west corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States", approved April 18th, 1818. Provided, however, that the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is proposed to the Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: Leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence in a direct line, bearing South-westerly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo, or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States: and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona-fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. PROVIDED, that nothing in this Constitution, or in the Act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice, or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land, granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located by and under the Act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

First.—White citizens of the United States.

Second.—White persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

Third.—Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fourth.—Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe: PROVIDED, that the legislature may at any time extend, by law, the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated, but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non-compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason, or felony, be qualified to vote at any election, unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed, or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State, by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State, in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly, or indirectly interested, in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy.

SECTION 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts. Such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town, or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature, who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business: but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

SECTION 8. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-

thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each house shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary president, when the Lieutenant-Governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

SECTION 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and not oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action, or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill which may be passed by the Legislature shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either house of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SECTION 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the State, such powers of a local, legislative and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery, or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law, that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the Legislature may establish a maximum price; no member of the Legislature, or other State Officer shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into: nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased, or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts, suits may be brought against the State.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote viva-voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for two years; a Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State, shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be elected; but in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor, the two houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes, for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Military and Naval forces of the State. He shall have power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions, and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State; and recommend such matters to them for their consideration as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offences, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence, until the case shall be reported to the Legislature at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or

impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of War, at the head of the Military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-chief of the Military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental, or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor, until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant-Governor shall receive double the per-diem allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto, before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex-officio Auditor and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen; Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law, to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defence.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all

civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office, after he shall have been impeached, until his acquittal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme court, Circuit courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in municipal courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. Provided, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in municipal courts, shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of circuit courts, in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution: And that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of Judges of the Municipal courts, as of the Judges of inferior courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the Judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. The Supreme court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas-corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari; and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

SECTION 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several circuit courts shall be judges of the Supreme court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law, for the organization of a separate Supreme court, with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one chief justice, and two associate justices, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme court when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time; and their term of office shall be the same as is provided for the judges of the circuit court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme court, they shall have power to reduce the number of circuit court judges to four, and subdivide the judicial circuits, but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of said judges, or till a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The first circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green; the second circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane; the third circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage; the fourth circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet; and the fifth circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix for judicial purposes until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding

them by county lines; but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for the judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as chief justice in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall at its first session provide by law as well for the election of, as for classifying the judges of the circuit court to be elected under this Constitution, in such manner that one of said judges shall go out of office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law; and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of judge of the Supreme or circuit courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the judges of the Supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme court shall hold at least one term, annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law. And the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held, at least twice in each year, in each county of this State organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the judge of the circuit court shall have the power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme court shall appoint its own clerk, and the clerk of a circuit court may be appointed clerk of the Supreme court.

SECTION 13. Any judge of the Supreme or circuit court may be removed from office, by address of both houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him, as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defence. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successors shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer Probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meeting, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy, occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices, thus elected, shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin"; all criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced, or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law, and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor, in any court of this State, shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person, or by an Attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions, made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system, adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, that said power shall not exceed that of a judge of a circuit court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given, or loaned, in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts (but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars). Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed, or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt, or charge, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public, or trust money, or releases, discharges, or commutes a claim, or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt, whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this Article.

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of Internal Improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works, but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of Internal Improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State, or Territory, now or hereafter to be formed, and bounded by the same: And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State, as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title to all lands and other property which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat, or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property, in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law, provided that his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands, that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University) and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; and the clear proceeds of all fines collected, in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned) shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called "The School Fund," the interest of which and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to-wit:

First. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Second. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of Academies and Normal Schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of District Schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable; and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition, to all children between the ages of four and twenty years; and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

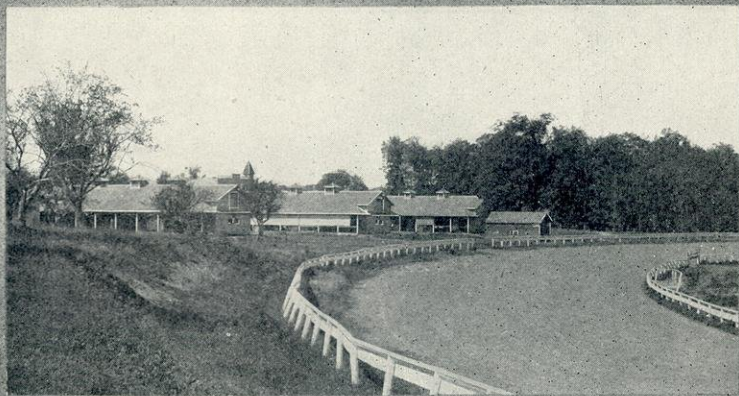
SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law, for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city, or town, for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax; nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State government, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, to be called "The University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of the School and University lands, and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and



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University lands, after they shall have been appraised; and when any portion of such lands shall be sold and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands, when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts, enacted under the provisions of this section, may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use, against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize or incorporate, by any general, or special law, any bank, or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters, at any general election, the question of "BANK," or "NO BANK," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of Banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant Bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. Provided, that no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the State, at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment, or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either house of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election; and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election, and if, in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment, or amendments to the people in such manner, and at such time, as the Legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such

amendment, or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment, or amendments, shall become part of the Constitution; PROVIDED, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature. And if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon, have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session, provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (Postmasters excepted) or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States; and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county, or town therein, or to any State, or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit, or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State, and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands, within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence, for State, United States or County officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a chief clerk and a sergeant-at-arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles, or less, shall be divided, or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county, voting on the question, shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county, voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election, or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment, is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, town and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a permanent State government, it is declared, that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals, as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all process which may be issued under the authority of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force, in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures, accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from Territorial to a permanent State government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State; and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer, or court, in his, or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate, or property, real, personal, or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatsoever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered, in the same manner and to the same extent by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offences committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred, shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State, which shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of Government, until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "An act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27th, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of this Territory, as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States, at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory, and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization, and all persons having such qualification shall be entitled to vote for, or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by the said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word "YES" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "NO". The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth day of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, members of the State Legislature, and members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next; and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two members of Congress shall also be elected, on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green, shall constitute the first congressional district and elect one member. And the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe, shall constitute the second congressional district, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections, provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory, provided that no elector shall be entitled to vote except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, or County Commissioners, as the case may be; and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued as now provided by law. In the first senatorial district, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the second senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Columbia; in the third senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the fourth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the fifth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time, that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of both houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned; and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly, shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned; and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator, or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussio--., in the county of Iowa, and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next; the Senators first elected in the odd-numbered Senate districts, and the members of the Assembly, first elected, shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any Judge or Justice of the Peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United [sic] be and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river,” approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd-numbered sections thereby granted and remaining unsold may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty one; and further, that the even-numbered sections reserved by Congress, may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved.—That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even-numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved.—That in case the said odd-numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands, provided that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States, shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution; and provided further, that the excess price, over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved.—That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds. . . . of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union,” approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in the said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United States be and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin,” that the price of the lands reserved to the United States, shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved.—That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to settlers on the public lands.

Resolved.—That the foregoing resolutions be appended to, and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. MCHUGH, *Secretary.*

CALUMET—

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

COLUMBIA—

JAMES T. LEWIS.

CRAWFORD—

DANIEL G. FENTON.

DANE—

WILLIAM H. FOX,
CHARLES M. NICHOLS,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

DODGE—

STODDARD JUDD,
CHARLES H. LARRABEE,
SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

FOND DU LAC—

SAMUEL W. BEALL,
WARREN CHASE.

GRANT—

ORSAMUS COLE,
GEORGE W. LAKIN,
ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY,
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

GREEN—

JAMES BIGGS.

IOWA—

CHARLES BISHOP,
STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK,
JOSEPH WARD.

JEFFERSON—

JONAS FOLTS,
MILO JONES,
THEODORE PRENTISS,
ABRAM VANDERPOOL.

LA FAYETTE—

CHARLES DUNN,
JOHN O'CONNOR,
ALLEN WARDEN.

MILWAUKEE—

JOHN L. DORAN,
GARRET M. FITZGERALD,
ALBERT FOWLER,
BYRON KILBOURN,

MILWAUKEE (continued).

RUFUS KING,
CHARLES H. LARKIN,
MORITZ SCHOEFFLER.

PORTAGE—

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.

RACINE—

ALBERT G. COLE,
STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
ANDREW B. JACKSON,
FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
SAMUEL R. MCLELLAN,
JAMES D. REYMERT,
HORACE T. SANDERS,
THEODORE SECOR.

ROCK—

ALMERIN M. CARTER,
JOSEPH COLLEY,
PAUL CRANDALL,
EZRA A. FOOT,
LOUIS P. HARVEY,
EDWARD V. WHITON.

SHEBOYGAN—

SILAS STEADMAN.

WALWORTH—

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK,
GEORGE GALE,
JAMES HARRINGTON,
AUGUSTUS C. KINNE,
HOLLIS LATHAM,
EZRA A. MULFORD.

WASHINGTON—

JAMES FAGAN,
PATRICK PENTONY,
HARVEY G. TURNER.

WAUKESHA—

SQUIRE S. CASE,
ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN,
PETER D. GIFFORD,
ELEAZER ROOT,
GEORGE SCAGEL.

WINNEBAGO—

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.
2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated: but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11, and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and

even-numbered districts. The Senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amendment to section 31, adopted November 8, 1892.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads, to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices: they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1877.]

SECTION 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 2, 1889.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officio the chief justice.

[Section 7, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 6, 1897.]

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof, one circuit judge, except that in any circuit composed of one county only, which county shall contain a population according to the last state or United States census, of one hundred thousand inhabitants or over, the Legislature may, from time to time, authorize additional circuit judges to be chosen. Every circuit judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the Legislature shall prescribe.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, []. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]



WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his¹ wife, nor his servants (familiaris sui), for any matter of their own, may be² arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit; 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege; 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court; 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws." 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S.*, Art. I, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S.*, Art. II, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio³ 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Stra.*, 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Stra.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580,) 1 *Hats.*, 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even

¹Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

²Elsynge, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; Grey's Deb., 133.

³*Stra.*, 989.

scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Str.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 59, 147, 255 is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in

the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control: if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undeined, and to be declared only *ex re nata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the meantime, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Evces*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex. Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex Parl.*, 23; 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place. *Const. U. S.*, I, G, S. P., *Protest of the Commons to James I.*, 1621, 2 *Rapin*, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 *Rush.*, 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. *Com. p.*

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex Parl.*, 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 *Nelson*, 450; 2 *Grey*, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob.*, 72; *L. Parl.*, c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Con. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor.* 4 *Rushw.*, 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 *El.* 1580; *D'Evces*, 283, col. 1; *Lex Parl.*, 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 259. Of which see many examples. *Id.*, 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any manner depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 *Hats.*, 252. 4 *Inst.*, 15. *Seld. Jud.*, 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 *Nelson*, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 *Hats.*, 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const.*, I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States*, I, 2.]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const., U. S. Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const., I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const., I, 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. *2 Hats., 125, 126.*

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons, 92.*

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. *2 Hats., 72.*

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case

the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.*]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution, I, 3.*]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. *Const., I, 2.*]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the house; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. *2 Hats., 168.* As are also questions of adjournment. *6 Grey, 406.* Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it de die in diem for 14 days. *1 Chand., 331, 335.*

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed. Instances of this are *1 H., 4.* Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in *15 H., 6,* Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673.
February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer
chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

} Not merely pro tempore. *1
Chand., 169, 276, 277.*

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, *31 H., VI, 3 Grey, 11;* and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. *2 Hats., 161; 4 Inst.; 8, L. Parl., 263.*

A speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* *2 Grey, 186; 5 Grey, 134.*

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const., II, 3.*]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker. *9 Grey, 473; 1 Chandler, 298, 301;* or by such particular members as are of the privy council. *2 Hats., 278.*

*RULE 23. The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy: every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 *Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; 1 *Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Ewes*, 630, *col.* 1; 4 *Part. Hist.*, 440; 2 *Hats.*, 77.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3 *vol.* 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 *Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder.

And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "to-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush.*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question — answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. *Jour. H. of C.*, Jan. 22, 1744-45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance,

unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 306, 406; 10 *Grey*, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other

House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.]

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow, 2 *Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 *Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 *Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this Honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 *Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. *Scob.*, 6; 3 *Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col. 1; 2 *Hats.*, 77; 4 *Grey*, 66; 8 *Grey*, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 75; 1 *Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule* 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 *Grey*, 390; 5 *Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Ewes*, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first. Rule* 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; *Arcan Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. *Rule 4.*]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 73); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29) or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town. col.*, 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in *feri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 503.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mem. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.* 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. *Rule 6.*]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. *Rule 2.*]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 *Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Ewes*, 332, col. 1, 640, col. 1) speaking or whispering to another *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col. 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, col. 205; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 328; 5 *Grey*, 382; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare

in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 293; 5 *Grey*, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the House is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 170; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." *Rule 7.*]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular vote or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House shall be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule

of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 3 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118.

In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or serjeant-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other House. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 120; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lex.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 9 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and

averred by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule 24.*]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received. But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob.*, 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule 9.*]

It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule 10.*]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen.*, June 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule 26.*]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule 25.*]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; *col. 1*; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Town.*, *col. 208*; *D'Ewes*, 634, *col. 2*; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that

no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule 27.*]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule 34.*]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob.*, 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 *Grey*, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills*, 11.

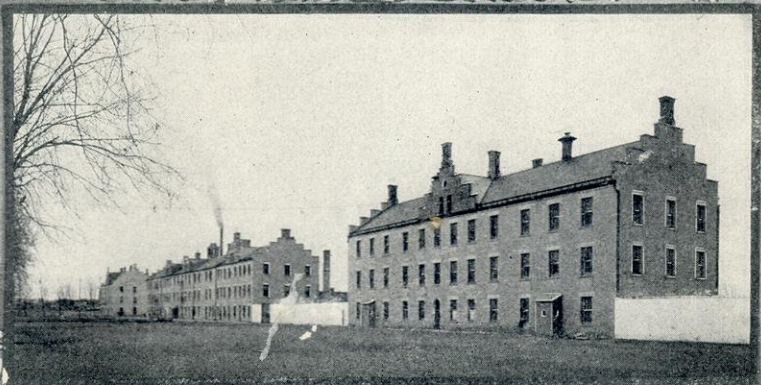
Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 *Grey*, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob.*, 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 *Hats.*, 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs: putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can not recur back and make any alterations in a former part. 2 *Hats.*, 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such altera-



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tions may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob.*, 50; 7 *Grey*, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, *e converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 *Hats.*, 289, 292; *Scob.*, 53; 2 *Hats.*, 290; 8 *Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, *June* 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.* 50), and where, by references to the page, line and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakew.*, 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 *Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *seriatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47, 104, 360; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the house to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee). And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice-President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House, acting as in a Committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or altered when reported to the House. 3. A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the

same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 *Grey*, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them: for it continues to be a House, and, therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question: if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able, as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House: or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may, with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole sub-

*The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:

[RULE 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

ject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Feb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read: but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lex Parl.*, 274; *Elsyng's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privi-

* This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows:

[When a question is under debate, no motion shall be made but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

leged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House: for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one: and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:
 Postponement indefinite,
 Adjournment,
 Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:
 Postponement to a day beyond the session,
 Postponement to a day within the session,
 Postponement indefinite,
 Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary

sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

<p>1. Previous question and postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>2. Postpone and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>3. Commit and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>4. Amend and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p>	<p>} In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule, "first moved first put" takes place.</p>
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In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commitment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question: but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of

the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put?—i. e., at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum shall be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 132, 133. And this is considered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the *terminus ad quem* in any other case; then the question must begin *a maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin *a minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 384, 385. "The fair question in this case, is not that to which, and how all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take

*Rule 13. In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day, and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hastell advises, that the main question be not now put, with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a

question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question, being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question, as Mr. Hastell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it as inconvenient, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. *2 Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. *1 Grey*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. *2 Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. *2 Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to

strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negated; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

*In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mem. in Hancr.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights of Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. *2 Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. *9 Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. *2 Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea—will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand ipso facto before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*c. g.*, the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakew.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d, to disagree; 3d, to recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

1st. To agree. }

2d. To disagree. }

} Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; *c. g.*, if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.

2d. To recede. }

4th. To insist. }

5th. To adhere. }

} You may then either insist or adhere.

} You may then either recede or adhere.

} You may then either recede or insist.

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviare or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hakew.*, 136, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviare presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hakew.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. *D'Ewes*, 337, col. 2; 414, col. 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Elsynge's Memorials*, 59; 6 *Grey*, 335; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 40 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, col., 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 134; 1 *Rush*, p. 3, fol. 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Ewes*, 505, col. 1; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received ¹	}	Ayes.
Read		
Lie on the table.....	}	Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table.....		
Referred to committee for further proceeding.....	}	Ayes.
Bill, that it be brought in.....		
Read first or second time.....	}	Aycc.
Engrossed or read a third time.....		
Proceedings on every other stage.....		
Committed	}	Noes.
To committee of the whole.....		
To select committee.....	}	Ayes.
Report of bill to lie on table.....		
Be now read.....	}	Noes.
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....		
Amendments to be read a second time.....	}	Ayes.
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....		
For receiving a clause.....	}	334
With amendments be engrossed.....			395

¹Noes. 9 Grey, 365.

That a bill be <i>now</i> read a third time.....	Noes.	398	
Receive a rider	}	260	
Pass			
Be printed			Ayes.	256
Committees. That A take the chair.....	}	Noes.	291
To agree to the whole or any part of report			
That the House do <i>now</i> resolve into committee.....			
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee	}	Noes.	244
That he issue warrant for new writ.....			
Member. That none be absent without leave.....			
Witness. That he be further examined.....	Ayes.	244	
Previous question.....	Noes.		
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum.....	}	Ayes.	
Amendments. That words stand part of.....			
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....	Noes.		
Messenger be received.....	}	Ayes.	
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....			
If after 2 o'clock	Noes.		
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock....	Ayes.		
If after 4 o'clock	Noes.		
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution)	Ayes.		
Over the 30th of January.....	Noes.		
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day.	Ayes.		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 26.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. *2 Hats.*, 145, *note*.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The yeas first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *c. g.*, the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Sen-

ate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 *Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the house is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Haccw.*, 26; 2 *Hats.*; 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. 2 *Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Haccw.*, 93. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 *Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem.*, *Haccw.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

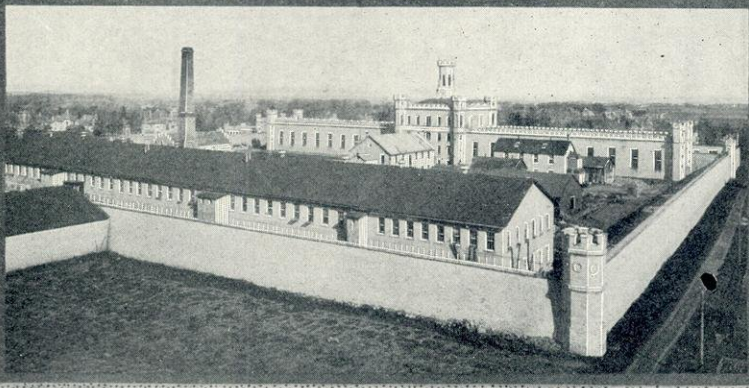
After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

*This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.



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[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be re-committed.]

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration: as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Towns.*, col. 67; *Mem. in Hawk.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hawk.*, 158; 6 *Grey* 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *e. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Towns.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats* 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Ib.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hawk.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk, in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 *Hats.*, 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

*This rule now fixes the limitation.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *c. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagreement; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Elsynge*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 363; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Hats.*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1

Chand., 288. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that Conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 144. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate*, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (*Ib.*, 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (263, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all

cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferrees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferrees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. II. Com.*, 89; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 128, 300, 387; 7 *Grey*, 80; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Tor-buck's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 293; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill. 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messages are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule* 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on *de novo*.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Hakev.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*,

25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silentio, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one House was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chancellor*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Ib.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the President's objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule 32.*]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. *2 Hats.*, 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. *2 Hats.*, 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. *1 Chandler*, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob.*, 110, 111; *Lca Parl.*, 114, 115; *Jour. H. C.*, Mar. 17, 1592; *Hale, Parl.*, 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 H. 8 c. 16. *4 Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. *4 Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. *2 Hats.*, 361; *3 Hats.*, 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. *6 Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. *2 Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of

either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 *Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blacks.*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the President may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

A SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left, 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Lex Parl.*, c 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 252; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to-wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I, 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I, 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the — day of —.]

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 129, 381; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament.*

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const., U. S., II, 2.*]

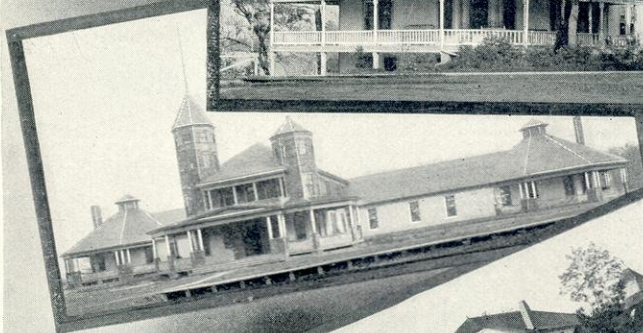
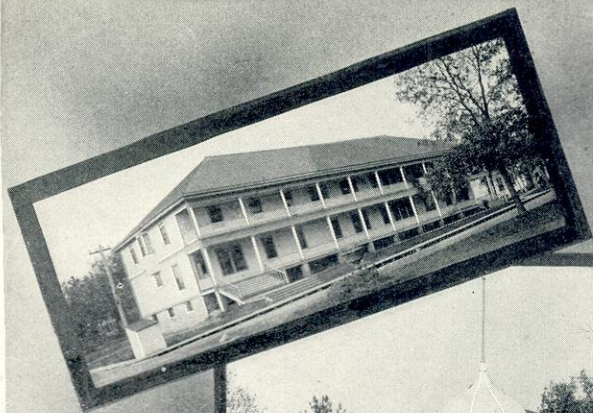
[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by Parliament. *Ware v. Hayton*, 3 *Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel, b., c. 19, sec. 214.* An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 *Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; 2 *Smollet*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representatives such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, *c. g.*, the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the



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Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S., I, 3.*]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const., I, 3.*]

[The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const., II, 4.*]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const. III, 2.*]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject:

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *Seld. Judic. in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the Commons. *Id.*, 84. The

Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; *Wooddeson*, 601, 576; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1604, 1618; 9, 1656.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachv. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 *June*, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 *June*, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he find sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Ray*; 1 *Rushw.*, 268; *Post.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Reb.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rush.*, 274; 1 *Rush.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 *Nov.*, 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *St. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Sel. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 233; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons*, *March*, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 *R.* 2), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on mis-

demeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L.*, 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushw., Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 *Feb.*, 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167; 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevail; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta. Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Fost.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, *contra*), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.* 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 *Dec.*, 1799; *Lords' Journ.*, *May* 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

COMPILED BY THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 62, S.,
SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1899.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

ORGANIZATION.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Senators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The oath of office is usually administered to the newly elected Senators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the senators take the oath of office the election of President pro tem., Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms of both the respective Houses is required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS:—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty:

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.

3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.

4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.

2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive officer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The **POSTMASTER** attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

The **ASSISTANT POSTMASTER** brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The DOORKEEPERS attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule: see that visitors are seated and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.

2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.

3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.

4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.

5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from _____." The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein. If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two-thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's veto. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law.

A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. _____. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms.

OF TITLES:

No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section — of chapter — of the —.

Repealing bill:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, (relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length).

Appropriation bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."

Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

<p>No. —, A.,</p> <p style="margin-top: 20px;"><i>A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</i></p> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 20px;"> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">MR. GORDON.</td> </tr> </table> </p>	MR. GORDON.
MR. GORDON.	

RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. —, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill—

It must *invariably* be in the following form:

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—*Const., Art. IV, Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To — — —: You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. — — —, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. — — —, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate — — — at the room of said committee — — —, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the — — — day of — — —, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and — — —, at the hour of — — — in the — — — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — — — day of — — —, A. D. 18—.

"— — —, *Presiding Officer.* ..

"Attest:

"— — —, *Chief Clerk of the — — —.*"

*It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

†Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used:

"To Hon _____, (*Presiding Officer*).

"I, _____, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate _____, do hereby certify that _____ has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said _____ has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated, Madison, _____, 18—, at _____ o'clock."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

"The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:

It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to _____, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. _____, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate _____, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, at the hour of _____ in the _____ noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said _____, on the _____ day of _____, A. D., 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said _____ has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; *therefore*, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said _____, and bring him before the _____, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fall not.

"Given at the _____ Chamber in the city of Madison aforesaid, this _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—.

"_____ , (*Presiding Officer*).

"Chief Clerk of the _____."

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the _____ day of _____, 18—, arrest the body of _____, and took him before the committee within named, and the said _____ having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly chamber, _____ 18—.

"Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly."

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

"Resolved, that the neglect or failure of _____, to appear before the joint investigating committee composed of Messrs. _____, of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the _____ instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"Int. 1.—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the _____ inst.?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"Resolved, That the refusal of _____ to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, on the _____ instant, and which questions were certified to the House by _____, Chairman of said committee and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the _____ instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which _____ is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment cannot extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

1. The testimony taken.
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby or conclusions derived therefrom.
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member—

"Two-thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 8.

To do any business, except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members—

"A majority." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal—

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State—

"A majority of three-fifths." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day—

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members—

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII, Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention—

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII, Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt—

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

"A majority" of a quorum.

RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body.—2 *Hats.*, 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1.—The hour for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each House shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the

journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

3.—No member or officer of either House, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the two Houses during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Members of the Legislature, State Officers, Regents of the University, Regents of the Normal Schools, Members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and other Courts, Ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature, all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press, and such other persons as the presiding officer may invite.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers.

7.—No member or officer of either House shall read newspapers within the bar of the House, nor smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

8.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the Senate, shall, when present, take the Chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session.

9.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform the duties of the Chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President, but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the Chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

10.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

11.—It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the House in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the House, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, in any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the Government, and to announce them to the House;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the House over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules who are to serve on committees, and in general—

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each House is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

12.—The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the journal.

13.—The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

14.—In the absence of the presiding officer, in either House, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.

15.—The Speaker of the Assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

16.—The Lieutenant Governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the Senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote. See Section 8 of Article V, Constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

17.—A Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall keep a journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him. He shall superintend the recording of the journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants. He shall appoint his assistants as provided by law.

18.—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerk, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," and banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendment made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has been omitted. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the House. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as a standard.

19.—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

20.—A Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the House or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

21.—The following standing committees shall be elected by the Senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, unless otherwise directed, as follows:

- A committee on Judiciary, to consist of seven members.
 - A committee on State Affairs, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Finance, Banks and Insurance, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Railroads, to consist of nine members.
 - A committee on Education, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Manufactures, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Corporations, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Town and County Organization, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Public Lands, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Military Affairs, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Public Health and Sanitation, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Legislative Expenditures, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Roads and Bridges, to consist of three members.
 - A committee on Agriculture, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Engrossed Bills, three members.
 - A committee on Enrolled Bills, three members.
 - A committee on Bills on Their Third Reading, to consist of three members.
- The following joint committees shall be constituted as follows:
- On Claims—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
 - On Charitable and Penal Institutions—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
 - On Printing—Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.
 - On Fish and Game—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

22.—The standing committees of the Assembly shall be appointed by the Speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

- On Judiciary—Eleven members.
- On State Affairs—Seven members.
- On Cities—Nine members.
- On Finance, Banks and Insurance—Seven members.
- On Railroads—Eleven members.
- On Education—Seven members.
- On Manufactures—Seven members.
- On Assessment and Collection of Taxes—Seven members.
- On Corporations—Seven members.
- On Town and County Organization—Five members.
- On Public Lands—Five members.
- On Military Affairs—Seven members.
- On Public Health and Sanitation—Five members.
- On Privileges and Elections—Seven members.
- On Legislative Expenditures—Five members.
- On Federal Relations—Five members.
- On Roads and Bridges—Five members.
- On Agriculture—Seven members.
- On Ways and Means—Five members.

- On Lumber and Mining—Five members.
- On Public Improvements—Five members.
- On Dairy and Food—Seven members.
- On Engrossed Bills—Five members.
- On Enrolled Bills—Five members.
- On Bills on Their Third Reading—Five members.

22a.—Joint hearings of the committees on Assessment and Collection of Taxes of the two houses shall be held upon agreement between the chairmen of the two committees, who shall give three days' notice to the members of their respective committees of the time and place of such hearings. Such joint hearings shall take the place of separate hearings and shall be final.

23.—Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed by the presiding officer.

24.—It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on Their Third Reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the House before being acted upon.

25.—A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

26.—All business referred to a committee shall be taken up and disposed of as soon as practicable, and reported to the House at as early a date as may be consistent with a careful consideration of the same.

27.—All reports shall be in the following form :

The committee on to whom (was or were) referred (insert here the number and title of the bill or bills, resolutions or memorials, reported by the committee), have had the same under consideration, and report the same back with the recommendation that it do (pass, be indefinitely postponed, referred to some other committee, etc.), or, if amended, with amendment or amendments, with the recommendation that the same do pass when so amended.

Signed.....Chairman.

28.—Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

29.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement for his reasons and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

30.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the House, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the Journal and laid upon the desks of the members.

31.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

32.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without special leave, except a committee of conference.

33.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the House, shall be placed upon the calendar for the succeeding day under the order of business, "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Provided that during the consideration of bills under this order, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the House shall resolve itself into a committee

of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the Legislature shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for a previous question, cannot be made in the committee.

34.—All bills ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, shall be carefully copied under direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

35.—Whenever a bill which is fairly written without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on engrossed bills may report the same back to the House as the engrossed bill.

36.—It shall be in order for the committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when a vote is being taken or a call of the House is being had.

37.—No standing or select committee, or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the House is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either House, whether under consideration of the House in which they originated or not.

38.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

39.—The order of business in both Houses shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the journal.
3. Communication to the Legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Executive communications.
9. Communications from either House and action thereon.
10. Resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for a third reading.
12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
13. Bills ready for engrossment.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

40.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either House, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

41.—Resolutions may be offered by any member who shall endorse his name on the same. It shall then be sent to the Clerk's desk, and there read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted on the same day on which it is offered without leave.

42.—All bills and resolutions offered by any member or committee shall be endorsed by the member or committee offering the same.

43.—Every bill shall receive three several readings by title, except where otherwise provided, previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the House, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either House.

44.—All joint resolutions and all memorials, which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading and reference as bills.

45.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal, and every Assembly bill, and two hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Journal, and every Senate bill, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House.

46.—The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.

47.—The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of every bill appropriating money; a majority of three-fifths of each House being necessary to pass any bill which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand in favor of the State.

HOW BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED.

48.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

49.—When any two or more members shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is first to speak.

50.—When a member is called to order he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.

51.—No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the House. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the House.

52.—While the presiding officer is addressing the House, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

53.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except:

1. To adjourn;
2. To lay on the table;
3. For the previous question;
4. To postpone to a day certain;
5. To commit to a standing committee;
6. To commit to a select committee;

- 7. To amend;
- 8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

54.—A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the House.

55.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

56.—A motion to adjourn, to take a recess, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

57.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.

58.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.

59.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc. (as the case may be), say, aye. Those of contrary opinion, say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

60.—The yeas and nays shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.

61.—Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the House shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

62.—Any member may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

63.—In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.

64.—In all cases when the Assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.

65.—When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority or when the house is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative, to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost shall not be renewed. A motion to reconsider may be made within the time specified, and consideration of the same be postponed to some future time, by order of the House.

66.—No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

67.—Five Senators, or fifteen members of the Assembly, may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

68.—On a call of the House being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the Senate, five Senators, or if in the Assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise the call shall be thereby ordered.

69.—A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

70.—The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read and entered upon the Journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

71.—While the House is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn but upon re-convening, the House shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of the House may be again ordered in the same manner as above described.

72.—When the Sergeant-at-Arms shall make a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them) are present, such report shall be entered on the Journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be opened and the business pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.

73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members of the House shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 69.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly.

75.—The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly, as the case may be), to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise?" And if a sufficient number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.

76.—When on taking the previous question, the House shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

78.—Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present.

Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the House in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

79.—No amendment shall be considered in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of amendments where the question is raised as to whether or not they do materially alter the nature of the original proposition.

80.—Amendments proposed by a committee or by a member of either House, shall be reduced to writing and state clearly and definitely the object which they seek to accomplish. They shall be read by the Clerk, and stated by the presiding officer to the House before being acted upon.

81.—A bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be reported by the committee to which the bill was re-committed, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question for its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.

82.—Every bill, resolution or memorial, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments agreed to, adopted and incorporated in the bill before being read a third time, except such bills as are fairly written, without interlineation or erasure. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is 'Shall the bill pass'?" or "be concurred in", as the case may be.

83.—Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the House passing it, and by him transmitted to the other House. The day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

84.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either House, or to any of its officers, members or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.

85.—No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.

86.—Whenever by joint resolution of the two Houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the House for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon; provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before the House when such action shall be taken.

87.—The Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, and Sergeant-at-arms of each House, shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which they are employed, and the amount respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the House in which they are employed.

88.—After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the Chief Clerk for the House in which the same originated before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the comparing clerks, after which it shall be delivered by the enrolling clerk to the Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, which committee shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses; said committee shall cause the enrolling clerk to correct any error that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and when perfect, shall make their report forthwith to the House.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

89.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to present the bill, first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next,

to the presiding officer of the other House, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

90.—After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval; it first being indorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and nays being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

91.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly on amendments, adopted by either House, to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other House, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each House may be requested by either House, and the other House shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The Senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the Assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the Assembly, to the Senate; the Senate refuses to concur in the Assembly amendment and so notifies the Assembly; the Assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the Assembly, and this action is reported to the Senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the Senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective Houses for, or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective Houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The House having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other House, together with the bill, which, if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.

92.—All bills, resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

93.—These rules may be suspended by either House by vote of two-thirds of the members present thereof; the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.

94.—Members may pair on any question pending in either House by filing a statement of the same with the Chief Clerk, who shall read the same to the House before the vote is taken.

95.—The title to all bills appropriating money shall state that fact in addition to the general purpose of the bill.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

96.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

N.O OF BILL.	PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT.		PRESENTED TO SPEAKER.		PRESENTED TO GOVERNOR.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9 A. M.	Feb. 15.	10 A. M.	Feb. 15.	2 P. M.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

97.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

98.—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall endorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

99.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

100.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; *provided*, that the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

101.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

102.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, W. S. 1898.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such vote shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

Sec. 1, Ch. 131, Laws of 1899.

SECTION 1. In any legislative caucus for the nomination of a candidate for United States senator, each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll and such votes shall be entered upon the minutes of the caucus. The person receiving the number of votes required by the usages of the party holding the caucus shall be declared the nominee of such party.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person

to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS,
NEAR MILWAUKEE, WIS.

PART II.



HISTORICAL.

THE EVOLUTION OF WISCONSIN.

(By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary of State Historical Society.)

Spanish Dominion—1512-1634.

By virtue of early discoveries by her navigators and inland explorers, Spain laid a general but undefined claim to the greater part of the wilderness of North America, to which the name of Florida was given. This condition of affairs lasted from about 1512 until the irruption of the French, who penetrated the continent by means of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa rivers and the Great Lakes, and gradually made claim to the inland water systems, as fast as discovered by their adventurous fur traders and missionaries. It should be understood, however, that there were few if any Spaniards within all this vast territory, nearer than the Gulf of Mexico.

The kings of Spain, therefore of Wisconsin, during this period were: Ferdinand V. (1512-1516), Charles I. (1516-1556), Philip II. (1556-1598), Philip III. (1598-1621), and Philip IV. (1621-1665).

French Dominion—1634-1760.

In 1634 (twenty-six years after the founding of Quebec) the explorer Jean Nicolet, sent out by Champlain, then governor of New France (later, Canada), entered what is now Wisconsin and introduced the French fur trade to our savages. Wisconsin may thereafter, until the downfall of New France in 1759-60, be considered as a part of New France, of which the governors were as follows: 1608-1635—Samuel de Champlain.

1635-1636—Marc Antoine de Brasdefer de Chasteaufort.

1636-1648—Charles Huault de Montmagny.

1648-1651—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulouge.

1651-1656—Jean de Lauson.

1656-1657—Charles de Lauson de Charny.

1657-1658—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulouge.

1658-1661—Pierre de Voyer, vicomte d'Argenson.

1661-1663—Pierre du Bois, baron d'Avaugour.

1663-1665—Augustin de Saffray, chevalier de Mézy.

1665 — — Jacques le Neuf de la Poterie.

1665-1672—Daniel de Rémy de Courcelles.

1672-1682—Louis de Buade, comte de Frontenac.

1682-1685—Le Fèvre de la Barre.

1685-1689—Jacques René de Brisay, marquis de Denonville.

1689-1698—Count Frontenac again.

1698-1703—Louis Hector de Callières.

1703-1725—Philip de Rigault, marquis de Vaudreuil.

1725-1726—Charles Lemoyne, baron de Longueuil.

1726-1747—Charles, marquis de Beauharnois.

1747-1749—Michel Rolland Barrin, comte de la Galissonnière.

1749-1752—Jacques Pierre de Taffanel, marquis de la Jonquière.

1752 — — Charles Lemoyne again.

1752-1755—Marquis Duquesne de Menneville.

1755-1760—Marquis de Vaudreuil again.

cally 1634-1760), France had only three successive kings—Louis XIII., who reigned from 1610 to 1643; his successor, Louis XIV., who reigned till 1715; and Louis XV., who reigned till 1774. All white persons then in Wisconsin, and (nominally) all the savages within our borders, were subjects of these French kings.

English Dominion—1760-1763.

Immediately upon the surrender of New France to the English, as the result of the French and Indian War, Wisconsin became, with other western country, general English colonial territory, sacred to the prosecution of the fur trade. In 1774, King George III., by the so-called "Quebec Act" made it a part of the Province of Quebec, and thus it remained until the close of the Revolutionary War,

when by the treaty of 1783, the country "northwest of the River Ohio" and eastward of the Mississippi River was ceded to the United States.

The governor of Canada, during the time Wisconsin was under English dominion, were: Sir Jeffery Amherst (as commander-in-chief), 1760-1763; Gen. Thomas Gage (commander-in-chief), 1763-1764; Gen. James Murray (the first governor general), 1763-1766; Palinus Emelius Irvine (as president of council, to cover a hiatus of three months), 1766; Sir Guy Carleton (as lieutenant governor and commander-in-chief), 1766-1778; but from 1770-1774 Hector Theophilus Cramahé was acting lieutenant-governor while Carleton was in England; Gen. Sir Frederick Haldimand (governor general), 1778-1784. While the Northwest nominally became United States territory by the treaty of 1783, England still held the military posts on the upper lakes till 1796—among them, Mackinac, of which Green Bay was a recognized dependency. Henry Hamilton (lieutenant-governor of Canada) succeeded Haldimand in 1784; then followed Gen. Henry Hope (president of council), 1785-1786; Guy Carleton again (now as Lord Dorchester, and governor general), 1786-1796; and John Graves Simcoe (lieutenant-governor of the Upper Province of Canada), 1792-1796.

American Dominion—1783 to date.

Wisconsin a part of the Northwest Territory.—Owing to the vague and undefined boundaries given to the original English coast colonies in their respective charters, at a time when little or nothing was known of the geography of North America, several of the states claimed territory in the Northwest; but finally they compromised by ceding these claims to the federal government, in order to form a national domain, from which to create new states. The country northwest of the River Ohio was therefore, by the Ordinance of 1787, erected into the Northwest Territory, of which Wisconsin of course became a part. The governor was Gen. Arthur St. Clair, 1789-1802.

A part of Indiana Territory.—May 7, 1800, the Northwest Territory was divided into two territories on a line beginning on the Ohio river opposite the mouth of Kentucky river, and running thence to Fort Recovery (near the present Greenville, Ohio), and thence north to the international boundary; all east of that line became Ohio, and west of it Indiana Territory. Thus Wisconsin became a part of the latter. The governor of Indiana Territory at this time was Gen. William Henry Harrison, 1800-1811.

Various changes took place in the shape of Indiana Territory—as when (Feb. 19, 1803) what is now all of the lower Michigan peninsula was added to Indiana; and when (Jan. 11, 1805) Michigan Territory was set off, consisting only of the lower peninsula.

A part of Illinois Territory.—February 3, 1809, Indiana Territory was cut down into the present limits of the state of that name, and all the rest of what had been Indiana Territory was set off as Illinois Territory—the latter of course taking in what is now Wisconsin. The governor of Illinois Territory was Ninian Edwards, 1809-1818.

Attached to Michigan Territory.—April 18, 1818, the state of Illinois was created, with its existing boundaries; and all west of Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river was added to Michigan Territory—that is how Wisconsin became a part of Michigan. Michigan Territory was further aggrandized (June 28, 1834) by adding to it, for administrative purposes, all the country west of the Mississippi and north of Missouri, as far as the Missouri river—thus including the site of what is now the city of Bismarek, N. D. The governors of Michigan Territory at this time were, Lewis Cass, 1813-1831; George B. Porter, 1831-1834; and S. T. Mason, 1834-1836.

Wisconsin Territory.—April 20, 1836, Wisconsin Territory was erected, embracing all of what is now Wisconsin, westward to the Missouri river, thus including the present Minnesota, Iowa, and much of the two Dakotas.

June 12, 1838, the Territory of Iowa was erected out of that portion of Wisconsin lying west of the Mississippi river. When Wisconsin was admitted into the Union (May 29, 1848), the portion lying between St. Croix river and the Mississippi was detached and given to the new Territory of Minnesota—Wisconsin thus being awarded the same boundaries it possesses today.

For details of these several boundary changes, with illustrative maps, see article in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, xi., pp. 451-501. The story of how Wisconsin acquired statehood, is given in a previous article, see pp. 17-20.

AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

(Edited and brought down to date by REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary State Historical Society.)

Early Explorations.—1634.—Jean Nicolet was sent by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France, at Quebec, to explore the northwest. He came by way of the Ottawa river, and Lakes Huron and Michigan, and landed on what's now Wisconsin soil just below the mouth of Fox river, at the head of Green Bay. Clothed in a silken robe, he advanced into a village of the Winnebagoes, discharging pistols held in each hand. He was received with welcome, the Indians thinking him a god, armed with the power to make lightning and thunder. A great feast was then held, 120 beavers being eaten. He then proceeded up the Fox river to near the present site of Berlin, where was a palisaded village of the Mascoutins.

1634.—Pierre Esprit Radisson and Medard Chouart des Grosseilliers followed in the wake of Nicolet, and wintered among the Pottawatomies in the Green Bay region. In the spring of 1655 they went up the Fox river, made a portage and entered the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The published narrative of Radisson indicates that possibly they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi; but scholars do not agree upon this.

1659.—The same adventurers, Radisson and Grosseilliers, with six other fur traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of the great mines of copper, and, late in autumn, entered Chequamegon Bay. Near the present site of Ashland they built a crude fort close to the water's edge. Hiding their stores in a *cache*, they visited the Huron village on the headwaters of what was apparently the Chippewa river, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, there wintering among the Sioux.

1660.—The same party returned to Chequamegon Bay and built a fort on Oak Point, eastward of Ashland. They returned to Three Rivers in Canada the same year.

Father Pierre Ménéard, a Jesuit missionary, came to Keweenaw Bay this year. In the spring of 1661, after a winter of great hardship among the Indians, he and a white companion set out to visit the Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. They suffered intensely from mosquitoes, hunger, and the insolence and cruelty of the Indian guides, but finally, in safety, reached the Wisconsin river, which they descended for a considerable distance. While portaging Bill Cross rapids, Ménéard lost the obscure trail, and was never seen again. He probably died from exposure. His kettle, breviary, and cassock are said to have been afterward seen in the possession of the Indians.

1665.—Father Claude Allouez, another Jesuit missionary, was now sent to re-open the mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by way of the lakes, into Chequamegon Bay, and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southwest shore, between the sites now occupied by Washburn and Ashland, which he named "La Pointe du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he was relieved by a younger priest, Father Jacques Marquette.

1669.—Father Allouez was invited by the Pottawatomies to Depere (named from Rapides des Peres, or the "Fathers' Rapids"), where he established the mission of St. Francis Xavier.

1670.—The Sieur Saint Lussou, piloted by a prominent fur-trade adventurer, Nicholas Perrot, came to Sault Ste. Marie and there in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits, with Perrot acting as interpreter, took possession of the North-

west in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Joliet, a professional fur-trader and explorer.

1672.—Father Allouez established the mission of Saint Mark on the Wolf river, on or near Lake Shawano. He made a voyage up Fox river, visiting the Foxes and Mascoutins, above Lake Winnebago; among them he established the mission of St. James, the following year.

1673.—Louis Joliet and Father Marquette set out in May, from St. Ignace mission, at the Straits of Mackinac, in canoes paddled by *voyageurs*, or boatmen, and reached the Mascoutin village on the Upper Fox, June 7, pushed up through its reeds, made the portage at the present site of Portage, into the Wisconsin river, which they descended to its mouth, arriving there June 17. They descended the Mississippi as far as the mouth of the Arkansas. The narrative and map of this voyage and journey by Marquette has made the names of Joliet and Marquette immortal; Joliet's papers unfortunately were lost by the upsetting of his canoe in La Chine rapids, near Montreal.

1674.—Joliet and Marquette, returning from their canoe voyage, came up the Mississippi and Illinois rivers, made portage to Chicago, thence paddled down the shores of Lake Michigan, and in September were again at the St. Francis Xavier mission. In October, 1674, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission at Kaskaskia, among the Illinois Indians. Proceeding by way of Green Bay, they came to Sturgeon Bay; thence they made the portage eastward across the peninsula, where the Sturgeon Bay ship canal now is, paddled up the lake to the mouth of the Chicago river, where they wintered on a sand dune near the shore, in much discomfort. In the spring they proceeded to the Illinois river and Kaskaskia. But a mortal sickness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinac, hoping to die among his brethren. He died on the journey, May 19, of a dysentery brought on by the hardships and privations he had suffered. He was buried at the mouth of a little stream on the Michigan side of the lake, some little distance south of the high point called the Sleeping Bear.

1679.—The great explorer, La Salle, appeared upon the scene, arriving at Green Bay early in September, in a schooner built at Niagara river above the falls, called the "Griffin," a rude figure of which fabulous monster graced the prow. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, he started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise, and arms, up the west shore of the lake. The voyage was one of great peril, as the lake was swept by gales. They were nearly swamped in landing. Touching at one of these landings and camps, at or near the present site of Milwaukee, in the bay of Milwaukee river (which the Jesuit *Relation* for that year called "Milloke"), they were visited by a band of Fox (or Outagamie) Indians, who stole several articles from their camp. La Salle captured a young savage and bringing him into camp to hold as a hostage, prepared to fight the Indians, who were six score strong. He then held a parley, induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense; this accomplished, he moved on up the lake coast.

The same year a daring chief of the *coureurs du bois* (wood-rangers), Daniel Grayson du Lhut (Duluth), explored the Upper Mississippi, taking special note of the Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their band on a great buffalo hunt, below the St. Croix river on the Wisconsin side.

1680.—Father Hennepin, a Franciscan friar in La Salle's party, with two adventurous *voyageurs*, Accau and Auguel, set out, under orders of La Salle, to explore the Upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of Illinois river, March 12, he passed the mouth of the Wisconsin, and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, and carried to the present site of St. Paul, thence to the Mille Lacs. Kept here for two months, they were started with a party on a buffalo hunt. At the mouth of Rum river, Hennepin and Auguel were set at liberty, given a gun, knife, an earthen pot and a small canoe. They began their journey, descended the river into the Mississippi, and passed the great falls, which Hennepin named after St. Anthony. Nearing the mouth of the Chippewa river, being driven by starvation, they ascended that river and joined a party of Sioux hunters, by whom they were roughly treated, but permitted to live.

Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi with a small party. He canoed up the Bois Brulé—now a famous trout stream, midway between Bayfield and Superior,—crossed over from its upper waters to the head waters of the Saint Croix, and descended that river into the Mississippi. He there heard of some white men with the Sioux, and pushing on found Hennepin and Auguel, with the Indian hunting party near the mouth of the Chippewa river. Rescuing Hennepin and his companion, the two parties returned to the Mille Lacs. That year, in his voyage up the river, Father Hennepin was the first white man to visit the fine prairie on this river, now Prairie du Chien. In autumn, Du Lhut and Hennepin drifted down to the mouth of the Wisconsin river, thence up that stream, they portaged across to the Fox, down which they paddled, and thence to Mackinac. Du Lhut made several voyages of this kind later.

1683.—La Sueur, a prominent fur-trader, passed the Fox and Wisconsin route, thence ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony.

1685.—Nicholas Perrot, a daring chief of the *coureurs du bois*, whose previous explorations are above narrated, was appointed the "commandant of the west," with a small squad of twenty soldiers. He came to Green Bay, and there met Indians from the west, who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water,"—probably Spaniards. Perrot, anxious for further discoveries, passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route. He wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above where is now the village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicholas, near the site of Prairie du Chien, and worked lead mines in Iowa and Wisconsin.

1689.—Perrot took possession of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and Upper Mississippi valleys, in the name of the French king.

1693.—La Sueur was sent by the authorities of New France, at Quebec, to restore the French prestige in the west, which had been much weakened by the intrigues of the Dutch-English traders from Albany on the Hudson. He built a stockaded fort at La Pointe, on Chequamegon Bay, another on an island in the Mississippi, near Red Wing, Minnesota, which became the center of western commerce.

1699.—Returning from France, which he had visited, Perrot brought with him thirty experienced miners, and on his voyage up the Mississippi found lead mines on or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at the "Smoke Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

In October, Father St. Cosme, a Sulpitian missionary from Quebec, found the Fox Indians opposed to his passing up the Fox river route to the Mississippi, and went south to the west shore of the lake. He stopped, as is supposed, at the present site of Sheboygan, where another missionary, Father Marest, had wintered and planted a cross.

1700.—Father St. Cosme visited Milwaukee Bay, finding there many Mascoutins, Foxes, Pottawatomies, etc. He calls the Milwaukee river the "Milwarick." Lead mines discovered in southwest Wisconsin by La Sueur, a French adventurer.

Wars With the Fox or Outagamie Indians.—1706-1743.—The Fox Indians having grown quite insolent and obstructive of the passage of the great water-way from Green Bay to the Mississippi, demanded tribute of all traders and voyagers. It is related, though on questionable authority, that Marin, a bold French captain, was sent to punish them. At the head of a large party of soldiers, half-breeds, and *coureurs du bois*, he ascended the frozen surface of the Fox river, surprised the enemy at Winnebago Rapids (at Neenah), and slew many hundreds of them.

1711.—The Illinois country and all Wisconsin placed in command of Governor-General D'Arquette, with headquarters at the site of Mobile (Ala.).

1712.—The Fox or Outagamies made a desperate attempt to destroy Detroit, but were thwarted and themselves severely punished. Full of hate, they robbed and butchered all travelers. De Louvigny, the king's lieutenant at Quebec, was sent at the head of 800 men to destroy them.

1716.—Leaving Quebec, March 14, 1716, he appeared before the Indian village, near the Little Butte des Morts, 37 miles above Green Bay, surrounded their fort, which was heavily palisaded, laid siege to it and approached it by trenches. He

set about mining and blowing up the works when the Indians sued for peace. It was granted upon severe conditions, which the Indians promised to faithfully perform. But they were faithless, savage, untamable, and persistent in their ferocity.

1718-1721.—Fort St. Francis erected by the French at Green Bay. Father Charlevoix, the Jesuit historian, visits Green Bay.

1719.—François Renault, with 200 miners, explores the Upper Mississippi.

1726.—The Cardinells settle temporarily at Prairie du Chien. The French make a treaty with the Foxes, Sacs and Winnebagoes, to open the Fox-Wisconsin water-way.

1727.—A French trading fort, called Fort Beauharnois, established at Lake Pepin, with Sieur de La Pierriere in command.

1728.—Sieur Marchand de Lignery was sent against the Fox Indians with 400 French and Indians, and reached the fort at the mouth of the Fox river, August 17. Informed of the approach of this party, the Foxes fled, destroying their villages, corn, and other growing crops. He returned, much chagrined at the failure of the expedition, destroying Fort St. Francis at Green Bay.

1729.—A party of over 200 Indian allies of the French fell by surprise upon a large band of Foxes, killed 77 men and some 300 women and children.

1730.—Marin was, according to some accounts, the next leader to punish the Foxes. He had a trading post on the Wisconsin near what is now Wyalusing, Grant county, and carried on an extensive trade. He resolved to punish the Foxes, who were still insolent. Raising a force of volunteers at Mackinac, and some friendly Indians at Green Bay, he advanced up the river. At Grand Chute he divided the party, sending one band around to attack the village in the rear. The rest continued up stream in boats, the men concealed under large oil-cloth tarpaulins, such as traders used to cover their goods, each boat exposing only two oarsmen. Some 1,500 Foxes awaited their coming, eager to plunder the party. At a signal the coverings were thrown off, a volley poured into the crowd of Indians, and the carnage increased by a swivel gun in one of the boats, loaded with canister. Tradition tells that over 1,000 Foxes were slain. Fleeing to their villages they found their dwellings in flames, which had been set by the flanking party. They ran to the forest, and there were beset by the other portion of Marin's command. They fought with the frenzy of despair; but only a remnant was left of the tribe. The survivors fled and located at a place where Wauzeka now stands on the lower Wisconsin. Later in the year De Villiers punishes the same tribe. Not long afterwards (1746) Marin fell upon them again, killed and captured them in that village, compelling the survivors to go beyond the Mississippi. A few years later, the Sacs, who were living in villages near the present site of Green Bay, committed some outrages, and Charles de Langlade, afterwards the first actual white settler in Wisconsin, led a party of soldiers and habitants from Green Bay, attacked the Sacs in their village, and after a desperate battle drove them away. They fled up the river and settled on the plateau where now flourish the villages of Sauk City and Prairie du Sac. Overpowered by the whites and beset by other Indian foes, the Sacs and Foxes or Outagamies, united the remnants of their tribes.

Missions and Trading Posts.—**1735.**—Saint Pierriere in command at Fort Beauharnois at Lake Pepin.

1737.—On hearing from La Pointe (on Chequamegon Bay) of the murder of French explorers at the Lake of the Woods, Saint Pierriere evacuates the fort.

1742.—Presents distributed by the French among the Sacs and Foxes.

1749.—The younger Marin stationed at La Pointe.

1752.—Marin at Lake Pepin.

1754.—Marin in command at Green Bay, makes peace with the Wisconsin Indians. The Menomonees, Foxes, Sacs, Winnebagoes, Pottawattonies, Ottawas, Chippewas and Sioux are engaged to attack the English colonies on the western borders of Pennsylvania.

1755.—Charles de Langlade (who had recently settled at Green Bay, its first permanent inhabitant), with Wisconsin Indians, led the onslaught upon Braddock's army, July 9. Later he was at Fort George, and, with his braves from Wisconsin, fought against Wolfe on the plains of Abraham.

1758.—Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay by Menomonees, who pillage a storehouse.

1760.—The French dominions seized by the English. Alexander Henry, a celebrated Lake Superior fur-trader, visited Milwaukee.

1761.—Capt. Belfour of the British army came with troops to Green Bay, took possession of the fort, naming it Fort Edward. He left here Lieut. James Gorrell of the Sixtieth (or Royal American) regiment, with a sergeant, corporal, and fifteen privates, who spent a wretched winter in the old fort. In the spring, Gorrell made treaties with the bands who came in.

1763.—The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, formally ceded by the French to the English. Fur-trade posts established at Milwaukee, and elsewhere on Lake Michigan.

Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of Miamis, Ottawas, Chippewas, Wyandottes, Pottawatomies, Missisaguas, Shawanoes, Outagamies and Winnebagoes. They organized and burst upon the English posts upon the upper Great Lakes, eight of which were captured. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Mackinac, a friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party from Green Bay to L'Arbre Croche (on the east shore of Lake Michigan), where they sent the remnants of the garrison that had been spared in the Mackinac slaughter.

1766.—Capt. Jonathan Carver, a medical student and officer of Massachusetts militia, visited Green Bay. He was searching for a northwest passage to the Pacific ocean, and passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route, wintering with the Sioux on the plains. Disappointed in his search, he returned next year by way of Lake Superior.

1774.—A civil government established over the northwest and Canadas by the "Quebec act," under which Wisconsin became a part of the English Province of Quebec.

1777.—Indians under Charles de Langlade and Gautier join the British against the colonies in the Revolutionary war, and harry the American border settlers.

1779.—Capt. Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.

1781.—Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians. His purchase was not confirmed by the Americans, when the latter took possession. The settlement of Prairie du Chien commenced by Basil Giard, Augustin Ange and Pierre Antaya.

1786.—Julien Dubuque explored the lead regions of the Upper Mississippi, and worked lead mines both in Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—Wisconsin, with the other country northwest of the Ohio (now the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin), placed under an American territorial government, with the name of Northwest Territory.

1788.—An Indian council at Green Bay. Permission given Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789.—Jean Baptiste Mirandean said to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793.—Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795.—Jacques Vieau, agent of the Northwest Company, established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.

1796.—The western parts surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Ordinance of 1787 extended over all the northwest.

1800.—Indiana territory organized, embracing the region now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota east of the Mississippi. Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison is appointed governor. Wisconsin included in St. Clair county.

1804.—Gen. Harrison makes a treaty with the Sacs and Foxes at St. Louis, in which they extinguish their title to parts of the lands in Wisconsin in the southern portion, including the lead region.

1805.—Michigan territory organized.

1809.—Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, and John Bradbury, the Scotch naturalist, explored Wisconsin.

John Jacob Astor's party of explorers, under William P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific ocean. The story of the western part of their journey is told in Irving's "Astoria."

Illinois Territory created, including what is now Wisconsin, which becomes a part of St. Clair county (as when Wisconsin belonged to Indiana).

1811.—The Wisconsin Indians to some extent take part in Tecumseh's war, on the English side.

Wisconsin in the War of 1812.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English. French traders in Wisconsin mostly held commissions in the English army.

1814.—An expedition by the British organized at Mackinac for the capture of the American military post at Prairie du Chien (Fort Shelby), started June 28, reaching Green Bay six days later, was joined by Louis Grignon, a Creole leader with 30 *habitans* of Green Bay, and about 100 Indians, and rowed up the Fox river in grand procession. July 17 they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin a few miles below Fort Shelby. The American garrison numbered some 60 or 70 effective men with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block houses; and a gun boat manned by part of the garrison, and with 14 cannon, lay in the river. The attacking force was about 500 whites and 120 Indians. The British commander, Maj. McKay, demanded the surrender of the fort. Lieut. Perkins, the American officer in command, declined to surrender. The one British cannon opened upon the gun boat. After receiving some 50 or more shots the boat dropped down stream. The fort was then attacked and Perkins, abandoned by the gun boat, was forced to surrender. McKay with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. The American loss was 5 killed and 10 wounded in the boat and 3 killed in the fort. Soon after, Perkins and his men were given back their arms and sent down the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Fort Shelby to Fort McKay.

1815.—After peace with Great Britain the British commander of the fort offered to turn the post over to the American governor at St. Louis, and (May 24) hauled down his flag and proceeded up the Wisconsin, thence to Mackinac.

1816.—Treaty with Indians confirming that of 1804. Erection of Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien, and Fort Howard at Green Bay, begun; Major Morgan in command at Prairie du Chien, Col. John Miller at Fort Howard.

1818.—Illinois admitted into the Union. Wisconsin attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties organized in Michigan and embrace the whole of Wisconsin, besides other territory. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee.

1820.—United States commissioners adjusted land claims in Green Bay. John Jacob Astor's American Fur Company had stations at Green Bay, on the Menomonee, Peshtigo, Oconto, and Upper Wolf rivers. Milwaukee the entrepot of trade with the Pottawatemies. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty at the present site of Kaukauna, for the trade on the Lower Fox. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Rolette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being on the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. The same company had stations at La Pointe, and on Lac du Chambeau, Lac Chetac, Rice Lake, Tomahawk Lake, Lac Court Oreilles, Namekagon Lake and other points in the Chippewa country.

The fur traders, at various times in this period, established posts, which ultimately led to settlements at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, Depere, Kaukauna, Neenah, Hudson, Portage, Menomonee, Oconto, Peshtigo, Black River Falls, Rice Lake, Baraboo, and Shullsburg.

On July 9, of this year the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard, by Rev. Jedediah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1822.—The New York Indians, transplanted, purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.

1823.—Counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac made a separate

judicial district by Congress. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi. Lake Superior surveyed by Lieut. Bayfield of the British navy. Judge James Duane Doty held his first district court of the territory at Prairie du Chien, October 17.

1824.—First court held in Brown county, opened July 12, with Jacques Porlier, chief justice. Judge Doty opened the first United States district court at Green Bay, October 4.

1825.—Treaty concluded in August between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin by Gov. William Clark and Lewis Cass, the former then serving as superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, the latter as governor of Michigan territory. The Indians begin to grow sullen. An Episcopal mission established at Green Bay, by Rev. Norman Nash.

1826.—First steamboat on Lake Michigan. The lead mines attract attention. The general government leased lands for mining purposes in 1822, and in this year the mining population rose from 100 to 406 by the following March. First Episcopalian parish organized at Green Bay, April 10.

1827.—The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford abandoned and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. The Winnebagoes murdered a half-breed named Methode and his family near Prairie du Chien. Red Bird, and two other Indians, inflamed by rumors that Winnebago prisoners had been killed by the whites, murdered and scalped Rigeste Gagnier and Solomon Lipcap near Prairie du Chien. About the same time, a band of thirty-seven Winnebagoes attacked two keel boats on the Mississippi, laden with provisions for the troops at Fort Snelling, killing two whites, and wounding two mortally and two slightly, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. The news spread through southwestern Wisconsin and thousands of settlers fled in the greatest precipitation to Galena. Gov. Cass, of Michigan territory, soon came upon the scene. Col. Snelling reinforced Fort Crawford. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines; Maj. Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Lower Wisconsin moved up that river, pursuing the fleeing Winnebagoes. They were overtaken near Portage, and seeing themselves overpowered, gave up the murderers. Red Bird soon after died in prison. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebagoes cede lands. Rev. Richard F. Cadle opens Episcopalian mission to Indians, at Green Bay.

1828.—Fort Winnebago built at the portage. An Indian treaty had at Green Bay. The Indian claim to the lead region purchased.

1829.—Thousands of miners settled in the lead region. Speculation rife. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830.—The Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien. A Protestant mission was founded on Madeline island, one of the Apostle islands, in Lake Superior, opposite Bayfield—the first of the island missions at La Pointe, the original La Pointe mission having been founded on the mainland. Rev. Cutting Marsh arrived at Green Bay, May 1, from Massachusetts, to open Presbyterian mission to Stockbridge Indians at Statesburg (South Kaukauna).

The Black Hawk War.—1832.—This year Black Hawk, a head-man of the Sacs, had a village at the mouth of the Rock river. He hated the Americans and loved the English. Returning from a visit to Canada in 1830, where he had been flattered by the English, he found the settlers had preempted the site of his village and the burial ground of his fathers. He was enraged and made threats. The militia were called out. Ten companies of United States troops came to the mouth of the Rock river, and Black Hawk was compelled to cross the Mississippi promising never to return. But he failed to keep his promise. He recrossed the river in April, passed up Rock river to Prophetstown, intending to raise a crop there. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and Wisconsin. Settlers fled or threw up log forts. Gen. Atkinson, with 1,600 horse and 200 foot volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded one company—and 300 regulars were put on the march. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock river. At Stillman's creek he halted to surrender. His messengers of peace were killed by the pickets when they approached the lines. With a mere handful of braves, he then attacked and sent scampering to the rear 275 horsemen, with thirty-five braves. Removing his women and children to the swamps of Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin, he descended into Illinois, scattering consternation. Skirmishes took place in many places in northern Illinois, and at Pecatonica, Blue Mounds and Sinsiniwa Mounds in Wisconsin. Some 200

whites and as many Indians lost their lives in these battles, skirmishes and surprises.

Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region,—Fort Union at Dodgeville, where Major Dodge's headquarters had been; Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson; Fort Hamilton at Wiota; Fort Jackson at Mineral Point; Mound Fort at Blue Mounds and others.

Pending this outbreak, Col. Dodge came with Captains John H. Rountree, and James H. Gentry, to the head of the Four Lakes, near where Madison now is, and had a council with the Winnebagoes, urging them not to join the Sacs in the war.

Gen. Atkinson, in command, sent Dodge's command, and also Major Henry's and Major Alexander's brigades to Fort Winnebago at Portage for supplies. Arriving there, he learned from the Winnebagoes the hiding place of the Sacs and Foxes, Black Hawk's band. They were then at the rapids of Rock river, near what is now Hustisford. The force at once set out to attack them.

The Indians, however, had fled. Their trail was discovered, bearing toward Wisconsin river, and they were pursued. Reaching the Catfish river, between Third and Fourth Lakes, the Indians were found on the site of the city of Madison,—one of whom was shot and left dead near the present capitol. The next day (July 21) the Indians were pursued; they fled westward passing to the south of Fourth Lake to the bluffs of the Wisconsin. A battle here ensued. The Indians lost several killed and many were wounded. The American loss was one killed and 8 wounded. Thence, Black Hawk and his party fled westward to the Mississippi. A few days later Col. Dodge pursued them, with fresh troops, and came up with them near the mouth of the Bad Axe, 40 miles above Prairie du Chien. A steamboat had been sent up the river, to prevent their escape across the river. The Sacs were now in bad plight. Col. Dodge attacked them. Some escaped across the river. The rest were captured. Black Hawk escaped to seek refuge among the Winnebagoes; but a large reward was offered for him; and the Winnebagoes arrested and gave him up. He was sent to Prairie du Chien, thence to Jefferson Barracks. Of the 1,000 Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring not over 150 survived the famous Black Hawk war. The chief died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak served one purpose: it advertised Wisconsin and stimulated settlement.

1833.—An Indian treaty at Chicago. The lands south and west of Milwaukee were ceded to the government. Milwaukee settled in the fall. The first newspaper, the Green Bay Intelligencer, established. First Congregational church in Wisconsin organized at La Pointe, on Madelaine island.

1834.—Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. First public land sale at Mineral Point. Census taken; population found to be 4,795.

1835.—The first steamboat landed at Milwaukee June 17. Public lands surveyed by William A. Burt. Great influx of settlers. By December 1, 1836, 878,014 acres of land had been sold to settlers and speculators. Bishop Baraga founds a Catholic mission on Madelaine island.

1836.—The territory of Wisconsin organized by act of Congress. April 30, Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Jackson. July 4, territory organized. John S. Horner of Virginia appointed secretary, Charles Dunn, of Illinois, chief justice, David Irwin and William Frazer, of Pennsylvania, associate justices, sworn in at Mineral Point, amid great festivity. Territorial council met at Belmont, October 25. United States Land office opened at Milwaukee. December 3, capitol located at Madison, "between the Third and Fourth of the four lakes, on the corner of sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, north of range 9, east." The same year, July 14, the "Milwaukee Advertiser" commenced publication. The first school opened in Milwaukee.

George W. Jones elected as the delegate in Congress.

The supreme court held its first session at Belmont. The Belmont "Gazette" published.

1837.—Michigan admitted into the Union. The Northern Peninsula attached to it, in violation of the rights of Wisconsin, causing great indignation to the people of the territory.

A treaty made by Governor Dodge with the Menomonees, in which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin.

The people of Milwaukee organize two municipal corporations—"Milwaukee-on-the-east-side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on-the-west-side-of-the-river." Great strife between them.

Copper ore found near Mineral Point. The corner stone of the capitol laid at Madison, July 4, with great solemnities.

1838.—Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty postoffices established in the territory.

1839.—Battle between Sioux and Chippewas in northern Wisconsin; 200 said to have been killed.

1840.—First brewing of beer in Milwaukee. U. S. census showed population of 30,945 white persons.

1842.—C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was afterward tried in Green county and acquitted.

1844.—The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization, settle at Cresco, now Ripon, under the leadership of Jesse Strong. Gov. Doty removed and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed.

1845.—Tallmadge removed and Doty reappointed. Large Swiss colony planted at New Glarus, Green county.

1846.—The people voted in favor of a state government. Congress passed act to enable and authorize the formation of state government. First constitutional convention met at Madison, October 5.

1847.—First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. Census showed population of 210,546. Second constitutional convention opened at Madison, December 15.

1848.—Wisconsin admitted into the Union under act of Congress approved May 29. First legislature convened June 5. State officers sworn in June 7. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker elected United States senators. Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. Large German immigration this year. Partially successful attempt made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Long Prairie, Minnesota. Free school system established by law.

1849.—Construction of railroad from Milwaukee westward begun. In January, first telegram received in Milwaukee. Legislature instruct I. P. Walker to resign because of his vote in interest of the south. Cholera epidemic. "Gold Fever" causes great exodus to California. State Historical Society organized by members of first State legislature, January 30. State university organized.

1850.—Mob in Milwaukee attack and wreck house of John B. Smith for introducing a liquor law in the legislature. Census reported population at 305,391.

1851.—First railroad train run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852.—Numerous railroad enterprises started in southern part of the state.

1853.—Charges made for the impeachment of Judge Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district. Tried, and, after protracted trial, acquitted.

1854.—Meeting at Ripon, February 28, to organize the Republican party; the name "Republican" suggested by A. E. Bovay. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave, arrested at Racine, March 10. Rescued at Milwaukee by force, from the United States marshal, on the following day. Sherman M. Booth arrested and committed to jail on the 26th of May for aiding in Glover's rescue. A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Associate Justice Abram D. Smith, who decided on the hearing that the "Fugitive Slave law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The Supreme Court of the state sustained him. (An interesting account of this conflict between the State and Federal Judiciary will be found in note in Vilas & Bryant's edition of Wisconsin Reports, Vol. 11, p. 517.) The Supreme Court of Wisconsin held the fugitive slave law void, and that it had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal, those who were held in custody charged with violating the law. This was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, July 13. A mass convention held in the Capitol Park at Madison. The Republican party organized, and so named. German immigration very large.

1856.—Gov. William A. Barstow having been certified by the state board of canvassers as re-elected and taken the office of governor, Coles Bashford brought an information in the nature of *quo warranto* to oust Barstow and establish his own claim as having been elected. The proceedings result in Bashford's favor. Sept. 24, the steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington. Hon. John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, perished in the boat.

1857.—Railway completed to Prairie du Chien. Monetary panic of this year severely felt in Wisconsin.

1858.—November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of the Chicago & Fond du Lac R. R. (now C. & N. W.) wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen persons killed and seven wounded.

1860.—Steamer Lady Elgin, with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine, and 225 persons, mostly of the Third ward in Milwaukee, drowned.

1861.—April 16, President Lincoln's call for one regiment received. Governor Randall's proclamation issued calling for volunteers. Thirty-six companies tender service within one week. Troops organized during the year as follows:

May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field.

June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field.

June 29, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field.

July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field.

July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field.

July 16, Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field.

September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field.

September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field.

October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field.

October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field.

October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11, 1862, left for the field.

October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field.

November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized; January, 1862, mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Fifteenth regiment organized; February 14, 1862, mustered; March 9, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Sixteenth regiment organized; January 31, 1862, mustered; March 13, 1862, left for the field.

Bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's bank attacked, June 24.

July 2, first Wisconsin soldier, George C. Drake, Company A, First infantry, killed at Falling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started south to care for Wisconsin soldiers wounded at Shiloh. April 19, he was drowned at Pittsburg Landing in the Tennessee river. In April, some 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President calls for 75,000 more troops. Wisconsin's quota assigned at about 2,976. July, 300,000 troops called for. The Wisconsin quota assigned at 11,904. November 10, draft made to fill Wisconsin quota.

1863.—August 5, Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee. The "Ryan address" to the people of the state adopted. Matt. H. Carpenter publishes reply to the address. The "War Democrats" held mass-convention at Janesville to protest against the Ryan address. October 17, further call for troops; Wisconsin's quota, 11,904. November, draft made to fill quota.

1864.—February 1. President calls for 300,000 more volunteers; in March 200,000; and in July for 500,000; in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota about 53,483. On these calls 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Nov. 2, Ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865.—Several regiments sent to the field in completion of quotas under calls for troops. Whole number of troops furnished by Wisconsin, 91,379. June 28, Viroqua struck by cyclone, 17 persons killed and 150 wounded. Most of the Wisconsin troops mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, Ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, Ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died.

1866.—Hon. James R. Doolittle, U. S. senator, requested to resign, because of his support of President Johnson's "policy." Fourth regiment mustered out after serving over five years.

1867.—Ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died, June 19.

1868.—Col. Dunbar discovers the medicinal properties of the "Bethesda Spring" at Waukesha. April 8, the "Sea Bird" burned on Lake Michigan. All on board lost, save two. Effort made to remove the state capitol to Milwaukee. Towns, cities and villages authorized to take stock in railroads.

1871.—Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown, and Manitowoc counties. One thousand or more persons perished and three thousand reduced to destitution. Large contributions, poured in from all parts of the United States, Great Britain and Canada, France and Germany, relieve the sufferers and provide them with comfortable homes, food, implements and clothing.

1872.—July 26, Ex-Gov. Alex. W. Randall, the first "war governor," died.

1873.—July 4, great hurricane on Green Lake in Green Lake county. Eleven persons drowned. Partially successful attempt to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Nebraska, and place them on reservation there.

1874.—"Potter Law" placing limit on railroad freights and fares enacted. April 27, presidents of railroad companies announce, through communication to the governor, that they regard the law invalid. Gov. William R. Taylor issues proclamation demanding obedience to the law. Action brought to enjoin companies from violating the law, and, after able trial, the injunction granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering an opinion now quite famous.

1875.—April 28, Oshkosh burned. Manufacture of cotton cloth started in Janesville—the first in the state. Women first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—January, Supreme court decided that under our laws women cannot be admitted to practice law at the bar of that court.

1877.—Law passed admitting women to the privilege of practicing law. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.

1878.—State overrun with tramps. Disturbances and lawlessness at various points where tramps congregate. June, cyclone sweeps through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson and counties eastward. Some twelve or fifteen persons killed and great destruction of property. Indian scare in Burnett county. Hundreds of settlers leave their homes on account of large assemblies of Indians gathering to hold dances. April 25, Ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880.—October 19, Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died.

1881.—Senator Matt. H. Carpenter died in Washington, February 24. Strike of cigarmakers in Milwaukee. September, strike at Eau Claire of workmen in mills for reduction of hours. Property injured, National Guard called out, and eight companies stationed there. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened in September.

1882.—Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died. Constitution amended to have biennial legislative sessions.

1883.—January 10, Newhall house burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. March 25, Hon. Timothy O. Howe, Post Master General, died at Racine. Nov. 8, South wing of the capitol extension fell, killing seven workmen. February 23, Ex-Gov. William E. Smith died.

1884.—December 1, Science Hall, State University, burned to the ground.

1886.—May 1, workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce "eight hours" for a day's work. May 3-5, becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the National Guard and several killed and wounded. October, The "limited express" on the C., M. & St. P. R'y wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia county. Some 11 to 15 persons killed or burned.

1887.—Great boom in Gogebic iron stocks.

1888.—Collapse in Gogebic iron stocks.

1889.—Great strike at West Superior. National Guard ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10, Ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21, Ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—Eleventh census gives population of Wisconsin 1,686,880.

1891.—June 17, Ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. Aug. 27, Dr. Lyman C. Draper, secretary Wisconsin State Historical Society, and one of the leading spirits in its work, died.

1892.—A disastrous succession of fires in Milwaukee including the great Third

Ward fire October 28. \$5,000,000 of property destroyed. Daniel S. Durrie, for 37 years librarian of State Historical Society, died September first.

1893.—Panic resulting in failure of the Plankinton, the Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. Ex-Governor J. M. Rusk died November 21. R. L. D. Potter, author of Potter Railroad Law, died November 9. General Joshua Guppy died December 8.

1894.—Disastrous forest fires in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Portage and Washburn counties. Moses M. Strong died July 20. Experience Estabrook, prominently identified with formation of state constitution, died March 26.

1895.—State census taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. Severe drought and light crops in southern Wisconsin; abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last survivor of the Black Hawk war, died May 30. Simeon Mills died June 1. Hiram H. Giles died May 10. Mrs. Cordelia A. P. Chester died February 27.

1896.—Very large immigration to northern Wisconsin as a result of special effort to induce settlement and the liberal state and county appropriations for the same purpose. Gen. Lucius Fairchild died May 23. Horace Rublee, editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, died Oct. 19. Carl Jonas, United States Consul at Crefeld, Germany, died January 15. George W. Jones, a Wisconsin pioneer, died in Iowa, July 22. Milwaukee celebrates the centennial year of her settlement. Free traveling library system initiated by State Senator James H. Stout, in Dunn county. Seventh State Normal School opened, at Superior.

1897.—State school for feeble-minded opened at Chippewa Falls, June 1. Gen. Chandler P. Chapman, adjutant general under Governor Rusk, and to whose organizing ability is largely due the present efficiency of the Wisconsin National Guard, died at Madison, May 12; Jerome R. Brigham, a noted pioneer teacher and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, January 21; Chauncey C. Britt, pioneer editor, died at Portage, July 31; Rev. Solomon S. Burleson, pioneer missionary, died at Oneida, February 22; Col. Conrad Krez, poet, soldier, and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, March 8; Mrs. William P. Lynde, prominent as a member of State Board of Charities, and commissioner to Centennial Exposition (1876) and World's Fair (1893), died at Milwaukee, June 26; Joseph T. Mills, pioneer Wisconsin lawyer, judge, and assemblyman, died in Denver, November 22; Allen Warden, member of second Wisconsin constitutional convention, died at Lamar, Mo., March 11.

1898.—Wisconsin raises and equips four regiments of infantry and one battery, for the Spanish-American war,—5,390 men in all. May 29 (Sunday), being fiftieth anniversary of approval of act of congress admitting Wisconsin to the Union, is fittingly observed at several county seats on Saturday, the 28th, by local celebrations. June 7 being fiftieth anniversary of swearing in of first State Officers, is observed at Madison, June 7-9, by appropriate literary and patriotic exercises, in the presence of a large crowd of visitors. June 27-July 2, Milwaukee celebrates by a splendid semi-centennial carnival, emphasizing the industrial and commercial progress of the State. July and August, great strike of woodworkers in mills and factories of Oshkosh, accompanied by rioting and bloodshed; State troops called out, and affair finally settled by compromise. State reformatory opened at Green Bay, August 1. Disastrous forest fires in northwest Wisconsin, during September; several lives lost, and much property destroyed; relief agencies established in various cities of the State.

1899.—Jan. 23, Milwaukee public museum opened in new building. Jan. 31, Joseph V. Quarles elected United States senator. Feb. 19-20, burning of Wisconsin Chair Co.'s plant at Port Washington; loss, \$350,000. Feb. 22, celebration of fiftieth anniversary of formation of State Historical Society. Feb. 28, fourth regiment, Wis. Vols., mustered out at Anniston, Ala. April 12, burning of Choate-Hollister furniture factory, at Oshkosh; loss, \$160,000. May 20, five dams break in Pike River flood; loss, \$50,000. June 12, cyclone destroys New Richmond, and does much damage in northwestern Wisconsin; large loss of life



SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.

and property. June 27-30, Milwaukee Carnival. July 19, burning of Hotel Grace, at Milwaukee; forty firemen injured, and one killed, by falling roof. Sept. 6, unveiling by State Historical Society, of bronze tablet on site of Father Allouez's Jesuit mission at De Pere (founded 1671-72). Nov. 13, semi-centennial anniversary of founding of Lawrence University, Appleton.

1960.—Jan. 31, burning of Masonic building at Stevens Point; loss, \$40,000. Feb. 6, death at Anaconda, Mont., of Beriah Brown, a noted Wisconsin pioneer editor. Feb. 21, railroad wreck near Curtis; seventeen persons injured. March 17, death at Madison, of Gen. Henry Harnden, capturer of Jefferson Davis. March 29, death at Oshkosh, of former U. S. Senator Philetus Sawyer. June 4-9, meeting in Milwaukee of General Federation of Women's Clubs. June 5, death at Madison, of Col. John G. McMynn, prominent as a Wisconsin educator. June 10, death at Gurnee, Ill., of George W. Featherstonhaugh, member of constitutional convention. July 5, death at Hartford, Conn., of Dr. Henry Barnard, a famous educator, once chancellor of University of Wisconsin. Aug. 4, death at Beloit, of Prof. Joseph Emerson, for 52 years prominently connected with Beloit College. Sept. 3, dedication of Oshkosh public library, costing \$150,000. Oct. 4, death at Fort Atkinson, of Nathan S. Greene, prominent in Wisconsin business circles since 1846. Oct. 19, dedication of new State Historical Library building at Madison; principal address by Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts. Oct. 24, death at Sheboygan Falls, of David Giddings, member of constitutional convention; death at Jersey City, N. J., of Peter Doyle, former secretary of state. Dec. 7, tablet erected on site of first county buildings in Milwaukee. Dec. 9, burning of Anson-Eldred Co.'s mills near Stiles; loss, \$75,000. Dec. 13, death at Green Bay, of Malcolm Sellers, an early editor and one of the founders of the Republican party. Dec. 25, death at Oshkosh, of Col. H. B. Harshaw, former state treasurer. Dec. 30, dedication of Merrill school, at Oshkosh, costing \$40,000.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodge..... from July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty..... from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadge..... from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodge..... from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Horner..... appointed by Andrew Jackson..May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter..... appointed by Andrew Jackson..Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn..... appointed by Martin Van Buren..Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field..... appointed by John Tyler.....Apr. 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd..... appointed by James K. Polk.....Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin..... appointed by James K. Polk.....Feb. 24, 1843

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....Aug., 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....Sept., 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J..... appointed by Martin Van Buren.....Nov., 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Dec. 7, 1836
Horatio N. Wells..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Mar. 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jackson..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Jan. 26, 1842
William Pitt Lynde..... appointed by Governor Tallmadge..Feb. 22, 1845
A. Hyatt Smith..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlin..... appointed at December Term.....1836
Simeon Mills..... appointed at July Term.....1839
La Fayette Kellogg..... appointed at July term.....1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapman..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....1836
Moses M. Strong..... appointed by Martin Van Buren.....1838
Thomas W. Sutherland..... appointed by John Tyler.....1841
William Pitt Lynde..... appointed by James K. Polk.....1845

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President—Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary*—Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Henry.

Brown—Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt.

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque—Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk*—Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines—Isaac Lefler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford—James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee—William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa—William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque—Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.¹

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Levi Sterling.

Brown—John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.²

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

*Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

¹Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

²In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac Lefler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson,¹ Jean Brunet.²
Des Moines—Isaac Lefler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,³ Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.⁴
Milwaukee—William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.
Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.
Milwaukee—Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.
Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.
Des Moines—Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.
Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins.⁵
Milwaukee—Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy,⁶ Loring Wheeler.
Des Moines—Isaac Lefler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

¹In place of James B. Dallam.

²In place of James H. Lockwood.

³Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

⁴Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

⁵In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

⁶In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas Morgan.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

Crawford—Alexander McGregor.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*, Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings, Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.²

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant at-Arms*—James Durley.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant at-Arms*—Gilbert Knapp.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.
Crawford—Charles J. Learned.³

¹In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

²In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

³In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Nelson Dewey of Grant. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—D. M. Whitney.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth—Orlmi Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zedoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President—James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.

Milwaukee and Washington—Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Jares.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Francis M. Rublee.

Racine—George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—William H. Bruce,¹ Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa—Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson, David Newland.

Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix—Alfred Brunson,² Joseph R. Brown.

¹Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.²Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report.

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.
COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.¹
Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,² Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Moses M. Strong.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.³
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.
Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.⁴
Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.⁵
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.
Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.⁶
Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,⁷ David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when

¹Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

²In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.

³Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

⁴Elisha S. Sill claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted. Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

⁵Seat contested and awarded to Theophilus La Chappelle.

⁶In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

⁷In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April, 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

Racine—Consider Heath,* Peter D. Hugunin.*

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Milwaukee and Washington—Hans Croker, Lemuel White, David Newland.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix—Theoph. LaChappelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William S. Anderson.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.

Walworth and Rock—John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.

Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Iowa—Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.

Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.

Racine—Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.

Grant—Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President—Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—G. C. S. Vail.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lemuel White, Hans Crocker, David Newland.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix—Theoph. La Chappelle.

Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

*These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—J. W. Trowbridge.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.

Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.

Iowa—Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.

Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.

Rock and Walworth—John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.

Grant—Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.

Racine—John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles H. Larkin.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.

Crawford and St. Croix—Wiram Knowlton.

Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Chauncey Davis.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.¹

Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.

Crawford and St. Croix—James Fisher.

Racine—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.

Milwaukee and Washington—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.

Iowa—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.

Crcut—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

President—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.² *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Joseph Brisbois.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

¹Brothertown Indian. ²Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and William R. Smith elected.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Knocland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Watworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Racine—Michael Frank—Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—David Bonham.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.
Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James Fisher.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.
Watworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James McGone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.
Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Polc.
Rock—Ira Jones.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—John Bevin.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.
Watworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa and Richland—William Singer.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncy M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.
Watworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.
Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.
Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Childer.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.
Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.
Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.
Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.
Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.
Crown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago
 —Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.
Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.
Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.
Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.
Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.
Jefferson and Dodge—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Henry Jackson.
Washington and Sheboygan—Benjamin H. Mooers.
Waukesha—George Reed, L. Martin.
Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848.

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Sheboygan and Washington—Chauncy M. Phelps.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Specker—Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Mullanphy.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.
Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.
Sheboygan and Washington—Benj. H. Mooers.*
Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.
Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.
Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.
Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.
Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.
Waukesha—George Reed, Leonard Martin.
Dodge and Jefferson—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.
Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Henry Jackson.

*Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington County was rejected.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE—The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey	Lancaster	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell.....	Madison.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur.....	Milwaukee.....	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1856
Coles Bashford.....	Oshkosh.....	from Mar. 25, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey.....	Shopiere	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon.....	Milwaukee	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchild.....	Madison	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn.....	La Crosse.....	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor.....	Cottage Grove..	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington.....	Milwaukee.....	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jeremiah M. Rusk.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard.....	Ft. Atkinson.....	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Upham.....	Marshfield	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield.....	Oconto.....	from Jan. 4, 1897, to.....

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E. Holmes.....	Jefferson	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal.....	Taycheedah	from Jan. 7, 1850 to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns.....	La Crosse	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell.....	La Crosse.....	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble.....	Whitewater	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Wyman Spooner.....	Elkhorn	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound.....	Chippewa Falls..	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit.....	Kenosha	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker.....	Pleasant Valley..	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham.....	Chippewa Falls..	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland.....	Lancaster	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas.....	Racine	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Bansch.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 8, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Jesse Stone.....	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh.....	Delavan	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
C. D. Robinson.....	Green Bay.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Alex. T. Gray.....	Janesville	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
David W. Jones.....	Belmont	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey.....	Shopiere	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild.....	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Llewellyn Breese.....	Portage	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Peter Doyle.....	Prairie du Chien..	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Hans. B. Warner.....	Ellsworth	from Jan. 7, 1878 to Jan. 2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme.....	Kenosha	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham.....	Chippewa Falls..	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Henry Casson.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 7, 1895 to Jan. 2, 1899
William H. Froehlich.....	Jackson	from Jan. 2, 1899 to.....

STATE TREASURERS.

Jairus C. Fairchild.....	Madison	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen.....	Cedarburg	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856
Charles Kuehn.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings.....	Trempealeau	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1866
William E. Smith.....	Fox Lake	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Henry Baetz.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1870 to Jan. 5, 1874
Ferdinand Kuehn.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Richard Guenther.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Edward C. McFetridge.....	Beaver Dam.....	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
John Hunner.....	Bau Claire.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Sewell A. Peterson.....	Rice Lake.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
James O. Davidson.....	Soldiers' Grove..	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown.....	Milwaukee	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook.....	Geneva	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith.....	Madison	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe.....	Green Bay	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith.....	Milwaukee	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill.....	Watertown	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow.....	Dellona	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan.....	Beaver Dam.....	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby.....	West Bend.....	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
James L. O'Connor.....	Madison	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Mylrea.....	Wausau	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Emmett R. Hicks.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Eleazer Root.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852
Azel P. Ladd.....	Shullsburg.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright.....	Prairie du Chien.....	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 20, 1855
A. Constantine Barry.....	Racine	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper.....	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard.....	Platteville	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sept. 30, 1864
John G. McMynn.....	Racine	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig.....	Madison	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows	Milwaukee	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing	Milton	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford.....	Milton	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jesse B. Thayer.....	River Falls	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells.....	Appleton	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
John Q. Emery.....	Albion	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Lorenzo D. Harvey.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker.....	Green Bay	from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis.....	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires.....	Mineral Point	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk.....	Kilbourn City	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey.....	Ozaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

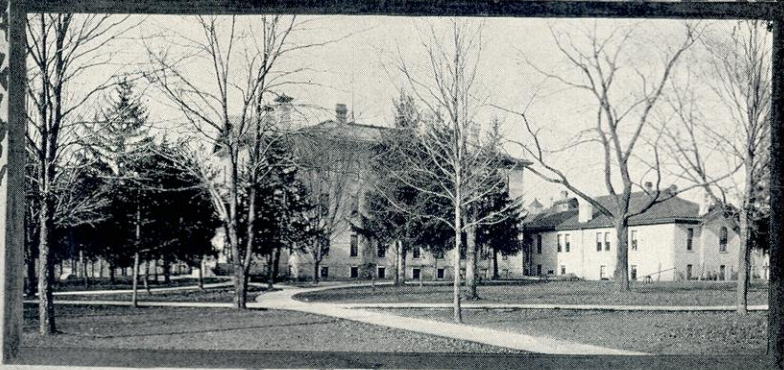
(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor	Waupun	from Mar. 28, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown	Fond du Lac.....	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks.....	Baraboo	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward MacGraw	Sheboygan	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg.....	Waterford	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier	Waupun	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler.....	Springvale	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874.)

Oliver C. Johnson.....	Beloit	from Apr. 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard.....	Eau Claire	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876



NW-LITHO.MIL

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, DELAVAN.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt.....	Madison	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul.....	Milwaukee	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn.....	Oshkosh.....	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb.....	Fond du Lac.....	from Mar. 10, 1876, to Feb. 1, 1878
A. J. Turner.....	Portage	from Feb. 1, 1878, to Feb. 15, 1882
N. P. Haugen.....	River Falls	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson.....	Soldiers' Grove ..	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson	Independence	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie.....	Alma	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior ..	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madison.....	from Apr. 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr. Baraboo.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root, Sheboygan.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke, Milwaukee.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Oct. 15, 1898
Emil Giljohann, Milwaukee	from Oct. 15, 1898, to.....

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.	Circuit.	Date of oath of office.	Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.....	4th	August 28, 1848, to.....	Jan. 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.....	1st	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1851
Levi Hubbell, A. J. ¹	2d	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J.....	3d	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.....	5th	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J.....	4th	January 1, 1851, to.....	June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.....	6th	August 6, 1850, to.....	June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Edward V. Whiton.....	C. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	Apr. 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon.....	C. J.	April 20, 1859, to.....	June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan.....	C. J.	June 17, 1874, to.....	Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole.....	C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to...1st M. Jan.,	1892
Samuel Crawford.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	June 19, 1855
Abram D. Smith.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole.....	A. J.	June 19, 1855, to.....	Nov. 11, 1884
Ryron Paine.....	A. J.	June 21, 1859, to.....	Nov. 13, 1864

¹Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION—Con.

Jason Downer.....	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1854, to.....	Sept. 11, 1867
Byron Paine.....	A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, to.....	Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyon ¹	J.	Jan. 20, 1871, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1894
David Taylor ²	J.	April 18, 1878, to.....	Apr. 3, 1896
Harlow S. Orton ³	J.	Apr. 18, 1878, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1898
John B. Casseday ⁴	J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to.....	1st M. Jan. 1906
John B. Winslow.....	J.	May 4, 1891, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1906
Silas U. Pinney ⁵	J.	Jan. 1, 1892, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1902
Alfred W. Newman ⁶	J.	Jan. 1, 1894, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Roujet D. Marshall.....	J.	Aug. 5, 1895, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Charles V. Bardeen.....	J.	Apr. 5, 1898, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Joshua E. Dodge ⁷	J.	Nov. 19, 1898, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1902

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

J. R. Brigham.....	Appointed August term.....	1848
Samuel W. Beale.....	Appointed December 12.....	1851
Lafayette Kellogg.....	Appointed June 1.....	1853
Clarence Kellogg.....	Appointed June 11.....	1878

¹Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1892. ²Deceased Apr. 3, 1891. ³Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1894. Died July 4, 1895.

⁴Ex-officio Chief Justice. ⁵Resigned Nov. 9, 1898. ⁶Deceased Jan. 12, 1898.

⁷Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Silas U. Pinney. Elected April 4, 1899, to fill unexpired term, ending 1902.

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of Service.	CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of Service.		
1.	Wyman Spooner.....	1853	7.	Geo. W. Cate.....	1854 to 1875		
	James R. Doolittle.....	1853 to 1856		G. L. Park.....	1875 to 1884		
	C. M. Baker.....	1856 to 1857		Chas. M. Webb.....	1884 to.....		
	J. M. Keep.....	1857 to 1859	8.	S. S. N. Fuller.....	1855 to 1860		
	David Noggle.....	1859 to 1865		Henry D. Barron.....	1860		
	Wm. P. Lyon.....	1865 to 1871		L. P. Weatherby.....	1860 to 1866		
	Robert Harkness.....	1871 to 1875		H. L. Humphrey.....	1866 to 1877		
	Ira C. Paine.....	1875 to 1876		E. B. Bundy.....	1878 to 1897		
	J. T. Wentworth.....	1876 to 1884	Eugene W. Felms.....	1897 to.....			
	John B. Winslow.....	1884 to 1891	9.	A. L. Collins.....	1855 to 1858		
Frank M. Fish.....	1891 to.....	L. S. Dixon.....		1858 to 1859			
2.	Alex. W. Randall.....	1856		H. S. Orton.....	1859 to 1864		
	Arthur McArthur.....	1856 to 1869		Alva Stewart.....	1864 to 1889		
	Jason Downer.....	1869		Robert G. Siebecker.....	18 9 to.....		
	D. W. Small.....	1869 to 1880	10.	S. R. Cotton.....	1855 to 1861		
	Charles A. Hamilton.....	1880 to 1888		Edwin Wheeler.....	1861 to 1863		
	D. H. Johnson ¹	1888 to 1900		G. W. Washburn.....	1863 to 1870		
	Eugene S. Elliott.....	1900 to.....		Ezra T. Sprague.....	1870 to 1872		
	L. W. Halsey ²	1900 to.....		E. H. Ellis.....	1872 to 1879		
	3.	C. H. Larrabee.....	1853 to 1858	Geo. H. Myers.....	1880 to 1892		
		A. Scott Sloan.....	1858 to 1859	John Goodland.....	1892 to.....		
John E. Mann.....		1859 to 1857	11.	S. H. Clough.....	1861 to 1877		
D. J. Pulling.....		1867 to 1873		H. D. Barron.....	1877 to 1882		
Eli C. Lewis.....		1873 to 1874		S. H. Clough.....	1882 to 1889		
D. J. Pulling.....	1874 to 1885	R. D. Marshall.....		1889 to 1896			
Geo. W. Burnell.....	1885 to.....	A. J. Vinje.....		1896 to.....			
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline.....	1853 to 1858	12.	S. H. Conger.....	1871 to 1883		
	David Taylor.....	1858 to 1869		John R. Bennett.....	1883 to.....		
	Cambell McLean.....	1869 to 1881		13.	A. W. Newman.....	1877 to 1878 ⁶	
	N. S. Gilson.....	1881 to 1899			A. Scott Sloan ⁴	1881 to 1895	
	Michael Kirwan.....	1899 to.....			Warham Parks.....	1895 to 1896	
5.	M. M. Cothren.....	1853 to 1865	James J. Dick.....		1896 to.....		
	J. T. Mills.....	1865 to 1877	14.		S. D. Hastings, Jr.....	1884 to.....	
	M. M. Cothren.....	1877 to 1883		15.	J. K. Parish.....	1888 to.....	
	Geo. Clementson.....	1883 to.....			16.	C. V. Bardeen ⁵	1891 to 1898 ⁷
	6.	Geo. Gale.....				1856 to 1861	Willis C. Silverthorn.....	1898 to.....
Isaac E. Messmore.....		1861 to 1862				17.	Wm. F. Bailey.....	1891 to 1895^{7}
Edwin Flint.....		1862 to 1869	James O'Neill.....				1898 to.....
Romanzo Bunn.....		1869 to 1877	17.				
A. W. Newman.....		1878 to 1893					
A. W. Newman.....	1878 to 1893						
Joseph M. Morrow.....	1894						
Orvis B. Wyman ³	1894 to 1900						
J. J. Fruit.....	1900 to.....						

¹ Died June 15, 1900.⁴ Died April 8, 1895.² Appointed July 28, 1900.⁶ Resigned Feb. 3, 1898.⁷ Created in 1891.⁵ Died Dec. 2, 1900.⁸ Changed to 6th circuit.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

FROM 1848 TO 1901 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, b.
Abrams, Wm. J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha...	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1853, 54.
Altpefer, Oscar.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1878, 79.
Anson, Frank A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01, b.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1891, 93, b.
Arnold, Alexander A.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1877, 78, b.
Austin William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1889, 91, b.
Bacon, Orrin.....	Monticello, Green.....	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1875, 76.
Bashford, Robert M.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893, 95.
Burnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853, 54, 55.
Baxter, Charles H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Bean, Samuel C.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Bechtner, Paul.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Aiden I.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1882, 83, b.
Bently, John A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1848, b.
Bissell, William G.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1899.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 75, b.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1880, 81.
Blake, Edward R.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Blair, Andrew M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 54.
Blair, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1877, 78.
Botkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1849, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Bowen, Ezra B.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 55.
Bowen, Thomas S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bissell, William G.	Lodi, Columbia.	1901.
Boyd, John W.	Geneva, Walworth.	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1866, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr.	Beloit, Rock.	1853.
Brown, Neal.	Wausau, Marathon.	1893, 95, b.
Brown, Orlando.	Modena, Buffalo.	1872, 73, b.
Brownue, Edward L.	Waupaca, Waupaca.	1861, 62, 67, 68.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane.	1875, 76, b.
Buckstaff, Geo. H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson.	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.	Shullsburg, Lafayette.	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.	Madison, Dane.	1857.
Burchard, Samuel D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdge, R. J.	Beloit, Rock.	1879, 80, 91, 93, b.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock.	1859, 60, b.
Burke, Michael E.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1895, 97.
Burns, Edward E.	Platteville, Grant.	1901.
Burrows, George B.	Madison, Dane.	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.	Viroqua, Vernon.	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus.	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald.	Middlebury, Iowa.	1878, 79.
Campbell, Francis.	Gratiot, Lafayette.	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John.	Osmon, Manitowoc.	1883, 85, 87, b.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet.	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.	Racine, Racine.	1853, 54, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan.	1861, 62, b.
Casc, Jerome I.	Racine, Racine.	1865, 66.
Cate, N. S.	De Sota, Vernon.	1862.
Cavanaugh, Daniel.	Osceola, Fond du Lac.	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.	Sparta, Monroe.	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.	Windsor, Dane.	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappel, William.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1858, 59, b.
Chase, C. S.	Racine, Racine.	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren.	Ceresco, Fond du Lac.	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.	Burlington, Racine.	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee.	Horicon, Dodge.	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1857, 58.
Clawson, P. J.	Monroe, Green.	1889, 91.
Clement, Charles.	Racine, Racine.	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel.	Gratiot, Lafayette.	1861, 62, 65, 66, b.
Colladay, William M.	Stoughton, Dane.	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.	Arcadia, Trempealeau.	1883, 85, b.
Conger, William F.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.	1895, 97.
Conkey, Theodore.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James.	Madison, Dane.	1885, 87.
Conner, Henry.	Viroqua, Vernon.	1891, 93.
Cook, E. Fox.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1857, 58.
Cooper, H. A.	Racine, Racine.	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.	Prescott, Pierce.	1868, 69.
Cothren, Montgomery M.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1849, 50.
Cottrell, J. P. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1883, 85.
Cotzhausen, Frederick W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1873, 74.
Cox, Charles P.	River Falls, Pierce.	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.	Neenah, Winnebago.	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.	Wausau, Marathon.	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.	Delton, Sauk.	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.	Beloit, Rock.	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage City, Columbia.	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.	Middleton, Dane.	1870, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Davis, Charles W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1895, 97.
Day, C. W.	De Pere, Brown.	1887.
Dean, Eliab B., Jr.	Madison, Dane.	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.	1860, 61.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
DeGroff, John W.	Alma, Buffalo.	1881, 82, b.
Delancy, Arthur K.	Mayville, Dodge.	1887, 89, b.
Dennett, Fred. A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1897, 99.
Dennis, William M.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.	Columbus, Columbia.	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1870, 71, b.
Devos, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1897, 99, 01.
Devey, Nelson.	Lancaster, Grant.	1854, 55.
Dexter, George E.	Monroe, Green.	1856, 57.
Douglas, Mark.	Melrose, Jackson.	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richland Center, Richland.	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles.	Belmont, Lafayette.	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, T. A.	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1887, 89.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, Lafayette.	1863, 64, 67, 68 b.
Eastman, Enos.	Plymouth, Sheboygan.	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, J. A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1850, 51.
Eaton, Barney A.	Cudahy, Milwaukee.	1899, 01, b.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland.	1872, 73, b.
Eagan, Michael, J.	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1860, 61, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.	Green Bay, Brown.	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.	Peshtigo, Oconto.	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. De Witt.	Princeton, Green Lake.	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.	Tomah, Monroe.	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Falconer, Russel C.	Portage, Columbia.	1891, 93.
Farr, Asabel.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1876, 76, b.
Fearne, Thomas.	Coloma, Waushara.	1899, 01.
Fenton, Daniel G.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1848.
Fetzer, John.	Forestville, Door.	1855, 91, 93, b.
Ferguson, Benjamin.	Fox Lake, Dodge.	1860, 61.
Field, R. C.	Osseo, Trempealeau.	1874, 75, b.
Fifield, Sam S.	Ashland, Ashland.	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelburg, Augustus.	Fountain City, Buffalo.	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Ira W.	Menasha, Winnebago.	1869, 70.
Fisher, James.	Eastman, Crawford.	1849, 50, b.
Fisher, Charles T.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.	1895, 97.
Fitch, George.	Berlin, Green Lake.	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1856.
Flint, Edwin.	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1862.
Flint, Rockwell, J.	Menomonie, Dunn.	1876, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake.	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock.	1861, 62, b.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago.	1871, 72, b.
Fratt, Nicholas D.	Racine, Racine.	1859, 60.
Fritz, Theodore.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1887, 89.
Frost, Geo. L.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1866, 67, b.
Gale, George.	Elkhorn, Walworth.	1850, 51.
Gardner, E. T.	Monroe, Green.	1848, 49.
Gary, George.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1866, b.
Gaveny, John C.	Arcadia, Trempealeau.	1901.
Gernon, Edward.	Genesee, Waukesha.	1856, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.	Benton, Lafayette.	1848.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1855, 56, b.
Giddings, James.	Chester, Dodge.	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane.	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Bolivar G.	Grafton, Ozaukee.	1855, 56.
Gill, Charles R.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1860, 61.
Ginty, George C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1885, 87, b.
Goodell, Lemuel.	Stockbridge, Calumet.	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1854.
Gray, Hamilton H.	Darlington, Lafayette.	1869, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.	Milford, Jefferson.	1873, 74, b.
Greene, Walter S.	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.	1887, 89.
Green J. Herbert.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1897, 99, 01.
Grulich, Augustus.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1857, 58, b.
Griffin, Michael.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.	1880, 81, b.
Grimmer, George.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.	1877, 78, 79, 80.
Griswold, William M.	Columbus, Columbia.	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, b.
Habich, Carl.....	Madison, Dane.....	1868, 69.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 56, b.
Hagemeister, Henry F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1901.
Hall, John C.....	Monroe, Green.....	1870, 71.
Hamilton, J. B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1862, 63, 81, 82.
Hanchett, Luther.....	Plover, Portage.....	1857, 58, 59, 60.
Hatton, William H.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1899, 01.
Harris, Joseph.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1864, 65.
Harris, John H.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1899, 01.
Harvey, Louis P.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862, b.
Hazelton, George C.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1868, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1861, 62.
Head, Orson S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Herrick, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1882, 83, b.
Hiner, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1848.
Holloway, John C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas.....	Madison, Dane.....	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1848, 49, 50, 91, 93, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1859, 60, 68, b.
Houghton, Horace E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1854, 55.
Hoyt, J. W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Hudd, Thomas, R.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1862, 63.
Hudd, Thomas, R.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b
Huebbschmann, Francis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72.
Hulburt, David B.....	Loganville, Sauk.....	1855, 87, b.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1862, 63, b.
Hunt, George F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 54.
Hutchinson, Buell E.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1860, 61, b.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Hyer, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1851, b.
Irish, Joseph E.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimbelle, Pierce.....	1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, Michael A.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1899, 01.
Jacobs, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1885, 87, b.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862, b.
Johnson, John A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1873, 74, b.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1857, 58, 61, 62, 69, 70, b.
Joiner, R. L.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1883, 85, b.
Jones, Alfred M.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1899, 01.
Jones, Evan O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1873, 74.
Jones, John H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1871, 72.
Judd, Stoddard.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1866, 67, b.
Kellogg, John A.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1880, 81, b.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1855, 56, b.
Kempf, John J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 91.
Kennedy, William.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95.
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862, 63, b.
Kershaw, William J.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1869, 70, b.
Ketcham, William.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Milville, Grant.....	1885, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball, Alanson M.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1863, 64.
Kimball, M. L.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1857, 59, 61, 82, 83, b.
Kingston, J. T. Jr.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1891, 93.
Kinney, Asa.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1843, 49.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac	1885, 87, b.
Knudson, Norman A.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1899, 91.
Koenitzer, C. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Kreiss, George.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1872, 73, b..
Kreutzer, Andrew L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1899, 91.
Kroeger, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 91.
Kruskop, George.....	Richland Center, Richland.	1876, 71, 74, 75.
Kruszka, M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95, b.
Kusel, Frederick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1881, 82.
Lakin, George W.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 49.
Lamoreux, Clarence A.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1897, 99.
Lander, H. W.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1868, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Lawrence, William A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887, 89, b.
Lees, Robert.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891, 93, b.
Lewis, James T.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1853, 6.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1865, 66, b.
Lindsay, Myron P.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872, 73.
Lins, John A.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1885, 87, b.
Little Francis.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1864, 65, 66, 67, CS, CS, C9.
Lochen, Peter.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1887, 89.
Roper, Alonzo A.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1883, 85, b.
Lovejoy, A. P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1887, 89.
Loy, Joseph F.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1854, 55.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70, b.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1891, 93, b.
Magoon, Henry S.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1871, 72.
Mailor, Andrew C.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1897, 99.
Main, Willett S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1889, 91.
Mann, Curtis.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1868, 69.
Manz, Baltus.....	Meeker, Washington.....	1854.
Martin, Harry C.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1899, 91.
Martin, Levi F.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1893, 95.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1858, 59, b.
Masters, E. D.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington..	1858, 59, 60, 61, b.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1885, 87, b.
Mayer, Stephan F.....	West Bend, Washington..	1895, 97.
McClellan, Samuel R.....	Wilmot, Kenosha.....	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 85, b.
McDonough, Frank.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire....	1901.
McFarland, David.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1875, 76, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
McGechan, Robert J.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1893, 95, b.
McGrew, Joseph B.....	Richland Center, Richland.	1880, 81, b.
McGillivray, James J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1895, 97, 99, 91, b.
McKeely, Gilbert E.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1881, 82.
McLane, George R.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
McMullen, John E.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1895, 97.
Mead, M. C.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1889, 91.
Mead, Matt J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1858, 59.
Meffert, William O.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Merrill, Geo. F.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1887, 89.
Merrill, Henry.....	Fort Winnebago, Columbia.	1848, 49.
Messinger, R. N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Miller, Ezra.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853, 54.
Miller, Wm.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1889, 91, b.
Miller, George P.....	Madison, Dane.....	1901.
Mills, Edgar G.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1890, 91.
Mills, Jesse C.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon.....	Madison, Dane.....	1848.
Mills, Thomas R.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1895, 97, b.
Miner, Eliphalet S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1871, 72, b.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Minor, Edward S.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1874, 75.
Morgan, Lyman.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80.
Morris, T. D.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1863, 64.
Morse, Elmer D.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1901.
Moshier, Orville W.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1901, b.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1872, 78, b.
Munson, Oliver G.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897, 99, c1.
Murphy, Dennis.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1849, 99.
Murphy, J. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 93, b.
Nash, Wm. F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1889, 91, 93, b.
Nason, Joel F.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1885, 87.
Nelson, William.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1872, 73.
Nevins, Sylvester L.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1875, 1876.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1868, 69, b.
Norton, Otis W.....	Milton, Rock.....	1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
O'Neil, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858, 57, b.
O'Neil, William.....	Washburn, Bayfield.....	1901, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1843, 74, b.
Paddock, Francis.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1855.
Palmer, Andrew.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1852, 83.
Parry, William T.....	Portage Columbia.....	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Peirce, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1895, 97.
Persons, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1833, 91.
Pettibone, C. A.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1870, 71.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1893, 95, b.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1879, b.
Phillips, E. S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 61.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1895, 97.
Phipps, W. H.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1891, 93.
Pier, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pingel, John L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Pinckney, Bertine.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, b.
Pond, L. E.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1887, 89.
Popé, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1862, 63.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93, b.
Prentice, Judson.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852, 53.
Price, H. H.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1889, 91.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Proudfit, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858, 59.
Proudfit, James K.....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1895, 97.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1882, 83.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1867, 68.
Reed, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Duncan C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, Myron.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1871, 72.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1866, 67, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Reynert, James D.....	Denoon, Waukesha.....	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, J. C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889, 91.
Reynolds, John F.....	Genoa Junction, Racine.....	1899, 01.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Rice, John A.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
Richardson, Hamilton.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Richmond, George N.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878, 79, b.
Ring, M. C.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885, b.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, 85, b.
Ritch, William G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868.
Rittenhouse, W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1850, 51.
Riordan, Daniel E.....	Eagle River, Vilas.....	1897, 99, 01.
Rodolf, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1859, 60, b.
Roehr, Julius E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897, 99, 01.
Rolfe, James.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rust, William A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887, 89.
Ryan, James.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1867, 68, b.
Schantz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Phillip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1877, 78, b.
Scfield, Edward.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Schuette, John.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875, 76.
Schulteis, H. J.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1857, 58.
Scott, Thomas B.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853, b.
Seeley, M. W.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1859, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 53, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848, 49.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1856, 57, b.
Silverman, Lion.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smead, S. M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1893.
Smith, Augustus L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 54, b.
Smith, John B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Smith, Patrick H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1856, 57, b.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Solliday, Albert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Spensley, Calvert.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893, 95.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862, 63, b.
Sprague, Fred A.....	Eagleville, Waukesha.....	1849, 50.
Squires, Joel C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, b.
Stanchfield, S. B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1889, 91, b.
Stanley, Wm. S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1866, 67, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Algoma, Kewaunee.....	1895, 97, 99, 01, b.
Steele, Elijah.....	Pike, Kenosha.....	1850.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1867, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, Alva.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1852, 53, b.
Stewart, John W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 61.
Strong, Bennett U.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Stout, James H.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1895, 97, 99, 01.
Sutherland, George E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1880, 81.
Sutherland, James.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855, 56, 57, 58.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Swain, George W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1878, 79.
Sweet, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1860, 61, b.
Sweet, Benjamin J.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1861.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1889, 91, b.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855, 56, 69, 70, b.
Taylor, H. A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1889.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1859, 60, b.
Thayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893, 95, 97, 99, b.
Thomas, John E.....	Sneboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1880, 81.
Thorn, Gerrit T.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1867, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Herman S.....	Cypress, Kenosha.....	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1866, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1859, 60.
Timme, Ernst G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1895, 97.
Todd, S. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867, 68.
Torry, Return D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1858, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1851, 52.
Turner, Joseph.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1848.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Vittum, David S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853, 54.
Voss, Wm. F.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
Waddington, J. S.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1870, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858, 59, b.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Hans B.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1883, 85.
Warren, John H.....	Albany, Green.....	1858, 59.
Washburn, G. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880, 81, b.
Webb, Charles M.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Wechselberg, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885, 87.
Weed, Henry I.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899, 01.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1874, 75, 93, 95, b.
Weil, Baruch S.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1853, 56, 57, b.
Welch, David E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Welton, Chauncey B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1897, 99.
Wescott, Dayne E.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893, 95.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1856, 65, b.
West, E. B.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1852.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1854, 55, b.
Whelan, John W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1897, 99, b.
Wheeler, Edwin.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
Wheeler, Geo. F.....	Nanauipa, Fond du Lac.....	1864, 65, 66, 67.
White, Philo.....	Racine, Racine.....	1897, 99.
Whithead, John M.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897, 99, 01.
Whitman, Alexander B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897, 99.
Whitman, Joel.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1867, 68.
Whittlesey, T. T.....	Madison, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Whidule, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wiley, James F.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1881, 82, 83, 85.
Wilson, Smith S.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65.
Willard, Victor M.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1877, 78.
Williams, M. B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1869, 70, b.
Wilmot, Gilead J.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1868, b.
Wilson, William.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1857.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Willy, T. Albert.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1901, b.
Withee, Levi.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Wing, Merrick P.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1878, 79, b.
Wolf, George W.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1901, b.
Woodman, Edwin E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Woodnorth, J. H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.
Woodworth, D. W.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1895, 97, 99.
Worthington, Denison.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1851, 52, b.
Yahr, F. T.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1891, 93.
Youmans, Clarion A.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1895, 97.
Young, Austin H.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1864, 65.
Young, Milas K.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Eps.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Young, William.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1868, 69.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncey.....	Madison, Dane.....	1850.
Abbott, Samuel G.....	Verona, Dane.....	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1877.
Abert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62, 63, 63, 69, 70, 72.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, 83, 93, b.
Abrams, Delos.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1875.
Abrams, William J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Ackermann, Christian.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Adams, John W.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1899.
Adams, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Adams, Benjamin F.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1862, 72.
Azanz, Ebenezer.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1855.
Agams, George H.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1864.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1848, b.
Adams, Henry C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883, 85.
Adams, Isaac.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1867, 75.
Adams, James M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1870.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1869, 70, 72, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1853, 63, b.
Adams, Michael.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1872, 83.
Adamson, Wm. A.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Adland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1879.
Agen, James H.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
Agry, David.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1848.
Ahlhauser, Anthony.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Ainsworth, Broderick.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1901.
Akan, Robert.....	Richland, Richland.....	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1882.
Alcott, Denison.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1863.
Alden, Albert.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1849, 53, 60.
Alden Alvin B.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1858.
Alden, Levi.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1873.
Aldrich, William.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1859.
Allan, James, Jr.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Allen, Abaz F.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1871.
Allen, Anson C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Allen, Dwight S.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889.
Allen, Fayette.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1864, 67, 69.
Allen, George.....	Linn, Walworth.....	1855.
Allen, George R.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1880.
Allen, Gideon W.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1872.
Allen, Henry.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1848.
Allen, James H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1873.
Allen, Joseph.....	New California, Grant.....	1867.
Allen, Lucius.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1864.
Allen, Phillip.....	Browntown, Green.....	1889.
Allen, Thomas S.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1857.
Allen, William C.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1866, 67.
Allen, William P.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1854.
Alling, Alexander M.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Allison, William.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1877.
Anderson, Canute.....	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	1878, 83.
Anderson, Henry.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1901.
Anderson, John.....	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1875.
Anderson, J. S.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1871, b.
Anderson, Nels.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1880.
Anderson, Nicholas.....	Albion, Dane.....	1899.
Anderson, Ole.....	Esotea, Vernon.....	1875.
Anderson, Thomas W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1876.
Andrew, Wallace W.....	South Superior, Douglas.....	1901.
Anson, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Anson, Frank A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Anunson, John.....	Winchester, Winnebago....	1856, 57.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1882, 83, 85, 87, b.
Armstrong, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853.
Armstrong, John.....	Wiota, Lafayette.....	1866.
Armstrong, William H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1873.
Arnold, Alexander H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau....	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Aloysius.....	New Coelin, Milwaukee....	1877.
Arnold, Douglas.....	Williamsburg, Trempealeau	1860.
Arnold, Fayette P.....	South Grove, Walworth....	1862.
Arnold, Josiah.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1878.
Arnot, William L.....	Plover, Portage.....	1877.
Ashley, Oliver.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1863, 66.
Ashley, Yates.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1863, 64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1848.
Atherton, George R.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1861.
Ausman, Henry.....	Elk Mound, Dunn.....	1879.
Austin, Wm. H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Austin, William J.....	Leon, Monroe.....	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian.....	Emmett, Dodge.....	1852.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1857, b.
Ayers, Almon P.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1858.
Ayres, D. Cooper.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1868, 71, 72.
Ayres, Maurice L.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1849.
Babb, John H.....	Sabin, Richland.....	1901.
Babcock, Alexander O.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Babcock, J. W.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1889, 91.
Babcock, Oscar.....	Decotah, Waushara.....	1865, 66.
Bachuber, Andrew.....	Knowles, Dodge.....	1885.
Bachhuber, Max.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1860, 64, 75.
Bacon, Orvin.....	Monticello, Green.....	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Bacon, Frank L.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
Bailey, Alexander.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1872.
Bailey, Elihu.....	Mill Creek, Richland.....	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, S. J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1889.
Bailey, L. S.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1891.
Bainbridge, Thomas.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1872, 81.
Baker, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1858.
Baker, John A.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Baker, P. O.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1889.
Baker, Samuel H.....	Bristol, Dane.....	1854.
Baker, Thomas.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1875.
Baker, William Y.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1878.
Baker, Edmund U.....	Edmund, Iowa.....	1891.
Balch, Albert V.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1870.
Baldock, Jeremiah W.....	Brant, Calumet.....	1899.
Baldwin, Asa L.....	Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca..	1877.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1860.
Baldwin, Phineas.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1872, 77.
Ball, Hiram J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1871, 78.
Ballach, William.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1859.
Ballantine, George.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1860.
Bancroft, Darius L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 74.
Bannister, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1851, 62.
Bannon, James.....	New Cassel, Fond du Lac..	1891.
Barney, A. B.....	Spencer, Marathon.....	1893.
Barber, Hiram.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1849.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.
Barber, Silas.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1868, 75.
Barber, Whitman A.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Barber, William A.....	Warren Mills, Monroe.....	1882.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1873.
Barker, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1901.
Barliss, Andrew.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1874, 75, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

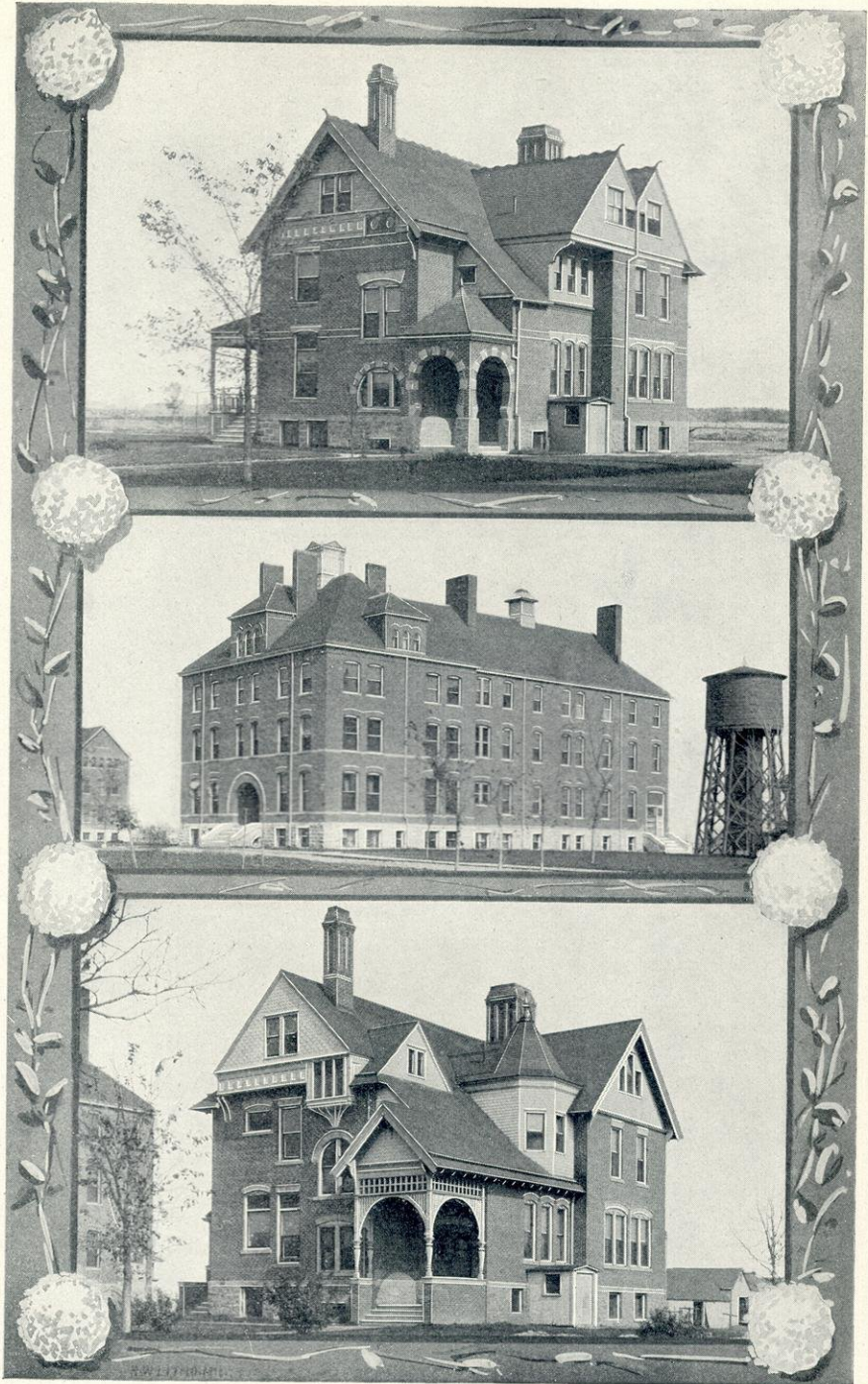
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Barlow, Frederic G.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1878.
Barlow, John M.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1899, 01.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1852, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1867, b.
Barnard, Henry C.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1870, 71.
Barnes, Dwight B.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1880, 81.
Barnes, Harry.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Barnes, Henry W.....	Wiota, Lafayette.....	1857, 70, 71.
Barnes, Horace W.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1862, 68.
Barnes, S. K.....	....., Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Barnes, William P.....	Barton, Washington.....	1853.
Barnett, Morris S.....	Eldorado, Fond du Lac.....	1851, 57.
Barney, Benj. F.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 56.
Barney, J. A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1889.
Barnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1860, 64, b.
Barnum, Marcus H.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1897.
Barnes, Caleb P.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1850, 55.
Barrett, James M.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1878.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, b.
Barron, Quartus H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S.....	Loyd, Richland.....	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1878.
Barry, A. Constantine.....	Sylvania, Kenosha.....	1864.
Barry, James.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1879.
Barry, Thomas.....	Erin, Washington.....	1862.
Barter, Samuel.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1879.
Barth, John.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1870.
Bartholf, J. C.....	Milton, Rock.....	1885, 87.
Bartholomew, G. M.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1857.
Bartlett, Frederick K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Bartlett, James O.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1882.
Bartlett, William P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.....	Flintville, Brown.....	1873, 74.
Basford, Luther.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1859, 70.
Bassett, Reuben L.....	Wilmot, Kenosha.....	1862.
Bassinger, Samuel H.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1858.
Bate, Arthur.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Bate, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1871.
Bates, Allen C.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862, 63, 66.
Bates, Richard B.....	Racine, Racine.....	1872.
Baxter, John B. G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1869.
Beach, Carmi W.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1870.
Beach, Horace.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1864.
Beach, Wood R.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1864.
Beach, Zenas.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1875.
Beach, Joseph B.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1897.
Bean, David R.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1862, 80.
Bear, John.....	Plain, Sauk.....	1861.
Beard John F.....	Warren (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1874.
Beardsley, James W.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1862.
Beath, John.....	Verona, Dane.....	1860.
Beattie, Thomas.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1880.
Beaumont, Eph.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1889.
Becher, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Bechtel, Daniel.....	Madison, Dane.....	1897.
Beck, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Beck, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Becker, Moritz N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73.
Becker, Nicholas E.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Beckman, Charles.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah.....	Lone Rock, Sauk.....	1882.
Beckwith, George W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson F.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1872.
Beebe, M. P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1889.
Beecroft, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Beger, Charles.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1858.
Bell, Charles J.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1854.
Bell, John.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1853.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bemis, Kiron W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1866, 67.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1870.
Bennett, James.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1855.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1859.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1869.
Bennett, Joseph.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1876.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Pine Knob, Iowa.....	1887.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Clyde, Iowa.....	1889.
Bennett, Steven O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1850, b.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1869, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1859, 61.
Benson, Lewis M.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1868.
Benson, Schuyler W.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1861.
Bentley, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 78, 79, 80
Berg, Frederick R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Bernhard, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1854.
Berry, James.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1865.
Bertram, Henry.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1870.
Besse, Henry L.....	Butternut, Ashland.....	1895.
Bettis, Benjamin H.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1860, c1, 69, 81,
Biddlecome, William R.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1851.
Billinghurst, Charles.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1848.
Billings, Henry M.....	Constance, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Bingham, James M.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1863, 64, 69, 70.
Bingham, James M.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1874.
Birchard, Matthew.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1868.
Bird, Augustus A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1851, 56.
Bird, Ira W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1849.
Bird, Joseph N. P.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1869.
Bishop, Benjamin P.....	Brownsville, Dodge.....	1882.
Bishop, George W.....	Wonewoc, Juneau.....	1882, 83.
Bishop, John C.....	Leltoy, Dodge.....	1859.
Bjornson, Gabriel.....	Perry, Dane.....	1851.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Black, Samuel.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1877.
Blackman, William W.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1859, 60, 64.
Blackstock, Thomas.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1869.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1879.
Blake, Edward R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1874, b.
Blake, Lucius S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1871.
Blake, George H.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1895.
Blakeslee, Albert P.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1848.
Blakeslee, Chauncey.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1877.
Blakeslee, Ephraim.....	Ironton, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Blauchard, Caleb S.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Blazer, Henry.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1855.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1873, b.
Blenski, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Bliss, Albert.....	Reedstown, Vernon.....	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874, 75.
Bliss, George W.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1870.
Block, Hyman E.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1852.
Blood, Ira.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859.
Blount, Jere A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1876.
Blv, George W.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1861.
Blyton, William H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1883, 85, 89.
Bock, Joseph.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1876, 77.
Rodden, Jacob.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74.
Boener, Edward.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1854.
Bogan, W. H. P.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Boender, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1882, 83.
Boncel, Andrew H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Bond, Joseph.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.....	Bellefontaine, Columbia.....	1861.
Bonnin, Christian.....	Bonduel, Shawano.....	1895.
Bonniwell, W. T., Jr.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1864, 65.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, SPARTA.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Boomer, Edward J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Boorse, Washington.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1880.
Booth, Charles E.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1876.
Borchardt, Francis J....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1882.
Borchsenius, Hans.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1897.
Bostedo, Louis.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1856.
Bostwick, Perry.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1864.
Bosustow, John.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1880.
Botkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1852, b.
Bottum, Henry C.....	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1868, 69, 79.
Boeck, Gabriel.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1860, 74.
Bouffeur, Philip.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1885.
Boutin, Nelson.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1864.
Bovay, Alvan E.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Bow, Orrin W.....	Kingston, Green Lake.....	1860, 78, 83, 93.
Bowe, Frank.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac....	1891.
Bowen, Jehdeiah.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.....	Elo, Winnebago.....	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia...	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1848, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.....	Lodi, Dane.....	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1862.
Boyd, John.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 60, 62, 70.
Boyd, Thomas.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Boyden, Philo Q.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles.....	Mineral Point, Lafayette.	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Brader, Isaac G.....	Wauwaukee, Dane.....	1893.
Bradberry, Joshua.....	Mt. Ida, Grant.....	1895.
Bradford, Ira B.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1880, 81.
Bradford, Simeon S.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1861.
Bradley, John.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1851.
Brand, Frederick C. G....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Brandon, William.....	Smelser's Grove, Grant....	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1873.
Brauer, Henry A.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893.
Braton, Lorentus J.....	Marquette, Green Lake....	1865, 85.
Brazelton, Alexander.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1873.
Bredemeyer, Reed C.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Bredemeyer, John.....	Edwards, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Bremner, George.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1881.
Brick, Nathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870.
Briggs, Andrew.....	Bad Ax, Bad Ax.....	1852, 56.
Briggs, Darius W.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford....	1871.
Briggs, John R.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1850.
Briggs, Melanethon J....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1881.
Briggs, Perry R.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1849, 51.
Briggs, Suel.....	New Amsterdam, La Crosse.	1878.
Briggs, H. E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1891.
Brigham, Ebenezer.....	Blue Mounds, Dane.....	1848.
Brigham, J. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Brill, John.....	South Kaukauna, Outagamie	1893.
Briml, Syrer E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887.
Brindley, John.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Britten, William B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1883.
Brock, Geo. H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L....	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1872.
Broderrick, George.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1859.
Bronson, Seldon M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1881.
Brooks, Wolcott T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 77.
Frost, Lambert.....	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac....	1876, 77.
Brown, Amosstead C.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1848.
Brown, Charles.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1872.
Brown, Daniel.....	Elm Grove, Waukesha.....	1866.
Brown, Elida W.....	Werauwega, Waupaca.....	1883.
Brown, George.....	Woodman, Grant.....	1873.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Brown, George W.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1862.
Brown, Isaac.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856.
Brown, James T.....	Clinton, Grant.....	1856.
Brown, Jedediah.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1848, 49.
Brown, Orlando.....	Gilmanstown, Buffalo	1862, b.
Brown, Samuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Brown, William G.....	Skinner, Green.....	1858.
Brown, William W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Brown, Neal.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1891.
Brownson, John W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1882.
Bruenmer, Lewis.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1883.
Brunquest, William.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1856.
Brunson, Delford S.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1901.
Bryant Edwin E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1867.
Bryant, George E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1899, b.
Bryant, Oliver B.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1850.
Buchan, Alfred L.....	Racine.....	1889.
Buck, Erastus J.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1867, 74.
Buckstaff, George H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1881, 82, b.
Buckstaff, George A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Buell, Chas. E.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1885.
Buffington, Byron A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1897, 99.
Bugh, Jacob S.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1866.
Bullard, Ernest L.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1891.
Bullard, Silas.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Bullen, Winslow.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1870.
Bullock, John D.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bump, Menzies R.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1860.
Burbank, Jerome.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1864.
Burchard, Charles.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856.
Burdeau, Willard E.....	Ellettsville, Brown.....	1901.
Burdge, Richard J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1879, 80, b.
Burdick, Burrows.....	Belmont, Rock.....	1866.
Burdick, Henry P.....	Oscola Mills, Polk.....	1893, 95.
Burdick, Joseph C.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1870.
Burdick, Perez C.....	Albion, Dane.....	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858, 72, 75, b.
Burgess, D. L.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1889.
Burgess, John.....	Maxville, Buffalo.....	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1852, 57.
Burgit, William.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1870, 74.
Burke, Michael E.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Burnett, Ellsworth.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1877.
Burnham, Charles T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Burnham, Jonathan L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Burnham, Miles.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1867.
Burnham, John F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Burns, David M.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1878.
Burns, Timothy.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1849.
Burr, Benjamin.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Burrows, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1895, b.
Burt, James W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Burtch, Albert.....	Mackford, Green Lake.....	1863.
Burtch, Henry S.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1870.
Burton, Samuel S.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1864.
Burke, Timothy.....	Wayside, Brown.....	1895.
Bushnell, Allen R.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872.
Bushnell, Milo C.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1867, 68.
Butler, Ammi R. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Butler, Thomas.....	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.....	1862.
Butterfield, Henry L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1856.
Buttles, Mark M.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1897, 99.
Button, Balza W.....	City Point, Jackson.....	1883.
Button, Seth W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1873.
Buxton, Luther.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868, 69.
Byers, F. W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1855.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Canbanis, George E.....	Big Patch, Grant.....	1872.
Canbanis, James H.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1881.
Cadby, John N.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1865.
Cady, Charles A.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1873, 74, 79.
Cady, Frank A.....	Marshfield, Wood.....	1901.
Cahill, James.....	Franklin, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Cain, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Cairncross, George.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1889.
Caldwell, William.....	Barton, Washington.....	1848.
Calkins, George H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1875.
Callis, John B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1874.
Calwell, Sylvester.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1869.
Cameron, Angus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1856, 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Cameron, John E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Campbell, Alexander.....	—, Iowa.....	1862.
Campbell, James.....	Albany, Green.....	1861.
Campbell, James M.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1848.
Campbell, Robert.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1880.
Campion, James.....	Mackville, Outagamie.....	1883.
Cance, Robert.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1883.
Cannon, Lucius.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885, 87.
Carbys, William.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1876.
Carel, John.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1879.
Carey, John.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80, b.
Carey, Robert T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Carlisle, Richard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 77, 82, 83
Carney, Joseph.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Carpenter, Elisha L.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.....	Monroe, Green.....	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.....	Milton Junction, Rock.....	1865, 74.
Carr, Warner C.....	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.....	1859.
Carroll, John P.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Carter, Almerin E.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.....	Sherwood, Calumet.....	1874, 77, b.
Carter, Jarvis W.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1868.
Carter, William E.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1877, 78, 79.
Carthew, John.....	Rockville, Grant.....	1867, 70.
Cary, Alfred L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1861.
Cary, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Case, John H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
Cash, William H. H.....	Eagle Corners, Richland.....	1880, 81.
Cashin, Patrick H.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1877.
Caskey, La Fayette.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1877, 90.
Cassoday, John B.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1875.
Caswell, Lucien B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1863, 72, 74.
Caswell, Oliver A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cate, George W.....	Mount Sterling, Crawford.....	1872.
Cathcart, Hugh.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Catlin, Charles L.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
Catlin, Horace.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1899.
Catton, James.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1856.
Cavanaugh, Daniel.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1852, 57, 62.
Caverno, Charles.....	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1870, b.
Caverny, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Challoner, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Chamberlain, A. O.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1885, 87.
Chamberlin, Charles E. }	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, George H. }	Grafton, Washington.....	1853.
Chambers, George H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1873.
	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1881.
	Bloomington, Grant.....	1871.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Champagne, Peter B.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1883.
Chandler, Willard H.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapin, William D.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1856.
Chapman, Horace M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Chapman, James F.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1863.
Chapman, Samuel E.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1848, 61.
Chappell, William.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1856, 57, b.
Charleton, William.....	Verona, Dane.....	1866.
	Madison, Dane.....	1876.
	Lake, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Chase, Enoch.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 53, 70, b.
Chase, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Chase, Henry.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1868.
Chase, Henry A.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1871, 72.
Chase, Horace.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Chase, Leroy S.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1875, 76.
Chase, Reuben.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Chase, Seth A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Cheever, Dustin G.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Cheeves, Patrick G.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1856, 78.
Cheney, David D.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1871.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1850.
Chesak, Jos.....	Poniatowski, Marathon.....	1889.
Child, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860.
Child, John.....	Lima, Rock.....	1856.
Chipman, William F.....	Warren.....	1856.
Christians, Henry C.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1895.
Christiansen, Geo.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Church, Francis R.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1865.
Church, Leonard C.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1897.
Cirkel, William F.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1885.
Clack, Charles.....	Apple Creek, Outagamie.....	1897.
Clapp, Harvey S.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1874.
Clark, Eugene F.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1895, 01.
Clark, Charles B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1885.
Clark, George F.....	Bugle, Fond du Lac.....	1866.
Clark, Isaac.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1870.
Clark, Gid H.....	Rhineland, Oneida.....	1897.
Clark, Samuel.....	Randolph Center, Columbia.....	1887.
Clark, John G.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1861.
Clark, Kendall P.....	Portland, Jefferson.....	1857.
Clark, Lyman.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1864.
Clarke, Frank E.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1895.
Clark, Samuel R.....	Brushville, Waushara.....	1878, 79, 85.
Clark, Saterlee, Jr.....	Green Lake, Marquette.....	1849.
Clark, Saterlee.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1873, b.
Clark, John C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1882.
Clason, Jesse A.....	Neosho, Dodge.....	1895.
Clason, Henry.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1874.
Clason, George W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Clemmens, David R.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1873, 74.
Clemmons, Noah.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1852.
Cleophas, Halvor.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1901.
Clifford, Patrick.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1889.
Clise, Samuel F.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1860.
Clise, William H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1873.
Clothier, Samuel T.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1851.
Clough, Darwin P.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1899.
Coatman, Lynn N.....	Wrocena, Columbia.....	1901.
Coates, Benjamin M.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1869, 75.
Coates, Kearton.....	Linden, Iowa.....	1875, 76.
Cobb, Amasa.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1860, 61, b.
Cobb, Nathan.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1865.
Cochrane, Robert.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1864.
Cochrane, William A.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1893.
Coe, Edwin D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1878, 79.
Colburn, Albert T.....	Cataract, Monroe.....	1876.
Colby, Charles L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Coldwell, Samuel J.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1881.
Cole, Luther A.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1853.
Cole, Samuel.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Cole, William.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1855.
Coleman, Charles B.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1853.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Cravath, Prosper.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1848.
Crawford, Henry.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Crawford, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Crawford, John C.....	Monroe, Green.....	1849.
Crawford, Robert M.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1891.
Crockett, John R.....	Belleville, Dane.....	1870.
Crockett, Samuel.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1877.
Croll, William.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1891, 93, 95.
Crosby, Geo. H.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1875.
Crosby, John B.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1862.
Cross, James B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50, 55.
Cross, William S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Crosse, Charles G.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1880.
Crosswell, Caleb.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1850.
Cunningham, Thomas.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Cunningham, Thomas J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1887.
Curley, Thomas.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1883, 85.
Curtis, David W.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1876.
Curtis, Dexter.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883.
Curtis, Joseph S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Mark.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1889.
Curtis, Thurman H.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Daane, Peter, Jr.....	Oostburg, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1865.
Daggett, Henry L.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1899.
Dahl, Andrew H.....	Westby, Vernon.....	1839, 01.
Dalley, Guy W.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1877.
Daily, Charles C.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1893.
Daily, John G.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1864.
Dakin, Wm. H.....	Dartford, Green Lake.....	1875.
Dale, Peter J.....	Coon Prairie, Vernon.....	1877.
Daley, Edward.....	Brown Deer, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Dana, Stillman E.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1871.
Danielson, George.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1893.
Darbellay, Joseph E.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1874.
Dassow, John.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1895.
Daugherty, Jonathan.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1848, 49.
Davenport, C. A.....	Auroraville, Waushara.....	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O.....	Soldiers' Grove, Crawford.....	1893, 95, 97.
Davies, David C.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1868.
Davis, Charles A.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Davis, Emery F.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1863.
Davis, John J.....	Miffin, Iowa.....	1871.
Davis, John W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1856, b.
Davis, Orsamus S.....	Cato, Manitowoc.....	1873.
Davis, Richard H.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1855.
Davis, Thomas.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1865, 66.
Davison, James.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1879.
Davison, Robert W.....	Beverly, Dane.....	1857.
Dawson, John.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 91.
Day, John.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1856.
Day, Rufus M.....	Mt. Hope, Grant.....	1885, 87.
Dean, Charles K.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	18 3.
Dean, Nathaniel W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1837.
DeGroff, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1879, b.
DeGroff, Allen H.....	Nelson, Buffalo.....	1895.
Deissner, Charles T.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1877.
Deleglise, Frank A.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1893.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1869, b.
Delaney, Mitchell L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1855, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.....	Pensaukee, Oconto.....	1882.
Delany, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1849.
DeLap, R. H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1889.
DeLong, Cornelius.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1850.
Dengel, Edward J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Denison, Charles R.....	Cadiz, Green.....	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1853, b.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dennis, W. L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Dent, James S.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1876.
Detrick, Walter G.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1882.
Desmond, H. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Desnoyer, Francis.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1854.
Detmering, Charles W.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1858.
Detling, Val.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Devaney, Dominick.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1856.
Devy, Patrick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1873.
Deuster, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Deuster, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Dewane, Dennis.....	Coopertown, Brown.....	1873, 76.
Dewey, William Pitt.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1869, 70.
Dewhurst, Richard.....	Nielsville, Clark.....	1859, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
DeWolf, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1860.
Dexter, Walter L.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1878.
Dick, Alonzo D.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1849.
Dick, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Dick, Wm. H.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1851, 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1882.
Dickson, John P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Dieckman, Theodore.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1892.
Dieringer, Andrew.....	Auburn, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Dieves, William.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Dike, Henry B.....	Oscola Mills, Polk.....	1891.
Dimond, Neil.....	Midland, Marquette.....	1872.
Dill, Dan J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1889, 91.
Dittmer, F. R.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1887.
Dittmar, Nicholas.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1866, 67.
Divin, Edward.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1850.
Dixon, Hannibal S.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1877.
Dixon, William.....	Ithaca, Richland.....	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Dockry, Michael.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1870.
Dockry, Patrick.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Dockstader, Benjamin.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1862, 63.
Dodge, A. Clark.....	Monroe, Green.....	1899, 01.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1850, 53, 68.
Dodge, Joshua E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1891.
Dodge, Henry S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Doe, William H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866.
Dole, Augustus O.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1876.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, 54.
Donovan, Richard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Doran, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Dorwin, Vivus W.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1877, 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1848.
Doud, Reuben.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1865.
Douglas, Alanson C.....	Hanover, Rock.....	1866.
Douglas, Byron.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1863.
Douglas, Mark.....	Melrose, Jackson.....	1874, b.
Douglas, Carlos L.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1873.
Dousman, Hercules F.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1877.
Dow, Everett E.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1901.
Dow, John T.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1867.
Dowe, Carl.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.....	Richmond, Richland.....	1855, b.
Doxtader, Harry.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1877.
Doyle, Peter.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1873.
Drake, Henry C.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1856.
Dresser, Samuel B.....	Oscola Mills, Polk.....	1870.
Dresser, Lester B.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1897, 99.
Dreutzer, Gus A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1887.
Drew, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70.
Duchman, William.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1858.
Duerrwaechter, Philip G.....	S. Germantown, Wash'gton.....	1901.
Duffy, Thomas T.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1858.
Dunlap, Charles.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1875.
Dunn, James B.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.....	Mapleton, Dodge.....	1874.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dunn, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1884.
Dunn, Thaddeus K.....	Wonevot, Juneau.....	1881.
Dunning Philo.....	Madison, Dane.....	1874.
Dunwiddie, David.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire.....	Robinson, Brown.....	1887.
Durgin, Ezra.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1848.
Dutcher, William.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1861.
Dwinnell, John B.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1858.
Eager, Almeron.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1901.
Earle, Thomas.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1858.
Earnest, James H.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1852, 54, 55, 57, 53, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1851.
Eastman, Eno.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1871, b.
Eastman, Lafayette.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Easton, Elijah.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1851, 58.
Eaton, Barney A.....	Cudahy, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97, b.
Eaton, Addison.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1880.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1865, 66, b.
Eatough, William.....	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Eble, Andrew.....	—, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen R.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870.
Edmonds, E. A.....	Oconto Falls, Oconto.....	1891.
Edwards, John.....	Port Edwards, Wood.....	1893.
Edwards, Wynn.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1897.
Egan, Michael.....	St. Martin's, Milwaukee.....	1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden.....	Racine, Racine.....	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H.....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1856.
Eidemiller, Louis.....	New Castle, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Eikme, Richard P.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859.
Ehler, Feder.....	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau.....	1881.
Ela, George.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1899, 01.
Elne, Francis M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Elkert, Chas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885, 89.
Elkins, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Ellarson, James T.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1895.
Ellefson, Christen.....	Liberty Pole, Vernon.....	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1878, 79.
Elliott, George W.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitts.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.....	Muscoda, Iowa.....	1889.
Elver, Fritz.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1864.
Emery, Albert W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1861.
Emmons, Newton H.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1865.
Emmons, Wales.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848.
English, Thomas W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1891.
Eno, Edgar.....	Valley, Vernon.....	1874, 91.
Enos, Elihu, Jr.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1857.
Erickson, Ole.....	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	1901.
Erskine, George Q.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Esau, Fred.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1901.
Esser, Bernard.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1881, 82, 85.
Estabrook, Edward.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1854.
Estabrook, Experience.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1851.
Eugene, John B.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868.
Eustis, William.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1854.
Evans, David, Jr.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1901.
Evans, Evan W.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1885, 87, 01.
Evans, John M.....	Union, Rock.....	1856, 73.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, PLATTEVILLE.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Evans, Llewelyn J.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857.
Evans, Neils C.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1893.
Evans, Rees.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1869.
Evans, William H.....	Yankeetown, Crawford.....	1874.
Evetley, Francis, Jr.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1851.
Everts, Almeron B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1861.
Everts, Edward L.....	Falls City, Dunn.....	1882.
Everts, George W.....	Granville Sta., Milwaukee.....	1883.
Eyiston, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64.
Eyiston, Thomas H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Faber, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891.
Fagan, James.....	Cedarburg, Washington.....	1849, 57.
Fagg, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fairchild, H. O.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1883, 85.
Falvey, Thomas.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Farr, Asa W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1856.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1873, b.
Farr, Joseph R.....	Phillips, Price.....	1899.
Farwell, Leonard J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fay, Benjamin F.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1869.
Fay, Reuel K.....	Star Prairie, St. Croix.....	1871.
Fay, Truman M.....	Roche-a-Cri, Adams.....	1865.
Fehland, H. R.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Fehlandt, William.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1889.
Feige, Julius.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1889.
Feld, Carl R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897, 99.
Fellenz, John.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1855, 87, 89.
Fellows, Timothy H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70, 72, 83.
Felt, Eugene K.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1852, 53.
Fenelon, James.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Fenton, Thomas.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1901.
Ferrin, Samuel A.....	Attica, Green.....	1853.
Ferris, George H.....	Montford, Grant.....	1872.
Fesenfeld, Herman.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Fetzer, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1901.
Fiebrantz, W. J.....	Forestville, Door.....	1885.
Field, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Field, Norton J.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1864.
Field, Robert C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Field, William, Jr.....	Richland City, Richland.....	1857, b.
Field, William W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1859.
Field, Storer W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1853, 58.
Filer, Alanson.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Filz, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855.
Filz, Joseph.....	Luxemburg, Kewaunee.....	1891.
Finch Oscar.....	Luxemburg, Kewaunee.....	1891, 93.
Finch, Earl P.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1891.
Findago, Charles.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883.
Finger, Adam.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Fink, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Finkelnberg, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876, 77.
Finley, William S.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1874, b.
Finn, David.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1861.
Pinnerty, Patrick.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1898, 95.
Fischer, Francis.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1887.
Fischer, Henry P.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1860.
Fisher, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Fisher, Lewis S.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lucius G.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1887.
Fisher, Seth.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1857.
Fisk, Harmon J.....	Center, Rock.....	1869.
Fisk, William J.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1877.
Fitzgerald, Frank.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1875, 76.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1877.
Fitzgerald, James.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Fitzgerald, Michael.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Fitzgerald, William H.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1870, 71.
FitzGibbon, E. E.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 91, 93.
	Waunakee, Dane.....	1885.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Flaherty, Michael J.....	Stark, Brown.....	1899, 01.
Flagg, Abner S.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1897.
Flanders, James G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Flett, William H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1897.
Fletcher, Daniel.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1856.
Fleming, William.....	Emmett, Dodge.....	1879, 80.
Fleming, John G.....	Wilmot, Kenosha.....	1887.
Flinn, Hezekiah.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1861.
Flint, John M.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Flint, Rockwell J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1875, b.
Flint, Waldo S.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1876, b.
Flood, Martin.....	Brooklyn, Green.....	1856.
Flynn, John.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Forbes, Jabez L.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1861, 69.
Fogo, William M.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1897, 99.
Folts, Jonas.....	Black River, Jefferson.....	1868.
Fontaine, Benjamin.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.....	Footville, Rock.....	1857, 67, b.
Foote, Apollos D.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1873.
Ford, David.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P.....	Golden Lake, Jefferson.....	1865.
Foster, Carlton.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Foster, Geo. H.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1863.
Foster, Henry L.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1853.
Foster, James H.....	Koro, Winnebago.....	1869, 70, b.
Fowle, Jacob.....	Emerald, Rock.....	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams.....	Columbus, Dodge.....	1870.
Fowler, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1854.
Frackenberg, Ernst.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1865.
Frank, John G.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1879.
Frank, Michael.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Frary, John S.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1865.
Frazell, James B.....	Wonewoc, Juneau.....	1863.
Fraser, Frank L.....	Lake Beulah, Walworth.....	1891, 93, 95.
Frazier, William.....	Enterprise, Vernon.....	1874.
Freeman, Charles F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871, 80.
Freeman, James W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1887, 89, 95.
French, Asa W.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1851.
Frey, Anton.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Friend, Jacob E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Frink, Charles N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Frisby, Leander F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1861.
Froehlich, William H.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1865, 97.
Frost, Fred J.....	Almond, Portage.....	1799, 01.
Frost, George L.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1879, b.
Frost, Joseph.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1867.
Frost, Richard D.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
Frost, Andrew C.....	Mountain, Oconto.....	1895.
Fryer, Nelson.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.....	Eden, Manitowoc.....	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1850.
Fullerton, Thomas M.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M.....	Loyal, Clark.....	1893.
Fulton, David C.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1878, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1852.
Gaarder, O. P.....	Oxfordville, Rock.....	1891.
Gabriel, Hiram.....	Stewart, Green.....	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D.....	New Fane, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 67.
Gage, Leroy D.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1862.
Gagnon, Jonas.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1899, 01.
Galaghan, Patrick.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1871.
Gallagher, John E.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1850.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Gallager, James S.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1883.
Gallett, Charles R.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1879.
Galaway, Martin O.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan....	1899, 01.
Galloway, Edwin H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1887, 64.
Gardner, George R.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1883.
Gardner, William.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1879.
Garrison, Orestes.....	Centralia, Wood.....	1861.
Gary, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1854, 55, b.
Garside, Ben Charles....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1887.
Gault, Frank.....	Pheasant Branch, Dane....	1858, 67, 68.
Gaynor, John A.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1893.
Gawin, August M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1897, 99, 01.
Gee, James E.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac....	1881.
Gee, John.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan....	1861.
Geise, William.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1879.
Geisse, Charles.....	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac..	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick.....	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan..	1875.
Germann, Columbus.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1876.
Germer, Amos E.....	Dexterville, Wood.....	1899.
Gibb, John.....	Ixonia, Jefferson.....	1858, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.....	Whitewater, Walworth....	1873.
Gibson, Moses S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1859.
Gibson, William J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.....	North Prairie, Waukesha...	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.....	Prospect Hill, Waukesha...	1878, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
Gilbert, Myron.....	Prospect Hill, Waukesha...	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Gillespie, John.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia...	1880, 81.
Gillilan, Davis.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1849.
Gilman, Charles W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1901.
Gilman, Franklin.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1880.
Gilmore, Henry S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1895, 99.
Gilmore, Hiram L.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1863, 68, 69.
Gilmore, James.....	Jamestown, Grant.....	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1863, b.
Gleason, Charles R.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire....	1870.
Gleason, George.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1876.
Gleason, Thomas.....	Grimm's, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Glenn, Robert.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1865, 73.
Goddard, H. J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1885.
Goedjen, Henry.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc....	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Goodall, I. E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1855.
Goodell, B. Frank.....	Montello, Marquette....	1876.
Goodell, Lemuel.....	Stockbridge, Calumet....	1848, b.
Goodell, Emilus S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897.
Goodhue, Thomas H.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1864, 70.
Goodrich, Charles P.....	Christiana, Jefferson....	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph.....	Milton, Rock.....	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1868.
Goodwin, George B.....	Menasha, Winnebago....	1860.
Gordon, Abram.....	Racine, Racine.....	1852.
Gorman, Michael.....	North Port, Shawano....	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha....	1855, 93.
Gowdey, David C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Graham, Alexander.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1852.
Granger, Jediah W.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1870.
Grant, Harvey.....	Tichora, Marquette....	1855.
Grant, Job N.....	Union Center, Juneau....	1875.
Grant, Willard.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1855.
Graves, Gaylord.....	East Troy, Walworth....	1848.
Graves, George S.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, LeRoy.....	Gravesville, Calumet....	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Graves, Sereno W.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1861.
Gray, Albert L.....	Ft. Howard, Brown.....	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1856.
Gray, Amos S.....	Osceola, Polk.....	1865.
Gray, Ansley.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1856, 58, b.
Gray, James B.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1858.
Gray, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1877, 78.
Green, Asaph.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1860.
Green, John.....	Moscow, Iowa.....	1867.
Green, Paul M.....	Milton, Rock.....	1893.
Green, William C.....	York, Green.....	1850.
Green, William H.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1852, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1863.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1862, b.
Greening, Philip.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Greening, William.....	Little Prairie, Walworth.....	1877.
Greenman, John W.....	Bergen, Vernon.....	1867.
Gregory, George K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848, 56, b.
Grier, Thomas H.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1895.
Griffin, Cornelius S.....	Saukville, Washington.....	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860, 62.
Griffin, John D.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1850.
Griffin, John G.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1876.
Griffin, Michael.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1876.
Grimm, Christopher.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1893.
Grimm, George.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1872.
Grimshaw, John.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1887.
Grinde, Hans S.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1887.
Griswold, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1858, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.....	Tirade, Walworth.....	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1851.
Grootemaat, Abraham L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Grover, Woodbury S.....	Prairie Farm, Barron.....	1877.
Grubb, William S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1875.
Grube, Herman G.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1899.
Guernsey, Francis M.....	Clintonyville, Waupaca.....	1878.
Guernsey, George H.....	Almond, Portage.....	1875.
Guernsey, Orrin.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862.
Gulick, Joachim.....	Ora Oak, Grant.....	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L.....	Cumberland, Barron.....	1880.
Gunn, Smith R.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1855.
Gunning, J. W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1889.
Gurnee, John D.....	Madison, Dane.....	1872.
Guth, Louis D.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1899.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1852.
Haderer, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hadfield, Jos. J.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1887.
Haertel, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 57.
Hagemeister, H. F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1893, 95, b.
Hagerty, Timothy.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Hagstad, K. K.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1889.
Hagerty, John A.....	Ferryville, Crawford.....	1901.
Hahn, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Haight, J. Hayward.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1875.
Hale, Obed P.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Hale, Samuel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1854.
	Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Hall, Albert R.....	Knapp, Dunn.....	1891, 93, 95, 97, 99, 01.
Hall, Daniel.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, Erasmus D.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1848.
Hall, George H.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1862.
Hall, Henry.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1870.
Hall, John W.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hall, Jonathan C.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1858.
Hall, Thomas W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1857.
Hall, Charles.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Hallock, James L.....	Burnside, Buffalo.....	1870.
Ham, Philip A.....	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.....	1855.
Hambright, C. M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1895.
Hamilton, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hamilton, Henry C.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1858.
Hamilton, Irenus K.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1869.
Hamilton, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 77.
Hammarquist, Ch. G.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1860.
Hammel, David.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Hammel, Leopold.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
Hammett, George W.....	Lafayette.....	1852.
Hammon, Alason P.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1866.
Hammond, Charles F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1861, 62.
Hammond, John.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1870, 71.
Hand, Jesse F.....	Rocky Run, Columbia.....	1865.
Haney, Robert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Haney, M. C.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1887.
Hanke, Charles F.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1893, 95.
Hanrahan, John.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1861, 63.
Hanrahan, Michael.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hansen, Edward F.....	Renoit, Rock.....	1895.
Hanson, Andrew C.....	Mindoro, La Crosse.....	1901.
Hanson, Sylvester.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1862.
Hanson, William E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862, 63.
Hanson, James.....	Ephraim, Door.....	1895.
Hardgrove, John.....	Armstrong's Cor., F'd du Lac.....	1883.
Hardy, William H.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1874, 76.
Harker, James.....	New Diggings, Lafayette.....	1895.
Harmon, John C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1895.
Harms, John.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1863.
Harnden, Henry.....	Rome, Jefferson.....	1866.
Harrington, Benjamin R.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Harrington, George E.....	Rosebel, Crawford.....	1866.
Harrington, George P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Harrington, Perry G.....	Sugar Creek, Walworth.....	1884.
Harris, Charles L.....	Jacksonport, Door.....	1870.
Harris, Joseph.....	Fairview, Grant.....	1861, 69, 71.
Harris, Caleb C.....	Dousman, Waukesha.....	1895.
Harrison, Stephen A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 75.
Harsh, John.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1875.
Hart, Alexander H.....	Lima, Calumet.....	1854.
Hart, Edmund.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1885.
Hart, Judson G.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Hartmann, Theodore O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hartung, Frederick.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Hartung, Theodore.....	Milwaukee.....	1860.
Harvey, Leslie C.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1897, 99.
Hasey, John.....	York, Dane.....	1850.
Hasey, Samuel.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1874.
Hazeltine, Ira S.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1867.
Haskell, Job.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1869.
Hass, Robert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1864.
Hasse, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 59.
	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Hastings, Samuel D.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1857.
	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1863.
Hatch, Benjamin T.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
Hatcher, William W.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1879, 80.
Haugen, Nils P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 56.
Hawkins, William A.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1878, 83.
Hawks, Eli.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1856, 57, 58.
Hawley, Charles S.....	Poyssippi, Waushara.....	1857.
Hawley, George.....	Rock Elm Center, Pierce.....	1878.
Hawn, Charles A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1858, b.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hayden, Edward G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hayden, John.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1863.
Hayes, Henry.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1853.
Hayes, Titus.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1856.
Hayes, Thomas.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1867.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hays, Samuel.....	Neosho, Jefferson.....	1861.
Hayward, Paul D.....	Kingston, Marquette.....	1857.
Hazard, Enos I.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1849.
Hazen, Chester.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Hazen, Nathan.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1861.
Head, Charles R.....	Albion, Dane.....	1854, 56, 63.
Heath, Chauncey G.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1848.
Heimdahl, Knudt O.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1871.
Heimerl, Joseph, Jr.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1880.
Hellberg, Louis.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Hemenway, H. C.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1851.
Hemmi, Ulrich.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1879.
Hemschemeyer, W. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80.
Henderson, Asabel.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1874.
Henderson, Joseph R.....	Riley, Dane.....	1891.
Henning, John O.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1851.
Henry, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1869.
Henry, John A.....	Easton, Adams.....	1901.
Henry, Robert.....	Anchorage, Buffalo.....	1869.
Henton, Theodore.....	Otsego, Columbia.....	1889.
Herrick, Merton.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1881.
Herron, Wilson R.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1874, 77.
Herzer, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hesk, William R.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1860.
Hetzl, Henry C.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1887.
Herl, Charles W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1870, b.
Hicks, Franklin Z.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1861.
Higgins, James.....	Hubbleton, Dodge.....	1876.
Higgins, Patrick.....	Menomonee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Hildebrandt, Henry.....	Station, Washington.....	1863, 64.
Hiles, George.....	Dexterville, Wood.....	1867.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1889.
Hill, Thomas W.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1853, 63.
Hill, William.....	New Diggings, Lafayette.....	1849.
Hilliard, John U.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1852.
Hillyer, Edwin.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1853.
Hineman, Miles Leroy.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1887.
Hinckley, J. R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1883.
Hinckley, Leonard D.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1871.
Hindes, Lemuel P.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1897.
Hinn, Christopher.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1891.
Hintze, C. F. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Hirschinger, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1893, 95.
Hitt, Henry D.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1871, 72, b.
Hobart, Adin P.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1859.
	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1849, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
	Fall River, Columbia.....	1885.
Hobart, M. C.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1874, 75.
Hobbins, Patrick.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1901.
Hodgins, David.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1875.
Hodgson, Manville S.....	Wausan, Marathon.....	1862, 70.
Hoeflinger, Carl.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1899.
Hoehle, William E.....	Amherst Junction, Portage.....	1895.
Hoffman, Herman H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889, 91.
Hogan, James J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1882, 97.
Hogan, John M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1872, 63.
Hogan, Michael.....	Hollandale, Iowa.....	1899, 01.
Holland, Bjorn.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1893, 99.
Holcomb, David L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Holehouse, Joseph W.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1885.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1885.
Hollman, James V.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1871, b.
Holloway, John C.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1868.
Holly, Alanson.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1893.
Holman, Nels.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1853.
Holmes, Harvey.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1853.
Holmes, John E.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1853.
Holmes, Miles.....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1868.
Holt, Eleazer.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Holton, Edward D.....		

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Holzhauser Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hooker, Culver E.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1887.
Hooker, Jesse.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1854.
Hooker, Daniel D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Hooper, Daniel.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1862.
Horn, Frederick W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Horst, Henry.....	Hayton, Calumet.....	1876.
Horten, Norman.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1860.
Horton, Townsend N.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1865.
Hoskins, Leander.....	Union, Rock.....	1850.
Hoskins, William L.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S.....	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha.....	1874, 91.
Howard, Nathan B.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B.....	Nora, Dane.....	1881.
Howe, Oliver C.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1856, 57.
Howell, Henry S.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1868.
Howell, Richard P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1882.
Howland, Meredith.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Hoye, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Emerson D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 93, 95, 97.
Hoyt, Charles M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Hoyt, Edwin L.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1869.
Hoyt, Franklin E.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1859.
Hoyt, Henry H.....	West Branch, Richland.....	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1871.
Hoyt, Otis.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1852.
Hubbard, Benj. W.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1861, 73, 77.
Hubbell, Levi.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1885.
Hubbell, Richard W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Huechting, Arnold.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1872, 73.
Hudd, Thomas R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Huebner, John F.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1868, b.
Hughes, William.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1875, b.
Hulbert, David B.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1887.
Hull, David P.....	Waushara, Waushara.....	1897, 99.
Hull, William.....	Loganville, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, b.
Humain, Mathias.....	Albany, Green.....	1851.
Humphrey, Cadwallader.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1858.
Humphrey, Frank W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Humphrey, George M.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1854, 55, 56.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Humphrey, Humphery E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Humphrey, Jasper.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1848.
Hunkins, Benjamin.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1887, b.
Hunt, Charles A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1881.
Hunt, Jeremiah.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1857.
Hunt, Robert O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Hunt, Samuel W.....	Albion, Dane.....	1870.
Hunt, Henry C.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1868, 70.
Hunter, George.....	Melvina, Monroe.....	1864.
Huntington, Augustus A.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1899.
Huntington, William H.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1868.
Huntley, Frederick.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1891, 93.
Huntley, John.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1875.
Hurd, Frank E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Hurlbut, Edwin.....	Yorck, Dane.....	1883.
Hurlbut, William H.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1869, 70.
Hurlbut, Oscar.....	Buena Vista, Portage.....	1882, 83.
Huse, Jesse B.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1895, 97.
Hutchinson, Buell E.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1869.
	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1897, 99.
	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850.
	Lomira, Dodge.....	1885.
	Rewey, Iowa.....	1857.
	Prairie du Chien.....	1879, b.
	Madison, Dane.....	

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hutchinson, Christopher	Beetown, Grant.....	1873.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 77, 78, b.
Hyer, George.....	Madison, Dane.....	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ingram, Julius G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1878, 79.
Innis, William T.....	West Rosendale, Fond du L.	1877.
Irish, George.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1858.
Iserning, Fred, B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Isham, Willard.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1855.
Iverson, Jacob J.....	South Wayne, Lafayette.....	1893.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimbelle, Pierce.....	1869, b.
Ives, F. Badger.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899.
Jabas, Louis L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1889.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.....	Viola, Richland.....	1860.
Jackson, Robert Wallace.	Shawano, Shawano.....	1887, 89.
Jackson, Thomas A.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1866, 70.
Jackson, William W.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1863, 75.
Jacobi, C. Hugo.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
Jacobs, John B.....	—, Oconto.....	1854.
James, John.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1856.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Center, Richland.	1873, 75, b.
Jamieson, Hugh P.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1893.
Jarvis, Birney M.....	Cazenovia, Richland.....	1881.
Jeche, William.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1882, 95.
Jeffers, John.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1864, 71.
Jeffrey, James.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1875.
Jeffrey, William.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1857, b.
Jenkins, John J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1872.
Jenkins, Thomas.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1874.
	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1848.
	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1860.
Jenne, Daniel C.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1862.
Jennings, Charles B.....	Northport, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.
Jennings, David.....	Ogdensburg, Waupaca.....	1897, 99, 01.
Jensen, Andrew.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1873.
Jerman, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Jeske, Gustav J.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1881.
Jess, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1867.
Jewell, Henry C.....	Ferryville, Crawford.....	1878.
Jewell, James H.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1861, 64.
Johnson, Calvin R.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1865.
Johnson, Daniel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70.
Johnson, Daniel H.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1861.
Johnson, Daniel H.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1901.
Johnson, Franklin.....	Ontario, Monroe.....	1899.
Johnson, Frederick P.....	Newport, Door.....	1889.
Johnson, Hans.....	Somers, Kenosha.....	1851, 56.
Johnson, Henry.....	Hayes, Oconto.....	1901.
Johnson, Henry.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1851.
Johnson, James B.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1860.
Johnson, Jeremiah.....	York, Dane.....	1874.
Johnson, John.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1857, b.
Johnson, John A.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1885.
Johnson, John B.....	Utica, Dane.....	1869.
Johnson, John E.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1893.
Johnson, Joseph B.....	Wiotia, Lafayette.....	1878.
Johnson, Lars E.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Michael.....	Breckenridge, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Johnson, Ole.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Johnson, Peter.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1852.
Johnson, Phineas M.....	Port Washington, Wash	1849, 50.
Johnson, Solon.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1849.
Johnson, William H.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1867.
Johnson, Stephen B.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Johnson, William W.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1895.
Johnson, Roger S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1870.
Johnston, Francis.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1899, 01.
Johnston, James.....	Boardman, St. Croix.....	1883.
Johnston, James.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1854, b.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873, b.
Jones, David F.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1897.
Jones, Evan O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1866, 67, b.
Jones, Evan R.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1901.
Jones, James V.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873.
Jones, Joseph Vernon.....	Urne, Buffalo.....	1887.
Jones, John N.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1851.
Jones, John O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1859.
Jones, Oscar F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Owen R.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1875.
Jones, Stephen.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1848.
Jones, Thomas J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1882.
Jones, William D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1876.
Jones, Samuel S.....	Clinton Junction, Rock.....	1895.
Jones, William A.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1895, 97.
Jordan, Timothy S.....	West Lima, Vernon.....	1876.
Joslin, William H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880.
Judd, Russell J.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Judd, Stoddard.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 65, b.
Judd, Truman H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Judson, Philander.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1855.
Julius, Charles L.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1851.
Juneau, Narcisse M.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1849, 58.
Jussen, Edmund.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862.
Juve, T. O.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1881, 82.
Karel, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1901.
Kast, John D.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1877.
Kastler, John.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1869.
Katz, Raphael.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1901.
Keenan, John.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1859.
Keenan, Matthew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Keene, Francis B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Keene, Henry S.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1881.
Kehl, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1874.
Keifer, George.....	Nenno, Washington.....	1860.
Kellam, Alphonso G.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1869.
Kelley, Patrick.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1853.
Kellogg, Austin.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1873.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1877, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rollin C.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1867, 73, 80, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1853, b.
Kelsey, Milo.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1848, 49.
Kempley, Charles H.....	Packwaukee, Marquette.....	1899.
Kempter, Richard R.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1868.
Kenealy, James.....	Toland's Prairie, Washington.....	1858, 66.
Kenealy, James.....	Thompson, Washington.....	1885, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.....	Stevenstown, La Crosse.....	1887.
Kennedy, James E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1870.
Kennedy, Richard.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1880, 83.
Kenyon, George P.....	Wonewoe, Juneau.....	1880.
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91, 93, b.
Keogh, James.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1893.
Kerl, Otto.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1873.
Kern, Charles J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Kern, George J.....	Rome, Jefferson.....	1901.
Kerr, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Kessler, John.....	Rig Spring, Adams.....	1867, 68, b.
Ketchum, Asa C.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1899.
Keyes, Elisha W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1854.
Kickbush, F. W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1882.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1878.
Kilbourne, Charles.....	Millville, Grant.....	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1867.
Killilea, Matthew R.....	Bailey's Harbor, Door.....	1868.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kimball, Fenner.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1878, 95.
Kimball, Jedediah.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1849.
King, Edward P.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1865, 66.
King, George G.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1849.
King, George W.....	Humbird, Clark.....	1871.
King, Owen.....	Helena, Iowa.....	1875, 78.
King, William P.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1859.
Kingsbury, James T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Kingston, John T.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kingston, William M.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1887.
Kinney, Asal.....	Lima Center, Rock.....	1852.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.....	Lima, Rock.....	1851.
Kinzie, Robert H.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1877.
Kirchoff, Henry.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.....	Dayton, Green.....	1855.
Kirkpatrick, James.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1861.
Kite, Charles E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1876.
Kizer, F. C.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1889, 91.
Klabunde, Reinhardt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Klefer, George H.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1868.
Klein, L. C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855.
Kleinfelter, H. G.....	Nora, Dane.....	1889.
Klindt, John A.....	Casville, Grant.....	1880.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac.....	1880, b.
Klotz, Nicholas.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Knab, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Knappstein, T. E.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1859, 91.
Knapp, Gilbert.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861.
Knapp, Gahnes, A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Knapp, Levi E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Knapp, William A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1859.
Knoell, Valentine.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1856, 57.
Knowlton, James H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Knowlton, John J.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1854, 56.
Knox, Seymour M.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Konrad, August.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1874.
Konz, Frederick.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1891, 93.
Kraatz, Charles.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Krauss, Charles A. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Kreiss, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Krez, Konrad.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1864, b.
Kribs, Frederick H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Kroenenwetter S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1858, 61.
Kroncke, George H.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1885.
Kruger, A. H. F.....	Wilnot, Kenosha.....	1893.
Krumrey, Henry.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1880, 82.
Kruszka, Michael.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1901.
Kuehn, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Kuntz, Carl C.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1849, 50.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1883.
Kyle, David W.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1869, 70, 71, 74.
Kyle, James L.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1858.
La Due, Albert D.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1859.
La Due, Nelson.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1854.
Lafferty, James.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1852.
Lagrande, John.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1851.
Lamberson, Jay G.....	Spafford, Lafayette.....	1879.
Lain, Isaac.....	Empire, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Lake, Phipps W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lamoreux, Oliver H.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1891, 93, 95.
Lamoreux, Silas W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1861.
Lamure, Wm.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1854.
Landt, Sophronius S.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1872.
Lane, Charles A.....	Plover, Portage.....	1872.
Lane, Nathan E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1885, 87.
Lange, Louie A.....	Ledyard, Outagamie.....	1885.
Langenfeld, Peter.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1885, 83.
	Plover, Portage.....	1901.
	Phillips, Price.....	1899, 95, 97, 99.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
	Theresa, Dodge.....	

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Langer, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1882.
Langland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1860.
Langworthy, Joseph.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1857.
Lapham, Otis B.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1861, 63, 69.
Large, Jonathan.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Larsen, James.....	Menasha, Marinette.....	1891.
LaSelle, William B.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1887, 89.
Latham, Hollis.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862.
Lathrop, Henry Allison.....	Marshfield, Wood.....	1887.
Latta, George W.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1895, 97.
Lauderdale, James.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1853, 56.
Laverenz, Otto.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Lavies, Hubert.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Lavis, Peter.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, 56.
Lawler, William.....	New Coeln, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Lawrence, Franklin S.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1880, 81.
Lawrence, George H.....	Burnett Station, Dodge.....	1876.
Lawrence, William A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852, b.
Lewton, A. F.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1885.
Layne, James H.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Lea, A. L.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891.
Leach, Frank.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1874, 75.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, b.
Leavens, Henry P.....	Neesau, Winnebago.....	1877.
Lebeis, Henry.....	Bloomer, Chippewa.....	1893.
Lee, Daniel.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1872.
Lee, Levi.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1855.
Lee, Ole C.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1895.
Lees, Edward.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1875, 76.
Lees, Robert.....	Ottawa, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
Legler, H. E.....	Gilman town, Buffalo.....	1873, b.
Legried, Christ.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Lehmann, August H.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1897.
Leigh, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1874.
Leissring, Alfred A.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1875.
Leland, Cyrus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893.
Leland, Frank.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1849.
Lemont, James.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1873.
Lenck, C. H.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lennon, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Lenroot, Irvine L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1883.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1901.
Leonard, Peter H.....	Dayton, Green.....	1862, 70.
Leonardson J. C.....	Fifield, Ashland.....	1889.
Leonhardt, Christopher.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1882.
Leonhardy, John.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883.
Leslie, John.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891.
Lessey, John F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1855.
Lewis, Andrew H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1851.
Lewis, Calvin E.....	Hale, Trempealeau.....	1855.
Lewis, Charles G.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1872.
Lewis, James M.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1879.
Lewis, James T.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1857.
Lewis, John C.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1852, b.
Lewis, Rensselear, M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Lewis, William T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Liebenstein, John W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1897.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1893.
Linderman, James L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1864, b.
Lindsay, Freeman D.....	Ossau, Trempealeau.....	1877.
Lindsay, William.....	Nellisville, Clark.....	1877.
Lins, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Lins, Chas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, b.
Linsley, Marcus.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1885.
Liscov, William.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1861.
Little, Francis.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Little, James.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1881.
Littlefield, Stephen D.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1864, 65, b.
Lloyd, Evan W.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, John.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Loehr, Peter.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1881.
	Clyman, Dodge.....	1875.
	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1889.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Loehr, Querin.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1853.
Logan, Frank.....	Hurley, Iron.....	1899.
Loneragan, Michael.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Long, Chester D.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1861.
Long, Hugh.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1848.
Loomis, Charles D.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1882.
Longbotham, John.....	Dickeyville, Grant.....	1891, 93.
Loper, Alonzo A.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1873, b.
Lord, Simon L.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1880, b.
Lord, Freeman H.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1895.
Lorigan, Bryan S.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1874, 75.
Loth, Ernest.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Love, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855.
Lovejoy, Allen P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1879, b.
Loveland, Carpus.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1870.
Lovell, Frederick S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1857, 58.
Low, Jacob.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1872.
Lown, George H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1849.
Lowth, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1850, 51, 59.
Lowth, Matthew.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1880.
Lowth, Michael F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1865.
Lowry, Goodwin.....	Helena Station, Iowa.....	1868.
Luchsinger, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1887.
	New Glarus, Green.....	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luse, Louis K.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1881.
Luscher, Gustav S.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93.
Lutkin, Peter C.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1857.
Lyle, John.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1878.
Lynch, Felix.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1885.
Lynch, Thomas.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1873, 83.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, b.
Lyon, James R.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1889.
Lyon, Joseph F.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1868.
Lyon, Waldo.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1859.
Lyon, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Macaulay, Robert.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1882, 83, b.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1853.
Maertz, Fred. C.....	Reedsville, Manitowoc.....	1895, 97.
Mahoney, Daniel A.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1893.
Mahoney, Daniel O.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1893, 95.
Mahoney, George R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Main, Robert P.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1857.
Mahuros, G. C. Oscar.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1851.
Maloy, Michael.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1868.
Manney, Francis G.....	Linden, Sheboygan.....	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1871.
Manuel, Herman E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1901.
Marsh, Joseph C.....	Spokeville, Clark.....	1895, 97.
Markham, George H.....	Independence, Trempealeau.....	1879.
Marsden, Thomas B.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1866.
Marshall, Charles W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1859.
Marshall, George M.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1875, 76.
Marshall, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Marshall, William R.....	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix.....	1848.
Marston, Warren.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1867.
Martin, Thomas L.....	Wilton, Monroe.....	1895.
Martin, Andrew.....	Riceville, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant.....	Dykesville, Kewaunee.....	1866.
Martin, Harry C.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1895, Spl. Ses.
Martin, Jacob, Sr.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883.
Martin, Mark.....	Onion River, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1855, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1889.
Martin, Stoddard H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Marvin, George G.....	Westford, Columbia.....	1871.
Marx, Nicholas.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.....	Elton, Walworth.....	1879.
Mason, Jacob.....	Monroe, Green.....	1868.
Mason, John.....	Wiota, Lafayette.....	1885.
Mason, Zebuon.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Masters, William.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1887.
Masse, Charles A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1879.
Massey, Henry L.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1861.
Mather, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Marquette.....	1858.
Mathes, John.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Matteson, Silas C.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac..	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P..	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Matts, Nicholas M.....	Verona, Dane.....	1862.
Matts, Peter W.....	Montrose, Dane.....	1854.
Maxon, Densmore W....	Cedar Creek, Washington..	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxon, Joseph S.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1891.
Maxson, Darwin E.....	Milton, Rock.....	1869.
Maxson, Orrin T.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1877, 81, 84, b.
May, Reuben.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1875.
Mayer, Jacob G.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1862.
McAllister, William P..	Omro, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric.....	Winneconne, Winnebago..	1876.
McCabe, Maurice A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1901.
McCarthy, James.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R	Cassville, Grant.....	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1858.
McCarty, Thomas.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1870, 77.
McCaull, Thomas.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874.
McCollum, John F.....	Trenton, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
McCollum, J. L. R.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1876, 77.
McComb, Isaac N.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1901.
McConnell, Chas. D.....	Ripon, Green Lake.....	1882, 87.
McConnell, Thomas.....	Winneconne, Winnebago....	1873.
McConochie, R. N.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1893.
McCord, Myron H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1854.
McCormick, Joseph.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1871.
McCormick, William L..	Hayward, Sawyer.....	1901.
McCoy, James B.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1887, 89.
McCoy, William J.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 78.
McCourt, James Henry..	Lancaster, Grant.....	1883, 85.
McCracken, M. W.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1887, 89.
McCracken, Samuel.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1859.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Marquette, Marquette.....	1854.
McDill, George D.....	Plover, Portage.....	1862, b.
McDill, Thomas H.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1881, 82, 83.
McDonald, Thomas, Jr..	Plover, Portage.....	1867, 71, 79, 80.
McDonald, A. S.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1897, 99.
McDonald, Alexander A.	Marion, Waupaca.....	1885, 87.
McDonald, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858.
McDonald, David A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
McDonald, James.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1874, b.
McDonald, John D.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1869.
McDonald, John B.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1870, 71.
McDonald, Martin W..	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1869.
McDonough, Frank.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1882.
McDowell, Samuel C....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire....	1893.
McElroy, James.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1882.
McElroy, William.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
McFarland, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1887, 89.
McFarlane, Hugh.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1863, b.
McFartridge, Edward C.	Portage City, Columbia....	1850.
McGalloway, Peter.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1878, 81, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Forest, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
McGeehan, M. G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGeehan, R. J.....	Hurley, Ashland.....	1893.
McGill, Leroy E.....	DePere, Brown.....	1889, 91.
McGillivray, Jas. J.....	Florence, Florence.....	1901.
McGilton, John.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 93, b.
McGinty, Bernard.....	Cedar Falls, Dunn.....	1880.
McGlachlin, E.....	Calamine, Lafayette.....	1878, 80.
McGonigal, William.....	Stevens Point, Portage....	1889.
McGranahan, William..	Wingville, Grant.....	1850.
McGrath, James.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1859.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McGrath, Thomas J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1897, 99.
McGreer, John.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1899.
McGrew, Joseph B.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1874, b.
McGuigan, Ambrose.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
McGuire, James M.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1865.
McIndoe, Walter D.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1850, 54, 55.
McIntosh, Charles B.....	Lime Rock, Outagamie.....	1869, 70, 71.
McIntyre, Eugene.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1880.
McIver, James.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1874.
McKay, John J.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1860.
McKee, David.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1852.
McKenzie, Duncan J.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1893.
McKenzie, John.....	Dekorra, Columbia.....	1883.
McKibbin, John.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1858.
McKisson, James C.....	Wheatland, Kenosha.....	1853, 59.
McLean, Campbell.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
McLean, Hector.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1865.
McLean, Thomas.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1864.
McLees, John M.....	Harmony, Vernon.....	1869.
McLeod, Arthur W.....	Washburn, Bayfield.....	1899.
McLeran, J. B.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887.
McLaughlin, William M.....	Oregon, Green.....	1864, 65.
McMichael, William.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1860.
McMillan, Alexander.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873.
McMillan, George.....	Arlington, Columbia.....	1901.
McMullen, W. V.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1889, 91.
McMurdo, James H.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1880, 81.
McNair, Hugh A. W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1859, 67, 70.
McNaughton, F.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1870.
McNitt, Edwin W.....	Orsego, Columbia.....	1864.
McNamara, Martin.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1872.
McRea, Hector C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1879, 80.
McRaith, M. J.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
McWhorter, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1858.
Mead, L. H.....	Shell Lake, Washburn.....	1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852.
Meade, John F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1849.
Meadows, William.....	Lyons, Walworth.....	1881.
Meehan, James.....	Mechan, Portage.....	1878.
Meigs, Gardner C.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1859, 60.
Meklejohn, John.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Meissner, Gustav.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1883.
Meloney, Joseph.....	Bloomer, Chippewa.....	1901.
Meloy, Charles J.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R.....	Brooklyn, Green.....	1879.
Menzies, James.....	Rock Prairie, Rock.....	1881.
Merriman, Charles W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1897.
Merriam, Amzy.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1871.
Merriam, John G.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1855.
Merrill, Addison W.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1897.
Merrill, Almond.....	Charleson, Calumet.....	1855.
Merrill, Hiram.....	Jamesville, Rock.....	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1848, 59.
Merrill, Leander G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1866.
Merrill, Soreno T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1876, 77.
Merrill, Willard.....	Jamesville, Rock.....	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1873.
Merritt, Patrick.....	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Messmore, Isaac E.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F.....	Spring Lake, Waushara.....	1870.
Meyer, Charles G.....	Fredonia, Ozaukee.....	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Meyer, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Middleton, William J.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1899, 01.
Milbath, C. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Mills, Uriah D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Millard, Burton.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1858.
Millard, B. F.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1889.
Miller, Jerome B.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1895.
Miller, Clarkson.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1860.
Miller, Chas. H.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1867.
Miller, Edwin E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1901.
Miller, Herman.....	Hixton, Jackson.....	1901.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Miller, Joseph.....	Brillion, Manitowoc.....	1883, 85.
Miller, Lucius M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883.
Miller, Samuel.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1862.
Miller, Henry.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887.
Miller, William.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1887, b.
Miller, Samuel S.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1887.
Miller, William H.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1889.
Millikin, N. W.....	Saxeville, Waushara.....	1882.
Mills, Edgar G.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1893, b.
Mills, Ferguson.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1885, 87, 89.
Minch, Oscar F.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1897, 99.
Miner, Cyrus.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889.
Miner, Eliphalet S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1870.
Miner, Levi A.....	So. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1901.
Minor, David N.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861.
Minor, Edward S.....	Fish Creek, Door.....	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner.....	Spring Grove, Green.....	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin.....	Juda, Green.....	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Mitchell, Martin.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Mitchell, Robert.....	Douglas Center, Marquette.....	1875.
Mitchell, William F.....	Gibbsville, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Moeller, Adolph.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1882.
Mohr, Charles.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1895.
Mohr, Christian Frederick	Portage, Columbia.....	1887, 89.
Mohr, Thomas.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1876, 77.
Moldenhauer, Henry R.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1901.
Monroe, Publius V.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1852.
Monroe, William.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1867.
Monteith, John.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1873.
Monteith, John B.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1871, b.
Moers, Benjamin H.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.....	Chetek, Barron.....	1889, 91.
Moore, Harvey.....	Ozaukee, Washington.....	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1862.
Moore, John B.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1860.
Moore, William V.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1872.
Moran, Patrick H.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1882.
More, George E.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1871.
More, Robert.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1899.
Moors, Chas. W.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1880, 81.
Morgan, John E.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1897, 99.
Morgan, D. H.....	Albany, Green.....	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Morrill, John.....	Hixton, Jackson.....	1870.
Morris, Chas. E.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1848.
Morrisson, David L.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Morman, Thomas J.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1862.
Morse, Calvin R.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1899.
Morse, Hiram D.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1867.
Morse, William M.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1866, 75.
Mosecowitt, Frederick.....	Alderly, Jefferson.....	1857.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Mosher, Thomas H.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1867, 68.
Mosher, John.....	Kneeland, Racine.....	1897.
Mosher, Jonathan.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1866.
Mosher, Orville W.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855.
Mott, Thomas R.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1899.
Moulton, Powers G.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852.
Mowe, Daniel.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1870, 71.
Muckerheide, Jacob H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1865.
Muehl, Adam.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1879.
Mulholland, Henry.....	St. Martin, Waukesha.....	1863.
Muldowney, James.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1860, 65.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1878, 79.
	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1876, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Munger, A. R.	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1891.
Munn, Henry B.	Portage, Columbia	1860.
Munroe, Orlando C.	Racine, Racine	1861, 63.
Murdock, James	Neosho, Dodge	1850.
Murphy, James L.	Marinette, Marinette	1887.
Murphy, James S.	Benton, Lafayette	1859.
Murphy, James W.	Briggsville, Marquette	1879, b.
Murphy, John D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1851.
Murphy, John A.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1887.
Murphy, Matthew	New Diggings, Lafayette	1852, 56.
Murphy, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1865, 67.
Murphey, Newton S.	Whitewater, Walworth	1859.
Murphy, William	Briggsville, Marquette	1869, 74.
Murray, Horatio J.	Beloit, Rock	1867.
Murray, James	Turtle, Rock	1856.
Murray, Nathaniel O.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1867.
Murray, William D.	Pepin, Pepin	1882.
Muzzy, John	Beloit, Rock	1853.
	Mayville, Rock	1851.
Naber, Herman	Shawano, Shawano	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Narracong, Jonas W.	Lodi, Columbia	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860.
Nash, Thomas E.	Centralia, Wood	1885.
Nash, William F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1878, b.
Nason, Solomon L.	Nasonville, Wood	1878.
Neavil, James H.	Potosi, Grant	1868.
Needham, Randolph J.	Stockbridge, Calumet	1867.
Neeves, George A.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1872.
Neff, Danverse	Calamine, Lafayette	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1885.
Nelson, Homer	Markesan, Green Lake	1877.
Nelson Joseph	Raymond, Racine	1857.
Nelson, Jerome	Nelsonville, Portage	1887.
Nelson, Knute	Cambridge, Dane	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter	Racine, Racine	1893.
Nelson, Thomas L.	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A.	Le Roy, Dodge	1877.
Newcomb, John	Pepin, Pepin	1887.
Neville, John C.	Green Bay, Brown	1860.
Newell, Franklin	Paris, Kenosha	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.	Viroqua, Vernon	1875.
Newick, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E.	Cooksville, Rock	1877.
Newton, Selim	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
Nichols, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1848.
Nichols, Archibald	Markesan, Green Lake	1848, 51, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.	Viroqua, Vernon	1883.
Nicholls, John	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Niss, Charles, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Noble, Butler G.	Whitewater, Walworth	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1849, 50.
Noggle, David	Janesville, Rock	1854, 57.
Nolan, J. P.	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1891.
Noll, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1876.
Noller, George	La e Five, Washington	1883.
Noon, Jeremiah	Merton, Waukesha	1856.
Norcross, Pliny	Janesville, Rock	1867, 85.
Northrop, George C.	Racine, Racine	1864.
Northrop, Stiles S.	Ogden, Rock	1861.
Northrop, Samuel	Dellona, Sauk	1858.
Norton, John E.	Sta. B, Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Norton, Nelson R.	Burlington, Racine	1854.
Northorn, Edward C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Noyes, David K.	Baraboo, Sauk	1856.
Nute, Benjamin	Milford, Jefferson	1849.
Nye, Frank M.	Clear Lake, Polk	1885.
Nye, William M.	Beloit, Rock	1887.
Oberman, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
O'Brien, John	Milton, Monroe	1881.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, OSHKOSH.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Oekler, William.....	Muskego Center, Waukesha	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1869.
O'Connor, Thomas.....	Halder, Marathon.....	1891.
Oddie, J. M.....	Boyceville, Dunn.....	1885.
Oetling, Charles.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1863, 71.
Officer, William H.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, John.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Oliver, E. C.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Ollis, John.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1851, 53.
Olson, Brown.....	Westby, Vernon.....	1891.
Olson, George.....	Taylor, Jackson.....	1899.
Olson, Hans H.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1897.
O'Malley, Dominick.....	Westport, Dane.....	1861.
O'Neil, William.....	Washburn, Bayfield.....	1893, 95.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
	Neillsville, Clark.....	1868.
O'Neill, James.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1849.
	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885.
O'Neill, John.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1882, 83.
O'Neill, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Opitz, William F.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1861.
Ordway, David S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1860.
Ormsby, James B.....	Oxford, Marquette.....	1859.
Orton, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Orton, Harlow S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1854, 59, 71.
Orton, Philo A.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1899, 01.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1872, b.
O'Rourke, John.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1868.
Osborn, Albert K.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Chas. F.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1889, 91.
Osborn, Sylvester W.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1865.
Osborne, Marvin.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1874, 75.
Osborne, Tobias G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Ostrander, James H.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1853.
Ostrander, James W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Ostrander, Jared F.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1857.
Oswald, John J.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1891.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1897, 99, 01.
Owen, David.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1877.
Owen, John W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1901.
Owen, William.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1865.
Packard, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G.....	La Valle, Sauk.....	1889.
Paddock, William.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1881.
Page, Lucius H.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1876.
Paine, Charles P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1869.
Palmer, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Palmer, Ephraim.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1856.
Palmer, Rodman.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1861.
Palmer, Thomas.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1850.
Palmer, William.....	Logansville, Sauk.....	1865, 66.
Pape, A. H.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Parish, John K.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1885.
Park, Harry J.....	Spring Valley, Pierce.....	1901.
Parker, Maynard T.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1897.
Parker, Charles D.....	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix.....	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1868, 69, 73.
Parker, George W.....	Metomen, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 56.
Parker, L. Holden.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1899.
Parker, Nathan.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1867.
Parker, Ruel.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1854.
Parkinson, J. W.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1880, 83.
Parkinson, Daniel M.....	Willow Springs, Lafayette.....	1849.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1854.
Parks, Francis G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Parks, Rufus.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1867.
Parry, William T.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1858.
Patch, Horace D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1852.
Patchin, Melvin B.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1860.
Pattin, Azel W.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1872.
Patterson, Andrew.....	Fox River, Kenosha.....	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1873.
Paulus, C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Peak, Uriel H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1852.
Pearl, Elisha.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1853.
Pease, Harlow.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1853.
Pease, Spencer A.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, Wm. P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1874.
Pederson, Eli.....	Primrose, Dane.....	1883.
Peirce, Jabez.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849.
Peirce, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1891, 93, b.
Pemberton, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.....	Juda, Green.....	1871, 72.
Perkins, Albert J.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1893.
Perkins, James W.....	New Chester, Adams.....	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1851.
Perry, Cyrus.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1869.
Perry, Eli P.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1867.
Perry, William W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1872.
Persons, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1887, b.
Persons, James H.....	Plum City, Pierce.....	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1878.
Peterson, Peter N.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1897.
Peterson C. H. M.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peterson, John C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1879, 80.
Peterson, Atley.....	Soldier's Grove, Crawford.....	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, Halvor H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1871.
Peterson, Sewall A.....	Rice Lake, Barron.....	1893.
Petrie, Jost D.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1861, 67.
Petters, O. Hugo.....	Murone, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Pettit, Paris.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1866.
Pfaff, Fredrick A.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick.....	Nero, Manitowoc.....	1880.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Phelps, A. Warren.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Phelps, Chauncey M.....	Addison, Washington.....	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.....	Mukwa, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Phillips, Bradley.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.....	Big Valley, La Crosse.....	1863.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1860, 64.
Phillips, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1882.
Phillips, Sewell A.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine.....	Weelaunce, Winnebago.....	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.....	Monticello, Green.....	1859, 63.
Pierce, Humphrey.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882.
Pierce, Robert W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1870, 77, 73, 80, 81, 82, 67.
Pierce, William A.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1852.
Pierron, William.....	Silver Springs, Milwaukee.....	1881, 91.
Pike, Alanson.....	Whitewater, Jefferson.....	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1850, b.
Pinney, Silas U.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875.
Piper, Francis V.....	Pipersville, Jefferson.....	1883.
Piper, Jonathan.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1865.
Place, Jacob B.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1880.
Platto, John V. V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Plisch, Robert.....	Zeigler, Marathon.....	1895.
Plocker, William.....	Fair Water, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Plumer, Bradley G.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.....	Arkansaw, Pepin.....	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1897.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Plummer, William E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1891.
Poertner, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Polacheck, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Pole, Charles.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1868, 69.
Polley, Horace N.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1857, 59.
Pomrening, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Pooler, Frank.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1882.
Pope, Anson W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1839, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1862, 63, 77, 78, b.
Poppert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Porter, James W.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1853.
Porter, John L.....	Pacific, Columbia.....	1873.
Porter, William H.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1891.
Porter, Hugh.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1887, 89, 99.
Porter, Joseph K. P.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1859.
Porter, Thomas.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1885.
Porth, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Jerome B.....	Sentinel, Juneau.....	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1856.
Potter, John, Jr.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1857.
Potter, William D.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1866.
Pound, Albert E.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1873.
Pound, Thaddeus C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1869.
Powell, Oliver S.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.....	Indian Ford, Rock.....	1871.
Powell, Henry.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1887.
Power, Robert.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1843.
Powers, David J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1853.
Powers, Joseph.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1864.
Powers, Levi P.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1863.
Powers, Simeon D.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1862.
Powers, Simon D.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1852.
Pratt, Delando.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859, b.
Pratt, George E.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1897.
Pratt, Martin V.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1883.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prentice, Wm. H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68.
Price, David J.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Price, Frederick M.....	Peshigo, Marinette.....	1901.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1851, 82, b.
Prickett, Harlow E.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1885.
Pritchard, Richard.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Proctor, John.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1891.
Pulcifer, Daniel H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Pullen, Lloyd T.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1876.
Pullen, Lloyd T.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1854.
Putnam, Edson A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1876.
Putnam, George W.....	Ash Ridge, Richland.....	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1883.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1891, 93.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha.....	1879, b.
Quigg, Charles E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1893.
Race, John J.....	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee.....	1885.
Rademacher, Peter J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Roesser, Christopher S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, 89.
Rahr, Reinhard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Ramsey, George R.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ramsey, William H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1855, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1855.
Randall, Benjamin.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1848.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1860.
Rankl, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Rasmussen, Knapp E.....	Rice Lake, Barron.....	1899, 01.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Rasmussen, James J.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1851.
Ray, George A.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1868.
Ray, George H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1895, 97, 99, 01.
Raymond, James O.....	Plover, Portage.....	1866.
Raymond, Shepard O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1866.
Raymond, William.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1870.
Read, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1881, b.
Reed, Curtis.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius.....	Sullivan, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1865, 74.
Reed, Henry.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1862, 66, 67, b.
Regan, Mathias J.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1883.
Reinholdt, Henry O.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha.....	1897.
Reinhard, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Remington, Cyrus C.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1854.
Remington, H. W.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
Resch, Michael.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876.
Resley, Arthur.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1853.
Reuter, Christian.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1891.
Reuther, Peter.....	Centerville, Manitowoc.....	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.....	Rewey, Iowa.....	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, b.
	Norway, Racine.....	1849, b.
Reynolds, John F.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha.....	1895, 97, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1876, b.
Reynolds, James C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1879.
Reynolds, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, 63.
Reukema, Rip.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Reuschlein, Francis.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1893.
Rhoda, David.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1873.
Rhodes, Jonas W.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1871.
Ribble, John B.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1855.
Rice, Carlton E.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1864.
Rice, Ira A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1870.
Rice, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1877.
Rice, William.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1878.
Rich, Corydon L.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1873.
	Vinland, Winnebago.....	1854.
Richards, Daniel H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Richards, John F.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1872.
Richards, Richard.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Richardson, E. D.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Richardson, Hamilton.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1864, b.
Richardson, John E.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Richardson, N. B.....	Warren, Lafayette.....	1869.
Richardson, Silas.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Richardson, William.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1852.
Richmond, George N.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1874, 75, b.
Richter, August.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Richer, Ezekiel.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1852, 53.
Rickerson, Charles.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1849.
Riemer, Gustav J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Ries, Florian J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Ring, M. C.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1889, b.
Ringle, Bartholomew.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80, 81, 93, b.
Riordan, James.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Riordan, Jeremiah.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1874.
Ripley, Henry A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1899.
Risum, Otto A.....	Pulcifer, Shawano.....	1897.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Robbins, Hanmer	Platteville, Grant	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Roberts, David	North Prairie, Waukesha	1858.
Roberts, Henry B.	Caledonia, Racine	1848.
Robertson, Robert C.	Vernon, Waukesha	1860.
Robinson, Charles D.	Green Bay, Brown	1850.
Robinson, Eli	Benton, Lafayette	1853.
Robinson, Frederick	Kenosha, Kenosha	1-72, 76.
Robinson, George M.	Salem, Racine	1850.
Robinson, James	Chilton, Calumet	1853, 58, 63, 70.
Robinson, John	Francis Creek, Manitowoc	1885.
Robinson, Nathaniel S.	Neenah, Winnebago	1875.
Robinson, Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1867.
Robinson, William	Mineral Point, Iowa	1873, 74.
Roblier, Hiram W.	Wycocna, Columbia	1874.
Roche, Matthew	Westport, Dane	1853.
Roche, Patrick	Danville, Dodge	1877.
Rockwell, D. Henry	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1849.
Rockwell, Reuben	Springfield, Walworth	1859.
Rodolph, Charles G.	Orion, Richland	1858.
Rodolph, Theodore	Highland, Iowa	1851, b.
Rodrian, Jacob	La Crosse, La Crosse	1868, 70.
Roe, Ole K.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1895.
Roe, William H.	Stoughton, Dane	1901.
Roemer, John A.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1853.
Roethe, Henry	Appleton, Outagamie	1873.
Roettiger, Henry, Jr.	Palmville, Milwaukee	1869.
Rogan, Patrick	Fountain City, Buffalo	1899.
Rogan, Peter	Watertown, Jefferson	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogers, Asa	Watertown, Jefferson	1853, 62.
Rogers, Chas.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875.
Rogers, E. D.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1865.
Rogers, James E.	Necedah, Juneau	1878.
Rogers, Oran	Stevens Point, Portage	1881.
Rogers, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1860.
Rogers, William	Carleton, Kewaunee	1882.
Rollis, Christopher J.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1901.
Rolph, Frederick B.	Oregon, Dane	1885.
Rood, Anson	Monroe, Green	1864.
Rood, Davenport	Stevens Point, Portage	1857.
Rood, Lewis	Kilbourn City, Adams	1867, 71.
Rood, Samuel R.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1848.
Root, Eleazer	Hazel Green, Grant	1854.
Root, Warren L.	Packwaukee, Marquette	1855.
Root, Wilbur M.	Dartford, Marquette	1852.
Rose, Solomon L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1901.
Rosenkranz, Herman	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rosenkraus, Omar L.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1855, b.
Rosenthal, Adolph	Lomira, Dodge	1895.
Roskle, C. F.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1891, 97.
Ross, Freeman M.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1854.
Ross, James	Montello, Marquette	1881.
Rossman, George P.	Cambria, Columbia	1869.
Rossman, Lewis	Madison, Dane	1865.
Rossman, Philip	Ashland, Ashland	1901.
Roswell, Mark W.	Phillips, Price	1891.
Rothe, Emil	Greenwood, Clark	1891.
Rounds, William P.	Hartland, Waukesha	1899.
Roundy, Daniel C.	Watertown, Jefferson	1863.
Rounseville, Samuel	Menasha, Winnebago	1870, 71, b.
Rountree, John H.	Geneva, Walworth	1864.
Rowe, William E.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1866.
Rowlands, John R.	Meeme, Manitowoc	1862.
Royce, Henry M.	Platteville, Grant	b.
Roxs, Samuel H.	Arena, Iowa	1863, 72, 73, 74.
Ruan, John	Cambria, Columbia	1875.
Ruch, John	Oconto, Oconto	1874.
Rudinski, Theodore	Stoughton, Dane	1848, 49.
Rudd, Eli O.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1855, 60.
Ruger, John	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1880.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
	Rudd's Mills, Monroe	1872.
	Reedsburg, Sauk	1859.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Runals, Edmund L.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 58.
Runkel, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70.
Runkel, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1873.
Rusch, William.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1871.
Rush, John D.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1859.
Rusk, Allen.....	Liberty, Vernon.....	1878, 81.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Rusk, Lycurgus J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1899.
Russell, Francis.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1868.
Russell, Richard C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1864.
Rutherford, Gilbert.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1897.
Rutledge, John.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1869.
Ryan, Hugh.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ryan, James.....	Ridgeway, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Ryan, John.....	North Andover, Grant.....	1899.
Ryan, Michael W.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1899.
Ryan, Sam., Jr.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1865.
Sacket, Hobert S.....	Berlin, Waushara.....	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.....	Exeter, Green.....	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.....	Western Union, Racine.....	1881.
Salentine, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Salisbury, Elijah C.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1865.
Salter, Robert.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1862.
Sampson, Bennett E.....	Oakfield, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Samuelson, Svend.....	Eaton, Manitowoc.....	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1862.
Sanborn, A. W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1885.
Sander, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sanders, Horace T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Sanderson, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1879.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1862.
Sanderson, Thomas.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1871.
Sanderson, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1895.
Sanger, Casper M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sarau, Christian.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899, 01.
Sarnow, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 79.
Saugestad, Oluf A.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1882.
Savage, James R.....	Springville, Bad Axe.....	1858.
Sawyer, Hiram.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Sawyer, Parker.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1859.
Sawyer, Philetus.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 61.
Sayles, Whitman.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1853.
Sayre, David F.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1873.
Scanlon, John.....	Synco, Waupaca.....	1879.
Schaetzel, Valentine.....	Menomonee Falls, Wash.....	1861.
Schaubs, Ernest.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1887.
Schultz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1854, 63, b.
Schultz, Herman.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1882.
Schebe, Emil P.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Scheffel, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman.....	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee.....	1895, 97.
Schemerhorn, W. S.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph.....	Erfurt, Jefferson.....	1877.
Schoenbaum, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Schletz, John A.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Schmidkofer, Andrew.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1889.
Schmidt, John.....	Tess Corners, Waukesha.....	1864, 80, 93.
Schmidtner, Louis A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Schmitz, Frederick.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Schmitz, Phillip, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Scheutz, Henry.....	Williamsburg, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Schneider, Phillip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1885.
Schott, George.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1872, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

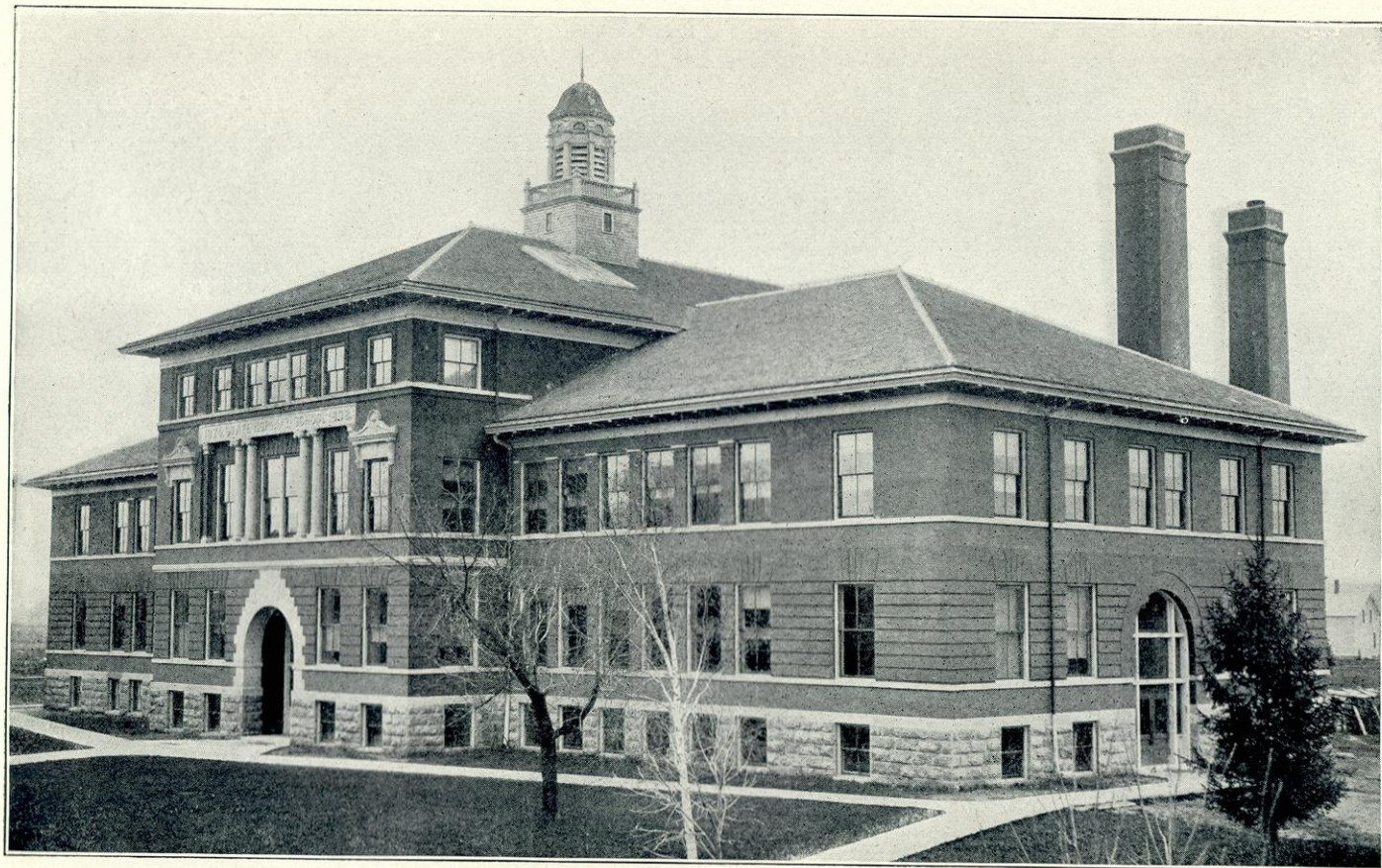
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Schottler, Martin.....	Staatsville, Washington....	1863, 64.
Schrage, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Schutte, Charles.....	Mecker, Washington.....	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	South Germant'n, Washing	1881.
Schwefel, Fred F.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1855.
Schwefel, William.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Scofield, Charles.....	Red River, Door.....	1875.
Schoffard, William.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1878.
Schuler, Fred C.....	Boltonville, Washington....	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1855.
Scott, David.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1854.
Scott, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1887.
Scribner, James K.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1866.
Seabold, John E.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Seamanson, William.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1876.
Sears, Edgar.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1897, 63.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1859, 60, b.
Seaver, John D.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1880.
Seely, David J.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1866, 67.
Segar, John A.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1850.
Selden, George W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1858.
Sell, John.....	Addison, Washington.....	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1850.
Selsmeyer, August.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1881.
Semmann, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871, 74.
Semmon, L.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Simple, Parlan.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1877, 78.
Serwe, Michael.....	Ashland, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1869, b.
Sether, Ole C.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1897.
Seymour, Robt. T.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1856.
Seymour, Silas J.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1876, 77.
Shaffer, James M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1852.
Shaffer, William N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel.....	Newtonboro, Manitowoc....	1863.
Sharp, Elijah M.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.....	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan....	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Shaw, Major.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1872.
Shear, Thomas J.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1882, 89.
Shears, Henry.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha....	1850.
Sheffer, George P.....	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1897.
Sheldon, Thomas H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Shepard, Charles E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac....	1882.
Shepard, J. L.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1877.
Sherman, Adelman.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1880, b.
Sherman, John M.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B.....	Bassett's Station, Kenosha..	1868.
Shinnick, Thomas.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1852, 53, b.
Short, Dennis.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman.....	North Prairie, Waukesha....	1864.
Shumway, Perley J.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1848, 62.
Siebers, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Sieker, William F.....	Franklin, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Sikes, George.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1850.
Silkworth, Charles A.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1901.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1868, 74, b.
Simon, Matthias.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1859, 63.
Simmons, C. F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Simmons, Rouse.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1875.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Simmons, William.....	Nekimi, Winnebago.....	1865, 66.
Simmons, Zalmon G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1865.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1852.
Slade, Edwin.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Slade, S. Dwight.....	Slade's Corners, Kenosha.....	1899, 01.
Stlaughter, George H.....	Mendota, Dane.....	1866.
Sleyster, Roelof.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Sloan, A. Scott.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1857.
Sloan, Henry C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1881, 95.
Sloggy, Samuel.....	Ontario, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Slowthower, Elias.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1848.
Slupocki, E. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Small, William.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880.
Smalley, Sherman E.....	Cuba City, Grant.....	1901.
Smart, Reuben D.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Smiley, Daniel.....	Albany, Green.....	1866.
Smiley, John.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1865.
Smith, Adam.....	Burke, Dane.....	1859.
Smith, Albert E.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1901.
Smith, Archibald D.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1872.
Smith, Byron.....	Erin, Washington.....	1855.
Smith, Daniel.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1864.
Smith, Delbert K.....	Big Bend, Waukesha.....	1895, 97.
Smith, E. C.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1889, 91.
Smith, Ezekiel C.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1850.
Smith, Francis.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1861.
Smith, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1859, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.....	Oakfield, Jefferson.....	1858, 59.
Smith, George H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1882.
Smith, Heber.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Smith, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Smith, Hiram.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1850, b.
Smith, Ira P.....	Mishicott, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Smith, Ira P.....	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Jesse.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1854.
Smith, Jonathan J.....	Barron, Barron.....	1895, 97.
Smith, J. M.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893.
Smith, John.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1854.
Smith, John A.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Smith, John A.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1881.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1855, 58, 59, b.
Smith, Philip M.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1878.
Smith, Philip M.....	Janneys, Richland.....	1874.
Smith, Richard M.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1856.
Smith, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1863.
Smith, Winfield.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Smith, William.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1851, 71, b.
Smith, William H.....	Eau Galle, Dunn.....	1863.
Smith, C. E.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1891.
Smith, L. H.....	Arlington, Columbia.....	1891.
Snoke, David.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1864, 66, 63.
Snodden, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Snover, David G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1863.
Snover, John C.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1851.
Solon, John.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1872.
Solon, T. F.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Softwedel, Henry J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Sorce, Henry.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1895.
Sparfard, Simeon W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1854.
Spaulling, Benjamin B.....	Arcade, Marquette.....	1850.
Spaulling, Joseph.....	Harmony, Rock.....	1854, 63.
Spaulling, Hiland J.....	Vienna, Dane.....	1895.
Spense, Thomas W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1877, 79.
Spenseley, James.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1866.
Spiering, Henry.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1879, 83, 87.

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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Spooner, John C.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1872.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1865.
Spottswood, James K.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1869.
Sprague, Burr.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1889, s1.
	Orfordville, Rock.....	1868.
Spratt, George.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1887, 01.
Squires, Joel C.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1870, b.
Staats, Adam.....	Staatsville, Washington.....	1852.
Stack, John M.....	Mitchell, Fond du Lac.....	1893.
Stafford, Amos W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1872.
Stamm, Godfrey.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1862.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, b.
Stanley, William S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Stanley, Charles A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1895, 97.
Stannard, Erastus W.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Stanton, Horace.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Staples, King G.....	Iron River, Bayfield.....	1897.
Stapleton, Richard F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Stark, Joshua.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Stark, William H.....	Tiffany, Rock.....	1867, 78.
	Shopiere, Rock.....	1858.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Starr, William.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Stearns, D. Manfield.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1876.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Ahnapee, Door.....	1873, b.
Stebbins, Harrison.....	Union, Rock.....	1853.
Steele, John.....	Alderley, Dodge.....	1881.
Steever, Mitchell.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Steffen, Francis.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1878, 79.
Steiger, Emil H.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1899, 01.
Stemper, John B.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Steinwald, Daniel.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Steinfort, Casper H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1873.
Steiner, John.....	Woodland, Dodge.....	1858.
Stephens, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1889.
Stephens, John.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1885.
Stephens, Thomas G.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1873.
Stephenson, Isaac.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1866, 68.
Stephenson, Joseph.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1861.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Sterling, Timothy B.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1852.
Sterling, William T.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1848, 50.
Stevens, Charles.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1853.
Stevens, Chase A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1855.
Stevens, Daniel B.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1882.
Stevens, E. Kay.....	Madison, Dane.....	1901.
Stevens, Ezra B.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1857, 62.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1864, b.
Stevenson, Jobu.....	Enterprise, Vernon.....	1876.
	Newton, Vernon.....	1889.
Stewart, Alva.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1850, b.
Stewart, Donald.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Stewart, Andrew J.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1887.
Stillman, Ellicott R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Stock, Frederick.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1851.
Stocking, Hobart M.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1876, 89.
Stoddard, Thomas B.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Stoddart, John.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1889.
Stone, Eliphalet S.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1872.
Stone, Gilville W.....	Winooski, Sheboygan.....	1857.
Stone, Jesse.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1880, 82, 97.
Stonewall, John M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Stoppenbach, Joseph.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1891.
Stowers, Charles H.....	Tustin, Waushara.....	1874.
Strachan, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1872.
Strasser, Leopold.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1885.
Streckewald, Gustave.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1859.
Strong, George.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1857.
Strong, Luman M.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1852.
Strong, Marshall M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1849.
Strong, Moses M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1850.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Strong, Nathaniel.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Strong, Rolin M.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1866.
Struve, Franz G. L.....	Helenville, Jefferson.....	1868.
Stuntz, A. C.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1865.
Stuntz, George R.....	Superior City, Douglas.....	1862.
Sturdevant, Lafayette M.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1899, 01.
Sturdevant, Charles H.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1863.
Suefflow, Frank W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Sugden, Thomas.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1849, 52, 57.
Sullivan, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Sullivan, John.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1868.
Sumner, John.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1860.
Sutton, John.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1860.
Swain, George G.....	Kilbourn City, Sauk.....	1879, 7L.
Swain, James A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Swain, Almon A.....	Oak Center, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Swart, Alfred L.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1883.
Sweat, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1857, b.
Sweeting, Charles W.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1897.
Swenholt, Jonas.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1901.
Sylvester, Daniel R.....	Castle Rock, Grant.....	1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1822, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E.....	Woodworth, Kenosha.....	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M.....	Tunnel City, Monroe.....	1865.
Tarrant, George.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1881.
Tarrant, Henry.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889, 9L.
Tate, George E.....	Viola, Richland.....	1887.
Tate, George H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1882.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1873.
Taylor, Allen.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64.
Taylor, Anson H.....	Muskegon, Waukesha.....	1850.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1885, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L.....	Maiden Rock, Pierce.....	1876.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 9.
Taylor, George W.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1895, 97.
Taylor, Horatio T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1863.
Taylor, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1881, 83, 9L.
Taylor, Jonathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1855, b.
Temple, Charles S.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1876.
Temple, Marsena.....	Newport, Sauk.....	1861.
Tenney, Horace A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
Terhune, William F.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe (Vernon).....	1854.
Terrill, Richard.....	Dane Station, Dane.....	1887.
Tester, John A.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1883.
Textor, Clinton.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1891.
Thalacker, August.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895.
Thayer, J. B.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1885.
Thayer, Mason A.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1882.
Thayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893, b.
Theisen, Mathias.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1879.
Thelen, Michael.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Thiessenhusen, Reinhold.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Thomas, Amos.....	Wauwautosa, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Thomas, Charles G.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1883, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S.....	Briggsville, Marquette.....	1862, 63.
Thomas, Jesse.....	Moundville, Marquette.....	1856.
Thomas, John E.....	Green Lake, Green Lake.....	1859.
Thomas, John H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1862.
Thomas, John L. V.....	Berlin City, Waushara.....	1875.
Thomas, John W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1854.
Thomas, Joseph M.....	Anson, Chippewa.....	1895, 97, 99, 01.
Thomas, Major J.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1854, 57.
Thomas, Phillip W.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Salmon.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1853.
Thomas, William H.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1856.
Thomas, William H.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1849, 6L.
Thompson, Charles.....	Sumner, Trempealeau.....	1866.
	Monticello, Green.....	1867.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Thompson, George P.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1855, 56.
Thompson, Henry M.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1897.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Thompson, Monroe.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1848.
Thompson, Samuel.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1862, 66.
Thompson, Thornton.....	Rio, Columbia.....	1869.
Thompson, William.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1860.
Thompson, Alexander M.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1868, 69.
Thompson, Ambrose.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1891.
Thorne, Gerret T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1871, b.
Thornton, Oliver W.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1873.
Thornton, Thomas.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Adelbert D.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1882.
Thorp, Hermon S.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1849, b.
Tichenor, Vernon.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1869.
Tilton, Hezekiah C.....	Allen's Grove, Walworth.....	1865.
Tierney, John H.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1880.
Tinker, James.....	Dover, Racine.....	1851.
Tisch, Charles.....	Nero, Kewaunee.....	1877, 78.
Tish, William.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1876.
Toay, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1852, 54, 59.
Tobey, John William.....	Necmah, Winnebago.....	1887.
Tobin, John.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1854, 56.
Tobin, Thomas.....	Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1873.
Toland, Patrick.....	Erin, Washington.....	1849.
Toll, John C.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1851.
Tollefson, Gunnuf.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1868.
Tompkins, William F.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1850, 51.
Topliff, Alfred.....	East Handen, Columbia.....	1854, 55.
Tobert, William M.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1854.
Torgerson, Ole.....	Perry, Dane.....	1871.
Torney, James.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1891.
Totten, Henry.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1870.
Touhey, Michael J.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1877.
Tousley, Wilber H.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1870.
Tower, Thomas W.....	Tawerville, Crawford.....	1859.
Townsend, A. A.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1855.
Townsend, Elijah C.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1860, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B.....	Nepeskun, Winnebago.....	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J.....	Winnebago, Winnebago.....	1849.
Tracy, Daniel.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Tracy, John.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1891, 93.
Train, James G.....	Merrimack, Sauk.....	1857.
Trask, George W.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1868, 69.
Treat, C. Mortimer.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1862.
Treat, Nathaniel B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1895, 97.
Tregaskis, Richard.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851.
Treleven, Daniel D.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1862.
Tripp, Roswell H.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1881.
Tripp, William H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1857.
Trow, Alvin S.....	Merrillan, Jackson.....	1881.
Troy, Cyrus.....	Monticello, Green.....	1880, 81.
True, John M.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1897, 99.
Truell, David.....	Lyndon Station, Juneau.....	1877.
Truesdell, Gideon.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1867.
Trumbull, John D.....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1867.
Trumer, Marcus.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1871.
Tucker, Frank T.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1893, 97.
Turk, Peter.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1849.
Turley, John B.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1852.
Turner, A. J.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1863, 64, 66, 69.
Turner, Eugene S.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1850.
Turner, Henry.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866.
Turner, John.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1859.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1848.
Turner, William W. D.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Tuttle, William S.....	New Fane, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Tweedy, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Uecke, John.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1895.
Upham, Calvin H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1862.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Upton, Salmon.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Utt, Henry.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1865.
Utt, Adelbert L.....	Platteville Grant.....	1895, 97.
Valentine, Charles L....	Janesville, Rock.....	1901.
Vance, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876, 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1860.
Van der Heiden, Ant.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1893.
Vandercook, G. E.....	Spencer, Marathon.....	1899.
Vanderpool, Abram.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1850.
Vanderpool, William A..	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C..	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert.	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1859, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B...	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S....	Caledonia Center, Racine..	1859.
Van Walters, William...	West Salem, La Crosse...	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Vaughan, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1865.
Vaughan, Alanson B....	Union, Rock.....	1848.
Vaughn, David.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1887.
Vaughn, Samuel S.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1871.
Vilas, Levi B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1855, 68, 73.
Vilas, Wm. F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885.
Vincent, Edward.....	Milton, Rock.....	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1879.
Vincent, Louis.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1877.
Vincent, William J.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1879.
Vineyard, James R.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1849.
Vinton, James E.....	Albany, Green.....	1858.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1878.
Vivian, John H.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Vogel, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Vogenitz, William.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Vogt, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Vollmar, James.....	West Bend, Washington...	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1857.
Vosburgh, John B.....	Richmond (Ill.), Kenosha..	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter.....	Winneconne, Winnebago...	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.....	River Falls, St. Croix.....	1867.
Wadsworth, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1863.
Wagner, John C.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1859.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Racine, Racine.....	1899.
Waite, David H.....	Marshfield, Fond du Lac...	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus...	Princeton, Marquette.....	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1882.
Wakeley, Solomous.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1855, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse.....	Kingston, Green Lake.....	1851.
Walker, Charles H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1859.
Walker, Geo. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1856, 57.
Walker, Jabez K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Walker, Lyman.....	East Oasis, Waushara.....	1876, 77.
Wallace, Levi.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1865, b.
Waller, Nathan P.....	Oil City, Monroe.....	1885.
Wall, Edward C.....	West Salem, La Crosse...	1868, 69.
Wall, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79.
Wall, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Wall, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wallber, Emil.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, 81.
Wallihan, Orlando F....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
	Footville, Rock.....	1872.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Walsh, Michael P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Hales' Corners, Milwaukee.	1868, b.
Walter, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Walters, Aaron.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 72.
Walther, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Walvoord, Henry.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Walworth, John.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1863, 64.
Wannemaker, Samuel L.....	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1877.
Ward, William T.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1850.
Warden, A. F.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1883, b.
Warner, Francis L.....	Deansville, Dane.....	1882.
Warner, Henry M.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1848.
Warner, Herman.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Warner, Jared.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1861.
Warner, William S.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1869.
Warner, William S.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878.
Warner, M. J.....	Elk Creek, Trempealeau.....	1891.
Warren, Dewey K.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Warren, George.....	Clintonville, Waupaca.....	1883.
Warren, Parker.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1849.
Warren, Stephen.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F.....	Excelsior, Richland.....	1875.
Washburn, George H.....	Millville, Grant.....	1866.
Washburn, James.....	Buck Creek, Richland.....	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1876.
Washburn, William H.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1879.
Wason, Robert, Jr.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Waste, Eli.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1859.
Waterbury, James I.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1867, 68.
Watrous, Jerome A.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S.....	La Pointe, La Pointe.....	1850.
Watrous, William F.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862.
Watson, Charles.....	Washburn, Grant.....	1880.
Watson, J. W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91.
Watts, James.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1864, 71.
Weage, Frederick A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1860, 65.
Weatherly, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1867.
Weaver, James.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1856.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1878, b.
Weaver, Thomas.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1861, b.
Webb, William C.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1863.
Webster, Hiram W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1879, 80.
Webster, Samuel R.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1897.
Webster, William E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Wedg, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1872, 83.
Weeks, George.....	Columbus, Dane.....	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1867, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1874.
Weil, Baruch S.....	Schleisingserville, Wash.....	1871, 72, 73, b.
Weil, Henry.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1852, 80.
Weil, Paul A.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1850.
Weiss, Gottlieb E.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1858.
Weiser, John W.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Welch, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Welch, David E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Welch, Ebenezar S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1874, 75, b.
Wells, Charles D.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1855.
Wells, Jabez H.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1876.
Wells, John M.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1899.
Wentworth, Robert B.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1849.
Werheim, George.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1857.
Wery, Joseph.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1895, 99.
Wescott, Ezra.....	Darbellay, Kewaunee.....	1889.
Wescott, Jefferson F.....	Skinner, Green.....	1863.
	Farmer's Grove, Green.....	1869.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wescott, Marion.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1885.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 63, b.
West, Abram.....	Reedsburg Sauk.....	1857.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1859, b.
West, Francis H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, b.
West, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
West, Samuel C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
West, Thomas.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1853, 54.
Westby, Thomas C.....	Emerald Grove, Ross.....	1860.
Whedon, Milo M.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1854.
Wheeler, Ezra.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1853.
Wheeler, Freeman M.....	Nanaupa, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Wheeler, Guy.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1864.
Wheeler, Nathaniel.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1834.
Wheeler, Nelson.....	Humboldt, Sauk.....	1859.
Wheeler, William E.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Wheeler, William G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897, 99.
Wheelihan, W. Peter.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1893.
Whelan, J. W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1889, b.
Whipple, Cephas.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Whirry, William T.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1855.
White, Charles.....	Caloma, Waushara.....	1859.
White, Elias N.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1874, 75, 76.
White, James.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1873.
White, James S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
White, Jarvis.....	South Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
White, Joseph.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1855, 57, 63.
White, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
White, Obadiah J.....	Monroe, Green.....	1861.
White, Richard.....	Lamberton, Milwaukee.....	1865.
White, Samuel A.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1871, 72.
	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1857.
Whiting, Anderson.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1854, 60.
Whiting, A. Chapin.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1867.
Whiting, Warren.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Whitesides, Ninian E.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1848.
Whitesides, C. M.....	Sawyer, Door.....	1891.
Whitford, William C.....	Milton, Rock.....	1868.
Whitson, Edward W.....	Tomahawk, Lincoln.....	1901.
Whitton, Charles B.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1851.
Whitton, David.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Whittlesey, Asaph.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1860.
Widule, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, b.
Wiegand, O. O.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1891.
Wilbor, John B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1857.
Wilcox, Alonzo.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Chester G.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1880.
Wilcox, Edgar.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
Wilcox, Randall.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1853, 67, 69.
Wiley, John.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1860.
Wilkie, Henry F.....	Verona, Dane.....	1895.
Willard, Andrew.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1866.
Willard, Gustavus A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1878.
Willard, Horace B.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1861.
Willard, Josiah F.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849.
Williams, Billie.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Williams, Cornelius.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1880.
Williams, David.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1857.
Williams, De Witt C.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1880.
Williams, D. R. W.....	Werner, Juneau.....	1862.
Williams, Edward C.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1858.
Williams, Edwin A.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1899, 01.
Williams, George J.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1865.
Williams, John D.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1850.
Williams, John K.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1857, 61.
Williams, Joseph C.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1901.
Williams, Nelson.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1868, b.
Williams, Roger.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1879.
Williams, Thos. E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1885.
Williams, William M.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Williams, O. T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Williams, Orrin J.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1893, 95.

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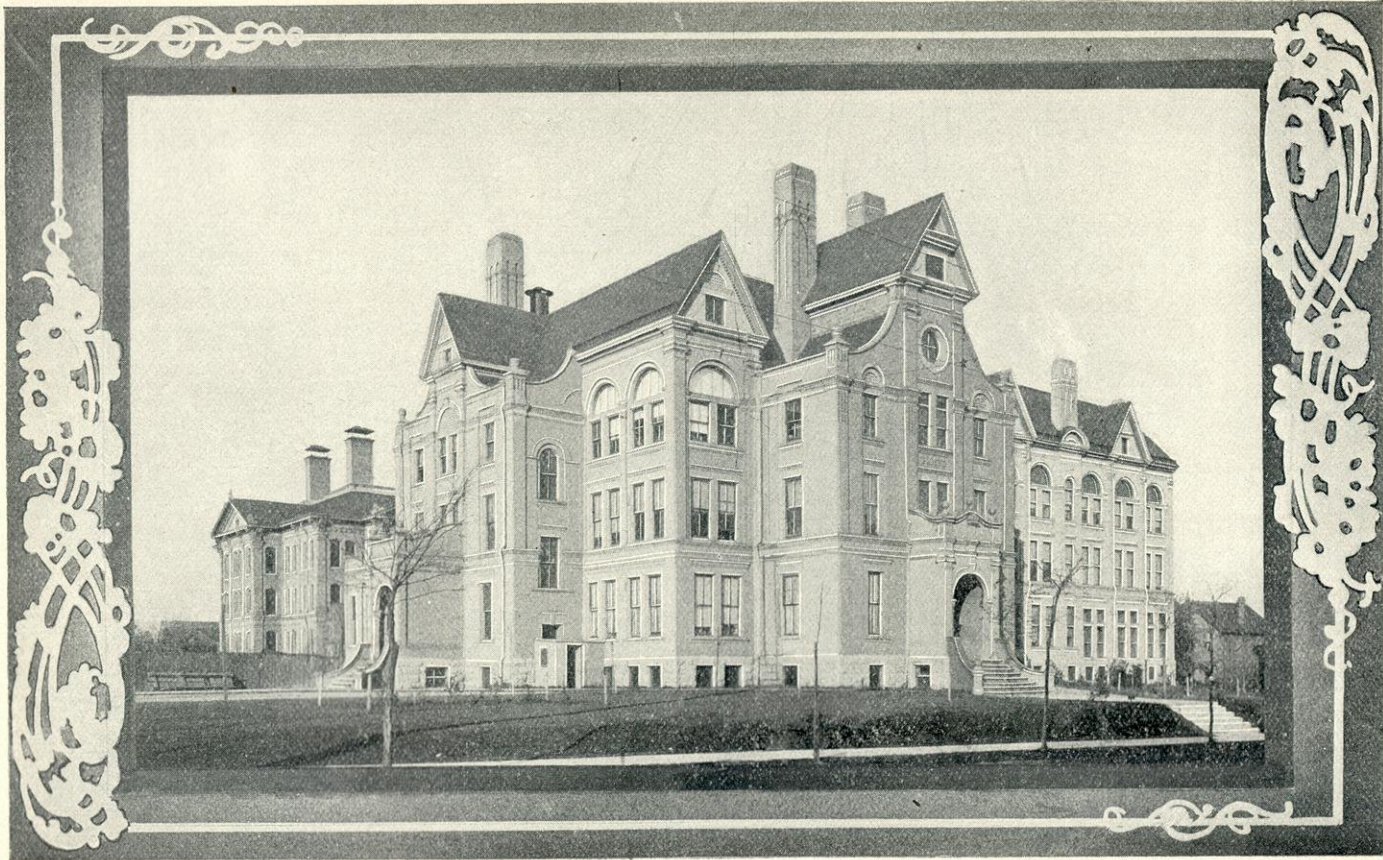
MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Williston, George H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855.
Willot, Joseph, Jr.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1899, 01.
Willy, Theophilus A.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1899, b.
Wilmont, Henry V. R.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1870.
Wilson, Agestlaus O.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1893.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1862.
Wilson, Robert D.....	North Bend, Jackson.....	1880.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1876.
Winans, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1889.
Winans, John.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Wing, Alonzo.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1851.
Winkler, Carl.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Winkler, Frederick G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Winslow, Joseph.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson..	1869.
Winsor, Horatio S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1865.
Winter, Charles A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Winter, Hermann H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Winter, Michael.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Wipf, Jacob.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1889, 93.
Wipperman, William.....	Mosel, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Whipperman, Herman C.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1895, 97.
Wirth, Phillip M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1883.
Wirtz, Michael.....	Summit, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Withee, Nathan H.....	Nellsville, Clark.....	1879, 80.
Woelz, Christian.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872.
Wolfinger, Joseph.....	Dundas, Calumet.....	1895, 97.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolfe, Hubert.....	Greenville, Outagamie.....	1895.
Wolff, Julius.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Wolff, George W.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Woller, Frank E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Woller, Albert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Wolter, Bernard C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897.
Wood, Albert.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1860.
Wood, Alson.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1850.
Wood, Joseph.....	Grand Rapids, Marathon..	1856.
Wood, Louis N.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1852.
Wood, Uriah.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Woodard, Lester.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1878.
Woodman, Cyrus.....	—, Iowa.....	1862.
Woodman, William W.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1853, 56, b.
Woods, Alexander.....	Hillsboro, Vernon.....	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1865.
Worth, Arthur W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1848.
Worthington, Denison.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1852, 54, b.
Woyciechowski, Albert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Wright, Charles S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1854.
Wright, George.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.....	Monticello, Green.....	1867.
Wroe, William H. H.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1872.
Wunderly, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.....	Star, Vernon.....	1877.
Wylie, George.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1897, 99.
Yakey, David C.....	Bloomington, Vernon.....	1880.
Yawkey, Cyrus C.....	Hazelhurst, Oneida.....	1895.
York, Henry D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1850, 53, 58.
Yorkey, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Yorty, Andrew J.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Youmans, Henry A.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1860.
Young, James S.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1859.
Young, John.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1873.
Young, John H.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1901.
Young, Milas K.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1849.
Young, William H.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1885.
Youngs, David.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1867.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Zabel, C. A. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Zander, Peter.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1876.
Zander, William.....	Larabee, Manitowoc.....	1879.
Zautcke, Frederick A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 76.
Ziegan, William.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1877.
Zettler, Frederick T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 75.
Ziller, Carl.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1848.
Zimmerman, Philip.....	Germantown, Washington..	1854, 59.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad...	New Glarus, Green.....	1887.
Zinn, August.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01.
Zorn, Charles R.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1872, 74, 76.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, MILWAUKEE.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848—1901.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1.....	Ninian E. Whitesides	Lafayette.....	1848
2.....	Harrison C. Hobart	Sheboygan.....	1849
3.....	Moses M. Strong	Iowa.....	1850
4.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Washington.....	1851
5.....	James M. Shaffer.....	Sheboygan.....	1852
6.....	Henry L. Palmer.....	Milwaukee.....	1853
7.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1854
8.....	Charles C. Scholes.....	Kenosha.....	1855
9.....	William Hull.....	Grant.....	1856
10.....	Wyman Spooner.....	Walworth.....	1857
11.....	Frederick S. Lovell.....	Kenosha.....	1858
12.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1859
13.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1860
14.....	Amasa Cobb.....	Iowa.....	1861
15.....	James W. Beardsley.....	Pierce.....	1862
16.....	J. Allen Barber.....	Grant.....	1863
17.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1864
18.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1865
19.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1866
20.....	Angus Cameron.....	La Crosse.....	1867
21.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1868
22.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1869
23.....	James M. Bingham.....	Jefferson.....	1870
24.....	William E. Smith.....	Dodge.....	1871
25.....	Daniel Hall.....	Jefferson.....	1872
26.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1873
27.....	Gabe Bouck.....	Winnebago.....	1874
28.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1875
29.....	Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland.....	1876
30.....	John B. Cassoday.....	Rock.....	1877
31.....	Augustus R. Barrows.....	Chippewa.....	1878
32.....	David M. Kelly.....	Brown.....	1879
33.....	Alexander A. Arnold.....	Trempealeau.....	1880
34.....	Ira B. Bradford.....	Eau Claire.....	1881
35.....	Franklin L. Gilson.....	Pierce.....	1882
36.....	Earl P. Finch.....	Winnebago.....	1883
37.....	Hiram O. Fairchild.....	Marinette.....	1885
38.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1887
39.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1889
40.....	James J. Hogan.....	La Crosse.....	1891
41.....	Edward Keogh.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
42.....	George B. Burrows.....	Dane.....	1895
43.....	George A. Buckstaff.....	Winnebago.....	1897
44.....	George H. Ray.....	La Crosse.....	1899
45.....	George H. Ray.....	La Crosse.....	1901

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.....	1818.....	Henry G. Abbey.....	Daniel N. Johnson.
2.....	1819.....	William R. Smith.....	Robert L. Ream.
3.....	1830.....	William R. Smith.....	Alex T. Gray.
4.....	1851.....	William Hull.....	Alex T. Gray.
5.....	1852.....	John K. Williams.....	Alex T. Gray.
6.....	1853.....	John K. Williams.....	Thomas McHugh.
7.....	1854.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	Thomas McHugh.
8.....	1855.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	David Atwood.
9.....	1856.....	Byron Paine.....	Jas. Armstrong.
10.....	1857.....	Wm. Henry Brisbane.....	William C. Webb.
11.....	1858.....	John L. V. Thomas.....	L. H. D. Crane.
12.....	1859.....	Hiram Bowen.....	L. H. D. Crane.
13.....	1860.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
14.....	1861.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
15.....	1862.....	J. H. Warren.....	John S. Dean.
16.....	1863.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
17.....	1864.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
18.....	1865.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
19.....	1863.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
20.....	1867.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
21.....	1868.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
22.....	1869.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
23.....	1870.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
24.....	1871.....	O. R. Smith.....	E. W. Young.
25.....	1872.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
26.....	1873.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
27.....	1874.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	George W. Peck.
28.....	1875.....	Fred A. Dennett.....	R. M. Strong.
29.....	1876.....	A. J. Turner.....	R. M. Strong.
30.....	1877.....	A. J. Turner.....	W. A. Nowell.
31.....	1878.....	{ A. J. Turner ¹ }	Jabez R. Hunter.
32.....	1879.....	{ Charles E. Bross. }	John E. Eldred.
33.....	1880.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
34.....	1881.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
35.....	1882.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
36.....	1883.....	Charles E. Bross.....	I. T. Carr.
37.....	1885.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
38.....	1887.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
39.....	1889.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
40.....	1891.....	J. P. Hume.....	George W. Porth.
41.....	1893.....	Sam J. Shafer.....	George W. Porth.
42.....	1895.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
43.....	1897.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
44.....	1899.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
45.....	1901.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1878.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.	1848.	Lyman H. Seaver.	John Mullanphy.
2.	1849.	F. W. Shollner.	Felix McLinden.
3.	1850.	James Haurahan.	E. R. Huginin.
4.	1851.	E. D. Masters.	C. M. Kingsbury.
5.	1852.	Patrick Cosgrove.	Elisha Starr.
6.	1853.	Thomas Hood.	Richard F. Wilson.
7.	1854.	J. M. Sherwood.	William H. Gleason.
8.	1855.	William H. Gleason.	William Blake.
9.	1856.	Joseph Baker.	Egbert Mosely.
10.	1857.	Alanson Filer.	William C. Rogers.
11.	1858.	Nathaniel L. Stout.	Francis Massing.
12.	1859.	Asa Kinney.	Emanuel Munk.
13.	1860.	Asa Kinney.	Joseph Gates.
14.	1861.	J. A. Hadley.	Craig B. Beebe.
15.	1862.	B. U. Caswell.	A. A. Huntington.
16.	1863.	Luther Bashford.	A. M. Thompson.
17.	1864.	Nelson Williams.	A. M. Thompson.
18.	1865.	Nelson Williams.	Alonzo Wilcox.
19.	1866.	Nelson Williams.	L. M. Hammond.
20.	1867.	Asa Kinney.	Daniel Webster.
21.	1868.	W. H. Hamilton.	C. U. Harris.
22.	1869.	W. H. Hamilton.	Rollin C. Kelly.
23.	1870.	E. M. Rogers.	Ole C. Johnson.
24.	1871.	W. W. Baker.	Sam S. Fifield.
25.	1872.	W. D. Hoard.	Sam S. Fifield.
26.	1873.	Albert Emonson.	O. C. Bissell.
27.	1874.	O. U. Akin.	Joseph Deuster.
28.	1875.	O. U. Akin.	J. W. Brackett.
29.	1876.	E. T. Gardner.	Elisha Starr.
30.	1877.	C. E. Bullard.	Thos. B. Reid.
31.	1878.	L. J. Brayton.	Anton Klaus.
32.	1879.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	Miletus Knight.
33.	1880.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	D. H. Purcifor.
34.	1881.	W. W. Baker.	G. W. Church.
35.	1882.	A. T. Glaze.	D. E. Welch.
36.	1883.	A. D. Thorp.	Thomas Kennedy.
37.	1885.	Hubert Wolcott.	John M. Ewing.
38.	1887.	T. J. George.	Wm. A. Adamson.
39.	1889.	T. J. George.	F. E. Parsons.
40.	1891.	John A. Barney.	Patrick Whelan.
41.	1893.	John B. Becker.	Theo. Knapstein.
42.	1895.	Charles Pettibone.	B. F. Millard.
43.	1897.	Charles Pettibone.	C. M. Hambright.
44.	1899.	Charles Pettibone.	James H. Agen.
45.	1901.	Charles Pettibone.	A. M. Anderson.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reps.
1833....	October 25th.....	Dec. 9, 1833.....	46 days.....	59
1837....	November 6th.....	Jan. 20, 1838.....	76 days.....	59
1838....	June 11th.....	June 25, 1838.....	15 days.....	58
1838....	November 26th.....	Dec. 22, 1838.....	27 days.....	57
1839....	January 21st.....	March 11, 1839.....	50 days.....	39
1839....	December 2d.....	Jan. 13, 1840.....	43 days.....	39
1840....	August 3d.....	August 14, 1840.....	12 days.....	39
1840....	December 7th.....	Feb. 19, 1841.....	75 days.....	39
1841....	December 6th.....	Feb. 19, 1842.....	76 days.....	39
1843....	March 6th.....	March 25, 1843.....	20 days.....	39
1843....	March 27th.....	April 17, 1843.....	22 days.....	39
1843....	December 4th.....	Jan. 31, 1844.....	59 days.....	39
1845....	January 6th.....	Feb. 24, 1845.....	50 days.....	39
1846....	January 5th.....	Feb. 3, 1846.....	30 days.....	39
1847....	January 4th.....	Feb. 11, 1847.....	39 days.....	39
1847....	October 15th.....	Oct. 27, 1847.....	10 days.....	39
1848....	February 7th.....	March 13, 1848.....	36 days.....	39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reps.
1846....	October 5th.....	Dec. 16, 1846.....	73 days.....	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847....	December 15th.....	Feb. 1, 1848.....	48 days.....	65
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy-eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

- Fourth Session*—Convended January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.
- Fifth Session*—Convended January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.
- Sixth Session*—This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.
- Seventh Session*—Convended January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eighth Session*—Convended January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Ninth Session*—Convended January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Tenth Session*—Convended January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eleventh Session*—Convended January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Twelfth Session*—Convended January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Thirteenth Session*—Convended January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fourteenth Session*—Convended January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Reconvened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fifteenth Session*—Convended January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Reconvened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 23, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Sixteenth Session*—Convended January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Seventeenth Session*—Convended January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Eighteenth Session*—Convended January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Nineteenth Session*—Convended January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twentieth Session*—Convended January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-first Session*—Convended January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-second Session*—Convended January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-third Session*—Convended January 12, 1870, and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fourth Session*—Convended January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fifth Session*—Convended January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-sixth Session*—Convended January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-seventh Session*—Convended January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session*—Convended January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-ninth Session*—Convended January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

- Thirtieth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session*—Convencd January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session*—Convencd January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session*—Convencd January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session*—Convencd January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Fortieth Session*—Convencd January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.
- Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892. Ten days.
- Forty-first Session*—Convencd January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-second Session*—Convencd January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, one hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-third Session*—Convencd January 13, 1897. Recess from April 24 to August 17. Met August 17 for the purpose of passing upon revision of the statutes. Adjourned August 20, 1897, one hundred and six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fourth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1899. Adjourned May 4, one hundred and fourteen days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fifth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1901.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January — See sec. 94z, W. S., 1893.]

1848. Elected November 7.

At Large — Francis Huebschmann.
Wm. Dunwiddie.
1st District — David P. Mapes.
2d District — Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large — Montgomery M. Cothren.
Saterlee Clark.
1st District — Philo White.
2d District — Beriah Brown.
3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

1856. Elected November 2.

At Large — Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District — Gregor Menzel.
2d District — Walter D. McIndoo.
3d District — Bille Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large — Walter D. McIndoo.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District — Wm. W. Vaughan.
2d District — J. Allen Barber.
3d District — Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large — William W. Field.
Henry L. Flood.
1st District — George C. Northrop.
2d District — Jonathon Bowman.
3d District — Allen Warden.
4th District — Henry J. Turner.
5th District — Henry F. Belitz.
6th District — Alexander S. McPill.

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large — Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District — Elihu Enos.
2d District — Charles G. Williams.
3d District — Allen Warden.
4th District — Leander F. Frisby.
5th District — William G. Rich.
6th District — Wm. T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large — William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District — Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District — George G. Swain.
3d District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District — Frederick Hilgen.
5th District — Edward C. McPettridge.
6th District — George E. Hoskinson.
7th District — Romanzo Bunn.
8th District — Henry D. Barron.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large — Wm. H. Miner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District — T. D. Weeks.
2d District — T. D. Lang.
3d District — Daniel L. Downs.
4th District — Casper M. Sanger.
5th District — Charles Luling.
6th District — James H. Foster.
7th District — Charles B. Solberg.
8th District — John H. Knapp.

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large — George End.
Knut Langland.
1st District — Lucius S. Blake.
2d District — John Kellogg.
3d District — George E. Weatherby.
4th District — Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District — C. T. Lovell.
6th District — E. L. Browne.
7th District — F. H. Kribs.
8th District — John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 2.

At Large — C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District — J. W. Ostrander.
2d District — D. C. Van Brunt.
3d District — Joseph Harris.
4th District — John Rugee.
5th District — E. W. Arndt.
6th District — B. T. Rogers.
7th District — W. M. Fogo.
8th District — Canute Anderson.
9th District — E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

At Large — Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District — C. N. Palmer.
2d District — Allen P. Harwood.
3d District — A. C. Dodge.
4th District — Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District — John Ruch.
6th District — Albert F. Hill.
7th District — Oscar F. Temple.
8th District — Currie G. Bell.
9th District — John Finney.

1892. Elected November 8.

At Large — Gustav Wollaeger.
Robert J. MacBride.
1st District — Andrew Jensen.
2d District — Michael Johnson.
3d District — John Montgomery Smith.
4th District — John Black.
5th District — Henry B. Schwin.
6th District — Ferdinand T. Yahr.
7th District — James J. Hogan.
8th District — John Wattawa.
9th District — Lewis S. Balley.
10th District — William F. Girckl.

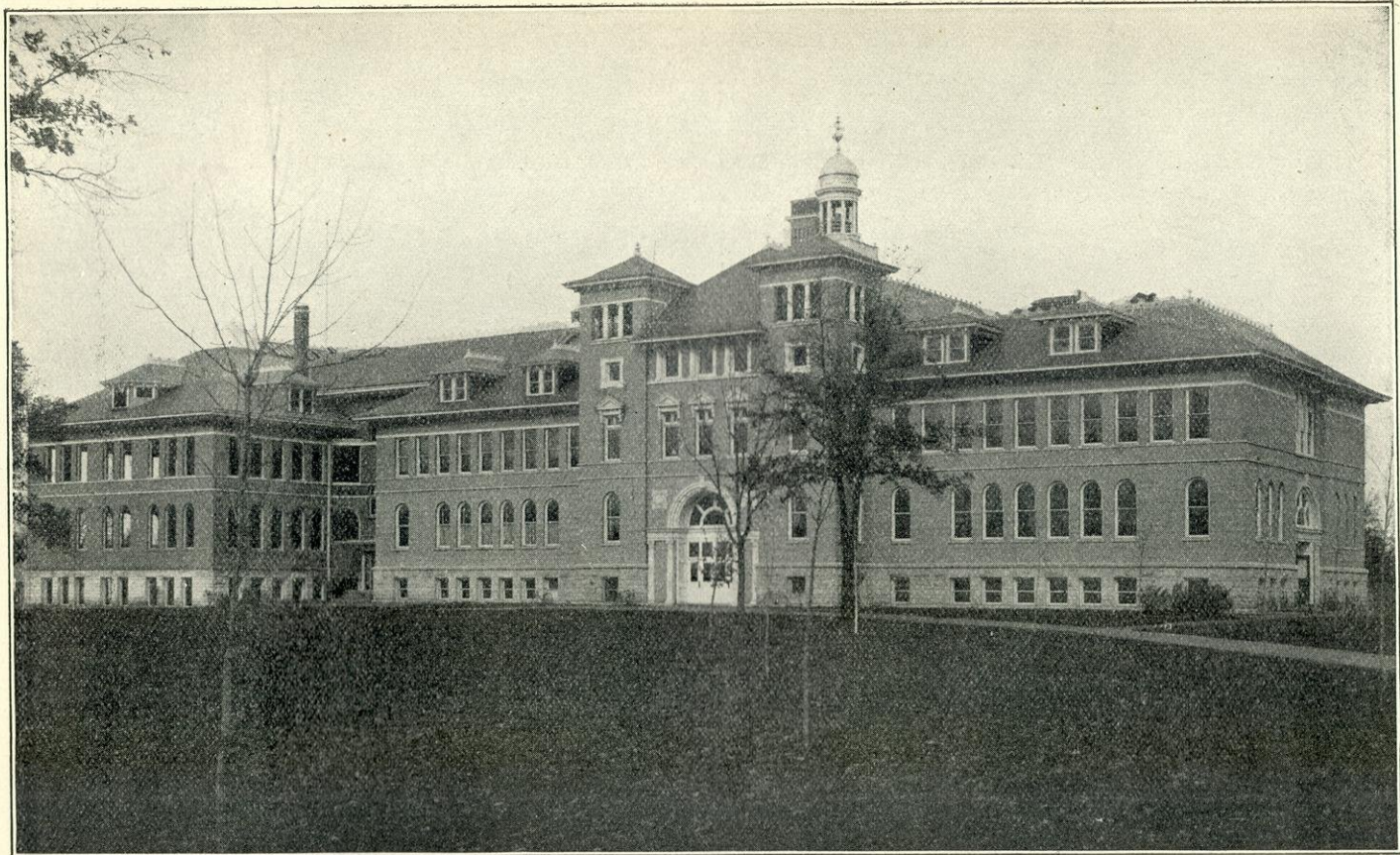
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS — Continued.

1896. Elected November 3.

At Large — John D. Nelsenius.
 Paul Lachmund.
 1st District — Ossian M. Pettit.
 2d District — Mark Curtis.
 3d District — Lewis C. Boyle.
 4th District — Ellicott R. Stillman.
 5th District — William J. Mallmann.
 6th District — George D. Breed.
 7th District — Iver Pederson.
 8th District — Frederick A. Hollman.
 9th District — Oakman A. Ellis.
 10th District — Samuel J. Bradford.

1900. Elected November 6.

At Large — Augustus G. Weissert.
 Atley Peterson.
 1st District — George A. Yule.
 2d District — Willard A. Van Brunt.
 3d District — Henry E. Roethe.
 4th District — William H. J. Kieckhefer.
 5th District — Whitman A. Barber.
 6th District — John Schuette.
 7th District — John Ochsner.
 8th District — Charles M. Fenelon.
 9th District — John D. Nelsenius.
 10th District — Fred A. Severance.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, STEVENS POINT.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS,

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones	Oct. 10, 1836	Henry Dodge	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty	Sept. 10, 1838	Morgan L. Martin	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS,

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker	June 8, 1848	Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 26, 1869
Henry Dodge	June 8, 1848	Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 21, 1873
Isaac P. Walker	Jan. 17, 1849	Angus Cameron	Feb. 3, 1875
Henry Dodge	Jan. 20, 1851	Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 22, 1879
Charles Durkee	Feb. 1, 1855	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1881
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 23, 1857	Angus Cameron	Mar. 10, 1881
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 23, 1861	John C. Spooner	Jan. 28, 1885
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 22, 1863	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1887
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 24, 1867	William F. Vilas	Jan. 28, 1891

REPRESENTATIVES,

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

- 1st District — William Pitt Lynde.¹
- 2d District — Mason C. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
- 2d District — Orsamus Cole.
- 3d District — James Duane Doty.

XXXIId Congress, 1851-53.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
- 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
- 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIIrd Congress, 1853-55.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
- 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
- 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
- 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
- 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
- 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
- 2d District — Luther Hanchett.²
- Walter D. McIndoe.
- 3d District — A. Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

- 1st District — James S. Brown.
- 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
- 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Ezra Wheeler.
- 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
- 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldredge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
- 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District — Charles E. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848.

² Died November 21, 1863, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1862.

XL1st Congress, 1869-71.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins,¹
 David Atwood.
 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIII^d Congress, 1871-73.

- 1st District — Alexander Mitchell.
 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIII^d Congress, 1873-75.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
 4th District — Alexander Mitchell.
 5th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
 6th District — Philetus Sawyer.
 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District — Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District — Henry S. Magoon.
 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District — Samuel D. Burchard.
 6th District — Alanson M. Kimball.
 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District — George W. Cate.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1881-83.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District — Richard Guenther.
 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85.

- 1st District — John Winans.
 2d District — Daniel H. Sumner.
 3d District — Burr W. Jones.
 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District — Joseph Rankin.
 6th District — Richard Guenther.
 7th District — Gilbert M. Woodward.
 8th District — William T. Price.
 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87.

- 1st District — Lucien B. Caswell.
 2d District — Edward S. Bragg.
 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District — Joseph Rankin,²
 T. R. Hudd.
 6th District — Richard Guenther.
 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District — William T. Price,³
 Hugh H. Price.
 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
 2d District — Richard Guenther.
 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District — Henry Smith.
 5th District — T. R. Hudd.
 6th District — C. B. Clark.
 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

L1st Congress, 1889-91.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
 2d District — Charles Barwig.
 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District — George H. Brickner.
 6th District — C. B. Clark.
 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District — Myron H. McCord.

LII^d Congress, 1891-93.

- 1st District — Clinton Babbitt.
 2d District — Charles Barwig.
 3d District — Allen R. Bushnell.
 4th District — John L. McShnell.
 5th District — George H. Brickner.
 6th District — Lucus M. Miller.
 7th District — Frank P. Coburn.
 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District — Thomas Lyncht.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.

² Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.

³ Died Dec. 7, 1886. Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 15, 1887.

LIII^d Congress, 1893-95.

- 1st District—H. A. Cooper.
- 2d District—Charles Barwig.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock.
- 4th District—John L. Mitchell.¹
- Peter J. Somers.²
- 5th District—George H. Brickner.
- 6th District—Owen A. Wells.
- 7th District—Geo. B. Shaw.³
- Michael Griffin.⁴
- 8th District—Lyman E. Barnes.
- 9th District—Thomas Lynch.
- 10th District—Nils P. Haugen.

LIVth Congress, 1895-97.

- 1st District—Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—Samuel A. Cook, Neenah.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVth Congress, 1897-99.

- 1st District—Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel A. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVth Congress, 1899-01.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Herman B. Dahle, Mt. Horeb.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVIIth Congress, 1901-03.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Herman B. Dahle, Mt. Horeb.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.

- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

¹ Resigned Feb. 10, 1893.

² Elected April 4, 1893, to fill vacancy.

³ Died Aug. 27, 1897.

⁴ Elected Nov. 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
2	1792	Richard H. Lee.....	Virginia.....	1732	1794
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard.....	South Carolina.....	1742	1804
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1753	1799
4	1795-97	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
4, 5	1797	William Bingham.....	Pennsylvania.....	1751	1804
5	1797-98	William Bradford.....	Rhode Island.....	1729	1808
5	1798	Jacob Read.....	South Carolina.....	1752	1816
5	1798-99	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
5	1799	John Laurence.....	New York.....	1750	1810
5	1799	James Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	1762	1847
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.....	Connecticut.....	1755	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard.....	Maryland.....	1752	1827
6	1801	James Hillhouse.....	Connecticut.....	1754	1832
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin.....	Georgia.....	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
8	1803-04	John Brown.....	Kentucky.....	1757	1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin.....	North Carolina.....	1758	1823
8	1805	Joseph Anderson.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-04	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
10	1808-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
10, 11	1809	John Millledge.....	Georgia.....	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1755	1835
11	1810-11	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1825
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope.....	Kentucky.....	1770	1845
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford.....	Georgia.....	1772	1834
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbours.....	Virginia.....	1775	1842
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1830
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1774	1866
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White.....	Tennessee.....	1773	1840
23	1834-35	George Poindexter.....	Mississippi.....	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler.....	Virginia.....	1790	1862
24-26	1836-41	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard.....	New Jersey.....	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum.....	North Carolina.....	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright.....	Indiana.....	1812	1875
34	1857	James M. Mason.....	Virginia.....	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick.....	Alabama.....	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot.....	Vermont.....	1802	1866
38	1864-35	Daniel Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	1809	1891
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster.....	Connecticut.....	1806	1880
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.....	Ohio.....	1800	1878
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.....	Rhode Island.....	1815	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter.....	Wisconsin.....	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.....	Michigan.....	1827	1896
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman.....	Ohio.....	1813	1895
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard.....	Delaware.....	1828	1898
47	1881-83	David Davis.....	Illinois.....	1815	1886
48	1883-85	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.....	1828	.....
49	1885-87	John Sherman.....	Ohio.....	1823	1800
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls.....	Kansas.....	1833	1800
52	1891-93	Chas. F. Manderson.....	Nebraska.....	1837	.....
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris.....	Tennessee.....	1818	1887
54, 55, 56	1896-97	Wm. P. Frye.....	Maine.....	1831	.....

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Con- gress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenberg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut.....	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenberg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey.....	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina.....	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1783	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia.....	1784	1857
23	1831-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee.....	1797	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee.....	1795	1849
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia.....	1809	1887
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky.....	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia.....	1805	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana.....	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts.....	1809	1894
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia.....	1815	1868
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky.....	1800	1859
34	1856-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts.....	1816	1894
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina.....	1822	1873
36	1860-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey.....	1796	1862
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania.....	1823	.....
38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.....	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine.....	1830	1893
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
45-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania.....	1828	1890
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio.....	1836	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky.....	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	.....
52-53	1891-95	Chas. F. Crisp.....	Georgia.....	1845	1896
54-55	1895-99	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	.....
56	.....	David B. Henderson.....	Iowa.....	1840	.....

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.
PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Name.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inaugurated.		Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at death.
						Year.	Age.				
1	George Washington.....	Va....	English.....	1732	Va....	1789	57	8	Federalist.....	Mount Vernon, 1799.....	67
2	John Adams.....	Mass..	English.....	1735	Mass..	1797	62	4	Federalist.....	Quincy, Mass., 1826.....	91
3	Thomas Jefferson.....	Va....	Welsh.....	1743	Va....	1804	58	3	Republican.....	Monticello, Va., 1826.....	83
4	James Madison.....	Va....	English.....	1751	Va....	1809	58	3	Republican.....	Montpelier, Va., 1836.....	85
5	James Monroe.....	Va....	Scotch.....	1758	Va....	1817	59	3	Republican.....	New York City, 1831.....	73
6	John Quincy Adams.....	Mass..	English.....	1767	Mass..	1825	58	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1848.....	81
7	Andrew Jackson.....	S. C..	Irish.....	1767	Tenn..	1829	62	8	Democrat.....	Hermiston, Tenn., 1845.....	78
8	Martin Van Buren.....	N. Y..	Dutch.....	1782	N. Y..	1837	55	4	Democrat.....	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862.....	80
9	William H. Harrison.....	Va....	English.....	1773	Ohio..	1841	58	1 mo.	Whig.....	Washington, 1841.....	63
10	John Tyler.....	N. Y..	English.....	1790	Va....	1841	51	4	Democrat.....	Richmond, Va., 1862.....	72
11	James K. Polk.....	N. C..	Irish.....	1795	Tenn..	1845	60	4	Democrat.....	Nashville, Tenn., 1849.....	54
12	Zachary Taylor.....	Va....	English.....	1784	La....	1849	55	1	Whig.....	Washington, 1850.....	66
13	Millard Fillmore.....	N. Y..	English.....	1800	N. Y..	1850	50	3	Whig.....	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.....	74
14	Franklin Pierce.....	N. H..	English.....	1804	N. H..	1853	49	4	Democrat.....	Concord, N. H., 1869.....	65
15	James Buchanan.....	Pa....	Irish.....	1791	Pa....	1857	66	4	Democrat.....	Wheatland, Pa., 1868.....	77
16	Abraham Lincoln.....	Ky....	English.....	1809	Ill....	1861	52	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1865.....	56
17	Andrew Johnson.....	N. C..	English.....	1808	Tenn..	1865	57	4	Republican.....	Greenville, Tenn., 1875.....	67
18	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Ohio..	Scotch.....	1822	Ill....	1869	47	3	Republican.....	Mt. M'Gregor, N. Y., 1885.....	63
19	Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio..	English.....	1822	Ohio..	1877	55	4	Republican.....	Fremont, Ohio, 1893.....	71
20	James A. Garfield.....	Ohio..	English.....	1831	Ohio..	1881	49	6½ mos.	Republican.....	Long Branch, N. J., 1881.....	50
21	Chester A. Arthur.....	Vt....	Irish.....	1830	N. Y..	1881	51	3y. 5½ mos.	Democrat.....	New York City, 1886.....	56
22	Grover Cleveland.....	N. J..	English.....	1837	N. Y..	1885	48	4	Republican.....	.....	.....
23	Benjamin Harrison.....	Ohio..	English.....	1833	Ind....	1889	56	4	Republican.....	.....	.....
24	Grover Cleveland.....	N. J..	English.....	1837	N. Y..	1893	56	4	Democrat.....	.....	.....
25	William McKinley.....	Ohio..	Scotch-Irish.....	1843	Ohio..	1897	54	.....	Republican.....	.....	.....

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

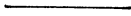
	NAME.	BIRTH.		Residence when elected.	Year qualified.	Years served.	Politics.	DEATH.		
		Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.	Age.
1	John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.....	1735	Massachusetts.	1789	8	Fed..	Quincy, Mass.....	1826	91
2	Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.....	1743	Virginia.....	1797	4	Rep..	Monticello, Va.....	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr.....	Newark, N. J.....	1756	New York.....	1801	4	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1836	80
4	George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.....	1739	New York.....	1805	7y., 1m., 16d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.....	1744	Massachusetts.	1813	1y., 8m., 19d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Scarsdale, N. Y.....	1774	New York.....	1817	8	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1825	51
7	John C. Calhoun.....	Abbeville, S. C.....	1782	South Carolina	1825	7y., 9m., 24d†	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1782	New York.....	1833	4	Dem..	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1862	80
9	Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.....	1780	Kentucky.....	1837	4	Dem..	Frankfort, Ky.....	1850	70
10	John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.....	1790	Virginia.....	1841	1 month‡	Dem..	Richmond, Va.....	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1792	Pennsylvania..	1845	4	Dem..	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1864	72
12	Millard Fillmore.....	Sumner Hill, N. Y.....	1800	New York.....	1849	1y., 4m., 4d†	Whig.	Buffalo, N. Y.....	1874	74
13	William R. King.....	Sampson Co., N. C.....	1786	Alabama.....	1853	1m., 14d*	Dem..	Dallas County, Ala.....	1853	67
14	J. C. Breckenridge.....	Lexington, Ky.....	1821	Kentucky.....	1857	4	Dem..	Lexington, Ky.....	1875	54
15	Hanibal Hamlin.....	Paris, Me.....	1809	Maine.....	1861	4	Rep..	Bangor, Me.....	1891	82
16	Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.....	1808	Tennessee.....	1865	1m., 11d†	Rep..	Carter County, Tenn.....	1875	67
17	Schuyler Colfax.....	New York City.....	1823	Indiana.....	1869	4	Rep..	Mankato, Minn.....	1885	62
18	Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.....	1812	Massachusetts.	1873	2y., 8m., 18d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1875	63
19	Wm. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.....	1819	New York.....	1877	4	Rep..	Malone, N. Y.....	1887	68
20	Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.....	1830	New York.....	1881	6m., 15d†	Rep..	New York City.....	1886	56
21	T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.....	1819	Indiana.....	1885	8m., 21d*	Dem..	Indianapolis, Ind.....	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.....	1824	New York.....	1839	4	Rep..	.....	.....	.....
23	Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Kentucky.....	1835	Illinois.....	1893	4	Dem..	.....	.....	.....
24	Garret A. Hobart.....	New Jersey.....	1814	New Jersey.....	1897	2y., 8m., 17d.*	Rep..	Paterson, N. J.....	1899	55
25	Theodore Roosevelt.....	New York City.....	1858	New York.....	1901	.....	Rep..	.....	.....	.....

*Died in office. †Resigned. ‡Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SUPERIOR.

PART III.



ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1864 to 1900.

STATES. (45)	1864. ¹	1868. ²	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884.	1888.	1892.	1896.	1900.
	Lincoln—Rep. McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep. Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep. Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep. Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro. McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem. McKinley—Rep.
Alabama.....	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11
Arkansas.....	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	8	8	8
California.....	5	5	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
Colorado.....	6	5	6	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Connecticut.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Delaware.....	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Florida.....	9	9	11	11	11	12	12	13	13	13
Georgia.....	16	16	21	21	21	22	22	24	24	24
Idaho.....	13	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Illinois.....	13	13	14	11	11	13	13	13	13	13
Indiana.....	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	10	10	10
Iowa.....	11	11	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Kansas.....	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
Kentucky.....	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Louisiana.....	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6
Maryland.....	12	12	13	13	13	11	14	15	15	15
Massachusetts.....	8	8	11	11	11	13	13	6	6	6
Michigan.....	4	4	5	5	5	7	7	9	9	9
Minnesota.....	11	11	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9
Mississippi.....	11	11	6	15	15	16	16	17	17	17
Missouri.....	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	3	3	3
Montana.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Nebraska.....	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	4	4	4
Nevada.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
New Hampshire.....	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10
New Jersey.....	33	33	35	35	35	36	36	36	36	36
New York.....	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
North Carolina.....	21	21	22	22	22	23	23	1	1	1
North Dakota.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Ohio.....	26	26	29	29	29	30	30	32	32	32
Oregon.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Pennsylvania.....	6	6	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9
Rhode Island.....	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
South Carolina.....	8	8	8	8	8	13	13	15	15	15
South Dakota.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Tennessee.....	5	5	5	5	5	11	11	12	12	12
Texas.....	5	5	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	12
Utah.....	8	8	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	12
Vermont.....	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Virginia.....	8	8	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	12
Washington.....	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
West Virginia.....	8	8	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	12
Wisconsin.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Wyoming.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total.....	212	214	286	42	185	214	155	219	182	233
No. states voting.....	38	37	37	38	38	35	38	44	45	45

¹ Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.
² Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1863.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1900, WITH PLURALITIES, POPULATION BY STATES
AND NUMBER OF INHABITANTS PER VOTE CAST.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

STATES.	McKin- ley, Rep.	Wool- ley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mal- loney, Soc. Lab.	Bar- ker, Pop.	Ellis, U. R.	Scat- ter- ing.	McKin- ley, Plu.	Bryan, Plu.	ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 6, 1900.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Popu- lation per vote cast.	State.
											McK.	Bry'n				
Alabama.....	55,634	1,407	96,368	928		3,796				40,734		11	158,133	1,828,697	11.564	Ala.
Arkansas.....	44,800	584	81,142			972	341			36,342		8	127,839	1,311,564	10.250	Ark.
California.....	164,755	5,004	124,955	7,554				1,475	39,770		9		303,773	1,485,053	4.892	Cal.
Colorado.....	93,072	3,790	122,733	654	714	389				29,661		4	221,382	539,700	2.458	Colo.
Connecticut.....	102,572	1,617	74,014	1,029	908			53	23,558		6		180,195	908,355	5.042	Conn.
Delaware.....	24,535	546	18,863	57					3,672		3		42,001	184,735	4.398	Del.
Florida.....	7,314	2,234	28,007	601		1,070				50,693		4	39,226	528,542	13.464	Fla.
Georgia.....	35,035	1,396	81,700			4,531				46,665		13	122,715	2,216,331	18.060	Ga.
Idaho.....	27,198	857	29,414	3						2,216		3	57,472	161,772	2.796	Ida.
Illinois.....	597,985	17,626	503,061	9,687	1,373		672	352	94,924		24		1,130,756	4,821,550	4.264	Ill.
Indiana.....	336,063	13,718	309,584	2,374	663	1,438	254		26,479		15		664,094	2,516,462	3.789	Ind.
Iowa.....	307,808	9,502	209,265	2,742	259	613	166		93,543		13		530,335	2,231,853	4.208	Iowa.
Kansas.....	185,955	3,605	162,601	1,605					23,354		10		353,766	1,470,495	4.004	Kan.
Kentucky.....	223,801	2,814	234,899	766	293	2,017				8,098		13	467,595	2,147,174	4.592	Ky.
Louisiana.....	14,233		53,671							39,438		8	67,904	1,381,625	20.346	La.
Maine.....	65,435	2,585	36,223	878				3	28,612		6		105,724	694,466	6.568	Me.
Maryland.....	136,212	4,582	122,271	908	391		147		13,941		8		264,511	1,190,050	4.492	Md.
Massachusetts.....	238,866	6,202	156,997	9,607	2,599				81,369		15		414,271	2,805,346	6.788	Mass.
Michigan.....	316,269	11,859	211,685	2,826	903	837			104,584		14		544,379	2,420,982	4.447	Mich.
Minnesota.....	190,461	8,555	112,901	3,065	1,329	1,644			77,569		9		316,311	1,751,394	5.538	Minn.
Mississippi.....	5,703		51,706							46,003		9	59,059	1,551,270	26.269	Miss.
Missouri.....	314,092	5,965	351,922	6,128	1,294				37,830		17		679,401	3,106,665	4.572	Mo.
Montana.....	25,373	298	37,146	703					11,773		3		63,825	243,329	3.830	Mont.
Nebraska.....	121,835	3,655	114,013	823		1,104			7,822		8		241,430	1,068,539	4.426	Neb.
Nevada.....	3,803		6,829						2,526		3		10,132	42,335	4.187	Nev.
New Hampshire.....	54,798	1,271	35,489	790					19,309		4		92,348	411,588	4.456	N. H.
New Jersey.....	221,707	7,183	164,208	4,609	2,074	669			56,899		10		401,050	1,833,669	4.607	N. J.
New York.....	821,992	22,043	678,386	12,869	12,622				143,606		36		1,547,912	7,283,012	6.694	N. Y.
North Carolina.....	133,080	991	157,733			737				24,653		11	292,541	1,898,810	6.470	N. C.
North Dakota.....	35,898	735	20,531	520		111			15,367		3		57,795	319,146	5.522	N. D.
Ohio.....	543,918	10,203	474,882	4,847	1,688	251	4,284		69,036		23		1,040,073	4,157,545	3.997	Ohio.
Oregon.....	46,526	2,536	33,385	1,494		269			13,141		4		84,210	413,536	4.926	Ore.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL FOR PRESIDENT, 1900 — Continued.

STATES.	McKinley, Rep.	Woolley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Maloney, Soc. Lab.	Barker, Pop.	Ellis, U. R.	Scattering.	McKinley, Plu.	Bryan, Plu.	ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 6, 1900.	Population, 1900.	Population per vote cast.	States.
											McK.	Bry'n				
Pennsylvania.....	712,665	27,908	424,232	4,831	2,936	635	.....	.....	288,433	.....	32	.....	1,173,210	6,302,115	5.371	Penn.
Rhode Island.....	33,784	1,524	19,812	.....	1,423	.....	.....	.....	13,972	.....	4	.....	56,548	428,556	7.578	R. I.
South Carolina.....	3,579	.....	47,233	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,654	.....	9	50,812	1,340,316	26.378	S. C.
South Dakota.....	54,570	1,542	39,544	169	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,986	.....	4	.....	95,785	401,570	4.191	S. D.
Tennessee.....	123,008	3,860	145,210	346	1,322	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,242	12	.....	273,786	2,020,616	7.380	Tenn.
Texas.....	130,641	2,614	267,434	1,846	162	20,981	.....	.....	.....	133,793	15	.....	423,708	3,048,710	7.194	Tex.
Utah.....	47,039	205	44,944	717	102	.....	9	.....	2,155	.....	3	.....	93,076	276,749	2.973	Utah.
Vermont.....	42,568	.....	12,849	.....	.....	.....	.....	431	29,719	.....	4	.....	56,216	313,641	6.118	Vt.
Virginia.....	115,865	2,150	146,080	115	167	63	.....	63	.....	30,215	12	.....	264,533	1,854,184	7.011	Va.
Washington.....	57,453	2,345	44,833	2,006	833	.....	.....	.....	12,623	.....	4	.....	107,503	518,103	4.342	Wash.
West Virginia.....	119,851	1,588	98,791	235	.....	279	.....	.....	21,060	.....	6	.....	220,793	958,800	4.342	W. Va.
Wisconsin.....	265,760	10,027	159,163	7,048	503	.....	.....	.....	106,597	.....	12	.....	442,501	2,069,042	4.674	Wis.
Wyoming.....	14,482	.....	10,164	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	4,318	.....	3	.....	24,696	92,531	3.746	Wyo.
Totals.....	7,219,016	207,159	6,357,613	95,499	31,593	42,830	5,864	2,438	1,440,909	579,536	292	155	13,965,042	*74,610,523	†5.342	

* Population of 45 states only, exclusive of territories. † Number of inhabitants per vote cast; fractions of 1,000th of 1 per cent. omitted.

Popular vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	861,373
Popular vote, McKinley over all other votes.....	472,990
Electorate vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	137
Range of population for vote cast; 2 458-1000 in Colorado to 25 378-1000 in South Carolina.	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES,
WITH PLURALITIES — 1896.

STATES. (45)	POPULAR VOTE.					PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	McKinley, Rep.	Levering, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Mat- chett, Soc. Lab.	McKinley, Rep.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley,	Bryan,
Alabama.....	54,737	2,147	130,307	6,462	.....	.....	75,570	.....	11
Arkansas.....	37,512	839	110,103	.....	.....	.....	72,591	.....	8
California.....	146,170	2,573	143,373	1,730	1,611	2,797	.....	8	*1
Colorado.....	26,271	1,717	161,153	1	159	.....	134,882	.....	4
Connecticut.....	110,235	1,808	56,740	4,334	1,223	53,545	.....	6	.....
Delaware.....	16,804	355	13,424	877	.....	3,380	.....	3	.....
Florida.....	11,288	1,778	32,735	654	.....	.....	21,448	.....	4
Georgia.....	60,091	5,613	94,232	2,708	.....	.....	34,141	.....	13
Idaho.....	6,324	179	23,192	.....	.....	.....	16,863	.....	3
Illinois.....	677,130	9,796	464,632	6,330	1,147	142,498	.....	24	.....
Indiana.....	323,754	3,036	305,573	2,145	324	18,181	.....	15	.....
Iowa.....	239,253	3,152	223,741	4,516	453	65,552	.....	13	.....
Kansas.....	159,541	1,921	171,810	1,209	.....	.....	12,269	.....	10
Kentucky.....	218,171	4,781	217,890	5,114	.....	231	.....	12	*1
Louisiana.....	22,037	.....	77,175	1,834	.....	.....	55,138	.....	3
Maine.....	80,465	1,570	34,688	1,870	.....	45,777	.....	6	.....
Maryland.....	136,959	5,918	104,735	2,507	587	32,221	.....	8	.....
Massachusetts.....	278,976	2,998	105,711	11,749	2,114	173,295	.....	15	.....
Michigan.....	293,582	5,025	235,714	6,879	297	56,888	.....	14	.....
Minnesota.....	193,501	4,343	139,626	3,202	867	53,875	.....	9	.....
Mississippi.....	5,130	485	63,859	1,071	.....	.....	58,729	.....	9
Missouri.....	304,940	2,169	363,667	2,355	596	.....	58,727	.....	17
Montana.....	10,494	186	42,537	.....	.....	.....	32,043	.....	3
Nebraska.....	102,304	1,193	115,880	2,885	186	.....	13,576	.....	8
Nevada.....	1,938	.....	8,377	.....	.....	.....	6,439	.....	3
New Hampshire.....	57,444	779	21,650	3,520	228	35,794	.....	4	.....
New Jersey.....	221,367	5,614	133,675	6,373	3,955	87,692	.....	10	.....
New York.....	819,833	16,052	551,369	13,950	17,667	268,469	.....	36	.....
North Carolina.....	155,222	675	174,488	578	.....	.....	19,266	.....	11
North Dakota.....	26,335	358	20,686	.....	.....	5,649	.....	3	.....
Ohio.....	525,991	5,068	477,494	1,857	1,167	48,497	.....	23	.....
Oregon.....	48,779	919	46,662	977	.....	2,117	.....	4	.....
Pennsylvania.....	728,303	19,274	433,223	11,000	1,683	295,072	.....	32	.....
Rhode Island.....	37,437	1,160	14,459	1,166	558	22,978	.....	4	.....
South Carolina.....	9,231	.....	58,798	828	.....	.....	49,517	.....	9
South Dakota.....	41,042	685	41,225	.....	.....	.....	183	.....	4
Tennessee.....	148,773	3,098	166,268	1,951	.....	17,495	.....	12	.....
Texas.....	167,520	1,786	370,434	5,046	.....	.....	202,914	.....	15
Utah.....	13,484	.....	64,517	21	.....	.....	51,033	.....	3
Vermont.....	51,127	733	10,637	1,331	.....	40,490	.....	4	.....
Virginia.....	135,368	2,350	154,709	2,129	108	.....	19,341	.....	12
Washington.....	39,153	968	51,646	1,668	.....	.....	12,493	.....	4
West Virginia.....	104,414	1,203	92,927	677	.....	11,487	.....	6	.....
Wisconsin.....	268,135	7,507	165,823	4,584	1,314	102,612	.....	12	.....
Wyoming.....	10,072	136	10,655	.....	.....	.....	583	.....	3
Total.....	7,166,779	132,007	6,502,925	133,148	36,274	1,569,100	965,246	271	176
McKinley's net plurality.....	693,854	.....	.....	.....	.....	965,246	.....	.....	.....

* California and Kentucky each gave one Bryan candidate for elector more votes than were received by the McKinley candidate for elector receiving the lowest number of votes. In the election of 1896 Bentley, National, received 13,645 votes.
Total popular vote, as per above figures, 13,924,778.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES, WITH PLURALITIES.

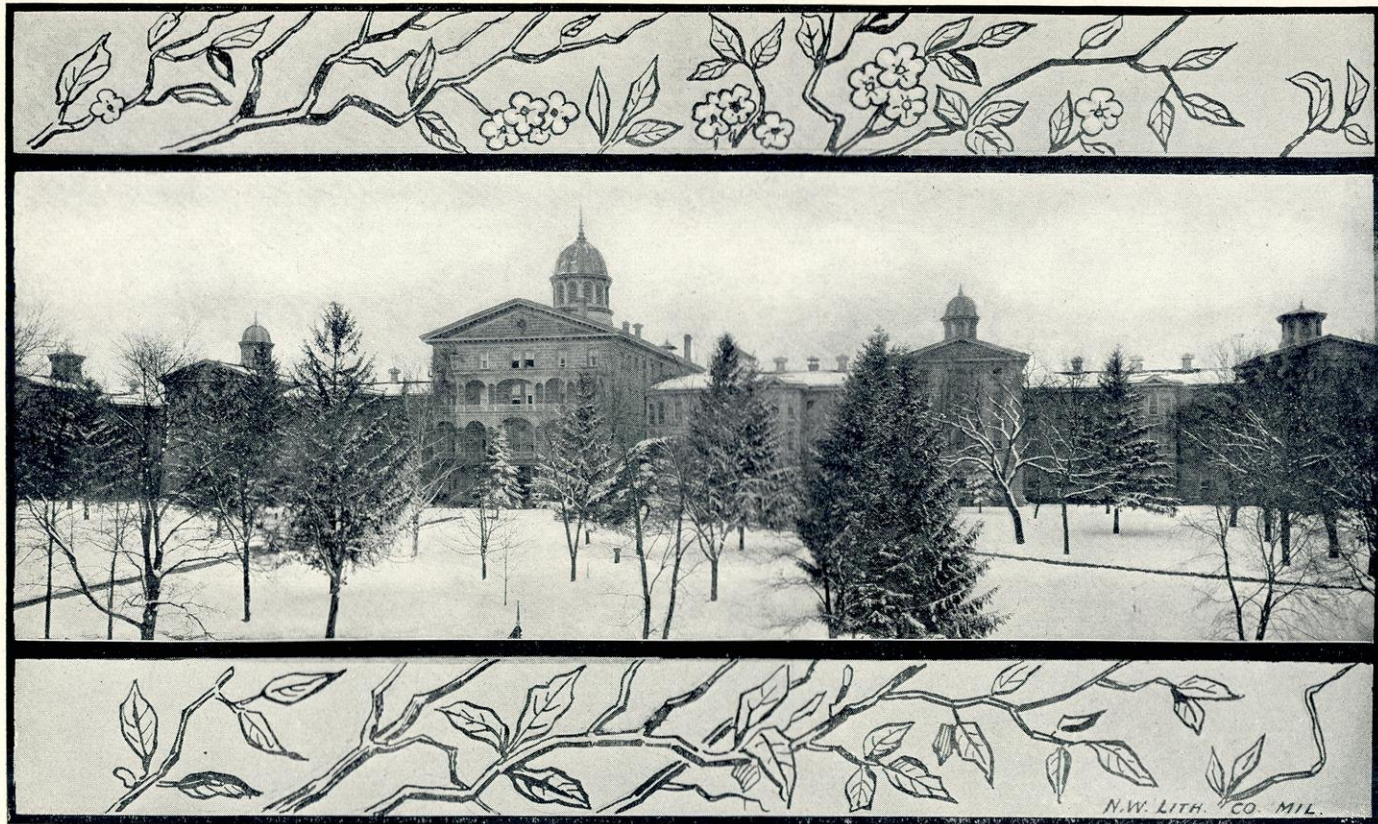
STATES. (44)	1892.									
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.			ELECTORAL VOTE.		
	Cleveland, Dem.	Harrison, Rep.	Weaver, Pop.	Bidwell, Pro.	Cleveland Plu.	Harrison Plu.	Weaver Plu.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Weaver.
Alabama.....	138,138	9,197	85,181	239	52,937	.....	.....	11	.....	.....
Arkansas.....	87,834	46,979	11,831	129	40,855	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
California.....	118,174	118,027	25,311	8,096	147	.....	.....	8	.....	.....
Colorado.....	.....	33,620	53,584	1,687	.....	.....	14,964	.....	.....	4
Connecticut.....	82,395	77,032	809	4,026	5,363	.....	.....	6	.....	.....
Delaware.....	18,581	18,077	.....	561	501	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Florida.....	30,143	.....	4,843	569	25,300	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Georgia.....	129,386	48,305	42,939	988	81,081	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Idaho.....	2	8,599	10,520	288	.....	.....	1,921	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....	426,281	399,288	22,207	25,870	26,993	.....	.....	24	.....	.....
Indiana.....	262,740	255,615	22,208	13,050	7,125	.....	.....	15	.....	.....
Iowa.....	196,367	219,795	20,595	6,402	.....	23,428	.....	.....	13	.....
Kansas.....	.....	157,241	163,111	4,553	.....	.....	5,870	.....	.....	10
Kentucky.....	175,461	135,441	23,500	6,442	40,020	.....	.....	13	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	87,622	.....	26,132	.....	61,499	.....	.....	8	.....	.....
Maine.....	48,914	62,871	2,333	3,052	.....	14,827	.....	.....	6	.....
Maryland.....	113,866	92,736	7,796	5,877	21,130	.....	.....	8	.....	.....
Massachusetts.....	176,858	202,927	3,348	7,539	.....	26,069	.....	.....	15	.....
Michigan.....	202,296	222,708	19,796	20,857	.....	20,412	.....	6	.....	8
Minnesota.....	149,920	122,823	29,313	14,182	21,903	.....	.....	.....	9	.....
Mississippi.....	40,237	1,406	10,256	910	29,981	.....	.....	9	.....	.....
Missouri.....	263,388	226,918	41,213	4,331	41,480	.....	.....	17	.....	.....
Montana.....	17,581	18,851	7,331	549	.....	1,270	.....	3	.....	.....
Nebraska.....	24,943	87,227	83,131	4,902	.....	4,093	.....	.....	.....	8
Nevada.....	714	2,811	7,264	89	.....	.....	4,453	.....	.....	3
New Hampshire.....	42,031	45,638	293	1,297	.....	3,577	.....	.....	4	.....
New Jersey.....	171,036	156,101	985	8,134	14,955	.....	.....	10	.....	.....
New York.....	654,908	609,459	16,436	38,193	45,449	.....	.....	36	.....	.....
North Carolina.....	132,951	100,346	44,732	2,543	32,605	.....	.....	11	.....	.....
North Dakota.....	.....	17,519	17,700	899	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....
Ohio.....	404,115	405,187	14,852	26,012	.....	1,072	.....	1	22	.....
Oregon.....	14,243	35,062	26,965	2,281	.....	8,037	.....	.....	4	.....
Pennsylvania.....	452,264	516,011	8,714	25,123	.....	63,747	.....	.....	32	.....
Rhode Island.....	24,336	26,975	228	1,654	.....	2,639	.....	.....	4	.....
South Carolina.....	54,698	13,334	2,410	.....	41,314	.....	.....	9	.....	.....
South Dakota.....	9,081	34,888	26,544	.....	.....	8,341	.....	.....	.....	4
Tennessee.....	196,594	99,851	23,780	4,776	36,743	.....	.....	12	.....	.....
Texas.....	239,148	77,475	99,688	2,163	161,673	.....	.....	15	.....	.....
Vermont.....	16,325	37,932	44	1,424	.....	21,667	.....	.....	4	.....
Virginia.....	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,735	50,715	.....	.....	12	.....	.....
Washington.....	29,844	36,460	19,054	2,553	.....	6,616	.....	.....	4	.....
West Virginia.....	84,467	80,293	4,106	4,153	.....	4,174	.....	6	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	177,325	171,101	10,019	13,136	6,489	.....	.....	12	.....	.....
Wyoming.....	.....	8,454	7,722	530	.....	732	.....	.....	.....	3
Total.....	5,554,504	5,158,912	1,054,215	239,301	850,436	206,530	27,389	256	128	32

NOTE.—In 1892 the Democratic party placed no electoral ticket in the field in Colorado, Idaho, Kansas or North Dakota, the Republican party none in Georgia or Louisiana.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1888, WITH PLURALITIES.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (38)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, U. Lab.	Har- rison, Rep.	Cleve- land, Dem.
Alabama	57,197	117,340	583			60,113
Arkansas	58,752	85,962	614	10,613		27,210
California	121,809	117,729	5,761		7,080	
Colorado	51,196	37,610	2,210	112	14,183	
Connecticut	74,581	74,920	4,231			336
Delaware	12,973	16,414	400			3,441
Florida	26,657	39,561	417			12,904
Georgia	40,496	100,499	1,800	133		60,003
Illinois	370,473	248,272	21,695	7,090	22,201	
Indiana	263,391	261,013	9,881	2,691	2,318	
Iowa	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	
Kansas	182,004	102,745	6,779	37,783	80,159	
Kentucky	155,131	183,800	5,225	622		28,666
Louisiana	30,701	85,092	127			54,331
Maine	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	
Maryland	99,483	106,168	4,767			6,182
Massachusetts	183,892	151,590	8,701		32,302	
Michigan	236,307	213,401	20,942	4,542	22,903	
Minnesota	142,482	101,385	15,311	1,065	38,097	
Mississippi	30,096	85,471	218	22		55,375
Missouri	236,253	261,954	4,540	18,583		25,701
Nebraska	108,425	80,552	9,429	4,226	27,873	
Nevada	7,238	5,326	45			1,912
New Hampshire	46,728	43,358	1,592	13	2,370	
New Jersey	144,344	151,493	7,404			7,149
New York	650,333	635,965	30,231	626	14,373	
North Carolina	134,784	147,902	2,739	37		13,118
Ohio	416,054	396,455	24,356	3,496	19,599	
Oregon	34,293	23,522	1,677		6,771	
Pennsylvania	526,091	416,633	20,947	3,873	79,453	
Rhode Island	21,969	17,530	1,251		4,438	
South Carolina	13,740	65,825				52,085
Tennessee	139,989	158,787	5,969			18,798
Texas	88,422	234,883	4,749	29,459		146,461
Vermont	45,192	16,788	1,460		28,401	
Virginia	150,438	151,977	1,678			1,539
West Virginia	78,491	79,330				839
Wisconsin	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552	21,321	
Total	5,445,274	5,538,755	248,800	142,034	480,770	574,251
Plurality		93,481				93,481



STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MENDOTA.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1884, WITH PLURALITIES.

[By States.]

STATES. (33)	1884.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Butler. Green.	St. John. Pro.	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	59,591	93,951	873	612	.....	34,360
Arkansas.....	50,895	72,927	1,817	.....	.....	22,082
California.....	102,416	89,288	2,017	2,920	13,128	.....
Colorado.....	36,290	27,723	1,958	761	8,567	.....
Connecticut.....	65,923	67,199	1,688	2,305	.....	1,274
Delaware.....	12,951	16,964	6	55	.....	4,013
Florida.....	28,081	31,766	.....	72	.....	3,735
Georgia.....	48,603	94,667	145	195	.....	46,064
Illinois.....	337,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	.....
Indiana.....	238,463	244,990	8,293	3,028	.....	6,527
Iowa.....	197,089	177,316	.....	1,472	19,773	.....
Kansas.....	154,406	90,132	16,311	4,495	61,274	.....
Kentucky.....	118,122	152,961	1,691	3,139	.....	34,839
Louisiana.....	46,347	62,540	.....	.....	.....	16,193
Maine.....	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,160	20,069	.....
Maryland.....	85,699	96,932	531	2,794	.....	11,233
Massachusetts.....	146,724	122,451	24,433	10,026	24,243	.....
Michigan.....	192,669	149,835	42,243	18,403	42,834	.....
Minnesota.....	111,923	70,144	3,583	4,684	41,779	.....
Mississippi.....	43,509	76,510	.....	.....	.....	33,001
Missouri.....	202,929	235,988	.....	2,153	.....	33,059
Nebraska.....	76,912	51,391	.....	2,899	22,521	.....
Nevada.....	7,193	5,578	26	.....	1,615	.....
New Hampshire.....	43,249	39,183	552	1,571	4,066	.....
New Jersey.....	123,440	127,798	3,496	6,159	.....	4,358
New York.....	562,005	563,154	16,994	25,016	.....	1,149
North Carolina.....	125,038	142,952	.....	454	.....	17,884
Ohio.....	400,082	368,280	5,179	11,069	31,802	.....
Oregon.....	26,860	24,604	726	492	2,256	.....
Pennsylvania.....	473,804	392,785	16,992	15,283	81,019	.....
Rhode Island.....	19,630	12,391	422	928	6,639	.....
South Carolina.....	21,733	60,890	.....	.....	.....	48,157
Tennessee.....	124,078	133,258	957	1,131	.....	9,180
Texas.....	93,141	225,309	3,321	3,534	.....	132,168
Vermont.....	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	.....
Virginia.....	139,356	145,497	.....	138	.....	6,141
West Virginia.....	63,096	67,317	810	939	.....	4,221
Wisconsin.....	161,135	146,453	4,598	7,649	14,682	.....
Total.....	4,851,959	4,874,980	175,370	150,362	446,563	469,584
Plurality.....	.....	23,021	.....	.....	.....	23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1880 AND 1876.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Scat-	Tilden.	Hayes.
	Rep.	Dem.	Gr.	tering.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	56, 178	90, 687	4, 642	.....	102, 002	68, 230
Arkansas	41, 661	60, 489	4, 079	.....	58, 071	38, 069
California	80, 348	80, 426	3, 392	.....	76, 404	79, 269
Colorado	27, 450	24, 647	1, 435	.....	13, 316	14, 154
Connecticut	67, 073	64, 417	868	412	61, 934	59, 094
Delaware	14, 150	15, 183	.....	.....	13, 381	10, 732
Florida	23, 654	27, 904	.....	.....	124, 285	24, 327
Georgia	53, 648	102, 522	481	.....	130, 088	50, 446
Illinois	318, 087	277, 321	26, 358	596	258, 601	278, 232
Indiana	293, 164	225, 533	12, 986	.....	213, 536	207, 971
Iowa	133, 904	105, 845	32, 327	630	112, 121	171, 326
Kansas	121, 530	59, 789	19, 710	.....	37, 902	78, 322
Kentucky	104, 550	147, 909	11, 498	257	159, 690	97, 156
Louisiana	37, 994	65, 310	11, 439	.....	270, 508	75, 135
Maine	74, 039	65, 171	4, 408	235	49, 823	66, 300
Maryland	78, 515	93, 706	818	.....	91, 779	71, 980
Massachusetts	165, 205	111, 060	4, 548	799	108, 777	150, 063
Michigan	185, 190	131, 300	34, 795	1, 156	141, 595	166, 901
Minnesota	93, 903	53, 315	3, 267	286	48, 799	72, 962
Mississippi	34, 854	75, 750	5, 797	677	112, 173	52, 605
Missouri	153, 567	208, 609	35, 045	.....	203, 077	145, 029
Nebraska	54, 979	28, 523	3, 853	.....	17, 554	31, 916
Nevada	8, 732	9, 611	.....	.....	9, 308	10, 383
New Hampshire	44, 852	40, 794	538	189	38, 509	41, 539
New Jersey	120, 555	122, 565	2, 617	191	115, 962	103, 517
New York	555, 544	534, 511	12, 373	2, 177	521, 949	489, 207
North Carolina	115, 878	124, 204	1, 136	.....	125, 427	108, 419
Ohio	375, 048	340, 821	6, 456	2, 642	323, 182	330, 698
Oregon	20, 619	19, 948	249	.....	14, 149	15, 206
Pennsylvania	444, 704	407, 428	20, 068	1, 983	366, 158	384, 122
Rhode Island	18, 195	10, 779	236	25	10, 712	15, 787
South Carolina	58, 071	112, 312	566	7	90, 896	91, 786
Tennessee	107, 677	128, 191	5, 916	43	133, 166	89, 566
Texas	57, 845	156, 228	27, 405	.....	104, 803	44, 803
Vermont	45, 090	18, 181	1, 212	110	20, 254	44, 092
Virginia	84, 020	127, 976	139	.....	139, 670	95, 558
West Virginia	46, 243	57, 391	9, 079	.....	56, 455	42, 698
Wisconsin	144, 297	114, 634	7, 980	161	123, 927	130, 068
Total	4, 449, 053	4, 442, 035	307, 306	12, 576	4, 299, 893	4, 048, 228
Total vote				9, 210, 970	8, 442, 049	

1 The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1872, 1868 AND 1864.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	Mc- Clellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,372	79,444	76,366	72,086		
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,078		
California	54,020	40,718	54,502	54,078	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,633	45,872	50,006	47,961	44,691	42,285
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8,155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,423				
Georgia	62,715	76,287	57,134	102,822		
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,293	199,143	189,096	158,730
Indiana	166,144	163,437	176,552	166,980	150,422	130,233
Iowa	131,233	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,596
Kansas	67,048	32,970	31,047	14,019	16,441	3,691
Kentucky	88,816	100,212	39,569	115,899	27,786	64,301
Louisiana	59,975	66,466	33,263	80,225		
Maine	61,422	29,087	70,426	42,306	68,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,685	30,433	62,357	40,153	32,739
Massachusetts	133,472	59,260	136,447	59,408	126,742	48,745
Michigan	136,202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55,709	35,211	43,542	23,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,016	47,191				
Missouri	119,196	151,433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,439		
Nevada	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,213	9,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	33,191	31,224	36,400	32,871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80,121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	387,279	419,883	429,833	368,735	361,986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96,226	84,000		
Ohio	281,852	244,321	280,123	233,700	265,154	205,568
Oregon	11,820	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Pennsylvania	349,689	211,961	343,280	313,312	296,391	276,316
Rhode Island	13,665	5,329	12,903	6,548	14,349	8,713
South Carolina	72,200	22,903	62,301	45,237		
Tennessee	83,065	94,201	56,737	26,311		
Texas	47,405	66,500				
Vermont	41,457	10,947	44,167	12,045	42,419	13,321
Virginia	93,415	91,440				
West Virginia	32,223	29,537	29,025	20,306	23,152	10,433
Wisconsin	104,992	86,477	103,857	84,710	83,458	65,884
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737,368		309,588		1,411,281	
Whole vote	6,457,318		5,716,783		4,034,780	

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1860 AND 1856.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Dem.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651		28,552	46,739
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		10,787	21,910
California	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,516	20,691	36,165	53,365
Connecticut	43,792	14,641	3,291	15,522	42,715	2,615	34,995
Delaware	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023	308	6,175	8,004
Florida		8,543	5,437	367		4,833	6,358
Georgia		51,889	42,886	11,590		42,228	56,598
Illinois	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215	96,189	37,444	105,348
Indiana	139,033	12,295	5,306	115,509	94,375	22,386	118,670
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	43,954	9,180	36,107
Kansas							
Kentucky	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651	314	67,416	74,642
Louisiana		22,681	20,204	7,625		20,709	22,164
Maine	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,693	67,379	3,325	39,080
Maryland	2,294	42,482	41,760	5,966	281	47,460	39,115
Massachusetts	106,533	5,939	22,331	34,372	108,190	19,620	39,240
Michigan	88,480	805	405	65,057	71,762	1,660	52,136
Minnesota	22,069	748	62	11,920			
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,223		24,195	35,446
Missouri	17,028	31,317	53,372	58,081		48,524	58,164
Nebraska							
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811	38,345	422	32,789
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	28,338	24,115	46,943
New York	362,646			312,731	276,007	124,604	195,878
North Carolina		48,539	44,990			26,886	48,246
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822	187,497	28,126	170,874
Oregon	5,270	5,006	183	3,951			
Pennsylvania	268,030	178,871	12,776	16,765	147,510	82,175	230,710
Rhode Island	12,244			7,707	11,467	1,675	6,680
South Carolina ¹							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		66,178	73,638
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,169
Vermont	33,808	218	1,969	6,849	39,561	545	10,569
Virginia	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,866,452	847,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,053,987	

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES — Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elect. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.		
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.	
					States.	Popular.			Electoral.
1872	37	366	Rep.	Ulysses S. Grant.	31	3,597,070	286	Henry Wilson.	286
			D. & L.	Horace Greeley.	6	2,831,079	.....	B. Gratz Brown.	47
			Dem.	Chas. O'Connor. . . . .	.....	29,408	.....	Geo. W. Julian.	5
			Temp.	James Black. . . . .	.....	5,608	.....	A. H. Colquitt.	5
			.....	T. A. Hendricks. . . . .	.....	.....	42	J. M. Palmer.	3
			.....	B. Gratz Brown. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	T. E. Bramlette.	3
			.....	Chas. J. Jenkins. . . . .	.....	.....	2	W. S. Groesbeck.	1
			.....	David Davis. . . . .	.....	.....	1	W. D. Machen.	1
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	N. P. Banks.	1
		
1876	38	369	Rep.	R. B. Hayes.	21	4,018,228	185	W. A. Wheeler.	185
			Dem.	Samuel J. Tilden.	17	4,299,893	184	T. A. Hendricks.	184
			G. B.	Peter Cooper. . . . .	.....	81,740	.....	.....	.....
			Prohi.	Green Clay Smith. . . . .	.....	9,552	.....	.....	.....
1880	38	369	.....	Scattering. . . . .	.....	2,636	.....	.....	.....
			Rep.	Jas. A. Garfield.	19	4,419,187	214	Chest. A. Arthur.	214
			Dem.	W. S. Hancock.	19	4,435,121	155	W. H. English.	155
			G. B.	J. B. Weaver. . . . .	.....	302,754	.....	.....	.....
1884	38	401	Prohi.	Neal Dow. . . . .	.....	9,861	.....	.....	.....
			.....	Scattering. . . . .	.....	1,145	.....	.....	.....
			Dem.	Grover Cleveland.	20	4,908,892	219	T. A. Hendricks.	219
			Rep.	James G. Blaine.	18	4,814,031	182	John A. Logan.	182
1888	38	401	Prohi.	John P. St. John. . . . .	.....	150,335	.....	.....	.....
			Peo.	Benj. F. Butler. . . . .	.....	134,163	.....	.....	.....
			Rep.	Benj. Harrison.	20	5,445,274	233	Levi P. Morton.	233
			Dem.	Grover Cleveland.	18	5,538,755	168	A. G. Thurman.	168
1892	44	422	Pro.	Clinton B. Fisk. . . . .	.....	248,890	.....	.....	.....
			Lab.	A. J. Streeter. . . . .	.....	142,034	.....	.....	.....
			Dem.	Grover Cleveland. . . . .	.....	5,554,504	227	A. E. Stevenson.	227
			Rep.	Benj. Harrison. . . . .	.....	5,158,912	145	Whitelaw Reid.	145
1896	45	447	Peo.	Jas. F. Weaver. . . . .	.....	1,054,215	22	J. G. Field.	22
			Pro.	John Bidwell. . . . .	.....	269,806	.....	.....	.....
			Rep.	Wm. McKinley.	23	7,104,779	271	Gar'tt A. Hobart.	271
			Dem.	Wm. J. Bryan.	22	6,502,925	176	Arthur Sewell.	171
1900	45	447	Pop. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	Thos. E. Watson.	5
			N. Dm	John M. Palmer. . . . .	.....	133,148	.....	Sim'n B. Buckn'r. . . . .	.....
			Pro.	Joshua Levering. . . . .	.....	132,007	.....	Hale Johnson. . . . .	.....
			S. Pro.	Chas. E. Bentley. . . . .	.....	13,969	.....	J. H. Southgate. . . . .	.....
			Sc. Lb	Chs. M. Matchett. . . . .	.....	36,274	.....	Matt. Maguire. . . . .	.....
			Rep.	Wm. McKinley.	28	7,219,016	292	T. Roosevelt.	292
			Dem.	Wm. J. Bryan.	17	6,357,613	155	A. E. Stevenson.	155
			Prohi.	J. G. Wooley. . . . .	.....	207,159	.....	H. B. Metcalf. . . . .	.....
			S. Dm.	E. V. Debs. . . . .	.....	95,499	.....	J. Harriman. . . . .	.....
			S. Lab	J. F. Malloney. . . . .	.....	34,593	.....	V. Rimmel. . . . .	.....
Pop.	W. Barker. . . . .	.....	42,830	.....	Ig. Donnelly. . . . .	.....		
U. Ref	S. H. Ellis. . . . .	.....	5,864	.....	S. T. Nichols. . . . .	.....		
.....	Scattering. . . . .	.....	2,433	.....	.....	.....

¹ Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

ELECTION STATISTICS, 1900.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS Co.—3d dist.							
Adams	27	5	95				68
Big Plats	36		83				47
Colburn	14	1	78				64
Dell Prairie	43	3	77				31
Easton	31	1	86				55
Jackson	16	3	122				106
Leola	8		64				56
Lincoln	15	1	67				52
Monroe	7	2	117				110
New Chester	12	2	59				47
New Haven	63		120				57
Preston	17	3	31	2			14
Quincy	22		60				38
Richfield	23	2	68				45
Rome	24	4	94				70
Springville	26	1	98				72
Strong's Prairie	25	1	191				169
Total	409	29	1,513	2			1,104
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							1,104
ASHLAND Co.—9th dist.							
Ashland	52	1	89		1		37
Ashland, city:							
1st ward	56	4	246	2	1		
2d ward	75	17	247	4			
3d ward	104	14	321	4			
4th ward	69	6	141	5			
5th ward	127	17	207	6	32	4	939
6th ward	104	6	166	1			
7th ward	129	4	189	6			
8th ward	151	3	185	10	2		
9th ward	146	5	138	3			
10th ward	108	6	168	1	1		
Butternut	119	6	214	6	1		95
Gordon	12	1	29	1			17
Jacobs	83	6	217		1		131
La Pointe	17		34				17
Morse	102	2	201	3			99
Sanborn, 1st precinct	22	1	61				
2d precinct	78	4	181				142
Total	1,557	103	3,034	42	7		1,477
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							1,477
BARRON Co.—10th dist.							
Almena	69	2	42			27	
Barron	13	2	81				63
Barron, city	45	19	216				171
Cameron, village	27	3	53				2E
Cedar Lake	26	5	80				54
Chetek	35	1	119				84
Chetek, city	27	9	92				65
Clinton	56	2	143	2			87
Cumberland	85	6	275				190
Cumberland, city	49	11	188				139
Dallas	42	25	190				148
Doore	29	25	123				94
Maple Grove	38	9	229				191

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

Countries, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON Co.—10th dist.—Con.							
Oak Grove.....	91	1	61			30	
Prairie Farm.....	19	8	232				213
Rice Lake.....	35	1	53				15
Rice Lake, city:							
1st ward.....	23	6	79				
2d ward.....	20	1	92				
3d ward.....	25	2	79	1	1		
4th ward.....	22	7	129	1			
Stanford.....	10		66				56
Stanley.....	27	6	91				64
Sumner.....	16	5	88				72
Turtle Lake.....	45		40			5	
Turtle Lake, village.....	20		56				36
Vance Creek.....	15	2	53				33
Total.....	943	153	2,950	3		62	2,069
Democratic plurality.....							62
Net Republican plurality.....							2,007
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist.							
Bayfield, 1st precinct.....	110	17	425	3			425
2d precinct.....	23	6	133	1	4		
Drummond.....	27	2	187			2	160
Iron River, 1st precinct.....	181	13	459	2	2	2	278
2d precinct.....	9	1	9				
Mason.....	26	1	135		1	2	159
Pratt.....	19		113			1	94
Washburn, 1st precinct.....	123	15	386				
2d precinct.....	1		19		1	1	680
3d precinct.....	108	24	474	1			
4th precinct.....	5	1	38				
Total.....	632	80	2,428	8	8		1,796
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							1,796
BROWN Co.—8th dist.							
Allouez.....	48		41			7	
Ashwaubenon.....	38	2	89				51
Bellevue.....	95		58			37	
De Pere.....	94	2	47			47	
De Pere, city:							
1st ward.....	91	4	140				
2d ward.....	131	3	96	473	1		85
3d ward.....	93	1	151	1	1		
4th ward.....	73	1	86				
Eaton.....	106	1	50			56	
Glenmore.....	136	5	116			20	
Green Bay.....	40		115				75
Green Bay city:							
1st ward.....	194	10	315		1		
2d ward.....	167	7	302	1			
3d ward.....	123	4	233	4	1		
4th ward.....	151	1	303	8			
5th ward.....	211	2	262	2			
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	125	12	167	2	26	4	1,013
2d precinct.....	68	11	120	2	2		
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	50	13	147				
2d precinct.....	39	9	96				
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	80	7	203				
2d precinct.....	48	5	121	3			
Holland.....	222		43			179	
Howard.....	90	6	150				100
Humboldt.....	69	1	94				26
Lawrence.....	100	1	153				53
Morrison.....	146	2	210				64

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BROWN CO.—8th dist.—Con.							
New Denmark.....	74	1	203		1		129
Pittsfield.....	91	3	115				21
Preble.....	140	4	174				31
Rockland.....	101	3	44			57	
Scott.....	103	4	97		1	9	
Suamico.....	56	2	170				114
Wrightstown.....	192	2	182			10	
Total.....	3,588	133	4,934	27	6	422	1,768
Democrat plurality.....							422
Net Republican plurality.....							1,346
BUFFALO CO.—7th dist.							
Alma.....	50		78				28
Alma, city, 1st ward.....	59 } 123	3 } 3	43 } 125				2
2d ward.....	21 }		41 }				
3d ward.....	43 }		41 }				
Belvidere.....	77		46			31	
Buffalo.....	71		42			29	
Buffalo City.....	37		17			20	
Canton.....	34	2	127				93
Cross.....	59		38			21	
Dover.....	18	1	164				146
Fountain City, 1st ward.....	58 } 127	2 } 4	63 } 132				5
2d ward.....	69 }		69 }				
Gilmanton.....	31	4	132				101
Glencoe.....	91	1	70			21	
Lincoln.....	75	1	54			21	
Maxville.....	42	1	65				23
Milton.....	32		27			5	
Hodena.....	35	12	152				117
Mondovi.....	15	3	129				114
Mondovi, city, 1st ward.....	8 } 38	8 } 10	101 } 210				172
2d ward.....	30 }		109 }				
Montana.....	54	1	49			5	
Naples.....	5	1	193				188
Nelson.....	102	11	184				82
Waumandee.....	86		57			29	
Total.....	1,205	55	2,091			185	1,071
Democratic plurality.....							185
Net Republican plurality.....							886
BURNETT CO.—10th dist.							
Grantsburg.....	37	7	313				276
Grantsburg, village.....	20	14	101		1		81
Marshland.....	36		105				69
Meenon.....	27	5	153	1	1		126
Rusk.....	23	3	79				56
Trade Lake.....	38	6	160	1	2		122
Wood Lake, 1st precinct.....	23 } 37	11 } 13	137 } 201		1 } 2		164
2d precinct.....	14 }	2 }	64 }		1 }		
Total.....	218	48	1,112	2	6		394
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							394
CALUMET CO.—6th dist.							
Brillion.....	101	3	227				126
Brillion, village.....	71	4	126	3			55
Brothertown.....	208	8	112			96	
Charlestown.....	157	3	127			30	
Chilton.....	193		90	7		103	
Chilton, city.....	199	3	126	3		73	
Harrison.....	281	9	120			161	

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Sec. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CALUMET Co.—6th dist.—Con.							
Hilbert, village.....	72	2	41	.....	.....	31	.....
New Holstein.....	133	4	249	7	.....	.....	111
Rantoul.....	109	4	167	.....	.....	.....	58
Stockbridge.....	202	9	187	.....	.....	15	.....
Woodville.....	179	5	59	.....	.....	120	.....
Total.....	1,910	54	1,631	21	.....	629	350
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279	.....
CHIPPewa Co.—10th dist.							
Anson.....	45	.....	105	1	.....	.....	60
Arthur.....	54	3	144	.....	.....	.....	90
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	72	7	119	1	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	28	4	82	.....	.....	.....	.....
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	27	6	209	1	.....	.....	369
2d precinct.....	40	2	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	11	4	103	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomer.....	139	6	142	.....	.....	.....	3
Bloomer, village.....	85	4	129	1	.....	.....	44
Bord, village.....	71	3	59	.....	.....	12	.....
Cadott, village.....	53	4	156	.....	.....	.....	103
Chippewa Falls, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	77	7	103	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	129	7	102	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd ward.....	133	3	146	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	52	.....	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	95	.....	98	.....	.....	.....	93
6th ward.....	81	5	78	1	4	.....	.....
7th ward.....	69	4	60	2	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	42	7	97	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	47	3	75	1	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	42	1	45	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	21	5	73	.....	.....	.....	52
Colburn.....	41	4	60	.....	.....	.....	19
Dewey.....	30	1	83	.....	.....	.....	53
Eagle Point.....	93	15	114	.....	.....	.....	21
Edson.....	195	2	139	1	2	56	.....
Flambeau, 1st precinct.....	23	1	165	.....	.....	.....	142
2d precinct.....	10	1	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
LaFayette.....	71	.....	216	.....	.....	.....	145
Lawrence.....	25	3	157	.....	.....	.....	132
Sampson.....	24	2	91	.....	.....	.....	67
Sig-1.....	76	1	149	.....	.....	.....	73
Stanley, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	20	3	178	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	43	1	131	.....	.....	.....	381
3d ward.....	35	3	170	.....	.....	.....	.....
Strickland.....	29	1	12	.....	.....	17	.....
Tilden.....	187	3	109	1	.....	78	.....
Wheaton.....	122	15	207	.....	.....	.....	85
Total.....	2,446	140	4,215	9	2	163	1,932
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,769
CLARK Co.—9th dist.							
Abbottsford, village.....	22	2	85	.....	.....	.....	63
Beaver.....	5	2	104	.....	.....	.....	99
Colby.....	33	4	97	1	.....	.....	64
Colby, city.....	48	1	77	.....	.....	.....	29
Eaton.....	24	3	101	.....	.....	.....	77
Fremont.....	9	3	152	.....	.....	.....	143
Grant.....	53	1	205	2	.....	.....	152
Green Grove.....	11	2	46	.....	.....	.....	35
Greenwood, city.....	27	4	121	.....	.....	.....	94
Hewitt.....	3	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	44

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CLARK Co.—9th dist.—Con.							
Hixon.....	45	2	147				102
Hoard.....	9	1	93				84
Levis.....	40	3	85				45
Loyal.....	39	6	172				133
Loyal, village.....	34	9	94				60
Lynn.....	22	3	111				89
Longwood.....	31	.....	56				25
Mayville.....	81	3	207		1		126
Mead.....	4	.....	13				9
Mentor.....	66	13	125				59
Neillsville:							
1st ward.....	33	2	95	1	.....	
2d ward.....	30	2	113	3	4	2	220
3d ward.....	57	2	132	.....	2	.....
Pine Valley.....	60	5	158				98
Reseburg.....	40	3	68	1			23
Sherman.....	14	3	129				115
Sherwood Forest.....	2	2	44				42
Thorp.....	21	.....	108				37
Thorp, village.....	38	7	114				76
Unity.....	33	3	119	1	1		86
Warner.....	22	2	103				81
Washburn.....	27	2	77				50
Weston, east precinct.....	25	1	93	.....	.....		57
west precinct.....	50	2	39	.....	.....
Withee.....	26	1	101	6	3		75
Worden.....	41	7	57				16
York.....	32	18	176				144
Total.....	1,157	124	3,834	15	7		2,707
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality..							2,707
COLUMBIA Co.—2d dist.							
Arlington.....	37	13	132				95
Caledonia.....	98	12	127		1		29
Cambria, village.....	31	16	134				103
Columbus.....	87	2	98				11
Columbus, city;							
1st ward.....	59	8	149	.....	.....
2d ward.....	74	2	101	.....	.....		143
3d ward.....	88	3	114	.....	.....
Courtland.....	46	10	173				127
De Korra.....	43	2	133				90
Fort Winnebago.....	72	3	80		1		8
Fountain Prairie.....	134	7	209				75
Hampden.....	90	8	107				17
Kilbourn City, village.....	111	3	156				45
Leeds.....	55	9	143				88
Lewiston.....	36	3	130				94
Lodi.....	30	6	144				114
Lodi, village.....	45	13	208				163
Lowville.....	51	8	107				56
Marcellon.....	48	12	132	2			84
Newport.....	33	.....	89				56
Otsego.....	67	12	205				139
Pacific.....	16	3	23	16			7
Pardeeville, village.....	30	14	160	1			130
Portage city; 1st ward.....	77	3	65	.....	.....
2d ward.....	93	11	139	1	1		
3d ward.....	58	8	167	.....	.....		24
4th ward.....	123	2	180	.....	.....
5th ward.....	151	10	198	.....	.....
Poynette, village.....	44	16	104				60
Randolph.....	59	9	137				78
Randolph, village, W. ward.....	3	4	54				51
Rio, village.....	15	6	111				96
Scott.....	41	6	122				81
Springvale.....	30	12	126				96

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.
COLUMBIA Co.—2d dist.—Con.							
West Point	64	5	109				45
Wyoceca	42	21	185				154
Total	2,181	282	4,763	21	2		2,582
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							2,582
CRAWFORD Co.—3rd dist.							
Bridgeport	31		37		1		6
Clayton	132	7	263				131
De Soto, village	11	1	6			5	
Eastman	159	2	115		44		
Freeman	33	2	280				247
Gays Mill, village	12		69				57
Haney	60	3	150				90
Lynxville, village	14		78				64
Marietta	62	2	144				82
Prairie du Chien	67	1	26			41	
Prairie du Chien, city:							
1st ward	60	1	42				
2d ward	121	3	111				
3d ward	105	3	122				1
4th ward	36	3	46				
Scott	93	7	122				29
Seneca	168		103			65	
Soldier's Grove, village	30	5	134				104
Steuben, village	27	2	44				17
Utica	54	2	295				241
Wauzeka	56		58				2
Wauzeka, village	22	3	83				66
Total	1,353	44	2,333		1	156	1136
Democratic Plurality							156
Net Republican plurality							980
DANE Co.—2d dist.							
Albion	34	28	310				276
Belleville, village	33	4	71				38
Berry	143	3	49			94	
Black Earth	67	20	129				62
Blooming Grove	101	5	125				25
Blue Mounds	52	5	180				128
Bristol	143	7	134			9	
Burke	75	10	190				115
Cambridge, village	16	4	137				121
Christiana, 1st precinct	80	6	282		3	1	202
2d precinct							
Cottage Grove	84	12	220				136
Cross Plains	236	1	49		1	187	
Dane	78	6	104				26
Dane, village	26		29				3
Deerfield	81	5	143				62
Deerfield, village	41	5	100		4		59
Dunkirk	67	19	274				207
Dunn	62	13	183				121
Fitchburg	120	5	86		1	34	
Madison	89	10	261		3	1	172
Madison, city:							
1st ward	148	13	297				
2d ward	200	6	384		7		
3d ward	221	5	238		2		
4th ward, 1st prec. nct.	141	4	205		1		
2d precinct	195	8	161		3		
5th ward, 1st precinct	189	17	308		1	24	2
2d precinct	137	12	178				
6th ward, 1st precinct	225	5	219		5	1	
2d precinct	92	2	114		1		
7th ward	221	4	211		2		
8th ward	353	11	1,000		2		

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE Co.—2d dist.—Con.							
Mazomanie	55	9	52			3	
Mazomanie, village	103	12	115	2			12
Medina	137	18	158				21
Middleton	218	2	129			89	
Montrose	115	12	91			21	
Mt. Horeb, village	64	3	160				96
Oregon	87	12	114	1			27
Oregon, village	58	16	125				67
Perry	49	6	183				134
Primrose	30	6	130				100
Pleasant Springs	33	9	271	2			238
Roxbury	169	1	26			143	
Rutland	23	10	290				232
Springdale	83	3	145				62
Springfield	192	2	38			151	
Stoughton, city: 1st ward	39 } 96	29 } 48	263 } 609	1 } 2			513
2d ward	57 }	19 }	346 }	1 }			
Sun Prairie	108	4	108				62
Sun Prairie, village	94	9	156				127
Vienna	40	6	157			32	
Verona	138	26	104	1			51
Vermont	65	7	116			34	
Waukegan, village	73	8	39	2		7	
Westport	119	19	112				163
Windsor	110	9	273			24	
York	117		93				
Total	6,129	512	9,396	46	4	834	4,101
Democratic plurality							834
Net Republican plurality							3,267
DODGE Co.—2d dist.							
Ashippun	133	4	152				19
Beaver Dam	157	6	107			50	
Beaver Dam city:							
1st ward	140 } 652	1 } 35	46 } 515	1 } 1		137	
2d ward	202 }	2 }	127 }				
3d ward	113 }	2 }	193 }				
4th ward	197 }	10 }	149 }				
Burnett	125	3	121			4	
Calamus	106	14	112				6
Chester	80	3	87				7
Clyman	173	6	105			63	
Elba	154	8	125			29	
Emmett	176	2	97			79	
Fox Lake	52	5	133				81
Fox Lake, village	97	9	120				23
Herman	172	1	140			32	
Horicon, city:							
1st ward	89 } 206	3 } 7	35 } 130			76	
2d ward	71 }	2 }	32 }				
3d ward	46 }	2 }	63 }				
Hubbard	166	1	151	1		15	
Hustisford	227	5	171			56	
Juneau, city:							
1st ward	84 } 174	1 } 1	45 } 91			83	
2d ward	90 }		46 }				
Lebanon	210	7	82			123	
Leroy	131	6	144				13
Lomira	134	2	221				87
Lomira, village	54		54				
Lowell	224	3	182			42	
Lowell, village	47	2	35			12	
Mayville, city:							
1st ward	72 } 270		55 } 176	1 } 1		94	
2d ward	67 }	1 }	21 }				
3d ward	131 }	1 }	100 }				
Oak Grove	175	3	155			20	
Portland	149	3	92			57	
Randolph, east ward	38	9	102				64
Reeseville, village	()		48			12	
Rubicon	185	4	176			9	

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DODGE Co.—2d dist.—Con.							
Shields.....	182	1	40			142	.....
Theresa.....	160	2	134			25	.....
Theresa, village.....	64	1	30			34	.....
Trenton.....	123	4	212				89
Watertown city:							
5th ward.....	169 } 377	2 } 2	33 } 130	2 } 5		247	.....
6th ward.....	208 }	2 }	92 }	3 }			
Waupun, south ward.....	106	13	274				168
Westford.....	136	2	49			87	.....
Williamstown.....	138	2	87			51	.....
Total.....	5,813	177	4,780	8		1590	557
Republican plurality.....						557	
Net Democratic plurality						1033	.....
DOOR Co.—8th dist.							
Bailey's Harbor.....	44	1	88				44
Brussels.....	21	2	137				116
Clay Banks.....	30	1	80				50
Egg Harbor.....	42	1	99	2			57
Foreville.....	85	4	177				92
Gardner.....	16	1	99				83
Gibraltar.....	44	1	169				125
Jacksonport.....	15	1	182				167
Liberty Grove.....	20	12	280				270
Nasewaupée.....	69	4	129				60
Sevastopol.....	83	3	160				77
Sturgeon Bay.....	19	3	85				66
Sturgeon Bay, city:							
1st precinct.....	135 } 164	15 } 19	385 } 525	.. } ..	1 } 1		361
2d precinct.....	29 }	4 }	140 }	.. }	.. }		
Union.....	11	5	56				45
Washington.....	11	4	86				75
Total.....	674	57	2,362	2	1		1,688
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality..							1,688
DOUGLAS Co.—10th dist.							
Brule, 1st precinct.....	31 } 30	3 } 6	132 } 304	.. } 1	.. } 1		224
2d precinct.....	32 }	2 }	109 }	1 }	1 }		
3d precinct.....	17 }	1 }	63 }	1 }	1 }		
Gordon.....	23		38	1			15
Nebegamain, 1st precinct...:							
1st precinct.....	89 } 126	6 } 8	263 } 421	.. } 2	.. } ..		295
2d precinct.....	19 }	1 }	40 }	1 }	1 }		
3d precinct.....	3 }	1 }	17 }	1 }	1 }		
4th precinct.....	15 }	1 }	101 }	1 }	1 }		
Superior, 1st precinct...:							
1st precinct.....	11 } 59	2 } 2	78 } 174	1 } 3	1 } 3		115
2d precinct.....	17 }	2 }	33 }	2 }	1 }		
3d precinct.....	31 }	.. }	63 }	.. }	1 }		
Superior, city:							
1st ward.....	222 } 7	301	9	1			
2d ward.....	87 } 8	224	1	1			
3d ward.....	95 } 12	191	1	1			
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	123 } 2	131	4	2			
2d precinct.....	147 } 7	180	4	4			
3d precinct.....	173 } 10	322	5	1			
5th ward, east precinct..	70 } 6	192	7	1			
west precinct.....	93 } 1,899	15 } 162	304 } 3,513	10 } 126	4 } 18		1,614
south precinct.....	89 }	13 }	159 }	2 }	2 }		
6th ward.....	238 } 8	326	24	1			
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	117 } 10	272	15	1			
2d precinct.....	126 } 10	250	9	1			
8th ward.....	96 } 34	199	3	3			
9th ward.....	106 } 18	327	28	5			
10th ward.....	117 } 4	135	4	1			
Total.....	2,187	178	4,450	133	22		2,263
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality..							2,263



NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, NEAR OSHKOSH.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS--Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FLORENCE Co.—9th dist.							
Commonwealth.....	16	3	154				113
Florence.....	78	14	29	3			222
Homestead.....	16		29		2		64
Total.....	110	17	514	3	2		404
Democratic plurality.....							404
Net Republican plurality.....							404
FOND DU LAC Co.—6th dist.							
Alto.....	70	1	221				151
Ashford.....	224	4	207			17	
Auburn.....	132	3	207				75
Brandon, village.....	54	6	130				76
Byron.....	119	9	179				60
Culmet.....	250	1	44			206	
Eden.....	157	4	203	1			46
Eldorado.....	112	3	196				84
Empire.....	115	2	119				4
Fond du Lac.....	117	5	162				45
Fond du Lac, city:							
1st ward.....	262	11	331				
2d ward.....	271	14	349				
3d ward.....	266	8	327				
4th ward.....	404	11	263	9	16		7
5th ward.....	112	4	126	1			
6th ward.....	148	8	90	1			
7th ward.....	177	2	136	2			
8th ward.....	213	8	238	2			
Forest.....	144	1	123			21	26
Friendship.....	103	2	154				97
Lamartine.....	95	9	132				
Marshfield.....	410	2	38			372	
Metomen.....	78	6	165				117
Oakfield.....	84	7	277				163
Osceola.....	92	3	187				95
Ripon.....	59	3	134				125
Ripon, city:							
1st ward.....	78	3	118				
2d ward.....	49	12	158	1	1	1	329
3d ward.....	72	6	152				
4th ward.....	57	11	157				
Rosendale.....	54	22	197				143
Springvale.....	111	4	165				54
Taycheedah.....	215	4	51			164	
Waupun.....	70	8	191				121
Waupun, city, North ward.....	131	3	181	1			50
Total.....	5,140	210	6,253	19	1	780	1,898
Democratic plurality.....							780
Net Republican plurality.....							1,118
FOREST Co.—9th dist.							
Cavour, 1st precinct.....	22	1	74				
2d precinct.....	11	1	83				
3d precinct.....	6	1	40				200
4th precinct.....	20	3	62	1			
Crandon, 1st precinct.....	20	1	63				
2d precinct.....	16	11	56				83
Total.....	95	18	378	1			283
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							283

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT Co.—3d dist.							
Beetown	104	10	171	3			67
Bloomington	62	7	77				15
Bloomington, village	35	9	102	2			67
Boscobel	144	11	293				149
Cassville	86	1	53			33	
Cassville, village	103	3	106				3
Castle Rock	91		43			48	
Clifton	41	8	188				147
Cuba City, village	69	3	101				32
Ellenboro	22	4	170				148
Fennimore	38	15	153				115
Fennimore, village	67	18	168				101
Glen Haven	69	3	115				46
Harrison	54	2	157	2			103
Hazel Green	115	2	108			7	
Hazel Green, village	44	10	76				32
Hickory Grove	41	1	112				71
Jamestown	163	1	42			121	
Lancaster	111	12	271	1			160
Lancaster, city	146	17	450		1		304
Liberty	88	3	108				18
Lima	55	4	174				119
Little Grant	26	5	100				74
Marion	69	5	45			24	
Millville	10	15	48				38
Montfort, village	35	6	110				75
Mount Hope	50	15	110				60
Mount Ida	68	11	68			7	30
Muscoda	52	2	45				
Muscoda, village	124	8	60			64	
Paris	96	3	75	5		21	
Paris	60	10	97		1		37
Pathe Grove	129			1			
Platteville, 1st precinct	195	13	355	1	2		361
Platteville, 2d precinct	324	14	330	1	6		
Potosi	187	5	161			26	
Potosi, village	72	4	41			31	
Smelser	78	7	141				63
Waterloo	61	1	137				76
Waterloo	35		66			1	31
Waterstown	37	1	146	1			109
Wingville	68	9	45			23	
Woodman	54	11	163				109
Wyalusing							
Total	3,254	284	5,609	22	3	405	2,760
Democratic plurality							405
Net Republican plurality							2,355
GREEN Co.—1st dist.							
Adams	103	1	70			33	
Albany	54	7	110				56
Albany, village	53	27	119				66
Brodhead, 1st ward	52	12	132	7			161
Brodhead, 2d ward	69	6	150	5	12		105
Brooklyn	74	4	179				
Brownstown	34		31	1		3	
Cadiz	121	15	146				25
Clarno	117	5	112			5	
Decatur	36	5	113				77
Exeter	68	7	99				31
Jefferson	78	16	190				112
Jordan	99	2	90			9	
Monroe	91	1	81			10	
Monroe city:							
1st ward	77	9	157	7			
2d ward	86	2	101	6			
3d ward	117	6	149	1	14		191
4th ward	90	5	154				
Monticello	26	6	95		1		69
Mount Pleasant	55	2	80				25

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN Co.—1st dist.—Con.							
New Glarus	88	1	136	6	.....	.....	48
Spring Grove	55	8	142	6	.....	.....	87
Sylvester	20	9	136	.....	.....	.....	116
Washington	89	2	65	.....	.....	24	.....
York	24	6	159	.....	.....	.....	135
Total	1,776	164	2,996	40	.....	84	1304
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1220
GREEN LAKE Co.—6th dist.							
Berlin	20	5	150	.....	.....	.....	101
Berlin city:							
1st ward	82	3	115	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	116	6	122	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	87	2	141	.....	.....	3	.....
4th ward	74	2	89	.....	.....	1	.....
5th ward	99	1	97	.....	.....	2	.....
Brooklyn	59	18	282	.....	1	.....	223
Green Lake	92	7	154	.....	.....	.....	62
Kingston	89	11	107	.....	.....	.....	18
Mackford	88	9	114	.....	.....	.....	26
Manchester	135	3	106	.....	29	.....	.....
Markesan, village	82	4	104	.....	.....	.....	22
Marquette	80	3	90	.....	.....	.....	10
Princeton	85	3	130	.....	.....	.....	45
Princeton, village	174	3	139	.....	1	.....	35
Seneca	72	1	52	.....	.....	20	.....
St. Marie	59	.....	89	.....	.....	.....	30
Total	1,522	81	2,081	4	1	84	643
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	559
IOWA Co.—3d dist.							
Arena	109	13	185	2	.....	.....	76
Brigham	71	9	265	1	.....	.....	194
Clyde	77	4	64	.....	.....	13	.....
Dodgeville	87	20	231	.....	.....	.....	144
Dodgeville, city	113	37	349	.....	.....	.....	236
Eden	80	11	129	1	.....	.....	49
Highland	169	4	131	3	.....	38	.....
Highland, village	122	3	71	1	.....	51	.....
Linden	52	19	188	1	.....	.....	136
Linden, village	19	6	145	1	.....	.....	1-6
Mifflin	67	13	263	.....	.....	.....	193
Mineral Point	72	11	141	.....	.....	.....	69
Mineral Point, city:							
1st ward	62	10	110	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	62	5	170	1	.....	3	.....
3d ward	67	5	71	1	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	70	4	88	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moscow	56	1	213	1	.....	.....	157
Pulaski	145	2	131	.....	14	.....	7
Ridgeway	182	12	139	1	.....	.....	.....
Waldwick	70	6	91	.....	.....	.....	21
Wyoming	41	8	95	.....	.....	.....	54
Total	1,743	203	3,270	15	.....	116	1,643
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,527
IRON Co.—9th dist.							
Knight	39	13	265	.....	.....	.....	223
Montreal	46	9	319	2	.....	.....	273

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
IRON Co.—9th dist.—Con.							
Saxon.....	46	2	236	.....	.....	.....	190
Vaughn, 1st precinct.....	111 } 217	6 } 8	224 } 463	1 } 1	1 } 1	.....	216
2d precinct.....	82 }	2 }	185 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th precinct.....	21 }	.. }	54 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vogel.....	8	1	35	.....	.....	.....	27
Total.....	356	38	1,318	3	1	.....	962
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	962
JACKSON Co.—7th dist.							
Albion.....	42	4	214	.....	.....	.....	192
Alma.....	44	1	205	.....	.....	.....	161
Bear Bluff.....	12	2	17	.....	.....	.....	5
Black River Falls, city:							
1st ward.....	11 } 99	4 } 11	83 } 391	.....	.....	.....	295
2d ward.....	10 }	2 }	83 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	14 }	3 }	65 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	35 }	2 }	92 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brockway, 1st precinct.....	16 }	.....	55 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	12 }	.....	10 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
City Point.....	12	3	38	.....	.....	.....	26
Cleveland.....	88	3	48	.....	.....	40	.....
Curran.....	11	4	135	.....	.....	.....	125
Franklin.....	14	4	133	.....	.....	.....	122
Garden Valley.....	32	2	95	.....	.....	.....	63
Garfield.....	7	11	105	.....	.....	.....	98
Hixton.....	39	19	150	.....	.....	.....	111
Irving.....	76	3	146	.....	.....	.....	70
Kuapp.....	20	1	35	.....	.....	.....	15
Manchester.....	31	2	91	.....	.....	.....	60
Melrose.....	48	20	230	.....	.....	.....	182
Merrillan, village.....	21	4	143	.....	.....	.....	122
Millston.....	21	1	60	.....	.....	.....	39
Northfield.....	12	3	163	.....	.....	.....	156
Springfield.....	22	5	293	.....	.....	.....	186
Total.....	651	103	2,639	2	.....	40	2,023
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,983
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.							
Aztalan.....	181	6	117	.....	.....	64	.....
Cold Spring.....	35	2	86	.....	.....	.....	51
Concord.....	151	4	109	.....	.....	42	.....
Farmington.....	290	5	111	.....	.....	179	.....
Ft. Atkinson, city:							
1st ward.....	61 } 290	21 } 53	142 } 476	1 } 4	.....	.....	186
2d ward.....	67 }	12 }	130 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	76 }	11 }	76 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	85 }	9 }	128 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hebron.....	89	8	135	.....	.....	.....	46
Ixonia.....	211	2	126	.....	.....	55	.....
Jefferson, 1st precinct.....	159 } 257	4 } 4	87 } 120	1 } 1	.....	137	.....
2d precinct.....	98 }	.....	33 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson, city:							
1st ward.....	100 } 445	2 } 4	63 } 182	1 } 2	.....	263	.....
2d ward.....	109 }	.....	48 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	125 }	.....	48 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	111 }	.....	23 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Koshkonong.....	163	8	167	.....	.....	.....	4
Lake Mills.....	97	10	156	.....	.....	.....	59
Lake Mills, village.....	75	17	250	.....	.....	.....	175
Milford.....	107	10	142	35
Oakland.....	122	5	172	50
Palmira.....	23	6	165	140

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.—Con.							
Palmyra, village.....	39	14	140				101
Sullivan.....	126	9	217				91
Summer.....	47	8	79				32
Waterloo.....	130	4	61			69	
Waterloo, village.....	181	9	103				75
Watertown.....	227	2	110			117	
Watertown, city:							
1st ward.....	259	2	221	1	1		
2d ward.....	189	2	110				
3d ward.....	138	2	85			337	
4th ward.....	84	3	47				
7th ward.....	165	3	36				
Total.....	4,127	199	3,729	8		1368	970
Republican Plurality.....						970	
Net Democrat Plurality.....						398	
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.							
Armenia.....	39	2	132				93
Camp Douglas, village.....	32	1	72				40
Clearfield.....	31	1	67				36
Cutler.....	22	1	56				34
Elyro:							
1st ward.....	56	7	105	236			134
2d ward.....	69	6	151				
Finley.....	13	2	32				19
Fountain.....	55	8	145				90
Germentown.....	49	3	51				14
Kildare.....	88	2	108				20
Kingston.....	12		50				38
Lemouweir.....	61	6	211				120
Lindina.....	86	11	158	1			72
Lisbon.....	21	2	111				90
Lyndon.....	67		37			30	
Marion.....	40		40				
Mauston:							
1st ward.....	56	3	120				129
2d ward.....	89	10	154				
Necedah.....	104	8	255				151
New Lisbon:							
1st ward.....	31		93				148
2d ward.....	13		101				
Orange.....	33	4	77				44
Plymouth.....	64	4	150				86
Seven-Mile Creek.....	127	3	42			85	
Summit.....	97	4	115				18
Wonewoc.....	124	4	170				46
Wonewoc, village.....	87	6	108	1			21
Total.....	1,586	93	2,914	2		115	1,443
Democratic plurality.....							115
Net Republican plurality.....							1,328
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.							
Frighton.....	123	1	98			25	
Bristol.....	61	3	223	2			162
Kenosha, city:							
1st ward.....	183	3	178	1	1		
2d ward.....	77	5	220				
3d ward.....	185	5	310	5	1		
4th ward.....	198	3	324	2		3	
5th ward.....	145	3	169	6			287
6th ward.....	137	3	175	4			
7th ward.....	174	2	86	2			
8th ward.....	185	4	109	2	1		
Paris.....	103	1	102	1		1	

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.—Con.							
Pleasant Prairie.....	132	6	267	2	.....	.....	135
Randall.....	34	2	125	.....	.....	.....	91
Salem.....	170	7	278	.....	.....	.....	108
Somers.....	102	12	314	1	.....	.....	212
Wheatland.....	92	2	100	.....	.....	.....	8
Total.....	2,161	63	3,078	28	3	26	1,003
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	977
KEWAUNEE Co.—8th dist.							
Algoma, city.....	121	6	261	.....	.....	9	146
Alhnapee.....	117	.....	103	.....	.....	.....	36
Carlton.....	147	1	183	.....	.....	.....	.....
Casco.....	171	.....	91	.....	80	.....	.....
Franklin.....	244	3	72	.....	172	.....	.....
Kewaunee, city.....	205	7	165	2	40	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	123	1	144	.....	.....	.....	21
Luxemburg.....	120	2	167	.....	.....	.....	47
Montpelier.....	136	.....	189	.....	.....	.....	53
Piere.....	120	2	40	.....	80	.....	.....
Red River.....	19	1	210	.....	.....	.....	191
West Kewaunee.....	206	8	120	1	86	.....	.....
Total.....	1,729	31	1,750	3	467	.....	488
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	467
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
LA CROSSE Co.—7th dist.							
Bangor.....	42	10	94	.....	.....	.....	52
Bangor, village.....	62	7	90	.....	.....	.....	28
Barre.....	65	3	52	.....	13	.....	.....
Burns.....	75	12	162	.....	.....	.....	87
Campbell.....	75	3	110	.....	.....	.....	35
Farmington.....	101	4	301	.....	.....	.....	200
Greenfield.....	62	2	78	.....	.....	.....	16
Hamilton.....	68	4	237	.....	.....	.....	169
Holland.....	19	8	225	1	.....	.....	203
La Crosse, city:							
1st ward.....	201	2	165	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	141	5	194	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	213	1	156	1	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	93	8	229	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	106	5	145	2	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	105	2	172	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	93	18	171	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	336	10	180	1	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	65	11	219	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	80	7	192	.....	.....	.....	.....
11th ward.....	131	4	113	1	8	1	584
12th ward.....	124	5	120	.....	1	.....	.....
13th ward.....	123	4	160	1	.....	.....	.....
14th ward.....	90	5	215	.....	.....	.....	.....
15th ward.....	179	3	119	1	.....	.....	.....
16th ward.....	38	5	123	1	.....	.....	.....
17th ward.....	164	4	165	.....	.....	.....	.....
18th ward.....	279	9	123	.....	.....	.....	.....
19th ward.....	79	6	161	.....	.....	.....	.....
20th ward.....	47	1	122	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onalaska.....	50	3	182	.....	.....	.....	132
Onalaska, city:							
1st ward.....	13	1	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	33	7	82	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	12	1	75	.....	.....	.....	170

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LINCOLN Co.—9th dist.							
Corning	48	2	72	1			24
Harrison	35	1	32			3	
Merrill	53	5	131				78
Merrill, city; 1st ward	115	3	119				
2d ward	71	1	98				
3d ward	87	6	172				
4th ward	125	6	241	1,143			353
5th ward	97	23	166				
6th ward	146	8	166				
7th ward	149	8	178				
Pine River	127	3	133	3			6
Rock Falls	43	3	47				4
Russell	33	3	107	2			74
Scott	117	1	84			33	
Tomahawk	67		91				24
Tomahawk, City, 1st ward	63		62				
2d ward	54	2	65		1		
3d ward	61	5	83	3	1	2	
4th ward	58	3	97	6			68
Total	1,552	70	2,147	15	2	36	631
Democratic plurality							36
Net Republican plurality							595
MANITOWOC Co.—6th dist.							
Cato	170	1	191				21
Centerville	127		165	5			38
Cooperstown	135	2	140				5
Eaton	157	2	140	1	1	17	
Franklin	173	2	142			31	
Gibson	117	5	185				68
Kiel, village	94		95	42			1
Kossuth	153	3	197				44
Liberty	97	2	204				107
Manitowoc	48		114	2			66
Manitowoc, city, 1st ward	218	3	258	12			
2d ward	67	5	211				
3d ward	253	2	305	6			
4th ward	138	5	303	3	24	1	267
5th ward	154	2	124		1		
6th ward	52	2	103	2			
7th ward	221	2	66	1			
Manitowoc Rapids	145	2	193	1			48
Maple Grove	157		91				63
Meeme	165	3	104	2			61
Mishicott	229	3	87	8			142
Newton	123	1	182				59
Reedsville, village	45	1	53				8
Rockland	51	8	205				154
Schleswig	131	2	104	16			27
Two Creeks	90	1	29	3			51
Two Rivers	156	3	57	2			99
Two Rivers, City, 1st ward	94	1	44	3			
2d ward	96	1	57	7	1		
3d ward	69	3	82	17	63	2	245
4th ward	112		43				
5th ward	130		30	11	1		
Total	4,167	65	4,317	169	4	736	883
Democratic plurality							736
Net Republican plurality							150
MARATHON Co.—9th dist.							
Bergen	22	2	94				72
Berlin	123	2	83			45	
Brighton	58	1	74				16
Cassel	132	1	46			86	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON Co.—9th dis.—Con.							
Cleveland.....	78	2	154				76
Colby, city, east ward.....	16	3	31			40	15
Day.....	82	4	42				55
Easton.....	62		117				30
Eau Pleine.....	39	1	69				45
Edgar, village.....	39	3	84	2			82
Eldron.....	5	1	38			65	
Emmet.....	103	4	62	1	1		14
Frankfort.....	48	1	107	2		21	
Halsey.....	128	3	107			5	
Hamburg.....	74	2	24				4
Harrison.....	20		35				20
Hewitt.....	16		24				32
Holton.....	74	4	105	1			29
Hull.....	61	2	90	1			
Johnson.....	71	2	36	1		35	
Knowlton.....	6	3	81				75
Kronenwetter.....	37	2	48				11
Maine.....	128	2	82			46	
Marathon.....	85	1	25			57	
Marathon, village.....	76	1	53			23	
McMillan.....	82	1	90				8
McMillan, village.....	5	1	35				30
Mosinee.....	23	3	43				15
Mosinee, village.....	46		124	2			78
Norrie.....	33	3	120			98	
Pike Lako.....	132	1	31				25
Plover.....	25	1	59		1		12
Rib Falls.....	61	1	73				33
Rietbrock.....	91	6	121				51
Spencer.....	65	7	115				
Stettin.....	108	1	65			40	
Texas.....	162	4	131				29
Wausau.....	107	4	80	1		27	
Wausau, city:							
1st ward.....	181	3	144	1			
2d ward.....	171	1	186	1	5		
3d ward.....	182	4	158		3		
4th ward.....	77	5	173				
5th ward.....	90	7	237	15	3	33	459
6th ward.....	113	8	156	5	4		
7th ward.....	99	9	198		5		
8th ward.....	115	4	133		1		
9th ward.....	116	3	133	8	12		
Wein.....	53	4	113		2	1	60
Weston.....	148	4	192			2	44
Total.....	3,768	132	4,717	28	33	588	1,537
Democratic plurality.....							588
Net Republican plurality.....							949
MARINETTE Co.—9th dist.							
Amberg, 1st precinct.....	31	1	139	3			275
2d precinct.....	14	1	73	2	5		
3d precinct.....	74	4	132				
Coleman.....	70	13	327				257
Crivitz.....	52	2	149				97
Dunbar.....	42	4	111				69
Grover.....	50	8	266				216
Marinette, city:							
1st ward.....	224	20	336	4	1		
2d ward.....	212	32	357	4			
3d ward.....	183	28	504		12	1	2
4th ward.....	192	16	470	3			1,166
5th ward.....	148	12	368	1			
Peshigo, 1st precinct.....	94	22	423				
2d precinct.....	5		12				427
3d precinct.....	21	3	99				
4th precinct.....	16	2	49				
5th precinct.....							

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Prop.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MONROE Co.—7th dist.							
Adrian	40	4	74				34
Angelo	23	10	119				96
Byron	46	4	107				61
Cashton, village	4	3	83				37
Clifton	123	7	109			17	
Glendale	51	4	153				102
Grant	29	2	59				50
Greenfield	70	2	90				20
Jefferson	179	2	59			120	
Kendall, village	31	2	80				49
Lafayette	28	6	74				46
La Grange	23	1	143				110
Leon	51	6	130				79
Lincoln	18	6	165				147
Little Falls	116	11	145				29
New Lyme	12		31				19
Norwalk, village	30	2	63				33
Oakdale	65	3	68				3
Ontario, village	8		16				8
Portland	54	8	193				139
Ridgeville	101	3	103				2
Scott	31	3	26			5	
Sheldon	82		101				19
Sparta	103	22	138				35
Sparta, city:							
1st ward	50	3	133				
2d ward	46	13	144				
3d ward	88	11	136	515			275
4th ward	56	11	102				
Tomah	63	4	91				28
Tomah city:							
1st ward	56	8	146				
2d ward	88	16	159	451			241
3d ward	66	12	146				
Wellington	91	2	120				29
Wells	94		52			42	
Wilton	131	4	70			61	
Wilton, village	45	1	61				16
Total	2,247	194	3,709			245	1,707
Democratic plurality							245
Net Republican plurality							1,462
OCONTO Co.—9th dist.							
Armstrong	41	2	81				40
Brazeau	25	2	41				16
Chase	46	2	169				123
Gillett	29	2	154				125
Gillett, village	24		68				44
Howe	60	3	147				87
Lena	55	2	98				43
Little River	52	4	120				68
Maple Valley	65	4	122	1			57
Oconto	79	7	127				48
Oconto, city:							
East ward	115	3	221				
North ward	72	1	161	741			377
South ward	88	7	263				
West ward	89	3	96				
Oconto Falls	59	24	157				98
Pensaukee, 1st precinct	15	2	83		1	1	
2d precinct	15	7	154				323
3d precinct	14	3	130				
Spruce	53	3	106				53
Stiles	43	2	93	1	1		45

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
OCONTO Co.—9th dist.—Con.							
Suamico, 1st precinct.....	44 } 64	1 } 2	46 } 97	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	33
2d precinct.....	20 } 9	1 } 1	51 } 66	.. } 1	.. } ..	.....	57
Underhill.....							
Total.....	1,117	74	2,754	3	2	.....	1,637
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							1,637
ONEIDA Co.—9th dist.							
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	28 } 48	2 } 4	178 } 213	3 } 3	.. } ..	.....	165
2d precinct.....	20 } 82	2 } 5	35 } 199	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	60 } 7	3 } 1	18 } 25	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	160
2d precinct.....	7 } 15	1 } 1	18 } 40	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	20
3d precinct.....							96
4th precinct.....							
Newbold.....	20		40				
Pelican, 1st precinct.....	76	4	172	2			
2d precinct.....							
3d precinct.....							
Rhineland, city:							
1st ward.....	23 }	6 }	169 }	1 }	1 }		
2d ward.....	48 }	2 }	141 }	2 }	.. }		
3d ward.....	56 }	3 }	144 }	1 }	.. }		
4th ward.....	60 }	7 }	130 }	6 }	1 }		533
5th ward.....	94 }	4 }	180 }	1 }	.. }		
6th ward.....	53 }		114 }	1 }	.. }		
Schoepke, 1st precinct.....	66		59	1			7
Sugarcamp.....	22	1	111				89
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	44 } 53	1 } 1	69 } 87	1 } 1	1 } 1	.....	35
2d precinct.....	8 }	.. }	18 }	.. }	.. }	.....
Total.....	708	37	1,802	13	2	7	1,101
Democratic plurality.....							7
Net Republican plurality.....							1,094
OUTAGAMIE Co.—8th dist.							
Appleton, city:							
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	80 }	25 }	222 }	2 }	.. }		
2d precinct.....	60 }	24 }	191 }	1 }	.. }		
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	174 }	9 }	234 }	5 }	.. }		
2d precinct.....	73 }	6 }	153 }	.. }	.. }		
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	285 } 1,328	8 } 105	155 } 1,737	5 } 24	.. }		409
2d precinct.....	75 }	8 }	111 }	1 }	.. }		
4th ward.....	174 }	6 }	133 }	1 }	.. }		
5th ward.....	295 }	13 }	220 }	5 }	.. }		
6th ward.....	112 }	10 }	318 }	4 }	.. }		
Black Creek.....	85	10	200				115
Bovina.....	54	3	199				145
Buchanan.....	280	7	108	1	1	154	
Center.....	150	1	146			4	
Cicero.....	67	7	149				82
Dale.....	148	2	152				4
Deer Creek.....	98	6	150				54
Ellington.....	90	10	151				61
Freedom.....	179	6	193				14
Grand Chute.....	144	7	151				7
Greenville.....	138	2	148	2			10
Hortonia.....	47		86				39
Hortonville, village.....	59	9	151				92
Kaukauna.....	143	3	90			53	
Kaukauna, city:							
north precinct.....	191 }	6 }	271 }	1 }	1 }		93
south precinct.....	303 }	9 }	319 }	2 }	3 }	1 }	50
Liberty.....	30	1	80				
Little Chute, village.....	147	1	55			92	
Maine.....	35	4	102				67

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

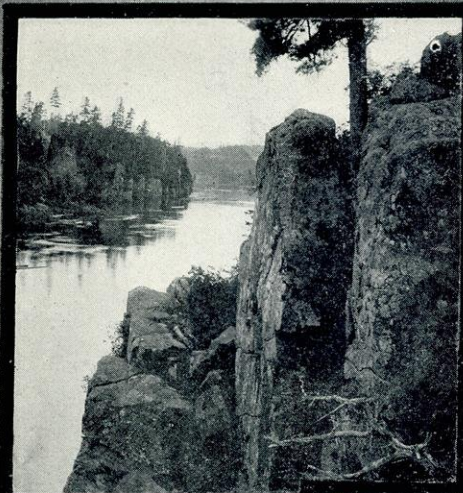
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
OUTAGAMIE Co.—8th dis.—Con							
Maple Creek.....	61	4	83		1		19
New London, 3d ward.....	45	2	61				16
Osborn.....	35	3	91				55
Seymour.....	51	7	133				39
Seymour, city:							
1st ward.....	42)	5)	171)	1	1		
2d ward.....	30)	4)	70)	1	1		
Total.....	4,008	224	5,245	30	4	303	1,540
Democratic plurality.....							263
Net Republican plurality.....							1,277
OZAUKEE Co.—5th dist.							
Belzium.....	255	4	62			193	
Cedarburg.....	136	1	108	1		58	
Cedarburg, city.....	164	2	161	1			
Fredonia.....	270	4	93			177	
Grafton.....	104		73	1		31	
Grafton, village.....	54		53			1	
Mequon.....	225	10	275				20
Port Washington.....	131	2	78	2		55	
Port Washington, city.....	441	8	287	5		154	
Saukville.....	122	6	109	12	1	73	
Total.....	1,992	37	1,280	22	1	742	20
Republican plurality.....						30	
Net Democratic plurality.....						712	
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.							
Albany.....	23		88				63
Durand.....	23		38				15
Durand, city:							
1st ward.....	63)	5)	50)	1	1		
2d ward.....	58)	4)	101)	1	1		
Frankfort.....	20	3	153				33
Lima.....	96		33			63	
Pepin.....	54	11	276				222
Stockholm.....	14		134				120
Waterville.....	109	14	201				92
Waubek.....	13	2	22				9
Total.....	470	39	1,099			63	692
Democrat plurality.....							63
Net Republican plurality.....							629
PIERCE Co.—10th dist.							
Clifton.....	18	5	84				66
Diamond Bluff.....	23	1	75				55
Ellsworth.....	56	1	191	1			135
Ellsworth, village.....	73	6	163				90
El Paso.....	63	3	120				57
Gilman.....	17	11	213				196
Hartland.....	51	11	186				135
Isabella.....	19		64				45
Maiden Rock.....	23	6	218		1		195
Maiden Rock, village.....	12	4	51				39
Martell.....	14	8	252	1			238
Oak Grove.....	51		77	1			25
Prescott, city:							
1st ward.....	32)	13)	21)	1	1		
2d ward.....	41)	5)	19)	1	1		
3d ward.....	22)	6)	35)	1	1		
Piver Falls.....	76	16	158				82
River Falls, city, 2d ward.....	75	20	283				208

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS--Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE Co.—8th dist.—Con.							
Stevens Point, city:							
1st ward.....	106 } 856	2 } 35	211 } 1,005	2 } 4	1 } 1		149
2d ward.....	145 }	12 }	227 }	2 }	1 }		
3d ward.....	113 }	7 }	201 }	2 }	1 }		
4th ward.....	320 }	3 }	97 }	2 }	1 }		
5th ward.....	115 }	4 }	162 }	2 }	1 }		
6th ward.....	57 }	7 }	107 }	2 }	1 }		
Stockton.....	298	3	77			221	
Total.....	2,633	92	3,285	4	2	887	1539
Democratic plurality.....							887
Net Republican plurality.....							652
PRICE Co.—9th dist.							
Brannan.....	18	1	100				82
Emery.....	11		41				30
Fifield.....	38	6	65	1			27
Georgetown.....	18	3	33				15
Hackett.....	7	1	46				39
Hill.....	13		50				37
Kennan.....	34	2	118				84
Knox.....	12	1	101				89
Lake.....	82	2	220	2			138
Ozema.....	17	5	236		1		219
Phillips, city:							
1st ward.....	33 } 123	12 } 21	123 } 317	1 } 9	2 } 2		194
2d ward.....	37 }	5 }	113 }	2 }	1 }		
3d ward.....	53 }	4 }	81 }	6 }	1 }		
Prentice.....	26	4	87	1			61
Prentice, village.....	51	3	170				119
Worcester.....	79	6	141	1			62
Total.....	529	55	1,725	14	3		1,196
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							1,196
RACINE Co.—1st dist.							
Burlington, 1st precinct.....	157	7	69			88	
Burlington, 2d precinct.....							
Burlington, city:							
1st ward.....	78 } 331	5 } 15	52 } 251	2 } ..	1 } ..	80	
2d ward.....	65 }	6 }	94 }	1 }	1 }		
3d ward.....	101 }	3 }	45 }	1 }	1 }		
4th ward.....	87 }	1 }	60 }	1 }	1 }		
Caledonia.....	277	9	229	12	2	48	
Dover.....	95	8	114				19
Mt. Pleasant.....	123	17	346	2			223
Norway.....	36	4	170				134
Racine, city:							
1st ward.....	189 } 2,548	4 } 115	218 } 3,864	4 } 117	1 } 3	1,316	
2d ward.....	148 }	17 }	467 }	3 }	1 }		
3d ward, north precinct.....	130 }	7 }	241 }	6 }	1 }		
3d ward, south precinct.....	209 }	6 }	217 }	1 }	1 }		
4th ward, east precinct.....	199 }	3 }	151 }	3 }	1 }		
4th ward, west precinct.....	251 }	6 }	196 }	11 }	1 }		
5th ward, east precinct.....	194 }	5 }	319 }	13 }	1 }		
5th ward, north precinct.....	167 }	5 }	306 }	13 }	2 }		
5th ward, south precinct.....	84 }	19 }	333 }	6 }	2 }		
6th ward, center precinct.....	167 }	7 }	285 }	6 }	1 }		
6th ward, north precinct.....	172 }	17 }	294 }	25 }	5 }		
6th ward, south precinct.....	231 }	6 }	324 }	5 }	1 }		
7th ward, east precinct.....	238 }	7 }	277 }	12 }	1 }		
7th ward, west precinct.....	169 }	6 }	136 }	13 }	1 }		
Raymond.....	57	8	261	2			204
Rochester.....	51	5	118				67

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
RACINE CO.—1st dist.—Con.							
Union Grove, village.....	14	13	111	.....	.....	.....	97
Waterford.....	135	19	229	.....	.....	.....	93
Yorkville.....	30	13	163	.....	.....	.....	133
Total.....	3,855	233	5,925	133	5	216	2,236
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	216
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,070
RICHLAND CO.—3d dist.							
Akan.....	88	2	139	.....	.....	.....	51
Bloom.....	82	13	172	.....	.....	.....	90
Buena Vista.....	87	17	136	.....	.....	.....	49
Dayton.....	83	7	128	.....	.....	.....	42
Eagle.....	82	5	133	.....	.....	.....	51
Forest.....	48	3	123	.....	.....	.....	75
Henrietta.....	97	14	101	.....	.....	.....	4
Ithaca.....	93	14	95	.....	.....	.....	2
Lone Rock, village.....	60	1	68	.....	.....	.....	8
Marshall.....	23	10	171	.....	.....	.....	143
Orion.....	59	4	117	.....	.....	.....	53
Richland.....	61	12	144	.....	.....	.....	80
Richland Center							
1st ward.....	51	17	121	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	67	9	121	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	42	17	127	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richwood.....	119	7	181	.....	.....	.....	65
Rockbridge.....	80	20	120	.....	.....	.....	40
Sylvan.....	75	34	192	.....	.....	.....	27
Viola, village.....	13	1	51	.....	.....	.....	33
Westford.....	144	5	95	.....	.....	.....	49
Willow.....	54	18	145	.....	.....	.....	91
Total.....	1,524	230	2,593	10	.....	49	1,118
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	49
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,039
ROCK CO.—1st dist.							
Avon.....	47	2	119	.....	.....	.....	72
Beloit.....	28	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	87
Beloit, city:							
1st ward.....	104	9	281	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	116	24	462	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	91	10	352	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	109	21	474	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	83	15	375	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bradford.....	47	2	109	.....	.....	.....	62
Center.....	39	3	177	.....	.....	.....	138
Clinton.....	60	12	187	.....	.....	.....	127
Clinton, village.....	53	18	176	.....	.....	.....	123
Edgerton, city.....	131	19	390	.....	.....	.....	259
Evansville, city.....	79	9	411	.....	.....	.....	352
Fulton.....	92	41	200	.....	.....	.....	108
Harmony.....	73	13	151	.....	.....	.....	78
Janesville.....	68	4	113	.....	.....	.....	45
Janesville, city:							
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	78	6	134	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	79	11	272	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	61	3	114	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct.....	100	8	197	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th precinct.....	82	11	273	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th precinct.....	74	11	240	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th precinct.....	179	11	163	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th precinct.....	221	9	201	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th precinct.....	220	6	176	.....	.....	.....	.....
Johnstown.....	78	13	115	.....	.....	.....	37
La Prairie.....	30	6	111	.....	.....	.....	81



LOOKING DOWN RIVER
FROM MINNESOTA SIDE



OLD MAN OF THE DALLES



RAPIDS IN ST CROIX RIVER AT ST CROIX FALLS.



DEVILS CHAIR



SCENES FROM THE INTER-STATE PARK, ST. CROIX RIVER.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1930, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS -Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK CO.—1st dist.—Con.							
Lima.....	45	4	175				130
Magnolia.....	82	9	144		1		62
Milton, 1st precinct.....	78	26	213				
2d precinct.....	41	30	246				337
Newark.....	25		183				158
Orfordville, village.....	12	5	98				86
Plymouth.....	81	7	231	1			147
Porter.....	97	7	167	1			70
Rock.....	79	5	134				55
Spring Valley.....	24	3	217	1			193
Turtle.....	59	2	170				111
Union.....	40	8	183				143
Total.....	3,094	403	8,249	35	8		5,155
Democratic plurality.....							
Net Republican plurality.....							5,155
ST. CROIX CO.—10th dist.							
Baldwin.....	60	8	221	1	1		161
Baldwin, village.....	41	10	93				57
Cady.....	41	8	163				122
Cylon.....	64	8	132				68
Eau Galle.....	50	4	178				123
Emerald.....	94	9	88			6	
Erin Prairie.....	194	2	14			180	
Forest.....	35	3	41	1			6
Glenwood.....	59	4	54	1	5	5	
Glenwood, city:							
1st ward.....	27	9	42				
2d ward.....	33	6	36				
3d ward.....	27	8	53				
4th ward.....	14	5	66				96
Hammond.....	79	11	103	1			27
Hammond, village.....	36	18	55				19
Hudson.....	65	4	89	12			24
Hudson, city:							
1st ward.....	48	2	78				
2d ward.....	98	5	186	2	32	1	
3d ward.....	89	9	197	6	24	3	5
Kinnickinnic.....	52	8	89			1	226
New Richmond, city:							37
1st ward.....	35	7	62				
2d ward.....	63	8	69				
3d ward.....	8	4	95				115
Pleasant Valley.....	30	6	89	1			59
Richmond.....	88	3	53			35	
River Falls, city, 1st ward.....	6	1	36	1			30
Rush River.....	26	7	130				104
Somerset.....	111	3	132				21
Springfield.....	99	2	163	2			64
St. Joseph.....	80	3	95				15
Stanton.....	124	2	53			71	
Star Prairie.....	35	3	130				95
Star Prairie, village.....	8	1	63	1			55
Troy.....	50	1	112				62
Warren.....	102	5	100			2	
Total.....	2,076	202	3,368	53	11	299	1,591
Democratic plurality.....							299
Net Republican plurality.....							1,292
SAUK CO.—3d dist.							
Ableman, village.....	33	4	57				24
Baraboo.....	65	13	221	1	1		155

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mallo-ney, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK Co.—3d dist.—Con.							
Baraboo, city:							
1st ward.....	89 }	12 }	343 }	2 }	.. }		
2d ward.....	136 }	20 }	356 }	.. }	4 }		
3d ward.....	120 }	4 }	191 }	2 }	.. }		545
Bea Creek.....	124	1	79			45	....
Dellona.....	76	2	68			10	....
Delton.....	40	9	153	2			113
Excelsior.....	54	13	126	1			72
Fairfield.....	33	31	103				73
Franklin.....	152	2	57			95	....
Freedom.....	32	1	119				87
Greenfield.....	38	10	121				83
Honey Creek.....	69	1	107		1		38
Ironton.....	88	19	175				87
La Valle.....	98	4	121				23
La Valle, village.....	19	6	63				44
Merrimack.....	49	1	61				12
Merrimack, village.....	22	8	51				32
North Freedom, village.....	16	15	78				62
Prairie du Sac.....	42	1	49		1		7
Prairie du Sac, village.....	55	2	118				63
Reedsburg.....	75	5	119				44
Reedsburg, city:							
1st ward.....	91 }	6 }	172 }	343 }	.. }	.. }	
2d ward.....	113 }	21 }	171 }	.. }	.. }	.. }	139
Sauk City, village.....	113	2	83	2		30	....
Spring Green.....	75	2	85				10
Spring Green, village.....	68	3	105				37
Sumpter.....	26	13	120				94
Troy.....	29	2	189				160
Washington.....	77	4	136				59
Westfield.....	158	2	98			60	....
Winfield.....	107	12	102			5	....
Woodland.....	108	25	128	1			20
Total.....	2,491	276	4,329	11	3	245	2,083
Democratic plurality.....							245
Net Republican plurality.....							1,838
SAWYER Co.—10th dist.							
Hayward, 1st prec.	141 }	14 }	396 }	3 }	.. }		
2d prec.	55 }	1 }	131 }	.. }	.. }		
3d prec.	30 }	1 }	30 }	1 }	4 }		
4th prec.	34 }	2 }	78 }	.. }	.. }		
5th prec.	45 }	5 }	88 }	.. }	.. }		
Total.....	305	23	723	4			418
Democratic plurality.....							418
Net Republican plurality.....							418
SHAWANO Co.—9th dist.							
Almon.....	32	1	107				75
Angelica.....	42	1	115				73
Aniwa.....	54		37			17	....
Aniwa, village.....	17	6	63				46
Belle Plaine.....	91	3	101				10
Biramwood.....	30	9	98				68
Biramwood, village.....	31	3	90				59
Fairbanks.....	52		55				43
Germania.....	4	1	49				45
Grant.....	71	5	134				63
Green Valley.....	22	4	163				141
Hartland.....	65	1	147		1		82
Herman.....	84	1	178				94
Hutchins.....	37	1	292	1			255
Lesser.....	49	2	149				160
Maple Grove.....	106	2	141				35
Morris.....	4		138				134

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO Co.—9th dist.—Con.							
Navarino	23	1	57				34
Pella	109		64			36	
Richmond	73	6	130				57
Seneca	35		63				27
Shawano, city:							
1st ward	93	2	79	1			
2d ward	50	5	55	1			
3d ward	46	1	67				12
Tigerton, village	33	2	111	1			78
Washington	125	5	134				9
Waukechon	82	2	100				18
Wittenburg	21	3	156				135
Wittenburg, village	31	1	130				99
Total	1,504	68	3,243	3	1	53	1,792
Democratic plurality							53
Net Republican plurality							1,739
SHEBOYGAN Co.—5th dist.							
Cedar Grove, village	6		82	1			76
Elkhart Lake, village	53		39			14	
Greenbush	120	10	230	3			110
Herman	214	4	184	1		30	
Holland, 1st precinct	93	1	312	3			421
2d precinct	4	2	206				
Lima	124	6	310				186
Lyndon	93	7	327	5			234
Mitchell	163	3	134			29	
Mosel	48	4	114	2			66
Plymouth	89	3	211				122
Plymouth, city:							
1st ward	117	3	194	16			
2d ward	70	5	120	7	23		127
Rhine	135	4	106				29
Russell	62	3	32			30	
Scott	84	6	234				150
Sheboygan	169	4	164	35	2	5	
Sheboygan, city:							
1st ward	217	5	386	67	3		
2d ward	193	6	286	20	6		
3d ward	97	4	258	42			
4th ward	213	4	397	97	8		
5th ward	152	6	278	144	19	46	637
6th ward	131	3	175	96	4		
7th ward	220	8	153	153	1		
8th ward, 1st precinct	197	7	227	62	4		
2d precinct	260	5	157	109	1		
Sheboygan Falls	193	4	146	6		47	
Sheboygan Falls, village	244	2	129	5		115	
Sherman	215	4	200			15	
Wilson	73	3	136				63
Total	4,049	123	5,927	876	48	314	2,192
Democratic plurality							314
Net Republican plurality							1,878
TAYLOR Co.—9th dist.							
Aurora	5		26				21
Browning	49		49	2			
Chelsea	80	3	88	1			8
Cleveland	15		25				10
Deer Creek	95		79	4		16	
Greenwood	53		41			12	
Grover	23	1	60				37
Hammel	37	1	29			8	
Holway	18		57				39

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloney, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TAYLOR Co.—9th dist.—Con.							
Little Black	134	1	146	2			12
Medford	168	2	119	1		49	
Medford city:							
1st ward	55 } 2	1 } 4	104 } 256	2 } 2			
2d ward	41 } 1	1 } 1	67 } 85				118
3d ward	42 } 1	1 } 1					
Molitor	21		8			13	
Rib Lake	103	7	246	1			143
Westboro	73	3	191	1	1		118
Total	1,012	22	1,420	14	1	98	506
Democratic plurality							98
Net Republican plurality							408
TREMPEALEAU Co.—7th dist.							
Albion	31	11	197		1		166
Arcadia, 1st precinct	140 } 276	6 { 14	146 { 232			44	
2d precinct	136 }		86 }				
Arcadia, village	149	7	121			28	
Blair, village	10	3	99				89
Burnside	80	3	53			22	
Caledonia	17	1	56				39
Chimney Rock	19	3	153				134
Dodge	53		20			33	
Ettrick	62	13	388				326
Gale	66	2	239				173
Galesville, village	37	5	163	1			131
Hale	90	8	225				135
Independence, village	54	3	78				24
Lincoln	36	9	79				45
Osseo, village	13	3	84				71
Pigeon	26	10	191				165
Preston	21	4	314				298
Sumner	21	4	195				114
Trempealeau	43	17	144				101
Trempealeau, village	33	7	84				51
Unity	24	14	170				146
Whitehall, village	29	12	129				100
Total	1,190	167	3,364	1	1	127	2,301
Democratic plurality							127
Net Republican plurality							2,174
VERNON Co.—3d dist.							
Bergen	59	3	166				107
Christiana	15	7	276				261
Clinton	40	5	199				159
Coon	13	2	282				269
De Soto, village	9	3	58				49
Forest	55	13	175				120
Franklin	63	5	217				154
Genoa	93		103				10
Greenwood	85		94				9
Hamburg	40	8	169	1			129
Harmony	38	5	160				122
Hillsboro	64	4	125		2		61
Hillsboro, village	48	2	113	13			65
Jefferson	51	8	235				184
Kickapoo	34	4	142				108
La Farge	41	10	86				45
Liberty	26	1	66				40
Ontario, village	33	4	47				14
Readstown, village	25	4	86				61
Stark	45	6	141				96
Sterling	47	6	195				148
Union	56	5	75				19
Viola, village	5	1	48				43

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WASHBURN Co.—10th dist.							
Bashaw	29	3	109	.....	1	.....	86
Long Lake	18	1	28	.....	.....	.....	10
Minong	16	1	65	.....	.....	.....	49
Shell Lake	62	19	315	1	.....	.....	253
Spooner, 1st precinct	70 } 84	1 } 2	149 } 223	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	142
2d precinct	14 } ..	1 } ..	77 } ..	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	.....
Veazie	44	3	65	.....	.....	.....	21
Total	253	29	808	1	1	.....	555
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	555
WASHINGTON Co.—5th dist.							
Addison	247	4	103	.....	.....	144	.....
Barton	131	2	115	.....	.....	16	.....
Erin	182	6	101	.....	.....	81	.....
Farmington	155	.....	155	.....	1	.....	.....
Ger mantown	165	3	251	.....	.....	.....	86
Hartford	160	5	158	.....	.....	2	.....
Hartford, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	87 } 168	1 } 5	134 } 257	2 } 4	.. } ..	.....	89
2d ward	81 } ..	4 } ..	123 } ..	2 } ..	.. } ..	.....	.....
Jackson	116	3	263	1	1	.....	147
Kewaskum	88	2	117	.....	.....	.....	29
Kewaskum, village	71	3	95	.....	.....	.....	24
Polk	122	5	217	.....	.....	52	95
Richfield	202	6	150	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schlesingerville, village	45	2	55	.....	.....	115	10
Trenton	226	4	111	.....	.....	.....	100
Wayne	96	.....	196	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Bend	103	2	65	2	.....	38	.....
West Bend, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	134 } 247	2 } 4	95 } 205	.. } ..	.. } ..	42	.....
2d ward	113 } ..	2 } ..	110 } ..	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	.....
Total	2,524	56	2,614	7	2	490	580
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dist.							
Brookfield	227	6	226	.....	1	1	.....
Delafield	84	2	238	.....	.....	.....	154
Eagle	97	9	96	.....	1	1	.....
Eagle, village	44	4	36	.....	.....	8	.....
Genesee	102	19	228	.....	1	.....	126
Hartland, village	55	3	129	.....	.....	.....	74
Lisbon	127	12	257	2	.....	.....	130
Menomonee	227	22	219	.....	.....	8	.....
Menomonee Falls, village	52	25	117	.....	.....	.....	65
Murton	167	.....	210	2	.....	.....	73
Mukwonago	78	20	228	.....	.....	.....	150
Muskego	96	10	181	.....	.....	.....	85
New Berlin	187	8	147	1	.....	40	.....
Oconomowoc	100	2	192	.....	.....	.....	92
Oconomowoc, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct	162 } 238	10 } 20	192 } 398	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	160
2d precinct	76 } ..	10 } ..	206 } ..	.. } ..	.. } ..	.....	.....
Ottawa	76	4	142	.....	.....	.....	66
Pewaukee	147	7	223	2	.....	.....	76
Pewaukee, village	62	1	120	.....	.....	.....	58
Summit	46	2	210	.....	.....	.....	164
Vernon	73	25	225	.....	.....	.....	152
Waukesha	61	8	159	.....	.....	.....	93

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1900, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Counties Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Woolley, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Malloy, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dis.—Con							
Waukesha, city:							
1st ward.....	80	14	163	3	..		
2d ward.....	185	7	201	5	1		
3d ward.....	132	6	118	1	..		
4th ward.....	116	7	226	..	..	1	
5th ward.....	61	4	171	..	..	..
6th ward.....	85	5	237	3	..	..
Total.....	3,016	252	5,127	19	4	58	2,169
Democratic plurality.....							58
Net Republican plurality.....							2,111
WAUPACA Co.—8th dist.							
Bear Creek.....	87	2	138				51
Caledonia.....	59	1	111		1		52
Clintonville, city.....	95	17	244				149
Dayton.....	24	30	179				155
Duport.....	33	2	151				118
Embarrass, village.....	11	2	52				41
Farmington, 1st precinct.....	23	6	166	..	1		
2d precinct.....	31	20	291	..	1		403
Fremont.....	20	2	76				56
Fremont, village.....	9	1	50				41
Harrison.....	4	2	95				91
Helvetia.....	12	1	50				78
Iola.....	5	1	230				225
Iola, village.....	8	4	151				143
Larabee.....	65	10	175				110
Lebanon.....	124	..	64			60	..
Lind.....	30	7	165				135
Little Wolf.....	78	4	152				74
Manawa, village.....	30	6	158				128
Marion, village.....	34	4	106				72
Matteson.....	15	4	147		1		132
Mukwa.....	41	3	117				76
New London, city:							
1st ward.....	52	4	83	..	..
2d ward.....	41	2	87	..	..
4th ward.....	30	1	113	..	..
5th ward.....	11	3	65	..	..
Royalton.....	65	14	149	1			84
Scandinavia.....	..	3	241				241
Scandinavia, village.....	4	..	80				76
St. Lawrence.....	17	14	242				225
Union.....	48	3	155				107
Waupaca.....	43	11	154				111
Waupaca, city:							
1st ward.....	24	16	160	1	..		
2d ward.....	28	12	134	..	..
3d ward.....	18	15	135	..	1		
4th ward.....	23	4	108	..	..
Weyauwega.....	34	5	66		1		32
Weyauwega, village.....	68	16	129				61
Wyoming.....	29	1	75				46
Total.....	1,383	253	5,234	2	4	60	3,961
Democratic plurality.....							60
Net Republican plurality.....							3,901
WAUSHARA Co.—6th dist.							
Aurora.....	42	8	175				133
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d precinct.....	6	1	2			4	..
Bloomfield.....	40	4	154				114
Coloma.....	35	4	129				94
Dakota.....	4	2	102				98
Deerfield.....	12	2	153				141



HON. JOHN C. SPOONER,
United States Senator. (Term ending March 4, 1903.)

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS Co.—3rd dist.															
Adams.....	25	5	99	.....	.....	.....	74	38	1	2	72	2	1	.....	34
Big Flats.....	36	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	47	17	5	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	53
Cotburn.....	13	1	79	.....	.....	.....	66	7	4	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	35
Dell Prairie.....	43	3	77	.....	.....	.....	34	27	2	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	34
Easton.....	30	1	86	.....	.....	.....	56	35	.....	3	84	.....	.....	.....	15
Jackson.....	18	3	120	.....	.....	.....	102	17	.....	1	50	.....	.....	.....	15
Leola.....	8	.....	64	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	.....	3	84	.....	.....	.....	67
Lincoln.....	16	1	69	.....	.....	.....	53	21	.....	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	35
Monroe.....	6	1	120	.....	.....	.....	114	11	1	2	51	1	.....	.....	30
New Chester.....	12	2	59	.....	.....	.....	47	13	.....	.....	82	.....	.....	.....	71
New Haven.....	62	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	61	61	1	1	67	.....	.....	.....	54
Preston.....	16	3	32	2	.....	.....	16	28	1	2	100	.....	.....	.....	39
Quincy.....	22	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	38	27	1	.....	31	.....	.....	.....	3
Richfield.....	23	2	68	.....	.....	.....	45	10	.....	2	42	.....	.....	.....	15
Rome.....	24	2	94	1	.....	.....	70	25	.....	4	38	1	1	.....	28
Springville.....	26	1	98	.....	.....	.....	72	20	.....	3	41	2	.....	.....	16
Strong's Prairie.....	21	1	198	.....	.....	.....	177	63	.....	2	99	1	.....	.....	70
Total.....	401	26	1,529	3	.....	.....	1,128	420	17	27	1,055	7	2	.....	635
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,128	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	635
ASHLAND Co.—9th dist.															
Ashland.....	53	1	88	.....	1	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ashland, 1st precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	6	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	3	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	116	3	3	.....	2	1	.....
4th precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	78
Ashland, city:															
1st ward.....	63	3	241	.....	.....	.....	61	7	9	165	2	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	78	18	244	1	1	.....	52	3	14	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Includes vote of Sanborn in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bourrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON Co.—Con.															
Stanley	26	6	92				66	18	7	1	51		2		33
Sumner	16	5	88				72	12	7		51				39
Turtle Lake	45		40			5		194	6	2	42	1		52	22
Turtle Lake, village	18		52				40	16	1	1	38				22
Vance Creek	16	2	55				39	4		4	37				33
Total	939	151	2,977	2	1	62	2,100	675	118	106	1,660	3	6	88	1,073
Democratic plurality							62								88
Net Republican plurality							2,038								985
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist.															
Bayfield, 1st precinct	110 } 131	18 } 25	423 } 550	3 } 3	1 } 1		419	109 } 126	4 } 5	7 } 12	201 } 230	1 } 1	2 } 5		104
2d precinct	21 } 27	7 } 2	127 } 187				160	17 } 46	1 } 1	5 } 7	29 } 150				164
Drummond															
Iron River, 1st precinct	180 } 189	14 } 15	459 } 468	2 } 2	2 } 2		279	133 } 147	8 } 9	4 } 5	151 } 156	1 } 1	1 } 1		9
2d precinct	9 } 23	1 } 1	187 } 187				164	14 } 44	1 } 2	1 } 4	5 } 113				69
Mason							96								18
Pratt		17	113		1										
Washburn, 1st precinct	127 } 242	13 } 38	383 } 911				669	163 } 328	2 } 11	17 } 40	246 } 562	1 } 3	1 } 3		234
2d precinct	1 } 24		19 } 473	1 } 1	1 } 1			2 } 8			11 } 281				
3d precinct	109 } 5	24 } 1	473 } 36					156 } 7			281 } 24				
4th precinct	5 } 1		36 } 1					156 } 7			281 } 24				
Total	629	81	2,416	7	9		1,787	697	28	68	1,235	6	10		538
Democratic plurality															
Net Republican plurality							1,787								538
BROWN Co.—8th dist.															
Allouez	46		42					35			28			7	
Ashwaubenon	40	2	88			4	48	26	2	6	55				29

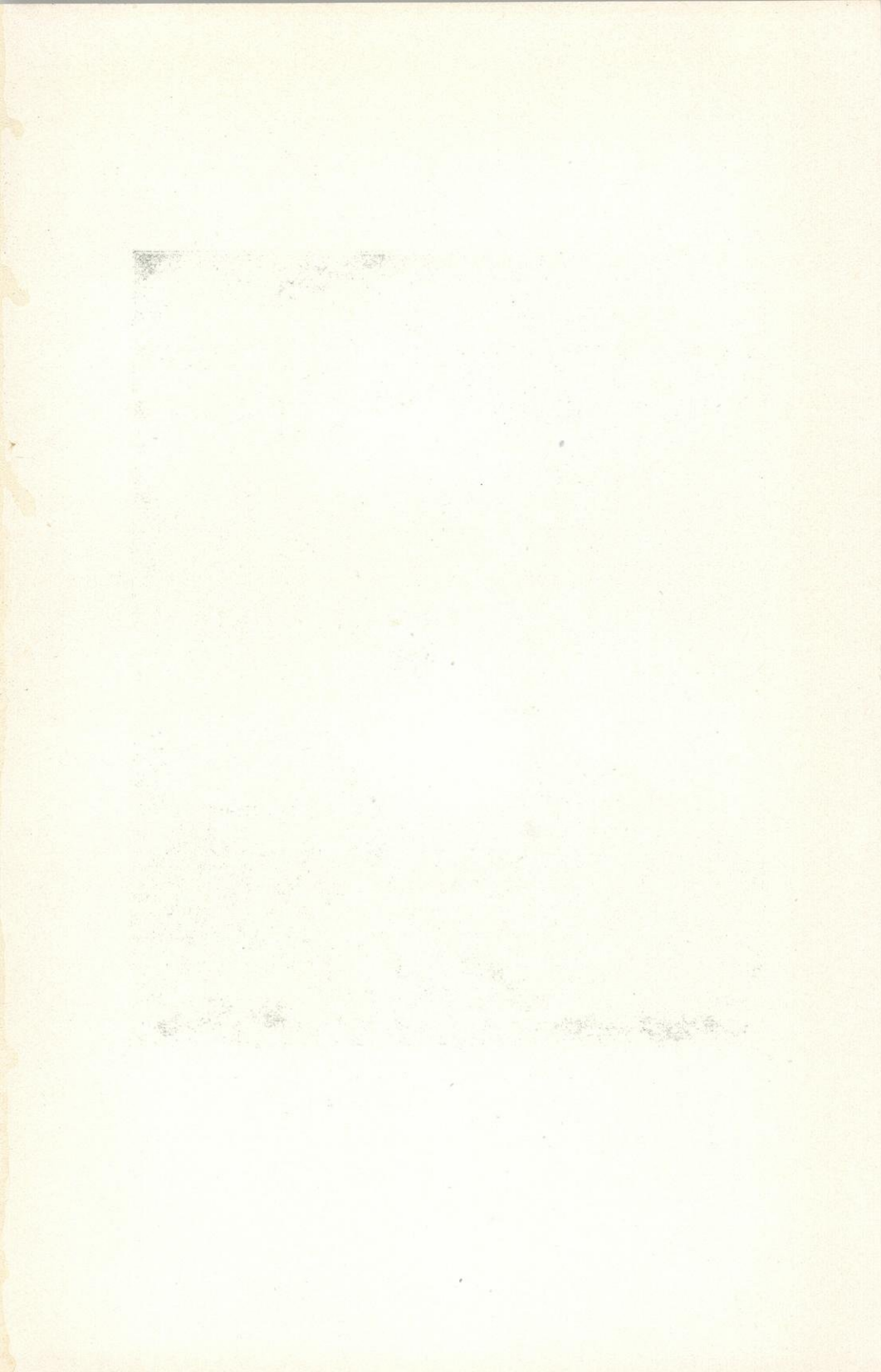
1 Includes vote of Almena in 1900.

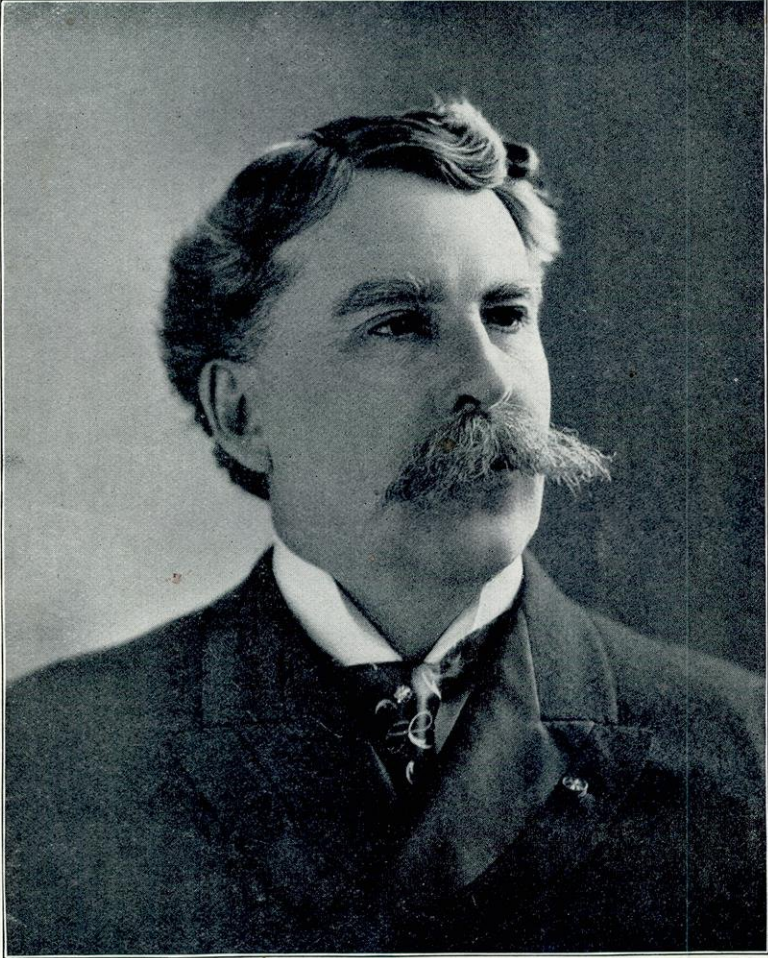
Bellevue	96		56		40		75	2		30		3	45
De Pere	94	2	47		47		73		2	32		1	41
De Pere, city:													
1st ward	89	3	138				72	1	2	113			
2d ward	132	1	95	1			111	2	3	75			
3d ward	91	5	153	1	2		86	1	4	106	3	1	40
4th ward	71	1	88	1			61	2	3	76			
Eaton	106	1	50		56		109		1	24			85
Glenmore	137	5	114		23		100		1	86	1		14
Green Bay	40		115		75		25	1		85			60
Green Bay, city:													
1st ward	211	11	297		1		137	7	4	214			
2d ward	187	6	236	1			125	4	4	236			
3d ward	127	3	231	1			107	2	4	180			
4th ward	158	3	310	9			139	6	6	235			
5th ward	217	2	258	1			169	12	3	200			
6th ward, 1st precinct	120	9	148	6	21	1	92	2	12	109	6	11	686
2d precinct	69	10	109				61	13	13	69			
7th ward, 1st precinct	60	9	150				64	3	6	123	1		
2d precinct	39	7	88				32	3	8	74	1		
8th ward, 1st precinct	76	10	192				55	1	9	147			
2d precinct	49	5	120	3			35	3	5	85		3	
Holland	224		41		183		172		1	26			146
Howard	92	5	189			97	83		2	166	2		81
Humboldt	69	1	88			19	46		1	60		1	14
Lawrence	99	2	154			55	66		2	84			18
Morrison	158	5	199			41	133		2	133	1	1	
New Denmark	75	1	203			123	90		3	132			42
Pittsfield	93	4	114			21	65		2	57			8
Preble	143	4	172		57	29	123	3	3	87			36
Rockland	101	3	44		8		79	1	4	26			53
Scott	106	4	98		1		74			92			18
Suamico	58	2	172			114	57			81		1	24
Wrightstown	191	2	183		8		150	2	5	120			30
Total	3,664	123	4,832	23	2	426	1,564	65	121	3,476	13	19	465
Democratic plurality							426						465
Net Republican plurality							1,168						547
BUFFALO Co.—7th dist.													
Alma	50		78		28		42	15	1	55	1		13
Alma, city:													
1st ward	61	3	41				63	2		49			
2d ward	23		39				40	1	3	38		1	10
3d ward	44		40				30	1		36			
Belvidere	78		45		33		45	12	1	50			5

ELECTION STATISTICS.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem.of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO CO.—Con.															
Buffalo	72		41		1	31		32	1		34				2
Buffalo City	38		16			22		34	5		12			22	
Canton	34	2	127				93	27	1	1	69	1			42
Cross	59		38			21		39			34			5	
Dover	19	1	161				142	16		1	103	2			37
Fountain City:															
1st ward	62 } 139	1 } 3	60 } 121			18		48 } 109	1 } 1	1 } 2	44 } 103	1 } 1		6	
2d ward	77 }	2 }	61 }					61 }	1 }	1 }	59 }				
Gilmanston	34	4	128				94	33	1	1	93				65
Glencoe	94	1	70			24		63	2	2	55			8	
Lincoln	74	1	55			19		61	1	1	40		1	21	
Maxville	43	1	64				21	23		2	49				21
Milton	33		26			7		40	1	1	18		1	4	
Modena	28	10	161				133	22		15	130				90
Mondovi	15	3	129				114	20		1	113		1		93
Mondovi, city:															
1st ward	8 } 37	8 } 9	101 } 213				176	21 } 59		4 } 7	73 } 161				102
2d ward	29 }	1 }	112 }					38 }		3 }	88 }				
Montana	55	1	48			7		37			36			1	
Naples	5	1	193					6		7	136				130
Nelson	102	10	182					87		7	173	1			83
Waumandee	86		57			29		78	3		48			30	
Total	1,223	50	2,073		1	219	1,069	1,011	47	51	1,640	6	4	107	736
Democratic plurality							219								107
Net Republican plurality							50								629
BURNETT CO.—10th dist.															
Grantsburg	34	8	315		1		281	8	28	7	204	1	1		196
Grantsburg, village	19	14	102				83	13	11	15	76		1		63





HON. JOSEPH V. QUARLES.

United States Senator. (Term commencing March 4, 1899.)

Marshland.....	31		107			76													
Marshland, ¹ 1st precinct							12	21	15	2	66		1	1	5				
2d precinct							3		13	3	38				1				
3d precinct							6		12	3	17				1				100
Meenon.....	25	6	102			137													
Rusk.....	20	3	81	1		61	5	7		2		40							35
Trade Lake.....	37	6	164	1	3	127	4	30	11			142							138
Wood Lake, 1st dist.	17	14	136	3	3														
2d dist.	12	2	66	3	4	173	3	20	13			120	1						117
Total.....	195	53	1,133	5	9	938		54	136	56		703	3		12				619
Democratic plurality.....																			
Net Republican plurality.....						938													619
CALUMET Co.—6th dist.																			
Brillion.....	104	4	223			119	77	2	2		200		2						123
Brillion, village ²	75	4	121	3		46	54	3	2		113			1					59
Brothertown.....	207	8	108			99	103		3		118								12
Charlestown.....	160	3	127	6		33	130		2		114		3		2				16
Chilton.....	193	3	88	2		105	145	3	3		58		1		2				87
Chilton, city.....	199	3	124	4		75	202	4			122		1						80
Harrison.....	282	9	119			163	184	12	3		69								115
Hilbert, village.....	71	2	42			29	53	4	1		37			1					16
New Holstein.....	138	4	246	6		108	107	9	1		219		2		1				112
Rantoul.....	124	4	152			28	95	2	1		128		1						43
Stockbridge.....	203	7	189			14	120	25	8		143			1					23
Woodville.....	183	5	55			128	128	1	4		39								99
Total.....	1,939	56	1,594	21		646	301	65	30		1,370		10		8				413
Republican plurality.....						301													372
Net Democratic plurality.....						345													41
CHIPPEWA Co.—10th dist.																			
Anson.....	46		104	1		58	38				67								29
Arthur.....	59	3	140	2		81	48	1			32								16
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	72	7	119	1	1	101	45	73	13	2	64		108	1					35
2d precinct.....	28	5	82				28		9	22	44								
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	30	6	196		1		26		1	2	82								
2d precinct.....	39	2	44		1		21		1		20								
3d precinct.....	10	4	104				21				58								92
Floomer.....	139	6	142			3	112	1	2		68			1					44
Bloomer, village.....	86	4	129	1		43	56	3	4		80		1						24
Boyd, village.....	74	4	56			18	62		2		51								11
Cadott, village.....	53	4	157			104	47	1	2		72								25

¹Two precincts in town of Marshland, Burnett Co., dispensed with and town of Meenon created since 1838. ²Four blank votes in Brillion village not in totals.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPEWA Co.—Con.															
Chippewa Falls, city:															
1st ward.....	75	6	105	..	..		78	..	11	77		1		
2d ward.....	125	7	101	..	..		118	1	9	77		..		
3d ward.....	139	3	145	..	..		141	2	3	106		..		
4th ward.....	56		62	..	..		51	1	2	56		..		
5th ward.....	104	1	93	..	..		83	3	3	69		..		
6th ward.....	83	4	78	2	3		103	10	6	66		1	169	..	
7th ward.....	69	3	61	1	..		75	3	5	35		..			
8th ward.....	44	7	96	..	..		49	3	3	72		..		
9th ward.....	47	3	76	..	..		51	1	5	48		..		
10th ward.....	43	1	45	..	..		45	..	3	24		..		
Cleveland.....	20	5	74	..	..			22		4	59			37
Colburn.....	33	5	58	..	..			28	1	1	19		9	..
Dewey ¹	29		84	1	..			55						..	
Eagle Point.....	96	15	111	..	..			98	1	11	59		39	..
Edson.....	194	2	140	1	2	54		138	1	2	63		75	..	
Flambeau, 1st precinct.	23	1	165	..	..		146	7		47	53			28
2d precinct.	8	1	12	..	..		8	15		6	53			..
Lafayette.....	71		214	..	..		143	58		9	164	1		103
Lawrence.....	25	4	156	..	..		131	45		5	50			5
Sampson ²	24	3	91	..	..		67							..
Sigel.....	76	1	149	..	..		73		3	3	91			38
Stanley, city:															
1st ward.....	23	3	175	..	..		23	3	7	78	..	1		..
2d ward.....	40	1	127	471	..		37	3	1	9	60	1		188	
3d ward.....	36	3	169	..	..		30	1	1	90	228	..		..
Strickland.....	23	1	12	..	..	16		26	3	1	29			3
Tilden.....	183	3	110	1	..	76		183	2		73	1	110	..	
Wheaton.....	119	15	207	..	..	88		91	1	6	117			26
Total.....	2,457	142	4,189	11	3	164	1,896	2,150	55	120	2,273	3	4	473	
Democrat plurality.....							164							473	
Net Republican plurality.....							1,732							123	

¹ Dewey created from parts of Lawrence and Colburn since 1898. ² Was part of town of Strickland in 1898.

CLARK Co.—9th dist.														
Abbotsford, village	22	2	83				61	14				28		
Beaver	5		104				99	12		7		31		
Colby	36	4	94	1			58	35				25		
Colby, city	47	1	78				31	39	2	3		3		
Eaton	22	3	103				81	27	1	4		23		
Fremont	9	2	153				144	6		3		79		
Grant	56	1	202	2			146	30		3		76		
Green Grove	11	2	46				35	5	1			22		
Greenwood, city	27	4	122				95	18	1	9		53		
Hewitt	4		46				42	13				16		
Hixon	53	2	149				96	29	4	1	100	71		
Hoard	9	1	93				84	18	1	3	33	15		
Levis	40	3	85				45	25		3	31	6		
Loyal	40	6	171				131	39	2	5	104	65		
Loyal, village	34	9	97				63	48	1	6	57	9		
Lynn	22	3	111				89	15	1		44	23		
Longwood	31		56				25	27	1		50	29		
Mayville	82	4	205		1		123	70	6	5	104	34		
Mead	4		13				9	4			7	3		
Mentor	64	14	126				62	47	2	2	86	39		
Neillsville														
1st ward	33	3	85					1100	2	6	222	122		
2d ward	31	2	104	316	2	2	195							
3d ward	57	3	127		2	1								
Pine Valley	61	5	157				96	32	2	3	92	60		
Reeseburg	40	3	68		1		28	14			38	24		
Sherman	15	3	123				113	25	1	1	83	17		
Sherwood Forest	2	2	44				42	4		3	21	58		
Thorp	24		108				87	18	1		41	23		
Thorp, village		7	111				70	43		6	52	9		
Unity	41	3	118		1	1	86	27		3	49	22		
Warner	32	3	99				73	33	1	4	52	19		
Washburn	27	2	77				50	18		2	45	25		
Weston, west precinct	50	2	132				57	13	2	2	19	32		
east precinct	25	1	93				73	17	2	2	27	9		
Withee	40	7	100		6	3	18	21	3		1	11		
Worden	27	1	58				18	21			1			
York	32	18	176				144	32	1	9	68	36		
Total	1,178	127	3,829	13	6		2,651	948	36	95	2,048	1,111		
Democratic plurality											4	5	11	1,111
Net Republican plurality							2,651							1,100

1 Vote of Neillsville not reported by wards, 1898.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
COLUMBIA Co.—2d dist.															
Arlington	31	9	142				111	27	2	9	55				28
Caledonia	98	11	128		1		30	71	3	8	103				32
Cambria, village	34	15	135				104	28	1	9	105				77
Columbus	88	2	95				7	63			68				5
Columbus, city:															
1st ward	57	7	147				151	53	1	9	124				
2d ward	72	2	102				451	59	1	2	82				
3d ward	83	3	114					75	4	15	81				
Courtland	46	10	173				127	33	1	6	140				107
De Korra	40	2	137				97	45	1	6	85				40
Fort Winnebago	73	3	78		1		5	68		1	51			17	58
Fountain Prairio	132	7	207				75	148	2	7	166				13
Hampden	91	8	103				17	85	1	3	74			11	32
Kilbourn City	110	2	157				47	93	8	2	125				69
Leeds	51	10	145				94	96		4	96				58
Lewiston	38	3	130				92	33		1	107				122
Lodi	29	7	145				116	38		10	91				27
Lodi, village	43	11	209				161	53	1	13	175				55
Lowville	42	8	116				74	51	3	8	78				39
Marcellon	46	10	134	2			88	46	1	6	101				75
Newport	33		89				56	23	5	2	62				8
Otsego	63	12	210				147	67	1	2	142				38
Pacific	15	4	25	14			10	13	1	6	21				7
Pardeeville, village	29	12	160	1			131	43		12	98				55
Portage, city:															
1st ward	77	3	65					85	2		58				
2d ward	90	11	143					90	3	10	128				
3d ward	57	7	169	1	1		216	67	1	15	135				
4th ward	127	2	178					156	3	1	151				
5th ward	152	10	196					160	6	3	134				
Poyrette, village	40	14	109				69	36		9	65				29
Randolph	62	10	132				70	34		4	100				68
Randolph, vill., W. ward	3	4	54				51	2		2	40				38
Rio	11	6	115				104	37	1	10	77				40

Scott.....	41	6	122				81	27	1	3	83				56
Springvale.....	32	10	126				94	25		10	85	1			60
West Point.....	62	5	111				49	53		7	81				23
Wycocena.....	39	21	199				160	55	2	14	153	1			98
Total.....	2,139	267	4,803	18	2		2,664	2,143	51	208	3,526	12	4	28	1,411
Democratic plurality.....															28
Republican plurality.....							2,664								1,383
CRAWFORD Co.—3d dist.															
Bridgeport.....	31		36		1		5	25			29	1			4
Clayton.....	130	8	266				136	2155	7	12	238				83
De Soto, village.....	11	1	6			5									
Eastman.....	157	2	115		42			145	2	3	102	2		43	
Freeman.....	32	2	281				249	62	3	7	209				147
Gays Mill, village.....	11	1	69				58								
Haney.....	59	3	152				93	72	3	5	99				27
Lynxville, village.....	11		82				71	19		1	51				32
Marietta.....	61	2	145				84	62	2	1	133				71
Prairie du Chien.....	68		26			42		62	1		20		1	42	
Prairie du Chien, city:															
1st ward.....	61	1													
2d ward.....	124	3													
3d ward.....	111	2				29									
4th ward.....	41	1													
Total.....	337	7	308				41	277	3	7	30		1	60	
Scott.....	92	6	122				30	94	4	1	104				10
Seneca.....	165	1	104		61			156	3	4	75			81	
Soldiers Grove, village.....	31	5	132	1			101	56	1	5	87				31
Steuben, village ¹	27	2	44				17								
Utica.....	54	2	296				242	78	2	5	223				145
Wauzeka.....	54	60					6	19	9		68				47
Wauzeka, village.....	23	3	88				65	23		2	67				44
Total.....	1,554	45	2,332	1	1	179	1,157	1,305	44	52	1,720	3	2	226	641
Democratic plurality.....							179								226
Net Republican plurality.....							978								415
DANE Co.—2d dist.															
Albion.....	30	28	314				284	78	1	23	141	1			63
Belleville, village.....	29	4	74				45	36		7	26			10	
Berry.....	142	3	52		90			112	1	1	31		1	81	
Black Earth.....	62	19	138				76	67	1	23	73				6

¹Steuben village in towns of Eastman and Marietta in 1898.

²Includes vote of Gays Mill in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bonrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE CO.—Con.															
Blooming Grove.....	100	5	128				28	129	2	5	81				
Blue Mounds.....	48	5	185				137	167	2	4	193			48	26
Bristol.....	141	7	134			7		129		3	64			65	70
Burke.....	77	12	186				109	104		4	114	2	1		63
Cambridge, village.....	34	4	120				86	34		4	97				
Christiana.....	76	5	238	1	2		210			4					
Christiana, 1st precinct.....								38		3	78	2			
Christiana, 2d precinct.....								97	135	1	10	91	3		34
Cottage Grove.....	85	11	222				137	122		16	105	1		17	
Cross Plains.....	230	1	55	1		175		188	2	2	30			158	
Dane.....	79	7	99				20	2101		5	60			41	
Dane, village.....	25	1	28				3								
Deerfield.....	81	4	144	1			63	85	1	11	86	1			1
Deerfield, village.....	39	4	105	2			66	52		12	39	1		13	
Dunkirk.....	65	17	275				210	92	2	27	148				36
Dunn.....	54	10	194				140	135	3	12	100			35	
Fitchburg.....	109	7	98			11		108	8	3	67	1		41	
Madison.....	71	6	255				184	85	1	9	139	1	1		54
Madison, city:															
1st ward.....	134	13	308					161	2	13	219				
2d ward.....	163	8	423	2				213	1	9	276	2			
3d ward.....	152	6	274					246	3	3	142				
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	104	4	240					151	3	7	128				
4th ward, 2d precinct.....	188	11	385	2				165	7	11	116				
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	168	16	335	2	9	1	907	178	1	23	127	1	19	6	483
5th ward, 2d precinct.....	125	9	192					131	2	12	118				
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	229	5	249	3	1			321		3	195				
6th ward, 2d precinct.....	30	2	148					197	1	3	173	5			
7th ward.....	200	4	234					303	3	3	89	1	1		
8th ward.....	319	3	201	2							5	3			
Mazomanie.....	53	7	57				4	50		9	37			13	
Mazomanie, village.....	103	9	113				15	85	1	15	90				5

¹Includes vote of Mt. Horeb in 1900. ²Includes vote of Dane village in 1900.

Medina	131	20	159			25	103	1	19	106	1		107	3	
Middleton	217	1	120		97	2	189	1	3	82			104		
Montrose	195	9	107				136	3	10	32		2			
Mt. Horab, village	63	3	158			95			9	45			33		
Oregon	73	10	134	1		61	78	2	12	77			12		
Oregon, village	49	9	141			92	89	1	7	89			27	14	
Perry	46	6	186			140	75	1	4	41					
Primrose	30	5	130			100	68	2	12	164		1		94	
Pleasant Springs	32	9	274			242	69			15			110		
Roxbury	165	1	26		135		125	1		119				114	
Rutland	20	9	300				280			83			22		
Springdale	71	3	157				86	2		5			138		
Springfield	192	3	38		154		153		3	20					
Stoughton, city:															
1st ward	44 } 101	27 } 44	260 } 613	1 } 1		512	63 } 144	7 } 7	24 } 44	134 } 349	1 } 1		205		
2d ward	57 }	17 }	353 }				81 }		20 }	215 }			15		
Sun Prairie	108	4	106		2		91	1	6	76				11	
Sun Prairie, village	99	9	149			50	98		9	109				32	
Vienna	40	6	199			159	65		3	98			47		
Verona	128	20	117	1	11		105	3	17	58				35	
Vermont	62	4	122			60	61		5	26		1	46		
Waunakee, village	63		45	1	23		66	1		90			50		
Westport	112	6	121			10	117			67				50	
Windsor	103	19	280			177	85		11	135		1		24	
York	115	8	96		19		54	2	16	78		1			
Total	5,750	465	9,837	18	3	728	4,815	6,276	76	496	5,461	33	14	1,716	961
Democratic plurality						728	4,815							1,716	
Net Republican plurality							728							901	
Net Democratic plur. 1898						4,037								815	
DODGE Co.—2d dist.															
Ashippun	133	4	152		19	116	116	1	4	138		1		22	
Beaver Dam	161	6	102		59	126	126	3	1	70			56		
Beaver Dam, city:															
1st ward	141 } 659	1 } 37	45 } 501	1 } 1		147 } 213	2 } 680	2 } 8	2 } 29	36 } 403			277		
2d ward	203 }	2 }	127 }		158	122 }	1 }	3 }	17 }	86 }					
3d ward	113 }	10 }	189 }			193 }	3 }	2 }	10 }	168 }					
4th ward	202 }		140 }				2 }			113 }					
Burnett	124	3	125		1	107	107	1	3	84			23		
Calamus	103	14	112		6	62	62	3	4	44		1	18		
Chester	77	2	90		13	73	73	2	4	76				3	
Clyman	171	5	103		63	171	171		1	73			98		
Elba	150	8	126		24	117	117		5	76			41		
Emmett	179	2	95		84	174	174	2		70			104		
Fox Lake	52	5	133		81	44	44	1	3	88				44	

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DODGE CO.—Con.															
Fox Lake, village.....	99	8	121				22								
Herman.....	171	1	140			31		118		4	95	1		23	
Horicon, city:								162			133		1	29	
1st ward.....	90	2	34					71		1	34	1			
2d ward.....	78	3	30			84		61	4	2	24	1			
3d ward.....	47	5	62					46	1	1	46	1			
Hubbard.....	168	1	149	1		19		141	3	1	104	2		74	
Hustisford.....	231	5	167			64		252	1	1	106	2		35	
Juneau, city:											100	1		152	
1st ward.....	88	1	41			95		79	1	2	44	1			
2d ward.....	92	1	44					94	1	2	32	1			
Lebanon.....	215	7	80			135		173	1	2	76			97	
Leroy.....	131	6	146				15	202	2	2	59	1	1	143	
Lomira.....	138	1	219				81	153		4	124			29	
Lomira, village.....	59		49			10		220	1	2	187			33	
Lowell.....	225	3	181			44					112			73	
Lowell, village.....	49	2	34			15		185	1	4	28			21	
Mayville, city:								49		2					
1st ward.....	71		55			91		64							
2d ward.....	65	1	22					62			42				
3d ward.....	130	1	98					129			81			109	
Oak Grove.....	178	3	156			22		185		2	146				
Portland.....	148	3	93			55		85	1		118	1		67	
Randolph, east ward ..	40	8	103			22		29		9	44			41	
Reeseville, village.....	61		46			15	63	71			38			33	46
Rubicon.....	185	3	177		1	8		183	2	4	152			31	
Shields.....	183	1	39			144		153	1	1	20			133	
Theresa.....	167	1	127			40		135	2	2	107			28	
Theresa, village.....	64	4	30			34		63			27			36	
Trenton.....	124	1	210				86	102		5	139				
Watertown, city:															
5th ward.....	167	2	39	1		244		123	1	1	51			37	
6th ward.....	207	2	91	3	4		167	162	7	8	87	1	3		
Waupun, south ward.....	102	13	269					124	6	15	188	2		147	

¹Including vote of Lomira village, 1900.

Westford.....	155	2	51		81		85	1	4	32		53			
Williamstown.....	137	2	88		49		108		1	54		24			
Total.....	5,852	170	4,735	6	2	1,671	554	5,834	53	122	3,534	12	4	2,028	178
Republican plurality.....						554								178	
Net Democratic plurality.....						1,117								1,850	
DOOR Co.—8th dist.															
Bailey's Harbor.....	45	1	88			43	56			41				12	
Brussels.....	21	2	139			118	19	2	3	97					78
Clay Banks.....	30	1	89			50	29	3		65					36
Egg Harbor.....	41	1	99	2		58	49	2	1	54					5
Forestville.....	85	4	177			92	58	4	2	119					61
Gardner.....	16	1	99			83	24	1	1	88	1				64
Gibraltar.....	43		170			127	39	3	3	96		1			57
Jacksonport.....	14	1	182			168	13		1	145	1				132
Liberty Grove.....	20	12	2-0			270	18	1	22	190	1	1			172
Nasawanpee.....	70	4	129			58	59	3	3	82					23
Sevastopol.....	81	3	162			81	73	3	1	73					
Sturgeon Bay.....	19	3	85			66	13	2	2	65					52
Sturgeon Bay, city:															
1st precinct.....	127	13	382							256	343	1	2	2	150
2d precinct.....	26	4	142	521		371	170	193	1	2	87	1	2		
Union.....	9		58			49	23	3		51					48
Washington.....	12	4	81			69		2	1	59					57
Total.....	659	54	2,363	2		1,704	648	32	43	1,571	5	4	12	935	12
Democratic plurality.....						1,704									
Net Republican plurality.....						1,704									923
DOUGLAS Co.—10th dist.															
Brule, 1st precinct.....	3	4	130				38	2	1	58					
2d precinct.....	27	1	106	299		254	18	71	2	13	15	56	147		76
3d precinct.....	15	1	63				15		1	33					
Gordon, 1st precinct.....							6	26	2	48					
2d precinct.....	22		40	1		18	20	2	2	119		1	1		141
Nebagamain, 1st prec't.	90	7	274				16	1	1	91		1			
2d prec't.....	19	1	39	414	2	285	11	1	6	25	225	1	2		157
3d prec't.....	3	9	17				5			11		1			
4th prec't.....	17	1	101				36	4	3	95					

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1908.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank H. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DOUGLAS Co.—Con.															
Superior, 1st precinct ...	10	..	81	1	..		13	..	1	52	..	..	..	..	..
2d precinct ...	18	2	33	2	..		13	..	4	21	..	..	..	..	..
3d precinct ...	30	..	64	..	1		16	42	1	23	96	..	..	..	54
Superior, city:															
1st ward, 1st prec't. } 2d prec't. }	216	5	289	5	1		183	11	5	233	2	1	..	..	..
2d ward	77	11	211	..	..		79	5	1	41	..	..	..	..	..
3d ward	90	8	169	1	1		54	..	15	120	..	..	..	..	..
4th ward, 1st precinct	124	3	127	1	2		74	2	6	101	1	1	2	..	..
2d precinct	152	7	180	1	3	91	119	4	2	87	..	..	2	..	..
3d precinct	182	9	341	3	1	16	132	5	6	111	1	1	4	..	..
5th ward, east prec't	73	6	196	5	..		150	2	7	323	..	..	2	..	..
west prec't	95	14	297	11	4		74	7	12	136	..	14	2	..	..
so'th prec't.	93	9	168	..	..		79	1,371	4	232	2,227	..	31	..	856
6th ward	216	7	327	18	1		155	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7th ward, 1st precinct	143	7	273	7	1		77	2	14	217	2	1	3	..	..
2d precinct	124	10	250	6	..		61	3	7	182	2	1	..	..	..
8th ward	83	30	214	3	..		53	5	6	158	2	1	..	..	..
9th ward	112	20	324	21	4		80	4	25	117	..	1	..	..	..
10th ward 1	112	4	113	..	..		..	4	20	169	4	13	..	..	..
Total	2,156	167	4,410	94	17		2,254	1,578	70	182	2,862	17	31	..	1,284
Democratic plurality .....	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Net Republican plurality .....	..	..	..	..	..		2,254	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,284
DUNN Co.—10th dist.															
Coiffax	15	2	214	..	..		199	31	4	4	60	1	..	..	26
Dunn	83	16	169	..	..		83	74	6	119	..	..	..	..	45
Eau Galle	112	11	142	..	..		30	61	7	91	..	1	..	..	50
Elk Mound	17	4	134	..	..		117	7	1	45	..	..	..	..	39

1 South precinct 5th ward, also 10th ward Superior city, created since 1898.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Grant.....	9		118			109	28	9		34			5		
Hay River.....	34	8	76			38	42	2	4	30	1	12	5		
Lucas.....	32	5	96			64	48	5	4	45		3	3		
Menomonie.....	96	5	175			79	59	7	8	83			24		
Menomonie, city:															
1st ward.....	74	6	110	1		41	4	5	3	56					
2d ward.....	4	30	121			68	17	6	25	115	1	1	159		
3d ward.....	53	10	167			55	3	9	7	129					
4th ward.....	92	10	164			89	5	7		112					
New Haven.....	26	2	90			64	17	9		41			24		
Oter Creek.....	13	1	64			51	17	5	1	16		1	21		
Peru.....	14		71			57	16	3		37			41		
Red Cedar.....	49	1	149			100	27	5	3	63	1		41		
Rock Creek.....	20	1	119	1		99	20	1	3	61	1		54		
Sand Creek.....	19	5	116			97	18	9	3	72			3		
Sheridan.....	9		88			79	26	2		23			12		
Sherman.....	21	4	98	1		77	22	4	5	34	1		19		
Spring Brook.....	38	25	125			87	25	16	14	44	1		25		
Stanton.....	75	7	140			65	78	1	21	53	1		11		
Tainter.....	23	1	62			39	15	1	1	26			5		
Tiffany.....	97		132			35	62	18	5	67		4	17		
Weston.....	61	8	43		18	63	47	8	3	30			10		
Wilson.....	15	1	78				25		1	35			61		
Total.....	1,133	137	3,061	3	1	18	1,941	1,022	152	127	1,527	7	7	566	
Democratic plurality.....							18							61	
Net Republican plurality.....							1,923							505	
EAU CLAIRE CO.—7th dist															
Altoona, city, 1st ward.....	25	43	1	2	30	94	51	28	50	1	10	36	1	1	14
2d ward.....	18	1	64				68	22		1	26				40
Augusta City.....	109	13	177			9	102			8	142			14	60
Bridge Creek.....	122	11	113				86			3	72			40	60
Brunswick.....	46	1	104		1		39		1	2	99			40	40
Clear Creek.....	55	5	83				23		2	1	82			71	71
Drammen.....	3		144				141		4		75				
EAU CLAIRE, city:															
1st ward.....	148	4	163	10			126		5	85	6	1			
2d ward.....	133	9	220	5			146		6	157	2				
3d ward.....	85	12	337				89		4	272					
3d ward.....	53	3	164				65		1	95					
4th ward.....	108	16	232				89		3	128					
5th ward.....	95	16	272	1	41	3	105	1,103	3	15	183	20			421
6th ward.....	113	20	309			3	100		10	18	160				
7th ward.....	151	5	230	8		2	176		6	6	167				
8th ward.....	88	18	279	3		1	94		4	12	160				
9th ward.....	124	6	213	14			116		6	7	120				

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, S. c. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
EAU CLAIRE Co.—Con.															
Fairchild	44	3	88	.....	1	.....	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairchild, village	36	6	173	.....	.....	.....	137	.....	1	1	48	.....	1	.....	25
Lincoln	227	2	94	.....	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	108	.....	.....	.....	84
Ludington	51	4	105	1	.....	.....	55	.....	5	2	71	.....	2	76	.....
Otter Creek	33	2	126	.....	.....	.....	93	.....	.....	1	52	.....	.....	.....	30
Pleasant Valley	40	6	154	.....	.....	.....	114	.....	.....	4	52	.....	.....	.....	35
Seymour	46	8	48	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	3	27	1	.....	.....	84
Union	58	6	98	1	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	3	43	.....	.....	19	.....
Washington	91	11	162	.....	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	3	89	.....	.....	.....	3
Total	2,110	189	4,218	43	5	142	2,250	1,850	42	133	2,648	22	7	123	921
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,108	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123
FLORENCE Co.—9th dist.															
Commonwealth	17	3	133	.....	.....	.....	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence	81	14	297	3	.....	.....	216	83	3	1	94	.....	.....	.....	71
Homestead	15	.....	81	.....	2	.....	66	14	7	4	151	.....	.....	.....	68
Total	113	17	511	3	2	.....	398	120	10	6	297	2	1	.....	38
Democrat plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	177
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	398	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	177
FOND DU LAC Co.—6th dist.															
Alto	73	2	218	.....	.....	.....	145	70	1	6	140	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ashford	224	4	207	.....	.....	17	.....	170	3	13	116	.....	.....	54	70
Auburn	135	3	206	.....	.....	.....	71	124	.....	.....	142	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brandon, village	59	7	125	.....	.....	.....	66	54	1	10	142	.....	.....	.....	18
Byron	129	8	170	.....	.....	.....	41	147	.....	11	92	.....	1	.....	38
Calumet	253	1	44	.....	.....	209	.....	172	2	11	120	.....	1	27	.....
Eden	160	4	201	.....	.....	.....	41	144	1	1	31	.....	.....	141	.....
Eldorado	105	3	196	.....	.....	.....	91	130	5	13	139	.....	.....	5	.....
Empire	116	2	118	.....	.....	.....	2	114	4	6	117	2	1	13	.....
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Democrat plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Fond du Lac.....	121	5	159			38	94	1	6	117				23
Fond du Lac, city:														
1st ward.....	271	16	321			200	12	6	247	1				
2d ward.....	285	16	325			209	7	3	234					
3d ward.....	269	2	309			157	11	18	211					
4th ward.....	413	11	254	1,810	14	301	4	3	165	1,265	2	7	2	139
5th ward.....	146	4	122			105	3	2	71					
6th ward.....	144	8	94			116	3	2	61					
7th ward.....	182	2	140			128	5	7	82					
8th ward.....	205	8	245			188	11	9	194					
Forest.....	152	1	115			37	129	1	3	103				23
Friendship.....	110	2	134			24	94	2	2	98				4
Lamertine.....	96	7	193			97	86	5	5	109				23
Marshfield.....	411	2	35		378		322	1		30				292
Metomen.....	84	5	190			106	1	12	100			1		50
Oakfield.....	91	7	271			180	66	6	13	218				152
Osceola.....	94	2	186			92	71	4	2	132				55
Ripon.....	57	2	187			130	77	2	7	85		5		50
Ripon, city, 1st ward.....	75	3	114				62	2	2	77				
2d ward.....	53	12	157	1		312	45	2	10	129				
3d ward.....	77	6	148		1		61	3	5	129				245
4th ward.....	60	10	158				54	1	8	132				
Rosendale.....	54	21	198			144	41	1	16	141				100
Springvale.....	118	3	160		1	42	82	2	3	106				24
Taycheedah.....	218	4	49		169		134		3	61		2		73
Waupun.....	74	8	180			106	53	2	8	92				39
Waupun, city, n. ward..	138	5	175		1	37	156	6	6	72				84
Total.....	5,252	206	6,104	16	2	913	1,765	114	235	4,201	17	7	863	870
Democratic plurality.....						913	913							863
Net Republican plurality..							852							7
FOREST CO.—9th dist.														
Cavour, 1st precinct....	21	1	73				40	1	1	64	1			
2d precinct.....	10	1	84			205	27	67	1	59		1		56
3d precinct.....	4	1	41	260	1									
4th precinct.....	20	3	62											
Crandon, 1st precinct....	18	1	65			95	45	65	1	23				3
2d precinct.....	12	10	60				20	1	5	38				
Total.....	85	16	385	1		300	132	3	7	185	1			56
Democrat plurality.....						300								3
Net Republican plurality..						300								53

¹ Third and fourth precincts of Cavour, Forest county, created since 1898.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS -- Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1903.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT Co.—3d dist.															
Beetown.....	102	10	174	3			72	112	1	6		112			
Bloomington.....	60	6	80				20	52	1	1			2		
Bloomington, village.....	32	10	137	2			75	37	1	8				1	
Boscobel.....	137	13	299				162	130	1	20			1		32
Cassville.....	86	1	53					61	3						100
Cassville, village.....	103	4	103	1	1	33		91	7	1				16	
Castle Rock.....	89		45					75	1			1		18	
Clifton.....	38	8	192				44	29	1	6				53	
Cuba City, village.....	67	4	103					45		4		1			103
Ellenboro.....	21	4	171					25							29
Fennimore.....	40	15	151					111	47	5					114
Fennimore, village.....	67	14	173					106	78	16			1		73
Glen Haven.....	71	3	105					35	63	2					46
Harrison.....	54	2	157	2				43	1	1			1		36
Hazel Green.....	115	3	107					74	1						79
Hazel Green, village.....	37	9	84					34	1	4					27
Hickory Grove.....	163	1	117					80	33	1					50
Jamestown.....	107	11	42					98							
Lancaster.....	138	15	277	1						2				61	
Lancaster City.....	87	3	461				170	1271	2	27					196
Liberty.....	54	4	105					91	1						6
Lima.....	26	4	175					46	2	5					88
Little Grant.....	69	5	101					121							
Marion.....	9	12	45				75	44		2					15
Millville.....	35	6	52			24		33		1		1			13
Montfort, village.....	47	14	110					10		5					21
Mt. Hope.....	69	11	114					44		4					20
Mt. Ida.....	52	2	99					67		5					25
Muscoda.....	123	3	45					64	1	8					15
Muscoda, village.....	93	3	61				7	46	2	1				16	
Paris.....	59	10	75	3	1		62	116	1	3				61	
Patch Grove.....			101				18	61		2				3	
							42	83	1	5				26	

¹Includes vote of Lancaster city, 1898.

Platteville, 1st precinct.	131	324	10	24	353	684	1	3			360	143	304	3	7	18	25	331	572	1	2			268
2d precinct.	193		14		331		2					161		4		7		238		1				
Potosi.....	185		5		163		6				22		160		1		3		107	1		1		53
Potosi, village.....	68		3		46						22		62						31					31
Smelser.....	77		8		141						64		46						89					43
Waterloo.....	61		1		136						75		53		2	3			94					41
Waterstown.....	36				70			1			39		41		2				46	1				5
Wingsville.....	31				148		1				112		50		1		1		79	1				29
Woodman.....	67		9		46					21			68						39					29
Wyalusing.....	55		11		163						118		63				8		112					49
Total.....	3,192	272			5,683		22		3	332	2,873	2,947	49			188		4,094	15		6	385	1,522	
Democratic plurality.....											382													885
Net Republican plurality.....											2,491													1,147
GREEN CO.—1st dist.										31									51					17
Adams.....	102		1		71								68		1				80					45
Albany.....	51		7		113						62		35		7				97					60
Albany, village.....	52		26		123						71		37		5				97	1		2		
Brodhead, 1st ward.....	42	10	11	17	143	293	7	10			188	42	114	22	35	11	15	90	208	i	1	1	2	94
2d ward.....	62	6	6		150		3					72	13	13	4	4		118			1	1		29
Brooklyn.....	73		4		183					3	110		54		3				83					1
Browatown.....	34		1		31						26		17		14				18					44
Cadiz.....	121		14		147						1		46		17				90					1
Clarno.....	115		2		116						81		96		10				65				31	32
Decatur.....	34		5		115						40		37		13				69	1				
Exeter.....	64		7		104						117		67		2	10			39					28
Jefferson.....	76		15		193								66		5	11			127					61
Jordan.....	95		2		89					6			89		6				59		1			30
Monroe.....	92		1		78					14			83		8				51					32
Monroe, city, 1st ward.....	77	7			159	5					71		5		4			142						131
2d ward.....	91	375	14		98	8	11			191	90	351	1	28	8	15		87	482		1			
3d ward.....	114	2			132						105		12		3			130		1				
4th ward.....	93				157	1					85		10		3			123		1				
Monticello.....	27		4		96		1				69		25		1	2			66		3			41
Mount Pleasant.....	55		2		89						25		39		1	2			47					8
New Glarus.....	37		1		137		6				50		64		1	1			91		5			27
Spring Grove.....	140		8		140		6				82		42		8	8			85		1	1		43
Sylvester.....	20		9		136		6				116		26			4			77					51
Washington.....	89		2		65					24			61		3				41					20
York.....	23		4		162						139		31			2			116		1			85
Total.....	1,748	146			3,038		37			78	1,368	1,448	168		129			2,042	15		5	158	752	
Democratic plurality.....											78													158
Net Republican plurality.....											1,290													594

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN LAKE Co.—6th dist.															
Berlin.....	50	4	149				99	35	2	2	158	2	2		123
Berlin, city, 1st ward.....	87	4	109					74	3	3	110				
2d ward.....	114	6	123					134	3	3	133				
3d ward.....	90	3	140	3			98	105	2	2	136	1			
4th ward.....	76	2	87	1				92	1	13	92	1	2		83
5th ward.....	100	1	96	2				96	3	4	113				
Brooklyn.....	58	17	285				227	89	5	16	243				
Green Lake.....	95	6	152				57	153	4	4	148	2			154
Kingston.....	89	11	107				18	93	1	7	95		1	5	
Mackford.....	87	10	115				28	90	9	13	108				2
Manchester.....	135	4	105			30		90	9	13	108				18
Markesan, village.....	84	4	102					138	1	3	91		2		
Marquette.....	82	3	90				18	83	6	2	70			47	
Princeton.....	85	3	130				8	80	3	2	92		3	18	
Princeton, village.....	175	3	139				45	89	3		92				12
Seneca.....	72	1	53	1		36		169	5	3	124	1	1		35
St. Marie.....	61	1	88			19		75			96			73	
Total.....	1,540	83	2,070	4		85	615	82	1		58	1		17	
Democratic plurality.....							85	82			47			35	
Net Republican plurality.....							530	1,682	51	65	1,914	6	12	195	427
IOWA Co.—3d dist.															195
Arena.....	101	12	193	1			89	105	4	29	157				52
Brigham.....	61	10	274	1			213	135		6	146				11
Clyde.....	78	4	64			14		83		3	38	1			
Dodgeville.....	84	17	237					110	1	3	38			45	
Dodgeville, city.....	107	31	361					110	5	40	201				91
Eden.....	78	8	133	1				133	1	52	273		1		140
Highland.....	167	4	133	3		34		83	3	14	70	2		16	
Highland, village.....	113	3	75	1		43		136		1	61		1	75	
Linden.....	52	17	191				139	117	1	1	47			70	
Total.....								59	1	12	135				76

Linden, village.....	20	5	116	1	.....	126	15	.....	4	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55
Millin.....	68	11	265	.....	.....	197	58	.....	9	.....	181	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123
Mineral Point.....	72	8	144	.....	.....	72	82	.....	7	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Mineral Point, city:																	
1st ward.....	59	9	112	1	.....	.....	63	2	7	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	61	6	171	1	.....	.....	78	1	6	.....	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	63	5	74	.....	.....	.....	48	1	4	.....	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	64	4	95	1	.....	.....	80	.....	3	.....	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Moscow.....	54	1	217	.....	.....	163	75	.....	6	.....	159	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84
Pulaski.....	144	2	132	.....	12	.....	138	.....	5	.....	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53
Ridgeway.....	150	10	145	.....	.....	.....	121	.....	14	.....	113	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Waldwick.....	67	5	95	.....	.....	.....	70	.....	1	.....	58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
Wyoming.....	39	8	98	.....	.....	.....	58	.....	13	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Total.....	1,690	180	3,355	11	.....	103	1,768	1,848	33	243	2,255	7	5	279	.....	.....	716
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,665	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	437
IRON Co.—9th dist.																	
Knight.....	38	19	265	.....	.....	227	170	.....	3	4	197	1	1	.....	.....	.....	127
Montreal.....	49	9	318	2	.....	269	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saxon.....	46	2	236	.....	.....	190	53	.....	1	.....	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
Vaughn 1st precinct.....	114	6	224	.....	1	.....	119	1	1	.....	149	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	83	2	185	.....	.....	.....	93	1	1	.....	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	.....	98	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102	.....	.....	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th precinct.....	19	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vogel.....	8	1	38	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	357	29	1,322	2	1	.....	965	473	7	16	696	5	1	.....	.....	.....	223
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	965	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223
JACKSON Co.—7th dist.																	
Albion.....	42	3	236	.....	.....	194	56	.....	1	2	156	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100
Alma.....	47	3	201	.....	.....	154	31	.....	.....	4	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54
Bear Bluff.....	12	2	17	.....	.....	5	3	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Black River Falls, city:																	
1st ward.....	11	3	87	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	1	7	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	9	3	84	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	14	3	66	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	.....	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	37	2	92	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125

¹ Includes vote of Montreal, 1900.

² Includes vote of Vogel, 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1800.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JACKSON Co.—Con.							42								
Brockway, 1st precinct..	15 } 26	.. } ..	57 } 68	.. } 2	.. } ..	..	..	9 } 21	.. } ..	.. } 1	42 } 50	..	..	..	29
2d precinct..	11 } ..	.. } ..	11 } 68	2 } ..	.. } ..	..	..	12 } ..	.. } ..	1 } ..	8 } ..	..	..	..	7
City Point	10	3	40	..	..	30	30	10	..	..	17	..	..	..	..
Cleveland	87	3	49	..	..	38	38	32	1	..	13	..	19	..	53
Curran	10	4	137	..	..	127	127	15	..	4	68	..	..	..	22
Franklin	14	4	137	..	..	123	123	11	..	4	93	..	..	..	82
Garden Valley	31	2	95	..	..	64	64	19	1	1	41	..	..	..	22
Garfield	7	11	104	..	..	97	97	12	1	2	59	..	..	..	47
Hixton	38	20	150	..	..	112	112	30	1	16	93	..	..	..	63
Irving	77	3	146	..	..	69	69	74	2	4	74	..	..	..	..
Knapp	19	1	35	..	..	16	16	18	2	1	11	..	7	..	..
Manchester	29	2	93	..	..	64	64	24	1	..	53	..	..	..	29
Melrose	46	20	233	..	..	187	187	57	4	9	142	2	..	..	85
Merrillan, village	22	4	142	..	..	120	120	21	2	3	109	..	..	..	88
Millston	23	..	59	..	..	36	36	19	..	2	30	..	..	..	11
Northfield	10	2	171	..	..	161	161	48	1	3	67	..	..	..	19
Springfield	20	3	209	..	..	189	189	30	..	5	136	..	..	..	106
Total	641	101	2,651	2	..	38	2,048	639	19	78	1,575	2	..	26	962
Democratic plurality .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26
Net Republican plurality .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,010	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	936
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.															
Aztalan	183	6	116	..	..	67	67	144	5	8	83	1	..	61	..
Cold Spring	35	2	87	..	..	52	52	23	..	..	68	..	..	..	42
Concord	152	4	108	..	..	44	44	166	1	3	77	..	1	89	..
Farmington	291	3	112	..	..	179	179	267	2	2	93	..	..	174	..
Ft. Atkinson, city:															
1st ward	62	21	142	..	..	193	193	62	1	16	107	..	..	..	..
2d ward	66	8	132	..	..	..	..	60	2	9	103	..	..	..	..
3d ward	74	11	82	1	4	..	..	68	3	11	57	..	..	..	..
4th ward	83	8	118	3	..	..	..	73	..	2	78	33	..	..	82

Hebron.....	87	8	135			48	77	2	5	80			3		
Ixonia.....	213	1	125			88	155	4	4	93			62		
Jefferson, 1st precinct..	160	4	85	1		145	138	5	1	59			142		
2d precinct..	101	4	50	1			92	2	7	29					
Jefferson, city: 1st ward..	97	2	66	1			85	1	1	57					
2d ward..	105	2	53	1		250	114	1	1	43	1	3	273		
3d ward..	125	4	49	1			127	1	3	42	1	4			
4th ward..	110	2	21				102	1	1	14	1	1			
Koshkonong.....	165	8	164			1	127	2	2	119			8		
Lake Mills.....	100	8	156				56	2	6	96	2		27		
Lake Mills, village.....	75	14	251				176	68	4	12	201	4	136		
Milford.....	108	8	143				35	114	3	3	121	1	7		
Oakland.....	131	3	168				37	138	3	2	106		32		
Palmyra.....	28	5	169				141	27	4	99			72		
Palmyra, village.....	40	12	142				102	28	11	98	1		70		
Sullivan.....	128	9	216				88	119	1	9	159		40		
Sumner.....	47	7	79				32	46	1	6	53		7		
Waterloo.....	132	4	59			73	78	93	8	28		2	65		
Waterloo, village.....	183	7	105			78	167	1	5	67			100		
Watertown.....	228	2	111			117	178		1	78			100		
Watertown, city:															
1st ward.....	268	1	214				216	2	4	185					
2d ward.....	191	1	110	1			164	2	4	95	1				
3d ward.....	135	1	87	498	1	345	117	675	9	1	94	439	236		
4th ward.....	84	5	50				68		13	40					
7th ward.....	165	3	37				110	5	4	25					
Total.....	4,160	170	3,733	7		1,887	960	3,606	46	146	2,750	11	8	1,342	486
Republican plurality.....						960								486	
Net Democratic plurality.....						427								856	
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.															
Armenia.....	38	2	133			95	46	1	2	82			36		
Camp Douglas, village..	31	1	73			42									
Clearfield.....	31	1	66			35	29		1	59			30		
Cutler.....	20	1	58			38	15	5		23			8		
Elroy, 1st ward.....	52	6	109				61	3	3	66					
2d ward.....	67	11	151	260		141	67	128	4	6	102	168	1	40	
Finley.....	8	4	35			27									
Fountain.....	57	9	143			86	49		1	101		1	52		
Germantown.....	40	3	53			13	53	3	2	35			18		
Kildare.....	89	1	107			18	95		1	70			25		
Kingston.....	9		53			44	13	1		34			21		
Lemonweir.....	91	6	211			120	100	1	5	140			40		
Lindina.....	87	13	151	1		67	90	4	11	122	2		32		

¹One blank vote cast in Lake Mills village not in totals.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Somrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—Con.															
Lisbon	21	1	111				90	21	3	4	93				72
Lyndon	65		40			25		62	1	1	20			42	
Marion	40	1	40					40			40				
Mauston, 1st ward	56 {	148 {	3 {	120 {	272 {		124	53 {	137 {	2 {	3 {	110 {	274 {	1 {	137
Mauston, 2d ward	92 {	9 {	152 {					84 {	2 {	9 {	164 {	1 {			
Necedah	101	8	261				160	127	6	5	218	1	1		91
New Lisbon, 1st ward	32 {	45 {	92 {	195 {			150	41 {	61 {	3 {	69 {	159 {	1 {	1	98
New Lisbon, 2d ward	13 {	4 {	103 {	77 {			44	20 {	97 {	4 {	90 {	102 {	1 {	1	5
Orange	33	4	77				44	97	4	5	102				
Plymouth	65	3	150				85	71	3	1	109				38
Seven Mile Creek	126	3	43			83		107	1	2	35			72	
Summit	97	4	115				18	94			86			8	
Wonewoc	124	4	170				46	120		5	140		1		10
Wonewoc, village	86	6	112	1			26	96	1	2	93			3	
Total	1,571	98	2,932	2		108	1,469	1,661	43	69	2,203	5	3	168	710
Democratic plurality							108								168
Net Republican plurality							1,361								542
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.¹															
Brighton	120	1	102			18		97	2	1	63			34	
Bristol	61	1	224				163	53	3	5	173				120
Kenosha, city: ²															
1st ward, 1st precinct	193 {	3 {	167 {	1 {	1 {			150 {	8 {	7 {	124 {		1 {		
2d ward, 2d precinct								154 {	12 {	5 {	194 {		1 {		
2d ward	96 {	4 {	199 {					339 {	24 {	4 {	131 {	2 {	1 {		
3d ward	193 {	4 {	293 {	4 {	1 {			203 {	22 {	9 {	355 {		2 {		
4th ward	227 {	5 {	292 {	1,452 {	13 {	3 {	69	185 {	95 {	7 {	165 {	969 {	2 {	1 {	62
5th ward	151 {	5 {	164 {	5 {											
6th ward	148 {	3 {	165 {	3 {											
7th ward	183 {	2 {	75 {												
8th ward	192 {	4 {	97 {		1 {										

¹ Eighty-five blank and scattering votes in Kenosha county, not included in totals.
² City of Kenosha, four wards in 1898, is now eight wards, same territory.

Paris.....	100	3	105	1	5	74	10	72	2	79					
Pleasant Prairie.....	139	6	250	2	121	95	2	174	1	73					
Raudall.....	37	3	122		85	36	1	114		79					
Salem.....	172	6	272		100	133	4	212		107					
Somers.....	101	10	377	1	216	66	9	173		12					
Wheatland.....	100		92		8	89	2	77							
Total.....	2,213	60	2,916	16	8	26	759	1,674	128	56	2,027	3	6	110	463
Democratic plurality.....							26								110
Net Republican plurality.....							733								353
KEWAUNEE Co.—8th dist.															
Algoma, city.....	127	5	250		123	133	1	4	162		2				29
Ahnapee.....	119		105		14	119	3		70					49	
Carlton.....	150		180		30	135	1	3	118					17	
Casco.....	172		90		82	181		7	80		1			101	
Franklin.....	244	3	72		172	215	1		43					172	
Kewaunee, city.....	198	12	164	2	34	250	6	2	112			2		118	
Lincoln.....	122	1	144		21	87		1	139			1			52
Luxemburg.....	122	2	165		43	130	2	1	108		1			22	
Montpelier.....	136		189		53	142	2		123					19	
Pierce.....	120	2	40		80	99	3		33					66	
Red River.....	19	1	210		191	22	1	4	166					144	
West Kewaunee.....	208	8	118	1	90	189	3		85		1			104	
Total.....	1,738	34	1,727	3	472	461	1,682	23	22	1,239	2	6	668	225	
Republican plurality.....						461								225	
Net Democratic plurality.....						11								443	
LA CROSSE Co.—7th dist.															
Bangor.....	42	10	94		52	281	1	13	152		1				71
Bangor, village ¹	60	6	92		32				42		1			12	
Barre.....	65	3	52		13	54			68						20
Burns.....	71	13	165		94	48	4	16	65						24
Campbell.....	76	3	110		34	41	1	3	65						72
Farmington.....	100	4	295		198	105		4	177						22
Greenfield.....	64	2	78		14	45			67			1			150
Hamilton.....	67	3	239		172	29	1	2	179						106
Holland.....	17	9	226	1	209	25		5	131						

¹ Bangor village in town of Bangor in 1898.

² Includes vote of Bangor village, 1900.

LAFAYETTE Co.—1st dist.

Argyle.....	79	11	28				159	84	3	7	201				118
Belmont.....	87	1	89				2	51	1	2	56				5
Belmont, village.....	56	6	77				21	52	2	2	72				20
Benton.....	81	5	147				65	63	1	4	117				54
Benton, village.....	51	2	80				29	52			69				17
Blanchard.....	42	5	71				29	51	1		49		1	2	
Blanchardville.....	25	4	120				42	41		2	40				49
Darlington, 1st precinct.....	218 } 351	5 } 19	222 } 376				22	32	2 } 2	8 } 25	183 } 315		1 } 1	9	
2d precinct.....	136 }	14 }	154 }				22	64	2 } 17	17 }	129 }				27
Elk Grove.....	72	10	101				24	93	4	7	70			23	
Fayette.....	89	2	110				30	117		3	110			7	
Gratiot.....	125	10	155				8	50		1	31			15	
Gratiot, village.....	48	1	40			1	61	81	1	1	42			39	
Kendall.....	106	6	45				50	44	2	2	65			21	
Lamont.....	36	2	50				17	32	1		32				
Monticello.....	33	3	50				86	110		4	129		1	19	
New Diggings.....	90	8	176				82	107			68			39	
Seymour.....	111	1	29				5	261	1	4	230		1	34	
Shullsburg.....	268	5	273	1			122	42	1	21	144			102	
Wayne.....	64	25	186				45	16	1		45			29	
White Oak Springs.....	19		64				58	121	4	16	38			83	
Willow Springs.....	129	13	71				162	123		6	158			35	
Wiota.....	101	10	263												
Total.....	2,066	141	2,903	1	1	156	993	1,982	27	100	2,228	1	3	251	457
Democratic plurality.....							156								251
Net Republican plurality.....							837								246

LANGLADE Co.—9th dist.

Ackley.....	74	2	43	1		81	15	65	1		25			40	
Antigo.....	95	3	110		1			95	1	5	47			48	
Antigo, city: 1st ward.....	28 } 452	2 } 20	98 } 643	1	1		31 } 191	44 } 440	1 } 8	3 } 10	60 } 446	2 } 3	1 } 4	5	6
2d ward.....	54 }	3 }	123 }				72 }	72 }	1 }	2 }	40 }				
3d ward.....	73 }	3 }	70 }	2	3		107 }	75 }	3 }	2 }	72 }	1			
4th ward.....	136 }	3 }	107 }				87 }	96 }	2 }	2 }	67 }				
5th ward.....	66 }	5 }	87 }								111 }				
6th ward.....	95 }	5 }	158 }												
Alco.....	13		74	1			61	17			31				14
Elton.....	14	1	37				23	11		1	17			6	
Evergreen.....	4	1	33				34	10	2		8			6	
Langlade.....	21	1	37				16	18			24				
Neva.....	83		54			34	87	87	1		17			70	
Norwood.....	102	4	93			9		101	1	1	51		1	50	
Parish.....								1		1	5				4
Peck.....	9	1	57				46	11	1		24			13	
Polar.....	73	2	87				14	68	2	2	42			26	

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bonrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soe. Dem.	Frank B. Wilke, Soe. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafn. Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soe. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soe. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LANGLADE Co.—Con.															
Price.....	38		52				14	37	1	2					
Rolling.....	105	4	118		2		13	89	1		20			8	29
Summit.....	23	2	39				13	23		1	9			14	29
Upland.....	16	1	37				21	15			9			6	14
Vilas.....	10	2	29				19	14	1	2	24		2	6	10
Total.....	1,140	74	1,516	5	5	74	480	1,102	20	25	868	3	8	293	59
Democratic plurality.....							74							59	
Net Republican plurality.....							406								
Net Democratic plu. 1898.....														234	
LINCOLN Co.—9th dist.															
Corning.....	53	2	67	1			14	67	1		31			36	
Harrison.....	35	3	31			4		17			24				7
Merrill.....	55	2	131				76	54	5	4	55				1
Merrill, city: 1st ward	129	3	105					111	3	2	54	2			
2d ward	72	1	98					67	2	4	56		1		
3d ward	94	7	165					84	10	7	113				
4th ward	141	6	227	1,035			246	122	16	11	147	687	2	3	18
5th ward	103	1	154					74	11	5	102		1		
6th ward	146	25	161					103	30	7	107		1		
7th ward	149	8	172					144	7	5	108		1		
Pine River.....	131	3	129	3		2			100	3	3	68	3	32	
Rock Falls.....	42	3	47				5	27	1	2	16			11	
Russell.....	35	3	103	2			70	45		1	45				
Scott.....	125	1	76			49		106	7	2	41			65	
Tomahawk.....	67	1	89	1			22	29	1		21		1	8	
Tomahawk, city:															
1st ward.....	64		59		1			47	3		25				
2d ward.....	56	2	63		1			48	4	1	22		1		
3d ward.....	67		80		1	2		50	1		43		3		33
4th ward.....	60	4	91		5		46	32	3	3	54		1		
Total.....	1,629	75	2,053	13	2	55	479	1,327	108	57	1,132	10	4	203	8

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bonrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON Co.—9th dist.															
Bergen	22	2	94				72	14			44				30
Berlin	133	2	78					47			73				13
Brighton	58	1	74			55		47	4		30			17	
Cassel	134	1	44				16	84			39		1		
Cleveland	83		147			90		65	9		39			45	
Colby, city, east ward ..	16	3	81				15	19		1	22				23
Day	83	4	40			43		78	1		20				1
Easton	66		113				47	62		1	22	1		56	
Eau Pleine	42	1	66				24	39	4	4	57			5	
Edgar, village	49	3	75	1			23	23	2		42				3
Eldron	6	1	83				89	4			47				24
Emmet	102	5	33			61		70	3		37				33
Frankfort	49	1	61	1	1		12	44	1	2	25			45	
Halsey	131		105			26		84	39		64			20	
Hamburg	75	2	68			7		72	1		60		1	20	
Harrison	21		23				2	16			16			12	
Hewitt	18		34				16	13			25				12
Holton	76	5	102	1	1		26	42		1	74	1			32
Hull	60	2	52				32	54			48				2
Johnson	71	2	36	1		35		29	7		56				19
Knowlton	6	3	81				75	31		2	37				6
Kronenwetter	39	2	47	1			8	30			26			4	
Maine	133	2	78			55		87	4		65			22	
Marathon	86	1	27			59		53	21	3	25			25	
Marathon, village	83	1	49			34		48	10		51			17	
McMillan	87	1	87					55	1		36	2		29	
McMillan, village	11	1	29				18	8			51		1	17	
Mosinee	23	3	43				15	14	2		19				11
Mosinee, village	48	1	121				73	48	1		25				11
Norte	37	5	114				77	17	13		38				34
Pike Lake	132	1	35			97		17		2	38				21
Plover	25	1	49		1		24	87		1	9		1	78	
Rib Falls	68	1	68				8	8	1	1	19				11
Rietbrock	92	6	123	1			31	44	2		61				17
								40	4		129				89

Spencer	73	8	110				37	45	1	1	92			47
Stettin	116		61				55	79	7		51		3	28
Texas	106		129				35	57	7	5	70		2	13
Wausau	112	1	76	1	1			93	13		67			
Wausau, city: 1st ward	199	3	126	1				122	10	2	118		10	
2d ward	186	1	172		5			122	12	1	121		8	
3d ward	133	6	149					92	13	1	125		5	
4th ward	97	5	151					58	10	3	140		2	
5th ward	114	9	212	14	3	27	231	72	5	97	24	160	9	104
6th ward	116	8	154	5	4			82	6	4	6	108	24	
7th ward	110	9	187		4			75	15	1		112	16	
8th ward	133	5	126	1				81	17	3		110	8	
9th ward	132	3	179	7	11			85	6	3		130	22	
Wein	61	4	107	1		1	46	40	7	2	68		1	23
Weston	157	4	183			2	26	106	6	1	83			
Total	4,018	130	4,480	22	33	656	1,118	2,765	269	57	3,068	10	114	488
Democratic plurality							656							488
Net Republican plurality							462							308
MARINETTE Co.—9th dist.														
Amberg, 1st precinct	31	1	140	3			276	22		5	123		1	185
2d precinct	14	6	73	4				10	45	3	68			
3d precinct	74	4	182	1				13			39			
Coleman	72	13	324				252	43		4	244			201
Crivitz	52	2	149				97	12			146			134
Duubar	43	4	110				67							
Grover	50	8	267				217			2	220			183
Marinette, city:														
1st ward	231	21	330	2	1			214	7	10	258	2	1	
2d ward	217	33	353	3				257	12	20	272	2	1	
3d ward	161	23	495		6	1	1,011	114	9	30	369	69	7	5
4th ward	196	15	470					224	2	8	325	3	2	
5th ward	160	10	358	1				147		9	286		1	
Peshigo, 1st precinct	91	22	424					76	6	11	362	3	1	
2d precinct	5		12				451	15	1	9	9		1	
3d precinct	21	3	99					13	134	7	67	17	6	1
4th precinct	16	2	49					5		1	33			
5th precinct								25	1	2	40	2		
Porterfield	35	5	131			2	96	24	2		72			48
Wausaukee	101	3	242				141	86		3	129			43
Total	1,570	175	4,208	10	4		2,638	1,397	41	105	3,032	13	7	1,665
Democratic plurality														
Net Republican plurality							2,638							1,665

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bon ich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem.of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARQUETTE Co.—6th dist.															
Buffalo.....	94	2	98				4	71	1	1	93				22
Crystal Lake.....	31	1	91				60	27		2	77				50
Douglas.....	59	4	97				38	52		2	78				26
Harris.....	42		94				52	53		2	67				14
Mecau.....	72		48			24		61			29			32	
Montello.....	175	1	171			4		162	3	1	140	2		22	
Moundville.....	22	15	124				102	22		6	88				65
Neshkora.....	83		47			36		73	1		38	1		35	
Newton.....	49		73				24	67		1	36			31	
Oxford.....	19	11	142				123	20		4	105				85
Packwaukee.....	60	3	151				91	65		1	113		1		48
Shields.....	55		91				36	60	3		71				11
Springfield.....	29	1	117				88	30		1	85				55
Westfield.....	77	9	219				142	77	2	3	190		2		113
Total.....	867	47	1,563			64	760	840	10	24	1,210	3	3	120	490
Democratic plurality.....							64								120
Net Republican plurality.....							696								370
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and 5th dists.															
Cudauy, village.....	155	5	139	3	4	16		77	35	3	49		7	28	
East Milwaukee, village	24	2	55	1			31								
Franklin.....	115	5	131	5			66	55	2	1	83	1			33
Granville.....	164	9	220	2			55	116	1		74			42	
Greenfield.....	236	26	643	28	2		282	223	23	15	268	2			70
Lake.....	352	18	453	28	1		101	239	14	5	214	6	4	45	
Milwaukee.....	164	11	334	44	2		220	109	11	5	210	8	3		110
Milwaukee city, 1st ward	801	18	1,144	55	4			787	47	17	833	26	13		
2d ward.....	995	11	1,116	238	12			840	73	17	776	75	23		

¹ Includes East Milwaukee village.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Sec. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Sec. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MONROE Co.—Con.															
Lincoln.....	17	6	166			149	26	1	5	148		1		122	
Little Falls.....	116	11	146			30	105	2	4	131	2			26	
New Lyme.....	12		31			19	7			23				21	
Norwalk, village.....	30	2	63			33	31	1	2	47				16	
Oakdale.....	66	3	68			2	62	2	1	57	1		5		
Ontario, village.....	7		17			10	2	2		16				14	
Portland.....	55	8	192			137	55	1	10	101				46	
Ridgeville.....	102	3	102				97	2	2	82			15		
Scott.....	31	3	27			4									
Sheldon.....	82		101			19	45	2	2					35	
Sparta.....	104	21	137			33	82	6	17	119				37	
Sparta, city: 1st ward..	53	3	132				54	2	6	119					
2d ward.....	47	10	147				47		14	115	1	1			
3d ward.....	91	11	134			270	81	2	9	112				220	
4th ward.....	56	11	104				43		8	99					
Tomah.....	63	5	92			29	68	2	2	84				16	
Tomah, city: 1st ward..	57	8	146				51	2	10	92					
2d ward.....	90	14	159			210	81	1	5	134				123	
3d ward.....	67	11	149				65	3	6	94					
Wellington.....	92	2	120			28	45	2		55				10	
Wells.....	95		52			43	54		1	23			26		
Wilton.....	131	4	70			61	83	2	4	46			39		
Wilton, village.....	44	1	62			18	42			31			11		
Total.....	2,218	186	3,727			242	1,721	44	151	2,691	5	2	230	1,073	
Democratic plurality.....						2,2								230	
Net Republican plurality.....						1,479								843	
OCONTO Co.—9th dist.															
Armstrong.....	37	2	86			49	15	7	2	48				33	
Brazeau.....	25	2	41			16	27			26					
Chase.....	49	2	164			115	51	1	2	137		1	1	86	

Gillett.....	30	2	153				12	46		1	122				76
Gillett, village.....	25		67				42								13
Howe.....	60	4	145				85	70	1	1	83		1		18
Lena.....	56	2	97				41	40	3	1	55				38
Little River.....	57	4	116				59	61		1	99		2	1	57
Maple Valley.....	65	4	121				56	31	15	4	88				9
Oconto.....	81	7	125				44	85		1	94				
Oconto, city:															
east ward.....	131	3	297					143	2	2	177	2			
north ward.....	85	1	145	692			278	88	425	5	137	1	3	3	148
south ward.....	101	3	246					118	3	1	191	1			
west ward.....	91	3	94					76			68				
Oconto Falls.....	59	23	158				99	79	4	21	137	1		1	58
Pensaukee, 1st precinct.....	16	2	82					31	73	3	111				
2d precinct.....	17	2	152	366		1	319	27	15	5	37	1			166
3d precinct.....	14	2	132								91				
Soruce.....	53	3	103				53	44	9	3	82			2	38
Stiles.....	48	1	94		1	1	46	43	5	2	67	1			24
Suamico, 1st precinct.....	45	63	45	98			35	52		1	46	1	1	6	
2d precinct.....	18	1	53				55	15			46				31
Underhill.....	10	1	65		1										
Total.....	1,179	72	2,694	2	2		1,515	1,157	50	53	1,945	10	10	7	795
Democratic plurality.....															7
Net Republican plurality.....							1,515								788
ONEIDA CO.—9th dist.															
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	32	53	3	174	208	2	155	45	56	1	4	5	75	96	40
2d precinct.....	21	2	3	31				11		1	1		21		
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	60	3	2	200				23	2	4	4		145		
2d precinct.....	7	82	1	18	213		161	11	60	4	1	6	26	203	143
3d precinct.....															
4th precinct.....	15	1	25					26	2	1	32				
Newbold.....	19			40			21								
Polican, 1st precinct.....	76		4	174		1	58	155	1	2	154	1	1	1	
Rhinelander, city:															
1st ward.....	29	6	163		1	1		45		5	102	1		2	
2d ward.....	49	2	112		2			63	3	3	82	3			
3d ward.....	58	3	142	871	1	5	519	52	3	2	78				
4th ward.....	61	5	132					65	332	12	81	528	4	4	193
5th ward.....	96		176		1			66	1	3	111				
6th ward.....	59	3	116					41	3	3	76				

¹Suamico was one precinct in 1898. ²Towns of Newbold, Sugar Camp and 2d precinct Woodboro created since 1898. ³No election held. ⁴Contains vote of Gillett village. ⁵Includes Newbold and Sugar Camp vote in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, 1 ro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ONEIDA Co.—Con.															
Schoepke, 1st precinct...	67		61	1		6		39	1	1	17			22	
Sugar Camp.....	22	1	111				85								
Woodboro, 1st precinct...	40	48	76	94	1	1	46	66		1	97	2			31
2d precinct.....	8		18		1										
Total.....	719	31	1,852	10	2	6	1,083	703	19	38	1,095	7	5	23	410
Democratic plurality.....							6								23
Net Republican plurality..							1,083								387
OUTAGAMIE Co.—8th dist.															
Appleton, city:															
1st ward, 1st precinct.	87	24	218	3			107	2	19	359		1			
2d precinct.....	68	23	184	1			160		7	187					
2d ward, 1st precinct.	188	9	227	4			62	1	5	131					
2d precinct.....	39	5	144				135	11	22	201	1,445	2	5		309
3d ward, 1st precinct.	97	7	137	4	36		235	1,136	8	46					
2d precinct.....	76	4	111	1			15	2	3	100					
4th ward.....	175	8	128				235	2	3	174					
5th ward.....	302	14	211	9			114	4	2	290					
6th ward.....	137	11	302	4											
Black Creek.....	89	10	193			107	57	1	4	131		2			77
Bovina.....	55	3	198			143	33	1	1	133					100
Buchanan.....	237	7	101				161	2	4	77					
Center.....	150	1	115		1	168	5		1	112		3		84	
Cicero.....	66	7	149				74		2	70				22	
Dale.....	151	2	119			2	117		2	5				7	55
Deer Creek.....	95	6	151				56			1	110				45
Ellington.....	90	11	150				60			7	117				26
Freedom.....	150	6	192				12	113	1	4	94	2		19	
Grand Chute.....	150	8	144			6		140	2	5	112	1	2	23	

¹Votes of now 1st and 2d precincts.

Greenville.....	142	2	141	2	.....	2	117	.....	3	100	2	1	17	.....
Hortonia.....	47	.....	86	.....	.....	39	42	.....	4	51	.....	.....	.....	9
Hortonville, village.....	60	9	151	.....	.....	91	70	.....	12	98	.....	.....	.....	28
Kaukauna.....	143	3	90	.....	53	.....	110	3	6	105	1	1	45	.....
Kaukauna, city;														
north precinct.....	199 } 514	6 } 13	267 } 576	2 } 2	1 } 1	.....	62	159 } 390	2 } 8	26 } 34	209 } 433	1 } 2	2 } 5	48
south precinct.....	315 } 7 }	.....	303 }	1 }	.....	.....	231 }	6 }	.....	229 }	1 }	3 }	.....	.....
Liberty.....	33	1	79	.....	.....	46	17	.....	.....	27	.....	.....	.....	10
Little Chute, village.....	146	1	54	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maine.....	34	4	103	.....	.....	69	14	5	3	77	.....	.....	.....	63
Maple Creek.....	64	4	83	.....	1	19	41	.....	4	49	.....	.....	.....	8
New London, 3d ward.....	45	2	61	.....	.....	16	28	.....	1	33	.....	.....	.....	5
Osborn.....	41	3	86	.....	.....	45	37	.....	1	59	.....	.....	.....	22
Seymour.....	95	6	136	.....	.....	41	52	.....	4	81	.....	.....	.....	29
Seymour, city, 1st ward.....	42 } 74	6 } 10	171 } 237	.....	.....	.....	43 } 163	.....	2 } 3	119 } 171	.....	.....	.....	98
2d ward.....	32 }	4 }	66 }	.....	.....	.....	30 }	73	1 }	52 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	4,158	242	5,116	30	3	322	1,240	3,074	54	159	3,784	6	21	222
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	322	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	932
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	958	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	222
OZAUKEE Co.—5th dist.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	710
Belgium.....	236	6	63	1	.....	133	.....	179	1	.....	25	.....	2	154
Cedarburg.....	167	1	108	1	.....	59	.....	133	1	2	49	.....	.....	84
Cedarburg, city.....	162	2	161	2	.....	1	.....	168	2	.....	122	.....	.....	46
Fredonia.....	243	4	94	.....	.....	149	.....	188	3	.....	67	.....	.....	121
Grafton.....	103	1	70	1	.....	53	.....	75	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	23
Grafton, village.....	53	.....	55	.....	.....	2	.....	59	.....	.....	37	.....	.....	2
Mequon.....	229	8	235	.....	.....	26	.....	171	1	.....	166	.....	1	5
Port Washington.....	154	2	73	.....	.....	61	.....	67	6	.....	36	2	.....	61
Port Washington, city.....	451	8	296	.....	.....	158	.....	321	20	2	234	2	.....	87
Saukville.....	187	3	100	3	1	87	.....	133	10	.....	63	3	2	64
Total.....	1,990	35	1,275	14	1	743	28	1,504	48	6	857	7	5	617
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	715	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	617
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany.....	20	.....	88	.....	.....	68	7	.....	1	.....	59	.....	.....	52
Durand.....	23	.....	38	.....	.....	15	13	.....	2	.....	32	.....	.....	19
Durand, city: 1st ward.....	65 } 128	5 } 8	47 } 149	.....	.....	21	69 } 116	.....	3 } 7	50 } 140	.....	.....	.....	24
2d ward.....	63 }	3 }	102 }	.....	.....	.....	47 }	.....	4 }	90 }	.....	.....	.....	64
Frankfort.....	22	3	151	.....	.....	129	.....	37	6	101	.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Includes vote of Little Chute in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1838.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem.of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PEPIN Co.—Con.															
Lima.....	97	.....	32	.....	.....	65	.....	80	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	50	.....
Pepin.....	68	10	264	.....	.....	196	.....	48	.....	8	233	.....	.....	.....	185
Stockholm.....	12	.....	181	.....	.....	119	.....	17	.....	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	76
Waterville.....	110	11	202	.....	.....	92	.....	100	4	5	160	.....	1	.....	60
Waubeek.....	13	2	22	.....	.....	9	.....	15	1	1	17	.....	.....	.....	2
Total.....	493	34	1,077	.....	.....	65	649	433	6	29	865	.....	1	50	482
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	584	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	432
PIERCE Co.—10th dist.															
Clifton.....	18	6	83	.....	.....	65	.....	11	.....	6	35	.....	.....	.....	24
Diamond Bluff.....	20	1	75	.....	.....	55	.....	24	3	1	54	.....	.....	.....	30
Ellsworth.....	58	2	191	1	.....	133	.....	42	9	4	94	.....	.....	.....	52
Ellsworth, village.....	71	7	165	.....	.....	94	.....	60	3	5	128	.....	.....	.....	68
Elpaso.....	62	4	120	.....	.....	58	.....	28	4	1	53	.....	.....	.....	25
Gilman.....	17	11	210	.....	.....	193	.....	22	3	5	87	.....	.....	.....	65
Hartland.....	50	12	187	.....	.....	137	.....	29	6	8	103	.....	.....	.....	74
Isabella.....	19	.....	64	.....	.....	45	.....	7	6	3	25	.....	.....	.....	18
Maiden Rock.....	24	7	215	.....	.....	191	.....	9	5	3	101	.....	.....	.....	92
Maiden Rock, village.....	12	4	51	.....	.....	39	.....	11	1	2	41	.....	.....	.....	30
Martell.....	13	8	253	.....	.....	240	.....	30	1	3	142	.....	1	.....	112
Oak Grove.....	49	1	79	1	.....	30	.....	17	4	3	28	.....	.....	.....	11
Prescott, city: 1st ward.	32	13	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	1	6	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.	41	4	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	1	1	14	.....	.....	8	.....
3d ward.	25	5	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	4	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
River Falls.....	76	16	158	.....	.....	82	.....	15	3	6	64	.....	.....	.....	49
River Falls, city, 2d ward	63	22	290	.....	.....	222	.....	61	2	12	155	.....	1	.....	94
Rock Elm.....	75	24	179	1	.....	104	.....	33	2	16	109	.....	.....	.....	76
Salem.....	36	20	147	.....	.....	111	.....	19	3	8	73	.....	.....	.....	54
Spring Lake.....	35	17	168	1	.....	133	.....	30	7	5	47	.....	2	.....	17
Spring Valley, village.....	37	9	172	.....	.....	135	.....	22	2	3	75	.....	.....	.....	53

Trenton.....	51	3	144			90	18	7	2	88	1			70
Trimbelle.....	72	9	232			160	24	6	10	123				99
Union.....	70	27	164			94	62	14	5	107				45
Total.....	1,031	232	3,439	4	6	2,411	621	93	122	1,771	1	4	8	1,158
Democratic plurality.....						6								8
Net Republican plurality.....						2,405								1,150
POLK CO.—10th dist.														
Alden, 1st precinct.....	36 } 43	6 } 6	178 } 244	1 } 1		195	34 } 39	5 } 9	1 } 1	93 } 165	1 } 1			126
2d precinct.....	12 }		103 }				5 }	4 }		72 }				98
Amery, village.....	31	3	157			126	15	4	2	113				49
Apple River.....	20		71	3		51	5	2	2	53	3			70
Balsam Lake.....	27	2	117	5		90	22	3	2	92	5	1		2
Beaver.....	26	1	60			31	22	1	1	24				64
Black Brook.....	15	4	134		2	119	21	6	5	85				2
Bone Lake.....	12	1	24			12	12	6	1	14				2
Clam Falls.....	9	2	49			40	3	1		38				35
Clayton.....	36	2	115			79	15	6	2	65				50
Clear Lake.....	19	2	105			85	7	4	2	47				40
Clear Lake, village.....	17	1	74		1	57	13	2	4	68				55
Eureka.....	13	9	195		J	183	8	1	6	122	1	1		114
Farmington.....	95	1	102			7	37	8	5	81		1		44
Garfield.....	19	5	137	1	1	118	14	16	2	73	1			59
Georgetown.....	6		18			12	3	1	1	13		3		10
Johnstown.....	12		27			15	2	3		13				11
Laketown.....	24	6	134			110	5	6	7	66		1		61
Lincoln.....	39	7	127			88	16	3	6	77				61
Lorraine.....	12	1	38			24	9	1	1	23				14
Luck.....	25		78	1		51	22			52		1		30
McKinley.....	2		35			33	1	1		17				16
Milltown ¹	38		111	1		73	22	1	1	103		3		81
Osceola.....	29	3	166			137	13	15	3	113		1		100
Osceola, village.....	23	8	84	1		61	28	3	6	83				55
St. Croix Falls.....	24		83			64	10	8	3	58				43
St. Croix Falls, village.....	17	2	122			105	20	1	2	88	1			68
Sterling.....	8	4	135			127	1	11	1	55				54
West Sweden.....	13	1	33		5	23		13		26		10		26
Total.....	659	71	2,780	13	10	2,121	384	135	66	1,822	12	22		1,438
Democratic plurality.....														
Net Republican plurality.....						2,121								1,438

¹ One blank vote in Milltown not in totals.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- lev, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE Co.—Stb dist.															
Alban	CS	.....	140	.....	.....	.....	72	37	.....	3	99	.....	.....	.....	63
Almond	38	6	217	.....	.....	.....	179	31	1	4	158	.....	.....	.....	127
Amherst	75	5	271	.....	.....	.....	196	2 120	3	6	246	1	.....	.....	123
Amherst, village	23	1	133	.....	.....	.....	108	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belmont	46	1	129	.....	.....	.....	83	43	1	2	83	1	.....	.....	46
Buena Vista	81	4	183	.....	1	.....	82	79	.....	3	126	.....	.....	.....	47
Carson	160	.....	73	.....	.....	87	.....	55	3	3	52	.....	33	.....	.....
Dewey 1	96	5	23	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eau Pleine	48	2	170	.....	.....	.....	72	43	.....	3	57	.....	.....	.....	14
Grant	38	.....	63	.....	.....	.....	25	25	.....	2	72	.....	1	.....	47
Hull	211	3	36	.....	1	175	.....	131	.....	.....	21	.....	3	110	.....
Lanark	45	4	133	.....	.....	.....	88	51	.....	8	82	.....	.....	.....	31
Lanwood	35	4	69	.....	.....	.....	34	22	13	4	36	.....	.....	.....	14
New Hope	42	3	213	.....	.....	.....	171	73	.....	.....	130	.....	.....	.....	57
Pine Grove	15	3	148	.....	.....	.....	123	13	.....	2	95	.....	.....	.....	82
Plover	100	6	254	.....	.....	.....	154	88	1	9	196	.....	1	.....	108
Sharon	331	3	26	.....	.....	335	.....	197	1	.....	13	.....	.....	184	.....
Stevens Point	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	.....	1	31	.....	.....	51	.....
Stevens Point, city:															
1st ward	109	2	213	1	.....	.....	117	1	9	157	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	147	12	226	2	.....	.....	138	3	7	163	1	1	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	117	7	189	.....	.....	.....	135	.....	6	126	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	324	863	994	6	.....	.....	290	842	2	45	672	5	5	170	.....
5th ward	117	4	162	.....	.....	.....	114	4	10	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	48	7	108	3	.....	.....	114	1	11	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stockton	290	3	76	.....	.....	.....	223	175	1	1	44	.....	.....	131	.....
Total	2,645	85	3,271	6	2	893	1,519	2,137	35	96	2,219	7	10	679	761
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	893	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	679
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	626	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82

¹ Town of Dewey created from Eau Pleine and Hull in 1899. ² Includes vote of Amherst village.

PRICE Co.—9th dist.

Brannan	17	1	101			84	27	1	5	57		3	28
Emery	13		33			25	12		4	22	4		10
Fifield	38	6	64			26	44		3	53			9
Georgetown	7	1	35	1		17	9		4	41	1		32
Hackett	18	1	46			39	11		2	23		1	15
Hill	13		50			37	11	1	1	22		2	11
Keenan	36	2	117			81	23		2	35			12
Knov	9	1	105			93	9	2	3	31		3	22
Lake	81	2	225	1		144	90	2	3	66	1	3	21
Ogema	14	5	239		1	225	24		4	205		1	132
Phillips, city: 1st ward	33	10	125	1	1		37		33	59	1	3	
2d ward	40	5	112	2	9	191	36	116	3	67	173	4	12
3d ward	55	4	82	6			43	275	3	47	3	9	57
Prentice	26	3	83	1		62		2	11	117			42
Prentice, village	52	3	170			118							
Worcester	81	5	136	1		55	64	1	8	104	2	8	40
Total	533	49	1,733	13	2	1,200	515	13	98	951	12	33	24
Democratic plurality													460
Net Republican plurality						1,200							24
													436

RACINE Co.—1st dist.

Burlington	159	7	67			92	122	6	6	55			67
Burlington, village							1304	21	13	151			153
Burlington, city: 1													
1st ward	73	5	46										
2d ward	67	5	92										
3d ward	100	4	40	239		88							
4th ward	87	1	61										
Caledonia	284	9	223	12	2	61	185	6	3	121			64
Dover	95	9	113				18	105	5	6	93		7
Mt. Pleasant	139	17	331	2			204	98	29	10	152		54
Norway	37	4	163				131	50	2	2	114		64
Racine, city:													
1st ward	189	2	219	3	1		141	27	2	161	1	1	
2d ward	161	17	436	2			109	16	17	337			
3d ward, north precinct	133	5	327	4			142	24	6	237	1		
3d ward, south precinct	222	7	205	1			129	43	6	151		1	
4th ward, east precinct	205	3	145	3			144	43	2	123	1		
4th ward, west precinct	266	6	179	11			209	63	4	122			
5th ward, east precinct	204	5	312	13	109	5	1,011	125	1,704	156	822	95	310
5th ward, north precinct	182	5	311	12				101	107	17	9	237	2,544
5th ward, south precinct	91	19	325	2						357	5	5	19

1 Burlington City, Racine county, with four wards, was Burlington village in 1898; east precinct, 4th ward, and center precinct, 5th ward, Racine, created since 1898. 2 Includes vote of Prentice village in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1890.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
RACINE CO.—Con.															
Racine, city:															
6th ward, center prec.	173	7	281	5	.		180	110	19	285	3	6			
north prec.	189	16	283	21	1		169	94	8	233	1	1			
south prec.	243	10	304	7	2		156	89	3	159	2	2			
7th ward, east prec.	239	6	232	12	1		99	43	2	72	2	1			
west prec.	181	6	129	13											
Raymond	55	8	231	2		206	52	3	13	167				115	
Rochester	48	3	133			75	52	1	3	129				77	
Union Grove, village	13	15	111			98	13	7	17	70				57	
Waterford	136	20	229			93	137	3	14	153				16	
Yorkville	27	13	161			134	28	20	10	92				64	
Total	4,019	234	5,748	125	7	241	1,970	2,830	926	197	3,816	16	19	291	1,287
Democratic plurality							241								291
Net Republican plurality							1,729								993
RICHLAND CO.—3d dist.															
Akan	87	2	140	1		53	93	2	2	118				25	
Bloom	81	13	173	5		42	73	5	9	151		1		81	
Buena Vista	85	17	138			53	88	7	9	115				27	
Dayton	85	8	128			43	80	9	9	104		1		24	
Eagle	79	5	135			56	73	1	4	93				20	
Forest	40	4	123			83	57	2	6	97				40	
Henrietta	97	14	101	4		4	59	29	8	54		4			
Ithaca	92	14	92			12	93	1	16	65			5		
Lone Rock, village	58	1	70			12	23	4	3	50				21	
Marshall	27	10	172			115	40		9	116				76	
Orion	59	4	117			58	60	7	2	94				34	
Richland	65	11	114			49	60	3	12	72				12	
Richland Center:															
1st ward	53	16	121				67	5	11	63					
2d ward	69	9	125			204	81	5	18	81		1			18
3d ward	44	43	121				61	13	10	81					

Richwood.....	118	7	185			67	75	6	6	140	1		65
Rockbridge.....	80	20	120			40	82	11	13	60			8
Sylvan.....	75	33	193			28	70	11	15	65			5
Viola, village.....	13	1	52			34	15	1	2	42			27
Westford.....	142	5	96		46	94	138	3	6	32			106
Willow.....	51	21	145			94	33	6	11	121			83
Total.....	1,503	233	2,574	10	46	1,115	1,430	121	178	1,852	1	7	144
Democratic plurality.....						46							144
Net Republican plurality.....						1,069							422
Rock Co.--1st dist.													
Avon.....	45	2	120			75	31	10	2	82			51
Beloit.....	23		114			86	22			82			60
Beloit, city, 1st ward.....	106	10	279			63	2	4	212				
2d ward.....	117	24	462			62	3	10	254				
3d ward.....	89	9	351	1	2	45	7	9	220	1	1	4	80
4th ward.....	102	20	479			72	9	21	293				
5th ward.....	84	16	373	1	2	41	11	4	164			4	
Bradford.....	48	2	108			60	36	4	1	71			35
Center.....	39	3	177			133	40	1	1	123	1		83
Clinton.....	57	11	191			134	30		8	90			60
Clinton, village.....	52	19	173		1	121	49		14	117			68
Edgerton, city.....	120	17	383			263	186	2	18	140	1		46
Evansville, city.....	75	37	420			345	73	4	43	313	2		240
Fulton.....	81	9	204			123	79	1	5	132			53
Harmony.....	75	11	151			76	69		5	65			4
Janesville.....	67	4	114			47	73		1	94			21
Janesville, city:													
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	79	7	135			59	1	5	91				
2d precinct.....	81	10	271		5	8	5	7	236				
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	65	2	116		1	69	3	3	82				
2d precinct.....	104	7	198		1	120	3	2	146				
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	8	11	277	1	20	81	3	5	250	1	2	7	359
2d precinct.....	10	7	247		2	90	3	8	171			1	
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	181	11	162		5	175	5	5	112			1	
2d precinct.....	223	11	199		3	177	2	5	161			2	
5th ward.....	229	6	167		3	179	3	2	123		1	3	
Johnstown.....	80	13	113			33	61		16	64			3
La Prairie.....	29	6	112			83	76	1	2	105			29
Lima.....	44	4	176			132	30	1	9	107			77
Magnolia.....	81	7	147			65	66	3	7	119			53
Milton, 1st precinct.....	79	25	212			60	2	15	140	1	1		228
2d precinct.....	45	26	244			30	2	24	178				86
Newark.....	24	1	183			159	17	4	2	103			
Orfordville, village.....	10	5	101			91							

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK Co.—Con.															
Plymouth.....	85	7	225	.....	.....	.....	140	61	5	2	162	.....	.....	.....	101
Porter.....	95	7	168	1	.....	.....	73	96	2	3	133	.....	.....	.....	37
Rock.....	76	5	138	.....	.....	.....	62	91	2	3	90	2	.....	1	.....
Spring Valley.....	23	3	218	1	.....	.....	195	140	3	11	200	1	.....	.....	160
Turtle.....	56	2	166	.....	.....	.....	110	36	1	1	105	.....	.....	.....	69
Union.....	41	9	181	.....	.....	.....	140	23	.....	7	92	.....	.....	.....	69
Total.....	3,073	389	8,253	25	6	.....	5,180	2,676	101	293	5,427	11	11	51	2,802
Democratic plurality.....															51
Net Republican plurality.....							5,180								2,751
ST. CROIX Co.—10th dist.															
Baldwin.....	61	7	221	1	1	.....	160	67	6	20	143	.....	.....	.....	76
Baldwin, village.....	39	9	104	.....	.....	.....	65	55	.....	14	62	.....	.....	.....	7
Cady.....	42	9	163	.....	.....	.....	121	18	8	6	81	2	.....	.....	63
Cylon.....	64	8	133	.....	.....	.....	65	42	.....	6	79	.....	.....	.....	37
Eau Galle.....	49	4	179	.....	.....	.....	130	49	3	7	109	.....	.....	.....	39
Emerald.....	93	10	57	.....	.....	6	.....	57	.....	5	42	.....	.....	45	.....
Erin Prairie.....	194	2	14	.....	.....	180	.....	159	12	2	18	.....	141	.....	.....
Forest.....	36	4	39	.....	.....	.....	3	9	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	7
Glenwood.....	59	4	53	1	5	6	.....	24	4	1	31	.....	.....	.....	7
Glenwood, city:															
1st ward.....	28	8	43	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	6	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	34	2	37	.....	.....	.....	32	87	1	6	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	25	23	56	.....	.....	.....	20	1	4	2	41	.....	.....	.....	33
4th ward.....	13	5	67	.....	.....	.....	9	2	.....	4	42	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hammond.....	78	10	111	1	.....	.....	33	84	.....	11	79	1	.....	5	.....
Hammond, village.....	36	17	55	.....	.....	.....	19	33	2	18	53	.....	.....	.....	20
Hudson.....	64	5	89	8	1	.....	25	40	2	2	70	.....	1	.....	30
Hudson, city: 1st ward..	48	1	77	2	1	.....	38	38	2	.....	47	.....	1	.....	.....
2d ward.....	105	7-18	178	5-26	3-5	.....	198	58	173	7-14	153	2	1	.....	157
3d ward.....	96	10	192	19	1	.....	77	77	5-7	4	130	1	1	.....	.....

¹ Includes Orfordville village vote in 1900.

Kinnickinnic	53	8	88			35	17	9	2	27						10
New Richmond, city:																
1st ward	35	7	62				26	2	5	76						115
2d ward	72	8	67			108	49	2	9	76						14
3d ward	6	3	22				6	1	2	41						8
Pleasant Valley	30	6	89	1		59	33	1	2	47						27
Richmond	88	6	56		32	92	61	4	8	34	1					27
River Falls, city, 1st w'd	6	2	35			29	3			11						8
Rush River	23	6	134			111	89		1	72						33
Somerset	111	3	133			22	44	2	2	105						61
Springfield	99	2	165			66	46	16	3	46						25
St. Joseph	81	2	96			16	46		2	46						25
Stanton	122	1	54		63	96	73	8	2	45				23		104
Star Prairie	35	3	131			57	111	13	7	115	1					104
Star Prairie, village	8	1	65			6				51						25
Troy	51	1	111			67	16	2	1	60				5		25
Warren	97	5	104			7	65	2	5							5
Total	2,080	194	3,350	38	12	292	1,592	1,481	119	168	2,111	5	7	251	881	251
Democratic plurality							292									
Net Republican plurality							1,300									630
SAUK Co.—3d dist.																
Ableman, village	34	4	56			22	33	2	1	18					15	85
Baraboo	63	13	218	1	1	155	33		13	118						85
Baraboo, city: 1st ward	82	13	349	1	2		95		16	253						275
2d ward	129	14	373	1		586	136	2	9	614			2	3		275
3d ward	117	4	190				108		5	107						
Bear Creek	124	1	79		1	45	95	1		55					40	16
Dellona	76	2	65			11	52	2	3	36						
Delton	36	10	157	2		121	23	3	10	101	1					73
Excelsior	54	14	121	1		67	34		10	44						10
Fairfield	90	29	111			81	20		18	53						33
Franklin	152	2	57		95		173	1	2	34	1			139		
Freedom	33	1	121			88	21	2	2	58						37
Greenfield	39	9	120			81	28		3	60						32
Honey Creek	69	1	109		1	40	34	1	1	70						36
Ironton	85	19	175			90	66		18	109						43
La Valle	100	4	121			21	88	1	3	80				8		
La Valle, village	18	6	65			47	25		4	51						26
Merrimack	47	1	63			16	47	2	10	70						23
Merrimack, village	22	8	54		1	32										
North Freedom, village	16	13	80			64	11		12	44	1					33
Prairie du Sac	42	1	49		1	7	33			27				6		

¹Includes vote of Star Prairie village in 1900.

²Includes vote of Merrimack village in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK Co.—Con.															
Prairie du Sac, village..	52	3	120				63	36	3	3	83		f		47
Rædsburg.....	76	6	122				46	52	1	10	52				
Reedsburg, city:															
1st ward.....	93 } 211	7 } 27	174 } 314	.. } ..	.. } ..		133	84 } 160	.. } 2	11 } 27	86 } 180	.. } ..	.. } ..		20
21 ward.....	118 }	20 }	170 }	.. }	.. }			76 }	2 }	16 }	94 }	.. }	.. }		
Sauk City, village.	112	2	84	2		23		77		4	63	1		14	
Spring Green.....	74	2	86				12	55	4	2	63				8
Spring Green, village....	63	3	105				37	57		3	92	1			35
Sumpter.....	26	12	121				95	15	1	10	67				52
Troy.....	29	2	190				161	36	1	9	153				117
Washington.....	78	4	136				53	57	2	3	61				4
Westfield.....	157	2	95			62		136		2	45		3	91	
Winfield.....	111	11	98			13		79	1	6	52			27	
Woodland.....	116	23	121	1			5	84		11	118				34
Total.....	2,478	269	4,357	9	4	254	2,133	1,999	32	230	2,671	5	7	356	1,028
Democratic plurality							254								356
Net Republican plurality.							1,879								672
SAWYER Co.—10th dist.															
Hayward, 1st prec.	126 }	13 }	372 }	1 }	.. }		283 }	7 }	29 }	321 }	1 }	1 }			
2d prec.	53 }	1 }	131 }	.. }	.. }		35 }	3 }	1 }	139 }	3 }	.. }			
3d prec.	30 }	22 }	30 }	1 }	2 }		26 }	11 }	1 }	20 }	1 }	5 }	2 }		192
4th prec.	35 }	2 }	77 }	.. }	.. }		11 }	1 }	.. }	67 }	1 }	1 }			
5th prec.	49 }	5 }	85 }	.. }	.. }		.. }	.. }	.. }	.. }	.. }	.. }			
Total.....	296	22	695	2		399	355	11	31	547	5	2			192
Democratic plurality															
Net Republican plurality.							399								192

SHAWANG CO.—9th dist.																	
Almon	33	1	106			73	41		3	55					14		
Angelica	42	1	115			73	26		1	58					32		
Aniwa	54		87		17		2	38		45					7		
Aniwa, village ¹	16	6	64		1	48											
Belle Plaine	93	3	99			6	93	2	2	82				11			
Birnamwood	30	9	98			68	32	1	1	44					12		
Birnamwood, village	31	3	90			59	25	1	4	54					29		
Fairbanks	54		93			39	76	6	1	29				50			
Germania	4	1	49			45	12		1	26					14		
Grant	69	5	135			96	55	3		76					21		
Green Valley	25	4	160			135	37		3	78					41		
Hartland	66	1	146		1	80	70		2	80					13		
Herman	85	1	177		1	92	79		1	118					39		
Hutchins	39	1	289		2	250	32	3		141					109		
Lessor	48	2	150			102	51	8	3	69		1			15		
Maple Grove	103	2	144			41	77	8	1	60				17			
Morris	6		136			139	19		1	97					78		
Navarino	22	1	58			36	22	11	2	27					5		
Pella	101	3	63		33		89	6	1	33				53			
Richmond	73	6	130			57	68			109		3			41		
Saneca	36		63			27	23		1	38					15		
Shawano, city:																	
1st ward	94	2	78	1			73	1	2	54		3					
2d ward	51	2	54	1			50	1	1	50	152	4		11			
3d ward	48	2	64				40		1	48		1					
Tigerton, village	35	2	110			75	52		1	32					20		
Washington	123	5	133			10	109	5	2	82					27		
Waukechon	82	2	109			18	92			69					32		
Wittenburg	20	3	157			137	35		1	94					61		
Wittenburg, village	35	1	123			91	31	4		121		2			90		
Total	1,518	69	3,224	3	2	55	1,761	1,451	62	36	1,863	3	11	221	633	221	
Democratic plurality							55										412
Net Republican plurality							1,706										
SHEBOYGAN CO.—5th dist																	
Cedar Grove, village	6		81	1		75											
Elkhart Lake	53		39	1		14	37	23		21				16			
Greenbush	119	9	230	3		111	64	7	5	164		2			100		
Herman	217	4	183	1		34	212	4		149				63			
Holland, 1st precinct	94	1	311	3			42	9	2	289		3			393		
Holland, 2d precinct	4	3	207	3			4	13	3	155		3			125		
Lima	124	5	313	1		189	83	9		208							

¹ In town of Aniwa in 1898.

² Includes vote of Aniwa village in 1900.

³ Includes vote of Cedar Grove village in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHEBOYGAN CO.—Con.															
Lyndon.....	95	8	325	5	.....	.....	230	66	4	8	304	1	1	.....	238
Mitchell.....	161	3	134	.....	.....	27	.....	137	5	.....	77	.....	60	.....	26
Mosel.....	52	4	111	1	.....	.....	59	45	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	.....	76
Plymouth.....	91	.....	208	.....	.....	.....	117	78	2	2	154	.....	1	.....	.....
Plymouth city, 1st ward.	128	3	191	12	19	.....	108	131	2	2	130	2	3	.....	20
2d ward.	73	5	116	7	.....	.....	.....	71	6	2	92	1	.....	.....	.....
Rhine.....	136	4	108	.....	.....	28	.....	118	9	2	62	.....	56	.....	.....
Russell.....	62	3	31	.....	.....	31	.....	31	11	.....	27	.....	4	.....	.....
Scott.....	85	6	233	.....	.....	.....	148	68	5	3	167	.....	.....	.....	99
Sheboygan.....	171	3	164	34	2	7	.....	107	1	.....	64	7	2	43	.....
Sheboygan, city:															
1st ward.....	221	5	387	62	3	.....	.....	195	5	4	237	19	6	.....	.....
2d ward.....	199	6	281	20	6	.....	.....	175	3	6	247	12	2	.....	.....
3d ward.....	103	4	251	41	.....	.....	.....	108	3	.....	124	8	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	218	4	380	97	7	.....	.....	152	8	2	270	40	12	.....	.....
5th ward.....	160	6	275	139	764	19	45	.....	69	5	29	155	1,580	71	272
6th ward.....	139	2	171	93	4	.....	526	104	11	5	129	20	11	30	77
7th ward.....	232	8	149	144	1	.....	.....	99	12	4	116	39	5	.....	.....
8th ward, 1st precinct.	209	7	222	58	4	.....	.....	180	7	1	144	30	7	.....	.....
2d precinct.	268	5	149	110	1	.....	.....	181	5	2	108	33	4	.....	.....
Sheboygan Falls.....	194	4	145	6	.....	49	.....	121	6	2	107	2	1	14	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village	243	2	129	4	.....	114	.....	174	31	3	90	2	.....	84	.....
Sherman.....	217	4	199	.....	.....	18	.....	169	4	1	142	.....	6	27	.....
Wilson.....	74	3	135	.....	.....	.....	61	47	1	3	84	1	1	.....	37
Total.....	4,146	117	5,868	843	47	322	2,014	3,203	210	66	4,137	293	89	367	1,301
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	322	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	367
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,722	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	934
TAYLOR Co.—9th dist.															
Aurora.....	5	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	21	2	1	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	11
Browning.....	51	.....	48	2	.....	3	.....	52	2	.....	23	.....	3	24	.....

Chelsea	88	3	82		6	57		2	48		39						
Cleveland	15		25		10	7			28			21					
Deer Creek	102		72	4	39	84	2	1	34	1	50						
Greenwood	51		40		14	45		1	12		33						
Grover	21	1	59		35	27			47			20					
Hammel	36	1	30		6	29	6	1	10		19						
Holway	20		55		35	15			38		1	23					
Little Black	141	1	140	3	1	125	1	4	91	3	34						
Medford	188	2	102	1	83	150	9	3	57	1	93						
Medford city, 1st ward	58	2	102	2		59	1	8	89	1							
2d ward	43	1	65	2		40	5	1	31								
3d ward	41	2	83			42	2	8	64								
Molitor	21		8		13	23		1	17		11						
Rib Lake	104	7	214		110	92		3	162	1	2	70					
Westboro	72	3	191	1	1	119		1	97		1	60					
Total	1,066	23	1,372	13	1	159	465	921	34	20	869	7	7	303	251		
Democratic plurality							159							251			
Net Republican plurality							305										
Net Democratic plu. 1898														52			
TREMPEALEAU Co.-7th dist																	
Albion	31	9	199			168	26	1	8	108		2		80			
Arcadia, 1st precinct	140	274	6	19	146	235	83	156	2	4	12	20	98	152	1	1	4
2d precinct	131	13	83				75	124	4	4	51		51	105	1		18
Arcadia, village	147	5	125			22		8		5				80			72
Blair	10	3	99			89		39		1				24			15
Burnside	89	3	58		1	22		6		2				24			18
Caledonia	15	1	58			43		6						56			25
Chimney Rock	18	2	15			20		25		1				10			10
Dodge	52					32		20		1				10			
Etrick	59	12	386					77	4	9				227			150
Gale	68	4	212					41	2	3				143	1		102
Gatesville, village	40	5	162		1			26	1	7				112	1		86
Hale	89	8	226					44	5	6				118		1	74
Independence, village	53	4						41		3				44	2		3
Lincoln	36	9	70					21		10				53	1		32
Ossau, village	15	3	81					11		4				56			45
Pigeon	26	11	190					164	28	4				120			52
Preston	21	12	314					293	25	5				175	2		150
Sumner	22	4	134					112	21	2				70			49
Trempealeau	42	17	144					102	131					139			105
Trempealeau, village	32	7	85					53									

¹Includes vote of Trempealeau village in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bonrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank H. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Feo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem.of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TREMPEALEAU Co.—Con.															
Unity	27	12	171	.....	.....	.....	144	28	1	10	97	.....	1	.....	69
Whitehall, village.....	29	12	130	.....	.....	.....	101	26	.....	12	88	.....	.....	.....	62
Total.....	1,181	162	3,369	1	1	115	2,303	827	32	135	1,994	10	4	47	1,214
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47
Net Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,188	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,167
VERNON Co.—3d dist.															
Bergen	59	3	166	.....	.....	.....	107	35	2	5	78	1	1	.....	43
Christiana	13	7	278	.....	.....	.....	255	49	.....	8	146	2	2	.....	97
Clinton	38	5	201	.....	.....	.....	163	20	.....	2	116	1	.....	.....	96
Coon	12	2	281	.....	.....	.....	269	27	3	2	151	1	.....	.....	124
De Soto, village	7	3	60	.....	.....	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forest	55	13	175	.....	.....	.....	120	13	.....	15	94	.....	1	.....	81
Franklin	39	4	223	.....	.....	.....	181	94	4	5	110	.....	.....	.....	16
Genoa	92	.....	102	.....	.....	.....	10	62	3	4	62	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood	85	.....	94	.....	.....	.....	9	35	3	3	55	.....	.....	.....	20
Hamburg	41	8	169	1	.....	.....	123	33	.....	2	85	.....	.....	.....	55
Harmony	36	5	165	.....	.....	.....	129	34	2	4	78	.....	.....	.....	44
Hillsboro	64	4	123	2	.....	.....	61	27	2	2	66	1	.....	.....	39
Hillsboro, village.....	43	1	116	12	.....	.....	73	50	1	3	55	.....	.....	.....	5
Jefferson	33	6	230	.....	.....	.....	212	48	7	7	94	1	.....	.....	46
Kewapoo	35	4	142	.....	.....	.....	107	31	6	2	90	.....	.....	.....	59
La Farge	39	9	89	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Liberty	26	1	66	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onario, village.....	33	4	47	.....	.....	.....	14	15	3	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	13
Redstown, village.....	25	4	86	.....	.....	.....	61	22	2	3	46	.....	1	.....	31
Sack	43	6	142	.....	.....	.....	49	44	2	2	42	.....	.....	.....	20
Searing	47	5	197	.....	.....	.....	150	57	2	5	132	.....	.....	.....	83
Union	56	4	76	.....	.....	.....	20	21	.....	1	108	.....	.....	.....	51
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	38

Includes vote of La Farge in 1900.

Viola, village.....	5	1	48			43	8	1	27		1		19
Viroqua.....	51	6	308		1	257	109	5	128				19
Viroqua, city, 1st ward.....	34 } 85	4 } 15	129 } 398			313	38 } 119	2 } 3	2 } 14	68 } 213			94
2d ward.....	12 }	4 }	128 }				37 }	7 }	7 }	71 }			
3d ward.....	39 }	7 }	140 }				44 }	1 }	5 }	74 }			
Webster.....	51	3	172			121	27	5	6	110			83
Westby, village.....	16	10	102			85	41	1	8	55			14
Wheatland.....	23	3	106		1	83	35	4	13	122			87
Whitestown.....	46	7	130			84	27	13	3	73			46
Total.....	1,203	143	4,514	15	2	3,311	1,111	76	122	2,440	7	6	1,329
Democratic plurality.....													
Net Republican plurality.....						3,311							1,329
VILAS CO.—9th dist.													
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct.....	46 } 71	17 } 19	303 } 424	1 } 1	1 } 1	353	85 } 113	9 } 10	2 } 3	177 } 242	4 } 4	2 } 2	129
2d precinct.....	25 }	2 }	121 }	.. }	.. }		25 }	1 }	1 }	65 }	.. }	.. }	
Eagle River, 1st precinct.....	100 } 191	3 } 9	202 } 368	.. }	2 }	177	162 } 172	.. }	4 }	94 } 118	.. }	.. }	54
2d precinct.....	25 }	4 }	51 }	.. }	.. }		10 }	.. }	.. }	24 }	.. }	.. }	
3d precinct.....	66 }	2 }	115 }	.. }	.. }								
Minocqua, 1st precinct.....	172 } 240	6 } 8	245 } 402	8 } 8	.. }	162	157 } 302	3 } 4	4 } 6	149 } 335	3 } 5	1 } 3	33
2d precinct.....	68 }	2 }	157 }	.. }	.. }		145 }	1 }	2 }	186 }	2 }	2 }	
Total.....	502	33	1,194	11	1	692	587	14	13	695	9	5	162
Democratic plurality.....													54
Net Republican plurality.....						692							108
WALWORTH CO.—1st dist.													
Bloomfield.....	77	3	243			166	43	1	2	134	2		91
Darlea.....	98	7	225			139	85	2	11	111			66
Delavan.....	60	7	183			123	27	2	6	99			72
Delavan, city: 1st ward.....	42 } 145	6 } 14	96 } 378			233	35 } 114	7 } 13	87 } 311	1 } 2			197
2d ward.....	62 }	7 }	132 }				49 }	4 }	99 }	1 }			
3d ward.....	41 }	1 }	130 }				30 }	2 }	125 }	1 }			
East Troy.....	59	2	158			99	172	3	10	177			105
East Troy, village.....	54	7	100			46							
Elkhorn, city: 1st ward.....	40 } 123	11 } 27	94 } 291			163	23 } 105	6 } 10	10 } 29	94 } 269			164
2d ward.....	35 }	8 }	195 }				42 }	2 }	7 }	101 }			
3d ward.....	50 }	5 }	89 }					2 }	12 }	74 }			
Geneva.....	65	17	179			114	41	3	16	98			57
Lafayette.....	79	5	161			82	58	3	3	95			37
La Grange.....	22	6	193			111	25	2	8	100	1	1	75

1 Includes vote of East Troy village.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, S. c. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WALWORTH Co—Con.															
Lake Geneva, city:															
1st ward	59 } 63 } 61 }	174 } 13 } 10 }	31 } 157 } 178 }	444 } 104 } 178 }	1 } 1 } .. }	1 } .. }	270	26 } 46 } 24 }	96 } .. } 2 }	21 } 10 } 19 }	50 } 97 } 114 }	300 } 89 } 114 }	1 } 1 } 1 }	204	
Lynn	61	12	162	..	..	..	101	33	1	13	108	..	..	75
Lyons	118	8	201	..	..	..	83	83	3	11	139	1	1	56
Richmond	53	6	145	..	..	..	82	37	..	3	67	..	..	30
Sharon	36	8	169	..	..	..	134	19	1	7	103	1	..	81
Sharon, village	35	36	195	..	..	..	139	31	3	17	115	..	..	84
Spring Prairie	42	9	217	1	..	..	175	23	..	6	140	1	..	117
Sugar Creek	47	27	160	..	..	..	113	24	2	22	79	..	..	52
Troy	79	12	153	..	..	..	74	63	1	8	105	..	..	42
Walworth	49	18	356	..	..	..	307	33	..	18	194	..	..	158
Whitewater	49	5	163	..	..	..	114	48	1	6	109	1	..	61
Whitewater, city:															
1st ward	71	12	174	1	..	..	68	3	9	125	..	..	..	..
2d ward	73 } 81 }	225 } 10 }	32 } 174 } 185 }	605 } 245 } 185 }	3 } 4 }	4 } .. }	383	10 } 250 }	3 } 3 }	9 } 10 }	21 } 21 }	465 } 202 } 138 }	215
3d ward	81	10	10	..	..	..	..	82	3	5	..	..	..	..
Total	1,755	239	5,074	6	..	..	3,319	1,313	46	233	3,352	9	3	2,039
Democratic plurality	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Net Republican plurality	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,319	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,039
WASHBURN Co.—10th dist.															
Bashaw	27	3	111	..	..	..	81	10	4	3	93	..	1	83
Long Lake 1	17	1	30	..	..	..	13	15	2	1	16	..	..	1
Minong	15	1	65	..	..	..	51	7	..	1	47	..	1	40
Shell Lake	60	18	314	1	..	..	254	101	7	13	272	..	..	171
Spoooner, 1st precinct	70 } 14 }	84 } 1 }	150 } 76 }	223 } 223 }	.. } .. }	.. } .. }	142	42 } 16 }	58 } 7 }	10 } 3 }	3 } 3 }	76 } 42 }	118 } 1 }	1 } 1 }	60

1 One blank vote in Long Lake and one in Spooner not in totals.

Veazie	44	3	67			23	53			52		1	
Total.....	247	27	814	1		567	244	23	21	598	1	3	1
Democratic plurality.....													355
Net Republican plurality.....						567							1
<hr/>													
WASHINGTON Co.—5th dist													
Addison.....	247	3	104			143	262	4	4	81			181
Barton.....	131	1	116				135	4	2	90	1		45
Erin.....	183	5	100			83	183	3	1	106			77
Farmington.....	155		156			1	137		2	111			26
Germantown.....	164		244			89	164			150		1	14
Hartford.....	159	5	159				179	2	2	127	1	1	52
Hartford, city:													
1st ward.....	91	1	131	1	3		80	107	27	96		1	
2d ward.....	83	4	123	2			120	4	4	98		1	33
Jackson.....	115	3	265	1	1		150	114		223			109
Kewaskum.....	88	2	117			2	82	2	2	107			25
Kewaskum, village.....	65	4	95				80	1	1	68			12
Polk.....	119		218			99	97		3	205			108
Richfield.....	204	6	148			56	234		1	122			112
Schlesingerville, village.....	44	2	56			12	62			37			25
Trenton.....	223	4	109			117	193	1	1	93			100
Wayne.....	96	1	196			100	91		5	171			80
West Bend.....	106	2	62		2	44	89	1	1	57		1	32
West Bend, city:													
1st ward.....	137	2	93			48	143	254	2	74		1	102
2d ward.....	111	2	107				111			78			
Total.....	2,524	45	2,599	6	1	506	581	2,583	24	26	2,094	2	5
Democratic plurality.....							506						811
Net Republican plurality.....							75						322
Net Democratic plu. 1898.....													489
<hr/>													
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dist.													
Brookfield.....	222	6	229		1	7	207	4	9	131			76
Delafield.....	89	2	232			143	83	1	5	189			94
Eagle.....	96	7	109			4	108	2	13	111	1	3	57
Eagle, village.....	38	4	42			4							
Henesee.....	99	19	231		1	132	111		21	197	1		83
Hartland, village.....	55	3	129			74	69	1	8	82			13
Lisbon.....	133	10	263		2	120	149		20	185	2		36

Includes vote of Eagle village, 1900.

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GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1890.							GOVERNOR, 1898.							
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUKESHA Co.—Con.															
Menomonee.....	225	21	223	.....	.....	2	.....	222	1	8	116	.....	2	106	.....
Menomonee Falls, village	51	26	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	1	10	94	.....	.....	.....	36
Merton.....	169	1	237	1	.....	.....	.....	170	4	8	171	.....	.....	.....	1
Mukwonago.....	78	17	232	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	1	12	174	.....	.....	.....	79
Muskego.....	97	10	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	2	4	106	.....	.....	.....	21
New Berlin.....	187	8	149	2	.....	38	.....	156	3	2	95	.....	.....	61	.....
Oconomowoc.....	101	2	191	.....	.....	.....	90	103	2	1	138	2	.....	.....	35
Oconomowoc, city:															
1st precinct.....	169	9	186	1	1	.....	140	177	1	14	179	1	1	.....	95
2d precinct.....	81	18	204	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	17	170	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	71	4	139	.....	.....	.....	68	91	3	5	129	.....	.....	.....	38
Pewaukee.....	148	7	223	1	.....	.....	75	173	2	4	122	3	1	51	.....
Pewaukee, village.....	62	1	120	.....	.....	.....	58	62	3	4	97	.....	.....	.....	35
Summit.....	48	3	205	.....	.....	.....	157	74	1	6	156	.....	.....	.....	82
Vernon.....	68	25	230	.....	.....	.....	162	67	2	17	174	.....	.....	.....	107
Waukesha.....	59	8	161	.....	.....	.....	102	89	1	15	93	.....	.....	.....	4
Waukesha, city:															
1st ward.....	90	13	164	3	.....	.....	.....	105	4	17	131	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	181	.....	205	4	1	.....	.....	211	3	10	136	1	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	135	6	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	118	5	7	75	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	119	6	225	.....	8	.....	446	137	.....	12	131	.....	3	.....	37
5th ward.....	57	4	173	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	3	14	117	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	88	4	234	1	.....	.....	.....	89	.....	27	179	2	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	3,017	235	5,130	15	3	40	2,153	3,221	50	283	3,969	13	9	351	799
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	351
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,113	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	448
WAUPACA Co.—8th dist.															
Bear Creek.....	91	2	134	.....	.....	.....	43	41	.....	2	58	.....	.....	.....	17
Caledonia.....	62	1	107	.....	1	.....	45	48	2	4	82	1	.....	.....	34

Clintonville, city	97	16	243			146	97	4	7	152			1		55
Dayton	23	29	181			153	34	2	8	130					93
Dupont	31	2	150			116	135	1	2	137					102
Embarrass, village	11	2	52			41	9		1	31					22
Farmington, 1st precinct	20	6	166			408	22	30	5	142					329
2d precinct	30	20	292				8	2	12	217					25
Fremont	20	2	75			55	21			46					15
Fremont, village	9	1	50			41	13		2	23					8
Harrison	4	2	95			91	32	2		24					42
Helvetia	12	3	89			77	16	1	2	58					138
Iola	6	1	230			225	9		4	147					16
Iola, village	8	4	151			143	14		2	30	1				28
Larabee	63	8	174			106	43	1		71			1		6
Lebanon	124		64		60		77		1	33				41	95
Lind	29	6	164			135	19	4	8	114					118
Little Wolf	73	4	152			74	72	1	9	190					
Manawa, village	31	6	156			125									
Marion, village	35	4	106			71									
Matteson	15	4	147		1	132									58
Mukwa	39	3	119			80	11		2	60					24
New London, city:							43	1	3	67					
1st ward	51	4	82												
2d ward	43	3	86				45	2	3	68	1				
4th ward	29	1	115			218	41	125	2	59		1			133
5th ward	10	3	63				30	9	1	51		1			
Royalton	65	14	151		2	86	30	30	1	81					51
Scandinavia	1	3	240			239	26	5		169		1			143
Scandinavia, village	3		81			78	26		3	38		2			12
St. Lawrence	12	15	246			234	43		1	167					124
Union	43	3	155			107	23	3	3	72					49
Waupaca	41	11	151			110	30	2		99					69
Waupaca, city:															
1st ward	35	15	161				37	2	6	116			1		
2d ward	31	12	130			427	28	106	9	94			1		295
3d ward	18	15	135				14	1	11	98			1		
4th ward	22	8	107				27	2	4	93					
Weyauwega	34	5	66			32	29		6	52			1		23
Weyauwega, village	78	14	122			44	75		1	73				1	2
Wyoming	23	1	76			48	12			38					26
Total	1,394	253	5,269	2	3	60	3,935	1,139	41	175	3,274	7	7	54	2,130
Democratic plurality							60								54
Net Republican plurality							3,875								2,085

¹ Includes vote of Marion in 1900.

² Includes vote of Manawa in 1900.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1898.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA CO.—6th dist.															
Aurora	42	9	174	.....	.....	132	35	1	3	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	89
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d prec	6	1	2	.....	.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Bloomfield	50	4	143	.....	.....	93	14	.....	4	113	1	.....	.....	.....	99
Coloma	35	3	180	.....	.....	95	25	3	4	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	90
Dakota	4	2	102	.....	.....	93	5	1	2	77	.....	.....	2	.....	72
Deerfield	12	2	153	.....	.....	141	4	2	1	108	.....	.....	.....	.....	104
Hancock	32	7	258	.....	.....	226	27	1	5	182	.....	.....	1	.....	155
Leon	37	6	165	.....	.....	128	26	29	4	143	.....	.....	2	.....	117
Marion	39	5	111	.....	.....	72	32	3	7	89	.....	.....	1	.....	57
Mt. Morris	15	5	165	.....	.....	150	21	11	4	99	.....	1	.....	.....	78
Oasis	46	10	144	.....	.....	98	23	3	7	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	99
Plainfield	11	3	216	.....	.....	205	9	.....	1	152	.....	.....	.....	.....	143
Plainfield, village	22	11	177	.....	.....	155	173	.....	5	165	2	.....	.....	.....	144
Poyssippi	29	6	202	1	.....	173	20	2	9	131	.....	.....	.....	.....	114
Richford	28	.....	70	1	.....	42	12	1	1	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	68
Rose	19	24	156	.....	.....	137	6	.....	15	135	.....	.....	.....	.....	129
Saxville	27	5	107	.....	.....	80	15	18	5	102	.....	.....	4	.....	87
Springwater	23	12	132	1	.....	109	10	3	15	112	.....	.....	3	.....	102
Warren	47	4	101	.....	.....	51	41	3	3	96	1	.....	1	.....	55
Wautoma	33	5	219	.....	.....	216	42	7	2	192	1	.....	4	.....	150
Total	557	124	2,957	3	.....	4 2,404	389	88	98	2,340	6	.....	18	1	1,952
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,400	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,951
WINNEBAGO CO.—6th dist.															
Algoma	56	9	141	.....	.....	85	44	7	5	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	72
Black Wolf	62	5	103	.....	.....	46	47	4	2	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Clayton	121	5	180	.....	.....	59	116	.....	1	169	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Menasha	90	.....	65	.....	.....	25	57	5	1	34	.....	.....	.....	7	.....
Menasha, city: 1st ward	216	3	143	.....	.....	173	10	.....	4	116	1	.....	.....	23	.....
2d ward	219	2	94	2	.....	190	6	.....	.....	78	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	94	12	120	1	6	76	7	32	5	89	1	9	6	9	.....
4th ward	279	7	85	3	.....	191	9	.....	4	77	3	1	1	2	.....

Neenah	59	2	77				18		48	5	2	55	1			7
Neenah, city: 1st ward.....	193	16	223	1	1			142	48	6	17	156	1			
2d ward.....	168	10	165	2	3			148		4	13	140	2			
3d ward.....	223	38	222	2	1	4	30	151	505	17	33	158	6	9	10	15
4th ward.....	55		53		3			61		6	1	36				
Nekimi.....	62	7	155				94		43	1	7	123				80
Nepeuskum.....	45	14	158				113		41	3	14	125				85
Omro.....	47	14	202				155		49	1	15	143		1	1	94
Omro, village.....	63	22	238				205		66	1	22	189		1		123
Oshkosh.....	83	3	147				64		81	7	3	126				45
Oshkosh, city: 1st ward.....	195	6	193	1				132		37	3	165	1			
2d ward.....	307	7	217	2				262		45	3	158		1	1	
3d ward.....	196	4	183	2				163		9	6	124		1	2	
4th ward.....	289	9	299	1				216		42	6	229		1	2	
5th ward.....	177	20	390	1				141		35	21	299		1		
6th ward.....	359	7	198	2				196		142	4	108		1	5	
7th ward.....	83	14	313	1	15		117	69	2,227	9	768	249	2,332	1	12	35
8th ward.....	293	4	170	2				227		81	3	121		1	4	
9th ward.....	234	8	241	2				181		36	5	182		4	2	
10th ward.....	219	20	392					125		50	20	2-8		1		
11th ward.....	237	3	120	1				157		62	11	85			1	
12th ward.....	183	15	217	2				134		40	12	150			4	
13th ward.....	376	13	332	2				189		180	16	224		2	13	
Poygan.....	81		102				21		73		1	68		1		5
Rushford.....	87	10	319				232		85	2	12	299				153
Utica.....	39	12	203				169		41		6	109		1		63
Vinland.....	71	3	164				93		61		3	123				62
Winchester.....	53	5	186				133		53	2	9	141		2		83
Winneconne.....	42	5	131				89		47	1	4	97		1		50
Winneconne, village.....	74	11	176				102		86		11	125		1		39
Wolf River.....	67	6	101				31		65	1	1	58				7
Total.....	5,783	311	7,266	25	8	381	1,859	4,471	875	301	5,293	40	56	327	1,149	
Democratic plurality.....							351								327	
Net Republican plurality.....							1,478								822	
Woon Co.—8th dist.																
Anburndale.....	33		95				62		50		1	42		1		8
Anburndale, village.....	7	1	43				36		10	2	1	12				2
Centralia, city, 1893.....									156	14	5	130		1	1	26
Grand Rapids.....	65	2	118		1		53		93	1	4	61				32
Grand Rapids, city:																
1st ward.....	51		73					42			1	30				
2d ward.....	43		106	2				57			2	75		1		
3d ward.....	22	1	81					39			2	48				
4th ward.....	39		102		2			33	171	2	1	60				
5th ward.....	37	2	77				315			2	4	213		1		42

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1900.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur- ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	How- ard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Wood Co.—Con.															
Grand Rapids, city—Con															
6th ward.....	45	1	88	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
7th ward.....	51	1	56	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
8th ward.....	34	..	54	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Lincoln.....	85	4	113	1			28	92	1	2	61			31	..
Marshfield.....	72	4	74		1		2	73	1	2	23		2	50	..
Marshfield, city:															
1st ward.....	140	1	48	4	1		123	2	3	21	..	..	..	..	..
2d ward.....	61	3	70	2	..		73	2	..	33	1	4	..	..	..
3d ward.....	90	1	132	1	7	1	96	8	2	67	3	3	7	202	..
4th ward.....	95	2	133	..	..		68	..	..	67	..	..	..	..	..
5th ward.....	76	2	128	..	..		80	1	4	77	..	..	..	..	..
6th ward.....	63	2	31	..	..		47	..	1	25	..	..	..	..	..
Milladore.....	92	5	61			31		63	2	2	26	1		37	..
Nekoosa, village.....	75	2	102				27	47	2	2	63				16
Pittsville, city: 1st ward	14	4	58	1	5		93	15	1	31	..	..	..	..	25
2d ward.....	3	4	33	1	..		10	33	..	13	..	..	..	..	..
3d ward.....	6	..	25	4	..		8	..	3	14	1	1		..	..
Port Edwards.....	58	3	161				103	53	5	5	90	1	1	..	37
Remington.....	62	1	102				40	68	3	..	51	1	17	..	17
Richfield.....	21		75		1		54	14	..	1	31		1	..	37
Rock.....	32	4	109				77	23	..	1	63		1	..	40
Rudolph.....	99	4	108				9	93	..	2	63		1	80	..
Saratoga.....	24	1	72		1		48	19	..	1	39		1	..	20
Seneca.....	40	2	112	8			72	66	..	1	51	1	..	15	..
Sherry.....	27	3	89	1	1		62	22	7	1	42	1	..	..	21
Siegel.....	118	8	146				28	111	1	5	89	..	..	22	..
Vesper.....	54	2	96	1	..		42	28	..	1	39	..	1	..	2
Wood.....	61	7	155	5	..		94	72	1	3	87	1	..	..	14
Total.....	1,835	71	3,126	81	5	31	1,262	1,800	51	60	1,045	12	15	470	225
Democratic plurality.....							31							470	225
Net Republican plurality.....							1,231								
Net Democratic plur. 1898.....													285		

WISCONSIN VOTE FOR GOVERNOR NOV. 6, 1900.

Total vote cast, percentage of vote by parties, and population per vote cast by counties

COUNTIES.	Popula- tion, 1900.	Total vote for govern'r.	Per cent. for re- public'n.	Per cent. for demo- crats.	Per cent. for Prohib.	Per cent. for Soc. Dem.	Per ct. for Soc Lab.	Pop. per vote cast.
Adams.....	9,141	1,959	78.05	20.47	1.33	0.15	..	4,666
Ashland.....	20,176	4,732	62.51	31.64	2.22	0.51	0.12	4,264
Barron.....	23,677	4,070	73.14	23.07	3.71	0.05	0.03	5,817
Bayfield.....	11,332	3,142	76.89	20.02	2.58	0.22	0.29	4,574
Brown.....	46,359	8,644	55.90	42.39	1.42	0.27	0.02	5,363
Buffalo.....	16,765	3,348	61.95	36.53	1.49	.....	0.03	5,005
Burnett.....	7,478	1,395	81.22	13.98	3.80	0.36	0.64	5,399
Calumet.....	17,078	3,614	44.11	53.65	1.55	0.58	0.11	4,726
Chippewa.....	33,037	6,802	61.59	36.12	2.09	0.16	0.04	4,857
Clark.....	25,848	5,153	74.31	22.83	2.46	0.25	0.12	5,016
Columbia.....	31,121	7,229	66.44	29.59	3.69	0.25	0.03	4,305
Crawford.....	17,286	3,733	62.47	33.27	1.20	0.03	0.03	4,684
Dane.....	69,435	16,073	61.20	35.77	2.89	0.12	0.02	4,320
Dodge.....	46,631	10,795	43.86	54.49	1.58	0.05	0.02	4,320
Door.....	17,583	3,078	76.76	21.41	1.76	0.17	.....	5,712
Douglas.....	36,335	6,844	64.44	31.50	2.44	1.37	0.25	5,309
Dunn.....	25,043	4,340	70.53	26.22	3.16	0.07	0.02	5,770
Fau Claire.....	31,692	6,565	64.25	32.15	2.87	0.65	0.08	4,827
Florence.....	3,197	616	79.10	17.49	2.63	0.47	0.31	4,946
Fnd du L'c.....	47,589	11,580	52.71	45.36	1.78	0.13	0.02	4,103
Forest.....	1,396	487	79.06	17.45	3.28	0.21	.....	2,866
Grant.....	38,881	9,172	61.96	31.80	2.97	0.21	0.03	4,239
Green.....	22,719	4,969	61.14	35.18	2.94	0.71	.....	7,483
Green Lake.....	15,797	3,697	55.98	41.66	2.24	0.12	.....	4,273
Iowa.....	23,114	5,236	64.07	32.27	3.44	0.22	.....	4,414
Iron.....	6,616	1,721	76.81	20.74	2.27	0.12	0.06	2,844
Jackson.....	17,466	3,395	78.09	18.88	2.97	0.06	.....	5,144
Jefferson.....	31,789	8,070	46.26	51.55	2.11	0.03	.....	4,311
Juneau.....	20,629	4,693	63.70	34.13	2.13	0.04	.....	4,482
Kenosha.....	21,707	5,233	56.24	42.25	1.15	0.30	0.06	4,144
Kewaunee.....	17,212	3,302	49.31	49.63	0.97	0.49	.....	4,915
La Crosse.....	42,997	9,115	58.44	39.36	2.10	0.09	0.01	4,701
Lafayette.....	20,959	5,112	56.79	40.41	2.76	0.02	0.02	4,100
Langlade.....	12,553	2,740	55.42	41.60	1.00	0.19	0.19	4,581
Lincoln.....	16,269	3,772	54.43	43.19	1.99	0.31	0.05	4,313
Manitowoc.....	42,261	8,741	48.95	48.39	0.76	1.83	0.05	4,838
Marathon.....	43,256	8,683	51.69	46.27	1.50	0.25	0.38	4,982
Marinette.....	30,822	5,967	70.52	26.31	2.33	0.17	0.07	5,176
Marquette.....	10,504	2,477	63.10	35.00	1.90	.....	.....	4,242
Milwaukee.....	333,017	66,148	52.30	39.16	1.10	7.07	0.37	4,962
Monroe.....	28,103	6,161	69.49	36.49	3.02	.....	0.02	4,561
Oconto.....	20,874	3,949	68.22	29.86	1.82	0.05	0.05	5,286
Oneida.....	8,875	2,567	70.20	28.01	1.32	0.33	0.03	3,457
Outagamie.....	46,247	9,531	53.68	43.63	2.35	0.31	0.03	4,852
Ozaukee.....	16,363	3,315	38.45	60.03	1.06	0.42	0.03	4,936
Pepin.....	7,903	1,694	67.14	30.74	2.12	.....	.....	4,923
Pierce.....	23,943	4,709	73.03	21.96	4.03	0.08	.....	5,085
Polk.....	17,801	3,533	78.69	18.65	2.01	0.37	0.28	5,038
Portage.....	29,483	6,069	54.44	44.02	1.41	0.10	0.03	4,906
Price.....	9,103	2,330	74.38	22.87	2.10	0.56	0.09	3,908
Racine.....	43,644	10,133	56.73	39.66	2.31	1.23	0.07	4,504
Richland.....	19,483	4,322	59.56	34.82	5.39	0.23	.....	4,508
Rock.....	51,203	11,716	70.27	26.16	3.31	0.21	0.05	4,355
St. Croix.....	26,830	4,704	50.59	44.22	4.12	0.81	0.26	5,701
Sauk.....	33,006	7,117	61.22	34.82	3.73	0.13	0.05	4,638
Sawyer.....	8,593	1,015	68.47	29.16	2.17	0.20	.....	3,638
Shawano.....	27,475	4,816	66.95	31.52	1.43	0.05	0.04	5,765
Sheboygan.....	50,345	11,021	53.24	37.62	1.06	7.65	0.43	4,578
Taylor.....	11,262	2,475	65.43	43.07	0.93	0.53	0.01	4,500
Trempealeau.....	23,114	4,711	71.47	25.05	3.44	0.02	0.02	4,903
Vernon.....	28,351	5,877	76.81	20.47	2.43	0.26	0.03	4,824
Vilas.....	4,929	1,744	68.46	28.79	2.06	0.63	0.06	2,826
Walworth.....	29,259	7,134	71.13	24.60	4.19	0.08	.....	4,101
Washington.....	5,521	1,091	74.61	22.64	2.48	0.09	0.18	5,060
Waushara.....	23,589	5,175	50.22	48.77	0.87	0.12	0.02	4,553
Waukesha.....	35,229	8,400	61.07	35.92	2.80	0.18	0.03	4,194
Waupaca.....	31,615	6,921	76.14	20.14	3.63	0.03	0.04	4,563
Waushara.....	15,972	3,611	81.21	15.30	3.41	0.08	.....	4,887
Winnebago.....	54,225	13,398	54.23	43.20	2.32	0.19	0.06	4,316
Wood.....	25,855	5,123	60.98	36.95	1.33	0.60	0.09	5,044
Total and per ct.....	2,069,042	440,897	59.75	36.44	2.20	1.49	0.12	4,670

Blank and scattering, 88 votes not in total.

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1900 AND

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR, 1900.							
	Popula- tion, 1900.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. La Fol- lette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	9,141	401	26	1,529	3			1,128
Ashland.....	23,176	1,639	105	2,958	24	6		1,319
Barron.....	23,677	939	151	2,977	2			2,035
Bayfield.....	11,322	629	81	2,416	7	9		1,787
Brown.....	46,354	3,664	123	4,832	23	2		1,168
Buffalo.....	16,765	1,223	50	2,074		1		891
Burnett.....	7,478	195	53	1,133	5	9		932
Calumet.....	17,075	1,939	56	1,594	21	4	315	
Chippewa.....	33,037	2,457	112	4,189	11	3		1,732
Clark.....	25,848	1,178	127	3,829	13	6		2,631
Columbia.....	31,121	2,139	267	4,803	18	2		2,664
Crawford.....	17,286	1,354	45	2,332	1	1		978
Dane.....	69,435	5,750	465	9,837	18	3		4,087
Dodge.....	46,631	5,882	170	4,735	6	2	1,147	
Door.....	17,533	659	54	2,363	2			1,701
Douglas.....	33,335	2,156	167	4,410	94	17		2,254
Dunn.....	25,043	1,138	137	3,061	3	1		1,923
Eau Claire.....	31,632	2,110	189	4,218	43	5		2,108
Florence.....	3,197	113	17	511	3	2		398
Fond du Lac	47,589	5,252	206	6,104	16	2		552
Forest.....	1,396	85	16	335	1			300
Grant.....	35,831	3,192	272	5,683	22	3		2,491
Green.....	22,719	1,748	116	3,038	37			1,290
Green Lake.....	15,797	1,510	83	2,070	4			530
Iowa.....	23,114	1,690	180	3,355	11			1,665
Iron.....	6,616	337	39	1,322	2	1		965
Jackson.....	17,466	611	101	2,651	7			2,010
Jefferson.....	31,789	4,100	170	3,733	2		427	
Juneau.....	20,629	1,571	98	2,932	2			1,361
Kenosha.....	21,707	2,213	60	2,946	16	3		733
Kewaunee.....	17,212	1,738	34	1,727	3		11	
La Crosse.....	42,997	3,599	192	5,315	8	1		1,746
Lafayette.....	20,959	2,036	141	2,903	1	1		837
Langlade.....	12,553	1,140	44	1,546	5	5		405
Lincoln.....	16,289	1,329	75	2,053	13	2		424
Manitowoc.....	42,261	4,230	66	4,279	162	4		49
Marathon.....	43,256	4,018	180	4,480	22	33		462
Marquette.....	30,822	1,570	175	4,208	10	4		2,638
Milwaukee.....	10,501	867	47	1,563				696
Milwaukee.....	330,017	25,901	729	34,598	4,673	217		8,697
Monroe.....	28,103	2,218	186	3,727				1,479
Oconto.....	20,874	1,179	72	2,694	2	2		1,515
Oneida.....	8,875	719	34	1,802	10	2		1,033
Outagamie.....	46,217	4,153	24	5,116	30	3		958
Ozaukee.....	16,363	1,930	24	1,275	14	1	715	
Pepin.....	7,905	493	34	1,077				54
Pierce.....	23,913	1,034	232	3,439	4			2,405
Polk.....	17,831	859	71	2,780	13	10		2,121
Portage.....	29,483	2,645	85	3,271	6	2		626
Price.....	9,103	533	49	1,793	13	2		1,200
Racine.....	45,644	4,019	214	5,748	125	7		1,729
Richland.....	19,483	1,505	233	2,574	10			1,039
Rock.....	51,203	3,073	389	8,253	23	6		5,180
St. Croix.....	26,830	2,080	194	3,380	38	12		1,300
Sauk.....	33,036	2,478	249	4,357	9	4		1,879
Sawyer.....	3,593	296	22	695	2			399
Shawano.....	27,475	1,518	69	3,224	3	2		1,706
Sheboygan.....	50,345	4,146	117	5,838	843	47		1,722
Taylor.....	11,262	1,066	23	1,372	13	1		306
Trempealeau.....	23,114	1,181	162	3,359	1	1		2,188
Vernon.....	28,351	1,293	143	4,514	15	2		3,311
Vilas.....	4,929	502	36	1,194	6	1		692
Walworth.....	29,259	1,755	299	5,074	1			3,319
Washburn.....	5,521	247	27	814	1	2		567
Washington.....	23,589	2,524	45	2,599	1	1		75
Waukesha.....	35,229	3,017	235	5,130	15	3		2,113
Waupaca.....	31,615	1,394	253	5,269	2	3		3,875
Waushara.....	15,972	557	121	2,957	3			2,400
Winnebago.....	54,225	5,788	311	7,286	23	8		1,478
Wood.....	25,865	1,895	71	3,126	31	5		1,231
Total.....	2,069,042	160,674	9,707	264,419	6,590	507	2,615	106,390
Bomrich's plurality.....								2,645
La Follette's net plurality.....								104,745

Blank and scattering: Jefferson 1; Kenosha 85; Pierce 1; Polk 1; total 88, not in totals.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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1898, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION, 1900 AND 1895.

GOVERNOR, 1893.									
COUNTIES.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Peo.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, S. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Labor.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams	7,532	420	17	27	1,035	7	2	.....	635
Ashland.....	17,241	1,222	46	75	1,703	8	25	.....	451
Barron.....	20,122	675	118	106	1,660	3	6	.....	985
Bayfield.....	12,595	697	23	68	1,235	6	10	.....	533
Brown.....	45,623	2,929	65	121	3,476	13	19	.....	517
Buffalo.....	16,931	1,011	47	51	1,640	6	4	.....	(29)
Burnett.....	5,892	54	136	56	703	3	12	.....	649
Calumet.....	17,741	1,411	65	60	1,370	10	8	41	.....
Chippewa.....	28,727	2,150	55	120	2,273	3	4	.....	123
Clark.....	21,312	918	36	95	2,048	4	5	.....	1,100
Columbia.....	30,838	2,143	51	208	6,526	12	4	.....	1,383
Crawford.....	17,203	1,305	44	52	1,720	3	2	.....	415
Dane.....	65,669	6,276	76	496	5,461	31	14	815	.....
Dodge.....	47,851	5,384	53	122	3,531	12	4	1,850	.....
Door.....	16,969	648	32	42	1,571	5	4	.....	923
Douglas.....	29,983	1,578	70	182	2,862	17	31	.....	1,284
Dunn.....	23,003	1,022	152	127	1,527	7	7	.....	805
Eau Claire.....	33,172	1,850	42	133	2,648	22	7	.....	788
Florence.....	2,850	120	10	6	297	2	1	.....	177
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	4,194	114	235	4,201	17	7	.....	7
Forest.....	1,288	132	3	7	185	1	.....	.....	53
Grant.....	38,372	2,947	49	188	4,094	15	6	.....	1,147
Green.....	23,420	1,418	168	129	2,042	15	5	.....	584
Green Lake.....	15,939	1,682	51	65	1,914	6	12	.....	232
Iowa.....	23,447	1,848	33	243	2,285	7	5	.....	47
Iron.....	5,338	473	7	16	696	5	1	.....	223
Jackson.....	16,722	639	19	78	1,575	2	.....	.....	936
Jefferson.....	31,317	3,006	46	146	2,750	11	8	856	.....
Juneau.....	18,754	1,661	43	69	2,203	5	.....	.....	542
Kenosha.....	17,548	1,674	128	56	2,027	3	6	.....	353
Kewaunee.....	17,632	1,682	23	22	1,239	2	6	443	.....
La Crosse.....	43,610	2,353	74	173	3,334	10	6	.....	1,506
Lafayette.....	21,438	1,982	27	169	2,228	1	3	.....	216
Langlade.....	11,092	1,162	20	25	868	3	8	234	.....
Lincoln.....	14,765	1,227	103	57	1,132	10	4	195	.....
Manitowoc.....	40,802	3,107	53	57	3,265	68	17	442	.....
Marathon.....	36,568	2,765	269	57	3,068	10	114	.....	203
Marquette.....	27,271	1,997	41	105	3,062	13	7	.....	1,665
Milwaukee.....	10,203	840	10	24	1,210	3	3	.....	370
Milwaukee.....	287,922	19,484	2,651	539	20,243	1,633	779	.....	749
Monroe.....	26,350	1,818	44	151	2,691	5	2	.....	813
Oconto.....	18,339	1,157	50	53	1,945	10	10	.....	788
Oncida.....	7,030	708	19	38	1,095	7	5	.....	387
Ozaukee.....	44,404	3,074	54	139	3,784	6	21	.....	710
Ozaukee.....	16,515	1,504	48	6	857	7	5	647	.....
Pepin.....	7,567	433	6	29	805	.....	1	.....	432
Pierce.....	23,010	621	93	122	1,771	1	4	.....	1,150
Polk.....	16,117	381	135	66	1,822	12	22	.....	1,438
Portage.....	28,531	2,137	35	96	2,219	7	10	.....	82
Priest.....	7,257	515	13	98	951	12	33	.....	436
Racine.....	41,110	2,310	926	197	3,816	16	19	.....	995
Richland.....	19,619	1,430	121	178	1,852	1	7	.....	422
Rock.....	48,414	2,678	101	293	5,427	11	11	.....	2,751
St. Croix.....	25,870	1,481	119	168	2,111	5	7	.....	630
Sauk.....	32,919	1,999	32	230	2,671	5	2	.....	672
Sawyer.....	3,741	355	11	31	547	5	2	.....	192
Shawano.....	22,573	1,451	62	36	1,833	3	11	.....	412
Sheboygan.....	48,396	3,213	210	66	4,137	293	89	.....	534
Taylor.....	8,498	921	34	30	769	7	52	.....	.....
Trempealeau.....	21,963	827	32	135	1,994	10	4	.....	1,167
Vernon.....	27,035	1,111	76	122	2,410	7	6	.....	1,329
Vilas.....	3,801	587	14	13	695	9	5	.....	108
Walworth.....	29,162	1,313	46	283	3,352	9	3	.....	2,039
Washburn.....	4,266	244	23	21	598	1	3	.....	354
Washington.....	21,077	2,533	24	26	2,094	3	5	489	.....
Waukesha.....	36,562	3,221	50	288	3,689	13	9	.....	448
Waupaca.....	30,793	1,189	41	175	3,274	7	7	.....	2,085
Wausara.....	15,355	389	88	98	2,310	6	18	.....	1,951
Winnebago.....	57,627	4,471	875	301	5,293	40	56	.....	822
Wood.....	21,637	1,850	51	60	1,615	12	15	235	.....
Total.....	1,937,915	135,353	8,513	8,083	173,137	2,544	1,473	6,299	44,083
Sawyer's plurality.....									6,299
Scofield's net plurality.....									37,784

Total scattering vote in 1898, 327, not in totals.

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.						Rep. Plu.
	Thomas H. Patterson, Dem.	Thorvild K. Thorvillson, Pro.	Jesse Stone, Rep.	George Dicke, Soc. Dem.	Frank Mensing, Soc. Lab.	D-m. Plu.	
Adams.....	405	27	1,515	2	.....	.....	1,110
Ashland.....	1,618	112	2,958	23	6	.....	1,810
Barron.....	946	159	2,956	2	1	.....	2,010
Bayfield.....	621	79	2,421	8	8	.....	1,800
Brown.....	3,621	126	4,846	23	2	.....	1,225
Buffalo.....	1,213	51	2,030	.....	1	.....	867
Burnett.....	196	55	1,124	3	9	.....	9.8
Calumet.....	1,969	57	1,616	20	.....	293	.....
Chippewa.....	2,454	114	4,187	11	3	.....	1,733
Clark.....	1,168	128	3,833	13	6	.....	2,665
Columbia.....	2,171	274	4,763	20	2	.....	2,571
Crawford.....	1,356	41	2,330	.....	1	.....	974
Dane.....	5,985	503	9,491	23	1	.....	3,595
Dodge.....	5,816	171	4,751	6	2	1,035	.....
Door.....	661	56	2,348	2	.....	.....	1,684
Douglas.....	2,174	189	4,319	101	174	.....	2,115
Dunn.....	1,130	145	3,063	2	1	.....	1,958
Eau Claire.....	2,023	190	4,290	43	3	.....	2,267
Florence.....	112	17	513	3	2	.....	401
Fond du Lac.....	5,193	223	6,117	16	4	.....	919
Forest.....	87	16	383	1	.....	.....	296
Grant.....	3,237	271	5,617	20	1	.....	2,380
Green.....	1,760	157	2,993	38	.....	.....	1,243
Green Lake.....	1,552	83	2,057	6	.....	.....	505
Iowa.....	1,753	189	3,275	13	.....	.....	1,522
Iron.....	357	33	1,318	2	1	.....	951
Jackson.....	645	97	2,646	2	.....	.....	2,001
Jefferson.....	4,112	170	3,756	9	.....	356	.....
Juneau.....	1,583	96	2,916	2	.....	.....	1,333
Kenosha.....	2,121	59	3,023	20	2	.....	962
Kewaunee.....	1,733	36	1,729	3	.....	4	.....
La Crosse.....	3,615	192	5,325	9	1	.....	1,710
Lafayette.....	2,095	147	2,864	1	1	.....	769
Langlade.....	1,113	45	1,547	5	5	.....	432
Lincoln.....	1,537	71	2,100	13	2	.....	513
Manitowoc.....	4,188	65	4,303	165	4	.....	118
Marathon.....	3,853	128	4,630	26	37	.....	777
Marinette.....	1,551	171	4,207	12	4	.....	2,656
Marquette.....	870	47	1,560	.....	.....	.....	690
Milwaukee.....	25,734	731	31,612	4,713	216	.....	8,378
Monroe.....	2,245	190	3,718	.....	.....	.....	1,470
Oconto.....	1,138	73	2,726	2	2	.....	1,588
Oneida.....	4,718	31	1,795	10	2	.....	1,077
Outagamie.....	4,093	223	5,173	29	3	.....	1,035
Ozaukee.....	1,963	35	1,294	17	1	674	.....
Pepin.....	481	34	1,085	.....	.....	.....	601
Pierce.....	1,025	231	3,453	4	.....	.....	2,403
Polk.....	675	68	2,754	13	13	.....	2,079
Portage.....	2,638	86	3,261	5	1	.....	623
Price.....	524	55	1,729	13	2	.....	1,205
Racine.....	3,926	237	5,807	126	6	.....	1,881
Richland.....	1,516	243	2,565	10	.....	.....	1,049
Rock.....	3,087	338	8,108	27	3	.....	5,121
St. Croix.....	2,084	199	3,361	53	11	.....	1,277
Sauk.....	2,508	277	4,292	9	4	.....	1,784
Sawyer.....	302	23	635	2	.....	.....	883
Shawano.....	1,503	70	3,242	3	2	.....	1,739
Sheboygan.....	4,094	123	5,833	833	47	.....	1,794
Taylor.....	1,036	23	1,399	12	1	.....	363
Trempealeau.....	1,232	163	3,372	1	1	.....	2,192
Vernon.....	1,212	151	4,475	15	2	.....	3,223
Vilas.....	503	36	1,192	11	1	.....	639
Walworth.....	1,737	297	5,084	7	.....	.....	3,247
Washburn.....	246	28	811	1	1	.....	87
Washington.....	2,513	46	2,600	6	2	.....	87
Waukesha.....	3,029	211	5,097	14	3	.....	2,098
Waupaca.....	1,393	255	5,251	2	3	.....	3,858
Waushara.....	690	118	2,850	3	1	.....	2,140
Winnebago.....	5,692	503	7,373	21	8	.....	1,651
Wood.....	1,907	75	3,093	30	5	.....	1,186
Total.....	160,014	9,892	263,993	6,673	655	2,392	106,241
Patterson's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,392
Stone's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	103,941

Blank and scattering: Dunn, 1; Kenosha, 96; Sauk, 1; total 98, not in totals.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOPE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.						
	Joseph H. Woodworth, Dem.	Edwin Kerswell, Pro.	William H. Froehlich, Rep.	Charles C. Meier, Soc. Dem.	Rochus Babnik, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	407	27	1,514	2	.....	.....	1,107
Ashland.....	1,610	105	2,971	23	6	.....	1,361
Barron.....	944	156	2,958	2	1	.....	2,014
Bayfield.....	621	79	2,422	8	9	.....	1,801
Brown.....	3,597	130	4,864	21	4	.....	1,267
Buffalo.....	1,299	55	2,077	.....	1	.....	883
Burnett.....	197	53	1,425	.....	8	.....	923
Calumet.....	1,933	57	1,625	20	.....	278	.....
Chippewa.....	2,451	140	4,194	10	3	.....	1,740
Clark.....	1,170	127	3,827	13	5	.....	2,657
Columbia.....	2,168	275	4,751	20	2	.....	2,583
Crawford.....	1,357	42	2,323	.....	1	.....	971
Dane.....	6,043	497	9,436	22	1	.....	3,393
Dodge.....	5,812	171	4,751	6	2	1,061	.....
Door.....	683	55	2,317	2	.....	.....	1,684
Douglas.....	2,200	166	4,327	105	20	.....	2,127
Dunn.....	1,126	134	3,073	2	1	.....	1,947
Eau Claire.....	2,016	184	4,305	43	2	.....	2,289
Florence.....	112	17	513	3	2	.....	401
Fond du Lac.....	5,182	267	6,160	17	3	.....	978
Forest.....	90	16	380	1	.....	.....	230
Grant.....	3,217	273	5,601	20	1	.....	2,354
Green.....	1,767	137	2,984	38	5	.....	1,217
Green Lake.....	1,541	83	2,063	5	.....	.....	1,516
Iowa.....	1,750	192	3,266	12	1	.....	931
Iron.....	357	39	1,318	3	.....	.....	2,655
Jackson.....	611	99	2,649	2	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	4,145	175	3,709	9	.....	436	.....
Juneau.....	1,553	98	2,903	2	.....	.....	1,319
Kenosha.....	2,109	59	3,023	19	1	.....	919
Kewaunee.....	1,730	35	1,723	3	.....	2	.....
La Crosse.....	3,604	154	5,331	9	1	.....	1,727
Lafayette.....	2,036	148	2,323	1	1	.....	767
Lanai.....	1,112	47	1,570	5	5	.....	458
Lincoln.....	1,579	70	2,104	13	2	.....	525
Mainiwooc.....	4,179	66	4,323	160	4	.....	144
Marathon.....	3,826	128	4,662	27	37	.....	836
Marinette.....	1,552	173	4,207	13	4	.....	2,655
Marquette.....	868	47	1,556	.....	.....	.....	688
Milwaukee.....	25,585	739	31,637	4,735	213	.....	9,312
Monroe.....	2,256	194	3,714	.....	.....	.....	1,458
Oconto.....	1,131	73	2,733	2	2	.....	1,602
Oneida.....	721	31	1,793	11	2	.....	1,072
Outagamie.....	4,085	224	5,180	31	3	.....	1,095
Ozaukee.....	1,943	35	1,310	13	1	633	.....
Pepin.....	489	34	1,086	.....	.....	.....	606
Pierce.....	1,035	228	3,428	5	.....	.....	2,383
Polk.....	681	70	2,745	12	13	.....	2,064
Portage.....	2,646	86	3,263	5	1	.....	617
Price.....	519	68	1,723	12	2	.....	1,204
Racine.....	3,902	251	5,841	127	8	.....	1,939
Richland.....	1,515	236	2,565	10	.....	.....	1,050
Rock.....	3,039	391	8,196	21	4	.....	5,107
St Croix.....	2,085	200	3,359	38	11	.....	1,274
Sauk.....	2,508	278	4,294	9	4	.....	1,736
Sawyer.....	100	23	683	2	.....	.....	383
Shawano.....	1,506	71	3,239	4	2	.....	1,733
Sheboygan.....	4,075	121	5,905	852	48	.....	1,830
Taylor.....	1,027	23	1,407	12	1	.....	380
Trempealeau.....	1,185	165	3,390	1	1	.....	2,175
Vernon.....	1,251	149	4,476	15	2	.....	3,222
Vilas.....	501	38	1,194	10	1	.....	683
Walworth.....	1,733	297	5,081	7	.....	.....	3,316
Washington.....	246	29	888	1	1	.....	562
Waukesha.....	2,441	46	2,675	7	1	.....	231
Waupaca.....	3,023	211	5,100	13	3	.....	2,074
Waushara.....	1,433	235	5,204	2	3	.....	3,766
Winnebago.....	532	128	2,983	3	.....	.....	2,451
Wood.....	5,717	303	7,345	21	8	.....	1,628
.....	1,900	75	3,096	30	5	.....	1,116
Total.....	159,643	9,837	261,249	6,688	498	2,410	107,016
Woodworth's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,410
Froehlich's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	104,616

Blank and scattering: Kenosha, 99, not in totals.

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	STATE TREASURER.						
	August Bartz, Dem.	Herbert James Noyes, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	John Doerfler, Soc. Dem.	Robert Phillips, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams	409	26	1,513	2			1,104
Ashland	1,629	104	2,963	28	7		1,311
Barron	945	153	2,961	2	1		2,016
Bayfield	620	79	2,424	8	9		1,874
Brown	3,611	132	4,849	21	2		1,278
Buffalo	1,212	52	2,081		1		859
Burnett	198	52	1,127	1	9		929
Calumet	1,903	57	1,623	20		250	
Chippewa	2,467	139	4,180	9	3		1,713
Clark	1,168	123	3,829	14	6		2,661
Columbia	2,130	275	4,739	13	2		2,559
Crawford	1,365	46	2,323		1		953
Dane	6,059	495	9,431	22	1		3,372
Dodge	5,826	166	4,745	6	2	1,031	
Door	666	57	2,346	2			1,680
Douglas	2,177	133	4,334	97			2,157
Dunn	1,137	133	3,064	2	1		1,927
Eau Claire	2,178	172	4,166	43	3		1,978
Florence	112	17	513	3	2		401
Fond du Lac	5,177	205	6,167	17	3		990
Forest	90	16	370	1			290
Grant	3,240	286	5,599	20	2		2,359
Green	1,769	158	2,977	38			1,205
Green Lake	1,541	84	2,065	6			524
Iowa	1,745	192	3,279	12			1,534
Iron	358	33	1,315	2	1		957
Jackson	649	98	2,643	2	1		1,994
Jefferson	4,163	176	3,702	9		461	
Juneau	1,592	97	2,904	2			1,312
Kenosha	2,109	59	3,029	19	1		970
Kewaunee	1,731	37	1,727	3		4	
La Crosse	3,623	196	5,304	8	2		1,676
Lafayette	2,098	148	2,862	1	1		764
Langlade	1,117	55	1,580	5	5		413
Lincoln	1,581	73	2,102	15	2		521
Manitowoc	4,186	63	4,314	159	4		128
Marathon	3,889	123	4,602	25	39		713
Marinette	1,557	153	4,205	12	4		2,643
Marquette	882	47	1,548				666
Milwaukee	25,681	748	34,524	4,733	241		8,843
Monroe	2,251	193	3,715				1,464
Oconto	1,134	73	2,729	2	2		1,595
Oneida	722	34	1,737	11	2		1,065
Outagamie	4,083	227	5,171	31	3		1,033
Ozaukee	1,975	35	1,236	13	1	639	
Pepin	480	34	1,087				607
Pierce	1,033	223	3,430	5			2,394
Polk	675	72	2,743	13	12		2,073
Portage	2,641	86	3,243	5	1		602
Price	529	53	1,730	13	2		1,201
Racine	3,934	219	5,799	123	7		1,865
Richland	1,516	237	2,560	10			1,044
Rock	3,089	398	8,137	26	4		5,108
St. Croix	2,075	197	3,362	38	12		1,277
Sauk	2,514	282	4,287	9	4		1,773
Sawyer	300	22	682	2			382
Shawano	1,500	70	3,241	3	2		1,744
Sheboygan	4,111	118	5,887	849	43		1,776
Taylor	1,035	22	1,402	12	1		367
Trempealeau	1,185	164	3,360	1	1		2,475
Vernon	1,233	119	4,476	15	2		3,273
Vilas	704	38	1,193	10	1		639
Walworth	1,736	297	5,030	7			3,344
Washburn	245	29	808	1	1		563
Washington	2,520	45	2,595	7	1		75
Waukesha	3,026	212	5,096	14	3		2,070
Waupaca	1,395	258	5,256	3	3		3,861
Waushara	525	128	2,987	3			2,462
Winnebago	5,659	306	7,407	23	8		1,743
Wood	1,907	73	3,093	31	5		1,186
Total	160,215	9,913	263,708	6,667	505	2,515	106,008
Bartz's plurality							2,515
Davidson's net plurality							103,493

Blank and scattering: Kenosha, 97, not in totals.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	ATTORNEY GENERAL.						
	George C. Cooper, Dem.	Eug. W. Chafin, Pro.	Emmett R. Hicks, Rep.	Richard Elsner, Soc. Dem.	N. E. Hanson, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams	408	28	1,508	2			1,170
Ashland	1,613	108	2,963	29	7		1,350
Barron	948	155	2,956	2	1		2,008
Bayfield	623	80	2,419	8	9		1,796
Brown	3,610	159	4,837	21	4		1,227
Buffalo	1,211	52	2,081				870
Burnett	198	52	1,120	4	9		922
Calumet	1,401	55	1,626	21		275	
Chippewa	2,460	143	4,183	10	6		1,723
Clark	1,166	128	3,811	13	6		2,665
Columbia	2,174	277	4,749	20	2		2,575
Crawford	1,353	45	2,323		1		975
Dane	6,094	501	9,414	22	1		3,350
Dodge	5,815	171	4,742	6	2	1,073	
Door	661	57	2,317	2	1		1,686
Douglas	2,496	153	4,025	88	24		1,529
Dunn	1,120	140	3,093	2	1		1,949
Eau Claire	2,022	180	4,299	44	3		2,277
Florence	112	17	513	5	2		401
Fond du Lac	5,188	203	6,153	17	3		965
Forest	90	17	379	1			289
Grant	3,244	287	5,602	20	2		2,358
Green	1,772	159	2,972	37			1,200
Green Lake	1,582	83	2,073	5	1		511
Iowa	1,716	192	3,275	12			1,529
Iron	359	38	1,315	2	1		956
Jackson	619	98	2,614	2			1,995
Jefferson	4,153	176	3,663	9		490	
Juneau	1,590	100	2,905	2			1,315
Kenosha	2,114	59	3,025	19	2		911
Kewaunee	1,729	36	1,731	3			2
LaCrosse	3,615	192	5,313	7	2		1,698
Lafayette	2,009	150	2,855	1	3		756
Langlade	1,119	41	1,562	7	3		443
Lincoln	1,579	71	2,107	13	2		523
Manitowoc	4,194	66	4,302	163	4		108
Marathon	3,835	128	4,446	26	38		1,111
Marinette	1,554	176	4,204	13	5		2,650
Marquette	870	47	1,559				689
Milwaukee	25,611	744	34,496	4,800	241		8,879
Monroe	2,249	193	3,712				1,463
Oconto	1,130	73	2,731	2	2		1,601
Oneida	712	34	1,795	10	2		1,083
Outagamie	4,081	228	5,170	31	3		1,089
Ozaukee	1,971	34	1,283	13	1	683	
Pepin	480	34	1,086				606
Pierce	1,033	229	3,434	4			2,401
Polk	677	72	2,744	13	12		2,067
Portage	2,640	85	3,258	5	1		618
Price	522	59	1,729	13	2		1,207
Racine	3,939	249	5,792	123	5		1,853
Richland	1,513	238	2,563	10	1		1,050
Rock	3,032	401	8,190	25	4		5,098
St. Croix	2,091	201	3,350	39	11		1,259
Sauk	2,511	284	4,290	10	4		1,779
Sawyer	300	23	681	2			381
Shawano	1,503	72	3,239	3	2		1,736
Sheboygan	4,095	120	5,895	852	47		1,800
Taylor	1,030	23	1,402	12	1		372
Trempealeau	1,187	164	3,359	1	1		2,172
Vernon	1,255	149	4,473	15	2		3,218
Vilas	505	38	1,191	10	1		606
Walworth	1,741	299	5,078	7			3,337
Washburn	245	29	808	1	1		563
Washington	2,517	45	2,592	8	1		75
Waukesha	3,026	250	5,091	15	2		2,065
Waupaca	1,389	260	5,230	2	4		3,871
Waushara	528	129	2,984	3			2,456
Winnebago	5,665	296	7,422	22	8		1,757
Wood	1,903	75	3,091	30	5		1,188
Total	160,130	10,163	263,485	6,737	503	2,521	105,877
Cooper's plurality							2,521
Hicks' net plurality							103,586

Blank and scattering: Fond du Lac, 1; Kenosha, 95; total 96, not in totals.

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	STATE SUPERINTENDENT.						
	Homer B. Hubbell, Dem.	Henry C. Senn, Pro.	Lorenzo D. Harvey, Rep.	Aug. F. Buetow, Soc. Dem	No nomi-nee Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	408	26	1,512	2	.....	.....	1,104
Ashtland.....	1,612	103	2,967	29	.....	.....	1,355
Barron.....	913	159	2,959	3	.....	.....	2,016
Bayfield.....	621	81	2,423	8	.....	.....	1,802
Brown.....	3,694	130	4,851	21	.....	.....	1,247
Buffalo.....	1,239	53	2,082	.....	.....	.....	873
Burnett.....	195	51	1,125	5	.....	.....	930
Calumet.....	1,903	56	1,623	19	.....	275	.....
Chippewa.....	2,439	142	4,185	9	.....	.....	1,723
Clark.....	1,164	128	3,833	13	.....	.....	2,669
Columbia.....	2,181	275	4,738	21	.....	.....	2,557
Crawford.....	1,353	44	2,330	.....	.....	.....	977
Dane.....	6,080	487	9,409	21	.....	.....	3,329
Dodge.....	5,888	161	4,695	6	.....	1,192	.....
Door.....	663	56	2,317	2	.....	.....	1,684
Douglas.....	2,159	176	4,323	96	.....	.....	2,164
Dunn.....	1,117	184	3,080	2	.....	.....	1,963
Eau Claire.....	2,010	180	4,308	42	.....	.....	2,238
Florence.....	112	17	515	3	.....	.....	403
Fond du Lac.....	5,179	210	6,149	17	.....	.....	970
Forest.....	91	17	577	1	.....	.....	283
Grant.....	3,244	288	5,601	20	.....	.....	2,357
Green.....	1,769	158	2,978	37	.....	.....	1,209
Green Lake.....	1,530	85	2,076	5	.....	.....	546
Iowa.....	1,750	190	3,263	12	.....	.....	1,518
Iron.....	356	38	1,319	3	.....	.....	963
Jackson.....	648	99	2,647	2	.....	.....	1,999
Jefferson.....	4,145	174	3,674	9	.....	472	.....
Juneau.....	1,587	99	2,969	2	.....	.....	1,322
Kenosha.....	2,109	57	3,028	19	.....	.....	919
Kewaunee.....	1,725	39	1,732	3	.....	.....	7
La Crosse.....	3,610	197	5,317	7	.....	.....	1,707
Lafayette.....	2,099	148	2,893	3	.....	.....	759
Langlade.....	1,115	46	1,571	6	.....	.....	456
Lincoln.....	1,580	71	2,108	13	.....	.....	523
Manitowoc.....	4,184	70	4,315	156	.....	.....	131
Marathon.....	3,838	129	4,651	26	.....	.....	813
Marquette.....	1,578	173	4,201	14	.....	.....	2,643
Marquette.....	870	47	1,558	.....	.....	.....	688
Milwaukee.....	25,589	752	34,559	4,750	.....	.....	8,970
Monroe.....	2,253	191	3,713	1	.....	.....	1,460
Oconto.....	1,132	73	2,730	3	.....	.....	1,598
Oncida.....	1,719	38	1,755	10	.....	.....	1,066
Outagamie.....	4,077	225	5,183	31	.....	.....	1,106
Ozaukee.....	1,967	36	1,287	13	.....	680	.....
Papin.....	484	34	1,034	.....	.....	.....	600
Pierce.....	1,031	226	3,437	4	.....	.....	2,406
Polk.....	673	74	2,746	15	.....	.....	2,070
Portage.....	2,640	84	3,257	5	.....	.....	617
Price.....	523	54	1,730	13	.....	.....	1,202
Racine.....	3,908	242	5,817	137	.....	.....	1,909
Richland.....	1,514	236	2,566	10	.....	.....	1,052
Rock.....	3,059	389	8,206	26	.....	.....	5,117
St. Croix.....	2,091	198	3,358	38	.....	.....	1,287
Sauk.....	2,499	281	4,302	11	.....	.....	1,803
Sawyer.....	239	24	679	2	.....	.....	30
Shawano.....	1,504	71	3,212	3	.....	.....	1,788
Sheboygan.....	4,059	116	5,907	850	.....	.....	1,818
Taylor.....	1,030	22	1,402	12	.....	.....	372
Trempealeau.....	1,184	165	3,361	1	.....	.....	2,177
Vernon.....	1,259	151	4,472	15	.....	.....	3,213
Vilas.....	503	37	1,194	9	.....	.....	691
Walworth.....	1,740	295	5,053	7	.....	.....	3,343
Washburn.....	246	23	809	1	.....	.....	563
Washington.....	2,510	45	2,601	8	.....	.....	91
Waukesha.....	3,029	244	5,100	15	.....	.....	2,071
Waupaca.....	1,389	260	5,238	4	.....	.....	3,869
Waushara.....	534	127	2,986	3	.....	.....	2,452
Winnebago.....	5,674	321	7,338	23	.....	.....	1,694
Wood.....	1,901	74	3,095	23	.....	.....	1,195
Total.....	159,757	9,904	263,966	6,709	.....	2,619	106,828
Hubbell's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,619
Harvey's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	104,209

Blank and scattering: Kenosha, 101; Outagamie, 1; St. Croix, 1; Washburn, 1; total 104, not in totals.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOYE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.						
	George W. Hill, Dem.	Verner M. Weeks, Pro.	Graham L. Rice, Rep.	Greek Ellis, Soc. Dem.	Wm. Ibs, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams	423	29	1,486	2			1,057
Ashland	1,610	103	2,965	31	7		1,355
Barron	941	158	2,958	2	1		2,017
Bayfield	622	80	2,421	7	10		1,799
Brown	3,603	134	4,852	23	2		1,244
Buffalo	1,207	54	2,082		1		875
Burnett	1,906	52	1,130	2	7		938
Calumet	1,900	54	1,629	20		271	
Chippewa	2,493	139	4,186	10	3		1,723
Clark	1,170	123	3,827	13	7		2,657
Columbia	2,169	274	4,747	20	2		2,578
Crawford	1,353	45	2,330		1		977
Dane	6,057	499	9,415	24	1		3,358
Dodge	5,822	174	4,739	6	2	1,033	
Door	603	55	2,344	2			1,681
Douglas	2,036	103	4,479	89	20		2,413
Dunn	1,137	136	3,017	2	1		1,920
Eau Claire	2,024	160	4,298	42	1		2,274
Florence	112	17	513	3	2		401
Fond du Lac	5,176	227	6,135	16	1		959
Forest	91	16	373	1			287
Grant	3,246	275	5,601	20	1		2,355
Green	1,765	153	2,975	39	1		1,210
Green Lake	1,529	83	2,076	4	1		517
Iowa	1,746	191	3,268	12	2		1,522
Iron	356	38	1,316	2	1		960
Jackson	653	93	2,611	8			1,983
Jefferson	4,153	176	3,653	3		495	
Juneau	1,587	99	2,903	3			1,319
Kenosha	2,109	57	3,028	19	2		920
Kewaunee	1,727	37	1,731	7			4
La Crosse	3,617	192	5,315	3	2		1,698
Lafayette	2,099	148	2,857	1	1		753
Langlade	1,163	55	1,511	6	5		342
Lincoln	1,579	73	2,109	13	2		530
Manitowoc	4,216	69	4,286	153	4		70
Marathon	3,839	127	4,643	25	35		809
Marinette	1,555	176	4,205	12	4		2,650
Marquette	870	47	1,553				683
Milwaukee	25,738	735	31,469	4,734	232		8,731
Monroe	2,217	193	3,716	1	3		1,469
Oconto	1,133	74	2,728	3			1,595
Oneida	743	37	1,763	10	2		1,020
Outagamie	4,086	227	5,165	31	3		1,079
Ozaukee	1,968	35	1,286	10	1	632	
Pepin	480	34	1,086				608
Pierce	1,035	226	3,432	4			2,396
Polk	678	70	2,744	13	12		2,066
Portage	2,637	85	3,257	5	1		620
Price	525	55	1,730	13	2		1,205
Racine	3,925	243	5,803	129	7		1,878
Richland	1,516	237	2,562	10			1,046
Rock	3,093	396	8,192	27	3		5,069
St. Croix	2,091	198	3,356	38	6		1,265
Sauk	2,515	279	4,285	10	4		1,770
Sawyer	298	23	681	2			383
Shawano	1,502	73	3,240	3	1		1,738
Sheboygan	4,095	121	5,889	317	47		1,704
Taylor	1,027	23	1,404	11	1		377
Trempealeau	1,186	166	3,358	1	1		2,172
Vernon	1,236	149	4,473	15	2		3,217
Vilas	504	38	1,193	10	1		689
Walworth	1,737	293	5,040	7			3,343
Washburn	245	28	807	1	4		562
Washington	2,516	47	2,594	7	1		78
Waukesha	3,027	252	5,094	14	2		2,067
Waupac	1,388	259	5,254	2	3		3,866
Wausara	528	127	2,985	3			2,457
Winnebago	5,678	300	7,379	23	6		1,701
Wood	1,906	75	3,087	30	5		1,181
Total	159,925	9,927	263,743	6,661	484	2,531	106,319
Hill's plurality							2,531
Rice's net plurality							103,818

Blank and scattering: Kenosha, 68, not in totals.

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

COUNTIES.	COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.						
	Robert A. Thompson, Dem.	Franklin R. Derrick, Pro.	Emil Giljohann, Rep.	Max Goeres, Soc. Dem.	Moritz Sehm, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Pru.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	412	26	1,507	2			1,035
Ashland.....	1,611	108	2,982	30	8		1,351
Barron.....	914	155	2,959	2	1		2,015
Bayfield.....	618	80	2,422	8	9		1,801
Brown.....	3,608	128	4,845	23	3		1,237
Buffalo.....	1,207	53	2,034		1		877
Burnett.....	200	51	1,123	6	9		923
Calumet.....	1,898	54	1,629	23		259	
Chippewa.....	2,459	139	4,187	8	4		1,723
Clark.....	1,166	123	3,890	13	7		2,661
Columbia.....	2,179	271	4,742	20	2		2,563
Crawford.....	1,358	44	2,336		1		963
Dane.....	6,038	497	9,413	19	1		3,315
Dodge.....	5,820	170	4,742	7	2	1,078	
Door.....	664	54	2,340	3			1,676
Douglas.....	2,171	187	4,276	88	22		2,105
Dunn.....	1,120	138	3,088	2	1		1,948
Eau Claire.....	2,005	179	4,307	41	1		2,302
Florence.....	112	17	513	3	2		401
Fond du Lac.....	5,182	208	6,131	17	2		952
Forest.....	91	16	378	1			247
Grant.....	3,243	276	5,608	20	1		2,365
Green.....	1,759	162	2,976	35			1,217
Green Lake.....	1,530	85	2,070	6	1		540
Iowa Lake.....	1,716	193	3,296	12			1,520
Iron.....	357	38	1,316	2	1		859
Jackson.....	618	98	2,644	2			1,993
Jefferson.....	4,148	174	3,710	8		438	
Jun-au.....	1,538	99	2,003	2			1,315
Kenosha.....	2,103	59	3,039	17	1		833
Kewaunee.....	1,733	37	1,727	3		6	
La Crosse.....	3,698	199	5,226	8	2		1,530
Lafayette.....	2,101	151	2,854	1	1		753
Lanlade.....	1,112	47	1,533	6	4		441
Lincoln.....	1,583	73	2,102	13	2		519
Manitowoc.....	4,162	70	4,238	158	4		106
Marathon.....	3,838	128	4,617	23	38		809
Marquette.....	1,554	173	4,206	13	4		2,652
Marquette.....	888	48	1,560				692
Milwaukee.....	25,440	740	34,639	4,726	227		9,119
Monroe.....	2,245	193	3,715				1,470
Ocon'o.....	1,130	74	2,731	3	3		1,601
Oneida.....	717	37	1,789	0	2		1,072
Outagamie.....	4,078	222	5,170	28	3		1,022
Ozaukee.....	1,975	86	1,276	14	1	699	
Pepin.....	480	34	1,086				606
Pierce.....	1,036	223	3,427	4			2,391
Polk.....	675	70	2,740	13	12		2,055
Portage.....	2,639	81	3,263	5	1		624
Price.....	528	54	1,723	13	2		1,200
Racine.....	3,910	250	5,816	120	5		1,906
Richland.....	1,514	233	2,563	10			1,019
Rock.....	3,085	396	8,183	27	4		5,103
St. Croix.....	2,092	197	3,357	37	8		1,265
Sauk.....	2,521	276	4,280	9	4		1,770
Sawyer.....	298	23	681	2			581
Shawano.....	1,499	72	3,213	3	2		1,714
Sheboygan.....	4,128	117	5,871	818	43		1,743
Taylor.....	1,035	22	1,397	11	1		362
Trempealeau.....	1,194	165	3,352	1	1		2,158
Vernon.....	1,251	149	4,473	15	2		3,219
Vilas.....	505	38	1,189	8	1		684
Walworth.....	1,734	297	5,075	6			3,311
Washburn.....	243	28	811		1		568
Washington.....	2,515	46	2,594	6	1		79
Waukesha.....	3,030	219	5,092	11	2		2,062
Waupaca.....	1,385	259	5,252	2	3		3,847
Waushara.....	523	128	2,985	3			2,457
Winnebago.....	5,665	300	7,889	25	6		1,724
Wood.....	1,903	75	3,087	36	5		1,184
Total.....	159,672	9,905	263,748	6,611	475	2,490	106,566
Thompson's plurality.....							2,490
Giljohann's net plurality.....							104,076

Blank and scattering; Kenosha, 103; La Crosse, 1; Sauk, 1; total 102, not in totals.



N.W.-LITHO-MIL.

WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVES, 57TH CONGRESS.

WEBSTER E. BROWN.	HENRY A. COOPER.	JOHN J. JENKINS.
HERMAN B. DAHLE.	SAMUEL S. BARNEY.	
JOHN J. ESCH.	JOSEPH W. BABCOCK.	EDWARD S. MINOR.
JAMES H. DAVIDSON.		THEOBALD OTJEN.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE.

BY DISTRICTS, COUNTIES AND PRECINCTS, 1900.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Gilbert T. Hodges, Dem.	John R. Beveridge, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN CO.					
Adams	103	1	70	33	.....
Albany	53	7	111	.....	58
Albany, village	53	27	120	.....	67
Brodhead, 1st ward	51 } 118	13 } 19	123 } 276	.....	158
2d ward	64 }	6 }	153 }	.....	104
Brooklyn	75	4	179	.....	.....
Brownstown	33	.....	39	3	.....
Cadiz	121	15	143	.....	25
Clarno	116	4	112	4	.....
Decatur	37	5	112	.....	75
Exeter	67	8	100	.....	53
Jefferson	78	16	190	.....	112
Jordan	99	2	87	12	.....
Monroe	95	1	77	18	.....
Monroe, city, 1st ward	90 } 402	8 } 19	150 } 543	.....	141
2d ward	92 }	2 }	97 }	.....	.....
3d ward	121 }	7 }	145 }	.....	.....
4th ward	99 }	2 }	150 }	.....	.....
Monticello	28	4	94	.....	66
Mount Pleasant	56	2	79	.....	23
New Glarus	90	2	136	.....	46
Spring Grove	58	8	139	.....	81
S. Ivester	21	8	136	.....	115
Washington	88	2	66	22	.....
York	25	6	157	.....	132
Total	1,816	160	2,960	92	1,236
Hodges' plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92
Cooper's net plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,144
KENOSHA CO.¹					
Brighton	135	1	98	27	.....
Bristol	61	1	225	.....	164
Kenosha, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct	180 } 1,249	3 } 28	181 } 1,574	.....	325
2d precinct	72 }	3 }	220 }	.....	.....
2d ward	174 }	4 }	310 }	.....	.....
3d ward	187 }	5 }	327 }	.....	.....
4th ward	142 }	4 }	173 }	.....	.....
5th ward	139 }	3 }	176 }	.....	.....
6th ward	173 }	2 }	83 }	.....	.....
7th ward	182 }	4 }	104 }	.....	.....
8th ward	102	1	103	.....	1
Paris	133	6	265	.....	133
Pleasant Prairie	33	2	126	.....	93
Randall	130	6	275	.....	106
Salem	102	9	320	.....	218
Somers	91	.....	101	.....	10
Wheatland .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,065	54	3,088	27	1,050
Hodges' plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Cooper's net plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,023
LAFAYETTE CO.					
Argyle	87	11	227	.....	140
Belmont	83	1	88	Tie	Tie
Belmont, village	59	6	73	.....	14
Benton	82	5	146	.....	64
Benton, village	51	3	79	.....	28

¹ In Kenosha county, 102 blank and scattering votes not counted in totals.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Gilbert T. Hodges, Dem.	John R. Beveridge, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LAFAYETTE CO.—Con.					
Blanchard	45		68		23
Blanchardville	29	4	119		90
Darlington, 1st precinct	223 } 357	5 } 21	215 } 368		11
2d precinct	134 }	16 }	153 }		
Elk Grove	71	10	105		31
Fayette	87	2	103		21
Gratiot	127	12	150		23
Gratiot, village	47	2	39	8	
Kendall	108		43	65	
Lamont	38	5	85		47
Monticello	34	2	49		15
New Diggings	93	9	172		79
Seymour	111	2	81	30	
Shullsburg	271	5	269	2	
Wayne	67	26	181		114
White Oak Springs	19		64		45
Willow Springs	132	12	69	63	
Wiota	108	9	257		149
Total	2,111	147	2,810	168	897
Hodges' plurality					168
Cooper's net plurality					729
RACINE CO.					
Burlington	156	6	69	87	
Burlington, city, 1st ward	73 } 324	5 } 12	47 } 244	80	
2d ward	65 }	4 }	95 }		
3d ward	99 }	2 }	43 }		
4th ward	87 }	1 }	61 }		
Caledonia	279	10	226	53	
Dover	96	6	115		19
Mt. Pleasant	122	15	346		224
Norway	36	4	169		133
Racine, city:					
1st ward	159	7	235		
2d ward	131	16	488		
3d ward, north precinct	120	6	317		
south precinct	205	5	225		
4th ward, east precinct	190	3	160		
west precinct	211	5	202		
5th ward, east precinct	181	6	335		
south precinct	156 } 2,461	6 } 120	325 } 3,992		1,531
6th ward, center precinct	71	21	311		
north precinct	158	6	297		
south precinct	175	15	365		
7th ward, east precinct	226	11	223		
west precinct	246 } 173	7 } 6	200 } 137		
Raymond	57	8	261		204
Rochester	47	4	124		77
Union Grove, village	14	13	111		97
Waterford	136	19	280		94
Yorkville	26	13	167		141
Total	3,754	230	6,054	220	2,520
Hodges' plurality					220
Cooper's net plurality					2,300
ROCK CO.					
Avon	47	2	119		72
Beloit	28		115		87
Beloit, city, 1st ward	105 } 504	11 } 84	278 } 1,931		1,427
2d ward	119 }	24 }	461 }		
3d ward	91 }	12 }	316 }		
4th ward	103 }	21 }	473 }		
5th ward	81 }	13 }	373 }		
Bradford	74	2	109		35
Center	39	3	177		138
Clinton	59	11	189		130
Clinton, village	52	20	173		120
Edgerton, city	123	17	379		256

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Gilbert T. Hodges, Dem.	John R. Beveridge, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK Co.—Con.					
Evansville, city.....	71	39	415	.....	344
Fulton.....	92	8	202	.....	110
Harmony.....	46	10	150	.....	104
Janesville.....	65	4	114	.....	49
Janesville, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	78 }	7 }	133 }		
2d precinct.....	82	11	270		
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	66	3	114		
2d precinct.....	102	7	195		
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	87 }	11 }	270 }	1,756	641
2d precinct.....	75	10	237		
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	180	10	167		
2d precinct.....	221	11	201		
5th ward.....	224 }	9 }	169 }		
Johnstown.....	80	12	114	.....	34
La Prairie.....	29	6	110	.....	81
Lima.....	44	4	176	.....	132
Magnolia.....	82	9	144	.....	62
Milton, 1st precinct.....	80 }	23 }	214 }		341
2d precinct.....	42 }	21 }	219 }		
Newark.....	25	1	183	.....	158
Orfordville, village.....	11	5	99	.....	88
Plymouth.....	80	6	226	.....	146
Porter.....	98	6	167	.....	69
Rock.....	79	5	134	.....	55
Spring Valley.....	23	3	218	.....	195
Turtle.....	57	3	170	.....	113
Union.....	40	8	183	.....	143
Total.....	3,085	391	8,215	.....	5,130
Hodges' plurality.....				.....
Cooper's net plurality.....				.....	5,130
WALWORTH Co.					
Bloomfield.....	76	3	214	.....	168
Darien.....	58	7	223	.....	130
Delavan.....	60	8	182	.....	122
Delavan, city, 1st ward.....	41 }	8 }	94 }		
2d ward.....	62 }	7 }	132 }	373	230
3d ward.....	40 }	4 }	117 }		
East Troy.....	54	2	161	.....	110
East Troy, village.....	51	7	101	.....	50
Elkhorn, city, 1st ward.....	39 }	11 }	94 }		
2d ward.....	34 }	8 }	111 }	296	174
3d ward.....	49 }	9 }	91 }		
Geneva.....	66	15	181	.....	115
Lafayette.....	78	5	161	.....	83
La Grange.....	22	6	192	.....	170
Lake Geneva, city, 1st ward.....	48 }	10 }	162 }		
2d ward.....	59 }	9 }	111 }	454	289
3d ward.....	58 }	10 }	181 }		
Lynn.....	61	12	162	.....	101
Lyons.....	118	3	201	.....	83
Richmond.....	53	6	134	.....	81
Sharon.....	35	8	161	.....	134
Sharon, village.....	36	35	197	.....	161
Spring Prairie.....	41	9	218	.....	176
Sugar Creek.....	45	26	164	.....	119
Troy.....	82	12	150	.....	68
Walworth.....	49	18	357	.....	308
Whitewater.....	49	5	162	.....	113
Whitewater, city, 1st ward.....	69 }	10 }	179 }		
2d ward.....	74 }	11 }	212 }	609	389
3d ward.....	77 }	8 }	188 }		
Total.....	1,725	297	5,009	.....	3,374
Hodges' plurality.....				.....
Cooper's net plurality.....				.....	3,374

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Gilbert T. Hodges, Dem.	John R. Beveridge, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Green.....	1,816	160	2,960	1,144	4,936
Kenosha.....	2,065	54	3,088	1,023	5,207
Lafayette.....	2,111	147	2,810	729	5,098
Racine.....	3,751	230	6,054	2,300	10,035
Rock.....	3,085	391	8,215	5,130	11,691
Walworth.....	1,725	297	5,099	3,374	7,121
Total.....	14,556	1,279	28,256	13,700	44,091
Cooper's net plurality.....	13,700				

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Green.....	1,748	116	3,033	37	.....	1,290	4,969
Kenosha ¹	2,213	60	2,946	16	3	733	5,238
Lafayette.....	2,066	141	2,903	1	1	837	5,112
Racine.....	4,019	234	5,748	125	7	1,729	10,133
Rock.....	3,073	380	8,253	25	6	5,180	11,746
Walworth.....	1,735	299	5,074	6	.....	3,319	7,134
Total.....	14,874	1,259	27,962	210	17	13,083	44,332
Net. Rep. plu.	13,083						

¹ Kenosha county cast 85 votes blank and scattering, not in totals.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Lemuel T. Davies, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
COLUMBIA Co.					
Arlington	34	13	132		98
Caledonia	99	10	123		29
Cambria, village	30	15	133		103
Columbus	85	2	97		12
Columbus, city, 1st ward	65	6	140	} 349	124
2d ward	75	2	99		
3d ward	85	4	110		
Courtland	46	10	173		127
Dekorra	44	2	133		89
Fort Winnebago	72	3	80		8
Fountain Prairie	130	7	211		81
Hampden	92	8	107		15
Kilbourn City, village	114		156		42
Leeds	57	6	143		85
Lewiston	39	3	123		89
Lodi	32	6	142		110
Lodi, village	43	10	200		161
Lowville	50	7	103		59
Marcellon	43	9	131		80
Newport	33		86		50
Otsego	66	12	207		141
Pacific	17	3	24		7
Pardeeville, village	31	12	160		129
Portage, city, 1st ward	79	3	63	} 716	184
2d ward	98	12	132		
3d ward	66	6	100		
4th ward	131	2	187		
5th ward	155	10	192		
Poyrette, village	46	15	102		56
Randolph	61	9	132		71
Randolph, vill., W. ward	4	2	55		51
Rio, village	19	7	103		87
Scott	40	6	123		83
Springvale	30	10	126		96
West Point	64	5	169		45
Wycocena	42	16	200		158
Total	2,233	254	4,707		2,474
Aylward's plurality					
Dahle's net plurality					2,474
DANE Co.					
Albion	34	29	310		276
Belleville, village	37	4	67		30
Berry	145	3	47	98	
Black Earth	111	16	88	23	
Bloomings Grove	103	6	124		21
Blue Mounds	47	2	133		141
Bristol	141	7	134	7	
Burke	78	10	136		103
Cambridge, village	25	4	129		104
Christiana	80	6	282		202
Cottage Grove	92	11	212		120
Cross Plains	238	1	46	192	
Dane	79	5	99		20
Dane, village	27		28		1
Deerfield	82	4	142		60
Deerfield, village	49	4	93		44
Dunkirk	67	16	272		205
Dunn	64	14	180		116
Fitchburg	126	5	307		181
Madison	91	9	257		166
Madison, city:					
1st ward	194	11	336		
2d ward	232	3	231		
3d ward	234	5	177		
4th ward, 1st precinct	164	4	153		
2d precinct	203	10	291		
5th ward, 1st precinct	216	15	166	} 2,142	189
2d precinct	152	9	207		
Total	2,331	70	4,707		2,474

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Lemuel T. Davies, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE COUNTY—Con.					
Madison, city:					
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	233	3	142		
2d precinct.....	95	2	233		
7th ward.....	230	5	162		
8th ward.....	358	3	44		
Mazomanie.....	65	8	104		39
Mazomanie, village.....	119	7	155		36
Medina.....	140	8	122	13	
Middleton.....	215	2	89	126	
Montrose.....	122	9	173		51
Mt. Horeb, village.....	50	3	120		70
Oregon.....	86	10	119		33
Oregon, village.....	69	9	190		121
Perry.....	45	4	128		83
Primrose.....	30	7	270		240
Pleasant Springs.....	33	8	24	9	
Roxbury.....	167	1	291		124
Rutland.....	26	9	151		128
Springdale.....	73	2	28	35	
Springfield.....	193	2	257		64
Stoughton, city, 1st ward.....	47	26	337		
2d ward.....	137	45	437		300
Sun Prairie.....	90	19	100		31
Sun Prairie, village.....	112	7	198		85
Vienna.....	40	6	102		62
Vernon.....	144	20	119	25	
Vermont.....	67	3	39	28	
Waunakee, village.....	74		111		37
Westport.....	122	6	270		118
Windsor.....	113	18	93	20	
York.....	118	8		118	
Total.....	6,516	443	9,077	888	13,419
Aylward's plurality.....					883
Dahle's net plurality.....					2,561
DODGE Co.					
Ashippun.....	133		152		19
Beaver Dam.....	158	7	104	54	
Beaver Dam, city, 1st ward.....	141	1	45		
2d ward.....	204	2	123		
3d ward.....	117	22	193	166	
4th ward.....	205	9	139		
Burnett.....	125	4	123	2	
Calamus.....	106	14	112		6
Chester.....	79		88		9
Clyman.....	172	5	103	66	
Elba.....	153	8	122	31	
Emmett.....	177	2	97	80	
Fox Lake.....	51	4	13		84
Fox Lake, village.....	160	7	120		20
Herman.....	172	1	139	33	
Horicon, city, 1st ward.....	90		36		
2d ward.....	71	2	32	75	
3d ward.....	46	2	61		
Hubbard.....	170	1	148	22	
Hustisford.....	225	5	170	53	
Juneau, city, 1st ward.....	92	1	37	75	115
2d ward.....	98	1	38		
Lebanon.....	210		81	129	
Leroy.....	130	6	145		15
Lomira.....	133	1	223		90
Lomira, village.....	56		52	4	
Lowell.....	225	3	180	45	
Lowell, village.....	49	2	35	14	
Mayville, city, 1st ward.....	75		51		
2d ward.....	65		20	163	102
3d ward.....	130		97		

1 Two blank votes in Dane county are not counted in totals.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Lemuel T. Davies, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DODGE CO.—Con.					
Oak Grove	180	2	154	26	.....
Portland	155	4	85	70	.....
Randolph, east ward	38	7	104	.....	66
Reeseville, village	60	.....	47	13	.....
Rubicon	184	3	177	7	.....
Shields	185	1	87	148	.....
Theresa	161	1	133	28	.....
Theresa, village	60	1	34	26	.....
Trenton	120	4	214	.....	94
Watertown, city, 5th ward	168 } 377	2 }	35 } 127	250	.....
6th ward	209 }	2 }	89 }	.....	133
Waupun, south ward	162	10	265	.....	.....
Westford	134	2	52	82	.....
Williamstown	139	2	86	53	.....
Total	5,857	147	4,724	1,699	566
Dahle's plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	563	.....
Aylward's net plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	1,133	.....
JEFFERSON CO.					
Aztalan	184	4	116	68	.....
Cold Spring	35	2	87	.....	52
Concord	153	4	108	45	.....
Farmington	291	3	113	173	.....
Ft. Atkinson, city, 1st ward	61	21	138	.....	.....
2d ward	69	7	129	.....	175
3d ward	81	9	77	473	.....
4th ward	87	8	129	.....	.....
Hebron	87	7	131	.....	44
Ixonia	213	1	125	88	.....
Jefferson, 1st precinct	162	4	84	.....	.....
2d precinct	99	2	32	.....	.....
Jefferson, city, 1st ward	101	7	62	286	433
2d ward	115	.....	45	.....	.....
3d ward	131	.....	43	.....	.....
4th ward	111	1	20	.....	.....
Koshkonong	163	8	167	.....	4
Lake Mills	100	8	156	.....	56
Lake Mills, village	79	12	252	.....	173
Milford	108	9	142	.....	34
Oakland	127	3	170	.....	43
Palmyra	23	7	167	.....	139
Palmyra, village	40	12	140	.....	100
Sullivan	130	9	213	.....	83
Sumner	47	7	89	.....	33
Waterloo	128	2	65	63	.....
Waterloo, village	132	10	104	78	.....
Watertown	228	2	108	120	.....
Watertown, city, 1st ward	279	.....	206	.....	.....
2d ward	191	.....	105	.....	.....
3d ward	146	1	76	464	409
4th ward	92	.....	40	.....	.....
7th ward	165	3	37	.....	.....
Total	4,213	165	3,667	1,482	936
Dahle's plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	936	.....
Aylward's net plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	545	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL)

Counties.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Lemuel T. Davies, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Columbia	2,233	254	4,707	.....	2,474	7,191
Dane	6,516	443	9,077	.....	2,561	16,036
Dodge	5,857	147	4,724	1,133	.....	10,788
Jefferson	4,213	166	3,667	516	.....	8,016
Total	18,819	1,010	22,175	1,679	5,035	42,001
Aylward's plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,679	.....
Dahle's net plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,356	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. La Follette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Columbia	2,139	267	4,803	18	2	.....	2,664	7,229
Dane	5,750	465	9,837	18	3	.....	4,087	16,073
Dodge	5,832	170	4,735	6	2	1,117	.....	10,765
Jefferson	4,160	170	3,733	7	.....	427	.....	8,070
Total	17,901	1,072	23,103	49	7	1,544	6,751	42,137
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,544	.....
Net Rep. plu... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,207	.....

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Edward L. Luckow, Dem.	William A. Breeden, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS CO.					
Adams	29	6	94		65
Big Flats	36		83		47
Colburn	15		76		61
Dell Prairie	45	2	76		31
Easton	30	1	86		56
Jackson	11	3	123		109
Leola	10		62		50
Lincoln	18	1	67		49
Monroe	7	2	117		110
New Chester	12	2	59		47
New Haven	65		118		53
Preston	17	3	32		15
Quincy	22		60		38
Richfield	23	2	68		45
Rome	23	2	93		69
Springville	26	1	98		72
Strong's Prairie	26	1	193		167
Total	421	26	1,505		1,084
Luckow's plurality					
Babcock's net plurality					1,084
CRAWFORD CO.					
Bridgeport	31	1	35		5
Clayton	132	7	254		132
De Soto, village	11	1	6	5	
Eastman	159	2	113	46	
Freeman	33	2	22		219
Gays Mill, village	12		69		57
Haney	62	3	149		87
Lynxville, village	13		79		66
Marietta	63	2	143		80
Prairie du Chien	66	4	28	33	
Prairie du Chien, city:					
1st ward	61	1	41		
2d ward	122	2	113		
3d ward	103	3	120		
4th ward	36	1	45		
Scott	93		122		29
Seneca	168	1	101	67	
Soldiers Grove, village	30	5	131		101
Stauben, village	27	2	44		17
Utica	55	2	294		239
Wauzeka	55		53		4
Wauzeka, village	22	3	59		67
Total	1,359	42	2,531	154	1,136
Luckow's plurality					161
Babcock's net plurality					972
GRANT CO.					
Beetown	106	11	169		63
Bloomington	62	7	77		15
Bloomington, village	39	11	101		62
Boscobel	139	14	235		156
Cassville	86	1	53	53	
Cassville, village	107	3	102	5	
Castle Rock	92		43	49	
Clifton	43	8	136		143
Cuba City, village	67	4	102		35
Ellenboro	22	4	170		143
Fennimore	39	15	152		113
Fennimore, village	73	10	163		90
Glen Haven	74	4	106		34
Harrison	54	2	157		103
Hazel Green	115	2	108	7	
Hazel Green, village	46	9	76		30

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Edward L. Luckow, Dem.	William A. Breedon, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT Co.—Con.					
Hickory Grove.....	41	2	112		71
Jamestown.....	161	1	44	117	
Lancaster.....	119	12	265		116
Lancaster City.....	161	18	435		274
Liberty.....	88	3	106		18
Lima.....	55	4	174		119
Little Grant.....	27	5	99		72
Marion.....	69	5	45	24	
Millville.....	10	16	48		38
Montfort, village.....	35	6	110		75
Mt. Hope.....	53	15	103		53
Mt. Ida.....	70	11	97		27
Muscoda.....	51	2	45	6	
Muscoda, village.....	125	3	59	66	
Paris.....	96	4	71	25	
Patch Grove.....	62	11	95		33
Platteville, 1st precinct.....	137	12	27	314	
2d precinct.....	194	15	27	332	676
Potosi.....	187	5	161	26	
Potosi, village.....	74	3	40	34	
Smelser.....	77	8	111		64
Waterloo.....	60	1	137		77
Watertown.....	35		66		31
Wingville.....	39	1	144		105
Woodman.....	68	9	45	23	
Wyalusing.....	57	11	161		104
Total.....	3,313	294	5,512	415	2,644
Luckow's plurality.....					415
Babcock's net plurality.....					2,229
IOWA Co.					
Arena.....	107		191		84
Brigham.....	73	9	262		139
Clyde.....	88	4	64	14	
Dodgeville.....	88	21	229		141
Dodgeville, city.....	133	36	320		187
Eden.....	83	9	130		50
Highland.....	169	4	131	38	
Highland, village.....	121	3	73	48	
Linden.....	54	18	186		132
Linden, village.....	21	6	143		122
Millin.....	64		261		230
Mineral Point.....	75	9	140		65
Mineral Point, city, 1st ward.....	65				
2d ward.....	63	10	104		
3d ward.....	66	6	161		
4th ward.....	73	5	72	425	153
Moscow.....	58	1	211		153
Pulaski.....	145		141	14	
Ridgeway.....	132	11	140		8
Waldwick.....	70	6	91		21
Wyoming.....	41	9	95		54
Total.....	1,781	171	3,226	114	1,559
Luckow's plurality.....					114
Babcock's net plurality.....					1,445
JUNEAU Co.					
Armenia.....	39		134		95
Camp Douglas, village.....	33	1	71		38
Clearfield.....	31		65		34
Cutler.....	23	1	55		32
Elroy, 1st ward.....	59	4	105		
2d ward.....	77	3	143	248	112
Finley.....	13	3	31		13
Fountain.....	56	7	146		90

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Edward L. Luckow, Dem.	William A. Breeden, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—Con.					
Germantown.....	42	2	53		11
Kildare.....	90	1	103		16
Kingston.....	9		52		43
Lemonweir.....	93	6	210		117
Lindina.....	87	12	155		68
Lisbon.....	22	1	112		90
Lyndon.....	68		37	31	
Marion.....	39	1	39	Tie	Tie
Mauston, 1st ward.....	56 } 157	3 } 15	120 } 263		103
2d ward.....	101 }	12 }	146 }		
Needah.....	109	9	248		139
New Lisbon, 1st ward.....	30 } 47	.. }	94 } 193		143
2d ward.....	17 }	.. }	99 }		
Orange.....	32	4	78		46
Plymouth.....	65	3	150		85
Seven Mile Creek.....	125	3	44	81	
Summit.....	97	4	115		18
Wonevoc.....	124	4	170		40
Wonevoc, village.....	90	5	105		18
Total.....	1,627	89	2,886	112	1,371
Luckow's plurality.....					112
Babcock's net plurality.....					1,259
RICHLAND Co.					
Akan.....	83	2	139		51
Bloom.....	35	13	170		85
Buena Vista.....	85	17	138		53
Dayton.....	87	8	123		39
Eagle.....	33	5	132		49
Forest.....	47	4	123		76
Henrietta.....	99	16	93	1	
Ithaca.....	62	14	92	Tie	Tie
Lone Rock, village.....	60	2	67		7
Marshall.....	28	10	171		143
Orion.....	59	4	117		58
Richland.....	64	11	115		51
Richland Center:					
1st ward.....	52 } 164	20 } 49	118 } 362		168
2d ward.....	69 }	10 }	120 }		
3d ward.....	43 }	19 }	124 }		
Richwood.....	118	7	185		67
Rockbridge.....	80	20	120		40
Sylvan.....	75	33	103		28
Viola, village ¹	18		63		45
Westford.....	143	6	93	50	
Willow.....	51	21	145		94
Total.....	1,526	242	2,559	51	1,033
Luckow's plurality.....					51
Babcock's net plurality.....					982
SABK Co.					
Ableman, village.....	34	4	55		21
Baraboo.....	70	12	210		140
Baraboo, city, 1st ward.....	133 } 502	8 } 21	307 } 718		246
2d ward.....	224 }	11 }	275 }		
3d ward.....	145 }	2 }	166 }		
Bear Creek.....	124	1	79	45	
Dellona.....	76	2	65	11	
Delton.....	40	10	151		111
Excelsior.....	55	13	122		67
Fairfield.....	35	30	105		70
Franklin.....	153	2	56	97	
Freedom.....	35	1	118		83
Greenfield.....	42	7	118		76
Honey Creek.....	75	1	103		28

¹ One blank vote in Viola village not in total.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Edward L. Luckow, Dem.	William A. Breeden, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK Co.—Con.					
Ironton	89	19	174		85
La Valle	102	4	119		17
La Valle, village.....	21	6	62		41
Merrimack	51	1	59		8
Merrimack, village	22	8	51		32
North Freedom, village	20	13	77		57
Prairie du Sac	43	1	48		5
Prairie du Sac, village.....	53	3	116		63
Reedsburg	78	5	119		41
Reedsburg, city, 1st ward.....	103	6	161		98
Reedsburg, city, 2d ward.....	121	23	161		41
Sauk City, village.....	116	2	80	36	
Spring Green	75	2	85		10
Spring Green, village.....	67	4	106		39
Sumpter	23	13	118		90
Troy	29	2	150		160
Washington.....	79	3	131		57
Westfield	157	2	94	3	
Winfield	114	11	95	19	
Woodland.....	121	23	116	5	
Total.....	2,730	253	4,039	276	1,645
Luckow's plurality					276
Babcock's net plurality.....					1,369
VERNON Co.¹					
Bergen	59	3	163		107
Christiana	15	7	276		261
Chilton	40	5	199		159
Coon	13	2	230		237
De Soto, village	9	3	57		48
Forest	55	13	175		120
Franklin	63		217		154
Genoa	93		101		8
Greenwood	85		94		9
Hamburg	42	8	169		127
Harmony	25	5	163		128
Hillsboro	64	4	125		61
Hillsboro, village	44	2	114		70
Jefferson	50	6	239		189
Kickapoo	35		143		108
La Farge	41	10	85		45
Liberty	25	1	67		42
Ontario, village	33	4	47		14
Readstown, village	25	4	85		60
Stark	45	6	141		96
Sterling	47	5	176		129
Union	53	4	76		20
Viola, village	5	1	48		43
Viroqua	52	7	307		255
Viroqua, city, 1st ward	31	4	129		
Viroqua, city, 2d ward	16	8	121		
Viroqua, city, 3d ward	42	7	133		296
Webster	51	3	172		121
Westby, village	16	11	100		84
Wheatland	23	3	105		83
Whitestown	47	9	123		81
Total.....	1,230	145	4,415		3,185
Luckow's plurality					
Babcock's net plurality.....					3,185

¹ Two blank votes in Vernon county not in totals.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Edward L. Luckow, Dem.	William A. Breedon, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Adams	421	26	1,505	1,084	1,952
Crawford	1,359	42	2,331	972	3,732
Grant	3,313	294	5,512	2,229	9,149
Iowa	1,781	171	3,226	1,445	5,178
Juneau	1,627	89	2,886	1,259	4,602
Richland.....	1,523	242	2,559	982	4,327
Sauk	2,730	256	4,099	1,369	7,085
Vernon.....	1,260	145	4,445	3,185	5,850
Total.....	14,017	1,265	26,593	12,525	41,875
Babcock's plurality.....	12,525				

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. La Follette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank B. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Adams.....	404	26	1,529	3	.....	1,128	1,962
Crawford.....	1,334	45	2,332	1	1	973	3,733
Grant.....	3,192	272	5,683	22	3	2,491	9,172
Iowa.....	1,690	180	3,355	11	..	1,665	5,236
Juneau.....	1,571	98	2,932	2	.....	1,361	4,603
Richland.....	1,595	233	2,574	10	.....	1,069	4,322
Sauk.....	2,478	269	4,357	9	4	1,879	7,117
Vernon.....	1,203	143	4,514	15	2	3,311	5,877
Total.....	13,397	1,266	27,276	73	10	13,577	42,022
Net Rep. plu..	13,877						

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Cities, Towns, Villages and Wards.	Geo. W. Peck, Dem.	Eden W. Drake, Pro.	Theo. Otjen, Rep.	Robert Meis-ter, S. Dem	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
MILWAUKEE Co - (part.)							
Cudahy, village.....	152	4	142	3	10	.....	301
Franklin.....	116	5	180	5	.....	64	306
Greenfield.....	283	21	639	22	.....	356	968
Lake.....	316	17	465	27	.....	119	855
Milwaukee city, 1st ward	889	18	1,008	52	.....	219	2,027
2d ward.....	1,052	12	1,073	26	.....	21	2,363
3d ward.....	896	6	404	8	492	.....	1,314
4th ward.....	1,415	16	1,311	49	104	.....	2,791
5th ward.....	1,001	37	1,103	56	.....	22	2,317
6th ward.....	1,177	19	1,441	215	.....	261	2,852
7th ward.....	633	6	1,002	36	.....	424	1,742
8th ward.....	1,615	72	2,401	204	.....	786	4,292
9th ward.....	1,421	15	1,632	408	.....	231	3,496
11th ward.....	1,470	57	1,809	375	.....	389	3,761
12th ward.....	1,163	23	1,124	261	39	.....	2,571
14th ward.....	2,135	34	757	135	1,373	.....	3,062
15th ward.....	963	22	1,674	185	.....	706	2,849
16th ward.....	792	31	1,390	21	.....	598	2,234
17th ward.....	647	19	1,229	106	.....	582	2,001
18th ward.....	1,522	21	1,200	15	522	.....	2,758
19th ward.....	1,483	31	1,846	523	.....	358	3,893
Oak Creek.....	143	.....	154	1	.....	11	298
South Milwaukee, city..	302	7	443	12	.....	141	764
Total.....	21,691	466	24,637	2,991	2,345	5,291	49,815
Peck's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,315	.....
Otjen's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,946	.....
Totals, Milw., city.....	20,349	439	22,614	2,921	2,335	4,600	46,323

Blank and scattering, 4 votes not in totals.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Cities, Towns, Vil-lages and Wards.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Bur-ritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M LaFol-lette, Rep.	How'rd Tuttle, Dem	Frank A. Wilke, So. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
MILWAUKEE CO.								
Cudahy, village, Franklin, Green-field, Lake and Oak Creek.....	1,035	51	1,570	65	7	16	551	2,731
Milwaukee, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	801	18	1,144	55	4	.....	343	2,022
2d ward.....	995	11	1,116	238	12	.....	121	2,372
3d ward.....	801	7	412	8	2	449	.....	1,230
4th ward.....	1,341	19	1,378	47	14	.....	34	2,802
5th ward.....	1,033	38	1,135	103	2	.....	96	2,322
6th ward.....	1,110	20	1,485	222	22	.....	345	2,89
7th ward.....	576	9	1,123	40	.....	.....	547	1,748
8th ward.....	1,587	65	2,420	209	6	.....	833	4,287
9th ward.....	1,395	14	1,670	422	23	.....	274	3,525
11th ward.....	1,453	58	1,883	374	27	.....	457	3,795
12th ward.....	1,141	22	1,117	211	9	.....	1	2,520
11th ward.....	2,125	34	766	133	13	1,359	.....	3,071
15th ward.....	911	27	1,718	185	5	.....	8	2,846
16th ward.....	734	36	1,437	24	.....	.....	7	2,231
17th ward.....	634	19	1,205	113	6	.....	5	1,997
18th ward.....	1,455	24	1,243	60	5	212	.....	2,787
19th ward.....	1,133	36	1,891	529	13	.....	453	3,507
So. Milwaukee, city	293	11	447	13	2	.....	154	766
Total.....	20,968	522	23,190	3,056	172	2,036	6,253	49,908
Bomrich's plu.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,036	.....
LaFollette's net plu.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,222	.....
Totals, Milw., city..	19,640	457	23,173	2,978	163	2,020	5,553	46,411

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	W. D. Cox, Pro.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Henry C. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE CO.						
East Milwaukee, village	23	1	55	1	.....	32
Granville	165	.....	219	.....	.....	54
Milwaukee	201	10	357	36	.....	156
Milwaukee, city:						
10th ward	1,231	29	1,746	331	} 1,463	2,014
13th ward	1,315	35	1,555	260		
20th ward	791	31	1,708	499		
21st ward	700	27	1,042	323		
North Milwaukee, vil.	99	.....	132	7		
Wauwatosa	614	34	1,325	67	.....	1,211
Wauwatosa, city	102	16	426	6	.....	324
Whitefish Bay, village	16	.....	68	2	.....	52
Total	5,257	183	9,133	1,582	.....	3,876
Wiesse's plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barney's net plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,876
OZAUKEE CO.						
Belgium	265	.....	62	2	203	.....
Cedarburg	184	1	94	1	90	.....
Cedarburg, city	194	2	134	1	.....	.....
Fredonia	28	5	74	.....	181	.....
Grafton	109	.....	67	1	42	.....
Grafton, village	60	.....	51	.....	19	.....
Mequon	252	8	235	.....	65	.....
Port Washington	136	2	71	3	242	.....
Port Washington, city	497	8	255	3	79	.....
Saukville	188	4	109	2	.....	.....
Total	2,143	30	1,150	13	993	.....
Barney's plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Weisse's net plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	993
SHEBOYGAN CO.						
Cedar Grove, village	14	.....	74	1	.....	60
Elkhart Lake	56	.....	36	1	20	.....
Greenbush	126	7	223	3	.....	100
Herrman	212	4	161	1	81	.....
Holland, 1st precinct	104	} 2	306	} 508	.....	396
2d precinct	8					
Lima	135	4	302	.....	.....	167
Lyndon	103	6	314	.....	.....	206
Mitchell	169	3	123	.....	41	.....
Mosel	59	4	105	.....	.....	46
Plymouth	105	.....	195	.....	.....	90
Plymouth city, 1st ward	135	3	182	10	} 15	73
2d ward	83	2	109	5		
Rhine	143	4	103	.....	40	.....
Russell	62	3	30	.....	32	.....
Scott	100	6	218	.....	.....	118
Sheboygan	198	3	141	30	57	.....
Sheboygan, city:						
1st ward	282	2	341	45	} 622	314
2d ward	235	4	252	14		
3d ward	146	4	213	36		
4th ward	294	3	323	86		
5th ward	210	10	233	79		
6th ward	192	2	136	79		
7th ward	293	6	118	118		
8th ward, 1st precinct	251	7	184	46		
2d precinct	305	5	129	88		
Sheboygan Falls	219	4	120	5	99	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village	293	2	81	1	212	.....
Sherman	220	5	194	.....	26	.....
Wilson	68	1	121	.....	.....	33
Total	4,915	106	5,282	679	922	1,289
Weisse's plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	922
Barney's net plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	367

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	W. D. Cox, Pro.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Henry C. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WASHINGTON CO.						
Addison.....	247	4	111		136	
Barton.....	136	1	113		23	
Erin.....	185	5	98		87	
Farmington.....	182		148		14	
Germantown.....	181		231			50
Hartford.....	163	4	156		7	
Hartford, city, 1st ward	90 } 181	1 } 4	133 } 250	1 } 3		
Hartford, city, 2d ward	91 } 181	4 } 5	117 } 250	2 } 3		69
Jackson.....	147	3	233	1		86
Kewaskum.....	28	2	113			30
Kewaskum, village.....	75	3	87			12
Polk.....	130		207			77
Richfield.....	208	6	145		63	
Schlesingerville, village	44	2	56			12
Trenton.....	221	3	104		117	
Wayne.....	97		194			97
West Bend.....	103	2	61	1	42	
West Bend, city:						
1st ward.....	135 } 210	1 } 4	95 } 211			
2d ward.....	105 } 210	3 } 4	116 } 211		29	
Total.....	2,611	44	2,526	5	518	433
Barney's plurality.....					433	
Weisse's net plurality.....					85	
WAUKESHA CO.						
Brookfield.....	229	6	270		19	
Delafield.....	87	2	235			148
Eagle.....	102	8	92		10	
Eagle, village.....	45	4	35		9	
Genesee.....	194	17	228			124
Hartland, village.....	64	3	121			57
Lisbon.....	136	5	245			103
Menomonee.....	244	22	189		45	
Menomonee Falls, village	68	28	95			27
Merton.....	171		236			65
Mukwonago.....	80	18	229			149
Muskego.....	100	10	176			76
New Berlin.....	193	7	144		49	
Oconomowoc.....	96	2	193			100
Oconomowoc, city:						
1st precinct.....	168 } 251	9 } 16	185 } 385	1 } 1		134
2d precinct.....	83 } 251	7 } 16	200 } 385	1 } 1		
Ottawa.....	71	5	133			67
Pewaukee.....	153	7	218	1		65
Pewaukee, village.....	63	1	118			55
Summit.....	51	2	101			153
Vernon.....	74	25	121			150
Waukesha.....	60	8	160			100
Waukesha, city:						
1st ward.....	93 } 633	13 } 41	161 } 1,099	3 } 3		
2d ward.....	188 } 633	7 } 41	200 } 1,099	3 } 3		
3d ward.....	137 } 633	6 } 41	115 } 1,099	3 } 3		
4th ward.....	119 } 633	6 } 41	224 } 1,099	3 } 3		411
5th ward.....	60 } 633	4 } 41	169 } 1,099	3 } 3		
6th ward.....	91 } 633	5 } 41	230 } 1,099	3 } 3		
Total.....	3,140	217	4,998	5	132	1,990
Weisse's plurality.....					132	
Barney's net plurality.....						1,858

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties and Election Districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	W. D. Cox, Pro.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Henry C. Berger, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
MILWAUKEE Co. (part)							
Milwaukee, city:							
10th ward.....	1,231	29	1,746	381	.....	515	3,387
13th ward.....	1,315	35	1,555	260	.....	240	3,165
20th ward.....	791	31	1,708	499	.....	917	3,029
21st ward.....	700	27	1,042	323	.....	342	2,092
Bal. Milwaukee Co.	1,220	61	3,082	119	.....	1,862	4,482
Ozaukee.....	2,143	30	1,150	13	593	.....	3,336
Sheboygan.....	4,915	106	5,282	679	.....	367	10,982
Washington.....	2,611	44	2,526	5	85	.....	5,186
Waukesha.....	3,140	217	4,998	5	.....	1,858	8,990
Total.....	18,066	610	23,089	2,284	1,078	6,101	44,019
Weisse's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,078	.....
Barney's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,023	.....
Total, Milwaukee, city	4,037	122	6,051	1,463	.....	2,014	11,673

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties and Election Districts	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
MILWAUKEE Co. (part)								
Milwaukee, city:								
10th ward....	1,168	32	1,821	383	13	.....	653	3,417
13th ward....	1,219	34	1,637	266	21	.....	418	3,177
20th ward....	743	32	1,745	503	19	.....	1,002	3,042
21st ward....	626	28	1,078	342	16	.....	452	2,990
Bal. Milwaukee Co.	1,177	81	3,127	123	6	.....	1,950	4,514
Ozaukee.....	1,990	35	1,275	14	1	715	.....	3,315
Sheboygan.....	4,116	117	5,868	813	47	.....	1,722	11,021
Washington.....	2,524	45	2,599	6	1	.....	75	5,175
Waukesha.....	3,017	235	5,130	15	3	.....	2,113	8,460
Total.....	16,610	639	24,280	2,495	127	715	8,385	44,151
Democratic plu..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	715	.....
Net. Rep. plu....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,670	.....
Totals, Milw. city	3,756	126	6,281	1,494	69	.....	2,525	11,726

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James W. Watson, Dem.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	John Voss, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CALUMET Co.						
Brillion	99	3	230			131
Brillion, village.....	72	4	125	3		53
Brothertown.....	200	6	116		84	
Charlestown.....	159	3	129	5	30	
Chilton.....	192	3	92	1	100	
Chilton, city.....	203	3	121	2	82	
Harrison.....	279	9	122		157	
Hilbert, village.....	72	2	41		31	
New Holstein.....	136	4	217	6		111
Rantoul.....	108	5	167		15	59
Stockbridge.....	204	7	189		120	
Woodville.....	189	4	60			
Total.....	1,904	53	1,639	17	619	354
Davidson's plurality.....					354	
Watson's net plurality.....					265	
FOND DU LAC Co.						
Alto.....	73	1	218			145
Ashford.....	221	4	209	1	12	
Auburn.....	133	3	207			74
Brandon, village.....	54	6	131			77
Byron.....	122	7	178			56
Calumet.....	245	1	52		193	
Eden.....	152	4	208	1		56
Eldorado.....	108	2	198			90
Empire.....	110	2	124			14
Fond du Lac.....	117	5	162			45
Fond du Lac, city:						
1st ward.....	258	13	334	1		
2d ward.....	277	15	318			
3d ward.....	268	2	329			
4th ward.....	396	10	268	8		
5th ward.....	149	3	119	1	13	1
6th ward.....	150	3	90	1		
7th ward.....	170	5	146	1		
8th ward.....	216	10	251	1		
Forest.....	140	2	126		14	
Friendship.....	94	2	148			54
Lamartine.....	97	8	191			94
Marshfield.....	389	2	60		329	
Metomen.....	82	3	192			110
Oakfield.....	88	8	273			185
Osceola.....	93	2	187			94
Ripon.....	58	3	183			127
Ripon, city, 1st ward.....	75	3	114	2		
2d ward.....	55	8	158		2	
3d ward.....	81	6	142			297
4th ward.....	61	11	155			
Rosendale.....	55	20	198			143
Springvale.....	111	2	170			59
Taycheedah.....	215	4	52		163	
Waupun.....	71	8	183			112
Waupun, city, n. ward.....	136	3	178			42
Total.....	5,120	196	6,284	17	711	1,875
Watson's plurality.....					711	
Davidson's net plurality.....						1,164
GREEN LAKE Co.—						
Berlin.....	52	4	148			96
Berlin, city, 1st ward.....	86	4	110	1		
2d ward.....	114	7	123			
3d ward.....	91	1	141		4	94
4th ward.....	75	2	88	1		
5th ward.....	100	1	98	2		
Brooklyn.....	59	17	283			224

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James W. Watson, Dem.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	John Voss, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN LAKE CO.—Con.						
Green Lake.....	99	5	151			52
Kingston.....	87	11	110			23
Mackford.....	86	10	115			29
Manchester.....	135	3	106		29	
Markesan, village.....	81	4	103			22
Marquette.....	81	2	90			9
Princeton.....	85	4	131			46
Princeton, village.....	172	3	140	2	32	
Seneca.....	72	1	53		19	
St. Marie.....	56	1	94			38
Total.....	1,531	80	2,084	6	80	633
Watson's plurality.....						80
Davidson's net plurality..						553
MANITOWOC CO.						
Cat.....	171	1	190			19
Centerville.....	127		165	5		38
Cooperstown.....	139	3	136		3	
Eaton.....	157	2	140	1	17	
Franklin.....	172	2	143		29	
Gibson.....	117	5	186			69
Kiel, village.....	95		95	41		
Kossuth.....	151	3	199			48
Liberty.....	99	2	204			105
Manitowoc.....	47		116			69
Manitowoc, city:						
1st ward.....	210	3	271	5		
2d ward.....	66	4	207			
3d ward.....	259	5	313	7		
4th ward.....	141	3	301	1	13	291
5th ward.....	151	2	127			
6th ward.....	52	2	103			
7th ward.....	219	2	67			
Manitowoc Rapids.....	145	2	193	1		48
Maple Grove.....	156		93		63	
Meeme.....	197	3	105	1	62	
Mishicott.....	224	3	83	7	141	
Newton.....	124	1	130			56
Reedsville, village.....	45	1	53			8
Rockland.....	51		205			154
Schleswig.....	130	2	104	17	26	
Two Creeks.....	81	1	38	3	53	
Two Rivers.....	156	3	57	2	99	
Two Rivers, city:						
1st ward.....	93	1	46	3		
2d ward.....	96		58	5		
3d ward.....	70	3	81	17	57	251
4th ward.....	118		41	2		
5th ward.....	128		28	10		
Total.....	4,172	59	4,333	148	744	905
Watson's plurality.....						744
Davidson's net plurality..						161
MARQUETTE CO.						
Buffalo.....	94	2	98			4
Crystal Lake.....	32	1	90			58
Douglas.....	58	4	98			40
Harris.....	42		94			52
Mecan.....	69		51		18	
Montello.....	175		172		3	
Moundville.....	21	14	126			105
Neshkora.....	82		48		34	
Newton.....	50		70			20
Oxford.....	22	11	137			115
Packwaukee.....	61	3	150			89

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James W. Watson, Dem.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	John Voss, Sec. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARQUETTE Co—Con.						
Shields.....	55		91			36
Springfield.....	29	1	118			89
Westfield.....	86	10	210			124
Total.....	170	11	419			249
Watson's plurality.....					55	732
Davidson's net plurality.....						55
WAUSHARA Co.						
Aurora.....	42	7	176			134
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d prec	6	1	2		4	
Bloomfield.....	40	4	155			115
Coloma.....	37	3	123			91
Dakota.....	3	2	103			100
Deerfield.....	13	2	12			139
Hancock.....	31	7	239			228
Leon.....	33	8	167			134
Marion.....	36	5	114			78
Mt. Morris.....	11	6	168			157
Oasis.....	46	10	114			98
Plainfield.....	11	3	216			205
Plainfield, village.....	26	11	171			118
Poyssippi.....	23	5	203			174
Richford.....	26		72	1		46
Rose.....	19	23	155			136
Saxville.....	21	5	110	1		86
Springwater.....	21	12	134			113
Warren.....	45	5	102			57
Wautoma.....	24	5	20			236
Total.....	523	123	2,994	2	4	2,475
Watson's plurality.....						4
Davidson's net plurality.....						2,471
WINNEBAGO Co.						
Algoma.....	55	9	141			86
Black Wolf.....	58	6	108			50
Clayton.....	120	5	181			61
Menasha.....	86		70		16	
Menasha, city, 1st ward	213	4	140	2		
2d ward	218	13	94	1	6	356
3d ward	92	7	119	3		
4th ward	267		83			
Neenah.....	57	3	77			20
Neenah, city, 1st ward	199	17	216	1		
2d ward	171	12	160	1	3	
3d ward	200	18	221	1		11
4th ward	55		59			
Nekimi.....	60	6	159			99
Nepeuskum.....	47	14	156			109
Omro.....	48	14	203			155
Omro, village.....	60	20	275			215
Oshkosh.....	80	3	149			69
Oshkosh, city, 1st ward	183	7	210	1		
2d ward	240	7	230	1		
3d ward	189	5	189	2		
4th ward	272	9	322			
5th ward	175	18	399	1		
6th ward	352	7	208	2		
7th ward	69	11	333	4	16	416
8th ward	275	4	187	2		
9th ward	222	7	255			
10th ward	208	16	409			
11th ward	237	2	121	1		
12th ward	177	15	226			
13th ward	367	12	313	2		
Poygan.....	82		102			20

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James W. Watson, Dem.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	John Voss, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WINNEBAGO Co.—Con.						
Rushford	86	10	318			232
Utica	40	16	209			169
Vinland	69	4	166			97
Winchester	53	3	166			133
Winneconne	42	5	131			89
Winneconne, village....	69	11	181			112
Wolf River.....	66	6	102			36
Total.....	5,632	309	7,439	25	372	2,179
Watson's plurality.....						372
Davidson's net plurality.....						1,807

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	James W. Watson, Dem.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	John Voss, Soc. Dem.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Calumet	1,904	53	1,639	17	265		3,613
Fond du Lac.....	5,120	196	6,284	17		1,164	11,617
Green Lake.....	1,531	80	2,084	6		553	3,701
Manitowoc.....	4,172	59	4,333	148		161	8,712
Marquette.....	876	46	1,553			677	2,475
Wauhara.....	523	126	2,994	2		2,471	3,645
Winnebago.....	5,632	309	7,439	25		1,807	13,405
Total.....	19,758	869	28,326	215	265	6,833	47,138
Watson's plurality.....						265	
Davidson's net plu.....						6,568	

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. La Follette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Calumet	1,939	56	1,594	21		35		3,610
Fond du Lac.....	5,252	206	6,104	16	2		82	11,580
Green Lake.....	1,540	83	2,070	4			530	3,697
Manitowoc.....	4,230	66	4,279	162	4		49	8,641
Marquette.....	867	47	1,563				696	2,477
Wauhara.....	557	124	2,957	3			2,400	3,741
Winnebago.....	5,788	311	7,266	25	8		1,478	13,395
Total.....	20,173	893	25,833	231	14	345	6,005	47,144
Dem. plu.....							345	
Net Rep. plu.....							5,660	

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John P. Rice, Dem.	Charles L. Allen, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO Co.					
Alma	50		78		28
Alma, city, 1st ward.....	58 } 124	3 } 3	44 } 124		
2d ward.....	23 } 43		39 } 41		
3d ward.....	43 }				
Belvidere	77		46	31	
Buffalo	73		41	32	
Buffalo City.....	35		17	18	
Canton	34	2	127		93
Cross	60		38	22	
Dover	19	1	162		143
Fountain City, 1st ward.....	60 } 131	2 } 3	61 } 127	4	
2d ward	71 }	1 }	66 }		
Gilmanton	31		134		103
Glencoe	93	1	71	22	
Lincoln	74		55	19	
Maxville	43		66		23
Milton	32		27	5	
Modena	34	10	155		121
Mondovi.....	15	3	129		114
Mondovi, city, 1st ward.....	8 } 37	8 } 10	101 } 210		173
2d ward	29 }	2 }	109 }		
Montana	55	1	48	7	
Naples	5	1	193		188
Nelson	103	10	183		80
Waumandee	88		55	33	
Total.....	1,213	45	2,036	193	1,066
Rice's plurality.....					193
Esch's net plurality.....					873
EAU CLAIRE Co.					
Altoona, city, 1st ward.....	26 } 44	1 } 2	29 } 93		49
2d ward.....	18 }	1 }	64 }		
Augusta City	90	11	197		107
Bridge Creek	120	11	116	4	
Brunswick	46	2	104		58
Clear Creek.....	55	5	83		28
Drammen	3		144		141
Eau Claire, city, 1st ward.....	146 } 1,019	4 } 110	177 } 2,542		1,523
2d ward.....	118 }	11 }	238 }		
3d ward.....	71 }	12 }	355 }		
4th ward.....	32 }	2 }	166 }		
5th ward.....	103 }	16 }	203 }		
6th ward.....	85 }	15 }	279 }		
7th ward.....	104 }	22 }	317 }		
8th ward.....	146 }	4 }	299 }		
9th ward.....	90 }	16 }	282 }		
10th ward.....	121 }	8 }	223 }		
Fairchild	46	3	87		41
Fairchild, village.....	53	4	174		136
Lincoln	293	2	113	85	
Ludington	50	4	109		59
Otter Creek.....	30	3	130		100
Pleasant Valley	43	6	151		108
Seymour	46	8	47		1
Union	56	6	100		44
Washington.....	88	10	165		77
Total.....	1,977	187	4,360	89	2,472
Rice's plurality.....					89
Esch's net plurality.....					2,383
JACKSON Co.					
Albion	43	3	235		192
Alma	45	1	296		161
Bear Bluff.....	13	1	17		4

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John P. Rice, Dem.	Charles L. Allen, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JACKSON Co.—Con.					
Black River Falls, city, 1st ward..	10	3	89	330	259
2d ward..	10	2	85		
3d ward..	13	3	65		
4th ward..	38	2	91		
Brockway, 1st precinct.....	15	}	55	66	39
2d precinct.....	12		11		
City Point	11	3	39	40	28
Cleveland	88	3	48		127
Curran	10	4	137		123
Franklin	14	4	137		62
Garden Valley	33	1	95		97
Garfield	7	11	101		114
Hixton	39	16	153		69
Irving	77	3	146		12
Knapp	21	1	33		10
Manchester	31	2	91		186
Melrose	46	19	232		126
Merrillan, village	19	4	145		33
Millston	22		60		162
Northfield	10		172		189
Springfield	20	3	239		
Total	647	89	2,655	40	2,018
Rice's plurality					40
Esch's net plurality					2,008
LA CROSSE Co.					
Bangor	42	10	94		52
Bangor, village	61	4	94		33
Barre	64	3	53	11	77
Burns	75	12	132		39
Campbell	74	3	113		200
Farmington	100	5	301		12
Greenfield	65	2	77		173
Hamilton	66	3	239		210
Holland	17	9	227		
La Crosse, city, 1st ward.....	191	2	174	3,356	734
2d ward.....	135	5	201		
3d ward.....	201	1	167		
4th ward.....	92	6	232		
5th ward.....	112	2	143		
6th ward.....	96	3	180		
7th ward.....	89	16	179		
8th ward.....	365	8	183		
9th ward.....	63	10	256		
10th ward.....	77	7	194		
11th ward.....	128	3	119		
12th ward.....	123	5	121		
13th ward.....	123	4	159		
14th ward.....	85	4	221		
15th ward.....	177	3	122		
16th ward.....	37	5	126		
17th ward.....	160	4	165		
18th ward.....	274	9	128		
19th ward.....	77	7	164		
20th ward.....	47	1	122		
Onalaska	51	3	183		132
Onalaska, city, 1st ward.....	13	1	65	223	170
2d ward.....	33	7	88		
3d ward.....	12	1	75		
Shelby	118	7	74	44	
Washington	76	2	89		13
West Salem, village.....	41	6	132		91
Total	3,530	183	5,411	55	1,936
Rice's plurality					55
Esch's net plurality					1,881

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John P. Rice, Dem.	Charles L. Allen, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MONROE Co.					
Adrian	40	3	73		33
Angelo	22	10	121		99
Byron	43	4	109		65
Cashton, village	46	3	83		37
Clifton	123		108	20	
Glendale	51	7	154		103
Grant	29	3	79		50
Greenfield	68	2	91		23
Jefferson	179	2	59	129	
Kendall, village	27	1	80		53
Lafayette	27	5	76		49
La Grange	31	1	145		114
Leon	47	7	133		86
Lincoln	18	6	165		147
Little Falls	111	11	144		33
New Lyme	12		31		19
Norwalk, village	30	2	63		33
Oakdale	66	3	68		2
Ontario, village	8		16		8
Portland	54	7	194		140
Ridgeville	100	3	102		2
Scott	31	3	25	5	
Sheldon	82		101		19
Sparta	102	21	139		37
Sparta, city, 1st ward	53	4	133		
2d ward	46	10	147		
3d ward	89	10	137	519	274
4th ward	57	10	102		
Tomah	62	5	93		31
Tomah, city, 1st ward	57	8	147		
2d ward	84	13	186	461	251
3d ward	69	11	148		
Wellington	92	2	120		28
Wells	94		53	41	
Wilton	133		68	65	
Wilton, village	46		61		15
Total	2,234	177	3,735	251	1,752
Rice's plurality					251
Esch's plurality					1,501
PEPIN Co.					
Albany	20		88		68
Durand	23		58		15
Durand, city, 1st ward	64	3	50	152	28
2d ward	60	2	102		
Frankfort	21	1	154		133
Lima	95		33	62	
Pepin	54	10	275		221
Stockholm	11		130		119
Waterville	111	9	203		92
Waubeek	13	2	22		9
Total	472	27	1,095	62	685
Rice's plurality					62
Esch's net plurality					623
TREMPEALEAU Co.					
Albion	31	9	199		168
Arcadia, 1st precinct	140	5	146	38	
2d precinct	134	12	90		
Arcadia, village	145	6	125	20	
Blair, village	10	3	99		89
Burnside	80	3	58	22	
Caledonia	17	1	56		39
Chimney Rock	18	3	152		134
Dodge	52		20	22	
Ettrick	61	13	383		322

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John P. Rice, Dem.	Charles L. Allen, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Dem. Plu.
TREMPEALEAU Co.—Con.					
Gale	64	3	210	.....	176
Galesville, village	37	5	169	.....	132
Hale	90	8	225	.....	135
Independence, village	54	3	79	.....	25
Lincoln	36	9	79	.....	43
Osseo, village	14	3	83	.....	69
Pigeon	25	10	192	.....	167
Preston	21	12	314	.....	293
Sumner	21	4	135	.....	114
Trempealeau	42	17	144	.....	102
Trempealeau, village	33	7	85	.....	52
Unity	27	14	169	.....	142
Whitehall, village	23	10	131	.....	102
Total	1,181	160	3,373	112	2,304
Rice's plurality					112
Esch's net plurality					2,192

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 6, 1930.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	John P. Rice, Dem.	Charles L. Allen, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Buffalo	1,213	45	2,083	873	3,344
Eau Claire	1,977	187	4,360	2,383	5,524
Jackson	647	89	2,657	2,088	3,391
La Crosse	3,530	183	5,411	1,181	9,124
Monroe	2,234	177	3,745	1,501	6,146
Pepin	472	27	1,015	23	1,594
Trempealeau	1,181	160	3,373	2,192	4,714
Total	11,254	838	22,715	7,761	34,837
Esch's plurality	10,761				

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 6, 1930.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Buffalo	1,223	50	2,073	.....	1	850	3,347
Eau Claire	2,110	189	4,218	43	5	2,118	6,565
Jackson	641	101	2,651	2	.....	2,000	3,395
La Crosse	3,599	192	5,315	8	1	1,746	9,115
Monroe	2,248	186	3,727	.....	.....	1,479	6,161
Pepin	493	31	1,077	.....	.....	584	1,604
Trempealeau	1,181	162	3,369	1	1	2,188	4,714
Total	11,495	914	22,460	54	8	10,565	34,931
Republican plurality	10,965						

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Nathan E. Morgan, Dem.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BROWN CO.				
Allouez.....	52	37	15	.....
Ashwaubenon.....	42	88	.....	46
Bellevue.....	83	59	34	.....
De Pere.....	94	47	47	.....
De Pere, city, 1st ward.....	115}	113}	.....	.....
2d ward.....	140}	83}	.....	.....
3d ward.....	96}	148}	433	.....
4th ward.....	75}	81}	.....	7
Eaton.....	105	51	54	.....
Glenmore.....	136	116	20	.....
Green Bay.....	40	115	.....	75
Green Bay, city, 1st ward.....	199}	314}	.....	.....
2d ward.....	191}	257}	.....	.....
3d ward.....	128}	233}	.....	.....
4th ward.....	155}	316}	.....	.....
5th ward.....	208}	238}	.....	.....
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	123}	150}	2,253	.....
2d precinct.....	62}	123}	.....	961
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	61}	152}	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	45}	86}	.....	.....
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	74}	200}	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	48}	124}	.....	.....
Holland.....	220	45	175	.....
Howard.....	133	149	.....	16
Humboldt.....	75	88	.....	13
Lawrence.....	101	152	.....	51
Morrison.....	132	207	.....	55
New Denmark.....	83	193	.....	110
Pittsfield.....	94	114	.....	20
Preble.....	145	170	.....	25
Rockland.....	96	49	47	.....
Scott.....	106	97	9	.....
Suamico.....	57	172	.....	115
Wrightstown.....	194	180	14	.....
Total.....	3,736	4,815	415	1,494
Morgan's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	415
Minor's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	1,079
DOOR CO.				
Bailey's Harbor.....	47	86	.....	39
Brussels.....	20	140	.....	120
Clay Banks.....	31	79	.....	48
Egg Harbor.....	43	98	.....	55
Forestville.....	34	178	.....	94
Gardner.....	17	97	.....	80
Gibraltar.....	43	170	.....	127
Jacksonport.....	15	182	.....	167
Liberty Grove.....	22	290	.....	268
Nasawaupsee.....	69	130	.....	61
Sevastopol.....	84	159	.....	75
Sturgeon Bay.....	21	84	.....	63
Sturgeon Bay, city, 1st ward.....	139}	375}	.....	.....
2d ward.....	29}	140}	515	347
Union.....	12	55	.....	43
Washington.....	12	79	.....	67
Total.....	658	2,342	.....	1,654
Morgan's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minor's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	1,654
KEWAUNEE CO.				
Algoma, city.....	158	218	.....	60
Ahnapee.....	118	106	12	.....
Carlton.....	153	179	.....	26
Casco.....	184	83	101	.....
Franklin.....	244	71	173	.....

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Nathan E. Morgan, Dem.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE CO.—Con.				
Pine Grove.....	17	198		121
Plover.....	103	255		152
Sharon.....	360	27	339	
Stevens Point.....				
Stevens Point, city, 1st ward.....	123	193		
2d ward.....	152	218		
3d ward.....	124	183		
4th ward.....	331	89	951	51
5th ward.....	119	156		
6th ward.....	53	109		
Stockton.....	297	76	221	
Total.....	2,713	3,214	889	1,350
Morgan's plurality.....				889
Minor's plurality.....				501
WAUPACA CO.				
Bear Creek.....	92	133		41
Caledonia.....	64	107		43
Clintonville, city.....	105	239		134
Dayton.....	25	180		155
Dupont.....	40	146		106
Embarrass, village.....	12	52		40
Farmington, 1st precinct.....	30	157		
2d precinct.....	31	291		387
Fremont.....	22	74		52
Fremont, village.....	9	50		41
Harrison.....	7	91		84
Helvetia.....	13	90		77
Iola.....	12	223		211
Iola, village.....	20	138		118
Larabee.....	67	173		106
Lebanon.....	123	64	59	
Lind.....	29	165		136
Little Wolf.....	86	143		57
Manawa, village.....	40	150		110
Marion, village.....	34	105		71
Matteson.....	15	147		132
Mukwa.....	42	117		75
New London, city, 1st ward.....	54	82		
2d ward.....	43	85		
4th ward.....	33	111	342	200
5th ward.....	12	64		
Royalton.....	66	153		87
Scandinavia.....	2	239		237
Scandinavia, village.....	8	76		68
St. Lawrence.....	18	23		225
Union.....	52	132		100
Waupaca.....	46	146		100
Waupaca, city, 1st ward.....	41	151		
2d ward.....	36	123		
3d ward.....	25	128	509	383
4th ward.....	24	101		
Weyauwega.....	34	66		32
Weyauwega, village.....	75	135		60
Wyoming.....	31	73		42
Total.....	1,518	5,169	59	3,710
Morgan's plurality.....				59
Minor's net plurality.....				3,651
WOOD CO.				
Auburndale.....	32	98		63
Auburndale, village.....	7	44		37
Grand Rapids.....	65	118		53

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Nathan E. Morgan, Dem.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Wood Co.—Con.				
Grand Rapids, city, 1st ward.....	56 }	68 }		
2d ward.....	48 }	102 }		
3d ward.....	23 }	75 }		
4th ward.....	41 }	96 }		
5th ward.....	37 }	77 }		255
6th ward.....	50 }	83 }		
7th ward.....	50 }	51 }		
8th ward.....	33 }	49 }		
Lincoln.....	85	113		28
Marshfield.....	73	73		
Marshfield, city, 1st ward.....	145 }	47 }		
2d ward.....	43 }	68 }		
3d ward.....	89 }	124 }	13	
4th ward.....	97 }	130 }		
5th ward.....	79 }	123 }		
6th ward.....	22 }	30 }		
Milladore.....	89	60	29	
Nekoosa, village.....	77	100		23
Pittsville, city, 1st ward.....	13 }	61 }		
2d ward.....	4 }	32 }		96
3d ward.....	6 }	25 }		
Port Edwards.....	68	150		82
Remington.....	64	100		36
Richfield.....	21	75		54
Rock.....	37	105		68
Rudolph.....	101	106		5
Saratoga.....	25	71		46
Seneca.....	41	113		72
Sherry.....	29	86		57
Siegel.....	121	144		23
Vesper.....	55	95		39
Wood.....	63	155		92
Total.....	1,961	3,051	42	1,132
Morgan's plurality.....				42
Minor's net plurality.....				1,090

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Nathan E. Morgan, Dem.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Brown.....	3,736	4,815	.....	1,079	8,551
Door.....	688	2,312	.....	1,654	3,030
Kewaunee.....	1,792	1,693	99	.....	3,485
Outagamie.....	4,332	4,979	.....	647	9,311
Portage.....	2,713	3,214	.....	501	5,927
Waupaca.....	1,518	5,169	.....	3,651	6,687
Wood.....	1,961	3,051	.....	1,090	5,012
Total.....	16,740	25,263	99	8,622	42,003
Morgan's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	99	.....
Minor's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	3,523	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Brown.....	3,664	123	4,832	23	2	.....	1,168	8,644
Door.....	659	54	2,363	2	.....	.....	1,704	3,078
Kewaunee.....	1,738	34	1,727	3	.....	11	.....	3,502
Outagamie.....	4,153	242	5,116	30	3	.....	958	9,549
Portage.....	2,645	85	3,271	6	2	.....	626	6,009
Waupaca.....	1,394	253	5,269	2	3	.....	3,875	6,921
Wood.....	1,395	71	3,126	31	5	.....	1,231	5,128
Total.....	16,153	862	25,704	97	15	11	9,562	42,831
Dem'cratic plu.....	11
Net Rep. plu.....	9,551

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schweppe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ASHLAND Co.					
Ashland.....	53	5	84		31
Ashland, city, 1st ward.....	57	9	241		
2d ward.....	71	47	221		
3d ward.....	101	41	276		
4th ward.....	67	24	125		
5th ward.....	120	43	185	1,814	763
6th ward.....	100	35	148		
7th ward.....	120	22	178		
8th ward.....	150	40	157		
9th ward.....	151	14	127		
10th ward.....	111	12	156		
Butternut.....	118	6	218		100
Gordon.....	14	1	28		14
Jacobs.....	94	6	208		114
La Pointe.....	17	2	32		15
Morse.....	109	2	201		92
Sanborn, 1st precinct.....	27	3	54		
2nd precinct.....	79	3	181		129
Total.....	1,562	313	2,820		1,258
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					1,258
CLARK Co.					
Abbotsford, village.....	22	2	83		61
Beaver.....	8	2	101		93
Colby.....	31	4	95		61
Co.by, city.....	43	1	77		29
Eaton.....	24	3	101		77
Fremont.....	9	3	153		143
Grant.....	53	1	205		152
Green Grove.....	12	2	45		33
Greenwood, city.....	27	4	120		93
Hewitt.....	4		46		42
Hixon.....	52	2	150		98
Hoard.....	9	1	93		84
Levis.....	41	3	84		43
Loyal.....	40	6	171		131
Loyal, village.....	38	9	93		55
Lynn.....	33	3	110		87
Longwood.....	33		54		21
Mayville.....	88	4	200		112
Mead.....	5		12		7
Mentor.....	66	13	125		59
Neillsville, city, 1st ward.....	34	3	81		
2d ward.....	28	2	106		196
3d ward.....	59	3	127		
Pine Valley.....	60	5	153		98
Reeseburg.....	39	3	68		29
Sherman.....	14	3	123		115
Sherwood Forest.....	2	2	44		42
Thorp.....	21		108		87
Thorp, village.....	39	7	113		74
Unity.....	33	4	119		86
Warner.....	25	2	100		75
Washburn.....	27	2	77		50
Weston, east precinct.....	25	1	93		57
west precinct.....	50	2	39		
Withee.....	28	1	102		74
Worden.....	40	7	57		17
York.....	32	18	176		144
Total.....	1,192	128	3,817		2,625
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					2,625

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schweppe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FLORENCE Co.					
Commonwealth.....	17	3	131		117
Florence.....	73	14	297		219
Homestead.....	16		80		64
Total.....	111	17	511		400
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					400
FOREST Co.					
Cavour, 1st precinct.....	21	1	72		
2d precinct.....	12	1	82		
3d precinct.....	4	3	41	257	200
4th precinct.....	20	3	62		
Crandon, 1st precinct.....	17	1	66		
2d precinct.....	14	10	59	125	94
Total.....	88	16	382		294
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					294
IRON Co.					
Knight.....	28	18	214		216
Montreal.....	48	8	318		270
Saxon.....	46	2	236		150
Vaughn, 1st precinct.....	113	7	223		
2d precinct.....	33	2	185		
3d precinct.....	216	9	462		246
4th precinct.....					
5th precinct.....	20		51		
Vorel.....	9		37		28
Total.....	347	37	1,297		950
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					950
LANGLADE Co.					
Ackley.....	75	2	38	37	
Antigo.....	95	2	109		11
Antigo, city, 1st ward.....	22	4	103		
2d ward.....	51	5	125		
3d ward.....	75	2	69	659	220
4th ward.....	133	4	109		
5th ward.....	66	5	89		
6th ward.....	92	4	164		
Elcho.....	14		74		60
Elton.....	14	1	37		23
Evergreen.....	3	1	37		34
Langlade.....	21	1	27		16
Neva.....	87		54	33	
Norwood.....	104	4	89	15	
Parish.....					
Peck.....	9	1	55		45
Polar.....	70	2	90		20
Price.....	37		52		15
Rolling.....	107	4	116		9
Summit.....	34	2	41		7
Upham.....	15	1	36		21
Vilas.....	11	2	28		17
Total.....	1,135	47	1,552	85	502
Schweppe's plurality.....					85
Brown's net plurality.....					417

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schweppe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LINCOLN Co.					
Corning.....	48	2	73	.....	25
Harrison.....	35	1	32	3	.....
Merrill.....	56	4	129	.....	73
Merrill, city, 1st ward.....	120	3	115	.....	310
2d ward.....	70	1	100	.....
3d ward.....	90	7	169	.....
4th ward.....	135	5	235	1,121	
5th ward.....	101	.....	162	.....
6th ward.....	148	23	165	.....
7th ward.....	147	7	175	.....
Pine River.....	130	.....	122	.....	2
Rock Falls.....	43	3	47	.....	4
Russell.....	37	3	104	.....	67
Scott.....	119	1	82	37	.....
Tomahawk.....	66	1	92	.....	26
Tomahawk, city, 1st ward.....	63	.....	61	.....	60
2d ward.....	54	2	65	.....
3d ward.....	67	.....	82	.....
4th ward.....	55	4	94	.....
Total.....	1,587	67	2,114	40	567
Schweppe's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Brown's net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	527
MARATHON Co.					
Bergen.....	22	2	95	.....	73
Berlin.....	131	2	80	51	.....
Brighton.....	61	1	72	.....	11
Cassel.....	133	1	150	88	.....
Cleveland.....	80	.....	45	.....	70
Colby, city, east ward.....	17	3	30	.....	13
Day.....	82	4	42	40	.....
Easton.....	63	.....	116	.....	53
Eau Pleine.....	41	1	67	.....	26
Edgar, village.....	43	3	80	.....	37
Eldron.....	7	1	85	.....	78
Emmet.....	103	5	37	66	.....
Frankfort.....	48	1	62	.....	14
Halsey.....	135	3	101	34	.....
Hamburg.....	73	2	69	4	.....
Harrison.....	20	.....	21	.....	4
Hewitt.....	16	.....	36	.....	20
Holton.....	79	.....	101	.....	22
Hull.....	63	.....	89	.....	26
Johnson.....	71	2	36	35	.....
Knowlton.....	6	3	80	.....	74
Kronenwetter.....	39	2	47	.....	8
Maine.....	131	2	80	51	.....
Marathon.....	87	1	27	60	.....
Marathon, village.....	79	1	52	27	.....
McMillan.....	83	1	90	.....	7
McMillan, village.....	5	.....	35	.....	30
Mosinee.....	28	.....	43	.....	15
Mosinee, village.....	47	.....	124	.....	77
Norrie.....	34	5	117	.....	83
Pike Lake.....	132	1	34	98	.....
Plover.....	26	1	49	.....	23
Rib Falls.....	62	1	71	.....	9
Rietbrock.....	91	6	124	.....	33
Spencer.....	69	7	112	.....	43
Stebin.....	110	.....	67	43	.....
Texas.....	102	4	133	.....	31
Wausau.....	106	1	81	25	.....
Wausau, city, 1st ward.....	193	3	132	.....	415
2d ward.....	175	.....	184	.....
3d ward.....	136	3	154	.....
4th ward.....	80	5	167	.....
5th ward.....	97	7	232	1,551	
6th ward.....	117	.....	157	.....
7th ward.....	101	9	197	.....
8th ward.....	114	4	139	.....
9th ward.....	123	3	113	.....

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schweppe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON Co.—Con.					
Wein	52	5	113		61
Weston	153	4	186		33
Total	3,866	119	4,635	622	1,380
Schweppe's plurality					6:2
Brown's net plurality					767
MARINETTE Co.					
Amberg, 1st precinct	31 } 14 } 74 }	... } ... } 4 }	140 } 73 } 182 }		276
2d precinct	71	13	325		254
Coleman	52		149		97
Crivitz	43	4	110		67
Dunbar	49	8	266		217
Grover					
Marinette, city:					
1st ward	231 } 219 } 160 } 192 } 157 } 94 }	21 } 29 } 14 } 9 } 22 }	332 } 358 } 461 } 495 } 422 }	2,591	1,495
2d ward	94	129	364		
3d ward	5		12		
4th ward	22	3	98		
5th ward	16	2	49		
Peshigo, 1st precinct	94		422		
2d precinct	5		12		
3d precinct	22	3	98		
4th precinct	16	2	49		
5th precinct					
Porterfield	35	5	131		96
Wausaukee	102	3	211		139
Total	1,567	163	4,208		2,641
Schweppe's plurality					
Brown's net plurality					2,641
OCONTO Co.					
Armstrong	41	2	82		41
Brazeau	45	2	41		16
Chase	49	2	163		114
Gillett	29	2	154		125
Gillett, village	21		68		44
Howe	59	3	145		86
Lena	56	2	97		41
Little River	52	4	120		68
Maple Valley	65	4	121		56
Oconto	80	7	125		45
Oconto, city, east ward	119 } 75 } 90 } 89 }	3 } 1 } 7 }	219 } 158 } 260 } 99 }	734	361
north ward					
south ward					
west ward					
Oconto Falls	61	23	156		95
Pensaukee, 1st precinct	16 } 16 } 16 }	2 } 2 } 3 }	82 } 153 } 128 }	363	315
2d precinct					
3d precinct					
Spruce	53		106		53
Stiles	43	1	94		46
Suamico, 1st precinct	45 } 19 }	1 } 1 }	44 } 52 }	96	32
2d precinct					
Underhill	10	1	65		55
Total	1,137	69	2,730		1,593
Schweppe's plurality					
Brown's net plurality					1,593

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schweppe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ONEIDA Co.					
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	20	2	177		
2d precinct.....	20	2	35		
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	58	3	200		336
2d precinct.....	7	1	18	455	
3d precinct.....	11	2	25	held	
4th precinct.....					
Newbold.....	20		41		21
Pelican, 1st precinct.....	78	4	172		94
2d precinct.....					
3d precinct.....					
Rhineland, city, 1st ward.....	25	6	172		
2d ward.....	44	1	145		
3d ward.....	45	3	156		632
4th ward.....	51	5	141	928	
5th ward.....	78		195		
6th ward.....	53	2	119		
Schoepke, 1st precinct.....	70		59	11	
Sugar Camp.....	20	1	113		93
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	45	1	71		36
2d precinct.....	8	1	18	89	
Total.....	656	33	1,857	11	1,212
Schweppe's plurality.....					11
Brown's net plurality.....					1,201
PRICE Co.					
Brannan.....	17	1	101		84
Emery.....	11		41		30
Fifield.....	38	6	65		27
Georgetown.....	20	1	33		13
Hackett.....	7	1	46		39
Hill.....	13		50		37
Kennan.....	36	2	116		80
Knock.....	12	1	102		90
Lake.....	83	2	224		144
Ogema.....	15	5	236		221
Phillips, city, 1st ward.....	35	14	121		
2d ward.....	40	5	112		176
3d ward.....	60	3	78		
Prentice.....	26	3	88		62
Prentice, village.....	53	3	168		115
Worcester.....	80	5	138		58
Total.....	513	52	1,719		1,176
Schweppe's plurality.....					
Brown's net plurality.....					1,176
SHAWANO Co.					
Almon.....	24	1	105		71
Angelica.....	42	1	115		73
Aniwa.....	54		37	17	
Aniwa, village.....	17	7	63		46
Belle Plaine.....	89	3	103		14
Birnamwood.....	30	9	98		68
Birnamwood, village.....	31	3	90		59
Fairbanks.....	53		94		41
Germania.....	4	1	49		45
Grant.....	70	5	134		64
Green Valley.....	23	4	162		139
Hartland.....	65	1	147		82
Herman.....	82	1	179		97
Hutchins.....	38	1	291		253
Lessor.....	46	2	152		106
Maple Grove.....	106	2	141		85
Morris.....	6		137		131
Navarino.....	23	1	57		34
Pella.....	101	3	63	38	

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ernest Schewepe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO Co.—Con.					
Richmond	72	6	131		59
Seneca	36		63		27
Shawano, city, 1st ward	94)	2)	79)		
2d ward	48 } 188	2 { 6	57 } 203		15
3d ward	46)	2)	67)		
Tigerton, village	33	2	112		79
Washington	124	5	133		9
Waukechon	82	2	100		18
Wittenburg	21	4	156		135
Wittenburg, village	33	1	129		96
Total	1,503	71	3,244	55	1,796
Schewepe's plurality					55
Brown's net plurality					1,741
TAYLOR Co.					
Aurora	5		26		21
Browning	69		31	38	
Chelsea	107		63	44	
Cleveland	17	3	23		6
Deer Creek	112		63	49	
Greenwood	70		24	46	
Grover	27		56		29
Hammel	35	1	30	5	
Holway	21		54		33
Little Black	158	1	124	34	
Medford	195	2	97	98	
Medford city, 1st ward	67)	3)	93)		
2d ward	45 } 171	2 { 5	63 } 228		57
3d ward	59)	2)	72)		
Molitor	26		3	23	
Rib Lake	117	1	241		124
Westboro	74	3	190		116
Total	1,204	16	1,253	337	386
Schewepe's plurality					337
Brown's net plurality					49
VILAS Co.					
Arnor Vitae, 1st precinct	47)	18)	302)		
2d precinct	29 } 67	2 { 20	120 } 422		355
Eagle River, 1st precinct	93)	3)	209)		
2d precinct	24 } 184	4 { 9	52 } 375		191
3d precinct	67)	2)	114)		
Minocqua, 1st precinct	175)	6)	246)		
2d precinct	69 } 244	2 { 8	157 } 403		159
Total	495	37	1,200		705
Schewepe's plurality					705
Brown's net plurality					705

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Ernest Schewpe, Dem.	John F. Scott, Pro.	Webster E. Brown, Rep.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Ashland	1,562	313	2,810	1,258	4,695
Clark	1,192	128	3,817	2,625	5,137
Florence	111	17	511	400	639
Forest	83	16	382	294	486
Iron	947	37	1,297	950	1,681
Langlade	1,135	47	1,552	417	2,734
Lincoln	1,587	67	2,114	527	3,768
Marathon	3,863	119	4,635	767	8,613
Marinette	1,567	166	4,208	2,641	5,941
Oconto	1,137	69	2,730	1,593	3,936
Oneida	656	33	1,857	1,201	2,546
Price	543	52	1,719	1,176	2,314
Shawano	1,503	71	3,244	1,741	4,818
Taylor	1,204	16	1,253	49	2,473
Vilas	495	37	1,200	705	1,732
Total	16,993	1,188	33,339	16,314	51,518
Brown's net plurality	16,344				

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. LaFollette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Ashland	1,639	105	2,958	24	6	1,319	4,732
Clark	1,178	127	3,829	13	6	2,651	5,153
Florence	113	17	511	3	2	398	646
Forest	85	16	385	1		300	487
Iron	357	39	1,322	2	1	965	1,721
Langlade	1,140	74	1,546	5	5	406	2,770
Lincoln	1,629	75	2,053	13	2	424	3,772
Marathon	4,018	130	4,480	22	33	462	8,683
Marinette	1,570	175	4,203	10	4	2,638	5,967
Oconto	1,179	72	2,694	2	2	1,515	3,949
Oneida	719	34	1,802	10	2	1,083	2,567
Price	533	49	1,733	13	2	1,200	2,380
Shawano	1,518	69	3,224	3	2	1,706	4,816
Taylor	1,036	23	1,372	13	1	303	2,475
Vilas	502	36	1,194	11	1	692	1,744
Total	17,246	1,041	33,311	145	69	16,065	51,812
Net Rep. plu	16,065						

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank A. Partlow, Dem.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON CO.					
Almena	69	2	42	27	.....
Barron	17	2	81	.....	61
Barron, city	52	16	216	.....	164
Cameron, village	28	2	57	.....	29
Cedar Lake	28	6	77	.....	49
Chetek	34	2	119	.....	55
Chetek, city	27	6	94	.....	67
Clinton	57	2	142	.....	85
Cumberland	84	6	276	.....	152
Cumberland, city	48	8	199	.....	112
Dallas	42	21	194	.....	152
Dover	31	21	126	.....	95
Maple Grove	33	9	223	.....	190
Oak Grove	51	1	61	30	.....
Prairie Farm	22	.....	229	.....	207
Rice Lake	39	1	52	.....	13
Rice Lake, city, 1st ward.....	29	4 } 2 } 2 } 6 }	80 } 91 } 78 } 129 }	378	.....
2d ward.....	30				
3d ward.....	39				
4th ward.....	26				
Stanford	10	.....	67	.....	57
Stanley	27	6	91	.....	61
Sumner	19	3	88	.....	63
Turtle Lake	46	.....	31	7	.....
Turtle Lake, village.....	27	.....	49	.....	22
Vance Creek.....	16	2	53	.....	37
Total.....	976	130	2,919	64	2,037
Partlow's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	64
Jenkins' net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,973
BAYFIELD CO.					
Bayfield, 1st precinct.....	112 } 19 }	18 } 6 }	24 } 420 } 133 }	553	.....
2d precinct.....	131	.....	.....	.....	422
Drummond	28	.....	187	.....	159
Iron River, 1st precinct.....	179 } 9 }	13 } 1 }	14 } 462 } 9 }	471	.....
2d precinct.....	188	.....	.....	.....	283
Mason	27	1	183	.....	159
Pratt	18	.....	112	.....	94
Washburn, 1st precinct.....	120 } 1 }	13 } 23 }	37 } 391 } 19 }	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	1	.....	.....	.....	619
3d precinct.....	112 } 4 }	.....	470 } 33 }	916	.....
4th precinct.....	4	1	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	629	76	2,425	.....	1,796
Partlow's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jenkins' net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,796
BURNETT CO.					
Grant-burg	31	8	317	.....	283
Grantsburg, village.....	19	12	102	.....	83
Marshland	31	1	109	.....	78
Meenon	20	6	159	.....	149
Rusk	18	4	83	.....	65
Trade Lake	34	6	166	.....	132
Wood Lake, 1st dist.....	16 } 11 }	12 } 1 }	13 } 141 } 68 }	209	.....
2d dist.....	27	.....	.....	.....	182
Total.....	180	50	1,155	.....	975
Partlow's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jenkins' net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	975
CHIPPEWA CO.					
Anson	45	.....	105	.....	60
Arthur	57	3	142	.....	85
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	71 } 29 }	7 } 4 }	11 } 119 } 79 }	198	.....
2d precinct.....	100	.....	.....	.....	98

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank A. Partlow, Dem.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPEWA Co—Con.					
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	29	6	188	} 340	258
2d precinct.....	40	2	43		
3d precinct.....	13	5	99		
Bloomer.....	140	5	142	2	
Bloomer, village.....	83	5	124	35	
Boyd, village.....	70	3	60	10	
Cadott, village.....	53	3	157		104
Chippewa Falls, city, 1st ward.....	74	8	102	} 875	97
2d ward.....	132	6	97		
3d ward.....	133	2	152		
4th ward.....	48	..	69		
5th ward.....	103	..	97		
6th ward.....	82	5	79		
7th ward.....	75	3	58		
8th ward.....	42	7	99		
9th ward.....	47	4	75		
10th ward.....	42	..	47		
Cleveland.....	20	5	73	53	
Colburn.....	37	4	59	22	
Dewey.....	30	2	41	51	
Etzle Point.....	97	..	110	13	
Edora.....	190	3	143	47	
Flambeau, 1st precinct.....	24	1	161	} 174	140
2d precinct.....	10	..	10		
Lafayette.....	74	1	211	137	
Lawrence.....	23	5	154	131	
Sampson.....	21	2	91	67	
Suezl.....	76	1	149	73	
Stanley, city, 1st ward.....	20	..	178	} 474	376
2d ward.....	41	3	123		
3d ward.....	37	3	168		
Strickland.....	29	1	12	17	
Tilden.....	13	3	12	71	
Wheaton.....	121	15	208		87
Total.....	2,449	124	4,194	145	1,800
Partlow's plurality.....					145
Jenkins' net plurality.....					1,745
DOUGLAS Co.					
Brule, 1st precinct.....	33	3	129	} 295	219
2d precinct.....	27	3	102		
3d precinct.....	16	1	64		
Gordon.....	22	..	40	13	
Nebagamain, 1st precinct.....	89	7	252	} 410	280
2d precinct.....	20	1	39		
3d precinct.....	4	9	16		
4th precinct.....	17	1	103		
Superior, 1st precinct.....	10	..	80	} 174	114
2d precinct.....	17	1	34		
3d precinct.....	33	1	60		
Superior, city:					
1st ward.....	207	15	289	} 3,450	1,564
2d ward.....	72	18	211		
3d ward.....	88	13	161		
4th ward.....	121	4	131		
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	148	7	180		
2d precinct.....	182	13	331		
3d precinct.....	71	11	190		
5th ward, east precinct.....	92	12	309		
west precinct.....	82	23	165		
south precinct.....	230	32	324		
6th ward.....	129	17	268		
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	15	24	245		
2d precinct.....	95	38	197		
8th ward.....	115	32	318		
9th ward.....	103	3	113		
10th ward.....					
Total.....	2,154	280	4,349		2,195
Partlow's plurality.....					
Jenkins' net plurality.....					2,195

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank A. Partlow, Dem.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DUNN Co.					
Colfax	15	2	215		200
Dunn	87	16	168		81
Eau Gallo	110	11	150		40
Elk Mound	17	4	133		116
Grant	9		119		110
Hay River	38	8	76		38
Lucas	31	3	97		66
Menomonie	94	5	179		85
Menomonie, city, 1st ward	32	6	111		
2d ward	61	4	132		
3d ward	46	12	172	583	360
4th ward	81	10	168		
New Haven	25	2	89		64
Otter Creek	13	1	64		51
Peru	14		71		57
Red Cedar	50		145		95
Rock Creek	18	1	120		102
Sand Creek	19	5	116		97
Sheridan	11		87		76
Sherman	20	4	100		80
Spring Brook	43	25	120		77
Stanton	83	9	135		56
Tainter	23	1	62		39
Tiffany	102	1	125		21
Weston	60	8	44	16	
Wilson	15	1	78		63
Total	1,117	139	3,078	16	1,977
Partlow's plurality					16
Jenkins' net plurality					1,961
PIERCE Co.					
Clifton	18	6	83		65
Diamond Bluff	20	1	74		54
Ellsworth	59	2	187		128
Ellsworth, village	71	7	161		90
Elpaso	62	3	121		59
Gilman	17	11	210		193
Hartland	49	11	185		136
Isabella	19		64		45
Maiden Rock	21	7	216		192
Maiden Rock, village	12	5	50		38
Martell	14	8	252		238
Oak Grove	51	1	78		27
Prescott, city, 1st ward	32	13	21		
2d ward	41	4	29	4	
3d ward	23	6	39		
River Falls	73	17	159		85
River Falls, city, 2d ward	75	22	281		205
Rock Elm	74	22	182		108
Salem	36	20	147		111
Spring Lake	31	17	169		135
Spring Valley, village	38	9	172		134
Trenton	53	4	144		91
Trimble	73	8	231		158
Union	66	28	166		100
Total	1,031	232	3,426	4	2,394
Partlow's plurality					4
Jenkins' net plurality					2,390
POLK Co.					
Alden, 1st precinct	39	7	131		189
2d precinct	12		106		
Amery, village	32	3	157		125
Apple River	21		70		49
Balsam Lake	29	2	115		86

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank A. Partlow, Dem.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
POLK Co.—Con.					
Beaver.....	25	1	59	.....	34
Black Brook.....	14	5	131	.....	120
Pone Lake.....	13	1	22	.....	9
Clam Falls.....	11	2	48	.....	37
Clayton.....	37	2	115	.....	73
Clear Lake.....	19	1	105	.....	86
Clear Lake, village.....	18	1	74	.....	56
Eureka.....	16	8	195	.....	179
Farmington.....	97	1	99	.....	2
Garfield.....	21	4	138	.....	117
Georgetown.....	6	.....	18	.....	12
Johnstown.....	12	.....	27	.....	15
Laketown.....	28	5	129	.....	101
Lincoln.....	39	8	125	.....	83
Loraine.....	13	.....	35	.....	22
Luck.....	27	.....	74	.....	47
McKinley.....	2	.....	35	.....	33
Milltown.....	40	.....	110	.....	70
Osceola.....	33	3	161	.....	123
Osceola, village.....	32	8	77	.....	45
St. Croix Falls.....	26	.....	86	.....	60
St. Croix Falls, village.....	20	1	118	.....	98
Sterling.....	9	4	135	.....	126
West Sweden.....	13	2	27	.....	9
Total.....	709	69	2,727	.....	2,019
Partlow's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jenkins' net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,019
SR. CROIX Co.					
Baldwin.....	64	8	217	.....	153
Baldwin, village.....	42	9	99	.....	57
Cady.....	42	9	162	.....	120
Cylon.....	64	8	133	.....	69
Eau Galle.....	51	4	177	.....	126
Emerald.....	95	11	85	10	.....
Erin Prairie.....	194	2	14	189	.....
Forest.....	35	3	41	.....	5
Glenwood.....	64	4	51	10	.....
Glenwood, city, 1st ward.....	28 } 8	4 } 23	42 } 37	.....	.....
2d ward.....	34 } 4	9 } 5	49 } 65	194	86
3d ward.....	31 } 103	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	15 } 81	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hammond.....	81	10	109	.....	23
Hammond, village.....	36	13	55	.....	19
Hudson.....	69	5	86	.....	17
Hudson, city, 1st ward.....	49 } 1	6 } 16	77 } 185	453	193
2d ward.....	105 } 260	9 } 8	196 } 88	.....	36
3d ward.....	103 } 52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kinnickinnic.....	52	8	88	.....	36
New Richmond, city, 1st ward.....	35 } 7	7 } 17	62 } 69	220	109
2d ward.....	70 } 111	3 } 8	89 } 80	.....	59
3d ward.....	6 } 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pleasant Valley.....	30	6	80	.....	59
Richmond.....	88	7	56	32	.....
River Falls, city, 1st ward.....	5	2	36	.....	31
Rush River.....	28	7	128	.....	100
Somerset.....	111	3	133	.....	22
Springfield.....	105	2	158	.....	52
St. Joseph.....	80	3	95	.....	15
Stanton.....	120	2	53	67	.....
Star Prairie.....	35	3	130	.....	95
Star Prairie, village.....	10	1	63	.....	33
Troy.....	30	1	112	.....	82
Warren.....	102	5	99	.....	.....
Total.....	2,134	200	3,314	302	1,533
Partlow's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	302
Jenkins' net plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank A. Partlow, Dem.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAWYER Co.					
Hayward, 1st precinct	127	14	335		
2d precinct	62	1	127		
3d precinct	28	1	31		
4th precinct	33	2	76		
5th precinct	50	5	83		
Total	304	23	632		378
Partlow's plurality					
Jenkins' net plurality					378
WASHBURN Co.					
Bashaw	28	3	109		81
Long Lake	18	1	29		11
Minong	15	1	65		50
Shell Lake	58	15	318		260
Spooner, 1st precinct	68	1	148		144
2d precinct	14	1	78		
Veazie	43	3	68		25
Total	244	24	815		571
Partlow's plurality					
Jenkins' net plurality					571

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Frank A. Partlow, D-m.	Henry A. Russell, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Barron	976	130	2,949	1,973	4,055
Bayfield	620	76	2,425	1,796	3,130
Burnett	180	50	1,155	975	1,885
Chippewa	2,449	124	4,194	1,745	6,767
Douglas	2,154	280	4,319	2,195	6,733
Dunn	1,117	139	3,078	1,961	4,334
Pierce	1,034	232	2,426	2,390	4,690
Polk	709	69	2,727	2,619	3,505
St. Croix	2,134	260	3,314	1,240	5,638
Sawyer	304	23	682	378	1,009
Washburn	244	24	815	571	1,083
Total	11,930	1,347	29,144	17,233	42,400
Jenkins' plurality	17,233				

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.	J. Burritt Smith, Pro.	Robert M. La Follette, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Total Vote.
Barron	939	151	2,977	2	1	2,038	4,070
Bayfield	620	81	2,416	7	9	1,787	3,142
Burnett	195	53	1,133	5	9	938	1,395
Chippewa	2,457	142	4,189	11	3	1,732	6,802
Douglas	2,156	167	4,410	94	17	2,254	6,844
Dunn	1,133	137	3,061	3	1	1,923	4,310
Pierce	1,044	232	3,439	4		2,405	4,709
Polk	659	71	2,780	13	10	2,121	3,533
St. Croix	2,080	194	3,380	38	12	1,300	5,704
Sawyer	296	21	695	2		399	1,015
Washburn	247	27	814	1		567	1,039
Total	11,830	1,277	29,294	180	62	17,461	42,643
Net Rep. plurality	17,464						

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE GIVEN FOR JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
APRIL 4, 1899.

COUNTIES.	FOR FULL TERM BEGINNING JAN. 1, 1900.			FOR UNEXPIRED TERM END- ING 1ST MONDAY IN JAN., 1902		
	John B. Cass- day.	Blank and scat- tering.	Total vote.	Joshua Eric Dodge.	Blank and scat- tering.	Total vote.
Adams	659	4	663	627	3	630
Ashland	1,042		1,012	853		853
Barron	1,265		1,235	976		976
Bayfield	1,091		1,091	683		683
Brown	3,241		3,291	2,267		2,267
Buffalo	1,525		1,525	1,044		1,044
Burnett	603	3	611	446	2	448
Calumet	1,323	95	1,418	1,088	153	1,196
Chippewa	1,822		1,822	1,450		1,450
Clark	1,579	2	1,599	1,043	1	1,044
Columbia	1,746	1	1,747	1,199	1	1,200
Crawford	1,010		1,010	801		801
Dane	7,731		7,731	5,558		5,558
Dodge	3,543		3,543	3,347		3,347
Door	1,243		1,243	1,049		1,049
Douglas	3,248		3,218	2,401		2,402
Dunn	1,557	13	1,570	1,120	5	1,125
Eau Claire	2,171	13	2,184	1,368	13	1,381
Florence	318		318	309		309
Fond du Lac	2,910	1	2,911	2,279	3	2,282
Forest	61		61	39		39
Grant	2,230	1	2,251	1,585		1,585
Green	1,119	4	1,423	1,032	5	1,037
Green Lake	1,053	133	1,139	423		423
Iowa	1,610	3	1,613	1,114	1	1,115
Iron	322		322	323		323
Jackson	1,141	4	1,148	753	5	738
Jefferson	2,071	1	2,072	1,398	1	1,399
Juneau	1,315	15	1,530	1,371	15	1,386
Kewaunee	983	368	1,351	607	725	1,332
La Crosse	2,035		2,035	1,466		1,466
Lafayette	3,901		3,901	2,231		2,231
Lafayette	1,001		1,001	613		613
Lanholm	1,110		1,110	920		920
Lincoln	1,316		1,346	1,033		1,033
Manitowoc	3,486	1	3,487	3,305	1	3,306
Marathon	4,414		4,414	4,051		4,051
Marquette	781		781	507		507
Milwaukee	812		812	832		832
Monroe	11,702	5	11,707	11,380	14	11,394
Monroe	1,935	2	1,937	1,250		1,250
Oconto	998		998	809		809
Oconto	485		485	418		418
Ontonagon	2,755		2,755	1,990		1,990
Ozaukee	1,231		1,231	1,152		1,152
Pepin	600		600	425		425
Pierce	1,459		1,459	1,167		1,167
Polk	1,421	5	1,426	1,117	4	1,121
Portage	1,849		1,889	1,441	1	1,442
Price	676		676	655		655
Racine	3,455		3,455	3,924		3,924
Richland	1,379	7	1,386	1,053	4	1,060
Rock	2,975		2,978	2,017		2,017
St. Croix	932	5	957	788	2	790
Sauk	1,881	1	1,885	1,155	2	1,157
Sawyer	112		112	117		117
Shawano	1,526		1,526	1,198		1,198
Sheboygan	3,549		3,549	2,483		2,483
Taylor	754		754	680		681
Trempealeau	1,517		1,517	1,069	1	1,069
Trempealeau	2,212	2	2,214	2,113	11	2,124
Vilas	173		173	144		144
Walworth	1,902	2	1,904	1,257		1,257
Washington	430		430	380		380
Washington	1,412	1	1,413	1,184		1,184
Waukesha	3,373		3,373	3,277		3,277
Waupaca	1,600		1,600	1,437		1,437
Waushara	1,329		1,329	1,192		1,192
Winnebago	1,854	2	1,856	1,137	4	1,141
Wood	2,009		2,009	1,626		1,626
Total	130,735	697	131,402	103,372	982	104,354

VOTE GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES, APRIL 4, 1899.

SECOND CIRCUIT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Election Districts.	Eugene S. Elliott.	Daniel H. Johnson	Frederick W. von Cotzhausen.	James H. Stover.	Jerrold Thompson, Jr.	John M. Clarke.	Joseph E. Wildish.	Daniel J. Dalton.	Frederick Starr Fish.
	Cudahy, village	43	33	62	33	109	22	7	11	6
Franklin	43	21	22	8	27	22	9	4	6
Granville	57	55	78	26	70	78	31	15	22
Greenfield	151	112	34	34	151	34	78	12	24
Lake	33	83	47	37	196	47	53	12	10
Milwaukee, city,	594	481	141	339	108	116	88	8	16
1st ward	436	212	293	275	145	108	73	26	17
2d ward	73	99	42	148	49	185	11	9	5
3d ward	383	311	183	228	116	196	85	45	18
4th ward	2,8	196	108	145	122	101	351	16	13
5th ward	593	510	243	271	144	133	89	23	21
6th ward	4,7	418	116	160	81	59	64	8	12
7th ward	494	282	280	227	241	135	286	22	27
8th ward	397	237	238	277	175	169	113	48	30
9th ward	422	210	241	210	187	94	88	41	21
10th ward	270	160	300	160	142	175	91	27	23
11th ward	221	160	149	209	111	122	134	14	18
12th ward	406	201	254	277	99	83	98	29	42
13th ward	238	168	208	239	66	153	74	23	32
14th ward	595	318	236	199	110	131	97	24	23
15th ward	616	412	99	119	98	206	119	24	19
16th ward	272	182	110	120	156	69	153	14	15
17th ward	478	420	156	349	97	277	113	22	20
18th ward	381	201	323	237	88	201	75	78	25
19th ward	305	135	243	193	81	62	125	93	21
20th ward	260	92	136	145	43	38	51	23	27
21st ward	202	96	117	49	63	28	18	14	18
Milwaukee	52	31	55	27	53	39	9	8	12
North Milwaukee, village	46	27	68	8	26	28	37	7	7
Oak Creek	133	94	71	66	66	105	21	25	25
South Milwaukee, city	513	280	213	174	101	210	89	96	26
Wauwatosa, city	191	162	62	36	41	39	45	8	11
Whitefish Bay, village	42	3	8	7	21	2	13	1	3
Total	9,742	6,275	5,292	5,062	3,470	3,431	2,883	833	614

Elliott's plurality over Johnson, 3,467; over Cotzhausen, 4,450. Johnson's plurality over Cotzhausen, 983.

Milwaukee county, the second circuit, has two circuit courts. Under the provisions of chapter 2, laws of 1899, the number of candidates to be elected receiving the highest number of votes are to be declared elected. At the same election John C. Ludwig was re-elected judge of Milwaukee superior court without opposition, receiving 14,777 votes.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.		FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.			
Counties.	James J. Dick. ¹	Counties.	John K. Parish.	Wm. M. Tompkins.	Total Vote.
Dodge	4,338	Ashland	1,464	1,777	3,241
Ozaukee	1,245	Bayfield	750	1,389	2,139
Washington	1,591	Iron	516	311	827
Waukesha	3,754	Price	989	498	1,478
Total	210,838	Sawyer	515	102	617
		Taylor	1,492	401	1,901
		Total	5,726	4,478	10,212

¹No opposition candidate. ²Blank and scattering 18. Scattering not counted above, 16.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1867.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Fairchild, republican.....	73,637
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Tallmadge, democrat.....	68,873
Total vote.....	33,987	Total vote.....	142,510
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Fairchild's majority.....	4,764
1849.		1869.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,649	Fairchild, republican.....	69,502
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Robinson, democrat.....	61,239
Total vote.....	27,966	Total vote.....	130,741
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Fairchild's majority.....	8,263
1851.		1871.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Washburn, republican.....	78,301
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910
Total vote.....	43,131	Total vote.....	147,211
Farwell's majority.....	507	Washburn's majority.....	9,391
1853.		1873.	
Barstow, democrat.....	30,405	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Holton, republican.....	21,846	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Baird, whig.....	3,334	Total vote.....	147,823
Total vote.....	55,585	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	1875.	
1855.		Ludington, republican.....	85,155
Barstow, democrat.....	36,355	Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Bashford, republican.....	36,198	Total vote.....	169,469
Total vote.....	72,553	Ludington's majority.....	841
Barstow's majority ¹	157	1877.	
1857.		Smith, republican.....	78,759
Randall, republican.....	44,683	Mallory, democrat.....	70,486
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Allis, greenback.....	26,216
Total vote.....	88,922	Total vote.....	175,461
Randall's majority.....	451	Smith's plurality.....	8,273
1859.		1879.	
Randall, republican.....	59,999	Smith, republican.....	100,535
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	Jenkins, democrat.....	75,080
Total vote.....	112,538	May, greenback.....	12,096
Randall's majority.....	7,460	Total vote.....	187,711
1861.		Smith's plurality.....	25,455
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	Smith's net majority.....	13,359
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	1881.	
Total vote.....	98,233	Rusk, republican.....	81,754
Harvey's majority.....	5,323	Fruitt, democrat.....	69,797
1863.		Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Total vote.....	171,778
Total vote.....	121,770	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	1884.	
1865.		Rusk, republican.....	163,214
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Fruitt, democrat.....	143,915
Hobart, democrat.....	48,330	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Total vote.....	106,662	Utley, greenback.....	4,274
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	Total vote.....	319,978
		Rusk's plurality.....	19,269
		Rusk's net majority.....	6,450

¹ In the election of 1855 Barstow's certificate of election was set aside by the Supreme Court, and Bashford became Governor March 25, 1856.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE — Continued.

1886.		1894.	
Rusk, republican.....	133,247	Upham, republican.....	196,116
Woodward, democrat.....	114,529	Peck, democrat.....	142,250
Olin, prohibition.....	17,089	Powell, people's.....	25,601
Cochrane, people's.....	21,467	Cleghorn, prohibition.....	11,210
Total vote.....	266,332	Total vote.....	375,210
Rusk's plurality.....	18,718	Upham's plurality.....	53,866
		Upham's net majority.....	17,022
1888.		1896.	
Hoard, republican.....	175,696	Scofield, republican.....	264,981
Morgan, democrat.....	155,423	Silverthorn, democrat.....	169,257
Durant, prohibition.....	14,373	Berkey, prohibition.....	8,110
Powell, labor.....	9,196	Tuttrop, socialistic labor.....	1,306
Total vote.....	354,688	Henderson, national.....	407
Hoard's plurality.....	20,273	Total vote.....	444,091
		Scofield's plurality.....	95,724
		Scofield's net majority.....	85,871
1890.		1898.	
Peck, democrat.....	160,388	Scofield, republican.....	173,137
Hoard, republican.....	132,068	Sawyer, democrat.....	135,353
Alexander, prohibition.....	11,216	Worsley, people's.....	8,518
May, union labor.....	5,447	Chafin, prohibition.....	8,088
Total vote.....	309,149	Tuttle, social dem. of America.....	2,544
Peck's plurality.....	28,320	Riese, socialistic labor.....	1,473
Peck's net majority.....	11,627	Total vote.....	329,113
		Scofield's plurality.....	37,784
		Scofield's net majority.....	17,164
1892.		1900.	
Peck, democrat.....	178,245	LaFollette, republican.....	263,419
Spooner, republican.....	170,538	Bomrich, democrat.....	160,674
Richmond, prohibition.....	13,265	Smith, prohibition.....	9,707
Butt, people's.....	9,640	Tuttle, social democrat.....	6,590
Total vote.....	371,688	Wilke, social labor.....	507
Peck's plurality.....	7,707	Total vote.....	440,897
		LaFollette's plurality.....	102,745
		LaFollette's net majority.....	85,941

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS,
1900-1898.*As canvassed by the state board of canvassers.*

1900.		1898.	
For Governor.		For Governor.	
Louis G. Bomrich, dem.....	160,674	Hiram W. Sawyer, dem.....	135,353
J. Burritt Smith, pro.....	9,707	Albinus A. Worsley, peo.....	8,518
Robert M. LaFollette, rep.....	264,419	Engene W. Chafin, pro.....	8,088
Howard Tuttle, soc. dem.....	6,590	Edward Scofield, rep.....	173,137
Frank R. Wilke, soc. lab.....	507	Howard Tuttle, soc. D. of Am..	2,544
Total vote.....	440,897	Henry Riese, soc. lab.....	1,473
LaFollette's plurality.....	103,745	Total vote.....	329,113
		Scofield's plurality.....	37,784
		For Lieutenant Governor.	
For Lieutenant Governor.		Peter V. Deuster, dem.....	126,306
Frank H. Patterson, dem.....	160,044	Spencer Palmer, peo.....	8,267
Thorvild K. Thorvillson, pro.....	9,892	Willis W. Cooper, pro.....	7,846
Jesse Stone, rep.....	263,993	Jesse Stone, rep.....	180,038
George Dicke, soc. dem.....	6,673	Edward P. Hassinger, soc dem.	
Frank Mensing, soc. lab.....	655	of Am.....	2,535
Total vote.....	441,260	Herman C. Gauger, soc. lab....	1,543
Stone's plurality.....	103,949	Total vote.....	326,535
		Stone's plurality.....	53,732

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1900-1893—Cont.

As canvassed by the state board of canvassers.

1900.		1898.	
For Secretary of State.		For Secretary of State.	
Joseph H. Woodnorth, dem.....	159,643	Peter O. Stromme, dem.....	125,636
Edwin Kerswell, pro.....	9,887	Winfred L. Arven, pro.....	7,909
William H. Froehlich, rep.....	264,249	Charles F. Cronk, pro.....	7,604
Charles C. Meier, soc. dem.....	6,688	William H. Froehlich, rep.....	180,548
Rochus Babnik, soc. lab.....	498	Thomas C. P. Myers, soc. dem. of Am.....	2,500
Total vote.....	440,145	Eugene B. Bartell, soc. lab....	1,550
Froehlich's plurality.....	104,605	Total vote.....	325,847
		Froehlich's plurality.....	54,912
For State Treasurer.		For State Treasurer.	
August Bartz, dem.....	160,215	Constantine J. M. Malek, dem.....	125,115
Herbert James Noyes, pro.....	9,918	John Powers, peo.....	7,988
James O Davidson, rep.....	264,708	Wm. Larson, pro.....	7,803
John Doerfler, soc. dem.....	6,667	James O. Davidson, rep.....	18,865
Robert Phillips, soc. lab.....	505	August Mohr, soc. dem. of Am. Christian Emmerich, soc. lab.....	2,591 1,552
Total vote.....	441,013	Total vote.....	325,912
Davidson's plurality.....	103,493	Davidson's plurality.....	55,750
For Attorney General.		For Attorney General.	
George C. Cooper, dem.....	160,130	Harry H. Grace, dem.....	125,505
Eugene W. Chaffin, pro.....	10,168	Lester Woodward, peo.....	7,968
Emmett R. Hicks, rep.....	263,498	Wesley Mott, pro.....	7,573
Richard Elsner, soc. dem.....	6,737	Emmett R. Hicks, rep.....	180,173
N. E. Hanson, soc. lab.....	509	Richard Elsner, soc. dem. of Am.....	2,608
Total vote.....	441,030	Julius Andreesen, soc. lab.....	1,560
Hick's plurality.....	104,356	Total vote.....	325,387
		Hick's plurality.....	54,688
For State Superintendent.		For State Superintendent.	
Homer B. Hubbell, dem.....	159,757	William H. Schulz, dem.....	125,341
Henry C. Senn, pro.....	9,504	Asa H. Craig, peo.....	7,843
Lorenzo D. Harvey, rep.....	263,966	Augustin L. Whitcomb, pro....	7,543
August F. Buetow, soc. dem....	6,701	Lorenzo D. Harvey, rep.....	180,439
Total vote.....	439,316	Rudolph O. Stoll, soc. dem. of Am.....	2,538
Harvey's plurality.....	104,209	Frank R. Wilke, soc. lab.....	1,566
		Total vote.....	325,275
For Railroad Commissioner.		For Railroad Commissioner.	
George W. Hill, dem.....	159,925	Chester G. Wilcox, dem.....	123,567
Verner M. Weeks, pro.....	9,927	Robert E. Anger, peo.....	8,033
Graham L. Rice, rep.....	263,743	George Clithero, pro.....	17,509
Geek Ellis, soc. dem.....	6,660	Graham L. Rice, rep.....	180,133
William Ibs, soc. lab.....	489	Charles Richter, soc. dem. of Am.....	2,554
Total vote.....	439,719	Augus Greifenhagen, soc. lab...	1,579
Rice's plurality.....	103,818	Total vote.....	325,458
		Rice's plurality.....	54,569
For Insurance Commissioner.		For Insurance Commissioner.	
Robert A. Thompson, dem.....	159,672	John F. Schindler, dem.....	124,729
Franklin R. Derrick, pro.....	9,905	Charles W. Teney, peo.....	7,933
Emil Giljohann, rep.....	263,748	Edward Berg, pro.....	7,777
Max Goeras, soc. dem.....	6,611	Emil Giljohann, rep.....	180,019
Moritz Sehm, soc. lab.....	475	Eugene H. Rooney, soc. dem. of Am.....	2,559
Total vote.....	437,443	Richard Koeppel, soc. lab.....	1,561
Giljohann's majority.....	101,076	Total vote.....	324,631
		Giljohann's plurality.....	55,290

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1898—1900.

(For Legislative apportionment of 1901, See Part VIII, following biographies and preceding index.)

SENATORS.

Dist. No.	Population, 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting Senate Districts. (Apportionment of 1896.)	Elected to Senate for four years term: odd numbered districts in 1898, even numbered, in 1900.	Votes Received.	Plurality.	Term Ends.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
1	65,617	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	DeWayne Stebbins, Rep.....	5,849	2,138	1902	Amos Holgate, Dem.....	3,711
2	67,413	Brown and Oconto.....	Henry F. Hazemeister, Rep...	7,205	1,974	1901	John Grosse, Dem.....	5,231
3	67,351	Racine and Kenosha.....	John F. Reynolds, Rep.....	5,923	1,105	1902	Louis G. Bomrich, Dem.....	4,823
4	65,217	Part of Milwaukee county.....	J. Herbert Green, Rep.....	6,237	1,314	1904	Charles E. Erskine, Peo.....	4,306
5	65,013	Part of Milwaukee county.....	Frank A. Anson, Rep.....	5,571	661	1902	Joseph A. Meyers, Dem.....	4,923
6	77,717	Part of Milwaukee county.....	William H. Devos, Rep.....	6,853	1,933	1904	Herman G. Hansen, Soc. Dem.	947
7	63,043	Part of Milwaukee county.....	Barney A. Eaton, Rep.....	3,813	604	1902	Henry J. Steinman, Dem.....	4,910
8	64,482	Part of Milwaukee county.....	Julius E. Roehr, Rep.....	6,496	1,260	1904	Chas. J. Hambitzer, Peo.....	351
9	61,487	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood,	Thomas Fearne, Rep.....	6,480	3,192	1902	Ernest A. Kehr, Dem.....	4,520
10	50,773	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Orville W. Mosher, Rep.....	6,693	3,398	1901	Ludwig P. Siegel, Soc. Dem....	1,852
11	61,614	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	Edgar G. Mills, Rep.....	5,932	4,633	1902	Thomas J. Flemming, Dem....	3,509
12	73,975	Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer, and Washburn,	William O'Neil, Rep.....	11,129	6,893	1904	Martin S. Cyborowski, Peo....	597
13	46,631	Dodge county.....	Michael A. Jacobs, Dem.....	4,874	831	1902	Joseph Deuster, Dem.....	5,236
14	73,722	Outagamie and Shawano.....	T. Albert Willy, Rep.....	8,285	2,538	1904	Edward F. Melms, Soc. Dem..	910
15	59,339	Calumet and Manitowoc.....	Norman A. Knudson, Rep.....	4,591	37	1902	William A. Roblier, Dem.....	3,238
16	31,995	Grant and Iowa.....	Edward E. Burns, Rep.....	8,819	3,795	1904	Francis B. Saxton, Dem.....	3,300
17	62,334	Green, Lafayette and part of Rock county,	Harry C. Martin, Rep.....	6,534	2,790	1902	Joseph S. Konkel, Dem.....	639
18	63,386	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	Elmer D. Morse, Rep.....	8,266	1,473	1904	Henry Lafreniere, Dem.....	4,236
19	58,225	Winnebago county.....	Henry I. Weed, Dem.....	5,269	133	1902	David P. Doty, Rep.....	4,043
20	66,703	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	George W. Wolf, Rep.....	7,229	1,075	1904	Herman Meisner, Dem.....	5,747
21	61,098	Portage and Waupaca.....	William H. Hatton, Rep.....	5,958	3,024	1902	John P. Watt, Dem.....	4,854
							Abr. Andrews, Soc. Dem. of Am.	74
							William Synon, Dem.....	5,024
							John W. Horsfall, Pro.....	449
							Rinaldo E. Fleck, Dem.....	3,794
							Louis A. Lange, Dem.....	6,793
							George A. Buckstaff, Rep.....	5,136
							Carlos Judson, Pro.....	271
							H. W. Bolens, Dem.....	6,154
							H. J. Brecht, Soc. Dem.....	820
							Carl Von Neupert, Dem.....	2,934
							Ernest C. Williams, Pro.....	256

22	50,624	Parts of Rock and Jefferson counties..	John M. Whitehead, Rep.....	6,752	2,314	1904	Alexander Buchanan, Dem.....	4,438
							Geo. J. Kellogg, Pro.....	375
23	45,971	Walworth and part of Jefferson county.	John H. Harris, Rep.....	4,410	1,252	1902	Louis C. Baker, Dem.....	3,158
							Lorenzo D. Tracy, Pro.....	350
24	56,362	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin	Frank McDonough, Rep.....	7,539	3,764	1904	J. J. Auer, Dem.....	3,775
25	69,104	Clark and Marathon	Andrew L. Kroutzer, Rep.....	5,314	1,606	1902	R. B. Salter, Dem.....	3,708
26	69,435	Dane county	George P. Miller, Rep.....	8,997	2,501	1904	Nels C. Evans, Dem.....	6,496
							Henry A. Miner, Pro.....	498
27	64,127	Columbia and Sauk.....	William G. Bissel, Rep.....	6,364	2,416	1902	Edmond S. Baker, Dem.....	3,918
							James M. Blachley, Pro.....	377
28	65,120	Crawford, Richland and Vernon.....	Oliver G. Munson, Rep.....	9,362	5,228	1904	Clement A. Henthorn, Dem.....	4,134
							Warren J. Robinson, Pro.....	407
29	58,080	Chippewa and Dunn	James H. Stout, Rep.....	4,341	1,629	1902	Wilson Hopkins, Dem.....	2,712
30	67,587	Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas,	Daniel E. Riordan, Rep.....	10,600	4,816	1904	Albert E. Krauth, Dem.....	5,784
		Jackson, Juneau and Monroe.....	James J. McGillivray, Rep.....	6,769	2,953	1902	Angus B. Sneddon, Pro.....	284
31	66,198	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe.....	James J. McGillivray, Rep.....	6,769	2,953	1902	George W. Bishop, Dem.....	3,816
32	66,111	LaCrosse and Trempealeau	John C. Gavoney, Rep.....	8,618	3,762	1904	John F. Doherty, Dem.....	4,856
							David Wood, Pro.....	357
33	58,818	Washington and Waukesha.....	Alfred M. Jones, Rep.....	6,060	608	1902	Thomas McCarty, Dem.....	5,452
							Thomas Diamond, Pro.....	240

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE, 1900.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

District Number.	Population 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1896)	Elected Nov. 6, 1900, to two years' membership in the assembly.	Votes Received.	Plurality	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
1	23,677	Barron county.....	Kapp E. Rasmussen, Rep.....	2,957	1,966	Stone W. Sparlia, Dem.....	991
2	17,078	Calumet county.....	Isaac N. McComb, Dem.....	1,923	302	Jeremiah W. Baldock, Rep.....	1,621
3	25,848	Clark county.....	Lafayette M. Sturdevant, Rep..	3,789	2,571	Henry S. Mulvey, Dem.....	1,218
4	17,286	Crawford county.....	John A. Haggerty, Rep.....	2,321	942	E. G. Vischer, Pro.....	129
5	17,583	Door county.....	Henry Overbeck Jr., Rep.....	2,288	1,555	Ambrose Thompson, Dem.....	1,379
6	25,043	Dunn county.....	Albert R. Hall, Rep.....	3,014	1,846	Thomas Vose, Dem.....	733
						Charles Townsend, Dem.....	1,168
						F. F. Vasey, Pro.....	143
						O. G. Kinney, Soc. Dem.....	2
7	22,719	Green county.....	A. Clark Dodge, Rep.....	2,892	1,011	Henry Hoehn, Dem.....	1,881
8	15,797	Green Lake county.....	William J. Middleton, Rep.....	1,865	253	Scattering.....	3
						Frank W. Teske, Dem.....	1,615
9	23,114	Iowa county.....	Bjorn Holland, Rep.....	3,118	1,216	George W. Morton, Ind.....	148
10	17,466	Jackson county.....	E. A. Miller, Rep.....	2,622	1,900	Lorenzo Patterson, Pro.....	2
11	20,629	Juneau county.....	John M. Barlow, Rep.....	2,848	1,181	Josephus Boety, Dem.....	1,902
12	21,707	Kenosha county.....	S. Dwight Slade, Rep.....	3,038	909	John P. Parnly, Pro.....	202
13	17,212	Kewaunee county.....	William Rogers, Dem.....	1,764	30	C. T. Gansel, Dem.....	702
14	20,959	Lafayette county.....	Philo A. Orton, Rep.....	2,863	765	Charles Niller, Dem.....	1,667
						Adolph J. Burg, Dem.....	2,129
						M. T. Parker, Rep.....	1,784
15	30,822	Marinette county.....	Frederick M. Price, Rep.....	4,139	2,489	J. H. Richers, Dem.....	2,098
16	28,103	Monroe county.....	Evan R. Jones, Rep.....	3,564	1,125	Jasper Dexter, Pro.....	145
17	20,874	Oconto county.....	Henry Johnson, Rep.....	2,632	1,386	Frank Stock.....	1,650
18	16,363	Ozaukee county.....	Herman Schellenberg, Dem.....	1,673	94	John Cremer, Dem.....	2,439
19	23,943	Pierce county.....	Henry J. Park, Rep.....	3,154	2,018	Peter D. Levy, Dem.....	1,246
						Peter L. Pierron, Rep.....	1,589
20	19,483	Richland county.....	John H. Babb, Rep.....	2,558	1,056	William F. Gearing, Dem.....	1,076
21	26,830	St. Croix county.....	Henry Anderson, Rep.....	3,048	581	Milton A. Michaels, Pro.....	443
						George E. Jamieson, Dem.....	1,502
22	27,475	Shawano county.....	Jonas Swenholt, Rep.....	3,243	1,738	John Maly, Pro.....	259
23	23,114	Trempealeau county.....	Eugene F. Clark, Rep.....	3,356	2,131	Peter C. Anderson, Dem.....	2,467
24	28,357	Vernon county.....	Andrew H. Dahl, Rep.....	4,477	3,187	Henry Kane, Pro.....	1,82
						Henry R. McComb, Dem.....	1,505
						Iver Eimon, Dem.....	1,223
						George E. Tate, Dem.....	1,290

25	23,589	Washington county	Philip G. Duerrwachter, Rep.	2,578	35	William Hayes, Dem.	2,543
26	15,972	Waushara county	David Evans, Jr., Rep.	2,978	2,450	Fred B. Rawson, Dem.	528
27	25,865	Wood county	Frank A. Cady, Rep.	2,991	951	Joseph Mathews, Pro.	334
28	19,650	Adams and Marquette counties	John A. Henry, Rep.	3,838	1,474	Amos E. Gerwer, Dem.	2,040
29	26,792	Ashland and Iron counties	George P. Rossmann, Rep.	3,939	1,603	William B. Graham, Dem.	2,364
30	23,506	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn counties.	William L. McCormick, Rep.	3,939		John J. Miles, Dem.	2,331
31	24,670	Buffalo and Pepin counties	Charles W. Gilman, Rep.	3,198		No opposing candidate	
32	25,279	Burnett and Polk counties	Ole Erickson, Rep.	3,990	1,509	Nic Weigandy, Dem.	1,659
33	17,146	Florence, Forest and Langlade counties.	Leroy E. McGill, Rep.	2,460	3,122	John B. Kavanagh, Dem.	1,868
34	27,531	Lincoln and Taylor counties	Edward W. Whitson, Rep.	3,556	1,114	John McGraw, Dem.	1,346
35	22,910	Oneida, Price and Vilas Counties.	Nathan E. Lane, Rep.	4,714	527	Michael W. Ryan, Dem.	2,829
					2,946	Oscar F. Darwin, Dem.	1,768
						Griffith Davis, Pro.	427
36	23,372	Brown Co., 1st dist.	Willard E. Burdeau, Rep.	2,744	1,101	Paul V. Albright, Dem.	1,638
37	22,987	Brown Co., 2d dist.	Michael J. Flaherty, Dem.	2,200	245	Thomas Turriff, Rep.	1,955
38	13,850	Chippewa Co., 1st dist.	Joseph Meloney, Rep.	1,593	351	Angus J. McGillvray, Dem.	1,242
39	19,187	Chippewa Co., 2d dist.	John W. Thomas, Rep.	2,582	1,233	Thomas Emmerton, Dem.	1,249
40	15,117	Columbia Co., 1st dist.	George McMillan, Rep.	2,083	848	Leonard Kliemenhagen, Dem.	1,235
41	16,004	Columbia Co., 2d dist.	Lynn N. Coapman, Rep.	2,480	1,346	Owen J. Owen, Pro.	105
42	25,532	Dane Co., 1st dist.	E. Ray Stevens, Rep.	3,468	899	Henry Sawyer, Dem.	1,134
43	21,966	Dane Co., 2d dist.	Ole K. Roe, Rep.	3,442	2,140	William H. Roberts, Pro.	156
44	22,087	Dane Co., 3d dist.	Herman Fesenfeld, Dem.	2,466	163	George W. Levis, Dem.	2,569
45	23,336	Dodge Co., 1st dist.	Henry R. Moldenhauer, Dem.	3,147	927	Charles H. Parr, Pro.	421
46	22,995	Dodge Co., 2d dist.	Josephus C. Williams, Dem.	2,637	50	Edwin Robbins, Dem.	1,302
47	18,040	Douglas Co., 1st dist.	Ervine L. Lenroot, Rep.	1,966	745	Ormond Gunderson, Ind.	3
48	18,293	Douglas Co., 2d dist.	Wallace W. Andrew, Rep.	3,260	2,147	Lewis H. Anderson, Rep.	2,803
49	15,790	Eau Claire Co., 1st dist.	John H. Young, Rep.	2,118	1,111	J. S. Meyers, Ind.	1
50	22,471	Eau Claire Co., 2d dist.	Charles A. Silkworth, Rep.	2,137	1,074	Peter Weber, Rep.	2,220
51	25,118	Fond du Lac Co., 1st dist.	Raphael Katz, Dem.	3,259	423	James Gamble, Rep.	2,587
52	18,959	Fond du Lac Co., 2d dist.	James Fenelon, Rep.	3,405	1,522	John C. Sherman, Pro.	107
53	18,959	Grant Co., 1st dist.	Delford S. Brunson, Rep.	2,958	1,478	Henry G. Hancock, Dem.	1,221
54	19,692	Grant Co., 2d dist.	Sherman E. Smalley, Rep.	2,645	856	Ezra E. Arner, Dem.	1,113
55	16,712	Jefferson Co., 1st dist.	George J. Kern, Dem.	2,081	425	Halvor Jorgenson, Ind.	154
56	18,077	Jefferson Co., 2d dist.	Lewis Benson, Dem.	2,118	83	George Ritzinger, Dem.	1,007
57	21,840	La Crosse Co., 1st dist.	George H. Ray, Rep.	2,734	926	Frank R. Lebenthal, Pro.	143
						Frank C. Blaisdell, Dem.	1,063
						Patrick Moriarty, Rep.	2,836
						H. Albert Knicke, Dem.	1,883
						Robert Paton, Pro.	132
						Jacob Bremmer, Dem.	1,480
						Thomas David Nagle, Pro.	182
						Morton Eastman, Dem.	1,789
						Erasmus Witherby, Pro.	93
						Gustav Buchheit, Rep.	1,656
						Lute B. Caswell, Jr., Rep.	2,025
						Urban P. Stair, Pro.	111
						Frank S. Walker, Dem.	1,808
						Charles M. Sanderson, Pro.	92

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1900—ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

District Number.	Population, 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1896.)	Elected Nov. 6, 1900, to two years' membership in the assembly.	Votes Received.	Plurality	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
58	21,157	La Crosse Co., 2d dist.....	Andrew C. Hansen, Rep.....	2,482	578	David D. Samuels, Dem..... Horace G. Willey, Pro.....	1,903 111
59	22,086	Manitowoc Co., 1st district.....	Joseph Willot, Jr., Rep.....	2,435	341	Fred Schock, Dem..... Fred Luebke, Soc. Dem.....	2,094 28
60	20,175	Manitowoc Co., 2d dist.....	Jonas Gagnon, Dem.....	2,218	454	William A. Schmidt, Rep..... Henry Goeres, Soc. Dem.....	1,764 129
61	21,595	Marathon Co., 1st dist.....	Alfred Cook, Dem.....	2,069	4	G. A. Vandercook, Rep.....	2,065
62	21,697	Marathon Co., 2d dist.....	Herman Miller, Rep.....	2,538	717	John Miller, Dem..... Otto Gunderman, Soc. Lab.....	1,821 39
63	22,080	Milwaukee Co., 1st dist.....	Francis B. Keene, Rep.....	2,434	38	Thomas F. Ramsey, Dem..... David White, Soc. Dem.....	2,446 100
64	20,588	Millwaukee Co., 2d dist.....	Maurice A. McCabe, Dem.....	2,549	363	Michael Laffey, Rep..... Fred Weingard, Soc. Dem..... E. C. Notbohm, Ind.....	2,186 284 101
65	22,024	Milwaukee Co., 3d dist.....	Levi A. Minor, Rep.....	2,363	768	William W. Scott, Dem..... George Landwehr, Soc. Dem.....	1,595 164
66	22,346	Milwaukee Co., 4th dist.....	August Zinn, Rep.....	2,865	935	Max W. Nohl, Dem..... Carl Barkmann, Soc. Dem.....	1,930 216
67	23,247	Milwaukee Co., 5th dist.....	Fred Esau, Dem.....	2,220	38	Thomas J. Borland, Rep..... Henry A. Protovi, Soc. Dem.....	2,182 357
68	27,578	Milwaukee Co., 6th dist.....	Francis M. Eline, Dem.....	2,705	110	Richard B. Ramien, Rep..... Emil Fischer, Soc. Dem.....	2,595 267
69	18,908	Milwaukee Co., 7th dist.....	Frederick Hartung, Rep.....	2,912	1,941	Peter J. Mackdon, Dem.....	971
70	19,332	Milwaukee Co., 8th dist.....	Reinhold F. Thiessenhusen, Rep.	2,411	835	Gottfried Schloemer, Dem..... Fred H. Laist, Soc. Dem.....	1,576 213
71	17,653	Milwaukee Co., 9th dist.....	John C. Karel Dem.....	1,591	89	Ben. Van Echteren, Rep..... John Hayman, Soc. Dem.....	1,502 405
72	17,024	Milwaukee Co., 10th dist.....	George Rankl, Rep.....	1,740	508	Anthony C. G. De Heus, Dem.. Frank J. Kreil, Soc. Dem.....	1,232 3-8
73	21,903	Milwaukee Co., 11th dist.....	Herman Pomrening, Rep.....	1,805	254	Adam J. Knapp, Dem..... Fred Schoen, Soc. Dem.....	1,551 343
74	37,083	Milwaukee Co., 12th dist.....	Charles Barker, Rep.....	3,505	1,264	William A. Yunker, Dem..... Charles A. Blodgett, Soc. Dem.	2,241 1,040
75	17,026	Milwaukee Co., 13th dist.....	Henry J. Soltwedel, Rep.....	1,623	391	Ernest Leidel, Dem..... Henry Harbicht, Soc. Dem.....	1,232 271
76	20,657	Milwaukee Co., 14th dist.....	August M. Gawin, Dem.....	2,013	1,141	Constantine Matuszewski, Rep. Jacob Reidenbach, Soc. Dem.....	872 129
77	20,613	Milwaukee Co., 15th dist.....	John E. Norton, Rep.....	1,933	858	Henry C. Chase, Dem..... Jacob Heller, Jr., Soc. Dem.....	1,080 398

78	22,068	Outagamie Co., 1st dist.....	Warren L. Root, Rep.....	2,421	319	David Zehner, Dem.....	2,102
79	24,179	Outagamie Co., 2d dist.....	David Hodgins, Rep.....	2,574	368	Luther Lindauer, Dem.....	2,206
80	15,809	Portage Co., 1st dist.....	William F. Collins, Dem.....	1,736	422	August Oesterle, Rep.....	1,314
81	13,674	Portage Co., 2d dist.....	Fred J. Frost, Rep.....	1,953	988	John Frederick, Dem.....	965
82	24,807	Racine Co., 1st dist.....	John W. Owen, Rep.....	3,351	1,150	J. H. Kozelius, Dem.....	2,201
						W. Cahoon, Pro.....	171
83	20,837	Racine Co., 2d dist.....	George Ela, Rep.....	2,372	551	E. F. Rakow, Dem.....	1,821
						W. E. Tucker, Pro.....	121
84	16,218	Rock Co., 1st dist.....	Charles L. Valentine, Rep.....	2,064	714	William Bronkman, Dem.....	1,350
						William J. Knights, Pro.....	93
85	16,329	Rock Co., 2d dist.....	Almeron Eagor, Rep.....	2,670	1,759	Daniel Rodgers, Dem.....	911
						John Stockman, Pro.....	170
86	18,656	Rock Co., 3d dist.....	Halvor Cleophas, Rep.....	3,411	741	John Burns, Dem.....	819
						James B. Smith, Pro.....	137
87	16,905	Sauk Co., 1st dist.....	Franklin Johnson, Rep.....	2,243	1,011	Thomas W. English, Dem.....	1,232
						Orlando E. Stone, Pro.....	148
88	16,101	Sauk Co., 2d dist.....	Evan W. Evans, Dem.....	1,835	282	James A. Stone, Rep.....	1,553
						Henry B. Hemmerly, Pro.....	104
89	17,907	Sheboygan Co., 1st dist.....	Martin O. Galloway, Rep.....	1,871	393	Carl Zillier, Dem.....	1,478
						Edward Mahanke, Soc. Dem.....	512
90	16,681	Sheboygan Co., 2d dist.....	George Spratt, Rep.....	1,736	301	Henry S. Klemms, Dem.....	1,462
						L. F. Muir, Soc. Dem.....	282
91	15,757	Sheboygan Co., 3d dist.....	Henry Krumrey, Rep.....	2,097	725	Jerry J. Crosby, Dem.....	1,372
						John A. Zinkgraf, Soc. Dem.....	56
92	13,634	Walworth Co., 1st dist.....	Everett E. Dow, Rep.....	2,345	1,385	Oscar Hansen, Dem.....	960
						George J. Kyle, Pro.....	136
93	15,625	Walworth Co., 2d dist.....	Albert E. Smith, Rep.....	2,674	1,834	James E. Gaffney, Dem.....	840
						James Hague, Pro.....	166
94	18,057	Waukesha Co., 1st dist.....	James Johnston, Rep.....	2,491	808	John Schmidt, Dem.....	1,683
						Henry R. Adams, Pro.....	129
95	17,172	Waukesha Co., 2d dist.....	Roderick Ainsworth, Rep.....	2,513	1,039	Charles W. Dorse, Dem.....	1,444
						M. A. Schmoyer, Pro.....	112
96	16,337	Waupaca Co., 1st dist.....	Emil H. Steiger, Rep.....	2,924	2,285	Henry Hanna, Dem.....	639
						Edwin T. Mather, Pro.....	180
97	15,278	Waupaca Co., 2d dist.....	Andrew Jensen, Rep.....	2,245	1,409	John Hoffman, Dem.....	836
98	20,317	Winnebago Co., 1st dist.....	Herman E. Manuel, Rep.....	2,339	123	F. Badger Ives, Dem.....	2,216
						Arthur C. Smith, Pro.....	95
99	18,698	Winnebago Co., 2d dist.....	Edwin A. Williams, Rep.....	2,156	99	William H. Hesse, Dem.....	2,057
						John T. Davis, Pro.....	80
100	19,210	Winnebago Co., 3d dist.....	*Christian Sarau, Rep.....	2,659	984	William F. Faber, Dem.....	1,675
						Wesley Mott, Pro.....	14

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE STATE SENATE, SESSION OF 1901.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties, or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Term expires.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
5	Anson, Frank A.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milw., 1621 Grand Av.	Wholesale grocer....	New York....	1902	57	1868	1895-7-9-01.
27	Bissell, William G.....	R.	Columbia and Sauk.....	Lodi.....	Merchant.....	New York....	1902	44	1866	1899, 01.
16	Burns, Edward E.....	R.	Grant and Iowa.....	Platteville.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	1901	43	1858	1901.
6	Devos, William H.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milw., 604-17th St.	Coal dealer.....	Wisconsin....	1904	43	1857	1897, 99, 01.
7	Eaton, Barney A.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Cudahy.....	Horticulturist.....	Wisconsin....	1902	48	1853	1895-7-9-01.
9	Fearne, Thomas.....	R.	Adams, Marquette, Wau- shara and Wood.	Coloma Station.....	Farmer.....	Canada.....	1902	55	1855	1899, 01.
32	Gavéney, John C.....	R.	La Crosse, Trempealeau.	Arcadia.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin...	1904	37	1863	1901.
4	Green, J. Herbert.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milw., 1218-2d St.	Merchant.....	Wisconsin...	1901	40	1860	1897, 99, 01.
2	Hagemeister, Henry.....	R.	Brown and Oconto.....	Green Bay.....	Brewer.....	Wisconsin...	1901	46	1855	1893, 95, 01.
23	Harris, John H.....	R.	Walworth and part of Jefferson.	Elkhorn.....	Manufacturer.....	New York....	1902	45	1879	1899, 01.
21	Hatton, William H.....	R.	Portage and Waupaca..	New London.....	Lumberman.....	New York....	1902	40	1873	1899, 01.
13	Jacobs, Michael A.....	D.	Dodge.....	Beaver Dam.....	Lumber and coal.....	Wisconsin...	1902	41	1860	1899, 01.
33	Jones, Alfred M.....	R.	Washington, Waukesha.	Waukesha.....	Pres. Min. Sprg. Co..	New Hamp's'e	1902	64	1894	1899, 01.
15	Knudson, Norman A.....	R.	Calumet, Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Clerk.....	Wisconsin...	1902	27	1874	1899, 01.
25	Kreutzor, Andrew L.....	R.	Clark and Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin...	1902	38	1863	1899, 01.
17	Martin, Harry C.....	R.	Green, Lafayette and part of Rock.	Darlington.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin...	1902	47	1854	1895, 99, 01.
24	McDonough, Frank...	R.	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin.	Eau Claire.....	Manufacturer.....	Canada.....	1904	54	1863	1893, 01.
31	McGillivray, James J..	R.	Jackson, Juneau, Monr'e	Black River Falls...	Architect and man'fr	Canada.....	1902	53	1866	1891-3-5-7-9-01
26	Miller, George P.....	R.	Dane.....	Madison.....	Manufacturer.....	Wisconsin...	1904	33	1908	1901.
11	Mills, Edgar G.....	R.	Burnett, Douglas, Polk.	West Superior.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin...	1902	41	1860	1893, 99, 01.
13	Morse, Elmer D.....	R.	P'd du Lac, Green Lake.	Princeton.....	Banker and merch't.	New York....	1901	57	1847	1901.
10	Mosher, Orville W.....	R.	Pierce and St. Croix.....	New Richmond.....	Grain dealer.....	Wisconsin...	1904	48	1853	1899, 01.
28	Munson, Oliver G.....	R.	Crawf'd, Rich'l'd, Vernon	Viroqua.....	Editor and publisher	Iowa.....	1901	45	1876	1897, 99, 01.
12	O'Neil, William.....	R.	Ashland, Barron, Bayf'd Iron, Sawyer, Wash'b'n.	Washburn.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin...	1904	53	1848	1893, 95, 01.
3	Reynolds, John F.....	R.	Kenosha and Racine...	Genoa Junction.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin...	1902	45	1852	1895-7-9-01.
30	Riordan, Daniel E.....	R.	Florence, Forest, Lang- lade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor, Vilas.	Eagle River.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin...	1904	37	1863	1897, 99, 01.
8	Roehr, Julius E.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milw., 140 Reed St..	Lawyer.....	New York....	1904	41	1873	1897, 99, 01.
1	Stebbins, DeWayne.....	R.	Door, Kewaunee, Mari- nette.	Algoma.....	Banker and publish'r	New York....	1902	66	1835	1873-95-7-9-01.
23	Stout, James H.....	R.	Chippewa and Dunn....	Monomonie.....	Lumberman.....	Iowa.....	1902	52	1889	1895-7-9-01.
19	Weed, Henry I.....	D.	Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Lawyer.....	New York....	1902	40	1865	1899, 01.
22	Whitehead, John M.....	R.	P'ts of Rock and Jeffers'n	Janesville.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	1901	49	1833	1897, 99, 01.
11	Willy, T. A.....	R.	Outagamie, Shawano...	Appleton.....	Grain dealer.....	England.....	1904	56	1866	1899, 01.
20	Wolf, George W.....	R.	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	Rhine.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin...	1904	53	1848	1835, 97, 01.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1901.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
95	Ainsworth, Roderick..	R.	Waukesha, 2d dist....	Merton.....	Farmer.....	Illinois.....	59	1844	1901.
21	Anderson, Henry.....	R.	St. Croix.....	Baldwin.....	Lawyer.....	Norway.....	45	1873	1901.
48	Andrew, Wallace W....	R.	Douglas, 2d dist.....	South Superior...	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	50	1850	1901.
20	Babb, John H.....	R.	Richland.....	Sabin.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin	34	1856	1901.
74	Barker, Charles.....	R.	Milwaukee, 12th dist.	691, 28th St. Milw.	Justice.....	England.....	51	1846	1901.
11	Barlow, John M.....	R.	Juneau.....	New Lisbon.....	Merchant.....	Massachusetts...	63	1836	1899, 01.
56	Benson, Lewis.....	D.	Jefferson, 2d dist....	Oakland.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin	51	1850	1894, 01.
53	Brunson, Delford S....	R.	Grant, 1st dist.....	Fennimore.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin	42	1858	1901.
35	Burdeau, Willard E....	R.	Brown, 1st dist.....	Flintville.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	41	1868	1901.
27	Cady, Frank A.....	R.	Wood.....	Marshfield.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin	42	1858	1901.
23	Clark, Eugene F.....	R.	Trompealeau.....	Galesville.....	Banker.....	Maine.....	50	1854	1901.
86	Cleophas, Halvor.....	R.	Rock, 3d dist.....	Beloit.....	Farmer.....	Norway.....	58	1843	1901.
41	Coapman, Lynn N.....	R.	Columbia, 2d dist....	Wycocna.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin	40	1850	1901.
80	Collins, William F....	D.	Portage, 1st dist....	Stevens Point....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin	31	1859	1901.
61	Cook, Alfred.....	D.	Marathon, 1st dist..	Unity.....	Farmer.....	Canada.....	50	1854	1901.
24	Dahl, Andrew H.....	R.	Vernon.....	Westby.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin	42	1859	1899, 01.
7	Dodge, A. Clark.....	R.	Green.....	Monroe.....	Lumber dealer	Vermont.....	67	1855	1899, 01.
92	Dow, Everett E.....	R.	Walworth, 1st dist..	La Grange.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin	47	1853	1901.
25	Duerwaechter, Philip	R.	Washington.....	South Germantown	Merchant.....	Germany.....	53	1837	1901.
85	Eager, Almeron.....	R.	Rock, 2d dist.....	Evansville.....	Retired Farmer	New York.....	62	1851	1901.
83	Ela, George.....	R.	Racine, 2d dist.....	Rochester.....	Dairyman.....	Wisconsin	33	1868	1899, 01.
68	Eline, Francis M.....	D.	Milwaukee, 6th dist..	547 O'kl'd av. Milw.	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin	30	1871	1899, 01.
32	Erickson, Ole.....	R.	Burnett and Polk....	Grantsburg.....	Farmer-Merchant	Sweden.....	36	1831	1901.
67	Esau, Fred.....	D.	Milwaukee, 5th dist..	479 Reed St. Milw.	Druggist.....	Wisconsin	48	1852	1901.
26	Evans, David, Jr.....	R.	Waushara.....	Berlin.....	Farmer.....	North Wales.....	53	1833	1899, 01.
88	Evans, Evan W.....	D.	Sauk, 21 dist.....	Spring Green.....	Farmer.....	Wales.....	52	1849	1901.
52	Fenelon, James.....	R.	Fond du Lac, 2d dist.	Ripon.....	Farmer.....	Ireland.....	54	1830	1901.
44	Fesenfield, Herman...	D.	Dane, 3d dist.....	Black Earth.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin	46	1854	1901.
37	Flaherty, Michael J..	R.	Brown, 2d dist.....	Stark.....	Livestock dealer	Wisconsin	39	1862	1899, 01.
81	Frost, Josiah F.....	D.	Portage, 2d dist....	Almond.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.	43	1853	1899, 01.
60	Gagnon, Jonas.....	D.	Manitowoc, 2d dist..	Two Rivers.....	Manufacturer	Canada.....	55	1843	1899, 01.
89	Galaway, Martin O....	R.	Sheboygan, 1st dist..	Sheboygan.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin	39	1862	1899, 01.
76	Gawin, August M.....	D.	Milwaukee, 14th dist.	823 Wind Lake Av., Milwaukee.	Manufacturer	Germany.....	32	1872	1877, 99, 01.
31	Gilman, Charles W....	R.	Buffalo and Pepin...	Mondovi.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin	39	1832	1901.
4	Haggerty, John A.....	R.	Crawford.....	Ferryville.....	Merchant.....	New Jersey.....	59	1866	1901.
6	Hall, Albert R.....	R.	Dunn.....	Knapp.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	60	1880	1891-3-5-7-9, 01.
58	Hanson, Andrew C....	R.	La Crosse, 2d dist....	Mindoro.....	Merchant.....	Norway.....	55	1836	1901.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY, 1901.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1901—Continued.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics	Counties or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
69	Hartung, Fred	R.	Milwaukee, 7th dist.	Wauwatosa	Farmer	Wisconsin	44	1857	1899, 01.
28	Henry, John A.	R.	Adams and Marquette.	Easton	Farmer-Merchant	New York	55	1850	1901.
79	Hodgins, David	R.	Outagamie, 2d dist.	Hortonville	Farmer	Canada	51	1865	1901.
9	Holland, Bjorn	R.	Iowa	Hollandale	Livestock dealer	Norway	60	1846	1899, 01.
97	Jensen, Andrew	R.	Waupaca, 2d dist.	New London	Lumberman	Denmark	49	1867	1897, 99, 01.
87	Johnson, Franklin	R.	Sauk, 2d dist.	Baraboo	Insurance	Wisconsin	52	1849	1901.
17	Johnson, Henry	R.	Oconto	Suring	Farmer	Denmark	46	1873	1901.
94	Johnston, James	R.	Waukesha, 1st dist.	Mukwonago	Merchant	Wisconsin	55	1845	1899, 01.
16	Jones, Evan B.	R.	Monroe	Sparta	Retired	South Wales.	60	1849	1901.
71	Karel, John C.	D.	Milwaukee, 9th dist.	805 Walnut St., Mil	Lawyer	Nebraska	28	1874	1901.
51	Katz, Raphael	D.	Fond du Lac, 1st dist.	Fond du Lac	Merchant	Germany	60	1867	1901.
63	Keene, Francis B.	R.	Milwaukee, 1st dist.	301 Ogden Av., Mil.	Journalist	Wisconsin	44	1856	1899, 01.
55	Kern, George J.	D.	Jefferson, 1st dist.	Rome	Farmer	Wisconsin	50	1850	1901.
91	Krumrey, Henry	R.	Sheboygan, 3d dist.	Plymouth	Farmer	Wisconsin	49	1852	1901.
35	Lane, Nathan E.	R.	Oneida, Price, Vilas.	Phillips	Insurance	Wisconsin	38	1862	1901.
47	Lenroot, Ervine L.	R.	Douglas, 1st dist.	West Superior	Lawyer	Wisconsin	31	1869	1901.
64	McCabe, Maurice A.	D.	Milwaukee, 2d dist.	94, 7th St., Milwaukee.	Lawyer	Wisconsin	28	1872	1901.
2	McComb, Isaac N.	D.	Calumet	Brillion	Physician	Wisconsin	50	1850	1901.
30	McCormick, Wm. L.	R.	Bayfield, Sawyer, Washburn.	Hayward	Bank Cashier	Minnesota	24	1882	1901.
33	McGill, Leroy E.	R.	Florence, Forest, Langlade.	Florence	Lawyer	Wisconsin	32	1868	1901.
40	McMillan, George	R.	Columbia, 1st dist.	Arlington	Merchant.	Scotland.	64	1851	1901.
98	Manuel, Herman E.	R.	Winnebago, 1st dist.	Oshkosh	Retired.	Wisconsin	62	1849	1901.
38	Meloney, Joseph	R.	Chippewa, 1st dist.	Bloomer	Farmer.	Wisconsin	37	1864	1901.
8	Middleton, William J.	R.	Green Lake	Berlin	Lawyer	Michigan	39	1868	1899-01.
10	Miller, Edwin E.	R.	Jackson	Hixton	Merchant.	Illinois	44	1867	1901.
62	Miller, Herman	R.	Marathon, 2d dist.	Wausau	Retired.	Germany	77	1855	1901.
65	Minor, Levi A.	R.	Milwaukee, 3d dist.	South Milwaukee.	Publisher.	Pennsylvania	46	1884	1901.
45	Moldenhauer, H. R.	D.	Dodge, 1st dist.	Lebanon	Merchant.	Wisconsin	45	1855	1901.
77	Norton, John E.	R.	Milwaukee, 14th dist.	Route 1, Station B, Milwaukee.	Lawyer	Nebraska	28	1874	1901.
14	Orton, Philo A.	R.	Lafayette	Darlington	Lawyer	New York	64	1850	1899-01.
5	Overbeck, Henry Jr.	R.	Door	Sturgeon Bay	Insurance	New York	48	1854	1897-99-01.
82	Owen, John W.	R.	Racine, 1st dist.	Racine	Lawyer	Wisconsin	38	1862	1901.
19	Park, Harry J.	R.	Pierce	Spring Valley	Merchant.	Wisconsin	32	1868	1901.
73	Pomrening, Herman	R.	Milwaukee, 11th dist.	569 Mitchell St., Milwaukee.	Saioonkeeper	Germany	38	1871	1901.

15	Price, Frederick M.....	R.	Marinette.....	Peshtigo.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	42	1858	1901
72	Rankl, George.....	R.	Milwaukee, 10th dist..	1327 Lloyd St, Milwaukee.	Painter.....	Wisconsin.....	33	1867	1901
1	Rasmussen, Kapp E....	R.	Barron.....	Rice Lake.....	Lawyer.....	Denmark.....	41	1837	1899-01.
57	Ray, George H.....	R.	La Crosse, 1st dist....	La Crosse.....	Banker.....	New Brunswick..	53	1878	1895-7-9-01.
43	Roe, Ole K.....	R.	Dane, 2d dist.....	Stoughton.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	49	1851	1901.
13	Rogers, William.....	D.	Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	County Clerk 12 years..	New Brunswick..	62	1850	1882-1901.
78	Root, Warren L.....	R.	Outagamie, 1st dist..	Appleton, R. R. No. 2	Farmer.....	New York.....	64	1858	1901.
29	Rossman, George P....	R.	Ashland and Iron.....	Ashland.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	41	1859	1901.
100	Saran, Christian.....	R.	Winnebago, 3d dist...	Oshkosh.....	Lawyer.....	Germany.....	62	1848	1899, 01.
18	Schellenberg, Herm...	D.	Ozaukee.....	Horns Corners.....	Merchant.....	Germany.....	58	1859	1895-7, 01.
50	Silkworth, Charles A.	R.	Eau Claire, 2d dist...	Osseo.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	38	1862	1901.
12	Slade, S. Dwight.....	R.	Kenosha.....	Slade's Corners.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	52	1849	1899, 01.
54	Smalley, Sherman E..	R.	Grant, 2d dist.....	Cuba City.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	34	1863	1901.
93	Smith, Albert E.....	R.	Waukesha, 2d dist....	Delavan.....	Mining Engineer.....	New York.....	61	1850	1901.
75	Soltwedel, Henry J...	R.	Milwaukee, 13th dist..	956-2d St. Mil.	Barber.....	Germany.....	42	1893	1899, 01.
90	Spratt, George.....	R.	Sheboygan, 2d dist...	Sheboygan Falls...	Manufacturer.....	England.....	56	1837	1887, 01.
96	Steiger, Emil H.....	R.	Waupaca, 1st dist....	Fremont.....	Lumberman.....	Wisconsin.....	30	1871	1899, 01.
42	Stevens, E. Ray.....	R.	Dane 1st dist.....	Madison.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	31	1877	1901.
3	Sturdevant, Lafay M.	R.	Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Lawyer.....	Pennsylvania...	45	1855	1899, 01.
22	Swenholt, Jonas.....	R.	Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Real Estate Dealer...	Wisconsin.....	45	1855	1901.
70	Thiessenhusen, R. F..	R.	Milwaukee, 8th dist..	325-16th Ave. Mil.	Contractor.....	Wisconsin.....	37	1864	1899, 01.
39	Thomas, John W.....	R.	Chippewa, 2d dist...	Chippewa Falls...	Dairman.....	Wales.....	55	1857	1895-7-9, 01.
84	Valentine, Charles L.	R.	Rock, 1st dist.....	Janesville.....	Title Abstractor.....	New York.....	54	1849	1901.
34	Whitson, Edward W...	R.	Lincoln and Taylor...	Tomahawk.....	Lumberman.....	New York.....	49	1851	1901.
99	Williams, Edwin A....	R.	Winnebago, 2d dist...	Tomahawk.....	Insurance.....	Wisconsin.....	54	1847	1899, 01.
46	Williams, Joseph C...	D.	Dodge, 2d dist.....	Fox Lake.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	40	1860	1901.
59	Willott, Joseph, Jr..	R.	Manitowoc, 1st dist..	Manitowoc.....	Manufacturer.....	England.....	46	1872	1899, 01.
49	Young, John H.....	R.	Manitowoc, 1st dist..	Eau Claire.....	Lumberman.....	Illinois.....	44	1858	1901.
66	Zinn, August.....	R.	Milwaukee, 4th dist...	2929 Prairie St. Mil.	Manufacturer.....	Wisconsin.....	42	1859	1899, 01.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

	Judiciary.		Public Lands.
Senators	Kreutzer, chairman; Roehr, Riordan, Whitehead, Mills, Martin, Gaveney, Burns, Weed.	Senators	Hagemeister, chairman; Knudsen, Kreutzer.
	State Affairs.		Public Health.
Senators	Jones, chairman; Munson, Harris, Hatton, O'Neil.	Senators	Eaton, chairman; Miller, Willy.
	Banks and Insurance		Military Affairs.
Senators	Roehr, chairman; Green, Munson, Morse, Stebbins.	Senators	Knudsen, chairman; Burns, O'Neil, Anson, McGillivray.
	Railroads.		Privileges and Elections.
Senators	Harris, chairman; Reynolds, Eaton, Willy, Anson, McDonough, Devos, Gaveney, Jacobs.	Senators	Hatton, chairman; Jones, Miller, Whitehead, Martin.
	Education.		Legislative Expenses.
Senators	Stout, chairman; Hatton, Martin, Bissell, Burns.	Senators	Willy, chairman; Anson, Morse.
	Manufactures and Labor.		Federal Relations.
Senators	Anson, chairman; Bissell, Jacobs, Miller, Mosher.	Senators	Martin, chairman; Wolf, Bissell.
	Assessment and Collection of Taxes.		Agriculture.
Senators	Whitehead, chairman; Riordan, Wolf, Green, Mills.	Senators	Reynolds, chairman; Fearne, Harris, Eaton, Kreutzer.
	Corporations.		Roads and Bridges.
Senators	Devos, chairman; Green, Reynolds, Stebbins, Weed.	Senators	O'Neil, chairman; Kreutzer, Burns.
	Town and County Organization.		Engrossed Bills.
Senators	Riordan, chairman; Fearne, O'Neil.	Senators	Miller, chairman; Devos, McDonough.
			Enrolled Bills.
		Senators	Fearne, chairman; Roehr, Hatton
			Bills on Third Reading.
		Senators	Gaveney, chairman; Mosher, Jacobs.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Judiciary.

Messrs. P. A. Orton, chairman;
L. M. Sturdevant,
George Ela,
S. E. Smalley,
J. W. Owen,
I. L. Lenroot,
Chas. W. Gilman,
Geo. P. Rossman,
F. A. Cady,
W. L. McCormick,
F. M. Eline.

State Affairs.

Messrs. K. E. Rasmussen, chairman;
J. M. Barlow,
W. L. Root,
Ole Erickson,
H. Krumrey,
Jos. Meloney,
E. W. Evans.

Cities.

Messrs. F. B. Keene, chairman;
C. Sarau,
A. C. Dodge,
Geo. McMillan,
C. L. Valentine,
Geo. Spratt,
H. Pomrening,
W. W. Andrew,
Alfred Cook.

Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Messrs. E. A. Williams, chairman;
N. E. Lane,
Chas. Barker,
E. A. Miller,
C. A. Silkworth,
A. Eager,
I. N. McComb.

Railroads.

Messrs. J. W. Thomas, chairman;
Jos. Willott, Jr.,
M. O. Galaway,
S. D. Slade,
R. F. Thiessenhusen,
H. J. Soltwedel,
A. C. Hanson,
L. N. Coapman,
E. R. Jones,
Henry Anderson,
M. J. Flaherty.

Education.

Messrs. James Johnston, chairman;
A. Jensen,
E. A. Williams,
Franklin Johnson,
H. Krumrey,
George McMillan,
Raphael Katz.

Manufactures.

Messrs. R. F. Thiessenhusen, chairman;
Geo. P. Rossman,
A. Eager,
J. W. Owen,
W. L. McCormick,
A. M. Gawin,
Wm. Rogers.

Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Messrs. A. R. Hall, chairman;
E. Ray Stevens,
F. J. Frost,
August Zinn,
D. B. Brunson,
N. E. Lane,
M. A. McCabe.

Corporations.

Messrs. L. M. Sturdevant, chairman;
A. R. Hall,
A. C. Hansen,
D. B. Brunson,
James Fenelon,
D. Hodgins,
A. M. Gawin.

Town and County Organization.

Messrs. W. J. Middleton, chairman;
F. A. Cady,
LeRoy E. McGill,
Henry Johnson,
D. Hodgins.

Public Lands.

Messrs. David Evans, Jr., chairman;
Ole Erickson,
E. W. Whitson,
J. Swenholt,
J. C. Williams.

Military Affairs.

Messrs. A. C. Dodge, chairman;
J. H. Young,
I. L. Lenroot,
Geo. Rankl,
S. E. Smalley,
LeRoy E. McGill,
J. C. Karel.

Public Health and Sanitation.

Messrs. Jos. Willott, Jr., chairman;
David Evans, Jr.,
E. W. Whitson,
Geo. Spratt,
Fred Esau.

Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. M. O. Galaway, chairman;
H. Miller,
H. J. Soltwedel,
W. E. Burdeau,
H. E. Manuel.

Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. E. H. Steiger, chairman;
E. Ray Stevens,
W. W. Andrew,
W. J. Middleton,
L. N. Coapman,
John A. Henry,
J. C. Karel.

Federal Relations.

Messrs. C. Sarau, chairman;
Fred Hartung,
John H. Babb,
E. E. Dow,
P. G. Duerrwaechter.

Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. F. J. Frost, chairman,
Ole K. Roe,
W. E. Burdeau,
Fred M. Price,
Geo. J. Kern.

Agriculture.

Messrs. B. Holland, chairman;
R. Ainsworth,
Jos. Meloney,
John H. Babb,
E. E. Dow,
P. G. Duerrwaechter,
Lewis Benson.

Ways and Means.

Messrs. Henry Overbeck, Jr., chairman;
J. H. Young,
H. Cleophas,
Franklin Johnson,
H. Schellenberg.

Lumber and Mining.

Messrs. A. E. Smith, chairman;
Henry Johnson,
W. L. Root,
H. Pomrening,
E. H. Steiger.

Public Improvements.

Messrs. E. F. Clark, chairman;
B. Holland,
E. R. Jones,
John E. Norton,
Fred M. Price.

Dairy and Food.

Messrs. S. D. Slade, chairman;
J. W. Thomas,
John E. Norton,
Jas. Fenelon,
John A. Henry,
John A. Haggerty,
H. Miller,
J. Swenholt,
H. R. Moldenhauer.

Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. J. M. Barlow, chairman;
J. A. Haggerty,
Chas. Barker,
C. A. Silkworth,
H. J. Park.

Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. Andrew Jensen, chairman;
James Johnston,
E. A. Miller,
L. A. Miner,
K. E. Rasmussen.

Bills on Third Reading.

Messrs. Geo. Ela, chairman;
F. B. Keene,
C. W. Gilman,
Henry Anderson,
Wm. Rogers.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

SENATE.**Claims.**

Senators Mills, chairman;
Hagemeister,
Moshier.

Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Senators Stebbins, chairman;
Bissell,
Wolff.

Printing.

Senators Munson, chairman;
Morse.

Fish and Game.

Senators Green, chairman;
Knudson,
Hagemeister.

Forestry and Lumber.

Senators McDonough, chairman;
Stout,
Riordan.

ASSEMBLY.**Claims.**

Messrs. Fred Hartung, chairman;
E. F. Clark,
H. E. Manuel,
A. E. Smith,
W. F. Collins.

Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Messrs. A. H. Dahl, chairman;
Geo. Rankl,
R. Ainsworth,
H. Cleophas,
H. Fesenfeld.

Printing.

Messrs. Ole K. Roe, chairman;
L. A. Miner,
A. H. Dahl.

Fish and Game.

Messrs. August Zinn, chairman;
Henry Overbeck, Jr.,
C. L. Valentine,
H. J. Park,
Jonas Gagnon.

Forestry and Lumber.

Messrs. Ole Erickson, chairman;
J. H. Young,
E. W. Whitson,
L. E. McGill,
M. J. Flaherty.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON APPORTIONMENT.**Senate.**

Senators Riordan, chairman;
Mills,
McGillivray,
Jones,
Stebbins,
Anson,
Bissell,
Whitehead,
Munson,
Weed.

Assembly.

Messrs. Ray, chairman;
Sturdevant,
Orton,
Thomas,
Overbeck,
Keene,
Sarau,
Middleton,
Holland,
Owen,
Stevens,
Gilman,
Smalley,
Hodgins,
McGill,
Anderson,
Spratt,
Elme,
Benson,
Schellenberg.

EMPLOYES OF LEGISLATURE, SESSION OF 1901.

SENATE.

CHIEF CLERK'S DEPARTMENT.

Name.	Position.	Postoffice.
Walter L. Houser.....	Chief clerk.....	Mondovi.
F. E. Andrews.....	Journal clerk.....	Bloomer.
Andrew Rood.....	Bookkeeper.....	Palmyra.
I. S. Dunn.....	Proofreader.....	Warrens.
Fred Peterson.....	Engrossing clerk.....	Madison.
A. B. Cargill.....	Enrolling clerk.....	Milwaukee.
Frank Eaton.....	Index clerk.....	Milwaukee.
A. Burson.....	Custodian enrolling room.....	Milwaukee.
B. H. Strow.....	Custodian engrossing room.....	Janesville.
E. B. Yule.....	Stenographer.....	Lodi.
John D. Gill.....	Stenographer.....	Superior.
Robert M. Davis.....	Stenographer.....	Madison.
Nelson M. Wilcox.....	Stenographer.....	Eau Claire.
Percy S. Elwell.....	Clerk, committee on Judiciary.....	La Crosse.
Hugh Wilson.....	Clerk, committee on State Affairs.....	Darlington.
G. I. McDonald.....	Clerk, committee on Claims.....	Kewaunee.
John Meili.....	Clerk, committee on Bills on Third Reading.....	Cochran.
Arthur M. Fisher.....	Committee clerk and assistant.....	Janesville.
M. V. Dorwin.....	Committee clerk and assistant.....	Durand.
Harry Lamphere.....	Telephone attendant.....	Madison.
Ed F. Ditmar.....	Assistant index clerk.....	Baraboo.
D. G. Sampson.....	Assistant engrossing clerk.....	Ashland.
G. A. Tucker.....	Assistant enrolling clerk.....	Baldwin.
E. D. Peake.....	Comparing clerk.....	Jamestown.
Mrs. Maud Barnes.....	Comparing clerk.....	Kenosha.
Ida M. Goss.....	Comparing clerk.....	Spooner.
Oscar Kreutzer.....	Comparing clerk.....	Wausau.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS DEPARTMENT.

C. A. Pettibone.....	Sergeant-at-arms.....	Oconomowoc.
O. B. Moon.....	Assistant sergeant-at-arms.....	Eagle River.
Christoph Paulus.....	Postmaster.....	Milwaukee.
H. W. Rood.....	Assistant postmaster.....	Shawano.
E. A. Hanks.....	Document clerk.....	Fond du Lac.
L. L. Lathrop.....	Document room attendant.....	Haney.
Fred Hanson.....	Doorkeeper.....	Eau Claire.
Robert Lowerre.....	Doorkeeper.....	Delafield.
Richard Lubnow.....	Doorkeeper.....	Milwaukee.
S. A. Pettibone.....	Doorkeeper.....	Oconomowoc.
Will Thomas.....	Gallery attendant.....	Green Bay.
Hugo Jeske.....	General attendant.....	Milwaukee.
F. F. Massant.....	General attendant.....	Rosiere.
Dana Woodworth.....	Janitor.....	Ellsworth.
Jacob Ditschler.....	Custodian.....	Watertown.
Walther Abel.....	Night watchman.....	Kenosha.
James F. Holt.....	Laborer.....	Grafton.
Harry Kelly.....	Messenger.....	Manitowoc.
Darwin Fallott.....	Messenger.....	Coloma.
Jno. Taylor.....	Messenger.....	Linden.
Jno. F. Trainor.....	Messenger.....	Madison.
Harry E. May.....	Messenger.....	Watertown.
E. C. Mills.....	Messenger.....	West Superior.
Emil J. Reuther.....	Messenger.....	Brillion.
William Holmes.....	Messenger.....	Madison.

EMPLOYEES OF THE LEGISLATURE, SESSION OF 1901.

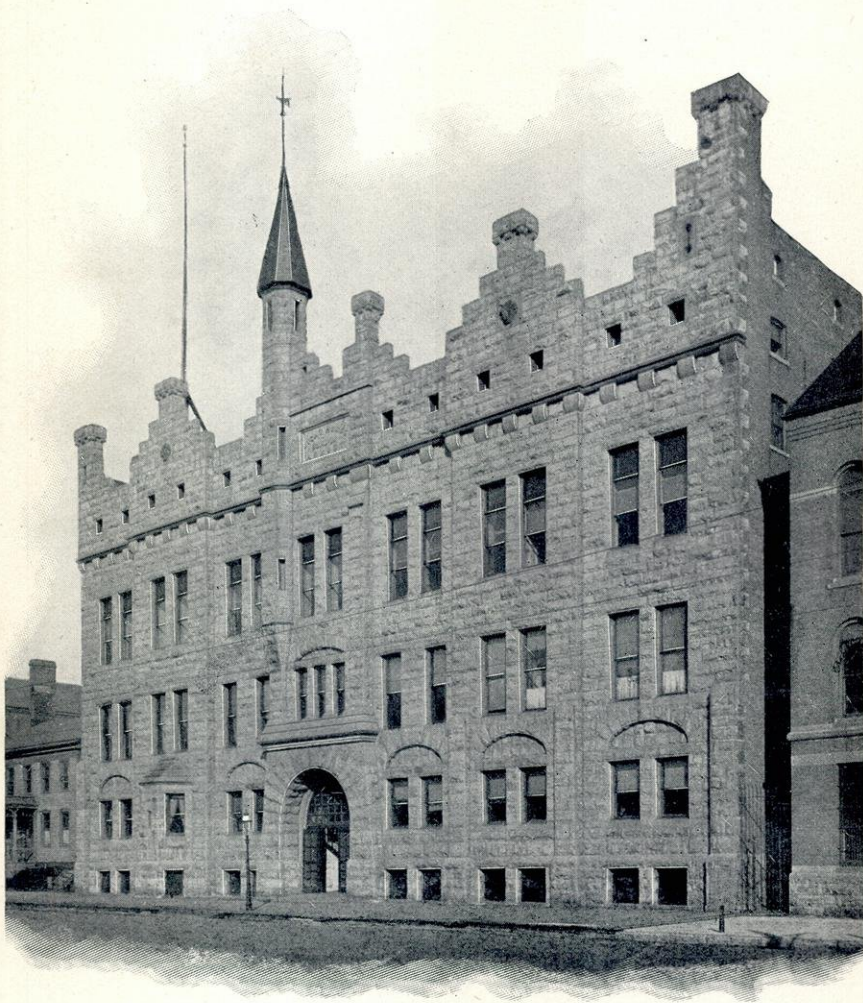
ASSEMBLY.

CHIEF CLERK'S DEPARTMENT.

Name.	Position.	Postoffice.
Winslow A. Nowell.....	Chief clerk.....	Milwaukee.
Fred W. Coon.....	Assistant chief clerk.....	Edgerton.
Fred Nelson.....	Journal clerk.....	Prentice.
Edward H. McNeill.....	Journal clerk.....	Milwaukee.
J. B. Foster.....	Bookkeeper.....	Beloit.
C. E. Shaffer.....	Bookkeeper.....	Madison.
J. H. Waggoner.....	Proofreader.....	Oconto.
Henry H. McGraw.....	Stationery clerk.....	Whitewater.
Fred H. Hartwell.....	Index clerk.....	La Crosse.
Bert S. Oscar.....	Assistant index clerk.....	Washburn.
C. H. Carter.....	Engrossing clerk.....	Reedstown.
Claire Currier.....	Assistant engrossing clerk.....	Stoughton.
J. K. Smith.....	Enrolling clerk.....	Waukesha.
John Eckstrom.....	Assistant enrolling clerk.....	Waupaca.
Almeda Sturdevant.....	Stenographer.....	Neillsville.
Louis Kloepfel.....	Stenographer.....	Applton.
Raymond Frazier.....	Stenographer.....	Madison.
Charles Voigt.....	Stenographer.....	Wauwatosa.
James McKesson.....	Clerk, committee on Judiciary.....	Burlington.
E. N. Bowers.....	Clerk, committee on State Affairs.....	Rice Lake.
James DeGarmo.....	Clerk, committee on Engrossed Bills.....	Newenow.
Jessie A. Jensen.....	Clerk, committee on Enrolled Bills.....	Wenon.
Edgar I. Waring.....	Clerk, committee on Bills on Third Reading.....	New London.
Thomas Toner.....	General committee clerk.....	Sparta.
Thomas Hayes.....	General committee clerk.....	Thompson.
Henry Forbes.....	Custodian engrossing room.....	Milwaukee.
Andrew Nelson.....	Custodian enrolling room.....	Marshfield.
Mary E. Chadwick.....	Comparing clerk.....	Ellison Bay.
Effie Heydlauff.....	Comparing clerk.....	Watertown.
Aluna Christie.....	Comparing clerk.....	Ashland.
Nellie L. Proctor.....	Comparing clerk.....	West Superior.
		Fall River.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS DEPARTMENT.

A. M. Anderson.....	Sergeant-at-arms.....	Grantsburg.
J. W. Baldock.....	Assistant sergeant-at-arms.....	Chilton.
E. B. Toussley.....	Postmaster.....	Sheboygan.
J. A. Kellman.....	Assistant postmaster.....	Galesville.
J. H. Foster.....	Document clerk.....	Milwaukee.
J. J. Osborn.....	Document clerk.....	Eau Claire.
H. T. Mower.....	Day attendant.....	Wauwatosa.
Victor Cronk.....	Doorkeeper.....	Louisville.
Charles J. Weisser.....	Doorkeeper.....	Milwaukee.
J. B. Nuegent.....	Doorkeeper.....	Menasha.
Lansing Williams.....	Doorkeeper.....	Columbus.
Julius Howland.....	Gallery attendant.....	Stanley.
Peter Steinert.....	Gallery attendant.....	Milwaukee.
J. T. Johnson.....	Cloak room attendant.....	North Valley.
J. R. Jones.....	Cloak room attendant.....	Racine.
Robert Drews.....	Custodian of committee room.....	Oshkosh.
Abe Herman.....	Custodian of committee room.....	Milwaukee.
Frank Voeltner.....	Flagman.....	Milwaukee.
J. R. Fisher.....	Night watch.....	Caldwell.
George Coulter.....	Porter.....	Hortonville.



LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON ARMORY (STATE ARSENAL), MILWAUKEE.

PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.

WISCONSIN PRESS.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES.

TABLES SHOWING RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND BALANCES FOR THE SEVERAL FUNDS FOR TWO YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1900.

TABLE No. 1.— Showing balance to the credit of the General Fund and the several Trust Funds, September 30, 1898, together with the receipts creditable to and disbursements chargeable to each fund for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1899, and the balances on hand September 30, 1899.

Name of Fund.	Balance in Treasury, Sept. 30, 1898.	Receipts, Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1899.	Disbursements Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1899.	Balance in Treasury, Sept. 30, 1899.
General Fund.....	\$201,042 86	\$2,746,453 89	\$2,584,104 90	\$363,391 85
TRUST FUNDS:				
School Fund.....	243,672 05	262,816 05	294,057 23	212,430 87
School Fund Income.....	156,054 95	788,205 68	778,689 25	165,577 38
University Fund.....	56,183 68	18,008 18	6,000 00	68,224 86
University Fund Income.....	101,602 78	411,932 26	411,902 26	106,706 27
Agricultural College Fund.....	101,602 78	95,103 49	88,000 00	106,706 27
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	105,520 40	15,512 34	15,512 34	197,661 25
Normal School Fund.....	105,520 40	309,440 85	217,300 00	197,661 25
Normal School Fund Income.....	12,884 37	287,579 82	287,579 82	14,981 48
Drainage Fund.....	2,481 73	17,523 01	15,425 90	455 80
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	4,462 81	3,839 37	5,895 30	455 80
Indemnity Fund.....	4,462 81	5,056 08	5,056 08	4,573 76
Col. and Sauk Cos. Indem. Fund.....	41 86	110 95	110 95	146 13
Calumet and Manitowoc Cos. F'd.....	151 92	104 27	104 27	151 92
Redemption Fund.....	10,548 39	43 75	43 75	10,405 36
Deposit Fund.....	408 02	380 35	523 38	9,548 10
Menomonic Ind. Res. Tresp. Fund.....	4,446 64	9,548 10	9,548 10	4,446 64
St. C. & L. S. R. R. Deposit Fund.....	916 54	916 54	916 54	916 54
Wis. Farm Mort. Land Co. Fund.....	916 54	916 54	916 54	916 54
Allotment Fund.....	14,823 68	14,823 68	125 00	14,698 68
Hunting License Fund.....	14,823 68	14,823 68	125 00	14,698 68
Totals.....	\$800,427 00	\$4,984,543 12	\$4,710,653 23	\$1,174,316 89
Aggregate balances September 30, 1898.....	\$800,427 00	\$4,984,543 12	\$4,710,653 23	\$1,174,316 89
Increase in aggregate balances for year ending September 30, 1899.....	.....	.....	.....	\$90,427 00
	.....	.....	.....	\$273,889 89

Increase in General Fund balance, \$162,318.99. The year's receipts in excess of disbursements, all funds, \$273,889.89.

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES—Continued.

TABLE No. 2.—Showing balance to the credit of the General Fund and the several Trust Funds, September 30, 1899, together with the receipts creditable to and disbursements chargeable to each fund for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1900, and balances on hand September 30, 1900.

Name of Fund.	Balance in Treasury, Sept. 30, 1899	Receipts, Oct. 1, 1899, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Disbursements, Oct. 1, 1899, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Balance in Treasury, Sept. 30, 1900.
General Fund.....	\$662,391 85	\$2,768,209 74	\$2,638,192 85	\$196,408 74
TRUST FUNDS:				
School Fund.....	212,430 87	276,632 63	277,422 84	211,640 66
School Fund Income.....	165,577 38	816,917 13	800,959 32	181,535 19
University Fund.....	68,224 86	57,369 23	86,875 20	38,718 94
University Fund Income.....		533,015 32	533,015 32	
Agricultural College Fund.....	106,706 27	43,940 34	68,000 00	82,646 61
Agricultural College Fund Income.....		12,439 54	12,439 54	
Normal School Fund.....	197,661 25	230,161 28	242,583 28	185,239 25
Normal School Fund Income.....		337,689 69	337,689 69	
Drainage Fund.....	14,981 48	5,218 90	17,586 51	2,613 87
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	455 80	877 16	1,244 54	88 42
Indemnity Fund.....				
Col. & Sauk Cos. Indem. Fund..	4,573 76		4,573 76	
Calumet & Manitowoc Cos. Fund	116 13	138 32		234 45
Redemption Fund.....	151 92			151 92
Deposit Fund.....	10,405 36	7 00	94 14	10,318 22
Menomonic Ind. Res. Tresp. Fund	9,548 10			9,548 10
St. C. & L. S. R. R. Deposit Fund				
Wis. Farm Mortg. Land Co. Fund	4,416 64			4,416 64
Allotment Fund.....	916 54			916 54
Hunting License Fund.....	14,698 68	30,259 56	37,762 56	7,195 68
Totals.....	\$1,174,316 89	\$5,162,875 89	\$5,105,439 55	\$1,231,753 23
Aggregate balances September 30, 1899.....				1,174,316 89
Increase in aggregate balances for year ending September 30, 1900.....				\$57,436 31
Increase in the General Fund balance for the year \$133,016.89.				

TABLE No. 3.—Showing receipts and disbursements of the General and Trust Funds for two years ending Sept. 30, 1900; also receipts in excess of disbursements and disbursements in excess of receipts for the General and Trust Funds for the same period, the receipts being exclusive of balances on hand Sept. 30, 1898, from which disbursements in excess of receipts in Trust Funds have been drawn.

Name of Fund.	Receipts, 2 years, ending Sept. 30, 1900, exclusive of balances, Sept. 30, 1898.	Disbursements for 2 years, ending Sept. 30, 1900	Receipts in excess of disbursements for 2 years ending Sept. 30, 1900.	Disbursements in excess of receipts for 2 years, ending Sept. 30, 1900.
General Fund.....	\$3,514,663 63	\$5,219,297 75	\$295,365 88	
TRUST FUNDS:				
School Fund.....	539,448 68	571,480 07		\$32,031 39
School Fund Income.....	1,605,123 81	1,579,648 57	25,475 24	
University Fund.....	75,407 46	92,875 20		17,467 74
University Fund Income.....	994,047 53	991,947 58		
Agricultural College Fund.....	137,047 83	156,000 00		18,956 17
Agricultural College Fd. Income	27,951 88	27,951 88		
Normal School Fund.....	539,603 13	459,833 28	79,718 85	
Normal School Fund Income.....	625,269 51	625,239 51		
Drainage Fund.....	22,741 91	33,012 41		10,270 50
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	4,746 53	7,139 84		2,393 31
Indemnity Fund.....	5,056 08	5,056 08		
Col. and Sauk Cos. Indem. Fund.	110 95	4,573 76		4,462 81
Calumet & Manitowoc Cos. Fund	242 59		242 59	
Redemption Fund.....	43 75	43 75		
Deposit Fund.....	387 35	617 52		230 17
Menomonic Ind. Res. Tresp. Fund	9,548 10		9,548 10	
St. C. & L. S. R. R. Deposit Fund..		408 02		408 02
Wis. Farm Mortg. Land Co. Fund				
Allotment Fund.....				
Hunting License Fund.....	45,083 24	37,857 56	7,195 68	
Totals.....	10,147,419 01	\$9,816,092 78	\$417,546 31	\$86,220 11
Disbursements 2 years.....	9,816,092 78			
Excess of receipts over disbursements, 2 years.....	\$331,326 23			

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES—Continued.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT FOR TWO YEARS.

TABLE No. 4.—Showing balances in Treasury to the credit of the General and Trust Funds, September 30, 1898, the receipts creditable to and disbursements chargeable to the several funds for the two years ending September 30, 1900, and the balance to the credit of each fund September 30, 1900.

Name of Fund.	Balance in Treasury Sept. 30, 1898.	Total receipts two years ending Sept. 30, 1900, including bal. Sept. 30, 1898.	Total disbursements two years ending Sept. 30, 1900.	Balance in Treasury Sept. 30, 1900.
General Fund.....	\$201,042 86	\$5,715,706 49	\$5,219,297 75	\$196,408 74
TRUST FUNDS:				
School Fund.....	243,672 05	783,120 73	571,480 07	211,640 66
School Fund Income.....	156,059 95	1,761,183 76	1,579,648 57	181,535 19
University Fund.....	56,186 68	131,594 14	92,875 20	38,718 94
University Fund Income.....		994,917 58	994,917 58	
Agricultural College Fund.....	101,602 78	238,646 61	156,000 00	82,646 61
Agricultural College Fund Income.....		27,951 88	27,951 88	
Normal School Fund.....	105,520 40	645,122 53	459,883 28	185,239 25
Normal School Fund Income.....		625,269 51	625,269 51	
Drainage Fund.....	12,881 37	35,626 28	33,012 41	2,613 87
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	2,481 73	7,228 26	7,139 81	88 42
Indemnity Fund.....		5,056 08	5,056 08	
Col. and Sauk Cos. Indem. Fund.....	4,462 81	4,573 76	4,573 76	
Calumet and Manitowoc Cos. F'd.....	41 86	284 45		284 45
Redemption Fund.....	151 92	195 67	43 75	151 92
Deposit Fund.....	10,548 39	10,935 74	617 52	10,318 22
Menomonie Ind. Res. Tresp. Fund.....		9,548 10		9,548 10
St. C. & L. S. R. R. Deposit Fund.....	408 02	408 02	408 02	
Wis. Farm Mortg. Land Co. Fund.....	4,446 64	4,446 64		4,446 64
Allotment Fund.....	916 54	916 54		916 54
Hunting License Fund.....		45,083 24	37,887 56	7,195 68
Totals: Bal. '98, Rect's including bal. '98, Dis., bal. 1900.....	\$900,427 00	\$11,047,846 01	\$9,816,092 78	\$1,231,753 23
Total balance, all funds, Sept. 30, 1898.....				900 427 00
Net increase in balance, all funds in two years.....				\$331,326 23

Net increase in the General Fund balance in two years ending Sept. 30, 1900, \$255,365.88.

RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900.
Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1898.....	\$900,427 00	
Receipts Oct. 1, 1898 to Sept. 30, 1900 inclusive.....	10,147,419 01	
Disbursements Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900 inclusive.....		\$9,816,092 78
Balance on hand Sept. 30, 1900.....		1,231,753 23
Totals.....	\$11,047,846 01	\$11,047,846 01

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES—Continued.

SOURCE OF RECEIPTS.

Source derived from.	Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1899.	Oct. 1, 1899, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Total re- ceipts for two years.
Railroad Cos., license fees.....	\$1,360,120 14	\$1,547,141 64	\$2,907,261 78
Life Insurance Cos., license fees.....	211,049 12	277,222 56	488,271 68
Counties, for charitable and penal inst.....	216,628 87	231,653 94	448,282 81
Counties, int. on certifi. indebtedness.....	157,570 00	157,570 00	315,140 00
Fire Insurance Cos., license fees.....	92,994 88	98,802 59	191,796 97
Counties, general fund.....	180,000 00	.....	180,000 00
Charitable and penal institutions.....	83,427 75	83,812 76	167,240 51
Counties, for free high schools.....	59,000 00	100,000 00	159,000 00
Insurance commissioner.....	75,865 25	44,277 85	120,143 10
U. S. refund Spanish-American war.....	65,238 91	14,643 02	80,881 93
Sec'y. of State, sundry fees.....	40,807 46	31,183 65	71,991 11
State park land sales.....	26,740 00	33,855 64	60,595 64
Counties, State Hist. Lib. Bldg.....	60,600 00	.....	60,000 00
Care of inmates Wis. Vet's. Home.....	26,322 92	17,033 24	43,356 16
Telephone Cos., license fees.....	17,314 74	21,425 73	38,741 47
Telegraph Cos., license fees.....	11,199 60	11,312 15	22,511 75
Hawkers and peddlers, license.....	8,735 86	10,900 45	19,636 31
Pal. and Slpg. Car Cos., license.....	949 40	16,900 31	17,849 71
Street Ry. and Elec. Lgt. Cos., licence fees	4,915 82	8,322 06	13,237 88
Bank examiner, fees.....	5,494 96	6,715 00	12,209 96
Counties, suit tax.....	5,835 00	5,130 00	10,965 00
Accident insurance Cos., license fees.....	7,859 52	1,600 08	9,459 60
Casualty Ins. Cos., license fees.....	.....	7,936 88	7,936 88
Express Cos., license fees.....	.....	7,247 01	7,247 01
Le acy Tax.....	.....	5,109 73	5,109 73
Loan and Trust Cos., license fees.....	2,317 01	2,261 50	4,578 51
Log and Boom Cos., license fees.....	1,886 10	1,292 72	3,178 82
Freight Line Cos., license fees.....	.....	1,150 99	1,150 99
Plank Road Cos., license fees.....	606 00	524 85	1,130 85
Surety Ins. Cos., license fees.....	152 07	865 41	1,017 48
Marine Ins. Cos., license fees.....	23 70	520 10	543 80
Miscellaneous.....	31,399 81	21,796 88	53,196 69
Totals, General Fund Receipts.....	\$2,746,453 89	\$2,768,209 74	\$5,514,663 63

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES—Continued.

PURPOSES FOR WHICH FUNDS WERE DISBURSED.

Disbursed for	Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1899.	Oct. 1, 1899, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Total disbursements for two years.
Charitable and Penal Inst's.....	\$702,676 42	\$694,515 06	\$1,397,191 48
Insane in County Asylums.....	390,769 87	375,860 62	766,630 49
Wisconsin Nat'l Guard, all dept's.....	121,850 55	120,694 41	242,544 96
Common Schools.....	110,347 22	110,303 80	220,651 02
State University.....	37,108 94	173,568 19	210,677 13
Wis. Vet's Home.....	95,652 72	93,989 40	189,642 12
Legislature, session of 1899.....	149,892 26	6,253 38	156,145 64
Circuit Courts.....	76,296 87	79,524 70	155,821 57
Free High Schools.....	48,163 11	97,371 80	145,534 91
Normal Schools.....	38,803 73	95,131 81	133,935 54
Supt. Public Property.....	65,273 82	61,158 09	126,431 82
County Agr'l Societies.....	50,265 34	52,258 53	102,523 87
State Department.....	41,398 09	38,396 76	79,794 85
Supreme Court.....	33,371 93	39,113 13	77,485 06
Fisheries Commission.....	23,283 61	31,156 25	57,444 87
State Superintendent's dept.....	24,554 61	24,643 88	49,198 49
Board of Control.....	21,744 40	23,868 47	47,612 87
Deaf Mute Instruction.....	19,222 87	25,749 64	44,972 51
Land Commissioner's dept.....	27,497 20	13,558 80	41,056 00
Insurance Commissioner's dept.....	20,408 49	20,029 58	40,438 07
Treasury department.....	19,897 13	13,604 83	38,501 99
Bureau of Labor statistics.....	16,955 61	21,476 83	38,432 44
Executive department.....	18,563 21	15,581 29	34,144 50
State Historical Soc'y.....	14,181 49	14,811 03	28,992 52
Geological Survey.....	9,388 17	17,691 94	27,078 11
Railroad Commissioner's dept.....	18,212 83	7,047 52	25,260 35
Dairy and Food Com'r's dept.....	12,984 80	12,120 25	25,105 05
Attorney General's department.....	12,098 84	12,349 15	21,447 99
State Board of Agriculture.....	16,185 94	8,135 88	24,321 82
Wisconsin Tax Commission.....	6,065 19	17,028 11	23,093 30
Bank Examiner's dept.....	10,929 33	12,057 60	22,986 93
Bounty on wild animals.....	10,033 00	9,733 00	19,819 00
Spanish-American war.....	19,627 75	131 88	19,759 63
Sundry Agr'l and Hort'l Soc's.....	10,217 90	9,469 28	19,687 18
Industrial School for Girls.....	6,000 00	13,000 00	19,000 00
Fish and Game Warden.....	13,095 45	2,981 18	16,076 63
State Board of Health.....	5,277 73	10,016 05	15,293 78
Free Library Com'n.....	6,189 91	8,643 44	14,833 35
Battleship Com'n.....	10,013 06	.....	10,013 06
Forest Wardens and Land Prot'n.....	4,773 18	4,244 38	9,017 56
State Board of Immigration.....	2,582 62	5,207 71	7,790 33
Swamp and State Park Land sales.....	473 00	1,785 43	2,258 43
Miscellaneous.....	231,743 71	235,865 82	467,610 53
Total disbursements.....	\$2,584,104 90	\$2,635,192 85	\$5,219,297 75

RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900.	Oct. 1, 1899, to Sept. 30, 1900.
Balance on hand Oct. 1, 1898.....	\$201,042 86	.....
Total receipts from Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900.....	5,514,663 63	.....
Disbursements from Oct. 1, 1898, to Sept. 30, 1900.....	.....	\$5,219,297 75
Balance on hand Sept. 30, 1900.....	.....	496,408 74
	\$5,715,706 49	\$5,715,706 49

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list of newspapers and periodicals published in Wisconsin has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to March 1, 1901. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican; Dem., Democrat; Pro., Prohibitionist; Peo., Peoples; Ind., Independent; Rel., Religious; Ed., Educational; Agr., Agricultural; T., Temperance; M., Musical; Med., Medical; Frat., Fraternal; Lit., Literary; Soc., Socialistic; Ju., Juvenile; Com., Commercial; D., Daily; S. W., Semi-weekly; M., Monthly; S. M., Semi-monthly; Q., Quarterly; G., German; N., Norwegian; P., Polish; Sw., Swedish; H., Hollandish; B., Bohemian; Sk., Scandinavian; D., Danish.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.		
ADAMS—	Friendship....	Adams County Press	S. W. Pierce.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.	
	Friendship....	Adams Co. Reporter	P. G. Collipp.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.	
ASHLAND—	Ashland.....	Ashland Herold (G.)	G. M. Hotschick..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.	
	Ashland.....	Ashland News.....	J. C. Williams....	Dem..	D.&W.	W. Wed.	
	Ashland.....	Ashland Posten (Sw)	Scandinavian Pub Co.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.	
	Ashland.....	Ashland Press.....	J. M. Chapple & Co	Rep..	D.&W.	W. Sat.	
	Ashland.....	Chequamegon Critic.	J. S. Duket.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.	
	Butternut.....	Butternut Eagle.....	F. C. Fredrichs...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.	
	Glidden.....	Der Berichterstat- ter (G).....	Herman Roethig..	Ind...	W.	Saturday.	
	BARRON—	Barron.....	Barron Republican..	W. A. Coe.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
		Barron.....	Barron Co. Shield ..	Thomas Dovery ..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
		Barron.....	Weekly Call.....	F. W. Haislet....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Cameron.....		Cameron Review ..	W. C. Lyons.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.	
Chetek.....		Chetek Alert.....	Walter Speed.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.	
Cumberland ..		Cumberland Advoca- te.....	T. O. Mason.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.	
Rice Lake....		Rice Lake Chrono- type.....	E. N. Bowers.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.	
Rice Lake....		Rice Lake Leader...	P. H. Swift.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.	
Rice Lake....		Rice Lake Times ..	C. F. Bone.....	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.	
Turtle Lake..		Turtle Lake Bugle..	M. A. Frazel.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.	
BAYFIELD—	Bayfield.....	Bayfield Co. Press...	Currie G. Bell....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.	
	Iron River...	The Iron River Pioneer.....	Peter J. Savage..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.	
	Washburn ..	News & Itemizer	News Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.	
	Washburn ..	The Washburn Times	J. E. Jones.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday	
BROWN—	De Pere.....	Brown Co. Democrat	Heyrman & Kuy- pers.....	Dem ..	W.	Friday.	
	De Pere.....	De Pere News.....	P. L. Halline....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday	
	De Pere.....	Onze Standard (H)..	E. Van de Castole	Dem..	W.	Thursday.	
	De Pere.....	De Volkstem (H)....	Heyrman & Kus- pers.....	Rel...	W.	Wednesday	
	Green Bay	Green Bay Gazette ..	Gazette Pub. Co..	Rep..	D&S-W	Wed. & Sat.	
	Green Bay	Green Bay Daily Herald.....	Fredler & Hollist'r	Ind...	D.		

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
BROWN—Cont.					
Green Bay	Der Landsman (G)..	Lehman & Miles..	Ind..	W.	Wednesday
Green Bay....	Green Bay Review...	James Kerr & Son	Rep..	W.	Wednesday
BUFFALO—					
Alma	Buffalo Co. Journal.	E. F. Ganz... ..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Fountain City	Buffalo Co. Republi- kane & Alma Blaet- ter (G).....	Emil Wittzack... W. H. Smith.....	Dem..	S. W.	Tuesday & Thursday.
Mondovi	Mondovi Herald.....	Lees & Petzold...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Mondovi	Buffalo Co. News...		Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
BURNETT—					
Grantsburg ...	Sentinel.....	Wm. Hoffstead & Co.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Grantsburg ...	The Journal	Ed L. Pect.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
CALUMET—					
Brillion	Brillion News.....	Otto Zander.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Chilton	Chilton Times	Wm. A. Hume....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Chilton	Weekly Calumet	A. J. Leighton....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Chilton	Wis. Demokrat (G)..	Jos. Grassold.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
CHIPPEWA—					
Apolonia.....	The Weekly Budget.	F. E. Monroe	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advance	A. O. LeBell.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advocate	W. N. Priddy.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Boyd	Boyd Times-Herald..	Geo. W. Donel....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Bruce	The News Letter	A. W. McCormack	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Cadott	Cadott Blade	W. R. Munroe	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Chippewa F'ls	Catholic Sentinel....	Catholic Sentinel Pub. Co.	Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
Chippewa F'ls	Chippewa Herald...	Herald Print'g Co	Rep..	D.	
Chippewa F'ls	Chippewa Times	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Monday.
Chippewa F'ls	Daily Independent ..	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Dem..	D.	
Chippewa F'ls	Weekly Herald.....	Herald Ptg. Co....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Ladsmith....	The Weekly Journal.	D. H. Richards....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Stanley	Stanley Republican.	W. H. Bridgman..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Tony	The Tony Enterprise	C. E. McKee.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
CLARK—					
Abbotsford....	The Weekly Clarion.	Roy G. Taylor	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Colby	Colby Phonograph..	Shafer Bros.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
D. rochester....	The Reporter.....	R. W. Hugoboom.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Greenwood....	Greenwood Gleaner.	J. E. Noyes	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Loyal	Loyal Chronicle.....	Geo. W. Meacham	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Loyal	Loyal Tribune.....	D. V. Richardson.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Loyal.....	Inter-State Farmer.	Inter-State Far- mer Co.....	Agr...	M.	
Neillsville	Deutsch Amerika- ner (G).....	Carl Rabenstein..	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Neillsville	Neillsville Times....	L. B. Ring.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville	Neillsville News....	Robert E. Boehm.	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Neillsville	Republican & Press.	Crothers & Tift..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Thorp	Thorp Courier.....	Wm. Wagner.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
COLUMBIA—					
Arlington	Sunny Hours	J. J. Hoffman	Ind..	M.	
Cambria	Cambria News.....	J. F. Streeter....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Columbus.....	Columbus Democrat	Berner Bros.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Columbus.....	Columbus Republic'n	J. R. Decker.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Kilbourn City.	The Mirror-Gazette.	Jas E. Jones.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Lodi	Lodi Enterprise.....	J. B. Yule.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Lodi	Lodi Valley News....	Peter Richards....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Lodi	Pardeville Times....	J. V. M. Davis....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Pardeville	The Crank.....	R. M. Williams....	Ind..	W.	Wednesday
Portage	Columbia Co. Week- er (G).....	Mrs. G. A. Selbach	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Portage	Portage Daily Regis- ter.....	Maurice Goodm'n	Rep..	D.	
Portage	Portage Democrat ..	J. E. Jones.....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
COLUMBIA—					
Continued.					
Portage	Wis. Rundschau (G).	Frank Heidt	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Portage	Wis. State Register..	Maurice Goodman	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Poynette	Poynette Press	G. L. Swartz	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Rio	Columbia Co. Reporter	Geo. T. Wilson	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
CRAWFORD—					
Pra. du Chien.	Pra. du Chien Union	Ira D. Hurlbut	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Pra du Chien.	The Courier	Wm. D. Merrill	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Soldiers Grove	The Advance	G. L. Miller & Son	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Wauzeka	The Kickapoo Chief.	Sherw'd & O'Neil.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
DANE—					
Belleville	Recorder	Williams & Son..	Ind... W.	Friday.	
Cambridge	Cambridge News	Patterson & Banks	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Deerfield	The Enterprise	C. H. Milnes	Ind... W.	Saturday.	
Deerfield	The News	Nels Holman	Ind... W.	Friday.	
De Forest	De Forest Times	Times Pub. Co	Ind... W.	Friday.	
Madison	Aegis	Students	Lit ..	M.	
Madison	Amerika (N)	R. B. Anderson	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison	Am. Thresherman	B. B. Clark	Trade	M.	
Madison	Bottschaffer (G)	F. C. Blied & Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison	Cardinal	Students	Ind... D.		
Madison	Democrat	Democrat Ptg. Co	Ind... D. & W.		Wed. & Sat.
Madison	Journal of Education	Prof. J. H. Stearns	Ed ... M.		
Madison	Madisonian	Sommers & Reynolds	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Madison	Mandt's Weekly	G. G. Mandt	Ind... W.	Friday.	Saturday.
Madison	Monona Lake Ass'm.	J. E. Moseley	Rel ..	Q.	
Madison	N. W. Bus. Col. Jour.	R. G. Deming	Ed ... M.		
Madison	Northwestern Mail	H. A. Miner	Pro..	W.	Thursday.
Madison	School Visitor	R. G. Deming	Ed ... Q.		
Madison	Sendbote (G)	Ev. Luth. Synod.	Rel ... M.		
Madison	State Journal	State Journal Ptg Co	Rep .. D. & W.		W. Friday.
Madison	The Arrow	Students	Lit ..	Q.	
Madison	The Motor	W. C. T. U	Temp.	M.	
Madison	The State	State Pub. Co	Rep .. W.		Friday.
Madison	Wisconsin Engineer.	Students	Lit ..	Q.	
Madison	Wisconsin Farmer	Wis. Farmer Co	Agr... W.		Friday.
Madison	Wisconsin Staats-Zeitung (G)	Staats-Zeitung Co	Dem.. W.		Wednesday.
Madison	Wis. Alumni Mag.	U. W. Alu. Ass'n.	Ed ... M.		
Marshall	Record	Chas. W. Lake	Ind... W.		Friday.
Mazomanie	Sickle	H. L. Swan	Ind... W.		Friday.
Middleton	Times	Thos. A. Everil	Ind... W.		Friday.
Mt. Horeb	Mt. Horeb Times	Times Ptg. Co	Ind... W.		Thursday.
Oregon	Observer	H. D. Hanson	Ind... W.		Thursday.
Stoughton	Courier	J. M. Hibbard	Rep .. W.		Friday.
Stoughton	Hub	C. S. Crosse	Rep .. W.		Friday.
Sun Prairie	Countryman	W. R. Dunphy	Ind... W.		Thursday.
Sun Prairie	Sun Prairie Sun	Wm. Hammond	Ind... W.		Friday.
Wausaukee	News	N. M. Nelson	Ind... W.		Friday.
Windsor	Herald	N. M. Nelson	Ind... W.		Wednesday
DODGE—					
Beaver Dam	Argus	B. F. Sherman & Son	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Beaver Dam	Dodge Co. Citizen	Thos. Hughes	Rep .. W.		Thursday.
Beaver Dam	Dodge Co. Farmer	Parker & Jilson	Ind... M.		
Beaver Dam	Wayland Chronicle.	Wayland Acad'y	Ed ... Q.		
Beaver Dam	Faith of Jesus	R. A. Burke	Rel ..	M.	
Fox Lake	Representative	D. J. Hotchkiss	Rep .. W.		Friday.
Horicon	Reporter	A. A. Washburn	Rep .. W.		Friday.
Juneau	Independent	Clifford Bros	Dem.. W.		Friday.
Juneau	Telephone	John Kelley	Dem.. W.		Friday.
Juneau	Der Volksbote (G)	J. C. Lienhard	Ind... W.		Thursday.
Mayville	Dodge Co. Banner (G)	E. Schwartz Ptg. Co	Dem.. W.		Friday.
Mayville	Dodge Co. Pionier (G)	Jacob Mueller	Ind... S. W.		Tues. & Fri.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
DODGE—Con.					
Mayville.....	Mayville News.....	Henry Spiering..	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Neosho.....	Neosho Standard....	W. C. Blaisdell..	Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
Randolph.....	Advance.....	T. A. Cummings..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Reeseville....	Reeseville Review...	Hughes & Reinhard.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Democrat..	Will A. Wells....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Times.....	Adelaide King...	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
DOOR—					
Sturgeon Bay.	The Advocate.....	Frank Long.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
S.urgeon Bay.	Door Co. Democrat..	J. J. Pinney.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
DOUGLAS—					
Lake Nebagamon.....	Nebagamon Enterprise.....	Carr & Hand.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	The Superior Citizen	J. A. Monger.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	The Clarion.....	Jos. Konkel.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	The Daily Leader...	H. S. Fairhall....	Rep..	D.	Ex. Monday
Superior.....	The Even'g Telegram	John T. Murphy..	Rep..	D.	
Superior.....	Superior Tidende(N)	H. P. Peterson....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Superior.....	The Superior Wave..	F. B. Gregg.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	Inland Ocean.....	Chandler & Dunn	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
So. Superior..	South Superior Sun..	R. E. Kenyon.....	Pro..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	Superior Times.....	Miss A. C. Christie	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
West Superior	Svenska Trib'ne(Sw)	N. L. Bendz.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
West Superior	Northwestern Herald (Sw).....	A. A. Ahlroth....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
DUNN—					
Colfax.....	Colfax Messenger....	A. C. Chase.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Menomonie...	Dunn Co. Herald....	F. T. Varsey.....	Pro..	W.	Tuesday.
Menomonie...	Dunn Co. News.....	Flint & Morgan...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Menomonie...	Menomonie Times...	Times Printing Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Menomonie...	Nordstern (G).....	German Print. Co.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
EAU CLAIRE—					
Augusta.....	Augusta Eagle.....	Wilson & Masters	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Augusta.....	Augusta Times.....	Clark & Taylor...	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Eau Claire....	Der Herold (G).....	J. J. Auer.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire....	Eau Claire Leader..	The Leader Co....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Thurd'y.
Eau Claire....	Free Press.....	H. C. Ashbaugh..	Rep..	D & W.	Tuesday.
Eau Claire....	Reform (N).....	Fremad Pub. Co.	Pro..	W.	
Eau Claire....	The Telegram.....		Rep..	D & W.	
Fairchild....	Fairchild Observer..	J. E. Pratt.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
FLORENCE—					
Florence.....	Mining News.....	Geo. C. Youngs...	Ind..	W.	Saturday
FOND DU LAC—					
Brandon.....	Brandon Times.....	Jenkinson & Yortz	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Campbellsport	Twin Village News..	G. W. Johnston...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Fond du Lac..	Commercial.....	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Fond du Lac..	Commonwealth.....	B. P. Haber P.g. Co	Rep..	D&S-W	Tues. & Fri.
Fond du Lac..	Daily News.....	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	D.	
Fond du Lac..	Daily Reporter.....	L. A. Lange.....	Dem..	D.	
Fond du Lac..	Nord West Cour'r(G)	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Oakfield.....	The Oakfield Eagle..	Burns, Russell & Susan.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Ripon.....	The Ripon Press....	E. L. Howe.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Ripon.....	Ripon Commonw'lth	C. H. Ellsworth..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Leader.....	Oliver Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
FOREST—					
Crandon.....	Forest Republican..	Shaw Pub. Co....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
North Crandon	Forest Leaves.....	Wm. J. Neu.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Wabeno.....	N. Wis. Advertiser..	C. G. Himley.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
GRANT—					
Boscobel.....	Boscobel Sentinel...	Geo. Goldsmith...	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Boscobel.....	The Dial-Enterprise.	Fred. A. Meyer...	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Bloomington..	The Bloom'gt'n R'c'd	Craig & Robbins..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
GRANT—Con.					
Cassville	The Cassville Index..	John Foley.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Cuba City.....	Cuba City News.....	T. C. Snyder.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Fennimore.....	Fennimore Times....	Henry E. Roethe..	Rep...	W.	Wednesday
Lancaster.....	Grant Co. Herald....	H. J. Johnson....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster.....	The Teller.....	Edw. Pollock.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Montfort.....	Montfort Mail.....	Rufus D. Quick..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Muscoda.....	The Watchman.....	L. E. Hood.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Platteville.....	Grant Co. News.....	R. I. Dugdale....	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville.....	Grant Co. Witness...	B. P. Rindlaub...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville.....	Platteville Journal..	B. F. Huntington.	Rep...	W.	Friday.
GREEN—					
Albany.....	Albany Vindicator...	E. E. Atherton...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Indep'nd't	Charl't'n & Hanf'd	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Register..	Dixon & Steele...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Brodhead.....	Wisconsin Citizen...	Wis. Suffrage Assn	W. Saf.	M.	
Brooklyn.....	Brooklyn News.....	W. Z. Dumond.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Green Co. Herald (G)	Robt. Kohli.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Journal Gazette.....	L. A. Woodle.....	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Monroe.....	Monroe Daily Journ'l	L. A. Woodle.....	Rep...	D.	
Monroe.....	Monroe Eve'ng Times	Emery Odell.....	Ind...	D.	
Monroe.....	Monroe Sentinel....	Chas. A. Booth...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	The Weekly Times...	J. W. Odell.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Monticello.....	Monticello Messenger	S. E. Richards...	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Monticello.....	Monticello News....	J. A. Smith.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
New Glarus...	New Glarus Co'er (G)	John Theiler....	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
GREEN LAKE —					
Berlin.....	Berlin Courant.....	L. E. Davis.....	Rep...	W	Thursday.
Berlin.....	Berlin Journal.....	Chas. G. Starks...	Ind...	D. & W.	W. Wed.
Dartford.....	Green Lake Reporter	M. S. Carpenter...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Kingston.....	Kingston Spy.....	Wm. E. Williams..	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Markesan.....	Markesan Herald....	C. W. Ludtke.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Princeton.....	Princeton Republic..	R. W. Harmon....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
IOWA —					
Barneveld.....	New Era.....	J. W. Pryor.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Barneveld.....	Register and Friend.	Anton Emmel.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Dodgeville Chronicle	A. S. Hearn.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Dodgeville Sun.....	A. McArthur.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Iowa Co. Republic..	E. K. Golden.....	Dem...	S. W.	
Highland.....	Highland Press (E&G)	Howe Printing Co	Dem...	W.	Wednes'day.
Hollandale.....	Weekly Review.....	J. W. Laughlin...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Linden.....	Southwest Wisconsin	J. W. Taylor.....	Rep...	W.	Monday.
Mineral Point.	Iowa Co. Democrat..	Crawford Bros...	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Mineral Point.	Tribune.....	W. H. & B. J. Bennet.	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
IRON —					
Hurley.....	Iron Co. Republican.	Bridgman & Straudberg....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Hurley.....	Montreal River Miner	F. B. Hand.....	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
JACKSON —					
Black Riv. F'lls	Badger State Banner	Geo. F. Cooper...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Black Riv. F'lls	Jackson Co. Journal.	Chas. H. Bucks...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Melrose.....	Melrose Chronicle...	E. E. Gilbertson..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Merrillan.....	Wisconsin Leader...	H. C. Warren.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
JEFFERSON —					
Ft. Atkinson..	Hoard's Dairyman..	W. D. Hoard Co..	Agr...	W.	Friday.
Ft. Atkinson..	Jefferson Co. Union..	W. D. Hoard Co..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Banner....	Banner Ptg. Co...	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Journal (G)	Jefferson Ptg Co..	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Record.	Jefferson Ptg Co..	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Waechter (G)	Banner Ptg Co...	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Lake Mills.....	Lake Mills Leader..	C. L. Hubbs.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Palmyra.....	Palmyra Enterprise..	Andrew Rood....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Democrat..	P. H. Bolger.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Journal...	H. M. Knowlton..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication day.
JEFFERSON—					
Continued.					
Watertown...	Brueder Botschaft'r	Rev. C. Mueller...	Rel...	W.	Wednesday.
Watertown...	Watertown Gazette..	Jas. W. Moore....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Watertown...	Watertown Republican.	G. W. Norris.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Watertown...	Watertown Times....	Times Pub. Co....	Ind..	D.	
Watertown...	WatertownWeltbuerger (G).	D. Blumenfeld & Son.	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
JUNEAU—					
Elroy.....	Elroy Leader.....	E. T. Hale.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Elroy.....	Elroy Tribune.....	T. K. Dunn & Son	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Mauston.....	Juneau Co. Chronicle	Williard Temple.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Mauston.....	Mauston Star.....	John Turner.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Necedah.....	Necedah Republican	C. M. Hutchison..	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
New Lisbon...	Juneau Co. Argus....	E. N. Hurd.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
New Lisbon...	New Lisbon Times...	Chas. A. Leicht...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Wonewoc.....	Wonewoc Reporter..	W. F. Hill.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
KENOSHA—					
Kenosha.....	Kenosha Gazette....	Hartman Bros....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
Kenosha.....	Telegraph Courier...	Head & Hewitt...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	The Evening News...	Head & Hewitt...	Rep..	D.	
Kenosha.....	The Kenosha Union..	John A. Killen...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	Volksfreund (G)....	Lewis Ewe.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Stades Corn'rs	The Mugwump.....	Paul J. Sauer....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Wilmot.....	The Agitator.....	Swenson Bros....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
KEWAUNEE—					
Algoma.....	Algoma Record.....	E. Decker, Jr....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Algoma.....	Algoma Press.....	Michael McDon-	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
		aid.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee....	Kewaunee Banner(G)	Kewaunee Ptg. Co	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee....	Kewaunee Ent'rprise	A. C. Voshardt...	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Kewaunee....	Kewaunsk>Liste(Bo)	Joseph H. Janda	Home.	M.	
Kewaunee....	The Owl.....	George D. Wing..			
LA CROSSE—					
Bangor.....	Bangor Independent	Frank B. Gesler..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse....	Abendstern (G)....	A. Candrain.....	Rep..	D.	
La Crosse....	Argus.....	E. M. Calkins....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse....	Boycott's Budget...	W. J. Boycott....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse....	Chronicle (Morning).	Charles K. Lush..	Rep..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
La Crosse....	Daily Press.....	W. S. Luce.....	Ind.R.	D.	
La Crosse....	Herold-Volksfr'nd(G)	John Banziger...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse....	Nordstern (G)....	A. Candrain.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse....	Nordst'rn Blatter(G)	A. Candrian.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
La Crosse....	Press-Democrat....	John A. Kendall..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse....	Republican & Leader	W. R. Finch.....	Rep..	D & W.	W. Sat.
La Crosse....	Vlastnosc.....	Soukup Bros....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
La Crosse....	Volkspost.....	A. Candrian.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Onalaska....	La Crosse Co. Record	W. J. Showers...	Ind.R.	W.	Thursday.
West Salem..	Nonpareil-Journal..	D. Trimbell.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
LA FAYETTE--					
Argyle.....	Argyle Atlas.....	Geo. G. Gaskill..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Belmont.....	Belmont Bee.....	J. W. Chambers..	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Benton.....	Mining Times.....	J. E. Edwards....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Blanch'rdville	Blanch'rdville Blade	Carl Chandler...	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Darlington..	Darlingt'n Democrat	L. B. Howerly...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Darlington..	Republican-Journal.	Monahan & Martin	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Shullsburg...	Pick and Gad.....	T. J. Law.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Shullsburg...	Southwestern Local.	J. W. Blackstone,			
		Jr.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
South Wayne.	So. Wayne Messenger	Barret & Hough	Rep..	W.	Friday.
LANGLADE—					
Antigo.....	Antigo Herold (G)...	Ed. Goebel.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Antigo.....	Antigo Journal....	G. W. Hill.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Antigo.....	Antigo Republican..	C. O. Marsh.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Antigo.....	Weekly News Item..	W. H. Dawley...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.

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Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
LINCOLN—					
Merrill	Merrill Advocate	C. N. Johnson	Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.
Merrill	Wis. Thalbote (G)	F. W. Sallet	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Merrill	The Merrill News	T. N. Locke	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
Merrill	The Merrill Star	Wm. Allen	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Tomahawk	The Tomahawk	Tomahawk Pub. Co	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Tomahawk	Tomahawk Leader	H. D. Bliefernicht	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
MANITOWOC—					
Kiel	Kiel National Zeitung (G)	Kuenne & Ellenbecker	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Citizen	Citizen Pub. Co	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Daily Herald	Herald Press Pub. Co	Ind ..	D.	
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Daily News	Citizen Pub. Co	Rep ..	D.	
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Pilot	S. T. Pratt	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Times Press	Herald Press Pub. Co	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Post (G)	Baensch & Gennrich	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Nord-Westen (G)	Carl G. Schmidt	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Wahrheit (G)	C. Otto Schmidt	Dem ..	W.	Tuesday.
Two Rivers	Chronicle	W. F. Nash	Dem ..	W.	Tuesday.
MARATHON—					
Mosinee	The Times	W. V. Silverthorn	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Wausau	Central Wisconsin	R. H. Johnson	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Wausau	Gefluengelzuechter (G)	Henry Voigt	P'ltry	M.	
Wausau	Deutsch Pioneer (G)	Paul Stolze	Rep ..	S.W.	Wed. & Sat.
Wausau	The Philosopher	VanVechten & Ellis	Lit ..	M.	
Wausau	The Wausau Herald	Powers & Lohmar	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
Wausau	Wausau Pilot	E. B. Thayer	Dem ..	W.	Tuesday.
Wausau	Wausau Record	E. T. Wheelock	Rep ..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
Wausau	Wochenbatt (G)	H. J. Heise	Dem ..	S.W.	Tues. & Fri.
MARINETTE—					
Marinette	Forposten (Sk)	Forposten Pub. Co	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Marinette	Freja (D)	Hans J. Juhl	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Marinette	Fremad (N)	Hans J. Juhl	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Marinette	The Argus	The Argus Co	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Marinette	The Eagle	Frank E. Noyes	Rep ..	D & W.	W., Friday.
Marinette	The North Star	Star Pub. Co	Rep ..	D & W.	W., Thurs.
Marinette	The Student	H. Sch. Students	Ed ..	M.	
Marinette	Tribunen (Sw)	O. B. Olsen	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Marinette	Volksbote (G)	Herman Schoman-ker	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Peshigo	Peshigo Times	Chas. Barrett	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Wausaukee	The Independent	Geo. E. Bogrand	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
MARQUETTE—					
Montello	Montello Express	Chas. H. Bissell	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Packwaukee	Packwaukee Independent	Charles Richards	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Westfield	Central Union	Mrs. Forbes & Sons	Rep ..	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Published Daily.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.
MILWAUKEE—			
Milwaukee...	Commercial Letter.....	F. W. Friese.....	Com
Milwaukee...	Daily Reporter.....	Reporter Pub. Co.....	Legal.
Milwaukee...	Dziennik Milwaukee (P)....	Polish Pub. Co.....	Dem.
Milwaukee...	Evening Wisconsin.....	The Evening Wisconsin Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee...	Germania (G).....	Germania Pub. Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee...	Kuryer Polski (P).....	Kuryer Pub. Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee...	Milwaukee Journal.....	The Journal Co.....	Ind.
Milwaukee...	Milwaukee Herold (G).....	Herold Pub. Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee...	Milwaukee Daily News.....	News Pub. Co.....	Dem.
Milwaukee...	The Milwaukee Sentinel.....	The Sentinel Co.....	Rep.

Daily—Sunday Issues.

Milwaukee....	Germania & Sontagspost (G)	Germania Pub. Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee....	Milwaukee Herold (G).....	Herold Pub. Co.....	Rep.
Milwaukee....	The Sunday Sentinel.....	The Sentinel Co.....	Rep.

Published Weekly.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Publication day.
MILWAUKEE—				
Milwaukee....	Acker and Gartenbau Zeitung (G).....	Herold Pub. Co.....	Agr...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Advocate.....	R. B. Montgomery.....	Rep...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Am. Turnzeitung (G).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ed...	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Anti Monopolist.....	Anti Monopolist League..	Agit'l.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Catholic Citizen.....	Citizen Pub. Co.....	Rel...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Columbia.....	Columbia Pub. Co.....	Rel...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Domacnost (B).....	Anton Novak.....	Rep...	Wednesday
Milwaukee....	Eve'g Prayer Leaflets.....	Young Churchman Co.....	Rel...	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Excelsior (G).....	Excelsior Co.....	Rel...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Freidenker (G).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Lit...	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Gazeta Wisconsiniska (P).....	Kuryer Pub. Co.....	Rep...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Germania Reporter (G).....	August Wetzel.....	Ind...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Haus und Bauernfreund (G).....	Germania Pub. Co.....	Agr...	Friday.
Milwaukee....	Im Familien-Kreise (G).....	The Herold Co.....	Lit...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Jugend Post (G).....	The Herold Co.....	Ed...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Katolik (P).....	Rev. Wm. Grutza.....	Rel...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Kinderpost (G).....	The Herold Co.....	Ed...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Kuryer Polski (P).....	Kuryer Pub. Co.....	Rep...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Living Church.....	Young Churchman Co.....	Rel...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Milwaukee Journal.....	The Journal Co.....	Ind...	Friday.
Milwaukee....	Milwaukee Sentinel.....	The Sentinel Co.....	Rep...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Milwaukee Times.....	Towell Bros.....	Ind...	Friday.
Milwaukee....	Milwaukee World.....	J. L. Rohr.....	Ind...	Friday.
Milwaukee....	National Advance.....	Robert Schilling.....	Pop...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	National Reformer (G).....	Robert Schilling.....	Pop...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Northwestern Chronicle.....	H. J. Desmond.....	Rel...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Patriot (G).....	The Excelsior Co.....	Rel...	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Rownost (B).....	Rownost Pub. Co.....	Dem...	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Shepherd's Arms.....	Young Churchman Co.....	Rel...	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Slonce (P).....	George Miski.....	Dem...	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	The Wisconsin.....	The Evening Wisconsin Co.....	Rep...	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Published Weekly—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Name of Paper.	Name of Publishers.	Character.	Publication day.
MILWAUKEE—Continued.				
Milwaukee...	Union Signal.....	Fred W. Stearns.....	Lab U	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Vorwaerts (G).....	Victor L. Berger.....	Soc...	Sunday.
Milwaukee...	Warheit (G).....	Victor L. Berger.....	Soc...	Sunday.
Milwaukee...	Weekly Review.....	Joseph Gochel.....	Ed...	Friday.
Milwaukee...	Young Churchman.....	Joseph Gochel.....	Ed...	Friday.
Milwaukee...	Zrodlo (P).....	Rev. Wm. Grutza.....	Rel...	Sunday.
No. Milwaukee	North Milw. News ..	Chase & Chase.....	Dem..	Thursday.
Wauwatosa...	Wauwatosa Independent.....	E. C. Evans.....	Ind...	Saturday.
Wauwatosa...	Wauwatosa News ..	Wauwatosa Printing Co.	Ind...	Saturday.

Semi-Weekly Publications.

Milwaukee...	Banner und Volksfreund (G).....	Banner & Volksfreund Co	Dem..	Tues. & Fri.
Milwaukee...	Deutsche Warte (G).....	Germania Pub Co.....	Rep..	Tues. & Fri.
Milwaukee...	Deutsche Volksblatt (G).....	Germania Pub. Co.....	Rep..	Tues. & Fri.
Milwaukee...	Erhalungs Stunden (G).....	Germania Pub. Co.....	Ind...	Tues. & Fri.
Milwaukee...	Herold (G).....	The Herold Co.....	Ind...	Wed. & Sat.
Milwaukee...	Seebote (G).....	The P. V. Deuster Co...	Dem..	Tues. & Fri.
So. Milwaukee	South Milw. Journal	T. J. Russell and L. A. Miner.....	Rep..	Wed. & Sat.

Monthly Publications.

Where Published.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.
Milwaukee...	Amer. School Board Journal	Wm. G. Bruce.....	Ed.
Milwaukee...	Amer. Soap Journal.....	Henry Gathmann.....	M'fng
Milwaukee...	Aquinas.....	Sisters of Charity.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	Arminia (G).....	Fridenker Pub. Co.....	Lit.
Milwaukee...	Badger Workman.....	H. H. Zahn.....	Frat.
Milwaukee...	Bonded Attorney.....	Bonded Attorney Co.....	Legal.
Milwaukee...	Burite Blaetter (G).....	N. W. Pub. Co.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	By The Wayside.....	Helen M. Boynton.....	Bot.
Milwaukee...	Cadet Days.....	Rev. S. T. Symth.....	Ed..
Milwaukee...	Caeclia (G).....	J. Singenberger.....	Mus.
Milwaukee...	Catholic Forester.....	Callen & McKenna.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	Cereals.....	Cereals Pub. Co.....	Com.
Milwaukee...	Children's Home Finder.....	Wis. Children's Home Society.	
Milwaukee...	Church Friend.....	Rev. Isaac Nicholson.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	Circular Letter.....	Duane Mowry.....	Lit.
Milwaukee...	Criterion.....	S. T. Leaming.....	C. P.
Milwaukee...	Fuer Unger Jugend (G).....	Fridenker Pub. Co.....	Juv.
Milwaukee...	Home Journal.....	Home Journal Pub. Co.....	Social
Milwaukee...	International Good Templar	B. F. Parker.....	Temp.
Milwaukee...	Kinderfreude (G).....	N. W. Publishing House.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	Lords Day Papers.....	J. B. Davidson.....	Rel.
Milwaukee...	Masonic Tidings.....	Masonic Tidings Pub. Co.....	Frat
Milwaukee...	Mercury.....	East Side High School.....	Ed.
Milwaukee...	Milwaukee Medical Journal	Wm. C. Neilson.....	Med.
Milwaukee...	Milwaukee Nachrichten (G)	M. Ott.....	Sci'e'y
Milwaukee...	Mind and Body.....	Fridenker Pub. Co.....	Ed.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Monthly Publications — Continued.

Where Published.	Name of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.
MILWAUKEE— Continued.			
Milwaukee....	Odd Fellows' Friend.....	R. Hoe	Frat.
Milwaukee....	Our Young People.....	Young People Pub. Co.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Packages.....	Packages Pub. Co.....	Com.
Milwaukee....	Pedagogische (G).....	The Herold Co.....	Ed.
Milwaukee....	Paines Photo Monthly.....	C. M. Paine.....	Ph't'g
Milwaukee....	Parish Mirror.....	St. James' Church.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Parish Record.....	St. Paul's Church.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Pharmaceutical Archives....	Pharmaceutical Pub. Co.....	Phar.
Milwaukee....	Pharmaceutical Review....	Pharmaceutical Pub. Co.....	Phar.
Milwaukee....	Pythian Age.....	Frank Barry.....	Frat.
Milwaukee....	Schuezeitung (G).....	N. W. Publishing House.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Shepherd's Arms.....	Young Churchman Co.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Snap Shots.....	Gregg Bros.....	Com.
Milwaukee....	The Souvenir.....	George Bach.....	Mus.
Milwaukee....	Templar Blaetter (N).....	J. E. N. Fi:hed.....	Temp.
Milwaukee....	The Badger.....	Badger Pub. Co.....	Story.
Milwaukee....	The People's Companion....	Edward De Lange.....	Lit.
Milwaukee....	The Lamplighter.....	P. W. Peterson.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	The Western Teacher.....	S. Y. Gillan.....	Ed.
Milwaukee....	Whist.....	The Whist Pub. Co.....	Whist

Semi-Monthly Publications.

Milwaukee....	Gemeindeblatt (G)	N. W. Publishing House.....	Rel...
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Bi-Monthly Publications.

Milwaukee....	Kodak	Milwaukee Downer College	Ed.
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Quarterly Publications.

Milwaukee....	Catholic Directory.....	H. M. Wiltzius & Co.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Gesu Directory.....	Houtkamp & Cannon.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Gillan's Quarterly.....	S. Y. Gillan.....	Ed.
Milwaukee....	Kirchen-Glocke (G).....	Rev. B. P. Nommenson.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Krauben-Trost (G).....	Rev. B. P. Nommenson.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Living Church Quarterly....	Young Churchman Co.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Vreilejahiliches Magazine..	The Herold Co.....	Lit.
Milwaukee....	Wiscon-in Baptist.....	Rev. D. W. Hulbert.....	Rel.
Milwaukee....	Wisconsin Naturalist.....	Naturalist Pub. Co.....	Ed.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MONROE—					
Cashton.....	Cashton Record.....	O. G. Briggs.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Advertiser.....	E. W. Hinkley & Co	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Daily Herald-Advertiser.....	E. J. Hinkley.....	Rep..	D.	
Sparta.....	Monroe Co. Democrat.....	S. E. Streeter.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Sparta Herald.....	McBride Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Herald.....	Briggs Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Journal.....	L. B. Squier.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Monitor.....	J. A. & C. J. Wells	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Warrens.....	Warrens Index.....	I. S. Dunn.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wilton.....	Wilton Herald.....	S. W. Brown.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
OCONTO—					
Gillett.....	Gillett Times.....	Lewis P. Perry...	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Enterprise...	Phil A. Badour...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Oconto.....	The Enquirer.....	Rose A. Sharp.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Lumberman	J. W. Hall.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Co. Reporter	Comstock & McCall.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Oconto Falls..	Oconto Falls Herald.	Smith & Porter Co	Rep..	W.	Friday.
ONEIDA—					
Rhinelanders..	The New North.....	Geo. W. Bishop...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Rhinelanders..	The Rhinelanders Herald.....	A. W. Shelton.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Rhinelanders..	The Vicindicator.....	W. H. Trumbull...	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Three Lakes.	Three Lakes Enterprise.....	Frank Steiner.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
OUTAGAMIE—					
Appleton.....	Appleton Crescent...	Ryan & Bro.....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Appleton.....	Appleton Post.....	Post Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
Appleton.....	Appleton Volksfreund (G).....	H. W. Meyer.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Appleton Weeker (G)	Christ Roemer....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Appleton.....	Das Montags Blatt (G).....	H. W. Meyer.....	Ind..	W.	Monday.
Appleton.....	Gegenwart (G).....	Gegenwart Co.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Dale.....	Dale Recorder.....	J. Senftenberg.....	.....	W.	Friday.
Hortonville...	Hortonville Review..	Hollenback & Nye	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Sun.....	J. I. Toner.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Times.....	C. E. Raught.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Seymour.....	Seymour Press.....	H. J. Van Vuran..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Shiocton.....	Shiocton News.....	F. H. Colburn....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
OZAUKEE—					
Cedarburg....	The Cedarburg News	A. W. Horn.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washington.....	Ozaukee Co. Advertiser.....	M. G. Bohan.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washington.....	Port Washington Herald (G).....	W. B. Krause.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washington.....	Port Washington Pilot.....	Henry Schloensig'l	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Port Washington.....	Port Washington Star.....	M. W. Bolens.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washington.....	Port Washington Zeitung (G).....	Carl Fehlandt....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
PEPIN—					
Durand.....	Pepin Co. Courier...	Eldridge & Barton	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Durand.....	Entering Wedge.....	Ingram & Goodrich	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Pepin.....	The Pepin Star.....	John M. Axtell....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
PIERCE—					
Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth Record....	J. F. Shaw.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Ellsworth.....	Pierce Co. Herald....	Herald Ptg. Co...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Maiden Rock..	Maiden Rock News..	R. A. Axtell.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Prescott.....	Prescott Tribune....	J. Goldsworthy....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
River Falls....	River Falls Journal..	C. R. Morse.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
River Falls....	River Falls Times...	Hulbert & Smith..	Ind..	W.	Tuesday.
Spring Valley..	Spring Valley Sun...	Chas. Lowater....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
POLK—					
Amery.....	Amery Free Press....	G. Gunderson.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Balsam Lake.	The Ledger.....	Ely & Nagler.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Clear Lake...	Clear Lake Star....	Will Harding.....	Rep..	W.	
Osceola.....	Osceola Sun.....	A. E. Roese.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Osceola.....	Polk Co. Press.....	C. E. Mears.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
St. Croix Falls	St. Croix Valley Standard.....	Folsom & Cole....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
PORTAGE—					
Amherst.....	Amherst Advocate....	Hattie B. Moberg	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point	Roinik (P).....	S. Hutter.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Stevens Point	Stevens P'int Journal	E. McGlachlin....	Rep..	D. & W.	W. Satur.
Stevens Point	The Gazette.....	Ed. D. Glennon...	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
PRICE—					
Park Falls....	Park Falls Herald....	H. J. Smith.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Phillips.....	The Bee.....	Messer Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Phillips.....	Der Elkbote (G)....	Geo. M. Hotschik..	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Phillips.....	The Phillips Times..	Sackett Bros.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Prentice.....	The Prentice Cal'met	Frank H. Bell.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
RACINE—					
Burlington....	Burlington Free Press	Wm. R. Devor....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Burlington....	Standard Democrat.	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Burlington....	Standard Demo't(G)	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Racine.....	Agents Advocate....	L. B. Baker Mfg. Co	Ind..	M.	
Racine.....	Folket Avis (D)....	Edw. Jensen.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Racine.....	The Racine Correspondent (G)....	Henry Bonn.....	Ind..	M.	
Racine.....	Racine Journal....	Journal Ptg. Co..	Rep..	D. & W.	W. & Wed.
Racine.....	The Racine News....	News Pub. Co....	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	Racine Daily Times.	Times Ptg. Co....	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	The Slave (Bo)....	John Elias.....	Ind..	W.	Tuesday.
Racine.....	Utley's Dollar Weekly	Times Ptg. Co....	Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
Racine.....	Wis. Agriculturist..	Wis. Agr. Pub. Co	Agr..	W.	Thursday.
Union Grove..	Enterprise.....	A. P. Colby.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Waterford....	Waterford Post.....	Edw. Malone.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
RICHLAND —					
Lone Rock....	Tri County Review..	Babcock Bros....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Richland Center	Republican Observer	Wm. M. Fogo.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Richland Center	Richland Democrat.	Wilber G. Barry..	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Richland Center	Richland Rustic....	Bailey & Bailey..	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Viola.....	Viola Intelligencer..	Frazier & Frazier.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
ROCK —					
Beloit.....	Beloit Daily News...	D. B. Worthington.....	Ind..	D. & W.	W. Fri.
Beloit.....	Beloit Deutsche Zeitung (G).....	Zeitung Pub. Co..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Beloit.....	Beloit Free Press...	Cham. Ingersoll..	Rep..	D. & W.	W. Thurs.
Beloit.....	Our Church Life.....	Home Mission Society	Rel..	M.	
Beloit.....	Round Table.....	Beloit College....	Lit..	W.	
Clinton.....	Rock Co. Banner....	Geo. & L. S. Wilcox	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Clinton.....	Clinton Herald.....	R. W. Cheever....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Elgerton.....	Wis. Tob. Reporter..	Fred W. Coon....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Evansville....	The Badger.....	Marilla Andrews & Co.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Evansville....	The Enterprise.....	C. A. Libby.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Evansville....	The Review.....	Antes & Magee...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Evansville....	The Tribune.....	C. A. Libby.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Janesville....	Church Echoes.....	First Bap. Church	Rel..	M.	
Janesville....	Farm and Home.....	Farm and Home Pub. Co.....	Agr..	W.	Friday.
Janesville....	Janesville Gazette...	Gazette Ptg. Co..	Rep..	D. & S. W.	Tues. & Fri.
Janesville....	Janesville Journ'l(G)	H. W. Frick.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Rock--Con.	Janesville Recorder.	Recorder Ptg. Co.	Dem..	D. & W.	W. Thurs.
Janesville.....	Phoenix.....	Janesville High School.....	Lit... Dem..	M. W.	
Janesville.....	The Catholic Star...	J. L. Mahoney....			Saturday.
Janesville.....	Wis. Druggists' Exchange.....	E. B. Heimstreet.	Drugs	M.	
Janesville.....	Wis. Medic'l Record'r	J. P. Thorne.....	Med..	M.	
Milton.....	Rock Co. Journal....	W. K. Davis.....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Wednesday. Thursday.
Milton Junct..	Milton Telephone....	M. A. Richardson.			
ST. CROIX—					
Baldwin.....	Baldwin Bulletin....	O. K. Hawley....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Friday. Thursday.
Baldwin.....	Baldwin Independ'nt	Chas. W. Henke..			
Glenwood.....	Glenwood Tribune...	C. J. Augustin....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday.
Hammond.....	Hammond News.....	Margaret B. & Wm. H. Towner.	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Friday. Friday.
Hudson.....	Star-Times.....	B. J. Pr. ce.....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Friday. Thursday.
Hudson.....	True Republican....	Geo. D. Cline....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
New Richm'nd	Republican Voice....	Franc A. R. Van Meter.....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday.
SAUK—					
Baraboo.....	Baraboo News.....	Cole & Dorsett...	Rep... Rep...	D. & W. W.	W. Wed. Wednesday.
Baraboo.....	Baraboo News (C) ..	Cole & Dorsett...			
Baraboo.....	Baraboo Republic..	Powers & Hood Bros	Rep... Rep...	D. & W. W.	W. Wed. Thursday.
Baraboo.....	Sauk Co. Democrat..	Ed. L. Luckow....	Ind... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Prairie du Sac	The Sauk Co. News..	Giegerich & Just.	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Friday. Friday.
Reedsburg....	Reedsburg Free Press	Seam'ns & Wheel'r	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Reedsburg....	Reedsburg Times....	Ninman & Quimby	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Sauk City.....	Pionier Presse (G)...	C. F. Ninman....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Spring Green.	Weekly Home News	W. R. Purdy....	Ind... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday.
SAWYER—					
Hayward.....	Hayward Republic'n	J. H. Williams...	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Thursday.
SHAWANO—					
Birnamwood..	Birnamwood News..	S. K. Adams.....	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Wednesday. Thursday.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Advocate - Despatch...	L. C. Bold & Son.	Dem.. Rep...	W. W.	Thursday. Wednesday.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Journal	D. B. Gorham....			
Shawano.....	Shawano Volksbote (G).....	F. A. Jaeckel....	Ind... Rep...	W. W.	Friday. Friday.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Wochenblatt (G).....	L. C. Bold & Son.	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg...	For Gammel og Ung (N).....	E. J. Homme.....	Rel... Rep...	W. W.	Tuesday. Friday.
Wittenberg...	The Enterprise.....	I. R. Nye.....			
Wittenberg...	Sontagskolebladet (N).....	E. J. Homme.....	Rel... Rep...	W. W.	Tuesday. Saturday.
Mattoon.....	Mattoon Herald....	J. H. Fitzgibbon.			
SHEBOYGAN—					
Franklin.....	"M. H. Aerolith" (E & G).....	Mission Course College	Rel....	M.	
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Post (G)..	Wandersleben Bros	Ind... Dem..	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Reporter.	John H. Matthews	Rep... Rep...	W. W.	Wednesday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Review....	Review Pub. Co..	Lit... Lit...	M. M.	
Sheboygan....	Lake Breeze.....	High Sch'l Pupils			
Sheboygan....	National Demokrat (G).....	Demokrat Pub.Co	Dem..	S. W.	Wed. & Sat.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Daily Journal.....	W. M. Root.....	Dem.. Rep...	D. W.	Friday. Saturday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Herald..	L. K. Howe.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Star....	W. M. Root.....	Rep... Rep...	W. D.	
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram Ptg Co			
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Volksblatt (G).....	Volksbla't Pub.Co	Soc.D.	W.	Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
SHEBOYGAN— Continued					
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Zeitung. (G)	A. W. Pott.....	Rep...	D & SW	Tues. & Fri.
Sheboygan Fl's	Sheboygan Co. News	W. C. Thomas....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
TAYLOR—					
Medford	Der Waldbote (G)...	German Pub. Co.	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Medford	Medford Democrat.	J. R. Shattuck....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Medford	Sentinel & Republic'n	A. J. Barager ...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Medford	Taylor Co. Star and News.....	Peter Danielson..	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Rib Lake.....	Rib Lake Herald....	Hand & Voemastek	Rep...	W.	Friday.
TREMPEALEAU—					
Arcadia	Arcadia Anzeiger (G)	N. Cramolini.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Arcadia	The Arcadian.....	D. J. Steevens....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Arcadia	The Leader.....	P. J. Barth.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Blair.....	Blair Press.....	Hensel & Bars- heim.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Galesville....	Galesville Independ't	Bunsen Bros.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Galesville....	Galesville Republic'n	B. A. Gipple.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Independence	Independence News- Wave	Geo. A. Markham	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Independence.	Wis. Good Templar..	Geo. A. Markham.	Temp.	W.	Thursday.
Osseo	Weekly Recorder....	Gilpin & Gilpin...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Trempealeau	Trempealeau Gazette	C. S. Utter.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Trempealeau	Trempealeau Herald	Alletta D. Goodhue	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Whitehall....	Whitehall Times....	J. B. Beach.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
VERNON—					
Hillsboro	Hillsboro Sentry....	M. V. Frazier.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
La Farge	La Farge Enterprise	W. J. Robinson...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Ontario	Ontario Observer...	W. J. Robinson...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Readstown....	Readstown Herald..	Maiben & H'tchis'n	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censur..	O. G. Munson.....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader..	F. H. Graves.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican	E. H. Briggs.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Westby.....	Westby Times.....	F. R. Haines.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
VILAS—					
Eagle River..	Eagle River Review.	Orrin B. Moon....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Eagle River..	Vilas County News..	D. E. Riordan....	Rep...	W.	Monday.
Minocqua....	Minocqua Times....	Chas. W. Hooper.	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WALWORTH—					
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	E. J. Scott.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Poultry & Belgian Hare Pointers....	E. J. Scott.....	Lit...	M.	
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	The Flash Light...	Delavan H. School	Lit...	M.	
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times....	Fred C. Larsen...	Lit...	W.	Thursday.
East Troy....	East Troy News....	O. R. Kurzrok...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Elkhorn.....	Elkhorn Blade.....	L. R. Willoughby	Pro...	W.	Tuesday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Park, Kenney & Eames.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Genoa Jet....	Times.....	Chas. F. Dixon...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva.	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Lake Geneva.	News.....	W. A. McAfferty..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Geo. F. Zieglaus...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Whitewater..	Whitewater Gazette.	F. R. Bloodgood..	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Whitewater..	Whitewater Register	E. D. Coe.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WASHBURN—					
Shell Lake....	Shell Lake Watchm'n	Blair E. Hoar.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Shell Lake....	Washb'n Co. Regist'r	Register Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Spooner.....	Spoon Register....	Register Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford.....	Hartford Press.....	LeCount & L'Co'nt	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Hartford.....	Hartford Times....	A. J. Hemmy.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Kewaskum....	Kewaskum Statesm'n	Chas. E. Krahn...	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Schleising'r v'e	Botschafter (G)....	Gustav Meister...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WASHINGTON— Continued					
West Bend....	Beobachter (G).....	Washington Co. Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
West Bend....	Washington County Pilot.....	Henry B. Kaemper.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
West Bend....	West Bend Democrat	Washington Co. Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
WAUKESHA—					
Eagle.....	Eagle Quill.....	H. M. Lobl.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Hartland.....	Hartland News.....	Schwantes & Hansen.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Menom'nee F's	Menomonee Falls News.....	Cam. W. Frasier.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Mukwanago....	Mukwanago Chief..	Daniel L. Camp..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Oconomowoc..	Oconomowoc Enterprise.....	Hathaway & Palmer.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Oconomowoc..	Oconomowoc Republican.....	Pettibone & Pettibone.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc..	Wis. Free Press.....	Edwin Hurlbut..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Democrat	Carney Estate.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Dispatch	A. F. Warden.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Freeman..	H. M. Youmans..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Press.....	G. C. Weiss.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville..	Clintonville Sun....	Will M. Barnum..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Clintonville..	Clintonville Tribune	Frank H. Brady..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Iola.....	Iola Herald.....	H. S. Keeney, Mgr	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manawa.....	Manawa Advocate..	A. C. Walsh.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Marion.....	Marion Advertiser..	S. L. Perry.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
New London..	New London Press..	Chas. F. Carr.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
New London..	Republican and Tribune.....	Hollenbeck & Nye	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Assembly Herald....	H. A. Larson.....	Temp. Q.		
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Post.....	Starveant & Ware	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Record....	W. E. Carpenter..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Republic'n Chronicle.....	W. H. Holmes.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Weyauwega....	Weyauwega Chronicle	F. H. Voshardt..	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Weyauwega....	Die Deutsche Chronik (G).....	F. H. Voshardt..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock.....	Hancock News.....	Thompson & Collins.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Plainfield....	Plainfield Sun.....	L. W. Chapman..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wautoma.....	Waushara Argus....	Ellarson & Berray	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha.....	Menasha Evening Breeze.....	Menasha Ptg. Co.	Rep..	D.	
Menasha.....	Winnebago Anzeiger	J. C. Klinker.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Neenah.....	Teluskudon (D)....	Harold Schmidt..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Neenah.....	Friend and Guide...	Campbell & Williams.....	Frat..	M.	
Neenah.....	City Times.....	J. N. Stone.....	Dem..	D. & W.	W. Sat.
Neenah.....	Twin City News....	L. H. Kimball..	Rep..	D. & W.	W. Sat.
Omro.....	Omro Herald.....	C. H. Slocum....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Omro.....	Omro Journal.....	P. M. Wright....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh.....	Labor Advocate....	Robt. Schilling..	Pop..	W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Oshkosh Reformer..	Robt. Schilling..	Pop..	W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Oshkosh Limes.....	Times Pub. Co....	Dem..	D. & W.	W. Sat.
Oshkosh.....	Pilgrim.....	E. H. Smith.....	Rel..	M.	
Oshkosh.....	The Northwestern..	Hicks Ptg. Co....	Rep..	D. & W.	W. Sat.
Oshkosh.....	Wis. Christian Advocate.....	A. J. Benjamin..	Rel..	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Wis. Telegraph....	Allen & Werdner.	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Winneconne..	The Local.....	R. R. Crowe.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication day.
WOOD—					
Grand Rapids.	Grand Rapids Tribune	Drumb & Sutor...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Grand Rapids.	Wood Co. Reporter..	A. L. Fontaine ..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	Demokrat (G).....	A. G. & H. A. Pankow ..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	The Marshfield News	Adam Paulus.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	The Marshfield Times	Williams & White	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Pittsville.....	Yellow River Pilot..	H. H. Dunn.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESS OF WISCONSIN.

The foregoing pages with reference to the press of Wisconsin represent much thorough investigation. Every publisher has been given opportunity to correct the data pertaining to his own paper. Very few have been so indifferent as not to respond. The entire list shows 730 newspapers and periodicals published in the state, of which sixty-five are dailies, 556 weeklies and eighteen semi-weeklies. A detailed summary follows:

Dailies, also publishing weekly issues.....	33
Dailies, also publishing semi-weekly issues.....	5
Dailies, daily issue only.....	27
Total daily papers.....	65
Weekly papers, weekly issue only.....	523
Weekly in connection with dailies.....	33
Total weeklies.....	556
Individual semi-weekly papers.....	13
Semi-weeklies with dailies.....	5
Total semi-weeklies.....	18
Total monthly publications.....	74
Semi-monthly publications.....	1
Bi-monthly publications.....	1
Quarterly publications.....	15
Total all publications.....	730

CLASSIFIED AS TO LANGUAGE.

In English only.....	615
In English and German.....	2
In German.....	87
In Polish.....	7
In Norwegian.....	7
In Swedish.....	4
In Bohemian.....	3
In Hollandish.....	2
In Danish.....	2
In Scandinavian.....	1
Total.....	730

AS TO POLITICS, ETC.

Republican.....	302
Independent Republican.....	2
Democratic.....	125
Independent.....	130
Religious.....	35
Educational.....	14
Prohibition and temperance.....	8
Agricultural.....	5
Populism.....	4
Socialism.....	3
Woman suffrage.....	1
Literary, fraternal, trade, etc.....	98
Total.....	730

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, with counties, and corrected from official sources up to February 1, 1901, at which date there were 1,877 post offices in Wisconsin. Of these five were of class 1, thirty class 2, 113 class 3, and 1,773 class 4. There were 148 presidential offices, 850 money order offices and twenty-one money-order stations. Since the establishing of Rural free delivery fifty-one post offices have been discontinued in the state. Offices in italic type are money-order offices authorized to issue and to pay money orders. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money order offices. Those with a double dagger (‡) are post offices discontinued for the winter. By the letters (c. h.) in parentheses, county seats are indicated.

A.			
		Anchorage.....	Buffalo
		Anderson.....	Grant
		Andrus.....	Polk
		Angelica.....	Shawano
		<i>Annua</i>	Shawano
		Anson.....	Chippewa
		Anthony.....	Eau Claire
		* <i>Antigo (c. h.)</i>	Langlade
		<i>Appollonia</i>	Chippewa
		Applecreek.....	Outagamie
		Appleriver.....	Polk
		* <i>Appleton (c. h.)</i>	Outagamie
		<i>Arbavite</i>	Vilas
		<i>Areadia</i>	Trempealeau
		<i>Arena</i>	Iowa
		<i>Argyle</i>	Lafayette
		<i>Arkana-w</i>	Pepin
		<i>Arkdale</i>	Adams
		Arland.....	Barron
		<i>Arlington</i>	Columbia
		Armenia.....	Juneau
		Armstrong.....	Fond du Lac
		<i>Armstrong Creek</i>	Forest
		Arnott.....	Portage
		<i>Arpin</i>	Wood
		Arthur.....	Grant
		Ashford.....	Fond du Lac
		Ashippun.....	Dodge
		* <i>Ashland (c. h.)</i>	Ashland
		Ashland Junction.....	Bayfield
		Ashley.....	Marathon
		<i>Ashridge</i>	Richland
		Ashton.....	Dane
		Askeaton.....	Brown
		Athelstane.....	Marinette
		<i>Athens</i>	Marathon
		Atlas.....	Polk
		Attica.....	Green
		Atwater.....	Dodge
		Aubrey.....	Richland
		<i>Auburndale</i>	Wood
		<i>Augusta</i>	Eau Claire
		Aurora.....	Washington
		<i>Auro ahville</i>	Waushara
		Avalanche.....	Vernon
		<i>Avoca</i>	Iowa
		Avon.....	Rock
		Aztalan.....	Jefferson
Aaron.....	Burnett		
<i>Abbotsford</i>	Clark		
<i>Ableman</i>	Sauk		
<i>Abrams</i>	Oconto		
Ackerville.....	Washington		
Ada.....	Sheboygan		
Adams.....	Walworth		
Adams Center.....	Adams		
Addison.....	Washington		
<i>Adell</i>	Sheboygan		
Adney.....	Crawford		
Advance.....	Shawano		
<i>Afton</i>	Rock		
Alabama.....	Polk		
Alaska.....	Kewaunee		
<i>Alban</i>	Portage		
* <i>Albany</i>	Green		
Albertville.....	Chippewa		
<i>Albion</i>	Dane		
<i>Aldon</i>	Polk		
<i>Alderly</i>	Dodge		
* <i>Algoma</i>	Kewaunee		
Aliceton.....	Jefferson		
<i>Alengrove</i>	Walworth		
<i>Allen-ton</i>	Washington		
Allen-ville.....	Winnebago		
Alloa.....	Columbia		
Allouez.....	Douglas		
* <i>Alma (c. h.)</i>	Buffalo		
<i>Alma Center</i>	Jackson		
<i>Almena</i>	Barron		
<i>Almond</i>	Portage		
Alpha.....	Burnett		
Alstad.....	Burnett		
Aldorf.....	Wood		
<i>Alto</i>	Fond du Lac		
<i>Altoona</i>	Eau Claire		
Alverno.....	Manitowoc		
Amanda.....	Oconto		
<i>Amberg</i>	Marinette		
<i>Amery</i>	Polk		
<i>Amherst</i>	Portage		
<i>Amherst Junction</i>	Portage		
Amos.....	Dane		
<i>Amy</i>	Dunn		

B.

<i>Babcock</i>	Wood	Bleser.....	Manitowoc
<i>Badger Mills</i>	Chippewa	<i>Bloom City</i>	Richland
<i>Baer</i>	Washington	<i>Bloomer</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bagin</i>	Grant	<i>Bloomfield</i>	Walworth
<i>Ball's Harbor</i>	Door	<i>Bloomingtondale</i>	Vernon
<i>Baldwin</i>	St. Croix	<i>Bloomington</i>	Grant
<i>Balmoral</i>	Richland	<i>Bloomville</i>	Lincoln
<i>Batsam Lake (c. h.)</i>	Polk	<i>Bluemounds</i>	Dane
<i>Bancroft</i>	Portage	<i>Blue River</i>	Grant
<i>*Bangor</i>	La Crosse	<i>Bluff</i>	La Crosse
<i>Banner</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Boardman</i>	St. Croix
<i>*Baraboo (c. h.)</i>	Sauk	<i>Boaz</i>	Richland
<i>Barney</i>	Marathon	<i>Bobri</i>	Buffalo
<i>*Barneveld</i>	Iowa	<i>Bolt</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Barnum</i>	Crawford	<i>Boltonville</i>	Washington
<i>*Barion (c. h.)</i>	Barron	<i>Boma</i>	Crawford
<i>Barronett</i>	Barron	<i>Bonduel</i>	Shawano
<i>Barrel Station</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Boom</i>	Winnebago
<i>Barton</i>	Washington	<i>Borth</i>	Waushara
<i>Basco</i>	Dane	<i>*Boscobel</i>	Grant
<i>Bashaw</i>	Washburn	<i>Bowers</i>	Walworth
<i>Bassett</i>	Kenosha	<i>Boyceville</i>	Dunn
<i>Bast</i>	Wood	<i>Boyd</i>	Chippewa
<i>1 a s w o d</i>	Richland	<i>Boydton</i>	Crawford
<i>Batley</i>	Outagamie	<i>Brackett</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Bay City</i>	Pierce	<i>Bradtville</i>	Grant
<i>*Bayfield</i>	Bayfield	<i>Bradys</i>	Richland
<i>Bay Mill</i>	Lincoln	<i>Bragg</i>	Columbia
<i>Bay Settlement</i>	Brown	<i>Branch</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Bay View (Station *D)</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Brandon</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Beach</i>	Richland	<i>Branstad</i>	Burnett
<i>Bear Valley</i>	Richland	<i>Braut</i>	Calumet
<i>Beaumont</i>	Racine	<i>Brantwood</i>	Price
<i>Beaver</i>	Marinette	<i>Braslington</i>	Pierce
<i>Beavercreek</i>	Jackson	<i>Breed</i>	Oconto
<i>*Beaver Dam</i>	Dodge	<i>Brehm</i>	Taylor
<i>Beachwood</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Briarton</i>	Shawano
<i>Beetown</i>	Grant	<i>Bridgeport</i>	Crawford
<i>Beldenville</i>	Pierce	<i>Brigsrille</i>	Marquette
<i>Bellevue</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Brighton</i>	Kenosha
<i>Bell Center</i>	Crawford	<i>*Burlington</i>	Calumet
<i>Bellefontain</i>	Columbia	<i>Brinkman</i>	Vernon
<i>Belleplaine</i>	Shawano	<i>Bristol</i>	Kenosha
<i>Bellerille</i>	Dane	<i>Bristow</i>	Vernon
<i>Belmont</i>	Lafayette	<i>British Hollow</i>	Grant
<i>*Beloit</i>	Rock	<i>*Brookhead</i>	Green
<i>Bennett</i>	Douglas	<i>Broderville</i>	Taylor
<i>Benoit</i>	Bayfield	<i>Brookfield</i>	Waukesha
<i>Benton</i>	Lafayette	<i>Brooklyn</i>	Green
<i>Bergon</i>	Rock	<i>Brookside</i>	Oconto
<i>*Berlin</i>	Green Lake	<i>Brookville</i>	St. Croix
<i>Bernhard</i>	Jefferson	<i>Brothertown</i>	Calumet
<i>Berryville</i>	Kenosha	<i>Brown</i>	Crawford
<i>Berthelet</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Browdeer</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Bethel</i>	Wood	<i>Browning</i>	Marquette
<i>Bevent</i>	Marathon	<i>Brownsville</i>	Dodge
<i>Bibon</i>	Bayfield	<i>Browtown</i>	Green
<i>Big Bend</i>	Waukesha	<i>Bruce</i>	Chippewa
<i>Big Falls</i>	Waupaca	<i>Brule</i>	Douglas
<i>Bigflats</i>	Adams	<i>Brushville</i>	Waushara
<i>Bigpatch</i>	Grant	<i>Brussels</i>	Door
<i>Bigriver</i>	Pierce	<i>Bryant</i>	Langlade
<i>Bigspring</i>	Adams	<i>Buckcreek</i>	Richland
<i>Binghamton</i>	Outagamie	<i>Buckman</i>	Brown
<i>Birchlake</i>	Bayfield	<i>Budd</i>	Vernon
<i>Birchwood</i>	Shawano	<i>Budsin</i>	Marquette
<i>Bissell</i>	Walworth	<i>Buffalo</i>	Buffalo
<i>Blackcreek</i>	Outagamie	<i>Buncombe</i>	Lafayette
<i>Black Earth</i>	Dane	<i>Bunyan</i>	Polk
<i>Blackhawk</i>	Sauk	<i>Burke</i>	Dane
<i>*Black River Falls (c. h.)</i>	Jackson	<i>Burkhardt</i>	St. Croix
<i>Blaine</i>	Portage	<i>*Burlington</i>	Racine
<i>Blair</i>	Trempealeau	<i>Burnett Junction</i>	Dodge
<i>Blairmoor</i>	Dunn	<i>Burr</i>	Vernon
<i>Blake</i>	Polk	<i>Burroak</i>	La Crosse
<i>Blanchardville</i>	Lafayette	<i>Burton</i>	Grant
<i>Blanding</i>	Burnett	<i>Bushman</i>	Marathon
<i>Blenker</i>	Wood	<i>Butler</i>	Milwaukee
		<i>Butte des Morts</i>	Winnebago
		<i>*Butternut</i>	Ashland

Byrdsereek.....	Richland	Claywood.....	Oconto
Lyon.....	Fond du Lac	<i>Clearlake</i>	Polk
C.			
<i>Abie</i>	Bayfield	Cleghorn.....	Eau Claire
<i>Acott</i>	Chippewa	Clemansville.....	Winnebago
<i>Cainville</i>	Rock	<i>Cleveland</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Calamine</i>	Rock	Clifford.....	Lincoln
<i>Caldwell</i>	Lafayette	<i>Clifton</i>	Monroe
<i>Caledonia</i>	Racine	* <i>Clinton</i>	Rock
<i>Calhoun</i>	Racine	<i>Clintonville</i>	Waupaca
<i>Calumet Harbor</i>	Waukesha	Clover.....	Manitowoc
<i>Calumetville</i>	Fond du Lac	Clyde.....	Iowa
<i>Calvary</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Clyman</i>	Dodge
* <i>Cambria</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Cobb</i>	Iowa
<i>Cambidge</i>	Columbia	<i>Cochrane</i>	Buffalo
* <i>Cameron</i>	Dane	Colburn.....	Chippewa
* <i>Cameron</i>	Barron	<i>Colby</i>	Clark
<i>Campbellsport</i>	Fond du Lac	Coldspring.....	Jefferson
<i>Camp Douglas</i>	Juneau	Colebrook.....	Waushara
<i>Camp Lake</i>	Kenosha	<i>Coleman</i>	Marinette
<i>Canary</i>	Waupaca	<i>Colfax</i>	Dunn
<i>Canary</i>	Waupaca	Colgate.....	Waukesha
<i>Canton</i>	Barron	Collins.....	Manitowoc
<i>Carlsle</i>	Clark	<i>Coloma</i>	Waushara
<i>Carlton</i>	Kewaunee	<i>Coloma Station</i>	Waushara
<i>Carmel</i>	Waupaca	Columbia.....	Clark
<i>Carnot</i>	Door	* <i>Columbus</i>	Columbia
<i>Caroline</i>	Shawano	<i>Combined Locks</i>	Outagamie
<i>Carter</i>	Forest	<i>Commonwealth</i>	Florence
<i>Cartwright</i>	Chippewa	Como.....	Walworth
<i>Carryville</i>	Dunn	Comstock.....	Barron
<i>Cascade</i>	Sheboygan	Concord.....	Jefferson
<i>Casco</i>	Kewaunee	Conover.....	Vilas
<i>Cashton</i>	Monroe	Cooksville.....	Rock
<i>Casimer</i>	Portage	Coomer.....	Burnett
<i>Cassville</i>	Grant	<i>Coon Valley</i>	Vernon
<i>Casterock</i>	Grant	<i>Cooperstown</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Cataract</i>	Monroe	Corinth.....	Marathon
<i>Catawba</i>	Price	Cornelia.....	Grant
<i>Cato</i>	Manitowoc	Corning.....	Lincoln
<i>Cavour</i>	Forest	Corwin.....	Richland
<i>Cazenovia</i>	Richland	<i>Cottagegrove</i>	Dane
<i>Cecil</i>	Shawano	Cox.....	Chippewa
<i>Cedar</i>	Iron	Craft.....	Chippewa
<i>Cedarburg</i>	Ozaukee	Cranberry Center.....	Juneau
<i>Cedarcreek</i>	Washington	<i>Crandon (c. h.)</i>	Forest
<i>Cedarfalls</i>	Dunn	Cranmoor.....	Wood
<i>Cedar Grove</i>	Sheboygan	Crest.....	Buffalo
<i>Cedarlake</i>	Waushara	Crest.....	Winnebago
<i>Center</i>	Rock	<i>Crititz</i>	Marinette
<i>Centerville</i>	Trempealeau	Crocker's Landing.....	Portage
* <i>Centralia</i>	Wood	Crosk.....	Brown
<i>Chaffey</i>	Douglas	<i>Cross Plains</i>	Dane
<i>Champion</i>	Brown	Crystallake.....	Waupaca
<i>Chapin</i>	Kenosha	<i>Cuba</i>	Grant
<i>Chapman</i>	Barron	<i>Cudahy</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Charlesburg</i>	Calumet	* <i>Cumberland</i>	Barron
<i>Chase</i>	Oconto	Curran.....	Kewaunee
<i>Chaseburg</i>	Vernon	Curry.....	Iron
<i>Chat</i>	Lincoln	<i>Curtiss</i>	Clark
<i>Chelsea</i>	Taylor	<i>Cushing</i>	Polk
<i>Cherokee</i>	Marathon	Custer.....	Portage
<i>Chester</i>	Dodge	<i>Cylon</i>	St. Croix
<i>Chick</i>	Barron	D.	
<i>Chicog</i>	Washburn	<i>Dacada</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Chili</i>	Clark	Dahl.....	St. Croix
* <i>Chilton (c. h.)</i>	Calumet	Dakota.....	Waushara
<i>Chimneyrock</i>	Trempealeau	<i>Dale</i>	Outagamie
* <i>Chippewa Falls (c. h.)</i>	Chippewa	<i>Dallas</i>	Barron
<i>Christie</i>	Clark	<i>Dancy</i>	Marathon
<i>Cicero</i>	Outagamie	<i>Dane</i>	Dane
<i>Clippoint</i>	Jackson	<i>Danville</i>	Dodge
<i>Clam Falls</i>	Polk	Darbellay.....	Kewaunee
<i>Clark</i>	Oconto	Darboy.....	Calumet
<i>Clark Mills</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Darien</i>	Walworth
<i>Clarkson</i>	Dane	* <i>Darlington (c. h.)</i>	Lafayette
<i>Clarno</i>	Green	<i>Dartford (c. h.)</i>	Green Lake
<i>Clay</i>	Jackson	Davis.....	Dunn
<i>Claybanks</i>	Door	Day.....	Clark
<i>Clayton</i>	Polk		

Danton Green
 Deblo Vernon
 Decora Prairie Trempealeau
 Dedham Douglas
 Deerbrook Langlade
 Deefield Dane
 Deerpark St. Croix
 Defiance Lafayette
 *Deforest Dane
 Dekorra Columbia
 Delafield Waukesha
 *Delavan Wauworth
 Dell Vernon
 Dellton Sauk
 Denmark Brown
 Denoon Waukesha
 Denzer Sauk
 *Depere Brown
 Deronda Polk
 De Soto Vernon
 Detroit Harbor Door
 Devils Lake Sauk
 Dewhurst Clark
 Dexterville Wood
 Diamond Bluff Pierce
 Dickesville Grant
 Dilman Milwaukee
 Dilly Vernon
 Disco Jackson
 Dixon Richland
 Doble Barron
 Dodge Trempealeau
 Judges Corners Waukesha
 *Dodgeville (c. h.) Iowa
 Doelle Buffalo
 Dongola Burnett
 Door Creek Dane
 Doran Burnett
 Dorchester Clark
 Dotyville Fond du Lac
 Douglas Center Marquette
 Doussman Waukesha
 Dover Racine
 Downing Dunn
 Downs Dunn
 Downsville Columbia
 Doylestown Polk
 Dresser Junction Ozaukee
 Druceker Bayfield
 Drummond Iowa
 Drybone Chippewa
 Drywood Brown
 Duckcreek Lincoln
 Dudley Polk
 Dueholm Marinette
 Dunbar Lafayette
 Dunbarton Calumet
 Dundas Fond du Lac
 Dundee Dunn
 Dunsmire Waukesha
 Dup'atville Pepin
 *Durand (c. h.) Waukesha
 Durham Waukesha
 Duvall Kewaunee
 Dyckesville Kewaunee

E.

Eagle Waukesha
 Eaglepoint Chippewa
 Eagle River (c. h.) Vilas
 Eggleton Chippewa
 East Bristol Dane
 East DeLavan Walworth
 East Farmington Polk
 East Gibson Manitowoc
 Eastman Crawford
 Eastota Adams
 East Troy Walworth
 Eastwin Manitowoc

East Wrightstown Brown
 Eaton Manitowoc
 *Eau Claire (c. h.) Eau Claire
 Eau Galle Dunn
 Ebbe Wood
 Ebenezer Jefferson
 Eden Fond du Lac
 Edgar Marathon
 Edgerton Rock
 Edmund Iowa
 Edson Chippewa
 Edwards Sheboygan
 Eggersville Fond du Lac
 Egg Harbor Door
 Eldsvold Clark
 Eldall Burnett
 Elford Shawano
 Eleho Langlade
 Elderon Marathon
 *Elkaderado Fond du Lac
 Eleanor Dodge
 Elgin Trempealeau
 Elera Trempealeau
 Elkeroek Lafayette
 Elkerove Sheboygan
 Elkhart Walworth
 *Elkhorn (c. h.) Dunn
 Elmound Pepin
 Ella Grant
 Ellenboro Portage
 Ellis Door
 Ellison Bay Kewaunee
 Ellisville Pierce
 *Ellsworth (c. h.) Waukesha
 Elmgrove Langlade
 Elmhurst Grant
 Elmo Fond du Lac
 Elmwood Winnebago
 Elo Pierce
 Elpaso Juneau
 Elson Polk
 Elstam Langlade
 Elton Dane
 Elvers Waupaca
 Embarass St. Croix
 Emerald Rock
 Emeraldstone Marathon
 Emmerich Chippewa
 Emmerton Marquette
 Endeavor Bayfield
 Engoe Door
 Ephraim Outagamie
 Erb Sheboygan
 Erdman St. Croix
 Erin Pierce
 Esdaile Vernon
 Esofea Chippewa
 Estella Lafayette
 Etna Trempealeau
 Ettrick Winnebago
 Eureka Kewaunee
 Euren Rock
 *Evansville Richland
 Excelsior Green
 Exeter Green

F.

Fairburn Green Lake
 *Fairchild Eau Claire
 Fairfield Rock
 Fairpay Grant
 Fairwater Fond du Lac
 Fallcreek Eau Claire
 Fallriver Columbia
 Falun Burnett
 Fancher Portage
 Fargo Vernon

Fargoville..... Waushara
 Farmers Grove..... Green
 Farmhill..... Pierce
 Farmington..... Jefferson
 Fayette..... Lafayette
 Fayetteville..... Walworth
 Felows..... Rock
 Fence..... Florence
 Fennimore..... Grant
 Fenwood..... Marathon
 Fern..... Chippewa
 Ferryville..... Crawford
 Fertila..... Marathon
 Fieid..... Price
 Fillmore..... Washington
 Finley..... Juneau
 Finn..... Lincoln
 Fishereek..... Door
 Fisk..... Winnebago
 Fitchburg..... Dane
 Fivepoints..... Richland
 Flambau..... Chippewa
 Flintville..... Brown
 Florence (c. h.)..... Florence
 Floyd..... Dane
 Folsom..... Vernon
 *Fond du Lac (c. h.)..... Fond du Lac
 Fontana..... Walworth
 Fontenoy..... Brown
 Footville..... Rock
 Forest..... St. Croix
 Forest Junction..... Calumet
 Forestville..... Door
 Forks..... Brown
 *Fort Atkinson..... Jefferson
 *Fort Howard (Station, Green Bay)..... Brown
 Forward..... Dane
 Fosbroke..... Dunn
 Foscoo..... Door
 Foss..... Lincoln
 *Fountain City..... Buffalo
 Foxboro..... Douglas
 *Fox Lake..... Dodge
 Fox River..... Kenosha
 Francis Creek..... Manitowoc
 Frank..... Washington
 Franklin..... Sheboygan
 Franksville..... Racine
 Frazer..... Shawano
 Fredonia..... Ozaukee
 Fredonia Station..... Ozaukee
 Freeman..... Crawford
 Freistadt..... Ozaukee
 Fremont..... Waupaca
 Freachville..... Trempealeau
 Freya..... Burnett
 Friendship (c. h.)..... Adams
 Fulton..... Rock
 Fussville..... Waukesha

G.

Gad..... Taylor
 Galesburg..... Shawano
 *Galesville..... Trempealeau
 Gardner..... Door
 Garfield..... Portage
 Garnet..... Fond du Lac
 Gays Mills..... Crawford
 Genesee..... Waukesha
 Genesee Depot..... Waukesha
 Genoa..... Vernon
 Genoa Junction..... Walworth
 Georgetown..... Grant
 Gerald..... Bayfield
 Germvina..... Marquette
 Germantown..... Juneau
 Gibbsville..... Sheboygan
 Gibson..... Dodge
 Gile..... Iron

Gillette..... Oconto
 Gillingham..... Richland
 Gilmartown..... Buffalo
 Glasgow..... Trempealeau
 Glen..... Adams
 Glenbulah..... Sheboygan
 Glencoe..... Buffalo
 Glendale..... Monroe
 Glenora..... Chippewa
 Glendon..... Grant
 *Glenwood..... Polk
 Glidden..... St. Croix
 Globe..... Ashland
 Golden Lake..... Clark
 Goll..... Waukesha
 Gordon..... Marinette
 Gouda..... Douglas
 Gracysport..... Lincoln
 Grafton..... Door
 Graham..... Ozaukee
 Grandmarsh..... Fond du Lac
 *Grand Rapids (c. h.)..... Adams
 Granite Heights..... Marathon
 Grant..... Dunn
 Granton..... Clark
 *Grantsburg (c. h.)..... Burnett
 Granville..... Milwaukee
 Granville Center..... Milwaukee
 Gratiot..... Lafayette
 Grattan..... Barron
 Gravesville..... Calumet
 Graytown..... Dunn
 *Green Bay (c. h.)..... Brown
 Station *A Fort Howard..... Brown
 Greenbush..... Sheboygan
 Green Lake..... Green Lake
 Greenleaf..... Brown
 Greenstreet..... Manitowoc
 Greenville..... Outagamie
 Greenwood..... Clark
 Gregor..... Kewaunee
 Grellton..... Jefferson
 Gresham..... Shawano
 Griffia..... Buffalo
 Grimms..... Manitowoc
 Grosse..... Oconto
 Grover..... Marquette
 Gurney..... Iron
 Guthrie..... Waukesha

H.

Hadleyville..... Eau Claire
 Hadlock..... Adams
 Hager City..... Pierce
 Hainesville..... Door
 Halcyon..... Jackson
 Halder..... Marathon
 Hale..... Trempealeau
 Hales Corners..... Milwaukee
 Halway..... Taylor
 Hamburg..... Marathon
 Hamilton..... Fond du Lac
 Hamlin..... Burnett
 Hammond..... St. Croix
 Hancock..... Waushara
 Haney..... Crawford
 Hanover..... Rock
 Hansen..... Wood
 Harmony..... Vernon
 Harrisville..... Marquette
 Harshaw..... Oneida
 *Hartford..... Washington
 Hartland..... Waukesha
 Hartman..... Columbia
 Harvey..... Jefferson
 Hatchville..... Dunn
 Hatfield..... Jackson

Hatley.....Marathon
 Hatton.....Waupaca
Haugen.....Barron
 Haven.....Sheboygan
Hawkins.....Chippewa
Hawthorne.....Douglas
 Hayes.....Oconto
Hayton.....Calumet
**Hayward (c. h.)*.....Sawyer
 Hazelgreen.....Grant
**Hazelhurst*.....Oneida
 Hazelhurst Junction.....Oneida
 Heaford.....Lincoln
 Heart Prairie.....Walworth
 Hebard.....Oneida
 Hebal.....Brown
Hebron.....Jefferson
 Hegehog.....Door
 Heelyton.....Milwaukee
 Hegg.....Trempealeau
 Helbig.....Polk
 Helena.....Outagamie
Helenville.....Jefferson
 Heller.....Lincoln
 Henlock.....Clark
 Hempel.....St. Croix
 Henrietta.....Richland
 Henrysville.....Brown
 Herjort.....Pierce
 Herman.....Dodge
 Hermansfort.....Shawano
 Herold.....Buffalo
Hersey.....St. Croix
 Hertel.....Burnette
Hetzl.....Portage
 Hewitt.....Wood
 Hickory.....Oconto
 Highbridge.....Ashland
 Hitchcliff.....Calumet
Hiland.....Iowa
Hika.....Manitowoc
Hibert.....Calumet
 Hilburn.....Walworth
 Hilta.....Shawano
Hillsboro.....Vernon
 Hillsdale.....Barron
Hillside.....Iowa
Hingham.....Sheboygan
 Hintz.....Oconto
Hixon.....Jackson
Howard.....Sheboygan
 Hochheim.....Dodge
 Hofa Park.....Shawano
 Hogarty.....Marathon
 Holland.....Brown
Hollandale.....Iowa
 Hollidays Mill.....Adams
Homen.....La Crosse
 Holsted.....Chippewa
 Holt.....Marathon
 Holycross.....Ozaukee
 Holyhill.....Washington
Honey Creek.....Walworth
 Hope.....Dane
**Horicon*.....Dodge
 Horns Corners.....Ozaukee
 Horseman.....Barron
Hortonville.....Outagamie
 Houghton.....Bayfield
 Houlton.....St. Croix
 Howard.....Sheboygan
 Howe.....Barron
Hubbizon.....Jefferson
 Hub City.....Richland
 Hubertus.....Washington
**Hudson (c. h.)*.....St. Croix
 Hullsburg.....Dodge
 Hull.....Portage
Humbird.....Clark
 Hunting.....Shawano

Hurlbut.....Crawford
**Hurley (c. h.)*.....Iron
 Huron.....Chippewa
 Hurricane.....Grant
 Husher.....Racine
Hustiford.....Dodge
Hustler.....Juneau
 Hyde.....Iowa

I.

Iduna.....Trempealeau
Independence.....Trempealeau
 Ingram.....Chippewa
 Inlet.....St. Croix
 Institute.....Door
 Interwald.....Taylor
Iola.....Waupaca
 Ispwich.....Lafayette
 Irma.....Lincoln
Ironbell.....Iron
 Iron Mountain.....Dodge
Ironridge.....Dodge
Iron River.....Bayfield
Ironton.....Sauk
 Irving.....Jackson
 Irvington.....Dunn
 Island Lake.....Chippewa
Iasca.....Douglas
Ithaca.....Richland
 Ivesgrove.....Racine
Ixonia.....Jefferson

J.

Jackson.....Washington
Jacksonport.....Door
 Jacobsville.....Walworth
 Jamestown.....Grant
**Jamesville (c. h.)*.....Rock
 Jeddo.....Marquette
**Jefferson (c. h.)*.....Jefferson
 Jefferson Junction.....Jefferson
 Jeffries.....Lincoln
 Jennings.....Oneida
 Jensen.....Polk
Jericho.....Calumet
 Jerpen.....Manitowoc
 Jewett.....St. Croix
 Joel.....Polk
 Johnsbury.....Fond du Lac
 Johnson.....Marathon
Johnson Creek.....Jefferson
 Johnsonville.....Sheboygan
 Johnstown.....Rock
Johnstown Center.....Rock
 Jonesdale.....Iowa
 Jordan.....Green
**Juda*.....Green
Junction.....Portage
**Juneau (c. h.)*.....Dodge
 Justin.....Taylor

K.

Kansasville.....Racine
 Karlsborg.....Burnett
 Kasson.....Manitowoc
**Kaukauna*.....Outagamie
 Keegan.....Oconto
Keene.....Portage
Kekoskee.....Dodge
 Kelley.....Marathon
 Kelleybrook.....Oconto
Kellnersville.....Manitowoc
 Kendall.....Monroe

<i>Kennan</i>	Price	Lauderdale.....	Walworth
* <i>Kenosha</i> (c. h.).....	Kenosha	<i>Lavalle</i>	Sauk
<i>Kent</i>	Langlade	Lawrenceville.....	Outagamie
<i>Keowas</i>	Washington	Lawton.....	Pierce
<i>Keshena</i>	Shawano	Leadmine.....	Lafayette
<i>Kewaskum</i>	Washington	Lebanon.....	Dodge
* <i>Kewaunee</i> (c. h.).....	Kewaunee	Leclair.....	Douglas
<i>Keyser</i>	Columbia	Ledgeville.....	Brown
<i>Keyesville</i>	Richland	Lee.....	Jackson
<i>Keystone</i>	Chippewa	<i>Leeman</i>	Outagamie
<i>Kickbush</i>	Lincoln	Lehigh.....	Barron
<i>Kiel</i>	Manitowoc	Leland.....	Sauk
<i>Kieler</i>	Grant	<i>Lena</i>	Oconto
<i>Kiburn</i>	Columbia	Leola.....	Adams
<i>Kilburnville</i>	Racine	<i>Leon</i>	Monroe
<i>Kimbal</i>	Iron	Leonard.....	Bayfield
<i>Kimberley</i>	Outagamie	Leopolis.....	Shawano
<i>Kingbrids</i>	Manitowoc	Leroy.....	Dodge
<i>Kings Corners</i>	Sauk	Leslie.....	Lafayette
<i>Kingston</i>	Green Lake	Levee.....	Columbia
<i>Kintley</i>	Buffalo	<i>Levis</i>	Jackson
<i>Kitwood</i>	Fond du Lac	Lewiston.....	Columbia
<i>Kirby</i>	Monroe	Leyden.....	Rock
<i>Kirchayn</i>	Washington	Liberty.....	Vernon
<i>Kirkland</i>	Sauk	Libertybluff.....	Marquette
<i>Klensville</i>	Dane	Libertypole.....	Vernon
<i>Klondike</i>	Milwaukee	Libertyridge.....	Grant
<i>Knapp</i>	Dunn	Liddell.....	Chippewa
<i>Kneeland</i>	Racine	Lily.....	Langlade
<i>Knoules</i>	Dodge	<i>Lima Center</i>	Rock
<i>Knoutton</i>	Marathon	<i>Limeridge</i>	Sauk
<i>Knox Mills</i>	Price	Lincoln.....	Kewaunee
<i>Kodan</i>	Kewaunee	Lind.....	Waupaca
<i>Koepenick</i>	Langlade	<i>Linden</i>	Iowa
<i>Kohler</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Lindsey</i>	Wood
<i>Kohlsville</i>	Washington	<i>Linton</i>	Walworth
<i>Kolberg</i>	Door	Linwood.....	Racine
<i>Korna</i>	Pierce	Linzbrook.....	Oconto
<i>Korb</i>	Winnebago	Littleblack.....	Taylor
<i>Koshkonong</i>	Rock	<i>Littlechute</i>	Outagamie
<i>Krakow</i>	Shawano	<i>Littlefalls</i>	Polk
<i>Krok</i>	Kewaunee	Little Prairie.....	Walworth
<i>Kruger</i>	Burnett	Little Rapids.....	Brown
<i>Kuensch</i>	Brown	Little Sturgeon.....	Door
		Littlewolf.....	Waupaca
		<i>Livngston</i>	Grant
		<i>Lochel</i>	Dunn
		* <i>Lodi</i>	Columbia
		Logan.....	Oconto
		<i>Loganville</i>	Sauk
		<i>Lomira</i>	Dodge
		<i>London</i>	Dane
		<i>Lonepine</i>	Portage
		<i>Lonsrock</i>	Richland
		<i>Longwood</i>	Clark
		Lookout.....	Buffalo
		Lorraine.....	Polk
		Loreto.....	Sauk
		Lostcreek.....	Pierce
		Lostlake.....	Dodge
		Louisburg.....	Grant
		Louis Corners.....	Manitowoc
		Loveland.....	Barron
		<i>Lowell</i>	Dodge
		Lowerbush.....	Marquette
		<i>Loyal</i>	Clark
		<i>Lloyd</i>	Richland
		Lucas.....	Dunn
		<i>Luck</i>	Polk
		Luddington.....	Eau Claire
		Lund.....	Pierce
		Luxemburg.....	Kewaunee
		Lykens.....	Polk
		Lyman.....	Walworth
		Lynch.....	Taylor
		<i>Lyndon Station</i>	Juneau
		Lynn.....	Clark
		<i>Lynxville</i>	Crawford
		<i>Lyons</i>	Walworth
		Lytles.....	La Crosse

L.

Lac du Flambeau..... Vilas

*La Crosse (c. h.)..... La Crosse

Sub-Stations.

(No. 1, NORTH SIDE.)

Ladoga..... Fond du Lac

Ladysmith..... Chippewa

Lafarge..... Vernon

Lagrange..... Walworth

Lake Beulah..... Walworth

Lake Church..... Ozaukee

Lakefive..... Washington

Lake Geneva..... Walworth

*Lakemills..... Jefferson

Lake Nebagmain..... Douglas

Lakeside..... Adams

Lakeview..... Dane

Lakeville..... Chippewa

Lakewood..... Oconto

Lamar..... Polk

Lamartine..... Fond du Lac

Lamberton..... Racine

Lamont..... Lafayette

*Lancaster (c. h.)..... Grant

Landstad..... Shawano

Laney..... Shawano

Langes..... Brown

Langlade..... Langlade

Limon..... Waukesha

Laona..... Forest

Lapointe..... Ashland

Lark..... Brown

Lara bee..... Manitowoc

Larsen..... Winnebago

Latto..... Iowa

M.

McAllister.....	Marinette
McCartney.....	Grant
McCord.....	Oneida
McDill.....	Portage
McMillan.....	Marathon
MacFarland.....	Dane
Mackville.....	Outagamie
Madge.....	Washburn
*Madison (c. h.).....	Dane
Magnolia.....	Rock
Maiden Rock.....	Pierce
Malone.....	Fond du Lac
Manawa.....	Waupaca
Manchesfer.....	Green Lake
Manitowish.....	Iron
*Manitowoc (c. h.).....	Manitowoc
Maple.....	Douglas
Maple Grove.....	Manitowoc
Mapleton.....	Waukesha
Maple Valley.....	Oconto
Maplewood.....	Door
Marathon.....	Marathon
Marble.....	Waupaca
Marblehead.....	Fond du Lac
Marcellon.....	Columbia
March.....	Marathon
Marcy.....	Waukesha
Marengo.....	Ashland
*Marinette (c. h.).....	Marinette
Marion.....	Waupaca
*Markesan.....	Green Lake
Markton.....	Langlade
Marquette.....	Green Lake
Mars.....	Adams
Marshall.....	Dane
*Marshfield.....	Wood
Marshland.....	Buffalo
Marshville.....	Dodge
Marvell.....	Pierce
Martin.....	Chippewa
Martinsville.....	Dane
Martintown.....	Green
Marxville.....	Dane
Marytown.....	Fond du Lac
Mason.....	Bayfield
Mather.....	Juneau
Mattoon.....	Shawano
*Mauson (c. h.).....	Juneau
May.....	Burnett
Mayfield.....	Washington
Mayhew.....	Walworth
Mayking.....	Langlade
*Mayville.....	Dodge
*Mazomanie.....	Dane
Meadow Valley.....	Juneau
*Medford (c. h.).....	Taylor
Medina.....	Outagamie
Meehan.....	Portage
Meeker.....	Washington
Meekers Grove.....	Lafayette
Meeme.....	Manitowoc
Meggors.....	Manitowoc
Mellen.....	Ashland
Melnik.....	Manitowoc
Melrose.....	Jackson
Melvina.....	Monroe
*Menasha.....	Winnebago
Menchalville.....	Manitowoc
Mendota.....	Dane
*Menkavnee.....	Marinette
*Menomonee Falls.....	Waukesha
*Menomonee (c. h.).....	Dunn
Mequon.....	Ozaukee
Mercer.....	Iron
Meridian.....	Dunn
*Merrill (c. h.).....	Lincoln
Merriman.....	Jackson

Merrimack.....	Sauk
Merton.....	Waukesha
Metomen.....	Fond du Lac
Metz.....	Winnebago
Middlebury.....	Iowa
Middle Inlet.....	Marinette
Middleton.....	Dane
Midway.....	La Crosse
Mifflin.....	Iowa
Millford.....	Jefferson
Milladore.....	Wood
Millard.....	Walworth
Millcreek.....	Richland
Millet.....	Crawford
Millhome.....	Manitowoc
Mills.....	Washburn
Mills Center.....	Brown
Milton.....	Jackson
Milltown.....	Polk
Millville.....	Grant
Milton.....	Rock
Milton Junction.....	Rock
*Milwaukee (c. h.).....	Milwaukee

Stations.

- *A. (South Side), 316-18 Reed Street.
- *B. (Northwest), 1122-24 Walnut Street.
- *C. 744 Third Street.
- *D. (Bay View.)
- *E. (Williamsburg.)

Sub-Stations.

- No. 1, 109 Grand Avenue.
- No. 2, 496 Murray Avenue.
- No. 3, 1112 Teutonia Avenue.
- No. 4, 2628 North Avenue.
- No. 5, 2629 Grand Avenue.
- No. 6, 420-11th Avenue.
- No. 7, 452 Mitchell Street.
- No. 8, 1327 National Avenue.
- No. 9, cor. East Water & Biddle.
- No. 10, 1099-3d Street.
- No. 11, 38th Street & St. Paul Avenue.

Mindoro.....	La Crosse
Miner.....	Juneau
*Mineral Point.....	Iowa
Minnesota Junction.....	Dodge
Minocqua.....	Vilas
Minong.....	Washburn
Mireau.....	Barron
Misha Mokwa.....	Buffalo
Mishicott.....	Manitowoc
Mission.....	Outagamie
Mitchell.....	Fond du Lac
Madena.....	Buffalo
Moenville.....	Pierce
Monches.....	Waukesha
*Mondovi.....	Buffalo
Monico.....	Oneida
*Monroe (c. h.).....	Green
Monroe Center.....	Adams
Montana.....	Buffalo
*Montello (c. h.).....	Marquette
Monterey.....	Waukesha
Montfort.....	Grant
Monticello.....	Green
Moon.....	Marathon
Morgan.....	Oconto
Morley.....	Langlade
Morris.....	Shawano
Morrison.....	Brown
Morrisonville.....	Dane
Moscow.....	Iowa
Mosel.....	Sheboygan
Mosinee.....	Marathon
Mosling.....	Oconto
Moundville.....	Marquette

<i>Mountain</i>	Oconto
<i>Mount Calvary</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Mount Hope</i>	Grant
<i>Mount Horeb</i>	Dane
<i>Mount Ida</i>	Grant
<i>Mount Morris</i>	Waushara
<i>Mount Sterling</i>	Crawford
<i>Mount Taber</i>	Vernon
<i>Mount Vernon</i>	Dane
<i>Mukwonago</i>	Waukesha
<i>Muncie</i>	Vernon
<i>Murray</i>	Chippewa
* <i>Muscocia</i>	Grant
<i>Muskego</i>	Waukesha
<i>Myra</i>	Marathon
<i>Myra</i>	Washington

N.

<i>Nabob</i>	Washington
<i>Namekagon</i>	Washburn
<i>Namur</i>	Door
<i>Nash</i>	Bayfield
<i>Nashotah</i>	Waukesha
<i>National Home</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Naugart</i>	Marathon
<i>Navan</i>	Jefferson
* <i>Needah</i>	Juneau
* <i>Neenah</i>	Winnebago
* <i>Neilsville (c. h.)</i>	Clark
<i>Neith</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Nekoosa</i>	Wood
<i>Nelson</i>	Buffalo
<i>Nelsonville</i>	Portage
<i>Neno</i>	Washington
<i>Neosho</i>	Dodge
<i>Neptune</i>	Richland
<i>Nero</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Neshkoro</i>	Marquette
<i>Neuern</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Nevins</i>	Clark
<i>New Amsterdam</i>	La Crosse
<i>Newark</i>	Rock
<i>New Berlin</i>	Waukesha
<i>Newburg</i>	Washington
<i>Newcassel</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>New Centerville</i>	St. Croix
<i>New Coeln</i>	Milwaukee
<i>New Diggings</i>	Lafayette
<i>Newfane</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>New Franken</i>	Brown
<i>New Glarus</i>	Green
<i>New Holstein</i>	Calumet
<i>New Hope</i>	Portage
* <i>New Lisbon</i>	Juneau
* <i>New London</i>	Waupaca
<i>New Munster</i>	Kenosha
<i>Newport</i>	Door
<i>New Prospect</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>New Richmond</i>	St. Croix
<i>New Rome</i>	Adams
<i>Newry</i>	Vernon
<i>Newton</i>	Vernon
<i>Newtonburg</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Niagara</i>	Marinette
<i>Nicholson</i>	Waupaca
<i>Neibull</i>	Adams
<i>Niles</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Nixcorner</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Notleton</i>	Washburn
<i>Nora</i>	Dane
<i>Norman</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Norrt</i>	Marathon
<i>Norseville</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Norske</i>	Waupaca
<i>North Andover</i>	Grant
<i>Northbend</i>	Jackson
<i>North Bloomfield</i>	Walworth
<i>Northbranch</i>	Jackson

<i>North Bristol</i>	Dane
<i>Northcape</i>	Racine
<i>North Clayton</i>	Crawford
<i>North Crandon</i>	Forest
<i>Northem</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Northfield</i>	Jackson
<i>North Freedom</i>	Sauk
<i>North Greenfield</i>	Milwaukee
<i>North Hudson</i>	St. Croix
<i>Northlake</i>	Waukesha
<i>Northland</i>	Waupaca
<i>North Leeds</i>	Columbia
<i>North Menomonic</i>	Dunn
<i>North Milwaukee</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Northport</i>	Waupaca
<i>North Prairie</i>	Waukesha
<i>North Valley</i>	Polk
<i>Norwalk</i>	Monroe
<i>Norwaygrove</i>	Dane
<i>Norway Ridge</i>	Monroe
<i>Nowell</i>	Waupaca
<i>Nutt</i>	Douglas
<i>Nutterville</i>	Marathon
<i>Nye</i>	Polk

O.

<i>Oak Center</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Oakdale</i>	Monroe
<i>Oakfield</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Oakgrove</i>	Dodge
<i>Oakhill</i>	Jefferson
<i>Oakland</i>	Burnett
<i>Oakley</i>	Green
<i>Oaks</i>	Sauk
<i>Oakwood</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Oasis</i>	Waushara
* <i>Oconomowoc</i>	Waukesha
* <i>Oconto (c. h.)</i>	Oconto
<i>Oconto Falls</i>	Oconto
<i>Odanah</i>	Ashland
<i>Ogdensburg</i>	Waupaca
<i>Ogema</i>	Pric
<i>Oil City</i>	Monroe
<i>Okauchie</i>	Waukesha
<i>Okee</i>	Columbia
<i>Oleson</i>	Taylor
<i>Olivet</i>	Pierce
<i>Omro</i>	Winnebago
<i>Onataska</i>	La Crosse
<i>Oneida</i>	Brown
<i>Ono</i>	Pierce
<i>Ontario</i>	Vernon
<i>Oostburg</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Orange</i>	Burnett
* <i>Oregon</i>	Dane
<i>Orfordville</i>	Rock
<i>Oriente</i>	Bayfield
<i>Orihula</i>	Winnebago
<i>Oseola</i>	Polk
* <i>Oshkosh (c. h.)</i>	Winnebago
<i>Oshkosh, Sub. Sta. No. 1</i>	
<i>Oslo</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Osman</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Oseo</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Otjen</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Otsego</i>	Columbia
<i>Ottawa</i>	Waukesha
<i>Ottercreek</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Otterville</i>	Vernon
<i>Owen</i>	Clark
<i>Oxford</i>	Marquette

P.

<i>Packwaukee</i>	Marquette
<i>Palmer</i>	St. Croix
* <i>Palmyra</i>	Jefferson
<i>Paoli</i>	Dane

Pardeeville Columbia
Paris Kenosha
Parkfalls Price
Parnell Sheboygan
Parrish Langlade
**Paskin* Barron
Patchgrove Grant
Patterson Polk
Paulson Chippewa
Paynesville Milwaukee
Pearson Langlade
Peculiar Dane
Peebles Fond du Lac
Pelicanlake Oneida
Pella Shawano
Pembine Marinette
Pence Iron
Pennington Price
Pensaukee Oconto
**Peppin* Pepin
Perida Burnett
Perkinstown Taylor
Perley Barron
Perry Dane
Peru Portage
**Peshigo* Marinette
Petersburg Crawford
Pewaukee Waukesha
Pheasantbranch Dane
**Phillips (c. h.)* Price
Phlox Langlade
Pickett Winnebago
Pigeonfalls Trempealeau
Pikelake Marathon
Pilot Knob Adams
Pilsen Kewaunee
Pinebluff Dane
Pinegrove Brown
Pinehill Jackson
Pineknob Iowa
Pine River Waushara
Pineville Polk
Pipersville Jefferson
Pittsfield Brown
Pittsville Wood
Pius Sheboygan
Plain Sauk
Plainfield Waushara
Plainville Adams
Platt Washington
**Platteville* Grant
Pleasant Prairie Kenosha
Pleasant Ridge Clark
Pleasant Valley St. Croix
Plover Portage
Plum City Pierce
Plummet Iron
**Plymouth* Sheboygan
Pointbluff Adams
Poland Brown
Polar Langlade
Polk Green
Polonia Portage
Poniatowski Marathon
Poplar Douglas
Porcupine Pepin
**Portage (c. h.)* Columbia
Port Edwards Wood
Porter Walworth
Porterfield Marinette
Porters Mills Eau Claire
Port Hope Columbia
Portland Monroe
**Port Washington (c. h.)* Ozaukee
Portwing Bayfield
Postlake Langlade
**Potosi* Grant
Potter Calumet
Pound Marinette
Powell Iowa

Powers Lake Kenosha
Poygan Winnebago
Poynette Columbia
Poyssippi Waushara
Prag Buffalo
**Prairie du Chien (c. h.)* Crawford
Prairie du Sac Sauk
Prairie Farm Barron
Pratt Bayfield
Pratt Junction Oneida
Pray Jackson
**Prentice* Price
Prescott Pierce
Preston Grant
Price Jackson
Princeton Green Lake
Prion Fond du Lac
Progress Wood
Prospect Waukesha
Pulaski Shawano
Pulcifer Shawano
Purdy Vernon

Q.

Quarry Manitowoc
Quincy Adams

R.

**Racine (c. h.)* Racine
*Independent Station (*Racine Junction)*
Sub-station No. 1, 1145 State St. Racine
Radisson Columbia
Ralph Clark
Randall Burnett
**Randolph* Dodge
Random Lake Sheboygan
Range Polk
Rangeline Manitowoc
Rankin Kewaunee
Ranney Kenosha
Ranyard Iowa
Rapids Manitowoc
Rapp Monroe
Rath Bayfield
Rathbun Sheboygan
Raymond Racine
Reedfield Waupaca
Reedstown Vernon
Reams Waupaca
Redcedar Dunn
Redcliff Bayfield
Redgranite Waushara
Redmond Vernon
Redrock Lafayette
Red Crawford
**Reedsburg* Sauk
Reedsville Manitowoc
Reeseville Dodge
Reeve Barron
Regina Shawano
Regli Buffalo
Reif Manitowoc
Reserve Sawyer
Rest Vernon
Retreat Vernon
Rewey Iowa
Rhine Sheboygan
**Rhinelander (c. h.)* Oneida
Rib Falls Marathon
Rib Lake Taylor
**Rice Lake* Barron
Richardson Polk
Richfield Washington
Richford Waushara
**Richland Center (c. h.)* Richland
Richland City Richland

Richmond	Walworth	Salter	Washington
Richwood	Dodge	Sampson	Oconto
Ridgeland	Dunn	Sams	Taylor
Ridgeway	Iowa	Sanborn	Ashland
Riley	Dane	Sandcreek	Dunn
Ring	Winnebago	Sandlake	Polk
Ringle	Marathon	Sandusky	Sauk
Rio	Columbia	Sandybay	Kewaunee
Rio Creek	Kewaunee	Saratoga	Wood
*Ripon	Fond du Lac	Sarona	Washburn
Risingsun	Crawford	*Sauk City	Sauk
*River Falls	Pierce	Saukville	Ozaukee
Riverside	Shawano	*Sawyer	Door
Riverview	Chippewa	Saxeville	Waushara
Roaringcreek	Jackson	Saxon	Iron
Robbins	Onesida	Sayner	Vilas
Robinson	Walworth	Scandinavia	Waupaca
Roberts	St. Croix	Schiller	Brown
Roche a Cri	Adams	Schleisingerville	Washington
Rochester	Racine	Schleswig	Manitowoc
Rockbridge	Richland	Schofield	Marathon
Rockdale	Dane	Schoolhill	Manitowoc
Rockelm	Pierce	Schultz	Green
Rockfalls	Dunn	Scott	Sheboygan
Rockfield	Washington	Schlerville	Jackson
Rockland	La Crosse	Seneca	Crawford
Rockmount	Douglas	Sevastopol	Door
Rock Prairie	Rock	Sextonville	Richland
Rockton	Vernon	*Seymour	Outagamie
Rockville	Grant	Shamrock	Jackson
Rodney	Waushara	Shantytown	Marathon
Rogersville	Fond du Lac	Sharon	Walworth
Rolling Prairie	Dodge	Shaw	Eau Claire
Rome	Jefferson	*Shawano (c. h.)	Shawano
Rootcreek	Milwaukee	*Sheboygan (c. h.)	Sheboygan
Rosecrans	Manitowoc	Sho'boygan Falls	Sheboygan
Roselawn	Shawano	*Shell Lake (c. h.)	Washburn
Rosendale	Fond du Lac	Shennington	Monroe
Rosholt	Portage	Sheridon	Waupaca
Rosiere	Kewaunee	Sherman	Portage
Roslin	Marquette	Sherry	Wood
Ross	Vernon	Sherwood	Calumet
Rostok	Kewaunee	Shiocton	Outagamie
Rowleys Bay	Door	Shirley	Brown
Roxbury	Dane	Shopiere	Rock
Royalton	Waupaca	Shoto	Manitowoc
Rozellville	Marathon	Shortville	Clark
Rube	Manitowoc	*Shullsburg	Lafayette
Rubicon	Dodge	Silica	Fond du Lac
Rudolph	Wood	Silvercreek	Sheboygan
Rural	Waupaca	Silverlake	Kenosha
Rush Lake	Winnebago	Silverspring	Milwaukee
Rushville	Racine	Sinsinawa	Grant
Rusk	Dunn	Sioska	Barron
Russell	Trempealeau	Siren	Burnett
Rutland	Dane	Sister Bay	Door
Ryan	Kewaunee	Slades Corners	Kenosha
		Slovan	Kewaunee
		Smith	Milwaukee
		Smithton	Rock
		Sniderville	Outagamie
		Sobieski	Oconto
		Soldiers Grove	Crawford
		Solon Springs	Douglas
		Somers	Kenosha
		Somerset	St. Croix
		Somo	Lincoln
		South Byron	Fond du Lac
		South Farmington	Polk
		South Germantown	Washington
		South Kaukauna	Outagamie
		*South Milwaukee	Milwaukee
		South Osborn	Outagamie
		South Range	Douglas
		(* South Side) Station #1	Milwaukee
		*South Superior	Douglas
		South Wayne	Lafayette
		*Sparta (c. h.)	Monroe
		Spencer	Marathon
		Spider	Bayfield
Sabin	Richland		
Sagole	Outagamie		
Saint Anna	Sheboygan		
Saint Cloud	Fond du Lac		
Saint Croix Falls	Polk		
Saint Francis	Milwaukee		
Saint George	Sheboygan		
Saint John	Calumet		
Saint Joseph	La Crosse		
Saint Kilian	Fond du Lac		
Saint Lawrence	Washington		
Saint Martins	Milwaukee		
Saint Marys	Monroe		
Saint Michaels	Washington		
Saint Nazianz	Manitowoc		
Saint Peter	Fond du Lac		
Saint Wendel	Manitowoc		
Salem	Kenosha		
Satona	Door		

S.

Spirit Price
 Spirit Falls Lincoln
 Splitrock Shawano
 Spokeville Clark
 Spooner Washburn
 Springbluff Adams
 Springcreek Adams
 Springfield Walworth
 Springfield Corners Dane
 Springgreen Sauk
 Springlake Waushara
 Spring Prairie Walworth
 Springvalley Pierce
 Springville Vernon
 Springwater Waushara
 Spruce Oconto
 Staadt Marathon
 Standart Iowa
 Stangelville Kewaunee
 *Stanley Chippewa
 Stanton St. Croix
 Star Vernon
 Stargard Milwaukee
 Stark Manitowoc
 Starlake Vilas
 Star Prairie St. Croix
 Staseline Vilas
 Stearns Green
 Stebbinsville Rock
 Steintal Manitowoc
 Stephensville Outagamie
 Stetsonville Taylor
 Stettin Marathon
 Steuben Crawford
 Stevensons Pier Door
 *Stevens Point (c. h.) Portage
 Stevenstown La Crosse
 Stewart Green
 Stiles Oconto
 Stinson Outagamie
 Stützer Grant
 *Stockbridge Calumet
 *Stockholm Pepin
 Stockton Portage
 Stoddard Vernon
 Stokes Door
 Stone Dane
 Stonebank Waukesha
 Stoops Dunn
 Story Dane
 *Stoughton Dane
 Stowell Monroe
 Strand Oconto
 Stratford Marathon
 Strongs Prairie Adams
 Strum Trempealeau
 *Sturgeon Bay (c. h.) Door
 Suamico Brown
 Sugar Bush Outagamie
 Sugar Grove Vernon
 Suldal Juneau
 Sullivan Jefferson
 Summit Lake LaGlade
 Summer Jefferson
 Sun Prairie Dane
 Sunset Marathon
 *Superior (c. h.) Douglas
 Suring Oconto
 Sussex Waukesha
 Swan Marathon
 Swiss Burnett
 Syene Dane
 Sylvan Richland
 Sylvania Racine
 Symco Waupaca

T.

Taegesville Marathon
 Tamarack Trempealeau

Tarrant Pepin
 Taus Manitowoc
 Tavera Richland
 Taycheedah Fond du Lac
 Taylor Jackson
 Tell Buffalo
 Templeton Waukesha
 Terrill Waushara
 Tess Corners Waukesha
 Theisen Buffalo
 Theresa Dodge
 Thiensville Osaukee
 Thiry Daems Kewaunee
 Thompson Washington
 Thompsonville Racine
 Thorp Clark
 Three Lakes Oneida
 Thurman Columbia
 Tibbets Walworth
 Tiffany Rock
 *Tigerton Shawano
 Tilleda Shawano
 Timberland Burnett
 Timme Oconto
 Timothy Manitowoc
 Tioga Clark
 Tischigan Racine
 Tisch Mills Manitowoc
 Token Dane
 *Tomah Monroe
 Tomahawk Lincoln
 Tomahawk Lake Oneida
 Tonet Kewaunee
 Tonnar Dunn
 Tony Chippewa
 Tornado Door
 Torun Portage
 Towerville Crawford
 Towne Portage
 Tradelake Burnett
 Trade River Burnett
 Tramway Dunn
 Trempealeau Trempealeau
 Trevo Kenosha
 Trim Belle Pierce
 Trippville Vernon
 Troy Walworth
 Troy Center Walworth
 Truesdell Kenosha
 Truman Lafayette
 Tunnel City Monroe
 Turtle Lake Barron
 Tustin Waushara
 Twinbuffs Richland
 Twingrove Green
 Twinlakes Kenosha
 *Two Rivers Manitowoc
 Tyrone Green

U.

Ubet Polk
 Ula Green
 Elysses Barron
 Underhill Oconto
 Union Rock
 Union Center Juneau
 Union Church Racine
 Uniongrove Racine
 Union Mills Iowa
 Unity Marathon
 Upson Iron
 Urne Buffalo
 Urquhart Taylor
 Utica Dane
 Utley Green Lake

V.

Valders Manitowoc
 Vale Chippewa
 Valley Vernon
 Valley Junction Monroe

<i>Falmj</i>	Door
<i>Fallon</i>	Sauk
<i>Vaudriessen</i>	Adams
<i>Vance</i>	Dunn
<i>Vandyme</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Vaughn</i>	Langlade
<i>Veefkind</i>	Clark
<i>Velp</i>	Brown
<i>Vernon</i>	Waukesha
<i>Feron</i>	Dane
<i>Vesper</i>	Wood
<i>Veteran</i>	Burnett
<i>Victory</i>	Vernon
<i>Vienna</i>	Walworth
<i>Vignes</i>	Door
<i>Viking</i>	Pierce
<i>Vilas</i>	Dane
<i>Viota</i>	Richland
* <i>Viroqua (c. h.)</i>	Vernon
<i>Volga</i>	Polk
<i>Voseville</i>	Door

W.

<i>Wabeno</i>	Forest
<i>Wagner</i>	Marinette
<i>Wagon Landing</i>	Polk
<i>Waino</i>	Douglas
<i>Waldo</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Waldwick</i>	Iowa
<i>Wales</i>	Waukesha
<i>Wallhain</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Wallace</i>	Sawyer
<i>Walworth</i>	Walworth
<i>Warrens</i>	Monroe
* <i>Washburn (c. h.)</i>	Bayfield
<i>Washington Harbor</i>	Door
<i>Waterford</i>	Racine
* <i>Waterloo</i>	Jefferson
* <i>Watertown</i>	Jefferson
<i>Waterville</i>	Waukesha
<i>Waubeek</i>	Dunn
<i>Waucousta</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Waukau</i>	Winnebago
* <i>Waukesha (c. h.)</i>	Waukesha
<i>Waumandee</i>	Buffalo
<i>Wauwaukee</i>	Dane
* <i>Waupaca (c. h.)</i>	Waupaca
* <i>Waupun</i>	Fond du Lac
* <i>Wausau (c. h.)</i>	Marathon
* <i>Wausaukee</i>	Marinette
<i>Wausemon</i>	Green
<i>Wautoma (c. h.)</i>	Waukhara
* <i>Wauwatosa</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Wauzeka</i>	Crawford
<i>Waverly</i>	Pierce
<i>Wayne</i>	Washington
<i>Wayside</i>	Brown
<i>Weber</i>	Marathon
<i>Webster</i>	Burnett
<i>Wein</i>	Marathon
<i>Weiner</i>	Jefferson
<i>Welcome</i>	Outagamie
<i>Welhaven</i>	Shawano
<i>Wells</i>	Calumet
<i>Wentworth</i>	Douglas
<i>Wequiock</i>	Brown
<i>Werley</i>	Grant
* <i>West Bend (c. h.)</i>	Washington
<i>West Bloomfield</i>	Waukhara
<i>Westboro</i>	Taylor
<i>Westby</i>	Vernon
<i>West Denmark</i>	Polk
<i>West Depere</i>	Brown
<i>Western Union</i>	Racine
* <i>Westfield</i>	Marquette
<i>West Granville</i>	Milwaukee
<i>West Lima</i>	Richland
<i>Weston</i>	Dunn
<i>West Prairie</i>	Vernon
<i>West Rosendale</i>	Fond du Lac

<i>West Salem</i>	La Crosse
* <i>West Superior</i>	Douglas
<i>West Sweden</i>	Polk
* <i>Weyerhaeuser</i>	Waupaca
<i>Wheatland</i>	Chippewa
<i>Wheatville</i>	Kenosha
<i>Wheeler</i>	Crawford
<i>Whelan</i>	Dunn
<i>Whitecomb</i>	Buffalo
<i>Whitecreek</i>	Shawano
<i>Whitefish Bay</i>	Adams
<i>Whitehall (c. h.)</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Whitelaw</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Whitemound</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Whiteoak</i>	Sauk
* <i>Whitewater</i>	Lafayette
<i>Whittlesey</i>	Walworth
<i>Wickware</i>	Taylor
<i>Wilcox</i>	Barrou
<i>Wildrose</i>	Clark
<i>Williams Bay</i>	Waukhara
<i>Williamsburg, station *E.</i>	Walworth
<i>Willowdale</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Wilnot</i>	Rock
<i>Wilson</i>	Kenosha
<i>Wilton</i>	St. Croix
<i>Winchester</i>	Monroe
<i>Wind Lake</i>	Winnebago
<i>Windsor</i>	Racine
<i>Winebago</i>	Dane
<i>Winnecoonne</i>	Winnebago
<i>Winooski</i>	Winnebago
<i>Wiot</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Wisconsin Veterans Home</i>	Lafayette
<i>Withee</i>	Clark
* <i>Wittenberg</i>	Shawano
<i>Witwen</i>	Sauk
<i>Wolfcreek</i>	Polk
<i>Wolflake</i>	Fond du Lac
* <i>Womewoc</i>	Juneau
<i>Wood</i>	Vernon
<i>Woodboro</i>	Oneida
<i>Woodford</i>	Lafayette
<i>Woodhull</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Woodlake</i>	Burnett
<i>Woodland</i>	Dodge
<i>Woodlawn</i>	Sauk
<i>Woodman</i>	Grant
<i>Woodruff</i>	Vilas
<i>Woodside</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Woodstock</i>	Richland
<i>Woodville</i>	St. Croix
<i>Woodworth</i>	Kenosha
<i>Worden</i>	Clark
<i>Worcester</i>	Price
<i>Worth</i>	Polk
<i>Wright</i>	Jackson
<i>Wrightstown</i>	Brown
<i>Wrightsville</i>	Jackson
<i>Wurtsburg</i>	Marathon
<i>Wyalusing</i>	Grant
<i>Wyeville</i>	Monroe
<i>Wyocena</i>	Columbia
<i>Wyoming</i>	Iowa

Y.

<i>Yellowstone</i>	Lafayette
<i>York</i>	Jackson
<i>Yorkville</i>	Racine
<i>Yuba</i>	Richland

Z.

<i>Zander</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Zanoni</i>	Juneau
<i>Ziegler</i>	Marathon
<i>Zion</i>	Winnebago
<i>Zittau</i>	Winnebago

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

FEBRUARY 1, 1901.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Offices in *italic* type are Money Order offices, authorized to issue and pay money orders. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are *International* as well as Domestic money order offices. Offices indicated by the sign § are authorized to issue "limited money orders," but not money orders, nor to pay either limited money orders or money orders, and those marked with a double dagger (‡) postoffices discontinued for the winter.
By the letters *c. h.* in parentheses, thus: (*c. h.*), county seats are indicated.

<p>ADAMS.</p> <p>Adams Center. <i>Arkdale.</i> Bigflats. <i>Bigspring.</i> <i>Easton.</i> <i>Friendship (c. h.).</i> Glen. Grandmarsh. Hadlock. Hollidays Mill Lakeside. Leola. Mars. Monroe Center. New Rome. Niebull. Pilotknob. Plainville. Pointbluff. Quincy. Roche a Cri. Springbluff. Springcreek. <i>Strongs Prairie.</i> Vandriessen. <i>Whitecreek.</i></p>	<p>Hillsdale. Horsman. Howe. Lohigh. Loveland. Mireau. <i>Paskin.</i> Perley. <i>Prairie Farm.</i> Reeve. <i>*Rice Lake.</i> Sioska. <i>Turtle Lake.</i> Wlysses. Wickware.</p>	<p><i>*Green Bay (c. h.).</i> <i>Station.</i> <i>*A (Fort Howard).</i> <i>Greenleaf.</i> Hebel. Henrysville. Holland. Kunesh. Langes. Lark. Ledgeville. Little Rapids. Mills Center. <i>Morrison.</i> New Franken. Oneida. Pine Grove. Pittsfield. Poland. Schiller. Shirley. Suamico. Velp. <i>Wayside.</i> Wequiock. <i>West Depere.</i> <i>Wrightstown.</i></p>	<p>BURNETT.</p> <p>Aaron. Alpha. Alsted. <i>Banding.</i> Branstad. Coomer. Dongola. Doran. Ekdall. Falun. Freya. <i>*Grantsburg (c. h.).</i> Hamlin. Hertel. Karlsborg. Krugr. <i>May.</i> Oakland. Orange. Perida. Randall. Siren. Swiss. Timberland. <i>Tradelake.</i> Trade River. Veteran. Webster. Woodlake.</p>
<p>ASHLAND.</p> <p><i>*Ashland (c. h.).</i> <i>*Butternut.</i> <i>Glidden.</i> Highbridge. Lapointe. Marengo. <i>Mellen.</i> <i>Odanah.</i> Sanborn.</p>	<p>BAYFIELD.</p> <p>Ashland Junction. <i>*Bayfield.</i> Benoit. Bibon. Birchlake. <i>Cable.</i> <i>Drummond.</i> Engoe. Gerald. Houghton. <i>Iron River.</i> Leonard. Mason. Nash. Orienta. <i>Portwing.</i> <i>Pratt.</i> Rath. Redcliffe. Spider. <i>*Washburn (c. h.).</i></p>	<p>BUFFALO.</p> <p><i>*Alma (c. h.).</i> Anchorage. Bohri. Buffalo. <i>Cochrane.</i> Cream. Doelle. <i>*Fountain City.</i> <i>Gilmanton.</i> Glencoe. Griffin. Herold. Kinley. Lookout. Marshland. Misha Mokwa. <i>Modena.</i> <i>*Mondovi.</i> Montana. <i>Nelson.</i> Praag. Regli. Tell. Theisen. Urne. <i>Waumandee.</i> Whelan.</p>	<p>CALUMET.</p> <p>Brant. <i>*Brillion.</i> Brothertown. Charlesburg. <i>*Chilton (c. h.).</i> Darboy. Dundas. <i>Forest Junction.</i> Gravesville. <i>Hanlon.</i> Highcliff. <i>Hilbert.</i> <i>Jericho.</i> <i>New Holstein.</i> Potter. St. John. <i>Sherwood.</i> <i>*Stockbridge.</i> Wells.</p>
<p>BARRON.</p> <p><i>Almena.</i> Arland. <i>*Barron (c. h.).</i> Barronett. <i>*Cameron.</i> Canton. Chapman. <i>Chelek.</i> Comstock. <i>*Cumberland.</i> <i>Dallas.</i> <i>Dobie.</i> Grattan. <i>Haugen.</i></p>	<p>BROWN.</p> <p>Askeaton. Bay Settlement. Buckman. Champion. Cronk. <i>Denmark.</i> <i>*De Pere.</i> Duckcreek. East Wrightstown. Flintville. Fontenoy. Forks. <i>*Fort Howard.</i></p>		<p>CHIPPEWA.</p> <p>Albertville. Anson.</p>

Apollonia.
Badger Mills.
Bloomer.
Boyd.
Bruce.
Cadott.
Cartwright.
**Chinpeua Falls (ch)*
Colburn.
Cox.
Craft.
Drywood.
Eaglepoint.
Eagleton.
Edson.
Eleanor.
Emmertton.
Estella.
Fern.
Flambean.
Glenflora.
Hawkins.
Huron.
Ingram.
Island Lake.
Keystone.
Ladysmith.
Lakeville.
Liddell.
Martin.
Murry.
Paulson.
Riverview.
**Stanley.*
Tony.
Vale.
Weyerhauser.

CLARK.

Abbottsford.
Carlisle.
Chili.
Christy.
Colby.
Columbia.
Curtiss.
Day.
Dewhurst.
Dorchester.
Eidsvold.
Globe.
Granton.
Greenwood.
Hemlock.
Humbird.
Longwood.
Loyal.
Lynn.
**Neillsville (c. h.).*
Ne vins.
Owen.
Pleasantridge.
Ralph.
Shortville.
Spokeville.
Thorp.
Tioga.
Vesfkind.
Wilcox.
Withee.
Worden.

COLUMBIA.

Alloa.
Arlington.
Bellefontain.
Bragg.
**Cambria.*
**Columbus.*
Dekorra.

Doylestown.
Fullriver.
Hartman.
Keyeser.
Kilbourn.
Levee.
Lewiston.
**Lodi.*
Marcellon.
North Leeds.
Okee.
Otsego.
Pardeeville.
**Portage (c. h.).*
Port Hope.
Poynette.
Radisson.
Rio.
Thurman.
Wyocena.

CRAWFORD.

Adney.
Barnum.
Bell Center.
Boma.
Boydton.
Bridgeport.
Eastman.
Ferryville.
Freeman.
Gays Mills.
Hurlbut.
Haney.
Lynxville.
Millet.
Mount Sterling.
North Clayton.
Petersburg.
**Prairie du Chien*
(c. h.).
Reed.
Rising sun.
Seneca.
Soldiers Grove.
Steuben.
Towerville.
Wauzeka.
Wheatville.

DANE.

Albion.
Amos.
Ashton.
Basco.
Belleville.
Black Earth.
Bluemounds.
Burke.
Cambridge.
Clarkson.
Cottagegrove.
Crossplains.
Dane.
Deerfield.
**Deforest.*
Door Creek.
East Bristol.
Elvers.
Fitchburg.
Floyd.
Forward.
Hope.
Klevenville.
Lakeview.
London.
Macfarland.
**Madison (c. h.).*
Marshall.
Martinsville.

Marxville.
**Mazomanie.*
Mendota.
Middleton.
Morrisonville.
Mount Horeb.
Mount Vernon.
Nora.
North Bristol.
Norwaygrove.
**Oregon.*
Paoli.
Peculiar.
Perry.
Pheasantbranch.
Pinebluff.
Riley.
Rockdale.
Roxbury.
Rutland.
Springfield Corners.
Stone.
Story.
**Stoughton.*
Sun Prairie.
Syene.
Token.
Ulica.
Verona.
Vilas.
Waukahee.
Windsor.

DODGE.

Alderly.
Ashippun.
Atwater.
**Beaverdam.*
Brownsville.
Burnell Junction.
Chester.
Clyman.
Danville.
Elgin.
**Fox Lake.*
Gibson.
Herman.
Hochheim.
**Horicon.*
Hullsburg.
Hustisford.
Iron Mountain.
Ironridge.
**Juneau (c. h.)*
Kekoskee.
Knowles.
Lebanon.
Leroy.
Lomira.
Lostlake.
Lowell.
Marshville.
**Mayville.*
Minnesota Junction.
Neesho.
Oakgrove.
**Randolph.*
Reeseville.
Richwood.
Rolling Prairie.
Rubicon.
Theresa.
Woodland.

DOOR.

Baileys Harbor.
Brussels.
Carnot.
Claybanks.

Detroit Harbor.
Egg Harbor.
Ellison Bay.
Ephraim.
Fishcreek.
Forestville.
Foscoro.
Garner.
Graceport.
Hainesville.
Hedgehog.
Institute.
Jacksonport.
Kolberg.
Little Sturgeon.
Maplewood.
Namur.
Newport.
Rowleys Bay.
Salona.
**Sawyer.*
Sevastopol.
Sister Bay.
Stevensons Pier.
Stokes.
**Sturgeon Bay (c. h.)*
Tornado.
Valmy.
Vignes.
Voseville.
Washington Harbor.

DOUGLAS.

Allouez.
Bennett.
Brule.
Chadley.
Focham.
Foxboro.
Gordon.
Hawthorne.
Itasca.
Lake Nebagemain.
Leclair.
Maple.
Nutt.
Poplar.
Rockmount.
Solon Springs.
South Range.
**South Superior.*
**Superior (c. h.).*
Waino.
Wentworth.
**West Superior.*

DUNN.

Amy.
Blairmoor.
Boyceville.
Carryville.
Cedarfalls.
Colfax.
Davis.
Downing.
Downsville.
Dunnville.
Eau Galle.
Elk mound.
Fosbroke.
Grant.
Graytown.
Hatchville.
Irvington.
Knapp.
Lochiel.
Lucas.
**Menomonee (c. h.).*
Meridian.

North Menomonie.
Red Cedar.
Ridgeland.
Rockfalls.
Rusk.
Sand Creek.
Stoops.
Tonnar.
Tramway.
Vance.
Waubek.
Weston.
Wheeler.

EAU CLAIRE.

Altoona.
Anthony.
Augusta.
Brackett.
Cleghorn.
*Eau Claire (c. h.).
*Fairchild.
Faircreek.
Hadleyville.
Luddington.
Nixcorner.
Norseville.
Ottercreek.
Porters Mills.
Shaw.

FLORENCE.

Commonwealth.
Fence.
Florence (c. h.).

FOND DU LAC.

Alto.
Armstrong.
Ashford.
Banner.
Brandon.
Byron.
Calumet Harbor.
Calumetville.
Calvary.
Campbellsport.
Dotyville.
Dundee.
Eden.
Eggersville.
Eldorado.
Elmore.
Fairwater.
*Fond du Lac (c. h.).
Garnet.
Graham.
Hamilton.
Johnsburg.
Kinwood.
Ladoga.
Lamartine.
Malone.
Marblehead.
Marytown.
Metomen.
Mitchell.
Mount Calvary.
New Cassel.
Newfane.
New Prospect.
Oak Center.
Oakfield.
Peebles.
Prion.
*Ripon.
Rogersville.
Rosendale.
Saint Cloud.
Saint Kilian.

Saint Peter.
Silica.
South Byron.
Taycheedah.
Vandyne.
Waucousta.
*Waupun.
West Rosendale.
Wolflake.
Woodhull.

FOREST.

Armstrong Creek.
Carter.
Cavour.
Crandon (c. h.).
Laona.
North Crandon.
Wabeno.

GRANT.

Anderson.
Arthur.
Bayley.
Beetown.
Big Patch.
Bloomington.
Blue River.
*Boscobel.
Bradville.
British Hollow.
Burton.
Cassville.
Castlerock.
Cornelia.
Cuba.
Dickeysville.
Ellenboro.
Elmo.
Fairplay.
Fennimore.
Georgetown.
Glenhaven.
Hazelygreen.
Hurricane.
Jamestown.
Kieler.
*Lancaster (c. h.).
Libertyridge.
Livingston.
Louisburg.
McCartney.
Millville.
Montfort.
Mouthope.
Mount Ida.
*Muscooda.
North Andover.
Patchgrove.
*Platteville.
*Potosi.
Preston.
Rockville.
Sinsinawa.
Stitzer.
Weyerley.
Woodman.
Wyalusing.

GREEN.

*Albany.
Attica.
*Brodhead.
Brooklyn.
Browntown.
Clarno.
Dayton.
Exeter.
Farmers Grove.

Jordan.
*Juda.
Martintown.
*Monroe (c. h.).
Monticello.
New Glarus.
Oakley.
Polk.
Shultz.
Stearns.
Stewart.
Twingrove.
Tyrone.
Ula.
Wausemon.

GREEN LAKE.

*Berlin.
Dartford (c. h.).
Fairburn.
Green Lake.
Kingston.
Manchester.
*Markesan.
Marquette.
Princeton.
Uteley.

IOWA.

Arena.
Avoca.
*Barneveld.
Clyde.
Cobb.
*Dodgeville (c. h.).
Drybone.
Edmund.
Highland.
Hillside.
Hollandale.
Hyde.
Jonesdale.
Latto.
Linden.
Mifflin.
*Mineral Point.
Moscow.
Pincknob.
Powell.
Ranyard.
Rewey.
Ridgeway.
Standart.
Union Mills.
Waldwick.
Wyoming.

IRON.

Cedar.
Curry.
Gile.
Gurney.
*Hurley (c. h.).
Irontell.
Kimball.
Manitowish.
Mercer.
Pence.
Plummer.
Saxon.
Upson.

JACKSON.

Alma Center.
Beavercreek.
*Black River Falls
(c. h.).
Citypoint.

Clay.
Disco.
Halcyon.
Hatfield.
Hixton.
Irving.
Lee.
Levis.
Melrose.
Merrillan.
Millston.
North bend.
North branch.
Northfield.
Pinchill.
Pray.
Price.
Roaringcreek.
Sechlerville.
Shamrock.
Taylor.
Wright.
Wrightsville.
York.

JEFFERSON.

Aliceton.
Azalan.
Bernhard.
Coldspring.
Concord.
Ebenezer.
Farmington.
*Fort Atkinson.
Grellton.
Harvey.
Hebron.
Helenville.
Hubbleton.
Izonta.
*Jefferson (c. h.).
Jefferson Junction.
Johnson Creek.
*Lakemills.
Milford.
Navan.
Oakhill.
*Palmyra.
Pipersville.
Rome.
Sullivan.
Sumner.
*Waterloo.
*Watertown.
Weiner.

JUNEAU.

Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Elroy.
Finley.
Germantown.
Hustler.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
*Mauston (c. h.).
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
*Necedah.
*New Lisbon.
Suldal.
Union Center.
*Wanewoc.
Zanoni.

KENOSHA.

Bassett.
Berryville.

Brighton.
Bristol.
 Camp Lake.
 Chapin.
 Foxriver.
 **Kenosha (c. h.).*
 New Munster.
 Paris.
Pleasant Prairie.
 Powers Lake.
 Rannev.
Salem.
Silverlake.
 Slades Corners.
Somers.
Trevor.
 Truesdell.
Twinlakes.
 Wheatland.
Wilmot.
 Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.

Alaska.
 **Algoma.*
 Bolt.
Carlton.
Casco.
 Curran.
 Darbellay.
 Duvall.
 Dyckesville.
 Ellisville.
 Euren.
 Gregor.
 **Kewaunee (c. h.).*
 Kodan.
 Krok.
 Lincoln.
 Luxembourg.
 Neuern.
 Norman.
 Pilsen.
 Rankin.
Ri-creek.
Rostere.
 Rostok.
 Ryan.
 Sandybay.
 Slovan.
 Stangelville.
 Thiry Daems.
 Tonet.
 Walhain.
 Woodside.

LA CROSSE.

**Bangor.*
 Bluff.
Burroak.
Holmen.
 **La Crosse (c. h.).*
Sub-Station.
 (No. 1, North Side.)
 Lyties.
 Midway.
Mindoro.
 New Amsterdam.
Onalaska.
Rockland.
 Saint Joseph.
 Stevenstown.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.

Argyle.
Belmont.

Benton.
Blanchardville.
 Buncombe.
 Calamine.
 **Dorrlington (c. h.).*
 Defiance.
Dumbarton.
 Elkgrove.
 Etna.
Fayette.
Gratiot.
 Ipswich.
Lamont.
 Leadmine.
 Leslie.
 Meekers Grove.
 New Diggings.
 Redrock.
 **Shullsburg.*
South Wayne.
 Truman.
 Whiteoak.
Wiota.
Woodford.
 Yellowstone.

LANGLADE.

**Antigo (c. h.).*
Bryant.
 Deerbrook.
 Elcho.
Elmhurst.
 Elton.
 Kent.
 Koepnick.
 Langlade.
 Lily.
 Markton.
 Marking.
 Morley.
 Parrish.
Pearson.
Phlox.
 Polar.
 Postlake.
 Summit Lake.
 Vaughn.

LINCOLN.

Baymill.
 Bloomville.
 Chat.
 Clifford.
 Corning.
 Dudley.
 Finn.
 Gonda.
 Heafford.
 Heller.
 Irma.
 Jeffris.
 Kickbush.
 **Merrill (c. h.).*
Sono.
 Spirit Falls.
Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.

Alverno.
 Blesser.
 Branch.
 Cato.
Clark Mills.
Cleveland.

Clover.
 Collins.
Cooperstown.
 East Gibson.
 Eastwin.
 Eaton.
 Francis Creek.
 Greenstreet.
Grimms.
Hika.
 Jerpen.
 Kasson.
Keizersville.
Kiel.
 Kingbridge.
 Larabee.
 Louis Corner.
 **Manitowoc (c. h.).*
 Maplegrove.
 Meeme.
 Mergers.
 Melnik.
 Menchalville.
 Millhome.
Mishicot.
 Nero.
 Newtonburg.
 Niles.
 Northheim.
 Oslo.
 Osman.
 Quarry.
 Rangeline.
 Rapids.
Reedsville.
 Rief.
 Rosecrans.
 Rubc.
Saint Nazianz.
 Saint Wendel.
 Schleswig.
 Schoolhill.
 Shoto.
 Stark.
 Steinthal.
 Taus.
 Timothy.
Tisch Mills.
 **Two Rivers.*
 Valders.
 Whitelaw.
 Zander.

MARATHON.

Ashley.
Athens.
 Barney.
 Bevent.
 Bushman.
 Cherokee.
 Corinth.
Dancy.
Edgar.
 Elderon.
 Emmerich.
 Fenwood.
 Fertilla.
 Granite Heights.
 Halder.
Hamburg.
 Hatley.
 Hogarty.
 Holt.
 Johnson.
 Kelley.
Knowlton.
 McMillan.
Marathon.
March.

Moon.
Mosinee.
 Mylrea.
 Naugart.
Norrie.
 Nutterville.
 Pikelake.
 Poniatowski.
Rib Falls.
 Ringle.
 Rozellville.
Schfield.
 Shantytown.
Spencer.
 Staadt.
 Stettin.
Stratord.
 Sunset.
 Swan.
 Taegesville.
Uxity.
 **Wausau (c. h.).*
 Weber.
 Wein.
 Wuertsburg.
 Zeigler.

MARINETTE.

Amburg.
 Athelstane.
Beaver.
Coleman.
Crittiz.
Dumbar.
 Gall.
 Lowerbush.
 **Marinette (c. h.).*
 McAllister.
 **Menekaunee.*
Middle Inlet.
 Niagra.
Pembine.
 **Peshigo.*
 Porterfield.
Pound.
 Wagner.
 **Waucaukee.*

MARQUETTE.

Briggsville.
 Browning.
 Budsin.
 Douglas Center.
 Endeavor.
Germania.
 Grover.
 Harrisville.
 Jeddo.
 Libertybluff.
 **Mont Ilo (c. h.).*
Moundville.
Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Packwaukee.
 Roslin.
 **Westfield.*

MILWAUKEE.

**Bay View.* †
 Berthelet.
 Browndeer.
Butler.
 **Cudahy.*
 Dillman.
 Granville.
Granville Center.
Hales Corners.
 Heelyton.

† Station, Milwaukee post office.

Klondike.
*Milwaukee (c. h.).

Stations.

- *A. (South Side),
316-18 Reed St.
- *B. (North West),
112-24 Walnut St
- *C. 742 Third St.
- *D. (Bay View).
- *E. (Williamsburg)
1390 Green Bay Ave.
Sub-station No. 1,
109 Grand Ave.
- Sub-station No. 2,
- Sub-station No. 3,
- Sub-station No. 4,
- Sub-station No. 5,
- Sub-station No. 6,
- Sub-station No. 7,
- Sub-station No. 8,
- Sub-station No. 9,
- Sub-station No. 10,
- Sub-station No. 11,

- National Home.
- New Coeln.
- North Greenfield.
- North Milwaukee.
- Oakwood.
- Otjen.
- Paynesville.
- Rootcreek.
- Saint Francis.
- Saint Martins.
- Silverspring.
- Smith.
- *South Milwaukee.
- *South Side.†
- Stargard.
- *Wauwatosa.
- West Granville.
- Whitefish Bay.
- *Williamsburg.†

MONROE.

- Cashton.
- Catawba.
- Clifton.
- Glendale.
- Kendall.
- Kirby.
- Leon.
- Melvina.
- Norwalk.
- Norway Ridge.
- Oakdale.
- Oil City.
- Portland.
- Rapp.
- Saint Marys.
- Shennington.
- *Sparta (c. h.).
- Stowell.
- *Tomah.
- Tunnel City.
- Valley Junction.
- Warrens.
- Wilton.
- Wyeville.

OCONTO.

- Abram.
- Amanda.
- Breed.
- Brookside.
- Chase.
- Clark.
- Claywood.
- Gillet.
- Grosse.

- Hayes.
- Hickory.
- Hintz.
- Keegan.
- Kelleybrook.
- Lakewood.
- Leota.
- Linzbrook.
- Logan.
- Maplevalley.
- Morgan.
- Mosling.
- Mountain.
- *Oconto (c. h.).
- Oconto Falls.
- Pensaukee.
- Sampson.
- Sobieski.
- Spruce.
- Stiles.
- Strand.
- Suring.
- Timme.
- Underhill.

ONEIDA.

- Harshaw.
- *Hazelhurst.
- Hazelhurst Junction.
- Hebard.
- Jennings.
- McCord.
- Monico.
- Pelicanlake.
- Pratt Junction.
- *Rhinelander (c. h.).
- Robbins.
- Three Lakes.
- Tomahawk Lake.
- Woodboro.

OUTAGAMIE.

- Applecreek.
- *Appleton (c. h.).
- Batley.
- Binghampton.
- *Blackcreek.
- Cicero.
- Combined Locks.
- Dale.
- Erb.
- Greenville.
- Helena.
- Hortonville.
- *Kaukauna.
- Kimberly.
- Lawrenceville.
- Leota.
- Littlechute.
- Mackville.
- Medina.
- Mission.
- Sagole.
- *Seymour.
- Shiocton.
- Sniderville.
- South Kaukauna.
- South Osborn.
- Stephensville.
- Stinson.
- Sugar Bush.
- Welcome.

OZAUKEE.

- Bartel Station.
- Belgium.
- Cedarburg.
- Druecker.
- Fredonia.

- Fredonia Station.
- Freistadt.
- Granton.
- Holy Cross.
- Horns Corners.
- Kohler.
- Lake Church.
- Meqoun.
- *Port Washington (c. h.).

- Saukville.
- Thiensville.

PEPIN.

- Arkansaw.
- *Durand (c. h.).
- Ella.
- *Pepin.
- Porcupine.
- *Stockholm.
- Tarrant.

PIERCE.

- Bay City.
- Beldenville.
- Bigriver.
- Brasington.
- Diamond Bluff.
- *Elsworth (c. h.).
- Elmwood.
- Elpaso.
- E. dale.
- Farnhill.
- Hager City.
- Herbert.
- Korna.
- Lawton.
- Lostcreek.
- Lund.
- Maiden Rock.
- Martell.
- Moeville.
- Olivet.
- Ono.
- Pum City.
- Prescott.
- *River Falls.
- Rockelm.
- Springvalley.
- Trim Belle.
- Viking.
- Erb.
- Waverly.

POLK.

- Alabama.
- Alden.
- Amery.
- Andrus.
- Appleriver.
- Atlas.
- Bassam Lake (c. h.).
- Blake.
- Bunyan.
- Clam Falls.
- Clayton.
- Clear Lake.
- Cushing.
- Deronda.
- Dresser Junction.
- Dueholm.
- East Farmington.
- Elsalem.
- Helbig.
- Jenson.
- Joel.
- Lamar.
- Litellfalls.
- Loraine.
- Luck.
- Lykens.

- Milltown.
- North Valley.
- Nye.
- Osecota.
- Pineville.
- Range.
- Richardson.
- St. Croix Falls.
- Sandlake.
- South Farmington.
- Ubet.
- Volga.
- Wagon Landing.
- West Denmark.
- West Sweden.
- Wolfcreek.
- Worth.

PORTAGE.

- Alban.
- Almond.
- Amherst.
- Amherst Junction.
- Arnott.
- Badger.
- Bancroft.
- Blaine.
- Casimir.
- Crocker's Landing.
- Custer.
- Ellis.
- Fancher.
- Garfield.
- Hazel.
- Hull.
- Junction.
- Keene.
- Lonopine.
- Mc Hill.
- Meelian.
- Nelsonville.
- Newhope.
- Peru.
- Plaver.
- Polonia.
- Rosholt.
- *Stevens Point (c. h.).
- Stackton.
- Torun.
- Towae.

PRICE.

- Brantwood.
- Catawba.
- Field.
- Kennan.
- Knox Mills.
- Ogema.
- Park Falls.
- Pennington.
- *Phillips (c. h.).
- *Prentice.
- Spirit.
- Worcester.

RACINE.

- Ecaumont.
- *Burlington.
- Caldwell.
- Caledonia.
- Dover.
- Franksville.
- Husher.
- Ivesgrove.
- Kansasville.
- Kilbournville.
- Kneeland.
- Lamberton.
- Linwood.

†Station, Milwaukee post office.

North Cape.
 **Racine (c. h.).*
 Independent-Station
 **Racine Junction.*
 Sub-station No 1,
 1445 State St.
Raymond.
Rochester.
Rushville.
Sylvania.
Thompsonville.
Tischigan.
Union Church.
Untongrove.
Waterford.
Western Union.
Wind Lake.
Yorkville.

RICHLAND.

Ashridge.
Aubrey.
Balmoral.
Basswood.
Beach.
Bear Valley.
Bloom City.
Boaz.
Brady's.
Buckcreek.
Byrdscreak.
Cazenovia.
Corwin.
Dixon.
Excelsior.
Fivepoints.
Gillingham.
Henrietta.
Hub City.
Ithaca.
Keyesville.
Lonerock.
Loyd.
Millcreek.
Neptune.
 **Richland Center*
 (c. h.).

Richland City.
Rockbridge.
Sabin.
Sextonville.
Sylvan.
Tavera.
Twin Bluffs.
Viola.
West Lima.
Woodstock.
Yuba.

ROCK.

Aston.
Avon.
 **Beloit.*
Bergen.
Cainville.
Center.
 **Clinton.*
Cooksville.
Edgerton.
Emerald Grove.
 **Evansville.*
Fairfield.
Fellows.
Footville.
Fulton.
Hanover.
 **Hanover (c. h.).*
Johnstown.
Johnstown Center.
Koshkonong.

Leyden.
Lima Center.
Magnolia.
Milton.
Milton Junction.
Newark.
Orfordville.
Rock Prairie.
Shoptere.
Smithton.
Stebbinsville.
Tiffany.
Union.
Willowdale.

ST. CROIX.

Baldwin.
Boardman.
Brookville.
Burkhardt.
Cylon.
Dahl.
Deerpark.
Emerald.
Erin.
Forest.
 **Glenwood.*
Hammond.
Hempel.
Hersey.
Houlton.
 **Hudson (c. h.).*
Inlet.
Jewett.
New Centerville.
New Richmond.
North Hudson.
Palmer.
Pleasant Valley.
Roberts.
Somerset.
Stanton.
Star Prairie.
Wilson.
Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.
 **Baraboo (c. h.).*
Blackhawk.
Delton.
Denzer.
Devils Lake.
Ironton.
Kings Corners.
Kirkland.
Lavalle.
Leland.
Limeridge.
Loganville.
Loreto.
Merrimack.
North Freedom.
Oaks.
Plain.
Prairie du Sac.
 **Reedsburg.*
 **Sandusky.*
 **Sauk City.*
 **Spring Green.*
Walton.
White Mound.
Witwen.
Woodwa.

SAWLEY.

**Hayward (c. h.).*
Reserve.
Wallace.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
Angelica.
Anwa.
Belleplaine.
Biramwood.
Bondeul.
Briarton.
Caroline.
Cecil.
Eland.
Forest.
Frazier.
Galesburg.
Gresham.
Hermansfort.
Hilda.
Hofa Park.
Hunting.
Keshena.
Krakow.
Landstad.
Laney.
Leopolis.
Mattoon.
Morris.
Pella.
Pulaski.
Pulcifer.
Regina.
Riverside.
Roselawn.
 **Shawano (c. h.).*
Splitrock.
 **Tigerton.*
Tilleda.
Wellhaven.
Whitecomb.
 **Wittenberg.*

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada.
Adell.
Beechwood.
Cascade.
Cedar Grove.
Dacada.
Edwards.
Elkhart.
Erdman.
Franklin.
Gibbsville.
Glenbeulah.
Greenbush.
Haven.
Hingham.
Hoard.
Howard.
Johnsonville.
Mosel.
Neith.
Oostburg.
Parnell.
Pius.
 **Plymouth.*
Random Lake.
Rathbun.
Rhine.
Saint Anna.
Saint George.
Scott.
 **Sheboygan (c. h.).*
Sheboygan Falls.
Silvercreek.
Waldo.
Winooski.

TAYLOR.

Brehm.
Broederville.

Chelsea.
Gad.
Halway.
Interwald.
Justin.
Littleblack.
Lynch.
 **Medford (c. h.).*
Oleson.
Perkinstown.
Riblake.
Sams.
Stetsonville.
Urquart.
Westboro.
Whittlesey.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.
Blair.
Centerville.
Chimneyrock.
Decora Prairie.
Dodge.
Eleva.
Elk creek.
Eitrick.
Frenchville.
 **Galesville.*
Glasgow.
Hule.
Hegg.
Iduna.
Independence.
Osséo.
Pigeon Falls.
Russell.
Strum.
Tamarack.
Trempealeau.
Whitehall (c. h.).

VEERNON.

Avalanche.
Bloomington.
Brinkman.
Bristol.
Bud.
Burr.
Chaseburg.
Coon Valley.
Debello.
Dell.
De Soto.
Dilly.
Esofea.
Fargo.
Folsom.
Genoa.
Harmony.
Hillsboro.
Lafarge.
Liberty.
Libertypole.
Mount Labor.
Murree.
Newry.
Newton.
Ontario.
Ottervale.
Purdy.
Readstown.
Redmound.
Rest.
Retreat.
Rockton.
Ross.
Springville.
Star.

Stoddard.
Sugargrove.
Trippville.
Valley.
Victory.
**Viroqua (c. h.).*
**Westby.*
West Prairie.
Wood.

VILAS.

Arborvitae.
Conover.
Eagle River (c. h.).
Lac du Flambeau.
Minocqua.
Sayner.
Starlake.
Stateline.
Woodruff.

WALWORTH.

Adams.
Alengrove.
Bissell.
Bloomfield.
Bowers.
Como.
Darien.
**Delavan.*
East Delavan.
East Troy.
**Elkhorn (c. h.).*
Fayetteville.
Fontana.
Genoa Junction.
Heart Prairie.
Hilburn.
Honeycreek.
Jacobsville.
Lagrange.
Lake Beulah.
Lake Geneva.
Lauderdale.
Linnton.
Little Prairie.
Lyman.
Lyons.
Mayhew.
Millard.
North Bloomfield.
Porter.
Richmond.
Robinson.
Sharon.
Springfield.
Spring Prairie.
Tibbets.
Troy.
Troy Center.
Vienna.
Walworth.
**Whitewater.*
Williams Bay.

WASHBURN.

Bashaw.
Chicog.

Madge.
Mills.
Minong.
Namekagon.
Nobleton.
Sarona.
**Shell Lake (c. h.).*
Spooner.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.
Addison.
Allenton.
Aurora.
Baer.
Barton.
Boltonville.
Cedarcreek.
Fillmore.
Frank.
**Hartford.*
Holyhill.
Hubertus.
Jackson.
Keowns.
Kewaskum.
Kirchayn.
Kohlsville.
Lakeville.
Mayfield.
Meeker.
Mira.
Nabob.
Nenno.
Newburg.
Plat.
Richfield.
Rockfield.
Saint Lawrence.
Saint Michaels.
Salter.
Schleisingerville.
South Germantown.
Thompson.
Wayne.
**West Bend (c. h.).*

WAUKESHA.

Bigbend.
Brookfield.
Calhoun.
Colgate.
DeLafield.
Denoon.
Dodge's Corners.
Dousman.
Duplainville.
Durham.
Eagle.
Elm Grove.
Fussville.
Genesse.
Genesse Depot.
Golden Lake.
Guthrie.
Harland.
Lannon.
Mapleton.
Marcy.
Menomonee Falls.
Merton.

Monches.
Monterey.
Mukwonago.
Muskego.
**Nashotah.*
New Berlin.
Northlake.
North Prairie.
**Oconomowoc.*
Okavchee.
Ottawa.
Pewaukee.
Prospect.
Stonebank.
Sussex.
Templeton.
Tess Corners.
Vernon.
Wales.
Waterville.
**Waukesha (c. h.).*

WAUPACA.

Bigfalls.
Canary.
Carmel.
Clintonville.
Crystallake.
Embarrass.
Fremont.
Hatton.
Iota.
Lind.
Littlewolf.
Manawa.
Marble.
Marion.
**New London.*
Nicholson.
Norske.
Northland.
Northport.
Nowell.
Ogdensburg.
Readfield.
Reams.
Royalton.
Rural.
Scandinavia.
Sherman.
Sheridan.
Symco.
**Waupaca (c. h.).*
**Weyauwega.*
Wisconsin Veterans' Home.

WAUSHARA.

Aurorahtville.
Borth.
Brushville.
Cedarlake.
Colebrook.
Coloma.
Coloma Station.
Dakota.
Fargoville.
Hancock.
Mount Morris.
Oasis.
Pine River.

Plainfield.
Popsippi.
Redgranite.
Richford.
Rodney.
Saxeville.
Springlake.
Springwater.
Terrill.
Tustin.
Wautoma (c. h.).
West Bloomfield.
Wildrose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville.
Boom.
Butte des Morts.
Clemansville.
Crete.
Elo.
Eureka.
Fisk.
Koro.
Larsen.
**Menasha.*
Metz.
**Neenah.*
Omro.
Orihula.
Oshkosh (c. h.).
Stations
Sub-station No. 1.
Pickett.
Poygan.
Ring.
Rushlake.
Waukau.
Winchester.
Winnebago.
Winneconne.
Zion.
Zittau.

WOOD.

Altdorf.
Arpin.
Auburndale.
Babcock.
Bethel.
Blenker.
**Centralia.*
Cranmoor.
Dexterville.
Ebbe.
**Grand Rapids (c. h.).*
Hansen.
Hewett.
Lindsey.
**Marshfield.*
Miladore.
Nekoosa.
Pittsville.
Fort Edwards.
Progress.
Rudolph.
Saratoga.
Sherry.
Vesper.

LIST OF POST OFFICES

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS TO JANUARY 1, 1901.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Corrected from the official U. S. Postal Guide for Jan. 1, 1901.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Albany.....	Green.....	3	\$1,000
Alzoma.....	Keewaunee.....	3	1,100
Alma.....	Buffalo.....	3	1,100
Antigo.....	Langlade.....	3	1,900
Appleton.....	Outagamie.....	2	2,600
Arcadia.....	Trempealeau.....	3	1,200
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	2	2,500
Augusta.....	Eau Claire.....	3	1,400
Baldwin.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,100
Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	3	2,200
Barron.....	Barron.....	3	1,400
Bayfield.....	Bayfield.....	3	1,200
Beaver Dam.....	Dodge.....	3	1,900
Beloit.....	Rock.....	2	2,500
Berlin.....	Green Lake.....	3	1,900
Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	3	1,600
Bloomer.....	Chippewa.....	3	1,100
Boscobel.....	Grant.....	3	1,400
Brodhead.....	Green.....	3	1,500
Burlington.....	Racine.....	3	1,800
Centralia.....	Wood.....	3	1,500
Chilton.....	Calumet.....	3	1,300
Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.....	2	2,300
Clinton.....	Rock.....	3	1,500
Clintonville.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,400
Columbus.....	Columbia.....	3	1,700
Cudahy.....	Mitaukkee.....	3	1,300
Cumberland.....	Barron.....	3	1,200
Darlington.....	Lafayette.....	3	1,500
Delavan.....	Walworth.....	3	1,800
De Pere.....	Brown.....	3	1,700
Dodgeville.....	Iowa.....	3	1,600
Durand.....	Pepin.....	3	1,200
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	2	2,700
Edgerton.....	Rock.....	3	1,600
Elkhorn.....	Walworth.....	3	1,600
Ellsworth.....	Pierce.....	3	1,200
Elroy.....	Juneau.....	3	1,400
Evansville.....	Rock.....	3	1,600
Fairchild.....	Eau Claire.....	3	1,100
Florence.....	Florence.....	3	1,100
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	2	2,600
Ft. Atkinson.....	Jefferson.....	2	2,300
Fox Lake.....	Dodge.....	3	1,100
Galesville.....	Trempealeau.....	3	1,100
Grand Rapids.....	Wood.....	3	1,500
Green Bay.....	Brown.....	2	2,800
Hartland.....	Washington.....	3	1,400
Hayward.....	Sawyer.....	3	1,600
Horicon.....	Dodge.....	3	1,100
Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,700
Hurley.....	Iron.....	3	1,300
Iron River.....	Bayfield.....	3	1,400
Janesville.....	Rock.....	2	2,700
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,600

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Juneau.....	Dodge.....	3	\$1,100
Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	3	1,400
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	2	2,500
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	3	1,460
Kilbourn.....	Columbia.....	3	1,500
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	1	3,200
Lake Geneva.....	Walworth.....	3	1,800
Lake Mills.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,500
Lancaster.....	Grant.....	3	1,600
Lodi.....	Columbia.....	3	1,400
Madison.....	Dane.....	1	3,200
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	2	2,400
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	2	2,400
Marshfield.....	Wood.....	2	2,100
Mauston.....	Juneau.....	3	1,600
Mayville.....	Dodge.....	3	1,300
Mazomanie.....	Dane.....	3	1,000
Medford.....	Taylor.....	3	1,600
Menasha.....	Winnebago.....	3	1,900
Menasha.....	Marinette.....	3	1,100
Menominee.....	Dunn.....	2	2,000
Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	2	2,200
Milton.....	Rock.....	3	1,100
Milton Junction.....	Rock.....	3	1,000
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1	6,000
Mineral Point.....	Iowa.....	3	1,500
Mondovi.....	Buffalo.....	3	1,000
Monroe.....	Green.....	2	2,000
Necedah.....	Juneau.....	3	1,100
Neshanic.....	Winnebago.....	2	2,200
Neillsville.....	Clark.....	3	1,600
New Lisbon.....	Juneau.....	3	1,200
New London.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,700
New Richmond.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,600
Oconomowoc.....	Waukesha.....	3	1,800
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	3	1,800
Omro.....	Winnebago.....	3	1,200
Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	1	3,100
Peshigo.....	Marinette.....	3	1,200
Phillips.....	Price.....	3	1,500
Plainfield.....	Waushara.....	3	1,100
Platteville.....	Grant.....	3	1,800
Plymouth.....	Shebogan.....	3	1,600
Portage.....	Columbia.....	2	2,200
Port Washington.....	Ozaukee.....	3	1,500
Prairie du Chien.....	Crawford.....	3	1,600
Princeton.....	Green Lake.....	3	1,000
Racine.....	Racine.....	1	3,600
Reedsburg.....	Sauk.....	3	1,700
Rhineander.....	Oneida.....	2	2,100
Rice Lake.....	Barron.....	3	1,600
Richland Center.....	Richland.....	3	1,600
Ripon.....	Fond du Lac.....	2	2,000
River Falls.....	Pierce.....	3	1,600
Seymour.....	Outagamie.....	3	1,100
Sharon.....	Walworth.....	3	1,200
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	3	1,400
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	2	2,700
Sheboygan Falls.....	Sheboygan.....	3	1,500
Shell Lake.....	Washtenaw.....	3	1,200
Shullsburg.....	Lafayette.....	3	1,200
South Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	3	1,400
South Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	3	1,500
South Superior.....	Douglas.....	3	1,100
Sparta.....	Monroe.....	2	2,000
Spring Green.....	Sauk.....	3	1,100

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Stanley.....	Chippewa.....	3	\$1,300
Stevens Point.....	Portage.....	2	2,300
Stoughton.....	Dane.....	3	1,800
Sturgeon Bay.....	Door.....	3	1,600
Sun Prairie.....	Dane.....	3	1,100
Superior.....	Douglas.....	3	1,700
Tomah.....	Monroe.....	3	1,600
Tomahawk.....	Lincoln.....	3	1,500
Two Rivers.....	Manitowoc.....	3	1,500
Viroqua.....	Vernon.....	3	1,600
Washburn.....	Bayfield.....	3	1,700
Waterloo.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,200
Watertown.....	Jefferson.....	2	2,300
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	2	2,400
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,800
Waupun.....	Fond du Lac.....	3	1,800
Wausau.....	Marathon.....	2	2,500
Wauwatosa.....	Milwaukee.....	2	2,100
West Bend.....	Washington.....	3	1,400
West De Pere.....	Brown.....	3	1,100
West Salem.....	La Crosse.....	3	1,000
West Superior.....	Douglas.....	2	2,800
Weyauwega.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,100
Whitehall.....	Trempealeau.....	3	1,000
Whitewater.....	Walworth.....	2	2,000
Wittenberg.....	Shawano.....	3	1,000
Wonewoc.....	Juneau.....	3	1,500

LIST OF FREE DELIVERY POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

Appleton.	Milwaukee:	Manitowoc.
Ashland.	*a South Side, 316-318 Reed St.	Marinette.
Beloit.	*b Northwest, 1122-1124 Walnut St.	Neenah.
Chippewa Falls.	*c Third Street, 742 Third Street.	Oshkosh.
Eau Claire.	*d Bayview.	Racine.
Fond du Lac.	*e Williamsburg, 1390 Green Bay Ave.	Sheboygan.
Port Atkinson.	Sub-Stations:	Stevens Point.
Greenbay.	No. 1, 109 Grand Ave.	Watertown.
Janesville.	No. 2, 436 Murray Ave.	Waukesha.
Keosha.	No. 3, 1112 Teutonia Ave.	Wausau.
La Crosse.	No. 4, 2628 North Ave.	West Superior.
Madison.	No. 5, 2629 Grand Ave.	
	No. 6, 420 11th Ave.	
	No. 7, 452 Mitchell St.	
	No. 8, 1327 National Ave.	
	No. 9, Corner East Water and Biddle Sts.	
	No. 10, 1099 3d St.	
	No. 11, 39th St. and St. Paul Ave.	

POSTAL INFORMATION.

POSTAGE, REGISTRY AND MONEY ORDER FEES.

CLASSES OF MAIL MATTER AND POSTAGE THEREON.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof-sheets or corrected proof-sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection.

Rate of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each.

On private mailing cards bearing written messages, provided they conform to the regulations adopted under act of May 19, 1898, one cent each.

On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter carrier offices; and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof at other offices.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art, or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers, and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation or circulation at nominal rates.

Rate of postage—For publishers and news agents: 1 cent a pound or fraction thereof, providing the postal department has first passed upon the specific publication and authorized its admission to the mails as second class matter.

For others than publishers and news agents: 1 cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, also seeds, bulbs, roots, scions and plants.

Rate of postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class—Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, and not above the weight provided by law.

Rate of postage—One cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

THE LIMIT OF WEIGHT.

A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book.

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE.

On first class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery.

On Second Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Third Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Fourth Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

FORWARDING MAIL.

Letters and other first class matter upon which postage has been prepaid may be forwarded from one postoffice to another, properly re-addressed, thus following the person to whom it is addressed, without additional postage. Upon all other classes another full rate of postage must be paid before the matter can be forwarded from its destination as per the address.

WHAT MAY BE WRITTEN OR PRINTED ON MAIL MATTER.

Second Class — Name and address of persons to whom the matter is to be sent; index figures of subscription book printed or written; printed title of publication; printed or written name or address, without advertisement of publisher or sender; written or printed words or figures, or both, indicating date on which subscription ends, correction of typographical errors, a mark except by written or printed words to designate a word or passage to which it is desired to call attention; the words "sample copy," publishers' or news agents' bills, receipts and orders for subscription, but the same shall convey no other information than the name, place of publication, subscription price, and amount of subscription due. The number of copies inclosed may be indicated on wrapper or face of package.

Third Class — Sender's name and address, with the word "from;" marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to word or passage; correction of typographical errors; on the blank leaves or cover of any book may be placed a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not in the nature of a personal correspondence; upon the address side of wrapper, envelope, tag or label must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth Class — With matter of this kind may be enclosed any mailable third class matter. On wrapper, cover, tag or label may be written name and address of sender, with word "from;" marks, numbers, names or letters for purposes of description, or same may be printed; any printed matter not in nature of a personal correspondence. On address side must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered; but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials, or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefinite addresses.

The registry fee is eight cents in addition to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all other countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

Letters, 15 grams ($\frac{1}{2}$ ounce).....	5 cents.
Postal cards, each.....	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per two ounces.....	1 cent.
Commercial papers:	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces.....	5 cents.
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction thereof.....	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise:	
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces.....	2 cents.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction thereof.....	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles.....	8 cents.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) will be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially, but full payment is required upon all registered matter.

CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States, under no circumstances can sealed packages, other than letters of ordinary form, be sent to Canada.

MAIL TO ISLAND POSSESSIONS.

Mail matter addressed to any of the Island possessions of the United States is subject only to the regular domestic rate of postage. These Islands include Cuba, Gaum, the Philippine Archipeligo and the Samoan Group. Mail from those islands to this country is subject to the same rate of postage. The same rule and rate applies to Hawaii and Porto Rico. Mail sent to persons in any branch of the United States service in any of these islands should bear clearly the designation of the branch or division of the service in which the addressee is serving.

PARCELS POST.

The United States has perfected Parcels Post arrangements with the following countries: Bahamas, Barbados, Colombia, Costa Rica, the Danish West Indies, Honduras (British), Jamaica (including the Turks and Carcos Islands), the Leeward Islands,

Mexico, Salvador, British Guiana, Windward Islands, Newfoundland, Republic of Honduras, Trinidad (including Tobago), Chile, Germany, Guatemala, Nicaragua, New Zealand and Venezuela.

The weight of packages sent by parcels post must not exceed eleven pounds. The rate of postage is 12 cents for each pound or fraction thereof to all countries named except Chile, to which it is 20 cents for each pound or fraction thereof. Most articles admissible to the domestic mails of the United States are admissible to the parcels post mail. The following articles are excluded from the parcels post: Publications which violate the copyright laws of the country of destination, poisons, explosives or inflammable substances, liquids, substances which easily liquefy, confections and pastes, live and dead animals, except dead insects and reptiles thoroughly dried; fruits, vegetables, odorous substances, lottery tickets, advertisements or circulars, obscene articles and articles which might damage mails or injure persons.

THE POSTAL MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

The following are the fees for domestic money orders—In the United States, Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines:

	On Mexico only.
For orders not exceeding \$2.50.....	2c
For orders exceeding \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5.....	5c
For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10.....	8c
For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	10c
For orders exceeding \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	12c
For orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	15c
For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	18c
For orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$75.....	20c
For orders exceeding \$75 and not exceeding \$100.....	25c
For orders exceeding \$100.....	30c
For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10.....	35c
For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	40c
For orders exceeding \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	45c
For orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	50c

Two cents is added to each fee for war tax.

The maximum amount of a single order is \$100, but there is no limit to the number of orders a person may purchase in one day payable to the same person.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchange of money orders between the United States and the following countries, viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands (embracing the islands of Barbadoes, Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Lucia), the Leeward Islands (consisting of the presidencies of Antigua, St. Christopher, Nevis, Dominica, Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaii, Sweden, Japan, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Dutch East Indies, the Bahama Islands, the colony of Trinidad and Tobago, Austria, Hungary, British Guiana, the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, Bermuda, South Australia, Salvador, Hong Kong, and Republic of Honduras.

The fees for International Money Orders are as follows:

	On all countries except Mexico.	On Mexico only.
For sums not exceeding \$10.....	10c	5c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	20c	10c
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	30c	15c
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	40c	20c
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	50c	25c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60.....	60c	30c
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70.....	70c	35c
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$80.....	80c	40c
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90.....	90c	45c
Over \$90 and not exceeding \$100.....	\$1 00	50c

No war tax is charged on the issue of any international money order.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1900.

The expenditures of the postal service for the year ending June 30, 1900, are shown by items in the following statement:

Compensation of postmasters.....	\$19,112,096 99
Compensation of clerks in postoffices	12,400,393 93
Rent, light and fuel for first, second and third class postoffices.....	1,801,994 81
Miscellaneous items, including office furniture.....	196,109 13
Advertising and miscellaneous items.....	22,217 10
Free-delivery service.....	14,512,190 04
Rural free delivery service.....	420,433 17
Stationery for postoffices and money order service.....	64,991 03
Wrapping twine, wrapping paper, packing boxes, etc.....	186,943 61
Printing and facing slips.....	19,936 18
Canceling machines.....	146,783 11
Blanks, blank books, stamps, etc., for money order service.....	95,739 06
Payment of money orders more than one year old	61,011 80
Railway postal car service.....	4,182,482 79
Inland mail transportation, railroad	32,940,794 48
Inland mail transportation, railroad special facilities.....	181,154 70
Inland mail transportation, star.....	5,041,338 85
Inland mail transportation, steamboat.....	497,938 04
Inland mail transportation, electric and cable car.....	283,258 40
Mail messenger service.....	915,185 10
Screen-wagon service	717,522 41
Mail bags, catchers, locks, keys, repairs.....	318,752 94
Railway postoffice clerks.....	8,838,993 92
Transportation of foreign mails.....	1,953,701 87
Balance due foreign countries.....	143,563 95
Pneumatic-tube service	212,409 26
Military postal service.....	61,887 34
Manufacture and distribution of postage stamps.....	211,957 69
Manufacture of stamped envelopes and distribution.....	521,640 70
Manufacture and distribution of postal cards.....	155,421 29
Registered-package, tag, official and dead-letter envelopes.....	96,987 52
Ship, steamboat, and way letters	333 02
Special-delivery service.....	479,338 17
Mail depredations and postoffice inspectors	421,672 22
Payment of rewards and other sundry items.....	20,921 91
Total	\$107,249,298 13

The postal revenue from all sources was as follows:

Letter postage	\$147,327 67
Second class postage.....	3,825,389 99
Box rents and branch offices	2,827,724 19
Fines and penalties.....	21,744 51
Postage stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, etc.	94,013,699 63
Dead letters.....	14,437 72
Revenue from money order business	1,455,145 85
Miscellaneous.....	49,109 73
Total receipts	\$102,354,579 29
Excess of expenditures over receipts.....	\$4,894,718 84

UNITED STATES POST OFFICE STATISTICS.

Fiscal year.	Post offices.	Post routes, miles.	Revenue received.	Department expenditures.	AMOUNT PAID FOR	
					Salaries of postmasters.	Mail transportation.
1865 . . .	20,570	142,340	\$14,556,159	\$13,694,728	\$3,383,382	\$6,246,634
1870 . . .	28,492	231,2-2	19,772,221	23,498,837	4,673,466	10,881,653
1875 . . .	35,547	277,873	26,791,360	33,611,309	7,049,936	18,777,202
1876 . . .	36,383	281,798	27,895,908	33,263,488	7,397,397	18,261,048
1877 . . .	37,345	292,820	27,468,323	33,486,322	7,295,251	18,529,238
1878 . . .	39,238	301,966	29,277,517	34,165,081	7,977,852	19,262,421
1879 . . .	40,855	316,711	30,041,983	35,449,899	7,185,540	20,012,872
1880 . . .	42,989	313,888	33,315,479	36,542,804	7,701,418	22,255,984
1881 . . .	44,512	344,006	35,785,398	39,251,736	8,298,743	23,196,032
1882 . . .	46,231	343,618	41,876,410	40,039,635	8,964,677	22,846,112
1883 . . .	47,863	353,186	45,508,693	42,816,700	10,319,441	23,067,323
1884 . . .	50,017	359,530	43,338,127	46,404,960	11,283,831	23,359,816
1885 . . .	51,252	365,251	42,560,844	49,533,150	11,431,305	27,765,124
1886 . . .	53,614	366,667	43,948,423	50,839,435	11,348,178	27,553,239
1887 . . .	55,157	373,142	48,837,610	52,391,678	11,929,481	28,135,769
1888 . . .	57,281	*408,977	52,695,176	55,795,358	12,600,186	29,151,463
1889 . . .	58,999	*416,159	56,175,611	61,376,847	13,171,382	31,593,359
1890 . . .	62,401	427,991	60,8-2,097	65,930,717	*13,753,096	33,885,973
1891 . . .	64,329	439,027	65,931,785	71,662,463	14,527,000	36,805,621
1892 . . .	67,119	447,591	70,930,475	76,323,762	15,249,565	38,837,236
1893 . . .	68,403	453,832	75,896,933	81,074,104	15,862,621	41,179,054
1894 . . .	69,805	454,746	75,080,479	84,324,414	15,899,709	43,373,359
1895 . . .	70,064	456,026	76,983,128	86,790,172	16,079,508	46,536,326
1896 . . .	70,360	463,313	82,499,208	90,626,296	16,576,674	47,993,087
1897 . . .	71,022	470,032	82,665,462	94,077,242	16,917,621	49,332,074
1898 . . .	73,570	480,462	89,012,618	98,033,523	17,460,621	51,780,237
1899 . . .	75,000	496,948	95,021,384	101,632,160	18,223,506	53,331,553
1900 . . .	76,688	500,982	102,351,579	107,740,268	19,112,097	55,772,831

* Includes mail messenger and special office service. There were, June 30, 1900, 4 280 Presidential offices and 72,408 fourth class offices. Total pieces of postal matter handled about 8,000,000,000 annually.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

The free delivery of mail to residents in the country is of recent origin. It was undertaken by the postal department, as an experiment in 1896, when a few routes were established in different parts of the country to test the advisability. One of these experimental routes was in Wisconsin. It was established November 16, 1896, covered an area of sixty square miles, served mail to 1,315 persons and had four carriers with 109 miles of route divided among them to cover daily, going out from and returning to Sun Prairie, Dane county. Some opposition to the idea was generated in its early stages by crossroads merchants, country postmasters and star route mail carriers, but this was speedily overcome, as the people began to receive and comprehend the value of the service and rural free delivery soon demonstrated that it had come to stay. From October 1, 1896, to June 30, 1900, there had been established throughout the country 313 rural free delivery routes, serving a population of 879,127, embracing 29,753 square miles of territory, employing 1,276 carriers whose aggregate length of route was 28,635 miles. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, these carriers handled 35,056,249 pieces of mail.

In four months following the fiscal year 1899-1900, from July 1, to November 1, 1900, there were 1,333 additional routes established, or 520 more than during the preceding four years. The routes established during these four months supplied 922,397 persons with mail, embraced an area of 37,036 square miles and employed 1,333 carriers whose aggregate length of routes was 33,294 miles.

The people of Wisconsin have fared well in the distribution of this service. Up to November 1, 1900, there had been established in this state 118 circuits in thirty-nine counties, employing 159 carriers, serving mail to 103,224 persons, with an aggregate of 3,989 miles of circuits embracing a total area of 5,156 square miles.

Through the efforts of Congressman Otjen of Milwaukee, the additional circuits established in Wisconsin up to Feb. 15th were secured for the Blue Book. From Nov. 1, 1900, to Feb. 15, 1901, twenty-nine additional circuits were established with thirty-nine carriers, serving 23,721 persons, covering an area of 1,276 square miles with a total circuit mileage of 994½ miles. Thus the total rural free delivery service in Wisconsin established up to Feb. 15, 1901, was as follows: Number of circuits, 147; carriers employed, 198; population served, 131,945; total length of circuits, 4,983¾ miles; area covered, 6,432 square miles. The table following shows the location of the circuits in Wisconsin by counties. It was compiled from the report of the First Assistant Postmaster General up to Nov. 1, 1900, in which no fractions of miles in circuits were given; and routes established since the issue of that report have been added:

RURAL FREE DELIVERY IN WISCONSIN.

County.	Circuit from	When established.	Population served.	Area square miles.	Miles in circuit.	Number carriers.
Barron.....	Cumberland.....	May 1, 1900	747	39	25	1
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	May 14, 1900	1,800	75	49	2
	Green Bay.....	Oct. 1, 1900	1,350	40	29	1
Buffalo.....	Mondovi.....	Oct. 1, 1900	2,050	138	103	4
Calumet....	Hayton.....	Apr. 4, 1900	675	45	26	1
	Hilbert.....	Mar. 15, 1900	765	33	23	1
Chippewa...	Bloomer.....	Oct. 1, 1900	1,330	72	68	2
	Cadott.....	Sept. 15, 1900	675	39	27	1
	Chippewa Falls..	Sept. 1, 1900	585	36	27	1
	Chippewa Falls..	Feb. 1, 1901	1,810	99	78¾	3
	Stanley.....	Feb. 1, 1901	675	33	24½	1
Columbia...	Cambria.....	Nov. 15, 1900	720	33	25½	1
	Cambria.....	Dec. 1, 1900	1,295	63	52	2
	Columbus.....	Aug. 15, 1899	600	24	18	1
	Columbus.....	Sept. 1, 1900	630	67	52	2
	Fall River.....	Nov. 15, 1900	630	30	24¾	1
	Lodi.....	Jan. 4, 1900	700	31	24	1
	Lodi.....	Nov. 1, 1900	639	28	26	1
	Portage.....	Feb. 15, 1901	1,170	65	50½	2
	Poynette.....	Oct. 15, 1900	1,180	64	54	2
	Rio.....	Nov. 1, 1900	640	33	21	1
	Wycocena.....	Oct. 1, 1900	558	28	24	1
Dano.....	Belleville.....	Aug. 1, 1900	600	48	28	1
	Cambridge.....	Nov. 1, 1900	605	36	25	1
	Deerfield.....	Nov. 1, 1900	900	31	26	1
	De Forest.....	Sept. 15, 1900	765	36	27	1
	Madison.....	Mar. 15, 1900	585	31	25	1
	Madison.....	Dec. 15, 1900	639	22	24	1
	Madison.....	Feb. 1, 1901	1,305	54	54½	2
	Marshall.....	Sept. 5, 1899	1,912	33	68	3
	Marshall.....	Jan. 15, 1901	630	27	24¼	1
	Middleton.....	Aug. 1, 1900	550	32	23	1
	Morrisonville..	Nov. 1, 1900	675	28	25	1
	Mount Horeb...	July 23, 1900	1,035	62	51	2
	Stoughton.....	Dec. 15, 1900	819	32	22½	1
	Sun Prairie.....	Nov. 16, 1896	1,315	60	109	4
Verona.....	Nov. 1, 1900	585	28	22	1	
Dodge.....	Beaver Dam.....	Aug. 15, 1900	1,800	75	55	2
	Fox Lake.....	Aug. 15, 1900	585	36	25	1
	Juneau.....	Nov. 15, 1900	700	30	28	1
	Randolph.....	Oct. 15, 1900	630	32	26	1
	Randolph.....	Dec. 15, 1900	576	28	24¾	1
	Rubicon.....	Oct. 15, 1900	675	33	26	1
Dunn.....	Downing.....	Feb. 1, 1901	585	40	26½	1
	Menomonie.....	Apr. 2, 1900	612	37	22	1
	Menomonie.....	Oct. 15, 1900	1,365	81	59	2
Eau Claire..	Augusta.....	Apr. 2, 1900	700	36	26	1
	Eau Claire.....	Apr. 16, 1900	850	29	24	1
	Eau Claire.....	Sept. 3, 1900	1,250	67	51	2

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RURAL FREE DELIVERY IN WISCONSIN—Continued.

County.	Circuit from	When established.	Popula- tion served.	Area square miles.	Miles in circuit.	Number carriers.
Fond du Lac	Brandon	Oct. 15, 1900	1,000	40	25 ²	1
	Campbellsport	May 1, 1900	900	37	21	1
	Fond du Lac	May 1, 1900	1,000	40	23	1
	Fond du Lac	Oct. 15, 1900	1,620	88	50	2
	Ripon	Oct. 23, 1899	1,650	60	57	2
	Waupun	Aug. 1, 1900	800	36	24	1
Grant	Boscobel	May 1, 1900	450	38	24	1
	Boscobel	Oct. 15, 1900	1,575	73	53	2
	Fennimore	Feb. 5, 1900	600	33	26	1
	Fennimore	Nov. 1, 1900	500	34	24	1
	Glen Haven	Nov. 15, 1900	450	28	24 ³ / ₄	1
	Lancaster	May 1, 1900	1,765	113	80	3
	Lancaster	June 4, 1900	540	40	29	1
	Livingston	May 15, 1900	540	40	25	1
	Livingston	Feb. 1, 1901	459	32	25 ¹ / ₂	1
	Muscoda	Dec. 15, 1900	1,493	90	62 ¹ / ₂	2
	Platteville	Oct. 16, 1899	700	28	26	1
Platteville	Platteville	May 14, 1900	1,188	67	51	2
	Stitzer	Dec. 1, 1900	990	57	48 ³ / ₄	2
Green	Brodhead	July 16, 1900	600	33	23	1
	Monroe	Aug. 15, 1900	1,200	61	43	2
Green Lake.	Berlin	Jan. 11, 1900	630	30	23	1
	Berlin	Nov. 1, 1900	585	30	25	1
	Markesan	May 14, 1900	650	43	28	1
Iowa	Barneveld	Aug. 1, 1900	450	34	23	1
Jackson	Alma Center	Aug. 15, 1899	702	17	22	1
	Alma Center	Aug. 15, 1900	1,000	50	51	2
	Black River Falls	Aug. 15, 1900	1,000	67	45	2
Jefferson	Fort Atkinson	Sept. 18, 1899	825	27	23	1
	Watertown	Aug. 1, 1900	800	40	27	1
	Watertown	Nov. 15, 1900	763	36	27 ¹ / ₄	1
Juneau	Elroy	May 1, 1900	700	20	21	1
	Elroy	Feb. 15, 1901	981	61	48 ¹ / ₄	2
	Mauston	Sept. 5, 1899	750	22	18	1
	Mauston	Apr. 2, 1900	600	27	23	1
La Crosse	Bangor	Sept. 1, 1900	1,000	65	69	2
	La Crosse	Sept. 1, 1900	1,700	88	70	3
	Onalaska	Aug. 15, 1900	400	20	24	1
	West Salem	Aug. 1, 1899	90	54	49	2
	West Salem	Aug. 15, 1900	700	31	22	1
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Mar. 15, 1900	810	37	22	1
Marathon	Wausau	Feb. 1, 1900	575	38	24	1
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Oct. 16, 1899	950	27	24	1
	Milw., Sta. B	Mar. 15, 1900	1,000	33	25	1
	Milw., Sta. D	Apr. 16, 1900	900	18	15	1
Monroe	Kendall	Oct. 15, 1900	500	29	21	1
	Leon	May 14, 1900	650	40	24	1
	Norwalk	Sept. 5, 1899	800	23	22	1
	Sparta	Sept. 5, 1899	750	23	19	1
	Sparta	June 4, 1900	1,450	74	49	2
	Tomah	Sept. 5, 1899	700	30	22	1
	Tomah	Aug. 15, 1900	1,600	100	73	3
	Wilton	Aug. 15, 1900	1,000	61	49	2
	Outagamie	Appleton	Mar. 15, 1900	1,500	38	25	1
Appleton		Aug. 15, 1900	1,000	35	26	1
Hortonville		Nov. 1, 1900	900	40	28	1
Seymour		Nov. 1, 1900	900	30	28	1
Pepin		Durand	May 14, 1900	650	37	24	1
	Pierce	River Falls	Sept. 15, 1900	950	41	25	1

RURAL FREE DELIVERY IN WISCONSIN—Continued.

County.	Circuit from	When established.	Population served.	Area square miles.	Miles in circuit.	Number carriers.
Portage.....	Plover.....	Jan. 2, 1901	1,125	42	30	1
Richland....	Richland Center...	Aug. 15, 1900	765	36	26	1
	Viola.....	Oct. 1, 1900	765	36	26	1
Rock.....	Beloit.....	July 16, 1900	1,350	73	54	2
	Beloit.....	Feb. 1, 1901	500	85	23½	1
	Edgerton.....	Sept. 1, 1900	1,860	53	50	2
	Milton.....	Sept. 1, 1900	800	36	25	1
	Milton Junction...	Apr. 2, 1900	700	30	23	1
St. Croix....	Glenwood.....	Feb. 15, 1901	530	35	24	1
	Hudson.....	Aug. 13, 1900	600	40	27	1
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Sept. 1, 1900	1,278	69	53	2
	Prairie du Sac....	Apr. 2, 1900	675	30	26	1
	Prairie du Sac....	Nov. 15, 1900	563	40	27½	1
	Reedsburg.....	Feb. 1, 1901	606	43	23½	1
	Sauk City.....	Feb. 15, 1901	1,085	88	56½	2
	Sprung Green.....	May 14, 1900	983	75	51	2
Sheboygan..	Cedar Grove.....	Nov. 15, 1900	900	32	26½	1
	Oostburg.....	Nov. 1, 1900	900	32	25	1
	Plymouth.....	Apr. 16, 1900	770	49	28	1
	Plymouth.....	Oct. 15, 1900	950	40	28	1
	Sheboygan.....	June 4, 1900	750	31	25	1
	Sheboygan.....	June 18, 1900	550	31	25	1
	Sheboygan Falls..	Dec. 4, 1899	1,000	31	26	1
	Sheboygan Falls..	June 4, 1900	1,000	42	28	1
Taylor.....	Jackson.....	Dec. 1, 1900	572	33	25	1
Trempealeau	Osseo.....	Sept. 5, 1899	918	23	25	1
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Aug. 1, 1899	1,900	63	63	3
	Westby.....	Aug. 13, 1900	1,620	67	50	2
Walworth...	Whitewater.....	Mar. 15, 1900	700	28	24	1
Washington.	Barton.....	June 18, 1900	500	30	21	1
	West Bend.....	June 18, 1900	550	25	19	1
Waukesha..	Dousman.....	Nov. 15, 1900	500	33	25	1
	Oconomowoc.....	Apr. 2, 1900	815	46	27	1
	Waukesha.....	Mar. 1, 1900	590	42	26	1
Waupaca...	Waupaca.....	Dec. 15, 1900	580	35	29½	1
	Weyauwega.....	Nov. 1, 1900	630	32	22	1
Winnebago..	Neenah.....	June 18, 1900	900	40	26	1
	Oshkosh.....	Dec. 4, 1899	1,800	67	53	2
Wood.....	Marshfield.....	June 4, 1900	700	30	26	1
Totals, 41 counties; 147 circuits			131,945	6,432	4,938½	198

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN

IN DETAIL AS SHOWN BY THREE SUCCESSIVE
CENSUSES.

RESULTS BY COUNTIES AND MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS BY THE
FEDERAL COUNTS OF 1900 AND 1890, AND BY THE STATE
CENSUS OF 1895.

INCREASE BY TEN YEAR PERIODS AS SHOWN BY U. S. CENSUS ONLY.			INCREASE BY FIVE YEAR PERIODS AS SHOWN BY U. S. AND STATE CENSUSES.		
Census years.	Increase.		Census year.	Increase.	
	Number.	Per cent		Number.	Per cent.
1840 to 1850.....	274,446	836.88	.....	.....	.....
1850 to 1860.....	470,490	154.03	{ 1850 to 1855.....	216,718	80.79
			{ 1855 to 1860.....	223,772	73.27
1860 to 1870.....	278,789	35.93	{ 1860 to 1865.....	92,444	11.91
			{ 1865 to 1870.....	186,345	24.02
1870 to 1880.....	260,827	24.73	{ 1870 to 1875.....	182,059	17.23
			{ 1875 to 1880.....	78,768	7.47
1880 to 1890.....	371,333	28.23	{ 1880 to 1885.....	217,916	18.85
			{ 1885 to 1890.....	123,467	9.38
1890 to 1900.....	332,162	22.65	{ 1890 to 1895.....	251,035	14.88
			{ 1895 to 1900.....	131,127	7.77

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
ADAMS COUNTY—			
Adams	588	488	516
Big Flats	550	322	257
Colburn ¹	392	.....	267
Dell Prairie	581	448	516
Easton	487	376	401
Jackson	589	504	556
Leola	384	240	255
Lincoln	479	440	472
Monroe	595	462	452

¹Town of Colburn organized from parts of Leola and Richfield since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
ADAMS COUNTY—Continued.			
New Chester	397	344	382
New Haven	693	746	714
Preston	377	209	217
Quincy	432	393	384
Richfield	417	335	337
Rome	654	238	251
Springville	568	474	506
Strong's Prairie	958	870	955
Total	9,141	6,889	7,532
ASHLAND COUNTY¹—			
Ashland city	13,074	9,956	12,310
ward 1	1,262	1,445	2,588
ward 2	1,681	1,714	2,218
ward 3	1,503	1,772	1,382
ward 4	928	2,301	2,272
ward 5	1,254	2,721	2,528
ward 6	1,435	.....	1,352
ward 7	1,397	.....	.....
ward 8	1,559	.....	.....
ward 9	1,171	.....	.....
ward 10	884	.....	.....
Ashland	709	1,507	.....
Butternut	1,680	1,210	.....
Gordon	231	.....	.....
Jacobs	1,270	1,277	.....
La Pointe	292	.....	.....
Morse	1,023	.....	.....
Sanborn	1,270	.....	.....
Lapointe Indian reservation	627	.....	.....
Total	20,176	20,063	17,241
BARRON COUNTY—			
Almena ²	713	.....	.....
Barron city	1,493	829	1,204
Barron	864	400	590
Cameron village ³	394	.....	295
Cedar Lake	707	531	650
Chetek city	531	406	487
Chetek	692	1,322	614
Clinton	1,269	479	881
Cumberland city	1,328	1,219	1,426
Cumberland	2,259	1,546	1,840
Dallas	1,279	1,033	1,133
Dovre ⁴	941	.....	716
Maple Grove	1,512	976	1,233
Oak Grove	1,088	608	704
Prairie Farm	1,428	1,047	1,212
Rice Lake city	3,002	2,130	3,162
ward 1	711	576	676
ward 2	611	531	802
ward 3	680	351	619
ward 4	1,000	672	1,065
Rice Lake ⁵	685	.....	.....
Stanford ⁶	659	589	972
Stanley	738	748	601

¹Part of Iron county taken from Ashland since 1890; townships in remaining territory changed, prohibiting reliable comparison.

²Organized from part of Turtle Lake town since 1895.

³Organized from part of Stanley town since 1890.

⁴Part of Chetek town in 1890.

⁵Part of Stanford town in 1890-95.

⁶Divided to form Rice Lake town since 1895.

MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

TOWNS, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
BARRON COUNTY—Continued.			
Summer	508	365	492
Turtle Lake	595	874	506
Turtle Lake village ¹	326	.....	.....
Vance Creek	566	314	359
Total	23,677	15,416	20,122
GAYFIELD COUNTY—			
Bayfield	570	527	1,244
Bayfield village	1,689	1,373	1,368
Drummond	790	696	812
Iron River ²	2,439	.....	2,624
Mason	1,210	1,095	740
Pratt ³	482	.....	.....
Washburn (including village) ⁴	6,814	3,699	5,807
Red Cliff Indian reservation ⁵	398	.....	.....
Total	14,392	7,390	12,595
BROWN COUNTY—			
Allouez	720	363	378
Ashwaubenon	540	479	558
Bellevue	864	838	869
De Pere city	4,038	3,625	4,292
ward 1	1,028	.....	.....
ward 2	987	.....	.....
ward 3	1,112	.....	.....
ward 4	881	.....	.....
Depere	893	969	1,013
Eaton	1,154	1,102	1,249
Glenmore	1,421	1,441	1,539
Green Bay city ⁶	13,634	13,823	18,290
ward 1	2,995	.....	.....
ward 2	2,062	.....	.....
ward 3	1,509	.....	.....
ward 4	2,758	.....	.....
ward 5	2,587	.....	.....
ward 6	2,658	.....	.....
ward 7	1,673	.....	.....
ward 8	2,436	.....	.....
Green Bay	920	1,008	971
Holland	1,257	1,249	1,326
Howard	1,509	1,261	1,502
Huboldt	1,043	1,068	1,102
Lawrence	1,048	949	1,044
Morrison	1,493	1,449	1,520
New Denmark	1,474	1,553	1,568
Pittsfield	1,411	941	1,374
Preble	1,957	1,160	1,536
Rockland	838	800	833
Scott	1,177	1,288	1,293
Snamico	1,228	906	1,099
Wrightstown ⁶	1,575	1,693	3,267
Wrightstown village	420	476	.....
Oneida Ind. Res. (part in Brown Co.) ⁷	695	723	.....
Total	46,359	39,164	45,623

¹Was part of Turtle Lake town in 1890-95.

²Iron River town organized from parts of Bayfield, Drummond and Mason since 1890.

³Was part of Mason town in 1895.

⁴Not reported in 1890-95.

⁵Fort Howard annexed since 1890.

⁶Includes Wrightstown village and part of Oneida Indian Res., in 1895.

⁷Total for Oneida Ind. Res. in Brown and Outagamie counties, 1,704.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
BUFFALO COUNTY—			
Alma city	1,201	1,428	1,528
Alma	655	710	769
Belvidere	749	750	749
Buffalo city	254	223	291
Buffalo	694	647	691
Canton	789	744	763
Cross	621	671	652
Dover	861	757	798
Fountain City	1,031	972	1,065
Gilmanton	829	599	723
Glencoe	787	692	865
Lincoln	589	556	568
Maxville	666	602	653
Milton	366	389	366
Modena	872	828	892
Mondovi city	1,208	503	928
Mondovi	622	587	644
Montana	767	840	803
Naples	886	727	806
Nelson	1,505	1,919	1,582
Waumandee	813	853	912
Total	16,765	15,997	16,931
BURNETT COUNTY—			
Grantsburg	1,688	1,447	1,713
Grantsburg village	612	410	518
Marshland ¹	708	678	1,148
Meenon ¹	1,252	.....	.....
Rusk	630	.....	437
Trade Lake	1,174	825	1,091
Wood Lake	1,414	801	985
Total	7,478	4,393	5,892
CALUMET COUNTY—			
Brillion	1,563	1,510	1,661
Brillion village	855	582	874
Brothertown	1,539	1,629	1,630
Charlestown	1,343	1,362	1,326
Chilton city	1,460	1,424	1,601
Chilton	1,350	1,349	1,376
Harrison	2,022	1,987	2,174
Hilbert village ²	497	.....	.....
New Holstein	1,893	1,735	1,846
Rantoul ²	1,299	1,686	1,758
Stockbridge	1,942	1,948	2,023
Woodville	1,315	1,427	1,475
Total	17,078	16,639	17,744
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—			
Anson	697	533	634
Arthur	924	622	618
Anburn	1,678	1,584	1,584
Big Bend	1,854	820	1,117
Bloomer ³	1,470	1,720	1,979
Bloomer village	811	631	669
Bord village	674	545	738
Cadott village	840	889	838

¹Meenon town organized from part of Marshland since 1895.²Hilbert village organized from part of Rantoul town since 1895.³Parts of Bloomer town taken to form Strickland and part of Sampson since 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—Continued.			
Chippewa Falls city	8,094	8,670	9,193
ward 1	1,065	929	1,157
ward 2	1,189	1,174	1,311
ward 3	1,063	1,298	1,440
ward 4	562	685	682
ward 5	994	920	1,042
ward 6	841	902	958
ward 7	619	647	694
ward 8	711	896	730
ward 9	620	683	727
ward 10	425	436	455
Cleveland ¹	577	395	553
Colburn ²	513	347	457
Dewey ²	683	.....	.....
Eagle Point	1,398	1,282	1,296
Edson ³	1,936	1,619	2,885
Flambeau	733	289	417
Lafayette	1,797	1,514	1,583
Lawrence ²	793	272	412
Sampson ⁴	626	.....	.....
Sigel	911	698	786
Stanley city ⁵	2,387	.....	.....
ward 1	956	.....	.....
ward 2	707	.....	.....
ward 3	724	.....	.....
Strickland ⁴	288	.....	.....
Tilden	1,413	1,313	1,422
Wheaton	1,860	1,400	1,743
Total	33,037	25,143	28,727
CLARK COUNTY—			
Abbotsford village ⁶	443	.....	360
Beaver	622	355	415
Colby city, west ward ⁶	454	.....	324
Colby	754	1,106	748
Eaton ⁷	602	707	479
Fremont	762	411	497
Grant	1,277	1,143	1,212
Green Grove	354	242	319
Greenwood city ⁷	708	.....	559
Hewett	299	151	223
Hixon ⁸	831	578	874
Hoard	525	310	372
Levis	746	329	481
Longwood ⁸	422	.....	.....
Loyal	995	979	957
Loyal village ⁹	645	.....	418
Lynn	711	453	513
Mayville	1,581	1,450	1,293
Mayville ¹⁰	103	.....	.....
Mentor	1,009	684	842
Neillsville city	2,104	1,955	2,206
ward 1	671	697	796
ward 2	642	735	679
ward 3	791	594	731

¹Part of Cleveland taken to form part of Sampson since 1895.

²Dewey organized from parts of Colburn and Lawrence in 1898.

³Stanley city organized from part of Edson town since 1895.

⁴Parts of Bloomer town taken to form Strickland and part of Sampson since 1895.

⁵Organized from parts of Colby and Mayville towns since 1890.

⁶Was part of Colby town in 1890.

⁷Greenwood city organized from part of Eaton and Warren towns since 1890.

⁸Longwood and Reseburg towns organized from parts of Hixon since 1890.

⁹Part of Loyal town in 1890.

¹⁰Was part of Warren town in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
CLARK COUNTY—			
Pine Valley			
Reseburg ¹	1,130	886	1,032
Sherman	615	.....	485
Sherwood Forest	615	470	533
Thorp ²	231	155	182
Thorp village	856	804	635
Unity	838	723	829
Thorp ³	855	722	734
Washburn	856	704	695
Weston	522	200	315
Withee	1,900	863	889
Worden ⁴	1,004	724	628
York	645	.....	415
York	980	836	927
Total	25,848	17,708	21,342
COLUMBIA COUNTY—			
Arlington			
Caledonia	794	828	845
Cambria village	1,188	1,336	1,513
Columbus city	561	824	570
ward 1	2,349	1,977	2,287
ward 2	875	.....	811
ward 3	700	.....	671
ward 3	774	.....	805
Columbus	744	800	798
Courtland	820	815	875
Dekorra	908	869	873
Fort Winnebago	665	646	645
Fountain Prairie	1,409	1,315	1,366
Hampden	887	961	923
Kilbourn City village	1,134	961	1,207
Leeds	1,214	1,171	1,217
Lewiston	901	936	934
Lodi	750	732	743
Lodi village	1,068	736	975
Lowville	784	733	821
Marcelton	882	845	853
Newport	585	487	544
Otsego	1,226	1,127	1,266
Pacific	289	255	272
Pardeeville village ⁴	788	.....	574
Portage city	5,459	5,143	5,419
ward 1	658	.....	667
ward 2	1,032	.....	1,012
ward 3	900	.....	923
ward 4	1,287	.....	1,316
ward 5	1,582	.....	1,501
Poynette village			
Randolph	633	517	593
Randolph village, west ward	951	830	912
Rio village	190	97	134
Scott	497	393	432
Springvale	811	824	882
West Point	751	703	718
Wycocna ⁴	743	701	759
Wycocna ⁴	1,158	1,303	1,118
Total	31,121	28,350	30,868

¹Longwood and Reseburg towns organized from parts of Hixon since 1890.²Worden town organized from part of Thorp since 1890.³Greenwood City organized from part of Eaton and Warren towns since 1890.⁴Pardeeville village organized from part of Wycocna town since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
CRAWFORD COUNTY—			
Bridgeport	357	410	397
Clayton	2,080	2,050	1,968
DeSoto village (part of)	87	97	111
Eastman	1,471	1,436	1,483
Freeman	1,533	1,417	1,647
Hayney	863	738	924
Lynxville village	322	243	310
Marietta	1,262	1,300	1,285
Prairie du Chien city	3,232	3,131	3,286
ward 1	626	629	695
ward 2	1,049	1,131	1,085
ward 3	1,211	1,063	1,146
ward 4	346	308	360
Prairie du Chien	595	602	592
Scott	1,004	1,079	1,077
Seneca	1,200	1,197	1,158
Soldiers Grove village ¹	680	.....	450
Utica	1,548	1,389	1,497
Wauzeka	576	916	607
Wauzeka village	471	.....	411
Total	17,286	15,987	17,203
DANE COUNTY—			
Albion	1,590	1,516	1,588
Belleville village	385	319	409
Berry	924	1,003	1,012
Black Earth	796	742	809
Blooming Grove	1,119	559	1,067
Blue Mounds ²	1,048	1,449	1,669
Bristol	1,268	1,693	1,793
Burke	1,230	1,129	1,247
Christiana	2,401	2,379	2,380
Cottage Grove	1,307	1,305	1,319
Cross Plains	1,206	1,103	1,171
Dane ³	933	1,161	976
Dane village ³	280	.....	274
Deerfield	1,104	1,235	1,200
Deerfield village	515	338	519
Dunkirk	1,536	1,406	1,574
Dunn	1,155	1,113	1,167
Fitchburg	1,004	958	1,046
Madison city ⁴	19,164	13,426	15,950
ward 1	1,855	2,845	3,125
ward 2	2,456	2,943	3,341
ward 3	1,588	1,512	1,757
ward 4	3,030	2,284	2,687
ward 5	3,401	2,164	3,003
ward 6	2,882	1,673	2,037
ward 7	1,819	.....	.....
ward 8	2,123	.....	.....
Madison	1,567	919	1,251
Mazomanie	493	448	503
Mazomanie village	902	1,034	1,015
Medina	1,484	1,293	1,499
Middleton	1,550	1,433	1,508
Montrose	997	932	1,018
Mt. Horeb village ²	864	.....	654
Oregon	881	841	862
Oregon village	697	595	637
Perry	1,050	996	997
Pleasant Springs	1,435	1,501	1,510

¹Soldiers Grove village was part of Clayton town in 1890.

²Mt. Horeb village part of Blue Mounds town in 1890.

³Dane village part of Dane town in 1890.

⁴Madison city redistricted; 6 wards made 8 since 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
DANE COUNTY—Continued.			
Primrose	817	889	902
Roxbury	966	1,073	999
Rutland	1,297	1,222	1,320
Springdale	1,050	1,120	1,136
Springfield	1,108	1,111	1,154
Stoughton city ¹	3,431	2,470	2,936
ward 1	1,351		
ward 2	2,080		
Sun Prairie	1,039	912	995
Sun Prairie village	938	704	823
Vermont	826	892	890
Vienna	1,335	1,225	1,251
Vienna	1,048	1,009	1,155
Waunakee village	443	312	420
Westport	1,472	1,581	1,543
Windsor	1,809	1,329	1,757
York	943	963	973
Total	69,435	59,578	65,669
DODGE COUNTY—			
Ashpurn	1,339	1,344	1,373
Beaver Dam city	5,123	4,222	5,042
ward 1	822		831
ward 2	1,405		1,335
ward 3	1,493		1,397
ward 4	1,408		1,479
Beaver Dam	1,340	1,341	1,376
Burnett	1,061	1,026	1,109
Calamus	1,096	1,083	1,113
Chester	707	736	737
Clyman	1,256	1,293	1,219
Elba	1,066	1,117	1,091
Emmett	1,152	1,248	1,303
Fox Lake	741	802	860
Fox Lake village	890	814	1,003
Herman	1,394	1,478	1,439
Horicon city	1,376	1,354	1,513
Hubbard	1,563	1,690	1,719
Hustisford	1,606	1,639	1,665
Juneau city	891	701	793
Lebanon	1,469	1,505	1,474
Le Roy	1,344	1,413	1,493
Lomira ²	1,560	1,816	1,881
Lomira village ²	492		
Lowell	1,713	1,859	1,811
Lowell village	333	304	331
Mayville city ³	1,815	1,165	1,539
ward 1	486		
ward 2	420		
ward 3	909		
Oak Grove	1,554	1,559	1,718
Portland	1,129	1,163	1,171
Randolph village, east ward	548	326	454
Reeseville village	333	329	396
Rubicon	1,449	1,520	1,472
Shields	868	919	949
Theresa	1,433	1,761	1,490
Theresa village ⁴	355		272
Trenton	1,429	1,472	1,562

¹Stoughton city not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.²Lomira village part of Lomira town in 1890-95.³Mayville city not enumerated by wards in 1890-95; part of Williamstown town annexed since in 1890.⁴Part of town of Theresa in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
DODGE COUNTY—Continued.			
Watertown city, in Dodge Co.....	2,170	2,249	2,471
Waupun city, south ward.....	2,067	1,695	2,011
Westford	909	970	992
Williamstown	1,015	1,013	1,012
Total	46,631	44,984	47,851
DORCHESTER COUNTY—			
Bailey's Harbor	645	603	695
Brussels	1,287	1,085	1,200
Claybanks	557	609	581
Egg Harbor	882	821	943
Forestville	1,364	1,361	1,352
Gardner	785	805	883
Gibraltar	1,185	934	1,158
Jacksonport	913	817	955
Liberty Grove	1,550	1,536	1,563
Nasewaupce	1,340	1,057	1,194
Sevastopol	1,607	1,313	1,576
Sturgeon Bay city ¹	3,372	2,195	2,790
ward 1	1,299	.....	.....
ward 2	651	.....	.....
ward 3	721	.....	.....
ward 4	701	.....	.....
Sturgeon Bay	585	1,135	587
Unior	639	673	730
Washington	863	738	812
Total	17,583	15,682	16,969
DUGLASS COUNTY—			
Brule	1,125	386	1,012
Gordon	403	184	458
Nebagamain	2,271	554	1,179
Superior city ²	31,091	11,983	26,163
ward 1	2,724	846	3,114
ward 2	2,043	1,453	1,785
ward 3	1,543	1,295	2,443
ward 4	6,859	4,436	5,153
ward 5	5,107	1,215	3,960
ward 6	2,488	993	1,675
ward 7	4,621	1,695	3,713
ward 8	1,495	.....	1,701
ward 9	3,150	.....	2,624
ward 10	1,061	.....	.....
Superior ²	1,445	361	1,169
Total	36,335	13,468	29,986
DUNN COUNTY—			
Colfax	1,083	672	861
Dunn	1,410	1,258	1,040
Eau Galle	1,347	1,218	1,205
Elk Mound	812	695	682
Grant	667	542	641
Hay River	501	486	499
Lucas	885	705	853

¹Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.²Part of Superior town annexed to Superior city since 1890; city redistricted in wards since 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
DUNN COUNTY—Continued.			
Menomonie city	5,655	5,491	6,198
ward 1	1,314	1,417	1,858
ward 2	1,148	1,176	1,493
ward 3	1,187	1,013	1,112
ward 4	2,006	1,885	2,235
Menomonie	1,849	1,633	1,859
New Haven	620	521	493
Otter Creek	337	342	300
Peru	375	342	348
Red Cedar	1,484	1,127	1,093
Rock Creek	646	843	536
Sand Creek	609	620	544
Sheridan	569	423	545
Sherman	780	635	725
Spring Brook	1,287	1,267	1,336
Stanton	1,110	1,113	725
Tainter	479	442	432
Tiffany	1,219	1,118	705
Weston	867	690	855
Wilson	452	481	466
Twelve unincorporated villages enumerated separately in 1895			1,962
Total	25,043	22,664	25,006
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—			
Altoona city	721	805	767
Augusta city	1,256	1,187	1,356
Bridge Creek	1,280	1,122	1,155
Brunswick	714	1,765	1,595
Clear Creek	758	621	684
Drammen	721	556	638
Eau Claire city ¹	17,517	17,415	18,637
ward 1	1,581	3,078	3,391
ward 2	1,595	1,604	1,776
ward 3	1,869	1,975	2,130
ward 4	988	1,035	1,040
ward 5	1,422	1,538	1,627
ward 6	1,938	3,893	4,213
ward 7	2,019	2,128	2,236
ward 8	2,103	2,164	2,224
ward 9	2,156	.....	.....
ward 10	1,846	.....	.....
Fairchild	658	570	616
Fairchild village	947	645	781
Lincoln	1,731	1,786	1,924
Ludington	874	558	688
Otter Creek	729	688	742
Pleasant valley	1,000	737	951
Seymour	559	406	443
Union	905	674	880
Washington	1,322	1,138	1,310
Total	31,692	30,673	33,172
FLORENCE COUNTY—			
Commonwealth	828	895	938
Florence	1,824	1,709	1,551
Homestead ²	545	.....	361
Total	3,197	2,604	2,850

¹Redistricted into wards since 1895.²Homestead town organized from part of Commonwealth since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—			
Alto	1,290	1,316	1,532
Ashford	1,755	1,868	1,849
Auburn	1,417	1,569	1,542
Brandon village	663	660	690
Byron	1,234	1,216	1,344
Calumet	1,443	1,399	1,513
Eden	1,393	1,333	1,399
Eldorado	1,363	1,458	1,467
Empire	865	873	980
Fond du Lac city	15,110	12,024	13,051
ward 1	2,389	1,759	1,933
ward 2	2,404	1,923	2,278
ward 3	2,402	2,112	2,012
ward 4	2,691	2,037	2,181
ward 5	1,013	1,629	838
ward 6	1,106	.....	948
ward 7	1,232	1,084	1,111
ward 8	1,833	1,470	1,750
Fond du Lac	1,280	1,126	1,290
Forest	1,206	1,311	1,236
Friendship	850	856	777
Lamartine	1,223	1,232	1,278
Marshfield	1,992	1,938	2,131
Metomen	1,194	1,193	1,234
Oakfield	1,471	1,324	1,468
Osceola	1,077	1,272	1,139
Ripon city ¹	3,818	3,358	4,380
ward 1	934	.....	.....
ward 2	930	.....	.....
ward 3	916	.....	.....
ward 4	1,038	.....	.....
R'pon	1,067	1,185	1,224
Rosendale	1,106	1,099	1,164
Springvale	1,189	1,092	1,161
Taycheedah	1,293	1,269	1,382
Waupun city, north ward	1,118	1,062	1,205
Waupun	1,170	1,115	1,200
Total	47,589	44,088	47,436
FOREST COUNTY²—			
Cavour	690	.....	.....
Crandon	706	370	.....
Total	1,396	1,012	1,288
GRANT COUNTY—			
Beetown	1,207	1,257	1,130
Bloomington	630	587	635
Bloomington village	611	587	552
Boscobel	138	122	129
Boscobel city ³	1,637	1,570	1,479
ward 1	409	.....	.....
ward 2	402	.....	.....
ward 3	489	.....	.....
ward 4	337	.....	.....
Cassville	643	569	629
Cassville village	979	886	931
Castle Rock	693	681	704
Clifton	1,055	1,074	1,044
Cuba City village ⁴	636	.....	442
Ellenboro	828	814	823
Fennimore	795	807	794

¹Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.

²Reorganized and part taken to form Oneida county since 1890-95 censuses.

³Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.

⁴Cuba City village part of Smelzer town in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
GRANT COUNTY—Continued.			
Pennimore village	1,035	616	876
Glen Haven	819	883	882
Harrison	992	1,020	1,010
Hazel Green	1,160	1,123	1,005
Hazel Green village	442	426	448
Hickory Grove	636	798	690
Jamestown	973	961	1,002
Lancaster	1,659	1,746	1,805
Lancaster city	2,403	1,543	2,174
Liberty	870	881	902
Lima	1,051	1,040	1,082
Little Grant	566	668	629
Marion	566	573	533
Millville	263	197	222
Montfort village	627	467	606
Mt. Hope	671	640	664
Mt. Ida	793	779	825
Muscoda	454	555	540
Muscoda village	743	605	733
Paris	792	773	832
Patch Grove	660	690	662
Platteville	379	947	932
Platteville city	3,340	2,740	3,321
Potosi	1,568	2,110	1,607
Potosi village ¹	434	.....	454
Smelzer ² .....	.....	1,295	933
Waterloo	923	934	978
Waterstown	966	488	493
Wingville	474	913	925
Woodman	854	495	442
Wyalusing	458	786	903
Wyalusing	918	.....	.....
Total	38,881	36,651	38,372
GREEN COUNTY—			
Adams	854	851	871
Albany ³	699	682	719
Albany village	797	698	655
Brodhead city ⁴	1,584	1,461	1,717
ward 1	736	.....	762
ward 2	848	.....	955
Brooklyn	1,188	1,205	1,218
Browntown village	246	.....	326
Cadiz ⁵	1,240	1,507	1,316
Clarno	1,226	1,319	1,351
Decatur	650	685	661
Exeter	917	915	918
Jefferson	1,184	1,278	1,282
Jordan	965	1,101	1,043
Monroe city ⁶	3,927	3,768	3,843
ward 1	930	.....	846
ward 2	896	.....	858
ward 3	1,069	.....	1,104
ward 4	1,032	.....	1,035
Monroe	942	966	1,033
Monticello village	559	407	522
Mt. Pleasant	761	841	842
New Glarus	1,245	1,180	1,202
Spring Grove	1,021	1,135	1,106
Sylvester	909	906	964
Washington	768	818	797
York	1,036	1,009	1,034
Total	22,719	22,732	23,420

¹Potosi village part of Potosi town in 1890.²Cuba City village part of Smelzer town in 1890.³Included Albany village, 1890.⁴Not a city in 1890.⁵Included Browntown village, 1890.⁶Two wards in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—			
Berlin city ¹	4,448	4,149	4,279
ward 1	752	.....	740
ward 2	1,167	.....	1,007
ward 3	1,034	.....	1,027
ward 4	658	.....	713
ward 5	578	.....	738
Berlin	801	767	843
Brooklyn	953	976	1,012
Dartford village	450	204	389
Green Lake	1,288	1,343	1,377
Kingston	770	816	805
Mackford	912	1,039	1,027
Manchester	1,001	1,024	1,108
Markesan village	706	475	523
Marquette	572	812	846
Princeton	1,123	1,167	1,198
Princeton village	1,202	986	1,195
St. Marie	626	751	739
Seneca	645	585	634
Total	15,797	15,163	15,959
IOWA COUNTY—			
Arena	1,363	1,479	1,483
Avoca village	406	278	353
Brigham	1,435	1,341	1,384
Clyde	628	610	618
Dodgeville city	1,865	1,722	2,031
ward 1	604	.....	673
ward 2	722	.....	739
ward 3	539	.....	619
Dodgeville	1,540	1,577	1,651
Eden	997	956	968
Highland	1,642	1,577	1,589
Highland village	913	751	741
Linden	1,353	1,339	1,397
Linden village	543	462	494
Mifflin	1,564	1,465	1,557
Mineral Point city	2,991	2,694	3,136
ward 1	734	.....	766
ward 2	985	.....	1,035
ward 3	553	.....	600
ward 4	719	.....	735
Mineral Point	1,131	1,271	1,245
Moscow	1,142	1,145	1,254
Pulaski	962	961	993
Ridgeway	1,126	990	1,070
Waldwick	722	810	798
Wyoming	791	629	685
Total	23,114	22,117	23,447
IRON COUNTY²—			
Knight	1,363	.....	1,119
Montreal ³	1,631	.....	.....
Saxon	688	.....	658
Vaughn	2,934	.....	3,561
Total	6,616	.....	5,338

¹Part of ward 2 in Waushara Co.; not taken by wards in 1890; 31 in Waushara Co., 1890; 36 in 1895; 41 in 1900.

²Iron county organized from parts of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

³Part of Vaughn town in 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
JACKSON COUNTY—			
Albion ¹	1,723	1,717	1,516
Alma	1,192	1,060	1,158
Bear Bluff ²	151	.....	146
Black River Falls city	1,938	2,261	2,068
ward 1	421	.....	513
ward 2	415	.....	449
ward 3	388	.....	397
ward 4	714	.....	709
Brockway ¹	812	.....	646
City Point ²	323	329	177
Cleveland	898	691	772
Curran	706	706	697
Franklin	715	626	685
Garden Valley	785	703	714
Garfield	775	502	774
Hixton	899	696	879
Irving	878	909	891
Knapp	342	1,005	411
Manchester	696	560	665
Melrose	1,532	1,304	1,481
Merrillan village	739	639	749
Millston	408	389	404
Northfield	1,026	787	964
Springfield	928	903	925
Total	17,466	15,797	16,722
JEFFERSON COUNTY—			
Azatian	1,313	1,349	1,285
Cold Spring	606	649	621
Concord	1,236	1,351	1,327
Farmington	1,853	1,847	1,877
Fort Atkinson city ³	3,043	2,283	2,815
ward 1	793	.....	744
ward 2	708	.....	724
ward 3	659	.....	600
ward 4	883	.....	747
Hebron	1,069	1,060	1,095
Ixonia	1,374	1,491	1,480
Jefferson City ⁴	2,584	2,287	2,702
ward 1	727	.....	.....
ward 2	633	.....	.....
ward 3	680	.....	.....
ward 4	544	.....	.....
Jefferson	1,729	1,766	1,897
Koshkonong	1,475	1,499	1,576
Lake Mills	1,331	1,054	1,312
Lake Mills village	1,337	1,053	1,175
Milford	1,271	1,439	1,292
Oakland	1,287	1,163	1,293
Palmyra	789	790	734
Palmyra village	716	567	690
Sullivan	1,239	1,323	1,391
Summer	555	539	580
Waterloo	965	976	981
Waterloo village	1,137	862	1,122
Watertown city (Jefferson Co. part)	6,267	6,506	7,451
ward 1	2,352	2,150	2,707
ward 2	1,430	1,611	1,672
ward 3	939	.....	1,288
ward 4	538	1,762	604
ward 5 (Dodge Co.)	902	.....	995
ward 6 (Dodge Co.)	1,268	2,249	1,476
ward 7 (Dodge Co.)	1,008	985	1,180
Total city	8,437	8,755	9,922
Watertown	1,563	1,691	1,621
Total Jefferson county	34,789	33,530	36,317

¹Brockway organized from part of Albion since 1890.²Bear Bluff town organized from City Point (formerly Sullivan) since 1890.³Not enumerated by wards in 1890.⁴Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
JUNEAU COUNTY—			
Armenia ¹	801	354	501
Camp Douglas village	432	225	360
Clearfield	531	274	3.1
Cutler ²	377	.....	.....
Elroy city	1,685	1,413	1,560
ward 1	744	.....	.....
ward 2	941	.....	.....
Finley ¹	201	.....	.....
Fountain	956	744	835
Germantown	669	510	525
Kildare	939	648	706
Kingston	296	211	226
Lemonweir	1,174	1,075	1,044
Lindina	1,036	957	1,037
Lisbon	576	444	474
Lyndon	572	495	487
Marion	418	391	378
Mauston city	1,718	1,343	1,547
ward 1	685	.....	.....
ward 2	1,033	.....	.....
Necedah ²	612	534	684
Necedah village	1,209	1,708	1,680
New Lisbon city	1,014	990	1,067
Orange	561	469	508
Plymouth	867	829	870
Seven Mile Creek	812	697	772
Summit	1,015	930	982
Wonewoc	1,407	1,211	1,405
Wonewoc village	811	619	765
Total	20,629	17,121	18,754
KENOSHA COUNTY—			
Brighton	850	926	878
Bristol	1,151	1,071	1,143
Kenosha city ³	11,606	6,532	8,122
ward 1	1,229	.....	.....
ward 2	1,261	.....	.....
ward 3	2,225	.....	.....
ward 4	2,059	.....	.....
ward 5	1,263	.....	.....
ward 6	1,128	.....	.....
ward 7	1,102	.....	.....
ward 8	1,339	.....	.....
Paris	818	871	883
Pleasant Prairie	1,776	1,646	1,524
Randall	784	658	643
Salem	1,846	1,493	1,887
Somers	2,044	1,632	1,819
Wheatland	832	752	649
Total	21,707	15,581	17,548
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—			
Ahnapee	1,196	1,384	1,329
Algoma city ⁴	1,738	1,015	1,603
ward 1	533	.....	.....
ward 2	1,033	.....	.....
ward 3	172	.....	.....
Carlton	1,462	1,571	1,651
Casco	1,334	1,211	1,360

¹Finley town organized from parts of Armenia and Kingston since 1890.

²Cutler town organized from part of Necedah since 1890.

³Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.

⁴Not enumerated by wards in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—Continued.			
Franklin	1,482	1,623	1,552
Kewaunee city	1,773	1,216	1,529
Lincoln	1,250	1,181	1,275
Luxemburg	1,693	1,630	1,617
Montpelier	1,547	1,469	1,542
Pierce	748	852	901
Red River	1,367	1,411	1,464
West Kewaunee	1,622	1,620	1,809
Total	17,212	16,153	17,632
LA CROSSE COUNTY—			
Bangor	659	639	773
Bangor village	633	499	630
Barre	548	670	648
Burns	1,076	1,020	1,022
Campbell	1,078	955	1,132
Farmington	1,880	1,810	1,903
Greenfield	729	751	746
Hamilton	1,427	1,400	1,455
Holland	1,090	1,009	1,088
La Crosse city ¹	28,895	25,090	28,769
ward 1	1,571	.....	1,586
ward 2	1,325	.....	1,446
ward 3	1,603	.....	1,580
ward 4	1,456	.....	1,331
ward 5	1,262	.....	1,355
ward 6	1,247	.....	1,224
ward 7	1,435	.....	1,209
ward 8	2,813	.....	2,506
ward 9	1,524	.....	1,583
ward 10	1,597	.....	1,692
ward 11	1,363	.....	1,364
ward 12	937	.....	1,102
ward 13	1,114	.....	1,137
ward 14	1,513	.....	1,307
ward 15	1,446	.....	1,510
ward 16	824	.....	644
ward 17	1,829	.....	1,922
ward 18	1,888	.....	2,042
ward 19	1,192	.....	1,220
ward 20	956	.....	1,009
Onalaska city	1,368	1,587	1,634
Onalaska	1,041	1,030	1,156
Shelby	1,084	1,003	1,131
Washington	764	796	823
West Salem village	725	542	695
Total	42,997	38,801	43,610
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—			
Argyle	1,419	1,268	1,955
Belmont	762	807	797
Belmont village	509	373	477
Benton	848	831	1,010
Benton village	546	414	448
Blanchard ²	489	650	486
Blanchard village ²	573	.....	523
Darlington	1,156	1,093	1,125
Darlington city ³	1,808	1,589	1,811
ward 1	887	.....	975
ward 2	921	.....	836

¹La Crosse city wards changed between 1890 and 1895.²Blanchardville village part of Blanchard town in 1890.³Darlington city not taken by wards in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—Continued.			
Elk Grove	761	788	802
Fayette	837	822	866
Gratiot ¹	1,217	1,511	1,245
Gratiot village ¹	335	.....	313
Kendall	685	754	705
Lamont	567	516	566
Monticello	313	305	311
New Diggings	1,122	1,374	1,325
Seymour	779	783	803
Shullsburg	786	877	860
Shullsburg city	1,250	1,393	1,225
Wayne	1,200	1,170	1,227
White Oak Springs	337	384	433
Willow Springs	982	931	989
Wyota	1,678	1,627	1,716
Total	20,959	20,265	21,483
LANGLADE COUNTY—			
Ackley	582	374	518
Antigo city	5,145	4,421	5,002
ward 1	532	.....	532
ward 2	757	.....	690
ward 3	784	.....	749
ward 4	1,107	.....	1,232
ward 5	810	.....	770
ward 6	1,155	.....	1,029
Antigo	1,120	643	893
Elcho	352	175	194
Elton ²	144	191	183
Evergreen ²	117	.....	.....
Langlade	173	153	169
Neva ³	788	502	668
Norwood	793	663	765
Peck ⁴	248	.....	206
Polar	760	444	509
Price	571	233	203
Rolling	1,040	685	912
Summit ³	361	270	156
Upham ³	198	.....	570
Vilas ⁴	161	316	144
Total	12,553	9,465	11,092
LINCOLN COUNTY—			
Corning	567	347	335
Harrison	339	457	223
Merrill city	8,537	6,809	8,607
ward 1	931	.....	953
ward 2	679	.....	709
ward 3	1,038	.....	1,085
ward 4	1,817	.....	1,751
ward 5	925	.....	1,058
ward 6	1,538	.....	1,461
ward 7	1,559	.....	1,590
Merrill	797	539	581
Pine River	1,273	736	873
Rock Falls ⁵	414	332	691
Russell	556	402	427
Scott	870	570	732
Tomahawk city	2,291	1,816	2,296
Tomahawk ⁵	620	.....	.....
Total	16,269	12,008	14,765

¹Gratiot village part of Gratiot town in 1890.

²Evergreen town part of Elton in 1890.

³Upham town organized from parts of Neva and Summit and former Parrish town since 1890.

⁴Peck formed from part of Vilas since 1890.

⁵Tomahawk town organized from part of Rock Falls since 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
MANITOWOC COUNTY—			
Cato	1,743	1,793	1,792
Centerville	1,443	1,374	1,419
Cooperstown	1,500	1,629	1,623
Eaton	1,317	1,332	1,402
Franklin	1,731	1,836	1,817
Gibson	1,438	1,651	1,669
Kiel village	924	497	789
Kossuth	1,799	1,973	1,946
Liberty	1,333	1,277	1,379
Manitowoc city ¹	11,786	7,710	9,427
ward 1	2,050	.....	1,768
ward 2	1,438	.....	1,158
ward 3	2,504	.....	2,045
ward 4	1,936	.....	1,566
ward 5	1,302	.....	1,001
ward 6	686	.....	478
ward 7	1,870	.....	1,411
Manitowoc ²	762	1,275	451
Manitowoc Rapids	1,717	1,914	2,025
Maple Grove	1,214	1,585	1,272
Meeme	1,482	1,434	1,487
Mishicot	1,578	1,417	1,538
Newton	1,770	1,726	2,129
Rockland ³	1,248	1,267	1,111
Reedsville village ³	428	.....	536
Schleswig	1,385	1,556	1,495
Two Creeks	632	706	661
Two Rivers city	3,784	2,870	3,593
ward 1	724	.....	.....
ward 2	674	.....	.....
ward 3	800	.....	.....
ward 4	902	.....	.....
ward 5	684	.....	.....
Two Rivers	1,087	1,108	1,241
Total	42,261	37,831	40,802
MARATHON COUNTY—			
Bergen	552	177	334
Berlin	1,078	1,083	1,192
Brighton	599	686	578
Cassel ⁴	1,034	.....	1,031
Cleveland	1,060	252	527
Colby city, east ward ⁵	213	.....	189
Day	821	816	883
Easton	987	240	843
Eau Pleine	735	257	581
Edgar village ⁶	478	.....	.....
Elderon	568	232	267
Emmett	786	439	623
Frankfort	568	331	458
Halsey	1,131	654	1,110
Hamburg	891	693	720
Harrison ⁷	211	926	201
Hewitt ⁷	287	.....	173
Holton	1,022	700	911
Hull ⁸	793	893	716
Johnson	587	313	591

¹Part of Manitowoc town annexed to Manitowoc city since 1890.

²Part of Manitowoc town annexed to Manitowoc city since 1890.

³Reedsville village part of Rockland in 1890.

⁴Cassel organized from part of Marathon since 1890.

⁵East ward of Colby city was part of Hull in 1890.

⁶Edgar village organized from part of Wein town since 1895.

⁷Hewitt organized from parts of Harrison and Texas since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
MARATHON COUNTY—Continued.			
Knowlton	435	333	277
Kronenwetter	434	264	313
McMillan ¹	852	439	728
McMillan village ¹	200	.....	167
Maine	1,119	1,178	1,077
Marathon ²	678	1,139	574
Marathon village	528	258	405
Mosinee	371	199	186
Mosinee village	657	427	517
Norrie	770	353	558
Pike Lake	1,022	542	792
Plover	302	.....	288
Rib Falls	771	674	667
Rietbrock	1,016	717	887
Spencer	841	1,018	736
Stettin	1,110	962	1,083
Texas ³	1,081	220	813
Wausau city ⁴	12,354	9,253	11,013
ward 1	1,574	.....	.....
ward 2	1,252	.....	.....
ward 3	1,149	.....	.....
ward 4	1,045	.....	.....
ward 5	1,527	.....	.....
ward 6	1,362	.....	.....
ward 7	1,421	.....	.....
ward 8	1,515	.....	.....
ward 9	1,509	.....	.....
Wausau	1,109	1,380	1,067
Wein ⁵	965	444	703
Weston	2,137	1,776	1,719
Total	43,256	30,369	36,598
MARINETTE COUNTY—			
Amberg ⁶	1,375	.....	939
Colman ⁶	2,545	.....	2,135
Crivitz ⁶	842	.....	.....
Dunbar ⁶	1,136	.....	.....
Grover ⁶	1,860	.....	1,735
Marinette city	16,195	11,523	15,236
ward 1	2,934	1,928	2,791
ward 2	3,399	2,120	3,205
ward 3	3,585	2,700	3,668
ward 4	3,576	2,961	3,089
ward 5	2,701	1,814	2,533
Peshigo ⁶	4,228	7,202	5,234
Porterfield	956	460	762
Wauzaukee	1,685	1,119	1,180
Total	30,822	20,304	27,271
MARQUETTE COUNTY—			
Buffalo	839	805	819
Crystal Lake	577	667	624
Douglas	684	628	645
Harris	556	576	589
Mecan	628	724	645
Montello	1,325	1,177	1,308
Moundville	562	324	446
Neshkoro	638	561	635

¹McMillan village part of McMillan town in 1890.

²Cassel organized from part of Marathon since 1890.

³Hewitt organized from parts of Harrison and Texas since 1890.

⁴Wausau city wards changed since 1895.

⁵Edgar village organized from part of Wein town since 1895.

⁶Amberg, Colman, Crivitz, Dunbar and Grover organized from parts of Peshigo since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
MARQUETTE COUNTY—Continued.			
Newton	647	711	642
Oxford	659	567	551
Packwaukee	852	711	790
Shields	698	608	632
Springfield	644	605	678
Westfield	1,200	1,012	1,169
Total	10,509	9,676	10,263
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—			
Cudahy village ¹	1,366		771
East Milwaukee village ²	343		
Franklin	1,738	1,868	1,824
Granville ³	2,267	2,272	2,674
Greenfield	5,814	3,190	5,129
Lake ⁴	5,302	4,899	4,598
Milwaukee city ⁴	288,923	204,468	249,290
ward 1	9,489		9,504
ward 2	9,909		9,853
ward 3	5,418		4,779
ward 4	10,679		9,773
ward 5	10,031		9,628
ward 6	13,671		13,459
ward 7	7,173		6,588
ward 8	19,332		15,618
ward 9	17,653		16,933
ward 10	17,024		16,052
ward 11	21,903		18,643
ward 12	13,216		11,524
ward 13	17,026		15,291
ward 14	20,651		17,145
ward 15	12,692		11,024
ward 16	9,654		7,731
ward 17	10,226		8,879
ward 18	13,907		11,122
ward 19	20,231		13,434
ward 20	16,863		12,998
ward 21	12,175		9,305
Milwaukee ⁵	4,267	6,403	3,796
North Milwaukee village ⁶	1,049		
Oak Creek ⁷	1,950	2,087	1,786
South Milwaukee city ⁷	3,392		2,662
ward 1	788		
ward 2	811		
ward 3	1,071		
ward 4	722		

¹Cudahy organized from part of Lake since 1890.²East Milwaukee village organized from part of Milwaukee town in 1900.³North Milwaukee village organized from parts of Granville and Milwaukee towns since 1895.⁴Part of Milwaukee town annexed to Milwaukee city since 1890. Part of Wauwatosa town, containing 3,608 population, annexed to Milwaukee city Sept. 4, 1900. Of the 3,608 population 2,004 were added to the 8th ward and 1,604 to the 19th ward. These numbers are included in figures given in census of 1900 for those wards and the 3,608 are included in the total (288,923) given for Milwaukee city. Ward boundaries changed between 1890 and 1895.⁵Parts of Milwaukee taken to form East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay villages and part annexed to Milwaukee city since 1890.⁶North Milwaukee village organized from parts of Granville and Milwaukee towns since 1895.⁷South Milwaukee organized from part of Oak Creek in 1892. Made a city and districted into wards since 1895.

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BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—Continued.			
Wauwatosa city ¹	2,842		2,755
ward 1	841		
ward 2	621		
ward 3	643		
ward 4	737		
Wauwatosa ¹	10,252	10,914	12,173
Whitefish Bay village ²	512		464
Total	330,017	236,101	287,922
MONROE COUNTY—			
Adrian	631	615	657
Angelo	710	477	570
Byron ³	825	458	680
Cashton village ⁴	510		326
Clifton	993	955	987
Glendale	1,051	1,020	1,106
Grant ⁵	499		
Greenfield	712	592	638
Jefferson ⁴	1,223	1,315	1,175
Kendall village	460	304	383
Lafayette	438		357
La Grange	1,141	730	1,004
Leon	787	688	779
Lincoln ⁵	863	1,065	1,152
Little Falls	1,222	993	1,300
New Lyme	206		170
Norwalk village ⁶	357		318
Oakdale	682	680	723
Ontario village (part of)	91		
Portland	1,194	1,166	1,204
Ridgeville ⁶	924	1,292	979
Scott ³	258		
Sheldon	821	813	913
Sparta city	3,555	2,795	3,511
ward 1	975	928	1,060
ward 2	817	662	850
ward 3	970	694	905
ward 4	793	511	696
Sparta	1,263	996	1,235
Tomah city ⁷	2,840	2,199	2,458
ward 1	871		650
ward 2	1,063		845
ward 3	906		963
Tomah	744	693	741
Wellington	1,091	1,120	1,072
Wells	717	642	659
Wilton ⁸	895	1,086	903
Wilton village ⁸	400		340
Total	28,103	23,211	26,350

¹Wauwatosa city organized from part of Wauwatosa town since 1890; no wards in 1895.

²Whitefish Bay organized from part of Milwaukee town since 1890.

³Scott organized from part of Byron since 1895.

⁴Cashton village part of Jefferson in 1890.

⁵Grant town organized from part of Lincoln since 1895.

⁶Norwalk village organized from part of Ridgeville town since 1890.

⁷No wards in 1890.

⁸Wilton village part of Wilton town in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
OCONTO COUNTY—			
Armstrong ¹	482	.....	155
Brazeau ²	437	.....	257
Chase	1,474	913	1,072
Gillett	1,249	938	898
How ³	1,083	770	597
Lena ³	894	.....	567
Little River ³	1,042	1,194	1,041
Little Suamico	944	624	746
Maple Valley ²	870	1,336	765
Oconto city ⁴	5,646	5,219	6,017
east ward	1,492	.....	1,667
north ward	1,104	.....	1,076
south ward	2,080	.....	2,166
west ward	970	.....	1,108
Oconto	1,042	1,068	1,241
Oconto Falls	1,154	494	.....
Pensaukee	1,768	1,585	1,762
Spruce ⁵	1,029	.....	764
Stiles	897	868	835
Underhill ⁴	631	.....	549
Menomonee Ind. reservation (part of)	232	.....	220
Total	20,874	15,009	18,339
ONEIDA COUNTY⁶—			
Gagen	554	.....	.....
Hazelhurst	1,052	.....	1,352
Newbold	258	.....	.....
Pelican	568	.....	850
Rhineland city	4,998	2,658	4,330
ward 1	881	.....	925
ward 2	786	.....	744
ward 3	770	.....	861
ward 4	733	.....	688
ward 5	1,034	.....	628
ward 6	794	.....	484
Schoepke	299	.....	.....
Sugar Camp	485	.....	.....
Woodboro	660	.....	528
Total	8,875	5,010	7,060
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—			
Appleton city	15,085	11,869	14,641
ward 1	2,846	2,208	2,611
ward 2	2,692	2,737	2,974
ward 3	3,130	2,436	3,139
ward 4	1,628	1,267	1,511
ward 5	2,583	.....	2,384
ward 6	2,201	3,221	2,022
Black Creek	1,482	1,377	1,454
Bovina	1,034	663	787
Buchanan	2,096	1,397	2,079

¹Armstrong organized from parts of How and Maple Valley since 1890.²Brazeau organized from part of Maple Valley since 1890.³Lena part of Little River in 1890.⁴Not enumerated by wards in 1890. Underhill organized from parts of Gillett and How since 1890.⁵Parts taken to form Brazeau, Spruce and part of Armstrong since 1890.⁶Oneida county so changed by division to form Vilas and Iron and the annexation of part of Forest since former censuses that detailed comparisons can not be made.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—Continued.			
Center	1,458	1,488	1,525
Cicero	1,103	952	1,013
Dale	1,273	1,207	1,265
Deer Creek	1,308	932	1,175
Ellington	1,188	1,210	1,231
Freedom	1,664	1,602	1,656
Grand Chute	1,722	1,574	1,713
Greenville	1,342	1,246	1,335
Hortonia	654	867	738
Hortonville village	913	440	864
Kaukauna city ¹	5,115	4,667	5,451
ward 1	1,155	.....	1,201
ward 2	1,162	.....	1,334
ward 3	1,281	.....	1,426
ward 4	1,093	.....	1,056
ward 5	424	.....	434
Kaukauna	1,479	1,348	1,514
Liberty	599	492	528
Little Chute village	944	380	728
Maine	616	478	588
Maple Creek	800	815	824
New London city (ward 3) ²	540	363	522
Osborn	656	685	712
Seymour city	1,026	733	932
Seymour	1,141	977	1,129
Oneida Ind. Res. (part of) ³	1,009	923	.....
Total	46,247	38,690	44,404
OZAUKEE COUNTY—			
Belgium	1,547	1,690	1,627
Cedarburg city	1,626	1,361	1,652
Cedarburg	1,450	1,507	1,591
Fredonia	1,652	1,666	1,721
Grafton	1,060	1,010	1,567
Grafton village ⁴	478	434	.....
Mequon	2,792	2,902	2,903
Port Washington city	3,010	1,659	2,661
Port Washington	1,081	1,067	1,109
Saukville	1,667	1,647	1,714
Total	16,363	14,943	16,545
PEPIN COUNTY—			
Albany	650	459	568
Durand city	1,458	1,154	1,372
Durand	267	253	250
Frankfort	877	648	775
Lima	743	765	748
Pepin	1,142	1,122	1,194
Pepin village	407	369	375
Stockholm	671	711	743
Waterville	1,522	1,287	1,382
Wanbeek	168	164	160
Total	7,905	6,932	7,567

¹Wards not separately reported in 1890.

²For full details see Waupaca county; total population for city, 1900, 2,202.

³Not separately reported in 1895.

⁴Included in Grafton town in 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
PIERCE COUNTY—			
Clifton	631	693	638
Diamond Bluff	506	472	532
Ellsworth	1,481	1,338	1,435
Ellsworth village	1,052	670	881
Elpaso	1,084	845	1,015
Gilman	1,373	1,239	1,288
Hartland	1,182	1,201	1,206
Isabella	447	330	373
Maiden Rock	1,187	1,176	1,322
Maiden Rock village	304	343	312
Martell	1,277	1,292	1,354
Oak Grove	788	824	865
Prescott city	1,002	911	966
River Falls city ¹	1,850	1,602	1,768
ward 1 (in St. Croix)	153	.....	151
ward 2	785	.....	807
ward 3	464	.....	449
ward 4	601	.....	512
River Falls	1,254	1,073	1,342
Rock Elm	1,270	1,047	1,141
Salem	1,081	845	814
Spring Lake ²	1,200	998	1,623
Spring Valley village ²	1,021	.....	.....
Trenton	965	951	1,048
Trimbell	1,505	1,594	1,681
Union	1,478	1,001	1,326
Total	23,943	20,385	23,040
POLK COUNTY—			
Alden	1,440	1,261	1,474
Amery village	905	451	902
Apple River	512	365	469
Balsam Lake	757	431	571
Beaver	506	333	439
Black Brook	899	708	812
Bone Lake	166	62	120
Clam Falls	340	203	218
Clayton	836	613	744
Clear Lake ³	752	951	607
Clear Lake village ³	527	.....	496
Eureka	1,041	308	967
Farmington	1,059	899	1,062
Garfield	831	540	778
Georgetown	211	85	181
Johustown	133	100	117
Laketown	811	668	715
Lincoln	1,010	621	805
Loralne ⁴	267	210	258
Luck	526	393	440
McKinley ⁴	110	.....	.....
Milltown	671	459	582
Osceola	847	683	806
Osceola village	466	384	478
St. Croix Falls	534	53	375
St. Croix Falls village	622	745	608
Sterling	735	667	779
West Sweden	282	270	314
Total	17,801	12,968	16,117

¹Ward 1, River Falls, in St. Croix Co., not included in Pierce Co. figures; total for city in 1900, 2,008.

²Spring Valley village part of Spring Lake town in 1890-95.

³Clear Lake village part of Clear Lake town in 1890.

⁴McKinley organized from part of Loralne since 1895.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
PORTAGE COUNTY—			
Alban	878	563	792
Almond	1,080	1,035	1,147
Amherst ¹	1,425	1,324	2,030
Amherst village ¹	558	438	.....
Belmont	781	622	829
Buena Vista	1,102	1,061	1,159
Carson	1,505	961	1,060
Dewey ²	754	.....	.....
Eau Pleine ²	1,086	748	780
Grant	557	417	465
Hull ²	1,469	1,477	1,432
Lenark	825	797	907
Linwood	677	368	446
New Hope	962	885	1,002
Pine Grove	565	599	501
Plover	1,611	1,274	1,793
Sharon	2,225	1,940	2,175
Stevens Point city	9,524	7,896	8,995
ward 1	1,448	.....	1,362
ward 2	1,699	.....	1,544
ward 3	1,600	.....	1,482
ward 4	2,313	.....	2,258
ward 5	1,623	.....	1,467
ward 6	841	.....	882
Stevens Point town ³ .....	.....	.....	1,074
Stockton .....	.....	.....	1,944
Total	29,483	24,798	28,531
PRICE COUNTY—			
Brannan ⁴	523	516	374
Emery	371	105	119
Fifield	373	857	494
Georgetown	249	157	149
Hackett	219	191	360
Hill ⁴	242	.....	234
Kennan	520	96	215
Knox ⁴	411	.....	.....
Lake	769	409	657
Ogema	972	775	1,017
Phillips city ⁵	1,820	.....	1,652
ward 1	740	.....	.....
ward 2	547	.....	.....
ward 3	533	.....	.....
Prentice ⁶	519	570	979
Prentice village ⁶	959	.....	.....
Worcester ⁶	1,179	1,582	707
Total	9,106	5,258	7,257
RACINE COUNTY—			
Burlington city	2,526	2,043	2,428
Burlington	1,052	1,097	1,069
Caledonia	2,805	2,732	2,853
Dover	853	924	922
Mt. Pleasant	2,911	2,192	2,277
Norway	913	841	968

¹Amherst village included in Amherst town in 1895.²Dewey organized from parts of Eau Pleine, Stevens Point and Hull in 1898.³Stevens Point town divided and annexed to Carson, Dewey and Linwood since 1895.⁴Hill and Knox organized from parts of Brannan since 1890.⁵Phillips organized from part of Worcester since 1890.⁶Prentice village part of Prentice town in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
RACINE COUNTY—Continued.			
Racine city ¹	29,102	21,014	24,889
ward 1	1,155	.....	1,103
ward 2	2,662	.....	2,126
ward 3	3,786	.....	3,563
ward 4	3,809	.....	3,516
ward 5	6,704	.....	5,695
ward 6	6,691	.....	5,455
ward 7	4,295	.....	3,426
Raymond	1,601	1,784	1,723
Rochester	750	699	760
Union Grove village	520	432	472
Waterford	1,564	1,551	1,637
Yorkville	1,047	959	1,112
Total	45,644	36,268	41,110
RICHLAND COUNTY—			
Akan	916	982	993
Bloom	1,261	1,361	1,365
Buena Vista	1,104	797	820
Dayton	1,006	1,119	1,138
Eagle	1,003	1,153	1,109
Forest ²	833	1,151	1,147
Henrietta	1,140	1,143	1,207
Ithaca	916	1,193	1,319
Lone Rock village	512	842	893
Marshall	912	909	886
Orion	962	665	688
Richland	894	847	830
Richland Center city	2,321	1,819	2,044
ward 1	796	551	723
ward 2	820	671	749
ward 3	705	597	569
Richwood	1,299	1,343	1,358
Rockbridge	991	1,148	1,161
Sylvan	926	1,013	1,016
Viola village (part of) ²	237	.....	.....
Westford	1,163	1,124	1,111
Willow	1,087	1,012	1,037
Total	19,483	19,121	19,619
ROCK COUNTY—			
Avon	773	806	778
Beloit city ³	10,436	6,315	7,786
ward 1	1,700	.....	.....
ward 2	2,699	.....	.....
ward 3	1,737	.....	.....
ward 4	2,336	.....	.....
ward 5	1,964	.....	.....
Beloit	728	714	712
Bradford	919	849	907
Center	1,090	1,073	1,176
Clinton	1,011	1,105	1,111
Clinton village	871	856	951
Edgerton city ⁴	2,192	1,595	1,972
ward 1	803	.....	.....
ward 2	776	.....	.....
ward 3	613	.....	.....
Evansville city ⁴	1,864	1,523	1,716
ward 1	584	.....	.....
ward 2	603	.....	.....
ward 3	677	.....	.....
Fulton	1,417	1,363	1,419
Harmony	1,112	1,083	1,184

¹Racine city redistricted in wards since 1890.²Viola village organized from parts of Forest town, Richland Co., and Liberty town, Vernon Co., since 1895. Total population of village, 432.³Wards changed since 1895.⁴No wards prior to 1895.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
ROCK COUNTY—Continued.			
Janesville city	13,185	10,836	12,971
ward 1	2,594	2,737	2,484
ward 2	2,030	2,194	2,366
ward 3	2,985	1,579	2,776
ward 4	3,715	3,052	3,527
ward 5	1,861	1,274	1,818
Janesville	1,132	926	1,193
Johnstown	923	1,034	1,027
La Prairie	943	832	945
Lima	1,030	1,109	1,064
Magnolia	1,051	1,098	1,135
Milton	2,556	2,300	2,459
Newark	966	1,039	1,000
Plymouth	1,349	1,188	1,254
Porter	1,225	1,235	1,255
Rock	958	976	975
Spring Valley	1,446	1,422	1,413
Turtle	1,076	993	1,087
Union	945	950	924
Total	51,203	43,220	48,414
ST. CROIX COUNTY—			
Baldwin	1,395	1,314	1,450
Baldwin village	631	432	621
Cady	1,099	771	844
Cylon	991	701	838
Eau Galle	1,084	1,374	1,149
Emerald	767	543	662
Erin Prairie	820	844	910
Forest	440	190	170
Glenwood city ¹	1,789	.....	2,008
ward 1	425	.....	.....
ward 2	485	.....	.....
ward 3	417	.....	.....
ward 4	462	.....	.....
Glenwood ¹	758	1,656	449
Hammond	844	890	900
Hammond village	404	338	400
Hudson city	3,259	2,885	3,338
ward 1	634	518	.....
ward 2	1,251	1,176	.....
ward 3	1,374	1,216	.....
Hudson	849	593	841
Kinnickinnic	679	614	629
New Richmond city	1,631	1,408	1,680
ward 1	434	459	.....
ward 2	673	493	.....
ward 3	524	462	.....
Pleasant Valley	426	529	471
Richmond	720	826	850
River Falls city, ward 1 ²	158	181	151
Rush River	582	650	633
St. Joseph	1,024	774	948
Somerset	1,451	1,148	1,287
Springfield	1,419	1,431	1,319
Stanton	780	753	785
Star Prairie	1,280	761	968
Troy	735	692	758
Warren	815	736	811
Total	26,830	23,139	25,870
SAUK COUNTY—			
Ableman village	430	332	430
Baraboo city	5,761	4,605	5,484
ward 1	1,945	1,705	1,977
ward 2	2,271	1,545	2,006
ward 3	1,535	1,355	1,501

¹Glenwood city part of Glenwood town in 1890; no wards established in 1895.

²Three wards of River Falls in Pierce Co.; total population of city, 2,008; see Pierce Co.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS. <small>1895</small>
	1900.	1890.	1895.
SAUK COUNTY—Continued.			
Baraboo	1,464	1,386	1,446
Bear Creek	976	883	915
Delona	626	594	619
Delton	916	829	855
Excelsior	954	967	945
Fairfield	697	672	730
Franklin	1,114	1,044	1,075
Freedom	962	943	1,036
Greenfield	924	848	898
Honey Creek	993	1,124	1,090
Ironton	1,362	1,455	1,429
La Valle	1,063	1,034	1,054
La Valle village	386	333	343
Merrimac ¹	615	847	895
Merrimac village ¹	350	.....	.....
North Freedom village	485	316	420
Prairie du Sac	541	618	545
Prairie du Sac village	656	562	616
Reedsburg city ²	2,225	1,737	2,116
ward 1	1,027	.....	1,095
ward 2	1,198	.....	1,021
Reedsburg	1,204	1,112	1,110
Sauk City village	810	876	837
Spring Green	656	583	634
Spring Green village	621	625	777
Sumpter	724	761	758
Troy	950	911	998
Washington	1,226	1,206	1,263
Westfield	1,285	1,357	1,449
Winfield	813	793	821
Woodland	1,227	1,222	1,322
Total	33,006	30,575	32,919
SAWYER COUNTY³—			
Hayward	2,720	.....	3,741
Lac Court d'O Reilles Ind. Res.	873	.....	.....
Total	3,593	1,977	3,741
SHAWANO COUNTY—			
Almon	700	463	561
Angelica	1,260	680	1,062
Aniwa	934	686	698
Belle Plaine	997	1,028	1,016
Birnamwood ⁴	785	731	502
Birnamwood village ⁴	475	.....	370
Fairbanks ⁵	923	792	726
Germania	308	131	157
Grant	1,169	1,026	1,108
Green Valley	1,037	784	915
Hartland	1,442	1,379	1,442
Herman	1,111	853	986
Hutchings	1,469	620	740
Lessor	1,111	749	974
Maple Grove	1,814	1,400	1,841
Morris	689	409	490
Navarino	413	243	282
Pella	930	816	886
Richmond	1,105	1,128	1,009
Seneca	515	350	423

¹Merrimac village part of Merrimac town in 1890-95.²Reedsburg city not in wards in 1890.³Sawyer not reported by towns in 1890-95. Indian reservation not separately reported in 1890-95.⁴Birnamwood village part of Birnamwood in 1890.⁵Tigerton village part of Fairbanks town in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
SHAWANO COUNTY—Continued.			
Shawano city	1,863	1,505	1,759
ward 1	800		720
ward 2	500		496
ward 3	563		541
Tigerton village ¹	723		480
Washington	1,322	1,242	1,420
Waukechon	940	846	950
Wittenberg	1,011	658	978
Wittenberg village	798	726	798
Menomonie Ind. Res. (part of) ²	1,255		
Stockbridge Ind. Res. ²	376		
Total	27,475	19,236	22,573
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—			
Cedar Grove village ³	327		
Elkhart Lake village ⁴	467		392
Greenbush	1,689	1,690	1,758
Herman	1,940	1,998	1,944
Holland ⁵	2,550	2,874	2,846
Lima	1,949	1,921	1,940
Lindon	1,732	1,697	1,741
Mitchell	974	1,012	1,034
Mosel	885	863	884
Plymouth city	2,257	1,503	2,213
Plymouth	1,398	1,356	1,386
Rhine ⁶	1,285	1,612	1,494
Russell	437	439	443
Scott	1,432	1,473	1,452
Sheboygan city	22,962	16,359	21,130
ward 1	3,124	2,295	3,013
ward 2	2,170	2,323	2,184
ward 3	1,404	1,474	1,324
ward 4	3,328		2,918
ward 5	3,184	3,739	2,801
ward 6	1,877		1,802
ward 7	3,187	3,064	2,681
ward 8	4,697	3,464	4,407
Sheboygan	2,181	2,117	1,915
Sheboygan Falls	1,690	1,677	1,664
Sheboygan Falls village	1,301	1,118	1,220
Sherman	1,813	1,736	1,807
Wilson	1,078	1,044	1,133
Total	50,345	42,489	48,396
TAYLOR COUNTY—			
Aurora ⁵	106		
Browning	586	230	273
Chelsea	787	613	584
Cleveland ⁶	231		
Deer Creek	775	573	663
Greenwood	294	253	302
Grover	333	296	602
Hammel ⁷	389		
Holway ⁸	308		199
Little Black	1,331	1,131	1,268
Medford city	1,758	1,193	1,513
ward 1	710		611
ward 2	406		413
ward 3	642		494

¹Tigerton village part of Fairbanks town in 1890.

²Indian reservations not separately reported or included in totals in 1890-95.

³Cedar Grove village part of Holland in 1890-95.

⁴Elkhart Lake village part of Rhine town in 1890.

⁵Aurora organized from parts of Grover and Pine Creek since 1895.

⁶Cleveland organized from part of Mollitor since 1895.

⁷Hammel organized from part of Grover since 1895.

⁸Holway organized from part of Pine Creek since 1890. (Former Pine Creek wholly absorbed by formation of new towns.)

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
TAYLOR COUNTY—Continued.			
Medford	1,394	1,094	1,205
Molitor	112	117	303
Rib Lake	1,693	520	989
Westboro	1,060	541	692
Total	11,262	6,731	8,498
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—			
Albion	1,126	847	952
Arcadia	2,641	2,488	2,767
Arcadia village	1,273	659	1,012
Blair village ¹	438	.....	420
Burnside	938	825	922
Caledonia	345	379	389
Chimney Rock	963	682	879
Dodge	495	448	535
Ettrick	1,969	1,841	1,916
Gale	1,384	1,279	1,387
Galesville village	862	537	874
Hale	1,773	1,566	1,740
Independence village	630	382	534
Lincoln	786	633	725
Osseo village ²	472	.....	275
Pigeon	1,209	1,038	1,167
Preston ¹	1,693	1,811	1,692
Sumner ²	767	854	727
Trempealeau ³	1,152	1,584	1,036
Trempealeau village ³	609	.....	682
Unity	989	763	930
Whitehall village	600	304	402
Total	23,114	18,920	21,963
VERNON COUNTY—			
Bergen	1,184	1,011	1,109
Christiana ⁴	1,264	1,521	1,236
Clinton	1,214	1,045	1,127
Coon	1,324	1,188	1,238
De Soto village (part of) ⁵	300	276	430
Forest	1,250	1,055	1,189
Franklin	1,237	1,289	1,276
Genoa	1,077	1,026	1,076
Greenwood	1,027	1,120	1,108
Hamburg	1,070	1,081	1,056
Harmony	1,108	1,100	1,170
Hillsboro	1,182	1,178	1,195
Hillsboro village	785	461	593
Jefferson	1,548	1,400	1,529
Kickapoo ⁶	874	1,185	1,000
La Farge village ⁷	488	.....	.....
Liberty ⁸	539	663	740
Ontario village (part of) ⁹	298	.....	352
Readstown village ⁶	403	.....	175
Stark ⁷	907	1,033	1,117
Sterling	1,187	1,152	1,186
Union	849	819	826
Viola village (part of) ⁸	195	.....	130

¹Blair village part of Preston in 1890.²Osseo village part of Sumner in 1890.³Trempealeau village part of Trempealeau in 1890.⁴Part of Christiana taken to form Westby village since 1890.⁵Part of De Soto village in Crawford Co.; total for village, 1900, 389.⁶Readstown village part of Kickapoo in 1890.⁷La Farge village part of Stark in 1890-95.⁸Part of Liberty taken to form Viola village since 1890; part of Viola in Richland Co.; total for Viola, 432.⁹Ontario village part of Whitestown in 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
VERNON COUNTY—Continued.			
Viroqua city	1,950	1,270	1,630
ward 1	587	.....	495
ward 2	557	.....	458
ward 3	806	.....	677
Viroqua	1,862	1,680	1,638
Webster	1,123	1,092	1,117
Westby village ¹	524	.....	447
Wheatland	668	603	554
Whitestown ²	914	863	791
Total	28,351	25,111	27,035
VILAS COUNTY³—			
Arbor Vitae	1,618	.....	879
Eagle River	1,356	.....	1,870
Minocqua	1,294	.....	1,052
Lac du Flambeau Ind. Res. ⁴	661	.....	.....
Total	4,929	.....	3,801
WALWORTH COUNTY—			
Bloomfield	1,314	1,197	1,281
Darien	1,371	1,218	1,296
Delavan city ⁵	2,244	2,038	2,238
ward 1	719	.....	.....
ward 2	772	.....	.....
ward 3	753	.....	.....
Delavan	993	677	976
East Troy	1,513	1,406	1,482
Elkhorn city ⁵	1,731	1,447	1,728
ward 1	490	.....	.....
ward 2	550	.....	.....
ward 3	682	.....	.....
Geneva	1,191	1,073	1,102
Lafayette	924	933	958
La Grange	882	844	910
Lake Geneva city ⁵	2,585	2,297	2,452
ward 1	885	.....	.....
ward 2	663	.....	.....
ward 3	1,037	.....	.....
Linn	1,082	854	1,021
Lyons	1,298	1,328	1,390
Richmond	770	599	822
Sharon	1,127	1,160	1,122
Sharon village	945	878	906
Spring Prairie	1,126	1,155	1,180
Sugar Creek	931	1,004	1,023
Troy	1,018	972	1,036
Walworth	2,003	1,372	1,608
Whitewater city ⁵	3,405	4,359	3,799
ward 1	997	.....	.....
ward 2	1,290	.....	.....
ward 3	1,118	.....	.....
Whitewater	806	849	832
Total	29,259	27,860	29,162

¹Part of Christiana taken to form Westby village since 1890.²Ontario village part of Whitestown in 1890.³Vilas county organized since 1890.⁴Not separately reported in 1895.⁵Not districted in wards in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
WASHBURN COUNTY—			
Bashaw ¹	904	394	506
Long Lake	238	118	161
Minong ¹	406	.....	458
Shell Lake	1,823	1,535	1,743
Spooner ¹	1,975	734	1,204
Veazie	575	145	194
Total	5,521	2,926	4,266
WASHINGTON COUNTY—			
Addison	1,810	1,863	1,857
Barton	1,260	1,169	1,232
Erin	1,200	1,301	1,254
Farmington	1,461	1,501	1,606
Germanatown	1,937	2,026	2,067
Hartford city ²	1,632	1,296	1,607
ward 1	819	.....	.....
ward 2	813	.....	.....
Hartford	1,354	1,339	1,440
Jackson	1,700	1,080	1,763
Kewaskum	851	1,015	936
Kewaskum village	679	557	674
Folk	1,554	1,639	1,614
Richfield	1,617	1,584	1,625
Schleisingserville village	549	432	501
Trenton	1,572	1,760	1,770
Wayne	1,591	1,471	1,489
West Bend city ²	2,119	1,296	1,766
ward 1	970	.....	.....
ward 2	1,149	.....	.....
West Bend	843	822	826
Total	23,589	22,751	24,077
WAUKESHA COUNTY—			
Brookfield	2,174	1,960	2,079
Delafield	1,254	1,303	1,446
Eagle ³	744	1,020	798
Eagle village ³	324	.....	322
Genesee	1,481	1,327	1,381
Hartland village	629	486	657
Lisbon	1,510	1,443	1,575
Menomonie	2,178	2,058	2,259
Menomonie Falls village	687	422	604
Merton	1,530	1,499	1,587
Mukwonago	1,263	1,217	1,361
Muskego	1,349	1,390	1,432
New Berlin	1,579	1,519	1,613
Oconomowoc city ⁴	2,880	2,729	3,178
ward 1	611	.....	.....
ward 2	1,209	.....	.....
ward 3	1,060	.....	.....
Oconomowoc	1,330	1,373	1,333
Ottawa	883	880	863
Pewaukee	1,708	2,077	2,608
Pewaukee village	714	680	780
Summit	1,275	1,130	1,539
Vernon	1,307	1,277	1,350
Waukesha city ⁴	7,419	6,321	7,222
ward 1	1,405	.....	.....
ward 2	1,545	.....	.....
ward 3	882	.....	.....
ward 4	1,450	.....	.....
ward 5	874	.....	.....
ward 6	1,263	.....	.....
Waukesha	1,015	1,159	1,175
Total	35,229	33,270	36,562

¹Minong organized from parts of Bashaw and Spooner since 1890.²Not districted in wards in 1890-95.³Eagle village part of Eagle town in 1890.⁴Not districted in wards in 1890-95.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
WAUPACA COUNTY—			
Bear Creek	1,257	1,136	1,194
Caledonia	904	943	991
Clintonville city	1,653	1,466	1,821
Dayton	891	852	986
Dupont ¹	1,013	916	1,602
Embarrass village ²	270		
Farmington	1,522	1,087	1,591
Fremont ³	425	530	488
Fremont village ³	263	275	283
Harrison	453		343
Helvetia ⁴	518	511	508
Iola ⁵	804	1,315	780
Iola village ⁵	558		476
Larabee	1,398	1,436	1,452
Lebanon	939	932	1,050
Lind	1,096	1,016	1,134
Little Wolf	1,421	1,137	1,884
Manawa village	744	350	123
Marion village ¹	602	470	
Matteson ²	867	860	1,031
Mukwa	956	1,040	1,015
New London city (part of) ⁶	2,202	1,682	1,394
ward 1	699		615
ward 2	556		423
ward 3, in Outagamie county (540)			
ward 4	647		256
ward 5	300		
Royalton	1,272	1,198	1,263
St. Lawrence	1,178	1,004	1,146
Scandinavia ⁷	921	1,142	929
Scandinavia village ⁷	320		335
Union	1,309	1,153	1,345
Waupaca city	2,912	2,127	2,823
ward 1	785		754
ward 2	775		717
ward 3	772		731
ward 4	610		621
Waupaca	960	964	1,003
Weyauwega	579	546	593
Weyauwega village	911	706	850
Wyoming ⁴	497		282
Total	31,615	26,794	30,793
WAUSHARA COUNTY—			
Aurora	1,025	934	1,022
Berlin city (part of ward) ⁸	41	31	36
Bloomfield	1,256	1,278	1,326
Coloma	827	723	712
Dakota	543	573	566
Deerfield	656	453	566
Hancock	1,163	660	925
Leon	826	731	848
Marion	654	623	650
Mt. Morris	658	668	673
Oasis	826	707	815
Plainfield	921	799	954
Plainfield village	728	459	589
Poysippi	1,046	912	1,057

¹Marion village included in Dupont in 1895.

²Embarrass village part of Matteson in 1890-95.

³Fremont village art of Fremont town in 1890.

⁴Wyoming part of Helvetia in 1890.

⁵Iola village part of Iola town in 1890.

⁶Ward 3, New London city in Outagamie Co., population, 1900, 540; 1895, 522; ward 5 created since 1895; city not reported by wards in 1890.

⁷Scandinavia village part of Scandinavia in 1890.

⁸For details, Berlin city, see Green Lake Co.; total for city, 1900, 4,489.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
WAUSHARA COUNTY—Continued.			
Richford	591	573	608
Rose	823	577	754
Saxeville	827	765	786
Springwater	653	541	662
Warren	848	796	817
Wautoma	1,060	404	888
Total	15,972	13,507	15,355
WINNEBAGO COUNTY—			
Algoma	840	755	821
Black Wolf	778	837	763
Clayton	1,161	1,170	1,242
Menasha city ¹	5,589	4,581	6,154
ward 1	1,574		1,755
ward 2	1,392		1,607
ward 3	905		1,101
ward 4	1,718		1,691
Menasha	646	595	680
Neenah city ¹	5,954	5,083	5,781
ward 1	1,870		1,851
ward 2	1,451		1,487
ward 3	2,099		1,893
ward 4	534		554
Neenah	533	538	574
Nekimi	990	1,028	1,070
Nepeuskum	939	908	950
Omro	1,163	1,038	1,227
Omro village	1,358	1,232	1,395
Oshkosh city ²	28,284	22,836	26,947
ward 1	1,503		1,512
ward 2	2,179		1,964
ward 3	1,648		1,519
ward 4	2,264		2,427
ward 5	2,749		2,583
ward 6	2,566		2,366
ward 7	1,613		2,726
ward 8	2,008		2,247
ward 9	2,164		2,156
ward 10	2,660		2,359
ward 11	1,666		1,457
ward 12	1,863		1,575
ward 13	3,401		3,056
Oshkosh	1,812	1,489	1,522
Poygan	742	747	851
Rushford	1,652	1,608	1,661
Utica	967	981	1,039
Vinland	1,018	936	1,023
Winchester	1,040	1,030	1,069
Winneconne	746	698	806
Winneconne village	1,042	1,086	1,130
Wolf River	970	919	913
Total	58,225	50,097	57,627

¹Not reported by wards in 1890.²Redistricted in wards since 1890.

BY MINOR CIVIL DIVISIONS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND VILLAGES.	FEDERAL CENSUS.		STATE CENSUS.
	1900.	1890.	1895.
WOOD COUNTY—			
Auburndale	959	656	736
Auburndale village	241	253	250
Grand Rapids	825	627	753
Grand Rapids city ¹	4,493	1,702	4,082.
ward 1	552		
ward 2	709		
ward 3	400		
ward 4	625		
ward 5	592		
ward 6	631		
ward 7	516		
ward 8	468		
Lincoln	1,128	870	997
Marshfield city ²	5,240	3,450	4,586
ward 1	1,013		
ward 2	567		
ward 3	1,134		
ward 4	1,140		
ward 5	923		
ward 6	458		
Marshfield	881	701	757
Milladore	1,025	760	878
Nekoosa village ³	745		415
Pittsville city	631	653	648
Port Edwards ³	1,161	582	777
Remington	708	427	618
Richfield	571	194	272
Rock	823	597	562
Rudolph	1,046	1,087	991
Saratoga	416	223	333
Seneca	976	579	821
Sherry	618	487	612
Sigel	1,483	1,222	1,377
Vesper	771	322	307
Wood	1,118	231	860
Total	25,865	18,127	21,637

¹Centralia city annexed to Grand Rapids since 1895; comparisons by wards is impracticable.

²Ward boundaries of Marshfield changed since 1895.

³Nekoosa village part of Port Edwards in 1890.

WISCONSIN GOVERNMENT AND POPULATION 231 YEARS.

The territory (now state) of Wisconsin has been under governments as follows:

Under France, 1670 to 1763.....	93 years.	Under Michigan, 1818 to 1836.....	18 years.
Under Great Britain, 1763 to 1794.	31 years.	Territorial government, 1836 to	
Under Virginia and Ohio, 1794 to		1818	12 years.
1800	6 years.	State government, 1848 to 1901....	53 years.
Under Indiana, 1800 to 1809.....	9 years.		
Under Illinois, 1809 to 1818.....	9 years.	Total	231 years.

The first government record of Wisconsin population is for 1800, when the total population was 115. For 1810 there is no record. In 1820 there were but two counties, Brown 952; Crawford 361; total 1,313. At 1830 Iowa county had been formed; population then, Brown, 1,356; Crawford, 692; Iowa 1,587; total, 3,635. In 1838 Milwaukee county had been formed. Population then, (territorial census) Brown, 2,706; Crawford, 1,220; Iowa, 3,218; Milwaukee, 2,893. Results of all censuses, territorial, state and federal, follow. Figures for federal censuses are corrected by government census reports. The details, especially for 1870 and 1880, vary considerably from those printed in previous Blue books. They have been revised and corrected. Territorial and State census figures are reproduced as found in previous Blue books.

STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	1838.	1840.	1842.	1846.	1847.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.	1895.	1900.
Adams.....						187	6,868	6,492	5,698	6,601	6,502	6,741	6,921	6,889	7,532	9,141
Ashland.....								515	256	221	750	1,559	6,941	20,063	17,241	20,176
Barron.....								13	538	3,737	7,024	13,596	15,416	20,122	23,677	23,677
Bayfield.....					367	459		353	269	344	1,032	564	3,431	7,390	12,595	14,392
Brown.....	3,049	2,107	2,146	2,662	2,914	6,215	6,699	11,795	15,282	25,162	35,373	34,078	36,921	39,164	45,623	46,359
Buffalo.....								832	6,776	11,123	14,219	15,528	16,483	15,997	16,921	16,765
Burnett.....								12	171	705	1,456	3,140	4,607	4,393	5,892	7,478
Calumet.....		275	407	836	1,060	1,743	3,631	7,895	8,638	12,335	15,065	16,632	17,667	16,639	17,744	17,078
Chippewa.....						615	838	1,895	3,278	8,311	13,995	15,491	25,135	25,143	28,727	33,037
Clark.....							242	789	1,011	3,450	7,282	10,715	15,423	17,708	21,342	25,848
Columbia.....				1,966	3,791	9,565	17,965	24,441	29,112	38,802	28,083	28,065	29,855	28,350	30,868	31,121
Crawford.....	850	1,502	1,449	1,444	1,409	2,498	3,323	8,078	11,011	13,075	15,644	16,181	15,987	17,203	17,203	17,283
Dane.....	172	314	776	8,289	10,935	16,639	37,714	43,922	50,192	53,096	52,798	53,233	58,400	59,578	65,669	69,435
Dodge.....	18	67	149	7,787	14,906	19,138	34,540	42,818	46,841	47,035	48,394	45,931	46,393	44,954	47,851	46,631
Door.....								739	3,068	4,919	8,020	11,645	15,552	15,682	16,969	17,583
Douglas.....								385	812	532	1,122	2,711	2,704	13,468	29,986	36,335
Dunn.....							1,796	2,704	5,170	9,488	13,427	22,664	22,664	25,006	25,006	25,043
Eau Claire.....								1,796	2,704	5,170	9,488	13,427	22,664	22,664	25,006	25,043
Florence.....								3,162	5,281	10,769	15,991	19,993	34,798	30,673	33,172	31,692
Fond du Lac.....		139	295	3,548	7,459	14,510	24,784	34,154	42,029	46,273	50,241	46,858	46,822	44,088	47,436	3,197
Forest.....													1,720	2,604	2,850	3,197
Grant.....	2,763	3,926	5,937	12,034	11,720	16,169	23,170	31,189	33,618	37,979	39,086	37,852	37,277	36,651	38,372	1,396
Green.....	494	933	1,594	4,758	6,487	8,566	14,827	19,808	20,646	23,611	22,027	21,729	23,071	22,732	22,420	38,851
Green Lake.....								12,663	12,596	13,195	15,274	14,483	16,008	15,163	15,939	22,719
Iowa.....	5,234	3,978	5,029	14,906	7,963	9,525	15,205	18,967	20,657	24,544	24,133	23,628	22,872	22,117	23,447	5,797
Iron.....																23,114
Jackson.....							1,098	4,170	5,631	7,687	11,339	13,235	15,902	15,797	16,722	6,616
Jefferson.....	468	914	1,638	8,680	11,464	15,317	26,869	30,438	30,596	34,040	34,908	32,156	34,256	33,530	36,317	16,722
Juneau.....								8,770	10,013	12,372	15,300	15,582	17,024	17,121	18,754	34,789
Kenosha.....						10,734	12,307	13,903	12,676	13,147	13,907	13,550	14,137	15,581	17,548	20,628
Kewaunee.....							1,109	5,590	7,039	14,465	15,807	17,278	17,278	16,153	17,682	21,707
La Crosse.....							3,904	12,186	14,834	20,297	23,945	27,073	34,791	38,801	43,610	21,707
Lafayette.....					9,335	11,531	16,064	18,134	20,358	22,659	21,279	20,467	20,265	21,483	20,959	42,997
Langlade.....												685	5,912	9,465	11,092	42,997
Lincoln.....											895	2,011	6,989	12,008	14,765	16,253
Manitowoc.....		235	263	629	1,285	3,702	13,018	22,416	26,762	33,364	38,456	37,505	38,692	37,831	40,802	16,253
Marathon.....						608		2,892	3,678	5,885	10,111	17,121	27,053	30,369	36,598	42,281
Marquette.....		18	59	989	2,231	8,641	1,427	8,293	7,327	8,056	8,597	8,929	13,944	20,304	27,271	43,256
Milwaukee.....	3,131	5,605	9,565	15,925	22,791	31,077	46,265	62,518	72,340	89,930	122,927	138,531	189,660	236,101	287,922	30,822
																10,509
																330,017

Monroe							2,407	8,410	11,652	16,550	21,026	21,607	23,549	23,311	26,350	28,173
Oconto							1,501	3,582	4,855	8,321	13,812	9,848	13,205	15,009	18,339	20,874
Oneida							4,914	9,587	11,852	18,430	25,558	28,716	35,659	38,690	44,404	46,217
Outagamie							12,973	15,682	14,882	15,564	16,545	15,461	15,787	14,943	16,545	16,333
Ozaukee								2,382	3,002	4,659	5,816	6,226	6,972	6,932	7,597	7,905
Pepin							1,720	4,672	6,321	9,958	15,101	17,744	19,645	20,585	23,040	24,943
Pierce							547	1,400	1,677	3,422	6,736	10,018	12,881	12,968	16,117	17,801
Polk							5,151	7,507	8,145	10,634	14,836	17,531	23,248	24,798	28,581	29,483
Portage	1,623	646	931	1,504	1,250							785	3,071	5,258	7,257	9,106
Price							20,673	21,360	22,881	23,740	28,702	30,922	35,368	36,268	41,110	45,614
Racine	2,054	3,475	6,318	17,983	19,539	14,973	5,584	9,732	12,186	15,731	17,353	18,174	19,303	19,121	19,619	19,433
Richland						903	3,534	36,690	36,033	39,030	34,039	28,823	42,620	43,220	48,414	51,203
Rock	1,701	2,857	12,405	14,729	20,750	31,334	36,690	36,033	39,030	34,039	28,823	42,620	43,220	48,414	51,203	51,203
St. Croix	809		1,419	1,614	624	2,040	5,392	7,255	11,035	14,956	18,956	22,349	23,139	25,870	26,830	26,830
Sauk	102	393	1,003	2,178	4,371	13,614	18,963	20,151	23,830	26,932	28,729	30,569	30,575	34,919	33,003	33,003
Sawyer							251	829	1,369	3,166	6,635	10,371	16,629	19,236	22,573	27,475
Shawano							20,301	26,875	27,671	31,749	34,021	34,203	38,600	42,489	48,396	50,315
Sheboygan		133	221	1,637	5,580	8,379					849	2,311	5,703	6,731	8,448	11,262
Taylor							493	2,560	5,199	10,728	14,992	17,189	19,112	18,921	21,964	23,111
Trempealeau							4,823	11,007	13,644	18,645	21,524	23,235	24,423	25,111	27,035	28,551
Vernon															3,801	4,924
Vilas							22,662	26,496	25,773	25,972	26,259	26,249	27,802	27,860	29,162	29,259
Walworth	1,010	2,611	4,618	13,439	15,039	17,862							1,671	2,926	4,266	5,521
Washburn							18,897	23,622	24,019	23,919	23,862	23,442	23,682	22,751	24,077	23,589
Washington	64	313	965	7,473	15,447	19,485	21,012	20,831	27,029	28,274	11,523	28,957	31,123	33,270	36,562	35,229
Waukesha			13,793	15,886	19,253		21,012	8,851	14,208	15,589	19,646	20,955	25,340	26,794	30,793	31,615
Waupaca							4,437	8,511	9,002	11,279	19,425	12,687	13,921	13,507	15,355	15,972
Waushara							5,541	8,770	9,002	11,279	19,425	12,687	13,921	13,507	15,355	15,972
Winnebago	135	143	732	2,747	10,167	17,439	23,770	29,767	37,279	45,043	42,740	50,355	50,047	57,627	58,225	58,225
Wood							2,425	2,965	3,912	6,048		8,981	14,358	18,127	21,637	25,865
Total	18,139	30,945	44,478	155,277	210,546	305,391	552,109	775,881	868,325	1,034,670	1,236,729	1,315,497	1,563,413	1,686,880	1,937,915	2,069,042

POPULATION INCREASE BY COUNTIES.

Table showing relative position of counties on a population basis in 1830, 1890 and 1900, increase 1890 to 1900 and date of organization of each county.

Counties.	POSITIONS.			Popula- tion 1900.	Popula- tion 1890.	INCREASE.		When Organ- ized.
	1830.	1890.	1900.			Number.	Per Ct.	
Milwaukee.....	1	1	1	330,017	234,101	93,916	39.8	1834
Dane.....	2	2	2	69,435	59,578	9,857	16.5	1836
Winnebago.....	5	3	3	58,225	50,097	8,128	16.2	1838
Rock.....	6	6	4	51,203	43,220	7,983	18.5	1836
Sheboygan.....	9	7	5	50,315	42,489	7,826	18.5	1836
Fond du Lac.....	3	5	6	47,589	44,083	3,501	7.9	1836
Dodge.....	4	4	7	46,631	44,984	1,667	3.7	1836
Brown.....	10	8	8	46,359	39,164	7,195	18.4	1818
Outagamie.....	15	10	9	46,247	33,680	12,567	19.5	1851
Racine.....	12	13	10	45,614	36,263	9,376	25.9	1836
Marathon.....	32	18	11	43,256	30,369	12,887	42.4	1851
La Crosse.....	17	9	12	42,997	33,801	4,196	10.8	1851
Manitowoc.....	8	11	13	42,261	37,831	4,430	11.7	1836
Graut.....	7	12	14	38,881	36,651	2,230	6.1	1836
Douglas.....	62	53	15	36,335	13,463	22,867	169.8	1856
Waukesha.....	13	15	16	35,223	33,270	1,959	5.9	1846
Jefferson.....	11	14	17	34,789	33,530	1,259	3.8	1853
Chippewa.....	36	22	18	33,037	25,143	7,894	31.4	1845
Sauk.....	14	17	19	33,003	30,575	2,431	8.0	1838
Eau Claire.....	26	16	21	31,692	30,673	1,019	3.3	1856
Waupaca.....	16	19	22	31,615	26,794	4,821	18.0	1851
Marinette.....	51	32	23	31,121	28,350	2,771	9.8	1846
Portage.....	30	21	24	30,822	20,301	10,518	51.8	1879
Walworth.....	18	20	25	29,483	24,798	4,685	18.9	1836
Vernon.....	21	23	28	29,259	27,860	1,399	5.0	1836
Monroe.....	23	25	27	28,551	25,111	3,210	12.9	1851
Shawano.....	47	35	23	28,103	23,211	4,892	21.1	1856
St. Croix.....	27	26	29	27,475	19,236	8,239	42.8	1856
Wood.....	50	38	30	26,830	23,139	3,691	16.0	1838
Clark.....	46	39	31	25,865	18,127	7,738	42.7	1856
Dunn.....	33	29	32	25,818	17,708	8,140	46.0	1853
Pierce.....	29	31	33	25,013	22,664	2,379	10.5	1856
Barron.....	53	48	34	23,943	20,385	3,553	17.5	1856
Washington.....	20	27	35	23,589	15,416	8,261	53.6	1863
Trempealeau.....	31	37	36	23,114	22,751	833	3.7	1836
Iowa.....	19	30	37	23,114	18,920	4,194	22.2	1856
Green.....	22	23	38	22,719	22,117	997	4.5	1829
Kenosha.....	42	47	39	21,707	22,732	115	10.1	1836
Lafayette.....	21	33	40	20,959	20,265	6,126	39.3	1850
Oconto.....	49	50	41	20,874	15,009	694	3.4	1846
Juneau.....	37	40	42	20,629	15,865	5,865	39.1	1851
Ashland.....	59	34	43	20,176	17,121	3,508	20.5	1856
Richland.....	28	36	44	19,483	1113	2113	20.6	1856
Polk.....	48	54	45	17,801	12,968	362	1.9	1846
Door.....	45	46	46	17,583	15,682	4,633	37.3	1853
Jackson.....	43	45	47	17,466	15,797	1,901	12.1	1851
Crawford.....	36	44	48	17,286	15,987	1,669	10.6	1853
Kewaunee.....	35	42	49	17,212	16,112	1,059	8.1	1818
Calumet.....	31	41	50	17,078	16,639	439	6.6	1852
Buffalo.....	38	43	51	16,765	15,997	768	2.6	1836
Ozaukee.....	40	51	52	16,363	14,943	1,420	4.8	1853
Lincoln.....	58	55	53	16,269	12,008	4,261	9.5	1853
Wausara.....	44	52	54	15,972	13,507	2,465	35.5	1866
Green Lake.....	41	49	55	15,797	15,163	634	18.2	1851
Bayfield.....	63	58	56	14,392	7,350	7,002	47.7	1859
Langlade.....	61	57	57	12,553	9,465	3,088	32.6	1866
Taylor.....	57	61	58	11,262	6,731	4,531	67.3	1875
Marquette.....	52	56	59	10,509	9,676	833	8.6	1836
Adams.....	54	60	60	9,141	6,889	2,252	32.7	1852
Price.....	60	62	61	9,106	5,258	3,848	73.2	1879
Oneida.....	63	62	63	8,875	5,010	3,865	277.1	1859
Pepin.....	55	59	63	7,905	6,932	973	14.0	1858
Burnett.....	56	64	64	7,478	4,393	3,085	70.2	1836
Iron.....	.....	65	65	6,616	.....	6,616	2	1893
Washburn.....	.....	65	66	5,521	2,926	2,595	88.7	1833
Vilas.....	.....	67	67	4,929	.....	4,929	2	1833
Sawyer.....	.....	67	68	3,593	1,977	1,916	81.7	1833
Florence.....	.....	66	69	3,197	2,607	593	22.8	1832
Forest.....	.....	68	70	1,396	1,012	384	37.9	1835
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	2,069,042	1,686,880	382,162	22.7	.....

¹Decrease. ²Parts of Ashland and Oneida taken to form Iron and Vilas in 1893.

STATE AREA AND POPULATION.

[Organized as a territory July 3, 1836; admitted to statehood May 29, 1843.]

Gross area of state of Wisconsin.....	56,040 sq. miles.
Water surface in the state.....	1,590 sq. miles.
Net land surface.....	54,450 sq. miles.
Square acreage of land surface.....	31,818,000
Total population of state, census of 1900.....	2,069,042
Increase in population, 1890 to 1900.....	382,162
Per cent of increase, 22.7.	

Population per square mile of net land surface, 1900, 37.8; in 1890, 30.9; in 1880, 24.2; in 1870, 19.4; in 1860, 14.2; in 1850, 5.6; in 1840, 0.6.

Per centage of total population living in cities and villages in 1900.....	46.8
Per centage of total population living in cities and villages in 1899.....	41.6

Increase in percentage of population in cities and villages..... 5.2

It is impossible to give comparisons in many respects regarding the population of Wisconsin in 1900 because details of the census regarding those features are not yet compiled and published, hence some data is reproduced from the Blue Book of 1899, showing comparisons as made between the United States census of 1890 and the state census of 1895.

Number of males in 1890.....	874,951
Number of males in 1895.....	1,003,141

Net increase..... 128,190

Number of females in 1890.....	811,929
Number of females in 1895.....	934,774

Net increase..... 122,845

Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1890.....	92,729
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1895.....	93,184

From 1870 to 1880 the females decreased in number.

Excess of males in 1890.....	63,022
Excess of males in 1895.....	69,367

Colored population in 1890.....	2,444
Colored population in 1895.....	2,450

Net increase..... 6

Number of colored to each hundred thousand whites in 1870.....	201
In 1880.....	206
In 1885.....	356
In 1890.....	145
In 1895.....	126

Indians in 1890.....	3,335
Indians in 1895.....	3,953

Net increase..... 118

Indians not taxed in 1895.....	917
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Foreign born population in 1890.....	519,199
Foreign born population in 1895.....	523,877

Net increase..... 4,678

Number of men "Militia age" in 1870.....	347,469
Number of men "Militia age" in 1895.....	374,061

Net increase..... 27,192

Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1885.....	29,686
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895.....	26,307

Net loss in 10 years..... 3,379

WISCONSIN CITIES AND VILLAGES.

POINTS OF INTEREST BROUGHT OUT BY U. S. CENSUS.

Incorporated cities in Wisconsin, June 1, 1900	115
Incorporated villages in Wisconsin, June 1, 1900	145
Total incorporated cities and villages	260
Total population of all cities in Wisconsin, June 1, 1900	879,476
Total population of all cities in Wisconsin, June 1, 1890	647,713
Total increase in city population in ten years	231,763
Percentage of increase, 35.8.	
Percentage of the total population of Wisconsin, living in cities, June 1, 1900....	42.6
Percentage of the total population of Wisconsin, living in cities, June 1, 1890....	38.4
Increase in percentage living in cities in ten years	4.2
Total Wisconsin population living in cities and villages, June 1, 1900.....	969,394
Total Wisconsin population living in cities and villages, June 1, 1890.....	702,990
Increase in city and village population in ten years	266,344
Percentage of increase, 37.9.	
Percentage of total population of Wisconsin living in cities and villages, June 1, 1900	46.8
Percentage of total population of Wisconsin living in cities and villages, June 1, 1890	41.6
Increase in percentage of city and village population in ten years	5.2
Number of Wisconsin cities showing increase in population from June 1, 1890 to June 1, 1900	99
Number of Wisconsin cities showing decrease in population from June 1, 1890 to June 1, 1900	9
Number of Wisconsin cities incorporated since June 1, 1890, embracing territory not separately enumerated in the census of 1890.....	7
Total incorporated cities in Wisconsin, June 1, 1900	115
Population June 1, 1900, of 99 cities, showing increase in ten years	838,823
Population of the territory embraced in the same cities, June 1, 1890.....	617,802
Increase in population of 99 cities in ten years.....	221,021
Population June 1, 1890, of nine cities showing decrease in ten years.....	29,911
Population of the same nine cities June 1, 1900	27,018
Decrease in population, nine cities, in ten years.....	2,863
Net increase in population in 108 cities in ten years.....	218,158
Population, June 1, 1900, of seven cities incorporated since 1890, embracing territory not separately enumerated in census of 1890.....	13,605
Total increase in Wisconsin city population in ten years.....	231,763

DETAILED TABLE OF WISCONSIN CITIES.

Showing their relative standing as to population in 1890, also their population in 1900 and 1890 with increase or decrease made in ten years, in numbers and percentages.

Ninety-nine cities showing increase in population.

	Relative Standing	Population June 1, 1900, U. S. Census.	Population June 1, 1890, U. S. Census.	INCREASE.	
				Number.	Per Cent.
Milwaukee.....	1	288,923	201,468	84,455	41.3
Superior.....	2	31,031	11,983	19,108	159.5
Racine.....	3	29,102	21,014	8,088	38.5
La Crosse.....	4	28,895	25,080	3,805	15.2
Oshkosh.....	5	28,281	22,896	5,448	23.9
Sheboygan.....	6	22,962	16,359	6,603	40.4
Madison.....	7	19,161	13,426	5,793	42.7
Green Bay.....	8	18,684	9,069	9,615	108.0
Eau Claire.....	9	17,517	17,445	102	0.6
Marinette.....	10	16,195	11,523	4,672	40.5
Fond du Lac.....	11	15,110	12,024	3,086	25.7
Appleton.....	12	15,085	11,869	3,216	27.1
Janesville.....	13	13,185	10,836	2,349	21.7
Ashland.....	14	13,074	9,956	3,118	31.3
Wausau.....	15	12,783	9,233	3,550	33.5
Manitowoc.....	16	11,606	7,710	4,076	52.9
Kenosha.....	17	10,436	6,552	5,074	77.7
Beloit.....	18	10,436	6,315	4,121	65.2
Stevens Point.....	19	9,521	7,896	1,628	20.6
Merrill.....	20	8,537	6,809	1,728	25.4
Waukesha.....	21	7,419	6,321	1,098	17.4
Neenah.....	22	5,954	5,083	871	17.1
Baraboo.....	23	5,751	4,605	1,146	24.8
Menomonie.....	24	5,655	5,491	164	3.0
Oconto.....	25	5,646	5,219	427	8.2
Menasha.....	26	5,589	4,581	1,008	22.0
Portage.....	27	5,459	5,143	315	6.1
Marshfield.....	28	5,210	3,450	1,790	50.4
Antigo.....	29	5,145	4,421	721	16.3
Beaver Dam.....	30	5,128	4,222	906	21.5
Kaukauna.....	31	5,115	4,667	448	9.6
Rhineland.....	32	4,998	2,658	2,340	80.5
Grand Rapids.....	33	4,493	1,702	2,791	163.9
Berlin.....	34	4,489	4,149	340	8.2
De Pere.....	35	4,038	3,625	413	11.4
Monroe.....	36	3,927	3,768	159	4.2
Ripon.....	37	3,818	3,358	460	13.7
Two Rivers.....	38	3,781	2,870	914	31.8
Sparta.....	39	3,555	2,795	760	27.2
Stoughton.....	40	3,431	2,470	961	38.9
Sturgeon Bay.....	41	3,372	2,195	1,177	53.6
Platteville.....	42	3,340	2,740	600	21.6
Hudson.....	43	3,259	2,885	374	13.0
Prairie du Chien.....	44	3,232	3,131	101	3.2
Waupun.....	45	3,185	2,757	428	15.5
Fort Atkinson.....	46	3,043	2,283	760	33.3
Port Washington.....	47	3,010	1,639	1,351	81.4
Rice Lake.....	48	3,002	2,130	872	40.9
Mineral Point.....	49	2,991	2,694	297	11.0
Wausau.....	50	2,912	2,127	795	36.9
Oconomowoc.....	51	2,880	2,729	151	5.5
Tomah.....	52	2,810	2,199	641	20.1
New London.....	53	2,742	2,050	692	33.8
Lake Geneva.....	54	2,585	2,297	288	12.5
Jellerson.....	55	2,584	2,287	297	13.0
Burlington.....	56	2,526	2,043	483	23.6
Lancaster.....	57	2,403	1,543	860	55.7
Columbus.....	58	2,349	1,977	372	18.7
Richland Center.....	59	2,321	1,819	502	27.6
Tomahawk.....	60	2,291	1,816	475	26.2
Plymouth.....	61	2,257	1,503	754	50.2
Delavan.....	62	2,244	2,038	206	10.1
Reedsburg.....	63	2,225	1,737	488	28.1
Edgerton.....	64	2,192	1,595	597	37.4
West Bend.....	65	2,119	1,296	823	63.5
Neillsville.....	66	2,104	1,936	168	8.7
River Falls.....	67	2,008	1,783	225	12.6
Viroqua.....	68	1,950	1,270	680	53.5

DETAILED TABLE OF WISCONSIN CITIES—Continued.

	Relative Standing	Population June 1, 1900, U.S. Census.	Population June 1, 1890, U.S. Census.	INCREASE.	
				Number.	Per Cent.
Dodgeville.....	76	1,865	1,722	143	8.3
Evansville.....	77	1,864	1,523	341	23.7
Shawano.....	78	1,863	1,505	358	23.8
Mayville.....	80	1,815	1,185	650	55.8
Darlington.....	81	1,808	1,589	219	13.8
Kewaunee.....	83	1,773	1,216	557	45.8
Medford.....	84	1,758	1,193	565	47.4
Algoma.....	85	1,738	1,015	723	71.2
Elkhorn.....	86	1,731	1,447	284	19.6
Mauston.....	87	1,712	1,343	375	27.9
Elroy.....	88	1,685	1,413	272	19.9
Clintonville.....	89	1,653	1,466	187	12.7
Boscobel.....	90	1,637	1,570	67	4.3
Hartford.....	91	1,632	1,296	336	25.9
New Richmond.....	92	1,631	1,408	223	15.8
Cedarburg.....	93	1,625	1,361	265	19.5
Brodhead.....	94	1,584	1,461	123	8.4
Barron.....	95	1,493	829	664	80.1
Chilton.....	96	1,460	1,424	36	2.5
Durand.....	97	1,458	1,154	304	26.3
Horicon.....	98	1,376	1,354	22	1.6
Cumberland.....	100	1,323	1,219	109	8.9
Augusta.....	101	1,256	1,187	69	5.9
Mondovi.....	103	1,208	503	705	140.1
Fountain City.....	105	1,031	972	59	6.0
Seymour.....	106	1,026	733	293	40.0
New Lisbon.....	107	1,014	990	24	2.4
Prescott.....	108	1,002	911	91	10.0
Juneau.....	109	891	701	190	27.1
Chetek.....	114	531	406	125	30.8
Buffalo.....	115	254	223	31	13.9
Total.....		833,823	617,802	221,021	

NINE CITIES SHOWING DECREASE IN POPULATION IN TEN YEARS.

	Relative Standing	Population June 1, 1900, U.S. Census.	Population June 1, 1890, U.S. Census.	Decrease.	
				Number.	Per Cent.
Watertown.....	21	8,437	8,755	318	3.6
Chippewa Falls.....	22	8,094	8,670	576	6.6
Whitewater.....	43	3,405	4,359	954	21.9
Black River Falls.....	73	1,933	2,231	323	14.3
Onalaska.....	99	1,383	1,537	219	13.8
Shullsburg.....	102	1,250	1,393	143	10.3
Alma.....	104	1,201	1,123	227	15.9
Altoona.....	110	721	805	84	10.4
Pittsville.....	113	634	653	19	2.9
Total.....		27,048	29,911	2,863	

CITIES INCORPORATED SINCE AND HAVING NO INDIVIDUALITY IN 1890.

	Relative Standing	Population June 1, 1900, U.S. Census.	Increase in city population.
South Milwaukee.....	44	3,392	3,392
Wauwatosa.....	56	2,842	2,842
Stanley.....	63	2,387	2,387
Phillips.....	79	1,820	1,820
Glenwood.....	82	1,789	1,789
Greenwood.....	111	703	703
Colby.....	112	667	667
Total.....		13,605	13,605

WISCONSIN VILLAGES AND THEIR POPULATION.

Total number of incorporated villages, June 1, 1900..... 145
 Total population Wisconsin villages, June 1, 1900..... 89,854
 Total population Wisconsin villages, June 1, 1890..... 55,277

Following are the 145 Wisconsin villages, incorporated up to June 1, 1900, classified in the order of their population.

Of the 145 incorporated villages in Wisconsin June 1, 1900, there were sixteen having over 1,000, population each, twelve between 900 and 1,000, twenty-six between 700 and 900, thirty-nine between 500 and 700, and fifty-two with less than 500 population each. In the following list these villages are classified in the order of their population June 1, 1900. Those for which no population figures are given for 1890, have been incorporated since the census of 1890, and embrace territory the population of which was not separately enumerated in the census of that year.

VILLAGE AND COUNTY.	Population 1900.	Population 1890.	VILLAGE AND COUNTY.	Population 1900.	Population 1890.
Bayfield, Bayfield	1,689	1,373	Plainfield, Waushara	728	459
Lake Mills, Jefferson	1,387	1,053	West Salem, La Crosse.....	725	542
Cudahy, Milwaukee	1,368	.....	Tigerton, Shawano	723	.....
Omro, Winnebago	1,358	1,232	Palmyra, Jefferson	716	567
Sheboygan Falls, Shebgan	1,301	1,118	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	714	680
Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1,273	659	Markesan, Green Lake.....	705	475
Necedah, Juneau	1,239	1,708	Oregon, Dane	697	595
Princeton, Green Lake.....	1,202	986	Menom'nie F'ls, Wauk'sha	687	422
Waterloo, Dane	1,137	832	Soldiers Grove, Crawford.....	683	.....
Kilbourn City, Columbia	1,134	961	Kewaskum, Washington.....	679	557
Lodi, Columbia	1,068	736	Boyd, Chippewa	674	545
Ellsworth, Pierce	1,052	670	Mosinee, Marathon.....	667	427
North Milwaukee, Milw	1,049	.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	656	562
Winneconne, Winnebago	1,042	1,068	Loyal, Clark	645	.....
Fennimore, Grant	1,035	616	Cuba City, Grant	636	.....
Spring Valley, Pierce	1,021	.....	Bangor, La Crosse	633	499
Cassville, Grant	979	885	Poynet e, Columbia	633	517
Fairchild, Eau Claire.....	947	645	Baldwin, St. Croix	631	428
Sharon, Walworth	945	878	Independence, Trempleau	630	382
Little Chute, Outagamie	944	380	Hartland, Waukesha	629	486
Prentice, Price	939	.....	Montfort, Grant	627	467
Sun Prairie, Dane	938	704	St. Croix Falls, Polk	622	745
Kiel, Manitowoc	924	497	Spring Green, Sauk	621	625
Highland, Iowa	913	715	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	612	410
Hortonville, Outgamie	913	440	Bloomington, Grant	611	587
Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	911	708	Trempealeau, Trempleau	609	.....
Amery, Polk	905	451	Marion, Waupaca	602	470
Mazomanie, Dane	902	1,131	Whitehall, Trempealeau	600	304
Fox Lake, Dodge	890	814	Blanchardville, Lafayette	573	.....
Clinton, Rock	871	856	Cambria, Columbia	561	524
Mount Horeb, Dane	861	.....	Monticello, Green.....	559	401
Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	663	660	Auherst, Portage.....	558	438
Galesville, Trempealeau.....	862	577	Iola, Waupaca	558	.....
Brillion, Calumet	855	582	Schleis-inger ville, Wash'ton	549	422
Cadot, Chippewa	840	819	Benton, Lafayette.....	546	414
Thorp, Clark	838	723	Linden, Iowa	543	462
Bloomer, Chippewa.....	811	631	Marathon, Marathon.....	528	228
Wonewoc, Juneau	811	619	Clear Lake, Polk	527	.....
Sauk City, Sauk	810	876	Westby, Vernon	524	.....
Wittenberg, Shawano.....	798	726	Union Grove, Racine.....	520	492
Albany, Green	791	698	Deerfield, Dane	515	738
Pardeeville, Columbia.....	788	.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	512	312
Hillsboro, Vernon.....	785	461	Whitefish Bay, Milwaukee	512	.....
Nekoosa, Wood	745	.....	Cashton, Monroe	510	.....
Mañawa, Waupaca.....	744	350	Belmont, Lafayette.....	509	378
Muscoda, Grant	743	605	Hilbert, Calumet.....	497	.....
Merrillan, Jackson.....	739	639	Lomira, Dodge.....	492	.....
Randolph, Dodge	738	405	La Farge, Vernon.....	488	.....

WISCONSIN VILLAGES AND THEIR POPULATION—Continued.

VILLAGE AND COUNTY.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Popu- lation, 1890.	VILLAGE AND COUNTY.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Popu- lation, 1890.
North Freedom, Sauk.....	485	316	Cameron, Barron.....	394	.....
Rio, Columbia.....	479	339	Peeseville, Dodge.....	393	329
Grafton, Ozaukee.....	478	434	Ontario, Vernon.....	389	.....
Edgar, Marathon.....	478	.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	387	355
Birnamwood, Shawano.....	475	.....	Lavalle, Sauk.....	3-6	333
Osseo, Trempealeau.....	472	.....	Belleville, Dane.....	385	319
Wauzeka, Crawford.....	471	.....	Norwalk, Monroe.....	357	.....
Oseoela, Polk.....	466	381	Theresa, Dodge.....	355	.....
Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.	464	.....	Merrimack, Sauk.....	350	.....
Kendall, Monroe.....	460	304	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	335	.....
Dartford, Green Lake.....	450	204	Lowell, Dodge.....	333	301
Waunakee, Dane.....	443	312	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan..	327	.....
Abbotsford, Clark.....	443	.....	Turtle Lake, Barron.....	326	.....
Hazel Green, Grant.....	442	426	Eagle, Waukesha.....	324	.....
Blair, Trempealeau.....	438	.....	Lynxville, Crawford.....	222	243
Potosi, Grant.....	434	.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	220	.....
Camp Douglas, Juneau.....	432	225	Maiden Rock, Pierce.....	304	343
Viola, Richland.....	432	.....	Dane, Dane.....	280	.....
Ableman, Sauk.....	430	332	Embarrass, Waupaca.....	270	.....
Reedsville, Sauk.....	428	.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	263	275
Wrightstown, Brown.....	420	476	Browntown, Green.....	246	.....
Pepin, Pepin.....	407	389	Auburndale, Wood.....	241	253
Avoca, Iowa.....	406	278	McMillan, Marathon.....	200	.....
Hammond, St. Croix.....	404	388			
Readstown, Vernon.....	403	.....	Total.....	89,854	55,277
Wilton, Monroe.....	400	.....		

FOREIGN BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.

Distributed according to country of birth.—Compiled from census of Wisconsin, 1890

TEUTONS—		NORTH AMERICANS—	
Germany.....	268,469	British Americans.....	24,441
Switzerland.....	334		
Holland.....	6,961	SLAVS—	
Austria.....	120	Poland.....	4,428
Belgium.....	194	Bohemia.....	1,462
	276,078	Russia.....	226
		Hungary.....	1
SCANDINAVIANS—			6,129
Norway.....	103,463	GAELICO LATIN—	
Denmark.....	432	France.....	3,375
Sweden.....	111	Italy.....	39
	107,011	Portugal.....	1
IRISH—			3,414
Ireland.....	25,972	ALL OTHERS—	
ANGLO SAXON—		Various countries.....	52,632
Great Britain.....	28,239		
Total foreign born.....			523,877
NATIVE BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN—			
White.....	1,407,635		
Colored.....	2,450		
Indians.....	3,953		1,414,038
Total population of state.....			1,937,917

COMPARATIVE NATIVITY TABLE.

Native born, 1890.....	1,167,681				
Native born, 1895.....	1,414,038				
Increase in 5 years.....	246,357				
Foreign born, 1890.....	519,199				
Foreign born, 1895.....	523,877				
Increase in 5 years.....	4,678				
1890.					
Native born.....	1,167,681				
Scandinavian born.....	99,738				
German born.....	259,819				
All other countries.....	159,642				
Total population.....	1,686,880				
1895.					
Native born.....	1,414,038				
Scandinavian born.....	106,900				
German born.....	268,469				
All other countries.....	148,508				
Total population.....	1,937,915				
Germans, 1890.....	259,819				
Germans, 1895.....	268,469				
Increase in 5 years.....	8,650				
Scandinavian, 1890.....	99,738				
Scandinavian, 1895.....	106,900				
Increase in 5 years.....	7,162				
All other countries, 1890.....	159,642				
All other countries, 1895.....	148,508				
Decrease in 5 years.....	11,134				
1890.					
Percentage of native to total population.....	69.22				
Percentage of total foreign to total population.....	30.78				
Percentage of Scandinavian to total population.....	5.91				
Percentage of German to total population.....	15.40				
Percentage of all others.....	9.47				
1895.					
Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	224.90				
Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	19.21				
Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	50.04				
Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	30.75				
1890.					
Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	269.92				
Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	20.41				
Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	51.25				
Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	28.34				
1895.					
Percentage of, increase 1890 to 1895:					
Native born.....	13.39				
Scandinavians.....	7.18				
Germans.....	3.33				
All others (decrease).....	6.97				
Number per square mile.					
Native born.....	21.46	1890.	25.97	1895.	
Scandinavians.....	1.83		1.96		
Germans.....	4.77		4.93		
All others.....	2.92		2.73		
Percentage of increase of Native born.					
Foreign born.					
1850-1860.....	155.99		150.66		
1860-1870.....	38.32		31.62		
1870-1880.....	31.86		11.23		
1880-1890.....	28.31		28.06		
1890-1895.....	13.39		.90		

INDIANS IN WISCONSIN.

The following tables of points pertaining to Indian reservations in Wisconsin are gathered from the 1900 report of Commissioner of Indian Affairs W. A. Jones, the figures as to population being taken from United States census report of 1900. The Winnebago reservation in Jackson county is not under an agent; figures pertaining to it are not available and it is not included in the tables.

STATISTICS OF INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Name of Reservation.	County in.	Agency at	Name of tribe.	Population.	Total acres.	Acres allot'd
Lac Court Oreilles.	Sawyer.....	La Point.....	Chippewa....	873	69,136	49,044
Lac du Flambeau.	Vilas.....	La Point.....	Chippewa....	661	69,914	36,248
La Point (Bad Riv.)	Asiland.....	La Point.....	Chippewa....	627	124,333	40,517
Menominee.....	Shawano. }	Green Bay ...	Menominee }	1,255 (	331,680	.....
	Oconto.....			232)		
Oneida.....	Brown.....	Green Bay ...	Oneida.....	1,039 (	65,486	65,402
Red Cliff.....	Outg'mie }			398	14,143	14,103
	Bayfield }	La Point.....	Chippewa....			
Stockbridge ¹	Shawano...	Green Bay ...	Stockbridge..	376	11,803	.....
Total ².....	.....	.....	.....	6,126	686,495	205,310

Agents in charge: At La Point, S. W. Campbell; at Green Bay, D. H. George.

¹ Stockbridge and Munsee tribes. ² Total does not include 1,447 Winnebagoes and 230 Potawatamies not under an agent, which make an approximate total of 7,553 Indian population in Wisconsin.

Agricultural products grown on reservations, 1899.

Reservation.	Oats.	Corn.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Onions.	Beans.	Other vegetables.
	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>	<i>Bush.</i>
Lac Court Oreilles.	1,500	600	1,500	300	200	150	450
Lac du Flambeau.	.....	500	6,000	3,000	100	50	350
La Point (Bad Riv.)	1,000	200	3,000	1,000	100	.....	100
Menominee.....	16,056	5,580	6,480	1,800	750	1,225	750
Oneida.....	165,600	11,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Red Cliff.....	2,000	300	4,000	1,100	160	150	1,500
Stockbridge.....	2,900	6,600	2,600	166	38	50	40
Total.....	89,056	24,780	23,580	7,360	1,348	1,625	3,190

¹ Including barley and rye.

The Menominees also harvested 1,500 bushels of wheat and 850 bushels of rye; the Stockbridges and Munsees 680 bushels of wheat and 100 bushels of rye. The Oneidas harvested 10,000 bushels of wheat, 27,900 bushels of vegetables and made 30,500 pounds of butter.

Other Statistics regarding Wisconsin Indian Reservations.

Reservation.	Speak English.	Houses oc- cupied.	Church mem- bers.	No. who can read.	Births 1900.	Deaths 1900.	Live Stock owned.				
							Horses and Mules.	Cattle.	Swine.	Domestic fowls.	
Lac Court Oreilles.....	600	250	200	520	15	12	300	150	300	600	
Lac du Flambeau.....	450	179	62	250	11	15	135	30	10	1,500	
La Point (Bad River).....	525	216	450	500	22	14	250	200	100	.....
Menominee.....	800	325	830	750	35	37	682	164	322	4,097	
Oneida.....	800	329	718	600	39	55	532	403	300	4,900	
Red Cliff.....	190	67	175	175	12	5	42	40	.....	1,600
Stockbridge ¹	527	67	30	440	11	10	76	75	80	1,200	
Total.....	3,892	1,433	2,465	3,235	195	145	2,017	1,062	1,112	13,897	

¹ includes Munsees. Practically all wear citizens dress wholly.

POPULATION OF STATES, TERRITORIES AND DEPENDENCIES

Table showing population of states and territories in 1900 and 1890, classified as to population in 1900, with numbers and percentage of increase in 10 years; dates of admission of states and organization of territories, gross area in square miles and population per square mile in 1900; also population and gross area of island dependencies and possessions.

STATES.	Admitted to the Union	POPULATION.		INCREASE SINCE 1890.		Gross area, square miles, 1900.	Population per square mile, 1900. ¹
		1900.	1890.	Number.	Per ct.		
New York.....	Jul. 26, 1788	7,268,012	5,997,853	1,270,159	21.2	53,719	152.3
Pennsylvania.....	Dec. 12, 1787	6,302,115	5,258,014	1,044,101	19.9	45,928	137.2
Illinois.....	Dec. 3, 1818	4,821,550	3,826,351	995,199	23.4	58,354	82.6
Ohio.....	Jan. 19, 1803	4,157,545	3,672,316	485,229	13.2	41,464	93.5
Missouri.....	Aug. 10, 1821	3,104,665	2,679,184	427,481	16.0	69,137	44.9
Texas.....	Dec. 29, 1845	3,048,710	2,235,523	813,187	36.4	266,011	11.5
Massachusetts.....	Feb. 6, 1783	2,805,346	2,248,943	556,403	25.3	8,546	328.3
Indiana.....	Dec. 11, 1816	2,516,462	2,192,404	324,058	14.8	36,587	68.8
Michigan.....	Jan. 26, 1837	2,420,982	2,093,889	327,093	15.6	97,990	24.7
Iowa.....	Dec. 28, 1846	2,231,853	1,911,896	319,957	16.7	56,270	39.7
Georgia.....	2,216,331	1,847,353	378,978	20.6	59,435	37.4	
Kentucky.....	Jan. 1, 1792	2,147,174	1,858,635	288,539	24.9	40,332	53.2
Wisconsin.....	May 29, 1848	2,069,042	1,686,800	382,162	22.7	56,400	36.9
Tennessee.....	Jan. 1, 1796	2,000,616	1,767,518	233,098	14.3	42,056	45.0
North Carolina.....	Dec. 21, 1789	1,893,810	1,617,947	275,863	17.0	52,674	36.0
New Jersey.....	Dec. 18, 1787	1,883,669	1,444,933	438,736	30.4	8,173	230.5
Virginia.....	Jun. 25, 1788	1,854,181	1,655,980	198,204	12.0	42,380	43.8
Alabama.....	Dec. 14, 1819	1,823,697	1,513,017	310,680	21.0	51,766	35.3
Minnesota.....	May 14, 1858	1,751,394	1,301,826	449,568	34.5	86,335	20.3
Mississippi.....	Dec. 10, 1817	1,551,270	1,284,600	261,670	20.3	46,919	33.0
California.....	Sept. 9, 1850	1,485,053	1,208,130	276,923	22.9	158,233	9.4
Kansas.....	Jan. 23, 1831	1,470,495	1,427,056	43,399	3.0	82,236	18.0
Louisiana.....	Apr. 30, 1812	1,331,625	1,118,587	213,038	23.5	49,626	27.8
South Carolina.....	May 23, 1788	1,340,316	1,151,149	189,167	16.4	31,048	43.2
Arkansas.....	Jan. 15, 1836	1,311,564	1,128,179	183,385	16.3	53,228	24.7
Maryland.....	Apr. 28, 1788	1,190,050	1,042,390	147,660	14.2	12,297	96.8
Nebraska.....	Mar. 1, 1867	1,068,539	1,058,910	9,629	0.9	77,581	13.8
West Virginia.....	Dec. 19, 1863	958,800	762,794	196,006	25.7	24,504	39.1
Connecticut.....	Jan. 9, 1788	968,355	746,258	162,097	21.7	5,612	161.9
Maine.....	Mar. 15, 1820	694,466	661,086	33,380	5.0	33,039	21.0
Colorado.....	Aug. 1, 1876	539,700	412,158	127,542	30.9	103,969	5.2
Florida.....	Mar. 3, 1815	528,542	391,422	137,120	35.0	58,984	9.0
Washington.....	Nov. 11, 1889	518,103	349,390	168,713	48.3	70,574	7.3
Rhode Island.....	May 29, 1790	423,558	345,506	83,050	24.0	1,247	343.7
Oregon.....	Feb. 14, 1859	413,536	313,767	99,769	31.8	96,838	4.2
New Hampshire.....	Jun. 21, 1778	411,588	376,530	35,058	9.3	9,377	43.9
South Dakota.....	Feb. 22, 1889	401,570	328,808	72,762	22.1	77,580	5.2
Vermont.....	Mar. 4, 1791	313,641	332,422	11,219	3.4	9,563	35.9
North Dakota.....	Feb. 22, 1889	319,146	182,719	136,427	74.7	70,879	4.5
Utah.....	Jan. 5, 1846	276,749	207,905	68,844	33.1	84,928	3.3
Montana.....	Nov. 8, 1889	243,329	132,159	111,170	84.9	147,061	1.6
Delaware.....	Dec. 7, 1787	181,735	168,493	16,242	9.6	2,380	77.6
Idaho.....	July 3, 1890	161,772	84,385	77,387	91.7	83,828	1.9
Wyoming.....	Oct. 10, 1890	92,531	60,705	31,826	52.4	97,878	1.0
Nevada.....	July 21, 1864	92,335	45,761	46,574	27.5	110,679	0.4
Total.....		74,610,524	62,116,811	12,493,713	20.1	2,776,176	426.9
TERRITORIES.							
Porto Rico.....	May 1, 1900	593,243				3,600	264.8
Oklahoma.....	May 2, 1890	398,245	61,831	336,414	544.2	38,988	10.2
Indian Territory.....	Jun. 30, 1834	391,960	180,182	211,778	117.5	31,154	12.6
Dist. of Columbia.....	Mar. 3, 1791	278,718	230,392	48,326	21.0	69	4,039.4
New Mexico.....	Sept. 9, 1850	195,310	153,593	41,717	27.2	122,687	1.6
Hawaii.....	Jun. 14, 1900	151,001	89,990	64,011	71.1	6,740	22.8
Arizona.....	Feb. 24, 1893	122,931	59,020	63,911	106.2	113,870	1.0
Alaska.....	Jul. 27, 1868	63,441	32,032	31,389	41.5	599,446	0.1
Total, Ter... ..		2,557,849	807,663	796,943	98.7	916,524	72.6

¹ The original thirteen states, dates they ratified the constitution. ² Decrease of population in Nevada. ³ Average percentage of increase in all states. ⁴ Average population per sq. mile, gross area, all states. ⁵ No record of population of Porto Rico prior to 1900. ⁶ Increase in territory exclusive of Porto Rico. ⁷ Average population per square mile in territories.

POPULATION OF STATES, TERRITORIES AND DEPENDENCIES—Continued.

ISLAND POSSESSIONS AND DEPENDENCIES.	Possession obtained.	POPULATION.				Gross area square miles.	Population per square mile.
		1900.	1890.				
Philippines	1898.	8,000,000	.....	.....	.....	143,000	55.9
Cuba	1898.	1,572,797	.....	.....	.....	41,655	37.8
Guam	Dec. 10, 1898	8,661	.....	.....	.....	54	160.4
Tutuila, Samoa .	1899.	4,000	.....	.....	.....	500	8.0
Total pos. & dep. ....	.....	9,585,458	.....	.....	.....	185,209	51.7

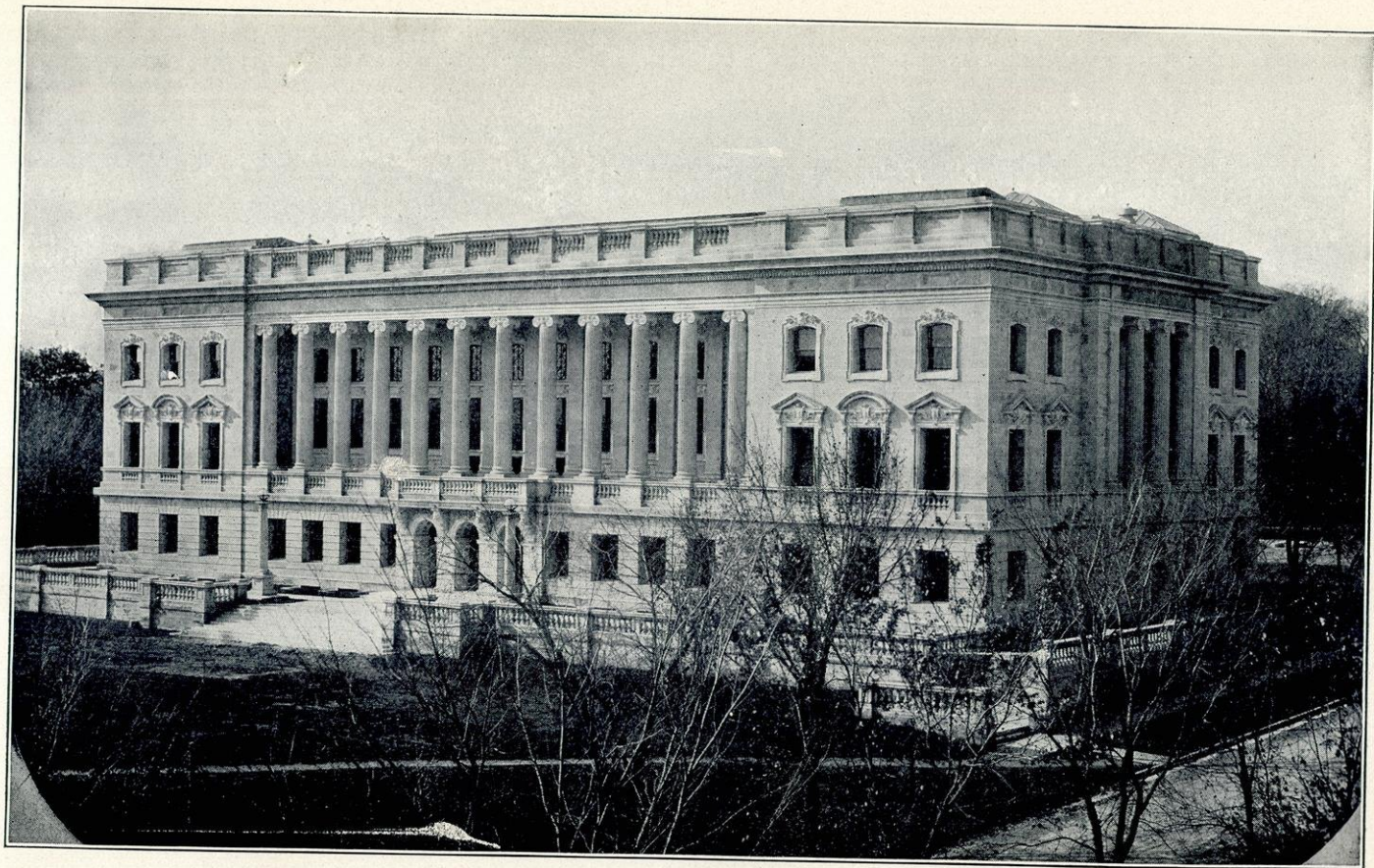
⁸ Philippine population estimated. ⁹ Average population per square mile in dependencies.

SUMMARY.—Total population 45 states and 7 territories 1890, 62,924,474; in 1900, 75,215,130; increase in fixed territory, 13,291,604; percentage of increase 21.1. Total population, states and territories, 1900, including Porto Rico, 77,163,373; including island possessions, exclusive of Cuba, 85,181,031; including Cuba, 86,753,831.

PART V.

STATE AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

GRAND ARMY DATA.



STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING, MADISON.
(Dedicated October 19, 1900.)

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Wisconsin, practically an unknown region 100 years ago, a bunch of 50,000 square miles of wilderness and prairie, merely a designated point upon the maps of the country, becoming a territory in 1836 with 11,000 inhabitants and donning statehood in 1848 with a population approximately 250,000, stands upon the threshold of the Twentieth century a marvel to the world in progress and development, a Gibraltar in those features which make a state grand, a nation enduring—her educational institutions,—and her star shines in the thirteenth place in point of population in the states of the Union.

In the matter of purely state institutions for the improvement of the condition of the physically unfortunate and the mentally incorrigible, Wisconsin stands second to no state in the Union, age, population and resources considered. A study of the records which follow of institutions in charge of the State Board of Control will fully demonstrate the accuracy of this statement.

In the matter of strictly educational institutions no state could wish to wear a brighter crown of established accomplishment in half a century. With but a few rude structures called school houses at her entrance into statehood, fifty-three years ago, Wisconsin enters the twentieth century with 7,242 public school houses, 223 free high schools, seven state normal schools, a full score of colleges, seminaries and academies, a state university among the foremost in the entire country in the dissemination of education in the higher branches, and with an agricultural college from which the best matured and thoroughly demonstrated knowledge in the science of agriculture is being carried to all parts of the world.

In the common and Free High schools of the state over 13,000 teachers are employed imparting free education to over 450,000 pupils. Detailed information pertaining to the various educational institutions of the state will be found upon succeeding pages. The subjoined table from the report of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction for 1899-1900 shows the sum of money spent in the state of Wisconsin in each of the last three school years, for all educational purposes.

Expended for support of—	ALL EXPENDITURES FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR.		
	1897-1898.	1898-1899.	1899-1900.
State University.....	\$178,706 69	\$507,171 23	\$592,797 46
Normal Schools.....	340,623 31	302,362 93	281,759 73
Common and High Schools.....	5,290,506 40	5,437,367 52	5,735,724 45
County Superintendents.....	72,063 12	72,664 00	71,475 00
Teachers Institutes.....	19,420 00	8,794 87	11,238 55
Day Schools for the Deaf.....	19,175 00	22,469 95	23,930 80
Dictionaries to School Districts.....	2,205 00	1,357 00	1,890 00
Total.....	\$6,222,699 52	\$3,352,167 30	\$6,721,876 05

STATE UNIVERSITY FINANCES—TWO YEARS.

Following is a summary of State University finances for the two years ending Sept. 30, 1900. The receipts and expenditures for each year are given separately, as well as in combination. The tables are recompiled from a statement by the University printed in the latest report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The aim has been to put the figures in such form that even a layman can understand them and see the various purposes for which funds are used. The figures representing the expenditures do not include printing done for dif-

ferent departments of the University and paid for out of the General Fund of the state to the sum of \$8,061.17 and \$2,700.31 expended on Ladies' hall in 1899, a total of \$10,761.48, not in the tabulated statement.

RECEIPTS.

Received from.	FOR THE YEAR ENDING		Total Receipts, Two Years.
	Sept. 30, 1899.	Sept. 30, 1900.	
The State, direct tax.....	\$255,000 00	\$268,000 00	\$523,000 00
The State, appropriations.....	21,798 48	156,798 48	178,596 96
Temporary loans.....	75,000 00	79,000 00	154,000 00
Tuition fees.....	40,848 71	48,144 35	88,993 06
United States, appropriations.....	40,000 00	40,000 00	80,000 00
Creamery and farm sales.....	23,885 70	27,350 21	51,235 91
Productive funds.....	21,675 62	23,826 46	45,502 08
Laboratory supplies.....	11,818 20	14,975 47	26,793 67
Miscellaneous sources.....	4,542 58	11,750 72	16,293 30
Gifts.....	7,093 85	5,230 00	12,323 85
Total.....	\$501,653 14	\$675,075 69	\$1,176,728 83

DISBURSEMENTS.

Disbursed for.	FOR THE YEAR ENDING.		Total Expense, Two Years.
	Sept. 30, 1899.	Sept. 30, 1900.	
College, Letters and Science.....	\$126,613 71	\$135,190 08	\$261,743 79
Agricultural College and Experiment Station..	7,922 57	82,783 73	161,706 30
Bills Payable (loans paid).....	75,000 00	65,000 00	140,000 00
College of Mechanics and Engineering.....	42,654 90	47,682 72	90,337 62
Engineering Building.....	41 67	66,708 26	66,749 93
University Hall.....	37,549 68	18,034 41	55,584 09
Heat and Light.....	16,557 25	16,800 95	33,358 20
Administration.....	15,814 35	17,338 44	33,152 79
College of Law.....	14,179 48	14,116 02	28,295 50
Agricultural Institute Fund.....	14,274 51	12,607 19	27,881 70
Laboratory Supplies.....	11,312 77	12,688 04	24,000 81
General Library.....	9,633 65	10,554 36	20,188 01
School of Education and University Extension	8,783 59	9,117 50	17,906 09
Agricultural College heating plant, etc.....	7,109 43	17,348 35	24,457 78
Summer Session.....	7,529 29	9,866 35	17,395 64
School of Pharmacy.....	6,002 19	7,811 71	13,813 90
Observatory.....	4,846 74	6,175 69	11,022 43
Repairs.....	4,146 20	6,486 99	10,633 19
Horse barn.....	4,162 20	7,021 23	11,183 43
Printing and advertising.....	5,063 62	5,815 53	10,879 15
General account.....	3,363 36	4,166 25	7,529 61
Roads and grounds.....	2,915 00	3,689 88	6,604 88
Gift fund scholarship.....	3,910 70	3,290 00	7,200 70
Shop repairs.....	3,210 15	4,794 85	7,995 00
Ladies' hall.....	3,910 70	4,794 85	8,705 55
Ventilation, Science Hall.....	3,210 15	317 91	3,528 06
Germanic Library Fund.....	.....	2,861 17	2,861 17
Historical Library.....	.....	2,742 40	2,742 40
Interest paid.....	1,318 00	1,318 00	2,636 00
Dairy herd.....	1,623 93	185 00	1,808 93
Central plant.....	390 12	.....	390 12
Dairy barn.....	335 17	.....	335 17
Camp Randall.....	.....	44 45	44 45
Total.....	\$307,171 23	\$592,797 46	\$1,099,968 69

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts, two years.....	\$1,176,728 83
On hand Sept. 30, 1898.....	29,376 53
Total available funds.....	\$1,206,115 36
Total expenditures, two years.....	1,099,968 69
Balance Sept. 30, 1900.....	\$106,146 67

THE STATE CAPITOL.

(By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary State Historical Society.)

Wisconsin Territory, partitioned from Michigan Territory, had been organized at Mineral Point, July 4, 1836. The first legislature met at Belmont, October 25. Then ensued a long struggle over the location of the permanent seat of government. There were seventeen applicants (Fond du Lac, Dubuque, Portage, Helena, Milwaukee, Racine, Belmont, Mineral Point, Platteville, Green Bay, Cassville, Belleview, Koshkonong, Wisconsinapolis, Peru, Wisconsin City, and Madison), several of them existing only on maps issued by real estate "boomers." Madison, one of the latter class, won, through the influence of James Duane Doty, who had been circuit judge for Michigan Territory, west of Lake Michigan. He, together with Stevens T. Mason, governor of Michigan Territory, had, just previous to the contest, purchased from the United States government about 1,000 acres in sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. The Capitol Park, which they laid out, is upon the common corners of these sections; it was formally deeded to the Territory by the owners, in a document dated Mineral Point, January 16, 1839, and still preserved in the State archives. The prospective town was called Madison, from the fourth president of the United States. The first house was built in Madison in the spring of 1837. In June, work was commenced upon the Capitol; its corner stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies upon July 4.

The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The Capitol was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions, which were held in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the Capitol, Dane county \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old Capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangements, at the time compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The Capitol proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the Capitol. The State also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The work was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome (the most satisfactory portion of the structure) was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the Capitol, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing staffs of the State offices. November 8, 1883, the south wing fell while in process of construction, an accident which led to the death of eight workmen. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length from north to south (exclusive of steps and porticoes) is 396 feet, and from east to west, 226 feet. The total appropriations for the enlargement of the Capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are about \$900,000.

The Capitol Park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering on the cardinal points of the compass, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is handsomely situated on an elevation commanding a view of Lakes Monona and Mendota, and the surrounding Four Lake country. In the center of this square stands the Capitol.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

MEMBERS.

ANDREW G. NELSON.....	Term expires April 15, 1904.	Waupaca.
WILLIAM P. LYON.....	Term expires April 15, 1905.	Madison.
E. R. PETHERICK.....	Term expires April 15, 1901.	Milwaukee.
GEORGE W. BISHOP.....	Term expires April 15, 1902.	Rhineland.
N. B. TREAT.....	Term expires April 15, 1903.	Monroe.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane.....	Mendota.
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	Winnebago.
School for the Deaf.....	Delavan.
School for the Blind.....	Janesville.
Industrial School for Boys.....	Waukesha.
State Prison.....	Waupun.
State School for Dependent Children.....	Sparta.
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded.....	Chippewa Falls.
Wisconsin State Reformatory.....	Green Bay.

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

- Four Semi-State Institutions.
- Twenty-seven County Insane Asylums.
- Sixty-eight Jails.
- Forty-nine Poor Houses.
- Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
- Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

WM. P. LYON.....	President.
GEORGE W. BISHOP.....	Vice President.
M. J. TAPPINS.....	Secretary.

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by chapter 202, laws of 1895, consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. The members first appointed under the act, however, are to hold office for the term of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties, and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to elect a secretary, three clerks and a stenographer. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the stewards of the institutions or the board are audited by the board.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners in lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any insane asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of

legal insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the State Public School for dependent or neglected children, the Home for Feeble-Minded, the State Reformatory, and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, ground and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, and a steward; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the

Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

WISCONSIN'S INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

Sept. 30, 1900, there were 4,858 insane under public care. Of these 424 were in the State hospital, 585 in the Northern hospital and 455 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,464 in hospitals. There were 3,394 in the twenty-seven county asylums for the chronic insane, making 4,858 confined in asylums and hospitals.

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

For the last twelve years.

INSTITUTIONS.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
State Hospital	\$3 78	\$3 83	\$4 22	\$3 59	\$3 71	\$4 02	\$5 03	\$5 01	\$5 38	\$5 18	\$5 04	\$4 79
Northern Hospital	3 44	3 70	3 93	3 61	3 70	3 73	4 56	4 07	4 75	5 09	4 18	3 88
Milwaukee Hospital	3 21	3 58	3 65	3 51	3 95	3 16	3 63	3 79	3 37	3 39	3 30	3 32
County Asylums.												
Brown	1 89	1 85	2 00	1 75	1 80	1 95	1 85	2 05	1 95	2 07	1 87	2 47
Chippewa								2 67	1 55	1 48	1 64	1 76
Columbia	1 52	1 65	1 53	1 55	1 65	1 84	1 32	1 28	1 32	1 20	1 54	1 75
Dane	1 57	1 75	1 70	1 69	1 58	1 40	1 18	1 38	1 35	1 22	1 19	1 57
Dodge	1 86	1 78	1 75	1 98	1 99	2 00	1 85	1 74	1 65	1 73	1 82	2 34
Dunn				1 86	1 55	1 55	1 53	1 32	1 81	1 73	1 78	2 54
Fond du Lac	1 60	1 81	1 98	2 25	2 14	1 90	1 96	1 67	1 80	1 81	1 61	2 50
Grant	1 47	1 79	1 74	1 59	1 67	1 89	1 72	1 60	1 56	1 60	1 23	1 99
Green	1 72	1 74	1 90	1 52	1 65	1 58	1 73	1 63	1 66	1 79	1 51	1 92
Iowa	1 70	1 24	1 44	1 58	1 53	1 23	1 65	1 44	1 34	1 17	1 16	1 79
Jefferson	1 68	1 62	1 88	1 87	1 86	1 54	1 79	1 66	2 05	1 54	1 42	1 47
La Crosse	1 89	1 32	1 35	1 37	1 49	1 27	1 39	1 36	1 27	1 56	1 41	1 79
Manitowoc	1 72	1 51	1 60	1 61	1 52	1 72	1 67	1 61	1 39	1 61	1 77	2 26
Marathon						4 26	1 77	1 49	1 70	1 70	1 70	2 74
Milwaukee	2 32	2 54	2 51	2 74	2 71	2 51	2 48	3 41	2 52	2 27	2 35	2 15
Outagamie		3 28	2 10	1 85	1 72	1 71	1 47	1 62	1 75	1 30	1 37	2 70
Racine		3 73	2 01	1 89	2 21	1 04	1 95	2 05	1 98	1 72	2 35	2 46
Richland									2 38	1 70	1 82	1 97
Rock	1 47	1 37	1 21	1 35	1 14	1 53	1 58	1 31	1 30	1 43	1 49	2 25
Sauk	1 33	1 09	1 09	1 05	1 15	1 18	1 31	1 31	1 22	1 25	1 39	1 57
Sheboygan	2 29	1 98	2 31	2 26	2 19	1 93	1 80	2 19	2 14	1 86	1 93	2 42
St. Croix									1 88	1 45	1 26	2 35
Trempealeau												3 96
Vernon	2 61	1 68	1 66	1 55	1 62	1 49	1 63	1 76	1 93	1 89	1 67	2 19
Walworth	1 23	1 33	1 33	1 22	1 45	1 35	1 12	1 17	1 00	1 24	98	1 58
Washington											3 02	2 54
Winnebago	1 25	1 18	1 16	1 56	1 53	1 68	1 93	2 03	1 68	1 65	1 63	2 33
Average.	\$1 69	\$1 75	\$1 78	\$1 70	\$1 74	\$1 74	\$1 68	\$1 73	\$1 66	\$1 60	\$1 65	\$2 22

STATE INSTITUTIONS,

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COMPARATIVE TABLE,

Showing current expense expenditures, current expenses, average population and per capita cost per week at the various institutions for years 1895 to 1900 inclusive. (The current expenses are determined by taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year and receipts and transfers from different departments.)

Institutions.	Year.	Current expense expenditures	Current expenses.	Average population.	Per capita cost per week.
State Hospital for Insane....	1895	\$102,564 48	\$117,608 14	450	\$5 03
	1896	109,562 55	103,475 01	397	5 01
	1897	112,994 73	113,330 94	405	5 33
	1898	109,339 60	110,497 07	410	5 18
	1899	109,817 76	104,185 67	397	5 04
	1900	108,969 67	101,120 85	405	4 79
Northern Hospital for Insane	1895	129,903 12	140,331 53	592	4 56
	1896	129,608 99	117,861 87	556	4 07
	1897	129,884 92	133,374 70	539	4 75
	1898	137,427 14	144,687 77	546	5 09
	1899	133,019 94	124,106 41	556	4 18
	1900	127,568 56	114,525 94	566	3 88
School for Deaf.....	1895	38,976 62	42,005 49	199	4 05
	1896	39,468 97	39,799 54	180	4 25
	1897	53,871 69	46,874 90*	139	6 48
	1898	44,442 72	45,992 53	145	6 09
	1899	41,847 39	37,850 05	165	3 72
	1900	41,122 41	37,836 42	175	4 15
School for Blind.....	1895	26,930 53	29,538 86	101	5 62
	1896	38,905 87	37,215 76	101	7 09
	1897	36,720 66	33,039 78*	80	7 94
	1898	33,798 30	31,017 20	82	7 27
	1899	35,671 41	31,961 72	109	5 62
	1900	35,869 94	32,520 49	108	5 77
Industrial School for Boys....	1895	70,324 05	69,494 16	369	3 62
	1896	62,429 49	63,270 74	343	3 55
	1897	64,313 79	63,797 94	346	3 54
	1898	78,115 53	91,787 79	307	5 75
	1899	68,097 81	65,135 51	301	4 16
	1900	68,977 76	61,090 54	324	3 62
State Prison.....	1895	98,918 14	103,176 98	625	3 17
	1896	89,133 37	85,050 47	636	2 69
	1897	97,514 04	90,443 33	601	2 89
	1898	100,516 46	97,829 91	645	2 91
	1899	88,416 57	92,504 49	591	3 01
	1900	95,147 68	86,951 93	532	3 13
State Public School.....	1895	43,067 68	43,016 83	270	3 66
	1896	46,758 63	46,097 41	237	3 74
	1897	53,975 59	47,896 81	282	3 51
	1898	46,404 97	47,230 71	193	4 63
	1899	41,266 67	41,308 33	163	4 87
	1900	43,126 97	40,977 03	159	4 94
Home for Feeble Minded.....	1897	21,139 64	15,477 97	42	7 03
	1898	65,823 07	55,695 79	284	3 77
	1899	63,302 39	61,327 23	370	3 18
	1900	77,773 25	62,462 53	387	3 10

*At school for deaf and school for blind for the two fiscal years 1897 and 1898 the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the entire year. For the other years the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the school year.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION AT THE SEVERAL INSTITUTIONS FOR THE BIENNIAL PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1900.

	State Hospital.		Northern Hospital.		School for Deaf.		School for Blind.		Industrial School		State Prison.		State Public School.		Home for Feeble Minded.		Reformatory.	
	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900	1899	1900
No. remaining October 1.....	328	395	580	561	193	172	105	108	305	304	601	567	160	157	373	384	22	52
Returned from escapes and paroles.....	32	23	29	69					28	30								2
Transferred from other institutions.....																	11	10
Returned from homes, etc.....													108	144		21		
Original admissions during each year.....	328	393	446	417	30	45	27	33	134	160	286	238	170	150	48	39	39	110
Total.....	688	811	1,055	1,047	223	217	132	141	465	494	887	805	438	431	421	414	72	174
Absent Sept 30th, on paroles.....	169	172	288	262					152	157	1							
Transferred to other institutions.....	89	157	160	156					5	3			3				8	32
Eloped and not returned.....	4	3	7	2						6								
Died.....	28	54	39	42							4	8	1	1	12	12		1
Discharged as sane under Sec. 537, R. S.....	3	1																
Graduated.....		1			16		7											
Dismissed.....					6	6												
Sent to other schools.....					6	1												
Moved out of state.....					6	4												
Left on account of sickness.....					3	6												
Obtained employment.....						3												
Dropped for various reasons.....																		
Discharged of age.....							17	30										
Released on habeas corpus proceedi's.....									1	2								
Released to Minnesota authorities.....									1									
Discharged, expiration of sentence.....																		
Transferred to Hospital for Insane.....											17	11					11	19
Transferred to Reformatory.....											5	16						
Escaped.....											6	7						
Discharged on reduction of time.....											1	1						
Pardoned.....											268	249						
Commutations of sentence.....											14	14						
Released by order of court.....											2							
Committed suicide.....											1	2						
Discharged.....											1	1						
Out on visit home.....															8	5		
No. discharged under sec. 4911k, R. S.....															17	32		
Number transferred to state prison.....																		4
Placed in homes on indenture.....																	1	8
Returned to counties.....													251	240				
Sent to other schools.....													24	41				
Remaining at close of each year.....	395	424	561	585	192	197	108	111	304	328	567	496	156	147	394	364	52	115
Average for each year.....	397	405	559	565	195	175	109	108	301	324	591	532	163	159	370	387	35	85



N.W.LITHO-CO.M

HOME FOR THE FEEBLE MINDED, CHIPPEWA FALLS.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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AVERAGE POPULATION, YEARLY AND WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA.

Institutions.	Total cost.		Average Population.		Yearly cost per capita.		Weekly cost per capita.	
	1899.	1900.	1899.	1900.	1899.	1900.	1899.	1900.
	State Hospital for the Insane	\$104,185 67	\$101,120 85	397	405	\$262 43	\$249 68	\$5 01	$4 79
Northern Hospital for the Insane	121,106 41	114,525 94	556	566	217 81	202 34	4 18	3 83
School for the Deaf..	37,850 05	37,836 42	195	175	194 10	216 20	3 72	4 15
School for the Blind..	31,964 72	32,520 49	109	108	293 25	301 11	5 62	5 77
Industrial School for Boys	65,185 51	61,070 54	301	324	216 39	188 45	4 16	3 62
State Prison	92,504 49	86,951 98	591	532	156 52	163 44	3 01	3 13
State Public School..	41,308 36	40 977 03	163	159	253 42	257 71	4 87	4 94
Home for Feeble Minded	61,327 23	62,462 53	370	387	165 75	161 41	3 18	3 10
Total.....	\$555,382 44	\$537,455 78						

BILLS FOR THE CARE OF THE INSANE.

The bills for the year ending Sept. 30, 1900, were \$366,876.08, of which the state paid \$271,242.91. Of this amount \$35,269.07 was for the maintenance of state-at-large patients kept in county asylums at the rate of \$3.00 per week. The additional \$95,633.17 is a special tax on counties.

AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

COUNTIES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30.					
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
Brown.....	\$9,778 54	\$9,182 88	\$9,286 81	\$9,147 11	\$9,515 46	\$9,208 10
Chippewa		9,836 33	13,415 24	13,216 85	14,159 12	15,790 89
Columbia	11,650 48	11,009 81	10,145 70	10,588 82	10,762 21	10,442 28
Dane	10,461 37	12,261 16	12,569 05	12,789 38	11,910 64	11,322 27
Dodge.....	12,176 00	12,170 34	12,634 72	12,749 11	11,332 95	11,013 33
Dunn.....	15,288 70	14,782 48	14,377 89	13,510 34	15,086 72	14,892 72
Fond du Lac.....	12,615 53	12,757 34	12,776 34	13,074 14	13,292 52	13,523 54
Grant	11,966 10	11,633 11	10,869 33	10,068 80	10,807 87	12,045 08
Green	12,231 20	12,297 84	11,851 46	11,476 44	12,797 77	12,935 76
Iowa	13,638 13	13,157 04	12,498 72	11,874 00	14,148 25	13,829 65
Jefferson	12,984 35	12,525 32	12,661 45	12,390 79	12,974 01	13,105 26
La Crosse	13,715, 73	14,074 13	14,163 42	13,954 86	15,354 37	15,973 30
Manitowoc.....	13,148 66	15,214 28	16,246 76	24,414 91	21,653 71	22,508 03
Marathon	18,899 62	23,584 22	24,589 92	23,591 40	23,711 40	22,952 14
Milwaukee	9,446 36	9,566 66	9,866 43	11,712 21	11,755 70	12,588 95
Outagamie	13,573 35	14,402 64	15,268 93	16,000 05	15,753 37	16,139 81
Racine.....	12,565 80	11,808 98	11,835 98	11,574 41	12,163 01	11,857 82
Richland			5,817 14	13,320 66	15,595 87	15,328 07
Rock	12,050 10	15,142 11	16,514 00	35,093 35	14,085 83	14,059 17
Sauk	7,078 61	9,706 91	10,449 53	10,311 76	10,201 13	9,470 34
Sheboygan	9,436 85	8,407 90	8,502 29	9,225 39	8,624 96	8,407 47
St. Croix			3,874 14	13,550 19	16,024 29	16,896 27
Trempealeau						1,507 91
Vernon	14,761 89	15,423 87	16,786 72	16,049 86	17,167 77	17,576 98
Walworth.....	8,539 31	7,970 64	7,357 88	7,987 12	7,894 27	7,728 80
Washington					5,856 21	13,585 03
Winnebago	14,751 93	19,104 77	22,587 24	22,211 91	22,182 76	22,086 31
Total.....	\$270,758 62	\$296,020 27	\$316,649 29	\$337,473 26	\$354,501 50	\$366,876 08

COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE.

Counties.	Postoffice of the Asylum.	Superintendents.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	F. M. Loftus.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	R. P. Dickinson.
Columbia.....	Wycocena.....	B. Miller.
Dane.....	Verona.....	L. P. Edwin.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Solomon Rudolf.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	S. W. Jackson.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Louis Mauderichdes.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	James Alderson.
Green.....	Monroe.....	R. C. Whitcomb.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	E. J. Perkins.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	W. E. Voigt.
La Crosse.....	West Salem.....	C. S. McKown.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	H. C. Mead.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	H. Goedjen.
Milwaukee.....	Wauwatosa.....	Dr. W. F. Bentler.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	G. R. Downer.
Racine.....	Racine.....	A. Harden.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	L. T. Johnson.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	K. Killam.
St. Croix.....	New Richmond.....	T. D. Wheeler.
Sauk.....	Reedsburg.....	Wm. Andrus.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	A. J. Whiffin.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	J. A. Johnson.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Fred Wilkins.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	W. H. Allen.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Peter Loehen.
Winnebago.....	Winnebago.....	A. C. Austin.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

E. L. BULLARD, M. D.....	Superintendent.
EUGENE CHANEY, M. D., AND WILLIAM HEALY, M. D.....	Assistants.
A. C. NORDVI.....	Pharmacist.
F. A. RANDALL.....	Steward.
O. S. PRITCHARD.....	Assistant Steward.
MISS ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD.....	Matron.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota, near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 569 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees was organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned Jan. 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervision, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. E. P. Taylor was elected to be the successor of Dr. Head and entered upon the duties of the office Aug. 1, 1891. Dr. Taylor resigned July 1, 1893, and Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston was chosen to succeed him. Dr. Edwards resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. William B. Lyman.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to Oct. 1, 1900, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$4,221,639.72.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1860.....		8,925
Discharged recovered	2,269	
Discharged as sane	4	
Discharged improved	2,141	
Discharged unimproved	2,334	
Paroled	341	
Discharged and insane	21	
Transferred to other institutions.....	246	
Died	1,138	
Eloped	7	
Under treatment September 30, 1900.....	424	
		<hr/> 8,925 <hr/>

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 405 as against 397 the previous year, and the current expenses \$101,120.85, as against \$104,185.67.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDON, M. D.	Superintendent.
A. SHERMAN, M. D., THOS. R. JONES, M. D., AND R. J. DYSART.	Assistants.
J. V. N. SONN.	Pharmacist.
A. P. ALLER.	Steward.
I. J. PALMER.	Assistant Steward.
MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER.	Matron.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed according to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr. Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa, was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,855,604.04.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873.		8,976
Discharged recovered	1,456	
Discharged improved	1,753	
Discharged unimproved	2,126	
Escaped	9	
Paroled	1,440	
Discharged not insane	26	
Transferred	311	
Died	1,270	
Under treatment September 30, 1900.	585	
		<u>8,976</u>

The average number of patients in the hospital in the past year has been 566, as against 556 the previous year, and the current expenses \$114,525.94, as against \$121,106.41.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER.....	Superintendent and Steward
EDGAR D. FISK.....	Clerk.
SARAH D. GIBSON.....	Matron.
MISS TILLIE CANNAN.....	Assistant Matron.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First--The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second--The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoe-making.

Third--The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to Oct. 1, 1900, for real

estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,619,708.78.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,211, of whom 172 were in attendance September 30, 1900.

The average number of pupils the past year was 175, as against 195 the previous year, and the current expenses \$37,836.42, as against \$37,850.05.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

HOWARD F. BLISS	Superintendent and Steward.
MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS	Matron.
MISS JENNIE L. KENDALL	Clerk.

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February, 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854, and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency

of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to Oct. 1, 1900, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,262,134.70.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 807, of whom 105 were in attendance September 30, 1898.

The average number of pupils the past year was 108, as against 109 the previous year; and the current expenses \$32,520.49, as against \$31,964.72.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES O. MERICA.....	Superintendent and Steward.
E. F. BOWMAN.....	Assistant Steward.
MRS. ALICE W. MERICA.....	Matron.
PROF. J. K. MCGREGOR.....	Principal Teacher.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar. On March 26, 1898, the factory building with all its contents, was destroyed by fire, the loss being about \$40,000.00. The Governor, Attorney Gen-

eral and Secretary of State authorized an indebtedness of \$40,000.00 and a new building was built during the summer of 1898.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engine room, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store, store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for roots.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to Oct. 1, 1900, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$2,111,793.25.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 4,702, of whom 328 were present September 30, 1900.

The average number of boys the past year was 324, as against 301 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$61,060.54, as against \$65,135.51.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

C. C. McCLAUGHRY.....	Warden and Steward
E. S. HARVEY	Deputy Warden
JACOB FUSS	Clerk
EUGENE SMITH, M. D.	Prison Physician
Rev. G. H. S. SOMERVILLE.....	Chaplain
Rev. J. C. HARTMAN.....	Chaplain, Catholic
Miss ELLEN B. GRIDER	Matron

The State prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for biennial period ending September 30, 1900, were \$101,640.96.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres about a mile distant, was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, contain 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to October 1, 1900, was \$1,995,144.08.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 8,080. The number in confinement September 30, 1900, was 496—483 males and 13 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 532, as against 591 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$86,951.98, as against \$92,504.49.

STATE SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

OFFICERS.

M. T. PARK.....	Superintendent and Steward
Mrs. ISABEL C. PARK.....	General Matron
A. F. BRANDT, ELSIE M. LOOMIS.....	State Agents
ARTHUR DEGROFF.....	Bookkeeper
W. T. SARLES.....	Physician

The State Public School for dependent and neglected children is located at Sparta, in the valley of the La Crosse river, and is surrounded by hills which impart a varied and pleasant scenery. The location is a most desirable one for the healthfulness and happiness of the inmates. The grounds are spacious and well laid out, affording ample play grounds for the children. Flowing wells abound furnishing the purest water.

The school was established in 1886, and from its opening to Sept. 30, 1900, 2,221 children had been received within its doors, and after a few weeks or months, as might be necessary for preparation, passed on to homes where opportunities have been given them to develop into useful citizenship. More than 85 per cent. of the children thus placed have accepted these opportunities and have grown and are growing to be good men and women. Rescued from neglect, squalor and vice, where the downward road was the easier, lifted up to useful lives, in 85 of each 100 cases is a record which is very gratifying to the friends who urged the passage of the bill to create the school.

The school is intended for a depot between the children in their neglected conditions in the several counties and the many homes to which children will

be welcome. Some of these children, however, have some physical, mental or moral deformity which may require attention for awhile before they are ready for a home. Thus the school is the place where, when possible, the child may be cured of some habits, and finally passed on to commence real life in a home surrounded by good influences. To do this requires comprehensive and careful teachers and matrons and those employed in the Sparta School are doing a noble work in preparing their charges for worthy homes and lives of usefulness.

The utmost care is taken in selecting homes for the children. The great number of applications in excess of the children enables agents of the school to accept only the best homes, and these only on personal inspection and thorough investigation. After a child is placed in a home it is frequently visited by the agent, and to supplement this means of supervision, the guardian is required to make monthly reports to the superintendent regarding health, conduct, attendance at school, and any other items of interest concerning the ward.

For reasons already given, some children cannot be placed in homes. These are given the opportunities of a common school education and the larger girls are taught sewing and cooking under a competent teacher. The larger boys are taught farming. The farm connected with the school consists of 234 acres. About 100 acres are under cultivation, the remainder being pasture, some being of light, sandy soil, unfit for cultivation at present. Sufficient vegetables are raised for the population of the school, and a herd of cows furnishes all the milk required. The product of the farm for the year ending Sept. 30, 1900, was \$4,800.

The buildings consist of a main building in which are the offices, superintendent's living rooms, dining rooms for children and employees, a small assembly room, and sleeping rooms; five cottages with a capacity for 250 pupils; a large new hospital, and an old frame building used for epidemics; a school house containing six rooms; a laundry building with heating plant, cold storage and ice house, and farm buildings.

Visitors are made welcome at the school, as it is the desire of the present administration to interest the people in one of the most essential charities of the state, that which may make true men and women of those who, if left uncared for, might descend to unuseful and degraded lives.

From its inception in 1886 to Sept. 30, 1900, the total cost of this school to the state for all purposes, including land and buildings, has been \$705,231.14.

The whole number of children admitted up to Sept. 30, 1900, was 2,221; the average number in the school for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1899, was 163, and for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1900, the average number was 159. At the last named date, 1,925 children had been placed in homes.

WISCONSIN HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

ALFRED W. WILMARTH	Superintendent
C. K. ERWIN	Steward
VIOLA L. HAYTER	Clerk
Mrs. E. K. JOSLIN, Mrs. J. I. BREWER, Mrs. S. J. JENKINS, Mrs. E. J. BOYCE	Matrons

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state, and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for

them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to, and no one questions the duty of a prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1,021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted, and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water-works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed, nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2d grade; a dormitory for girls of 2d grade; a dormitory for boys of 3d grade; a dormitory for girls of 3d grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and assembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm, colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 has been used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory.....	\$57,987
Contract for power-house and laundry	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment.....	15,794
Contract for sewerage system	2,857
Contract for electric light plant.....	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery.....	1,720
Contract for water-works system.....	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of construction, lumber, implements and tools.....	4,037

The legislature of 1897 made a further appropriation of \$75,000.00, out of which a second cottage with a capacity of 150 inmates was built and other improvements made.

The legislature of 1899 made a further appropriation of \$158,000 for new buildings, equipments and supervision. Of this amount about \$44,000 has been expended in erecting a building for epileptics and furnishing the same. This new

Building has a capacity of about 125 inmates. The capacity of the present buildings is about 550 and the population on the first day of February, 1901, was 472.

The whole number of patients received since the opening of the institution is 574. The average during the year ending Sept. 30, 1900, was 387 as against 370 the preceding year, and the current expenses were \$62,462.53 as against \$61,327.23.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick, and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout, and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY.

OFFICERS.

JAMES E. HEG.....General Superintendent and Steward
 W. J. THOMASAssistant Superintendent
 HORACE W. WALKERClerk

The legislature of 1897, under authority of chapter 246, instructed the Board of Control to purchase at its lowest cash price, not more than 200 acres of land and to proceed to construct and organize a state reformatory for criminal first offenders, between the ages of sixteen to thirty years, appropriating \$75,000 to start the work.

In accordance therewith the Board purchased a tract of 198 acres lying east of Fox river, and just mid-way between Green Bay and De Pere, paying \$15,000 therefor.

A. C. Clas of Milwaukee and John Charles of Menomonie were selected as architects and plans were prepared as directed by the law, for an institution to contain six hundred inmates.

In April 1898, James E. Heg was appointed superintendent, with instructions to proceed with the work of constructing such portion of the buildings as was possible with the amount remaining of the appropriation. On August 31st of the same year, the institution was opened in temporary quarters, with twenty-four prisoners transferred from the state prison at Waupun. These men were used in construction work of various kinds, such as making sewers, roads, side walks, grading and other necessary building operations in preparing the cell room for occupancy. A portion of the north cell room, containing one hundred and four cells, was finished for occupancy March 1st, 1899. This is about one-third of the cell room on that side. When completed the cell room will be one of the best in the country. The buildings are of cream brick, except the front, which is of gray granite from Amberg, Wis. The cells are five feet eight inches by nine feet and seven feet six inches high, the front of each cell being composed of heavy iron gratings. The institution has all modern improvements as regards sanitation, light, heat and security.

The object of the Reformatory is to return to society, in the shortest time possible, such young men who through ignorance, bad environments, poor training or naturally vicious habits, have committed some offense against the law. The Reformatory is organized with the design to give every one within it a chance, by good conduct and his own efforts, to shorten his stay therein; to give proper schooling; to teach industrious and honest habits; and, by all available

means to advance his material, mental and moral interests. The training is compulsory and the discipline is strict. The individual capacity of each man is studied and he is required to reach the standard set for him. When, by good behavior, diligence in work and progress in school, he shall have reached this point, he is eligible for parole. A position is found for him for a specified term with some approved person. He is given a complete outfit of new clothing, sufficient money to pay his expenses until his first pay day and is started on his new life with every encouragement and incentive to be an honest citizen. The hand of the Reformatory is still over him, either to help or to punish as may be needed. He reports once a month, in detail, his work and actions during the month, which report is verified by his employer and by others when necessary. He is braced and steadied until he can walk alone, when he is given his full liberty. The number of parole breakers is very small and violation generally consists in leaving their place of work, going with loose company, visiting saloons and the like.

During the past two years, ending Sept. 30, 1900, there were 149 prisoners sentenced to the institution by the courts, 37 were transferred from the State Prison, including the original 24, and 8 were transferred from the Industrial School for Boys. The discharges on parole or by expiration of sentence were 79, leaving 115 on hand Sept. 30, 1900, which number was increased to 135 by Dec. 1st, 1900.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Mrs. GEO. C. SWALLOW, 254 Oneida St., Milwaukee.....President
 Mrs. A. N. FAIRCHILD, 643 Shepard Ave., Milwaukee.....Treasurer
 Mrs. COURTNEY S. KITCHEL, 297 Ogden Ave., Milwaukee.....Secretary
 VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mrs. C. J. Russell, 692 Glen Ave., Milwaukee; Miss Christine Doig, 650 Astor St., Milwaukee; Mrs. Isaac Ellsworth, 567 Van Buren St., Milwaukee.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

Mrs. EMMA F. BLAND.....Superintendent
 Miss MARY J. BERRY.....Ass't Superintendent
 Miss ELLEN M. AUSTIN.....Clerk

FAMILY MATRONS.

Miss ISABEL JOHNSON, Mrs. NELLA BELL,
 Miss AMELIA KNEELAND, Miss MARY L. ATWOOD,
 Miss EMMA FELL, Miss LOTTIE PHELPS.

PRINCIPAL TEACHERS,

Miss EMMA O. SKINNER, Miss MARY E. SHEFFIELD,
 Miss SARAH A. QUAIPE.

JOHN R. LOVE.....Steward

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 240 inmates.

Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 18, and boys under 10 years of age.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891 and 1893, sums amounting to \$83,000 for buildings, improvements, stocks and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, and affording the requisites for distinct family life, are designated as the Main Building, Russett Cottage, Lynde Cottage, Cottage Annex, Assembly Hall, Steward's Home and Steam Heating Plant.

The Main Building accommodates three distinct families, viz., Main Home, Intermediate Home and Children's Home.

The Main Home is for girls from sixteen to twenty-one years of age; the Intermediate for girls from twelve to sixteen; and the Children's Home for children under twelve years. This building affords imperfect facilities for suitable separation, and good facilities for instruction.

The cottages are additional and entirely separate buildings for proper restraint and influence over unchaste girls.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

EX-OFFICIO.

THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

APPOINTED.

	Terms ending February 1, 1902.	
GUSTAV WOLLAEGER, Milwaukee.		T. JENKINS, JR., Platteville.
	Terms ending February 1, 1903.	
L. C. COLMAN, La Crosse.		J. Q. EMERY, Albion.
	Terms ending February 1, 1904.	
F. H. LORD, River Falls.		A. E. THOMPSON, Oshkosh.
	Terms ending February 1, 1905.	
G. E. McDILL, Stevens Point.		Z. P. BEACH, Whitewater.
	Terms ending February 1, 1906.	
	(To be appointed.)	

OFFICERS.

F. A. ROSS	PRESIDENT.
F. H. LORD	VICE-PRESIDENT.
S. S. ROCKWOOD	SECRETARY.
THE STATE TREASURER.....	TREASURER.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Executive—The President, Regents Lord and McDill.
 Finance—Regents Colman, Thompson, and Wollaeger.
 Graduating Classes—Regents Emery, Harvey, Thompson, Colman, Jenkins, and McDill.
 Teachers' Institutes—Regents Harvey, Colman, and McDill.
 Inspection—Regents Lord, Beach, Emery, and the President.
 Teachers—Regents Thompson, Harvey, and Wollaeger.
 Course of Study and Text Books—Regents Emery, Jenkins, and Beach.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2nd. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the income of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of

swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of regents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested and the income thereof should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools, under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

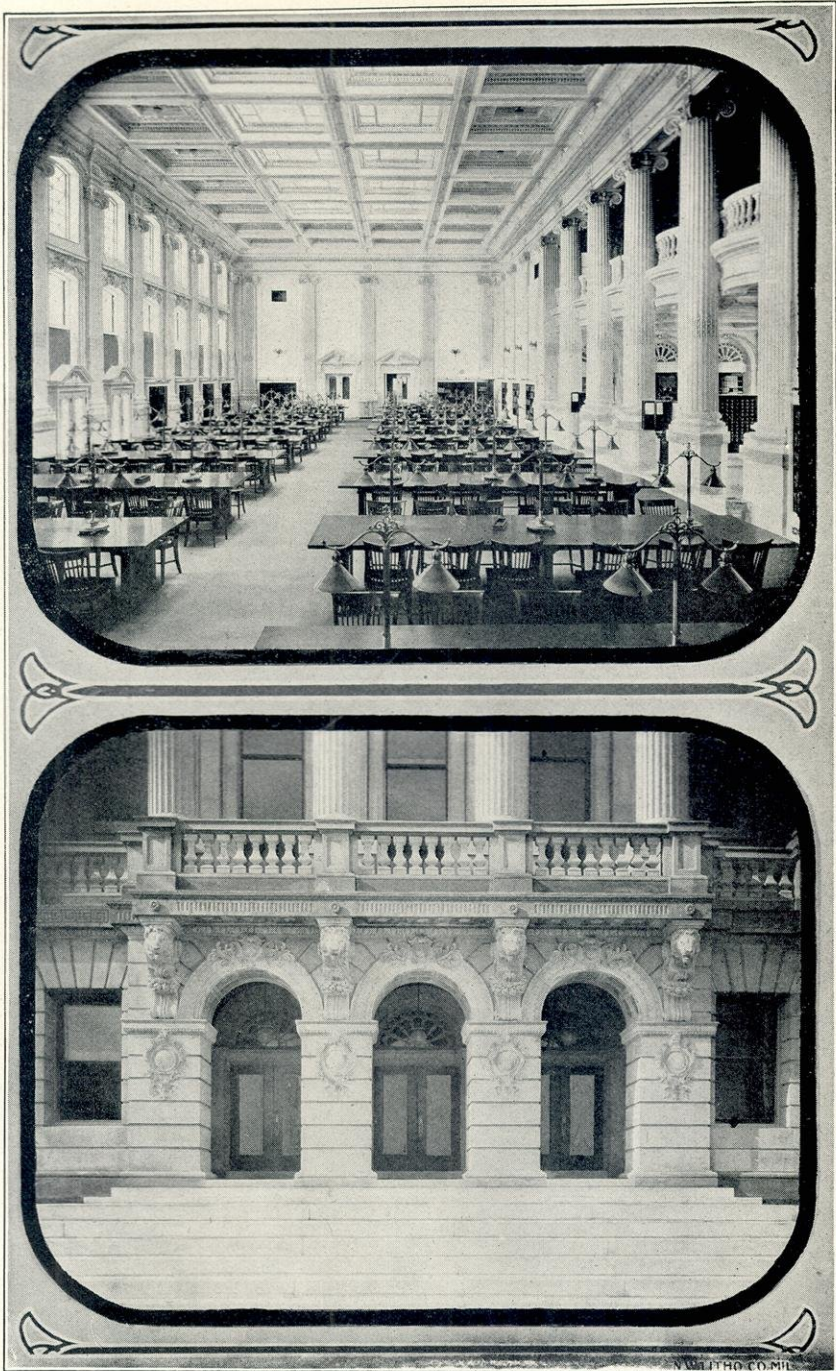
In 1886, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated, with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools, to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1878, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, O., was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation. In June, 1897, Dr. Chalmers resigned, and in July following Prof. D. McGregor was again elected to the presidency.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year, and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school was under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine, till September, 1898, when he died. On the first day of December following, Superintendent R. H. Halsey, of Binghamton, N. Y., was elected to the presidency. Prof. Halsey was for many years principal of the High School and superintendent of schools in Oshkosh before he was called to Binghamton.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of



STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING, MADISON.

(Main Entrance and Reading Room.)

public schools of Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker, in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Southern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894. In August, 1898, President Parker again resigned, and Prof. W. J. Brier, for many years institute conductor of the school, was elected to the presidency and began service early in September following.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapei, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president; he was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school. In November, 1898, President Harvey was elected to the state superintendency of schools, and the school was put in charge of Acting President W. H. Cheever. On December 20, 1899, Charles McKenny, then president of the State normal school at Mt. Clemons, Mich., was elected president and assumed the duties of his office in April, 1900.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School, was elected president. The school building at Stevens Point, although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes, became overcrowded and a considerable addition is now in process of building. The original building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus, cost, in round numbers, \$75,000, and the addition will cost about \$35,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh normal school was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. The building is one of the best of its class in the west, and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,790.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons, both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

In extension of the work of the normal schools, the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$12,000 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal School Fund, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,961,404.31, and the income at that time was at the rate of \$85,444.81 per year. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and by an annual tax of \$190,000.00.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS.

Schools.	Normal.	Prepara- tory.	Gram- mar.	Inter- mediate	Primary and kinder- garten.	Special.	Totals.
1898-9.							
Milwaukee	335	1	74	85	95		589
Oshkosh	674	2	112	62	103	31	982
Platteville	322	12	77	29	40	49	529
River Falls	269		62	41	114	5	491
Stevens Point.....	403	36	60	58	50	8	615
Superior	262	31	55	70	56		474
Whitewater	323	37	38	55	73	3	529
Totals	2,588	116	478	400	531	96	4,209
1899-0.							
Milwaukee	226	1	72	91	89		578
Oshkosh	676	2	120	62	118	25	1,091
Platteville	309	13	38	26	50	18	451
River Falls	301	3	54	38	116	1	513
² Stevens Point.....	377	10	69	63	45	5	569
Superior	312	9	58	62	54		495
Whitewater	318	21	47	51	66	2	515
Totals	2,619	56	453	393	538	51	4,115

¹No Preparatory Class. Has no Elementary Course and admits no pupils with preparation less than a Four Years High School Course.

²Preparatory work done in allied academy.

³Has control of Primary and Intermediate department of Third ward public school in which were enrolled 75 pupils during 1899 0, furnishes a Critic teacher, and uses the school as part of Model School.

NUMBER OF GRADUATES IN TWO YEARS.

Year	1898-9.		1899-0.		Totals.		
	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Both Courses.
Milwaukee.....	*	129		82		211	211
Oshkosh	73	83	58	70	131	153	284
Platteville	9	45	11	70	20	115	135
River Falls	24	8	25	26	49	34	83
Stevens Point.....	45	38	42	26	87	64	151
Superior	5	14	12	33	17	47	64
Whitewater	41	26	41	42	82	68	150
Totals	197	343	189	349	386	692	1,078

* School has no Elementary Course.

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRADUATES.

SCHOOLS.	When opened.	COURSE.		Both.
		Elementary.	Advanced.	
Milwaukee.....	1885		854	854
Oshkosh	1871	538	489	1,027
Platteville	1866	154	650	804
River Falls	1875	149	287	436
Stevens Point.....	1894	181	112	293
Superior.....	1896	33	66	99
Whitewater.....	1898	529	414	943
Totals.....		1,584	2,872	4,456

PLATTEVILLE NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school was established on the 28th of February, 1866, by authority conferred by chapter 216 of the general laws. The building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and it accommodates the school liberally at present.

Platteville is a city of 3,321 (census 1895) inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, and the community is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but will meet with encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of a branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, connecting with the Illinois Central at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and has connection with points on the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad. Stages run daily to interior towns.

FACULTY.**Normal Department.**

DUNCAN MCGREGOR, M. A., Litt. D., President, Psychology, Science and History of Education.

ALBERT HARDY, M. A., English Literature and Institute Conductor.

WILLIAM H. DUDLEY, Biology and Chemistry.

JAMES A. WILGUS, M. A., History, Civil Government and Political Economy.

E. C. PERISHO, M. S., Physics and Geology.

W. H. WILLIAMS, M. A., Geometry, Trigonometry, and Higher Algebra.

F. F. CHURCHILL, Music.

MARTIN P. RINDLAUB, Jr., B. L., Latin. (Absent on leave.)

H. H. LIEBENBERG, B. S., Arithmetic and Elementary Algebra.

THOMAS H. GENTLE, Methods and Supervisor of Practice.

EMMA S. WYMAN, B. L., Drawing.

ISABELLA PRETLOW, Geography, Grammar, Orthoepy, and Reading.

CLARA SCHUSTER, German.

NINA A. PAGE, Physiology and Physical Culture.

ROSA M. CHENEY, B. L., American History.

BEE A. GARDNER, Literary Readings and Reading Room Librarian.

EMMA E. GRAHAM, Clerk and Text Book Librarian.

LAURA J. ROUNTREE, Pianist, Instrumental Music.

WM. H. MARTIN, Assistant Psychology and Pedagogy.

MYRTLE L. CARPENTER, Principal and Critic Grammar Grade.

MYRTA V. WHITNEY, Latin for 1 year. (Rindlaub's place.)

MAUD M. AVERILL, B. L., Assistant Grammar and Preparatory Grades.

EDITH A. PURDY, Principal and Critic Intermediate Grades.

CAROL GOFF, Principal and Critic Primary Grades.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

W. H. Chandler, Chairman.....Sun Prairie
 Rose C. SwartOshkosh
 Supt. David ThorneBeloit

WHITEWATER NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm. F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885, and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium.

In 1897, yet another enlargement was made, giving the building a new front and providing improved facilities for all departments of work, especially in the library and laboratories.

The school graduated its first class in 1870. Since that time it has graduated 347 persons from the Advanced Course, and 456 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 803 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these, all but 46 have taught for a greater or less period of time since graduation.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, PH. D., President, Mental Science and Pedagogics.
 ANDREW J. HUTTON, Civil Government and Political Economy; Conductor of Institutes, 2d District.
 GEORGE C. SHUTTS, PH. B., Mathematics and General History.
 ARTHUR A. UPHAM, Physical Sciences and Manual Training.
 JOHN R. SHERRICK, PH. B., Latin and Word Analysis.
 WALTER S. WATSON, M. S., Biology and German.
 ROBERT RIENOW, B. L., Reading and English Branches.
 ANNIE M. COTTRELL, M. S., English Language and Literature.
 CORNELIA E. ROGERS, Geography and Botany.
 MARGARET HOSFORD, History of U. S. and Algebra.
 LUCY A. BAKER, Vocal Music.
 LIZZIE HUGHES, Drawing and Penmanship.
 ISABEL F. WALKER, Physical Training.
 CAROLINE HENDRICKSON, Methods and Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 MARY L. McCUTCHAN, Preparatory Department and Grammar Grades.
 SARAH R. DEVLIN, Assistant Preparatory Department and Grammar Grades.
 SOPHIA RUNNIE, Teacher Intermediate Grades.
 GRACE POTTER, Teacher Primary Grades.
 LIZZIE P. SWAN, Librarian and Assistant in English.
 ELISE M. HALVERSON, Stenographer and Assistant Librarian.
 ANNA BARNARD, English Grammar, Composition.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Supt. J. H. Natrass.....	Shullsburg
C. P. Cary	Milwaukee
H. B. Hubbell	Beaver Dam

OSHKOSH NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools, and has given instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged three times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$160.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system are as follows:

1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.
 2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to Limited State Certificate.
 3. The Advanced Course of Four Years—Entitling to Life State Certificate.
 4. A Graduate Course of Two years—Entitling to Diploma and Life Certificate.
- The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

FACULTY.

- R. H. HALSEY, President.
 KATHERINE S. ALVORD, Associate in History and Latin.
 MARY E. APTHORP, Latin.
 L. W. BRIGGS, Penmanship and Civics.
 HARRIET E. CLARK, Expression and Elocution.
 F. R. CLOW, History and Economics.
 B. MACK DRESDEN, German and Associate in Pedagogy.
 H. R. FLING, Biology.
 H. N. GODDARD, Chemistry and Geology.
 FRANCES D. GUION, Reading and Associate in Elocution.
 JOSEPHINE HENDERSON, Composition and Rhetoric.
 GRACE HEWARD, Vocal Music.
 W. C. HEWITT, Conductor of Institutes, School Economy and Associate in Mathematics.
 FRANCES STRONG, Assistant Supervisor Practice, Pedagogy.
 LILLIAN G. KIMBALL, English.
 J. E. LOUGH, Psychology and Pedagogy.
 HARRIET C. MAGEE, Drawing.
 A. W. TRETTEEN, Science and History of Education, Observation, Supervisor of Methods.
 F. E. MITCHELL, Geography.
 EDNA CARTER, Associate in Mathematics.
 ADDIE C. POND, Associate in Drawing.
 ELLEN F. P. PEAKE, Literature and Library Reading.
 A. H. SAGE, Physics.
 ROSE C. SWART, Inspector of Practice Teaching.
 SUSANNE A. LOOK, Director of Gymnasium.
 EMILY F. WEBSTER, Mathematics.
 ELLA PARMELE, Librarian.
 CLARA E. MARVIN, Stenographer and Clerk.
 WM. R. BLAIR, Physics and Assistant in Mathematics.

NINA H. WALLEN, Pianist.
 JENNIE G. MARVIN, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grades.
 FRANCES I. DAVENPORT, Assistant in Grammar Grades.
 ADELAIDE M. PARSONS, Teacher and Critic, Intermediate Grades.
 ALFARETTA HASKELL, Teacher and Critic, Second Primary.
 JENNIE WILLIAMS, Teacher and Critic, First Primary.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

O. J. Schuster Neenah
 Caroline Hendrickson Whitewater
 Supt. F. B. Dell Black River Falls

RIVER FALLS NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fourth normal school was established in 1875. It is situated in a beautiful little city on the C., St. P., M. & O. R. R., its location being in an attractive and picturesque country, well settled and prosperous. The city of River Falls is a city of homes and in it the students find ideal conditions for the prosecution of the purposes for which the school is maintained.

The building which had been used for twenty-two years was destroyed by fire on the evening of November 29, 1897, but the school was successfully housed in churches and civic society rooms for the remainder of the year. On the opening of the school in September, 1898, it found commodious quarters in a new building, erected on the spot where the old one stood.

The new building is a model in its fitting, convenience and general adaptability for the purposes of a Normal School.

There are three departments in the school, the Normal, Preparatory and Model. The courses of study are the same as those in the other Wisconsin Normals offering four years of work.

FACULTY.

WARREN J. BRIER, President, Psychology, Literature.
 H. A. ADRIAN, Teachers' Institutes, Reading.
 L. H. CLARK, Mathematics.
 A. L. EWING, Natural Science.
 DORA GILFILLAN, Latin, German.
 BELLE DEANS, Assistant in Natural Science.
 CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
 ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervisor of Practice, Elementary Psychology.
 J. F. SIMS, U. S. History, Civics, Geography.
 CARRIE J. SMITH, Gen. History, English Language.
 FLORENCE M. THATCHER, Music.
 MRS. JULIA LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Physical Training.
 LILLIAN CURRIER, Stenographer.
 MATILDA E. REUL, Latin and English.
 CAROLINE SILLIMAN, Librarian.
 ELIZABETH FLEMING, Grammar Grades.
 BELLE C. SCOFIELD, Intermediate Grades.
 LAURA W. PECKHAM, Primary Grades.
 LUCY K. PECKHAM, Kindergarten.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Supt. B. B. Jackson Superior
 Mary D. Bradford Stevens Point
 Supt. S. B. Tobey Chippewa Falls

MILWAUKEE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee, was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was, in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the year 1899-'00 was, in the same department, 326.

This school offers five courses of study, English, Latin, German, Social Science, and a Kindergarten Training course. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and the German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that four years' preparatory work is required in the Latin and two in the German to enter these courses, respectively.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give thorough training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course free high schools, or have equivalent preparation, and must pass a satisfactory examination in Arithmetic, U. S. History, Geography, and English Grammar.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with this school.

Students in the Milwaukee school have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools in the city.

The building is well equipped for the work of the school and will accommodate three hundred students comfortably.

FACULTY.

CHARLES McKENNY, President.
 W. H. CHEEVER, Institute Conductor.
 E. C. CASE, Physics and Chemistry.
 J. I. JEGI, Physiology and Assistant in Physics.
 I. N. MITCHELL, Ph. B., Biology.
 C. P. CARY, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 HERBERT E. BOLTON, Composition and Mathematics.
 FANNY J. HOLCOMBE, English and Assistant in Literature.
 PAULINE WIES, Ph. M., Latin and German.
 GRACE DARLING MADDEN, Ph. M., History.
 M. L. BARIGHT, Expression.
 LUCY DORRIT HALE, Drawing.
 NINA VANDEWALKER, B. L., M. Pd., Director of Kindergarten Training Department.
 EMMA W. SHRIEVES, Physical Training.
 ANNA C. NERMAN, Teacher of Sloyd.
 C. E. PATZER, Asst. Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 RUTH WALLING, Music and English.
 M. A. BUSSEWITZ, Mathematics and English.
 C. E. PRAY, History.
 ANNE McNEIL, Librarian.
 HELEN P. BERRY, Teacher and Critic in Seventh and Eighth Grades.
 MYRTA WILSEY, Teacher and Critic in Fifth and Sixth Grades.
 EMILY W. STRONG, Teacher and Critic in Third and Fourth Grades.
 FLORENCE C. FOX, Teacher and Critic in Primary Department.
 ALMA BINZEL, Kindergarten Director.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

J. A. Hagemann Ft. Atkinson
 Thos. H. Gentle Platteville
 M. C. Mead Plymouth

SUPERIOR NORMAL SCHOOL.

The seventh normal school was opened September 8, 1896. Its building is probably the best of its kind in the Northwest. The total enrollment in all departments for the second year was 448, coming chiefly from 27 different counties in Wisconsin. The same courses of study that exist in the other schools are carried on here. A very large majority of all who withdraw from the school go out to teach.

FACULTY.

I. C. McNEILL, President, Psychology, Pedagogy.
 E. W. WALKER, Institute Conductor, History and Civics.
 JAMES A. MERRILL, Natural and Physical Science.
 G. L. BOWMAN, Mathematics, Reading.
 MARY E. DOYLE, Supervisor of Practice, Methods.
 C. W. SMITH, Latin, Assistant in Mathematics.
 KATHARINE SCHLEGEL, German, Geography.
 LUCY S. NORTON, Professional Reviews, English.
 CORA A. MERRY, Vocal Music, Preparatory Classes.
 MARY S. MORSE, Drawing.
 S. A. LYNCH, Grammar, English Composition.
 JULIET V. YEAKLE, Physical Culture, General Assistant.
 A. N. YOUNG, Assistant in Science.
 GRACE GEARY, Penmanship, Arithmetic.
 ADDIE E. BETTES, Critic Teacher, Grammar Grade.
 SUSAN BAILEY, Critic Teacher, Intermediate Grade.
 MARY KROMER, Critic Teacher, Primary Grade.
 LEONA PINKHAM, Librarian and Clerk.
 MARY F. CARPENTER, Librarian.
 C. A. DONNELLY, History and Geography.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Supt. L. A. WilliamsFond du Lac
 Alice H. ShultesRiver Falls
 Supt. J. L. HooperAshland

STEVENS POINT NORMAL SCHOOL.

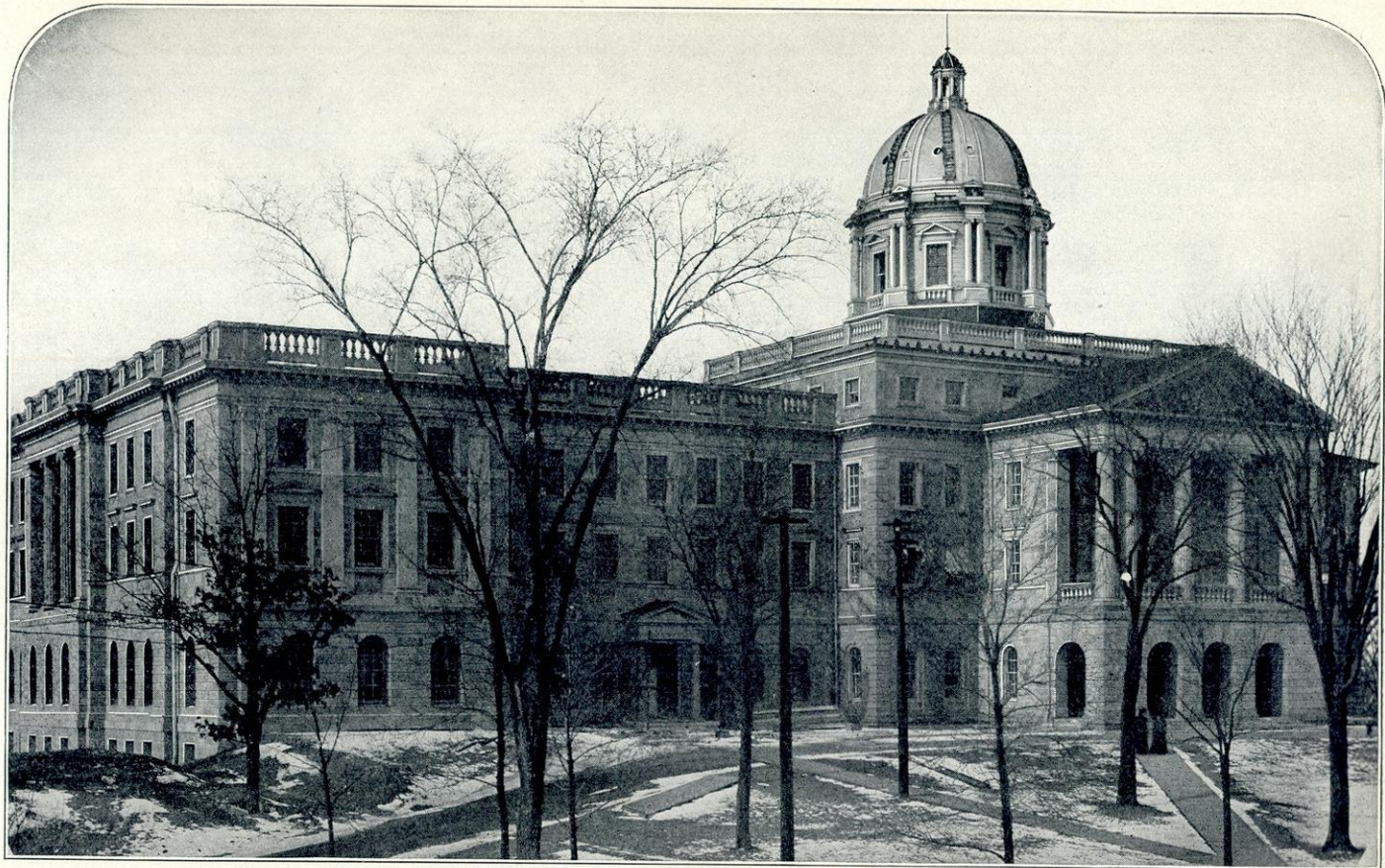
The sixth state normal school was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin and English—scientific courses of four years each, leading to the Diploma, which may become a life State certificate; an Elementary Course of two years and a Professional Course of one year, leading to the certificate, which may become a five years' State certificate; a One Year Common School Course. High school graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

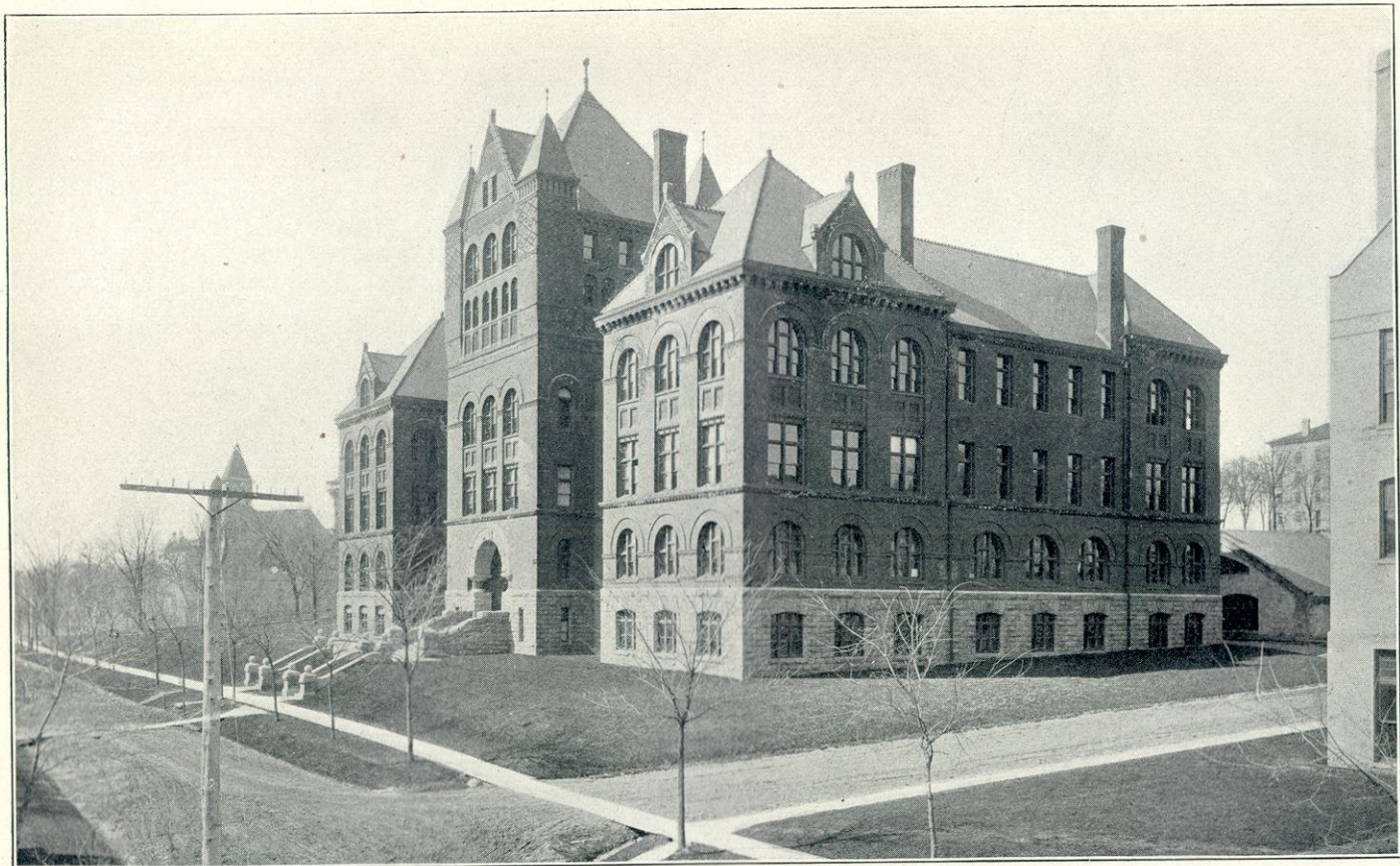
Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit the needs of individual teachers.

Special preparation for teachers of Primary and Intermediate grades, by selection of studies in regular courses, and addition of special courses in Practice and Pedagogy.

The building is modern, thoroughly adapted to the uses of a school; is well



MAIN HALL UNIVERSITY, OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



SCIENCE HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the University. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 6,000 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in June, 1900, was ——— students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central part of the state.

Necessary school expenses, including board, for year of forty weeks, need not exceed \$135.00 and may be made less.

School year begins last Tuesday in August.

FACULTY.

THERON B. PRAY, A. M., President, Pedagogy, History of Education.

COLIN A. SCOTT, Literature, Pedagogy.

JOHN W. LIVINGSTON, Institute Conductor, School Observation, Professional Reviews.

GARRY E. CULVER, Physical Sciences.

JOSEPH V. COLLINS, Ph. D., Mathematics.

ALBERT H. SANFORD, A. M., History, Government, Political Economy.

MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Methods, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

EDGAR JAMES SWIFT, A. B., Psychology, German.

FRANCES MUSSELMAN, Physical Training.

VIRGIL EVERETT McCASKILL, Ph. D., Biology.

INA H. FENWICK, Assistant Librarian.

MISS MARY E. TANNER, Drawing.

MRS. ALICE C. CLEMENT, Vocal Music.

ALICE DE RIEMER, Ph. M., Geography.

KATHERINE R. PRAY, Latin.

MISS JENNIE M. WHITMAN, A. B., Composition, English Grammar.

MRS. MARY V. MUSTARD, A. B., Assistant in English.

MISS ELIZABETH F. SIMPSON, Librarian, Library Reading.

CARRIE MCK. HUGHES, Assistant Drawing, General Assistant.

J. A. SHANNON. Takes Miss Whitman's place temporarily.

MISS NANNIE R. GRAY, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grade.

MISS FRANK QUINN, Principal and Critic, Intermediate Grade.

MISS JENNIE REBECCA FADDIS, Principal and Critic, Primary Grade.

ANNA L. MAYERS, Clerk.

JOSEPHINE FITZGERALD, Model Department.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

M. S. Frawley Eau Claire
 Mary E. Doyle Superior
 Supt. Geo. H. Drewsey Waldo

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

In 1838 an act was passed by the territorial legislature establishing the University of the Territory of Wisconsin, and appointing a board of visitors for its government. No action toward establishing the university was taken under this law except the selection of two townships of land appropriated by congress. In 1848 the constitution of the State of Wisconsin made provision for the establishment of a State University.

In 1849 the Board of Regents held its first meeting and began the work of organizing the University. The first building (now North Hall) was constructed in 1851. Four years from that time Agricultural Hall was completed, and in 1861 University Hall was finished. In 1866 the University was reorganized by act of the legislature, which also provided for uniting with the University the College of Agriculture, endowed with the proceeds of the Agricultural College grant given by the United States in 1862. In 1867 the first appropriation of about \$7,000 a year, was made by the state. Since that date the state has made repeated and large appropriations of money for the construction of buildings and for providing apparatus, and also for meeting the ordinary expenses of the institution. The College of Law was established in 1868; the College of Engineering began its work in 1870; the School of Pharmacy in 1883, and the School of Economics, Political Science and History, in 1892; the School of Music in 1895; and the School of Education in 1897.

The University of Wisconsin is picturesquely situated at Madison, the capital of the state of Wisconsin. The University grounds comprise 240 acres, and extend for more than a mile along the south shore of Lake Mendota, a sheet of water about four miles in width and six miles in length. University hill occupies the eastern part of the grounds. It rises abruptly from the lake and has two summits, of which the eastern and higher reaches a height of about one hundred feet above the lake. Most of the college buildings are placed on the summit and eastern slope of this hill. The western part of the grounds is lower and more nearly level and is occupied by the Experimental Farm, belonging to the College of Agriculture. East of the University hill lies a small tract known as the Lower Campus, used for athletic sports and as the drill ground. In accordance with a requirement of the Legislature in 1895, a portion of the Lower Campus has been deeded by the Regents of the University to the State as a site for the State Historical Society Library. At the session of 1893 the legislature provided for the purchase of Camp Randall, a tract of ground including 42 acres, and joining the University grounds to the southwest. Besides the grounds thus designated, the University owns a farm of 160 acres, which was purchased in 1897 for the purpose of further experiments in stock raising and dairy husbandry.

The buildings of the University which are used for instructional purposes are fifteen in number. The three oldest, University Hall, North Hall and Agricultural Hall, stand on or near the eastern summit of University Hill. Agricultural Hall is occupied by the offices, lecture rooms, and laboratories of the College of Agriculture; North Hall is used by the departments of German, Scandinavian and Semitic languages, and the School of Pharmacy, while University Hall, much enlarged in the summer of 1898, contains the lecture rooms for most of the remaining departments of language and literature. These buildings were erected out of the money derived from the sales of land granted by the national government. Across the east front of the campus, at the foot of University hill, is a row of more recent buildings, all of them erected at the ex-

pense of the state of Wisconsin. At the south is Ladies' Hall, built in 1876, much enlarged and improved in 1896, and used as a dormitory for young women; next stands the Library and Library Hall, completed in 1879. Still further north is Science Hall, the largest and most costly of the University buildings, completed in 1887, containing the lecture rooms, laboratories and museums of most of the scientific departments of the University. On the north slope between Science Hall and North Hall is the Engineering Building, erected by the generosity of the Legislature of 1899, and completed in September, 1900. Next to Lake Mendota is the Chemical Laboratory, built in 1885, and behind this is the Machine Shop, erected in the same year and enlarged in 1894. Half way up the slope of University hill, on the south side, is the new building for the Law School, which in addition to the library and lecture rooms of the College of Law, contains the offices of the Board of Regents, and the rooms of the School of Economics and Political Science. On the western summit of University hill is the Washburn Observatory, built in 1878 by the late Hon. C. C. Washburn, and presented to the University. Near it are the Students' Observatory and the astronomer's house. On the western slope of the hill is the building for the Dairy School, constructed in 1891, and near it is placed the new building for Horticulture and Agricultural Physics, whose beginning was authorized by the legislature of 1893 and whose completion was further provided for in 1895; while further west lie the numerous buildings of the Experimental Farm. Between the lower campus and the lake is placed the Armory and Gymnasium, authorized by the legislature of 1891, and still nearer the lake is the University boat house.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, EX-OFFICIO,
THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY, EX-OFFICIO.

Term expires 1903.

State at Large GEORGE W. PECK, Milwaukee
Ninth District GEORGE F. MERRILL, Ashland
Tenth District JAMES H. STOUT, Menomonie

Term expires first Monday in February, 1902.

Second District B. J. STEVENS, Madison
Fourth District GEORGE H. NOYES, Milwaukee
Fifth District JOHN R. RIESS, Sheboygan
Seventh District BYRON A. BUFFINGTON, Eau Claire

Term expires first Monday in February, 1901.

State at Large WILLIAM F. VILAS, Madison
First District OGDEN H. FETHERS, Janesville
Third District JOHN E. MORGAN, Spring Green
Sixth District C. A. GALLOWAY, Fond du Lac
Eighth District ORLANDO E. CLARK, Appleton

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STATE TREASURER, Ex-officio Treasurer.
E. F. RILEY, Secretary.

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State at Large.....	REV. DANIEL T. DENMAN, Milwaukee
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8th District	DR. J. C. HAYWARD, Marshfield
9th District	M. BARRY, Phillips
10th District	MRS. CARRIE B. OAKES, New Richmond

OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT.

Faculty.

- *ADAMS, CHARLES KENDALL, LL. D., President of the University.
 PARKINSON, JOHN BARBER, A. M., Vice-President, Professor of Constitutional and International Law.
 (Arranged in Alphabetical Order.)
 AUSTIN, LOUIS WINSLOW, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Physics.
 BABCOCK, STEPHEN MOULTON, PH. D., Assistant Director and Chief Chemist of the Experiment Station.
 BASHFORD, ROBERT MCKEE, A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Private Corporations and Commercial Law.
 BIRGE, EDWARD ASAHEL, PH. D., Sc. D., Acting President, Dean of the College of Letters and Science, Professor of Zoology.
 BRUCE, ANDREW ALEXANDER, A. B., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Law.
 BRYANT, EDWIN EUSTACE, Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Practice and Pleading, Equity and Railway Law, and the Law of Public Offices and Officers.
 BULL, STORM, M. E., Professor of Steam Engineering.
 BURGESS, CHARLES FREDERICK, B. S., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
 CAIRNS, WILLIAM B., PH. D., Assistant Professor of English.
 CARLYLE, WILLIAM LEVI, B. S. A., Professor of Animal Husbandry.
 CARPENTER, JAIRUS HARVILIN, LL. D., Mortimer M. Jackson Professor of Contracts.
 CHENEY, LELLEN STERLING, M. S., Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Botany.
 CLEMENTS, JULIUS MORGAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Geology.
 COFFIN, VICTOR, PH. D., Assistant Professor of European History.
 COMSTOCK, GEORGE CARY, PH. B., LL. B., Director of Washburn Observatory, Professor of Astronomy.
 DANIELLS, WILLIAM WILLARD, M. S., Sc. D., Professor of Chemistry.
 DOWLING, LINNAEUS WAYLAND, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
 ELSOM, JAMES CLAUDE, M. D., Director of the Gymnasium, Professor of Physical Culture.
 ELY, RICHARD THEODORE, PH. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics and Political Science, Professor of Political Economy.

*Absent on leave. During the absence of President Adams, Dean Birge performs the duties of president.

- FARRINGTON, EDWARD HOLYOKE, M. S., Professor of Dairying.
 FLINT, ALBERT STOWELL, A. M., Assistant Astronomer.
 FRANKENBURGER, DAVID BOWER, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory.
 *FREEMAN, JOHN CHARLES, LL. D., Professor of English Literature.
 GAY, LUCY MARIE, B. L., Assistant Professor of French.
 GIESE, WILLIAM FREDERIC, A. M., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Romance Languages.
 GOFF, EMMETT STULL, Professor of Horticulture.
 GREGORY, CHARLES NOBLE, A. M., LL. B., Associate Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Law.
 HARPER, ROBERT ALMER, PH. D., Professor of Botany.
 HASKINS, CHARLES HOMER, PH. D., Professor of European History.
 HENRY, WILLIAM ARNOLD, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Experiment Station, Professor of Agriculture.
 HILLYER, HOMER WINTHROP, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Organic Chemistry.
 HOBBS, WILLIAM HERBERT, PH. D., Professor of Mineralogy and Petrology, Editor of University Publications.
 HUBBARD, FRANK GAYLORD, PH. D., Professor of the English Language.
 JACKSON, DUGALD CALEB, C. E., Professor of Electrical Engineering.
 JASTROW, JOSEPH, PH. D., Professor of Experimental and Comparative Psychology.
 JOHNSON, JOHN BUTLER, C. E., Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering, Professor of Engineering.
 JONES, BURR W., A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Evidence, Public Corporations, and Domestic Relations.
 JONES, EDWARD DAVID, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Economics and Commercial Geography.
 KAHLLENBERG, LOUIS, PH. D., Professor of Physical Chemistry.
 KERR, ALEXANDER, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature.
 KING, CHARLES ISAAC, Professor of Mechanical Practice.
 KING, FRANKLIN HIRAM, Professor of Agricultural Physics.
 *KNOWLTON, AMOS ARNOLD, A. M., Assistant Professor of English.
 KREMERS, EDWARD, PH. G., PH. D., Director of the School of Pharmacy, Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
 LAIRD, ARTHUR GORDON, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Ancient Languages.
 MACK, JOHN GIVAN DAVIS, B. S., M. E., Assistant Professor of Machine Design.
 MARSHALL, WILLIAM STANLEY, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.
 MAURER, EDWARD ROSE, B. C. E., Assistant Professor of Pure and Applied Mechanics.
 MAYHEW, ABBY SHAW, Mistress of Ladies' Hall and Assistant Professor of Physical Culture.
 MCKERROW, GEORGE, Superintendent of Agricultural Institutes.
 MILLER, WILLIAM SNOW, M. D., Assistant Professor of Vertebrate Anatomy.
 NOYES, GEORGE RAPALL, PH. D., Assistant Professor of English.
 OLIN, JOHN MYERS, A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Real Property, Torts and Wills.
 OLSON, JULIUS EMIL, B. L., Professor of the Scandinavian Languages and Literature.
 O'SHEA, M. VINCENT, B. L., Professor of the Science and Art of Education.
 OWEN, EDWARD THOMAS, PH. D., Professor of the French Language and Literature.
 PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Director of the School of Music, Professor of Music.
 PYRE, JAMES FRANCIS AUGUSTINE, PH. D., Assistant Professor of English Literature.

*On leave of absence.

- RICHTER, ARTHUR WILLIAM, M. E., Assistant Professor of Experimental Engineering.
- †ROSENSTENGEL, WILLIAM HENRY, A. M., Professor of the German Language and Literature.
- REINSCH, PAUL SAMUEL, PH. D., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Political Science.
- RUSSELL, HARRY LUMAN, PH. D., Professor of Bacteriology.
- SCOTT, WILLIAM AMASA, PH. D., Professor of Economic History and Theory.
- SHARP, FRANK CHAPMAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Philosophy.
- SKINNER, ERNEST BROWN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
- SLAUGHTER, MOSES STEPHEN, PH. D., Professor of Latin.
- SLICHTER, CHARLES SUMNER, M. S., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
- SMITH, CHARLES FORSTER, PH. D., Professor of Greek and Classical Philology.
- SMITH, HOWARD LESLIE, A. B., LL. B., Professor of Law.
- SMITH, LEONARD SAWWELL, C. E., Assistant Professor of Topographic and Geodetic Engineering.
- SNOW, BENJAMIN WARNER, PH. D., Professor of Physics.
- STEARNS, JOHN WILLIAM, LL. D., Director of School of Education. Professor of Philosophy and Pedagogy.
- SWENSON, BERNARD VICTOR, B. S., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- TRESSLER, ALBERT WILLIS, A. B., Assistant Professor of Pedagogy and Inspector of High Schools.
- TROWBRIDGE, AUGUSTUS, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics, Physics.
- TURNEAURE, FREDERICK EUGENE, C. E., Professor of Bridge and Sanitary Engineering.
- *TURNER, FREDERICK JACKSON, PH. D., Director of the School of History. Professor of American History.
- VAN HISE, CHARLES RICHARD, PH. D., Professor of Geology.
- VAN VELZER, CHARLES AMBROSE, PH. D., Professor of Mathematics.
- VOSS, ERNST KARL JOHANN HEINRICH, PH. D., Associate Professor of the German Language and Literature.
- ‡WHITNEY, NELSON OLIVER, C. E., Professor of Railway Engineering.
- WILLIAMS, WILLIAM HOLME, A. B., Professor of Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
- *WOLL, FRITZ WILHELM, M. S., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Chemistry.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS.

- ALLEN, KATHARINE, PH. D., Instructor in Latin.
- ATHERTON, LEWIS OLIVER, M. S., Assistant in Vertebrate Anatomy.
- BAER, ULYSSES S., Instructor in Cheese Making.
- BEAITY, ARTHUR, PH. D., Instructor in English.
- BLEYER, WILLARD GROSVENOR, M. L., Instructor in English.
- BODIE, BOYD HENRY, PH. D., Assistant in Philosophy.
- BOYCE, SAMUEL ROBERT, PH. C., M. D., Lecturer in Pharmacognosy.
- BRAUER, HERMAN GUSTAV ADOLPH, M. A., Instructor in French.
- BURNSIDE, CHARLES HOWARD, M. S., Instructor in Mechanics and Descriptive Geometry.
- BUTT, JENNIE HANNAH, Student Assistant in Elocution.
- CASTLE, MILDRED ALICE, Student Assistant in French.
- CRANFIELD, FREDERIC, Assistant in Horticulture.
- CRATHORNE, ARTHUR ROBERT, B. S., Assistant in Mathematics.
- CUNNIFF, MICHAEL GLENS, M. A., Instructor in English.
- DAVIES, JOSEPH EDWARD, B. L., Student Assistant in Gymnastics.

†Died Nov. 12, 1900.

*On leave of absence.

‡Died March 17, 1901.

- DENNISTON, ROLLIN HENRY, B. S., Assistant in Pharmacognosy and Curator of Drug Museum.
- DEWHIRST, FRANK, Assistant in Dairying.
- DODGE, ROBERT ELKIN NEIL, M. A., Instructor in English.
- EASTMAN, CLARENCE WINANS, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
- EATON, ABBIE FISKE, M. L., Instructor in German.
- FISH, CARL RUSSELL, Ph. D., Instructor in American History.
- FISKE, GEORGE CONVERSE, Ph. D., Instructor in Latin.
- FOWLER, ROY EDWARD, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
- FRANKENFIELD, BUDD, E. E., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
- FROST, WILLIAM DODGE, M. S., Instructor in Bacteriology.
- HALL, ROY DYKES, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
- HANCOCK, EDWARD LEE, B. S., Assistant in Mathematics.
- HARGRAVE, RUSSELL WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Practice.
- HARRIS, SALLY PRIME, Assistant in Physical Culture.
- HASTINGS, EDWIN GEORGE, M. S., Assistant Bacteriologist in College of Agriculture.
- HATHERELL, ROSALIA AMELIA, B. S., Assistant in Biology.
- HERFURTH, SABINA MILDRED, M. L., Assistant in German.
- HOPKINS, ARTHUR GEORGE, B. Agr., D. V. M., V. S., Assistant in Animal Husbandry, and Instructor in Veterinary Science.
- HUNT, MAY, M. L., Instructor in English.
- ISHIKAWA, GENSAMRO S. M. L., Student Assistant in Gymnastics.
- KELLY, FREDERICK THOMAS, B. S., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
- KLEENE, GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS, Ph. D., Assistant in Economics.
- KOCH, ARTHUR A., B. S., Laboratory Assistant in Quantitative Analysis.
- LESSING, OTTO EDWARD, A. B., Instructor in German.
- LIBBY, ORIN GRANT, Ph. D., Instructor in History.
- LONGDEN, ALADINE CUMMINGS, Ph. D., Instructor in Physics.
- LOTTE, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing.
- MEISNEST, FREDERICK WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in German.
- MOORE, RANSOM ASA, Assistant Agriculturalist.
- O'DEA, ANDREW M., Instructor in Athletics and Assistant to the Director of the Gymnasium.
- PATZER, OTTO, M. L., Assistant in French.
- PYRE, WALTON HAWKINS, B. L., Instructor in Elocution and Oratory.
- RICHTMANN, WILLIAM OSCAR, Ph. G., B. S., Instructor in Pharmacognosy.
- ROEDDER, EDWIN CARL LOTHAR CLEMENS, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
- SANDS, EDWARD EMMET, B. S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
- SCHREINER, OSWALD, Ph. G., M. S., Instructor in Pharmaceutical Technique.
- SHAW, ROSCOE HART, B. S., Instructor in Chemistry and Acting Chemist to the Experiment Station
- SHOWERMAN, GRANT, Ph. D., Instructor in Latin.
- SPARKLING, SAMUEL EDWIN, Ph. D., Instructor in Political Science.
- SWINGLE, DEANE BRET, B. S., Assistant in Biology.
- *TALLMAN, WILLIAM DUANE, B. S., Instructor in Mathematics.
- THURBER, EDWARD ALLEN, M. A., Instructor in English.
- TILTON, ASA CURRIER, Ph. D., Instructor in European History.
- TIMBERLAKE, HAMILTON GREENWOOD, M. S., Instructor in Botany.
- TITUS, WINIFRED, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
- VIVIAN, ALFRED, Ph. G., Assistant Chemist of the Experiment Station.
- WILDER, GEORGE WALKER, B. S., Instructor in Physics.
- *WILLIAMS, WILLIAM GOODWIN, LL. B., Student Assistant in Gymnastics.
- WOLCOTT, EDSON RAY, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
- WOLFF, HENRY CHARLES, M. S., Assistant in Mathematics.
- WOLTERS DORF, ALBERT HENRY, Ph. G., Assistant in Chemistry.
- ZIMMERMAN, OLIVER B., B. S., M. E., Instructor in Elementary Machine Design and Descriptive Geometry.

LIBRARY STAFF.

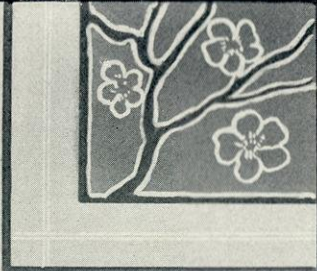
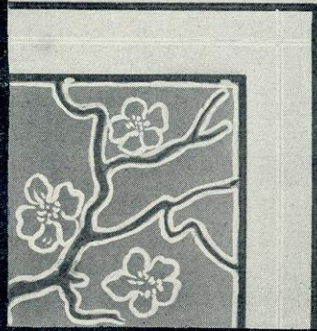
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 MINER, SARAH HELEN, Cataloguer.
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 SMITH, WALLACE STANLEY, Student Assistant in Law Library.
 HUSTING, GUSTAV B., Student Assistant in Law Library.

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 HIESTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar and President's Secretary.
 BURD, LESLIE, Chief Clerk. Office of the Board of Regents.
 MERRICK, GEORGE B., Accountant. Office of Board of Regents.
 COMLY, CYNTHIA W., Matron.
 ADAMS, LESLIE H., Farm Superintendent.
 JENNINGS, JOHN THOMPSON WILSON, B. S., C. E., Superintending Architect of Buildings and Grounds.
 MUTCHLER, IRVING J., Chief Carpenter.
 UPFIELD, JESSIE, Stenographer. President's Office.
 SANFORD, FANNIE G., Stenographer. Dean's Office.
 MILLER, ZANA KATE, Stenographer. Office of the Board of Regents.
 RANDOLPH, MABEL, Assistant and Stenographer of the Director of the School of Commerce.
 HERFURTH, IDA, Clerk and Stenographer. Agricultural Experiment Station.
 STOUT, HARRIET V., Clerk and Stenographer. Farmers' Institutes.
 CLOSE, ESTHER M., Librarian and Stenographer. College of Agriculture.
 DAGGETT, FLORENCE JANET, Stenographer. College of Mechanics and Engineering.
 GLENN, MARY ALICE, Clerk and Stenographer. School of Education and University Extension Department.
 CAMPMAN, WILLIAM A., Secretary of the Deans of the College of Law.

STAFF OF THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Director. Organ, Theory, and History.
 SMITH, JAMES SARGENT, Piano.
 BIRD, ADA, Piano.
 CARD, WINIFRED CORNELIA, Piano.
 FORESMAN, ADELAIDE, Voice.
 ROBERTS, CHARLES EDWARD, Voice.
 NITSCHKE, CHARLES, Violin and Other Orchestral Instruments.
 EHLMAN, ALBERT CHARLES, Violoncello.
 ANDERSON, MRS. G. K., Harp.
 ANDERSON, HJALMAR O., Mandolin.
 BRAND, MRS. M. E., Guitar.
 FOWLER, MYRON M., Banjo.
 FOWLER WILLIAM M., Secretary.



N.W. LITHO. CO. MIL.

LIBRARY HALL AND ENGINEERING BUILDING, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS, 1899-1900.

Fellows and Scholars	21
Resident Graduates	75
Candidates for 2nd Degrees, <i>in absentia</i>	1
College of Letters and Science	1,006
College of Mechanics and Engineering	324
College of Agriculture	381
College of Law	231
School of Pharmacy	48
School of Music	199
Students in Summer Session	341
Students also included in above courses	120
	221
Deducting twice classified	84
Total	2,422

The endeavor of the University is—

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

MAIN ORGANIZATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

- I. THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- II. THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- III. THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
- IV. THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- V. THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.
- VI. THE SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE.
- VII. THE SCHOOL OF HISTORY.
- VIII. THE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE.
- IX. THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.
- X. THE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION.
- XI. THE SUMMER SESSION.

The year is divided into two semesters or terms. The first semester extends from September 26, 1900, to February 9, 1901. The second semester opens February 11, and closes June 20, 1901.

In general the year opens on the last Wednesday of September, and closes on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday of June. The first semester closes on the Friday nearest the middle of the college year, and the second semester opens on the following Monday.

STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING.

BOARD OF BUILDING COMMISSIONERS—(In order of appointment).

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*REUBEN G. THWAITES.....	Madison.
GEORGE B. BURROWS.....	Madison.
WILLIAM F. VILAS.....	Madison.

Appointed by State University Regents—

*CHARLES K. ADAMS.....	Madison.
GEORGE H. NOYES.....	Milwaukee.
ORLANDO E. CLARK.....	Appleton.

Appointed by the Governor—

*JAMES H. STOUT.....	Menomonie.
*FRANK L. FRASER.....	Lake Beulah.
*LUCIEN S. HANKS.....	Madison.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

JAMES H. STOUT.....	President.
LUCIEN S. HANKS.....	Vice President.
ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison.....	Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Indicated by *, above.

This board was created by Chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1895 as amended by Chaps. 237 and 293, Laws for 1897, and Chap. 294, Laws of 1899. The building is now practically completed, occupying a plot of land 264 feet square, fronting the State University grounds in Madison, and ceded to the state for this purpose by the Regents of the University. The members of the Board serve without salary, but receive necessary traveling expenses; their terms expire upon the receipt of the final annual appropriation from the state in 1903.

THE INTER-STATE PARK.

If there is any partiality in Nature in the distribution of rare endowments to localities in her broad domain, that partiality must have been bountifully exercised in favor of Wisconsin. Upon few states was Nature so lavish in the bestowal of her best gifts. The broad prairies, vast forests, wealth of mine, fertility of soil, charming water surfaces, all testify of Nature's partiality to this region. But she stopped not with these rare wealth producing endowments. Scores of others might be named, but to her gifts of scenic beauty and the matchless evidences of the boundlessness of her mighty power in the production of vast gaping wounds in earth's adamant and the carving of amazing wealth of awe-inspiring grandeur of tower and dell in solid rock, the production of which would successfully defy all human genius and energy, let turn the thought.

Nowhere else are evidences of this power to rend and produce more magnificently portrayed than in the Dalles of the St. Croix, in Polk county, that matchless beauty spot just becoming known as the Inter-State Park, a veritable

paradise of Nature's handiwork, owned jointly by Wisconsin and Minnesota. Wisconsin's 600 acres lying east and Minnesota's 300 lying west of the St. Croix river, the villages of St. Croix Falls in Wisconsin and Taylor's Falls in Minnesota situated at the very thresholds of the park.

Through the efforts of Park Commissioner George H. Hazzard of Minnesota, attention of the legislatures of the two states was called to this spot in 1895, and they have since worked together for the upbuilding and permanency of an Inter-State Park there. Views of some of the interesting features of the park appear in this volume and give some idea of the natural beauties of the place, of which the people of Wisconsin yet know comparatively little, but with which the people of St. Paul and Minneapolis are quite familiar.

At this point the St. Croix river has a fall of sixty-one feet in a distance of five miles. Down this incline its mass of water rushes with tremendous force, creating one of the grandest water scenes to be found upon the American continent. On the Minnesota side the bluffs rise to a height of 1,120 feet and on the Wisconsin side over 1,400 feet. Steamboats traverse the St. Croix river to the foot of the rapids at which point the water is 703 feet above sea level. It is clearly apparent that the mighty forces of Nature exercised their efforts in cleaving asunder the vast body of rock and the surging floods of the St. Croix have wrought wonders in the rocks during the ages. At one point in a radius of about three acres are over 100 "pot holes" or "kettles" worn in the rock. Ordinarily they range from six inches to many feet across and from a few feet to unknown depths, one some fifteen feet across, having been explored to a depth of sixty-five feet, and one ten feet across has been sounded to a depth of eighty-four feet. These holes are supposed to have been worn in the rock by the action of water carrying loose rocks around in its terrific force, grinding away the solid rock.

In the summer of 1900 students of the Minnesota university visited the Minnesota part of the park and found over 1,000 varieties of native plants growing there. The plant and timber features of the park are referred to by Park Commissioner Hazzard of Minnesota as follows:

"The plant life in and about the Dalles is said to be the most varied of any one place known. The moss-covered rocks and logs are likened unto beautiful mats, so varied are their colors. All the different vines of the northern climes are found here. Among her trees are the pine (white Norway and jack), cedar (red and white), spruce, fir, birch, willow, butternut, linden, poplar, the maple family, ash, walnut, mountain ash, elm, oak, ironwood, cherry, hickory, and the junipers, the larch and Canadian yew. Among her thousand plants is found the moccasin flower ("Minnesota's Own"), the golden rod, blue harebells, roses, bluebells, jacks-in-the-pulpit, columbine, honeysuckle, blue gentian, anemones, asters and lilies. Among her very exceptionally large family of ferns, the most choice and rare are found, including the walking and bulb fern; and among her mosses and lichens is found the prickly pear cactus. The "Glacier Gardens" are among her most noted features—the footprints in the rocks, the many pot-holes or wells, made by the whirling, surging water keeping the boulders or cobblestones in motion. Large numbers of these have been taken out, some among the yellow drift, as from Red River valley, and some a dark red drift, as from Lake Superior. Many of the stones are worn very round and smooth. The names of many of the places are: Old St. Croix Fireplace (the coloring of this is remarkable), the Devil's Chair, the Kitchen, Bake-oven, Sitting Room, pulpit, the Cross, Old Man of the Dalles or Sentinel, the Cave, the Gopher, the Hammer-Head or Two-faced Man, the Pulpit, Desk Rock, Echo Rock, Eagle Nest Point."

The Inter-State Park is 50 miles from St. Paul, 30 from Stillwater, 40 from Hudson and 26 from New Richmond. During summer steamers run three days each week from Stillwater, Minn., to the park. From Western Wisconsin the park is most conveniently reached from Stillwater by steamer or from St. Paul by train, St. Paul & Duluth road to Taylor's Falls. From Eastern Wisconsin, by the Wisconsin Central or Northwestern railroad to Chippewa Falls, the Omaha to Cameron and from there by the Soo road to St. Croix Falls.

State money appropriated for the park is only used for paying for the land and making accessible the natural beauties of the spot. Artificial beautifying is deemed quite unnecessary.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN.

According to records in the State Superintendent's office, there are 221 free high schools in Wisconsin, in cities and towns, which may receive state aid. When state funds for that purpose are sufficient these schools receive annually from the state one-half as much as the total sum they pay in teachers' salaries, providing the state aid shall not exceed \$500. Of the 221 schools there are 163 having four grades or a four years course of study, and 58 with three grades, or a three years course. In 1900 nearly all of the four grade schools received \$500 each from the state. A few whose salary rolls were below the \$1,000 limit received less. The total state aid given the four year course schools in 1900 was \$80,354.87. In 1899 they received much less, the total being \$33,281.10. The same rule applies to the three grade schools. The following tables, re-compiled from the State Superintendent's report for the two years' period ending June 30, 1900, embrace those features of the schools most likely to interest a majority of the people. The figures given in detail are from the report for the year ending June 30, 1900.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A FOUR YEARS COURSE.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Year established.	NO. PUPILS ENROLLED.				No. days taught.	Av. daily attendance.	NO. TEACHERS.		GRADUATE'S SINCE ORGANIZATION		Total annual salaries.
		1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Albany.....	1897	24	8	12	.....	180	149	1	1	.....	.....	\$4,012 50
Algoma.....	1888	20	16	11	11	200	43	1	1	20	22	1,600 00
Alma.....	1887	29	18	10	6	180	51	.....	.....	26	44	1,350 00
Antigo.....	1884	57	49	27	15	180	124	2	2	40	71	2,594 90
Appleton, 2d dis.	1891	35	18	16	32	180	154	4	4	110	240	7,125 00
Appleton, 3d dis.	1884	11	11	13	32	180	71	1	1	44	46	3,875 00
Arcadia.....	1884	12	14	12	9	180	39	2	2	72	59	1,800 00
Argyle.....	1886	64	47	29	18	190	115	2	1	21	37	960 00
Ashland.....	1885	27	11	9	10	180	51	1	3	30	62	3,785 00
Augusta.....	1890	14	17	9	5	180	41	2	1	11	5	1,450 00
Bangor.....	1877	100	66	46	30	178	217	1	5	31	160	1,715 00
Baraboo.....	1888	27	17	7	7	180	40	1	1	19	25	5,180 00
Barton.....	1888	11	6	7	5	190	27	1	2	15	38	1,327 50
Bayfield.....	1875	16	21	27	39	200	84	1	4	83	176	2,251 50
Beaver Dam.....	1875	114	78	38	32	190	203	4	5	119	333	3,815 00
Beloit.....	1878	70	33	23	27	190	139	2	3	145	264	5,395 00
Berlin.....	1876	11	1	13	10	180	29	1	1	.....	.....	3,496 25
Biramwood.....	1895	34	10	12	7	180	44	2	.....	40	42	800 00
Black Earth.....	1875	18	23	28	41	180	92	1	3	78	138	1,300 00
Black River Falls.....	1886	23	11	10	13	180	46	1	1	30	66	3,147 50
Bloomington.....	1875	35	14	18	15	188	70	1	3	58	88	1,083 00
Boscobel.....	1877	12	14	8	13	190	31	1	1	53	77	2,626 00
Brandon.....	1877	42	18	17	8	18	80	2	1	51	107	2,221 50
Brodhead.....	1877	32	23	22	9	190	70	1	3	56	135	2,035 00
Burlington.....	1888	10	10	12	6	18	38	1	1	29	30	2,350 00
Cambridge.....	1889	13	14	11	6	180	36	1	1	20	40	1,125 00
Cassville.....	1890	21	20	15	10	180	56	1	2	27	30	1,260 00
Centralia.....	1875	32	15	14	15	198	61	1	2	70	61	2,030 00
Chilton.....	1877	57	48	28	30	180	142	2	4	86	123	3,770 00
Chiopewa Falls.....	1880	26	12	11	4	180	50	2	1	31	69	1,000 00
Clinton.....	1883	40	21	12	8	180	65	1	1	32	46	3,950 00
Clintonville.....	1894	12	10	7	9	180	32	1	1	9	21	1,450 00
Cobb.....	1876	25	24	17	12	190	81	1	3	.....	.....	967 50
Columbus.....	1876	16	8	5	7	180	31	1	1	14	20	2,552 50
Cumberland.....	1889	15	13	20	13	180	52	1	2	31	35	1,990 00
Darlington.....	1876	28	25	24	17	190	81	1	3	83	163	2,767 50
De fi ld.....	1895	16	8	5	7	180	31	1	1	14	20	2,270 00
De Forest.....	1891	28	23	18	10	180	55	1	2	17	24	1,990 00
Delavan.....	1877	35	28	20	12	180	84	1	3	64	134	2,655 00
De Pere.....	1879	19	19	12	12	180	51	1	2	34	76	1,280 00
Dodgeville.....	1881	59	44	21	35	180	139	1	1	76	120	2,800 00
Durand.....	1887	8	9	11	9	180	29	2	.....	35	38	1,475 00
East Troy.....	1886	14	16	16	26	178	66	1	2	48	64	1,110 00
Eau Claire.....	1876	150	107	79	47	175	298	4	7	103	180	7,538 25

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A FOUR YEARS COURSE—Continued.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Year established.	NO. PUPILS ENROLLED.				No. days taught.	Av. daily attend. annc.	NO. TEACHERS.		GRADU'T'S SINCE ORGANIZAT'N		Total annual salaries.
		1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
Edgerton	1884	15	10	15	12	180	98	1	2	32	74	\$1,450 00
Elkhorn	1877	3	3	17	13	180	84	1	3	70	155	2,565 00
Elroy	1877	3	12	11	13	180	89	1	1	38	50	1,440 00
Ellsworth	1877	4	24	11	12	180	69	1	1	14	35	1,675 00
Evansville	1876	2	3	24	21	180	85	1	1	77	112	2,835 00
Fennimore	1881	22	13	15	4	180	47	1	1	46	80	1,530 00
Florence	1887	15	7	16	4	180	37	1	1	32	30	2,145 00
Fond du Lac	1876	131	68	57	38	180	245	3	7	162	374	6,945 00
Ft. Axelson	1877	39	38	22	17	180	108	1	4	148	230	3,535 00
Fox Lake	1886	11	7	9	7	180	33	1	1	29	56	1,305 00
Galesville	1894	25	6	7	7	180	31	1	1	1	1	983 00
Glenwood	1893	22	18	16	14	186	55	1	1	13	36	1,450 00
Grand Rapids	1877	40	33	15	11	180	95	1	2	89	85	2,845 00
Green Bay, E. S.	1877	41	45	29	31	180	124	2	4	53	100	3,943 68
Green Bay, W. S.	1876	24	45	10	24	190	87	3	3	29	174	3,460 40
Greenwood	1897	15	10	12	8	190	32	1	1	5	14	1,237 50
Hammond	1898	23	13	11	3	180	37	2	2	2	3	1,050 00
Hartford	1884	31	8	10	14	180	57	1	1	44	80	1,600 00
Hayward	1888	10	8	8	8	180	22	2	1	18	17	2,250 00
Highland	1880	19	13	13	6	178	40	2	2	1	1	1,080 00
Horicon	1877	20	6	14	10	180	43	2	1	57	85	2,000 00
Hudson	1883	59	32	22	24	200	117	2	3	57	108	2,940 00
Hurley	1892	13	8	7	7	180	33	1	2	7	15	2,300 00
Janesville	1877	145	167	75	75	200	357	7	6	169	323	8,383 23
Jefferson	1883	33	17	13	7	180	51	1	2	37	63	2,300 00
Janeau	1884	9	10	5	2	180	23	1	1	15	30	1,300 00
Kaukauna	1889	60	19	17	17	200	108	1	3	40	40	2,675 00
Kenosha	1876	78	57	33	32	180	166	3	4	50	137	5,796 41
Kewaunee	1875	31	28	23	9	188	76	2	1	59	66	2,020 00
Lake Geneva	1877	43	17	11	15	200	77	2	2	1	1	3,255 00
Lake Mills	1876	26	25	19	19	180	74	1	2	57	81	2,080 00
Lancaster	1875	43	44	33	30	180	126	2	3	95	140	3,200 00
Lodi	1875	29	18	14	16	180	67	1	2	13	89	1,822 50
Madison	1876	199	154	118	107	180	513	4	13	324	468	11,205 00
Manawa	1889	19	16	16	6	185	41	1	1	26	20	1,110 00
Marinette	1889	73	65	42	23	180	177	3	3	52	123	3,952 50
Marshall	1886	18	6	8	6	180	1	1	1	1	1	1,200 00
Marshfield	1886	39	33	32	7	178	75	2	2	20	46	3,257 50
Mauston	1876	40	23	20	11	180	69	2	1	61	74	2,145 00
Mayville	1877	16	19	14	7	180	49	3	1	39	52	2,233 66
Mazomanie	1878	27	26	6	14	200	58	1	2	50	89	1,845 00
Medford	1890	23	11	16	15	180	52	2	1	26	45	2,000 00
Menasha	1882	27	18	14	17	180	63	1	2	41	125	2,300 00
Merrill	1882	101	52	25	9	180	163	1	4	56	98	2,630 00
Milton Junction	1889	26	17	16	9	180	51	1	2	16	34	1,900 00
Mincral Point	1875	35	48	25	17	180	105	2	2	1	1	2,740 00
Mondovi	1890	11	14	21	30	180	60	1	1	13	37	1,545 00
Monroe	1875	44	41	36	30	180	131	2	3	163	252	3,975 00
Montfort	1885	28	24	12	6	180	65	1	2	15	38	1,355 00
Necedah	1877	31	15	11	8	180	53	1	1	23	68	1,440 00
Neenah	1876	46	33	22	15	181	96	1	3	62	154	3,400 00
Neillsville	1875	46	35	19	14	180	93	1	3	46	69	2,890 00
New Lisbon	1876	22	9	7	7	180	38	1	1	39	62	1,630 00
New London	1883	29	23	12	17	163	66	2	1	29	45	2,139 00
New Richmond	1885	74	37	26	19	175	133	2	2	44	94	2,316 75
Oconomowoc	1891	41	40	33	13	181	103	2	3	23	71	3,342 00
Oconto	1880	36	27	18	16	180	77	2	2	62	63	2,775 00
Omro	1876	6	12	23	33	180	60	1	2	59	98	1,228 12
Onalaska	1870	18	19	11	8	180	46	1	1	30	35	1,355 00
Oregon	1879	22	16	9	11	180	54	1	1	55	68	1,260 00
Osceloa	1889	33	9	9	9	180	30	1	1	1	1	1,310 00
Palmyra	1896	7	15	13	15	180	44	1	1	13	15	1,080 00
Pewaukee	1876	13	11	3	9	180	32	1	1	23	44	1,440 00
Phillips	1892	7	0	4	2	180	19	1	2	6	13	1,350 00
Plainfield	1889	16	1	6	4	180	26	2	2	15	25	1,395 00
Platteville	1891	53	18	8	4	180	64	1	2	14	27	1,765 00
Plymouth	1877	44	33	22	27	180	116	2	2	101	92	2,558 00

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A FOUR YEARS COURSE—Continued.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Year established.	NO. PUPILS ENROLLED.				No. days taught.	Av daily attendance.	NO. TEACHERS.		GRADU'T'S SINCE ORGANIZAT'N		Total annual salaries.	
		1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		
Portage	1877	63	42	21	26	190	127	1	3	118	206	\$3,500 00	
Pt. Washington	1883	11	10	7	9	206	31	1	1	23	40	1,450 00	
Poynette	1882	19	10	10	5	180	34	2	2	35	52	1,205 00	
Prairie du Chien	1886	18	20	18	7	180	47	2	1	35	70	2,000 00	
Prairie du Sac	1887	18	20	12	14	180	54	1	2	19	27	2,069 00	
Prentice	1899	21	10			180	22	2	2			1,080 00	
Prescott	1881	18	8		2	180	30				41	1,170 00	
Randolph	1897	15	10	15	6	180	37	1	1	36	6	1,260 00	
Racine	1878	126	107	48	67	200	320	8	4	216	459	8,590 00	
Reedsburg	1878	37	28	20	12	180	81	1	2			3,322 00	
Rhineland	1888	23	32	8	16	186	71	2	2	27	50	2,390 00	
Rice Lake	1888	28	23	14	15	180	66	2	2	33	32	1,855 00	
Richland Center	1875	44	29	32	17	180	99	2	1	81	129	2,979 00	
Ripon	1877	37	24	20	15	187	84	2	2	60	173	2,327 50	
River Falls	1885	30	21	12	6	180	56	1	1	33	32	2,425 00	
St. Croix Falls	1895	24	7	2	5	179	25	1	1	6	16	1,125 00	
Sauk City	1877	20	11	6	6	180	39	2	2	1	22	13	1,945 00
Seymour	1887	16	23	11	2	180	49			15	13	1,350 00	
Sharon	1881	14	13	6	7	176	32	2	1	25	50	1,800 00	
Shawano	1879	26	18	24	19	180	69	2	2	43	78	1,855 00	
Sheboygan	1877	81	48	26	34	200	170	5	3	88	170	6,151 00	
Shell Lake	1877	14	11	7	7	200	33	2	1	63	83	1,500 00	
Shullsburg	1876	30	18	21	3	180	51	1	1			1,395 00	
South Milwaukee	1891	15	16	17	6	190	45	3	1	40	106	1,947 50	
Sparta	1876	69	50	42	28	180	168	3	2	23	26	1,717 50	
Spring Green	1878	20	31	7	19	180	65	1	2	112	188	4,250 00	
Stevens Point	1870	31	42	28	22	190	114	3	3	87	194	5,000 00	
Stoughton	1876	32	24	22	22	177	87	2	2	47	102	2,677 50	
Sturgeon Bay	1878	32	30	18	8	193	77	1	2	35	77	2,150 00	
Sun Prairie	1883	14	14	3	7	180	36	1	1	32	50	1,327 50	
Tomah	1876	40	37	24	24	180		2	3	57	117	3,135 00	
Tomahawk	1896	30	21	6	8	180	56	1	2	9	18	2,100 00	
Two Rivers	1877	22	17	9	6	200	41	1	2	55	44	2,300 00	
Union Grove	1893	19	8	12	13	180	44	1	2	11	11	1,147 50	
Wausau	1873	76	43	32	13	180	121	1	4	67	115	2,820 00	
Watworth	1881	10	9	7	7	180	29	1	1	18	23	990 00	
Washburn	1888	18	20	13	15	180	56	2	1	17	46	2,325 00	
Waterloo	1887	14	26	14	10	180	54	1	4	30	45	1,572 50	
Watertown	1876	72	53	36	20	200	140	2	3	89	196	3,950 00	
Waukesha	1890	77	46	42	15	193	143	1	5	32	92	5,062 50	
Waupaca	1876	41	36	26	18	190		2	2	96	112	2,787 17	
Waupun	1877	48	29	19	14	190	93	1	3	115	184	2,622 00	
Wausau	1884	111	40	20	20	180	175	3	5	59	115	5,575 00	
Wauwatosa	1877	34	28	15	16	180	81	2	2	54	125	3,285 00	
West Bend	1887	39	32	25	20	190	104	1	2	76	73	2,460 00	
West De Pere	1878	17	23	17	9	190	58	1	2	35	87	1,989 72	
West Salem	1875	24	15	5	9	180	45	1	2	45	68	1,620 00	
Weyauwega	1888	12	12	10	11	180	37	2	1	17	62	1,250 00	
Whitewater	1886	85	50	20	20	200	149	1	5	83	83	4,250 00	
Winneconne	1891	15	4	6	3	180	24	1	1	3	4	1,035 00	
Wonewoc	1876	19	12	9	3	180	34	1	1	30	30	1,250 00	
Totals		5,748	4,113	2,949	2,448	29,874	78	267	324	7,465	13,144	\$398,679 12	
Totals for School Year ending June 30, 1899		5,270	3,595	2,779	2,111			241	298			\$366,483 35	

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A THREE YEARS COURSE.

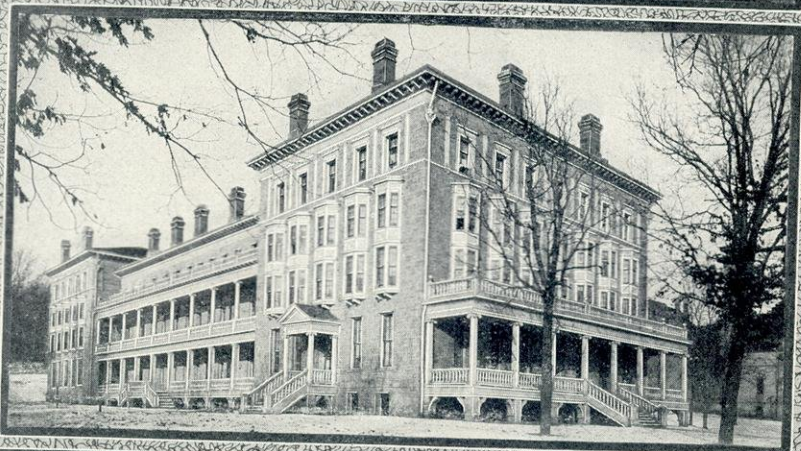
LOCATION.	Year estab- lished.	No. days taught.	Pupils en- rolled.	Av. daily attendance.	Number teachers.	Graduates since organ- ization.	Total Salaries, 1900.	State Aid, 1900.
Almond	1878	100	25	19	1	2	225 00	\$145 00
Amherst	1891	180	27	21	1	47	750 00	337 50
Avoca	1876	180	30	19	*2	5	532 50	225 00
Baldwin	1892	178	35	25	*2	7	1,150 00	382 50
Belleville	1892	180	48	38	1	54	765 00	135 00
Be mont	1892	180	27	21	*2	6	696 00	220 00
Benton	1878	180	33	24	1	8	696 00	220 00
Blair	1890	180	48	38	1	65	900 00	450 00
Bloomer	1885	180	31	24	1	40	765 00	382 50
Brillion	1892	180	34	26	1	51	675 00	292 50
Cadott	1893	180	26	17	*2	3	866 00	350 00
Cambria	1890	160	51	45	1	1	720 00	350 00
Cashion	1888	180	28	22	1	5*	581 00	292 50
Chetek	1897	200	43	23	1	16	1,000 00	500 00
Cedarburg	1885	180	64	52	2	60	1,105 00	500 00
Colby	1891	180	35	35	*2	35	810 00	405 00
Cuba City	1892	180	25	25	*2	38	1,175 00	500 00
Fairchild	1899	180	43	40	1	1	675 00	350 00
Fountain City	1887	180	26	21	1	24	600 00	270 00
Friendship	1878	180	46	30	1	75	630 00	337 50
Glenbeulah	1899	160	30	19	1	5	585 00	337 50
Guantsburg	1876	180	27	22	1	102	675 00	337 50
Hazel Green	1881	180	29	21	1	60	750 00	375 00
Hillsboro	1881	180	17	9	*1	36	579 60	310 68
Humbird	1899	180	35	25	2	4	630 00	310 68
Iola	1875	200	39	22	1	60	1,100 00	500 00
Kiel	1889	180	20	18	1	56	630 00	292 50
Linden	1885	180	35	15	1	23	540 00	247 50
Lone Rock	1896	180	40	33	2	29	630 00	270 00
Loyal	1898	180	24	19	1	6	720 00	300 00
Marion	1884	180	38	24	*1	70	810 00	438 75
Merrillan	1888	180	30	25	1	89	750 00	350 00
Middleton	1899	180	38	34	*2	6	715 00	350 00
Milton	1877	180	47	32	2	97	720 00	360 00
Montello	1890	180	46	42	2	32	810 00	380 00
Mouat Hope	1877	180	46	42	2	75	792 00	500 00
Mukwanago	1889	180	49	44	1	92	800 00	500 00
Muscoda	1888	180	23	19	1	43	552 50	292 50
Oakfield	1875	180	39	34	2	67	675 00	337 50
Oakwood	1891	180	58	40	*2	63	900 00	500 00
Pepin	1882	180	33	26	1	75	900 00	450 00
Peshigo	1896	180	30	24	*1	12	630 00	360 00
Potosi	1893	178	36	29	*2	35	630 00	315 00
Reeseville	1878	160	62	50	1	82	700 00	314 25
Sextonville	1898	180	36	24	1	10	540 00	237 50
Soldiers Grove	1894	180	41	34	1	10	900 00	450 00
Stanley	1875	160	34	24	1	32	575 00	245 00
Stockbridge	1898	180	45	32	1	13	720 00	337 50
Thorp	1894	180	36	31	1	42	720 00	360 00
Trempealeau	1880	180	17	14	1	40	540 00	292 50
Unity	1899	180	41	31	1	1	700 00	350 00
Verona	1897	180	46	36	1	20	495 00	322 50
Viola	1891	180	45	36	1	50	607 50	303 75
Waldo	1882	180	39	33	*2	94	875 00	315 00
Westfield	1890	180	27	20	1	52	600 00	292 50
Wilton	1897	180	26	23	1	6	675 00	337 50
Wittenburg	1890	180	26	23	1	6	675 00	337 50
Total		9,954	2,029	.....	73	2,093	\$39,996 10	\$17,016 93
Totals year ending June 30, 1899		10,003	2,146	.....	78	.....	\$13,678 36	\$9,701 66

*One female teacher.

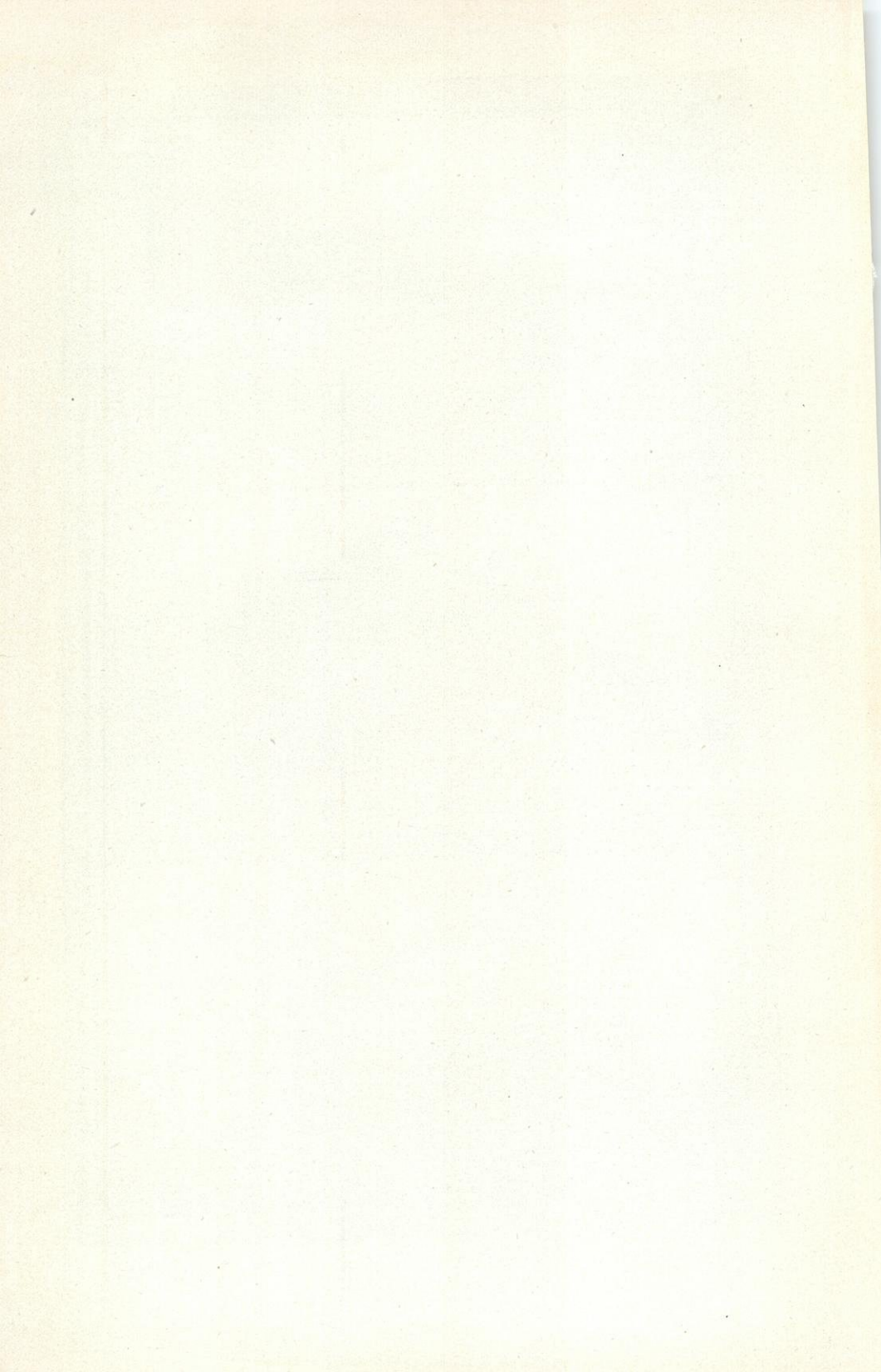
PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS.

These figures pertain entirely to schools exclusive of those in cities employing city superintendents, and are for the school year ending June 30, 1900.

COUNTIES.	Children between 4 and 20 years.		Children between 7 and 13 years.		Teachers employed.	Total expenses for school year.	Public school houses.		Apportionment of state aid, 1900.
	Total No.	Enro'd in pub. school.	Total No.	At. pub. ch. 12 w. or more.			No.	Seating capacity.	
Adams.....	3,338	2,671	1,490	1,323	127	\$18,569 07	82	3,173	\$3,665 25
Ashland.....	1,990	1,429	1,060	969	51	24,742 61	42	2,038	6,316 66
Barron.....	8,025	5,721	3,532	3,014	182	49,716 45	118	6,097	9,850 78
Bayfield....	3,947	2,541	2,136	1,677	77	65,174 03	46	2,550	3,833 86
Brown.....	10,245	5,438	4,881	3,242	106	38,926 20	86	6,251	19,513 11
Buffalo.....	6,384	4,423	2,707	2,520	135	40,548 05	89	5,220	7,027 45
Burnett.....	2,921	1,753	1,366	832	74	14,514 74	44	2,219	3,060 25
Calumet....	6,877	3,440	3,013	2,015	85	31,642 66	72	5,138	7,830 81
Chippewa..	8,465	5,419	4,021	3,377	241	74,297 36	162	7,906	12,962 83
Clark.....	9,568	6,770	4,221	3,656	212	61,178 21	128	7,519	10,605 65
Columbia..	7,382	5,845	3,510	2,833	263	59,527 58	150	7,933	11,911 91
Crawford..	5,259	3,609	2,382	2,177	153	30,846 53	100	5,351	7,067 13
Dane.....	17,206	11,558	7,734	6,511	312	113,816 51	258	14,354	21,954 79
Dodge.....	13,661	8,219	6,317	5,082	276	100,618 96	197	11,329	18,452 99
Door.....	6,103	3,725	2,533	2,067	79	28,596 85	69	4,899	7,859 39
Douglas...	1,436	1,114	715	613	52	33,031 53	40	1,686	9,012 16
Dunn.....	7,430	5,579	3,356	2,785	157	42,770 78	125	5,935	10,400 70
Eau Claire	5,563	3,943	2,523	2,161	126	35,474 07	60	3,887	13,529 25
Flourence..	1,163	800	560	524	21	20,238 82	15	858	1,071 11
F. du Lac..	10,228	6,242	4,522	3,392	216	65,878 75	165	8,546	18,265 05
Forest.....	323	230	139	126	12	5,639 95	9	295	303 65
Grant.....	13,147	9,379	5,714	4,991	269	103,362 31	231	13,331	14,662 21
Green.....	6,051	4,757	2,822	2,529	242	45,633 53	127	6,041	8,579 29
Green L'ke	4,193	2,710	2,011	1,743	110	26,031 56	70	3,822	6,276 99
Iowa.....	7,050	5,465	3,084	2,874	172	51,585 65	129	7,183	9,024 28
Iron.....	2,049	1,557	1,001	830	43	25,039 30	18	1,505	1,948 81
Jackson...	6,579	4,677	2,854	2,437	157	47,546 44	102	5,653	7,251 16
Jefferson..	9,991	6,201	4,491	3,831	182	75,792 73	136	7,955	14,284 12
Juneau....	7,403	5,148	3,157	2,810	186	61,805 00	112	6,694	8,244 92
Kenosha..	3,348	2,101	1,406	1,178	77	22,840 63	62	2,751	7,929 99
Kewaunee..	6,986	4,307	3,073	2,446	72	35,295 84	57	4,827	7,717 31
La Crosse.	4,685	2,966	2,090	1,878	77	27,265 00	66	3,608	7,012 68
Lafayette.	7,390	5,664	3,109	3,607	208	61,347 31	124	6,327	8,192 27
Langlade..	2,894	1,904	1,436	1,187	87	22,287 25	66	2,541	5,171 69
Lincoln...	2,129	1,382	1,055	847	61	19,336 73	59	1,913	6,485 37
Manitowoc	15,916	8,724	6,706	4,631	178	108,831 08	117	10,033	17,532 87
Marathon..	12,746	7,073	5,915	4,981	211	79,931 85	173	9,549	18,146 63
Marinette.	5,486	3,685	2,832	2,189	78	40,099 04	60	3,128	11,881 76
Marquette.	4,145	2,632	1,833	1,642	92	18,684 68	64	3,672	4,503 32
Milwaukee	14,696	7,531	6,668	4,785	160	112,575 46	80	8,744	121,761 08
Monroe....	10,133	7,148	4,222	3,775	239	86,340 17	149	15,733	11,015 59
Oconto....	6,040	3,819	2,959	2,511	96	30,680 41	76	4,698	9,061 75
Oneida....	2,649	1,894	519	1,560	58	27,433 92	34	2,139	2,569 86
Outagamie	9,537	5,237	4,109	3,265	143	58,457 07	118	7,161	18,455 19
Ozaukee...	6,438	3,288	2,926	2,104	81	44,185 30	59	4,373	6,872 07
Pepin.....	2,867	2,104	1,316	1,120	40	21,161 41	40	2,423	3,224 45
Pierce.....	8,509	6,007	3,870	3,536	185	63,604 10	113	7,015	9,413 23
Polk.....	6,863	4,84	3,250	2,625	155	43,315 99	107	5,311	7,329 40
Portage...	8,074	4,342	3,600	2,560	151	33,384 76	109	4,838	13,229 51
Price.....	3,083	2,270	1,751	1,548	92	44,004 60	66	3,391	3,275 14
Racine....	5,307	3,361	2,264	2,527	100	43,558 77	77	4,212	16,023 08
Richland..	6,896	5,625	2,437	2,534	254	44,801 16	121	6,788	7,598 20
Rock.....	8,789	6,495	4,067	3,597	289	81,617 89	171	8,777	17,614 02
St. Croix..	8,839	6,278	3,980	3,608	200	59,731 40	117	7,308	10,609 31
Sauk.....	8,931	6,230	3,914	3,178	220	56,683 19	166	7,645	12,682 81
Sawyer....	947	678	410	360	38	22,200 62	20	1,210	982 05
Shawano..	10,348	5,580	4,800	3,676	144	51,523 01	111	6,532	11,037 63
Sheboygan	9,925	6,207	4,443	3,686	152	56,121 67	116	6,920	20,194 15
Taylor....	4,104	2,516	1,974	2,101	91	35,305 27	69	2,944	4,282 37
Trimp'lau	8,762	5,718	3,940	3,051	155	43,331 78	108	6,743	9,455 16
Vernon....	10,227	7,722	4,517	3,815	257	59,328 66	154	8,706	11,574 31
Vilas.....	852	789	478	357	27	18,611 24	16	1,080	973 07
Walworth..	7,639	6,319	3,378	3,216	202	94,740 94	122	7,178	9,260 11
Washington	1,889	1,594	826	783	50	20,248 69	34	1,803	1,974 78
Waushara	6,038	4,931	3,909	2,805	123	47,694 95	101	6,966	10,095 42
Waukesha.	11,531	7,537	5,299	4,493	191	91,791 69	124	9,455	12,511 78
Waupaca..	10,112	6,651	4,491	4,030	176	56,739 68	130	7,814	12,390 89
Waushara.	5,634	4,014	2,501	2,175	175	31,894 78	105	5,020	6,321 07
Winneb'go	5,642	3,846	2,522	2,324	154	36,261 65	99	5,219	21,157 00
Wood.....	8,591	4,829	3,943	2,991	129	73,331 26	89	5,660	11,018 65
Total..	483,089	316,465	216,803	182,182	10,202	\$3,422,290 18	6,855	396,426	\$6,139 88
Totals June 30, 1899.	479,391	314,150	216,166	178,562	9,743	\$3,234,294 29	6,689	378,813	\$757,509 08



SOUTH HALL, LADIES' HALL AND NORTH HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS—Continued.

The following table pertains exclusively to schools in cities in which city superintendents of schools are employed. Figures are for the school year ending June 30, 1900.

CITIES.	No. children between 4 and 20 years in city.	Total No. enrolled.	No. between 7 and 13 years		No. teachers employed.			Total expense school year.	School houses.		
			Total No.	Att'n'd public school 12 w'ks.	Male.	Female.	Total.		No.	Will accommodate	
Antigo.....	1,852	1,320	961	716	3	22	25	\$ 29,762	59	8	1,800
Appleton.....	2,700	2,594	1,975	1,137	11	65	76	87,619	7	8	3,800
Ashland.....	2,030	2,228	2,060	1,237	12	44	46	48,932	92	15	1,900
Baraboo.....	800	1,474	688	674	2	33	35	21,736	66	6	1,419
Beaver Dam.....	910	984	874	476	1	21	22	19,270	80	5	1,200
Beloit.....	1,621	2,310	1,368	2,323	4	51	55	40,656	95	9	2,200
Berlin.....	864	771	859	411	2	19	21	12,793	25	3	900
Brodhead.....	203	420	205	205	3	9	12	8,161	10	2	550
Chip'wa Falls	1,712	1,425	1,485	918	7	29	36	22,349	70	8	1,469
Columbus.....	362	517	359	203	1	11	12	7,409	26	3	650
De Pere.....	976	258	409	169	2	6	8	22,966	65	2	750
Eau Claire.....	6,445	4,321	2,673	2,358	12	87	99	83,292	62	15	4,000
Fond du Lac	5,100	2,790	.....	1,262	4	55	59	42,197	01	10	2,800
Gr'nd Rapids	1,388	1,028	666	529	5	21	26	18,112	77	5	1,062
Green Bay.....	6,520	3,846	2,860	2,202	7	69	76	54,977	80	13	3,800
Hudson.....	1,148	838	529	529	3	17	20	12,155	14	5	1,100
Janesville.....	3,543	2,486	1,398	1,194	8	48	56	37,269	97	3	2,200
Kaukauna.....	1,981	817	885	41	4	20	24	22,862	87	2	1,100
Kenosha.....	3,947	1,664	1,791	959	5	32	37	44,107	86	6	1,750
La Crosse.....	10,031	5,587	3,968	2,975	10	119	129	92,022	82	15	5,238
Madison.....	5,337	3,055	2,237	1,555	4	65	69	54,765	20	10	2,493
Marinette.....	5,476	3,755	2,477	2,222	7	55	62	41,364	18	6	3,650
Menasha.....	2,321	731	958	422	1	19	20	10,873	94	6	1,500
Menomonie.....	2,253	1,632	1,111	833	6	38	44	29,048	39	9	1,800
Merrill.....	3,500	1,665	1,410	1,066	7	28	35	20,651	08	6	1,900
Milwaukee.....	98,499	41,019	38,469	21,025	96	765	861	701,141	70	79	39,940
Mineral P'nt	1,175	719	350	321	3	12	15	8,603	28	3	800
Monroe.....	1,124	1,128	372	365	2	23	25	24,594	95	4	1,100
Neenah.....	1,963	1,329	1,056	996	1	30	31	19,810	72	7	1,400
New London	837	433	368	168	5	11	14	9,530	6	2	600
Oconto.....	2,097	860	992	514	6	14	20	13,199	65	4	1,000
O alaska.....	585	466	200	218	1	9	10	5,181	89	1	500
Oshkosh.....	9,240	4,702	3,904	2,504	16	103	121	50,214	46	10	3,250
Portage.....	1,818	1,011	710	496	1	20	21	16,487	66	5	1,300
P. du Chien.....	1,087	554	442	296	3	9	12	6,722	43	5	700
Racine.....	9,478	5,352	4,174	3,209	16	104	120	80,048	30	10	5,070
Reedsburg.....	737	506	293	279	1	11	12	7,939	18	3	544
Rice Lake.....	1,147	892	513	445	2	14	16	10,743	93	4	764
Ripon.....	1,126	782	440	430	2	17	19	23,119	36	4	950
Sheboygan.....	8,588	4,348	3,708	2,403	14	90	104	96,125	94	10	4,100
Stanley.....	692	476	303	271	1	8	9	5,054	10	3	500
Stevens P't.	3,892	1,972	1,682	1,144	5	44	49	32,746	45	12	1,985
Sturg'n Bay.	1,158	828	434	321	4	11	15	8,789	21	3	750
Superior.....	3,033	6,022	3,718	3,516	12	136	147	147,173	72	10	5,600
Tomahawk.....	743	687	446	367	2	11	13	10,355	80	3	600
Watertown.....	3,961	1,165	1,858	1,401	3	25	28	21,827	15	5	1,400
Wausau.....	888	788	427	426	2	13	15	10,121	55	2	675
Wausau.....	4,786	2,872	2,082	1,565	7	59	66	64,434	11	10	3,000
Whitewater.	847	616	399	332	2	15	17	13,466	57	3	672
Total.....	247,974	128,056	101,446	69,135	327	2,534	2,861	\$2,313,434	32	387	127,366
Totals for yr ending June 30, 1899.....	243,264	124,447	123,870	68,027	314	2,449	2,763	\$2,203,673	03	369	120,667

TAXES FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

COUNTIES.	DIRECT TAX COLLECTED FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.				Interest on school funds loaned state.	Total school tax including interest.	Apportionment of fund to counties.
	1 mill tax for common sch's.	For normal schools.	For state university.	For free high schools.			
Adams	\$1,204 40	\$33 23	\$512 35	\$191 18	\$301 24	\$2,572 40	\$3,716 29
Aland	4,852 31	1,472 62	2,077 17	775 07	1,221 27	10,429 04	6,679 23
Barron	2,118 74	638 99	901 31	336 31	529 92	4,525 27	10,574 08
Bayfield	4,489 70	1,357 05	1,914 16	714 21	1,125 42	9,610 57	4,404 85
Brown	9,405 96	2,835 73	4,011 28	1,493 62	2,352 51	20,089 48	19,798 98
Buffalo	2,721 41	820 74	1,157 68	431 97	680 65	5,812 45	7,124 52
Burnett	700 94	211 39	293 18	111 27	175 31	1,497 09	3,359 83
Calumet	6,012 50	1,822 35	2,570 46	959 12	1,511 29	12,905 72	7,674 74
Chippewa	7,105 46	2,142 93	3,022 65	1,127 85	1,777 13	15,176 02	13,319 43
Clark	3,927 69	1,184 55	1,670 83	623 41	982 35	8,388 86	10,693 54
Columbia	2,565 47	3,487 99	4,919 82	1,835 79	2,892 66	24,701 83	11,372 04
Crawford	2,334 81	722 25	1,018 75	380 13	598 97	5,114 91	7,082 14
Dane	27,536 54	8,322 78	11,739 52	4,380 41	6,902 21	58,941 53	25,157 99
Dodge	14,580 54	4,347 31	6,202 51	2,314 37	3,646 76	31,141 49	18,376 06
Door	2,828 47	853 03	1,203 22	448 96	707 45	6,041 13	8,103 18
Douglas	10,853 03	3,273 15	4,616 36	1,722 71	2,714 47	23,180 25	10,567 41
Dunn	4,535 37	1,367 81	1,949 33	719 90	1,154 36	9,685 77	10,832 06
Eau Claire	8,845 33	2,667 64	3,762 77	1,404 02	2,212 31	18,897 07	13,389 76
Florence	1,000 95	301 88	425 81	158 88	250 35	2,137 58	1,305 48
Fond du Lac	17,922 83	5,405 30	7,624 31	2,844 89	4,482 71	38,280 04	18,362 67
Forest	1,111 85	335 32	472 99	176 49	218 09	2,374 75	360 47
Grant	9,716 17	2,930 27	4,133 22	1,542 25	2,430 13	20,752 04	14,567 15
Green	10,028 61	3,024 51	4,263 15	1,591 55	2,508 27	21,419 42	8,488 31
Green Lake	5,038 13	1,519 41	2,113 21	799 70	1,260 09	10,760 57	6,471 67
Iowa	7,784 62	2,347 74	3,311 55	1,235 65	1,947 05	16,235 59	9,165 71
Iron	1,833 87	562 11	792 83	295 85	466 18	3,900 30	2,236 68
Jackson	2,383 30	718 77	1,013 85	378 30	596 09	4,090 62	14,436 53
Jefferson	11,990 50	3,616 18	5,100 72	1,903 25	2,998 97	28,609 82	8,251 74
Juneau	2,814 13	848 70	1,197 11	416 68	703 86	6,010 48	8,141 22
Kenosha	6,780 61	2,014 95	2,884 45	1,076 29	1,695 90	14,482 20	7,796 26
Kewaunee	3,891 36	1,173 88	1,655 37	617 68	973 25	8,119 66	17,075 91
Lafayette	14,598 41	4,402 70	6,210 12	2,317 21	3,651 22	31,179 66	8,347 27
Lafayette	6,773 07	2,012 67	2,881 25	1,075 09	1,694 01	14,463 09	5,236 55
Langlade	2,420 67	730 04	1,029 74	381 23	605 46	5,170 14	5,236 55
Lincoln	3,016 59	900 76	1,283 24	478 83	754 48	6,442 90	6,833 53
Manitowoc	12,570 44	3,791 10	5,347 43	1,995 31	3,143 99	26,818 27	17,762 27
Marathon	6,635 71	2,001 24	2,822 80	1,053 29	1,659 67	14,172 71	19,565 71
Marquette	6,349 03	1,911 76	2,696 59	1,006 19	1,585 46	13,839 00	12,233 60
Marquette	1,731 01	522 66	737 22	275 08	433 45	3,701 42	4,625 81
Milwaukee	151,237 78	45,617 43	64,344 58	24,009 17	37,831 24	323,060 20	126,325 61
Monroe	4,302 39	1,297 55	1,870 22	682 92	1,076 04	9,189 16	11,308 42
Monroe	2,993 92	902 93	1,273 62	475 23	748 80	6,394 50	9,125 54
Oneida	3,526 25	1,063 47	1,500 05	559 72	881 96	7,531 45	2,956 29
Outagamie	11,896 95	3,587 97	5,060 92	1,884 40	2,975 56	25,409 80	18,897 24
Ozaukee	6,233 94	1,850 07	2,651 90	989 52	1,559 19	13,314 62	7,184 81
Pepin	1,153 83	347 98	490 83	183 15	288 59	2,464 38	3,165 05
Pierce	4,589 95	1,383 96	1,952 12	728 40	1,147 76	9,801 19	9,422 39
Polk	2,683 68	803 36	1,141 62	425 98	671 22	5,731 86	7,659 11
Portage	5,666 05	1,708 80	2,410 32	899 31	1,417 14	12,101 68	13,320 56
Price	1,316 93	406 22	572 98	213 80	336 87	2,876 80	3,394 88
Racine	17,952 00	5,414 10	7,636 73	2,849 53	4,489 99	38,342 35	16,500 07
Richland	3,846 75	1,160 13	1,636 40	610 60	962 11	8,215 99	7,472 75
Rock	20,851 07	6,288 42	8,869 98	3,309 70	5,215 08	44,554 25	17,425 22
St. Croix	6,163 26	1,838 76	2,621 83	978 29	1,641 50	13,163 64	11,178 97
Sauk	9,799 24	2,955 33	4,168 57	1,555 44	2,450 89	20,929 47	12,643 15
Sawyer	1,086 45	312 58	440 90	164 52	259 21	2,213 69	1,056 85
Shawano	3,362 95	1,014 22	1,430 59	533 80	811 12	7,126 68	11,548 36
Sheboygan	18,861 58	5,688 42	8,023 65	2,993 90	4,717 50	40,285 05	20,660 52
Taylor	1,763 91	531 97	750 36	279 98	441 16	3,767 38	4,550 07
Trempealeau	4,095 06	1,235 01	1,742 02	650 00	1,021 23	8,746 32	9,778 39
Vernon	4,656 46	1,401 33	1,980 81	739 12	1,164 63	9,945 38	11,413 34
Vilas	953 20	287 47	405 49	151 36	238 41	2,635 41	1,062 43
Walworth	16,556 94	4,993 36	7,043 27	2,623 08	4,141 09	35,362 74	9,470 39
Washburn	682 71	205 89	290 42	108 37	170 75	1,458 14	2,194 06
Washburn	10,923 33	3,294 34	4,646 75	1,733 86	2,732 05	23,330 33	10,119 89
Waukesha	18,033 17	5,493 58	7,671 25	2,862 41	4,510 29	38,515 70	12,868 61
Waupaca	7,041 23	2,123 54	2,995 32	1,117 65	1,761 09	15,038 83	12,998 04
Wausara	2,749 71	829 29	1,169 72	436 46	687 71	5,872 89	6,255 17
Winnebago	19,835 94	5,891 79	8,310 53	3,100 94	4,836 15	41,725 35	21,500 87
Wood	3,261 12	983 51	1,387 27	517 64	815 63	6,965 17	11,471 35
Total	\$530,000 00	\$190,000 00	\$268,000 00	\$100,000 00	\$157,570 00	\$1,345,570 00	\$816,278 21

The state owes the school fund \$2,251,000 upon which it pays 7 per cent. interest, amounting to \$157,570 a year, which is divided among the counties according to the number of school age children in them, same as the 1 mill tax is apportioned.

WISCONSIN COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES.

Summary of their reports to the state superintendent for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900. Recompiled from the superintendent's report.

Corporate Name.	Location.	Found- ed.	Character.	Students, 1900.	Graduates since organ- ization.	Volumes in library.	Total value on all prop- erty (not taxed).	² Total re- ceipts, 1900.	² Total ex- pense, 1900.
Beloit College	Beloit.....	1847	Non-Sec.....	72	649	26,800	\$99,058 70		
Carroll College.....	Waukesha.....	1816	Pres.....	104	252	1,500	147,509 00	\$31,571 00	\$11,043 00
Concordia College.....	Milwaukee.....	1881	Luth.....	185	272	3,650	133,000 00		10,202 00
Evansville Seminary.....	Evansville.....	1856	F. M.....	162	130		11,150 00	2,416 00	1,723 92
German-English Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	1851	Non-Sec.....	152			31,433 90	7,456 00	7,127 00
Lawrence University.....	Appleton.....	1817	Meth.....	422	525	16,394	453,099 00	41,655 00	28,463 78
Marquette College.....	Milwaukee.....	1864	Cath.....	250	128	9,650	267,725 00	7,376 40	4,900 00
Milton College.....	Milton.....	1867	S.-D. B.....	147	280	7,895	118,187 66	11,187 77	11,187 77
Milwaukee Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	1864	Non-Sec.....	81	147	1,200	38,000 00	8,330 00	8,275 00
Milwaukee Downer College.....	Milwaukee.....	1845	Non-Sec.....	191	10	4,601	317,463 74	55,960 00	52,960 68
Mission House, Reformed Church.....	Franklin.....	1859	Ref.....	86		6,000	50,500 00	11,000 00	8,100 00
National Ger. Am. Teachers' Sem.....	Milwaukee.....	1878	Non-Sec.....	36	146	1,503	233,500 00	8,601 74	9,413 29
North Wisconsin Academy.....	Ashland.....	1822	Cong.....	51	17	2,000	37,000 00	3,600 00	3,600 00
Racine College.....	Racine.....	1833	P. E.....	37	500	10,000	31,000 00	16,000 00	16,500 00
Sacred Heart College.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1880	R. C.....	74	45	9,570	88,977 00	24,457 60	23,902 83
St. Catherine's Female Seminary.....	Racine.....	1874	R. C.....	208		2,650			
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary.....	1831	Cath.....	161	301	2,800	69,000 00	12,000 00	7,800 00
St. Mary's Academy.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1872	R. C.....	51		500	60,000 00	4,000 00	1,000 00
Stoughton Academy.....	Stoughton.....	1838	Luth.....	112	200	500		2,133 00	2,290 00
Total.....				3,005	3,647	107,513	\$3,097,762 04	\$247,744 51	\$208,489 30

[NOTE.—Some of these institutions appear to report only upon a portion of their features. Others report in round figures. It is doubtful if all figures given possess the rare merit of substantial accuracy. There are also sectarian educational institutions not included in the reports.]

[ABBREVIATIONS.—N. Sec., Non-Sectarian; Pres., Presbyterian; Luth., Lutheran; F. M., Free Methodist; Meth., Methodist; Cath., Catholic; S.-D. B., Seventh-Day Baptist; Ref., Reformed church; Cong., Congregational church; P. E., Protestant Episcopal; R. C., Roman Catholic.]

¹Including endowments. ²As reported to the state superintendent. ³Only value of apparatus reported.

INDIAN SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN.

Re-compiled from the Indian Commissioner's report for the fiscal year ending
June 30, 1900.

SCHOOLS.	CAPACITY.		TEACHERS.		Enrollment.	AVERAGE AT'ND'G'E.		Months in session.	Cost to Govern- ment.
	Boarding.	Day.	Indians.	White.		Boarding.	Day.		
GREEN BAY AGENCY—									
*Green Bay, <i>b</i>	150		17	7	179	125	10		\$18,871.65
†St. Josephs, <i>b</i>	170			20	131	110	10		2,268.06
*Stockbridge, <i>d</i>		50		2	54		24	10	1,109.81
*Oneida, <i>b</i>	150		13	9	150	123	10		20,015.20
*No. 1 day.....		50		1	41		10	10	674.35
*No. 2 day.....		26		1	22		10	10	613.40
*No. 4 day.....		20		1	16		6	a5½	280.36
LA POINT AGENCY—									
†Rayfield, <i>b</i>	50			6	45	34	12		e1,030.00
†St. Mary's, <i>b</i> (Bad Riv.)	20			11	77	75	12		e1,836.00
*Odanah, <i>d</i> (Bad River)		93			71		56	10	1,223.21
*Lac du Flambeau.....	150		8	8	172	152	12		17,162.00
*L. C. O., day No. 1.....		40		1	18		7	7	731.50
*L. C. O., day No. 2.....		42		2	32		10	10	1,050.64
*L. C. O., day No. 3.....		47		4	55		34	10	1,492.69
Pahquanhwong, <i>d</i>		37		2	35		18	10	1,121.96
*Red Cliff, <i>d</i>		52		2	39		28	10	1,115.27
*Wittenberg, <i>b</i>	100		5	7	109	100	10		13,608.23
*Tomah; Training.....	150		3	14	183	155	12		22,259.88
†Ashland Co. Pub., <i>d</i>					28		12	10	231.50
Total.....	1,000	457	48	100	1,458				\$103,810.65

* Supported by government; † by contract; *b*, boarding; *d*, day; *a*, closed February 14, 1900; *c*, cost to others, \$0.00; *e*, cost to others, \$5,141.41.

EARLY SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN—OPENING DATES.

[Furnished by C. L. Harper.]

First school in Milwaukee, 1834, sustained by S. Juneau for his children, Dr. Heth, teacher; first high school in Milwaukee (private), 1841; first public school in Milwaukee opened in second ward, fall of 1836, Edward West, teacher (claimed to be first public school in state); Janesville Academy, 1845; Southport (Kenosha) first free public school, 1845, Dist. No. 1; School Dist. No. 1, town of Fond du Lac (Franklin school dist.), 1847; five ward schools, Milwaukee, 648 pupils (av. attendance, 355), school population 2,128, 1847; St. Clara's Academy, Sins'nawa Mound, 1847; Nashotah House, Nashotah, 1847; Milwaukee College (women's), 1848; German and English Academy, Milwaukee, 1850; State University, Madison, 1850; St. Francis Seminary, Milwaukee, 1856; School for the Blind, established at Janesville as a private enterprise by the citizens of that place, 1849, but adopted and afterwards supported by the state, Feb. 9th, 1850; Lawrence University, Appleton, opened Nov. 12, 1849; Beloit College, opened Nov. 4, 1849; Ripon College, opened spring of 1853; Milton College, organized as an academy, 1844; as a college, March 13, 1867; Downer College, Fox Lake, opened Sept., 1856. Milwaukee Downer, located at Milwaukee, since consolidated with Milwaukee (women's) College; Carroll College, incorporated as an academy Feb. 19, 1841; as a college, Jan. 31, 1846; Wayland Academy, Beaver Dam, opened 1855; Kemper Hall, Kenosha, opened 1871; University School, Kenosha, founded 1889.

WAGES PAID TEACHERS IN DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

The average wages paid men teachers per month in 1900 in district schools, exclusive of cities employing city superintendents, was \$43.84. The highest average wages paid male teachers was in Oneida county, \$86.48, and the lowest average in Crawford, \$27.95. The average paid all female teachers in 1900 was \$31.79; the highest in Florence county, \$52, and the lowest average was in Crawford, \$21.82. In 1899 the general average was: men, \$41.89; women, \$29.78; the highest average paid men in any county was in Iron, \$66.67; the lowest in Adams, \$31. The highest average paid women in 1899 was in Milwaukee, \$44.22; the lowest in Adams, \$19.95.

In cities under city superintendents the average annual earnings of men teachers in district schools was \$918.24. The highest average was in Beaver Dam, \$1,750; the lowest in Merrill, \$506.25. In 15 of the 49 cities employing city superintendents the average annual earnings of male teachers was \$1,000 or over. In only two the average was less than \$600; in eight between \$600 and \$700; in nine between \$700 and \$800. The average annual earnings of women teachers in these schools was \$408.92. Milwaukee paid the highest average, 630, and Mineral Point the lowest, \$307.52. In 21 cities the average earnings of women was below \$400; in 25, between \$400 and \$500, and in only two, Milwaukee and Reedsburg, did the average annual earnings of women teachers exceed \$500. In 1899 the average earnings of men in these city schools was \$925.93; the highest average was in Monroe, \$1,750; the lowest in Merrill, \$506.25. The average earnings of women teachers in these city schools in 1899 was \$411.76; the highest in Milwaukee, \$631.25; the lowest in Prairie du Chien, \$322.22, the \$500 average being reached only in Milwaukee.

WISCONSIN FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
JAMES H. STOUT,	Menomonie.....	1904.
MRS. C. S. MORRIS,	Berlin.....	1905.
CHARLES K. ADAMS,	Madison.....	<i>ex-officio.</i>
L. D. HARVEY,	Milwaukee.....	<i>ex-officio.</i>
REUBEN G. THWAITES,	Madison.....	<i>ex-officio.</i>

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSION.

JAMES H. STOUT,	Menomonie.....	President.
FRANK A. HUTCHINS,	Madison.....	Secretary.
MISS L. E. STEARNS,	Milwaukee.....	Organizer.
MISS CORNELIA MARVIN,	Madison.....	Instructor.

The Wisconsin Free Library Commission was created by an act of the legislature of 1895. It consists of five members and its duties are to "give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloging and other details of library management."

The Commission was organized December 3, 1895, and, although its means were very limited, it proved so useful that the legislature of 1897 gave it larger

means and duties. It was reorganized, under the amended law, April 24, 1887. Since that time the secretary and librarian have devoted their full time to the work of the Commission. It has a permanent office in the capitol at Madison to which all official correspondence should be addressed and where all friends of libraries will be welcomed.

The Commission is not only willing but anxious to promote the free public library interests of Wisconsin and will cordially accept opportunities to give personal counsel and aid. It also invites information and suggestions from all friends of libraries.

The Commission issues a "Hand Book" which gives the text of the laws of the state relating to free public libraries, suggestions as to establishing, organizing and administering them and other useful information for members of library boards, librarians and others who are interested in libraries. It also issues a "Suggestive List of Books for Small Libraries," an illustrated report upon the "Free Traveling Libraries of Wisconsin," and other reports upon the various phases of library work which are undertaken in the state. Any of these pamphlets may be had upon application without cost.

During the five years of the existence of the Commission there has been an unprecedented growth in the number and quality of the public libraries of the state,—a growth so remarkable that it has attracted the attention of educators throughout the nation. During that period the number of free public libraries in the state has increased from 32 to 100, and while but two of the libraries of five years ago were conducted on modern methods there are now in the state twenty libraries which may be classed as excellent, and forty more that are well administered. In the period under review private individuals have given \$667,000 to our free libraries, more than \$11,000 to traveling libraries, and \$1,533,000 has been expended in public library buildings. In addition to this many cities have built fine city halls with spacious rooms especially designed for their public libraries.

Especial attention has been given to the training of librarians and the Commission has a Summer School for Library Training which is conducted in connection with the summer session of the University of Wisconsin. The sixth session of this School was held in the months of July and August in 1906. At this session there were forty students in attendance. Twenty-seven of these were from Wisconsin, seven from Illinois, two from Iowa, two from Indiana, one from Texas and one from Missouri. Of the 145 students who have attended the school since the opening in 1895, sixty-eight have come from Wisconsin and fifty-two are now in library work in the state. Their work and intelligent enthusiasm is doing much to elevate the standard of the libraries.

During the past two years new free libraries have been established in Antigo, Arcadia, Burlington, Colfax, Colby, Downing, Darlington, Dodgeville, Elkhorn, Evansville, Fairchild, Glenwood, Horicon, Kaukauna, Lake Mills, Marshfield, Manitowoc, Mazomanie, New Richmond, Oakfield, Portage, Prairie du Sac, Prescott, Reedsburg, Shawano, South Milwaukee, Stanley, Waupaca, Waupun, Waukesha, Whitehall, while libraries formerly supported by associations in Kenosha, Lake Geneva, New London and Whitewater are now supported as free public libraries by taxation.

During the same time great progress has been made in providing fine homes for our public libraries. Mr. Z. G. Simmons has given Kenosha a building which has cost about \$150,000. L. D. Fargo has given Lake Mills a building costing about \$6,000; Mrs. D. R. Moon is putting up a building for the city of Stanley that will cost about \$8,000, and the citizens of Whitehall have provided a home for their library. In Whitewater, Antigo, Stoughton and Marshfield fine buildings have been erected which serve the double purpose of city halls and library buildings. Alex. Berger, of Lincoln, Neb., has offered to give \$5,000 to Burlington for a library building, Hon. Isaac Stephenson proposes to expend about \$50,000 for a building in Marinette, Mr. Andrew Carnegie has given \$20,000 to Green Bay, \$50,000 to Superior, \$25,000 to Sheboygan and \$30,000 to Janesville for a similar purpose, and E. H. Sprague is completing a substantial building in Elkhorn which has a good room especially designed for the use of the public library. During the same time beautiful library buildings, whose

beginnings were noted in the preceding Blue Book, were completed in Oshkosh, Appleton, Mosinee and Whitehall.

TRAVELING LIBRARIES.

The work of the traveling libraries of the state has attracted wide attention. In 1893 the state of New York started a system of traveling libraries and two other states soon established systems supported by state aid. Early in 1896 Hon. J. H. Stout, of Menomonie, started thirty-seven traveling libraries in Dunn County, and Mr. J. D. Witter soon followed with thirty-two in Wood County. Both systems were successful from the start and encouraged private individuals and associations in other states and countries to undertake the same work. There are now in Wisconsin 251 free traveling libraries and seventy-six of them go out from the office of the Commission. Nearly all of the remainder are aided in some way by the Commission. The number of such libraries is rapidly growing, but the Commission could easily make use of five times as many. The money for the purchase of books and cases is given by individuals and the Commission purchases and arranges the books and finds careful people to care for them. In addition to the books the Commission sends to traveling library stations for free distribution tens of thousands of copies of magazines, illustrated papers and children's periodicals. Some of the older periodicals which are sent to the Commission are reserved for the free public libraries which are binding sets. During the past year the Commission has aided state libraries to 1,730 volumes of such magazines as *Harper's* and *The Forum* for binding.

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

This Association was formed February 11, 1891, and was the third State Library Association formed in the United States.

Dr. H. H. HURD, Chippewa Falls.....	President
Mrs. J. S. ANDERSON, Manitowoc.....	Vice-President
Miss BERTHA MOWER BROWN, Eau Claire.....	Secretary
Miss TRYPHENA G. MITCHELL, Ashland.....	Treasurer

NORTHERN WISCONSIN TRAVELING LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized in December, 1896, with headquarters in Ashland. It keeps twenty-five traveling libraries in circulation in Ashland and the adjoining counties.

Dr. EDW. ELLIS, Ashland	President
Mrs. G. F. MERRILL, Ashland.....	Vice-President
Miss LORANGES, Ashland	Secretary

FOX RIVER VALLEY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized October 21, 1898.

P. V. LAWSON, Menasha	President
GEO. C. JONES, Appleton.....	Vice-President
Miss ELIZABETH SMITH, De Pere	Secretary
Miss DEBORAH MARTIN, Green Bay	Treasurer

WEST WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized December 5, 1898.

JAS. H. STOUT, Menomonie	President
L. M. NEWMAN, Chippewa Falls	Vice-President
Miss STELLA LUCAS, Menomonie	Secretary

WISCONSIN VALLEY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

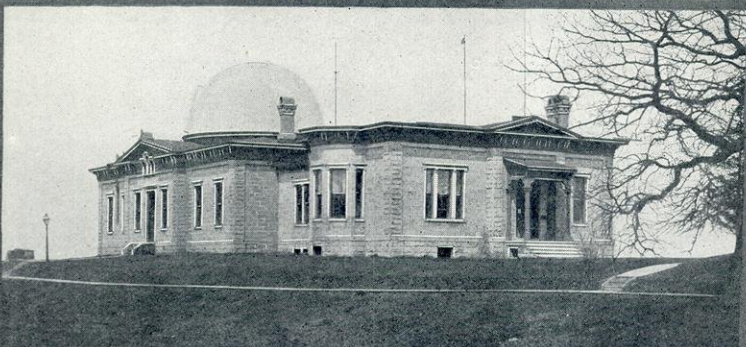
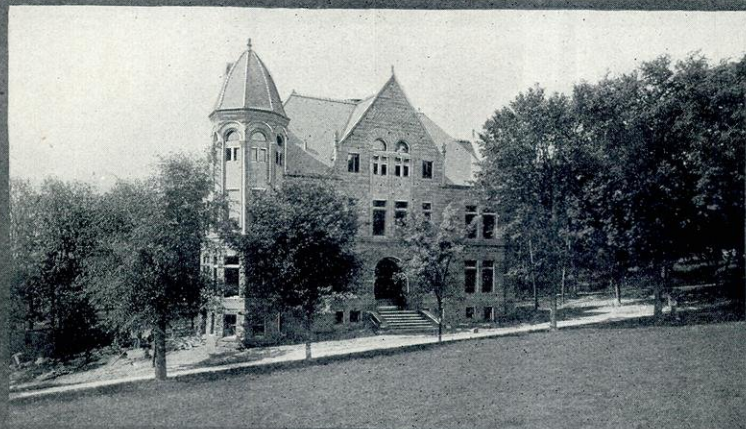
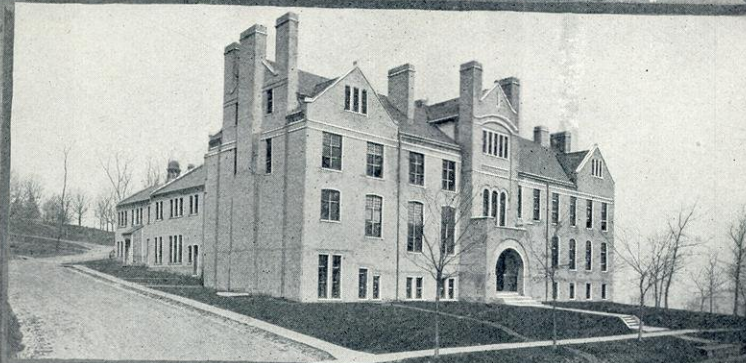
Organized at Mosinee February 11, 1899.

H. M. THOMPSON, Mosinee	President
J. D. WITTER, Grand Rapids.....	Vice-President
Mrs. MARY DICKENS, Wausau.....	Secretary

FREE LIBRARIES UNDER CONTROL OF CITIES AND SUPPORTED BY MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

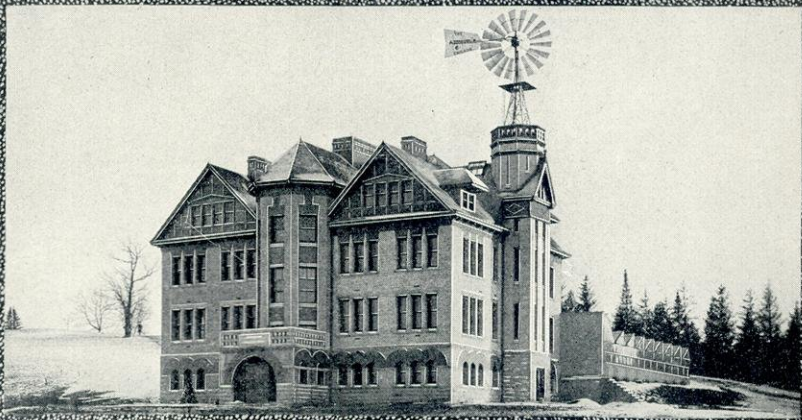
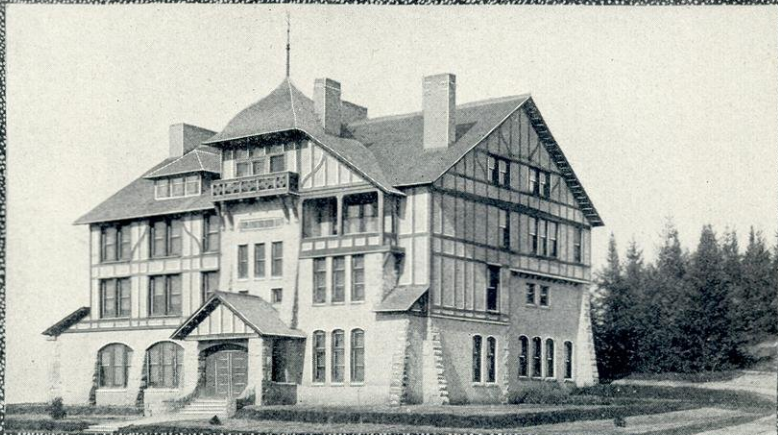
[Compiled from State Free Library Commission Report for 1900.]

Town	Found- ed.	Receipts, 1900.	Exp'di- tures, 1900.	Total vols. 1900.	Circu- lation, 1900.	Librarian.
Antigo	1897			1,863		Miss Jennie Ogilvie.
Appleton	1896	\$3,150 65	\$1,911 93	5,550	46,727	Miss Agnes L. Dwight.
Arcadia	1899	455 00	386 43	569	3,311	Volunteer service.
Ashland	1887	3,670 81	3,409 80	3,661	22,129	Miss T. G. Mitchell.
Baraboo	1897	1,817 11	1,355 40	3,382	24,636	Miss Kate M. Potter.
Bayfield	1886	1,171 55	1,312 29	1,885		J. S. Atkinson.
Beaver Dam	1881	2,445 87	2,378 39	8,017	27,698	Miss H. A. Doolittle.
Belleville	1890	122 50	89 50	1,862	2,745	Mina Oliver.
Beloit	1835	3,418 53	2,620 25	7,782	37,613	Miss M. W. Bell.
Black River Falls	1870	220 00	220 00	1,060	no data	Miss M. J. Gunn.
Colby	1888			315		Mr. S. J. Shafer.
Chippewa Falls	1891	1,792 43	2,190 38	6,105	26,907	Miss M. A. Earley.
Cumberland		213 23	135 43	731	3,640	Miss G. E. Carr.
Darlington	1899	600 00		1,012		Miss A. Chamberlain.
De Pere	1877	1,523 55	1,235 72	2,073	11,428	Miss Helen Matthews.
Dodgeville	1900					
Durand	1898		100 00	1,000	9,625	
Eau Claire	1876	3,621 58	3,569 38	10,619	54,231	Bertha M. Brown.
Edgerton	1872			779	2,083	Mrs. Hannah Croft.
Elkhorn						
Evansville	1899		1,037 62	2,036	7,557	Miss Clara Chapel.
Fairchild	1899	203 59		283	2,718	Mrs. Eva G. Herbst.
Fond du Lac	1877	2,651 44	2,600 00	18,400	48,510	Miss Emma E. Rose.
Ft. Atkinson	1822	520 25	517 83	2,047	9,237	Miss S. C. Nichols.
Grand Rapids	1890	513 75	812 79	4,735	13,847	Mrs. Anna W. Evans.
Green Bay	1888	2,029 01	2,551 82	7,178	47,107	
Hartland	1897			567	2,566	Mabel V. Hansen.
Hayward	1887	515 81	633 04	2,634	5,381	Christine Goulette.
Hillsboro	1898	253 50	241 57	6,271		
Iloricon	1839	404 26	311 39	840	2,602	Clara B. Carr.
Janesville	1880			17,000	44,028	Mrs. Louise L. Best.
Kaukauna	1899	1,728 14	923 78	1,332	9,386	Miss Lillian E. Bell.
Kenosha	1895	1,333 98		4,109	24,819	Mrs. C. P. Barnes.
Kilbourn		187 85	187 85	479	6,713	Miss L. F. Ramsay.
La Crosse	1888	2,150 00	3,381 22	15,000	38,000	Miss A. E. Hanscome.
Lake Geneva	1899	642 81	475 95	2,012	9,307	G. J. Noyes.
Lake Mills	1899	77 70	77 00			Mrs. F. K. Earle.
Madison	1753	3,580 09	2,818 83	17,000	76,574	Miss G. R. Hough.
Manitowoc	1900	5,250 00	2,035 23	3,650	14,785	Miss H. von Briesen.
Marinette						Miss Julia Elliott.
Marshfield	1883	250 00	250 00	600		Mrs. Mattie Tiffault.
Mazomanie	1899	133 47	133 47	201	3,600	Mrs. Amelia Tyler.
Menasha	1895	1,750 00		3,636	22,366	Miss L. L. Pleasants.
Merrill	1891	490 00	663 80	6,500	29,931	Miss Janet P. Russell.
Milwaukee	1878	46,113 42	45,893 24	118,997	419,132	George W. Peckham.
Neenah	1882	930 44	1,077 20	8,450	23,692	Miss E. L. Lachman.
Neillsville	1895	530 15	541 50	1,688		Miss Bessie Kennedy.
New London	1895			1,200		Miss Jennie Radkey.
New Richmond	1890					Miss Grace Epley.
North Freedom	1899	81 90	78 45	133	1,604	Miss Susie Roberts.
North Milwaukee	1898	301 00	200 12	249	1,368	Miss Anna G. Godfrey.
Oakfield		235 15	185 00	635	3,619	
Oshkosh				6,103		Miss Emily Turner.
Portage	1901			800		Volunteer service.
Prairie du Sac	1700			550		Volunteer service.
Racine	1897	3,301 68	3,349 11	7,518	41,022	Miss Mary J. Calkins.
Reedsburg	1899	461 31	310 02	1,365		Hattie C. Sweland.
Rhineland		715 92	274 01	1,109		Erna C. Knecht.
Rice Lake	1897	371 06		1,493	9,453	Mrs. James Robbins.
Richland Center	1893		641 88	1,037	13,992	Mrs. G. H. Stewart.
Ripon	1885			2,775	12,620	Miss F. P. Scribner.
Shawano		487 30	411 23	601	2,500	Volunteer service.
Sheboygan	1897	2,172 15	2,317 90	4,483	28,455	Miss B. E. Rombauer.
South Milwaukee						
Sparta	1881		300 00	3,563	6,000	Miss Jennie Scouten.
Spring Green	1897	70 71	70 71	612		Miss Celia Hurley.
Stanley	1900					
Stevens Point	1897	1,113 72	1,178 05	3,625	32,873	Miss M. L. Catlin.
Superior			4,450 19	13,721	37,701	Miss L. McFormick.
Thorp	1898	139 41	140 80	337	3,016	Mrs. Cynthia Poppe.
Two Rivers	1891	850 00	850 00	2,530	8,310	Miss Izzie Baetz.
Viroqua	1893	711 97	709 08	1,347	10,130	William Houghton.



N.W. LITHO. CO.

CHEMICAL LABORATORY, LAW BUILDING AND WASHBURN OBSERVATORY,
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



MACHINE SHOP, DAIRY AND HORTICULTURAL BUILDINGS,
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

FREE LIBRARIES SUPPORTED BY MUNICIPAL TAXATION — Continued.

Town.	Found- ed.	Receipts, 1900.	Exp'di- tures, 1900.	Total vols. 1900.	Circu- lation, 1900.	Librarian.
Washburn	1891			1,467	9,325	Mrs. M. M. Greenwood
Waukesha	1898	600 00		1,300		Fannie L. Ells.
Waupaca	1899	800 00	800 00	490		Miss W. Bailey.
Waupun	1858			6,539		Mrs. L. A. Hinkley.
Wausau	1897	57 30	436 83	2,856	11,232	Miss N. C. Silverthorn.
Wauwatosa	1886	831 15	885 19	3,417	8,650	Mrs. A. B. Roddis.
Whitehall		937 59	861 99	723	4,618	O. Rogan.
Whitewater	1881	664 39	521 44	3,055	17,923	Miss E. A. Hamilton.

¹ Supported by rentals from a building given by Mrs. E. E. Vaughn. ² Recently founded. ³ Destroyed by cyclone and only recently reopened. Many of these libraries were founded by individuals and subsequently came under city control. Nearly all have reading rooms.

MISCELLANEOUS LIBRARIES IN WISCONSIN.

THEIR CHARACTER AND SOURCE FROM WHICH SUPPORTED.

FREE ASSOCIATION LIBRARIES.

Town.	Founded.	Receipts, 1900.	Expendi- tures, 1900.	Total vols. 1900.	Circu- lation, 1900.	Librarian.
Antigo	1897	\$132 71	\$121 30	745	4,920	Miss Jennie Ogilvie.
Colfax	1899	50 00	43 00	218	258	Mr. P. S. Bunker.
Downing	1899	57 00	51 00	300		Rev. W. J. James.
Mineral Point	1895	211 00	206 00	2,815		Mrs. A. M. Chase.
North Greenfield						Miss B. McCullough.
Oconomowoc	1893	330 00	330 00	2,900	9,000	Miss G. Ackley.
Phillips	1845			500		Humer Sackett.
Plover	1899	45 00	29 00	71		M. F. Pierce.
Plymouth	1900	236 56	232 94			
Stoughton	1885			250		Miss A. B. Sewell.
Token Creek	1892			215		Miss Mary F. Connor.
Tomah	1856		60 00	1,100		Mrs. J. Rockwood.

There are similar libraries in Altoona, Blue Mounds, Eagle River, Prescott and Rib Lake, but no reports have been received from them.

SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARIES.

Columbus				2,000	3,000	Miss L. Queckenden.
Dallas	1888			450		Mrs. J. B. Patterson.
Elkhart Lake	1895					P. B. Brueckenbauer.
Glumantou	1835	\$ 70	\$55 88	1,400		Geo. Tess.
Greenbush						
Mauston	1893					
Mukwonago				400		Miss Snover.
Portage	1874			700		Miss Maria Austin.
Racine Junction	1881			1,446	530	Miss Lilla S. Phelps.
Waupun	1888	203 43	215 71	6,553	5,314	Mrs. L. A. Hinkley.
Westfield	1895			600		

FREE LIBRARIES SUPPORTED FROM SCHOOL FUNDS.

Berlin		\$383 91	\$239 67	2,079	7,085	L. M. Kraege.
Broadhead	1880		82 15	1,010	1,376	Mrs. E. C. Randall.
Monroe			830 61	4,337	15,461	Miss Kath'ne Smock.

FREE LIBRARIES SUPPORTED WHOLLY BY INDIVIDUALS.

	Found- ed.	Donor:	Total vols.	Circu- lation,	Librarian.
Menomonie ¹	1890	Andrew Taintor...	4,118	42,409	Miss Stella Lucas.
Mosinee	1899	Jos. Dessert.....	1,717	4,858	Miss Mary McLano.
Tomahawk	1897	W. H. Bradley....	3,843		J. C. Webster.

¹City now aids.

MISCELLANEOUS LIBRARIES IN WISCONSIN—Continued.

LIBRARIES IN STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Name of Library.	Location.	Total Vols.	Circulation, 1900.	Librarian.
State (law).....	Madison.....	34,374	.....	John. R. Berryman.
State Historical Society...	Madison.....	107,933	.....	Isaac S. Bradley.
State University.....	Madison.....	54,000	.....	Walter M. Smith.
Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.....	Madison.....	15,000	.....	William S. Marshall
Normal School.....	Milwaukee.....	.....	.....	Miss A. H. McNeil.
Normal School.....	Oshkosh.....	7,944	23,330	Miss Ella G. Parmele.
Normal School.....	Plattville.....	5,800	.....	Miss B. A. Gardner.
Normal School.....	River Falls.....	3,210	.....	Miss C. Silliman.
Normal School.....	Stevens Point.....	7,270	26,138	Miss E. F. Simpson.
Normal School.....	West Superior.....	3,600	.....	Miss M. F. Carpenter.
Normal School.....	Whitewater.....	6,653	.....	Miss Lizzie P. Swan.
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha.....	.....	.....	.....
Industrial School for Girls	Milwaukee.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Hospital for In- sane.....	Oshkosh.....	.....	.....	.....
State Hospital for Insane	Madison.....	.....	.....	.....
State Public School.....	Sparta.....	261	.....	Miss Isabel C. Park.
School for the Deaf.....	Delavan.....	.....	.....	.....
School for the Blind.....	Janesville.....	.....	.....	.....
State Prison.....	Waupun.....	2,222	32,000	G. H. S. Somerville.
State R formatory.....	Green Bay.....	400	.....	J. E. Ileg.
Veterans' Home.....	Waupaca.....	.....	.....	.....

COLLEGE OR ACADEMY LIBRARIES.

Name of Institution.	City or village.	Volumes.	Librarian.
Lawrence University.....	Appleton.....	16,289	Miss Zelia A. Smith.
North Wisconsin Academy...	Ashland.....	2,000	M. J. Fenenga.
Wayland Academy.....	Beaver Dam.....	2,000	Edwin P. Prown.
Beloit College.....	Beloit.....	26,550	Charles A. Bacon.
St. John's Military Academy.	Delafield.....	1,500	.....
Mission House.....	Herman.....	6,000	J. W. Grosshuesch.
Hillside Home.....	Hillside.....	2,500	.....
Milton College.....	Milton.....	5,900	Edwin Shaw.
Concordia College.....	Milwaukee.....	3,540	O. Hattstaedt.
German-English Academy...	Milwaukee.....	1,243	.....
Marquette College.....	Milwaukee.....	10,000	Victor Patten.
Milwaukee Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	1,200	Julius H. Pratt, Jr.
National German-American Teachers' Seminary.....	Milwaukee.....	1,503	Max Griebsch.
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary.....	2,970	Rev. Benno Aichinger.
Nashotah House.....	Nashotah.....	10,000	.....
Sacred Heart College.....	Prairie du Chien.....	6,000	P. Matthias.
Racine College.....	Racine.....	10,000	Arthur Piper.
Home School.....	Racine.....	4,000	.....
St. Catharine's Academy.....	Racine.....	3,025	.....
Ripon College.....	Ripon.....	10,000	C. D. Marsh.
Catholic Normal School and Pio Nono College.....	St. Francis.....	2,532	Rev. John M. Kaset
St. Clara Female Academy...	Sinsinawa.....	3,000	.....
Stoughton Academy.....	Stoughton.....	700	.....
Northwestern University....	Watertown.....	620	.....
Sacred Heart College.....	Watertown.....	1,500	.....
Carroll College.....	Waukesha.....	1,000	M. E. James.

PROPRIETARY LIBRARY.

Milwaukee Law Library.....	8,000 volumes.....	W. W. Wight, Librarian.
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WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

GEO. L. THOMAS, Milwaukee.....	President.
O. F. CHASE, Oshkosh.....	Vice President.
J. H. WOODNORTH, Milwaukee.....	Secretary.
R. N. ROBERTS, Waupun.....	Treasurer.
D. J. BROTHERS, A. J. SMITH, DAVID G. JAMES (Dept. Com. G. A. R., <i>ex-officio</i>).....	Members of Board.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

D. J. BROTHERS, O. F. CHASE, R. N. ROBERTS.

CLAS. J. ELLIS.....	Commandant.
GEO. B. NOYES.....	Surgeon.
T. L. JEFFERS.....	Adjutant.
A. G. DINSMORE.....	Quarter Master.
MRS. MARTHA J. ELLIS.....	Matron.

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, Nov. 16, 1887, to care for honorably discharged indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the war of the Rebellion, who can not be received into any national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made at the National Homes, and who previously had been separated, the wife to go to the poor house, the husband going to the National Home.

The Wisconsin Home was built on what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, man and wife. The cooking was done in a large centrally located, two-story building, the Widow's dormitory being over head. Meals were served in a commodious dining room in connection with a kitchen.

The Home soon out-grew the calculations of its founders and it became necessary to provide large buildings in lieu of building more cottages. Fairchild hall, Jerry Rusk hall and Marston hall were all built for the accommodation of men and wives; three buildings for single men were also provided. The buildings for men and wives each have a dining-room and kitchen attached. The single men, the occupants of cottages and the widows who occupy the widows' dormitory, all take their meals in the main dining hall.

During 1899 many extensive improvements were carried out in order that the urgent demands upon the institution from all parts of the state could be met. A large hospital building was provided after the most approved plan. This building is pronounced by the government inspector, who visits the Home frequently, the finest hospital connected with any National or State home in the country. It is now filled to its utmost capacity.

A new system for heating and lighting all of the new buildings was put in and has proved itself a great success. An entire new sewerage system had become a necessity, as the State Board of Health had condemned the old system, which had become a menace to the health of the people. A new brick power house equipped with boilers adapted to burn coal was provided, as wood had become too expensive to be longer used. A new brick pump house, equipped with a modern electric pump, was also provided to met the increased demands of the institution. The large sink hole, in which had been deposited for many years, the sewage, was filled up, and about ten acres of ground fully reclaimed and all danger of contagion removed. The property is now owned by the state but is controlled by a board of trustees, elected by the department of the G. A. R. It is supported by an appropriation of \$2.00 per week per capita, made by the state for the maintenance of these people, based on actual time cared for, all absences from any cause, deducted. An alphabetical list of members is sent to

the secretary of state each month showing the number of days that each individual has been maintained during that month. This report is attested by the commandant and adjutant and sworn to by the president and secretary of the Board of Trustees. The State Board of Control visit the Home frequently and have full power under the law to investigate the management in every particular. Every official and employee of the institution is required by law to furnish the State Board of Control with any and all information asked for.

The visits of the Board of Control are much appreciated by the management and any suggestions made by them are given careful consideration.

The capacity of the Home is 400 and it has at this date, Jan. 1, 1901, on the rolls 680 members. There are also 76 applications for membership now on file. The total value of the real estate and permanent improvements of the institution, including furniture and equipment, is over \$300,000 all of which is the property of the state.

The Home is situated on the shores of a chain of sixteen beautiful lakes near the city of Waupaca and is unsurpassed for healthfulness and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings.

The Woman's Relief Corps, the Grand Army of the Republic and many generous citizens of our state have expended in buildings and furnishings \$50,000 and are justly proud of the institution.

The state receives from the government the sum of one hundred dollars per annum for each male inmate and up to the present time has received from this source, over \$125,000. This money is paid direct to the state, none of it being received by the Home. The liberal appropriations made by the state have made it competent for the trustees to make this one of the best institutions of its kind in the United States. The crowded condition will necessitate additional capacity, and the legislature will be asked for an appropriation sufficient to build the additional rooms and buildings required.

The Home comprises ninety acres of land upon which are the following buildings, all in good condition: Headquarter's Building, office, Marston hall, 74 rooms; Fairchild's hall, 30 rooms; Rusk hall, 39 rooms; Hospital, 104 rooms; dining hall and widow's dormitory, 20 rooms; Old Men's building, Assembly building, Marden hall, Amusement hall, Chapel, Postoffice, Commissary building, Cold Storage building, two ice houses, power house and laundry building, horse barn, farm barn, carpenter shop, hog pen, library building, three pump houses, forty-five cottages, Adjutant's house, surgeon's house, total 73 buildings.

Statement showing membership, deaths, cost of maintenance, amount paid state by U. S., and net cost to state from opening of home to December 31, 1900.

Year.	MEMBERSHIP.			Deaths during year.	Total cost to maintain.	Paid to state by United States.	Net cost to the state.
	Men.	Women.	Total.				
1888	55	15	70	4	\$5,330 58	*	\$5,330 58
1889	105	23	128	8	16,041 01	\$1,279 89	11,761 12
1890	143	73	216	10	19,843 27	5,731 81	14,111 46
1891	146	68	214	4	25,745 58	9,900 00	15,845 58
1892	171	83	254	10	28,834 28	11,925 00	16,909 28
1893	207	81	288	19	34,758 45	13,911 50	20,846 55
1894	219	92	311	14	41,496 41	17,291 31	24,205 10
1895	230	109	339	25	43,872 84	18,178 86	25,693 98
1896	240	121	364	23	47,617 99	18,706 77	28,911 22
1897	309	157	466	14	55,953 03	18,886 71	37,066 32
1898	342	193	535	17	68,787 41	24,410 31	44,377 10
1899	337	207	544	27	69,758 98	27,291 65	42,467 33
1900	403	277	680	43	79,754 97	² 19,025 29	60,129 58
				221	\$537,794 80	\$190,139 60	\$347,655 20

* No aid. ² Government appropriation exhausted.

Attest, T. L. JEFFERS, *Adjutant.*

Approved, CHAS. J. ELLIS, *Commandant.*

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

First Post organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. First National encampment held at Indianapolis, November 20, 1866; headquarters for 1900-1901, Room 308, Granite Building, St. Louis, Mo. There are forty-six state and territorial departments. The officers of the National body are: Commander-in-chief, Leo Rassieur, St. Louis, Mo.; senior vice-commander-in-chief, E. C. Milliken, Portland, Me.; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Frank Seaman, Knoxville, Tenn.; surgeon-general, John A. Wilkins, Delta, Ohio; chaplain-in-chief, the Rev. August Drahms, San Francisco, Cal.; adjutant-general, Frank M. Sterrett, St. Louis, Mo.; quartermaster-general, Charles Burrows, Rutherford, N. J.; inspector-general, Henry S. Peck, New Haven, Conn.; judge advocate-general, James H. Wolff, Boston, Mass.; senior aide-de-camp and chief of staff, Edward N. Ketchum, Galveston, Tex.

The following was the membership in the various departments on June 30, 1900:

Departments.	June 30, 1900.		Departments.	June 30, 1900.	
	Posts	Mem- bers.		Posts	Mem- bers.
Alabama	13	123	Nobraska.....	28	6,146
Arizona	9	191	New Hampshire.....	90	3,615
Arkansas.....	29	566	New Jersey.....	108	5,779
California and Nevada.....	93	5,029	New Mexico.....	9	170
Colorado and Wyoming.....	66	2,322	New York.....	633	32,106
Connecticut.....	67	4,757	North Dakota.....	17	333
Delaware.....	22	(88)	Ohio.....	528	23,897
Florida.....	15	347	Oklahoma.....	77	1,203
Georgia.....	16	551	Oregon.....	50	1,610
Idaho.....	16	343	Pennsylvania.....	567	29,819
Illinois.....	566	23,037	Potomac.....	18	2,519
Indiana.....	450	16,811	Rhode Island.....	26	1,842
Indian Territory.....	18	318	South Dakota.....	86	1,929
Iowa.....	432	11,005	Tennessee.....	73	1,640
Kansas.....	417	13,992	Texas.....	39	827
Kentucky.....	96	2,375	Utah.....	5	216
Louisiana and Mississippi.....	32	902	Vermont.....	102	3,585
Maine.....	159	6,906	Virginia and North Carolina.....	51	977
Maryland.....	58	2,690	Washington and Alaska.....	60	1,938
Massachusetts.....	211	18,809	West Virginia.....	43	1,149
Michigan.....	375	15,168	Wisconsin.....	262	10,165
Minnesota.....	174	6,356			
Missouri.....	335	11,702	Total.....	6,799	276,947
Montana.....	14	396			

Membership June 30, 1899, 287,981. Losses by death during the year 1899-1900, 7,857.

DEPARTMENT OF WISCONSIN.

[Organized June 7, 1866, the first state department.]

Officers (elected June, 1900. Next encampment and election at Sheboygan in May or June, 1901): Commander, David G. James, Richland Center; senior vice-commander, James H. Agen, Superior; junior vice-commander, P. H. Saylor, Green Bay; medical director, George Dale, Iola; chaplain, D. O. Sanborn, De Pere. Council of Administration: Wade H. Richardson, Milwaukee; Earl M.

Rogers, Viroqua; W. H. Young, Oconto; M. Herrick, Hudson; R. B. Showalter, Lancaster. Member National Council of Administration: H. J. Smith, Racine. Assistant Adjutant-General, J. C. McFarland, Richland Center; Assistant Quarter-Master-General, F. A. Bird, Madison; Department Inspector, J. C. Smelker, Platteville; Judge Advocate, F. S. Veeder, Mauston; Mustering Officer, John S. Hadley, West Superior; Senior Aide-de-Camp and Chief of Staff, J. Henry Tate, Viroqua. Department trustees: J. W. Thomas, Chippewa Falls (1901); W. H. Upham, Marshfield (1902); August Schmidt, Plymouth (1903). Past National Officers: Commanders-in-Chief, Lucius Fairchild,¹ A. G. Weissert; Junior Vice-Commander, Edward Ferguson. Past Department Commanders in the order of their service; James K. Prouditt, 1866; H. A. Starr,¹ 1867; J. M. Rusk,¹ 1868; T. S. Allen, 1869-70; Edward Ferguson, 1871-2; A. J. McCoy,¹ 1873; G. A. Hannaford, 1874-5; John Hancock,¹ 1876; Henry G. Rogers, 1877; S. F. Hammond, 1878; Griff. J. Thomas, 1879-80-81; H. M. Enos, 1882; Philip Cheek, Jr., 1883-4; James Davidson,¹ 1885; Lucius Fairchild, 1886; H. P. Fischer, from Sept., 1886; Michael Griffin,¹ 1887; A. G. Weissert, 1888-9; Leander Ferguson, from October, 1889; Benj. F. Bryant, 1890; W. H. Upham, 1891; C. B. Welton, 1892; E. A. Shores, 1893; J. A. Watrous, 1894; W. D. Hoard, 1895; D. Lloyd Jones, 1896; E. B. Gray, 1897; C. H. Russell, 1898; Henry Harnden,¹ 1899; S. H. Tallmadge, from March, 1900; D. G. James, 1900.

PENSION LAWS, ETC.

To obtain a pension the applicant must file a claim with the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C. In a claim by the soldier he should set forth all his military or naval service, giving dates of enlistment and discharge. He should also set forth the name or nature of all disabilities for which pension is claimed, giving the time when, the place where and the circumstances under which each was contracted. The prime requirement to establish a claim under the act of July 14, 1862, usually termed the general law, is to show that the disability for which pension is claimed had its origin while in the service and line of duty; that it has existed as a disabling cause from date of discharge, and now exists in a degree pensionable under the law. In a claim under the act of June 27, 1890, the essential requirements are: A service of ninety days or more, an honorable discharge therefrom and proof that the disability for which pension is claimed is not due to claimant's own vicious habits, but it need not necessarily be of service origin. In a widow's claim it is necessary to show her legal marriage to the soldier, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that it was due to some cause of service origin. She must also show that she has remained his widow. If there are children of the soldier under sixteen years of age at the date of his death, their names should be given and the date of birth of each clearly shown. If any have died the date should be proved. In a widow's claim under the act of June 27, 1890, the requirement as to service is the same as under an invalid claim, and in addition thereto she must show a legal marriage to the soldier prior to the passage of the act, the fact of soldier's death (but it need not be shown to be due to service), her continued widowhood and that she is without other means of support than her daily labor. The act of May 9, 1900, amending the act of June 27, 1890, gives title to widows who are without means of support other than their daily labor and a net annual income of \$250. A minor child's title to pension accrues only on the death or remarriage of the widow, which fact must be shown, in addition to the requirements in widow's claim. A dependent mother must show her relationship to the soldier, his celibacy, that he contributed to her support, that his death was due to some cause of service origin, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that she was dependent upon him at the date of his death. Under the act of June 27, 1890, it is only necessary to show dependence at date of filing claim and since then. A dependent father must show relationship by legal marriage to soldier's mother, the date of soldier's birth and of the mother's death. In addition to the requirements in the mother's claim. Applications rejected by a Board of Pension Surgeons may be reconsidered on the evidence of two physicians that disability exists. Pensions for privates range from \$6 to \$30

¹ Deceased.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

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a month in most cases, though \$72 a month is granted to those who have lost both feet or both eyes, and \$100 a month to those who have lost both hands. The number of pensioners on the rolls in each State and Territory on June 30, 1900, and the total amount paid during the fiscal year ended on that date, was as follows:

PENSIONERS AND AMOUNT PAID.

United States.	No.	Amount.	United States.	No.	Amount.
Alabama.....	3,649	\$156,717 43	Oklahoma Territory.....	7,582	\$913,182 91
Alaska.....	84	7,420 13	Oregon.....	5,237	678,817 30
Arizona.....	711	99,471 30	Pennsylvania.....	103,739	13,325,012 42
Arkansas.....	10,732	1,323,256 81	Rhode Island.....	4,717	553,310 73
California.....	18,459	2,445,436 55	South Carolina.....	1,794	226,272 22
Colorado.....	7,975	913,500 01	South Dakota.....	5,014	516,815 40
Connecticut.....	11,731	1,372,039 30	Tennessee.....	18,241	2,559,226 40
Delaware.....	2,728	358,935 33	Texas.....	8,091	988,704 37
District of Columbia.....	8,619	1,401,226 29	Utah.....	836	138,251 31
Florida.....	3,074	398,412 60	Vermont.....	9,386	1,510,848 69
Georgia.....	3,661	464,987 35	Virginia.....	9,467	1,341,002 17
Idaho.....	1,496	185,753 66	Washington.....	6,361	791,810 55
Illinois.....	70,461	10,272,303 90	West Virginia.....	12,594	1,853,471 81
Indiana.....	67,282	10,338,584 97	Wisconsin.....	27,636	4,200,573 32
Indian Territory.....	2,906	374,087 60	Wyoming.....	798	97,946 33
Iowa.....	38,034	5,289,134 45			
Kansas.....	41,316	6,176,399 25	Total pensioners		
Kentucky.....	27,429	4,066,274 88	living in States		
Louisiana.....	5,559	765,782 07	and Territories		
Maine.....	20,051	2,950,155 10	and payments to		
Maryland.....	13,016	1,663,983 23	them.....	939,003	137,698,620 64
Massachusetts.....	39,109	5,112,385 76	Pensioners living in		
Michigan.....	44,298	6,642,878 00	foreign countries		
Minnesota.....	16,319	2,340,643 32	and payments to		
Mississippi.....	4,195	535,459 92	them.....	4,523	639,849 23
Missouri.....	53,775	7,245,470 91	Total.....	993,529	138,338,469 87
Montana.....	1,561	191,428 33	Payments by Treas-		
Nebraska.....	17,777	2,585,727 18	ury Department		
Nevada.....	281	34,879 20	(Treasury settle-		
New Hampshire.....	9,088	1,331,476 57	ments).....	—	123,660 78
New Jersey.....	20,099	2,457,349 86	Total payments on		
New Mexico.....	1,792	231,461 76	account of Army		
New York.....	88,754	12,020,943 07	and Navy pen-		
North Carolina.....	3,976	517,322 63	sions.....	—	138,462,130 65
North Dakota.....	1,816	223,906 99			
Ohio.....	105,157	15,171,113 21			

PENSION AGENCIES AND PENSIONERS.

The pension agencies are located as follows: Augusta, Me.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Columbus, Ohio; Concord, N. H.; Des Moines, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Milwaukee, Wis.; New York, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Penn.; San Francisco, Cal.; Topeka, Kan.; Washington, D. C. There were added to the rolls during the year the names of 40,645 new pensioners, and the number restored to the rolls was 4,699, making a total of new names added to the rolls of 45,344. The number of pensioners dropped from the rolls during the year was 43,334, showing an increase of 2,010 on the rolls as compared with the close of the fiscal year 1899. The total of 993,529 pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1900, were classified as follows:

Widows of Revolutionary soldiers..	4	Naval invalid pensioners.....	4,622
Daughters of Revolutionary soldiers	7	Navy widows, minor children, etc.	2,314
Survivors of the War of 1812.....	1	Army nurses.....	646
Widows of soldiers of the War of		Act of June 27, 1899:	
1812.....	1,742	Army invalid pensioners.....	415,265
Survivors of the Indian Wars (1832-		Army widows, minor children, etc.	129,412
42).....	1,370	Naval invalid pensioners.....	15,392
Widows of soldiers of the Indian		Navy widows, minor children, etc.	6,314
Wars (1832-42).....	3,739	War with Spain:	
Survivors of the Mexican War.....	8,352	General laws—	
Widows of soldiers of the Mexican		Army invalids.....	822
War.....	8,151	Army widows.....	815
Service after March 4, 1861:		Navy invalids.....	60
General laws—		Navy widows.....	23
Army invalid pensioners.....	305,980	Total.....	993,529
Army widows, minor children, etc.	88,463		

ON ROLLS JUNE 30, 1903.

	Survivors.	Invalids.	Widows.
On account of old wars, prior to 1861.....	9 723	.....	13,643
On account of general laws.....	.....	311,218	99,777
On account of act of June 27, 1830.....	.....	430,657	135,725
On account of war with Spain.....	.....	882	873
Total.....	9,723	742,787	241,019

The amounts paid last year for pensions to the survivors and widows of other wars were: War of 1812, \$249,608.67; Mexican War, \$1,815,812.05; Indian wars, \$517,177.89.

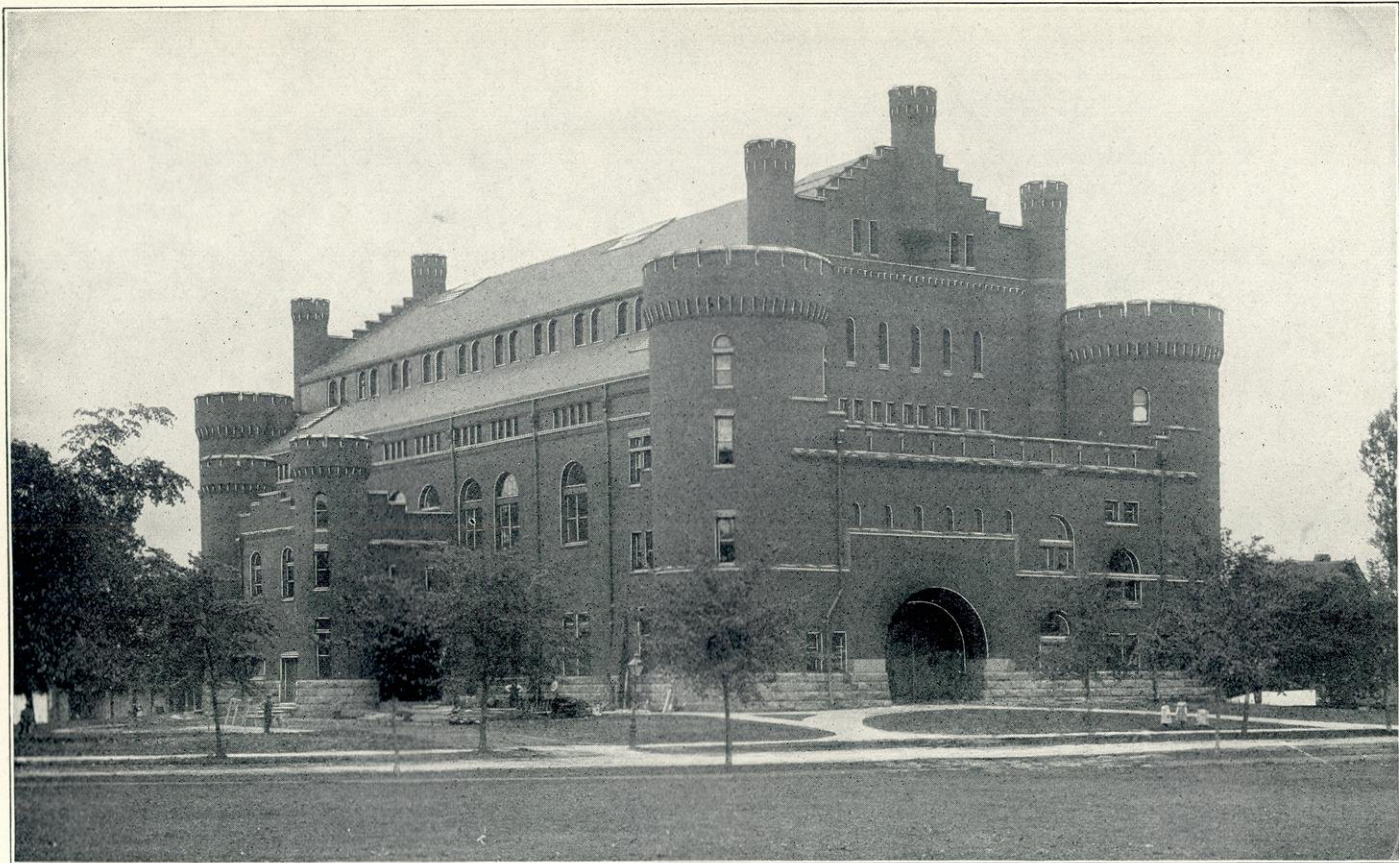
MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION.

Organized April 15, 1865; non-sectarian and non-political. The members are of three classes: (1) Commissioned officers and honorably discharged commissioned officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps (regulars and volunteers) actually engaged in suppressing the Rebellion prior to April 15, 1865, and eldest sons of deceased officers who served as above. (2) The eldest sons of living original companions of the first class who are twenty-one years old. (3) Gentlemen who in civil life, during the Rebellion, were specially distinguished for conspicuous loyalty to the National Government. Membership on July 31, 1900, 9,043; composed of first class, 8,122; second class, 888 third class, 33. Largest commanderies, New York, 1, 305 members, New York City; Pennsylvania, 1,167, Philadelphia. The other eighteen State commanderies in order of their organization and place of headquarters are: Maine, 168, Portland; Massachusetts, 924, Boston; California, 709, San Francisco; Wisconsin, 211, Milwaukee; Illinois, 654, Chicago; District of Columbia, 773, Ohio, 835, Cincinnati; Michigan, 309, Detroit; Minnesota, 293, St. Paul; Oregon, 67, Portland; Missouri, 303, St. Louis; Nebraska, 108, Omaha; Kansas, 221, Leavenworth; Iowa, 258, Des Moines; Colorado, 241, Denver; Indiana, 324, Indianapolis; Washington, 74, Tacoma; Vermont, 99, Burlington. The present National officers are: Commander-in-chief, Lieutenant-General John M. Schofield; senior vice-commander, Lieutenant Charles P. Clark; junior vice-commander, Brigadier-General H. C. Merriam; recorder, Colonel John P. Nicholson, registrar, Major William P. Huxford; treasurer, Paymaster George De F. Barton; chancellor, General W. L. James; chaplain, Henry S. Burrage. Headquarters, Philadelphia, Penn.

Wisconsin commandery, Milwaukee; headquarters, Academy of Music building; meetings, first Wednesday each month, October to May; no regular meetings May to October. Officer elected May, 1900: Commander, Frank A. Anson, U. S. V.; senior vice-commander, Frank H. Putney, U. S. V.; junior vice-commander, Charles H. De Groat, U. S. V.; recorder, Capt. A. Ross Houston; registrar, Howard Greene; treasurer, Andrew A. Hathaway; chancellor, Jerome B. Johnson, U. S. V.; chaplain, Joseph W. Sanderson, U. S. V.; council, H. A. Valentin, U. S. V.; Charles H. Ross, U. S. V.; Henry T. Drake, U. S. V.; Dr. Arthur T. Holbrook.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Commander-in-chief, General Nelson A. Miles; senior vice-commander-in-chief, Colonel James H. Tillman, of South Carolina; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Colonel William H. Hubbell, of New York, inspector-general, Colonel Frank H. Harrington, U. S. M. C.; judge-advocate-general, Major Charles E. Miller, of Ohio; surgeon general, Dr. S. Clifford Cox, U. S. N.; sponsor, Miss Clara Barton; council of administration, Colonel M. Emmet Urell, of the District of Columbia; Captain Henry D. Green, of Pennsylvania; Captain Bernard F. Reinold, of New York, John H. Hopper, of New Jersey; Max Fleischman, of Ohio; Otto L. Sues, of North Dakota; Major Harold C. Megrew, of Indiana. The last convention decided on a uniform of mixed blue and gray as typical of the union of the North and South during the Spanish war.



ARMORY AND GYMNASIUM, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT.

The Wisconsin department of Spanish-American war veterans was organized March 5, 1900. It now has camps established in Oshkosh, Manitowoc, Appleton, Sheboygan, Washburn, Wausau, two in Milwaukee, and a number of others are in process of organization in cities of the state which furnished a company of volunteers for the Spanish-American war. Present department officers are: Department commander, Martin T. Moore, La Crosse; senior vice-commander, Nathan E. Morgan, Appleton; junior vice-commander, J. A. Nemitz, Oshkosh; assistant adjutant general, Marshall Cousins, Eau Claire; assistant inspector general, William Abel, Manitowoc; assistant quartermaster general, Carl Boedemer, Sheboygan; assistant surgeon general, John B. Edwards, Mauston; assistant judge advocate general, Randolph A. Richards, Sparta; assistant chaplain general, Charles E. Butters, Tomah. Council of administration: Paul G. Kiley, Milwaukee; H. E. Pomeroy, Appleton; U. Moeckli, Sheboygan; J. H. Lau's, Oshkosh. Aides-de-camp: U. G. Carl, Oshkosh; F. E. Reed, Manitowoc; M. S. Peer-enboon, Appleton; H. Olson, Sheboygan; J. F. Manion, Milwaukee; Wm. O'Neil, Washburn.

WISCONSIN IN THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR, 1898.

Name of Organization.	Where perfected.	Date of organization.	Original strength	Gained b recruits.	Total strength
Battery A, 1st Lt. Artillery	Camp Douglas	July 7, 1898	109	.....	109
1st Regiment Infantry	Camp Harvey	Apr. 28, 1898	1,357	.....	1,557
2d Regiment Infantry	Camp Harvey	Apr. 28, 1898	1,349	.....	1,349
3d Regiment Infantry	Camp Harvey	Apr. 28, 1898	1,354	.....	1,353
4th Regiment Infantry	Camp Douglas	June 27, 1898	1,331	.....	1,301
Total			5,469		5,469

Name of Organization.	Killed in action.	Died of disease	Died of wounds	Total loss	No. engaged.	Date of muster out
Battery A, 1st Lt. Artillery				45		Oct. 8, 1898
1st Regiment Infantry		45		45		Oct. 19, 1898
2d Regiment Infantry		53		53	2	Nov. 21, 1898
3d Regiment Infantry	2	41		43	2	Jan. 15, 1899
4th Regiment Infantry		17		17		Feb. 28, 1899
Total	2	141		143	4	

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Number of United States Troops, Militia and Volunteers Engaged.

Wars.	From.	To.	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total.
War of the Revolution	Apr. 19, 1775	Apr. 11, 1783	130,711	164,080	309,781
Northwestern Indian Wars	Sept. 19, 1780	Aug. 3, 1797	.....	.....	8,938
War with France	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	24,593
War with Tripoli	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	23,330
Creek Indian War	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,181	13,781
With Great Britain, 1812.	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War.	Apr. 21, 1831	Sept. 31, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee Disturbance.	1836	1837	.....	9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook Disturbance	1836	1839	.....	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico	Apr. 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,951	73,776	112,230
Apache and Navajo War.	1849	1855	1,000	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War	1856	1858	.....	3,687	3,687
War of the Rebellion	1861	1865	.....	.....	32,772,408
Spanish-American War	Apr. 21, 1898	Aug. 12, 1898	.....	.....	424,717
Philippine Insurrection	1899	1900	.....	.....	60,000

¹Including all branches of the service. ²Naval forces engaged. ³Confederate troops about 60,000. ⁴Troops actually engaged, about 60,000.

WISCONSIN IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Table compiled from Records in the Adjutant General's Department in Madison concisely showing important statistical features.

Name of Organization.	Organized at	Organization perfected.	Original strength.	Gained by recruits.	Total strength.	Killed or died of wounds.	Died of disease.	Died of accident.	Total loss.	Per cent. of death rate.	No. of engagements.	Date of final muster out.	
1st Wisconsin Cavalry...	Ripon and Koshona.....	Feb. 2, 1862	1,124	1,417	2,541	72	320	12	404	15.988	45	Jul. 19, 1865	
2d Wisconsin Cavalry..	Milwaukee....	Mar. 10, 1862	1,127	998	2,125	23	285	8	316	14.870	18	Nov. 15, 1865	
3d Wisconsin Cavalry..	Janesville....	Jan. 31, 1862	1,186	980	2,166	66	127	27	220	11.569	37	Oct. 27, 1865	
4th Wisconsin Cavalry ¹ .	Racine.....	July 2, 1861	1,047	998	2,045	116	284	33	433	20.684	31	May 23, 1866	
1st Wis. Heavy Art ²	Madison.....	Jun. 11, 1861	1,777	386	2,163	4	74	9	87	4.207	4	Sep. 2, 1865	
1st Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	155	114	269	4	25	2	31	11.524	15	Jul. 18, 1865	
2d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	153	42	195	.....	13	.....	13	6.666	1	Jul. 10, 1865
3d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	170	67	237	4	20	.....	24	10.126	5	Jul. 3, 1865
4th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	151	100	251	2	21	1	24	9.562	7	Jul. 3, 1865	
5th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	155	70	225	5	19	.....	24	10.666	17	June 6, 1865
6th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	157	85	242	6	20	2	28	11.570	10	Jul. 3, 1865	
7th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 4, 1861	158	91	252	9	20	2	31	12.301	6	Jul. 20, 1865	
8th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Jan. 8, 1862	161	102	263	1	28	.....	29	11.026	11	Aug. 10, 1865
9th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Burlington...	Jan. 27, 1862	155	63	218	.....	5	1	6	2.752	1	Sep. 30, 1865
10th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Milwaukee....	Feb. 10, 1862	47	121	168	2	26	.....	28	16.666	35	Apr. 20, 1865
11th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art ³ ...	Oconto.....	Feb. 22, 1862	87	8	95	.....	1	1	2	2.115	12	Jul. 10, 1865
12th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Madison.....	Apr. 2, 1862	49	212	311	9	22	1	32	10.289	12	June 7, 1865	
13th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Milwaukee....	Dec. 29, 1863	156	32	188	.....	13	.....	15	7.979	.....	Jul. 20, 1865
Co. G., 1st U. S. (Berdan's) Sharpshooters.....	Wisconsin....	Sep. 23, 1861	105	80	185	21	13	.....	34	18.378	37	Sep. 22, 1864
1st Wis. Infantry (3 mo.)	Milwaukee....	Apr. 20, 1861	810	.....	810	2	.....	.....	3	0.370	1	Aug. 21, 1861
1st Wis. Infantry (3 yrs.)	Milwaukee....	Oct. 19, 1861	945	.....	1,508	132	103	1	235	15.583	5	Oct. 21, 1865
2d Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Jun. 11, 1861	1,051	152	1,203	238	74	.....	318	25.602	25	Jul. 2, 1864
3d Wisconsin Infantry..	Fond du Lac..	Jun. 29, 1861	979	910	1,919	165	116	6	2	283	14.747	26	Jul. 18, 1865
5th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	July 13, 1861	1,358	994	2,052	194	130	3	327	15.935	30	Jul. 11, 1865	
6th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	July 16, 1861	1,108	832	1,940	110	139	6	359	18.490	30	Jul. 14, 1865	
7th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Sep. 2, 1861	1,029	601	1,630	284	139	7	427	19.264	31	Jul. 3, 1865	
8th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Sep. 13, 1861	973	349	1,342	59	263	13	280	20.864	43	Sep. 5, 1865	
9th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Nov. 26, 1861	870	333	1,203	78	115	8	195	16.209	8	Jan. 30, 1866	
10th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Oct. 14, 1861	916	105	1,021	95	.....	.....	248	24.293	20	Nov. 3, 1864
11th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Oct. 18, 1861	1,029	573	1,602	86	.....	.....	11	581	16	Sep. 4, 1865
12th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Nov. 5, 1861	1,015	622	1,667	98	229	11	4	329	19.736	19	Nov. 24, 1865
13th Wisconsin Infantry..	Janesville....	Nov. 13, 1861	977	659	1,539	5	182	14	291	17.120	26	Oct. 3, 1865	
14th Wisconsin Infantry..	Fond du Lac..	Jun. 30, 1862	970	940	1,910	123	194	10	327	16.735	16	Nov. 24, 1865	
15th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Feb. 13, 1862	801	98	899	94	237	14	345	38.376	26	Feb. 13, 1865	
16th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Jan. 31, 1862	1,086	891	1,957	147	246	8	401	20.490	16	Jul. 12, 1865	

17th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Mar. 15, 1862	911	733	1,677	41	220	14	275	16,410	16	Jul. 14, 1865
18th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Mar. 15, 1862	962	467	1,429	54	163	9	225	15,815	11	Jul. 18, 1865
19th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Apr. 30, 1862	973	241	1,214	43	113	5	161	13,262	7	Aug. 9, 1865
20th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Aug. 23, 1862	990	139	1,129	107	138	10	255	22,586	8	Jul. 14, 1865
21st Wisconsin Infantry..	Oshkosh.....	Sep. 5, 18 2	1,002	169	1,171	121	174	11	306	26,135	21	Jun. 8, 1865
22d Wisconsin Infantry..	Racine.....	Sep. 2, 1832	1,009	496	1,505	79	163	6	243	16,478	13	Jul. 12, 1865
23d Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Aug. 30, 1862	994	123	1,117	41	262	13	316	28,299	17	Jul. 4, 1865
24th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Aug. 22, 1862	1,033	74	1,077	110	83	6	199	18,477	18	Jun. 10, 1865
25th Wisconsin Infantry..	La Crosse....	Sep. 14, 1862	1,018	426	1,444	53	414	4	471	32,618	30	Jun. 7, 1865
26th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Sep. 17, 1862	1,032	371	1,089	187	73	5	236	24,426	17	Jun. 13, 1865
27th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Mar. 7, 18 3	865	38	1,196	22	239	5	266	22,241	6	Aug. 29, 1865
28th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Oct. 14, 1862	981	176	1,137	13	226	10	249	25,857	6	Aug. 23, 1865
29th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Sep. 27, 1862	931	128	1,059	81	235	13	334	30,670	19	Jun. 22, 1865
30th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Oct. 21, 1862	906	313	1,219	2	68	3	73	6,989	1	Sep. 20, 1865
31st Wisconsin Infantry ⁴ .	Pr ^o -du Chien	Oct. 9, 1862	878	200	1,078	23	90	3	116	10,761	6	Jul. 8, 1865
32d Wisconsin Infantry..	Oshkosh.....	Sep. 25, 1862	993	481	1,474	27	232	7	286	19,462	18	Jun. 12, 1865
33d Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Oct. 18, 1832	832	174	1,056	33	167	10	210	19,700	24	Aug. 9, 1865
34th Wisconsin Infantry ⁵ .	Mad. & Milw.	Dec. 31, 18-2	961	.....	961	.....	19	4	23	2,393	.....	Sep. 8, 1863
35th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee....	Feb. 27, 1864	1,066	22	1,088	2	275	5	282	25,919	2	Mar. 15, 1866
36th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Mar. 23, 1864	990	24	1,014	156	172	12	310	33,530	18	Jul. 12, 1865
37th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Jun. 25, 1834	708	436	1,144	155	87	5	247	21,599	10	Jul. 27, 1865
38th Wisconsin Infantry ⁶ .	Madison.....	Apr. 15, 1864	913	119	1,032	56	57	2	115	11,143	10	Jul. 26, 1865
39th Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Milwaukee....	Jun. 3, 1864	789	.....	789	.....	29	.....	32	4,102	1	Sep. 15, 1864
40th Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Madison.....	Jun. 9, 1864	776	.....	776	.....	19	.....	20	2,577	1	Sep. 16, 1864
41st Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Milwaukee....	Jun. 15, 1864	578	.....	578	.....	18	.....	18	3,114	1	Sep. 17, 1864
42d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Sep. 9, 1864	877	131	1,008	.....	57	3	60	5,952	.....	Jun. 20, 1865
43d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee....	Sep. 30, 1864	867	46	913	1	76	1	78	8,434	1	Jun. 24, 1865
44th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Feb. 15, 1865	877	237	1,114	.....	60	1	61	5,475	1	Aug. 28, 1865
45th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Feb. 7, 1865	859	142	1,001	.....	36	1	37	3,696	.....	Jul. 17, 1865
46th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Mar. 2, 1865	914	33	947	.....	21	.....	21	2,218	.....	Sep. 27, 1865
47th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Feb. 23, 1865	927	58	985	.....	42	.....	42	4,264	.....	Sep. 4, 1865
48th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee....	Mar. 4, 1865	823	4	832	.....	16	.....	16	4,191	.....	Mar. 24, 1866
49th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Mar. 5, 1865	986	16	1,002	.....	43	1	49	4,989	.....	Nov. 8, 1865
50th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Apr. 18, 1865	942	16	958	.....	40	4	45	4,697	.....	Jun. 14, 1866
51st Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee....	Apr. 29, 1865	841	391	1,232	.....	23	1	24	1,984	.....	Aug. 30, 1865
52d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison.....	Apr. 18, 1865	486	25	511	.....	9	.....	9	1,761	.....	Jul. 28, 1865
Total.....			56,316	21,012	77,328	3,794	8,022	400	12,216	.....	.....	.....
Assigned to other organizations and unassigned.....			.....	.....	14,051	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total number furnished by Wisconsin.....			.....	.....	91,379	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

The total muster out from specific Wisconsin organizations at the close of the war was 54,052 men. During the war 16,193 were discharged. The remainder embraces 4,685 remaining in the service, transfers to other organizations, missing, desertions, etc.

¹ Organized as infantry and changed to cavalry Sept. 1, 1863. ² Co "A" organized at Madison; "B," "C" and "D" at Milwaukee; "E" to "M" at Madison.

³ Also known as Battery "L," 1st Reg. Illinois Light Artillery. ⁴ Four companies organized at Racine, Dec. 24, 1862. ⁵ Organized at Madison and Milwaukee to serve nine months. ⁶ Four companies organized April 15, six others later. ⁷ Organized to serve 100 days. ⁸ Organized to serve one year.

The 54th regiment was started, several companies recruited and merged into the 51st. ⁹ Official date of close of war, ruling by U. S. Supreme court, Aug. 26, 1866.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POST OFFICE ADDRESSES.

Central—National Military Home, Montgomery County, Ohio.
 Danville—Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois.
 Eastern—National Home, Togus, Kennebec County, Maine.
 Marion—National Military Home, Grant County, Indiana.
 Northwestern—National Home, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
 Pacific—Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles County, California.
 Southern—National Soldiers' Home, Elizabeth City County, Virginia.
 Western—National Military Home, Leavenworth County, Kansas.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE
 SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-Officio, Washington, D. C.
 General MARTIN T. McMAHON, President, New York Life Building, New York,
 N. Y. Term expires 1904.
 General WILLIAM J. SEWELL, 1st Vice-President, Camden, New Jersey. Term
 expires 1904.
 Colonel JOHN L. MITCHELL, 2d Vice-President, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Term
 expires 1904.
 Colonel GEORGE W. STEELE, Secretary, Marion, Indiana. Term expires
 1902.
 General WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, Hartford, Connecticut. Term expires 1902.
 General ALFRED L. PEARSON, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Term expires 1906.
 General CHARLES M. ANDERSON, Greenville, Ohio. Term expires 1906.
 Colonel SIDNEY G. COOKE, Heringtan, Kansas. Term expires 1906.
 General THOMAS J. HENDERSON, Princeton, Illinois. Term expires 1902.
 General J. MARSHALL BROWN, Portland, Maine. Term expires 1902.
 Major WILLIAM H. BONSALL, Los Angeles, California. Term expires 1904.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH.

LOCAL MANAGER,

Colonel JOHN L. MITCHELL, Milwaukee, Wis.

GOVERNOR,

Colonel CORNELIUS WHEELER.

Maj. J. E. ARMITAGE, Treasurer.
 Maj. ALMON CLARKE, Surgeon.
 Capt. W. W. ROWLEY, Q. M. and C. S.
 Capt. H. A. VALENTIN, Adj. and Inspec.
 Rev. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D., Chaplain.
 Rev. A. HAYDEN, S. J., Chaplain.
 Mrs. ANNIE KNOX, Matron.

NATIONAL HOME, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WIS.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1900.....	2,137
Number present and absent date of last annual report, June 30, 1900.....	2,645
Number of members present February 1, 1901	2,299
Number of members present and absent February 1, 1901.....	2,665

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by two electric railway lines. The main building, which affords

quarters for 800 disabled volunteers, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats the national banner. Five other substantially-built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well-lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers receive kind care and attention, bestowed by the attending surgeons and a corps of skilled female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors, hired for the purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card and reading rooms and a library of about 9,000 volumes provide recreation and amusement for the disabled veterans. The Home grounds contain 385 acres, of which about one-half is cultivated. The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and drives, beautifully undulating, with several charming little lakes upon which pleasure boats are kept.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

(Extract from Acts of Congress, approved May 26 and June 6, 1900.)

FIRST—"Hereafter the following persons only shall be entitled to the benefits of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and may be admitted thereto upon the order of a member of the Board of Managers, namely: All honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors who served in the regular or volunteer forces of the United States in any war in which the country has been engaged, who are disabled by disease, wounds, or otherwise, and who have no adequate means of support, and by reason of such disability are incapable of earning their living."

SECOND—Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor.

THIRD—Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact, that by the law establishing the Home, the members are made subject to the rules and articles of war, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the army of the United States.

FOURTH—A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his discharge paper, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, and if he has been a member of a State Home, his discharge from that Home, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificate, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers be sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the state, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his pension certificate to the Home, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasurer of the Home to draw the said moneys, and to hold and dispose of them, subject to the laws of congress, and the rules, regulations, and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

MEM.—Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars the month are not eligible to the Home, unless the reasons are peculiar, and are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him.

Those who have been members of State Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months before they can be admitted to a Branch of the National Home except by a vote of the Board of Managers, and soldiers and sailors who have been dishonorably discharged from State Homes can only be admitted by a vote of the Board of Managers.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Col. Cornelius Wheeler, National Home P. O., the Governor of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF.

[Corrected March 26, 1901.]

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Commander-in-Chief.	Governor	Robt. M. La Follette	Madison	Jan. 7, 1901
Adjutant and Inspector General	Brig. General	Charles R. Boardman	Oshkosh	Jan. 4, 1897
Assistant Adjutant General	Colonel	Worthie H. Patton..	Oshkosh	Apr. 2, 1897
Quartermaster and Commissary Gen'l	Brig. General	Albert Solliday.....	Watertown...	Jan. 2, 1899
Quartermaster	Major	Charles R. Williams.	Camp Dougl's	Apr. 2, 1897
Commissary of Subsistence	Captain	Edwin T. Markle....	Fond du Lac.	Apr. 5, 1892
Surgeon General.....	Brig. General	John B. Edwards...	Mauston	Jan. 2, 1899
Addition'l Paymaster	Captain	Gordon H. McNeel ..	Fond du Lac.	Apr. 30, 1887

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Surgeon General.....	Brig. General	John B. Edwards....	Mauston	Jan. 2, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Edward H. Grannis..	Menomonie ..	June 15, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Frank C. Moulding..	Watertown...	June 16, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Joseph B. Whiting, Jr	Janesville ..	June 17, 1899
Assistant Surgeon ..	Captain	Ralph Chandler	Milwaukee....	June 29, 1893
Assistant Surgeon ..	Captain	Charles F. King	Hudson	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon ..	Captain	Gilbert E. Seaman...	Milwaukee....	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon ..	Captain	Wm. J. Cronyn	Milwaukee....	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon ..	Captain	Edgar C. Barnes	Ripon	Mch. 1, 1900
Assistant Surgeon ..	1st Lieuten'nt	Geo. N. Hidershede.	Arcadia	June 16, 1899
Assistant Surgeon ..	1st Lieuten'nt	Daniel S. McArthur..	LaCrosse.....	June 17, 1899
Assistant Surgeon ..	1st Lieuten'nt	Theo. J. Redelings...	Marinette....	June 18, 1899
Assistant Surgeon ..	1st Lieuten'nt	Arthur T. Holbrook.	Milwaukee....	July 12, 1899

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Name and Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
<i>Adjutant General</i> —Brig.-Gen. Charles R. Boardman, Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin	
<i>Assistant Adjutant General</i> —Col. Worthie H. Patton, Oshkosh.....	New York	
<i>Clerk National Guard Division</i> —Mary W. Priestley, Mineral Point....	Wisconsin	
<i>Clerk Pension Division</i> —Edmund B. Gray, Milwaukee.....	New York	
<i>Clerk and Stenographer</i> —William C. Ginty, Chippewa Falls.....	Wisconsin	

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Quartermaster General and Chief of Ordnance</i> —Brigadier General Albert Solliday, Watertown	Pennsylvania
<i>Quartermaster and Acting Ordnance Officer</i> —Major Charles R. Williams, Camp Douglas	Wisconsin
<i>Quartermaster Sergeant</i> —Edward S. Burroughs, Eau Claire.....	Wisconsin
<i>Ordnance Sergeant</i> —Henry Schall, Mauston.....	Germany

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders, No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Colonel.....	Otto H. Falk	Milwaukee.....	June 10, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel.....	Geo. H. Joachim	Madison.....	June 11, 1899
Major.....	Daniel A. Stearns.....	Monroe.....	June 27, 1893
Major.....	Abraham B. Cambier.....	Waukesha.....	Feb 26, 1897
Major.....	Henry W. Quentmeyer.....	Madison.....	Sept. 25, 1899
Major and Surgeon.....	Jos. B. Whiting, Jr.....	Janesville.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Asst. Surgeon.....	Gilbert E. Seaman.....	Milwaukee.....	July 11, 1893
1st. Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	Arthur T. Holbrook.....	Milwaukee.....	July 12, 1899
Captain and Adjutant.....	Howard Greene.....	Milwaukee.....	June 8, 1896
Captain and Quartermaster.....	Gilmore D. Price.....	Milwaukee.....	July 29, 1899
1st Lieut and Commissary.....	Hiram E. Manville.....	Milwaukee.....	Sept. 14, 1899
Captain and Chaplain.....	Herbert H. Jacobs.....	Milwaukee.....	July 11, 1898
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Henry C. Baker.....	Madison.....	May 25, 1895
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Clarence Christensen.....	Milwaukee.....	Sept. 25, 1894
1st Lieut and Battalion Adjt..	Clinton G. Price.....	Madison.....	July 24, 1900

Second Regiment of Infantry.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Appleton.

Colonel	Nathan E. Morgan.....	Appleton.....	June 11, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel	F. W. Gruetzmacher.....	Ripon.....	June 12, 1899
Major.....	Wallace P. Greene.....	Marinette.....	July 15, 1898
Major.....	Wilbur M. Lee.....	O. onto.....	June 10, 1899
Major.....	Julius A. Nemitz.....	Oshkosh.....	June 13, 1899
Major and Surgeon.....	Frank C. Moulding.....	Watertown.....	June 16, 1899
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	Edgar C. Barnes.....	Ripon.....	June 15, 1899
1st. Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	Theodore J. Redelings.....	Marinette.....	June 18, 1897
Captain and Adjutant.....	Walter A. Marden.....	Oshkosh.....	Jan. 19, 1897
Captain and Quartermaster.....	Hugh E. Pomeroy.....	Appleton.....	Feb. 1, 1897
1st Lieut. and Commissary.....	Jas. McCully.....	Appleton.....	Sept. 19, 1899
Captain and Chaplain.....	Edward H. Smith.....	Oshkosh.....	July 27, 1892
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Gustav Disch.....	Marinette.....	July 19, 1899
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Harry R. Lee.....	Appleton.....	June 16, 1899
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	John H. Laabs.....	Oshkosh.....	June 16, 1899

Third Regiment of Infantry.

Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Re organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Colonel	Orlando Holway.....	La Crosse.....	June 12, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel	Julius E. Kircheis.....	La Crosse.....	June 10, 1899
Major.....	Randolph A. Richards.....	Sparta.....	Oct. 19, 1897
Major.....	Joseph W. Ballard.....	Eau Claire.....	June 11, 1899
Major.....	John W. Hommel.....	Neillsville.....	June 12, 1899
Major and Surgeon.....	Edward H. Gramis.....	Menomonie.....	June 15, 1899
Captain and Asst. Surgeon.....	Charles F. King.....	Hudson.....	July 1, 1898
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	Daniel S. McArthur.....	La Crosse.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Adjutant.....	Marshall Cousins.....	Eau Claire.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Quartermaster.....	John Turner.....	Mauston.....	Feb 14, 1895
1st Lieut. and Commissary.....	Wm. H. Becker.....	Menomonie.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Chaplain.....	Charles E. Butters.....	Tomah.....	Oct. 1, 1898
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Henry W. Klopf.....	Neillsville.....	May 22, 1891
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Louis Schalle.....	Tomah.....	Jan. 19, 1896
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	William H. Smith.....	Superior.....	May 11, 1898

Tenth Separate Battalion.

Organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Major.....	John J. Lynch.....	Milwaukee.....	Oct. 2, 1896
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	George N. Hidershede.....	Arcadia.....	June 16, 1899
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	John E. Driscoll.....	Milwaukee.....	Aug. 5, 1899

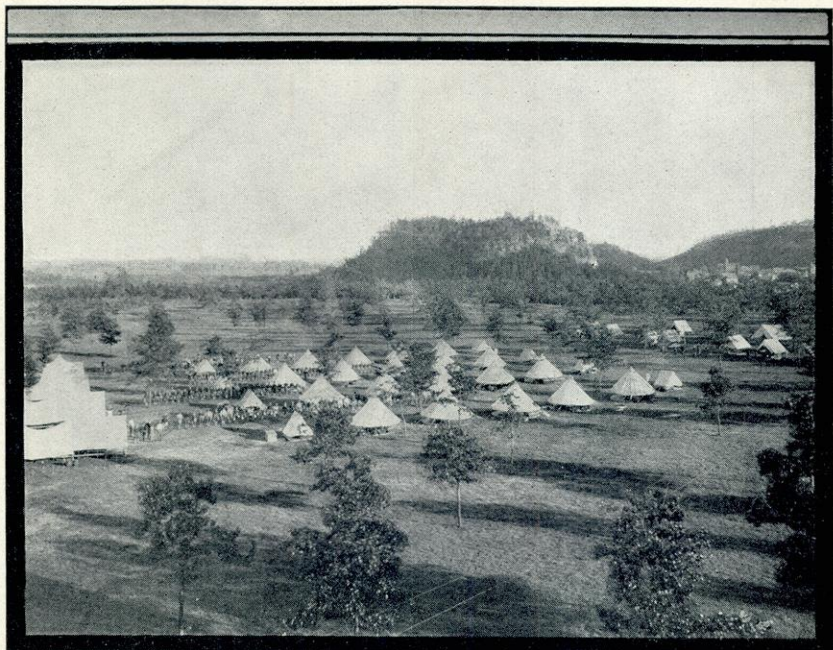
COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Re-organized.	Location.	Strength Feb. 1, 1901.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
A	January 23, 1869.....	Dec. 6, 1898	Milwaukee.....	63	Chas. H. Tucker.....	E. G. Macartney.....	Otto G. Wagner.
B	April 25, 1839.....	Dec. 9, 1898	Fort Atkinson.....	55	C. H. Aspinwall.....	John J. Urban.....	Frank C. Fuller.
C	July 7, 1877.....	Nov. 28, 1898	Whitewater.....	60	F. B. Goodhue.....	E. F. Weyher.....	E. A. Cutter.
D	July 26, 1898.....	.....	Milwaukee.....	64	Emil Widle.....	Adolph Patzer.....	Frank Moske.
E	October 24, 1889.....	May 1, 1899	Milwaukee.....	52	O. E. Lewis.....	Wm. A. Bolte.....	R. B. Ramien.
F	April 28, 1889.....	June 12, 1899	Milwaukee.....	54	J. R. McDowell.....	R. J. Parks.....	R. T. Lawson.
G	March 24, 1875.....	Dec. 22, 1898	Madison.....	55	J. P. Joachim.....	Arthur O'Connell.....	G. A. Fritzsche.
H	March 30, 1882.....	Nov. 29, 1898	Monroe.....	64	M. C. Durst.....	H. F. Baldwin.....	Fred T. Odell.
I	February 26, 1900.....	.....	Janosville.....	65	C. E. Achterberg.....	Peter Piasecki.....	A. C. Thom.
K	August 24, 1877.....	Dec. 12, 1898	Milwaukee.....	64	.....	R. C. Maltpress.....	Ladislaua Czerynski.
L	May 10, 1900.....	.....	Beloit.....	52	M. H. Taylor.....	E. M. Webb.....	John Williams.
M	July 27, 1898.....	.....	Oconomowoc.....	57	E. F. Gray.....	.....	.....

Second Regiment of Infantry.

A	September 25, 1889.....	Dec. 20, 1898	Marshfield.....	52	Anton C. Martin.....	Otto Meyer.....	August H. Kisten.
B	March 25, 1876.....	Dec. 17, 1898	Oshkosh.....	54	E. W. Paine.....	Jos. S. Blau.....	Gilbert A. Comstock.
C	November 4, 1877.....	Dec. 19, 1898	Sheboygan.....	60	Chas. Bodemer.....	Herman Olson.....	Otto Burkhart.
D	March 28, 1876.....	Dec. 15, 1898	Ripon.....	64	Frank J. Graham.....	Thos. B. Temple.....	Albert J. Zink.
E	April 7, 1880.....	.....	Fond du Lac.....	65	Emil C. Plonsky.....	Wm. J. F. Seeve.....	Wm. F. Bruett.
F	April 8, 1880.....	Dec. 28, 1898	Oshkosh.....	66	Ulysses G. Carl.....	Emil F. Kraning.....	Wm. Zwicky.
G	October 27, 1881.....	Dec. 14, 1898	Appleton.....	60	Maurice S. Peerenboom.....	Wm. H. Zuehlke.....	George Merkel.
H	December 29, 1881.....	Dec. 16, 1898	Manitowoc.....	59	Norman A. Knudson.....	.....	Charles M. Krumm.
I	May 1, 1889.....	Dec. 13, 1898	Marinette.....	61	Joshua Hodgins.....	.....	Sumner K. Prescott.
K	October 4, 1880.....	Dec. 26, 1898	Beaver Dam.....	59	Philip J. Zink.....	Wm. Bearder.....	Frank W. Jillson.
L	July 30, 1898.....	July 30, 1898	Rhineland.....	61	Ed. O. Brown.....	David H. Walker.....	Thos. F. Brennan.
M	May 2, 1889.....	Nov. 23, 1898	Oconto.....	66	Wm. B. Hall.....	Albert J. Cummings.....	Frank W. Heath.



WISCONSIN MILITARY RESERVATION, NEAR CAMP DOUGLAS.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

A	May 15, 1875.....	May 5, 1899	Neillsville	64	Ole A. Jackson.....	Berthold E. Luethé.....	Frank Burnett.
B	August 1, 1873.....	May 4, 1899	La Crosse.....	59	Fred Schultz.....	Otto E. Kanard.....	Charles A. Jackel.
C	June 18, 1887.....	May 10, 1899	Hudson.....	61	Wm. Y. Burton.....	Lona Enslin.....	Joseph J. Miller.
D	October 11, 1875.....	May 1, 1899	Maunston.....	58	Gerhard F. Behnken.....	Earl W. Towers.....	Will E. Bradley.
E	July 23, 1898.....	.....	Eau Claire.....	66	Otto H. Kitzman.....	Carl A. Franklin.....	Wm. J. Kessler.
F	June 23, 1877.....	May 3, 1899	Portage.....	62	John C. Britt.....	Fred E. Burbach.....	Guy Goodell.
G	December 29, 1832.....	May 4, 1899	Wausau.....	63	Herman J. Abraham.....	Elmer I. Lucas.....	Otto Abraham.!
H	January 16, 1877.....	May 9, 1899	Menomonie.....	59	John W. Macauley.....	Milton F. Swant.....	Alexis P. Davis.
I	November 29, 1895.....	May 27, 1899	Superior.....	67	Charles F. Langevin.....	Emanuel Rossiter.....	Sam. K. Duff.
K	May 23, 1884.....	May 2, 1899	Tomah.....	67	Alva S. Goodyear.....	W. W. Warren.....	Oscar M. Mick.
L	July 15, 1886.....	May 1, 1899	Sparta.....	65	Robert B. McCoy.....	Milon R. Gould.....	Theodore J. Hanson.
M	December 28, 1892.....	May 3, 1899	La Crosse.....	60	Eugene H. Chamberlain.....	Chas. H. Rawlinson.....	John D. Taylor.

Tenth Separate Battalion of Infantry.

A	July 27, 1898.....	.....	Rice Lake.....	66	Sewall A. Peterson.....	Leslie Everts.....	Victor H. Paradis.
B	July 25, 1898.....	.....	Reedsburg.....	60	Wm. A. Wyse.....	Wm. L. Burdick.....	Albert H. Clark.
C	July 26, 1898.....	.....	Chippewa Falls.....	59	Wm. G. Hartwell.....	John H. Stanley.....	.....
D	July 28, 1898.....	.....	Ashland.....	53	David J. Mowatt.....	Neville P. Mowatt.....	Theo. W. Werder.

Troop "A" 1st Cavalry.

	April 27, 1880.....	Milwaukee.....	56	Robert W. Mueller.....	Walter L. O'Neil.....	Jas. P. Balding
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Battery "A" 1st Light Artillery.

	May 11, 1885.....	Oct. 18, 1893	Milwaukee.....	58	Charles F. Ludington...	Guy D. Armitage.....	Jos. J. Edwards.
						Chas. N. Turner.	
	General Staff.....			8			
	Medical Department.....			12			
	Field and Staff Officers.....			48			
	Non-Commissioned Staff.....			22			
	Musicians.....			84			
	Total.....			2,660			

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WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

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PART VI.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

<i>Justice</i> —J. M. Harlan, Kentucky.....1877	George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....1892
Horace Gray.....Massachusetts.1881	Edward D. White.....Louisiana.....1894
David J. Brewer.....Kansas.....1889	Rufus W. Peckham.....New York.....1895
Henry B. Brown.....Michigan.....1890	Joseph McKenna.....California.....1898

Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.....1880

Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$8,000.

Marshal—J. M. Wright, Kentucky...\$3,500 | *Reporter*—J. C. B. Davis, New York..\$4,500

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Frances C. Lowell, Nathan Webb, Arthur L. Brown, Edgar Aldrich. *Clerk*—J. G. Stetsin. Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Coxe, Edward B. Thomas, Addison Brown, John R. Hazel. *Clerk*—William Parkins. New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas, George Gray; District Judges, Andrew Kirkpatrick, Joseph Buffington, Edward G. Bradford, John B. McPherson. *Clerk*—W. V. Williamson. Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simonton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, Thomas R. Funnell, W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, Edmund Waddill, Jr., John Paul, Joseph E. Boyd. *Clerk*—H. T. Meloney. Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Fardee, A. P. McCormick, David D. Shelby; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emory Speer, Charles Swayne, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Toulmin, H. C. Niles, Charles Parlange, Aleck Boorman, Edward R. Meek, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. *Clerk*—James M. McKee. New Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, H. H. Lurton, Wm. R. Day, H. F. Severens; District Judges, Albert C. Thompson, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark, G. P. Wautz, Walter Evans. *Clerk*—Frank O. Loveland. Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Henry B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins, Peter S. Grosscup; District Judges, Christian C. Kohlsaet, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. *Clerk*—Edward M. Holloway. Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn; District Judges, William Lochern, O. P. Shiras, S. McPherson, E. B. Adams, John F. Phillips, Jacob Gruber, John H. Rogers, W. H. Munger, Moses Hallet, W. C. Hook, J. A. Riner, Chas. F. Amidon, John E. Carland, John A. Marshall. Indian Ter.: J. A. Gill, Wm. H. H. Clayton, H. Townsend. *Clerk*—J. D. Jordan. St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT.—*Judges*—Mr. Justice Joseph McKenna; Circuit Judges, E. M. Ross, William B. Gilbert, William W. Morrow; District Judges, James H. Beatty, John J. DeHaven, C. B. Bellinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellborn, Hiram Knowles, Cornelius H. Hanford. Alaska: Hiram Knowles, M. C. Brown, A. H. Noyes, James Wickersham. *Clerk*—F. D. Monckton. San Francisco, Cal.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. *Circuit Judges*—Le Baron B. Colt, Providence, R. I., July 5, 1834; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham, Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. *Circuit Judges*—Wm. J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 26, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburg, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. *Circuit Judges*—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892; George Gray, Wilmington, Del.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, So. Carolina. *Circuit Judges*—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. *Circuit Judges*—Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La., May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Texas, March 17, 1892; David D. Shelby, Huntsville, Ala.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. *Circuit Judges*—Henry F. Severens, Grand Rapids, Mich., William R. Day, Canton, Ohio, H. H. Lurton, Nashville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. *Circuit Judges*—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; Peter S. Grosscup, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 18, 1899.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, and territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian territory. *Circuit Judges*—V. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice McKenna, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada, and territories of Alaska and Arizona. *Circuit Judges*—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1895; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; William W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of Judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. NOTT, New York.

<i>Judges</i> —Lawrence Welden, Illinois, 1883	|	S. J. Peellee, Indiana, 1892
John Davis, District of Columbia, 1885	|	Chas. B. Howry, Miss., 1897

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

NAME.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Years.		
<i>John Jay</i> , New York.....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1806
William Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia.....	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.....	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland.....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey.....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
<i>John Rutledge</i> , South Carolina.....	1795-1795	.....	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
<i>Oliver Ellsworth</i> , Connecticut.....	1796-1800	4	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia.....	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
<i>John Marshall</i> , Virginia.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina.....	1801-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingston, New York.....	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland.....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1823-1813	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania.....	1830-1844	14	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia.....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
<i>Roger B. Taney</i> , Maryland.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tennessee.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts.....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama.....	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.....	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1896
Stephen J. Field, California.....	1863-.....	.....	1816	*1897
<i>Salmon P. Chase</i> , Ohio.....	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania.....	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York.....	1872-1882	10	1811	1885
<i>Morrison R. Waite</i> , Ohio.....	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877-.....	.....	1833	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia.....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio.....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1881-.....	.....	1823	.....
Samuel Blachford, New York.....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1883-1893	6	1825	1893
<i>Melville W. Fuller</i> , Illinois.....	1888-.....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1889-.....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan.....	1895-.....	.....	1836	.....
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1892-.....	.....	1832	.....
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee.....	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana.....	1893-.....	.....	1849	.....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York.....	1895-.....	.....	1837	.....
Joseph McKenna, California.....	1897-.....	.....	1843	.....

* Retired Dec. 1, 1897.

JUDGES OF U. S. DISTRICT AND TERRITORIAL COURTS,

(Salaries \$5,000 each.)

Districts.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
Alabama, northern and middle	John Bruce	Montgomery	Feb. 27, 1875
Alabama	Harry T. Toulmin	Mobile	Jan. 13, 1887
Alaska	Melville C. Brown	Juneau	June 6, 1900
Alaska	James Wickersham	Eagle City	June 6, 1900
Alaska	Arthur H. Noyes	St. Michaels	June 6, 1900
Arizona	Webster Street	Phoenix	Mar. 21, 1898
Arkansas, eastern	Jacob Trieber	Little Rock	July 23, 1900
Arkansas, western	John H. Rogers	Ft. Smith	Nov. 27, 1896
California, northern	John J. De Haven	San Francisco	June 8, 1897
California, southern	Olin Wallborn	Los Angeles	Mar. 1, 1895
Colorado	Moses Hallett	Denver	Jan. 12, 1877
Connecticut	W. K. Townsend	New Haven	Mar. 24, 1892
Delaware	Edw. G. Bradford	Washington	May 11, 1897
District of Columbia	E. F. Bingham	Washington	April 22, 1887
Florida, northern	Charles Swayne	Pensacola	May 17, 1889
Florida, southern	James W. Locke	Jacksonville	Feb. 1, 1872
Georgia, northern	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	Aug. 13, 1886
Georgia, southern	Emory Speer	Macon	Feb. 18, 1885
Hawaii	W. F. Frear	Honolulu	June 5, 1900
Idaho	James H. Beatty	Boise	Mar. 7, 1891
Illinois, northern	Chris. C. Kohlsaet.	Chicago	Feb. 28, 1899
Illinois, southern	William J. Allen	Springfield	Apr. 18, 1887
Indiana	John H. Baker	Indianapolis	Mar. 28, 1892
Indian Territory, northern	Joseph A. Gill	Vinita	Dec. 18, 1889
Indian Territory, northern	John R. Thomas	Vinita	July 1, 1897
Indian Territory, central	W. H. H. Clayton	South McAlester	May 18, 1877
Indian Territory, central	John R. Thomas	Vinita	July 1, 1897
Indian Territory, southern	Hosea Townsend	Ardmore	Jan. 10, 1898
Indian Territory, southern	John R. Thomas	Vinita	July 1, 1897
Iowa, northern	George P. Shiras	Dubuque	Aug. 4, 1882
Iowa, southern	S. McPherson	Red Oak	May 7, 1900
Kansas	Wm. C. Hook	Leavenworth	Mar. 1, 1889
Kentucky	Walter Evans	Louisville	Mar. 3, 1889
Louisiana, eastern	C. Parlange	New Orleans	Jan. 15, 1894
Louisiana, western	Aleck Boorman	Shreveport	May 18, 1881
Maine	Nathan Webb	Portland	Jan. 24, 1887
Maryland	Thomas J. Morris	Baltimore	July 1, 1878
Massachusetts	Francis C. Lowell	Boston	Jan. 10, 1888
Michigan, eastern	Henry H. Swan	Detroit	Jan. 19, 1891
Michigan, western	George P. Wanta	Grand Rapids	Mar. 16, 1900
Minnesota	William Loehren	Minneapolis	May 18, 1896
Mississippi, two	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	Aug. 11, 1891
Missouri, eastern	E. B. Adams	St. Louis	May 17, 1895
Missouri, western	John F. Phillips	Kansas City	June 25, 1888
Montana	Hiram Knowles	Helena	Feb. 21, 1890
Nebraska	Wm. H. Munger	Omaha	Feb. 18, 1897
Nevada	Thomas P. Hawley	Carson City	Sept. 9, 1890
New Hampshire	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	Feb. 20, 1891
New Jersey	A. Kirkpatrick	Newark	Nov. 20, 1896
New Mexico	Wm. J. Mills	Las Vegas	Jan. 31, 1898
New York, northern	Alfred C. Coxe	Utica	May 4, 1882
New York, southern	Addison Brown	New York City	June 2, 1881
New York, eastern	Edw. B. Thomas	Brooklyn	Feb. 15, 1898
New York, western	John E. Hazel	Buffalo	June 5, 1900
North Carolina, eastern	Thos. R. Purnell	Raleigh	May 5, 1897
North Carolina, western	James E. Boyd	Greensborough	July 11, 1900
North Dakota	Charles F. Amidon	Fargo	Aug. 31, 1896
Ohio, northern	A. J. Ricks	Cleveland	July 1, 1889
Ohio, southern	Albert C. Thompson	Cincinnati	Sept. 23, 1898
Oklahoma	John H. Burford	Guthrie	Feb. 16, 1898
Oregon	Charles B. Bellinger	Portland	Apr. 15, 1893
Pennsylvania, eastern	J. B. McPherson	Philadelphia	Mar. 2, 1899
Pennsylvania, western	Joseph Buffington	Pittsburg	Feb. 2, 1892
Porto Rico	J. Severo Quinones	San Juan	June 5, 1900
Rhode Island	Arthur L. Brown	Providence	Oct. 15, 1896
South Carolina	W. H. Brawley	Charleston	Jan. 18, 1894
South Dakota	John E. Carland	Sioux Falls	Aug. 31, 1896
Tennessee, eastern and middle	Charles D. Clark	Chattanooga	Jan. 21, 1895
Tennessee, western	Eli S. Hammond	Memphis	June 17, 1878
Texas, eastern	David E. Brvant	Sherman	May 27, 1890
Texas, western	Thomas S. Maxey	Austin	June 25, 1888
Texas, northern	Edw. R. Meek	Fort Worth	July 13, 1898
Utah	John A. Marshall	Salt Lake City	Feb. 4, 1896
Vermont	Hoyt H. Wheeler	Battleboro	Mar. 16, 1877
Virginia, eastern	Edmund Waddill, Jr.	Richmond	Mar. 22, 1898
Virginia, western	John Paul	Harrisonburg	Mar. 3, 1883
Washington	C. H. Hanford	Seattle	Feb. 25, 1890
West Virginia	John J. Jackson	Parkersburg	Aug. 3, 1861
Wisconsin, eastern	W. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	Apr. 3, 1893
Wisconsin, western	Romanzo Bunn	Madison	Oct. 30, 1877
Wyoming	John A. Riuer	Cheyenne	Sept. 22, 1890

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

District.	Name.	Official address.
Alabama, northern.....	William Vaughn.....	Birmingham.
Alabama, middle.....	Warren S. Reese, Jr.....	Montgomery.
Alabama, southern.....	Morris D. Wickersham.....	Mobile.
Alaska, first division.....	Robert A. Friedrich.....	Juneau.
Alaska, second division.....	Joseph K. Wood.....	St. Michael.
Alaska, third division.....	Alfred M. Post.....	Eagle City.
Arizona.....	Robert E. Morrison.....	Prescott.
Arkansas, eastern.....	William G. Whipple.....	Little Rock.
Arkansas, western.....	James K. Barnes.....	Fort Smith.
California, northern.....	Frank L. Coombs.....	San Francisco.
California, southern.....	Frank P. Flint.....	Los Angeles.
Colorado.....	Greeley W. Whitford.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	Francis H. Parker.....	Hartford.
Delaware.....	William M. Byrne.....	Wilmington.
District of Columbia.....	Thomas H. Anderson.....	Washington.
Florida, northern.....	John Eagan.....	Pensacola.
Florida, southern.....	Joseph A. Stripling.....	Jacksonville.
Georgia, northern.....	Edgar A. Angier.....	Atlanta.
Georgia, southern.....	Marion Erwin.....	Macon.
Hawaii.....	John C. Baird.....	Honolulu.
Idaho.....	Robert V. Cozier.....	Moscow.
Illinois, northern.....	Solomon H. Bethea.....	Chicago.
Illinois, southern.....	J. Otis Humphrey.....	Springfield.
Indiana.....	Albert W. Wishard.....	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory, northern.....	Pliny L. Soper.....	Vinita.
Indian Territory, central.....	John H. Wilkins.....	South McAlester.
Indian Territory, southern.....	William B. Johnson.....	Ardmore.
Iowa, northern.....	Horace G. McMillan.....	Cedar Rapids.
Iowa, southern.....	Lewis Miles.....	Corydon.
Kansas.....	Isaac E. Lambert.....	Topeka.
Kentucky.....	Reuben D. Hill.....	Louisville.
Louisiana, eastern.....	William Wirt Howo.....	New Orleans.
Louisiana, western.....	Milton C. Elstner.....	Shreveport.
Maine.....	Isaac W. Dyer.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	John C. Rose.....	Baltimore.
Massachusetts.....	Boyd B. Jones.....	Boston.
Michigan, eastern.....	William D. Gordon.....	Detroit.
Michigan, western.....	George G. Covell.....	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota.....	Robert G. Evans.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi, northern.....	Mack A. Montgomery.....	Oxford.
Mississippi, southern.....	Albert M. Lea.....	Vicksburg.
Missouri, eastern.....	Edward A. Rozier.....	St. Louis.
Missouri, western.....	William Warner.....	Kansas City.
Montana.....	William B. Rodgers.....	Helena.
Nebraska.....	W. S. Sumner.....	Omaha.
Nevada.....	Sardis Summerfield.....	Carson City.
New Hampshire.....	Charles J. Hamblett.....	Concord.
New Jersey.....	David O. Watkins.....	Woodbury.
New Mexico.....	William B. Childers.....	Albuquerque.
New York, northern.....	George B. Curtiss.....	Binghamton.
New York, southern.....	Henry L. Burnett.....	New York City.
New York, eastern.....	George H. Pettit.....	Brooklyn.
New York, western.....	Charles H. Brown.....	Buffalo.
North Carolina, eastern.....	Claude M. Bernard.....	Raleigh.
North Carolina, western.....	Alfred E. Holton.....	Winston.
North Dakota.....	Patrick H. Rourke.....	Fargo.
Ohio, northern.....	John J. Sullivan.....	Cleveland.
Ohio, southern.....	William E. Bundy.....	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma.....	Horace Speed.....	Guthrie.
Oregon.....	John H. Hall.....	Portland.
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	James B. Holland.....	Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania, western.....	Daniel B. Heimer.....	Pittsburg.
Porto Rico.....	N. B. K. Pettingill.....	San Juan.
Rhode Island.....	Charles A. Wilson.....	Providence.
South Carolina.....	Abial Lathrop.....	Charleston.
South Dakota.....	James D. Elliott.....	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee, eastern.....	William D. Wright.....	Knoxville.
Tennessee, middle.....	Abram M. Tillman.....	Nashville.
Tennessee, western.....	George Randolph.....	Memphis.
Texas, northern.....	William H. Atwell.....	Dallas.
Texas, eastern.....	Marcus C. McLemore.....	Galveston.
Texas, western.....	Henry Terrell.....	San Antonio.
Utah.....	Charles O. Whittemore.....	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	James L. Martin.....	Brattleboro.
Virginia, eastern.....	Edgar Allan.....	Richmond.
Virginia, western.....	Thomas M. Alderson.....	Abingdon.
Washington.....	Wilson E. Gay.....	Seattle.
West Virginia.....	Joseph H. Gaines.....	Charleston.
Wisconsin, eastern.....	H. K. Butterfield.....	Hartford.
Wisconsin, western.....	William G. Wheeler.....	Janesville.
Wyoming.....	Timothy F. Burke.....	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

District.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama, northern	Daniel N. Cooper	Birmingham.
Alabama, middle	Leander J. Bryan	Montgomery.
Alabama, southern	Frank Simmons	Mobile.
Alaska, first district	James M. Shoup	Juneau.
Alaska, second district	C. L. Vawter	St. Michaels.
Alaska, third district	George G. Perry	Eagle City.
Arizona	William M. Griffith	Tucson.
Arkansas, eastern	Henry M. Cooper	Little Rock.
Arkansas, western	S. I. I. P. Stahl	Fort Smith.
California, northern	John H. Shine	San Francisco.
California, southern	Henry Z. Osborne	Los Angeles.
Colorado	Dewey C. Bailey	Denver.
Connecticut	Edon S. Bishop	New Haven.
Delaware	John Cannon Short	Wilmington.
District of Columbia	Aulick Palmer	Washington.
Florida, northern	Thomas F. McGourin	Pensacola.
Florida, southern	John F. Horr	Jacksonville.
Georgia, northern	Walter H. Johnson	Atlanta.
Georgia, southern	John M. Barnes	Macon.
Hawaii	Daniel A. Ray	Honolulu.
Idaho	Frank C. Ramsey	Boise City.
Illinois, northern	John C. Ames	Chicago.
Illinois, southern	Charles P. Hitch	Springfield.
Indiana	Samuel E. Kercheval	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory, northern	Leo E. Bennett	Muscogee.
Indian Territory, central	Jasper P. Grady	South McAlester.
Indian Territory, southern	John S. Hammer	Ardmore.
Iowa, northern	Edward Knott	Dubuque.
Iowa, southern	George M. Christian	Des Moines.
Kansas	William Edgar Sterne	Topeka.
Kentucky	Addison D. James	Louisville.
Louisiana, eastern	Charles Fontelieu	New Orleans.
Louisiana, western	Lemuel Gustine	Shreveport.
Maine	Hutson B. Saunders	Portland.
Maryland	William F. Airey	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Charles K. Darling	Boston.
Michigan, eastern	William R. Bates	Detroit
Michigan, western	A. Oren Wheeler	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota	William H. Grimshaw	St. Paul.
Mississippi, northern	George M. Buchanan	Oxford.
Mississippi, southern	Frederick W. Collins	Jackson.
Missouri, eastern	Louis C. Bohle	St. Louis.
Missouri, western	Edwin R. Durham	Kansas City.
Montana	Joseph P. Woolman	Helena.
Nebraska	T. L. Mathews	Omaha.
Nevada	J. F. Emmett	Carson City.
New Hampshire	Eugene P. Nute	Concord.
New Jersey	Thomas J. Alcott	Trenton.
New Mexico	Creighton M. Foraker	Santa Fe.
New York, northern	Theodore L. Poole	Syracuse.
New York, eastern	Charles J. Hanbert	Brooklyn.
New York, southern	William Henkel	New York.
New York, western	William R. Compton	Eimira.
North Carolina, eastern	Henry C. Dockery	Raleigh.
North Carolina, western	James M. Millikan	Greensboro.
North Dakota	John E. Haggert	Fargo.
Ohio, northern	Frank M. Chandler	Cleveland.
Ohio, southern	Vivian J. Earin	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Canada H. Thompson	Guthrie.
Oregon	Zoeth Houser	Portland.
Pennsylvania, eastern	John B. Robinson	Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania, western	Frederick C. Leonard	Pittsburg.
Porto Rico	Edward S. Wilson	San Juan.
Rhode Island	John E. Kendrick	Providence.
South Carolina	Lawson D. Melton	Charleston.
South Dakota	Edward G. Kennedy	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee, eastern	Richard W. Austin	Knoxville.
Tennessee, middle	John W. Overall	Nashville.
Tennessee, western	Thomas H. Baker	Memphis.
Texas, northern	George H. Green	Dallas.
Texas, eastern	John Grant	Paris.
Texas, western	George L. Siebrecht	San Antonio.
Utah	Glen Miller	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	Fred A. Field	Rutland.
Virginia, eastern	Morgan Treat	Richmond.
Virginia, western	S. Brown Allen	Harrisonburg.
Washington	Clarence W. Ide	Tacoma.
West Virginia	John K. Thompson	Parkersburg.
Wisconsin, eastern	Thomas B. Reid	Milwaukee.
Wisconsin, western	Charles Lewiston	Madison.
Wyoming	Frank A. Hadsell	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR
WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Circuit Judge—JAMES G. JENKINS, MILWAUKEE.
District Judge—WM. H. SEAMAN, SHEBOYGAN.
District Attorney—H. K. BUTTERFIELD, HARTFORD.
Marshal—THOMAS B. REID, APPLETON.
Clerk—EDWARD KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.

Terms of Court.

At MILWAUKEE—First Monday in January and October.
At OSHKOSH—Second Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Forest, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Langlade, Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.
District Attorney—WILLIAM G. WHEELER, JANESVILLE.
Assistant District Attorney—HENRY T. SHELDON, MADISON.
Marshal—CHARLES LEWISTON, MADISON.
Deputy Marshal—WILLIAM T. PUGH, MADISON.
Clerk—F. W. OAKLEY, MADISON.

Terms of Court.

At MADISON—First Tuesday in December.
Special Term—Third Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
At LA CROSSE—Third Tuesday in September.
At EAU CLAIRE—First Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas, Washburn, Wood.

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.		WESTERN DISTRICT.	
Francis Bloodgood	Milwaukee.	F. W. Oakley	Madison.
John F. Harper	Milwaukee.	W. D. McCue	Madison.
James H. Merrill	Oshkosh.	S. C. Hanks	Madison.
Gustav E. Matile	Green Bay.	L. F. Patten	Janesville.
Charles E. Nichols	Marinette.	L. A. Doolittle	Eau Claire.
Charles F. Dillett	Shawano.	Alfred Harrison	La Crosse.
A. H. Kellogg	Appleton.	Guy C. Prentice	La Crosse.
Francis Williams	Sheboygan.	M. S. Bright	Superior.
John E. Martin	Antigo.	Phil. H. Perkins	West Superior.
W. W. Waterhouse	Oshkosh.	C. A. Lamoreux	Ashland.
		W. M. Tomkins	Ashland.
		A. L. Ruggles	Hurley.
		F. E. Bump	Wausau.
		Levi J. Billings	Rhineland.

PROOF OF DEEDS COMMISSIONER FOR OTHER STATES.

FRANCIS ED DODGOOD, MILWAUKEE.

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st—HENRY FINK, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties—Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Fond du Lac, Forest, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago. Langlade, except eight townships in western portion of said county. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, \$9,230,252.

2d—JAMES G. MONAHAN, Collector, Madison.

Counties—Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas, Washburn, Wood and western eight towns, Langlade county. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, \$1,222,742.09.

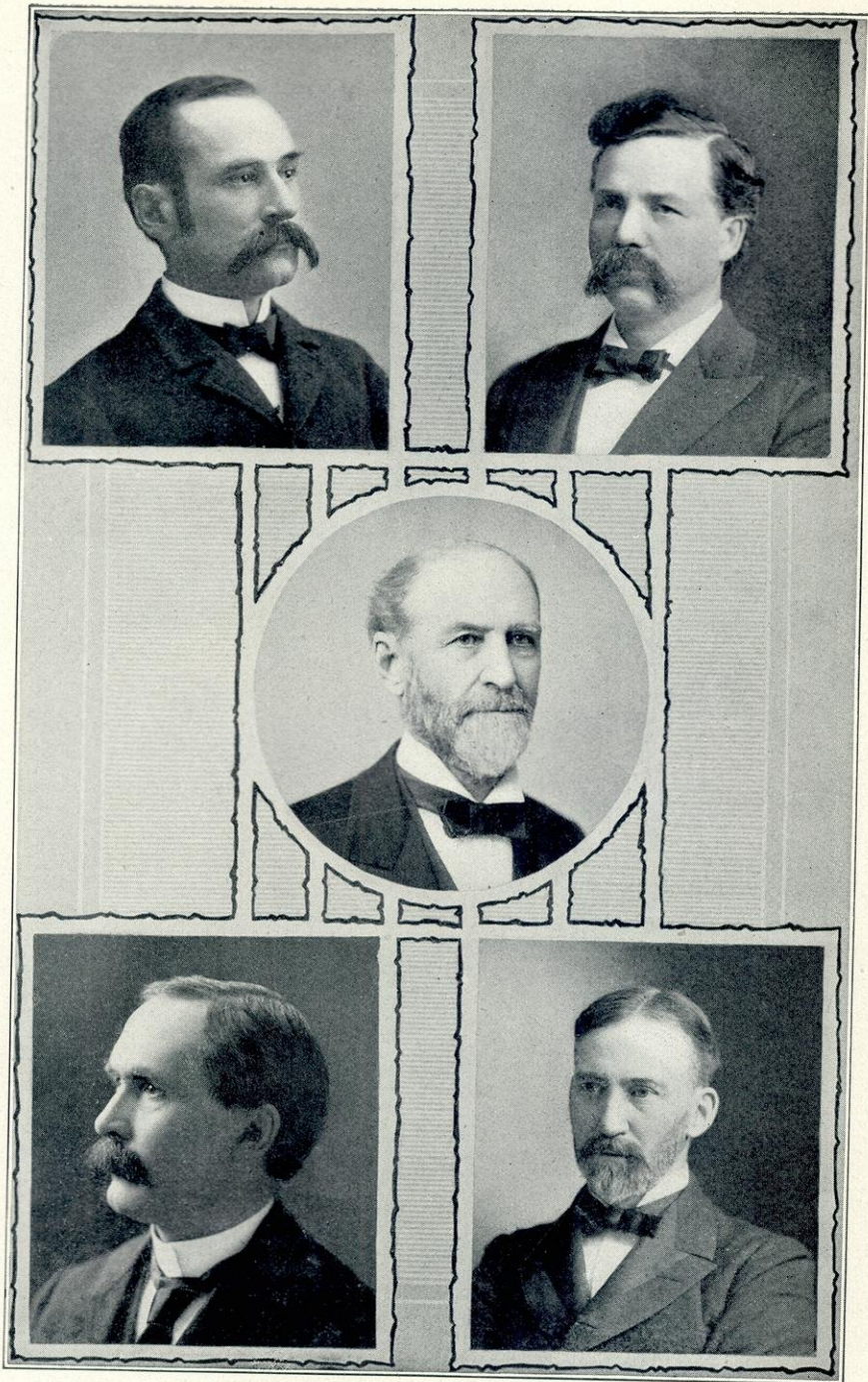
SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

Name.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
JOHN B. CASSODAY	Chief Justice.....	\$5,000	Jan., 1910
JOHN B. WINSLOW.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1906
ROUJET D. MARSHALL.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1903
CHARLES V. BARDEEN	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1904
JOSHUA E. DODGE	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1902

CLARENCE KELLOGG.....	Clerk	HARRY R. HEWITT.....	Sten. and Copyist
WILLIAM J. PETHERICK.....	Deputy Clerk	CLARA E. LATHROP.....	Sten. and Copyist
JOHN R. BERRYMAN.....	Librarian	WILLIAM A. KLATTE.....	Sten. and Copyist
FREDERIC K. CONOVER.....	Reporter	GILSON G. GLASIER.....	Sten. and Copyist
R. B. HART.....	Proof Reader to Reporter	CLARENCE L. BARDEEN.....	Sten. and Copyist
WILLIAM H. REVIS.....	Messenger	C. H. BEYLER.....	Messenger and Crier

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.
AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.



WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. WINSLOW.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL.

JOHN B. CASSODAY.

CHARLES V. BARDEEN.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges, \$3,600 per annum, and \$100 for expenses.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint not to exceed two extra terms of court, to be held in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem it necessary during any one year, and may or may not, in his discretion cause jurors therefor to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such extra terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term for such county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

Every term in any county in each circuit shall be a special term for the whole circuit, unless the court, by order filed in the clerk's office at least twelve days before any such term, shall otherwise order as to such county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898, as amended by Sec. 32, Ch. 351, L. 1899.*

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—FRANK M. FISH, RACINE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1902.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.		
Walworth.....	3d Monday in February..... 1st Monday in June..... 1st Monday in October.....	Elkhorn.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.		
Racine.....	2d Monday in April..... 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November....			Racine.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Kenosha.....	3d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in September....			Kenosha.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the month of June. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

SECOND CIRCUIT.

*JUDGE—L. W. HALSEY, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1902.

CIRCUIT COURT No. 2, JUDGE—EUGENE S. ELLIOTT.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1906.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Milwaukee....	1st Monday in January..... 1st Monday in April..... 1st Monday in July..... 1st Monday in October.....	Milwaukee.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

* Appointed July 28, 1900, to succeed D. H. Johnson, who died June 15, 1900, A jury shall be summoned for the first day of each of said terms unless it is otherwise ordered by the court. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1903.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Calumet.....	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Chilton.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Green Lake...	3d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in June..... }	Dartford.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Winnebago *..	1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December.... }	Oshkosh.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
SPECIAL TERMS.			
Winnebago....	1st Tuesday in February } and September..... }	Oshkosh.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*The court for said county shall be deemed to be opened for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—MICHAEL KIRWAN, MANITOWOC.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1905.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Sheboygan....	2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Sheboygan...	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Manitowoc....	Tuesday after 2d Monday in Jan.. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June }	Manitowoc...	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Kewaunee....	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Kewaunee....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Fond du Lac..	Tuesday after 3d Monday in Feb- ruary..... } Tuesday after 1st Monday in March Tuesday after 1st Monday in July Tuesday after 2d Monday in No- vember..... }	Fond du Lac	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered by the judge. Such terms shall be a continuation of all terms therein which are not finally adjourned. * * * * * No term of such court shall be at an end until an express order for final adjournment is made and entered, and one term may be adjourned beyond the beginning of the next term in same county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Grant	3d Monday in February..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Lancaster.....	Chap. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Iowa	3d Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September.. }	Dodgeville.....	Chap. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Layfayette....	1st Monday in June..... } 1st Monday in December.... }	Darlington.....	Chap. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Richland.....	2d Monday in April..... } 2d Tuesday in September.... }	Richland Center.	Chap. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Crawford.. ...	2d Tuesday before the 1st } Monday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in November }	Prairie du Chien.	Chap. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

* JUDGE—J. J. FRUIT, LA CROSSE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1903.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
La Crosse.....	2d Tuesday in January..... } 1st Tuesday in May..... } 2d Tuesday in September... }	La Crosse.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Monroe	3d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in October..... }	Sparta	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Trempealeau .	1st Tuesday in March } 3d Tuesday in October }	Whitehall.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Vernon.....	2d Tuesday in June } 2d Tuesday in December.... }	Viroqua.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Juneau.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 3d Tuesday in November.... }	Mauston	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*Appointed to succeed Orvis B. Wyman, deceased.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1905.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Adams.....	2d Tuesday in June..... } 3d Tuesday in December.... }	Friendship.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Portage	4th Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in November..... }	Stevens Point....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Waupaca.....	1st Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Waupaca.....	Sec. 2424 W. S. 1898
Waushara.....	Last Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September... }	Wautoma	Chap. 6. Sec 1. L. 1901
Wood.....	2d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Grand Rapids....	Sec. 2424 W. S. 1898

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1905.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Buffalo	4th Monday in February } 4th Monday in October..... }	Alma.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Dunn	2d Monday in March	Menomonie	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	2d Monday in September..... }		
Pepin	3d Monday in April	Durand	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	3d Monday in October		
Pierce	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in November }	Ellsworth.....	Sec. 1, ch. 10, L. of 1899
St. Croix.....	4th Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September... }	Hudson	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

The judge of said circuit may appoint, by order to be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for each county therein, four special terms in each year at such times and places as he shall deem necessary and proper. Said order shall be filed at least four weeks before the time therein appointed for holding any such term, and the time of holding the same may be changed in like manner. At terms so appointed and held any and all business except the trial of issues of fact by a jury may be transacted. Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—ROBERT G. SIEBECKER, MADISON

Term ends first Monday of January, 1903.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Columbia...	2d Tuesday in May..... } 1st Tuesday in December..... }	Portage.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Dane*.....	2d Monday in January..... } Monday after first Tuesday in April } 4th Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Madison.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Marquette ..	1st Tuesday in June..... } Tuesday after 3d Monday in No- } vember..... }	Montello.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Sauk	2d Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in October..... }	Baraboo.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*But no jury shall be summoned for the term in June. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Florence	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in September..... }	Florence	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Forest.....	2d Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in September..... }	Crandon.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Langlade	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Antigo.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Outagamie*...	1st Tuesday in February..... } 3d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November..... }	Appleton.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898
Shawano.....	3d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December..... }	Shawano.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898

*No jury shall be summoned for the February term in said county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

ELEVENTH CIRC. IT.

JUDGE—AADJ. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Barron.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 4th Tuesday in September.. }	Barron.....	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898
Burnett	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in September... }	Grantsburg	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898.
Chippewa.....	1st Tuesday in May..... } 2d Tuesday in October..... }	Chippewa Falls.	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898.
Douglas.....	1st Tuesday in February... } 1st Tuesday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in November... }	Superior	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898.
Polk	2d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in September... }	Balsam Lake	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898.
Washburn.....	4th Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in August. . . }	Shell Lake.	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — BENJAMIN DUNWIDDIE, JANESVILLE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Rock	4th Monday in February.... } 1st Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in November.... }	Janesville	Chap. 27, sec. 1, L. 1901
Green	1st Monday in April..... } 4th Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Monroe	Chap. 27, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Jefferson.....	1st Monday in February.... } 2d Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in September... }	Jefferson	Chap. 27, sec. 1, L. 1901.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the months of January and June. *Chap. 27, L. 1901.*

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES J. DICK, BEAVER DAM.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1906.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Dodge.....	4th Tuesday in September .. } 2d Tuesday in February..... }	Juneau.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September... } 1st Tuesday in March..... }	Port Washington	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Washington ..	2d Tuesday in October..... } 3d Tuesday in March..... }	West Bend.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waukesha *..	1st Tuesday in December..... } 1st Monday in May..... } 4th Tuesday in August (spe- } cial)..... } 1st Tuesday in February } (special)..... }	Waukesha	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*No jury shall be summoned for the special terms. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*
At any general or special term any and all business may be done arising or pending in any county in said circuit which might be done at a general term in the several counties except the trial of issues of fact by a jury.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, JR., GREEN BAY.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1902.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Brown	Last Monday in November. } 1st Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in June..... }	Green Bay	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Door	1st Tuesday in February..... } Tuesday after 1st Monday in } September..... }	Sturgeon Bay....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January..... } 1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Marinette.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Oconto.....	2d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November.... }	Oconto.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

Said court for the county of Brown shall be deemed to be open for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein. * * * * * The jurors for each term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette shall be summoned to appear at or before 9 o'clock A. M. on the second day thereof. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. K. PARISH, ASHLAND.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1906.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Ashland.....	1st Monday in January..... } 4th Monday in April..... } 1st Monday in September..... }	Ashland.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Bayfield.....	1st Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Washburn.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Iron.....	3d Monday in June..... } 2d Monday in November..... }	Hurley.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Price.....	3d Monday in May..... } 4th Monday in November..... }	Phillips.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Sawyer.....	3d Monday in April..... } 1st Monday in December..... }	Hayward.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Taylor.....	Wednesday after the first } Tuesday in April..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Medford.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for any such term if the presiding judge of the circuit shall file an order with the clerk of the court for any county therein, at least fifteen days before any general term in such county, directing that no jury shall be summoned; such order may be made whenever it shall appear that there is no necessity for a jury. Said judge may adjourn any general or special term of such court to the next ensuing general term or beyond the time fixed for holding general terms thereof in any county in the circuit.

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—W. C. SILVERTHORN, WAUSAU.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Lincoln.....	1st Monday in October.... } 1st Monday after 1st Tues- } day in April..... }	Merrill.....	Ch. 2, Sec. 1, W. S. 1901.
Marathon.....	2d Monday in February... } 2d Monday in September.. }	Wausau.....	Ch. 2, Sec. 1, W. S. 1901.
Oneida.....	1st Monday in May..... } 2d Monday in November.. }	Rhineland.....	Ch. 2, Sec. 1, W. S. 1901.
Vilas.....	1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December.. }	Eagle River.....	Ch. 2, Sec. 1, W. S. 1901.

Every general term of the circuit in each of the counties as herein provided for shall be a special term of the circuit court for each of the other counties in said circuit, and any and all business arising and pending, or which may arise or be pending in any of the counties in said circuit, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury, may be brought and heard and determined or disposed of judicially, at any of such special terms. *Chap. 2, Sec. 2, L. of 1901.*

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES O'NEILL, NEILLSVILLE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Clark.....	3d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November.... }	Neillsville.....	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.
Eau Claire*...	3d Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in September.... }	Eau Claire.....	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.
Jackson.....	1st Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Black River Falls	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.

*There shall also be held in the county of Eau Claire, on the second Monday in June, a special term for said circuit, but no jury shall be drawn for such term. *Laws of 1901.*

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No. of circuit.	Name.	P. O. address.
1	Charles H. Welch.....	Milwaukee.
2	Richard Burke.....	Milwaukee.
3	H. D. Goodwin.....	Milwaukee.
4	William C. Kimball.....	Oshkosh.
5	H. A. Bush.....	Fond du Lac.
6	Charles Orton.....	Lancaster.
7	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
8	R. W. Morse.....	Waupaca.
9	Charles A. Cross.....	Hudson.
10	Edward H. Smith.....	Madison.
11	F. S. Bradford.....	Appleton.
12	T. H. Wolford.....	Superior.
13	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
14	J. H. Sawyer.....	Beaver Dam.
15	James T. Parkes.....	Green Bay.
16	Joseph Cover.....	Ashland.
17	George Hart.....	Wausau.
	Charles W. Fiske.....	Eau Claire.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS

In the several counties, appointed by the Circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the Circuit Courts, January 1, A. D. 1901. The county judges of all counties, also have the powers of court commissioners.

ADAMS COUNTY.		CRAWFORD COUNTY.	
George W. Waterman.....	Friendship	O. B. Thomas	Prairie du Chien
Irwin S. Berry.....	Kilbourn	Wm. H. Evans	Prairie du Chien
Henry J. Dartt.....	Friendship	G. L. Miller.....	Prairie du Chien
ASHLAND COUNTY.		J. N. Kast.....	Belle Center
Charles Brisley.....	Ashland	A. O. Peterson.....	Soldiers Grove
Ben S. Smith.....	Ashland	DANE COUNTY.	
O. H. Foster.....	Ashland	C. E. Buell.....	Madison
N. B. Wharton.....	Ashland	Chas. N. Brown.....	Madison
BARRON COUNTY.		Rufus B. Smith.....	Madison
Fred B. Kinsley.....	Barron	Herman Pfund.....	Madison
James Robbins.....	Rice Lake	J. C. Harper.....	Madison
L. L. Constance.....	Rice Lake	Harry L. Butler.....	Madison
BAYFIELD COUNTY.		DODGE COUNTY.	
O. Flanders.....	Bayfield	Geo. W. Morse.....	Juneau
Ernest Sauve.....	Iron River	H. W. Lander.....	Beaver Dam
Arthur R. Mead.....	Iron River	F. M. Lawrence.....	Mayville
D. M. Maxey.....	Washburn	E. D. Doney.....	Waupun
A. W. McLeod.....	Washburn	Chas. A. Kading.....	Watertown
BROWN COUNTY.		DOOR COUNTY.	
G. E. Matile.....	Green Bay	G. W. Allen.....	Sturgeon Bay
J. F. Watermolen.....	Green Bay	DOUGLAS COUNTY.	
F. C. Cady.....	Green Bay	W. E. Hoehle.....	West Superior
C. W. Lomas.....	Green Bay	J. M. Reed.....	West Superior
E. F. Parker.....	De Pere	W. B. Kellogg.....	West Superior
BUFFALO COUNTY.		C. P. Fridley.....	West Superior
Theo. Buehler.....	Alma	George C. Cooper.....	West Superior
E. F. Ganz.....	Alma	George B. Hudnall.....	Superior
M. L. Fuzina.....	Fountain City	DUNN COUNTY.	
J. W. Whelan.....	Mondovi	George Shafer.....	Menomonie
P. H. Urness.....	Moddovi	N. F. Carpenter.....	Menomonie
BURNETT COUNTY.		J. R. Mathews.....	Menomonie
F. O. Olsen.....	Grantsburg	J. C. Ticknor.....	Menomonie
F. G. Dahlberg.....	Trade Lake	EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.	
CALUMET COUNTY.		W. W. Johnston.....	Augusta
J. E. McMullen.....	Chilton	A. J. Marsh.....	Eau Claire
James Kirwan.....	Chilton	Alexander Moggett.....	Eau Claire
George C. Hume.....	Chilton	George C. Tall.....	Eau Claire
CHIPPEWA COUNTY.		William C. Donovan.....	Eau Claire
Arthur Gough.....	Chippewa Falls	Robert D. Whitford.....	Eau Claire
L. J. Rusk.....	Chippewa Falls	FLORENCE COUNTY.	
John P. Wall.....	Chippewa Falls	L. E. McGill.....	Florence
E. J. Dierks.....	Bloomer	W. C. Haberkorn.....	Florence
CLARK COUNTY.		J. E. Parry.....	Florence
R. F. Kuntz.....	Neillsville	C. S. Hopkins.....	Commonwealth
Charles F. Grow.....	Neillsville	FOND DU LAC COUNTY.	
J. R. Studevant.....	Neillsville	H. F. Rose.....	Fond du Lac
D. R. Freeman.....	Colby	D. D. Southerland.....	Fond du Lac
B. M. Fullmer.....	Loyal	T. J. Hoey.....	Fond du Lac
George Burke.....	Thorp	J. M. Gooding.....	Fond du Lac
COLUMBIA COUNTY.		R. L. Oliver.....	Waupun
A. D. Bowman.....	Kilbourn	A. E. Dunlap.....	Kipou
W. C. Leitsch.....	Columbus	FOREST COUNTY.	
Chas. L. Dering.....	Portage	P. Shay.....	Armstrong Creek
J. W. Coapman.....	Portage	John Mashbaum.....	North Crandon
Peter Williams.....	Cambria	L. F. Bliss.....	Crandon
S. H. Watson.....	Loji		

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

GRANT COUNTY.

W. J. Brennan.....Lancaster
 e. man B. chner.....Lancaster
 Paul Meyer.....Boscobel
 V. E. Howe.....Boscobel
 J. W. Murray.....Platteville
 W. H. Leebe.....Platteville

GREEN COUNTY.

Willard T. Saucerman.....Monroe
 Thomas Luchsinger.....Monroe
 H. N. B. Caradine.....Monroe

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

John C. McConnell.....Dartford
 John J. Wood, Jr.....Berlin
 Perry Niskern.....Berlin
 Fred Engelbracht, Jr.....Berlin
 Gerrit T. Thorn, Jr.....Markesan
 Edward Harroune.....Princeton

IOWA COUNTY.

Calvert Spensley.....Mineral Point
 J. M. Smith.....Mineral Point
 Ernest Fiedler.....Mineral Point
 J. J. Hoskins.....Dodgenville
 Richard Carter.....Dodgenville
 J. P. Smelker.....Dodgenville

IRON COUNTY.

James Blackburn.....Hurley
 W. H. Lucia.....Hurley
 Daniel Reed.....Hurley
 J. B. Anderson.....Upsan
 S. J. McNalley.....Hurley
 J. C. Flanagan.....Hurley
 C. Rieble.....Hurley

JACKSON COUNTY.

John G. Forbes.....Black River Falls
 Frank Johnson.....Black River Falls
 Edwin Pierob.....Merrillan
 Chas. F. Hille.....Black River Falls
 Ralph C. Pope.....Black River Falls

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

George H. Stafford.....Ft. Atkinson
 W. H. Porter.....Jefferson
 O. C. Hahn.....Watertown
 William F. Woodard.....Watertown
 H. T. Ames.....Waterloo

JUNEAU COUNTY.

H. W. Barney.....Mauston
 T. K. Dunn.....Elroy
 Geo. S. Grubb.....Mauston
 J. J. Hughes.....New Lisbon
 N. M. Hess.....New Lisbon
 A. D. Gill.....Mauston

KENOSHA COUNTY.

James Cavanaugh.....Kenosha
 Myron A. Baker.....Kenosha
 Henry J. Hastings.....Kenosha
 Gerald E. McDowell.....Kenosha
 John C. Slater.....Kenosha

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Frank Kwapil.....Algoma
 J. R. McDonald.....Algoma
 A. D. Laughlin.....Kewaunee
 A. L. Schmitz.....Kewaunee
 L. Albert Karel.....Kewaunee

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

C. L. Hood.....La Crosse
 John A. Daniels.....La Crosse
 P. W. Mahoney.....La Crosse
 T. J. Wilby.....La Crosse
 A. Harrison.....La Crosse
 G. C. Prentiss.....La Crosse

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

P. H. Conley.....Darlington
 G. A. Marshall.....Darlington
 J. H. Clary.....Darlington
 M. A. O'Brien.....Shullsburg
 John W. Blackstone.....Shullsburg

LANGLADE COUNTY.

Geo. W. Latta.....Antigo
 C. Werden Deane.....Antigo
 T. W. Hogan.....Antigo
 W. F. White.....Antigo

LINCOLN COUNTY.

E. M. Smart.....Merrill
 M. C. Porter.....Merrill
 A. A. Helms.....Merrill
 T. J. Matthews.....Merrill
 G. M. Sheldon.....Tomahawk

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

G. G. Sedgwick.....Manitowoc
 H. L. Markham.....Manitowoc
 J. S. Anderson.....Manitowoc
 John Chloupek.....Manitowoc
 W. J. Wrieth.....Two Rivers

MARATHON COUNTY.

M. B. Rosenberry.....Wausau
 Otto Krueger.....Wausau
 C. H. Mueller.....Wausau
 Andrew Flaig.....Colby
 Louis Marchetti.....Wausau

MARINETTE COUNTY.

H. M. Bird.....Marinette
 Charles C. Daily.....Marinette
 Amos Holgate.....Marinette
 Henry T. Scudder.....Marinette
 E. J. Devney.....Marinette

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

John Barry.....Montello
 F. J. Dodge.....Montello
 James Duff.....Packwaukee
 S. G. Mills.....Briggsville

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Hugh Ryan.....Milwaukee
 John F. Harper.....Milwaukee
 W. J. McElroy.....Milwaukee
 Mrs. Kate Pier.....Milwaukee
 J. E. Roehr.....Milwaukee
 Fred Scheiber.....Milwaukee
 Francis Bloodgood.....Milwaukee
 G. W. Hazelton.....Milwaukee
 M. M. Riley.....Milwaukee

MONROE COUNTY.

S. W. Button.....Sparta
 Ray B. Graves.....Sparta
 Howard Teasdale.....Sparta
 A. D. Benjamin.....Tomah
 Chris Maxwell.....Tomah
 H. C. Spaulding.....Tomah

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

OCONTO COUNTY.

Francis X. Morson Oconto
 A Reinhart Oconto
 D. G. Classon Oconto
 L. S. Bailey Oconto
 L. J. Pingel Oconto

ONEIDA COUNTY.

Levi J. Billings Rhineland
 W. W. Carr Rhineland

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY

Frank W. Harriman Appleton
 Samuel Boyd Appleton
 Orlando E. Clark Appleton
 D. J. Brothers Kaukauna
 Louis Jacquot Hortonville
 F. R. Dittmer Seymour

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Eugene S. Turner Port Washington
 Lathar Sauer Port Washington
 Wm. A. Tholen Port Washington

PEPIN COUNTY.

Fred Stahl Pepin
 C. M. Hilliard Durand
 J. J. Morgan Durand
 J. D. Eldridge Durand
 A. V. Hammond Durand

PIERCE COUNTY.

John Foley Ellsworth
 W. G. Spence Spring Valley

POLK COUNTY.

James J. Cavanaugh Clear Lake
 H. B. Dike Osceola

PORTAGE COUNTY.

A. J. Smith Amherst
 A. P. Ken Amherst
 H. H. Moore Plover
 Daniel J. Leahy Stevens Point
 George T. Atwood Stevens Point

PRICE COUNTY.

G. M. Chamberlain Phillips
 Freeman W. Sackett Phillips
 G. D. Myers Prentice
 Richard E. Smith Phillips

RACINE COUNTY.

John T. Wentworth Racine
 Wm. D. Thompson Racine
 R. L. Uchurch Racine
 Max W. Heck Racine
 A. Cary Judd Racine
 Francis Rouschlein Burlington

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Michael Murphy Richland Center
 James H. Miner Richland Center
 K. W. Eastland Richland Center
 F. W. Burnham Richland Center
 George Wuling Richland Center

ROCK COUNTY.

M. P. Richardson Janesville
 Ed. F. Carpenter Janesville
 L. F. Patten Janesville
 J. P. Towne Edgerton
 S. J. Todd Beloit

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Harry H. Smith New Richmond
 H. C. Fickes Glenwood
 John W. Bashford Hudson
 S. J. Bradford Hudson
 Trueworthy Jewell Hudson
 Henry Anderson Baldwin

SAUK COUNTY.

L. C. Hitchcock Baraboo
 E. Aug Runge Baraboo
 H. N. Winchester Reedsburg
 W. A. Wyse Reedsburg

SAWYER COUNTY.

George Herrington Hayward
 Sam J. Williams Hayward
 W. H. Marquette Hayward
 Otto Christianson Hayward
 F. L. McNamara Hayward

SHAWANO COUNTY.

H. Klosterman Shawano
 C. A. Ratsler Shawano
 O. Andrews Shawano
 Frank Williams Wittensberg
 F. H. Bishop Cecil
 C. F. Dillett Shawano

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

D. T. Phalen Sheboygan
 F. H. Denison Sheboygan
 Francis Williams Sheboygan
 A. C. Prescott Sheboygan
 H. J. Rooney Plymouth
 John E. Thomas Sheboygan Falls

TAYLOR COUNTY.

J. B. Hagarty Medford
 T. G. Jeffers Medford
 Clinton Textor Medford
 Wm. Pringle Rib Lake
 K. J. Urquhart Medford

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

J. A. Rainey Arcadia
 E. S. Hotchkiss Independence
 Wm. H. Gibson Centerville

VERNON COUNTY.

Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua
 C. M. Butt Viroqua
 L. H. E. Webster Hillsboro
 Jackson Silbaugh Viroqua
 Alva F. Drew La Farge

VILAS COUNTY.

Geo. E. O'Connor Eagle River
 L. E. McGill Eagle River
 A. G. Bolger Minocqua

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

WALWORTH COUNTY.		WAUPACA COUNTY	
J. F. Lyon	Elkhorn	J. E. Lehr.....	Clintonville
E. L. von Suessmilch.....	Delavan	Charles Churchill.....	Waupaca
J. W. Page.....	Elkhorn	R. F. Taggart.....	Weyauwega
		Charles A. Holmes ..	New London
		J. Wakefield.....	Fremont
WASHBURN COUNTY.		WAUSHARA COUNTY.	
P. E. Leonard.....	Shell Lake	S. A. Corning.....	Plainfield
A. L. Buebee ..	Shell Lake	W. B. Angelo.....	Plainfield
C. W. Haskins.....	Spooner	W. N. Kelley.....	Plainfield
		John H. Thomas.....	Berlin
		Gilbert Tennant.....	Wautoma
		Chas. E. Baker.....	Plainfield
		E. W. Hubble.....	Wautoma
WASHINGTON COUNTY.		WINNEBAGO COUNTY.	
Fred H. Haase.....	West Bend	H. L. Sweet.....	Oshkosh
C. E. Robinson.....	West Bend	Wesley Mott.....	Neenah
J. C. Russell.....	Hartford	Christian Sarau.....	Oshkosh
		W. W. Waterhouse.....	Oshkosh
		John Harrington.....	Oshkosh
WAUKESHA COUNTY.		WOOD COUNTY.	
D. J. Hemlock	Waukesha	B. M. Vaughan.....	Grand Rapids
Ernst Merton	Waukesha	Theo. W. Brazeau.....	Grand Rapids
T. W. Parkinson.....	Waukesha	Herman Wiperman.....	Grand Rapids
A. J. Dopp.....	Waukesha	E. M. Deming.....	Marshfield
Edwin Harlbut	Oconomowoc		
Oscar F. Jones	Oconomowoc		

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

PRESIDENT AND CABINET.

(Corrected to January 1, 1901.)

President—William McKinley, Ohio.
Secretary of State—John Hay, District of Columbia.
Secretary of the Treasury—Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.
Secretary of War—Elihu Root, New York.
Attorney General—John W. Griggs, New Jersey.
Postmaster General—Charles E. Smith, Pennsylvania.
Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior—E. A. Hitchcock, Missouri.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, Iowa.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
President—William McKinley, Ohio.....	\$50,000
Secretary—George B. Cortelyou, N. Y.....	5,000
Assistant Secretaries—O. L. Pruden.....	2,800
Benjamin F. Barnes.....	2,800
Vice-Pres.—Theodore Roosevelt, N. Y.....	8,000
U. S. Dist. Marshal—Aulick Palmer, Washington, D. C.....	6,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary—John Hay, D. C.....	\$8,000
Asst. Secretary—David J. Hill, N. Y.....	4,500
Second Asst. Sec.—Alvey A. Adee, D. C.....	4,000
Third Asst. Sec.—Thomas Wilbur Cridler, W. Va.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—William H. Michael, Neb.....	2,500
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau—Sydney Y. Smith, D. C.....	2,100
Chief Con. Bureau—Robert S. Chilton, Jr., D. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives—Pendleton King, N. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts—Thomas Morrison.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Foreign Commerce—Frederic Emory, Md.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library—A. H. Allen, N. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Appointments—Robert Brent Mosher, Ky.....	2,100
Translator—Henry L. Thomas, N. Y.....	2,100
Private Secretary to Sec. of State—E. J. Babcock, N. Y.....	2,400

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Secretary—Lyman J. Gage, Ill.....	\$8,000
Priv. Sec.—M. E. Ailes, Ohio.....	2,400
Asst. Sec.—Horace A. Taylor, Wis.....	4,500
Asst. Sec.—O. L. Spaulding, N. J.....	4,500
Asst. Sec.—F. A. Vanderlip, Ill.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Theo. F. Swayze, N. J.....	3,000
Chief of Appt. Div.—Charles Lyman, Conn.....	2,750
Chief of Warrants Div.—W. F. Maclennan.....	2,750
Chief of Pub. Moneys Div.—Eugene B. Daskam.....	2,500
Chief of Cus. Div.—Andrew Johnson, N. Y.....	2,700
Chief of Div. Rev. Cutter Service—C. F. Shoemaker, N. Y.....	2,500
Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div.—Geo. Simmons, D. C.....	2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Div.—Andrew T. Huntington, Mass.....	2,500
Chief of Misc. Div.—Lewis Jordan, Ind.....	2,500
Supervising Special Agent—W. S. Chance.....	\$10 day
Supervising Architect—James K. Taylor, Pa.....	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Engraving and Printing—Wm. M. Meredith.....	4,500
Asst. Chief—Thomas J. Sullivan, D. C.....	2,250
Superintendent Engraving Div.—John R. Hill, N. Y.....	3,600
Chief of Bureau of Statistics—O. P. Austin, D. C.....	3,000
Genl. Supt. of Life-Saving Service—S. I. Kimball, Me.....	4,000
Asst.—Horace L. Piper, Me.....	2,500
Comptroller of the Treasury—R. J. Tracewell, Ind.....	5,000
Asst.—L. P. Mitchell, Ind.....	4,500
Register of the Treasury—J. W. Lyons, Ga.....	4,000
Asst.—N. L. Chew, Ind.....	2,250
Director of the Mint—Geo. E. Roberts, Iowa.....	4,500
Commissioner of Internal Revenue—G. W. Wilson, Ohio.....	6,000
Commissioner of Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, N. Y.....	3,600
Superintendent of Coast and Geodetic Survey—H. S. Pritchett, Mo.....	6,000
Surg.—Gen. Marine Hospital Service—Walter Wyman, Mo.....	4,000
Auditor for the Treasury Dept.—W. E. Andrews, Neb.....	3,600
Deputy—Edward McKitterick, Iowa.....	2,250
Auditor for the War Dept.—H. F. Morris.....	3,600
Deputy—Dan A. Grosvenor, Ind.....	2,250
Auditor for the Interior Dept.—William Youngblood, Ala.....	3,600
Deputy—Robert S. Person, N. D.....	2,250
Auditor for the Navy Dept.—William W. Brown.....	3,600
Deputy—John M. Ewing, Wis.....	2,250
Auditor for the State and other Depts.—Ernst G. Timme, Wis.....	3,600
Deputy—George W. Esterly, S. D.....	2,250
Auditor for the Postoffice Dept.—Henry A. Castle, Minn.....	3,600
Deputy—Abraham L. Lawshe, Ind.....	2,250
United States Treasurer—E. H. Roberts, N. Y.....	6,000
Asst. Treas.—J. F. Meline, D. C.....	3,600
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div.—Thos. E. Rogers, West Va.....	3,500
Comptroller of the Currency—Charles G. Dawes, Ill.....	5,000
Deputy—Comptroller—Thomas P. Kane.....	2,800

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of War—Elihu Root, N. Y.....	\$8,000
Major-General of the Army—Nelson A. Miles.	
Adjutant-General—Henry F. Corbin.	
Inspector-General—Joseph C. Breckinridge.	
Judge Advocate-General—G. N. Lieber.	
Quartermaster-General—M. I. Ludington.	
Commissary General of Subsistence—John F. Weston.	
Surgeon General—George M. Sternberg.	
Paymaster General—Alfred E. Bate.	

COMMISSION TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Commissioners—William H. Taft, Dean C. Worcester, Luke E. Wright, Henry C. Ide, Bernard Moses.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, Mass.....	<i>Salary.</i>
Asst. Secy. of the Navy—Frank W. Hackett.....	\$8,000
Admiral of the Navy—George Dewey.	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Ordnance—Rear-Admiral Charles O'Neill.	
Chief of Bureau of Equipment—Rear-Admiral R. B. Bradford.	
Hydrographer Commander—C. C. Todd.	
Chief of Bureau of Navigation—Rear-Admiral A. S. Crowninshield.	
Chief Intelligence Officer—Capt. Charles G. Sigsbee.	
Judge—Advocate—General—Capt. Samuel C. Lemly.	

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney General—John W. Griggs.....	<i>Salary.</i>
Solicitor General—John K. Richards.	\$8,000
Assistants Attorney-General—James M. Beck, John G. Thompson, Lewis A. Pradt, Henry M. Hoyt.	
Assistant Attorneys-General—James M. Beck, John G. Thompson, Lewis A.	
Assistant Attorney-General (Post Office Department)—James N. Tyner.	
Solicitor of Internal Revenue (Treasury Department)—George M. Thomas.	
Solicitor for Department of State—William L. Penfield.	

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster General—Charles Emory Smith, Penn.....	<i>Salary.</i>
Chief Clerk—Bayne W. Taylor, W. Va.....	\$8,000
First Assistant Postmaster General—William M. Johnson.....	2,500
Chief Clerk—George M. Allen, Ind.....	4,000
Second Assistant Postmaster General—W. S. Shallenberger.....	2,000
Chief Clerk—George F. Stone, N. Y.....	4,000
Third Assistant Postmaster General—Edwin C. Madden.....	2,000
Chief Clerk—Edward B. Kellogg.....	4,000
Fourth Assistant Postmaster General—Joseph L. Bristow.....	2,000
Chief Clerk—Merritt O. Chance.....	4,000
	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Secretary of the Interior—Ethan A. Hitchcock, Mo.....	<i>Salary.</i>
First Assistant—Thomas Ryan, Kan.....	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary—Frank L. Campbell.....	4,500
Commissioner of the General Land Office—B. Hermann, Oregon.....	4,000
Assistant Commissioner—William A. Richards, Wyoming.....	5,000
Commissioner of Patents—Charles H. Duell, N. Y.....	3,000
Commissioner of Pensions—H. Clay Evans, Tenn.....	5,000
Commissioner of Indian Affairs—William A. Jones, Wis.....	5,000
Commissioner of Education—William T. Harris, Mass.....	4,000
Commissioner of Railroads—James Longstreet, Ga.....	3,000
Director of Geological Survey—Charles D. Walcott.....	4,500
Director of the Census—William R. Merriam, Minn.....	6,000
	6,000

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

	<i>Salary.</i>
Secretary—James Wilson, Iowa	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary—Joseph H. Brigham, Ohio	4,500
Chief of Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Illinois	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry—D. E. Salmon, North Carolina	4,000
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Indiana	2,500
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, New York	2,500
Botanist—F. V. Coville, New York	2,500
Biologist—C. Hart Merriam, New York	2,500
Chief of Division of Forestry—Gifford Pinchot, New York	2,500
Pomologist—Gustavus B. Brackett, Iowa	2,500
Chief of Division of Vegetables, Physiology and Pathology—A. F. Woods	2,500
Chief of Division of Soils—Milton Whitney, Maryland	2,500
Chief of Division of Agrostology—F. Lamson-Scribner, Tennessee	2,500
Director Office of Experiment Stations—A. C. True, Connecticut	3,000
Chief Division of Publications—George Wm. Hill, Minnesota	2,500
Director in Charge of Road Inquiry—Martin Dodge, Ohio	3,000

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Interstate Commerce Commissioners—Martin A. Knapp, N. Y., Chairman; Judson C. Clements, Ga.; James D. Yoemans, Ia.; Charles A. Prouty, Vt.; Joseph W. Fifer, Ill.; salary \$7,500 each; Secretary, Edward A. Moseley, \$3,500.

Commissioner of Labor—Carroll D. Wright, Mass., \$5,000.

Civil Service Commissioners—John R. Proctor, Ky., President; John B. Harlow, Mark S. Brewer; Secretary, John T. Doyle.

Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries—George M. Bowers.

BUREAU OF THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

Director, William W. Rockhill; Secretary, Horacio Guzman; Chief Clerk, William C. Fox; Chief Translator, Arthur W. Ferguson.

DEATH OF EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON.

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison, twenty-third President of the United States, died in Indianapolis, Ind., March 13, 1901, aged 67 years, 6 months and 21 days (Page 214 of this book printed prior to his death.)

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

THE SENATE.

From March 4, 1901, to March 3, 1903.—Republicans, 53; Democrats, 29; Populists, 4; Silver, 1; Silver Republicans, 1; vacancies, 2.
(r) republican; (d) democrat; (p) populist; (s) silver.

Theodore Roosevelt, Vice-President, Presiding.

ALABAMA.		NEBRASKA.			
E. W. Pettus, d	Selma	1903	J. H. Millard, r	Omaha	1905
John T. Morgan, d	Selma	1907	Charles H. Dietrich, r	Hastings	1907
ARKANSAS.		NEVADA.			
James K. Jones, d	Washington	1903	John P. Jones, s	Gold Hill	1903
James H. Berry, d	Bentonville	1907	William M. Stewart, r	Virginia City	1905
CALIFORNIA.		NEW HAMPSHIRE.			
George C. Perkins, r	Oakland	1903	Jacob H. Gallinger, r	Concord	1903
Thomas R. Bard, r	Hueneume	1905	Henry E. Buraham, r	Manchester	1903
COLORADO.		NEW JERSEY.			
Henry M. Teller, s	Central City	1903	John Kean, r	Elizabeth	1905
Thos. M. Patterson, p	Denver	1907	Wm. J. Sewell, r	Camden	1907
CONNECTICUT.		NEW YORK.			
Orville H. Platt, r	Meriden	1903	Thomas C. Platt, r	Owego	1903
Joseph R. Hawley, r	Hartford	1905	Chauncey M. Depew, r	New York	1905
DELAWARE.		NORTH CAROLINA.			
Vacant			Jeter C. Pritchard, r	Marshall	1903
Vacant			E. M. Simmons, d		1907
FLORIDA.		NORTH DAKOTA.			
Stephen R. Mallory, d	Pensacola	1903	Henry C. Hansbrough, r	Devil's Lake	1903
James P. Taliaferro, d	Jacksonville	1905	Porter J. McCumber, r	Wahpeton	1905
GEORGIA.		OHIO.			
Alexander S. Clay, d	Marietta	1903	Joseph B. Foraker, r	Cincinnati	1903
Augustus O. Bacon, d	Macon	1907	Marcus A. Hanna, r	Cleveland	1905
IDAHO.		OREGON.			
Henry Heitfeld, p	Lewiston	1903	Joseph Simon, r	Portland	1903
F. T. Dubois, d	Blackfoot Spr.	1907	John H. Mitchell, r	Portland	1907
ILLINOIS.		PENNSYLVANIA.			
William E. Mason, r	Chicago	1903	Boise Penrose, r	Philadelphia	1903
Shelby M. Cullum, r	Springfield	1907	Matthew S. Quay, r	Harrisburg	1905
INDIANA.		RHODE ISLAND.			
Charles W. Fairbanks, r	Indianapolis	1903	Nelson W. Aldrich, r	Providence	1905
Albert J. Beveridge, r	Indianapolis	1905	George P. Wetmore, r	Newport	1907
IOWA.		SOUTH CAROLINA.			
William B. Allison, r	Dubuque	1903	John L. McLaurin, r	Bennettsville	1903
J. P. Dolliver, r	Fort Dodge	1907	Benjamin R. Tillman, d	Trenton	1907
KANSAS.		SOUTH DAKOTA.			
William A. Harris, p	Linwood	1903	James H. Kyle, r	Aberdeen	1903
J. R. Burton, r	Leavenworth	1907	Robert J. Gamble, r	Yankton	1907
KENTUCKY.		TENNESSEE.			
William J. De Boe, r	Marion	1903	William B. Bate, d	Nashville	1905
J. C. S. Blackburn, d		1907	E. W. Carmack, d	Memphis	1907
LOUISIANA.		TEXAS.			
Samuel D. McEnery, d	New Orleans	1903	C. A. Culbertson, d	Dallas	1905
Murphy J. Foster, d		1907	J. W. Bailey, d	Gainesville	1907
MAINE.		UTAH.			
Eugene Hale, r	Ellsworth	1905	Joseph L. Rawlins, d	Salt Lake	1903
William P. Frye, r	Lewiston	1907	Thomas L. Kearns, r	Park City	1907
MARYLAND.		VERMONT.			
George L. Wellington, d	Cumberland	1903	Wm. P. Dillingham, r	Waterbury	1903
Lewis E. McComas, r	Hagerstown	1905	Redfield Proctor, r	Proctor	1905
MASSACHUSETTS.		VIRGINIA.			
Henry C. Lodge, r	Nahant	1905	John W. Daniel, d	Lynchburg	1905
George F. Hoar, r	Worcester	1907	Thomas S. Martin, d	Scottsville	1907
MICHIGAN.		WASHINGTON.			
Julius C. Burrows, r	Kalamazoo	1905	George Turner, p	Spokane	1903
James McMillan, r	Detroit	1907	Addison G. Foster, r	Tacoma	1905
MINNESOTA.		WEST VIRGINIA.			
Moses E. Clapp, r	St. Paul	1905	Nathan B. Scott, r	Wheeling	1905
Kaute Nelson, r	St. Paul	1907	Stephen B. Elkins, r	Elkins	1907
MISSISSIPPI.		WISCONSIN.			
H. de Money, d	Carrollton	1905	John C. Spooner, r	Madison	1903
A. J. McLaurin, d		1907	Joseph Very Quarles, r	Milwaukee	1905
MISSOURI.		WYOMING.			
George G. Vest, d	Sweet Springs	1903	Clarence D. Clark, r	Evanston	1905
Francis M. Cockrell, d	Warrensburg	1905	Francis E. Warren, r	Cheyenne	1907
MONTANA.					
William A. Clark, d	Butte	1907			
Paris Gibson, d	Great Falls	1905			

¹ Both senatorial positions for Delaware are vacant. The legislature, at the session of 1901 failed to elect. The vacancies occurring prior to the last session of the legislature, it is doubtful if the governor has authority to appoint. ² J. P. Dolliver, of Iowa, was appointed by Gov. Shaw, Aug. 21, 1900, to succeed Senator Gear, deceased. The appointment was for the short session of the 56th congress. The legislature of Iowa does not meet until January, 1902. It is current report in Iowa that Mr. Dolliver will be continued in office until the legislature elects his successor.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—57th CONGRESS.

Republican, r; democrat, d; populist, fusion, silverites, p; member of 56th congress.*

Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.
ALABAMA.					
1	George W. Taylor, d*	Demopolis.	21	Frederick J. Kern, d.	Belleville.
2	A. A. Wiley, d.....	Montgomery.	22	George W. Smith, r*..	Murphysboro.
3	Henry D. Clayton, d*	Eufaula.	INDIANA.		
4	Sidney J. Bowie, d... .	Talladega.	1	Jas. A. Hemenway, r*	Booneville.
5	C. W. Thompson, d... .	Tuskegee.	2	Robert W. Miers, d*..	Bloomington.
6	John H. Bankhead, d*	Fayette.	3	William T. Zenor, d*..	Corydon.
7	John L. Burnett, d... .	Gadsden.	4	Francis M. Griffith, d*	Vevay.
8	Wm. Richardson, d... .	Huntsville.	5	E. S. Holliday, r... .	Brazil.
9	O. W. Underwood, d*	Birmingham.	6	James E. Watson, r... .	Rushville.
ARKANSAS.					
1	Phil. D. McCulloch, d*	Marianna.	7	Jesse Overstreet, r*..	Indianapolis.
2	John S. Little, d*... .	Greenwood.	8	George W. Cromer, r*	Muncie.
3	Thomas C. McRae, d*	Prescott.	9	Charles B. Landis, r*	Delphi.
4	C. C. Reid, d.....	Morrilton.	10	E. D. Crumpacker, r*..	Valparaiso.
5	H. A. Dinsmore, d*..	Fayetteville.	11	George W. Steele, r*..	Marion.
6	S. Brundidge, Jr., d*..	Searcy.	12	James M. Robinson, d*	Fort Wayne.
7			13	Abraham L. Brick, r*..	South Bend.
CALIFORNIA.					
1	F. L. Coombs, r.....	Napa.	IOWA.		
2	Samuel D. Woods, r... .	Stockton.	1	Thomas Hedge, r*....	Burlington.
3	Victor H. Metcalf, r*..	Oakland.	2	J. N. W. Rumble, r... .	Marengo.
4	Julius Kahn, r*... .	San Francisco.	3	D. B. Henderson, r*..	Dubuque.
5	Eugene F. Loud, r*... .	San Francisco.	4	Gilbert N. Haugen, r*	Northwood.
6	Joseph McLachlan, r*	Los Angeles.	5	Robert G. Cousins, r*	Tipton.
7	James C. Needham, r*	Modesto.	6	John F. Lacey, r*... .	Oskaloosa.
COLORADO.					
1	John F. Shafoth, p*..	Denver.	7	John A. T. Hull, r*... .	Des Moines.
2	John C. Bell, p*... .	Montrose.	8	Wm. P. Hepburn, r*..	Clarinda.
CONNECTICUT.					
1	E. Stevens Henry, r*..	Rockville.	9	Walter I. Smith, r*... .	Council Bluffs.
2	N. D. Sperry, r*... .	New Haven.	10	James P. Conner, r*..	Denison.
3	Chas. A. Russell, r*..	Killingly.	11	Lot Thomas, r*... .	Storm Lake.
4	Ebenezer J. Hill, r*..	Norwalk.	KANSAS.		
DELAWARE.					
1	L. H. Ball.....	Faulkland.	1	Charles F. Scott, rj... .	Iola.
FLORIDA.					
1	S. M. Sparkman, d*..	Tampa.	2	Charles Curtis, r*... .	Topeka.
2	Robert W. Davis, d*..	Palatka.	3	J. D. Bowersock, r*... .	Lawrence.
GEORGIA.					
1	Rufus E. Lester, d*..	Savannah.	4	A. M. Jackson, d... .	Winfield.
2	James M. Griggs, d... .	Dawson.	5	James M. Miller, r*..	Council Grove.
3	Elijah B. Lewis, d*..	Montezuma.	6	Wm. A. Calderhead, r*	Marysville.
4	Wm. C. Adams, d*..	Car. olton.	7	William A. Reeder, r*	Logan.
5	L. F. Livingston, d*..	Kings.	8	Chester I. Long, r*... .	Medicine L'ge.
6	Charles L. Bartlett, d*	Macon.	KENTUCKY.		
7	John W. Maddox, d*..	Rome.	1	Chas. K. Wheeler, d*..	Paducah.
8	Wm. M. Howard, d*..	Lexington.	2	Henry D. Allen, d*... .	Morganfield.
9	Farish C. Tate, d*... .	Jasper.	3	John S. Rhea, d*... .	Russellville.
10	Wm. H. Fleming, d*..	Augusta.	4	David H. Smith, d*..	Hodgensville.
11	Wm. G. Brantley, d*..	Brunswick.	5	H. S. Irwin, r.....	Louisville.
IDAHO.					
1	Thomas L. Glenn, p... .	Paris.	6	D. L. Gooch, d.....	Covington.
ILLINOIS.					
1	James R. Mann, r*... .	Chicago.	7	South Trimble, d... .	Frankfort.
2	John J. Feeley, d... .	Chicago.	8	George G. Gilbert, d*..	Shelbyville.
3	George P. Foster, d... .	Chicago.	9	J. N. Kehoe, d.....	Maysville.
4	James McAndrews, d	Chicago.	10	John B. White, d... .	Irvine.
5	Wm. F. Mahoney, r... .	Chicago.	11	Vincent Boreing, r*... .	London.
6	Henry S. Boutell, r*..	Chicago.	LOUISIANA.		
7	George E. Foss, r*... .	Chicago.	1	Adolph Meyer, d*... .	New Orleans.
8	Albert J. Hopkins, r*..	Aurora.	2	Robert C. Davey, d*... .	New Orleans.
9	Robert R. Hitt, r*... .	Mount Morris.	3	R. F. Broussard, d*... .	New Iberia.
10	George W. Prince, r*..	Galesburg.	4	Phanor Brazeale, d*... .	Natchitoches.
11	Walter Reeves, r*... .	Streator.	5	Jo-seph E. Ransdell, d*	L. Providence.
12	Joseph G. Cannon, r*..	Danville.	6	S. M. Robertson, d*... .	Baton Rouge.
13	Vespasian Warner, r*..	Cluilton.	MAINE.		
14	Joseph V. Graff, r*..	Pekin.	1	Amos L. Allen, r*... .	Alfred.
15	J. Ross Mickey, d.....	Macomb.	2	Chas. E. Littlefield, r*	Rockland.
16	T. J. Selby, d.....	Hardin.	3	E. C. Bureleigh, r*... .	Augusta.
17	Ben F. Caldwell, d*... .	Chatham.	4	Chas. A. Boutelle, r*..	Bangor.
18	Thomas M. Jett, d*... .	Hillsboro.	MARYLAND.		
19	Joseph B. Crowley, d*..	Robinson.	1	W. H. Jackson, r.....	Salisbury.
20	James R. Williams, d*	Carmi.	2	A. A. Blankeny, r*... .	Franklinville.
			3	Frank C. Wachtler, r*..	Baltimore.
			4	C. R. Schirm, r.....	Baltimore.
			5	Sidney E. Mudd, r*... .	La Plata.
			6	George A. Pearre, r*... .	Cumberland.
MASSACHUSETTS.					
			1	Geo. P. Lawrence, r*..	North Adams.
			2	Fred. H. Gillett, r*... .	Springfield.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES — Continued.

Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.
MASSACHUSETTS—cont.			NEW JERSEY—cont.		
3	John R. Thayer, d*...	Worcester.	3	Benj. F. Howell, r*...	New Brunswick
4	C. Q. Terrell, r.....	Natick.	4	Joshua S. Salmon, d*...	Boonton.
5	William S. Knox, r*...	Lawrence.	5	James F. Stewart, r*...	Paterson.
6	William H. Moody, r*	Haverhill.	6	R. Wayne Parker, r*...	Newark.
7	Ernest W. Roberts, r*	Chelsea.	7	A. L. McDermott, d*...	Jersey City.
8	Samuel W. McCall, r*	Winchester.	8	Chas. N. Fowler, r*...	Elizabeth.
9	J. A. Conry, d.....	Boston.	NEW YORK.		
10	Henry F. Naphen, d*...	Boston.	1	Frederick Storm, r*...	Boyside, L. I.
11	D. L. Powers, r.....	Newton.	2	John J. Fitzgerald, d*...	Brooklyn.
12	Wm. C. Lovering, r*...	Taunton.	3	Henry Bristow, r.....	Brooklyn.
13	Wm. S. Greene, r*...	Fall River.	4	H. A. Hanbury, r.....	Brooklyn.
MICHIGAN.			5	Frank E. Wilson, d*...	Brooklyn.
1	John B. Corliss, r*...	Detroit.	6	George H. Lindsay, d	Brooklyn.
2	Henry C. Smith, r*...	Adrian.	7	Nicholas Muller, d*...	New York.
3	W. Gardner, r*.....	Albion.	8	Thomas J. Creamer, d	New York.
4	E. L. Hamilton, r*...	Niles.	9	Henry M. Goldfogle, d	New York.
5	William A. Smith, r*...	Grand Rapids.	10	Amos J. Cummings, d*	New York.
6	Samuel W. Smith, r*...	Pontiac.	11	William Sulzer, d*...	New York.
7	Edgar Weeks, r*.....	Mt. Clemens.	12	G. B. McClellan, d*...	New York.
8	Jos. W. Fordney, r*...	Saginaw.	13	O. H. P. Belmont, d.	New York.
9	Roswell P. Bishop, r*	Ludington.	14	W. H. Douglass, r...	New York.
10	Rosseau O. Crump, r*	West Bay City.	15	Jacob Ruppert, Jr., d*	New York.
11	A. B. Darraeh, r.....	Ithaca.	16	Cornelus A. Pugsley, d	Peekskill.
12	Carlos D. Sheldon, r*...	Houghton.	17	Arthur S. Tompkins, r*	Nyack.
MINNESOTA.			18	John H. Ketcham, r*	Dover Plains.
1	James A. Tawney, r*...	Winona.	19	William H. Draper, r*	Lansburg.
2	Jas T. McCleary, r*...	Mankato.	20	Geo. N. Southwick, r*	Albany.
3	Joel P. Heatwole, r*...	Northfield.	21	John K. Stewart, r*...	Amsterdam.
4	Fred C. Stevens, r*...	St. Paul.	22	Lucius N. Littauer, r*	New York.
5	Loren Fletcher, r*...	Minneapolis.	23	Lewis W. Emerson, r*	Warrensburg.
6	Page Morris, r*.....	Duluth.	24	Albert D. Shaw, r*...	Watertown.
7	Frank M. Eddy, r*...	Glenwood.	25	James S. Sherman, r*	Utica.
MISSISSIPPI.			26	George W. Ray, r*...	Norwich.
1	E. S. Chandler, d.....	Corinth.	27	Michael E. Driscoll, r*	Syracuse.
2	Thomas Spight, d.....	Ripley.	28	Sereno E. Payne, r*...	Auburn.
3	Patrick Henry, d.....	Vicksburg.	29	Charles W. Gillet, r*	Addison.
4	Andrew F. Fox, d*...	Westpoint.	30	Jas. W. Wadsworth, r*	Geneseo.
5	John S. Williams, d*...	Yazoo.	31	Jas. Brick Perkins, r.	Rochester.
6	Frank A. McLain, d*...	Gloster.	32	William d. Ryan, r*...	Buffalo.
7	Charles E. Hooker, d*	Jackson.	33	De A. S. Alexander, r*	Buffalo.
MISSOURI.			34	E. B. Vreeland, r*...	Salamanca.
1	James T. Loyd, d*...	Shelbyville.	NORTH CAROLINA.		
2	Wm. W. Rucker, d*...	Kenterville.	1	John H. Small, d*...	Washington.
3	John Dougherty, d*...	Liberty.	2	Claude Kitchen, d.....	Scott's Neck.
4	Chas. F. Cochran, d*...	St. Joseph.	3	Charles R. Thomas, d*	Newbern.
5	Wm. S. Cowherd, d*...	Kansas City.	4	E. N. Poul, d.....	Smithfield.
6	D. A. DeArmond, d*...	Butler.	5	Wm. W. Kitchen, d*	Roxboro.
7	James Cooney, d*...	Marshall.	6	John D. Bellamy, d*...	Wilmington.
8	D. W. Shackelford, d*	Jefferson City.	7	Theodore F. Klutz, d*	Salisbury.
9	Champ Clark, d*...	Bowling Green.	8	Spencer Blackburn, r.	Winston.
10	Richard Bartholdt, r*	St. Louis.	9	James H. Moody, r*...	Waynesville.
11	Charles F. Joy, r*...	St. Louis.	NORTH DAKOTA.		
12	James J. Butler, d.....	St. Louis.	1	Thomas F. Marshall, r	Oakes.
13	Edward Robb, d*...	Perryville.	OHIO.		
14	W. D. Vandever, d*...	Cape Girard'u.	1	Wm. B. Shattuc, r*...	Cincinnati.
15	M. E. Benton, d*...	Neosho.	2	Jacob H. Bromwell, r*	Cincinnati.
MONTANA.			3	Robert N. Nevins, r.	Dayton.
	Caldwell Edwards, p.	Bozeman.	4	Robert B. Jordan, d*	St. Marys.
NEBRASKA.			5	John S. Snook, d.....	Paulding.
1	Elmer J. Burkett, r*...	Lincoln.	6	Chas. Q. Hildebrand, r	Wilmington.
2	David H. Mercer, r*...	Omaha.	7	Thomas S. Kyle, r.....	Troy.
3	John S. Robinson, d*...	Madison.	8	Wm. H. Warm ck, r.....	Urbana.
4	William L. Stark, p*...	Aurora.	9	James H. Southard, r*	Toledo.
5	A. C. Schallenger, p.	Alma.	10	Stephen R. Morgan, r*	Oak Hill.
6	William Neville, p*...	North Platte.	11	Chas. H. Grosvenor, r*	Athens.
NEVADA.			12	Emmet Thompkins, r*	Columbus.
	F. G. Newlands, p*...	Reno.	13	James A. Norton, r*...	Tiffin.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.			14	C. E. Skiles, r.....	Shelby.
1	Cyrus A. Sulloway, r*	Manchester.	15	H. C. Van Voorhis, r*	Zanesville.
2	Frank D. Currier, r...	Canaan.	16	Joseph J. Gill, r*...	Subenville.
NEW JERSEY.			17	Juo. W. Cassingham, d	Coshocton.
1	H. C. Loudenslager, r*	Paulsboro.	18	Robert W. Taylor, r*...	Lisbon.
2	John J. Gardner, r*...	Atlantic City.	19	Chas. Dick, r*.....	Akron.

¹ Died Feb. 10, 1901.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES — Continued.

Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.
OHIO—cont.			TENNESSEE—cont.		
20	Jacob A. Beidler, r...	Cleveland.	6	John W. Gaines, d* ..	Nashville.
21	Theo. E. Burton, r* ..	Cleveland.	7	L. P. Padgett, d.	Columbia.
OREGON.			8	Thetus W. Sims, d* ..	Linden.
1	Thomas H. Tongue, r*	Hillsboro.	9	Rice A. Pierce, d*	Union City.
2	Malcom A. Moody, r* ..	The Dalles.	10	M. R. Patterson, d. ..	Memphis.
PENNSYLVANIA.			TEXAS.		
	Galusha A. Grow, r* ..	Glenwood.	1	Thomas H. Ball, d* ..	Huntsville.
	R. H. Foederer, Jr., r*	Philadelphia.	2	Sam B. Cooper, d* ..	Beaumont.
1	Henry H. Bingham, r*	Philadelphia.	3	R. C. DeGraffenreid, d*	Longview.
2	Robert Adams, Jr., r*	Philadelphia.	4	John L. Sheppard, d*	Texarkana.
3	Henry Burke, r.	Philadelphia.	5	C. B. Randall, d*	Sherman.
4	James R. Young, r* ..	Philadelphia.	6	Robert E. Burke, d* ..	Dallas.
5	Ed. de V. Morrell, r* ..	Philadelphia.	7	Robert L. Henry, d* ..	Waco.
6	Thomas S. Butler, r* ..	West Chester.	8	S. W. T. Lanham, d* ..	Weatherford.
7	Irving P. Wagner, r* ..	Norristown.	9	Albert S. Burleson, d*	Austin.
8	Howard Mutchler, d.	Easton.	10	George F. Burgess, d.	Gonzales.
9	Henry D. Green, d* ..	Reading.	11	Rudolph Kleberg, d* ..	Cuero.
10	Mariott Brosius, r* ..	Lancaster.	12	James L. Slayden, d* ..	San Antonio.
11	William Connell, r* ..	Scranton.	13	John H. Stephens, d* ..	Vernon.
12	Henry W. Palmer, r.	Wilkesbarre.	UTAH.		
13	G. R. Patterson, r.	Ashland.		George Sutherland, r.	Salt Lake City
14	Marlin E. Olmsted, r.	Harrisburg.	VERMONT.		
15	Chas. Fred. Wright, r* ..	Susquehanna.	1	D. J. Foster, r.	Burlington.
16	Elias Deemer, r.	Williamsburg.	2	Kittridge Hoskins, r.	Brattleboro.
17	Rufus K. Polk, d* ..	Danville.	VIRGINIA.		
18	Thad. M. Mahon, r* ..	Chambersburg	1	William A. Jones, d* ..	Warsaw.
19	Robert J. Lewis, r.	York.	2	H. L. Maynard, d* ..	Portsmouth.
20	Alvin Evans, r.	Edensburg.	3	John Lamb, d* ..	Richmond.
21	Summers M. Jack, r* ..	Indiana.	4	Francis R. Lassiter, d*	Petersburg.
22	John Dalzell, r* ..	Pittsburg.	5	Claude A. Swanson, d*	Chatham.
23	Wm. H. Graham, r* ..	Allegheny.	6	Peter J. Otey, d* ..	Lynchburg.
24	Ernest F. Acheson, r* ..	Washington.	7	James Hay, d* ..	Madison.
25	Jos. B. Showalter, r* ..	Chicora.	8	John F. Rixey, d* ..	Brandy.
26	Arthur A. Bates, r* ..	Meadville.	9	William F. Rhea, d* ..	Bristol.
27	Joseph C. Sibley, r* ..	Franklin.	10	H. D. Flood, d* ..	W. Ap'omattox
28	James K. P. Hall, d* ..	Ridgway.	WASHINGTON.		
RHODE ISLAND.				Wesley L. Jones, r* ..	Yakima.
1	Melville Bull, r* ..	Middletown.		F. W. Cushman, r* ..	Tacoma.
2	Adin B. Capron, r* ..	Smithfield.	WEST VIRGINIA.		
SOUTH CAROLINA.			1	B. B. Dovener, r* ..	Wheeling.
1	William Elliott, d* ..	Beaufort.	2	Alston G. Dayton, d* ..	Philippi.
2	W. Jasper Talbot, d* ..	Clarksville.	3	Joseph Holt Gaines, r	Charleston.
3	Asbury C. Latimer, d*	Belton.	4	James A. Hughes, r* ..	Huntington.
4	Joseph T. Johnson, d.	Spartanburg.	WISCONSIN.		
5	David E. Finley, d* ..	Yorkville.	1	Henry A. Cooper, r* ..	Racine.
6	R. B. Scarborough, d.	Conway.	2	Herman B. Dahle, r* ..	Mount Horeb.
7	J. William Stokes, d*	Orangeburg.	3	Jos. W. Babcock, r* ..	Necedah.
SOUTH DAKOTA.			4	Theobold Otjen, r* ..	Milwaukee.
	E. W. Martin, r.	Deadwood.	5	Samuel S. Barney, r* ..	West Bend.
	Charles H. Burke, r* ..	Pierre.	6	Jas. H. Davidson, r* ..	Oshkosh.
TENNESSEE.			7	John J. Esch, r* ..	La Crosse.
1	W. P. Brownlow, r* ..	Jonesboro.	8	Edward S. Minor, r* ..	Sturgeon Bay.
2	Henry R. Gibson, r* ..	Knoxville.	9	Webster F. Brown, r.	Rhineland.
3	John A. Moon, d* ..	Chattanooga.	10	John J. Jenkins, r* ..	Chippewa Falls
4	C. E. Snodgrass, d* ..	Crossville.	WYOMING.		
5	J. D. Richardson, d* ..	Murfreesboro.		Frank W. Mondell, r* ..	Newcastle.

†At large.

Territorial Delegates.

	ARIZONA.	Tucson
Mark A. Smith, d.....		
	NEW MEXICO.	Albuquerque
B. S. Bodey, r.....		
	OKLAHOMA.	Guthrie
Dennis T. Flynn, r.....		
	HAWAII.	Honolulu
Robert W. Wilcox, ind.....		

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE TWELFTH CENSUS.

(*386 MEMBERS.)

STATES.	No. of Congressmen.	STATES.	No. of Congressmen.
Alabama.....	9	Nebraska.....	6
Arkansas (increase 1).....	7	Nevada.....	1
California (increase 1).....	8	New Hampshire.....	2
Colorado (increase 1).....	3	New Jersey (increase 2).....	10
Connecticut (increase 1).....	5	New York (increase 3).....	37
Delaware.....	1	North Carolina (increase 1).....	10
Florida (increase 1).....	3	North Dakota (increase 1).....	2
Georgia.....	11	Ohio.....	21
Idaho.....	1	Oregon.....	2
Illinois (increase 3).....	25	Pennsylvania (increase 2).....	32
Indiana.....	13	Rhode Island.....	2
Iowa.....	11	South Carolina.....	7
Kansas.....	8	South Dakota.....	2
Kentucky.....	11	Tennessee.....	10
Louisiana (increase 1).....	7	Texas (increase 3).....	16
Maine.....	4	Utah.....	1
Maryland.....	6	Vermont.....	2
Massachusetts (increase 1).....	14	Virginia.....	10
Michigan.....	12	Washington (increase 1).....	3
Minnesota (increase 2).....	9	West Virginia (increase 1).....	5
Mississippi (increase 1).....	8	Wisconsin (increase 1).....	11
Missouri (increase 1).....	16	Wyoming.....	1
Montana.....	1		

* Under the eleventh census the lower house contained 356 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the eleventh census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1901.)

Constitution.....	1789	Ratio.	30,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	65
First census.....	1793	Ratio.	33,300	Whole Number of Representatives.....	105
Second census.....	1803	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	141
Third census.....	1833	Ratio.	35,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	181
Fourth census.....	1853	Ratio.	40,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	213
Fifth census.....	1863	Ratio.	47,700	Whole Number of Representatives.....	240
Sixth census.....	1873	Ratio.	70,680	Whole Number of Representatives.....	223
Seventh census.....	1883	Ratio.	93,423	Whole Number of Representatives.....	233
Eighth census.....	1873	Ratio.	127,381	Whole Number of Representatives.....	243
Ninth census.....	1873	Ratio.	131,425	Whole Number of Representatives.....	299
Tenth census.....	1883	Ratio.	151,911	Whole Number of Representatives.....	321
Eleventh census.....	1893	Ratio.	173,901	Whole Number of Representatives.....	355
Twelfth census.....	1901	Ratio.	193,272	Whole Number of Representatives.....	386

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

States.	Admitted.	Under const. n. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,300.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,000.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,880.	Seventh census. Ratio 93,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,331.	Ninth census. Ratio 131,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,901.	Twelfth census. Ratio 153,472.
Alabama.....	1819	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	7	7	6	8	8	9	9
Arkansas.....	1835	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
California.....	1850	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	4	5	6	7
Colorado.....	1876	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	2
Connecticut.....	.....	5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware.....	.....	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida.....	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia.....	.....	3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	7	9	10	11
Idaho.....	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....	1818	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	7	9	14	19	20	22	22
Indiana.....	1816	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13	13
Iowa.....	1846	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas.....	1861	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	1792	.....	2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	9	10	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maine.....	1820	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maryland.....	.....	6	8	9	9	7	7	6	6	6	5	5	6	6
Massachusetts.....	.....	8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	11	12	12
Michigan.....	1837	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	1858	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	1817	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	4	4	4	5	6	7	7
Missouri.....	1821	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	5	5	7	9	13	14	15
Montana.....	1850	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska.....	1867	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nevada.....	1864	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire.....	.....	3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
New Jersey.....	.....	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
New York.....	.....	6	10	17	27	34	40	31	33	31	33	34	34	34
North Carolina.....	.....	5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	8	8	9	9	9
North Dakota.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio.....	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon.....	1859	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania.....	.....	8	13	15	23	26	28	21	25	24	27	28	30	32
Rhode Island.....	.....	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....	.....	5	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee.....	1796	.....	.....	3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10	10
Texas.....	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah.....	1895	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont.....	1791	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia.....	.....	10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10	10
Washington.....	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia.....	1863	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	1848	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming.....	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	65	105	141	181	213	240	223	231	213	203	332	357	386

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 56TH AND 57TH CONGRESSES.

STATE.	FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.			FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.			STATES.	FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.			FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.		Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.
Alabama	8	1	....	9	....	....	Nevada .....	....	*1	....	....	*1
Arkansas	6	....	....	6	....	....	New Hampsh'g.	....	2	....	2	....
California .....	....	7	....	....	7	....	New Jersey	2	6	....	2	6
Colorado .....	....	....	*2	....	....	*2	New York	18	16	....	13	21
Connecticut .....	....	4	....	....	4	....	North Carolina	6	3	....	....	2
Delaware .....	....	1	....	....	1	....	North Dakota .....	....	1	....	....	1
Florida	2	....	....	2	....	....	Ohio	6	15	....	4	17
Georgia	11	....	....	11	....	....	Oregon .....	....	2	....	....	2
Idaho .....	....	*1	....	....	....	*1	Pennsylvania	10	20	....	4	26
Illinois	8	14	....	11	11	....	Rhode Island .....	....	2	....	....	2
Indiana	4	9	....	4	9	....	South Carolina	7	....	....	7	....
Iowa .....	....	11	....	....	11	....	South Dakota .....	....	2	....	....	2
Kansas .....	....	7	1	....	8	....	Tennessee	8	2	....	8	2
Kentucky	9	2	....	9	2	....	Texas	12	1	....	13	....
Louisiana	6	....	....	6	....	....	Utah	1	....	....	1	....
Maine .....	....	4	....	....	4	....	Vermont .....	....	2	....	....	2
Maryland	1	5	....	....	6	....	Virginia	9	1	....	10	....
Massachusetts	3	10	....	3	10	....	Washington .....	....	2	....	....	2
Michigan .....	....	12	....	....	12	....	West Virginia	1	3	....	....	4
Minnesota .....	....	7	....	....	7	....	Wisconsin .....	....	10	....	....	10
Mississippi	7	....	....	....	....	....	Wyoming .....	....	1	....	....	1
Missouri	12	3	....	13	2	....						
Montana	1	....	....	....	....	*1						
Nebraska	1	2	3	1	2	*3	Total	159	191	7	151	198	8

* Fusionist, Populist and Silverite.

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, IN 1856.

CONGRESSES.	Years.	SENATE.					HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.				
		Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV.....	1857-1859	39	20	5	.....	.....	131	92	14	.....	.....
XXXVI.....	1859-1861	38	26	5	.....	.....	101	113	23	.....	.....
XXXVII.....	1861-1863 ¹	10	31	.....	.....	.....	42	106	.....	23	.....
XXXVIII.....	1863-1865 ¹	9	36	.....	etc.	.....	75	102	.....	.....	9
XXXIX.....	1865-1867	11	41	.....	.....	.....	40	145	.....	.....	.....
XL.....	1867-1869	11	42	.....	.....	.....	49	143	.....	.....	.....
XLI.....	1869-1871	11	58	.....	.....	.....	78	151	.....	.....	.....
XLII.....	1871-1873	17	57	.....	.....	.....	103	138	.....	.....	5 ²
XLIII.....	1873-1875	20	47	.....	.....	7 ²	92	194	.....	.....	14
XLIV.....	1875-1877	29	43	.....	.....	2 ²	188	197	.....	.....	.....
XLV.....	1877-1879	39	36	.....	.....	1 ²	151	142	.....	.....	.....
XLVI.....	1879-1881	44	32	.....	.....	.....	148	129	.....	.....	16 ³
XLVII.....	1881-1883	38	37	.....	.....	1 ⁴	138	146	.....	.....	10 ³
XLVIII.....	1883-1885	36	40	.....	.....	.....	198	124	.....	.....	1 ³
XLIX.....	1885-1887	34	42	.....	.....	.....	201	120	.....	.....	1 ³
L.....	1887-1889	37	39	.....	.....	.....	168	152	.....	.....	4
LI.....	1889-1891	37	39	.....	.....	.....	159	166	.....	.....	.....
LII.....	1891-1893	39	47	.....	.....	2 ⁶	236	88	.....	.....	8 ⁶
LIII.....	1893-1895	44	38	.....	.....	3 ⁶	220	126	.....	.....	8 ⁶
LIV.....	1895-1897	39	42	.....	.....	5 ⁶	104	246	.....	.....	7 ⁶
LV.....	1897-1899	31	45	.....	.....	10 ⁸	131 ⁹	206	.....	.....	161 ⁹
LVI.....	1899-1901	26	55	.....	.....	9 ¹¹	163	135	.....	.....	91 ¹²
LVII.....	1901-1903	29	53	.....	.....	8 ¹³	151	198	.....	.....	81 ¹⁴

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats. ¹ During the civil war most of the southern states were unrepresented in Congress. ² Liberal Republicans. ³ Greenbackers. ⁴ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. ⁵ Two Virginia Senators were readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. ⁶ People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. ⁷ Three senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ⁸ Seven Populists, three silver Republicans, one silver Fusionist. ⁹ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹⁰ Including three members classed as Silver party. There is one vacancy. ¹¹ Four Populists, two Silver party, two Independents, one Fusionist. ¹² Seven Populists, two Silver party. ¹³ Four Populists, three Independents, one silverite. ¹⁴ Six Populists, two Silver party.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Argentine Republic.	Dr. Eduardo Wilde.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Antonio del Viso.....	First Secretary.
Austria Hungary...	Mr. L. H. von Hengervar.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Count A. Tarnowski.....	Secretary of Legation.
Belgium.....	Count G. de Lichtervelde.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Charles Wauters.....	Counselor of Legation.
Bolivia.....	Count Baudouin de Lichtervelde	Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Don Fernando E. Guachalla..	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Albarito Gutierrez.....	Secretary.
Brazil.....	Mr. J. F. de Assis-Brasil.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. R. Reidner de Amaral.....	First Secretary of Legation.
Chili.....	Senor Don Carlos Morla Vicuna....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Eliodoro Infante.....	First Secretary.
China.....	Mr. Wu Ting-fang.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Shen Tung.....	First Secretary.
Colombia.....	Senor Dr. Luis Cuervo Marquez....	Charge d'Affaires.
Costa Rica.....	Senor Don Joaquin Bernardo Calvo	E. E. and M. P.
Denmark.....	Mr. Constantin Brun.....	E. E. and M. P.
Dominican Repub..	Senor Don Emilio C. Joubert.....	Charge d'Affaires.
	Mr. Perry Allen.....	Counselor.
Ecuador.....	Senor Don Luis Felipe Carbo....	E. E. and M. P.
France.....	Mr. Jules Cambon.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Eugene Thiebaut.....	Sec'y and Charge d'Affaires.
Germany.....	Herr von Holleben.....	A. E. and P.
	Count Quadt Wykradt Isny.....	Counselor and Secretary.
Great Britain.....	Rt. Hon. Lord Paunceforte, G. C. B.	
	G. C. M. G.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Gerard A. Lowther.....	First Secretary.
Guatemala.....	Senor Don Antonio Lazo Arriga....	E. E. and M. P.
	Dr. Joaquin Yela, Jr.....	Secretary.
Haiti.....	Mr. J. N. Leger.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Alfred Leger.....	Secretary.
Italy.....	Baron de Fava.....	A. E. and P.
	Francesco Corignani di Novoli....	First Secretary.
Japan.....	Mr. Kogoro Takahira.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Keiziro Nabeshima.....	First Secretary.
Korea.....	Mr. Chin Pom Ye.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Tam E. Ye.....	Secretary.
Mexico.....	Senor Don Manuel de Azpiroz.....	A. E. and P.
	Senor Don Jose F. Godoy.....	First Secretary.
Netherlands.....	Baron W. A. F. Gevers.....	E. E. and M. P.
Nicaragua.....	Senor Don Luis F. Corea.....	E. E. and M. P.
Peru.....	M. Manuel Alvarez Calderon.....	E. E. and M. P.
	M. Frederico Alfonso Pezet.....	First Secretary.
Portugal.....	Viscount de Santo-Thyrso.....	E. E. and M. P.
Russia.....	Comte Casini.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. de Wollant.....	First Secretary.
Salvador.....	Senor Don Rafael Zaldivar.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Eduardo Perez Triana....	Secretary.
Siam.....	Phya Prashiddhi.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Frederick W. Vernay.....	Counselor.
Spain.....	Duke Da Arcos.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Juan Riano.....	First Secretary.
Sweden and Norw'y	M. A. Grip.....	E. E. and M. P.
Switzerland.....	Mr. G. V. T. de Strale.....	Sec'y and Charge d'Affaires.
	Mr. J. B. Pioda.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Charles L. F. Lardy.....	Secretary.
Turkey.....	Ali Ferrough Bey.....	E. E. and M. P.
	A. Rustem Bey.....	First Secretary.
Uruguay.....	Senor Dr. Don Juan Cuestas.....	Minist'r Resident.
Venezuela.....	Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido.....	Charge d'Affaires.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN WISCONSIN.

Green Bay—O. J. B. Brice—Represents Belgium for Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota.
 Madison—Halle Steensland—Represents Sweden and Norway.
 Milwaukee—Anton G. Veith—Represents Austria-Hungary.
 Racine—Peter Bering Nelson—Represents Denmark.

DIPLOMATIC SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

CORRECTED JAN. 17, 1901.

EXPLANATION—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

Country to.	Name and Title.	Location.	Ap't'd from.	Salary.
Argentine Rep...	William P. Lord, E. E. & M. P.	Buenos Ayres....	Ore...	\$10,000
Austria-Hungary	Addison C. Harris, E. E. & M. P.	Vienna.....	Ind...	12,000
Belgium.....	Lawr'ce Townsend, E. E. & M. P.	Brussels.....	Pa....	10,000
Bolivia.....	Geo. H. Bridgeman, E. E. & M. P.	La Paz.....	N. J..	5,000
Brazil.....	Charles P. Bryan, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Janeiro..	Ill...	12,000
Chili.....	Henry L. Wilson, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago.....	Wash	10,000
China.....	Edwin H. Conger, E. E. & M. P.	Pekin.....	Iowa	12,000
Colombia.....	Charles B. Hart, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota.....	W. Va	10,000
Costa Rica.....	William L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	San Jose.....	Cal....	10,000
Denmark.....	Laurits S. Swenson, E. E. & M. P.	Copenhagen.....	Minn..	7,000
Dominican Rep...	William F. Powell, C. d'A.....	Port au Prince..	N. J..	5,000
Ecuador.....	Arch'b'd J. Sampson, E. E. & M. P.	Quito.....	Ariz...	5,000
Egypt.....	John G. Lonz, Agt & C. G.....	Cairo.....	Fla....	5,000
France.....	Horace Porter, A. E. & P.....	Paris.....	N. Y..	17,500
Germany.....	Andrew D. White, A. E. & P.....	Berlin.....	N. Y..	17,500
Great Britain...	Joseph H. Choate, A. E. & P.....	London.....	N. Y..	17,500
Greece.....	Charles S. Francis, E. E. & M. P.	Athens.....	N. Y..	6,500
Guatemala.....	W. Godfrey Hunter, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala.....	Ky....	10,000
Haiti.....	William F. Powell, E. E. & M. P.	Port au Prince..	N. J..	7,500
Honduras.....	W. Godfrey Hunter, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala.....	Ky....	10,000
Italy.....	Geo. V. L. Meyer, A. E. & P.....	Rome.....	Mass..	12,000
Japan.....	Alfred E. Buck, E. E. & M. P....	Tokyo.....	Ga....	12,000
Korea.....	Horace N. Allen, M. R. & C. G.	Seoul.....	Ohio..	7,500
Liberia.....	Owen L. W. Smith, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia.....	N. C..	4,000
Mexico.....	Powell Clayton, A. E. & P.....	Mexico.....	Ark...	17,500
Netherlands.....	Stanford Newel, E. E. & M. P....	The Hague.....	Minn..	10,000
Nicaragua.....	William L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	San Jose.....	Cal....	10,700
Paraguay.....	William R. Finch, E. E. & M. P.	Montevideo.....	Wis...	7,500
Persia.....	Herbert W. Bowen, M. R. & C. G.	Teheran.....	N. Y..	5,000
Peru.....	Irving B. Dudley, E. E. & M. P.	Lima.....	Cal....	10,000
Portugal.....	John N. Irwin, E. E. & M. P.	Lisbon.....	Iowa..	7,500
Roumania.....	Chas. S. Francis, E. E. & M. P.	Athens.....	N. Y..	6,500
Russia.....	Charlemagne Tower, A. E. & P....	St. Petersburg	Pa....	17,500
Salvador.....	William L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	San Jose.....	Cal....	10,000
Serbia.....	Chas. S. Francis, E. E. & M. P.	Athens.....	N. Y..	6,500
Siam.....	Hamilton King, M. R. & C. G....	Bangkok.....	Mich..	7,500
Spain.....	Bellamy Storer, E. E. & M. P....	Madrid.....	Ohio..	12,000
Sweden-Norway..	Wm. Thomas, Jr., E. E. & M. P.	Stockholm.....	Me....	7,500
Switzerland.....	Arthur S. Hardy, E. E. & M. P....	Berne.....	N. H..	7,500
Turkey.....	J. G. A. Leishman, E. E. & M. P.	Constantinople	Pa....	10,000
Uruguay.....	William R. Finch, E. E. & M. P.	Montevideo.....	Wis...	7,500
Venezuela.....	Francis B. Loomis, E. E. & M. P.	Caracas.....	Ohio..	10,000

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

LIST OF CONSULS TO PRINCIPAL FOREIGN POINTS, CORRECTED TO
JAN. 17, 1901.Abbreviations: C. G., Consul General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; V. D. C., Vice
Deputy Consul; C. A., Consular Agent.

Country to—	Name and Title.	Appointed from	Salary.
ARGENTINE, REPUBLIC—			
Buenos Ayres.....	Daniel Mayer, C.....	West Virginia ...	\$2,500
Cordoba.....	John M. Thorne, V. C.	Pennsylvania....	Fees.
Rosario.....	James M. Ayres, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—			
Budapest.....	Frank D. Chester, C.....	Massachusetts...	Fees.
Prague.....	Hugo Donzelmann, C.....	Wyoming.....	3,000
Reichenberg.....	Frank W. Mahin, C.....	Iowa.....	2,500
Trieste.....	Frederick W. Hossfeld, C.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Vienna.....	Carl Bailey Hurst, C. G.....	Dist. Columbia..	3,500
BELGIUM—			
Antwerp.....	George F. Lincoln, C. G.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Brussels.....	George W. Roosevelt, C.....	Pennsylvania....	2,500
Ghent.....	Richard Le Bert C.....	Colorado.....	2,000
Liege.....	Alfred A. Winslow, C.....	Indiana.....	1,500
BOLIVIA—			
La Paz.....	Gerardo Zalles, V. C.....	Bolivia.....	Fees.
BRAZIL—			
Bahia.....	Henry W. Furniss, C.....	Indiana.....	2,500
Para.....	Kavanaugh K. Kennedy, C.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Parnambuco.....	Edwin N. Gunsaulus, C.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Rio de Janeiro.....	Eugene Seeger, C. G.....	Illinois.....	5,000
Santos.....	John J. Girimondi, C.....	California.....	2,500
CHILE—			
Antofagasta.....	Charles C. Greene, C.....	Rhode Island....	Fees.
Arica.....	John W. Lutz, C.....	Ohio.....	Fees.
Iquique.....	Charles S. Wynans, C.....	Michigan.....	Fees.
CHINA—			
Amoy.....	Anson B. Johnson, C.....	Colorado.....	3,500
Canton.....	Robert M. McWade, C.....	Pennsylvania....	3,500
Chefoo.....	John Fowler, C.....	Massachusetts...	3,000
Chinkiang.....	William Martin, C.....	New York.....	3,000
Chungking.....	Henry B. Miller, C.....	Oregon.....	3,000
Fuchau.....	Samuel L. Gracey, C.....	Massachusetts...	3,000
Han Kau.....	Levi S. Wilcox, C.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Hong Kong.....	William A. Rublee, C. G.....	Wisconsin.....	5,000
Niuchwang.....	J. J. Fred Bandinel, V. & D. C.....	China.....	Fees.
Shanghai.....	John Goodnow, C. G.....	Minnesota.....	5,000
Tien-Tsin.....	Jas. W. Ragsdale, C.....	California.....	3,500
COLOMBIA—			
Barranquilla.....	C.....	.....	2,000
Bogota.....	Arthur M. Beaupre, C. G.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Cartagena.....	John C. Ingersoll, C.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Colon.....	C.....	.....	3,000
Medellin.....	C.....	.....	Fees.
Panama.....	Hezekiah A. Gudger, C. G.....	North Carolina..	4,000
COSTA RICA—			
San Jose.....	John C. Caldwell, C.....	Kansas.....	2,000
DENMARK—			
Copenhagen.....	John C. Freeman, C.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
St. Thomas, W. I.....	Mahlon Van Horne, C.....	Rhode Island....	2,500
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—			
Puerto Plata.....	Thomas Simpson, C.....	Rhode Island....	Fees.
Santodomingo.....	Campbell L. Maxwell, C. G.....	Ohio.....	2,000
ECUADOR—			
Guayaqu.....	Perry M. DeLeon, C. G.....	Georgia.....	3,000

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Country to—	Name and Title.	Appointed from	Salary.
FRANCE AND DOMINIANS—			
Algiers, Africa.....	Daniel S. Kidder, C.....	Florida.....	Fees.
Bordeau.....	Albion W. Tourgee, C.....	New York.....	\$3,000
Calais.....	James B. Milner, C.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Grenoble.....	Grenville James, C.....	New York.....	1,500
Guadeloupe Island.....	Lewis H. Ayne, C.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Havre.....	Alexander M. Thackara, C.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
La Rochelle.....	George H. Jackson, C.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Limoges.....	Walter T. Griffin, C. A.....	New York.....	1,500
Lyons.....	John C. Covert, C.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Marseilles.....	Robert P. Skinner, C.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Martinique, W. I.....	Thomas T. Prentiss, C.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Nantes.....	Joseph I. Brittain, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Nice.....	Harold S. Van Buren, C.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Paris.....	John K. Gowdy, C. G.....	Indiana.....	5,000
Rheims.....	William A. Prickett, C.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Roubaix.....	William P. Atwell, C.....	Dist. Columbia.....	2,000
St. Etienne.....	Hilary S. Brunot, C.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty, C.....	New York.....	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	Mifin W. Gibbs, C.....	Arkansas.....	2,000
GERMANY —			
Aix la Chapelle.....	Frank M. Brundage, C.....	Pennsylvania ..	2,500
Annaberg.....	Frank F. Winter, C.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Apia, Samoa.....	Luther W. Osborn, C. G.....	Nebraska ..	3,000
Bamberg.....	William Bardel, C. A.....	New York ..	2,000
Barmen.....	Max Bouchsein, C.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Berlin.....	Frank H. Mason, C. G.....	Ohio.....	4,000
Bremen.....	Henry W. Diedrich, C.....	Dist. Columbia.....	2,500
Breslau.....	Charles W. Erdman, C.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Brunswick.....	Talbot J. Albert, C.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Chemnitz.....	Joseph F. Monaghan, C.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Coburg.....	Oliver J. D. Hughes, C.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Cologne.....	Charles E. Barnes, C.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Crefeld.....	Julian Phelps, C.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Dresden.....	Charles L. Cole, C. G.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Düsseldorf.....	Peter Lieber, C.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Frankfurt.....	Richard Guenther, C. G.....	Wisconsin.....	3,000
Freiburg, Baden.....	E. T. Liefeld, C.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Glauchau.....	George Sawyer, C.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Hamburg.....	Hugh Pitcairn, C.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Hanover.....	Jay White, C.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Kehl.....	Alexander Wood, C.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Leipzig.....	Branierd H. Warner, Jr., C.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Magdeburg.....	Max J. Baehr, C.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Mainz.....	Walter Schumann, C.....	New York.....	2,500
Mannheim.....	Heaton W. Harris, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Munich.....	James H. Worman, C.....	New York.....	2,000
Nuremberg.....	Gustav C. E. Weber, C.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Plauen.....	Thomas Willing Peters, C.....	Dist. Columbia.....	2,500
Sollingen.....	Edmund Z. Brodowski, C.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Stettin.....	John E. Kehl, C.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Stuttgart.....	Edward H. Ozmun, C.....	Minnesota.....	2,500
Weimar.....	Thomas E. Moore, C.....	Dist. Columbia.....	2,000
Zittau.....	William K. Herzog, C.....	Illinois.....	1,500
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOM'S—			
Aden, Arabia.....	Edwin S. Cunningham, C.....	Tennessee.....	1,500
Amherstberg, Ont.....	Chester W. Martin, C.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Antiqua, W. I.....	Franklin A. Hough, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Aukland, N. Z.....	Frank Dillingham, C.....	California.....	2,000
Barbadoes, W. I.....	S. A. MacAllister, C.....	Delaware.....	2,500
Belfast, Ireland.....	Wm. W. Touvelle, C.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Belize, Honduras.....	Wm. L. Avery, C.....	Montana.....	1,500
Birmingham, Eng.....	Marshal Halstead, C.....	New York.....	2,500
Bombay, India.....	Wm. T. Fee, C.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Bradford, Eng.....	E. S. Day, C.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Bristol, Eng.....	L. A. Lathrop, C.....	California.....	1,500
Brockville, Ont.....	C. W. Merriman, C.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Calcutta, Ind.....	R. F. Patterson, C. G.....	Tennessee.....	5,000
Campbellton, N. B.....	James S. Benedict, C. A.....	New York.....	Fees.
Cape Town, Cape of G. H.....	James G. Stowe, C. G.....	Missouri.....	3,000
Cardiff, Wales.....	Daniel T. Phillips, C.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Ceylon (Island).....	William Morey, C.....	Maine.....	1,500

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Country to—	Name and Title.	Appointed from	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN—cont.			
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	Delmar J. Vail, C.	Vermont	\$1,500
Chatham, Ont.	Charles E. Montith, C.	Idaho	2,000
Coaticook, Que.	Jesse H. Johnson, C.	Texas	1,500
Collingwood, Ont.	William Small, C.	Dist. Columbia	2,000
Cork (Queenstown)	Daniel Sweeney, C.	Ohio	2,000
Dawson City, Yukon Ter.	James C. McCook, C.	Pennsylvania	3,000
Demarara, Guiana	George H. Moulton, C.	Colorado	3,000
Dublin, Ireland	Joshua Wilbour, C.	Rhode Island	2,000
Dundee, Scotland	John C. Higgins, C.	Delaware	2,500
Dunfermline, Scotland	John N. McCunn, C.	Wisconsin	2,000
Edinburg, Scotland	Rufus Fleming, C.	Ohio	2,500
Falmouth, Scotland	Edward Fox, C.	England	Fees.
Fort Erie, Ont.	Osian Bedell, C.	New York	1,500
Glasgow, Scotland	Samuel M. Taylor, C.	Ohio	3,000
(Goderic, Ont.)	R. S. Chilton, C. A.	Dist. Columbia	1,500
Guelfh, Ont.	Charles N. Dailey, C.	New Jersey	1,500
Halifax, N. S.	John G. Foster, C. G.	Virginia	3,500
Hamilton, Bermuda	W. M. Greene, C.	Rhode Island	2,000
Hamilton, Ont.	James M. Shepard, C.	Michigan	2,000
Hobart, Tasmania	A. G. Webster, C.	Tasmania	Fees.
Hong Kong, China	Rounsevell, Wildman, C. G.	California	5,000
Huddersfield, Eng.	Benj. F. Stone, C.	Ohio	2,500
Hull, Eng.	Wm. P. Smythe, C.	Missouri	1,500
Kingston, Jamaica	Ethelbert Wat's, C.	Pennsylvania	3,000
Kingston, Ont.	Marshall H. Fwichell, C.	Louisiana	1,500
Leeds, Eng.	Lewis Dexter, C.	Rhode Island	2,000
Liverpool, England	James Boyle, C.	Ohio	5,000
London, England	Wm. M. Osborne, C. G.	Massachusetts	5,000
London, Ont.	Henry S. Calvert, C.	Ohio	2,000
Malta (Island)	John H. Grant, C.	Massachusetts	1,500
Manchester, England	Wm. F. Grinnell, C.	New York	3,000
Moncton, N. B.	G. Bentelspacher, C. A.	Ohio	Fees.
Montreal, Quebec	John L. Bttinger, C. G.	Missouri	4,000
Morrisburg, Ont.	John E. Hamilton, C. A.	Kentucky	1,500
Nassau, N. P.	Thomas J. McLain, C.	Ohio	2,000
Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng.	Horace W. Mercalf, C.	Maine	2,000
Newcastle, N. S. W.	F. W. Goding, C.	Illinois	Fees.
Niagara Falls, Ont.	Harlan W. Brush, C.	New York	1,500
Nottingham, England	Silas C. McFarland, C.	Iowa	2,500
Orillia, Ont.	Ernest A. Wakefield, C.	Maine	1,500
Ottawa, Ont.	Charles E. Turner, C. G.	Connecticut	3,500
Plymouth, England	Joseph G. Stephens, C.	Indiana	Fees.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	Nicholas R. Snyder, C. A.	Pennsylvania	Fees.
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill, C.	Maine	1,500
Port Louis, Mauritius	John P. Campbell, C.	California	2,000
Port Rowan, Ont.	Geo. B. Killmaster, C. A.	Michigan	Fees.
Port Sarnia, Ont.	Neal McMillan, C.	Michigan	1,500
Port Stanley, F. I.	John E. Rowen, C.	Iowa	1,500
Prescott, Ont.	George B. Anderson, C.	Dist. Columbia	1,500
Quebec, Ont.	Wm. F. Henry, C.	Vermont	2,500
Rimouski, Quebec	Chas. A. Boardman, C. A.	Maine	Fees.
St. Christopher, W. I.	Joseph Haven, C. A.	Illinois	Fees.
St. George, Bermuda	Edward T. Jenkins, C. A.	North Carolina	Fees.
St. Helena (Island)	Robert P. Pooley, C.	New York	1,500
St. Hyacinth, Quebec	Joseph M. Authier, C. A.	Rhode Island	1,500
St. Johns, N. B.	Ira B. Myers, C.	Indiana	2,000
St. Johns, N. F.	Martin J. Carter, C.	Pennsylvania	1,500
St. Johns, Quebec	Charles Deal, C.	New York	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.	C. A. McCullough, C.	Maine	1,500
St. Thomas, Ont.	M. J. Burke, C.	Illinois	2,000
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.	Geo. W. Shotts, C. A.	Michigan	Fees.
Sheffield, England	Church Howe, C.	Nebraska	2,500
Sherbrooke, Quebec	Paul Lang, C.	New Hampshire	2,000
Sierre Leone, Africa	John T. Williams, C.	North Carolina	1,500
Singapore, S. S.	O. F. Williams, C. G.	New York	3,000
Southampton, Eng.	John E. Hopley, C.	Ohio	2,500
Stanbridge, Quebec	F. S. S. Johnson, C. A.	New Jersey	Fees.
Stratford, Ont.	A. G. Sevfert, C.	Pennsylvania	1,500
Swansea, Wales	Griffith W. Prees, C.	Wisconsin	2,500
Sydney, N. S.	George N. West, C.	Dist. Columbia	1,500
Sydney, N. S. W.	O. H. Baker, C.	Iowa	2,000
Three Rivers, Quebec	U. J. Ledon, C.	Maine	1,500
Toronto, Ont.	Wm. L. Sewell, C.	Ohio	2,000

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Country to—	Name and Title.	Appointed from	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN—cont.			
Trinidad, W. I.	Alvin Smith, C.	Ohio	\$2,070
Tunstall, Eng.	Wm. H. Bradley, C.	Illinois	2,500
Vancouver, E. C.	L. E. Dudley, C.	Massachusetts	2,000
Victoria, B. C.	A. E. Smith, C.	Illinois	2,500
Wallaceburg, Ont.	Isaac G. Worden, C. A.	Michigan	1,500
Windsor, N. S.	Joseph T. Hoke, C.	Virginia	1,000
Windsor, Ont.	Hugh C. Morris, C.	Michigan	1,500
Winnipeg, Manitoba.	Wm. H. H. Graham, C.	Indiana	1,500
Woodstock, N. B.	Frank C. Denison, C.	Vermont	1,500
Yarmouth, N. S.	Radcliffe H. Ford, C.	Maine	1,500
GREECE—Athens	Daniel E. McGinley, C.	Wisconsin	2,500
GUATEMALA—Guatemala	James C. McNally, C. G.	Pennsylvania	2,000
HAITI—Cape Haitien	L. W. Livingston, C.	Florida	1,000
Port-au-Prince	John B. Terres, V. C. G.	New York	Fees.
HONDURAS—Tegucigalpa	F. A. Allison, C.	New York	2,000
Utilla.	Benj. Johnson, C.	Iowa	1,000
ITALY—			
Castellamare di Stabia.	Joseph E. Hayden, C. A.	Dist. Columbia	1,500
Catania.	Alexander Heingartner, C.	Ohio	1,500
Florence	Edward C. Cramer	Wisconsin	1,500
Genoa.	James Fletcher, C.	Iowa	2,000
Leghorn	James A. Smith, C.	Vermont	1,500
Messina.	Charles M. Caughey, C.	Maryland	1,500
Milan	William Jarvis, C.	New Hampshire	2,000
Naples	A. H. Byington, C.	Connecticut	2,000
Palermo	James Johnson, C.	New Jersey	2,000
Rome	Hector de Castro, C. G.	New York	3,000
Turin	Percy McElrath, C.	New York	1,000
Venice	Henry A. Johnson, C.	Dist. Columbia	1,500
JAPAN—Nagasaki	Charles B. Harris, C.	Indiana	3,000
Osaka and Hiogo	Samuel S. Lyon, C.	New Jersey	3,000
Tamsui, Formosi.	James W. Davidson, C.	Minnesota	1,500
Yokohama	E. C. Bellows, C. G.	Wisconsin	4,000
KOREA—Seoul	Horace N. Allen, C. G.	Ohio	7,500
LIBERIA—Monrovia	Owen L. W. Smith, C. G.	North Carolina	4,000
MASKAT—Maskat	Archibald Mackirdy, V. C.	Maskat	Fees.
MEXICO—Acapulco.			
Agus Calientes.	George W. Dickinson, C.	New York	2,000
Chihuahua	Alfred M. Rappall, C. A.	New York	Fees.
Ciudad Juarez.	Wm. W. Mills, C.	Texas	2,000
Ciudad Porfirio, Diaz.	Charles W. Kindrich, C.	Louisiana	2,500
Durango	Charles P. Snyder, C.	West Virginia	2,000
Ensenada	Walter H. Faulkner, C.	Texas	1,500
Matamoros	Everett E. Bailey, C.	Illinois	1,000
Mazatlan	P. M. Griffith, C.	Ohio	1,000
Mexico.	Louis Kaiser, C.	Illinois	2,000
Monterey	Andrew C. Barlow, C. G.	Missouri	4,000
Nogales	Philip C. Hanna, C. G.	Iowa	2,500
Nuevo Laredo.	James F. Darne l, C.	Indiana	1,500
Progreso	R. B. Mahone, C.	Virginia	2,000
Saltillo	E. H. Thompson, C.	Massachusetts	1,500
Tampico	Charles B. Towle, C.	New Hampshire	1,000
Tuxpan	Samuel E. McGill, C.	Illinois	2,000
Veracruz.	Edwin R. Wells, V. C.	Massachusetts	Fees.
	Wm. H. Canada, C.	Indiana	2,000
MOROCCO—Tangier.	Samuel R. Gummers, C. G.	New Jersey	2,000
NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—Amsterdam			
Batavia, Java	Frank D. Hill, C.	Minnesota	1,500
Curacao, W. I.	B. S. Rairden, C.	Maine	1,000
Rotterdam	Elias H. Cheney, C.	New Hampshire	2,000
St. Martin, W. I.	Soren Listol, C.	Minnesota	2,500
	D. C. Van Romondt, C.	St. Martin	Fees.
NICARAGUA—Managua.			
San Juan Del Norte.	Chester Donaldson, C.	New York	\$2,000
	Wm. B. Sorsby, C.	Mississippi	2,500

CONSULAR SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Country to—	Name and Title.	Appointed from	Salary.
PARAGUAY—Asuncion.....	John N. Ruffin, C.....	Tennessee.....	1,500
PERSIA—Teheran.....	Herbert W. Bowen, C. G.....	New York.....	5,000
PERU—Callao.....	Wm. B. Dickey, C.....	Louisiana.....	3,500
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—			
Funchal, Maderia.....	Thomas C. Jones, C.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Lisbon.....	Jacob H. Thieriot, C.....	New York.....	Fees.
Lourenco, Marquez.....	W. S. Hollis, C.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
St. Michael's, Azores.....	George H. Pickerell, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
ROUMANIA—Bucharest.....	Wm. G. Boxshall, V. C. G.....	Roumania.....	Fees.
RUSSIA—Batum.....	James C. Chambers, C.....	New York.....	Fees.
Moscow.....	Thomas Smith, C.....	New Jersey.....	Fees.
Odessa.....	Thomas E. Heenan, C.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Riga.....	N. P. A. Bornholdt, C.....	Russia.....	Fees.
St. Petersburg.....	Wm. R. Holway, C. G.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Wladivostook.....	Richard T. Greener, C. A.....	New York.....	2,500
Warsaw.....	Joseph Rawicz, C.....	Russia.....	Fees.
SALVADOR—San Salvador....	John Jenkins, C.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
SERVIA—Belgrade.....	Christian Vögel, V. C. G.....	Servia.....	Fees.
SIAM—Bangkok.....	Hamilton King, C. G.....	Michigan.....	5,000
SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC—			
Pretoria.....	Adelbert S. Hay, C.....	New Hampshire..	2,000
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Barcelona.....	Julius G. Lay, C. G.....	Dist. Columbia..	3,000
Cadiz.....	John H. Carroll, C.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Carthagena.....	Joseph Bowrou, C.....	Spain.....	Fees.
Corunna.....	Julio Harmony, C.....	New York.....	Fees.
Madrid.....	Dean R. Wood, V. C.....	New York.....	Fees.
Malaga.....	B. H. Ridgely, C.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Teneriffe, Canary Islands..	Solomon Berliner, C.....	New York.....	Fees.
Valencia.....	Richard M. Bartleman, C.....	Massachusetts... 1,500	
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—			
Bergen, Norway.....	Victor E. Nelson, C.....	California.....	Fees.
Christiana, Norway.....	Henry Bordewich, C. G.....	Minnesota.....	1,500
Gothenburg, Sweden.....	R. S. S. Bergh, C.....	North Dakota... 1,500	
Stockholm, Sweden.....	Edward D. Winslow, C. G.....	Illinois.....	1,500
SWITZERLAND—			
Aarau.....	Henry H. Morgan, C.....	Louisiana.....	2,000
Basel.....	George Gifford, C.....	Maine.....	3,000
Berne.....	A. L. Frankenthal, C.....	Massachusetts... 2,000	
Geneva.....	H. L. Washington, C.....	Dist. Columbia.. 1,500	
St. Gall.....	James T. DuBois, C. G.....	Pennsylvania..... 3,000	
Zurich.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Illinois.....	2,000
TONGA—Nukualofa.....	Luther W. Osborn, C. G.....	Nebraska.....	3,000
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS—			
Alexandretta.....	Wm. R. Davis, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Beirut, Syria.....	G. B. Ravandal, C.....	South Dakota... 2,000	
Cairo, Egypt.....	John G. Long, C. G.....	Florida.....	5,000
Constantinople.....	Charles M. Dickinson, C. G.....	New York.....	3,000
Erzerum.....	Leo Bergholz, C.....	New York.....	2,000
Harput.....	Thomas H. Norton, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Selah Merrill, C.....	Massachusetts... 2,500	
Sivas.....	Milo A. Jewett, C.....	Massachusetts... 1,500	
Smyrna.....	Rufus W. Lane, C.....	Ohio.....	2,500
URUGUAY—Colonia.....	Benjamin D. Manton, C.....	Rhode Island....	Fees.
Montevideo.....	Albert W. Swalm, C.....	Iowa.....	3,000
Paysandu.....	John G. Hufnagel, C. A.....	Maryland.....	Fees.
VENEZUELA—Laguayra.....	Louis Goldschmidt, C.....	New Hampshire..	\$2,000
Maracaibo.....	Eugene H. Plumacher, C.....	Tennessee.....	2,000
Puerto Cabello.....	Luther T. Ellsworth, C.....	Ohio.....	1,500
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar.....	Harris R. Childs, V. C.....	New York.....	2,000

THE NATION'S FIGHTING FORCES.

CONGRESSIONAL AND MILITARY.

STATES.	CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT, 1901.			NATIONAL GUARD OF THE STATES.			
	Population, 1900.	No. of congressmen.	Population per congressman.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Infantry.	Total No. authorized.
Alabama.....	1,823,697	9	203,189	191	158	1,949	7,788
Arkansas.....	1,311,564	7	187,366	99	140	1,630	*
California.....	1,485,093	8	185,632	258	.....	2,991	6,471
Colorado.....	539,700	3	179,900	181	46	897	*
Connecticut.....	903,355	5	181,671	73	37	2,168	4,108
Delaware.....	184,735	1	184,735	.....	.....	449	750
Florida.....	528,542	3	176,181	.....	.....	1,167	1,458
Georgia.....	2,216,331	11	201,485	390	142	3,416	12,344
Idaho.....	161,772	1	161,772	.....	.....	566	21,000
Illinois.....	4,821,550	25	191,862	365	200	6,535	10,626
Indiana.....	2,516,462	13	193,574	.....	121	739	4,601
Iowa.....	2,231,853	11	202,896	41	.....	1,806	3,694
Kansas.....	1,470,495	8	183,812	.....	93	1,090	2,131
Kentucky.....	2,147,174	11	195,198	.....	.....	1,762	3,500
Louisiana.....	1,381,625	7	197,375	39	678	780	*
Maine.....	694,466	4	173,817	.....	.....	1,252	2,051
Maryland.....	1,190,050	6	198,342	71	.....	1,806	2,700
Massachusetts.....	2,805,316	14	200,382	246	1,027	3,374	6,592
Michigan.....	2,420,932	12	201,749	.....	.....	2,800	3,429
Minnesota.....	1,751,394	9	194,599	.....	133	2,322	3,729
Mississippi.....	1,551,270	8	193,484	95	279	928	1,800
Missouri.....	3,106,665	16	194,167	.....	.....	2,444	3,000
Montana.....	243,329	1	243,329	.....	60	.....	1,124
Nebraska.....	1,088,539	6	178,090	63	63	950	2,113
Nevada.....	42,335	1	42,335	.....	.....	154	*
New Hampshire.....	411,583	2	205,794	66	73	1,267	1,699
New Jersey.....	1,834,669	10	183,367	130	140	3,397	5,127
New York.....	7,268,012	37	199,135	343	370	13,448	18,000
North Carolina.....	1,893,811	10	189,381	.....	23	1,618	5,000
North Dakota.....	319,146	2	159,573	51	56	557	933
Ohio.....	4,157,545	21	197,978	49	200	4,171	9,486
Oregon.....	413,536	2	206,763	47	74	925	1,585
Pennsylvania.....	6,302,115	32	196,942	240	284	9,334	11,103
Rhode Island.....	428,556	2	214,278	111	98	786	1,030
South Carolina.....	1,340,316	7	191,474	865	96	2,058	5,000
South Dakota.....	401,570	2	200,785	46	.....	52	1,000
Tennessee.....	2,020,616	10	202,062	.....	.....	1,480	3,000
Texas.....	3,048,710	16	190,554	191	210	2,793	*
Utah.....	276,749	1	276,749	21	.....	286	1,000
Vermont.....	345,641	2	171,821	.....	76	617	.....
Virginia.....	1,854,184	10	185,418	50	196	805	5,176
Washington.....	518,103	3	172,701	73	54	669	1,877
West Virginia.....	958,800	5	191,760	.....	20	945	8,359
Wisconsin.....	2,069,042	11	188,095	67	69	2,692	3,122
Wyoming.....	92,531	1	92,531	.....	.....	348	1,078
Total and average....	74,610,524	386	193,292	4,483	5,416	93,143	190,312
TERRITORIAL MILITIA.							
Alaska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	163	*
Arizona.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	382	898
District of Columbia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	1,213	3,320
Guam.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....
Hawaii.....	.....	.....	.....	93	.....	790	2,000
Indian Territory.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	*
Oklahoma.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	498	2,164
Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600	1,000
Samoa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	68	.....
Total in territories....	.....	.....	.....	93	43	3,756	9,382

Total organized forces, 106,934, exclusive of 911 officers. * No limit.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA—CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. J. Sanford.....	Dec. 1, 1900	Dec. 1, 1902	\$3,000
Secretary of State.....	Robert P. McDavid.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Audit r.....	T. L. Sowell.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,400
Treasurer.....	J. Craig Smith.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,100
Attorney General.....	Charles G. Brown.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Thos. N. McClellan.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,600
Superintendent of Education.....	John W. Abercrombie.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,250
Commissioner of Agriculture.....	R. R. Poole.....	Sept. 1, 1900	Sept. 1, 1902	2,200

ALASKA—CAPITAL, SITKA.

Governor.....	John G. Brady.....	June 6, 1900	June 6, 1904	\$5,000
U. S. Surveyor General and ex-officio Secretary of the District.....	Wm. L. Distin.....	..... do .....	..... do	4,000
U. S. District Judge— 1st Division.....	Melville C. Brown.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000
2d Division.....	Arthur S. Noyes.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000
3d Division.....	James Wichersham.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000

ARIZONA TERRITORY—CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Officials appointed by the President.

Governor.....	N. O. Murphy.....	1897.....	July, 1901	\$3,000
Secretary of Territory.....	Charles H. Akers.....	1897.....	July, 1901	1,800
Treasurer.....	T. W. Pemberton.....	1899.....	July, 1901	1,000
Auditor.....	G. W. Vickers.....	1899.....	July, 1901	1,800
Attorney General.....	Charles F. Ainsworth.....	1899.....	July, 1901	3,500
Chief Justice.....	Webster Street.....	1897.....	Nov., 1901	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Thomas Grindell.....	1897.....	Nov., 1901	1,800
Supt. Public Instruction.....	R. L. Long.....	1897.....	July, 1901	1,200

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Governor.....	Jefferson Davis.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,000
Secretary of State.....	John W. Crockett.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Auditor.....	T. C. Monroe.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,250
Treasurer.....	Thomas E. Little.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,250
Attorney General.....	Geo. W. Murphy.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Commissioner State Lands.....	J. W. Colquitt.....	Oct. 31, 1900	Oct. 31, 1902	1,800
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. J. Dove.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Commissioner of Agriculture.....	Frank Hill.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Chief Justice.....	H. G. Bunn.....	Oct. 31, 1896	Oct. 31, 1904	3,000

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Governor.....	Henry T. Gage.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	\$6,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. H. Neff.....	..... do .....	..... do	\$10 day
Secretary of State.....	C. F. Curry.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Comptroller.....	E. P. Colgan.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Treasurer.....	Truman Reeves.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Attorney General.....	T. L. Ford.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Surveyor General.....	M. J. Wright.....	During pleas	ure of Gov.	3,000
Labor Commissioner.....	Frank B. Myers.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,400
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	T. J. Kirk.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000
Chief Justice.....	W. H. Beatty.....	..... do .....	..... do	6,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Geo. W. Root.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	James B. Orman....	Jan. 8, 1901	Jan., 1903	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	David C. Coates....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Secretary of State	David A. Mills .....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Treasurer	James N. Chipley....	..... do .....	..... do	6,000
Auditor.....	Charles W. Crouter....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Attorney General.....	Charles C. Post.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction....	Helen L. Grenfel....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	George P. McLean....	Jan. 9, 1901	Jan., 1903	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor	Edwin O. Keeler....	..... do .....	..... do	500
Secretary	Chas. G. R. Vinal....	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Treasurer	Henry H. Gallup....	..... do .....	..... do	6,000
Comptroller.....	Abiram Chamberlain	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Attorney General.....	Charles Phelps.....	..... do .....	..... do	4,000
Chief Justice.....	Chas. B. Andrews....	Jan. 9, 1889	Jan., 1905	4,500

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John Hunn.....	Jan. 15, 1901	Jan. 17, 1905	\$2,000
Lieutenant Governor....	Philip L. Cannon....	..... do .....	..... do	500
Secretary of State.....	Caleb R. Layton....	Jan. 16, 1891	Jan. 16, 1905	†\$1,000
Attorney General.....	H. H. Ward.....	Jan. 1, 1901	Jan. 3, 1905	2,000
State Treasurer	Martin B. Burris....	..... do	Jan. 1, 1903	2,000
Auditor	P. B. Norman, Jr....	..... do .....	..... do	1,200
Insurance Commissioner....	George W. Marshall..	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Chief Justice	Charles B. Loze.....	..... do	Jan. 14, 1909	3,800
Chancellor.....	John R. Nichol.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,800

* Per diem while presiding over senate. † And fees.

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. S. Jennings....	Jan. 8, 1901	Jan., 1905	\$3,500
Secretary of State	Jno. L. Crawford....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Attorney General.....	Wm. B. Lamar.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
State Treasurer.....	J. B. Whistfield....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Comptroller.....	Wm. H. Reynolds....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction....	Wm. N. Sheats.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	Benj. E. McClain....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000

Adjutant General, Patrick Houston, appointed by the governor for four years — salary is \$1,200.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Allen D. Chandler ...	Nov. 1, 1900	Nov. 1, 1902	\$3,000
Secretary of State	Philip Cook.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Comptroller General	Wm. A. Wright.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Treasurer	R. E. Park.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Attorney General.....	James M. Terrill....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	O. B. Stovans.....	Nov. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1904	2,000
Chief Justice	Thos. J. Simmons....	July 1, 1893	Jan. 1, 1903	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Z. D. Harrison....	Dec. 1, 1892	..... do	4,000
Ch'n Railroad Commission....	J. Pope Brown.....	Oct. 1, 1900	Oct. 1, 1903	2,500
Ch'n Prison Commission....	Jos. Turner.....	..... do .....	..... do .....	.....

HAWAII (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, HONOLULU.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
1 Governor.....	Sanford B. Dole.....	June 14, 1900	June 14, 1904	\$5,000
1 Secretary of Territory.....	Henry E. Cooper.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
1 Chief Justice.....	Walter F. Frear.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,500
3 Supt. Public Works.....	J. A. McCandless.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Auditor.....	H. C. Austin.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Treasurer.....	T. F. Lansing.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Attorney General.....	E. P. Dole.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Land Commissioner.....	J. F. Brown.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Supt. Public Instruction.....	A. T. Atkinson.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
3 Com. of Agl. and Forestry.....	Wray Taylor.....	..... do .....	..... do	?

¹ Appointed by the president. ² Appointed by the governor. ³ Salary to be fixed by legislature.

IDAHO—CAPITAL, BOISE.

Governor.....	Frank W. Hunt.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Thos. F. Terrill.....	..... do .....	..... do	?
Secretary of State.....	Charles J. Bassett.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
State Auditor.....	Egbert W. Jones.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
State Treasurer.....	John J. Plumer.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Attorney General.....	Frank Martin.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Supt. of Pub. Instruction.....	Perneal French.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Inspector of Mines.....	Martin Jacobs.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Ralph P. Quarles.....	..... do	Jan., 1907	3,000

*\$7.50 per day during session of legislature.

ILLINOIS—CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Governor.....	Richard Yates.....	Jan. 14, 1901	Jan., 1905	\$6,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Wm. A. Northcott.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Secretary of State.....	James A. Rose.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Auditor.....	James S. McCullough.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Treasurer.....	Moses J. Williamson.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Attorney General.....	Howland J. Hamlin.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Adjutant General.....	.....	Appointed.....	.....	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Alfred Bayliss.....	Jan. 9, 1899	Jan., 1903	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	.....	Appointed.....	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	.....	Appointed.....	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	.....	Appointed.....	.....	3,500

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Governor.....	Winfield T. Durbin.....	Jan. 14, 1901	Jan. 14, 1905	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Newton W. Gilbert.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Union B. Hunt.....	..... do	Jan. 14, 1903	6,500
Attorney General.....	William L. Taylor.....	Nov. 22, 1900	Nov. 22, 1902	7,500
Auditor.....	William H. Hart.....	Jan. 14, 1901	Jan. 14, 1903	7,500
Treasurer.....	Leopold Levy.....	Feb. 9, 1901	Feb. 9, 1903	6,500
Chief Justice.....	L. J. Monks.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1905	4,500
Reporter Supreme Court.....	Charles F. Remy.....	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan. 7, 1905	4,000
Supreme Court Clerk.....	Robert A. Brown.....	Nov. 22, 1898	Nov. 22, 1902	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Frank L. Jones.....	Mar. 15, 1901	Mar. 15, 1903	2,500
State Geologist.....	W. S. Blatchley.....	Nov. 19, 1898	Nov. 19, 1902	2,500

INDIAN TERRITORY—CAPITAL, TALLEQUAH.

Principal Chief.....	T. M. Buffington.....	Nov., 1899	Nov., 1903	\$1,500
Assistant Chief.....	Wash Swimmer.....	..... do .....	..... do	600
Executive Secretary.....	J. T. Parks.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Auditor.....	I. M. Knight..... do do	300
Treasurer.....	Joe M. Lahay..... do do	1,000

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

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IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Leslie M. Shaw.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,600
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. C. Milliman.....	..... do .....	..... do	550
Secretary of State.....	W. B. Martin.....	Jan. 7, 1901	..... do	2,200
Auditor.....	F. F. Merriam.....	Jan., 1901	..... do	2,200
Treasurer.....	G. S. Gilbertson.....	Jan. 7, 1901	..... do	2,200
Supt. of Public Instruction..	R. C. Barrett.....	Jan., 1901	..... do	2,200
Chief Justice.....	Josiah Given.....	Jan., 1899	Jan. 31, 1901	4,000
Attorney General.....	C. W. Mullen.....	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan., 1903	4,000
Railway Commissioner.....	David Palmer.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,200

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Governor.....	W. E. Stanley.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	H. E. Richter.....	..... do .....	..... do	\$5 day
Secretary of State.....	Geo. A. Clark.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Auditor.....	Geo. E. Cole.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Treasurer.....	Frank E. Grimes.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Attorney General.....	A. A. Godard.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Frank Nelson.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Supt. of Insurance.....	W. V. Church.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Frank Doster.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Associate Justice.....	Wm. R. Smith.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1905	3,000
Associate Justice.....	W. A. Johnston.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000

KENTUCKY—CAPITAL, FRANKFORT.

Governor.....	J. C. W. Beckham....	Jan. 10, 1900	Dec. 10, 1903	\$6,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Lillard Carter.....	..... do .....	..... do	*
Secretary of State.....	C. B. Hill.....	Jan. 6, 1903	Jan. 6, 1904	3,000
Attorney General.....	R. J. Breckinridge..	..... do .....	..... do	4,000
Auditor.....	Gus G. Coulter.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,600
Treasurer.....	S. W. Hager.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,600
Supt. of Public Instruction..	H. W. McChesney....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Commissioner Agriculture..	I. B. Nall.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500

*\$10 per day during session of legislature or while acting.

LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Governor.....	W. W. Heard.....	May, 1900	May, 1904	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Albert Estopinal, Sr.	..... do .....	..... do	\$8 day
Secretary of State.....	John T. Mitchel.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Assistant Secretary of State and Com. of Insurance....	E. J. McGivney.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Auditor.....	W. S. Frazee.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
State Treasurer.....	Le Doux E. Smith....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Attorney General.....	Walter Guion.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Adjutant General.....	Allen Jumel.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	J. G. Lee.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Register State Land Office..	J. M. Smith.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Chief Justice.....	F. T. Nichols.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000

MAINE—CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Governor.....	John F. Hill.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Byron Boyd.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
State Treasurer.....	Oramandal Smith....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Attorney General.....	George M. Seiders....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Adjutant General.....	John T. Richards....	..... do .....	..... do	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Andrew P. Wiswell..	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1907	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Joseph B. Peabs.....	May, 1898	May, 1901	2,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	B. F. Chadbourne....	Sept., 1898	Sept., 1901	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Parhu Spafford.....	Nov., 1900	Nov., 1903	2,000
Insurance Commissioner....	Stephen W. Carr.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	1,500

MARYLAND—CAPITAL, ANNAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John Walter Smith.	2d Wd Jan. '00	2d Wd Jan '04	\$4,500
Comptroller.....	Joshua W. Hering....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1902	2,500
Treasurer.....	Murray Vandiver....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Secretary of State.....	Wilfred Bateman.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Adjutant General.....	John S. Saunders.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Attorney General.....	Isidor Rayner.....	..... do	Jan., 1901	3,000
Chief Justice.....	James McSherry.....	..... do	Jan., 1902	4,500
Supt. Public Education.....	M. Bates Stevens.....	May, 1900	May, 1904	3,000
Tax Commissioner.....	Robert P. Graham....	Jan., 18:8	Jan., 1902	2,500
Insurance Commissioner.....	Lloyd Wilkinson.....	..... 1900	Jan., 1904	2,500

MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Governor.....	W. Murray Crane.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1902	\$8,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	John L. Bates.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Secretary.....	Wm. M. Olin.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Treasurer.....	Edward S. Bradford....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000
Auditor.....	Henry B. Turner.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Attorney General.....	Hosea W. Knowlton....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Governor.....	Aaron T. Bliss.....	Jan. 1, 1901	Jan. 1, 1903	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Orrin W. Robinson.....	..... do .....	..... do	*
Secretary of State.....	Fred M. Warner.....	..... do .....	..... do	800
State Treasurer.....	Daniel McCoy.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Auditor General.....	Perry F. Powers.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Com'r State Land Office.....	Edwin A. Wilsey.....	..... do .....	..... do	800
Attorney General.....	Horace M. Oren.....	..... do .....	..... do	800
Sup't Public Instruction.....	Delos Fall.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Member State B'd Educat'n.	James H. Thompson....	..... do .....	..... do	†....

*\$3 per day during legislative session. †\$3 per day and expenses.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Governor.....	S. R. Van Sant.....	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan., 1903	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Lyndon A. Smith.....	..... do .....	..... do	*
Secretary of State.....	P. E. Hanson.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Auditor.....	Robert P. Dunn.....	Jan. 3, 1899	..... do	3,600
Treasurer.....	J. H. Block.....	Jan. 7, 1901	..... do	3,500
Attorney General.....	Wallace B. Douglas....	..... do .....	..... do	3,500
Clerk of Supreme Court.....	D. F. Reese.....	Jan. 3, 1899	..... do	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Charles M. Stark.....	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan., 1907	5,000
Associate Justice.....	L. W. Collins.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000
Associate Justice.....	John A. Lovely.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1906	5,000
Associate Justice.....	C. L. Brown.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000
Associate Justice.....	C. L. Lewis.....	..... do .....	..... do	5,000

*\$10 per day during session of legislature.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Governor.....	A. H. Longino.....	Jan. 16, 1900	Jan. 16, 1904	\$3,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Jas. T. Harrison.....	Jan. 15, 1900	Jan. 15, 1904	*
Secretary of State.....	J. L. Power.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Auditor.....	W. Q. Cole.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Attorney General.....	Monroe McClurg.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Treasurer.....	J. R. Stowers.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Adjutant General.....	Wm. Henry.....	..... do .....	..... do	250
Chief Justice.....	A. H. Whitfield.....	May 10, 1894	May 10, 1903	3,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	E. W. Brown.....	Jan. 15, 1900	Jan. 15, 1904	Fees.
Superintendent of Education	H. L. Whitfield.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Land Commissioner.....	E. H. Nall.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Revenue Agent.....	Wirt Adams.....	..... do .....	..... do	Com.
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. C. Kincannon.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	A. Q. May.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. D. McInnis.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000

*\$500 for regular session of legislature; \$6 per day during special session.

MISSOURI—CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Alex. M. Dockery....	Jan. 14, 1901	Jan. 14, 1905	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	John A. Lee.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,000
Secretary State.....	Sam B. Cook.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Auditor	Albert O. Allen.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Treasurer	Robert P. Williams..	..... do .....	..... do	3,100
Attorney General.....	Edward C. Crow.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court ..	John R. Green.....	Jan. 14, 1892	..... do	3,000
Railway & W. Commissioner	T. J. Hennessey.....	Jan., 1897	Jan., 1903	3,000
Supt. Public Schools.....	Wm. T. Carrington..	Jan., 1899	..... do	3,000
Judge Supreme Court.....	J. B. Gantt.....	Jan. 14, 1900	Jan. 14, 1905	4,500

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Joseph K. Toole....	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan., 1905	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Frank G. Higgins....	..... do .....	..... do	*
Secretary of State.....	George M. Hays.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Auditor and Ins. Com'r ..	J. H. Calderhead....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Treasurer	A. H. Barrat.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Attorney General	James Donovan.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction....	W. W. Welch.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Chief Justice	Theodore Brantley ..	Jan. 4, 1899	..... do	5,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Henry G. Ricketts..	..... do .....	..... do	2,500

*\$10 per day during session of legislature.

NEBRASKA—CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Charles H. Dietrich..	Jan. 3, 1901	Jan. 8, 1903	\$2,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Ezra P. Savage.....	..... do .....	..... do	600
Secretary of State	George W. Marsh....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Auditor	Charles Weston.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Treasurer	William Stuefer.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction....	William K. Fowler....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Attorney General	Frank N. Prout.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Com'r Land and Buildings..	George D. Follmer ..	..... do .....	..... do	2,000

NEVADA—CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	R. Sadler.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1903	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. R. Judge.....	..... do .....	..... do	500
Secretary of State.....	Eugene Howell.....	..... do .....	..... do	3,000
Attorney General	W. D. Jones.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000
Controller	S. P. Davis.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,400
Treasurer	D. M. Ryan.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,400
Surveyor General.....	E. D. Keely.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,400
Supt. Public Instruction....	O. Ring.....	..... do .....	..... do	2,000

NEW HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Chester B. Jordan....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$2,000
Secretary of State	Edward N. Pearson..	..... do .....	..... do	2,500
State Treasurer.....	Solon A. Carter.....	..... do .....	..... do	1,800
Attorney General	Edwin G. Eastman....	April, 1892	April, 1902	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Isaac N. Blodgett....	Aug. 18, 1898	March 6, 1903	3,500

NEW JERSEY—CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Foster M. Voorhees..	Jan. 17, 1899	Jan. 16, 1902	\$10,000
Secretary of State.....	George Wurts.....	April 1, 1897	April 1, 1902	6,000
Treasurer.....	George B. Swain.....	April 2, 1897	April 2, 1903	6,000
Comptroller.....	William S. Hancock..	do.....	April 2, 1903	6,000
Attorney General.....	Samuel H. Grey.....	April 5, 1897	April 5, 1902	7,000
Clerk of Chancery.....	Lewis W. Thompson..	Mar. 30, 1896	Mar. 30, 1901	6,000
Clerk of Supreme Court.....	William Reker, Jr....	Nov. 2, 1897	Nov. 2, 1902	6,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Charles T. Baxter....	Mar. 26, 1896	Mar. 27, 1902	3,000
Adjutant General.....	Alex. C. Oliphant....	Appointed.....	Appointed.....	2,500
Quarter Master General.....	Richard A. Donnelly..	Appointed.....	Appointed.....	1,200
Insurance Commissioner.....	William Bettle.....	April 1, 1897	April 1, 1903	4,000
Chief of Labor Bureau.....	William Stainsby....	April 3, 1898	April 2, 1903	2,500
Librarian.....	Henry C. Buchanan..	Jan. 31, 1889	Jan. 31, 1904	2,000

NEW MEXICO—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Governor.....	Miguel A. Otero.....	June 7, 1897	June 14, 1901	\$2,600
Secretary of Territory.....	Geo. H. Wallace.....	July 10, 1897	July 10, 1901	4,800
Chief Justice.....	W. J. Mills.....	Feb. 16, 1898	Feb. 16, 1902	3,000

*Fees.

NEW YORK—CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Governor.....	Benjamin B. Odell..	Jan. 1, 1901	Dec. 31, 1902	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Timothy L. Woodruff	do.....	do.....	5,000
Secretary of State.....	John T. McDonough..	do.....	do.....	5,000
Comptroller.....	Erastus C. Knight...	do.....	do.....	6,000
Treasurer.....	John P. Jaekel.....	do.....	do.....	5,000
Attorney General.....	John C. Davies.....	do.....	do.....	5,000
State Engineer.....	Edward A. Bond.....	do.....	do.....	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Charles R. Skinner..	Feb. 2, 1898	Mar. 1, 1901	5,000
Supt. of Insurance.....	Francis Hendricks..	Feb. 1, 1900	Feb. 1, 1903	7,000
Supt. Public Works.....	John N. Partridge...	Jan. 1, 1901	Dec. 31, 1902	6,000
Supt. of Banks.....	Freder'k D. Kilbourn	Apr. 3, 1899	Apr. 3, 1902	7,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Frank M. Baker.....	Feb. 3, 1898	Feb. 3, 1903	8,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Ashley W. Cole.....	Feb. 16, 1897	Feb. 16, 1902	8,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	George W. Dunn.....	do.....	do.....	8,000
Commissioner in Lunacy.....	Peter M. Wise.....	Feb. 17, 1897	do.....	7,500
Commissioner in Lunacy.....	Wm. L. Parkhurst...	Feb. 25, 1897	Dec. 31, 1902	3,500
Commissioner in Lunacy.....	Wm. Church Osborne	Apr. 27, 1899	do.....	3,500

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Governor.....	C. B. Aycock.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1905	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	W. D. Turner.....	do.....	do.....	*.....
Secretary of State.....	J. Bryan Grimes.....	do.....	do.....	2,000
Auditor.....	B. F. Dixon.....	do.....	do.....	1,500
Treasurer.....	B. R. Lacy.....	do.....	do.....	3,000
Attorney General.....	R. D. Gilmer.....	do.....	do.....	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Thomas F. Toon.....	do.....	do.....	1,500
Adjutant General.....	B. S. Royster.....	do.....	do.....	Fees.
Clerk Supreme Court.....	T. S. Kenan.....	1900 for 8 yrs	do.....	2,000
Corporation C'mmissioners	Franklin McNeill..	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1907	2,000
	S. L. Rogers.....	do.....	Jan., 1905	2,000
	D. H. Abbott.....	do.....	Jan., 1903	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	J. R. Young.....	March, 1899	March, 1901	2,000

*\$.00 per diem for 120 days in 4 years as president of senate.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Frank White.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	David Bartlett.....	do do	do do	1,000
Secretary of State.....	E. F. Porter.....	do do	do do	2,000
Auditor.....	A. N. Carlblom.....	do do	do do	2,000
Treasurer.....	D. H. McMillan.....	do do	do do	2,000
Attorney General.....	O. D. Comstock.....	do do	do do	2,000
Commissioner of Insurance.....	Ferdinand Lentz.....	do do	do do	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. M. Devine.....	do do	do do	2,000
Com. of Ag. and Labor.....	R. J. Turner.....	do do	do do	2,000
Commissioner of Railroads.....	J. F. Shea.....	do do	do do	1,200
Commissioner of Railroads.....	J. J. Youngblood.....	do do	do do	1,200
Commissioner of Railroads.....	C. J. Lord.....	do do	do do	1,200
Chief Justice.....	Alfred Wallin.....	do do	do do	4,000

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Governor.....	George K. Nash.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1902	\$8,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	John A. Caldwell.....	do do	do do	800
Secretary of State.....	Lewis C. Laylin.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	4,000
Auditor.....	Walter D. Guilbert.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1904	4,500
Treasurer.....	Isaac B. Cameron.....	do do	Jan., 1902	4,500
Adjutant General.....	Geo. R. Gyger.....	do do	do do	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Thad. A. Minshall.....	Feb., 1901	Jan., 1906	5,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Josiah B. Allen.....	Feb., 1839	Jan., 1902	1,500
Attorney General.....	John M. Sheets.....	Jan., 1900	do do	4,500
School Commissioner.....	Lewis D. Bonebrake.....	July, 1901	Jan., 1903	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	A. I. Vorys.....	June, 1900	Jan., 1902	4,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Ray S. Kaylor.....	March, 1899	Jan., 1901	3,000

*OKLAHOMA TERRITORY—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Governor.....	C. M. Barnes.....	May 26, 1897	May 26, 1901	\$3,000
Secretary.....	W. J. Jenkins.....	June 23, 1897	June 23, 1901	1,800
Attorney General.....	J. C. Strang.....	May 27, 1897	May 27, 1899	1,500
Superintendent and Auditor.....	S. N. Hopkins.....	Oct. 1, 1897	Oct. 1, 1899	2,400
Commissioner of Lands.....	Chas. H. Filson.....	July 1, 1897	July 1, 1901	2,400
Treasurer.....	F. M. Thompson.....	June 25, 1897	June 25, 1899	1,500
Oil Inspector.....	Amos Ewing.....	do do	do do	3,500
Librarian.....	Geo. H. Dodson.....	Mch. 15, 1898	Mch. 15, 1900	1,000
Bank Examiner.....	W. S. Search.....	July 10, 1897	July 10, 1899	1,000
U. S. Attorney.....	Horace Speed.....	June 1, 1898	June 1, 1902	5,000
Chief Justice.....	Jno. H. Burford.....	Nov. 1, 1897	Nov. 1, 1902	3,000

*Territorial officials appointed by the president.

OREGON—CAPITAL, SALEM.

Governor.....	T. T. Geer.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1903	*\$1,500
Secretary of State.....	F. I. Dunbar.....	do do	do do	†1,500
Treasurer.....	Chas. S. Moore.....	do do	do do	†800
State Printer.....	W. H. Leeds.....	do do	do do	.....
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. H. Ackerman.....	do do	do do	2,000
Attorney General.....	D. R. N. Blackburn.....	do do	do do	3,000
Supreme Judge.....	R. S. Bean.....	Jan., 1895	Jan., 1904	3,500

*And other allowances. †And fees.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Governor.....	Wm. A. Stone.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1903	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. P. S. Gobin.....	do do	do do	3,500
Secretary of State.....	W. W. Griest.....	(Appointed)	.....	*5,000
Auditor General.....	E. B. Hardenberg.....	May 1, 1901	May, 1904	4,200
Treasurer.....	Jas. E. Barnett.....	May, 1897	May, 1903	6,200
Chief Justice.....	J. Brewster McColl'm.....	Jan., 1890	Jan., 1903	8,500
Secretary of Internal Affairs.....	James W. Latta.....	May, 1899	May, 1903	.....
Supt. Public Instruction.....	N. C. Schaffer.....	(Appointed)	.....	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	I. W. Durham.....	(Appointed)	.....	*3,000
Banking Commissioner.....	Frank Reeder.....	(Appointed)	.....	5,000
Adjutant General.....	T. J. Stewart.....	(Appointed)	.....	4,000
Attorney General.....	John P. Elkin.....	(Appointed)	.....	5,000

* And fees.

PORTO RICO (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, SAN JUAN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Charles H. Allen.....	May 1, 1900	May 1, 1904	\$8,000
Secretary.....	W. H. Hunt.....	do	do	4,000
Attorney General.....	J. A. Russell.....	do	do	4,000
Treasurer.....	J. H. Hollander.....	do	do	5,000
Auditor.....	J. R. Garrison.....	do	do	4,000
Commissioner of Interior.....	W. H. Elliott.....	do	do	4,000
Commissioner of Education.....	M. G. Brumbaugh.....	do	do	3,000

Additional members of Executive Council: J. C. Barbosa, R. M. Cintron, J. G. Benitz, J. B. Brioso, A. Crosas.

RHODE ISLAND—CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Governor.....	William Gregory.....	May 29, 1900*	Jan., 1902	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Charles D. Kimball.....	do	do	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Charles P. Bennett.....	do	do	3,500
Attorney General.....	Willard B. Tanner.....	do	do	4,500
Treasurer.....	Walter A. Read.....	do	do	2,500
Adjutant General.....	Frederic M. Sackett.....	Nov. 4, 1895	Nov. 4, 1900	1,200
Quartermaster General.....	W. Howard Walker.....	Nov. 22, 1898	Nov. 21, 1903	1,000
Auditor.....	Charles C. Gray.....	May 31, 1900	May 30, 1901	1,500
Chief Justice.....	John H. Stines.....	During good behavior		5,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Bertram S. Blaisdell.....	June, 1900	June, 1901	2,500
Com. Public Schools.....	Thomas B. Stockwell.....	June 1, 1900	June 1, 1901	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	State Auditor (ex-off)			1,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Edward L. Freeman.....	May 1, 1898	May 1, 1901	2,500
Com. of Industrial Statistics.....	Henry E. Tiepke.....	June 5, 1899	June 4, 1901	2,000

SOUTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Governor.....	M. B. McSweeney.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	R. B. Scarborough.....	do	do	*
Secretary of State.....	M. R. Cooper.....	do	do	1,900
Comptroller General.....	J. P. Derham.....	do	do	1,900
Attorney General.....	G. Duncan Bellinger.....	do	do	1,900
Treasurer.....	H. R. Jennings.....	do	do	2,400
Chief Justice.....	Henry McIver.....	Jan. 22, 1898	Jan. 22, 1906	2,800
Clerk Supreme Court.....	U. R. Brooks.....			†8,000
Supt. of Education.....	J. J. McMahan.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. H. Wharton.....	do	Jan., 1907	1,900
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. C. Wilborn.....	Jan., 1897	Jan., 1903	1,900
Railroad Commissioner.....	W. C. Garris.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1905	1,900

*\$8 per day during session of legislature. †And fees.

SOUTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Governor.....	Charles N. Herreid.....	Jan. 8, 1901	Jan., 1903	\$2,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	Geo. W. Snow.....	do	do	*
Secretary of State.....	O. C. Berg.....	do	do	1,500
Auditor of State.....	James D. Reeves.....	do	do	1,800
Treasurer.....	John S. Schamber.....	do	do	1,800
Attorney General.....	John L. Pyle.....	do	do	1,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	E. E. Collins.....	do	do	1,800
Com. Sch. and Public Lands.....	David Eastman.....	do	do	1,800
Railroad Commissioner.....	Alex. Kirpatrick.....	Jan., 1897	Jan., 1903	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Wm. G. Smith.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1905	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Frank Le Cog, Jr.....	Jan., 1911	Jan., 1907	1,500
Chief Justice.....	H. G. Fuller.....	Jan., 1900	do	2,500
Associate Justice.....	D. Corson.....	do	do	2,500
Associate Justice.....	Dick Haney.....	do	do	2,500

*\$10 per day during session of the legislature, limited to 60 days.

TENNESSEE—CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Benton McMillan	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$1,070
Secretary of State	John W. Morton	do do	do do	3,000
Comptroller	Theo. F. King	do do	do do	3,500
Treasurer	Rean E. Falk	do do	do do	3,500
Supt. Public Instruction	M. FitzPatrick	do do	do do	2,400
Adjutant General	W. M. Brandon	do do	do do	1,800
Commissioner of Agriculture	Thos. H. Payne	do do	do do	2,402
Librarian	Lulu B. Epperson	do do	do do	1,000
Chief Justice	D. A. Snodgrass	Sept. 1, 1894	Sept. 1, 1902	3,000

TEXAS—CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Joseph D. Sayers	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1903	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor	J. N. Browning	do do	do do	*
Secretary of State	John G. Tod	do do	do do	2,000
Attorney General	T. S. Smith	do do	do do	4,000
Comptroller	R. M. Love	do do	do do	2,500
Treasurer	J. W. Robbins	do do	do do	2,500
Com'r Gen. of Land Office	Charles Rozan	do do	do do	2,000
Adjutant General	Thos. S. Scurry	do do	do do	4,000
Railroad Commissioner	J. H. Regan	Jan., 1897	do do	4,000
Railroad Commissioner	L. J. Storey	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1907	4,000
Railroad Commissioner	Allison Mayfield	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1905	4,000

*\$5 per day during session of legislature.

UTAH—CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Heber M. Wells	Jan. 7, 1901	Jan., 1905	\$2,000
Sec of State and Ins. Com'r	J. P. Hammond	do do	do do	2,000
Auditor	C. S. Tingey	do do	do do	1,500
Treasurer	John De Grey Dixon	do do	do do	1,600
Chief Justice	James A. Miner	do do	Jan., 1903	3,000
School Commissioner	A. C. Nelson	do do	Jan., 1905	1,500

VERMONT—CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	William D. Stickney	Oct. 4, 1900	1st Wed. Oct. 1902.	\$1,500
Lieutenant Governor	Martin F. Allen	do do	do do	*
Secretary of State	Fred A. Howland	Oct. 10, 1898	Oct. 4, 1902	1,700
State Auditor	Orion M. Barber	Oct. 11, 1898	do do	2,000
Treasurer	John L. Bacon	Oct. 6, 1898	do do	1,700
Chief Justice	Russell S. Last	Dec. 1, 1900	Dec. 1, 1902	3,300

* \$3.00 per day during session of legislature.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	J. Hodge Tyler	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	\$5,070
Lieutenant Governor	Edward Echols	do do	do do	600
Secretary of State	J. T. Lawless	Jan. 1, 1900	Jan. 1, 1902	2,070
Attorney General	A. J. Montague	do do	Dec. 31, 1901	2,500
Auditor	Morton Marys	do do	Jan. 1, 1902	2,750
Treasurer	A. W. Harmon, Jr.	do do	do do	1,500
Adjutant General	William Nalle	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	1,500
Supt Public Instruction	J. W. Southall	Mar. 15, 1900	Mar. 15, 1904	1,800
Railroad Commissioner	Jas. C. Hill	Jan. 1, 1900	Jan. 1, 1902	2,500
Chief Justice	James Keith	Jan. 1, 1895	Jan. 1, 1907	3,200

WASHINGTON—CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	J. R. Rogers.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1905	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Henry McBride.....	do	do	1,000
*Secretary of State.....	Sam H. Nichols.....	do	do	2,500
Auditor.....	J. D. Atkinson.....	do	do	2,000
Treasurer.....	C. W. Maynard.....	do	do	2,000
Attorney General.....	W. B. Stratton.....	do	do	2,000
Commissioner Public Lands.....	S. A. Callvert.....	do	do	2,000
Chief Justice.....	W. H. White.....	Chosen by court.	do	2,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	C. S. Reinhart.....	Chosen by court.	do	2,000
Sup't Public Instruction.....	R. B. Bryan.....	Jan., 1901	Jan., 1905	2,500

* Secretary of State is ex-officio insurance commissioner.

WEST VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Governor.....	A. B. White.....	Mar. 4, 1901	Mar. 4, 1905	\$2,700
Secretary of State.....	(To be appointed by Governor).....	do	do	1,000
Auditor.....	Arnold C. Scherr.....	Mar. 4, 1901	do	2,200
Treasurer.....	Peter Silman.....	do	do	1,400
Attorney General.....	R. H. Frier.....	do	do	1,300
Supt. of Free Schools.....	Thos. C. Miller.....	do	do	.....

Adjutant General, Commissioner of Labor and Bank Examiner to be appointed by the Governor.

WYOMING—CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Governor.....	De Forest Richards..	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1903	\$2,500
Secretary of State.....	Pen. Chatterton.....	do	do	2,000
Auditor.....	Leroy Grant.....	do	do	2,000
Treasurer.....	George E. Abbott.....	do	do	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Thos. P. Tynan.....	do	do	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Chas. N. Potter.....	Jan., 1895	Jan., 1903	3,000
Chief Justice.....	Samuel T. Corn.....	Jan., 1897	Jan., 1905	3,000
Justice Supreme Court.....	Jesse Knight.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1907	3,000

DEPENDENCIES.

CUBA — CAPITAL, HAVANA.

Military Governor and Commander..... Major General John R. Brooke.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — CAPITAL, MANILA.

Military Governor and Commander..... Major General Arthur McArthur.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor	Robert M. La Follette	Madison	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Jesse Stone.....	Watertown	1,000
Secretary of State.....	William H. Froehlich.	Jackson	5,000
Treasurer.....	James O. Davidson....	Soldiers' Grove... ..	5,000
Attorney General.....	Emmett R. Hicks.....	Oshkosh	3,000
Superintendent Public Instruction..	Lorenzo D. Harvey....	Milwaukee	1,200
Railroad Commissioner.....	Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior.....	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	Emil Giljohann.....	Milwaukee	3,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Governor.....	Robt. M. La Follette	Madison	Wisconsin.
Lieutenant Governor.....	Jesse Stone	Watertown	England.
Private Secretary	Jerre C. Murphy.....	Milwaukee	Kansas.
Executive Clerk.....	Alfred J. Rogers.....	Madison	Missouri.
Stenographer	Jennie Nelson.....	Madison	Wisconsin.
Messenger	Paul D. Gurnee.....	Madison	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Secretary of State	Wm. H. Froehlich...	Jackson	Wisconsin.
Ass't Secretary of State....	Henry P. Schmidt...	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk	Geo. M. Hotschick ..	Milwaukee	Germany.
Bookkeeper	Ernst Kuechle	Milwaukee	Indiana.
Assistant Bookkeeper.....	H. J. Herbeck	Milwaukee	Bohemia.
Assistant Bookkeeper.....	George S. Read.....	Lake Geneva	New York.
Printing Clerk	Arthur A. Meggett...	Sheboygan	Wisconsin.
Assistant Printing Clerk...	John A. Froehlich...	Jackson	Wisconsin.
Filing Clerk	E. A. Hartman	Manitowoc.....	Wisconsin.
Incorporation Clerk.....	William J. Betts	Superior	New Brunswick.
Notarial Clerk.....	Katherine Haughton	Retreat	Canada.
Recording Clerk	G. H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac	New York.
Registration Clerk	Martha C. Keyes	Eau Claire	New York.
Statistical Clerk	Amund Belland.....	Viroqua.....	Norway.
Shipping Clerk	Freder'k Bullwinkel.	Jefferson	Wisconsin.
Vault Clerk	D. K. Smith	Big Bend	Wisconsin.
Stenographer	Frank M. LeCount..	Hartford	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Marie M. Otto	Madison	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Myron D. Fethers ..	Indian Ford	New York.
Clerk.....	Van H. Bugbee.....	Waukesha	Vermont.
Clerk.....	Peter Fagg.....	Madison	Holland.
Clerk.....	John Lorigan.....	Necedah	Pennsylvania.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
State Treasurer.....	James O. Davidson..	Soldiers' Grove..	Norway.
Assistant State Treasurer..	Marcus C. Bergh....	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.
Bookkeeper.....	Thos. Herried.....	Blaire.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Bookkeeper.....	Thomas M. Purtell..	Cumberland.....	Ohio.
Corresponding Clerk.....	John M. Nelson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Deposit Clerk.....	Joseph Smethurst..	Seneca.....	Ohio.
Mailing Clerk.....	O. S. Gunderson....	Colfax.....	Norway.
Commercial Clerk.....	Amos W. Pollard....	Portage.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Eddie Anderson....	Castle Rock.....	Wisconsin.
Night Watch.....	John E. Brindley....	Boscobel.....	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Attorney General.....	E. R. Hicks.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Attorney General	C. E. Buell.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
2d Asst. Atty. General....	R. F. Hamilton.....	Princeton.....	Wisconsin.
Law Examiner.....	E. N. Warner.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	J. W. Hicks.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Fanny G. Clemons..	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Messenger.....	A. A. Temke.....	New Holstein...	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
State Superintendent.....	Lorenzo D. Harvey..	Milwaukee.....	New Hampshire.
High School Inspector....	W. D. Parker.....	Madison.....	Vermont.
Assistant Superintendent..	W. N. Parker.....	Neenah.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	Charles L. Harper..	Lancaster.....	Virginia.
Library Clerk.....	Mae E. Schreiber..	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Winona Merrick....	Madison.....	New York.
Clerk.....	Minnie Fitzgerald..	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	E. L. St. John.....	Madison.....	New York.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Railroad Commissioner....	Graham L. Rice....	West Superior...	Minnesota.
Deputy Commissioner.....	James S. Stack.....	West Superior...	Michigan.
Janitor.....	William A. Owens...	Dodgeville.....	New York.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	Emil Giljohann.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner.....	R. T. Hazelwood....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	J. L. Neddersen....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Actuary.....	A. F. Timme.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Chas. H. Hubbell...	Reedsburg.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Chas. A. Scott.....	Madison.....	Wiscons. n.
Clerk.....	H. Giljohann.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Mailing Clerk.....	Wm. H. Glenz.....	Madison.....	Germany.
Filing Clerk.....	Mrs. M. L. Montieth.	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Adah C. Green.....	Wyocena.....	Wisconsin.

BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	Halford Erickson....	West Superior...	Sweden.
Deputy Commissioner.....	S. W. Gilman.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Louis W. Krueger....	Watertown.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer.....	Flora M. Blum.....	Eau Claire.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	K. K. McCurdy.....	Watertown.....	Wisconsin.
Factory Inspector.....	Norman B. Black....	Marquette.....	Canada.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	H. P. Fischer.....	Milwaukee.....	Illinois.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	H. E. Polley.....	Lodi.....	Illinois.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	D. P. Doty.....	Waupun.....	Illinois.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	J. J. Koepsell.....	Sheboygan.....	Illinois.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	R. E. Bradford.....	Chippewa Falls....	Illinois.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	J. J. Williams.....	Marshfield.....	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Commissioners — William H. Froehlich, Secretary of State; James O. Davidson, State Treasurer; Emmett R. Hicks, Attorney General.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.
Chief Clerk.....	C. E. Morley.....	Readstown.
Assistant Chief Clerk.....	B. J. Castle.....	Black River Falls.
Clerk.....	H. T. Lerdall.....	Madison.
Clerk.....	H. F. Chesak.....	Powiatowski.
Clerk.....	G. H. Charlesworth....	Omro.
Clerk.....	Mary B. Copp.....	Prescott.

There remained unsold Sept. 30, 1900, 354,679 acres of land. The greater portion of this was withdrawn from market by chapter 315, laws of 1899, for the purpose of having it examined and appraised. Such examination and appraisal will be made this year, and the lands will be subject to purchase about September or October, 1901.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

Position.	Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
Superintendent.....	Geo. E. Bryant.....	Madison.....	Massachusetts.
Assistant Superintendent.....	Chas. C. Bennett.....	South Wayne.....	Illinois.
Chief Clerk.....	F. D. Eyerly.....	Neillsville.....	Wisconsin.

EMPLOYEES.

E. Hickman.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Milwaukee.
W. E. Hall.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Oconto.
W. P. Higgins.....	State Carpenter.....	Oconto.
Chas. Gussman.....	Assistant State Carpenter..	Madison.
S. H. Runnels.....	Assistant State Carpenter..	Coloma Station.
Henry Moore.....	Fireman.....	Whitewater.
Jas. Cashen.....	Fireman.....	Madison.
H. Van Keulen.....	State Painter.....	Madison.
C. D. Nelson.....	Assistant State Painter.....	Algoma.
Geo. H. Dean.....	Steam and Gas Fitter.....	Madison.
J. E. Keefe.....	Receiv'g and Shipping Clerk	Oconto.
C. J. Kruse.....	Foreman Labor Force.....	Milwaukee.
S. E. Dodge.....	Police.....	Reuton.
J. B. McCoy.....	Police.....	Prairie du Sac.
C. W. McMillan.....	Police.....	Sparta.
Jas. H. Van Wagner.....	Police.....	Darlington.
D. H. Smith.....	Police.....	Madison.
James Allan.....	Night Watchman.....	Co. by.
John Abaly.....	Night Watchman.....	Madison.
Wm. Disch.....	Elevator Attendant.....	Milwaukee.
Magnus Nelson.....	Janitor.....	Oconto.
Hans Quam.....	Janitor.....	Oregon.
K. W. Jenson.....	Janitor.....	Pardeeville.
E. P. Upham.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
John Schermerhorn.....	Janitor.....	Marshfie d.
H. A. Chase.....	Janitor.....	Milwaukee.
Levi M. Brazee.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
Chas. Oleson.....	Janitor.....	Whitewater.
M. J. Rawson.....	Janitor.....	Oshkosh.
J. H. McNair.....	Janitor.....	Dodgeville.
W. A. Owen.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
F. A. Bird.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
Wm. Reid, Jr.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
Wm. Sauthoff.....	Carpet Man.....	Madison.
S. S. Main.....	Cuspidor Cleaner.....	Appleton.
Mary C. McRae.....	Stenographer, half time....	Alma.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND AGENTS.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL

See page 508.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 527.

REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 532.

TAX COMMISSIONERS.

NORMAN S. GILSON, CommissionerFond du Lac
 GEORGE CURTIS, Jr., 1st AssistantMerrill
 NILS P. HAUGEN, 2d AssistantElver Falls

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

L. J. RUSK, PresidentChippewa Falls
 GILBERT M. WOODWARDLa Crosse
 JOHN L. ERDALL, SecretaryMadison
 S. N. DICKINSONWest Superior
 W. D. VAN DYKEMilwaukee

STATE LAW LIBRARY.

TRUSTEES EX-OFFICIO.

JOHN B. CASSODAY.....Chief Justice Supreme Court
 JOHN B. WINSLOW.....Justice Supreme Court
 ROUJET D. MARSHALLJustice Supreme Court
 CHARLES V. BARDEEN.....Justice Supreme Court
 JOSHUA E. DODGEJustice Supreme Court
 EMMETT R. HICKSAttorney General

John R. Berryman, Librarian.....Madison
 William H. Orvis, Messenger.....Madison
 Carl A. Hall, Janitor.....Amherst

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term Expires.</i>
J. HENRY McNEEL, M. D.,	Fond du Lac.....	1st Monday in February, 1901
SOLOMON MARKS, M. D.,	Milwaukee.....	1st Monday in February, 1902
G. W. HARRISON, M. D.,	Ashland.....	1st Monday in February, 1903
WM. F. WHYTE, M. D.,	Watertown.....	1st Monday in February, 1904
F. C. SUITER, La Crosse.....		1st Monday in February, 1905
U. O. B. WINGATE, M. D.,	Milwaukee.....	1st Monday in February, 1906
Q. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D.,	Janesville.....	1st Monday in February, 1907
SOLOMON MARKS, M. D.,	Milwaukee.....	President
U. O. B. WINGATE, M. D.,	Milwaukee.....	Secretary

The State Board of Health was established by chapter 366, laws of 1876, and consists of seven members, one of whom is appointed annually by the governor, to serve for a period of seven years. The Board, however, elects its own officers, and its organic act provides that if the secretary is elected outside of the appointed members he becomes *ex-officio* a member of the Board, increasing the number of members to eight.

The Board meets in the months of January and June by legal requirement, and holds such other special meetings as are requested by members, or directed by the president. It has an annual appropriation of \$5,500.00 from which all expenses are paid, including all printing, except the printing of its biennial reports. No member of the Board receives any compensation for his services but the secretary, who is paid an annual salary which is fixed by the Board. The actual expenses of members when on duty are paid out of the appropriation.

The law by which the Board was established provides that it shall have a "general supervision of the interests of the health and life of the citizens of the state," and directs that "they shall make sanitary investigation and inquiries respecting the causes of disease, especially epidemics, the causes of mortality and the effects of localities, employments, conditions, habits and circumstances, and shall diffuse such information as they may deem proper among the people of the state." The law also gives to the Board an advisory relation to all local Boards of Health. Subsequent legislation has made the organization of such Boards obligatory in every town, village and city in the state, and has made it the duty of all physicians to report contagious diseases to such Boards, and of all such Boards to report to the State Board of Health relative to these diseases, and any other facts whenever required. During the year 1900, twelve hundred and eighty-three (1,283) of these local Boards reported their full organization to this Board in accordance with instructions, and through these Boards the State Board of Health has been able to reach nearly every locality in the state.

The Board has charge of all matters relating to general quarantine, and in emergency can make rules and regulations for the protection of the public health, which it is the duty of all local and general officers of the state to respect and enforce.

The Board invites correspondence and co-operation from all citizens of the state who are interested in the object for which it is laboring, to-wit: The prevention of disease, and the preservation of the health and lives of the people.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Postoffice Address.</i>	<i>Term Expires.</i>
D. A. TAYLOR,	Stevens Point, President.....	1901
E. B. HEIMSTREET,	Janesville, Secretary.....	1902
H. G. THOMPSON,	Marinette	1903
H. C. SCHRANCH,	Milwaukee	1904
A. F. MENGES,	Madison.....	1905

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167, of the laws of 1882, amended in 1885, 1887, 1895 and 1897. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the governor, for a term of five years each.

Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examination, and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law provides that it shall be the duty of the Board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said Board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists registered.

The Board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty days' notice of such meetings is required to be given.

None but registered pharmacists can conduct a drug store or pharmacy; they must be the principals and managers of the store in all its management; neither can they allow any one not registered to sell medicines or poisons, or dispense physicians' prescriptions, except under their direct supervision.

No examination can be had except at the regular advertised meeting of the Board. No questions or standing of applicants are given out to anyone except to secretaries of State Boards.

Licentiates in pharmacy by examination with required standing, 80 per cent. and 5 years' experience in other states, are registered without further examination.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration; they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines dispensed by them. The average expenses of the Board have been \$1,600.00 a year, which has been paid from its own treasury and no funds have ever been drawn from the state. There has been paid to the state, funds from fines amounting to over \$4,000, exclusive of costs, in some eighty-five cases.

There are in Wisconsin 1,409 full grade pharmacists and 3.1 assistants, and 865 drug stores in the state.

The office of the Board is at Janesville and copies of the pharmacy law, requirements, blanks for examination can be procured on application.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

	<i>Term expires.</i>
C. C. CHITTENDEN, D. D. S., Madison.....	May 2, 1905
W. H. CARSON, D. D. S., Milwaukee.....	May 2, 1901
W. G. OLIVER, Oconto.....	May 2, 1902
C. C. WENTWORTH, Milwaukee.....	May 2, 1903
H. L. BANZHOF, Manitowoc.....	May 2, 1904

OFFICERS OF BOARD.

C. C. CHITTENDEN, D. D. S., Madison	President.
W. H. CARSON, D. D. S., Milwaukee.....	Secretary.

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885. The Board is appointed by the governor. The expenses of the Board are paid out of fees received.

The Board meets annually on the third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society.

The following is a synopsis of the business of the Board since its organization :

Year ending.	Registered.	Li-censed by diploma.	Li-cens ^d by ex-aminations.	Appli-cations.	Re-jected.	Prose-cutions.	Con-ventions.	Meet-ings held.
September 30, 1886.....	352	20	5	5	2	1	1	2
September 30, 1887.....	356	12	10	12	4	2	1	2
September 30, 1888.....	354	20	5	9	1	2	1	2
September 30, 1889.....	352	6	1	1	2	1	1	1
September 30, 1890.....	363	35	3	4	3	3	2	2
September 30, 1891.....	373	52	7	10	2	2	2	2
September 30, 1892.....	375	53	9	9	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1893.....	380	42	11	11	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1894.....	449	47	8	21	13	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1895.....	496	46	10	15	5	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1896.....	518	60	17	23	9	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1897.....	659	79	17	23	5	2	2	3
September 30, 1898.....	708	107	9	24	16	1	1	4
September 30, 1899.....	787	52	5	9	5	2	1	5
September 30, 1900.....	942	179	15	24	9	1	1	5

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

DR. HARVEY DALE, Oshkosh	Term expires June 30, 1903.
DR. SAMUEL BELL, Beloit	Term expires June 30, 1903.
DR. C. E. QUIGG, Tomah	Term expires June 30, 1903.
DR. H. B. HITZ, Milwaukee.....	Term expires June 30, 1903.
DR. J. R. CURRENS, Two Rivers.....	Term expires June 21, 1901.
DR. H. M. LUDWIG, Richland Center.....	Term expires June 21, 1901.
DR. F. A. FORSBECK, Milwaukee.....	Term expires June 21, 1901.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
THE GOVERNOR, EX-OFFICIO, Madison.		
EDWIN E. BRYANT, President,	Madison	April 1, 1905
W. J. STARR, Eau Claire		April 1, 1904
CALVERT SPENSLEY, Treasurer,	Mineral Point	April 1, 1902
JAMES J. HOGAN, La Crosse		April 1, 1901
HENRY D. SMITH, Appleton		April 1, 1905
CURRIE G. BELL, Bayfield		April 1, 1904
<hr/>		
E. A. BIRGE, Secretary	Madison	
JAMES NEVINS, Superintendent	Madison	

The Wisconsin Fish Commission was established in 1874, and originally consisted of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878, six appointed by the governor and the other being the governor ex-officio. It maintains two hatcheries, one at "Nine Springs," four and one-half miles from Madison, for the hatching of brook trout and California trout, one at Bayfield for hatching brook trout, lake trout and wall-eyed pike, and a station at Oshkosh for the hatching of wall-eyed pike and fish requiring water of a higher temperature. The work of the commission is supported by an annual appropriation of \$28,000. During the two years last past the following distribution of fish was made:

<i>Species of Fish.</i>	1899.	1900.
Brook trout fry	2,093,000	2,243,000
Rainbow trout fry	1,070,500	1,244,000
Lake trout fry	16,848,000	30,797,500
Wall-eyed pike fry	60,190,000	69,850,000
Black bass, fingerlings	68,655	.....
White bass, full grown	15,100	.....
Muskallunge fry	.....	100,000
Pickarel fry	.....	7,000,000
Yellow perch, full grown	5,000	.....
Rainbow trout, mature fish	.....	3,600
Totals	80,290,255	111,238,100

The commission has a car fitted expressly for the collection, transportation and distribution of fish and fry, which greatly facilitates its work. This car traveled in 1891, 18,901 miles, and in 1900, 16,010 miles.

The rapid increase in the fishing industries of the state renders the work of this commission of the highest importance. In 1895 there was taken from the Wisconsin waters of Lakes Michigan, Superior and Green Bay, 33,804,855 pounds of fish, and in 1896, 44,161,200. In 1894 the industry on these lakes employed property to the amount of \$929,670, and 1,500 persons.

The inland fisheries are becoming more valuable each year. It is impossible to state their exact worth or to approximate it with any degree of accuracy. Their value lies not alone in the amount of food produced, but to a greater extent in the fact that they are a drawing attraction to summer tourists who come into the state to spend their summers or vacations in fishing and other recreations and lavishly spend their money while here. Excellent fishing also induces the summer resorters of Wisconsin to stay within the boundaries of Wisconsin in their search for recreation. The amount of money left within our borders on this account must extend into the hundreds of thousands of dollars annually, and is constantly increasing.

Persons desiring fry to stock streams or lakes may obtain all requisite information as to the conditions and method of obtaining them from any of the commissioners or the superintendent.

WISCONSIN GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY.

COMMISSIONERS.

R. M. LA FOLLETTE.....	Governor of the State.
L. D. HARVEY.....	State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
C. K. ADAMS.....	President State University.
E. E. BRYANT.....	President Commissioners of Fisheries.
C. S. SLICHTER.....	President Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

E. E. BRYANT.....	President.
L. D. HARVEY.....	Vice-President.
C. S. SLICHTER.....	Secretary.

STAFF OF THE SURVEY.

E. A. BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D.....	Director and Superintendent.
E. R. BUCKLEY, Ph. D.....	Asst. Superintendent, Economic Geology.
SAMUEL WEIDMAN, Ph. D.....	Asst. Geologist, Geology of Central Wisconsin.
W. S. FERRIS, B. S.....	Assistant Chemist.
CHANCEY JUDAY, A. M.....	Assistant Biologist.
U. S. GRANT, Ph. D.....	Assistant Geologist.
In charge of survey of copper-bearing rocks.	
N. M. FENNEMAN, M. S.....	Physical Geography of the Lake District.

CONSULTING GEOLOGISTS.

C. R. VAN HISE, Ph. D.....	General Geology.
T. C. CHAMBERLIN, Ph. D., LL. D.....	Pleistocene Geology.

Special assistants are also employed in the work of the Survey. Among these are C. Dwight Marsh, Dean Ripon College (Biology of Lakes); G. L. Collie, Professor of Geology, Beloit College (Physical Geography); D. P. Nicholson, Professor of Geology, Lawrence University (Geology of Northern Lake Region); L. S. Cheney, Assistant Professor of Botany, University of Wisconsin (Forest Trees).

The Geological and Natural History Survey was constituted by chapter 297, laws of 1897. The Survey was charged with the following duties:

(1) The completion of the geological survey of the state. (2) A study of the soils of the state. (3) A study of the plants, and especially the forests. (4) A study of the animal life of the state, with especial reference to the fish. (5) Preparation and account of the physical geography and natural history of the state. (6) The completion of the topographic map of the state.

The publications of the Survey are entitled bulletins and are issued in four series. The bulletins are numbered consecutively and each is independent.

A. Economic Bulletins, which deal with the natural resources of the state: Forestry Conditions of Northern Wisconsin, by F. Roth. Pp. 78; 1 map. Building and Ornamental Stones of Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 544; 69 plates, of which 7 are colored, and 1 map. Copper-Bearing Rocks of Douglas County, Wisconsin (first edition), by U. S. Grant. Pp. 55; 11 plates, 4 of which are maps. (A second edition of this bulletin is in press.) The Clays and Clay Industries of Wisconsin. Part I, by E. R. Buckley.

B. Scientific Bulletins, whose contents are of scientific rather than of economic importance. Of these two have been published: Instincts and Habits of the Solitary Wasps, by George W. Peckham and Elizabeth G. Peckham. Pp. 245; 14 plates, of which two are colored. A Contribution to the Geology of the

Pre-Cambrian Igneous Rocks of the Fox River Valley, Wisconsin, by Samuel Weidman. Pp. 63; 10 plates.

C. Educational Bulletins. This series is designed especially for use in the schools. The Geography of the Region About Devil's Lake and the Dalles of the Wisconsin, by R. D. Salisbury and W. W. Atwood. Pp. 151; 38 plates and 47 figures.

D. Administrative Bulletins. Two of these have appeared addressed to the legislatures of 1899 and 1901. They contain no matter of scientific interest, being entirely devoted to administrative details.

Hydrographic Maps of the following lakes have been prepared, chiefly under the direction of L. S. Smith: No. 1. Lake Geneva; No. 2. The Oconomowoc-Waukeshu Lakes; No. 3. Lake Beulah; No. 4. Elkhart Lake; No. 5. The Chain of Lakes, Waupaca; No. 6. Delavan and Lauderdale Lakes; No. 7. Green Lake; No. 8. Lake Mendota; No. 9. Big Cedar Lake; No. 10. Lake Monona.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSION.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
HENRY C. ADAMS, Commissioner, Madison.....		Wisconsin.
C. W. SWEETING, Assistant Commissioner, Manitowoc.....		Wisconsin.
A. S. MITCHELL, Chemist, Milwaukee.....		Wisconsin.
NORTON J. FIELD, Dairy Inspector, Milwaukee.....		Wisconsin.
FLORENCE Q. NORTON, Stenographer and Clerk, Madison.....		Wisconsin.
JOHN SCANLAN, Messenger, Menomonie.....		Wisconsin.

BANK EXAMINER'S OFFICE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
EDWARD I. KIDD, Bank Examiner.....	Prairie du Chien.
G. D. BARTZ, Deputy Bank Examiner.....	Wausau
THADDEUS WILD, Chief Clerk.....	Milwaukee.
W. A. RICHTER, Clerk and Stenographer.....	Milwaukee.
LEVI BRAZEE, Messenger.....	Madison.

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

WM. C. PETERSON, Oregon.....	Wisconsin.
B. R. GETTS, Assistant, Oregon.....	Wisconsin.

STATE PENSION AGENT.

COL. E. B. GRAY.....	Milwaukee.
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STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN.

JAMES T. ELLARSON.....	Wautoma.
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STATE VETERINARIAN.

EVAN D. ROBERTS.....	Janesville.
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STATE OIL INSPECTOR.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
GEORGE F. COOPER	Black River Falls

STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

R. E. EDWARDS	Oshkosh
GEORGE E. WILLOTT	Madison
ANGUS McMILLAN	Milwaukee

LUMBER INSPECTORS.

HARRY H. SIMPSON, District No. 2.....	La Crosse.
H. M. LAURSEN, District No. 4.....	Shell Lake.
D. L. McKAY, District No. 6.....	Chippewa Falls.
JAMES R. McKENZIE, District No. 9.....	Aima.
GEO. H. BARTLETT, District No. 10.....	Wausau.
J. M. EASTON, District No. 11.....	Ashland.
TIMOTHY ATKINSON, District No. 13.....	West Superior.
L. C. GROUT, District No. 14.....	Merrill.
MOSES SARCHET, District No. 16.....	Tomahawk.
D. H. VAUGHN, District No. 17.....	Rhineland.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state; the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board; and vouchers for disbursements from its annual state appropriation are by law filed with the governor.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

JOHN JOHNSTON, Milwaukee President.
REUBEN G. THWAITES, Madison Secretary and Supt.
LUCIEN S. HANKS, Madison Treasurer.
ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison Librarian and Asst. Supt.
MINNIE M. OAKLEY, Madison Assistant Librarian.
Florence E. Baker, Ellen D. Biscoe, Emma H. Blair, Jean H. Cady, Mary S. Foster, Emma Gattiker, Clarence S. Hean, Annie A. Nunns, Eve Parkinson, Clinton C. Price, Georgiana R. Sheldon, Elizabeth C. Smith, Iva A. Welsh, Madison, Library Assistants.

The Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized by members of the territorial legislature, in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomas W. Sutherland as secretary. January 30, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization, with a new constitution, was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who had been for two years previous the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive officer of the society, and the editor of its publications; later he was chosen superintendent of the several activities of the society. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, remaining constantly in service until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875; he was, later, made assistant superintendent.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's

office. Today the society is domiciled in the State Historical Library Building, which cost the state \$575,000, and is one of the most beautiful library and museum buildings in the United States.

The society maintains a growing museum of ethnology, archaeology, and history, and an historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 250 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 60,000 persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the now famous library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 8,000 books and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 225,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and scientific development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, Shakespeariana, and sets of the periodicals indexed in "Poole." It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its collection of bound manuscripts numbers over 600 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; and in Western history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily through the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

This flourishing institution ranks third in importance among American historical societies, and certainly it is the most important west of the Alleghanies; indeed, it is recognized by experts as in some respects the most active and enterprising of them all. It has done and it is doing a noble work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire west—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its volumes of Wisconsin Historical Collections, fifteen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and a portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state. The several publications of the society take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$15,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or remove from the capitol its collections without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-four years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$32,000. An antiquarian fund is also well under way, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation, or the purchase of rare manuscripts or other historic relics within the limits of the state. The Draper fund consisting of some \$6,000 worth of property, willed to the society by Dr. Draper, has been established; its income will be devoted to indexing and publishing the Draper Collection of early western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions for the museum, are immediate needs.

WISCONSIN STATE DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

C. P. GOODRICH, Fort Atkinson President
 C. W. BURCHARD, Fort Atkinson Secretary
 H. K. LOOMIS, Sheboygan Falls..... Treasurer

EXECUTIVE BOARD.—A. D. Deland, Sheboygan; Stephen Faville, Madison;
 H. C. Adams, Madison; W. A. Henry, Madison; C. H. Everett, Racine; H. C.
 Taylor, Orfordville.

The Wisconsin State Dairymen's Association was organized February 15, 1872, in Watertown. Then there were less than forty cheese factories in the state struggling for an existence. Now there are close to 2,000, all prosperous. Then there was not a creamery in the state making butter, and few private dairies. Now there are over 1,000 creameries and thousands of private dairies making the choicest butter. Then the yearly milk, butter and cheese product of the state would not exceed \$1,000,000 in value. Now it is worth fully \$33,000,000. At that time Wisconsin was unknown to the world as a dairy state and its dairy products had no standing in the markets. Now it is known throughout the world as a great dairying state and its butter and cheese stand at the top in the dairy markets of the world. Then there were possibly 30,000 ordinary cows in the state. Now there are a full million, mainly of the best dairy breeds. In 1872 the farms in the older counties of the state were regarded as worn out from constant wheat growing. The farms were heavily mortgaged and selling at about \$18 an acre. Now they are nearly free of debt and sell at from \$60 to \$80 an acre. The State Dairymen's Association may not be credited with all of this change for good, but it planted and nourished the tree of dairy inspiration which has produced it. The seven men who met in Watertown and organized that association were not seven wonders of the world or seven seventh sons of seventh sons, but they lived to see the fruits of their efforts become the righteousness of prosperity to a great state. They were Chester Hazen, of Ladoga, Fond du Lac county, who, in 1864, built upon his farm the first cheese factory in Wisconsin; H. S. Dousman, of Waukesha county, Stephen and A. D. Faville of Lake Mills, H. C. Drake and Walter S. Greene of Milford, and W. D. Hoard of Fort Atkinson, Jefferson county. The first officers were: Mr. Hazen, president; Mr. Dousman, vice-president; Mr. Hoard, secretary, and Mr. Greene, treasurer.

The efforts of these men and of others who joined them in a short time found markets for Wisconsin butter and cheese, and taught the great mass of farmers how to improve the quality of their products. In 1876 Wisconsin cheese went to the centennial exposition in Philadelphia in competition with the world, and won first prize. Wisconsin has given to the world the Babcock milk tester which has revolutionized the dairy business of the world. It is sending the best skilled buttermakers and cheesemakers to all parts of the world to disseminate dairy knowledge. It is the home of the leading dairy paper in the world, the first secretary of the Dairymen's Association its owner and editor, and Wisconsin has been and still is the guiding star of many other states whose farmers have learned from her the true gospel of the dairy business.

Wisconsin is now the second state in the Union in annual volume of cheese production, but not second in the quality of the product, and is close to the top in the production of butter. From the forthcoming report of Dairy Commissioner Adams it is learned that Wisconsin cheese factories produced 60,000,000 pounds of cheese in 1900; the 1,000 creameries produced 60,000,000 pounds of butter and private dairies produced 20,000,000. Mr. Adams tabulates the fruits of the dairy business of 1900 as follows:

Butter made, 80,000,000 pounds, worth.....	\$16,000,000
Cheese made, 60,000,000 pounds, worth.....	6,000,000
Milk and cream consumed, worth.....	8,400,000
Increase in value of stock.....	2,500,000
Total	\$32,900,000

These figures, however, make no account of the value of the by-products of the dairy industry, scarcely ever estimated at less than \$10 per cow, which would bring the total value of the dairy industry to the state to fully \$43,000,000 a year.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

GEO. MCKERROW, Sussex	President.
S. D. HUBBARD, Mondovi.....	Vice President.
JOHN M. TRUE, Baraboo.....	Secretary.
J. O. DAVIDSON, Madison, <i>ex-officio</i>	Treasurer.

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

¹ GEO WYLIE, At Large	Leeds.
S. D. HUBBARD, At Large	Mondovi.
¹ H. A. BRIGGS, 1st District.....	Elkhorn.
¹ R. J. COE, 2d District	Fort Atkinson.
GEO. G. COX, 3d District.....	Mineral Point.
¹ B. B. HOPKINS, 4th District.....	Milwaukee.
GEORGE MCKERROW, 5th District	Sussex.
F. A. HUEBNER, 6th District.....	Manitowoc.
CHARLES LINSE, 7th District.....	La Crosse.
C. G. WILCOX, 8th District.....	De Pere.
DAVID WEDGEWOOD, 9th District.....	Little Suamico.
JOHN W. THOMAS, 10th District.....	Chippewa Falls.

The Wisconsin State Agricultural society, out of which came the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture, was organized May 8, 1851. Its membership was of two classes, "annual," conditioned upon payment of \$1 each year into the treasury of the society, and "life," requiring advance payment of \$10. Its officers were a president and three vice presidents (one from each congressional district), a corresponding and a recording secretary, a treasurer and an executive committee embracing the foregoing officers and five additional members. Later the life membership fee was increased to \$20, the office of corresponding secretary was abolished and the number of additional members of the executive committee was made to correspond with the increased number of congressional districts in the state. In 1897 the life membership had reached nearly 1,000.

The first state fair was held in Janesville in 1851. Fairs were afterwards held in Milwaukee, Watertown, Fond du Lac and Madison; at some of these places several times. Prior to 1892 six annual fairs were held consecutively in Milwaukee, and in 1892 the location was fixed at North Greenfield, a suburb of Milwaukee, and the present state fair grounds were purchased by the society, the purchase money being loaned by the state. Fairs have since been held there annually, except in 1896.

In 1897 the state came into possession of the grounds by foreclosure sale and the present State Board of Agriculture was organized. It consists of one member from each congressional district and two from the state at large. Members are appointed by the governor for a term of three years, four members retiring annually, and not more than two-thirds of the members can be appointed from one political party. The secretary cannot be a member of the Board, and the state treasurer is its *ex-officio* treasurer. Members of the Board serve without compensation, but are allowed their expenses while in the performance of their official duties. Annual reports of the board are made to the governor.

The purchase price of the entire tract of land, 163 acres, 138 acres of which are enclosed in the fair grounds proper and 25 acres outside, was \$136,000, upon which approximately \$100,000, obtained from other sources, was spent in improvements before the state came into full possession of the property at the original purchase price, \$136,000, exclusive of accrued interest upon the loan. The recent location of the Allis works, the largest machinery producing concern in the world, in close proximity to the fair grounds, materially enhances the value of the property and renders the 25 acres lying outside the fair grounds proper very desirable and insures for it a ready market at any time.

A clause in the law creating the State Board of Agriculture prohibits the

¹Terms ended Jan., 1901. Successors not yet appointed (Mar. 15). There are five members to appoint, on account of increased number of congressional districts, after apportionment is made.

Board from incurring any expense to the state on account of any annual fair, other than by legislative appropriation. The Board must make the fairs self-sustaining.

The state furnishes the Board office room in room 108, on the main floor of the capitol building.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

This Association was organized at Whitewater in January, 1877, succeeding a State Wool Growers' Association formed at Oshkosh in 1864, of which Eli Etilson of Oshkosh was president and E. S. Hammond of Fond du Lac was secretary. At the 1877 meeting Eli Brooks, of East Troy, was elected president; H. J. Wilkinson recording, and C. R. Gibbs, of Whitewater, corresponding, secretary. The association attracted much attention for many years. With the decline of the Merino sheep industry it became less potent and meetings of recent years have been infrequent. It is practically out of existence, and this item is prepared to briefly record and to preserve its history. Its last elected officers were:

J. N. CRAWFORD, Mukwonago	President
ANDREW KULL, Lake Geneva	Vice-President
H. J. WILKINSON, Whitewater	Secretary
C. R. GIBBS, Whitewater	Corresponding Secretary
W. H. HARDY, Genesee	Treasurer

WISCONSIN FAIR MANAGERS' ASSOCIATION.

JOHN M. TRUE, Baraboo	President
C. H. HARVEY, Beaver Dam	Vice-President
F. W. HARLAND, Waukesha	Vice-President
J. P. REEVE, Sparta	Secretary and Treasurer

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—F. H. Nye, West Salem; Kennedy Scott, Rio; J. L. Kearney, Jefferson.

This Association was organized in 1894, and consists of officers of the various fairs held in the state.

Its object is to gain the best methods of the management of fairs, and to accomplish this, it holds annual conventions for the discussion of topics relating to fairs, the proceedings of which are published. Its first and second meetings were held in Milwaukee, and later it has met in the state agricultural rooms at the capitol at Madison.

WISCONSIN CHEESEMAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

W. C. DICKSON, Madison	President
JOHN McCREADY, Madison	Vice-President
S. E. KNICKERBOCKER, Wyoming	Treasurer
U. S. BAER, Madison	Secretary
Directors:—Three Years—J. K. POWELL	New Lisbon, Wis.
Two years—FRITZ KARLEN	Monroe, Wis.
One Year—THOS. JOHNSTON	Boaz, Wis.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

DR. W. E. LOOPE, Eureka.....	President
F. C. EDWARDS, Fort Atkinson.....	Vice-President
JOHN L. HERBST, Sparta.....	Secretary
L. G. KELLOGG, Ripon.....	Treasurer
S. H. MARSHALL, Madison.....	Corresponding Secretary

WISCONSIN CLAY WORKERS' ASSOCIATION.

E. W. DRAKE, Milwaukee.....	President
W. E. JEANNOT, Tomahawk.....	Vice-President
E. R. BUCKLEY, Madison.....	Secretary
WILLIAM FINNEGAN, Green Bay.....	Treasurer

This association, organized early in 1901, is established expressly for educational purposes, the object being to assist in the development and utilization of the abundant clay resources of Wisconsin. It has a membership of about fifty of the prominent brick manufacturers of Wisconsin.

WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

GEORGE WYLIE, Leeds.....	President.
H. P. WEST, Fayetteville.....	Secretary.
J. H. NOBLET, Bowers.....	Treasurer.

The "Wisconsin Swine Breeders' Association" was organized September 12, 1883, with Matt Anderson, of Pine Bluff, as president; C. M. Plumb, Madison, secretary; A. E. Joiner, Janesville, treasurer. The Association holds regular annual meetings during State Fair week. It pays a Swine-Breeders' prize each year for the best boar pig bred by the exhibitor in each of the classes at the State Fair.

WISCONSIN LIVE STOCK BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

(Organized at Madison, Feb. 7, 1901.)

GEORGE MCKERROW, Sussex.....	President
FRANK W. HARDING, Waukesha.....	Secretary
C. L. HILL, Rosendale.....	Treasurer

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—J. Q. Emery, Albion; Prof. W. L. Carlyle, Madison; George Wylie, Leeds; Walter L. Houser, Mondovi.

STATE FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

B. S. HOXIE, Evansville.....	President
C. A. HUTCHINS, Beloit.....	Vice-President
L. S. CHENEY, Madison.....	Treasurer
ERNEST BRUNCKEN, Milwaukee.....	Secretary

OTHER MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—H. C. Putnam, Eau Claire; J. H. Stout, Menomonie.

WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Organized Feb. 2, 1887. First officers: N. N. Palmer, Brodhead, president; George E. Bryant, Madison, vice-president; T. L. Haecker, Madison, secretary; First directors: One year, H. C. Adams, J. M. Smith, C. B. Miller; two years, M. R. Doyon, F. J. Main, A. G. Tuttle; three years, C. Snashall, H. Harnden, T. L. Haecker. Present officers:

GEORGE E. BRYANT, Madison.....President
 H. C. TAYLOR, OrfordvilleSecretary
 E. F. RILEY, Madison.....Treasurer

HOLSTEIN-FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF WISCONSIN.

Organized at Oshkosh Feb. 11, and incorporated Feb. 15, 1892, for the purposes of "improving and promoting the breed of Holstein-Friesian cattle, and for the promotion and securing the best results of the breeders and owners of such cattle, and thereby advancing the interests of the general public within the state of Wisconsin." Present officers:

J. RUST, North GreenfieldPresident
 FRED. E. HARRIMAN, AppletonSecretary
 FRED. ZIEGLER, Apple CreekTreasurer

THE WESTERN GUERNSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

FRED. REITBROCK, MilwaukeePresident
 F. W. KIMBALL, Austin, Minn.; DR. J. W. PERKINS, Kansas City, Mo.;
 J. HOWARD SMILEY, Plainfield, Ill.Vice-Presidents
 CHARLES L. HILL, Rosendale, Wis.Secretary and Treasurer
 CHARLES SALVESON, Nashota, Wis., and A. J. PHILIPS, West Salem, Wis.,
 members of Executive committee.

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

GEORGE WYLIE, LeedsPresident
 FRANK W. HARDING, WaukeshaVice-President
 Q. B. KISER, OregonSecretary
 H. B. DRAKE, Beaver Dam.....Treasurer

WISCONSIN BEEKEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

N. E. FRANCE, Platteville.....President
 JACOB HOFFMAN, MonroeVice-President
 IDA L. PICKARD, Richland CenterSecretary

STATE INSPECTOR OF APIARIES.—N. E. France, Platteville.

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

(Organized Oct. 23, 1872.)

- H. E. HUXLEY, Neenah.....Master
 S. C. CARR, Milton JunctionLecturer
 A. C. POWERS, BeloitSecretary
 GEO. HARWOOD, Chippewa FallsTreasurer
 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—S. C. Carr, Milton Junction; S. F. Harris, Medford;
 and J. J. Myrick, Menomonie.

WISCONSIN CRANBERRY GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

- CHARLES BRIEREPresident
 S. N. WHITTLESEY, Cranmoor, Wood Co.Vice-President
 W. H. FITCH, Cranmoor, Wood Co.Secretary
 O. M. POTTER, CentraliaTreasurer
 MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—E. A. Bennett.

WISCONSIN STATE VETERINARY ASSOCIATION.

- C. EVANS, RacinePresident
 J. F. ROUB, MonroeVice-President
 W. C. CLARK, MarinetteSecretary
 S. S. SNYDER, CedarburgTreasurer
 CENSORS: H. P. Clute, Marinette; R. S. Heer, Platteville; B. L. Clarke,
 Monticello.

THE SOCIETY OF VETERINARY GRADUATES OF
 WISCONSIN.

- DR. CHRIS. EVANS, Racine.....President
 DR. W. J. CLARK, Marinette.....Secretary
 DR. SCHNEIDER, Cedarburg.....Treasurer

WISCONSIN ASSOCIATION OF TOWN INSURANCE COMPANIES.

- WILLIAM McEWEN, Milton.....President
 WILLIAM GEWERNs, New HolsteinSecretary
 H. B. DRAKE, Beaver DamTreasurer

WISCONSIN AUXILIARY OF THE NATIONAL DAIRY UNION.

- W. D. HOARD, Fort AtkinsonPresident
 JOHN W. DECKER, Madison.....Secretary.
 A. C. VAN ELSTON, MuscodaTreasurer.

WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS, AND LETTERS.

PRESIDENT—CHARLES S. SLICHTER, M. S.	Madison.
VICE-PRESIDENTS—CHARLES H. CHANDLER, A. M.	Ripon.
ERASTUS G. SMITH, Ph. D.	Beloit.
HARRIET BELL MERRILL, M. S.	Milwaukee.
SECRETARY—FRANK C. SHARP, Ph. D.	Madison.
TREASURER—ERNEST R. BUCKLEY, Ph. D.	Madison.
LIBRARIAN—LOUIS KAHLENBERG, Ph. D.	Madison.
CURATOR—SAMUEL WEIDMAN, Ph. D.	Madison.

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ED. L. LUCKOW, Sauk County Democrat, Baraboo.	President.
O. F. ROESSLER, Jefferson Banner, Jefferson.	Secretary.
MRS. FLORA B. GINTY, Chippewa Falls Herald, Chippewa Falls.	Treasurer.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Paper and Postoffice.</i>
First—H. S. Salisbury.	Register, Whitewater.
Second—Mrs. Adelaide King.	Times, Waupun.
Third—A. S. Hearn.	Chronicle, Dodgeville.
Fourth—C. A. Booth.	Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee.
Fifth—F. M. LeCount.	Press, Hartford.
Sixth—Mrs. S. H. Sturdevant.	Northwestern, Oshkosh.
Seventh—C. A. Ingram.	Entering Wedge, Durand.
Eighth—H. W. Meyer.	Volksfreund, Appleton.
Ninth—A. W. Sheldon.	New North, Rhinelander.
Tenth—C. R. Bridgman.	Republican, Stanley.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. G. WELKS.	Republican, Delavan.
T. J. CUNNINGHAM.	Times, Chippewa Falls.
B. J. PRICE.	Star and Times, Hudson.
G. W. BOWRON.	Northwestern, Oshkosh.
A. FRANKENBERG.	Democrat, West Bend.

WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1901.

W. H. CHEEVER, Milwaukee.	President.
C. H. MAXON, Tomah.	Secretary.
JOHN F. LAMONT, Wausau.	Treasurer.

Vice Presidents—T. F. Simms, River Falls; R. L. Cooley, Oconto; Miss Frances Kappenberg, Milwaukee.

Members of Executive Committee—President and Secretary Ex-officio and B. B. Tackson, West Superior; William Griffith, Wilmot, and W. H. Schulz, Merrill.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization this association has held forty-six annual, and since 1867, twenty-four semi-annual sessions. The annual sessions were held in July at a place determined upon by a committee of the association.

In 1889 the plan of holding two sessions was abandoned, and the time of the regular sessions was changed to December. The object of this change was to

encourage the formation of section meetings. This change has resulted in the organization of four auxiliary State Teachers' Associations—a Southeastern, a Southwestern, a Northeastern and Northwestern, which associations now hold annual meetings in their respective sections of the state.

The State University, the normal schools and the various colleges of the state, are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are \$1 a year for gentlemen, and 50 cents for ladies.

Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and of the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the state superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885 the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, professor of philosophy and pedagogy in the State University. In 1891 the Midland School Journal published in Madison, was combined with the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is now edited by J. W. Stearns and E. J. Castle. By the state law "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors, may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

WISCONSIN FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

Wisconsin is the birthplace of Farmers' Institute. It was the first state to establish them by law. The first Farmers' Institute ever held under state auspices was at Hudson, St. Croix county, November 24 and 25, 1885. Since then, including all for the present year, 1,262 Institutes have been held in this state, under state auspices, and in addition thereto, fifty-eight cooking schools, at which the best methods of healthy and economical cooking are taught, have been held. In the early years of the work the Institutes were held usually at county seats and the work of imparting information was done by a corps of four to six or eight of the most skilled and successful farmers of the state, each talking upon his own topic. Of late years it has become the policy to hold the Institutes chiefly in the districts remote from railroads and leading centers, taking them into the farming districts, right to the homes of the farmers desirous of the information they disseminate. They are now usually conducted by two skilled farmers, assisted by the best skilled farmers of the immediate vicinity. Four to five pairs of these Institute workers are employed and as many Institutes are in progress during their season, each corps holding two Institutes a week.

In the early years of the work from forty to fifty institutes were held in the state each winter. The number has been increased until it reached 118 in 1898. The usual number now is 100 or more winter and twelve summer institutes in the northern counties where farmers are engaged in lumbering in winter. For many years no record was kept of the attendance of farmers, but of late years a pretty accurate record is kept and it has been found that over 50,000 persons in the aggregate have attended the institutes in each of the last eight years. A conservative estimate would be 40,000 a year the preceding eight years, when the meetings were at principal points, making a total of nearly, possibly over, 800,000 persons who have attended these institutes.

Anything like an accurate estimate of the benefits derived by the people of the state from farmers' institutes is impossible. To say they have been chiefly

Instrumental in enhancing the value of the farms of the state and increasing the production thereof many millions of dollars would be no exaggeration. The railroads in the state have long claimed that shipments of farm products have been largely increased in the years following the holding of institutes along their lines.

In 1897 the Russian government sent a commission to this country to learn the best methods of educating the people in agricultural pursuits. The commission pronounced the Wisconsin system of farmers' institutes the best method it had seen.

The regular state appropriation for the support of farmers' institutes is \$12,000 a year. At the closing meeting of each season all of the institute instructors are brought together and a three days' meeting is held. These meetings provide material for the institute bulletin, of which 60,000 are printed each year. These bulletins are sought for and sent to farmers in all parts of this country and in many foreign countries. Skilled farmers everywhere pronounce them the best agricultural text book obtainable. In quite a number of other states systems of farmers' institutes have been established, patterned after the Wisconsin plan.

The Wisconsin Farmers' Institute system is the outgrowth of a talk given by the late Hon. Hiram Smith, of Sheboygan Falls, to farmers at a county fair at Manitowoc in October, 1884. Hon. C. E. Estabrook, now a resident of Milwaukee, then of Manitowoc, heard the address and was forcibly impressed with its repleteness of practicability and comprehensiveness. Mr. Estabrook had served in the legislature several sessions and was elected a member of it again that year. As a result of his study of the talk by Mr. Smith he drew a bill which became a law in 1885, establishing the Wisconsin Farmers' Institutes. It originally appropriated \$5,000 a year for their support. In 1897 the appropriation was increased to \$12,000 a year. The law is known as section 1, chapter 9, laws of 1895.

The late William H. Morrison was secured as the first superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, beginning the service in 1885 and continuing until his death in 1893. George McKerrow, of Sussex, Waukesha county, was chosen by the Board of University Regents to succeed him, and under his able management the institutes have continued to grow in popularity and usefulness. From their inception the institutes were popular with farmers everywhere who readily comprehended their importance, and the demand for them has always been much greater than could be filled.

The law establishing Farmers' Institutes in Wisconsin, as amended in 1897, is as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Regents of the State University, is hereby authorized to hold institutes for the instruction of citizens of this state in the various branches of agriculture. Such institutes shall be held at such times, and at such places as said board may direct. The said board shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem proper for organizing and conducting such institutes, and may employ an agent or agents to perform such work in connection therewith as they deem best. The course of instruction at such institutes, shall be so arranged as to present to those in attendance, the results of the most recent investigations in theoretical and practical agriculture.

Section 2. For the purposes mentioned in the preceding section, the said board may use such sum as it may deem proper, not exceeding the sum of twelve thousand dollars in any one year, from the general fund, and such amount is hereby annually appropriated for that purpose.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN.

NAME OF COMPANY.	Mileage in Wisconsin for year ending Dec. 31, '99.	MILEAGE OF RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN BY YEARS.	
		Years.	Miles.
1. Abbotsford & Northeastern	15.16	1850	10.80
2. Ahnapee & Western	34.00	1851	35.48
3. Ashland, Siskiwit & Iron River Log. R'y	37.00	1852	71.48
4. Big Falls R'y Co	21.00	1853	90.08
5. Bayfield Harbor & Gt. Western & Bayfield Trans. Co	9.80	1854	151.90
6. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	1,650.46	1855	518.78
7. Chicago & Northwestern	1,625.73	1856	507.75
8. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Quincy	619.11	1857	700.18
9. Chicago, Burlington & Northern	222.57	1858	761.58
10. Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern	17.33	1859	849.48
11. Chicago, Madison & Northern	91.31	1860	880.71
12. Chicago & Lake Superior	3.00	1861	900.71
13. Chippewa River & Menomonie	33.00	1862	957.18
14. Drummond & Southwestern	21.72	1863	957.18
15. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	110.00	1864	1,030.28
16. Duluth, Superior & Western	6.16	1865	1,030.28
17. Dunbar & Wausaukee	13.50	1866	1,030.28
18. Eastern Railway Co. of Minnesota	38.15	1867	1,030.28
19. Fairchild & North Eastern	30.00	1868	1,089.04
20. Green Bay & Western	225.00	1869	1,140.99
21. Greenwood & Northeastern	15.00	1870	1,286.43
22. Hazelhurst & South Eastern	17.00	1871	1,798.33
23. Hawthorne, Nebagamon & Superior	7.35	1872	1,975.41
24. Holmes & Sons R'y Co	27.00	1873	2,378.98
25. Iola & Northern	4.70	1874	2,465.93
26. Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western	36.70	1875	2,513.92
27. Kickapoo Valley & Northern	51.30	1876	2,647.64
28. Lake Shore & Eastern R'y Co	12.00	1877	2,707.74
29. Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer R'y Co	15.70	1878	2,798.07
30. Mattoon R'y Co	21.00	1879	2,909.90
31. Milwaukee & Superior	26.16	1880	3,120.22
32. Marshfield & South Eastern	33.00	1881	3,425.22
33. Marinette, Tomahawk & Western	33.30	1882	3,702.54
34. Minnesota & Wisconsin	21.00	1883	3,895.58
35. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie	271.42	1884	4,259.48
36. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Ashland	35.50	1885	4,336.41
37. Northern Pacific	102.92	1886	4,746.55
38. Northwestern Coal R'y Co	8.00	1887	5,082.62
39. Oshkosh Transportation Co	4.28	1888	5,272.04
40. Rice Lake, Dallas & Menomonie	7.50	1889	5,389.54
41. St. Cloud, Grantsburg & Ashland	12.00	1890	5,471.71
42. St. Paul & Duluth	13.75	1891	5,548.63
43. Superior Belt Line & Transfer Co	10.94	1892	5,781.57
44. Washburn, Bayfield & Iron River	64.00	1893	5,925.47
45. West Range	7.00	1894	6,003.68
46. Winona Bridge R'y Co .....	.51	1895	6,176.79
47. Wisconsin & Michigan	40.32	1896	6,093.31
48. Whitcomb & Morris	6.00	1898	6,281.16
49. Wisconsin Central R. R. Co	874.16		
50. Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota	72.24		
Total mileage	6,592.00	1900	6,592.00

WISCONSIN BANKS.

The prosperity of a State and its people is reflected in its banking business. The State Bank Examiner's reports annually show the condition of banks and banking business in the State. Some important features of those reports are here reproduced. Comparisons between 1899 and 1900 show an increase of nineteen in the total number of banks in the State, fourteen of the number being State or private and five National banks, while the increase in resources and liabilities, all banks in the State, increased practically \$11,000,000 during the year. The following table shows resources and liabilities, and the various increase and decrease features of all banks in Wisconsin for 1899 and 1900:

RESOURCES.	Dec. 2, 1899.	Dec. 13, 1900.	Inc. and Dec.
Loans and discounts.....	\$39,279,333 91	\$97,093,770 50	\$7,814,436 59
Unpaid capital.....		762,050 00	762,050 00
Overdrafts.....	1,206,311 09	1,319,467 62	113,156 53
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures...	2,285,604 61	2,399,869 80	114,265 19
Other real estate.....	1,864,867 77	1,125,943 17	d 738,924 60
Bonds, stocks, etc.....	15,437,909 57	16,527,029 88	1,089,120 31
Cash items and checks.....	2,178,824 79	1,275,898 18	d 902,926 61
Due from banks.....	25,777,384 85	27,190,539 64	1,413,154 79
U. S. and national currency.....	3,982,639 00	4,945,161 85	962,522 85
Specie.....	6,035,657 55	6,338,413 02	302,755 47
Nickels and cents.....	61,701 94	56,109 83	d 5,592 06
Revenue stamps.....		62,362 35	62,362 35
Other resources.....	232,521 78	108,515 23	d 124,006 55
Total.....	\$148,342,776 86	\$159,260,131 12	10,917,354 26
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock.....	\$17,032,414 63	\$17,896,288 59	\$863,873 96
Surplus fund.....	3,854,031 48	3,977,874 41	123,842 93
Undivided profits.....	2,413,759 61	2,963,217 66	549,458 05
Due depositors.....	112,914,343 96	121,024,348 13	9,110,004 17
Circulation.....	2,776,657 50	3,986,864 80	1,210,207 30
Due to banks and bankers.....	8,584,614 07	8,731,201 80	144,587 73
Dividends unpaid.....	4,515 00	5,393 50	878 50
Certified and cashiers' checks.....	477,371 77	214,926 42	d 262,445 35
Bills re-discounted and payable.....	164,170 08	433,963 37	269,793 29
Other liabilities.....	83,838 76	23,055 44	d 60,783 32
Total.....	\$148,312,776 86	\$159,250,131 12	10,917,354 26

d Decrease; all other features increase.

WISCONSIN BANKS, STATE, PRIVATE AND SAVINGS.

A tabulation clearly indicating the trend, decrease or increase, of general business, during a period of six years; from State Bank Examiner's report, 1900.

	Nov. 16, 1895.	Nov. 21, 1896.	Nov. 6, 1897.	Dec. 1, 1898.	Dec. 2, 1899.	Dec. 13, 1900.
State banks, number of.....	125	130	130	133	135	143
Private banks, number of.....	107	109	110	114	124	130
Savings bank, number of.....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total, number.....	233	240	241	248	260	274
RESOURCES.						
Loans and discounts.....	\$28,062,796 67	\$25,905,481 71	\$27,141,894 77	\$31,409,181 49	\$39,751,101 88	\$43,005,570 80
Unpaid capital.....	675,014 67	671,017 39	678,500 00	619,150 00	583,150 00	762,050 00
Overdrafts.....	443,234 46	396,305 52	511,456 57	689,681 54	740,173 26	776,829 40
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	1,355,016 33	1,355,502 34	1,324,510 32	1,356,709 60	1,376,615 53	1,432,809 48
Other real estate.....	1,447,042 49	1,471,614 91	1,322,827 72	1,361,737 13	1,447,606 76	827,312 06
Bonds, stocks and securities.....	2,273,120 02	2,109,625 31	2,209,633 14	4,222,940 59	4,978,879 93	5,042,273 99
Cash items.....	107,973 59	68,557 24	77,782 61	140,414 85	141,826 09	165,415 97
Checks on other banks.....	451,749 76	331,478 36	390,983 40	407,782 15	565,141 40	383,560 80
Due from banks and bankers.....	5,385,304 94	5,453,468 42	9,180,424 56	10,621,640 30	11,900,801 41	11,738,599 37
U. S. and national currency.....	1,310,371 50	1,672,407 02	1,808,779 89	1,935,847 98	2,037,148 00	2,232,305 35
Gold coin.....	1,472,853 52	1,427,988 35	1,329,853 80	1,527,844 58	1,888,531 06	1,463,030 50
Silver and subsidiary coin.....	210,510 60	234,843 01	245,242 31	293,839 50	33,223 81	387,036 01
Loss and expense account.....	267,817 03	228,688 23	214,561 01	271,119 29	285,670 15	.....
Revenue stamp account.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,282 54
Other resources.....	138,773 89	107,733 28	120,379 68	155,421 50	97,400 58	79,200 03
Total.....	\$13,601,829 47	\$41,532,711 22	\$46,593,540 28	\$55,023,310 48	\$65,827,269 86	\$68,323,185 80
LIABILITIES.						
Capital.....	\$7,918,063 51	\$5,076,752 41	\$7,907,384 89	\$7,944,413 38	\$7,953,914 63	\$7,698,788 59
Surplus and profits.....	3,019,673 92	2,957,243 81	2,866,229 17	2,814,067 82	3,049,570 06	2,845,686 98
Due depositors on demand.....	18,053,159 53	17,262,318 53	20,823,048 65	24,617,019 58	19,803,770 83	19,278,724 25
Due depositors on time.....	13,164,908 52	12,049,084 20	13,818,166 89	18,104,135 45	33,253,647 41	25,935,355 95
Savings deposits.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,696,957 23
Due to banks and bankers.....	498,568 14	415,824 34	808,443 68	1,103,792 83	1,423,607 28	1,290,936 74
Dividends unpaid.....	.....	.....	.....	1,195 50	384 00	2,484 50
Certified checks.....	.....	.....	.....	19,149 47	44,412 61	41,631 30
Cashier's checks.....	.....	.....	.....	65,509 67	89,474 20	78,966 77
Bills re-discounted.....	257,277 50	179,205 68	84,439 44	61,245 09	79,062 45	127,590 03
Bills payable.....	237,812 54	190,214 06	156,099 32	112,873 48	85,107 63	306,373 37
Other liabilities.....	422,365 81	402,067 19	126,730 54	179,908 16	44,338 76	21,707 12
Total.....	\$13,601,829 47	\$41,532,711 22	\$46,593,540 28	\$55,023,310 48	\$65,827,269 86	\$68,323,185 80

WISCONSIN BANKS.

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TABLE I.—CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATISTICS.

Tabulated statement showing the organization, equipment and expense of maintaining twenty-two of the leading fire departments in Wisconsin in 1900; number of fire hydrants; cost of water supply where furnished by private company; population of each city in 1900; number of fires; amount of loss—insured and uninsured, insurance premiums paid; insured loss paid; assessed valuation of real and personal property in 1900, with other statistics.

[Compiled by JOHN C. SPENCER, Chief of Fire Department, Janesville, Wis.]

Cities.	Population, Census of 1900.	Assessed valuation of real and personal property in 1900.	Number full paid men.	Number call men or volunteers.	Monthly salary of full paid men.	Yearly pay of call men.	Salary of chief of department.	Salary of assistant chief.	Number of fire engines.	No. hose wagons, carriages or carts.	No. hook and ladder trucks.	No. of chemical engines.	No. fire patrols.	No. of fire boats.	No. of horses.	Fire department expenses for 1900.	Per capita cost of department.
Milwaukee	288,943	\$158,174,873 45	337	...	\$80 00 to \$100 00	.....	\$3,600 00	\$2,100 00	20	24	8	8	2	3	162	\$415,000 00	\$1.45 6-10
Superior	31,091	11,887,319 35	44	55	60 00 to 70 00	.....	1,500 00	1,000 00	3	3	3	3	3	3	24	35,223 91	1.13
Racine	29,102	10,776,760 00	17	10	60 00 to 65 00	\$120 00	1,003 00	200 00	3	3	3	3	3	3	13	16,500 00	0.56 9-10
La Crosse	25,885	12,941,312 00	45	...	60 00	.....	1,200 00	900 00	3	3	3	3	3	3	14	36,000 00	1.24 6-10
Oshkosh	25,284	9,542,142 00	29	...	55 00 to 60 00	.....	1,050 00	1,020 00	3	3	3	3	3	3	23	23,872 91	0.84 4-10
Sheboygan	22,982	11,890,639 00	20	10	55 00 to 60 00	.....	800 00	.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	14	33,341 00	0.58 1-10
Madison	19,615	8,114,851 00	8	46	50 00 to 55 00	60 00	300 00	200 00	3	3	3	3	3	3	8	10,354 21	0.52 8-10
Green Bay	18,684	4,191,468 00	17	...	40 00 to 45 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	9	12,000 00	0.64 2-10
Eau Claire	17,517	6,336,419 00	18	6	45 00 to 55 00	120 00	960 00	720 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	14,492 21	0.62 7-10
Marinette	16,195	3,936,975 00	9	7	45 00 to 52 50	180 00	1,100 00	720 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	11,790 55	0.72 8-10
Fond du Lac	12,110	3,524,772 00	11	10	42 00 to 50 00	96 00	660 00	578 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	8,468 00	0.55 1-10
Appleton	15,036	4,383,260 00	20	...	45 00 to 50 00	.....	960 00	600 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	13,312 64	0.73 3-10
Janesville	13,185	4,585,439 00	7	12	50 00	100 00	600 00	150 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	9,781 02	0.74 2-10
Ashland	13,074	7,600,000 00	12	9	55 00	120 00	840 00	720 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	12,800 00	0.98
Wausau	12,354	3,530,763 00	12	4	45 00 to 50 00	120 00	649 20	540 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	9,494 97	0.76 9-10
Manitowoc	11,786	5,473,115 00	3	12	50 00	150 00	600 00	540 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	5,837 56	0.49 5-10
Kenosha	11,608	3,095,100 00	6	53	50 00	.....	350 00	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6,200 00	0.51 8-10
Beloit	10,436	5,014,000 00	6	11	40 00 to 50 00	120 00	720 00	175 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6,250 00	0.59 9-10
Stevens Point	9,534	2,831,458 00	9	16	38 00 to 50 00	.....	300 00	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	7,000 00	0.73 5-10
Merrill	8,835	2,192,496 00	8	8	40 00	.....	600 00	480 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6,925 00	0.78 4-10
Watertown	8,437	2,000,000 00	4	87	21 25	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	6	4,600 00	0.54 5-10
Chippewa Falls	8,170	2,911,167 00	6	6	45 00	120 00	600 00	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4,509 00	0.55 2-10

TABLE I.—CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATISTICS—Continued.

Cities.	No. of fire hydrants.	Water rental for 1900.	Per capita tax for water.	No fire alarm boxes.	Insurance premiums paid in 1900.	Two per cent. fire insurance tax received in 1900.	No. of fires in 1900.	Fire losses in 1900.	Fire insurance losses paid in 1900.	Insurance involved.	Chief of fire department.
Milwaukee....	2,440	City plant	.....	371	\$1,285,184 00	\$25,703 68	1,247	\$245,597 39	\$236,959 39	\$14,937,757 85	James Foley.
Superior.....	573	\$24,595 41	\$0.79	55	319,033 00	6,380 66	133	35,353 44	35,353 44	472,825 00	William M. Kellogg.
Racine.....	450	17,470 66	0.60	41	115,000 00	2,300 00	88	66,145 00	64,231 00	133,524 00	James Cape, Jr.
La Crosse.....	399	City plant	.....	51	130,260 00	2,427 86	154	34,799 00	31,264 00	166,920 00	N. M. Bradfield.
Oshkosh.....	387	\$19,000 00	0.67 2-10	48	132,503 45	2,650 07	109	250,000 00	230,000 00	.....	R. A. Brauer.
Sheboygan.....	400	10,960 00	0.94 2-10	39	95,000 00	1,900 00	61	210,783 00	170,783 00	.....	John Sandrok.
Madison.....	160	City plant	.....	32	62,500 00	1,240 00	91	65,674 75	64,395 51	865,814 98	Charles Bernard.
Green Bay.....	286	\$13,000 00	0.69 6-10	47	95,668 85	1,911 19	99	21,218 19	21,218 19	310,950 00	William Kennedy.
Eau Claire.....	350	16,000 00	0.91 3-10	36	90,507 00	1,810 14	149	37,800 00	35,427 27	156,625 00	George H. Daniels.
Marinette.....	208	8,180 00	0.50 5-10	42	64,641 00	1,292 83	.....	7,765 01	7,765 01	.....	Joshua Hodgins.
Fond du Lac..	262	13,000 00	0.86 1-10	25	60,000 00	1,200 00	50	43,700 00	43,700 00	.....	A. Coffman.
Appleton.....	242	11,880 79	0.78 8-10	55	65,605 00	1,312 10	98	7,670 54	7,670 54	104,800 00	George P. McGillan.
Janesville.....	262	6,179 16	0.46 9-10	51	59,009 18	1,180 18	70	46,062 22	44,276 43	149,250 00	John C. Spencer.
Ashland.....	224	14,000 00	1.07 1-10	21	75,000 00	1,500 00	86	445,000 00	345,000 00	600,000 00	Louis Schaetzle.
Wausau.....	163	City plant	.....	23	56,138 16	1,122 76	58	12,138 15	6,811 72	.....	Henry G. Miller.
Manitowoc....	168	\$7,695 26	0.65 3-10	24	64,900 50	1,298 00	19	3,530 00	3,240 00	.....	August Dueno.
Kenosha.....	184	City plant	.....	34	41,000 00	820 00	74	36,938 00	30,738 40	3,576,150 00	James S. Barr.
Beloit.....	130	\$7,700 00	0.73 8-10	38	26,129 00	522 58	54	13,741 00	13,741 00	.....	E. E. Goss.
Stevens Point.	150	5,560 00	0.57 7-10	.....	30,580 00	611 60	59	.....	.....	.....	C. H. Packard.
Merrill.....	159	6,600 00	0.74 7-10	.....	50,530 00	1,210 00	23	25,000 00	16,275 00	21,000 00	Owen Love.
Watertown....	54	City plant	.....	.....	20,000 00	400 00	19	.....	.....	.....	Herman Conrad.
Chippewa Falls	155	\$8,250 00	1.00 9-10	16	28,251 50	565 03	63	5,709 70	5,709 70	71,250 00	Joseph Mueli.

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

The location of the fair is in every case (except where otherwise noted) the same as secretary's address.

COUNTIES.	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Postoffice address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams	Adams County Agricultural Society.....	Daniel McGregor.....	Geo. W. Bingham.....	Friendship	L. N. Morse.
Ashland.....	Ashland County Agricultural Society.....	A. P. Andrus.....	Geo. J. Brossard.....	Ashland.....	John Wedman.
Barron.....	Barron County Agricultural Society.....	P. M. Parker.....	J. C. Signor.....	Rice Lake.....	J. W. Munnell.
	Cumberland Agr. and Driving Park Assn.....	S. H. Waterman.....	H. S. Comstock.....	Cumberland.....	H. C. Doolittle.
Bayfield.....	Bayfield County Agricultural Society.....	A. H. Grimpo.....	P. J. Savage.....	Iron River.....	R. A. Steckbauer.
Brown.....	Brown County Fair and Park Association.....	H. J. Smith.....	Adam Spuhler.....	Green Bay.....	Andrew Reis.
Buffalo.....	Buffalo County Agricultural Society.....	W. L. Houser.....	Alex. Lees.....	Mondovi.....	R. Farrington.
Burnett.....	Burnett County Agricultural Society.....	Robt. C. Anderson.....	And. A. Anderson.....	Grantsburg.....	Canute Olson.
Calumet.....	Calumet County Agricultural Society.....	G. A. Cressy.....	A. J. Pfeffer.....	Chilton.....	John Grey.
Chippewa.....	Northern Wisconsin State Fair.....	J. R. Sharp.....	Frank W. Jenkins.....	Chippewa Falls.....	W. W. Flinn.
Clark.....	Clark County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. Hommel.....	Geo. E. Crothers.....	Neillsville.....	G. L. Redmond.
Columbia.....	Columbia County Agricultural Society.....	J. H. Welis.....	J. E. Jones.....	Portage.....	R. N. McConochie.
	Lodi Union Agricultural Society.....	Geo. Perry.....	A. H. Hinds.....	Lodi.....	A. R. Reynolds.
Crawford.....	Central Agr. and Driving Park Assn.....	Atley Peterson.....	G. L. Miller.....	Prairie du Chien.....	J. A. Hays.
	Crawford County Agricultural Society.....	A. Thompson.....	Jas. Fisher, Jr.....	Eastman.....	Marcus Nickerson.
Dane.....	Dane County Agricultural Society.....	S. L. Sheldon.....	Eugene Shepard.....	Madison.....	Daniel Bechtel.
Dodge.....	Dodge County Fair Association.....	W. A. Van Brunt.....	C. W. Harvey.....	Beaver Dam.....	H. B. Drake.
Douglas.....	Douglas County Agricultural Society.....	James H. Agen.....	R. F. Wilcuts.....	West Superior.....	John W. Schmidt.
Dunn.....	Dunn County Agricultural Society.....	J. B. Chickering.....	Geo. Gallaway.....	Menomonie.....	F. A. Vasey.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire County Agricultural Society.....	Albert Cebell.....	Frank L. Clarke.....	Augusta.....	F. E. Williams.
Grant.....	Grant County Agricultural Society.....	Delos Abrams.....	G. B. Wheeler.....	Lancaster.....	R. Meyer, Jr.
	Boscobel Agr. and Driving Park Association.....	L. E. Ruka.....	F. C. Muffley.....	Boscobel.....	F. B. Sarles.
	Blake's Prairie Agricultural Society.....	C. W. Stone.....	Lincoln Abraham.....	Bloomington.....	Samuel Kitto.
Green.....	Green County Agricultural Society.....	W. B. Hawthorne.....	B. G. Treat.....	Monroe.....	Andrew Lewis.
Green Lake.....	Berlin Industrial and Agricultural Society.....	M. Safford.....	C. M. Willis.....	Berlin.....	H. W. Tennur.
Iowa.....	Iowa County Agricultural Society.....	E. J. Perkins.....	W. J. Davey.....	Dodgeville.....	C. E. Ellingun.
	Southwestern Wisconsin Fair.....	Geo. G. Cox.....	F. C. Ludden.....	Mineral Point.....	Phil Allen, Jr.
Jackson.....	Jackson County Agricultural Society.....	Henry Wachter.....	H. H. Richards.....	Black River Falls.....	John H. Mills.
	Merrillan Agr. and Driving Park Association.....	A. S. Trow.....	J. W. Snow.....	Merrillan.....	A. D. Merrill.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson County Agricultural Society.....	R. J. Washburner.....	O. F. Roessler.....	Jefferson.....	S. P. Kispert.
Juneau.....	Juneau County Agricultural Society.....	C. H. Stevens.....	G. H. Ely.....	Mauston.....	S. W. Allaby.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee County Agricultural Society.....	L. A. Karel.....	J. F. Valecka.....	Kewaunee.....	P. J. Walecka.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse County Agricultural Society.....	J. A. Richardson.....	F. H. A. Nye.....	West Salem.....	Herman Roessler.
	La Crosse Inter-State Fair Association.....	B. E. Edwards.....	C. S. Van Auken.....	La Crosse.....	T. H. Spence.
Lafayette.....	Lafayette County Agricultural Society.....	Geo. F. West.....	W. E. Collins.....	Darlington.....	S. S. Allen.
Langlade.....	Langlade County Agricultural Society.....	O. O. Marsh.....	Fred Haysson.....	Antigo.....	H. A. Kohl.
Lincoln.....	Lincoln County Agricultural Society.....	John English.....	John W. Bruce.....	Merrill.....	W. H. Kaiser.

Manitowoc....	Industrial Association of Manitowoc County.....	Christ Muth.....	Edw. Schaffland....	Manitowoc.....	C. F. Fechter.
Marathon....	Marathon County Agricultural Society.....	S. M. Quaw.....	V. A. Alderson.....	Wausau.....	E. C. Zimmerman.
Marquette....	Marquette County Agricultural Society.....	John S. Cant.....	Tbos. Skinner.....	Endeavor.....	Sam. Laing.
Milwaukee....	Wisconsin State Agricultural Society.....	George McFerrow....	John M. True.....	Madison.....	J. O. Davidson.
Monroe.....	Eastern Monroe County Agricultural Society.....	J. H. Morley.....	L. S. Wyatt.....	Tomah.....	W. W. Warren.
	Sparta Driving and Agricultural Society.....	F. W. Teall.....	J. P. Rice.....	Sparta.....	J. M. Fanning.
Oconto.....	Oconto County Fair Association.....	John Gosse.....	L. C. Harvey.....	Oconto.....	O. C. Marsden.
Oneida.....	Oneida County Agricultural Society.....	Fred T. Coon.....	E. F. Parker.....	Rhineland.....	W. E. Ashton.
	Oneida Agricultural Society.....	Joseph Smith.....	Adam Sickles.....	Little Rapids.....	Adam Metaxen.
Outagamie...	Outagamie County Agricultural Society.....	John Schmit.....	Herman Diestler....	Hortonville.....	A. L. Murphy.
	Fox River Fair and Driving Association.....	Chas. Clack.....	A. J. Simpich.....	Appleton.....	J. J. Sherman.
	Seymour Fair and Driving Association.....	Peter Tubbs.....	H. J. Van Varen.....	Seymour.....	Wm. Michelstetter.
Ozaukee.....	Ozaukee County Agricultural Society.....	W. H. Rintleman....	Jacob Dietrich.....	Cedarburg.....	L. E. Schroeder.
Pepin.....	Pepin County Agricultural Society.....	E. J. Ryan.....	John Dorwin.....	Durand.....	W. B. Smith.
Pierce.....	Pierce County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. Hancock.....	E. S. Doolittle.....	Ellsworth.....	H. R. Huber.
Polk.....	Polk County Fair Society.....	J. E. Sero.....	Geo. H. Ely.....	St. Croix Falls....	A. H. French.
Portage.....	Portage County Agricultural Society.....	Geo. W. Smith.....	A. J. Smith.....	Amherst.....	Jacob O. Foxen.
	Stevens Point Fair Association.....	Philo W. Clark.....	Horace E. Horton....	Stevens Point....	R. B. Johnson.
Price.....	Price County Agricultural Society.....	Julius Koehler.....	E. L. Messer.....	Phillips.....	G. A. Andrew.
Richland....	Richland County Agricultural Society.....	H. M. Bock.....	W. F. J. Fogo.....	Richland Center..	J. M. Keyes.
	Kickapoo Valley Agricultural Society.....	Ed. Binder.....	A. J. McCarty.....	Viola.....	N. H. Burgess.
Rock.....	Rock County Agricultural Society.....	W. E. Campbell.....	F. Springer.....	Evansville.....	Geo. L. Pullen.
St. Croix....	New Richmond Park Ass'n and Agr. Society.....	O. J. Willtams.....	J. A. Hughes.....	New Richmond.....	J. W. McCay.
	St. Croix County Agricultural Society.....	John O. Denniston..	R. R. Young.....	Hudson.....	H. C. Anderson.
Sauk.....	Sauk County Agricultural Society.....	Henry Marriott.....	D. A. Pelton.....	Baraboo.....	Franklin Johnson.
	Reedsburg & Baraboo Valley Agr. Society.....	S. A. Collins.....	A. N. Jones.....	Hillsboro.....	Geo. L. Morse.
Shawano....	Shawano County Agricultural Society.....	G. A. Klebisadel....	F. J. Martin.....	Shawano.....	Chas. Brockman.
Sheboygan...	Sheboygan County Agricultural Society.....	H. Wheeler, Sr.....	Otto Gaffron.....	Plymouth.....	E. A. Dow.
Taylor.....	Taylor County Agricultural Society.....	Joseph Yoshnitz....	W. H. Towne.....	Medford.....	T. M. Miller.
Trempealeau.	Arcadia Agricultural and Driving Association.....	Nic. Lehrbach.....	George Mathys.....	Arcadia.....	George Schmidt.
	Trempealeau County Agricultural Society.....	D. D. Chappell.....	Alex. A. Arnold.....	Galesville.....	Walter Young.
	and Driving Park Association.....	Jas. Hopkins.....	E. C. Getts.....	Whitehall.....	F. A. George.
Vernon.....	Hillsboro Agricultural Society.....	Ed Hammer.....	A. N. Jones.....	Hillsboro.....	Richard Richards.
	Vernon County Agricultural Society.....	C. J. Smith.....	F. W. Alexander....	Viroqua.....	John W. Mills.
Walworth....	Walworth County Agricultural Society.....	L. A. Nichols.....	Geo. L. Harington..	Elkhorn.....	Jas. E. Brett.
Washington..	Washington County Agricultural Society.....	Chas. H. Wilke.....	W. P. Rix.....	West Bend.....	Peter Klumb.
Waukesha....	Waukesha County Agricultural Society.....	E. W. Bamard.....	Frank W. Harland..	Waukesha.....	W. V. Tichenor.
Waupaca....	Waupaca County Agricultural Society.....	Albert S. Smith.....	William Woods.....	Weyauwega.....	Henry Becker.
	New London Agr. and Industrial Association..	August Roloff.....	Henry Cannon.....	New London.....	E. H. Ramen.
Waushara....	Waushara County Agricultural Society.....	Gilbert Tennant....	W. H. Berry.....	Wautoma.....	Geo. P. Walker.
Winnebago...	Oshkosh Fair Association.....	John Athearn.....	Herbert L. Sweet....	Oshkosh.....	Jas. G. Pickett.

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1893.

Counties.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.	County Superin- tendent.	County Judge.
Adams	7,592	Fees	Fees	\$600	\$250	\$600	Fees	Fees	Fees	\$500	\$300
Ashland	17,241	Fees	Fees	2,200	1,000	2,600	Fees	Fees	Fees	400	1,000
Barron	20,122	††\$300	Fees	800	600	800	\$350	Fees	Fees	1,000	400
Bayfield	12,595	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,200	* 300	Fees	Fees	800	600
Brown	45,623	Fees	Fees	1,500	800	1,400	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	††† 1,500
Buffalo	16,931	Fees	Fees	700	400	800	Fees	Fees	Fees	\$15	800
Burnett	5,892	Fees	Fees	550	300	550	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	250
Calumet	17,744	Fees	Fees	700	400	700	* 500	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Chippewa	28,727	Fees	Fees	1,600	1,000	1,600	* 500	Fees	Fees	\$1,000	1,000
Clark	21,342	Fees	Fees	1,200	800	1,200	* 200	††	Fees	800	500
Columbia	30,868	* 2,000	Fees	1,200	700	1,200	* 800	Fees	Fees	† 1,200	1,500
Crawford	17,203	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	* 300	Fees	Fees	1,000	800
Dane	65,669	2,500	1,800	1,600	1,160	1,700	Fees	Fees	Fees	††† 1,600	2,500
Dodge	47,851	2,500	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,400	* 800	Fees	Fees	1,200	2,100
Door	16,969	Fees	Fees	600	400	800	255	Fees	Fees	800	600
Douglas	29,986	Fees	Fees	1,500	1,500	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,500
Dunn	25,006	1,200	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	* 200	Fees	Fees	800	600
Eau Claire	33,172	Fees	Fees	1,500	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Florence	2,850	Fees	* 250	840	500	900	* 300	Fees	Fees	240	500
Fond du Lac	47,436	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,000
Forest	1,288	Fees	Fees	800	500	800	350	Fees	Fees	50	200
Grant	33,372	2,500	Fees	1,200	800	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Green	23,420	Fees	Fees	900	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	950
Green Lake	15,939	2,900	Fees	500	600	650	* 300	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Iowa	23,447	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	800	* 450	Fees	Fees	† 800	1,500
Iron	5,333	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	200
Jackson	16,722	Fees	900	1,000	700	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	700
Jefferson	36,317	Fees	Fees	800	1,200	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,000
Juneau	18,754	Fees	Fees	1,000	650	1,100	* 500	Fees	Fees	900	* 850
Kenosha	17,548	3,500	Fees	600	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	750	1,100
Kewaunee	17,632	* 600	Fees	600	400	800	* 300	.....	.....	800	1,000
La Crosse	43,610	2,250	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	950	1,200
Lafayette	21,488	* 1,200	Fees	1,200	600	1,000	†† 600	Fees	Fees	† 1,000	1,000
Langlade	11,092	Fees	Fees	1,500	600	1,500	600	Fees	100	500	600
Lincoln	14,765	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,200	* 400	***	Fees	700	* 400
Manitowoc	40,802	Fees	1,400	1,400	1,000	1,200	* 800	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,500
Marathon	36,598	2,000	Fees	1,400	1,200	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	800
Marinette	27,271	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,000	* \$100	Fees	Fees	800	1,000

Marquette	10,203	250	Fees	550	300	550	400	Fees	Fees	800	\$50
Milwaukee	287,922	5,000	\$1,000	9,500	5,000	4,000	6,000	Fees	\$2,000	1,200	5,000
Monroe	26,350	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	500	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Oconto	18,339	\$1,700	Fees	1,000	400	1,000	360	Fees	Fees	700	500
Oneida	7,060	1,500	Fees	1,000	700	1,000	*200	Fees	Fees	600	400
Outagamie	44,404	Fees	Fees	1,400	800	1,200	*500	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,500
Ozaukee	16,545	Fees	Fees	1,000	500	750	*100	Fees	Fees	990	1,000
Pepin	7,567	Fees	Fees	550	250	550	*150	Fees	Fees	500	300
Pierce	23,040	Fees	Fees	890	600	800	*300	Fees	Fees	800	800
Polk	16,117	Fees	Fees	750	400	750	*250	Fees	Fees	800	400
Portage	23,531	Fees	\$1,100	1,100	600	1,100	*350	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Price	7,257	\$1,200	Fees	1,000	500	1,000	300	Fees	Fees	500	600
Racine	41,110	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,800
Richland	19,619	Fees	\$300	800	*500	800	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	*78.0
Rock	43,414	\$1,500	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	+++	1,600	2,000
St. Croix	25,870	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	900	800
Sauk	32,919	\$1,200	\$1,200	1,200	600	1,200	**\$500	Fees	Fees	1,200	*1,000
Sawyer	3,741	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	300	***	Fees	300	500
Shawano	22,573	\$750	Fees	900	600	1,000	200	Fees	Fees	800	600
Sheboygan	48,398	1,500	Fees	1,000	900	1,200	450	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,500
Taylor	8,498	2,000	Fees	1,000	500	1,000	400	Fees	Fees	600	400
Trempealeau	21,993	Fees	Fees	800	500	900	*250	Fees	Fees	1,000	700
Vernon	27,035	Fees	Fees	800	500	900	*500	Fees	Fees	1,000	500
Vilas	3,801	Fees	Fees	1,000	800	1,000	*300	Fees	Fees	400	400
Walworth	29,182	Fees	Fees	1,000	800	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,400
Washburn	4,266	\$1,200	\$600	750	800	800	*\$100	Fees	Fees	400	300
Washington	21,077	Fees	Fees	1,000	800	800	*\$150	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,200
Waukesha	36,562	\$2,000	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,200	Fees	.....	.....	1,000	2,500
Waupaca	30,793	1,500	Fees	1,000	1,000	900	*\$100	Fees	Fees	800	800
Waushara	15,355	Fees	\$600	600	400	600	*100	**	**	800	600
Winnebago	57,627	\$2,500	Fees	2,200	1,500	2,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,500
Wood	21,637	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,400	*\$3.00	Fees	Fees	900	700

* And fees.

** And per diem.

*** \$1 per day.

† Salary for ensuing term fixed at \$300.

‡ \$4 per day and mileage.

+++ This amount includes \$800 for register of probate.

‡ And traveling expenses.

‡ For county business.

+++ Two officers.

§ And \$2.00 for expenses.

¶ And \$2.25 per day traveling expenses.

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Counties.	County Seats.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.
Adams	Friendship	M. Hickey	D. F. Bonnell.
Ashland	Ashland	George S. Cook	Arthur B. Evans.
Barron	Barron	John A. H. Johnson	Willard L. Barton.
Bayfield	Washburn	L. H. Lien	Geo. A. Calder.
Brown	Green Bay	Timothy Burke	Fred B. Warren.
Buffalo	Alma	Vernon Jones	Herman Altman.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Simon Olson	And. A. Anderson.
Calumet	Chilton	Wm. L. Griem	Edw. J. Mooney.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Andrew Larson	John H. Stanley.
Clark	Neillsville	Robert M. Campbell	Charles Cornelius.
Columbia	Portage	James C. McKenzie	Ole Johnson.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	W. W. Bennett	Stephen L. Brown.
Dane	Madison	Ernest F. Burmeister	Amund K. Reindahl.
Dodge	Juneau	James J. Solon	Henry A. Schluckebier.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	A. A. Minor	Nic Nelson.
Douglas	Superior	William J. Sommer	Charles Larson.
Dunn	Menomonie	George Parker	Martin Fladoes.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Charles Reinhard	Anton M. Anderson.
Florence	Florence	George W. Kinnear	Wm. C. Haberkorn.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	B. Sheridan	John W. Eggert.
Forest	Crandon	Wellington McInnis	W. W. Waite.
Grant	Lancaster	Chas. C. Dickinson	George Tuffley, Jr.
Green	Monroe	Jared S. Fessenden	John Lewis.
Green Lake	Dartford	Cassius E. Eaton	Samuel Owens.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Henry D. James	Alfred T. Cretney.
Iron	Hurley	William H. Lucia	Richard E. Roberts.
Jackson	Black River Falls	P. I. Peterson	H. A. Johnson.
Jefferson	Jefferson	James P. McGolrick	Edward C. Hager.
Juneau	Mauston	S. C. Plummer	P. F. Winsor.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Charles H. Whitcher	Wm. Perkins C. Torrey.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Albert Lietz	James H. DeWane.
La Crosse	La Crosse	William E. Barber	Edward Larson.
Lafayette	Darlington	Jackson C. Lee	Peter Nelson, Jr.
Langlade	Antigo	A. M. Boll	Wm. Reader.
Lincoln	Merrill	Geo. A. Schroader	Geo. M. Emerich.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Pierre Burt	Bruno Mueller.
Marathon	Wausau	Aug. F. Marquardt	Ed. C. Kretlow.
Marinette	Marinette	Jas. L. Murphy	Chris. J. Johnson.
Marquette	Montello	Samuel A. Laing	Charles R. Roskie.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Theodore Zillmer	Oscar H. Pierce.
Monroe	Sparta	Leo. Vieth	C. H. Stevens.
Oconto	Oconto	J. R. Orr	Chas. R. Bassett.
Oneida	Rhineland	Sylvanus Kelley	Joseph L. McLaughlin.
Outagamie	Appleton	Louis Wurl	Bernard J. Zuehlke.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	William Altan	Wm. Ahlhauser.
Pepin	Durand	Harvey E. Austin	Hjelmer R. Anderson.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Charles E. Glass	Farrin W. Walsingham.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Wm. Johnson	Paul Nielsen.
Portage	Stevens Point	Chas. H. Gaylord	Geo. E. Vaughn.
Price	Phillips	William J. Neef	Robert L. Hurd.
Racine	Racine	Wm. Baumann, Jr.	George H. Herzog.
Richland	Richland Center	Samuel T. Ross	John Brown.
Rock	Janesville	Royal J. Maltpress	Oscar D. Rowe.
St. Croix	Hudson	Fred S. Bell	James Walker.
Sauk	Baraboo	William Stackhouse	Stuart A. Peltou.
Sawyer	Hayward	William Giblin	Ralph Tilstad.
Shawano	Shawano	James F. George	Walter E. Wilson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Albert Suenmicht	Henry Walvoord.
Taylor	Medford	T. H. Fredricks	John Gamper.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Elmer L. Immell	Christian F. Ringlee.
Vernon	Viroqua	Francis M. Minshall	Thos. O. Mork.
Vilas	Eagle River	Joseph Elliott	Walter B. Raymond.
Walworth	Elkhorn	Edgar E. White	Henry D. Barnes.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Wm. J. Page	Charles A. Shaver.
Washington	West Bend	Frank Schoenbeck	Chas. F. Leins.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Geo. B. Blair	Dan. L. Camp.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Fred Hess	William L. Evans.
Waushara	Wautoma	John R. Jones	Charles F. Youngman.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Eugene A. Potter	Iving A. Tuttle.
Wood	Grand Rapids	James McLaughlin	E. A. Upham.

COUNTY OFFICERS — Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.
Adams	Friendship.....	Geo. W. Bingham.....	Wm. Sweet.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Elmer E. Tennant.....	Anton P. Haagenst.
Barron.....	Barron.....	Wilfred A. Demers.....	William N. Fuller.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	A. H. Wilkinson.....	A. W. McLeod.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Andrew Reis.....	Samuel H. Cady.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Knut Johnson.....	Martin L. Fagina.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Thos. Tollefson.....	Aug. J. Myrland.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	Friedrick Bauer.....	James Kerwan.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	George Walter.....	Dayton E. Cook.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Charles Burpee.....	S. M. Marsh.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	Thomas V. Dunn.....	Henry E. Andrews.
Crawford.....	Prarie du Chien.....	Jas. Harris.....	Ormsby B. Thomas.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Henry F. Wilke.....	Matthew S. Dudgeon.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Carl F. Justman.....	Martin L. Lueck.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Charles Plinski.....	Y. V. Druetzer.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Merton J. Bell.....	Charles H. Crownhart.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Wm. F. Micheels.....	Josias E. Florin.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Edward R. Buchholz.....	DeAlton S. Thomas.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Charles S. Hopkins.....	Max Sells.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Aug. C. Dallman.....	Ray L. Morse.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	Barney McGinley.....	John F. Hooper.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	John Scheinplug.....	H. W. Brown.
Green.....	Monroe.....	Adam D. Schmid.....	John L. Sherron.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	George N. Clark.....	Fred Engelbracht, Jr.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	David E. Jacobs.....	Joseph J. Feidler.
Iron.....	Black River Falls.....	Charles H. Williams.....	George C. Foster.
Jackson.....	Jefferson.....	Ed. N. Sarn Dahl.....	F. J. Reichenbach.
Jefferson.....	Mauston.....	John Kuester.....	Charles B. Rogers.
Juneau.....	Kenosha.....	H. P. Hansen.....	J. T. Dithmar.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Geo. L. Villnow.....	Albert E. Buckmaster.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	John Walecka.....	O. H. Brummer.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	John Freehoff.....	Thos. Morris.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	J. J. Uren.....	E. F. Conley.
Langelde.....	Antigo.....	James McHale.....	H. F. Morson.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	W. H. Kaiser.....	Edw. M. Smart.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Chas. Hacker.....	E. S. Schmitz.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Anton Mehl.....	Fred W. Genrich.
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	Joseph LeRoy.....	Wm. B. Quinlan.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Julius Berndt.....	James Duff.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Henry F. Schultz.....	William H. Bennett.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	W. A. Jones.....	B. H. Hackett.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	O. C. Madsen.....	Jas. J. Gill.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	Romanzo M. Douglass.....	Samuel T. Walker.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	John Wunderlich.....	Fred. M. Wilcox.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	Michael Even.....	Joseph W. Collins.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	Albert Anderson.....	Anscl V. Hammond.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Ole T. Bergseng.....	Albert Combacker.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	Martin Olson.....	W. T. Kennedy.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Martin O. Wrolstad.....	Wm. F. Owen.
Priec.....	Phillips.....	Olof A. Johnson.....	Arthur R. Barry.
Racine.....	Racine.....	Wm. J. Hay.....	C. L. Lukes.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	Philip M. Smith.....	George M. Shontz.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Miles Rice.....	William A. Jackson.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Ellsworth B. Heritage.....	James A. Frear.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Edgar J. Battles.....	James L. Bonham.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	John Erickson.....	John F. Riordan.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Frank B. Phillips.....	Edgar V. Werner.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Jas. T. Pfeiffer.....	Theodore Benfey.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	A. A. Gearhart.....	G. W. Adams.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Moses E. Ladd.....	Robert S. Cowie.
Venon.....	Viroqua.....	Simon P. Lier.....	J. Henry Bennett.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	John W. Sutton.....	Geo. E. O'Connor.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	William E. Farley.....	Hugh A. Burdick.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	Th. Evers.....	L. H. Mead.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Fred. M. Schuler.....	Vernon H. Tichenor.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Geo. E. Waite.....	Edward E. Browne.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Amiel C. Herrmann.....	Edward F. Kileen.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	Geo. W. Johnson.....	Carl D. Jackson.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Madison J. Rounds.....	Herman C. Wipperman
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Jacob Searls.....	

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	R. S. Harrison.....	H. J. Dartt.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Theodore R. Yankee..	Jacob Yderstad.
Barron.....	Barron.....	William M. Simpson..	Stephen E. Washburn.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	John Froseth.....	F. A. Bell.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Dan H. Martin.....	William Handeyside.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Rudolf Mueller.....	J. A. Ganz.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Wm. E. Armstrong....	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	John F. Ryan.....	Samuel Vincent.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls..	Magnus Firth.....	Charles E. Preston.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	C. M. Bradford.....	F. W. Draper.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	Robert J. Hughes....	Clifton H. Crothers.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien..	Chas. Mitchell.....	W. R. Graves.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Mark W. Torvilliger..	Andrew T. Torgeson.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Albert H. Bussewitz..	George W. Theisen.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Jas. S. Halstead.....	Allen Higgins.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	John Erichson.....	William H. Locke.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Charles G. Sedgwick..	Ole N. Oleson.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	John M. Sorlie.....	George J. Losby.
Florence.....	Florence.....	James J. Pontbriand..	Albert M. Parmenter.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Alfred S. Wilkinson..	D. O. Williams.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	P. Shay.....	Arthur Austin.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Era H. Griffis.....	George E. Budd.
Green.....	Monroe.....	J. W. Lyman.....	R. T. Holcomb.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	Morris C. Gardenier..	Lorentus J. Brau ton.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Ben Thomas.....	Thomas Gibbon.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Willard D. Tyler.....	Andrew K. Hill.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.	J. E. Arnold.....	H. N. Landphair.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Albert F. Haberman..	William H. Rohr.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	M. Knickerbocker....	L. Wiedenbeck.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	William C. Crosby....	John B. Maloney.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Joseph F. Valecka....	Anton G. Schauer.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	James E. Keizer.....	Charles Smith, Jr.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	A. R. Emerson.....	W. B. Vail.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	Fred Haysen.....	A. J. Nowotny.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Valentine Henrich, Jr.	Otto A. Miller.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Edward Schaffland....	P. J. McMahon.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Wm. J. Kregel.....	Alfred A. Bock.
Marquette.....	Marinette.....	Elmer Guniner.....	C. A. Budlong.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Wm. Guderjahn.....	Frank J. Dodge.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Otis T. Hare.....	Gabe Ringenoldus.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	C. Sutherland.....	Geo. F. Lillie.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	O. W. Bloch.....	Chas. D. Post.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	William W. Carr.....	Elijah C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	A. A. Raisler.....	Thomas Reese.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington..	Lothar Sauer.....	James Hedding.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	John Dorwin.....	Henry A. Miles.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Ole J. Hohle.....	Lafayette G. Spinney.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	F. H. Rasmussen.....	L. E. Parslov.
Portage.....	Stevens Point....	Chas. A. Lane.....	Frank H. Timm.
Price.....	Phillips.....	William H. Lippels...	Alexander Rasmussen.
Racine.....	Racine.....	Wm. Bell.....	John R. Hulbert.
Richland.....	Richland Center..	John C. Beard.....	Charles A. Monson.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Frank P. Starr.....	Theodore W. Goldin.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Louis Ostby.....	Wm. J. Egbert.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Edward H. Huebing..	Ulysses C. Keller.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Otto Christianson....	Ole Hanson.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Fred. G. Brener.....	Harry F. Johnson.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Edward B. Mattoon..	Marvin M. Gilman.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	William Martin.....	F. N. Cleveland.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Oluf Ihle.....	Frederick E. Beach.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Don Sherman.....	David F. Mains.
Vilas.....	Engle River.....	Emn Lawler.....	John Hanson.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Grant D. Harrington..	Theron R. Morgan.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	P. E. Leonard.....	Athol Wynne.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	John Horlamus.....	Joseph Schmidt.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	D. N. Hughes.....	R. G. Gorth.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Lewis F. Shoemaker..	John S. Burbank.
Waushara.....	Waupaca.....	Charles A. McIntyre..	William L. Roberts.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	John J. Fish.....	Walter M. Lindeman.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Edward S. Renne.....	Chas. A. Podawiltz.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	M. Lathrop	Frank Higbee.
Ashland	Ashland	George Sell	Henry Scott.
Barron	Barron	Hosea B. Brewer	Frank J. Fuller.
Bayfield	Washburn	D. F. Glover	H. G. Lampson.
Brown	Green Bay	Patrick H. Carlin	Allen W. Peaslee.
Buffalo	Alma	Robert Aitken	Jason M. Pratt.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Arthur C. Webster	Caleb A. Greene.
Calumet	Chilton	Jacob Severin	Henry R. Sprague.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Charles A. Grahm	James E. Andrews.
Clark	Neillsville	C. S. Stockwell	Ezra Tompkins.
Columbia	Portage	Charles E. Corning	Warren G. Bunker.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	A. L. Hurlbut	J. E. Haffa.
Dane	Madison	William L. Marcy	Matthew W. Lynch.
Dodge	Juneau	Adolph Walther	J. Ed. Sawyer.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Frank McCullough	Phillip Riley.
Douglas	Superior	Frank Richardson	Hosmer E. Dudley.
Dunn	Menomonie	Daniel W. Waite	Geo. Galloway.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	J. C. Hackett	Leopold Kortsch.
Florence	Florence	Alonzo A. Bradley	James Skinner.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Byron M. Fairbanks	John H. Simmons.
Forest	Crandon	Peter Hoffman	Wm. Vanzile.
Grant	Lancaster	Charles Sampson	Jas. T. Taylor.
Green	Monroe	Danl. H. Morgan	R. C. Whitcomb.
Green Lake	Dartford	Robert H. Spragg	John E. Ades.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Robert L. Joiner	Charles S. Milliard.
Iron	Hurley	James Guest	Andrew Uren.
Jackson	Black River Falls	C. M. Keach	H. B. Cole, M. D.
Jefferson	Je Terson	Edward Reichenbach	Thomas Shinnick.
Juneau	Mauston	J. T. Patterson	Wm. L. Olmstead.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Alvin H. Blood	Dr. F. B. Lansdowne.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Constant Thiry	Felix Moreaux.
La Crosse	La Crosse	George Bradish	Theo. Mannstedt.
Lafayette	Darlington	G. A. Marshall	C. G. Burdick.
Langlade	Antigo	W. C. Webley	A. Cuolahan.
Lincoln	Merrill	Geo. W. Smith	J. E. Meany.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Louis Fitz	Dr. W. C. Dickens.
Marathon	Wausau	Ransom W. Brown	James Tweedie.
Marinette	Marinette	Harry A. McCollum	None qualified.
Marquette	Montello	George E. Phillips	Jacob P. Van Lare.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Fred Kirchner	A. J. Carnahan.
Monroe	Sparta	Fred Holden	Chas. Bentz.
Oconto	Oconto	Eugene Fitzpatrick	Charles De Canter.
Oneida	Rhinelander	David H. Vaughan	T. E. Johnston.
Ozaukee	Appleton	F. J. Harriman	George Kempf.
Pepin	Port Washington	Wm. P. Jahn	Frank J. Gobar.
Pierce	Durand	Geo. McGilton	John S. Copley.
Polk	Ellsworth	Belden B. Eaton	H. B. Crommet.
Portage	Balsam Lake	Wm. H. McCourt	H. D. Boston.
Price	Stevens Point	Frank E. Halladay	Louis Fleischmann.
Racine	Phillips	William H. Nichols	Christian Strippl.
Richland	Racine	Saysr G. Knight	George W. Sinnett.
Rock	Richland Center	James M. Appleby	John R. Booth.
St. Croix	Janesville	Charles V. Kerch	Frank Granger.
Sauk	Hudson	John McClure	George B. Gibbons.
Sawyer	Baraboo	David B. Hulburt	Walter S. Vance.
Shawano	Hayward	Charles Jungberg	Geo. W. Margee.
Sheboygan	Shawano	John A. Melendy	Nathan S. Goodell.
Taylor	Sheboygan	Louis Bode	Christian J. Boeckler.
Trempealeau	Medford	John A. Logan	Warren W. Dunlap.
Vernon	Whitehall	Alexander A. Arnold	Jas. Oberholzer.
Vilas	Viroqua	Wm. H. Knower	Charles L. Lyon.
Walworth	Eagle River	Richard Gumaer	Ole Soholt.
Washington	Elkhorn	William Child	Wareham P. Rix.
Waukesha	Shell Lake	J. H. Wolfe	Henry Muehl.
Waupaca	West Bend	John Hesse	Stephen L. Perry.
Waushara	Waukesha	E. L. Nehs	James Larson.
Winnebago	Waupaca	Simon P. Guthu	Tyler D. Phillips.
Wood	Wautoma	George Ellis	Jacob Lusk.
	Oshkosh	Harvey W. Leach	
	Grand Rapids	Luke W. Pitts	

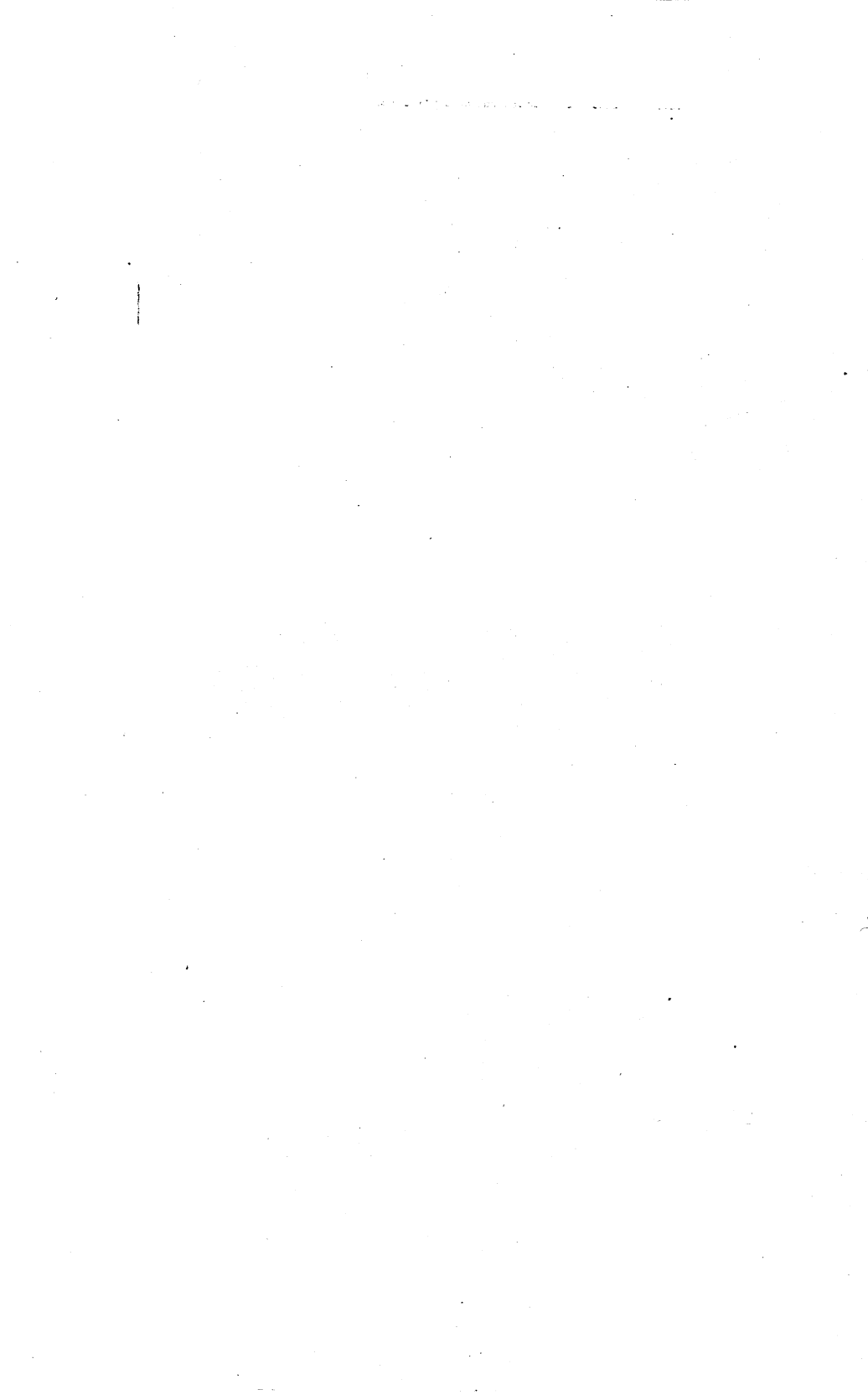
COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Superintendent.	Post Office.	County Judge.
Adams	John P. Lewis	Friendship	John B. Keyes.
Ashland	William L. Schuppert.	Glidden	James McCully.
Barron	Chas. H. Museus	Chetek	A. F. Wright.
Bayfield	Jessie N. Smith	Washburn	Howard Benton.
Brown	John B. Fournier	Green Bay	Howard J. Huntington
Buffalo	Wm. J. Eberwein	Alma	Robert Lees.
Burnett	Mrs. Fay Williams	Grantsburg	Canute Olson.
Calumet	Leo. P. Fox	Hilbert	William Paulsen.
Chippewa	Anna E. Schaffer	Chippewa Falls	John E. Pannier.
Clark	Arnt O'Rhea	Thorp	Geo. L. Jacques.
Columbia	Everett H. Burlingame	Portage	William S. Stroud.
Crawford	Ed. E. Brindley	Soldiers Grove	Jas. A. Curran.
Dane	John L. Husebo (1st).	Madison	J. H. Carpenter.
Dodge	Guy Ives (2d)	Black Earth	
Door	John Kelley	Juneau	John A. Barney.
Douglas	Wm. T. Anderson	Sturgeon Bay	Chas. A. Masse.
Dunn	Mrs. Jennie Richardson	West Superior	David E. Roberts.
Eau Claire	Nelson O. Varnum	Menomonie	Robert Macauley.
Florence	Ethan A. Cleasby	Augusta	M. B. Hubbard.
Fond du Lac	Nels C. Jensen	Commonwealth	Frank Waring.
Forest	Alfred B. Adamson	Eldorado	No election.
Grant	R. A. Edgar	Armstrong Creek	M. S. Barkor.
Green	Charles H. Nye	Lancaster	E. B. Goodsell.
Green Lake	J. Carl Penn	Monroe	J. M. Becker.
Iowa	Walter H. Hunt	Kingston	Sherman G. Potter.
Jackson	Frank W. Metcalf	Dodgeville	Aldro Jenks.
Jefferson	Alba L. Ruggles	Hurley	A. Wanzer.
Juneau	F. B. Dell	Black River Falls	Frank Johnson.
Kenosha	John A. Haselwood	Jefferson	George Grimm.
Kewaunee	M. L. Bunnell	Mauston	W. G. Beebe.
La Crosse	William Griffith	Wilmot	Russell H. Slosson.
Lafayette	Wm. H. Drissen	Kewaunee	Louis Bruemmer.
Langlade	Barney M. Jostad	West Salem	John Brindley.
Lincoln	J. H. Natrass	Shullsburg	C. F. Osborn.
Manitowoc	C. O. Marsh	Antigo	M. G. Flanagan.
Marathon	J. Harvey Hamlin	Merrill	Thos. J. Mathews.
Marinette	Fred Christiansen	Manitowoc	J. S. Anderson.
Marquette	John F. Lamont	Wausau	Henry Miller.
Milwaukee	Rob't C. Ramsay	Peshtigo	Amos Holgate.
Monroe	Miss Ellen Hammond.	Liberty Bluff	Neil Dimond.
Oconto	Lynn B. Stiles	Bay View, Milw'ee	Emil Wallber.
Oneida	Geo. Robertson	Glendale	E. B. McCoy.
Outagamie	A. M. Royce	Oconto	H. F. Jones.
Ozaukee	Myra Germond	Rhineland	Levi J. Billings.
Pepin	D. G. Ziegler	Appleton	G. T. Moeskes.
Pierce	Richard F. Beger	Fillmore	Leopold Eckhart.
Polk	Mary Olson	Porcupine	Wm. B. Newcomb.
Portage	Anthony J. Ingli	Ellsworth	Allen P. Weld.
Price	C. W. Monty	Wolf Creek	Chas. H. Oakey.
Racine	Andrew P. Een	Amherst	John A. Murat.
Richland	Elizabeth H. Fordyce	Phillips	E. W. Murray.
Rock	Wm. W. Storms	Burlington	E. B. Belden.
St. Croix	Robert H. Burns	Richland Center	Levi H. Bancroft.
Sauk	William M. Ross (1st).	Janesville	John W. Sale.
Sawyer	David Throne (2d)	Afton	
Shawano	John D. O'Keefe	River Falls	Otto W. Arquist.
Sheboygan	Harry D. Keyes	Delton	William T. Kelsey.
Taylor	Effe M. Harrington	Hayward	Samuel J. Williams.
Trempealeau	Lorenzo D. Roberts	Shawano	Marion Wescott.
Vernon	George H. Drewry	Waldo	Andrew Gilbertson.
Vilas	Arthur J. Latton	Medford	J. C. Hobbs.
Walworth	Lincoln S. Keith	Galesville	Robert A. Odell.
Washington	Henry L. Gardner	Viroqua	D. O. Mahoney.
Waukesha	Alex. Higgins	Eagle River	N. A. Colman.
Waupaca	John G. Voss	Elkhorn	Jay F. Lyon.
Waushara	W. C. Crocker	Spooner	A. L. Bugbee.
Winnebago	Silas W. Bennett	Mayfield	H. W. Sawyer.
Wood	J. K. Lowry	Waukesha	M. S. Griswold.
	Daniel F. Burnham	Waupaca	James M. Hatch.
	Gay Mumbree	Wautoma	J. S. Bugh.
	Geo. Overton	Butte des Morts	C. D. Cleveland.
	Otto J. Leu	Centralia	John A. Gaynor.

PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTER.

POLITICAL PARTY TICKETS AND PLATFORMS, 1900.



MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1850 TO 1900.

States and Territories.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Total.....	23,191,876	31,443,221	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250	76,215,129
Alabama.....	12 771,623	13 964,301	16 996,992	17 1,262,505	17 1,513,017	18 1,823,697
Alaska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona.....	.....	.....	46 9,658	44 40,440	51 56,500	51 63,441
Arkansas.....	26 209,897	26 435,450	26 484,471	25 802,523	24 1,123,179	25 1,311,564
California.....	29 92,597	25 379,394	24 560,247	24 884,684	22 1,208,130	21 1,485,053
Colorado.....	.....	33 84,277	42 39,834	35 194,327	31 412,193	31 539,700
Connecticut.....	21 370,792	24 460,147	25 537,454	23 622,700	29 746,258	29 908,355
Delaware.....	30 91,532	22 112,216	35 125,015	38 146,608	12 168,493	16 184,735
District of Col.	33 51,637	35 75,680	34 131,700	36 177,624	39 230,392	42 278,718
Florida.....	31 87,442	31 140,421	33 187,748	31 269,493	32 391,422	32 528,542
Georgia.....	9 306,185	11 1,057,286	12 1,184,109	13 1,542,180	12 1,837,353	11 2,216,331
Hawaii.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	48 154,001
Idaho.....	.....	.....	45 14,999	47 32,610	46 84,385	47 161,772
Illinois.....	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,891	4 3,077,871	3 3,826,351	3 4,821,550
Indiana.....	7 983,416	6 1,350,428	6 1,680,637	6 1,978,301	8 2,192,404	8 2,516,462
Indian Ter.....	.....	.....	41 9,761	41 76,895	45 120,389	39 391,960
Iowa.....	27 192,214	20 674,913	11 1,194,020	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,896	10 2,231,853
Kansas.....	.....	33 107,203	29 364,399	20 999,096	19 1,427,096	22 1,470,495
Kentucky.....	8 982,405	9 1,155,684	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,858,635	12 2,147,174
Louisiana.....	18 517,762	17 708,002	21 726,915	22 939,946	25 1,118,587	23 1,381,625
Maine.....	16 583,169	22 623,279	23 626,915	27 648,936	30 661,086	30 694,466
Maryland.....	17 583,034	19 687,019	20 780,894	23 934,943	27 1,042,390	26 1,190,050
Massachusetts	6 994,514	7 1,231,066	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,083	6 2,238,943	7 2,805,346
Michigan.....	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,059	9 1,638,937	9 2,093,839	9 2,420,982
Minnesota.....	36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 780,773	20 1,301,826	19 1,751,394
Mississippi.....	15 606,526	14 791,305	18 827,922	18 1,131,597	21 1,289,600	20 1,551,270
Missouri.....	13 682,044	8 1,182,012	5 1,724,295	5 2,168,380	5 2,679,184	5 3,106,665
Montana.....	.....	.....	44 20,595	45 39,159	44 192,159	44 243,329
Nebraska.....	.....	33 28,841	36 122,993	30 452,402	26 1,058,910	27 1,068,539
Nevada.....	.....	42 6,857	41 42,491	43 62,266	50 45,761	52 42,335
N. Hampshire.....	22 317,976	27 326,073	31 318,300	31 346,991	33 376,530	36 411,583
New Jersey.....	19 489,553	21 672,035	17 906,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,444,923	16 1,883,669
New Mexico.....	32 61,547	34 93,516	37 91,874	40 119,565	43 153,593	45 195,310
New York.....	1 3,097,394	1 3,880,735	1 4,382,759	1 5,082,871	1 5,997,853	1 7,283,012
N. Carolina.....	10 869,039	12 992,622	14 1,071,361	15 1,399,750	16 1,617,947	15 1,893,810
N. Dakota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41 182,719	41 319,146
Ohio.....	3 1,980,329	3 2,339,511	3 2,665,200	3 3,193,062	4 3,672,316	4 4,157,545
Oklahoma.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 61,834	48 398,245
Oregon.....	34 13,294	36 52,465	33 90,923	37 174,763	38 313,767	35 413,536
Pennsylvania.....	2 2,311,786	2 2,906,215	2 3,521,951	2 4,282,391	2 5,258,014	2 6,302,115
Rhode Island.....	28 147,545	29 174,620	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 315,506	34 428,556
S. Carolina.....	14 463,508	18 703,708	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149	21 1,340,316
South Dakota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37 328,808	37 401,570
Tennessee.....	5 1,002,717	10 1,109,801	9 1,258,520	12 1,542,359	13 1,767,518	14 2,020,616
Texas.....	25 212,592	23 601,215	19 818,579	11 1,591,749	7 2,285,523	6 3,048,710
Utah.....	35 11,380	37 40,273	39 86,786	39 143,963	40 207,905	43 276,749
Vermont.....	23 314,120	23 315,093	30 330,551	32 332,286	36 332,420	40 343,641
Virginia.....	4 1,421,661	5 1,596,318	10 1,225,163	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,197	17 1,854,184
Washington.....	.....	40 11,594	43 23,955	42 75,116	34 349,330	33 518,103
West Virginia.....	.....	.....	27 412,014	29 618,457	28 762,754	28 985,800
Wisconsin.....	24 305,391	15 775,831	15 1,054,670	16 1,315,497	14 1,686,830	13 2,069,042
Wyoming.....	.....	.....	47 9,118	48 20,789	48 60,705	52 82,531

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories according to population.
 Porto Rico practically became a territory May 1, 1900. Population 1900, 953,243.

AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total.....	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama.....	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona.....	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas.....	53,850	805	53,045
California.....	158,360	2,380	155,980
Colorado.....	103,925	280	103,645
Connecticut.....	4,990	145	4,845
Delaware.....	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia.....	70	10	60
Florida.....	58,680	4,440	54,240
Georgia.....	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho.....	84,800	510	84,290
Illinois.....	56,650	650	56,000
Indiana.....	36,350	440	35,910
Indian Territory.....	31,400	400	31,000
Iowa.....	56,025	550	55,475
Kansas.....	82,080	380	81,700
Kentucky.....	40,400	400	40,000
Louisiana.....	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maine.....	33,040	3,145	29,895
Maryland.....	12,210	2,350	9,860
Massachusetts.....	8,315	275	8,040
Michigan.....	58,915	1,485	57,430
Minnesota.....	83,365	4,160	79,205
Mississippi.....	46,810	470	46,340
Missouri.....	69,415	680	68,735
Montana.....	146,080	770	145,310
Nebraska.....	77,510	670	76,840
Nevada.....	110,700	960	109,740
New Hampshire.....	9,305	300	9,005
New Jersey.....	7,815	360	7,455
New Mexico.....	122,580	120	122,460
New York.....	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina.....	52,250	3,670	48,580
North Dakota.....	70,795	600	70,195
Ohio.....	41,060	300	40,760
Oklahoma (α).....	39,030	200	38,830
Oregon.....	96,030	1,470	94,560
Pennsylvania.....	45,215	230	44,985
Rhode Island.....	1,250	165	1,085
South Carolina.....	30,570	400	30,170
South Dakota.....	77,650	800	76,850
Tennessee.....	42,050	300	41,750
Texas.....	265,780	3,490	262,290
Utah.....	84,970	2,780	82,190
Vermont.....	9,565	430	9,135
Virginia.....	42,450	2,325	40,125
Washington.....	69,180	2,300	66,880
West Virginia.....	24,780	135	24,645
Wisconsin.....	56,040	1,590	54,450
Wyoming.....	97,890	815	97,075
Delaware bay.....	620	620	.....
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay.....	100	100	.....

α including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.
 Square miles in other possessions: Alaska, 531,000; Hawaii, 6,640; Philippine Islands, 114,650; Porto Rico, 3,670; Sulu Islands, 950.—Total, 656,910.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Date of Admission.	How Formed.
1	Alabama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; re-admitted July 13, 1865.
2	Alaska		Russia, treaty 1837.
3	Arizona		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
4	Arkansas	1836	France, treaty 1833, under name of "Louisiana."
5	California	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6	Colorado	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7	Connecticut	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
8	Delaware	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9	Dis. of Columbia		Established under 11th clause of 8th section, constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1788-89.
10	Florida	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 25, 1868.
11	Georgia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12	Hawaii		Admitted as a territory July 6, 1898, by joint resolution of congress.
13	Idaho	1830	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
14	Illinois	1818	Virginia.
15	Indiana	1816	Virginia.
16	Indian Territory		France, treaty 1803.
17	Iowa	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
18	Kansas	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
19	Kentucky	1792	Territory of Virginia.
20	Louisiana	1812	France, treaty, 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1865.
21	Maine	1820	Massachusetts.
22	Maryland	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23	Massachusetts	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
24	Michigan	1837	Virginia.
25	Minnesota	1858	France, treaty 1803.
26	Mississippi	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded January 9, 1861; readmitted act Feb. 23, 1870.
27	Missouri	1821	France, treaty 1803.
28	Montana	1839	France, treaty 1803.
29	Nebraska	1837	France, treaty 1803.
30	Nevada	1861	Mexico, treaty 1848.
31	New Hampshire	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
32	New Jersey	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
33	New Mexico		Mexico, treaty 1848.
34	New York	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
35	North Carolina	1789	One of the thirteen original states, seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1865.
36	North Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
37	Ohio	1802	Virginia.
38	Oklahoma		From portion of Indian Territory.
39	Oregon	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
40	Pennsylvania	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
41	Rhode Island	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
42	South Carolina	1783	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1860; readmitted July 9, 1865.
43	South Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
44	Tennessee	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1865.
45	Texas	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
46	Utah	1896	Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
47	Vermont	1791	New York.
48	Virginia	1783	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,372 square miles; on December 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of January 26, 1870.
49	Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon treaty," June 15, 1816.
50	West Virginia	1862	Virginia.
51	Wisconsin	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
52	Wyoming	1830	France, 1803.

INTEREST LAWS AND STATUTES OF LIMITATION.

As fixed by law in the states and territories.

[A. Legal rate, per cent. B. Rate allowed on contract, per cent. C. Judgments, years. D. Notes, years. E. Open accounts, years. F. Days of grace.]

States and Territories.	Interest.			Stat. Limitation.			States and Territories.	Interest.			Stat. Limitation.		
	A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.		A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.
Alabama	8	8	20	6	6	3	Nebraska	8	8	10	10	1	3
Arizona	7	Any	5	5	3	3	Nevada	7	Any	6	6	4	3
Arkansas	6	10	10	5	3	0	N. Hampshire	6	6	20	6	6	0
California	6	Any	5	5	2	3	New Jersey	6	6	20	6	6	0
Colorado	8	Any	20	6	6	0	New Mexico	6	6	7	6	4	3
Connecticut	6	Any	7	6	6	0	New York	6	6	20	6	6	0
Delaware	6	6	20	6	3	3	N. Carolina	6	6	10	7	3	3
Dist. of Col.	6	10	12	3	3	0	N. Dakota	6	12	10	6	6	0
Florida	8	10	20	5	2	0	Ohio	6	8	5	15	6	0
Georgia	7	8	7	6	4	3	Oklahoma	7	12	1	5	3	3
Idaho	7	12	6	5	4	0	Oregon	8	10	10	6	6	3
Illinois	5	7	20	10	5	0	Pennsylvania	6	6	5	6	9	0
Indiana	6	8	20	10	6	3	Rhode Island	6	Any	20	6	6	0
Iowa	6	8	20	10	5	3	S. Carolina	7	8	20	6	6	3
Kansas	6	10	5	5	3	3	S. Dakota	7	12	10	6	6	3
Kentucky	6	6	15	15	5	0	Tennessee	6	6	10	6	6	3
Louisiana	5	8	10	5	3	3	Texas	8	10	10	4	2	3
Maine	6	Any	6	3 ²	0	3	Utah	8	Any	7	4	2	0
Maryland	6	6	3	3	3	0	Vermont	6	6	8	6	6	0
Massachusetts	6	Any	20	6	6	0	Virginia	6	6	20	5	2	0
Michigan	5	7	6 & 10	6	6	3	Washington	8	Any	6	6	3	0
Minnesota	6	10	10	6	6	3	West Virginia	6	6	10	10	3	3
Mississippi	6	10	7	6	3	3	Wisconsin	7	10	20	6	6	0
Missouri	6	8	20	10	5	3	Wyoming	8	12	5	5	8	0
Montana	7	12	5	8	5	0							

¹ Over 6 per cent. cannot be collected by law. ² Three years for merchants. ³ Not withdrawn, six years. ⁴ Not on notes or drafts on demand. ⁵ Not courts of record, five years. ⁶ When return not made on execution, ten years.

LIMITATIONS OF REDEMPTION OF TAXES.

States.	Time.	States.	Time.
Alabama	2 yrs.	Nebraska	2 yrs.
Arizona	1 yr.	Nevada	** None.
Arkansas	2 yrs.	New Hampshire	2 yrs.
California	1 yr.	New Jersey	§3 yrs.
Colorado	3 yrs.	New Mexico	3 yrs.
Connecticut	1 yr.	New York	1 yr.
Delaware	† None.	North Carolina	1 yr.
District of Columbia	2 yrs.	North Dakota	3 yrs.
Florida	2 yrs.	Ohio	2 yrs.
Georgia	1 yr.	Oklahoma	2 yrs.
Idaho	1 yr.	Oregon	2 yrs.
Illinois	2 yrs.	Pennsylvania	12 yrs.
Indiana	2 yrs.	Rhode Island	1 yr.
Iowa	3 yrs.	South Carolina	† None.
Kansas	3 yrs.	South Dakota	2 yrs.
Kentucky	2 yrs.	Tennessee	None.
Louisiana	2 yrs.	Texas	12 yrs.
Maine	1 yr.	Utah	4 yrs.
Maryland	1 yr.	Vermont	1 yr.
Massachusetts	2 yrs.	Virginia	2 yrs.
Michigan	1 yr.	Washington	1 yr.
Minnesota	3 yrs.	West Virginia	1 yr.
Mississippi	2 yrs.	Wisconsin	3 yrs.
Missouri	† None.	Wyoming	2 yrs.
Montana	3 yrs.		

† No redemption.

§ Varies in incorporated cities, but does not exceed four years.

** Six months on real estate; otherwise no redemption, except that minors and persons laboring under legal disability have until six months after the disability is removed.

† Except in incorporated cities.

‡ Various extensions exist when the state is the purchaser.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.

The commercial ratio of silver to gold for each year from 1687 to 1899 is shown in the following table:

From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. Adolph Soetbeer's tables; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687..	14.94	1722	15.17	1757	14.87	1792	15.17	1827	15.74	1862	15.35
1688..	14.94	1723	15.20	1758	14.85	1793	15.00	1828	15.78	1863	15.37
1689..	15.02	1724	15.11	1759	14.15	1794	15.37	1829	15.78	1864	15.37
1690..	15.02	1725	15.11	1760	14.14	1795	15.55	1830	15.82	1865	15.44
1691..	14.98	1726	15.15	1761	14.54	1796	15.65	1831	15.72	1866	15.43
1692..	14.92	1727	15.24	1762	15.27	1797	15.41	1832	15.73	1867	15.57
1693..	14.83	1728	15.11	1763	14.99	1798	15.59	1833	15.93	1868	15.59
1694..	14.87	1729	11.92	1764	14.70	1799	15.74	1834	15.73	1869	15.60
1695..	15.02	1730	14.81	1765	14.83	1800	15.68	1835	15.80	1870	15.57
1696..	15.00	1731	14.94	1766	14.80	1801	15.46	1836	15.72	1871	15.57
1697..	15.20	1732	15.09	1767	14.85	1802	15.26	1837	15.83	1872	15.63
1698..	15.07	1733	15.18	1768	14.80	1803	15.41	1838	15.85	1873	15.92
1699..	14.94	1734	15.39	1769	14.72	1804	15.41	1839	15.62	1874	16.17
1700..	14.81	1735	15.41	1770	14.62	1805	15.79	1840	15.62	1875	16.59
1701..	15.07	1736	15.18	1771	14.66	1806	15.52	1841	15.70	1876	17.88
1702..	15.52	1737	15.02	1772	14.52	1807	15.43	1842	15.87	1877	17.22
1703..	15.17	1738	14.91	1773	14.62	1808	16.08	1843	15.93	1878	17.94
1704..	15.22	1739	14.91	1774	14.62	1809	15.96	1844	15.85	1879	18.40
1705..	15.11	1740	14.94	1775	14.72	1810	15.77	1845	15.92	1880	18.05
1706..	15.27	1741	14.92	1776	14.55	1811	15.33	1846	15.90	1881	18.16
1707..	15.44	1742	14.85	1777	14.54	1812	16.11	1847	15.80	1882	18.19
1708..	15.41	1743	14.85	1778	14.68	1813	16.25	1848	15.85	1883	18.64
1709..	15.31	1744	14.87	1779	14.80	1814	15.04	1849	15.78	1884	18.57
1710..	15.22	1745	14.98	1780	14.72	1815	15.26	1850	15.70	1885	19.41
1711..	15.29	1746	15.13	1781	14.78	1816	15.28	1851	15.46	1886	20.78
1712..	15.31	1747	15.26	1782	14.42	1817	15.11	1852	15.59	1887	21.13
1713..	15.24	1748	15.11	1783	14.48	1818	15.35	1853	15.33	1888	21.69
1714..	15.13	1749	14.80	1784	14.70	1819	15.33	1844	15.33	1889	22.10
1715..	15.11	1750	14.55	1785	14.92	1820	15.62	1855	15.38	1890	19.76
1716..	15.09	1751	14.39	1786	14.96	1821	15.95	1856	15.38	1891	20.92
1717..	15.13	1752	14.54	1787	14.92	1822	15.80	1857	15.27	1892	23.72
1718..	15.11	1753	14.54	1788	14.65	1823	15.84	1858	15.38	1893	26.49
1719..	15.09	1754	14.48	1789	14.75	1824	15.82	1859	15.19	1894	32.56
1720..	15.04	1755	14.63	1790	15.04	1825	15.70	1860	15.29	1895	31.60
1721..	15.05	1756	14.94	1791	15.05	1826	15.76	1861	15.50	1896	30.63
										1897	34.28
										1898	35.03
										1899	34.36

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

Value of gold and silver coin and bullion imported into and exported from the United States, fiscal years 1838-1900.

YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30--	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1838	\$11,674,883	\$ 740,263	\$ 6,072,233	\$ 2,767,783
1839	1,164,580	2,892,310	4,430,596	5,884,433
1840	3,085,157	1,468,300	5,797,656	6,948,714
1841	1,269,449	843,383	3,719,184	9,190,949
1842	757,294	1,134,002	3,329,722	3,679,537
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30--				
1843 ¹	17,066,437	300,258	5,253,898	1,220,533
1844	1,613,304	1,183,116	4,217,125	4,271,068
1845	818,850	2,210,979	3,251,392	6,395,516
1846	910,413	1,629,348	2,867,319	2,275,920
1847	21,574,931	975,301	2,546,358	931,723
1848	3,408,755	8,370,785	1,951,529	7,470,831
1849	4,038,647	1,015,359	2,582,593	4,389,289
1850	1,776,706	2,513,918	2,852,086	5,009,046
1851	3,569,090	4,767,333	1,884,413	24,705,419
1852	3,658,059	2,636,142	1,846,985	40,037,991
1853	2,427,356	1,894,323	1,774,026	25,592,552
1854	3,212,719	2,491,894	3,726,623	38,789,610
1855	1,092,802	1,151,797	2,567,010	55,095,546
1856	990,305	852,698	3,217,327	44,892,787
1857	6,654,636	5,154,301	5,807,163	63,982,621
1858	11,566,068	7,505,558	7,780,428	45,037,889
1859	2,125,397	3,605,748	5,309,392	60,281,063
1860	2,508,786	1,499,188	6,041,349	65,047,151
1861	² 42,391,930	2,624,103	4,047,681	² 26,166,171
1862	13,007,011	35,439,903	2,508,044	1,447,737
1863	5,530,538	6,169,276	4,053,567	57,987,735
1864	11,176,769	100,661,634	1,938,843	4,734,407
1865	6,498,228	58,381,033	3,311,844	9,264,193
1866	8,196,261	71,197,309	2,503,831	14,816,762
1867	17,024,866	39,026,627	5,045,609	21,841,745
1868	8,737,443	73,396,344	5,450,925	21,387,753
1869	14,132,598	36,034,498	5,675,308	24,134,882
1870	12,056,950	33,635,982	14,362,229	24,519,701
1871	6,883,581	63,839,208	14,386,463	31,755,780
1872	8,717,458	49,548,760	5,026,231	30,328,774
1873	8,682,447	44,856,717	12,798,490	39,751,859
1874	19,503,137	34,042,420	8,951,769	32,587,985
1875	13,696,793	66,980,977	7,203,924	25,151,165
1876	7,992,709	31,177,050	7,943,972	25,329,252
1877	26,246,234	26,590,374	14,528,180	29,571,863
1878	13,330,215	9,204,455	16,491,099	24,535,670
1879	5,624,948	4,587,614	14,671,052	20,409,827
1880	80,758,396	3,639,025	12,275,914	13,503,894
1881	100,031,259	2,565,132	10,514,238	16,841,715
1882	31,377,054	32,587,880	8,095,336	16,829,599
1883	17,734,149	11,600,888	10,755,242	20,219,445
1884	22,831,317	41,081,957	14,594,945	26,051,426
1885	26,691,695	8,477,892	16,550,627	33,753,633
1886	20,743,349	42,952,191	17,350,307	29,511,219
1887	42,910,601	9,701,187	17,260,191	26,256,504
1888	43,934,317	18,376,234	² 20,514,232	² 28,149,510
1889	³ 10,372,145	⁴ 60,033,246	² 24,682,380	² 36,716,783
1890	³ 13,097,146	⁴ 17,350,193	² 27,524,147	² 36,069,102
1891	³ 18,516,112	⁴ 86,461,880	² 26,278,916	² 23,533,551
1892	³ 50,162,879	⁴ 50,305,533	² 28,764,734	² 33,800,592
1893	³ 22,069,380	⁴ 108,966,655	² 34,293,999	² 41,947,812
1894	³ 72,989,563	⁴ 77,162,228	² 19,965,713	² 51,007,072
1895	³ 38,384,760	⁴ 66,502,136	² 20,211,179	² 47,842,968
1896	33,507,853	112,412,465	27,314,015	60,576,273
1897	85,021,992	40,412,151	30,588,438	63,225,273
1898	120,402,195	15,533,719	30,929,451	55,751,597
1899	88,978,822	37,549,873	31,120,513	56,655,375
1900	44,573,184	48,236,759	35,265,302	56,712,275
Total.....	\$1,342,312,709	\$1,839,976,820	\$706,033,289	\$1,761,643,426

¹ Nine months. ²Includes gold and silver coin and bullion. ³Includes gold in ores.
⁴Includes gold in ores and copper matte. ⁵Includes silver in ore.
⁶Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Year.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population.	Money per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1870	\$142, 102, 477	\$435, 407, 252	31, 443, 321	\$14. 06	\$13. 85
1861	452, 005, 767	448, 405, 767	32, 061, 060	14. 09	13. 98
1862	353, 452, 079	331, 097, 744	32, 701, 000	10. 96	10. 23
1863	674, 667, 283	595, 394, 038	33, 385, 000	20. 23	17. 84
1864	705, 588, 067	669, 041, 478	34, 046, 000	20. 72	19. 67
1865	770, 129, 755	714, 702, 995	34, 748, 000	22. 16	20. 57
1866	751, 327, 251	673, 488, 244	35, 469, 000	21. 27	18. 99
1867	728, 203, 612	661, 992, 089	36, 211, 000	20. 11	18. 28
1868	716, 533, 578	680, 103, 661	36, 973, 000	19. 38	18. 39
1869	715, 351, 180	664, 452, 891	37, 756, 000	18. 95	17. 60
1870	722, 868, 461	675, 212, 794	38, 558, 371	18. 73	17. 50
1871	741, 812, 174	715, 889, 005	39, 555, 000	18. 75	18. 10
1872	762, 721, 565	739, 309, 549	40, 596, 000	18. 70	18. 19
1873	774, 445, 610	751, 881, 809	41, 677, 000	18. 58	18. 04
1874	806, 024, 781	776, 083, 031	42, 796, 000	18. 83	18. 13
1875	798, 273, 509	754, 101, 947	43, 951, 000	18. 16	17. 16
1876	790, 683, 284	727, 609, 388	45, 137, 000	17. 52	16. 12
1877	763, 053, 847	722, 314, 883	46, 353, 000	16. 46	15. 58
1878	791, 253, 576	729, 132, 634	47, 598, 000	16. 62	15. 32
1879	1, 051, 521, 541	818, 631, 793	48, 869, 000	21. 52	16. 75
1880	1, 205, 929, 197	973, 382, 228	50, 155, 783	24. 04	19. 41
1881	1, 406, 541, 823	1, 114, 238, 119	51, 316, 000	27. 41	21. 71
1882	1, 480, 591, 719	1, 174, 290, 419	52, 493, 000	28. 20	22. 37
1883	1, 643, 489, 816	1, 230, 365, 696	53, 693, 000	30. 60	22. 91
1884	1, 705, 451, 189	1, 243, 925, 969	54, 911, 000	31. 06	22. 65
1885	1, 817, 658, 336	1, 292, 568, 615	56, 118, 000	32. 37	23. 02
1886	1, 808, 559, 694	1, 252, 700, 525	57, 401, 000	31. 50	21. 82
1887	1, 900, 442, 672	1, 317, 539, 143	58, 680, 000	32. 39	22. 45
1888	2, 062, 935, 949	1, 372, 170, 870	59, 974, 000	34. 39	22. 88
1889	2, 075, 350, 711	1, 380, 361, 649	61, 289, 000	33. 86	22. 52
1890	2, 144, 226, 159	1, 429, 231, 707	62, 622, 250	31. 24	22. 82
1891	2, 195, 224, 075	1, 497, 410, 707	63, 975, 000	31. 31	23. 41
1892	2, 372, 599, 501	1, 601, 317, 187	65, 820, 000	36. 21	23. 85
1893	2, 323, 402, 392	1, 596, 701, 245	66, 916, 000	34. 70	24. 44
1894	2, 420, 434, 781	1, 680, 808, 708	68, 397, 000	35. 39	24. 28
1895	2, 398, 607, 420	1, 601, 968, 473	69, 878, 000	34. 33	22. 93
1896	2, 347, 306, 006	1, 506, 434, 968	71, 390, 000	32. 88	21. 10
1897	2, 497, 465, 572	1, 640, 209, 519	72, 937, 000	34. 24	22. 49
1898	2, 637, 433, 375	1, 837, 859, 895	74, 522, 000	35. 39	24. 66
1899	2, 745, 410, 738	1, 904, 409, 943	75, 408, 600	36. 40	25. 25
1900	3, 061, 895, 982	2, 053, 703, 078	76, 215, 129	40. 13	26. 92

NOTE.—The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the Treasury.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in the tables for the years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

The foregoing tables present the revised figures for each of the years given.

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD.

FEBRUARY 1, 1901.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Acceded.
Abyssinia	Menelik II.	Emperor	Mar. 12, 1899
Afghanistan	Abdur Rahman Khan.....	Ameer	July 22, 1840
Annam.....	Thauh Thai	King	Jan. 30, 1899
Argentine Republic.....	Julio A. Roca	President	Oct. 12, 1898
Austria-Hungary	Francis Joseph	Emperor.....	Dec. 2, 1818
Baluchistan.....	Mir Mahmud	Khan	Aug., 1893
Belgium	Leopold II.	King	Dec. 10, 1835
Bokhara	Seid Abdul Ahad	Ameer	Nov. 12, 1835
Bolivia	Jose Manuel Pando	President.....	Oct. 14, 1899
Brazil.....	Señor Campos Salles.....	President	Oct., 1898
Bulgaria.....	Ferdinand.....	Prince	Aug. 11, 1887
Chili	Frederico Errázuriz.....	President.....	Sept. 18, 1836
China	Kuang Hsu (Dowager Empress rules)	Emperor	Jan. 12, 1875
Colombia.....	J. M. Marroquin.....	Vice Presid'nt	1900
Congo Free State.....	Leopold (King of the Belgians)	Sovereign	Apr. 30, 1885
Costa Rica	Rafael Iglesias	President	May 8, 1898
Dahomey	Guthill.....	King.....	Jan. 15, 1894
Danmark	Christian IX.	King.....	Nov. 15, 1863
Dominican Republic.....	Juan Isidro Jimines	President	Nov. 11, 1899
Ecuador.....	Genera' Eloy Alfaro.....	President	Sept., 1895
Egypt	Abbas Pacha	Khédive	Jan. 7, 1892
France.....	Emile Loubet.....	President	Feb. 18, 1899
Germany	William II.	Em' eror	June 15, 1888
Prussia	William II.	King	June 13, 1866
Bavaria	Otto	King.....	Oct. 29, 1873
Saxony	Albert	King.....	Oct. 6, 1841
Württemberg.....	William II.	King.....	Sept. 5, 1856
Baden	Frederick	Grand Duke	Mar. 13, 1892
Hesse.....	Ernest Louis V	Grand Duke	Mar. 20, 1835
Lippo-Deimold.....	Adolphus	Prince	May 22, 1871
Anhalt	Frederick	Duke.....	Oct. 21, 1885
Brunswick.....	Prince Albrecht	Regent.....	(A Regency) Apr. 10, 1897
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	Frederick Francis IV	(A Regency)	Sept. 6, 1860
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	Frederick William	Grand Duke	June 13, 1900
Oldenburg	August.....	Grand Duke	Aug. 3, 1853
Saxe-Altenburg	Ernest.....	Duke	July 30, 1900
Saxe-Coburg and Gotha	Leopold (Duke of Albany)	Duke	Sept. 20, 1866
Saxe-Meiningen.....	George II.	Duke	July 8, 1853
Saxe-Weimar.....	Karl Alexander.....	Grand Duke	May 12, 1893
Waldeck-Pyrmont.....	Frederick	Prince	Jan. 22, 1901
Great Britain and Ireland	Edward VII.	King	Oct. 31, 1866
Greece.....	George	King.....	Sept. 25, 1898
Guatemala.....	Manuel Estrada Cabrera.....	President	Mar. 31, 1896
Haiti	Tirosias Simon Sam	President	Feb., 1899
Honduras	Terencio Sierra	President	Jan. 22, 1901
India (British).....	Edward VII.	Emperor	July 31, 1900
Italy	Victor Emanuel III.	King	Feb. 13, 1867
Japan	Mutsuhito	Mikado	1865
Khiva	Seid Mehomed Rahim	Kahn	Jan., 1864
Korea.....	Li Hsi.	Emperor	Nov. 13, 1896
Liberia	William Duke Coleman	President	Nov. 23, 1890
Luxembourg.....	Adolphus (Duke of Nassau).....	Grand Duke	Dec. 1, 1884
Mexico.....	General Porfirio Diaz*.....	President	Sept. 10, 1899
Monaco.....	Albert.....	Prince.....	Aug. 14, 1860
Montenegro.....	Nicholas	Prince.....	June 11, 1894
Morocco.....	Muley Abdul Azziz.....	Sultan.....	May 17, 1881
Nepal.....	Surendra BikramShamsberJang	Maharaja	Nov. 23, 1890
Netherlands	Wilhelmina.....	Queen	Oct., 1898
Nicaragua	General José Santos Zelaya.....	President	June 4, 1888
Oman	Seyyid Feysal bin Turkee.....	Sultan	Nov. 23, 1898
Paraguay.....	Emilio Aceval.....	President	May 1, 1896
Persia.....	Muzaffer ed Din	Shah.....	Aug. 12, 1899
Peru.....	Eduardo Roanma.....	President	Oct. 19, 1899
Portugal.....	Carlos.....	King.....	Mar. 26, 1881
Roumania.....	Charles.....	King.....	Nov. 2, 1894
Russia	Nicholas II.	Emperor.....	

*Re-elected fourth quadrennial term.

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD—Continued.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Acceded.
Salvador.....	Thomas Regalado.....	President....	Nov. 19, 1898
Sarawak.....	Sir Charles Johnson Brooke.....	Raja.....	June 11, 1868
Servia.....	Alexander.....	King.....	Mar. 6, 1881
Siam.....	Khoulalongkorn.....	King.....	Oct. 1, 1858
Spain.....	Alphonso XIII. (a minor).....	King.....	May 17, 1835
Sweden and Norway.....	Oscar II.....	King.....	Sept. 18, 1872
Switz r.and.....	Walter Hauser.....	President.....	Dec. 21, 1899
Tunis.....	Sidi Ali Pasha.....	Bay.....	Oct. 28, 1882
Turkey.....	Ab ul Hamid II.....	Sultan.....	Aug. 31, 1876
United States of America.....	William McKinley.....	President.....	Mar. 4, 1901
Uruguay.....	Juan Lincolpho Cuestas.....	President.....	Mar. 4, 1899
Venezuela.....	Cipriano Castro.....	President.....	Nov., 1899
Zanzibar.....	Hamoud Bin Mohamed.....	S't'n (Seyyid)	Aug. 27, 1896

POPULATION OF THE UNITED KINGDOM BY SUCCESSIVE CENSUSES.

	1831.	1841.	1851.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.
England.....	13,080,524	15,002,443	16,921,838	18,954,414	21,495,131	24,613,923	27,499,984
Wales.....	405,274	911,795	1,037,721	1,111,780	1,215,131	1,340,513	1,501,034
Scotland.....	2,351,356	2,620,181	2,888,712	3,022,291	3,350,018	3,735,574	4,033,103
Ireland.....	7,767,411	8,196,537	6,574,278	5,795,967	5,412,377	5,174,836	4,706,448
Total.....	24,023,584	26,730,957	27,391,629	28,927,485	31,454,661	34,884,848	*37,883,439

* Total for 1891 includes 147,870 inhabitants of islands in united kingdom not credited to either of the four divisions named by the census figures.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S REIGN—HER FAMILY.

Victoria, late Queen of Great Britain and Empress of India, was born May 24, 1819, succeeded her uncle, King William IV, to the throne June 20, 1837; married February 10, 1840, Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who died Dec. 14, 1861. She was the mother of nine children. She died January 22, 1901, having reigned 63 years, 7 months and 2 days. Of her children 4 were daughters and 5 were sons. Her second child, first son, was Albert Edward, born in 1841, who succeeded his mother to the throne upon her death and was proclaimed King January 25, 1901. The Queen's descendants, children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren numbered 83, of whom 71 were living at the time of her death.

COST TO MAINTAIN THE BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY.

The annuities paid by the British people to the royal family for its support annually during recent years are as follows: The Queen, \$1,925,000; the Prince of Wales, \$200,000; Princess of Wales, \$50,000; Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, \$40,000; Princess Christian, \$30,000; Princess Louise, \$30,000; Duke of Connaught, \$125,000; Princess Beatrice, \$30,000; Duke of Cambridge (Queen's cousin), \$50,000; Duchess of Albany, \$30,000; Duchess of Mecklenburg-Sterlitz (Queen's cousin), \$15,000; children of the Prince of Wales, \$180,000. Total \$2,715,000. The revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster, amounting to about \$250,000 a year, were also received by the Queen. Dowories are usually provided for the royal children at their marriage. Princess Beatrice, the last child of the Queen to marry, received a dowery of \$150,000 by Parliamentary grant.

AREA AND POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.

The following table gives a general view of the area, population, and density of population of the states of the world and of the dependencies, including protectorates and spheres of influence belonging to each:

	Area, Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
EUROPEAN—			
Austria.....	115,900	23,895,400	206
Hungary.....	123,000	17,463,000	139
Austria-Hungary.....	240,900	41,358,400	171
Belgium.....	11,370	6,292,300	551
Bulgaria.....	37,800	3,310,000	88
Denmark.....	14,800	2,172,000	147
Possessions.....	87,000	127,280	
Total Denmark.....	101,800	2,299,200	
France.....	204,400	38,343,000	188
Asia.....	276,600	23,701,000	
Africa.....	2,131,100	20,000,000	
America.....	48,010	378,000	8
Oceania.....	9,170	93,000	10
Total France.....	2,689,010	82,514,000	
German Empire—			
Prussia.....	131,500	29,957,000	223
Bavaria.....	29,280	5,595,000	191
Saxony.....	5,700	3,503,000	605
Württemberg.....	7,530	2,037,000	271
Other States.....	31,600	8,336,000	264
Total.....	208,700	49,428,000	237
Africa.....	920,920	8,370,000	
Pacific.....	102,150	403,000	
Total German Empire.....	1,231,770	58,198,000	
Greece.....	25,000	2,187,000	87
Italy.....	110,620	30,225,000	278
Africa.....	516,100	6,259,000	
Total Italy.....	656,720	36,981,000	
Montenegro.....	3,630	200,000	55
Netherlands.....	12,600	4,734,000	374
Asia.....	738,100	32,617,000	
America.....	46,500	107,900	
Total Netherlands.....	795,500	37,457,900	
Portugal.....	35,800	5,050,000	141
Asia.....	7,900	939,300	
Africa.....	735,300	4,432,000	
Total Portugal.....	779,000	10,421,300	
Roumania.....	48,300	5,800,000	120
Russia, European.....	2,095,000	99,553,000	47
Russia, Asiatic.....	6,565,000	18,049,000	3
Total Russia.....	8,660,000	117,602,000	13
Serbia.....	19,050	2,256,000	118
Spain.....	197,700	17,565,000	88
Asia.....	116,260	7,121,000	
Africa.....	243,900	136,000	
America.....	45,200	2,439,000	56
Total Spain.....	603,030	27,261,000	

AREA, POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.—Con.

	Area. Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
Sweden.....	172,800	4,824,000	28
Norway.....	124,000	2,601,000	16
Switzerland.....	15,900	2,918,000	183
Turkey**.....	61,270	4,780,000	78
European.....	687,610	21,608,000	31
Asiatic.....	398,740	1,300,000	3
African.....			
Total Turkey.....	1,147,580	27,688,000	24
United Kingdom.....	121,000	33,105,000	315
India.....	1,800,000	287,223,000	160
Rest of Asia.....	159,400	4,902,000	.....
Africa.....	2,477,000	39,123,000	.....
America.....	3,614,400	6,780,000	2
Australasia.....	3,174,000	4,297,900	1
Total United Kingdom.....	11,357,400	380,733,500	.....
ASIATIC—		4,000,000	.....
Afghanistan.....	1,320,000	388,000,000	292
China Proper.....	2,588,000	16,680,000	5
Dependencies.....			
Total China.....	4,218,000	402,680,000	95
Korea.....	82,000	10,500,000	128
Japan.....	117,700	41,100,000	278
Persia.....	628,000	7,654,000	12
Siam.....	200,000	5,000,000	25
AFRICAN—		30,000,000	.....
Congo Independent State.....	900,000	6,818,000	638
Egypt Proper.....	10,700	5,000,000	.....
Morocco.....	219,000	207,500*	4
Orange Free State.....	48,300	490,000	.....
South African Republic.....	119,140	1,068,000	74
Liberia.....	14,360		
NORTH AMERICAN—		12,056,000	15
Mexico.....	767,000	62,622,250	21
United States.....	2,949,000†	3,033,000	18
CENTRAL AMERICAN—			
SOUTH AMERICAN—		2,933,600	4
Argentine Republic.....	1,125,000	2,020,000	4
Bolivia.....	567,400	11,002,000	4
Brazil.....	3,200,900	2,915,000	10
Chili.....	294,000	3,879,000	8
Colombia.....	505,000	1,270,000	10
Ecuador.....	120,000	459,645‡	4
Paraguay.....	98,000	2,621,000	6
Peru.....	464,000	728,000	10
Uruguay.....	72,100	2,323,500	4
Venezuela.....	593,900§		

** Immediate possessions. * Including natives. † Exclusive of 532,000 square miles in Indian Territory and Alaska. ‡ Including Indians. § Venezuelan figures.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
China	402,680,000	4,218,401	Peking.
British Empire*	386,573,832	8,827,860	London.
Russian Empire	136,000,000	8,060,393	St. Petersburg.
United States	76,295,220	3,602,990	Washington.
United States and Colonies	87,000,000	3,756,884	Washington.
Philippines	8,000,000	143,000	Manila.
Porto Rico	900,800	3,600	San Juan.
Hawaii	109,629	6,740	Honolulu.
Tutuila, Samoa	9,000	500	
Guam	4,000	54	
France and Colonies	63,166,967	3,357,856	Paris.
France	33,517,975	204,177	Paris.
Colonies	21,448,064	2,923,679	
Algeria	3,870,000	280,000	Algiers.
Senegal, etc.	183,237	580,000	St. Louis.
Tunis	1,500,000	45,000	Tunis.
Cayenne	26,502	46,697	Cayenne.
Cambodia	1,500,000	32,254	Saigon.
Cochin-China	1,223,000	13,632	
Tonquin	12,000,000	60,000	Hanoi.
New Caledonia	62,752	7,624	Nooumea.
Tahiti	12,800	462	
Sahara	1,100,000	1,550,000	
Madagascar	3,500,000	230,000	Antananarive.
German Empire†	52,279,901	211,108	Berlin.
Prussia	31,855,123	134,467	Berlin.
Bavaria	5,589,382	29,291	Munich.
Saxony	3,501,513	5,789	Dresden.
Wurtemberg	2,035,443	7,531	Stuttgart.
Baden	1,656,817	5,803	Karlsruhe.
Alsace-Lorraine	1,603,987	5,602	Strasbourg.
Hesse	956,170	2,965	Darmstadt.
Mecklenburg Schwerin	575,140	5,137	Schwerin.
Hamburg	622,530	158	
Brunswick	372,580	1,425	Brunswick.
Oldenburg	341,250	2,479	Oldenburg.
Saxe-Weimar	313,668	1,387	Weimar.
Anhalt	217,603	906	Dessau.
Saxe-Meiningen	214,697	953	Meiningen.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	168,717	760	Gotha.
Bremen	180,443	99	
Saxe-Altenburg	161,129	511	Altenburg.
Lippe	123,250	472	Detmold.
Reuss (younger line)	112,118	319	Gera.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	98,371	1,131	Neu Strelitz.
Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt	83,939	263	Rudolstadt.
Schwarzburg-Sond's's'n	73,623	333	Sondershausen.
Lubck	76,485	115	
Waldeck	56,565	433	Arolsen.
Reuss (elder line)	53,787	122	Griez.
Schaumburg-Lippe	37,204	131	Buckeburg.
German Africa	5,950,000	822,000	
Austro-Hungarian Empire	41,827,700	201,591	Vienna.
Japan	41,089,940	147,669	Tokio.
Netherlands	4,450,870	12,680	The Hague.
Netherlands and Colonies	33,042,238	778,187	The Hague.
Borneo	1,073,500	203,714	
Celebes	2,000,000	72,000	
Java	21,974,161	50,818	Batavia.
Moluccas	353,000	42,420	Amboyna.
New Guinea	200,000	150,755	
Sumatra	2,750,000	170,744	
Surinam	57,141	46,060	Paramaribo.
Turkish Empire	33,559,757	1,652,533	Constantinople.
European Turkey	4,790,000	63,850	
Asiatic Turkey	16,133,900	729,170	
Tripoli	1,000,000	398,873	Tripoli.
Bulgaria	3,154,375	37,860	Sofia.
Egypt	9,700,000	400,000	Cairo.
Italy	29,699,785	110,665	Rome.
Italy and Colonies	34,970,785	425,765	Rome.
Abyssinia	4,500,000	189,000	

* These estimates of the population and area of the British Empire include the recently acquired possessions in Africa. † In Europe.

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD — Cont.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
Italy — Con.			
Eritrea	660,000	55,100	
Somal Coast.....	210,000	70,040	
Spain	17,530,216	196,173	Madrid.
Spanish Africa	437,000	233,767	
Spanish Islands.....	127,172	1,957	
Brazil.....	18,073,000	3,219,059	C. Rio Janeiro.
Mexico.....	12,570,195	767,346	City of Mexico.
Korea.....	10,519,030	85,410	Seoul.
Congo State	8,000,000	802,000	
Persia	7,633,000	635,000	Teheran.
Portugal	4,708,178	34,038	Lisbon.
Portugal and Colonies	11,073,681	951,785	Lisbon.
Portuguese Africa	5,416,000	841,025	
Portuguese Asia	847,503	7,923	
Sweden and Norway	6,785,898	297,321	
Sweden	4,781,981	172,876	Stockholm.
Norway	2,003,917	124,445	Christiania.
Morocco	6,500,000	314,000	Fez.
Belgium	6,040,043	11,373	Brussels.
Siam	5,700,000	280,550	Bangkok.
Roumania	5,373,000	46,314	Bucharest.
Argentine Republic	4,012,930	1,050,013	Buenos Ayres.
Colombia	4,001,000	331,420	Bogota.
Afghanistan	4,000,000	279,000	Cabul.
Chile.....	3,500,000	256,860	Santiago.
Peru	2,800,000	405,010	Lima.
Switzerland	2,933,331	15,981	Berne.
Bolivia	2,500,000	472,000	La Paz.
Greece	2,433,806	24,977	Athens.
Denmark	2,172,205	14,700	Copenhagen.
Denmark and Colonies.....	2,283,193	101,403	Copenhacen.
Iceland	72,445	39,756	Reykjavik.
Greenland	9,780	46,710	Godthaab.
West Indies.....	33,763	118	
Venezuela	2,333,938	566,159	Caracas.
Servia	2,036,013	18,757	Belgrade.
Nepaul.....	2,000,000	51,800	Khatmandu.
Cuba	1,600,000	41,655	Havana.
Oman	1,600,000	81,000	Muscat.
Guatemala.....	1,470,000	45,774	N. Guatemala.
Ecuador	1,303,000	144,000	Quito.
Liberia	1,050,000	14,000	Monrovia.
Hayti	1,211,625	29,300	Port au Prince.
Salvador.....	516,000	7,223	San Salvador.
Uruguay.....	850,000	72,112	Montevideo.
Khiva.....	700,000	22,220	Khiva.
Paraguay.....	600,000	145,000	Asuncion.
Honduras.....	450,000	42,658	Tegucigalpa.
Nicaragua.....	420,000	51,000	Managua.
Dominican Republic.....	600,000	20,596	San Domingo.
Montenegro.....	245,380	3,483	Cettinje.
Costa Rica.....	309,683	19,985	San Jose.

POLITICAL PARTIES IN 1900.

Nominees of all organizations for President, together with national and state platforms, party organizations and convention dates:

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES, 1900.

REPUBLICAN—JUNE 21.

President.	Vice-President.
WILLIAM McKinLEY, of Ohio.	THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New York.
DEMOCRATIC—JULY 5.	
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.
*PEOPLE'S PARTY (FUSION)—MAY 10.	
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.
* SILVER REPUBLICANS—JULY 6.	
WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.	ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.
*POPULIST (MIDDLE OF THE ROAD)—MAY 10.	
WHARTON BARKER, of Pennsylvania.	IGNATIUS DONNELLY, of Minnesota.
SOCIALIST LABOR—JUNE 6.	
J. F. MALLONEY, of Massachusetts.	VALENTINE REMMEL, of Pennsylvania.
SOCIAL DEMOCRATS—JULY 10.	
EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana.	JOB HARRIMAN, of California.
PROHIBITION—JUNE 28.	
JOHN G. WOOLLEY, of Illinois.	H. B. METCALF, of Rhode Island.
*UNITED CHRISTIANS—MAY 1.	
JONAH F. R. LEONARD, of Iowa.	DAVID H. MARTIN, of Pennsylvania.
*UNION REFORM PARTY.	
SETH B. ELLIS, of Ohio.	S. T. NICHOLSON, of Pennsylvania.

WISCONSIN STATE TICKETS, 1900.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Republican—George A. Yule, Willard Van Brunt, Henry E. Roethe, William H. J. Kieckhefer, Whitman A. Barber, John Schuette, John Ochsner, Charles M. Fenelon, John D. Nelsenius, Fred A. Severance, Atley Peterson, Augustus G. Weissert.

Democratic—Frederick W. von Cotzhausen, John Rosch, George W. Stevenson, Benjamin F. Sherman, William N. Coffland, Henry J. Millman, Patrick O'Meara, John Berger, Stephen Richmond, August C. Voshardt, Amos Holgate, George D. Cline.

Prohibition—Samuel D. Hastings, Joshua H. Berky, James P. Corse, Lorenzo D. Fargo, Benjamin F. Thomas, Benjamin F. Parker, William A. McKillop, James S. Thompson, William Ager, John W. Evans, Chris Solum, George I. Constance.

Social Democracy—Frederic Heath, August Mohr, Frank J. Ira, Joseph Braun, William Anderson, Fred W. Redfield, Jacob Hunger, Frank Gutheil, E. P. Hassinger, Frederic Althen, Otto Kundert, Vincent Bezucha.

Social Labor—Charles Salby, Max Bochme, Otto E. Harder, Louis Schienbein, John Meyer, Carl Korn, Henry Mensing, Sr., Joseph Petersen, Ernst Pagel, Louis Brand, Ernst Koch, Albert Roeder.

*Not on official ballot in every state, and in some states their vote reported as "scattering."

FOR STATE OFFICERS.

- Republican**—For Governor, Robert M. La Follette; Lieutenant Governor, Jesse Stone; Secretary of State, William H. Froehlich; State Treasurer, James O. Davidson; Attorney General, Emmett R. Hlicks; State Superintendent, Lorenzo D. Harvey; Railroad Commissioner, Graham L. Rice; Commissioner of Insurance, Emil Giljohann.
- Democratic**—For Governor, Louis G. Bomrich; Lieutenant Governor, Thomas H. Patterson; Secretary of State, Joseph H. Woodnorth; State Treasurer, August Bartz; Attorney General, George C. Cooper; State Superintendent, Homer B. Hubbell; Railroad Commissioner, George W. Hill; Commissioner of Insurance, Robert A. Thompson.
- Prohibition**—For Governor, J. Burritt Smith; Lieutenant Governor, Thorvild K. Thorvilson; Secretary of State, Edwin Kerswill; State Treasurer, Herbert J. Noyes; Attorney General, Eugene W. Chafin; State Superintendent, Henry C. Senn; Railroad Commissioner, Verner M. Weeks; Commissioner of Insurance, Franklin R. Derrick.
- Social Democracy**—For Governor, Howard Tuttle; Lieutenant Governor, George Dicke; Secretary of State, Charles C. Meier; State Treasurer, John Doerfler; Attorney General, Richard Elsner; State Superintendent, August F. Buetow; Railroad Commissioner, Greek Ellis; Commissioner of Insurance, Max Goeres.
- Social Labor**—For Governor, Frank R. Wilke; Lieutenant Governor, Frank Mensing; Secretary of State, Rochus Babnik; State Treasurer, Robert Phillips; Attorney General, N. E. Hanson; Railroad Commissioner, William Ibs; Commissioner of Insurance, Moritz Sehm. No nominee for State Superintendent.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

M. A. Hanna, chairman, Cleveland, Ohio; Henry C. Payne, vice-chairman, Milwaukee, Wis.; Perry S. Heath, secretary, Chicago, Ill.; Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer, New York, N. Y.; Volney W. Foster, assistant treasurer, Illinois; Edwin F. Brown, sub-treasurer, Illinois; George N. Wiswell, sergeant-at-arms, Milwaukee, Wis. Western headquarters, 223 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Executive Committee (Chicago)—Henry C. Payne, Perry S. Heath, Richard C. Kerens, of Missouri; Graeme Stewart, of Illinois; Harry S. New, of Indiana.

Executive Committee (New York)—N. B. Scott, of West Virginia; Fred S. Gibbs, of New York; Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey; Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE:—Alabama, J. W. Dimmick, Montgomery; Alaska, John C. Healdt, Juneau; Arizona, M. M. Griffith, Tucson; Arkansas, Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs; California, W. C. Van Fleet, San Francisco; Colorado, E. O. Wolcott, Denver; Connecticut, Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia; Delaware, John E. Addicks, Wilmington; District of Columbia, Myron M. Parker, Washington; Florida, J. G. Long, St. Augustine; Georgia, Judson W. Lyons, Augusta; Hawaii, Harold M. Sewall, Honolulu; Idaho, George F. Shoup, Salmon City; Illinois, Graeme Stewart, Chicago; Indiana, Harry S. New, Indianapolis; Indian Territory, Wm. M. Meillette, Vinita; Iowa, Ernest E. Hart, Council Bluffs; Kansas, David W. Mulvane, Topeka; Louisiana, Lewis S. Clark, Patterson; Maine, J. H. Manley, Augusta; Maryland, Louis E. McComas, Hagerstown; Massachusetts, Geo. V. L. Meyer, Boston; Michigan, William H. Elliott, Detroit; Minnesota, Thomas H. Shevlin, Minneapolis; Mississippi, H. C. Turley, Natches; Missouri, R. C. Kerens, St. Louis; Montana, Wm. H. DeWitt, Butte; Nebraska, R. B. Schneider, Fremont; Nevada, P. L. Flanagan, Reno; New Hampshire, Charles T. Means, Manchester; New Jersey, F. T. Murphy, Newark; New Mexico, Solomon Luna, Los Lunas; New York, Fred S. Gibbs, New York; North Carolina, J. C. Prichard, Marshall; North Dakota, Alex McKenzie, Bismarck; Ohio, Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; Oklahoma, William Grimes, Kingfisher; Oregon, George A. Steele, Portland; Pennsylvania, Matthew S. Quay, Beaver; Rhode Island, Charles R. Brayton, Providence; South Carolina, E. A. Webster, Orangeburg; South Dakota, J. M. Greene, Chamberlain; Tennessee,

W. P. Brownlow, Jonesboro; Texas, R. B. Hawley, Galveston; Utah, O. J. Saltsbury, Salt Lake City; Vermont, James W. Brock, Montpelier; Virginia, G. E. Bowden, Norfolk; West Virginia, N. B. Scott, Wheeling; Washington, George H. Baker, Goldendale; Wisconsin, Henry C. Payne, Milwaukee; Wyoming, M. D. Vandevanter, Cheyenne.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

Officers.

Chairman—Hon. Joseph W. Babcock, Wisconsin.

Vice-Chairman—Hon. James S. Sherman, New York.

Secretary—Hon. Jesse Overstreet, Indiana.

Treasurer—Mr. Wm. B. Thompson, Washington, D. C.

Executive Committee.

Rep. John A. T. Hull, of Iowa; Rep. Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois; Rep. David H. Mercer, of Nebraska; Sen. Redfield Proctor, of Vermont; Sen. J. H. Gallinger, of New Hampshire; Sen. G. W. McBride, of Oregon; Rep. H. C. Loudenslager, of New Jersey; Rep. C. A. Russell, of Connecticut; Rep. W. C. Lovering, of Massachusetts.

Members.

Alabama, W. F. Aldrich, Aldrich; California, Victor H. Metcalf, Oakland; Connecticut, Charles A. Russell, Killingly; Delaware, vacant; Idaho, George L. Shoup, Salmon City; Illinois, Joseph G. Cannon, Danville; Indiana, Jesse Overstreet, Indianapolis; Iowa, John A. T. Hull, Des Moines; Kansas, W. A. Calderhead, Maryville; Kentucky, Samuel J. Pugh, Caneburg; Maine, Charles A. Boutelle, Bangor; Maryland, Sydney E. Mudd, La Platte; Massachusetts, William C. Lovering, Taunton; Michigan, John B. Corliss, Detroit; Minnesota, Frank M. Eddy, Glenwood; Missouri, Charles E. Pearce, St. Louis; Montana, Thomas H. Carter, Helena; Nebraska, David H. Mercer, Omaha; New Hampshire, Jacob H. Gallinger, Concord; New Jersey, Harry C. Loudenslager, Paulsboro; New York, James S. Sherman, Utica; North Carolina, Romulus Z. Linney, Taylorsville; North Dakota, B. F. Spalding, Fargo; Ohio, Henry C. VanVoorhis, Zanesville; Oregon, George W. McBride, St. Helens; Pennsylvania, William Connell, Scranton; Rhode Island, Melville Bull, Middletown; South Dakota, Robert J. Gamble, Yankton; Tennessee, Henry R. Gibson, Knoxville; Texas, R. B. Hawley, Galveston; Vermont, Redfield Proctor, Proctor; Virginia, R. A. Wise, Williamsburg; Washington, Wesley L. Jones, N. Yakima; West Virginia, Blackburn B. Dovener, Wheeling; Wisconsin, Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah; Wyoming, Frank W. Mondell, Newcastle; Oklahoma, Dennis T. Flynn, Guthrie; New Mexico, Pedro Perea, Bernalillo.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Philadelphia, Pa., June 20, 1900.

The republicans of the United States, through their chosen representatives, met in national convention, looking back upon an unsurpassed record of achievement and looking forward into a great field of duty and opportunity, and appealing to the judgment of their countrymen, make these declarations: The expectation in which the American people, turning from the Democratic party, intrusted power four years ago to a Republican chief magistrate and a Republican Congress has been met and satisfied. When the people then assembled at the polls, after a term of Democratic legislation and administration, business was dead, industry paralyzed and the national credit disastrously impaired. The country's capital was hidden away, and its labor distressed and unemployed. The Democrats had no other plan with which to improve the ruinous conditions which they had themselves produced than to coin silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Republican party, denouncing this plan as sure to pro-

Party Achievements.

duce conditions even worse than those from which relief was sought, promised to restore prosperity by means of two legislative measures—a protective tariff and a law making gold the standard of value. The people by great majorities issued to the Republican party a commission to enact these laws. This commission has been executed, and the Republican promise is redeemed. Prosperity more general and more abundant than we have ever known has followed these enactments. There is no longer controversy as to the value of any government obligation. Every American dollar is a gold dollar, or its assured equivalent, and American credit stands higher than that of any nation. Capital is fully employed and labor everywhere is profitably occupied. No single fact can more strikingly tell the story of what Republican government means to the country than this—that while during the whole period of one hundred and seven years, from 1790 to 1897, there was an excess of exports over imports of only \$383,028,497, there has been in the short three years of the present Republican administration an excess of exports over imports in the enormous sum of \$1,483,537,094. And while the American people, sustained by this Republican legislation, have been achieving these splendid triumphs in their business and commerce, they have conducted, and in victory concluded a war for liberty and human rights. No thought of national aggrandizement tarnished the high purpose with which American standards were unfurled. It was a war unsought and patiently resisted, but when it came the American government was ready. Its fleets were cleared for action. Its armies were in the field, and the quick and signal triumph of its forces on land and sea bore equal tribute to the courage of American soldiers and sailors and to the skill and foresight of Republican statesmanship. To ten millions of the human race there was given "a new birth of freedom," and to the American people a new and noble responsibility.

We indorse the administration of William McKinley. Its acts have been established in wisdom and in patriotism, and at home and abroad it has distinctly elevated and extended the influence of the American nation. Walking untried paths and facing unforeseen responsibilities, President McKinley has been in every situation the true American patriot and the upright statesman, clear in vision, strong in judgment, firm in action, always inspiring and deserving the confidence of his countrymen. In asking the American people to indorse this Republican record and to renew their commission to the Republican party, we remind them of the fact that the menace to their prosperity has always resided in Democratic principles, and no less in the general incapacity of the Democratic party to conduct public affairs. The prime essential of business prosperity is public confidence in the good sense of the government and in its ability to deal intelligently with each new problem of administration and legislation. That confidence the Democratic party has never earned. It is hopelessly inadequate, and the country's prosperity when Democratic success at the polls is announced halts and ceases in mere anticipation of Democratic blunders and failures.

We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard, and declare our confidence in the wisdom of the legislation of the LVIIIth Congress, by which the parity of all our money and the stability of our currency upon a gold basis have been secured. We recognize that interest rates are a potent factor in production and business activity, and for the purpose of further

Gold Standard Upheld.

equalizing and of further lowering the rates of interest we favor such monetary legislation as will enable the varying needs of the season and of all sections to be promptly met, in order that trade may be evenly sustained, labor steadily employed and commerce enlarged. The volume of money in circulation was never so great per capita as it is today. We declare our steadfast opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver. No measure to that end could be considered which was without the support of the leading commercial countries of the world. However firmly Republican legislation may seem to have secured the country against the peril of base and discredited currency, the election of a Democratic president could not fail to impair the country's credit and to bring once more into question the intention of the American people to maintain upon the gold standard the parity of their money circulation. The Democratic party must be convinced that the American people will never tolerate the Chicago platform.

We recognize the necessity and propriety of the honest co-operation of capital to meet new business conditions, and especially to extend our rapidly increasing

**Trade Conspiracies
Condemned.**

foreign trade, but we condemn all conspiracies and combinations intended to restrict business, to create monopolies, to limit production or to control prices, and favor such legislation as will effectively restrain and prevent all such abuses, protect and promote competition and secure the rights of producers, laborers and all who are engaged in industry and commerce.

We renew our faith in the policy of protection to American labor. In that policy our industries have been established, diversified and maintained. By protecting the home market competition has been stimulated and production cheapened. Opportunity for the inventive genius of our people has been secured and wages

Protection.
in every department of labor maintained at high rates, higher now than ever before, and always distinguishing our working people in their better conditions of life from those of any competing country. Enjoying the blessings of the American common school, secure in the right of self-government and protected in the occupancy of their own markets, their constantly increasing knowledge and skill have enabled them finally to enter the markets of the world.

We favor the associated policy of reciprocity so directed as to open our markets on favorable terms for what we do not ourselves produce, in return for free foreign markets.

Reciprocity.

In the further interest of American workmen we favor a more effective restriction of the immigration of cheap labor from foreign lands, the extension of opportunities of education for working children, the raising of the age limit for

Immigration.

child labor, the protection of free labor as against contract convict labor, and an effective system of labor insurance.

Our present dependence upon foreign shipping for nine-tenths of our foreign carrying is a great loss to the industry of this country. It is also a serious danger to our trade, for its sudden withdrawal in the event of European war would seriously cripple our expanding foreign commerce. The national defense and

Shipping.

naval efficiency of this country, moreover, supply a compelling reason for legislation which will enable us to recover our former place among the trade carrying fleets of the world.

The nation owes a debt of profound gratitude to the soldiers and sailors who have fought its battles, and it is the government's duty to provide for the survivors and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the country's wars. The pension laws,

Pensions.

founded in this just sentiment, should be liberal, and should be liberally administered, and preference should be given wherever practicable with respect to employment in the public service to soldiers and sailors and to their widows and orphans.

We commend the policy of the Republican party in maintaining the efficiency of the civil service. The administration has acted wisely in its effort to secure

Civil Service.

for public service in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine Islands only those whose fitness has been determined by training and experience. We believe that employment in the public service in these territories should be confined as far as practicable to their inhabitants.

It was the plain purpose of the fifteenth amendment to the constitution to prevent discrimination on account of race or color in regulating the elective franchise. Devices of state governments, whether by statutory or constitutional enactment, to avoid the purpose of this amendment are revolutionary and should be condemned.

**Fifteenth
Amendment.**

Public movements looking to a permanent improvement of the roads and highways of the country meet with our cordial approval, and we recommend this subject to the earnest consideration of the people and of the legislatures of the several states. We favor

Public Works.

the extension of the rural free delivery service wherever its extension may be justified. In further pursuance of the constant policy of the Republican party to provide free homes on the public domain, we recommend

adequate national legislation to reclaim the arid lands of the United States, reserving control of the distribution of water for irrigation to the respective states and territories.

We favor home rule for and the early admission to statehood of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

The Dingley act, amended to provide sufficient revenue for the conduct of the war, has so well performed its work that it has been possible to reduce the war

debt in the sum of \$40,000,000. So ample are the government's revenues and so great is the public confidence in the integrity of its obligations that its newly funded

War Taxes.

2 per cent. bonds sell at a premium. The country is now justified in expecting, and it will be the policy of the republican party to bring about, a reduction of the war taxes.

We favor the construction, ownership, control and protection of an Isthmian canal by the government of the United States. New markets are necessary for

Isthmian Canal.

the increasing surplus of our farm products. Every effort should be made to open and obtain new markets, especially in the Orient, and the administration is

warmly to be commended for its successful effort to commit all trading and colonizing nations to the policy of the open door in China. In the interest of our expanding commerce we recommend that Congress create a department of commerce and industries in the charge of a secretary with a seat in the cabinet.

The United States consular system should be reorganized under the supervision of this new department, upon such a basis of appointment and tenure

as will render it still more serviceable to the nation's increasing trade. The American government must protect the person and property of every citizen wherever

Consuls.

they are wrongfully violated or placed in peril.

We congratulate the women of America upon their splendid record of public service in the volunteer aid association, and as nurses in camp and hospital during the recent campaigns of our

Women in War.

armies in the Eastern and Western Indies, and we appreciate their faithful co-operation in all works of education and industry.

President McKinley has conducted the foreign affairs of the United States with distinguished credit to the American people. In releasing us from the vexatious conditions of a European alliance for the government of Samoa his course is especially to be commended.

Foreign Affairs.

By securing to our undivided control the most important

island of the Samoan group and the best harbor in the Southern Pacific, every American interest has been safeguarded. We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. We commend the part taken by our government in the peace conference at The Hague. We assert our steadfast adherence to the policy announced in the Monroe doctrine. The provisions of The Hague convention were wisely regarded when President McKinley tendered his friendly offices in the interest of peace between Great Britain and the South African republics. While the American government must continue the policy prescribed by Washington, affirmed by every succeeding president and imposed upon us by The Hague treaty, of non-intervention in European controversies, the American people earnestly hope that a way may soon be found, honorable alike to both contending parties, to terminate the strife between them. In accepting by the treaty of Paris the just responsibility of our victories in the Spanish war the president and the senate won the undoubted approval of the American people. No other course was possible than to destroy Spain's sovereignty throughout the West Indies and in the Philippine Islands. That course created our responsibility before the world, and with unorganized population whom our intervention had freed from Spain, to provide for the maintenance of law and order, and for the establishment of good government and for the performance of international obligations. Our authority could not be less than our responsibility, and wherever sovereign rights were extended it became the high duty of the government to maintain its authority, to put down armed insurrection and to confer the blessings of liberty and civilization upon all the rescued peoples. The largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them by law. To Cuba independence and self-government were assured

in the same voice by which war was declared, and to the letter this pledge will be performed. The Republican party upon its history, and upon this declaration of its principles and policies, confidently invokes the considerate and approving judgment of the American people.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

George E. Bryant, chairman, Madison; Zeno M. Host, secretary, Milwaukee; William A. Richter, assistant secretary, Milwaukee; Dwight T. Parker, treasurer, Fennimore. The committee: First district—C. C. Gittings, Racine; Perry C. Wilder, Evansville. Second—L. N. Coapman, Wycena; A. G. Zimmerman, Madison. Third—Dwight T. Parker, Fennimore; James A. Stone, Reedsburg. Fourth—William T. Duke, Milwaukee; Charles H. Trump, Milwaukee. Fifth—John J. Kempf, Milwaukee; S. E. Gernon, Waukesha. Sixth—Andrew Noll, Chilton; C. E. Peirce, Germania. Seventh—W. T. Sarles, Sparta; F. M. Miner, Eau Claire. Eighth—Frank N. Cady, Marshfield; Charles Reynolds, Sturgeon Bay. Ninth—Warren J. Davis, Marinette; H. E. McEachron, Wausau. Tenth—A. M. Anderson, Grantsburg; James A. Frear, Hudson.

Executive Committee—George E. Bryant, chairman, ex-officio; F. M. Miner, Charles Reynolds, W. T. Sarles, Perry C. Wilder, H. E. McEachron.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention at Milwaukee, Aug. 8, 1900.

The Republicans of Wisconsin in convention assembled heartily endorse the Republican platform adopted at Philadelphia, and pledge their enthusiastic support to the Republican candidates for President and Vice-President.

We endorse the national administration of William McKinley, and the work of our able Senators and Representatives in Congress.

We endorse the administration of Governor Scofield, and the other present state officers as clean, capable and business-like, and heartily commend its efforts towards carrying out the pledges of the Republican state platform adopted by the convention of 1898.

The great reformation effected in our general elections through the Australian ballot inspires us with confidence to apply the same method in making nominations so that every voter may exercise his sovereign right of choice by direct vote without the intervention or interference of any political agency. We therefore demand (recommend) that caucuses and conventions for the nomination of candidates for office be abolished by legislative enactment, and that all candidates for state, legislative, congressional and county officers be nominated at a primary election upon the same day by direct vote under the Australian ballot.

The establishment by the last Republican legislature of a state tax commission for the purpose of an exhaustive investigation of the complicated questions of taxation was in accord with principles of sound public policy. This commission will be able to present the facts essential as a basis to sound legislative judgment, and to the enactment of such laws as may be necessary to compel each individual and every corporation transacting business within the state—except such fraternal and other associations as are now expressly exempted from taxation by law—to bear a justly proportionate share of the burden of taxation. To the immediate accomplishment of this end the Republican party of Wisconsin stands pledged.

Primary Elections.

Tax Commission Endorsed.

The growth and development of business and commercial affairs require of necessity large aggregations of capital. Great enterprises may be honestly and fairly conducted with legitimate profits to investment and substantial good to the community; but combinations and trusts that destroy competition restrain trade and create monopolies should be prohibited by law, and we demand the enactment of such legislation, state and national, as shall render these abuses impossible.

**Trusts
Denounced.**

We heartily endorse the action of the last legislature on the pass question, and demand that the next legislature take such further action as shall be necessary to submit the constitutional amendment proposed and passed at the last session of the legislature to a vote of the people for final ratification.

**Against Free
Passes.**

We approve the action of the last legislature in imposing strict regulations upon lobbying at the state capitol, and demand such further legislation as shall restrict the lobby to legitimate argument before legislative committees.

We demand the enactment and enforcement of laws making character and competency requisites for service in our penal and charitable institutions.

We believe that the demand for better highways made by the farmers of Wisconsin should be encouraged by the state as favoring an improvement of great practical value for agricultural interests.

We pledge the party to an economical administration of public affairs, reducing all expenditures to a business basis.

The following paragraph was read and adopted separately:

We record our high appreciation of the pronounced ability, invaluable public services, sound Republicanism and devotion to the national administration of the Hon. John C. Spooner. We receive the announcement of his fixed determination to retire from official and public life with profound regret.

**Senator Spooner
Endorsed.**

SILVER REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

D. C. Tillotson, Topeka, Kan., Chairman; E. S. Corser, Minneapolis, Minn., Secretary and Treasurer. Executive Committee—D. C. Tillotson, E. S. Corser, L. W. Brown, Wauseon, O.; Fred T. Du Bois, Blackfoot Springs, Idaho; John F. Shafroth, Denver, Col.; Nathan Cole, Jr., Los Angeles, Cal.; B. Frank Powell, La Crosse, Wis.

SILVER REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention at Kansas City July 4 to 6, 1900.

We, the Silver Republican party, in National Convention assembled, declare these as our principles, and invite co-operation of all who agree therewith: We recognize that the principles set forth in the Declaration of American Independence are fundamental and everlastingly true in their application to governments among men. We believe the patriotic words of Washington's farewell address to be the words of soberness and wisdom, inspired by the spirit of right and truth. We treasure the words of Jefferson as priceless gems of American statesmanship. We hold in sacred remembrance the patriotism of Lincoln, who was the great interpreter of American history and the apostle of human rights and of industrial freedom, and we declare, as was declared by the convention that nominated the great Emancipator, that the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Declaration of Independence and embodied in the Federal Constitution, "that all men are created equal: that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed," is essential to the preservation of our republican institutions.

We declare our adherence to the principles of bimetalism as the right basis of a monetary system under our National Constitution, a principle that found place repeatedly in Republican platforms from the demonetization of silver in 1873 to the St. Louis Republican Convention of 1896. Since that Convention a Republican Congress and a Republican President, at the

**Declare for
Bimetalism.**

dictation of the trusts and money power, have passed and approved a currency bill which in itself is a repudiation of the doctrine of bimetalism advocated theretofore by the President and every great leader of his party. This currency law destroys the full money power of the silver dollar, provides for the payment of all Government obligations and the redemption of all forms of paper money in gold alone, retires the time-honored and patriotic greenback, constituting one-sixth of the money in circulation, and surrenders to banking corporations the sovereign function of issuing all paper money, thus enabling these corporations to control the prices of labor and property, and increasing the power of the banks to create panics and bring disaster upon business enterprises. The provision of this currency law making the bonded debt of the Nation payable in gold alone changes the contract between the Government and the bondholders to the advantage of the latter, and is in direct opposition to the declaration of the Matthews resolution passed by Congress in 1878, for which resolution the present Republican President, then a member of Congress, voted, as did also all leading Republicans, both in the House and Senate. We demand the repeal of this currency law, and declare that we shall not cease our efforts until there has been established in its place a monetary system based upon the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into money at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, by the independent action of the United States, under which system all money shall be issued by the Government, and all money coined and issued shall be a full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, without exception. We approve a graduated tax upon incomes; and if necessary to accomplish this, we favor an amendment to the Constitution. We believe that United States Senators should be elected by direct vote of the people, and we favor such amendment of the Constitution and such legislation as may be necessary to that end. We favor the maintenance and the extension wherever practicable of the merit system in public service, appointments to be made according to fitness, competitively ascertained, and public servants to be retained in office only so long as shall be compatible with the efficiency of the service.

Combinations, trusts and monopolies, contrived and created for the purpose of controlling the prices and quantity of articles supplied to the public, are unjust, oppressive and unlawful. Not only do these unlawful conspiracies fix the prices of commodities, but they invade every branch of State and National government with their polluting influences, and control the actions of their employes and dependents, politically, until such control imperils society and the liberty of the citizen. We demand the most stringent laws for their suppression and the most severe punishment of their promoters and maintainers and the energetic enforcement of such laws by the courts. We believe the Monroe Doctrine to be sound in principle and a wise National policy, and we demand a firm adherence thereto. We condemn those acts of the Administration inconsistent with it, and which have tended to make us parties to the interests, and to involve us in the controversies of European nations, and especially the recognition by pending treaty of the right of England to be considered in the construction of an interoceanic canal.

We are in favor of the speedy construction of the Nicaragua Canal, to be built, owned and defended by the Government of the United States. We observe with anxiety, and regard with disapproval, the increasing ownership of American lands by aliens; and their growing control over our internal transportation, natural resources and public utilities.

**Favor Nicaraguan
Canal.**

We demand legislation to protect our public domain, our natural resources, our franchises and our internal commerce; and to keep them free from, and to maintain their independence of, all foreign monopolies, institutions and influences; and we declare our opposition to the leasing of the public lands of the United States, whereby corporations and syndicates shall be able to secure control thereof, and thus monopolize the public

domain, the heritage of the people. We approve of the principle of direct legislation, and favor the application of the same to nominations.

In view of their great sacrifices made, and patriotic services rendered, we are in favor of liberal pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors, their widows, orphans and other dependents. We believe that enlistment

Favor Liberal Pensions.

and service should be accepted as conclusive proof that the soldier was free from disease and disability at the time of his enlistment. We condemn the present administration of the pension laws. We tender to the patriotic people of the South African republics our sympathy, and express our admiration for them in their heroic struggle to preserve their political freedom and maintain their national existence. We declare the destruction of these republics and the subjugation of their people to be a crime against civilization. We believe this sympathy should have been voiced by the American Congress, as was done in the case of the French, Greeks, Hungarians, Poles, Armenians and the Cubans, and as the traditions of this country would have dictated. We declare the Porto Rican tariff law to be not only a serious but a dangerous departure from the principles of our form of government. We believe in the republican form of government; and we are opposed to monarchy, and to the whole theory of imperialistic control.

We believe in self-government, a government by the consent of the governed; and are unalterably opposed to a government based upon force. It is incontrovertible that the inhabitants of the Philippine archipelago cannot be made citizens of the United States without endangering our civilization. We are therefore in favor of applying to the Philippines the principle we are

Philippine Independence.

solemnly and publicly pledged to observe in the case of Cuba. We demand that our Nation's promise to Cuba shall be fulfilled in every particular. There being no longer any necessity for collecting war taxes, we demand relief from the taxes levied to carry on the war with Spain. We favor the immediate admission into the Union of States of the Territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma. We believe the National Government should lend encouragement and assistance toward the reclamation of the arid lands of the United States; and to that end, we are in favor of a comprehensive survey thereof, and an immediate ascertainment of the water supply available for such reclamation, and we believe it to be the duty of the general Government to provide for the construction of storage reservoirs and irrigation works so that the water supply of the arid region may be utilized to the greatest possible extent in the interest of the people, while preserving all rights of the States.

Transportation is a public necessity, and the means and methods of it are matters of public concern. Transportation companies exercise an unwarranted power

Public Ownership.

over industries, business and commerce, and should be made to serve the public interests without making unreasonable charges or unjust discriminations. We observe with satisfaction the growing sentiment among the people in favor of the public ownership and operation of public utilities. We are in favor of expanding our commerce in the interest of American labor and for the benefit of all our people by every honest and peaceful means. We are opposed to the importation of Asiatic laborers in competition with American labor; and favor a more rigid enforcement of the laws relating thereto. Our creed and our history justify the nations of the earth in expecting that, wherever the American flag is unfurled in authority, there human liberty and political freedom shall be found. We protest against the adoption of any policy that will change, in the thought of the world, the meaning of our flag. We insist that it shall never float over any ship or wave at the head of any column directed against the political independence of any people of any race or in any clime. The Silver Republican party of the United States, in the foregoing principles, seeks to perpetuate the spirit, and to adhere to the teachings of Abraham Lincoln.

[No Silver Republican State organization in Wisconsin.]

NATIONAL LEAGUE OF REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

Resolution adopted by National Convention in St. Paul, Minn., July 18, 1900

Upon the happy and prosperous condition of the entire country the league congratulates the people of the United States. Allegiance is pledged anew to the principles of the Republican party, which, ably and bravely carried into execution by the National Administration, have made these conditions possible. Every action of President McKinley is approved, the Philadelphia platform is endorsed, and it is declared that the Republican party stands today, as ever, for positive policies, for a protective tariff, for sound money, for the control and regulation of combinations of capital that have a legitimate purpose and the destruction of those that have an illegitimate purpose; for the retention of every inch of territory that comes to us by honorable treaty and international law, for the development of the marvellous commercial possibilities of the Orient, for the restoration of our merchant marine, and, finally, it stands for the progress of the United States and the uplifting of mankind throughout the world. As representative of the younger element of the Republican party we have a peculiar pride in the nomination for the Vice-Presidency of Theodore Roosevelt, whom we regard as a lofty and inspiring type of the American statesman and soldier. The incapacity of the Democratic party brought poverty to the door of labor, distrust to the hope of capital and despair to the homes of the poor. Its activity is a threat to the material prosperity of the country, and its triumph will be an individual and public disaster. To prevent this we invoke sobriety of judgment and vigor of action in the coming campaign. The Republican party has ever been a builder. Its every platform has rung with the spirit of progress and hope. Democracy has ever been a destroyer. Its every platform has groaned with the spirit of pessimism and opposition. The American people will never believe that the builder has become the destroyer and the destroyer the builder. We deplore the conditions now existing in China, and we assure the American people that a Republican Administration will protect all our interests, demanding full indemnity for the past and security for the future. As firmly as we believe in America and her institutions we believe the party that will guide and maintain us in the great future is the party of Abraham Lincoln, supported by Ulysses S. Grant and exalted by William McKinley.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Officers— James K. Jones, chairman, Washington, D. C.; W. J. Stone, vice-chairman, St. Louis, Mo.; C. A. Walsh, secretary, Ottumwa, Iowa; M. F. Dunlap, treasurer, Jacksonville, Ill.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE:—Alabama, Henry D. Clayton; Eufaula; Arkansas, James P. Clark, Little Rock; California, M. F. Tarpey, Alameda; Colorado, Adair Wilson, Denver; Connecticut, Homer S. Cummings, Stamford; Delaware, R. R. Kenny, Dover; Florida, George P. Raney, Tallahassee; Georgia, Clark Howell, Atlanta; Idaho, E. M. Wolfe, Mountain Home; Illinois, Thomas Gahan, Chicago; Indiana, Thomas Teggart, Indianapolis; Iowa, C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa; Kansas, J. G. Johnson, Peabody; Kentucky, Urey Woodson, Owensboro; Louisiana, N. C. Blanchard, Shreveport; Maine, vacant; Maryland, Arthur P. Gorman, Laurel; Massachusetts, George Fred Williams, Boston; Michigan, Daniel J. Campau, Detroit; Minnesota, T. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; Mississippi, A. J. Russell, Meridian, Box 523; Missouri, William J. Stone, St. Louis; Montana, John S. M. McNeill, Helena; Nebraska, James C. Dahlman, Omaha; Nevada, J. R. Ryan, Virginia City; New Hampshire, True L. Norris, Portsmouth; New Jersey, W. B. Gourley, Paterson; New York, Norman E. Mack, Buffalo; North Carolina, Josephus Daniels, Raleigh; North Dakota, J. B. Eaton, Fargo; Ohio, John R. McLean, Cincinnati; Oregon, M. A. Miller, Lebanon; Pennsylvania, J. M. Guffey, Pittsburg; Rhode Island, George W. Green, Woonsocket; South Carolina, B. R. Tillman, Trenton; South Dakota, Maris Taylor, Huron; Tennessee, James M. Head, Nashville; Texas, R. M. Johnston, Houston; Utah, David C. Dunbar,

Salt Lake; Vermont, John H. Senter, Montpelier; Virginia, Peter J. Oter, Lynchburg; Washington, W. H. Dunphy, Walla Walla; West Virginia, John T. McGraw, Grafton; Wisconsin, T. E. Ryan, Waukesha; Wyoming, John E. Osborne, Rawlins; Alaska, Louis L. Williams, Juneau; Arizona, J. A. Breathitt, Tucson; Oklahoma, vacant; Indian Territory, vacant; New Mexico, H. B. Fergusson, Albuquerque; District of Columbia, vacant; Hawaii, William H. Cornwell, Honolulu.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention at Kansas City July 5, 1900.

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, assembled in National Convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of man, and our allegiance to the Constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the Republic. We

Declaration of Principles.

hold with the United States Supreme Court that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our Government, of which the Constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny; and that to impose upon any people a government of force is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of a republic. We hold that the Constitution follows the flag and denounce the doctrine that an Executive or Congress, deriving their existence and their powers from the Constitution, can exercise lawful authority beyond it, or in violation of it. We assert that no nation can long endure half republic and half empire, and we warn the American people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home.

Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Porto Rican law, enacted by a Republican Congress against the protest and opposition of the Democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the Nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of National good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent, and taxation with-

Porto Rican Law Denounced.

out representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made in their behalf by the commanding general of our army, which the Porto Ricans welcomed to a peaceful and unresisted occupation of their land. It dooms to poverty and distress a people whose helplessness appeals with peculiar force to our justice and magnanimity. In this, the first act of its imperialistic programme, the Republican party seeks to commit the United States to a colonial policy inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the Supreme Court in numerous decisions.

We demand the prompt and honest fulfillment of our pledge to the Cuban people and the world, that the United States has no disposition nor intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction, or control over the island of Cuba, except for its pacification. The war ended nearly two years ago, profound peace reigns over all the island, and still the Administration keeps the

Pledge to the Cubans.

government of the island from its people, while republican carpetbag officials plunder its revenues and exploit the colonial theory to the disgrace of the American people.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present Administration. It has embroiled the Republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of its noblest sons, and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our

The Philippine Question.

former allies to achieve liberty and self-government. The Filipinos cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government; and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization, or to convert the Republic into an empire, we favor an immediate

declaration of the Nation's purpose to give the Filipinos, first, a stable form of government; second, independence; and third, protection from outside interference such as has been given for nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America. The greedy commercialism which dictated the Philippine policy of the Republican Administration attempts to justify it with the plea that it will pay, but even this sordid and unworthy plea fails when brought to the test of facts. The war of criminal "aggression" against the Filipinos, entailing an annual expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possible profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine trade for years to come. Furthermore, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty the price is always too high.

We are not opposed to territorial expansion, when it takes in desirable territory which can be erected into States in the Union, and whose people are willing and fit to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant islands to be governed outside the Constitution and whose people can never become citizens. We are in favor of extending the Republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be extended not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example.

The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in nowise diminished, and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them; but the burning issue of imperialism, growing out of the Spanish war, involving the very existence of the Republic and the destruction of our free institutions, we regard as the paramount issue of the campaign.

The Paramount Issue.

The declaration of the Republican platform adopted at the Philadelphia Convention, held in June, 1900, that the Republican party "steadfastly adheres to the policy announced in the Monroe Doctrine," is manifestly insincere and deceptive. This profession is contradicted by the avowed policy of that party, in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe Doctrine, to acquire and hold sovereignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the Eastern Hemisphere. We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine in all its integrity, both in letter and in spirit, as necessary to prevent the extension of European authority on these continents and as essential to our supremacy in American affairs. At the same time we declare that no American people shall ever be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.

We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is what millions of our citizens have fled from in Europe. It will impose upon our peace loving people a large standing army, an unnecessary burden of taxation, and would be a constant menace to their liberties.

Opposition to Militarism.

A small standing army and a well disciplined State militia are amply sufficient in time of peace. This Republic has no place for a vast military establishment, a sure forerunner of compulsory military service and conscription. When the Nation is in danger the volunteer soldier is his country's best defender. The National Guard of the United States should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people. Such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety. For the first time in our history and coeval with the Philippine conquest has there been a wholesale departure from our time-honored and approved system of volunteer organization. We denounce it as un-American, undemocratic and unrepugnant and as a subversion of the ancient and fixed principles of a free people.

Private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competition, control the price of raw material and of the finished product, thus robbing both producer and consumer. They lessen the employment of labor and arbitrarily fix the terms and conditions thereof; and deprive individual energy and small capital of their opportunity for betterment. They are the most efficient means yet devised for appropriating the fruits of industry to the

Trusts and Monopolies.

benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and, unless their insatiate greed is checked, all wealth will be aggregated in a few hands and the Republic destroyed. The dishonest paltering with the trust evil by the Republican party in its State and National platforms is conclusive proof of the truth of the charge that trusts are the legitimate product of Republican policies, that they are fostered by Republican laws, and that they are protected by the Republican Administration in return for campaign subscriptions and political support. We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in Nation, State and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce and requiring all corporations to show, before doing business outside of the State of their own origin, that they have no water in their stock, and that they have not attempted and are not attempting to monopolize any branch of the business or the production of any articles of merchandise; and the whole constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce, the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended by putting the products of trusts upon the free list, to prevent monopoly under the plea of protection. The failure of the present Republican Administration, with an absolute control over all the branches of the National Government, to enact any legislation designed to prevent or even curtail the absorbing power of trusts and illegal combinations, or to enforce the anti-trust laws already on the statute books, proves the insincerity of the high-sounding phrases of the Republican platform. Corporations should be protected in all their rights and their legitimate interests should be respected, but any attempt by corporations to interfere with the public affairs of the people or to control the sovereignty which creates them should be forbidden under such penalties as will make such attempts impossible. We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust-breeding measure skillfully devised to give to the few favors which they do not deserve, and to place upon the many burdens which they should not bear. We favor such an enlargement of the scope of the Interstate Commerce law as will enable the Commission to protect individuals and communities from discrimination and the public from unjust and unfair transportation rates.

We reaffirm and indorse the principles of the National Democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1896, and we reiterate the demand of that platform for an

American Financial System. American financial system made by the American people for themselves, which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price level, and as part of such system the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

We denounce the currency bill enacted at the last session of Congress as a step forward in the Republican policy which aims to discredit the sovereign right of the National Government to issue all money, whether

**Currency Law
Denounced.**

coin or paper, and to bestow upon National banks the power to issue and control the volume of paper money for their own benefit. A permanent National bank currency secured by Government bonds, must have a permanent debt to rest upon, and, if the bank currency is to increase with population and business, the debt must also increase. The Republican currency scheme is, therefore, a scheme for fastening upon the taxpayers a perpetual and growing debt for the benefit of the banks. We are opposed to this private corporation paper circulated as money, but without legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of National bank notes as fast as Government paper or silver certificates can be substituted for them. We favor an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct legislation wherever practicable. We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist, and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employes.

In the interest of American labor and the upbuilding of the workingman as the cornerstone of the prosperity of our country, we recommend that Congress create

**Department of
Labor.**

a Department of Labor, in charge of a Secretary, with a seat in the Cabinet, believing that the elevation of the American laborer will bring with it increased production and increased prosperity to our country at home and to our commerce abroad. We are proud of the courage and fidelity of the American soldiers and sailors in all our wars; we favor liberal pensions to them and their dependents; and we reiterate the position taken in the Chicago platform in 1896, that the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

We favor the immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaraguan Canal by the United States, and we denounce the insincerity of the plank in the

Nicaraguan Canal. Republican National platform for an Isthmian canal, in the face of the failure of the Republican majority to pass the bill pending in Congress. We condemn the Hay-

Pauncefote treaty as a surrender of American rights and interests, not to be tolerated by the American people. We denounce the failure of the Republican party to carry out its pledges to grant statehood to the Territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma, and we promise the people of those Territories immediate statehood, and home rule during their condition as Territories; and we favor home rule and a territorial form of government for Alaska and Porto Rico. We favor an intelligent system of improving the arid lands of the West, storing the waters for the purpose of irrigation, and the holding of such lands for actual settlers. We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese Exclusion law and its application to the same classes of all Asiatic races.

Jefferson said: "Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none." We approve this wholesale doctrine and earnestly

**Alliance with
England.**

protest against the Republican departure which has involved us in so-called world politics, including the diplomacy of Europe and the intrigue and land grabbing in Asia, and we especially condemn the ill-concealed

Republican alliance with England, which must mean discrimination against other friendly nations, and which has already stifled the Nation's voice while liberty is being strangled in Africa.

Believing in the principles of self-government and rejecting, as did our forefathers, the claims of monarchy, we view with indignation the purpose of England to overwhelm with force the South African Republics.

**South African
Republics.**

Speaking, as we believe, for the entire American Nation, except its Republican officeholders, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathy to the heroic

burghers in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

We denounce the lavish appropriations of recent Republican Congresses, which have kept taxes high and which threaten the perpetuation of the oppressive war

**Republican Approp-
riations.**

levies. We oppose the accumulation of a surplus to be squandered in such barefaced frauds upon the taxpayers as the Shipping Subsidy bill, which, under the false pretense of fostering American shipbuilding, would put unearned millions into the pockets of favorite contributors to the Republican campaign fund. We favor the reduction and speedy repeal of the war taxes, and a return to the time-honored Democratic policy of strict economy in governmental expenditures.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional Republic is at stake, and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not children are to enjoy those blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing

**Appeal to the
People.**

declaration of principles the hearty support of the liberty loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Officers—A. F. Warden, chairman, Waukesha; C. J. Noel, secretary, Marinette; M. J. Hoven, treasurer, Madison. The committee: First district—J. L. Mahaney, Janesville; William Brown, Lake Geneva. Second—M. J. Hoven, Madison; J. W. Moore, Watertown. Third—R. A. Watkins, Lancaster; E. W. Evans, Spring Green. Fourth—Vincenz J. Schoenecker, Milwaukee; Ignatz Czerwinski, Milwaukee. Fifth—William Schlicht, Sheboygan; D. J. Hemlock, Waukesha. Sixth—George Hilton, Oshkosh; John Franz, Manitowoc. Seventh—W. R. McCaul, Tomah; Wm. H. Frawley, Eau Claire. Eighth—D. D. Conway, Grand Rapids; R. J. McGeehan, De Pere. Ninth—Daniel J. Madagin, Marinette; Thos. Mathews, Merrill. Tenth—D. W. Twoby, West Superior; John W. Bashford, Hudson.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention at Milwaukee Aug. 22, 1900.

The Democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, realizing the importance of the political battle about to be waged in the State and Nation, and that upon its outcome depends the settlement of momentous issues, hereby make the following declaration of principles:

We affirm the principles as set forth in the platform adopted by the Democratic party in convention assembled at Kansas City, and hereby pledge ourselves to give our utmost support by voice and vote to the furtherance of the candidacies of our matchless leaders, William Jennings Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson.

The Constitution of our country provides for a government based upon the broad and humane principle of a government by consent of the governed. That under this Constitution and under these principles we have founded and maintained the most enlightened, the most humane, the best government the world has ever seen. We denounce, therefore, the abandonment of this principle by the McKinley administration, and the substitution in its stead of the monarchical system of a government by force.

Expansion Renounced. We expressly declare our opposition to the McKinley policy of establishing colonial dependencies as adjuncts to our republic. We denounce that policy as revolutionary, destructive of the fundamental principles of free government and the abandonment of that splendid system upon which was founded our free institutions.

Against Dependencies. We will fight to the last ditch every attempt to establish a military system which necessarily leads to compulsory military service as an obligation of citizenship, and will strenuously oppose the maintenance of a large standing army, unnecessarily, with all its attendant burdens of oppressive taxation.

We denounce the attitude which the McKinley administration has assumed towards the gigantic aggregations of capital, commonly known as trusts. We believe that these are a menace to industrial freedom; that they destroy competition, decrease production, increase prices and have thrown a large army of men out of employment. We believe that the declaration of the

The Trust Question. Republican party on this question is not sincere, as is evidenced by the fact that during four years of control, of the legislative machinery, no effective steps have been taken to control, regulate or prevent the organization of trusts, and for the further reason that many of the leaders of the Republican party are themselves promoters and organizers of these destructive combinations.

We favor legislation equalizing the tax laws of the State upon the basis of constitutional uniformity, and a revision of the laws relating to transportation

**Taxes and
Transportation.**

rates and license fees of quasi-public corporations. We declare our opposition to the present system of double taxation and demand that taxes be justly and equitably levied upon all property within the State, whether owned by corporations or individual, without discrimination or favor, excepting such property of religious, fraternal and benevolent associations as is now expressly exempt by law.

We are opposed to Joint Resolution No. 16, proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article 10 of the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, relating to education. This proposed amendment is in conflict with the

**Education and
Banking Laws.**

recently expressed vote of the people as to the supervision of public instruction, and opens the way for the vesting of the control of the public schools arbitrarily in the hands of the State Superintendent and the taking away from the people of the various counties the election of county superintendent.

We are opposed to Joint Resolution No. 13, proposing an amendment to Article 11 of the Constitution of Wisconsin, giving the legislature power to pass a general banking law and believe that the people should continue to be vested with the ultimate power to vote upon the passage of any banking law.

We condemn the present caucus law which provides for a complicated and expensive nominating system, and favor such a revision of the same as will result in a simple, direct and inexpensive method of nominating candidates for office and delegates to conventions.

We congratulate the State of Wisconsin upon the efficiency of its National Guard, and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to maintain its present high standard.

We pledge the candidates nominated by this convention to honestly, safely and economically administer the business of the State in the interest of all the people.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PARTY.

Officers—Robert Meister, chairman, Milwaukee, Wis.; Seymour Stedman, secretary, Chicago, Ill.; J. E. Finn, treasurer, Chicago, Ill.

ORGANIZATION AND PLATFORM.

The present Social Democratic party is the result of the amalgamation of the original Social Democratic party, founded on June 13, 1898, at Chicago, Ill., and the Socialist Labor party, formed some years ago in New York city. This amalgamation was brought about by the Socialist Labor party, in convention at Rochester, New York, in January, 1900, appointing a committee to meet with the convention of the Social Democratic party at Indianapolis, Ind., in March, 1900. This convention appointed a committee, and the two committees met in New York city on March 25, and submitted to the referendum of both parties a plan of union, which was adopted July 10, and a Provisional Executive Committee chosen. At Chicago, on September 29, the nomination of Eugene V. Debs, of Illinois, for the Presidency, and Job Harriman, of California, for the Vice-Presidency, was ratified. The following platform was adopted:

The Social Democratic party of the United States, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the revolutionary principles of International Socialism and declares the supreme political issue in America today to be the contest between the working class and the capitalist class for the possession of the powers of government. The party affirms its steadfast purpose to use those powers, once achieved, to destroy wage slavery, abolish the institution of private property in the means of production, and establish the co-operative Commonwealth. In the United States, as in all other civilized countries, the

**Private Ownership
Recommended.**

natural order of economic development has separated society into two antagonistic classes, the capitalists, a comparatively small class, the possessors of all the modern means of production and distribution (land, mines, machinery and means of transportation and communication), and the large and ever increasing class of wage workers, possessing no means of production. This economic supremacy has secured to the dominant class the full control of the government, the pulpit, the schools and the public press; it has thus made the capitalist class the arbiter of the fate of the workers, whom it is reducing to a condition of dependence, economically exploited and oppressed, intellectually and physically crippled and degraded, and their political equality rendered a bitter mockery. The contest between these two classes grows ever sharper. Hand in hand with the growth of monopolies goes the annihilation of small industries and of the middle class depending upon them; ever larger grows the multitude of destitute wage workers and of the unemployed, and ever fiercer the struggle between the class of the exploiter and exploited, the capitalists and the wage workers. The evil effects of capitalist production are intensified by the recurring industrial crises which render the existence of the greater part of the population still more precarious and uncertain. These facts amply prove that the modern means of production have outgrown the existing social order based on production for profit. Human energy and natural resources are wasted for individual gain. Ignorance is fostered that wage slavery may be perpetuated. Science and invention are perverted to the exploitation of men, women and children. The lives and liberties of the working class are recklessly sacrificed for profit. Wars are fomented between nations; indiscriminate slaughter is encouraged; the destruction of whole races is sanctioned, in order that the capitalist class may extend its commercial dominion abroad and enhance its supremacy at home. The introduction of a new and higher order of society is the historic mission of the working class. All other classes, despite their apparent or actual conflicts, are interested in upholding the system of private ownership in the means of production.

The Democratic, Republican and all other parties which do not stand for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system of production are alike the tools of

To Overthrow Capitalists.

Their policies are injurious to the interest of the working class, which can be served only by the abolition of the profit system. The workers can most effectively act as a class in their struggle against the collective power of the capitalist class only by constituting themselves into a political party, distinct and opposed to all parties formed by the propertied classes. We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of the United States, without distinction of color, race, sex, or creed, and upon all citizens in sympathy with the historic mission of the working class, to organize under the banner of the Social Democratic party, as a party truly representing the interests of the toiling masses and uncompromisingly waging war upon the exploiting class, until the system of wage slavery shall be abolished and the co-operative Commonwealth shall be set up. Pending the accomplishment of this our ultimate purpose, we pledge every effort of the Social Democratic party for the immediate improvement of the condition of labor and for the securing of its progressive demands. As steps in that direction, we make the following demands:

First—Revision of our Federal Constitution, in order to remove the obstacles to complete control of government by the people, irrespective of sex. Second—

The public ownership of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines. Third—The public ownership of all railroads, telegraphs and telephones; all means of transportation; all waterworks, gas and electric plants, and other public utilities. Fourth—The public ownership of all gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal and other mines, and all oil and gas wells. Fifth—

Demand Public Ownership.

The reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing facilities of production. Sixth—The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employment of the unemployed, the public credit to be utilized for that purpose. Seventh—Useful inventions to be free, the inventors to be remunerated by the public. Eighth—Labor legislation to be National, instead of local, and international when possible. Ninth—National Insurance of working people against accidents, lack of employment, and want in old age. Tenth—

Equal civil and political rights for men and women, and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women. Eleventh—The adoption of the initiative and referendum, proportional representation, and the right of recall of representatives by the voters. Twelfth—Abolition of war and introduction of international arbitration.

WISCONSIN SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION.

State Committee—Victor L. Berger, chairman, 604 State Street, Milwaukee. Committee Members: Ed. Ziegler, Louis Arnold, Fred Sieling, John Doerfler, Gustav Richter, James Shehann, Milwaukee; F. C. Haack, Henry Luther, Sheboygan; F. Clausen, Mishicot.

THE STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention in Milwaukee, September 2, 1900.

Experience teaches us that while all citizens, according to the Constitution of the United States, are equal in theory, they are not in fact. While all citizens have the same rights politically, this political equality is useless under the present system of economic inequality, which is essentially destructive to life, liberty and happiness. To the obvious fact that our despotic

Fallacy of Present Systems.

system of economics is the direct opposite of our partly democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a class that corrupts the government, alienates public property, public franchises and public functions, and keeps the great mass of the mightiest of nations in abject dependence. Discontent is increasing rapidly. The time has come when the wealth producers of this country and this state must organize politically. We therefore call upon the people to unite under the banner of the Social Democratic party, to the end that they may gain political power, and put an end to the present state of wasteful production and unjust distribution of wealth.

We point with pride to our national platform and its demands, which aim at the abolition of this system of industrial war and social disorder by the substitution of the collective ownership of the means of production and distribution. And we also call attention to the fact that in Eugene V. Debs, the peerless champion of labor, we have a candidate whose record makes capitalism tremble.

In our own state we demand for immediate enactment the following: 1. The fixing of a normal working day in all industries which are working under the factory system. The working day there shall not exceed

Declaration of Party Demands.

eight hours. Also an unbroken rest for at least thirty-six hours for every wage-worker every week. 2. Prohibition of the employment of children under 16 years of age (under penalty of fine). The employment of women at night in factories and work-shops to be also forbidden. 3. School education of all children under 16 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all, by public assistance in meals, clothing, etc., wherever necessary. Free maintenance of such pupils, male or female, in higher educational institutions after 16 years of age as are judged to be fitted for further education. 4. Books and utensils to be furnished free to all the children in the public schools and higher institutions. 5. Repeal of all pauper, tramp and conspiracy laws. Employment of the unemployed by the public authorities (county, city or state). 6. Legal incorporation by the state of Wisconsin of trade unions and farmers' alliances. The state of Wisconsin to insure farmers' property against fire, hail, etc., at a rate not to exceed the cost. 7. Laws for the protection of health, life and limb, and an efficient employers' liability law. 8. Free administration of the law and free legal assistance to all citizens, and compensation to persons accused, imprisoned or condemned unjustly. 9. Legislation looking to the purchase and preservation of large tracts of forest and lake areas for public parks. 10. A graduate income, property and inheritance tax to meet all public expenses which are to be

met by taxation. The corporations to pay their just share accordingly. 11. Universal suffrage, without distinction of sex, for all adults. Holding elections on a legal day of rest. 12. The imperative mandate for our legislators and also proportional representation in order to have the minorities represented. The senate, and the veto power of the governor to be abolished.

POPULIST (MIDDLE OF THE ROAD) PARTY.

National Committee—J. A. Parker, chairman, Louisville, Ky.; J. E. McBride, secretary, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Milton Park, treasurer, Dallas, Tex. Members of Executive Committee—George L. Spence, Parkersburg, W. Va.; W. L. Peek, Congers, Ga.; C. M. Walter, Indianapolis, Ind.; H. E. Boen, Fergus Falls, Minn.; J. K. Sears, McCoy, Ore.; A. W. Fawcner, Omaha, Neb.

POINTS IN THE PLATFORM.

At Cincinnati, Ohio, on May 10, the Middle of the Road Populists nominated Wharton Barker for President and Ignatius Donnelly for Vice-President, and adopted a platform in substance as follows: (1) We demand the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate or such changes of existing fundamental and statute law as will enable the people in their sovereign capacity to propose and compel the enactment of such laws as they desire; to reject such as they deem injurious to their interests, and to recall unfaithful public servants. (2) We demand the public ownership and operation of those means of communication, transportation and production which the people may elect, such as railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, coal mines, etc. (3) The land, including all natural sources of wealth, is a heritage of the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only. (4) A scientific and absolute paper money, based upon the entire wealth and population of the Nation, not redeemable in any specific commodity, but made a full legal tender for all debts, and receivable for all taxes and public dues and issued by the Government only without the intervention of banks and in sufficient quantity to meet the demands of commerce, is the best currency that can be devised; but until such a financial system is secured, which we shall press for adoption, we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. (5) We demand the levy and collection of a graduated tax on incomes and inheritances, and a constitutional amendment to secure the same, if necessary. (6) We demand the election of President, Vice-President, Federal Judges and United States Senators by direct vote of the people. (7) We are opposed to trusts, and declare the contention between the old parties on the monopoly question is a sham battle, and that no solution of this mighty problem is possible without the adoption of the principles of public ownership of public utilities.

No state organization in Wisconsin.

PEOPLES PARTY (FUSION).

National Executive Committee—Marion Butler, chairman, Elliot, North Carolina; J. H. Edmisten, vice-chairman, Lincoln, Neb.; J. A. Edgerton, secretary, Denver, Col.; George F. Washburn, treasurer, Boston, Mass.; Wm. V. Allen, Madison, Neb.; James B. Weaver, Colfax, Ia.; J. W. Bridenthal, Topeka, Kan.; Robert Schilling, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. G. Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa.; Eugene Smith, Chicago, Ill.; Harry Tracy, Wright, Tex.; J. M. Bowler, St. Paul, Minn.; E. W. Way, Seattle, Wash.

The Fusion wing of the People's party met at Sloux Falls, S. D., on May 10, and nominated William J. Bryan and Charles A. Towne (of Minnesota) for President and Vice-President, respectively. In the platform the resolutions on Imperialism and militarism deplored the conduct of the Administration in the Spanish-American War and denounced its conduct in connection with the Philippines. With reference to Porto Rico it was set forth that the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution and the American flag are one and inseparable. It was also declared that the island of Porto Rico is a part of the territory of the United States, made so by our promises and the consent of the Porto Ricans themselves. There was a strong resolution of sympathy for the Boers, a declaration against the monopolizing of public land for speculative purposes, a demand for a return to the original homestead policy, a declaration for the placing of all goods controlled by the trusts upon the free tariff list, a condemnation for the Governor of Idaho and the Federal Government in connection with the Cœur d'Alene troubles, and the usual demand for the initiative and referendum. Trusts were denounced, and the Populistic method for the control of public utilities, such as the railroads and the telegraphic systems, and of the issuance of money, was recommended as the proper remedy to cope with the trust evil. The gold standard act of the present Congress was denounced in strong terms, and it was asserted that, "while barring out the money of the Constitution, this law opens the printing mints of the Treasury to the free coinage of paper money to enrich the few and impoverish the many." The party was pledged anew "never to cease agitation until the financial conspiracy is blotted from the statute books, the Lincoln greenback restored and the bonds all paid and all corporation money forever retired." The system of issuing injunctions in cases of dispute between employers and employes was under certain circumstances denounced as an evil. The election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by direct vote of the people was urged, as also were Government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines, home rule in the Territories, the employment of idle labor on public works in time of depression, the payment of just pensions to disabled soldiers and the establishment of postal savings banks.

On August 8, Mr. Towne withdrew, and on August 28 the National Executive Committee named Adlai E. Stevenson in his place.

THE ORGANIZATION IN WISCONSIN.

Representatives of the Peoples party (fusion) in Wisconsin met in Milwaukee, Aug. 26, 1900, elected officers and adopted a platform but made no nominations for state offices. Their only official action for the November election was tacit endorsement of the Democratic National candidates and of the Democratic nominee for congress in the Fifth Congressional district. Their State committee and platform follow:

The State Committee: Robert Schilling, Milwaukee, chairman; Herman S. Freihube, Milwaukee, secretary; Samuel Isaac, Milwaukee, treasurer. Committeemen: First District—Sherman Harrington, Walworth; A. A. Worsley, Racine. Second—John Gallagher, Dane; L. A. Murray, Columbia. Third—C. M. Butt, Vernon; Ritner Stephens, Grant. Fourth—Herman Freihube, Samuel Isaac, Milwaukee. Fifth—Robert Schilling, Milwaukee; William Gadow, Ozaukee. Sixth—G. P. McKenney, Calumet; H. E. Frisbie, Waushara. Seventh—John Lyon, Eau Claire; D. L. Brown, Monroe. Eighth—Daniel De Vroey, Brown; S. A. Sherman, Portage. Ninth—Duncan Ross, Ashland; S. A. Krause, Ashland. Tenth—D. H. Baker, Pierce; Charles Wilcox, Pierce.

THE PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention in Milwaukee Aug. 22, 1900.

The People's party of Wisconsin, standing for all that is reasonable and practical in securing the elevation of man into higher and nobler conditions, maintains that the enactment of its principles into law, will bring about a state of government and society which compared to our present crude and barbaric state, will appear to be a paradise on earth. The gross inequality, which makes a few

men inordinately rich without labor, and the masses excessively poor, is the result of class legislation, and of prejudiced judges and executives, who are nominally elected by the people, but whose nomination has been dictated by gigantic trusts and other monopolistic corporations, who use these creatures of their wealth to maintain and increase their extortions on the people.

There is but one remedy—all voters who desire to end these extortions and exterminate the robber trusts, should combine together in one grand movement for their overthrow. For this reason we commend the Democratic National convention in having endorsed that stalwart and unflinching friend of the people, William J. Bryan, and pledge him our undivided support.

We endorse the national platform of the Peoples party, adopted at Sioux Falls, S. D., on May 10, 1900, and submit as the demands of the Peoples party of Wisconsin:

1. The abolition of monopoly in money, transportation and land, as provided in the national platform.

2. Direct legislation, known as the Initiative and Referendum, placing the power to initiate new laws or to vote balances in the hands of the people, where it belongs. (Corporations may corrupt the majority of a comparatively small body of law makers, but they cannot buy the majority of all the people.) We also demand that the people be given the right to recall incompetent or dishonest public officials, and proportional representation.

3. Public control of all public utilities, national, state and local.

4. Whenever an industry becomes so centralized in the hands of a trust as to assume the nature of a monopoly and a menace to the interest or the welfare of the people, such industry should be conducted by the government in the interest of the people.

5. The issue of all money by the government directly to the people through the medium of government banks and the establishment of national savings banks. The question of gold or silver money we have always considered of secondary importance. The real question is whether the money of the country shall be controlled by the people represented in the government, or by private and irresponsible banking institutions.

6. A graduated income and inheritance tax; the principle of the income tax which now applies in this state only to favored corporations should be extended to all.

7. We reiterate our demand for a Primary Election law, so that voters can choose their candidates by direct vote.

8. The abolition of the arbitrary power assumed by judges, who have perverted law and common sense by unjustifiable injunctions.

9. In the interest of labor, we demand a legal eight-hour work day for all industrial pursuits; sanitary inspection of workshops, mines and buildings; liability of employers for injury to health, body and life, without regard to the negligence of co-employees; abolition of the contract system on all public work and in the state prison; a legal cash pay day; the abolition of the sweating system and the prohibition of blacklisting and child labor.

10. Municipal home rule.

And we appeal to all friends of progress and reform to aid and assist us in electing our candidates, who are pledged to carry out the demands here laid down.

PROHIBITION PARTY.

National Executive Committee—O. W. Stewart, chairman, Chicago, Ill.; Samuel Dickie, vice-chairman, Albion, Mich.; Wm. T. Wardell, secretary, 26 Broadway, New York, N. Y.; S. D. Hastings, treasurer, Green Bay, Wis.; A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa.; J. A. Tate, Dyer, Tenn.; T. R. Carskadon, Keyser, W. Va.; L. W. Elliott, Stockton, Cal.; H. P. Farris, Clinton, Mo.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention at Chicago June 28, 1900.

We propose as a step in the financial problems of the Nation to save more than a billion of dollars every year, now annually expended to support the

liquor traffic and to demoralize our people. When that is accomplished, conditions will have so improved that with a clearer atmosphere the country can address itself to the questions as to the kind and quantity of currency needed.

We reaffirm as true indisputably the declaration of William Windom when Secretary of the Treasury in the Cabinet of President Arthur, that "Considered

The Issue Presented.

socially, financially, politically or morally, the licensed liquor traffic is or ought to be the overwhelming issue in American politics," and that "the destruction of this iniquity stands next on the calendar of the world's progress." We hold that the existence of our party presents this issue squarely to the American people, and lays upon them the responsibility of choice between liquor parties, dominated by distillers and brewers, with their policy of saloon perpetuation, breeding waste, wickedness, woe, pauperism, taxation, corruption and crime, and our one party of patriotic and moral principle, with a policy which defends it from domination by corrupt bosses and which insures it forever against the blighting control of saloon politics. We face with sorrow, shame and fear the awful fact that this liquor traffic has a grip on our government, municipal, State and National, through the revenue system and saloon sovereignty, which no other party dares to dispute; a grip which dominates the party now in power, from caucus to Congress, from policeman to President, from the rum-shop to the White House; a grip which compels the Chief Executive to consent that law shall be nullified in behalf of the brewer, that the canteen shall curse our army and spread intemperance across the seas, and that our flag shall wave as the symbol of partnership at home and abroad between this Government and the men who defy and defile it for their unholy gain.

We charge upon President McKinley, who was elected to his high office by appeals to Christian sentiment and patriotism almost unprecedented and by a combination of moral influences never before seen in this country, that, by his conspicuous example as a wine-drinker at public banquets and as a wine serving host

The President Arraigned.

in the White House, he has done more to encourage the liquor business, to demoralize the temperance habits of young men, and to bring Christian practices and requirements into disrepute, than any other President this Republic has ever had. We further charge upon President McKinley responsibility for the Army canteen, with its dire brood of disease, immorality, sin and death in this country, Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines; we insist that by his attitude concerning the canteen, and his apparent contempt for the vast number of petitions and petitioners protesting against it, he has outraged and insulted the moral sentiment of this country in such a manner and to such a degree as calls for its righteous uprising and his indignant and effective rebuke. We challenge denial of the fact that our Chief Executive, as commander in chief of the military forces of the United States, at any time prior to or since March 2, 1899, could have closed every Army saloon, called a canteen, by executive order, as President Hayes in effect did before him, and should have closed them, for the same reason that actuated President Hayes; we assert that the act of Congress passed March 2, 1899, forbidding the sale of liquor, "in any post exchange or canteen," by any "officer or private soldier" or by "any other person on any premises used for military purposes in the United States," was and is as explicit an act of prohibition as the English language can frame; we declare our solemn belief that the Attorney-General of the United States in his interpretation of that law, and the Secretary of War in his acceptance of that interpretation and his refusal to enforce the law, were and are guilty of treasonable nullification thereof, and that President McKinley, through his assent to and indorsement of such interpretation and refusal on the part of officials appointed by and responsible to him, shares responsibility in their guilt; and we record our conviction that a new and serious peril confronts our country, in the fact that its President, at the behest of the beer power, dare and does abrogate a law of Congress, through subordinates removable at will by him and whose acts become his, and thus virtually confesses that laws are to be administered or to be nullified in the interest of a law defying business, by an Administration under mortgage to such business for support.

We deplore the fact that an Administration of this Republic claiming the right and power to carry our flag across seas, and to conquer and annex new territory,

**Foreign Liquor
Policy Condemned.**

should admit its lack of power to prohibit the American saloon on subjugated soil, or should openly confess itself subject to liquor sovereignty under that flag. We are humiliated, exasperated and grieved by the evidence painfully abundant that this Administration's policy of expansion is bearing so rapidly its first fruits of drunkenness, insanity and crime under the hothouse sun of the tropics; and when the president of the first Philippine Commission says "It was unfortunate that we introduced and established the saloon there, to corrupt the natives and to exhibit the vices of our race," we charge the inhumanity and un-Christianity of this act upon the Administration of William McKinley and upon the party which elected and would perpetuate the same. We declare that the only policy which the Government of the United States can of right uphold as to the liquor traffic, under the National Constitution, upon any territory under the military or civil control of that Government, is the policy of prohibition; that "to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity," as the Constitution provides, the liquor traffic must neither be sanctioned nor tolerated, and that the revenue policy which makes our Government a partner with distillers and brewers and barkeepers is a disgrace to our civilization, an outrage upon humanity and a crime against God. We condemn the present Administration at Washington because it has repealed the prohibitory laws in Alaska, and has given over the partly civilized tribes there to be the prey of the American grog shop; and because it has entered upon a license policy in our new possessions by incorporating the same in the recent act of Congress in the code of laws for the government of the Hawaiian Islands. We call general attention to the fearful fact that exportation of liquors from the United States to the Philippine Islands increased in value from \$337 in 1898 to \$467,198 in the first ten months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900; and that while our exportation of liquors to Cuba never reached \$30,000 a year previous to American occupation of that island, our exports of such liquors to Cuba during the fiscal year of 1899 reached the sum of \$629,855.

One great religious body (the Baptist) having truly declared of the liquor traffic "that it has no defensible right to exist, that it can never be reformed, and that it stands condemned by its unrighteous fruits as a thing un-Christian, un-American, and perilous utterly to every interest in life;" another great religious body (the Methodist) having as truly asserted and reiterated that "no political party has a right to expect,

**Call to Moral and
Christian
Citizenship.**

nor should it receive, the votes of Christian men so long as it stands committed to the license system, or refuses to put itself on record in an attitude of open hostility to the saloon;" other great religious bodies having made similar deliverances, in language plain and unequivocal, as to the liquor traffic and the duty of Christian citizenship in opposition thereto; and the fact being plain and undeniable that the Democratic party stands for license, the saloon and the canteen, while the Republican party, in policy and administration, stands for the canteen, the saloon and the revenue therefrom, we declare ourselves justified in expecting that Christian voters everywhere shall cease their complicity with the liquor curse by refusing to uphold a liquor party, and shall unite themselves with the only party which upholds the prohibition policy, and which for nearly thirty years has been the faithful defender of the Church, the State, the home and the school, against the saloon, its expanders and perpetuators, their actual and persistent foes. We declare that there are but two real parties today, concerning the liquor traffic—perpetuationists and Prohibitionists; and that patriotism, Christianity, and every interest of genuine and of pure democracy, besides the loyal demands of our common humanity, require the speedy union, in one solid phalanx at the ballot box, of all who oppose the liquor traffic's perpetuation, and who covet endurance for this Republic.

PROHIBITION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Executive Committee—J. E. Clayton, chairman, Milwaukee; E. W. Drake, vice-chairman, Milwaukee; Wm. R. Nethercut, secretary, Wauwatosa; C. F. Cronk, Madison; T. K. Thorvilson, Eau Claire. Members of Committee—W. J. Tubbs, Elkhorn; W. B. Ellis, Tibbetts; C. F. Cronk, Madison; Wm. E. Mack, Fort Atkinson; H. J. Noyes, Muscoda; N. H. Westman, Neecedah; E. W. Drake, I. D. Mishoff, Milwaukee; Wm. R. Nethercut, Wauwatosa; Wm. H. Brown, Merton; Geo. C. Hill, Rosendale; Wm. H. Clark, Ripon; T. K. Thorvilson, Eau Claire; G. Shepard, La Crosse; C. W. Lomas, H. A. Larson, Green Bay; C. R. Smith, Marinette; J. H. Volk, Oconto Falls; Anton Berg, South Superior; A. E. Coe, Barron.

THE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Madison, Aug. 23, 1900.

The Prohibition party of Wisconsin in convention at Madison, Aug. 23 and 23, recognizing Almighty God as the source of all power, heartily endorses the platform adopted by the National Prohibition party at Chicago, June 27 and 28, 1900, and the nomination of John G. Woolley, of Illinois, for President, and Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island, for Vice-President.

We demand the prohibition of the manufacture, sale, exportation, importation and transportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes.

We declare that no substantial reform can be made by legislative enactment for purer primary and general elections so long as the saloon debauches the citizen and breeds the purchasable voter. Break down the rum traffic, elevate manhood and a sober citizenship will give us an honest ballot.

We are in favor of equal and just taxation, and as the first step to this end we demand the repeal of the present license laws of this state, which take more than two million dollars from the wives and children of drunkards, that should be levied upon the property instead of the poverty of our people. This can only be done by the enactment of a prohibitory law in place of the license system which is wrong in principle, vicious in theory and a failure in practice.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

National Executive Committee—Eber Forbes, Wm. H. Wherry, John T. Keveney, Julian Pierce, Max Forker, Joseph H. Sauter, Dow Hosman. Officers—Julian Pierce, secretary; J. H. Sauter, treasurer.

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention in New York City June 2, 1900.

The Socialist Labor party of the United States, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. With the founders of the American Republic we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, of liberty and of happiness. With the founders of this Republic we hold that the

**Public Ownership
of all Utilities.**

true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common. To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of

our Democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class. Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of life. Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule. Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated, that the people may be kept in bondage. Science and invention are diverted from their human purpose to the enslavement of women and children. Against such a system the Socialist Labor party once more enters its protest. Once more it reiterates its fundamental declaration that private property is the natural sources of production and in the instruments of labor is the obvious cause of all economic servitude and political dependence. The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalistic combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall. We therefore call upon the wage workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public powers; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present class struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the abolition of classes, the restoration of the land and of all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder; a Commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

WISCONSIN PLATFORM.

The Socialist Labor party of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the platform and tactics of the Social Labor party of America and again endorses the Socialist Trades and Labor Alliance. It calls upon the working class, irrespective of creed, race or color, to make use of the ballot to conquer the political power as a preliminary to taking over all the land and machinery of production, to which, as utilizers and creators thereof, they are partly entitled.

WHEREAS, Class interest and class politics are irreparable, devoid as they may on trifling issues, the labor fleecers are always united on the question of labor fleecing. So-called independent and citizen movements, and the so-called Social Democratic movement under lead of various demagogues are only the efforts of cunning political tricksters to blind and divide the working class.

Resolved, That we call on the voters to shun all such factions and parties of the capitalist class, and to support the only party that stands for working class interests—the Social Labor party.

Resolved, That the Social Labor party of Wisconsin gives its unreserved approval to the National Executive Committee for its faithfulness and devotion in carrying out the will of the party.

Resolved, That we commend the aggressive and uncompromising attitude of our official party organs, "The People" and "The Socialistische Arbeiter Zeitung," and that we urge the sections to double their efforts towards the secure establishment of "The Daily People."

AMERICAN LEAGUE OF ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

The Liberty Congress of the American League of Anti-Imperialists met at Indianapolis, Ind., on August 16, and after vigorous opposition by members of the National or "Third Ticket" Convention, who were also admitted as delegates to the Anti-Imperialistic Congress, indorsed the candidacy of William J. Bryan for President. The platform and resolutions were adopted by a viva voce vote, and the exact vote will probably never be known. The platform, as adopted, was as follows:

This Liberty Congress of Anti-Imperialists recognizes a great National crisis, which menaces the Republic, upon whose future depends in such large measure the hope of freedom throughout the world. For the first time in our country's history the President has undertaken to subjugate a foreign people and to rule them by despotic power. He has thrown the protection of the flag over slavery and polygamy in the Sulu Islands. He has abrogated to himself the power to impose upon the inhabitants of the Philippines government without their consent and taxation without representation. He is waging war upon them for asserting the very principles for the maintenance of which our forefathers pledged their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor. He claims for himself and Congress authority to govern the territories of the United States without constitutional restraint. We believe in the Declaration of Independence. Its truths, not less self-evident today than when first announced by our fathers, are of universal application and cannot be abandoned while government by the people endures. We believe in the Constitution of the United States. It gives the President and Congress certain limited powers and secures to every man within the jurisdiction of our Government certain essential rights. We deny that either the President or Congress can govern any person anywhere outside the Constitution.

We are absolutely opposed to the policy of President McKinley, which proposes to govern millions of men without their consent, which in Porto Rico establishes taxation without representation, and government by the arbitrary will of a legislature unfettered by constitutional restraint, and in the Philippines prosecutes a war of conquest and demands unconditional surrender from a people who are of right free and independent. The struggle of men for freedom has ever been a struggle for constitutional liberty. There is no liberty if the citizen has no right which the Legislature may not invade, if he may be taxed by the legislature in which he is not represented, or if he is not protected by fundamental law against the arbitrary action of executive power. The policy of the President offers the inhabitants of Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines no hope of independence, no prospect of American citizenship, no constitutional protection, no representation in the Congress which taxes them. This is the government of men by arbitrary power without their consent. This is imperialism. There is no room under the free flag of America for subjects. The President and Congress, who derive all their powers from the Constitution, can govern no man without regard to its limitations.

We believe the greatest safeguard of liberty is a free press, and we demand that the censorship in the Philippines, which keeps from the American people the knowledge of what is done in their name, be abolished. We are entitled to know the truth, and we insist that the powers which the President holds in trust for us shall be not used to suppress it.

Because we thus believe, we oppose the re-election of Mr. McKinley. The supreme purpose of the people in this momentous campaign should be to stamp with their final disapproval his attempt to grasp imperial power. A self-governing people can have no more imperative duty than to drive from public life a Chief Magistrate who, whether in weakness or of wicked purpose, has used his temporary authority to subvert the character of their government and to destroy their National ideals.

**What the People
Should Do.**

We, therefore, in the belief that it is essential at this crisis for the American people again to declare their faith in the universal application of the Declaration

of Independence and to reassert their will that their servants shall not have or exercise any powers whatever

Recommendations

Urged.

more than those conferred by the Constitution, earnestly make the following recommendations to our countrymen: First, that, without regard to their views on minor questions of domestic policy, they withhold their votes from Mr. McKinley, in order to stamp with their disapproval what he has done. Second, that they vote for those candidates for Congress in their respective districts who will oppose the policy of imperialism. Third, while we welcome any other method of opposing the re-election of Mr. McKinley, we advise direct support of Mr. Bryan as the most effective means of crushing imperialism. We are convinced of Mr. Bryan's sincerity and of his earnest purpose to secure to the Filipinos their independence. His position and the declarations contained in the platform of his party on the vital issue of the campaign meet our unqualified approval. We recommend that the Executive committees of the American Anti-Imperialist League and its allied leagues continue and extend their organizations, preserving the independence of the movement; and that they take the most active part possible in the pending political campaign.

Until now the policy which has turned the Filipinos from warm friends to bitter enemies, which has slaughtered thousands of them and laid waste their country, has been the policy of the President. After the next election it becomes the policy of every man who votes

to re-elect him and who thus becomes with him responsible for every drop of blood thereafter shed. The con-

gress adopted the resolutions as reported by the committee by a viva voce vote. Less than a score of delegates voted against them.

The following resolution, proposed by W. S. Holden, of Chicago, was added to the platform as reported: Resolved, That in declaring that the principles of the

Declaration of Independence apply to all men, this Congress means to include the negro race in America as well as the Filipinos. We deprecate all efforts, whether in the South or in the North, to deprive the negro of his

rights as a citizen under the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

No organization in Wisconsin.

**Rights of the
Negro.**

NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

The fourth annual session of the Supreme Council of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union was held in Washington, D. C., on February 6, 7 and 8, 1900, and pledged its support to the candidates chosen by the Democratic party for President and Vice-President, on the following platform: Whereas, The Declaration of Independence, as a basis of a republican form of government that might be progressive and perpetual, "That all men are created equal, that they are endowed with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

We hold, therefore, that to restore and preserve these rights under a republican form of government, private monopolies of public necessities for speculative purposes, whether of the means of production, distribution

Public Ownership. or exchange, should be prohibited, and whenever such public necessity or utility becomes a monopoly in private hands, the people of the municipality, State or Union, as the case may be, shall appropriate the same by right of eminent domain, paying a just value therefor, and operate them for and in the interest of the whole people.

We demand a National currency, safe, sound and flexible; issued by the general Government only, a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all dues, and an equitable and efficient means of distribution of this currency, directly to the people, at the minimum of expense and without the intervention of banking corporations

Finance.

and in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis: (a) We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. (b) We demand a graduated income tax. (c) That our National legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another. (d) We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all National and State revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government economically and honestly administered. (e) We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people, and to facilitate exchange. (f) We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest bearing bonds, and demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the Government and not at the option of the creditor.

(a) The Government shall purchase or construct and operate a sufficient mileage of railroads to effectually control all rates of transportation on a just and equitable basis. (b) The telegraph and telephone, like the postoffice system, being a necessity for the transmission of intelligence, should be owned and operated by the Government in the interest of the people.

Transportation.

We demand that no land shall be held by corporations for speculative purposes or by railroads in excess of their needs as carriers, and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only.

Land Ownership.

We demand the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people; that each State shall be divided into two districts of nearly equal voting population, and that a Senator from each shall be elected by the people of the district.

Election of United States Senators.

Relying upon the good common sense of the American people, and believing that a majority of them, when uninfluenced by party prejudice, will vote right on all questions submitted to them on their merits; and

Direct Legislation.

further to effectually annihilate the pernicious lobby in legislation, we demand direct legislation by means of the initiative referendum. We demand free mail delivery in the rural districts. We demand that the inhabitants of all the territory coming to the United States as a result of the war with Spain be as speedily as possible permitted to organize a free government of their own, based upon the consent of the governed.

No organization in Wisconsin.

THIRD PARTY.

About one hundred volunteer delegates from several States met in Carnegie Hall, New York City, September 5, and nominated Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, for President, and Archibald Murray Howe, of Cambridge, Mass., for Vice-President. The Committee on Platform, composed of Professor Francis P. Nash, of Hobart College; Louis D. Lacroix, of Oxford, N. C.; Professor Edward G. Bourne, of Yale; W. F. Lloyd, of New York, and Edward Waldo Emerson, of Concord, Mass., a son of Ralph Waldo Emerson, presented the following platform, which was adopted:

We, citizens of the United States of America, assembled for the purpose of defending the wise and conservative principles which underlie our Government, thus declare our aims and purposes: We find our country threatened with alternative perils. On the one hand is a public opinion misled by organized forces

of commercialism that have perverted a war intended by the people to be a war of humanity into a war of conquest. On the other is a public opinion swayed by demagogic appeals to factional and class passions, the most fatal of diseases to a republic. We believe that either of these influences, if unchecked, would ultimately compass the downfall of our country, but we also believe that neither represents the sober conviction of our countrymen. Convinced that the extension of the jurisdiction of the United States for the purpose of holding foreign people as colonial dependents is an innovation dangerous to our liberties and repugnant to the principles upon which our Government is founded, we pledge our earnest efforts through all constitutional means, first, to procure the renunciation of all imperial or colonial pretensions with regard to foreign countries claimed to have been acquired through or in consequence of military or naval operations of the last two years. Second, we further pledge our efforts to secure a single gold standard and a sound banking system. Third, to secure a public service based on merit only. Fourth, to secure the abolition of all corrupting special privileges, whether under the guise of subsidies, bounties, underserved pensions or trust breeding tariffs.

Senator Caffery and Mr. Howe withdrew September 21, and on September 26 it was decided to nominate single electors-at-large wherever practicable. This was done in some States for the benefit of voters who objected to the Republican or Democratic platforms. At the New York conference the name "National Party" was approved, but the name "Third Party" was admitted to be that most familiar to the general public.

No organization in Wisconsin.

UNION REFORM PARTY.

Early in January the National Committee of the Union Reform party, which favors direct legislation, appointed a Canvassing Board, which sent out ballots to members of the party for votes for candidates for President and Vice-President. The balloting continued through February and March. In April the Canvassing Board announced that Seth H. Ellis, of Ohio, and Samuel T. Nicholson, of Pennsylvania, had been nominated for President and Vice-President respectively on the platform adopted by the Union Reform party at Cincinnati on March 1, 1899, and reaffirmed by the Ohio State Convention August 22, 1899, as follows:

Direct legislation under the system known as the initiative and referendum. Under the "initiative" the people can compel the submission to themselves of any desired law, when, if it receives a majority of the votes cast, it is thereby enacted. Under the "referendum" the people can compel the submission to themselves of any law which has been adopted by any legislative body, when, if such law fails to receive a majority of the votes cast, it will be thereby rejected. The convention adopted an appeal in part as follows: We accept the strong and unanswerable arguments of our friends. We see no need or benefit from party except a party to secure direct legislation. We have attached ourselves to the Union Reform party for direct legislation only. This party, organized by progressive and active men from this and other States at a time when dominant parties had legislated to make the initiation of reform movements impossible, acted whilst we were awaiting an opportune hour. We ask our honest, home-loving fellow citizens to organize in their respective precincts, and to honestly and fairly extend their organization to county and district, and to assist in controlling and extending the party and movement until the desired object is attained. The majority is with us in this desire for direct government, and with this sole purpose they must act at last. The logic of events, the tyranny of the "bosses" and the necessities of the hour assure us. Friends, this securing of a rightful voice is the affair of the individual, of each and

every one. Government direct by the people will not come as a voluntary concession from the holders of political power. These controllers of parties will not permit of referendum of acts and expenditures; they will not give to the people initiatory and mandatory rights, because to do so would be to destroy their own useless but lucrative occupations. These party "bosses" who monopolize political opportunity are the allies and supporters of all monopolies. We all believe that conditions can be made better or worse by legislation. The corporations know this and act accordingly. Truly they contribute to the election of candidates, but their great contributions are direct to the machine.

(No organization in Wisconsin.)

UNITED CHRISTIAN PARTY.

National Executive Committee—Wm. R. Benkert, chairman, Davenport, Ia.; J. E. Asay, vice-chairman, Rock Island, Ill.; Rev. W. R. Struble, secretary, Chicago, Ill.; A. D. Martin, treasurer, Rock Island, Ill.; Rev. J. M. Wylie, Evans, Col.; D. H. Martin, Pittsburg, Pa.; C. W. Pattee, Bunker Hill, Ind.

CONVENTION AND PLATFORM.

At a convention held at Rock Island, Ill., May 1 and 2, the United Christian party, devoted to the spread of moral and religious ideas in Government, placed in nomination the Rev. S. C. Swallow, of Pennsylvania, for President, and John G. Woolley, of Illinois, for Vice-President. These candidates withdrew, and Jonah F. R. Leonard, of Iowa, and David H. Martin, of Pennsylvania, were nominated in their stead on a platform which declared:

We believe the time to have arrived when the eternal principles of justice, mercy and love as exemplified in the life and teachings of Jesus Christ should be embodied in the Constitution of our Nation and applied in concrete form to every function of our government. We deprecate certain immoral laws which have grown out of the failure of our Nation to recognize these principles, notably such as require the desecration of the Christian Sabbath, authorize unscriptural marriage and divorce, license the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and permit the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors. As an expression of consent or allegiance on the part of the governed, in harmony with the above statements, we declare for the adoption and use of the system of direct legislation known as the "initiative and referendum," together with "proportionate representation" and "imperative mandate." We hold that all men and women are created free and with equal rights, and declare for the establishment of such political, industrial and social conditions as shall guarantee to every person civic equality, the full fruits of his or her honest toil, and opportunity for the righteous enjoyment of the same; and we especially condemn mob violence and outrages against any individual or class of individuals in our country. We declare against war and for the arbitration of all National and international disputes. We hold that the legalized liquor traffic is the crowning infamy of civilization, and we declare for the immediate abolition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage. We are gratified to note the widespread agitation of the cigarette question, and declare ourselves in favor of the enactment of laws prohibiting the sale of cigarettes or tobacco in any form to minors. We declare for the daily reading of the Bible in the public schools and institutions of learning under control of the State. We declare for the government ownership of public utilities. We declare for the election of the President and Vice-President and United States Senators by the direct vote of the people. We declare for such amendment of the United States Constitution as shall be necessary to give the principles herein set forth an undeniable legal basis in the fundamental law of our land. We invite into the United Christian party every honest man and woman who believes in Christ and his Golden Rule and standard of righteousness.

(No organization in Wisconsin.)

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS IN THE SEVERAL STATES.

The registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi (four months before election), Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico.

In New York it is required in cities and villages containing upward of 5,000 population. Personal appearance not required in towns or villages of less than 5,000 inhabitants.

In Pennsylvania failure to register does not debar one otherwise qualified.

In Vermont must take freemen's oath before voting first time, no registration required.

In Illinois registration of voters is required by law, and in Cook county, where Chicago is located, persons not registered are not entitled to vote; but outside of Cook county generally they can vote if not registered by swearing in their votes, and producing two witnesses as to their qualifications as an elector.

In Iowa in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7,000 inhabitants.

In Kentucky in cities and towns having a population of 3,000 or more, in Kansas in cities of the first and second class, in North Dakota in cities and villages of 800 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of the first and second class, in Maine in all cities and in towns having 500 or more voters.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over, and in Wisconsin in cities or villages of 2,000 inhabitants or more and in towns of 3,000 inhabitants or more.

In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before December 31. In Texas in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or over, that have adopted the Australian ballot system. South Dakota has a registration law, but if voter is not registered he may prove qualifications when he offers to vote.

In the State of Washington all voters in all cities and towns and all voting precincts having a voting population of 250 or more must be registered.

The registration of voters is not required in Indiana, New Hampshire, or Oklahoma. It is prohibited in Arkansas and West Virginia by constitutional provision.

Oregon has a registration law which requires all persons desiring to exercise the right of voting to register with a notary public, justice of the peace, or the county clerk, between the first Monday in January and the fifteenth day of May, 1900, and between those dates biennially thereafter. If elector has not registered he may, by proof of his residence and qualifications upon his own oath and that of six electors who know him, be permitted to vote.

In Wyoming no person can vote without registering. If sick or absent at time of registration, can make proof of fact by two witnesses, and be registered on election day.

 WHO MAY VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention, and civilized Indians who have severed tribal relations, resident of State one year and of town or precinct ten days. Excluded from voting: Persons under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, insane, convicted of treason or felony, betting on elections.

ELECTIVE FRANCHISE QUALIFICATIONS IN STATES AND TERRITORIES.

STATES.	Requirements as to citizenship.	RESIDENCE REQUIRED IN—				Persons excluded from voting.
		State.	County	Town.	Pre-cinct.	
Alabama *	Citizen of U. S., alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots or insane. ⁶
Arizona T. *	Citizen of U. S., alien who has decl intention.	6 m.	10 d.	19 d.	10 d.	Idiot, insane, convicted of felony.
Arkansas *	Citizen of U. S., alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiot, insane, conv. of felony, failure to pay poll tax. ⁵
California *	Citizen by nativity, naturalization (90 days prior to election) or by treaty of Queretaro.	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Chinese, idiots, insane, unable to read the constitution in English and to write his name. ⁶
Colorado *	Citizen, or alien, male or female, who has declared intentions four months prior to election.	6 m.	90 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Under guardianship, <i>non compos mentis</i> , insane. ⁶
Connecticut *	Citizen of U. S. who can read English language.	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Convicted of heinous crime, unless pardoned.
Delaware *	Citizen who has paid registration fee of \$1.00.	1 yr.	6 m.	3 m.	30 d.	Insane, paupers, convicted of felony.
Florida *	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	30 d.	Idiots, duellists. ⁶
Georgia *	Citizen who has paid all his taxes since 1877.	1 yr.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, insane. ⁶
Idaho *	Citizen of U. S., male or female	6 m.	30 d.	3 m.	10 d.	Idiots, insane, under guardianship, bigamists, polygamists. ⁶
Illinois *	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, insane. ⁶
Indiana *	Citizen, or alien who has declared intentions and resided in U. S. 1 year.	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	30 d.	U. S. soldiers, sailors, marines. ⁶
Iowa *	Citizen of the United States	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	60 d.	Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime.
Kansas *	Citizen of U. S., alien who has declared intention. ²	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Under guardianship, insane; dishonorably discharged U. S. soldiers, unless reinstated. ⁶
Kentucky *	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	Idiots, insane. ⁶
Louisiana *	Citizen of U. S. able to read and write ³	1 yr.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, insane, felons, inmates of prison or charitable institution, except Soldiers' Home.
Maine *	Citizen of the United States	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Paupers and Indians not taxed.
Maryland *	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 m.	3 m.	1 d.	Lunatics, <i>non compos mentis</i> . ⁶
Massachusetts *	Citizen who can read and write ²	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Under guardianship, paupers.
Michigan *	Citizen of U. S., alien who declared intention prior to May 8, 1892. ²	6 m.	20 d.	20 d.	20 d.	Duellists and accessories thereto, Indians with tribal relations.
Minnesota *	Citizen made such 3 months prior to election	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Insane, Indians untaxed. ⁶
Mississippi *	Citizen of U. S. who can read or understand the constitution.	2 yr.	1 yr.	1 yr.	1 yr.	Insane, idiots, non-taxpayers, Indians not taxed, bigamists. ⁶
Missouri *	Citizen of U. S., alien declared intention 1 year and under 5 years before election.	1 yr.	60 d.	60 d.	60 d.	In prison, poorhouse or asylum at public expense. ⁶
Montana *	Citizen of the United States ²	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Insane, idiots, Indians, felons not pardoned. ⁵
Nebraska *	Citizen of U. S., alien declared intention 30 days before election.	6 m.	40 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Convicted of treason, felony, unless restored, <i>non compos mentis</i> . ⁶
Nevada *	Citizen of the United States	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Insane, idiots, convicts unpardoned, Chinese, Indians.
N. Hampshire *	Citizen of the United States ²	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Paupers, excused from tax paying at own request.

New Jersey*....	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr.	5 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Insane, idiots, paupers, convicted of crime unless pardoned. ⁵
New Merico T....	Citizen of the United States.....	6 m.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Soldier, sailor, camp-follower, Indians.*
New York*.....	Citizen of the U. S., 90 days prior to election....	1 yr.	4 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Offenders against elective rights, guilty of bribery, betting on elections. ⁶
North Carolina	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr.	6 m.	4 m.	4 m.	Idiots, lunatics, those who deny being of Almighty God. ⁶
North Dakota *	Citizen of U. S., civilized Indian tribal relation severed ²	1 yr.	6 m.	90 d.	90 d.	Under guardianship, <i>non compos mentis</i> . ⁶
Ohio*.....	Citizen of United States ²	1 yr.	30 d.	20 d.	20 d.	Insane, idiots, felons. ⁶
Oklahoma T....	Citizen of U. S., Indian, tribal rel. severed ²	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	30 d.	Felons, idiots, insane.
Oregon*.....	Citizen of U. S., alien declared intention 1 year ²	6 m.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Insane, idiots, Chinese, convicted of felony.
Pennsylvania**	Citizen of U. S., at least 1 mo., if over 22 years old must have paid taxes within 2 years.	1 yr.	60 d.	60 d.	60 d.	Convicted of perjury and fraud as election officers, or bribery of voters.
Rhode Island**	Citizen of the U. S., owner of real estate 1 year..	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Paupers, lunatics, <i>non compos mentis</i> , under guardianship. ⁶
South Carolina.	Citizen of the United States ⁴	2 yr.	1 yr.	4 m.	4 m.	Insane, idiots, felons, paupers, criminal against election laws, unless pardoned.
South Dakota *	Citizen of U. S., alien of declared intention, Indian severed tribal relation. ²	6 m.	30 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Insane, under guardianship, U. S. soldiers. ⁶
Tennessee*.....	Citizen of U. S. who paid poll tax preceding year	1 yr.	6 m.	.....	.....	Convicted of bribery or other infamous crime.
Texas*.....	Citizen of U. S., alien of declared intention 6 mos. prior to elect. (actual resid. in dist. required).	1 yr.	6 m.	10 d.	10 d.	insane, idiots, paupers, convicted of felony. ⁶
Utah*.....	Citizen of U. S., male or female.....	1 yr.	4 m.	60 d.	60 d.	Insane, idiots ⁶
Vermont*.....	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr.	.....	3 m.	30 d.	Those who have not obtained approbation of board of civil authority of the town where residing.
Virginia*.....	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr.	3 m.	3 m.	30 d.	Idiots, lunatics, duelists and abettors unless pardoned. ⁶
Washington*....	Citizen of U. S., all residents of territory prior to statehood. ²	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, lunatics, Indians not taxed. ⁶
W. Virginia*....	Citizen of the state (actual residence in district required)	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Paupers, idiots, lunatics. ⁶
Wisconsin*.....	Citizen of U. S., alien of declared intention, Indian severed tribal relation. ²	1 yr.	.....	10 d.	10 d.	Insane, under guardianship, <i>non compos mentis</i> , betting on elections. ⁶
Wyoming*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female.....	1 yr.	60 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Insane, idiots, felons, unable to read state constitution in English language.

*The Australian ballot law or a modification of it in force. ¹ Or citizen of Mexico who has elected to become a citizen under treaties of 1848 and 1854; poll tax must be paid for current year. ² Women may vote on school questions. ³ Or who own \$300 worth of property assessed in their own name, or where father or grandfather was entitled to vote Jan. 1, 1857. ⁴ Who, six months before election, paid any poll tax then due, and can read and write any section of the state constitution, or who owns and can show that he has paid all taxes due the previous year on property in the state assessed at \$300 or more. ⁵ Or U. S. soldiers, sailors or marines quartered in the state. ⁶ Convicted of treason, felony, bribery, or other infamous crime, unless restored to citizenship. (*Additional voting qualifications on preceding page.*)

Residents of the District of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in it was ceded to the United States and became the seat of the general government. But from 1802 to June 20, 1874, the citizens of Washington, and from January 1, 1790, to said date the citizens of Georgetown, were entitled to vote on municipal subjects and for certain municipal officers. The citizens of the portion of the District outside of Washington and Georgetown were entitled to the privilege of voting on municipal subjects from April 20, 1871, to June 20, 1874, but that suffrage was abolished in the District of Columbia June 20, 1874, by an act of Congress at that date.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

The people of the State of Oregon voted upon a woman suffrage amendment in June, 1900. The vote stood 23,402 against, 26,265 for, the whole vote of the people numbering 82,000. The joint resolution to submit to the people of Iowa a woman suffrage amendment was lost in the House in 1900 by a vote of 55 against, 43 for, thereby showing a larger opposing vote than that cast in 1898. A woman suffrage resolution came before the Ohio Legislature in 1900, by which it was referred to the Committee on Judiciary, and there lost sight of. The New York Senate declined to act upon a bill giving tax-paying women in towns and villages the right to vote upon questions affecting property.

The Committee on Election Laws, in the Massachusetts Legislature, reported 10 to 1 against a petition for presidential and municipal suffrage for women. And for tax-paying women, the vote was unanimous against the suffrage. After debate in the House for the latter, on February 20 the vote stood 142 nays against 40 yeas.

In 1899 woman suffrage bills were defeated in the Legislatures of Massachusetts, Maine, Connecticut, Vermont, Illinois, Oklahoma, Arizona, Indiana, Missouri, Michigan, and California.

Woman suffrage amendments to the Constitution were defeated by the people in the State elections of 1898 in South Dakota and Washington, and in Oregon in June, 1900.

In Colorado, Idaho, Utah, and Wyoming women have full suffrage and vote for all officers, including Presidential electors. The Woman Suffrage law was adopted in Wyoming in 1870, and in Colorado in 1893, and woman suffrage is a constitutional provision in Utah and Wyoming.

In Indiana women may hold any office under the school laws, but cannot vote for any such officer.

In Kansas women exercise the suffrage largely in municipal elections.

In some form, mainly as to taxation or the selection of school officers, woman suffrage exists in a limited way in Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington, and Wisconsin.

EIGHT HOUR LABOR DAY IN WISCONSIN.

In all engagements to labor in any manufacturing or mechanical business, where there is no express contract to the contrary, a day's work shall consist of eight hours; but the law does not apply to contracts for labor by the week, month or year. In manufactories and workshops, children under 18 years and women employed therein shall not work over eight hours in a day.

PART VIII.

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BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born Jan. 6, 1843, in Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, Ind.; was educated at the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in 1864; came to Wisconsin June 1, 1859, and settled at Madison; removed from Madison to Hudson, in September, 1870, where he resided until 1893, when he returned to Madison, where he has since resided, being by profession a lawyer. He entered the war as a private in Co. D, 40th Wis. Inf. Vols.; was Captain of Co. A, 50th Wis. Inf. Vols., and at the close of service was brevetted major; was private and military secretary to Gov. Lucius Fairchild for a time and was assistant attorney general under Attorneys General Charles R. Gill and S. S. Barlow; was member of legislature from St. Croix county in 1872; he was elected Jan. 28, 1885, to succeed Hon. Angus Cameron as United States senator, serving from March 4, 1885, to March 4, 1891; he was elected United States senator January 27, 1897, to succeed Hon. W. F. Vilas, receiving every republican vote in both houses. He was tendered by President McKinley in December, 1898, position in his Cabinet, as Secretary of the Interior, *vice* Cornelius N. Bliss, resigned, but declined it.

JOSEPH VERY QUARLES (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Kenosha, Wis. (then Southport), Dec. 16, 1843. In 1862 he entered the University of Michigan, but interrupted his course of study in the spring of 1864 to enter the army as private in the 39th Wisconsin volunteers. He was mustered out as First Lieutenant, Co. C, and returned to his studies, graduating in 1866. He then studied law, and in 1868 formed at Kenosha a partnership with Mr. O. S. Head, one of the oldest and ablest practitioners of the state. Mr. Quarles was district attorney for Kenosha county for six years, mayor of Kenosha in 1876, member of the assembly in 1879, and state senator from 1880-1882. In the United States senatorial contest of 1881 Mr. Quarles received a very flattering vote, but insisted upon having his name withdrawn. At the expiration of his term of office he moved to Racine, Wis., where he entered into partnership with the present justice of the Supreme court, John B. Winslow. Six years later he made Milwaukee his home, and there organized the law firm of Quarles, Spence & Quarles, of which he is the senior member. Mr. Quarles was elected to the United States senate and entered upon his duties March 4, 1899.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1900—191,491.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, was born in Walworth county, Wis.; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to National republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of Congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 28,256 votes against 14,556 for Gilbert T. Hodges (Dem.). Cooper's plurality, 13,700.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Columbia, Dane, Dodge and Jefferson counties. Population in 1900—181,976.

HERMÁN BJORN DAHLE (Rep.), of Mount Horeb, Dane county, was born March 30, 1855, in the town of Perry, Dane county, Wis.; received his education in the district schools of his native town and in the University of Wisconsin. He resided at Mount Vernon from August, 1877, to March, 1888, where he conducted a general mercantile business, in which he is still interested, and is also the principal owner of the Mount Horeb bank. He was elected to congress in 1898, and again in 1900 by 22,175 votes against 18,819 for John A. Aylward (Dem.), and 1,010 for L. T. Davis (Pro.).

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties. Population in 1900—189,891.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK, of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; removed with his parents to Iowa in 1855; was educated at Mount Vernon and Cedar Falls; removed from Iowa in 1881, settling in Necedah, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of lumber until 1898, when the timber became exhausted; was elected to Wisconsin assembly in 1888 and re-elected in 1890; was elected to Congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, and 1900; was selected by Congress for Chairman of National Republican Congressional committee in 1894, and conducted that campaign as well as the campaigns of 1896, 1898 and 1900; was chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia in Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth congresses, and appointed a Member of Ways and Means committee in Fifty-sixth Congress. In the election of Nov. 6, 1900, Mr. Babcock received 26,593 votes against 14,017 votes cast for Edward L. Luckow (Dem.). Mr. Babcock's plurality 12,525.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city, except the 10th, 13th, 20th and 21st wards) and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1900—245,397.

THEOBALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Oct. 27, 1851, at West China, Mich. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Mich., and at

a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, 1896, 1898 and on Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 24,637 votes against 21,691 votes for George W. Peck (Dem.), 2,991 for Robert Meister, Social Democrat, and 496 for Edward W. Drake, Prohibitionist.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties, and the 10th, 13th, 20th and 21st wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the villages of North Milwaukee, East Milwaukee, Whitefish Bay, and the city of Wauwatosa, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1900—159,701.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY (Rep.), of West Bend, Washington county, was born Jan. 31, 1846, at Hartford, Wis. He received his education in the public schools and at Lombard University at Galesburg, Ill. He taught at Hartford from 1869 to 1872, when he commenced the study of law with the late attorney general, L. F. Frisby, and was admitted to practice in 1872. He has ever since practiced law at West Bend, and is now senior member of the firm of Barney & Kuechenmeister. He edited the Washington County Republican, now the Hartford Press, at West Bend, in 1872 and 1873; was superintendent of schools of Washington county for four years, beginning Jan. 1, 1876. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, 1896, 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 23,089 votes against 18,066 votes cast for Charles H. Weisse (Dem.).

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population in 1900—207,431.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON (Rep.), was born June 18, 1858, in Colchester, Delaware county, N. Y.; received a common school education in the public schools and at Walton Academy, Walton, N. Y.; was a teacher in the public schools of Delaware and Sullivan counties, N. Y., for several years, and for one year was engaged in the same occupation at Princeton, Green Lake county, Wis. He began the study of law at Walton, N. Y., and graduated from the Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884. Subsequently removed to Green Lake county, Wis., and commenced the practice of law in that county in 1887; was elected district attorney of Green Lake county in 1888, and in 1890 was chosen chairman of the republican congressional committee for the sixth district of Wisconsin, and continued in that position until he was nominated for congress on Aug. 20, 1896. On Jan. 1, 1892, he removed to Oshkosh, and became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Harshaw & Davidson, which partnership continued for three years, when he withdrew and continued the practice alone. In May, 1895, he was appointed city attorney of that city for a term of two years. He was elected to Congress in 1896, 1898 and in 1900, receiving 26,326 votes, against 19,758 for James W. Watson (Dem.).

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1900—168,042.

JOHN JACOB ESCH (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born near Norwalk, Monroe county, Wis., March 20, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and Sparta, Wis.; entered the State University in 1878, and graduated

from the modern classical course in 1882. The next four years he spent in reading law and teaching at Sparta; was offered the principalship of the high school, but declined and entered the University Law School, graduating in the class of 1887. From this time to the present he has been engaged in practice at La Crosse as a member of the firm of Winter, Esch & Winter. In 1883 he organized the Sparta Rifles, afterwards known as Co. I, 3d Regiment W. N. G., and was its captain until 1887. Also helped organize Co. M, 3d Regiment W. N. G., at La Crosse, and was at one time its captain. Never held but one elective office, that of city treasurer of Sparta, and this for only one year. Has always been a republican. In 1898 he was elected to Congress, and again in 1900, receiving 22,715 votes against 11,254 for John P. Rice (Dem.), and 863 for C. L. Allen (Pro.).

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties.
Population in 1900—214,364.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to Congress in 1894, 1896, 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 25,263 votes against 16,740 for Nathan E. Morgan (Dem.).

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population in 1900—231,109.

WEBSTER E. BROWN (Rep.), of Rhineland, Wis., was born in Madison county, N. Y., July 16, 1851. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1857, living for a time in Columbia county, then moving to Portage county, where he lived on a farm till 17 years of age. His elementary education was received in the common schools of Portage county, and afterwards he took preparatory studies at Lawrence University, Appleton, and a business course at the Spencerian Business college, Milwaukee. In 1870 he entered the University of Wisconsin, and graduated with the class of 1874. He entered the lumber business with his elder brother in 1875, at Stevens Point, continuing at that point till the fall of 1882, when they took in a younger brother, and the firm transferred their business to Rhineland, where they are still operating. He has been chairman of the Town and County boards, also member of the School board, and has served two terms as Mayor of the city of Rhineland. In 1900 he was elected to Congress, receiving 33,337 votes against 16,993 for Ernest H. Schweppe (Dem.), and 1,188 for John F. Scott (Pro.).



WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

ROBERT M. LAFOLLETTE, Governor.

WM. H. FROELICH, Secretary of State.

GRAHAM I. RICE, Railroad Commissioner.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON, State Treasurer.

JESSE STONE, Lieut. Governor.

EMIL GILJOHANN, Insurance Commissioner.

LORENZO D. HARVEY, State Superintendent.

EMMETT R. HICKS, Attorney General.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce counties. Population in 1900—217,650.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, born at Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; received a common school education, came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852; resided at Baraboo until 1870, when he removed to Chippewa Falls, where he has since resided, practicing his profession as a lawyer; served during the civil war as a member of Co. A, 6th Wis. Inf.; clerk of the Sauk county circuit court from 1867 to 1870, when he resigned; was a member of the assembly in 1872, county judge of Chippewa county from 1872 to 1876, city attorney of Chippewa Falls for five terms; appointed United States attorney of the territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; elected to the house of representatives of the Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Congress. In the election of 1900 Mr. Jenkins received 29,143 votes against 11,910 for Frank A. Partlow (Dem.), his plurality being 17,233.

STATE OFFICERS.

Terms end first Monday in January, 1903.

GOVERNOR.

ROBERT MARION LA FOLLETTE (Rep.), was born in a log cabin at Primrose, Dane Co., Wis., June 14th, 1855, son of Josiah and Mary (Ferguson) La Follette. He comes from an old French Huguenot family which settled in this country more than a century ago. After attending the district school and a preparatory academy at Madison, he entered the preparatory department of the State University in 1874, graduated from the General Science course with the class of 1879 and entered the Law department the same year. In February, 1880, he passed the state bar examinations, was admitted to practice, and immediately opened an office in the city of Madison. At the ensuing election he was elected district attorney of Dane county, and was re-elected to that office in 1882, carrying Dane county by 495 votes, although all other Republican nominees in Dane county suffered defeat by about 1,000 votes. In 1884 he was elected a member of Congress from the then Third Congressional district, comprising Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette counties, defeating Burr W. Jones, democrat. He was three times elected to Congress and again renominated in 1890, but was defeated in common with most Republican nominees in the state that year. During his last term in Congress he served on the Ways and Means committee and framed several schedules of the McKinley Tariff Law.

Upon his retirement from Congress Mr. La Follette entered upon the practice of his profession at Madison as the senior member of the firm of La Follette, Harper, Roe & Zimmerman. This partnership was dissolved in 1894, since which time he has practiced alone. He was elected governor in 1900, receiving a net plurality of 103,745 over Louis G. Bohmrich, democrat, or 59 75-100 per cent. of all votes cast for governor, with five candidates in the field.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JESSE STONE (Rep.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born Aug. 23, 1836, in Lincoln, Lincolnshire, England, and received his education in the common schools; came to this country in 1841 and to Wisconsin Aug. 1, 1869; has always resided at Watertown, Jefferson county, and is a manufacturer. He was elected to the assembly in 1880 and again in 1882; was a member of the school board of the city of Watertown in 1882; was a delegate to the national convention in 1888 and also in 1892; was a member of the state central committee from 1888 until 1894, and was elected to the assembly in 1896. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 263,993 votes against 160,044 for Thomas H. Patterson (Dem.), 9,892 for Thorvild K. Thorvllson (Pro.), 6,673 for George Dicke (Soc.-Dem.), and 655 for George Mensing (Soc.-Lab.).

SECRETARY OF STATE.

WILLIAM H. FROELICH (Rep.), of Jackson, Washington county, was born at Jackson, his present home, June 22, 1857. His education was received in the public, private and parochial schools of the town of Jackson, and he is a graduate of the Spencer Business college, of Milwaukee. He was employed as clerk and bookkeeper in Milwaukee from 1874 to 1877; he entered into business for himself as a dealer in general merchandise and grain at Jackson, June 1, 1880; was postmaster at Jackson from 1881 to 1893; was justice of the peace from 1887 to 1898, and a member of the school board from 1891 to 1899; was first elected town clerk in 1893, and re-elected without opposition until he became secretary of state. He was nominated for the assembly in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate; he was again nominated for the assembly in 1894, and elected. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, elected secretary of state in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 264,249 votes against 159,643 for Joseph H. Woodnorth (Dem.), 9,887 for Edwin Kerswell (Pro.), 6,688 for Charles C. Meier (Soc.-Dem.), and 498 for Rochus Babnik (Soc.-Lab.).

STATE TREASURER.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, Feb. 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for twenty-three years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and again in 1897 and 1898; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894, and again in 1896. He was chairman of the Republican committee of the Third Congressional district for years; was elected state treasurer in 1898 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 263,708 votes, against 160,215 for Augustus Bartz (Dem.), 9,918 for Herbert J. Noyes (Dem.), 6,667 for John Doerfler (Soc.-Dem.) and 505 for Robert Phillips (Soc.-Lab.).

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

EMMETT R. HICKS (Rep.), was born at Waukau, Winnebago county, Wis., March 7, 1854. Shortly after his birth his parents moved to the village of Omro, in Winnebago county. He received a common school education and finished at the high school in the village of Omro, in 1870; taught in the country schools and in the village three years, and entered the University of Wisconsin in 1873. Graduated with the degree of B. S. in 1876. Taught the high school at the city of Waupun three years, studying law in the meantime in the office of Eli Hooker. He took the law course in the University of Wisconsin and graduated in 1880, taking the degree of LL. B. During this time he took special post graduate work at the university and received the degree of M. A. Immediately after graduation, he opened a law office in the city of Oshkosh, where he resided and practiced law until elected attorney general in 1898. From 1895 to 1898 he was a member of the County Board of Supervisors of Winnebago county.

and during these four years served as chairman of the Board. He was elected attorney general in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 263,486 votes against 160,130 for George C. Cooper (Dem.), 10,168 for Eugene W. Chafin (Pro.), 6,737 for Richard Elsner (Soc.-Dem.) and 509 for N. E. Hanson (Soc.-Lab.).

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

L. D. HARVEY (Rep.), was born in New Hampshire in 1848. Has resided in Wisconsin since 1850. Until fifteen years of age he lived on a farm in Rock county, and attended the district school such portions of the year as necessary attention to the work of the farm would allow. He completed a college course in Milton college in 1872, having taught four winter terms in district schools to secure money to assist in paying college expenses. Since leaving college he has had experience in the educational field covering work in private schools, ungraded village schools, high school and normal schools, and has served as a member of the Board of Education in Sheboygan for five years and Oshkosh for one year. While member of the Board of Education in Sheboygan he was also city superintendent of the schools. In the normal school work he was for seven years institute conductor and teacher of political economy and civics in the Oshkosh Normal school and for six years was president of the Milwaukee Normal school. While serving as superintendent of schools in Sheboygan he was engaged in the practice of law and in business enterprises. In 1890 he was president of the Wisconsin Teachers' association, and since 1892 has been chairman of the legislative committee of that association. In 1897 he was vice president of the National Educational association, and president of the library department of that association, to which office he was re-elected in 1898. In 1898 he was elected state superintendent and was again elected in 1900, receiving 263,966 votes against 159,757 for Homer B. Hubbell (Dem.), 9,904 for Henry E. Senn (Pro.), and 6,701 for August Buetow (Soc.-Dem.). In 1900 he was elected president of the Department of Superintendence of the National Educational association.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

GRAHAM L. RICE (Rep.), of West Superior, Douglas county, Wis., was born at Winona, Minn., Aug. 22, 1858, where he received an academic education. In 1879 he removed to Pierce county, Wis., engaging in business, and in 1887 removed to West Superior, Douglas county, where he engaged in the newspaper business, publishing the first morning daily in Douglas county, which place has since been his home. He is by profession a newspaper man; was secretary of the Republican county committee in 1888, and appointed postmaster of West Superior by President Harrison in 1889, serving four years. In 1893 he was elected to the city council from the seventh ward of Superior, and was elected railroad commissioner of Wisconsin in 1898 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 263,743 votes against 159,925 for George M. Hill (Dem.), 9,927 for Vernon M. Weeks (Pro.), 6,660 for Greek Ellis (Soc.-Dem.), and 489 for William Ibs (Soc.-Lab.).

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

EMIL GILJOHANN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Nov. 7, 1851, in that city. He received his education in the German and English academy and public schools of Milwaukee. He learned the trade of cigar maker and packer, working at the trade for twelve years, after which he went on the road as a traveling salesman. After spending several years on the road, he embarked in the cigar business in Milwaukee, which he conducted successfully. His health failing, he was obliged to dispose of the business and went to live in the country. Returning to the city, he was appointed United States gauger Dec. 1, 1893, which position he held until the advent of President Cleveland's last administration. In 1894 he was assistant secretary of the republican county committee of Milwaukee county, and was appointed deputy insurance commissioner Jan. 1, 1895, and upon the resignation of William A. Fricke, Oct. 15, 1898, was appointed by the governor as commissioner of insurance. He was elected commissioner of insurance in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 263,748 votes against 159,672 for Robert A. Thompson (Dem.), 9,905 for Franklin R. Derrick (Pro.), 6,641 for Max Goeres (Soc.-Dem.) and 475 for Maritz Sehm (Soc.-Lab.).

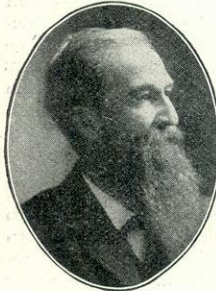
THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate is composed of thirty-three members, who hold office for four years and receive \$500 each for their services at each regular session. Members of the senate, session of 1901, representing odd numbered districts, were elected in 1898. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1903. Those representing even numbered districts were elected in 1900. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1905. The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie. A temporary president, to act in the absence of the president, is chosen by the members of the senate. The senate of 1901 contains 31 Republicans and 2 Democrats. Lieutenant-Governor Jesse Stone, president; James J. McGillivray, president *pro tem.*; Walter L. Houser, chief clerk; C. A. Pettibone, sergeant-at-arms.

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population, 1900—65,617.



De Wayne Stebbins.

DE WAYNE STEBBINS (Rep.), of Algoma, Kewaunee county, was born at Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y., April 5, 1835, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the fall of the same year. He received a common school education and graduated at the United States naval academy at Annapolis, serving four years during the civil war as an officer in the United States navy. He resided in Racine until 1856, when he removed to Algoma (formerly Annapee) where he has since made his home. He is cashier of the Bank of Algoma and publisher of the Algoma Record. Was president of the "Wisconsin" battleship fund committee and attended the launching at San Francisco, Nov. 26, 1898. He was a member of the assembly in 1873, and has been a member of the Kewaunee county board for 27 years, and for 20 years school district treasurer. He was nominated for the assembly in 1870, but defeated by a narrow majority; was re-nominated in 1872 and elected by a large majority. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, and again in 1898, receiving 5,849 votes, against 3,711 votes for Amos Holgate (Dem.).

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1900—67,413.



Henry Hagemeister.

HENRY F. HAGEMEISTER (Rep.), of Green Bay, Brown county, is a native of Wisconsin. He was born in Green Bay, Nov. 18, 1855, and was educated in the parochial and public schools of that city. He is president and manager of the Hagemeister Brewing Company of Green Bay. He has served his city in the capacity of alderman and supervisor and in 1892 was elected a member of the Assembly as a democrat, and was re-elected in 1894. In the election for state senator, Nov. 6, 1900, on the Republican ticket, he received 7,205 votes against 5,231 cast for John Grosse (Dem.).

THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1900—67,351.

JOHN F. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Genoa Junction, was born in the town of Randall, in Kenosha county, July 25, 1852. He received a common school education, and attended a commercial college at Rockford, Ill., and the State Normal School at Platteville. With the exception of nine years' residence at Rockford, he has spent his entire life farming in the town of Randall. He has been chairman of the town of Randall from 1892 to 1900, and was elected to the assembly in 1894 and again in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,928 votes, against 4,823 votes for L. G. Bohmerick (Dem.), and 306 votes for Charles E. Erskine (Pro.).



John F. Reynolds.

FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 6th, 13th, 18th and 21st Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Village of Whitefish Bay, and the Towns of Granville and Milwaukee. Population, 1900—65,217.

J. HERBERT GREEN (Rep.), was born Sept. 7, 1860, in Fond du Lac, Wis. Was educated in the public schools at Oshkosh; moved from Fond du Lac to Oshkosh in 1861, to Chicago in 1880 and to Milwaukee in 1884; was general salesman in wholesale dry goods house in Chicago from 1880 to 1888. Opened business in Milwaukee as a retail dry goods merchant in 1888, retiring from that business in 1897, and is now engaged in real estate business. Was a member of the Milwaukee county Republican committee in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, and was re-elected in 1900, receiving 6,237 votes against Joseph A. Meyers (Dem.), who received 4,923 votes, and H. G. Hanson (Soc. Dem.), who received 947 votes.



J. Herbert Green.

FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 7th, 15th, 16th Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—65,013.

FRANK A. ANSON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county, N. Y., March 8, 1844. He received a common school education. From the age of 13 to 16 he was a sailor on the lakes. He then settled in Montpelier, Vt., where he engaged in clerking in a store. In 1863 he enlisted as a private in Battery "E," 1st Artillery, 11th Vermont Reg. Vol. He was promoted to regimental commissary sergeant, thence to regimental quartermaster sergeant, thence to Second Lieutenant, Battery "C," 1st Artillery, 11th Vermont Reg. Vol., thence to First Lieut., Battery "A," 1st Artillery of the same regiment; thence to adjutant of the regiment. He was mustered out of service September 1, 1865. He served during the year 1864 and spring of 1865 in 2d Brigade (Old Vermont Brigade), 2d Division 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in battles of Spottsylvania, Va., May 18, 19 and 20, 1864; Cold Harbor, June 1 to 13, 1864; Petersburg, June 18th to 20th, 1864; Fort Stevens, July 12, 1864; Petersburg, March 25th, 26th and 27th, 1865; Petersburg, April 2d, 1865, and Appomattox (Lee's surrender), April 9th, 1865. He is a member of E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1, G. A. R., Milwaukee, also of the Commandery of Wisconsin, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States, of which he has been senior vice commander and is now



Frank A. Anson.



William H. Devos.

commander. During the years 1866-7 he was engaged in business at Whitehall, Washington county, N. Y. In 1868 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided. He is a wholesale grocer. He was elected to the assembly in 1894. Appointed by Gov. Peck as a member of the Legislative Visiting Committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, and was a prominent candidate for speaker. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,571 votes against 4,910 votes for H. J. Steifman (Dem.), and 351 votes for C. J. Hambitzer (Peo.).

SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 9th, 10th, 19th and 20th Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—71,717.

WILLIAM H. DEVOS (Rep.), was born Nov. 19, 1857, in Milwaukee, and is of Hollandish parentage; he is a graduate of Milwaukee public schools and Spencerian Business College. He was engaged in the milling business until 1895. Since April, 1895, has dealt in coal and building materials. He represented the ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee as alderman on the city council from April, 1894, to April, 1896; was defeated for alderman in April, 1896. He was elected to the state senate in November, 1896, and again elected Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 6,853 against 4,920 for Ernest Kehr (Dem.), and 1,852 for Ludwig P. Siegel (Soc. Dem.).



Barney A. Eaton.

SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 14th and 17th Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the Towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—63,043.

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 29, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colo.; is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy school board in 1895; director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurance company six years and served as school director twelve years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, and to the state senate in 1898, receiving 3,813 votes against 3,209 votes for Thomas J. Flemming (Dem.), and 597 votes for Martin, S. Cyborowski (Pop.).



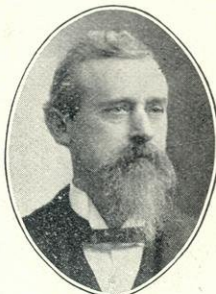
Julius E. Roehr.

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 5th, 8th, 11th and 12th Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—64,482.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.), was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1879 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for

member of assembly by the republicans of the Eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the Republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was appointed Circuit court commissioner for Milwaukee county by Judge D. H. Johnson in 1888 and re-appointed in 1894 and re-appointed in 1900; represented the Fourth congressional district at the Republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the senate in 1896, and was a member of the legislative committee which revised the statutes known as "the Statutes of 1898." In 1900 he was again elected to the state senate, receiving 6,496 votes against 5,236 for Joseph Deuster (Dem.), and 910 for Edward F. Meines (Soc. Dem.).



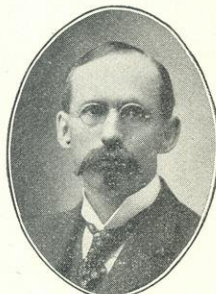
Thomas Fearne.
(Deceased.)

NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood counties. Population, 1900—61,487.

THOMAS FEARNE (Rep.), was born Nov. 14, 1846, in the city of Hamilton, Canada, and received his education in the common schools. He came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in the town of Richfield, Adams county, where he resided until 1864, when he removed to Coloma, Waushara county, his present home. He is by occupation a farmer; was sheriff of Waushara county in 1883-4; in 1891-2 was clerk of his town, and for eighteen years chairman of the town board of supervisors. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,480 votes, against 3,288 for William A. Roblier (Dem.).

[Senator Fearne died April 29, 1901.]



Orville W. Mosher.

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1900—50,773.

ORVILLE W. MOSHER (Rep.), was born Nov. 8th, 1853, near Waupun in Dodge county, Wis. He was educated in country schools and the Waupun High school, and graduated from the Classical course at Ripon College in 1879. He was principal of the High school at New Richmond, Wis., from 1879 to 1883. From 1883 to date he has been engaged in milling and dealing in grain and farm produce. He was president of the New Richmond School board for nine years. He was elected trustee of St. Croix County asylum for the insane at its opening in 1896 and unanimously re-elected in 1897 and in 1900. He was elected to the assembly from St. Croix county in 1898, and to the senate Nov. 6th, 1900, receiving 6,698 votes, against 3,300 votes for F. B. Saxton (Dem.).

ELEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1900—61,614.

EDGAR G. MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, was born in the town of Aurora, Waushara county, Wis., Sept. 15, 1860, and was educated in the common and high schools of Waushara, Marquette, Winnebago and Green Lake counties. From 1886 to 1890 he resided at St. Cloud, Minn. He removed to West Superior in the fall of 1890; was a candidate for the Republican nomination for con-

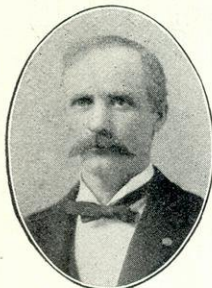


Edgar G. Mills.

gress in 1894. He is a lawyer by profession, and was a member of the assembly from Douglas county, session of 1893. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,332 votes, against 639 votes for Joseph S. Konkel (Dem.).

TWELFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population, 1900—73,975.

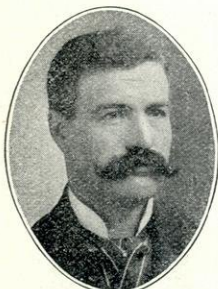


William O'Neil.

WILLIAM O'NEILL (Rep.), of Washburn, Bayfield county, was born in the town of Scott, Columbia county, Wis., Sept. 20, 1848. He attended public school in Columbia county until 13 years of age. In the fall of 1861 he enlisted in the Thirteenth U. S. Infantry, in which he served until March, 1862, when he was discharged for disability. In June, 1862, he enlisted in the Twentieth regiment, Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war of the Rebellion, participating in all engagements in which that regiment took part. From 1865 to 1872 he traveled throughout the country, finally settling at Chippewa Falls. In 1880 he moved to Eau Claire and in 1886 he moved to Washburn, where he engaged in mercantile business. In 1887 he was elected chairman of the town board and was twice re-elected. In 1892 he was elected member of the assembly and re-elected in 1894. In 1900 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 11,129 votes against 4,236 for Henry Lafremeler (Dem.). Mr. O'Neil served as captain of Co. K, 4th Wis. Vol. Inf., in the Spanish-American war.

THIRTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The county of Dodge. Population, 1900—46,631.



Michael A. Jacobs.

MICHAEL ANSELM JACOBS (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, was born March 26, 1860, in Lomira, Dodge county, Wis., removing to the town of Beaver Dam with his parents March 20, 1868. He was educated in the district schools of Lomira and Beaver Dam and St. Mary's school of the latter city, completing his studies with one term at Mt. Calvary College. In 1887 he removed to the city of Beaver Dam, and engaged in the retail lumber and coal business. Four years later, in company with a few others, he organized the German National Bank of Beaver Dam, which opened for business Aug. 5, 1891, Mr. Jacobs being chosen assistant cashier and one of the directors. He was clerk of the town of Beaver Dam in 1884, 1885 and 1886; was elected county clerk of Dodge county in November, 1888, and re-elected in 1890. Mr. Jacobs was appointed chief clerk of the General Land office at Washington, D. C., April 6, 1893, and continued in that position until Dec. 20, 1893, when he resigned on account of urgent personal business at home. While chief clerk he was appointed World's Fair Commissioner for the Interior Department to the World's Fair at Chicago, and had charge of the opening of the Cherokee outlet in Oklahoma in September, 1893; was delegate to second congressional Democratic convention in 1892 and chairman of the Democratic Congressional committee from 1892 to 1894; represented the City of Beaver Dam on the county board for the years 1898 and 1899. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,874 votes, against 4,043 for David P. Doty (Rep.).

FOURTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1900—73,722.

T. A. WILLY (Rep.), of the city of Appleton, was born April 16, 1845, at Somersetshire, England, and came to America in 1866, settling in the city of Appleton, where he has since resided. He was educated in the common schools of England, and was engaged as a miller and buyer of grain from 1866 to 1870; from 1870 to 1878 he was a manufacturer of staves and lumber, and also a dealer in merchandise. In 1878 he returned to his former occupation, which he has since followed. He was elected to the assembly in 1898. In 1900 he was elected to the senate, receiving 8,285 votes, against 5,747 for Herman Meisner (Dem.).

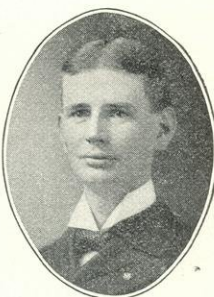


T. Albert Willy.

FIFTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1900—59,339.

NORMAN A. KNUDSON (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born in that city April 30, 1874. He was educated in the High school of Manitowoc. He was mustered into the Wisconsin National Guard in 1890, and at the call of the President for volunteers, tendered his services to the government, and was mustered into the United States army May 12, 1898, as First Lieutenant of Co. H, Second Wisconsin volunteers, participating in the Porto-Rican expedition during the Spanish-American war. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,891 votes, against 4,854 votes for John P. Watt (Dem.), and 74 votes for Abraham Andrews (Soc. Dem. of Am.).



Norman A. Knudson.

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Grant and Iowa counties. Population, 1900—61,995.

EDWARD EUGENE BURNS (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, is a native of Illinois. He was born Jan. 20, 1858, at what is now East Dubuque, and came to Wisconsin in 1858. He is a lawyer, was educated in common schools, the Platteville Normal school and the University of Wisconsin, where he graduated in the law class of 1887. He has been a member of the Grant county board and city attorney of Platteville. He served in the Spanish-American war from June 30, 1898, to Feb. 28, 1899. Soon after Mr. Burns' birth his parents moved to Wisconsin and settled on a farm in Grant county, where he grew up. After graduating from the University he practiced law one year in Boscobel and moved to Platteville Dec. 1, 1890, where he has since lived. He was elected to the state senate Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 8,819 votes, against 5,024 for William Synon (Dem.), and 449 for John W. Horsfall (Pro.).



Edward E. Burns.

SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

La Fayette and Green Counties, and the Towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the Village of Clinton, and the City of Beloit, in the County of Rock. Population, 1900—62,324.

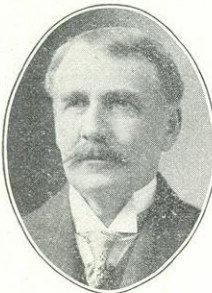


Harry C. Martin.

HARRY CHAPMAN MARTIN (Rep.), of Darlington, La Fayette county, was born at Darlington, Dec. 15, 1854, and received his early education in the public schools of that place, after which he taught school for one year and then attended the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1879. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1881, and has since practiced law at Darlington. Soon after his admission to the bar he was appointed county superintendent of schools of La Fayette county, and was twice thereafter elected to that office. In 1887 he was elected mayor of the city of Darlington and was re-elected in 1888. He was city attorney for several years thereafter and was elected district attorney of La Fayette county in 1892; was a member of the Republican State Central committee for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1895 to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of James Freeman; was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,584 votes, against 3,794 votes for Renaldo R. Fleck (Dem.).

EIGHTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population 1900—63,386.



Elmer D. Morse.

ELMER D. MORSE (Rep.), of Princeton, Green Lake county, was born at Madison, N. Y., April 6, 1844. He came to Wisconsin with his parents three years later and settled in what is now Princeton, Green Lake county. He received a common school education, entered the army in 1861, serving four years, and attended school one year after being mustered out. He has since been engaged in the lumber, grain and produce business. At the organization of the Princeton State bank in 1893 he was elected vice-president and has since been made its president. When the Montello State bank was organized, a few years later, he was elected its president. While he has always taken an active part in politics, he has never held a political office, until he was elected to the state senate, receiving 8,266 votes, against Louis A. Lange (Dem.), who received 6,793 votes.

NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The County of Winnebago. Population, 1900—58,225.



Henry I. Weed.

HENRY IRWIN WEED (Dem.), of Oshkosh, was born in Livingston county, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1861. His father was killed at the battle of the Wilderness and in 1865 his mother and grandparents moved with him to Wisconsin, where they settled on a farm in the town of Utica, Winnebago county. He was educated in the common schools and in the universities at Appleton and Madison. After leaving the state university he studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1883 and has since practiced law in Oshkosh. He was a member of the staff of Gov. Peck with the rank of colonel. From 1890 to 1895 he was city attorney of Oshkosh and in 1896 was the nominee of his

party for attorney general. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,269 votes, against 5,136 votes for George A. Buckstaff (Rep.), and 271 votes for Carlos Judson (Pro.).

TWENTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1900—66,708.

GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), of Rhine, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Rhine, Sheboygan county, April 7, 1849, and has since resided there. He received a common school education, and has always followed the occupation of a farmer. He has served as chairman of his town and county boards for several terms, and as a member of the assembly for the years 1895 and 1897, and was elected to the state senate in 1900, receiving 7,229 votes, against 6,154 votes for H. D. Bolens (Dem.), and 820 votes for H. J. Brecht (Soc.-Dem.).



George W. Wolff.

TWENTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1900—61,098.

WILLIAM H. HATTON (Rep.), of New London, Waupaca county, is a native of the state of New York. He is a lumberman. In 1898 he was elected to the state senate to represent the Twentieth district, composed of Portage and Waupaca counties, receiving 5,958 votes, against 2,938 cast for Carl von Neupert (Dem.), and 256 for E. C. Williams (Pro.).



William H. Hatton.

TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the cities of Evansville, Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1900—50,624.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Ill. He was educated at Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin in September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Has been a member of the county board of Rock county representing the Fourth ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, and again in 1900, receiving 6,752 votes against 4,438 cast for Alexander Buchanan (Dem.), and 375 for George J. Kellogg (Pro.).



John M. Whitehead.

TWENTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1900—45,971.

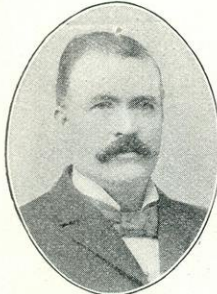


John H. Harris.

JOHN H. HARRIS (Rep.), was born Aug. 29, 1856, in Antwerp, Jefferson county, N. Y., receiving his education at Ives Seminary in that city. In 1879 he came to Wisconsin and settled at Clinton Junction, afterwards removing to Spring Prairie and from that place to Elkhorn, Walworth county, where he now resides. In 1890 he organized the Wisconsin Butter and Cheese company, located at Waukesha, of which concern he is president. He was supervisor of the town of Elkhorn in 1896, 1897 and 1898. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,410 votes, against 3,158 for Louis C. Baker (Dem.), and 250 votes for Lorenzo D. Tracy (Pro.).

TWENTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin counties. Population, 1900—56,362.



Frank McDonough.

FRANK McDONOUGH (Rep.), of Eau Claire, is a native of Canada, where he was born in 1846. In 1863 he came to Eau Claire, where he has since resided. He is a manufacturer and has been prominently identified with public affairs in Eau Claire, notably the school board, the common council and the board of trade. He was elected to the assembly in 1892 and in 1900 was elected to the state senate by a plurality of 3,764, receiving 7,539 votes to 3,775 cast for J. J. Auer (Dem.).

TWENTY-FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1900—69,104.



Andrew L. Kreutzer.

ANDREW L. KREUTZER (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born in 1863, in Germantown, Washington county, and received his education in the common schools and the Law Department of the University of Wisconsin. He is a member of the law firm of Bump, Kreutzer & Rosenberry. He was elected district attorney of Marathon county in 1894, and was re-elected to the same office in 1896. He was appointed by Gov. Upham a commissioner to the Atlanta Exposition in 1895; was appointed on Gov. Scofield's staff with the rank of colonel, and was the acting judge advocate general of the Wisconsin National Guard during the years 1897-8. He was elected to the senate in 1898, receiving 5,314 votes, against 3,708 for R. B. Salter (Dem.).

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dane county. Population, 1900—69,435.



Geo. P. Miller.

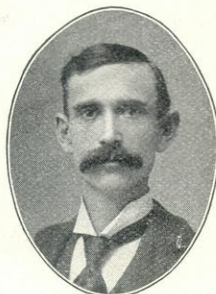
GEORGE PAUL MILLER (Rep.), of Madison, was born in Sheboygan county Feb. 18, 1868. He was educated in common schools, Sheboygan Falls high school and by a three years' course in Ripon College. He settled in Madison in 1891 and established the Miller Lumber company, a manufacturing and lumber dealing concern of which he is president. He was elected chairman of the Republican City Committee of Madison in 1897 and president of

the Republican League Club in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1900 by 8,997 votes, against 6,496 for N. C. Evans (Dem.), and 498 for H. A. Miner (Pro.).

TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1900—64,127.

WILLIAM G. BISSELL (Rep.), of Lodi, was born Sept. 18, 1857, at Massena, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., removing to Lodi, Wis., in the spring of 1866, with his parents, who settled upon a farm. He received his education in the public schools and at Albion Academy. His occupation was that of a farmer and traveling salesman until 1896, when he engaged in the business of general merchandising at Lodi. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,264 votes, against 3,948 for Edmund S. Baker (Dem.), and 377 votes for James M. Blachly (Pro.).



W. G. Bissell.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Crawford, Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1900—65,120.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Ia.; was educated in the common and high schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and at Viroqua fifteen years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon County Censor fifteen years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 9,362 votes, against 4,132 votes for C. A. Henthorn (Dem.), 407 votes for W. J. Robinson (Pro.) and one vote for G. L. Miner.



Oliver G. Munson.

TWENTY-NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1900—58,080.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education, life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, and was re-elected in 1898, receiving 4,841 votes, against 2,712 votes for Wilson Hopkins (Dem.).



James H. Stout.

THIRTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas counties. Population in 1900—67,587.

DANIEL E. RIORDAN (Rep.), was born Sept. 7, 1863, at Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis.; was educated in the Berlin High school and Valparaiso, Ind., Normal school; studied law in the office of Hon. R. L. D. Potter, at Berlin, Wis., and in the office of J. F. Riordan, at Hayward, Wis., residing at Berlin until 1891, at Hayward



Daniel E. Riordan.

from 1891 to 1892, and at Eagle River from 1892 to the present time; worked on a farm, attended school, taught school and studied law until 1892; was admitted to the bar in 1892, and has since practiced law and dealt in timber lands; was chairman of the Republican County committee of Vilas county from 1892 to 1896; was appointed judge of the Municipal court of Vilas county by Gov. Upham, in April, 1895; was elected to the same position in April, 1899, for the term ending May 1, 1903; was nominated for the office of District attorney in 1896 and declined; was elected to the state senate in 1896 and was re-elected in 1900, receiving 10,600, against 5,784 votes for A. E. Krauth (Dem.).

THIRTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1900—66,198.

JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachios, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Black River Falls, Nov. 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also the bills exempting wide tired wagons from taxes; for reduction of interest on money loaned to school districts from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., and reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent. In the senate in 1897, he introduced and was instrumental in securing the passage of bills to prohibit the state from accepting bounties from cities and towns for the location of public institutions; exempting sugar factories from taxation for five years; to promote the health of children of the state by causing vaccine to be stamped by the manufacturer; to promote health and honesty in the dairy interests; also a memorial to congress requesting that body to submit to the people of the United States a constitutional amendment empowering them to control trusts and combinations. Mr. McGillivray was the author of the anti-trust bill, designed to enable the state to regulate trusts, which was passed by both houses but vetoed by the governor. He was the second member of the committee on claims, second on the committee on state affairs and during his entire service in the legislature has taken an active part in all the important legislation. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, and re-elected in 1898, receiving 6,769 votes, against 3,816 for G. W. Bishop (Dem.), and was elected president pro tem. of the senate of 1901.



James J. McGillivray.

THIRTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1900—66,111.

JOHN C. GAVENEY (Rep.), of Arcadia, Trempealeau county, was born in the town where he now lives June 30, 1863. He is a lawyer and was educated in the common schools, the High school of Arcadia and the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1885, and from the Law school in 1888. He has been elected president of the village of Arcadia three times and was elected to the state senate Nov. 6, 1900, by 8,618 votes, against 4,856 for John F. Doherty (Dem.), and 357 for David Wood (Pro.).

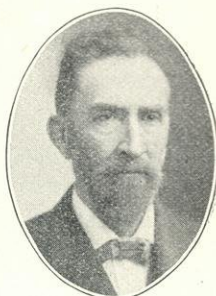


John C. Gaveney.

THIRTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1900—58,818.

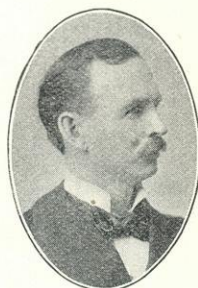
ALFRED MILES JONES (Rep.), of Waukesha, was born Feb. 5, 1837, in New Durham, N. H., and was educated in the H. P. Kimball Institute at Rockford, Ill. He came to Wisconsin in 1894, and settled in the city of Waukesha. Previous to his coming to the state he was a resident of Hebron, McHenry county, and Warren, Jo Daviess county, Ill.; was a member of the lower house of the Illinois legislature of 1872, 1873 and 1874; a member of the board of commissioners of Joliet penitentiary, being for three years and six months its secretary; collector of internal revenue of the northern district of Illinois, and was United States marshal of that district under President Garfield, and for twelve years chairman of Illinois Republican State Central committee. He was elected to the Wisconsin state senate in 1898, receiving 6,060 votes, against 5,452 for Thomas McCarty (Dem.), and 240 for Thomas Dimond (Pro.).



Alfred M. Jones.

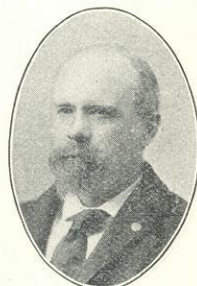
OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER, of Mondovi, Buffalo county, chief clerk of the senate, was born May 6, 1855, at Tidoute, Pa., and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He received a common school and academic education. He first settled in Pierce county, where he resided until 1870, when he removed to Pepin county, where he remained until 1874, when he returned to Pierce county for a short time. Since 1875 he has resided in Mondovi. He is editor of the Mondovi Herald, and engaged in farming and stock raising. At the session of the legislature of 1895, he was chosen chief clerk of the senate, and has been re-elected to that position at each session since.



Walter L. Houser.

C. A. PETTIBONE, Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was born in the town of Hartsville, Steuben county, N. Y., May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence Universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; published the New London News, at New London, in 1874, and The Telephone at Mayville, in 1877, and is at present editor and proprietor of the Oconomowoc Republican; enlisted August 15, 1861, in Company C, First Wisconsin cavalry; served as a private, second lieutenant and captain, acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the Thirteenth district in 1886, for four years. Was chairman of the committee on Printing in the Thirty-eighth session. In 1895 and 1897 he was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the senate by acclamation and was re-elected to the same position in 1899 and 1901.

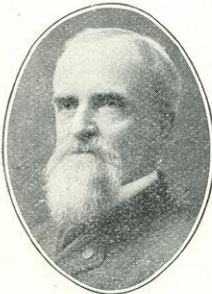


C. A. Pettibone.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

GEO. H. RAY, Speaker; W. A. NOWELL, Chief Clerk; A. M. ANDERSON, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Assembly consists of 100 members. They are chosen biennially and receive \$500 for their service during the term. The Speaker is chosen by the members and receives an additional \$500 for his services as Speaker. The Assembly of 1901 contains 82 Republicans and 18 Democrats.



John A. Henry.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES. Population, 1900—19,650. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

J. A. HENRY (Rep.), of Easton, Adams county, elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,838 votes, against 2,364 for William B. Graham (Dem.), was born in Oswego county, N. Y., Oct. 14, 1845, and came to Wisconsin in 1850. He lived in Racine county until 15 years of age and obtained his education in common schools and the Brunson Institute at Point Bluffs, Adams county. He has been a postmaster twenty years and a justice of the peace several terms. Feb. 14, 1864, he enlisted in Co. M, Fourth Wisconsin cavalry and served to the close of the war of the Rebellion.



George P. Rossman.

ASHLAND AND IRON COUNTIES. Population, 1900—26,792. (Apportionment of 1901 makes Ashland county one district. Population—20,176.)

GEORGE P. ROSSMAN (Rep.), of Ashland, lawyer, district attorney of Ashland county, city attorney of Ashland city, member of the Republican State Central committee, and chairman of the Republican County committee of Ashland county, was elected to the Assembly Nov. 6, 1900, when he received 3,959 votes, while John J. Miles (Dem.) received 2,331. Mr. Rossman was born in Plymouth, Wis., Aug. 14, 1859. He obtained his education in the schools at Plymouth, and Neillsville, and in the University of Wisconsin.



Kapp E. Rasmussen.

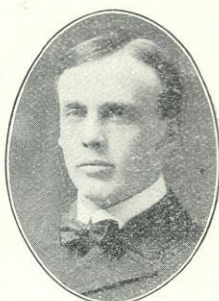
BARRON COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,677. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

KAPP E. RASMUSSEN (Rep.) was born Oct. 17, 1860, in Island of Laland, Denmark; came to the United States in 1867, and settled at Pine Lake, Waukesha county; has also resided in Adams and Marquette counties, and in Barron county since 1881. He was educated in the common schools of Oxford and other schools of Marquette and Adams counties; read law three years, being admitted to the bar of Barron county in 1884; was clerk of the town of Stamford that year, city attorney of Rice Lake in 1892, and supervisor for first ward, Rice Lake, from 1893 to 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 2,957 votes to 991 for Stone W. Sparling (Dem.).

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

Population, 1900—23,506. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

W. L. McCORMICK (Rep.), of Hayward, Sawyer county, was born in Waseca, Minn., June 12, 1876. He has held no office of any kind until elected member of the assembly in 1900, when he was a lone candidate for the office, having no opponent, and received 3,983 votes. He is a son of R. L. McCormick, who was a leading member of the Minnesota State Senate in 1891. W. L. McCormick was educated in the schools of Faribault, Minn., Andover, Mass., Yale University, and studied law in the University of Wisconsin. He is assistant cashier of the Sawyer County Bank.



Wm. L. McCormick.

BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

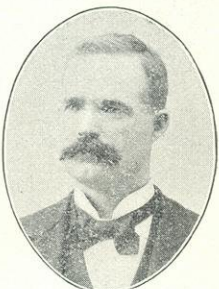
WILLARD E. BURDEAU (Rep.), of Flintville, Brown county, was born in Clinton county, N. Y., Dec. 1, 1859, and came to Wisconsin in 1868. He was educated in public schools; engaged in lumbering from 1876 to 1888 and has since combined mercantile business with farming. He has been school director, supervisor and chairman of his town board and was postmaster at Flintville seven years, resigning that office when elected to the assembly in 1900, when he received 2,744 votes, against 1,638 for Paul G. Albright (Dem.).



Willard E. Burdeau.

BROWN COUNTY—Second District. The towns of Alouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, and the city of De Pere. Population, 1900—22,987. (Part of Oneida reservation in Brown county is enumerated in this district by apportionment of 1901. Population the same.)

MICHAEL J. FLAHERTY (Dem.), of Stark, was born July 7, 1862, in the town of Morrison, Brown county, and received a common school education. His business is that of a general live stock dealer and farmer. He has held the office of treasurer of the school district in which he resides for the past seven years. He was treasurer of the town of Morrison in 1898 and re-elected in 1899. Was elected to the assembly in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 2,200 votes, against 1,955 for Thomas Turriff (Rep.).



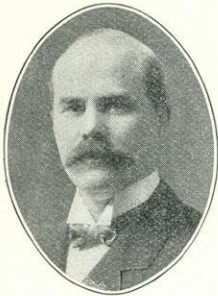
Michael J. Flaherty.

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES. Population, 1900—24,670. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

CHARLES W. GILMAN (Rep.), of Mondovi, Buffalo county, was born at Gilmanton, Buffalo county, Oct. 26, 1862. He attended the public schools, the Madison High school, graduated at the State University June 24, 1885, and from the law department of the same institution June 23, 1886; is a lawyer by occupation; was district attorney for Buffalo county for six years, and is the present mayor of the city of Mondovi. He was elected member of the assembly in 1900, receiving 3,198 votes, against 1,689 for Nic. Weinandy (Dem.).



Charles W. Gilman.



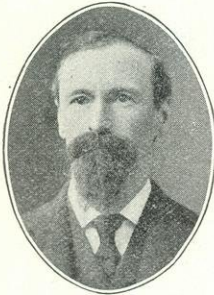
Ole Erickson.

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES. Population, 1900—25,279. (This district unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

OLE ERICKSON (Rep.), of Grantsburg, Burnett county, a native of Sweden, born Nov. 25, 1864, came to Wisconsin June 12, 1891, is a farmer, merchant and has been four years county clerk of Burnett county. Prior to coming to Wisconsin he lived in Isanti county, Minn., where he settled on his arrival in America in 1878. In June, 1891, he moved to Grantsburg, and in company with A. E. Nelson opened a general store, in the firm name of Nelson & Erickson. In 1896 he sold his mercantile interests to his partner and was elected county clerk, to which office he was elected again in 1898, and in 1900 was elected to the assembly by 3,990 votes, against 868 for John F. Cavanaugh (Dem.).

CALUMET COUNTY. Population, 1900—17,078. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

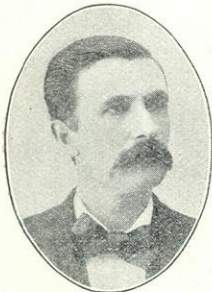
ISAAC N. McCOMB (Dem.), of Brillion, was born at Hortonville, Dec. 11, 1850. He obtained his education in the Hortonville schools, in Lawrence University at Appleton and in the Chicago Medical College. He has been a physician twenty-three years and enjoys a large practice. He has never been a seeker of office, but has been pension examiner and has held the position of jury commissioner. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 1,923 votes, against 1,621 for J. W. Baldoek (Rep.).



Isaac N. McComb.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY—First District. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the 2nd, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—13,850. (This district changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of district now, 15,676.)

JOSEPH MELONEY (Rep.), of Bloomer, is a native of Chippewa county, and was born in the town of Tilden Feb. 8, 1864. He was educated in the common schools and is a farmer. He has been town assessor two years, chairman seven years, the last five years chairman of the county board, school district treasurer thirteen years, director of the Eagle Point Insurance company eight years, director of the Farmers Store company three years and is now president of that company. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 1,593 votes to 1,242 for A. J. McGilvray (Dem.).



Joseph Meloney.

CHIPPEWA—Second District. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer (including village of Bloomer), Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson (including Boyd village), Flambeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—22,987. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of district now 17,361.)

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pa., where he received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends, with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer

and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and seven years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884. He was president of the Chippewa County Agricultural society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for fourteen years, which position he now holds, and has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. In 1897 he was appointed by the governor a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and reappointed in 1899 for three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, re-elected in 1896 and in 1898 and again in 1900 for a fourth consecutive term, receiving 2,582 votes, against 1,249 for Thomas Emmerston (Dem.).



John W. Thomas.

CLARK COUNTY. Population, 1900—25,848. (District unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

LAFAYETTE M. STURDEVANT (Rep.), of Neillsville, was born Sept. 17, 1856, in Chandler's Valley, Pa. He came to Wisconsin in 1865 and settled in the town of Pine Valley, Clark county. He grew to manhood upon the farm and was educated in the schools of his county. By strict application to his studies he was able to secure a certificate to teach, and from 1872 to 1878 taught school and studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1878. He held the office of district attorney of his county four years, 1884, 1885, 1890 and 1891, and was chairman of the Clark county Republican committee from 1894 to 1898. He was elected to the assembly from Clark county in 1898, and re-elected in 1900 by 3,789 votes to 1,213 for Henry S. Mulvey (Dem.), and 129 for E. G. Vischer (Pro.).



Lafay. M. Sturdevant.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi (including village of Lodi), Newport (including Kilbourn City village), Pacific and West Point, and the village of Poynette, and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

G. McMILLAN (Rep.), of Arlington, Columbia county, was born Dec. 29, 1836, in Beith, Ayrshire, Scotland, and received his education in the common schools. He came to Dekorra, Columbia county, in October, 1851, followed farming until 1872, when he removed to Arlington and engaged in general mercantile business. He was town treasurer of Arlington for ten years and postmaster for twenty years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,083 votes, against 1,235 for Leonard Klumenhagen (Dem.).



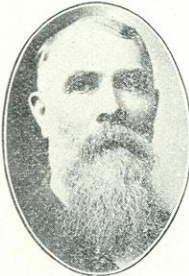
George McMillan.



Lynn N. Coapman.

COLUMBIA—Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland (including Cambria village), Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

LYNN N. COAPMAN (Rep.), of Wyocena, was born in that town in September, 1860. He is a dealer in grain and other farm produce; was educated in the common schools of Columbia county; was chairman of the town board of supervisors from 1895 to 1899; was elected member of the Republican State Central committee in 1894, 1898 and 1900; was telegraph operator and station agent from 1878 to 1893 and was engaged in general mercantile business from 1893 to 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,480 votes, against 1,134 for Henry Sawyer (Dem.), and 156 for W. H. Roberts (Pro.).



John A. Haggerty.

CRAWFORD COUNTY. Population, 1900—17,286. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

J. A. HAGGERTY (Rep.), of Ferryville, was born in Blairstown, N. J., June 26, 1841, and came to Wisconsin in 1866. He is engaged in mercantile business. His education was obtained in the common schools and Blairstown, N. J., academy. He has been postmaster at Mt. Sterling, and was treasurer of the town of Utica, Crawford county, also chairman of the board of supervisors four years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,321 votes to 1,379 for Ambrose Thompson (Dem.).

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—25,532. (District changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district—24,458.)

E. RAY STEVENS (Rep.), of Madison, was born in Barrington, Ill., June 20, 1869, and came to Wisconsin in 1877. He was educated in common schools, the Janesville High school and the University of Wisconsin, graduating from the Law school in 1895. He is the law partner of Burr W. Jones in the firm name of Jones & Stevens. He is a student of "problems of government," and has written many newspaper and magazine articles upon that question, and as special correspondent of The Milwaukee Sentinel wrote a series of articles upon it in Europe in 1894 from a European standpoint, with special reference to cities. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, receiving 3,468 votes to 2,569 for George W. Levis (Dem.), and 121 for Charles H. Parr (Pro.).



E. Ray Stevens.

DANE—Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—21,866. (District changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district—22,510.)

O. K. ROE (Rep.), of Stoughton, was born Aug. 24, 1851, in the town of Pleasant Springs, Dane county, and got



Ole K. Roe.

his education in the district school of that town. He was elected treasurer of his town in 1884. He rented his farm and moved to the city of Stoughton the same year. In 1890 he was elected alderman of the Second ward, and held that office for six years, and in 1896 was elected mayor and has held that office to the present time, being re-elected without opposition in 1898 and 1900, and was elected to the assembly Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 3,442 votes, against 1,302 for Edwin Robbins (Dem.).



Herman Fessenfeld.

DANE—Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport, and the villages of Belleville, Waukegan, Oregon and Mazomanie. Population, 1900—22,037. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district—22,467.)

HERMAN FESSENFELD (Dem.), of Black Earth, was born in Milwaukee June 18, 1854, subsequently settling in Iowa county with his parents, where he attended the public schools. In 1882 he settled in Black Earth and engaged in the hardware and machinery business. He has been town treasurer of Black Earth four years and was elected to the assembly in 1900, receiving 2,466 votes, against 2,303 for L. A. Anderson (Rep.).

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, LeRoy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the 5th and 6th wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville. Population, 1900—23,336. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

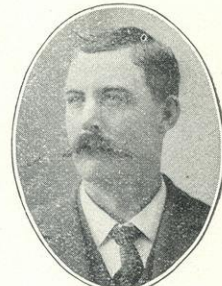


H. R. Moldenhauer.

H. R. MOLDENHAUER (Dem.), of Lebanon, Dodge county, is a merchant in the town in which he was born Oct. 1, 1855, and where he received his education in the district and parochial schools. He grew up on a farm, went into general mercantile business with his father in Lebanon in 1878. In 1888 they engaged in a general butter and cheese business until 1893, when the son purchased the father's share of the business and has since conducted it alone. He is president of the Northwestern Cheesemakers Mutual Fire Insurance company of Juneau, and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 3,147 votes to 2,229 for Peter Weber (Rep.).

DODGE—Second District. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun. Population in 1900—22,995. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

JOSEPHUS C. WILLIAMS (Dem.), of Fox Lake, was born in the town of Westford, Dodge county, Aug. 26, 1860. He was educated in the common schools and in the Spencerian Business College, Milwaukee, and is a farmer and real estate dealer. He has been town treasurer two



Josephus C. Williams.

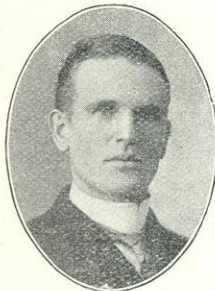


Henry Overbeck, Jr.

terms, village trustee four terms, a member of the county board one term and is serving his second term as president of the village board of Fox Lake. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,637 votes, against 2,587 for James Gamble (Rep.), and 107 for John C. Sherman (Pro.).

DOOR COUNTY. Population, 1900—17,583. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HENRY OVERBECK, JR. (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born Feb. 2, 1853, at Tonawanda, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1854; lived at Ahnapee until 1887, and since then at Sturgeon Bay; is a telegraph operator and insurance agent, and has been manager of the Western Union at Sturgeon Bay since 1887; owned a half interest in the Ahnapee Record from 1882 to 1885; is chairman of the eighth congressional district Republican committee, and is serving his fourth term as chairman of the county committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, re-elected in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 2,288 votes against 733 for Thomas Vose (Dem.).



Irvine L. Lenroot.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of Superior. Population, 1900—18,040. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

IRVINE L. LENROOT (Rep.), of West Superior, was born in Superior Jan. 31, 1869. He was educated in the common schools of Douglas county, is a lawyer and has been official reporter of the superior court of Douglas county since 1893. He is secretary of the Douglas County Bar association and is serving his second term as chairman of the Republican County committee. He was admitted to the bar in 1897, after an examination before the state board of law examiners. He has sought no elective office until 1900, when he was elected to the assembly by 1,966 against 1,221 for H. G. Hancock (Dem.).

DOUGLAS—Second District. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the 1st, 7th, 8th and 9th wards of the city of Superior. Population in 1900—18,295. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)



Wallace W. Andrew.

WALLACE W. ANDREW (Rep.), of South Superior, was born in Sheboygan county Dec. 25, 1850. Later his parents moved to Oregon, Dane county, and he attended the schools in Oregon. Early in life he engaged in purchasing grain and live stock, which business he successfully followed for twenty years. He then became interested in the manufacturing business, and in 1894, with his three brothers, went to Superior and established the Duplex Manufacturing company, at South Superior, in which company he has since been interested and of which he is now vice-president. He was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,147 votes, against 1,113 for E. A. Arner (Dem.), and 154 for Halvor Jorgenson (Ind.).

DUNN COUNTY. Population, 1900—25,043. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep.), of Knapp, was born in Hartford, Windsor county, Vt., April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota. Enlisted in Company D, Second Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21, 1861; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga, Sept. 20, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kenesaw Mountain, when his three years' term of service expired. Was mustered out July 4, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G, Eleventh Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the post of Gallatin, Tenn., which position he held until the close of the war; was mustered out with his regiment June 26, 1865. He has served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker; removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer. Has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural society. Was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and has since been one of the asylum trustees. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 3,014 votes, against 1,168 for Charles Townsend (Dem.), and 143 for Frank T. Vasey (Pro.).



Albert R. Hall.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour and the city of Altoona, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Eau Claire. Population in 1900—15,790. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

JOHN H. YOUNG (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born in Oquakwa, Ill., Oct. 19, 1856, and came to Wisconsin in 1858. He obtained a common school education and is a lumberman. While never an office seeker, he has served two years as alderman for the Third ward of Eau Claire. In obedience to the wishes of Republicans of his district he became a candidate for the position of assemblyman in 1900 and was elected by 2,118 votes, against 1,001 for George Ritzinger (Dem.).



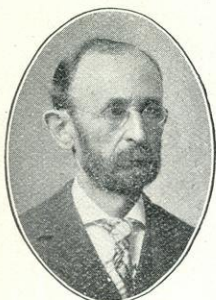
John H. Young.

EAU CLAIRE—Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick (including Porters Mills village), Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta, and the 4th and 7th wards of the city of Eau Claire. Population in 1900—15,902. (Same territory embraced in the district under the apportionment of 1901.)

CHARLES A. SILKWORTH (Rep.), of Osso, was born in Eau Claire county, Oct. 26, 1862, and was edu-



Charles A. Silkworth.



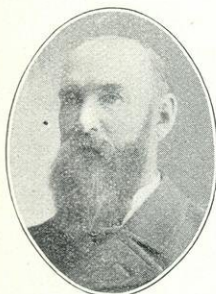
Raphael Katz.

cated in the schools at Osseo and Augusta, Wis., and Minneapolis, Minn. He has been chairman of the town board and school treasurer of the town of Otter Creek. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,137 votes, against 1,663 cast for Frank Blaisdell (Dem.).

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—25,118. (Changed by apportionment of 1901, Osceola town being omitted from this district. Population of new district—24,041.)

RAPHAEL KATZ (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born Nov. 21, 1841, in Kurnik, Province Posen, Germany, and was educated in the public schools. He came to the United States in 1856, and after spending nearly eleven years in New York, California and Illinois, went to Fond du Lac in 1867, established himself in mercantile business and after continuing the same for thirty-three years retired from it in March, 1900. He is now serving his fourth term of three years each as a director of the Fond du Lac Public library and was twice elected by unanimous vote of the council a member of the School board. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, receiving 3,259 votes, against 2,836 for P. H. Moriarty (Rep.).



James Fenelon.

FOND DU LAC—Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun. Population in 1900—22,471. (Osceola town added to district in apportionment of 1901. Population now—23,548.)

JAMES FENELON (Rep.), of Ripon, was born in county Carlow, Ireland, in 1846, and came to Wisconsin May 25, 1850. He was educated in public schools, St. Gall's academy, Milwaukee, and St. Mary's seminary, Chicago. He has held various town offices in the towns of Metomen and Ripon constantly for eighteen years. In 1884 Mr. Fenelon was offered the Democratic nomination for state senator but, in the convention, declined to accept the honor. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 3,495 votes, against 1,883 for H. Wruckey (Dem.), and 132 for R. Patton (Pro.).

GRANT COUNTY.

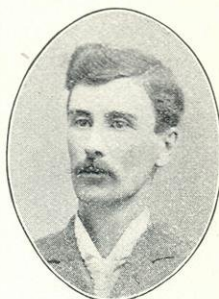


Delford B. Brunson.

First District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population in 1900—19,189. (Changed by apportionment of 1901 to second district; territory the same.)

DELFOED B. BRUNSON (Rep.), of Fennimore, was born in the town of Mt. Hope, Grant county, Nov. 15, 1858, where he grew up a farmer and was educated in common schools. When 20 years old he began buying

and shipping cattle and is still in that business. In 1888 he quit farming, sold his land and moved to the village of Mt. Hope, where he lived until moving to Fennimore in 1893. He was assessor of the town of Mt. Hope twelve years and member of the county board two years. In 1900 he was elected to the assembly by 2,958 votes, against 1,480 for J. G. Bremer (Dem.), and 182 for T. D. Nagle (Pro.).



Sherman E. Smalley.

GRANT—Second District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo, and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population in 1900—19,692. (Changed by apportionment of 1901 to First district; population and territory unchanged.)

S. E. SMALLEY (Rep.), of Cuba City, is a lawyer, born at Marengo, Ill., June 25, 1866; educated in common schools of Grant county and a Detroit, Mich., law school, from which he graduated Oct. 1, 1894. He has been town clerk two years and supervisor for the village of Cuba City five years. In 1900 he was elected to the assembly by 2,645 votes, against 1,789 for Morton Eastman (Dem.), and 93 for E. Witherby (Pro.).

GREEN COUNTY. Population, 1900—22,719. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

A CLARKE DODGE (Rep.), of Monroe, was born Nov., 1834, in the town of Barre, Vt., and was educated in the common schools and Barre Academy. He came to Monroe, Wis., in 1855, and his business is dealing in lumber, grain and coal. He was five times schairman of the Board of Supervisors of Green county; delegate to the Republican National convention in 1884; presidential elector on the Republican ticket in 1888; member of the board of education in Monroe twenty-five years, most of the time its chairman. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and was appointed to the committee on cities. In the election of 1900 Mr. Dodge received 2,892 votes, against 1,881 for Henry Hoehn (Dem.), and served as chairman of the committee on Military Affairs and member of the committee on Cities.



A. Clarke Dodge.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY. Population, 1900—15,797. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

WILLIAM J. MIDDLETON (Rep.), of Berlin, was born Aug. 11, 1852, in the city of Berlin, Green Lake county. He received his education in the common and high schools of the city of Berlin, and is by occupation a farmer. He was elected chairman of the Board of supervisors of his town in 1883, and has been chosen to that position each year since. He has also been one of the directors of the Berlin National bank since its organization. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and was re-elected in 1900, receiving 1,868 votes, against 1,615 for Frank W. Teske (Dem.), 148 for George W. Merton (Ind.), and 2 for Lorenzo Patterson (Pro.).



Wm. J. Middleton.

IOWA COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,114. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)



Bjorn Holland.

BJORN HOLLAND (Rep.), of Hollandale, was born in Norway, July 5th, 1841. In 1846 he came with his parents to America and located in La Grange, Walworth county. Six months later the father died. Then began a struggle with the widow and children. In summers the boy worked for farmers; in winters he attended the district school of the neighborhood. In 1861-2-3 he attended for a portion of each year the Albion Academy, in Dane county. He taught district schools for nine terms, and was principal of a private school in Chicago in 1865-9-'70 and '71. In 1865, as one of the firm of Holland Bros., he became interested in merchandising at Moscow and Adamsville. In that business he continued until 1882. Since then he has been a farmer, merchant and stock dealer, living in the new village of Hollandale, a place named after him. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900 by 3,118 votes to 1,902 for Josephus Bailey (Dem.), and 202 for John B. Parmley (Pro.).

JACKSON COUNTY. Population, 1900—17,466. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

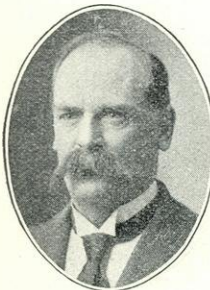


Edwin A. Miller.

E. A. MILLER (Rep.), of Hixton, was born in McHenry Co., Ill. When 9 years of age he came to Wisconsin with his parents, who settled at Alma Centre, Jackson county. His education was acquired in the common and graded schools. He graduated from La Crosse Business college in 1873. Was in the employ of a large lumber company in La Crosse until 1877, when he went to Alma Centre and engaged in the hardware business with his brother. In 1884 the company started a hardware store and lumber yard, which the subject of this sketch has general supervision of. He has served his town as clerk and chairman, and was chairman of the Jackson county. His education was acquired in the com- delegate to the last National Republican convention at Philadelphia and has always been active in Republican party work. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,622 votes, against 702 for Chas. Gansel (Dem.), and 2 scattering.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the 1st, 2d, 3rd, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—16,712. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district, 17,377.)



George J. Kern.

GEORGE J. KERN (Dem.), of Rome, Jefferson county, was born in the town of Herman, Dodge county, April 6, 1850. He is a farmer, educated in public and parochial schools. He moved to the town of Sullivan, Jefferson county, in 1868. He has been assessor of the town of Sullivan two years, supervisor two years and is now in his seventh year as member of the County board. He has been president of the Sullivan Mutual Fire Insurance company several terms, president of the Rome Dairy company two years, its secretary and treasurer five years and school clerk of his district twenty-one years. He was elected to the assembly by 2,081 votes, against 1,656 for Gustav Buchheit (Rep.).

LANGLADE, FLORENCE AND FOREST COUNTIES.
Population, 1900—17,146. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

LEROY E. MCGILL (Rep.), of Florence, was born in the village of Rural, Waupaca county, Dec. 12, 1868. He was educated in common and high school of Waupaca, and graduated from Illinois College of Law May 28, 1898. He was register of deeds for Vilas county in 1897-98 and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,460 votes, against 1,346 for John McGreer (Dem.).



Leroy E. McGill.

LINCOLN AND TAYLOR COUNTIES. Population, 1900—27,531. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. District now Price and Taylor. Population—20,368. Lincoln made one district.)

EDWARD W. WHITSON (Rep.), of Tomahawk, Lincoln county, elected to the assembly in 1900 by 3,356 votes, against 2,829 for M. W. Ryan (Dem.), was born in Queens county, N. Y., April 1, 1851, and came to Wisconsin with his parents the same year. They settled in Marquette county, where he grew up and attended the common schools, and completing his education at an academy in Madison. After living at other points in Lincoln county some years he settled in Tomahawk in 1889, engaging in mercantile and lumber business. He has been mayor of Tomahawk and a member of the Tomahawk school board five years and was a delegate to the Republican State convention of 1900.



Edward W. Whitson.

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—22,068. Changed by apportionment of 1901. Cato town omitted. Population of new district—20,343.)

JOSEPH WILLOTT, JR. (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born June 29, 1855, at Oldbury, Worcestershire, England. He came to America in 1867, and resided at Mishawaka, Ind., till 1872, when he came to Wisconsin, settling at Manitowoc. He was educated in the common schools of England and America. His occupation is manufacturing edged tools; has been a member of the board of supervisors of Manitowoc county, and alderman of Manitowoc from 1887 to 1899, except the year 1893. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and re-elected in 1900, receiving 2,435 votes, against 2,094 for Fred C. Schoch (Dem.), and 28 for Fred Luebke (Soc.-Dem.).



Joseph Willott, Jr.

MANITOWOC—Second district. The towns of Coopers-town, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population in 1900—20,175. (Changed. Town of Cato added. Population of new district—21,918.)

JONAS GAGNON (Dem.), of Two Rivers, was born in the town of Dunham, Canada, Aug. 31, 1846. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1848, settling at Two Rivers, where he was educated. He is a merchant and manufacturer. In early life he taught school seven



Jonas Gagnon.



Alfred Cook.

years, and was captain of a tug on Lake Michigan nine years; was an alderman of his city, supervisor nine years, and school commissioner five years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,218 votes to 1,764 for Wm. Schmidt (Rep.).

MARATHON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stetting and Weir, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the east ward of the city of Colby. Population, 1900—21,559. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

ALFRED COOK, of Unity, was born in Lloyd town, Canada West, Oct. 4, 1850, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854, settling on a farm in Calumet county, where he grew up and attended the public schools, later attending High school in Fond du Lac. In 1871 he went to Marathon county, bought land and cleared a farm, giving some attention to lumber business while the timber of that county lasted. He is now engaged in raising high grade livestock on his farm. He has been postmaster, president of the town board and director of the high school in Unity. Mr. Cook has always affiliated with the Republican party until the last four years, when he chose to act independently in politics and was elected to the assembly in 1900 on the Democratic ticket, receiving 2,069 votes, against 2,065 cast for G. E. Vandercook.



Herman Miller.

MARATHON—Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population in 1900—21,697. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HERMAN MILLER (Rep.), of Wausau, is a retired hotel-keeper. He is a native of Germany, was born Nov. 11, 1833, and came to Wisconsin April 6, 1856. He received a High school education in Germany and has occupied responsible positions in Marathon county. He was register of deeds from 1865 to 1871, assistant supervisor 1872 to 1889 and chairman of the Board of supervisors in 1876. He was supervisor of the Twelfth United States census for the Eighth Wisconsin district in 1900, and was elected to the assembly by 2,538 votes, against 1,821 for John Miller (Dem.).



Frederick M. Price.

MARINETTE COUNTY. Population, 1900—30,822. (Marinette county now two districts. See new apportionment following biographies and preceding index.)

FREDERICK M. PRICE (Rep.), of Peshtigo, elected to the assembly in 1900 by 4,139 votes, against 1,650 for Frank Stock (Dem.), was born in the town of Peshtigo, Marinette county, Feb. 10, 1858. He is of German parentage, was educated in the public schools and is a farmer. He has been several years a member of the board of supervisors of the town of Grover, also a member of the school board and has been deputy game war-

den two terms. He operates a large farm and has always taken an active part in all movements for the development of agricultural interests in his county.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 3d and 7th wards, Milwaukee. Population in 1900—22,080. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. See new apportionment following biographies. Now wards 1 and 18.)

FRANCIS B. KEENE (Rep.), was born in Milwaukee, Dec. 11, 1856. After attending private schools there, he was four years, 1871 to 1875, at Racine College, and then entered Harvard College, from which he was graduated in 1880, in the same class with Vice-President Roosevelt. For several years after leaving college he was on the engineer corps of the C., M. & St. P. R. R., occupied in locating and building extensions to that system. He resigned his position there to enter the coal business in Milwaukee, in which he was long engaged. In recent years he has been active in newspaper and other literary work and has long been identified with the national work for improved municipal government. He was secretary of the Milwaukee Carnival association that celebrated the semi-centennial of Wisconsin in 1898. He is a trustee of Milwaukee-Downer college. He was elected to the assembly in November, 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,484 votes, against 2,446 cast for Thomas F. Ramsey (Dem.), and 100 for David White (Soc.-Dem.). In each session of the legislature Mr. Keene was made chairman of the committee on cities.



Francis B. Keene.

MILWAUKEE—Second District. The 2d and 4th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—20,588. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. Now wards 2 and 6.)

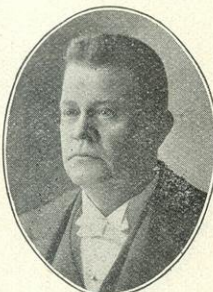
MAURICE A. McCABE (Dem.), of Milwaukee, is a lawyer. He graduated from the Law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1896. He was born in Milwaukee April 25, 1872, and obtained his earlier education in private schools of the city, graduating from Marquette College with the degree of A. M. in 1892. He was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,549 votes, against 2,186 for M. Laffey (Rep.), 284 for Fred Weingard (Soc.-Dem.), and 101 for E. C. Notbohm (Ind.).



Maurice A. McCabe.

MILWAUKEE—Third District. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake, and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee, and the 17th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—23,972. (Changed, town of Franklin omitted. Population now—22,236.)

LEVI A. MINER (Rep.), of South Milwaukee, a native of Pennsylvania, born at Mauch Chunk, April 5, 1854, and educated in public schools, was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,363 votes, against 1,590 for W. W. Scott (Dem.), and 164 for George Landwehr (Soc.-Dem.). When 10 years old Mr. Miner set out to learn the printer's trade and make his own way in the world. He learned his trade in Mauch Chunk and worked at it many years in different parts of the country. He came to Milwaukee in 1884 and for some years held positions



Levi A. Miner.

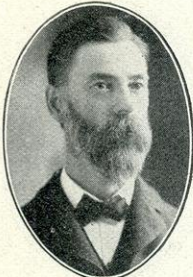


August Zinn.

of responsibility in the mechanical departments of newspaper offices. Soon after the founding of the new town of South Milwaukee, in 1892, he established the South Milwaukee Journal there, and in company with T. J. Russell, his father-in-law, still publishes it. Mr. Miner's push and persistent efforts have made it one of the liveliest semi-weekly papers in Wisconsin. His efforts have also had much influence in making the young city solidly Republican. He is a Mason, a hustling Republican and a non-seeker of office. He received the largest majority ever given a candidate for assembly in his district.

MILWAUKEE—Fourth District. The 15th and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—22,346. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

AUGUST ZINN (Rep.), 2619 Prairie St., Milwaukee, was born April 23, 1859, in Milwaukee, and was educated in the public school of the second ward. His business is that of a wholesale jeweler, and he has always made Milwaukee his home. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and in 1900 was re-elected by 2,865 votes, against 1,930 for Max W. Noll (Dem.), and 216 for Carl Barkman (Soc.-Dem.).



Fred Esau.

MILWAUKEE—Fifth District. The 5th and 12th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—23,247. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

FRED ESAU (Dem.), of Milwaukee, is a druggist, born in his home city May 25, 1852. He was educated in the German-American Academy and the Spencerian Business College of Milwaukee, and began business as a druggist when he was 18 years old. During 1885, '86 and '87 he served on the Milwaukee school board, representing the Fifth ward, and was chairman of the Committee on Finance two years. In 1896 he was appointed one of the trustees of the Emergency hospital and still holds that position, having been reappointed in 1899. When the Milwaukee county civil service board was established by law in 1896 he was appointed a member of that board and is still a member. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,220 votes, against 2,182 for Thomas J. Borland (Rep.), and 357 for H. A. Protovi (Soc.-Dem.).

MILWAUKEE—Sixth District. The 6th and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—27,578. (Changed. Now wards 3, 4 and 7. Population—23,270.)



Francis M. Eline.

FRANCIS M. ELINE (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born May 1, 1871, in the First ward of the city of Milwaukee. He was educated in a private school and Marquette College in Milwaukee. After graduating from the latter institution he went to Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., where he received the degree of A. M., in course; also attended the Georgetown University law school, obtaining the degree of LL. B. in 1894. Was admitted to the bar in Wisconsin in 1894, but returned to Georgetown University for a post graduate law course, attaining the degree of Master of Law in 1895. The city of Milwaukee has always been his home, and he has

been engaged in active practice of the law since 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, when he received 2,705 votes against 2,595 for Richard B. Ramien (Rep.), and 267 for Emil Fischer (Soc.-Dem.).

MILWAUKEE—Seventh District. Towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population in 1900—18,908. (Changed. Franklin town added. Population—17,804.)

FREDERICK HARTUNG (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born July 30, 1857, at Wauwatosa, and received his education in the common schools of that town and the German-English Academy in Milwaukee. He is a farmer and was treasurer of the town of Wauwatosa in the year 1888, was elected assessor of said town in 1893-4-5, elected chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the town in 1896, and re-elected in 1898-1900. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 2,912 votes, against 971 for Peter J. Mackedon (Dem.).



Fred Hartung.

MILWAUKEE—Eighth District. The 8th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332. (Now wards 8 and 13, same territory.)

REINHOLD F. THIESSENHUSEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee Nov. 17, 1864, and was educated in the public schools of that city, which has always been his home. His business is that of a carpenter and contractor. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and in 1900 was re-elected by 2,411 votes, against 1,576 for G. Schoener (Dem.), and 213 for Fred H. Laist (Soc.-Dem.).



R. F. Thiessenhusen.

MILWAUKEE—Ninth District. The 9th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—17,653. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

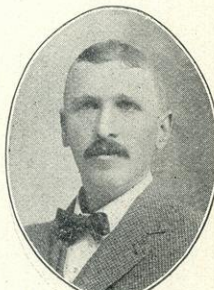
JOHN C. KAREL (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Schuyler, Neb., Feb. 28, 1873, and came to Wisconsin in 1874. He is a lawyer, educated in the ward and High schools of Kewaunee and the University of Wisconsin, graduating in the Law Course in 1895. He was one of the organizers and was vice president of the University Democratic Club, 1892 to 1895, and was sergeant-at-arms of the Democratic state convention in 1900. In his election to the assembly he received 1,591 votes, against 1,502 for Ben Van Echteren (Rep.), and 405 for John Hayman (Soc. Dem.).



John C. Karel.

MILWAUKEE—Tenth District. The 10th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—17,024. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

GEORGE RANKL (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is a house painter and decorator, born in the ward which he was chosen to represent in the assembly Feb. 28, 1867. He was educated in the district school of his own ward, which he also represented on the Republican campaign committee of 1900. He was elected by 1,740 votes, against 1,232 for A. C. G. De Heus (Dem.), and 388 for F. J. Kreil (Soc. Dem.).



George Rankl.



Herman Pomrenng.

MILWAUKEE—Eleventh District. The 11th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—21,903. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HERMAN J. POMRENING (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was educated in the Milwaukee public schools and is in the restaurant business, which he has conducted during the last ten years. Prior thereto he was employed many years in the claims department of the C., M. & St. P. Railway company. He was elected to the assembly by 1,805 votes, against 1,551 for Adam J. Knapp (Dem.), and 343 for Fred Schoen (Soc. Dem.).



Charles Barker.

MILWAUKEE—Twelfth District. The 19th and 20th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—37,083. (Changed. Now wards 19 and 22. Population—20,231.)

CHARLES BARKER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is in the insurance business. He was born in England Nov. 15, 1849, and came to Wisconsin in 1876. He was educated in common and private schools in England. He is a miller by trade, came to this country in 1872 and worked at his trade several years. From 1878 to 1890 he was a Methodist preacher, which line of work he quit and took up insurance. He was elected to the assembly by 3,505 votes, against 2,241 for W. A. Yunker (Dem.), and 1,040 for Charles A. Blodgett (Soc. Dem.).



Henry J. Soltwedel.

MILWAUKEE—Thirteenth District. The 13th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—17,026. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HENRY J. SOLTWEDEL (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Aug. 4, 1859, at Beuthen, Germany. He came with his parents to this country in 1868, settling in the Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, receiving his education in the public and parochial schools of that city. Since 1873 his occupation has been that of a barber, and for thirteen consecutive years he was proprietor of the Schlitz hotel barber shop. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 1,623 votes, against 1,232 for Ernest Leidel (Dem.), and 271 for Henry Harbicht (Soc. Dem.).



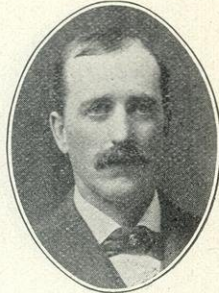
August M. Gawin.

MILWAUKEE—Fourteenth District. The 14th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—20,651. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

AUGUST M. GAWIN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born Aug. 27, 1869, in Posen, Germany, and was educated in the Milwaukee public and parochial schools; came with his parents to Milwaukee April 20, 1872, and has resided there since; is an artist by profession and is engaged in the art glass business. He was elected to the assembly in 1896 and 1898, and for the third time in 1900, receiving 2,013 votes, against 872 for C. Matuszewski (Rep.), and 129 for J. Reidenbach (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE—Fifteenth District. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the villages of Whitefish Bay and North Milwaukee, and the 21st ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1900—20,613. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

J. E. NORTON (Rep.), of the town of Granville, whose home postoffice address is Station B, R. F. D. Route 1, Milwaukee, was born in Mayville, Dodge county, May 25, 1866. He is a farmer and was educated in public schools. He has been a director in the Granville, Germantown and Menomonie Insurance company, school district clerk nine years and was census enumerator of his town in 1900. His election to the assembly was by 1,938 votes, against 1,080 for H. E. Chase (Dem.), and 398 for J. Heller (Soc. Dem.).



John E. Norton.

MONROE COUNTY. Population, 1900—28,103. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

E. R. JONES (Rep.), of Sparta, is a native of Wales. He came to Wisconsin in 1849, settled in Monroe county and pursued farming until 1884. He was six years a member of the Monroe County board. In 1884 he was elected sheriff of that county, and was elected to the same office again in 1888. In 1891 he moved to Sparta and engaged in hotel business, which he continued until 1898. In 1900 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 3,564, against 2,439 for John Cramer (Dem.).



Evan R. Jones.

OCONTO COUNTY. Population, 1900—20,874. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HENRY JOHNSON (Rep.), of Suring, was born in Denmark Dec. 2, 1854, where he received a common school education, and came to America in 1873, settling in Oshkosh, where he remained until 1879. He then bought land in the town of How, Oconto county, to which he moved and engaged in farming and lumbering. During the last three years he has also conducted a general warehouse and real estate business at Suring. He has been chairman of the town board two years and town treasurer nine years. In the election of 1900 he received 2,632 votes for the office of assemblyman, against 1,246 for Peter D. Levy (Dem.).



Henry Johnson.

ONEIDA, PRICE AND VILAS COUNTIES. Population, 1900—22,910. (Changed by apportionment, 1901. See new apportionment following biographies.)

NATHAN E. LANE (Rep.), of the city of Phillips, Price county, who was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 4,714 votes, against 1,768 for Oscar F. Darwin (Dem.), and 127 for Griffith Davis (Pro.), was born in the town of Oases, Waushara county, Sept. 8, 1862. He has held the positions of town treasurer, cashier of the Bank of Dorchester, Clark county, cashier of the State Bank of Phillips, of which he is a stockholder and director, and is at present mayor of the city of Phillips. He is also engaged in fire insurance business. His education was obtained in the schools of Waushara county.



Nathan E. Lane.

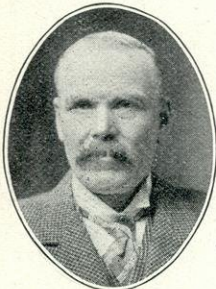
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.



Warren L. Root.

First District. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville and the city of Appleton. Population in 1900—22,068. (Changed. Bovina town added. Population—23,102.

W. L. ROOT (Rep.), of Appleton, was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., March 4, 1837, and came to Wisconsin Dec. 16, 1858. He was educated in the district schools of Jefferson county, N. Y.; is a farmer and produce shipper. He has been treasurer and clerk of his town and was elected to the assembly by 2,421 votes, against 2,102 for David Zehner (Dem.).



David Hodgins.

OUTAGAMIE—Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the 3d ward of the city of New London. Population in 1900—24,179. (Changed. Bovina town omitted. Population of district—23,145.)

DAVID HODGINS (Rep.), of Hortonville, is a farmer, born in Canada Dec. 30, 1850, educated there and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He has been supervisor of his town four terms and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,574 votes to 2,206 for Luther Lindauer (Dem.).



Herman Schellenberg.

OZAUKEE COUNTY. Population, 1900—16,363. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

H. SCHELLENBERG (Dem.), of Horns Corners, was born Aug. 18, 1842, in Saxe Altenberg, Germany, where he was educated in the public schools, coming to the United States in 1855. He was employed for three years as clerk in New York City, came to Wisconsin in 1859 and worked as a blacksmith's apprentice until 1861, when he went to Lake Superior copper regions, where he worked in the mines until 1865. He then operated a farm in the town of Trenton, Washington county, until 1872, and then opened a general store and hotel at Horns Corners, which he still conducts. He was a supervisor of the town of Trenton in 1866 and 1867 and of the town of Cedarburg in 1872 and 1873, and chairman of that town in 1878 and 1879. He has been town clerk since 1885, justice of the peace twenty-four years and postmaster of Horns Corners postoffice since its establishment in 1875. He is secretary of the Cedarburg Driving association. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, again in 1896 and in 1900, receiving 1,673 votes, against 1,589 for P. L. Pieron (Rep.).



Harry J. Park.

PIERCE COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,943. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HARRY J. PARK (Rep.), of Spring Valley, was born in the town of Trimbell, Pierce county, Dec. 24, 1868. He acquired education in the schools of that county and in Cambridge, Mass. He is engaged in mercantile business, was elected village clerk of Spring Valley in 1899, village president in 1900 and to the assembly by 3,154 votes, against 1,076 for William F. Gearing (Dem.).

PORTAGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point. Population in 1900—15,809. (Changed. Portage county now one district.)

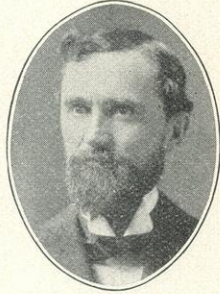
WILLIAM F. COLLINS (Dem.), of Stevens Point, is a lawyer, educated in common and high schools and the University of Wisconsin. He was born in Stevens Point in 1869, was engrossing clerk of the state assembly in the session of 1891, clerk of the senate Judiciary committee, session of 1893, and member of the Board of Education of Stevens Point 1896 to 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 1,736 votes to 1,314 for Augustus Oesterle (Rep.).



William F. Collins.

PORTAGE—Second District. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Larnark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover and Stockton. Population in 1900—13,674. (Changed. Portage county now one district.)

FRED J. (Josiah Frederick) FROST (Rep.), of Almond, Portage county, was born in that town and county, May 20, 1858. He attended the district school, the high schools of Berlin and Oshkosh and the Oshkosh Normal school, after which he taught school a number of winters. He is a farmer, does a general insurance business and deals in farm implements. He was a member of the assembly of 1899 and was elected again in 1900 by 1,953 votes to 965 for John Frederick (Dem.).



Fred J. Frost.

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of Racine. Population in 1900—24,807. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

JOHN W. OWEN (Rep.), of Racine, is a lawyer, born in Racine Jan. 17, 1862, educated in common schools of Racine, McMynn's academy and the State University Law school. When 17 years old he entered a shop and was a machinist ten years. He entered the University Law school in 1896, graduated in 1898 and has since enjoyed a lucrative practice in Racine. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 3,351 votes, against 2,201 for J. H. Korzelius (Dem.), and 171 for W. Cahoon (Pro.).



Jno. W. Owen.

RACINE—Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove, and the 7th ward of the city of Racine. Population in 1900—20,837. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

GEORGE ELA (Rep.), of Rochester, was born in the town in which he resides, Oct. 11, 1868. He was educated in the Rochester Seminary, graduating from that school in 1887, and from the University of Wisconsin in 1894. His business is that of a dairyman and stock raiser; he held the office of supervisor of the town of Rochester in 1895, '96, '97, '98 and '99 and was chairman of the county board of supervisors of Racine county in 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1900. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900 by 2,372 votes, against 1,821 for E. F. Rakow (Dem.), and 121 for W. E. Tucker (Pro.).



George Ela.

RICHLAND COUNTY. Population, 1900—19,483. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

JOHN H. BABB (Rep.) is a farmer residing in the town of Sylvan (Sabin P. O.), Richland county. He was born in that town Aug. 10, 1860, and obtained his education in the common schools. He was elected chairman of the town board in the spring of 1894, and at the November election following was elected treasurer of Richland county, to which office he was re-elected in 1896. Nov. 6, 1900, he was elected member of the assembly, receiving 2,558 votes, against 1,502 cast for George Jameson (Dem.), and 259 for John Maley (Pro.).



John H. Babb.

ROCK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville. Population in 1900—16,218. (District changed. See new apportionment, following biographies.)

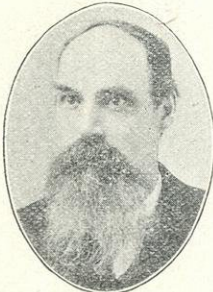
CHARLES L. VALENTINE (Rep.), of Janesville, was born in Genesee county, N. Y., Oct., 1846, came to Wisconsin in 1849 and was educated in the Janesville schools. He is an abstracter of titles, was register of deeds for Rock county twenty years, 1875 to 1895, and secretary of the Wisconsin Commission of Fisheries fourteen years. He was a member of Co. E, Fifth Wisconsin Inf. in the war of the Rebellion and lost his right foot in the battle at Spottsylvania C. H., Va., May 12, 1864. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,064 votes to 1,350 for William Brinkman (Dem.), and 93 for W. J. Knights (Pro.).



Charles L. Valentine.

ROCK—Second District. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union, and the city of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton. Population in 1900—16,329. (District changed. See new apportionment, following biographies.)

ALMERON EAGER (Rep.), of Evansville, is a retired farmer and merchant. He was born in Sangerfield, Oneida county, N. Y., March 14, 1838, and came to Wisconsin in November, 1854. He has been town treasurer eight years, trustee for the village of Evansville one year, president of the village three years, and supervisor of the First ward of the city of Evansville five years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,670 votes, against 911 for Daniel Rodgers (Dem.), and 170 for John Stockman (Pro.).



Almeron Eager.

ROCK—Third district. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit. Population in 1900—18,656. (District changed. See new apportionment, following biographies.)

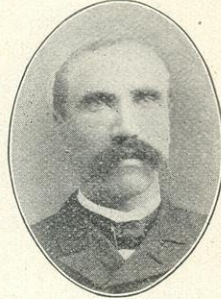
HALVOR CLEOPHAS (Rep.), of Beloit, is a farmer of common school education. He was born in Norway July 21, 1842, and came to Wisconsin in 1843. He has served twelve years as chairman of the town board of Newark, Rock county, and was elected to the assembly by 3,411 votes to 894 for John Burns (Dem.), and 137 for J. B. Smith (Pro.).



Halvor Cleophas.

ST. CROIX COUNTY. Population, 1900—26,830. (District unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

HENRY ANDERSON (Rep.), of the village of Baldwin, was born in Norway in 1855 and came to Wisconsin in June, 1873. His education was obtained in private schools and in an academy in Norway and finished at Madison, Wis. He is a lawyer, was postmaster at Baldwin during the Harrison administration, has been chairman of the St. Croix county board and has held numerous other local offices. He was elected to the assembly Nov. 6, 1900, by 3,048 votes, against 2,467 for Peter A. Anderson (Dem.).

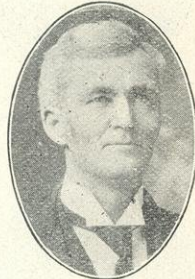


Henry Anderson.

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population in 1900—16,905. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

FRANKLIN JOHNSON (Rep.), of Baraboo, was born in Greenfield, Milwaukee county, Wis., in 1849; was educated in the public schools and the home; taught school several terms. In 1881 he moved to Baraboo and engaged in fruit growing. In 1884 and 1885 he was clerk of the town of Baraboo; was re-elected in 1892, since which time he has held the position continuously; was the originator of "Johnson's Index system for tax collectors," in use in many counties of this state; has been secretary of Baraboo Farmers' Mutual Insurance company for the past four years and president of the State Horticultural society for the past two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, receiving 2,243 votes, against 1,232 for T. W. English (Dem.), and 148 for O. E. Stone (Pro.).



Franklin Johnson.

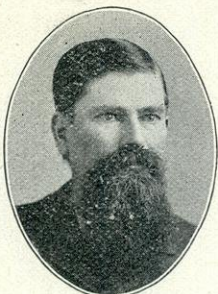
SAUK—Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green (including village of Spring Green), Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg. Population in 1900—16,101. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

EVAN W. EVANS (Dem.), of Spring Green, is a native of Wales and came to Wisconsin in 1849. He obtained a common school and academic education in Sauk county and is a farmer and dealer in live stock. He was a member of the Sixth Wisconsin Battery, Light artillery, from Sept., 1861, to Oct., 1864, and participated in all battles and campaigns in which the battery took part, among them the siege at Island No. 10, siege and battle of Corinth, the Holly Springs and Vicksburg campaigns, the battles at Raymond, Black River, Jackson and Champion Hills, to the final siege and capture of Vicksburg and Sherman's march to Atlanta. He was a member of the assembly in 1885 and 1887 and was elected to it again in 1900 by 1,835 votes, against 1,553 for J. A. Stone (Rep.), and 104 for H. B. Hemmelfly (Pro.).



Evan W. Evans.

SHAWANO COUNTY. Population, 1900—27,475. (District unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)



Jonas Swenholt.

JONAS SWENHOLT (Rep.), of Shawano, was born in the town of Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, Dec. 20, 1856, where his parents settled when coming to this country from Norway in 1844. In 1863 the family moved to Waupaca county, where the subject of this sketch grew up on a farm, where he remained until 1880, when he started in mercantile business in Wittenberg, Shawano county, where he also conducted a sawmill and dealt in lumber. He was postmaster at Wittenberg two terms, under Hayes and Harrison. He also filled the offices of town clerk, town treasurer, village treasurer and village supervisor. In 1894 he was elected register of deeds for Shawano county, and was re-elected to that office in 1896. Since 1898 he has been in real estate business and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 3,243 votes, against 1,505 for H. R. McComb (Dem.).

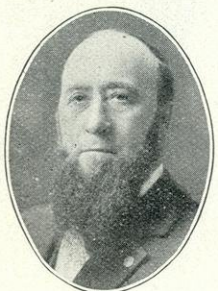


Martin O. Galaway.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 8th wards of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1900—17,907. (Changed. Sheboygan county now two districts.)

MARTIN O. GALAWAY (Rep.), of Sheboygan, was born Dec. 27, 1862, in the village of Sheboygan Falls, receiving his education in the public schools of that place, and is a wholesale dealer in butter and eggs. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 1,871 votes, against 1,478 for Carl Ziller (Dem.), and 512 for Edward Mahanke (Soc. Dem.).



George Spratt.

SHEBOYGAN—Second District. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the 6th and 7th wards of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1900—16,681. (Changed. Sheboygan county now two districts.)

GEORGE SPRATT (Rep.), of Sheboygan Falls, was born in Boston, England, June 30, 1844, and came to Wisconsin in 1851, settling in Sheboygan county. He obtained a common school education, learned the trade of a carpenter and followed contracting and building until 1874, when he engaged in manufacturing, and is still engaged in that business. He served in the war of the Rebellion as commissary of Company F, Forty-eighth Wisconsin regiment, and has occupied numerous offices in town and village governments. He was elected to the assembly in 1886 and served as chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills. He was elected to the assembly again in 1900 by 1,736 votes, against 1,462 cast for H. S. Klemms (Dem.), and 36 for L. F. Muir (Soc. Dem.).

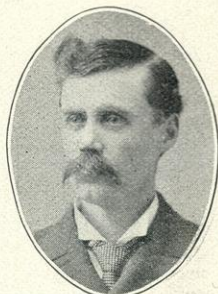


Henry Krumrey.

SHEBOYGAN—Third District. The towns of Greenbush (including the village of Greenbush), Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake and the city of Plymouth. Population in 1900—15,757. (Changed. Sheboygan county now two districts.)

HENRY KRUMREY (Rep.), of Plymouth, was born in the town of Plymouth, Sheboygan county, Wis., Feb. 3,

1852, and was educated in the public schools and German private schools of Plymouth; is a farmer and live stock dealer. He has held the offices of town treasurer and supervisor and was chairman of the Town board for two years. He is president of the school board of Plymouth High school, and has been for the last fifteen years. In 1900 he was the republican nominee for presidential elector for the fifth congressional district, but resigned upon being nominated for the assembly. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, receiving 2,097 votes, against 1,372 votes cast for J. J. Crosby (Dem.), and 36 votes for J. A. Zinkgraf (Soc. Dem.).



Eugene F. Clark.

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,114.
(Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

EUGENE F. CLARK (Rep.), of Galesville, elected assemblyman for Trempealeau county Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 3,356, against 1,225 cast for Iver Eimon (Dem.), is a farmer and also president of the bank at Galesville. He is a native of Maine and was born Aug. 14, 1850, coming to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854. He obtained his education in the common schools, in Gale college, at Galesville, and in business college. He was elected to the assembly in 1894 and served in the session of 1895.

VERNON COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,351. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

ANDREW H. DAHL (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Columbia county, April 13, 1859, and was educated in the high school at Viroqua and the Northwestern Business college at Madison. Vernon county has been his home since 1864, and he is engaged in dealing in general merchandise. He was supervisor of the village of Westby during 1896 and 1897, and was elected trustee of Vernon county asylum in 1897 and re-elected in 1901. He was president of the village in 1899 and 1900, and was re-elected to the assembly in 1898 and again in 1900, receiving 4,477 votes, against 1,290 votes for George E. Tate (Dem.).

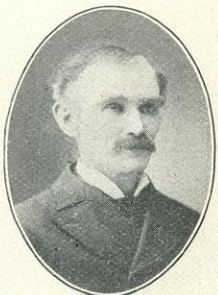


Andrew H. Dahl.

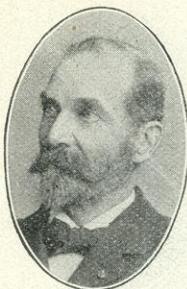
WALWORTH COUNTY.

First District. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn, and the city of Whitewater. Population in 1900—13,634. (Walworth county now one district.)

EVERETT E. DOW (Rep.), of La Grange, is a farmer, born at Palmyra, Wis., July 17, 1853, and educated in Palmyra schools. He has been town clerk five years chairman of town and member of county board, each four years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,345 votes, against 960 for Oscar Hanson (Dem.), and 136 for George S. Kyle (Pro.).



Everett E. Dow.

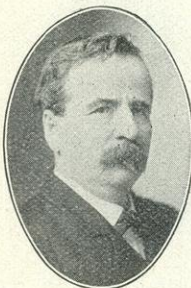


Albert E. Smith.

WALWORTH—Second District. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien (including Darien village), Delavan (including Delavan village), Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon (including Sharon village), Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva. Population, 1900—15,625. (Walworth county now one district.)

ALBERT E. SMITH (Rep.), of Delavan, is a mining engineer of wide reputation and extensive experience. He was born at Cape Vincent, Jefferson county, N. Y., in October, 1839, came to Wisconsin with his parents soon after and settled in Walworth county. In 1861 he entered the Union army in Company K, Eighth Wisconsin Inf., and in 1862 was made captain of that company, in which capacity he served to the close of the war. During the last thirty years he has had many thrilling experiences in the mining regions of the West and Southwest. He has been twice elected mayor of Delavan, and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,674 votes to 840 for J. E. Gaffney (Dem.), and 166 for James Hague (Pro.).

WASHINGTON COUNTY. Population, 1900—23,589. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

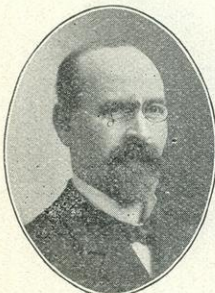


P. G. Duerrwaechter.

PH. G. DUERRWAECHTER, Republican, a resident of South Germantown, Washington county, Wisconsin, ever since 1871, was born in Oelbronn, Wuertenberg, Germany. He emigrated with his parents in 1857, settling at his present home. In 1860, he removed to Kiel, Wis., where he clerked in country stores until 1865, when he accepted a position with the Mendota Copper Mines of northern Michigan, serving in the capacity of engineer until the mine ceased operations, after which he was engaged in similar positions on the great lakes. In 1867, he began the carpenter trade and later as contractor, which business he followed until 1886, simultaneously dealing in lumber, adding builders' hardware in 1878, agricultural implements in 1880, and in co-partnership with his brother-in-law, Adam Diefenthaler, a general store in 1885. He served as town clerk for a period of 13 years, justice of the peace 14 years, notary public 19 years, postmaster of South Germantown for 9 years, and was elected to the assembly in 1900 by a vote of 2,579, against 2,543 for William Hayes, Democrat.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha, and the city of Waukesha. Population in 1900—18,057. (District changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district—17,364.)

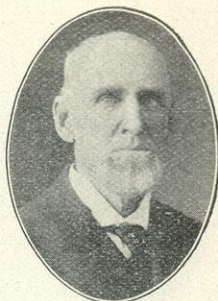


James Johnston.

JAMES JOHNSTON (Rep.), of Mukwonago, was born March 7, 1845, in the town of Waukesha, Waukesha county, and was educated in the common schools of his native town and at Milton college. He resided for a time at Palmyra, Jefferson county; was engaged in the hardware business at Mukwonago. He is a veteran of the war of 1861 to 1865, serving his country in the Thirtieth Regiment, Wis. Vol. Inf. from August, 1861, to January, 1866. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,491 votes, against 1,683 for John Schmidt (Dem.), and 129 for H. R. Adams (Pro.).

WAUKESHA—Second District. The towns of Delafield (including Hartland village), Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee (including Meonmonee Falls village), Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee (including Pewaukee village), Summit and the city of Oconomowoc. Population in 1900—17,172. (Changed by apportionment of 1901. Population of new district—17,865.)

RODERICK AINSWORTH (Rep.), of Merton, is a farmer, born in Du Page county, Ill., and came to Wisconsin in 1844, where he obtained education in common and Normal schools. He has held various town offices and the secretaryship of the Lisbon Insurance company several years, and has taught school many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,513 votes to 1,444 for C. W. Derse (Dem.), and 112 for M. A. Schmoyer (Pro.).



Roderick Ainsworth.

WAUPACA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia, Manawa, Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca. Population in 1900—16,337. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

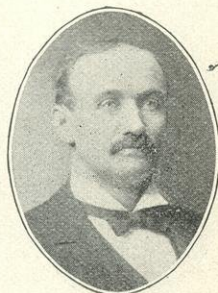
EMIL H. STEIGER (Rep.), of Fremont, Waupaca county, was born Sept. 17, 1871, in the town in which he now resides, and was educated in the public schools and the Oshkosh Business college. His business is that of wholesale dealer in wood, potatoes, real estate and hay for the Wisconsin Grass Twine company, and he is also interested in logging. He held the office of supervisor of his village in 1897 and 1898, and is a member of the Waupaca Republican county committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,924 votes, against 639 for Henry Hanna (Dem.).



Emil H. Steiger.

WAUPACA—Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola (including Iola village), Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, and the city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London. Population in 1900—15,278. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

ANDREW JENSEN (Rep.), of New London, was born near the city of Copenhagen, Denmark, June 2, 1852. In 1867 he came with his parents to Neenah, Wis., where they resided one summer. In the fall of the same year they removed to Ogdensburg, Wis., which was his post-office address until 1900, when he removed to New London. He is a lumberman and farmer by occupation, and received his education in the common schools of Denmark and of Ogdensburg, Wis. He was elected to the assembly in 1896 and 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,245 votes, against 836 for John Hoffman (Dem.). He is a conservative member, not given to oratory, but looking well to the needs of the people he represents.



Andrew Jensen.



David Evans, Jr.

WAUSHARA COUNTY. Population, 1900—15,972. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

DAVID EVANS, JR. (Rep.), of the town of Aurora, Waushara county, was born Sept. 17, 1848, in Caernarvon, North Wales. He came with his parents to America in 1853, settling at Strong's Landing (where now is built the city of Berlin), and was educated in the common schools of the state. He served as a private in Co. C, Forty-first Regiment, and Co. B, Forty-ninth Regiment Wis. Vol. Inf. during the war of the rebellion. Since the war he served on the United States revenue cutter as gunner and quartermaster on the following ships and stations: "John A. Dix," Lakes Superior and Huron; "Andrew Johnson," Lake Michigan; "Robert Morris," Mobile bay and Gulf of Mexico. He has served his party as a delegate to the Republican Congressional and State conventions; is a member of G. A. R. Post No. 4, Berlin, of which he has been commander. He pursues dairying and general farming. He is a director of the Berlin National bank and member of numerous fraternal societies. He was elected to the assembly February 21, 1899, at a special election held to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Hughes, and was again elected in 1900, receiving 2,978 votes, against 528 for Fred B. Ransom (Dem.), and 133 for Joseph Mathews (Pro.).



Herman E. Manuel.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

First District. The town of Oshkosh, and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1900—20,317. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

H. E. MANUEL (Rep.), of Oshkosh, retired from business in 1894. He was born in Vinland, Wis., Jan. 8, 1849, obtained common school education and was many years in business as a manufacturer of steam engines and other machinery. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 by 2,339 votes, against 2,216 for F. B. Ives (Dem.), and 95 for A. C. Smith (Pro.).

WINNEBAGO—Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population in 1900—18,698. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)



Edwin A. Williams.

EDWIN A. WILLIAMS (Rep.), of Neenah, was born Nov. 9, 1847, at Lake Geneva, Walworth county, Wis., received his education in the common schools, Hillsdale college, Michigan, and Platteville, Wisconsin, Normal school, graduating from the latter institution in 1873. He worked on a farm until 19 years of age, when he engaged in teaching school winters, until he reached his majority, after which time he confined himself entirely to the profession of teaching. Was principal of the Winneconne, Wis., schools during the years 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878, and of the Fourth ward school of Oshkosh in 1879, and of the Menasha High school during the years 1880, 1881 and 1882. Was superintendent of Menasha

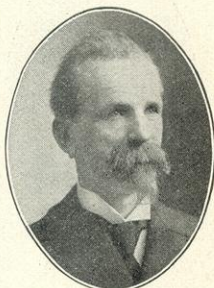
schools two years, and was elected justice of the peace three years. Removed to Neenah in 1888, and engaged in the real estate and insurance business, which he still follows. Was elected mayor of the city in 1894, and afterwards served four years as superintendent of city schools. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, and again in 1900, receiving 2,156 votes, against 2,057 for William H. Hesse (Dem.), and 80 votes for John T. Davis (Pro.).

WINNEBAGO—Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro (including village of Omro), Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the 3d, 6th, 9th and 13th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1900—19,238. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

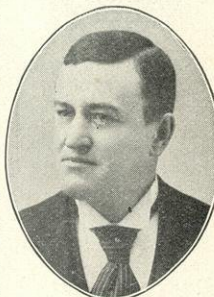
CHRISTIAN SARAU (Rep.), of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was born in Segeberg, Holstein, Germany, June 7, 1839, and received a common school education in Manitowoc county and at Oshkosh. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling on a farm in the town of Mishcote, Manitowoc county, removing to Oshkosh in 1854, where he has resided since. He was admitted to the bar in 1878. In 1861 he was chosen assessor, holding the office six years, and in 1866 was elected justice, which office he has held constantly since, and was appointed court commissioner in 1898. He was a member of the assembly in 1899, served as chairman of the committee on Federal Relations and was a member of the committee on Cities. He was elected again in 1900, receiving 2,659 votes against 1,675 for W. F. Faber (Dem.), and 14 for Wesley Mott (Pro.).

WOOD COUNTY. Population, 1900—25,865. (Unchanged by apportionment of 1901.)

FRANK A. CADY (Rep.), of Marshfield, elected to the assembly Nov. 6, 1900, receiving 2,991 votes, against 2,044 cast for Amos E. Germer (Dem.), is a practicing lawyer and dealer in real estate. He was born in Newport township, Columbia county, Wis., Dec. 31, 1858. He obtained his education in the common schools, Kilbourn City High school and the University of Wisconsin, from the Law department of which he graduated in 1883. After graduating he moved to Marshfield, where he has since lived and has been a member of the county board of supervisors of Wood county twelve years, being elected its chairman in 1898. He was five years a member of the Board of Education of the city of Marshfield; was also five years city attorney for the city, and is an alderman from the Fifth ward at the present time. He was elected a member of the Republican State Central committee in 1898, and was re-elected in 1900 from the Eighth Congressional district.



Christian Sarau.



Frank A. Cady.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.



W. A. Nowell.

WINSLOW A. NOWELL, of Milwaukee, chief clerk of the assembly, was born at Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 31, 1840. He received a common school and academic education. Was in business employment as bookkeeper and cashier in the city of New York from 1856 until 1863, removing to Milwaukee during the latter year and engaging in mercantile business, and subsequently in paper manufacturing. His present occupation is that of a fire insurance agent and real estate dealer. He was an alderman in 1872, commissioner of public works from 1873 to 1876, deputy United States marshal from 1878 to 1880, and postmaster at Milwaukee, by appointment of President Harrison, from Oct. 1, 1889, to Dec. 31, 1893. From 1885 to 1889 he was secretary of the Republican State Central committee, and during the national campaign of 1900 was chief of a bureau of the Republican National committee. He was chief clerk of the sessions of 1877, 1895, 1897 and 1899, and was re-elected to the same position, without opposition, in 1901.



A. M. Anderson.

A. M. ANDERSON, of Grantsburg, Burnett county, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, was born in Norway March 23, 1866, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1870, when they settled in Racine, afterwards living at different points in the state and settling in Grantsburg in 1879. Since then Mr. Anderson has been a resident of Grantsburg. He received a common school education and was employed eight years with the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. He was editor and proprietor of the Grantsburg Sentinel six years, was one of the founders of the first bank of Grantsburg and has been secretary of the Grantsburg Starch company since its organization. He is a member of the Republican State Central committee, had charge of the Document Receiving department of the Republican National committee in Chicago during the campaign of 1900 and is the youngest man ever elected sergeant-at-arms in the Wisconsin legislature.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSODAY, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, N. Y., July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pa., three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pa., and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pa. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wis., and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, Nov. 11, he was appointed by Gov. William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and again in 1899, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born Oct. 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, N. Y. He graduated at Racine college, Wis., in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL was born Dec. 27, 1847, in Nashua, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled in Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Sauk county, until 1872, and since that time in Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; was county judge of Chippewa county from 1876 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1895, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased; was re-elected April 6, 1897, for a full term.

CHAS. V. BARDEEN was born in Brookfield, Madison county, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1850, removing to Wisconsin in 1855; graduated at Albion Academy in 1869, and entered the law office of J. P. Towne of Edgerton, Wis., in 1874. Finished his studies in the law department of the State University, graduating with class of 1875, and commenced the practice of his profession at Wausau, Marathon

county. Was city attorney, district attorney and city superintendent of schools. In April, 1891, was elected judge in the 16th judicial circuit, and re-elected in 1897. Was appointed justice of the supreme court in January, 1898, to succeed Hon. A. W. Newman, deceased. In April, 1898, was elected for the residue of Judge Newman's term.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE was born Oct. 25, 1854, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Middlesex county, Mass.; received his education in the public schools of that place, Westford Academy, at Westford in the same county, and graduated with the class of 1875 from Iowa College at Grinnell, Ia.; graduated from the Law School of the Boston University in 1877. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Massachusetts in that year; moved to Racine, Wis., in March, 1878, and there continued in the general practice of the law until September, 1893, when he was appointed assistant attorney general of the United States, which position he occupied until July, 1897, when he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in practice at Milwaukee until his appointment as associate justice of the supreme court upon the resignation of Mr. Justice Pinney Nov. 22, 1898; was member of assembly in 1891 and 1892, and was appointed a member of the Board of Commissioners for the Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, April 18, 1893. Mr. Dodge was elected to a full term on the supreme bench in April, 1901.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN—FACULTY HEADS.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D., President of the University of Wisconsin, was born Jan. 24, 1835, at Derby, Vt.; graduated at the University of Michigan; pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1862; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1886; was student in University of Michigan from 1857 to 1862; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1862 to 1867; professor of history from 1867 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1885 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1892; president of Am. Historical Association, 1890; president of North Central Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, 1896; is the author of *Democracy and Monarchy in France*, 1872, German edition, 1874; *Manual of Historical Literature*, 1882, 3rd edition, 1889; *British Orations*, 3 vols., 1883; *Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works*, 1892; editor in chief of *Johnson's Universal Cyclopaedia*, 8 vols., 1895.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, Professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born at Edwardsville, Madison county, Ill., April 11, 1834; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was an instructor in the University, 1861-62; County Superintendent of La Fayette county, 1862-64; Regent of the University, 1866-67; was appointed to a full professorship—the first from the alumni—in 1867; held the chair of Mathematics, 1867-72; of Civil Polity and Constitutional Law, 1872-74; was in journalism and president of the Wisconsin State Board of Centennial Managers, 1874-76; Professor of Civil Polity and Political Economy, 1876-93; was appointed Professor of Constitutional and International Law in 1893, and has been vice-president of the University since 1885. He has thus been connected with the University nearly forty years. Several of his addresses, read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies, have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have been prepared, but have not yet been published.

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT HEADS.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born Sept. 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878, and of Doctor of Science (honorary) from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879; and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science and served as acting president in 1900-01. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Commission of Fisheries, superintendent of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey and president of the Madison Public Library. His papers are on scientific subjects, mainly in the *Archiv fur Physiologie*, the *Biologisches Centralblatt*, and the *Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters*.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, O., June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1897 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and 1880 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell university. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887 was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspondent for the *Breeders' Gazette*, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fodders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment Station, under his direction, has issued seventeen annual reports and eighty-four bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1895, he prepared a hand book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. Of this publication 50,000 copies were printed and distributed. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of forty pages, showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root. In March, 1898, he published a volume of 661 pages on stock feeding, entitled "Feeds and Feeding; a Hand Book for the Student and Stockman." This work has gone through three editions.

JOHN BUTLER JOHNSON, C. E., Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering; born at Marlboro, Stark county, O., in 1850; received a common and high school education; taught schools of various grades from 1867 to 1874, when he entered the University of Michigan, where he graduated in 1878. From 1878 to 1883 was engaged as engineer on the U. S. Lake Survey, and on the Mississippi River. Since 1883 was Professor of Civil Engineering in Washington University, St. Louis, until the time of his appointment in this University, in January, 1899. He is a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, England, of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. He has published the following works: 1,

Topographical Surveying, 1884; 2, Theory and Practice of Surveying, 1888; 3, Modern Framed Structures, 1893; 4, Engineering Contracts and Specifications, 1895; 5, Materials of Construction, 1897; 6, Two volumes of Indexed Notes on Current Engineering Literature, covering the period from 1884 to 1895. He has been a constant contributor to the proceedings of engineering societies and journals since 1880.

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics and Political Science, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, N. Y., April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1876-79; student at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; President of the American Economic Association, 1899-1901; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-86; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-88; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications—French and German Socialism in Modern Times, New York, 1883; The Past and the Present of Political Economy, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Japan, 1888; Taxation in American States and Cities, New York, 1888; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1894; Problems of To-Day, New York, 1888; Social Aspects of Christianity, New York, 1889; also London, 1894; An Introduction to Political Economy, New York and London, 1891; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1890; Dutch translation, Amsterdam, Holland, 1897; Outlines of Economics (College edition), New York, 1893, also in raised characters for the blind; Socialism and Social Reform, New York and London, 1894; the Social Law of Service, New York, 1896; Monopolies and Trusts, New York, and London, 1900. Frequent contributions to the North American Review, the Forum, Harper's Magazine, the Century, Outlook, Harper's Weekly, the Independent, etc.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey, seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the University of Michigan, 1878. Assistant engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-85. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin, and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Member National Academy of Sciences 1899. Published five volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory. Method of Least Squares, 1889. Numerous Scientific papers in the Astronomical Journal, Sidereal Messenger, Astronomy and Astro-Physics, Astronomische Nachrichten, Astrophysical Journal, etc.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, born Jan. 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittenden county, Vt.; received an academic education in the New Hampton Institute; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe. When the rebellion broke out he enlisted as a private in Co. C, Third Wis. Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years as lieutenant and adjutant under Colonel, now General Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fiftyeth Wis. Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild; in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again was adjutant-

general under Governors Ludington and Smith, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed with W. F. Vilas to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884 was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, and held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. In 1869, associated with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice department he edited the Postal Guide, and compiled a volume of postal laws and regulations and a manual of instructions to postoffice inspectors; the author of several works on legal subjects: The Wisconsin Justice, a manual for justices of the peace (1884), Code Pleading (1894), Elementary Law (1895), Code Practice (1898), and several books for use of students. His military experiences are recorded in the History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, written by him, published in 1891. In 1896, he wrote a history of the Supreme court of Wisconsin for the Green Bag, a law magazine published in Boston. He has been president of the Commissioners of Fisheries since 1893, and is now President of the Geological and Natural History Survey Commission.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, was born at Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1851. He removed to Madison, Wis., with his father (the late Hon. J. C. Gregory) in 1858. Graduated with honor at the University of Wisconsin in 1871, taking the Latin salutatory, and a year later graduated in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin. Studied law with the firm of Gregory & Pinney, composed of his father and Mr. Justice Pinney, late of the supreme court of Wisconsin, and became junior partner of the firm. Later was a member of the firms of Gregory & Gregory, and of Gregory, Bird & Gregory. He for years held an annual retainer from C., M. & St. P. Ry. Served three years as alderman of the city of Madison (1822-3-4), one year as a member of the Board of Education, and one year as president of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin. Edited The Tariff Reform Advocate in 1888, and has published articles in old Scribner's Magazine, Littell's Living Age, Overland Monthly, Harper's Weekly, Outing, Youth's Companion, New York Nation, New York Evening Post, New York Independent, Harvard Law Review, The London Law Times, The Legal Adviser, The Law Quarterly Review and Law Magazine of London, The American Law Review, The American Lawyer, The Law Register and Review, and in the publications of the American Bar Association, and many western newspapers and publications. Has also published pamphlets on "The Corrupt Use of Money in Elections, and Laws for Its Prevention," and given addresses in New York, Chicago and elsewhere on the topic. He was long a member of the General Committee of and receive \$500 each for their service at each regular session. Members of the American Bar Association and International Law Association. Since 1897 he has been a member of the general council of the American Bar Association, and was elected one of the three elective members of its executive committee in 1897 and in 1900 served as chairman of the section in Legal Education and as chairman of the meeting of delegates from the law schools of the United States held at Saratoga, N. Y., and he was re-elected in 1898 and 1899. He is one of the curators of the State Historical Society. He was elected to his present position in the faculty in June, 1894.

POLITICAL DISTRICT APPORTIONMENTS, 1901.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

In accordance with provisions of the Fifty-sixth congress providing for eleven congressmen for Wisconsin, the legislature of 1901 reapportioned the state into eleven congressional districts. The total population of the state is 2,069,042, and the average population per congressional district is 188,094 and 8-11 persons, practically 188,095. By the new apportionment there are six districts with population below the normal, the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Ninth. The population of the other five districts is above normal. The second district has the least population, 170,792, or 17,303 below normal. The Eleventh has the largest population, 217,650, or 29,555 above normal, a total difference of 46,858 between the lowest and highest in point of population. In point of population the Tenth district is closest to the normal figure, being but 2,880 above. The apportionment into congressional districts follows: [See map, back of book.]

District.	Counties or parts of counties.	Population.
FIRST	Green, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, Lafayette and Walworth counties	191,491
SECOND	Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties	170,792
THIRD	Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties	180,750
FOURTH	The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, in Milwaukee county	183,540
FIFTH	The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha	181,706
SIXTH	Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties	184,517
SEVENTH	Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties	193,890
EIGHTH	Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago counties	194,634
NINTH	Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties	179,097
TENTH	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties	190,975
ELEVENTH	Barron, Bayfield, Burnette, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties	217,650
Total population		2,069,042

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[Average Population per District, 62,898 8-33. See map, back of book.]

The apportionment of the state, by the legislature, into thirty-three senatorial districts, following each Federal and state census of population, is in accordance with constitutional provision. By the census of 1900 the total population of the state is 2,069,042. Hence the unit, or normal for senatorial districts is 62,698 and 8-33, or practically 62,698 $\frac{1}{4}$. In the following table the districts are numbered in the apportionment act, and the actual population of each is given, also the excess of population above the normal figure in those districts having an excess, and the deficiency, or number under the normal, in those below the normal figure. The basis for this figuring is 62,698 even, not taking into account the fraction of one-fourth of a person to each district. This prohibits an exact balancing of the totals in the excess and deficiency columns by 8, the total of one-fourth of a person to each district.

The table shows a total of twenty districts, each having an excess above the normal, and thirteen each below the normal. The greatest difference in population of any two districts is between the fourteenth, Outagamie and Shawano, with 73,722, an excess of 11,024, and the thirteenth, Dodge, with a total population of 46,631, or 16,067 below normal, a total difference between them of 27,091. The table shows the excess or deficiency in each district, the list of districts as constituted following the table:

District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.	District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.
1.....	65,617	2,919	.....	18.....	63,386	688	.....
2.....	67,233	4,535	.....	19.....	58,225	.....	4,473
3.....	67,351	4,653	.....	20.....	66,708	4,010	.....
4.....	61,035	.....	1,663	21.....	61,098	.....	1,600
5.....	69,196	6,498	.....	22.....	51,203	.....	11,495
6.....	71,771	9,073	.....	23.....	64,048	1,350	.....
7.....	63,533	835	.....	24.....	64,729	2,031	.....
8.....	64,482	1,784	.....	25.....	69,104	6,406	.....
9.....	61,487	.....	1,211	26.....	69,435	6,737	.....
10.....	50,773	.....	11,925	27.....	64,127	1,429	.....
11.....	61,614	.....	1,084	28.....	47,834	.....	14,864
12.....	64,050	1,352	.....	29.....	73,390	10,692	.....
13.....	46,631	.....	16,067	30.....	53,835	.....	8,868
14.....	73,722	11,024	.....	31.....	66,198	3,500	.....
15.....	69,339	.....	3,357	32.....	66,111	3,413	.....
16.....	56,167	.....	6,531	33.....	58,818	.....	3,880
17.....	66,792	4,094	.....			

THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

Dist. No.	Counties or Parts of Counties.	Population.
1—	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	65,617
2—	Brown and Oconto	67,233
3—	Kenosha and Racine	67,351
4—	Milwaukee 1st.—The 1st, 13th, 18th and 21st wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Granville and Milwaukee, villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay	61,035
5—	Milwaukee 2d.—The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th and 16th wards, city of Milwaukee	69,196
6—	Milwaukee 3d.—The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th and 22d wards, city of Milwaukee	71,771
7—	Milwaukee 4th.—The 14th and 17th wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, and Wauwatosa, village of Cudahy, cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa	63,533
8—	Milwaukee 5th.—The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th and 23d wards, city of Milwaukee	64,482
9—	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood	61,487
10—	Pierce and St. Croix	50,773
11—	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	61,614
12—	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn	64,050
13—	Dodge	46,631
14—	Outagamie and Shawano	73,722
15—	Calumet and Manitowoc	69,339
16—	Crawford and Grant	56,167
17—	Green, Iowa and LaFayette	66,792
18—	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	63,386
19—	Winnebago	58,225
20—	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	66,708
21—	Portage and Waupaca	61,098
22—	Rock	51,203
23—	Jefferson and Walworth	64,048
24—	Chippewa and Eau Claire	64,729
25—	Clark and Marathon	69,104
26—	Dane	69,435
27—	Columbia and Sauk	64,127
28—	Richland and Vernon	47,834
29—	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin	73,390
30—	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas	53,835
31—	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	66,198
32—	La Crosse and Trempealeau	66,111
33—	Washington and Waukesha	58,818
Total		2,069,042

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Average Population per District, 20,690 42-100. See map, back of book.)

The apportionment of the state into 100 assembly districts on a basis of the population of the state, as ascertained by the Federal census of 1900, is in accordance with constitutional provisions. The total population as a basis is 2,069,042, hence the normal average of population per district is 20,690 42-100 persons. The assembly districts, numbered as to population, follow:

District.	No.	Popula- tion.	District.	No.	Popula- tion.
Portage Co.....	1	29,483	Milwaukee, 15th.....	52	20,613
Walworth Co.....	2	29,259	Iron, Oneida, Vilas.....	53	20,420
Vernon Co.....	3	29,351	Price, Taylor.....	54	20,368
Monroe Co.....	4	28,103	Manitowoc, 1st.....	55	20,343
Shawano Co.....	5	27,475	Winnebago, 1st.....	56	20,317
St. Croix Co.....	6	26,830	Milwaukee, 12th.....	57	20,231
Wood Co.....	7	25,865	Ashland Co.....	58	20,176
Clark Co.....	8	25,848	Grant, 1st.....	59	19,692
Burnett, Polk.....	9	25,279	Adams, Marquette.....	60	19,650
Sheboygan, 2d.....	10	25,202	Richland Co.....	61	19,483
Sheboygan, 1st.....	11	25,143	Milwaukee, 8th.....	62	19,332
Dunn Co.....	12	25,013	Winnebago, 3d.....	63	19,238
Racine, 1st.....	13	24,807	Grant, 2d.....	64	19,189
Buffalo, Pepin.....	14	24,670	Winnebago, 2d.....	65	18,670
Dane, 1st.....	15	24,458	Douglas, 2d.....	66	18,295
Fond du Lac, 1st.....	16	24,041	Douglas, 1st.....	67	18,040
Pierce Co.....	17	23,943	Waukesha, 2d.....	68	17,865
Fond du Lac, 2d.....	18	23,848	Milwaukee, 9th.....	69	17,653
Barron Co.....	19	23,677	Door Co.....	70	17,583
Dodge, 1st.....	20	23,636	Jackson Co.....	71	17,466
Washington Co.....	21	23,589	Jefferson, 2d.....	72	17,412
Milwaukee, 2d.....	22	23,580	Jefferson, 1st.....	73	17,377
Bayfield, Sawyer, Wash- burn.....	23	23,506	Waukesha, 1st.....	74	17,364
Milwaukee, 1st.....	24	23,396	Chippewa, 2d.....	75	17,361
Brown, 1st.....	25	23,372	Crawford Co.....	76	17,286
Milwaukee, 6th.....	26	23,270	Kewaunee Co.....	77	17,212
Milwaukee, 5th.....	27	23,247	Rock, 3d.....	78	17,210
Outagamie, 2d.....	28	23,145	Florence, Forest, Lang- lade.....	79	17,146
Iowa Co.....	29	23,114	Rock, 2d.....	80	17,091
Trempealeau Co.....	30	23,114	Calumet Co.....	81	17,078
Outagamie, 1st.....	31	23,102	Milwaukee, 13th.....	82	17,026
Dodge, 2d.....	32	22,995	Milwaukee, 10th.....	83	17,024
Brown, 2d.....	33	22,987	Sauk, 1st.....	84	16,905
Green Co.....	34	22,719	Rock, 1st.....	85	16,902
Dane, 2d.....	35	22,510	Milwaukee, 16th.....	86	16,863
Dane, 3d.....	36	22,467	Ozaukee Co.....	87	16,363
Milwaukee, 4th.....	37	22,346	Waupaca, 1st.....	88	16,337
Milwaukee, 3d.....	38	22,236	Lincoln Co.....	89	16,269
Manitowoc, 2d.....	39	21,918	Marinette, 1st.....	90	16,195
Milwaukee, 11th.....	40	21,903	Sauk, 2d.....	91	16,101
La Crosse, 1st.....	41	21,840	Columbia, 2d.....	92	16,004
Kenosha Co.....	42	21,707	Waushara Co.....	93	15,972
Marathon, 2d.....	43	21,697	Eau Claire, 2d.....	94	15,902
Marathon, 1st.....	44	21,559	Green Lake Co.....	95	15,797
La Crosse, 2d.....	45	21,157	Eau Claire, 1st.....	96	15,790
Lafayette Co.....	46	20,959	Chippewa, 1st.....	97	15,676
Oconto Co.....	47	20,874	Waupaca, 2d.....	98	15,278
Racine, 2d.....	48	20,837	Columbia, 1st.....	99	15,117
Milwaukee, 14th.....	49	20,651	Marinette, 2d.....	100	14,627
Milwaukee, 7th.....	50	20,646			
Juneau Co.....	51	20,629			
			Total.....	100	2,069,012

In the apportionment adopted there are forty-eight districts, each with a population above the normal and fifty-two with population each below normal. The forty-eight above normal have a total population of 1,143,807, a total of 150,667 above normal. Their average population is 23,829 15-48 each, or an average of 3,139 each above normal. The other fifty-two districts have a total

of 925,235 population. Their average population per district is 17,793, an average of 2,897 each below normal. Under this apportionment forty-eight members of the assembly will represent 55 28-100 per cent. of the people and fifty-two members will represent 44 72-100 per cent. of the people of the state. The district with the highest excess above normal is that constituted by Portage county with an excess of 8,793. The one least above is the second district of Racine county, with an excess of only 183. The fourteenth district of Milwaukee county is but 37 below normal, while the second district of Marinette county is 6,063 below normal. There are sixteen districts practically within 1,000 of the normal figure—numbers 43 to 58, inclusive, and twenty-five are within 1,500 of the normal figure. A complete list of the assembly districts as constituted by the apportionment of 1901 is as follows:

SINGLE COUNTY DISTRICTS.

ASHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,176.
 BARRON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,677.
 CALUMET COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,078.
 CLARK COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,848.
 CRAWFORD COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,286.
 DOOR COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,583.
 DUNN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,043.
 GREEN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—22,719.
 GREEN LAKE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—15,797.
 IOWA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 JACKSON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,466.
 JUNEAU COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,629.
 KENOSHA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—21,707.
 KEWAUNEE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,212.
 LA FAYETTE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,959.
 LINCOLN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—16,269.
 MONROE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,103.
 OCONTO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,874.
 OZAUKEE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—16,363.
 PIERCE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,943.
 PORTAGE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—29,483.
 RICHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—19,483.
 SHAWANO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—27,475.
 ST. CROIX COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—26,830.
 TREMPLEBAU COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 VERNON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,351.
 WALWORTH COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—29,259.
 WASHINGTON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,589.
 WAUSHARA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—15,972.
 WOOD COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,865.

DISTRICTS EMBRACING TWO OR MORE COUNTIES.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—19,650.
 BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—23,506.
 BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—24,670.
 BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—25,279.
 FOREST, FLORENCE AND LANGLADE COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—17,146.
 IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,420.
 PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,368.

DISTRICTS, TWO OR MORE IN A COUNTY.

- BROWN Co., *First Dist.***—The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico, and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372.
- BROWN Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Green Bay, Humboldt, Preble, Holland, Glenmore, Morrison, Lawrence, New Denmark, Rockland, Wrightstown, Scott, the village of Wrightstown, the city of Depere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,987.
- CHIPPEWA Co., *First Dist.***—The towns of Edson, La Fayette, Sigel, Tilden, Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1900—15,676.
- CHIPPEWA Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Anson, Auburn, Arthur, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson, Strickland, the village of Bloomer, the first, second, and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361.
- COLUMBIA Co., *First Dist.***—The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, New Port, Pacific, West Point, the villages of Kilbourn City, Lodi, Poynette and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117.
- COLUMBIA Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale, Wycocna, the villages of Cambria, Pardeeville, Rio, West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004.
- DANE Co., *First Dist.***—The towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Madison, Pleasant Springs, and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—24,458.
- DANE Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Cottage Grove, Christiana, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Windsor, Westport, York, the villages of Deerfield, Sun Prairie, Waunakee, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.
- DANE Co., *Third Dist.***—The towns of Black Earth, Berry, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Primrose, Perry, Roxbury, Rutland, Springfield, Springdale, Vienna, Vermont, Verona, the villages of Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, Belleville, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1900—22,467.
- DODGE Co., *First Dist.***—The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the fifth and sixth wards of the city of Watertown, the villages of Lomira, Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville. Population, 1900—23,636.
- DODGE Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton, Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the south ward of the city of Waupun, the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam. Population, 1900—22,995.
- DOUGLAS Co., *First Dist.***—The second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,040.
- DOUGLAS Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain, Superior, the first, seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,295.
- EAU CLAIRE Co., *First Dist.***—The town of Seymour, the first, second, third, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Eau Claire and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.
- EAU CLAIRE Co., *Second Dist.***—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union, Washington, the village of Fairchild, the fourth and seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1900—15,902.

- FOND DU LAC Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield, Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—24,041.
- FOND DU LAC Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Osceola, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.
- GRANT Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer, Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—19,694.
- GRANT Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Milleville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Bloomington, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montford, Muscoda, the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population, 1900—19,187.
- JEFFERSON Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan, Watertown, the village of Palmyra, the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—17,377.
- JEFFERSON Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Sumner, Waterloo, Oakland, the villages of Lake Mills, Waterloo, the cities of Fort Atkinson, and Jefferson. Population, 1900—17,412.
- LA CROSSE Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Campbell, the first, second, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,840.
- LA CROSSE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby, Washington, the villages of Bangor, West Salem, the third, eighth, seventeenth and eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.
- MANITOWOC Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.
- MANITOWOC Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel, Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,918.
- MARATHON Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, McMillan, Marathon, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin, Wein, the village of Marathon City, the village of McMillan, the village of Mosinee, east ward of Colby, and the village of Edgar. Population, 1900—21,559.
- MARATHON Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau, Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1900—21,697.
- MARINETTE Co., *First Dist.*—The city of Marinette. Population, 1900—16,195.
- MARINETTE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Amberg, Crivitz, Coleman, Dunbar, Grover, Porterfield, Peshtigo, and Wausaukee. Population, 1900—14,627.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *First Dist.*—The first and eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Second Dist.*—The second and sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,580.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Third Dist.*—The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek, Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,236.

- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fourth Dist.*—The fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fifth Dist.*—The fifth and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Sixth Dist.*—The third, fourth, and seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Seventh Dist.*—The towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—20,646.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Eighth Dist.*—The eighth and twenty-third wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Ninth Dist.*—The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,653.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Tenth Dist.*—The tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Eleventh Dist.*—The eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Twelfth Dist.*—The nineteenth and twenty-second wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Thirteenth Dist.*—The thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fourteenth Dist.*—The fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fifteenth Dist.*—The twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville, Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee, and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Sixteenth Dist.*—The twentieth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.
- OUTAGAMIE Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville, and the city of Appleton. Population, 1900—23,102.
- OUTAGAMIE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Buchanan, Black Creek, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maple Creek, Maine, Osborne, Seymour, that part of Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county, the villages of Little Chute, Hortonville, the cities of Kaukauna, Seymour, and the third ward of the city of New London. Population, 1900—23,145.
- RACINE Co., *First Dist.*—The first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.
- RACINE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, villages of Union Grove, Waterford, Yorkville, the seventh ward of the city of Racine, and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,837.
- ROCK Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Center, Fulton, Janesville, Lima, Milton, Magnolia, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley, Union, and the cities of Edgerton, Evansville. Population, 1900—16,902.
- ROCK Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bradford, Harmony, Johnstown, LaPrairie, and the city of Janesville. Population, 1900—17,091.
- ROCK Co., *Third Dist.*—The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Turtle, the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit. Population, 1900—17,210.
- SAUK Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac, Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.
- SAUK Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, the villages of La Valle, Spring Green, and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—16,101.
- SHEBOYGAN Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Sheboygan, and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,143.
- SHEBOYGAN Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Holland, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman, Wilson, the villages of Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan Falls, and the city of Plymouth. Population, 1900—25,202.

- WAUKESHA Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha, the village of Eagle, the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.
- WAUKESHA Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menominee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee, Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menominee Falls, Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population, 1900—17,865.
- WAUPACA Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca, Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa, Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.
- WAUPACA Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larrabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union, Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola, Marion, the cities of Clintonville, the first, second, fourth and fifth wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Oshkosh, the first, second, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne, Wolf River, Winneconne village, Menasha city, and Neenah city. Population, 1900—18,670.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *Third Dist.*—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepesun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford, Utica, the third sixth, ninth and thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh, and Omro village. Population, 1900—19,238.

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MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE

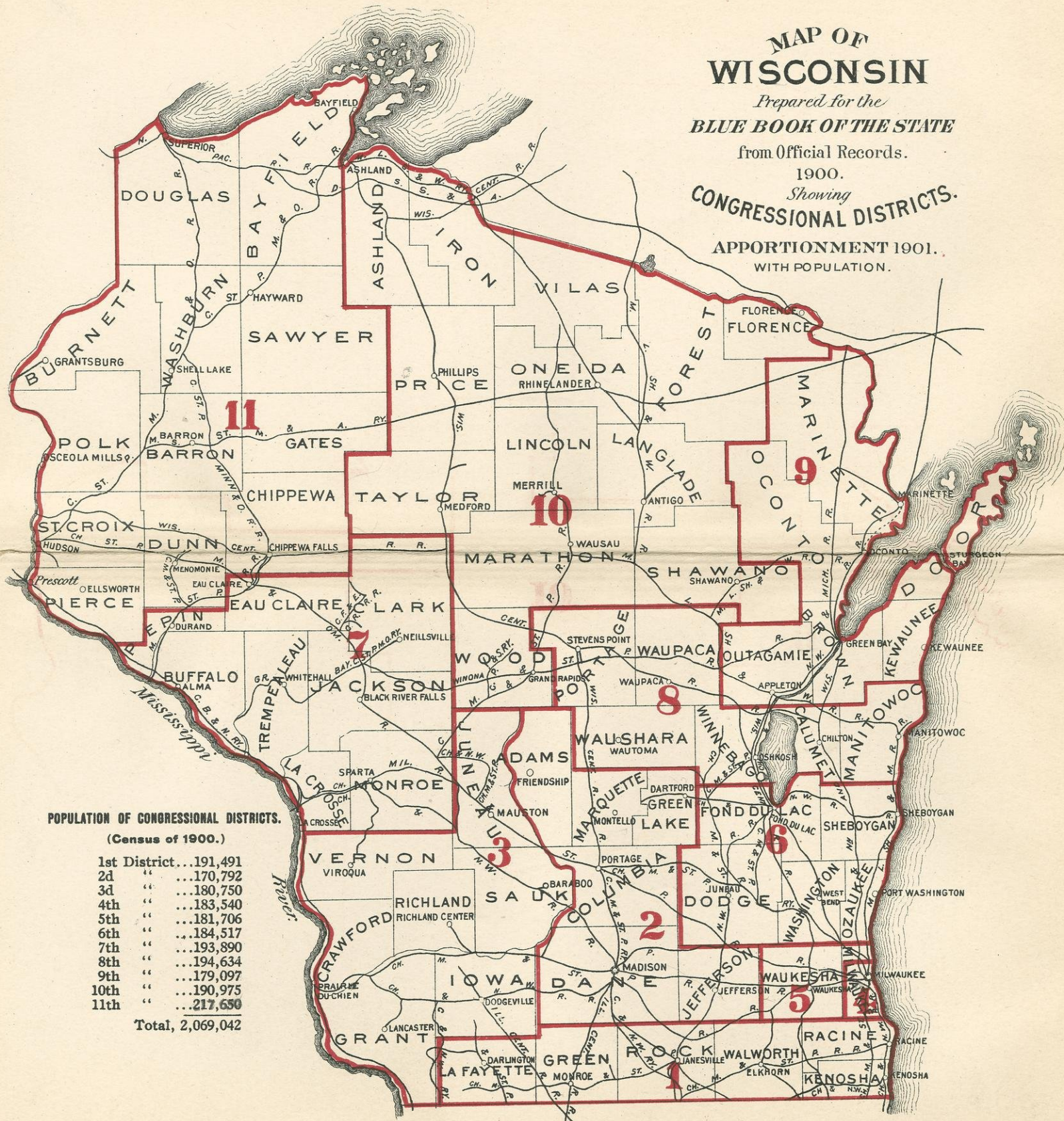
from Official Records.

1900.

Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

APPORTIONMENT 1901.

WITH POPULATION.



POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Census of 1900.)

1st District	...191,491
2d	...170,792
3d	...180,750
4th	...183,540
5th	...181,706
6th	...184,517
7th	...193,890
8th	...194,634
9th	...179,097
10th	...190,975
11th	...217,650

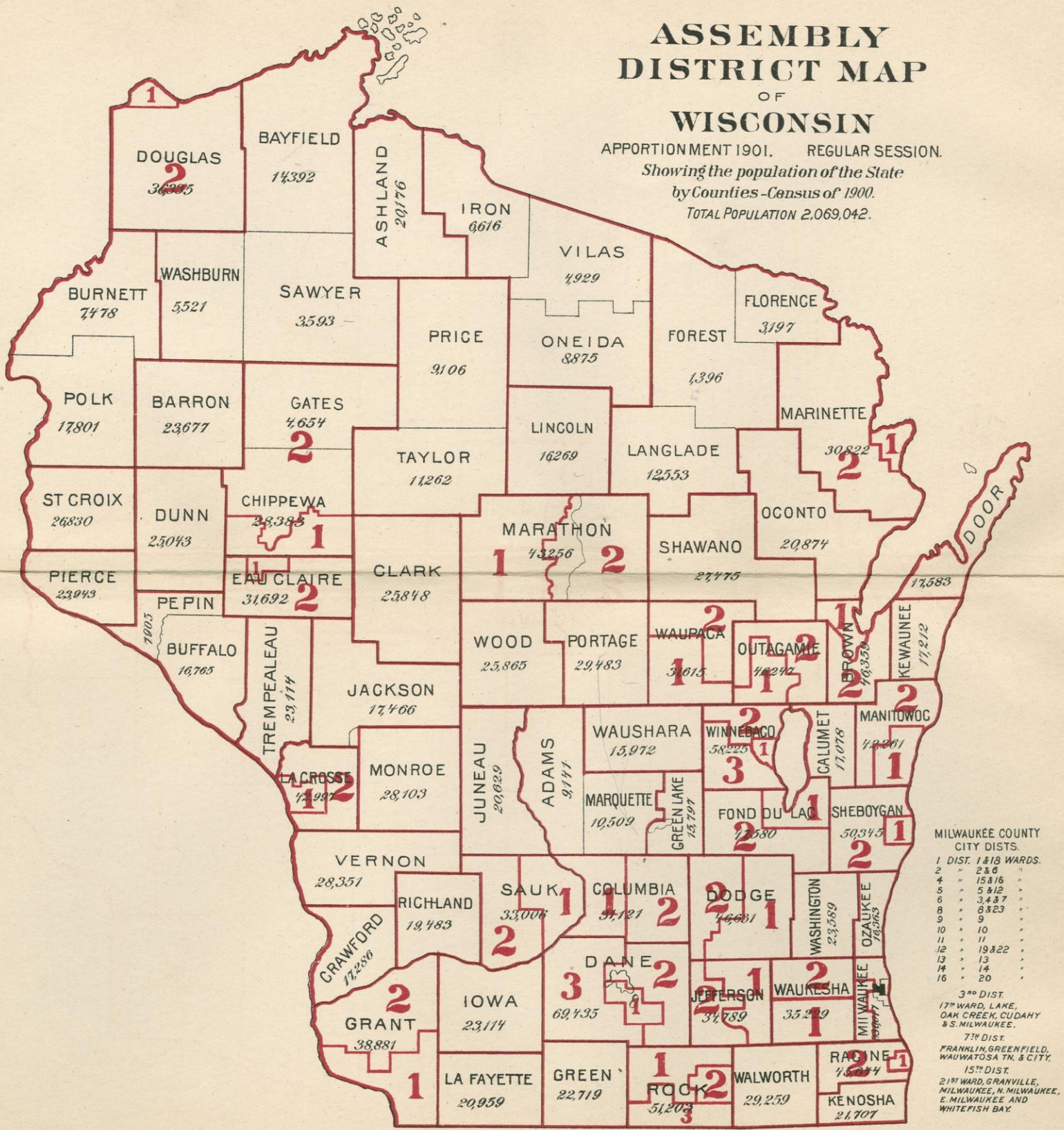
Total, 2,069,042

ASSEMBLY DISTRICT MAP OF WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1901. REGULAR SESSION.

Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1900.

TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.



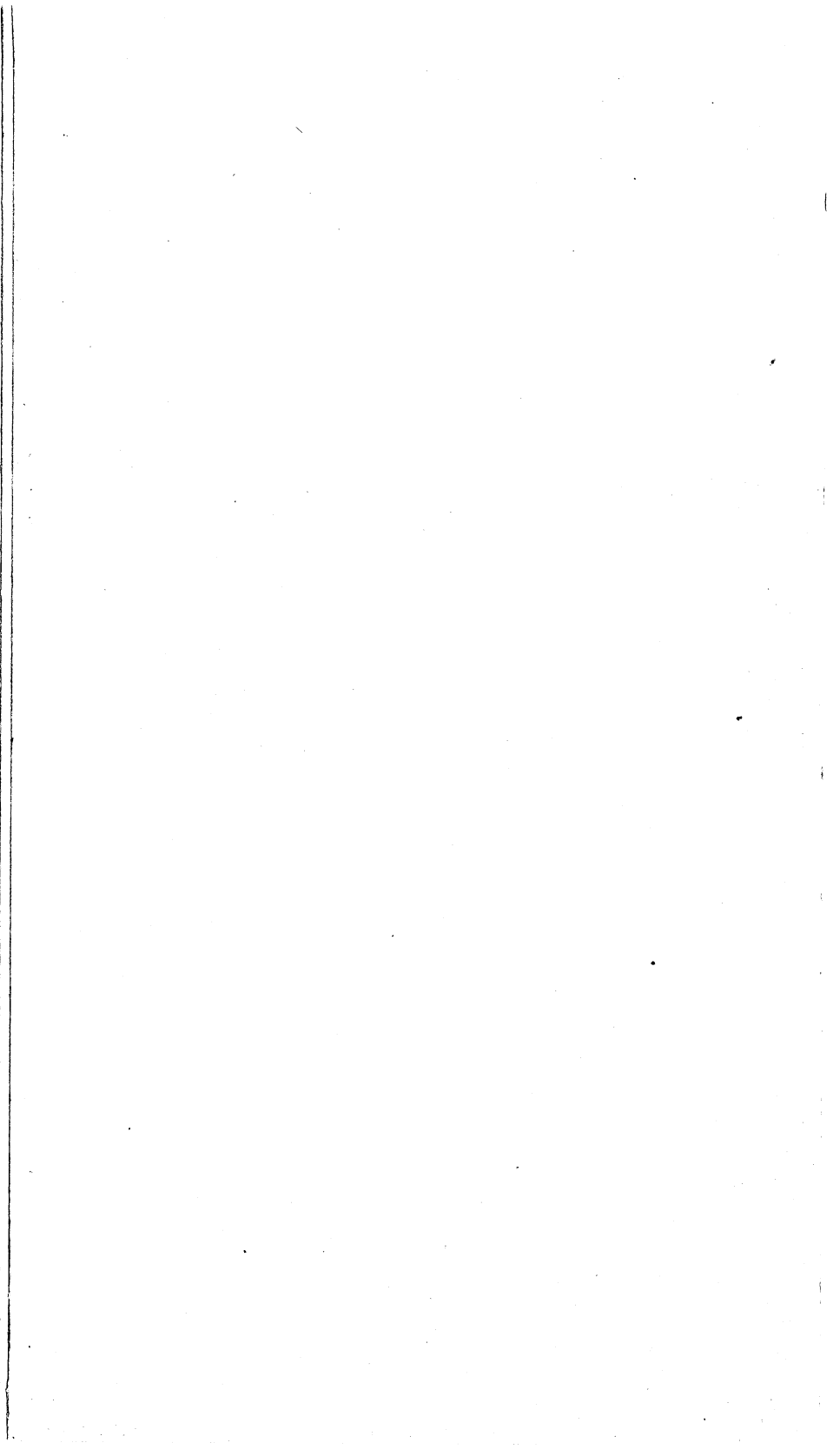
MILWAUKEE COUNTY
CITY DISTS.

1	DIST. 1 & 18 WARDS.
2	" 2 & 6 "
4	" 15 & 16 "
5	" 5 & 12 "
6	" 3 & 7 "
8	" 8 & 23 "
9	" 9 "
10	" 10 "
11	" 11 "
12	" 19 & 22 "
13	" 13 "
14	" 14 "
16	" 20 "

3RD DIST.
17TH WARD, LAKE,
OAK CREEK, CUDAHY
& S. MILWAUKEE.

7TH DIST.
FRANKLIN, GREENFIELD,
WAUWATOSA TN. & CITY.

15TH DIST.
21ST WARD, GRANVILLE,
MILWAUKEE, N. MILWAUKEE,
E. MILWAUKEE AND
WHITE FISH BAY.



WISCONSIN
BLUE BOOK
1901

RBW7
B62
1901

DOCUMENTS
COLLECTION

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