



**LIBRARIES**  
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN - MADISON

## Librax advertisement.

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1960

<https://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/R5AEIQMR2EETI8Y>

<http://rightsstatements.org/vocab/InC/1.0/>

The libraries provide public access to a wide range of material, including online exhibits, digitized collections, archival finding aids, our catalog, online articles, and a growing range of materials in many media.

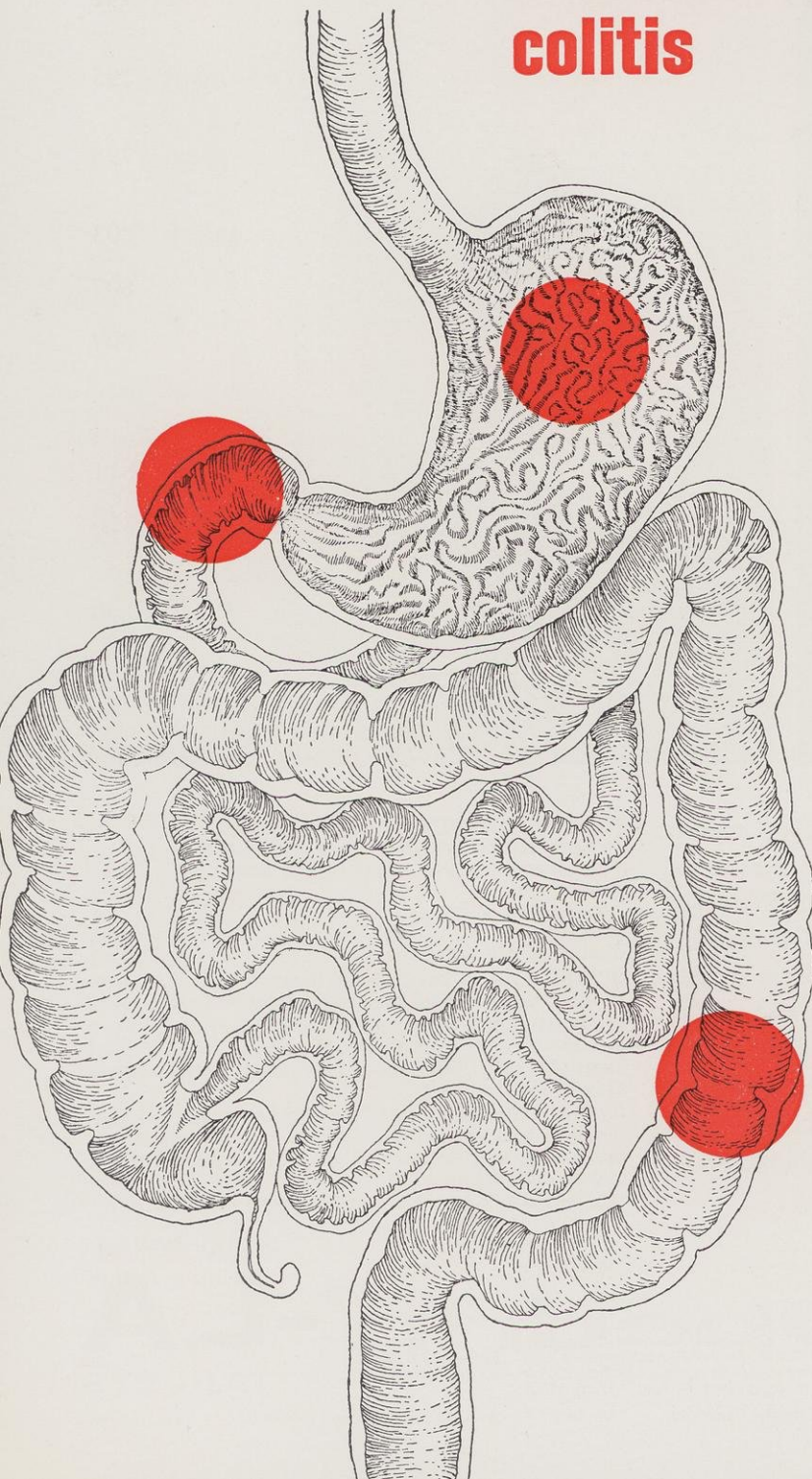
When possible, we provide rights information in catalog records, finding aids, and other metadata that accompanies collections or items. However, it is always the user's obligation to evaluate copyright and rights issues in light of their own use.

for more  
durable  
control of  
gastritis  
duodenitis  
colitis

# Librax<sup>®</sup>

Each capsule contains:

5 mg chlordiazepoxide HCl  
and 2.5 mg clidinium Br



Whether primarily functional or organic, many gastrointestinal disorders respond rapidly and decisively to Librax therapy because it works to correct both their psychic and somatic aspects. Underlying the clinical success of Librax is the dependable performance of each of its components: the well-known specific antianxiety agent Librium (chlordiazepoxide HCl), and the potent antisecretory-antispasmodic agent Quarzan (clidinium Br).

Because of minimal side effects, control of "psycho-visceral" symptoms with Librax can be maintained smoothly over extended periods. In addition, Librax generally does not dull mental clarity or induce drowsiness, features which are especially gratifying to the working patient.

**Usual adult dosage:** 1-2 capsules 4 times daily, before meals and at bedtime.  **Side effects:** Drowsiness, sedation and muscle weakness, generally dose-related, have been occasionally encountered, usually in debilitated or geriatric patients. Dryness of the mouth, blurring of vision, urinary hesitancy and constipation may occur. When Librium (chlordiazepoxide HCl) has been used alone, paradoxical reactions, *i.e.*, excitement, stimulation, elevation of affect and acute rage, have been reported in psychiatric patients; these may be secondary to relief of anxiety and may occur in the early stages of therapy. Other side effects with Librium (chlordiazepoxide HCl), usually dose-related, have included isolated instances of minor skin rashes, minor menstrual irregularities, nausea, constipation, increased and decreased libido.  **Precautions:** Contraindicated in glaucoma. In elderly and debilitated patients, limit dosage to smallest effective amount to avoid ataxia or oversedation (not more than 2 Librax capsules daily, initially, increased gradually as needed and tolerated). In patients with prostatic hypertrophy the possibility of urinary retention should be kept in mind. Until maintenance dosage is established, patients should be advised against possibly hazardous procedures requiring complete mental alertness, acute vision and physical coordination. Careful consideration should be given to the pharmacology of any agents to be employed with Librax—particularly the MAO inhibitors and phenothiazines. Observe precautions in impaired renal or hepatic function.  **How supplied:** Each capsule contains 5 mg chlordiazepoxide HCl (contained in Librium<sup>®</sup>) and 2.5 mg clidinium Br (contained in Quarzan<sup>®</sup>).

ROCHE  
  
ROCHE