



[Notebook]. between 1704 and 1720

Widdifield, John, 1673-1720

[s.l.]: [s.n.], between 1704 and 1720

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this booke containeth
three parts

first

the measure of Tables drawers
Chaires &c. of household furniture
made by joiners

the second

of staining coloring &
varnishing with
severall other experiential Receipts
very usefull

5261R 1: 1704

the third

of Receipts in Physicks
whereof if most has been tryed
& taken from People y^o benefit
red thereby hath occasioned me to
write them for y^o good of others
John Widdifield

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(1) & £
Poynter Length 2 - 6^{ft} 3ⁱⁿ
Although I maid my tiling
of plaine come me for a boord
whose length was 1 - 0^{ft}

and $2\frac{1}{2}$ square &
for plaine length 1 - 2 ft 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ sq
shut block Len: 1 - 1, square $2\frac{1}{2}$
smoothing plaine $7\frac{1}{2}$ sq in
deep $2\frac{1}{2}$ thick $2\frac{1}{4}$

moulding tooles len: 10 deep.
of
scared the eye of each yla.
to be sett $\frac{1}{3}$ from y^e forend
and the iron laid $\frac{1}{6}$ from
mither

when I say one third or one
sixth it is to be diuided into
3 or 6 parts & one of these is
 $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{6}$. therfore y^e iron is to
be mithers all but one sixth
of y^e mither

A Chist of drawers or Chest
of Drawers there are many sorts
but I shall only sett down 2 or 3 sorts
and first of our old fashond raised
one y^e for 2 doas

double drawers

height $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ length $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ breadth
backward & forward $\frac{1}{3}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ taking
of in y middle y top dra: deep $\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ & low drawers each one foot de-
y & $\frac{1}{2}$ foot but one in doas y swooling
and y foot but one in doas y swooling
or raisings breadth 2 thickness $\frac{1}{3}$
& larger sort of swoolings bread: $\frac{1}{2}$ th $\frac{3}{4}$

single drawers

height $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ y length y same
y hys drawer doops $\frac{1}{2}$ y other 2
both of one breadth or rather deep

A Chist of draw: standing on a frame
whole height $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ y frame
height $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ deep first drawer $\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$ y $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$ y $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$ each
y length of y dra: 2 - 11 or 3 foot
backward & forward $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ if a dra
in y frame make it $\frac{1}{2}$ dooy

~~Item~~ ~~the~~ ~~into~~ ~~the~~ ~~hand~~
~~the~~ ~~hand~~ ~~the~~ ~~hand~~
~~the~~ ~~hand~~ ~~the~~ ~~hand~~
first of all to haue all thy edge tooles
very sharp for y^e attaininge of wh^ech haue
a grinstone of a fine good not very hard
but very true hauing one y^e end of y^e ston
a torn or crook with a knop or button on itt
let y^e turn bo about 6 iuds long on itt
fixe a foot of wood to tourn like to
a line whiche by y^e foot wh^ech may be easly
done then hauing it very true grinde all
thy edge tooles on itt or as many as thou
can when ever they want shaaeping then with
a hone soft y^e edge of them wh^ech will doe itt
very fine haue thy planes iron and chisels
very square sharpe one y^e edge except y^e for plan
and very close cut in y^e dyd y^e gitt them of very
hard wood as beech holly or old oake of
which sorte the hardest is best

Clockcases

Whole high 6⁹/₁₀ the bals²
 the height of y^e base 1¹/₂ 35
 the height of y^e body of y^e case
 between the base & subbase that is y^e
 molding wch^t head slides over is 3¹/₂
 breadth before 1¹/₂ thickness 6
 the dial yplate is y^e sides of y^e dial do
 are 2 broad the top & bottom 1³/₄
 y^e Arkitrave 1¹/₄ y^e frieze 1⁷/₈ y^e Cornuys 2
 soe y^e height of y^e head is 20¹/₂ y^e top
 of subbase is $\frac{1}{2}$ thick

Major Clockcase whose dial ypla
 is 10¹/₄ breadth before 10¹/₂ or 11 ft

A Clockcase head only
 the dial yplate being in y^e body shou
 be in breadth before 9¹/₂* thick y^e
 and y^e other members may some
 this above

made for John Ogdon

(4)

Dressing Tables

Leaf length $\frac{f}{s} 3$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 2-00$

frame length $\frac{f}{s} 2-4$

breadth $\frac{f}{s} 1-0$ height $\frac{f}{s} 2-6$

Deeppness of 3^d drawer 4

A dressing Table

Caf: length $\frac{f}{s} 2-10$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 1-10\frac{1}{2}$

height $\frac{f}{s} 2-5$ dra: 4^d doope

A Pine Table in Pon

Leaf length $\frac{f}{s} 5-6$ Breadth $\frac{f}{s} 2-6$

Drawer 4^d deep Price 15 shill

An Oval Table for Mary Lard

of Leaf length $\frac{f}{s} 5:09$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 4:7$

frame length $\frac{f}{s} 3:10$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 1:9$

height $\frac{f}{s} 2:5$

Small Oval Table f & l

Leaf length $\frac{f}{s} 4-6$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 3-8$

frame length $\frac{f}{s} 3-2$ breadth $\frac{f}{s} 1-5$

heights bds $\frac{f}{s} 1-6$

(5)

Ouall Tables

The height of a large one
is $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ the length of y^e ouale
about 9 or 10 more then y^e bread
the breadth of the standing boar
is one third of the length (or
some times more) of the boar
and for a little one about
2¹/₂ lower

Ouall Tables i Pen

5 foot & 6 foot y^e boar y^e height
2 foot 5 or 6 inches y^e pris 3 yd
y^e fraine is $\frac{1}{2}$ shorter then y^e boar
2 y^e in narrower

Ouall Table

boar 4 & 5 foot height $\frac{1}{2}$ yd
 $\frac{1}{2}$ length of y^e fraine 3 - $\frac{1}{2}$ breadth 1 - $\frac{1}{2}$
breadth of y^e wings 1 - 8

(6)

Closes stool measures
height $\frac{1}{2}$ breadth before
and behind $\frac{1}{2}$ backward
and forward $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

A rational B stool
may be 4⁰ and size only
of deepness of 4⁰ span is 10
wth Rail^s and 4⁰ loose part
is thrown having a stitching
Rail at bottom

(7)

squab measurē & 9
Length 5-6 breadth 1-9
height 1-6 from y^e soal
to y^e top of y^e stiles 2 ^{foot}
the stiles may be very crooked
except the two left down
w^{ch} is done by fusing the
top Rail together y^e lower
going one pins and hir
having a faire fastened
to each end of it going
through y^e top of y^e stiles
by w^{ch} it may be raised or
sallled as you will

A Pouch $\frac{5}{12}$ y^e broad
length 5f3 breadth 1f10 height 1f4

(8)

Round Shovel

height $1\frac{1}{2}$ diameter $1\frac{1}{3}$

Frog Rail, length 11

for. length $1\frac{1}{2}$ 10

Breadth 3

(9)
of Chaires

Caine Chaires whose height 3-0
long & seat 1-7 breadth before 1-0
behind 1-3 backward & forward 1-5

Leather Chaires

height 3-7 long & seat 1-7
breadth before 1-6 behind 1-3

The baluster length in
thrown Chaires is 1-7
and the measures of y^e other
Chaires

(10)

Child Chaires mea.

To sitt att stable in to y^e boat
from y^e ground 2-2 to boy
of y^e armes or more & breadth
before att y^e boat 3-4 behind 1-2
back ward & fore: 11 att y^e
ground backward & forew: 1-4
before 1-2 behind 1-6 1-2
from y^e boat to y^e foot yere 3
from y^e boat to y^e boy 3-4

A Childs Chair

height 2 to y^e boat & boy
of y^e armes 7 br: before 3-2 1-2
behind 3 back ward: & fore
ward 3 1-4

(11)

Chaine Grable

height 2-6 breadth before
and behind 2-6 backward &
& forward 2-6 $\frac{1}{2}$ height of
a seat 3-4 length of a loaf
is 3-2 breadth 2-3

(12)

A Grader

Length 3 ft Breadth 1 ft 8 in
depth 1 ft 1 in

A Childs Glass Basket

att of top 15 & 16 inches
att of bottom 11 & 12 inches
of rim 3 bills 4 ft 2 - 6
of wall 1 ft 3 - 6 --

bed like a flight of stairs
height 3 - 11 breadth 3 - 4 foot
backward & forward 2 -

some has these beds
made like steps y^e few side
being 5' Gleaston when turned up
& buttans being first over y^e in
side the frame going in fold
within

A Canopy Chair

Breadth of y^e Rijng with y^e
Rails almo^t is 11 inches y^e height
of y^e Rijng is 7 inches
the cornice doyness ⁱⁿ is y^e projecton 7

(14)

A Hanging Shelf

whole height 5 - 9 $\frac{1}{2}$

length 5 - 6 breadth 5 $\frac{1}{2}$

pillars height 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ballylow 2 $\frac{1}{2}$

(15)
of Screens

first for drying Cloaths one
height 6 - $\frac{1}{2}$ breadth of each
loaf 2 - $\frac{1}{2}$ with 6 Railles
4 of them are braken Round
the low Raille of yt ground 1 - 2
the upper R 2 of yt top being 2 broad
the other equally diuided

A screen oual i Pen
the oual length 8 ft 9 in breadth 8
height of yt stalk 4 foot
thicknes of yt stalk $\frac{3}{4}$ in

of 3-in. wheels

Lyne wheel stools length 10.
 diameter of the Rimm 1-4
 length of 9 foot 1- $\frac{1}{2}$ dig Lane
 of 5 heads 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Rimm standards
 in length 1-2 gross heads 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ little
 standards 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 Rock stand: 1-0

Slabb wheels

stools Len: 3-6 by 9 Len:
 of 9 foot 1-0 heads 2 foot
 of 5 heads 2 long
 & Rimm 3 diameter spokes 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
 stand: 2 long above 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ stools

Knack rods $\frac{1}{2}$ odd long

3-4 Circumference naf 3 spokes 1-3
 2-9 $\frac{1}{4}$ diameter Cros heads 5 in number
 having to take 100 & is a score of teeth
 having one wire tooth of first wheel
 20 teeth with 4 one its Retrod the other
 wheel 20 teeth which makes up 4
 number: rather 2 nogs in 1 wheel & 20
 in 1 wheel 5 in its self & 30 my last wheel
 the other sort is 20 to take 4 Rods 3 about
 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ fogs 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ first whi 3 in self 24 in last wheel
 9 distance between standards 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ in side 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ long
 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ fogs 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ in

A writing Table

Standing upon one pillar like
 to a stand having 2 drawers
 one for paper, & Doys and the
 other for standing Sand box & pens
 & doys screwing fast upon the
 pillar the Leaf being fixed with
 hinges over the drawers byt & soe
 when to write out turns up like
 a desk y^e leaf being ~~long~~^{foot} 3 ft
 and 1 - 6 broad being cutt in 3
 one quarter turning up at each
 end & soe cover the middle part
 the height being 2 - 7 the draw-
 ers being one line let and every
 side than the middle leaf which
 goeth one way & the other way

(18)

A Coake Case

whole height & breadth before &
and behind 2-4 thicknesses
having a drawer at top 4 deep

A Press for Jn: Lucan

whole height 5-9 breadth before 4=4
thick - 1-11 yds bals 5 in Cor 3 in above
the top yd drawer 8 in deep with
2 shelves a bow yd drawer

A Press for Edward Garmon

whole height 5-6 breadth before 3-3
thick 1-5 drawer 6 in deep bals 4
or 2 in above yd top — —

(19) n.t

A Chaine of easse in stalkums
whole height 4-4 scab height 3-4
formes above y^e scab 3-0 breadth
before 2-4 breadth behinde 3-50
having volours or two sides where
~~the~~ ^{is} to each of y^e being to rest
one head against 1 foot & 2 inch
bread att top & 4 or 5 in: att
bottom wher y^e scab y^e breadth
of y^e chaine backward & forward
is 1-8 il may be made ^{inches} 2 or 3
higher att y^e scab: y^e bottom
of y^e scab poide Nor: nob to
exceed 3 or 4 in

(20)
of Chiffs of Wallnott.

length 3-10 brd. 3-9 doop
in all 1-9 dra: doop: 6 in
price 2-10 ha: lock 0 dr

A Pine Chift

length 3-8 brd. 1-5 depth 15
price 15 shill.

A Pine Table

sofe height 2-4 length 3-6
breadth -2-8 dra doop -4
price 15 shill:

A Wallnott Chamber Table

sofe length 3 foot breadth 2 foot
frame length 2 ft 6 in breadth 1 ft 8 in
height 2-6

price 1-4-00 - - -

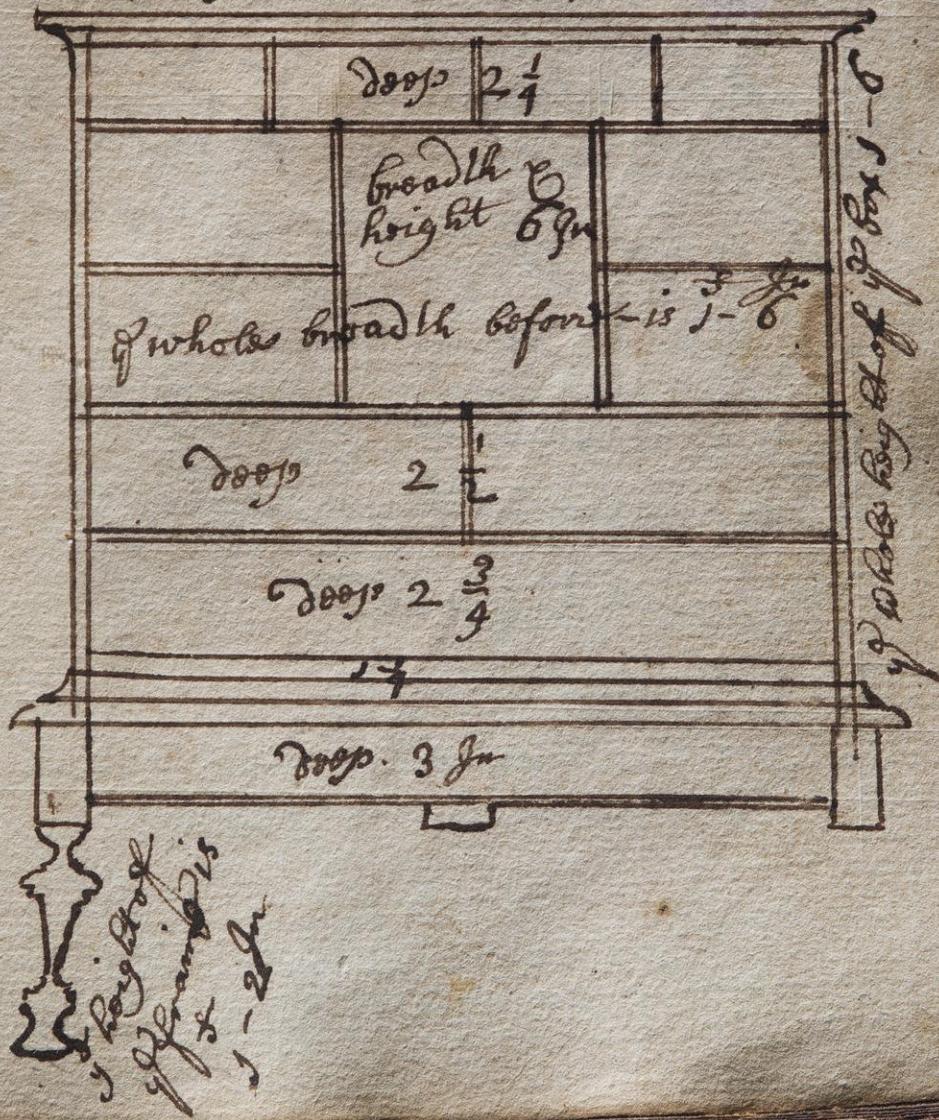
(21)

A spic box

Breadth before 1-2
height 1-2 $\frac{1}{4}$
backward & forward 8 $\frac{1}{2}$

| |
|-----------------|
| 2 ft 9 in. deep |
| 5 in. |
| 3 ft 9 in. deep |

A little Scrublode for Tho: Jeffords



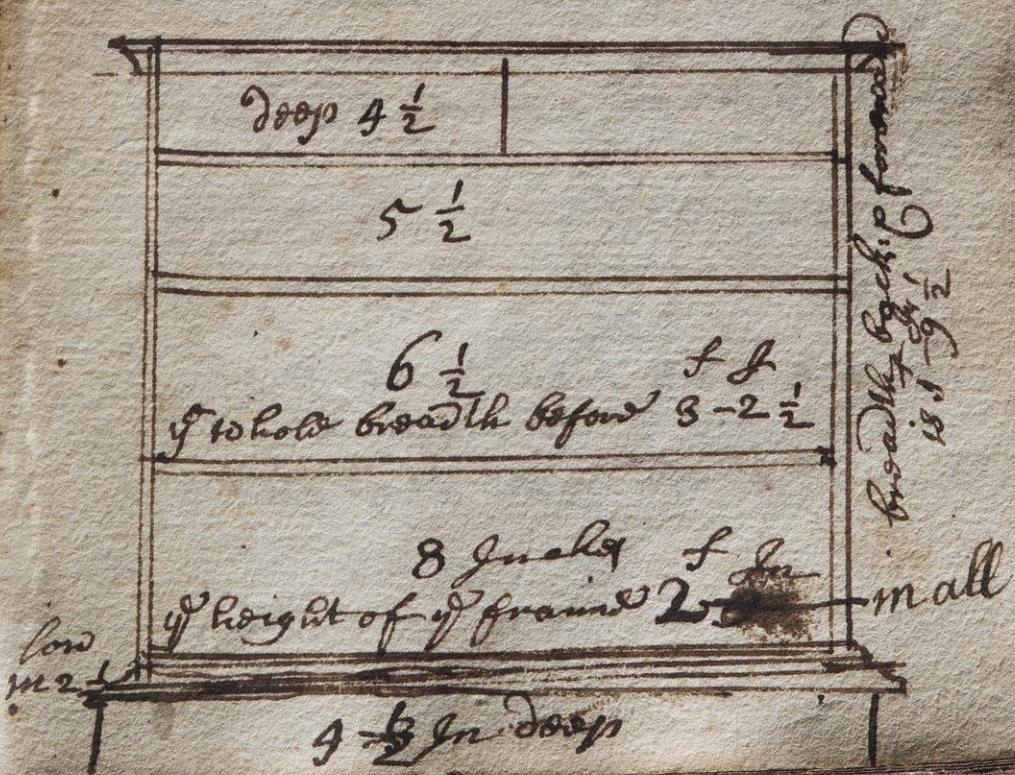
A wrought Wholes
 Clocke length 3-6 ft & l
 height of y^e spindles 3-7 ft &
 diameter of y^e Rims 3-3
 height of y^e Standard
 of y^e feet

To one Duzon of Leather Chaines
 A pair of wallumnes frames } ft 2 8
 15 6 ft Chain frames } 3:12:00
 To y^e Couering of y^e doz - 1:09:00
 To p^t 2 hydes of Red leather 3:00:00
 To 24 yards of girth wth - 0:08:00
 To croakas for vnder bottoms 0:10:00
 To 3 Thous. Small sacks 3 ft 3 tho: : 10:00
 To Brass Nails

(23) upon Balls
at Chift of Wallis Drawers
upon a ground

Height 3 - 8 Length 3 - 9
back & forward - 7 - 10
Drawers 2 in. 3 deep if low
one of next y² next 6¹/₂ if
high one 4¹/₂

at Chift of Wallis Drawers
upon a framee pris 6 pounds



(24)

a Childs Coffin. 2 Mo old

within length 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ at shoul $8\frac{1}{2}$
deep at head $4\frac{1}{2}$ at foot $4\frac{1}{2}$
breadth at head $4\frac{1}{2}$ ~~at foot~~ $3\frac{1}{2}$
of pine boards $3\frac{1}{2}$
black Walnutt: 10 = 0

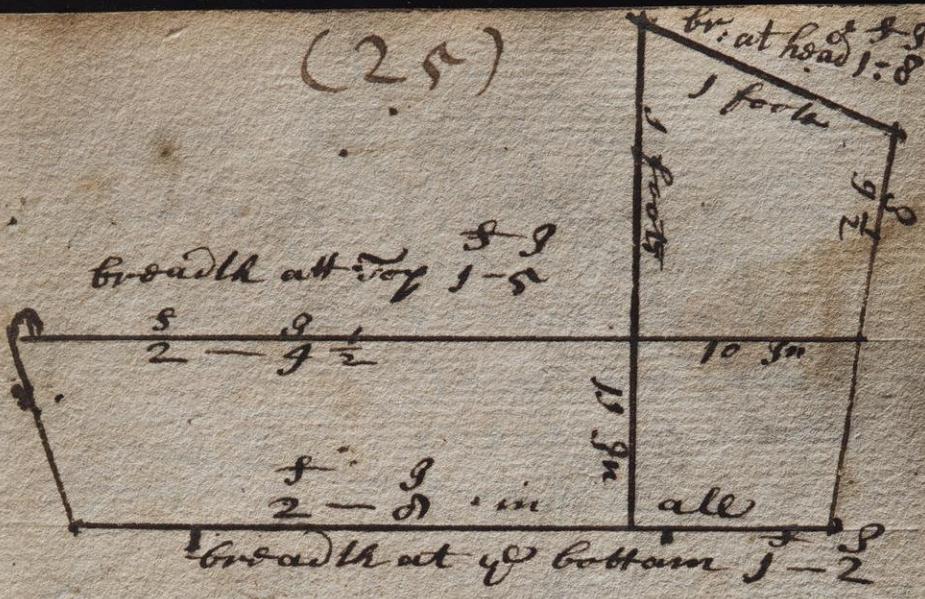
A mans Coffin

Length within 6 foot
at y^e shoulder 10 inches
breadth at y^e head $7\frac{1}{2}$ In:
at y^e foot $6\frac{1}{2}$ In:
Deep 11 inches from head
from ~~head~~ ~~shoulder~~ less than $\frac{1}{3}$ of
from head to shoulder about $1\frac{2}{3}$ In:
Price is 15 Shill -

A Childs Coffin Measure 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ year old

Length 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ breadth at y^e shoulder
is $9\frac{1}{2}$ In at y^e head $9\frac{1}{4}$ In at y^e foot $3\frac{1}{2}$
deep at y^e head 7 In at y^e foot 6 In

(25)



A Bedstead wth short posts
for David Brewster

length 6 = 2 breadth 4 = 5
weight of y^e head posts 3 = 6
h^t of y^e feet ditto 1 = 10
price — 12, shillings

The price of y^e common board 10

The Sack in bottam is 1.89
6.68 for 3 crants & 296 for firing
& Services of a barrel 3.5 for Roots
to y^e Sacking 6.8 —

(26)

Dr Evans Clock case measured
whole height & 8 = 9 frieze br. $1\frac{3}{4}$
to w. dial - 5 11" base - 2
height of w. base 1" 9 Top plinth 3
height of w. over top " 11
between cap & base 3" 9 ~~old box~~
~~measured for Wm Rob. Frieze 4 = 10 = 00~~

Samuel Pennoch Dr - - -
10 m. 3 s Cash lent - - 0: 3: 6 -

Eliz. Pennoch Dr - - -
12 m. 17 s To Cash lent 1: 0: -
10

(27)
Lent to Philip Hingey
Clark's Introduction to
making of Latin August
9 But 1754

1814 2 AM^m 18 this Day

Remarkable pleasant
19 this Day the frogs
out —

20 Frogs singing
Bats flying out

21 Very pleasant

22 Very pleasant

(20)

20
B
S
T.

(29)

(30)

Ireal Morris Detior 5
for a gun

To balance . . . 0.3.9

(3)
Received of him in part
1^u 3 remains due 3^u 9

By Cash in full - 0. 3. 9.

Deed to my Daughters Hannah
Sarah and Mary Bradfieke is
Recorded in the office for Recording
Deed in Philadelphia in Book 2824
No 8 Page 336 &c I w.
(32)

Philad^a 10 mo 27 1839 -

This day I put in the Post office

Philad^a a Letter to W^m McKay of
Northumberland a Letter requesting
him to stay all proceeding as on my
Power of Attorney it being very

Incorrect as may appear

(36)

卷之六

(37)

(30)

10
11
12

(39)

(40)

2
3
4
5

(41)

(42)

(43)

(44)

(45)

(46)

Book
B.
4.

(47)

(40)

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(49)

(50)

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81
82
83

(51)

(52)

(۵۵)

(56)

56

(57)

(500)

500

(59)

(60)

(61)

The
Art of Coloring
staining & varnishing.

According to my own
experience

as followeth

by

John Woodforde

of staining like walnuttre

take walnuttre hugh or beane
or other bark or beane & boyle
them in a morter and boyle
them in old chumber bee with
a little alum and doe straine
it and use it

otherwise

take y^e aforesaid bark or
beane & hugh & putt them into
an earthen to old chumb^r and
let them stand till they rotte
and then draw of and boile it
with a little alum & straine
straine it & use it

otherwise

Aqua fortice into which you
a little steel filings and after it
dowt fayning use it if with your
hands ouer y^e mouth gallatt ouer

(63)

Skining varnish

Toake of y^e spirit of wine
1 quart ad to it 1 yd of y^e
Roade of Roseall powdered & 1 spoo
full of wnicie Turpentine

Another

The common Turpentine
varnisch if soft putt y^e yle
of Turpentine ^{or Spirit varnish} to it as much
as to make it dry soone

Locke varnisch

To 1 quart of y^e best spirit add
a oz of y^e best Sued Looke &
2 drs of gum benjamin with 2 drs
of Aloes in powder

(64)

The price of gumes

gum Arimoo 7 poun^d 2
Sood Lake 7 p^d 1³ 6
Sandwick 7 p^d 1³ 4 Maylich
7 oz 4 Dragon's blood 7 oz 7
gum araback 7 p^d 1³ 6 venice
Surpholine 7 p^d 1³ 6 oyle
of Surpholine 7 p^d 1³ 6 nutt
oyle 1³ 6 Turtur 1³ 6 Trippolo 1³

Auarmice of Linseed oyle

To one quartre of linseed oyle
ad $\frac{1}{4}$ of a pounde of red lead
& as much of f whitef Rose
boile ym well when cleard it
very usefull any strong sised
color ading ading agloss & bidness
west yroke

(65)

of varnishing with yoyit uo

To one quart of y^e best spirit
add 5 oz of sandrie & 1 oz of gum
Animes & $\frac{1}{4}$ oz of Maylick

black Jappan uo:

To 1 quart of y^e best spirits
add 2 oz of Maylick 3 oz of sandrie
2 oz of Animes & 1 oz of frankincense

white Jappan uo

To 1 quart of spirit add 3 oz
of Maylick 3 oz of white sandrie
& $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz of the whitest gum
Animes wett pick & wrought

the common using varnies

To y^e common turpentine varnies ad
of turp. $\frac{1}{4}$ of spirit of his varnies or spirit
of wine & ~~spirit~~ only which will occasion
it to dry & come to with a good glaze

yo of it

be for you varnise your
worke let y^e graine be fill
with wax as thin as on flax
flatt worke then rub your
wax all over it as much as
you think will fill y^e graine
then with a frank or bent brush
rub it very sore till it is gon
into y^e pores of y^e wood then
take it off with a sharp cra
per & rub it with a woolen flo
if it be drawn worke polishe it
in y^e threwe with wax and a cloake
then bring smooth by & on your
varnise till it be at a body
on the worke then wth y^e powder
trigolo take it with a piece of
fine hatt flax^{wth in water} rub it till sooth
then rub it off & when dry with
a floall lightly oyd wth linnen wood
or galat or be take of the duellers
and white ot y^e trigolo

good Lake varnishes

To one gallon of ye best spirit
 add 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ yd of ye best good Lake
 and $\frac{1}{2}$ yd of gum sandrich & put
 ye into a wide mouthed bottle
 sett itt pretty nigh y fire for 3 dyr
 be of ten shaking itt bath y gum
 drawe to y bottle then strain
 itt through a flanning strainer
 and bottle itt for 3 dyr then strain
 itt of into another bottle for
 use keepeing itt close & stoyl

all sort of hard spirit var-
 nish to be polished as aforesaid but
 for common varnished work
 itt need not be pol. but itt
 worth your while to fill up
 y graine as a forehand with waxe
 before you varnish itt

but our common colors are
 Spanish Brown & yellow ocher
 of each alike quantity ground
 with size pretty strong for brown
 or a little size & old Chamberles
 when dry rub them up with
 a wash brush or hare robe
 and see for yourself all
 other colors.

umber is a dark brown when
 burnt it inclines more to black
 for a walnuttree color in paints
 burnt umber mitigated with white
 lead which is y^e common white and
 mixed with burnt umber

y^e cheapeſt way of painting & readyest
 is to gae your work ouer with strong
 size made of spocke or glue when dry
 your other color ground with linseed
 oyle for your colors I shall no far
 to 3 mils art of painting price 18 mils

To color or staine generally
 first Logwood is a purple with
 old Chamble & alum but with
 water & a little alum is near black
 being very good to dress hats
 little to black with it for wallnukes
 Color

Brazole is a red color Red
 wood is a pale Red

Turmarick is yellow with w.
 mixt Sulphur oil to color ouer
 alaines or any such thing
 it preserves from wormes & is a
 very pretty color like box

or they may be used as
 the description of Logwood is

To glaze mappell or ellony knotty

þur tak logwood & boile with water
 þer and staine itt with wher dry hawing
 black this in a bottle $\frac{1}{2}$ a pinto of y^e best
 wine viniher to which put $\frac{1}{2}$ pouer
 stain of stool filings when wrought
 together goe itt over with itt
 you may heale itt if you please
 to keele y^e strength of itt

þolys. goe when itt dry pollysh your
 woorke with strawe graue and y^e haue
 rubing solayes will apper white & golden
 black then you may varnish itt
 last with spirit var. as befor direct.
 8000 oyl var or doe often over with cut good oyle

for striking or glazing
 any color fitting for that purposa
 is vniuerall alum juice of stond hors
 dung stool filings aquafortis
 old chamberlars

Another of the same to stain black
 a Black tak y^e aforesaid logwood color
 Staines goe itt 2 hundre with itt then take
 of the same logwood water yel to
 itt alittē copperas and earth graue
 is avery good Black

To put one masse on fraines or boordis

Take wheate meale a handfull or 2
 and yput to about $\frac{1}{2}$ p parts of water
 boile till it be of the thicknes of
 starch used for cloase then ygrind
 it on the boordis & with a smoothing iron
 & a paper between smooth it alonge of boordis
 but if it be to yut on a fraine first
 take a cloth of lining as large as y^e paper
 dipp it in water then wringe it out
 and spread it on y^e backe of y^e paper or
 mappe wh^{ch} is to be frained and let it
 lyo till it be damped well then with
 y^e paste aboue mentioned yput it on y^e
 fraines & when it comes to drye it will
 haue al stritch very welles probatt

To Blacke linoes in scabes

Take a little Chartole & grinde well
 hasted oyle & Rub it all over y^e scab
 until y^e linoes & figures be filled then wash
 it off with Salat oyle & let it lyo
 until it be dry & then yollie with Shaw
 grass & oyle it with Yallow oyle
 as in page {69} probatt

(72)

To Jappan varnish

Take of gum Sandrich & maglick
each 5 oz & gum Emanell 1 oz
in powder to pint & 1/2 of spirit

In Jappanning observe your
work to be very fine & smooth &
after Colord or stained Polish
the wax & so proceed to varnish
it may doe well to color & Polish
your moldings before fit oner Cut

(73)

Receipt for a Liver Powder

1 fl. pt. Spirit Wine

1 oz Camphor

1 oz Spt Sal ammoniac

2 oz Camomile

1 oz Spt Tingeret

1/4 fl. oz Cinnamon extract

Stir the Camphor in the Spirit

Wine then add the other Ingred.

a very valuable medicine

9 fl.

(74)

5 M^r 17 1836

This day began to take

(75)

Ice of the Philad^a Co ad 25^{lb}

(76)

CARDS

(77)

(70)

C
A
B
F

(79)

(a)

(81)

(02)

(83)

(84)

APRIL

(cont.)

(016)



(५७)

(四〇)

(a 9)

(90)

Soment for Glent

To 1^d of white pitch & as much Rose
ad 2^d of Bas wan & a little Brington
with chalk or brick dust & after you have
melted y^e pitch & Rose put in y^e Bas wan
then having boild them wth y^e chalk
or brick dust & Brington & boile them wth
them y^e wth cold water & soe
works it wth as shoomakers doth there
wax to make it into rowles & keep it
for use

To make Aromaticall Linne

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Bake Honey | one oz - | Drachm |
| Liquors Root | 2 Do - | |
| Salt of Tartar | 1 Do - | Drachm |
| Flowers of Benjamin - one | Do | |
| Camphire | 1 scruples | |
| Opium | 2 Drachms | |
| Oil of Anniseed | 1 scruples | |
| Spirits one quart | then ad all together | |
| in a bottle and let it stand two | | |
| weeks to ferment | shake the bottle | |
| every day after that let it stand | | |
| then pour it off for use | | |

(91)

how to siluer brass

Take 2 weight of cutings of leaf
siluer dissolve it in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz of aqua
fortis before y^e fire in a glasse then
take Tartar in powder stirring it well
before y^e fire till it be silif as fast with
it rub very sore the blan metall
att y^e hot fire

To gold or brass

after your brass is shapt according
to your mind and bound fast with
wire then by your silver bouldre
cut very small all a long & goynt
then wet it a little with your exhalation
and lay on y^e ground borax doyle it on
your charcole fire by y^e blast of a
lamp thus having a poynt of iron
blaw about 6 Inch long & 2 or 3 Inch
broad turnd up att y^e edges into which
put your ballow having a poynt of tow
dip it in it by a long & nitre & fire it at y^e
one end then with your blow pipe blow
& blow of it on y^e charcole and rooyt hill
& gold or run & melt into y^e goynt & blow
poynt is now a foot long small & tapering crook
att y^e ground for want of w^e candle fire
may doe if clear y^e game for siluer

(92)

hone to worke in silver

first to fayt silver Take Alabaster
in fine powder or fine sand
mixt with bold Romanach Rauing
a yare of flaxy wch is like to
a little squer box taking of
in y^e midst of y^e doyses in wch
grys down the sand rauing the
figure of your worke in it doe
takeing out the moud powder in
the metall and stell it in a Crucible

Solder When the silver is fayten
then draw it into what form
cōdi: then glasse if it be for
hōnes or such like attaenably
it will kniile with a hammer but
solder after soald it boyle it harden
soys sayes to breake then fayten
to solder take silver softned with
Slockham and small laid on y^e joyas
wch it alittel by y^e one powder breas

Boil silver take argall & alum beaten
yut into y^e water with y^e silver Boil
it vpon velle often takeing y^e out & rub
a slick wet taking smery to rub y^e

(93)

for quick siluering glasse

Take staine file or block lim
according to the measure of the
glasse & lay it on a very leuall
bord or marblestone then
cover one the quick siluer one
the leafe of lim and it will gyred
all over the leafe then oyle the glasse
with Linseed oyle and lay it one
to it and lay a weight 3 or 4 hours
one it and it will glase

drinke of it in
your constant drinke yrobat

a drinke for flanging & blood

gitt figgs roundes tongue whitelockes
of each $\frac{1}{2}$ a handfull redmunt watercress
small onions and sauory of each a handfull
roots of allicampaine tormentill hors radish
egantion of each 1 oz for yuryng add to y^m
of 8ma $\frac{1}{2}$ oz of Agrick 1 oz of rubarb $\frac{1}{4}$ oz
to a gallon of drinke yrobat

Receipts in Physick
being

Mostly experienced by my self

by

People of Credit whose common-
dation of ye same occasioned me
~~to go to them to pay him~~
then draw it into what form
cold: then ~~pay~~ it if it be for
poore or such like atraus with
it will knitt with a hammer but
solder after cold it boyle it harden
it as to break then pay him
to solder take silver confined with
blockish cut small laid on y joyas
with it alittle & dry one good breas
soil silver take argall & alum broken
out into y water with y silver boil
them well often taking y out & with
a stick well take up, smere & rub y

(97)

for a consumption or fulness of blood

to one gallon of table-beer whi ch is a quart
or 2 gallons of Ale &c as followeth
of sage hyssop gromander scurvy grass
watercress brooklime elder buds horseradish
hart's tongue fern foot Agrimony danefly
ground juice hounds tongue mallow hairy
linewort wood sorrel pollipodis dwarf elder
of each a handfull roots of Allicampain
comfrey horseradish liquorice & gentian
of each 2 or 3 slices of roots and bruise the
herbs then put them into a net with a weight
to sink them put them to y^e during wher
new and let them work together and soe
drink of it morn & after noond or for
your conglant drinke yrobatt

a drat drinke for flanging y^e blood

gitt figgs hounds tongue whitelocke grass
of each $\frac{1}{2}$ a handfull red mint water fennel
sorrell cresses and saury of each a handfull
roots of allicampain tormentill horseradish
egentian of each 1 oz for purging add to y^e m
of 8one $\frac{1}{2}$ oz of Agrick 1 oz of rubarb $\frac{1}{4}$ oz
to a gallon of drinke yrobatt

(99)

for a stoping of flegm

Take Allicampaine roots powdered floor of
for a rough brimstone snuff oyle honey & trakles
or flegm mix them together & take y^e quantity
of a wallnutt more & night

Another of t^e kind

for flegm Take Allicampaine powder
or stoping and English Honey and work them
or Roofing to yelbow as strong as the yarly
can take it take y^e same quantity
as before

Another

for a
foufys: Take of Allicampaine & liquoris
in powder of each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz foyours of roses
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz balsom of sulfur & honey worth
mix them together with honey and
take them as before y^e probath
Allicampaine & liquoris powder
is 2 d per oz Con. Rose. 4 p oz

(99)

for a scalded cold about the head or stomach

Take of English saffron 2 weight of one shilling
of licquorice 6 pence worth Angelica roots $\frac{1}{2}$ oz
 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz Annigard 1 oz Allicampain Roots
of nutmegs $\frac{1}{4}$ oz sliced 2 branches of Rose
mary Stript Stoop them all in a pint and
halfe of the strongest Aquavitae in
a glass stopt very close 9 daies then
take 2 spoonfulls morn & night

An Excellant Electuary for a cough

Take of good manroot howhoun'd hysope
white maidens hairs Agrimony Bittonye
Lindewort lungwort and hart's tongue
of each a handfull cut them to new
quills of walow and boile y^m to thicke
then lett it cool & straine it then add
boritt of clarifid honey & þd fine powder
of licquorice 5 oz of Allicampain þ^m
3 oz and boile y^m to the thicknes
of an Electuary take of this att
any time but especially in the morning
fasting and att yading to bed

(100)

to make a jolley for in a consumption
or troubled with a loopeney

take of this
as you find
occation

perhaps
more &
nigle

slicy &
nutmeggs

Take of 4 foote of a halfe drops of bones
slitt ym in a midle & take a way of
black maines and the fat & wash ym
cleane & put ym in a buckall of faire water
and boyle ym 24 hours in ym time shift
ym often then boile ym in 2 gallons
of cleane water verry softly alwayes
takeing of ym scum & fat of ryses & when
yliquor is more then 2 boiled away
put into it 1 pint & $\frac{1}{2}$ of yliquor
as it boileth scum it cleane & when yli
jolley is boiled enough you may know
for your fingers will cleane to ym spoone
then take it from ym fire & take out all
y bones and fleshe & when its almost cold boale
y whites of six eggs & put into it & sett it
on the fire again & sett it boile til it be cleare
then strain it through a cloth into a bason &
let it stand all night & next morne put it in a
buckall & put ther 1 pound of sugar or $\frac{1}{2}$ oz of cinamon
broker 1 oz of nutmeggs 1 oz of ginger bruised
& a good quantity of large myrr boile ym all together
till they sayd as much of the spicer as you desire & when
its almost cold take y whites of 6 eggs boale ym to put into it
sett it on y fire & when it ryses sett it in $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of white wine
then strain it through a jolley bagg and use it morne & night

(181)

A scollant playtor for a straine

Take gum gallbladder gum Ammanum
merry fine frankincense mashed & wound
turpentine of each 2 pounes worth of Rosemary
white soach & bees wax of each the quanti
tyle of a wallnutt moll them all togather
and spread y^m on Sheeps Gall-bladd
fit for y^e place lying it on warme

Another of tryed & experiential workes

for a strain
approv'd

Take of Beccia Crozia and
poricellis of each 2 pounes worth
moll them and spread them
as above mentioned and then
dissolve 1 pouny worth of Camphire in 3 of spirites
of wine; it's cure for y^e Ich allgo
A oynment for a strayne

approv'd
not.

Take 2 pouny worth of spike oyle
mix it with the double quantity
of Brandy & let it one before
Refine

for y^e syatica

an excol:
y^e last:

Take one pound of black soap & 4 oz
of frankincense & a pint of white wine
unlike boile y^m togather gently until it be
thick and spread it on Sheeps Gall-bladd
if y^e paine be very great add to it a little
Squarretoe

[102]

for sore eyas

approved

Take of Roman vitrall glasse
you may put into a spoonfull of
Spring water & it will turne & water
Plash with which wash your eyas
before you goo to bed or wher you
have occasion.

approved
cure for
warts

The same alga cundle warts by
wothing it with your spattor and
rubbing the warts once or twice a day
for a wooke or so dayes

for sore
eyas

Another
Take rasons my gern take y glasse
out boal ym a clean mortor with
alittle hondy to a saluer byo on your
eyas some of this at nightys going to
bed

some has gott good by blistring
y neck some by having an issue
in ye nose some by having
their head shauen

(103)

for swoolings & gullies

Boile in old Chamberled wormewood
rue Camomile &c flowers shauins of
each handfull shot & small whole
boiled strong thick oatenmeal & wheal after
boyming then add to it of hoggs gross
the quantity of a hens egg & let it on warme

for the Itch an oyment

cast Take of hoggs gross of quantity of a hens
skin egg take of skin of it put to it in a gall
away pot P worth of quicksilver working ym
together with a finger until yf quicksilver
be all mixed with yf gross yf best bals
of it be not to be soon unmixed
and rub the hands & most itchy places wth it
Another

Take of Camphire 1 worth do solue it in 3 worth
of spirits of wine good for a straine illnesse

(104)

Doctor Edwards plaster for y^e Stomack

Take gallumem $\frac{1}{4}$ oz spread it on
sheaps leather take 5 grames of
Selinus out of must by y^e on a piece
of cotton or any soft thing laying
them in f midst to y^e gilt of y^e Stom:

Plaster for y^e surging wavy humor

Doctor:
william:

Take of sonc $2\frac{1}{2}$ dra. of Rubarb, dra.
of diagodium 15 graines glomeratum
Rostium $\frac{1}{2}$ dra. broan of Tarlos 1 dra.
make this into an Electuary with y^e
syrope of Buckethorn take y^e
quantity of a walnutt in the
morning sayling 2 or 3 hours after

An Excelant plaster
for y^e stomack or any pain
inward in y^e sides back or body
by wood with good sucking laid to
y^e stomack of Nickolad or Liver
grown children or Ciatica
taken

Take of middendale Diascordium
by: & saffron of each 3 poun wortle brakel
Also a spoon full alehol Coaf sugar strain
y^e saffron in 2 spoonfulls of wineker &
boile y^e saffron brakel sugar & wineker
over a gontil fire til well mixed then pul
in y^e other & boile y^e gently til thick &
spread it on sheaps leather

(103)

To Riper a Boile

Take 3 worth of unis & Turpentine
a little honey & yolkes of a hund eggs
beaten well then mix them all togoller
with as much wheal meal as will make
 $\frac{1}{4}$ of a right thicknesse lying on
then spread it on shooe leather & shrow
one it alittle saffron & apply it

for a venom.

Take green wormwodes and with
hogges grees beat it a morter till
it be well mixt togoller and applic
it to y^e place venomous

An Excellent Balsom
for wounds or sores

Take of gallad oyle $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint
fine powdred Red lead 2 oz
or more boile y^e wole till
blackish to the thicknes of
an electuary and keepe it in
a galli pott for use
as y^e other balsom

(525)

Sore Leggs

for scorbutick broakings out in y
leggs I haue knowne som to haue
or droppe: their leggs to break out in y winter
time and soe continuall reyning while
cold weather lasteth to remedy these
it is conuenient to haue an issue in
y legg and to keepe the same shifted
twice a day with fresh fabless bawes
they being good for taking the anger
or paine out of mostly any sore of y
sorte and y issue shall hol and pacim
ye ymone they of allrease case

and the diet drinke in pag 97 is very
good to take spring & fall y first of
drinke water for drawing the blodd without
purging of body the latter is for purging
y body use wch occation may require
somes use only water toofite heud up in their
fayrest drinke
for a green wound

Taken $\frac{1}{2}$ oz of Luketillies balmy
juicid $\frac{1}{2}$ drach of wound wolle to y
bottom sometimes wash it with a little
brandy then take fallen scrapl of a
lining cloth make a piece fitte to y
wound spreading ~~it~~ some of y
balmy and one of cloth put it well into
y wound lying a playster of die a palme
or dia:accalum to cover all lying
or rolwing it wolle down

8

adyal drink (106):
for drawing the bloods of scruy or drop
sick humors whch often caus a coniumption
for a Coniumption

Take lungwort burrage yolo pody of
goake horehound hark tongue water
crosses sage germandor hyssop scruby
grass Dandelyon germandor Agramony
wood betoney Juniper berries lavender
pellitory of spains plantan Rosmary
ground Guise tyme maidenhaire
fole foote Chamomile wormwood
Angelica Elder buds wilde marjoram
borrage Conlaury featherfew fumitory
hounds tongue marsh mallowe mouse-eare
wthles pellitory of gwall ~~plantane~~
scabious wood sorrell wild thyme haricino
wallnutree leaves of each a handfull
roots of Allicampaine horis Radish
Comphrey Lickeris & Gention of
each 2 or 3 sliced bruisse of herbs
and put ym into a nett and put ym
into 6 or 8 gallons of drinke before
it be thorowly barmed yt y herbs and
drinke may work together & drinke
of it morn & Afternoone or att any
time

(107)

To open & breake & cleane of obstructions
of y liver & spleen & chayreth a drappery
for a diat drinke

Sake & suge of Ground my swot
Bicly Motherwoort swot marjoram
motherwoort heart trafoile scutney grasse
smallage lilly of y wale yngilica
gardon Valerian Samphire swot tangi
Gormandone sage hisoya tunc mint
balm Agrimony wormwood Eldorbuds
water froses herbes Parsley Rosses
marigolds flowre gildflood Rosemary
maidenhair hark longue horshound
Souldernwood ropp buds wallnutree leau
Burage & Bugloss Caraway Conlyary
Dandilion woodbin called honey suckle
wood Rotony Chamomile Doder of
lime polopody of y oake rock Angel
fennell fumitory Lavender Louangt
medow marsh maloney milloloke
mustard Parsley & Rue of each
a handfull y fynesse dredge sorte put
in y bag with y berries of juniper
and bay tree & Root of Elicampam
Gentian Licquorice hore Radish
monke Rubarb Angelica & Comphy
of each yorr bruised 300ds of caraway
fennel & medow yucc & horehore
and straine put y yucc & bagg of fennel
wth y roots &c into 5 or 6 gallons of
working drinke to drinke att any tyme

(100)

for weak stomachs want of digestion

Take of mustard seed adram
Cumin as much: Boal & topwoden
& half a quantity of Mastick in
powder with gum Arabick dissolved
of gill in Rose water make it up into
troches of ^{the} swallow one of half
a dram weight 1 hour or 2 before
meals let old people make
much of this medicine

for y^e Sandies

Take 3 or 4 wood lice called
hobthrough lice dry them on a
pulter plate before a fire then
powder them and take it with
honey or brakke att 2 times
if that doo not doe gil more
powder

(109)

Thor digesling cold humors
falling on & stomach or joints
and drop say obgl: Liver & spleen

in 3 or
4 gall: Turn up in your constant drinke

Mother-wort May-lard solitory
of fwall Burnet-Saxifrage
Sage Rosemary Polypody of oak
Pony Royal Master Wort sweet
Marjoram Maiden-hair Tongue
Liuor-wort Lavender hounds Tongue
hone hound hyssope Germander
dwarf Elder Dandilion wa: grass
Alsophle Camphire sweet fiedly
Careaaway Burnet Burage
Buglos Wood Betony Balme
heire Bonet or foliwort Arch-
angel Angelica ground Lucy
and Agrimony each a handfull
Roots of horse Radish Elicampain
Parsley & comfrey each 2 or 3
use & mellow preserved before
in putting them up

John Widdifield

8

for A wen or poison

Take halfe a pint of your own
piss to it strain & juice of a
handfull of Rue called heire of
grace and drinke it all once
it Cures immediately

for the Kinge euill & coniumption.
it draweth & blood stopps fluxes Running
gout & piping euill by & scury or
dropsy

To 12 quarts of spring water
hot ad 3 pound of new lime all ^{hour}
and scum it & clear it of & put
it in a Iron pot & ad to it half
a pound of lignumvitid & 2 ounce
of safafraz let it hang over a
gentle fire all night next morning
ad 2 oz of Sorcaperalla of Licquoric
2 oz of Raisons sun bloud on pound
of China Root 2 oz of sweet fennell
seeds 2 oz ~~of poppy~~ ~~Agamony~~
~~Scabios each 4 oz~~ you may ad
of nutmug mace & Cinamon of each
1 oz Boile of Licquor to half a bottle
it to take $\frac{1}{4}$ pint more & night and
smoo in bed after it

(191)

for women's Sore Breasts
the following Poultice

Take Rice & boil in water
till thick & soft add to it of y^e herb
called tantara boyos cut small
& to a quart of this add 2 oz of
good sugar & apply to y^e sore
12 times in 24 hours it gives
Eyes Immediately

good sugar will heal cuts
sore or wounded being applied
probatt

good Sugar will heal cat's
Paws

For a burn

(112)

To thy Constant Drink

Run up to a gallon one
handfull of Bay leaves & one
handfull of water trefoile three
ounces wild carrol 8 doz in hott
weather or mitt of trefoile

To a vomit
Take Taylor's
Emeticke & dran

Toake of y^e Infusion of Crows
metallorum) viij drams of
Peymoll of Squills and Syrop
of Rosee Solution of each
halfe an ounce mixe & take
it in an Evening after it
doth opperate drinke y^e only
of y^e best drinke gotten a little
fresh made and brok after
it done working

its to cleare y^e Stomach of
old ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~old~~ ~~the~~ ~~old~~
y^e doct Midfote

90d⁴

(453)

Bullion for my shute
a god humor vacated by
a gnat cold gott in winter
traveling through water; falling
on y^e trees became very haif full
w^{ch} take & continuall y^e doo year
w^{ch} take Philo oyle of brick
oyle of Ester Spike
Turpentine myrrh mixt
with yoyndent herbin
G^t it on before y^e fire

(914)

~~John Widdifield~~
~~Son of John Widdifield~~

~~John Widdifield~~
John Widdifield of the
City of Philadelphia
House Carpenter and
Grandson to the Author
of Book, His and his
famileys, ages are
Carefully Set Down
to the Next Page

(115)

John Widdifield ^{el.}
Son of John & Ame Widdifield
Was born January the 6th
1734 between one & two
o'clock in the morning

Was married to Elizabeth
Hoill on the 9th of the 7th Mo^t
Called July in the year
of our Lord 1762

Elizabeth Hoillmon was
Born the 22nd Day of the 3rd
Mo^t Called March in the
Year of our Lord 1740

Ame Widdifield Daughter
of John and Elizabeth Widdifield
Was born the 31st of the 8th Mo^t
Called August in the year of
our Lord 1763 at $\frac{1}{2}$ past two
in the morning
and fourth Day of the week

(516)

James Widdifield Son of
John and Elizabeth Widdifield
was born the first Day of the
Twelfth Month Called
December in the year of
our Lord 1765 at a Quarter
in the morning and first
Day of the week.

David Widdifield Son of
John and Elizabeth —
Widdifield was borne
the 30th of the 3^d Month Called
March in the year of our Lord
1768 at 6:0 Clock in the
afternoon and fourth Day
of the week

John Widdifield Son of John
and Elizabeth Widdifield
the 9th Day of the 8th Month Called
August in the year of our
Lord 1771 at L after six a
Clock in the Morning
8th Day of the week

(117)

william Widdifield
Son of John and Elizabeth
Widdifield was born the
29 Day of the first Month
January in the year of our
Lord 1774 Ten Minutes after
Ten in the Morning
& 5th Day of the Week

Mary Widdifield Daughter
of John & Elizabeth
Widdifield was borne
the 22 Day of the 9 Month
Called September in the year
of our Lord 1776 at half
after 6 o'Clock in the
Morning & first Day of the Week

(110)

George Widdifield Son
of John & Elizabeth
Widdifield was borne the
th 13 Day of the 6 M^o Call'd
June in the year of our
Lord 1779 at half Past
Twelve a Clock in the
morning & first Day of the week

Sarah Widdifield
Daughter of John and
Elizabeth Widdifield
Was borne the 2 Day
of the 7 M^o Call'd July
in the year of our Lord
1783 at a Quarter Past
a Clock in the Evening
and seventh Day of the week

(439.)

1865

1765

A weight 100

Mary Born 22 of 9 men

1865

1776

91

1865

1774

99

1865

1700

165

(120)

8

Of James Biddefield
 Which was the Son of
 John Biddefield which
 was the Son of John
 Biddefield Which was
 the Son of John Biddefield
 = the author of this Book
 Who came from England
 from Newcastle upon the
 River Tyne about the year
 Seventeen Hundred 1700
 Settled in this city purchasing
 a houses Lot on the West
 Side of Strawberry Alley and
 Market Street Where he
 carried on his Business of
 a Cabinet Maker &c &c

John Biddefield

(122)

which was the son of Peter, =

(123)

je
e
-
e
lo

(1254).

8

(125)

120.

23rd day of month 1706

A Breife account of my stock trayning
to England 10th Guy to Ch. Hunt £ 8 3d
A Bill wth Richard Smith 29th Sept 06:00:00
for 322
A Bill to Chas. Hunt of Ch. Woyles \$ 15:06
Trayning to maryland 10th Ch. Topham 08:00:00
in Ch. Glarts hand dublins — 07:00:00
to Barbadoes wth go Luegan — 08:00:00
Rum in my cellar & of service — 06:00:00
Total sum in all 49:15:06

in the year 1800 the Locusts was uncommonly
Numerous and I suppose will again appear in
the year 1817 — Dr. 1831 & in 1851
this year they hundre singular mark on the wing
of W somewhat in this manner



~~John Widdifield~~
~~James~~
John Widdifield.

His Booke Anno 1704

Borne y^e 13^d of 4th Month
1673

of 27 dy 7 mo 1706

then began to contribute
to w^e meetings of w^e monthly
meeting

in w^e year 1704 Served Constable
in Philadelphia
Jn^e Parker being my Deputy
pd him y^t to his Landlord Geo: Jones

The 17th day 8 mo: 1714 Anna Widdifield
bore 45 min past 6 in morn: 9

the 27th 8 mo 1716 Hannah Widdifield born:
soof: after 5th hour in y^e morn:

Sarah Widdifield borne y^e 18th 8 m
1718

| | |
|------|--------|
| 17 9 | 17 9 6 |
| 17 | 16 7 5 |
| | 12 3 |

John Widdifield son of Peter Widdifield
borne y^e 13th day of y^e 7 month 1673

Elizabeth Daughter to John & Mary
Widdifield Born y^e 28th of y^e 9 mo 1708
betwixt 10 & 11 hour in y^e Evening

Mary Widdifield Born y^e 8th 11 m
1719 between 1 & 2 in y^e morning
or 3rd past 9 a clock noon

John Widdifield son of John &
Mary Widdifield born y^e 3rd of
y^e 4th month 1712 betwixt 8 & 9 in
y^e Evening

this was my Father & weare his