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**A manual of customs, precedents, and forms,
in use in the Assembly of the state of
Wisconsin: together with the rules, the
apportionment, and other lists and tables for
reference, with indices. 1859**

Madison, Wisconsin: James Ross, State Printer, 1859

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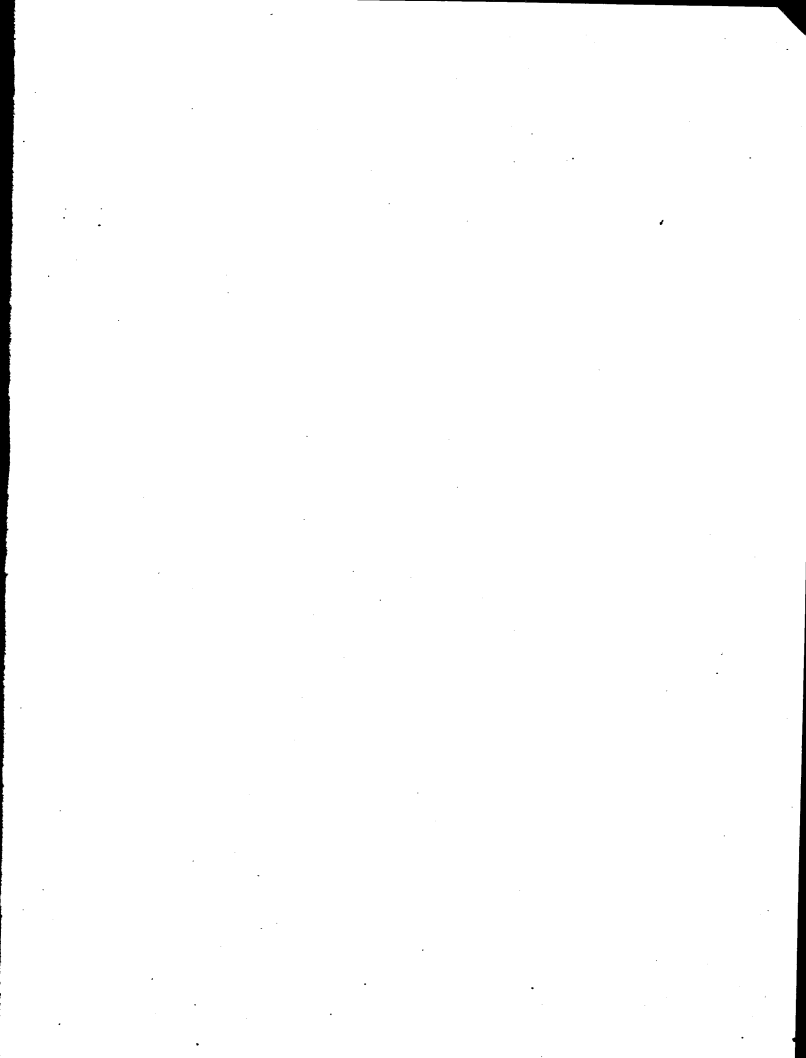
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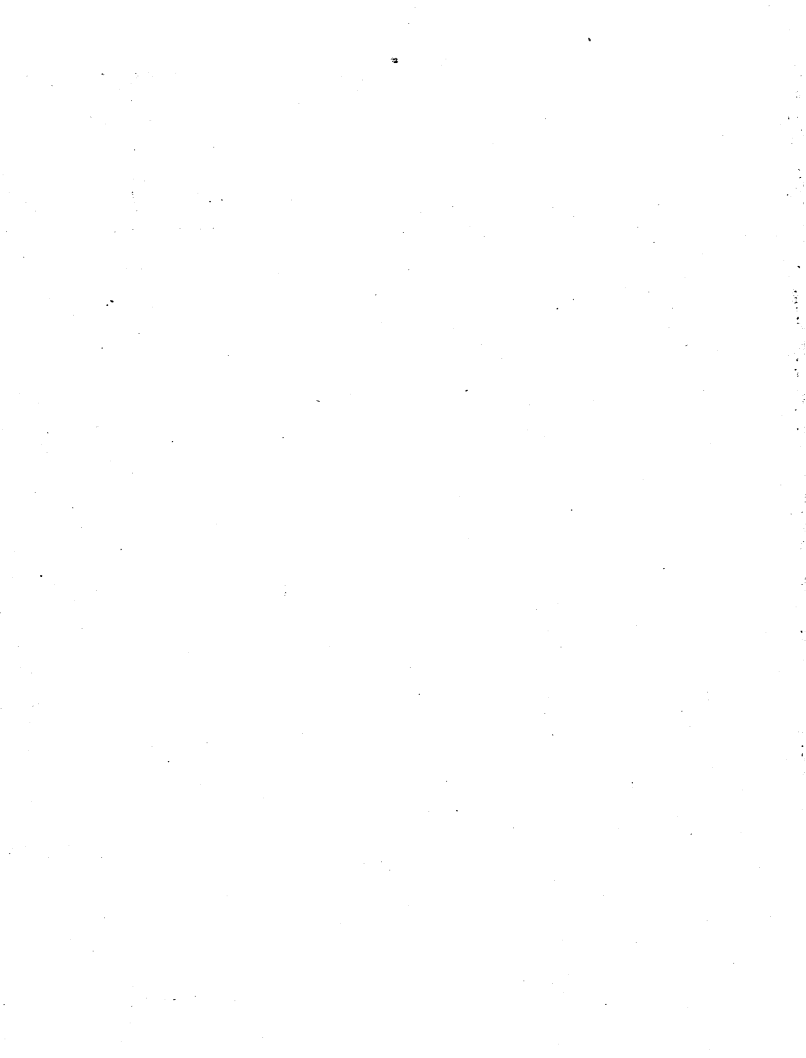


FRED. W. HORN

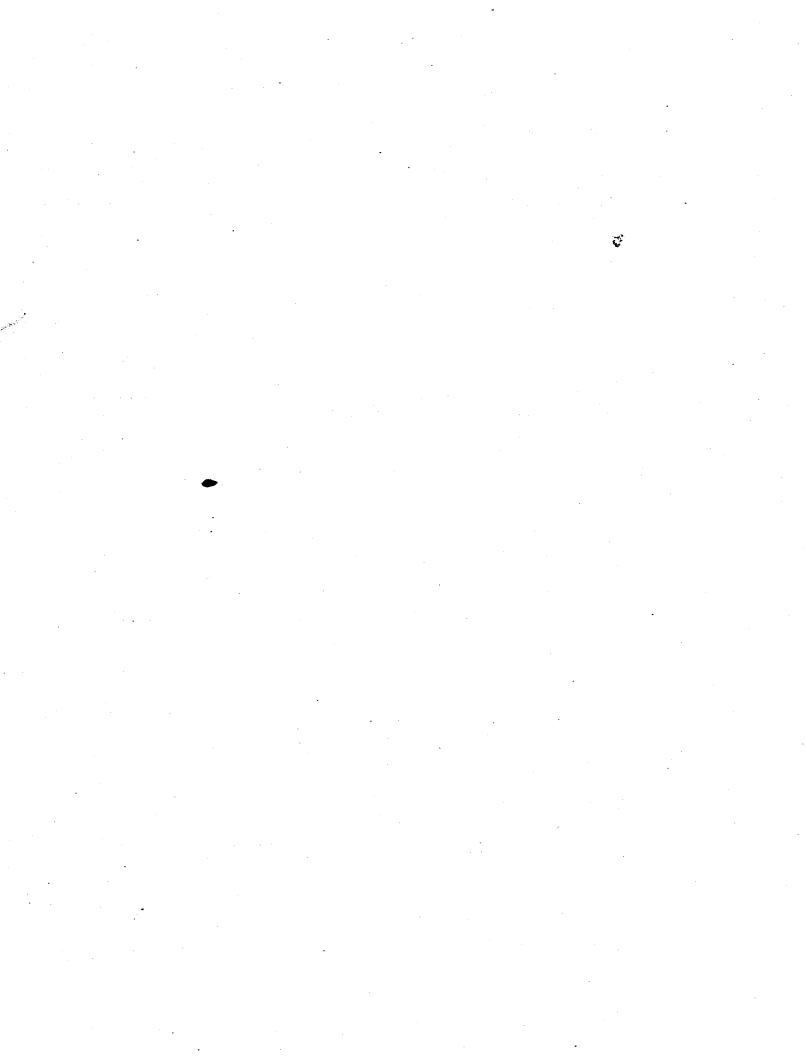












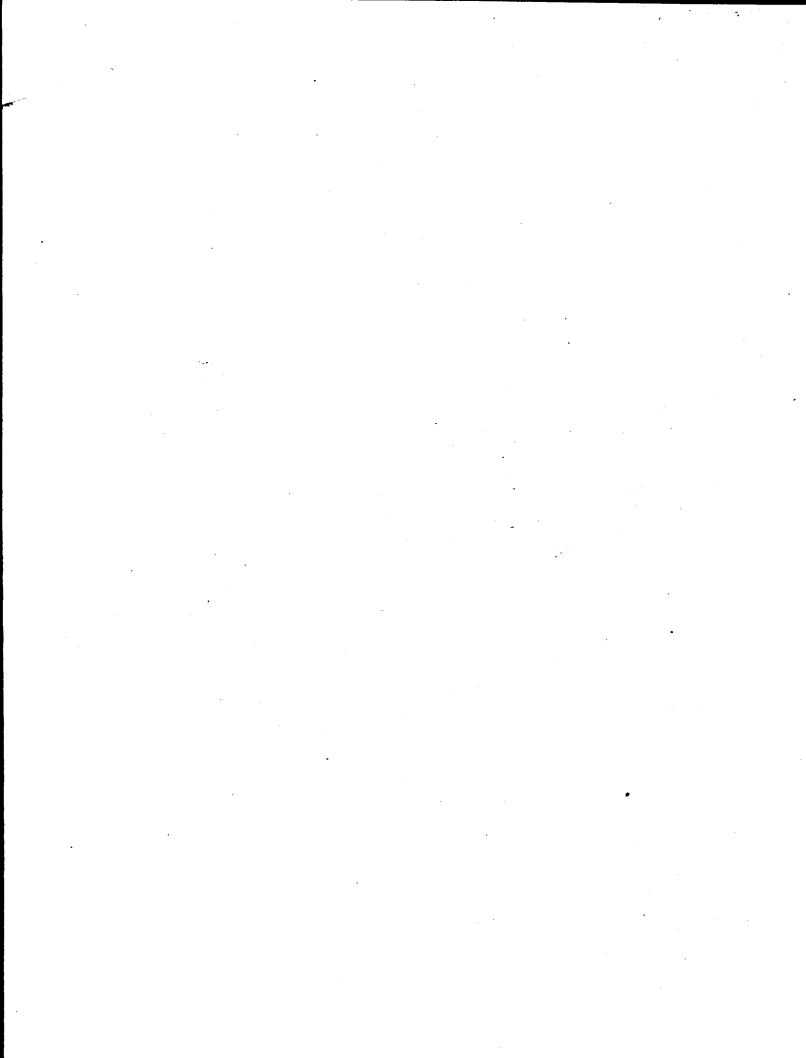
1859.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'sday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1859.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'sday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
JAN'Y	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	JULY.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	30	31	..	..	..	..	..		31	..	..	..	..	..	..
FEB'Y	..	..	1	2	3	4	5	AUG.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	27	28	..	..	..	..	..		28	29	30	31	..	..	..
M'RC'H	..	..	1	2	3	4	5	SEPT.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	27	28	29	30	31	..	..		25	26	27	28	29	30	..
APRIL	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	OCT.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
MAY.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		30	31	..	..	..	..	..
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	NOV.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..		27	28	29	30	..	..	..
JUNE.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4	DEC.	..	..	..	1	2	3	
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	26	27	28	29	30	..	..		25	26	27	28	29	30	31

A MANUAL
OF
CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, AND FORMS,
IN USE IN THE
Assembly of the State of Wisconsin :
TOGETHER WITH
THE RULES, THE APPORTIONMENT,
AND OTHER LISTS AND TABLES FOR REFERENCE,
WITH INDICES.

COMPILED BY L. H. D. CRANE,
Chief Clerk of the Assembly in the years 1858 & 1859.

(500 copies ordered printed for the Legislature, by Joint Resolution.)

MADISON :
JAMES ROSS, STATE PRINTER—PATRIOT OFFICE.
1859.



W. K.
A.
1859
RAPE
BOOK
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P R E F A C E .

This manual has been prepared for the purpose of saving time, in the deliberations of the Assembly, by presenting information which is not found elsewhere, and by bringing within a small compass various facts which are now scattered through a multitude of books.

It is especially designed for new members, and will be sent to all members elect in the fall of 1859, as soon as their names become known.

It comprises the following topics:

1. Statistical list of members and officers of the Assembly.
2. Statistical list of members and officers of the Senate.
3. Committees of the Assembly.
4. Committees of the Senate.
5. Organization.
6. Drawing of seats.
7. Compensation.
8. Duties of officers.
9. Stationery.
10. Newspapers.
11. Public documents.
12. Post office arrangements.
13. Process of passing bills
14. Proceedings in committee of the whole.
15. Forms for Reports, Resolutions, &c.
16. Investigations by the Legislature.
17. Table of Quorums.
18. Post Offices in Wisconsin.
19. Members for 1857, 1858, 1859, with apportionment.

20. Senatorial Districts.
21. Congressional Districts.
22. State Officers for 1859.
23. Rules of the Assembly.
24. Joint Rules.
25. Senate Rules.
26. Index to the Rules.
27. Index to this Volume.

The compiler can lay no claim to originality. This volume is based upon the excellent "Clerk's Manual" of Richard W. Sherman, Esq., of Utica, New York, for many years the able Clerk of the Assembly of that State.

The thanks of the compiler are due to him, and to Messrs. Charles Moore, of Madison, John S. Dean, of Wiota, and George Burnside, of Wiota, for valuable assistance.

L. H. D. CRANE.

Madison, January 19th, 1859.

STATISTICAL LIST OF
MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

I.—STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS

Name.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age
Wm. P. Lyon, <i>Speaker</i>	Lawyer.....	New York.....	36
William Aldrich.....	Lumberman.....	New York.....	38
William Ballock.....	Farmer.....	Scotland.....	64
Luther Basford.....	Farmer.....	New Hampshire..	45
Jacob Beck.....	Farmer.....	France.....	42
Geo. W. Beckwith.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	44
Geo. Bennett.....	Merchant.....	Connecticut.....	45
Jesse Bennett.....	Physician.....	Pennsylvania.....	45
John C. Bishop.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	53
William W. Blackman.....	Physician.....	New York.....	36
Ira Blood.....	Farmer.....	New Hampshire..	47
Alvan E. Bovay.....	Working Republican.....	New York.....	40
John R. Bohan.....	Editor.....	Ireland.....	35
Geo. Broderick.....	Farmer.....	England.....	32
Elisha L. Carpenter.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	34
Warner C. Carr.....	Farmer.....	Rhode Island.....	62
Luther A. Cole.....	Miller.....	Vermont.....	46
Sylvester J. Conklin.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	28
Edward P. Conrick.....	Produce and lumber dealer.....	New York.....	49
Alexander J. Craig.....	Editor.....	New York.....	35
William S. Cross.....	Mariner.....	New York.....	40
Charles T. Deissner.....	Miller.....	Prussia.....	43
Richard Dewhurst.....	Lawyer.....	Massachusetts...	29
John P. Dickson.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	49
William Dixon.....	Farmer.....	England.....	50
James B. Dunn.....	Farmer.....	Ireland.....	48
Richard P. Eighme.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	36
Andrew E. Elmore.....	Merchant.....	New York.....	44
Thomas H. Eviston.....	Lumberman.....	Massachusetts...	33
William Fields, jr.....	Manufacturer.....	Connecticut.....	36
Moses S. Gibson, (contested by) Marcus W. McCracken..... }	Banker.....	New York.....	38
William M. Griswold.....	Merchant.....	New York.....	34
Edward Hasse.....	Farmer.....	Germany.....	57
Harrison C. Hobart.....	Lawyer.....	Massachusetts...	40
Daniel Hooper.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	53
Frederick W. Horn.....	Captain Cedarburg Rifles.....	Prussia.....	43
Franklin E. Hoyt.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	34
John O. Jones.....	Farmer.....	Wales.....	35
John Keenan.....	Farmer.....	Ireland.....	40
Charles J. Kern.....	Lawyer.....	Prussia.....	53
William P. King.....	Contractor.....	New Hampshire..	42
Cyrus S. Kneeland.....	Farmer.....	Maine.....	36
David W. Kyle.....	Lawyer.....	Virginia.....	34
John C. Lewis.....	Lumberman.....	New York.....	43

AND OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Years in Wisc'n	Post Office.	County.	Boarding House.	Politics.	No. of Miles trav'ld	Amount of mileage.
18	Racine	Racine	S. D. Hastings.....	Rep. ..	125	\$25 00
8	Two Rivers	Manitowoc	H. G. Bliss	Rep. ..	261	25 20
18	Yorkville	Racine	Mr. McGregor's.....	Rep. ..	115	23 00
22	Glen Haven.....	Grant	Mrs. Scribner's.....	Rep. ..	120	24 00
15	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Casper Meir's	Dem. ..	115	23 00
20	Omro	Winnebago	Judge Hood's	Rep. ..	200	40 00
22	Kenosha	Kenosha	Mrs. Bright's	Rep. ..	135	27 00
2	Fountain City	Buffalo	Mr. Scofield's	Rep. ..	210	42 00
5	Le Roy	Dodge	Madison House.....	Dem. ..	160	32 00
10	Stoughton.....	Dane	Madison House.....	Rep. ..	18	3 60
23	Mukwonago.....	Waukesha	Mrs. Lawrence's	Rep. ..	78	15 60
9	Ripon	Fond du Lac	Mr. Eggleston's.....	Rep. ..	181	36 20
18	Ozaukee	Ozaukee	Mrs. Halpin's.....	Dem. ..	130	26 00
10	Hazel Green	Grant	Mrs. Lawrence's	Dem. ..	182	36 40
11	Beloit	Rock	Mr. Folds'	Rep. ..	82	16 40
8	Crystal Lake.....	Waupaca	U. S. Hotel	Dem. ..	222	44 40
23	Watertown.....	Jefferson	Capitol House.....	Rep. ..	40	8 00
2	Waterloo	Jefferson	U. S. Hotel	Rep. ..	100	20 00
16	Delavan	Walworth.....	U. S. Hotel	Rep. ..	68	13 60
15	Palmyra	Jefferson	Gen. Atwood's	Rep. ..	58	11 60
20	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Capitol House	Rep. ..	100	20 00
16	Waukesha	Waukesha	Reinischer Hof	Dem. ..	82	16 40
8	Neilsville	Clark	Ezra Squires	Rep. ..	185	37 00
22	Janesville.....	Rock	Dr. Chittenden's.....	Rep. ..	48	9 60
5	Lone Rock.....	Richland	Mr. Scribner's.....	Rep. ..	62	12 40
10	Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc	American House	Dem. ..	241	48 20
8	Oshkosh	Winnebago	Capitol House	Dem. ..	200	40 00
19	Mukwonago.....	Waukesha	Judge Hood's	Dem. ..	76	15 20
13	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Mrs. Johnson's.....	Ind. ..	100	20 00
9	Depere	Brown	Judge Hood's	Dem. ..	250	50 00
14	Hudson.....	Saint Croix	American House.....	Rep. ..	500	100 00
5	Columbus	Columbia	Capitol House.....	Rep. ..	30	6 00
21	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Mrs. Halpin's	Dem. ..	100	20 00
12	Chilton	Calumet	U. S. Hotel	Dem. ..	200	40 00
10	Troy	Walworth.....	U. S. Hotel	Rep. ..	80	16 00
20	Cedarburg	Ozaukee	Mrs. Halpin's	Dem. ..	120	24 00
17	Rochester.....	Racine	U. S. Hotel	Dem. ..	105	21 00
13	Cambria	Columbia	Mrs. Bright's	Rep. ..	40	8 00
15	Fitchburgh.....	Dane	Dr. Chittenden's.....	Dem. ..	12	2 40
16	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Mrs. Halpin's	Dem. ..	100	20 00
14	Merton	Waukesha	Mrs. Johnson's.....	Dem. ..	100	20 00
16	Waupun	Dodge	Gen. Atwood's	Rep. ..	165	33 00
19	Shullsburg.....	La Fayette.....	U. S. Hotel	Dem. ..	150	30 00
13	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Capitol House.....	Rep. ..	185	37 00

I.—STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS AND

Name.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age
James Little.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	48
Stephen D. Littlefield.....	Farmer.....	Maine.....	28
John Lowth.....	Lawyer.....	Ireland.....	36
Waldo Lyon.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	48
Charles W. Marshall.....	Police Justice.....	Massachusetts.....	35
Silas C. Matteson.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	38
Marcus W. McCracken.....	Lawyer.....	Kentucky.....	32
William M. McGranahan.....	Blacksmith.....	Pennsylvania.....	40
James C. McKisson.....	Farmer.....	Pennsylvania.....	45
H. A. W. McNair.....	Farmer.....	North Carolina.....	36
Gardner C. Meigs.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	38
Lorenzo Merrill.....	Farmer.....	New Hampshire.....	40
Frederick Moscovitz.....	Farmer.....	Prussia.....	35
James S. Murphy.....	School Teacher.....	Wisconsin.....	25
Newton S. Murphy.....	Lawyer.....	Virginia.....	26
James B. Ormsby.....	Miller.....	Ohio.....	30
Harlow S. Orton.....	Capt. of the Dane Cavalry.....	New York.....	42
Edwin Palmer.....	Builder.....	Connecticut.....	54
Thomas Palmer.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	38
O. Hugo Petters.....	Farmer.....	Saxony.....	36
Albert H. Pierce.....	Farmer.....	Massachusetts.....	38
Joseph K. P. Porter.....	Farmer.....	Massachusetts.....	39
Reuben Rockwell.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	50
Eli O. Rudd.....	Farmer.....	Ohio.....	32
John D. Rush.....	Collecting Agent.....	Michigan.....	33
Parker Sawyer.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	40
William N. Shafter.....	Foundryman.....	Vermont.....	41
Matthias Simon.....	Lumberman.....	Germany.....	33
Adam Smith.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	42
Geo. B. Smith.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	34
Geo. C. Smith.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	34
Perry H. Smith.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	30
James W. Seaton.....	Merchant.....	New York.....	33
Gustave Streckewald.....	Gentleman.....	Germany.....	32
James A. Swain.....	Merchant.....	New Jersey.....	43
Jesse Thomas.....	Farmer.....	Ohio.....	48
John Toay.....	Mason.....	England.....	37
Thomas W. Tower.....	Merchant.....	Vermont.....	34
John Turner.....	Merchant.....	England.....	30
Gysbert Van Steenwyk.....	Land and Insurance Agent.....	Netherlands.....	43
Leonard S. Van Vliet.....	Farmer.....	Vermont.....	28
Edward Vincent.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	38
James Vollmar.....	Merchant.....	Austria.....	35
Ferdinand Wagner.....	Farmer.....	Prussia.....	31
Jesse Waldorf.....	Farmer.....	Ohio.....	47

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—*continued.*

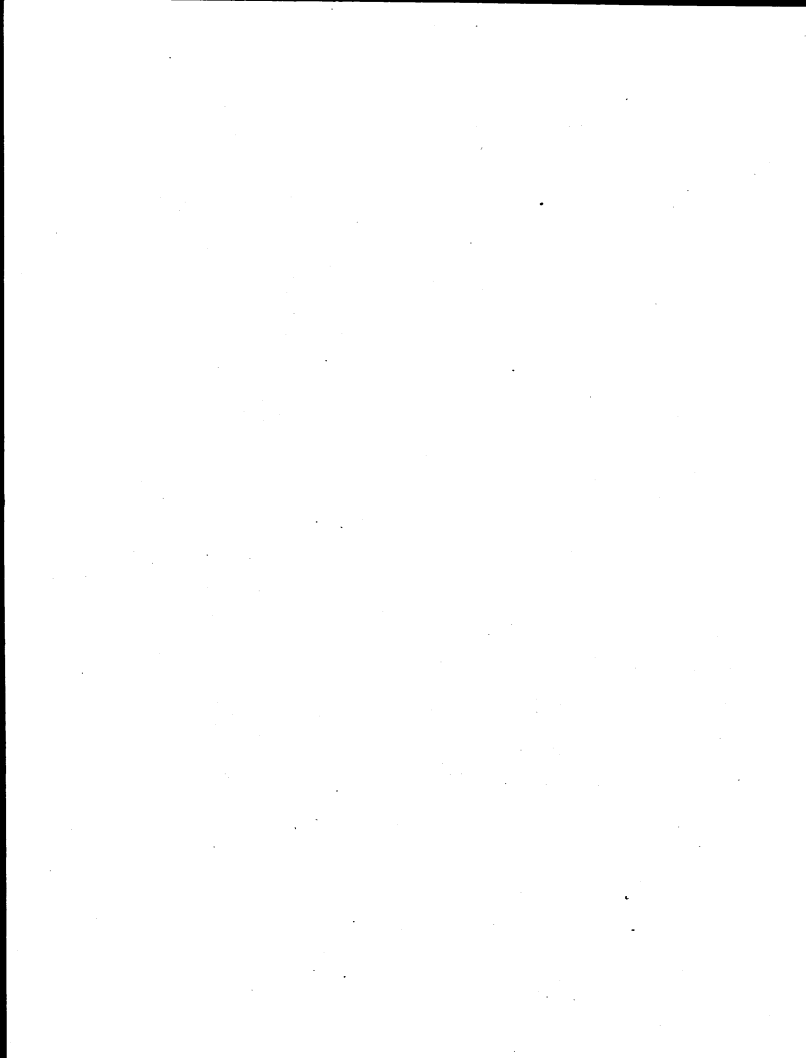
Years in Wisc'n	Post Office.	County.	Boarding Place.	Politics.	No. of Miles trav'ld	Amount of mileage.
13	Sheboygan Falls.	Sheboygan	Madison House....	Dem. ..	210	\$42 00
13	Sheboygan Falls.	Sheboygan	Madison House....	Dem. ..	221	44 20
16	Lowell.....	Dodge	T. Heeran's	Dem. ..	160	32 00
15	Hustisford.....	Dodge	Capital House.....	Rep. ..	64	12 80
4	La Crosse.....	La Crosse ..	American House....	Rep. ..	298	59 60
22	Waucousta.....	Fond du Lac	American House....	Rep. ..	145	39 00
4	Superior	Dougllass....	Capital House.....	Dem. ..	1100	222 00
16	Fayette	La Fayette..	Peter Parkison's...	Dem. ..	150	30 00
17	Wheatland.....	Kenosha....	U. S. Hotel.....	Rep. ..	105	21 00
17	Fennimore.....	Grant	Mr. Scribner's.....	Rep. ..	90	18 00
15	Arena	Iowa	Dr. Chittenden's...	Dem. ..	32	6 40
12	Burnett	Dodge	Amos Parker's	Rep. ..	160	32 00
23	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee ..	Mrs. Halpin's	Dem. ..	105	21 00
25	Benton	La Fayette..	P. Parkinson's.....	Dem. ..	187	39 40
4	Whitewater.....	Walworth....	Judge Hood's	Rep. ..	50	10 00
17	Oxford	Marquette ..	Dr Chittenden's...	Rep. ..	215	43 00
11	Madison	Dane	Home	Whig ..	.....	.....
14	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee ..	Mrs. Clark's	Rep. ..	100	20 00
13	Mayville.....	Dodge	Capital House.....	Dem. ..	150	30 00
10	Murone.....	Fond du Lac	Reinisher Hof	Dem. ..	203	40 60
22	Monticello.....	Green	American House....	Rep. ..	90	18 00
12	Cooksville.....	Rock	American House....	Rep. ..	23	4 60
16	Springfield.....	Walworth....	U. S. Hotel	Rep. ..	90	18 00
13	Reedsburg.....	Sauk	American House....	Rep. ..	57	11 40
10	Winnecoane ..	Winnebago ..	Capital House.....	Dem. ..	213	42 60
4	Summit.....	Waukesha ..	Mrs. Lawrence's...	Rep. ..	105	21 00
9	Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan ..	Capital House.....	Rep. ..	221	44 20
18	Anapee.....	Kewaunee ..	Denkleman's	Dem. ..	450	90 00
22	Burke	Dane	U. S. Hotel.....	Dem. ..	8	1 60
16	Madison	Dane	Home	Dem. ..	.....	.....
12	Oakland	Jefferson....	F. A. Scofield's ..	Rep. ..	27	5 40
10	Appleton.....	Outagamie ..	Capital House.....	Dem. ..	225	45 00
12	Potosi	Grant	Mrs. Skidmore's ..	Dem. ..	100	20 00
11	Hartford.....	Washington.	D. C. Jackson's....	Dem. ..	134	26 80
11	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee ..	Capital House.....	Rep. ..	100	20 00
12	Green Lake ..	Green Lake ..	Dr. Thayer's	Rep. ..	188	37 60
17	Mineral Point ..	Iowa	American House....	Rep. ..	60	12 00
4	Towerville.....	Crawford ..	Mr. Scribner's.....	Rep. ..	146	29 30
10	Mauston.....	Juneau	Capital House.....	Rep. ..	76	15 20
9	Kilbourn City ..	Columbia ..	Capital House.....	Rep. ..	60	12 00
19	Caledonia Centre	Racine	U. S. Hotel.....	Rep. ..	135	27 00
13	Milton	Rock	Joseph Crandall's..	Rep. ..	36	7 20
10	West Bend.....	Washington	Mrs. Wilson's	Dem. ..	138	27 60
14	Watertown.....	Jefferson ..	Mr. Smith's	Dem. ..	50	10 00
19	Platteville.....	Grant	Mr. Scribner's....	Rep. ..	100	20 00

I.—STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS

Name.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age
Joseph Walter.....	Manufacturer	Germany	40
Chester N. Waterbury.....	Merchant	New York	32
Edmund A. West.....	Lawyer.....	Ohio	35
Nelson Wheeler.....	Farmer.....	New York	48
William E. Wheeler.....	Lumberman	Vermont.....	36
Charles White.....	Farmer.....	New York	34
Warren Whiting.....	Minister.....	Massachusetts...	42
James S. Young.....	Lumberman	New York	38
Philip Zimmerman.....	Farmer.....	Germany	45
OFFICERS.			
<i>Chief Clerk</i> —L. H. D. Crane...	Lawyer.....	New York	32
<i>Assistant Clerk</i> —John S. Dean...	Lumber dealer.....	Massachusetts...	32
<i>Engrossing Clk</i> —Geo. Burnside	Printer	Pennsylvania...	31
<i>Enrolling Clk</i> —Geo. W. Stoner	Real Estate and Ins. Agent	Ohio	20
<i>Transcribing Clerk</i> —Oliver } Gibbs, jr..... }	{ Printer, County Clerk, } { and Land Agent... }	Vermont.....	26
<i>Sergeant-at-Arms</i> —Emanuel } Munk	Physician.....	Prussia	52
<i>Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms</i> } —Joseph Gates..... }	Farmer	England	42
<i>Postmaster</i> —Sewall W. Smith..	Editor	New York	35
<i>Assistant P. M.</i> —Cyrus Fertig.	Barber	Germany	24
<i>Doorkeeper</i> —G. W. Munderloh.	Merchant's Clerk.....	Saxe Weimar...	38
<i>Ass't Doorkeeper</i> —Wm. Adams	Farmer	New York	38
<i>Fireman</i> —F. Brown.....	Laborer.....	Norway	21
“ N. L. Andrews.....	.....	Massachusetts...	32
<i>Messenger</i> —Carlton C. Hart ..	.....	Ohio	16
“ Cyrus Lanyon.....	.....	England	19
“ John Ford.....	.....	New York	12
“ W. Howard Aldrich.....	.....	Michigan	12
“ Edward Livingston.....	.....	New York	16
“ Samuel Fernandez..	.....	Ohio	15

AND OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—*continued.*

Years in Wisc'n	Post Office.	County.	Boarding House.	Politics.	No. of Miles trav'ld	Amount of mileage.
19	Milwaukee	Milwaukee .	Mrs. Halpin's	Dem. . .	100	\$20 00
8	Roxbury	Dane	Dr. Chittenden's...	Dem. . .	26	5 20
6	Monroe	Green	Gen. Atwood's.....	Rep. . .	83	16 60
5	Humboldt	Sauk	Mr. Koch's.....	Rep. . .	65	13 00
6	Beloit	Rock	Gen. Atwood's.....	Rep. . .	72	14 40
14	Caloma	Waushara ..	Dr. Chittenden's...	Rep. . .	237	47 40
13	Ladoga	Fond du Lac	J. G. Knapp's.....	Rep. . .	175	35 00
18	Stevens' Point...	Portage ..	Judge Hood's.....	Dem. . .	250	50 00
18	Staatsville.....	Washington..	L. Nolten's.....	Dem. . .	118	23 60
6	Ripon	Fond du Lac	N. W. Dean's.....	.....	.....	.....
4	Wiota	La Fayette..	N. W. Dean's.....	.....	.....	.....
10	Oshkosh	Winnebago .	Mrs. Willett's.....	.....	.....	.....
22	Prairie du Chien.	Crawford ...	John Stoner's.....	.....	.....	.....
4	Prescott	Pierce	Gen. Atwood's.....	.....	.....	.....
11	Milwaukee	Milwaukee ..	American House...	.....	.....	.....
19	Geneva	Walworth ..	U. S. Hotel.....	.....	.....	.....
8	Manitowoc	Manitowoc ..	American House...	.....	.....	.....
16	Milwaukee	Milwaukee ..	Wisconsin House ..	.....	.....	.....
3	Madison	Dane	Home .....	.....	.....	.....
19	Wheatland.....	Kenosha.....	U. S. Hotel.....	.....	.....	.....
4	Madison	Dane	Mrs. Nelson's.....	.....	.....	.....
5	Christiana	Dane	Madison House ..	.....	.....	.....
4	Bloomfield	Walworth...	Mrs. Clark's.....	.....	.....	.....
18	Mineral Point ..	Iowa	American House...	.....	.....	.....
.....	Madison	Dane	Home .....	.....	.....	.....
.....	Two Rivers.....	Manitowoc ..	H. G. Bliss' .....	.....	.....	50 00
.....	Milwaukee	Milwaukee ..	Mr. Scribner's ..	.....	.....	.....
3	Madison	Dane	Home .....	.....	.....	.....



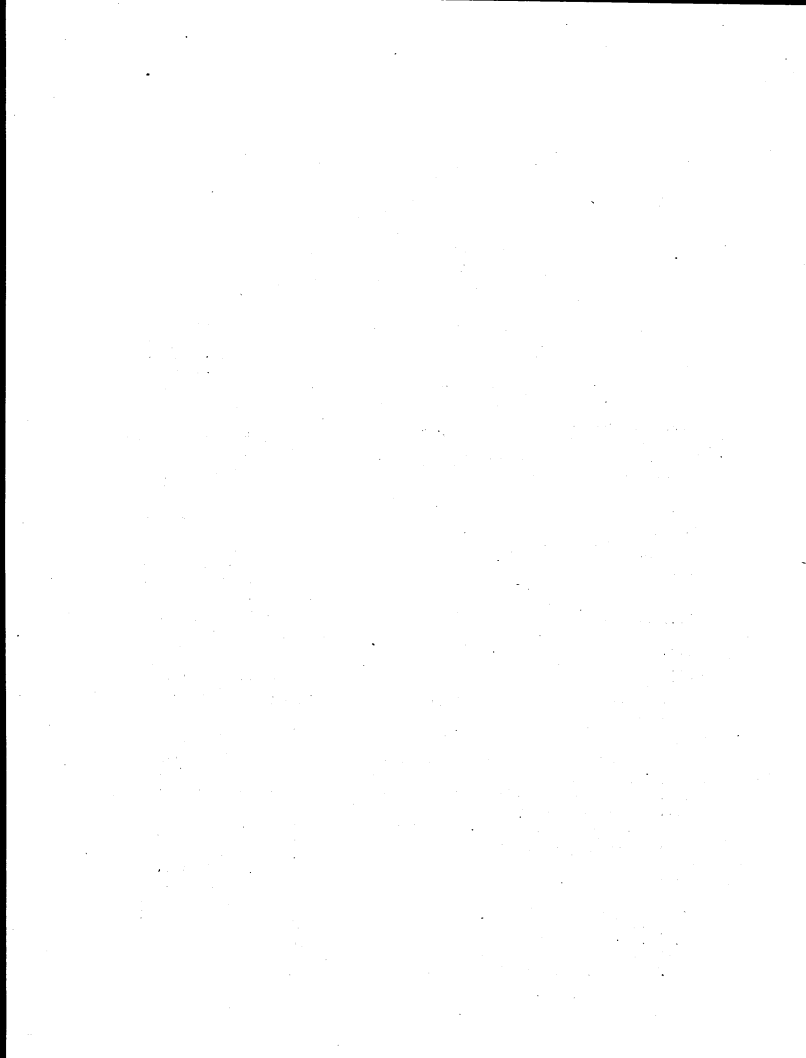
STATISTICAL LIST OF
MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE,

II.—STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS

District.	NAMES OF SENATORS.	Age	Occupation.	Nativity.
1	R. H. Hotchkiss	39	Miller	New York
2	M. L. Martin	53	.....	New York
3	Lion Silverman	40	Commis'er & Forwarder	Germany
4	Densmore W. Maxon	38	Farmer	New York
5	Cicero Comstock	42	.....	Ohio
6	P. Walsh	28	Farmer	Ireland
7	Nicholas D. Fratt	34	Farmer	New York
8	Samuel R. McClellan	52	Farmer and Physician..	Massachusetts
9	H. W. Curtis	42	Fanning mill builder..	New York
10	D. Worthington	52	Farmer	Connecticut
11	W. R. Taylor	38	Farmer	Connecticut
12	John W. Boyd	47	Farmer	New York
13	P. B. Simpson	37	Lawyer	Ohio
14	William Chappell	45	Merchant	Connecticut
15	Charles G. Rodolf	40	Merchant	Switzerland
16	N. H. Virgin	46	Miller	Pennsylvania..
17	Z. P. Burdick	52	Farmer	New York
18	A. I. Bennett	51	Farmer and Physician..	New York
19	Samuel H. Thurber	32	Hardware Merchant..	New York
20	E. Pier	51	Farmer	Vermont
21	G. W. Washburn	35	Lawyer	Maine
22	William E. Smith	34	Merchant	Scotland
23	E. D. Masters	43	Sailor	New York
24	J. W. Warren	33	Physician	New York
25	Moses M. Davis	38	Physician	Vermont
26	Andrew Proudfit	38	Farmer	New York
27	Luther Hanchet	33	Lawyer	Ohio
28	Daniel Mears	39	Lumberman	Massachusetts
29	M. N. Seely	43	Lawyer	New York
30	W. H. Tucker	33	Lawyer	Virginia
NAMES OF OFFICERS.				
	<i>Lt. Governor</i> —E. D. Campbell... 46	Land Agent	Connecticut	
	<i>Chief Clerk</i> —Hiram Bowen	43	Editor	Massachusetts..
	<i>Ass't Clerk</i> —C. M. Cook	31	Dentist	New York
	<i>Engrossing Clerk</i> —A. M. Thomson	37	Farmer	Pennsylvania..
	<i>Transcribing C'k</i> —G. M. O'Brien	30	Civil Engineer	Ireland
	<i>Enrolling Clerk</i> —C. T. Overton..	48	Surveyor and Engineer.	New York
	<i>Sergeant-at-Arms</i> —Asa Kinney ..	49	Farmer	New York
	<i>Ass't Serg't-at-Arms</i> —Jacob Low	49	Farmer	New York
	<i>Postmaster</i> —E. G. Garner	35	Farmer	New York
	<i>P. O. Messenger</i> —Garrit Mahony	22	Farmer	Massachusetts
	<i>Doorkeeper</i> —D. C. Shelden	48	Farmer	New York
	<i>Messenger</i> —Wm. W. Worthington	15	Student	New York
	<i>Messenger</i> —Dwight Allen	16	Student	New York

AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

P. O. Address.	County.	Years in State.	Years in Legislature	Boarding Place.	Politics.
Plymouth	Sheboygan	22	2	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
Green Bay	Brown	32	12	Capitol House.....	Dem....
Ozaukee	Ozaukee	12	1	James Halpin's.....	Dem....
Cedar Creek	Washington.....	16	3	Capitol House.....	Dem....
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	14	1	Capitol House.....	Rep....
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	18	2	Mrs. Johnson's.....	Dem....
Racine	Racine	15	1	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
Wilmot	Kenosha	13	2	E. G. Garner's.....	Rep....
Delton	Sauk	6	1	Mrs. Willet's.....	Rep....
Summit.....	Waukesha	11	6	Miss Bright's.....	Rep....
Cottage Grove.....	Dane	10	1	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
Geneva	Walworth.....	15	5	S. D. Hastings'.....	Rep....
Shullsburg.....	La Fayette.....	15	4	United States Hotel..	Dem....
Watertown.....	Jefferson.....	14	5	Capitol House.....	Dem....
Orien	Richland.....	24	2	United States Hotel..	Dem....
Platteville.....	Grant	24	6	Knapp's	Rep....
Janesville.....	Rock	9	2	Dr. Chittenden's.....	Rep....
Beloit	Rock	6	2	Dr. Chittenden's.....	Rep....
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	3	2	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	25	4	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	11	1	Capitol House.....	Dem....
Fox Lake.....	Dodge	10	3	Capitol House.....	Rep....
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	24	1	Scofield's	Rep....
Albany	Green	21	2	American House.....	Rep....
Portage City.....	Columbia.....	4	4	Mrs. Bright's.....	Rep....
Madison	Dane	17	1	Home	Dem....
Stanton.....	Portage.....	9	3	United States Hotel..	Rep....
Osceola Mills.....	Polk	11	2	S. H. Donnel.....	Dem....
Marquette.....	Green Lake.....	10	1	Brownell's	Rep....
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	5	2	Thomas Hood's.....	Dem....
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	4	....	United States Hotel..	Dem....
Janesville.....	Rock	9	....	American House.....	Rep....
Madison	Dane	8	....	Home	Rep....
Hartford.....	Washington.....	10	....	Knapp's	Rep....
Monroe	Green	10	....	Knapp's	Rep....
Platteville.....	Grant	16	....	Knapp's	Rep....
Ripon	Green Lake.....	23	....	Mrs. Willet's.....	Rep....
Lowville.....	Columbia.....	16	....	Mrs. Willet's.....	Rep....
Madison	Dane	14	....	Home	Rep....
Clyman.....	Dodge	17	....	Donovan's	Rep....
Reedsburgh.....	Sauk	12	....	Cox's.....	Rep....
Summit.....	Waukesha.....	11	....	Mrs. Bright's.....	....
Geneva.....	Walworth.....	6	....	Mrs. Clarke's.....	....



III.—STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

On the Judiciary.

Messrs. N. S. Murphy, Orton, Bovay, Hobart and West.

On Ways and Means.

Messrs. Sawyer, Rockwell, White, Moscovitz and Zimmerman.

On Education, and School and University Lands.

Messrs. Craig, Van Steenwyk, Meigs, Blackman and Eighme.

On Incorporations.

Messrs. Dewhurst, W. Lyon, Vincent, Eviston and King.

On Rail Roads.

Messrs. W. E. Wheeler, Merrill, Cross, P. H. Smith, Van Steenwyk, G. B. Smith, McKisson, Rudd and Kyle.

On Internal Improvements.

Messrs. Waldorf, Beckwith, Deissner, Tower and Rush.

On Roads, Bridges and Ferries.

Messrs. Cole, Hooper, Thomas, Streckewald and McGranahan.

On Town and County Organization.

Messrs. J. P. Dixon, Turner, Hobart, Young and Ormsby.

On the Militia.

Messrs. McKisson, Horn, Orton, West and Aldrich.

On Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. Conklin, Porter, McNair, Walter and Dunn.

On Agriculture and Manufactures.

Messrs. Rockwell, N. Wheeler, Pierce, Balloch and T. Palmer.

On Expiration and Re-enactment of Laws.

Messrs. Matteson, Kern, Jones, Basford and Lowth.

On Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. Swain, Blood, W. Dixon, Littlefield and Waterbury.

On State Affairs.

Messrs. Aldrich, Sawyer, Cole, Kyle and G. B. Smith.

On Contingent Expenditures.

Messrs. White, Lewis, Beckwith, Broderick and Hoyt.

On Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. Carpenter, Conklin, Whiting, J. Murphy and Bishop.

On Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. Van Vliet, Matteson, Rush, Ormsby and Kern.

On State Lands.

Messrs. Shafter, Kneeland, McCracken, Hasse and Keenan.

On Mining and Smelting.

Messrs. Kyle, Basford, Toay, T. Palmer and McGranahan.

On Charitable and Religious Societies.

Messrs. Toay, Whiting, Conrick, Little and Wagner.

On State Prison.

Messrs. E. Palmer, Elmore, W. Dixon, Hoyt and Dewhurst.

On Medical Societies and Medical Colleges.

Messrs. J. Bennett, Blackman, Bohan, J. P. Dixon and Blood.

On Banks and Banking.

Messrs. Griswold, Conrick, Horn, W. E. Wheeler and Beck.

On Federal Relations.

Messrs. Bovay, Griswold, Fields, N. S. Murphy and Vollmar.

On Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

Messrs. Tower, Marshal, Carr, Van Vliet and Simon.

Joint Committee on Claims.

Messrs. G. C. Smith, Swain, J. Bennett, Field and A. Smith.

Joint Committee for Investigation.

Messrs. Marshal and G. Bennett.

Joint Committee on Printing.

Messrs. Turner, Seaton and Shafter.

IV.—STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

On the Judiciary.

Senators Hanchett, Martin, Seeley, Simpson and Washburn.

On Finance.

Senators Bennett, Rodolf and Warren.

On Education, School and University Lands.

Senators Smith, Tucker and Davis.

On Incorporations.

Senators Boyd, Thurber and Hanchett.

On Claims.

Senators Pier, Maxon and Boyd.

On Internal Improvements.

Senators Seeley, Silverman and McClellan.

On Roads, Bridges and Ferries.

Senators Simpson, Rodolf and Washburn.

On Town and County Organization.

Senators Virgin. Mears and Curtis.

On Militia.

Senators Walsh, Boyd and Burdick.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senators Maxon, Masters and Seeley.

On Agriculture and Manufactures.

Senators Burdick, Taylor and Masters.

On Legislative Expenditures.

Senators Washburn, Fratt and Virgin.

On State Affairs.

Senators Davis, Proudfit and Warren.

On Public Printing.

Senators Masters, Hotchkiss and Bennett.

On Banks and Banking.

Senators Worthington, Proudfit and Comstock.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senators Comstock, Thurber and Walsh.

On Contingent Expenditures.

Senators Curtis, Hotchkiss and Burdick.

On Public Lands.

Senators Warren, Fratt and Masters.

On Enrolled Bills.

Senators Smith, Tucker and Warren.

On State Prison.

Senators Seeley, Silverman and Smith.

On Rail Roads.

Senators McClellan, Comstock, Masters, Mears and Hanchett.

On the Joint Committee of Investigation.

Senator Davis.

V.—ORGANIZATION.

The Assembly convenes at 12 o'clock, M., on the second Wednesday in January in each year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen, unless it happens that the Clerk is politically opposed to the majority of the Assembly, when sometimes a Speaker *pro tempore* is selected, in which case the Clerk acts only as Clerk until his successor is elected.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the Clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, generally,—the delegation of each county by itself,—and subscribe the oath of office.

The oath of office is then administered to the members elect. It may be administered by the Speaker, the President of the Senate, the Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, or any of the Judges of the Supreme Court. It has been administered in this State, usually, by one of the Judges. Members coming in after the first day of the session are sworn in by the Speaker.

In the absence of contest, the certificate of the Secretary of State is sufficient to entitle a member elect to his seat, without certificate from the county canvassing officer.

After all are sworn, the roll is called, when, if a quorum is found present, the Clerk declares the House to be qualified and competent to proceed to business.

If the parties in the Assembly have determined their choice for officers, the election proceeds forthwith; if not, an adjournment is had until the next day.

The election for Speaker, Clerk, and Sergeant-at-Arms, is required to be by *viva voce*, and these are the only offices which the Assembly can fill.

The roll is called, and each member announces audibly the name of the candidate of his choice.

The Clerk announces the result, and names a committee to conduct the Speaker elect to the chair; he acknowledges the honor in a short speech; and the other elections proceed in the same manner, except that when the result is announced by the Speaker, the officer elect advances to the Clerk's desk and is sworn in by the Speaker.

A committee is then appointed to wait on the Senate, and inform them that the Assembly is organized; or the Clerk is directed by resolution to inform them of that fact.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him.

The Senate and Assembly have usually assembled in joint convention, in the Assembly chamber, upon some day and hour suggested by the Governor, during the first week of the session, to hear his annual message.

The message has been read sometimes by the Governor himself, sometimes by his Private Secretary, and sometimes by the Clerk of one of the Houses.

At the first opportunity after the hearing of the message, it is considered in committee of the whole, and the various recommendations therein referred to appropriate standing committees, or to select committees.

Standing committees are appointed by the Speaker at as early a day in the session as is possible. They consist of five members to each committee, except that on railroads, which consists of nine members, and the joint standing committee on printing, which consists of three, and the joint standing committee for investigation, which consists of two members.

VI.—DRAWING OF SEATS.

This custom has commenced with the present session, 1859.

The method pursued was as follows :—

The members left their seats, and took places in the open area behind the seats.

The Clerk having placed slips in a hat containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger drew them therefrom.

The Clerk announced each name as it was drawn, and the member named selected his seat, and occupied it until the drawing was completed.

An improvement upon this, would be, for each member to withdraw to the lobby, instead of the area, and for a committee of members to examine the slips before they are drawn, in order to prevent mistakes and omissions.

VII.—COMPENSATION.

“Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services, two dollars and fifty cents for each day’s attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.”—*Cons.*, art. 4, sec. 21.

“The Speaker of the Assembly shall be entitled to receive for every day’s attendance during the session of the Assembly, two dollars and fifty cents in addition to his *per diem* as a member of the Assembly.”—*R. S.*, page 120, sec. 10.

It is customary to pay the mileage of members both ways, at the commencement of the session, upon the certificate of the Speaker and Clerk, as to the proper sum to which each member is entitled.

During the session of 1858, members received their *per diem* certificates from the Clerk, every ten days. This course was found preferable, on many accounts, to the former method of drawing certificates only when demanded by members, and it is recommended for future observance.

During the sessions of 1854, 1855 and 1856, the compensation of the Chief Clerk was \$1,600, out of which he was required to pay the entire clerical force, and index the journals.

Since that time the clerks have received a *per diem* as follows:

Chief Clerk	\$6,00
Assistant Clerk.....	5,00
Other Clerks.....	4,00

In addition to duties during the session, the Chief Clerk is required to perform various duties after the adjournment, and previous to the commencement of the Assembly, for the first of which \$150 00 has, of late years, been the usual appropriation, and for the other duties, \$50 00, or \$75 00 has been the customary allowance.

The following table will show the officers employed in the department of the Sergeant-at-arms, and their rates of compensation *per diem*, for the last four years:

NAME OF OFFICER.	1855	1856	1857	1858
Sergeant-at-arms.....	\$3 00	\$3 00	\$5 00	\$5 00
Ass't....do.....	2 50	2 50	4 00	4 00
..do....do.....	.....	2 50	.....	3 00
..do....do.....	.....	.....	.....	3 00
Postmaster.....	3 00	2 50	4 00	4 00
Assistant Postmaster.....	.....	2 50	3 50	3 50
....do....do.....	.....	2 50	.....	.....
Doorkeeper.....	2 50	2 50	3 00	3 00
Assistant Doorkeeper..	2 50	2 50	3 00	3 00
....do....do.....	.....	2 50	.....	.....
Fireman.....	2 50	2 50	3 00	3 00
....do.....	2 50	2 50	3 00	3 00
....do.....	.....	2 50	.....	3 00
Messenger.....	1 50	2 50	2 00	2 00
....do.....	1 50	2 50	2 00	2 00
....do.....	.....	2 50	2 00	2 00
....do.....	.....	2 50	2 00	2 00
....do.....	.....	.....	2 00	2 00
....do.....	.....	.....	2 00	2 00
Total <i>per diem</i>	\$21 50	\$40 50	\$40 50	\$49 50

Extra compensation is sometimes granted by the Legislature, to such officers as have performed unusually arduous duties.

The compensation for officers for the session of 1859, has not yet been determined on by the Assembly.

VIII.—DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

CHIEF CLERK.—This officer, before entering upon his duties, must take the oath of office, and execute a bond, running to the Treasurer of the State of Wisconsin, in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, with two sureties, who shall severally testify that they are worth the sum of five thousand dollars, over and above all debts and liabilities; and conditioned that he shall faithfully and honestly perform all the duties required by chapter 110 of the Session Laws of 1853, or any other law of the State relating to said office, without fraud or delay.

The bond must be approved by the Speaker, and filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

It is his duty to prepare and furnish to the Public Printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings, and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed; to officiate in person at the reading desk; to keep the pay accounts of members and officers, and issue his certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the Assembly to the Senate; to sign subpoenas; he can "permit no records nor papers belonging to the Assembly to be taken out of his custody otherwise than in the regular course of business;" and "shall report any missing papers to the notice of the Speaker;" and generally, under the supervision of the Speaker, to manage the internal machinery of the Assembly.

It is his duty to prepare an index to the Journal at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a Speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until his successor is chosen and qualified.

He is by law responsible for the conduct of his subordinates, for the safe keeping of all bills and other documents in possession of the Assembly, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and is required, at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in his possession as Chief Clerk, properly classified and labelled, with the Secretary of State.

He must systematize the labor of his department, and carefully arrange and classify the business of the House.

THE ASSISTANT CLERK.—Is the Deputy of the Chief Clerk, performing his duties when absent from illness or any other cause, and

usually charged specially with the keeping of the books, or the making up of the Journal.

THE TRANSCRIBING CLERK—Copies the record of the proceedings of the Assembly into a book prepared for that purpose. His duties usually extend beyond the session, and it is customary to make to him a special allowance for such duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK—Copies all bills of the Assembly which are passed to a third reading. This rule, however, is not always strictly adhered to. The object of engrossment is mainly to ensure the proper placing and security of amendments adopted on the second reading. In cases, therefore, where a bill is legibly written, and passes to a third reading without amendment, it is unnecessary to have it engrossed.

THE ENROLLING CLERK—Is charged with the duty of making clear, legible copies of all Assembly bills which are concurred in by the Senate. The enrolling is done upon paper procured for that purpose, of uniform size and appearance, and with sufficient margin to allow of binding for preservation.

In addition to these duties, the several clerks are to make themselves useful in any branch of the clerical department, under direction of the Chief Clerk, whenever it becomes necessary, and they are in all cases to notify him of any interference by members or others with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their official possession, without leave of the Chief Clerk. They are to maintain a courteous and gentlemanly demeanor to all, and are not, *under any circumstances*, to interfere with legislation.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is the executive officer of the House. He has charge of the post office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He receives and receipts for all printed matter ordered by the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chamber, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered, or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the post office or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto. He is to organize his department with such system, that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly, and courteously. He is

required to keep the Assembly Chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

THE POSTMASTER—Attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Assembly post office, in which his mail matter is deposited; and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison post office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the post office) a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the post office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto, except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

THE ASSISTANT POSTMASTER—Brings the mail to and from the Madison post office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

THE DOORKEEPER—Attends at the door; opens and closes it for the entry or exit of all persons; maintains order in the lobby and vestibule; sees that visitors are seated, and that the regulations of the House, in his department, are strictly enforced. For the proper discharge of this office, both patience, courtesy and firmness are required.

THE ASSISTANT DOORKEEPERS—Each at their respective stations, are to discharge the same duties as the principal doorkeeper.

They must be in attendance as well during the recesses as the sessions of the Assembly, to keep out intruders, and maintain order.

THE FIREMEN—Attend to the warming and ventilation of the Assembly Chamber, and, under direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, make themselves generally useful.

The Postmasters, Doorkeepers and Firemen are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him. He is to see that they perform their duties faithfully.

THE MESSENGERS—Are appointed by the Speaker. They must

be present during every session, and two of them, in rotation, must be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day, whether the Assembly is in session or not. They have a certain number of members each, whose wants they are to attend to. They receive the Journal and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member. They are not at liberty to leave the Assembly Chamber during the morning hour, except upon leave of the Speaker or Clerk. They will bring all bills, resolutions, &c. from the several members to the Clerk, when presented; they will fold newspapers, run on errands, and make themselves generally useful.

IX.—STATIONERY.

The Superintendent of Public Property furnishes to each member of the Assembly, and to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms, an uniform outfit of Stationery, comprising foolscap, letter and note paper, envelopes, a gold pen and case, a pocket pencil, a good pen holder and several common pen holders, a box of steel pens, an inkstand, a mucilage bottle, an eraser, a pocket knife, a ruler, &c. &c. &c., for which a receipt must be given.

Whatever else a member or officer desires, must be ordered in writing of the Superintendent, who charges the order to the person making it and reports the same, when required, either to the Governor or the Legislature.

X.—NEWSPAPERS.

Each Assembly provides newspapers in such quantity as is deemed desirable. They are ordered by resolution. At the Session of 1858 newspapers were ordered for members and principal officers, at the rate of seven dailies or forty-nine weeklies, for each

one. The order of each member was filed with the Clerk, in the following form:

To the Clerk of the Assembly:

I have ordered the following newspapers:

Madison State Journal.....Daily.....one copy.....	7
Milwaukee Sentinel.....do.....two do.....	14
Argus & Democrat.....do.....one do.....	7
Patriot.....do.....one do.....	7
New York Tribune.....Tri-Weekly.....one do.....	3
Washington Union.....Weekly.....one do.....	1
National Era.....do.....one do.....	1
Wisconsin.....Daily.....one do.....	7
Western Times.....Weekly.....one do.....	1
Volks Democrat.....do.....one do.....	1
Janesville Gazette.....Daily.....one do.....	7
Total.....	49

A. B,
Member of Assembly."

Newspapers published out of the State are obtained of the news-dealers in Madison, who, as well as publishers in the State, present their accounts to the Secretary of State, who audits them, under a law authorizing such auditing, which is always passed when news papers are so ordered by the Assembly.

XI.—PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

The Superintendent distributes through the Assembly Post master, two or three copies of all reports and other public documents printed by the State, to each member and officer. If any member desires more copies, they can be had by application to the Superintendent.

XII.—POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

The Assembly post office is in charge of a Postmaster appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms. Each member has a separate box; and all mail matter deposited with the Postmaster is sent to the Madison Post Office by the Post Office Messenger at regular hours, corresponding with the hours of closing the mails at the Madison office.

It is the custom for members to pre-pay all their mail matter, with postage stamps, which the Assembly orders from time to time by resolution from the Superintendent.

XIII.—PROCESS OF PASSING BILLS.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in Wisconsin is as follows:

A member, having prepared a bill, and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name, upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is in order, and says:

“Mr. Speaker:”

If recognized, the speaker responds:

“The gentleman from ——.”

The member announces:

“I ask leave to introduce a bill.”

The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill, and the Speaker announces:

“First reading of the bill.”

If no objection is made, the Clerk reads the bill at length, if it is a bill appropriating money; if not, by its title only; when the Speaker announces:

“Second reading of the bill.”

And refers the same to some standing committee, suggested by the member, or, if desired, to a select committee, or to the gener-

al file; or, as is usual, the Speaker, of his own motion, makes the reference to such committee as seems to him appropriate.

The bill is, in due course, reported back to the Assembly, by the committee, when it is placed in what is called the general file.

Bills in the general file are considered in committee of the whole in the exact order in which they are placed upon the file. Proceedings in committee of the whole will be elsewhere considered.

After the committee of the whole has completed its action upon any bill, and reported the same back to the Assembly, and any amendments recommended by the committee passed upon, it is taken up in its order, when the Speaker puts the following question: "Shall this bill be engrossed, and read a third time?"

If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk, for engrossment. Upon its return, engrossed, the original and engrossed bills are placed in the hands of the *committee on engrossed bills*, who compare them, and correct any errors which they may find. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House, as correctly engrossed, when the original is filed by the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading."

When, under that order of business, the bill is reached, the bill (unless it appropriates money) is read by its title, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?"

If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate, with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and desiring the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Going through with a similar process in the Senate, it is returned with a message announcing their action upon it.

If the Senate concurs, the bill is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a fair copy thereof as is elsewhere described. When enrolled, it goes to the *Committee on Enrolled Bills*, who compare it with the engrossed bill; when found or made correct, they report both to the Assembly as correctly enrolled; the engrossed bill is filed by the Chief Clerk; the enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, (for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it,) then it is signed by the Speaker, and taken with a message to the Senate, desiring

the signature of the President of the Senate thereto. The committees on enrolled bills of the two houses, acting jointly, then present the bill, duly signed, to the Governor, for his approval, and report that fact to the House. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated, of that fact, and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all its stages, until it becomes a law. A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority and minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary appliances, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills, coming into the Assembly after passing the Senate, are read twice, by title, [unless they appropriate money, when they must be read at length,] and go at once into the general file.

After consideration in Committee of the Whole, the recommendation of the Committee is acted upon in the Assembly—the question being, after amendments are disposed of,

“Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?”

If this is decided affirmatively, the bill passes into the order of “Bills on third reading;” and when reached in that order, the question is,

“Shall this bill be concurred in?”

If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate, with a message, informing it of that fact.

If it is desired to hasten the passage of the bill, it is done by motion, as follows:

“I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate passage of Bill No.—, Assembly, entitled “A Bill for an Act to——.”

If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the member who desires the immediate passage of the bill may at once move that the bill do pass; and if passed, it may go at once to the Senate.

XIV.—COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The Committee of the Whole is an expedient to simplify the business of the Assembly. No record is made of its proceedings, and it has no officers, except of its own creation for temporary purposes. It is liable to instant dissolution in case of disorder, when the Speaker takes the chair to suppress it,—in case of lack of a quorum when the Speaker takes the chair for a call of the house or an adjournment—and in case of a message from the Senate or Governor, when the Speaker takes the chair to receive it.

The House may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, upon some particular bill, resolution or subject, or it may go into Committee of the Whole upon the General File of bills. In the first case, the motion is,

That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon [Bill No. — A, a bill for an act —] [*or*, Joint Resolution No. — A, providing for — &c.,] [*or*, upon all bills relating to —] *as the case may be.*

In the second case it is,

That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon the General File of bills.

Bills, resolutions, and general matters which have been once considered in Committee of the Whole, and in which progress has been made and leave granted for further consideration, have the preference. The motion for the Committee of the Whole for their further consideration must be made under the head of “Bills in which a Committee of the Whole has made progress and obtained leave to sit again.”

The motion for the Committee of Whole upon the General File, must be made under the order of “Bills not yet considered in Committee of the Whole.”

When the Assembly resolves itself into a Committee of the Whole, the Speaker selects a Chairman, as follows :

The gentleman from ———, Mr. ———, will take the chair.

The appointed Chairman advances to the Speaker's Desk, and having taken the chair, receives from the Clerk the papers called for by the motion for the Committee, when the Chairman announces,

GENTLEMEN:—The Committee have under consideration Bill No. — A, entitled ——— (*reading the title from the back of the bill.*) [*Or in case of consideration of the General File, The Committee have under consideration the General File of bills: the first in order is Bill No. — A, entitled ———.*]

The first section is as follows:

The Chairman then reads the first section, and asks—

Are there any amendments proposed to the first section?

If none are offered, the Chairman says:

No amendments being offered to the first section, the second section will be read.

This process is continued through the whole bill, when, at close of the reading the Chairman says:

The —th section and the whole bill have now been read, and are open to amendment.

At this point, after the friends of the bill have perfected it, it is customary for the opponents of the bill to open their attack.

After the discussion of the bill, to such extent as may be desired—the final vote is generally upon a motion

That the bill be reported back to the house with a recommendation that it do pass.

If any other bills are before the Committee they are proceeded with in the same manner. If it is desired to have further consideration of any matter before the Committee, or if the General File has not been gone through with, the motion is,

That the Committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again.

If the Committee has completed its duties, the motion is,
That the Committee rise, and report.

Which being analagous to a motion to adjourn, is not debateable.
The Chairman states the motion, as follows :

It is moved that the Committee do now rise and report [*or otherwise, as the case may be.*]

Is the Committee ready for the question ?

GENTLEMEN:—Those who are of opinion that this Committee do now [rise and report,] say Aye; those of contrary opinion, say No.

In case of doubt a division must be had, as the ayes and noes cannot be called in Committee of the Whole.

When the Committee rises, the Speaker resumes his seat, and the Chairman, in his place on the floor, reports as follows :

Mr. Speaker.

The Speaker answers,

Mr. Chairman.

Who replies—

The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration bill No. — A, entitled ———, and have instructed me to report the same to the House, with the recommendation that *it do pass* [*or, as the case may be.*]

When the General File has been under consideration, the report is as follows :

The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the General File of bills, and gone through the same, and have directed me to report to the house the bills contained therein, with sundry amendments and recommendations, as follows, to wit:

[*Here follow the titles of bills considered, with the action taken upon them.*]

In case the File has been left unfinished, the report is—

The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the General File of bills, and have made some progress therein. I am directed to report back the following bills, with the amendments and recommendations hereinafter specified, and ask leave for the Committee to sit again.

[*Here follows the report of amendments, &c., as above.*]

On the latter report, the question is—

Shall leave be granted?

When upon a count, it is ascertained that a quorum is not present, the report is,

The Committee of the Whole, have had under consideration _____, and after some progress therein, find that there is no quorum present: that fact I herewith report to you.

In case of confusion or disorder, the Speaker of his own accord resumes the chair temporarily, and without any formality, for the purpose of suppressing it. When order is restored, the Chairman resumes the chair and the business proceeds.

Upon the coming in of a report, the recommendations are at once acted on by the Assembly.

When in Committee of the Whole, any member desires to offer an amendment, it must be reduced to writing and sent to the Chairman, who reads it, and asks—

Is the Committee ready for the question?

And if no further amendment or debate offer, he puts the question in the usual manner.

After a section is once passed, with an unsuccessful effort to amend it, no further amendments are in order. The strictness of this rule is, however, not always adhered to, although an amendment once made, may be reconsidered. Such motion is

That the amendment offered by the gentleman from _____, to the —th section, be reconsidered;

And is stated as follows :

The gentleman from _____ moves that the amendment of the gentleman from _____, to the _____th section, be reconsidered.

Is the Committee ready for the question ?

Those who are of opinion that said amendment be reconsidered, say Aye; those of a contrary opinion, say No.

In case the amendment is reconsidered, the Speaker says :

The motion is carried. The amendment is reconsidered. The question now recurs upon the adoption of the amendment. Is the Committee ready for the question? &c., &c.

XV.—FORMS.

OF TITLES:

“ No. — A., a bill for an act to _____.”

Repealing bill:

“ to repeal chapter — of the Revised Statutes, entitled ‘ Of _____,’ ”

Appropriation bill:

“ to appropriate to _____, the sum of _____ dollars.”

Titles should be written inside the bill, and endorsed upon the outside; as follows:

No. — A.

A bill for an act to change the name of
Andrew Jackson, to James Madison.

MR. GORDON.

RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover endorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

“Res. No. — A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor’s Message be furnished by the Public Printer, to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

MR. TUCKER.

FOR REPORTS, the following form is mostly used:

“The committee on ———, to which was referred Bill No. — A., a bill for an act to ———;

Respectfully report the same back to the House *with an amendment, and recommend its passage when amended;*” or,

“*and recommend that it do pass;*” or,

“*and recommend that it be indefinitely postponed;*” or,

“*and recommend that it be referred to the delegation from ———;*” or, “*to a select committee.*”

Or, if a committee report by bill—

“The committee on ———, to which was referred ———,

Respectfully report by

Bill No. — A., a bill for an act to ———;

And recommend its passage.”

XVI.—INVESTIGATIONS.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary to a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution, the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

“THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

To.....

“You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear, and attend before Messrs.....

.....on the part of the Senate, and.....
on the part of the Assembly, a joint committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate.....

.....at the room of said committee.....in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the.....day of.....A. D. one thousand eight hundred and.....at the hour of.....in the.....noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

“Hereof fail not, under the penalty in such case made and provided.

“Given at the Assembly chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this.....day of.....A. D. 18...

“Attest:

.....
Speaker of the Assembly.

.....
Chief Clerk of the Assembly.”

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate has been used:

“ To Hon.

Speaker of the Assembly:

“ I, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate..... do hereby certify that has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served and affidavit of service accompanying the same on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

“ I further certify that said..... has failed to appear before said committee according to the exigency or mandate of said writ of subpoena.

“ Dated Madison.....18...at.....o'clock, P. M.

.....”

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

“*The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:*

“It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. on the part of the Senate, and..... on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the *Senate and* Assembly, to investigate..... at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the.....day of..... A. D. 18...at the hour of.....in the.....noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee, has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said.....on the.....day of A. D. 18... and returned as provided in section 1 of an act entitled “An act concerning evidence and witnesses,” approved February 3d, 1858; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of said joint committee, that the said.....has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of said subpoena; Therefore, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said..... and bring him before the Assembly, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly, in not obeying the mandate of said subpoena.

“Hereof fail not.

“ Given at the Assembly chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this day of A. D. 18..

.....
Speaker of the Assembly.

.....
Chief Clerk of the Assembly.”

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

“ By virtue of the within process, I did, on the ... day of 18.. arrest the body of and took him before the committee within named, and the said having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

“ Assembly chamber, 18..

.....
Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly.”

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

“ *Resolved*, That the neglect or failure of to appear before the joint investigating committee, composed of Messrs.....
 of the Senate. and

.....
 of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the instant, as fully appears by the said writ, and the affidavit of the service thereof endorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this house, be, and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House.”

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

“ *Interrogatory 1.*—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee, as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you on the inst.?”

To which the defaulter pleads before punishment is inflicted.
 Another form is as follows:

“ *Resolved*, That the refusal of to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee on the inst., and which questions were certified to this House by chairman of said committee; and are now in

writing on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be, and said refusal is hereby declared a contempt of this House.”

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

Why did you not answer the questions put or propounded to you on the instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which is chairman?”

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment cannot extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee of investigation should consist of three parts;

1st. The testimony taken.

2d. A statement of the facts proven thereby, or conclusions derived therefrom.

3d. Resolutions, or a bill, providing for the action which the committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

XVII.— QUORUMS.

Whole number electable.

“Not less than 54, nor more than 100.”—Cons. Art. iv. § 2.

“One from each Assembly District.”—R. S., p. 76—(which provides for 97 Assembly Districts).

To expel a member,—66.

“Two-thirds of all the members elected.”—Cons. Art. iv. § 8.

To do any business except to adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members,—49.

“A majority.”—Cons. Art. iv. § 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered upon the journal,—

“One-sixth of those present.”—Cons. Art. iv. § 20.

(See table on page 46).

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews and appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the State,—

“A majority of three-fifths,”—(30), three-fifths, (59) being present.—Cons. Art. VIII. § 8.

To adjourn from day to day,—10.

“A smaller number” [than a majority].—Cons. Art. IV. § 7.

“Ten of their number.”—RULE 42.

To compel the attendance of absent members,—10.

“A smaller number” [than a majority].—Cons. Art. IV. § 7.

“Ten of their number.”—RULE 42.

To agree to an amendment to the Constitution,—49.

“A majority of the members elected.”—Cons. Art. XII. § 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention,—

(See table on page 46).

“A majority [present].”

To contract a public debt,—49 affirmative votes.

“A majority of all the members elected.”—Cons. Art. VIII.

§ 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion,—

“A majority,” (at least 25) of a quorum (49).

(See table on page 46)

To read the minutes,—49.

“A quorum.”—RULE 1.

To make a call of the House,—10.

“Ten members.”—RULE 2.

To demand the previous question,—(at least 25).

“A majority present.”—RULE 12.

(See table on page 46)

To suspend the rules,—at least 33.

“Two-thirds of the members present.”—RULE 32.

(See table on page 46)

To change the order of business,—at least 33.

“Two-thirds of the members present.”—RULE 32.

See table on page 46

To suspend the 36th Rule,—

“Unanimous consent.”—RULE 36.

To bring in a bill which has been rejected by the Senate,—at least 66.

“Two-thirds of the House.”—JOINT RULE 5.

TABLE SHOWING THE NUMBER CONSTITUTING A MAJORITY, ONE-SIXTH, AND TWO-THIRDS OF A WORKING QUORUM OF ANY NUMBER.

	One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.		One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.		One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.
49	9	33	25	66	11	44	34	83	14	56	42
50	9	34	26	67	12	45	34	84	14	56	43
51	9	34	26	68	12	46	35	85	15	57	43
52	9	35	27	69	12	46	35	86	15	58	44
53	9	36	27	70	12	47	36	87	15	58	44
54	9	36	28	71	12	48	36	88	15	59	45
55	10	37	28	72	12	48	37	89	15	60	45
56	10	38	29	73	13	49	37	90	15	60	46
57	10	38	29	74	13	50	38	91	16	61	46
58	10	39	30	75	13	50	38	92	16	62	47
59	10	40	30	76	13	51	39	93	16	62	47
60	10	40	31	77	13	52	39	94	16	63	48
61	11	41	31	78	13	52	40	95	16	64	48
62	11	42	32	79	14	53	40	96	16	64	49
63	11	42	32	80	14	54	41	97	16	65	49
64	11	43	33	81	14	54	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
65	11	44	33	82	14	55	42	.....	.....	.....	.....

XVIII.—POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

ADAMS COUNTY.

Big Spring,
Davis' Corners,
Dell Prairie,
FRIENDSHIP,
Grand Marsh,
Jackson,
Kildare,

Lindenwald,
Little Lake,
New Chester,
New Rome,
Plainville,
Pilot Knob,
Point Bluff,

Quincy,
Roche-a-cri,
Twin Valley,
White Creek,
Zerah.

BAD AX COUNTY.

Avalanche,
Bad Ax,
Breckenridge,
Bergen,
Coon Prairie,
Debells,
De Soto,
Fairview,
Goole,

Harmony,
Hillsborough,
Kickapoo,
Mount Tabor,
New Brookville,
New Salem,
Retreat,
Readstown,
Newville,

River Side,
Romance,
Springville,
Victory,
VIROQUA,
Weister,
Warner's Landing.

BROWN COUNTY.

De Pere,
Fort Howard,
Fremont,

GREEN BAY,
New Franklin,
Onaida,

Wequiot,
Wrightstown.

BUFFALO COUNTY.

Alma,
Buffalo Prairie,

FOUNTAIN COUNTY,

Maxville.

BURNETT COUNTY.

CALUMET COUNTY.

Brant,
Brillion,
Calumet Village,
Charlestown,

CHILTON,
Dundas,
High Cliff,
Lynn,

New Holstein,
Pequot,
Stockbridge.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

CHIPPEWA CITY,
Chippewa Falls,

Menomonee,

Porkville.

CLARK COUNTY.

CLARK COURT HOUSE, Neilsville,

Wedge's Creek.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Arlington,
 Basin Lake,
 Beaver Creek,
 Bellefontain,
 Cambria,
 Centreville,
 Columbas,
 Courtland,
 Dekorra,
 East Randolph,
 Fall River,
 Fort Winnebago,

Hampden,
 Leeds,
 Lewiston,
 Lodi,
 Lowville,
 Marcellon,
 New Haven,
 New Port,
 North Leeds,
 Oak Grove,
 Oshankuta,
 Otsego,

Pacific,
 Parduville,
 Pidgeon Grove,
 PORTAGE CITY,
 Poynett,
 Randolph Centre,
 Rio,
 Rocky Run,
 Shonaau,
 Welch Prairie,
 West Point Centre,
 Wyocena.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Bell Centre,
 Bridgeport.
 Eastman,
 Hill's Valley,
 Lynxville,
 Marietta,

Mount Sterling,
 Ocena,
 PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,
 Rising Sun,
 Rolling Ground,
 Seneca,

Springville,
 Stockville,
 Towersville,
 Watering Grove.
 Wauzeka,
 Wright's Ferry.

DANE COUNTY.

Albion,
 Ancient.
 Ashton,
 Belleville,
 Berry,
 Beverly,
 Black Earth,
 Blue Mound,
 Burke,
 Cambridge,
 Christiana,
 Cottage Grove,
 Cross Plains,
 Dane,
 Deerfield,
 Door Creek,
 Dunkirk,

Eolia,
 Fitchburg,
 Hanchettville,
 Lake View,
 Leicester,
 MADISON,
 Mazo Manie,
 McFarland.
 Middleton,
 Mount Vernon,
 Oregon,
 Paoli,
 Peatville,
 Perry,
 Pierceville,
 Pine Bluff,
 Pheasant Branch,

Primrose,
 Rockside,
 Roxbury,
 Rutland,
 Spring Dale,
 Stoner's Prairie,
 Stoughton,
 Sun Prairie,
 Sweet Home,
 Utica,
 Verona,
 West Middleton,
 West Blue Mounds,
 Westport,
 Windsor,
 York.

DODGE COUNTY.

Alduly,
Ashippun,
BEAVER DAM,
Burnett,
Chester,
Chester station,
Clyman,
Danville,
East Lomyra,
Elba,
Emmett,

Farmersville,
Fox Lake,
Hermann,
Horicon,
Hustisford,
Iron Ridge,
Junction,
Juneau,
Le Roy,
Lomyra,
Lowell,

Mayville,
Napasha.
Neosho,
Oak Grove,
Portland.
Reesville,
Rolling Prairie,
Rubicon,
Theresa,
Woodland.

DOOR COUNTY.

Sturgeon Bay,

Washington Harbor.

DOUGLASS COUNTY.

Superior.

DUNN COUNTY.

Frankfort,
Dunnville,
Dead Lake Prairie,

Manbeck,
Maneka,

Ogalla,
Rock Falls.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Eau Claire.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

Alcove,
Alto,
Ashford,
Auburn,
Black Hawk,
Bothelle,
Brandon,
Byron,
Calumet Village,
Dotyville,
Eden,
El Dorado,
Empire,

Fair Water,
FOND DU LAC,
Foster,
Hinesberg,
Junius,
Ladoga,
Lamartine,
Marytown,
Metomen,
Moria,
Murone,
Nanaupa,

Newfane,
North Lamartine,
Oakfield,
Oakfield Centre,
Osceola,
Ripon,
Rosendale,
Rush Lake,
Taycheedah,
Waucausta,
Waupun,
West Rosendale.

GRANT COUNTY.

Banfield,
Beetown,
Blockhouse Mills,
Boscobel,
Bunker Hill,
Cassville,
Castle Rock,
Charlotte,
Crow's Mills,
Dickeyville,
Ellenboro,
Fair Play,
Fennimore,
Glen Haven,

Hazel Green,
Hickory Grove,
Homer,
Hurricane Grove,
Jamestown,
LANCASTER,
Little Grant,
Millville,
Montfort,
Mount Ida,
Mount Hope,
Muscoda,
New California.

Oliver,
Ora Oak,
Patch Grove,
Platteville,
Plum Grove,
Potosi,
Rockville,
Saint Rose,
Sinsinna Mounds,
Smeltzer's Grove,
Tafton,
Washburn,
Wyalusing.

GREEN COUNTY.

Albany,
Attica,
Bem,
Brodhead,
Brooklyn,
Cadiz,
Clarence,
Dayton,
Decatur,

Exeter,
Farmer's Corners,
Farmer's Grove,
Hoosick,
Jordan,
Juda,
MUNROE,
Monticello,
Morefield,

Nevada,
New Glarus,
Shuey's Mills,
Skinner,
Spring Grove,
Sylvester,
Walnut Springs,
Willet.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Berlin,

Dartford,

Princeton.

IOWA COUNTY.

Adamsville,
Arena,
Avoca,
Bethel Grove,
Clyde,
Constance,

Dodgeville,
Dover,
Helena,
Highland,
Jennieton,
Linden,

Miffin,
Mineral Point,
Moscow,
Ridgeway,
Rugglesdale,
Wyoming,

JACKSON COUNTY.

Black River Falls,
Canton,
Liscott,
Melrose,

Mound Springs,
North Bend,
Pine Hill,

Pale Grove,
Roaring Creek,
Smith's Ferry.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Aztalan,
Bark River,
Cold Spring,
Concord,
Farmington,
Fort Atkinson,
Golden Lake,
Hubbleton,

Helenville,
Ixonía,
JEFFERSON,
Johnson's Creek,
Koshkonong,
Lake Mills,
Milford.
Oak Hill,

Oakland,
Palmyra,
Richwood,
Rome,
Sullivan,
Transit,
Waterloo,
Watertown.

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Armenia,
Edna,
Fountain,
Fowler's Prairie,
Germantown,
Lemonweir,

Linden Station,
Lindina,
Maugh's Mills,
Mill Haven,
Neceda,
New Lisbon,

One Mile Creek,
Strong's Prairie,
Wauceda,
Werner,
Wonowoc.

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Brighton,
Bristol,
Cypress,
KENOSHA,

Liberty,
Marion,
Paris,
Salem,

South Bristol,
Treadwell's Grove,
Wheatland,
Wilmot.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Coryville,
Kewaunee,

Mormon Cooley,
North Bend,

Stevenstown.

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

Bangor,
Burns,
Burr Oak,

Half Way Creek,
LA CROSSE,
Mindoro,

Neshonoe,
Onalaska.

LA FAYETTE COUNTY.

Argyle,
Bashford,
Belmont,
Benton,
Blanchardville,
Calamina,
Cottage Inn,

Darlington,
Etna,
Elk Grove,
Fayette,
Georgetown,
Gratiot,
Meeker's Grove,

New Diggings,
North Elk Grove,
SHELLSBURG,
Spafford,
White Oak Springs,
Wiota,
Yellow Stone.

LA POINTE COUNTY.

Ashland,
Bayfield,La Pointe,
Odanah,

Whittlesey,

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Branch,
Clark's Mills,
Cooperstown,
Eaton,
Francis Creek,
Hika,Manitowoc,
Manitowoc Rapids,
Maple Grove,
Meeme,
Mills,
Mishicott,Neshoto,
Newtonborough,
Oslo,
Two Rivers.

MARATHON COUNTY.

Knowlton,
Gemekon,Little Bull Falls,
Mosinee,

WAUSAU.

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

Briggsville,
Germania,
Grand Prairie,
Greenwood,
Harrisville,
Jeddo,
Kingston,
La Cote St. Marie,
Lake Maria,
McIntyre Creek,
Mackford,Manchester,
Markesan,
Marquette,
Midland,
MONTELO,
Moundville,
Neshkoro,
Newton,
Ordino,
Oxford,
Pakwaukee,Pine River,
Rock Hill,
Roslin,
Shields,
South Lake,
Stone Hill,
Tacorah,
Westfield,
West Green Lake.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Butler,
Davis,
Franklin,
Good Hope,
Granville,
Greenfield,Hale's Corners,
Lamberton,
MILWAUKEE,
New Berlin,
New Keoln,
Oak Creek,Root Creek,
Ten Mile House,
Wauwatosa,
West Granville.

MONROE COUNTY.

Angelo,
Big Valley,
Clifton,
Dorset,Hoffman's Corners,
Jacksonville,
Leon,
Meriden,Sheldon,
Solon,
Sultan,
Ridgeville,

Durand,
Fan's Creek,
Glendale,

Milton,
Mount Pisgah,
Puckwana,

SPARTA,
Tomah.

Clarksville,
Marrinette,

OCONTO COUNTY.

Mene Kanne,
Oconto,

Pensaukee,
Stiles.

APPLETON,
Ellington,
Freedom,
Greenville,
Hortonville,

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Kaukanna,
Keshena,
Lansing,
Little Chute,
Medina,

Shaw-wa-no,
Shiocton,
Wakefield.

Belgium,
Cedarburg,
Fredonia,
Freidstadt,

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Grafton,
Harris Corners,
Mequon River,
Ozaukee,

Saukville,
Ula.

Chippewa,

PEPIN COUNTY.

Lima,

PEPIN.

Bay City,
Beldenville,
Clifton Mills,
Diamond Bluff,

PIERCE COUNTY.

Forestville,
Lake Isabelle,
Maiden Rock,
Pleasant View,

PRESCOTT,
River Falls,
Seelcys,
Trim Belle.

Osceola Mills,

POLK COUNTY.

St. Croix Falls.

Almond,
Amherst,
Badger,
Buena Vista,
Eau Plaine,

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Grand Rapids,
Iron Creek,
Lone Pine,
Madely,
PLOVER,

Randall,
Saratoga,
Stevens' Point.

Burlington,

RACINE COUNTY.

Mount Pleasant,

South Bristol,

Caldwell Prairie,
Caledonia,
Caledonia Centre,
Denoon,
Ives Grove,
Kansasville,

Norway.
North Cape,
Pen Yan,
RACINE,
Raymond,
Rochester,

Sylvania,
Trowbridge,
Union Grove,
Waterford,
Whitesville,
Yorkville..

Ashland,
Barnes Mills,
Buckeye,
Cazenovia,
Cincinnati,
Excelsior,
Fancy Creek,
Forest,
Henrietta,
Hosier,

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Lone Rock,
Loyd,
Melancthon Creek,
Milan,
Mile Creek,
Neptune,
Orion,
Port Andrew,
RICHLAND CENTRE,
Richland City,

Ripley,
Rockbridge,
Sextonville,
Sylvan,
Viola,
West Branch,
Woodstock,
Yuta.

Afton,
Avon,
Bass Creek,
Beloit,
Centre,
Clinton,
Cooksville,
Edgerton,
Emerald Grove,
Evansville,
Fairfield,

ROCK COUNTY.

Footville,
Fulton,
Inmansville,
JANESVILLE,
Johnston,
Johnstown Centre,
Leyden,
Lima Centre,
Magnolia,
Milton,
Nidaros,

Ogden,
Orfordville,
Osburn,
Rock Prairie,
Shopiere,
Spring Valley,
Summerville,
Teotsa,
Union.

Baker's Station,
Bronchea,
Brookville,

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Hammond,
HUDSON,
Kinnick Kinnick,

Somerset,
St. Joseph's,
Stone Prairie.

BARABOO,
Bluff,
Cassell's Prairie,
Dellona,

SAUK COUNTY.

Ironton,
Jonesville,
Lavalle,
Logansville,

Prairie du Sac,
Reedsburg,
Rowell's Mills,
Russell's Corners,

Delton,
Garrison,
Giddings,
Harrisburg,
Humbolt,

Merrimack,
Oaks,
Okee,
Otterville,

Sandusky,
Sauk City,
Spring Green,
Wilson's Creek.

SHAWANAW COUNTY.

Embarras.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Adell,
Beechwood,
Cascade,
Edwards,
Elkhart,
Gibbville,
Greenbush,

Hingham,
Howard's Grove,
Onion River,
Overtown,
Plymouth,
Rathburn,

Russell,
Scott,
SHEBOYGAN,
Sheboygan Falls,
Wheat Valley,
Winooskie.

TREMPELEAU COUNTY.

Galesville,

Monteville,

Sumner.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

Adams,
Allen's Grove,
Big Foot Prairie,
Bloomfield,
Darien,
Delavan.
East Troy,
ELKHORN,
Geneva,
Geneva Bay,
Groove,
Heart Prairie,

Honey Creek,
La Fayette,
La Grange,
Little Prairie,
Lyons,
Millard,
Richmond,
Sharon,
South Grove,
Springfield,
Spring Prairie,

State Line,
Sugar Creek,
Tirade,
Troy,
Troy Centre,
Troy Lakes,
Utter Corners,
Vienna,
Walworth,
Westville,
Whitewater,

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Addison,
Aurora,
Barton,
Boltonville,
Cedar Creek,
Fillmore,

Hartford,
Kewaskum,
Mecker,
Nenno,
Newburgh,
Schleisingerville,

Staatsville,
Station,
Tolands Prairie,
Wayne,
WEST BEND,
Young Hickory.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Big Bend,	Lisbon.	Ottawa,
Brookfield,	Mapleton,	Pewaukee,
Brookfield Centre,	Marcy,	Pine Lake,
Delafield,	Menomonee Falls,	Prospect Hill,
Dodges Corners,	Merton,	South Genesee,
Dousman,	Monches,	Summit,
Duplainville,	Monterey,	Sussex,
Eagle,	Muquanago,	Vernon,
Genesee,	Muskego Centre,	Waterville,
Hartland,	North Prairie Station,	WAUKESHA,
Lake Five,	Oconomowoc,	Welsh.
Lannon Springs,	Okanchea,	

WAUPACA COUNTY.

Clintonville,	Little Wolf,	Peter's Grove,
Crystal Lake,	Mukwa,	Ogdensburg,
Evanswood,	New London,	Readfield,
Hobarts Mills,	North Port,	Rural,
Iola,	North Royalton,	Scandinavia,
Lind,	Northern,	WAUPACA.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Adario,	Elma,	Plamfield,
Blurton,	Hancock,	Sacramento,
Cedar Lake,	Lincoln,	Saxeville,
Colebrook,	Mount Morris,	Silver Lake,
Coloma,	Oasis,	Spring Lake,
Corfu,	Pine River,	WAUTOMA,
Dakota,	Poi Sippi,	Willow Creek,
East Oasis,		

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Algoma,	Groveland,	OSHKOSH,
Black Wolf,	Koro,	Powaickum,
Butte des Morts,	Menasha,	Vinland,
Campbell,	Neenah,	Waukan,
Clairville,	Nepeuskum,	Weelaunee,
Delhi,	Nekama,	Weyauwega,

Eureka,
Fisk's Corners,

Nekinn,
Omro,

Winchester,
Winneconne.

WOOD COUNTY.

Grand Rapids.

**XIX.—LIST OF ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS, WITH NAMES OF MEMBERS SINCE THE
LAST APPORTIONMENT.**

DISTRICTS.	1857	1858	1859
ADAMS AND JUNEAU.....	Jos. Langworthy...	A. P. Ayers.....	J. Turner.
BAD AX AND CRAWFORD.....	B. E. Hutchinson..	J. R. Savage.....	T. W. Tower.
BROWN.....	Edgar Conklin....	Edgar Conklin....	Wm. Field, Jr.
BUFFALO, JACKSON AND TREMPLEAU.....	Sam'l D. Hastings..	H. E. Prickett....	Jesse Bennett.
BURNETT, DOUGLAS, LA POINTE, POLK AND ST. CROIX.....	George Strong.....	James B. Gray....	M. W. McCracken.
CALUMET.....	Geo. A. Jenkins....	James Robinson...	H. C. Hobart.
CHIPPEWA, CLARK, DUNN, PIERCE AND EAU CLAIRE.....	O. T. Maxson.....	Lucius Cannon....	R. Dewhurst.
COLUMBIA COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Dekorah, West Point, Newport, Lewiston, Portage City, Caledonia, Lodi and Pacific.....	G. M. Bartholomew	A. B. Alden.....	G. Van Steenwyk.
2d.—The towns of Arlington, Columbus, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville and Otsego.....	O. C. Howe.....	W. M. Griswold ...	W. M. Griswold.
3d.—The towns of Fort Winnebago, Courtland, Marcellon, Randolph, Scott, Wyocena and Springvale.....	Henry Converse...	Jon. W. Earle.....	John O. Jones.
DANE COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Albion, Dunkirk, Rutland, Christiana and Pleasant Spring.....	Jno. A. Johnson...	D. B. Crandall	W. W. Blackman.
2d.—The towns of Deerfield, Cottage Grove, Medina, Sun Prairie, York, Windsor, Burke and Bristol.....	R. W. Davison	J. W. Sharpe.....	A. Smith.
3d.—Blooming Grove, Dunn, Fitchburg, Oregon, Montrose and Verona.....	Robert P. Main....	S. W. Field.....	John Keenan.
4th.—Perry, Springdale, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Vermont, Berry, (Primrose,) Black Earth and Roxbury....	John B. Sweat....	H. K. Belding.....	C. N. Waterbury.
5th.—The towns of Dane, Vienna, Westport, Springfield, Middleton, Madison and 1st ward of the city of Madison	H. A. Tenney.....	Frank Gault.....	H. S. Orton.
6th.—The 2d, 3d and 4th wards of the city of Madison...	N. W. Dean.....	A. A. McDonell....	Geo. B. Smith.

DODGE COUNTY.

1st.—The towns of Williamston, Hubbard and Herman..	E. N. Foster	John Steiner	Thomas Palmer.
2d.—The towns of Leroy, Lomira and Theresa	Peter Potter.....	N. M. Juneau.....	J. C. Bishop.
3d.—The towns of Rubicon, Hustisford and Oak Grove....	R. B. Wentworth ..	Paul Juneau	Waldo Lyon.
4th.—The towns of Chester, Trenton and Fox Lake.....	Q. H. Brown	B. F. Gibbs	C. S. Kneeland.
5th.—The towns of Burnett, Beaver Dam, Westford, and the city of Beaver Dam	A. Scott Sloan.....	B. F. Kribs	Lorenzo Merrill.
6th.—The towns of Calamus, Elba, Lowell and Clyman...	J. J. Williams.....	E. J. Williams	John Lowth.
DOOR, KEWAUNEE, OCONTO AND SHAWANAW.....	E. B. Stevens.....	J. C. Hall.....	M. Simon .

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

1st.—The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco and Rosendale	E. L. Runals	E. L. Runals	A. E. Bovay.
2d.—The towns of Waupun, Springvale, Oakfield, Lamar- tine, and Eldorado.....	M. S. Barnett.....	H. D. Hitt	Warren Whiting.
3d.—The city of Fond du Lac, and the towns of Fond du Lac and Friendship.....	John B. Wilber....	F. D. McCarty	John C. Lewis.
4th.—The towns of Calumet, Marshfield, Taycheedah, Empire and Forest.....	M. J. Thomas.....	Joseph Wagner ...	O. Hugo Petters
5th.—The towns of Byron, Eden, Auburn, Ashford and Oceola.....	Aaron Walters ...	W. S. Tuttle	S. C. Matteson.

GRANT COUNTY.

1st.—The towns of Hazel Green, Jamestown and Smeltzer	Allen Taylor	A. D. York	George Broderick.
2d.—The towns of Potosi, Paris and Harrison.....	A. W. Emery	A. W. Emery	J. W. Seaton.
3d.—The towns of Platteville, Lima, Clifton, Muscoda and Wingville.....	Hanmer Robbins ..	Hanmer Robbins ..	J. Waldorf.
4th.—The towns of Fennimore, Marion, Ellenboro, Liberty and Lancaster.....	Joseph T. Mills....	C. K. Dean.....	H. A. W. McNair.
5th.—The towns of Waterloo, Bectown, Patch Grove, Wy- alusing, Millville, Little Grant and Cassville.....	Joachim Gullick....	Henry Patch	L. Basford.

GREEN COUNTY.

1st.—The towns of Brooklyn, Albany, Mount Pleasant, Exeter, New Glarus, Washington, Adams and York....	C. F. Thompson ...	J. E. Vinton	Albert Pierce.
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**XIX.—LIST OF ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS, WITH NAMES OF MEMBERS SINCE THE
LAST APPORTIONMENT—*continued.***

DISTRICTS.	1857	1858	1859
GREEN COUNTY—<i>continued.</i>			
2d.—Jordan, Monroe, Sylvester, Decatur, Spring Grove, Jefferson, Clamo and Cadiz.....	T. W. Hall.....	W. G. Brown.....	A. E. West.
IOWA COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Highland, Dodgeville, Ridgeway, Arena, Wyoming, Bulaski and Clyde.....	Ephraim Knowlton	H. M. Billings.....	Gardner C. Meigs.
2d.—The towns of Mineral Point, Mifflin, Linden and Waldwick.....	Thomas S. Allen...	Levi Sterling.....	John Toay.
JEFFERSON COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Palmyra, Sullivan, Concord, Farming- ton, Hebron and Cold Spring	D. M. Aspinwall...	Miles Holmes.....	A. J. Craig.
2d.—The towns of Koshkonong, Oakland, Lake Mills, Aztalan and Jefferson.....	J. F. Ostrander....	George C. Smith ..	George C. Smith.
3d.—The city of Watertown.....	William Chappell..	Peter Rogan	Luther A. Cole.
4th.—The towns of Ashippun, Lebanon, Ixonia and Wa- tertown.....	W. M. Morse.....	John Gibb	Ferdinand Wagner
5th.—The towns of Emmett, Shields, Portland, Waterloo, and Milford	K. P. Clark	Harlow Pease	S. J. Conklin.
KENOSHA COUNTY.			
1st.—The city of Kenosha, and the towns of Somers and Pleasant Prairie	F. S. Lovell	F. S. Lovell.....	George Bennett.
2d.—The towns of Bristol, Paris, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland.....	Lathrop Burgess...	A. D. Cornwell....	James C. McKisson

LA CROSSE AND MONROE.....	D. D. Cameron....	J. D. Condit.....	C. W. Marshall.
LA FAYETTE COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Kendall and Centre	Joseph White	H. H. Gray.....	James Murphy.
2d.—The towns of Argyle, Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, Fayette and Willow Springs.....	Henry W. Barnes..	Charles Bracken...	Wm. McGranahan.
3d.—The towns of New Diggings, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs and Monticello.....	James H. Earnest.	James H. Earnest.	D. W. Kyle.
MANITOWOC COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Two Rivers, Mishicott and Kossuth, the village of Manitowoc and the town of Manitowoc..	C. H. Walker.....	H. C. Hamilton ...	William Aldrich.
2d.—The towns of Manitowoc Rapids, Maple Grove, Franklin, Eaton, Newton, Mecanic, Abel and Centerville	Thos. Cunningham	James B. Dunn....	James B. Dunn.
MARQUETTE AND GREEN LAKE.			
1st.—The towns of Brooklyn, Berlin, St. Marie, Princeton, Hardin, Dayton, Mackford, Seneca and Green Lake	D. H. Waite	S. W. Mather.....	Jesse Thomas.
2d.—The towns of Kingston, Marquette, Mecan, Neshkoro, Crystal Lake, Shields, Montello, Buffalo, Packwaukee, Sharon, Newton, Westfield, Oxford and Moundville	P. D. Hayward....	D. Devaney.....	James B. Ormsby.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY.			
1st.—The 1st and 7th wards of the city of Milwaukee...	F. R. Bartlett	D. Corson	E. Palmer.
2d.—The 2d ward of the city of Milwaukee.....	M. M. Strong	Alex. Cotzhausen..	C. J. Kern.
3d.—The 3d ward of the city of Milwaukee.....	A. McCormick	John Hayden	Thomas H. Eviston.
4th.—The 4th ward of the city of Milwaukee	Jonathan Taylor...	D. E. Cameron.....	James A. Swain.
5th.—The 5th ward of the city of Milwaukee	Jasper Humphrey.	M. Steever.....	William S. Cross.
6th.—The 6th ward of the city of Milwaukee	H. Herman	F. R. Berg.....	Joseph Walter.
7th.—The towns of Milwaukee and Granville.....	F. Moscovitz.....	M. Hanrahan	F. Moscovitz.
8th.—The towns of Wauwatosa and Greenfield.....	James Reynolds...	Joseph Carney	Jacob Beck.

XIX.—LIST OF ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS, WITH NAMES OF MEMBERS, SINCE THE
LAST APPORTIONMENT—*continued.*

DISTRICTS.	1857	1858	1859
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—<i>continued.</i>			
9th.—The towns of Lake, Oak Creek and Franklin.....	J. D. Reymert	O. Ellsworth	Edward Hasse.
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.....	Theo. Conkey.....	Perry H. Smith ...	Perry H. Smith.
OZAUKEE COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Sackville, Belgium, Port Washington and Fredonia	S. A. White.....	Alex. Alling	John R. Bohan.
2d.—The towns of Grafton, Cedarbug and Mequon.....	F. W. Horn	B. O. Z. Kussow..	F. W. Horn.
PORTAGE, MARATHON AND WOOD	Anson Rood.....	Burton Millard ...	James S. Young.
RACINE COUNTY.			
1st.—The city of Racine	L. J. Evans	G. W. Selden	L. S. Van Vliet.
2d.—The towns of Racine, Caledonia and Mt. Pleasant.	P. C. Lutkin.....	H. Warner.....	William P. Lyon.
3d.—The towns of Yorkville, Dover, Raymond and Nor- way	Joseph Nelson.....	Samuel Collins ...	William Balloch.
4th.—The towns of Burlington, Rochester and Waterford	James Catton	E. G. Dyer	F. E. Hoyt.
ROCK COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Beloit, Turtle, Clinton, and the city of Beloit	Lucius G. Fisher ..	George Irish	Wm. E. Wheeler.
2d.—The towns of Milton, Harmony, Lima, Johnstown, Bradford and La Prairie.....	George R. Atherton.	Wm. H. Stark....	Edward Vincent.
3d.—The city of Janesville.....	David Noggle	James H. Knowlton	John P. Dickson.
4th.—The towns of Fulton, Porter, Union, Centre and Janesville.....	E. A. Foot.....	Zebulon P. Burdick	J. K. P. Porter.
5th.—The towns of Rock, Magnolia, Spring Valley,			

Plymouth, Avon and Newark.....	William H. Tripp..	K. W. Bemis.....	E. L. Carpenter.
RICHLAND COUNTY	Robert C. Field....	Charles G. Rodolf..	William Dixon.
SAUK COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Prairie du Sac, Kingston, Merrimac, Honey Creek, Franklin, Spring Green, Westfield and Washington.....	James G. Train....	S. H. Bassinger....	Nelson Wheeler.
2d.—The towns of Greenfield, Fairfield, Baraboo, New Buffalo, Delona, Winfield, Mauston, Reedsburg and Freedom.....	Abram West	Samuel Northrup ..	Eli O. Rudd.
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Moselle, Sheboygan, Wilson, and the city of Sheboygan	Z. P. Mason.....	Z. P. Masen.....	Wm. N. Shafter.
2d.—The towns of Herman, Rhine, Russell, Greenbush, Plymouth and Sheboygan Falls	R. H. Hotchkiss...	W. H. Prentice....	James Little.
3d.—The towns of Lima, Lindon, Mitchell, Scott, Abbott and Holland	G. W. Stone.....	A. H. Van Wie....	S. D. Littlefield.
WASHINGTON COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Wayne, Hartford, Addison and Erin.	Hopewell Coxé ...	J. Kenealy.....	G. Streckewald.
2d.—The towns of Kewaskum, Barton, West Bend, Polk and Richfield	James Vollmar....	P. A. Weil.....	James Vollmar.
3d.—The towns of Farmington, Trenton, Jackson and Germantown	James Fagan	C. W. Detmering ..	P. Zimmerman.
WALWORTH COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Bloomfield, Linn, Geneva and Hudson	David Williams....	John McKibbin ...	R. Rockwell.
2d.—The towns of Walworth, Sharon, Darien and Dela- van	S. W. Voorhees....	E. Easton.....	Edward Conrick.
3d.—The towns of Sugar Creek, Richmond, Whitewater and La Grange.....	Solomon Wakeley..	B. G. Noble	N. S. Murphy.
4th.—The towns of Elkhorn, La Fayette, Spring Prairie, Troy and East Troy.....	Wyman Spooner ..	James Baker.....	Daniel Hooper.

**XIX.—LIST OF ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS, WITH NAMES OF MEMBERS, SINCE THE
LAST APPORTIONMENT—*continued.***

DISTRICTS.	1857	1858	1859
WAUKESHA COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Oconomowoc, Summit and Delafield...	James M. Lewis...	Albert Alden.....	P. Sawyer.
2d.—The towns of Merton, Lisbon and Menomonee	George Cairncross.	O. P. Hulett.....	William P. King.
3d.—The towns of Ottawa, Eagle, Genesee and Mukwan- ago	Thomas Sugden...	David Roberts.....	A. E. Elmore.
4th.—The towns of Pewaukee, Brookfield and New Berlin	E. Enos, Jr.	George McWhorter	C. T. Deissner.
5th.—The towns of Waukesha, Vernon and Muskego....	C. S. Hawley.....	C. S. Hawley.....	Ira Blood.
WAUPACA COUNTY			Warren E. Carr.
WAUSHARA COUNTY	George Hawley....	William C. Webb..	Charles White.
WINNEBAGO COUNTY.			
1st.—The towns of Finland, Oshkosh, Algoma, and the city of Oshkosh	Philetus Sawyear ..	Samuel M. Hay....	R. P. Eighme.
2d.—The towns of Neenah, Menasha, Clayton, Poyagan, Winchester, Winneconnie and Orihula.....	John Anunson	William Duchmad.	J. D. Rush.
3d.—The towns of Black Wolf, Utica, Nepeuskum, Rush- ford, Omro and Nekermi	W. P. McAllister ..	W. P. McAllister ..	Geo. W. Beckwith.

XX.—SENATE DISTRICTS

First.—The county of Sheboygan.

Second.—The counties of Brown, Outagamie, Door, Kewaunee, Oconto and Shawanaw.

Third.—The county of Ozaukee,

Fourth.—the county of Washington.

Fifth.—The First, Second, Sixth and Seventh Wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee.

Sixth.—The Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth Wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Wauwatosa, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Franklin, in the county of Milwaukee.

Seventh.—The county of Racine.

Eighth.—The county of Kenosha.

Ninth.—The counties of Sauk, Adams and Juneau.

Tenth.—The county of Waukesha.

Eleventh.—The towns of Windsor, Bristol, York, Burke, Sun Prairie, Medina, Blooming Grove, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Verona, Fitchburg, Dunn, Pleasant Spring, Christiana, Montrose, Oregon, Rutland, Dunkirk and Albion, in the County of Dane.

Twelfth.—The county of Walworth.

Thirteenth.—The county of La Fayette.

Fourteenth.—The towns of Portland, Shields, Emmett, Lebanon, Ashippun, Waterloo, Milford, Watertown, Ixonia, and the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson.

Fifteenth.—The counties of Iowa and Richland.

Sixteenth.—The county of Grant.

Seventeenth.—The towns of Janesville, Rock, Fulton, Porter, Centre, Plymouth, Newark, Avon, Spring Valley, Magnolia, Union, and the city of Janesville, in the county of Rock.

Eighteenth.—The towns of Beloit, Turtle, Clinton, Bradford, La-Prairie, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Milton, and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock.

Nineteenth.—The counties of Manitowoc and Calumet.

Twentieth.—The county of Fond du Lac.

Twenty-first.—The county of Winnebago.

Twenty-second.—The county of Dodge.

Twenty-third.—The towns of Lake Mills, Aztalan, Farmington, Concord, Oakland, Jefferson, Hebron, Sullivan, Koshkonnong, Cold Springs and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson.

Twenty-fourth.—The county of Green.

Twenty-fifth.—The county of Columbia.

Twenty-sixth.—The towns of Roxbury, Dane, Vienna, Black Earth, Berry, Springfield, Westport, Vermont, Cross Plains, Middleton, Madison, Blue Mounds, Springdale, Primrose, Perry, and the city of Madison, in the county of Dane.

Twenty-seventh.—The counties of Portage, Wood, Marathon, Waupaca and Waushara.

Twenty-eighth.—The counties of Douglass, La Pointe, Polk, Chippewa, St. Croix, Pierce, Dunn, Pepin, Burnett, and Clark.

Twenty-ninth.—The counties of Marquette and Green Lake.

Thirtieth.—The counties of Crawford, Buffalo, Trempeleau, Bad Ax, Monroe, La Crosse and Jackson.

XXI.—CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

First.—The counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Walworth, Racine and Kenosha.

Second.—The counties of Rock, Green, La Fayette, Grant, Iowa, Dunn, Sauk, Richland, Crawford, Bad Ax, La Crosse, Monroe, Juneau, Adams, Portage, Wood, Jackson, Eau Claire, Trempeleau, Buffalo, Pepin, Pierce, St. Croix, Chippewa, Clark, Marathon, La Pointe, Polk, Burnett and Douglass.

Third.—The counties of Ozaukee, Washington, Dodge, Jefferson, Columbia, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Winnebago, Waupaca, Waushara, Shawanaw, Outagamie, Brown, Oconto, Kewaunee and Door.

XXII.—STATE OFFICERS—1859.

Alexander W. Randall	.....	Governor.
William H. Watson	.....	Private Secretary.
Erasmus D. Campbell	.....	Lieutenant Governor.
David W. Jones	.....	Secretary of State.
James D. Ruggles	.....	Ass't Secretary of State.
Samuel D. Hastings	.....	State Treasurer.
F. A. Scofield	.....	Assistant State Treasurer.
Gabriel Bouck	.....	Attorney General.
Jeremiah Crowley	.....	Assistant Attorney General.
Lyman C. Draper	.....	Sup't of Public Instruction.
S. H. Carpenter	.....	Ass't Sup't Public Instruc.
Joel C. Squires	.....	Bank Comptroller.
Adolph Menges	.....	Ass't Bank Comptroller.
Edward McGraw	.....	State Prison Commissioner.
James Giddings	.....	Assistant do.
Horace A. Tenney	.....	State Comptroller.
Horace Rublee	.....	Librarian.
Rufus Parks	.....	Sup't of Public Property.
B. W. Suckow	.....	Assistant do do.

SUPREME COURT.

Edward V. Whiton	.....	Chief Justice.
Abram D. Smith	.....	Associate Justice.
Orsamus Cole	.....	Associate Justice.
La Fayette Kellogg	.....	Clerk.
A. D. Smith	.....	Reporter.

MILITARY.

Alexander W. Randall	.....	Commander in Chief.
Amasa Cobb	.....	Adjutant General.
Thomas Stephens	.....	Inspector General.
Hiram C. Bull	.....	Quarter-master General.
Simeon Dean	.....	Commissary General.
Simeon Mills	.....	Paymaster General.
John E. Garner	.....	Surgeon General.
Edwin L. Buttrick	.....	Judge Advocate General.
Alexander A. McDonell	.....	Engineer in Chief.
William H. Watson	.....	Military Secretary.

REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

Henry Barnard	Chancellor, <i>ex officio</i> .
David W. Jones	Secretary of State, <i>ex officio</i> .
Lyman C. Draper.....	Sup't Public Instruc'n, <i>ex officio</i> .
Charles Dunn.....	} Terms expire upon the election of Regents by the Legislature of 1859.
Chauncy Abbott.....	
Nelson Dewey.....	
Rufus King	
Levi B. Vilas	} Terms expire January, 1861.
A. L. Castleman	
S. L. Rose.....	
N. W. Dean	
H. A. Tenney.....	} Terms expire January, 1863.
J. L. Pickard	
J. G. McMynn	
Carl Schurz.....	} Term expires upon an election by the Legislature of 1859.
Nathaniel W. Dean	Treasurer.
James D. Ruggles	Secretary.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

1st Class—C. C. Sholes.....	} Terms expire January 1, 1862.
Julius T. Clark ...	
Luther H. Carey...	
2d Class—Sidney A. Bean ...	} Terms expire January 1, 1860.
Edward Cook	
Hanmer Robbins ..	
3d Class—Silas Chapman ...	} Terms expire January 1, 1861.
O. T. Maxon	
Wm. E. Smith.....	
C. C. Sholes.....	President.
Julius T. Clark	Secretary.

STATE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Commissioners:

L. J. Farwell	President.
John P. McGregor...	Secretary.
Levi Sterling.....	Superintendent.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Commissioners:

W. D. Bacon	Waukesha.
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Edwin Palmer Milwaukee.
 Martin Mitchell Oshkosh.

Managers:

1st Class—L. F. Frisby }
 Thomas Reynolds.. } Terms expire first Tuesday in
 E. Munk } March, 1861.
 2d Class—S. M. Booth }
 Chas. E. Munderly. } Terms expire first Tuesday in
 A. E. Elmore } Mrrch, 1859.
 3d Class—Martin Mitchell . . . }
 Edwin Palmer } Terms expire first Tuesday in
 W. D. Bacon } March, 1861.

INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

R. B. Treat, M. D. President.
 D. W. Inman Treasurer.
 H. W. Collins Secretary.

Trustees:

1st Class—R. B. Treat }
 H. W. Collins } Terms expire February 1, 1859.
 2d Class—W. A. Lawrence . . . }
 D. W. Inman } Terms expire February 1, 1860.
 3d Class—H. Bowen }
 B. B. Eldridge } Terms expire February 1, 1861.
 W. H. Churchman, A. M. Superintendent.

INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

E. P. Conin]. President.
 N. M. Harrington Secretary.
 J. D. Morell Treasurer.
 J. S. Officer Principal and Steward.

Trustees:

1st Class—H. Hunt }
 C. Betts } Terms expire January 1, 1859.
 Wm. C. Allen }
 2d Class—W. Istam }
 E. P. Conrick } Terms expire January 1, 1860.
 Timothy Mower }
 3d Class—Samuel Collins }
 C. Miller } Terms expire January 1, 1861.
 H. Latham }

XXIII.—RULES AND ORDERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1. The Assembly shall choose, *viva voce*, one of their own members to occupy the chair. He shall be styled Speaker of Assembly. He shall hold his office during one session of the Assembly. He shall take the chair at the hour to which the house is adjourned, and call the members to order; and if a quorum be present, he shall direct the minutes of the preceding day to be read, and mistakes, if any, corrected. He shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House. In committee of the whole, he shall call some member to the chair, and may debate any question before the committee; in the House he may also call a member to the chair; but such a substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment. He shall, unless otherwise directed by the House, appoint all committees. He shall vote on a call of yeas and nays. In the absence of the Speaker, the House shall elect a Speaker, *pro tem.*, whose office shall cease on the return of the Speaker.

2. Any fifteen members may make a call of the House, and require absent members to be sent for; but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced; and the call of the House being ordered, and the absentees noted, the doors shall be closed, and no member permitted to leave the room, until the report of the Sergeant-at arms be received and acted upon, or further proceedings in the call be dispensed with by a majority of the members elect.

3. All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of opinion (as the case may be), say aye. Those of contrary opinion, say no." And in doubtful cases, any member may call for a division.

4. When the motion is made, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or read by the Clerk previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions [except to adjourn, postpone, or commit] shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.

5. Every member present, when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the House shall, for special cause, excuse him; but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

6. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when

the House is voting. A motion to adjourn, to lie on the table, and a call for the previous question, shall be decided without debate.

7. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the House, he shall arise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to "Mr. Speaker," and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

8. When any two or more members shall arise at the same time, the Speaker shall name the member who is first to speak.

9. While the Speaker is addressing the House, or putting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor, while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

10. No member shall speak except in his place, or more than twice on any question, except on leave of the House.

11. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless to adjourn; to lie on the table; for the previous question; to postpone to a day certain; to commit; to amend; or to postpone indefinitely; and these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged: A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition. A motion to strike out the enacting words of a bill, shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and, if carried, shall be equivalent to the rejection of the bill.

12. The previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, and then upon the main question. On a motion for the previous question, and prior to the seconding of the same, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call has been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have seconded such motion, no call shall be in order prior to a decision of the main question.

13. Any member may call for a division of the question, when the same will admit thereof.

14. No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without especial leave, except a committee of conference.

15. Every bill shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by order of the House on a report of the committee.

16. Every bill shall receive three several readings previous to its

passage; but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day.

17. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objections be made to it, the question shall be, " Shall the bill be rejected ?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

18. All bills, resolutions, memorials, &c., requiring the approval of the Governor, shall, after the second reading, be considered by the House in committee of the whole, before they shall be taken up and considered by the Assembly. The final question upon the second reading of every bill or other paper originating in the Assembly, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, " Shall it be engrossed and read the third time ?" and upon every such bill or paper originating in the Senate, " Shall it be read a third time ?" No bill or resolution that requires three readings, shall be committed or amended until it shall be twice read; and all joint resolutions which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading, as in the case of bills, unless otherwise ordered by the House. And every bill and resolution ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments, before being read a third time, except as is provided for in Rule 48.

19. Amendments made in the committee of the whole, shall not be read by the Speaker on his resuming the chair, unless requested by one or more of the members.

20. On the third reading of a bill or resolution, no amendment, except to fill blanks, shall be received, except by the unanimous consent of the members present.

21. A bill or a resolution may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage; if any amendment be reported upon such commitment, the question shall be upon concurring in the amendment, and the question for its engrossment and third reading may then be put.

22. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall first be put; and when the House is equally divided, in such case, the question shall be lost.

23. On Fridays and Saturdays of each week, bills and resolutions which do not elicit debate, shall be considered in their order on the calendar of business in preference to all other business, and this rule shall govern the order of business when the House is in committee of the whole.

24. When a motion or question has been once made and carried, in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or where the house is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative, to move for a re-consideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to re-consider being put and lost, shall not be renewed.

25. All acts, addresses and resolutions, shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House, shall be under his hand and seal, attested by the Clerk.

26. Petitions, memorials, and other papers, addressed to the Assembly, shall be presented by a member in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made verbally, and endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same, and shall not be debated or decided on the day of their being first read, unless where the house shall direct otherwise; but shall lie on the table, (to be taken up in the order they were read), or referred, on motion, to a committee.

27. It shall be in order for the committee on enrolled bills, to report at any time, except when questions are being taken, or a call of the House is being had.

28. After examination and report, each bill shall be certified by the Clerk, and by him transmitted to the Senate; the day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

29. No member or officer of the Assembly shall be permitted to read newspapers within the bar of the House, while the House is in session; nor shall any person be permitted to smoke in the Assembly room at any time.

30. Any member offering a resolution in the House, may read the same in his place before sending it to the chair. It shall then be read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted upon by the House on the same day on which it is offered, without leave.

31. It shall be competent for one-sixth of the members present, when a question is taken, to call for the yeas and nays, which shall be recorded by the clerk.

32. No standing rule, or order of the House, shall be rescinded or changed, without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor. Nor shall any rule be suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Nor shall the order of business, as established by the rules of the House, be postponed

or changed, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

33. All bills and resolutions brought into the House by any member or committee, shall be endorsed by the member or committee bringing in the same.

34. When a member is called to order, he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until the Speaker shall have determined whether he is in order or not; and every question of order shall be decided by the Speaker, subject to appeal to the House by any member; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall be taken down in writing, that the Speaker and the House may be better able to judge.

35. The standing committee of the Assembly shall consist of five members each, except the committee on railroads, which shall consist of nine members and the committee on public printing, which shall consist of three members, and the committee for investigation which shall consist of two members, and shall be as follows:

- 1st. On Judiciary.
- 2d. On Ways and Means.
- 3d. On Education, School and University Lands.
- 4th. On Incorporations.
- 5th. On Railroads.
- 6th. On Internal Improvements.
- 7th. On Roads, Bridges and Ferries.
- 8th. On Town and County Organization.
- 9th. On Militia.
- 10th. On Privileges and Elections.
- 11th. On Agriculture and Manufactures.
- 12th. On Expiration and Re-enactment of Laws.
- 13th. On Legislative Expenditures.
- 14th. On State Affairs.
- 15th. On Contingent Expenditures.
- 16th. On Engrossed Bills.
- 17th. On Enrolled Bills.
- 18th. On State Lands.
- 19th. On Mining and Smelting.
- 20th. On Charitable and Religious Societies.
- 21st. On State Prison.
- 22d. On Medical Societies and Medical Colleges.
- 23d. On Banks and Banking.

- 24th. On Federal Relations.
- 25th. On Swamp and Overflowed Lands.
- 26th. Joint Committee on Claims.
- 27th. Joint Committee for Investigation.
- 28th. Joint Committee on Public Printing.

36. The last two readings of all bills appropriating money, shall be at length; and a suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.

37. The hour for the meeting of the Assembly shall be at 10 o'clock A. M.

38. Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker (or the Chairman of the committee of the whole) shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers of the House.

39. Reporters for newspapers can have seats assigned them by the Speaker, within the bar of the chamber, for the purpose of taking down the proceedings, but not so as to interfere with the convenience of the Assembly.

40. A Clerk shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the House; he shall keep a correct Journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journals of proceedings; the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing, and copying of bills, resolutions, &c.; shall permit no records nor papers belonging to the Assembly to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the Speaker; and generally shall perform, under the direction of the Speaker, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk.

41. A Sergeant-at-Arms shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the House. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the Speaker or House, and to perform all duties they may assign to him, connected with the police and good order of the Assembly Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from Chamber; to see that messages, &c., are promptly executed; that the requisite fires are kept up during the appropriate season; that the hall is properly ventilated, and is open for the use of the members of the Assembly, from 8 A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the post of Sergeant-at-Arms.

42. A majority of all the members elected to the Assembly,

must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; any fifteen of their number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

43. No member or officer of the Assembly, unless, from illness or other cause, he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Assembly during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence; and no one shall be entitled to draw pay while absent more than one entire day, without leave, except he be confined by sickness at the seat of government.

44. Any committee required or entitled to report upon a subject referred to them, may make a majority and minority report; and any member of such committee, dissenting in whole or part from either the conclusion or the reasoning, of both the majority and minority, shall be entitled to present to the Assembly a brief statement of his reasons for such dissent, which, if decorous in its language, and respectful to the Assembly, shall be entered at length on the journal, in connection with the majority and minority reports.

45. The rules observed in the Assembly shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings in committee of the whole; except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for the previous question, cannot be made in committee.

46. Two hundred copies of every bill for a general law, reported by a standing committee, shall be printed after a second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions, and memorials that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files after being printed, before being considered.

47. Contestants for seats shall have the privileges of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privileges to extend only to so far as access to the Assembly Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

48. Whenever an Assembly bill, which is fairly written, without interlineation or erasures, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on engrossed bills may report such bill back to the House as the engrossed bill.

49. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Assembly in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules, and the orders of the Assembly, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

REGULATIONS FOR THE DAILY TRANSACTION OF BUSINESS.

After the Journal shall have been read, and an opportunity given to correct it, the order of business shall be as follows:

1. Letters, petitions, memorials, accounts, remonstrances, and accompanying documents, may be presented and referred.
2. Resolutions may be offered and considered, notice of leave to introduce bills may be given, and bills may be introduced on leave granted.
3. Reports of committees may be made and considered; first from standing committees, and next from select committees.
4. Messages, and other Executive communications.
5. Messages from the Senate.
6. Bills and resolutions from the Senate on their first and second reading.
7. Bills on their third reading.
8. Bills ready for a third reading.
9. Bills reported by a committee of the whole.
10. Bills in which a committee of the whole has made progress, and obtained leave to sit again.
11. Bills not yet considered in committee of the whole.
12. After one hour shall have been devoted to the consideration of business under the first, second, and third heads, the Assembly shall proceed to dispose of the business on the Speaker's table, and to the orders of the day.

XXIV.—JOINT RULES AND ORDERS OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

1st. When a message shall be sent from the Senate to the Assembly, it shall be announced at the door of the Assembly by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it may be sent.

2d. The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent from the Assembly to the Senate.

3d. Messages shall be sent by the Chief Clerk, or his Assistant, in each House.

4th. When a bill or resolution, which shall have passed in one House, is rejected in the other, notice thereof is to be given to the House in which the same may have been passed.

5th. When a bill or resolution, which has been passed in one House, is rejected in the other, it shall not be again brought in during the same session without a notice of five days, and leave of two-thirds of the House in which it shall be renewed.

6th. Each House shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be founded.

7th. All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands, asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall endorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account, or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same; and if in favor of allowing a part thereof only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every of them, shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House in which the same was first presented, to be filed by such clerk, and delivered at the close of the session to the Secretary of State.

8th. No account presented shall be acted on, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

9th. The committees of the two houses on claims, on State affairs, on enrolled bills, State prison, and legislative expenses, shall act jointly.

10th. When a bill, resolution, or memorial, shall have passed either House, which requires the concurrence of the other, it shall be transmitted to said House without the necessity of entering an order upon the Journal of the House in which it is passed, requesting the concurrence of the other House.

11th. It shall be in the power of either House to amend any amendment made by the other to any bill, memorial, or resolution.

12th. In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly, if either House shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, the other House shall appoint a similar committee, and such committee shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed upon by their chairman, meet in the conference chamber, and state to each other verbally, or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective Houses for or against the disagreement, and confer freely thereon; and they shall be authorized to report to their respective Houses such modifications or amendments as they may think advisable.

13th. After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement, a bill or resolution is lost.

14th. After a bill shall have passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by or under the direction of the Chief Clerk of the Senate, or Chief Clerk of the Assembly, as the bill may have originated in one or the other House, before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval.

15th. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be examined by a joint committee of five, two from the Senate and three from the Assembly, appointed for that purpose, who shall carefully compare the enrolled with the engrossed bill, as passed in the two Houses, and correcting any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and make their report forthwith to the House in which the bill originated.

16th. After examination and report, each bill shall be signed in the respective Houses, first by the Speaker of the Assembly, then by the President of the Senate.

17th. After a bill shall have been thus signed in each House, it shall be presented by the said committee to the Governor for his approval, it being first endorsed on the back of the roll, certifying in which House the same originated; which endorsement shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of the Senate or Assembly, as the bill may have originated in the one or the other House; and the said committee shall report the day of presentation to the Governor, which shall be entered on the Journal of each House.

18th. All orders, resolutions, and votes which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall also, in the same manner, be previously enrolled, examined, and signed, and then

be presented in the same manner, and by the same committee, as is provided in case of bills.

19th. All bills for repealing or amending an act, shall, in the title and body of the bill, designate the true title of the act proposed to be repealed or amended.

20th. Whenever any report of a joint committee, or other document, shall be presented to both Houses of the Legislature, the House first acting on the same, if it shall be thought necessary to have it printed, shall order a sufficient number of copies for both branches, and shall immediately inform the other House of its action upon the subject.

21st. No bill, making an appropriation of money, shall be introduced during the last ten days of the session, except such as are necessary for the payment of the expenses of the session.

22d. Whenever there shall be a joint convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length on the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor shall preside over such joint convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Senate shall act as clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly; *Provided*, That the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give a casting vote.

23d. Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

24th. Resolutions involving the appropriation of money, for printing the Governor's Message, or other public documents, shall receive the joint concurrence of the two Houses.

XXIII.—RULES OF ORDER FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SENATE.

RULE 1. The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted *ex officio*, the President of the Senate, shall when present, take the chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall immediately call the members to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and continue with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session; the Clerk shall call the roll of members, and as soon as a majority is present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end, that any mistake may be corrected.

RULE 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum; he may speak to points of order in preference to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose; and shall decide points of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate by any member.

RULE 3. The President shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair temporarily, who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President; but no member shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the chair; nor shall such substitute's authority, as presiding officer, extend beyond a daily adjournment of the Senate.

RULE 4. In the absence or inability of the President, except as provided in rule three, the Senate shall appoint a President *pro tempore*, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate, for the time being,

RULE 5. Whenever the Senate determines to go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall name one of the members as chairman, who shall, for the time being, be invested with all the authority of presiding officer of the Senate.

RULE 6. The President shall appoint all committees, unless otherwise directed; he shall sign all acts, memorials, addresses and resolutions; and all writs, warrants and subpoenas, that may be issued by the Senate, shall be signed by him, and attested by the Clerk.

RULE 7. Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby, the President [or chairman of the Committee of the Whole] shall have the power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons except the members and officers of the Senate.

RULE 8. Questions may be stated by the President while sitting, but he shall rise to put a question, and shall use this form: "As

many as are of the opinion that [as the question may be,] will say aye;" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of a different opinion, will say no." If the President doubt as to the voice of the majority, or a division be called for, the Senate shall divide—those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise and be counted; and if there still be doubt, or a *count* be called for, the President shall appoint two tellers, one from each side, to make the count and report the same to the President, who shall declare the same to the Senate.

RULE 9. A majority of all the members elected to the Senate, must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of ordinary business; three-fifths of all the members elected to the Senate, must be present to constitute a quorum for the passage of appropriation bills, as provided by the constitution of the State; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

RULE 10. No member or officer of the Senate, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Senate during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

RULE 11. Any committee required or entitled to report upon a subject referred to them, may make a majority and minority report; any member of such committee, dissenting in whole or in part, from either the conclusions or the reasoning, of both the majority and the minority, shall be entitled to present to the Senate a brief statement of his reasons for such dissent, which, if decorous in its language, and respectful to the Senate, shall be entered on the journal in connection with the majority and minority reports.

RULE 12. A Clerk shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate; he shall keep a correct journal of the daily proceedings of the Senate, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journal of proceedings, the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and copying of bills, resolutions, &c.; shall permit no records nor papers, belonging to the Senate, to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the President; and generally shall perform, under the direction of the President, all duties pertaining to his office as Clerk.

RULE 13. A Sergeant-at-arms shall be elected at the com

mencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the President of the Senate, and to perform all duties they may assign to him, connected with the police and good order of the Senate Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, &c., are promptly executed, and the requisite fires are kept up during the appropriate season, and to perform all other services pertaining to the post of Sergeant-at-arms.

RULE 14. The following Standing Committees shall be elected by the Senate at such time as it shall hereafter designate, unless otherwise directed by the Senate. The Committees on the Judiciary and on Rail Roads, shall consist of five members each, and other Committees of three members each:

1. On the Judiciary.
2. On Finance.
3. On Education, School and University Lands.
4. On Incorporation.
5. On Claims.
6. On Internal Improvements.
7. On Roads, Bridges and Ferries.
8. On Town and County Organization.
9. On Militia.
10. On Privileges and Elections.
11. On Agriculture and Manufactures.
12. On Benevolent Institutions.
13. On Legislative Expenditures.
14. On State Affairs.
15. On Public Printing.
16. On Banks and Banking.
17. On Engrossed Bills.
18. On Contingent Expenditures.
19. On Public Lands.
20. On Enrolled Bills.
21. On State Prison.
22. On Rail Roads.

RULE 15. Reporters for newspapers can have seats assigned them by the President, within the bar of the chamber, for the purpose of taking down the proceedings, but not so as to interfere with the convenience of the Senate. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General, Senators and ex-Senators, and Members of Congress, Judges of any Courts,

Members and ex-Members of State Legislatures, and Members of the Assembly of this State, and all Editors of Newspapers in the State, may be admitted to seats within the bar of the Senate.

RULE 16. After the Journal shall have been read, and an opportunity given to correct it, the order of business shall be as follows, viz:

1. Letters, petitions, memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and referred.

2. Resolutions may be offered and considered, notice of intention to introduce bills may be given, and bills may be introduced on leave granted.

3. Reports of committees may be made and considered, first from standing committees, and next from select committees.

4. Messages and other Executive communications.

5. Messages from the Assembly, and amendments proposed by the Assembly to bills from the Senate.

6. Bills and resolutions from the Assembly on their first and second reading.

7. Bills on their third reading.

8. Bills ready for a third reading.

9. Bills reported by a committee of the whole.

10. Bills in which a committee of the whole has made progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

11. Bills not yet considered in committee of the whole.

RULE 17. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and shall confine himself to the question under consideration, and avoid personalities.

RULE 18. When any member is called to order, he shall sit down until it shall be determined whether he is in order or not, except he be permitted to explain; and if a member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing immediately.

RULE 20. When two or more members happen to rise at the same time, the President shall name the member who is first to speak.

RULE 21. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question during the same day, nor more than once on a motion for commitment, without leave of the Senate.

RULE 22. While the President is putting any question or addressing the Senate, no member shall walk out or across the room, nor entertain private discourse; nor whilst a member is speaking,

shall pass between him and the chair. No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the ayes and noes are being called, or the ballots counted.

RULE 23. No member shall vote on any question in any case where he was not within the chamber of the Senate when the question was put, unless by leave of the Senate; nor shall any member be counted, upon a division and count of the Senate, who shall be without the chamber at the time.

RULE 24. Every member who may be within the Senate chamber when the question is put, shall give his vote, unless the Senate, for special reasons, shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member from voting, shall be made before the Senate divides, or before the call of the ayes and noes is commenced. And any member wishing to be excused from voting, may make a brief verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

RULE 25. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the President, or, being in writing, it shall be handed to the chair, and read aloud before debated.

RULE 26. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President or any member desire it.

RULE 27. After a motion is stated by the President, or read by the Clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the Senate, but may be withdrawn or altered at any time before a decision or amendment, on leave of the Senate.

RULE 28. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, unless to adjourn, reconsider, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to strike out the enacting clause, to amend, or to postpone indefinitely; and these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged. A motion to postpone to a day certain, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall not again be allowed on the same day, or at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

RULE 29. A motion to adjourn shall be always in order; that, and the motion to lay on the table, and to take a recess, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 30. The previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and until it is decided shall preclude amendment and further debate on the main question. When, on taking the previous question, the Senate shall decide that the previous question shall not now be put, the main

question shall be considered as still remaining under debate. The "main question" shall be on the passage of the bill, resolution, or other matter under consideration; and in cases where there shall be pending amendments, the question shall first be taken upon amendments in their order, and without further debate or amendment. On a motion for the previous question, and prior to the main question being put, a call of the Senate shall be in order. No debate shall be permitted on a previous question; and all incidental questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

RULE 31. When a motion or question has been once put and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member who voted in the majority, or when the Senate is equally divided, for a member who voted in the negative, to move for a reconsideration thereof on the same or succeeding day that the Senate shall be in session, and such motion shall take precedence of all other questions, except to adjourn. But no motion to reconsider shall be in order, except when the paper, on which the vote to be reconsidered was taken, is in possession of the Senate: and when a motion to reconsider is laid upon the table, it shall carry with it the whole question on which such vote had been taken. A motion to reconsider being put and lost, shall not be renewed.

RULE 32 Any member may call for a division of the question, when the same will admit of it. A motion to strike out being lost, shall not preclude an amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 33. In presenting a petition, memorial, remonstrance, or other communication, addressed to the Senate or Assembly, the member shall only state the general purport of it.

RULE 34. A member offering a resolution, or an amendment to a bill, resolution or memorial, shall first read the same in his place, before presenting it to the President; and every petition, memorial remonstrance, resolution, bill and report of committee shall be endorsed with its appropriate title; and immediately under the endorsement the name of the member presenting the same shall be written.

RULE 35. Any three members may make a call of the Senate and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the Senate cannot be made after the voting has commenced; and the call of the Senate being ordered, and the absentees noted, the doors shall be closed and no member permitted to leave the room until the

report of the sergeant-at-arms be received and acted upon, or further proceeding in the call be suspended, or the Senate adjourn. Previous to the reception of such report, further proceedings in the call shall not be suspended except by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

RULE 36. The rules observed in the Senate shall govern as far as practicable, the proceedings in committee of the whole, except that a member may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, and that a call of the ayes and noes, or for the previous question, cannot be made in committee.

RULE 37. Amendments made in committee of the whole, shall be entered on a separate piece of paper, and so reported to the Senate by the chairman, standing in his place; which amendments shall not be read by the President, unless required by one or more members. Amendments and other propositions reported by the committee of the whole, shall be disposed of in the same manner as if proposed in the Senate.

RULE 38. All bills and resolutions shall be introduced by motion for leave, after one day's previous notice, or upon reports of committees. And all bills, when introduced, shall be endorsed with the name of the member or committee.

RULE 39. Every bill or joint resolution requiring the approval of the Governor, shall receive three several readings, previous to its passage. The first reading shall be at length, and no bill shall receive a second and third reading on the same day.

RULE 40. No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or amended until it has been twice read. If objections are raised to the bill on its first reading, the question shall be "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading.

RULE 41. All bills and joint resolutions, requiring the approval of the Governor, shall on a second reading be considered in committee of the whole, before they shall be acted upon by the Senate; and those originating in the Senate, except resolutions not requiring the approval of the Governor, and except appropriations or local bills, before being considered in committee of the whole, shall be printed, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

RULE 42. Two hundred and fifty copies of every bill, joint resolution or memorial of a general nature, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered; and no bill of a private or local nature shall be printed unless ordered; and all bills, res-

olutions and amendments, after being printed, shall remain at least one day on the files before being considered.

RULE 43. The final question upon the second reading of every bill or other paper, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Shall it be engrossed and read the third time?" and upon every such bill or paper originating in the Assembly, "Shall it be ordered to a third reading?"

RULE 44. No amendments shall be received on the third reading, except to fill blanks, without the unanimous consent of the Senate. In filling blanks, the largest sum, longest time, and the greatest distance shall be first taken.

RULE 45. A bill or resolution, memorial or joint resolution, may be committed at any time previous to its passage: and if any amendment be reported upon such commitment, by any other than the committee of the whole, it shall again be read a second time, considered in committee of the whole, and the question for third reading and passage again put.

RULE 46. Every bill, joint resolution or memorial originating in the Senate, shall be carefully engrossed before being transmitted to the Assembly for concurrence.

RULE 47. Immediately after the passage of any bill or other paper, to which the concurrence of the Assembly is to be asked, it shall be the duty of the clerk to transmit the same to the Assembly, unless some member of the Senate shall make a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate passed said bill, or other paper, in which case the clerk shall not transmit said bill or other paper, until the motion to reconsider has been put; and on the concurrence in any bill or other paper of the Assembly by the Senate, or on the concurrence or disagreement in any vote of the Assembly by the Senate, it shall also be the duty of the clerk to notify the Assembly thereof.

RULE 49. Memorials to Congress, to the President of the United States, or the head of either of the departments, shall be considered in committee of the whole, before being adopted.

RULE 50. It shall be competent for any member when a question is being taken, to call for the ayes and noes, which shall be inserted in the journal. A call for the ayes and noes cannot be interrupted in any manner whatever.

RULE 51. Committees shall not absent themselves from the Senate by reason of their appointment, without special leave for that purpose be first obtained.

RULE 52. It shall be in order for the committee on enrollment to report at any time.

RULE 53. The proceedings of the Senate on executive business shall be kept in a separate book of record, to be provided by the Chief Clerk of the Senate, and published with the proceedings of the Senate. When an amendment of the Constitution, or any bill requiring the concurrence of more than a majority of Senators present, is under consideration, the concurrence of only a majority of the Senators present, shall be requisite to decide any question for amendments, or extending to the merits, being short of the final question.

RULE 54. The Rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules, and the orders of the Senate, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly. Upon the final passage of any bill or proposition in which the concurrence of more than a majority of Senators present is required by the Constitution of this State the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, which shall be entered at large upon the journal, and it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk to certify on the back of every such bill or proposition, the number of Senators voting for and against the passage of the same.

RULE 55. The President is authorized to administer all oaths prescribed in the foregoing rules.

RULE 56. The standing hour for the daily meeting of the Senate shall be 10 o'clock in the morning, until the Senate direct otherwise.

RULE 57. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice of the motion therefor; nor shall any rule be rescinded, changed or suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

RULE 58. All resolutions introduced shall, if objection be made to the consideration thereof, remain on the files one day before being considered, and all resolutions involving the expenditure of money shall, on their introduction, be referred to an appropriate committee and reported upon before being considered.

RULE 59. All bills for repealing or amending an act shall, in the title and in the body of the bill, designate the true title of the act proposed to be repealed or amended.

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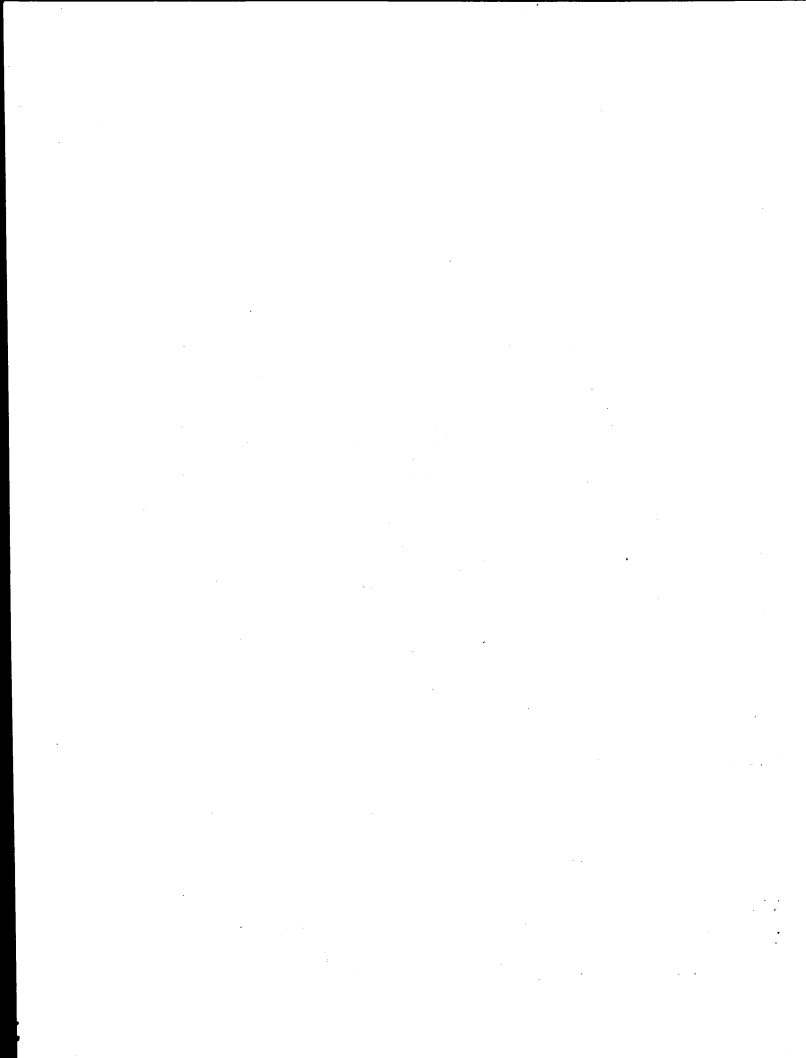
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