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BLUE BOOK

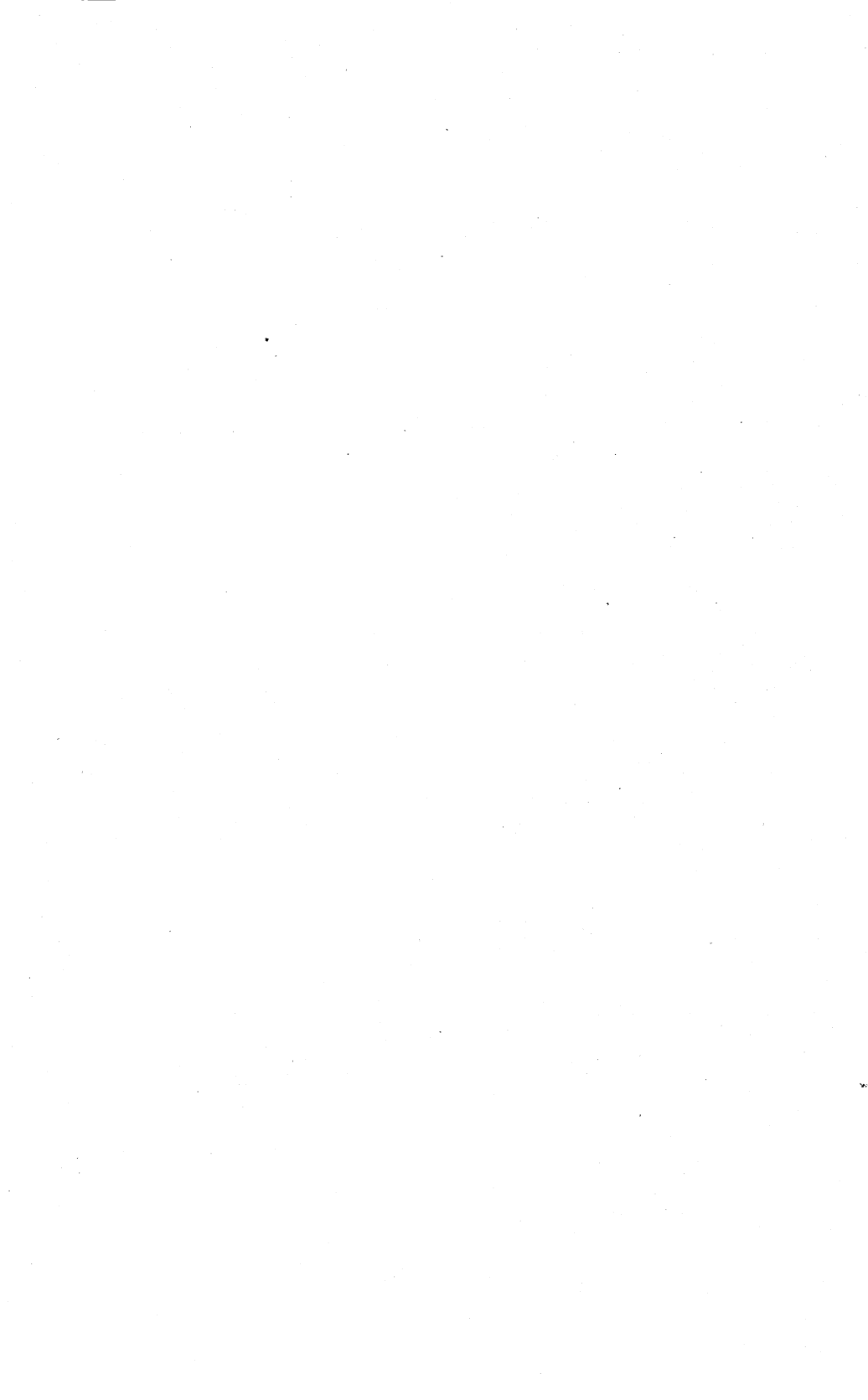


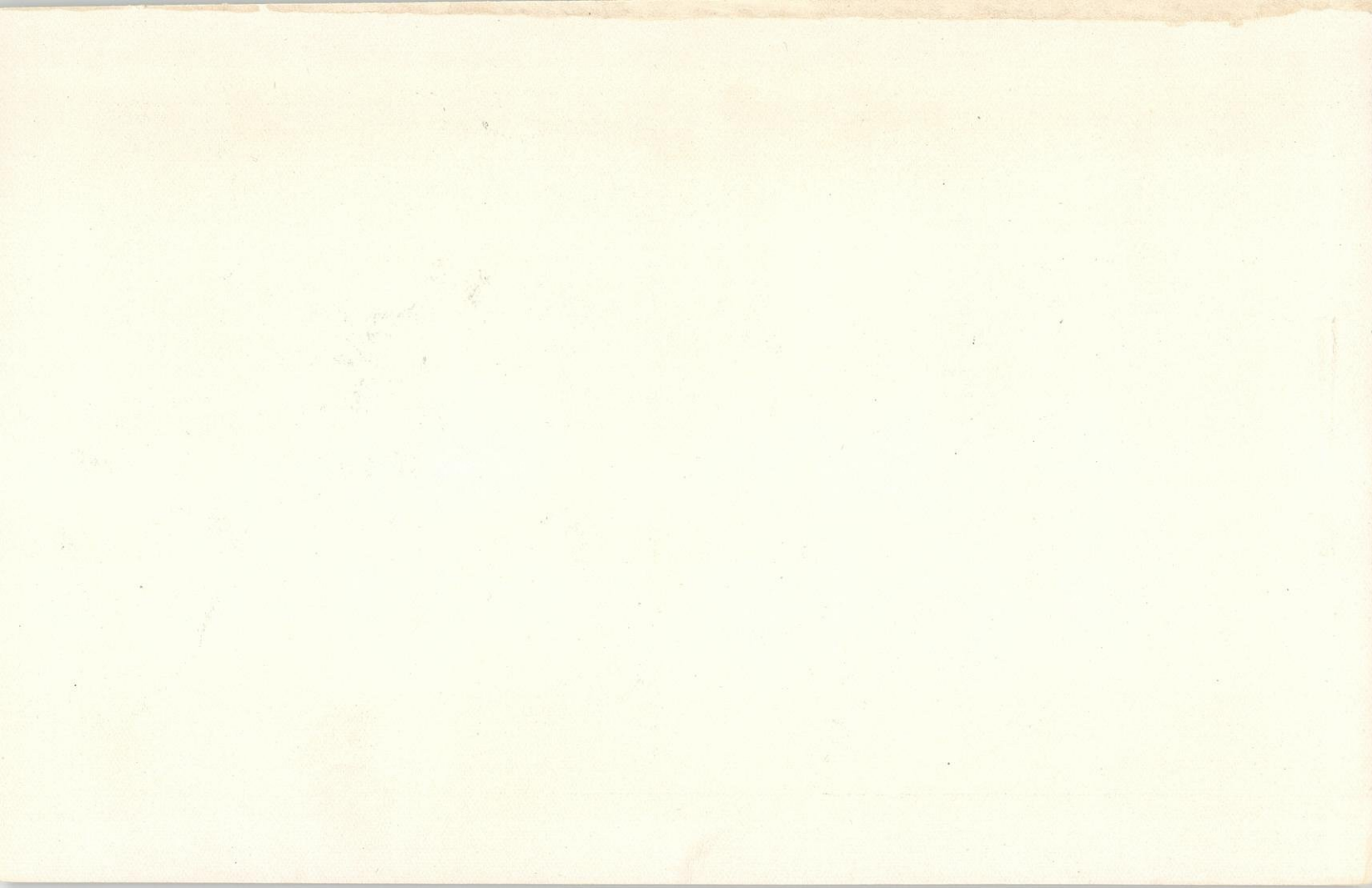
WISCONSIN 1909

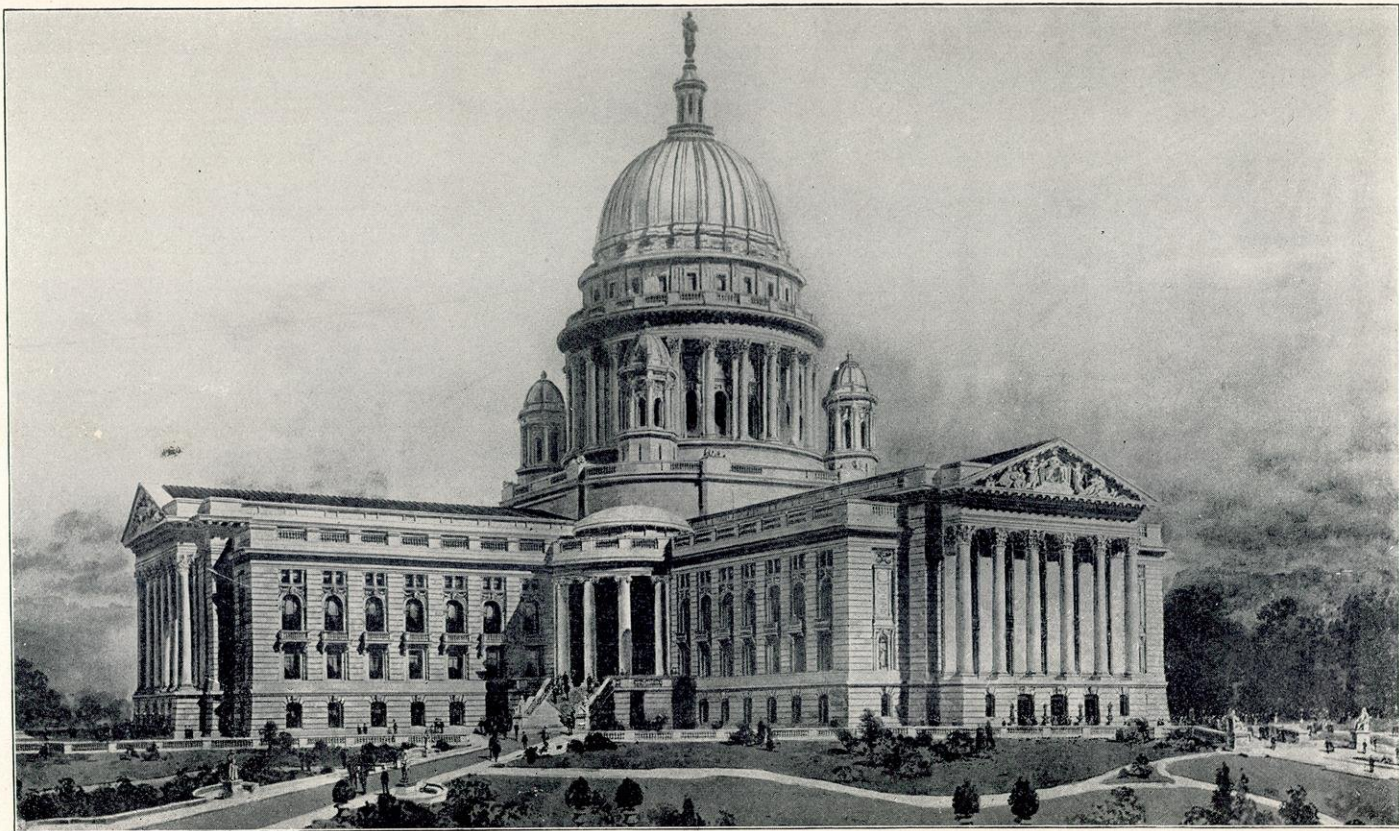
Compliments of

JOHN S. DONALD

Senator, 26th District







Wisconsin's new State Capitol as it will appear when completed—Madison.

THE
BLUE BOOK

OF THE
STATE OF WISCONSIN

COMPILED AND PUBLISHED UNDER
THE DIRECTION OF

J. D. BECK

Commissioner of Labor and Industrial Statistics



MADISON, WIS.
DEMOCRAT PRINTING CO., STATE PRINTER

1909

THE
BLUE BOOK

STATE OF WISCONSIN

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED UNDER
AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE

BLUE BOOK

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE



WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

1911

INTRODUCTION.

In accordance with chapter 405 of the laws of 1901, the thirty-fifth volume of the Wisconsin official Blue Book is herewith presented. The information herein contained has been taken from official sources and great care has been exercised to secure accuracy and eliminate errors as far as it is possible to do so in compiling a book of this kind. All of the old material which the law requires to be published in each succeeding edition remains unchanged, except that it has been brought up to date, February 1st, 1909, or later.

The increase in the size of each succeeding volume caused by the necessary additions to those parts of the Blue Book which the law provides shall be published has made it advisable not to add any new features to this edition.

The pictures of state institutions, members of congress, and of the state legislature, state officers and supreme judges, have been continued in this volume, also the usual statistics relating to taxes, state finances, banks, schools, Grand Army of the Republic, the state militia, etc., are continued.

In addition to giving all the post offices of the state, those that have been discontinued within the last five years have been inserted, together with the post office where mail should be sent to reach former patrons of the discontinued offices.

J. D. BECK,
Commissioner of Statistics.

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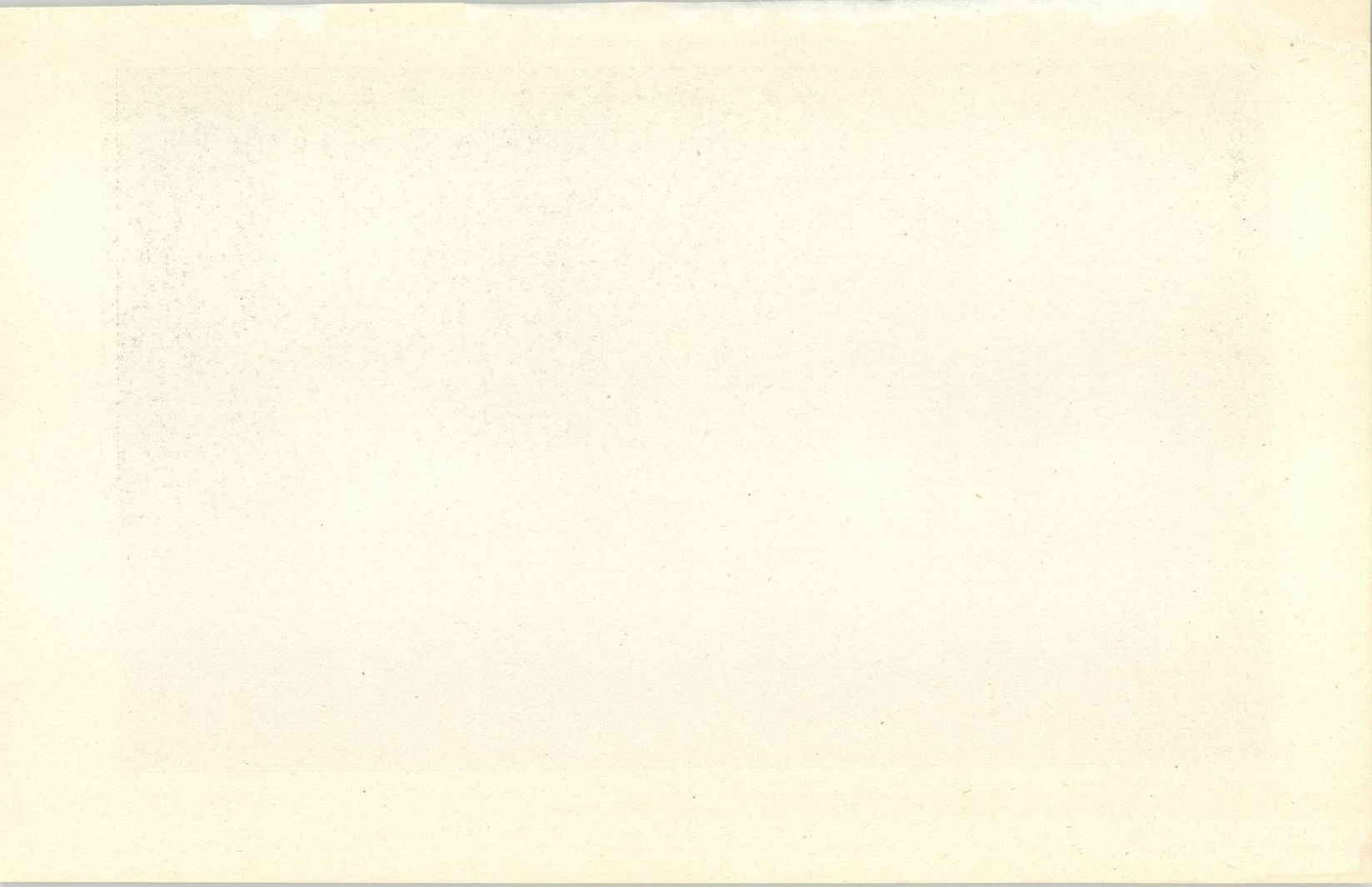
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EXECUTIVE MANSION, MADISON.

PART I.

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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and

the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war—in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The house of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island and Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall be-

come a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made

or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State, and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of

the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges of every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same. Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN,

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON.

DAVID BREARLY,

WM. PATERSON,

JONA DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
DANL. CARROLL.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was begun and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.— I vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons; houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal

case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the vote shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia—7.

All excepting Art. I ratified by Delaware—1.

All excepting Art. II ratified by Pennsylvania—1.

All excepting Arts. I and II ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island—3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts—3.

Article XI was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798.

Article XII was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky—2.

Article XIV was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California—1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland—3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon—6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee—1.

HISTORICAL OUTLINE OF THE ADMISSION OF WISCONSIN TO THE UNION.

[By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society of Wisconsin.]

Previous to the fall of New France (1763), what is now Wisconsin was held by the French, who had several military posts within its borders—the chief among them, at Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, and on Lake Pepin. Upon the assumption of British control, the country northwest of the River Ohio (including the present Wisconsin) was made a part of the Province of Quebec; but by the treaty of peace consequent upon the successful issue of the Revolution (1783), the country became a part of the United States. There were, at first, claims by tide-water States to some of the land in the then Northwest, but eventually these were abandoned, and the district became national domain. By the famous Ordinance of 1787, the trans-Ohio country was erected into the Northwest Territory; the ordinance provided for the ultimate establishment from this Territory, of five States. The story of how Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Illinois were in due course of time detached, will be found set forth in detail in the article on "The Boundaries of Wisconsin," in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, Vol. XI.

The country west of Lake Michigan and north of the Illinois line, became in course of time, a part of Michigan Territory. But the great distance from Detroit, at a time when there were no railways or telegraphs, was such as to render the exercise of civil government here, almost impracticable. Hence, after much complaint and recrimination, Congress was, in 1836, induced to erect Wisconsin Territory—the name being derived from its principal river. It is an Indian name, the exact meaning of which is unknown; popular writers are fond of telling us that it signifies "gathering of the waters," or "meeting of the waters"—but there is no warrant for this. The earliest-known French form of the word, is "Miconsing," which gradually became crystallized into "Ouisconsin." When the English language became dominant, it was necessary to change the spelling in order to preserve the sound; it thus, at first, became "Wiskonsan," or "Wiskonsin," but finally, by official action, "Wisconsin." The "k" was, however, rather strenuously insisted on by Governor Doty and many newspaper editors, in the days of the Territory.

Preliminary Agitation.—Some of the people of Wisconsin were not long content with a Territorial government. The Territory was only two years old, when a bill was introduced in Congress for a State government, but the attempt proved abortive. In 1841, Governor Doty, the leader in the movement, had the question put to popular vote, 92 voting for, and 499 against it; in 1842, there was still another vote,—ayes 619, nays 1,821; in 1843, a third attempt was defeated in the Territorial Council; and in 1845, still another met defeat in the House.

But at last, after ten years of Territorial existence, popular sentiment had been educated to a general desire for Statehood. Accordingly, Morgan L. Martin, of Green Bay, then the Territorial representative in Congress, gave notice in the House of Representatives (January 9, 1846), "of a motion for leave to introduce

a bill to enable the people of Wisconsin to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union." He followed this (January 13) by the introduction of a bill to that effect; the measure was approved by President Polk, August 10.

Meanwhile, the Council and House of Wisconsin Territory had favorably voted on the proposition, and took time by the forelock by discussing some of the principal features of the proposed State constitution. This was in January and February, 1846. On the 17th of April, the question of Statehood was passed upon by the people of the Territory, the returns this time showing 12,334 votes for, and 2,487 against. August 1, Governor Dodge issued a proclamation calling a convention for the drafting of a constitution, and apportioning 124 delegates to the various counties; these delegates were elected September 7.

First Constitutional Convention.—The convention was in session in the Territorial capitol at Madison, between October 5 and December 16, 1846. Don A. J. Upham was president, and Lafayette Kellogg secretary. The membership was as follows:

- Brown*—David Agry, Henry S. Baird.
Calumet—Lemuel Goodell.
Columbia—Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.
Crawford—Peter A. R. Brace.
Dane—John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.
Dodge—William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.
Fond du Lac—Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.¹
Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevens, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.
Green—Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.
Iowa—William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.
Jefferson—Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss,¹ Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Atwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.
La Pointe—James P. Hayes.
Marquette—Samuel W. Beall.
Manitowoc—Evander M. Soper.
Milwaukee—Don A. J. Upham, Franz Hübschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garrett M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.
Portage—Henry C. Goodrich.
Racine—Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes French, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Carter, T. S. Stockwell.²
Rock—A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.
Richland—Edward Coumbe.
Sauk—William H. Clark.
St. Croix—William Holcombe.
Sheboygan—David Giddings.
Washington—Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxé, Joel F. Wilson.
Waukesha—Andrew E. Elmore,¹ Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes, Babcock, Charles Burchard,³ James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins,¹ Alexander W. Randall.

¹ Known to be living, in December, 1902.

² This member never took his seat.

³ Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee.

Walworth—Salmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.¹
Winnebago—James Duane Doty.

The convention, as above constituted, was an able body of thoroughly representative men, of whom 42 were natives of New York State, 29 of New England, and 12 of foreign birth; 69 of them were farmers, and 26 lawyers. The oldest man was 65 years, and the youngest 23. The speeches, as recorded in the newspapers of the day, were of an exceptionally high order of excellence. The constitution which these men framed was submitted to popular vote, April 5, 1847, the result being 14,119 ayes and 20,231 nays. The contest over the document had been of an exciting nature; the defeat was owing to differences of opinion upon the article relating to the rights of married women, the article on exemptions, and those on banks, the elective judiciary, and the numerical size of the legislature.

Second Constitutional Convention. As soon as practicable, Governor Dodge (Sept. 27, 1847) called a special session of the legislature, which convened at Madison October 18, and made provisions for a second constitutional convention, with 69 members. Most of the members of the first convention declined reelection to the second; six alone were returned—Messrs. S. W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald, and Frederick S. Lovell. The membership was as follows, Morgan L. Martin being president, and Thomas McHugh secretary:

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia—James T. Lewis.

Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole, William Richardson.

Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss,² Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garrett M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schöffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage—William H. Kennedy.

Racine—Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix—George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.

Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinnie, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington—Patrick Pantony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

The second convention, which, on the whole, was thought to represent a more conservative element than the first, was in session at Madison from December 15, 1847, to February 1, 1848. The nativity list shows that 25 were born in New York State, 24 in New England, and only 7 in foreign lands. The oldest man was 65, and the youngest 25, with an average age of about 37.

¹ This member never took his seat.

² Known to be living, in December, 1902.

The members of both conventions were men of high standing in their respective communities; and later, many of them held prominent positions in the service of the nation and the State.

The State Admitted.—As soon as possible after the close of the convention, notice was given in Congress (February 21, 1848) by our representative, John H. Tweedy, of his intention to introduce another bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union. March 13, the people of the Territory voted on the new constitution, and it was adopted by 16,799 ayes and 6,384 nays. March 16, in a special message, President Polk submitted to Congress the Wisconsin constitution, with accompanying documents. March 20, Mr. Tweedy introduced his promised bill, which on April 13 was favorably reported from the committee on territories, read first and second times, and referred to the committee of the whole. It was made special order for May 9, and "each day thereafter until disposed of;" and on the 11th was engrossed, read a third time, and passed. The Senate at once took action; May 12, the bill was there read first and second times and referred to committee on territories; a week later (May 19), the bill was concurred in, and ten days later (May 29) it was approved by the President.

The State Begins Business.—Wisconsin was thus admitted to the Union of States, by the Act of Congress approved May 29, 1848.

Upon the day of the general vote on the new constitution (March 13), the Territorial legislature adjourned *sine die*, after making full arrangements for the new government which was to succeed it; for it was well understood what the popular verdict would be.

The general election for the first State officers and the members of the first State legislature was held May 8. Upon the 7th of June, Governor Nelson Dewey and his fellow officials were sworn into office, and the legislature opened its first session. Thus the State of Wisconsin began business.

Why the "Badger" State?—In the early lead-mining days in Southwestern Wisconsin, the miners from Southern Illinois and farther south returned home every winter and came back to the diggings in the spring, thus imitating the migrations of the fish popularly called the "sucker," in the Rock, Illinois, and other south-flowing rivers of the region. For this reason, the south-winterers were jocosely called "Suckers," and Illinois became known as "The Sucker State." On the other hand, lead-miners from the Eastern States were unable to return home every winter, and at first lived in rude dug-outs—burrowing into the hill-sides after the fashion of the badger (*Taxidea americana*). These men were the first permanent settlers in the mines north of the Illinois line; and thus Wisconsin, in later days, became dubbed "The Badger State." Contrary to general belief, the badger itself is not frequently found in Wisconsin.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

[The text of the State Constitution given below follows the original certified copy on file in the Department of State, except those portions that have been amended. The use of capital letters and punctuation marks conforms with the original.]

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom; in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquillity and promote the general welfare; do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness: to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech, or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions, or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence, and if it shall appear to the jury, that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble, to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases, in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment, or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the

county or district wherein the offence shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries, or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath, or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, ex-post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts shall ever be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited.—Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent, or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land, hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt, arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life, shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure, or sale for the payment of any debt, or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of his own conscience, shall never be infringed; nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against his consent; nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments, or modes of worship; nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious, or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office of public trust under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law, or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared, that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the State of Illinois—that is to say; at a point in the centre of Lake Michigan, where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule in a direct line to the centre of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cramm; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior, thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nichollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the centre of the main channel of that river to the north-west corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States", approved April 18th, 1818. Provided, however, that the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is proposed to the Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: Leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence in a direct line, bearing South-westerly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo, or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona-fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States, and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. PROVIDED, that nothing in this Constitution, or in the Act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice, or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land, granted to said state, and to be hereafter selected and located by and under the Act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights, approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882, and November 3, 1908.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State

for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.

2. Persons of foreign birth who, prior to the first day of December, A. D. 1908, shall have declared their intentions to become citizens conformable to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization; provided that the rights hereby granted to such persons shall cease on the first day of December, A. D. 1912.

3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non-compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason, or felony, be qualified to vote at any election, unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed, or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State, by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine in the army or navy of the United States, shall be deemed a resident of this State, in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly, or indirectly interested, in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

[Section 5, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of

the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The Senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature, who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

SECTION 8. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each house shall choose its own officers and the Senate shall choose a temporary president, when the Lieutenant-Governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

[Section 11, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the Governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill which may be passed by the Legislature shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either house of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

[Section 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. - In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the State, such powers of a local, legislative and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery, or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law, that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the Legislature may establish a maximum price; no member of the Legislature, or other State Officer shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into; nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased, or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts, suits may be brought against the State.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote viva-voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amendment to section 31, adopted November 8, 1892.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

SECTION 32. The Legislature shall provide general laws for the transaction of any business that may be prohibited by section thirty-one of this article, and all such laws shall be uniform in their operations throughout the State.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for two years; a Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State, shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be elected; but in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor, the two houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes, for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Military and Naval forces of the State. He shall have power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions, and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State; and recommend such matters to them for their consideration as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

[Section 5, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offences, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Under conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence, until the case shall be reported to the Legislature at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of War, at the head of the Military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-chief of the Military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or

from mental, or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor, until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

[Section 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

[Section 10 as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, Nov. 3, 1908.]

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto, before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex-officio Auditor and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office, after he shall have been impeached, until his acquittal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme court, Circuit courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in municipal courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. Provided, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in municipal courts, shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of circuit courts in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution: And that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of Judges of the Municipal courts, as of the Judges of inferior courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the Judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. The Supreme court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas-corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari; and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 7, 1903.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court shall be severally known as justices of said court, with the same terms of office of ten years respectively as now provided. The Supreme Court shall consist of seven justices, any four of whom shall be a quorum, to be elected as now provided, not more than one each year. The justice having been longest a continuous member of said court, or in case two or more such senior justices shall have served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires shall be ex-officio, the chief justice.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The first circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green; the second circuit the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane; the third circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage; the fourth circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet; and the fifth circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix for judicial purposes until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding

them by county lines; but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for the judges of the circuit court.

[Section 7, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 6, 1897.]

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof, one circuit judge, except that in any circuit composed of one county only, which county shall contain a population according to the last state or United States census, of one hundred thousand inhabitants or over, the Legislature may, from time to time, authorize additional circuit judges to be chosen. Every circuit judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 8. The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law; and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of judge of the Supreme or circuit courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the judges of the Supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term, annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law, and the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held, at least twice in each year, in each county of this State organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

SECTION 13. Any judge of the Supreme or circuit court may be removed from office, by address of both houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him, as the ground of address, and shall have had

an opportunity of being heard in his defence. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successors shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer Probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meeting, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy, occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices, thus elected, shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin"; all criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced, or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law, and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor, in any court of this State, shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person, or by an Attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions, made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system, adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such person such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, that said power shall not exceed that of a judge of a circuit court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1908.]

SECTION 1. The rules of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe. Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive, and reasonable exemptions may be provided.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given, or loaned, in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts (but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars). Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed, or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt, or charge, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public, or trust money, or releases, discharges, or commutes a claim, or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate or other evidence of State debt, whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this Article.

[Section 10, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1908.]

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of Internal Improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works, but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of Internal Improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

Provided that the State may appropriate money in the treasury or to be thereafter raised by taxation for the construction or improvement of public highways.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on the State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State, or Territory, now or hereafter



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to be formed, and bounded by the same: And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State, as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title to all lands and other property which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat, or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property, in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State, and all lands the title to which shall fall from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

[Section 1, as amended by vote of the people at the General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a state superintendent and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct; and their qualifications, powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. The state superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state at the same time and in the same manner as members of the supreme court, and shall hold his office for four years from the succeeding first Monday in July. The state superintendent chosen at the general election in November, 1902, shall hold and continue in his office until the first Monday of July, 1905, and his successor shall be chosen at the time of the judicial election in April, 1905. The term of office, time and manner of electing or appointing all other officers of supervision of public instruction shall be fixed by law.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands, that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University) and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; and the clear proceeds of all fines collected, in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned) shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called "The School Fund," the interest of which and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to-wit:

First. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Second. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of Academies and Normal Schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of District Schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable; and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition, to all children between the ages of four and twenty years; and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law, for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city, or town, for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax; nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State government, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, to be called "The University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no Sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of the School and University lands, and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and University lands, after they shall have been appraised; and when any portion of such lands shall be sold and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts, enacted under the provisions of this section, may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use, against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state

and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

[Section 4, and 5, as amended by a vote of the people at a General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION 4. The legislature shall have power to enact a general banking law for the creation of banks, and for the regulation and supervision of the banking business, provided that the vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, be in favor of the passage of such law.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment, or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either house of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election; and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election, and if, in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment, or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment, or amendments to the people in such manner, and at such time, as the Legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment, or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment, or amendments, shall become part of the Constitution; PROVIDED, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature. And if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon, have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session, provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall for-

ever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (Postmasters excepted) or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States; and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county, or town therein, or to any State, or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit, or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State, and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands, within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence, for State, United States or County officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a chief clerk and a sergeant-at-arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles, or less, shall be divided, or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county, voting on the question, shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county, voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election, or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

[Article XIII, as amended by addition of Section 11, by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION 11. No person, association, co-partnership or corporation, shall promise, offer, or give, for any purpose, to any political committee, or any member or employe thereof, to any candidate for, or incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality of this state, or to any person at the request or for the advantage of all, or any of them, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property, or the transmission of any message or communication. No political committee, and no member or employe thereof, no candidate for, and no incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality of this state, shall ask for, or accept, from any person, association, co-partnership, or corporation, or use, in any manner, or for any purpose, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property, or the transmission of any message or communication. Any violation of any of the above provisions shall be bribery and be punished as provided by law, and if

any officer or any member of the legislature be guilty thereof, his office shall become vacant. No person with the purview of this act shall be privileged from testifying in relation to anything therein prohibited; and no person having so testified shall be liable to any prosecution or punishment for any offense concerning which he was required to give his testimony or produce any documentary evidence. The railroad commissioner and his deputy in the discharge of duty are excepted from the provisions of this amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a permanent State government, it is declared, that all rights actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals, as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all process which may be issued under the authority of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as val'd as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures, accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken or which may be taken before the change from Territorial to a permanent State government, shall remain valid and shall pass to and may be prosecuted in the name of the State; and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer, or court, in his, or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate, or property, real, personal, or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatsoever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered, in the same manner and to the same extent by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offences committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred, shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State, which shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government, until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "An act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27th, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of this Territory, as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States, at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory, and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization, and all persons having such qualification shall be entitled to vote for, or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by the said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word "yes" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth day of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, members of the State Legislature, and members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next; and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two members of Congress shall also be elected, on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green, shall constitute the first congressional district and elect one member. And the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix, and La Pointe, shall constitute the second congressional district, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections, provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory, provided that no elector shall be entitled to vote except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of elections for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, or County Commissioners, as the case may be; and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued as now provided by law. In the first senatorial district, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the second senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Columbia; in the third senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the fourth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the fifth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time, that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of both houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned; and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly, shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned; and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator, or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hutisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fenimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa, and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in force for one year from the first Monday of January next; the Senators first elected in the odd-numbered Senate districts, and the members of the Assembly, first elected, shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any Judge or Justice of the Peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United [sic] be and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river,” approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd-numbered sections thereby granted and remaining unsold may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; and further, that the even-numbered sections reserved by Congress, may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved.—That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even-numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved.—That in case the said odd-numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands, provided that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States, shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution; and provided further, that the excess price, over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved.—That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds. . . . of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union,” approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in the said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United States be and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin,” that the price of the lands reserved to the United States, shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved.—That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to

the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to settlers on the public lands.

Resolved.—That the foregoing resolutions be appended to, and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHUGH, *Secretary.*

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <i>Calumet</i> — | <i>Milwaukee</i> —(continued.) |
| G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH. | BYRON KILBOURN, |
| <i>Columbia</i> — | RUFUS KING, |
| JAMES T. LEWIS. | CHARLES H. LARKIN, |
| <i>Crawford</i> — | MORITZ SCHOEFFLER. |
| DANIEL G. FENTON. | <i>Portage</i> — |
| <i>Dane</i> — | WILLIAM H. KENNEDY. |
| WILLIAM H. FOX, | <i>Racine</i> — |
| CHARLES M. NICHOLS, | ALBERT G. COLE, |
| WILLIAM A. WHEELER. | STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT, |
| <i>Dodge</i> — | ANDREW B. JACKSON, |
| STODDARD JUDD, | FREDERICK S. LOVELL, |
| CHARLES H. LARRABEE, | SAMUEL R. MCCLELLAN, |
| SAMUEL W. LYMAN. | JAMES D. REYNERT, |
| <i>Fond du Lac</i> — | HORACE T. SANDERS, |
| SAMUEL W. BEALL, | THEODORE SECOR. |
| WARREN CHASE. | <i>Rock</i> — |
| <i>Grant</i> — | ALMERIN M. CARTER, |
| ORSAMUS COLE, | JOSEPH COLLEY, |
| GEORGE W. LARIN, | PAUL CRANDALL, |
| ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY, | EZRA A. FOOT, |
| WILLIAM RICHARDSON, | LOUIS P. HARVEY, |
| JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE. | EDWARD V. WHITON. |
| <i>Green</i> — | <i>Sheboygan</i> — |
| JAMES BIGGS. | SILAS STEADMAN. |
| <i>Iowa</i> — | <i>Walworth</i> — |
| CHARLES BISHOP, | EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK, |
| STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK, | GEORGE GALE, |
| JOSEPH WARD. | JAMES HARRINGTON, |
| <i>Jefferson</i> — | AUGUSTUS C. KINNE, |
| JONAS FOLTS, | HOLLIS LATHAM, |
| MILO JONES, | EZRA A. MULFORD. |
| THEODORE PRENTISS, | <i>Washington</i> — |
| ABRAM VANDERPOOL. | JAMES FAGAN, |
| <i>La Fayette</i> — | PATRICK PENTONY, |
| CHARLES DUNN, | HARVEY G. TURNER. |
| JOHN O'CONNOR, | <i>Waukesha</i> — |
| ALLEN WARDEN. | SQUIRE S. CASE, |
| <i>Milwaukee</i> — | ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN, |
| JOHN L. DORAN, | PETER D. GIFFORD, |
| GARRETT M. FITZGERALD, | ELEAZER ROOT, |
| ALBERT FOWLER, | GEORGE SCAGEL. |
| | <i>Winnebago</i> — |
| | HARRISON REED. |



STATE OFFICERS.

1. James O. Davidson, Governor. 2. Jas. A. Frear, Secretary of State. 3. Andrew H. Dahl, Treasurer. 4. John Strange, Lieutenant Governor. 5. Frank L. Gilbert, Attorney General. 6. C. P. Cary Superintendent of Public Instruction. 7. Geo. E. Beedle, Insurance Commissioner.



MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE.—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, []. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his wife, nor his servants (familiaris sui), for any matter of their own, may be arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit; 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege; 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court; 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. S. c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws." 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S.*, Art. I, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S.*, Art. II, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio.³ 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Str.*, 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Str.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be under-

¹ Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

² *Elsynge*, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; *Grey's Deb.*, 133.

³ *Str.*, 989.

stood." (1580.) 1 *Hats.*, 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Str.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish

all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 59, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only *ex re nata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which if these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the meantime, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1 *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex. Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex. Parl.*, 23; 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent in to custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place. *Const. U. S.*, I, 6, *S. P.*, *Protest of the Commons to James I*, 1621; 2 *Rapin*, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 *Rush.*, 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. *Com. p.*

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex. Parl.*, 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 *Nelson*, 450; 2 *Grey*, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob.*, 72; *L. Parl.*, c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and

so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor.* 4 *Rushw.*, 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 *El.* 1580; *D'Eves*, 283, *col. 1*; *Lex Parl.*, 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 259. Of which see many examples. *Id.*, 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any matter depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 *Hats.*, 252. 4 *Inst.*, 15. *Seld. Jud.*, 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 *Nelson*, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 *Hats.*, 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const.*, I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States, I, 2.*]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const., I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const., I, 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. *2 Hats., 125, 126.*

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons, 92.*

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. *2 Hats., 72.*

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members. Respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.*]

SECTION IX

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution, I, 3.*]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. *Const., I, 2.*]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the house; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. 2 *Hats.*, 168. As are also questions of adjournment. 6 *Grey*, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it *de die in diem* for 14 days. 1 *Chand.*, 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.]

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed. Instances of this are 1 *H.*, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and 15 *H.*, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673,
February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer
chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, 31 *H.*, VI. 3 *Grey*, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. 2 *Hats.*, 161; 4 *Inst.*; 8, *L. Parl.*, 263.

A speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* 2 *Grey*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 134.

} Not merely pro tempore. 1
Chand., 169, 276, 277.

* **RULE 23.** The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, 9 *Grey*, 473; 1 *Chandler*, 208, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. 2 *Hats.*, 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The first person named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 *Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; 1 *Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Ewes*, 630, col. 1; 4 *Parl. Hist.*, 440; 2 *Hats.*, 77.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 *Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the

chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the house into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the house have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "to-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down;

but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. *Jour. H. of C.*, Jan. 22, 1744-'45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But where the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 306, 406; 10 *Grey*, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.]

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, I, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow, 2 *Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 *Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 *Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this Honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 *Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. *Scob.*, 6; 3 *Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewces*, 487, col. 1; 2 *Hats.*, 77; 4 *Grey*, 66; 8 *Grey*, 108.

But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 75; 1 *Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule 3.*]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 *Grey*, 390; 5 *Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Ewes*, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the chair shall speak first. Rule 5.*]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; *Arcau Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. *Rule 4.*]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29) or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town. col.*, 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; that he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in *feri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mem. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.*, 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. *Rule 6.*]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. *Rule 2.*]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (*Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Ewes*, 332, *col.* 1, 640, *col.* 1), speaking or whispering to another (*Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes.*, 487, *col.* 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, *col.* 205; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 328; 5 *Grey*, 382; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 293; 5 *Grey*, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the house is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the House is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 170; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." *Rule 7.*]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular vote or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House shall be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceeding of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of

another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 6 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118.

In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut but to be kept by porters, or sergeant-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other House. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 120; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughhead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lex.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 9 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and avowed by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule* 24.]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received. But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob.*, 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule* 9.]

It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule* 10.]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs

from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen.*, June 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule 26.*]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice at least shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule 25.*]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; *col. 1*; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not mend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Town.*, col. 208; *D'Ewes*, 634, col. 2; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule 27.*]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule 34.*]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob.*, 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 *Grey*, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills*, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 *Grey*, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob.*, 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 *Hats.*, 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can not recur back and make any alterations in a former part. 2 *Hats.*, 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob.*, 50; 7 *Grey*, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or *e converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the house, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 *Hats.*, 289, 292; *Scob.*, 53; 2 *Hats.*, 290; 8 *Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, *June* 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.*, 50), and where, by references to the page, line and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakew.*, 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 *Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *sciatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47, 104, 360; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the house to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.



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SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee). And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice-President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The Proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House, acting as in a Committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or altered when reported to the House. 3. A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 4. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and, therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able, as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may, with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to

*The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:

[RULE 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment: and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Feb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lex Parl.*, 274; *Elsyng's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order.

*This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows:

[When a question is under debate, no motion shall be made but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:

Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment.
Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session,
Postponement to a day within the session,
{ Postponement indefinite,
{ Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

<p>1. Previous question and postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>2. Postpone and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>3. Commit and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">amend.....</p> <p>4. Amend and previous question.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">postpone.....</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">commit.....</p>	<p style="font-size: 3em;">}</p>	<p>In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule "first moved first put" takes place.</p>
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In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commitment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Häts.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received

but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put?—*i. e.*, at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum shall be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 132, 133. And this is considered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the *terminus ad quem* in any other case; then the question must begin *a maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin *a minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 384, 385. "The fair question in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

[* *Rule 13.* In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1694. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hatsell advises, that the main question be not now put, with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the

object of the previous question, being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question, as Mr. Hatsell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it ab inconvenienti, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition, and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. *2 Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. *1 Grey*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. *2 Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. *2 Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is

one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case where the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of a motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks.—These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

*In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition: but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights of Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 *Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 *Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to the question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea—will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been competely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand *ipso facto* before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*e. g.*, the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakew.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d, to disagree; 3d, to recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| <p>1st. To agree.</p> <p>2d. To disagree.</p> | } | <p>Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; <i>e. g.</i>, if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.</p> |
| <p>3d. To recede.</p> <p>4th. To insist.</p> <p>5th. To adhere.</p> | } | <p>You may then either insist or adhere.</p> <p>You may then either recede or adhere.</p> <p>You may then either recede or insist.</p> |

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviate or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hakew.*, 136, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted," etc., he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviate presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hakew.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it was declared not usual. *D'Eves*, 337, col. 2; 414, col. 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Elsynge's Memorials*, 59; 6 *Grey*, 333; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, col. 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 134; 1 *Rush*, p. 3, fol. 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Eves*, 505, col. 1; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received ¹	}	Ayes.
Read		
Lie on the table.....	}	Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table.....		
Referred to committee for further proceeding.....	}	Ayes.
Bill, that it be brought in.....		
Read first or second time.....	}	Ayes.
Engrossed or read a third time.....		
Proceedings on every other stage.....		
Committed	}	Noes.
To committee of the whole.....		
To select committee.....	}	Ayes.
Report of bill to lie on table.....		
Be now read.....	}	Ayes.
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....		
Amendments to be read a second time.....	}	Noes.
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....		
For receiving a clause.....	}	Ayes.
With amendments be engrossed.....		

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¹ Noes. 9 Grey, 365.

That a bill be <i>now</i> read a third time.....	Noes.	398
Receive a rider.....	260	
Pass.....	Ayes.	256
Be printed.....		
Committees. That A take the chair.....		
To agree to the whole or any part of report.....		
That the House do <i>now</i> resolve into committee.....		
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee.....	Noes.	291
That he issue warrant for new writ.....		
Member. That none be absent without leave.....		
Witness. That he be further examined.....		
Previous question.....	Ayes.	344
Blanks. That they be filed with the largest sum.....	Noes.	
Amendments. That words stand part of.....	Ayes.	
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....	Noes.	
Messenger be received.....		
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....	Ayes.	
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock... If after 4 o'clock.....	Noes.	
If after 4 o'clock.....	Ayes.	
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution).....	Noes.	
Over the 30th of January.....	Ayes.	
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day	Noes.	
	Ayes.	

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. 2 *Hats.*, 145, *note*.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *e. g.*, the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and

gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate if there be an equal division the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 *Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; 2 *Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division must last several hours. 2 *Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Hakew.*, 93. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, 1, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 *Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

* This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be recommitted.]

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Towns.*, col. 67; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hakew.*, 158; 6 *Grey*, 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *e. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Towns.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats.*, 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Ib.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hakew.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk, in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 *Hats.*, 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This 's not in contradiction to the first act.

* This rule now fixes the limitation.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *e. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagreement; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Nisynge*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 363; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Hats.*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 *Chand.*, 288. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was

unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that Conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 144. The other house, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate*, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (*ib.*, 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all cases of conferences asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the con-

ferrees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferrees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. H. Com.*, 89; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 128, 300, 387; 7 *Grey*, 80; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 293; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill. 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messages are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule* 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on *de novo*.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Hakew.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*, 25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other house, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silencio, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one House was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chandler*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Ib.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the President's objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S.*, 1, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except in a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S.*, 1, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule 32.*]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. 2 *Hats.*, 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. 2 *Hats.*, 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. 1 *Chandler*, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob.*, 110, 111; *Lex Parl.*, 114, 115; *Jour. H. C.*, Mar. 17, 1592; *Hale, Parl.*, 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 *H.* 8 c. 16; 4 *Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 *Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 *Hats.*, 361; 3 *Hats.*, 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 *Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of

either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 *Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blacks.*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the President may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Lex Parl.*, c. 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 252; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blakst.*, 186. There whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to-wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I, 3) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I, 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the

Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the — day of —.]

When it was said above all that matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 120, 381; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament.*

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const., U. S., II, 2.*]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by parliament. *Ware v. Hayton, 3 Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel, b., c. 19, sec. 214.* An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. *4 Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; *2 Smollet*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representatives such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, e. g., the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S., I, 3.*]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to remove from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const., I, 3.*]

[The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const., II, 4.*]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const., III, 2.*]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject:

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *Seld. Judic. in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the commons. *Ib.*, 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; *Wooddeson*, 601, 576; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1604, 1618; 9, 1653.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachev. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he find sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Ray*; 1 *Rushw.*, 268; *Fost.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Reb.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rush.*, 274; 1 *Rush.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 Nov., 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *St. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Sel. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 233; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons*, March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 R. 2), a jury was empanelled for her trial

before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L.*, 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushv., Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 *Feb.*, 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167; 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevail; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta. Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Post.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, contra), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.*, 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 *Dec.*, 1790; *Lords' Journ.*, May 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 62, S.,
SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1899.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

ORGANIZATION.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Senators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The oath of office is usually administered to the newly elected Senators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the Senators take the oath of office the election of President pro tem., Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the Clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms of both the respective Houses is required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS.—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings: and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty:

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.

3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.

4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.

2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive officer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The **POSTMASTER** attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

The **ASSISTANT POSTMASTER** brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The **DOORKEEPERS** attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby, and vestibule; see that visi-

tors are seated and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.

2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.

3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.

4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.

5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:—" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from ————." The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein.

If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two-thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's vote. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law.

A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. ——. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms.

Of Titles:

No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section — of chapter — of the —.

Repealing out:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, (relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length).

Appropriation bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."

Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

<p>No. —, A.,</p> <p>A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">_____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">MR. GORDON.</p> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">_____</p>
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RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. —, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill—†

It must *invariably* be in the following form:

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—*Const., Art. IV, Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To —: You are hereby commanded, that laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. —, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. —, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate — at the room of said committee —, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the — day of —, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and —, at the hour of — in the — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — day of —, A. D. 18—.

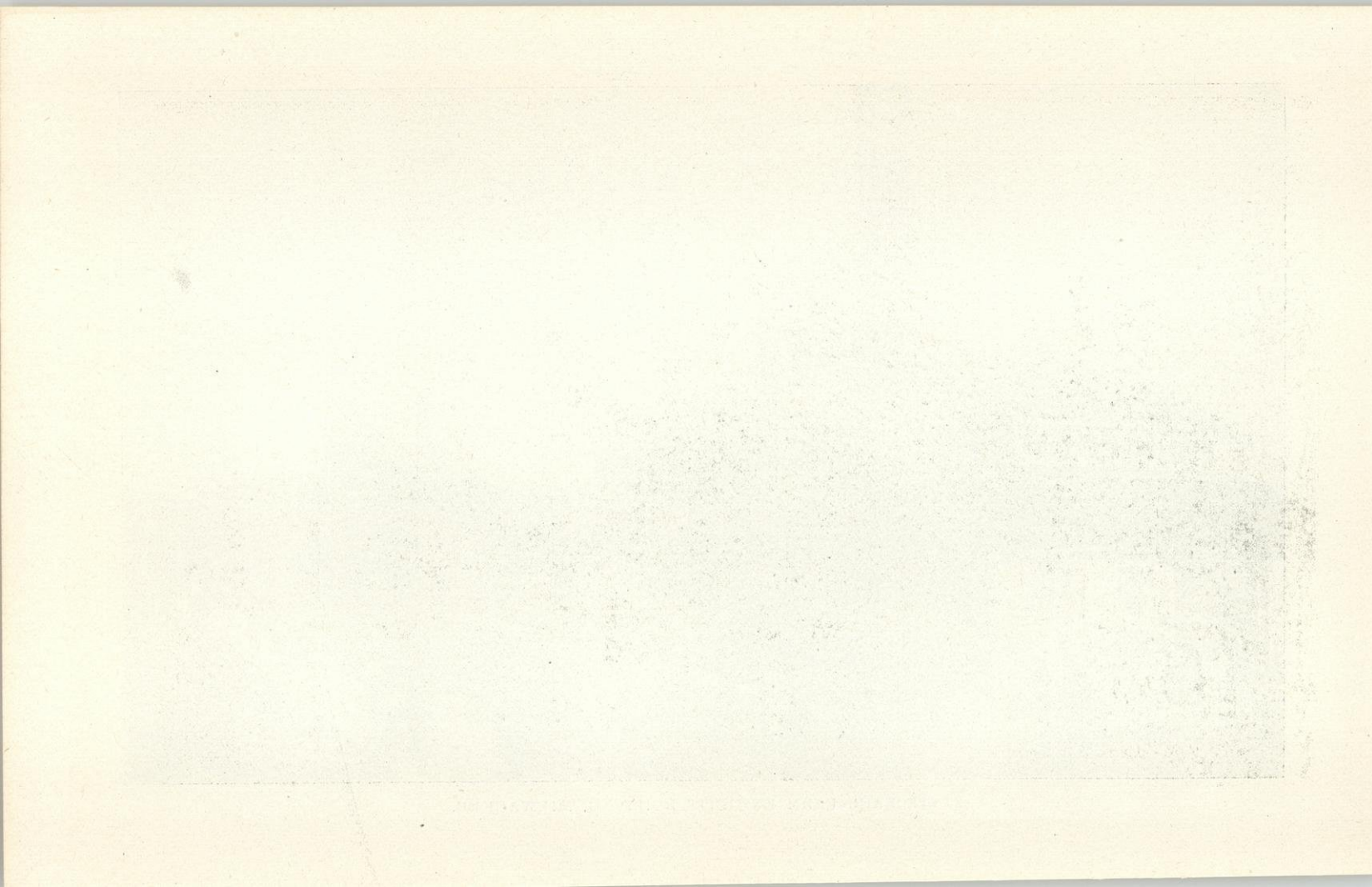
"—, *Presiding Officer.*

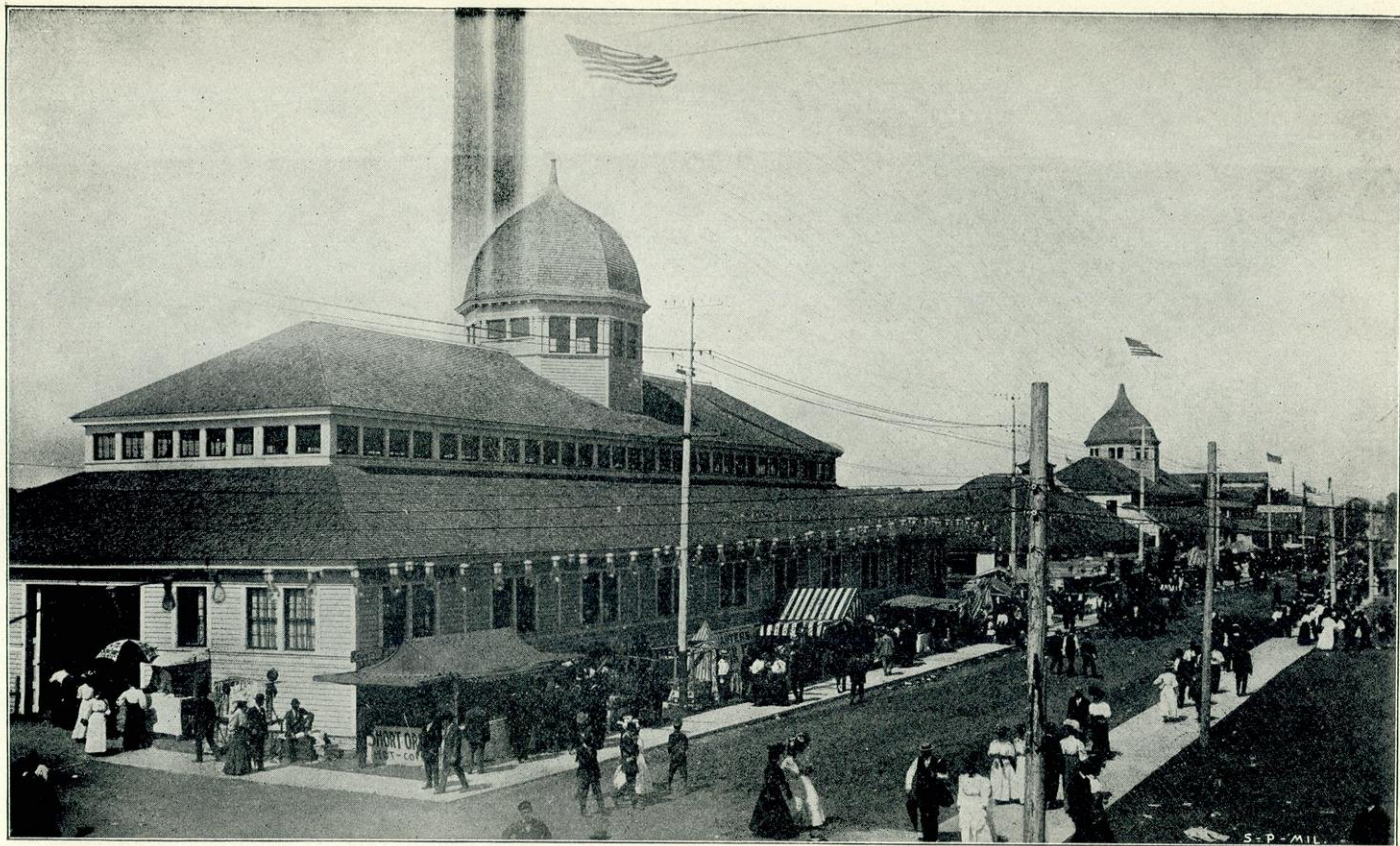
"Attest:

"—, *Chief Clerk of the —.*"

* It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

† Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.





STATE FAIR, FARM EXHIBITS BUILDING, MILWAUKEE.

S-P-MIL

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used:

"To Hon. ————, (*Presiding Officer*).

"I, ————, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate ————, do hereby certify that ———— has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said ———— has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated, Madison, —, 18—, at — o'clock.

—————."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

"*The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:*

It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to ————, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. ————, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. ————, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate ————, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the ———— day of ————, A. D. 18—, at the hour of ———— in the ———— noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said ————, on the ———— day of ————, A. D. 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said ———— has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; *therefore*, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said ————, and bring him before the ————, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fail not.

"Given at the ———— Chamber in the city of Madison aforesaid, this ———— day of ————, A. D. 18—.

—————, (*Presiding Officer*).

"*Chief Clerk of the ————.*"

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the ———— day of ————, 18—, arrest the body of ————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ———— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly chamber, —, 18—.

"*Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly.*"

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form of such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

"*Resolved*, that the neglect or failure of ————, to appear before the joint investigating committee composed of Messrs. ————, of the Senate, and Messrs. ————, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the ———— instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"*Int. 1.*—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the — inst.?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the refusal of ——— to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, on the — instant, and which questions were certified to the House by ———, Chairman of said committee and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the — instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which ——— is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment cannot extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on investigation should consist of three parts:

1. The testimony taken.
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby or conclusions derived therefrom.
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member—

"Two-thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 8.

To do any business, except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members—

"A majority." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal—

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State—

"A majority of three-fifths." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day—

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members—

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII, Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention—

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII, Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt—

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

"A majority" of a quorum.

RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE

Adopted at the Session of 1907.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1. Hour for meeting. The hour for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2. Roll call, quorum. Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each house shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

3. Leave of absence. No member or officer of either house, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4. Privileges of house to contestants for seats. Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the house until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the chamber, during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5. Who may be admitted to the floor. Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to that portion of the floor of the two houses reserved to the members during the session thereof, viz.: The governor, lieutenant governor, members of the legislature, state officers, regents of the university, regents of the normal schools, members of congress, judges of the supreme court and other courts, ex-members of the legislature, not engaged in defeating or promoting any pending legislation, all editors of newspapers within the state, and reporters for the press, who confine themselves to their professional duties, and such other persons as the presiding officer upon the order of the house may invite.

6. Disturbance in lobby. Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons except members and officers.

7. Reading and smoking during session. No member or officer of either house shall read newspapers within the bar of the house, or smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

8. Senate called to order by lieutenant governor. The lieutenant governor of the state, who by the 8th section of the 5th article of the constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the senate, shall, when present, take the chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the senate, when he shall call the

senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the senate remains in session.

9. President pro tem.; not excused from voting. The senate shall elect a president pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the president of the senate in the absence of the president, and in the absence or inability of the president pro tem. to preside, the president shall have the right to name any senator to perform the duties of the chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the president; but no senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the president pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the senate.

10. Speaker of the assembly. The assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled speaker of the assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

11. Duties of presiding officer. It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the house in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the house, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, on any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the government, and to announce them to the house;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the house over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules, who are to serve on committees, and in general;

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each house is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

12. Presiding officer to preserve order; appeal. The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the house. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the journal.

13. May call member to chair. The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

14. Temporary presiding officer. In the absence of the presiding officer, in either house, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.

15. Speaker to vote. The speaker of the assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with these of the other members.

16. Lieutenant-governor to cast deciding vote. The lieutenant governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote.

See section 8 of article V, constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

17. Election and duties of chief clerks. A chief clerk, of the senate and assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall superintend the recording of the journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall cause to be kept and prepared for the printer the daily journal of the proceedings and in addition thereto arrange daily for the printer in numerical order of each bill or resolution, the amendments offered thereto and all reports and action had thereon, in such manner as can most conveniently be printed on slips for pasting or binding into the files opposite the proper bill or resolution; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for all the official acts of his assistants.

18. Clerical corrections to bills. (1) Minor clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography or grammar, or the use of one word for another, as "affect" for "effect," wrong numbering or references, whether such errors occur in the original bill or in any amendment thereto, shall be corrected by the chief clerk as a matter of course upon the approval of the chairman of any committee to which the bill was referred.

(2) The chief clerk shall insert the enacting or usual enabling clause in any bill before its passage if the same shall have been omitted.

(3) Any corrections made by the clerk under this rule shall be noted by him upon the journal.

(4) Webster's Dictionary shall be the standard.

19. Signing of documents. All acts, memorials and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the house shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

20. Filing of bills. The superintendent of public property shall provide envelopes of a suitable size to hold any bill, memorial or resolution and the papers pertaining thereto, respectively, without folding or rolling, and cases or drawers for the vertical filing thereof without folding. The clerk shall not file any paper for any purpose, the cover of which has been either folded or rolled. The clerk shall provide a substantial cover for bills. Such envelopes and covers for each house shall be distinguished by the color thereof. The envelope shall be properly ruled to receive the notations of the clerk.

There shall be noted by the clerk, upon the envelope, the number and title of the bill or resolution, and the date of introduction, the name of the person or committee introducing it and the committee reference, and upon the cover the number of the bill or resolution and the name of the person or committee introducing it. The usual notations of the clerk shall be made on the envelope and any paper placed therein shall bear the initials of the chief clerk and the date of its receipt.

21. Election and duties of sergeant-at-arms. A sergeant-at-arms of the senate and assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the house or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc.,

are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of sergeant-at-arms.

22. Employment and discharge of employes. In the senate all appointments and removals of assistants to the chief clerk or subordinates to the sergeant-at-arms shall be made by such chief clerk or sergeant-at-arms respectively.

In the assembly all appointments and removals of assistants to the chief clerk or subordinates to the sergeant-at-arms shall be made by such chief clerk or sergeant respectively, subject to the approval of the committee on Legislative Expenditures and Employes. No employe shall be allowed compensation except for such time as he is actually in attendance.

23. Standing committees of the senate. The following standing committees shall be elected by the senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, viz.:

- On Judiciary—Seven members.
- On State Affairs—Five members.
- On Banks and Insurance—Five members.
- On Transportation—Five members.
- On Education—Five members.
- On Manufactures and Labor—Five members.
- On Taxation—Seven members.
- On Villages and Cities—Five members.
- On Towns and Counties—Three members.
- On Military Affairs—Three members.
- On Public Health—Three members.
- On Elections—Five members.
- On Legislative Expenditures and Employes—Five members.
- On Federal Relations—Three members.
- On Roads and Bridges—Three members.
- On Agriculture—Five members.
- On Engrossed Bills—Three members.

24. Joint Committees. The joint committees shall be elected and appointed as herein provided for the committees of each house respectively, and be as follows:

- On Claims (Appropriations)—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Charitable and Penal Institutions—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On State Departments—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Printing—Two from the senate and three from the assembly.
- On Fish and Game—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Capitol—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Rules—The president pro tem. and one other senator and the speaker and two other members.
- On Revision—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Enrolled Bills—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.
- On Forestry—Three from the senate and five from the assembly.

25. Standing committees of assembly. The standing committees of the assembly shall be appointed by the speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

- On Judiciary—Eleven members.
- On State Affairs—Seven members.
- On Cities—Nine members.
- On Banks and Insurance—Seven members.
- On Transportation—Eleven members.
- On Libraries—Five members.
- On Manufactures and Labor—Nine members.

- On Taxation—Nine members.
- On Villages—Five members.
- On Towns and Counties—Seven members.
- On Military Affairs—Five members.
- On Public Health—Five members.
- On Elections—Seven members.
- On Legislative Expenditures and Employes—Five members.
- On Federal Relations—Five members.
- On Roads and Bridges—Five members.
- On Agriculture—Seven members.
- On Lumber and Mining—Five members.
- On Public Improvements—Five members.
- On Dairy and Food—Seven members.
- On Engrossed Bills—Five members.
- On Third Reading—Five members.
- On Dams—Five members.
- On Education—Seven members.
- On State Fair—Seven members.

26. Select or special committees. Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution, designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed by the presiding officer.

27. Committee on bills on their third reading. It shall be the duty of the committee on bills on their third reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the house before being acted upon.

28. Committee quorum; sub-committees. A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

29. Business in committees; notice of meeting. All business referred to a committee shall be taken up within two weeks and if not at once disposed of, a time shall be fixed by the committee for the final hearing thereon and a report thereof made to the house. The chairman of each committee shall at the end of every second week report the number of bills in his hands. The day, hour and place of hearing before any committee shall be posted on the bulletin board of each house, and such notice shall specify the number and title of the bill or resolution to be considered.

30. Joint committee hearings. Joint hearings before the corresponding committee of the two houses may be held upon agreement between the chairmen of the two committees, who shall give three days' notice to the members of their respective committees of the time and place of such hearings. Such joint hearings shall take the place of separate hearings, and shall be final unless the house where the bill is pending shall order a further hearing before its own committee.

31. Committee on revision. The committee on revision shall report out all bills by the close of the sixth week of the session unless otherwise ordered by the house to which the bill belongs.

The chairman of said committee, where bills submitted for its consideration are duplicate or identical in subject matter, shall make such notations in respect thereto on the corresponding bill envelopes of each house as will apprise any committee considering any such bill in either house of the bill in the other house.

32. Committee reports, form of. The chairman of the committee to which any bill is referred shall report in concise form the action of the committee and the date thereof, and shall authenticate the same by his signature, e. g.:

The committee on ——— report and recommend:

- 24, A. A bill, etc. Passage.
- 26, A. A bill, etc. Adoption of amendment 1; passage.
- 28, A. A bill, etc. Substitute amendment 1; passage.
- 30, A. A bill, etc. Indefinite postponement.
- 32, S. A bill, etc. Concurrence.
- 34, S. A bill, etc. Non-concurrence.

He shall also state whether any suggestion made by the committee on revision has been adopted or rejected. Majority or minority reports assigning reasons, including amendment, shall be made separately, in duplicate, on a paper of the same size as required for bills.

33. Bills and amendments to be submitted to committee on revision. The chairman of any committee ordering any bill reported for passage with any amendments shall submit such bill and amendment to the joint committee on revision, which shall return the same to such chairman with its approval if such amendment conforms to the rules and if not with its suggestions in writing. Any bill not having been before said joint committee on revision which shall be ordered to a third reading shall then be referred to said committee. The joint committee on revision shall only suggest such amendments as do not change the scope and effect of the bill, but in a written report accompanying the bill when returned to the committee from which it was received attention may be called to such matters as are deemed material.

34. Minority reports. Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement of his reasons and conclusions; and all reports upon, if decorous in language and respectful to the house, shall be entered at length on the journal.

35. Bill to lie on table until both reports printed. In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the house, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the journal and laid upon the desks of the members.

36. Committee not to sit during session. No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the house, without special leave except a committee on conference.

37. Daily calendar; committee of the whole. All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the house, shall be placed upon the calendar under the proper order of business. The printed calendar shall be furnished to members at least twenty-four hours, exclusive of Sunday, before such calendar is acted upon. Provided that during the consideration of bills under the order of bills ready for engrossment or third reading, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill or bills in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the house shall resolve itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the legislature shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays or for the previous question cannot be made in the committee.

38. Engrossing bills; committee. All bills ordered engrossed and read the third time shall be carefully typewritten under the direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the

engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill and, when correctly engrossed, to report the same to the house.

39. Amendments to be germane. No standing or select committee or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the house is advised that the same is in violation of this rule, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the house, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either house, whether under consideration of the house in which they originated or not.

40. Motions to be germane; bills may not be amended, how. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto or incorporating therein any other bill or resolution pending before the house.

41. Order of business. The order of business in both houses shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the journal.
3. Communications to the legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Executive communications.
9. Communications from either house and action thereon.
10. Resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for engrossment.
12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
13. Bills ready for third reading.

PETITIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

42. Introduction of bills, etc. Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either house, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

43. Offering of resolutions. Resolutions shall be sent to the clerk's desk and there read by the clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the house; but unless privileged shall not be acted on the same day on which they are offered.

44. Time for new bills. The time for the introduction of new bills by members shall expire with the close of the fifth week of the session. A bill filed with the committee on revision within this period shall be entitled to be introduced whenever corrected to conform to the rules.

44m. Preface bills, how referred to. The titles to all bills, joint resolutions and petitions shall be arranged numerically and printed from day to day as a preface to the journal. All reference thereafter to any bill, resolution, joint resolution or petition either in the journal or messages shall be by number, excepting in journal where the yeas and nays are entered. The clerk shall read the titles except where the house directs otherwise.

44t. Weekly Bulletin. After the last session of each week the clerks shall jointly prepare a synopsis of all entries in the journal for the week. Such synopsis shall specify briefly the date, the house in which any proceeding was had and the action taken, (e. g.)

21, A.

A bill to (etc.).

2—13, A. Int. by Mr. Doe, ref. to Jud.

2—14, A. Jud. rep. with amdt. 1, pass. rec.

2—15, A. Amdt. 1 adopted.

2—15, A. Ordered eng. and read third time.

2—16, A. Rept. cor. eng.

2—17, A. Rept. correct.

The same shall be arranged chronologically, and all bills, resolutions and joint resolutions, senate or assembly, shall be arranged separately and numerically.

Such material shall be incorporated with a like synopsis of all the proceedings theretofore had and the whole printed in pamphlet form and distributed on the desks of the members not later than noon of the following Monday.

44v. Committee calendars. The chairman of each standing committee shall on or before Friday noon of each week file with the clerk his several daily calendars for the following week. Such calendars shall be printed in full in the weekly bulletin. The clerk shall also include therein a notice under the number of each bill specifying the name of the committee, the date and the hour of the hearing.

45. Committee on revision to approve bills. Every bill offered in either house shall, before being read, be announced and bulletined by the clerk and be referred, of course, to the committee on revision, who shall ascertain if it complies with the rules and enter its report thereof on the envelope and return the same to the clerk. When such bill is reported as in proper form it shall be read the first and second times and referred to the proper committee. If not so approved it shall be immediately returned to the member offering the same. Any bill so returned may be redrawn and reoffered. Unless otherwise ordered by the house the report of the committee on revision shall not be entered in the journal.

46. Bills, form of. 1. All bills shall be typewritten or printed on paper eight and one-half inches by eleven inches.

2. The bill shall contain (a) its title, which shall specify the section of the statutes to be amended or added, unless the bill is of a local or temporary nature, and if any appropriation bill, the words "and making an appropriation therefor," (b) the enacting clause, (c) section 1, etc. (subject-matter of bill), (d) enabling clause.

3. Each section of any bill except that of a local or temporary nature shall when practicable begin substantially in one of the following forms:

Section —. Section — of the statutes of 1898 is amended to read: Section —.

Section —. Section — of chapter — of the laws of — is amended and made a section of the statutes of 1898, to read: Section —.

Section —. There is added to the statutes of 1898 a new section to read: Section —.

4. The bill shall show any matter to be omitted with a line drawn through the same, and any matter to be inserted by underscoring or italicizing.

5. The numbering of Sanborn and Sanborn's supplement shall be used as a guide in giving numbers to new sections or to sections of laws enacted since the adoption of the statutes of 1898.

6. Sections to be inserted between two former sections shall be assigned letters and figures according to a plan providing for an expansive system as follows:

925	925	925	925	925	925
925m	925g	925d	925b	925a	
926	926m	925g	925d	925b	
925	925m	925t	925x	925y	
925m	925t	925w	925y	925z	
926	926	926	926	926	

and to fit rare instances when the letters cannot be used:

925	925	925	925z	
925.5	925.3	925.1	925-5	
925a	925.5	925.3	926	

7. The titles to bills shall be substantially in one of the following forms:

A BILL

To amend section — of the statutes of 1898, relating to — (and making an appropriation therefor) (and providing a penalty therefor).

A BILL

To amend section — of chapter — of the laws of —, making the same section — of the statutes of 1898, relating to — (and making an appropriation therefor) (and providing a penalty therefor).

A BILL

To create section — of the statutes of 1898, relating to — (and making an appropriation therefor) (and providing a penalty therefor).

Note.—The following is the form in which bills are required to be written under rule 46 foregoing: It should be specially noted that the size of the paper to be used is 11 by 8½ inches, and that the bill must be in duplicate and the paper shall not be folded. The illustration shows the form of bill required for an amendment such as that enacted in chapter 443 of the laws of 1935.

A BILL

To amend section 440 of the statutes of 1898, relating to text books for use in common schools.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 440 of the statutes of 1898 is amended to read as follows:

“Section 440. The board shall determine what text books shall be used in the school, make such list of such books, file a copy thereof with the clerk and keep a copy of such list posted in the school house. When text books shall

~~have been so adopted, (except in districts furnishing free text books to all pupils in the school) they shall not be changed for the term period of three years, nor shall any change of text books be made in the school (except in districts so furnishing free text books) until authorized by a majority vote of the legal voters of the district at the annual meeting; and it is hereby made the duty of the clerk to embody in his notice of such meeting the fact that the question of a change of text books will then be submitted.”~~

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

47. Duplicates of bills, etc. All bills, memorials and joint resolutions, and amendments thereto, shall be in duplicate, one copy of which shall be retained and marked by the clerk as the original, and the other shall be used as copy for the printer. Amendments shall be numbered in the order received, (e. g. Bill No. 1, S., amendment No. 1), and shall bear the name or initials of the member or the chairman of the committee offering the same.

48. Bill cover. There shall be attached to each bill or resolution sent to the clerk's desk a substantial cover which shall be furnished by the clerk, and which shall bear no writing except the number of the bill or resolution and the name of the person or committee introducing it.

49. Three several readings; first reading. Every bill shall receive three several readings by title except where otherwise provided previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive a second and third reading on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objections be made to it, the question shall be: "shall the bill be rejected," if no objection be made or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

50. Second reading; reference to committee. On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the house, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either house.

51. Printed bills, etc., to be on file one day before action. All bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the house.

52. Appropriation bills to be read at length. The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the house.

53. Yeas and nays on appropriation bills. On the passage in either house of any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax or creates a debt or charge or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the state, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays which shall be duly entered on the journal, and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

HOW BUSINESS CONDUCTED.

54. Recognition; debate. When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the house, he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair, and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

55. Presiding officer to name first speaker. When any two or more members shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is to speak first.

56. Member out of order. When a member is called to order, he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.

57. How members may speak. No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the house. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the house.

58. Members not to leave house, when. While the presiding officer is addressing the house, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the house; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

59. Motions in order during debate. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received except:

1. To adjourn.
2. To lay on the table.
3. For the previous question.
4. To postpone to a day certain.
5. To commit to standing committee.
6. To commit to a select committee.
7. To amend.
8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

60. Laying on table temporary only. A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the house.

61. Motion to strike out enacting clause. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

62. What questions to be decided without debate. A motion to adjourn, to take a recess, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question, shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

63. Motion to postpone. A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.

64. Motions. When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the house before division or amendment.

65. Putting question; division. All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc., (as the case may be) say, aye. Those of the contrary opinion say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

66. Yeas and nays. The yeas and nays shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.

67. Every member to vote. Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the house shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the house has commenced voting.

68. Division of question. Any member may call for the division of a question which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions, in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the house. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed

indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor motion to strike out and insert.

69. Filling blanks. In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.

70. Tie in assembly loses question. In all cases when the assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.

71. Motion to reconsider. A motion to reconsider a question may be made by any member who voted with the majority, or in case of a tie vote by any member. This motion shall be made on the same or next succeeding legislative day of the house. Such motion having been put and lost shall not be renewed. Action to reconsider a motion properly made may be postponed to a future time.

72. Calling of yeas and nays. No member or other person shall visit or remain by the clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

73. Call of the house. Five senators, or fifteen members of the assembly, may make a call of the house and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the house cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

74. Putting question. On a call of the house being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the senate, five senators, or if in the assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the house those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise, the call shall be thereby ordered.

75. Doors to be closed. A call of the house being ordered, the sergeant-at-arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

76. Sergeant to bring in absentees. The clerk shall immediately call the roll of the members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read, and entered upon the journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave and who are absent without leave. The clerk shall furnish the sergeant-at-arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the sergeant-at-arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

77. House under call; raising call; adjournment. While the house is under call no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the sergeant-at-arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted, unless a majority of all the members elect vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn, but upon re-convening, the house shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of the house may again be ordered in the same manner as above described.

78. Call raised when absentees present. When the sergeant-at-arms shall make a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them) are present, such report shall be entered upon the journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be open and the business pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.

79. Sergeant-at-arms may report. The sergeant-at-arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect of the house shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the sergeant-at-arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 76.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

80. Moving previous question. When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five senators or fifteen members of the assembly.

81. Putting of motion; ending debate. The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say, "It requiring (five senators or fifteen members of the assembly, as the case may be) to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise." And if a sufficient number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effects shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the house to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.

82. Main question may remain before house. When on taking the previous question, the house shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the house, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

83. One call of house in order, when. On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the house shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

84. Amendments to be offered on furnished blanks. The chief clerk shall furnish to members sheets with a proper heading printed in blank, upon which amendments shall be written, and all amendments offered shall be on such blanks.

85. Amendments may be offered, when. Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present, and if adopted the bill shall be re-engrossed.

86. Committee amendments; speaking on amendment. Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the house in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

87. Amendment, when not accepted. No amendment shall be considered in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of an amendment where the question is raised as to whether or not it does totally alter the nature of the original proposition.

88. Reading of amendments. Amendments shall be read by the clerk and stated by the presiding officer to the house before being acted upon.

89. Order of action. Any bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be offered by any member on the floor or be reported by the majority or minority of the committee to which the bill was referred, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question of its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.

90. Amended bill to be engrossed; question of passage. If a bill, resolution or memorial ordered to be engrossed and read a third time be amended or

otherwise changed it shall be engrossed in typewriting before being read a third time. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is, 'Shall the bill pass' or 'be concurred in,' as the case may be.

91. Bills passed. Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the house passing it and by him transmitted to the other house. The date of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the clerk.

92. Motion to adjourn; privileged resolution. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the house is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either house, or to any of its officers, members, or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.

93. Rescinding, amending or suspending rules. No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there shall be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.

94. Bill recalled from governor. Whenever by joint resolution of the two houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall after having been actually returned to the house where it originated be deemed to be before said house for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon without any reconsideration or other action thereon being first had in the other house. Any action taken shall then be messaged to the other house for its concurrence.

95. Certification of pay-roll. The chief clerks of the senate and the assembly respectively, and sergeant-at-arms of each house shall certify to the secretary of state the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which employed, and the amounts respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the house in which they are employed, and by the committee on legislative expenditures and employes.

96. Enrolled bills. After a bill has passed both houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the chief clerk for the house in which the same originated, before it shall be presented to the governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the clerk of the committee on Enrolled Bills, after which it shall be delivered by him to the chairman of said committee, which committee shall carefully compare the same with the engrossed bill as passed in the two houses, cause any error that may be discovered therein to be corrected, and when perfect forthwith return the bill to the house.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

97. Presiding officers to sign enrolled bills. When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the chief clerk of the house in which it originated to present the bill, first, to the presiding officer of the house in which it originated, and next, to the presiding officer of the other house, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

98. Enrolled bills to be submitted to governor. After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two houses, it shall be presented by the chief clerk of the house in which it originated, to the governor, in the executive chamber, for his approval. The bill shall be accompanied by a transcript of the notations on the bill envelope, certified as correct by the chief clerk of the house wherein the bill originated.

99. **Similar action on resolutions, etc.** All resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the governor for his approval, shall, also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

COMMITTEE ON CONFERENCE.

100. **Committee on conference.** In all cases of disagreement between the senate and assembly on amendments, adopted by either house to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other house, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each house may be requested by either house, and the other house shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the assembly to the senate; the senate refuses to concur in the assembly amendment and so notifies the assembly; the assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the assembly, and this action is reported to the senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective houses for or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The house having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other house, together with the bill, which if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

101. **Suspension of rules.** These rules may be suspended by either house by vote of two thirds of the members present thereof. The vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.

102. **Pairs.** Members may pair on any question by filing a signed statement of the same with the chief clerk, who shall read the same to the house before the vote is taken. A blank form of pair for the use of members shall be provided by the chief clerk. In the assembly no pair shall be recognized unless made in person by the members signing the same, nor unless one or both of the parties thereto are absent with leave.

103. **Book of enrolled bills.** It shall be the duty of the chief clerk of each house to keep a senate and assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each house for signature, and to the governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the secretary of state, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

Senate Bills Presented for Signature and Approval.

No. of Bill.	PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT.		PRESENTED TO SPEAKER.		PRESENTED TO GOVERNOR.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9 a. m.	Feb. 15.	10 a. m.	Feb. 15.	2 p. m.

And a like book for bills originating in the assembly shall be kept by the chief clerk thereof.

OF CLAIMS.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

104. **Accounts to be verified.** No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

105. **Papers claiming money.** All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall indorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same; and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the chief clerk of the house to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the secretary of state.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE.

106. **Chairman of committee.** In joint committees standing or select, the chairman of the senate committee shall be chairman of the joint committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

107. **Joint convention.** Whenever there shall be a joint convention of the two houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the journal of each house. The lieutenant governor or president of the senate shall preside over such joint convention, and the chief clerk of the assembly shall act as clerk thereof, assisted by the chief clerk of the senate; provided that the lieutenant governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

108. **Jefferson's Manual rules of practice.** The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

109. **Adjournment.** Neither house shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, W. S. 1898.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such vote shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

Sec. 1, Chap. 131, Laws of 1899.

SECTION 1. In any legislative caucus for the nomination of a candidate for United States senator, each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll and such votes shall be entered upon the minutes of the caucus. The person receiving the number of votes required by the usages of the party holding the caucus shall be declared the nominee of such party.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.*(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)*

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall

be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.

MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

CHAPTER 10.

Regular Sessions. SECTION 99. The regular session of the legislature shall commence at twelve o'clock M. on the second Wednesday of January of the year 1899, and biennially thereafter upon the same day and month.



UNITED STATES SENATOR.
Robert M. La Follette.

PART II

CENSUS STATISTICS RELATING TO
POPULATION

CENSUS STATISTICS RELATING TO POPULATION

POPULATION: 1840 TO 1900.

Table 1.

CENSUS YEARS.	Population.	INCREASE.	
		Number.	Per cent.
1840.....	30,945		
1850.....	305,391	274,446	896.9
1860.....	775,881	470,490	154.1
1870.....	1,054,070	278,789	35.9
1880.....	1,315,497	230,827	24.7
1890.....	1,686,880	371,383	28.2
1900.....	2,069,042	382,162	22.7

AREA IN SQUARE MILES OF EACH OF THE 71 COUNTIES IN THE STATE.
TOTAL AREA OF WISCONSIN, 54,450 SQUARE MILES.

Table 2.

Counties.	Square miles.	Counties.	Square miles.	Counties.	Square miles.
Adams.....	682	Iron.....	786	Racine.....	323
Ashland.....	930	Jackson.....	978	Richland.....	576
Barron.....	878	Jefferson.....	548	Rock.....	706
Bayfield.....	1,197	Juneau.....	790	Rusk.....	906
Brown.....	518	Kenosha.....	274	St. Croix.....	711
Buffalo.....	662	Kewaunee.....	327	Sauk.....	820
Burnett.....	881	La Crosse.....	475	Sawyer.....	1,342
Calumet.....	317	Lafayette.....	634	Shawano.....	1,135
Chippewa.....	1,002	Langlade.....	855	Sheboygan.....	510
Clark.....	1,200	Lincoln.....	885	Taylor.....	965
Columbia.....	776	Manitowoc.....	590	Trempealeau.....	734
Crawford.....	557	Marathon.....	1,532	Vernon.....	792
Dane.....	1,188	Marinette.....	1,396	Vilas.....	907
Dodge.....	884	Marquette.....	451	Walworth.....	562
Door.....	454	Milwaukee.....	228	Washburn.....	834
Douglas.....	1,319	Monroe.....	915	Washington.....	423
Dunn.....	844	Oconto.....	1,080	Waukesha.....	562
Eau Claire.....	620	Oneida.....	900	Waupaca.....	749
Florence.....	498	Outagamie.....	684	Waushara.....	639
Fond du Lac.....	720	Ozaukee.....	206	Winnebago.....	472
Forest.....	1,424	Pepin.....	228	Wood.....	785
Grant.....	1,157	Pierce.....	543		
Green.....	576	Polk.....	933		
Green Lake.....	364	Portage.....	800		
Iowa.....	763	Price.....	1,241		
				Total for state.....	54,450
				Ave. each county	778

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY COUNTIES.

From 1840 to 1900, Inclusive.

Table 3.

Counties.	1840.	1850.	1850.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Adams		187	6,492	6,601	6,741	6,833	9,141
Ashland ¹			515	221	1,559	20,033	20,176
Barron ²			13	538	7,021	15,413	23,677
Bayfield ³		489	353	344	531	7,830	14,392
Brown	2,107	6,215	11,795	25,168	34,078	39,164	46,359
Buffalo			3,834	11,123	15,538	15,997	16,735
Burnett ⁴			12	703	3,140	4,393	7,478
Calumet	275	1,743	7,895	12,335	16,632	16,639	17,078
Chippewa ⁵		615	1,895	8,311	15,491	25,143	33,037
Clark			789	3,450	10,715	17,708	25,848
Columbia		9,565	24,441	28,832	28,035	28,350	31,121
Crawford	1,592	2,493	8,063	13,075	15,644	15,987	17,286
Dane	314	16,639	43,922	53,036	53,233	59,573	69,435
Dodge	67	19,138	42,818	47,035	45,931	44,984	43,631
Door			2,948	4,919	11,645	15,682	17,583
Douglas			812	1,122	655	13,468	33,335
Dunn			2,704	9,483	16,817	23,614	25,043
Eau Claire			3,162	10,769	19,993	30,673	31,692
Florence ⁶						2,604	3,197
Fond du Lac	139	14,510	34,154	46,273	46,859	44,033	47,530
Forest ⁷						1,012	1,396
Grant	3,923	16,169	31,183	37,079	37,852	36,651	33,831
Green	933	8,533	19,898	23,611	21,720	22,732	22,719
Green Lake			12,663	13,195	14,483	15,163	15,797
Iowa	3,978	9,525	18,967	24,544	23,628	22,117	23,114
Iron ⁸							6,616
Jackson			4,170	7,687	13,285	15,797	17,436
Jefferson	914	15,317	30,438	34,040	32,153	33,530	34,783
Juneau			8,770	12,372	15,532	17,121	20,623
Kenosha		10,734	13,900	13,147	13,550	15,581	21,707
Kewaunee			5,530	10,128	15,807	16,153	17,212
La Crosse			12,183	20,297	27,073	33,801	42,997
Lafayette		11,581	18,134	22,659	21,279	20,235	20,959
Langlade ⁹					685	9,465	12,553
Lincoln ¹⁰					2,011	12,003	16,269

¹ Parts taken to form part of Sawyer in 1833 and part of Iron in 1833.² Name changed from Dallas in 1830.³ Name changed from La Pointe in 1836.⁴ Part of Burnett taken to form Washburn in 1833.⁵ Part taken to form part of Sawyer in 1833.⁶ Organized from parts of Marinette and Oconto in 1832.⁷ Organized from parts of Langlade and Oconto in 1835; part annexed to Oneida since 1830.⁸ Organized from parts of Ashland and Oneida in 1833.⁹ Name changed from New in 1839; part taken to form part of Forest in 1835, and part of Lincoln annexed between 1833 and 1830.¹⁰ Part taken to form Oneida in 1835, and part annexed to Langlade between 1830 and 1830.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY COUNTIES.

From 1810 to 1900, Inclusive.

Table 3—Continued.

Counties.	1840.	1850.	1830.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Manitowoc	235	3,702	22,416	33,364	37,505	37,831	42,231
Marathon		508	2,832	5,835	17,121	30,359	43,256
Marinette ¹					8,329	23,301	30,822
Marquette	18	8,641	8,233	8,053	8,958	9,676	10,509
Milwaukee	5,605	31,011	62,518	83,930	138,537	236,101	330,017
Monroe			8,416	16,590	21,607	23,211	28,103
Oconto ²			3,522	8,321	9,848	15,000	20,874
Oneida ³						5,010	8,875
Outagamie			9,537	18,430	28,713	38,690	46,247
Ozaukee			15,682	15,564	15,461	14,943	16,338
Pepin			2,392	4,650	6,223	6,932	7,905
Pierce			4,672	9,958	17,744	20,385	23,943
Polk			1,400	3,422	10,018	12,938	17,831
Portage	1,623	1,250	7,507	10,634	17,731	24,798	29,483
Price					785	5,258	9,106
Racine	3,475	14,973	21,360	26,740	30,922	36,263	45,644
Richland		903	9,732	15,731	18,174	19,121	19,483
Rock	1,701	20,750	36,690	39,630	38,823	43,229	51,203
St. Croix	807	624	5,392	11,035	18,956	23,139	23,830
Sauk	102	4,371	18,963	23,830	28,729	30,575	33,006
Sawyer ⁴						1,977	3,593
Shawano ⁵			839	3,166	10,371	19,236	27,475
Sheboygan	133	8,379	26,875	31,749	34,203	42,483	50,345
Taylor					2,311	6,731	11,232
Trempealeau			2,560	10,732	17,189	18,920	23,114
Vernon ⁶			11,007	18,645	23,235	25,111	28,351
Vilas ⁷							4,929
Walworth	2,611	17,832	26,496	25,972	23,240	27,830	29,279
Washburn ⁴						2,925	5,521
Washington	343	19,485	23,622	23,919	23,442	22,751	23,539
Waukesha		19,558	23,831	28,274	28,957	33,270	35,229
Waupaca			8,851	15,539	20,955	26,794	31,615
Waushara			8,770	11,279	12,687	13,507	15,972
Winnebago	135	10,167	23,770	37,279	42,740	50,007	58,225
Wood			2,425	3,912	8,981	18,127	25,835
Total	30,945	305,391	775,881	1,054,670	1,315,497	1,636,830	2,039,012

¹ Part taken to form part of Florence in 1832.² Parts taken to form part of Florence in 1832 and parts of Forest in 1835.³ Organized from part of Lincoln in 1835; parts taken to form Vilas and part of Iron in 1833; part of Forest annexed since 1830.⁴ Organized from parts of Ashland and Chippewa in 1833.⁵ Name changed from Shawanaw in 1834.⁶ Name changed from Bad Ax in 1832.⁷ Organized from part of Oneida in 1833.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
ADAMS COUNTY:					
Adams	488	588	649	+ 100	+ 20.49
Big Flats	322	550	525	+ 228	+ 70.60
Colburn ¹ .....	.....	392	398	+ 392	.....
Dell Prairie	448	581	554	+ 133	+ 29.63
Easton	376	487	495	+ 111	+ 29.52
Jackson	504	589	569	+ 85	+ 16.83
Leola	240	334	546	+ 144	+ 60.00
Lincoln	440	479	364	+ 39	+ 8.83
Monroe	462	505	571	+ 133	+ 28.00
New Chester	344	397	368	+ 53	+ 15.40
New Haven	746	693	680	- 53	- 7.10
Preston	209	377	375	+ 163	+ 80.33
Quincy	393	432	494	+ 30	+ 9.92
Richfield	335	417	443	+ 82	+ 24.47
Rome	238	654	541	+ 416	+ 174.79
Springville	474	568	553	+ 91	+ 19.83
Strongs Prairie	870	958	937	+ 88	+ 10.11
Totals	6,889	9,141	9,062	+ 2,252	+ 32.69

¹ Colburn town was organized from parts of Leola and Richfield towns since 1890; the population of Leola and Richfield towns in 1890 was 575, and in 1900, including Colburn town, 1,193, an increase of 618, or 107.65 per cent.

ASHLAND COUNTY:					
Agenda ¹ .....	.....	.....	612	.....	.....
Ashland ²	1,507	709	753	- 708	- 52.95
Ashland, city	3,953	13,074	14,519	+ 3,121	+ 31.35
ward 1	445	1262	2050	.....	.....
ward 2	714	1081	1556	.....	.....
ward 3	772	1503	1397	.....	.....
ward 4	301	928	943	.....	.....
ward 5	721	1254	1329	.....	.....
ward 6 .....	.....	1455	1683	.....	.....
ward 7 .....	.....	1397	1221	.....	.....
ward 8 .....	.....	1559	1398	.....	.....
ward 9 .....	.....	1171	1346	.....	.....
ward 10 .....	.....	884	1671	.....	.....
Butternut	1,210	1,680	690	+ 470	+ 38.84
Butternut, village ³ .....	.....	.....	707	.....	.....
Gordon ⁴ .....	.....	231	333	+ 231	.....
Jacobs ⁵	1,277	1,270	1,813	- 7	- .54
La Pointe ⁶ .....	.....	292	183	+ 292	.....
La Point Indian Res. ⁶ .....	.....	627	.....	+ 627	.....
Morse ⁷ .....	.....	1,023	1,711	+ 1,023	.....
Sanborn ² .....	.....	1,270	2,704	+ 1,270	.....
Total	13,947	20,176	23,935	+ 6,229	+ 44.66

¹ Agenda town was organized from the town of Butternut since 1900.

² La Pointe and Sanborn towns organized from parts of Ashland town since 1890. Population of Ashland town in 1890 was 1,507, and for Ashland, La Pointe and Sanborn towns in 1900, 2,271, an increase of 764, or 50.6 per cent.

³ Organized from Butternut town since 1900.

⁴ Organized from part of Morse town since 1890.

⁵ Part taken to form part of Morse town since 1890.

⁶ La Pointe Indian Reservation included in La Pointe town in 1905 census.

⁷ Organized from parts of Jacobs town since 1890; part subsequently taken to form Gordon town. Gordon town, 231; Jacobs town, 1,270; Morse town, 1,023; total, 2,524, in 1900. Jacobs town in 1890, 1,277; increase of 1,247, or 97.6 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1905 as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
BARRON COUNTY:					
Almena ¹		713	920	+ 713	.....
Arland ¹¹			799		
Barron	400	534	909	+ 464	+ 116.
Barron, city	529	1,433	1,674	+ 664	+ 80.00
ward 1			239		
ward 2			67		
ward 3			416		
ward 4			311		
Bear Lake ¹²			410		
Cameron, village ²		394	540	+ 394	.....
Cedar Lake	531	707	317	+ 176	+ 33.14
Chetek ⁴	51,332	692	950	— 630	— 47.65
Chetek, city ³	406	531	730	+ 125	+ 30.78
Clinton	479	1,269	1,100	+ 790	+ 154.92
Crystal Lake ¹³			754		
Cumberland	1,546	2,259	1,444	+ 713	+ 46.11
Cumberland, city	1,219	1,328	1,493	+ 109	+ 8.94
Dallas	1,733	1,279	1,064	+ 243	+ 23.81
Dallas, village ¹⁴			350		
Dozre ⁶		941	1,077	+ 941	.....
Doyle ¹⁵			591		
Lakeland ¹⁶			733		
Maple Grove	916	1,512	1,705	+ 596	+ 54.91
Oak Grove	608	1,058	916	+ 483	+ 78.94
Prairie Farm	1,047	1,438	130	+ 381	+ 33.39
Prairie Farm, village ¹⁷			331		
Rice Lake ⁷		655	848	+ 655	.....
Rice Lake, city	3,130	3,002	3,410	+ 872	+ 40.93
ward 1	576	711	791		
ward 2	331	611	900		
ward 3	351	650	726		
ward 4	672	1030	1033		
Stanford	589	659	865	+ 70	+ 11.83
Stanley ⁸	742	735	895	+ 10	+ 1.33
Summer	365	503	538	+ 143	+ 39.17
Turtle Lake ⁹	874	695	960	+ 179	+ 20.48
Turtle Lake, village ¹⁰		326	434	+ 326	.....
Vance Creek	214	566	755	+ 252	+ 57.25
Totals	15,416	23,677	28,376	+ 8,261	+ 53.58

¹ Organized from part of Turtle Lake town since 1890.² Organized from part of Stanley town since 1890.³ Formerly in Chetek town, incorporated since 1890.⁴ Included in Chetek village in 1890; part taken to form Dover town since 1890.⁵ Exclusive of population of Chetek village.⁶ Organized from part of Chetek town since 1890. In 1900 Chetek city had 531, Chetek town 692, Dover town 941, total 2,164; in 1890 Chetek village had 406, Chetek town 1,322, total 1,728; increase 433 or 25.2 per cent.⁷ Rice Lake town organized from part of Stanford town since 1890; in 1900 Rice Lake town had 635, Stanford town 659, total 1,344; in 1890 Stanford town had 589; increase 755 or 128.1 per cent.⁸ Part taken to form Cameron village since 1890; in 1900 Cameron village had 394, Stanley town 728, total 1,132; in 1890 Stanley town had 742; increase 381 or 53.3 per cent.⁹ Part taken to form Almena town since 1890.¹⁰ Organized from part of Almena town since 1890. In 1900 Almena town, Turtle Lake town and Turtle Lake village was respectively 713, 695, 326; total 1,734; in 1890 Turtle Lake town had 874; increase 858 or 98.3 per cent.¹¹ Organized from the towns of Prairie Farm and Clinton since 1900.¹² Organized from the town of Oak Grove since 1900.¹³ Organized from the town of Cumberland since 1900.¹⁴ Organized from the town of Dallas since 1900.¹⁵ Organized from the town of Cedar Lake since 1900.¹⁶ Organized from the town of Cumberland since 1900.¹⁷ Organized from the town of Prairie Farm since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
BAYFIELD COUNTY:					
Barnes ¹			241		
Bayfield ²	527	570	2,675	+ 49	+ 8.15
Bayfield, village ³	1,373	1,689		+ 316	+ 23.01
Bell ⁴			161		
Cable ⁵			384		
Drummond ⁶	696	790	709	+ 94	+ 13.50
Eileen ⁷			605		
Iron River ⁸		2,439	1,243	+ 2,439	
Mason ⁹	1,095	1,210	1,359	+ 115	+ 10.51
Oriente ¹⁰			112		
Oulu ¹¹			525		
Port Wing ¹²			552		
Pratt ¹³		482	790	+ 482	
Red Cliff Indian Res. ³		398		+ 398	
Washburn ¹⁴	3,699	6,814	1,351	+ 3,115	+ 84.21
Washburn, city			4,324		
ward 1			310		
ward 2			653		
ward 3			671		
ward 4			731		
ward 5			1025		
ward 6			528		
ward 7			700		
ward 8			275		
Total	7,390	14,392	15,904	+ 7,002	- 94.75

¹ Organized from Drummond and Iron River since 1900.
² Part taken from Iron River since 1890.
³ Population included in town of Bayfield in 1905.
⁴ Was organized from town of Bayfield since 1900.
⁵ Organized from town of Drummond since 1900.
⁶ Part taken to form Iron River since 1890.
⁷ Organized from town of Washburn since 1900.
⁸ Organized from parts of Bayfield, Drummond, Mason and Washburn towns since 1900.
⁹ Parts taken to form Pratt and Iron River towns since 1890.
¹⁰ Organized from town of Iron River since 1900.
¹¹ Organized from town of Iron River since 1900.
¹² Organized from Iron River and Bayfield since 1900.
¹³ Organized from parts of Mason town since 1890. In 1900 Bayfield town had 579, Drummond town 790, Iron River town 2,439, Mason 1,210, Pratt 482, Washburn 6,814, total 12,305; in 1890 Bayfield 527, Drummond 596, Mason 1,095, Washburn 3,699, total 6,017; increase 6,288 or 104.5 per cent.
¹⁴ Organized from town of Washburn since 1900.

BROWN COUNTY:					
Allouez	363	720	1,108	+ 357	+ 98.31
Ashwaubenon	470	540	546	+ 61	+ 12.73
Belleveue	338	264	877	+ 23	+ 3.10
Depere	969	393	862	- 76	- 7.84
Depere, city	3,025	4,038	4,523	+ 413	+ 11.39
ward 1		1028	1086		
ward 2		987	1189		
ward 3		1142	1266		
ward 4		881	982		
Eaton	1,102	1,154	1,174	+ 52	+ 4.62
Glenmore	1,441	1,421	1,417	- 20	- 1.38
Green Bay	1,008	920	901	- 88	- 8.73

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
BROWN COUNTY—con.					
Green Bay, city ¹	13,823	18,68	22,854	+ 4,531	+ 33.16
ward 1	2995		312		
ward 2	2062		153		
ward 3	1509		761		
ward 4	2758		741		
ward 5	2587		304		
ward 6	2658		314		
ward 7	1679		283		
ward 8	2436		271		
Hobart ²			850		
Holland	1,249	1,257	1,234	+ 8	+ .64
Howard	1,261	1,509	1,682	+ 248	+ 19.66
Humbolt	1,068	1,043	1,054	- 25	- 2.34
Lawrence	949	1,048	1,026	+ 99	+ 10.43
Morrison	1,449	1,493	1,464	+ 44	+ 3.03
New Denmark	1,553	1,474	1,477	- 79	- 5.08
Oneida Indian Res. Rt. ²	723	695		- 28	- 3.87
Total for Reservation in Brown and Outagamie counties	1,646	1,704		+ 58	+ 3.52
Pittsfield	941	1,411	1,419	+ 470	+ 49.94
Preble	1,160	1,957	2,291	+ 797	+ 68.70
Rockland	800	833	830	+ 33	+ 4.75
Scott	1,288	1,177	1,211	- 111	- 8.61
Suamico	906	1,228	1,332	+ 322	+ 35.54
Wrightstown	1,693	1,575	1,409	- 118	- 6.97
Wrightstown, village	476	420	495	- 56	- 11.76
Total	39,164	46,359	52,026	+ 7,195	+ 18.37

¹ Fort Howard, 4,754, added to Green Bay city, population 1890.² Oneida Indian Reservation was changed to town of Hobart in 1903.

BUFFALO COUNTY:					
Alma	710	655	649	- 55	- 7.74
Alma, city	1,428	1,201	1,172	- 227	- 15.89
Belvidere	750	749	772	+ 1	+ .13
Buffalo	647	694	687	+ 47	+ 7.25
Buffalo, city	223	254	235	+ 31	+ 13.89
Canton	741	789	712	+ 45	+ 6.04
Cross	671	621	611	- 50	- 7.45
Dover	757	861	816	+ 104	+ 13.73
Fountain City	973	1,031	1,008	+ 59	+ 6.07
Gilmanston	599	829	788	+ 230	+ 38.39
Glencoe	632	787	803	+ 95	+ 13.72
Lincoln	556	589	598	+ 33	+ 5.93
Maxville	602	666	595	+ 64	+ 10.63
Milton	359	366	278	- 23	- 5.91
Modena	828	872	869	+ 44	+ 5.31
Mondovi	557	622	730	+ 35	+ 5.93
Mondovi, city	503	1,208	1,150	+ 705	+ 140.15
Montana	840	767	711	- 73	- 8.69
Naples	727	886	281	+ 159	+ 21.87
Nelson	1,919	1,505	1,438	- 414	- 21.57
Waumandee	833	813	760	- 40	- 4.68
Total	15,937	16,765	16,523	+ 768	+ 4.79

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
BURNETT COUNTY:					
Anderson ¹			614		
Blaine ²			604		
Dewey ³			407		
Grantsburg	1,447	1,688	1,073	+ 241	+ 16.05
Grantsburg, village	410	612	705	+ 202	+ 49.26
Jackson ⁴			615		
La Follette ⁵			538		
Marshland ⁶	678	708	1,162	+ 30	+ 4.42
Meenon ⁶		1,252	519	+ 1,252	
Roosevelt ⁷			168		
Rusk	332	630	287	+ 348	+ 171.55
Trade Lake	825	1,174	1,171	+ 349	+ 42.30
Wood Lake	801	1,414	1,068	+ 613	+ 76.52
Total	4,393	7,478	9,201	+ 3,085	+ 70.22

¹ Organized from town of Grantsburg in 1903.

² Organized from town of Meenon in 1902.

³ Organized from town of Rusk since 1900.

⁴ Organized from town of Meenon in 1902.

⁵ Organized from town of Wood Lake in 1901.

⁶ Meenon town organized from part of Marshland town since 1890; in 1890 Marshland town had 678; in 1900 Marshland had 708 and Meenon 1,252, total 1,960; increase 1,282 or 189.1 per cent.

⁷ Organized from town of Rusk in 1904.

CALUMET COUNTY:					
Brillion	1,510	1,563	1,521	+ 53	+ 3.51
Brillion, village	582	855	937	+ 273	+ 46.91
Brothertown	1,629	1,539	1,503	- 90	- 5.52
Charlestown	1,302	1,343	1,238	- 19	- 1.39
Chilton	1,349	1,350	1,234	+ 1	+ .07
Chilton, city	1,424	1,460	1,528	+ 33	+ 2.52
ward 1			422		
ward 2			523		
ward 3			583		
Harrison	1,957	2,022	2,007	+ 35	+ 1.76
Hilbert, village ¹		497	1,591	+ 497	
New Holstein	1,735	1,893	1,279	+ 158	+ 9.10
New Holstein, village ²			667		
Rantoul	1,686	1,299	1,263	- 387	- 22.95
Stockbridge	1,948	1,942	1,895	- 6	- .37
Woodville	1,427	1,315	1,226	- 112	- 7.84
Totals	16,639	17,078	16,880	+ 439	+ 2.64

¹ Hilbert village organized from part of Rantoul town since 1890; in 1900 Hilbert village had 497 and Rantoul 1,299, total 1,796; in 1890 Rantoul had 1,686; increase 110 or 6.5 per cent.

² Organized from the town of New Holstein since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
CHIPPEWA COUNTY:					
Anson	583	697	810	+ 164	+ 30.76
Arthur	622	924	687	+ 302	+ 48.55
Auburn	1,584	1,678	1,485	+ 94	+ 5.93
Big Bend ¹	820	1,851	.....	+ 1,031	+ 126.09
Bloomer ²	1,720	1,470	1,428	— 250	— 14.53
Bloomer, village	631	811	1,046	+ 180	+ 28.52
Boyd, village ³	545	674	682	+ 129	+ 23.67
Cadott, village ⁴	889	840	769	— 49	— 5.51
Chippewa Falls, city	3,670	8,031	9,009	— 576	— 6.64
ward 1	929	1055	1102	.....	.....
ward 2	1174	1189	1272	.....	.....
ward 3	1395	1065	1276	.....	.....
ward 4	685	502	630	.....	.....
ward 5	920	994	1056	.....	.....
ward 6	902	841	900	.....	.....
ward 7	647	619	660	.....	.....
ward 8	386	711	844	.....	.....
ward 9	683	620	731	.....	.....
ward 10	436	425	478	.....	.....
Cleveland ⁵	395	577	530	+ 182	+ 46.07
Colburn ⁶	347	513	931	+ 63	+ 19.02
Delmar .....	.....	.....	1,051	.....	.....
Dewey ⁷ .....	.....	683	.....	.....	.....
Eagle Point	1,282	1,398	1,367	+ 116	+ 9.04
Edson ⁸	1,619	1,986	1,204	+ 367	+ 22.63
Flambeau ¹	289	763	.....	+ 474	+ 164.01
Holcombe ⁸ .....	.....	.....	733	.....	.....
Lafayette	1,514	1,797	2,158	+ 283	+ 18.69
Lawrence ¹	272	793	.....	+ 521	+ 191.54
New Auburn, village .....	.....	.....	353	.....	.....
Sampson ⁹ .....	.....	626	639	.....	.....
Sigel ¹	1068	911	1,084	+ 213	+ 39.51
Stanley, city .....	.....	2,387	2,722	.....	.....
ward 1 .....	.....	956	701	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	707	694	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	724	574	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	.....	753	.....	.....
Strickland ^{1,12} .....	.....	288	.....	.....	.....
Tilden	1,313	1,413	1,419	+ 100	+ 7.61
Wheaton	1,400	1,860	1,933	+ 460	+ 32.83
Total	25,143	33,037	32,000	+ 7,894	+ 31.30

¹ The towns of Big Bend, Dewey, Flambeau, Lawrence and Strickland were detached from Chippewa County in 1901 to form the county of Gates now Rusk.

² Parts taken to form Strickland and Sampson towns since 1890.

³ Organized from Edsontown.

⁴ Cadott village formerly in Sigel town, now independent. In 1900 Sigel town had 911, Cadott village 840, total 1,751; in 1890 Cadott village had 889 and Sigel town 698; increase 164 or 10.3 per cent.

⁵ Part taken to form Sampson town since 1890. Organized from part of Bloomer and Cleveland towns since 1890. In 1900 Cleveland town had 577, Bloomer town had 1,470, Sampson town 626; in 1890 Cleveland 395, Bloomer town, 1,720, total 2,115, increase 558 or 26.3 per cent.

⁶ Dewey town organized from parts of Colburn and Lawrence since 1890. In 1900 Dewey town had 683, Colburn 513, and Lawrence 793, total 1,989; in 1890 Colburn town had 347, Lawrence 272, total 619; increase 1,370 or 221.3 per cent.

⁷ Included in Boyd village in 1890; part taken to form Stanley city since 1890; in 1900 Boyd village had 674, Edson town 1,986, Stanley city 2,387, total 5,047; in 1890 Boyd village had 845, Edson town 1,619, total 2,464; increase 2,883 or 132.2 per cent.

⁸ Organized from town of Arthur in 1905.

⁹ Organized from parts of Bloomer and Cleveland towns since 1890. In 1900 Bloomer town 1,720; Cleveland 395, total 2,115; in 1900 Bloomer 1,470, Cleveland 577, Sampson town 626, Strickland 288, total 2,961; increase 846 or 4 per cent.

¹⁰ Exclusive of population of Cadott village.

¹¹ Organized from part of Edson town since 1890. In 1890 Edson town had 1619; in 1900 Edson had 986, Stanley city 2,387, total 4,393; increase 2,774 or 170 per cent.

¹² Organized from parts of Bloomer town since 1890. In 1890 Bloomer town had 1,720; in 1900 Bloomer had 1,470, Strickland town 288; increase 33 or 2.2 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as compared with 18 0.	
	1890	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
CLARK COUNTY:					
Abbotsford, village ¹		443	893	+ 443	.....
Beaver	355	622	721	+ 267	+ 75.21
Colby ⁵	1,106	754	767	- 352	- 31.82
Colby city ² (part of).....		454	584	+ 454	.....
Dewhurst, ³			215		.....
Dorchester, village ⁴			463		.....
Eaton ⁶	707	602	696	- 105	- 14.85
Fremont	411	762	874	+ 351	+ 85.40
Grant	1,143	1,277	1,293	+ 134	+ 11.72
Green Grove	242	354	457	+ 112	+ 46.24
Greenwood, city ⁷		708	687	+ 708	.....
Hewett	151	292	287	+ 141	+ 93.37
Hixon ⁹	578	831	645	+ 253	+ 43.77
Hoard	310	525	613	+ 215	+ 69.35
Levis	329	746	537	+ 417	+ 126.75
Longwood		422	550	+ 422	.....
Loyal ¹⁰	979	995	927	+ 16	+ 1.63
Loyal, village ¹⁰		645	815	+ 645	.....
Lynn	453	711	733	+ 258	+ 56.95
Mayville	1,450	1,581	1,167	+ 131	+ 9.03
Mead ⁸		193	137	+ 193	.....
Mentor	684	1,009	1,007	+ 325	+ 47.51
Neillsville, city	1,936	2,104	2,117	+ 163	+ 8.67
ward 1	607	671	673		
ward 2	735	642	677		
ward 3	594	791	762		
Owen ¹⁶			335		
Pine Valley	886	1,130	1,135	+ 244	+ 27.54
Reeseburg		615	748	+ 615	.....
Seif ¹⁷			186		
Sherman	470	615	673	+ 145	+ 30.85
Sherwood	155	231	292	+ 76	+ 49.03
Thorp ^{10 11}	12,704	856	1,258	+ 152	+ 21.58
Thorp, village ¹³	723	838	878	+ 115	+ 15.90
Unity	722	855	910	+ 193	+ 18.42
Warner	591	617	761	+ 26	+ 4.39
Washburn	200	522	468	+ 322	+ 161.00
Weston	863	1,000	929	+ 137	+ 15.87
Withee ¹⁴	724	1,004	1,283	+ 280	+ 38.67
Withee, village ¹⁶		406			
Worden ¹⁵		645	906	+ 645	.....
York	836	980	1,051	+ 144	+ 17.22
Total	17,708	25,848	29,344	+ 8,140	+ 45.96

¹ Organized from towns of Colby and Mayville, since 1890.

² Organized from town of Colby since 1890.

³ Organized from town of Levis in 1901.

⁴ Organized from town of Mayville in 1901.

⁵ Part taken to form part of Abbotsford village since 1890. In 1890 Colby town had 1,106, Mayville town 146, total 2,556; in 1900 Abbotsford village had 443, Colby city "westward" 454, Colby town 754, Mayville town 1,581, total 3,232; increase 676 or 26.4 per cent.

⁶ Part taken to form Greenwood city since 1890.

⁷ Organized from parts of Eaton and Warner towns since 1890.

⁸ Organized from part of Warner town since 1890. In 1890 Eaton town had 707, Warner town 591, total 1,298. In 1900 Eaton town had 602, Greenwood city 703, Mead town 103, Warner town 617, total 2,030; increase 732 or 56.4 per cent.

⁹ Longwood and Reeseburg towns organized from parts of Hixon town since 1890. In 1890 Hixon town had 578; in 1900 Hixon town had 831, Longwood town 422, Reeseburg town 615, total 1,868; increase 1,290 or 223.1 per cent.

¹⁰ Loyal village organized from part of Loyal town since 1890. In 1890 Loyal town had 979; in 1900 including Loyal village 1,640; increase 661 or 67.5 per cent.

¹¹ Incl. part of Thorp vil. in 1890. Part taken to form Worden town since 1890.

¹² Exclusive of population of Thorp village.

¹³ Formerly in Thorp and Withee town; now independent.

¹⁴ Included part of Thorp village in 1890.

¹⁵ Organized from part of Thorp town since 1890. In 1890 Thorp town had 704, Thorp village 723, and Withee town 724; in 1900 Thorp town had 856, Thorp village 833, Withee town 1,004, Worden town 645; an increase of 1,192 or 53.4 per cent.

¹⁶ Organized from town of Hixon in 1901.

¹⁷ Organized from town of Weston in 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1930, 1955—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
COLUMBIA COUNTY:					
Arlington	828	794	793	— 34	— 4.10
Caledonia	1,336	1,188	1,140	— 148	— 11.03
Cambria, village ¹	524	561	678	+ 37	+ 7.03
Columbus	800	744	750	— 56	— 7.00
Columbus, city	1,977	2,349	2,388	+ 371	+ 18.81
ward 1	875	905	905	.....	.....
ward 2	799	684	684	.....	.....
ward 3	774	799	799	.....	.....
Courtland ²	815	820	815	+ 5	+ .61
Dekorra ³	7869	908	861	+ 39	+ 4.48
Fall River, village ¹³ .....	.....	.....	369	.....	.....
Ft. Winnebago	646	665	586	+ 19	+ 1.39
Fountain Prairie	1,315	1,409	1,039	+ 94	+ 7.14
Hampden	861	887	839	+ 26	+ 3.02
Kilbourn City, village ..	961	1,134	1,091	+ 173	+ 18.00
Leeds	1,171	1,214	1,168	+ 43	+ 3.67
Lewiston	936	961	882	— 35	— 3.73
Lodi ¹⁰	14689	750	717	+ 111	+ 17.37
Lodi, village ¹⁰	736	1,068	1,096	+ 332	+ 45.10
Louville	733	734	812	+ 51	+ 6.95
Marcellon	845	882	847	+ 37	+ 4.37
Newport ⁸	9487	555	604	+ 98	+ 20.12
Otsego	1,127	1,226	1,133	+ 69	+ 8.78
Pacific	255	289	276	+ 34	+ 13.33
Pardeeville, village ¹² ..	.....	788	866	+ 788	.....
Portage, city	5,143	5,459	5,524	+ 316	+ 6.14
ward 1	658	619	619	.....	.....
ward 2	1052	1086	1086	.....	.....
ward 3	900	863	863	.....	.....
ward 4	1287	1333	1333	.....	.....
ward 5	1582	1623	1623	.....	.....
Poynette, village ⁶	517	623	663	+ 116	+ 22.43
Randolph ⁴	880	951	1,094	+ 71	+ 8.07
Randolph vil. west ward.	79	190	215	+ 111	+ 140.50
Rio, village	339	470	621	+ 140	+ 41.29
Scott	824	811	768	— 13	— 1.57
Springvale	763	751	730	+ 48	+ 6.82
West Point	701	743	708	+ 42	+ 5.99
Wycocena ¹²	1,303	1,158	1,158	— 145	— 11.12
Totals	28,350	31,121	31,192	+ 2,771	+ 9.77

¹ Formerly in Courtland and Randolph town, now independent.² Included part of Cambria village in 1890; part annexed to Randolph village since 1890.³ Exclusive of population of Cambria village.⁴ Included part of Cambria village in 1890.⁵ Part of Courtland town annexed since 1890. In 1890 Cambria village had 524; Courtland 815; Randolph 880 and Randolph village "westward" 79, total, 2,298; in 1900 Cambria village had 561, Courtland 820, Randolph 951, Randolph village "westward" 190, total 2,522; increase 224 or 9.7 per cent.⁶ Poynette village, formerly in Dekorra town, now independent.⁷ Exclusive of population of Poynette village. In 1890 Dekorra had 869, Poynette village 517, total 1,386; in 1900 Dekorra had 908, Poynette 633, total 1,541; increase 155 or 11.2 per cent.⁸ Kilbourn City village, formerly in Newport town, now independent.⁹ Exclusive of population of Kilbourn City village. In 1890 Kilbourn City village had 961, Newport town 487, total 1,448; in 1900 Kilbourn City village had 1,134, Newport town 585, total 1,719; increase 271 or 18.7 per cent.¹⁰ Lodi village, formerly in Lodi town, now independent.¹¹ Exclusive of population of Lodi village. In 1890 Lodi town had 639, Lodi village 736, total 1,375; in 1900 Lodi town 750, Lodi village 1,068, total 1,818; increase 443 or 32.2 per cent.¹² Pardeeville village organized from part of Wycocena town since 1890. In 1900 Pardeeville village 788, Wycocena town 1,158, total 1,946; in 1890 Wycocena, 1,303; increase 643 or 49.3 per cent.¹³ Organized from town of Fountain Prairie since 1900.



MAIN BUILDING, STATE UNIVERSITY.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
CRAWFORD COUNTY:					
Bell Center, village ⁷			240		
Bridgeport	410	357	342	— 53	+ 12.92
Clayton ¹	22,050	2,080	1,599	+ 30	+ 1.44
De Soto, village (part of) ²	79	87	80	+ 8	+ 10.12
Eastman	1,436	1,471	1,401	+ 35	+ 2.43
Freeman ³	41,417	1,533	1,482	+ 116	+ 8.19
Gays Mills, village ⁶			427		
Haney	738	868	715	+ 130	+ 17.61
Lynxville, village	243	322	384	+ 79	+ 32.51
Marietta	1,330	1,262	675	— 33	— 2.92
Prairie du Chien	602	595	581	— 7	— 1.12
Prairie du Chien, city	3,131	3,232	3,179	+ 121	+ 3.22
ward 1	629	636	585		
ward 2	1131	1049	1033		
ward 3	1063	1211	1193		
ward 4	303	346	218		
Scott	1,079	1,004	930	— 75	— 6.95
Seneca	1,197	1,200	1,181	+ 3	+ .25
Soldiers Grove, village ¹		680	718	+ 680	
Steuben, village ⁸			275		
Utica	1,389	1,548	1,452	+ 159	+ 11.44
Wauzeka	916	576	513	— 340	— 37.11
Wauzeka, village		471	449	+ 471	
Total	15,987	17,285	16,926	+ 1,209	+ 8.12

¹ Soldiers Grove village; formerly Clayton town, now independent.

² Includes population of Soldiers Grove village, not separately returned in 1890. In 1900 Clayton town had 2,080. Soldiers Grove village 680, total 2,760; in 1890 Clayton town had 2,050; increase 710 or 34.63 per cent.

³ De Soto village, formerly in Freeman town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of De Soto village. In 1890 De Soto village (part of) had 79, Freeman town 1,417; total 1,496; in 1900 De Soto village had 87, Freeman town 1,533, total 1,620; increase 124 or 8.23 per cent.

⁵ Wauzeka village organized from part of Wauzeka town since 1890. In 1900 Wauzeka town had 576, Wauzeka village 571, total 1,047; in 1890 Wauzeka town had 916; increase 131 or 14.3 per cent.

⁶ Organized from towns of Clayton and Utica in 1900.

⁷ Organized from towns of Haney and Clayton in 1901.

⁸ Organized from town of Marietta since 1900.

DANE COUNTY:					
Albion	1,516	1,590	1,539	+ 74	+ 4.88
Belleville, village ¹	319	385	423	+ 66	+ 20.63
Berry	1,003	934	885	— 69	— 6.87
Black Earth	742	796	352	+ 54	+ 7.27
Black Earth, village ¹³			475		
Blooming Grove	990	1,119	1,679	+ 120	+ 12.01
Blue Mounds	1,449	1,048	1,085	— 401	— 27.67
Bristol	1,093	1,263	1,186	+ 175	+ 16.01
Brooklyn, village ¹⁸			98		
Burke	1,129	1,230	1,204	+ 101	+ 8.94
Cambridge, village ¹⁴			573		
Christiana	2,379	2,401	1,731	+ 22	+ .92
Cottage Grove	1,305	1,307	1,310	+ 2	+ .15
Cross Plains	1,103	1,206	1,158	+ 103	+ 9.33
Dane	1,161	933	912	— 228	— 19.63
Dane, village ⁴		280	288	+ 280	
Deerfield ⁵	61,235	1,104	1,033	— 131	— 10.60
Deerfield, village ⁵	338	515	587	+ 177	+ 52.36
De Forest, village ¹⁹			453		

¹ Belleville village, formerly in Montrose town, now independent.

² Organized from town of Black Earth in 1901.

³ Organized from towns of Oregon and Rutland since 1900.

⁴ Organized from town of Christiana, was included in that town in 1900.

⁵ Dane village organized from Dane town since 1890. In 1890 Dane town had 923, Dane village 280; in 1890 Dane town had 1,161; increase 52 or 4.47 per cent.

⁶ Deerfield village, formerly in Deerfield town, now independent.

⁷ Organized from town of Windsor since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
DANE COUNTY—con.					
Dunkirk	1,406	1,536	1,393	+ 130	+ 9.24
Dunn	1,113	1,155	1,202	+ 42	+ 3.77
Fitchburg	958	1,004	941	+ 46	+ 4.80
Madison	919	1,567	1,538	+ 648	+ 70.51
Madison, city ¹⁵	13,426	19,164	24,301	+ 5,738	+ 42.73
ward 1	2845	1855	2040		
ward 2	2943	2456	2808		
ward 3	1512	1583	1765		
ward 4	2284	3030	2405		
ward 5	2164	3401	4556		
ward 6	1678	2832	3025		
ward 7		1519	2171		
ward 8		2133	2499		
ward 9			1553		
ward 10			579		
Marshall, village ¹⁶			464		
Mazomanie ⁷	8448	493	442	+ 45	+ 10.02
Mazomanie, village ⁷	1,034	902	863	- 132	- 12.76
Medina	1,393	1,484	967	+ 91	+ 6.53
Middleton	1,433	1,550	1,041	+ 117	+ 8.16
Middleton, village ¹⁷			544		
Montrose	2932	997	978	+ 65	+ 6.97
Mt. Horeb, village ⁸		864	1,003	+ 864	
Oregon ⁹	10841	881	844	+ 40	+ 4.75
Oregon, village ⁹	595	697	703	+ 102	+ 17.10
Perry	996	1,050	1,061	+ 54	+ 5.42
Pleasant Springs	1,501	1,453	1,384	- 48	- 3.19
Primrose	889	317	781	- 72	- 8.09
Roxbury	1,073	966	945	- 107	- 9.97
Rutland	1,222	1,297	1,192	+ 75	+ 6.13
Springdale	1,120	1,050	1,101	- 70	- 6.24
Springfield	1,111	1,108	1,062	- 3	- .27
Stoughton, city	2,470	3,431	4,244	+ 961	+ 38.90
ward 1		1351	988		
ward 2		2030	1233		
ward 3			1148		
ward 4			325		
Sun Prairie	912	1,039	1,018	+ 127	+ 13.92
Sun Prairie, village	704	938	1,086	+ 234	+ 33.23
Vermont	892	826	763	- 66	- 7.39
Verona	1,235	1,335	1,280	+ 110	+ 8.98
Vienna	1,009	1,048	1,045	+ 39	+ 3.86
Waunakee, village ¹¹	12312	443	465	+ 131	+ 41.98
Westport ¹¹	1,581	1,472	1,487	- 109	- 6.89
Windsor	1,323	1,809	1,475	+ 480	+ 36.11
York	963	943	873	- 20	- 2.08
Total	59,578	69,435	75,457	+ 9,857	+ 16.54

² Exclusive of population of Belleville village. In 1890 Belleville village had 319, Montrose town 932, total 1,251; in 1900 Belleville village 385, Montrose town 967, total 1,352; increase 131 or 10.47 per cent.

³ Mt. Horeb village organized from part of Blue Mounds town since 1890. In 1900 Blue Mounds town 1,048, Mt. Horeb village 864, total 1,912; in 1890 Blue Mounds town 1,449; increase 463 or 31.9 per cent.

⁶ Exclusive of population of Deerfield village; 1890 Deerfield town had 1,235, Deerfield village 338; total 1,273; in 1900 Deerfield town 1,104, Deerfield village 515, total 1,619; increase 46 or 2.9 per cent.

⁷ Mazomanie village, formerly in Mazomanie town, now independent.

⁸ Exclusive of population of Mazomanie village. In 1890 Mazomanie town had 448, Mazomanie village 1,034, total 1,482; in 1900 Mazomanie town had 493, Mazomanie village 902, total 1,395; decrease 87 or 5.87 per cent.

⁹ Oregon village, formerly in Oregon town, now independent.

¹⁰ Exclusive of population of Oregon village. In 1890 Oregon town had 841, Oregon village 595, total 1,436; in 1900 Oregon town had 881, Oregon village 697, total 1,578; increase 142 or 9.83 per cent.

¹¹ Waunakee village, formerly in Westport town, now independent.

¹² Exclusive of population of Waunakee village. In 1890 Waunakee village had 312, Westport town 1,581, total 1,893; in 1900 Waunakee village had 443, Westport town 1,472, total 1,915; increase 22 or 1.16 per cent.

¹⁵ Wards 9 and 10 were part of town of Madison in 1900.

¹⁶ Organized from town of Medina since 1900.

¹⁷ Organized from town of Middleton since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900	1905.	No.	Per cent.
DODGE COUNTY:					
Ashippun	1,344	1,839	1,270	— 5	— .37
Beaver Dam	1,341	1,340	1,277	— 1	— .07
Beaver Dam, city	4,222	5,128	5,615	+ 906	+ 21.45
ward 1		822	620		
ward 2		1405	716		
ward 3		1493	740		
ward 4		1408	717		
ward 5			597		
ward 6			701		
ward 7			754		
ward 8			770		
Burnett	1,026	1,061	1,005	+ 35	+ 3.41
Calamus	1,083	1,066	1,040	+ 13	+ 1.20
Chester	736	707	622	— 29	— 3.94
Clyman	1,293	1,236	1,143	— 57	— 4.40
Elba	1,117	1,066	1,086	— 51	— 4.56
Emmet	1,248	1,152	1,051	— 96	— 7.69
Fox Lake ¹	2802	741	714	— 61	— 7.60
Fox Lake, village ¹	814	890	908	+ 76	+ 9.33
Herman	1,478	1,394	1,276	— 84	— 5.68
Horicon city ³	1,354	1,376	1,553	+ 22	+ 1.62
ward 1			518		
ward 2			500		
ward 3			537		
Hubbard	1,690	1,563	1,438	— 127	— 7.51
Hustisford	1,639	1,606	1,646	— 33	— 2.01
Juneau, city	701	801	944	+ 190	+ 27.10
ward 1			489		
ward 2			455		
Lebanon	1,505	1,469	1,263	— 36	— 2.39
Leroy	1,413	1,344	1,263	— 69	— 4.88
Lomira ⁴	1,816	1,590	1,572	— 253	— 14.00
Lomira, village ⁴		492	495	+ 492	
Lowell ⁵	61,859	1,713	1,590	— 146	— 7.35
Lowell, village ⁵	304	333	286	+ 29	+ 9.54
Mayville, city ⁷	1,165	1,815	1,793	+ 650	+ 55.81
ward 1		486	372		
ward 2		420	469		
ward 3		909	952		
Neosho, village ⁹			307		
Oak Grove	1,589	1,554	1,495	— 45	— 2.81
Portland	1,163	1,129	1,084	— 34	— 2.92
Randolph, village ¹⁰	326	548	603	+ 222	+ 68.69
East ward	326				
Reeseville, village	329	393	397	+ 64	+ 19.45
Rubicon	1,520	1,449	1,189	— 71	— 4.66
Shields	919	868	811	— 51	— 5.54

¹ Fox Lake village, formerly in Fox Lake town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Fox Lake village. In 1890 Fox Lake town had 802, Fox Lake village 814, total 1,616; in 1900 Fox Lake town had 741, Fox Lake village 890, total 1,631; increase 15 or .9 per cent.

³ Incorporated as a city since 1890.

⁴ Lomira village organized from part of Lomira town since 1890. In 1900 Lomira town had 1,560, Lomira village 492, total 2,052; in 1890 Lomira town had 1,816; increase 236 or 12.99 per cent.

⁵ Lowell and Reeseville villages, formerly in Lowell town, now independent.

⁶ Exclusive of population of Lowell and Reeseville villages. In 1890 Lowell town had 1,859, Lowell village 304, and Reeseville village 329, total 2,492; in 1900 Lowell town had 1,713, Lowell village 333, and Reeseville village 393, total 2,439; decrease 53 or 2.1 per cent.

⁷ Part of Williamstown town annexed to Mayville city since 1890. In 1890 Mayville city had 1,165, Williamstown town 1,631, total 2,196; in 1900 Mayville city had 1,815, Williamstown town 1,015, total 2,830; increase 634 or 28.87 per cent.

⁸ Neosho village was incorporated from town of Rubicon in 1902.

¹⁰ Total for Randolph village in Dodge and Columbia counties in 1905 is 818.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1905 as com- pared with 18.0.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
DODGE COUNTY—con.					
Theresa ⁹	1,761	1,433	1,350	— 321	— 18.63
Theresa, village ⁸		355	354	+ 355	.....
Trenton	1,472	1,429	1,271	— 43	— 2.92
Watertown, city ¹¹	2,249	2,170	2,222	— 79	— 3.57
ward 5			958		
ward 6			1264		
Watertown, city in Dodge and Jefferson counties.	8,755	8,437	8,622	— 318	— 3.63
ward 1		2352	2466		
ward 2		1430	1478		
ward 3		929	966		
ward 4		533	523		
ward 5		902	958		
ward 6		1263	1264		
ward 7		1003	993		
Waupun, city ¹²	1,695	2,067	2,037	+ 372	+ 21.94
ward 1			472		
ward 2			339		
ward 3			275		
ward 4			293		
Prison, ward			603		
Waupun city in Dodge and Fond du Lac counties.	2,757	3,185	3,111	+ 428	+ 15.16
South ward	1695	2067	2037		
North ward	1062	1118	1074		
Westford	970	909	880	— 61	— 6.28
Williamstown	1,031	1,015	934	— 16	— 1.55
Total	44,984	46,631	45,773	+ 1,647	+ 3.66

⁸ Theresa village organized from part of Theresa town since 1899. In 1900 Theresa town had 1,433, Theresa village 355, total 1,788; in 1890 Theresa town had 1,761; increase 27 or 1.53 per cent.

¹¹ Total for Watertown city in Dodge and Juneau counties in 1905 is 8,622.

¹² Total for Waupun city in Dodge and Fond du Lac counties in 1905 is 3,111.

DOOR COUNTY:					
Bailey Harbor	603	645	708	+ 42	+ 6.90
Brussels	1,085	1,237	1,333	+ 202	+ 18.61
Claybanks	609	557	557	— 52	— 8.53
Egg Harbor	321	383	477	+ 61	+ 7.43
Forestville	1,361	1,364	1,407	+ 3	+ .22
Gardner	895	785	889	— 20	— 2.45
Gibraltar	934	1,185	1,206	+ 251	+ 26.87
Jacksonport	817	913	955	+ 96	+ 11.75
Liberty Grove	1,536	1,550	1,628	+ 14	+ .91
Nasawaunpee	1,057	1,349	1,355	+ 292	+ 27.63
Sevastopol	1,313	1,607	1,709	+ 294	+ 22.39
Sturgeon Bay ¹	1,135	585	624	—	— 48.45
Sturgeon Bay, city ¹	2,195	3,372	4,640	+ 1,170	+ 53.16
ward 1		1299	1597		
ward 2		651	832		
ward 3		721	1052		
ward 4		701	1159		
Union	673	639	652	— 34	— 5.05
Washington	733	863	911	+ 125	+ 16.95
Total	15,632	17,583	19,031	+ 7,907	+ 12.12

¹ Part of Sturgeon Bay town annexed to Sturgeon Bay city since 1890. In 1890 Sturgeon Bay city had 2,195, Sturgeon Bay town 1,135, total 3,330; in 1900 Sturgeon Bay city had 3,372, Sturgeon Bay town 585, total 3,957; increase 627 or 18.8 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared w.th 1900.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
DOUGLAS COUNTY:					
Brule	386	1,125	1,709	+ 739	+ 191.45
Gordon	194	403	1,072	+ 219	+ 119.02
Nebagamon	554	2,271	2,800	+ 1,717	+ 309.92
Superior ¹	361	1,445	1,367	+ 1,084	+ 300.28
Superior, city ¹	11,983	31,091	36,551	+ 19,103	+ 159.45
ward 1	846	2724	2909		
ward 2	1453	2043	2113		
ward 3	1295	1543	1253		
ward 4	4436	6359	9267		
ward 5	1215	5107	6331		
ward 6	993	2488	3513		
ward 7	1695	4631	4721		
ward 8		1495	1720		
ward 9		3150	3166		
ward 10		1061	1553		
Total	13,468	36,335	43,499	+ 22,867	+ 169.78

¹ Part of Superior town annexed to Superior city since 1890. In 1890 Superior city had 11,983, Superior town 361, total 12,344; in 1900 Superior city had 31,091, Superior town 1,445, total 32,536; increase 20,192 or 163.57 per cent.

DUNN COUNTY:					
Colfax	672	1,083	747	+ 411	+ 61.16
Colfax, village ¹			640		
Dunn	1,258	1,410	1,261	+ 152	+ 12.08
Eau Galle	1,218	1,347	1,423	+ 139	+ 10.59
Elk Mound	695	812	934	+ 117	+ 16.83
Grant	542	667	704	+ 125	+ 23.06
Hay River	486	591	654	+ 15	+ 3.09
Lucas	705	885	815	+ 180	+ 25.53
Menomonie	1,633	1,849	1,881	+ 216	+ 13.22
Menomonie, city	5,491	5,655	5,473	+ 164	+ 2.98
ward 1	1417	1314			
ward 2	1176	1143			
ward 3	1013	1187			
ward 4	1885	2006			
New Haven	521	620	700	+ 99	+ 19.00
Otter Creek	312	337	398	+ 3	+ 1.46
Peru	342	375	370	+ 5	+ 9.64
Red Cedar	1,127	1,484	1,360	+ 357	+ 31.67
Rock Creek	843	646	671	+ 197	+ 23.56
Sand Creek	620	609	738	+ 11	+ 1.77
Sheridan	423	569	631	+ 146	+ 34.51
Sherman	635	780	838	+ 145	+ 22.83
Spring Brook	1,267	1,287	1,281	+ 20	+ 1.57
Stanton	1,113	1,110	1,243	+ 3	+ .26
Tainter	442	479	545	+ 37	+ 8.37
Tiffany	1,118	1,219	1,092	+ 101	+ 9.03
Weston	690	867	1,067	+ 177	+ 25.65
Wilson	431	452	618	+ 29	+ 6.02
Total	22,664	25,043	26,074	+ 2,379	+ 10.49

¹ Organized from Colfax town since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY:					
Altoona, city	805	721	717	— 84	— 10.43
Augusta, city	1,187	1,256	1,426	+ 69	+ 5.81
Bridge Creek	1,122	1,280	1,335	+ 158	+ 14.08
Brunswick	1,765	714	664	— 1,051	— 59.49
Clear Creek	621	758	797	+ 137	+ 22.06
Drammen	556	721	813	+ 165	+ 29.67
Eau Claire, city	17,415	17,517	18,737	+ 102	+ .59
ward 1	3078	1581	1490		
ward 2	1604	1565	1637		
ward 3	1975	1869	2307		
ward 4	1085	983	937		
ward 5	1533	1422	1542		
ward 6	3893	1938	2138		
ward 7	2128	2019	2168		
ward 8	2164	2103	2133		
ward 9		2156	2366		
ward 10		1846	2019		
Fairchild, village ¹	2570	658	563	+ 88	+ 15.44
Lincoln	645	947	806	+ 302	+ 46.82
Luddington	1,786	1,731	1,802	— 55	— 3.08
Otter Creek	553	874	926	+ 316	+ 56.63
Pleasant Valley	688	729	709	+ 41	+ 5.95
Seymour	737	1,000	1,050	+ 263	+ 35.68
Union	406	559	586	+ 153	+ 37.68
Washington	674	905	1,126	+ 231	+ 34.27
Totals	30,673	31,692	33,519	+ 1,019	+ 3.32

¹ Fairchild village formerly in Fairchild town, made independent since 1890.

² Exclusive of population of Fairchild village. In 1890 Fairchild town had 570, Fairchild village 645, total 1,215; in 1900 Fairchild town had 658, Fairchild village 947, total 1,605; increase 390 or 32 per cent.

FLORENCE COUNTY:					
Commonwealth ¹	895	823	723	— 67	— 7.43
Florence	1,709	1,824	1,941	+ 115	+ 6.72
Homestead ¹		545	858	+ 545	
Total	2,604	3,197	3,522	+ 593	+ 22.77

¹ Homestead town organized from town of Commonwealth since 1890. In 1900 Commonwealth had 823, Homestead town 545, total 1,373, increase 478 or 53.40 per cent.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY:					
Alto	1,316	1,290	1,233	— 26	— 1.97
Ashford	1,868	1,755	1,341	— 113	— 6.05
Auburn	1,509	1,417	1,084	— 52	— 6.09
Brandon, village ¹	660	663	644	+ 3	+ .45
Byron	1,216	1,234	1,227	+ 18	+ 1.45
Calumet	1,399	1,443	1,390	+ 44	+ 3.14
Campbellsport, village ²			714		

¹ Brandon village, formerly in Metomen town, now independent.

² Incorporated from town of Ashford in 1902.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 19.0 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
FOND DU LAC CO.—con.					
Eden	1,333	1,393	1,330	+ 60	+ 4.50
Eldorado	1,458	1,363	1,328	— 95	— 6.51
Empire	873	865	870	— 8	— .91
Fond du Lac	1,126	1,280	1,255	+ 154	+ 13.67
Fond du Lac, city	12,024	15,110	17,284	+ 3,086	+ 25.66
ward 1	1759	2389	1049		
ward 2	923	2404	1061		
ward 3	1112	2402	1097		
ward 4	1037	2391	1167		
ward 5	1639	1013	1013		
ward 6		1106	1063		
ward 7	1034	1252	1145		
ward 8	1470	1853	1122		
ward 9			1145		
ward 10			1023		
ward 11			1028		
ward 12			1100		
ward 13			1146		
ward 14			1075		
ward 15			1100		
ward 16			1050		
Forest	1,311	1,206	1,158	— 105	— 8.00
Friendship	856	852	873	— 4	— .45
Lamartine	1,232	1,223	1,203	— 9	— .73
Marshfield	1,938	1,992	1,900	+ 51	+ 2.73
Metomen	21,193	1,194	1,212	+ 1	+ .83
North Fond du Lac, vil. ⁴			1,944		
Oakfield	1,324	1,471	832	+ 147	+ 11.10
Oakfield, village ⁵			548		
Osceola	1,272	1,077	1,102	— 165	— 15.33
Ripon	1,185	1,037	1,014	— 113	— 9.95
Ripon city	3,358	3,818	3,811	+ 430	+ 13.69
ward 1		934	840		
ward 2		930	956		
ward 3		916	878		
ward 4		1038	1037		
Rosendale	1,090	1,106	1,073	+ 7	+ .63
Springvale	1,692	1,189	1,091	+ 97	+ 8.88
Taycheedah	1,260	1,293	1,263	+ 24	+ 1.89
Waupun	1,115	1,170	1,054	+ 55	+ 4.93
Waupun, city ⁶	1,062	1,118	1,074	+ 56	+ 5.27
ward 5			443		
ward 6			631		
Total	44,088	47,589	50,825	+ 3,561	+ 7.94

² Exclusive of population of Brandon village. In 1890 Brandon village had 669, Metomen town 1,193, total 1,853; in 1900 Brandon village had 633, Metomen town 1,194, total 1,857; increase 4 or .3 per cent.

⁴ Incorporated from town of Friendship in 1902.

⁵ Incorporated from town of Oakfield in 1903.

⁶ Total for Waupun in Fond du Lac and Dodge counties is 3,111.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1800, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1900	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
FOREST COUNTY ¹					
Caswell ⁵			404		
Crandon ⁴	370	706	2,006	+ 336	+ 90.81
Hiles ⁶			435		
Laona ⁷			1,008		
North Crandon ⁸			439		
Wabeno ⁹			1,675		
Cavour ³	2640	690		+ 48	+ 7.47
Total	1,012	1,396	5,968	+ 381	+ 37.94

¹ Gagen town and part of Pelican Lake town annexed to Oneida county since 1890.

² Includes population (642) of Gagen and Pelican Lake towns.

³ Organized from parts of Crandon and Pelican Lake since 1890.

⁴ Part taken to form part of Cavour since 1830.

⁵ Organized from towns of Crandon and Cavour in 1901.

⁶ Organized from towns of North Crandon and Crandon in 1833.

⁷ Organized from town of Wabeno in 1833.

⁸ Organized from town of Crandon in 1901.

⁹ The town of Cavour was changed to Wabeno in 1971.

GRANT COUNTY:					
Beetown	1,257	1,207	1,071	- 50	- 3.97
Bloomington	2537	630	623	+ 43	+ 7.32
Bloomington, village ¹	587	611	603	+ 24	+ 4.09
Boscobel	122	133	140	+ 16	+ 13.31
Boscobel, city	1,570	1,637	1,634	+ 67	+ 4.27
ward 1		409			
ward 2		402			
ward 3		459			
ward 4		337			
Cassville	509	643	651	+ 74	+ 13.00
Cassville, village ²	886	979	913	+ 93	+ 10.48
Castle Rock	681	693	711	+ 12	+ 1.76
Clifton	1,074	1,055	1,055	- 19	- 1.76
Cuba City, village ⁵		636	755	+ 636	
Ellenboro	814	828	728	+ 14	+ 1.72
Fennimore	7807	795	773	- 12	- 1.48
Fennimore village ⁶	616	1,035	1,053	+ 419	+ 68.01
Glen Haven	883	819	797	- 64	- 7.24
Harrison	1,020	992	974	- 28	- 2.74
Hazel Green	1,123	1,160	1,222	+ 37	+ 3.20
Hazel Green, village ⁸	426	442	529	+ 16	+ 3.75

¹ Bloomington village, formerly in Bloomington town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Bloomington village. In 1890 Bloomington town had 587, Bloomington village 537, total 1,124; in 1900 Bloomington town had 630, Bloomington village 611, total 1,241; increase 67 or 5.7 per cent.

³ Cassville village, formerly in Cassville town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Cassville village. In 1890 Cassville town had 569, Cassville village 836, total 1,405; in 1900 Cassville town had 643, Cassville village 979, total 1,622; increase 167 or 11.47 per cent.

⁵ Cuba City village organized from part of Smelser town since 1890. In 1900 Cuba City village had 633. Smelser town 923, total 1,556; in 1890 Smelser town had 1,295; increase 264 or 20.38 per cent.

⁶ Fennimore village, formerly in Fennimore town, now independent.

⁷ Exclusive of population of Fennimore village. In 1890 Fennimore town had 807, Fennimore village 616, total 1,423; in 1900 Fennimore town had 795, Fennimore village 1,035 total 1,830; increase 437 or 23.6 per cent.

⁸ Hazel Green village, formerly in Hazel Green town, now independent.

⁹ Exclusive of population of Hazel Green village. In 1890 Hazel Green town had 1,123, Hazel Green village 426, total 1,549; in 1900 Hazel Green town had 1,160, Hazel Green village 442, total 1,602; increase 53 or 3.4 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1830, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
GRANT COUNTY—con.					
Hickory Grove	798	686	696	- 112	- 14.03
Jamestown	961	978	936	+ 17	+ 1.77
Lancaster ¹⁸	1,746	1,659	.....	- 87	- 4.98
Lancaster, city	1,543	2,403	2,555	+ 860	+ 55.73
Liberty	881	870	838	- 11	- 1.24
Lima	1,040	1,051	950	+ 11	+ 1.05
Little Grant	603	566	549	- 102	- 15.27
Marion	573	566	530	- 7	- 1.22
Millville	197	268	291	+ 71	+ 36.04
Montfort, village ¹⁰	467	627	599	+ 160	+ 34.26
Mt. Hope	640	671	656	+ 31	+ 4.84
Mt. Ida	779	793	737	+ 14	+ 1.79
Muscoda	¹² 555	454	448	- 101	- 18.19
Muscoda, village ¹²	605	743	735	+ 138	+ 22.81
North Lancaster ¹⁶ .....	.....	.....	574	.....	.....
Paris	773	792	768	+ 14	+ 1.80
Patch Grove	690	630	595	- 36	- 4.34
Platteville	947	879	803	+ 32	+ 3.37
Platteville, city	2,740	3,340	4,438	+ 696	+ 2.90
ward 1 .....	.....	.....	1295	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	.....	1234	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	.....	1017	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	.....	892	.....	.....
Potosi	¹⁵ 1,110	1,568	1,441	- 542	- 25.63
Potosi, village ¹⁴ .....	.....	434	450	+ 434	.....
Smelser	1,295	923	931	+ 372	+ 28.72
South Lancaster ¹⁷ .....	.....	.....	979	.....	.....
Waterloo	934	966	849	+ 32	+ 3.42
Watertown	483	474	654	- 14	- 2.87
Wingville	¹¹ 913	854	818	- 59	- 6.45
Woodman	495	483	442	- 57	- 11.51
Wyalusing	786	918	909	+ 132	+ 16.78
Total	36,651	38,881	39,626	+ 2,900	+ 6.03

¹⁰ Montfort village, formerly in Wingville town, now independent.¹¹ Exclusive of population of Montfort village. In 1890 Montfort village had 437, Wingville town 913, total 1,350; in 1900 Montfort had 627, Wingville town 854, total 1,481; increase 101 or 7.3 per cent.¹² Muscoda village, formerly in Muscoda town, now independent.¹³ Exclusive of population of Muscoda village. In 1890 Muscoda town had 555, Muscoda village 605, total 1,160; in 1900 Muscoda town had 454, Muscoda village 743, total 1,197; increase 37 or 3.2 per cent.¹⁴ Potosi village, formerly in Potosi town, now independent.¹⁵ Includes population of Potosi village, not separately returned in 1890. In 1900 Potosi town had 1,568, Potosi village 434, total 2,002; in 1890 Potosi town had 2,110; decrease 108 or 5.1 per cent.¹⁶ Organized from part of town of Lancaster in 1905.¹⁷ Organized from part of Lancaster in 1905.¹⁸ Town of Lancaster discontinued in 1905.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.			
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.		
GREEN COUNTY:							
Adams	851	854	810	+	3	+	.35
Albany	682	699	662	+	17	+	2.49
Albany, village	698	797	822	+	99	+	14.18
Brodhead, city	1,461	1,584	1,667	+	123	+	8.41
ward 1		736					
ward 2		848					
Brooklyn ¹	1,205	1,188	870	+	27	-	2.24
Brooklyn, village ¹			283				
Browntown, village		246	277	+	246		
Cadiz	1,567	1,240	1,124	-	267	-	17.71
Clarno	1,819	1,223	1,189	-	93	-	7.05
Decatur	685	650	596	-	35	-	5.10
Exeter	915	917	895	+	2	+	.21
Jefferson	1,278	1,184	1,188	-	94	-	7.34
Jordan	1,161	966	891	-	135	-	12.26
Monroe	966	942	922	-	24	-	2.48
Monroe, city	3,768	3,927	4,269	+	159	+	4.23
ward 1		930					
ward 2		893					
ward 3		1089					
ward 4		1032					
Monticello, village ³	407	559	639	-	152	+	37.34
Mt. Pleasant ²	4,841	761	711	-	80	-	9.51
New Glarus ²	1,180	1,245	685	+	65	+	5.50
New Glarus, village ²			685				
Spring Grove	1,135	1,021	929	-	114	-	10.04
Sylvester	906	907	786	+	3	+	.33
Washington	818	768	739	-	50	-	6.11
York	1,009	1,036	907	+	27	+	2.67
Total	22,778	22,719	22,390	-	13	-	.05

¹ Organized from town of Brooklyn in 1905.

² Organized from town of New Glarus in 1901.

³ Monticello village, formerly in Mt. Pleasant town, now independent. Exclusive of population of Monticello village. In 1890 Monticello village had 407, Mt. Pleasant town 811, total 1,248; in 1900 Monticello village had 559, Mt. Pleasant town 761, total 1,320; increase 72 or 5.76 per cent.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY:							
Berlin	767	801	778	+	34	+	4.43
Berlin, city	4,118	4,448	4,597	+	330	+	8.01
ward 1		752	703				
ward 2		1167	1163				
ward 3		1034	1051				
ward 4		628	712				
ward 5		878	878				
Brooklyn	1,076	953	949	-	123	-	11.43
Dartford, village	204	420	527	+	246	+	120.59
Green Lake	1,343	1,288	1,179	-	55	-	4.09
Kingston	316	770	725	-	46	-	5.63
Mackford	21,039	912	851	-	127	-	12.22
Manchester	1,024	1,001	994	-	23	-	2.24
Markesan, village ¹	475	706	787	+	231	+	48.63

¹ Markesan village, formerly in Mackford town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Markesan village. In 1890 Mackford town had 1,039, Markesan village 475, total 1,514; in 1900 Mackford town had 912, Markesan village, 706, total 1,618, increase 104 or 6.83 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1907 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
GREEN LAKE CO.—con.					
Marquette	812	872	759	+ 60	+ 7.38
Princeton	41,167	1,123	1,116	- 44	- 3.77
Princeton, village ³	986	1,202	1,425	+ 216	+ 21.90
Ste. Marie	751	626	558	- 125	- 16.64
Seneca	585	645	565	+ 60	+ 12.17
Total	15,163	15,737	15,838	+ 634	+ 4.18

³ Princeton village, formerly in Princeton town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Princeton village. In 1890 Princeton town had 1,167, Princeton village 986, total 2,153; in 1900 Princeton town had 1,123, Princeton village 1,202, total 2,325; an increase of 172 or 7.98 per cent.

IOWA COUNTY:					
Arena	1,479	1,363	1,364	- 116	- 7.84
Avoca, village	278	406	411	+ 128	+ 46.04
Brigham	1,341	1,435	1,403	+ 94	+ 7.00
Clyde	610	628	564	+ 18	+ 2.95
Cobb village ⁵			269		
Dodgeville	1,577	1,540	1,558	- 37	- 2.34
Dodgeville, city	1,722	1,865	2,152	+ 143	+ 8.30
ward 1		604	535		
ward 2		732	747		
ward 3		539	870		
Eden	956	997	603	+ 41	+ 4.28
Highland	21,577	1,642	1,456	+ 65	+ 4.12
Highland, village ¹	751	913	919	+ 162	+ 21.57
Linden	41,399	1,353	1,288	- 46	- 3.28
Linden village ³	462	543	583	+ 81	+ 17.53
Mifflin	1,465	1,564	1,169	+ 99	+ 6.75
Mineral Point	1,271	1,131	1,016	- 149	- 11.01
Mineral Point, city	2,694	2,991	3,252	+ 297	+ 11.02
ward 1		734	810		
ward 2		985	1023		
ward 3		553	690		
ward 4		719	819		
Moscow	1,145	1,142	1,201	- 3	- .26
Pulaski	901	902	899	+ 1	+ .10
Rewey, village ⁶			335		
Ridgeway	690	1,126	778	+ 136	+ 13.73
Ridgeway, village ⁷			378		
Waldwick	810	732	683	- 88	- 10.86
Wyoming	629	791	710	+ 162	+ 25.72
Total	22,117	23,114	22,971	+ 997	+ 4.50

¹ Highland village, formerly in Highland town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Highland village. In 1890 Highland town had 1,577, Highland village 751, total 2,328; in 1900 Highland town had 1,642, Highland village 913, total 2,555; increase 227 or 9.75 per cent.

³ Linden village, formerly in Linden town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Linden village. In 1890 Linden town had 1,399, Linden village 462, total 1,861; in 1900 Linden town had 1,353, Linden village 543, total 1,896; increase 35 or 1.88 per cent.

⁵ Organized from town of Eden in 1902.

⁶ Organized from town of Mifflin in 1902.

⁷ Organized from town of Ridgeway in 1902.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent
IRON COUNTY:¹					
Anderson ²			274	.....	.....
Knight		1,363	1,144	.....	.....
Montreal		1,631	1,108	.....	.....
Saxon		688	633	.....	.....
Vaughn		2,934	3,370	.....	.....
Total		6,616	6,559	.....	.....

¹ Organized from parts of Ashland and Oneida counties in 1893.

² Town of Anderson takes place of town of Vogle which was formed in 1900 from part of town of Knight. No record of change.

JACKSON COUNTY:					
Albion	1,717	1,723	1,776	+ 6	+ .34
Alma	1,060	1,192	920	+ 132	+ 12.45
Alma Center, village ³			414		
Bear Bluff ²		151	155	+ 151	.....
Black River Falls, city	2,261	1,938	1,946	- 323	- 14.28
ward 1		421	454		
ward 2		415	382		
ward 3		358	309		
ward 4		714	801		
Brockway ¹		812	705	+ 812	.....
City Point	329	323	318	- 6	- 1.82
Cleveland	691	898	906	+ 207	+ 29.95
Curran	706	706	658		
Franklin	626	715	724	+ 89	+ 14.22
Garden Valley	703	785	773	+ 82	+ 11.63
Garfield	502	775	779	+ 273	+ 54.38
Hixton	696	809	907	+ 203	+ 29.16
Irving	909	878	946	- 31	- 3.41
Knapp	1,005	342	308	- 663	- 65.97
Manchester	560	696	692	+ 136	+ 24.28
Melrose	1,304	1,532	1,601	+ 233	+ 17.43
Merrillan, village	639	739	649	+ 100	+ 15.65
Millston	369	408	374	+ 9	+ 2.25
Northfield	787	1,026	1,039	+ 239	+ 30.36
Springfield	933	928	989	+ 25	+ 2.76
Total	15,797	17,466	17,579	+ 1,639	+ 10.56

¹ Brockway town organized from part of Albion town since 1890. In 1890 Albion town had 1,717, in 1900 Albion town had 1,732, Brockway town 812, total 2,535; increase 818 or 47.6 per cent.

² Bear Bluff town organized from part of City Point town (formerly Sullivan) since 1890. In 1900 Bear Bluff town had 151, City Point town 323, total 474; in 1890 City Point town had 320; increase 145 or 41.07 per cent.

³ Organized from town of Alma in 1902.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 19.0 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
JEFFERSON COUNTY:					
Aztalan	1,349	1,313	1,039	— 36	— 2.66
Cold Springs	649	606	531	— 43	— 6.62
Concord	1,331	1,236	1,159	— 95	— 7.13
Farmington	1,847	1,853	1,499	+ 6	+ .32
Fort Atkinson, city ¹	2,283	3,043	3,300	+ 760	+ 33.28
ward 1	793		554		
ward 2	708		780		
ward 3	659		691		
ward 4	883		975		
Hebron	1,063	1,069	930	+ 9	+ .84
Ixonia	1,491	1,374	1,272	— 117	— 7.81
Jefferson ²	4,766	1,729	1,768	— 37	— 2.01
Jefferson, city ³	2,287	2,534	2,572	+ 297	+ 12.98
ward 1	737		602		
ward 2	633		753		
ward 3	680		714		
ward 4	544		500		
Johnson Creek, village ¹¹			404		
Koshkonong ¹	2,499	1,475	1,444	— 24	— 1.60
Lake Mills	1,054	1,331	1,193	+ 277	+ 26.28
Lake Mills, village ⁵	1,053	1,387	1,602	+ 334	+ 31.71
Millford	1,439	1,271	1,214	— 168	— 11.63
Oakland	1,168	1,287	1,247	+ 119	+ 10.18
Palmyra	790	789	716	— 1	— .12
Palmyra, village ⁷	567	716	710	+ 149	+ 26.27
Sullivan	1,323	1,239	1,250	— 84	— 6.35
Sumner	539	555	455	+ 16	+ 2.96
Waterloo	976	965	855	— 11	— 1.12
Waterloo, village	862	1,137	1,106	+ 275	+ 31.90
Watertown ⁹	1,691	1,563	1,477	— 128	— 7.56
Watertown, city	3,506	6,267	6,400	— 239	— 3.67
ward 1			2466		
ward 2			1478		
ward 3			966		
ward 4			523		
ward 7			962		
Total	33,530	34,789	34,293	+ 1,259	+ 3.75

¹ Ft. Atkinson city, formerly in Koshkonong town, now independent.
² Exclusive of population of Fort Atkinson city. In 1899 Ft. Atkinson city had 2,283, Koshkonong 1,499, total 3,782; in 1900 Ft. Atkinson city had 3,043, Koshkonong town 1,475, total 4,518; increase 736 or 19.46 per cent.
³ Jefferson city, formerly in Jefferson town, now independent.
⁴ Exclusive of population of Jefferson city. In 1890 Jefferson city had 2,287, Jefferson town 1,766, total 4,053; in 1900 Jefferson city had 2,534, Jefferson town 1,729, total 4,313; increase 260 or 6.4 per cent.
⁵ Lake Mills village, formerly in Lake Mills town, now independent.
⁶ Exclusive of population of Lake Mills village. In 1890 Lake Mills town had 1,054, Lake Mills village 1,053, total 2,107; in 1900 Lake Mills town had 1,331, Lake Mills village 1,387, total 2718; increase 611 or 28.99 per cent.
⁷ Palmyra village, formerly in Palmyra town, now independent.
⁸ Exclusive of population of Palmyra village. In 1890 Palmyra town had 790, Palmyra village 567, total 1,357; in 1900 Palmyra town had 789, Palmyra village 716, total 1,505; increase 149 or 10.9 per cent.
⁹ Waterloo village, formerly in Waterloo town, now independent.
¹⁰ Exclusive of population of Waterloo village. In 1890, Waterloo town had 976, Waterloo village 862, total 1,838; in 1900 Waterloo town had 965, Waterloo village had 1,137, total 2,102; increase 264 or 14.36 per cent.
¹¹ Johnson Creek was incorporated from town of Farmington in 1903.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.		
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.	
JUNEAU COUNTY:						
Armenia	354	801	837	+	447	+ 136.27
Camp Douglas, village ² ..	225	432	435	+	207	+ 92.00
Clearfield	274	531	498	+	257	+ 93.79
Cutler ⁴		377	381	+	377	
Elroy city	1,413	1,655	2,011	+	272	+ 19.25
ward 1		744	900			
ward 2		941	1111			
Finley ¹		201	144			
Fountain	744	956	1,013	+	212	+ 28.49
Germantown	510	609	623	+	90	+ 19.41
Kildare	648	9.9	5.6	+	291	+ 44.90
Kingston	211	236	277	+	85	+ 40.28
Lemonweir	1,075	1,174	1,059	+	90	+ 9.20
Lindina	957	1,033	1,019	+	79	+ 8.25
Lisbon	444	576	613	+	132	+ 29.72
Lyndon	495	572	478	+	77	+ 15.55
Lyndon Station, village ⁵ ..			288			
Marion	391	418	436	+	27	+ 6.90
Mauston city	1,343	1,718	1,857	+	375	+ 27.92
ward 1		685	1030			
ward 2		1033	767			
Necedah	534	612	630	+	78	+ 14.60
Necedah, village	1,708	1,209	1,113	—	499	— 29.21
New Lisbon, city	900	1,014	1,005	+	*	+
ward 1			532			
ward 2			333			
Orange	3469	561	573	+	92	+ 19.61
Plymouth	839	86	896	+	36	+ 4.78
Seven Mile Creek	697	810	803	+	115	+ 16.49
Summit	930	1,017	976	+	35	+ 3.57
Wonewoc	1,211	1,407	1,460	+	196	+ 16.15
Wonewoc, village	619	81	68	+	19	+ 31.01
Total	17,121	20,62	20,754	+	3,550	+ 20.48

¹ Finley town organized from parts of Armenia and Kingston towns since 1890. In 1900 Armenia town had 831, Finley town 201, Kingston town 296, total 1,328; in 1890 Armenia town had 354, Kingston town 211, total 565; increase 733 or 129.7 per cent.

² Camp Douglas village, formerly in Orange town, now independent.

³ Exclusive of population of Camp Douglas village. In 1890 Camp Douglas village had 225, Orange town 469, total 694; in 1900 Camp Douglas village had 432, Orange town 561, total 993; increase 299 or 43.08 per cent.

⁴ Cutler town organized from part of Necedah town since 1890. In 1900 Cutler town had 377, Necedah 1,821, Necedah village 1,209, total 3,407; in 1890 Necedah town had 2,242, Necedah village 1,708, total 3,950; decrease 543 or 13.74 per cent.

⁵ Incorporated from town of Kildare in 1903.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent
KENOSHA COUNTY:					
Brighton	926	850	878	— 76	— 8.20
Bristol	1,071	1,151	1,168	+ 80	+ 7.46
Kenosha, city	6,532	11,606	16,235	+ 5,074	+ 77.68
ward 1	1229	1355	1355		
ward 2	1261	1603	1603		
ward 3	2225	3589	3589		
ward 4	2059	3133	3133		
ward 5	1263	2057	2057		
ward 6	1123	1284	1284		
ward 7	1102	1511	1511		
ward 8	1339	1693	1693		
Paris	871	818	789	— 53	— 6.08
Pleasant Prairie	1,616	1,776	2,575	+ 130	+ 7.89
Randall	658	784	843	+ 126	+ 19.14
Salem	1,493	1,846	1,827	+ 353	+ 23.61
Somers	1,632	2,044	2,192	+ 412	+ 25.24
Wheatland	752	832	869	+ 80	+ 10.63
Total	15,581	21,707	27,376	+ 6,126	+ 39.31

KEWAUNEE COUNTY:					
Ahnapee	1,384	1,196	1,160	— 188	— 13.58
Algoma, city ¹	1,015	1,738	2,068	+ 723	+ 71.23
ward 1	533				
ward 2	1033				
ward 3	172				
Carlton	1,571	1,462	1,386	— 199	— 6.94
Casco	1,211	1,334	1,197	+ 123	+ 10.15
Franklin	1,623	1,482	1,466	— 141	— 8.63
Kewaunee, city	1,216	1,773	1,719	+ 557	+ 45.80
Lincoln	1,181	1,250	1,198	+ 69	+ 5.84
Luxemburg	1,690	1,693	1,799	+ 93	+ 5.51
Montpelier	1,469	1,547	1,513	+ 78	+ 5.31
Pierce	852	748	692	— 104	— 12.20
Red River	1,411	1,367	1,326	— 44	— 3.11
West Kewaunee	1,620	1,622	1,560	+ 2	+ .12
Total	16,153	17,212	17,003	+ 1,050	+ 6.55

¹ Formerly Ahnapee.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.			
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.		
LA CROSSE COUNTY:							
Bangor	639	659	695	+	20	+	3.13
Bangor, village ¹	499	633	695	+	134	+	26.85
Barre	670	548	541	—	122	—	18.20
Burns	1,020	1,076	1,053	+	56	+	5.49
Campbell ²	955	1,078	934	+	123	+	12.88
Farmington	1,810	1,830	1,898	+	70	+	3.87
Greenfield	751	729	698	—	22	—	2.92
Hamilton ³	1,400	1,427	1,256	+	27	+	1.93
Holland	1,009	1,090	1,092	+	81	+	8.02
La Crosse, city ³	25,090	28,895	29,078	+	3,805	+	15.16
ward 1			1548				
ward 2			1269				
ward 3			1501				
ward 4			1400				
ward 5			1143				
ward 6			1249				
ward 7			1443				
ward 8			2465				
ward 9			1511				
ward 10			1498				
ward 11			1364				
ward 12			1055				
ward 13			1134				
ward 14			1527				
ward 15			1457				
ward 16			838				
ward 17			2037				
ward 18			1934				
ward 19			1155				
ward 20			882				
ward 21			724				
Onalaska	1,030	1,041	996	+	11	+	1.06
Onalaska, city	1,587	1,368	1,106	—	219	—	13.79
Shelby	1,003	1,084	1,150	+	81	+	8.07
Washington	796	764	790	—	32	—	4.02
West Salem, village ⁴	542	725	863	+	183	+	33.76
Total	33,801	42,997	42,850	+	4,196	+	10.81

¹ Bangor village, formerly in Bangor town, made independent since 1890.² Exclusive of population of Bangor village. In 1890 Bangor town had 639, Bangor village 499, total 1,138; in 1900 Bangor town had 659, Bangor village 633, total 1,292; increase 154 or 13.53 per cent.³ Part of Campbell town annexed to La Crosse city since 1890. In 1890 Campbell town had 955, La Crosse city 25,090, total 26,045; in 1900 Campbell town had 1,078, La Crosse city 28,895, total 29,973; increase 3,928 or 15.08 per cent.⁴ Included West Salem village in 1890.⁵ Exclusive of population of West Salem village. In 1890 Hamilton town had 1,400, West Salem village 542, total 1,942; in 1900 Hamilton town had 1,427, West Salem village 725, total 2,152; increase 210 or 10.8 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY:					
Argyle	1,263	1,419	899	+ 151	+ 11.90
Argyle, village ¹			572		
Belmont	807	762	656	— 45	— 5.53
Belmont, village ²	378	509	513	+ 131	+ 34.65
Benton	831	848	963	+ 17	+ 2.04
Benton, village ⁴	414	516	530	+ 132	+ 31.88
Blanchard	650	489	469	— 161	— 24.77
Blanchardville, village ⁶		573	412	+ 573	.....
Darlington	1,093	1,156	1,110	+ 63	+ 5.76
Darlington city	1,589	1,808	1,843	+ 219	+ 13.77
ward 1		887	897		
ward 2		921	946		
Elk Grove	788	761	749	— 27	— 3.42
Fayette	822	887	843	+ 15	+ 1.82
Gratiot	1,511	1,217	1,170	— 294	— 19.45
Gratiot village ⁷		335	357	+ 335	.....
Kendall	754	685	619	— 69	— 9.15
Lamont	516	567	542	— 51	+ 9.88
Monticello	365	313	277	+ 8	+ 2.62
New Diggings	1,374	1,122	871	— 252	— 18.34
Seymour	783	779	726	— 4	— .51
Shullsburg	877	786	744	— 91	— 10.37
Shullsburg, city	1,393	1,250	1,153	— 143	— 10.28
ward 1			467		
ward 2			686		
Wayne	1,170	1,200	1,173	+ 30	+ 2.56
White Oak Springs	334	337	311	— 47	— 12.24
Willow Springs	931	982	911	+ 51	+ 5.47
Wiotia	1,627	1,678	1,634	+ 51	+ 3.13
Total	20,265	20,959	20,277	+ 694	+ 3.42

¹ Organized from town of Argyle since 1930.

² Belmont village, formerly in Belmont town, now independent.

³ Exclusive of population of Belmont village. In 1890 Belmont town had 807, Belmont village 378, total 1,185; in 1900 Belmont town had 762, Belmont village 509, total 1,271; increase 86 or 7.25 per cent.

⁴ Benton village, formerly in Benton town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Benton village. In 1890 Benton town had 831, Benton village 414, total 1,245; in 1900 Benton town had 848, Benton village 516, total 1,364; increase 149, or 11.96 per cent.

⁶ Blanchardville village organized from part of Blanchard town since 1890. In 1890 Blanchard town had 489, Blanchardville village 573, total 1,062; in 1890 Blanchard town had 650; increase 412 or 62.38 per cent.

⁷ Gratiot village organized from part of Gratiot town since 1890. In 1900 Gratiot town had 1,217, Gratiot village 335, total 1,552; in 1890 Gratiot town had 1,511; increase 41 or 2.7 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
LANGLADE COUNTY:					
Ackley	374	582	789	+ 208	+ 55.61
Ainsworth ¹			133		
Antigo	643	1,120	1,223	+ 477	+ 74.18
Antigo, city	4,424	5,145	6,663	+ 721	+ 16.29
ward 1		532	778		
ward 2		690	949		
ward 3		749	1011		
ward 4		1232	1494		
ward 5		770	942		
ward 6		1029	1489		
Elcho	175	352	442	+ 177	+ 101.14
Elton	191	144	165	— 47	— 24.60
Evergreen ²		117	248	+ 117	
Langlade	153	173	171	+ 20	+ 13.07
Neva ³	502	788	976	+ 286	+ 56.97
Norwood	663	793	1,008	+ 180	+ 19.60
Peck ⁶		248	383	+ 248	
Polar	444	760	1,037	+ 316	+ 71.17
Price	233	571	570	+ 338	+ 145.06
Rolling	685	1,040	1,075	+ 355	+ 51.23
Summit ⁵	270	361	251	+ 91	+ 28.79
Upham ⁴		198	236	+ 198	
Vilas	316	161	192	— 155	— 49.05
Total	9,466	12,553	15,738	+ 3,088	+ 32.62

¹ Organized from town of Langlade in 1904.

² Evergreen town organized from part of Elton town since 1890. In 1900 Elton town had 144, Evergreen town 117, total 261; in 1890 Elton town had 191; increase 70 or 36.64 per cent.

³ Part taken to form part of Upham town since 1890.

⁴ Organized from parts of Neva and Summit towns since 1890.

⁵ Part taken to form part of Upham town, and Parrish town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Neva town had 789, Upham town 198, Summit town 361, Parrish town 392, total 1,739; in 1890 Neva town had 502, Summit town 270, total 772; increase 967 or 125.25 per cent.

⁶ Peck town organized from part of Vilas town since 1890. In 1900 Peck town had 248, Vilas 161, total 409; in 1890 Vilas had 316; increase 93 or 29.4 per cent.

⁷ Includes population (392) of Parrish town, annexed to Summit town since 1890.

LINCOLN COUNTY:					
Birch ¹			475		
Bradley ²			511		
Corning	347	567	592	+ 230	+ 67.40
Harrison	457	339	511	— 118	— 25.82
King ³			150		
Merrill	539	797	629	+ 278	+ 47.86
Merrill, city	6,809	8,537	9,197	+ 1,728	+ 25.37
ward 1		981	1011		
ward 2		679	655		
ward 3		1038	1113		
ward 4		1817	2060		
ward 5		925	917		
ward 6		1538	1745		
ward 7		1559	695		
Pine River	736	1,278	1,186	+ 542	+ 73.64
Rock Falls ⁶	7332	414	445	+ 82	+ 24.69
Russell	402	556	461	+ 154	+ 46.38
Schley ⁴			731		

¹ Organized from towns of Russell and Merrill in 1902.

² Organized from town of Tomahawk in 1903.

³ Organized from town of Merrill in 1900.

⁴ Organized from towns of Russell and Pine River in 1902.

⁵ Organized from town of Tomahawk since 1900.

⁶ Included Tomahawk city in 1890; part taken to form Tomahawk town since 1890.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1955—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900	1905.	No.	Per cent.
LINCOLN COUNTY—con.					
Scott	570	870	1,001	+ 300	+ 52.63
Somo ⁵			260		
Tomahawk ⁹		620	350	+ 620	
Tomahawk, city ⁸	1,816	2,291	2,626	+ 475	+ 26.15
ward 1			464		
ward 2			538		
ward 3			723		
ward 4			896		
Total	12,008	16,260	19,125	+ 4,261	+ 35.48

⁷ Exclusive of population of Tomahawk city.

⁸ Formerly in Rock Falls town, now independent.

⁹ Organized from part of Rock Falls town since 1890. In 1900 Rock Falls town had 414, Tomahawk city 2,291, Tomahawk town 620, total 3,325; in 1890 Rock Falls town had 332, Tomahawk city 1,816, total 2,148; increase 1,177 or 54.79 per cent. Has had territory added from towns of Scott and Corning since 1900.

MANITOWOC COUNTY:					
Cato	1,793	1,743	1,782	— 50	— 2.73
Centerville	1,374	1,443	1,453	+ 69	+ 5.02
Cooperstown	1,629	1,500	1,700	— 129	— 7.91
Eaton	1,332	1,317	1,332	— 15	— 1.12
Franklin	1,836	1,781	1,633	— 55	— 2.99
Gibson	1,651	1,498	1,457	— 153	— 9.26
Kiel, village ¹	497	924	1,130	+ 427	+ 85.91
Kossuth	1,973	1,799	1,906	— 174	— 8.81
Liberty	1,277	1,383	1,470	+ 103	+ 8.39
Manitowoc ³	1,275	762	890	— 513	— 40.23
Manitowoc, city ³	7,710	11,786	12,733	+ 4,076	+ 52.86
ward 1		2050	2127		
ward 2		1433	1350		
ward 3		2504	2748		
ward 4		1936	1774		
ward 5		1302	1632		
ward 6		686	844		
ward 7		1870	2258		
Manitowoc Rapids	1,914	1,717	1,820	— 197	— 10.28
Maple Grove	1,585	1,214	1,179	— 371	— 23.40
Meeme	1,434	1,482	1,562	+ 48	+ 3.34
Mishicott	1,417	1,578	1,591	+ 161	+ 11.36
Newton	1,726	1,770	1,741	+ 44	+ 2.54
Reedsville, village		428	515		
Rockland	1,267	1,676	1,303	+ 409	+ 32.28
Schleswig	² 1,556	1,385	1,415	— 171	— 10.98
Two Creeks	607	632	607	+ 25	+ 4.11
Two Rivers	1,108	1,087	1,095	— 21	— 1.89
Two Rivers, city	2,870	3,784	4,602	+ 914	+ 31.84
ward 1		724	821		
ward 2		674	724		
ward 3		800	899		
ward 4		902	1210		
ward 5		684	948		
Total	37,831	42,261	44,796	+ 4,433	+ 11.70

¹ Kiel village, formerly in Schleswig town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Kiel village. In 1890 Kiel village had 497, Schleswig town 1,556, total 2,053; in 1900 Kiel village had 924, Schleswig town 1,385, total 2,309; increase 256 or 12.46 per cent.

³ Part of Manitowoc town annexed to Manitowoc city 1890. In 1890 Manitowoc city had 7,710, Manitowoc town 1,275, total 8,985; in 1900 Manitowoc city had 11,786, Manitowoc town 762, total 12,548; increase 3,563 or 39.65 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
MARATHON COUNTY:					
Athens, village ¹⁰			862		
Bergen	177	552	624	+ 375	+ 211.87
Berlin	1,033	1,078	1,019	— 5	— .46
Bern ⁷			433		
Brokaw, village ¹³			433		
Brighton	686	599	701	— 87	— 12.68
Cassel ¹		1,034	1,128	+ 1,034	
Cleveland	252	1,000	1,468	+ 898	+ 320.63
Colby, city ²		213	267	+ 213	
Day	816	821	966	+ 5	+ .61
Easton	240	987	864	+ 747	+ 311.27
Eau Pleine	257	735	777	+ 478	+ 185.99
Edgar, village ⁴			478	+ 478	
Elderon	232	568	691	+ 336	+ 144.82
Emmet	439	786	865	+ 347	+ 79.04
Fenwood, village ¹⁴			198		
Fleith ⁸			412		
Frankforth	331	568	637	+ 237	+ 71.60
Franzen ⁹			188		
Halsey ¹⁰	654	1,231	555	+ 577	+ 88.22
Hamberg	693	891	942	+ 198	+ 28.57
Harrison	926	211	313	— 715	— 77.21
Hewitt ⁵		287	316	+ 287	
Holton	760	1,022	1,256	+ 262	+ 34.47
Hull	893	796	691	— 97	— 10.86
Johnson	313	537	869	+ 274	+ 87.54
Knowlton	333	435	515	+ 102	+ 30.63
Kronenwetter	264	434	511	+ 170	+ 64.36
McMillan	439	852	1,072	+ 413	+ 94.07
McMillan, village ⁶		200	136	+ 200	
Maine	1,178	1,119	1,185	— 59	— 5.06
Marathon	1,150	678	752	— 502	— 43.22
Marathon, village	253	528	582	+ 270	+ 104.65
Mosinee	199	371	454	+ 172	+ 86.43
Mosinee, village	427	637	530	+ 230	+ 53.89
Norrie	553	770	1,062	+ 417	+ 118.13
Pike Lake	542	1,022	1,175	+ 480	+ 88.56
Plover ³		302	464		
Rib Falls	874	771	814	+ 97	+ 14.37
Rietbrock	717	1,016	979	+ 299	+ 41.07
Ringle ¹¹			425		

¹ Cassel town organized from part of Marathon town since 1890. In 1900 Cassel town had 1,034, Marathon 678, total 1,712; in 1890 Marathon town had 1,189; increase 532 or 45.03 per cent.

² Colby city, "east ward," organized from part of Hull town since 1890. In 1900 Colby city "east ward," had 213, Hull town 796, total 1,009; in 1890 Hull town had 232; increase 116 or 12.98 per cent.

³ Plover town organized from parts of Easton and Norrie towns since 1890. In 1900 Easton town had 987, Norrie town 770, Plover town 302, total 2,059; in 1890 Easton town had 240, Norrie town 353, total 593; increase 1,466 or 247.2 per cent.

⁴ Organized from part of Wein town since 1890. In 1900 Edgar village had 478, Wein town 965, total 1,443; in 1890 Wein town had 444; increase 999 or 225 per cent.

⁵ Hewitt town organized from parts of Harrison and Texas towns since 1890. In 1900 Harrison town had 211, Hewitt town 287, Texas town 1,081, total 1,579; in 1890 Harrison town had 926, Texas town 220, total 1,146; increase 433 or 37.73 per cent.

⁶ McMillan village organized from part of McMillan town since 1890. In 1900 McMillan town had 852, McMillan village 200, total 1,052; in 1890 McMillan town had 439; increase 613 or 139.6 per cent.

⁷ Bern town was organized from Halsey in 1902.

⁸ Fleith town was organized from Weston in 1905.

⁹ Franzen town was organized from Eldron in 1901.

¹⁰ Organized from town of Halsey in 1901.

¹¹ Ringle was organized from town of Eaton, Norrie and Weston in 1901.

¹³ Organized from town of Texas in 1903.

¹⁴ Organized from town of Wein in 1904.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as compared with 18.0	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
MARATHON CO.—con.					
Scofield, village ¹⁵			744		
Spencer	1,018	841	560	— 177	— 17.38
Spencer, village ¹²			811		
Stettin	962	1,110	1,112	+ 148	+ 15.38
Texas	226	1,081	989	+ 831	+ 391.33
Wausau	1,380	1,169	1,368	— 271	— 19.61
Wausau, city	9,253	12,354	14,458	+ 3,101	+ 33.51
ward 1		1574	1838		
ward 2		1252	1468		
ward 3		1150	1347		
ward 4		1045	1047		
ward 5		1527	2164		
ward 6		1362	1539		
ward 7		1421	1859		
ward 8		1515	1719		
ward 9		1509	1470		
Wein ^{4, 14}	444	965	733	+ 521	+ 117.34
Weston ¹⁵	1,776	2,137	1,042	+ 361	+ 20.32
Total	30,369	43,256	50,249	+ 19,887	+ 42.41

⁴ Organized from part of Wein town since 1890. In 1900 Edgar village had 478, Wein town 965, total 1,443; in 1890 Wein town had 444; increase 999 or 225 per cent.

¹² Organized from town of Spencer in 1902.

¹⁴ Organized from town of Wein in 1904.

¹⁵ Organized from town of Weston in 1904.

MARINETTE COUNTY:					
Amberg ¹		1,375	2,802		
Athelstane ²			399		
Beaver ³			1,144		
Coleman ¹		2,545			
Coleman, village ⁴			463		
Crivitz ¹		842			
Dunbar ¹		1,136	743		
Grover		1,800	2,192		
Lake ⁵			433		
Marinette, city	11,523	16,195	15,354	+ 4,072	+ 40.54
ward 1	1923	2934	2662		
ward 2	2120	3399	3173		
ward 3	2700	3585	3376		
ward 4	2961	3576	3366		
ward 5	1314	2701	2837		
Peshtigo	7,202	4,228	1,352	— 2,974	— 41.29
Peshtigo, city ⁶			2,530		
ward 1			797		
ward 2			810		
ward 3			932		
Porterfield ⁷	460	956	1,481	+ 496	+ 10.75
Pound ⁸			2,018		
Stephenson ⁹			1,053		
Wausaukee	1,119	1,635	1,729	+ 566	+ 50.58
Total	20,304	30,822	33,730	+ 10,518	+ 51.80

¹ Amberg, Coleman, Crivitz, Dunbar and Grover organized from parts of Peshtigo town since 1890. In 1900 Amberg town had 1,375, Coleman town 2,545, Crivitz town 842, Dunbar town 1,136, Grover town 1,800, Peshtigo town 4,228, total 11,983; in 1890 Peshtigo town had 7,202; increase 4,784 or 63.42 per cent.

² Organized from towns of Wausaukee and Peshtigo in 1903.

³ Beaver was organized from towns of Crivitz and Coleman in 1903.

⁴ Coleman village was incorporated from town of Coleman in 1903.

⁵ Lake was organized from the town of Peshtigo in 1903.

⁶ Peshtigo city was incorporated from the town of Peshtigo in 1903.

⁷ Territory added to Porterfield from town of Peshtigo in 1903.

⁸ Name of Coleman was changed to Pound since 1930.

⁹ Name of Crivitz was changed to Stephenson since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
MARQUETTE COUNTY:					
Buffalo	805	830	801	+ 34	+ 4.22
Crystal Lake	667	577	550	- 90	- 13.49
Douglas	628	684	714	+ 56	+ 8.91
Harris	576	556	551	- 20	- 3.47
Mecan	724	678	618	- 96	- 13.23
Montello ¹	1,177	1,325	432	+ 148	+ 12.57
Montello, village ¹			1,090		
Moundville	324	592	657	+ 233	+ 73.45
Neshkoro	531	628	811	+ 77	+ 13.72
Newton	711	647	569	- 64	- 9.09
Oxford	567	650	693	+ 92	+ 16.22
Packwaukee	711	852	850	+ 141	+ 19.83
Shields	608	698	617	+ 90	+ 14.80
Springfield	305	644	677	+ 39	+ 6.44
Westfield	1,312	1,200	521	+ 183	+ 18.57
Westfield, village			818		
Total	9,676	10,509	10,974	+ 833	+ 8.60

¹ Montello village incorporated from the town of Montello since 1900.

² Westfield village was incorporated from the town of Westfield since 1900.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY:					
Cudahy, village ¹		1,366	2,556	+ 1,363	.....
East Milwaukee, village ¹¹			473	- 130	- 6.96
Franklin	1,868	1,738	1,753	- 5	- .22
Granville ²	2,272	2,267	2,114	- 2,624	+ 82.25
Greenfield	3,190	5,814	6,348	+ 433	+ 8.22
Lake	4,899	5,302	7,229	+ 1,793	+ 28.00
Milwaukee ⁷	6,403	4,610	4,045	- 1,797	- 28.00
Milwaukee, city ⁶	201,468	285,315	312,948	+ 89,847	+ 39.54
ward 1		9480	9267		
ward 2		9000	9237		
ward 3		5418	5354		
ward 4		10679	9622		
ward 5		10031	9933		
ward 6		13671	12953		
ward 7		7173	6720		
ward 8		17328	10431		
ward 9		17653	17625		
ward 10		17024	17030		
ward 11		21903	23572		
ward 12		13216	13019		
ward 13		17026	18304		
ward 14		20551	25300		
ward 15		12692	14623		
ward 16		9654	11220		
ward 17		10226	11826		
ward 18		13907	15483		
ward 19		18627	11918		
ward 20		16863	20411		
ward 21		12175	15794		
ward 22			13466		
ward 23			10034		

¹ Cudahy village was organized from part of Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Cudahy village had 1,366. Lake town 5,302, total 6,668; in 1890 Lake town had 4,899; increase 1,769 or 33.1 per cent.

² Part taken to form part of North Milwaukee village since 1890.

⁶ Part of Milwaukee town annexed since 1890. An act by which part of Wauwatosa town was annexed took effect Sept. 4, 1900; the population of this area is 3,603.

⁷ Part annexed to Milwaukee city and part taken to form Whitefish Bay village since 1890.

¹¹ East Milwaukee village was incorporated from town of Milwaukee in 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
MILWAUKEE CO.—con.					
North Milwaukee, village ³		1,049	1,236	+ 1,049	.....
Oak Creek	2,087	1,950	1,957	— 137	— 6.53
South Milwaukee, city ⁴		3,392	5,284	+ 3,392	.....
ward 1		788	1012	.....	.....
ward 2		811	1147	.....	.....
ward 3		1071	1841	.....	.....
ward 4		732	1284	.....	.....
Wauwatosa ⁴	10,914	13,860	11,132	+ 2,946	+ 26.99
Wauwatosa, city ⁵		2,842	2,913	+ 42	.....
ward 1		841	913	.....	.....
ward 2		621	623	.....	.....
ward 3		643	777	.....	.....
ward 4		737	600	.....	.....
West Allis, village ¹⁰			2,303	.....	.....
Whitefish Bay, village ⁸		512	527	+ 512	.....
Total	236,101	330,017	363,721	+ 93,916	+ 39.78

³ Organized from parts of Granville and Wauwatosa towns since 1890.

⁴ Parts taken to form Wauwatosa city and part of North Milwaukee village since 1890. An act by which part of this town was annexed to Milwaukee city, took effect Sept. 4, 1900; the population of this area is 3,023.

⁵ Organized from part of Wauwatosa town since 1890. In 1900 Granville town had 2,267, North Milwaukee village 1,049, Wauwatosa town 13,860, Wauwatosa city 2,842, total 20,018; in 1890 Granville town had 2,272, Wauwatosa town 10,914, total 13,186; increase 6,832 or 51.81 per cent.

⁸ Organized from part of Milwaukee town since 1890. In 1900 Milwaukee city had 285,135, Milwaukee town 4,610, Whitefish Bay village 512, total 290,437; in 1890 Milwaukee city had 204,468, Milwaukee town 6,463, total 210,871; increase 79,536 or 37.73 per cent.

⁹ South Milwaukee city organized from part of Oak Creek town since 1890. In 1900 Oak Creek town had 1,950, South Milwaukee city 3,392, total 5,342; in 1890 Oak Creek town had 2,037; increase 3,255 or 155.96 per cent.

¹⁰ West Allis village was incorporated from towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa in 1902.

MONROE COUNTY:					
Adrian	615	631	621	+ 16	+ 2.60
Angelo	477	710	661	+ 233	+ 48.84
Byron	458	825	840	+ 367	+ 80.13
Cashton, village ²		510	673	+ 510	.....
Clifton	955	993	923	+ 38	+ 3.97
Glendale	51,020	1,051	1,007	+ 31	+ 3.03
Grant ⁶		499	494	+ 499	.....
Greenfield	592	712	694	+ 120	+ 20.27
Jefferson	1,315	1,223	1,268	— 92	— 6.99
Kendall, village ³	304	460	535	+ 153	+ 51.31
Lafayette ⁹	512	438	410	— 74	— 14.45
La Grange	730	1,141	1,202	+ 411	+ 56.30
Leon	683	757	804	+ 99	+ 14.38

² Cashton village organized from part of Jefferson town since 1890. In 1900 Cashton village had 510, Jefferson town 1,223, total 1,733; in 1890 Jefferson town had 1,315; increase 418 or 31.78 per cent.

⁶ Grant town organized from part of Lincoln town since 1890. In 1900 Grant town had 499, Lincoln town 863, total 1,362; in 1890 Lincoln town had 1,065; increase 297 or 27.88 per cent.

³ Kendall village, formerly in Glendale town, now independent.

⁹ Lafayette and New Lyme towns (population 512) not separately returned in 1890, credited to former.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1925—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
MONROE COUNTY—con.					
Lincoln ⁶	1,065	863	926	— 202	— 18.02
Little Falls	993	1,222	1,235	+ 229	+ 23.06
New Lyme ⁹		206	281	+ 206	.....
Norwalk, village ⁷		357	475	+ 357	.....
Oakdale	680	632	706	+ 2	..39
Ontario, village, part of		91	104	+ 91	.....
Ontario, village, total		380	.....	.....	.....
Portland	1,166	1,194	1,150	+ 28	+ 2.40
Ridgeville ⁷	1,292	924	891	— 368	— 28.48
Scott ¹		258	271	.....	.....
Sheldon	813	821	835	+ 8	+ .98
Sparta	996	1,263	1,432	+ 267	+ 26.80
Sparta, city	2,795	3,555	3,807	+ 760	+ 27.19
ward 1	929	975	945	.....	.....
ward 2	632	817	971	.....	.....
ward 3	604	970	1041	.....	.....
ward 4	511	793	850	.....	.....
Tomah	698	744	800	+ 46	+ 6.58
Tomah, city	2,199	2,840	3,008	+ 641	+ 29.14
ward 1		871	869	.....	.....
ward 2		1063	1074	.....	.....
ward 3		806	1065	.....	.....
Wellington	1,130	1,091	1,078	— 29	— 2.58
Wells	642	717	696	+ 75	+ 11.68
Wilton ¹⁰	1,086	895	875	— 191	— 17.58
Wilton, village ¹⁰		400	511	+ 400	.....
Total	23,211	28,103	29,263	+ 4,892	+ 21.07

¹ Scott town organized from part of Byron town since 1890. In 1900 Byron town had 825, Scott town 258, total 1,083; in 1890 Byron town had 458; increase 625 or 136.46 per cent.

² Exclusive of population of Kendall village. In 1890 Glendale town had 1,020, Kendall village 304, total 1,24; in 1900 Glendale town had 1,051, Kendall village 460, total 1,511; increase 187 or 14.12 per cent.

⁶ Grant town organized from part of Lincoln town since 1890. In 1900 Grant town had 499, Lincoln town 833; total 1,332; in 1890 Lincoln town had 1,065; increase 297 or 27.89 per cent.

⁷ Norwalk village organized from part of Ridgeville town since 1890. In 1900 Norwalk village had 357, Ridgeville town 924, total 1,281; in 1890 Ridgeville town had 1,292; decrease 11 or .85 per cent.

⁸ Ontario village organized from part of Sheldon town since 1890. In 1900 Ontario village had 91, Sheldon town 821, total 912; in 1890 Sheldon town had 813; increase 99 or 12.17 per cent.

⁹ Lafayette and New Lyme towns (population 512) not separately returned in 1890, credited to former.

¹⁰ Wilton village organized from parts of Wilton town since 1890. In 1900 Wilton town had 895, Wilton village 460, total 1,295; in 1890 Wilton town had 1,036; increase 209 or 19.24 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 19.0 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
OCONTO COUNTY:					
Armstrong ¹		482	614		
Brazeau ²		437	598		
Breed ³			303		
Chase	913	1,474	1,156	+ 561	+ 61.44
Gillett ³	938	1,249	1,121	+ 311	+ 33.15
Gillett, village ⁹			514		
Howe ⁴	770	1,083	973	+ 313	- 40.65
Lena		894	1,275	+ 894	
Little River ⁷	1,194	1,042	1,205	- 152	- 12.72
Little Suamico	624	944	1,216	+ 320	+ 51.28
Maple Valley ⁵	1,336	870	982	- 466	- 34.87
Menomonic Indian Res., part of		232	309		
Morgan ¹⁰			667		
Oconto	1,068	1,042	1,164	- 26	- 2.43
Oconto, city	5,219	5,646	5,722	+ 427	+ 8.18
east ward	1492		1583		
north ward	1104		1076		
west ward	2080		1029		
south ward	970		2034		
Oconto Falls	494	1,154	679	+ 660	+ 33.60
Oconto Falls, village ¹¹			1,301		
Pensaukee	1,585	1,768	1,774	+ 183	+ 11.54
Spruce		1,029	1,106		
Stiles	868	897	984	+ 29	+ 3.34
Underhill ⁶		631	775		
Wheeler ¹²			142		
Total	15,009	20,874	24,580	+ 5,865	+ 39.07

¹ Organized from parts of Howe and Maple Valley towns since 1890.

² Organized from part of Maple Valley town since 1890.

³ Part taken to form part of Underhill town since 1890.

⁴ Part taken to form parts of Armstrong and Underhill towns since 1890.

⁵ Parts taken to form Brazeau and Spruce towns and part of Armstrong town since 1890.

⁶ Organized from parts of Gillett and Howe towns since 1890. In 1900 Armstrong town had 482, Brazeau town 437, Gillett town 1,249, Howe town 1,083, Maple Valley town 870, Spruce town 1,029, Underhill town 631, total 5,781; in 1890 Gillett town had 938, Howe town 770, Maple Valley town 1,336, total 3,044; increase 2,737 or 89.9 per cent.

⁷ Lena town organized from part of Little River town since 1890. In 1900 Lena town had 894, Little River town 1,042, total 1,936; in 1890 Little River town had 1,194; increase 742 or 62.14 per cent.

⁸ Breed was organized from the town of Howe in 1901.

⁹ Organized from the town of Gillett in 1900.

¹⁰ Morgan was organized from the town of Chase in 1903.

¹¹ Organized from the town of Oconto Falls in 1903.

¹² Wheeler was organized from the town of Armstrong in 1905.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
ONEIDA COUNTY:¹					
Cassian ²			363		
Crescent ³			453		
Enterprise ⁴			225		
Gagen		554	712		
Hazelhurst		1,052	677		
Lynn ⁵			220		
Minocqua ⁶			758		
Monico ⁷			387		
Newbold		258	226		
Pelican		568	432		
Pine Lake ⁸			202		
Rhinelander, city	2,658	4,998	5,435	+ 2,340	+ 88.03
ward 1		881	871		
ward 2		785	983		
ward 3		770	860		
ward 4		733	813		
ward 5		1034	998		
ward 6		794	911		
Schoepke		299	367		
Sugar Camp		485	335		
Woodboro ⁹		661	179		
Woodruff			268		
Total	105,010	8,875	11,231	+ 3,867	+ 77.14

¹ Parts taken to form Vilas and part of Iron counties in 1893, and part of Forest county annexed since 1890. Comparison with population for 1890 can not be made; information as to changes in minor civil divisions incomplete.

² Cassian was organized from the town of Woodboro in 1903.

³ Crescent was organized from the towns of Woodboro and Pelican in 1903.

⁴ Enterprise was organized from the town of Schoepke in 1905.

⁵ Lynn was organized from the town of Woodboro in 1903.

⁶ Minocqua, formerly in Vilas county, was added since 1900.

⁷ Monico was organized from town of Gagen in 1901.

⁸ Pine Lake was organized from town of Sugar Camp in 1905.

⁹ Woodruff was organized from town of Minocqua in 1905.

¹⁰ 5,010 includes the population of the territory of Vilas county in 1890.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY:					
Appleton, city	11,809	15,085	17,000	+ 3,216	+ 27.09
ward 1	2208	2846	3280		
ward 2	2737	2692	2808		
ward 3	2436	3130	3367		
ward 4	1267	1628	1839		
ward 5		2538	2979		
ward 6	3231	2201	2637		
Black Creek	1,377	1,482	941	+ 105	+ 7.62
Black Creek, village ⁵			483		
Bovina ⁶	663	1,034	676	+ 371	+ 55.95
Buchanan	1,397	2,096	2,297	+ 609	+ 50.03
Center	1,488	1,458	1,366	- 80	- 2.01
Cicero	952	1,103	1,132	+ 151	+ 15.83
Dale	1,207	1,273	1,307	+ 66	+ 5.46

⁵ Black Creek, village was organized from town of Black Creek since 1900.

⁶ Shiocton village was organized from town of Bovina in 1903.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—con.					
Deer Creek	932	1,308	1,127	+ 376	+ 40.34
Ellington	1,210	1,188	1,270	+ 22	+ 1.81
Freedom	1,602	1,604	1,613	+ 62	+ 3.87
Grand Chute	1,574	1,722	1,765	+ 148	+ 9.40
Greenville	1,246	1,342	1,267	+ 96	+ 7.70
Hortonia ¹	2867	654	650	- 213	- 24.55
Hortonville, village ¹	440	913	890	+ 473	+ 107.50
Kaukauna ²	41,348	1,479	715	+ 131	+ 9.71
Kaukauna, city	4,667	5,115	4,991	+ 448	+ 9.59
ward 1		1155			
ward 2		1162			
ward 3		1231			
ward 4		1093			
ward 5		424			
Liberty	492	599	595	+ 107	+ 21.74
Little Chute, village ³	380	944	1,220	+ 564	+ 48.42
Maine	475	616	687	+ 138	+ 28.87
Maple Creek	815	800	697	- 15	- 1.84
New London, ⁴ city, ward 2	368	540	675	+ 172	+ 46.73
Oneida Indian Reserva- tion ⁵	923	1,009		+ 86	+ 9.31
Osborn	685	656	577	- 29	- 4.21
Seymour	977	1,141	1,185	+ 164	+ 16.78
Seymour, city	733	1,026	1,118	+ 293	+ 28.55
Shiocton, village ⁶			491		
Vanden Brock ⁷			725		
Welcome, village			336		
West Oneida ⁸			1,216		
Total	38,690	46,247	49,015	+ 7,557	+ 19.53

¹ Hortonville village, formerly in Hortonia town, made independent since 1890.

² Exclusive of population of Hortonville village. In 1890 Hortonia town had 867, Hortonville village 440, total 1,307; in 1900 Hortonia town had 654, Hortonville village 913, total 1,567; increase 260 or 19.89 per cent.

³ Little Chute village, formerly in Kaukauna town, made independent since 1890.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Little Chute village. In 1890 Kaukauna town had 1,348, Little Chute village 383, total 1,728; in 1900 Kaukauna town had 1,479, Little Chute village 944, total 2,423; increase 695 or 40.21 per cent.

⁷ Vanden Brock town was organized from town of Kaukauna in 1902.

⁸ West Oneida town was organized from Oneida Indian reservation since 1900. Reservation is discontinued.

* Total New London, city.	2,050	2,742	3,002	+ 692	+ 33.75
ward 1		699			
ward 2		556			
ward 3		540			
ward 4		617			
ward 5		300			

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
OZAUKEE COUNTY:					
Belgium	1,690	1,517	1,597	- 143	- 8.46
Cedarburg	21,507	1,450	1,437	- 57	- 3.78
Cedarburg, city ¹	1,361	1,626	1,680	+ 265	+ 19.47
Fredonia	1,666	1,652	1,633	- 14	- .84
Grafton	41,010	1,060	1,054	+ 50	+ 4.95
Grafton, village ³	434	478	520	+ 44	+ 10.13
Mequon	2,902	2,792	2,732	- 110	- 3.79
Port Washington	41,067	1,081	1,193	+ 14	+ 1.31
Port Washington, city ⁵ ..	1,659	3,010	4,036	+ 1,351	+ 81.43
Saukville	1,647	1,667	1,595	+ 20	+ 1.21
Total	14,943	16,363	17,476	+ 1,420	+ 9.50

¹ Cedarburg city, formerly in Cedarburg town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Cedarburg city. In 1890 Cedarburg city had 1,361 Cedarburg town 1,507, total 2,868; in 1900 Cedarburg city had 1,626, Cedarburg town 1,450, total 3,076; increase 208 or 7.25 per cent.

³ Grafton village, formerly in Grafton town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Grafton village. In 1890 Grafton town had 1,010, Grafton village 434, total 1,444; in 1900 Grafton town had 1,060, Grafton village 478, total 1,538; increase 94 or 6.50 per cent.

⁵ Port Washington city, formerly in Port Washington town, now independent.

⁶ Exclusive of population of Port Washington city. In 1890 Port Washington city had 1,659, Port Washington town 1,067, total 2,726; in 1900 Port Washington city had 3,010, Port Washington town 1,081, total 4,091; increase 1,365 or 50 per cent.

PEPIN COUNTY:					
Albany	459	650	612	+ 191	+ 41.61
Durand	253	267	247	+ 14	+ 5.53
Durand, city	1,154	1,458	1,359	+ 304	+ 23.31
ward 1			563		
ward 2			796		
Frankfort	648	877	888	+ 229	+ 35.34
Lima	765	743	763	- 22	- 2.87
Pepin	21,122	1,142	1,071	+ 20	+ 1.73
Pepin, village ¹	369	407	393	+ 38	+ 10.29
Stockholm	711	671	396	- 40	- 5.62
Stockholm, village ³			244		
Waterville	1,287	1,522	1,446	+ 235	+ 18.25
Waubeck	164	163	145	+ 4	+ 2.43
Total	3,932	7,905	7,500	+ 973	+ 14.03

¹ Pepin village independent of Pepin town since 1890.

² Exclusive of population of Pepin village. In 1890 Pepin town had 1,122, Pepin village 369, total 1,491; in 1900 Pepin town had 1,142, Pepin village 407, total 1,549; increase 58 or 3.89 per cent.

³ Stockholm village independent from Stockholm town since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
PIERCE COUNTY:					
Clifton	633	631	662	— 2	— .31
Diamond Bluff	472	506	498	+ 34	+ 7.20
Ellsworth	1,335	1,481	1,348	+ 143	+ 10.68
Ellsworth, village	670	1,052	1,060	+ 382	+ 57.01
El Paso	845	1,084	1,108	+ 239	+ 28.28
Gilman	1,239	1,378	1,233	+ 139	+ 11.21
Hartland	1,201	1,182	1,144	— 19	— 1.58
Isabelle	330	447	434	+ 117	+ 35.45
Maiden Rock	1,176	1,187	1,169	+ 11	+ .93
Maiden Rock, village	343	304	1,323	— 39	— 11.37
Martell	1,292	1,277	1,211	— 15	— 1.16
Oak Grove	824	788	747	— 36	— 4.36
Prescott, city	911	1,002	889	+ 91	+ 9.93
ward 1			326		
ward 2			284		
ward 3			279		
River Falls	1,073	1,254	1,184	+ 181	+ 16.86
River Falls, city wards 2, 3 and 4	1,602	1,850	2,153	+ 248	+ 15.48
Total for River Falls city, in Pierce and St. Croix counties	1,783	2,003	2,300	+ 225	+ 12.61
ward 1		158	147		
ward 2		785	1007		
ward 3		464	492		
ward 4		601	654		
Rock Elm	1,047	1,270	1,148	+ 223	+ 21.29
Salem	845	1,081	961	+ 236	+ 16.00
Spring Lake	998	1,200	1,384	+ 202	+ 20.24
Spring Valley, village ¹		1,021	1,103	+ 1,021	.....
Trenton	951	965	918	+ 14	+ 1.47
Trimbelle	1,594	1,505	1,412	— 89	— 5.58
Union	1,001	1,478	1,404	+ 477	+ 47.65
Total	20,885	23,943	23,433	+ 3,558	+ 17.45

¹ Spring Valley village organized from part of Spring Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Spring Lake town had 1,200, Spring Valley village 1,021, total 2,221; in 1890 Spring Lake town had 998, increase 1,223 or 122.51 per cent.

POLK COUNTY:					
Alden	1,261	1,440	1,525	+ 179	+ 14.95
Amery, village ¹	451	905	753	+ 454	+ 100.63
Apple River	365	512	532	+ 147	+ 40.27
Balsam Lake	431	757	874	+ 326	+ 75.63
Beaver	333	506	553	+ 173	+ 51.93
Black Brook	708	899	984	+ 191	+ 23.97
Bone Lake	62	166	238	+ 104	+ 167.53
Centuria, village ⁵			281		
Clam Falls	203	340	374	+ 137	+ 67.43
Clayton	618	836	1,000	+ 218	+ 35.27
Clear Lake ³	951	752	839	— 199	— 20.92
Clear Lake, village ³		527	508	+ 527	.....
Eureka	808	1,041	1,193	+ 233	+ 28.83
Farmington	889	1,059	1,016	+ 160	+ 17.79

¹ Amery village, formerly in Lincoln town, now independent.

³ Clear Lake village organized from part of Clear Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Clear Lake town had 752, Clear Lake village 527, total 1,279; in 1890 Clear Lake town had 951; increase 328 or 34.49 per cent.

⁵ Centuria village was incorporated from the town of St. Croix Falls in 1904.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Cens.us.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
POLK COUNTY—con.					
Frederick, village ⁸			633		
Garfield	540	831	908	+ 291	+ 53.53
Georgetown	85	211	405	+ 126	+ 148.23
Johnson	100	138	186	+ 38	+ 38.00
Laketown	668	811	830	+ 143	+ 21.40
Lincoln ¹	621	1,010	998	+ 359	+ 62.64
Loraine	210	267	322	+ 57	+ 27.14
Luck	393	526	547	+ 133	+ 33.84
Luck, village ⁴			372		
McKinley ⁷		110	213		
Milltown	459	671	824	+ 212	+ 46.20
Osceola	983	847	887	+ 164	+ 24.01
Osceola, village ⁸	384	466	573	+ 82	+ 21.35
St. Croix Falls	153	534	595	+ 481	+ 907.55
St. Croix Falls, village ¹⁰	745	622	612	— 123	— 16.51
Sterling	667	735	769	+ 68	+ 10.19
West Sweden	270	282	501	+ 12	+ 4.44
Total	12,968	17,801	20,835	+ 4,833	+ 37.26

¹ Amery village, formerly in Lincoln town, now independent.

⁴ Luck village was incorporated from the town of Luck since 1900.

² Exclusive of population of Amery village. In 1890 Amery village had 451, Lincoln town 621, total 1,072; in 1900 Amery village had 905, Lincoln town 1,010, total 1,915; increase 843 or 78.63 per cent.

⁸ Frederick village was incorporated from the town of West Sweden in 1903.

⁷ McKinley town organized from part of Loraine town since 1890. In 1900 Loraine town had 267, McKinley town 110, total 377; in 1890 Loraine town had 210; increase 167 or 79.52 per cent.

⁸ Osceola village formerly in Osceola town, now independent.

⁹ Exclusive of population of Osceola village. In 1890 Osceola town had 633, Osceola village 351, total 1,067; in 1900 Osceola town had 847, Osceola village 466, total 1,313; increase 246 or 23.05 per cent.

¹⁰ St. Croix Falls village, formerly in St. Croix Falls town, now independent.

¹¹ Exclusive of population of St. Croix Falls village. In 1890 St. Croix Falls town had 53, St. Croix Falls village 745, total 798; in 1900 St. Croix Falls town had 534, St. Croix Falls village 622, total 1,156; increase 358 or 44.86 per cent.

PORTAGE COUNTY:

Alban	563	878	1,182	+ 315	+ 55.95
Almond	1,035	1,080	959	+ 45	+ 4.34
Almond, village ⁷			415		
Amherst	1,324	1,425	1,634	+ 101	+ 7.62
Amherst, village ²	438	558	613	+ 120	+ 27.39
Belmont	622	781	905	+ 159	+ 25.56
Buena Vista	1,061	1,102	1,335	+ 41	+ 3.86
Carson ⁴	961	1,605	1,717	+ 544	+ 56.60
Dewey ⁵		754	776	+ 754	
Eau Pleine ⁶	748	1,086	1,244	+ 338	+ 45.18
Grant	417	557	632	+ 140	+ 33.57
Hull	1,477	1,469	1,399	— 8	— .54
Lanark	797	825	843	+ 28	+ 3.51
Linwood ⁴	368	677	738	+ 309	+ 83.96

² Amherst village, formerly in Amherst town, now independent.

³ Exclusive of population of Amherst village. In 1890 Amherst town had 1,324, Amherst village 438, total 1,762; in 1900 Amherst town had 1,425, Amherst village 558, total 1,983; increase 221 or 12.54 per cent.

⁴ Part of Stevens Point town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Carson town had 1,505, Linwood 677, Stevens Point town 895, total 3,077; in 1890 Carson town had 961, Linwood town 368, total 1,329; increase 1,748 or 131.52 per cent.

⁵ Organized from parts of Eau Pleine and Hull towns since 1890.

⁶ Part taken to form part of Dewey town, and part of Stevens Point town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Dewey town had 754, Eau Pleine town 1,083, Hull town 1,469, total 3,309; in 1890 Eau Pleine town had 748, Hull town 1,477, total 2,225; increase 1,084 or 48.71 per cent.

⁷ Almond village was incorporated from town of Almond since 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
PORTAGE COUNTY—con.					
New Hope	885	962	969	+ 77	+ 8.70
Pine Grove	399	565	713	+ 166	+ 4.16
Plover	1,274	1,644	1,640	+ 337	+ 26.45
Sharon	1,940	2,225	2,209	+ 285	+ 14.69
Stevens Point, city	7,896	9,524	9,022	+ 1,628	+ 20.61
ward 1	1448		1404		
ward 2	1699		1501		
ward 3	1690		1489		
ward 4	313		353		
ward 5	1623		1297		
ward 6	841		678		
Stockton	1,698	1,890	2,056	+ 201	+ 11.83
Total	124,798	29,483	30,861	+ 4,685	+ 18.88

¹ Includes population (895) of Stevens Point town; annexed to Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull and Linwood towns since 1890.

PRICE COUNTY:					
Brannan ¹	516	523	591	+ 7	+ 1.35
Catawba ³			420		
Emery	105	371	386	+ 206	+ 253.33
Eisenstein ⁴			331		
Fifield	857	373	526	- 484	- 56.47
Georgetown	157	249	336	+ 92	+ 58.59
Hackett	191	219	263	+ 28	+ 14.63
Hill ¹		242	234	+ 242	
Kennan	96	520	391	+ 424	+ 441.63
Kennan, village ⁶			245		
Knox ¹		411	844	+ 411	
Lake	409	769	475	+ 360	+ 88.01
Ogema	775	972	1,129	+ 197	+ 25.28
Park Falls, village ⁵			1,438		
Phillips, city ²		1,820	2,011	+ 1,820	
ward 1	740		737		
ward 2	547		634		
ward 3	533		640		
Prentice	570	519	575	- 51	- 8.94
Prentice, village		939	863	+ 939	
Worcester	1,582	1,179	1,386	- 403	- 25.47
Total	5,258	9,106	12,353	+ 3,848	+ 73.18

¹ Hill and Knox towns organized from parts of Brannan town since 1890. In 1900 Brannan town had 523, Hill town 242, Knox town 411, total 1,176; in 1890 Brannan town had 516; increase 660 or 127.9 per cent.

² Phillips city organized from part of Worcester town since 1890. In 1900 Phillips city had 1,820, Worcester town 1,179, total 2,999; in 1890 Worcester town had 1,582; increase 1,417 or 89.57 per cent.

³ Catawba was organized from town of Kennan in 1901.

⁴ Eisenstein was organized from town of Lake in 1902.

⁵ Park Falls village was incorporated from town of Lake in 1901.

⁶ Kennan village was incorporated from town of Kennan in 1903.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + D. creas — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
RACINE COUNTY:					
Burlington	2,097	1,052	1,129	— 45	— 4.10
Burlington, city ¹	2,043	2,526	2,625	+ 483	+ 23.64
ward 1			542		
ward 2			766		
ward 3			713		
ward 4			604		
Caledonia	2,722	2,805	3,173	+ 73	+ 2.67
Dover	971	853	862	— 71	— 7.68
Mt. Pleasant	2,192	2,911	3,657	+ 719	+ 32.80
Norway	841	913	981	+ 72	+ 8.56
Racine, city	21,014	29,102	32,290	+ 8,088	+ 38.48
ward 1		1155	1030		
ward 2		2662	2986		
ward 3		3788	4112		
ward 4		3809	3621		
ward 5		6704	2652		
ward 6		6691	2102		
ward 7		4295	4901		
ward 8			2178		
ward 9			2723		
ward 10			3254		
ward 11			2736		
Raymond	1,784	1,601	1,571	— 183	— 10.25
Rochester	690	750	739	+ 51	+ 7.29
Union Grove, village ²	432	520	544	+ 88	+ 20.37
Waterford	1,551	1,564	1,572	+ 13	+ .83
Yorkville ³	499	1,047	1,085	+ 88	+ 9.17
Total	36,258	45,644	50,228	+ 9,376	+ 25.90

¹ Burlington village, formerly in Burlington town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

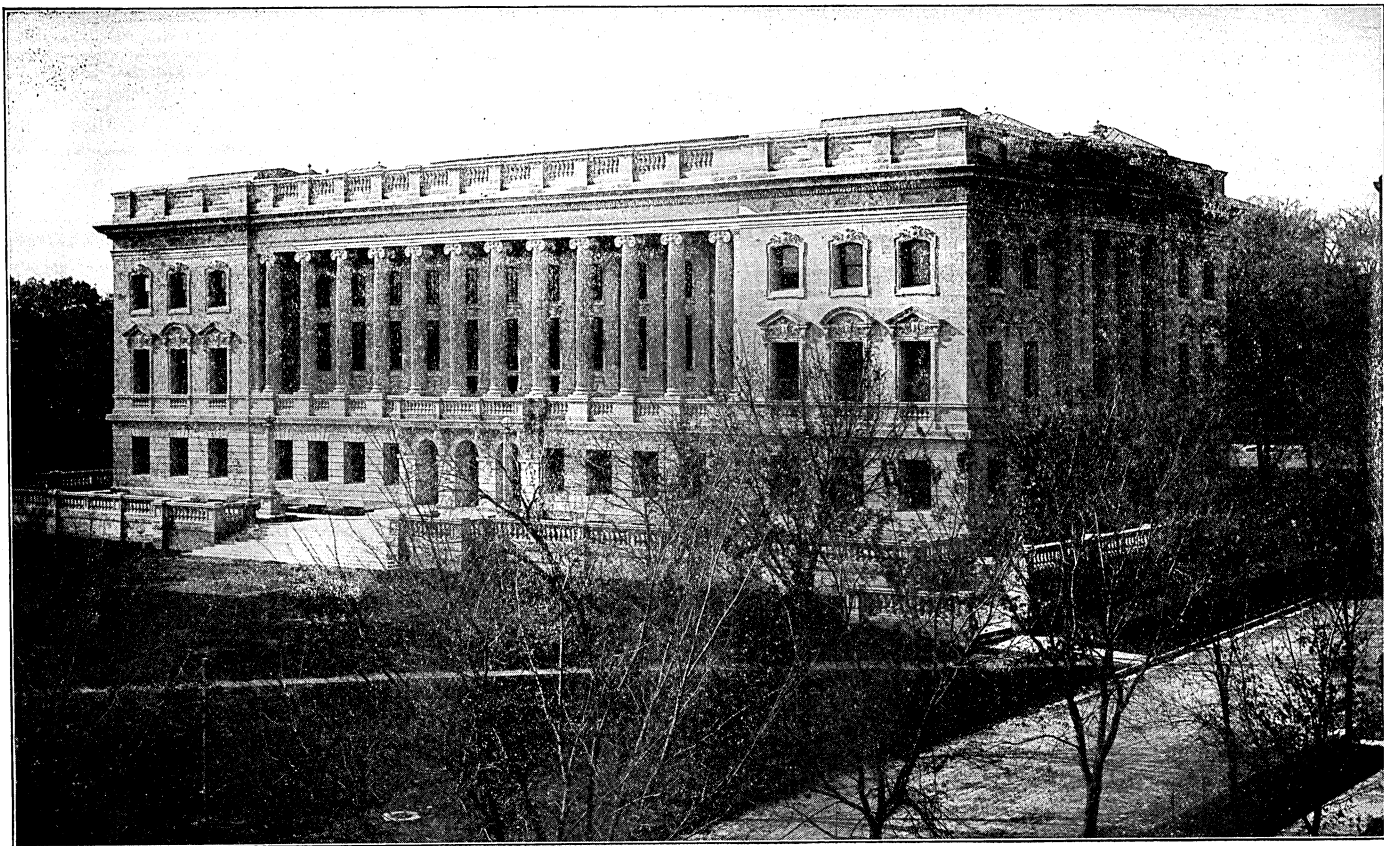
² Exclusive of population of Burlington village. In 1880 Burlington city had 2,043, Burlington town 1,097, total 3,140; in 1900 Burlington city had 2,526, Burlington town 1,052, total 3,578; increase 438 or 13.94 per cent.

³ Union Grove village, formerly in Yorkville town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Union Grove village. In 1890 Union Grove village had 432, Yorkville town 959, total 1,391; in 1900 Union Grove village had 520, Yorkville town 1,047, total 1,567; increase 176 or 12.65 per cent.

RICHLAND COUNTY:					
Akan	982	916	880	— 63	— 6.72
Bloom	1,361	1,261	1,239	— 100	— 7.34
Buena Vista	797	1,104	1,007	+ 307	+ 38.37
Cazenovia, village ²			308		
Dayton	1,119	1,006	1,014	— 113	— 10.09
Eagle	1,153	1,003	955	— 159	— 13.00
Forest	1,157	833	779	— 318	— 27.62
Henrietta	1,148	1,149	1,108	— 5	— .23
Ithaca	1,193	916	899	— 277	— 23.21
Lone Rock, village	342	512	604	+ 170	+ 49.70
Marshall	909	912	849	+ 3	+ .33
Orion	635	962	928	+ 297	+ 44.66
Richland	847	894	918	+ 47	+ 5.54
Richland Center, city	1,319	2,321	2,635	+ 592	+ 27.59
ward 1	551	796	906		
ward 2	671	830	933		
ward 3	597	705	706		
Richwood	1,343	1,299	1,263	— 44	— 3.27
Rockbridge	1,148	991	916	— 137	— 13.67

² Cazenovia village was incorporated from town of Westford in 1903.



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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase+ Decrease— in 1905 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
RICHLAND CO.—cen.					
Sylvan	1,013	923	823	— 87	— 8.53
Viola, village ¹ (part of)		237	372	+ 237	.....
Westford	1,121	1,133	783	+ 30	+ 3.46
Willow	1,612	1,087	902	+ 75	+ 7.41
Total	19,121	19,483	19,345	+ 332	+ 1.89

¹ Viola village organized from part of Forest town since 1890. In 1900 Forest town had 833, Viola village 237, total 1,070; in 1890 Forest town had 1,151; decrease 81 or 7 per cent. Total for Viola village in Richland and Vernon counties 432 for 1900, in 1905, 617.

ROCK COUNTY:					
Avon	806	773	740	— 32	— 4.09
Beloit	711	728	765	+ 11	+ 1.96
Beloit, city	6,315	10,433	12,855	+ 4,121	+ 65.25
ward 1		1700	1700		
ward 2		2390	3552		
ward 3		1737	2057		
ward 4		2339	2549		
ward 5		1934	2091		
Bradford	819	919	931	+ 70	+ 8.24
Center	1,073	1,030	1,031	+ 17	+ 1.58
Clinton	1,105	1,011	1,010	— 94	— 8.50
Clinton, village	851	871	872	+ 15	+ 1.75
Edgerton, city	1,505	2,132	2,416	+ 597	+ 37.43
ward 1		873	835		
ward 2		775	830		
ward 3		613	651		
Evansville, city ¹	1,523	1,891	1,963	+ 311	+ 22.38
ward 1		581	545		
ward 2		603	679		
ward 3		677	715		
Fulton	1,363	1,417	1,224	+ 54	+ 3.96
Harmony	1,083	1,112	1,138	+ 29	+ 2.67
Janesville	923	1,132	1,132	+ 203	+ 22.21
Janesville, city	10,833	13,185	13,770	+ 2,349	+ 21.67
ward 1	2737	2594	2758		
ward 2	2194	2030	2187		
ward 3	1579	2385	3271		
ward 4	2052	3715	3357		
ward 5	1274	1891	1877		
Johnstown	1,034	932	918	— 102	— 9.87
La Prairie	812	912	871	+ 111	+ 13.34
Lima	1,107	1,030	1,007	— 79	— 7.12
Magnolia	1,098	1,051	870	— 47	— 4.23
Milton	2,300	2,552	1,649	+ 252	+ 10.95
Milton, village ²			819		
Newark	1,039	966	921	— 73	— 7.02
Orfordville, village			479		
Plymouth	1,188	1,319	1,352	+ 161	+ 13.55
Porter	1,235	1,225	1,076	— 10	— 80
Rock	979	958	920	— 18	— 1.84
Spring Valley	1,422	1,443	1,000	+ 21	+ 1.68
Turtle	933	1,076	1,027	+ 83	+ 8.35
Union	950	945	879	— 5	— .52
Total	43,220	51,203	53,641	+ 7,981	+ 18.9

¹ Incorporated as a city since 1890.

² Incorporated from town of Milton in 1901.

³ Incorporated from the town of Spring Valley in 1900.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.		1905.	No.	Per cent
RUSK COUNTY:¹					
Atlanta ²			905		
Big Bend ¹	830	1,854	717	+ 1,024	+ 123.09
Bruce, village ³			612		
Dewey ¹		683	561	+ 683	
Flambeau ¹	289	768	275	+ 474	+ 164.01
Grant ⁴			433		
Grow ⁵			213		
Hawkins ⁶			287		
Ladysmith, city ⁷			1,770		
Lawrence ¹	272	793	562	+ 521	+ 191.54
Marshall ⁸			317		
Rusk ⁹			294		
Strickland ¹		388	274	+ 288	
Stubbs ¹⁰			995		
Thornapple ¹¹			432		
True ¹²			704		
Washington ¹³			274		
Total	1,381	4,381	9,746	+ 3,000	+ 1217.23

¹ Rusk county was organized in 1901 by detaching the towns of Big Bend, Dewey, Flambeau, Lawrence and Strickland from Chippewa county. The per cent of increase is only approximate as the towns of Dewey and Strickland were not organized in 1890.

² Organized from towns of Big Bend and Strickland in 1901.

³ Organized from towns of Big Bend and Atlanta in 1901.

⁴ Organized from towns of Dewey and Flambeau in 1902.

⁵ Organized from town of Grant in 1905.

⁶ Organized from town of Lawrence in 1903.

⁷ Incorporated from town of Flambeau since 1900.

⁸ Organized from the towns of Dewey and Flambeau in 1902.

⁹ Organized from town of Sampson, Chippewa county, in 1901.

¹⁰ Organized from towns of Big Bend and Strickland in 1902.

¹¹ Organized from towns of Big Bend and Flambeau in 1902.

¹² Organized from town of Lawrence in 1902.

¹³ Organized from town of Thornapple in 1905.

ST. CROIX COUNTY:					
Baldwin	1,314	1,395	1,450	+ 81	+ 6.16
Baldwin, village	482	631	639	+ 149	+ 30.91
Cady	771	1,099	1,099	+ 328	+ 42.54
Cylon	701	291	1,024	+ 290	+ 41.36
Eau Galle	1,374	1,084	1,027	— 299	— 21.10
Emerald	543	767	796	+ 254	+ 41.25
Erin Prairie	844	820	753	— 24	— 2.84
Forest	190	440	551	+ 257	+ 131.57
Glenwood ¹	1,656	758	1,239	— 893	— 54.22
Glenwood, city ¹		1,789	905	+ 1,789	
ward 1		425	290		
ward 2		485	253		
ward 3		417	362		
ward 4		462			
Hammond	890	844	841	— 41	— 5.16
Hammond, village	388	404	445	+ 43	+ 4.09

¹ Glenwood city organized from part of Glenwood town since 1890. In 1900 Glenwood city had 1,789, Glenwood town 758, total 2,547; in 1905 Glenwood town had 1,656; increase 891 or 53.8 per cent.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
ST. CROIX COUNTY—con					
Hudson	593	849	836	+ 256	+ 43.17
Hudson, city	2,885	3,259	3,226	+ 374	+ 12.96
ward 1	518	534	507	.....	.....
ward 2	1,176	1,251	1,332	.....	.....
ward 3	1,216	1,374	1,331	.....	.....
Kinnickinnic	614	679	643	+ 65	+ 10.56
New Richmond, city.....	1,403	1,631	1,524	+ 223	+ 15.83
ward 1	459	434	539	.....	.....
ward 2	493	673	744	.....	.....
ward 3	462	524	541	.....	.....
Pleasant Valley	529	426	390	— 103	— 19.47
Richmond	826	720	714	— 106	— 12.83
River Falls, city.....	181	153	147	— 23	— 12.70
ward 1 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rush River	650	532	582	— 68	— 10.61
St. Joseph	774	1,024	1,049	+ 250	+ 32.29
Somerset	1,148	1,451	1,492	+ 303	+ 23.39
Springfield	1,431	1,419	1,431	+ 12	+ .83
Stanton	758	780	752	+ 22	+ 2.9
Star Prairie ²	761	1,289	1,105	+ 519	+ 68.20
Star Prairie, village ² ..	.....	.....	264	.....	.....
Troy	692	735	741	+ 43	+ 6.21
Warren	735	815	781	+ 79	+ 10.73
Total	23,135	26,836	26,716	+ 3,691	+ 15.95

² Star Prairie village is reported separate from the town of Star Prairie in 1905. No record of incorporation.

SAUK COUNTY:					
Ableman, village ¹	332	430	461	+ 98	+ 29.51
Baraboo	1,886	1,464	1,374	+ 78	+ 5.62
Baraboo, city	1,605	5,751	5,335	+ 1,146	+ 24.88
ward 1	1,705	945	2,073	.....	.....
ward 2	1,545	271	2,294	.....	.....
ward 3	1,355	1,535	1,469	.....	.....
Bear Creek	383	976	936	+ 93	+ 10.53
Dellona	594	626	640	+ 32	+ 5.33
Delton	829	916	901	+ 87	+ 10.49
Excelsior	2,907	954	926	— 13	— 1.34
Fairfield	672	697	672	+ 25	+ 3.72
Franklin	1,044	1,114	1,213	+ 70	+ 6.70
Freedom ²	4943	962	1,070	+ 19	+ 2.01
Greenfield	848	924	849	+ 76	+ 8.96
Honey Creek	1,124	993	931	— 131	— 11.65
Ironton	1,455	1,362	1,270	— 93	— 6.39
La Valle	1,031	1,063	1,047	+ 29	+ 2.89
La Valle, village.....	333	386	359	+ 53	+ 15.91
Merrimac ⁶	847	615	539	— 232	— 27.39
Merrimac, village ⁶ .....	.....	350	333	+ 350	.....
North Freedom, village ⁵ ..	316	485	578	+ 169	+ 53.48

¹ Ableman village, formerly in Excelsior town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Ableman village. In 1890 Ableman village had 332, Excelsior town 967, total 1,299; in 1900 Ableman village had 430, Excelsior town 954, total 1,384; increase 85 or 6.54 per cent.

³ Included North Freedom village in 1890.

⁴ Exclusive of population of North Freedom village.

⁵ Formerly in Freedom town, now independent. In 1890 Freedom town had 943, North Freedom village 316, total 1,259; in 1900 Freedom town had 962, North Freedom village 485, total 1,447; increase 188 or 14.93 per cent.

⁶ Merrimac village organized from part of Merrimac town since 1890. In 1900 Merrimac town had 615, Merrimac village 350, total 965; in 1890 Merrimac town had 847; increase 118 or 13.93 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900	1905.	No.	Per cent.
SAUK COUNTY—con.					
Prairie du Sac.....	618	541	500	— 77	— 14.46
Prairie du Sac, village....	562	656	671	+ 94	+ 16.72
Reedsburg.....	1,112	1,394	1,181	+ 82	+ 8.27
Reedsburg, city.....	1,737	2,225	2,575	+ 488	+ 28.09
ward 1.....		1027	1169		
ward 2.....		1195	1316		
Sauk City, village.....	876	810	748	— 66	— 7.53
Spring Green ⁷	853	656	531	+ 73	+ 12.52
Spring Green, village ⁷	625	621	770	— 4	— .64
Sumpter.....	761	724	666	— 37	— 4.83
Troy.....	911	950	914	+ 39	+ 4.28
Washington.....	1,206	1,226	1,201	+ 20	+ 1.65
Westfield.....	1,357	1,285	1,290	— 72	— 5.31
Winfield.....	793	813	754	+ 20	+ 2.52
Woodland.....	1,222	1,227	1,100	+ 5	+ .40
Total.....	20,575	33,006	32,825	+ 2,431	+ 7.95

⁷ Spring Green village, formerly in Spring Green town, now independent.

⁸ Exclusive of population of Spring Green village. In 1890 Spring Green town had 53, Spring Green village 625, total 1,203; in 1900 Spring Green town had 656, Spring Green village 621, total 1,277; increase 69 or 5.71 per cent.

SAWYER COUNTY:					
Hayward.....	1,977	2,720	2,900	+ 743	+ 37.73
Raddisson ¹			674		
Reserve ¹			1,017		
Sand Lake ¹			323		
Winter ¹			130		
Lac Court d'O'Reilles ²		873			
Indian Reservation.....					
Total.....	1,977	3,593	5,044	+ 1,516	+ 41.74

¹ Towns of Raddisson, Reserve, Sand Lake and Winter were organized from the town of Hayward in 1905.

² Population in 1905 included in town of Reserve.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1955—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1955 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1955.	No.	Per cent.
SHAWANO COUNTY:					
Almon	1	700	697	+ 237	+ 51.18
Angelica	680	1,269	1,308	+ 580	+ 85.29
Aniwa	680	934	630	+ 248	+ 36.15
Aniwa, village ⁵			353		
Belle Plaine	1,028	697	1,147	- 81	- 3.01
Birnamwood	731	735	760	+ 54	+ 7.38
Birnamwood, village ¹		475	701	+ 475	
Cecil, village			326		
Eland, village ⁶			339		
Fairbanks	792	923	1,039	+ 131	+ 16.54
Germania	131	573	334	+ 177	+ 135.11
Grant	1,026	1,139	1,189	+ 142	+ 11.93
Green Valley	734	1,037	1,139	+ 253	+ 32.27
Hartland	1,379	1,442	1,463	+ 63	+ 4.56
Herman	853	1,111	1,263	+ 278	+ 20.24
Hutchins	620	1,469	697	+ 819	+ 133.03
Lessor	749	1,111	1,202	+ 362	+ 48.33
Maple Grove	1,400	1,314	1,763	+ 414	+ 29.57
Mattoon, village ⁷			935		
Menomonic Indian Res.		1,255	1,431	+ 1,255	
Morris	400	689	741	+ 289	+ 70.22
Navarino	243	413	458	+ 170	+ 69.95
Pella	816	920	993	+ 114	+ 13.97
Richmond	1,128	1,105	930	- 23	- 2.03
Seneca	350	515	585	+ 165	+ 47.14
Shawano, city	1,505	1,803	2,446	+ 338	+ 23.78
ward 1		575	936		
ward 2		500	628		
ward 3		563	832		
Stockbridge Indian Res.		376	431	+ 376	
Tigerton, village ²		723	734	+ 723	
Washington	1,219	1,322	1,141	+ 80	+ 6.44
Waukechon	846	940	1,033	+ 94	+ 11.11
Wescott ⁸			431		
Wittenberg	4678	1,011	1,232	+ 353	+ 53.64
Wittenberg, village ³	726	798	1,009	+ 72	+ 9.90
Total	19,236	27,475	31,037	+ 8,239	+ 42.83

¹ Birnamwood village organized from part of Birnamwood town since 1890. In 1900 Birnamwood town had 735 Birnamwood village 475, total 1,269; in 1890 Birnamwood town had 731; increase 529 or 73.36 per cent.
² Tigerton village organized from part of Fairbanks town since 1890. In 1900 Fairbanks town had 923, Tigerton village 723, total 1,646; in 1890 Fairbanks town had 792; increase 854 or 107.82 per cent.
³ Wittenberg village, formerly in Wittenberg town, now independent.
⁴ Excluding population of Wittenberg village. In 1890 Wittenberg town had 658, Wittenberg village 726, total 1,384; in 1900 Wittenberg town had 1,011, Wittenberg village 793, total 1,803; increase 425 or 30.7 per cent.
⁵ Aniwa village was incorporated from town of Birnamwood in 1901.
⁶ Eland village was incorporated from the town of Hutchinson in 1901.
⁷ Mattoon village was incorporated from the town of Washington in 1905.
⁸ Cecil village was incorporated from the town of Richmond in 1901.
⁹ Wescott was organized from the town of Richmond in 1901.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1830, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY:					
Cedar Grove, village ¹		327	411	+	327
Elkhart Lake, village ²		461	462	+	461
Greenbush	1,690	1,680	1,728	—	1
Herman	1,908	1,940	1,977	—	58
Holland ¹	2,874	2,551	2,527	—	323
Lima	1,921	1,919	1,907	+	23
Lynden	1,697	1,732	1,741	+	35
Mitchell	1,012	974	1,005	—	38
Mosel	833	885	921	+	22
Plymouth	1,356	1,398	1,445	+	42
Plymouth, city	1,503	2,257	2,764	+	754
ward 1			1800		
ward 2			934		
Rhine ²	1,612	1,285	1,234	—	327
Russell	437	437	447	—	2
Scott	1,473	1,432	1,412	—	41
Sheboygan	2,117	2,181	2,191	+	64
Sheboygan, city	16,350	22,962	24,023	+	6,603
ward 1	2225	3124	3840		
ward 2	2323	2170	2883		
ward 3	1474	1404	1479		
ward 4		3223	3355		
ward 5	3739	3181	3292		
ward 6		1877	1917		
ward 7	3264	3178	3150		
ward 8	3494	1607	1925		
Sheboygan Falls	1,677	1,600	1,500	+	13
Sheboygan Falls, village	1,113	1,301	1,411	+	183
Sherman	1,733	1,813	1,780	+	77
Wilson	1,044	1,078	1,033	+	34
Total	42,480	50,345	52,070	+	7,853

¹ Cedar Grove village organized from part of Holland town since 1890. In 1900 Cedar Grove village had 327, Holland town 2,551, total 2,878; in 1890 Holland town had 2,874; increase 4 or .13 per cent.

² Elkhart Lake village organized from part of Rhine town since 1890. Elkhart Lake village, in 1900, had 461. Rhine town 1,295, total 1,749; in 1890 Rhine town had 1,612; increase 137 or 8.49 per cent.

TAYLOR COUNTY:					
Aurora ²		106	153		
Browning	230	585	471	+	356
Chelsea	613	787	718	+	174
Cleveland ⁶		831	141		
Deer Creek	573	775	903	+	202
Goodrich ⁷			216		
Greenwood	233	331	461	+	161
Grover ³	293	333	181	+	37
Hammel ⁴		380	335		
Holway ⁵		308	312		
Little Black	1,131	1,331	1,477	+	200
Manlyhurst ⁸			149		
McKinley ⁹			143		

² Organized from parts of Grover and Pine Creek towns since 1890.

³ Parts taken to form Hammel town and part of Aurora town since 1890.

⁴ Organized from part of Grover town since 1890.

⁵ Organized from part of Pine Creek town since 1890. In 1900 Aurora had 103, Grover town 333, Pine Creek town 190, Hammel town 380, Holway 303, total 1,326; in 1890 Grover town had 293; increase 1,030 or 347.97 per cent.

⁶ Cleveland town organized from part of Moliter town since 1890. In 1900 Cleveland town had 231, Moliter town 112, total 343; in 1890 Moliter town had 117; increase 223 or 193.16 per cent.

⁷ Organized from town of Browning in 1903.

⁸ Organized from town of Holway in 1905.

⁹ Organized from town of Westboro in 1905.

¹¹ Organized from town of Aurora in 1905.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
TAYLOR COUNTY—con.					
Medford	1,094	1,394	1,464	+ 300	+ 27.43
Medford, city	1,193	1,758	1,923	+ 565	+ 47.33
ward 1		10	693		
ward 2		406	511		
ward 3		342	719		
Moliter ⁵	11	112	150	— 5	— 4.27
Rib Lake	520	1,698	790	+ 1,173	+ 226.53
Rib Lake, village ¹⁰			1,122		
Roosevelt			275		
Westboro	541	1,960	1,091	+ 519	+ 95.93
Total	16,733	11,262	12,481	+ 4,531	+ 67.31

¹ Includes population (1900) of Pine Creek town, taken to form Holway town and part of Aurora town since 1890.

¹⁰ Organized from town of Rib Lake since 1900.

TREMPEALEAU CO.:	1890.	1900.	1905.	Increase + Decrease —	Per cent.
Albion	847	1,196	825	+ 279	+ 32.93
Arcadia	2,488	2,641	2,732	+ 153	+ 6.14
Arcadia, village ¹	639	1,373	1,316	+ 614	+ 93.17
Blair, village ³		438	461	+ 433	
Burnside ⁴	5325	938	905	+ 113	+ 13.69
Caledonia	379	345	337	— 31	— 8.97
Chimney Rock	682	563	1,047	+ 281	+ 41.20
Dodge	448	495	468	+ 47	+ 10.49
Eleva, village ¹³			331		
Etrick	1,849	1,969	2,205	+ 128	+ 6.85
Gale ⁶	71,279	1,384	1,448	+ 105	+ 8.29
Galesville, village ⁶	537	582	876	+ 325	+ 61.51
Hale	1,505	1,773	1,738	+ 207	+ 13.21
Independence, village ⁴	352	630	631	+ 248	+ 69.92
Lincoln ⁸	903	783	874	+ 153	+ 24.10
Osseo, village ¹⁰		472	595	+ 472	
Pigeon	1,038	1,270	1,564	+ 171	+ 16.47
Preston ¹	1,811	1,693	1,763	+ 118	+ 6.51
Sumner ¹⁰	854	767	746	— 87	— 10.18
Trempealeau	121,584	1,152	1,104	— 432	— 27.27
Trempealeau, village ¹¹		609	564	+ 609	
Unity	763	989	1,075	+ 226	+ 29.61
Whitehall, village ⁸	304	690	700	+ 296	+ 97.33
Total	18,920	23,114	23,857	+ 4,194	+ 22.16

¹ Arcadia village, formerly in Arcadia town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Arcadia village. In 1890 Arcadia town had 2,488, Arcadia village 639, total 3,147; in 1900 Arcadia town had 2,641, Arcadia village 1,273, total 3,914; increase 767 or 24.37 per cent.

³ Blair village organized from part of Preston town since 1890. In 1900 Blair village had 438; Preston town 1,633, total 2,131; in 1900 Preston town had 1,811; increase 330 or 17.63 per cent.

⁴ Independence village, formerly in Burnside town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Independence village. In 1890 Burnside town had 5325, Independence village 382, total, 1,207; in 1900 Burnside town had 938, Independence village 639, total 1,538; increase 361 or 29.9 per cent.

⁶ Galesville village, formerly in Gale town, now independent.

⁷ Exclusive of population of Galesville village. In 1890 Gale town had 1,279, Galesville village 537, total 1,816; in 1900 Gale town had 1,384, Galesville village 582, total 2,243; increase 430 or 23.67 per cent.

⁸ Whitehall village, formerly in Lincoln town, now independent.

⁹ Exclusive of population of Whitehall village. In 1890 Lincoln town had 673, Whitehall village 354, total 937; in 1900 Lincoln town had 783, Whitehall village 690, total 1,383; increase 449 or 47.9 per cent.

¹⁰ Osseo village organized from part of Sumner town since 1890. In 1900 Osseo village had 472, Sumner town 767, total 1,239; in 1900 Sumner town had 854; increase 385 or 45.68 per cent.

¹¹ Trempealeau village, formerly in Trempealeau town, now independent.

¹² Includes population of Trempealeau village, not separately returned in 1890.

¹³ In 1900 Trempealeau town had 1,152, Trempealeau village 609, total 1,761; in 1900 Trempealeau town 1,584; increase 177 or 11.17 per cent.

¹⁴ Trempealeau town 1,584; increase 177 or 11.17 per cent.

¹⁵ Eleva village was incorporated from the town of Albion in 1902.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
VERNON COUNTY:					
Bergen ¹⁰	1,011	1,184	910	+ 173	+ 17.11
Christiania ¹	1,521	1,234	1,351	— 257	— 16.83
Clinton	1,015	1,214	1,183	+ 169	+ 13.17
Coon	1,188	1,324	1,438	+ 133	+ 11.14
De Soto, village (part of) ²	276	300	293	+ 24	+ 8.39
De Soto, village (total)	355	387	373	.....	.....
Forest	1,055	1,250	1,232	+ 195	+ 18.18
Franklin	1,280	1,237	1,283	— 52	— 4.93
Genoa	1,026	1,077	1,019	+ 51	+ 4.97
Greenwood	1,120	1,027	908	— 93	— 8.20
Hamburg	1,081	1,070	1,119	+ 11	+ 1.01
Harmony	1,100	1,103	1,040	+ 8	+ .72
Hillsboro ⁶	1,178	1,182	1,151	+ 4	+ .33
Hillsboro, village ⁶	761	785	804	+ 324	+ 76.28
Jefferson	1,490	1,548	1,510	+ 148	+ 11.57
Kickapoo ⁸	1,185	874	836	— 311	— 21.24
La Farge, village ¹⁰ .....	.....	488	827	+ 488	.....
Liberty ¹²	963	539	490	— 121	— 18.70
Ontario, village (part of) ¹⁴ .....	.....	218	362	+ 218	.....
Readstown, village ⁹ .....	.....	403	516	+ 403	.....
Stark	1,033	907	879	— 123	— 12.19
Sterling ¹¹	1,152	1,187	1,171	+ 35	+ 3.03
Stoddard, village ¹⁶ .....	.....	.....	853	.....	.....
Union	819	819	877	+ 39	+ 3.66
Viola, village (part of) ¹³ .....	.....	195	245	+ 195	.....
Viroqua	1,680	1,832	1,772	+ 182	+ 10.83
Viroqua, city	1,270	1,950	2,032	+ 680	+ 53.54
Ward 1 .....	.....	587	671	.....	.....
Ward 2 .....	.....	557	603	.....	.....
Ward 3 .....	.....	833	733	.....	.....
Webster	1,092	1,123	1,154	+ 31	+ 2.81
Westby, village ² .....	.....	524	767	+ 524	.....
Wheatland ⁴	5603	668	657	+ 65	+ 10.77
Whitestown ¹⁵	833	914	918	+ 51	+ 5.90
Total	25,111	28,351	29,161	+ 3,210	+ 12.30

¹ Part taken to form Westby village since 1890.² Organized from part of Christiania town since 1890. In 1900 Christiania town had 1,234, Westby village 524, total 1,758; in 1900 Christiania town had 1,521; increase 267 or 17.55 per cent.³ Formerly in Wheatland town, now independent.⁴ Included De Soto village in 1890.⁵ Exclusive of population of De Soto village. In 1890 De Soto village had 276, Wheatland town 603, total 879; in 1900 De Soto village had 300, Wheatland town 638, total 938; increase 81 or 10.12 per cent.⁶ Hillsboro village, formerly in Hillsboro town, now independent.⁷ Exclusive of population of Hillsboro village. In 1890 Hillsboro town had 1,178, Hillsboro village 451, total 1,639; in 1900 Hillsboro town had 1,182, Hillsboro village 785, total 1,967; increase 328 or 20 per cent.⁸ Part taken to form Readstown village since 1890.⁹ Organized from part of Kickapoo town since 1890. In 1900 Kickapoo town had 871, Readstown village 403, total 1,277; in 1890 Kickapoo town had 1,185; increase 92 or 7.76 per cent.¹⁰ Organized from part of Stark town since 1890.¹¹ Part taken to form La Farge village since 1890. In 1900 La Farge village had 488, Stark town 907, total 1,395; in 1890 Stark town had 1,033; increase 362 or 35.04 per cent.¹² Part taken to form Viola village since 1890.¹³ Organized from part of Liberty town since 1890. In 1900 Liberty town had 539, Viola village 195, total 734; in 1890 Liberty town had 663; increase 71 or 10.7 per cent.¹⁴ Organized from part of Whitestown town since 1890.¹⁵ Part taken to form Ontario village since 1890. In 1900 Ontario village had 298, Whitestown town 914, total 1,212; in 1890 Whitestown town had 963; increase 149 or 16.44 per cent.¹⁶ Stoddard village was incorporated from town of Bergen in 1904.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
VILAS COUNTY:					
Arbor Vitae		1,618	2,054	.....	.....
Eagle River		1,356	1,399	.....	.....
Flambeau ⁴			731	.....	.....
Flambeau Indian Reservation		661	661	.....	.....
Hackley ²			591	.....	.....
Minocqua ³		1,204	.....	.....	.....
Total		4,929	5,436	.....	.....

¹ Organized from part of Oneida county in 1893.

² Set off from Forest county in 1895.

³ Minocqua was set into Oneida county in 1901.

⁴ Organized from Minocqua in 1900.

⁵ No intelligent comparison can be made in the increase of population of this county as the county lines have often changed.

WALWORTH COUNTY—							
Bloomfield ⁶	1,197	1,314	856	+	117	+	9.77
Darien	1,218	1,311	1,244	+	153	+	12.56
Delavan ¹	267	993	949	+	313	+	45.67
Delavan, city ¹	2,038	2,244	2,321	+	266	+	10.10
ward 1		719	757	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2		772	717	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3		753	817	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Troy	1,406	1,513	946	+	107	+	7.61
East Troy, village ⁷			601	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elkhorn, city ²	1,447	1,731	1,818	+	284	+	19.62
ward 1		499	500	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2		550	633	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3		682	592	.....	.....	.....	.....
Geneva	1,073	1,191	1,128	+	118	+	10.99
Genoa Junction, village ⁶			710	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lafayette	993	924	937	—	9	—	.96
La Grange	844	832	821	+	33	+	4.50
Lake Geneva, city	2,297	2,555	3,449	+	288	+	12.53
ward 1		885	1195	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2		663	1025	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3		1037	1319	.....	.....	.....	.....
Linn	854	1,082	1,350	+	228	+	26.67
Lyons	1,318	1,298	1,301	—	30	—	2.25
Richmond	799	770	728	—	29	—	3.61
Sharon ⁴	51,169	1,137	1,034	—	33	—	2.84
Sharon, village ⁴	878	945	629	+	67	+	7.61
Spring Prairie	1,155	1,136	1,037	—	29	—	2.51
Sugar Creek	1,634	981	692	—	73	—	7.27
Troy	972	1,618	1,001	+	46	+	4.73
Walworth	1,372	2,033	1,297	+	631	+	45.99
Walworth, village ⁸			647	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown	846	806	.....	—	43	—	5.03
Whitewater			753	.....	.....	.....	.....
Whitewater, city	4,378	3,465	3,107	—	954	—	21.83
ward 1		77	867	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2		90	390	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3		18	941	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	27,861	29,259	50,557	+	1,399	+	5.00

¹ Delavan village, formerly in Delavan town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

² Exclusive of population of Delavan village. In 1890 Delavan city had 2,038, Delavan town 677, total 2,715; in 1900 Delavan city had 2,244, Delavan town 993, total 3,237; increase 522 or 19.22 per cent.

³ Incorporated as a city since 1890.

⁴ Sharon village, formerly in Sharon town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Sharon village. In 1890 Sharon town had 1,169, Sharon village 878, total 2,038; in 1900 Sharon town had 1,137, Sharon village 945, total 2,072; increase 34 or 1.66 per cent.

⁶ Genoa Junction village was incorporated from the town of Bloomfield in 1901.

⁷ East Troy village was incorporated from town of East Troy in 1930.

⁸ Walworth village was incorporated from town of Walworth in 1901.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
WASHBURN COUNTY:					
Barronette ²			355		
Bashaw ¹	394	504	616	+ 510	+ 129.44
Brooklyn ³			197		
Casey ⁴			402		
Chicog ⁵			143		
Frog Creek ⁶			117		
Gull Lake ⁷			115		
Long Lake	118	238	287	+ 120	+ 101.69
Loomis ⁸			431		
Mills ⁹			412		
Minong ¹		406	313	+ 496	
Nancy ¹⁰			163		
Sorona ¹¹			277		
Shell Lake	1,535	1,823	1,137	+ 288	+ 18.76
Spooner ¹	734	1,575	531	+ 811	+ 114.57
Spooner, village ¹²			1,170		
Spring Brook ¹³			408		
Stinnett ¹⁴			376		
Veazie ¹³	145	575		+ 430	+ 296.76
Total	2,928	5,521	7,483	+ 2,505	+ 88.63

¹ Minong town organized from parts of Bashaw and Spooner towns since 1890. In 1900 Bashaw town had 934, Minong town 406, Spooner town 1,575, total 2,835. In 1890 Bashaw town had 394, Spooner 734, total 1,138; increase 1,737 or 155.76 per cent.

² Barronette was organized from town of Bashaw in 1905.

³ Brooklyn was organized from the town of Chicog in 1904.

⁴ Casey was organized from the town of Chicog in 1904.

⁵ Chicog was organized from the towns of Spooner and Bashaw in 1902.

⁶ Frog Creek was organized from Minong. Change declared illegal by order of circuit court.

⁷ Gull Lake was organized from town of Veazie in 1904.

⁸ Loomis was organized from towns of Shell Lake and Long Lake in 1905.

⁹ Mills was organized from the towns of Spooner and Chicog in 1901.

¹⁰ Nancy was organized from town of Minong; the ordinance has since been declared illegal.

¹¹ Sorona was organized from town of Shell Lake in 1904.

¹² Spooner village was incorporated from the town of Spooner in 1902.

¹³ The name of Veazie has been changed to Spring Brook since 1900.

¹⁴ Stinnett was organized from town of Veazie in 1904.

WASHINGTON COUNTY:					
Addison	1,863	1,810	1,732	— 53	— 2.81
Barton	1,169	1,290	1,271	+ 91	+ 7.78
Erin	1,301	1,200	1,122	— 101	— 7.76
Farmington	1,501	1,461	1,321	— 40	— 2.66
Germantown	2,026	1,937	1,835	— 89	— 4.39
Hartford	1,339	1,354	1,367	+ 15	+ 1.12
Hartford, city	1,336	1,632	2,052	+ 336	+ 25.92
ward 1		813	1,156		
ward 2		813	896		
Jackson	1,630	1,760	1,761	+ 80	+ 4.76
Kewaskum ¹	21,015	851	816	— 161	— 16.15
Kewaskum, village ¹	557	679	693	+ 132	+ 21.90

¹ Kewaskum village, formerly in Kewaskum town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Kewaskum village. In 1890 Kewaskum town had 1,015, Kewaskum village 557, total 1,572; in 1900 Kewaskum town had 851, Kewaskum village 679, total 1,530; decrease 42 or 2.67 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1870, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase+ Decrease— in 1905 as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
WASHINGTON CO.—Con.					
Polk ³	41,639	1,551	1,407	— 85	— 5.18
Richfield	1,531	1,617	1,637	+ 33	+ 2.08
Schleisingserville, village ³	432	549	483	+ 117	+ 27.08
Trenton	1,760	1,572	1,534	— 183	— 10.68
Wayne	1,471	1,391	1,297	— 80	— 5.43
West Bend	1,822	813	828	+ 21	+ 2.56
West Bend, city	1,235	2,110	2,362	+ 823	+ 63.50
ward 1		970	1032		
ward 2		1149	1235		
Total	22,751	23,589	23,476	+ 833	+ 3.68

³ Schleisingserville village, formerly in Polk town, now independent.
⁴ Exclusive of population of Schleisingserville village. In 1890 Polk town had 1,639, Schleisingserville village, 432, total, 2,071; in 1900 Polk town had 1,551, Schleisingserville village 549, total 2,103; increase 32 or 1.54 per cent.

WAUKESHA COUNTY:					
Brookfield	1,960	2,171	2,015	+ 214	+ 10.91
Delafield ¹	21,303	1,250	1,375	— 53	— 4.06
Eagle ³	1,020	744	816	— 273	— 27.05
Eagle, village ³		324	303	+ 321	
Genesee	1,327	1,481	1,370	+ 154	+ 11.60
Hartland, village ¹	483	629	673	+ 143	+ 29.42
Lisbon	1,443	1,510	1,530	+ 67	+ 4.64
Menomonee ⁴	62,058	2,178	2,319	+ 120	+ 5.53
Menomonee Falls, vil. ⁴	422	687	933	+ 235	+ 62.79
Merton ¹	21,499	1,539	1,671	+ 31	+ 2.07
Mukwonago	1,217	1,233	832	+ 46	+ 3.77
Mukwonago, village			483		
Muskego	1,390	1,349	1,403	— 41	— 2.95
New Berlin	1,519	1,579	1,743	+ 60	+ 3.95
Oconomowoc	1,373	1,330	1,493	— 43	— 3.13
Oconomowoc, city	2,729	2,830	3,013	+ 131	+ 5.53
ward 1		1209	1247		
ward 2		1671	1733		
Ottawa	839	833	902	+ 3	+ .34
Pewaukee ⁶	72,077	1,708	1,784	— 339	— 17.75
Pewaukee, village ⁶	683	711	763	+ 34	+ 5.00
Summit	1,130	1,275	1,255	+ 145	+ 12.83
Vernon	1,277	1,307	1,307	+ 30	+ 2.34

¹ Hartland village, formerly in Delafield and Merton towns, now independent.
² Exclusive of population of Hartland village. In 1890 Delafield town had 1,303, Hartland village 483, Merton town 1,499, total, 3,283; in 1900 Delafield town had 1,250, Hartland village 629, Merton town 1,530, total 3,409; increase 121 or 3.68 per cent.
³ Eagle village organized from part of Eagle town since 1890. In 1900 Eagle town had 744, Eagle village 324, total 1,068; in 1890 Eagle town had 1,020; increase 48 or 4.7 per cent.
⁴ Menomonee Falls village, formerly in Menomonee town, now independent.
⁵ Exclusive of population of Menomonee Falls village. In 1890 Menomonee town had 2,053, Menomonee Falls village 422, total 2,483; in 1900 Menomonee town had 2,178, Menomonee Falls village 687, total 2,855; increase 385 or 15.52 per cent.
⁶ Pewaukee village, formerly in Pewaukee town, now independent.
⁷ Exclusive of population of Pewaukee village. In 1890 Pewaukee town had 2,077, Pewaukee village 680, total 2,757; in 1900 Pewaukee town had 1,708, Pewaukee village 714, total 2,422; decrease 335 or 12.15 per cent.
⁸ Mukwonago village was incorporated from the town of Mukwonago in 1905.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1925—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1925 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1925	No.	Per cent.
WAUKESHA CO.—Con.					
Waukesha ^s	91,159	1,015	977	— 174	— 19.42
Waukesha, city ^s	6,321	7,479	6,949	+ 1,628	+ 17.35
ward 1	1405	1301	1301	.....	.....
ward 2	1545	1461	1461	.....	.....
ward 3	882	836	836	.....	.....
ward 4	1450	1274	1274	.....	.....
ward 5	814	806	806	.....	.....
ward 6	1153	1178	1178	.....	.....
Total	33,270	35,229	35,522	+ 1,959	+ 5.82

^s Waukesha village, formerly in Waukesha town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

^s Exclusive of population of Waukesha village. In 1890 Waukesha city had 6,321, Waukesha town 1,139, total 7,460; 1900 Waukesha city had 7,479, Waukesha town 1,015, total 8,494; increase 934 or 12.75 per cent.

WAUPACA COUNTY:					
Bear Creek	1,136	1,257	1,227	+ 121	+ 10.67
Caledonia	913	904	89	— 29	— 4.17
Clintonville City	1,463	1,673	1,53	+ 187	+ 12.75
Dayton	852	891	916	+ 39	+ 4.57
Dupont ¹	2916	1,033	1,02	+ 97	+ 10.56
Embarrass, village ²	270	27	27	.....	.....
Farmington	1,087	1,522	1,778	+ 435	+ 40.01
Fremont ³	539	425	468	+ 107	+ 19.8
Fremont, village ⁴	275	263	263	.....	.....
Harrison ⁵	453	457	453	.....	.....
Helvetia ⁶	511	518	557	+ 45	+ 8.81
Iola ⁶	1,315	894	819	— 511	— 38.89
Iola, village ⁶	558	58	58	+ 58	.....
Larrabee	1,436	1,398	1,41	— 38	— 2.61
Lebanon	932	989	982	+ 7	+ .75
Lind	1,016	1,099	1,083	+ 89	+ 7.81
Little Wolf ⁷	1,137	1,421	1,460	+ 287	+ 24.97
Manawa, village ⁸	350	744	881	+ 397	+ 112.57
Marion, village ¹	470	367	747	+ 137	+ 28.67
Matteson ²	827	867	862	+ 35	+ .81
Mukwa	1,049	77	986	— 8	— 8.07

¹ Marion village, formerly in Dupont town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Marion village. In 1890 Dupont town had 916, Marion village 470, total 1,386; in 1900 Dupont town had 1,013, Marion village 602, total 1,615; increase 229 or 16.52 per cent.

³ Embarrass village organized from part of Matteson town since 1890. In 1890 Embarrass village had 270, Matteson town 867, total 1,137; in 1900 Matteson town had 367; increase 277 or 32.2 per cent.

⁴ Fremont village, formerly in Fremont town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Fremont village. In 1890 Fremont town had 539, Fremont village 275, total 814; in 1900 Fremont town had 425, Fremont village 263, total 688; decrease 117 or 14.53 per cent.

⁶ Harrison town and Iola village organized from parts of Iola town since 1890. In 1890 Harrison town had 453, Iola village 558, Iola town 894, total 1,315; in 1900 Iola town had 1,315; increase 500 or 38 per cent.

⁷ Part taken to form Wyoming town since 1890.

⁸ Organized from part of Helvetia town since 1890. In 1890 Helvetia town had 518, Wyoming town 467, total 1,015; in 1890 Helvetia town had 511; increase 594, or 11.64 per cent.

⁸ Manawa village, formerly in Little Wolf town, now independent.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1905 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
WAUPACA CO.—Con.					
New London, city	1,632	2,202	2,327	+ 530	+ 30.91
ward 1	699	899	721	.....	.....
ward 2	556	556	483	.....	.....
ward 4	647	647	769	.....	.....
ward 5	300	300	414	.....	.....
Total for New London, city in Outagamie and Waupaca counties	3,970	2,742	3,032	+ 692	+ 33.75
ward 1	699	699	721	.....	.....
ward 2	556	556	483	.....	.....
ward 3	540	540	675	.....	.....
ward 4	617	617	709	.....	.....
ward 5	300	300	414	.....	.....
Royalton	1,168	1,272	1,285	+ 74	+ 6.13
St. Lawrence	1,004	1,178	1,194	+ 154	+ 17.33
Scandinavia ¹¹	1,142	921	953	- 221	- 19.34
Scandinavia, village ¹² .....	.....	320	355	+ 329	.....
Union	1,153	1,309	1,313	+ 150	+ 13.79
Waupaca	964	960	986	- 4	- .41
Waupaca, city	2,127	2,912	2,873	+ 785	+ 36.90
ward 1	785	785	753	.....	.....
ward 2	775	775	809	.....	.....
ward 3	742	742	734	.....	.....
ward 4	610	610	586	.....	.....
Weyauwega ¹³	1,454	579	590	+ 3	+ 0.61
Weyauwega, village ¹⁴	706	911	893	+ 20	+ 29.03
Wyoming ⁸ .....	.....	497	680	+ 45	.....
Total	26,794	31,615	33,467	+ 4,821	+ 17.99

¹⁰ Exclusive of population of Manawa village. In 1890 Little Wolf town had 1,137, Manawa village 250, total 1,487; in 1900 Little Wolf town had 1,421, Manawa village 744, total 2,165; increase 673 or 45.30 per cent.
¹¹ Part taken from town of Scandinavia village since 1890.
¹² Organized from part of Scandinavia town since 1890. In 1900 Scandinavia town had 921, Scandinavia village 320, total 1,241; in 1890 Scandinavia town had 1,142; increase 99 or 8.69 per cent.
¹³ Weyauwega village formerly in Weyauwega town, now independent.
¹⁴ Exclusive of population of Weyauwega village. In 1890 Weyauwega town had 546, Weyauwega village 763, total 1,309; in 1900 Weyauwega town 579, Weyauwega village 911, total 1,490; increase 233 or 19 per cent.

WAUSHARA COUNTY:					
Aurora	934	1,025	975	+ 91	+ 9.74
Berlin, city * Part of 2c. ward	51	41	41	+ 10	+ 32.25
Bloomfield	1,188	1,256	1,135	- 27	- 1.75
Coloma	723	827	915	+ 194	+ 14.33
Coloma	573	543	483	- 20	- 5.23
Dakota	453	656	704	+ 233	+ 44.81
Deerfield	660	1,163	735	+ 503	+ 76.21
Hancock .....	.....	.....	468	.....	.....
Hancock, village ¹	731	826	802	+ 95	+ 12.93
Leon	623	654	1,036	+ 31	+ 4.97
Marion	683	658	695	- 10	- 1.49
Mt. Morris	707	826	797	+ 119	+ 16.38
Oasis	789	921	923	+ 12	+ 15.27
Plainfield	459	728	829	+ 26	+ 58.60
Plainfield, village	512	1,046	1,055	+ 134	+ 14.69
Poysippi .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Incorporated from town of Hancock in 1902.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
WAUSHARA CO.—Con.					
Red Granite, village ²			390		
Richford	573	571	611	+ 18	+ 3.14
Rose	577	833	877	+ 210	+ 42.63
Saxeville	765	827	870	+ 62	+ 8.10
Springwater	511	653	633	+ 112	+ 14.60
Warren	703	818	805	+ 52	+ 6.53
Wautoma	701	1,060	664	+ 356	+ 50.56
Wautoma, village ³			850		
Wild Rose, village ⁴			497		
Total	13,501	15,972	17,613	+ 2,465	+ 18.21

² Incorporated from town of Warren in 1901.³ Wautoma village incorporated from town of Wautoma in 1901.⁴ Wild Rose village incorporated from the towns of Rose and Springwater in 1901.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY:					
Algoma	757	810	870	+ 83	+ 10.93
Black Wolf	837	778	690	— 57	— 7.04
Clayton	1,170	1,161	1,143	— 9	— 7.76
Menasha	595	646	673	+ 51	+ 8.57
Menasha, city	4,581	5,589	5,930	+ 1,003	+ 22.00
ward 1		1574	1659		
ward 2		1392	1432		
ward 3		905	930		
ward 4		1718	1939		
Neenah	538	533	617	— 5	— .92
Neenah, city	5,083	5,954	6,047	+ 871	+ 17.13
ward 1		1870	1832		
ward 2		1451	1411		
ward 3		2029	2209		
ward 4		534	538		
Nekimi	1,033	900	966	— 38	— 3.69
Nepeskung	908	939	837	+ 31	+ 3.41
Omro ¹	21,038	1,163	1,111	+ 135	+ 12.04
Omro, village ¹	1,232	1,358	1,300	+ 123	+ 10.22
Oshkosh	1,489	1,812	1,797	+ 323	+ 21.69
Oshkosh, city	22,836	23,281	30,575	+ 5,448	+ 23.85
ward 1		1593	1523		
ward 2		2179	2278		
ward 3		1548	1605		
ward 4		2264	2365		
ward 5		2749	2903		
ward 6		2566	2512		
ward 7		1313	1657		
ward 8		2008	2116		
ward 9		2164	2132		
ward 10		2360	2321		
ward 11		1366	1905		
ward 12		1833	2430		
ward 13		3401	4025		
Poygan	747	742	683	— 5	— .66
Rushford	1,608	1,652	1,511	+ 41	+ 2.73
Utica	981	967	943	— 14	— 1.42
Vinland	936	1,018	1,007	+ 82	+ 8.76
Winchester	1,030	1,041	1,003	+ 11	+ 1.06
Winneconne	698	746	655	+ 43	+ 6.87
Winneconne, village	1,087	1,012	942	— 48	— 4.05
Wolf River	919	970	902	+ 51	+ 5.54
Total	50,097	53,225	60,300	+ 8,124	+ 16.21

¹ Omro village, formerly in Omro town, now independent.² Exclusive of population of Omro village. In 1890 Omro town had 1,338, Omro village 1,232, total 2,570. In 1900 Omro town had 1,163, Omro village 1,358, total 2,521, increase 251 or 11 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1925—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Villages	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900 as com- pared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
WOOD COUNTY:					
Arpin ⁶			772		
Auburndale ¹	2656	959	1,073	+ 303	+ 43.18
Auburndale, village ¹	253	241	273	— 12	— 4.74
Cary ⁷			196		
Cameron ⁸			230		
Cranmoor ⁹			131		
Dexter ¹⁰			597		
Grand Rapids	627	825	987	+ 198	+ 31.57
Grand Rapids, city ³	53,137	4,493	6,157	+ 1,356	+ 42.90
ward 1		552	705		
ward 2		709	910		
ward 3		400	676		
ward 4		625	825		
ward 5		592	897		
ward 6		453	644		
ward 7		516	702		
ward 8		463	629		
Hansen ¹¹			805		
Hiles ¹²			139		
Lincoln	870	1,123	1,222	+ 258	+ 29.65
Marshfield	701	881	853	+ 150	+ 25.67
Marshfield, city	3,450	5,240	6,035	+ 1,790	+ 51.86
ward 1		1613	1401		
ward 2		569	496		
ward 3		1134	1092		
ward 4		1140	1103		
ward 5		926	1203		
ward 5		458	644		
Milladore	760	1,095	1,122	+ 265	+ 34.87
Nekoosa, village ⁴		745	1,000	+ 745	
Pittsville, city	653	634	546	— 19	— 2.90
ward 1			232		
ward 2			142		
ward 3			112		
Port Edwards	532	1,161		+ 579	+ 90.48
Port Edwards, village			383		
Remington	427	708	570	+ 281	+ 65.80
Richfield	194	571	743	+ 377	+ 194.33
Rock	597	823	742	+ 226	+ 37.85
Rudolph	1,087	1,046	1,091	— 41	— 3.77
Saratoga	326	416	506	+ 60	+ 27.60
Seneca	875	976	478	+ 161	+ 11.54
Sherry	487	613	715	+ 131	+ 26.89
Sigel	1,232	1,433	1,597	+ 251	+ 51.54
Vesper	322	774		+ 452	+ 140.37
Wood	891	1,118	583	+ 227	+ 25.47
Total	18,127	25,865	30,380	+ 7,738	+ 42.63

¹ Auburndale village, formerly in Auburndale town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Auburndale village. In 1890. Auburndale town had 656, Auburndale village 273, total 929; in 1900 Auburndale town had 959, Auburndale village 241, total 1,200; increase 291 or 32 per cent.

³ Formerly Grand Rapids; Centralia city annexed since 1890.

⁴ Nekoosa village organized from part of Port Edwards town since 1890. In 1929 Nekoosa village had 745, Port Edwards town 1,161, total 1,906; in 1890 Port Edwards town had 582; increase 1,324 or 227.49 per cent.

⁵ Includes population (1,435) of Centralia city, annexed to Greater Grand Rapids city.

⁶ Arpin was organized from town of Vesper in 1901.

⁷ Cary was organized from town of Wood since 1890.

⁸ Cameron was organized from the town and city of Marshfield in 1903.

⁹ Cranmoor was organized from the towns of Port Edwards and Seneca since 1890.

¹⁰ Dexter was organized from towns of Wood and Remington in 1901.

¹¹ Hansen was formerly the town of Vesper in 1901.

¹² Hiles was organized from the town of Dexter in 1922.

SUMMARIES OF POPULATION BY COUNTIES, 1900, 1905.
 Showing by Counties the Population of Wisconsin Together with the Increase
 and Decrease in 1905 as Compared with 1900.

Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease — in 1905, as compared with 1900.	
	1900.	1905.	No.	Percent.
Adams	9,141	9,092	—	.79
Ashland	20,176	23,935	+	3.75)
Barron	23,677	28,373	+	4.69)
Bayfield	14,372	15,801	+	1.51)
Brown	46,350	52,026	+	5.63)
Buffalo	16,765	16,523	—	.212
Burnett	7,478	9,261	+	1.78)
Calumet	17,078	16,889	—	.18)
Chippewa	28,656	32,000	+	3.34)
Clark	25,818	29,344	+	3.49)
Columbia	31,121	31,192	+	.71
Crawford	17,283	16,926	—	.360
Dane	69,435	75,427	+	5.92)
Dodge	46,631	45,773	—	.858
Dor	17,583	19,631	+	2.018
Douglas	36,335	43,499	+	7.161
Dunn	25,043	26,074	+	1.031
Eau Claire	31,692	33,519	+	1.827
Florence	3,197	3,522	+	.325
Fond du Lac	47,589	50,825	+	3.233
Forest	1,396	5,938	+	4.572
Grant	38,881	39,629	+	.748
Green	22,719	22,300	—	.329
Green Lake	15,797	15,838	+	.41
Iowa	23,114	22,971	—	.143
Iron	6,616	6,559	—	.57
Jackson	17,466	17,579	+	.113
Jefferson	34,789	34,233	—	.496
Juneau	20,629	20,759	+	.139
Kenosha	21,707	27,376	+	5.639
Kewaunee	17,212	17,093	—	.209
La Crosse	42,997	42,850	—	.147
Lafayette	20,959	20,277	—	.682
Langlade	12,553	15,738	+	3.185
Lincoln	16,269	19,125	+	2.856
Manitowoc	42,261	44,796	+	2.535
Marathon	43,256	50,249	+	6.993
Marinette	39,822	33,730	—	2.905
Marquette	10,509	10,974	+	.435
Milwaukee	330,017	331,721	+	33,704
Monroe	28,193	21,231	—	1.160
Oconto	20,874	24,589	+	3.703
Oneida	8,875	11,231	+	2.559
Outagamie	46,247	49,015	+	2.768
Ozaukee	16,363	17,473	+	1.113
Pepin	7,905	7,519	—	.333
Pierce	23,913	23,433	—	.510
Polk	17,891	20,835	+	3.631
Portage	29,483	30,811	+	1.373
Price	9,103	12,353	+	3.27
Racine	45,614	50,223	+	4.531
Richland	19,483	19,315	—	.138
Rock	51,203	53,611	+	2.438
Rusk	4,381	9,748	+	5.367
St. Croix	26,830	26,716	—	.114
Sauk	33,096	32,825	—	.181
Sawyer	3,593	5,014	+	1.411
Shawano	27,475	31,077	+	3.532
Sheboygan	50,345	52,070	+	1.725
Taylor	11,262	12,481	+	1.219
Trempealeau	23,114	23,857	+	.743
Vernon	28,351	29,161	+	.810
Vilas	4,929	5,496	+	.507
Walworth	29,259	30,557	+	1.298
Washburn	5,521	7,483	+	1.982
Washington	23,589	23,476	—	.113
Waukesha	35,221	35,822	+	.53
Waupaca	31,315	31,127	—	.182
Waushara	15,972	17,613	+	1.671
Winnebago	58,225	60,300	+	2.075
Wood	25,895	30,389	+	4.515
Total	2,069,042	2,228,919	+	159,877
				7.72

TABLE SHOWING SQUARE MILES, AND POPULATION BY COUNTIES FOR THE YEARS 1900 AND 1905 WITH INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (-) AND PER CENT.

County.	Population.		Area in Sq. miles	Population per square miles.		Increase (+) or decrease (-).		
	1900.	1905.		1900.	1905.	N.	Per ct.	
Adams	9,141	9,062	682	1,340	1,321	-	11	.82
Ashland	20,116	23,935	930	2,169	2,576	+	40	18.67
Barron	23,677	28,376	878	2,697	3,233	+	53	19.84
Bayfield	14,332	15,934	1,497	961	1,062	+	101	10.51
Brown	46,359	52,036	518	89.50	10,044	+	1,094	12.22
Buffalo	16,765	16,523	602	2,532	2,496	-	36	1.42
Burnett	7,418	9,261	881	849	1,051	+	202	23.79
Calumet	17,078	16,889	317	5,387	5,328	-	59	1.10
Chippewa	23,656	32,000	1,002	2,333	3,194	+	361	12.74
Clark	25,843	29,344	1,290	2,154	2,445	+	291	13.51
Columbia	31,121	31,192	776	4,110	4,020	+	10	.25
Crawford	17,286	16,926	557	3,103	3,039	-	64	2.06
Dane	69,455	75,457	1,183	5,845	6,352	+	507	3.58
Dodge	46,631	45,773	884	5,275	5,178	-	97	1.84
Door	17,533	19,631	454	3,873	4,324	+	451	11.64
Douglas	36,335	43,499	1,319	2,755	3,298	+	543	19.71
Dunn	25,943	26,074	344	2,967	3,089	+	122	4.11
Eau Claire	31,692	33,519	920	5,121	5,406	+	284	5.76
Florence	3,117	3,522	498	642	707	+	65	10.12
Fond du Lac	47,589	50,825	729	6,610	7,059	+	449	6.79
Forest	1,396	5,968	1,424	98	419	+	321	34.55
Grant	38,881	39,639	1,157	3,361	3,425	+	64	1.90
Green	22,719	22,300	576	3,744	3,887	-	57	1.45
Green Lake	15,797	15,838	964	1,840	1,851	+	11	.25
Iowa	23,114	22,971	763	3,029	3,011	-	18	.59
Iron	6,616	6,559	786	842	835	-	7	.83
Jackson	17,466	17,579	978	1,786	1,797	+	11	.61
Jefferson	34,780	34,293	684	6,384	6,258	-	126	1.97
Juneau	30,029	20,759	790	2,611	2,638	+	17	.65
Kenosha	21,707	27,556	374	7,902	9,084	+	2,082	26.85
Kewaunee	17,212	17,003	227	5,264	5,206	-	58	1.22
La Crosse	42,997	42,850	475	9,052	9,021	-	31	.34
Lafayette	20,959	20,277	634	3,306	3,198	-	108	3.27
Lanlade	12,553	15,738	855	1,468	1,841	+	373	25.41
Lincoln	16,269	19,725	885	1,838	2,161	+	323	17.57
Manitowoc	12,261	44,796	590	7,163	7,593	+	430	6.00
Marathon	43,256	50,240	1,532	2,823	3,289	+	467	16.19
Marinette	30,822	33,730	1,306	2,208	2,446	+	238	9.42
Milwaukee	10,569	10,674	451	2,330	2,433	+	103	4.42
Milwaukee	230,617	362,721	228	144,744	59,527	+	14,789	1,021
Monroe	28,103	29,263	915	3,071	3,198	+	127	4.13
Oconto	20,874	24,389	1,052	1,933	2,275	+	342	17.69
Ondaga	8,875	11,234	828	986	1,355	+	370	37.53
Ozaukee	46,247	49,915	634	7,294	7,166	-	128	1.75
Ozaukee	16,363	17,476	220	7,240	7,733	+	493	6.81
Pepin	1,995	7,509	238	3,321	3,180	-	141	4.52
Pepin	23,943	23,133	543	4,407	4,315	-	94	2.13
Pierce	17,891	20,585	932	1,905	2,235	+	330	17.20
Polk	29,483	30,831	809	3,635	3,855	+	173	4.69
Portage	9,166	12,333	241	731	997	+	261	35.42
Price	15,644	50,238	323	4,131	5,550	+	1,419	10.04
Racine	19,453	19,345	576	3,382	3,359	-	23	.63
Richland	51,203	53,641	706	7,253	7,593	+	345	4.75
Rock	4,381	9,748	936	497	1,041	+	544	111.47
Rusk	26,826	26,716	711	3,773	3,778	-	15	.40
St. Croix	33,066	32,845	820	4,025	4,005	-	20	.50
Sauk	3,293	5,044	1,342	268	378	+	108	40.30
Sawyer	27,475	31,637	1,135	2,421	2,735	+	314	12.97
Shawano	50,345	52,070	510	9,872	10,210	+	338	3.42
Sheboygan	11,262	12,481	965	1,167	1,292	+	126	10.80
Taylor	23,114	22,557	734	3,149	3,253	+	101	3.21
Trempealeau	28,351	29,161	792	3,580	3,68	+	102	285
Vernon	4,929	5,436	907	545	599	+	56	10.31
Vilas	29,259	30,557	562	5,203	5,437	+	231	4.44
Walworth	5,521	7,483	834	662	897	+	235	35.49
Washburn	23,559	23,176	423	5,77	5,55	-	22	.47
Washington	35,349	37,322	562	6,324	6,371	+	47	1.67
Waushara	31,615	33,497	749	1,221	4,43	+	247	5.35
Waupaca	15,972	17,643	639	2,536	2,761	+	261	10.41
Waushara	58,225	50,300	472	12,337	12,775	+	439	3.55
Winnebago	25,865	30,380	785	3,295	3,870	+	575	17.45
Wood	25,865	30,380	785	3,295	3,870	+	575	17.45
Total	969,042	1,238,940	54,450	3,800	4,001	+	204	7.74

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE CITIES IN WISCONSIN IN 1930 AND 1906

Together with the increase or decrease in 1905 as compared with 1900.

Cities.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1905 as compared with 1900.	
		1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
Algoma	Kewaunee	1,733	2,008	+ 270	15.54
Alma	Buffalo	1,201	1,172	- 29	2.41
Altoona	Eau Claire	721	717	- 4	.55
Antigo	Langlade	5,145	6,063	+ 1,518	29.50
Appleton	Outagamie	15,085	17,000	+ 1,915	12.69
Ashland	Ashland	13,074	14,519	+ 1,445	11.05
Augusta	Eau Claire	1,256	1,426	+ 170	13.54
Baraboo	Sauk	5,751	5,835	+ 84	1.46
Barron	Barron	1,493	1,674	+ 181	12.12
Beaver Dam	Dodge	5,128	5,615	+ 487	9.50
Beloit	Rock	10,436	2,855	+ 2,419	23.18
Berlin	Green Lake	4,489	4,638	+ 149	3.32
Black River Falls	Jackson	1,923	1,943	+ 8	.41
Boscobel	Grant	1,637	1,634	- 3	.18
Brodhead	Green	1,584	1,637	+ 53	5.24
Buffalo	Buffalo	254	235	- 19	7.43
Burlington	Racine	2,526	2,625	+ 99	3.92
Edarburg	Ozaukee	1,626	1,689	+ 54	3.32
Chetek	Barron	531	730	+ 199	37.48
Chilton	Calumet	1,460	1,528	+ 68	4.65
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	8,094	9,009	+ 915	11.30
Cliftonville	Waupaca	1,653	1,837	+ 184	11.13
Colby	Clark	667	849	+ 182	27.29
Columbus	Columbia	2,349	2,383	+ 39	1.63
Cumberland	Barron	1,323	1,493	+ 169	12.42
Darlington	Lafayette	1,838	1,843	+ 5	1.94
Delavan	Walworth	2,244	2,321	+ 77	3.43
De Pere	Brown	4,038	4,523	+ 485	12.01
Dodgeville	Iowa	1,805	2,152	+ 287	15.28
Durand	Pepin	1,473	1,359	- 99	6.11
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	17,577	19,737	+ 1,320	6.96
Edgerton	Rock	2,192	2,416	+ 224	10.22
Elroy	Juneau	1,731	1,818	+ 87	5.03
Evansville	Rock	1,055	2,071	+ 326	19.35
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1,864	1,963	+ 99	5.31
Fort Atkinson	Fond du Lac	15,110	17,284	+ 2,174	14.38
Fountain City	Buffalo	3,043	3,300	+ 257	8.45
Glenwood	St. Croix	1,631	1,008	- 23	2.23
Grand Rapids	Wood	1,789	905	- 834	49.41
Green Bay	Brown	1,493	6137	+ 1,634	37.04
Greenwood	Clark	13,634	23,534	+ 4,900	26.23
Hartford	Washington	708	637	- 21	2.97
Horicon	Dodge	1,632	2,052	+ 420	24.74
Hudson	Dodge	1,376	1,558	+ 182	13.31
Hudson	St. Croix	3,259	3,220	- 39	1.20
Janesville	Rock	13,185	13,770	+ 585	4.44
Jefferson	Jefferson	2,584	2,572	- 12	.46
Juneau	Dodge	591	944	+ 53	5.95
Kaukauna	Outagamie	5,115	4,991	- 124	2.42
Kenosha	Kenosha	11,606	13,235	+ 4,629	39.83
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	1,773	1,719	- 54	3.05
La Crosse	La Crosse	23,505	29,078	+ 183	.63
Ladysmith	Rusk		1,720		
Lake Geneva	Walworth	2,587	3,440	+ 864	33.42
Lancaster	Grant	2,493	2,555	+ 152	6.33
Madison	Dane	19,164	24,301	+ 5,137	26.82
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	11,738	12,733	+ 947	8.05
Marinette	Marinette	16,195	15,354	- 841	5.19
Marshfield	Wood	5,240	6,035	+ 795	15.17
Mauston	Juneau	1,718	1,857	+ 139	8.09
Mayville	Dodge	1,815	1,793	- 22	1.21
Medford	Taylor	1,753	1,923	+ 165	9.39
Menasha	Winnebago	5,589	5,960	+ 371	6.64
Menomonie	Dunn	5,655	5,473	- 182	3.35
Merrill	Lincoln	2,537	9,197	+ 660	7.80
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	255,315	412,948	+27,633	9.69
Mineral Point	Iowa	2,991	3,252	+ 261	8.73
Mondovi	Buffalo	1,203	1,450	+ 242	20.03
Monroe	Green	3,977	4,269	+ 342	8.71
Necedah	Winnebago	5,954	6,047	+ 93	1.50

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE CITIES IN WISCONSIN IN 1900 AND 1905—continued.

Cities.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1905, as compared with 1900.	
		1900.	1905.	No.	Per cent.
Neillsville	Clark	2,104	2,117	+ 13	.62
New Lisbon	Juneau	1,014	1,095	+ 81	.80
New London	Outagamie	2,742	3,002	+ 260	9.48
New Richmond	St. Croix	1,631	1,824	+ 193	11.83
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	2,830	3,013	+ 183	4.62
Oconto	Oconto	5,646	5,722	+ 76	1.35
Onalaska	La Crosse	1,367	1,106	- 261	19.09
Oshkosh	Winnebago	23,284	30,575	+ 2,291	8.10
Peshigo	Marinette		2,539		
Phillips	Price	1,820	2,911	+ 191	10.49
Pittsville	Wood	634	546	- 88	13.88
Platteville	Grant	3,310	4,431	+ 1,094	32.75
Plymouth	Sheboygan	2,257	2,764	+ 507	22.43
Portage	Columbia	5,459	5,524	+ 65	1.19
Port Washington	Ozaukee	3,010	4,036	+ 1,026	34.09
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	3,232	3,179	- 53	1.64
Prescott	Pierce	1,302	839	- 463	35.52
Racine	Racine	29,102	32,290	+ 3,188	10.92
Reedsburg	Sauk	2,225	2,515	+ 290	13.03
Rhineland	Oneida	4,008	5,435	+ 437	8.74
Rice Lake	Barron	3,002	3,410	+ 398	10.26
Richland Center	Richland	2,321	2,635	+ 314	13.51
Ripon	Fond du Lac	3,318	3,311	- 7	.18
River Falls	Pierce	2,003	2,320	+ 393	14.54
Seymour	Outagamie	1,026	1,118	+ 92	8.97
Shawano	Shawano	1,863	2,443	+ 583	31.29
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	22,962	24,023	+ 1,064	4.63
Shullsburg	Lafayette	1,250	1,153	- 97	7.76
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	3,392	5,384	+ 1,992	55.78
Sparta	Monroe	3,555	3,397	- 158	4.45
Stanley	Chippewa	2,387	2,722	+ 335	14.03
Stevens Point	Portage	9,524	9,222	- 302	3.17
Stoughton	Dane	3,431	4,244	+ 813	23.69
Sturgeon Bay	Douglas	3,372	4,649	+ 1,268	37.60
Superior	Superior	31,091	36,531	+ 5,430	17.57
Tomah	Monroe	2,340	3,068	+ 728	31.10
Tomahawk	Lincoln	2,291	2,625	+ 335	14.62
Two Rivers	Manitowoc	3,784	4,622	+ 838	22.15
Viroqua	Vernon	1,959	2,032	+ 73	3.72
Washburn	Bayfield		4,924		
Watertown	Dodge	3,437	3,623	+ 186	5.41
Waukesha	Waukesha	7,419	6,049	- 1,370	18.33
Waupaca	Waupaca	2,912	2,873	- 39	1.30
Waupun	Dodge	3,185	3,111	- 74	2.32
Wausau	Marathon	12,254	14,458	+ 2,104	17.08
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	2,842	2,913	+ 71	2.50
West Bend	Washington	2,119	2,362	+ 243	11.47
Whitewater	Walworth	3,405	3,109	- 296	8.72

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1900 AND 1905

Together with the Increase and Decrease in same in 1905 as compared with 1900.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease - in 1905 as compared with 1900	
		1905.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.
Abbotsford	Clark	443	893	+ 450	101.58
Ableman	Sauk	430	461	+ 31	7.21
Albany	Green	797	822	+ 25	3.14
Alma Center	Jackson		414		
Almond	Waukesha		415		
Amery	Polk	905	753	- 152	16.83
Amherst	Portage	558	613	+ 55	9.85
Aniwa	Shawano		353		
Arcadia	Trempealeau	1,273	1,316	+ 43	3.38
Argyle	Lafayette		572		
Athens	Marathon		273		
Aurora	Wood	241	802		
Avoca	Iowa	406	273	+ 32	13.28
Baldwin	St. Croix	631	411	+ 5	1.23
Bangor	La Crosse	633	640	+ 9	1.43
Bayfield	Bayfield	1,389	695	+ 62	9.79
Bell Center	Crawford		240		
Belleville	Dane	585	423	+ 38	9.87
Belmont	Lafayette	509	513	+ 4	.79
Benton	Lafayette	546	600	- 46	8.42
Biramwood	Shawano	475	701	+ 226	47.58
Black Creek	Outagamie		486		
Black Earth	Dane		475		
Blair	Trempealeau	438	461	+ 23	9.87
Blanchardville	Lafayette	572	642	+ 60	12.04
Bloomer	Chippewa	811	1,046	+ 235	28.90
Bloomington	Grant	611	608	- 3	.49
Boyd	Chippewa	671	682	+ 8	1.19
Breadon	Pond du Lac	662	664	- 19	2.87
Brillion	Calumet	855	937	+ 72	8.42
Brokaw	Marathon		433		
Brooklyn	Green		256		
Brownstown	Green	246	277	31	12.60
Bruce	Rusk		612		
Butternut	Ashland		707		
Cadott	Chippewa	810	760	- 80	9.52
Cambria	Columbia	561	678	+ 117	20.83
Cambridge	Dane		573		
Cameron	Barron	394	540	+ 146	37.31
Campbellsport	Pond du Lac		714		
Camp Douglas	Juneau	422	435	+ 3	.69
Cashon	Monroe	510	673	+ 163	31.96
Cassville	Grant	979	913	- 66	6.74
Cazenovia	Pickland		598		
Cecil	Shawano		326		
Cedar Grove	Sheboygan	327	411	+ 84	25.60
Centuria	Polk		281		
Clear Lake	Polk	527	508	- 19	3.61
Clinton	Rock	871	822	+ 21	2.41
Cobb	Iowa		220		
Coleman	Marinette		466		
Colfax	Dunn		610		
Cuba City	Grant	636	755	+ 119	18.71
Cudahy	Milwaukee	1,266	2,556	+ 1,190	87.12
Dallas	Barron		350		
Dane	Dane	280	283	+ 8	2.83
Dartford	Green Lake	450	527	+ 77	17.11
Deerfield	Dane	515	587	+ 72	13.98
De Forest	Dane		473		
De Soto	Crawford	387	373	- 14	33.18
Dorchester	Clark		473		
Eagle	Waukesha		277		
East Milwaukee	Milwaukee	324	473	+ 21	6.43
East Troy	Walworth		473		
Edgar	Marathon		631		
Eland	Shawano	473	753	+ 275	57.53
Eleva	Shawano		339		
	Trempealeau		331		

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SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1900 AND 1905—continued.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease in 1905 as compared with 1900.	
		1900.	1905.	Number.	Per cent
Elkhart Lake	Sheboygan	464	462	— 2	.43
Ellsworth	Pierce	1,052	1,069	+ 8	.76
Embarrass	Waupaca	270	285	+ 15	5.56
Fairchild	Eau Claire	947	806	— 141	14.89
Fall River	Columbia		369		
Fennimore	Grant	1,035	1,053	+ 20	+ 1.93
Fenwood	Marathon		108		
Fox Lake	Dodge	590	608	+ 18	2.02
Frederick	Polk		683		
Fremont	Waupaca	263	300	+ 37	14.49
Galesville	Trempealeau	862	376	+ 14	1.62
Gays Mills	Crawford		427		
Genoa Junction	Walworth		710		
Gillett	Genoia		514		
Grafton	Ozaukee	478	520	+ 42	8.79
Grantsburg	Burnett	612	705	+ 93	15.20
Gratiot	Lafayette	335	377	+ 22	6.27
Hammond	St. Croix	401	415	+ 41	10.15
Hancock	Waukegan		468		
Hartland	Waukesha	486	673	+ 187	38.48
Hazel Green	Grant	442	529	+ 87	19.68
Highland	Iowa	913	919	+ 6	.66
Hubert	Calumet	497	591	+ 94	18.91
Hillsboro	Vernon	785	804	+ 19	2.42
Hortonville	Outagamie	913	890	— 23	2.52
Independence	Trempealeau	620	613	+ 33	5.24
Iola	Waupaca	558	801	+ 243	43.55
Kendall	Monroe	460	535	+ 75	16.30
Kernan	Price		245		
Kewaskum	Washington	679	693	+ 14	2.05
Kiel	Manitowoc	924	1,130	+ 206	22.29
Lilbourn City	Columbia	1,134	1,091	— 43	3.79
La Farge	Vernon	488	827	+ 339	69.47
Lake Mills	Jefferson	1,387	1,692	+ 315	15.50
La Valle	Sauk	386	359	— 27	6.99
Linden	Iowa	543	583	+ 40	7.37
Little Chute	Outagamie	944	1,220	+ 276	29.24
Lodi	Columbia	1,058	1,093	+ 28	2.62
Lomira	Dodge	492	495	+ 3	.61
Lone Rock	Richland	512	604	+ 92	17.97
Lowell	Dodge	333	286	— 47	14.11
Loyal	Clark	645	815	+ 170	26.36
Luck	Juneau		288		
Lyndon Station	Crawford	322	384	+ 62	19.26
Lynxville	Polk		372		
McMillan	Marathon	200	134	— 64	32.00
Maiden Rock	Pierce	304	323	+ 19	6.25
Manawa	Waupaca	741	881	+ 140	18.41
Marathon	Marathon	528	582	+ 54	10.23
Marion	Waupaca	692	746	+ 144	23.92
Markesan	Green Lake	706	787	+ 81	11.47
Marshall	Dane		484		
Mattoon	Shawano		935		
Mazomanie	Dane	902	863	— 39	4.32
Menomonie Falls	Waukesha	687	976	+ 249	36.24
Merrillan	Jackson	739	619	— 90	12.18
Merrimack	Sauk	359	333	— 17	4.86
Middleton	Dane		544		
Milton	Rock		810		
Montello	Marquette		1,090		
Montfort	Grant	627	599	— 28	4.47
Monticello	Green	559	609	+ 50	8.94
Mosinee	Marathon	657	530	— 127	19.33
Mt. Horeb	Dane	864	1,003	+ 139	16.08
Mukwonago	Waukesha		483		
Muscoda	Grant	743	735	— 8	1.08
Necedah	Juneau	1,209	1,116	— 93	7.69
Nekoosa	Wood	745	1,000	+ 255	47.51

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1900 AND 1905—continued.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1905 as compared with 1900.	
		1900.	1905.	Number.	Per cent.
Neosho	Dodge		307		
New Auburn	Dodge		356		
New Glarus	Green		655		
New Holstein	Calumet		667		
North Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac		1,944		
North Freedom	Sauk	485	578	+ 93	19.13
North Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1,049	1,323	+ 187	17.83
Norwalk	Monroe	357	475	+ 118	33.05
Oakfield	Fond du Lac		548		
Oconto Falls	Oconto		1,301		
Omro	Waunebago	1,353	1,300	— 53	4.27
Ontario	Monroe		466	+ 77	19.79
Oregon	Dane	697	703	+ 6	.83
Orfordville	Rock		439		
Osceola	Polk	466	573	+ 107	23.93
Osseo	Trempealeau	472	565	+ 93	19.79
Owen	Clark		335		
Palmyra	Jefferson	716	710	— 6	.84
Pardceville	Columbia	733	866	+ 73	9.90
Park Falls	Price		1,438		
Pepin	Pepin	407	398	— 9	2.21
Pewaukee	Waukesha	714	763	+ 49	6.83
Plainfield	Wausshara	723	829	+ 101	13.88
Port Edwards	Wood		333		
Potosi	Grant	438	450	+ 12	2.74
Poynette	Columbia	633	663	+ 30	4.74
Prairie du Sac	Sauk	656	671	+ 15	2.29
Prairie Farm	Barron		331		
Prentice	Price	939	861	— 76	8.09
Princeton	Green Lake	1,202	1,435	+ 233	18.55
Randolph	Columbia	738	818	+ 80	10.81
Readstown	Vernon	403	516	+ 113	28.04
Red Granite	Wausshara		359		
Reedsville	Manitowoc	428	515	+ 87	20.56
Reeseville	Dodge	393	397	+ 4	1.02
Rewey	Iowa		335		
Rice Lake	Taylor		1,132		
Ridgeway	Iowa		353		
Rio	Columbia	479	621	+ 142	29.61
St. Croix Falls	Polk	622	612	— 10	1.61
Sauk City	Sauk	810	743	— 67	7.65
Scandinavia	Waupaca	320	355	+ 35	10.91
Schleisingerville	Washington	549	488	— 61	11.11
Schofield	Marathon		744		
Sharon	Walworth	945	929	— 16	1.69
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	1,301	1,411	+ 110	8.46
Shiocton	Outagamie		491		
Soldiers Grove	Crawford	380	718	+ 38	5.58
Spencer	Marathon		311		
Spooner	Washburn		534		
Spring Green	Sauk	621	770	+ 149	23.99
Spring Valley	Pierce	1,021	1,133	+ 82	8.03
Star Prairie	St. Croix		264		
Steuben	Crawford		275		
Stockholm	Pepin		214		
Stoddard	Vernon		356		
Sun Prairie	Dane	938	1,086	+ 148	15.75
Theresa	Dodge	355	354	— 1	.28
Thorp	Clark	838	978	+ 40	4.77
Tigerton	Shawano	723	734	+ 11	1.52
Trempealeau	Trempealeau	609	564	— 45	7.34
Turtle Lake	Barron	325	436	+ 110	33.74
Union Grove	Racine	520	544	+ 24	4.63
Viola	Richland	432	617	+ 185	42.32
Walworth	Walworth		647		
Waterloo	Jefferson	1,137	1,196	— 31	2.73
Waunakee	Dane	465	465	+ 22	4.97
Wautoma	Wausshara		850		

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION OF THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1900 AND 1905—continued.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1905 as compared with 1900.	
		1900.	1905.	Number.	Per cent.
Wauzeka	Crawford	471	449	— 22	4.67
Welcome	Outagamie .....	.....	335	.....	.....
West Allis	Milwaukee .....	.....	2,393	.....	.....
Westby	Vernon	524	767	+ 243	46.37
Westfield	Marquette .....	.....	518	.....	.....
West Salem	La Crosse	705	868	+ 163	23.12
Weyauwega	Waupaca	911	933	+ 82	9.00
Whitfish Bay	Milwaukee	512	527	+ 15	2.93
Whitehall	Trempealeau	670	700	+ 100	16.67
Wild Rose	Waushara .....	.....	497	.....	.....
Wilton	Monroe	400	511	+ 111	27.75
Winneconne	Winnebago	1,042	942	— 100	9.60
Withee	Clark .....	.....	403	.....	.....
Wittenberg	Shawano	79	609	+ 511	26.44
Wonewoc	Juneau	811	687	— 124	15.29
Wrightstown	Brown	420	495	+ 75	17.86

CENSUS, 1905.

Counties.	Aggregate Population.				Color.			Ex-soldiers and sailors.	Militia.
	Families.	Male.	Female.	Total.	White.	Colored.	Indians.		
Adams	1,974	4,783	4,288	9,032	9,021	0	35	121	1,590
Ashland	4,288	13,537	10,348	23,935	22,917	7	1,011	62	5,931
Barron	5,037	14,933	13,414	28,376	28,355	1	40	225	4,714
Bayfield	2,957	9,401	6,407	15,901	15,373	4	527	53	3,794
Brown	19,031	27,277	24,749	52,026	51,145	25	842	287	9,737
Buffalo	3,576	8,537	7,836	15,322	16,522	1	.....	146	3,224
Burnett	1,915	5,024	4,238	9,231	9,014	.....	188	61	1,551
Calumet	3,437	8,683	8,207	16,881	16,636	12	217	121	2,995
Chippewa	6,273	16,914	15,051	32,006	31,915	13	73	219	5,920
Clark	5,995	15,451	13,832	29,311	29,322	9	11	240	5,302
Columbia	7,233	15,772	15,419	31,192	31,172	11	6	314	5,874
Crawford	3,493	8,738	8,143	15,926	16,92	.....	.....	231	3,013
Dane	15,017	39,128	36,320	75,457	75,238	114	5	481	16,910
Dodge	9,783	23,718	22,025	45,773	45,717	46	10	233	8,609
Door	3,834	10,359	9,275	19,631	19,628	3	.....	151	3,630
Douglas	7,831	24,972	18,521	43,493	43,138	218	142	91	12,690
Dunn	5,341	13,511	12,553	26,044	26,017	3	.....	233	4,558
Eau Claire	6,606	17,204	16,315	33,519	33,182	37	.....	303	5,881
Florence	623	2,074	1,418	3,522	3,522	.....	.....	1	857
Fond du Lac	11,261	25,871	24,951	50,825	50,761	46	12	338	10,338
Forest	1,017	3,732	2,475	5,968	5,691	5	232	17	1,943
Grant	7,813	19,820	17,800	39,621	39,506	64	5	592	7,496
Green	5,281	11,475	10,715	22,300	22,378	12	.....	235	4,212
Green Lake	3,411	7,953	7,832	15,833	15,815	3	.....	152	2,800
Iowa	4,926	11,872	11,039	22,911	22,951	20	.....	161	4,618
Iron	1,232	3,722	2,837	6,559	6,551	.....	.....	1	1,522
Jackson	3,628	9,263	8,316	17,579	17,451	4	122	21	3,121
Jefferson	7,813	17,293	17,006	34,293	34,232	30	1	2	6,379
Juneau	4,476	10,763	10,957	20,750	20,721	14	24	31	3,830
Kenosha	5,693	14,928	12,448	27,376	27,311	41	.....	121	6,810
Kewaunee	3,238	8,832	8,121	17,003	17,000	2	1	6	3,114
La Crosse	9,038	21,295	21,554	42,852	42,816	5	.....	27	7,658
Lafayette	4,378	10,381	9,833	20,277	20,215	2	.....	171	4,120
Langlade	3,609	8,343	7,397	15,738	15,663	15	60	10	3,156
Lincoln	3,731	10,315	8,783	19,125	19,110	4	11	7	4,225
Manitowoc	8,955	23,027	21,730	44,793	44,785	11	.....	21	8,811
Marathon	9,573	26,130	24,113	50,243	50,118	10	41	183	9,299
Marquette	6,420	17,777	15,953	33,730	33,582	8	140	10	6,572
Marquette	2,237	5,657	5,317	10,974	10,973	1	.....	11	1,949
Milwaukee	73,871	181,388	179,393	333,721	333,047	687	1	3,654	77,511
Monroe	6,243	15,046	14,217	29,233	28,849	40	32	312	4,935
Oconto	4,631	12,931	11,619	24,587	24,245	3	322	11	4,316
Oneida	2,215	6,471	4,733	11,234	11,130	4	7	50	2,778
Outagamie	10,020	24,955	24,030	49,015	47,893	25	1,181	37	9,013
Ozaukee	3,393	9,313	8,100	17,476	17,476	.....	.....	76	1,311
Pepin	1,632	3,812	3,617	7,567	7,569	.....	.....	.....	3,329
Pierce	5,152	12,150	11,233	23,433	23,422	11	.....	270	4,218
Polk	4,289	11,211	9,614	20,825	20,731	2	97	144	3,736
Portage	5,970	15,657	15,204	30,811	30,811	.....	.....	217	5,005
Price	2,573	6,751	5,602	12,353	12,348	.....	.....	5	51
Racine	10,791	25,014	24,231	50,228	50,111	63	1	191	11,011
Richland	4,282	19,010	9,285	19,345	19,334	11	.....	374	3,491
Rock	12,437	27,201	23,432	53,611	53,509	178	.....	48	10,225
Rusk	1,814	5,347	4,201	9,748	9,715	10	23	64	2,205
St. Croix	5,283	13,778	12,008	26,717	25,739	4	3	201	4,823
Sauk	7,587	15,008	15,917	32,825	32,793	32	.....	41	6,212
Sawyer	837	2,811	2,211	5,011	4,001	1	1,012	28	1,171
Shawano	5,931	16,467	14,575	31,037	28,830	20	2,157	167	5,307
Sheboygan	11,087	26,813	25,261	52,070	52,095	4	1	382	10,531
Taylor	2,508	6,702	5,779	12,481	12,431	20	.....	59	2,307
Trempealeau	4,588	12,469	11,397	23,857	23,855	1	1	167	4,395
Vernon	6,137	15,278	13,937	29,161	29,073	74	34	310	5,417
Vilas	1,004	3,554	1,832	5,412	4,732	8	696	16	1,613
Walworth	7,767	15,382	15,175	30,557	30,491	66	.....	407	5,781
Washington	1,614	4,003	3,489	7,483	7,407	6	72	86	1,300
Washington	4,737	11,916	11,560	23,476	23,476	.....	.....	132	4,392
Waukesha	7,707	18,487	17,335	35,822	35,782	40	.....	232	6,811
Waupaca	7,081	17,398	16,039	33,467	33,442	21	4	808	5,848
Waushara	3,716	9,452	8,191	17,643	17,643	.....	.....	290	3,529
Winnebago	13,102	29,714	30,556	60,300	60,233	61	6	510	11,107
Wood	5,825	15,600	14,730	30,380	30,368	7	5	196	5,204
Total	432,811	1,157,161	1,071,738	2,228,944	2,216,811	2,351	9,881	17,731	411,403

POPULATION OF EACH OF THE FIVE LEADING CITIES IN THE STATE AT EACH FEDERAL CENSUS SINCE ORGANIZED OR SINCE 1840.

Table 8.

CENSUS YEARS.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Population.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent.
1840.....	1,712		
1850.....	20,061	18,349	1,071.8
1860.....	45,246	25,185	125.5
1870.....	71,440	26,194	57.9
1880.....	115,587	44,147	67.9
1890.....	204,468	88,881	76.9
1900.....	285,315	80,847	79.5

CENSUS YEARS.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Popula- tion.	Increase.		Popula- tion.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
1830.....	3,830			6,086		
1870.....	7,785	3,925	101.7	12,663	6,577	108.1
1880.....	14,505	6,720	85.3	15,748	3,085	24.4
1890.....	25,040	10,585	79.0	22,856	7,688	45.0
1900.....	28,895	3,805	15.2	28,284	5,448	23.9

CENSUS YEARS.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Popula- tion.	Increase.		Popula- tion.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
1850.....	5,197					
1860.....	7,822	2,715	59.2			
1870.....	9,880	2,058	23.3			
1880.....	16,031	6,151	62.3			
1890.....	21,014	4,983	31.1	11,933		
1900.....	29,102	8,088	38.5	31,091	19,168	159.5

POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE—BY COUNTIES:

(The average number of persons per square mile for the state as a whole was 31.1 in 1890 and 33 in 1900.)

Table 9.

Counties.	Population per square mile.		Counties.	Population per square mile.	
	1890.	1900.		1890.	1900.
Adams	10.10	13.40	Manitowoc	64.12	71.03
Ashland	21.57	21.60	Marathon	19.83	23.23
Barron	17.53	26.97	Marinette	14.55	22.08
Bayfield	4.94	9.61	Marquette	21.45	23.30
Brown	75.00	83.50	Milwaukee	1,035.53	1,417.44
Buffalo	24.16	25.32	Monroe	25.37	30.71
Burnett	4.99	8.49	Oconto	13.90	19.33
Calumet	52.40	53.87	Oneida	5.57	9.86
Chippewa	12.97	17.05	Outagamie	61.03	72.94
Clark	14.76	21.51	Ozaukee	63.12	72.40
Columbia	36.53	43.10	Pepin	29.13	33.21
Crawford	23.70	31.03	Pierce	37.54	44.00
Dane	41.73	58.45	Polk	13.39	19.03
Dodge	50.83	52.75	Portage	31.00	36.85
Door	34.54	38.73	Price	4.24	7.34
Douglas	10.21	27.55	Racine	112.25	141.31
Dunn	26.85	29.67	Richland	33.20	33.82
Eau Claire	49.47	51.12	Rock	61.03	72.53
Florence	5.23	6.42	St. Croix	32.54	37.73
Fond du Lac	61.23	63.10	Sauk	37.23	40.25
Forest .....	.71	.98	Sawyer	1.47	2.63
Grant	31.63	23.61	Shawano	16.95	24.21
Green	39.47	33.44	Sheboygan	33.31	98.72
Green Lake	41.66	43.40	Taylor	6.93	11.67
Iowa	23.99	30.20	Trempealeau	25.78	31.49
Iron		8.42	Vernon	31.71	35.80
Jackson	16.15	17.86	Vilas		5.43
Jefferson	61.19	63.43	Walworth	49.57	52.06
Juneau	21.67	26.11	Washburn	3.51	6.2
Kenosha	55.83	79.22	Washington	53.73	55.76
Kewaunee	49.40	32.61	Waukesha	59.20	62.69
La Crosse	31.69	90.52	Waupaca	35.77	42.21
Lafayette	31.96	23.03	Waushara	21.14	25.00
Langlade	11.17	14.68	Winnebago	106.14	123.36
Lincoln	13.57	18.33	Wood	23.09	32.95

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Males and Females, by Counties, in Wisconsin.

Table 10.

COUNTIES.	MALES.			FEMALES.		
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880.
Adams	4,864	3,629	3,549	4,277	3,260	3,192
Ashland	11,318	12,709	894	8,878	7,854	665
Barron	12,529	8,261	3,902	11,148	7,075	3,122
Bayfield	3,775	4,630	299	5,617	2,700	265
Brown	23,346	20,038	17,431	23,013	19,036	16,647
Buffalo	8,741	8,551	8,294	8,024	7,445	7,324
Burnett	4,087	2,335	1,834	3,301	2,058	1,256
Calumet	8,783	8,578	8,648	8,295	8,061	7,984
Chippewa	17,540	13,596	8,791	15,477	11,547	6,700
Clark	13,551	9,450	6,034	12,367	8,258	4,431
Columbia	15,630	14,376	14,233	15,432	13,991	13,832
Crawford	8,975	8,149	8,037	8,311	7,838	7,007
Dane	35,748	30,677	27,215	33,637	23,901	23,018
Dodge	24,050	23,136	23,339	22,581	21,848	22,542
Door	9,273	8,421	6,579	8,310	7,231	5,266
Douglas	21,036	8,008	556	15,209	4,860	262
Dunn	13,026	12,032	9,185	12,017	10,112	7,032
Eau Claire	16,024	16,059	10,939	15,663	14,614	9,004
Florence	1,796	1,561	.....	1,401	1,046	.....
Fond du Lac	24,043	22,049	23,472	23,516	22,009	23,387
Forest	821	639	.....	577	872	.....
Grant	19,703	18,533	19,229	19,318	18,143	18,633
Green	11,647	11,729	11,696	11,072	11,000	10,039
Green Lake	7,939	7,020	7,272	7,853	7,537	7,211
Iowa	11,780	11,189	11,955	11,327	10,928	11,673
Iron	3,871	.....	.....	2,747	.....	.....
Jackson	9,231	8,416	7,066	8,235	7,381	6,216
Jefferson	17,531	16,938	16,251	17,258	16,562	15,995
Jeneau	10,666	8,775	8,090	9,966	8,346	7,486
Kenosha	11,348	8,151	6,877	10,350	7,450	6,605
Kewaunee	8,926	8,283	8,261	8,286	7,871	7,514
La Crosse	21,278	19,767	14,148	21,719	19,004	12,925
Lafayette	10,771	10,307	10,765	10,183	9,958	10,504
Langlade	6,685	5,135	439	5,808	4,300	246
Lincoln	8,710	6,813	1,181	7,555	5,190	800
Manitowoc	21,574	19,151	19,106	20,707	18,674	18,399
Marathon	22,636	16,133	9,624	20,620	14,221	7,497
Marinette	16,349	11,371	5,330	14,473	8,903	3,569
Marquette	5,357	4,851	4,570	5,152	4,832	4,332
Milwaukee	164,989	117,987	69,676	165,023	118,116	89,910
Monroe	14,453	11,837	11,033	13,641	11,422	10,524
Oconto	11,037	8,121	5,300	9,387	6,833	4,438
Oneida	5,118	3,341	.....	3,757	1,066	.....
Outagamie	23,360	19,765	14,819	22,837	18,922	13,897
Ozaukee	8,518	4,644	7,839	7,845	7,000	7,512
Pepin	4,117	3,659	3,266	3,788	3,273	2,920
Pierce	12,532	10,705	9,396	11,411	9,663	8,308
Polk	9,560	7,000	5,570	8,235	5,963	4,448
Portage	14,973	12,706	9,294	14,510	12,002	8,437
Price	5,087	3,225	510	4,001	2,020	275
Racine	23,417	18,275	15,754	22,227	17,832	15,168
Richland	10,039	9,806	9,352	9,417	9,321	8,822
Rock	26,201	21,775	19,589	25,002	21,445	19,224
St. Croix	14,073	12,278	10,196	12,780	10,821	8,700
Sauk	16,799	15,364	14,720	16,207	15,211	14,009
Sawyer	1,972	1,207	.....	1,621	773	.....
Shawano	14,551	10,366	5,629	12,904	8,870	4,742
Sheboygan	25,643	21,824	17,405	24,702	20,665	16,831
Taylor	6,261	3,709	1,348	4,998	3,022	963
Trempealeau	12,058	9,883	9,022	11,006	9,037	8,107
Vernon	14,837	12,989	12,148	13,464	12,122	11,687
Vilas	3,160	.....	.....	1,700	.....	.....
Walworth	14,778	13,991	13,153	14,481	13,837	13,066
Washburn	2,981	1,628	.....	2,540	1,288	.....
Washington	12,091	11,678	12,025	11,493	11,073	11,417
Waukesha	17,949	17,138	14,873	17,230	16,132	14,084
Waupaca	16,426	14,000	10,920	15,180	12,788	10,023
Waushara	8,458	7,078	6,515	7,534	6,429	6,172
Winnebago	28,801	25,270	21,491	29,421	24,821	21,249
Wood	13,467	9,704	4,822	12,404	8,423	4,159
Total	1,067,567	878,238	680,000	1,001,480	815,090	635,428

Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Native and Foreign Born, by Counties, in Wisconsin.

Table II.

COUNTIES.	NATIVE BORN.			FOREIGN BORN.		
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880.
Adams	7,777	5,579	5,457	1,334	1,310	1,282
Ashland	13,403	10,603	1,037	6,773	9,460	472
Barron	17,016	10,372	4,632	6,661	5,014	2,742
Bayfield	8,768	3,878	502	5,624	3,512	62
Brown	35,741	27,438	22,552	10,618	11,726	11,526
Buffalo	13,063	11,032	10,022	3,702	4,915	5,506
Burnett	4,848	2,269	1,525	2,620	2,124	1,611
Calumet	18,807	12,263	11,320	3,271	4,370	5,332
Chippewa	24,810	16,934	10,013	8,227	8,209	5,448
Clark	19,910	12,970	7,901	5,933	4,738	2,814
Columbia	24,730	20,953	20,500	6,391	7,330	7,535
Crawford	14,644	12,832	12,013	2,642	3,105	3,601
Dane	53,945	42,434	37,193	15,440	17,744	16,049
Dodge	35,629	31,117	30,512	11,002	13,867	15,419
Door	13,124	10,451	7,095	4,470	5,231	4,550
Douglas	22,817	7,340	464	13,518	6,123	191
Dunn	18,933	15,895	11,747	6,110	6,832	5,670
Eau Claire	23,549	20,126	13,503	8,143	10,547	6,400
Florence	1,924	1,246	.....	1,273	1,358	.....
Fond du Lac	37,955	32,851	33,825	9,634	11,231	13,024
Forest	1,170	726	.....	226	.....	.....
Grant	23,668	20,219	29,692	5,313	6,422	8,140
Green	13,320	17,006	17,579	4,790	5,176	4,170
Green Lake	11,648	10,194	9,908	4,149	4,969	4,575
Iowa	10,047	16,900	16,748	4,077	5,157	6,880
Iron	3,732	.....	.....	2,331	.....	.....
Jackson	13,514	11,442	9,453	3,952	4,351	3,852
Jefferson	26,499	23,350	22,077	8,290	10,138	10,019
Juneau	16,716	13,411	12,040	3,913	3,704	3,542
Kenosha	15,777	10,855	9,776	5,920	4,730	3,774
Kewaunee	12,726	10,532	9,021	4,486	5,571	6,726
La Crosse	32,075	25,818	17,120	10,902	12,957	9,933
Lafayette	17,646	16,007	16,126	3,313	4,258	5,153
Langlade	9,949	6,734	487	2,604	2,731	158
Lincoln	11,580	7,656	1,364	4,639	4,352	647
Manitowish	32,217	25,181	22,837	10,014	12,351	14,678
Marathon	30,730	18,759	10,670	12,476	11,640	6,451
Marquette	20,907	11,932	4,831	9,915	8,322	4,028
Marquette	8,244	6,920	6,118	2,265	2,753	2,940
Milwaukee	227,570	141,324	83,499	102,647	91,867	55,088
Monroe	22,940	17,892	16,172	5,163	5,409	5,444
Oconto	15,082	9,845	6,230	5,792	5,164	3,628
Oneida	6,208	3,695	.....	2,637	1,311	.....
Outagamie	26,196	27,854	19,643	10,051	10,826	9,073
Ozaukee	12,697	10,485	10,062	3,666	4,458	5,338
Pepin	6,224	5,085	4,492	1,651	1,817	1,844
Pierce	18,628	14,870	12,598	5,315	5,567	5,146
Polk	12,144	8,045	6,212	5,677	4,922	3,806
Portage	22,174	16,966	12,055	7,609	7,832	5,676
Price	5,781	2,613	415	3,325	2,647	370
Racine	32,151	23,782	20,314	13,493	12,436	10,698
Richland	18,052	17,317	16,297	1,431	1,894	1,882
Rock	42,077	34,271	31,763	9,126	8,947	7,535
St. Croix	19,718	15,891	13,127	7,112	7,248	5,879
Sauk	26,698	23,108	21,477	6,208	7,437	7,252
Sawyer	2,783	1,142	.....	805	.....	.....
Shawano	20,278	12,316	6,360	7,197	6,920	4,002
Sheboygan	37,097	28,714	23,271	13,272	13,775	10,935
Taylor	7,203	3,470	1,561	4,079	3,261	747
Trempealeau	16,908	12,341	10,321	6,306	6,579	6,863
Vernon	23,454	19,642	17,713	4,897	5,469	5,722
Vilas	3,551	.....	.....	1,375	.....	.....
Walworth	24,107	22,247	21,503	5,152	5,611	4,746
Washburn	4,198	1,894	.....	1,223	1,032	.....
Washington	18,962	16,764	15,901	4,627	5,987	7,541
Waukesha	27,321	24,017	23,272	7,993	9,252	8,685
Waupaca	24,279	19,072	15,064	7,326	7,721	5,811
Wausau	13,131	10,563	9,906	2,733	2,939	2,781
Winnebago	43,731	34,814	39,443	11,494	15,233	12,292
Wood	19,338	11,839	6,346	6,627	6,238	2,635
Total	1,553,071	1,174,181	910,072	515,971	519,199	405,425

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Native Born, Foreign Born and Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.
Table 12.

COUNTIES.	NATIVE BORN.		FOREIGN BORN.		FOREIGN WHITE.	
	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females
Adams	4,129	3,648	735	629	735	629
Ashland	7,147	6,253	4,171	2,632	4,171	2,632
Barron	8,752	8,264	3,777	2,834	3,776	2,834
Bayfield	4,901	3,867	3,874	1,750	3,835	1,750
Brown	17,647	18,034	5,699	4,919	5,691	4,917
Buffalo	6,711	6,353	2,030	1,672	2,030	1,672
Burnett	2,625	2,223	1,462	1,168	1,462	1,168
Calumet	6,937	6,820	1,793	1,475	1,796	1,475
Chippewa	12,801	12,009	4,739	3,488	4,736	3,488
Clark	10,250	9,665	3,331	2,607	3,331	2,607
Columbia	12,324	12,306	3,355	3,006	3,350	3,035
Crawford	7,537	7,107	1,438	1,204	1,438	1,204
Dane	27,250	26,636	8,489	7,001	8,435	7,001
Dodge	18,140	17,483	5,910	5,012	5,909	5,012
Door	6,783	6,338	2,487	1,972	2,485	1,972
Douglas	12,329	10,488	8,707	4,811	8,635	4,807
Duane	9,659	9,274	3,567	2,743	3,361	2,743
Eau Claire	11,723	11,820	4,295	3,848	4,233	3,818
Florence	1,005	919	701	482	701	482
Fond du Lac	18,930	19,025	5,113	4,521	5,090	4,515
Forest	668	501	155	71	155	71
Grant	16,725	16,443	2,778	2,435	2,778	2,435
Green	9,214	9,106	2,433	1,906	2,433	1,906
Green Lake	5,771	5,877	1,168	1,031	1,167	1,031
Iowa	9,653	9,394	2,166	1,931	2,135	1,931
Iron	1,967	1,765	1,304	980	1,304	980
Jackson	7,080	6,434	2,151	1,801	2,150	1,801
Jefferson	13,191	13,308	4,340	3,950	4,336	3,949
Jewell	8,507	8,209	2,159	1,754	2,159	1,754
Kenosha	8,028	7,749	3,320	2,600	3,319	2,609
Kewaunee	6,508	6,218	2,418	2,008	2,417	2,008
La Crosse	15,611	16,484	5,067	5,235	5,063	5,235
Lafayette	8,966	8,630	1,895	1,505	1,894	1,503
Langlade	5,223	4,726	1,402	1,142	1,411	1,142
Lincoln	5,066	5,614	2,744	1,945	2,743	1,945
Manitowoc	16,233	15,954	5,291	4,753	5,236	4,753
Marathon	15,738	14,993	6,853	5,223	6,850	5,223
Marinette	10,633	10,274	5,706	4,199	5,702	4,199
Marquette	4,171	4,073	1,186	1,079	1,185	1,079
Milwaukee	111,173	116,197	53,806	43,831	53,783	43,817
Monroe	11,663	11,277	2,791	2,370	2,790	2,370
Oconto	7,897	7,275	3,320	2,562	3,327	2,562
Oneida	3,362	2,846	1,756	911	1,753	911
Outagamie	18,086	18,110	5,274	4,777	5,279	4,774
Ozaukee	6,511	6,186	2,003	1,659	2,007	1,659
Pepin	3,221	3,003	896	785	896	785
Pierce	9,564	9,064	2,968	2,344	2,968	2,344
Polk	6,393	5,751	3,173	2,484	3,173	2,484
Portage	11,052	11,122	3,921	3,338	3,918	3,338
Price	3,075	2,706	2,000	1,311	2,013	1,311
Racine	16,131	16,020	7,286	6,207	7,283	6,207
Richland	9,250	8,392	783	615	783	615
Rochester	21,255	20,823	4,943	4,180	4,927	4,180
Rock	10,104	9,714	3,946	3,166	3,941	3,166
St. Croix	13,414	13,284	3,383	2,923	3,384	2,923
Sauk	1,446	1,342	536	279	524	279
Sawyer	10,613	9,665	3,908	3,209	3,938	3,209
Shawano	18,461	18,632	7,182	6,070	7,178	6,070
Sheboygan	3,894	3,339	2,400	1,659	2,399	1,659
Taylor	8,647	8,361	3,411	2,795	3,411	2,795
Trempealeau	12,212	11,212	2,675	2,222	2,677	2,222
Vernon	2,164	1,890	1,005	370	1,005	370
Vilas	11,995	12,112	2,783	2,363	2,789	2,363
Walworth	2,191	2,037	790	790	790	533
Washington	9,615	9,347	2,476	2,151	2,476	2,151
Waukesha	13,711	13,610	4,238	3,600	4,235	3,670
Waupaca	12,373	11,906	4,053	3,283	4,019	3,283
Waushara	6,923	6,267	1,515	1,218	1,511	1,218
Winnebago	21,239	22,492	7,565	6,922	7,545	6,909
Wood	9,838	9,400	3,623	3,004	3,620	3,004
Total	781,937	768,134	282,625	233,346	282,395	233,312

Total number of White Persons, total Negroes and total number of Indians, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900, 1890 and 1880.

Table 13.

COUNTIES.	WHITE.			NEGRO. ¹			INDIANS.	
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.
Adams	9,680	6,823	6,714	8	6	1	53	60
Ashland	19,270	20,017	1,880	14	14	1	88	18
Barron	23,650	15,364	6,948	1	11		25	40
Bayfield	13,83.	7,081	209	5	4	3	494	304
Brown	45,597	33,231	33,377	50	143	116	703	732
Buffalo	16,764	15,997	15,519	1				
Burnett	7,315	4,312	2,874	8			151	81
Calumet	16,733	16,305	15,900	33	169	319	277	165
Chippewa	32,924	24,933	15,295	5	34	4	102	134
Clark	25,796	17,705	10,700	1	3	5	51	
Columbia	31,090	28,335	23,028	17	15	25	9	
Crawford	17,231	15,952	15,597	5	17	47		18
Dane	69,328	59,480	53,145	82	90	87	1	6
Dodge	46,531	44,915	45,810	38	54	96	8	11
Door	17,578	15,650	11,623	3	10			22
Douglas	36,002	13,005	612	190	68	8	133	133
Dunn	25,033	22,648	16,802	2	13	11		2
Eau Claire	31,661	30,646	19,968	20	6	24		13
Florence	3,190	2,594			7			
Fond du Lac	47,426	43,900	46,635	136	113	203	16	12
Forest	1,232	800					162	119
Grant	38,821	36,583	37,771	60	63	81		
Green	22,697	22,700	21,637	24	32	32		
Green Lake	15,730	15,157	14,438	3	6	13		
Iowa	23,095	22,103	23,583	18	14	29		
Iron	6,611			1				
Jackson	17,260	15,786	13,193	2	10	9	197	1
Jefferson	34,748	33,496	32,002	59	34	94		
Juneau	20,571	17,059	15,479	8	18	8	49	44
Kenosha	21,670	15,561	13,527	36	20	23		
Kewaunee	17,265	16,144	15,779	6	9			
La Crosse	42,920	38,732	27,000	70	66	63		
Lafayette	20,956	20,202	21,270	2	2	9		
Langlade	12,548	9,450	650	3	1			13
Lincoln	16,245	11,900	1,921	1	7		22	5
Manitowoc	42,253	37,817	37,496	3	13	7		
Marathon	43,231	30,238	17,012	4	46		18	65
Marquette	30,614	20,139	8,697	3	34	20	201	138
Marquette	10,500	9,675	8,835	2	1	1		
Milwaukee	329,095	237,021	133,214	895	458	320	4	8
Monroe	27,781	23,139	21,549	43	45	23	276	25
Oconto	20,609	14,947	9,740	9	12	3	253	43
Oneida	8,801	4,952		1	26		70	29
Ouzagamie	45,213	37,719	23,646	30	23	49	999	943
Ozaukee	16,263	14,938	15,461		5			
Pepin	7,905	6,932	6,225			1		
Pierce	23,933	20,364	17,663	9	19	60		1
Polk	17,631	12,342	9,775	4	7	2	110	114
Portage	29,476	24,787	17,720	2	8	4		
Price	9,101	5,256	777	5	2	1		
Racine	45,544	36,157	30,761	96	111	159		
Richland	19,457	19,103	18,143	14	18	30	14	
Rock	51,093	43,080	38,607	101	135	202		1
St. Croix	26,827	23,135	18,926	1	4	18		
Sauk	32,972	30,542	28,688	32	33	41	2	
Sawyer	2,668	1,970		2			921	7
Shawano	25,685	18,842	10,079	22	4	14	1,768	300
Sheboygan	50,336	42,481	34,203		8	3	5	
Taylor	11,227	6,694	2,296	34	37	15		
Trempealeau	23,113	18,905	17,169	1		20		12
Vernon	23,232	25,023	23,105	95	82	120	22	
Vilas	4,667			2			239	
Walworth	29,181	27,804	26,194	74	50	55	1	
Washburn	5,430	2,305		1			90	20
Washington	23,580	22,751	23,440			2		
Waukesha	35,141	33,133	28,892	83	79	63	2	1
Waupaca	31,602	26,775	20,935	9	17	7		2
Wausara	15,964	13,494	12,655	8	11	20		2
Winnebago	58,121	49,951	42,562	53	84	115	22	44
Wood	25,840	18,123	8,961	3	2	2	10	2
Total	2,057,911	1,630,828	1,309,618	2,542	2,444	2,702	8,372	9,930

¹ Includes all persons of negro descent.

The totals for the state in 1890 include persons specially enumerated, but not distributed by counties.

Native White with Native Parents, Native White with Foreign Parents, Total Colored Persons and Negroes, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 14.

Counties.	Native White— Native Parents.		Native White— Foreign Parents.		Total Colored ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.
Adams	2,502	2,258	1,601	1,355	26	35	6	2
Ashland	2,169	1,753	4,532	4,050	452	454	6	8
Barron	3,483	3,300	5,257	4,950	13	14	1	.....
Bayfield	1,525	1,056	3,122	2,569	263	242	4	1
Brown	5,383	5,621	11,871	12,114	401	331	26	21
Buffalo	2,319	2,154	4,391	4,193	1	.....	1	.....
Burnett	710	533	1,842	1,544	73	86	2	6
Calumet	2,269	2,176	4,575	4,497	143	147	17	16
Chippewa	5,250	4,774	7,433	7,183	61	52	5	.....
Clark	4,716	4,347	5,550	5,286	25	27	1	.....
Columbia	5,531	5,628	6,784	6,762	24	7	10	7
Crawford	4,270	4,007	3,264	3,098	3	2	3	2
Dane	10,957	10,680	16,257	15,968	69	38	44	38
Dodge	6,191	6,242	11,915	11,235	35	12	27	11
Door	1,782	1,706	5,001	4,632	5	.....	3	.....
Douglas	4,763	3,599	7,395	6,744	183	149	104	83
Dunn	4,085	3,850	5,621	5,424	4	.....	2	.....
Eau Claire	4,412	4,487	7,299	7,377	25	6	14	6
Florence	283	227	721	632	1	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	7,943	8,066	10,912	10,897	95	68	77	50
Forest	328	252	250	178	88	74	.....	.....
Grant	9,157	9,408	7,537	7,503	31	29	31	20
Green	4,946	4,936	4,253	4,153	12	12	12	12
Green Lake	2,019	2,045	3,750	3,331	3	1	2	1
Iowa	3,959	3,894	5,684	5,432	11	8	10	8
Iron	471	395	1,496	1,360	2	1	.....	1
Jackson	2,997	2,603	3,937	3,738	97	103	2	.....
Jefferson	4,970	5,044	8,263	8,244	19	21	18	21
Juneau	4,575	4,491	3,905	3,777	27	31	7	1
Kenosha	3,133	3,036	4,877	4,696	19	18	18	18
Kewaunee	1,344	1,311	5,161	4,301	4	3	3	3
La Crosse	5,413	5,477	10,162	10,975	39	32	38	32
Lafayette	4,320	4,106	4,645	4,573	2	1	1	1
Langlade	2,326	1,978	2,894	2,747	4	1	2	1
Lincoln	1,975	1,755	3,978	3,843	14	10	1	.....
Manitowoc	4,613	4,566	11,619	11,386	6	2	1	2
Marathon	4,143	3,833	11,625	11,191	18	7	4	.....
Marinette	2,979	2,648	7,539	7,537	119	89	2	1
Marquette	1,560	1,502	2,608	2,571	3	.....	3	.....
Milwaukee	29,432	29,044	81,252	86,767	522	400	495	400
Monroe	5,882	5,603	5,622	5,514	162	160	18	25
Oconto	2,143	2,028	5,534	5,115	133	132	5	4
Oneida	1,353	1,036	1,967	1,731	45	29	1	.....
Outagamie	6,385	6,197	11,171	11,417	535	499	10	20
Ozaukee	2,200	2,171	4,311	4,015	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pepin	1,528	1,445	1,693	1,558	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pierce	4,220	3,948	5,335	5,115	9	1	8	1
Polk	1,980	1,720	4,352	3,975	61	56	2	2
Portage	3,957	3,972	7,091	7,150	7	.....	.....	.....
Price	1,042	845	2,029	1,860	4	1	4	1
Racine	5,271	5,213	10,810	10,760	53	47	49	47
Richland	7,197	6,839	2,106	1,973	17	11	10	4
Rock	12,366	11,859	8,334	8,917	64	46	55	46
St. Croix	3,576	3,322	6,526	6,281	2	1	2	1
Sauk	6,599	6,433	6,801	6,827	15	19	11	18
Sawyer	404	362	559	540	485	440	1	1
Shawano	2,534	2,209	7,140	6,606	939	851	14	8
Sheboygan	5,963	6,141	12,493	12,433	6	3	.....	.....
Taylor	1,069	833	2,778	2,459	18	17	17	17
Trempealeau	2,202	2,134	6,331	6,127	1	.....	1	.....
Vernon	6,834	6,262	5,257	4,934	73	46	57	33
Vilas	883	613	1,138	678	100	119	2	1
Walworth	6,988	7,154	4,962	4,923	43	30	45	20
Washburn	1,112	957	1,035	1,003	44	47	1	.....
Washington	3,526	3,561	6,079	5,783	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	5,555	5,632	8,105	7,911	51	31	40	34
Waupaca	5,045	4,815	7,319	7,091	13	.....	9	.....
Waushara	3,668	3,357	3,250	2,906	5	3	5	3
Winnebago	3,395	3,613	12,797	13,874	67	35	31	27
Wood	3,469	3,251	6,361	6,141	11	5	3	.....
Total	298,552	287,351	430,661	475,642	5,956	5,175	1,413	1,124

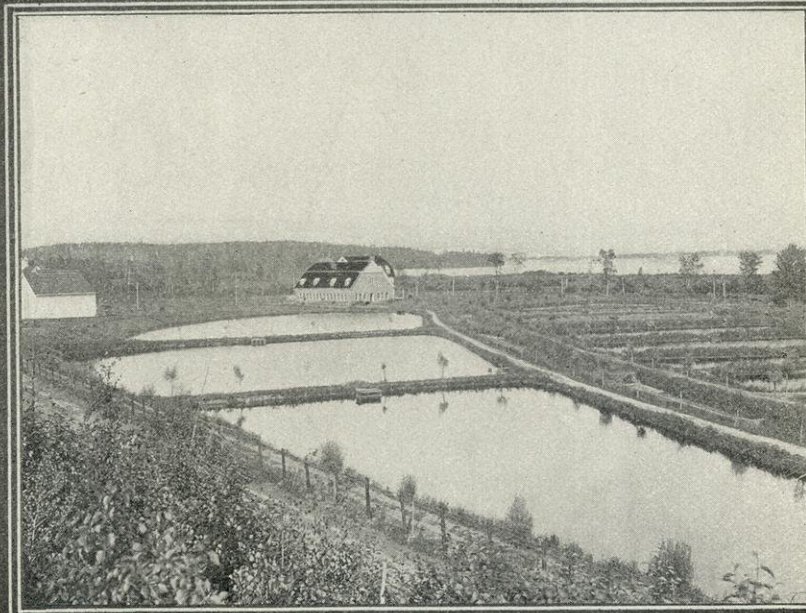
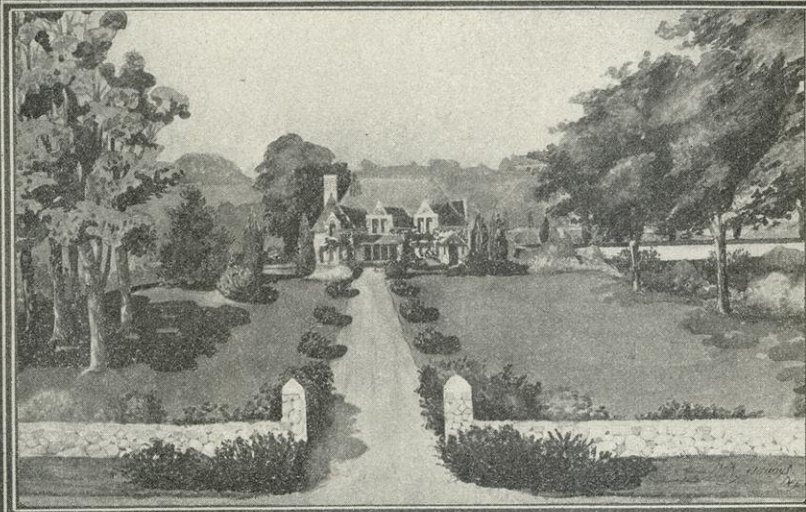
¹ Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.
² Includes all persons of negro descent.

Native Males 21 year and over Classified as to Color and Literacy, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 15.

Counties.	Native White.		Native Negro.		Other Native Colored.	
	Liter'te.	Illit.	Liter'te.	Illit.	Liter'te.	Illit.
Adams	1,780	45	4			8
Ashland	2,527	27	5		185	79
Barron	2,633	83		1	3	2
Bayfield	1,881	42	2	1	73	57
Brown	5,663	400	11	5	59	141
Buffalo	2,412	45		1		
Burnett	632	18				
Calumet	2,495	57	9	1	9	27
Chippewa	4,478	116	4		79	4
Clark	3,731	77	1		13	13
Columbia	5,803	51	8	1	9	4
Crawford	3,214	57	1		1	1
Dane	11,976	105	23	8	1	
Dodge	7,647	83	13	2	6	
Door	1,979	145	1			
Douglas	5,635	30	83		11	11
Dunn	3,389	101		2	1	
Eau Claire	4,025	65	9		4	
Florence	275	11				1
Fond du Lac	8,603	150	23	12	2	1
Forest	297	8			5	33
Grant	7,791	161	16	3		
Green	4,114	80	9			
Green Lake	2,255	54	2			
Iowa	4,341	83	3	3		
Iron	589	16				
Jackson	2,518	87	2		2	43
Jefferson	5,537	67	13	3		
Juneau	3,698	104	6		4	7
Kenosha	3,385	20	11			
Kewaunee	1,908	177	1	1		
La Crosse	6,091	53	19	5		
Lafayette	4,138	70		1		
Langlade	1,833	79	2		1	
Lincoln	2,011	31	1		3	1
Manitowoc	5,878	168	1			
Marathon	4,608	139	2	2	1	4
Marquette	3,051	174	2		13	47
Marquette	1,583	35	1			
Milwaukee	40,605	232	315	21	4	1
Monroe	4,850	82	6	1	8	22
Oconto	2,257	109	2	1	27	46
Oneida	1,467	38	1		2	15
Ozaukee	6,339	162	7		72	235
Ozaukee	2,479	48				
Pepin	1,126	62				
Pierce	3,821	64	5	3	1	
Polk	1,841	23	1	1	17	12
Portage	3,132	173	2		1	
Price	943	18	2			
Racine	6,498	55	23	9		
Richland	4,472	123	6		1	5
Rock	11,030	63	37	5		
St. Croix	3,555	72	2			
Sauk	5,930	81	8	1		
Sawyer	361	10	1		98	152
Shawano	2,665	158	10	1	238	277
Sheboygan	7,098	78			1	
Taylor	1,115	22	9	1		
Trempealeau	2,799	59		1		
Vernon	4,917	199	13	1		
Vilas	1,035	40	2		10	
Walworth	6,403	38	23	3	22	47
Washburn	751	30	1			
Washington	3,776	82			4	15
Waukesha	6,131	27	22	5		
Waupaca	4,818	93	7	1		1
Waushara	2,857	71	2	1		
Winnebago	9,058	115	14	7	9	
Wood	3,146	59	3			3
Total	304,143	5,755	861	120	1,001	1,291

1 Native born persons of negro descent.



STATE FISH HATCHERY, DELAFIELD.
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STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Foreign Males 21 Years and over Classified as to Naturalization and Literacy,
by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 16.

COUNTIES.	FOREIGN BORN.							
	Naturalized.		First papers filed.		Aliens.		Unknown.	
	Literate	Illit.	Literate.	Illit-erate.	Liter-ate.	Illit-erate.	Liter-ate.	Illit-erate.
Adams	392	52	113	17	25	2	68	7
Ashland	1,623	213	1,031	131	314	85	283	31
Barron	1,444	121	917	128	211	48	445	47
Bayfield	1,030	43	1,413	157	580	83	247	25
Brown	2,151	395	1,184	279	211	125	846	109
Buffalo	1,009	97	305	33	124	12	311	21
Burnett	620	37	313	43	61	6	181	10
Calumet	875	47	478	17	92	11	233	18
Chippewa	1,585	131	1,370	148	273	32	617	77
Clark	1,223	83	830	63	213	27	430	33
Columbia	1,632	101	578	37	90	3	628	51
Crawford	675	81	141	24	62	7	351	30
Dane	2,575	215	2,723	210	345	64	1,607	121
Dodge	2,668	150	1,011	71	211	21	1,275	120
Door	750	81	711	178	87	21	413	60
Douglas	3,570	145	1,938	294	575	135	952	54
Dunn	953	137	816	177	143	63	600	99
Eau Claire	1,811	134	974	80	198	21	720	43
Florence	283	23	176	20	90	58	43	11
Fond du Lac	2,682	203	911	120	118	29	1,050	168
Forest	81	1	17	1	13	1	27	.....
Grant	1,623	117	370	32	67	2	427	34
Green	713	45	812	85	153	14	301	27
Green Lake	845	183	403	121	53	15	277	61
Iowa	1,015	118	280	48	62	17	411	58
Iron	444	42	620	63	275	43	140	19
Jackson	878	83	513	104	40	11	318	30
Jefferson	1,601	70	1,168	71	140	13	837	62
Juneau	928	103	462	33	91	13	309	25
Kenosha	1,501	78	630	83	135	55	519	70
Kewaunee	1,027	90	379	42	217	70	432	73
La Crosse	2,467	114	1,374	101	191	10	1,015	62
Lafayette	730	81	238	52	44	1	413	50
Langdale	432	62	221	34	44	11	332	47
Lincoln	1,137	71	550	31	113	12	453	35
Manitowoc	2,678	135	617	91	233	56	1,094	91
Marathon	2,213	153	1,918	213	325	50	1,003	85
Marquette	1,655	217	1,501	383	303	101	647	103
Marquette	480	83	194	30	6	2	237	52
Milwaukee	24,140	1,281	14,028	1,401	3,303	79	2,914	156
Monroe	1,177	91	550	91	100	21	537	36
Oconto	923	123	1,034	179	17	57	345	64
Oneida	496	33	607	42	177	37	179	17
Outagamie	2,131	177	1,175	96	213	44	963	85
Ozaukee	1,158	84	352	32	77	25	143	15
Pepin	322	22	331	13	15	.....	203	36
Pierce	1,075	71	921	145	103	22	423	48
Polk	1,230	60	933	137	151	29	319	38
Portage	1,447	320	580	300	120	87	553	109
Price	783	31	538	39	111	11	193	12
Racine	2,711	79	2,531	252	338	107	505	42
Richland	333	20	130	10	19	4	211	7
Rock	1,778	135	1,140	80	271	23	900	80
St. Croix	1,228	87	1,243	191	133	33	637	40
Sauk	1,512	90	537	41	148	45	751	35
Sawyer	171	15	181	16	23	6	65	4
Shawano	1,102	180	1,145	200	221	50	530	82
Sheboygan	2,910	253	1,790	125	513	112	534	45
Taylor	911	81	477	53	103	33	344	20
Trempealeau	1,300	145	851	103	122	23	578	74
Vernon	858	93	834	105	161	30	384	48
Vilas	252	39	265	43	99	38	154	16
Walworth	1,497	97	443	28	227	21	246	13
Washburn	294	22	278	17	33	2	77	9
Washington	1,228	73	515	27	236	27	192	24
Waukesha	1,919	108	1,080	102	193	21	483	24
Waupaca	1,349	118	1,011	153	259	50	705	93
Waushara	671	85	253	14	57	14	285	21
Winnebago	2,797	183	1,681	166	277	45	1,531	191
Wood	1,083	70	1,078	115	239	92	463	53
Total	112,250	8,835	69,004	8,266	14,859	3,077	37,458	3,778

Males 18 to 44 Years Inclusive, and Males 21 Years and Over, Classified as to Native and Foreign, White and Color, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900—Military and Voting Age.

Table 17.

COUNTIES.	Males 18 to 44 years inclusive				Males 21 years and over.			
	Native white.	Forgn white.	Ne-gro. ¹	Oth-ers. ²	Native white.	Forgn white.	Ne-gro. ¹	Oth-ers. ²
Adams	1,490	279	3	7	1,825	676	4	8
Ashland	2,440	2,992	3	185	2,554	3,768	5	271
Barron	2,354	1,970	.....	6	2,713	3,372	1	6
Bayfield	1,775	2,874	2	83	1,923	3,457	3	139
Brown	6,225	2,090	15	147	6,063	5,332	19	208
Buffalo	2,542	706	1	.....	2,458	1,933	1	.....
Burnett	618	690	2	27	650	1,309	.....	38
Calumet	2,623	472	8	48	2,553	1,734	10	83
Chippewa	4,190	2,474	.....	22	4,504	4,321	4	32
Clark	3,330	1,638	1	8	3,811	2,923	1	12
Columbia	5,139	1,215	7	5	5,854	3,118	9	7
Crawford	2,949	480	.....	.....	3,311	1,392	1	.....
Dane	11,589	3,938	16	23	12,081	7,815	31	25
Dodge	7,543	2,067	21	6	7,733	5,570	20	6
Door	2,262	997	.....	2	2,124	2,332	1	2
Douglas	5,301	6,683	67	23	5,666	7,781	85	32
Dunn	3,089	1,549	.....	2	3,381	3,072	2	2
Eau Claire	3,561	2,146	7	9	4,000	3,987	10	11
Florence	274	518	.....	1	286	604	.....	11
Fond du Lac	7,910	1,787	30	9	8,756	4,763	46	14
Forest	288	108	.....	26	305	141	.....	41
Grant	6,965	726	13	.....	7,952	2,681	19	.....
Green	3,443	1,154	4	.....	4,224	2,179	10	.....
Green Lake	1,993	854	1	1	2,289	1,972	2	1
Iowa	4,171	596	4	1	4,434	2,038	6	1
Iron	599	1,389	.....	1	596	1,644	.....	2
Jackson	2,348	911	.....	28	2,605	2,009	2	46
Jefferson	5,188	1,550	8	1	5,604	4,033	16	1
Juneau	3,132	910	5	8	3,772	2,007	7	1
Kenosha	3,147	1,844	.....	.....	3,496	2,930	11	1
Kewaunee	2,478	723	1	1	2,085	2,348	2	1
La Crosse	5,858	2,526	14	1	6,149	5,285	26	1
Lafayette	3,780	604	.....	1	4,208	1,700	1	1
Langlade	1,806	778	1	2	1,942	1,295	2	2
Lincoln	1,999	1,672	1	3	2,012	2,401	1	5
Manitowoc	6,553	1,693	1	5	5,983	5,036	1	5
Marathon	4,891	3,506	3	6	4,747	6,122	4	8
Marinette	3,168	3,411	.....	48	3,225	5,092	2	64
Marquette	1,491	428	.....	.....	1,621	1,118	1	.....
Milwaukee	40,481	28,255	313	14	40,837	47,725	379	27
Monroe	4,151	1,051	5	33	4,932	2,600	7	33
Oconto	2,351	1,527	1	47	2,366	2,836	3	73
Oneida	1,432	1,276	1	13	1,505	1,562	1	21
Outagamie	6,392	2,102	4	200	6,501	4,911	7	282
Ozaukee	2,573	551	.....	.....	2,527	1,853	.....	.....
Pepin	1,116	358	.....	.....	1,258	847	.....	.....
Pierce	3,450	1,214	4	1	3,838	2,801	8	1
Polk	1,784	1,501	1	19	1,870	2,920	2	29
Portage	3,437	1,700	1	5	3,658	3,528	2	4
Price	914	1,289	1	.....	961	1,735	2	.....
Racine	6,122	3,790	24	3	6,533	6,552	37	3
Richland	3,607	268	6	5	4,598	755	6	6
Rock	8,955	2,477	27	8	11,123	4,536	42	8
St. Croix	3,416	1,901	2	.....	3,028	3,655	2	.....
Sauk	5,152	1,204	7	.....	6,020	3,157	9	1
Sawyer	293	389	.....	188	374	484	1	232
Shawano	2,985	1,875	4	339	2,823	3,570	11	515
Sheboygan	7,041	2,987	.....	3	7,083	6,373	.....	5
Taylor	1,112	1,388	8	1	1,137	2,070	10	1
Trempealeau	2,940	1,412	.....	.....	2,819	3,238	1	.....
Vernon	4,561	1,087	20	11	5,146	2,545	17	11
Vilas	1,056	732	1	52	1,125	906	2	69
Walworth	4,818	1,234	20	3	6,446	2,569	23	3
Washburn	649	491	1	13	781	697	1	19
Washington	3,748	616	.....	.....	3,878	2,352	.....	.....
Waukesha	5,356	1,615	17	3	6,161	3,872	23	3
Waupaca	4,247	1,716	3	4	4,911	3,767	8	4
Waushara	2,605	590	3	.....	3,028	1,403	3	.....
Winnebago	8,235	3,408	14	22	9,173	6,884	22	28
Wood	3,069	1,833	3	4	3,205	3,193	3	6
Total	388,588	134,751	746	1,740	399,909	257,504	1,003	2,493

¹ Includes all persons of negro descent.

² Chinese, Japanese, and Indians.

Native and Foreign Males of Voting Age, by Counties, 1900.

Table 18.

Counties.	Native born males of vot- ing age.	Foreign born males of vot- ing age.	Total males of voting age.
Adams	1,837	676	2,513
Ashland	2,824	3,574	6,598
Barron	2,719	3,373	6,092
Bayfield	2,059	3,463	5,525
Brown	6,283	5,310	11,622
Buffalo	2,459	1,933	4,352
Burnett	688	1,309	1,997
Calumet	2,646	1,734	4,380
Chippewa	4,627	4,327	8,954
Clark	3,825	2,923	6,748
Columbia	5,855	3,123	8,988
Crawford	3,312	1,382	4,694
Dane	12,113	7,859	19,972
Dodge	7,759	5,570	13,329
Door	2,125	2,334	4,459
Douglas	5,771	7,793	13,564
Dunn	3,384	3,073	6,457
Eau Claire	4,104	3,994	8,098
Florence	287	694	981
Fond du Lac	8,799	4,780	13,579
Forest	346	141	487
Grant	7,971	2,681	10,652
Green	4,234	2,179	6,413
Green Lake	2,231	1,973	4,264
Iowa	4,420	2,039	6,459
Iron	536	1,646	2,242
Jackson	2,652	2,010	4,662
Jefferson	5,620	4,034	9,654
Juneau	3,790	2,007	5,797
Kenosha	3,417	2,931	6,348
Kewaunee	2,087	2,349	4,436
La Crosse	6,172	5,288	11,461
Lafayette	4,209	1,701	5,910
Langlade	1,945	1,296	3,241
Lincoln	2,047	2,402	4,449
Manitowoc	5,987	5,041	11,028
Marathon	4,756	6,125	10,831
Marinette	3,287	4,906	8,293
Marquette	1,622	1,116	2,740
Milwaukee	41,211	47,757	88,968
Monroe	4,939	2,612	7,551
Oconto	2,442	2,869	5,311
Oneida	1,524	1,535	3,089
Outagamie	6,785	4,946	11,731
Ozaukee	2,527	1,838	4,413
Pepin	1,258	817	2,105
Pierce	3,877	2,801	6,698
Polk	1,901	2,920	4,821
Portage	3,661	3,531	7,192
Price	933	1,735	2,698
Racine	6,570	6,615	13,165
Richland	4,610	755	5,365
Rock	11,165	4,544	15,709
St. Croix	3,620	3,655	7,285
Sauk	5,929	3,158	9,187
Sawyer	625	486	1,111
Shawano	3,310	3,570	6,919
Sheboygan	7,087	6,280	13,467
Taylor	1,147	2,031	3,178
Trempealeau	2,850	3,228	6,088
Vernon	5,173	2,546	7,719
Vilas	1,196	906	2,106
Walworth	6,472	2,572	9,044
Washington	801	697	1,493
Waukesha	3,858	2,352	6,216
Waupaca	6,189	3,875	10,064
Waushara	4,919	3,771	8,699
Winnebago	3,031	1,403	4,434
Wood	9,203	6,904	16,107
	3,211	3,196	6,407
Total	313,188	257,527	570,715

Population 5 to 20 Years, Inclusive, Classified as to Native and Foreign White, Sex and Color, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900—School Age.

Table 19.

COUNTIES.	5 TO 20 YEARS INCLUSIVE.							
	Native White.		Foreign White		Negro. ¹		Other Colo'd. ²	
	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.
Adams	1,615	1,591	59	46	1	1	9	10
Ashland	2,720	2,639	383	332	.....	4	116	133
Barron	4,215	4,181	395	372	.....	.....	6	6
Bayfield	1,705	1,629	394	289	1	.....	85	103
Brown	8,167	8,338	353	329	5	8	122	121
Buffalo	3,031	3,007	97	83	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnett	1,333	1,169	148	133	2	1	23	21
Calumet	3,198	3,153	61	32	4	6	33	43
Chippewa	5,824	5,723	405	409	1	.....	17	21
Clark	4,626	4,538	307	360	.....	.....	6	10
Columbia	4,813	4,832	226	212	1	3	6	.....
Crawford	3,137	3,162	55	67	2	1	.....	.....
Dane	11,331	10,990	619	480	10	4	.....	.....
Dodge	7,751	7,400	333	308	6	4	2	.....
Door	3,437	3,315	152	133	2	.....	.....	.....
Douglas	4,211	4,382	885	773	15	22	33	21
Dunn	4,581	4,498	282	214	.....	.....	.....	.....
EAU CLAIRE	5,655	5,622	206	318	3	3	.....	.....
Florence	490	514	93	90	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	7,573	7,572	327	230	23	15	4	5
Forest	189	149	14	11	.....	.....	34	31
Grant	6,585	6,657	93	82	10	7	.....	.....
Green	3,678	3,524	254	173	2	3	.....	.....
Green Lake	2,576	2,615	191	187	.....	1	.....	.....
Iowa	3,938	3,863	91	92	3	2	.....	.....
Iron	830	851	244	189	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	3,187	2,967	141	127	.....	.....	.....	.....
JeTerson	5,720	5,519	297	289	2	8	41	41
Juneau	3,458	3,448	151	148	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kenosha	3,216	3,160	381	399	5	6	8	13
Kewaunee	3,283	3,233	67	61	1	.....	.....	.....
La Crosse	7,016	7,131	369	300	10	12	.....	.....
Lafayette	3,545	3,460	102	74	.....	1	.....	.....
Langlade	2,332	2,249	163	162	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln	2,716	2,705	329	296	.....	.....	6	5
Manitowoc	7,619	7,478	215	211	.....	1	.....	.....
Marathon	7,793	7,679	713	683	.....	.....	4	2
Marinette	5,033	5,021	691	683	.....	1	42	29
Marquette	1,839	1,895	66	53	2	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee	49,419	51,932	5,921	6,381	87	94	.....	.....
Monroe	4,913	4,709	176	179	10	15	105	97
Oconto	3,761	3,660	333	314	1	1	35	55
Oneida	1,222	1,212	181	133	.....	.....	19	9
Outagamie	7,940	8,012	325	388	2	7	160	189
Ozaukee	2,999	2,833	115	95	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peplin	1,436	1,362	47	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pierce	4,211	4,123	163	156	.....	1	.....	.....
Polk	3,207	2,981	248	203	.....	.....	25	23
Portage	5,396	5,296	385	381	.....	.....	1	.....
Price	1,399	1,302	273	225	2	1	.....	.....
Racine	6,790	6,831	681	666	10	20	1	.....
Richland	3,393	3,308	39	16	1	2	.....	1
Rock	7,534	7,425	392	373	12	17	1	.....
St. Croix	4,729	4,583	283	251	.....	1	.....	.....
Sauk	5,498	5,449	223	213	4	8	.....	.....
Sawyer	375	411	40	48	.....	.....	163	178
Shawano	4,833	4,684	365	311	3	3	312	323
Sheboygan	8,168	8,198	779	730	.....	.....	1	2
Taylor	1,896	1,724	363	263	6	9	.....	.....
Trempealeau	4,285	4,118	166	146	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon	5,019	4,825	128	131	30	18	3	4
Vilas	583	489	98	57	.....	.....	48	42
Walworth	4,170	4,136	208	191	14	6	.....	.....
Washburn	959	904	93	76	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	4,329	4,295	122	93	.....	.....	14	13
Waukesha	5,762	5,294	362	320	17	8	.....	.....
Waupaca	5,433	5,416	289	232	1	.....	2	.....
Waushara	2,878	2,533	107	108	2	.....	.....	.....
Winnebago	8,375	9,273	616	657	6	12	6	4
Wood	4,732	4,539	421	407	.....	.....	2	2
Total	110,518	108,380	24,535	23,508	221	310	1,439	1,575

¹ Includes all persons of Negro descent.

² Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.
Table 20.

Counties.	Total foreign born.	Asia. ¹	Austria.	Belgium	Bo-hemia.	Canada.	
						English ²	French. ²
Adams	1,331		23		170	55	11
Ashland	6,773		151	23	119	975	510
Barron	6,931		73	3	210	417	532
Bayfield	5,624	1	45	6	9	714	925
Brown	10,618	17	91	2,155	233	516	318
Buffalo	3,703	2	57		6	43	10
Burnett	2,630		1		9	33	21
Calumet	3,271		46	23	16	39	6
Chippewa	8,227	1	83	12	439	1,215	975
Clark	5,938	2	99	7	111	555	91
Columbia	6,391		29	1	51	178	29
Crawford	2,642		16		532	13	4)
Dane	15,429	25	89	6	214	322	27
Dodge	11,032		44	2	30	152	29
Door	4,459		59	433	171	215	98
Douglas	13,513	1	69	143	27	2,851	632
Dunn	6,110		77	1	2	323	35
Eau Claire	8,143	5	61	1	41	811	295
Florence	1,273		46	24		51	146
Fond du Lac	9,631	24	21	8	53	232	252
Forest	223				1	43	13
Grant	5,213	1	33	1	405	150	13
Green	4,399		22		1	74	9
Green Lake	4,149		4	1	1	51	6
Iowa	4,037	4	33	1	171	127	13
Iron	2,831		209	24	21	273	193
Jackson	3,952	1	21		142	183	33
Jefferson	8,220	2	104		135	97	18
Juneau	3,913	1	63	3	135	147	33
Kenosha	5,980		89	1	10	219	23
Kewaunee	4,483		299	669	1,737	50	13
La Crosse	10,992	13	220	1	519	311	121
Lafayette	3,313		3		1	67	7
Langlade	2,604		83	12	479	161	75
Lincoln	4,689		33	32	14	593	241
Manitowoc	10,014		147	14	1,636	111	111
Marathon	12,476	1	213	5	369	354	249
Marinette	9,915		159	134	105	1,323	1,291
Marquette	2,295		2		2	51	7
Milwaukee	102,647	45	1,872	51	1,893	1,981	282
Monroe	5,163	1	41	2	34	179	15
Oconto	5,792	3	29	211	342	730	463
Oneida	2,667	2	29	31	34	402	243
Outagamie	10,051	9	132	124	189	472	109
Ozaukee	3,651		49	68	1	51	1
Pepin	1,681		339	7	1	60	77
Pierce	5,315		73	5	150	230	36
Polk	5,657		7	1		275	122
Portage	7,309	6	58	12	68	293	71
Price	3,325		79	5	65	236	82
Racine	13,493		65	5	899	229	22
Richland	1,431		6		139	79	12
Rock	9,125	11	70	5	23	378	45
St. Croix	7,112		45	27	15	607	270
Sauk	6,308	1	23	4	15	167	29
Sawyer	895		11			146	55
Shawano	7,197	1	74	19	314	219	48
Sheboygan	13,252		282	11	52	112	18
Taylor	4,059		199	8	216	292	1,033
Trempealeau	6,206		11		26	83	7
Vernon	4,897		43	1	492	98	11
Vilas	1,375		33	7	9	301	189
Walworth	5,152	1	28	4	14	213	47
Washburn	1,323		25		12	190	95
Washington	4,627		61	1	87	30	4
Waukesha	7,993		27	3	28	212	33
Waupaca	7,333	4	29	8	10	273	65
Waushara	2,783		2	1	29	194	16
Winnebago	14,494	13	289	19	573	651	81
Wood	6,627	3	418	5	139	343	211
Total	515,974	293	7,319	4,412	14,115	23,870	10,091

¹ Asia includes Japan and India.

² Canada (English and French) includes Newfoundland.

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1930.

Table 21.

Counties.	China.	Den- mark.	Eng- land.	Fin- land.	France	Ger- many.	Hol- land.	Hun- gary.
Adams		135	84			383	1	8
Ashland	5	99	127	131	21	1,776	17	9
Barron	2	164	119	28	15	1,182	15	71
Bayfield	6	43	67		21	441	9	7
Brown	8	704	151	4	66	2,896	1,195	2
Buffalo	4	7	34		6	1,823	2	1
Burnett		16	10	11	4	94	2	
Calumet		28	36		14	2,738	63	
Chippewa	3	112	158	5	40	2,183	19	15
Clark		251	146	16	9	3,001	21	1
Columbia	5	74	488		11	3,272	120	4
Crawford		4	95		14	533	1	
Dane	20	485	708	4	99	4,981	12	7
Dodge		49	285	1	33	8,898	155	12
Door	2	284	69	16	17	1,451	12	12
Douglas	11	252	440	500	30	926	37	45
Dunn	1	114	117	1	7	2,161	4	13
Eau Claire	7	99	211	2	19	2,755	8	39
Florence		33	32	66	1	187	3	3
Fond du Lac	11	56	468		31	6,551	376	6
Forest		7	13		1	82	3	
Grant		9	991		16	2,537	23	
Green		54	213	1	8	1,300		1
Green Lake	1	70	170		5	2,705	8	1
Iowa	1	16	1,053	2	10	923	3	1
Iron	2	33	159	510	21	222		20
Jackson	1	43	100		11	814		3
Jefferson	1	32	373	2	11	6,739	3	7
Juneau		330	242		7	1,617	23	2
Kenosha	1	703	403	15	12	3,045	173	11
Kewaunee	1	27	19	1	13	1,400	4	1
La Crosse	1	91	219		40	4,397	195	12
Lafayette	1	8	719		5	661	7	
Langlade	1	64	46		1	1,205	50	11
Lincoln	2	107	56	61	13	2,526	36	3
Manitowoc	5	40	83	4	17	5,923	18	6
Marathon	3	115	93	21	34	8,712	20	77
Marinette	4	295	138	152	42	2,428	64	19
Marquette		53	96		1	1,506	1	
Milwaukee	22	620	2,517	29	318	63,952	733	413
Monroe	4	294	213	1	13	2,936	16	2
Oconto	3	421	33	4	46	1,983	66	7
Oncida	3	43	42	82	15	535	5	7
Outagamie	5	203	193	12	58	6,783	719	7
Ozaukee		5	29		13	2,972	15	1
Pepin			30		3	313	2	4
Pierce		257		6	7	1,001	10	
Polk		1,040	63	6	12	574	11	
Portage	3	171	170	1	22	2,143	28	91
Price		96	50	119	6	980	23	3
Racine	3	3,679	651	5	49	4,874	140	31
Richland		26	121		13	501	4	
Rock	5	204	1,012	1	53	3,218	8	1
St. Croix		362	145	4	19	1,279	222	4
Sauk		41	429		51	4,498	12	
Sawyer	2	6	10		1	47		
Shawano	1	170	49	20	19	4,524	28	3
Sheboygan	4	35	146		21	10,037	1,462	8
Taylor	1	78	46	8	12	2,462	6	51
Trempealeau	1	33	118		7	571	34	
Vernon	1	37	125	1	9	779	1	1
Vilas		23	16	15	4	336	2	
Walworth	3	102	690	1	7	2,354	25	3
Washburn		49	32	13	3	204	3	
Washington		32	33		20	3,984	7	
Waukesha	3	354	760	2	27	4,821	63	13
Waupaca	4	981	171	3	40	3,711	7	12
Waushara		321	124		3	1,457	2	16
Winnebago	19	1,131	604	5	19	8,299	34	25
Wood	3	251	99	66	12	3,538	93	2
Total	203	16,171	17,995	2,198	1,637	212,777	6,496	1,123

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.
Table 22.

Counties.	Ire-land.	Italy.	Lux'em-burg.	Mexi-co.	Nor-way.	Pol'nd (Aus.)	Pol'nd (Ger.)	Pol'nd (Rus.)
Adams	93				312		21	10
Ashland	222	83			772	2	37	17
Barron	81	255	16		2,473	6	26	7
Bayfield	112				1,542		17	10
Brown	676		3		387	107	658	53
Buffalo	98				889	3	106	
Burnett	8				615		4	
Calumet	157		3		9	1	13	1
Chippewa	335	7	2		1,794	17	158	22
Clark	66	4			539	94	240	166
Columbia	474	2		1	801		23	
Crawford	348	1			783		3	
Dane	1,163	15			6,288	1	3	6
Dodge	576	3	2		93		213	20
Door	153				901		45	1
Douglas	681	44	1		2,341	13	113	132
Dunn	149	1		474	2,254	3	7	5
Eau Claire	314	2			2,875		31	19
Florence	27	73			19	30		2
Fond du Lac	882	89	4		49		63	26
Forest	8				7		9	1
Grant	509	2	2		319	1	14	
Green	318				441			1
Green Lake	128	1			14	1	704	58
Iowa	457		12	1	743			
Iron	115	378			199	14	38	97
Jackson	83				2,083		46	2
Jefferson	299	13	1		269		15	2
Juneau	470	1			493	5	32	13
Kenosha	303	192		1	87	5	40	107
Kewaunee	85		11		60		146	4
La Crosse	299	12	22		3,470	12	126	45
Lafayette	715	4		2	753			
Langlade	58				57	23	150	35
Lincoln	81		4		416		31	8
Manitowoc	317	5	2		670	10	482	53
Marathon	113	3	1		429	17	918	81
Marinette	241	3	3	1	835	23	238	128
Marquette	225				12	12	150	7
Milwaukee	3,427	749	30	8	1,900	647	15,588	1,355
Monroe	368	1			787		6	4
Oconto	178		15		184	109	274	253
Oneida	83			2	374	3	75	17
Outagamie	519	10	17		71	2	34	8
Ozaukee	70		257		44		4	38
Pepin	32			1	59			1
Pierce	272		3		1,635			5
Polk	79	6			1,363		3	4
Portage	203			1	900	39	2,602	98
Price	32	2	22		192	4	17	15
Racine	516	85	1		957	5	55	41
Richland	219	1			229		4	
Rock	1,451	15		2	1,640		7	3
St. Croix	742	1	1		2,393			3
Sauk	421	31		1	115	1	33	14
Sawyer	22				385			
Shawano	52	3	1		681	101	579	51
Sheboygan	330	2	23		150	1	50	59
Taylor	23	1	9		168	2	3	3
Trempealeau	123		1		3,839	10	874	15
Vernon	130	79	1		3,031	7	3	1
Vilas	49	2		1	198			13
Walworth	831	7			375		8	
Washburn	33	18			241			
Washington	155	49	5		23	2	4	
Waukesha	502	7	2	1	269		29	
Waupaca	312	3			1,303	2	39	5
Waushara	90				220		145	13
Winnebago	662	6		2	453	2	89	36
Wood	132			2	372	21	164	102
Total	23,514	2,172	480	490	61,575	1,368	25,607	3,307

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 23.

Counties.	Poland	Rus- sia.	Scot- land.	Swe- den.	Switz- erland.	Tur- key.	Wales.	Other count.	Born at sea
Adams	8		20	23	21		2	3	
Ashland	70	235	57	1,247	50		6	2	6
Barron	3	85	10	923	68		5	1	6
Bayfield	26	81	35	1,223	20		2	2	5
Brown	72	53	75	83	51	2	11	31	8
Buffalo	10	4	28	28	406		13	10	7
Burnett		4	7	1,781	1				3
Calumet		5	5	10	43			1	3
Chippewa	1	41	57	351	114		8	5	2
Clark		79	10	133	61	3	4	11	5
Columbia		22	260	33	49		5	2	11
Crawford	1	1	23	11	59		3	1	2
Dane	4	70	200	235	293		48	13	12
Dodge	0	25	82	21	130		144	11	19
Door	2	5	21	433	33		1	3	1
Douglas	69	283	225	3,557	48		10	11	9
Dunn		1	42	207	80		13	8	5
Eau Claire	11	40	60	357	92		12	7	6
Florence		11	6	491	7				
Fond du Lac	8	35	112	22	107		80	10	15
Forest			2	21	3				3
Grant		17	62	15	5		13	6	3
Green		27	14	24	1,781		61		3
Green Lake		50	71	11			60	2	9
Iowa		2	25	6	12		315	1	7
Iron		53	13	257	1		2	15	1
Jackson		7	39	300	1		4		4
Jefferson	1	24	58	25	4	2	62	4	8
Juneau	22	42	53	131	2		11	4	3
Kenosha	4	84	50	317	5		60	8	4
Kewaunee	4	12	3	5	1		1	3	3
La Crosse	21	49	79	210	24		113	14	8
Lafayette		1	38	81	205		27	1	7
Langlade	3	13	10	34	21		2	2	3
Lincoln		38	10	310	21		1	7	6
Manitowoc	181	31	24	30	60	2	2	2	3
Marathon	45	53	20	304	132		10	5	11
Marinette	53	23	70	1,838	17		5	4	14
Marquette		9	103	5	7		9	5	9
Milwaukee	51	1,175	793	750	80	67	336	102	61
Monroe	2	9	43	40	57		80	1	9
Oconto	32	33	21	253	18		6	3	7
Oneida	35	47	22	473	21	3	6	3	
Outagamie	5	28	53	97	83	7	18	9	8
Ozaukee		6	4	10	14		4	2	3
Pepin	7	4	8	711	20				2
Pierce		10	32	1,311	110		4	2	7
Polk		4	20	2,037	15		3	3	4
Portage	11	47	40	133	17		13	8	12
Price	4	13	13	1,232	41		4	3	1
Racine	10	130	205	339	60	12	331	13	8
Richland		1	18	23	5		22	2	3
Rock	11	23	300	422	125	9	50	10	14
St. Croix	23	17	74	780	37		9	12	7
Sauk		30	53	32	218	1	42	2	8
Sawyer				111	3	1	1	3	1
Shawano	12	17	10	145	25	1	2	2	3
Sheboygan	2	233	20	34	80		7	20	11
Taylor	3	77	5	203	163		2	5	3
Trempealeau	10	4	92	223	52		4	1	10
Vernon		1	42	47	33		1		6
Vilas		18	6	14	15			1	3
Walworth	4	11	131	245	49		14	5	4
Washington		23	3	370	5				
Washington		10	8	20	61			4	10
Waukesha	2	23	168	60	117		313	10	20
Waupaca	3	125	47	177	55		26	33	10
Waushara	6	44	35	27	9		124	2	1
Winnebago	510	101	99	153	293	8	231	3	14
Wood	40	78	32	198	210		5	11	6
Total	1,507	4,243	4,560	26,136	7,633	113	3,353	583	524

Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 24.

Ages.	Nat. White— Nat. Parents.		Nat. White— For'n Parents.		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Under 1 month.....	1,016	1,007	1,154	1,113	19	18	3	4
1 to 2 months.....	2,207	2,191	2,453	2,478	25	21	3	2
3 to 5 months.....	3,025	2,931	3,533	3,477	31	28	5	6
6 to 8 months.....	2,814	2,833	3,325	3,335	27	30	2	4
9 to 11 months.....	3,210	3,017	3,421	3,421	34	25	5	3
Under 1 year.....	12,332	12,075	13,919	13,855	137	123	18	19
1 year	11,457	11,037	13,283	13,114	121	92	23	6
2 years	11,330	11,178	14,204	13,875	120	111	11	17
3 years	11,223	10,755	14,751	14,308	128	141	18	23
4 years	10,992	10,532	15,259	14,939	128	140	13	29
1 to 4 years	45,035	43,432	57,500	53,283	497	492	73	6
5 years	10,323	10,119	14,937	14,832	126	133	18	17
6 years	10,073	9,981	15,218	15,099	132	137	12	17
7 years	9,764	9,705	15,320	14,813	115	131	15	17
8 years	9,408	9,230	14,831	14,828	127	143	17	19
9 years	8,920	8,668	14,420	14,131	112	120	19	18
5 to 9 years	48,497	47,733	64,776	73,703	642	631	83	83
10 years	8,789	8,681	14,058	14,398	128	123	18	24
11 years	8,059	7,933	13,783	13,739	123	121	21	22
12 years	7,997	7,697	14,411	13,963	131	117	13	13
13 years	7,287	8,295	13,251	13,451	105	128	21	27
14 years	7,315	7,297	14,114	13,675	102	122	13	15
10 to 14 years	33,477	38,813	70,220	62,220	595	611	92	103
15 years	6,879	6,893	13,583	13,603	102	101	17	19
16 years	6,751	6,836	13,130	13,385	98	120	15	23
17 years	6,255	6,147	12,521	12,230	104	89	28	15
18 years	5,872	5,847	11,335	11,516	83	157	21	32
19 years	5,263	5,367	16,451	10,640	90	104	30	30
15 to 19 years	31,125	31,203	61,053	61,407	482	515	111	119
20 years	5,113	5,243	10,227	10,905	101	122	30	27
21 years	4,738	4,683	10,092	9,877	101	53	29	13
22 years	4,333	4,520	13,079	13,478	122	81	40	30
23 years	4,033	4,332	9,833	10,252	113	83	45	28
24 years	4,017	3,937	9,902	10,283	110	90	22	35
20 to 24 years	22,371	22,818	53,136	51,755	550	434	153	136
25 years	3,578	3,653	9,503	9,853	115	83	28	23
26 years	3,447	3,321	9,033	8,944	104	89	27	27
27 years	3,322	3,031	8,603	8,643	84	73	33	21
28 years	3,427	3,089	8,577	8,573	123	99	45	29
29 years	3,029	2,783	7,691	7,533	92	68	27	21
25 to 29 years	13,833	15,923	43,330	43,539	521	415	130	121
30 years	3,459	3,119	8,513	8,197	131	112	36	23
31 years	2,631	2,513	6,431	6,553	59	55	21	21
32 years	2,828	2,657	6,683	6,570	74	65	24	21
33 years	2,761	2,437	6,330	6,355	87	48	24	18
34 years	2,431	2,177	5,830	5,338	73	57	17	13
30 to 34 years	14,119	12,936	33,814	33,337	413	337	122	102

¹ Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.
² Includes all persons of negro descent.

Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1903.

Table 24—Continued.

Ages.	Nat. White.— Nat. Parents.		Nat. White.— For'n Parents.		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
35 years	2,534	2,222	5,830	5,715	118	89	43	29
36 years	2,387	2,187	5,576	5,533	77	74	21	27
37 years	2,318	2,273	5,437	5,338	78	60	28	17
38 years	2,559	2,424	5,833	5,533	92	58	31	19
39 years	2,576	2,348	5,378	5,289	92	45	26	15
35 to 39 years.....	12,384	11,454	28,164	27,441	457	317	142	107
40 years	2,779	2,440	3,783	5,438	142	103	44	16
41 years	2,368	1,953	4,503	4,297	44	27	12	8
42 years	2,342	2,152	4,731	4,635	60	35	20	14
43 years	2,187	1,923	4,074	3,935	57	41	19	13
44 years	2,138	1,933	3,630	3,419	52	42	10	6
40 to 44 years.....	11,754	10,407	21,723	21,751	331	218	105	57
45 years	2,323	1,907	3,473	3,183	81	87	18	15
43 years	1,947	1,710	2,630	2,572	60	39	22	13
47 years	1,819	1,676	2,359	2,297	63	41	19	11
48 years	1,933	1,742	2,213	2,109	57	33	18	4
49 years	1,791	1,584	1,833	1,727	61	43	8	11
45 to 49 years.....	9,873	8,610	12,547	11,891	322	243	85	84
50 years	2,035	1,795	1,837	1,693	102	75	25	15
51 years	1,635	1,448	1,282	1,161	47	38	23	6
52 years	1,724	1,491	1,216	1,093	49	37	15	8
53 years	1,524	1,421	984	878	33	19	13	4
54 years	1,511	1,325	810	783	48	43	12	12
53 to 54 years.....	8,458	7,489	6,159	5,538	232	192	83	45
55 years	1,618	1,493	799	682	52	41	10	8
56 years	1,413	1,353	628	579	40	23	14	7
57 years	1,309	1,309	495	531	30	16	9	5
58 years	1,189	1,245	423	414	33	23	10	6
59 years	1,318	1,236	410	390	25	28	6	5
55 to 59 years.....	6,838	6,630	2,746	2,533	189	134	49	31
60 years	1,236	1,330	385	400	68	71	8	3
61 years	922	1,023	242	243	21	12	2	2
62 years	1,136	1,021	278	231	22	13	1	2
63 years	1,133	1,041	281	234	20	20	5	7
64 years	1,020	1,051	229	224	21	20	4	.....
60 to 64 years.....	5,507	5,453	1,415	1,382	152	136	29	14
65 years	1,092	1,012	230	207	41	26	0	3
66 years	1,055	973	210	179	22	17	3	3
67 years	1,078	850	176	145	14	8	3	.....
68 years	903	813	123	109	24	21	6	8
69 years	853	811	110	108	15	24	4	5
65 to 69 years.....	4,941	4,489	849	748	113	99	30	19
70 years	893	832	133	114	33	48	6	7
71 years	634	608	87	67	9	5	3	.....
72 years	757	710	114	70	10	12	2	5
73 years	699	580	74	83	14	10	3	1
74 years	639	594	75	79	15	7	2	2
70 to 74 years.....	3,677	3,324	483	413	81	82	16	15

¹ Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

² Includes all persons of negro descent.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 24—Continued.

Ages.	Nat. White— Nat. Parents.		Nat. White— Foreign Par:		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
75 years	590	615	66	70	26	19	5	2
76 years	550	450	77	41	9	6	2	2
77 years	475	411	64	63	12	3	5	.....
78 years	443	371	48	45	4	9	.....	3
79 years	394	379	51	43	5	3	.....	.....
75 to 79 years.....	2,452	2,235	303	268	53	40	12	7
80 years	355	345	56	50	16	23	6	5
81 years	312	255	41	20	3	1	1	.....
82 years	232	228	33	27	2	5	1	3
83 years	195	170	31	19	2	.....	2	.....
83 years	180	151	21	23	4	5	.....	.....
84 years	180	151	21	23	4	5	.....	.....
80 to 84 years.....	1,313	1,158	182	142	27	37	10	8
85 years	157	141	18	12	5	4	.....	.....
85 years	93	103	16	11	3	1	1	.....
87 years	78	87	9	11	4	2	3	1
83 years	64	61	9	9	2	1	2	.....
83 years	50	49	6	10	2	1	.....	.....
85 to 89 years.....	442	441	58	53	16	9	6	1
90 years	35	47	7	1	7	8	1	.....
91 years	32	17	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
92 years	23	21	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....
92 years	14	14	1	3	.....	2	.....	2
93 years	7	14	.....	2	2	1	.....	1
94 years	111	110	13	8	9	12	1	3
50 to 94 years.....	111	110	13	8	9	12	1	3
95 years	4	6	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
93 years	1	3	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
97 years	1	8	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
98 years	2	2	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....
99 years	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
95 to 99 years.....	9	20	9	3	.....	1	.....	.....
101 years and over..	1	2	.....	2	2	2	.....	.....
Age unknown	1,050	481	280	150	52	26	23	6
All ages	238,552	237,351	180,631	175,642	5,956	5,175	1,418	1,124

¹ Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.
² Includes all persons of negro descent.

Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25.

	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Under 1 month...	2,220	2,138	2,219	2,138	1	1	1	1
1 to 2 months...	4,683	4,638	4,683	4,638	3	5	3	7
3 to 5 months...	6,614	6,476	6,619	6,463	15	10	15	10
6 to 8 months...	6,291	6,333	6,136	6,232	5	11	5	11
9 to 11 months...	6,681	6,482	6,668	6,436	13	18	13	18
Under 1 year...	23,425	23,007	23,388	23,053	37	44	37	44
1 year	21,938	21,312	21,871	21,243	77	60	77	60
2 years	25,811	25,270	25,681	25,142	127	108	127	103
3 years	23,250	23,333	23,107	23,201	143	132	142	132
4 years	23,570	23,765	23,378	23,621	172	141	171	141
1 to 4 years	103,519	100,663	103,030	100,210	519	453	517	453
5 years	25,509	25,323	25,381	25,134	201	189	201	189
6 years	25,683	25,459	25,423	25,216	265	243	235	212
7 years	27,323	25,081	25,178	24,353	425	428	424	428
8 years	25,093	24,909	24,411	24,299	680	700	689	699
9 years	24,468	23,825	23,431	22,919	977	903	977	903
5 to 9 years	123,435	121,687	123,911	122,221	2,551	2,463	2,570	2,464
10 years	21,676	21,277	23,575	23,205	1,631	1,052	1,081	1,052
11 years	23,100	22,031	21,970	21,822	1,130	1,112	1,129	1,111
12 years	23,917	23,104	22,512	21,780	1,375	1,324	1,375	1,321
13 years	22,031	22,212	20,643	20,874	1,418	1,378	1,418	1,373
11 years	23,229	22,612	21,531	21,094	1,633	1,608	1,638	1,603
10 to 11 years	116,933	115,119	110,231	108,685	6,672	6,461	6,671	6,433
15 years	22,271	22,335	20,531	20,603	1,707	1,759	1,707	1,759
16 years	21,953	22,215	20,000	20,401	1,949	1,814	1,919	1,811
17 years	21,169	20,615	18,833	18,487	2,283	2,128	2,283	2,128
18 years	20,132	20,139	17,231	17,519	2,858	2,659	2,857	2,649
19 years	18,363	19,025	15,997	16,119	3,062	2,915	3,060	2,911
15 to 19 years	104,519	104,419	92,657	93,123	11,832	11,236	11,359	11,291
20 years	18,023	19,557	15,469	13,270	3,457	3,287	3,455	3,287
21 years	18,473	17,703	14,978	14,621	3,498	3,082	3,455	3,082
22 years	18,226	18,317	14,592	15,077	3,634	3,210	3,632	3,233
23 years	17,577	17,994	13,985	14,675	3,592	3,209	3,573	3,207
24 years	18,019	17,568	11,027	11,339	3,992	3,229	3,990	3,228
20 to 24 years	91,291	91,019	73,051	75,602	18,153	16,017	18,111	16,012
25 years	17,176	16,920	13,191	13,598	3,985	3,322	3,930	3,321
26 years	16,671	15,659	12,577	12,357	4,091	3,302	4,037	3,302
27 years	16,451	15,222	12,039	11,892	4,445	3,420	4,412	3,420
28 years	16,837	15,492	12,104	11,735	4,733	3,727	4,777	3,725
29 years	15,403	13,976	10,717	10,411	4,689	3,532	4,684	3,532
25 to 29 years	82,594	77,233	60,598	59,903	21,993	17,333	21,970	17,329
30 years	18,227	15,999	12,083	11,423	6,139	4,573	6,132	4,571
31 years	13,710	13,733	9,110	9,136	4,600	3,699	4,592	3,599
32 years	15,133	13,767	9,575	9,283	5,581	4,479	5,574	4,475
33 years	15,095	13,435	9,291	8,831	5,894	4,554	5,887	4,551
34 years	14,170	12,508	8,321	7,909	5,816	4,608	5,833	4,603
33 to 34 years	76,358	68,445	48,238	43,631	28,930	21,811	28,018	21,895
35 years	15,112	12,912	8,517	8,016	6,575	4,595	6,589	4,895
36 years	14,434	12,699	8,025	7,761	6,409	4,935	6,391	4,935
37 years	13,370	12,205	7,838	7,730	5,942	4,475	5,937	4,471
38 years	14,733	12,632	8,478	8,015	6,304	4,617	6,233	4,611
39 years	14,395	12,271	8,031	7,682	6,272	4,592	6,230	4,592
35 to 39 years	72,464	62,722	40,942	39,297	31,532	23,515	31,459	23,510

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25—Continued.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
40 years	16,036	13,120	8,600	7,931	7,373	5,133	7,350	5,130
41 years	12,016	10,200	6,845	6,280	5,200	4,010	5,192	4,010
42 years	13,238	11,237	7,136	6,822	6,102	4,435	6,093	4,435
43 years	11,523	9,817	6,313	5,810	5,210	3,938	5,205	3,938
44 years	11,211	9,620	5,816	5,423	5,395	4,101	5,391	4,133
40 to 44 years.....	64,081	54,151	31,801	32,408	20,283	21,746	20,243	21,745
45 years	11,922	9,633	5,873	5,189	6,049	4,513	6,015	4,513
46 years	9,793	8,311	4,630	4,321	5,133	3,900	5,126	3,900
47 years	9,039	7,975	4,239	4,014	4,800	3,931	4,798	3,931
48 years	9,437	8,199	4,232	3,887	5,235	4,312	5,231	4,312
49 years	8,907	7,539	3,688	3,351	5,219	4,215	5,213	4,215
45 to 49 years.....	49,158	41,747	22,722	20,753	23,433	20,301	23,416	20,901
50 years	10,402	8,532	3,955	3,537	6,403	4,955	6,358	4,954
51 years	7,600	6,340	2,933	2,627	4,637	3,713	4,633	3,713
52 years	8,039	6,762	2,983	2,621	5,053	4,141	5,052	4,141
53 years	7,151	6,100	2,541	2,268	4,610	3,811	4,608	3,811
54 years	7,009	6,204	2,337	2,156	4,732	4,138	4,730	4,138
50 to 54 years.....	40,381	34,037	14,883	13,230	25,498	20,828	25,132	20,827
55 years	7,734	6,618	2,450	2,215	5,275	4,403	5,274	4,402
56 years	6,627	5,901	2,079	1,931	4,548	3,910	4,546	3,910
57 years	5,933	5,433	1,824	1,813	4,112	3,520	4,111	3,520
58 years	5,716	5,235	1,645	1,632	4,071	3,553	4,071	3,553
59 years	5,640	5,011	1,753	1,654	3,886	3,387	3,886	3,387
55 to 59 years.....	31,632	28,231	9,760	9,358	21,932	18,873	21,928	18,871
60 years	6,311	5,942	1,749	1,791	4,562	4,151	4,562	4,151
61 years	4,275	3,910	1,185	1,277	3,090	2,633	3,090	2,633
62 years	4,901	4,422	1,434	1,315	3,470	3,107	3,468	3,107
63 years	5,127	4,518	1,434	1,235	3,693	3,223	3,693	3,223
64 years	4,531	4,519	1,270	1,295	3,211	3,221	3,211	3,221
60 to 64 years.....	25,228	23,311	7,072	6,973	18,156	16,338	18,151	16,338
65 years	4,951	4,635	1,333	1,215	3,588	3,320	3,588	3,320
66 years	4,580	4,103	1,287	1,160	3,302	2,931	3,302	2,931
67 years	4,275	3,690	1,228	1,093	3,037	2,687	3,037	2,687
68 years	3,653	3,415	1,070	976	2,603	2,439	2,603	2,439
69 years	3,675	3,238	878	942	2,637	2,293	2,637	2,293
65 to 69 years.....	21,163	19,081	5,903	5,335	15,257	13,743	15,257	13,743
70 years	4,018	3,748	1,078	994	2,930	2,751	2,950	2,751
71 years	2,918	2,382	764	689	2,154	1,702	2,153	1,702
72 years	3,200	2,821	881	792	2,319	2,029	2,319	2,029
73 years	2,930	2,539	787	673	2,143	1,813	2,143	1,813
74 years	2,735	2,393	729	689	2,003	1,716	2,003	1,716
70 to 74 years.....	15,801	13,883	4,219	3,819	11,582	10,067	11,580	10,037
75 years	2,758	2,520	682	704	2,076	1,813	2,076	1,813
76 years	2,341	2,028	636	576	1,705	1,522	1,705	1,522
77 years	2,014	1,778	571	489	1,433	1,298	1,433	1,298
78 years	1,811	1,533	495	425	1,326	1,138	1,323	1,138
79 years	1,602	1,351	450	428	1,152	923	1,152	923
75 to 79 years.....	10,536	9,240	2,814	2,543	7,722	6,697	7,722	6,697
80 years	1,533	1,376	427	421	1,156	955	1,156	955
81 years	1,077	878	356	276	721	602	721	602
82 years	953	761	297	260	653	501	653	501
83 years	704	671	228	198	533	473	536	473
84 years	639	614	214	181	425	433	425	432
80 to 84 years.....	5,016	4,300	1,522	1,336	3,494	2,934	3,494	2,933

Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25—Continued.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
85 years	556	474	180	157	376	317	376	317
86 years	389	368	112	115	238	253	238	253
87 years	221	205	91	100	230	195	230	195
88 years	254	232	75	71	159	161	159	161
89 years	175	179	58	60	117	119	117	119
85 to 89 years...	1,653	1,548	516	533	1,150	1,045	1,150	1,045
90 years	147	168	49	53	98	112	98	112
91 years	74	66	34	18	40	48	40	48
92 years	68	63	26	23	42	04	42	40
93 years	45	48	15	19	30	20	30	29
94 years	30	34	9	14	21	20	21	20
90 to 94 years...	364	379	133	130	231	249	231	249
95 years	31	27	6	7	25	20	25	20
96 years	22	21	4	3	18	18	18	18
97 years	8	20	3	9	5	11	5	11
98 years	10	15	3	4	7	11	7	11
99 years	13	9	2	1	11	8	11	8
95 to 99 years...	81	92	18	24	66	68	66	68
100 yrs. and over	14	22	3	6	11	16	11	16
Age unknown ...	1,834	922	1,399	666	435	253	434	253
Total all ages...	1,067,532	1,001,480	384,937	768,134	232,625	233,346	282,303	233,312

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Population Classified as to Sex and Nativity, in Cities of Wisconsin, having 2,500 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 23.

Cities.	Total population.	Sex.		Native and Foreign born.	
		Male.	Female.	Native	Foreign.
Antigo	5,145	2,603.	2,542	4,180	965
Appleton	15,985	7,320	7,835	11,489	3,605
Ashland	13,074	7,113	5,931	8,357	4,417
Baraboo	5,751	2,746	3,005	5,019	732
Beaver Dam	5,128	2,442	2,683	4,105	1,023
Beloit	10,433	5,383	5,053	8,938	1,468
Berlin	4,430	2,108	2,381	3,342	1,117
Burlington	2,526	1,191	1,332	1,983	543
Chippewa Falls	8,094	3,920	4,101	5,737	2,357
Depere	4,038	1,920	2,118	2,013	1,025
Eau Claire	17,517	8,577	8,949	12,521	4,993
Fond du Lac	15,110	7,315	7,795	12,158	2,952
Fort Atkinson	3,043	1,418	1,595	2,542	501
Grand Rapids	4,493	2,237	2,253	3,429	1,073
Green Bay	18,681	9,083	9,598	14,632	4,022
Hudson	3,253	1,671	1,583	2,273	983
Janesville	13,185	6,375	6,810	10,773	2,409
Jefferson	2,581	1,235	1,318	2,003	581
Jefferson	5,115	2,510	2,605	4,071	1,044
Kaukauna	11,608	5,950	5,633	8,273	3,333
Kenosha	28,875	13,959	14,933	21,673	7,222
La Crosse	2,535	1,257	1,328	2,117	408
Lake Geneva	10,164	9,453	9,711	15,832	3,332
Madison	11,783	5,820	5,933	8,733	2,988
Manitowoc	13,195	8,278	7,917	10,653	5,512
Marinette	5,240	2,632	2,608	4,079	1,161
Marshfield	5,583	2,750	2,830	4,054	1,535
Menasha	5,655	2,731	2,834	3,833	1,772
Menominee	8,537	4,440	4,097	6,133	2,399
Merrill	285,315	140,533	144,779	196,321	88,991
Milwaukee	2,991	1,414	1,577	2,450	511
Mineral Point	3,927	1,789	2,147	3,192	735
Monroe	5,954	2,850	3,094	4,395	1,559
Neenah	2,742	1,372	1,370	2,327	515
New London	2,830	1,325	1,555	2,233	617
Oconomowoc	5,646	2,874	2,772	4,102	1,544
Oconto	28,284	13,543	14,741	20,928	7,357
Oshkosh	3,340	1,498	1,812	2,781	555
Platteville	5,450	2,555	2,904	4,275	1,181
Portage	3,010	1,600	1,410	2,285	725
Port Washington	3,232	1,500	1,642	2,533	693
Prairie du Chien	29,102	14,780	14,322	19,830	9,212
Racine	4,998	2,682	2,316	3,590	1,403
Rhineland	3,002	1,518	1,481	2,295	737
Rice Lake	3,818	1,740	2,039	2,933	835
Ripon	22,962	11,607	11,355	15,533	7,330
Sheboygan	3,392	1,837	1,555	2,439	953
South Milwaukee	3,555	1,650	1,905	3,095	450
Sparta	9,524	4,531	4,990	7,319	2,205
Stevens Point	3,431	1,725	1,703	2,780	1,051
Stoughton	3,372	1,703	1,639	2,719	623
Sturgeon Bay	31,091	17,628	13,433	19,672	11,410
Superior	2,840	1,382	1,453	2,327	513
Tomah	3,784	1,833	1,898	2,924	850
Two Rivers	3,437	4,034	4,403	5,900	2,447
Watertown	8,437	3,674	3,745	6,001	1,498
Waukesha	7,419	1,440	1,472	2,242	670
Waupaca	2,912	1,742	1,443	2,614	571
Waupun	3,185	6,148	6,203	8,607	3,717
Wausau	12,354	1,310	1,523	2,133	679
Wausau	2,812	1,483	1,917	2,819	553
Whitewater	3,405				
Total	719,213	392,016	398,197	571,635	218,577
Balance of state	1,278,829	675,516	603,283	981,435	297,391
Total population	2,010,042	1,067,532	1,001,480	1,553,071	515,971

White and Colored Population in Cities in Wisconsin, 1900, having 2,500 Inhabitants or More.

Table 27.

Cities.	Color.				
	White.	Negro.	Chinese.	Japanese.	Indian.
Antigo	5,143				
Appleton	15,059		2		
Ashland	13,033	18	5		3
Baraboo	5,724	12	5		21
Beaver Dam	5,123	25			2
Beloit	19,367	1	1		3
Berlin	4,187	63	3		
Burlington	2,525	1	1		
Chippewa Falls	8,037	1			
Depere	4,021	1	6		
Eau Claire	17,495	7	2		5
Fond du Lac	14,951	11	11		
Fort Atkinson	3,034	133	7		15
Grand Rapids	4,431	9			
Green Bay	18,610	2	2		
Hudson	3,257	33	7		4
Janesville	13,173	2			
Jefferson	2,581	18	5		
Kaukauna	5,102				
Kenosha	11,573	3			19
La Crosse	28,838	32	1		
Lake Geneva	2,581	53	1		
Madison	19,073	1	1		
Manitowoc	11,783	61	13	4	
Marinette	16,081	3	3		
Marshfield	5,236	1	3		103
Menasha	5,387	3	1		
Menominee	5,653	2			
Merrill	8,533	5,653	2		
Milwaukee	281,431	8	1		
Mineral Point	2,973	8	21		1
Monroe	3,925	15			
Neenah	5,939	2			
New London	2,730	2	2		11
Oconomowoc	2,877	1	2		
Oconto	5,631	1	2		
Oshkosh	23,233	7	3		5
Platteville	3,330	53	13		11
Portage	5,144	1			
Port Washington	3,010	11	4		
Prairie du Chien	3,232				
Racine	29,012				
Rhinclander	4,994	37	3		
Rice Lake	2,995	1	3		
Ripon	3,814		1		6
Sheboygan	22,951		4		
South Milwaukee	3,390		2		4
Sparta	3,521	33	1		
Stevens Point	9,519		5		
Stoughton	3,423	1	2		
Sturgeon Bay	3,337	3	2		
Superior	30,818	183	8		
Tomah	2,833	5	2		29
Two Rivers	3,782		2		
Watertown	8,433		2		
Waukesha	7,329		1		
Waupaca	2,901	47	1		2
Waupun	3,165	6	2		
Wausau	12,550	17			3
Wauwatosa	2,872	1	3		
Wauwater	3,395	3	2		
Total	787,915	1,870	183	4	247
Balance of state	1,269,993	683	21	1	8,125
Total population	2,057,911	2,553	202	5	8,372

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Native and Foreign Born Population in Cities in Wisconsin, 1900, having a Population of 2,500 Persons and more, Classified as to Sex.

Table 28.

Cities.	Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Female.
Antigo	2,003	2,031				
Appleton	5,417	6,033	1,833	1,892	1,738	1,832
Ashland	4,491	4,133	2,622	1,795	2,617	1,775
Baraboo	2,370	2,640	373	353	375	353
Beaver Dam	1,913	2,133	593	520	531	520
Beloit	4,603	4,332	777	691	771	691
Berlin	1,531	1,811	577	570	576	570
Burlington	912	1,041	252	291	252	291
Chippewa Falls	2,733	3,001	1,251	1,103	1,251	1,101
Depere	1,334	1,620	533	480	534	480
Eau Claire	5,990	6,511	2,537	2,499	2,539	2,401
Fond du Lac	5,778	6,389	1,537	1,415	1,518	1,401
Fort Atkinson	1,131	1,358	251	237	241	247
Grand Rapids	1,673	1,711	531	512	550	512
Green Bay	6,910	7,722	2,146	1,873	2,140	1,873
Hudson	1,113	1,130	555	428	555	423
Janesville	5,153	5,629	1,210	1,100	1,211	1,190
Jefferson	934	1,019	302	270	302	270
Kaukauna	1,920	2,111	550	424	550	424
Kenosha	4,106	4,177	1,814	1,430	1,813	1,431
La Crosse	10,331	11,279	3,655	3,557	3,652	3,537
Lake Geneva	1,032	1,115	255	213	254	213
Madison	7,691	8,103	1,750	1,603	1,737	1,601
Maanitowoc	4,354	4,534	1,533	1,432	1,533	1,432
Marinette	5,331	5,422	3,017	2,475	3,014	2,495
Marshfield	2,013	2,053	619	512	618	542
Menasha	2,603	2,018	753	782	752	782
Menomonee	1,815	2,078	973	793	975	793
Merrill	3,033	3,072	1,374	1,025	1,373	1,023
Milwaukee	91,714	101,619	45,822	43,169	45,791	43,157
Mineral Point	1,151	1,209	263	273	263	278
Monroe	1,431	1,753	346	389	346	389
Menasha	2,053	2,312	837	752	895	752
New London	1,075	1,132	277	278	275	238
Oconomowoc	1,002	1,231	323	321	321	321
Oconto	2,040	2,032	814	710	831	710
Oshkosh	9,778	11,150	3,735	3,591	3,743	3,591
Platteville	1,225	1,550	273	281	273	283
Portage	2,011	2,234	541	610	510	640
Port Washington	1,178	1,197	432	381	422	393
Prairie du Chien	1,203	1,330	381	312	381	312
Racine	9,836	10,691	4,974	4,263	4,971	4,238
Rhinclander	1,812	1,718	810	533	837	538
Rice Lake	1,033	1,139	452	345	451	345
Ripon	1,314	1,619	435	450	431	450
Sheboygan	7,565	7,998	4,012	3,357	4,038	3,357
South Milwaukee	1,237	1,152	550	403	518	403
Sparta	1,425	1,670	225	235	221	235
Stevens Point	3,411	3,938	1,123	1,081	1,120	1,082
Stoughton	1,182	1,198	513	503	511	508
Sturgeon Bay	1,333	1,381	310	283	338	283
Superior	10,467	9,295	7,131	4,258	7,150	4,251
Tomah	1,132	1,205	270	253	253	233
Two Rivers	1,415	1,590	471	389	480	389
Watertown	2,833	3,151	1,198	1,219	1,197	1,219
Waukesha	2,935	3,016	709	690	703	690
Waupaca	1,033	1,171	372	278	370	278
Waupun	1,370	1,244	372	199	372	199
Wausau	4,181	4,423	1,937	1,789	1,931	1,789
Wauwatosa	970	1,193	349	330	349	330
Whitewater	1,214	1,305	241	312	242	312
Total	273,553	305,183	75,463	103,111	115,253	193,091
Balance of state	538,381	432,951	237,132	130,232	167,137	130,221
Total population	781,937	738,131	282,625	233,343	282,393	223,312

Total Native White Population of Native and Foreign Parents and Colored, in Cities having 2,500 Inhabitants or more in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 29.

Cities.	Native White Native Parents		Native White Foreign Parents		Total Colored.		Negro.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Antigo	997	878	1,098	1,216	2	.....	.....	.....
Appleton	2,039	2,077	3,351	3,972	12	14	5	13
Ashland	1,557	1,357	2,914	2,793	25	16	6	6
Baraboo	1,438	1,471	922	1,162	11	16	10	15
Beaver Dam	882	936	1,053	1,229	4	1	1	.....
Beloit	2,919	2,619	1,651	1,713	39	30	36	30
Berlin	645	709	853	1,101	1	1	.....	1
Burlington	418	494	523	637	1	.....	1	.....
Chippewa	853	902	1,879	2,000	7	.....	1	.....
Depere	496	549	882	1,074	8	6	3	4
Eau Claire	2,052	2,227	3,926	4,301	19	3	8	3
Fond du Lac	2,657	2,738	3,049	3,589	91	68	77	59
Fort Atkinson	672	762	500	500	3	6	3	6
Grand Rapids	706	639	970	1,105	2	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay	2,468	2,689	4,451	5,025	27	17	19	14
Hudson	459	421	653	738	1	1	1	1
Janesville	2,951	3,074	2,197	2,533	13	10	8	10
Jefferson	282	379	582	660	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kaukauna	732	776	1,190	1,330	8	5	1	2
Kenosha	1,518	1,527	2,572	2,625	17	16	16	13
La Crosse	3,692	3,791	6,585	7,551	30	27	29	27
Lake Geneva	644	653	358	492	1	.....	.....	.....
Madison	3,571	3,513	4,039	4,560	56	35	34	35
Manitowoc	1,239	1,258	3,014	3,274	4	2	1	2
Marinette	1,405	1,365	3,770	4,094	59	53	1	.....
Marshfield	770	816	1,240	1,250	4	.....	3	.....
Menasha	581	572	1,425	1,475	1	1	1	1
Menomonee	490	612	1,324	1,456	2	.....	.....	.....
Merrill	1,049	982	2,017	2,099	1	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee	23,943	24,655	70,399	76,576	493	391	471	391
Mineral Point	492	535	651	757	8	7	8	7
Monroe	814	972	589	765	1	1	1	1
Neeah	731	813	1,312	1,526	12	3	2	.....
New London	599	572	585	630	3	.....	1	.....
Oconomowoc	475	588	526	643	3	.....	1	.....
Oconto	611	596	1,423	1,490	9	6	4	3
Oshkosh	3,668	3,935	5,077	7,183	50	31	26	23
Platteville	657	852	538	703	.....	1	.....	.....
Portage	814	917	1,192	1,341	9	6	5	6
Port Washington	391	379	787	728	.....	.....	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien	504	533	702	797	.....	.....	.....	.....
Racine	3,085	3,033	6,678	6,977	46	44	43	44
Rhineland	754	682	1,087	1,063	4	.....	.....	.....
Rice Lake	448	503	615	633	4	3	1	.....
Ripon	615	707	699	910	4	.....	.....	.....
Sheboygan	2,057	2,123	5,507	5,872	5	5	.....	.....
South Milwaukee	411	369	876	783	2	.....	.....	.....
Sparta	994	1,069	418	531	14	20	13	20
Stevens Point	1,460	1,604	1,949	2,304	5	.....	.....	.....
Stoughton	498	366	773	832	3	.....	1	.....
Sturgeon Bay	521	573	839	813	5	.....	3	.....
Superior	4,101	3,218	6,250	5,895	127	96	102	84
Tomah	630	674	492	526	2	5	.....	5
Two Rivers	335	398	1,050	1,111	2	.....	.....	.....
Watertown	807	867	2,029	2,287	1	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	1,456	1,420	1,477	1,609	33	17	30	17
Waupaca	553	598	509	576	8	.....	6	.....
Waupun	745	690	635	584	20	.....	17	.....
Wausau	1,130	1,076	3,050	3,359	4	.....	1	.....
Wauwatosa	440	532	530	661	.....	.....	.....	.....
Whitewater	749	964	492	636	5	5	.....	5
Total	95,690	97,383	79,739	103,753	1,331	937	1,094	855
Balance of state	202,832	81,938	200,922	278,836	4,624	4,268	414	239
Total pop.	298,522	187,321	190,661	473,642	5,955	5,175	1,418	1,124

Males 18 to 44 Years of Age and 21 Years and Over, or of Military and Voting Age, Classified as to Nativity and Color, in Cities in Wisconsin having 2,500 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 30.

Cities.	Males 18 to 44 Years, Inclusive				Males 21 Years and Over.			
	Native white.	For. white.	Negro. ¹	Other col'd. ²	Native white.	For. white.	Negro. ¹	Other col'd. ²
Antigo	733	264	.....	2	819	453	.....	2
Appleton	1,985	803	1	7	2,074	1,631	3	7
Ashland	1,692	1,982	3	9	1,763	2,415	5	8
Baraboo	1,050	142	5	.....	1,300	331	6	1
Beaver Dam	798	153	1	3	855	483	1	2
Beloit	2,300	432	13	3	2,632	713	27	3
Berlin	458	235	.....	1	642	511	.....	1
Burlington	378	77	1	.....	440	242	.....	.....
Chippewa	837	653	.....	4	944	1,173	1	6
Deperre	449	187	1	3	503	490	1	4
Eau Claire	1,720	1,419	5	9	2,053	2,302	7	11
Fond du Lac	2,577	597	30	9	2,052	1,400	43	10
Fort Atkinson	509	118	1	.....	650	252	2	.....
Grand Rapids	598	279	.....	1	673	493	.....	2
Green Bay	2,719	965	12	8	2,738	1,983	17	8
Hudson	383	342	1	.....	474	507	1	.....
Janesville	2,312	532	7	4	2,833	1,134	6	5
Jefferson	402	100	.....	.....	403	238	.....	.....
Kaukauna	697	259	1	1	741	514	1	1
Kenosha	1,640	1,099	12	.....	1,583	1,621	10	1
La Crosse	3,912	1,738	13	1	4,133	3,390	20	1
Lake Geneva	333	121	.....	1	530	233	.....	1
Madison	3,977	849	10	20	4,015	1,649	22	22
Manitowoc	1,739	605	1	3	1,679	1,448	1	3
Marinette	1,478	1,873	.....	24	1,520	2,620	1	31
Marshfield	695	336	3	1	719	544	3	1
Menasha	662	327	1	.....	671	650	1	.....
Menomonie	474	517	.....	2	532	330	.....	2
Merrill	1,029	834	.....	.....	1,048	1,191	.....	1
Milwaukee	35,171	25,014	312	13	34,185	40,455	358	22
Mineral Point	512	53	2	.....	587	258	4	.....
Monroe	553	121	.....	.....	737	319	1	.....
Neenah	745	331	1	4	831	738	2	6
New London	461	113	.....	.....	523	234	1	2
Oconomowoc	332	117	.....	2	472	217	1	2
Oconto	640	391	1	3	672	734	2	5
Oshkosh	3,787	1,872	11	17	4,114	3,362	17	20
Platteville	503	45	.....	.....	634	275	.....	.....
Portage	857	173	2	4	990	519	5	4
Port Washington	510	187	.....	.....	492	376	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien	471	140	.....	.....	521	334	.....	.....
Racine	3,083	2,833	21	3	3,810	4,438	32	3
Rhineland	776	620	1	3	811	752	1	3
Rice Lake	340	261	.....	4	393	403	.....	4
Ripon	512	132	.....	.....	651	401	.....	4
Sheboygan	2,708	2,038	.....	2	2,603	3,431	.....	4
South Milwaukee	507	322	.....	1	518	483	.....	2
Sparta	518	83	3	1	730	207	4	1
Stevens Point	1,164	548	.....	5	1,327	1,023	.....	4
Stoughton	495	327	1	2	449	509	1	2
Sturgeon Bay	546	144	.....	2	588	332	1	2
Superior	4,523	5,603	66	10	4,818	6,401	81	14
Tomah	430	114	.....	2	534	230	.....	2
Two Rivers	549	193	.....	2	483	436	.....	2
Watertown	1,074	369	.....	1	1,042	1,111	.....	1
Waukesha	1,129	301	11	1	1,359	625	19	1
Waupaca	359	203	.....	3	482	347	5	2
Waupun	726	171	15	3	913	362	16	3
Wausau	1,312	1,113	1	3	1,351	1,739	1	3
Wauwatosa	313	153	.....	.....	411	304	.....	.....
Whitewater	472	56	.....	2	723	238	1	2
Total	105,223	62,217	573	210	110,831	103,641	738	251
Balance of state	181,365	72,534	.....	1,530	199,025	153,633	238	2,242
Total pop.	288,588	134,751	746	1,740	309,909	257,304	1,003	2,493

¹ Includes all persons of negro descent.
² Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

Total Persons 5 to 20 Years of Age Classified as to Nativity, Sex and Color, in Cities, 1900.

Table 31.

CITIES.	5 TO 20 YEARS, INCLUSIVE.							
	Native White.		For. White.		Negro. ¹		Other Color ²	
	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.
Antigo	934	950	53	64				
Appleton	2,321	2,531	132	130	1			
Asland	1,757	1,843	199	252				
Baraboo	783	800	14	33	3		9	5
Beaver Dam	807	827	14	45		7		1
Peloit	1,450	1,443	57	61	8		1	
Berlin	614	775	41	60		13		
Burlington	355	403	10	17	1		1	
Chippewa	1,280	1,428	78	123				
Depere	630	746	35	39	1	3		
Eau Claire	2,933	3,110	183	225	1	2	1	1
Fond du Lac	2,934	2,311	109	110	23	19		
Fort Atkinson	387	462	12	23	1	2	4	5
Grand Rapids	730	771	62	72				
Green Bay	2,938	3,284	152	153	2	4		
Hudson	478	531	47	35		1		
Janesville	1,750	1,849	80	113	2	3		
Jefferson	418	436	14	10				
Kaukauna	810	961	33	53		1	4	1
Kenosha	1,670	1,677	215	215	5	5		
La Crosse	1,492	4,933	253	317	7	10		
Lake Geneva	332	370	20	20				
Madison	2,839	2,813	87	109	9	4		
Manitowoc	1,817	2,023	111	105				
Marinette	2,535	2,630	412	415		1	10	13
Marshfield	931	1,036	73	77				
Menasha	920	813	130	113		1		
Menominee	971	1,041	93	72				
Merrill	1,417	1,438	171	151				
Milwaukee	2,465	45,174	5,210	5,795	83	93		
Mineral Point	412	489	5	5	3	2		
Monroe	521	627	27	38				
Neenah	913	1,038	65	77			4	2
New London	418	450	11	17				
Oconomowoc	379	445	24	20				
Oconto	909	971	61	73	1	1		2
Oshkosh	1,107	4,616	375	371	6	11	2	2
Platteville	450	575	8	8				
Portage	782	895	21	41		2		
Port Washington	492	450	46	30				
Prairie du Chien	516	583	19	21				
Racine	4,140	4,330	525	535	9	20		
Rhineland	683	728	82	79				
Rice Lake	437	533	48	57				1
Ripon	524	584	39	42				
Sheboygan	3,452	3,594	585	561			1	2
South Milwaukee	517	514	56	53				
Sparta	521	572	16	27	8	13		
Stevens Point	1,531	1,733	96	136			1	
Stoughton	525	539	32	51				
Sturgeon Bay	564	615	16	22	2			
Superior	3,532	3,831	719	670	11	21	8	3
Tomah	435	454	19	28		3		
Two Rivers	674	675	32	25				
Watertown	1,401	1,313	51	85				
Waukesha	1,251	1,033	82	92	10	3	2	
Waupaca	432	483	23	31	1			
Waupun	313	381	10	13	1			
Wausau	2,059	2,137	221	251				
Wauwatosa	395	477	44	51				
Whitewater	404	488	4	11	2	2		
Total	118,077	125,811	11,415	12,060	207	250	53	46
Balance of state	222,421	212,528	13,090	10,839	114	90	1,443	1,520
Total pop.	340,518	338,389	24,535	23,508	321	340	1,496	1,575

¹ Includes all persons of negro descent.

² Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

Showing the Total Number of Dwellings, the Total Number of Families or Separate Homes, the Total Number of Private Families and the Total and Average Population of Same, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 32.

Counties.	Total Dwellings.	Total Families.	Private Families.		Average size.
			Number	Population.	
Adams	1,916	1,979	1,975	9,110	4.6
Ashland	3,477	3,894	3,732	17,328	4.7
Barron	4,627	4,721	4,659	21,175	5.0
Bayfield	2,523	2,631	2,504	12,192	4.8
Brown	8,713	9,072	8,950	41,571	5.0
Burnett	3,291	3,403	3,380	16,608	4.9
Buffalo	1,513	1,539	1,531	7,437	4.9
Burnett	3,327	3,384	3,348	16,788	5.0
Calumet	6,113	6,470	6,303	31,165	4.9
Chippewa	5,083	5,201	5,141	25,333	4.9
Clark	6,833	7,020	6,932	30,493	4.4
Columbia	3,411	3,473	3,431	16,856	4.9
Crawford	13,577	14,277	14,015	63,407	4.7
Dane	9,530	9,978	9,858	45,339	4.6
Dodge	3,217	3,335	3,207	17,383	5.3
Door	5,811	6,592	6,233	30,278	4.8
Douglas	4,971	5,038	5,024	24,531	4.9
Dunn	6,089	6,577	6,411	30,504	4.7
Eau Claire	610	677	607	2,936	4.9
Florence	9,838	10,214	10,123	45,998	4.5
Fond du Lac	281	279	276	1,151	4.3
Forest	8,213	8,275	8,324	37,911	4.6
Grant	5,103	5,216	5,189	22,313	4.3
Green	3,397	3,441	3,411	15,591	4.5
Green Lake	4,751	4,911	4,905	22,607	4.6
Iowa	1,110	1,114	1,073	5,833	5.4
Iron	3,499	3,567	3,541	17,220	4.9
Jackson	7,569	7,728	7,658	33,911	4.4
Jefferson	4,352	4,438	4,426	20,112	4.6
Juneau	4,165	4,514	4,440	21,609	4.7
Kenosha	3,116	3,225	3,201	16,978	5.3
Kewaunee	3,486	3,910	3,810	41,360	4.7
La Crosse	4,379	4,425	4,392	20,721	4.7
Lafayette	2,497	2,492	2,393	12,000	5.0
Lanade	3,075	3,187	3,117	15,433	5.0
Lincoln	7,819	8,429	8,322	40,870	4.9
Manitowoc	7,721	8,126	8,052	42,038	5.2
Marathon	5,491	5,833	5,745	29,329	5.1
Marquette	2,142	2,157	2,152	10,377	4.8
Marquette	51,319	67,733	66,725	313,071	4.7
Milwaukee	5,831	5,939	5,932	27,270	4.6
Monroe	3,822	3,971	3,924	20,467	5.2
Oconto	1,621	1,713	1,649	7,617	4.6
Oncida	9,094	9,372	9,283	45,305	4.9
Outagamie	3,144	3,282	3,235	15,914	4.9
Ozaukee	1,622	1,673	1,624	7,833	4.8
Pepin	5,935	5,179	5,083	23,578	4.6
Pierce	3,623	3,648	3,623	17,618	4.9
Polk	5,633	5,775	5,715	23,983	5.1
Portage	1,875	1,833	1,839	8,517	4.7
Price	9,022	9,851	9,727	41,277	4.3
Racine	4,110	4,258	4,230	19,170	4.5
Richland	10,946	11,505	11,315	49,075	4.3
Rock	5,151	5,273	5,208	26,173	5.0
St. Croix	7,190	7,318	7,254	32,445	4.5
Sauk	728	775	725	3,375	4.6
Sawyer	5,074	5,170	5,081	26,473	5.2
Shawano	9,531	10,578	10,440	47,311	4.7
Sheboygan	2,034	2,133	2,083	11,458	5.0
Taylor	4,412	4,548	4,507	22,723	5.0
Trempealeau	5,778	5,871	5,812	27,921	4.8
Vilas	995	913	825	3,673	4.4
Walworth	6,323	7,016	6,965	28,235	4.1
Washington	1,109	1,135	1,113	5,235	4.7
Washington	4,481	4,621	4,536	23,016	5.0
Waukesha	7,572	7,783	7,558	33,750	4.5
Waupaca	6,492	6,535	6,461	30,413	4.7
Waushara	3,453	3,491	3,475	15,731	4.5
Winnebago	11,871	12,431	12,339	53,045	4.5
Wood	4,503	5,009	4,933	25,110	5.1
Total	398,017	426,033	422,327	1,991,415	4.7

Showing the Number of Farm Homes Owned Free from Encumbrance, and Encumbered, the Number that were Hired or Rented and the Number Unknown in this Respect by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 33.

COUNTIES.	FARM HOMES.					
	Total.	Owned.			Hired.	Unknown.
		Free.	Encumbered.	Unknown.		
Adams	1,792	983	583	12	197	12
Ashland	501	317	142	18	22	2
Barron	2,982	1,530	1,185	26	181	10
Bayfield	438	389	43	2	29	2
Brown	3,734	1,835	1,533	78	230	25
Buffalo	2,245	992	997	33	303	10
Burnett	1,193	921	223	23	25	2
Calumet	2,157	1,015	1,090	11	150	2
Chippewa	3,020	1,757	993	32	227	15
Clark	3,402	1,500	1,632	33	214	14
Columbia	3,390	1,341	1,549	60	702	15
Crawford	2,078	1,004	582	148	223	8
Dane	6,450	2,652	2,111	90	1,518	88
Dodge	5,053	2,143	1,933	54	839	27
Door	2,297	1,141	917	13	95	11
Douglas	251	189	34	5	23	
Dunn	3,143	1,520	1,218	63	323	13
Eau Claire	2,019	963	870	35	180	7
Florence	178	138	21	5	10	2
Fond du Lac	4,327	1,771	1,617	105	312	22
Forest	61	23	25		9	1
Grant	4,220	1,771	1,691	47	328	13
Green	2,577	843	1,033	27	632	6
Green Lake	1,759	615	632	91	315	7
Iowa	2,573	1,043	1,012	38	427	13
Iron	76	53	14		6	
Jackson	2,449	1,238	830	23	215	14
Jefferson	3,544	1,508	1,235	70	615	23
Juneau	2,658	1,303	935	29	350	8
Kenosha	1,317	509	383	22	304	9
Kewaunee	2,180	1,246	851	20	64	8
La Crosse	1,835	833	607	35	350	10
Lafayette	2,593	933	847	28	683	12
Langlade	1,032	428	501	15	73	2
Lincoln	889	505	328	13	31	12
Manitowoc	4,053	1,824	2,040	24	150	9
Marathon	4,169	1,855	1,835	281	149	9
Marinette	1,284	511	531	23	73	8
Marquette	1,521	742	601	14	133	1
Milwaukee	2,543	1,073	635	9	730	7
Monroe	3,677	1,874	1,385	37	372	11
Oconto	2,198	1,030	937	82	113	6
Oneida	337	220	64	27	24	2
Outagamie	3,632	1,478	1,775	20	343	15
Ozaukee	1,725	855	679	14	173	4
Pepin	1,038	578	363	7	83	2
Pierce	3,240	1,432	1,296	178	332	11
Polk	2,912	1,453	1,141	150	154	14
Portage	3,141	1,308	1,482	28	295	28
Price	832	581	254	6	16	5
Racine	2,148	842	739	22	509	6
Richland	2,783	1,274	1,414	38	423	34
Rock	3,873	1,161	1,311	25	1,343	33
St. Croix	3,023	1,319	1,321	38	334	11
Sauk	3,873	1,613	1,563	178	515	7
Sawyer	151	124	15	1	11	
Shawano	3,147	1,349	1,693	10	80	15
Sheboygan	3,599	1,590	1,477	38	485	9
Taylor	1,202	733	401	4	31	3
Trempealeau	3,137	1,399	1,377	30	300	31
Vernon	4,196	2,164	1,517	44	458	18
Vilas	73	58	7	4	3	1
Walworth	2,787	977	901	24	370	15
Washburn	440	343	70	2	24	1
Washington	2,801	1,336	1,204	23	311	17
Waukesha	3,599	1,595	1,194	40	732	18
Waupaca	3,691	1,533	1,634	72	332	47
Waushara	2,681	1,273	1,037	17	340	14
Winnebago	2,857	1,233	950	73	513	15
Wood	2,323	1,057	1,083	22	147	14
Total	169,287	77,490	65,583	2,917	22,414	877

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Showing the Number of Other than Farm Homes Owned Free from Encumbrance, the Number Encumbered, the Number Hired and the Number Unknown, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 34.

COUNTIES.	OTHER HOMES.					
	Total.	Owned.			Hired.	Unknown.
		Free.	Encumbered.	Unknown.		
Adams	183	82	13	2	63	23
Ashland	3,281	1,094	288	28	1,733	85
Barron	1,677	740	167	101	611	58
Bayfield	2,033	831	234	7	832	82
Brown	5,153	1,838	675	207	2,305	141
Buffalo	1,135	508	123	28	385	91
Burnett	335	175	27	6	101	26
Calumet	1,191	603	131	7	380	37
Chippewa	3,277	1,418	354	48	1,323	134
Clark	1,742	704	219	37	651	91
Columbia	3,572	1,753	415	49	1,222	133
Crawford	1,376	513	82	172	533	73
Dane	7,535	2,819	1,054	164	3,125	294
Dodge	4,802	2,159	847	51	1,530	205
Door	1,190	412	140	25	414	108
Douglas	6,000	1,500	854	374	3,510	232
Dunn	1,878	628	178	23	681	85
Eau Claire	4,422	1,618	645	60	1,973	125
Florence	481	191	24	2	182	32
Fond du Lac	5,793	2,281	726	395	2,033	307
Forest	205	59	27	9	79	31
Grant	4,634	2,158	375	46	1,357	127
Green	2,603	1,176	243	28	1,023	123
Green Lake	1,644	764	278	36	533	43
Iowa	2,332	1,169	198	37	812	116
Iron	1,000	452	16	12	489	40
Jackson	1,092	521	78	10	377	103
Jefferson	4,114	1,655	703	215	1,334	201
Juneau	1,738	501	185	53	619	89
Kenosha	3,123	913	673	22	1,415	100
Kewaunee	1,012	383	93	75	373	88
La Crosse	6,915	2,179	1,157	48	3,231	270
Lafayette	1,889	836	180	57	745	43
Langlade	1,364	518	214	15	539	37
Lincoln	2,223	983	395	68	781	85
Manitowoc	4,263	1,660	746	30	1,671	159
Marathon	3,883	1,653	581	52	1,479	118
Marquette	4,461	1,757	617	28	1,838	161
Marquette	631	292	70	11	212	46
Milwaukee	64,182	10,653	12,809	168	39,995	553
Monroe	2,253	1,060	247	56	779	111
Oconto	1,726	777	158	44	639	108
Oneida	1,312	399	136	32	662	83
Outagamie	5,651	2,197	1,142	73	2,131	111
Ozaukee	1,510	639	225	16	553	72
Pepin	583	291	57	20	233	15
Pierce	1,833	775	218	75	689	85
Polk	714	283	68	23	259	81
Portage	2,574	1,076	356	47	951	134
Price	938	423	89	20	335	58
Racine	7,579	2,052	1,763	127	3,484	143
Richland	1,447	512	139	41	659	96
Rock	7,470	2,721	1,135	100	3,238	246
St. Croix	2,185	982	236	27	813	124
Sauk	3,383	1,393	445	123	1,281	140
Sawyer	574	389	32	1	131	30
Shavano	1,937	930	253	36	618	90
Sheboygan	6,811	2,121	1,499	45	3,070	125
Taylor	883	319	115	12	385	55
Trempealeau	1,370	623	141	17	500	89
Vernon	1,646	644	172	41	653	136
Vilas	752	299	16	7	397	33
Walworth	4,178	1,859	621	31	1,552	115
Washburn	673	333	43	7	237	20
Washington	1,675	692	263	49	577	94
Waukesha	3,959	1,299	635	191	1,627	207
Waupaca	2,773	1,192	376	83	935	184
Waushara	794	383	99	5	254	50
Winnebago	9,482	3,240	2,027	617	3,121	477
Wood	2,610	1,123	389	19	935	111
Total	251,010	81,569	39,377	5,038	114,595	8,431

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 35.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Agricultural Pursuits:						
Agricultural laborers	23	1	23	14	2	16
Dairymen and dairywomen	1	1	2	15	1	16
Farmers, planters and overseers	23	1	25	23	1	29
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	15	1	17	7	1	8
Lumbermen and raftsmen	1	1	2	148	1	148
Stock raisers, herders and drovers	1	1	2	4	1	5
Wood choppers	1	1	2	5	1	6
Other agricultural pursuits	1	1	2	1	1	2
Total	73	1	77	221	3	227
Professional Service.						
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	6	1	7	11	10	21
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.	13	1	18	10	1	10
Artists and teachers of art	7	3	19	4	4	8
Clergymen	33	2	38	42	2	44
Dentists	14	1	15	18	1	19
Electricians	21	1	22	21	1	22
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors	15	1	16	4	1	5
Journalists	17	1	18	22	3	25
Lawyers	31	1	32	117	1	118
Literary and scientific persons	4	3	7	4	6	10
Musicians and teachers of music	10	28	38	18	25	43
Officials (government)	55	2	57	55	2	57
Physicians and surgeons	35	3	38	44	2	46
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	28	163	191	30	203	233
Other professional service	4	4	8	2	2	4
Total	281	213	494	453	265	723
Domestic and Personal Service:						
Barbers and hairdressers	63	3	69	74	8	82
Bartenders	28	1	29	133	1	134
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1	27	28	11	71	87
Hotelkeepers	18	1	19	53	12	65
Housekeepers and stewards	2	63	65	4	40	44
Janitors and sextons	25	1	26	32	1	33
Laborers (not specified)	233	11	244	3,936	33	3,912
Launderers and laundresses	23	63	86	21	97	118
Nurses and midwives	1	33	34	1	53	54
Restaurant keepers	4	4	8	20	1	21
Saloonkeepers	83	1	84	151	1	152
Servants and waiters	41	431	472	119	679	828
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.)	7	1	8	7	1	8
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	82	1	83	122	1	123
Other domestic and personal service	7	5	12	9	1	10
Total	1,077	672	2,319	4,678	1,001	5,679
Trade and Transportation:						
Agents	131	4	165	194	8	202
Bankers and brokers	43	1	44	21	1	24
Boatmen and sailors	81	1	82	52	1	53
Bookkeepers and accountants	133	51	183	132	35	167
Clerks and copyists	317	128	445	318	61	379
Commercial travelers	48	1	49	53	1	54
Draymen, packmen, teamsters, etc.	251	1	252	323	1	323
Foremen and overseers	13	1	14	53	1	54
Hostlers	19	1	20	15	1	16
Hucksters and peddlers	29	1	30	30	1	31
Livery stable keepers	11	1	12	8	1	9
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale) ..	324	18	342	357	3	372
Merchants and dealers (wholesale)	5	1	6	50	1	51
Messengers and errand and office boys	13	3	16	22	1	23
Officials of banks and companies	33	1	34	78	1	79
Packers and shippers	15	5	20	71	1	72
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.)	7	1	8	18	1	19

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 35—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Fem	Total	Male	Fem.	Total
Trade and Transportation—Con.:						
Salesmen and saleswomen.....	18	93	274	183	68	253
Steam railroad employes.....	85	.....	85	917	1	918
Stenographers and typewriters.....	10	114	121	20	75	95
Street railway employes.....	40	.....	40	57	1	58
Telegraph and telephone linemen.....	9	.....	9	21	.....	21
Telegraph and telephone operators.....	17	10	27	42	32	74
Undertakers	7	.....	7	8	.....	8
Other persons in trade and transportation..	11	.....	11	56	.....	56
Total	1,833	431	2,277	3,130	283	3,413
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.						
Building Trades:						
Carpenters and joiners	138	.....	498	592	.....	579
Masons (brick and stone)	119	.....	119	73	.....	73
Painters, glaziers and varnishers	478	.....	478	159	2	153
Paper hangers	5	.....	5	21	.....	21
Plasterers	6	.....	6	23	.....	23
Plumbers and gas and steamfitters	74	.....	74	83	.....	83
Roofers and slaters	6	.....	6	2	.....	2
Mechanics not otherwise specified	2	.....	2	3	.....	3
Chemicals and Allied Products:						
Oil well and oil works employes .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other chemical workers .....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:						
Brick and tile makers, etc.	33	.....	33	.....	.....	.....
Glass workers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Marble and stone cutters	10	.....	10	25	.....	25
Fishing and Mining:						
Fishermen and oystermen	14	.....	14	12	.....	12
Miners and quarrymen	4	.....	4	18	.....	18
Food and Kindred Products:						
Bakers	34	2	33	41	1	42
Butchers	76	.....	76	64	.....	64
Butter and cheesemakers .....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	7
Confectioners	6	12	18	27	8	35
Millers	8	.....	8	204	.....	204
Other food preparers	13	32	45	.....	.....	.....
Iron and Steel and their Products:						
Blacksmiths	427	1	428	113	.....	113
Iron and steel workers	671	.....	671	135	.....	135
Machinists	533	.....	533	213	.....	213
Steam boilermakers	98	.....	98	61	.....	61
Tool and cutlery makers	8	.....	8	10	.....	10
Wheelwrights	37	.....	37	4	.....	4
Wireworkers	40	.....	40	.....	.....	.....
Leather and its Finished Products:						
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	221	118	339	31	.....	31
Harness and saddle makers and repairers..	17	.....	17	7	.....	7
Leather curriers and tanners	74	3	77	1	.....	1
Trunks and leather case makers, etc.....	131	15	147	1	.....	1
Liquors and Beverages:						
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.....	.....	.....	2	6	.....	6
Brewers and malsters	11	.....	11	13	.....	13

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 35—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Fem.	Total	Male	Fem.	Total
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Con.						
Lumber and its Remanufactures:						
Cabinetmakers	9		9	7		7
Coopers	3		3	82		82
Saw and planing mill employes	51		51	131	1	135
Other woodworkers	279	2	281	23		23
Metals and Metal Products other than Iron and Steel:						
Brass workers	13		10	7		7
Clock and watch makers and repairers	7		7	3		3
Gold and silver workers				3		3
Tinplate and tinware makers	39		39	32		32
Other metal workers	45		45	6		6
Paper and Printing:						
Bookbinders	2	5	7	7	3	10
Box makers (paper)	1	12	13			
Paper and pulp mill operatives	4	5	9			
Printer, lithographer and pressmen	73	14	87	82	3	85
Textiles:						
Bleachery and dye works operatives	7	1	8			
Carpet factory operatives	4		4		1	1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	6	45	51			
Silk mill operatives		1	1			
Woolen mill operatives	18	47	65			
Other textile mill operatives	7	18	25			
Dress makers		191	191	1	184	185
Hat and cap makers					1	1
Milliners	1	49	50	1	28	30
Seamstresses		183	183		7	7
Shirt, collar and cuff makers		11	11	1		1
Tailors and tailoresses	63	60	126	58	9	67
Other textile workers	5	7	12	6	3	9
Miscellaneous Industries:						
Broom and brush makers	1		1	2		2
Charcoal, coke and lime burners				11		11
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive)	139		139	316		316
Manufactures, officials, etc.	235	4	240	162	1	163
Model and pattern makers	42		42	9		9
Photographers	13	1	14	14	1	15
Rubber factory operatives	6	6	12			
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	53	1	57	49	2	51
Upholsterers	70	10	80	10	2	12
Other miscellaneous industries	546	98	644	338	3	341
Total	5394	955	6349	3317	271	3588
Total of all occupations	9294	2272	11553	11807	1823	13633
Population 10 years of age and over	11323	1054	12377	13902	9656	23558

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 36.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Male	Fe-male	Total.	Male	Fe-male	Total.
Agricultural Pursuits:						
Agricultural laborers	82	7	89	37	2	39
Farmers, planters and overseers	49	1	50	31	.....	31
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	17	3	20	23	.....	23
Lumbermen and raftsmen	77	.....	77	73	1	74
Stock raisers, herders and drovers	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
Wood choppers	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Other agricultural pursuits	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	222	11	233	165	3	168
Professional Service:						
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	9	2	11	7	.....	7
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.	10	.....	10	16	.....	16
Artists and teachers of art	9	9	18	6	4	10
Clergymen	49	3	52	42	2	44
Dentists	21	2	23	17	.....	17
Electricians	28	.....	28	14	.....	14
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors	25	.....	25	17	.....	17
Journalists	15	1	16	19	.....	19
Lawyers	52	1	53	50	1	51
Literary and scientific persons	2	1	3	.....	10	10
Musicians and teachers of music	25	48	73	19	36	55
Officials (government)	37	.....	37	27	1	28
Physicians and surgeons	43	5	48	39	12	51
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	18	203	221	55	203	258
Other professional service	8	9	17	7	1	8
Total	351	284	635	344	270	614
Domestic and Personal Service:						
Barbers and hairdressers	75	2	77	68	7	75
Bartenders	64	.....	64	55	.....	55
Boarding and lodging house keepers	5	30	35	8	33	41
Hotel keepers	25	3	28	12	1	13
Housekeepers and stewards .....	.....	69	69	.....	39	39
Janitors and sextons	33	.....	33	21	3	24
Laborers (not specified)	1,433	18	1,451	1,593	50	1,643
Launderers and laundresses	16	148	164	20	72	92
Nurses and midwives	2	45	47	15	76	91
Restaurant keepers	9	2	11	8	5	13
Saloonkeepers	123	.....	123	99	1	100
Servants and waiters	73	699	775	51	623	674
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.)	9	.....	9	2	.....	2
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	111	.....	111	82	.....	82
Other domestic and personal service	10	1	11	13	3	16
Total	1,991	1,017	3,011	2,047	913	2,960
Trade and Transportation:						
Agents	133	8	141	144	6	150
Bankers and brokers	23	.....	23	32	.....	32
Boatmen and sailors	43	.....	43	34	.....	34
Bookkeepers and accountants	133	41	174	83	63	149
Clerks and copyists	317	91	408	188	45	233
Commercial travelers	141	2	143	100	2	111
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.	327	.....	327	326	.....	326
Foreman and overseers	27	.....	27	14	1	15
Hostlers	21	.....	21	21	.....	24
Hucksters and peddlers	23	1	24	21	1	22
Livery stable keepers	13	.....	13	14	.....	14
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale) ..	353	12	365	351	12	363
Merchants and dealers (wholesale)	23	.....	23	21	.....	21
Messengers and errand and office boys	13	2	15	14	2	16
Officials of banks and companies	59	1	60	30	1	31
Packers and shippers	17	45	62	8	18	26
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.)	8	.....	8	3	1	4
Salesmen and saleswomen	213	118	331	213	153	336
Steam railroad employees	524	.....	524	245	.....	245

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1903.

Table 36—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Trade and Transportation—Continued.						
Stenographers and typewriters	23	69	93	17	53	73
Street railway employees	13	.....	43	34	.....	34
Telegraph and telephone linemen	15	.....	15	11	.....	11
Telegraph and telephone operators	33	23	53	21	15	37
Undertakers	11	.....	11	8	.....	8
Other persons in trade and transportation.....	19	1	20	33	.....	33
Total	2,570	414	2,984	2,001	373	2,380
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.						
Building Trades:						
Carpenters and joiners	351	.....	351	381	.....	381
Masons (brick and stone)	97	.....	97	83	.....	83
Painters, glaziers and varnishers	170	.....	170	255	1	257
Paper hangers	15	1	15	10	.....	10
Plasterers	22	.....	22	5	.....	5
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters	61	.....	61	49	.....	49
Roofers and slaters.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Mechanics (not otherwise specified)	7	.....	7	.....	.....	.....
Chemicals and Allied Products:						
Oil well and oil works employees	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Other chemical workers .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:						
Brick and tile makers, etc.	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....
Glass workers	1	1	2	7	.....	7
Marble and stone cutters	27	.....	27	23	.....	23
Potters	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Fishing and Mining:						
Fishermen and oystermen	7	.....	7	17	.....	17
Miners and quarrymen	13	.....	13	12	.....	12
Food and Kindred Products:						
Bakers	31	3	34	23	2	25
Butchers	102	.....	102	52	.....	52
Butter and cheese makers	1	.....	1	5	.....	5
Confectioners	35	93	128	6	.....	6
Millers	13	1	14	8	.....	8
Other food preparers	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Iron and Steel and Their Products:						
Blacksmiths	101	.....	101	150	.....	150
Iron and steel workers	81	.....	81	41	.....	41
Machinists	97	.....	97	13	.....	113
Steam boiler makers	31	.....	31	13	.....	13
Stove, furnace and grate makers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Tool and cutlery makers	27	.....	27	32	3	35
Wheelwrights	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....
Wireworkers .....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Leather and Its Finished Products:						
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	53	5	61	30	.....	30
Harness and saddle makers and repairers ..	28	.....	28	13	.....	13
Leather curriers and tanners	46	.....	46	3	.....	3
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.....	3	.....	3	61	15	76
Liquors and Beverages:						
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.....	13	13	27	12	.....	12
Brewers and malsters	30	2	41	11	.....	11
Distillers and rectifiers .....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1901.

Table 36—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Con.						
Lumber and Its Remanufactures:						
Cabinet makers	19		19	60	1	61
Coopers	66		66	8		8
Saw and planing mill employees	153	9	165	535	6	571
Other wood workers	64	6	70	275	35	310
Metals and Metal Products Other Than Iron and Steel:						
Brass workers	1		1	2		2
Clock and watch makers and repairers	2		2	8	1	9
Gold and silver workers	1		1	1	1	1
Tinplate and tinware makers	31		31	23		23
Other metal workers	6		6	13		13
Paper and Printing:						
Book binders	7	1	8	6	5	11
Box makers (paper)	2	2	4	5	3	8
Engravers	3		3	1		1
Paper and pulp mill operatives				1		1
Printers, lithographers and pressmen	81	4	87	69	5	74
Textiles:						
Bleachery and dyeworks operatives	3		3	2		2
Carpet factory operatives	5	2	7	2	3	5
Cotton mill operatives						
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	11	97	108			
Silk mill operatives						
Woolen mill operatives	3	3	6			
Other textile mill operatives	3	1	4	27	53	83
Dress makers	2	254	263	1	330	331
Hat and cap makers						
Milliners	3	59	62	2	94	96
Seamstresses		131	131		49	49
Shirt, collar and cuff makers	5	6	11	1	2	3
Tailors and tailoresses	81	29	110	46	38	84
Other textile workers	4	15	19	4	3	7
Miscellaneous Industries:						
Broom and brush makers	13		13	6	1	7
Charcoal, coke and lime burners				3		3
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive)	153		153	131		131
Glove makers						
Manufactures and officials, etc.	140	1	141	168	2	170
Model and pattern makers	6		6	4		4
Photographers	14	6	20	20	5	25
Rubber factory operatives	30	65	95		1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	103	33	139	71	13	84
Upholsterers	14	4	18	36	13	49
Other miscellaneous industries	245	42	287	432	133	565
Total	3,800	899	3,699	3,46	885	4,251
Total of all occupations	7,937	2,625	10,532	8,022	2,451	10,473
Population 10 years of age and over	10,653	11,629	22,287	10,447	11,557	22,004

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 37.

OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural Pursuits:			
Agricultural laborers	276	42	318
Dairymen and dairywomen	12	2	14
Farmers, planters and overseers	98	4	102
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	107	8	115
Lumbermen and raftsmen	16	.....	16
Stock raisers, herders and drovers	18	.....	18
Wood choppers	4	.....	4
Other agricultural pursuits	1	.....	1
Total	532	53	585
Professional Service:			
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	105	27	132
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.	370	2	372
Artists and teachers of art	97	40	137
Clergymen	277	15	292
Dentists	183	9	192
Electricians	40	5	45
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors.	211	.....	211
Journalists	136	9	145
Lawyers	450	5	455
Literary and scientific persons.	76	34	110
Musicians and teachers of music.	336	258	594
Officials (government)	306	10	316
Physicians and surgeons	440	38	478
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	340	1,255	1,595
Other professional service.	112	11	123
Total	3,815	1,718	5,533
Domestic and Personal Service:			
Barbers and hairdressers.	658	69	727
Partenders	505	11	516
Boarding and lodging house keepers.	34	301	335
Hotel keepers	99	5	104
Housekeepers and stewards.	47	357	404
Janitors and sextons.	299	30	329
Laborers (not specified).	10,635	170	10,805
Launderers and laundresses.	132	1,177	1,309
Nurses and midwives.	18	561	579
Restaurant keepers	47	23	70
Saloon keepers	1,170	87	1,257
Servants and waiters.	874	6,430	7,304
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.).	63	.....	63
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	947	1	948
Other domestic and personal service.	163	72	235
Total	15,650	9,209	24,859
Trade and Transportation:			
Agents	1,977	55	2,032
Bankers and brokers	255	.....	255
Boatmen and sailors.	578	.....	578
Bookkeepers and accountants.	1,753	571	2,324
Clerks and copyists	3,245	545	3,790
Commercial travelers	830	7	837
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.	3,313	2	3,315
Foremen and overseers.	216	12	228
Hostlers	231	.....	231
Hucksters and peddlers.	525	24	549
Livery stable keepers.	81	3	84
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale).	3,417	246	3,663
Merchants and dealers (wholesale).	337	3	340
Messengers and errand office boys.	541	195	736
Officials of banks and companies.	447	5	452
Packers and shippers.	384	301	685

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1907.

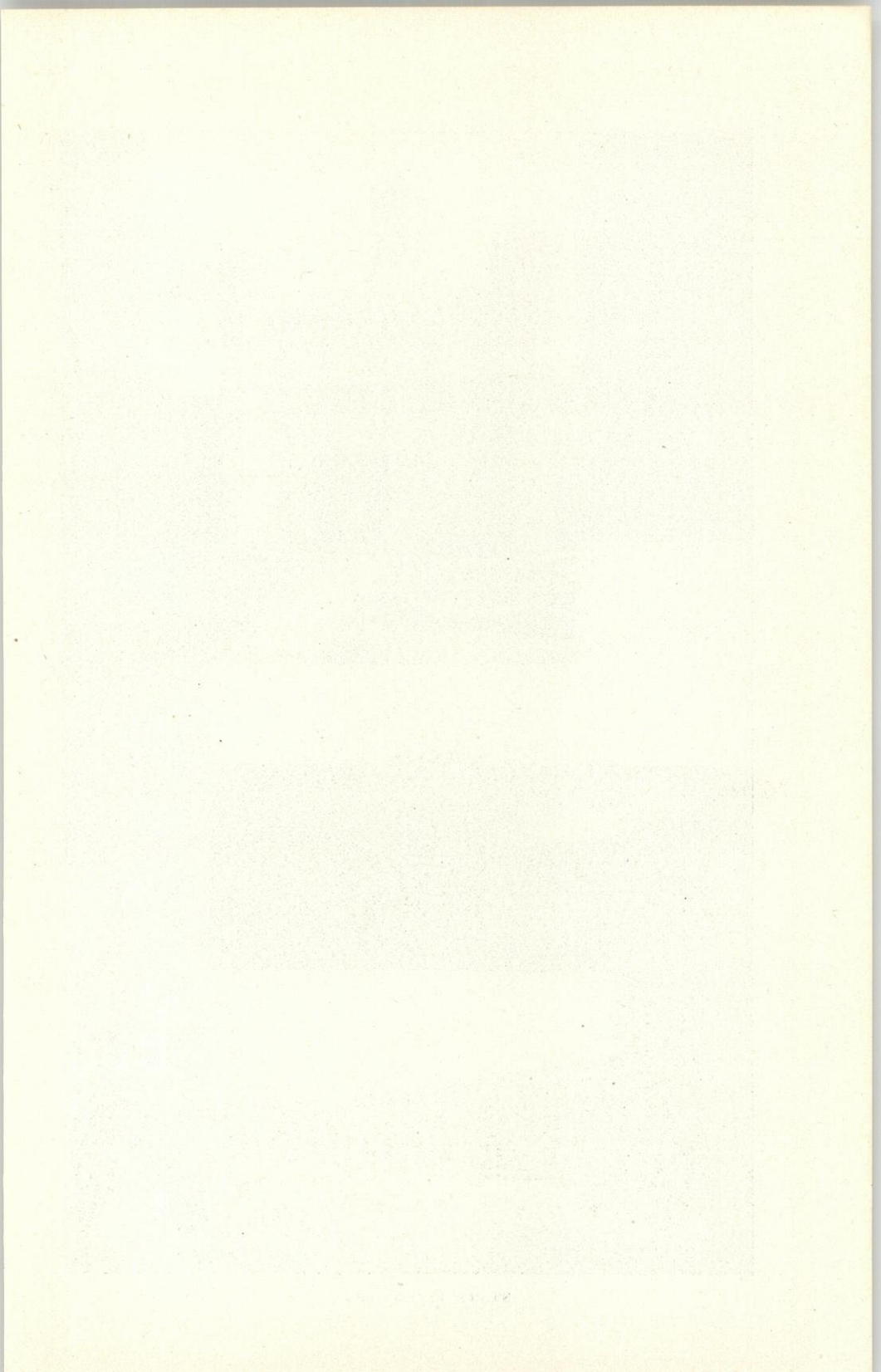
Table 37—Continued.

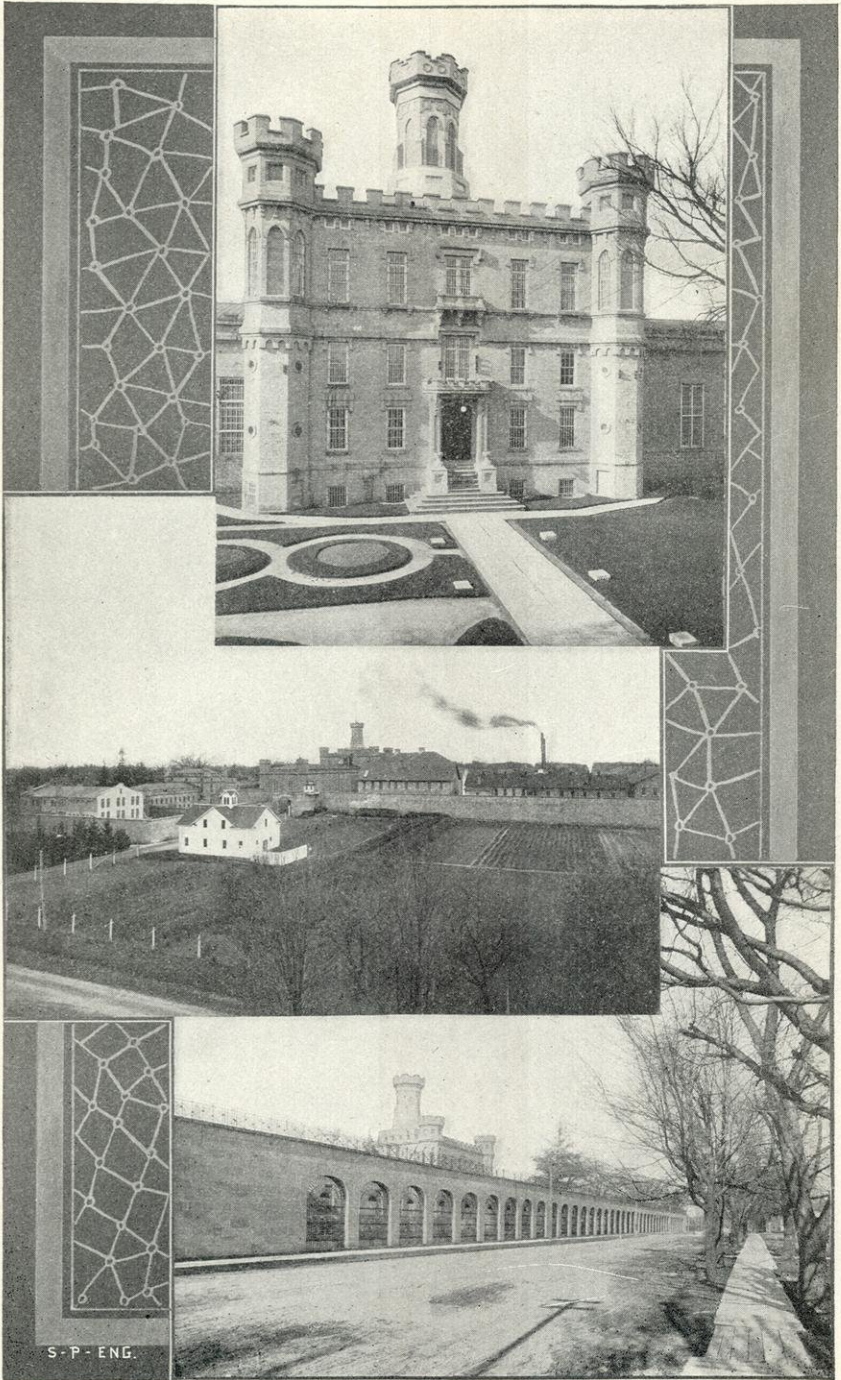
OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation:—Continued.			
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.).....	235	5	240
Salesmen and saleswomen.....	2,816	1,709	4,555
Steam railroad employes.....	2,378	3	2,381
Stenographers and typewriters.....	271	807	1,188
Street railway employes.....	710	.....	710
Telegraph and telephone linemen.....	98	.....	98
Telegraph and telephone operators.....	224	128	352
Undertakers.....	77	2	79
Other persons in trade and transportation.....	305	19	324
Total	25,360	4,732	30,092
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.			
Building Trades:			
Carpenters and joiners.....	3,223	.....	3,223
Masons (brick and stone).....	871	.....	871
Painters, glaziers, and varnishers.....	1,873	17	1,913
Paper hangers.....	101	.....	101
Plasterers.....	175	.....	175
Plumbers, gas and steam fitters.....	903	.....	903
Roofers and slaters.....	49	.....	49
Mechanics (not otherwise specified).....	26	.....	26
Chemicals and Allied Products:			
Oil well and oil works employes.....	10	.....	10
Other chemical workers.....	13	.....	13
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:			
Brick and tile makers, etc.....	133	.....	133
Glass workers.....	254	3	257
Marble and stone cutters.....	275	.....	275
Potters.....	19	.....	19
Fishing and Mining:			
Fishermen and oystermen.....	93	1	94
Miners and quarrymen.....	33	.....	33
Food and Kindred Products:			
Bakers.....	722	59	772
Butchers.....	837	3	840
Butter and cheese makers.....	15	1	14
Confectioners.....	289	317	606
Millers.....	163	1	164
Other food preparers.....	192	3	195
Iron and Steel and Their Products:			
Blacksmiths.....	959	1	960
Iron and steel workers.....	4,401	42	4,446
Machinists.....	2,936	4	2,970
Steam boiler makers.....	264	.....	264
Stove, furnace and graters.....	170	2	172
Tool and cutlery makers.....	80	.....	80
Wheelwrights.....	24	.....	24
Wire workers.....	66	.....	66
Leather and Its Finished Products:			
Boot and shoe makers and repairers.....	1,188	353	1,541
Harness and saddle makers and repairers.....	278	7	285
Leather curriers and tanners.....	2,139	108	2,337
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.....	264	46	310

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 37—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Continued.			
Liquors and Beverages:			
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.....	274	172	446
Brewers and malsters.....	1,277	195	1,472
Distillers and rectifiers.....	41		41
Lumber and Its Manufactures:			
Cabinet makers.....	329		329
Coopers.....	698	1	699
Saw and planing mill employes.....	555		555
Other wood workers.....	907	75	982
Metals and Metal Products other than Iron and Steel:			
Brass workers.....	372	2	374
Clock and watch makers and repairers.....	80	2	82
Gold and silver workers.....	9		9
Tinplate and tinware makers.....	917	124	1,041
Other metal workers.....	458	6	464
Paper and Printing:			
Bookbinders.....	219	237	456
Box makers (paper).....	14	140	154
Engravers.....	109		109
Paper and pulp mill operatives.....	43	78	121
Printers, lithographers and pressmen.....	1,305	37	1,342
Textiles:			
Blenchery and dye works operatives.....	73	25	98
Carpet factory operatives.....	23	4	27
Cotton mill operatives.....			
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives.....	123	832	955
Silk mill operatives.....			
Woolen mill operatives.....	33	67	100
Other textile mill operatives.....	107	323	430
Dressmakers.....	9	3,134	3,143
Hat and cap makers.....	114	83	197
Milliners.....	7	771	778
Seamstresses.....	12	1,042	1,054
Shirt, collar and cuff makers.....	18	51	69
Tailors and tailoresses.....	1,333	790	2,123
Other textile workers.....	41	82	123
Miscellaneous Industries:			
Broom and brush makers.....	79	3	82
Charcoal, coke and lime burners.....	1		1
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive).....	1,303		1,303
Gloves makers.....	91	144	235
Manufacturers and officials, etc.....	1,816	19	1,835
Model and pattern makers.....	241		241
Photographers.....	141	23	164
Rubber factory operatives.....	1		1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives.....	633	240	873
Upholsterers.....	311	10	321
Other miscellaneous industries.....	2,536	704	3,240
Total.....	39,771	10,594	50,365
All occupations.....	85,157	26,399	111,556
Population 10 years of age and over.....	105,734	110,572	216,355





S-P-ENG.

STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural Pursuits.			
Agricultural laborers:			
Farm and plantation laborers.....	37,298	360	37,658
Farm laborers (members of family).....	53,978	1,221	55,199
Garden and nursery laborers.....	797	64	861
Total	92,073	1,645	93,718
Dairymen and dairy women.....	111	20	131
Farmers, planters and overseers:			
Farmers and planters.....	157,991	6,423	164,414
Farmers (members of family).....	3,617	341	3,958
Farm and plantation overseers.....	271	50	321
Milk farmers	48	2	50
Total	161,927	6,816	168,743
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.:			
Gardeners	732	32	814
Florists, nurserymen and vine growers.....	237	24	261
Fruit growers	70	.....	70
Total	1,089	56	1,145
Lumbermen and raftsmen.....	5,572	6	5,578
Stock raisers, herders and drovers:			
Stock raisers	46	1	47
Stock herders and drovers.....	117	1	118
Total	163	2	165
Turpentine farmers and laborers:			
Woodchoppers	371	5	376
Other agricultural pursuits:			
Aplarists	91	4	95
Not specified	53	3	56
Total	144	7	151
Total agricultural pursuits.....	261,450	8,557	270,007
Professional Service.			
Actors, professional showmen, etc.:			
Actors	116	60	176
Professional showmen	336	4	340
Theatrical managers, etc.....	63	.....	63
Total	515	64	579
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.:			
Architects	235	.....	235
Designers, draughtsmen and inventors.....	349	5	354
Total	584	5	589
Artists and teachers of art.....	197	185	382
Clergymen	2,673	65	2,738
Dentists	868	24	892
Electricians	903	6	909

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional Service.—Continued.			
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors:			
Engineers (civil)	230	.....	230
Engineers (mechanical and electrical).....	251	.....	251
Engineers (mining)	18	.....	18
Surveyors	170	.....	170
Total	719	.....	719
Journalists	611	32	643
Lawyers	2,223	23	2,249
Literary and scientific persons:			
Authors and scientists.....	66	44	110
Librarians and assistants.....	13	120	133
Chemists, assayers and metallurgists.....	83	1	84
Total	162	165	327
Musicians and teachers of music.....	791	1,239	2,030
Officials (government):			
Officials (national government).....	711	139	850
Officials (state government).....	103	2	105
Officials (county government).....	473	18	491
Officials (city or town government).....	566	14	580
Total	1,856	173	2,029
Physicians and surgeons.....	2,335	154	2,489
Teachers and professors in colleges:			
Teachers	2,771	12,134	14,905
Professors in colleges and universities.....	222	12	234
Total	2,993	12,146	15,139
Other professional service:			
Veterinary surgeons	343	54	397
Not specified	135	.....	135
Total	478	54	532
Total professional service	17,931	14,335	32,266
Domestic and Personal Service.			
Barbers and hairdressers.....	2,932	130	3,062
Bartenders	2,492	24	2,516
Boarding and lodging house keepers.....	298	1,041	1,339
Hotelkeepers	1,877	231	2,108
Housekeepers and stewards.....	107	3,796	3,903
Janitors and sextons:			
Janitors	916	64	980
Sextons	93	.....	93
Total	1,009	64	1,073
Laborers (not specified):			
Elevator tenders	219	.....	219
Laborers (coal yard).....	918	2	920
Laborers (general).....	73,236	1,008	74,244
Longshore-men	541	.....	541
Stevedores	102	1	103
Total	75,046	1,011	76,057

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Domestic and Personal Service.—Continued.			
Launderers and laundresses:			
Laundry work (hand).....	397	2,792	3,189
Laundry work (steam)	237	344	581
Total	634	3,136	3,770
Nurses and midwives:			
Nurses (trained)		184	184
Nurses (not specified).....	266	1,747	2,013
Midwives		237	237
Total	266	2,158	2,424
Restaurant keepers	377	109	486
Saloonkeepers	5,303	143	5,446
Servants and Waiters:			
Servants	3,230	38,305	41,535
Waiters	417	872	1,289
Total	3,647	39,177	42,824
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.):			
Soldiers (U. S.).....	231		231
Sailors (U. S.).....	31		31
Marines (U. S.).....	8		8
Total	270		270
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.:			
Watchmen, policemen and detectives.....	2,019	17	2,036
Firemen (fire department).....	513		513
Total	2,532	17	2,549
Other domestic and personal service:			
Bootblacks	50	1	51
Hunters, trappers, guides and scouts.....	145		145
Not specified	329	139	468
Total	524	140	664
Total domestic and personal service	97,314	51,177	148,391
Trade and Transportation.			
Agents:			
Agents (insurance and real estate).....	2,736	57	2,793
Agents (not specified).....	3,527	186	4,713
Total	6,263	243	6,506
Bankers and brokers:			
Bankers and brokers (money and stocks).....	2,770	2	2,772
Brokers (commercial)	55		55
Total	2,825	2	2,827
Boatmen and sailors:			
Boatmen and canalmen.....	91	2	93
Pilots	64		64
Sailors	1,345		1,345
Total	1,500	2	1,502

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation.—Continued.			
Bookkeepers and accountants.....	4,115	1,653	5,798
Clerks and copyists:			
Clerks and copyists.....	7,101	1,910	9,011
Clerks (shipping).....	1,000	9	1,009
Letter and mail carriers.....	619	7	626
Total	8,720	1,926	10,646
Commercial travelers	2,737	27	2,764
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.:			
Draymen, teamsters and expressmen.....	11,783	9	11,795
Carriage and hackdrivers.....	663		663
Total	12,449	9	12,458
Foremen and overseers:			
Foremen and overseers (livery stable).....	68		68
Foremen and overseers (steam railroad).....	1,029		1,029
Foremen and overseers (street railway).....	27		27
Foremen and overseers (not specified).....	250	29	279
Total	1,374	29	1,403
Hostlers	1,321		1,321
Hucksters and peddlers.....	1,129	43	1,172
Livery stable keepers.....	892	6	898
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale):			
Boots and shoes.....	510	6	516
Cigars and tobacco.....	201	7	208
Clothing and men's furnishings.....	442	6	448
Coal and wood.....	328	1	329
Drugs and medicines.....	1,341	31	1,372
Dry goods, fancy goods and notions.....	900	71	971
General store	1,128	38	1,166
Groceries	2,726	179	2,905
Liquor and wines.....	193		193
Lumber	503	1	510
Produce and provisions.....	751	16	767
Not specified	8,132	290	8,422
Total	17,161	646	17,807
Merchants and dealers (wholesale).....	803	3	806
Messengers and errand and office boys:			
Bundle and cash boys.....	118	160	278
Messengers	510	17	527
Office boys	183	35	218
Total	811	212	1,023
Officials of banks and companies:			
Bank officials and cashiers.....	344	8	352
Officials (insurance and trust companies, etc.).....	93		93
Officials (trade companies).....	403	11	414
Officials (transportation companies).....	795	11	806
Total	1,635	30	1,665

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation.—Continued.			
Packers and shippers.....	1,002	652	1,654
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.).....	349	7	356
Salesmen and saleswomen.....	8,991	4,305	13,296
Steam railroad employes:			
Baggagemen	534		534
Brakemen	1,713		1,713
Conductors	915		915
Engineers and firemen.....	3,032		3,032
Laborers	5,635	8	5,643
Station agents and employes.....	1,035	8	1,103
Switchmen, yardmen and flagmen.....	1,188		1,188
Total	14,132	16	14,148
Stenographers and typewriters:			
Stenographers	543	1,021	2,464
Typewriters	34	103	140
Total	577	2,027	2,604
Street railway employes:			
Conductors	436		466
Drivers	11		11
Laborers	102		102
Motormen	552		552
Station agents and employes.....	15	1	16
Total	1,143	1	1,147
Telegraph and telephone linemen.....	387		387
Telegraph and telephone operators:			
Telegraph operators	1,277	130	6
Telephone operators	62	373	435
Total	1,339	512	1,871
Undertakers	282	5	287
Other persons in trade and transportation:			
Auctioneers	20		29
Decorators, drapers and window dressers.....	97	2	99
Newspaper carriers and newsboys.....	79		79
Weighers, gaugers and measurers.....	125	1	126
Not specified	549	32	581
Total	870	35	914
Total trade and transportation.....	92,869	12,391	105,260
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Building Trades.			
Carpenters and joiners:			
Carpenters and joiners.....	18,076	9	18,085
Ship carpenters	202		202
Apprentices and helpers.....	92		92
Total	18,370	9	18,379

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Building Trades.—Continued.			
Masons (brick and stone):			
Masons	5,017		5,017
Masons' laborers	183		183
Apprentices and helpers.....	132		132
Total	5,337		5,337
Painters, glaziers and varnishers:			
Painters, glaziers and varnishers.....	7,020	74	7,094
Painters (carriages and wagons).....	540		540
Apprentices and helpers.....	46	1	47
Total	7,606	75	7,681
Paper hangers:			
Paper hangers	361	10	371
Apprentices and helpers.....	2		2
Total	363	10	373
Plasterers:			
Plasterers	486		483
Apprentices and helpers.....	9		9
Total	495		495
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters:			
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters.....	1,763	2	1,765
Apprentices and helpers.....	116		116
Total	1,879	2	1,881
Roofers and slaters:			
Roofers and slaters.....	71		71
Apprentices and helpers.....	1		1
Total	72		72
Mechanics (not otherwise specified).....			
	125		125
Chemical and Allied Products.			
Oil well and oil work employes:			
Oil well employes.....			
Oil works employes.....	14		14
Total	14		14
Other chemical workers:			
Chemical works employes.....	49	5	54
Powder and cartridge makers.....	14		14
Salt works employes.....	2		2
Starch makers	2	1	3
Total	67	6	73
Clay, Glass and Stone Products.			
Brick and tile makers, etc.:			
Brick makers	1,020	2	1,022
Tile makers	16		16
Total	1,036	2	1,038
Glass workers			
Marble and stone cutters.....	293	4	309
Potters	1,020		1,020
	23		23

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Fishing and Mining.			
Fishermen and oystermen.....	1,243	4	1,247
Miners and quarrymen:			
Miners (coal)	10	.....	10
Miners (gold and silver).....	19	.....	19
Miners (not otherwise specified).....	2,194	1	2,195
Quarrymen	691	.....	691
Total	2,914	1	2,915
Food and Kindred Products.			
Bakers	1,460	104	1,564
Butchers	3,115	8	3,123
Butter and cheese makers.....	2,893	23	2,916
Confectioners	533	497	1,030
Millers	1,544	4	1,548
Other food preparers:			
Fish curers and packers.....	6	.....	6
Meat and fruit canners and preservers.....	74	24	98
Meat packers, curers and picklers.....	216	1	217
Sugar makers and refiners.....	4	.....	4
Not specified	37	34	71
Total	337	59	396
Iron and Steel and Their Products.			
Blacksmiths:			
Blacksmiths	6,653	13	6,669
Apprentices and helpers.....	232	.....	232
Total	6,885	16	6,901
Iron and steel workers:			
Iron and steel workers.....	4,250	29	4,279
Molders	3,694	28	3,722
Total	7,944	57	8,001
Machinists:			
Machinists	6,424	5	6,429
Apprentices and helpers.....	503	2	505
Total	6,927	7	6,934
Steam boiler workers:			
Steam boiler makers.....	679	.....	679
Helpers	78	.....	78
Total	757	.....	757
Stove, furnace and grate makers.....	224	2	226
Tool and cutlery makers.....	625	3	628
Wheelwrights	290	.....	290
Wire workers	200	13	213
Leather and Its Finished Products.			
Boot and shoe makers and repairers:			
Boot and shoe factory operatives.....	696	632	1,328
Shoe makers (not in shoe factory).....	2,614	56	2,670
Apprentices	25	.....	25
Total	3,335	688	4,023

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Leather and Its Finished Products—Continued.			
Harness and saddle makers and repairers.....	1,399	8	1,407
Leather curriers and tanners:			
Curriers	185	1	183
Tanners	3,421	176	3,597
Apprentices	1	.....	1
Total	3,607	177	3,784
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.:			
Trunk makers	445	73	518
Leather-case and pocketbook makers.....	55	16	71
Total	500	89	589
Liquors and Beverages.			
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.:			
Bottlers	405	212	617
Mineral and soda water makers.....	32	.....	32
Total	437	212	649
Brewers and malsters.....	2,107	205	2,312
Distillers and rectifiers.....	59	.....	59
Lumber and Its Manufactures.			
Cabinet makers	952	2	954
Coopers	1,537	3	1,540
Saw and planing mill employes:			
Saw and planing mill employes.....	10,715	23	10,743
Lumber yard employes	1,399	1	1,400
Total	12,114	20	12,143
Other wood workers:			
Basket makers	133	15	148
Box makers (wood)	433	76	509
Furniture manufactory employes	2,346	123	2,469
Piano and organ makers	27	.....	27
Not specified	1,874	25	1,899
Total	4,813	239	5,052
Metal and Metal Products Other Than Steel.			
Brass workers:			
Brass workers	453	12	465
Molders	124	.....	124
Helpers	5	.....	5
Total	582	12	594
Clock and watch makers and repairers:			
Clock factory operatives	1	1	2
Watch factory operatives	190	3	193
Clock and watch repairers	128	4	132
Total	319	8	327
Gold and silver workers:			
Gold and silver workers	8	1	9
Jewelry manufactory employes	24	2	26
Total	32	3	35

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation,
Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Metal and Metal Products Other Than Steel.—			
Continued.			
Tinplate and tinware makers:			
Tinners and tinware makers	1,908	127	2,035
Tinplate makers	5	1	6
Apprentices (tinsmiths)	53	.....	53
Total	1,966	128	2,094
Metals and Metal Products Other than Iron or Steel.			
Other metal workers:			
Copper workers	45	.....	45
Electroplaters	119	1	120
Gunsmiths, locksmiths and bell hangers	127	2	129
Lead and zinc workers	182	6	188
Molders (metals)	85	1	86
Not specified	372	20	392
Total	930	30	960
Paper and Printing.			
Bookbinders	308	313	621
Box makers (paper)	34	261	295
Engravers	125	.....	125
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,238	656	2,914
Printers, lithographers and pressmen:			
Printers and pressmen	1,911	107	2,018
Lithographers	248	4	252
Compositors	552	343	895
Electrotypers and stereotypers	41	1	42
Apprentices (printers)	91	2	93
Total	2,843	457	3,300
Textiles.			
Bleachery and dye works operatives:			
Bleachery operatives	9	.....	9
Dye works operatives	128	26	154
Total	137	23	160
Carpet factory operatives	89	97	186
Cotton mill operatives	112	146	258
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	296	1,618	1,917
Silk mill operatives	1	1	2
Woolen mill operatives	361	423	784
Other textile mill operatives:			
Hemp and jute mill operatives	8	5	13
Linen mill operatives	31	63	94
Print works operatives	3	.....	3
Rope and cordage factory operatives	119	234	353
Worsted mill operatives	11	13	24
Textiles not specified	75	303	381
Total	247	621	838
Dressmakers:			
Dressmakers	35	12,341	12,376
Apprentices .....	.....	160	160
Total	35	12,501	12,536
Hat and cap makers	121	99	220

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Textiles.—Continued.			
Milliners:			
Milliners	27	2,734	2,761
Apprentices	1	119	120
Total	28	2,853	2,881
Seamstresses	11	2,479	2,493
Shirt, collar and cuff makers	38	151	189
Tailors and tailoresses:			
Tailors and tailoresses	3,077	1,306	4,363
Apprentices	45	6	51
Total	3,102	1,312	4,414
Other textile workers:			
Carpet makers (rag)	73	155	228
Lace and embroidery makers	4	54	58
Sail, awning and tent makers	39	15	54
Sewing machine operators	3	80	83
Not specified	3	13	16
Total	122	317	439
Miscellaneous Industries.			
Broom and brush makers	168	9	177
Charcoal, coke and lime burners	155	1	156
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive)	5,685		5,685
Glove makers	127	236	403
Manufacturers and officials, etc.			
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	4,383	63	4,449
Builders and contractors	1,314	1	1,315
Publishers of books, maps and newspapers	251	10	261
Officials of mining and quarrying companies	100		100
Total	6,030	74	6,154
Model and pattern makers	432		432
Photographers	731	121	853
Rubber factory operatives	42	74	116
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	2,139	476	2,615
Upholsterers	748	52	800
Other miscellaneous industries:			
Apprentices and helpers (not specified)	877	75	972
Artificial flower makers		8	8
Button makers	89	15	95
Candle, soap and tallow makers	68	22	90
Corset makers		2	2
Electric light and power company employees	129	1	131
Gas works employees	185		185
Piano and organ tuners	82		82
Straw workers	95	168	263
Turpentine distillers		1	1
Umbrella and parasol makers	18	16	34
Well borers	547		547
Whitewashers	36		36
Not specified	8,790	1,233	10,023
Total	10,918	1,541	12,459
Total manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	29,687	176,514
All occupations	616,391	116,147	732,538
Total population 10 years of age and over	811,123	750,033	1,561,153

SUMMARIES, TABLE 10.

Population in 1900, 1890, and 1880, Classified as to Sex, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.		1880.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Male	1,037,562	51.6	873,238	51.9	680,03	51.7
Female	1,001,486	48.4	815,092	48.1	635,42	48.3
Total	2,039,048	100.0	1,693,330	100.0	1,315,497	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 11.

Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Native and Foreign Born, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.		1880.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Native born	1,553,071	75.1	1,174,131	69.3	910,072	69.2
Foreign born	515,971	24.9	519,197	30.7	405,425	30.8
Total	2,069,042	100.0	1,693,328	100.0	1,315,497	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 12.

Native and Foreign Born, Classified as to Sex, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native born, 1900	734,937	768,134	1,553,071	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign born, 1900	232,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.6	48.4	100.0
Foreign born white, 1900	232,397	233,312	515,709	54.8	45.2	100.0
Foreign born colored, 1900	23	34	266	37.2	12.8	100.0
Total	232,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Native born white, 1900	779,215	768,992	1,548,207	50.5	49.5	100.0
Native born colored, 1900	5,72	5,141	10,863	52.7	47.3	100.0
Total	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	50.5	49.5	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 12—Continued.

Native and Foreign Born, Classified as to Sex, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native born, 1900	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	73.5	76.7	75.1
Foreign born, 1900	282,625	233,346	515,971	26.5	23.3	24.9
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign born white, 1900	282,393	233,312	515,705	99.9	100.0	99.9
Foreign born colored, 1900	232	34	266	.1	.....	.1
Total	282,625	233,346	515,971	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native born white, 1900	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	99.3	99.3	99.3
Native born colored, 1900	5,724	5,141	10,865	.7	.7	.7
Total	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	100.0	100.0	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13.

White and Colored Population, 1900 and 1890, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
White	2,057,911	99.47	1,680,828	99.26
Negro	2,512	0.12	2,444	0.14
Indians	8,372	0.40	9,930	0.59
Other colored	217	0.01	128	0.01
Total	2,069,042	100.00	1,693,320	100.00

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13—Continued.

Showing Total Population, Classified by Parentage, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE PARENTAGE.			FOREIGN PARENTAGE.			Total, both Native and Foreign Parentage.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
White	298,803	287,485	586,288	732,803	708,820	1,441,623	2,057,911
Negro	1,311	1,037	2,348	107	87	194	2,542
Indian	4,163	3,916	8,079	158	135	293	8,372
Chinese .....	.....	.....	.....	212	.....	212	212
Japanese .....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	5	5
Total	304,277	292,438	596,715	763,235	709,042	1,472,277	2,039,042

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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SUMMARIES, TABLE 13—Continued.

Showing Total Native and Foreign Born Population, Classified by Parentage, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE PARENTAGE.			FOREIGN PARENTAGE.			Total Native and Foreign Parentage.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Native born:							
White	298,552	287,351	585,903	480,631	475,642	953,303	1,542,206
Negro	1,310	1,031	2,341	75	67	145	2,483
Indian	4,163	3,916	8,079	151	127	278	8,357
Chinese				21		22	22
Total native born	304,025	292,298	596,323	480,312	475,836	953,748	1,553,071
Foreign born:							
White	251	131	385	282,142	233,178	515,320	515,705
Negro	1	0	7	21	20	49	56
Indian				7	8	15	15
Chinese				190		190	190
Japanese				5		5	5
Total foreign born	252	140	392	282,373	233,206	515,579	515,971
Total for state....	304,277	292,438	596,715	763,285	709,042	1,472,327	2,069,042

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13—Continued.

Showing Total Population, Classified by General Nativity, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE BORN.			FOREIGN BORN.			Total Native and Foreign Born.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
White	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	282,393	233,312	515,705	2,057,911
Negro	1,355	1,038	2,433	30	26	56	2,542
Indians	4,314	4,043	8,357	7	8	15	8,372
Chinese	22		22	190		190	212
Japanese				5		5	5
Total	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	282,625	233,346	515,971	2,039,042

SUMMARIES, TABLE 14.

Native White, with Native Parents, Native White with Foreign Parents, Total Colored and Negroes in 1900, Classified as to Sex.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents ..	298,552	287,351	585,903	50.9	49.1	100.0
Native white, foreign parents..	480,661	475,642	956,303	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	50.5	49.5	100.0
Negroes	1,418	1,124	2,542	55.7	44.3	100.0
Other colored	4,538	4,051	8,583	52.8	47.2	100.0
Total	5,956	5,175	11,131	53.5	46.5	100.0

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing the Total Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over, Classified as to Sex and General Nativity, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents ..	102,633	181,081	376,719	51.0	49.0	100.0
Native white, foreign parents..	334,466	331,755	666,221	50.2	49.8	100.0
Foreign white	279,283	230,351	509,634	54.8	45.2	100.0
Colored	4,679	3,837	8,516	54.5	45.5	100.0
Total 10 years and over...	811,122	750,034	1,561,156	51.9	48.1	100.0
Under 10 years of age	253,440	251,446	504,886	50.4	49.6	100.0
Total population	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.5	48.5	100.0

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing the Total Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over, Classified as to Sex, General Nativity and Literacy, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALES 10 YRS. AND OVER.			FEM. 10 YRS. AND OVER.		
	Total.	Illiterate.	Per ct.	Total.	Illiterate.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents.	102,633	2,156	1.1	134,031	1,533	0.8
Native white, foreign parents	334,463	5,722	1.7	331,755	4,578	1.4
Foreign white	279,283	24,033	8.8	230,351	31,700	13.8
Colored	4,679	1,710	36.5	3,837	1,681	43.2
Total	811,122	34,234	4.2	750,034	39,495	5.3

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing, for Wisconsin, 1900 and 1890, the Total Population, 10 Years and Over, and the Number and Per Cent of those who were Illiterate.

CLASSIFICATION.	10 YEARS AND OVER, 1900.			10 YEARS AND OVER, 1890.		
	Total.	Illiterate.	Per ct.	Total.	Illiterate.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents.	376,719	3,683	1.0	220,573	5,227	1.3
Native white, foreign parents	663,221	10,300	1.5	462,100	10,333	2.2
Foreign white	509,640	53,396	11.1	509,916	67,371	13.4
Colored	8,578	3,394	39.6	4,796	1,761	36.7
Total 10 years and over..	1,561,156	73,779	4.7	1,258,390	84,745	6.7

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing Illiterate Population, Classified as to General Nativity, the Number Who Can Read but not Write, the Number Who Can Neither Read Nor Write, with Percentages, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Can read but not write.	Can neither read nor write.	Total illiterate.	Can read but not write.	Can neither read nor write.	Total.
Illiterate population, 1900:						
Native white, native parents.	967	2,722	3,689	23.2	73.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents.	2,073	8,321	10,394	20.2	79.8	100.0
Foreign white	15,542	40,854	56,396	27.6	73.4	100.0
Colored	111	3,283	3,394	3.5	96.5	100.0
Total	18,693	55,080	73,773	25.4	74.6	100.0
Illiterate population, 1890:						
Native white, native parents.	1,627	3,600	5,227	31.2	68.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents.	2,453	7,933	10,386	23.6	76.4	100.0
Foreign white	19,437	47,934	67,371	28.8	71.2	100.0
Colored	103	1,658	1,761	5.8	94.2	100.0
Total	23,620	61,125	84,745	27.9	72.1	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 15 AND 16.

Showing, for Wisconsin, the Total Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and Over, in 1900, Classified as to Nativity, Color and Literacy, with Percentages of the Total.

CLASSIFICATION.	LITERATE.		ILLITERATE.		TOTAL.	
	Num-ber.	Per ct.	Num-ber.	Per ct.	Num-ber.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents.	115,109	21.36	1,744	5.61	116,853	20.48
Native white, foreign parents.	183,944	35.00	4,022	12.92	187,966	33.86
Foreign white	233,411	43.25	23,833	76.73	257,244	45.07
Negroes	878	.17	123	.41	1,001	.17
Chinese	156	.04	55	.18	211	.03
Japanese	4	.....	.....	.....	4	.....
Indians	987	.18	1,204	4.15	2,191	.39
Total	539,579	100.00	31,133	100.00	570,712	100.00

SUMMARIES, TABLES 15 AND 16.—Continued.

Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and Over, 1900, Classified as to Color and Literacy, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Liter-ate.	Illiter-ate.	Total.	Liter-ate.	Illiter-ate.	Total.
Native white	201,143	5,763	309,909	93.4	83.3	93.0
Native negroes	831	120	951	00.3	01.7	00.3
Other native colored	1,001	1,294	2,295	00.3	13.0	00.7
Total native born	303,033	7,180	313,183	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign born, naturalized	112,250	8,835	121,085	48.1	36.8	47.0
Foreign born, first papers	69,004	8,263	77,270	27.5	34.5	30.0
Aliens	14,839	3,077	17,936	6.4	13.0	7.0
For. born, unknown citizenship	37,458	3,778	41,236	13.0	15.7	13.0
Total foreign born	233,571	23,953	257,527	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total males, voting age	539,579	31,136	570,715	94.5	5.5	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 15 AND 16.—Continued.

Showing, for Wisconsin, the Total Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and over, in 1900, Classified as to Nativity, Color and Literacy, with Percentage of Literate and Illiterate.

CLASSIFICATION.	LITERATE.		ILLITERATE.		TOTAL.	
	Num-ber.	Per ct.	Num-ber.	Per ct.	Num-ber.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents..	115,199	98.5	1,744	1.5	116,943	100.0
Native white, foreign parents..	188,944	97.9	4,022	2.1	192,966	100.0
Foreign white	233,411	90.7	23,893	9.3	257,304	100.0
Negroes	878	87.3	128	12.7	1,006	100.0
Chinese	156	73.9	55	23.1	211	100.0
Japanese	4	100.0	.....	.....	4	100.0
Indians	987	43.3	1,294	56.7	2,281	100.0
Total	539,579	94.5	31,136	5.5	570,715	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 17.

Male Population, 18 to 44 Years, and Over 21 Years. Classified as Native and Foreign White, and Color, with Percentages, Military and Voting Ages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALES 18 TO 44 YEARS.		MALES 21 YEARS AND OVER.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Native white	288,583	67.8	309,909	54.3
Foreign white	134,751	31.6	257,304	45.1
Negroes	746	0.2	1,003	0.2
Other colored	1,740	0.4	2,496	0.4
Total	425,825	100.0	570,715	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES, TABLE 17.—Continued.

Showing Persons of Military and Voting Age in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MILITARY AGE, 18 TO 44 YEARS.		VOTING AGE, 21 YEARS AND OVER	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents—males	88,665	20.8	116,943	20.5
Native whites, foreign parents—males	199,923	47.0	192,966	33.8
Foreign white—males	134,751	31.6	257,304	45.1
Negro—males	746	0.2	1,006	0.2
Other colored—males	1,740	0.4	2,496	0.4
Total	425,825	100.0	570,715	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 18.

Showing Total Males of Voting Age, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	VOTING AGE.	
	Number.	Per Cent.
Native born males voting age	315,158	54.86
Foreign born males voting age	257,527	45.14
Total males of voting age	570,715	100.00

SUMMARIES, TABLE 19.

Population 5 to 20 Years Inclusive, Classified as to Sex and Color—School Age, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, 5 to 20 years, inclusive	310,518	338,389	678,907	50.10	49.90	100.00
Foreign white, 5 to 20 years, inclusive	24,535	23,508	48,043	51.10	48.90	100.00
Negroes, 5 to 20 years, inclusive	321	340	661	48.60	51.40	100.00
Other colored, 5 to 20 years, inclusive	1,499	1,575	3,074	48.70	51.30	100.00
Total	366,873	363,812	730,685	50.21	49.79	100.00

OTHER SUMMARIES, TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population of 5 to 20 Years of Age, Inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 5 to 20 years	124,242	123,052	247,294	50.2	49.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 5 to 20 years	216,276	215,337	431,613	50.1	49.9	100.0
Total native white, 5 to 20 years	340,518	338,389	678,907	50.2	49.8	100.0
Foreign white, 5 to 20 years ..	24,535	23,508	48,043	51.1	48.9	100.0
Total white, 5 to 20 years	365,055	361,897	726,950	50.2	49.8	100.0
Negroes, 5 to 20 years	321	340	661	48.6	51.4	100.0
Other colored, 5 to 20 years....	1,499	1,575	3,074	48.8	51.2	100.0
Total colored, 5 to 20 years	1,820	1,915	3,735	48.7	51.3	100.0
Total native born, 5 to 20 years	342,331	340,299	682,630	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total foreign born, 5 to 20 years	24,542	23,513	48,055	51.1	48.9	100.0
Total, 5 to 20 years	366,873	363,812	730,685	50.2	49.8	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population, 5 to 17 Years of Age, inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 5 to 17 years	107,859	106,545	214,404	50.3	49.7	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 5 to 17 years	184,263	182,276	366,539	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total native white, 5 to 17 years	292,122	288,821	580,943	50.3	49.7	100.0
Foreign white, 5 to 17 years ..	15,163	14,658	29,821	50.8	49.2	100.0
Total white, 5 to 17 years	307,285	303,479	610,764	50.3	49.7	100.0
Negroes, 5 to 17 years	240	251	491	48.9	51.1	100.0
Other colored, 5 to 17 years ...	1,301	1,331	2,632	49.4	50.6	100.0
Total colored, 5 to 17 years	1,541	1,582	3,123	49.3	50.7	100.0
Total native born, 5 to 17 years	293,661	290,400	584,061	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total foreign born, 5 to 17 yrs.	15,165	14,661	29,825	50.8	49.2	100.0
Total persons, 5 to 17 yrs.	308,826	305,061	613,887	50.3	49.7	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population, 18 to 20 years, Inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 18 to 20 years	16,383	16,507	32,890	49.8	50.2	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 18 to 20 years	32,013	33,031	65,044	49.2	50.8	100.0
Total native white, 18 to 20 years	48,396	49,538	97,934	49.4	50.6	100.0
Foreign white, 18 to 20 years..	9,372	8,850	18,222	51.4	48.6	100.0
Total white, 18 to 20 years	57,768	58,418	116,186	49.7	50.3	100.0
Negroes, 18 to 20 years	81	89	170	47.6	52.4	100.0
Other colored, 18 to 20 years..	198	244	442	44.8	55.2	100.0
Total colored, 18 to 20 years	279	333	612	45.6	54.4	100.0
Native born, 18 to 20 years	48,670	49,879	98,549	49.4	50.6	100.0
Foreign born, 18 to 20 years..	9,377	8,852	18,229	51.4	48.6	100.0
Total persons, 18 to 20 years	58,047	58,751	116,798	49.7	50.3	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued
Total Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents, all ages	238,532	287,351	525,903	51.0	49.0	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, all ages	480,661	475,642	956,303	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total native white, all ages	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign white, all ages	282,393	233,312	515,705	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total white, all ages	1,031,603	996,305	2,047,911	51.8	48.2	100.0
Foreign born, colored, all ages	232	31	263	87.2	12.8	100.0
Native born, colored, all ages	5,724	5,141	10,865	52.7	47.3	100.0
Total colored, all ages	5,953	5,175	11,131	53.5	46.5	100.0
Native born, all ages	781,937	768,134	1,550,071	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign born, all ages	282,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total population, 1900, all ages	1,037,532	1,001,480	2,039,042	51.6	48.4	100.0

SUMMARIES OF TABLES 20 TO 23, INCLUSIVE.

Showing the Number of Persons Born in Each of the Foreign Countries Included, the Total Foreign and Native Born with Percentages, 1900.

COUNTRIES WHERE BORN.	Foreign born.	PER CENT. OF	
		Foreign born.	Total population.
Asia	202	.01	.01
Austria	7,319	1.42	.85
Belgium	4,412	.85	.2
Bohemia	14,145	2.74	.68
Canada, English	23,830	4.63	1.15
Canada, French	10,091	1.93	.46
China	203	.01	.01
Denmark	13,171	3.13	.74
England	17,995	3.49	.87
Finland	2,198	.43	.11
France	1,637	.33	.08
Germany	212,777	47.05	11.73
Holland	6,496	1.21	.31
Holland	1,123	.22	.06
Hungary	23,514	4.56	1.14
Ireland	2,172	.42	.10
Italy	480	.09	.02
Luxemburg	491	.10	.02
Mexico	61,575	11.93	2.98
Norway	1,368	.27	.07
Poland, Austria	25,607	4.93	1.24
Poland, Germany	3,307	.61	.16
Poland, Russia	1,507	.29	.07
Poland, unknown	4,213	.82	.21
Russia	4,539	.89	.22
Scotland	26,196	5.08	1.27
Sweden	7,666	1.49	.37
Switzerland	146	.02	.01
Turkey	3,353	.65	.16
Wales	533	.11	.03
Other countries	524	.10	.03
Born at sea	515,971	100.00	.....
Foreign born—white, 515,705; colored, 266	956,303	.....	46.22
Native white with foreign parents	585,903	.....	28.32
Native white with native parents	10,865	.....	.52
Native born colored (foreign born colored, 233) .....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,039,042	.....	100.00

SUMMARIES OF TABLE 24.

Showing the Classification as to Age of the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro in Wisconsin, 1900.

Ages.	Nat. White— Nat. Parents.		Nat. White— For. Parents.		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Under 1 year	12,332	12,075	13,919	13,855	137	123	18	19
1 to 4 years.....	45,035	43,482	57,500	56,236	497	492	73	66
5 to 9 years.....	48,497	47,763	74,776	73,796	642	664	88	88
10 to 14 years.....	39,477	38,813	70,220	68,220	595	614	92	103
15 to 19 years.....	31,125	31,203	61,053	61,407	482	515	111	119
20 to 24 years.....	22,374	22,218	50,136	51,755	550	534	166	136
25 to 29 years.....	16,903	15,026	43,300	43,509	521	415	160	121
30 to 34 years.....	14,110	12,936	33,814	33,307	416	337	122	102
35 to 39 years.....	12,384	11,454	28,164	27,441	457	317	142	107
40 to 44 years.....	11,754	10,407	22,723	21,754	364	248	105	57
45 to 49 years.....	9,873	8,619	12,517	11,891	322	246	85	54
50 to 54 years.....	8,458	7,480	6,159	5,568	282	192	89	45
55 to 59 years.....	6,838	6,630	2,746	2,596	180	134	49	31
60 to 64 years.....	5,507	5,455	1,415	1,382	152	136	20	14
65 to 69 years.....	4,911	4,489	849	748	116	99	30	19
70 to 74 years.....	3,657	3,324	483	413	81	82	16	15
75 to 79 years.....	2,452	2,235	306	268	56	40	12	7
80 to 84 years.....	1,313	1,153	182	142	27	37	10	8
85 to 89 years.....	442	441	58	53	16	9	6	1
90 to 94 years.....	111	110	13	8	9	12	1	3
95 to 99 years.....	9	20	9	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
100 years and over	1	2	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....
Age unknown	1,059	481	289	159	52	26	23	6
Total	298,552	287,351	480,661	475,642	5,956	5,175	1,418	1,124

¹ Persons of Negro, Chinese, Japanese and Indian descent.

² Includes all persons of Negro descent.

SUMMARIES OF TABLE 25.

Showing the Classification as to Age of the Aggregate Population, the Foreign and Native Born, and the Native White, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		For. White.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Under 1 year ...	26,425	26,097	26,388	26,053	37	44	37	44
1 to 4 years..	103,549	100,663	103,030	100,210	519	453	517	453
5 to 9 years..	126,465	121,687	123,914	122,221	2,551	2,466	2,550	2,464
10 to 14 years..	116,933	115,149	110,291	103,685	6,673	6,464	6,671	6,463
15 to 19 years..	104,519	104,419	92,657	93,123	11,863	11,296	11,859	11,294
20 to 24 years..	91,204	91,049	73,051	75,002	18,153	16,047	18,144	16,012
25 to 29 years..	82,591	77,239	60,598	59,906	21,993	17,333	21,970	17,329
30 to 34 years..	76,358	68,445	48,298	46,631	28,060	21,814	28,018	21,805
35 to 39 years..	72,464	62,722	40,942	39,207	31,522	23,515	31,459	23,510
40 to 44 years..	64,081	54,151	34,801	32,408	29,283	21,746	29,243	21,745
45 to 49 years..	49,158	41,747	22,722	20,753	26,436	20,991	26,246	20,991
50 to 54 years..	40,381	34,067	14,883	13,239	25,498	20,823	25,482	20,827
55 to 59 years..	31,692	28,231	9,769	9,358	21,932	18,873	21,928	18,871
60 to 64 years..	25,228	23,341	7,072	6,073	18,156	16,368	18,154	16,368
65 to 69 years..	21,163	19,081	5,905	5,335	15,257	13,746	15,257	13,745
70 to 74 years..	15,801	13,853	4,219	3,819	11,582	10,067	11,580	10,067
75 to 79 years..	10,526	9,240	2,814	2,543	7,712	6,697	7,722	6,697
80 to 84 years..	5,016	4,300	1,522	1,336	3,494	2,964	3,494	2,963
85 to 89 years..	1,666	1,548	516	503	1,150	1,045	1,150	1,045
90 to 94 years..	364	379	133	130	231	249	231	249
95 to 99 years..	81	92	18	24	66	68	66	68
100 yrs. and over	14	22	3	6	11	16	11	16
Age unknown ...	1,834	922	1,399	666	435	256	434	253
Total	1,067,592	1,001,489	81,037	768,134	282,625	233,346	282,393	233,312

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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SUMMARIES, TABLES 32, 33, 34.

Showing the Total Number of Dwellings and of Private and Other Families, with Population, Together with the Number of Farm and Other Homes, Classified as to Ownership with Percentages, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	AGGREGATE.	
	Number.	Per ct.
Dwellings and families, 1900:	398,017	.....
Total number of dwellings	423,063	.....
Total number of families	420,327	.....
Total number of private families	1,991,415	.....
Total population in private families	4.7	.....
Average persons to each private family		
Farm homes, 1900:	77,490	45.78
Owned free from encumbrance	65,589	33.74
Owned but encumbered	2,917	1.72
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance	22,414	13.24
Hired	877	0.52
Unknown		
Total	169,287	100.00
Other than farm homes, 1900:	83,569	33.29
Owned free from encumbrance	39,377	15.68
Owned but encumbered	5,068	2.02
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance	114,595	45.65
Hired	8,431	3.36
Unknown		
Total	251,040	100.00
All homes in 1900:	161,059	38.31
Owned free from encumbrance	104,936	24.97
Owned but encumbered	7,985	1.85
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance	137,000	32.69
Hired	9,308	2.21
Unknown		
Total	420,327	100.00

SUMMARIES, TABLES 35, 36, 37.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number Above this Age not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years of Age, and the Total Number of Persons, Classified as to Sex, in Cities in Wisconsin, Having 25,000 Inhabitants and Over, in 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT OF PERSONS		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	74	1,293	94.3	5.7	100.0
Professional service	5,249	2,750	7,999	65.6	34.4	100.0
Domestic and professional service	26,075	12,902	38,977	66.9	33.1	100.0
Trade and transportation	34,930	6,239	41,169	84.8	15.2	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	13,608	68,372	80.1	19.9	100.0
Total 10 years and over employed	122,217	35,573	157,790	77.5	22.5	100.0
Ten years and over not employed	29,897	118,895	148,792	20.1	79.9	100.0
Under 10 years of age	48,332	47,773	96,105	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total	200,446	202,241	402,687	50.2	49.8	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 35, 36, 37.—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number of this Age not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years of Age, and the Total Number of Persons, Classified as to Sex, in Places Having Less than 25,000 Inhabitants, in 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT OF PERSONS		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	8,483	268,714	96.8	3.2	100.0
Professional service	12,682	11,585	24,267	52.3	47.7	100.0
Domestic and personal service	71,250	38,275	109,525	65.0	35.0	100.0
Trade and transportation	57,939	6,152	64,091	90.4	9.6	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,033	16,079	108,112	85.1	14.9	100.0
Total	494,174	80,374	574,548	86.0	14.0	100.0
Ten years and over not employed	164,835	514,991	679,826	24.2	75.8	100.0
Under 10 years	208,107	203,674	411,781	50.5	49.5	100.0
Total	867,116	793,239	1,660,355	52.0	48.0	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 37.

Showing the Total Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number 10 Years and Over not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years, and the Total Number of Persons, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT OF PERSONS		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	8,557	270,007	96.8	3.2	100.0
Professional service	17,931	14,335	32,266	55.6	44.4	100.0
Domestic and personal service	97,314	51,177	148,491	65.5	34.5	100.0
Trade and transportation	92,869	12,291	105,200	88.2	11.8	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	29,687	176,514	83.2	16.8	100.0
Total	616,391	118,147	732,538	84.2	15.8	100.0
Ten years and over, not employed	194,722	633,886	828,618	23.5	76.5	100.0
Under 10 years	256,439	251,447	507,886	50.5	49.5	100.0
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.6	48.4	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 35, 36, 37.—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number of Persons 10 Years and Over, and the Total Number of Persons, with Percentages, in Cities in Wisconsin Having 25,000 Inhabitants and over, in 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	1.0	74	.3	1,293	.8
Professional service	5,249	4.3	2,750	7.7	7,999	5.1
Domestic and personal service	26,055	21.3	12,902	36.3	38,957	24.6
Trade and transportation	34,930	28.5	6,239	17.5	41,169	23.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	44.9	13,608	38.2	68,372	43.4
Total	122,217	100.0	35,573	100.0	157,790	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	0.8	74	.....	1,293	0.4
Professional service	5,249	3.5	2,750	1.8	7,999	2.6
Domestic and personal service	26,055	17.1	12,902	8.4	38,957	12.7
Trade and transportation	34,930	23.0	6,239	4.0	41,169	13.5
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	36.0	13,608	8.8	68,372	22.3
Over 10 years not employed.	29,877	19.6	118,875	77.0	148,752	48.5
Total	152,114	100.0	151,468	100.0	306,582	100.0
Total persons all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	0.6	74	.....	1,293	0.3
Professional service	5,249	2.6	2,750	1.4	7,999	2.0
Domestic and personal service	26,055	13.0	12,902	6.4	38,957	9.7
Trade and transportation	34,930	17.5	6,239	3.1	41,169	10.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	27.3	13,608	6.7	68,372	17.0
Over 10 years not employed.	29,877	14.9	118,875	58.8	148,752	37.0
Under 10 years	48,332	24.1	47,773	23.6	96,105	23.8
Total	200,446	100.0	202,241	100.0	402,687	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 35, 36, 37.—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number 10 Years and Over, and the Total Persons of all Ages, with Percentages, in Places in Wisconsin Having Less than 25,000 Inhabitants, in 1900:

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	52.6	8,483	10.5	268,714	46.8
Professional service	12,682	2.6	11,585	14.4	24,267	4.2
Domestic and personal service	71,259	14.4	38,275	47.5	109,534	19.0
Trade and transportation	57,939	11.7	6,152	7.6	64,091	11.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	18.7	16,079	20.0	108,142	18.8
Total	494,174	100.0	80,574	100.0	574,748	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	39.5	8,483	1.4	268,714	21.4
Professional service	12,682	1.9	11,585	2.0	24,267	1.9
Domestic and personal service	71,259	10.8	38,275	6.4	109,534	8.7
Trade and transportation	57,939	8.8	6,152	1.0	64,091	5.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,033	14.0	16,079	2.7	108,142	8.6
Over 10 years not employed..	164,835	25.0	514,991	83.5	679,826	54.2
Total	659,009	100.0	595,565	100.0	1,254,574	100.0
Total persons all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	30.0	8,483	1.0	268,714	16.1
Professional service	12,682	1.5	11,585	1.5	24,267	1.5
Domestic and personal service	71,259	8.2	38,275	4.8	109,534	6.6
Trade and transportation	57,939	6.7	6,152	0.8	64,091	3.8
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	10.6	16,079	2.0	108,142	6.5
Over 10 years not employed..	164,835	19.0	514,991	61.4	679,826	40.8
Under 10 years	203,107	24.0	203,674	25.5	411,781	24.7
Total	837,116	100.0	799,239	100.0	1,636,355	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 38.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and Over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number 10 Years and Over, and the Total Number of Persons of all Ages, with Percentages, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Total for the State.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	42.4	8,557	7.4	270,007	36.8
Professional service	17,931	2.9	14,335	12.8	32,266	4.4
Domestic and personal service	97,314	15.3	51,177	44.1	148,491	20.3
Trade and transportation	92,869	15.1	12,391	10.7	105,260	14.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	23.8	29,687	25.5	176,514	24.1
Total	616,391	100.0	116,147	100.0	732,538	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	32.2	8,557	1.1	270,007	17.3
Professional service	17,931	2.2	14,335	1.9	32,266	2.0
Domestic and personal service	97,314	12.0	51,177	6.8	148,491	9.5
Trade and transportation	92,859	11.5	12,391	1.7	105,260	6.8
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	18.1	29,687	4.0	176,514	11.3
Over 10 years not employed..	194,732	24.0	633,886	84.5	828,618	53.1
Total	811,123	100.0	750,033	100.0	1,561,156	100.0
Total persons all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	24.5	8,557	.9	270,007	13.1
Professional service	17,931	1.7	14,335	1.4	32,266	1.6
Domestic and personal service	97,314	9.1	51,177	5.1	148,491	7.2
Trade and transportation	92,839	8.7	12,391	1.2	105,230	5.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	13.8	29,687	3.0	176,514	8.5
Over 10 years of age not employed	194,732	18.2	633,886	63.4	828,618	40.0
Under 10 years	256,439	24.0	251,447	25.0	507,886	24.5
Total	1,067,562	100.0	1,001,480	100.0	2,069,042	100.0

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Conjugal Condition of the Female Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classification by age.	Single.	Married.	Widow'd	Divorc'd	Un- known	TOTAL.	
						Number	Per ct.
Females:							
Under 15 years	366,543	27	1	.....	25	366,596	36.60
15 to 19 years	98,000	6,175	68	.....	32	104,419	10.43
20 to 24 years	52,629	37,642	434	.....	229	91,049	9.09
25 to 29 years	21,210	54,543	1,028	.....	376	77,239	7.72
30 to 34 years	10,137	56,159	1,669	.....	430	68,445	6.84
35 to 44 years	10,924	98,797	6,232	.....	811	116,876	11.67
45 to 54 years	4,183	61,440	9,521	.....	619	75,814	7.57
55 to 64 years	1,813	35,770	13,564	.....	343	51,572	5.15
65 and over	1,129	20,587	26,581	.....	171	48,548	4.81
Unknown age	218	340	115	.....	198	922	.07
Total	566,819	371,480	59,213	3,062	876	1,001,480	.....
Per cent.	56.60	37.10	5.92	.30	.08	100.0	100.0

SUMMARIES.

Showing Conjugal Condition of the Male Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classification by age.	Single.	Married.	Widow'd	Divorc'd	Un- known	TOTAL.	
						Number	Per ct.
Males:							
Under 15 years	373,370	24	.....	.....	8	373,402	31.97
15 to 19 years	104,079	265	10	.....	3	104,519	9.79
20 to 24 years	78,616	12,135	119	.....	44	91,204	8.55
25 to 29 years	42,785	38,922	522	.....	156	82,591	7.73
30 to 34 years	22,044	53,051	928	.....	203	76,358	7.15
35 to 44 years	22,465	109,829	3,422	.....	618	136,548	12.80
45 to 54 years	8,578	75,673	4,538	.....	608	89,539	8.40
55 to 64 years	3,834	46,839	5,683	.....	444	56,920	5.33
65 and over	2,547	36,814	14,764	.....	358	54,644	5.11
Unknown age	529	526	50	.....	19	1,834	.17
Total	658,817	374,108	30,036	2,453	2,118	1,037,562	.....
Per cent.	61.72	35.04	2.81	.23	.20	100.0	100.0

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Native White Persons of Native Parentage Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	57,367	55,557	112,924
Number attending school	760	803	1,563
Number not attending school	53,607	54,754	111,361
Per cent. not attending school	93.67	98.55	98.61
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	44,597	47,763	96,260
Number attending school	29,749	29,418	59,167
Number not attending school	18,748	18,345	37,093
Per cent. not attending school	38.66	38.41	38.53
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	39,477	38,843	78,320
Number attending school	36,352	35,852	72,204
Number not attending school	3,125	2,991	6,116
Per cent. not attending school	7.92	7.70	7.81
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	31,125	31,203	62,328
Number attending school	12,617	14,016	26,633
Number not attending school	18,508	17,187	35,695
Per cent. not attending school	59.46	55.08	57.27
20 years and over:			
Total number	122,086	113,985	236,071
Number attending school	1,304	936	2,240
Number not attending school	120,782	113,049	233,831
Per cent. not attending school	98.93	99.18	99.05
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	87,974	86,606	174,580
Number attending school	66,101	65,270	131,371
Number not attending school	21,873	21,336	43,209
Per cent. not attending school	24.86	24.63	24.75
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	176,466	173,366	349,832
Number attending school	79,478	89,039	159,567
Number not attending school	96,988	93,277	190,265
Per cent. not attending school	54.95	53.80	54.38
Total all ages:			
Total population	298,552	287,351	585,903
Number attending school	89,782	81,025	161,807
Number not attending school	217,770	206,326	424,096
Per cent. not attending school	72.94	71.80	72.38

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Native White Persons of Foreign Parentage Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	71,419	70,091	141,510
Number attending school	951	994	1,945
Number not attending school	70,468	69,097	139,565
Per cent. not attending school	98.67	98.58	98.63
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	74,776	73,796	148,572
Number attending school	46,001	45,116	91,147
Number not attending school	28,775	28,680	57,425
Per cent. not attending school	38.49	38.82	38.65
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	70,220	69,220	139,440
Number attending school	61,695	60,459	122,154
Number not attending school	8,525	8,770	17,295
Per cent. not attending school	12.14	12.67	12.40
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	61,053	61,407	122,460
Number attending school	15,194	15,223	30,422
Number not attending school	45,859	46,179	92,038
Per cent. not attending school	75.11	75.20	75.16
20 years and over:			
Total number	203,193	201,119	404,312
Number attending school	1,497	917	2,414
Number not attending school	201,696	200,202	401,898
Per cent. not attending school	99.26	99.54	99.40
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	144,996	143,025	288,021
Number attending school	107,696	105,605	213,301
Number not attending school	37,300	37,420	74,720
Per cent. not attending school	25.72	26.16	25.94
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	277,463	274,523	551,986
Number attending school	123,841	121,837	245,668
Number not attending school	153,622	152,686	303,323
Per cent. not attending school	55.37	55.62	55.49
Total all ages:			
Total population	480,661	475,642	956,303
Number attending school	125,338	122,744	248,032
Number not attending school	355,323	352,898	708,221
Per cent. not attending school	73.92	74.19	74.05

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Foreign White Persons Attending School During the
Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	554	497	1,051
Number attending school.....	11	10	21
Number not attending school.....	543	487	1,030
Per cent. not attending school.....	98.01	97.99	98.00
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	2,550	2,464	5,014
Number attending school	1,718	1,633	3,351
Number not attending school.....	832	831	1,663
Per cent. not attending school.....	32.63	32.51	32.57
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	6,671	6,463	13,134
Number attending school.....	5,091	4,911	10,002
Number not attending school.....	1,580	1,552	3,132
Per cent. not attending school.....	23.68	24.01	23.85
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	11,859	11,294	23,153
Number attending school.....	1,198	1,031	2,229
Number not attending school.....	10,661	10,263	20,924
Per cent. not attending school.....	89.90	90.58	90.23
20 years and over:			
Total number	260,759	212,594	473,353
Number attending school.....	281	130	414
Number not attending school.....	260,478	212,464	472,942
Per cent. not attending school.....	99.88	99.93	99.91
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	9,221	8,927	18,148
Number attending school.....	6,899	6,574	13,473
Number not attending school.....	2,412	2,353	4,765
Per cent. not attending school.....	26.16	26.36	26.26
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	21,634	20,718	42,352
Number attending school.....	8,018	7,648	15,666
Number not attending school.....	13,616	13,070	26,686
Per cent. not attending school.....	62.94	63.08	63.01
Total all ages:			
Total population	282,393	233,312	515,705
Number attending school.....	8,302	7,778	16,080
Number not attending school.....	274,091	225,534	499,625
Per cent. not attending school.....	97.06	96.67	96.88

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Colored Persons¹ Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	634	615	1,249
Number attending school.....	1	5	6
Number not attending school.....	633	610	1,243
Per cent. not attending school.....	99.84	99.18	99.52
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	642	664	1,306
Number attending school.....	165	147	312
Number not attending school.....	477	517	994
Per cent. not attending school.....	74.30	77.92	76.11
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	595	614	1,209
Number attending school.....	432	480	921
Number not attending school.....	163	125	288
Per cent. not attending school.....	27.39	20.36	23.82
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	432	515	997
Number attending school.....	164	202	366
Number not attending school.....	318	313	631
Per cent. not attending school.....	65.97	60.78	63.29
20 years and over:			
Total number	3,603	2,767	6,370
Number attending school.....	31	19	50
Number not attending school.....	3,572	2,748	6,320
Per cent. not attending school.....	99.14	99.31	99.23
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	1,237	1,273	2,515
Number attending school.....	537	636	1,233
Number not attending school.....	640	642	1,282
Per cent. not attending school.....	51.74	50.23	50.97
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	2,353	2,408	4,761
Number attending school.....	762	843	1,605
Number not attending school.....	1,591	1,565	3,156
Per cent. not attending school.....	67.62	64.99	66.29
Total all ages:			
Total population	5,953	5,175	11,131
Number attending school.....	793	802	1,655
Number not attending school.....	5,163	4,313	9,476
Per cent. not attending school.....	85.09	83.34	85.13

¹ Persons of Negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Total Number of Persons of School Age, the Number Attending School, and the Number and Percentage not Attending School, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	129,974	126,760	256,734
Number attending school.....	1,723	1,812	3,535
Number not attending school.....	128,251	124,948	253,199
Per cent. not attending school.....	98.67	98.57	98.62
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	126,465	124,687	251,152
Number attending school.....	77,633	76,374	154,007
Number not attending school.....	48,832	48,313	97,145
Per cent. not attending school.....	38.61	38.75	38.68
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	116,963	115,149	232,112
Number attending school.....	103,570	101,711	205,281
Number not attending school.....	13,393	13,438	26,831
Per cent. not attending school.....	11.45	11.67	11.55
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	104,519	104,419	208,938
Number attending school	29,173	30,510	59,683
Number not attending school.....	75,346	73,909	149,255
Per cent. not attending school.....	72.09	70.78	71.44
20 years and over:			
Total number	589,641	530,465	1,120,106
Number attending school.....	3,113	2,092	5,118
Number not attending school	586,528	528,463	1,114,983
Per cent. not attending school.....	99.47	99.62	99.54
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	243,423	239,836	483,264
Number attending school.....	181,203	178,085	359,288
Number not attending school.....	62,225	61,751	123,976
Per cent. not attending school.....	25.56	25.75	25.65
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	477,921	471,015	948,936
Number attending school.....	212,099	210,407	422,506
Number not attending school.....	265,822	260,608	526,430
Per cent. not attending school.....	55.62	55.33	55.48
Total all ages:			
Total population	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042
Number attending school.....	215,215	212,409	427,624
Number not attending school.....	852,347	789,071	1,641,418
Per cent. not attending school.....	79.84	78.79	79.32

SUMMARY.

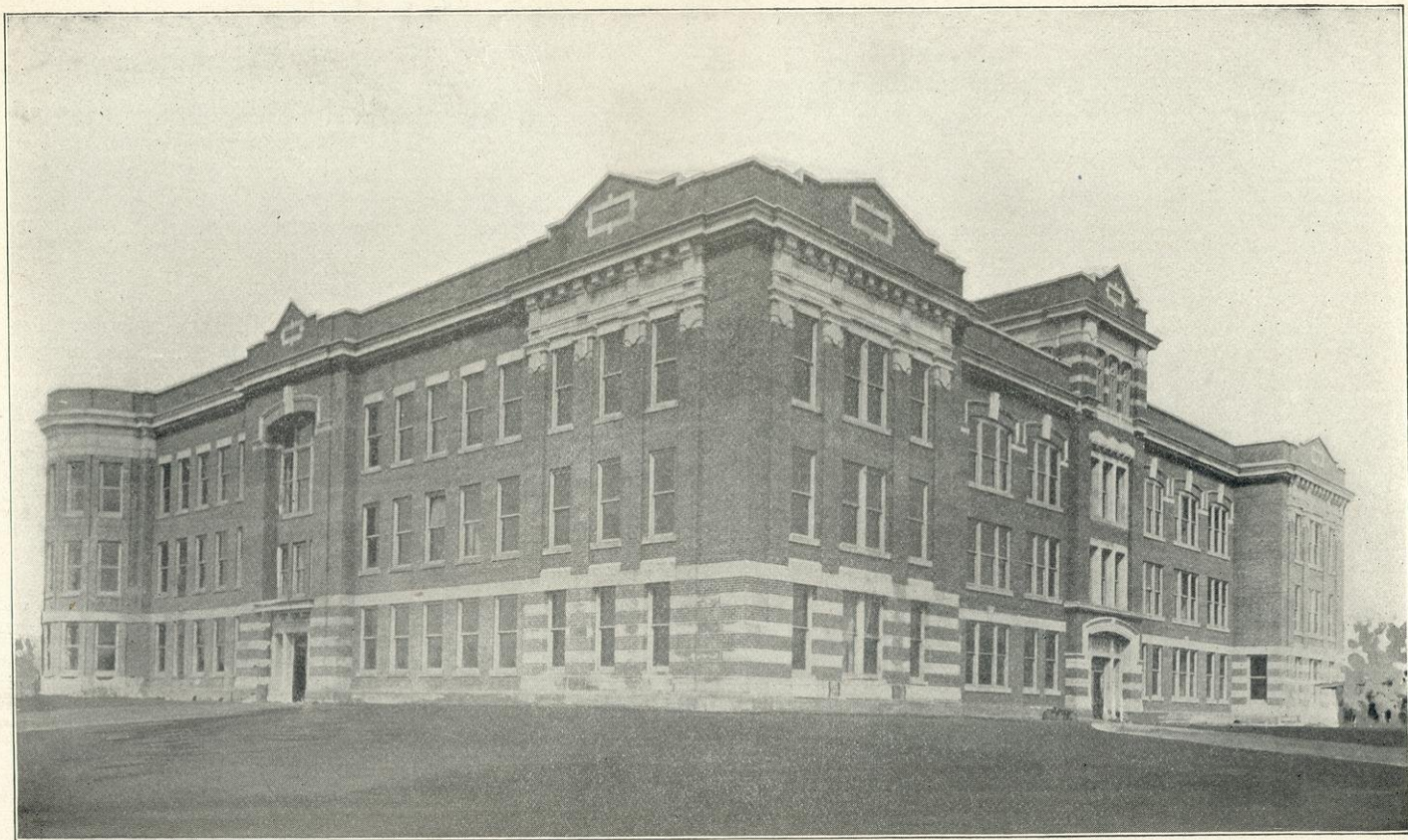
Showing Native White Persons of Native Parentage Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period, and Months of School Attendance in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Males	439	2,295	2,075	25,700	30,500
Females	465	2,480	2,119	25,157	30,221
Total	904	4,775	4,194	50,857	60,730
Per cent.	1.48	7.83	6.92	83.74	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Males	103	961	2,504	32,781	36,352
Females	97	767	1,535	33,453	35,832
Total	203	1,728	4,039	66,234	72,204
Per cent. ....	.22	2.42	5.61	91.75	100.00
15 years and over:					
Males	97	902	1,900	11,022	13,921
Females	80	540	883	13,444	14,952
Total	177	1,442	2,783	24,466	28,873
Per cent. ....	.63	5.00	9.66	84.71	100.00
All persons:					
Males	642	4,158	6,479	69,503	80,782
Females	642	3,787	4,542	72,054	81,025
Total	1,284	7,945	11,021	141,557	161,807
Per cent.	0.79	4.91	6.81	87.49	100.00

SUMMARY.

Showing Native White Persons of Foreign Parentage Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period and Months of School Attendance in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	595	2,950	2,914	40,463	46,952
Female	709	3,067	3,017	39,347	46,140
Total	1,304	6,017	5,961	79,810	93,092
Per cent.	1.41	6.46	6.40	85.73	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	209	1,834	4,781	54,821	61,695
Female	204	1,535	3,551	55,129	60,459
Total	413	3,449	8,342	109,950	122,154
Per cent. ....	.33	2.82	6.83	90.02	100.00
15 years and over:					
Male	196	1,375	2,537	12,583	16,691
Female	148	822	1,337	13,833	16,145
Total	344	2,197	3,874	26,421	32,836
Per cent.	1.06	6.69	11.79	80.46	100.00
All persons:					
Male	1,000	6,209	10,232	107,867	125,338
Female	1,031	5,454	7,915	103,314	122,744
Total	2,061	11,663	18,177	216,181	248,082
Per cent.82	4.72	7.32	87.14	100.00



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, LA CROSSE.

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SUMMARY.

Showing Foreign White Persons Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	18	53	86	1,569	1,729
Female	23	60	85	1,505	1,673
Total	41	116	171	3,074	3,402
Per cent.	1.20	3.78	5.00	90.02	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	21	147	322	4,601	5,091
Female	21	141	216	4,503	4,911
Total	42	288	568	9,104	10,002
Per cent.	0.42	2.88	5.68	91.02	100.00
15 years and over:					
Male	20	122	156	1,184	1,482
Female	13	67	99	1,015	1,194
Total	33	189	255	2,199	2,676
Per cent.	1.22	7.23	9.81	81.74	100.00
All persons:					
Male	59	325	594	7,354	8,302
Female	57	253	430	7,023	7,778
Total	116	593	994	14,377	16,080
Per cent. ....	.71	3.69	6.15	83.45	100.00

SUMMARY.

Showing Colored Persons¹ Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Periods, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	4	12	7	143	166
Female	3	13	6	130	152
Total	7	25	13	273	318
Per cent.	2.21	7.53	4.41	85.85	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	3	33	23	373	432
Female	1	34	25	429	489
Total	4	67	48	802	921
Per cent.	0.40	7.00	5.50	87.10	100.00
15 years and over:					
Male	5	17	12	161	195
Female		12	16	193	221
Total	5	29	28	354	416
Per cent.	1.00	7.00	7.00	85.00	100.00
All persons:					
Male	12	62	42	677	793
Female	4	59	47	752	862
Total	16	121	89	1,429	1,655
Per cent.	1.00	8.10	5.00	85.90	100.00

¹ Persons of Negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

SUMMARY.

Showing Total Persons Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Periods, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Males	1,056	5,313	5,112	67,875	79,359
Females	1,200	5,620	5,227	66,133	78,186
Total	2,256	10,933	10,339	134,014	157,542
Per cent.	1.43	6.94	6.56	85.07	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Males	339	3,025	7,630	92,576	103,570
Females	323	2,507	5,337	93,514	101,711
Total	662	5,532	12,967	186,090	205,281
Per cent. ....	.33	2.69	6.33	90.65	100.00
15 years and over:					
Males	318	2,416	4,605	24,950	32,289
Females	241	1,411	2,340	28,490	32,512
Total	559	3,827	6,945	53,440	64,801
Per cent. ....	.86	5.95	10.72	82.47	100.00
All persons:					
Males	1,713	10,754	17,347	185,401	215,215
Females	1,764	9,568	12,934	188,143	212,409
Total	3,477	20,322	30,281	373,544	427,624
Per cent. ....	.81	4.76	7.08	87.35	100.00

PART III

ELECTION STATISTICS

PRESIDENT, VICE-PRESIDENT

STATE OFFICERS

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

STATE SENATORS

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY

JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

At each election from 1864 to 1908.

STATES.	1864.		1868.		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.		1892.			1896.		1900.		1904.		1908.		
	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Parler—Dem.	Roosevelt—Rep.	Taft—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	
Alabama.....	.....	.....	8	.....	10	.....	10	6	10	6	.....	10	7	.....	.....	.....	11	8	11	8	11	9	.....	.....	11	6
Arkansas.....	.....	.....	5	.....	6	.....	6	.....	1	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
California.....	5	.....	5	.....	6	.....	3	.....	3	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut.....	6	.....	6	.....	6	.....	6	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Delaware.....	.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	.....	3	.....	4	.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	11	.....	11	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....	16	.....	16	.....	21	.....	21	.....	21	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indiana.....	13	.....	13	.....	15	.....	15	.....	15	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	.....	.....	8	.....	11	.....	11	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas.....	.....	3	.....	3	.....	5	.....	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	.....	11	.....	11	.....	8	.....	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maine.....	.....	.....	7	.....	7	.....	7	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maryland.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	8	.....	8	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Massachusetts.....	12	.....	12	.....	13	.....	13	.....	13	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan.....	8	.....	8	.....	11	.....	11	.....	11	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	4	.....	4	.....	5	.....	5	.....	5	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	8	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri.....	11	.....	11	.....	.....	6	.....	15	15	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montana.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nevada.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hampshire.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York.....	33	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	35	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10	.....	10	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

At each election from 1864 to 1908.

STATES.	1864.		1868.		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.		1892.			1896.		1900.		1904.		1908.			
	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Parker—Dem.	Roosevelt—Rep.	Taft—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.		
North Dakota.....	21		21		23		23		23		23		23		1	23		23		23		23		23		23	
Ohio.....	21		21		23		23		23		23		23		23		23		23		23		23		23		23
Oklahoma.....				3								3		3				4		4				4		4	
Oregon.....	3		3		3		3		3		3		3		3			3		3		3		3		3	
Pennsylvania.....	25		26		25		24		24		24		24		24		24		24		24		24		24		24
Rhode Island.....	4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4
South Carolina.....			6																		9						9
South Dakota.....			6																		9						9
Tennessee.....			10			12		12		12		12		12		12		12		12		12		12		12	
Texas.....						8		8		8		8		8		8		8		8		8		8		8	
Utah.....																											
Vermont.....	5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5
Virginia.....			11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11		11
Washington.....																											
West Virginia.....	5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5		5
Wisconsin.....	8		8		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10
Wyoming.....																											
Total.....	212	21	214	80	286	42	185	184	214	155	219	182	233	168	289	128	32	271	176	292	155	149	336	321	162	46	162
No. of states voting.	36		37		37		38		38		38		38		44		45		45		45		45		46		46

ELECTION STATISTICS

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1908, WITH PLURALITIES AND POPULATION BY STATES.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

States.	W. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	W. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	A. Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	T. E. Watson, Pop.	T. L. Hisgen, Ind.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 3, 1908.	Population, 1900.	States.
								Taft.	Bryan.	Taft.	Bryan.			
Alabama.....	74,374	665	26,283	1,399	.....	1,568	495	.....	48,091	.....	11	104,784	1,828,697	Ala.
Arkansas.....	87,015	1,194	56,679	5,842	.....	1,026	289	.....	30,336	.....	9	152,045	1,311,564	Ark.
California.....	127,492	11,770	214,398	28,635	.....	.....	.....	.....	86,906	.....	10	386,633	1,485,053	Cal.
Colorado.....	126,772	5,538	123,732	7,960	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,040	.....	5	264,002	539,700	Colo.
Connecticut.....	68,255	2,380	112,615	5,110	608	.....	728	44,560	.....	7	.....	189,896	908,355	Conn.
Delaware.....	22,072	677	25,007	240	.....	.....	28	2,935	.....	3	.....	48,024	184,735	Del.
Florida.....	31,104	553	10,654	3,747	.....	1,946	1,356	.....	10,450	.....	5	49,360	528,542	Fla.
Georgia.....	72,350	1,059	41,692	584	.....	16,965	77	.....	30,658	.....	13	132,727	2,216,331	Ga.
Idaho.....	36,162	1,999	52,621	6,400	.....	.....	119	16,459	.....	3	.....	97,270	161,772	Idaho.
Illinois.....	450,810	29,364	629,932	34,711	1,680	633	7,724	179,122	.....	27	.....	1,154,854	4,821,550	Ill.
Indiana.....	338,262	18,045	348,903	13,476	643	1,193	514	10,731	.....	15	.....	721,126	2,516,462	Ind.
Iowa.....	200,771	9,837	275,210	8,287	.....	261	404	74,439	.....	13	.....	494,770	2,231,853	Iowa.
Kansas.....	161,209	5,033	197,216	12,420	.....	.....	68	36,907	.....	10	.....	375,946	1,470,495	Kan.
Kentucky.....	244,092	5,887	235,711	4,185	404	333	200	.....	8,381	.....	13	490,812	2,147,174	Ky.
Louisiana.....	68,568	.....	8,958	2,538	.....	.....	79	.....	54,610	.....	9	75,143	1,381,625	La.
Maine.....	35,403	1,487	66,987	1,758	.....	.....	700	31,584	.....	6	.....	106,335	694,466	Me.
Maryland.....	115,908	3,302	116,513	2,323	.....	.....	485	605	.....	8	.....	236,531	1,190,050	Md.
Massachusetts.....	155,543	4,379	265,966	10,781	1,018	.....	19,239	110,423	.....	16	.....	459,326	2,805,346	Mass.
Michigan.....	174,313	16,705	333,313	11,527	1,086	.....	734	159,000	.....	14	.....	537,976	2,420,982	Mich.
Minnesota.....	109,395	10,220	153,876	14,094	.....	.....	402	86,501	.....	11	.....	329,996	1,751,394	Minn.
Mississippi.....	58,286	.....	4,363	978	.....	1,276	.....	.....	53,923	.....	10	64,903	1,551,270	Miss.
Missouri.....	346,574	4,284	347,203	15,431	868	1,165	402	629	.....	18	.....	715,927	3,190,665	Mo.
Montana.....	29,326	527	32,333	5,855	.....	.....	443	3,007	.....	3	.....	68,784	284,320	Mont.
Nebraska.....	131,099	5,179	126,997	3,524	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,102	.....	8	266,799	1,063,539	Neb.
Nevada.....	11,212	.....	10,775	2,103	.....	.....	486	.....	437	.....	3	24,576	42,335	Nev.
New Hampshire.....	33,655	905	53,144	1,299	.....	.....	584	19,489	.....	4	.....	89,587	411,588	N. H.
New Jersey.....	182,567	4,934	265,326	10,253	1,196	.....	2,922	82,759	.....	12	.....	467,198	1,883,669	N. J.
New York.....	667,468	22,667	870,070	38,451	3,877	.....	35,817	202,602	.....	39	.....	1,638,350	7,268,012	N. Y.
North Carolina.....	136,928	.....	114,887	3,5	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,041	.....	12	252,160	1,893,810	N. C.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1908, WITH PLURALITIES, AND POPULATION BY STATES—Continued.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

States.	W. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	W. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	A. Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	T. E. Watson, Pop.	T. L. Hisgen, Ind.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 3, 1908.	Population, 1900.	States.
								Taft.	Bryan.	Taft.	Bryan.			
North Dakota	32,885	1,553	57,680	2,421			43	24,795		4		94,582	319,146	N. Dak.
Ohio	502,721	11,402	572,312	33,795	721	162	439	69,591		23		1,121,552	4,157,545	Ohio.
Oklahoma	122,406		110,558	21,779			244		11,848		7	255,421		Okla.
Oregon	38,049	2,682	62,530	7,339			289	24,481		4		110,889	413,536	Ore.
Pennsylvania	448,785	36,694	745,779	33,913	1,222		1,057	266,994		34		1,267,450	6,302,115	Penn.
Rhode Island	24,706	1,016	43,942	1,365	183		1,105	19,236		4		72,317	428,556	R. I.
South Carolina	62,288		3,953	101			42		58,325		9	66,394	1,340,316	S. C.
South Dakota	40,266	4,039	67,466	2,846			88	27,200		4		114,705	401,570	S. Dak.
Tennessee	135,608	300	118,324	1,870		1,081	332		17,284		12	257,515	2,020,616	Tenn.
Texas	217,302	1,634	65,666	7,870	176	944	115		151,636		18	293,707	3,048,710	Texas.
Utah	42,601		61,015	4,895			87	18,414		3		108,598	276,749	Utah.
Vermont	11,500	802	39,558				804	28,058		4		52,664	343,641	Vt.
Virginia	82,946	1,111	52,573	255	25	105	51		30,373		12	137,066	1,854,184	Va.
Washington	58,691	4,700	106,062	14,177			249	47,371		5		183,879	518,103	Wash.
West Virginia	111,418	5,13	137,869	3,679			46	26,451		7		258,167	958,800	W. Va.
Wisconsin	166,632	11,566	247,747	28,164	314			81,115				454,421	2,069,042	Wis.
Wyoming	14,918	65	20,846	1,715			64	5,928		3		37,609	92,531	Wym.
Totals	6,405,707	251,570	7,677,544	420,500	14,021	29,108	83,628	1,817,302	536,535	327	156	14,882,078	74,610,523	
Pluralities			1,271,837											

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904, WITH PLURALITIES, AND POPULATION BY STATES.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

STATES.	Parker, Dem.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Corri-gan, Soc. Lab.	Watson, Pop.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 8, 1904.	Popula-tion, 1900.	States.
							Roosevelt.	Parker.	Roose-velt.	Parker.			
Alabama.....	79,857	22,472	853	612	839	5,051	57,385	11	109,684	1,828,697	Ala.		
Arkansas.....	64,434	46,800	1,816	983	.....	2,318	17,574	9	116,411	1,311,564	Ark.	
California.....	89,404	205,226	29,535	7,380	.....	.....	115,822	10	331,545	1,485,053	Calif.
Colorado.....	100,105	134,687	4,304	3,438	.....	824	34,582	5	243,693	539,700	Col.	
Connecticut.....	72,909	111,089	4,543	1,506	.....	575	38,180	7	191,116	908,355	Conn.	
Delaware.....	19,360	23,714	146	607	.....	46	4,354	3	42,873	184,735	Del.	
Florida.....	27,046	8,314	2,337	.....	.....	1,605	18,732	5	39,302	528,542	Fla.
Georgia.....	88,331	25,335	197	845	.....	23,490	62,996	13	138,198	2,216,331	Ga.	
Idaho.....	18,480	47,783	4,949	1,013	.....	353	29,303	3	72,578	161,772	Idaho.	
Illinois.....	327,000	632,645	69,225	34,770	4,698	6,725	305,039	27	1,068,944	4,821,550	Illinois.		
Indiana.....	274,345	368,289	12,013	23,496	1,598	2,444	93,944	15	682,185	2,516,462	Ind.		
Iowa.....	149,141	307,907	14,847	11,601	.....	2,207	158,766	13	485,703	2,231,853	Iowa.	
Kansas.....	84,800	210,833	15,494	7,245	.....	6,156	126,093	10	324,588	1,470,495	Kan.	
Kentucky.....	217,170	205,277	3,602	6,609	.....	596	11,893	13	435,765	2,147,174	Ky.	
Louisiana.....	47,708	5,205	995	.....	.....	.....	42,503	9	53,908	1,381,625	La.
Maine.....	27,638	64,438	2,103	1,510	.....	338	36,800	6	96,027	694,466	Me.	
Maryland.....	109,446	100,496	2,247	3,031	.....	.....	51	7	224,224	1,190,050	Md.
Massachusetts.....	165,746	257,822	13,604	4,279	2,359	1,294	92,076	16	445,104	2,805,346	Mass.		
Michigan.....	134,151	361,866	8,941	13,308	1,012	1,159	227,715	14	520,437	2,420,982	Mich.		
Minnesota.....	68,631	214,978	6,376	5,603	.....	2,004	146,347	11	297,592	1,751,394	Minn.	
Mississippi.....	53,376	3,189	393	.....	.....	1,425	.....	.....	.....	.....	Miss.
Missouri.....	296,312	321,449	13,009	7,191	1,374	4,226	50,187	10	58,385	1,551,270	Miss.		
Montana.....	21,773	34,932	5,676	335	208	1,520	25,137	18	643,861	3,106,665	Mo.		
Nebraska.....	51,876	138,558	7,412	6,338	.....	20,518	13,159	3	64,444	243,329	Mont.	
Nevada.....	3,982	6,867	925	.....	.....	344	86,082	8	224,702	1,068,539	Nebr.
New Hamp're..	33,992	54,177	1,090	749	.....	81	20,185	4	.....	.....	N. H.
New Jersey.....	164,566	245,164	9,587	6,845	2,680	3,705	50,598	12	90,089	411,588	N. J.		
New York.....	683,981	859,533	36,883	20,787	9,127	7,459	175,552	39	432,547	1,883,669	N. Y.		
North Carolina	124,121	82,442	124	361	.....	819	41,679	.....	1,617,770	7,268,012	N. C.
North Dakota.	14,273	52,595	2,005	1,137	.....	165	38,322	4	207,867	1,893,810	N. Dak.	
									319,146	319,146			

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904, WITH PLURALITIES, AND POPULATION BY STATES—Continued.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

STATES.	Parker, Dem.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Corri-gan, Soc. Lab.	Watson, Pop.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 8, 1904.	Popula-tion, 1900	States.
							Roosevelt.	Parker.	Roose-velt.	Parker.			
Ohio.....	344,674	600,095	36,260	19,339	2,633	1,392	255,421	.....	23	.....	1,004,393	4,157,545	Ohio.
Oregon.....	17,551	60,455	7,619	3,806	.....	753	42,904	.....	4	.....	90,184	413,536	Oregon.
Pennsylvania..	335,430	840,949	21,865	33,717	.....	2,211	505,519	.....	34	.....	1,234,170	6,302,115	Penn.
Rhode Island..	24,839	41,605	956	768	.....	488	16,766	.....	4	.....	68,656	428,556	R. I.
South Carolina	54,635	2,254	22	.....	.....	1	.....	52,381	.....	9	56,912	1,340,316	S. Car.
South Dakota.	21,969	72,083	3,138	2,965	.....	1,840	50,114	.....	4	.....	101,995	401,570	S. Dak.
Tennessee.....	131,653	105,369	1,354	1,859	.....	2,491	26,284	.....	12	.....	242,756	2,020,616	Tenn.
Texas.....	167,200	51,242	2,791	4,292	.....	421	8,062	.....	18	.....	234,008	3,048,710	Texas.
Utah.....	33,413	62,444	5,767	.....	.....	.....	29,031	.....	3	.....	101,624	276,749	Utah.
Vermont.....	9,777	40,459	859	792	.....	.....	30,682	.....	4	.....	51,887	343,641	Vt.
Virginia.....	80,648	47,880	218	1,383	.....	56	.....	32,768	.....	12	130,544	1,854,184	Va.
Washington...	28,015	100,698	.....	.....	.....	.....	72,653	.....	5	.....	128,713	518,103	Wash.
West Virginia.	100,850	132,098	1,572	4,413	.....	337	31,758	.....	7	.....	239,780	958,800	W. Va.
Wisconsin.....	124,107	280,164	28,220	9,770	.....	223	530	.....	13	.....	443,014	2,069,042	Wis.
Wyoming.....	8,904	20,467	1,077	207	.....	.....	11,563	.....	3	.....	30,655	92,531	Wyom'g.
Total.....	5,098,225	7,621,975	386,955	254,923	29,222	117,257	3,054,090	530,340	336	140	13,523,518	74,610,523	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES WITH PLURALITIES, 1900.

STATES.	CANDIDATES.								PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	McKinley, Rep.	Woolley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Maloney, Soc. Lab.	Barker, Pop.	Fll's, U. R.	Scatter-ing.	McKinley.	Bryan.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Alabama	55,634	1,407	96,338	928		3,796				40,734		11
Arkansas	44,800	584	81,142			972	341			36,342		8
California	164,755	5,004	124,955	7,554				1,475	39,770		9	
Colorado	93,072	3,790	122,733	684	714	389				29,651		4
Connecticut	102,572	1,617	74,014	1,029	908			55	28,558		6	
Delaware.....	22,535	546	18,863	57					3,672		3	
Florida.....	7,314	2,234	28,007	601		1,070				20,693		4
Georgia.....	35,035	1,396	81,700			4,584				46,665		13
Idaho.....	27,198	857	29,414							2,216		3
Illinois.....	597,985	17,626	503,061	9,637	1,373		672	352	94,924		24	
Indiana.....	336,063	13,718	309,584	2,374	663	1,438	254		26,479		15	
Iowa.....	307,808	9,502	209,265	2,742	259	613	166		98,543		13	
Kansas.....	185,955	3,605	162,601	1,605					23,354		10	
Kentucky.....	226,801	2,814	234,899	766	298	2,017				8,098		13
Louisiana.....	14,233		53,671							39,438		8
Maine.....	65,435	2,585	36,823	878				3	28,612		6	
Maryland.....	136,212	4,582	122,271	908	391		147		13,941		8	
Massachusetts.....	238,866	6,202	156,997	9,607	2,599				81,869		15	
Michigan.....	316,269	11,859	211,685	2,826	903	837			104,584		14	
Minnesota.....	190,461	8,555	112,901	3,065	1,329				77,560		9	
Mississippi.....	5,703		51,706			1,644				46,003		9
Missouri.....	241,022	5,965	351,922	6,128	1,294				37,830		17	
Montana.....	25,373	298	37,146	708					11,773			3
Nebraska.....	121,835	3,655	114,013	823		1,104			7,822		8	
Nevada.....	3,803		6,329							2,526		3
New Hampshire.....	54,793	1,271	35,489	790					19,309		4	
New Jersey.....	221,707	7,183	164,808	4,609	2,074	669			56,899		10	
New York.....	821,992	22,043	678,386	12,869	12,622				143,606		36	
North Carolina.....	133,080	991	157,733			737				24,653		11
North Dakota.....	35,898	735	20,531	520		111			15,367		3	

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES WITH PLURALITIES, 1900—Continued.

STATES.	CANDIDATES.								PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	McKinley, Rep.	Woolley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Maloney, Soc. Lab.	Barker, Pop.	Ellis, U. R.	Scatter- ing.	McKinley.	Bryan.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Ohio	543,918	10,203	474,882	4,847	1,688	251	4,284		69,036		23	
Oregon	46,526	2,536	33,385	1,494		237			13,141		4	
Pennsylvania	712,665	27,903	424,232	4,831	2,936	633			238,433		32	
Rhode Island	33,784	1,529	19,812		1,423				13,972		4	
South Carolina	3,579		47,233							43,654		9
South Dakota	54,530	1,542	39,544	169					14,936		4	
Tennessee	123,008	3,860	145,250	346	1,322				22,242			12
Texas	130,641	2,644	267,434	1,846	162	29,981			136,733			15
Utah	47,099	205	44,944	717	102			9	2,155		3	
Vermont	42,568		12,849			368		431	29,719		4	
Virginia	115,865	2,150	146,080	145	167	63		63		30,215		12
Washington	57,456	2,345	44,833	2,006	866				12,623		4	
West Virginia	119,851	1,586	98,791	286		279			21,060		6	
Wisconsin	265,760	10,027	159,163	7,048	503				106,597		12	
Wyoming	14,482		10,164					50	4,318		3	
Totals	7,219,016	207,159	6,357,643	95,496	34,596	42,830	5,864	2,438	1,440,909	579,536	292	155

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES,
WITH PLURALITIES — 1896.

STATES. (45)	POPULAR VOTE.					PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	McKinley, Rep.	Levering, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Mattchett, Soc. Lab.	McKinley, Rep.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Alabama	54,731	2,147	130,307	6,463	.....	.....	75,570	.....	11
Arkansas	37,512	838	110,103	.....	.....	.....	72,591	.....	8
California	143,170	2,573	143,373	1,730	1,611	2,791	.....	8	*1
Colorado	26,271	1,717	161,153	.....	1	159	131,832	.....	4
Connecticut	110,235	1,838	56,740	4,334	1,223	53,545	.....	6	.....
Delaware	16,304	355	13,424	877	.....	3,380	.....	3	.....
Florida	11,238	1,778	32,730	651	.....	.....	21,448	.....	4
Georgia	60,091	5,613	94,232	2,708	.....	.....	34,141	.....	13
Idaho	6,324	179	23,192	.....	.....	.....	16,868	.....	3
Illinois	607,130	9,796	464,632	6,390	1,147	142,498	.....	24	.....
Indiana	323,754	3,056	305,573	2,145	324	18,181	.....	15	.....
Iowa	289,293	3,192	223,741	4,516	453	.....	.....	13	.....
Kansas	159,541	1,921	171,810	1,209	.....	.....	12,269	.....	10
Kentucky	213,171	4,781	217,890	5,114	.....	.....	281	.....	12
Louisiana	22,037	.....	77,175	1,834	.....	.....	55,133	.....	8
Maine	80,465	1,570	34,688	1,870	.....	45,777	.....	6	.....
Maryland	136,959	5,918	104,735	2,507	537	32,224	.....	8	.....
Massachusetts	278,976	2,993	105,711	11,749	2,114	173,235	.....	15	.....
Michigan	293,532	5,025	235,714	6,871	297	53,833	.....	14	.....
Minnesota	193,501	4,343	139,626	3,202	867	53,875	.....	9	.....
Mississippi	5,130	435	63,359	1,071	.....	.....	53,729	.....	9
Missouri	304,940	2,169	363,637	2,355	596	.....	58,727	.....	17
Montana	10,491	136	42,537	.....	.....	.....	32,013	.....	3
Nebraska	102,304	1,193	115,881	2,885	186	.....	13,576	.....	8
Nevada	1,933	.....	8,377	.....	.....	.....	6,439	.....	3
New Hampshire	57,144	779	21,650	3,520	228	35,791	.....	4	.....
New Jersey	221,337	5,614	133,677	6,313	3,935	87,692	.....	10	.....
New York	319,838	16,052	551,390	18,900	17,667	263,469	.....	36	.....
North Carolina	155,222	675	174,488	578	.....	.....	19,266	.....	11
North Dakota	26,335	338	20,63	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....
Ohio	525,921	5,038	477,494	1,871	1,167	48,497	.....	23	.....
Oregon	48,779	919	46,662	977	.....	2,117	.....	4	.....
Pennsylvania	728,300	19,274	433,218	11,000	1,633	295,072	.....	32	.....
Rhode Island	37,437	1,100	14,459	1,196	553	22,973	.....	4	.....
South Carolina	9,281	.....	53,798	828	.....	.....	49,517	.....	9
South Dakota	41,012	685	41,225	.....	.....	.....	183	.....	4
Tennessee	148,773	3,098	166,268	1,951	.....	.....	17,495	.....	11
Texas	167,520	1,786	370,434	5,016	.....	.....	202,914	.....	15
Utah	13,434	.....	64,517	21	.....	.....	51,033	.....	3
Vermont	51,127	733	10,637	1,331	.....	40,490	.....	4	.....
Virginia	135,308	2,350	154,709	2,120	108	.....	19,343	.....	12
Washington	29,153	963	51,646	1,668	.....	.....	12,493	.....	4
West Virginia	104,411	1,503	92,927	677	.....	11,487	.....	6	.....
Wisconsin	238,135	7,507	165,523	4,581	1,314	102,612	.....	12	.....
Wyoming	10,072	136	10,655	.....	.....	.....	533	.....	3
Total	7,106,779	132,007	5,502,925	133,148	36,274	1,569,100	965,246	271	176
McKinley's net plurality	603,854	.....	.....	.....	.....	965,246	.....	.....	.....

*California and Kentucky each gave one Bryan candidate for elector more votes than were received by the McKinley candidate for elector receiving the lowest number of votes.

In the election of 1896, Bentley, National, received 13,645 votes.
Total popular vote, as per above figures, 13,924,773.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES,
WITH PLURALITIES.

STATES. (44)	1892.									
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.			ELECTORAL VOTE.		
	Cleveland, Dem.	Harrison, Rep.	Weaver, Pop.	Bidwell, Pro.	Cleveland Plu.	Harrison Plu.	Weaver Plu.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Weaver.
Alabama	138,138	9,197	85,181	239	52,937			11		
Arkansas	87,834	46,979	11,831	129	40,855			8		
California	118,174	118,027	25,311	8,096	147			8		
Colorado		33,620	53,584	1,687			14,964			4
Connecticut	82,395	77,032	809	4,026	5,333			6		
Delaware	18,581	18,677			564			3		
Florida	30,143		4,843	539	25,300			4		
Georgia	129,336	48,705	42,939	988	81,081			3		
Idaho		2	10,520	288			1,921			24
Illinois	426,281	399,238	22,207	25,870	29,993			8		
Indiana	262,740	255,615	22,208	13,050	7,125			15		
Iowa	196,367	219,797	20,595	6,402		23,428			13	
Kansas		157,291	163,111	4,553			5,870			10
Kentucky	175,461	135,441	23,509	6,442	40,020			13		
Louisiana	87,622		26,132		61,490			8		
Maine	48,014	62,871	2,383	3,032	14,827			6		
Maryland	113,866	92,736	795	5,877	21,130			8		
Massachusetts	176,858	202,927	3,348	7,539	26,039			1		
Michigan	202,296	222,708	19,796	20,857		20,412		6		8
Minnesota	100,920	122,823	29,313	14,182	31,903				9	
Mississippi	40,237	1,406	10,256	910	29,981			9		
Missouri	268,298	226,918	41,213	4,331	41,480			17		
Montana	17,581	18,851	7,334	54	1,270			3		
Nebraska	24,943	87,227	83,134	4,902	4,093					3
Nevada	714	2,811	7,234				4,453			3
New Hampshire	42,081	45,658	293	1,297	3,577				4	
New Jersey	171,026	156,101	985	8,134	14,965			10		
New York	654,908	609,459	16,436	38,193	45,449			36		
North Carolina	132,931	100,346	44,732	2,543	32,605			11		
North Dakota		17,519	17,700	839			181			3
Ohio	401,115	405,187	14,852	26,012	1,072			1		22
Oregon	14,243	35,002	26,965	2,281	8,037				4	
Pennsylvania	452,234	516,011	8,714	25,123	63,717				32	
Rhode Island	24,336	26,975	228	1,654	2,639				4	
South Carolina	54,698	13,384	2,410		41,314			9		
South Dakota	9,081	31,838	26,541		8,344					4
Tennessee	136,594	99,871	23,780	4,776	36,743			12		
Texas	239,148	77,475	99,688	2,165	161,673			15		
Vermont	16,325	37,992	44	1,424	21,667				4	
Virginia	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,738	50,715			12		
Washington	29,814	36,460	19,954	2,553	6,616				4	
West Virginia	84,467	80,223	1,137	2,145	4,177			6		
Wisconsin	177,325	171,191	10,019	13,136	6,487			12		
Wyoming		8,454	7,722	530	732					3
Total	5,554,504	5,153,512	1,054,215	269,204	850,436	206,530	27,339	286	128	32

Note.—In 1892 the Democratic party placed no electoral ticket in the field in Colorado, Idaho, Kansas or North Dakota, the Republican party none in Georgia or Louisiana.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1888, WITH PLURALITIES.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (33)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, U. Lab.	Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.
Alabama	57,197	117,310	583			60,113
Arkansas	58,752	85,962	614	10,613		27,210
California	124,809	117,729	5,761		7,080	
Colorado	51,793	37,610	2,210	112	14,183	
Connecticut	74,584	74,920	4,234			336
Delaware	12,973	16,414	400			3,441
Florida	26,657	39,561	417			12,904
Georgia	40,496	100,499	1,800	136		60,003
Illinois	370,473	248,272	21,695	7,090	22,201	
Indiana	233,361	261,012	9,881	2,694	2,348	
Iowa	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	
Kansas	182,904	102,745	6,779	37,785	80,159	
Kentucky	155,134	183,800	5,225	622		28,666
Louisiana	30,701	85,032	127			54,331
Maine	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	
Maryland	99,983	106,168	4,767			6,182
Massachusetts	183,892	151,590	8,701		32,302	
Michigan	233,307	213,401	20,942	4,542	22,903	
Minnesota	142,432	104,335	15,311	1,095	38,097	
Mississippi	30,096	85,471	218	22		55,375
Missouri	236,253	261,951	4,510	18,589		25,701
Nebraska	108,425	80,552	9,422	4,226	27,873	
Nevada	7,238	5,323	45			1,912
New Hampshire	46,728	43,358	1,592	13	2,370	
New Jersey	114,344	151,493	7,904			7,149
New York	650,333	635,965	30,231	625	14,373	
North Carolina	134,784	117,902	2,739	37		13,118
Ohio	416,054	396,455	24,353	3,496	19,599	
Oregon	73,293	26,522	1,677		6,771	
Pennsylvania	526,091	446,633	20,947	3,873	79,458	
Rhode Island	21,969	17,530	1,251		4,439	
South Carolina	13,710	65,825				52,085
Tennessee	139,939	153,787	5,999			13,798
Texas	88,422	234,883	4,749	29,459		146,461
Vermont	45,122	16,788	1,460		28,401	
Virginia	150,438	151,977	1,678			1,539
West Virginia	78,491	79,330				839
Wisconsin	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552	21,321	
Total	5,445,274	5,538,755	248,800	142,031	480,770	574,251
Plurality		93,481				93,481

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1884, WITH PLURALITIES.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (39)	1884.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine, Rep.	Cleveland Dem.	Butler, Green.	St. John, Pro.	Blaine, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.
Alabama	59,591	93,951	873	612		34,360
Arkansas	50,895	72,927	1,847			22,032
California	102,418	80,238	2,017	2,920	13,128	
Colorado	36,290	27,723	1,958	761	8,537	
Connecticut	65,923	67,109	1,688	2,305		1,274
Delaware	12,951	16,964	6	55		4,013
Florida	28,031	31,706		72		3,735
Georgia	48,603	94,667	145	195		46,064
Illinois	337,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	
Indiana	233,463	244,990	8,293			6,527
Iowa	197,089	177,316	90,132	1,472	19,773	
Kansas	154,406	90,132	16,341	4,495	64,274	
Kentucky	113,122	152,931	1,691	3,130		34,839
Louisiana	46,347	62,540				16,193
Maine	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,100	20,069	
Maryland	85,699	96,932	531	2,734		11,233
Massachusetts	146,724	122,431	24,433	10,023	24,243	
Michigan	192,639	149,835	42,243	18,403	42,834	
Minnesota	111,923	70,144	3,583	4,634	41,779	
Mississippi	43,509	76,510				33,001
Missouri	202,929	235,983		2,153		33,059
Nebraska	76,912	54,391		2,899		
Nevada	7,133	5,573	26		1,615	
New Hampshire	43,249	39,183	552	1,571	4,036	
New Jersey	123,410	127,798	3,496	6,159		4,358
New York	532,005	563,154	16,994	25,016		1,149
North Carolina	125,068	142,952		454		17,884
Ohio	400,032	368,230	5,179	11,039	31,802	
Oregon	26,860	24,604	726	492	2,253	
Pennsylvania	473,801	392,735	16,992	15,283	81,019	
Rhode Island	19,030	12,391	422	928	6,639	
South Carolina	21,733	60,890				48,157
Tennessee	124,078	133,253	977	1,131		9,180
Texas	93,141	235,309	3,321	3,534		132,163
Vermont	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	
Virginia	139,356	145,477		138		6,141
West Virginia	63,076	67,317	810	939		4,221
Wisconsin	161,135	146,453	4,598	7,649	14,682	
Total	4,851,959	4,874,980	175,370	150,302	446,563	469,584
Plurality		23,021				23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1880 AND 1876.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield, Rep.	Hancock, Dem.	Weaver, Gr.	Scat- tering	Tilden, Dem.	Hayes, Rep.
Alabama	56,178	90,687	4,642	.....	102,002	68,230
Arkansas	41,661	60,439	4,079	.....	58,071	38,669
California	80,348	80,426	3,392	.....	76,164	79,269
Colorado	27,450	24,647	1,435	.....	13,316	14,151
Connecticut	67,073	64,417	868	412	61,934	59,034
Delaware	11,150	15,183	.....	.....	13,381	10,752
Florida	23,654	27,964	.....	.....	24,235 ¹	24,327
Georgia	52,648	102,522	481	.....	120,083	50,446
Illinois	318,037	277,321	26,353	536	253,601	278,232
Indiana	232,134	225,523	12,986	.....	213,526	207,971
Iowa	183,904	105,815	32,327	630	112,121	171,326
Kansas	121,520	59,783	19,710	.....	37,902	78,322
Kentucky	104,550	147,909	11,493	257	159,690	97,153
Louisiana	87,994	65,310	429	.....	70,503 ²	75,135
Maine	74,039	65,171	4,408	235	49,823	66,300
Maryland	78,515	93,706	818	.....	91,779	71,980
Massachusetts	165,205	111,930	4,543	799	108,777	150,063
Michigan	185,190	131,300	34,795	1,156	141,555	166,901
Minnesota	93,903	53,315	3,267	283	48,799	72,962
Mississippi	34,854	75,750	5,797	677	112,173	52,605
Missouri	153,537	208,609	35,015	.....	203,077	145,029
Nebraska	54,979	28,523	3,853	.....	17,554	31,916
Nevada	8,732	9,611	.....	.....	9,308	10,383
New Hampshire	44,832	40,794	523	139	33,569	41,539
New Jersey	120,555	122,535	2,617	191	115,932	103,517
New York	555,544	534,511	12,373	2,177	521,949	489,207
North Carolina	115,878	124,204	1,133	.....	125,427	108,419
Ohio	375,043	310,821	6,456	2,642	323,132	330,693
Oregon	20,619	19,948	249	.....	14,149	15,206
Pennsylvania	444,704	407,428	20,638	1,983	366,158	384,122
Rhode Island	18,195	10,779	236	25	10,712	15,787
South Carolina	58,071	112,312	536	7	99,893	91,783
Tennessee	107,677	128,191	5,916	43	133,166	89,536
Texas	57,845	156,228	27,405	.....	104,303	44,803
Vermont	45,090	18,181	1,212	110	20,254	44,092
Virginia	84,020	127,976	133	.....	139,670	95,558
West Virginia	46,243	57,331	9,079	.....	55,455	42,698
Wisconsin	144,397	114,634	7,980	161	123,927	130,068
Total	4,440,053	4,442,035	307,306	12,576	4,299,893	4,048,228
Total vote	9,210,970				8,442,049	

¹ The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

² The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnergy returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1872, 1868 AND 1864.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant, Rep.	Greeley, Lib. Dem.	Grant, Rep.	Seymour, Dem.	Lincoln, Rep.	McClellan, Dem.
Alabama	90,212	79,444	76,366	72,086		
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,073		
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,073	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,638	45,872	50,993	47,961	44,611	42,285
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,033	10,980	8,155	8,707
Florida	17,765	15,423				
Georgia	62,715	76,237	57,134	102,822		
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,293	199,143	189,996	158,730
Indiana	186,114	163,437	176,552	166,930	150,422	130,233
Iowa	131,233	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,593
Kansas	67,048	32,970	31,047	14,019	16,441	3,691
Kentucky	88,816	109,212	39,569	115,899	27,786	64,301
Louisiana	59,975	63,461	33,263	80,225		
Maine	61,422	29,687	70,426	42,396	68,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,685	30,438	62,357	40,153	32,739
Massachusetts	133,172	59,230	133,447	59,408	126,742	48,745
Michigan	136,202	77,027	128,550	87,039	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55,709	35,211	43,542	23,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,046	47,191				
Missouri	119,196	151,433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,423		
Nevada	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,218	9,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	38,191	31,224	36,400	32,871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80,121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	337,279	419,883	429,833	368,735	331,986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96,228	84,090		
Ohio	281,852	244,321	280,128	238,700	265,154	205,568
Oregon	11,820	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Pennsylvania	349,689	211,961	342,280	313,312	293,391	276,316
Rhode Island	13,665	5,329	12,993	6,518	14,349	8,718
South Carolina	72,290	22,993	62,301	45,237		
Tennessee	83,665	94,391	56,757	26,311		
Texas	47,405	66,500			42,419	13,321
Vermont	41,487	10,917	44,167	12,045		
Virginia	93,415	91,440	29,025	20,206	23,152	10,438
West Virginia	32,233	29,537	108,857	84,710	83,453	65,834
Wisconsin	104,992	86,477				
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737,338		309,588		1,411,231	
Whole vote	6,437,318		5,716,788		4,034,789	

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1860 AND 1856.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln, Rep.	Breckinridge, Dem.	Bell, Union.	Douglas, Dem.	Fremont, Dem.	Fillmore, Amer.	Buchanan, Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651		28,552	46,739
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		10,787	21,910
California	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,516	20,691	33,165	53,365
Connecticut	43,792	14,641	3,291	15,522	42,715	2,615	34,995
Delaware	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023	308	6,175	8,091
Florida		8,543	5,437	307		4,833	6,358
Georgia		51,839	42,886	11,590		42,223	53,538
Illinois	172,161	2,401	4,913	160,215	96,189	37,444	105,348
Indiana	133,023	12,295	5,303	115,509	94,375	22,383	118,670
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	43,951	9,180	36,107
Kansas							
Kentucky	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651	314	67,416	74,642
Louisiana		22,651	20,201	7,625		20,709	22,164
Maine	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,693	67,379	3,325	39,080
Maryland	2,294	42,432	41,760	5,906	281	47,490	39,115
Massachusetts	106,533	5,939	22,331	34,372	108,190	19,620	39,240
Michigan	83,480	805	405	65,077	71,762	1,669	52,136
Minnesota	22,039	748	62	11,920			
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,283		24,195	37,446
Missouri	17,028	31,317	58,372	58,081		48,521	58,164
Nebraska							
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811	38,345	492	32,739
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	28,338	24,115	46,913
New York	362,643			312,731	276,007	124,601	195,878
North Carolina		48,539	44,990			23,881	48,246
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822	187,497	28,123	170,874
Oregon	5,270	5,006	183	3,951			
Pennsylvania	268,070	178,871	12,776	16,765	147,510	82,175	230,710
Rhode Island	12,244			7,707	11,497	1,675	6,680
South Carolina*							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		63,178	73,638
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,169
Vermont	33,808	218	1,969	6,849	39,561	545	10,569
Virginia	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,863,452	817,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,053,987	

* Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES.
FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789 TO 1900.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elect. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents. ¹			Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.
					States.	Popular.			Electoral.
1789	10 ²	73	.....	Geo. Washington	.....	69	.....	74
				John Adams	.....	.....	.....	54
				John Jay	.....	.....	.....	3
				R. H. Harrison	.....	.....	.....	3
				John Rutledge	.....	.....	.....	3
				John Hancock	.....	.....	.....	3
				George Clinton	.....	.....	.....	3
				Sam. Huntingdon	.....	.....	.....	3
				John Milton	.....	.....	.....	3
				Jas. Armstrong	.....	.....	.....	3
				Benj. Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	3
Edward Telfair	.....	.....	.....	3				
Vacancies	.....	4	.....	4				
1792	15	135	Fed... Fed... Rep...	Geo. Washington	.....	132	.....	77
				John Adams	.....	.....	.....	50
				Geo. Clinton	.....	.....	.....	4
				Thos. Jefferson	.....	.....	.....	3
				Aaron Burr	.....	.....	.....	3
Vacancies	.....	3	.....	3				
1796	16	138	Fed... Rep... Fed... Rep...	John Adams	.....	71	.....	68
				Thos. Jefferson	.....	.....	.....	9
				Thos. Pinckney	.....	.....	.....	30
				Aaron Burr	.....	.....	.....	15
				Samuel Adams	.....	.....	.....	11
				Oliver Ellsworth	.....	.....	.....	7
				George Clinton	.....	.....	.....	5
				John Jay	.....	.....	.....	3
				James Iredell	.....	.....	.....	3
				Geo. Washington	.....	.....	.....	2
				John Henry	.....	.....	.....	2
S. Johnson	.....	.....	.....	1				
1800	16	138	Rep. ³ .. Rep... Fed... Fed...	C. C. Pinckney	.....	73	.....	73
				Thos. Jefferson	.....	.....	.....	65
				Aaron Burr	.....	.....	.....	64
				John Adams	.....	.....	.....	1
				C. C. Pinckney	.....	.....	.....	1
1804	17	176	Rep... Fed...	John Jay	15	162	Geo. Clinton	162
				Thos. Jefferson	2	14	Rufus King	14
1808	17	176	Rep... Fed...	C. C. Pinckney	12	122	Geo. Clinton	113
				James Madison	5	47	Rufus King	47
				C. C. Pinckney	.....	6	John Langdon	9
				George Clinton	.....	.....	Jas. Madison	3
1812	18	213	Rep... Fed...	Vacancy	.....	.....	Jas. Monroe	1
				James Madison	11	128	E. Gerry	131
				DeWitt Clinton	7	80	J. Ingersoll	86
				Vacancy	.....	1	.....	1
				Vacancy	.....	.....	.....	.....
1816	19	221	Rep... Fed...	James Monroe	16	153	D. D. Tompkins	153
				Rufus King	3	34	J. E. Howard	22
				Vacancy	.....	.....	James Ross	5
1824	22	206	..... ..... ..... .....	Vacancy	.....	.....	J. Marshall	4
				Vacancy	.....	.....	R. G. Harper	3
				Vacancy	.....	.....	.....	.....
				Vacancy	.....	4	.....	4

¹ Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, Vice-President.

² Three states out of thirteen did not vote; New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

³ There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont, and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of election.	Number of states.	Total electoral vote.	Political party.	Presidents.				Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.			CANDIDATES.	Electoral vote.
					States.	Popular.	Electoral.		
1820	24	235	Rep.. Opp..	James Monroe... John Q. Adams..	24 1		231 1	D. D. Tompkins. E. Stockton. D. Rodney. R. G. Harper. R. Rush.	218 8 4 1 1 3
1824	24	261	Rep.. Coal.. Rep.. Rep..	Vacancy... Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams. Wm. H. Crawford Henry Clay.....	10 8 3 3		903 84 41 37	J. C. Calhoun... N. Sanford... N. Macou... A. Jackson... M. Van Buren... Henry Clay.....	182 30 24 13 9 2 1
1828	24	261	Dem.. N. R.	Vacancy... Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams..	15 9		178 83	J. C. Calhoun... R. Rush... Wm. Smith... M. Van Buren... J. Sergeant... Henry Lee... A. Elmaker... Wm. Wilkins...	171 83 7 189 49 11 7 30 1
1832	24	288	Dem.. N. R. Ant. M.	Andrew Jackson Henry Clay..... John Floyd... William Wirt....	15 7 1 1		219 49 7 7	Wm. Van Buren... J. Sergeant... Henry Lee... A. Elmaker... Wm. Wilkins...	189 49 11 7 30 2
1836	26	294	Dem.. Whig. Whig. Whig.	Vacancies Martin V'n Buren Wm. H. Harrison Hugh L. White... Daniel Webster... W. P. Mangum..	15 7 2 1 1 1		2 76 73 14 11	R. M. Johnson ⁴ ... F. Granger... John Tyler... Wm. Smith.....	147 77 47 23
1840	26	294	Whig. Dem.. Lib'ty	Wm. H. Harrison Martin V'n Buren James G. Birney	10 7 7		234 60 7	John Tyler... R. M. Johnson... L. W. Tazewell... James K. Polk... Geo. M. Dallas... T. Frelinghysen.	234 48 11 7 170 105
1844	26	275	Dem.. Whig. Lib'ty	James K. Polk... Henry Clay..... James G. Birney	15 11 1		170 105 62	M. Filmore... Wm. O. Butler... Chas. F. Adams... Wm. R. King... W. A. Graham... Geo. W. Julian...	163 127 254 42 174 114
1848	30	290	Dem.. Free S	Zachary Taylor. Lewis Cass..... Martin V'n Buren	15 15 1		163 127 291	Wm. R. King... W. A. Graham... Geo. W. Julian... J. C. Breckin'ge... Wm. L. Dayton... A. J. Donelson... H. Hamlin..... Joseph Lane... E. Everett..... H. V. Johnson... And. Johnson... G. H. Pendleton.	163 127 254 42 174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21 21
1852	31	293	Dem.. Whig. Fr Dm	Franklin Pierce. Winfield Scott... John P. Hale....	27 4 1		254 42 156	J. C. Breckin'ge... Wm. L. Dayton... A. J. Donelson... H. Hamlin..... Joseph Lane... E. Everett..... H. V. Johnson... And. Johnson... G. H. Pendleton.	174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21 21
1856	31	296	Dem.. Rep.. Amer.	James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Filmore.	19 11 1		174 114 8	J. C. Breckin'ge... Wm. L. Dayton... A. J. Donelson... H. Hamlin..... Joseph Lane... E. Everett..... H. V. Johnson... And. Johnson... G. H. Pendleton.	174 114 8 180 72 39 12 212 21 21
1860	33	303	Rep.. Dem.. C. Un.	Abrah'm Lincoln J. C. Breckin'ge John Bell..... S. A. Douglas...	17 11 3 2		180 72 39 12	And. Johnson... G. H. Pendleton. Schuy'l'r Colfax. F. P. Blair, Jr..	212 21 21 80 23
1864	36 ²	314	Rep.. Dem.. Dem..	Abrah'm Lincoln Geo. B. McClellan Vacancies	22 3 11		212 21 81		
1868	37 ²	317	Rep.. Dem..	Ulysses S. Grant Horatio Seymour Vacancies	26 8 3		214 80 23		

¹ Eleven states did not vote, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

² Three states did not vote, viz: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

³ No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows: Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont—13 states; Jackson—Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee—7 states; Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia—4 states.

⁴ No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson, Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE—Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elect. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.				Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.			CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.
					States.	Popular.	Electoral.		
1872	37	366	Rep...	Ulysses S. Grant..	31	3,597,070	286	Henry Wilson....	286
			D.&L.	Horace Greeley..	6	2,834,079	.....	B. Gratz Brown..	47
			Dem..	Chas. O'Connor...	.....	29,408	.....	Geo. W. Julian...	5
			Temp.	James Black.....	.....	5,608	.....	A. H. Colquitt...	5
			.....	T. A. Hendricks..	.....	42	.....	J. M. Palmer.....	3
			.....	B. Gratz Brown..	.....	18	.....	T. E. Bramlette..	1
			.....	Chas. J. Jenkins..	.....	2	.....	W. S. Groesbeck..	1
			.....	David Davis.....	.....	1	.....	W. D. Machen....	1
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	N. P. Banks.....	1
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
1876	38	369	Rep...	Not counted ¹.....	.....	.....	17	W. A. Wheeler....	185
			Dem..	R. B. Hayes.....	21	4,048,228	185	T. A. Hendricks..	184
			G. B.	Samuel J. Tilden.	17	4,299,893	184	.....	.....
			Prohi.	Peter Cooper.....	.....	81,740	.....	.....	.....
1880	38	369	Rep...	Green Clay Smith.	.....	9,552	.....	.....	.....
			Dem..	Scattering.....	.....	2,636	.....	.....	.....
			G. B.	Jas. A. Garfield..	19	4,449,187	214	Chest. A. Arthur..	214
			Prohi.	W. S. Hancock....	19	4,435,121	155	W. H. English....	155
1884	38	401	Rep...	J. B. Weaver.....	.....	302,754	.....	.....	.....
			Dem..	Neal Dow.....	.....	9,861	.....	.....	.....
			G. B.	Scattering.....	.....	1,145	.....	.....	.....
			Prohi.	Grover Cleveland	20	4,908,892	219	T. A. Hendricks..	219
1888	38	401	Rep...	James G. Blaine..	18	4,814,061	182	John A. Logan....	182
			Dem..	John P. St. John..	.....	150,335	.....	.....	.....
			G. B.	Benj. F. Butler... Benj. Harrison...	..... 20	134,163 5,445,274	..... 233	Levi P. Morton... A. G. Thurman....	233 168
			Prohi.	Grover Cleveland	18	5,538,755	168	.....	.....
1892	44	422	Rep...	Clinton B. Fisk..	.....	248,800	.....	.....	.....
			Dem..	A. J. Streeter....	.....	142,054	.....	.....	.....
			G. B.	Grover Cleveland	.....	5,554,504	227	A. E. Stevenson..	227
			Prohi.	Benj. Harrison...	.....	5,158,902	145	Whitelaw Reid... J. G. Field.....	145 22
1896	45	447	Rep...	Jas. F. Weaver...	.....	1,054,215	22	.....	.....
			Dem..	John Bidwell....	.....	269,806	.....	.....	.....
			Pop...	Wm. McKinley....	23	7,104,779	271	Gar'tt A. Hobart..	271
			Prohi.	Wm. J. Bryan....	22	6,502,925	176	Arthur Sewell... Thos. E. Watson..	171 5
1900	45	447	Rep...	John M. Palmer...	.....	138,448	.....	Sam'n B. Buckner	.....
			Dem..	Joshua Levering..	.....	132,007	.....	Hale Johnson....	.....
			Pop...	Chas. E. Bentley..	.....	13,969	.....	J. H. Southgate..	.....
			Prohi.	Chas. M. Matchett	.....	36,274	.....	Matt. Maguire....	.....
1904	45	476	Rep...	Wm. McKinley....	28	7,219,016	292	T. Roosevelt....	292
			Dem..	Wm. J. Bryan....	17	6,357,643	155	A. E. Stevenson..	155
			Pop...	J. G. Woolley....	.....	207,159	.....	H. B. Metcalf....	.....
			Prohi.	E. V. Debs.....	.....	95,489	.....	J. Harriman....	.....
1908	46	483	Rep...	J. F. Malloney...	.....	34,583	.....	V. R Emmel.....	.....
			Dem..	W. Barker.....	.....	42,830	.....	Ig. Donnelly.....	.....
			Pop...	S. H. Ellis.....	.....	5,864	.....	S. T. Nichols....	.....
			Prohi.	Scattering.....	.....	2,438	.....	.....	.....
1904	45	476	Rep...	Theo. Roosevelt..	33	7,621,975	325	C. W. Fairbanks..	325
			Dem..	Alton B. Parker..	12	5,098,225	149	H. G. Davis.....	149
			Pop...	Eugene V. Debs..	.....	386,955	.....	Benj. Hanford....	.....
			Prohi.	S. C. Swallow....	.....	254,923	.....	G. W. Carroll....	.....
1908	46	483	Rep...	T. E. Watson....	.....	117,257	.....	T. H. Prebles....	.....
			Dem..	C. H. Corrigan..	.....	29,222	.....	W. W. Cox.....	.....
			Pop...	Scattering.....	.....	14,961	.....	.....	.....
			Prohi.	Wm. H. Taft.....	30	7,677,544	327	J. S. Sherman....	327
1908	46	483	Dem..	Wm. J. Bryan....	16	6,405,707	156	J. W. Kern.....	156
			Pop...	Eugene V. Debs..	.....	420,500	.....	Benj. Hanford....	.....
			Prohi.	.....	.....	251,570	.....	A. S. Watkins....	.....
			Ind...	E. W. Chaffin...	.....	83,628	.....	J. T. Graves.....	.....
1908	46	483	Pop...	T. L. Hisgen....	.....	29,108	.....	S. W. Williams..	.....
			S.Lab.	T. E. Watson....	.....	14,021	.....	D. L. Munro.....	.....

¹ Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U. S. Grant were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus. Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
BROWN CO.—								
(9th district)								
Allouez	41	2	68	10		121		27
Ashtaubenon	25	3	65	2		95		40
Bellevue	47		53			105		11
De Pere	67	2	59	1		129	8	
De Pere, city	376	23	439	22		831		63
ward 1	99	5	139	7				
ward 2	124	9	86	5				
ward 3	80	4	153	2				
ward 4	73	5	61	7				
Eaton	114	1	57			172	57	
Glenmore	93	6	156	1		256		63
Green Bay	38	2	106	5		151		68
Green Bay, city	1,413	66	2,393	435		4,313		980
ward 1	239	11	371	40				
ward 2	173	8	271	20				
ward 3	123	4	220	17				
ward 4, precinct 1	129	4	236	43				
ward 4, precinct 2	40	2	113	23				
ward 5	195	4	283	71				
ward 6, precinct 1	169	4	213	34				
ward 6, precinct 2	74	5	122	11				
ward 7, precinct 1	91	9	125	9				
ward 7, precinct 2	63	5	107	21				
ward 8, precinct 1	74	5	191	74				
ward 8, precinct 2	43	5	133	67				
Hobart	4		35			39		31
Holland	167	1	46			214	121	
Howard	93	1	143	7		214		50
Humboldt	49		96	1		146		47
Lawrence	59	3	117	2		181		58
Morrison	116	4	213			333		97
New Denmark	81	4	214	3		302		133
Pittsfield	73	3	98	1		175		25
Preble	81	3	163	13		263		79
Rockland	73		41			114	32	
Scott	83	2	83	4		173		
Suamico	68	2	144	1		215		76
Wrightstown	116	1	108			225	8	
Wrightstown, village	74		45	3		122	29	
Total	3,354	129	4,917	516	8	8,954	255	1,848
Dem. plurality								255
Net Rep. plurality								1,593
BUFFALO CO.—								
(7th district)								
Alma	47	1	67			115		20
Alma, city	110		113	4		227		3
ward 1	43		39	1				
ward 2	27		33	2				
ward 3	40		41	1				
Belvidere	76		85			161		9
Buffalo	63		35	1		99	28	
Buffalo, city	28		21			49	7	
Canton	36	2	87	2		129		53
Cross	47		41			88	6	
Dover	18	3	143			164		125
Fountain, city	129	2	94	2		227	35	
ward 1	53	1	46					
ward 2	76	1	48					
Gilmanton	14		142	2		158		128
Glencoe	64		48	1		113	16	
Lincoln	50	1	42			93	8	
Maxville	32	4	71			107		89

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chaffin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA CO.—								
(11th district)								
Anson	47	7	123	5		182		76
Arthur	65	2	71	3		141		6
Auburn	72	3	160	2		237		88
Bloomer	116	5	117	1		233		1
Bloomer, village	87	14	149	3		253		62
Boyd, village	55	1	66			122		47
Cadott, village	63	9	110			173		47
Chippewa Falls, city	832	51	444	19	2	1,348		112
ward 1	77	10	103					
ward 2	137	11	109	1				
ward 3	127		164	2				
ward 4	45	5	72					
ward 5	107	5	90	2				
ward 6	113	4	100	6				
ward 7	61	3	73	1				
ward 8	69	5	89					
ward 9	51	4	85	1				
ward 10	45	2	54	6	2			
Cleveland								
Colburn	29	2	67	2		109		38
Delmar	32	2	75	3		112		43
Eagle Point	76	3	77	4		150		1
Edson	99	8	105	5		217		6
Holcombe	82	6	113			201		31
Lafayette	40	2	112	2		153		72
New Auburn, village	60	9	183	11		236		126
Ruley	32	5	55	1		93		23
Sampson	9	3	44			56		35
Sigel	33	3	62			98		29
Stanley, city	54	2	137	4		197		83
ward 1	89	6	467	3		565		378
ward 2	6	1	99	1				
ward 3	27	3	102					
ward 4	12	1	140	1				
Tilden	44	1	123	1				
Wheaton	120	2	83			209	34	
Total	2,203	148	3,523	90	2	5,939	34	1,357
Dem. plurality								34
Net Rep. plurality								1,323
CLARK CO.—								
(7th district)								
Abbotsford, village..	57	5	120	4		177		50
Beaver	13	1	117	10		131		94
Colby	66	1	59	2		128	7	
Colby, city	73	3	61	1		138	12	
Dawhurst	13	2	22			37		9
Dorchester, village ..	44	3	70			117		26
Eaton	40	5	67			112		27
Fremont	15	1	133	1		150		118
Grant	73	4	148	13		238		75
Green Grove	22		61	1		84		39
Greenwood, city	42	6	103			154		64
Hewett	2		39			41		37
Hixon	48	1	55	1		105		7
Hoard	19	4	84	4		111		65
Levis	36	5	57			98		21
Loyal	50	7	120			177		70
Loyal, village	53	7	113	2		175		60
Longwood	32	1	85			118		53

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908. BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chaffin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA CO.— (2d district)								
Arlington	74	3	83	2		165		12
Caledonia	94	5	138			237		41
Cambria, village...	39	9	101			149		62
Columbus	64	3	95			132		1
Columbus, city	245	22	273	9		519		23
ward 1	74	14	116	2				
ward 2	83	2	78	3				
ward 3	83	6	79	4				
Courtland	22	6	119			147		97
Dekora	43	3	118	2		166		75
Fall River, village...	33	6	61			100		23
Pt. Winnebago	64	3	73	2		142		9
Fountain Prairie	97	3	110	1		211		13
Hampton	86		111	2		199		25
Kilbourn City, vil.	114	4	202	3		323		83
Leeds	62	2	129	1		194		67
Lewiston	35	5	115	3		153		80
Lodi	46	2	100			148		54
Lodi, village	66	14	179			259		113
Lowville	46	5	98	6		155		52
Marcellon	55	8	103	4		170		48
Newport	26	1	72	1		100		46
Otsego	42	3	155	2		202		113
Pacific	17	3	25	24		69		1
Pardeeville, village...	54	13	166	8		241		112
Portage, city	549	22	651	44		1,266		102
ward 1	85	1	69	7				
ward 2	83	9	125	3				
ward 3	74	5	136	5				
ward 4	161	2	158	9				
ward 5	141	5	163	20				
Poynette, village	57	12	98	2		169		41
Randolph	46	1	131			173		85
Randolph, vil., w. w	11	2	43			56		32
Rio, village	40	11	114	6		171		74
Scott	34	3	97	1		135		63
Springville	85	7	101	2		148		69
Westpoint	71	3	75	1		150		4
Wyocena	53	13	140	14		220		87
Doystown, vil.	43	1	20			64	23	
Total	2,363	198	4,072	140		6,773	23	1,725
Dem. plurality								23
Net Rep. plurality								1,709
DANE CO.— (2d district)								
Albion	55	19	257	2		333		202
Belleville, village	38	4	67	1		110		29
Berry	126	3	49	2		180	77	
Black Earth	37	13	36	1		87	1	
Black Earth, vil.	30	8	81	6		125		51
Blooming Grove	61	4	147	1		213	14	
Blue Mounds	89	2	149	1		241		60
Bristol	144	4	99			247	45	
Brooklyn, village	26	1	16			43	10	
Burke	84	1	200	3		288		116
Cambridge, village	31	7	101	2		141		70
Christiania	114	7	236			337		152
Cottage Grove	120	10	173			306		56
Cross Plains	239	1	34	1		275	305	
Dane	69	1	81	3		154		12
Dane, village	52		16			68	23	
Deerfield	82	7	140			229		53
Deerfield, village	39	8	84	1		132		45

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—Con.								
De Forest, village...	42	1	52			95		10
Dunkirk	69	4	239	4		316		170
Dunn	114	6	146			266		32
Fair Oaks, village...	89	9	97	1		187		17
Fitchburg	134	3	84	2		223	50	
Madison	125	11	164	7		307		39
Madison, city	3,072	158	2,969	180	3	6,832	103	
ward 1	175	10	279	2	1			
ward 2	283	23	390	16	1			
ward 3	254	2	171	13				
ward 4	327	14	221	9				
ward 5, prect. 1...	316	32	339	13	1			
ward 5, prect. 2...	252	19	236	8				
ward 6, prect. 1...	281	9	263	27				
ward 6, prect. 2...	197	11	255	24				
ward 7	267	8	286	26				
ward 8	466	10	209	13				
ward 9	174	12	186	27				
ward 10	80	8	134	2				9
Marshall, village	47	10	56			113		
Mazomanie	62	2	47	1		112	15	
Mazomanie, vil.	104	13	102	2		221	2	
Medina	106	5	67	1		179	39	
Middleton	138	6	60			204	78	
Middleton, village	138	1	48		1	188	90	
Montrose	124	5	66	1		196	58	
Mount Horeb, village	97	11	134	2		244		37
Oregon	94	5	110			209		16
Oregon, village	102	4	99			205	3	
Perry	53	7	172			232		119
Pimrose	33	6	112			156		74
Pleasant Springs	45	6	260	1		312		215
Roxbury	147	1	24			172	123	
Rutland	39	8	230	3		280		191
Springdale	91	1	131	4		227		40
Springfield	170		18			188	152	
Stoughton, city	152	42	888	8	1	1,021		736
ward 1	37	7	192	3				
ward 2	31	7	306	5	1			
ward 3	36	15	231					
ward 4	48	13	159					
Sun Prairie	116		82	1		199	34	
Sun Prairie, village	133	13	147	1		294		14
Vermont	52	4	115	1		172		63
Verona	144	26	119	4		293	25	
Vienna	48	3	143	2		191		100
Wannakee, village	91	1	46	2		143	48	
Westport	122	6	96	3		227	26	
Windsor	82	6	237	1		326		155
York	113	5	82			200	31	
Total	7,818	489	9,441	256	5	18,000	1235	2,888
Dem. plurality								1,265
Net Rep. plurality								1,623
DODGE CO.—								
(6th district)								
Ashpunn	129	1	125	3		263		6
Beaver Dam	145	3	94	1		243	51	
Beaver Dam, city	834	38	503	5		1,440	391	
ward 1	128		35					
ward 2	137	1	56					
ward 3	62	15	103	1				
ward 4	137	6	67	1				
ward 5	139	1	14					

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

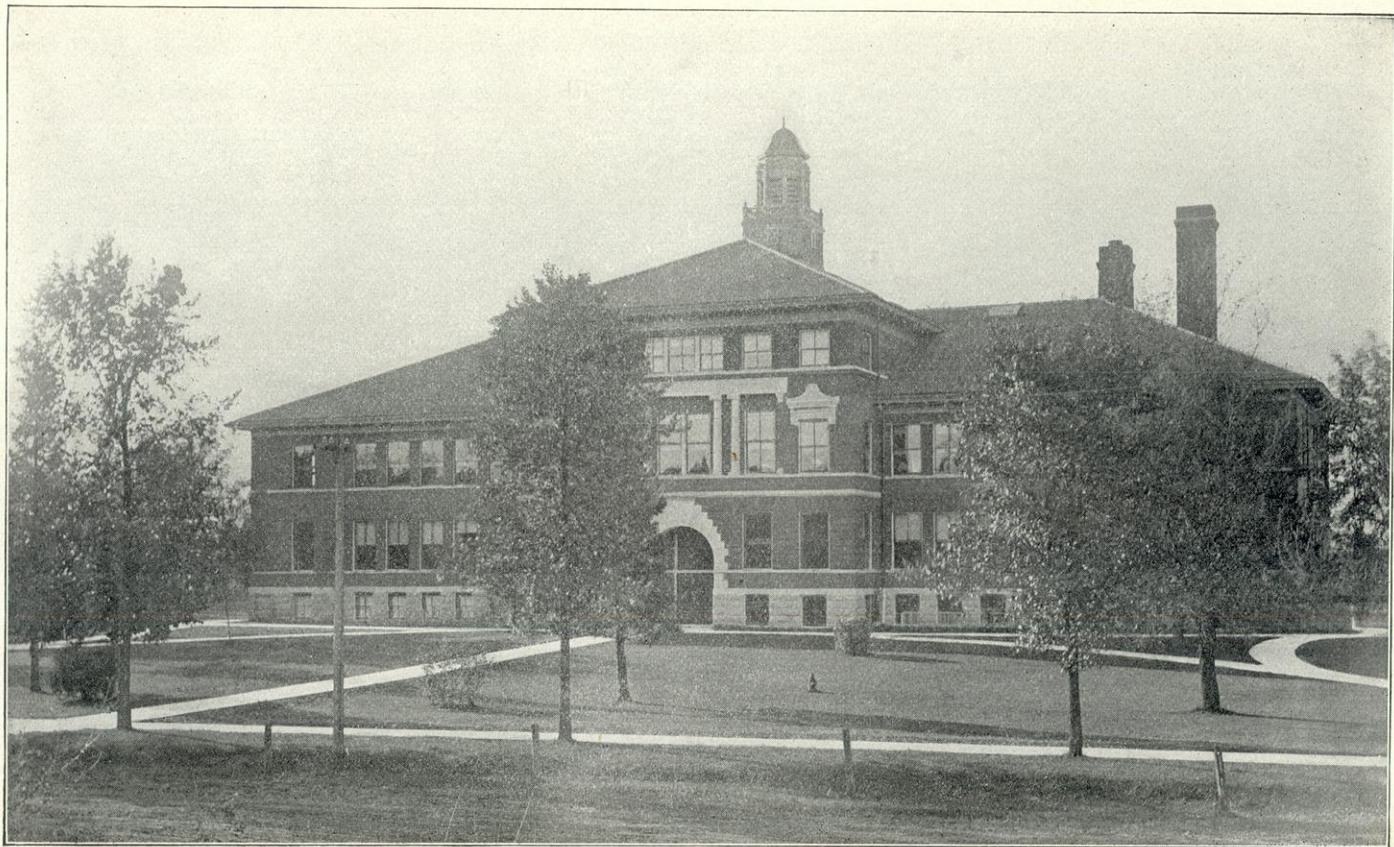
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Sec. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Sec. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—Con.								
ward 6	114	2	44	2				
ward 7	80	8	91	1				
ward 8	97	5	93					
Burnett	122	7	103	2		234	19	
Calamus	68	21	85			174		17
Chester	64	2	63	1		130	1	
Clyman	166	1	93			260	73	
Elba	115	8	82	2		207	33	
Emmet	148	4	65			217	83	
Fox Lake	39	2	89	1		131		50
Fox Lake, village	97	6	120			223		23
Herman	147	2	119			268	28	
Horicon, city	231	3	131	6		421	150	
ward 1	111		34					
ward 2	76	1	34	3				
ward 3	94	2	63	3				
Hubbard	179		110			289	99	
Hustisford	137	3	77	2		219	60	
Hustisford, village	122	1	42	1		166	80	
Juneau, city	196	1	68	10		275	128	
ward 1	89		36	3				
ward 2	107		32	7				
Le anon	188		45	1		234	143	
Leroy	143	4	111			258	32	
Lomira	113	2	187			302		74
Lomira, village	53	3	68			127		12
Lowell	195	4	130	1		330	65	
Lowell, village	37	1	35			73	2	
Maryville, city	311	8	215	7		541	96	
ward 1	74	4	52	2				
ward 2	71	3	24	1				
ward 3	168	1	139	4				
Neosho, village	55	2	31			83	24	
Oak Grove	180	4	128	4		316	52	
Portland	123		76			204	52	
Randolph, village	50	8	103			161		53
Reeseville, village	67		33			100	34	
Rubicon	134	3	125			262	9	
Shields	147		27			174	120	
Theresa	145		102	1		248	43	
Theresa, village	52	4	26			78	26	
Trenton	114	4	125			243		11
Watertown, city	377	1	125	10		513	252	
ward 5	164	1	45	4				
ward 6	213		80	6				
Waupun, city	130	14	209	3		353		79
ward 1	47	4	70					
ward 2	34	7	55	2				
ward 3	26	4	37					
ward 4	28	5	47	1				
Westford	105		38	1		144	67	
Williamstown	107	1	97	1		206	10	
Total	5,883	162	4,015	63		10,123	2198	325
Rep. plurality							325	
Net Dem. plurality							1873	
DOOR CO.—								
(9th district)								
Bailey's Harbor	50		79	1		130		29
Brussels	26	1	156			183		130
Clay Banks	30		87	1		118		57
Egg Harbor	55	3	96	1		*156		41
Forestville	93	1	167	2		*264		74
Gardner	17		96	2		115		79
Gibraltar	45	1	146			192		101

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Ver.	ad.
DOOR CO.—Con.								
Jacksonport	23		119	1		143		96
Liberty Grove	27	20	261	7		315		234
Nasewaupée	63	4	128	1	1	197		65
Sevastopol	83	1	157	1		242		74
Sturgeon Bay	9	1	97			107		88
Sturgeon Bay, city ..	248	16	678	18		960		430
ward 1	113	3	191	8				
ward 2	55	4	113	3				
ward 3	49	2	171	1				
ward 4	31	7	203	6				
Union	2		75	1		78		73
Washington	7	5	121	1		134		114
Total	778	53	2,463	37	1	3,334		1,685
Net Rep. plurality.								1,685
DOUGLAS CO.— (11th district)								
Amnicon	18	5	81	10		114		63
Bennett	9	7	44	4		64		35
Brule	30	2	57	10		99		27
Gordon	51	13	149			213		98
Hawthorne	24	12	54	6		96		30
Highland	17	1	28	1		47		11
Maple	19		78	3		100		59
Solon Springs	43	1	58	2		104		15
South Range	6		71	4	1	82		65
Summit	22	3	35			60		13
precinct 1	17	3	22					
precinct 2	5		13					
Superior	27	2	67	4		100		40
precinct 1	13	2	45	2				
precinct 2	14		22	2				
Superior, city	1,417	206	2,733	592	145	5,093		1,316
ward 1	160	19	230	37	7			
ward 2	77	13	171	19	9			
ward 3, n. prect. ...	14	6	30	9	2			
ward 3, e. prect. ...	25	3	99	27	11			
ward 3, w. prect. ...	50	21	201	66	12			
ward 4, prect. 1	59	4	86	27	11			
ward 4, prect. 2	60	3	80	37	25			
ward 4, prect. 3	87	10	218	68	4			
ward 5	161	22	337	51	7			
ward 6, e. prect. ...	101	2	166	18				
ward 6, w. prect. ...	152	14	134	40	8			
ward 7, prect. 1	123	20	196	36	4			
ward 7, prect. 2	101	16	237	38	11			
ward 8	74	26	153	16	5			
ward 9	70	19	263	73	24			
ward 10	98	8	127	30	5			
Lake Nebagamón, vi	32	5	54	17		108		22
Total	1,715	257	3,509	653	146	6,280		1,794
Net Rep. plurality.								1,794
DUNN CO.— (11th district)								
Colfax	3	4	134	1		142		130
Colfax, village	19	4	112	3		133		93
Dunn	58	9	157			224		99
Eau Galle	82	4	163	6		255		81
Elk Mound	25	5	172			202		147
Grant	7	3	123	1		134		116

* Scattering: Egg Harbor, 1; Forestville, 1.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
FLORENCE CO.—								
(10th district)								
Commonwealth		21		115		136		94
precinct 1	12		83					
precinct 2	9		32					
Florence		58		303	2	371		218
Homestead		23	14	120	3	160		97
Total	102	19	541	5		667		439
Net Rep. plurality								439
FOND DU LAC CO.—								
(6th district)								
Alto	44	4	187	1		236		143
Ashford	167	2	113	1		283	54	
Auburn	80	3	145	2		230		65
Brandon, village	64	11	90			165		26
Byron	101	11	157	39		308		56
Calumet	193		47			240	146	
Campbellsport, vil.	70	5	85	1		161		15
Eden	148	6	176	2		332		28
Eldorado	127	3	168			298		41
Empire	70	1	112			183		42
Fond du Lac	104		119			223		15
Fond du Lac, city	2,034	80	1,930	145	4	4,193	104	
ward 1	112	4	53	10	1			
ward 2	154	3	109	21	1			
ward 3	111	1	119	10				
ward 4	129	2	176	7				
ward 5	105	6	95	21				
ward 6	124	8	97	14				
ward 7	129	6	139	7				
ward 8	134	5	132	2	1			
ward 9	106	2	144	8				
ward 10	110	10	160	4				
ward 11	101	11	189					
ward 12	161	5	139	9				
ward 13	131	5	75	7				
ward 14	100	6	104	9	1			
ward 15	156	2	110	4				
ward 16	171	4	89	12				
Forest	131	2	103			236	28	
Friendship	82	4	125	2		213		43
Lamartine	77	1	171			249		94
Marshfield	340	3	36	1		388	310	
Metomen	84	13	160	2		259		76
N. Fond du Lac, vil.	189	12	209	12		422		20
Oakfield	43	4	144			191		101
Oakfield, village	39	4	109	1		153		70
Osceola	103		155	1		261		50
Ripon	43	7	167	1		218		124
Ripon, city	298	30	520	11		859		222
ward 1	62	5	97	3				
ward 2	62	12	169	1				
ward 3	90	4	108	3				
ward 4	84	9	146	4				
Rosendale	65	14	163	4	1	250		101
Springvale	88	4	150			242		62
Taycheedah	201		69			270	132	
Waupun	71	7	133	3		214		62
Waupun, city	130	4	126	1		261	4	
ward 5	72	1	31	1				
ward 6	82	3	95					
Total	5,194	244	5,872	230	5	11,545	778	1,456
Dem. plurality								778
Net Rep. plurality								678

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
FOREST CO.—								
(10th district)								
Caswell	10		26	3		39		16
Crandon	131	26	426	11	1	595		295
precinct 1	103	26	372	10	1			
precinct 2	28		54	1				
Hiles	8		57	1		64		49
Laona	47		250	10	1	303		203
precinct 1	40		224	9	1			
precinct 2	7		26	1				
North Crandon	47	2		1	1	107		10
Wabeno	81	3	20	20	1	312		126
precinct 1	64	1	112	19				
precinct 2	13	2	34	1	1			
precinct 3	4		31					
Total	324	31	1,023	46	3	1,427		699
Net Rep. plurality								699
GRANT CO.—								
(3d district)								
Beetown	98	10	104	5		217		6
Bloomington	65	10	57	4		136	8	
Bloomington, village	52	11	85	9		157		33
Boscobel	13	1	16			30		3
Boscobel, city	168	7	201	6		382		33
ward 1	45		53	2				
ward 2	33	3	55	3				
ward 3	48	2	44	1				
ward 4	37	2	49					
Cassville	75	1	41			117	34	
Cassville, village	128	3	91	1		223	37	
Castle Rock	104	1	40			145	64	
Clepton	60	18	168	7		253		108
Cuba City, village	93	3	152	3		256		54
Ellenboro	23	4	131			161		105
Fennimore	57	3	107			167		50
Fennimore, village	87	10	148	8		253		61
Glenn Haven	81	4	106			191		25
Harrison	54	1	129	1		185		75
Hazel Green	113	8	78			199	35	
Hazel Green, village	51	8	114			173		63
Hickory Grove	45	1	86			132		41
Jamestown	155	1	38			194	117	
Lancaster, city	191	22	372	1		586		181
ward 1	43	3	84					
ward 2	42	3	83					
ward 3	53	5	102	1				
ward 4	53	8	103					
Liberty	71	2	90			163		19
Lima	79	7	129	2		217		50
Little Grant	30	1	77	2		110		47
Marion	66	7	30			103	36	
Millville	7	11	47			65		40
Montfort, village	45	11	84	16		156		39
Mt. Hope	64	12	101			177		37
Mt. Ida	74	6	88			168		14
Muscoda	44		37			81	7	
Muscoda, village	117	3	56	1		177	61	
North Lancaster	58	6	67			131		9
Paris	99	2	61			162	38	
Patch Grove	71	6	76			153		5
Platteville	75	5	108			188		33
Platteville, city	372	34	774	8		1,183		402
ward 1	125	13	216	2				
ward 2	98	12	230	1				
ward 3	71	7	188	1				
ward 4	78	2	140	4				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1903, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Ang. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—Con.								
Potosi	190	4	118			312	72	
Potosi, village	85	2	39			126	46	
Smelser	64	2	133			199		69
South Lancaster	56	16	104			176		48
Waterloo	56	4	109			169		53
Watertown	56	3	113	5		177		57
Wingville	56	2	94	4		156		38
Woodman	65	1	38			104	27	
Wyalusing	75	14	152			241		77
Total	3,696	288	4,989	83		9,056	532	1,875
Dem. plurality								582
Net Rep. plurality								1,293
GREEN CO.—								
(1st district)								
Adams	92		81			173	11	
Albany	40	12	82			136		42
Albany, village	46	25	98	6		175		52
Brooklyn	51	6	103			163		49
Brooklyn, village	26	3	47	2		78		21
Brodhead, city	107	19	231	65		422		124
ward 1	51	13	91	37				
ward 2	56	6	140	28				
Browntown	23	8	42			78		14
Cadiz	125	13	115	1		254	10	
Clarno	89	5	123			217		34
Decatur	32	6	74	5		117		42
Exeter	70	7	88	2		167		18
Jefferson	82	23	137	3		245		55
Jordan	80	6	86			172		6
Monroe	87	2	68	2		159	19	
Monroe, city	447	42	558	11		1,058		111
ward 1	84	14	179	3				
ward 2	132	6	100	3				
ward 3	122	5	129	2				
ward 4	109	17	150	3				
Mt. Pleasant	55	5	63	7		130		8
Monticello	83	3	68	4		158	15	
New Glarus	58		46			104	12	
New Glarus, village	76		82	3		161		6
Spring Grove	45	14	112	5		176		67
Sylvester	39	8	103	1		151		64
Washington	72		42	1		115	30	
York	23	2	168	2		195		145
Total	1,856	200	2,617	122		4,804	97	858
Dem. plurality								97
Net Rep. plurality								761
GREEN LAKE CO.—								
(2d district)								
Berlin	47	3	128			178		81
Berlin, city	495	18	627	25		1,165		132
ward 1	81	6	108	4				
ward 2	131	4	140	13				
ward 3	89	8	141	5				
ward 4	88		84	1				
ward 5	106		154	2				
Brooklyn	63	10	162			235		99
Green Lake	95	3	129	2		229		34
Green Lake, village	25	2	113			140		83
Kingston	97	5	97			199		
Mackford	67	8	123			198		50

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE CO.—								
Con.								
Manchester	112	4	97			213	15	.....
Markesan, village...	85	3	149			237		64
Marquette	86	2	87			175		1
Princeton	105	1	108			214		3
Princeton, village ..	182	2	162	3		349	20	.....
Seneca	63		59			122	4	.....
St. Marie	86	2	53	2		143	33	.....
Total	1,608	63	2,094	32		3,797	72	558
Dem. plurality								72
Net Rep. plurality ..								486
IOWA CO.—								
(3d district)								
Arena	111	25	150	1		287		39
Barneveld, village ..	19	6	55			80		36
Brigham	58	2	175			235		117
Clyde	85	4	70			159	15	.....
Cobb, village	33	1	27			61	6	.....
Dodgeville	121	15	226			362		105
Dodgeville, city	176	38	298	3		515		122
Eden	56	4	59			119		3
Highland	177	1	119			297	58	.....
Highland, village...	177	3	91			271	83	.....
Linden	84	22	176		2	284		92
Linden, village	26	13	154			193		128
Miffin	43	27	226	3		299		183
Mineral Point	83	8	136			222		48
Mineral Point, city..	287	23	378			693		91
ward 1	77	13	100					.....
ward 2	96	9	123					.....
ward 3	51	1	76					.....
ward 4	69	5	74					.....
Mesow	87	5	200	1		293		113
Pulaski	135	7	121			263	14	.....
Rewey, village	20	9	46			75		26
Ridgeway	95	8	71	2		176	24	.....
Ridgeway, village ..	67	1	50			118	17	.....
Waldwick	80	4	91	1		176		11
Wyoming	52	7	67	1		127		15
Total	2,077	238	2,986	12	2	5,315	220	1,120
Dem. plurality								220
Net Rep. plurality ..								909
IRON CO.—								
(10th district)								
Anderson	13	15		47	2	64		32
precinct 1			30					.....
precinct 2	2		17		2			.....
Emerson	2	8	7			17	*1	.....
Knight	22	19	172	15	1	229		150
Montreal	23	3	244	9		279		221
Saxon	62	1	104	6		173		42
Vaughn	190	12	560	10		772		370
precinct 1	116	8	285	7				.....
precinct 2	54	3	224					.....
precinct 3	20	1	51	3				.....
Total	814	43	1,134	42	1	1,534	*1	815
Pro. plurality								1
Net Rep. plurality ..								820

* Prohibition plurality.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc- Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
JACKSON CO.—								
(7th district)								
Albion	33	2	247	6	.....	288	.....	214
Alma	29	4	127	6	1	167	.....	98
Alma Center	30	.....	71	1	.....	102	.....	41
Bear Bluff	10	.....	19	.....	.....	29	.....	9
Black River Falls, city	103	11	304	2	.....	420	.....	201
ward 1	30	6	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	15	2	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	21	2	50	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	37	1	93	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brockway precinct 1	10	31	1	80	5	117	.....	49
precinct 2	21	1	43	.....	5	.....	.....	.....
City Point	15	3	33	5	5	56	.....	18
Cleveland	61	1	31	3	.....	96	30	.....
Curran	9	.....	133	.....	.....	145	.....	127
Franklin	7	3	112	.....	.....	122	.....	105
Garden Valley	30	.....	97	2	.....	129	.....	67
Garfield	8	9	105	5	.....	127	.....	96
Hixton	34	9	137	.....	.....	180	.....	103
Irving	52	1	138	1	.....	192	.....	83
Knapp	21	2	32	.....	1	56	.....	11
Manchester	12	3	95	.....	.....	110	.....	83
Melrose	30	6	152	.....	.....	183	.....	122
Merrillan	45	1	99	2	.....	147	.....	5
Millston	14	1	43	.....	.....	63	.....	34
North Bend	27	.....	103	.....	.....	130	.....	70
Northfield	6	4	226	.....	.....	236	.....	220
Springfield	24	4	211	2	.....	241	.....	187
Total	631	65	2,603	40	2	3,341	30	2,067
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,977
JEFFERSON CO.—								
(2d district)								
Aztalan	140	3	72	1	.....	216	68	.....
Col'd Spring	47	5	61	1	.....	114	.....	14
Concord	176	3	83	1	.....	269	87	.....
Farmington	246	3	70	.....	.....	319	176	.....
Ft. Atkinson, city..	459	33	439	10	1	942	20	.....
ward 1	90	14	125	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	92	6	125	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	115	5	67	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	162	8	122	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Hebron	85	2	117	.....	.....	204	.....	30
Ixonia	167	4	110	2	.....	283	57	.....
Jefferson	274	1	103	.....	.....	378	171	.....
precinct 1	133	1	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	91	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson, city	512	3	155	1	1	672	357	.....
ward 1	126	.....	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	118	2	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	138	1	30	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	130	.....	22	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Johnson Creek, vil.	82	.....	44	.....	.....	126	38	.....
Koshkonong	179	10	150	1	.....	340	29	.....
Lake Mills	101	3	123	2	.....	232	.....	25
Lake Mills, city	111	16	236	7	.....	370	.....	125
ward 1	35	1	67	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	34	3	76	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	42	6	93	1
Milford	99	10	100	209	1
Oakland	118	4	144	1	267	26
Palmyra	33	11	117	4	165	84

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							Dem.	Rep.
JEFFERSON CO.—								
Con.								
Palmyra, village	51	7	121	4	183	73
Sullivan	135	11	132	338	57
Summer	59	4	53	.....	.....	121	1	.....
Waterloo	113	3	51	.....	.....	172	67	.....
Waterloo, village	200	9	96	8	.....	313	104	.....
Watertown	207	6	97	1	.....	311	110	.....
Watertown, city	893	10	456	26	.....	1,385	437	.....
ward 1	286	3	156	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	223	2	102	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	138	.....	72	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	91	2	40	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	155	3	37	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	4,432	161	3,207	70	2	7,932	1732	437
Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	437	.....
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1285	.....
JUNEAU CO.—								
(3d district)								
Armenia	29	7	129	6	.....	171	.....	100
Camp Douglas, vil.	47	3	70	2	.....	122	.....	23
Clearfield	25	2	51	9	.....	87	.....	26
Cutler	22	1	47	1	.....	71	.....	25
Elroy, city	172	8	193	9	.....	382	.....	21
ward 1	85	5	81	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	87	3	112	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Finley	17	.....	13	.....	.....	30	4	.....
Fontain	63	4	129	2	.....	193	.....	66
Germantown	40	6	53	1	.....	100	.....	13
Kildare	51	.....	69	.....	.....	120	.....	18
Kingston	26	.....	25	1	.....	52	1	.....
Lemonweir	95	3	151	1	.....	250	.....	56
Lindina	84	12	147	.....	.....	243	.....	63
Lisbon	26	1	103	.....	.....	130	.....	77
Lyndon	65	1	34	1	.....	101	31	.....
Lyndon Station, vil.	38	1	35	.....	.....	74	3	.....
Marion	43	1	21	1	.....	68	22	.....
Mauston, city	187	10	218	1	.....	416	.....	31
ward 1	65	5	89	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	122	5	129	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Necedah	126	4	202	.....	.....	332	.....	76
New Lisbon, city	50	2	174	.....	.....	226	.....	124
ward 1	28	1	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	22	1	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orange	33	3	81	.....	.....	117	.....	48
Plymouth	63	1	122	1	.....	187	.....	59
Seven Mile Creek ...	98	1	46	.....	.....	145	52	.....
Summit	75	1	94	.....	.....	170	.....	19
Wonewoc	106	3	161	1	2	273	.....	55
Wonewoc, village ..	110	2	89	.....	.....	198	24	.....
Total	1,691	77	2,454	37	2	4,261	137	900
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	763
KENOSHA CO.—								
(1st district)								
Brighton	113	6	80	1	.....	205	.....	.....
Bristol	62	7	233	2	.....	304	33	171
Kenosha, city	1,243	181	1,952	516	3,900	704
ward 1	130	14	157	40
ward 2	91	10	203	20
ward 3, prec. 1.	139	17	240	44

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							Dem.	Rep.
KENOSHA CO.—Con.								
ward 3, prect. 2.	111	31	244	93				
ward 4	202	35	378	94				
ward 5	140	32	332	110				
ward 6	82	9	116	23				
ward 7	146	15	97	23				
ward 8	207	21	125	49				
Paris	84	4	90	3		151		6
Pleasant Prairie	113	17	302	62		494		139
precinct 1	82	12	134	3				
precinct 2	31	5	118	59				
Randall	42	2	147			191		105
Salem	147	11	263	9		435		121
Somers	90	8	241	8		347		151
Wheatland	102		96			198	6	
Total	2,003	239	3,409	601		6,255	44	1,447
Dem. plurality								44
Net Rep. plurality								1,403
KEWAUNEE CO.— (9th district)								
Algoma, city	190	7	213	11		426		28
Ahnapee	115	1	92			208	23	
Carlton	124	4	154	5		287		30
Casco	155	1	67	4		297	83	
Franklin	239	1	74	5		319	165	
Kewaunee, city	216	4	166	19		405	50	
Lincoln	107	1	98			208	11	
Luxemburg	97	8	146	4		255		49
Luxemburg, village.	31	1	54			83		23
Montpelier	152	2	160	3		317		8
Pierce	110	2	40	2		154	70	
Red River	11	1	193	8		213		182
West Kewaunee	182	4	123	2		316	54	
Total	1,731	37	1,590	63		3,421	161	320
Rep. plurality								320
Net Dem. plurality								141
LA CROSSE CO.— (7th district)								
Bangor	66	3	77			146		11
Bangor, village	83	5	121			214		33
Barre	77		30			107	47	
Burns	88	18.	122	5		233		34
Campbell	61	3	80	2		146		19
Farmington	123	5	215			343		92
Greenfield	66		74	2		142		8
Hamilton	69	2	197			268		123
Holland	17	11	210	3		241		193
La Crosse, city	2,978	107	2,736	92		5,913	242	
ward 1	209	4	126	3				
ward 2	142		133	5				
ward 3	223	6	102	8				
ward 4	123	6	189					
ward 5	110	4	120	5				
ward 6	105	7	169	4				
ward 7	118	10	163	3				
ward 8	313	9	131	10				
ward 9	95	10	185	1				
ward 10	100	6	165	4				
ward 11	162	1	130	2				
ward 12	131	5	80	2				

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							Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.—Con.								
ward 13	125	3	123	4				
ward 14	108	3	206	4				
ward 15	150		87	18				
ward 16	48	4	123	4				
ward 17	183	4	143	3				
ward 18	238	11	98	4				
ward 19	86	7	117	3				
ward 20	66	4	96	7				
ward 21	100	1	32					
Onalaska	34	13	152	2		201		118
Onalaska, city	91	5	139	2		237		48
ward 1	28		40	1				
ward 2	39		62					
ward 3	24	4	37	1				
Shelby	99	2	55					
Washington	102	1	59	1		157	44	
West Salem, village.	95	11	115	3		227	43	20
Total	4,051	180	4,382	112		8,737	376	704
Dem. plurality								376
Net Rep. plurality								328
LAFAYETTE CO.— (1st district)								
Argyle	62	6	121	1		190		50
Argyle, village	54	1	90	2		147		36
Belmont	85	2	70			157	15	
Belmont, village	67	6	74	2		149		7
Benton	84	8	136	2		230		52
Benton, village	71	7	121	2		204		47
Blanchard	20		67	1		97		38
Blanchardville, vil..	46	9	115	1		171		69
Darlington	123	7	133			265		15
Darlington, city	237	5	230	2		474	7	
ward 1	31	3	126	2				
ward 2	66	2	104					
Elk Grove	61	6	108	2		177		47
Fayette	81	7	110			198		23
Gratiot	120		143	2		280		13
Gratiot, village	52	2	36	2		92	16	
Kendall	112	1	43			157	69	
Lamont	44	4	82	1		130		33
Monticello	22		38			60		10
New Diggings	83		181	2		271		103
Seymour	124	2	78			204	46	
Shullsburg	95		98			193		3
Shullsburg, city	159	4	150	2		315	9	
ward 1	53	1	83					
ward 2	103	3	64	2				
Wayne	52	12	172			236		126
White Oak Springs	17	1	64			82		47
Willow Springs	128	13	81			222	47	
Wiota	79	2	276			357		197
Total	2,100	105	2,332	21		5,061	209	941
Dem. plurality								209
Net Rep. plurality								732
LANGLADE CO.— (10th district)								
Ackley	55		87	1		143		
Ainsworth	7	1	17	1		26		
Antigo	80	1	115	7		203		

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							Dem.	Rep.
LANGLADE CO.—Con.								
Antigo, city	602	36	777	12		1,427		175
ward 1	59	1	130	2				
ward 2	61	5	147					
ward 3	138	6	60	8				
ward 4	143	4	122	2				
ward 5	83	9	114					
ward 6	110	11	204					
Elecho	20		81	1		102		61
Elton	25	1	55			81		30
Evergreen	70	2	61			133	9	
Langlade	23		43	1		67		20
Neva	94	2	83	1		183	8	
Norwood	60	3	137			200		77
Peck	16	2	57			75		41
Polar	75	7	113	1		196		38
Price	42	3	76			121		34
Rolling	101	6	112	4		223		11
Summit	31		38	1		70		7
Upham	19		39	1		59		20
Vilas	20		27	2		49		7
Total	1,340	64	1,921	33		3,358	17	538
Dem. plurality								17
Net Rep. plurality								581
LINCOLN CO.—								
(10th district)								
Birch	33	1	66			100		33
Bradley	52	2	58	2		120		6
Corning	37		96			133		59
Harrison	43	2	58	3		111		10
King	5	1	21	5		32		16
Merrill	68	3	52			123	16	
Merrill, city	883	32	1,033	9		1,962		155
ward 1	105	1	117					
ward 2	73		90	1				
ward 3	110	5	155	1				
ward 4	163	8	241	1				
ward 5	85	4	131	1				
ward 6	164	8	154	1				
ward 7	180	6	150	4				
Pine River	94	3	123	3		223		29
Rock Falls	38	2	48	23		111		10
Russell	29	4	99	2		134		70
Schley	57	4	143	9		213		86
Scott	100		121	3		224		21
Somo	3		48	11		62		37
Tomahawk	31	1	24	3		59	7	
Tomahawk, city	335	8	313	20		676	22	
ward 1	72	2	70	2				
ward 2	111		50	9				
ward 3	87	2	88	4				
ward 4	65	4	105	5				
Total	1,813	63	2,308	99		4,283	45	532
Dem. plurality								45
Net Rep. plurality								495
MANITOWOC CO.—								
(8th district)								
Cato	165	2	211	2		380		46
Centerville	112	2	166	2		232		54
Cooperstown	125	3	145	2		275		20
Eaton	129	3	126	1		259	3	

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							Dem.	Rep.
MANITOWOC CO.—								
Con.								
Franklin	176	170	1	307	46
Gibson	90	1	138	18	247	43
Kiel, village	98	1	101	90	299	3
Kossuth	135	.....	173	12	.....	300	.....	13
Liberty	96	.....	201	5	1	303	.....	105
Manitowoc	70	1	74	21	.....	166	.....	4
Manitowoc, city	1,088	25	1,144	457	3	2,717	.....	56
ward 1	187	.....	181	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	95	3	180	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	265	4	271	103	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	125	8	243	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	145	2	95	97	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	59	2	102	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	212	6	62	98	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manitowoc Rapids	133	3	102	18	.....	316	.....	59
Maple Grove	125	1	83	.....	.....	207	.....	42
Meeme	150	3	121	3	.....	280	26	.....
Mishicot	170	1	115	21	.....	307	55	.....
Newton	182	.....	182	3	.....	322	.....	50
Reedsville, village	55	.....	67	2	.....	124	.....	12
Rockland	76	3	211	3	.....	293	.....	135
Schleswig	112	1	111	21	.....	245	1	.....
Two Creeks	51	2	34	5	.....	92	17	.....
Two Rivers	124	.....	75	8	.....	207	49	.....
Two Rivers, city	540	9	343	237	1	1,130	197	.....
ward 1	92	.....	77	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	84	2	77	24	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	60	1	63	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	150	4	72	63	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	154	2	54	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,952	61	4,125	947	5	9,091	136	610
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	436
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	174
MARATHON CO.—								
(10th district)								
Athens, village	83	4	105	1	.....	193	.....	22
Bergens	30	3	86	3	.....	122	.....	56
Berlin	108	2	60	1	.....	180	29	.....
Bern	36	.....	25	1	.....	62	11	.....
Brighton	44	2	42	1	.....	89	2	.....
Brokow, village	22	1	74	1	.....	93	.....	52
Cassell	144	.....	57	.....	.....	201	87	.....
Cleveland	110	3	176	5	.....	294	.....	66
Colby	29	.....	23	.....	.....	52	6	.....
Day	113	2	41	5	.....	164	60	.....
Easton	96	2	89	6	.....	193	7	.....
Eau Plaine	69	1	83	4	.....	157	.....	14
Edgar, village	86	.....	77	4	.....	167	9	.....
Eldron	56	1	114	2	.....	173	.....	53
Emmet	110	2	61	2	.....	175	49	.....
Fenwood, village	15	.....	24	5	.....	44	.....	9
Fleith	20	1	24	2	.....	57	.....	14
Frankfort	63	1	72	2	.....	133	.....	9
Franzen	5	2	39	.....	.....	46	.....	34
Halsey	53	4	37	1	.....	93	19	.....
Hamburg	91	2	86	1	.....	180	5	.....
Harrison	32	3	40	3	.....	87	.....	17
Hewitt	26	.....	54	.....	.....	80	.....	23
Holton	60	1	146	1	.....	208	.....	86
Hull	97	1	103	3	204	6
Johnson	73	78	2	153	5
Knowlton	19	83	1	103	64
Kronenwetter	47	1	49	97	2

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							Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON CO.—Con.								
Maine	133	3	68	3		212	70
Marathon	82		42	2		126	40
Marathon, village	66		64	5		135	2
McMillen	96	1	94	2		193	2	.....
McMillen, village	7		24			31		17
Mosinee	28		71			99		43
Mosinee, village	15	2	102	1		120		87
Norrie	57	9	91	3		163		37
Pike Lake	128	2	38	1		169	90	.....
Plover	26	4	95	1		126		69
Rib Falls	93	1	96	3		193		3
Riedbrock	101		67			168	34	.....
Ringle	39	1	43	2		90		9
Schofield, village	52	1	82	11		146		30
Spencer	44	3	48	5		100		4
Spencer, village	37	2	48			87		11
Stettin	110	2	61			173	49	.....
Texas	63	2	136	6		212		68
Unity, village	17	2	38			57		21
Wausau	112	3	79	3		197	83	.....
Wausau, city	1,498	49	1,729	159		3,435		231
ward 1	254	4	166	13				
ward 2	222	1	156	14				
ward 3	152	3	153	9				
ward 4	107	4	175	4				
ward 5	199	11	270	29				
ward 6	168	11	163	12				
ward 7	136	7	289	11				
ward 8	136	3	186	43				
ward 9	124	5	172	24				
Weston	100	6	86	9		201	14	.....
Wein	68	1	69	2		140		1
Total	4,722	133	5,258	275		10,388	37	1,173
Dem. plurality								667
Net Rep. plurality								536
MARINETTE CO.—								
(9th district)								
Amberg	144	6	337	1		498		193
precinct 1	20	4	80					
precinct 2	30	1	63	1				
precinct 3	94	1	189					
Athelstane	11	6	51	12		80		39
Beaver	30	5	115	1		151		85
Coleman, village	16		65			81		49
Dunbar	13	6	81	1	1	102		68
Grover	48	5	251	5	1	310		203
Lake	13	1	43	5		62		30
Marinette, city	901	158	1,508	53	2	2,622		607
ward 1	162	21	252	14				
ward 2	201	61	263	17				
ward 3	182	50	316	9				
ward 4	204	12	363	13	1			
ward 5	152	14	309		1			
Peshtigo	53	4	106	6		169		53
Peshtigo, city	95	28	223	56		405		131
ward 1	36	8	58	19				
ward 2	23	8	94	16				
ward 2	36	12	74	21				
Porterfield	36	4	181	8		232		118
precinct 1	30	3	129	4				
precinct 2	6	1	55	4				

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							Dem.	Rep.
MARINETTE CO.—								
Con.								
Pound	53	5	183	2	243	130
Stephenson	83	81	2	171	7
Wausaukee	96	7	223	2	328	127
Total	1,597	235	3,454	154	4	5,444	7	1,863
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,857
MARQUETTE CO.—								
(2d district)								
Buffalo	79	10	73	2	.....	164	6	.....
Crystal Lake	40	.....	55	1	.....	96	.....	15
Douglas	50	.....	104	1	.....	155	.....	54
Harris	39	.....	79	.....	.....	118	.....	40
Mecan	46	.....	62	3	.....	111	.....	16
Montello	46	2	53	3	.....	104	.....	7
Montello, village	98	.....	187	1	.....	236	.....	89
Moundville	21	12	146	2	.....	181	.....	125
Neshkoro	59	.....	27	.....	.....	86	32	.....
Neshkoro, village	30	1	47	1	.....	79	.....	17
Newton	42	.....	61	.....	.....	103	.....	19
Oxford	19	5	134	.....	.....	158	.....	115
Packwaukee	63	7	149	.....	.....	219	.....	86
Shields	48	.....	77	1	.....	126	.....	29
Springfield	23	3	100	.....	.....	126	.....	77
Westfield	39	.....	74	.....	.....	113	.....	35
Westfield, village	56	4	127	2	.....	189	.....	71
Total	798	44	1,535	17	.....	2,414	38	795
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	757
MILWAUKEE CO.—								
(4th and 5th dists.)								
Cudahy, city	163	11	232	93	.....	507	.....	66
East Milwaukee, vil.	47	2	51	14	.....	114	.....	4
Franklin	115	12	119	9	2	257	.....	4
Granville	155	10	197	10	1	373	.....	42
Greenfield	344	29	572	250	.....	1,195	.....	228
Lake	464	26	394	235	1	1,120	70	.....
Milwaukee	155	15	362	132	5	669	.....	207
Milwaukee, city	22,812	1,021	23,432	16,124	44	63,433	.....	620
ward 1	795	24	885	192	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	651	25	709	468	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	564	9	332	95	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	938	40	855	262	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	552	44	601	456	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	1019	34	1025	553	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	630	19	807	107	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	787	44	902	463	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	959	50	1025	1101	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	1001	41	1226	1084	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	1313	75	1257	1477	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	855	43	603	808	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	1316	52	1323	915	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	2031	87	734	820	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	1131	52	1673	555
ward 16	1167	55	1344	266
ward 17	632	44	939	868
ward 18	1605	42	1502	310

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							Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.— (9th district)								
Appleton, city	1,584	124	1,737	78	8	3,531		153
ward 1, precinct 1.....	172	50	450	12				
ward 1, precinct 2.....					1			
ward 2, precinct 1.....	273	27	334	12				
ward 2, precinct 2.....					4			
ward 3, precinct 1.....	405	15	253	14				
ward 3, precinct 2.....					1			
ward 4.....	227	10	146	5				
ward 5.....	348	12	222	17				
ward 6.....	159	10	332	18	2			
Black Creek.....	52		130		1	183		78
Black Creek, village.....	33	8	64		1	101		31
Bovina.....	25		107			132		82
Buchanan.....	315	4	161	5		483	151	13
Center.....	115	4	128	3		250		111
Cicero.....	40	4	151			195		87
Dale.....	109		146			255		52
Deer Creek.....	35	5	87			127		50
Ellington.....	83	11	138			237		
Freedom.....	144	3	115	2		264	29	22
Grand Chute.....	134	5	156	3		298		24
Greenville.....	114	2	138	5		259		61
Hortonia.....	30	1	91			122		19
Hortonville, village.....	89	9	108	1		207		4
Kaukauna.....	59	3	63			125		
Kaukauna, city.....	601	8	433	12	1	1,055	138	
north precinct.....			226	2				
south precinct.....	276	4	207	10	1			
Little Chute, village.....	325		96	1		278	84	28
Liberty.....	30	1	53	1		90		65
Maine.....	42	1	197			153		31
Maple Creek.....	49	1	89			150		64
New London, city.....	45	2	100	2	2	160		57
ward 3.....			83			115		41
Osborn.....	29	4	120			203		71
Seymour.....	79	7	165	1	2	265		71
Seymour, city.....	94	7	165	1	1	238		93
Seymour, city.....	37	3	67		1			80
ward 2.....		4	111			133		18
Shiocton.....	18		6	1		93		80
Vanden Broek.....	83	1	43	1		80		175
Welcome.....	20		17			175		
West Oneida.....	37	1						
Total.....	4,286	209	5,079	118	12	9,704	512	1,005
Dem. plurality.....								512
Net Rep. plurality.....								793
OZAUKEE CO.— (6th district)								
Belgium.....	231	2	65		1	299	166	
Cedarburg.....	128		98			230	30	
Cedarburg, city.....	150	5	170	13		338		20
Fredonia.....	202	3	114	2		321	88	
Grafton.....	91	2	56	5		154	35	
Grafton, village.....	59	4	57	5		125	2	
Mequon.....	290	3	216	14		433		13
Port Washington.....	116	1	68	5		190	48	
Port Wash., city.....	116	524	258	7		796	236	
ward 1.....	166		53					
ward 2.....	117	1	63	1				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1903, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
POLK CO.—								
(11th district)								
Alden	48	6	238			292		190
precinct 1	12	5	132					
precinct 2	6	1	198					
Amery, village	39	7	116	1		163		77
Apple River	13	6	66	5		93		50
Balsam Lake	14		78	8		100		64
Balsam Lake, village	12	1	26			49		24
Beaver	13		76	1		90		63
Black Brook	23	4	150	3		180		137
Bone Lake	17	2	42	5		66		25
Centuria, village	13	4	31	1		49		18
Clam Falls	13	1	53			67		40
Clayton	20	10	116	7		163		86
Clear Lake	23	8	125	3		164		97
Clear Lake, village	31	7	80			118		49
Eureka	24	20	187	5		236		163
Farmington	66		63	2		136		2
Frederick, village	26	4	75	3		108		49
Garfield	19	13	130	2		175		120
Georgetown	27	2	24	1		54	3	
Johnstown	9		25	2		34		14
Laketown	43	13	104	2		162		61
Lincoln	47	9	132	1		189		85
Loraine	14		40	3		57		26
Luek	25	2	72	6		105		47
Luek, village	31		53	2		84		27
McKinley	4	4	20			31		22
Milltown	45	1	114	15		175		69
Osceola	16	4	143	2		165		127
Osceola, village	40	7	81	17		145		41
St. Croix Falls	19	3	69	1		92		50
St. Croix Falls, vil.	24	1	83			113		64
Sterling	17	5	101	2		125		84
West Sweden	23	2	37	21		83		14
Total	816	146	2,783	121		3,871	3	1,915
Dem. plurality								3
Net Rep. plurality								1,972
PORTAGE CO.—								
(8th district)								
Alban	46		148	1		195		102
Almond	29	6	136			221		157
Almond, village	15	16	104			129		89
Amherst	82	2	281			363		202
Amherst, village	37	2	122	1		162		85
Belmont	56	9	124			189		68
Buena Vista	69	10	174			253		105
Carson	125	1	100	2		228	25	
Dewey	67	1	20			88	47	
Eau Claire	52	1	126	5		184		74
Grant	39	1	63	1		109		29
Hull	149	1	49	2		201	100	
Lanark	51	5	143			202		89
Linwood	16	3	78	6		103		62
New Hope	45	1	181	1		228		156
Pine Grove	25	8	129	4		166		104
Plover	91	6	207	1		305		116
Rosholt, village	22	2	89	1		105		53
Sharon	264	1	65			320	199	
Stockton	277	3	78			359	199	
Stevens Point, city	302	19	303	21		1,069		1
ward 1	102	3	155	3				
ward 2	126	13	181	3				
ward 3	102	10	150	4				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
RACINE CO.—								
(1st district)								
Burlington	135	7	54	3	.....	199	31	.....
Burlington, city	373	17	287	16	.....	693	86	.....
ward 1	60	5	64	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	111	5	91	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	105	3	43	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	97	4	80	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Caledonia	279	10	247	4	2	512	32	.....
Corliss, village	29	.....	90	24	.....	143	15	.....
Dover	116	6	101	1	.....	224	.....	119
Mt. Pleasant	155	22	274	21	.....	472	.....	122
Norway	42	4	134	2	.....	212	.....	136
Racine, city	2,153	250	3,493	715	1	6,618	.....	1,316
ward 1	108	6	155	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, n. prect.	78	17	256	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, s. prect.	117	6	233	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, n. prect.	122	18	230	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, s. prect.	173	17	202	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, e. prect.	150	5	127	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, w. prect.	183	11	148	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	139	12	243	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	130	21	216	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, e. prect.	211	17	273	57	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, w. prect.	178	7	155	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	72	20	328	46	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	96	31	252	112	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	237	26	301	76	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	159	27	350	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raymond	83	8	251	.....	.....	347	.....	163
Rochester	61	9	87	.....	.....	190	.....	23
Union Grove, village	52	41	87	.....	.....	182	.....	35
Waterford	54	20	141	3	.....	218	.....	87
Waterford, village.	89	13	62	2	.....	166	27	.....
Yorkville	59	.....	146	1	.....	228	.....	87
Total	3,683	429	5,490	794	3	10,404	241	2,043
Dem. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	211
Net Rep. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,802
RICHLAND CO.—								
(3d district)								
Akan	94	5	120	.....	.....	219	.....	26
Bloom	58	47	143	5	.....	253	.....	85
Buena Vista	91	20	130	5	.....	246	.....	39
Cazenovia, village	62	2	28	1	.....	93	34	.....
Dayton	98	8	139	5	.....	250	.....	41
Eagle	82	4	112	1	.....	199	.....	30
Forest	44	7	117	.....	.....	168	.....	73
Henrietta	112	33	91	4	.....	240	21	.....
Ithaca	114	9	81	9	.....	213	33	.....
Lone Rock, village.	47	5	68	2	.....	122	.....	21
Marshall	43	19	131	.....	.....	193	.....	83
Orion	73	4	136	2	.....	215	.....	63
Orion	61	12	116	3	.....	192	.....	55
Richland	253	36	384	7	1	681	.....	131
Richland Center	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 1	70	18	123	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	107	10	135	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	70	8	123	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Richwood	128	4	163	.....	.....	295	.....	35
Rockbridge	83	19	105	1	.....	208	.....	22
Sylvan	69	33	112	.....	.....	214	.....	43
Viola, village	31	2	77	1	.....	111	.....	46

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chaffn. Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND CO.—Con.								
Westford	98	2	64			164	34	.....
Willow	48	18	147	5		218		99
Total	1,080	280	2,464	51	1	4,494	122	897
Dem. plurality								122
Net Rep. plurality								775
ROCK CO.—								
(1st district)								
Avon	27	1	127	5		160		100
Beloit	22		123	6		155		101
Beloit, city	539	64	2,437	133	7	3,210		1,888
ward 1	98	6	317	10				
ward 2, plect. 1	100	14	344	15				
ward 2, plect. 2	69	5	332	19	2			
ward 3	84	5	416	33				
ward 4	110	23	452	26	1			
ward 5	168	11	576	30	4			
Bradford								
Center	50	5	118	5	1	179		68
Clinton	46	1	150			197		104
Clinton, village	57	4	151			212		94
Edgerton, city	80	13	142	2		240		62
Evansville, city	222	19	333	8	2	584		111
Fulton	100	37	393	1	1	532		293
Harmony	99	9	173	1		282		74
Harmony	90	6	119	1		216		29
Janesville	53		98	1		152		45
Janesville, city	944	96	1,444	87		2,571		500
ward 1	154	20	332	15				
ward 2	156	15	271	14				
ward 3	161	36	439	14				
ward 4	313	21	247	23				
ward 5	130	4	125	21				
Johnstown	64	5	95			164		31
La Prairie	52	5	110	3		170		58
Lima	50	8	130			188		80
Magnolia	71	15	103	1		193		35
Milton	129	33	232	1		395		103
Milton, village	40	20	139	1	1	201		99
Newark	20	2	173	1		193		153
Orfordville, village	20	7	101	1		129		81
Plymouth	74	3	230			307		156
Porter	97	4	145	2		248		48
Rock	96	4	93	1		199		2
Spring Valley	38	7	165	1		211		127
Turtle	67	7	156	1		231		89
Union	50	9	151	2		212		101
Total	3,227	301	7,830	235	12	11,734		4,612
Net Rep. plurality								4,612
ST. CROIX CO.—								
(11th district)								
Baldwin	40	8	238	1		286		179
Baldwin, village	38	4	101	2		145		63
Cady	37	3	146	5		191		109
Ceylon	59	4	132			195		73
Eau Galle	38	3	179	1		221		141
Emerald	82		107			189		25
Erin Prairie	133		29			162	104	.....
Forest	46	2	43			96		2
Glenwood	63		101			164		38

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chaffin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
ST. CROIX CO.—Con.								
Glenwood, city	13	6	29	1		159		76
ward 1	4	1	24	1				
ward 2	16	5	56					
ward 3						180		13
Hammond	79	7	92	2		97		34
Hammond, village	29	3	63	3		167		61
Hudson	48	2	109	8		670		249
Hudson, city	185	10	434	41				
ward 1	47		67	9				
ward 2	75	7	178	13				
ward 3	63	3	189	20				
Kinnickinnic	51	7	79	1		138		28
New Richmond, city	140	3	284			427		144
ward 1	55	1	72					
ward 2	74	1	96					
ward 3	11	1	116					
Pleasant Valley	24		66	5		95		42
Richmond	85	2	44	1		132	41	
River Falls, city:								
ward 1	5		27			32		22
Rush River	27	4	89			120		62
St. Joseph	57		102			153		45
Somerset	83	1	116	6		203		33
Springfield	74	3	147	3		227		73
Stanton	88		61	1		150	27	
Star Prairie	38	3	116			157		78
Star Prairie, village	15	1	40			53		25
Troy	51	2	96			119		45
Warren	116	11	83	2		212	33	
Total	1,773	98	3,228	83		5,182	205	1,660
Dem. plurality								205
Net Rep. plurality								1,455
SAUK CO.—								
(3d district)								
Ableman, village	34		68	1		103		34
Baraboo	72	15	218	2		307		116
Baraboo, city	421	2	758	5		1,213		337
ward 1	126	12	285					
ward 2	175	13	312					
ward 3	120	4	170	5				
Bear Creek	111	4	63			178	48	
Dellona	71	1	63	2		140	11	
Delton	30	10	112	1		183		112
Excel-tor	43	10	133	3		192		87
Fairfield	31	32	98			169		66
Franklin	130	1	65			205	71	
Freedom	37	3	135	1		176		98
Greenfield	23	10	99			132		75
Honey Creek	44		103			150		62
Iron-ton	81	28	145	2		253		64
La Valle	108	9	104	1		222	4	
La Valle, village	43	6	53			102		10
Merrimack	41	6	65			111		24
Merrimack, village	29	6	39	1		75		10
North Freedom, vil.	37	16	83	2		141		49
Prairie du Sac	46	1	37			84	9	
Prairie du Sac, vil.	61	7	112			183		48
Reedsburg	68	10	92	1		191		4
Reedsburg, city	217	21	307	2		577		60
ward 1	118	3	151	1				
ward 2	129	18	156	1				
Sauk City, village	118	3	87	4		205	35	
Spring Green	61	3	58			122	3	
Spring Green, village	73	11	101	1		191		23

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	Total	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN CO.— (6th district)								
Cedar Grove, village	85		89	5		130		54
Elkhart Lake	79		43	2		124	36	
Greenbush	105	16	204	2		327		99
Herman	211	5	215	3		433		2
Holland	104	8	484	3		599		380
precinct 1	69	3	293	1				
precinct 2	14	5	186	2				
Lima	98	6	311	2		417		213
Lyndon	123	8	255	2		398		142
Mitchell	135	2	124	1		232	11	
Mosel	45		120	1		167		75
Plymouth	111		191	1		303		80
Plymouth, city	318	7	361	89		725		43
ward 1	195	5	217	34				
ward 2	123	2	144	15				
Random Lake, vil.	69	1	31			101	33	
Rhine	101	2	124	1		231		20
Russell	31		39	3		73		8
Scott	72	4	218	9		303		146
Sheboygan	184	6	203	21		417		19
Sheboygan, city	1,927	165	2,326	557	1	4,976		399
ward 1	276	35	399	62				
ward 2	182	9	253	19				
ward 3	91	6	203	27				
ward 4	254	15	377	61				
ward 5	193	30	271	98				
ward 6	134	9	193	60				
ward 7	271	17	213	100				
ward 7, prect. 1	705	13	208	41	1			
ward 8, prect. 2	335	11	189	83				
Sheboygan Falls	164	4	154	38		360	10	
Sheboygan Falls, vil.	254	6	123	58		441	131	
Sherman	145	1	181			327		36
Wilson	88	3	141	1		233		53
Total	4,405	245	5,948	752	1	11,351	226	1,769
Dem. plurality								226
Net Rep. plurality								1,543
TAYLOR CO.— (10th district)								
Aurora	13	1	89			53		26
Browning	30		65	16	1	112		35
Chelsea	71		58	2		131	13	
Cleveland	19	1	41	2		54		31
Deer Creek	66	1	90	9		175		33
Goodrich	8	9	43	3		63		34
Greenwood	41	1	53	1		101		17
Grover	14	1	41	6		62		27
Hammel	27		30	2		59		3
Holway	16		79			95		63
Little Black	101		161	3		265		60
Maplehurst	16	1	29	2		48		13
McKinley	16	1	29			46		13
Medford	133	4	161	6		304		28
Medford, city	145	6	239	14		401		94
ward 1	43	2	92	7				
ward 2	42	3	54	5				
ward 3	55	1	93	2				
Moliter			19			49	2	
Rib Lake	73	1	80	2		155		7

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
TAYLOR CO.—Con.								
Rib Lake, village	66	7	136	4		213		70
Roosevelt	9	1	59	8		74		47
Westboro	43	7	164	2		221		116
Total	94	41	1,627	82	1	2,676	15	717
Dem. plurality								15
Net Rep. plurality								703
TREMPEALEAU CO.— (7th district)								
Albion	11	4	135			200		174
Arcadia	211	12	204	4		431	7	
Arcadia, village	133	5	86	1		230	52	
Blair, village	10	4	110	1		125		100
Burnside	76		34	5		115	42	
Caledonia	22		49			71		27
Chimney Rock	17	3	158			178		141
Dodge	55		37			92	18	
Eleva, village	9	3	80	1		93		71
Etrick	48	13	421	5		437		373
Gale	53	6	254			313		201
Galesville, village	42	3	189	2		236		147
Hale	63	3	201			357		228
Independence	74	2	61			137	13	
Lincoln	36	8	100			144		64
Osseo, village	18	4	115			137		97
Pigeon	16	1	252	1		270		236
Preston	21	9	285			425		354
Sumner	19	4	153			167		143
Trempealeau	50	13	146	1		210		96
Trempealeau, villag.	36		99			126		54
Unity	32	7	183			227		156
Whitehall, village ..	27	13	145	1		186		118
Total	1,933	117	3,733	22		4,957	83	2,780
Dem. plurality								132
Net Rep. plurality								2,643
VERNON CO.— (3d district)								
Bergen	35	1	190	1		137		65
Christiana	35	3	237			275		202
Clinton	44	3	160			207		116
Coon	16	3	215			234		199
Coon Valley, village.	4		62	1		67		58
De Soto, village	10	2	50	1		63		40
Forest	57	36	165	1		259		108
Franklin	108	1	171			280		63
Genoa	66		92	1		159		26
Greenwood	65	5	86			156		21
Hamburg	43	5	173	2		223		139
Harmony	34	1	140			176		105
Hillsboro	71		192	1		204		61
Hillsboro, village ..	71	2	102	2		177		31
Jefferson	61	17	234	2		314		173
Kickapoo	42	13	116	2		173		74
La Farge, village ..	56	11	112	1		180		56
Liberty	25	4	74			103		49
Ontario, village	22	12	30		6	79		17
Readstown, village ..	26	7	67			100		41
Stark	64	1	115	1		181		51
Sterling	50	5	137	2		244		137
Stoddard, village ..	28		28	1		57		
Union	56	5	76	2		139		20

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chaffin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus. Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
VERNON CO.—Con.								
Viola, village	13	6	40	1	.....	60	.....	27
Viroqua	83	5	261	3	.....	360	.....	176
Viroqua, city	203	13	333	3	.....	557	.....	135
ward 1	71	5	116	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	54	3	164	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	73	5	113	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Webster	49	1	193	1	.....	244	.....	144
Westby, village	43	3	144	2	.....	197	.....	96
Wheatland	13	6	107	.....	.....	126	.....	94
Whitestown	53	17	95	1	.....	171	.....	37
Total	1,561	133	4,111	39	.....	5,002	.....	2,553
Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,553
VILAS CO.—								
(10th district)								
Arbor Vitae	90	3	316	16	.....	425	.....	226
precinct 1	45	1	204	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	18	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	29	2	91	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Conover	14	.....	17	3	.....	34	.....	3
Eagle River	102	4	115	11	.....	233	.....	12
Flambeau	10	2	40	.....	.....	52	.....	30
Farmington	8	1	18	.....	.....	27	.....	10
Hackley	31	3	132	3	.....	169	.....	101
Presque Isle	15	5	120	.....	.....	140	.....	105
precinct 1	12	3	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	3	2	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
State Line	7	.....	36	.....	.....	43	.....	29
Total	278	18	794	33	.....	1,123	.....	516
Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	516
WALWORTH CO.—								
(1st district)								
Bloomfield	53	6	95	.....	.....	159	.....	37
Darien	113	13	197	.....	.....	323	.....	81
Delavan	60	12	175	1	.....	203	.....	75
Delavan, city	159	26	337	2	.....	524	.....	173
ward 1	47	7	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	65	8	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	47	11	133	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Troy	55	21	117	.....	.....	193	.....	62
East Troy, village	55	26	76	1	.....	153	.....	21
Elkhorn, city	151	36	263	2	.....	455	.....	115
ward 1	53	14	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	43	5	104	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	51	17	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Geneva	60	32	175	.....	.....	207	.....	55
Genoa Junction, vil.	28	5	145	.....	.....	173	.....	117
Lafayette	65	13	121	1	.....	203	.....	59
Lagrange	39	13	176	3	.....	191	.....	97
Lake Geneva, city	218	50	369	8	2	647	.....	151
ward 1	80	22	125	5	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	52	13	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	56	15	150	3	1	.....	.....	.....
Linn	70	8	167	2	.....	247	.....	97
Lyons	120	19	177	.....	.....	233	.....	7
Richwood	58	6	101	.....	.....	165	.....	43
Sharon	47	7	141	1	.....	196	.....	94
Sharon, village	48	27	163	1	.....	239	.....	115
Spring Prairie	52	14	72	2	140	20
Sugar Creek	31	35	137	3	203	106
Troy	53	30	115	4	207	57

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
WAUKESHA CO.—								
(5th district)								
Brookfield	197	10	165	15	.....	387	32	.....
Delafield	109	4	259	10	.....	382	.....	150
Eagle	81	9	93	3	1	187	.....	12
Eagle, village	58	4	33	.....	.....	95	25	.....
Genesee	126	27	201	5	.....	359	.....	75
Hartland, village	55	12	100	4	.....	180	.....	54
Lisbon	147	27	474	10	1	359	.....	27
Menomonie	222	8	178	22	.....	430	44	.....
Menomonie Falls, village	140	23	113	6	.....	282	27	.....
Merton	162	12	227	7	.....	408	.....	65
Mukwonago	39	19	114	3	.....	175	.....	75
Mukwonago, village	45	14	96	.....	.....	155	.....	51
Muskego	94	4	172	7	1	278	.....	78
New Berlin	182	11	146	3	.....	342	36	.....
Oconomowoc	110	3	169	8	.....	290	.....	59
Oconomowoc, city	219	18	437	8	.....	682	.....	218
precinct 1	139	7	214	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	80	11	223	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ottawa	95	11	138	1	.....	245	.....	43
Pewaukee	168	11	216	2	.....	397	.....	48
Pewaukee, village	89	5	101	3	.....	198	.....	12
Summit	63	3	190	4	.....	260	.....	127
Vernon	61	29	224	1	.....	315	.....	163
Waukesha	71	9	142	2	.....	224	.....	71
Waukesha, city	673	73	1,061	73	.....	1,880	.....	388
ward 1	93	10	144	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	179	5	199	30	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	99	3	148	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	133	16	217	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	57	15	153	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	112	24	200	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,206	346	4,758	197	3	8,510	164	1,716
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	164
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,552
WAUPACA CO.—								
(8th district)								
Bear Creek	48	.....	78	1	.....	127	.....	30
Caledonia	50	.....	97	1	.....	148	.....	47
Clintonville, city	157	13	204	3	.....	377	.....	47
ward 1	31	2	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	42	2	30	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	39	1	45	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	45	8	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dayton	20	31	124	17	.....	192	.....	93
DuPont	36	1	125	.....	.....	162	.....	89
Embarrass, village	24	2	56	.....	.....	82	.....	32
Farmington	70	21	423	5	2	521	.....	353
precinct 1	23	3	170	1	1	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	47	18	253	4	1	.....	.....	.....
Fremont	18	2	58	1	.....	79	.....	40
Fremont, village	25	.....	47	.....	.....	72	.....	22
Harrison	4	1	134	3	.....	142	.....	130
Helvetia	15	3	125	.....	.....	143	.....	110
Iola	5	1	179	1	.....	183	.....	174
Iola, village	23	3	187	3	.....	216	.....	164
Larabee	52	2	155	1	.....	210	.....	103
Lebanon	86	.....	71	1	.....	153	15	.....
Lind	36	8	128	5	.....	177	.....	92
Little Wolf	63	3	152	.....	.....	198	.....	69
Manawa, village	50	4	122	1	.....	177	.....	72
Marion, village	45	4	98	3	.....	145	.....	48
Matteson	21	8	138	.....	.....	167	.....	117

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Chafin, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
WAUPACA CO.—Con.								
Mukwa	62	5	103			175		46
New London, city ..	176	10	350			544		174
ward 1	67	3	90	2				
ward 2	43	3	79	4				
ward 3								
ward 4	46	2	108	2				
ward 5	20	2	73					
Royalton	51	13	114		2	180		63
Scandinavia	2	1	227			230		225
Scandinavia, village.	10	1	90		1	102		80
St. Lawrence	21	9	239			269		218
Union	18	5	144			167		126
Waupaca	35	6	153		4	198		118
Waupaca, city	117	51	437		78	683		320
ward 1	40	9	116	26				
ward 2	24	17	104	25				
ward 3	18	13	124	16				
ward 4	35	12	93	11				
Weyauwega	32	4	60	3		99		28
Weyauwega, village.	59	27	91	1		203		2
Wyoming	22		96			118		74
Total	1,483	239	4,785	143	2	6,622	15	3,306
Dem. plurality								15
Net Rep. plurality								3,302
WAUSHARA CO.—								
(8th district)								
Aurora	35	5	122	1		163		87
Berlin, city	7		3			10	4	
ward 2, prec. 2.	7		3					
Bloomfield	23	2	137			162		114
Coloma	39	8	141	3		191		102
Dakota	6	3	85			94		79
Deerfield	5	5	97	3		110		92
Hancock	19	4	111	3	1	133		92
Hancock, village	14	4	102	2		122		83
Leon	21	3	144	2		170		123
Marion	35	3	147	4		189		112
Mt. Morris	11	1	144			156		133
Oasis	25	2	89	2		113		64
Plainfield	9	6	123	9		152		119
Plainfield, village ..	30	16	106	23		180		76
Poy Sippi	26	4	169	5		204		143
Red Granite, village.	13	4	145	11	13	216		102
Richford	27	1	80	1		109		53
Rose	17	11	124			152		107
Saxeville	24	8	90	1		131		75
Springwater	14	5	111	2		131		75
Warren	18	2	110	2		132		97
Wautoma	9		145	1		155		92
Wautoma, village	33	3	181	2		219		143
Wild Rose, village ..	17	14	100			131		83
Total	507	114	2,820	82	14	3,537	4	2,317
Dem. plurality								4
Net Rep. plurality								2,313
WINNEBAGO CO.—								
(8th district)								
Algoma	47	10	142	1		200		95
Black Wolf	74	4	80	1		159		6
Clayton	98	5	139	1		243		41
Menasha	61	3	71			135		10

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1908, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wm. J. Bryan. Dem.	E. W. Chafin. Pro.	Wm. H. Taft. Rep.	E. V. Debs. Soc. Dem.	Aug. Gill- haus. Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
WINNEBAGO CO.—								
Con.								
Menasha, city	832	23	343	29	.....	1,227	489	.....
ward 1	234	9	106	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	232	1	66	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	93	8	104	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	273	5	67	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neenah	44	5	74	2	.....	125	.....	70
Neenah, city	570	38	625	39	1	1,273	.....	53
ward 1	172	10	191	4	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	147	9	144	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	193	14	235	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	58	5	55	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nekimi	29	5	164	1	.....	199	.....	135
Nepenscum	40	10	152	.....	.....	202	.....	112
Omro	44	12	177	1	.....	234	.....	133
Omro, village	65	39	226	1	.....	331	.....	161
Oshkosh	69	5	163	10	.....	247	.....	94
Oshkosh, city	3,126	210	3,239	196	2	6,773	.....	113
ward 1	152	2	203	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	277	8	232	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	165	12	180	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	274	11	223	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	160	50	367	17	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	403	8	164	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	91	13	270	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	234	3	171	24	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	194	5	254	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	240	43	374	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	283	5	172	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	224	17	324	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	429	33	305	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poygan	76	3	86	1	.....	166	.....	10
Rushford	78	16	228	1	.....	323	.....	150
Utica	31	6	186	1	.....	224	.....	155
Vinland	48	4	147	.....	.....	199	.....	99
Winchester	30	3	191	.....	.....	224	.....	161
Winneconne	39	3	97	1	.....	140	.....	58
Winneconne, village	63	7	155	.....	.....	225	.....	92
Wolf River	47	1	112	2	.....	132	.....	65
Total	5,511	412	6,797	288	3	13,011	439	1,775
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	489
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,286
WOOD CO.—								
(10th district)								
Arpin	54	7	85	7	.....	153	.....	31
Auburndale	77	3	93	1	.....	179	.....	21
Auburndale, village	15	.....	48	4	.....	67	.....	33
Cary	4	1	23	.....	.....	33	.....	24
Cameron	23	4	21	1	.....	49	2	.....
Cranmoor	21	.....	18	.....	.....	39	3	.....
Dexter	30	3	24	2	.....	59	6	.....
Grand Rapids	83	7	111	9	.....	210	.....	28
Grand Rapids, city	435	23	720	125	.....	1,303	.....	285
ward 1	56	2	66	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	3	113	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	52	7	97	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	52	.....	126	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	62	4	79	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	63	1	86	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	47	2	90	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	39	4	63	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hanson	60	4	66	14	144	6
Hiles	10	1	9	3	23	1
Lincoln	114	1	105	220	9

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904 AND 1908, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION, 1900.

COUNTIES.	Population in 1900.	PRESIDENT, 1904.									
		Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, So. Dem.	People's party.	Sec. Lab. party.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.		
Adams	9,141	273	48	1,399	29	2				1,126	
Ashland	20,176	1,004	117	3,406	235	5	3			2,402	
Barron	23,677	625	243	3,575	103	0	11			2,950	
Bayfield	14,392	350	81	2,465	32	1	7			2,315	
Brown	46,359	2,667	109	6,027	329	8	14	228		3,558	
Buffalo	16,765	911	64	2,147	10	9		86		1,322	
Burnett	7,478	82	67	1,262	36	9	3			1,108	
Calumet	17,078	1,258	38	1,736	117	9		115		593	
Chippewa	53,937	1,670	141	3,744	59	12	5	12		2,036	
Clark	25,848	1,950	184	4,091	79	1	1			3,041	
Columbia	31,121	1,907	206	4,730	153	3		3		2,326	
Crawford	17,286	1,302	53	2,279	32			197		1,114	
Dane	69,435	5,679	419	11,041	242	4	1	624		5,986	
Dodge	46,631	5,005	133	4,243	68	4	1	1,437		650	
Door	17,583	515	100	2,689	33	3				2,174	
Douglas	36,335	974	130	4,564	549	11	29			3,500	
Dunn	25,043	546	123	3,303	84	7	2			2,757	
Eau Claire	31,692	1,224	160	4,343	193	12	6	5		3,124	
Florence	3,197	83	8	562	5					479	
Fond du Lac	47,589	4,417	178	7,027	149	22	1	561		3,171	
Forest	1,396	160	23	921	24	2	1			831	
Grant	38,831	2,836	219	5,804	77	3	1	236		3,204	
Green	22,719	1,466	219	2,932	139	5	1	20		1,557	
Green Lake	15,797	1,269	84	2,181	43	3		39		932	
Iowa	23,116	1,639	162	3,328	21	3				1,778	
Iron	6,614	246	25	1,250	16	3	1			1,004	
Jackson	17,466	479	92	2,746	1					2,270	
Jefferson	34,789	3,778	147	3,669	99	2	1	1,055		3,416	
Juneau	20,629	1,244	79	3,234	42	12	2	21		2,011	
Kenosha	21,707	1,592	77	3,293	440	5	4	26		1,727	
Kewaunee	17,212	1,457	36	1,573	100	3		286		407	
La Crosse	42,997	3,089	190	5,506	119	7	4	55		2,472	
Lafayette	20,959	1,923	106	2,875	28	1	3	167		1,114	
Langlade	12,533	1,013	46	2,105	31	2	1			1,037	
Lincoln	16,269	1,004	69	2,350	109	14	3			1,843	
Manitowoc	42,261	3,274	93	4,626	687	1	2	143		1,500	
Marathon	43,256	3,225	159	6,144	177	4	7	274		3,193	
Marinette	30,322	816	144	3,977	195	11	2			3,161	
Marquette	10,509	752	81	1,601	10	2	1	8		860	
Milwaukee	330,017	18,560	934	32,587	13,340	30	61			13,443	
Monroe	28,103	1,749	146	3,292	35	7		125		2,263	
Oconto	20,874	1,024	71	3,279	65	6	4			2,255	
Oneida	8,375	375	46	1,710	130	2	2			1,335	
Outagamie	46,247	3,143	136	5,949	113	3	2	238		3,044	
Ozaukee	16,363	1,501	27	1,492	112	6	2	231		222	
Pepin	7,905	342	30	1,033	3	1	2	56		757	
Pierce	23,943	594	130	3,492	25	3				2,393	
Polk	17,801	296	101	2,935	93	2	7			2,639	
Portage	29,483	2,168	101	3,633	44	1		579		2,044	
Price	9,106	401	73	2,202	71	2				1,801	
Racine	45,644	2,584	258	5,573	1,454	147	5	90		3,079	
Richland	19,483	1,340	296	2,693	49	3		54		1,412	
Rock	51,203	2,348	319	7,972	463	23	2			5,624	
Rusk*		247	49	1,415	23	1	1			1,163	
St. Croix	26,830	1,569	116	3,393	109	10	3	163		2,492	
Sauk	33,006	1,914	343	4,305	53			118		3,009	
Sawyer	3,593	205	29	732	13	1				577	
Shawano	27,475	1,239	117	3,634	24	11	2			2,445	
Sheboygan	50,345	3,430	200	6,121	901	33	19	122		2,313	
Taylor	11,262	728	43	1,725	44	3	1			997	
Trempealeau	23,114	981	157	3,560	10	5		34		2,663	
Vernon	28,351	762	220	4,744	28	6	1			3,323	
Vilas	4,929	322	25	1,467	39	1	1			1,145	
Walworth	29,259	1,370	263	4,892	135	3				3,522	
Washington	5,521	207	32	989	49	1	1			732	
Washington	23,589	2,243	55	2,565	68		2	398		720	
Waukesha	35,229	2,693	205	5,247	231	1	1	34		2,583	
Waupaca	31,615	942	237	5,471	73			23		4,552	
Waushara	15,972	325	96	3,140	27	4	3			2,815	
Winnebago	58,225	4,006	263	7,720	311	17	9	165		3,879	
Wood	25,365	1,673	93	4,002	195	5		6		2,335	
Total	2,069,042	124,205	9,372	230,315	23,240	560	249	3,225	163,687		

* Population of Rusk included in population of Chippewa.

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904 AND 1908, BY COUNTIES,
WITH POPULATION, 1900.

COUNTIES.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Wm. J. Bryan, Dem.	E. W. Cibola, Pro.	Wm. H. Taft, Rep.	E. V. Debs, Soc. Dem.	August Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- ITIES.	
								Dem.	Rep.
Adams	9,141	486	56	1,167	32	1	1,692	.....	731
Ashland	20,176	1,582	110	2,259	213	3	4,167	2	679
Barron	23,677	1,266	243	3,247	128	2	4,886	10	1,991
Bayfield	14,392	579	72	1,957	174	3	2,785	.....	1,378
Brown	46,359	3,354	129	4,947	516	8	8,954	255	1,848
Buffalo	16,765	1,027	56	1,937	20	.....	3,040	120	1,030
Burnett	7,478	296	93	1,181	65	1	1,636	.....	885
Calumet	17,073	1,711	30	1,576	85	.....	3,402	492	257
Chippewa	33,037	2,203	148	3,526	90	2	5,969	34	1,357
Clark	25,848	1,576	152	3,491	92	.....	5,311	19	1,934
Columbia	31,121	2,363	198	4,072	140	.....	6,773	23	1,725
Crawford	17,236	1,586	72	2,041	63	.....	3,762	346	801
Dane	69,435	7,818	489	9,441	256	5	18,009	1,265	2,888
Dodge	46,631	5,883	162	4,015	63	.....	10,123	2,193	325
Door	17,583	778	53	2,463	37	1	3,334	.....	1,085
Douglas	36,335	1,715	257	3,509	653	146	6,280	.....	1,794
Dunn	25,043	914	102	3,297	119	.....	4,432	.....	2,370
Eau Claire	31,692	1,859	174	3,981	158	.....	6,172	79	2,201
Florence	3,197	102	19	541	5	.....	667	.....	439
Fond du Lac	47,589	5,194	244	5,872	230	5	11,545	778	1,456
Forest	1,396	324	31	1,023	46	3	1,427	.....	699
Grant	38,881	3,696	288	4,989	83	.....	9,056	582	1,875
Green	22,719	1,856	209	2,617	122	.....	4,804	97	853
Green Lake	15,707	1,603	63	2,094	32	.....	3,797	72	553
Iowa	23,116	2,077	238	2,986	12	2	5,815	220	1,129
Iron	6,614	314	43	1,134	42	1	1,584	.....	815
Jackson	17,466	631	65	2,603	40	2	3,341	30	2,031
Jefferson	34,789	4,492	161	3,207	70	2	7,982	1,722	437
Juneau	20,629	1,691	77	2,454	37	2	4,261	137	909
Kenosha	21,707	2,006	239	3,409	601	.....	6,255	44	1,447
Kewaunee	17,212	1,731	37	1,500	63	.....	3,421	461	320
La Crosse	42,907	4,054	189	4,382	112	.....	8,737	376	704
Lafayette	20,959	2,100	105	2,832	24	.....	5,061	209	941
Lanai	12,533	1,240	64	1,921	33	.....	3,858	17	598
Lincoln	16,239	1,813	63	2,308	99	.....	4,233	45	538
Maitowoc	42,501	3,332	61	4,126	947	5	9,091	436	610
Marathon	43,256	4,722	133	5,258	275	.....	10,883	637	1,173
Marinette	30,822	1,597	235	3,454	151	4	5,444	7	1,883
Marquette	10,509	798	44	1,555	17	.....	2,414	38	795
Milwaukee	330,017	26,000	1,273	28,625	17,496	57	73,456	70	2,632
Monroe	28,103	2,155	136	3,304	91	.....	5,686	270	1,419
Oconto	20,374	1,453	75	3,020	114	1	4,663	26	1,551
Oneida	8,875	638	28	1,536	354	1	2,607	13	859
Outagamie	46,247	4,236	209	5,079	118	12	9,704	512	1,305
Ozaukee	16,363	1,856	27	1,216	60	1	3,180	678	36
Pepin	7,905	447	36	1,010	5	.....	1,498	65	628
Pierce	23,943	978	150	2,988	56	.....	4,172	2	2,012
Polk	17,801	816	146	2,788	121	.....	3,871	3	1,975
Portage	29,433	2,362	112	3,269	50	1	5,794	570	1,477
Price	9,106	609	79	1,727	26	.....	2,663	.....	1,071
Racine	45,644	3,688	429	5,490	734	3	10,404	241	2,043
Richland	19,433	1,689	289	2,464	51	1	4,494	122	897
Rock	51,203	3,227	391	7,839	265	12	11,734	.....	4,612
Rusk*	.....	532	48	1,431	96	.....	2,110	13	911
St. Croix	26,830	1,773	98	3,228	83	3	5,192	205	1,690
Sauk	33,006	2,571	294	3,854	35	.....	6,754	230	1,711
Sawyer	3,593	299	18	815	19	.....	1,151	3	519
Shawano	27,475	1,750	102	3,349	40	.....	5,241	73	1,672
Sheboygan	50,345	4,405	245	5,943	752	1	11,351	226	1,769
Taylor	11,262	924	42	1,637	82	1	2,676	15	717
Trempealeau	23,114	1,085	117	3,733	22	.....	4,957	132	2,380
Vernon	28,351	1,561	188	4,114	39	.....	5,932	.....	2,553
Vilas	4,929	273	18	794	17	.....	1,107	.....	516
Walworth	29,259	1,960	497	4,151	73	2	6,673	.....	2,191
Washburn	5,521	396	35	1,114	69	.....	1,614	5	720
Washington	23,589	2,625	41	2,583	77	1	5,332	578	541
Waukesha	35,229	3,206	346	4,758	137	3	8,510	164	1,716
Waupaca	31,615	1,483	239	4,785	143	2	6,652	15	3,306
Waushara	15,972	507	114	2,820	82	14	3,537	4	2,317
Winnebago	58,225	5,511	412	6,797	238	3	13,011	489	1,775
Wood	25,865	2,493	132	3,013	274	.....	5,917	250	810
Total	2,069,042	166,662	11,565	247,747	23,147	318	454,441	15,768	96,690

* Population of Rusk included in population of Chippewa.
Scattering: Door Co., 2.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TOTAL POPULATION, MALES, VOTING AGE, 1900, AND VOTE CAST, 1908.

COUNTIES.	Total population in 1900.	MALES 21 YEARS OR ABOVE.			VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1908.					
		Total No.	Per cent to population.	Per cent to each male 21 yrs. and over.	Total vote 1908.	Per cent to population.	Per cent to males of voting age.	Pop. to each vote cast.	Males 21 yrs. and over to each vote.	
Adams	9,141	2,513	27.5	3.6	1,692	18.5	67.3	5.4	1.5	
Ashland	20,176	6,593	32.7	3.1	4,157	20.7	63.2	4.8	1.6	
Barron	23,677	6,092	25.7	3.8	4,836	20.6	89.2	4.8	1.2	
Bayfield	14,392	5,525	38.4	2.6	2,785	19.4	50.4	5.2	2.0	
Brown	46,359	11,622	25.1	4.0	8,954	19.3	77.0	5.2	1.3	
Buffalo	16,765	4,392	26.2	3.8	3,040	18.1	69.2	5.5	1.4	
Burnett	7,478	1,997	26.7	3.7	1,636	21.9	81.9	4.6	1.2	
Calumet	17,078	4,380	25.6	3.9	3,402	19.9	77.7	5.0	1.3	
Chippewa	34,037	8,954	27.1	3.7	5,969	24.5	90.2	4.1	1.1	
Clark	25,848	6,748	26.1	3.8	5,311	20.5	78.7	4.9	1.3	
Columbia	31,121	8,983	28.4	3.5	6,773	21.7	76.5	4.6	1.3	
Crawford	17,286	4,694	27.2	3.7	3,762	21.7	80.1	4.6	1.3	
Dane	69,435	19,972	28.8	3.5	18,009	25.9	90.7	3.9	1.1	
Dodge	46,631	13,329	28.6	3.5	10,123	21.7	75.9	4.6	1.3	
Door	17,533	4,459	25.4	3.9	3,334	19.0	74.8	5.3	1.3	
Douglas	36,335	13,564	37.3	2.7	6,280	17.2	46.3	5.8	2.2	
Dunn	25,043	6,457	25.8	3.9	4,432	17.7	68.6	5.7	1.5	
Eau Claire	31,692	8,098	25.6	3.9	6,172	19.5	76.2	5.1	1.3	
Florence	3,197	931	30.7	3.3	667	20.9	67.8	4.8	1.5	
Fond du Lac	47,580	13,570	28.5	3.5	11,545	24.5	83.3	4.1	1.2	
Forest	1,896	487	34.9	2.9	1,427	102.2	238.0	1.0	.3	
Grant	38,831	10,652	27.3	3.7	9,056	23.3	85.0	4.3	1.2	
Green	22,719	6,413	28.2	3.5	4,804	21.1	74.9	4.7	1.3	
Green Lake	15,797	4,264	27.0	3.7	3,797	24.0	80.0	4.2	1.1	
Iowa	23,116	6,450	27.9	3.6	5,315	23.0	82.3	4.4	1.2	
Iron	6,614	2,242	33.9	2.9	1,534	23.2	63.4	4.4	1.4	
Jackson	17,466	4,662	26.7	3.7	3,341	19.1	71.7	5.2	1.4	
Jefferson	34,790	9,654	27.7	3.6	7,932	22.8	82.2	4.4	1.2	
Juneau	20,629	5,797	28.1	3.6	4,261	20.7	73.5	4.8	1.4	
Kenosha	21,707	6,348	29.2	3.4	6,255	28.8	98.5	3.5	1.0	
Kewaunee	17,212	4,436	25.8	3.9	3,421	19.9	77.1	5.0	1.3	
Lafayette	42,997	11,461	26.7	3.8	8,737	20.3	76.4	4.9	1.3	
La Crosse	20,959	5,910	28.2	3.5	5,061	24.1	85.6	4.1	1.2	
Lafayette	12,553	3,241	25.8	3.9	3,353	26.8	103.6	3.7	1.0	
Langlade	16,369	4,449	27.3	3.7	4,283	26.3	93.3	3.8	1.0	
Lincoln	42,261	11,028	26.1	3.8	9,091	21.5	82.4	4.7	1.2	
Manitowoc	43,355	10,881	25.2	4.0	10,338	24.0	95.8	4.2	1.0	
Marathon	30,822	8,293	26.9	3.7	5,444	17.7	65.6	5.7	1.5	
Marquette	10,509	2,740	26.1	3.8	2,414	23.0	83.1	4.4	1.1	
Marquette	330,017	83,968	27.0	3.7	73,456	22.3	82.6	4.5	1.2	
Milwaukee	28,103	7,581	27.0	3.7	5,686	20.2	75.0	4.9	1.3	
Monroe	20,874	5,311	25.4	3.9	4,663	22.3	87.8	4.5	1.1	
Oconto	8,875	3,089	34.8	2.9	2,607	29.4	84.4	3.4	1.2	
Oneida	46,247	11,731	25.4	3.1	9,704	21.0	82.7	4.8	1.2	
Outagamie	16,363	4,413	27.0	3.7	3,160	19.3	71.6	5.1	1.4	
Ozaukee	7,995	2,105	26.6	3.8	1,498	19.0	71.2	5.3	1.4	
Pepin	23,943	6,698	28.0	3.6	4,172	17.4	62.3	5.7	1.6	
Pierce	17,801	4,821	27.1	3.7	3,871	21.7	80.3	4.6	1.2	
Polk	29,433	7,192	24.4	4.1	5,794	19.7	80.5	5.1	1.2	
Portage	9,106	2,698	29.6	3.4	2,663	29.2	93.7	3.4	1.0	
Price	45,644	13,165	28.8	3.5	10,493	23.0	79.0	4.4	1.3	
Racine	19,433	5,365	27.5	3.6	4,494	22.5	83.8	4.3	1.2	
Richland	51,203	15,709	30.7	3.3	11,734	22.9	74.7	4.4	1.3	
Rock					2,110					
Rusk*					3.7	5.13	19.3	71.1	5.2	1.4
St. Croix	26,830	9,285	27.2	3.7	6,754	20.5	73.5	4.9	1.4	
Sauk	33,006	9,187	27.8	3.6	6,151	32.0	103.6	3.1	1.0	
Sawyer	3,593	1,111	30.9	3.2	1,151	19.1	75.7	5.2	1.3	
Shawano	27,475	6,919	25.2	4.0	5,241	19.1	75.7	5.2	1.3	
Sheboygan	50,345	13,467	26.7	3.7	11,351	22.5	84.3	4.4	1.2	
Taylor	11,262	3,178	28.2	3.5	2,676	23.7	84.2	4.2	1.2	
Trempealeau	23,114	6,038	26.3	3.8	4,057	21.4	81.4	4.7	1.2	
Vernon	28,351	7,719	27.2	3.7	5,902	20.8	76.4	4.8	1.3	
Vilas	4,929	2,102	42.6	2.2	1,107	22.5	52.7	4.5	1.9	
Walworth	20,259	9,044	30.9	3.2	6,673	22.8	73.8	4.4	1.4	
Washington	5,521	1,498	27.1	3.7	1,614	26.2	107.7	3.4	.9	
Washington	23,589	6,210	26.3	3.3	5,232	22.6	85.9	4.1	1.2	
Waukesha	35,229	10,064	28.6	3.5	8,570	24.2	84.6	4.1	1.2	
Waupaca	31,615	8,630	27.5	3.6	6,692	21.1	75.4	4.7	1.3	
Waushara	15,972	4,434	27.8	3.6	3,537	22.1	79.8	4.5	1.3	
Winnebago	58,225	16,107	27.7	3.0	13,011	22.3	80.8	4.5	1.2	
Wood	25,865	6,407	24.8	4.0	5,917	22.4	92.4	4.4	1.1	
Total	2,069,042	570,715	27.6	3.6	454,441	22.0	79.6	4.5	1.3	

* Rusk included in Chippewa.

PER CENT OF VOTE FOR EACH CANDIDATE IN 1908, TO POPULATION, 1900.

Counties.	Bryan, Dem.	Cha- fin, Pro.	Taft, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Gill- haus, Soc. Labor.	Total pop- ulation not voting in 1908.	Total pop- ulation in 1908. Per cent.
Adams	4.8	.6	12.8	.3		81.5	100
Ashland	7.8	.6	11.0	1.0		79.6	100
Barron	5.3	1.0	13.7	.5		79.5	100
Bayfield	4.0	.5	13.6	1.2		80.7	100
Brown	7.3	.3	10.5	1.2		80.7	100
Buffalo	6.1	.3	11.6	.1		81.9	100
Burnett	4.0	1.2	15.1	.9		78.8	100
Calumet	10.0	.2	9.2	.5		80.1	100
Chippewa	8.3	.6	15.0	.6		75.5	100
Clark	6.1	.5	13.5	.4		79.5	100
Columbia	7.6	.6	13.1	.5		78.2	100
Crawford	9.2	.4	11.8	.4		78.2	100
Dane	11.3	.7	13.6	.1		74.0	100
Dodge	12.6	.4	8.6	.1		78.3	100
Door	4.4	.3	14.0	.2		81.1	100
Douglas	4.7	.7	9.7	1.8	.4	82.7	100
Dunn	3.6	.4	13.2	.5		82.3	100
Eau Claire	5.9	.5	12.6	.5		80.5	100
Florence	3.2	.6	16.9	.2		79.1	100
Fond du Lac	10.9	.5	12.3	.5		75.8	100
Forest	23.2	2.2	73.3	3.3		102	
Grant	9.5	.7	12.9	.2		76.7	100
Green	8.2	.9	11.5	.5		78.9	100
Green Lake	10.2	.4	13.2	.2		76.0	100
Iowa	9.0	1.0	12.9	.1		77.0	100
Iron	4.8	.7	17.1	1.6		76.8	100
Jackson	3.6	.3	14.9	.2		80.9	100
Jefferson	12.9	.4	9.3	.2		77.2	100
Juneau	8.2	.4	11.9	.2		79.3	100
Kenosha	9.2	1.1	15.7	2.8		71.2	100
Kewaunee	10.1	.2	9.2	.4		80.1	100
La Crosse	9.4	.4	10.2	.3		79.7	100
Lafayette	10.0	.5	13.5	.1		75.9	100
Lanlud	10.7	.5	15.3	.3		73.2	100
Lincoln	11.1	.4	14.2	.6		73.7	100
Manitowoc	9.4	.1	9.7	.3		80.5	100
Marathon	10.9	.3	12.2	.6		76.0	100
Marinette	5.2	.8	11.2	.5		82.3	100
Marquette	7.6	.4	14.8	.2		77.0	100
Milwaukee	7.9	.4	8.7	5.3		77.7	100
Monroe	7.7	.5	11.8	.3		79.7	100
Oconto	10.3	.7	15.8	.4		72.8	100
Oneida	7.8	.3	17.3	.4		70.6	100
Outagamie	9.2	.5	11.0	.3		79.0	100
Ozaukee	11.3	.2	7.4	.4		80.7	100
Pepin	5.7	.5	12.7			81.1	100
Pierce	4.1	.6	12.5	.2		82.6	100
Polk	4.6	.8	15.7	.7		78.2	100
Portage	8.0	.4	11.1	.2		80.3	100
Price	6.7	.9	19.1	2.6		70.7	100
Racine	8.1	1.0	12.0	1.7		77.2	100
Richland	8.7	1.5	12.6	.3		76.9	100
Rock	6.3	.8	15.3	.5		77.1	100
Rusk*							
St. Croix	6.6	.4	12.0	.3		80.7	100
Sauk	7.8	.9	11.7	.1		79.5	100
Sawyer	8.3	.5	22.7	.5		68.0	100
Shawano	6.4	.4	12.2	.1		80.9	100
Sheboygan	8.7	.5	11.8	1.5		77.5	100
Taylor	8.2	.4	14.5	.7		76.2	100
Trempealeau	4.7	.5	16.2			78.6	100
Vernon	5.5	.7	14.5	.1		79.2	100
Vilas	1.0	.1	2.8			96.1	100
Walworth	6.7	1.7	14.2	.2		77.2	100
Washburn	7.2	.6	20.2	1.2		70.8	100
Washington	11.1	.2	11.0	.3		77.1	100
Waukesha	9.1	1.0	13.5	.6		75.8	100
Waupaca	4.7	.8	15.1	.5		78.9	100
Waushara	3.2	.7	17.7	.5		77.9	100
Winnebago	9.5	.7	11.7	.5		77.6	100
Wood	9.6	.5	11.7	1.1		77.1	100
Total	8.0	.6	12.0	1.4		78.0	100

*Rusk included in Chippewa county.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PER CENT OF VOTES TO MALES OF VOTING AGE.

Counties.	Bryan, Dem.	Chafin, Pro.	Taft, Rep.	Debs, Dem.	Gill- haus, Lab.	Total males of voting age, not voting. Per cent.	Total males of voting age. Per cent.
Adams	17.4	2.2	46.4	1.3		32.7	100.0
Ashland	24.0	1.7	34.2	3.3		36.8	100.0
Barron	20.8	4.0	53.3	2.1		19.8	100.0
Bayfield	10.5	1.3	35.4	3.2	.1	49.5	100.0
Brown	28.9	1.1	42.6	4.4	.1	22.9	100.0
Buffalo	23.4	1.3	44.1	.4		30.8	100.0
Burnett	14.8	4.7	59.1	3.3	.1	18.0	100.0
Calumet	39.1	.7	36.0	1.9		22.3	100.0
Chippewa	30.5	2.2	55.4	2.1		9.8	100.0
Clark	23.4	2.3	51.7	1.4		21.2	100.0
Columbia	26.3	2.2	45.3	1.6		24.6	100.0
Crawford	33.8	1.5	43.5	1.3		19.9	100.0
Dane	39.2	2.4	47.3	1.3		9.8	100.0
Dodge	44.1	1.2	30.1	.5		24.1	100.0
Door	17.5	1.2	55.2	.8		25.3	100.0
Douglas	2.6	1.9	25.9	4.8	1.1	53.7	100.0
Dunn	14.1	1.6	51.1	1.8		31.4	100.0
Eau Claire	23.0	2.1	49.2	1.9		23.8	100.0
Florence	10.4	2.0	55.1	.5		32.0	100.0
Fond du Lac	38.3	1.7	43.3	1.7		15.0	100.0
Forest	66.5	6.4	210.0	9.4	.6	232.9	100.0
Grant	34.7	3.7	43.8	.8		15.0	100.0
Green	28.9	3.3	40.8	1.9		25.1	100.0
Green Lake	37.7	1.5	49.1	.8		10.9	100.0
Iowa	32.2	3.7	46.2	.2		17.7	100.0
Iron	14.0	1.9	50.6	1.9		31.6	100.0
Jackson	13.5	1.4	55.8	.9		28.4	100.0
Jefferson	46.5	1.7	33.2	.7		17.9	100.0
Juncos	29.2	1.3	42.3	.6		26.6	100.0
Kenosha	31.6	3.7	53.7	9.5		1.5	100.0
Kewaunee	39.0	.8	35.8	1.4		23.0	100.0
La Crosse	35.4	1.6	38.2	1.0		23.8	100.0
Lafayette	35.5	1.8	47.9	.4		14.4	100.0
Lanlud	41.3	2.0	59.3	1.0		103.0	100.0
Lincoln	40.8	1.4	51.9	2.2		3.7	100.0
Manitowoc	35.8	.6	37.4	3.6		17.6	100.0
Marathon	43.4	1.2	43.3	2.5		4.6	100.0
Marquette	19.3	2.8	41.6	1.9		34.4	100.0
Marquette	29.1	1.0	56.8	.6		11.9	100.0
Milwaukee	29.2	1.4	32.2	19.7	.1	17.4	100.0
Monroe	23.4	1.8	43.6	1.2		25.0	100.0
Oconto	27.4	1.4	55.9	2.1		12.2	100.0
Oneida	22.3	.9	49.7	11.5		15.6	100.0
Outagamie	36.5	1.8	43.2	1.0	.1	17.4	100.0
Ozaukee	42.1	.6	27.6	1.4		28.3	100.0
Pepin	21.2	1.7	48.0	.2		28.9	100.0
Pierce	14.6	2.2	44.6	.8		37.8	100.0
Polk	16.9	3.0	57.8	2.5		19.8	100.0
Portage	32.8	1.5	45.5	.7		19.5	100.0
Price	22.6	2.9	64.4	8.7		1.4	100.0
Racine	28.0	3.3	41.7	6.0		21.0	100.0
Richland	31.5	5.4	45.9	1.0		16.2	100.0
Rock	20.5	2.5	49.9	1.7	.1	25.3	100.0
Rusk*							
St. Croix	24.3	1.3	44.3	1.1		29.0	100.0
Sauk	27.9	3.2	42.0	.4		23.5	100.0
Sawyer	23.9	1.6	73.4	1.7		103.0	100.0
Shawano	25.3	1.5	48.4	.6		24.2	100.0
Sheboygan	32.7	1.8	44.2	5.6		15.7	100.0
Taylor	29.1	1.3	51.2	2.6		15.8	100.0
Trempealeau	17.8	1.9	61.3	.4		18.6	100.0
Vernon	20.2	2.4	53.3	.5		23.6	100.0
Vilas	13.2	.9	37.8	.8		47.3	100.0
Walworth	21.7	5.4	45.9	.8		26.2	100.0
Washburn	26.4	2.3	71.4	4.6		107.7	100.0
Washington	42.3	.7	41.7	1.2		14.1	100.0
Waukesha	31.9	3.4	47.3	2.0		15.4	100.0
Waupaca	17.1	2.7	55.1	1.6		23.5	100.0
Waushara	11.4	2.6	63.6	1.8	.3	20.3	100.0
Winnebago	34.2	2.6	42.2	1.8		19.2	100.0
Wood	39.0	2.1	47.0	4.3		7.6	100.0
Total	29.2	2.0	43.5	4.9	.1	20.3	100.0

* Rusk included in Chippewa.

VOTES, PLURALITIES AND MALES OF VOTING AGE, NOT VOTING, 1908.

Counties.	Bryan, Dem.	Chaffin, Pro.	Taft, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Gillhaus, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Party.	Pluralities.	Males 21 yrs. not voting.
Adams	436	56	1,167	32	1	1,692	R.	731	81
Ashland	1,532	110	2,950	213	3	4,167	R.	677	2,431
Barron	1,266	243	3,247	128	2	4,886	R.	1,981	1,276
Bayfield	579	72	1,957	174	3	2,785	R.	1,378	2,740
Brown	3,354	129	4,947	516	8	8,954	R.	1,593	2,668
Buffalo	1,027	56	1,937	20	.....	3,040	R.	910	1,352
Burnett	296	93	1,181	65	1	1,636	R.	885	361
Calumet	1,711	30	1,576	85	.....	3,402	D.	135	875
Chippewa	2,203	148	3,526	90	2	5,909	R.	1,823	1,437
Clark	1,576	132	3,491	92	.....	5,311	R.	1,915	2,215
Columbia	2,363	198	4,072	140	.....	6,773	R.	1,701	1,437
Crawford	1,536	72	2,041	63	.....	3,762	R.	455	932
Dane	7,318	480	9,441	276	5	13,009	R.	1,623	1,963
Dodge	5,883	162	4,015	63	.....	10,123	D.	1,963	3,206
Door	773	53	2,463	37	1	3,334	R.	1,635	1,127
Douglas	1,715	257	3,599	653	146	6,230	R.	1,794	7,284
Dunn	914	102	3,297	119	.....	4,432	R.	2,333	2,025
Eau Claire	1,839	174	3,981	158	.....	6,172	R.	2,122	1,976
Florence	102	10	511	5	.....	697	R.	439	314
Fond du Lac	5,194	244	5,572	230	5	11,545	R.	678	2,034
Forest	324	31	1,023	46	3	1,427	R.	609	910
Grant	3,696	288	4,930	83	.....	9,056	R.	1,293	1,596
Green	1,856	209	2,617	122	.....	4,834	R.	761	1,609
Green Lake	1,603	63	2,094	32	.....	3,797	R.	486	467
Iowa	2,077	238	2,986	12	2	5,315	R.	909	1,144
Iron	314	43	1,131	42	1	1,534	R.	870	708
Jackson	631	65	2,603	40	2	3,341	R.	1,972	1,321
Jefferson	4,492	161	3,207	70	2	7,932	D.	1,285	1,722
Juneau	1,691	77	2,454	37	2	4,261	R.	763	1,336
Kenosha	2,003	239	3,409	601	.....	6,255	R.	1,403	93
Kewaunee	1,731	37	1,500	63	.....	3,421	D.	141	1,015
La Crosse	4,054	189	4,382	112	.....	8,737	R.	328	2,724
Lafayette	2,100	105	2,822	21	.....	5,031	R.	732	849
Langlade	1,340	64	1,921	33	.....	3,358	R.	531	117
Lincoln	1,813	63	2,303	99	.....	4,233	R.	495	166
Manitowoc	3,932	61	4,126	947	5	9,011	R.	174	1,937
Marathon	4,722	133	5,258	275	.....	10,388	R.	536	498
Marinette	1,597	235	3,454	154	4	5,434	R.	1,357	2,349
Marquette	798	44	1,555	17	.....	2,414	R.	737	326
Milwaukee	26,000	1,272	28,625	17,496	57	73,456	R.	2,625	15,512
Monroe	2,155	136	3,204	91	.....	5,686	R.	1,149	1,895
Oconto	1,453	75	3,020	114	1	4,663	R.	1,567	643
Oneida	688	23	1,536	354	1	2,607	R.	848	482
Outagamie	4,286	209	5,079	118	12	9,701	R.	793	2,027
Ozaukee	1,856	27	1,216	60	1	3,160	D.	640	1,253
Pepin	447	36	1,010	5	.....	1,498	R.	533	607
Pierce	978	150	2,988	56	.....	4,172	R.	2,010	2,526
Polk	816	146	2,783	121	.....	3,871	R.	1,972	950
Portage	2,362	112	3,269	50	1	5,794	R.	907	1,393
Price	609	79	1,733	236	1	2,663	R.	1,129	35
Racine	3,688	429	5,490	794	3	10,404	R.	1,302	2,761
Richland	1,639	239	2,464	51	1	4,494	R.	775	871
Rock	3,227	391	7,839	265	12	11,734	R.	4,612	3,975
Rusk*	532	48	1,431	96	3	2,110	R.	899	.....
St. Croix	1,773	98	3,223	83	.....	5,132	R.	1,455	2,103
Sauk	2,571	294	3,854	35	.....	6,754	R.	1,233	2,433
Sawyer	299	18	815	19	.....	1,151	R.	516	40
Shawano	1,750	102	3,349	40	.....	5,241	R.	1,599	1,678
Sheboygan	4,405	245	5,943	752	1	11,311	R.	1,543	2,116
Taylor	924	42	1,627	82	1	2,676	R.	703	562
Trempealeau	1,035	117	3,733	22	.....	4,957	R.	2,648	1,131
Vernon	1,561	183	4,114	39	.....	5,902	R.	2,573	1,817
Vilas	273	13	794	17	.....	1,107	R.	516	995
Walworth	1,920	437	4,151	73	2	6,673	R.	2,101	2,371
Washburn	396	35	1,114	69	.....	1,614	R.	713	116
Washington	2,625	41	2,583	77	1	5,332	D.	37	873
Waukesha	3,206	346	4,758	197	3	8,510	R.	1,552	1,554
Waupaca	1,433	239	4,753	143	2	6,652	R.	3,362	2,028
Waushara	507	111	2,320	82	14	3,587	R.	2,313	377
Winnebago	5,511	412	6,797	238	3	13,011	R.	1,236	3,036
Wood	2,498	132	3,913	274	.....	5,917	R.	515	490
Total	169,602	11,565	247,747	28,147	315	454,441	D.	85,191	4,106
								4,106	116,274

* Males 21 years not voting in Rusk Co., included in Chippewa Co.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906.

ADAMS COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Baton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Sec. Dem.	Ole T. Rosans, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
ADAMS CO.—																
Adams	25	1	36	1		63		11	28	7	67	2		98		39
Big Flats	24		56			80		32	15	1	36			53		21
Colburn	16	5	54	6		81		38	10		13	3		26		3
Dell Prairie	29	1	63			98		39	13		36			49		23
Easton	24	1	65			80		41	6		45			53		39
Jackson	13	8	93			117		63	10	6	48			64		33
Leola	7	5	59	2	1	74		52	4		17			21		13
Lincoln	30	1	64			95		34	15	1	33			54		23
Monroe	20	3	87	1		111		67	16	1	68			83		52
New Chester	7	10	43			65		38	8		27			35		19
New Haven	44	1	92			137		43	8		53			88		23
Preston	19	1	36	2		58		17	5		25			33		20
Quincy	13	1	54			73		36	8		23			31		15
Richfield	24	4	27	3		58		3	14	1	23			38		9
Rome	31	3	54	3		91		23	10	2	32			44		22
Springville	32	3	70	1		106		33	12		34			46		23
Strong's Prairie	24	6	173			205		151	8		109			120		101
Friendship, village.	15	1	45	2		63		30								
Total	402	55	1,186	21	1	1,665		781	212	16	699	9		939		487
Net Rep. plurality								784								

Scattering: Easton, 2; Monroe, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

ASHLAND COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Koskas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
ASHLAND CO.—																
Agenda	23	6	73	3		105		50	12		32	1		45		20
Ashland	25	2	69	15		114		44	22		33	5		117		66
Ashland, city	949	68	1,034	67		2,113		85	535	55	1,032	119	2	1,743		497
ward 1	52	11	131	7				39	4	119	10					
ward 2	72	2	143	6				43	13	147	16	1				
ward 3	75	13	166	1				47	6	148	6					
ward 4	61	2	77	5				42	4	69	7					
ward 5	123	4	100	5				75	4	89	12					
ward 6	107	2	92	5				55	9	95	13					
ward 7	114	1	90	6				48	6	114	19					
ward 8	136	5	84	8				65	5	98	13	1				
ward 9	124	3	59	9				72	1	68	22					
ward 10	86	3	92	15				49	3	85	7					
Butternut	28	1	49	7		85		21	18	3	43	5		69		25
Butternut, village	50	1	108			159		58	25		60	10		104		44
Gordon	20		43	7		70		23	8	2	20	14		44		6
Jacobs	82	2	182	20		233		100	47	4	165	35		251		118
La Pointe	15		18	5		28		3	4	1	15	2		22		11
Marengo	18	5	36	14		73		18								
Mellen, city	78	17	219	20		334		141								
ward 1	31	6	64	12												
ward 2	20	5	93	4												
ward 3	17	6	62	4												
Morse	28	4	88	14		134		60	42	9	117	11		179		75

Sanborn	230	3	255	26	1	515	25	55	6	215	27	2	30	130
precinct 1	21	1	26	1	1	.....	.....	11	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	201	1	153	23	1	.....	.....	42	2	169	27	1	.....	.....
precinct 3	8	1	47	2	.....	.....	.....	2	4	34	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shanagolden	17	.....	37	3	.....	57	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,563	104	2,211	204	1	4,033	678	708	82	1,796	229	3	2,878	1,028
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	648	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

BARRON COUNTY.

BARRON CO.—	58	5	61	.....	1	125	.....	3	.....	28	2	.....	29	.....	59	.....	23
Almena	20	10	107	5	.....	142	.....	87	.....	6	2	.....	29	.....	39	.....	23
Ashland	17	16	113	1	.....	147	.....	96	.....	7	7	.....	73	.....	87	.....	66
Barron	79	16	251	3	2	351	.....	172	.....	34	8	.....	209	2	1	251	175
Barron, city	19	1	35	4	2	61	.....	16	.....	11	.....	.....	19	.....	30	.....	8
Bear Lake	35	.....	84	1	.....	129	.....	49	.....	15	.....	.....	31	3	.....	49	16
Cameron, village	13	2	53	2	.....	70	.....	40	.....	4	.....	.....	15	3	.....	21	11
Cedar Lake	16	17	154	.....	.....	187	.....	138	.....	4	15	.....	73	3	.....	95	69
Chetek	48	14	118	1	.....	181	.....	70	.....	7	36	.....	64	3	.....	110	57
Chetek, city	40	1	129	.....	.....	170	.....	89	.....	3	.....	.....	57	.....	60	.....	54
Clinton	20	7	61	.....	.....	88	.....	41	.....	4	2	.....	25	1	.....	32	21
Crystal Lake	18	7	147	2	.....	174	.....	129	.....	2	2	.....	64	.....	68	.....	62
Cumberland	35	20	183	10	.....	253	.....	153	.....	19	4	.....	134	7	1	165	115
Cumberland, city	32	22	141	1	.....	193	.....	109	.....	3	11	.....	76	.....	.....	90	73
Dallas	14	4	63	1	.....	82	.....	49	.....	5	3	.....	55	.....	64	.....	50
Dallas, village	12	31	134	5	.....	182	.....	122	.....	3	20	.....	77	.....	100	.....	74
Dover	15	2	75	4	.....	93	.....	60	.....	3	2	.....	27	2	.....	34	34
Doyle	7	3	48	3	.....	61	.....	41	.....	6	.....	.....	31	1	.....	38	25
Lakeland	40	24	248	1	.....	313	.....	208	.....	7	12	.....	73	.....	92	.....	66
Maple Grove	9	3	25	3	.....	40	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maple Plain	74	2	64	3	.....	143	10	.....	25	.....	1	.....	34	1	1	62	9
Oak Grove	9	4	137	.....	.....	150	.....	128	.....	3	2	.....	90	.....	95	.....	87
Prairie Farm	1	4	65	.....	.....	70	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	1	.....	54	49
Prairie Farm, village.....	38	3	72	7	.....	120	.....	34	.....	9	2	.....	21	2	.....	34	12
Rice Lake .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

BARRON COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Kosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
BARRON CO.—Con.																
lice Lake, city.....	182	22	388	38	2	632	.....	206	72	13	234	77	1	397	.....	162
ward 1.....	52	7	110	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	3	62	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2.....	54	6	100	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	1	55	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3.....	42	3	62	9	2	.....	.....	.....	16	6	38	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4.....	34	6	116	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stanford.....	19	6	87	.....	.....	112	.....	68	7	.....	79	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stanley.....	23	10	122	3	.....	158	.....	99	.....	2	18	.....	1	22	.....	16
Summer.....	23	4	77	11	.....	115	.....	54	.....	.....	68	2	.....	78	.....	60
Turtle Lake.....	25	.....	54	1	.....	80	.....	29	.....	.....	43	13	.....	60	.....	41
Turtle Lake, village..	33	.....	57	1	.....	91	.....	24	.....	.....	14	1	.....	17	.....	12
Vance Creek.....	18	3	76	7	.....	104	.....	58	.....	.....	42	1	1	53	.....	33
Total.....	992	663	3,434	118	7	4,814	10	2,449	303	153	1,797	123	7	2,385	.....	1,494
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,442	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,494

Scattering: Vance Creek, 1; Dallas village, 1.

BAYFIELD COUNTY.

BAYFIELD CO.—																		
Bayfield	173	11	288	26	493	110	53	10	166	16	245	113						
Barksdale	14	1	25	5	45	11					51							
Barnes	9		67	2	78	58	3		54	1	53	13						
Bell	8		43	7	53	35	2		15	12	29							
Clover	3		19	2	24	16					60	44						
Cable	16		63		79	47	6	1	50	3	123	111						
Drummond	10	3	115	1	129	105	3	3	114	3	32	28						
Elleen	18	3	57	1	80	39		2	28	2								
Hughes	10	1	45	1	58	35												
Iron River	73	5	278	5	361	205	21	6	191	3	232	170						
Mason	29	5	244	4	282	215	17	2	172		191	155						
Orienta	6		17	2	25	11	1		22		1	21						
Oulu	3	4	67	23	97	44		4	17	5	23	17						
Port Wing	10	6	100	9	125	90	5	8	103	3	122	101						
Prairie	24	4	113	8	149	89	1	1	54	1	57	58						
Washburn	6	4	65	15	90	50	1	2	23	5	31	22						
Washburn, city	83	23	384	51	548	296	46	13	344	39	443	298						
ward 1	26	2	87	6			2		17	4								
ward 2	17	2	66	16			23	1	54	7								
ward 3	2	5	80	11			10	3	52	8	1							
ward 4	10	3	72	7			5	3	64	9								
ward 5	9	5	47	7	1		3	2	79	6								
ward 6	24	1	32	4			3	2	44	5								
ward 7							1	1	29									
ward 8							1	1	5									
Total	500	70	1,985	162	4,271	1,456	159	52	1,356	92	4	1,663	1,197					
Net Rep. plurality						1,485												

BROWN COUNTY.

BROWN CO.—																		
Allouez	39	1	70	8	118	31	22	1	49	3	76	27						
Ashwaubenon	27	1	63	2	93	36	12	1	58	1	67	41						
Bellevue	48		55	1	104	7	63		46		109	17						

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

BROWN COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottenna, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole F. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
BROWN CO.—Con.																
De Pere	70	2	57	1	.....	130	13	.....	66	1	35	1	.....	103	31	.....
De Pere, city	375	26	421	23	.....	846	.....	46	248	14	312	9	.....	583	.....	64
ward 1	96	8	136	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	9	101	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	124	10	81	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	9	62	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	24	2	145	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	61	.....	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	71	6	59	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	2	46	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eaton	117	1	57	.....	.....	175	60	.....	48	1	52	.....	.....	101	.....	4
Glenmore	94	6	152	1	.....	253	.....	53	53	.....	37	.....	.....	140	.....	34
Green Bay	37	4	106	5	.....	152	.....	69	13	2	21	1	.....	97	.....	68
Green Bay, city	1,337	77	2,427	411	.....	4,260	.....	1,090	764	46	1,747	191	.....	2,753	.....	983
ward 1	236	16	369	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	156	4	242	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	162	7	285	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	4	234	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	115	6	203	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	68	2	143	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, precinct 2	45	1	153	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, precinct 1	125	3	233	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	9	319	24	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	187	4	232	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	143	3	225	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	6	229	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	66	9	112	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	5	127	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 1	77	11	137	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	1	63	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 2	61	5	106	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	4	105	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 1	75	8	189	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	4	83	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	40	4	133	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	34	4	117	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	40	4	133	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	3	75	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hobart	4	.....	34	.....	.....	38	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Holland	169	2	42	.....	.....	213	127	.....	85	.....	20	.....	.....	105	65	.....
Howard	90	.....	139	.....	.....	233	.....	49	48	1	94	3	.....	146	.....	46
Humboldt	47	.....	93	1	.....	141	.....	46	20	1	65	1	.....	87	.....	45
Lawrence	60	3	115	1	.....	179	.....	55	18	3	62	1	.....	84	.....	44

Morrison	116	4	214	1	335	98	63	4	120	2	189	57				
New Denmark	83	3	209	5	300	126	29	2	130		161	101				
Pittsfield	73	3	98	1	175	25	22	3	43		68	21				
Preble	79	2	166	12	250	87	64	1	100	7	172	36				
Rockland	65	1	96		101	29	44	2	21	1	68	23				
Scott	74	1	92	4	172	18	40	2	67		109	27				
Scott	63	2	143	1	208	79	23	3	46		72	23				
Suamico	111	1	111		223		69	2	54	2	127	15				
Wrightstown	71		45	3	119	26	40	1	30	1	72	10				
Wrightstown, village																
Total	3,249	159	4,944	485	10	3,827	255	1,970	1,854	91	3,314	224	6	5,489	161	1,621
Democratic plurality								255								161
Net Rep. plurality								1,695								1,460

BUFFALO COUNTY.

BUFFALO CO.—																	
Alma	48	1	65		114	17	30		58	1	89	28					
Alma, city	109	1	113	2	225	4	101	6	103	1	212	2					
ward 1	44		39	1			45	3	28								
ward 2	29	1	30	1			23	2	34								
ward 3	36		44				33	1	41	1							
Belydere	75		83		153	8	31		51		82	20					
Buffalo	61		32	2	95	29	36	1	23	1	62	13					
Buffalo, city	23		22		45	1	13	1	19	1	34	6					
Canton	35	2	83	2	127	53	14	2	44		60	30					
Cross	44	1	42		87	2	22		35	1	58	13					
Dover	19	3	141		163	122	6	2	96	1	105	90					
Fountain, city	118	1	103	2	224	15	76	2	98	1	177	22					
ward 1	50		49				33		48	1							
ward 2	68	1	54	2			43	2	50								
Gilmanston	19		136	2	157	117	17	4	106		127	89					
Glencoe	60		48		103	12	30	1	29		60	1					
Lincoln	44	1	46		91		26		28		54	2					
Maxville	32	4	66		102	34	24	1	45		70	21					
Milton	26	1	22		49	4	5		15	1	21	10					
Modena	18	15	127	2	194	171	4	10	93		112	94					
Mondovi	16	2	197		145	171	12		76		83	64					
Mondovi, city	82	14	189		285	107	32	6	189	1	210	148					
ward 1	39	9	99				13	3	87	1							
ward 2	43	5	99				19	3	93								
Montana	23	4	46		73	23	11		14		25	3					

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
 BUFFALO COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gayford, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
BUFFALO CO.—con.																
Naples		2	189			191		187		1	100			101		99
Nelson	75	5	200	1		231		125	92	2	202			296		110
Waumandee	55	2	46	7		110	9		55		29			84	26	
Total	982	59	1,933	20		3,904	72	1,021	637	39	1,440	9	2	2,136	40	851
Dem. plurality								72								40
Net Rep. plurality																811

BURNETT COUNTY.

BURNETT CO.—																
Anderson	12	4	84	5		105		72	1		93	3	1	98		92
Blaine	20	1	91			112		71	6	2	56	1		66		50
Daniels	14	12	92	6		124		*78	1	6	57	3	2	69		56
Dewey	12	1	57			70		45	3	1	40			44		37
Grantsburg	8	9	74	1		92		66	4	5	69	1		79		65
Grantsburg, village ..	32	6	115	3		156		83	15	9	132	7	2	165		117
Jackson	6	5	63	10		81		57	2		31	1		34		29
La Follette	21	4	55	1	1	82		34	6		36	3	1	46		30
Marshland	8	6	88	3		105		80	1	2	75	3		81		74
Meenon	13	5	99	4	2	123		85	2	1	81	4		83		79
Roosevelt	2		34	2		38		32	1		27			28		26
Rusk	9	2	37			48		28	1		19			20		18

Trade Lake	22	12	161	4	.....	199	.....	139	.....	6	12	139	.....	6	.....	133	.....	133
West Marshland	10	3	68	11	.....	92	.....	58	.....	3	3	53	.....	5	1	65	.....	50
Wood River	12	12	150	4	.....	178	.....	138	.....	7	7	132	.....	1	2	149	.....	125
Total	201	32	1,238	54	3	1,608	.....	1,067	.....	59	43	1,010	.....	33	10	1,195	.....	981
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,067	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	981

* Wood Lake.

CALUMET COUNTY.

CALUMET CO.—																		
Brillon	66	2	224	2	294	158	50	9	164	1	224	114
Brillon, village	109	5	83	3	.....	205	21	.....	60	2	87	.....	2	.....	151	.....	27
Brothertown	130	8	119	1	.....	253	11	.....	131	6	77	.....	1	.....	215	51	.....
Charlestown	144	.....	112	8	.....	264	32	.....	115	1	89	.....	18	.....	223	26	.....
Chilton	154	1	73	1	.....	229	81	.....	142	3	50	.....	5	.....	200	92	.....
Chilton, city	235	3	135	17	.....	391	101	.....	173	1	112	.....	33	.....	319	61	.....
Harrison	221	2	143	1	.....	367	78	.....	158	4	86	.....	2	.....	250	72	.....
Hilbert, village	70	.....	51	2	.....	123	19	.....	53	1	43	.....	10	.....	110	13	.....
New Holstein	90	2	115	5	.....	212	.....	25	55	2	85	.....	3	.....	145	.....	30
New Holstein, village	43	.....	116	23	.....	187	.....	78	14	1	102	.....	19	.....	133	.....	83
Rantowl	86	3	170	1	.....	260	.....	84	81	.....	101	.....	1	.....	183	.....	20
Stockbridge	165	7	113	2	.....	287	52	.....	134	4	104	.....	4	.....	246	30	.....
Stockbridge, village	43	5	29	.....	1	78	14	.....	90	1	43	.....	.....	.....	143	56	.....
Woodville	119	2	79	.....	.....	200	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,676	35	1,537	71	1	3,359	340	1,233	35	1,143	90	2,545	404	274
Republican plurality	340
Net Democratic plurality	100	125

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

CHIPPEWA CO.—																		
Anson	43	3	133	5	.....	184	.....	90	.....	22	4	85	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	63
Arthur	65	3	73	2	.....	143	.....	8	.....	26	2	36	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	10
Auburn	67	.....	188	.....	.....	235	.....	101	.....	24	1	35	.....	.....	.....	60	.....	11
Bloomer	115	5	112	2	.....	234	3	.....	69	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	119	19	.....
Bloomer, village	83	12	152	2	.....	219	.....	69	.....	48	6	95	.....	4	.....	153	.....	47

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Arlward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Arlward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA CO.—Con.																
Boyd, village	57	1	65	1	124	8		36	2	53	3		94		17	
Cadott, village	59		114	2	175	55		32	6	96	3	1	138		64	
Chippewa Falls, city.	831	49	917	18	1,813	83		633	35	714	19	2	1,463		81	
ward 1	79	11	104	1				63	8	97	4					
ward 2	136	12	110	1				111	7	90	1					
ward 3	132	3	153					78	3	98	4	1				
ward 4	44	5	73					36	2	63	2					
ward 5	107	3	91	3				69	2	78	1					
ward 6	114	4	93	6				96		67	2					
ward 7	60	5	72	1				53	4	50	1					
ward 8	66	4	82	1				55	7	70	2					
ward 9	50	1	84	1				26	1	64						
ward 10	46	1	55	4				41	1	37						
Cleveland	27	1	70	1	99	43		1	1	39	1	1	42		38	
Colburn	29	3	74	2	108	45		16	1	40	1		58		24	
Delmar	75	3	74	4	156	1		53	2	54	1		110		1	
Eagle Point	96	9	103	4	212	7		55	6	87	1		149		32	
Edson	76	6	117		199	41		73		64			141	9		
Holcombe	39	3	107	1	150	28		15	2	60	3		80		45	
Lafayette	61	7	184	9	261	123		33	3	127	3		165		94	
New Auburn, village.	31	4	53	1	89	22		11	5	45	3		64		34	
Ruby	8	1	49		49	22		1	2	23			26		22	
Sampson	33	3	61		97	25		18	7	45	3		70		27	
Sigel	53	2	140	3	198	87		26		83	3		115		60	
Stanley City	92	7	455	3	557	364		78	9	396	3		486		318	
ward 1	6	2	98	1				4	1	85						
ward 2	30	3	96					31	2	83	3					

ward 3	14	1	137	2					9	4	122						
ward 4	42	1	124						34	2	106						
Tilden	117	3	81	1		205	33		87	1	36			122	49		
Wheaton	100	8	195	18		321		95	51	1	77	1		130			26
Total	2,160	133	3,491	79		5,863	37	1,368	1,406	99	2,343	49	3	3,900	77	1,014	
Democratic plurality								37									77
Net Republican plurality								1,331									937

CLARK COUNTY.

CLARK CO.—																		
Abbotsford, village ..	54	7	104	5		170		50	17	3	85	2		107			68	
Beaver	16	2	103	7	1	129		87	8		48	4		60			40	
Colby	63	1	63	2		129			23		30			53			7	
Colby, city	75	5	56	1		137	19		48	1	37	1		87	9			
Dewhurst	11	1	24			36		13	1	3	19			23			16	
Dorchester, village ..	44	3	68	1		116		24	24		31			55			7	
Eaton	37	6	70			113		33	13	4	63	1		81			50	
Fremont	17	6	130	1		154		113	14	6	80			100			66	
Grant	67	4	155			226		88	37	2	133	1		173			96	
Green Grove	19		61			80		42	9		26	1		36			17	
Greenwood, city	40	7	103			155		63	29	3	100		2	134			71	
Hewett	1		40	1		41		39	1		35			36			34	
Hixon	40	2	59	1		102		19	7		48	2	1	58			41	
Hoard	17	3	83	6		109		66	5	1	60	2		63			55	
Levis	30		59			89		29	6	2	37			45			31	
Loyal	59	3	112			174		53	27	1	63	1		92			36	
Loyal, village	45	7	117	1		170		72	31	6	69			106			38	
Longwood	31	2	84			117		53	12	1	58	1		72			46	
Lynn	34		89			123		55	17	1	76	1		95			59	
Mayville	41	2	109	1		153		68	10	2	45			57			35	
Mead	6		14			20		8	1		13			14			12	
Mentor	52	7	101	6		166		49	21		47	7		76			26	
Neillsville, city	138	16	291	9		454		153	79	8	300	2		389			221	
ward 1	46	7	80	4					18	3	63							
ward 2	33	3	79	3					24	1	100	1						
ward 3	54	6	132	2					37	4	137	1						
Owen, village	18	3	122	2		145		101	2		95			97			93	
Pine Valley	52	4	126	6		183		74	24	3	102	1		130			78	
Resburg	48	10	61		2	121		13	14	5	39	2		60			25	

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

CLARK COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1908.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Rottoma, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
CLARK CO.—con.																
Seif	8	1	18			27		10								
Sherman	84	2	99	2		137		65	15	5	74	1		17		2
Thorp	5	1	42			48		37	1		40			94		59
Thorp, village	57	9	84	1		151		27	22	1	37			41		39
Unity	44	8	94	1		147		50	24	7	76			60		15
Unity, village	41	4	89	2		136		43	21	4	59			107		52
Warner	5	1	21			27		16	1		15			84		38
Washburn	26	5	91	4		126		65	7		64			16		14
Weston	22	2	60			84		38	10	3	53			74		57
Withee	54	3	87	4		148		33	30	1	70			68		48
Withee, village	44		73	12		129		29	6		101			101		40
Worden	31	1	51	1		84		20	7		30	3		39		24
York	41	7	108		1	157		67	18	2	43	1		52		35
Total	33	17	151	2		203		115	23	10	111			58		20
Dem. plurality	1,503	162	3,477	78	4	5,224	19	1,993	672	87	2,402	34	4	3,259	9	1,799
Net Rep. plurality								1,974								9
																1,790

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

COLUMBIA CO.—																
Arlington	69	3	91	2		165		22	39	2	74					
Caledonia	90	5	136			231		46	48	1	75		4	115		35
Cambria, village	34	9	109			152		75	23	13	99			135		37
																78

Columbus	65	3	60		128	5	34	1	37		72	3				
Columbus, city	279	21	240	9	549	39	144	14	291	7	457	147				
ward 1	92	15	98	2			48	9	108	1						
ward 2	90	2	71	3			46	2	88	3						
ward 3	97	4	71	4			50	3	95	3						
Courtland	22	6	119		147	97	14	1	66	1	82	52				
Dekora	38		123		161	85	26	3	119	2	150	93				
Fall River, village	37	3	61		101	24	15	1	61		77	46				
Ft. Winnebago	64	2	72		138	8	59		42	2	103	17				
Fountain Prairie	97	3	108	1	209	11	50	2	44		96	6				
Hampden	85		113	2	200	28	63	1	69		133	6				
Kilbourn City, village	109	5	204	4	322	95	68	3	142	2	215	74				
Leeds	61	2	126	1	190	65	18	1	90	1	110	72				
Lewiston	36	6	114	3	150	73	37	2	86	1	126	49				
Lodi	41	2	101		144	60	27	5	67		99	40				
Lodi, village	63	10	182		255	119	46	9	161		216	115				
Lowville	43	5	96	2	146	53	24	3	73		100	49				
Marcellon	56	6	100	4	166	44	23	5	40		78	7				
Newport	26	1	71	2	101	45	8	3	47	1	59	39				
Otsego	34	2	160	2	198	126	37	1	154	1	193	117				
Pacific	19	2	23	24	68	4	19	2	18	16	55	1				
Pardeeville, village	62	13	158	7	240	96	21	4	111	6	142	90				
Portage, city	559	22	643	38	1,202	84	364	21	625	26	1,036	261				
ward 1	91	2	63	6			74	1	63	4						
ward 2	91	7	123	2			58	5	115	2						
ward 3	73	7	134	5			46	5	131	5						
ward 4	159	4	162	6			97	1	152	3						
ward 5	145	2	161	19			89	9	164	12						
Poynette, village	51	8	107	2	168	56	33	8	85		127	52				
Randolph	46	1	131		178	85	19		79	1	99	60				
Randolph, vil., w. w.	11		41		52	30	6	6	51		63	45				
Rio, village	38	14	109	5	166	71	18	4	105	6	133	87				
Scott	23	3	96	2	133	63	5	3	54		63	49				
Springvale	31	9	104	1	146	73	15	4	50	2	70	35				
Westpoint	60	3	81	1	145	21	36	3	69	1	110	33				
Wyocena	43	13	144	17	217	101	22	5	116	22	165	94				
Doylestown, village	39		23		62	16										
Total	2,341	182	4,046	129	1	6,699	60	1,765	1,871	131	3,200	102	3	4,807	24	1,863
Dem. plurality								60								24
Net Rep. plurality								1,705								1,839

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
CRAWFORD COUNTY.

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Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottens, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Faton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
CRAWFORD CO.—																
Bell Center	15	6	27			48		12	8	4	31			43		23
Bridgeport	43	1	32			76	11		35		17			53	18	
Clayton	153	11	199	1		364		46	113	5	187	1		304	9	75
De Soto, village	3	1	9			13		6	3		6			9		3
Eastman	196	2	86	2		286	110		145	3	72			222		
Freeman	45	5	291	1		342		246	31	4	210	2		422	73	
Gays Mills, village	34	3	94			131		60	22	2	90			245		179
Haney	75	3	91			169		16	42	3	61			114		68
Marietta	64	4	128	3	1	200		64	41	1	84	1		107		19
Prairie du Chien	62	4	26	2		94	36		55	1	22	3		129		43
Prairie du Chien, city	353	15	246	31		645	107		305	4	208	30		547	97	
ward 1	70	2	27	17					36							
ward 2	134	11	75	4					120	2	24	10				
ward 3	117	2	113	9					113	2	99	13				
ward 4	32		31	1					31		20	5				
Scott	108	5	94		1	203	14		70	2	94			167		24
Seneca	156	1	109			266	47		125	2	89	1		216	36	
Soldiers Grove, village	54	6	114			174		60	24	1	126			151		102
Steuben, village	30	2	30	1		63			26		21			48	5	
Lynxville, village	22	2	53	1		78		31	13	1	53			67		40
Utica	70	2	236	1		359		210	38	1	260	1		300		222
Wauzeka	75	2	33			110	42		32		52	1		85		20
Wauzeka, village	44	3	66			113		22	50		27	1		78	23	
Total	1,602	73	2,014	43	2	3,739	267	777	1,177	35	1,710	42		2,964	285	818
Dem. plurality								367								235
Net Rep. plurality								412								533

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

DANE COUNTY.

DANE CO.—															
Alb. on	44	18	267	2	231	223	23	17	149	189	126				
Belleville, village	40	5	66		111	111	26	1	51	82	21				
Berry	125	2	49	1	177	76	106	2	34	142	72				
Black Earth	45	11	21		87	14	30	3	20	53	10				
Black Earth, village	43	8	70	4	125		52	3	56	114	4				
Blooming Grove	140	6	166	1	313	26	47	8	105	171	43				
Blue Mounds	89	1	149		239	60	37	1	121	170	74				
Bristol	143	3	100		246	43	54	2	41	97					
Brooklyn, village	12	1	13		26		3	2	12	13					
Burke	90	2	139	2	283	99	56	1	116	18	9				
Cambridge, village	41	3	94	2	140	53	18	2	102	174	60				
Christiana	111	4	261		376	150	43	2	135	233	84				
Cottage Grove	131	6	170	1	207	39	67	2	118	180	92				
Cross Plains	237	2	36	1	273	201	175	11	20	198	155				
Dane	70	1	78	3	152	8	51	5	51	112	3				
Dane, village	51		17		68	34	31		15	46	16				
Deerfield	76	6	144		226		35		74	110	39				
Deerfield, village	40	8	82	1	151	43	24	2	90	120	66				
De Forest, village	23	1	67		96		11		71	82	60				
Dunkirk	66	3	238	4	311	172	28	7	125	160	97				
Dunn	95	2	165	1	263	79	37	5	137	180	100				
Fair Oaks, village	89	8	87		135	2	78	4	47	130	31				
Fitchburg	134	3	84	2	223	59	100	1	51	152	49				
Madison	127	8	166	7	103	39	70	10	103	183	33				
Madison, city	3,090	151	2,901	184	2,328	183	2,152	115	2,498	4,900	346				
ward 1	185	10	272	8			135	6	248	8					
ward 2	291	25	376	19	1		219	16	380	13	2				
ward 3	253	2	174	12			184		179	19					
ward 4	348	13	211	9			275	5	211	8					
ward 5, precinct 1	315	35	337	21	1		178	36	301	9	1				
ward 5, precinct 2	251	14	231	13			137	13	185	11					
ward 6, precinct 1	312	9	240	20			217	1	206	15					
ward 6, precinct 2	293	6	253	21			133	1	193	9					
ward 7	233	9	233	25			201	11	204	14					
ward 8	403	9	213	10			327	10	161	15					
ward 9	179	14	136	22			115	10	113	9					
ward 10	82	5	135	4			31	6	117	2					
Marshall, village	50	13	49		112	1	30	19	53	1	28				
Mazomanie	63	3	45	1	112	13	44	6	31	81	13				
Mazomanie, village	109	12	100	1	222	9	92	7	83	1	9				

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

DANE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—con.																
Medina	108	3	60	.....	.....	171	48	.....	65	4	39	1	.....	109	26	.....
Middleton	135	6	64	.....	.....	205	71	.....	95	3	33	.....	.....	131	62	.....
Middleton, village	137	1	48	1	.....	187	89	.....	90	.....	50	.....	.....	140	40	.....
Montrose	125	3	66	.....	.....	194	59	.....	98	2	32	.....	.....	132	66	.....
Mt. Horeb, village	87	10	143	1	.....	241	56	.....	50	7	155	1	.....	213	.....	105
Oregon	82	6	117	1	.....	206	35	.....	55	4	71	1	.....	131	.....	16
Oregon, village	110	2	90	.....	.....	202	20	.....	71	12	83	1	.....	167	.....	12
Perry	54	9	169	.....	.....	232	115	.....	17	4	145	1	.....	167	.....	128
Primrose	37	6	110	.....	.....	153	73	.....	16	1	64	1	.....	82	.....	48
Pleasant Springs	41	5	262	3	.....	311	221	.....	15	1	139	2	.....	158	.....	124
Roxbury	149	1	21	.....	.....	171	128	.....	86	.....	10	.....	.....	96	76	.....
Rutland	37	8	231	3	.....	279	194	.....	17	4	119	1	.....	141	.....	102
Springdale	81	1	141	2	.....	225	60	.....	55	1	122	1	.....	179	.....	67
Springfield	168	.....	20	.....	.....	186	148	.....	108	.....	8	1	.....	117	100	.....
Stoughton, city	155	43	883	7	1	1,080	728	.....	99	63	573	4	.....	739	.....	474
ward 1	37	6	194	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	11	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	40	6	298	4	1	.....	.....	.....	24	8	173	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	27	19	232	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	25	146	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	51	12	159	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	10	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sun Prairie	119	.....	76	.....	.....	195	43	.....	75	1	45	1	.....	122	30	.....
Sun Prairie, village	157	13	116	1	.....	287	41	.....	123	8	121	1	.....	253	2	.....
Vermont	49	4	119	1	.....	173	70	.....	44	.....	102	.....	.....	146	.....	58
Verona	147	17	114	2	.....	280	33	.....	119	14	77	.....	.....	210	42	.....
Vienna	37	2	149	2	.....	190	112	.....	19	3	88	.....	.....	110	.....	69
Waunakee, village	95	3	46	2	.....	146	49	.....	59	3	33	1	.....	96	26	.....

Westport	184	7	95	3	.....	239	39	.....	100	1	70	.....	.....	171	30	.....
Windsor	78	7	240	1	.....	326	.....	162	59	4	104	.....	1	168	.....	45
York	114	5	77	.....	.....	196	37	.....	41	3	48	.....	.....	87	.....	2
Total	7,815	453	9,341	248	3	17860	1,442	2,968	5,120	380	6,845	172	5	12,520	803	2,591
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,442	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	868
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,526	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,733

Scattering: Madison, 1.

DODGE COUNTY.

DODGE CO.—																	
Ashippun	131	1	132	2	.....	266	.....	1	119	2	103	1	.....	225	16	.....
Beaver Dam	150	3	90	1	.....	244	60	.....	106	4	51	.....	.....	161	55	.....
Beaver Dam, city	919	42	465	3	.....	1,429	454	.....	743	25	400	3	.....	1,171	343	.....
ward 1	129	.....	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94	1	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	143	1	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137	1	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	61	18	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	12	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	146	4	61	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	1	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	140	1	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	1	8	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	118	3	38	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	4	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	85	8	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	3	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	97	7	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	2	68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnett	180	5	93	3	.....	231	37	.....	112	1	73	.....	.....	186	39	.....
Calamus	76	19	77	.....	.....	172	.....	1	45	6	33	.....	.....	84	12	.....
Chester	63	2	57	1	.....	128	11	.....	66	.....	40	.....	.....	106	26	.....
Clyman	166	1	92	.....	.....	259	74	.....	153	1	54	1	.....	209	99	.....
Elba	123	10	69	2	.....	204	54	.....	72	5	24	.....	.....	101	48	.....
Emmet	150	4	58	.....	.....	212	92	.....	99	1	39	.....	.....	139	60	.....
Fox Lake	33	2	87	1	.....	128	.....	49	24	.....	39	.....	.....	63	.....	15
Fox Lake, village	91	6	122	.....	.....	219	.....	31	75	5	105	.....	.....	185	.....	30
Herman	150	1	114	.....	.....	267	36	.....	115	1	102	.....	.....	213	13	.....
Horieon, city	283	4	123	8	.....	418	160	.....	210	4	137	2	1	354	73	.....
ward 1	110	1	33	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	1	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	74	1	32	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	71	2	36	2	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	99	2	58	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	1	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hubbard	186	.....	100	.....	.....	286	83	.....	189	3	84	.....	.....	276	105	.....
Hustisford	137	3	70	2	.....	218	61	.....	235	1	81	2	.....	319	154	.....
Hustisford, village	121	.....	40	1	.....	162	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906—Continued.

DODGE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Katon, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Sec. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—Con.																
Juneau, city	201	2	61	8		275	137		185		41			230	144	
ward 1	94	2	30	3		129	65		80		2					
ward 2	107		31	5		143	78		105		39			144	75	
Lebanon	195		47			242	148		177		53			230	147	
Leroy	140	4	105			249	35		103		38			140	59	
Lomira	118	2	172			292	54		89		52			130	1	9
Lomira, village	60		65			125	5		53		2			107	1	
Lowell	194	6	129	2		331	65		153		93	1		253	60	
Lowell, village	31	1	33			73	6		33		1			61	6	
Mayville, city	318	7	205	7		537	113		245		136	6		417	79	
ward 1	76	3	50	2		129	23		51		53	2				
ward 2	70	3	25	1		109	28		68		21					
ward 3	172	1	130	4		307	33		123		92	4				
Neosho, village	56		33			89	23		44		23			68	21	
Oak Grove	181	4	123			317	57		153		75			230	73	
Portland	135	1	64	4		209	71		81		35	1		120	49	
Randolph, village	52	9	130			191	48		21		7			93		44
Reeseville, village	63	5	31			99	32		54		1			91	17	
Rubicon	134	2	130			266	14		109		95	2		208	14	
Shields	147	1	24			172	123		113		8			113	97	
Theresa	151		30	2		245	59		113		62	2		177	51	
Theresa, village	59		92			151	29		51		25	1		77	23	
Trenton	118	4	119			241	1		70		50			120	20	
Watertown, city	376	2	113	9		500	233		296		80	19	1	402	216	
ward 5	162	1	42	3		207	48		123		24	10	1			
ward 6	214	1	71	6		290	77		173		56	9				
Waupun, city	157	20	171	2		350	14		70		20	1		283		122
ward 1	48	7	60			115			18		66					

ward 2	40	2	43	2					21		63									
ward 3	30	4	33						13	4	33	1								
ward 4	39	7	35						18	5	30									
Westford	105		35	1		141	70		81	3	13					97	68			
Williamstown	113	1	89	1		201	24		82	1	64	1			148	18				
Total	6,033	174	3,762	60		10029	2,475	204	4,734	116	2,749	47	2	7,618	2,205	220				
Republican plurality							204													
Net Democratic plurality							2,271								1,985					

DOOR COUNTY.

DOOR CO.—																					
Bailly's Harbor	42		79	2		133	37		13		63	1			82					45	
Brussels	23		159			132	136		4	3	130	1			128					116	
Clay Banks	21	1	93	2		117	72		6		61				67					55	
Egg Harbor	40	4	100	1	1	146	60		24		73	1			98					49	
Forestville	87	1	163	3	1	260	81		44	3	158	2			207					114	
Gardner	13		103	3		119	90		6	1	64				71					58	
Gibraltar	38	1	144			133	106		20	1	72	1			94					52	
Jacksonsport	18		119	1		133	101		6	1	104	2			113					98	
Liberty Grove	17	20	254	10	1	302	234		5	8	180	1			194					175	
Nasewaupee	-61	5	125	1	1	133	64		21	1	84	2	1		109					63	
Sevastopol	65	1	168	3		237	103		27	1	119	3			150					92	
Sturgeon Bay	6		95			102	89		3	2	60				65					57	
Sturgeon Bay, city	200	16	674	29	3	922	474		88	14	467				597					379	
ward 1	86	4	193	18	3				29		140	9									
ward 2	48	3	114	3					30	5	94	7									
ward 3	41	2	170	2					20		116	4									
ward 4	25	7	197	6					9	6	117										
Union	3		83	1		92	85		2		43				45					41	
Washington	14	6	112			132	98		3	2	31				36					28	
Total	648	56	2,481	56	7	3,243	1,830		277	37	1,699	41	2	2,055						1,422	
Republican plurality							1,830														1,422

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Rottman, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gayford, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosasas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DOUGLAS CO.—																
Amnicon	16	2	77	9		104		61								
Bennett	10	7	48	5		70		33								
Brule	34	6	72	12		124		38								
Gordon	43	12	143			201		100								
Hawthorne	17	12	58	7		94		41								
Hiland	9	3	30			42		21								
Maple	19		77	2		98		58								
Solon Springs	29	1	69	2		101		40								
South Range	11	2	67	3		83		53								
Summit	12	2	48			62		36								
precinct 1	10	2	31													
precinct 2	2		17													
Superior	25	1	69	4		99		44								
precinct 1	12	1	49	2					23	3	82	6	1	115		59
precinct 2	13		20	2												
Superior, city	1,360	227	2,795	566	135	3,083		1,435	828	89	1,831	308	23	3,109		1,038
ward 1	154	17	236	33	5	33			122	5	188	24	1			
ward 2	74	14	176	20	7	27			59	9	113	5	2			
ward 3, n. prect.	13	6	80	9	2	11										
ward 3, e. prect.	25	3	101	23	11	16										
ward 3, w. prect.	52	19	204	61	13	28			22	8	57	3	1			
ward 4, prect. 1.	61	3	87	25	9	18										
ward 4, prect. 2.	55	2	87	38	25	18			52	1	46	18	1			
ward 4, prect. 3.	83	13	223	62	3	3			44	2	40	14	5			
ward 5	152	26	339	52	7	4			50	4	155	31	4			
ward 6, e. prect.	107	4	162	15					143	24	238	65				
ward 6, w. prect.	136	14	141	41	7				128	6	200	27				
ward 7, prect. 1.	120	23	201	33	4				58	6	155	16	1			

ward 7, prect. 2.....	90	16	245	37	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	7	154	23	1	.....	.....
ward 8	69	30	157	16	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	15	119	13	.....	.....
ward 9	72	18	273	69	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	4	158	55	3	.....
ward 10	94	19	133	27	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	3	61	11	.....	.....
Lake Nebagamon, vil.	28	5	56	17	.....	106	.....	28	.....	*78	8	212	13	.....	311	134
Total	1,616	280	3,612	627	135	6,270	.....	1,996	.....	987	111	2,331	333	26	3,848	1,404
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,996	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,404

* Town and village.

DUNN COUNTY.

DUNN CO.—																	
Colfax	2	3	134	1	.....	140	.....	131	.....	.....	.....	62	1	.....	63	.....	61
Colfax, village	5	6	123	3	.....	137	.....	117	.....	.....	2	70	.....	.....	72	.....	63
Dunn	48	9	161	1	.....	219	.....	113	.....	14	11	60	.....	.....	85	.....	46
Eau Galle	72	6	166	6	.....	250	.....	94	.....	18	7	68	.....	.....	93	.....	50
Elk Mound	14	5	174	1	.....	194	.....	160	.....	2	2	87	.....	.....	91	.....	85
Grant	8	3	124	.....	.....	130	.....	121	.....	2	1	61	.....	.....	64	.....	59
Hay River	17	2	94	10	.....	123	.....	77	.....	9	1	53	4	.....	67	.....	44
Knapp, village	26	8	60	2	.....	91	.....	34	.....	15	3	39	4	.....	61	.....	24
Lucas	29	.....	78	6	.....	113	.....	49	.....	9	1	35	.....	.....	45	.....	26
Menominee	45	4	183	5	.....	237	.....	133	.....	12	1	73	2	.....	83	.....	61
Menominee, city	183	14	643	20	.....	860	.....	460	.....	82	11	507	17	.....	617	.....	425
ward 1	22	4	127	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	1	90	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	44	5	134	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	2	126	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	44	2	174	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	4	147	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	73	3	209	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	4	144	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Haven	21	4	85	1	.....	111	.....	64	.....	8	.....	39	3	.....	59	.....	31
Otter Creek	2	1	55	13	.....	71	.....	42	.....	2	.....	35	.....	.....	37	.....	33
Peru	10	.....	60	.....	.....	70	.....	50	.....	4	.....	42	.....	.....	46	.....	36
Red Cedar	36	.....	129	3	.....	163	.....	93	.....	15	.....	94	6	.....	115	.....	79
Rock Creek	20	1	107	.....	.....	123	.....	87	.....	3	1	82	1	.....	87	.....	79
Sand Creek	13	7	124	.....	.....	144	.....	111	.....	7	.....	70	1	.....	82	.....	63
Sheridan	7	1	100	.....	.....	103	.....	93	.....	3	4	32	.....	.....	35	.....	29
Sherman	10	1	91	3	.....	105	.....	81	.....	9	.....	56	.....	.....	65	.....	47
Spring Brook	19	20	134	.....	.....	173	.....	114	.....	6	5	64	.....	.....	75	.....	58
Stanton	28	2	89	1	.....	117	.....	53	.....	6	1	50	2	.....	59	.....	44
Tainter	6	1	84	4	.....	95	.....	78	.....	6	1	39	3	.....	49	.....	33

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

DUNN COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Ayward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottera, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Ayward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Kosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DUNN CO.—Con.																
Tiffany	56	9	122	13	.....	200	.....	66	9	.....	79	12	.....	100	.....	67
Weston	18	1	149	9	.....	177	.....	131	7	.....	33	.....	.....	42	.....	26
Wilson	23	6	103	3	.....	135	.....	80	10	.....	44	.....	.....	57	.....	34
Total	713	109	3,339	105	.....	4,206	.....	2,642	253	.....	1,874	56	.....	2,245	.....	1,608
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,656	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,616

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

EAU CLAIRE CO.—																
Altoona, city	48	2	101	.....	.....	153	.....	53	.....	.....	75	.....	.....	95	.....	58
ward 1	19	1	34	1	1	.....	.....	.....	8	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	29	1	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Augusta, city	99	11	162	.....	.....	272	.....	63	.....	37	4	121	.....	165	.....	84
Bridge Creek	91	6	99	.....	.....	196	.....	8	.....	44	3	40	.....	99	.....	5
Brunswick	46	2	90	.....	2	149	.....	53	.....	30	1	50	.....	83	.....	20
Clear Creek	41	4	75	.....	1	121	.....	34	.....	22	3	57	.....	82	.....	35
Drammen	6	2	156	.....	.....	164	.....	150	.....	4	.....	87	.....	92	.....	53
EAU Claire, city	1,010	129	2,289	.....	134	2	3,564	1,279	.....	675	89	1,878	.....	2,747	.....	1,203
ward 1	113	8	148	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	87	.....	3	113	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	126	8	224	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	.....	3	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	90	19	320	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	65	.....	19	273	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	40	4	118	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	3	93	.....	.....	.....	.....

ward 5	89	16	201	12					57	15	145	2						
ward 6	114	18	252	7					60	8	194	9						
ward 7	98	20	264	9	2				57	16	232	4						
ward 8	128	8	285	21					93	5	253	13	2					
ward 9	87	20	271	9					59	10	195	8	1					
ward 10	125	8	206	29					83	5	180	22						
Fairchild	24	2	60	1		87	33		15		26			41			11	
Fairchild, village	39	2	83			124	44		19	4	59	1		83			30	
Fall Creek, village	69	1	47			117	22		38	1	39	1		79			1	
Lincoln	112	3	55	4		174	57		29	1	23			53	1			
Ludington	35	1	127	8		171		92	16	2	89	4		102			64	
Otter Creek	23	4	88	1		116		65	6		30			36			24	
Pleasant Valley	26	13	153			192	127		22	1	83			106			61	
Seymour	34	4	54			92		20	19	2	44	2		69			25	
Union	56	5	103	3		167		47	38	3	49	1		91			11	
Washington	83	3	152	2		240		69	35	1	82	3		121			47	
Total	1,842	194	3,903	157	2	6,093	79	2,140	1,066	116	2,837	124	4	4,179	1		1,772	
Democratic plurality								79										1
Net Rep. plurality								2,061	1,066	116	2,837	124	4	4,149	1			1,773

FLORENCE COUNTY.

FLORENCE CO.—																		
Commonwealth		24		111		135	87		10		82				92			72
precinct 1	15		79								63							
precinct 2	9		32						4		19							
Florence		57	4	303	1	365	246			87	3	219	2		261			182
Homestead		24	9	127	2	163	103			8		34			42			26
Total		105	13	541	4	663	436			55	3	335	2		395			280
Republican plurality							433											280

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906—Continued.
FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1906.									
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfred R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Koskas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.	
FOND DU LAC CO.—																	
Alto	45	5	182	1	233	137	28	3	83	124	65
Ashford	169	3	103	.....	280	.....	61	.....	125	.....	60	.....	185	.....	67	.....
Auburn	80	4	140	.....	226	.....	.....	.....	51	7	83	.....	143	.....	.....	.....
Brandon, village	59	14	91	.....	165	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	135	.....	.....	.....
Byron	99	10	131	.....	242	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	74	.....	143	.....	.....	.....
Calumet	193	.....	41	.....	234	.....	152	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	195	.....	112	.....
Cambellsport, village	74	6	81	.....	161	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	138	.....	.....	.....
Elden	149	5	174	.....	330	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	195	.....	.....	.....
Eldorado	126	3	165	.....	294	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	1	.....	138	.....	.....	.....
Empire	70	1	138	.....	219	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	96	.....	179	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	100	5	119	.....	224	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	58	.....	123	.....	6	.....
Fond du Lac, city	2,027	69	1,899	.....	4,123	.....	128	.....	62	.....	87	.....	154	.....	.....	.....
ward 1	106	4	54	.....	7	.....	1	.....	1,632	.....	65	.....	1,495	.....	101	.....
ward 2	147	4	114	.....	7	.....	1	.....	64	.....	3	.....	80	.....	5	.....
ward 3	106	2	116	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	128	.....	6	.....	9	.....	10	.....
ward 4	129	4	174	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94	.....	.....	.....	83	.....	11	.....
ward 5	103	5	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	121	.....	5	.....
ward 6	122	10	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	63	.....	4	.....
ward 7	129	4	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	85	.....	10	.....
ward 8	140	2	127	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	140	.....	5	.....
ward 9	109	2	140	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	109	.....	.....	.....	110	.....	3	.....
ward 10	115	8	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	4	.....
ward 11	99	8	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	97	.....	4	.....
ward 12	164	2	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	3	.....
ward 13	127	7	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	103	.....	11	.....
ward 14	103	5	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	124	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	153	2	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	.....	.....	.....	87	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	165	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....
				.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152	.....	.....	.....	67	.....	.....	.....

Forest	127	2	104	2	235	23	91	3	56	150	85	13				
Friendship	83	4	121	1	209	38	62	2	75	139	13	34				
Lamartine	75	1	166	1	242	91	48	3	82	133	218	37				
Marshfield	342	3	30	1	376	312	272	1	54	327	147	54				
Metomen	83	15	146	2	251	58	49	12	86	147	300	54				
N. Fond du Lac, vil.	173	11	217	12	418	39	116	6	170	72	103	40				
Oakfield	43	2	133	1	183	85	32	4	72	132	135	96				
Oakfield, village	40	4	111	1	155	71	23	3	109	82	139	30				
Osceola	106	1	158	1	265	52	52	5	82	81	120	49				
Ripon	43	6	166	1	216	123	32	7	81	2	665	258				
Ripon, city	322	34	489	10	855	167	204	20	437	1	1	1				
ward 1	67	5	96	2			37	7	88	1	1					
ward 2	69	15	155				49	5	113	1						
ward 3	102	3	97	3			57	2	100	1						
ward 4	34	11	141	5			61	6	136							
Rosendale	65	13	169	5	252	104	28	5	103		186	75				
Springvale	83	3	144		235	56	54	3	75		132	21				
Taycheedah	202		59	1	262	143	162	1	40	1	205	122				
Waupun	68	7	130	3	203	62	28	4	59		91	31				
Waupun, city	165	9	97	1	272	68	66	15	96	2	179	80				
ward 5	80	2	22	1			27	4	32	2						
ward 6	85	7	75				39	11	64							
Total	5,231	239	5,670	173	3	11,325	837	1,335	3,779	205	4,073	124	5	8,186	695	989
Democratic plurality								837								695
Net Rep. plurality								443								294

Scattering: Fond du Lac, 1.

FOREST COUNTY.

FOREST CO.—																	
Caswell	9		27	3	39	18				25				25		25	
Crandon	120	34	409	10	574	289				213				291		159	
precinct 1	92		356	9			33	54	10	11	197	11	11	2	2		
precinct 2	28		53	1			16		1		16						
Hiles	8		57	2	67	49			4	2	28					24	
Laona	45		251	8	304	203			24	3	239	9	1	1	276	215	
precinct 1	39		226	7							202	8	1	1			
precinct 2	6		25	1			15		3		37	1				41	

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906—Continued.
 FOREST COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1904.								
	John A. Aylward, L. C. M.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottenga, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
FOREST CO.—Con.																
North Crandon	37	3	65	2	.....	107	.....	28	7	3	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wabena	64	1	221	17	.....	333	.....	157	24	7	331	.....	.....	58	.....	.....
precinct 1	51	.....	155	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	2	191	.....	.....	.....	.....	307
precinct 2	10	1	37	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	3	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 4 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	283	38	1,030	42	1	1,334	.....	747	4	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	747	113	26	831	.....	6	1,055	.....	771

GRANT COUNTY.

GRANT CO.—																
Beetown	89	11	107	5	.....	212	.....	18	44	9	106	.....	.....	164	.....	62
Bloomington	62	4	51	9	.....	129	8	.....	33	8	45	.....	.....	80	.....	9
Bloomington, village	51	12	83	8	.....	151	.....	32	40	18	85	.....	.....	146	.....	45
Boscobel	15	1	13	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boscobel, city	185	11	171	9	.....	376	14	.....	107	13	252	.....	.....	373	.....	145
ward 1	54	1	41	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	43	2	45	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	38	2	42	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	40	2	43	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cassville	75	2	41	.....	.....	113	34	.....	51	1	44	.....	.....	93	.....	7
Cassville, village	127	2	93	1	.....	224	20	.....	83	1	85	.....	.....	172	.....	7
Castle Rock	106	1	38	.....	.....	145	68	.....	44	.....	25	.....	.....	69	10	.....

Clifton	62	18	162	5	247	100	30	15	128	173	98
Cuba City, village	101	2	147	3	253	46	67	4	105	177	83
Ellenboro	27		131		158	104	16	1	92	110	76
Fennimore	51	5	110		166	59	26	3	123	155	100
Fennimore, village	84	10	152	8	254	68	54	10	165	230	111
Glenn Haven	77	5	106		188	29	41	3	92	137	51
Harrison	51	2	131	1	183	77	32		78	110	46
Hazel Green	113	9	77		199	33	48	1	58	107	10
Hazel Green, village	51	6	108		167	55	26	6	87	119	61
Hickory Grove	49	1	82		132	33	28	4	61	94	33
Jamestown	152	1	33		191	114	73	1	31	105	42
Lancaster, city	176	25	376	1	578	200	143	11	377	533	234
ward 1	38	6	87				26	6	95		
ward 2	45	2	78				31	1	83		
ward 3	47	9	103	1			46	3	95		
ward 4	46	8	103				37	1	104		
Liberty	77	3	76		153	1	49	2	78	130	29
Lima	73	9	133	2	217	60	52	8	84	144	32
Little Grant	28	2	79	1	110	51	8	1	44	53	36
Marion	69	6	23		103	41	34	3	29	68	5
Millville	9	12	44		65	32	2	12	43	57	41
Montfort, village	47	10	80	17	154	33	30	9	85	138	55
Mt. Hope	76	16	84	2	178	8	29	10	90	129	61
Mt. Ida	66	8	92	1	167	23	32	2	89	123	57
Muscoda	41		37		78	4	21	2	31	55	10
Muscoda, village	118	5	48	1	172	70	68		59	129	9
North Lancaster	55	7	67		129	12	33	3	75	111	42
Paris	95	2	61		153	34	41		46	87	5
Pateh Grove	67	10	76		153	9	34	9	76	119	42
Platteville	66	8	103		180	40	54	5	74	133	20
Platteville, city	338	36	763	6	1,173	395	266	23	630	921	334
ward 1	119	15	214				83	9	165		
ward 2	106	10	220	1			63	9	175		
ward 3	71	8	185	1			44	3	154		
ward 4	72	3	144	4			70	3	136		
Potosi	185	4	110		299	75	83	5	110	198	27
Potosi, village	85	2	41		123	44	50	2	37	93	13
Smelser	72	1	129		202	57	47	2	57	106	10
South Lancaster	53	13	103		174	55	26	2	109	137	83
Waterloo	51	2	115		168	64	22	2	71	94	49
Watertown	67	4	100	5	176	33	32	2	71	109	59
Wingville	51	2	98	3	154	47	25	1	86	112	61

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

GRANT COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Asylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Asylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Edson, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Roskus, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—Con.																
Woodman	67	1	31	.....	.....	102	33	.....	38	1	31	.....	.....	70	7	.....
Wyalusing	73	15	151	.....	.....	239	.....	13	32	8	102	.....	.....	142	.....	70
Total	3,663	303	4,883	83	.....	8,943	697	1,821	2,100	222	4,219	40	3	6,616	103	2,252
Democratic plurality ..								637								103
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,217								2,140

Scattering: Beetown 1, Montfort village 1.

GREEN COUNTY.

GREEN CO.—																
Adams	87	.....	82	.....	.....	169	5	.....	42	.....	31	.....	.....	73	11	.....
Albany	38	12	82	1	.....	133	44	.....	18	11	49	1	.....	79	.....	31
Albany, village	43	24	101	6	.....	174	58	.....	35	22	83	5	.....	145	.....	48
Brooklyn	56	7	99	.....	.....	162	43	.....	17	6	64	.....	.....	87	.....	47
Brooklyn, village	23	4	43	2	.....	77	15	.....	21	3	40	2	.....	66	.....	19
Brodhead, city	125	17	214	60	.....	416	89	.....	50	19	217	47	.....	333	.....	167
ward 1	63	12	83	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	13	93	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	62	5	131	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	6	124	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
Browtown	28	8	42	.....	.....	78	14	.....	15	4	48	.....	.....	67	.....	33
Cadiz	121	14	115	1	.....	251	6	.....	50	4	78	.....	.....	132	.....	28
Clarno	89	5	117	.....	.....	211	28	.....	53	.....	47	.....	.....	100	6	.....
Decatur	32	9	71	4	.....	116	39	.....	14	3	50	2	.....	69	.....	36

Exeter	65	7	87	2	161	22	53	8	61	1	123	9						
Jefferson	96	20	125	1	242	29	21	14	84	1	119	63						
Jordan	82	6	82		170		51		42		98							
Monroe	94	1	60		155	34	62		50	1	113	13						
Monroe, city	481	60	488	14	1,043	7	306	30	491	21	849	185						
ward 1	97	24	138	3			62	6	142	4								
ward 2	132	9	92	3			82	4	89	7								
ward 3	122	10	112	5			81	12	118	3								
ward 4	130	17	131	3			81	8	142	7								
Mt. Pleasant	58	4	53	6	126		47	2	45	3	97	2						
Monticello	86	3	66	5	169	20	44		84	9	137	40						
New Glarus	54		4		58	50	30	1	35	2	63	5						
New Glarus, village	74		78	4	156		56	1	67	10	134	11						
Spring Grove	46	11	111	5	173		21	5	45	7	79	24						
Sylvester	36	6	99	1	142		25	1	59		85	24						
Washington	74	1	37	1	113	37	68		33		101	35						
York	22	1	168	2	193		13	1	102	2	118	8						
Total	1,915	220	2,429	115	4,679	152	6.6		1,112	135	1,905	113	1	3,267	75	863	75	
Democratic plurality							152											
Net Rep. plurality							511											798

GREEN LAKE COUNTY:

GREEN LAKE CO.—																		
Berlin	47	3	129		179	82	40	2	96		138	56						
Berlin, city	502	17	587	21	1,127	85	469	14	456	15	954	13						
ward 1	89	5	96	2			94	1	81	3								
ward 2	128	2	133	12			123	3	114	7								
ward 3	85	7	142	3			91	7	114	7								
ward 4	89	2	81	2			82	1	57	2								
ward 5	111	1	135	2			79	2	90	2								
Brooklyn	64	10	164	1	239	100	38	8	147	2	195	109						
Green Lake	94	3	132	1	230	88	60	4	90	2	156	80						
Green Lake, village	22	2	115	2	141	93	*12	3	137		152	125						
Kingston	102	6	89		197	13	79	6	109		194	30						
Mackford	72	8	118		198	46	53	10	61		124	8						
Manchester	114	3	98		215	16	93	1	69	1	164	24						
Marquesan, village	85	3	149		237	64	74	3	116	1	195	42						
Marquette	85	1	88		174	3	89		77	4	120	38						

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Ayward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Ayward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaa, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE Co.—con																
Princeton	106	1	104	.....	.....	211	2	.....	81	5	85	1	.....	172	.....	4
Princeton, village	192	4	143	..... 3	.....	347	44	.....	144	4	164	5	.....	317	.....	20
Seneca	66	.....	50	.....	.....	116	16	.....	68	3	38	.....	.....	109	30	.....
St. Marie	86	2	47	..... 1	.....	136	30	.....	52	2	71	.....	.....	125	.....	19
Total	1,637	63	2,018	20	.....	3,717	180	511	1,302	65	1,716	31	1	3,115	67	481
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	183	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	331	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	414

* Dartford, village.

IOWA COUNTY.

IOWA CO.																
Arena	104	26	153	..... 2	.....	255	.....	49	76	18	113	.....	.....	207	.....	37
Barneveld, village	19	8	52	..... 1	.....	83	.....	33	12	5	47	..... 1	.....	63	.....	35
Brigham	65	.....	167	.....	.....	232	.....	102	37	.....	178	..... 1	.....	221	.....	141
Clyde	83	6	67	.....	.....	156	16	.....	52	2	48	.....	.....	102	4	.....
Cobb, village	35	1	24	.....	.....	60	11	.....	28	5	24	.....	.....	50	.....	1
Dodgeville	117	15	228	.....	.....	360	.....	111	79	6	216	..... 1	.....	302	.....	187
Dodgeville, city	191	44	256	..... 3	.....	494	.....	65	116	28	374	..... 1	.....	514	.....	288
Eden	57	3	61	..... 1	.....	122	.....	4	25	3	52	..... 1	.....	81	.....	27
Highland	176	1	119	.....	.....	293	57	.....	124	3	92	.....	.....	219	22	.....
Highland, village	177	3	92	.....	.....	272	85	.....	148	1	79	.....	.....	228	60	.....
Linden	84	22	174	.....	.....	280	.....	90	56	7	128	.....	.....	191	.....	73

Linden, village	26	18	157		155	132	24	12	142			178	118
Mullin	50	26	230	1	217	170	34	9	152			195	118
Mineral Point	88	6	134		228	43	64	4	93			161	29
Mineral Point, city	283	24	376	2	695	83	238	17	307			533	69
ward 1	79	11	109				61	6	85	1	4		
ward 2	93	7	124	2			72	5	108	2			
ward 3	53	1	77				44	4	59				
ward 4	68	5	75				61	2	55	1			
Moscow	81	7	201		289	120	43	5	168	1	1	217	125
Pulaski	136	7	119	2	264	17	90	4	103			197	13
Rewey, village	18	8	48		74	30	15	1	46			62	31
Ridgeway	92	9	69	2	172	23	82	8	71	2		100	11
Ridgeway, village	67	1	49	1	118	18	51	3	45	1		100	6
Waldwick	72	4	96		173	23	57	2	89			148	32
Wyoming	45	9	71	1	126	26	26	6	68			100	42
Total	2,076	243	2,933	16	5,263	227	1,084	1,472	145	2,635	13	4,265	122
Dem. plurality							227						122
Net Rep. plurality							857						1,163

IRON COUNTY.

IRON CO.—													
Anderson	14		47		61	33	24	3	63			90	39
precinct 1	12		30										
precinct 2	2		17										
Emerson	1	7	8		16	1							
Knight	19	21	173	16	229	151	24	7	120	36		137	34
Montreal	24	3	234	9	270	210	24	3	215		3	245	191
Saxon	52	1	103	5	166	51	17	3	153	3		176	136
Vaughn	182	13	548	12	756	366	132	10	474	11		627	342
precinct 1	113	7	280	7			78	6	240				
precinct 2	53	2	222	3			42	3	175	9			
precinct 3	16	4	46	2			8	1	41	2			
Total	292	45	1,118	42	1,493	818	221	26	1,025	50	3	1,325	792
Net Rep. plurality						816							792

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

JACKSON COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Sec. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
JACKSON CO.—																
Albion	24	2	246	6		278		222	20	2	198	2		222		178
Alma	26	5	129	5	1	166		103	11		56	2		69		45
Alma Center	28		73	1		102		45	13		57			70		44
Bear Bluff	10		19			29		9	4		8			12		4
Black River Falls, city	86	9	312	1		408		225	67	10	312	1		390		245
ward 1	23	5	78						17	3	82					
ward 2	11	1	71						5	3	67					
ward 3	20	2	61						17	2	64	1				
ward 4	32	1	102	1					28	2	99					
Brockway																
precinct 1	28	2	81	4		115		53	22	1	68	3		91		46
precinct 2	7	2	51						14	1	48	1				
City Point	21		33	4					8		20	2				
Cleveland	12	2	35	5		54		23	9	1	31			41		22
Curran	63	2	40	2		107	23		30		29			59	1	
Franklin	6		137			143		131	3	1	62	1		67		59
Garden Valley	3		116			119		113	2	3	88	2		95		86
Garfield	24	1	96	2		123		72	16		48			64		32
Hixton	4	8	106	4		122		98	2	2	54			58		52
Irving	28	9	134	1		176		110	19	8	86	1		114		67
Knapp	47	1	137	1		136		90	37	1	102			140		65
Manchester	19	1	35	1		53		16	10		16	1		27		6
Melrose	9	4	94			107		85	2	1	67			70		65
Merrillan	18	5	157			180		139	21	7	209			237		183
Millston	30	1	111	2		144		81	11		72			83		61
	14	1	45			60		31	12	3	34			49		22

North Bend	21		105			123		84					130		124	
Northfield	4	3	229			236		225		3		127		159	138	
Springfield	16	2	216	1		237		200		9	3					
Total	520	58	2,600	36	1	3,275	23	2,159		323	43	1,871	13	2,250	1	1,549
Dem. plurality								23								1
Net Rep. plurality								2,140								1,548

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

JEFFERSON CO.—						215	65		101	2		73			176	28	
Aztalan	138	3	73	1		113	16		21	1		22			44	57	1
Cold Spring	46	4	62	1		268	92		113			56	11		180	148	
Concord	178	3	86	1		322	181		194	3		46	10		243	148	
Farmington	250	3	69			937	64		324	31		424			780		100
Ft. Atkinson, city	480	35	416	6													
ward 1	90	15	125	3					62	8		112					
ward 2	97	6	119	1					60	11		120					
ward 3	122	6	64						88	7		72					
ward 4	171	8	108	2					114	5		120					8
Hebron	89	3	110			302	21		55	2		63			121	22	
Ixonia	169	6	104	1		230	65		109	4		87			201	65	
Jefferson	263	2	95	1		366	173		244	1		79			324	165	
precinct 1	182	2	58	1					148			46					
precinct 2	86		37						96	8		33			95	202	
Jefferson, city	508	4	150	2		673	349					202	11				
ward 1	119	1	59						92	3		57	3				
ward 2	118	2	47	1					98	4		57	2				
ward 3	141	1	20	1					109			56	3				
ward 4	130		23						105	1		30	3				
Johnson Creek, village	83	1	43			137	46		66			50			116	16	
Koshkonong	175	9	147	1		332	28		127	4		114			245	13	39
Lake Mills	101	3	123	2		239			45	4		84	1		324		165
Lake Mills, city	113	18	226	1		358	13		65	14		230	15				
ward 1	38	6	61						17	5		75	6				
ward 2	33	5	72	1					21	4		63	5				
ward 3	42	7	93						27	5		89	4				
Milford	102	11	90						74	10		71			155	3	3
Oakland	118	4	143	2		267	55		70	1		73			144		3
Palmyra, village	58	7	114	4		183	56		33	4		117			154		84

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
JEFFERSON COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Rottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Cle T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
JEFFERSON CO.—Con.																
Sullivan	136	11	190			357		54	89	4	152	1		246		63
Summer	60	3	53			121	2		33		44			77		11
Waterloo	119	4	48			171	71		74	2	24			101	59	
Waterloo, village	201	14	89	9		313	111		156	11	90	9		266	66	
Watertown	207	5	97			309	110		155	1	59	1		216	96	
Watertown, city	944	13	405	27		1,389	509		648	10	306	21	1	1,076	252	49
ward 1	302	4	171	11		488			196		171	4				
ward 2	239	2	88	11		340			172	2	81	11				
ward 3	153		66	1		220			101	2	54	1				
ward 4	94	2	45	3		144			70	2	46	3	1			
ward 5	156	5	35	1		200			109	4	44	2				
Palmyra	37	10	111	3		161		74	17	3	66			83		
Total	4,580	176	3,058	61	1	7,876	1,903	681	3,217	120	2,622	82	2	6,043	1,118	523
Rep. plurality							681								523	
Net Dem. plurality							1,222								595	

JUNEAU COUNTY.

JUNEAU CO.—																
Armenia	31	7	129	6		173		93	14	4	114	2		134		100
Camp Douglas, village	46	3	74			123		28	16	3	71			90		55
Clearfield	21	2	52			75		11	18	3	46	7		74		28
Cutler	19	1	48	2		70		29	12		34			46		22

Elroy, city	161	9	197	9	376	36	108	3	225	8	341	117
ward 1	79		87	5			45		117	5		
ward 2	82	4	110	4			63	2	108	3		
Finley	17		14		31	3	9		15		24	6
Fountain	58		131	2	191	73	27	3	103	1	135	76
Germanatown	45	6	50		101	5	32	3	58	1	91	15
Kildare	60		61		121	1	40		55		95	15
Kingsston	20		31		51	11	12		42	1	55	30
Lemonweir	82	5	157		244	75	64	2	147	1	214	83
Lindina	86	9	148		243	62	68	2	136		206	68
Lisbon	24		107	1	133	83	16	2	81	2	101	65
Lyndon	64	1	35	1	101	39	31		24		55	7
Lyndon Sta., village	43	1	33		77	10	36		41		72	10
Marion	43	1	21	1	63	22	31	1	30		67	6
Mauston, city	172	14	225	1	412	53	136	7	252	1	398	116
ward 1	60	6	91	1			60		98	1		
ward 2	112	8	134				76	4	154	2		
Necedah	120		200	1	330	83	67	3	243	1	319	181
New Lisbon, city	45	4	179		223	134	33	4	173		215	135
ward 1	31		89				23		89			
ward 2	14	4	90				15	4	84			
Orange	35	3	77		115	42	21		70	2	93	49
Plymouth	58	1	125	1	185	67	51	3	108		162	57
Seven Mile Creek	94	1	47		142	47	67		34	1	102	33
Summit	75		93		168	18	57	2	72		131	15
Wonewoc	99	3	163	1	271	67	83	4	116		200	36
Wonewoc, village	107	2	83		198	13	43	2	111		162	62
Total	1,625	73	2,493	33	3,235	139	1,000		2,406	23	3,583	46
Dem. plurality							129					46
Net Rep. plurality							873					1,306

Scattering, Fountain, 1.

KENOSHA COUNTY.

KENOSHA CO.—												
Brighton	120	4	81		205	39	105	3	45		153	60
Bristol	54	9	212	2	307	183	36	13	157	2	208	121

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

KENOSHA COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brevitt, Soc. Dem.	Eugene Scottman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfred R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
KENOSHA CO.—Con.																
Kenosha city	1,282	183	1,533	541		3,839		611	1,022	136	1,058	235	9	2,400		36
ward 1	140	12	160	41					151	12	87	43				
ward 2	95	11	192	35					75	23	151	18				
ward 3, prect. 1	144	16	228	50					173	40	283	54				
ward 3, prect. 2	111	32	239	97								2				
ward 4	200	35	371	102					138	20	207	38				
ward 5	145	32	377	103					124	19	157	41				
ward 6	85	9	114	29					72	3	74	12				
ward 7	150	15	91	30					143	6	88	12				
ward 8	212	21	121	49					146	13	58	14				
Paris	81	3	88	2		177		4	68	2	61					
Pleasant Prairie	109	12	303	67		491		191	77	7	181			131	7	
precinct 1	78	8	189	4					57	6		34		302		107
precinct 2	31	4	114	63					20	1	102	1				
Randall	40	2	143			185		103	32	4	82	33				
Salem	143	11	273	10		440		137	121	9	204	1		125		54
Somers	92	6	283	8		339		141	63	11	219	7		341		83
Wheatland	102		93			195	9		110	2	75	5		293		156
Total	2,029	230	3,349	630		6,238	48	1,368	1,635	187	2,000	231	10	4,206	102	557
Democratic plurality								48								102
Net Republican plurality								1,320								455

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

KEWAUNEE CO.—																				
Algoma, city	180	6	209	11	406	29	158	3	209	5	375	48	51							
Ahnapee	120	1	90	.....	211	30	108	5	60	.....	173	48	90					
Carlton	129	3	145	2	279	16	60	2	150	5	218	.....	.....					
Casco	156	1	69	2	228	87	147	2	65	5	219	81	.....						
Franklin	235	1	77	4	317	158	126	.....	99	1	223	.....	.....					
Kewaunee, city	198	1	176	15	300	22	159	3	128	30	320	31	.....						
Lincoln	108	.....	106	1	215	2	62	2	72	1	137	.....	10					
Luxemburg	100	5	145	3	253	.....	83	4	125	2	217	.....	39					
Luxemburg, village	30	2	55	.....	87	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	76
Montpelier	152	.....	161	.....	313	9	82	1	158	.....	242	.....	.....					
Pierce	166	2	39	2	149	67	72	2	45	12	131	27	.....						
Red River	11	2	206	6	225	.....	15	1	90	3	100	.....	75					
West Kewaunee	180	3	125	2	319	64	119	4	161	5	200	.....	42						
Total	1,714	27	1,603	48	3,392	430	1,194	29	1,362	60	2,657	215	383							
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	319	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	215
Net Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	168

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

LA CROSSE CO.—																					
Bangor	64	3	78	.....	145	14	35	2	71	.....	108	.....	26					
Bangor, village	91	5	116	.....	212	25	62	5	111	1	179	.....	49						
Barre	74	.....	30	.....	104	44	64	.....	33	1	98	31	.....							
Barrs	84	18	123	6	234	.....	33	10	85	1	135	.....	52						
Campbell	55	3	82	.....	140	27	42	3	54	.....	99	.....	12					
Farmington	123	8	155	.....	349	80	72	4	153	.....	229	.....	81					
Greenfield	66	.....	74	2	142	8	42	3	57	.....	102	.....	15					
Hamilton	62	3	198	.....	263	136	25	9	168	1	203	.....	143						
Holland	17	14	203	1	238	180	8	13	181	1	203	.....	173							
La Crosse, city	2,930	111	2,742	86	3,572	188	1,959	94	2,837	117	3,010	.....	878							
ward 1	218	6	117	3	.....	.....	136	6	165	3	.....	.....	.....					
ward 2	142	3	138	3	.....	.....	98	4	134	5	.....	.....	.....					
ward 3	220	5	109	8	.....	.....	164	1	120	9	.....	.....	.....					
ward 4	120	6	189	1	.....	.....	108	5	184	4	.....	.....	.....					
ward 5	98	3	121	5	.....	.....	79	4	103	5	.....	.....	.....					
ward 6	110	4	166	4	.....	.....	83	7	171	4	.....	.....	.....					

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

LA CROSSE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.—Con.																
ward 7	124	4	167						75	6	183	7				
ward 8	312	11	133						178	13	151	19				
ward 9	82	12	195	11					37	10	173					
ward 10	96	9	166	2					49	7	142	2				
ward 11	155	1	134	4					90	5	132	9				
ward 12	123	5	78	3					40	4	109	2				
ward 13	123	1	128	3	1				90	1	129	5	1			
ward 14	114	8	197	3	1				72	1	194	4				
ward 15	149		85	16					112	1	81	10	2			
ward 16	47	3	129	3					32	3	123	3				
ward 17	183	5	141	4					121	1	157	7				
ward 18	268	13	94	4					179	7	135	8				
ward 19	71	5	119	5					53	3	108	4				
ward 20	59	4	104						30	4	95	2				
ward 21	100	1	29	1	1				67	1	39	5				
Cnalska		29														
Onalaska, city		82				200	123								194	
ward 1	32		155	3		234	62		32	14	123	1		137		111
ward 2	37	1	49	1					5		37			135		
ward 3	4	4	62						18	7	63					
ward 8	23	1	40	1					9	2	43	1				
Selby																
Washington	96		56	1		155	40		64	2	53	3		125	8	
West Salem, village	99		61			160	38		69	1	60			130	9	
	95	11	116	2		224		21	53	21	122	2		198		69
Total	3 970	177	4,399	193	3	8,672	310	739	2,531	193	4,250	120	3	7,171	48	1,728
Democratic plurality								310								48
Net Rep. plurality								429								1,678

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

LAFAYETTE CO.—																		
Argyle	64	6	118	1	1	190	54	46	1	92			139	45				
Argyle, village	52		91	2		145	39	35	2	96			133	61				
Belmont	84	1	70			155	14	72		55			127	17				
Belmont, village	62	3	80	2		147	18	47	7	81	1		133	34				
Benton	82	7	139	2		230	57	40		84			124	44				
Benton, village	72	7	122	2		238	50	54	3	81	1		139	27				
Blanchard	28		68	1		97	49	23	2	74	1		103	48				
Blanchardville, village	54	7	178			170	51	25	4	123	1	1	159	103				
Darlington	122	5	140			267	18	113	2	108	2		225	5				
Darlington, city	220	9	237	2		477	8	183	5	212	7		407	29				
ward 1	127	5	135	2				94	3	122	5							
ward 2	134	4	102					89	2	99	2							
Elk Grove	60	6	108	2		173	48	45	4	54			103	9				
Fayette	79	7	113			170	31	71	2	95			138	24				
Gratiot	140	4	147	2		283	17	87	2	101			199	14				
Gratiot, village	50	2	39	1		92	11	37	1	43	4		83	8				
Kendall	115	1	38	1		155	77	35		26			113	61				
Lamoit	44	5	83			132	39	34	8	75			117	41				
Monticello	21		38			59	17	17	1	37			55	20				
New Diggings	83		181	2		273	101	24		73	1		108	39				
Seymour	123	1	79			203	44	35		53			132	16				
Shullsburg, city	160	1	146	2		312	14	74	3	144			292	1				
ward 1	52	1	84					45	2	71								
ward 2	108	3	62	2				100	1	73								
Shullburg	93		100			193	7	80	1	84			135	4				
Wayne	50	9	173			232	123	31	3	142			176	111				
White Oak Springs	17		64			81	47	5		52			57	47				
Willow Springs	131	12	81			224	50	84	7	49			140	25				
Wiota	74	3	278			355	201	53	5	194			252	141				
Total	2,079	99	2,341	22	1	5,015	219	975	68	2,238	18	1	3,843	135				
Democratic plurality								219						135				
Net Rep. plurality								765						715				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906—Continued.
 LANGLADE COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfred R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rostgas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
LANGLADE CO.—																
Ackley	66		74	1		141		8	55	1	50	1		107	5	
Ainsworth	8		17	1		26		9	6		14			20		3
Antigo	81		105	6		194		24	77		82	1		160		5
Antigo, city	506	35	746	11		1,388		150	507	23	604	17	1	1,155		97
ward 1	57	4	126	2					44	3	94	2	1			
ward 2	60		133						64	3	124					
ward 3	138	4	63	4					81	3	61	7				
ward 4	145	3	111	3					142	5	87	3				
ward 5	87	9	108						137	5	85	2				
ward 6	109	11	202						100	7	153	3				
Elcho	19		79	1		99		60	14	1	71		1	85		57
Elton	27	1	54			82		27	17		20	1		37		3
Evergreen	70	1	60			131	10		54	4	43			101	11	
Langlade	22	1	43			166		21	11		21	1		33		11
Neva	103	2	67			172	33		108	1	64			173	44	
Norwood	62	3	129			194		67	74	3	79	2		153		5
Peck	21	1	52			74		31	29		48			77		19
Polar	75	16	102			193		27	64	3	69			136		5
Price	46	3	63			112		17	45	1	44	1		91	1	
Rolling	99	5	113	3		220		14	112	3	79			31		
Summit	31		38	1		70		7	15		16	2		196	33	
Upham	21		38	1		60		17	29		38			67		1
Vilas	20		27	2		49		7	18		23			41		9
Total	1,367	70	1,807	27		3,271	46	483	1,235	43	1,335	26	2	2,671	94	225
Democratic plurality								46								94
Net Rep. plurality								440								130

LINCOLN COUNTY.

LINCOLN CO.—			65			97		33	16	2	31		49	15
Birch	32	.....	58	11	.....	129	.....	9	15	.....	27	3	45	12
Bradley	49	2	91	.....	.....	134	.....	49	22	2	64	1	80	42
Corning	42	1	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	4	31	.....	42	3	76	11
Harrison	51	2	55	.....	.....	123	.....	14	.....	.....	10	3	13	10
King	5	2	19	5	.....	31	.....	1	.....	1	49	.....	63	18
Merrill	70	3	54	1	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	.....	314
Merrill, city	900	37	1,026	7	.....	1,970	.....	126	594	30	908	11	1,543	.....
Merrill, city														
ward 1	114	.....	110	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	.....	92	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	75	.....	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	1	79	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	109	8	156	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	76	3	145	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	163	13	232	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	102	2	215	5	.....	.....
ward 5	96	5	130	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	4	102	1	.....	.....
ward 6	163	5	153	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	84	10	146	1	.....	.....
ward 7	180	6	154	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	117	7	126	2	.....	.....
Pine River	94	.....	127	.....	.....	221	.....	33	78	1	91	.....	172	13
Rock Falls	36	.....	49	23	.....	110	.....	13	19	3	21	17	60	2
Russell	27	2	96	4	.....	130	.....	69	.....	.....	56	.....	76	36
Schley	64	5	141	4	.....	214	.....	77	42	1	32	.....	96	10
Scott	106	.....	118	2	.....	226	.....	12	64	3	84	.....	153	20
Somo	4	.....	47	19	.....	61	.....	43	1	.....	24	.....	30	23
Tomahawk	31	.....	27	3	.....	61	.....	4	.....	2	25	.....	37	18
Tomahawk, city	383	9	303	21	.....	671	35	.....	116	6	177	17	316	61
ward 1	70	1	72	3	.....	.....	.....	19	1	.....	32	4	.....	.....
ward 2	114	1	47	8	.....	.....	.....	40	1	.....	42	7	.....	.....
ward 3	87	.....	85	5	.....	.....	.....	35	3	.....	46	3	.....	.....
ward 4	67	7	99	5	.....	.....	.....	32	1	.....	57	3	.....	.....
Total	1,849	66	2,276	94	.....	4,285	55	487	1,047	51	1,652	68	2,818	605
Dem. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	427	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	605

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

MANITOWOC CO.—			213	1	.....	386	.....	43	156	1	167	.....	324	11
Cato	170	2	167	2	.....	278	.....	60	77	1	137	.....	216	60
Centerville	107	.....	133	3	.....	272	.....	11	95	4	123	5	227	23
Cooperstown	127	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
 MANITOWOC COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gayford, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MANITOWOC CO.—Con																
Eaton	125	3	123	1	.....	252	2	.....	76	1	101	3	.....	181	.....	25
Franklin	178	.....	130	1	.....	309	43	.....	127	3	157	1	.....	298	.....	20
Gibson	96	1	133	15	.....	215	27	.....	69	1	116	9	.....	193	.....	47
Kiel, village	96	1	107	96	.....	300	11	.....	54	2	95	7	.....	227	.....	19
Kossuth	142	.....	143	13	1	210	1	.....	119	3	126	3	.....	231	.....	17
Liberty	98	.....	202	4	.....	301	104	.....	60	1	159	1	.....	221	.....	69
Manitowoc	73	2	76	21	.....	172	3	.....	60	.....	68	8	.....	116	.....	3
Manitowoc, city	1,082	26	1,132	447	1	2,633	50	.....	829	23	1,100	377	1	2,310	.....	271
ward 1	193	.....	168	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	150	5	195	38	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	91	5	187	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	3	166	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	202	6	273	105	1	.....	.....	.....	201	4	250	81	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	126	7	241	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	99	3	225	49	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	139	2	100	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	.....	116	76	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	55	2	98	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	3	88	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	216	4	65	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	158	5	60	88	1	.....	.....	.....
Manitowoc Rapids	187	3	184	17	.....	341	47	.....	93	4	182	9	.....	233	.....	.....
Maple Grove	121	1	92	.....	.....	214	29	.....	89	.....	54	1	.....	135	23	.....
Meeme	143	3	126	3	.....	270	22	.....	117	3	71	.....	.....	191	43	.....
Mishicot	173	1	111	22	.....	307	62	.....	140	.....	65	18	.....	223	75	.....
Newton	129	.....	188	6	.....	313	59	.....	99	2	148	.....	.....	249	.....	49
Reedsville, village	57	.....	67	2	.....	126	10	.....	42	.....	45	1	.....	83	.....	3
Rockland	78	3	221	24	.....	306	143	.....	62	3	144	2	.....	211	.....	82
Schleswig	112	1	112	23	.....	247	.....	.....	90	1	57	15	.....	163	33	.....
Two Creeks	53	1	34	5	.....	93	19	.....	51	2	23	6	.....	82	28	.....
Two Rivers	128	.....	73	8	.....	200	55	.....	100	2	40	4	.....	155	69	.....
Two Rivers, city	513	9	326	233	1	1,132	237	.....	359	18	298	123	.....	893	61	.....
ward 1	94	.....	74	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	2	53	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	92	1	70	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	65	16	.....	.....	.....	.....

ward 3	67	2	58	78					45	4	64	39					
ward 4	153	4	77	61	1				111	9	65	31					
ward 5	157	2	52	39					110	1	51	26					
Total	3,993	63	4,038	926	3	9,033	474	579	2,974	75	3,486	668	2	7,205	338	838	
Dem. plurality								474									358
Net Rep. plurality								105									512

MARATHON COUNTY.

MARATHON CO.—																			
Athens, village	85	5	100	1		191		15	48	2	73			123					25
Bergens	30	4	85	3		122		55	28	1	44	5		78					16
Berlin	106	2	63	1		177	33		93	1	67			161	23				7
Bern	31	1	28	1		61	3		16		23			39					7
Brighton	42	2	42	1		87			31		49			89					18
Brokow, village	25	1	63	1		95		43	21	2	44	2		70					22
Cassell	147		57			244	99		32	3	32	3		157	83				145
Cleveland	107	4	171	6		283		64	43	4	193	2		247					5
Colby	27		24			51	3		59		25	1		45					26
Day	111	2	45	5		133	63		20		30	6		92					7
Easton	97	2	91	6		193	6		50	2	57			109					20
Eau Pleine	67	1	84	4		153		17	37	1	57	3		98					7
Edgar, village	91	1	69	2		163	22		48	1	63	18		133					18
Eldron	54	1	93	1		152		42	26		62	1		89					33
Emmet	111	2	60	2		175	51		104	1	43			151	53				2
Fenwood, village	13		23	5		44		7	11		13			33					5
Fleth	21	1	34	1		57		13	19		24	9		43					10
Frankfort	66	2	67	2		137		31	2		41	3		75					15
Franzen	4	2	8			44		2	42		17			19					17
Halsey	57	4	33	1		98	21		83	1	25	2		70	17				33
Hamburg	93	2	85			189	8		13	1	31			48					15
Marion	33	3	49	3		83		16	19		37			43					28
Hewitt	26	1	54			81		28	9		59	1		71					31
Holton	69	1	134	1		205		65	48	2	50	1		101					2
Hull	99	2	99	4		104			45	1	37	3	1	87	8				
J. nson	69		81	2		152		12	21	1	41	1		64					20
Knowlton	23		73			99		47	23		23			49	3				
Kronenwetter	46	1	47			94		1	78		51	4		133	27				
Maine	149	1	67	2		210	73												

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

MARATHON COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottcama, Fed. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON CO.—Con.																
Marathon	81		40	3		124	41		57	1	28			83	29	
Marathon, village	65	1	63	5		134	2		62		41			105	21	
McMillen	162	1	87	2		192	15		82	2	66			127	34	8
McMillen, village	7		24			31	17		5		29	1		34	7	24
Mosinee	27		71	1		98	44		32		27	2		61	5	
Mosinee, village	17	2	95	1		115	78		17		68			87		49
Norrie	50	10	98	3		161	48		57	6	57			80		40
Pike Lake	130	2	38	1		171	92		81	1	36			118	45	
Plover	27	4	95	1		127	68		9	2	35			48		26
Rib Falls	93	2	96	4		195	3		78	4	48			132	30	
Redbrock	100		66			163	34		70		46			116	24	
Ring	39	1	47	2		89	8		22		26			48		4
Schofield, village	55	1	89	9		145	25		64	1	58			123	6	
Spencer	46	2	45	5		98	1		24		29	1		54		5
Spencer, village	33	3	49			85	16		24	1	50			75		23
Stettin	109	1	61			171	48		87	3	39			129	48	
Texas	74	4	131	5		214	57		80	1	65	1		117		15
Unity, village	13	2	40			55	27		8		19			27		11
Wausau	108	3	78	3		192	30		69	4	72			145		3
Wausau, city	1,558	57	1,662	146		3,423	104		1,270	83	1,415	63	14	2,838		145
ward 1	266	5	157	14					229	8	133	5				
ward 2	222	2	153	12					177	4	115	7				
ward 3	158	3	152	6					128	5	128	5				
ward 4	114	4	164	6					91	8	146	3				
ward 5	203	11	263	28					142	19	239	11				
ward 6	174	12	156	5					115	17	156	4				
ward 7	146	8	272	11					138	10	167	10				

ward 8	126	4	179	41					137	7	157	8					
ward 9	136	8	163	23					113	8	174	10					
Weston	100	4	82	8		194	18		76	1	40	2	2	121	3		
Wein	74	1	65	2		143	8		51		41	9		101	10		
Total	4,301	119	5,039	255		10,277	670	955	3,435	138	3,695	150	17	7,435	543		803
Democratic plurality								670									543
Net Rep. plurality								285									269

MARINETTE COUNTY.

MARINETTE CO.—																		
Amberg	133	6	335	1		475	202		70	12	253	5		343			183	
precinct 1	20	4	80						18	4	81	2						
precinct 2	22	1	73	1					13	2	50							
precinct 3	91	1	182						39	6	125	3						
Athelstane	11	5	51	10		77	40		9	3	53	4		69			44	
ward 1	28	1	117			145	89		15	4	72	4		95			57	
Beaver	12		67			70	55		70	1	57			128	13			
Coleman, village	11	6	80	1	1	99	69		5	2	45			52			40	
Dunbar	34	6	254	4	1	299	226		17	5	117	4		143			100	
Grover	11	1	45	4		61	34		5	1	15			21			10	
Lake				45			689		583	103	1,244	80	1	2,011			661	
Marinette, city	812	176	1,501	45		2,534												
ward 1	161	29	227	17	7				107	11	203	24						
ward 2	185	69	251	12					142	38	233	23	1					
ward 3	155	50	338	9					99	25	232	15						
ward 4	177	13	372	7					146	18	320	13						
ward 5	134	15	313						89	11	256	5						
Peshigo	51	3	105	7		166	54		20	2	70	2		94			50	
Peshigo, city	80	25	212	42		389	162		49	13	240	2		303			193	
ward 1	31	8	62	14					24	4	73							
ward 2	21	4	98	12					10		91	2						
ward 3	28	13	81	13					15	9	78							
Porterfield	33	4	183	7		233	150		20	2	107	1	1	130			87	
precinct 1	30	3	131	3					11	1	68	1						
precinct 2	6	1	55	4					9	1	39							

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
MARINETTE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bohman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gayford, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosvass, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MARINETTE CO.—Con.																
Pound	52	3	183	1	.....	242	.....	131	49	4	104	.....	130	.....	55	
Stephenson	81	1	83	1	.....	173	.....	8	20	.....	114	.....	131	.....	94	
Wausaukee	100	6	220	1	.....	327	.....	120	71	9	132	.....	247	.....	83	
Total	1,551	245	3,477	124	.....	5,270	.....	2,023	1,003	131	2,653	107	1	3,933	13	1,665
Democratic plurality																13
Net Rep. plurality																1,652

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

MARQUETTE CO.—																
Buffalo	92	10	84	2	.....	188	.....	8	72	5	68	.....	147	.....	4	.....
Crystal Lake	41	.....	51	2	.....	97	.....	13	20	.....	48	.....	89	.....	.....	19
Douglas	59	.....	83	1	.....	143	.....	29	50	.....	83	.....	133	.....	.....	33
Harris	39	.....	71	.....	.....	110	.....	37	53	.....	80	.....	121	.....	.....	42
Mecan	46	.....	62	3	.....	111	.....	13	42	.....	57	.....	102	.....	.....	15
Montello	47	2	55	.....	.....	102	.....	8	59	.....	47	.....	110	12	.....	.....
Montello, village	100	.....	187	.....	.....	287	.....	1	101	.....	175	.....	281	.....	.....	74
Moundville	22	14	133	.....	.....	174	.....	111	22	12	103	.....	138	.....	.....	81
Neshkoro	61	.....	23	.....	.....	87	.....	35	59	.....	17	.....	73	.....	.....	42
Neshkoro, village	29	1	49	.....	.....	80	.....	20	25	.....	2	.....	75	.....	.....	23
Newton	50	.....	52	.....	.....	102	.....	2	64	.....	41	.....	105	.....	.....	23
Oxford	13	6	132	.....	.....	157	.....	113	20	.....	8	.....	134	.....	.....	83

Packwaukee	67	5	143	.....	.....	215	.....	76	62	6	131	1	.....	201	.....	72
Shields	46	.....	80	1	.....	127	.....	34	62	3	67	3	.....	135	.....	5
Springfield	23	3	97	.....	.....	121	.....	74	23	6	90	1	.....	120	.....	67
Westfield	34	1	74	.....	.....	100	.....	40	38	2	74	.....	.....	114	.....	39
Westfield, village	56	4	126	3	.....	180	.....	70	46	6	121	.....	.....	173	.....	75
Total	331	46	1,521	19	1	2,418	43	733	812	63	1,350	13	.....	2,247	81	628
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	517

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

MILWAUKEE CO.—																	
Cudahy, city	167	10	224	102	.....	503	.....	57	79	11	132	117	2	31	.....	65
East Milwaukee, vil..	44	1	49	15	.....	109	.....	5	8	3	53	11	1	81	.....	47
Franklin	113	13	128	8	.....	262	.....	15	62	7	116	5	3	133	.....	54
Granville	144	11	203	14	1	373	.....	59	59	2	120	.....	.....	200	.....	70
Greenfield	329	28	567	263	.....	1,197	.....	223	170	14	419	193	1	797	.....	226
Lake	467	24	377	251	5	1,124	90	.....	180	20	331	191	1	753	.....	140
Milwaukee	148	13	369	137	4	671	.....	221	57	12	303	94	2	443	.....	200
Milwaukee, city	23,703	1,138	21,179	16,949	84	63053	2,324	.....	11,481	831	20,596	15,750	111	48,722	.....	4,836
ward 1	857	30	803	201	1	.....	.....	448	25	.....	874	225	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	683	29	647	483	1	.....	.....	403	22	.....	633	490	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	581	11	379	97	.....	.....	.....	575	24	.....	246	66	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	1040	43	780	274	.....	.....	.....	557	48	.....	871	240	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	867	43	564	481	6	.....	.....	492	63	.....	543	486	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	1019	38	890	597	3	.....	.....	530	26	1081	643	10	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	637	25	734	182	.....	.....	.....	273	21	893	160	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	835	53	819	481	.....	.....	.....	410	33	771	510	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	1010	50	928	1139	5	.....	.....	503	33	964	1122	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	1042	52	1087	1153	1	.....	.....	382	35	1226	964	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	1317	78	1183	1535	2	.....	.....	674	57	1001	1412	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	864	47	555	838	3	.....	.....	355	33	535	960	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	1375	64	1178	931	1	.....	.....	602	35	1237	837	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	2028	88	708	847	1	.....	.....	901	57	469	936	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	1274	58	1464	594	3	.....	.....	571	43	1593	540	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	1233	71	1233	283	1	.....	.....	500	59	1332	263	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 17	695	49	872	914	1	.....	.....	314	40	749	628	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 18	1710	51	1306	299	2	.....	.....	919	44	1231	377	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 19	1046	46	876	818	.....	.....	.....	521	35	810	732	4	.....	.....	.....	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Rottman, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaa, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—																
ward 20	931	62	1258	1749	8	.....	.....	.....	311	29	1117	1529	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 21	800	42	983	1281	13	.....	.....	.....	279	30	769	1096	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 22	1006	48	1054	1014	2	.....	.....	.....	417	33	856	832	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 23	853	60	885	673	.....	.....	.....	.....	378	33	810	612	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Milwaukee	142	6	150	64	1	363	8	.....	.....	45	7	202	40	.....	.....	157
Oak Creek	141	8	162	13	.....	324	21	.....	.....	107	5	158	.....	.....	.....	284
South Milwaukee, city	390	26	556	147	3	1,122	168	.....	.....	167	23	.....	5	.....	.....	275
Wauwatosa	487	35	1,262	192	7	1,985	775	.....	.....	239	21	384	242	.....	.....	821
Wauwatosa, city	189	44	345	35	.....	613	156	.....	.....	.....	.....	910	171	.....	1,341	671
West Milwaukee, vil.	74	3	117	78	.....	272	39	.....	.....	.....	22	359	28	.....	472	296
West Allis, city	349	36	496	139	2	1,022	147	.....	.....	.....	.....	59	32	.....	100	27
White Fish Bay	20	.....	59	16	.....	95	39	.....	147	24	251	183	1	.....	556	104
Total	26,917	1,336	26,243	18,423	107	7036	2,614	1,936	12,556	1,039	24,521	17,031	124	55,571	.....	7,160
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,490
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	678	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

MONROE COUNTY.

MONROE CO.—																
Adrian	27	2	66	2	.....	97	.....	39	23	.....	43	.....	.....	69	.....	23
Angelo	16	2	89	1	.....	103	.....	73	11	.....	36	.....	.....	100	.....	75
Byron	33	.....	85	7	.....	125	.....	52	17	3	50	.....	.....	69	.....	33
Cashton, village	76	6	51	10	.....	145	25	.....	49	6	71	1	.....	129	.....	32

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Clifton	94		118		212	24	52		75	1	128	23
Glendale	51	12	106	1	170	55	20	6	53		39	33
Grant	19	3	49		71	80	11	1	27		79	16
Greenfield	43	3	63	2	111	30	25	1	32	1	59	7
Jefferson	148	1	38		187	110	97	1	30		128	67
Kendall, village	39	1	81	1	122	42	28		65		93	37
La Fayette	20	2	56	1	79	38	11	1	39		51	28
La Grange	52	2	87	1	142	35	18	4	48		70	30
Leon	31		154		185	133	16	2	88		106	72
Lincoln	23		133	7	168	115	4	1	93	5	103	89
Little Falls	78	4	158		240	80	69	1	87	1	158	18
New Lynne	13	1	40		54	27	8		29		37	21
Norwalk, village	59	2	70		131	11	27	8	61	2	90	34
Oakdale	54	3	72	2	131	18	25		34		59	9
Ontario, village	6	3	16	3	28	10	2	2	11	3	18	9
Portland	71	1	173	2	247	102	33		92		136	59
Ridgeville	83	2	69		156	14	65	1	54		120	11
Scott	16		19	15	50	3	9	1	21		31	12
Sheldon	55	4	83	8	190	28	22	3	39	5	69	17
Sparta	96	18	137	5	253	41	46	13	86		145	40
Sparta, city	257	15	488	5	765	231	162	18	442	6	628	280
ward 1	47	1	120	2			34	7	119	1		
ward 2	62	11	126	1			34	7	106	4		
ward 3	78	1	127	1			54	4	110			
ward 4	70	2	115	1			40		107	1		
Tomah	56	4	91		151	35	31	2	50	11	83	19
Tomah, city	255	9	472	16	752	217	114	17	390		534	276
ward 1	65	4	146	1			40	3	137	1		
ward 2	104	5	159	5			51	6	132	5		
ward 3	86		167	10			23	8	121	5		
Wellington	68	3	86	1	158	18	21		31		52	10
Wells	72		50		122	22	44		23		67	21
Wilton	116	1	51	1	169	65	63		36		99	27
Wilton, village	90	1	48	3	142	42	33	1	45	1	81	12
Total	2,117	107	3,304	95	5,624	278	1,435	87	2,234	40	3,620	126
Democratic plurality							278					1,804
Net Rep. plurality							1,187					126
												1,178

Scattering: Tomah city, 1.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1936—Continued.

OCONTO COUNTY.

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WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson. Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Baton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
OCONTO CO.—																
Armstrong	10		63	45		118		53	4		39	32		75		7
Breed	10	1	48	6		65		38	3		29	3		36		26
Brazeau	30	1	76	1		108		43	22	3	31	1		57		9
Chase	43	2	129	2		173		83	13		40	1		54		27
Gillett	39	6	179			224		140	18		85			105		67
Gillett, village	34	5	105			144		71	29	2	95			127		63
Howe	108	7	94	3		212	14		62	2	74	1		139		12
Lena	78	2	112	2		192		33	40	1	67			108		27
Little River	62	6	133			204		74	60	3	114	2		179		54
Little Suamico	85	3	94	1		183		9	25		55			80		30
Maple Valley	41	9	100	27		177		59	7	4	67	17		95		60
Morgan	40	2	83			125		43	23		53			76		30
Oconto	118		127			245		9	62	2	82			146		20
Oconto Falls	42	14	64			120		22	23	7	33			66		13
Oconto Falls, village..	81	27	136	2		246		55	46	10	149	1		205		103
Oconto, city	501	9	678	8	1	1,197		177	358	16	513	14	1	902		155
north ward	115	2	125	3				85	85	2	111					
east ward	153	5	202	2	1			119	7	10	173	4				
south ward	133	1	259	3				81	4		173	6				
west ward	100	1	92					74		53	53					
Pensaukee	49	2	301			352		252	24	1	220	1	1	216		196
precinct 1	17		126					14			81	1				
precinct 2	15		69					7			49					
precinct 3	17	2	103					3	1		93					
Spruce	66	2	98			131		32	20	1	62	1		54		42

Stiles	41	2	105			151		61		21	1	61	1	81	40	
Underhill	12		111		1	132		107		6	2	68	1	77	62	
Wheeler	17		97	4		118		89		4	2	27	4	37	23	
Total	1,508	100	2,944	101	2	1,355	14	1,450		870	61	1,337	50	1	2,979	1,039
Democratic plurality								14								
Net Rep. plurality								1,233								1,077

ONEIDA COUNTY.

ONEIDA CO.—																	
Cassian	11		70	4		85	50	4	1	47	1			53	43		
Crescent	19	1	28	7		55	9	11	1	42	3			57	31		
Enterprise	3	2	42	7		51	35										
Gagen	30	4	127	8		160	97		7	115	2			151	88		
Hazelhurst	20		125	3		150	105		4	103	1			114	102		
precinct 1	11		168	2													
precinct 2	9	2	17	1				3	3	92	1						
Lynne	11		27	12		50	15	1		14	8			20	1		
Minocequa	101	4	85			190	16		9	3	5			151	20		
Monico	23		59	2		81	33		63	3	38			63	18		
Newbold	12		22	4		38	10		20	3	8			38	10		
Pelican	32	2	65	14		113	33		20	3	56			113	12		
Piehl	3		25	3		31	22		44		10						
Pine Lake	14		21	5		40	7		8		8			17			
Rhinclander, city	295	18	599	268		1,178	304		218	18	553			929	305		
ward 1	15	2	83	20				11	1	70	11						
ward 2	33	3	83	47				31	1	84	13						
ward 3	40		98	53				37	4	93	15						
ward 4	57	9	103	23				44	10	88	19						
ward 5	91	3	113	20				82	1	117	21						
ward 6	47	1	113	77				43	1	101	22						
Schoeike	41		47	4		92	6		84	4	53			148	31		
Sugar Camp	14	1	52	3		70	38		37	1	30			68	7		
Woodboro	7		6	3		16	1		4		11			16	7		
Woodruff	48	2	53	6		100	5		30	2	37			72	7		
Total	681	36	1,453	351		2,521	17	781		613	48	1,107	143	2,001	49	633	
Democratic plurality								17								49	
Net Rep. plurality								760								584	

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Baton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, R.D.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	P rality.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—																
Appleton, city	1,605	126	1,715	73	9	3,523	1	0	1,261	67	1,481	32	4	2,845	220	
ward 1, precinct 1	181	55	437	11	1	64	64	17	11	190	4	1				
ward 1, precinct 2	283	24	325	14	1	64	138	6	10	104	2					
ward 2, precinct 1	411	15	249	13	4	259	259	3	3	133	2					
ward 3, precinct 1	236	11	144	7	1	59	59	2	2	124						
ward 3, precinct 2	346	10	225	16	1	187	290	9	9	172						
ward 4	158	11	332	17	2	152	152	8	8	259	3					
Black Creek	56		125			181	69		1	90				125		57
Black Creek, village	31	3	62	1		97	31		2	81		1		103		61
Bovina	27		105			132	78		24	76				102		52
Buchanan	320	4	157	3		484	163			3				305	123	
Center	119	4	126	4		253	7			84	7		1	174	2	
Cicero	38		156			194	118			85	1			81		55
Dale	112	1	133	2		253	26			67				160		17
Deer Creek	35	5	87			127	52			38	1			58		19
Ellington	92	12	132			236	40			37				169		36
Freedom	143	3	115	2		263	23			91	12		1	172	12	7
Grand Chute	127	5	161	3		296	34			79	1			175		11
Greenville	103	2	139	5		254	31			85	1	2		184		69
Hortonia	36	2	82			120	46			17				51		69
Hortonville, village	93	8	105	2		203	12			48				165		67
Kaukauna	59	1	64	1		125	5			23				54		6
Kaukauna, city	626	5	401	2		1,034	225			419	3			866	14	
north precinct	239		209	2					175	17	210	5				
south precinct	337		192						244	6	186	14				

Little Chute, village...	183	1	91	1	276	92	123	1	57	3	184	63	19	
Liberty	32	1	52	1	86	20	15	1	34	1	51		42	
Maine	41	1	106	1	149	65	33		75	1	109		31	
Maple Creek	49	1	78		128	29	19	2	50		71		14	
New London, city	52	2	98		152	46	35	3	49		87			
ward 3	52	2	98				35	3	49					
Osborn	28		86		114	58	20		51		71		31	
Seymour	78	4	117		199	31	53	6	64		123		11	
Seymour, city	96	7	161	2	266	65	77	4	154		235		77	
ward 1	57	3	97	1			42	2	91					
ward 2	39	4	64	1			35	2	63					
Shiocton	19	4	110		133	91	10		96	2	108		86	
Vanden Brock	94		14	1	109	89	39		3		42	16	24	
Welcome	30		51		81	21	15	1	39		55		24	
West Oneida	37	1	137	1	176	100	27	3	74	1	105		47	
Total	4,366	203	4,971	110	9,659	533	1,193	147	3,794	76	5	7,018	256	1,014
Dem. plurality							583						256	256
Net Rep. plurality							605							708

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

OZAUKEE CO.—														
Belgium	244	1	51		295	193	246	2	76	1	325	170		
Cedarburg	120		98	5	223	22	92	1	63	4	160	29		
Cedarburg, city	163	5	153	11	332	10	105	6	128	27	266		23	
Fredonia	207	4	104	4	319	103	239	3	85	3	359	154		
Grafton	86	2	54	3	146	32	78		34	5	117	44		
Grafton, village	263	2	53	5	133	10	44	5	37	2	83	7		
Mequon	212	3	200	14	429	12	149	2	173	20	344		24	
Port Washington	123	2	56	5	195	67	140	3	53	4	200	87		
Port Washington, city	539	5	221	6	732	308	446	6	253	12	717	193		
ward 1	176		43				156	1	48	1				
ward 2	120	1	56	1			109	1	59	1				
ward 3	107	2	34				91		51	5				
ward 4	186	2	98	3			99	4	95	5				
Saukeville	156		117	5	278	39	125	1	110	12	248	15		
Total	1,913	24	1,117	58	3,114	793	1,664	29	1,012	90	2,795	699	47	
Net Dem. plurality						796						692		

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
PEPIN COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Foc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ej brahim L. Laton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winifred R. Gaylord, Foc. Dem.	Gle T. Rosnas, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
PEPIN CO.—																
Albany	22		75	1		98		53	4		41			45		37
Durand	16		33	1		50		17	14	2	26	1		43		12
Durand, city	135	11	163			309		23	82	7	125	2		216		43
ward 1	63	4	62	1					47	2	44					
ward 2	67	7	101						35	5	51	2				
Frankfort	20	9	142	1		172		122	9	7	89			105		80
Lima	94	2	27			123	67		47		14			61	33	
Pepin	29	12	164			205		135	27	5	135			167		108
Pepin, village	24	2	61			88		38								
Stockholm	5		74			79		69	2		44			46		42
Stockholm, village	7	1	24			42		27	8	1	23			33		15
Waterville	81	1	20	1		289		125	61	8	144			213		88
Waubeck	11	1	15			27		4	7	1	16	1		25		9
Total	444	39	995	4		1,432	67	618	261	31	657	4		954	33	429
Dem. plurality							67	67							33	33
Net Rep. plurality								551								386

Scattering: Stockholm village, 1.

PIERCE COUNTY.

PIERCE CO.—																
Clifton	21	3	66			90		45	5	5	33	1		44		28
Diamond Bluff	22	1	74	1		98		52	4	2	49			55		45
Ellsworth	43	4	171	1		219		128	23	4	127	2		153		104

Ellsworth, village	52	3	135	1	191	83	27	4	168	9	203	141	
Elmwood, village	42		64	2	113	22	11	4	35	4	54	24	
El Paso	61	3	83	3	150	22	19	1	50	1	81	40	
Gilman	15		201	4	227	183	4		87		91	83	
Hartland	32	4	181		220	152	14	4	132	1	151	118	
Isabella	18	1	67	2	83	40	11		33	1	48	25	
Maiden Rock	18	5	181		207	163	4	4	65		73	61	
Maiden Rock, village	22	10	49		81	27	8	7	46		62	33	
Martell	18	3	208	1	230	190	7	2	141	1	150	134	
Oak Grove	33	1	42	1	77	9	15	5	36	1	57	21	
Prescott, city	72	9	97		173	25	45	14	50	3	122	14	
ward 1	31	3	24				19		15	2			
ward 2	24	2	32				17	4	19	1			
ward 3	17	4	41				9	4	25				
River Falls	55	9	100	1	165	45	10	4	56		70	46	
River Falls, city, pre- cinct 2	93	16	255	7	374	150	29	5	160	11	205	131	
Rock Elm	44	12	125	8	187	81	16	6	73	3	101	60	
Salem	21	6	124	3	154	103	14	3	82	1	100	68	
Spring Lake	21	13	142		176	121	3	4	60	3	70	57	
Spring Valley	33	4	149	5	191	113	10	2	90	1	112	80	
Trenton	15	2	139		153	124	6	2	74		82	68	
Trimbelle	30		155	2	193	113	23		113	1	141	87	
Union	44	10	170	1	234	123	31	7	87		125	53	
Total	837	136	2,984	43	4,000	2,147	342	80	1,830	44	3	2,358	1,538
Net Rep. plurality						2,147							1,538

POLK COUNTY

POLK CO.—															
Alden		32	4	255		231		223		9	2	151	1	133	142
precinct 1	31	3	144							2		67	1		
precinct 2	1	1	111				6				84				
Amery, village	30	7	119	1	157	89	10	2	73	9	94	63			
Apple River	16	5	75	3	99	59	2		42	3	47	39			
Balsam Lake	13	1	89	8	162	67	5	1	28	8	52	30			
Balsam Lake, village	3		44	1	48	41	5		32	6	43	26			
Beaver	9		75	1	85	66	2		25	2	23	23			
Black Brook	12	4	157	3	173	145	2	1	58	2	60	53			
Bone Lake	9	1	40	4	63	40	4		20	8	41	21			

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

PÖLK COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward Dem.	Winfred D. Cox. Pro.	James O. Davidson. Rep.	Harvey D. Brown. Soc. Dem.	Herman Bougena. Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton. Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
PÖLK CO.—Con.																
Centuria, village.....	8	5	37		1	51		29		4	24	1		29		20
Clam Falls.....	9	1	52			62		43	5	1	32	6		44		26
Clayton.....	14	6	126	7		153		112	10	4	45	12	1	72		33
Clear Lake.....	20	8	130			160		110	5	4	43		1	53		38
Clear Lake, village.....	20	9	85			117		65	18	5	57			80		39
Eureka.....	13	19	194	5		231		175		4	79	5		90		74
Farmington.....	38		120			160		82	12	2	52			66		40
Frederick, village.....	74	4	76			152		2	9	1	51	4	1	66		42
Garfield.....	10	9	150			172		140		8	66	10		86		56
Georgetown.....	10	3	39	1		53		29	2		24	5		31		19
Johnstown.....	6		26	2		34		20	1		12	1		15		11
Laketown.....	18	15	122	1		156		104	3	2	55	8		68		47
Lincoln.....	31	8	143			182		112	29		36	2		67		7
Loraine.....	12		43	2		57		31	3		17			21		14
Luck.....	21	3	68			98		47	2		54	6		62		48
Luck, village.....	20	2	51	4		77		31	3		45	4		52		41
McKinley.....	2		31			33		29	3		19	1		23		17
Milltown.....	32		124			167		92	6	2	83	13	1	105		70
Osceola.....	7	5	148	2		162		141	2	3	84	6		95		73
Osceola, village.....	25	10	84	24		143		59	9	2	65	29		105		36
St. Croix Falls.....	14	4	74	1		93		60	8	1	21	2		32		13
St. Croix Falls, vil.....	18	2	90			111		73	5	5	63	2		75		58
Sterling.....	10	5	112			127		102	4	3	61	1	1	70		57
West Sweden.....	14	2	45	20	1	82		31	3		30	9	2	45		21
Total.....	570	143	3,024	121	2	3,830		2,448	182	61	1,566	163	7	1,984		1,305
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,451								1,305

Scattering: Clear Lake, 1; Eureka, 1; Garfield, 1.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

PORTAGE CO.—																	
Alban	52		138	1		191		88	35	2	165			202		130	
Almond	28	6	182			216		154	21	6	81			108		60	
Almond, village	12	9	101			122		80	18	13	60			91		42	
Amherst	79	2	284			365		205	79		207			286		128	
Amherst, village	39	2	128	1		170		89	17	3	114	2		136		97	
Belmont	51	9	123			183		75	41	10	76			127		35	
Buena Vista	73	2	171			246		98	73	1	99			173		26	
Carson	127		96	2	1	226	31	226	64	3	57			124		7	
Dewey	69	1	19			89	50	89	38	1	3			42	35		
Eau Plaine	52	1	128	5		183		76	13	1	60			83		56	
Grant	38	1	70	1		110		32	29	1	46	3		79		17	
Hull	152	1	43	1		200	103	200	103		21	3		127	82		
Lanark	56	5	140			201		84	31	4	89			124		58	
Linwood	16		83	6	1	103		67	21	2	48	4		75		27	
New Hope	40	1	185	1		227		145	32		146			178		114	
Pine Grove	44	7	131	4		183		87	15	5	82	1		103		67	
Plover	92	5	207	1		305		115	83	13	145	5		246		62	
Rosholt, village	18	2	83	1		104		65									
Sharon	274	1	55			330	219	330	166		72			178	154		
Sto kion	283	2	70	2		359	215	359	170	3	47			220	123		
Stevens Point, city	783	40	823	20	1	1,673		34	626	30	698	19		1,373		72	
ward 1	97	3	161	2					78	1	132	2					
ward 2	116	14	192	4					105	13	169	6					
ward 3	104	11	152	3					87	6	153	3					
ward 4	346	6	82	5					284	7	41	5					
ward 5	86	6	132	4					46	2	114	2					
ward 6	40		104	2	1				26	1	86	1					
Total	2,883	97	3,296	46	3	5,798	621	1,501	1,675	98	2,265	36	1	4,075	394	998	
Democratic plurality								621								394	
Net Rep. plurality								880								590	

PRICE COUNTY.

PRICE CO.—																
Brannon	15	12	103	7		137		88	25	7	62	1		95		37
Catawba	23	3	76	4		111		48	15	2	60	2	1	80		45
Eisenstein	18		45	13		76		27	10	1	33	12		53		23

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

PRICE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.									
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brow, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Faton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winifred R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.	
PRICE CO.—Con.																	
Emery	12		59	9		80		47	10	1	49	5		65		39	
Rifield	52	4	82	3		141		30	35	7	81			121		46	
Georgetown	9	2	34			45		25	11	1	32	1		45		21	
Hackett	6	6	32	11		55		21	11	0	30			51		19	
Harmony	9	1	29	1		40		20					1				
Hill	18	1	37	5		61		19	13								
Kennan	8	3	39	2		52		27		1	27			41		14	
Kennan, village	17	4	37	2		60		20	7		41	1		49		34	
Knox	11	6	105	62		184		43	16	2	31			49		15	
Lake	21	1	82	4		108		61	10	2	91	16	1	120		81	
Ogema	13	4	219	14	1	252		205	18		40	4		66		22	
Park Falls, village	70	4	234	20		328		164	71	7	137			216		66	
Phillips, city	103	18	253	37		419		152	53	4	181	15		252		128	
ward 1	30	8	78	15					110	289	283			445		173	
ward 2	39	7	111	8					28	15	75	4					
ward 3	37	3	69	14					43	9	130	3					
Prentice	9	1	55	26		92		29	39	5	78	16					
Prentice, village	30	5	57	26		118		27	7		99	4		110		92	
Worcester	94	7	124	14		239		30	19		115	12		154		96	
Total	543	82	1,707	260	1	2,598		1,087	86	7	120	8	2	2,219		34	
Net Rep. plurality								1,161		527	87	1,512	105	5	2,238		985
																	985

Scattering: Ogema, 1; Prentice, 1.

RACINE COUNTY.

RACINE CO.—																			
Burlington	142	8	42	3		195	100		85	8	35	1			19	50			
Burlington, city	403	14	250	18		685	153		197	20	146	7	1		371	51			
ward 1	69	4	57	3					31	4	29	1							
ward 2	114	5	79	7					51	7	43	1							
ward 3	115	3	34	2					62	4	19	3	1						
ward 4	105	2	80	6					53	5	55	2							
Caledonia	286	10	226	5		527	61		122	3	133	7			265			11	
Corliss, village	22	1	88	31		142		57											
Dover	117	7	93	1		218	24		84	5	75	1			165	9			
Mt. Pleasant	160	23	259	21		463		99	47	3	175	26			251			123	
Norway	42	1	162	2		207		120	39	1	103	1			144			64	
Racine, city	2,446	292	3,187	690	3	3,618		741	1,312	149	2,387	844	89		4,781			875	
ward 1	119	5	146	13					87	5	122	19	1						
ward 2, pct. north	105	20	225	1					47	7	216	11							
ward 2, pct. south	129	9	230	34					65	6	147	35	4						
ward 3, pct. north	137	21	239	22					72	12	235	18	1						
ward 3, pct. south	203	18	176	13					118	10	165	26	2						
ward 4, pct. east	154	6	121	33					101	4	90	36							
ward 4, pct. west	203	13	134	31					124	12	85	57	10						
ward 5	166	12	220	75					16	8	147	80	9						
ward 6	146	26	194	47					72	20	128	59	9						
ward 7, pct. east	236	18	248	52					149	16	165	88	4						
ward 7, pct. west	186	10	146	52					104	7	66	78	8						
ward 8	110	39	276	46	1				30	9	237	61							
ward 9	114	38	231	109					46	8	167	114	12						
ward 10	250	26	288	75	2				167	13	186	80	17						
ward 11	188	31	323	87					64	12	231	82	12						
Raymond	80	6	247	1		34		167	25	2	135	1			163			110	
Rochester	64	10	85			159		21	32	5	74	1			112			42	
Union Grove, village	53	54	69	3		179		15	13	22	99				134			86	
Waterford	64	18	129	3		214		65	35	5	69	1			110			34	
Waterford, village	98	12	52	2		164	46		57	3	54	1			115	3			
Yorkville	58	29	140	1		228		82	17	16	62				95			45	
Total	4,035	485	5,029	781	3	10,334	383	1,367	2,065	242	3,547	891	99		6,835	113		1,595	
Dem. plurality								883											113
Net Rep. plurality								934											1,482

Scattering: Burlington city, 1.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
 RICHLAND COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Rottens, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosnas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND CO—																
Akan	94	7	109	4	.....	214	.....	15	59	4	104	1	1	169	.....	45
Bloom	63	45	140	4	.....	233	.....	77	43	19	101	1	.....	164	.....	53
Buena Vista	88	19	124	4	.....	245	.....	46	32	13	106	4	.....	155	.....	74
Cazenovia, village	62	2	26	1	.....	91	56	.....	36	.....	26	.....	.....	62	10	.....
Dayton	97	8	135	5	.....	245	.....	38	69	10	115	.....	.....	105	.....	46
Eagle	92	5	101	1	1	200	.....	9	44	2	87	.....	.....	134	.....	41
Forest	45	8	111	.....	.....	164	.....	66	31	2	81	.....	.....	114	.....	50
Henrietta	109	30	92	4	.....	235	17	.....	69	14	85	.....	.....	174	.....	16
Ithaca	108	11	81	8	2	210	27	.....	79	12	67	4	.....	162	12	.....
Lone Rock, village	49	5	64	1	.....	119	.....	15	31	1	54	1	.....	87	.....	23
Marshall	40	18	134	.....	.....	192	.....	94	29	12	11	.....	.....	74	.....	22
Orion	72	5	133	2	.....	212	.....	61	42	2	99	.....	.....	143	.....	57
Richland	70	16	98	4	.....	188	.....	28	44	14	100	.....	.....	100	.....	56
Richland Center	283	36	346	7	.....	672	.....	63	169	39	405	9	1	623	.....	236
ward 1	33	19	109	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	120	11	114	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	71	.....	139	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	80	6	123	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	13	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richwood	135	4	154	.....	.....	203	.....	19	59	6	132	.....	.....	208	.....	73
Rockbridge	73	18	98	.....	.....	194	.....	20	56	15	97	.....	.....	169	.....	41
Sylvan	62	30	103	.....	.....	209	.....	48	44	28	83	.....	1	155	.....	79
Viola, village	34	2	71	.....	.....	107	.....	37	18	4	58	.....	.....	80	.....	40
Westford	101	.....	62	1	.....	164	39	.....	47	.....	36	.....	.....	83	11	.....
Willow	42	1	146	5	.....	194	.....	104	34	11	125	.....	.....	170	.....	91
Total	1,724	280	2,243	51	3	4,401	119	738	1,035	208	1,970	45	3	3,261	33	1,063
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	119	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	619	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,035

ROCK COUNTY.

ROCK CO.—	29	123	5	157	94	13	55	1	1	70	42
Avon	21	117	6	149	96	11	44			53	33
Beloit	542	2,391	130	8,144	1,849	205	92	93	10	1,314	709
Beloit, city	73										
ward 1	90	306	10			48	139	6	3		
ward 2, precinct 1	97	347	15			38	207	26	5		
ward 2, precinct 2	66	315	18	2							
ward 3	85	395	32			37	12	180	21		
ward 4	107	457	24	1		34	11	201	9		
ward 5	97	571	31	5		48	18	187	31	2	
Bradford	47	112	5	168	65	10	25		1		36
Center	44	152		197	108	12	47				59
Clinton	48	156		206	108	22	78				104
Clinton, village	77	145	2	236	68	36	8				152
Edgerton, city	220	380	8	578	110	173	7	107	1		403
Evansville, city	100	385	1	525	285	40	34	284	1		359
Fulton	93	174	1	276	81	63	1	77		1	142
Harmony	84	122	1	213	38	15	3	32			50
Janesville	58	95	1	154	37	22	1	49			63
Janesville, city	935	1,443	88	2,568	508	428	73	911	45	1	1,458
ward 1	143	332	16			66	14	205	10		
ward 2	159	266	14			70	12	156	9		
ward 3	161	470	16	1		65	24	320	6	1	
ward 4	308	247	22	4		149	16	169	16		
ward 5	159	128	20	1		78	7	61	4		
Johnstown	56	102		163	46	18	2	36			51
La Prairie	52	110	4	171	58	9	3	26			38
Lima	48	128		183	80	9	3	53			64
Magnolia	66	109	1	192	43	21	5	73			98
Milton	117	233	1	390	116	33	21	110	3		167
Milton, village	83	183	1	200	100	8	21	104	1		134
Newark	20	132	1	195	152	9		83			87
Orfordville, village	17	102		126	85	5	6	92			103
Plymouth	77	227		307	150	26		123			154
Porter	97	146		247	49	37	2	75			101
Rock	99	93	2	198	6	45	2	54			101
Spring Valley	36	166	1	210	130	5	2	109			116

25 B. B.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

ROCK COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Ayward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Ayward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
ROCK CO.—Con.																
Turtle	58	9	159	1	.....	227	.....	101	38	4	72	3	.....	117	.....	34
Union	51	8	151	2	.....	212	.....	100	13	5	64	.....	.....	82	.....	51
Total	3,130	402	7,781	262	17	11,592	6	4,657	1,321	299	3,917	153	13	5,704	.....	2,582
Dem. plurality								6								.....
Net Rep. plurality								4,651								.....

Scattering: Beloit, 1; Center, 1; Plymouth, 2; Spring Valley, 1; Turtle, 1.

RUSK COUNTY.

RUSK CO.—																
Atlanta	24	2	151	2	1	180	.....	127	4	4	77	.....	.....	85	.....	73
Big Bend	20	4	92	1	.....	117	.....	72	7	4	70	.....	1	82	.....	63
Bruce, village	34	4	83	1	.....	122	.....	49	9	3	61	6	.....	79	.....	52
Dewey	34	4	44	9	.....	91	.....	10	44	2	46	1	.....	67	.....	28
Flambeau	12	4	60	8	.....	84	.....	48	18	1	33	3	.....	42	.....	28
Grant	16	3	53	3	.....	80	.....	42	8	.....	43	.....	.....	50	.....	36
Grosv	13	.....	20	3	.....	36	.....	7	7	.....	12	.....	1	21	.....	4
Hawkins	6	5	107	7	1	126	.....	100	1	.....	33	.....	1	35	.....	.....
Ingram, village	20	4	86	1	.....	111	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32

Ladysmith, city	107	5	342	11		435	235	7	38	9	29	9		845	251
ward 1	23		97												
ward 2	43	4	89	6				15	4		74	2			
ward 3	38	1	153	4				16	1		91	4			
Lawrence		9													
Marshall		6	14		1	25	5		14	5	88	2		109	74
Rusk		13	39		3	48	33		2		24	2		28	22
Strickland		18	49		1	64	36		2		22	3		28	19
Stubbs		49	21			40	3		8	1	11			20	3
Thornapple		10	57		8	98	9		8	2	34	3		47	23
True		17	7		2	70	47		3		24			27	21
Washington		14	105		4	131	88		4	3	98	1	1	107	94
Weyerhauser, village		20	18		1	34	4		5	1	38		1	45	33
Willard			22		2	68	11		8		46		1	55	38
Total						24	20								
Democratic plurality	442	46	1,439	84		2,014	9	1,003	151	36	1,049	31	5	1,272	937
Net Rep. plurality								937							838

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

ST. CROIX CO.—															
Baldwin	35	8	288	1		282	208		32	8	152	1		188	120
Baldwin, village	31	4	109	1		145	75		29	1	109		2	142	80
Cady	34	3	145	5		187	111		15	5	58	2		80	43
Ceylon	52	4	139			135	87		29	2	89			130	60
Eau Galle	34	1	184			219	150		81	4	123	1		159	92
Emerald	78	1	110	1		190	32		66	2	81			149	15
Erin Prairie	138		30			163	103		134	2	10	1		147	124
Forest	41	3	47			91	6		9	3	32	1		45	39
Glenwood	55		113			138	53		19	1	58	3		81	39
Glenwood, city	20	13	117	2		152	97		15	7	79			101	64
ward 1															
ward 2	8	6	30	1				5	2		25				
ward 3	3	2	27	1				7	3		14				
ward 3	9	5	60					3	2		40				
Hammond		74	99			179	25			3	92			161	26
Hammond, village		31	59		1	95	28		36	13	52			101	16
Hudson		46	115		7	168	69		48	1	66	7		122	18
Hudson, city		178	440		35	666	262		182	14	343	58		597	161
ward 1	40		68								46				
ward 2	75	7	183	7	1			41	75		158	11			
ward 3	68	5	185	21				66	6		189	32			

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

ST. CROIX COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
ST. CROIX CO.—Con.																
Kinnickinnic	51	7	78	1	.....	137	.....	27	42	3	50	1	.....	96	.....	8
New Richmond, city	129	4	279	1	.....	413	.....	150	96	4	179	4	.....	283	.....	83
ward 1	51	.....	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	2	56	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	71	3	95	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	1	58	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	7	1	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	1	65	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pleasant Valley	24	.....	69	3	.....	96	.....	45	27	1	50	1	.....	79	.....	23
Richmond	80	2	44	1	.....	127	36	.....	59	.....	44	.....	.....	103	15	.....
River Falls, city	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 1	7	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rush River	24	5	91	.....	.....	120	.....	67	4	.....	23	1	.....	28	.....	19
St. Joseph	56	1	97	.....	.....	154	.....	41	22	3	67	.....	.....	92	.....	45
Somerset	86	1	131	6	.....	224	.....	45	41	.....	65	.....	.....	106	.....	24
Springfield	64	5	155	3	.....	227	.....	91	51	3	160	2	.....	219	.....	106
Stanton	81	.....	64	1	.....	146	17	.....	67	1	71	2	.....	125	.....	20
Star Prairie	31	3	121	.....	.....	155	.....	90	51	.....	54	2	.....	123	13	.....
Star Prairie, village	12	.....	42	.....	.....	54	.....	30	11	3	101	.....	.....	114	.....	91
Troy	48	1	92	.....	.....	141	.....	44	16	.....	37	.....	.....	48	.....	26
Warren	115	5	91	1	.....	212	24	.....	23	2	36	1	.....	62	.....	13
Total	1,650	92	3,325	71	1	5,139	180	1,855	1,837	86	2,354	90	3	3,820	152	1,219
Dem. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152
Net Rep. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,675	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,067

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

SAWYER COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1909.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Havey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
SAWYER CO.—																
Couderay	11	1	33			45		22								
Hayward	133	11	501	7		652		368								
Radisson	14	2	69			85		55	96	11	480	4		591		384
Reserve	28	4	112			144		84	23		61	1		85		35
Sand Lake	45		42	1		88	3		73		123			201		83
Winter	21	2	57	2		82		36	25		34			59		9
Wengar	8		35	4		47		27	12		32	5		49		20
Total	260	20	849	14		1,143	3	592								
Democratic plurality							3	3	229	11	735	10		985		506
Net Rep. plurality								589								506

SHAWANO COUNTY.

SHAWANO CO.—																
Almon	26	3	121	1		151		95	12		58	2		72		46
Angelica	93	2	118			213		25								
Aniwa	39	4	46	1		90		7	17	1	35			53		18
Aniwa, village	24	3	43	1		71		19	15		13			29	2	
Belle Plaine	111	3	100	1		215	11		16	1	25			42		9
Birnamwood	28	2	75	1		103		47	62		75	3		141		13
Birnamwood, village	33	8	98	1		140		65	6		20	2		37		23
Cecil, village	33	1	34	1		69		1	18	2	58	1		79		40
									13	2	24	1		40		11

Eland	36	3	55	1	95	19	16	4	37	57	21					
Fairbanks	40	3	98	141	58	58	10	3	45	51	36					
Germania	8	1	49	58	41	13	5	13	18	8	8					
Grant	57	4	148	210	91	27	7	69	1	97	42					
Green Valley	33	208	241	175	7	2	81	2	87	90	74					
Hartland	80	4	159	243	79	18	18	68	1	87	50					
Herman	76	171	247	95	27	27	66	66	1	93	39					
Hutchins	25	6	111	141	2	2	36	1	36	43	32					
Lessor	37	1	141	181	104	13	13	80	5	98	67					
Maple Grove	181	5	78	213	53	34	1	37	1	72	3					
Mattoon, village	32	12	140	186	108	13	6	60	3	82	47					
Morris	15	1	140	156	125	8	8	82	1	90	74					
Navarino	15	1	63	82	48	7	1	38	1	47	31					
Pella	90	108	153	27	57	39	29	47	74	103	8					
Richmond	51	232	108	150	57	39	39	74	9	103	45					
Shawano, city	232	12	300	548	68	156	6	256	2	423	100					
ward 1	98	7	116	4	72	3	100	5	1	1						
ward 2	8	1	83	35	49	2	67	1	3	2						
ward 3	76	4	101	49	1	1	89	3	2							
Seneca	28	1	73	102	45	2	49	2	2	63	39					
Tigerton, village	41	1	74	119	30	10	50	50	2	73	27					
Washington	87	1	108	193	21	2	59	2	2	105	17					
Waukechon	76	3	95	175	19	1	50	1	1	91	11					
Wescott	44	5	33	80	8	16	23	1	1	49	7					
Wittenberg	38	5	138	183	100	14	4	90	2	103	76					
Wittenberg, village	47	4	153	205	103	22	3	122	2	149	100					
Total	1,709	94	3,344	28	5,475	99	1,734	738	45	1,850	38	2	2,673	2	1,114	2
Democratic plurality							99									
Net Rep. plurality							1,635									1,112

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

SHEBOYGAN CO.—																
Cedar Grove, village.	37	1	88	5	131	51	2	95	5	102	18	89				
Elkhart Lake	79	43	2	2	124	36	62	44	5	111	91					
Greenbush	109	14	203	2	338	94	46	137	2	199	73					
Herman	208	5	223	1	443	20	188	115	2	305	351					
Holland	102	7	483	2	600	383	62	413	1	484						
precinct 1	86	5	208	1			57	244	1							
precinct 2	16	2	190	2			5	169								

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR 1908.							GOVERNOR 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Kosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN CO.—																
Con.																
Lima	96	5	309	2		412		213	64	2	211	2		280		147
Lyndon	131	8	253	2		394		122	62	4	240	2		309		178
Mitchell	138	2	120	1		261	18		89	1	96	2	1	188		7
Mosel	41	1	121	1		164		80			92			133		51
Plymouth	113		184	1		293		71			136	1		230		50
Plymouth, city	340	6	385	41		712	15		195	7	291	33	1	535		96
ward 1	208	3	198	25					118	12	169	23	1			
ward 2	132	3	127	16					77	4	122	8				
Random Lake, village	71	1	29			101	42									
Rhine	104	2	124	1		231		20			73			165	19	
Russell	30		39	2		72		9						56		7
Scott	72	5	208	6		291		136	23	1	30	2		189		98
Sheboygan	197	5	134	23		411	13		43	2	141	4		261		44
Sheboygan, city	1,957	167	2,316	490	7	4,937		359	148	2	104	7		261	44	
ward 1	261	23	395	61					1,632	133	1,435	307	3	3,025	147	
ward 2	187	9	253	15					236	25	206	31	1			
ward 3	90	6	206	23					157	16	194	17				
ward 4	258	46	396	2					73	12	113	9				
ward 5	201	28	270	93	6				228	27	215	51				
ward 6	133	11	159	62					144	16	167	77	2			
ward 7	281	16	212	96					132	10	138	39				
ward 8, prec. 1	207	13	207	41					211	13	133	60				
ward 8, prec. 2	336	12	183	84					158	10	146	32				
Sheboygan Falls	166	4	152	38		330	14		295	9	79	51	25	261	2	

Sheboygan Falls, vil.	261	8	118	60	447	143	217	5	111	33	369	106	6	
Sherman	148	1	173	.....	327	30	128	7	134	2	271	.....	6	
Wilson	83	2	148	1	237	62	67	1	83	1	155	.....	19	
Total	4,486	244	5,858	683	11,281	281	1,653	203	4,151	502	6	8,238	409	1,194
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	409
Net Rep. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,372	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	785

TAYLOR COUNTY.

TAYLOR CO.—															
Aurora	10	1	40	.....	51	30	3	.....	22	.....	25	.....	19
Browning	28	.....	66	16	110	38	34	1	42	9	86	.....	8
Chelsea	72	.....	56	2	130	16	51	1	55	.....	109	.....	4
Cleveland	8	1	41	1	51	33	2	.....	13	.....	15	.....	11
Deer Creek	70	2	90	6	163	20	68	.....	69	5	142	.....	1
Goodrich	7	5	47	3	62	40	5	2	23	.....	30	.....	18
Greenwood	39	.....	63	1	103	24	33	1	51	2	87	.....	18
Grover	15	1	40	4	60	25	4	.....	21	.....	25	.....	17
Hammel	23	.....	30	3	61	2	18	.....	25	2	45	.....	7
Holway	15	.....	80	.....	97	65	7	1	46	.....	54	.....	39
Little Block	93	1	153	6	253	55	106	4	94	4	208	12	.....	
Maplehurst	19	3	21	2	45	2	6	.....	17	.....	23	.....	11
McKinley	15	.....	30	.....	45	15	10	.....	12	.....	22	.....	2
Medford	181	3	162	5	301	31	131	2	104	6	243	27	.....	
Medford, city	136	6	230	17	389	94	118	2	217	22	359	.....	99	
ward 1	45	2	90	7	.....	.....	41	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	38	3	54	7	.....	.....	33	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	53	1	86	3	.....	.....	44	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mollitor	22	.....	19	.....	41	3	14	.....	14	.....	23	.....	.....
Rib Lake	71	3	80	3	157	9	31	2	62	6	102	.....	31	
Rib Lake, village	54	6	141	4	205	87	24	12	196	4	236	.....	172	
Roosevelt	9	.....	50	11	70	39	1	.....	13	.....	14	.....	12
Westboro	49	5	162	2	218	113	41	8	141	.....	190	.....	160
Total	896	37	1,601	86	3,630	19	722	36	1,237	60	3	2,043	39	569	
Democratic plurality	19	39	
Net Rep. plurality	705	580	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottoma, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
TREMPEALEAU CO.—																
Albion	11	4	185			200		174	7	1	79			87		72
Arcadia	207	12	207	5		431		431	89	13	105			210		16
Arcadia, village	141	4	86	1		232	55	232	87	6	66		1	162	21	.....
Blair, village	19	5	98	3		125		79	3	1	90	2		94		87
Burnside	72		22	2		107	40	107	25		25			50		.....
Caledonia, town	19		53			72		34	6		13			19		7
Chimney Rock	16	4	156			176		140	10		60			70		50
Dodge	58		35			93	23	93	18		18			36		.....
Eleva, village	7	3	80	1		91		73	6	4	56			66		50
Ettrick	50	12	403	4		469		353	16	7	223			246		207
Gale	56	5	250			311		194	22		116	2		140		94
Galesville, village	53	3	177	1		234		124	21	7	88	1		118		68
Hale	61	7	283			356		227	30		106			136		76
Independence	76	2	62			140	14	140	35	2	50			87		15
Lincoln	37	14	86	1		138		49	9	5	52			66		43
Osseo, village	21	5	111			137		90	11	1	63			75		52
Pigeon	28	1	243	1		273		215	6		127	1		134		121
Preston	19	5	376	5		405		377	15	3	201	1		220		186
Summer	11		153			168		142	7	1	69			77		62
Trempealeau	46	12	149	2		209		103	14	7	47			68		33
Trempealeau, village	34	6	83			123		49	18	4	48			70		30
Unity	33	8	189			230		155	10	3	87			100		77
Whitehall, village	47	15	114	1		177		67	11	10	111			132		100
Total	1,122	131	3,616	28		4,897	132	2,621	476	75	1,901	9		2,463	21	1,446
Democratic plurality								132								21
Net Rep. plurality								2,494								1,425

VERNON COUNTY.

VERNON CO.—																					
Bergan	34	1	99	1	.....	135	.....	65	12	1	.....	78	.....	1	.....	92	.....	66	.....	196	.....
Christiana	29	3	247	.....	279	.....	218	8	.....	3	.....	204	.....	.....	215	.....	93	.....	198	.....	.....
Clinton	47	6	145	.....	198	.....	98	.....	20	.....	.....	113	.....	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coon	13	2	253	.....	238	.....	240	8	.....	2	.....	206	.....	.....	216	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coon Valley, village	3	.....	62	.....	1	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29
De Soto, village	12	.....	50	.....	1	.....	63	.....	7	4	.....	36	.....	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74
Forest	52	87	166	.....	1	.....	256	.....	13	13	.....	87	.....	.....	113	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	138
Franklin	108	2	165	.....	.....	.....	275	.....	34	2	.....	172	.....	.....	203	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Genoa	68	.....	93	.....	1	.....	162	.....	29	1	.....	40	.....	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29
Greenwood	63	4	88	.....	.....	.....	157	.....	20	3	.....	49	.....	1	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	128
Hamburg	38	3	181	.....	2	.....	224	.....	13	3	.....	141	.....	.....	157	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	68
Harmony	29	2	140	.....	1	.....	172	.....	12	1	.....	90	.....	1	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35
Hillsboro	70	.....	124	.....	1	.....	195	.....	21	5	.....	60	.....	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73
Hillsboro, village	29	2	97	.....	2	.....	180	.....	37	1	.....	110	.....	.....	148	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142
Jefferson	49	30	242	.....	3	.....	324	.....	15	18	.....	157	.....	.....	190	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	68
Kickapoo	45	10	112	.....	2	.....	169	.....	30	2	.....	98	.....	1	131	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
La Farge, village	53	11	109	.....	.....	.....	173	.....	27	10	.....	87	.....	1	125	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
Liberty	29	.....	72	.....	1	.....	102	.....	17	2	.....	48	.....	.....	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17
Ontario, village	20	12	41	.....	8	.....	81	.....	10	7	.....	27	.....	9	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Readstown, village	28	7	64	.....	.....	.....	99	.....	14	5	.....	41	.....	.....	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65
Stark	61	2	111	.....	1	.....	176	.....	23	2	.....	89	.....	.....	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	127
Sterling	45	4	196	.....	2	.....	217	.....	15	.....	.....	157	.....	.....	157	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Stoddard, village	32	.....	26	.....	2	.....	60	.....	1	.....	.....	44	.....	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Union	55	5	74	.....	2	.....	136	.....	14	7	.....	41	.....	1	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29
Viola, village	13	6	40	.....	1	.....	60	.....	6	5	.....	35	.....	1	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188
Viroqua	87	4	266	.....	3	.....	330	.....	37	6	.....	225	.....	.....	238	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206
Viroqua, city	210	17	325	.....	4	.....	556	.....	97	9	.....	303	.....	1	410	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 1	74	5	113	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	.....	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	56	3	101	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	.....	.....	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	80	9	111	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	34	2	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Webster	49	1	195	.....	.....	.....	245	.....	18	1	.....	127	.....	.....	146	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	109
Westby, village	52	4	138	.....	2	.....	196	.....	21	6	.....	136	.....	1	164	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	115
Wheatland	15	4	108	.....	.....	.....	127	.....	13	1	.....	60	.....	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47
Whitestown	51	20	93	.....	1	.....	135	.....	23	5	.....	72	.....	1	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46
Total	1,539	199	4,122	42	2	5,904	6	2,539	638	125	3,118	19	3,902	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,480
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,533	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,480

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1903-1906—Continued.

VILAS COUNTY.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1903.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Petton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Kostas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
VILAS CO.—																
Arbor Vitae	50	93	3	311	4	4	411	218	48	5	304	4	1	362	256	
precinct 1	15	1	201	21												
precinct 2	23	2	89													
precinct 3	13		20	3			36	17								
Conover	97	5	112	11			225	15	102	1	180	15	1	299	78	
Eagle River	9		41				50	32	13	2	131	4		150	118	
Flambeau	5	1	19				25	14								
Farmington	26	4	138	3			171	112	24	4	67	2		97	43	
Heackley	13	6	117				136	94								
precinct 1	11	3	71													
precinct 2	2	3	46													
State Line	6		36	1			43	30								
Total	262	19	794	22		1,097	532	187	12	632	25	2	908	495		
Net Rep. plurality							532	532						495	495	

WALWORTH COUNTY.

WALWORTH CO.—															
Bloomfield	46	5	100			151	54	16		2	53	3		74	37
Darien	103	10	203			316	100	47		4	101			152	54
Delavan	53	1	139			193	81	17		3	63			88	51

Delavan, city	140	21	847	2	1	511	207	87	16	235	1	339	148
ward 1	41	6	83					26	4	66	1		
ward 2	62	7	125					33	4	80			
ward 3	37	8	139	2	1			23	8	89			
East Troy	58	14	123	1		101	70	28	2	55	2	97	17
East Troy, village	57	11	85	1		154	28	37	5	83		125	46
Elkhorn, city	140	28	275	3		446	135	99	20	274	4	397	175
ward 1	51	13	84					44	7	86	1		
ward 2	42	4	108	3				24	6	105	3		
ward 3	47	11	83					31	7	82			
Geneva	58	31	114			203	56	40	11	71	2	124	31
Genoa Junction, vil.	22	5	143			175	126	8		83		96	80
Lafayette	65	13	123	1		202	58	51	1	87		139	36
La Grange	42	14	129	2		187	87	14	4	89	1	103	75
Lake Geneva, city	166	52	382	7	2	609	216	105	26	326	9	468	221
ward 1	56	24	190	5	1			40	11	118	3		
ward 2	44	13	93					23	9	91	3		
ward 3	66	15	159	2	1			42	6	117	3		
Linn	67	8	166	2		243	89	25	2	71	1	99	46
Lyons	124	17	136			277	12	82	6	91		179	9
Richmond	57	6	93			156	36	24	4	63		91	39
Sharon	45	7	142	1		195	97	6	1	41		48	85
Sharon, village	44	26	164	1		235	120	31	22	95	8	151	64
Spring Prairie	59	14	170	2		245	111	19	4	93	1	117	74
Sugar Creek	32	31	140	3		206	103	15	6	95	4	126	64
Troy	60	21	123	4		208	63	29	3	93		133	75
Walworth	66	33	272	2		373	206	26	6	101		91	71
Walworth, village	25	16	120	1		162	95	7	6	73		90	53
Whitewater	43	5	115			163	67	17	3	70		647	291
Whitewater, city	269	37	454	36		756	185	146	34	437	30		
ward 1	81	6	106	17				32	2	115	15		
ward 2	100	13	214	9				53	17	189	9		
ward 3	89	13	134	10				56	15	123	6		
Total	1,846	426	4,263	70	3	6,083	2,417	986	191	2,858	61	3	4,099
Net Rep. plurality							2,417						1,872
													1,372

WASHBURN COUNTY.

WASHBURN CO.—													
Baronette	14		34	6		20	4		23	1		23	19
Bashan	13	7	93	1		80	11	3	89			94	69
Brooklyn	3		26			23	2		21			23	19

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

WASHBURN COUNTY—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottena, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosaas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WASHBURN CO.—Con.																
Casey	6	1	34	1		42		28	1		44			45		43
Chicog	5		25	8	1	39		17	2		21			26		19
Frog Creek	2		24			26		22	3	1	18			17		10
Gull Lake	12		11			23	1		5		11			16		6
Long Lake	20	1	39	1		61		19	13		36			49		23
Loomis	22	5	35			62		13	18		46			68		28
Minong	24	3	93	2		122		69	7		65		1	72		58
Sorona	18		29	3		50		11	12		27			39		15
Shell Lake	59	11	177			247		118	29	10	173			213		144
Spooner	18		77	7		102		59	14		43		1	66		29
Spooner, village	48	2	213	21		289		170	30	2	159		27	218		129
Spring Brook	15	2	61			78		46	18		1			57		30
Stinnett	11	2	50			63		39	8		1			31		14
Stone Lake	6		20			26		14	1		11			12		10
Trego	17	3	83	2		105		66	11	3	62		2	78		51
Total	318	37	1,134	52	1	1,542	1	814	184	21	900	45	2	1,152		716
Dem. plurality								1								
Net Rep. plurality								816								716

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

WASHINGTON CO.—																	
Addison	261	2	94	.....	.....	357	167	.....	252	5	77	.....	.....	.....	334	175	.....
Barton	155	2	97	1	.....	255	88	.....	124	2	88	12	.....	.....	226	36	.....
Erin	183	.....	96	3	.....	282	87	.....	159	.....	76	6	.....	.....	241	83	.....
Farmington	149	.....	163	.....	.....	312	14	.....	107	.....	114	.....	.....	.....	221	.....	7
Germantown	181	6	231	4	.....	422	50	.....	148	2	157	2	.....	.....	309	.....	9
Hartford	155	4	149	.....	.....	308	6	.....	151	2	103	5	.....	.....	261	48	.....
Hartford, city	225	8	304	24	.....	561	79	.....	220	12	265	49	.....	.....	542	.....	45
ward 1	128	7	168	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	124	.....	145	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	97	1	136	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	7	120	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	108	2	240	1	.....	351	132	.....	84	5	186	.....	.....	.....	275	.....	102
Kewaskum	73	.....	122	.....	.....	195	49	.....	74	1	70	.....	.....	.....	145	4	.....
Kewaskum, village	82	.....	77	2	.....	161	5	.....	57	2	79	1	.....	.....	139	.....	22
Polk	112	3	191	5	.....	311	79	.....	122	2	165	1	.....	.....	290	.....	43
Richfield	200	4	131	1	.....	336	69	.....	173	4	139	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	43
Schleisingsville, vil.	58	.....	45	10	.....	113	13	.....	44	.....	42	17	.....	.....	286	64	.....
Trenton	199	2	99	4	.....	304	100	.....	190	2	61	1	.....	.....	103	2	.....
Wayne	115	2	162	1	.....	280	47	.....	98	2	135	.....	.....	.....	255	129	.....
West Bend	108	2	75	3	.....	183	33	.....	105	2	61	1	.....	.....	235	.....	37
West Bend, city	303	3	215	16	.....	537	88	.....	238	5	184	39	.....	.....	466	54	.....
ward 1	103	1	78	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	106	1	75	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	94	1	62	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,667	40	2,491	75	.....	5,276	628	450	2,346	48	1,972	130	1	4,497	639	265	265
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	450	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	265	.....	.....
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	374	.....

Scattering: Barton 2, Kewaskum 1.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

WAUKESHA CO.—																	
Brookfield	201	10	167	15	.....	392	34	.....	139	4	141	3	.....	.....	287	.....	2
Delafield	110	4	252	11	.....	377	142	.....	69	2	163	2	.....	.....	236	.....	94
Eagle	86	9	82	6	.....	183	4	.....	45	5	67	1	.....	.....	118	.....	22
Eagle, village	59	5	31	.....	.....	95	28	.....	35	2	39	2	.....	.....	78	.....	4
Genesee	120	27	198	9	.....	354	78	.....	91	14	193	4	.....	.....	307	.....	107

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

WAUKESHA COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottenna, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WAUKESHA CO.—Con.																
Hartland, village	55	9	109	4		177	54		89	1	83			132		49
Lisbon	144	23	168	14	1	350	24	100	16	156	2			274		56
Menomonie	206	14	185	23		429	21	129	6	118	19			272	11	
Menomonie Falls, vil.	122	40	110	5		377	12	55	31	109	5			200		54
Merton	168	10	218			396		123	4	191	2			320		68
Mukwanago	47	8	108	3		166		61	8	99	1			145		62
Mukwanago, village	49	8	96			153		47	19	84				110		65
Muskego	91	5	171	2	1	276	80	85	7	130	3		1	220		45
New Berlin	187	8	136	3		334	51	139	4	98	3			244	41	
Oconomowoc	102	2	169	9		282		67	1	115				106		35
Oconomowoc, city	225	18	423	8		674		198	15	314	5			511		137
precinct 1	141	7	207	5						161						
precinct 2	84	11	216	3				116	3	153	4					
Ottawa	102	7	136			245		34		106	1			191		28
Pewaukee	181	8	195	3		387		153	1	162	3			324		4
Pewaukee, village	82	7	98			190		64	2	94	1			161		30
Summitt	59		193	5		257		134	4	143	5			219		76
Vernon	59	26	229	2		316		170	43	206				270		163
Waukesha	86	8	127	2		223		41	61	124	3			193		63
Waukesha, city	741	56	945	81		1,823		593	10	967	61			1,653		374
ward 1	112	6	181	16				83		151	13					
ward 2	167	6	177	31				173	10	173	25					
ward 3	111	1	123	9				102	6	111	11					

ward 4	149	16	192	10					115	8	183	4				
ward 5	72	8	140	8					49	3	145	4				
ward 6	130	19	182	7					71	5	199	4				
Total	3,282	312	4,546	214	2	3,356	150	1,414	2,431	192	3,912	130	1	6,666	52	1,533
Dem. plurality								150								52
Net Rep. plurality								1,264								1,481

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WAUPACA COUNTY.

WAUPACA CO.—																	
Bear Creek	57		109	1		167		52	26		57	1				84	31
Caledonia	43		97	1		146		49	34		38	1				74	4
Clintonville, city	151	18	199	3		371		48	69		172				260		103
ward 1	30	2	37							5	31						
ward 2	41	3	32	3					13	3	30						
ward 3	36	1	49						18		45						
ward 4	44	12	81						22	10	66						
Dayton	26	25	121	18		190		95	6	15	71	7				99	65
Dupont	37	1	130			163		98	10		71					81	61
Embarrass, village	24	2	51	1		78		27	10	2	30	2				44	20
Farmington	60	24	423	6	1	514		363	19	13	286	11				331	267
precinct 1	21	3	173	2	1				5		67	1					
precinct 2	39	21	250	4					14	13	219	10					
Fremont	16	1	58	2		77		42	3	1	25					29	22
Fremont, village	24		46			70		22	5	2	15		1			23	10
Harrison	5	1	133	3		142		123	3	1	66	1				71	63
Helvetia	12	2	124			138		112	4		54	1				59	50
Iola	5	1	131	1		183		176	2		101					103	99
Iola, village	15	1	199	3		218		184	5	1	116					122	111
Larabee	51	3	149	1		204		98	31	2	74	1				108	43
Lebanon	84		69			153	15		49		26					75	23
Lind	35	10	122	6		173		87	14	4	47	1				66	33
Little Wolf	62	3	133			138		71	25	2	64	1				92	39
Manawa, village	42	4	129	1		176		87	16	3	109					123	98
Marion, village	51	3	89			143		38	14	1	62	2	1			80	48
Matteson	20	11	131			162		111	6	3	25					34	19
Mukwa	59	6	104	1		170		45	17	2	47					66	30

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

WAUPACA COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WAUPACA CO.—Con.																
New London, city	70	202	10	321	8	541		119	92	14	191	8		305		99
ward 1	46	3	87	2					30	0	57	2				
ward 2	46	3	74	3					20	2	36	1				
ward 3																
ward 4	60	3	94	3					26	5	65	4				
ward 5	26	3	66						16	1	33	1				
Royalton	52	10	114	2		178		62	12	4	52	3		71		40
Scandinavia	2	1	226			229		234	1	1	136			139		135
Scandinavia, village	12	1	89	1		103		77	5		56			61		51
St. Lawrence	23	10	231			264		203	8	7	137	1		153		129
Union	17	5	145			167		128	11		60	1		72		49
Waupaca	37	4	145	5		191		108	13	2	52	1		68		39
Waupaca, city	120	49	427	74		670		307	39	20	270	44		373		231
ward 1	42	8	114	21					8	3	76	16				
ward 2	26	15	100	25					12	2	50	8				
ward 3	19	14	119	17					7	3	80	9				
ward 4	33	12	94	11					12	7	64	11				
Weyauwega	32	3	61	3		99		29	13	3	36			52		23
Weyauwega, village	84	23	95	1		203		11	33	13	67	3		117		34
Wyoming	40		77			117		37	12	2	39			53		27
Total	1,505	232	4,738	142	1	6,608	15	3,223	607	137	2,652	90	2	3,493	23	2,068
Dem. plurality								15								23
Net Rep. plurality								3,223								2,045

Scattering: Clintonville, 1; Farmington, 2; Scandinavia, 1; Weyauwega village, 1; Waupaca, 1.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

WAUSHARA CO.—																	
Aurora	36	3	117	2		158		81	12		3	75			92		C3
Berlin, city									5			3			8	2	
ward 2, precinct 2..	8					8	8				3						
Bloomfield	23	2	133		1	159		110	5	2		64			71		59
Coloma	34	9	140	3		186		106	13	5		91			110		78
Dakota	9	4	77			90		68	2	3		56	1		61		51
Deerfield	5	5	97	3		110		92	4	1		56			61		52
Hancock	18	4	109	2		133		91	9	1		89			99		80
Hancock, village	14	5	100	2		121		86	1	4		105	1		111		104
Leon	18	4	142	2		166		124	15	1		120	3		159		105
Marion	32	3	142	4		181		110	11	5		107	1		124		96
Mt. Morris	13	1	139	1		154		126	1	1		111			113		110
Oasis	25	2	85	3		115		60	17	5		71	1		94		54
Plainfield	8	7	129	8		152		121	4	1		99	1		105		95
Plainfield, village	25	16	110	27		178		83	24	4		114	3	1	146		50
Poy Sippi	23	3	169	5		209		146	5	3		103	3		114		98
Red Granite, village..	42	4	145	11	13	215		103	16	2		89			107		73
Richford	29	1	77	2		109		43	10			54			64		44
Rose	19	13	122			153		103	5	5		101			111		96
Saxeville	22	12	96	1		131		74	6	8		80			96		74
Springwater	12	6	113	1		132		101	6	3		88	1		98		82
Warren	21	3	108	2		134		87	10	1		27			38		17
Wautoma	14	2	137	1		154		123	5			103			108		98
Wautoma, village	48	7	161	3		219		113	15	6		178			199		163
Wild Rose, village	17	13	101			131		84	11	14		90			115		79
Total	515	128	2,749	83	14	3,489	8	2,240	212	78	2,074	17	1	2,384	2	1,864	
Dem. plurality								8									2
Net Rep. plurality								2,234									1,862

Scattering: Saxeville, 2; Dakota, 2.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

WINNEBAGO CO.—																	
Algoma	41	11	143			195		102	25	5	79				107		54
Black Wolf	68		83			151		15	35	1	72				108		37
Clayton	95	4	142	1		212		47	75	3	52	1			131	23	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.							GOVERNOR, 1906.								
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WINNEBAGO CO.—																
Con.						135		5								
Menasha	63	3	68	1		135		5	41		41	2		84		
Menasha, city	818	16	337	27		1,198	481		613	13	279	27	5	937	334	
ward 1	223	6	104	8					171	5	89	3	1			
ward 2	226	1	69	10					175		50	10				
ward 3	99	6	98	4					46	4	77	1	1			
ward 4	270	3	66	5					221	4	63	13	3			
Neenah	46	8	72	1		127		23	30	3	38	1	1	73		8
Neenah, city	604	42	538	34	1	1,279	6		331	27	496	60	2	916		165
ward 1	178	11	187	5	1				89	13	160	18	1			
ward 2	163	11	131	13					97	4	136	11				
ward 3	207	15	224	14					109	8	170	30				
ward 4	56	5	56	2					36	2	30	1	1			
Nekima	30	5	163	2		200		133	38	5	109			152		71
Nepeskuam	40	11	151			202		111	25	12	119			156		94
Omro	37	15	173	1		226		136	23	9	95			127		72
Omro, village	57	45	220	1		323		163	32	31	157	4		224		125
Oshkosh	65		168	12		248		103	25	5	105	7		142		80
Oshkosh, city	3,016	208	3,316	202	1	3,744		300	1,952	124	3,001	111	9	5,197		1,019
ward 1	150	3	198	6					97	4	150	1	1			
ward 2	273	5	227	15					196	2	229	13				
ward 3	150	11	188	14					107	5	177	2				
ward 4	259	11	237	9	1				160	8	233	16	2			
ward 5	153	54	372	17					78	33	308	10	1			
ward 6	383	7	178	28					260	5	185	7	1			
ward 7	89	14	267	2					57	12	226					
ward 8	213	3	189	28					156	7	213	11				
ward 9	191	6	257	13					132	4	252	6				

ward 10	237	38	379	20						129	15	328	9						
ward 11	206	6	182	17						178	1	155	17	1					
ward 12	206	18	335	10						120	4	268	1						
ward 13	431	32	307	23						231	24	277	18	3					
Poygan	73	3	87	1		164				14	30	58		1		80			28
Rushford	74	16	225	1		316				41	12	154				207			113
Utica	25	7	181	1		217				17	5	134		1		158			117
Vinland	53	2	133			193				30	3	72				105			42
Winchester	30		100			220				15	6	150				171			135
Winneconne	40	3	97	1		141				16	2	65		3		83			49
Winneconne, village	60	12	132	2		223				45	5	111		1		162			66
Wolf River	52		107	1		160				30		84				114			54
Total	5,887	414	6,814	289	2	12907	487	1,014		3,469	271	5,421	218	19	9,448	357	2,350		
Democratic plurality								487									857		
Net Rep. plurality								1,427											2,002

Scattering: Oshkosh, ward 12, 1.

WOOD COUNTY.

WOOD CO.—																			
Arpin	53	8	92	7		160		39		25	6	71	5			107			46
Auburndale	81		94			175		13		33		112	1			146			69
Auburndale, village	17		49	3		69		32		1		63	2			66			72
Cary	3	1	29			33		26		4	2	25				31			21
Cameron	23	3	21	1		48	2			11	1	29	1			42			18
Cranmoor	20		13	2		40	2			13		16	1			30			3
Dexter	24	3	30	1		58		6		23		26	4		2	55			3
Grand Rapids	86	6	103	9		209		22		52	1	73	7			133			21
Grand Rapids, city	435	23	714	123	1	1,293		279		311	30	600	62		1,003				259
ward 1	59	2	62	6				42		4	48	8							
ward 2	65	3	113	14				43		5	106	11							
ward 3	52	8	97	3	1			41		8	79	2							
ward 4	54		120	17				32		4	111	4							
ward 5	56	4	86	30				48			73	10							
ward 6	63	1	86	23				33		1	74	13							
ward 7	50	2	85	17				40		3	59	9							
ward 8	36	3	65	8				32		5	50	5							
Hanson	51	4	77	12	1	145		26			86	5		1	133				55
Hiles	9	1	11	3		24		2		4	15				19				11
Lincoln	121	1	97			219	24			48		94	2		145				46

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1908-1906—Continued.
WOOD COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	GOVERNOR, 1908.								GOVERNOR, 1906.							
	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.		John A. Aylward, Dem.	Ephraim L. Eaton, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Winfield R. Gayford, Soc. Dem.	Ole T. Rosas, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WOOD CO.—Con.																
Marshfield	90	3	47			140	43		58	3	47	2		110	11	
Marshfield, city	642	33	420	29		1,124	222		360	22	504	31		917		144
ward 1	154		35	6				99	4	43	7					
ward 2	86	1	38	1				37		42	2					
ward 3	102	6	104	6				57	3	118	10					
ward 4	130	12	113	6				69	4	153	2					
ward 5	98	5	93	4				54	10	105	1					
ward 6	72	5	32	6				44	1	43	3					
Milladore, village	103	4	70	2		179	33		52		56	1		109		4
Nekoosa, village	169	3	132	16		300	37		73	4	82			159		9
Port Edwards	54		42			93	12		23	3	47	2	1	76		24
Port Edwards, village	36		87	1		124	51		34		53	1		88		19
Pittsville, city	26	1	74	4		105	48		23	1	74	4		102		51
ward 1	9	1	46	2				9		39						
ward 2	7		11					7	1	20	1					
ward 3	10		17					7		15	3					
Remington	48		56	1		105	8		38		41	1		80		3
Richfield	38	9	80	1		127	51		18		72	2		92		54
Rock	26	7	117	1		151	91		15		79			93		64
Rudolph	93	2	111	5		211	18		55	1	84			140		29
Saratoga	22		60	14		115	37		14	2	47	9	1	73		33
Seneca	31		54	3		83	23		7	1	44			52		27
Sherry	40	3	79	3		125	39		18	3	65	1		87		47
Sigel	131	9	139	10		280	8		70	3	111	1		185		41
Wood	41	1	81	5		128	40		17		67	10		94		50
Total	2,523	125	3,007	256	2	5,913	375	859	1,431	83	2,683	155	5	4,362	11	1,203
Democratic plurality							375								11	11
Net Rep. plurality								484								1,252

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULATION, 1905, VOTE AND PLURALITIES FOR GOVERNOR, 1906.

COUNTIES.	Popu- lation 1905.	Ayl- ward, Dem.	Eaton, Pro.	David- son, Rep.	Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Rosas. Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities	
								Dem	Rep.
Adams	9,032	212	16	699	9	.....	939	.....	487
Ashland	23,935	768	82	1,796	229	3	2,878	.....	1,023
Barron	28,376	303	153	1,797	123	7	2,385	.....	1,494
Bayfield	15,901	150	52	1,356	92	4	1,663	.....	1,197
Brown	52,026	1,854	91	3,314	224	6	5,489	.....	1,460
Buffalo	16,523	637	30	1,449	9	2	2,136	.....	812
Burnett	9,231	59	43	1,040	38	10	1,195	.....	981
Calumet	16,887	1,238	35	1,113	99	.....	2,515	125	.....
Chippewa	32,000	1,406	99	2,343	49	3	3,900	.....	937
Clark	29,344	672	87	2,493	34	4	3,259	.....	1,790
Columbia	31,192	1,371	131	3,200	102	3	4,807	.....	1,329
Crawford	16,923	1,177	35	1,710	42	.....	2,964	.....	533
Dane	75,457	5,120	380	6,843	172	5	12,520	.....	1,723
Dodge	45,773	4,731	110	2,749	47	.....	7,643	1,985	.....
Door	19,631	277	37	1,099	41	2	2,053	.....	1,422
Douglas	43,499	987	111	2,391	333	23	3,848	.....	1,404
Dunn	23,074	218	56	1,874	56	1	2,245	.....	1,616
Eau Claire	33,519	1,036	116	2,837	123	4	4,148	.....	1,771
Florence	3,522	55	3	335	2	.....	395	.....	280
Fond du Lac	50,325	3,779	205	4,073	124	5	8,183	.....	294
Forest	5,968	113	26	884	26	6	1,055	.....	771
Grant	39,629	2,100	222	4,249	40	3	6,616	.....	2,149
Green	22,390	1,112	135	1,905	113	1	3,267	.....	793
Green Lake	15,838	1,302	65	1,716	31	1	3,115	.....	414
Iowa	22,971	1,472	145	2,635	13	.....	4,265	.....	1,163
Iron	6,559	221	26	1,025	50	3	1,325	.....	804
Jackson	17,579	323	43	1,871	13	.....	2,250	.....	1,543
Jefferson	34,293	3,217	120	2,622	82	2	6,043	505	.....
Juneau	20,759	1,100	51	2,406	28	2	3,583	.....	1,306
Kenosha	27,376	1,635	187	2,090	284	10	4,206	.....	455
Kewaunee	17,003	1,194	29	1,362	69	3	2,657	.....	168
La Crosse	42,850	2,534	193	4,259	129	3	7,171	.....	1,675
Lafayette	20,277	1,523	63	2,233	18	1	3,343	.....	715
Langlade	15,733	1,235	43	1,365	26	2	2,671	.....	130
Lincoln	19,125	1,047	51	1,652	68	.....	2,818	.....	605
Manitowoc	44,796	2,971	75	3,483	668	2	7,205	.....	512
Marathon	50,249	3,435	138	3,695	150	17	7,435	.....	260
Marquette	33,730	1,603	161	2,658	107	1	3,933	.....	1,652
Marquette	10,974	812	63	1,359	13	.....	2,247	.....	547
Milwaukee	363,721	12,856	1,039	24,521	17,031	124	55,571	.....	7,490
Monroe	29,263	1,153	87	2,334	40	.....	3,620	.....	1,178
Oconto	24,580	870	61	1,967	80	1	2,979	.....	1,097
Oneida	11,234	613	48	1,197	146	.....	2,004	.....	534
Outagamie	49,015	3,026	147	3,794	76	5	7,048	.....	768
Ozaukee	17,476	1,664	29	1,012	90	.....	2,795	652	.....
Pepin	7,539	231	31	657	4	.....	954	.....	396
Pierce	23,433	342	89	1,830	44	3	2,358	.....	1,533
Polk	20,835	182	61	1,566	166	7	1,981	.....	1,384
Portage	30,861	1,675	93	2,265	36	1	4,075	.....	590
Price	12,353	527	87	1,512	105	5	2,238	.....	985
Racine	50,228	2,065	242	3,547	891	90	6,836	.....	1,482
Richland	19,345	1,035	203	2,070	45	3	3,361	.....	1,035
Rock	53,641	1,321	299	3,917	153	13	5,704	.....	2,596
Rusk	9,748	151	36	1,049	31	5	1,272	.....	898
St. Croix	26,713	1,287	83	2,351	90	3	3,320	.....	1,037
Sauk	32,835	1,509	302	3,101	22	1	4,936	.....	1,592
Sawyer	5,014	221	11	735	10	.....	985	.....	506
Shawano	31,037	738	45	1,850	38	2	2,673	.....	1,112
Sheboygan	52,070	3,366	203	4,151	502	6	8,228	.....	785
Taylor	12,481	707	36	1,237	60	3	2,043	.....	530
Trempealeau	23,387	476	75	1,901	9	2	2,463	.....	1,425
Vernon	29,161	638	123	3,135	19	.....	3,902	.....	2,480
Vilas	5,436	187	12	682	25	2	908	.....	495
Walworth	30,537	993	191	2,858	61	3	4,099	.....	1,872
Washburn	7,483	184	21	906	45	2	1,152	.....	716
Washington	23,476	2,346	48	1,972	130	1	4,498	374	.....
Waukesha	35,822	2,431	132	3,912	130	1	6,636	.....	1,481
Waupaca	33,467	607	137	2,652	90	2	3,433	.....	2,045
Waushara	17,643	212	73	2,074	17	1	2,384	.....	1,362
Winnebago	60,300	3,469	271	5,471	218	19	9,448	.....	2,002
Wood	30,389	1,431	83	2,683	155	5	4,302	.....	1,322
Total	1,223,940	103,114	8,215	183,526	24,435	456	319,775	1,731	79,968
Dem. plurality									3,731
Net Rep. plural									80,412

Scattering, 29, as follows: Adams 3, Barron 2, Eau Claire 2, Grant 2, Green 1, Juneau 1, Monroe 1, Pepin 1, Polk 2, Price 2, Racine 1, Rock 1, Sauk 1, Vernon 1, Washington 1, Waupaca 5, Waushara 2.

POPULATION 1905, VOTE AND PLURALITIES FOR GOVERNOR, 1903.

COUNTIES.	Popula- tion, 1905.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winifred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
								Dem.	Rep.
Adams	9,062	402	55	1,186	21	-1	1,665	.....	781
Ashland	23,935	1,563	104	2,211	204	1	4,083	.....	648
Barron	28,376	992	263	3,434	118	4	4,814	10	2,449
Bayfield	15,904	500	70	1,935	162	7	2,721	.....	1,476
Brown	52,026	3,249	139	4,944	485	10	8,827	255	1,950
Buflalo	16,523	982	59	1,933	20	.....	2,994	72	1,021
Burnett	9,261	201	82	1,268	54	3	1,693	.....	1,067
Calumet	16,839	1,676	35	1,567	71	1	3,350	419	1,440
Chippewa	32,000	2,160	133	3,491	70	.....	5,863	87	1,368
Clark	29,344	1,503	162	3,477	78	4	5,224	19	1,993
Columbia	31,192	2,341	182	4,046	129	1	6,600	60	1,765
Crawford	16,926	1,602	78	2,014	43	2	3,739	367	779
Dane	75,457	7,815	453	9,841	243	3	17,360	1,442	2,968
Dodge	45,773	6,023	174	3,763	60	.....	10,023	2,475	204
Door	19,631	643	56	2,481	56	.....	3,243	.....	1,850
Douglas	43,499	1,616	280	3,612	37	135	6,270	.....	1,996
Dunn	26,074	713	109	3,369	105	.....	4,236	.....	2,042
Eau Claire	33,519	1,842	194	3,903	157	2	6,098	79	2,140
Florence	3,322	105	13	541	4	.....	663	.....	436
Fond du Lac	50,825	5,231	239	5,679	173	3	11,325	887	1,335
Forest	5,968	233	33	1,030	42	1	1,334	.....	747
Grant	39,629	3,636	306	4,383	83	.....	8,943	607	1,821
Green	22,390	1,915	220	2,429	115	.....	4,679	152	666
Green Lake	15,833	1,637	63	2,013	29	.....	3,747	130	511
Iowa	22,971	2,076	243	2,933	16	.....	5,263	227	1,031
Iron	6,559	292	45	1,118	42	1	1,498	.....	818
Jackson	17,379	520	53	2,660	56	1	3,275	23	2,159
Jefferson	34,283	4,550	176	3,053	61	1	7,876	1,903	331
Juneau	20,759	1,635	73	2,498	36	3	4,235	129	1,002
Kenosha	27,376	2,029	230	3,349	630	.....	6,233	43	1,343
Kewaunee	17,003	1,714	27	1,603	43	.....	3,393	430	319
La Crosse	42,850	3,970	197	4,399	103	3	8,672	310	739
Lafayette	20,277	2,079	99	2,314	22	1	5,045	210	975
Langlade	15,738	1,367	70	1,807	27	.....	3,271	46	436
Lincoln	19,125	1,849	66	2,276	94	.....	4,235	55	482
Manitowoc	44,796	3,993	63	4,093	96	3	9,033	474	579
Marathon	50,249	4,804	149	5,089	255	.....	10,297	670	955
Marinette	33,730	1,451	245	3,477	124	2	5,299	.....	2,026
Marquette	10,974	831	46	1,521	19	1	2,418	43	733
Milwaukee	363,721	26,917	1,396	26,243	13,423	107	73,093	2,614	1,936
Monroe	29,263	2,117	107	3,304	95	1	5,624	273	1,465
Oconto	24,580	1,508	100	2,944	101	2	4,655	14	1,450
Oneida	11,234	634	36	1,453	351	.....	2,524	17	731
Outagamie	49,015	4,366	203	4,971	110	9	9,659	533	1,193
Ozaukee	17,476	1,913	24	1,117	53	2	3,114	796	.....
Pepin	7,569	444	39	995	4	.....	1,432	67	613
Pierce	23,433	837	136	2,984	43	.....	4,000	.....	2,147
Polk	20,835	570	143	3,024	121	2	3,860	.....	2,413
Portage	30,361	2,336	97	3,266	46	3	5,793	621	1,501
Price	12,353	546	82	1,707	260	1	2,598	.....	1,037
Racine	50,223	4,035	435	5,029	731	3	10,324	383	1,367
Richland	19,345	1,724	280	2,343	51	3	4,401	119	738
Rock	53,641	3,130	402	7,781	269	17	11,592	6	4,657
Rusk	9,743	442	46	1,439	84	3	2,014	9	1,003
St. Croix	26,716	1,650	92	3,325	71	1	5,139	180	1,355
Sauk	32,325	2,536	334	3,783	31	1	6,690	253	1,505
Sawyer	5,044	260	20	849	14	.....	1,143	3	592
Shawano	31,067	1,709	94	3,344	29	.....	5,175	99	1,734
Sheboygan	52,070	4,436	244	5,853	633	10	11,231	231	1,633
Taylor	12,431	896	37	1,601	86	.....	2,620	19	722
Trempealeau	23,357	1,122	131	3,616	23	.....	4,897	132	2,626
Vernon	29,161	1,539	199	4,122	42	2	5,904	6	2,539
Vilas	5,436	262	19	794	22	.....	1,097	.....	532
Walworth	30,557	1,846	423	4,263	70	3	6,603	.....	2,417
Washburn	7,433	318	37	1,134	52	1	1,542	1	814
Washington	23,476	2,667	40	2,491	75	.....	5,276	626	450
Waukesha	33,323	3,232	312	4,546	214	2	8,356	150	1,414
Waupaca	33,467	1,505	232	4,723	142	1	6,603	15	3,238
Waushara	17,643	515	123	2,749	83	14	3,439	8	2,240
Winnebago	60,300	5,337	414	6,314	239	3	12,907	437	1,914
Wood	30,380	2,523	125	3,007	256	2	5,913	375	850
Total	2,228,949	165,977	11,754	242,963	23,533	394	449,677	19,756	93,564

Scattering: Price, 2; Racine, 1; Washington, 3.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TOTAL POPULATION 1900, MALES OF VOTING AGE, AND VOTES CAST, 1908.

COUNTIES.	Total population 1900.	MALES 21 YRS. AND OVER.			Total vote 1908.	VOTE FOR GOVERNOR. 1908.			Males 21 yrs. and over to each vote.
		Total number.	Per cent of population.	Pop. to each male 21 yrs. and over.		Per cent of population.	Per cent to males of voting age.	Pop. to each vote cast.	
Adams	9,141	2,513	27.5	3.6	1,635	18.2	66.3	5.49	1.51
Ashland	20,176	6,598	32.7	3.1	4,083	20.2	61.9	4.94	1.62
Barron	23,677	6,092	25.7	3.8	4,814	20.3	79.0	4.92	1.27
Bayfield	14,392	5,525	38.4	2.6	2,721	18.9	49.2	5.29	2.03
Brown	46,359	11,622	25.1	4.0	8,827	19.0	76.0	5.25	1.32
Buffalo	16,765	4,392	26.2	3.8	2,994	17.9	68.2	5.60	1.47
Burnett	7,478	1,997	26.7	3.7	1,608	21.5	80.5	4.65	1.24
Calumet	17,078	4,380	25.6	3.9	3,350	19.6	76.5	5.10	1.31
Chippewa	33,037	8,954	27.1	3.7	5,833	23.8	88.0	4.16	1.14
Clark	25,848	6,748	26.1	3.8	5,224	20.2	77.4	4.95	1.29
Columbia	31,121	8,983	28.4	3.5	6,690	21.5	74.5	4.65	1.34
Crawford	17,286	4,694	27.2	3.7	3,739	21.6	79.7	4.62	1.26
Dane	69,435	19,972	28.8	3.5	17,830	25.7	89.4	3.89	1.12
Dodge	46,631	13,329	28.6	3.5	10,029	21.5	75.2	4.65	1.33
Door	17,533	4,459	25.4	3.9	3,248	18.5	75.1	5.41	1.37
Douglas	36,335	13,564	37.3	2.7	6,270	17.3	46.2	5.80	2.16
Dunn	25,043	6,457	25.8	3.9	4,296	17.2	66.5	5.83	1.50
Eau Claire	31,692	8,068	25.6	3.9	6,098	19.2	75.3	5.20	1.33
Florence	3,197	981	30.7	3.3	663	20.7	67.6	4.82	1.48
Fond du Lac	47,589	13,579	28.5	3.5	11,325	23.8	83.4	4.20	1.20
Forest	1,396	487	34.9	2.9	1,394	99.9	286.2	1.00	.35
Grant	33,881	10,652	27.3	3.7	8,943	23.0	84.0	4.35	1.19
Green	22,719	6,413	28.2	3.5	4,670	20.6	73.0	4.86	1.37
Green Lake	15,797	4,264	27.0	3.7	3,747	23.7	87.9	4.22	1.14
Iowa	23,116	6,459	27.9	3.6	5,268	22.8	81.6	4.39	1.23
Iron	6,614	2,242	33.9	2.9	1,498	22.6	66.8	4.42	1.50
Jackson	17,466	4,662	26.7	3.7	3,275	18.8	70.2	5.33	1.42
Jefferson	34,789	9,654	27.7	3.6	7,876	22.6	81.6	4.42	1.23
Juneau	20,629	5,797	28.1	3.6	4,235	20.5	73.1	4.87	1.37
Kenosha	21,707	6,318	29.2	3.4	6,238	28.7	93.3	3.48	1.02
Kewaunee	17,212	4,436	25.8	3.9	3,392	19.7	78.5	5.07	1.31
La Crosse	42,997	11,461	26.7	3.8	8,672	20.2	75.7	4.96	1.32
Lafayette	23,959	5,910	28.2	3.5	5,045	24.1	85.4	4.15	1.17
Langlade	12,553	3,241	25.8	3.9	3,271	26.1	100.1	3.84	.99
Lincoln	16,239	4,449	27.3	3.7	4,285	26.3	93.3	3.89	1.04
Manitowoc	42,201	11,028	26.1	3.8	9,083	21.5	82.4	4.65	1.21
Marathon	43,256	10,881	25.2	4.0	10,297	23.8	94.6	4.20	1.05
Marinette	10,822	8,298	26.9	3.7	5,299	17.2	63.9	5.82	1.57
Marquette	19,509	2,740	26.1	3.8	2,418	23.0	88.2	4.35	1.15
Milwaukee	330,917	88,968	28.0	3.7	73,083	22.1	82.1	4.52	1.22
Monroe	23,103	7,581	27.0	3.7	5,624	20.0	74.2	5.00	1.35
Oconto	20,874	5,311	25.4	3.9	4,655	22.3	87.6	4.43	1.14
Oneida	8,875	3,089	34.8	2.9	2,524	28.4	81.7	3.52	1.22
Outagamie	46,247	11,731	25.4	3.1	9,659	20.9	82.3	4.79	1.21
Ozaukee	19,363	4,413	27.0	3.7	3,114	19.0	70.6	5.25	1.42
Pepin	7,905	2,105	26.6	3.8	1,482	18.7	70.4	5.33	1.42
Pierce	23,943	6,638	28.0	3.6	4,000	16.7	59.7	5.99	1.67
Polk	17,801	4,821	27.1	3.7	3,890	21.7	80.1	4.61	1.25
Portage	29,433	7,192	24.4	4.1	5,798	19.7	80.6	5.09	1.24
Price	9,106	2,698	29.6	3.4	2,598	28.5	92.6	3.50	1.04
Racine	45,644	13,165	28.8	3.5	10,334	23.6	78.5	4.42	1.27
Richland	19,483	5,365	27.5	3.6	4,401	22.6	82.0	4.43	1.22
Rock	51,203	15,709	30.7	3.3	11,592	22.6	73.8	4.42	1.36
Rusk					2,014				
St. Croix	26,830	7,285	27.2	3.7	5,139	19.2	70.5	5.22	1.42
Sauk	33,093	9,187	27.8	3.6	6,690	20.3	72.8	4.93	1.37
Sawyer	3,533	1,111	30.9	3.2	1,143	31.8	102.9	3.14	.97
Shawano	27,475	6,919	25.2	4.0	5,175	18.8	74.8	5.31	1.34
Sheboygan	50,545	13,467	26.7	3.7	11,281	22.4	83.8	4.46	1.19
Taylor	11,262	3,178	28.2	3.5	2,620	23.3	82.4	4.30	1.21
Trempealeau	21,114	6,083	26.3	3.8	4,837	21.1	80.4	4.72	1.24
Vernon	28,351	7,719	27.2	3.7	5,904	20.8	77.9	4.80	1.31
Vilas	4,929	2,102	42.6	2.3	1,097	22.3	52.2	4.49	1.92
Walworth	27,259	9,044	30.9	3.2	6,608	22.6	73.1	4.42	1.37
Washburn	5,521	1,498	27.1	3.7	1,542	27.9	102.9	3.58	.97
Washington	23,539	6,210	26.3	3.8	5,276	22.4	85.0	4.47	1.18
Waukesha	35,222	10,064	28.6	3.5	8,356	23.7	83.0	4.22	1.30
Waupaca	31,615	8,690	27.5	3.6	6,608	20.9	76.0	4.78	1.32
Waushara	15,972	4,434	27.8	3.6	3,489	21.8	78.7	4.58	1.27
Winnebago	53,225	18,107	27.7	3.6	12,907	22.2	80.1	4.51	1.25
Wood	25,835	6,407	24.8	4.0	5,913	22.3	92.3	4.37	1.08
Total	2,069,042	570,715	27.6	3.6	449,677	21.7	78.8	4.60	1.27

Population of Rusk included in population of Chippewa.

PER CENT OF VOTE FOR EACH CANDIDATE TO TOTAL POPULATION,
1908.

Counties.	Ayl-ward, Dem.	Cox, Pro.	David-son, Rep.	Brown, Soc. Dem.	Bot-tema, Soc. Labor.	Total popula- tion not voting.	Total popula- tion.
Adams	4.4	.6	13.0	.2	.....	81.8	100.0
Ashland	7.7	.5	11.0	1.0	.....	73.8	100.0
Barron	4.2	1.1	14.5	.5	.....	79.7	100.0
Bayfield	3.5	.5	13.8	1.1	.....	81.1	100.0
Brown	7.0	.3	10.7	1.0	.....	81.0	100.0
Buffalo	5.9	.4	11.5	.1	.....	83.1	100.0
Burnett	2.7	1.1	17.0	.7	.....	78.5	100.0
Calumet	9.3	.2	9.2	.4	.....	80.4	100.0
Chippewa	7.9	.5	14.9	.5	.....	76.2	100.0
Clark	5.8	.6	13.5	.3	.....	79.8	100.0
Columbia	7.5	.6	13.0	.4	.....	78.5	100.0
Crawford	9.3	.5	11.6	.2	.....	78.4	100.0
Dane	11.3	.6	13.4	.4	.....	74.3	100.0
Dodge	12.9	.4	8.1	.1	.....	78.5	100.0
Door	3.7	.3	14.1	.1	.....	81.6	100.0
Douglas	4.5	.8	9.9	1.7	.....	81.7	100.0
Dunn	2.9	.4	13.5	.4	.....	82.8	100.0
Eau Claire	5.3	.6	12.3	.5	.....	80.8	100.0
Florence	3.3	.4	16.9	.1	.....	79.3	100.0
Fond du Lac	11.0	.5	11.9	.4	.....	76.2	100.0
Forest	20.3	2.7	73.8	3.0	.....	.2	100.0
Grant	9.4	.8	12.6	.2	.....	77.0	100.0
Green	8.5	.9	10.7	.5	.....	79.4	100.0
Green Lake	10.4	.4	12.8	.2	.....	76.2	100.0
Iowa	9.0	1.0	12.7	.1	.....	77.2	100.0
Iron	4.4	.7	16.9	.6	.....	77.4	100.0
Jackson	3.1	.3	15.2	.2	.....	81.3	100.0
Jefferson	13.2	.5	8.8	.2	.....	77.3	100.0
Juneau	7.9	.3	12.1	.2	.....	79.5	100.0
Kenosha	9.3	1.1	15.4	2.9	.....	71.3	100.0
Kewaunee	10.0	.1	9.3	.3	.....	80.3	100.0
La Crosse	9.3	.5	10.2	.2	.....	79.8	100.0
Lafayette	9.9	.5	13.6	.1	.....	75.9	100.0
Langlade	10.9	.6	14.4	.2	.....	73.9	100.0
Lincoln	11.3	.4	14.0	.6	.....	73.7	100.0
Manitowoc	9.4	.2	9.7	2.2	.....	78.5	100.0
Marathon	11.1	.3	11.8	.6	.....	76.2	100.0
Marinette	4.7	.8	11.3	.4	.....	82.8	100.0
Marquette	7.9	.4	14.5	.2	.....	77.0	100.0
Milwaukee	8.2	.4	7.9	5.6	.....	77.9	100.0
Monroe	7.5	.4	11.8	.3	.....	80.0	100.0
Oconto	7.2	.5	14.1	.5	.....	77.7	100.0
Oneida	7.7	.4	16.4	3.9	.....	71.6	100.0
Outagamie	9.5	.4	10.8	.2	.....	79.1	100.0
Ozaukee	11.7	.1	6.8	.4	.....	81.0	100.0
Pepin	5.6	.5	12.6	.1	.....	81.2	100.0
Pierce	3.5	.6	12.5	.2	.....	83.2	100.0
Polk	3.2	.8	17.0	.7	.....	78.3	100.0
Portage	8.1	.3	11.1	.2	.....	80.3	100.0
Price	6.0	.9	18.7	2.9	.....	71.5	100.0
Racine	8.9	1.1	11.0	1.7	.....	77.3	100.0
Richland	8.9	1.4	12.0	.3	.....	77.4	100.0
Rock	6.1	.8	15.2	.5	.....	77.4	100.0
Rusk*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Croix	6.2	.3	12.4	.3	.....	80.8	100.0
Sauk	7.7	1.0	11.5	.1	.....	79.7	100.0
Sawyer	7.2	.6	23.6	.4	.....	68.2	100.0
Shavano	6.2	.3	12.2	.1	.....	81.2	100.0
Sheboygan	8.9	.5	11.6	1.4	.....	77.6	100.0
Taylor	8.0	.3	14.2	.8	.....	76.7	100.0
Trempealeau	4.9	.6	15.6	.1	.....	78.8	100.0
Vernon	5.4	.7	14.5	.2	.....	79.2	100.0
Vilas	5.3	.4	16.1	.4	.....	77.8	100.0
Walworth	6.3	1.5	14.5	.2	.....	77.5	100.0
Washburn	5.8	.7	20.5	.9	.....	72.1	100.0
Washington	11.3	.2	10.6	.3	.....	77.6	100.0
Waukesha	9.3	.9	12.9	.6	.....	76.3	100.0
Waupaca	4.8	.7	15.0	.4	.....	79.1	100.0
Waushara	3.2	.8	17.2	.5	.....	73.2	100.0
Winnebago	9.3	.7	11.7	.5	.....	77.8	100.0
Wood	9.8	.5	11.6	1.0	.....	77.1	100.0
Total	8.0	.6	11.7	1.4	73.3	100.0

* Rusk included in Chippewa Co.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTES, PLURALITIES AND MALES OF VOTING AGE NOT VOTING, 1908.

Counties.	Aylward, Dem.	Cox, Pro.	Davidson, Rep.	Brown, Soc. Dem.	Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.
Adams	402	55	1,186	21	1	1,665
Ashland	1,563	104	2,211	204	1	4,083
Barron	902	263	3,434	118	7	4,814
Bayfield	500	70	1,985	162	4	2,721
Brown	3,249	139	4,944	485	10	8,827
Buffalo	932	59	1,933	20	.....	2,944
Burnett	201	82	1,268	54	3	1,603
Calumet	1,676	35	1,567	71	1	3,350
Chippewa	2,160	133	3,491	79	.....	5,863
Clark	1,503	162	3,477	78	4	5,224
Columbia	2,341	182	4,046	129	1	6,699
Crawford	1,602	78	2,014	43	2	3,739
Dane	7,815	453	9,341	248	3	17,860
Dodge	6,083	174	3,762	60	.....	10,022
Door	643	56	2,481	56	7	3,243
Douglas	1,616	280	3,612	627	155	6,270
Dunn	713	109	3,369	105	.....	4,296
Eau Claire	1,842	194	3,903	157	2	6,093
Florence	105	13	541	4	.....	662
Fond du Lac	5,231	239	5,679	173	3	11,325
Forest	233	33	1,080	42	1	1,394
Grant	3,666	396	4,883	83	.....	8,943
Green	1,915	230	2,429	115	.....	4,679
Green Lake	1,637	63	2,013	29	.....	3,747
Iowa	2,076	243	2,933	16	.....	5,263
Iron	292	45	1,113	42	1	1,498
Jackson	520	53	2,660	36	1	3,275
Jefferson	4,580	176	3,053	61	1	7,870
Juneau	1,625	73	2,493	36	3	4,235
Kenosha	2,029	230	3,349	630	.....	6,238
Kewaunee	1,714	27	1,003	48	.....	3,892
La Crosse	3,970	197	4,399	103	3	8,672
Lafayette	2,079	99	2,814	22	1	5,045
Langlade	1,367	70	1,807	27	.....	3,271
Lincoln	1,849	66	2,276	94	.....	4,285
Manitowoc	3,993	63	4,093	926	3	9,033
Marathon	4,804	149	5,039	255	.....	10,297
Marinette	1,451	245	3,477	124	2	5,239
Marquette	331	46	1,521	19	1	2,448
Milwaukee	26,917	1,396	26,243	18,423	107	73,083
Monroe	2,117	107	3,301	95	1	5,624
Oconto	1,508	100	2,944	101	2	4,655
Oneida	684	36	1,453	351	.....	2,524
Outagamie	4,366	203	4,971	110	9	9,659
Ozaukee	1,913	24	1,117	58	2	3,114
Pepin	444	39	915	4	.....	1,482
Pierce	837	136	2,934	43	.....	4,090
Polk	570	143	3,027	121	2	3,890
Portage	2,386	97	3,266	46	3	5,798
Price	546	82	1,707	200	1	2,598
Racine	4,035	485	5,009	731	3	10,334
Richland	1,724	280	2,343	51	3	4,401
Rock	3,130	402	7,731	262	17	11,519
Rusk	442	46	1,439	84	3	2,014
St. Croix	1,650	92	3,325	71	1	5,139
Sauk	2,536	334	3,733	31	1	6,690
Sawyer	260	20	849	14	.....	1,143
Shawano	1,709	94	3,344	23	.....	5,175
Sheboygan	4,486	244	5,808	683	10	11,231
Taylor	896	37	1,601	86	.....	2,620
Trempealeau	1,122	131	3,616	28	.....	4,897
Vernon	1,539	199	4,122	42	2	5,904
Vilas	262	19	704	22	.....	1,097
Walworth	1,846	426	4,263	70	3	6,603
Washburn	318	37	1,134	52	1	1,542
Washington	2,667	40	2,491	75	.....	5,276
Waukesha	3,282	312	4,546	214	2	8,556
Waupaca	1,505	232	4,723	142	1	6,608
Waushara	515	128	2,749	83	14	3,439
Winnebago	5,337	414	6,314	289	3	12,907
Wood	2,523	125	3,007	206	2	5,913
Total	165,977	11,754	242,063	23,583	394	449,677

PER CENT OF VOTES TO MALES OF VOTING AGE.

Counties.	Aylward, Dem.	Cox, Pro.	Davidson, Rep.	Brown, Soc. Dem.	Bottema, Soc. Labor.	Total males of voting age not voting.	Total males of voting age.
Adams	16.0	2.2	47.2	.8		33.8	100
Ashland	23.7	1.6	33.5	3.1		33.1	100
Barron	16.3	4.3	56.4	1.9	.1	21.0	100
Bayfield	9.1	1.3	35.9	2.9		50.8	100
Brown	23.0	1.2	42.5	4.2		24.1	100
Buffalo	22.4	1.3	44.0	.5		31.3	100
Burnett	10.1	4.1	63.5	2.7	.1	19.5	100
Calumet	33.3	.8	35.3	1.6		23.5	100
Chippewa	29.1	2.0	55.1	1.3		12.0	100
Clark	22.3	2.4	51.5	1.2		22.6	100
Columbia	26.1	2.0	45.	1.5		25.4	100
Crawford	34.1	1.7	42.9	.9		20.4	100
Dane	39.1	2.3	46.3	1.2		10.6	100
Dodge	45.3	1.3	23.2	.4		21.8	100
Door	14.5	1.3	55.6	1.2	.2	27.2	100
Douglas	11.9	2.2	26.6	4.6	1.0	53.7	100
Dunn	11.0	1.7	52.2	1.6		33.5	100
Eau Claire	22.3	2.4	48.2	1.9		21.7	100
Florence	10.7	1.3	55.2	.4		32.4	100
Fond du Lac	33.5	1.8	41.3	1.3		16.6	100
Forest	53.1	7.3	211.5	8.6		236	100
Grant	34.4	2.9	45.8	.8		16.1	100
Green	29.9	3.4	37.9	1.8		27.0	100
Green Lake	33.4	1.5	47.3	.7		12.1	100
Iowa	32.1	3.8	45.4	.3		18.4	100
Iron	13.0	2.0	50.0	1.9		33.1	100
Jackson	11.2	1.2	57.1	.8		29.7	100
Jefferson	47.5	1.8	31.7	.6		18.4	100
Juneau	23.0	1.3	43.1	.6		27.0	100
Kenosha	32.0	3.6	52.8	9.9		1.7	100
Kewaunee	33.6	.6	36.1	1.2		23.5	100
La Crosse	34.7	1.7	38.4	.9		24.3	100
Lafayette	35.2	1.7	48.1	.4		14.6	100
Langlade	42.1	2.1	55.7	.8		107	100
Lincoln	41.6	1.5	51.1	2.1		3.7	100
Manitowoc	36.2	.6	37.2	8.4		17.6	100
Marathon	44.1	1.4	46.3	2.3		5.4	100
Marinette	17.5	3.0	41.9	1.5		36.1	100
Marquette	30.3	1.7	55.5	.7		11.3	100
Milwaukee	30.3	1.6	29.5	20.7	.1	17.8	100
Monroe	27.9	1.4	43.6	1.3		25.8	100
Oconto	23.4	1.9	55.4	1.9		12.4	100
Oneida	22.1	1.2	47.0	11.4		18.3	100
Outagamie	37.3	1.7	42.4	.9		17.7	100
Ozaukee	43.4	.5	25.3	1.3		29.5	100
Pepin	21.1	1.8	47.3	.2		29.6	100
Pierce	12.5	2.0	44.6	.6		40.3	100
Polk	11.8	3.0	62.8	2.5		19.9	100
Portage	33.2	1.4	45.4	.6		19.4	100
Price	20.3	3.1	63.3	9.6		3.7	100
Racine	30.7	3.7	33.2	5.9		21.5	100
Richland	32.1	5.2	43.7	1.0		18.0	100
Rock	19.9	2.5	49.4	1.6		26.6	100
Rusk*							
St. Croix	22.7	1.3	45.6	1.0		29.4	100
Sauk	27.6	3.7	41.2	.4		27.1	100
Sawyer	23.4	1.8	76.4	1.3		103	100
Shawano	24.7	1.4	48.3	.4		25.2	100
Sheboygan	33.3	1.8	43.5	5.1		16.3	100
Taylor	23.2	1.1	50.4	2.7		17.6	100
Trempealeau	18.4	2.1	59.4	.5		19.6	100
Vernon	19.9	2.6	33.4	.6		23.5	100
Vilas	12.5	.9	37.3	1.0		47.3	100
Walworth	20.4	4.7	47.2	.8		26.9	100
Washington	21.2	2.5	75.7	3.5		103	100
Washington	43.0	.6	40.1	1.2		15.1	100
Waukesha	32.6	3.1	45.2	2.1		17.0	100
Waupaca	17.3	2.7	54.4	1.6		24.0	100
Waushara	11.6	2.9	62.0	1.9	.3	21.3	100
Winnebago	33.4	2.6	42.3	1.3		19.9	100
Wood	39.4	2.0	46.9	4.0		7.7	100
Total	29.1	2.1	42.6	5.0		21.2	100

* Rusk included in Chippewa Co.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

COUNTIES.	Burt Williams, Dem.	Chas. H. Forward, Pro.	John Strange, Rep.	Chester M. Wright, S. D.	Alb. Wang, Ind.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Adams	375	51	1,183	18	1	1,625	808	
Ashland	1,772	97	2,029	182	2	4,082	257	
Barron	938	242	3,321	113	6	4,602	2,383	
Bayfield	494	67	1,878	160	3	2,602	1,384	
Brown	3,124	135	4,796	469	9	8,533	1,673	
Buffalo	949	51	1,924	21	.....	2,948	975	
Burnett	183	80	1,247	54	2	1,536	1,064	
Calumet	1,643	31	1,554	70	.....	3,238	80	
Chippewa	2,099	124	3,434	77	1	5,735	1,335	
Clark	1,481	158	3,427	73	1	5,140	1,946	
Columbia	2,223	176	4,044	128	.....	6,571	1,821	
Crawford	1,553	77	2,023	41	3	3,707	460	
Dane	7,289	470	9,496	233	.....	17,493	2,207	
Dodge	5,806	162	3,750	59	.....	9,837	2,146	
Door	620	52	2,432	45	4	3,153	1,812	
Douglas	1,588	256	3,614	623	134	6,215	2,026	
Dunn	697	104	3,307	103	.....	4,211	2,610	
Eau Claire	1,780	185	3,756	152	3	5,877	1,976	
Florence	100	15	536	3	.....	654	436	
Fond du Lac	5,078	232	5,505	167	4	10,988	427	
Forest	270	36	1,020	42	2	1,370	750	
Grant	3,501	283	4,953	80	.....	8,820	1,455	
Green	1,774	210	2,501	113	.....	4,598	727	
Green Lake	1,587	64	1,978	26	.....	3,655	391	
Iowa	1,979	227	2,987	12	.....	5,205	1,008	
Iron	287	41	1,097	41	.....	1,466	810	
Jackson	496	58	2,655	32	.....	3,241	2,159	
Jefferson	4,450	168	3,030	58	.....	7,736	1,390	
Juneau	1,551	69	2,502	33	2	4,157	951	
Kenosha	2,066	223	3,381	598	1	6,209	1,375	
Keweenaw	1,650	28	1,589	49	.....	3,325	70	
La Crosse	3,842	188	4,426	93	3	8,552	584	
Lafayette	2,045	96	2,840	22	.....	5,003	795	
Langlade	1,339	60	1,770	26	.....	3,195	431	
Lincoln	1,830	55	2,234	57	.....	4,204	404	
Manitowoc	3,959	57	4,006	924	3	8,950	47	
Marathon	4,712	145	5,119	266	.....	10,242	407	
Marinette	1,374	232	3,420	133	4	5,168	2,046	
Marquette	804	42	1,522	18	1	2,387	718	
Milwaukee	25,628	1,254	27,834	18,551	102	73,369	2,206	
Monroe	2,038	102	3,314	81	1	5,536	1,276	
Oconto	1,446	75	2,984	101	2	4,608	1,538	
Oneida	630	32	1,440	342	.....	2,444	810	
Outagamie	4,243	194	5,008	106	9	9,565	760	
Ozaukee	1,368	20	1,077	56	1	3,022	791	
Pepin	442	38	976	4	.....	1,460	534	
Pierce	793	137	2,942	42	.....	3,914	2,149	
Polk	493	132	2,980	87	1	3,676	2,464	
Portage	2,316	97	3,215	45	2	5,675	899	
Price	524	82	1,633	257	2	2,551	1,162	
Racine	3,633	430	5,337	783	3	10,253	1,734	
Richland	1,500	283	2,376	42	3	4,297	786	
Rock	3,059	400	7,649	247	20	11,375	4,590	
Rusk	410	46	1,427	81	2	1,963	1,017	
St. Croix	1,642	83	3,239	68	.....	5,035	1,597	
Sauk	2,415	322	3,733	33	1	6,554	1,338	
Sawyer	283	18	811	15	1	1,128	538	
Shawano	1,682	91	3,302	25	1	5,101	1,620	
Sheboygan	4,335	236	5,870	743	9	11,237	1,474	
Taylor	835	31	1,569	87	.....	2,570	684	
Trempealeau	997	110	3,655	20	.....	4,782	2,658	
Vernon	1,408	191	4,117	40	2	5,753	2,709	
Vilas	273	18	780	28	.....	1,079	627	
Walworth	1,753	397	4,233	70	3	6,461	2,475	
Washburn	301	38	1,158	54	1	1,552	857	
Washington	2,622	38	2,474	75	.....	5,209	148	
Waukesha	3,123	292	4,598	189	2	8,204	1,475	
Waupaca	1,399	231	4,717	137	1	6,485	3,318	
Waushara	459	125	2,733	80	14	3,467	2,330	
Winnebago	5,294	427	6,705	276	1	12,723	1,511	
Wood	2,461	120	2,970	246	1	5,798	509	
Total	159,795	11,146	243,443	28,461	374	443,223	4,634	88,282

Scattering, 7: Dane, 5; Eau Claire, 1; Manitowoc, 1.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

COUNTIES.	Frank B. Schutz, Dem.	Linus H. Park, Pro.	James A. Frear, Rep.	John G. Irwin, Soc. Dem.	John Vierthaler, Soc. Labor.	Total.	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Adams	377	52	1,172	19	1	1,621		795
Ashland	1,463	104	2,187	188	1	3,943		724
Barron	910	239	3,317	114	7	4,587		2,407
Bayfield	458	65	1,949	159	4	2,635		1,491
Brown	3,078	136	4,795	466	10	8,486		1,718
Buffalo	951	53	1,917	20	1	2,912		966
Burnett	180	77	1,245	56	3	1,561		1,035
Calumet	1,633	29	1,554	70		3,286	79	
Chippewa	2,035	120	3,448	79		5,731		1,363
Clark	1,440	143	3,447	79	2	5,125		1,993
Columbia	2,165	166	4,061	136		6,528		1,826
Crawford	1,549	74	2,041	41	2	3,707		492
Dane	7,210	417	9,640	228	4	17,499		2,430
Dodge	5,873	156	3,765	62		9,856	2,108	
Door	612	52	2,436	44	1	3,145		1,824
Douglas	1,577	246	3,642	615	135	6,215		2,065
Dunn	638	106	3,306	104		4,204		2,618
Eau Claire	1,741	153	3,303	151	5	5,858		2,062
Florence	99	14	538	3		654		439
Fond du Lac	5,009	237	5,610	164	4	11,024		601
Forest	266	30	1,019	41		1,356		753
Grant	3,461	232	4,983	74		8,505		1,527
Green	1,747	200	2,539	111		4,600		752
Green Lake	1,550	57	2,031	25		3,663		481
Iowa	1,953	226	3,012	12		5,203		1,059
Iron	277	40	1,097	41		1,455		820
Jackson	488	55	2,659	32	1	3,235		2,171
Jefferson	4,390	163	3,075	64		7,697	1,315	
Juneau	1,533	69	2,503	34	2	4,146		975
Kenosha	1,903	227	3,373	599		6,197		1,385
Kewaunee	1,656	30	1,585	49		3,320	71	
La Crosse	3,776	167	4,425	89	3	8,460		649
Lafayette	2,044	94	2,345	22		5,005		801
Langlade	1,322	56	1,790	26		3,194		463
Lincoln	1,799	52	2,247	92		4,190		418
Manitowoc	3,893	58	4,082	904	3	8,940		189
Marathon	4,684	144	5,145	260		10,233		461
Marinette	1,356	235	3,436	121	2	5,150		2,080
Marquette	739	43	1,523	17	1	2,378		739
Milwaukee	25,327	1,263	23,107	18,375	103	73,383		2,780
Monroe	2,000	96	3,329	80	1	5,515		1,320
Oconto	1,414	63	3,018	99	2	4,601		1,001
Oneida	609	29	1,378	37		2,343		769
Outagamie	4,236	193	5,093	107	9	9,554		773
Ozaukee	1,851	21	1,051	56	1	3,010	770	
Pepin	433	59	962	4		1,453		529
Pierce	784	136	2,938	44		3,902		2,154
Polk	479	126	2,973	102	1	3,681		2,494
Portage	2,294	91	3,224	41	2	5,652		90
Price	437	76	1,703	249	3	2,518		1,216
Racine	3,634	425	5,405	801	3	10,268		1,771
Richland	1,561	283	2,425	42	1	4,317		804
Rock	3,030	406	7,746	247	20	11,449		4,716
Rusk	398	43	1,424	83	2	1,949		1,026
St. Croix	1,598	94	3,305	56		5,053		1,707
Sauk	2,386	315	3,810	34	1	6,546		1,424
Sawyer	245	18	842	14		1,119		507
Shawano	1,648	94	3,318	24		5,034		1,670
Sheboygan	4,365	234	5,874	747	10	11,220		1,509
Taylor	863	30	1,586	84		2,563		718
Trempealeau	976	104	3,680	20		4,780		2,704
Vernon	1,362	189	4,153	40	2	5,746		2,791
Vilas	240	18	781	27		1,066		541
Walworth	1,745	401	4,220	69	3	6,438		2,475
Washburn	297	39	1,160	52	2	1,550		833
Washington	2,599	35	2,486	71		5,191	113	
Waukesha	3,025	256	4,727	194	2	8,204		1,702
Waupaca	1,364	222	4,721	136	1	6,444		3,377
Waushara	450	124	2,795	79	14	3,462		2,345
Winnebago	5,211	402	6,761	276	1	12,651		1,550
Wood	2,451	107	2,954	243	1	5,761		533
Total	157,460	10,869	245,158	23,441	380	442,808	4,456	192,114

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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STATE TREASURER.

COUNTIES.	George T. Heslin, Dem.	Walde-mar Ager, Pro.	Andrew H. Dahl, Rep.	Henry M. Parks, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALI-TIES.	
						Dem.	Rep.
Adams	375	51	1,178	18	1,622	.....	803
Ashland	1,438	96	2,211	185	3,930	.....	773
Barron	892	242	3,335	117	4,586	.....	2,443
Bayfield	466	67	1,960	156	2,649	.....	1,494
Brown	3,037	139	4,803	475	8,484	.....	1,736
Buffalo	949	53	1,920	19	2,941	.....	971
Burnett	174	77	1,271	54	1,576	.....	1,097
Calumet	1,625	29	1,570	70	3,294	55	.....
Chippewa	2,079	123	3,453	78	5,733	.....	1,374
Clark	1,432	146	3,469	89	5,118	.....	2,028
Columbia	2,155	170	4,099	123	6,547	.....	1,944
Crawford	1,571	74	2,957	41	3,743	.....	436
Dane	7,370	422	9,014	232	17,518	.....	2,364
Dodge	5,855	155	3,780	62	9,852	2,075	.....
Door	614	51	2,437	43	3,145	.....	1,823
Douglas	1,532	254	3,639	624	6,210	.....	2,057
Dunn	675	103	3,315	100	4,193	.....	2,640
Eau Claire	1,747	185	3,769	149	5,850	.....	2,022
Florence	100	14	536	3	653	.....	436
Fond du Lac	4,979	232	5,624	160	10,995	.....	645
Forest	266	30	1,026	40	1,362	.....	780
Grant	3,451	263	4,985	77	8,776	.....	1,534
Green	1,709	200	2,538	113	4,560	.....	829
Green Lake	1,549	58	2,026	25	3,658	.....	477
Iowa	1,947	220	3,029	12	5,203	.....	1,032
Iron	279	41	1,095	42	1,457	.....	816
Jackson	494	55	2,659	31	3,239	.....	2,165
Jefferson	4,371	165	3,096	62	7,694	1,275	.....
Juneau	1,516	69	2,510	37	4,132	.....	994
Kenosha	1,993	224	3,383	599	6,202	.....	1,393
Kewaunee	1,646	23	1,583	52	3,312	60	.....
La Crosse	3,752	187	4,457	89	8,485	.....	705
Lafayette	2,043	93	2,816	22	5,004	.....	803
Langlade	1,322	57	1,786	26	3,191	.....	464
Lincoln	1,795	52	2,258	88	4,193	.....	463
Manitowoc	3,885	60	4,087	914	8,946	.....	202
Marathon	4,647	139	5,158	232	10,206	.....	511
Marinette	1,336	229	3,449	126	5,140	.....	2,113
Marquette	781	43	1,534	17	2,375	.....	753
Milwaukee	25,271	1,241	28,261	13,566	73,339	.....	2,990
Monroe	2,004	96	3,352	81	5,533	.....	1,348
Oconto	1,407	63	3,024	102	4,601	.....	1,617
Oneida	602	29	1,438	325	2,394	.....	836
Outagamie	4,210	197	5,023	115	9,548	.....	818
Ozaukee	1,836	22	1,074	57	2,989	762	.....
Pepin	455	39	963	4	1,461	.....	508
Pierce	1,072	116	2,719	41	3,948	.....	1,647
Polk	478	122	2,981	109	3,690	.....	2,503
Portage	2,291	95	3,329	45	5,690	.....	938
Price	490	78	1,703	254	2,525	.....	1,213
Racine	3,575	411	5,476	799	10,231	.....	1,901
Richland	1,563	237	2,425	41	4,316	.....	832
Rock	3,013	403	7,758	215	11,419	.....	4,745
Rusk	401	44	1,438	80	1,963	.....	1,037
St. Croix	1,614	57	3,253	64	5,019	.....	1,339
Sauk	2,337	316	3,310	34	6,527	.....	1,443
Sawyer	249	18	843	14	1,124	.....	594
Shawano	1,635	89	3,327	23	5,074	.....	1,692
Sheboygan	4,358	233	5,839	752	11,212	.....	1,511
Taylor	855	31	1,603	85	2,574	.....	748
Trempealeau	934	102	3,670	21	4,757	.....	2,706
Vernon	1,321	186	4,240	43	5,790	.....	2,919
Vilas	243	17	785	27	1,072	.....	542
Walworth	1,732	396	4,230	19	6,427	.....	2,493
Washburn	313	33	1,159	53	1,568	.....	841
Washington	2,592	35	2,490	71	5,183	102	.....
Waukesha	2,998	267	4,767	200	8,232	.....	1,789
Waupaca	1,352	221	4,753	135	6,461	.....	3,401
Wausara	445	124	2,792	77	3,433	.....	2,347
Winnebago	5,177	398	6,737	271	12,633	.....	1,610
Wood	2,426	109	2,991	245	5,771	.....	563
Total	157,101	10,809	245,700	28,471	442,253	4,329	92,983

Scattering, 112; Douglas, 111; St. Croix, 1,

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

COUNTIES.	Evan A. Evans, Dem.	Jabez B. Smith, Pro.	Frank L. Gilbert, Rep.	Horace B. Walmesley, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
Adams	374	52	1,166	18	1,610		732
Ashland	1,455	96	2,184	193	3,928		729
Barron	890	236	3,301	115	4,542		2,411
Bayfield	466	66	1,946	156	2,634		1,480
Brown	3,110	137	4,763	455	8,465		1,653
Buffalo	933	52	1,921	19	2,925		988
Burnett	177	78	1,245	53	1,553		1,038
Calumet	1,623	28	1,561	70	3,232	62	
Chippewa	2,063	121	3,439	78	5,701		1,376
Clark	1,438	156	3,453	73	5,119		2,015
Columbia	2,159	163	4,066	123	6,516		1,907
Crawford	1,557	73	2,032	40	3,702		475
Dane	7,004	382	9,815	230	17,431		2,811
Dodge	5,865	155	3,753	61	9,834	2,112	
Door	613	47	2,422	44	3,126		1,809
Douglas	1,589	250	3,622	607	6,163		2,003
Dunn	675	104	3,300	97	4,176		2,625
Eau Claire	1,730	175	3,762	153	5,820		2,032
Florence	99	14	537	3	653		438
Fond du Lac	5,045	233	5,558	163	11,004		513
Forest	270	29	1,018	41	1,358		748
Grant	3,491	279	4,939	74	8,783		1,446
Green	1,714	205	2,530	111	4,560		816
Green Lake	1,549	57	2,021	24	3,651		472
Iowa	2,031	216	2,939	11	5,197		908
Iron	277	41	1,097	41	1,456		820
Jackson	485	55	2,060	32	3,232		2,175
Jefferson	4,386	166	3,069	60	7,681	1,317	
Juneau	1,519	64	2,510	34	4,127		991
Kenosha	1,999	227	3,383	597	6,206		1,384
Kewaunee	1,649	32	1,586	52	3,319	63	
La Crosse	3,766	190	4,464	90	8,510		698
Lafayette	2,009	95	2,881	23	5,008		872
Langlade	1,329	53	1,781	26	3,194		452
Lincoln	1,794	54	2,253	87	4,188		459
Manitowoc	3,832	65	4,057	904	8,908		175
Marathon	4,649	143	5,160	261	10,213		511
Marinette	1,331	234	3,443	123	5,131		2,112
Marquette	786	43	1,523	17	2,369		737
Milwaukee	25,276	1,245	23,223	18,576	73,370		2,947
Monroe	2,006	97	3,326	79	5,508		1,320
Oconto	1,411	70	3,013	97	4,591		1,602
Oneida	599	29	1,429	326	2,383		850
Outagamie	4,210	191	5,032	108	9,541		822
Ozaukee	1,849	20	1,075	54	2,998	774	
Pepin	490	40	977	4	1,452		547
Pierce	783	134	2,915	42	3,874		2,132
Polk	467	126	2,947	103	3,644		2,480
Portage	2,290	98	3,223	46	5,657		633
Price	493	78	1,695	246	2,512		1,202
Racine	3,622	420	5,426	799	10,267		1,804
Richland	1,609	282	2,380	42	4,313		771
Rock	3,009	405	7,754	249	11,418		4,745
Rusk	373	42	1,422	80	1,917		1,049
St. Croix	1,607	82	3,245	64	4,998		1,638
Sauk	2,745	303	3,493	24	6,580		753
Sawyer	246	19	844	14	1,123		598
Shawano	1,664	89	3,306	23	5,082		1,642
Sheboygan	4,364	234	5,855	714	11,197		1,491
Taylor	833	81	1,584	83	2,561		721
Trempealeau	969	105	3,672	22	4,768		2,703
Vernon	1,389	181	4,127	39	5,736		2,738
Vilas	242	18	782	28	1,070		510
Walworth	1,746	402	4,202	69	6,419		2,456
Washington	842	39	1,164	54	1,509		822
Washington	2,597	35	2,487	67	5,188	110	
Waukesha	3,084	263	4,631	193	8,224		1,597
Waupaca	1,364	222	4,729	138	6,448		3,305
Waushara	453	123	2,776	77	3,429		2,323
Winnebago	5,170	403	6,781	273	12,627		1,611
Wood	2,439	111	2,975	241	5,766		536
Total	157,492	10,817	244,705	28,373	441,485	1,438	31,651

Scattering, 98; Douglas, 95; Pepin, 1; Polk, 1; Rock, 1.



COTTAGES



MARDEN HALL



HEAD QUARTERS



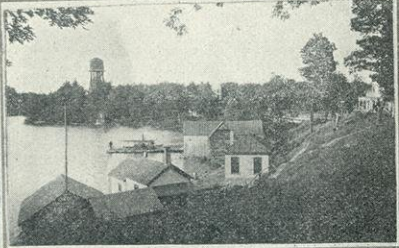
HOSPITAL



MARSTON HALL



FAIRCHILD HALL



DOCK-LAKE FRONT



RUSK HALL

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.

COUNTIES.	Wm. Guil- laume, Dem.	David W. Em- er- son, Pro.	Geo. E. Beedle, Rep.	Herman W. Bis- torious, So. Dem.	Theodore Horn, Sec. Lab.	Total.	PLURAL- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Adams	368	51	1,173	18	1	1,611		805
Ashland	1,412	107	2,181	133	1	3,834		769
Barron	877	234	3,290	103	10	4,519		2,418
Bayfield	457	8	1,944	149	4	2,617		1,48
Brown	3,047	131	4,760	455	12	8,415		1,73
Buffalo	924	53	1,928	19		2,924		1,004
Burnett	173	72	1,241	53	2	1,542		1,063
Calumet	1,619	30	1,559	89		3,277	60	
Chippewa	2,058	126	4,426	73	1	5,683		1,378
Clark	1,425	133	3,412	75	6	5,101		2,017
Columbia	2,134	165	4,074	122		6,455		1,240
Crawford	1,553	72	2,033	49	2	3,700		450
Dane	7,108	413	9,561	226	3	17,314		2,453
Dodge	5,844	157	3,752	61		9,814	902	
Door	697	52	2,425	45	5	3,134		1,818
Douglas	1,579	232	3,626	610	14	6,20		2,047
Dunn	669	105	2,233	93	1	4,161		2,619
Eau Claire	1,687	171	3,785	144	4	5,791		2,098
Florence	99	15	524	3		651		435
Fond du Lac	4,958	210	5,591	157	4	10,919		602
Forest	264	50	1,014	40	4	1,352		750
Grant	3,423	233	4,985	75		8,761		1,532
Green	1,701	205	2,526	112	10	4,555		825
Green Lake	1,548	52	2,018	24		3,643		470
Iowa	1,956	223	3,001	41		5,194		1,043
Iron	274	48	1,034	11		1,457		80
Jackson	482	5	2,656	23		3,223		2,174
Jefferson	4,353	163	3,091	53		7,663	1,267	
Juneau	1,507	67	2,593	23	3	4,118		1,001
Kenosha	1,933	217	3,333	43		6,003		1,290
Kewaunee	1,600	29	1,581	68		3,818	79	
La Crosse	3,714	199	4,497	93	2	8,502		783
Lafayette	2,041	93	2,846	22		5,002		805
Langlade	1,305	54	1,798	27		3,184		493
Lincoln	1,735	50	2,253	53		4,166		463
Manitowoc	3,884	63	4,067	993	5	8,927		133
Marathon	4,646	111	5,131	26		10,133		488
Marinette	1,204	221	3,330	117	2	5,737		2,076
Marquette	773	49	1,525	17		2,338		752
Milwaukee	25,407	1,269	23,047	18,693	1	73,411		2,640
Monroe	1,929	98	3,320	71		5,439		1,341
Oconto	1,330	68	3,073	169	2	4,563		1,63
Oneida	533	29	1,199	36		2,832		871
Outagamie	4,203	191	5,013	115	13	9,512		810
Ozaukee	1,829	20	1,631	56	1	2,977	73	
Pepin	431	49	976	4		1,451		515
Pierce	767	121	2,921	47		3,353		2,153
Polk	472	124	2,939	91	2	2,937		2,767
Portage	2,285	94	3,223	42	3	5,659		908
Price	482	83	1,683	241	1	2,503		1,203
Racine	2,551	419	5,479	739	3	10,251		1,928
Richland	1,550	231	2,419	42	1	4,501		800
Rock	3,019	404	7,714	239	10	11,446		4,725
Rusk	595	41	1,421	79	4	1,941		1,036
St. Croix	1,591	8	3,245	63	1	4,983		1,634
Sauk	2,359	303	3,792	25		6,494		1,433
Sawyer	242	17	844	14	1	1,118		602
Shawano	1,624	82	3,350	23		5,030		1,726
Sheboygan	4,365	206	5,353	716	12	11,211		1,493
Taylor	854	24	1,583	82	1	2,554		729
Trempealeau	969	103	3,670	29	1	4,793		2,701
Vernon	1,327	185	4,175	41	2	5,731		2,348
Vilas	242	20	777	23	1	1,063		535
Walworth	1,729	397	4,216	69	4	6,415		2,487
Washington	292	18	1,153	59	1	1,739		864
Washburn	2,683	26	2,403	72		5,193	173	
Washington	2,932	265	4,742	193		8,189		1,760
Waukesha	1,345	222	4,770	122	1	6,470		3,425
Waupaca	445	122	2,786	79	1	3,446		2,341
Waushara	5,172	495	6,764	270	5	12,616		1,592
Winnebago	2,413	112	2,083	241	1	5,754		503
Wood								
Total	156,222	10,832	244,749	28,353	46	40,626	1,555	93,082

Scattering: Green, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Gubernatorial.)

Counties.	John A. Alward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities	
							Dem.	Rep.
Crawford	1,602	78	2,014	43	2	3,739	.....	412
Grant	3,666	305	4,883	88	.....	8,943	.....	1,217
Iowa	2,076	243	2,933	16	.....	5,268	.....	857
Juneau	1,625	73	2,498	33	3	4,235	.....	873
Richland	1,724	280	2,343	51	3	4,401	.....	619
Sauk	2,536	334	3,783	31	1	6,690	.....	1,252
Vernon	1,539	199	4,122	42	2	5,904	.....	2,583
Total	14,768	1,513	22,531	307	11	39,180	.....	7,813
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,813

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Gubernatorial.)

Counties.	John A. Alward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities	
							Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee city, part—								
ward 2	683	29	647	488	1	1,848	36	.....
ward 3	581	11	359	97	.....	1,048	222	.....
ward 4	1,040	43	780	274	.....	2,137	230	.....
ward 5	867	43	564	481	6	1,931	303	.....
ward 7	637	25	734	182	.....	1,578	.....	97
ward 8	835	53	819	481	.....	2,188	16	.....
ward 11	1,317	78	1,183	1,535	2	4,115	*218	.....
ward 12	834	47	555	838	3	2,307	25	.....
ward 14	2,028	83	708	847	1	3,672	1,181	.....
ward 15	1,274	58	1,464	594	3	3,393	.....	190
ward 16	1,228	71	1,226	283	1	2,819	.....	8
ward 17	695	49	872	914	1	2,531	*42	.....
ward 23	818	60	883	673	.....	2,477	.....	28
Balance of Mil. county	2,716	227	4,234	1,328	17	8,422	.....	1,518
Total	15,623	832	15,041	8,915	35	40,496	2,044	1,811
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,811	.....
Soc. Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	260	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	582	.....

* Social Democrat.

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Gubernatorial.)

Counties.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee county, part—								
Milwaukee, city—								
ward 1	877	30	803	201	1	1,892	51	.....
ward 6	1,019	38	839	597	3	2,556	120	.....
ward 5	1,010	50	928	1,139	5	3,132	*129	.....
ward 10	1,012	52	1,087	1,153	1	3,335	*66	.....
ward 13	1,375	64	1,178	981	1	3,599	197	.....
ward 18	1,710	51	1,306	299	2	3,368	404	.....
ward 19	1,016	46	876	818	.....	2,788	170	.....
ward 20	931	62	1,258	1,749	8	4,008	*491	.....
ward 21	800	42	983	1,281	43	3,149	*298	.....
ward 22	1,003	48	1,054	1,014	2	3,154	.....	10
Balance of Mil. county	498	31	830	246	6	1,611	.....	332
Waukesha	3,282	312	4,546	214	2	8,356	.....	1,264
Total	14,576	826	15,748	9,722	74	40,946	1,929	1,696
Soc. Dem. plurality								98½
Democratic plurality								945
Net Republican plurality								1,172

* Social Democratic plurality.

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Gubernatorial.)

Counties.	John A. Aylward, Dem.	Winfred D. Cox, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	Harvey D. Brown, Sec. Dem.	Herman Bottema, Sec. Lab.	Total.	Pluralities.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Dodge	6,033	174	3,762	60	.....	10,029	2,271	.....
Fond du Lac	5,231	239	5,679	173	3	11,325	.....	448
Ozaukee	1,913	24	1,117	58	2	3,114	795	.....
Sheboygan	4,486	244	5,858	683	10	11,281	.....	1,372
Washington	2,667	40	2,491	75	.....	5,276	176	.....
Total	20,330	721	18,907	1,049	15	41,035	3,243	1,820
Republican plurality							1,820	.....
Net Democratic plurality							1,423	.....

Scattering: Washington, 3

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIRST DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. A. Moech- lenpah, Dem.	J. H. Berkey, Pro.	H. A. Cooper, Rep.	W. A. Jacobs, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
LAFAYETTE CO.—							
Argyle	64	6	116	1	187		52
Argyle, village	50	1	90		141		40
Belmont	83		72		155	11	
Belmont, village	59	4	79	1	143		20
Benton	82		139		221		57
Benton, village	72	7	122	2	203		50
Blanchard	29		67	1	97		18
Blanchardville, village	43	7	118		163		75
Darlington	118		141		262		25
Darlington, city	228	4	236	1	369		8
ward 1	130	3	138	1			
ward 2	103	1	98				
Elk Grove	59		109		168		50
Fayette	79	8	110		197		31
Gratiot	126	3	150	2	281		24
Gratiot, village	48	2	38	1	89	10	
Kendall	114		38	1	153	76	
Lamont	44	5	81		130		37
Monticello	21		38		59		17
New Diggings	85		184		269		99
Seymour	122	1	79		202	43	
Shullsburg	95		97		192		2
Shullsburg, city	163	3	150		303	3	
ward 1		1	83				
ward 2	101	2	67				
Wayne	48	9	175		232		127
White Oak Springs	16		65		81		49
Willow Springs	128	10	86		224	42	
Wiotia	69	3	277		549		208
Total	2,035	73	2,560	10	4,978	185	1,010
Dem. plurality							185
Net Rep. plurality							825

RACINE CO.—							
Burlington	133	7	52	3	195	81	
Burlington, city	305	14	339	15	673		34
ward 1	57	5	68	3			
ward 2	76	5	112	5			
ward 3	98	2	49	1			
ward 4	74	2	110	6			
Caledonia	250	10	264	3	527		14
Corliss, village	18		93	31	142		62
Dover	101	5	112	1	219		11
Mt. Pleasant	130	20	285	20	455		155
Norway	29	2	169	2	202		140
Racine, city	1,927	233	3,786	685	6,631		1,859
ward 1	93	5	171	12			
ward 2, precinct north	67	15	268	5			
ward 2, precinct south	103	10	243	35			
ward 3, precinct north	99	13	292	17			
ward 3, precinct south	163	16	215	14			
ward 4, precinct east	123	3	148	29			
ward 4, precinct west	170	13	171	30			
ward 5	130	11	253	73			
ward 6	113	22	230	43			
ward 7, precinct east	185	13	303	54			
ward 7, precinct west	166	8	171	43			
ward 8	51	20	356	46			
ward 9	78	30	270	112			
ward 10	220	26	321	74			
ward 11	150	28	369	83			

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIRST DISTRICT, 1903—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. A. Moe- hempah, Dem.	J. H. Berkey, Pro.	H. A. Cooper, Rep.	W. A. Jacobs, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
RACINE CO.—Con.							
Raymond	70	6	259		335		189
Rochester	53	8	100		161		47
Union Grove, village	33	34	105	3	175		71
Waterford	49	16	147	3	215		98
Waterford, village	72	7	83	2	164		11
Yorkville	36	19	167	1	223		131
Total	3,206	381	5,961	769	10,317	81	2,822
Dem. plurality							81
Net Rep. plurality							2,755

ROCK CO.—							
Avon	28		118	5	151		90
Beloit	25	4	112	6	148		87
Beloit, city	563	68	2,364	117	3,112		1,801
ward 1	96	7	293	9			
ward 2 precinct 1	05	16	333	15			
ward 2, prec'net 2	68	5	302	17			
ward 3	84	3	395	29			
ward 4	113	27	457	21			
ward 5	97	10	574	26			
Bradford	75	2	93	5	175		18
Center	43	1	151		195		103
Clinton	67	2	140		210		73
Clinton, village	140	5	89	2	236	51	
Edgerton, city	218	19	325	3	565		107
Evansville, city	108	35	381	1	535		273
Fulton	91	8	174	1	274		83
Harmony	79	6	128	1	214		49
Janesville	54		94		149		40
Janesville, city	974	93	1,417	82	2,566		413
ward 1	153	17	335	14			
ward 2	159	15	297	11			
ward 3	185	31	448	14			
ward 4	312	25	242	23			
ward 5	105	5	125	17			
Johnstown	57	4	96		157		29
La Prairie	69	3	92	3	167		23
Lima	48	7	120		185		82
Magnolia	67	15	105	1	183		38
Milton	116	34	233	1	387		127
Milton, village	37	16	143	1	197		106
Newark	19	2	172	1	194		153
Orfordville, village	22	7	95		124		73
Plymouth	75	2	220		297		145
Porter	97	4	143		244		46
Rock	95	4	95		194		
Spring Valley	35	7	164	1	207		129
Turtle	73	6	144	1	224		71
Union	50	8	143	4	210		18
Total	3,325	302	7,599	286	11,495	51	4,295
Dem. plurality							51
Net Rep. plurality							4,244

Scattering: Beloit, 1; Clinton, 1; Janesville, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIRST DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. A. Moe- hlenp- ah, Dem.	J. H. Berkey, Pro.	H. A. Cooper, Rep.	W. A. Jacobs, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
WALWORTH CO.—							
Bloomfield	42	4	107		153		65
Darien	94	11	205		310		111
Delavan	62	1	131		194		69
Delavan, city	145	20	340	2	507		195
ward 1	42	5	84				
ward 2	61	7	124				
ward 3	42	8	132	2			
East Troy	50	11	126	1	183		76
East Troy, village	52	7	95	1	155		43
Elkhorn, city	141	25	274	3	443		133
ward 1	51	11	85				
ward 2	46	3	102	3			
ward 3	44	11	87				
Geneva	54	30	121		205		67
Genoa Junction, village	24	6	144		174		120
Lafayette	60	13	125	1	199		65
La Grange	35	12	136	2	185		101
Lake Geneva, city	173	44	387	8	612		214
ward 1	70	18	124	5			
ward 2	39	11	104				
ward 3	64	15	159	3			
Lynn	67	8	165	2	242		98
Lyons	113	15	146		274		138
Richmond	54	6	93		153		42
Sharon	47	5	142	1	195		95
Sharon, village	61	20	153		234		92
Spring Prairie	47	5	183	2	236		135
Sugar Creek	29	29	133	3	200		110
Troy	57	20	124	4	235		67
Walworth	59	33	273	1	366		214
Walworth, village	20	13	125	1	159		105
Whitewater	39	5	121		165		82
Whitewater, city	254	32	463	34	783		209
ward 1	71	5	106	17			
ward 2	101	11	214	9			
ward 3	82	16	143	8			
Total	1,779	375	4,320	66	6,540		2,541
Rep. plurality							2,541

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	H. A. Moe- hlenp- ah, Dem.	J. H. Berkey, Pro.	H. A. Cooper, Rep.	W. A. Jacobs, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
Green	1,687	210	2,588	112	4,593		901
Kenosha	1,986	175	3,430	593	6,189		1,444
Lafayette	2,035	73	2,890	10	4,978		835
Racine	3,206	381	5,961	769	10,317		2,755
Rock	3,325	362	7,569	236	11,495		4,244
Walworth	1,779	375	4,320	66	6,540		2,541
Total	14,018	1,576	26,728	1,791	44,117		12,710
Rep. plurality							12,710

Scattering: Green, 1; Rock, 3.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SECOND DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
ADAMS CO.—						
Adams	31	32		63		1
Big Flats	18	61		79		43
Colburn	12	59	6	77		47
Bell Prairie	45	60		105		15
Easton	22	63	1	87		41
Jackson	22	89		111		67
Leola	7	69	2	68		52
Lincoln	34	59		93		25
Monroe	14	89		103		75
New Chester	10	49		59		39
New Haven	50	85		135		35
Preston	21	32	2	58		8
Quincy	10	59		71		33
Richfield	20	28	3	51		8
Rome	30	58		83		28
Springville	30	72	1	103		42
Strongs Prairie	30	170		200		140
Friendship, village	30	33	1	64		3
Total	448	1,150	13	1,615		703
Republican plurality						703

Scattering: Easton, 1.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA CO.—						
Arlington	74	87		161		13
Caledonia	110	118		228		8
Cambrla, village	44	102		146		58
Columbus	66	58		124	8	
Columbus, city	278	234	8	520	44	
ward 1	95	99				
ward 2	87	65	4			
ward 3	96	70	4			
Courtland	23	117		140		94
Dekora	41	120	3	164		79
Doylestown, village	31	26		57	5	
Fall River, village	33	65		98		32
Ft. Winnebago	84	53		137	31	
Fountain Prairie	93	106		202		10
Hampton	80	111	3	194		31
Kilbourn City, village	120	187	1	308		67
Leeds	61	121	1	183		60
Lewiston	41	110	3	154		69
Lodi	46	97		143		51
Lodi, village	93	155		248		62
Lowville	48	94	2	144		46
Marcellon	58	102	1	161		44
Newport	28	69	1	98		41
Ostego	31	162	2	195		131
Pacific	22	23	21	66		1
Pardeeville, village	74	150	7	231		76
Portage, city	935	319	27	1,281	619	
ward 1	136	25	3			
ward 2	179	47				
ward 3	155	63	5			
ward 4	239	74	3			
ward 5	293	109	16			
Poynette, village	56	106		162		50
Randolph	101	74		175	27	
Randolph, vil., w. ward	12	40		52		23
Rio, village	35	120	3	158		85
Scott	35	97		132		62
Springville	32	112		144		80
Westpoint	71	70		141	1	
Wyocena	47	142	14	203		95
Total	2,906	3,547	97	6,550	732	1,373
Democratic plurality					732	732
Net Republican plurality						641

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SECOND DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—						
Aldion	52	259	3	314		207
Belleville, village	37	70		107		33
Ber y	12	46	2	172	78	6
Black Earth	35	41	1	77		6
Black Earth, village	31	81	4	116		50
Blooming Grove	141	137	1	279		16
Blue Mounds	83	147		236		58
Bristol	142	97		239	45	
Brooklyn, village	9	16		25		7
Burke	83	189	4	281		101
Cambridge, village	31	101	1	133		67
Christiana	93	271		367		175
Cottage Grove	119	177		293		58
Cross Plains	237	34	1	272	203	
Dane	69	78	3	150		9
Dane, village	52	14		63	38	
De Forest, village	37	58		95		21
Deerfield	78	143		221		65
Deerfield, village	42	83	1	126		41
Dunkirk	62	243	4	309		181
Dunn	83	169	2	254		83
Fair Oaks, village	81	92	1	174		11
Fitchburg	178	85	4	217	43	
Madison	112	169	5	290		53
Madison, city	2,98	3,018	150	6,153		25
ward 1	193	252	4			
ward 2	315	361	15			
ward 3	254	135	10			
ward 4	328	225	7			
ward 5, precinct 1	232	372	13			
ward 5, precinct 2	196	231	7			
ward 6, precinct 1	294	246	20			
ward 6, precinct 2	192	251	21			
ward 7	267	276	24			
ward 8	421	253	8			
ward 9	180	178	20			
ward 10	60	150	1			
Marshall, village	43	60		103		17
Mazomanie	61	50	1	112	11	
Mazomanie, village	109	95	1	205	14	
Medina	100	71		171	29	
Middleton	136	59		195	77	
Middleton, village	137	46	1	184	91	
Montrose	124	66		190	58	
Mt. Horeb, village	112	119	1	232		7
Oregon	82	119	1	202		37
Oregon, village	95	103		199		7
Perry	44	178		222		134
Primrose	48	98		146		50
Pleasant Spring	35	267	2	305		232
Roxbury	144	23		167	121	
Rutland	37	226	4	267		189
Springdale	86	132	3	221		46
Springfield	169	17		186	152	
Stoughton, city	187	837	6	1,070		650
ward 1	48	170	3			
ward 2	51	282	3			
ward 3	35	223				
ward 4	53	153				
Sun Prairie	116	73		189	43	
Sun Prairie, village	138	139	1	278		1
Vermont	49	119		168		70
Verona	144	119	2	265	25	
Vienna	39	145	2	186		106
Waunakee, village	92	41	2	138	48	
Westport	123	94	3	218	23	
Windsor	78	237	1	316		159
York	161	90		191	11	
Total	7,607	9,464	218	17,291	1,113	2,970
Democratic plurality						1,113
Net Republican plurality						1,857

Scattering: Pleasant Spring, 1; Westport, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SECOND DISTRICT, 1903—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE CO.—				173		93
Berlin	40	133		19		40
Berlin, city	524	534				
ward 1	99	85	1			
ward 2	138	123	12			
ward 3	87	143	3			
ward 4	90	75	1			
ward 5	110	133	2			
Brooklyn	56	161	1	218		105
Green Lake	93	123	1	217		30
Green Lake, village	21	118		139		97
Kingston	84	110		194		26
Mackford	66	127		193		61
Manchester	115	93		211	19	
Markesan, village	82	152		234		70
Marquette	85	90		175		5
Princeton	104	104		208		
Princeton, village	184	157	3	344		27
Seneca	61	59		111		11
St. Marie	78	51	1	130		27
Total	1,593	2,036	25	3,654	84	527
Democratic plurality						84
Net Republican plurality						443

JEFFERSON CO.—				212	68	
Aztalan	140	72		105		19
Cold Spring	43	62		261	87	
Concord	174	87		315	177	
Farmington	246	69		874		6
Ft. Atkinson, city	434	440				
ward 1	83	130				
ward 2	87	114				
ward 3	109	71				
ward 4	155	125				
Hebron	83	112		195		29
Ixonia	167	110		277	57	
Jefferson	236	99		365	167	
precinct 1	179	63				
precinct 2	87	36				
Jefferson, city	485	170		655	315	
ward 1	111	63				
ward 2	113	50				
ward 3	132	34				
ward 4	129	23				
Johnson Creek, village	76	47		124	29	
Koshkonong	171	147		318	24	
Lake Mills	92	123		220		36
Lake Mills, city	104	214		348		140
ward 1	34	68				
ward 2	29	77				
ward 3	41	99				
Milford	93	98		196		
Oakland	116	145		261		29
Palmyra	32	114		146		82
Palmyra, village	47	123		170		76
Sullivan	126	199		325		73
Sumner	53	58		114		2
Waterloo	113	53		166	60	
Waterloo, village	180	119		299	61	
Watertown	293	98		301	105	
Watertown, city	293	469		1,327	389	
ward 1	238	200				
ward 2	214	107				
ward 3	141	69				
ward 4	85	52				
ward 7	149	41				
Total	4,310	3,233		7,574	1,539	92
Republican plurality					492	
Net Democratic plurality					1,047	

Scattering: Johnson Creek, village, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SECOND DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MARQUETTE CO.—						
Buffalo	89	87	1	177	2	.....
Crystal Lake	38	57	.....	95	.....	19
Douglas	65	86	1	152	.....	21
Harris	33	76	.....	109	.....	43
Meann	46	61	1	111	.....	18
Montello	49	47	2	98	2	.....
Montello, village	125	160	2	287	.....	35
Moundville	28	140	2	170	.....	112
Neshkoro	57	30	.....	87	27	.....
Neshkoro, village	25	49	.....	74	.....	24
Newton	47	53	.....	100	.....	6
Oxford	39	114	.....	153	.....	75
Packwaukee	70	141	.....	211	.....	71
Shields	47	79	.....	126	.....	32
Springfield	26	95	.....	121	.....	69
Westfield	37	71	.....	108	.....	34
Westfield, village	63	116	3	182	.....	53
Total	834	1,465	12	2,361	31	612
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	581

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	J. E. Jones, Dem.	J. M. Nelson, Rep.	W. A. Hall, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
Adams	418	1,150	16	1,615	.....	702
Columbia	2,903	3,547	97	6,550	.....	641
Dane	7,607	9,464	218	17,291	.....	1,857
Green Lake	1,533	2,036	25	3,654	.....	443
Jefferson	4,310	3,263	.....	7,574	1,047	.....
Marquette	834	1,465	12	2,361	.....	581
Total	17,748	20,925	368	39,045	1,047	4,224
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,047
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,177

Scattering: Adams, 1; Dane, 2; Jefferson, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1903.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hard- castle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ket- terer, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
CRAWFORD CO.—							
Bell Center, village	16	5	26		47	.....	10
Bridgeport	46	1	29		76	17	.....
Clayton	169	10	190		369	.....	21
De Soto, village	3	1	9		13	.....	6
Eastman	204	2	79		287	125	.....
Freeman	46	5	287		338	.....	241
Gay's Mills, village	35	2	94		131	.....	59
Haney	77	3	90		170	.....	13
Marietta	64	4	129		197	.....	63
Prairie du Chien	63	4	25		92	38	.....
Prairie du Chien, city	377	8	230		64	147	.....
ward 1	80	2	24	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	133	4	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	124	2	104	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	35	.....	28	1	.....	.....	.....
Scott	107	5	95		277	12	.....
Seneca	161	1	100		262	61	.....
Soldiers Grove, village	66	5	100		171	.....	24
Steuben, village	30	2	30		62	.....	.....
Lynxville, village	24	1	52		77	.....	28
Utica	78	2	274		354	.....	136
Wauzeka	78	1	51		110	47	.....
Wauzeka, village	47	1	64		112	.....	17
Total	1,691	63	1,984	9	3,697	447	690
Dem. plurality							447
Net Rep. plurality							243

GRANT CO.—							
Beetown	93	.....	163	1	200	.....	7
Bloomington	71	3	55	.....	129	16	.....
Bloomington, village	65	4	84	6	159	.....	19
Boscobel	15	.....	13	.....	28	2	.....
Boscobel, city	192	5	176	2	375	16	.....
ward 1	48	.....	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	49	2	45	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	51	2	40	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	44	1	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cassville	79	2	36	.....	117	43	.....
Cassville, village	133	2	81	.....	221	57	.....
Castle Rock	107	.....	33	.....	143	71	.....
Clifton	96	1	144	1	241	.....	48
Cuba City, village	105	2	147	.....	254	.....	42
Ellenboro	38	.....	120	.....	158	.....	82
Fennimore	59	.....	98	1	158	.....	19
Fennimore, village	96	4	136	8	244	.....	40
Glen Haven	83	5	95	1	180	.....	7
Harrison	58	.....	128	.....	186	40	73
Hazel Green	116	6	75	.....	188	.....	.....
Hazel Green, village	58	6	110	.....	174	.....	52
Hickory Grove	49	1	83	.....	133	.....	34
Jamestown	160	.....	30	.....	190	130	.....
Lancaster, city	281	24	263	.....	574	12	.....
ward 1	58	6	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	4	56	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	78	6	78	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	81	8	70	.....	.....	.....	.....
Liberty	83	.....	71	.....	154	12	.....
Lima	80	8	120	2	220	.....	50
Little Grant	40	.....	68	1	109	.....	28
Marion	68	5	30	.....	103	58	.....
Millville	10	12	43	.....	65	.....	21
Montfort, village	57	10	74	13	154	.....	17

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hard- castle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ket- terer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—Con.							
Mt. Hope	79	12	84	2	177		5
Mt. Ida	76	1	84		161		8
Muscoda	41		38		79	3	
Muscoda, village	133	2	40	1	176	93	
North Lancaster	71	7	51		129	20	
Paris	106		54		160	52	
Patch Grove	75		73		148	2	
Platteville	79	8	105		192		26
Platteville, city	539	25	609	2	1,175		70
ward 1	168	12	174				
ward 2	154	7	181	1			
ward 3	113	1	140	1			
ward 4	99	5	114				
Potosi	177		126		303	41	
Potosi, village	90		31		121	59	
Smelser	80	3	117		260		37
South Lancaster	71	14	91		176		20
Waterloo	61	3	105		169		44
Watertown	58	1	112	1	172		54
Wingville	56	1	94	3	154		38
Woodman	69	1	34		104	25	
Wyalusing	86	1	143		230		57
Total	4,252	179	4,427	45	8,908	752	925
Democratic plurality							752
Net Rep. plurality							175
IOWA CO.—							
Arena	107	23	148		278		41
Barneveld, village	20	5	54		119		34
Brigham	62		174		230		112
Clyde	84	4	67		155	17	
Cobb, village	28	1	31		61		3
Dodgeville	124	16	221		361		97
Dodgeville, city	202	26	263		493		66
Eden	53	4	62		119		9
Highland	180	1	116		297	64	
Highland, village	188		81		269	107	
Linden	86	24	109		279		83
Linden, village	27	14	152		193		125
Mifflin	61	27	207		295		146
Mineral Point	98	11	120		229		22
Mineral Point, city	308	22	354		684		46
ward 1	87	13	87				
ward 2	89	7	127				
ward 3	57		72				
ward 4	75	2	68				
Moscow	110		176		286		66
Pulaski	143		106		249	37	
Rewey, village	24	9	41		74		17
Ridgeway	80	9	78		172	17	
Ridgeway, village	65		53		118	12	
Waldwick	123	6	42		171	81	
Wyoming	59	2	61		122		2
Total	2,242	204	2,776		5,223	335	869
Democratic plurality							335
Net Rep. plurality							534

Scattering: Cobb village, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1903—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hard- castle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ket- terer, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
JUNEAU CO.—							
Armenia	30	7	130		167		100
Camp Douglas, village.	50	3	68		121		18
Clearfield	27	2	51		80		24
Cutler	21	1	46		68		25
Elroy, city	163	4	195		362		32
ward 1	89		86				
ward 2	83	4	109				
Finley	16		15		31	1	
Fountain	62		127		189		65
Germantown	43	5	47		95		4
Kildare	55		57		112		2
Kingston	22		29		51		7
Lemonweir	89	3	148		240		59
Lindina	86	9	148		243		62
Lisbon	28		102		130		74
Lyndon	62		37		99	25	
Lyndon Station, village.	43	1	30		74	13	
Marion	42		22		64	20	
Mauston, city	193	9	208		410		15
ward 1	63	5	84				
ward 2	125	4	124				
Necedah	130	2	260		332		70
New Lisbon, city	49	3	170		222		121
ward 1	32		85				
ward 2	17	3	85				
Orange	35	2	75		112		40
Plymouth	59	1	124		184		65
Seven Mile Creek	92		47		139	45	
Summit	75		92		167		17
Wonewoc	101		164		265		63
Wonewoc, village	109	2	87		198	22	
Total	1,682	54	2,419		4,155	126	863
Democratic plurality							126
Net Rep. plurality							737

RICHLAND CO.—							
Akan	106	6	101	1	214	5	
Bloom	64	46	141		251		77
Buena Vista	91	18	131		240		40
Cazenovia, village	60		30		90	30	
Dayton	95	1	124		230		39
Eagle	82		103		190		26
Forest	42	7	113		162		71
Henrietta	107	31	89		227	18	
Ithaca	108	8	84		200	24	
Lone Rock, village	49		61		110		12
Marshall	39	12	130		181		91
Orion	74	3	136		213		62
Richland	62	13	103		183		46
Richland Center	258	34	359		651		101
ward 1	68	19	122				
ward 2	110	10	119				
ward 3	80	5	118				
Richwood	135	4	157		296		22
Rockbridge	75	14	99		183		24
Sylvan	58	37	107		202		49
Viola, village	42		66		108		24
Westford	101		61		162	40	
Willow	37	19	153		209		116
Total	1,687	257	2,363	1	4,307	117	850
Democratic plurality							117
Net Rep. plurality							633

Scattering: Akan, 1

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hard- castle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ket- terer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
SAUK CO.—							
Ableman, village	43		58		101		15
Baraboo	67		205		272		138
Baraboo, city	457		705		1,162		248
ward 1	151		261				
ward 2	190		282				
ward 3	116		102				
Bear Creek	113		58		171	55	
Dellona	75		55		130	20	
Delton	37		128		165		91
Excelstor	50		125		175		75
Fairfield	32		94		126		62
Franklin	139		63		202	76	
Freedom	37		120		167		93
Greenfield	28		90		127		71
Honey Creek	43		104		147		61
Ironton	81		143		227		59
Lavalle	103		100		208	8	
Lavalle, village	41		51		92		10
Merrimack	42		60		102		18
Merrimack, village	28		39		67		11
North Freedom, village	40		80		129		49
Prairie du Sac	44		37		81	7	
Prairie du Sac, village	60		116		176		56
Reedsburg	83		92		178		6
Reedsburg, city	268		235		554		17
ward 1	126		138				
ward 2	142		147				
Sauk City, village	102		92		194	10	
Spring Green	58		57		115	1	
Spring Green, village	83	1	95		179		12
Sumpter	48		99		147		51
Troy	34		162		196		138
Washington	90		111		210		12
Westfield	109		164		213	5	
Winfield	109		64		174	45	
Woodland	67		79		146		12
Total	2,631	1	3,699		6,333	227	1,295
Democratic plurality							227
Net Rep. plurality							1,068

Scattering: Reedsburg City, 1; Winfield, 1.

VERNON CO.—							
Bergen	35	1	93		129		58
Christiana	42	1	216		259		174
Clinton	51	2	144		197		93
Coon	21	1	266		288		215
Coon Valley, village	11		54		65		43
De Soto, village	11		50		61		29
Forest	53	28	106		247		113
Franklin	141	1	123		275	8	
Genoa	69		86		155		17
Greenwood	64	5	84		155		22
Hamburg	50	3	169		222		119
Harmony	39	2	132		173		93
Hillsboro	67		127		194		40
Hillsboro, village	71		91		172		28
Jefferson	77	27	215		319		138
Kickapoo	47	12	110		169		63
La Parge, village	64	8	101		173		37
Liberty	33		67		100		34
Ontario, village	21	12	39	1	73		18

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1903—Continued.

Counties.	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hardcastle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ketterer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
VERNON CO.—Con.							
Readstown, village	28	7	64		100		36
Stark	72	1	104		177		32
Sterling	65	4	168		237		103
Stoddard, village	33		24		57	9	
Union	58	5	72		135		14
Viola, village	14	6	37		57		23
Viroqua	130	3	224		357		91
Viroqua, city	253	10	276		534		18
ward 1	37	3	98				
ward 2	71	3	84				
ward 3	100	4	94				
Webster	61	2	132		245		121
Westby, village	63	1	127		191		64
Wheatland	24	4	91		119		67
Whitestown	54	16	94		164		40
Total	1,327	164	3,786	1	5,779	17	1,976
Democratic plurality							17
Net Rep. plurality							1,959

Scattering: Readstown village, 1.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties,	J. W. Murphy, Dem.	John Hardcastle, Pro.	A. W. Kopp, Rep.	E. A. Ketterer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
Crawford	1,691	63	1,934	9	3,697		243
Grant	4,252	179	4,427	45	8,903		175
Iowa	2,242	204	2,776		5,223		524
Juneau	1,632	54	2,419		4,155		737
Sauk	1,685	253	2,368	1	4,507		683
Richland	1,685		3,699		6,323		1,068
Sauk	2,631	1	3,786	1	5,779		1,959
Vernon	1,827	164					
Total	16,010	918	21,409	56	38,397		5,399
Net Republican plurality							5,399

Scattering: Iowa, 1; Sauk, 2; Vernon, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FOURTH DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. J. Kershaw, Dem.	Wm. J. Cary, Rep.	Ed T. Melms, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.						
(part)—						
Cudahy, city	163	217	114	497	.....	51
Franklin	110	122	12	244	.....	12
Greenfield	311	575	305	1,171	.....	244
Lake	417	396	277	1,030	.....	21
Milwaukee, city	11,799	11,281	8,391	31,471	.....	518
ward 2	634	685	510	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	583	356	97	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	938	835	303	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	804	579	520	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	533	782	225	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	727	882	540	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	1,198	1,184	1,663	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	785	577	903	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	1,965	730	889	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	1,136	1,561	659	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	1,166	1,266	319	.....	.....	.....
ward 17	563	876	1,021	.....	.....	.....
ward 23	737	938	742	.....	.....	.....
Oak Creek	139	159	19	317	.....	20
South Milwaukee, city..	376	548	172	1,033	.....	172
Wauwatosa	486	1,277	197	1,940	.....	811
Wauwatosa, city	199	330	55	583	.....	131
West Allis, city	323	502	163	988	.....	179
West Milwaukee, village	64	122	83	269	.....	39
Total	14,370	15,509	9,783	39,667	539	1,659
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	539
Net Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,139

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	Wm. J. Kershaw, Dem.	Wm. J. Cary, Rep.	Ed T. Melms, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee, city (part)—						
ward 2	634	685	510	1,829	.....	51
ward 3	583	356	97	1,033	227	.....
ward 4	938	835	303	2,106	73	.....
ward 5	804	579	520	1,903	225	.....
ward 7	533	782	225	1,570	.....	219
ward 8	727	882	540	2,149	.....	155
ward 11	1,198	1,184	1,663	4,045	*465	.....
ward 12	785	577	903	2,265	*118	.....
ward 14	1,965	730	889	3,583	1,076	.....
ward 15	1,136	1,561	659	3,353	.....	425
ward 16	1,166	1,266	319	2,751	.....	100
ward 17	563	876	1,021	2,460	*145	.....
ward 23	737	938	742	2,417	.....	196
Balance Milwaukee Co..	2,571	4,228	1,397	8,193	.....	1,632
Total	14,370	15,509	9,783	39,667	1,601	2,784
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,601
Social Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	728
Net Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,139

*Social Democrat.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	G. Holmes Daubner, Dem.	Wm. H. Stafford, Rep.	Albert J. Weich, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee, city (part)—						
ward 1	750	851	266	1,837	.....	101
ward 6	921	979	694	2,594	.....	58
ward 9	891	965	1,234	3,000	*239	.....
ward 10	836	1,123	1,311	3,300	*188	.....
ward 13	1,201	1,251	1,102	3,554	.....	50
ward 18	1,515	1,382	479	3,406	163	.....
ward 19	880	977	907	2,753	.....	50
ward 20	833	1,340	1,861	4,004	*521	.....
ward 21	715	983	1,374	3,072	*391	.....
ward 22	858	1,108	1,155	3,121	*47	.....
Balance Milwaukee Co.	47	833	275	1,575	.....	357
Waukesha Co.	2,955	4,622	621	8,208	.....	1,677
Total	12,871	16,394	11,279	40,544	163	2,253
Democratic plurality						163
Social Dem. plurality						1,416
Net Republican plurality						3,523

* Social Democrat.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	George Spratt, Rep.	Edward C. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—						
Ashippun	131	129	.....	260	2	.....
Beaver Dam	156	83	.....	239	73	.....
Beaver Dam, city	958	423	1	1,382	535	.....
ward 1	124	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	146	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	75	94	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	147	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	149	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	121	36	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	91	75	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	104	81	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnett	144	82	.....	226	62	.....
Calamus	70	76	.....	146	.....	6
Chester	75	50	.....	125	25	.....
Clyman	172	85	.....	257	87	.....
Elba	122	73	2	197	49	.....
Emmet	152	55	.....	207	97	.....
Fox Lake	40	81	.....	121	.....	41
Fox Lake, village	103	107	.....	215	1	.....
Herman	153	111	.....	264	42	.....
Horicon, city	302	106	.....	408	196	.....
ward 1	113	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	82	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	102	55	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hubbard	193	91	.....	284	102	.....
Hustisford	139	74	.....	213	65	.....
Hustisford, village	121	40	1	162	81	.....
Juneau, city	207	58	7	272	149	.....
ward 1	95	29	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	112	29	4	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon	194	43	.....	237	151	.....
Leroy	150	93	.....	246	54	.....
Lomira	134	161	.....	295	.....	27
Lomira, village	63	60	.....	123	3	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	George Spratt, Rep.	Edward C. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—Con.						
Lowell	199	127	.....	326	72	.....
Lowell, village	39	33	.....	72	6	.....
Mayville, city	810	211	7	523	99	.....
ward 1	75	52	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	70	25	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	165	134	4	.....	.....	.....
Neosho, village	53	31	.....	89	27	.....
Oak Grove	134	122	4	310	62	.....
Portland	134	65	.....	199	69	.....
Randolph, village	50	93	.....	143	48	.....
Reesville, village	60	32	.....	93	34	.....
Rubicon	141	111	.....	252	30	.....
Shields	147	23	.....	170	124	.....
Theresa	156	84	.....	240	72	.....
Theresa, village	61	21	.....	90	32	.....
Trenton	126	115	.....	235	5	.....
Watertown, city	332	106	6	494	276	.....
ward 5	164	41	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	213	65	3	.....	.....	.....
Waupun, city	177	152	1	330	25	.....
ward 1	57	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	50	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	24	29	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	36	33	1	.....	.....	.....
Westford	104	35	.....	139	69	.....
Williamstown	111	83	1	200	23	.....
Total	6,223	3,516	30	9,799	2,769	122
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	132	.....
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,677	.....

FOND DU LAC CO.—						
Alto	82	145	1	223	.....	63
Ashford	133	93	.....	276	9	.....
Auburn	93	125	2	220	.....	32
Brandon, village	64	90	1	155	.....	26
Byron	129	127	2	258	2	.....
Calumet	234	29	.....	233	175	.....
Campbellsport, village	78	74	.....	152	4	.....
Eden	173	150	2	325	23	.....
Eldorado	140	147	1	233	.....	7
Empire	85	95	.....	180	.....	10
Fond du Lac	118	101	1	220	17	.....
Fond du Lac, city	2,544	1,471	3	4,102	1,073	.....
ward 1	127	42	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	184	81	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	139	93	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	169	133	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	157	60	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	151	74	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	165	103	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	163	104	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	139	109	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	116	136	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	143	145	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	200	107	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	159	57	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	125	82	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	186	79	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	188	73	9	.....	.....	.....
Forest	144	90	1	235	54	.....
Friendship	111	98	1	210	13	.....
Lamartine	102	133	.....	240	.....	36
Marshfield	363	3	1	367	360	.....

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1938.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	George Spratt, Rep.	Edward C. Damrow, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
FOND DU LAC CO.—Con.						
Metomen	118	121	2	241		3
N. Fond du Lac, village	234	171	7	412	63	
Oakfield	73	115		188		42
Oakfield, village	48	104		152		56
Osceola	129	128	1	258	1	
Ripon	72	136	1	209		(4
Ripon, city	411	412	7	820		1
ward 1	81	83				
ward 2	94	136	2			
ward 3	121	79				
ward 4	115	114	3			
Rosendale	69	167	2			
Springvale	118	119	4	240		98
Taycheedah	216	217		237		1
Waupun	93	111		267	165	
Waupun, city	171	88	2	266		13
ward 5	82	22	1	260	83	
ward 6	89	66	1			
Total	6,365	4,699	124	11,189	2,123	457
Republican plurality					457	
Net Dem. plurality					1,666	

Scattering: Fond du Lac, city, 1.

OZAUKEE CO.—						
Belgium	257	43		300	214	
Cedarburg	161	63	3	227	93	
Cedarburg, city	213	107	8	328	103	
Fredonia	240	79		319	161	
Grafton	107	34	3	144	73	
Grafton, village	70	46	6	122	24	
Mequon	262	143	14	419	119	
Port Washington	127	52	5	184	75	
Port Washington, city	576	191	5	772	385	
ward 1	184	33				
ward 2	131	46	1			
ward 3	108	36	2			
ward 4	155	76	2			
Saukville	171	97	5	273	74	
Total	2,181	855	49	3,033	1,339	
Democratic plurality					1,339	

SHEBOYGAN CO.—						
Cedar Grove, village	49	72	5	126		23
Elkhart Lake	85	36	2	123	49	
Greenbush	143	174		319		31
Herman	267	163	2	432	104	
Holland	143	448	4	595		305
precinct 1	100	289				
precinct 2	43	159	1			
Linna	129	281	3			
Lyndon	133	199	1	411		152
Mitchell	156	97	2	394		6
Mosel	56	97	1	254	59	
Plymouth	161	106	1	163		50
Plymouth, city	411	159	2	302	22	
ward 1	250	161	32	715	139	
ward 2	161	108	19			
			13			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	George Spratt, Rep.	Edward C. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep
SHEBOYGAN CO.—Con.						
Random Lake, village ..	78	21	.....	99	57	.....
Rhine	123	104	1	228	19	.....
Russell	36	31	2	69	5	.....
Scott	135	153	4	292	.....	18
Sheboygan	267	133	17	417	131	.....
Sheboygan, city	2,399	1,901	464	4,764	498	.....
ward 1	328	328	59	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	242	200	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	133	169	19	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	209	360	58	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	249	229	81	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	173	146	47	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	340	156	80	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	250	164	33	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	380	149	76	.....	.....	.....
Sheboygan Falls	198	122	36	356	76	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village ..	303	92	39	437	214	.....
Sherman	175	149	.....	324	26	.....
Wilson	116	114	1	231	2	.....
Total	5,626	4,807	618	11,051	1,404	535
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	585	.....
Net Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	819	.....

WASHINGTON CO.—						
Addison	270	83	.....	353	187	.....
Barton	161	95	1	257	66	.....
Erin	182	93	3	278	89	.....
Farmington	166	145	.....	311	21	.....
Germantown	206	210	.....	416	.....	4
Hartford	164	143	.....	307	21	.....
Hartford, city	283	260	17	560	23	.....
ward 1	152	150	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	131	110	7	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	131	217	.....	348	86	.....
Kewaskum	86	110	.....	196	24	.....
Kewaskum, village	87	72	2	161	15	.....
Polk	130	178	4	312	48	.....
Richfield	218	112	1	331	106	.....
Schleisingsville, village ..	65	37	10	112	28	.....
Trenton	216	81	.....	300	132	.....
Wayne	117	161	.....	278	40	44
West Bend	112	72	3	187	120	.....
West Bend, city	325	205	4	534	.....	.....
ward 1	110	74	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	113	71	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	102	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,919	2,277	45	5,241	818	503
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206	.....
Net Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	642	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	Charles H. Weisse, Dem.	George Spratt, Rep.	Edward C. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge	6,223	3,546	30	9,799	2,677	.....
Fond du Lac	6,365	4,699	124	11,189	1,666	.....
Ozaukee	2,184	855	49	3,088	1,329	.....
Sheboygan	5,626	4,897	618	11,051	819	.....
Washington	2,919	2,277	45	5,241	642	.....
Total	23,317	16,184	866	40,363	7,133	.....
Democratic plurality					7,133	.....

Scattering: Fond du Lac, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
BUFFALO CO.—						
Alma	34	75		109		
Alma, city	100	121		223		41
ward 1						21
ward 2	40	43	1			
ward 3	21	31	1			
Belvidere	33	44				
Buffalo	50	109		159		59
Buffalo, city	60	31	1	95	23	
Canton	25	23		48	2	
Cross	32	91	2	125		59
Dover	33	59		83		17
Fountain City	16	141		157		125
ward 1	90	133	2	225		43
ward 2	42	59				
Gilmanton	43	74	2			
Glencoe	19	132	2	152		113
Lincoln	53	50		106	6	
Maxville	39	48		87		9
Milwaukee	35	67		102		32
Modena	18	29		47		11
Mondovi	15	134	2	151		119
Mondovi, city	17	123		145		111
ward 1	76	197		273		121
ward 2	33	95				
Montana	40	102				
Noble	19	49		68		30
Nelson		187		187		187
Waumandee	73	204	1	278		131
	50	52	7	109		2
Total	857	2,053	19	2,932	34	1,233
Democratic plurality					34	34
Net Republican plurality						1,199

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
CLARK CO.—						
Abbotsford, village	40	110		150		01
Beaver	12	137		119		95
Colby	62	53		118	6	
Colby, city	72	57	1	130	15	
Dewhurst	9	25		34		16
Dorchester, village	45	68		113		23
Eaton	37	71		108		34
Fremont	17	133		150		116
Grant	65	153		221		91
Green Grove	19	62		81		43
Greenwood, city	35	112		147		77
Hewitt	1	40		41		30
Hixon	40	57		97		17
Hoard	18	79	7	104		61
Levis	29	61		90		32
Loyal	30	110		140		30
Loyal, village	42	117	1	160		75
Lonzwood	31	83		114		52
Lynn	32	90		122		58
Mayville	39	106		145		67
Mead	7	13		20		6
Mentor	51	103	6	160		52
Neillsville, city	110	320	6	436		210
ward 1	49	88	2			
ward 2	27	91	3			
ward 3	43	111	1			
Owen, village	18	116		134		93
Pine Valley	50	123	6	182		76
Reseberg	49	60	5	114		11
Seif	8	18		25		10
She man	30	106	2	138		76
Sherwood	4	43		47		39
Thorp	56	83		139		37
Thorp, village	46	94		140		48
Unity	33	91		127		55
Unity, village	5	21		25		16
Warner	24	90		114		66
Washburn	19	69		79		41
Weston	52	83	3	143		36
Wit'ee	43	74		117		31
Withee, village	35	43	1	79		8
Worden	43	107		150		64
York	33	158	1	192		125
Total	1,423	3,517	30	4,970	21	2,115
Democrat'c plurality						21
Net Republican plurality						2,094

EAU CLAIRE CO.—						
Altoona, city		45	90		144	54
ward 1	19		30			
ward 2	23		69			
Augusta, city		86	172		258	86
Bridge Creek		90	101		191	11
Brunswick		41	97	2	140	56
Clear Creek		40	75		115	35
Drammen		6	155		161	149

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	B. F. Keefer, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
EAU CLAIRE CO.—Con.						
Eau Claire, city	836	2,393	116	3,375		1,527
ward 1	94	161	19			
ward 2	106	243	15			
ward 3	70	342	3			
ward 4	35	112				
ward 5	81	202	11			
ward 6	94	260	6			
ward 7	85	274	8			
ward 8	108	290	16			
ward 9	79	281	9			
ward 10	114	210	29			
Fairchild	23	61	1	85		38
Fairchild, village	36	86		122		50
Fairchild, village	33	83		122		50
Lincoln	111	55		136	53	
Ludington	34	125	7	136		91
Outer Creek	2			1		69
Pleasant Valley	27	153		181		133
Seymour	35	55	1	91		20
Union	53	107	3	165		52
Washington	80	151	2	233		77
Total	1,653	4,038	132	5,826	66	2,448
Democratic plurality					66	2,448
Net Republican plurality						2,382

JACKSON CO.—						
Albion	25	247		272		222
Alma	23	136		163		113
Alma Center	27	74	4	102	27	47
Bear Bluff	10	19		29		9
Black River Falls, city	66	321	1	388		255
ward 1	19	84				
ward 2	13	70				
ward 3	9	64				
ward 4	25	103	1			
Brockway	26	85		111		50
precinct 1	6	51				
precinct 2	20	34				
City Point	11	33	5	52		25
Cleveland	64	38		102	27	
Curran	6	137		143		131
Franklin	2	114		116		112
Garden Valley	2	97		120		74
Garfield	23	104	5	111		99
Hixton	2	133	1	168		109
Irving	29	135		184		86
Knapp	49	23		55		21
Manchester	17	97		107		87
Melrose	10	159		177		141
Merrillan	18	108	1	140		77
Millston	31	47		59		35
North Bend	12	108		123		88
Northfield	20	225		231		219
Springfield	6	218	1	234		203
Springfield	15					
Total	492	2,681	19	3,192	26	2,212
Democratic plurality					26	2,212
Net Republican plurality						26
						2,189

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.—						
Bangor	65	77	.....	142	.....	12
Bangor, village	86	122	.....	208	.....	36
Barre	73	32	.....	105	41	.....
Furns	83	132	.....	215	.....	49
Campbell	53	85	.....	138	.....	32
Farmington	125	217	.....	342	.....	92
Greenfield	66	74	.....	140	.....	8
Hamilton	53	205	.....	262	.....	150
Holland	14	212	.....	226	.....	198
La Crosse, city	2,644	3,055	64	5,763	.....	411
ward 1	189	147	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	124	155	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	194	137	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	95	217	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	92	139	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	106	177	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	98	197	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	285	159	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	81	198	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	101	157	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	145	146	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	107	98	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	100	145	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	103	211	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	139	92	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	35	144	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 17	171	163	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 18	247	118	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 19	72	133	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 20	64	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 21	92	34	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 22 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onalaska	25	159	3	187	.....	134
Onalaska, city	71	153	.....	224	.....	82
ward 1	19	42	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	35	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	17	46	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelby	98	53	.....	151	45	.....
Washington	95	63	.....	158	32	.....
West Salem	80	135	.....	215	.....	55
Total	3,634	4,775	67	8,476	118.	1,259
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	118
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,141

MONROE CO.—						
Adrian	27	66	2	95	.....	39
Angelo	14	92	.....	106	.....	78
Byran	32	83	7	122	.....	51
Cashton, village	50	67	.....	126	.....	8
Clifton	87	123	.....	210	.....	36
Glendale	43	114	1	158	.....	71
Grant	18	52	.....	70	.....	34
Greenfield	41	70	2	113	.....	29
Jefferson	144	41	.....	185	103	.....
Kendall, village	35	85	1	121	.....	50
La Fayette	17	58	.....	75	.....	41
La Grange	47	92	1	140	.....	45
Leon	31	153	.....	184	.....	132
Lincoln	25	139	6	170	.....	114
Little Falls	77	156	.....	233	.....	79
New Lyme	12	43	.....	55	.....	31
Norwalk, village	57	69	.....	126	.....	12
Oakdale	57	66	1	124	.....	9

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties towns, cities and election districts.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MONROE CO.—Con.						
Ontario, village	6	16	3	25		10
Portland	68	175	2	245		107
Ridgeville	75	70	2	148	6	
Scott	12	21	17	50		9
Sheldon	55	85	5	143		32
Sparta	93	142	4	239		49
Sparta, city	223	515	4	745		283
ward 1						
ward 2	39	123	2			
ward 3	51	139	1			
ward 4	70	134	1			
Tomah	63	119				
Tomah, city	52	93				
ward 1	230	431	14	115		41
ward 2	60	152	1	734		212
ward 3	100	163	4			
ward 4	79	166	9			
Wellington						
Wells	65	80	1	155		24
Wilton	68	52		120		16
Wilton, village	109	54		164		55
	81	53	3	140	31	
Total						
Democratic plurality	1,971	3,415	77	5,466	211	1,052
Net Republican plurality						211
						1,441

PEPIN CO.—						
Albany	23	74	1			
Durand	18	50	1	97		52
Durand, city	125	183		49		12
ward 1	65			308		53
ward 2	60	76				
Frankfort	18	140	1			
Lima	93	29		198		131
Pepin	21	172		122	61	
Pepin, village	18	74		193		143
Stockholm	4	69		87		51
Stockholm, village	7	74		78		70
Waterville	15	34		41		27
Waubeck	11	190		235		113
		15		23		4
Total	423	1,028	3	1,457	64	666
Democratic plurality						64
Net Republican plurality						602

TREMPEALEAU CO.—						
Albion	10	188		198		178
Arcadia	200	212		413		12
Arcadia, village	133	91	1	225	42	
Blair	9	107	2	118		98
Burnside	70	34	3	107	35	
Caledonia	18	54		70		38
Chimney Rock	16	157		173		141
Dodge	51	40		91		
Eleva, village	6	79		85	11	73
Etrick	50	371		441		341
Gale	46	253	1	303		210
Galesville, village	36	190	2	238		154
Hale	60	287		347		227
Independence	75	58		133	20	

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities, and election districts.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
TREMPEALEAU CO.—						
Con.						
Lincoln	33	93		126		60
Osseo, village	18	113		131		95
Pigeon	14	254		268		240
Preston	13	371	4	388		358
Sumner	11	146		157		135
Trempealeau	44	152	2	198		108
Trempealeau, village	20	91		120		62
Unity	29	190		219		161
Whitehall, village	32	138	1	171		106
Total	1,004	3,692	16	4,712	109	2,797
Democratic plurality						109
Net Republican plurality						2,688

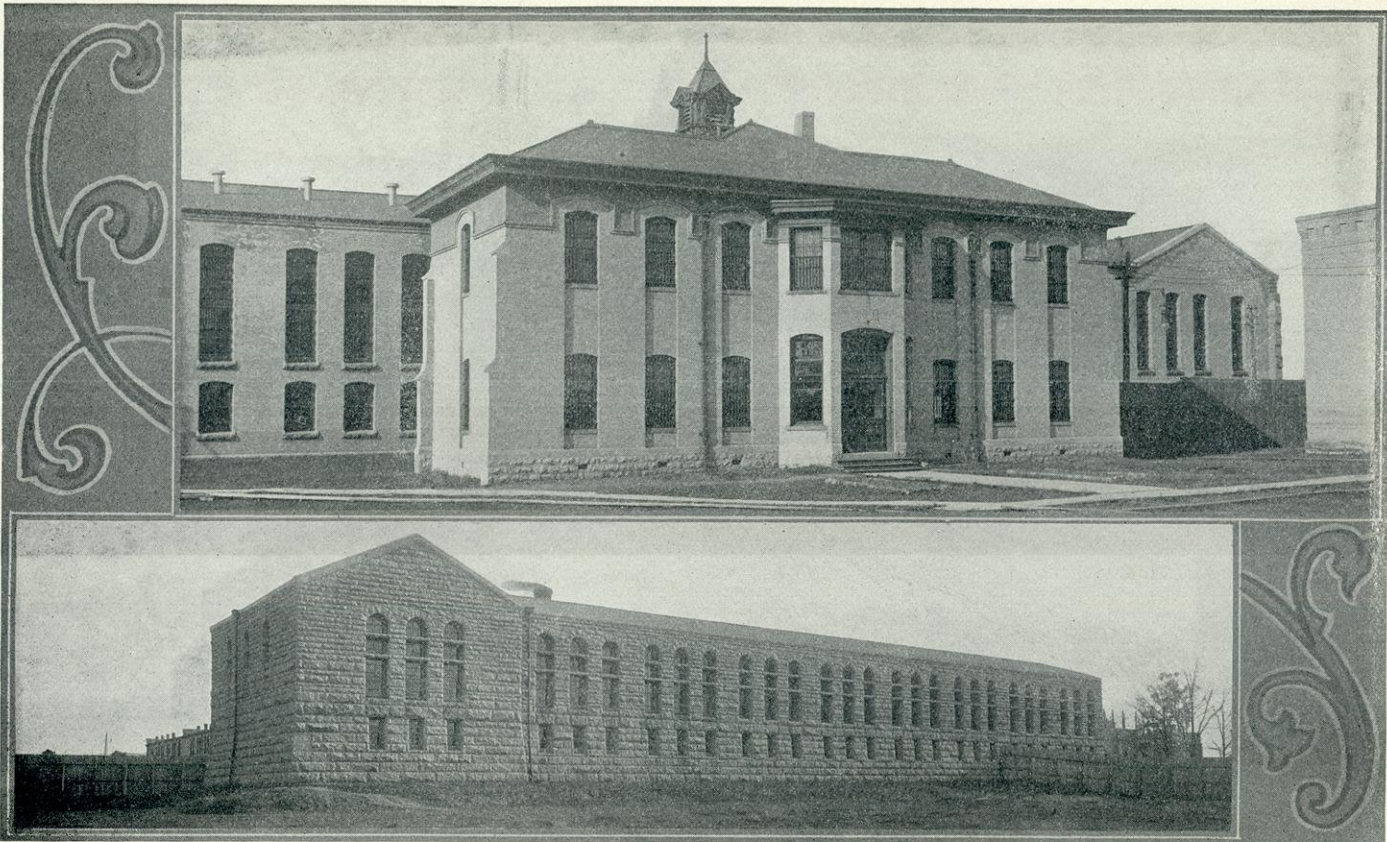
SUMMARY OF VOTES IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	B. F. Keeler, Dem.	John J. Esch, Rep.	W. Gray, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Buffalo	857	2,056	19	2,932		1,199
Clark	1,423	3,517	39	4,979		2,094
Eau Claire	1,656	4,068	132	5,856		2,382
Jackson	492	2,681	19	3,192		2,139
La Crosse	3,634	4,775	67	8,476		1,141
Monroe	1,974	3,415	77	5,466		1,441
Pepin	426	1,038	3	1,467		602
Trempealeau	1,004	3,692	16	4,712		2,688
Total	11,435	25,202	372	37,010		13,735
Republican plurality						13,735

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Lyman J. Nash, Dem.	Byron E. Van Keuren, Pro.	James H. David- son, Rep.	Martin Geor- genson, Sec. Dem.	Total	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
CALUMET CO.—							
Brillion	67		213		285		151
Brillion, village	117		83	4	204	31	
Brothertown	126	3	116		245	10	
Charlestown	138		117	7	262	21	
Chilton	155		69		224	86	
Chilton, city	243	2	124	16	385	119	
Harrison	219		140		359	79	
Hilbert, village	76		45	8	129	31	
New Holstein	83	2	119		207		33
New Holstein, village	45		115	27	187		70
Rantoul	90		163		253		73
Stockbridge	164		112		276	52	
Stockbridge, village	39	5	32		76	7	
Woodville	110	2	78		190	32	
Total	1,675	14	1,531	62	3,282	471	527
Rep. plurality						327	
Net Dem. plurality						144	

MANITOWOC CO.—							
Cato	167	2	205		374		38
Centerville	104	2	164		270		60
Cooperstown	128	4	133	3	268		5
Eaton	124	3	121	1	249	3	
Franklin	172		134		306	33	
Gibson	91	1	136	15	243		45
Kiel, village	100	1	100	94	295		
Kossuth	139		143	13	295		4
Liberty	98		200	4	302		102
Manitowoc	70	2	74	21	167		4
Manitowoc, city	1,115	25	1,070	477	2,637	45	
ward 1	189		167	39			
ward 2	110	1	164	30			
ward 3	259	6	277	106			
ward 4	148	7	211	53			
ward 5	129	5	105	115			
ward 6	69	2	83	39			
ward 7	211	4	63	95			
Manitowoc Rapids	142	2	176	19	339		31
Maple Grove	108	1	103		215		2
Meeme	158	3	121		277		32
Mishicott	167	1	116	21	305		51
Newton	127		181		305		51
Reedsville, village	53		65	1	124		7
Rockland	77	3	221	4	305		144
Schleswig	108	1	111		220		3
Two Creeks	52	1	33	5	91	1	
Two Rivers	123		74	9	206	49	
Two Rivers, city	532	8	343	235	1,118	189	
ward 1	96		74	29			
ward 2	79	2	81	23			
ward 3	55	1	62	79			
ward 4	143	3	73	65			
ward 5	156	2	53	39			
Total	3,955	60	4,027	922	8,931	428	500
Dem. plurality							428
Net Rep. plurality							72



STATE REFORMATORY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING—GREEN BAY.
STATE REFORMATORY.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Lyman J. Nash, Dem.	Byron E. Van Keuren, Pro.	James H. David- son, Rep.	Martin Geor- gers on, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
PORTAGE CO.—							
Alban	53		137	1	191		84
Almond	28	6	133		217		155
Almond, village	15	9	98		122		83
Amherst	79	1	280		360		201
Amherst, village	31	2	124		157		93
Belmont	47	8	118		173		71
Buena Vista	72	2	169		243		97
Carson	125		95	3	2 3	30	
Dewey	68		19		87	49	
Eau Claire	51		123		174		72
Grant	33		68	1	105		32
Hull	148		46	1	195	102	
Lanark	54	3	142		190		88
Linwood	14		82	1	97		68
New Hope	41		151		222		140
Pine Grove	23		130		173		107
Plover	88	5	203	1	297		1 5
Rosholt, village	19		81		100		62
Sharon	274	2	53		327	221	
Stockton	280	2	71		353	200	
Stevens Point, city	766	22	814	11	1,613		48
ward 1	93	3	152	2			
ward 2	110	10	190	3			
ward 3	98	9	149	4			
ward 4	342		84				
ward 5	81		135				
ward 6	39		104	2			
Total	2,312	60	3,217	19	5,638	611	1,516
Dem. plurality							6:1
Net Rep. plurality							905

WAUPACA CO.—							
Bear Creek	56		108		164		52
Caledonia	45		98		143		53
Clintonville, city	137	11	193		341		56
ward 1	26	2	32				
ward 2	36		28				
ward 3	37	1	47				
ward 4	33	8	86				
Dayton	22	24	121	15	182		97
Dupont	37	1	126		161		89
Embarrass, village	21	1	54		76		33
Farmington	53	21	425		504		367
precinct 1	19	3	172				
precinct 2	39	18	253				
Fremont	17		57		74		40
Fremont, village	24		46		70		22
Harrison	4		132	3	139		123
Helvetia	12	3	120		135		103
Iola	3		181	1	185		173
Iola, village	16	1	196	1	214		180
Larabee	52		147		199		95
Lebanon	82		67		149	15	
Lind	33	9	125	6	173		92
Little Wolf	59		126		185		67
Manawa, village	39	4	128	1	172		89
Marion, village	40	4	91		144		42
Matteson	18	9	134		161		113
Mukwa	58	6	105	1	170		47

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties.	Lyman J. Nash, Dem.	Byron E. Van Keuren, Pro.	James H. David- son, Rep.	Martin Geor- genson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
Calumet	1,675	14	1,531	62	3,282	144	.....
Manitowoc	3,975	60	4,077	922	8,964	.....	72
Portage	2,312	61	3,217	19	5,003	.....	905
Waupaca	1,377	193	4,723	107	6,005	.....	3,351
Waushara	473	120	2,784	77	3,444	.....	2,311
Winnebago	5,192	404	6,810	202	12,608	.....	1,678
Total	14,984	851	23,097	1,339	40,321	144	8,257
Dem. plurality							144
Net Rep. plurality							8,113

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	L. Lin- dauer, Dem.	Gustav Kuester- man, Rep.	J. E. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities		
					Dem.	Rep.	
BROWN CO.—							
Allouez	51	61	7	119	.....	10
Ashwaubenon	26	59	2	87	.....	33
Bellevue	47	57	.....	104	.....	10
Depere	73	54	1	123	19	.....
Eaton	110	65	.....	175	45	.....
Glenmore	105	145	1	251	.....	40
Green Bay	32	109	6	147	.....	77
Hobart	15	30	.....	45	.....	15
Holland	166	44	.....	210	122	.....
Howard	149	88	4	241	61	.....
Humboldt	47	93	1	141	.....	46
Lawrence	68	102	1	171	.....	34
Morrison	109	216	1	326	.....	107
New Denmark	77	212	5	294	.....	135
Pittsfield	72	96	1	169	.....	24
Preble	78	178	7	263	.....	190
Rockland	69	32	.....	101	37	.....
Scott	78	89	3	170	.....	11
Suamico	127	83	1	211	44	.....
Wrightstown	111	111	.....	222	.....	.....
Wrightstown, village	81	38	3	122	43	.....
Depere	453	359	19	831	94	.....
ward 1	121	115	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	153	58	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	99	132	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	80	54	5	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay	1,785	2,129	332	4,246	.....	314
ward 1	271	342	31	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	207	257	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	174	168	22	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, precinct 1	143	233	29	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, precinct 2	81	133	21	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	210	287	48	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	221	170	22	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	95	85	0	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 1	125	93	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 2	95	79	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	102	171	57	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	56	116	63	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,929	4,450	395	8,774	465	936	
Dem. plurality						465	
Net Rep. plurality						521	

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	L. Lin- dauer, Dem.	Gustav Kuester- man, Rep.	J. E. Harris Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DOOR CO.—						
Baileys Harbor	44	78	1	123	.....	34
Brussels	72	109	.....	181	.....	37
Clay Banks	25	90	2	117	.....	65
Egg Harbor	58	89	1	148	.....	31
Forestville	93	169	2	264	.....	76
Gardner	19	93	2	114	.....	74
Gibraltar	47	131	.....	179	.....	84
Jacksonport	25	112	1	133	.....	87
Liberty Grove	34	241	7	232	.....	207
Nasewaunee	72	121	.....	193	.....	49
Sevastopol	108	129	2	239	.....	21
Sturgeon Bay	16	86	.....	102	.....	70
Sturgeon Bay, city	440	478	22	942	.....	38
ward 1	201	100	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	96	72	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	93	119	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	50	187	7	.....	.....	.....
Union	16	72	1	89	.....	56
Washington	4	120	2	126	.....	116
Total	1,073	2,118	43	3,237	.....	1,045
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,045

Scattering: Gibraltar, 1; Sturgeon Bay, 2.

KEWAUNEE CO.—						
Ahnapee	147	64	.....	211	83	.....
Algoma, city	295	117	9	421	178	.....
Carlton	134	138	3	275	.....	4
Casco	149	73	2	224	76	.....
Franklin	238	73	5	316	165	.....
Kewaunee, city	246	141	15	402	105	.....
Lincoln	95	114	1	210	.....	19
Luxemburg	93	147	3	243	.....	54
Luxemburg, village	29	57	.....	86	.....	28
Montpelier	143	165	1	309	.....	22
Pierce	108	41	2	151	67	.....
Red River	12	209	4	225	.....	197
West Kewaunee	183	130	2	318	56	.....
Total	1,875	1,469	47	3,391	700	324
Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	406	.....

MARINETTE CO.—						
Amburg	133	235	.....	468	.....	102
precinct 1	25	77	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	23	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	130	143	.....	.....	.....	.....
Athelstane	21	42	10	73	.....	21
Beaver	30	117	.....	147	.....	87
Dunbar	12	77	.....	89	.....	65
Grover	50	248	3	301	.....	153
Lake	11	45	4	60	.....	34

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	L. Lin- dauer, Dem.	Gustav Kuester- man, Rep.	J. E. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MARINETTE CO.—Con.						
Peshigo	69	94		163		25
Porterfield	38	181	3	222		143
precinct 1	33	127	3			
precinct 2	5	54				
Pound	53	183		235		19
Stephenson	79	90		159		11
Wausaukee	112	208		320		95
Marinette, city	996	1,377	53	2,426		381
ward 1	152	242	23			
ward 2	220	242	14			
ward 3	198	313	9			
ward 4	235	316	7			
ward 5	191	261				
Peshigo						
ward 1	172	188	23	353		16
ward 2	65	41	7			
ward 3	44	83	9			
ward 3	63	64	7			
Coleman, village		13	65	78		52
Total	1,839	3,199	96	5,134		1,370
Net Rep. plurality						1,330

OCONTO CO.—						
Armstrong	16	58	44	118		14
Breed	13	45	5	63		12
Brazeau	32	75		107		43
Chase	44	126	4	174		82
Gillett	40	174		214		154
Gillett, village	59	85	1	145		26
Howe	109	93	2	204	16	
Lena	75	115	2	19		40
Little River	57	137		194		80
Little Suamico	92	85	1	178	7	
Maple Valley	39	108	25	172		69
Morgan	37	86		123		49
Oconto	116	120		236		4
Oconto, city	561	621	6	1,183		60
north ward	128	111	3			
east ward	189	177				
south ward	148	245	3			
west ward	105	88				
Oconto Falls	56	56		112		
Oconto Falls, village	126	113	3	243	13	
Pensaukee	61	289		350		228
precinct 1	25	117				
precinct 2	17	67				
precinct 3	19	105				
Spruce	60	107	1	163		47
Stiles	50	101		151		51
Underhill	11	122		133		111
Wheeler	23	92	3	118		69
Total	1,677	2,808	97	4,582	33	1,139
Dem. plurality						36
Net Rep. plurality						1,131

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities, and election districts.	L. Lin- dauer, Dem.	Gustav Kuester- man, Rep.	J. K. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—						
Appleton	1,743	1,589	72	3,404	154	.....
ward 1	243	380	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	331	291	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	422	238	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	232	185	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	353	217	17	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	162	328	16	.....	.....	.....
Black Creek	49	129	.....	178	.....	80
Black Creek, village	31	60	2	94	.....	29
Bovina	25	107	.....	132	209	82
Buchanan	377	108	3	483	.....	.....
Center	110	132	4	246	.....	22
Cicero	37	159	.....	193	.....	122
Dale	124	127	2	253	.....	3
Deer Creek	33	87	.....	120	.....	54
Ellington	98	133	.....	231	.....	35
Freedom	150	112	2	264	88	.....
Grand Clute	144	148	3	295	.....	4
Greenville	116	129	5	250	.....	13
Hortonia	41	78	.....	119	.....	37
Hortonville, village	101	100	1	202	1	.....
Kaukauna	87	35	1	123	52	.....
Kaukauna, city	809	236	8	1,033	573	.....
precinct 1	331	125	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	423	111	8	.....	.....	.....
Little Clute, village	196	81	1	273	115	.....
Liberty	29	54	.....	83	.....	25
Maine	38	107	.....	145	.....	69
Maple Creek	45	80	.....	125	.....	35
New London	40	103	2	145	.....	63
ward 3	40	103	2	.....	.....	.....
Osborn	28	87	.....	115	.....	59
Seymour	79	115	.....	191	.....	36
Seymour, city	98	152	2	253	.....	60
ward 1	66	86	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	32	72	1	.....	.....	.....
Shiocton	20	108	.....	128	.....	38
Vandenbrock	100	8	1	109	92	.....
Welcome, village	36	44	.....	80	.....	9
West Oneida	72	104	.....	176	.....	32
Total	4,856	4,518	110	9,434	1,294	976
Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	956	.....
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTES IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1903.

Counties.	L. Lin- dauer, Dem.	Gustav Kuester- man, Rep.	J. E. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
Brown	3,929	4,450	205	8,774	.....	521
Door	1,073	2,118	43	3,237	.....	1,045
Kewaunee	1,875	1,469	47	3,391	403	.....
Marinette	1,839	3,199	96	5,134	.....	1,360
Oconto	1,677	2,803	97	4,582	.....	1,131
Outagamie	4,856	4,518	110	9,484	388	.....
Total	15,249	18,562	788	31,602	744	4,057
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	744
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,313

Scattering: Door, 3.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1905.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
ASHLAND CO.—					
Agenda	27	65	92		38
Ashland	23	69	97		41
Ashland, city	1,031	950	2,031	134	
ward 1	64	123			
ward 2	87	137			
ward 3	100	153			
ward 4	84	59			
ward 5	140	85			
ward 6	125	87			
ward 7	123	81			
ward 8	130	78			
ward 9	127	57			
ward 10	92	87			
Butternut	38	45	81		9
Butternut, village	60	88	157		19
Gordon	10	42	61		23
Jacobs	81	184	238		100
La Pointe	17	18	35		1
Marengo	30	31	61		1
Mellen, city	168	156	324	12	
ward 1	83	31			
ward 2	57	74			
ward 3	28	51			
Morse	47	55	102		8
Sanborn	235	244	479		9
precinct 1	24	22			
precinct 2	200	177			
precinct 3	11	45			
Saugarden		37	52		22
Total	1,850	1,981	3,813	146	271
Democratic plurality					116
Net Republican plurality					125

FLORENCE CO.—					
Commonwealth	31	103	134		72
precinct 1	23	71			
precinct 2	8	32			
Florence	134	225	359		91
Homestead	22	120	151		107
Total	187	457	644		270
Republican plurality					2 0

FOREST CO.—					
Caswell	10	25	35		15
Crandon	126	427	533		301
precinct 1	98	374			
precinct 2	23	53			
Hiles	7	55	62		48
Laona	40	248	288		208
precinct 1	34	223			
precinct 2	6	25			
North Crandon	38	63	101		25
Wabeno	60	222	232		132
precinct 1	47	158			
precinct 2	10	36			
precinct 3	3	28			
Total	281	1,010	1,321		759
Republican plurality					759

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
IRON CO.—					
Anderson	29	31	60		2
precinct 1	27	16			
precinct 2	2	15			
Emerson	1	9	10		8
Knight	27	165	192		138
Montreil	22	234	253		212
Saxon	55	102	157		47
Vaughn	201	518	719		317
precinct 1	129	257			
precinct 2	55	214			
precinct 3	17	47			
Total	335	1,050	1,384		724
Republican plurality					724

LANGLADE CO.—					
Ackley	51	81	132		30
Ansforth	8	17	25		9
Antigo	76	114	190		8
Antigo, city	537	833	1,373		290
ward 1	52	135			
ward 2	58	145			
ward 3	129	73			
ward 4	129	133			
ward 5	72	132			
ward 6	97	218			
Elecho	17	83	100		66
Elton	27	54	81		27
Evergreen	67	63	130	4	
Langlade	15	48	63		33
Neva	93	68	161	30	
Norwood	55	128	183		73
Peck	16	55	71		39
Polar	76	110	183		34
Price	45	64	109		19
Rolling	162	110	272		8
Summit	29	38	67		9
Upham	19	39	53		20
Vilas	17	30	47		13
Total	1,255	1,938	3,193	34	717
Democratic plurality					34
Net Republican plurality					683

LINCOLN CO.—					
Birch	27	66	93		39
Bradley	53	55	107		3
Corning	37	87	123		48
Harrison	51	55	106		4
King	6	20	23		14
Merrill	66	51	117	15	
Merrill, city	577	1,030	1,917		203
ward 1	107	115			
ward 2	74	90			
ward 3	103	165			
ward 4	137	243			
ward 5	89	134			
ward 6	163	155			
ward 7	173	158			
Pine River	90	129	219		39

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
LINCOLN CO.—Con.					
Rock Falls	40	50	90	.....	10
Russell	24	98	122	.....	74
Schley	65	140	205	.....	75
Scott	102	121	223	.....	19
Somo	5	45	50	.....	40
Tomahawk	30	28	58	.....	2
Tomahawk, city	339	310	649	.....	29
ward 1	70	72	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	113	47	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	84	89	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	72	102	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,793	2,315	4,108	46	538
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	522

MARATHON CO.—					
Athens, village	83	103	186	.....	20
Bergens	30	83	116	.....	56
Berlin	103	69	172	34	.....
Bern	32	28	60	4	.....
Brighton	43	40	83	3	.....
Brokaw, village	22	71	93	.....	49
Cassell	146	56	202	90	.....
Cleveland	108	167	275	.....	59
Colby	24	27	51	.....	3
Day	109	46	155	63	.....
Easton	97	92	189	5	.....
Eau Pleine	65	84	149	.....	19
Edgar, village	85	75	160	10	.....
Eldron	52	114	166	.....	62
Emmet	112	59	171	53	.....
Fenwood, village	17	23	40	.....	6
Flieth	22	33	55	.....	11
Frankfort	64	70	134	.....	6
Franzen	5	37	42	.....	32
Halsey	57	35	92	22	.....
Hamburg	93	84	177	9	.....
Harrison	33	48	81	.....	15
Hewitt	25	54	79	.....	29
Holton	60	144	204	.....	84
Hull	93	100	196	.....	4
Johnson	71	80	151	.....	9
Knowlton	28	71	99	.....	43
Kronenwetter	45	47	92	.....	2
Maine	133	72	205	61	.....
Marathon	78	42	120	33	.....
Marathon, village	62	67	129	.....	5
McMillen	96	94	190	2	.....
McMillen, village	7	24	31	.....	17
Mosinee	26	69	95	.....	43
Mosinee, village	19	95	114	.....	76
Norrie	52	92	144	.....	40
Pike Lake	129	36	165	93	.....
Plover	29	94	123	.....	65
Rib Falls	95	94	189	1	.....
Rietbrock	97	67	164	30	.....
Ringle	38	48	83	.....	10
Ringle	52	83	135	.....	31
Schofield, village	41	46	87	.....	5
Spencer	28	53	81	25
Spencer, village	108	61	169	47
Stettin

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggies, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON CO.—Con.					
Texas	70	131	201	.....	61
Unity, village	11	42	53	.....	31
Wausau	109	79	188	30	.....
Wausau, city	1,480	1,756	3,236	.....	276
ward 1	247	173	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	221	153	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	150	155	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	105	171	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	191	232	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	170	136	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	138	235	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	137	191	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	118	180	.....	.....	.....
Weston	102	82	184	20	.....
Wein	67	69	133	.....	2
Total	4,656	5,239	9,895	613	1,196
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	613
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	583

ONEIDA CO.—					
Cassian	10	69	79	.....	59
Crescent	20	27	47	.....	7
Enterprise	4	39	43	.....	35
Gagen	29	127	156	.....	98
Hazellhurst	19	125	144	.....	106
precinct 1	11	108	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	8	17	.....	.....	.....
Lynne	11	26	37	.....	15
Minocqua	98	87	185	11	.....
Monico	17	61	78	.....	44
Newbold	14	21	35	.....	7
Pelican	31	67	98	.....	36
Piehl	4	25	29	.....	21
Pine Lake	9	22	31	.....	13
Rhineland, city	255	613	868	.....	358
ward 1	6	79	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	34	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	44	91	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	50	112	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	81	122	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	40	120	.....	.....	.....
Schoepke	45	46	91	.....	1
Sugar Camp	12	53	65	.....	41
Woodboro	7	6	13	1	.....
Woodruff	53	49	102	4	.....
Total	638	1,433	2,101	16	811
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	825

PRICE CO.—					
Brannon	14	106	120	.....	92
Catawba	24	76	100	.....	52
Eisenstein	19	48	67	.....	29
Emery	13	60	73	.....	47
Fifield	49	87	136	.....	38

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PRICE CO.—Con.					
Georgetown	6	37	43	.....	31
Hackett	6	35	41	.....	29
Harmony	11	28	39	.....	17
Hill	15	42	57	.....	27
Kennan	7	40	47	.....	33
Kennan, village	15	30	54	.....	21
Knox	11	101	115	.....	93
Leke	20	78	98	.....	58
Ogema	8	225	233	.....	217
Park Falls, village	79	235	314	.....	153
Phillips, city	115	239	354	.....	121
ward 1	35	82	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	53	89	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	24	68	.....	.....	.....
Prentice	9	61	70	.....	52
Prentice, village	36	58	94	.....	22
Worcester	98	113	211	.....	15
Total	551	1,711	2,266	.....	1,156
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,156

SHAWANO CO.—					
Almon	25	121	146	.....	96
Angelica	36	127	211	.....	39
Aniwa	30	46	82	.....	10
Aniwa, village	24	43	67	.....	19
Belle Plaine	108	103	211	5	.....
Biramwood	28	72	100	.....	44
Biramwood, village	35	102	137	.....	67
Cecil, village	33	32	65	1	.....
Eland, village	36	55	91	.....	19
Fairbanks	38	95	133	.....	57
Germania	8	40	57	.....	41
Grant	57	147	204	.....	90
Green Valley	28	203	231	.....	175
Hartland	79	150	238	.....	89
Herman	69	174	243	.....	105
Hutchins	25	110	135	.....	85
Lessor	35	139	174	.....	101
Maple Grove	119	80	208	30	.....
Mattoon, village	23	149	172	.....	126
Morris	16	137	153	.....	121
Navarino	15	63	78	.....	48
Pella	90	63	153	27	.....
Richmond	47	107	154	.....	60
Shawano, city	223	298	521	.....	75
ward 1	96	120	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	56	81	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	71	97	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	26	74	100	.....	48
Tigerton, village	40	77	117	.....	37
Washington	85	108	193	.....	23
Waukechon	76	94	170	.....	18
Wescott	44	35	79	9	.....
Wittenberg	36	137	173	.....	101
Wittenberg, village	50	153	203	.....	103
Total	1,640	3,359	4,999	72	1,791
Democratic plurality	72
Net Republican plurality	1,719

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
TAYLOR CO.—					
Aurora	11	39	50		28
Browning	27	73	102		46
Chelsea	66	61	127	5	
Cleveland	6	39	45		33
Deer Creek	63	94	162		26
Goodrich	6	55	61		49
Greenwood	39	61	100		22
Grover	14	41	55		27
Hammel	27	30	57		3
Holway	16	79	95		63
Little Black	99	151	253		55
Maplehurst	14	26	40		12
McKinley	16	27	43		11
Medford	123	163	291		45
Medford, city	135	226	361		91
ward 1	45	83			
ward 2	40	51			
ward 3	49	87			
Moliter	17	23	40		6
Rib Lake	62	83	150		26
Rib Lake, village	58	149	198		82
Roosevelt	9	60	69		51
Westboro	46	163	212		120
Total	859	1,650	2,511	5	796
Democratic plurality					5
Net Republican plurality					791

Scattering: Browning, 2.

VILAS CO.—					
Arbor Vitae	90	307	397		217
precinct 1	47	197			
precinct 2	15	21			
precinct 3	28	89			
Conover	14	20	34		6
Eagle River	94	117	211		23
Flambeau	6	45	51		39
Farmington	5	15	20		10
Hackley	27	135	162		103
Presque Isle	12	117	129		105
precinct 1	10	71			
precinct 2	2	46			
State Line	6	35	41		29
Total	254	791	1,045		537
Republican plurality					537

WOOD CO.—					
Arpin	53	88	141		35
Anburndale	76	96	172		20
Anburndale, village	14	46	60		32
Cary	5	29	32		26
Cameron	21	20	41	1	
Cranmoor	21	15	36	6	
Dexter	25	29	54		4

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1908.—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WOOD CO.—Con.					
Grand Rapids	83	112	195		29
Grand Rapids, city	435	717	1,152		282
ward 1	60	56			
ward 2	66	111			
ward 3	49	106			
ward 4	52	120			
ward 5	59	84			
ward 6	60	87			
ward 7	52	88			
ward 8	37	65			
Hanson		55	74	129	19
Hiles		10	11	21	1
Lincoln	112	98	210	14	
Marshfield	89	49	138	40	
Marshfield, city	624	478	1,102	146	
ward 1	153	35			
ward 2	88	37			
ward 3	98	111			
ward 4	119	130			
ward 5	96	108			
ward 6	70	57			
Milladore		104	71	175	33
Nekoosa, village	165	137	302	23	
Port Edwards	54	41	95	13	
Port Edwards, village	29	94	123		65
Pittsville, city	26	73	99		47
ward 1	10	45			
ward 2	8	11			
ward 3	8	17			
Remington		46	56	102	10
Richfield	34	96	130		62
Rock	25	116	141		91
Rudolph	86	115	201		29
Saratoga	31	73	104		42
Seneca	30	35	65		5
Sherry	38	82	120		44
Sigel	136	141	277		5
Wood	40	83	123		43
Total	2,465	3,075	5,540	281	891
Democratic plurality					281
Net Republican plurality					610

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1908.

Counties.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Elmer A. Morse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Ashland	1,859	1,984	3,843		125
Florence	187	457	644		270
Forest	281	1,040	1,321		759
Iron	335	1,059	1,394		724
Langlade	1,255	1,938	3,193		683
Lincoln	1,798	2,315	4,108		522
Marathon	4,956	5,239	9,895		583
Oneida	638	1,463	2,101		825
Price	555	1,711	2,266		1,156
Shawano	1,640	3,359	4,999		1,719
Taylor	859	1,650	2,511		791
Vilas	254	791	1,045		537
Wood	2,465	3,075	5,540		610
Total	16,777	26,081	42,858		9,304
Republican plurality					9,304

Scattering: Taylor, 2.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
BURNETT CO.—						
Anderson	10	90		100		80
Blaine	15	94		111		79
Daniels	11	98		109		87
Dewey	13	60		73		47
Grantsburg	9	76		85		67
Grantsburg, village	23	135		158		112
Jackson	4	66		70		62
La Follette	20	53		78		38
Marshland	8	88		96		80
Meenon	11	109		120		93
Roosevelt	2	34		36		32
Rusk	9	37		46		23
Trade Lake	8	132		140		174
West Marshland	11	74		85		63
Wood River	6	159		165		153
Total	160	1,360		1,522		1,200
Republican plurality						1,200

Scattering: Blaine, 2.

CHIPPEWA CO.—						
Anson	43	133	5	181		90
Arthur	65	72	2	139		7
Auburn	62	169		231		107
Bloomer	106	118	1	225		12
Bloomer, village	78	163		241		85
Boyd, village	92	62		124		
Cadott, village	83	86	2	171		3
Chippewa Falls, city	938	836	14	1,784	37	
ward 1	78	108	1			
ward 2	145	107				
ward 3	142	142				
ward 4	52	61				
ward 5	116	83	2			
ward 6	119	94	4			
ward 7	72	61	1			
ward 8	69	84				
ward 9	61	75				
ward 10	49	51	6			
Cleveland		70		97		43
Colburn	25	80	3	103		55
Delmar	77	72	3	152	5	
Eagle Point	92	103	4	204		16
Edson	71	120		191		49
Holcombe	39	105	4	149		66
Lafayette	58	139	7	254		131
New Auburn, village	26	50	1	87		14
Ruby	8	41		49		33
Sampson	29	63		97		19
Sigel	78	118		196		40
Stanley, city	66	470	2	538		404
ward 1	5	100	1			
ward 2	23	109				
ward 3	9	137	1			
ward 4	29	133				
Tilden	116	86	1	203	30	
Wheaton	100	203	16	319		103
Total	2,221	3,449	65	5,740	72	1,277
Democratic plurality						72
Net Republican plurality						1,225

Scattering: Chippewa Falls city, 1; Holcombe, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and electio. districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DOUGLAS CO.—						
Amhicon	13	89	6	103		76
Bennett	9	52		61		43
Brule	32	76	12	120		44
Gordon	47	148		195		101
Hawthorne	17	62	6	85		45
Highland	7	30		37		23
Maple	20	63		83		43
Solon Springs	27	72		99		45
South Range	9	66	3	78		57
Summit	15	45		60		30
precinct 1	13	23				
precinct 2	2	17				
Superior	26	71		97		45
precinct 1	13	47				
precinct 2	13	24				
Superior, city	1,415	2,811	521	4,990		1,396
ward 1	149	211	36			
ward 2	74	185	18			
ward 3, n. precinct	13	81	5			
ward 3, e. precinct	25	104	19			
ward 3, w. precinct	51	210	58			
ward 4, precinct 1	64	86	23			
ward 4, precinct 2	64	81	39			
ward 4, precinct 3	91	224	56			
ward 5	145	349	49			
ward 6, e. precinct	104	166	14			
ward 6, w. precinct	147	135	36			
ward 7, precinct 1	132	201	29			
ward 7, precinct 2	101	238	32			
ward 8	75	163	16			
ward 9	73	274	68			
ward 10	107	123	23			
Lake Nebagamon, village	28	57	16	101		29
Total	1,665	3,647	564	6,119		1,932
Republican plurality						1,932

Scattering: Superior city, 243.

DUNN CO.—						
Colfax	2	132		736		130
Colfax, village	6	123		129		117
Dunn	46	163		214		122
Eau Galle	71	163		235		62
Elk Mound	12	175		187		103
Grant	2	121		123		119
Hay River	16	104		120		88
Knapp, village	21	67		83		46
Lucas	23	82		110		54
Menomonie	44	180		227		126
Menomonie, city	217	602	2	824		385
ward 1	22	129				
ward 2	56	119				
ward 3	62	154				
ward 4	77	200	2			
New Haven	22	81		103		59
Otter Creek	2	57		59		55
Peru	10	58		68		48
Red Cedar	33	128		161		95
Rock Creek	19	106		125		87
Sand Creek	7	131		138		124
Sheridan	5	102		103		97
Sheridan	9	91		100		82
Sherman	20	135		155		115
Spring Brook	26	88		114		62
Stanton						

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DUNN CO.—Con.						
Tainter	6	84	.....	90	.....	73
Tiffany	54	127	.....	184	.....	73
Weston	21	143	.....	164	.....	122
Wilson	21	108	.....	130	.....	87
Total	720	3,356	2	4,092	.....	2,636
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,636

Scattering: Coifax, 2; Eau Galle, 1; Menomonie, 3; Menomonie city, 3; Sheridan, 1; Tiffany, 3; Wilson, 1.

PIERCE CO.—						
Clifton	22	66	.....	88	.....	44
Diamond Bluff	17	78	.....	90	.....	56
Ellsworth	49	171	1	221	.....	122
Ellsworth, village	65	131	1	197	.....	66
Elmwood, village	40	71	1	112	.....	31
El Paso	59	85	2	144	.....	26
Gilman	13	199	4	216	.....	136
Hartland	28	190	.....	218	.....	162
Isabella	17	72	3	92	.....	55
Maiden Rock	15	184	.....	199	.....	169
Maiden Rock, village	24	53	.....	80	.....	33
Martell	17	201	.....	218	.....	134
Oak Grove	32	41	1	74	.....	9
Prescott, city	77	88	.....	166	.....	11
ward 1	33	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	29	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	16	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
River Falls	53	106	1	160	.....	53
River Falls, city, plect. 2	111	241	8	360	.....	120
Rock Elm	44	126	7	179	.....	82
Salem	19	127	2	148	.....	108
Spring Lake	21	140	.....	162	.....	119
Spring Valley, village	31	151	5	188	.....	120
Trenton	12	141	.....	153	.....	129
Trimble	43	149	.....	192	.....	106
Union	41	193	.....	234	.....	152
Total	850	3,002	36	3,893	.....	2,172
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,152

Scattering: Prescott city, 1; Rock Elm, 2; Spring Lake, 1; Spring Valley, 1.

POLK CO.—						
Alden	31	255	.....	287	.....	224
precinct 1	20	144	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	1	111	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amery, village	27	122	.....	149	.....	95
Apple River	6	82	3	91	.....	76
Balsam Lake	9	87	4	100	.....	78
Balsam Lake, village	4	43	1	48	.....	39
Beaver	11	74	.....	88	.....	63
Black Brook	8	153	3	169	.....	150
Bone Lake	9	49	4	62	.....	40
Centuria, village	8	41	.....	50	.....	33
Clam Falls	8	54	.....	62	.....	46
Clayton	11	130	6	150	.....	119
Clear Lake	17	132	.....	149	.....	115

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1903—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
POLK CO.—Con.						
Clear Lake, village.....	20	90		110		70
Eureka	10	199	5	214		189
Farmington	35	125	2	162		90
Frederick, village	22	79		101		57
Garfield	8	162	2	173		154
Georgetown	5	48		53		43
Johnstown	8	24		32		16
Laketown	18	134	1	153		116
Lincoln	29	151		180		122
Lorraine	10	40	2	52		30
Luck	21	71	6	98		50
Luck, village	18	63		82		45
McKinley	2	31		33		29
Milltown	25	131	3	164		166
Osceola	6	152	2	160		146
Osceola, village	26	108	10	144		82
St. Croix Falls	8	79	1	88		71
St. Croix Falls, village	14	94		108		80
Sterling	6	116		122		110
West Sweden	12	56	15	83		44
Total	452	3,180	75	3,717		2,728
Republican plurality						2,728

Scattering: Alden, 1; Beaver, 3; Centuria village, 1; Garfield, 1; Luck vil-
lage, 1; Clayton, 3.

RUSK CO.—						
Atlanta	25	150	2	177		125
Big Bend	28	87		115		59
Bruce, village	42	76	1	119		34
Dewey	36	46	6	83		10
Flambeau	14	60	8	82		46
Grant	16	64		80		48
Grow	12	24	2	38		12
Hawkins	5	112	6	123		107
Ingram, village	29	77	1	107		48
Ladysmith, city	123	326	6	455		203
ward 1	34	89	3			
ward 2	42	91				
ward 3	47	146	3			
Lawrence	9	15	1	25		6
Marshall	7	40		47		33
Rusk	15	47	1	63		32
Strickland	20	17		37	3	
Stubbs	48	41	8	97	7	
Thornapple	14	52	2	68		38
True	25	100	3	128		75
Washington	16	19		35		3
Weyerhauser, village	21	34	5	60		13
Willard		20	2	22		18
Total	505	1,407	54	1,966	10	910
Democratic plurality						10
Net Republican plurality						902

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
SAVYER CO.—						
Couderay	8	35		43		27
Hayward	121	521	5	647		460
Radisson	13	70		83		57
Reserve	27	120		147		93
Sand Lake	42	43	1	86		1
Winter	19	34	4	57		15
Wingar	8	53	2	63		50
Total	238	891	12	1,131		643
Republican plurality						643

ST. CROIX CO.—						
Baldwin	42	230	1	273		188
Baldwin, village	34	105	1	140		71
Cady	29	141	4	174		112
Cylon	57	129		186		72
Bau Galle	32	183		215		154
Emerald	75	112		187		37
Erin Prairie	133	29		162	101	
Forest	45	45		90		
Glenwood	60	108		168		48
Glenwood, city	37	104		141		67
ward 1	15	23				
ward 2	7	24				
ward 3	15	57				
Hammond	80	95		175		15
Hammond, village	38	53		94		18
Hudson	75	83	3	163		13
Hudson, city	241	383	28	653		145
ward 1	40	68	6			
ward 2	99	159	9			
ward 3	102	159	13			
Kinnickinnic	56	75		131		19
New Richmond, city	150	258		408		108
ward 1	63	53				
ward 2	77	90				
ward 3	10	115				
Pleasant Valley	23	70	3	96		47
Richmond	83	45		128	38	
River Falls, city	8	21		32		16
ward 1	8	24				
Rush River	21	95		116		71
St. Joseph	60	94		154		34
Somerset	83	132	6	221		46
Springfield	68	152		220		84
Stanton	81	65	1	147	16	
Star Prairie	31	125		156		94
Star Prairie, village	14	33		52		24
Troy	47	91		138		44
Warren	124	81	1	206	43	
Total	1,830	3,159	48	5,038	201	1,530
Democratic plurality						201
Net Republican plurality						1,329

Scattering: Hudson city, 1.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1908—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
WASHBURN CO.—						
Barronett	12	37	4	53	.....	25
Bashaw	17	93	1	116	.....	81
Brooklyn	2	23	.....	30	.....	26
Casey	6	31	.....	40	.....	28
Chisog	9	23	8	40	.....	14
Pror' Creek	2	23	.....	25	.....	21
Gull Lake	12	11	.....	23	1	.....
Long Lake	22	37	.....	59	.....	15
Loomis	20	80	.....	100	.....	60
Minong	19	97	2	118	.....	78
Sarona	17	29	4	50	.....	12
Shell Lake	68	173	.....	211	.....	105
Spooner	20	74	3	97	.....	54
Spooner, village	61	204	18	283	.....	140
Spring Brook	14	63	.....	77	.....	49
Stinnett	12	49	.....	61	.....	37
Stone Lake	5	21	.....	26	.....	16
Trego	13	81	2	102	.....	68
Total	337	1,165	42	1,544	1	829
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	828

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN ELEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	J. S. Konkel, Dem.	I. L. Lenroot, Rep.	E. B. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
Barron	945	3,521	74	4,540	.....	2,576
Bayfield	541	1,977	145	2,663	.....	1,456
Burnett	160	1,360	.....	1,522	.....	1,220
Chippewa	2,224	3,449	65	5,740	.....	1,325
Douglas	1,665	3,647	564	6,119	.....	1,932
Dunn	720	3,356	2	4,092	.....	2,636
Pierce	850	3,002	26	3,893	.....	2,152
Polk	452	3,189	75	3,717	.....	2,723
Rusk	505	1,407	54	1,996	.....	902
Sawyer	238	831	12	1,131	.....	63
St. Croix	1,830	3,159	48	5,038	.....	1,329
Washburn	337	1,165	42	1,544	.....	823
Total	10,467	30,104	1,117	41,965	.....	9,637
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,637

Scattering: Burnett, 2; Chippewa, 2; Douglas, 243; Dunn, 14; Pierce, 5; Polk, 10; St. Croix, 1.

SENATORIAL VOTE.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Geo. Dagen, Dem.	T. Burke, Rep.	Charles Robinson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
BROWN CO.—						
Allouez	39	68	8	115	.....	29
Ashwaubenon	25	62	2	89	.....	37
Bellevue	45	53	.....	101	.....	11
De Pere	72	55	1	128	17	.....
De Pere, city	363	415	22	800	.....	52
ward 1	93	130	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	120	82	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	81	147	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	63	56	7	.....	.....	.....
Eaton	111	61	.....	172	50	.....
Glenmore	87	160	1	248	.....	73
Green Bay	34	109	5	148	.....	75
Green Bay, city	1,200	2,505	374	4,000	.....	1,305
ward 1	213	378	40	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	115	321	15	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	107	212	24	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, prec. 1	114	232	33	.....	.....	.....
ward 4, prec. 2	49	149	23	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	173	293	64	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, prec. 1	135	235	26	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, prec. 2	58	118	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, prec. 1	74	135	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, prec. 2	56	108	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, prec. 1	71	183	67	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, prec. 2	35	136	62	.....	.....	.....
Hobart	3	34	.....	37	.....	31
Holland	163	42	.....	210	126	.....
Howard	98	124	4	223	.....	26
Humboldt	45	96	1	142	.....	51
Lawrence	59	110	2	171	.....	51
Morrison	83	239	1	326	.....	153
New Denmark	78	200	5	292	.....	131
Pittsfield	63	100	1	166	.....	32
Preble	71	179	10	230	.....	108
Rockland	64	40	.....	104	24	.....
Scott	73	91	4	168	.....	18
Suamico	60	142	1	203	.....	82
Wrightstown	109	113	.....	222	.....	4
Wrightstown, village	71	45	3	119	26	.....
Total	3,029	5,055	435	8,549	243	2,269
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	243
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,026

OCONTO CO.—						
Armstrong	17	61	39	117	.....	22
Breed	12	44	5	61	.....	32
Brazeau	33	75	.....	108	.....	42
Chase	41	131	4	176	.....	90
Gillett	46	163	.....	209	.....	117
Gillett, village	43	99	1	143	.....	55
Howe	117	90	2	209	27	.....
Lena	70	118	2	190	.....	48

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Geo. Dagen, Dem.	T. Burke, Rep.	Chas. Robinson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
OCONTO CO.—Con.						
Little River	78	123		201		45
Little Suamico	97	89	1	178	17	
Maple Valley	39	105	28	172		66
Morgan	41	82		123		41
Oconto	138	106		244	32	
Oconto Falls	48	65		113		17
Oconto, village	78	152	4	234		74
Oconto, city	585	595	6	1,186		10
north end	127	113	2			
east end	180	171	1			
south end	168	225	3			
west end	110	85				
Pensaukee	88	261		349		173
precinct 1	33	112				
precinct 2	37	46				
precinct 3	18	103				
Spruce	61	103		164		42
Stiles	48	101		149		53
Underhill	15	117		132		102
Wheeler	21	93	4	118		72
Total	1,716	2,764	96	4,576	73	1,102
Democratic plurality						76
Net Republican plurality						1,048

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities, and election districts.	M. H. Moore, Dem.	Henry H. Boden- stab, Rep.	Charles Votova, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
East Milwaukee, village	40	51	15	106		11
Granville	152	195	13	360		43
Milwaukee	147	367	140	654		230
Milwaukee, city	4,256	4,785	2,837	11,928		529
ward 1	783	888	217			
ward 13	1181	1372	1008			
ward 18	1568	1494	356			
ward 21	719	1051	1306			
North Milwaukee, village	171	126	56	353	45	
Whitefish Bay, village	14	67	14	95		53
Total	4,789	5,591	3,125	13,496	45	856
Democratic plurality						45
Net Republican plurality						811

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	August Langhoff, Rep.	W. R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—					
Milwaukee, city	5,820	6,236	12,056	*416	.....
ward 9	1005	1221	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	1197	1232	.....	.....	.....
ward 19	1009	859	.....	.....	.....
ward 20	1416	1801	.....	.....	.....
ward 22	1193	1120	.....	.....	.....
Total	5,820	6,236	12,056	416	.....
Social Democratic majority .....	.....	.....	.....	416	.....

* Social Democrat.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—EIGHTH DISTRICT

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. H. Graebner, Dem.	John C. Klecaska, Rep.	F. W. Rehfeld, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city	4,312	4,396	4,073	12,781	.....	84
ward 5	803	614	491	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	792	854	499	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	1175	1316	1542	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	749	660	814	.....	.....	.....
ward 23	793	943	697	.....	.....	.....
Total	4,312	4,396	4,073	12,781	.....	88
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Walter C. Owen, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PIERCE CO.—					
Clifton	67	.....	67	.....	67
Diamond Bluff	78	15	93	.....	63
Ellsworth	174	.....	174	.....	174
Ellsworth, village	149	1	150	.....	148
Elmwood, village	68	34	102	.....	34
El Paso	87	.....	87	.....	87
Gilman	196	10	206	.....	186
Hartland	189	28	217	.....	181
Isabelle	72	15	87	.....	57
Maiden Rock	185	.....	185	.....	185
Maiden Rock, village	66	8	74	.....	58

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TENTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Walter C. Owen, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PIERCE CO.—Con.					
Martell	201	16	217		185
Oak Grove	45	28	73		17
Prescott, city	98		98		98
ward 1	20				
ward 2	33				
ward 3	45				
River Falls, city	256	256	256		253
2d election district	256				
River Falls	100		100		100
Rock Elm	128	38	163		90
Salem	127		127		127
Spring Lake	143		143		113
Spring Valley, village	151		151		151
Trenton	144		144		144
Trimbelle	161		161		161
Union	183	2	185		181
Total	3,038	195	3,233		2,873
Republican majority					2,873

ST. CROIX CO.—					
Baldwin	235		235		235
Baldwin, village	111		111		111
Cady	141		141		141
Cylon	137		137		137
Eau Galle	182		182		182
Emerald	110		110		110
Erin Prairie	29		29		29
Forest	50		50		50
Glenwood	115		115		115
Glenwood, city	119		119		119
ward 1	33				
ward 2	28				
ward 3	58				
Hammond	97		97		97
Hammond, village	61		61		61
Hudson	114		114		114
Hudson, city	450		450		450
ward 1	66				
ward 2	182				
ward 3	202				
Kinnickinnic	80		80		80
New Richmond, city	270		270		270
ward 1	64				
ward 2	95				
ward 3	111				
Pleasant Valley	69		69		69
Richmond	46		46		43
River Falls, city	25		25		25
ward 1	25				
Rush River	87		87		87
Somerset	130		130		130
Springfield	155		155		155
Stanton	66		66		66
Star Prairie	122		122		122
Star Prairie, village	33		33		33
St. Joseph	93		93		93
Troy	91		91		91
Warren	92		92		92
Total	3,323		3,323		3,323
Republican majority					3,323

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. Laf- reniere, Dem.	A. W. Sanborn, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ASHLAND CO.—					
Agenda	22	71	93		49
Ashland	26	71	97		45
Ashland, city	851	1,186	2,037		335
ward 1	50	137			
ward 2	61	164			
ward 3	62	193			
ward 4	60	83			
ward 5	96	126			
ward 6	92	112			
ward 7	103	107			
ward 8	131	91			
ward 9	110	78			
ward 10	86	95			
Butternut		31	47	78	16
Butternut, village		56	99	155	43
Gordon		19	42	61	23
Jacobs		97	163	265	71
La Pointe		14	18	32	4
Marengo		23	36	58	14
Mellen, city		80	218	298	158
ward 1	33	68			
ward 2	31	90			
ward 3	16	60			
Morse		26	83	114	62
Sanborn		226	256	482	30
precinct 1	21	27			
precinct 2	198	178			
precinct 3	7	51			
Shanagolden		15	38	53	23
Total	1,485	2,328	3,823		853
Republican majority					853

BAYFIELD CO.—					
Bayfield	165	284	449		119
Barksdale	13	26	39		13
Barnes	8	68	76		60
Bell	8	42	50		34
Clover	2	21	23		19
Cable	15	60	75		45
Drummond	10	113	123		103
Elleen	17	60	77		43
Hughes	10	44	54		34
Iron River	73	264	337		191
Mason	28	235	263		217
Orienta	4	16	20		12
Oulu	1	70	71		69
Port Wing	10	95	105		85
Pratt	13	113	131		95
Washburn	7	67	74		60
Washburn, city	81	399	480		318
ward 1	24	87			
ward 2	16	69			
ward 3	4	82			
ward 4	6	80			
ward 5	7	51			
ward 6	24	30			
Total	470	1,977	2,447		1,507
Republican majority					1,507

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWELFTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. Laf- reniere, Dem.	A. W. Sanborn, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
PRICE CO.—					
Brannon	15	103	118	.....	88
Catawba	24	76	100	.....	52
Eisenstein	18	48	66	.....	30
Emery	11	63	74	.....	52
Fifield	50	84	134	.....	34
Georgetown	6	36	42	.....	30
Hackett	6	36	42	.....	30
Harmony	11	23	39	.....	17
Hill	14	42	56	.....	23
Keenan	8	39	47	.....	31
Keenan, village	15	40	55	.....	25
Knox	12	102	114	.....	90
Lake	18	79	97	.....	61
Ogema	7	223	230	.....	216
Park Falls, village	67	235	302	.....	163
Phillips, city	99	254	353	.....	155
ward 1	30	78	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	35	105	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	34	71	.....	.....	.....
Prentice	10	57	67	.....	47
Prentice, village	25	61	86	.....	36
Worcester	84	119	203	.....	35
Total	500	1,725	2,225	.....	1,225
Republican majority .....				.....	1,225

SAWYER CO.—					
Couderay	8	31	42	.....	26
Hayward	121	498	619	.....	377
Radisson	11	68	79	.....	57
Reserve	27	113	140	.....	86
Sand Lake	43	40	83	3	.....
Winter	19	59	78	.....	40
Wingar	8	34	42	.....	26
Total	237	846	1,083	3	612
Democratic plurality					3
Republican majority					609

TAYLOR CO.—					
Aurora	11	39	50	.....	28
Browning	31	67	98	.....	36
Chelsea	71	54	125	17	.....
Cleveland	6	37	43	.....	31
Deer Creek	71	89	160	.....	18
Goodrich	7	53	60	.....	46
Greenwood	36	64	100	.....	28
Grover	14	40	54	.....	26
Hammel	23	29	55	.....	3
Holway .....	.....	79	79	.....	79
Little Black	94	154	248	.....	60
Maplehurst	13	25	38	.....	12
McKinley	15	28	43	.....	13
Medford	122	166	288	.....	44

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWELFTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. Laf- reniere, Dem.	A. W. Sanborn, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
TAYLOR CO.—Con.					
Medford, city	134	231	365		97
ward 1	47	87			
ward 2	37	54			
ward 3	50	90			
Moliter	20	19	39	1	
Rib Lake	69	79	148		10
Rib Lake, village	56	136	192		83
Roosevelt	9	62	71		53
Westboro	51	103	214		112
Total	856	1,614	2,470	18	176
Democratic plurality					18
Republican majority					758

WASHBURN CO.—					
Barronette	3	35	38		32
Bashaw	17	95	112		78
Brooklyn	2	27	29		25
Casey	6	33	39		27
Chicog	7	24	31		17
Frog Creek	3	23	26		20
Gull Lake	11	11	22		
Long Lake	21	37	58		16
Loomis	19	72	91		53
Minong	18	91	109		73
Sarona	15	30	45		15
Shell Lake	58	176	234		118
Spooner	17	74	91		57
Spooner, village	46	213	259		167
Spring Brook	14	61	75		47
Stinnett	11	47	58		36
Stone Lake	5	21	26		16
Trego	16	32	48		66
Total	289	1,152	1,441		833
Republican majority					833

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. F. Peabody, Dem.	J. E. Lehr, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—					
Appleton	1,760	1,541	3,301	219	
ward 1	338	280			
ward 2	351	274			
ward 3	362	299			
ward 4	210	158			
ward 5	299	264			
ward 6	200	286			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. F. Peabody, Dem.	J. E. Lehr, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—Con.					
Black Creek	44	122	166	.....	78
Black Creek, village	38	57	95	.....	19
Bovina	36	96	132	.....	60
Buchanan	313	164	477	140	.....
Center	124	120	244	4	.....
Cicero	62	133	195	.....	71
Dale	121	130	251	.....	9
Deer Creek	50	74	124	.....	24
Ellington	124	109	233	15	.....
Freedom	149	113	262	36	.....
Grand Chute	143	143	291	5	.....
Greenville	140	105	245	35	.....
Hortonia	57	63	120	.....	6
Hortonville, village	129	75	204	54	.....
Kaukauna	69	55	124	14	.....
Kaukauna, city	662	377	1,019	395	.....
north precinct	320	178	.....	.....	.....
south precinct	342	179	.....	.....	.....
Little Chute, village	177	95	272	82	.....
Liberty	37	46	83	.....	9
Maine	55	96	151	.....	41
Maple Creek	56	69	125	.....	13
New London	53	94	146	.....	42
ward 3	52	94	.....	.....	.....
Osborn	28	84	112	.....	53
Seymour	97	106	203	.....	9
Seymour, city	119	136	255	.....	17
ward 1	74	76	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	45	60	.....	.....	.....
Shiocton	32	97	129	.....	65
Vandenbroek	95	12	107	83	.....
Welcome, village	37	42	79	.....	5
West Oneida	38	135	173	.....	97
Total	4,849	4,469	9,318	1,001	621
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	621	.....
Democratic majority .....	.....	.....	.....	380	.....

SHAWANO CO.—					
Almon	31	114	145	.....	83
Angelica	98	112	210	.....	14
Aniwa	40	41	81	.....	1
Aniwa, village	25	43	68	.....	18
Belle Plaine	118	94	212	24	.....
Birnamwood	31	69	100	.....	38
Birnamwood, village	70	66	136	4	.....
Cecil, village	26	39	65	.....	13
Eland, village	44	49	93	.....	5
Fairbanks	42	92	134	.....	50
Germania	8	48	56	.....	40
Grant	73	130	203	.....	57
Green Valley	51	178	229	.....	127
Hartland	88	152	240	.....	64
Herman	79	163	247	.....	83
Hutchins	27	193	135	.....	81
Lessor	50	123	173	.....	73
Maple Grove	129	77	206	52	.....
Mattoon, village	57	141	178	.....	104
Morris	22	127	149	.....	105
Navarino	22	55	77	.....	33
Pella	91	62	153	29	.....
Richmond	47	107	154	.....	60

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. F. Peabody. Dem.	J. E. Lehr. Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
SHAWANO CO.—Con.					
Seneca	29	71	100	.....	42
Shawano, city	246	293	544	.....	52
ward 1	98	122	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	69	78	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	83	98	.....	.....	.....
Tigerton, village	40	74	.....	.....	.....
Washington	84	110	114	.....	34
Waukechon	75	95	194	.....	26
Wescott	45	35	170	.....	20
Wittenberg	58	114	80	10	.....
Wittenberg, village	90	114	172	.....	56
Total	1,916	3,103	5,022	119	1,303
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	119
Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,180

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	R. A. Wat- kins. Dem.	J. J. Blaine. Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
CRAWFORD CO.—					
Bell Center	15	28	43	.....	13
Bridgeport	43	31	74	12	.....
Clayton	154	203	357	.....	49
De Soto, village	3	10	13	.....	7
Eastman	194	89	283	105	.....
Freeman	43	291	334	.....	243
Gays Mills, village	32	96	128	.....	64
Haney	67	99	166	.....	32
Marietta	63	130	193	.....	67
Prairie du Chien	61	27	88	34	.....
Prairie du Chien, city	344	260	612	84	.....
ward 1	70	31	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	129	85	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	113	113	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	32	31	.....	.....	.....
Scott	103	100	203	3	.....
Seneca	154	108	262	43	.....
Soldiers Grove	48	115	163	.....	67
Steuben, village	30	30	60	.....	.....
Lynxville, village	22	53	75	.....	31
Utica	65	290	355	.....	225
Wauzeka	70	38	108	32	.....
Wauzeka, village	41	70	111	.....	2)
Total	1,552	2,063	3,623	316	831
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	316
Net Republican plurality	516

Scattering, Prairie du Chien city, 3.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—SIXTEENTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	R. A. Wat- kins, Dem.	J. J. Blaine, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—					
Beetown	88	108	197	.....	20
Bloomington	68	58	121	5	.....
Bloomington, village	55	86	148	.....	31
Boscobel	7	21	28	.....	14
Boscobel, city	128	237	367	.....	109
ward 1	39	59	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	22	71	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	42	49	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	25	58	.....	.....	.....
Cassville	74	41	115	33	.....
Cassville, village	131	91	223	40	.....
Castle Rock	104	39	143	65	.....
Clifton	67	150	219	.....	83
Cuba City, village	104	144	251	.....	40
Ellenboro	29	130	159	.....	101
Fennimore	49	111	160	.....	62
Fennimore, village	84	145	237	.....	61
Glenn Haven	80	102	182	.....	22
Harrison	53	130	183	.....	77
Hazel Green	112	77	189	35	.....
Hazel Green, village	48	114	162	.....	66
Hickory Grove	38	95	133	.....	57
Jamestown	152	37	189	115	.....
Lancaster, city	209	344	553	.....	135
ward 1	40	82	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	56	68	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	56	94	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	57	100	.....	.....	.....
Liberty	73	73	146	.....	.....
Lima	75	133	208	.....	58
Little Grant	35	74	110	.....	39
Marion	65	34	99	31	.....
Milville	8	45	53	.....	37
Montfort, village	46	83	145	.....	37
Mt. Hope	67	97	166	.....	30
Mt. Ida	68	91	159	.....	23
Muscoda	40	33	73	2	.....
Muscoda, village	111	59	171	52	.....
North Lancaster	58	64	122	.....	6
Paris	93	61	154	32	.....
Patch Grove	66	79	146	.....	13
Platteville	68	104	172	.....	36
Platteville, city	339	758	1,104	.....	419
ward 1	116	202	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	92	227	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	63	189	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	68	140	.....	.....	.....
Potosi	179	114	293	65	.....
Potosi, village	83	39	127	49	.....
Smelser	62	130	192	.....	68
South Lancaster	57	101	158	.....	44
Waterloo	52	115	167	.....	63
Watertown	49	118	168	.....	69
Wingville	49	98	150	.....	49
Woodman	67	32	100	35	.....
Wyalusing	78	149	227	.....	71
Total	3,563	4,949	8,574	539	1,940
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	539
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,381

Scattering: Beetown, 1; Bloomington village, 7; Boscobel city, 2; Cassville village, 1; Clifton, 2; Cuba City village, 3; Fennimore village, 8; Little Grant, 1; Montfort village, 16; Mt. Hope, 2; Muscoda village, 1; Patch Grove, 1; Platteville city, 7; Watertown, 1; Wingville, 3; Woodman, 1.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Bennett E Sampson, Dem.	E. H. Lyons, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
FOND DU LAC CO.—					
Alto	42	181	223	.....	189
Ashford	151	121	272	30	.....
Auburn	77	140	217	.....	63
Brandon, village	58	93	151	.....	35
Byron	140	124	264	16	.....
Calumet	191	36	227	155	.....
Campbellsport, village	69	82	151	.....	13
Eden	122	206	328	.....	84
Eldorado	126	161	287	.....	35
Empire	50	132	182	.....	82
Fond du Lac	83	133	221	.....	55
Fond du Lac, city	1,892	2,083	3,978	.....	184
ward 1	106	61	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	143	121	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	96	131	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	123	173	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	100	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	123	101	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	119	153	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	123	143	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	97	151	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	103	109	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	102	132	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	146	159	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	116	97	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	100	103	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	142	120	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	153	105	.....	.....	.....
Forest	105	138	233	.....	23
Friendship	76	126	202	.....	50
Lamartine	69	165	234	.....	96
Marshfield	346	19	365	327	.....
Metomen	86	147	233	.....	61
N. Fond du Lac, village	159	239	398	.....	80
Oakfield	37	147	184	.....	110
Oakfield, village	33	116	149	.....	83
Osceola	70	187	257	.....	117
Ripon	41	162	203	.....	121
Ripon, city	302	503	805	.....	201
ward 1	64	99	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	67	156	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	37	103	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	34	140	.....	.....	.....
Rosendale	64	170	234	.....	106
Springvale	80	149	229	.....	69
Taycheedah	194	66	260	128	.....
Waupun	63	137	200	.....	74
Waupun, city	127	126	253	1	.....
ward 5	69	23	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	53	93	.....	.....	.....
Total	4,853	6,037	10,940	657	1,891
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	657
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,234

GREEN LAKE CO.—

Berlin	41	133	174	.....	92
Berlin, city	448	614	1,062	.....	166
ward 1	80	103	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	137	139	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	82	148	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	72	91
ward 5	77	133



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Bennett E Sampson, Dem.	E. H. Lyons, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE CO.—Con.					
Brooklyn	61	158	219	.....	97
Green Lake	90	126	216	.....	36
Green Lake, village.....	26	117	143	.....	91
Kingston	97	96	193	1	.....
Mackford	73	119	192	.....	46
Manchester	114	97	211	17	.....
Markesan, village	82	152	234	.....	70
Marquette	84	90	174	.....	6
Princeton	104	103	207	1	.....
Princeton, village	161	167	328	.....	6
Seneca	62	49	111	13	.....
St. Marie	78	52	130	26	.....
Total	1,521	2,073	3,594	58	610
Democratic plurality					58
Net Republican plurality.....					552

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Harry Bolens, Dem.	Henry Krumery, Rep.	O. A. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
OZAUKEE CO.—						
Belgium	249	46	.....	295	203	.....
Cedarburg	145	75	3	223	70	.....
Cedarburg, city	175	131	10	316	44	.....
Fredonia	216	94	3	313	122	.....
Grafton	93	44	4	144	52	.....
Grafton, village	69	46	6	121	23	.....
Mequon	315	182	14	411	33	.....
Port Washington	125	58	3	184	69	.....
Port Washington, city... ward 1	577	201	7	785	353	.....
ward 2	172	40	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	118	54	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	108	35	1	.....	.....	.....
Saukville	159	72	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,017	975	55	3,047	1,042	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....					1,042	.....

SHEBOYGAN CO.—						
Cedar Grove	29	90	5	124	.....	61
Elkhart Lake	87	34	1	122	53	.....
Greenbush	100	212	2	314	.....	112
Herman	235	220	2	457	.....	15
Holland	109	479	3	591	.....	370
precinct 1	89	296	1	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	20	183	2	.....	.....	.....
Lima	108	296	2	406	.....	188
Lyndon	143	240	3	391	.....	92
Mitchell	120	124	1	251	5	.....
Mosel	39	119	1	159	.....	89
Plymouth	95	203	1	298	.....	111
Plymouth, city	313	371	29	716	.....	61
ward 1	184	222	18	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	129	149	11	.....	.....	.....
Random Lake	68	31	.....	99	37	.....
Rhine	95	129	1	225	.....	34
Russell	30	38	3	71	.....	8
Scott	72	205	6	283	.....	133
Sheboygan	190	175	23	388	15	.....

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTIETH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Harry Bolens, Dem.	Henry Krumery, Rep.	O. A. Damrow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN CO.—Con.						
Sheboygan, city	2,019	2,256	545	4,820		237
ward 1	272	379	64			
ward 2	300	240	16			
ward 3	102	197	22			
ward 4	263	300	64			
ward 5	202	270	95			
ward 6	133	190	61			
ward 7	281	208	99			
ward 8, precinct 1	217	199	37			
ward 8, precinct 2	341	183	87			
Sheboygan Falls	186	130	37	353	53	
Sheboygan Falls, village	233	105	60	428	158	
Sherman	148	172		320		24
Wilson	85	138	1	224		53
Total	4,518	5,773	726	11,017	324	1,579
Democratic plurality						324
Net Republican plurality						1,255

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. J. Riordan, Dem.	J. M. White- head, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ROCK CO.—					
Avon		28	118	146	90
Beloit		17	117	134	100
Beloit, city		578	2,347	2,925	1,769
ward 1	90	303			
ward 2, precinct 1	98	349			
ward 2, precinct 2	68	298			
ward 3	92	385			
ward 4	120	452			
ward 5	110	530			
Bradford		47	107	154	60
Center		46	150	196	104
Clinton		55	149	204	94
Clinton, village		88	146	234	58
Edgerton, city		227	327	554	100
Evansville, city		105	373	478	268
Fulton		94	173	267	79
Harmony		84	117	201	33
Janesville		54	94	148	40
Janesville, city		976	1,430	2,406	454
ward 1	158	333			
ward 2	169	258			
ward 3	165	475			
ward 4	316	241			
ward 5	168	123			
Johnstown		58	95	153	37
La Prairie		52	104	156	52
Lima		50	127	177	77
Magnolia		67	107	174	40
Milton		117	236	353	119
Milton, village		39	141	180	102
Newark		20	171	191	151
Orfordville, village		21	98	119	77
Plymouth		74	217	291	143
Porter		101	138	239	37
Rock		96	96	192	
Spring Valley		36	163	199	127
Turtle		61	143	204	82
Union		49	150	199	101
Total		3,240	7,634	10,874	4,394
Net Republican majority					4,394

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	W. H. Frawley, Dem.	John W. Thomas, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA CO.—					
Anson	43	137	180	.....	94
Arthur	70	73	143	.....	3
Auburn	65	136	231	.....	101
Bloomer	112	108	220	4	.....
Bloomer, village	149	149	235	.....	63
Boyd, village	64	59	123	5	.....
Cadott, village	67	103	170	.....	36
Chippewa falls, city	820	948	1,768	.....	128
ward 1	81	111	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	132	117	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	122	160	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	41	75	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	96	101	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	113	102	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	63	68	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	68	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	53	79	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	48	49	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland	30	67	97	.....	37
Colburn	25	79	104	.....	54
Delmar	73	77	150	.....	4
Eagle Point	97	109	203	.....	12
Edson	74	115	183	.....	41
Holcombe	40	109	149	.....	69
Lafayette	60	190	250	.....	130
New Auburn, village	34	52	86	.....	18
Ruby	8	41	49	.....	33
Sampson	33	62	95	.....	29
Sigel	60	137	197	.....	77
Stanley, city	94	445	539	.....	351
ward 1	8	98	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	31	93	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	16	131	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	39	123	.....	.....	.....
Tilden	114	87	201	27	.....
Wheaton	103	202	305	.....	99
Total	2,172	3,515	5,687	36	1,379
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,343

EAU CLAIRE CO.—					
Altoona, city	62	86	148	.....	24
ward 1	28	25	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	34	61	.....	.....	.....
Argusta, city	106	158	264	.....	52
Bridge Creek	91	96	187	.....	5
Brunswick	58	79	137	.....	21
Clear Creek	48	67	115	.....	19
Drammen	22	142	164	.....	120
Eau Claire, city	1,793	1,614	3,408	179	.....
ward 1	180	92	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	216	151	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	165	247	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	81	79	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	164	126	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	212	166	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	195	180	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	235	194	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	167	207	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	178	172	.....	.....	.....
Fairchild	26	58	84	.....	32

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	W. H. Frawley, Dem.	John W. Thomas, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
EAU CLAIRE CO.—Con.					
Fairchild, village	44	76	120	.....	32
Fall Creek, village.....	78	39	117	39	.....
Lincoln	129	39	168	90	.....
Ludington	58	105	163	.....	47
Otter Creek	35	78	113	.....	43
Pleasant Valley	50	132	182	.....	82
Seymour	46	47	93	.....	1
Union	81	83	167	.....	5
Washington	133	103	239	27	.....
Total	2,890	3,008	5,899	335	483
Democratic plurality					335
Net republican majority.....					148

Scattering: Eau Claire city, 1.

RUSK CO.—					
Atlanta	24	142	166	.....	118
Big Bend	18	94	112	.....	76
Bruce, village	38	82	120	.....	44
Dewey	36	43	79	.....	7
Flambeau	15	58	73	.....	43
Grant	16	64	80	.....	48
Grow	12	21	33	.....	9
Hawkins	11	107	118	.....	96
Ingram, village	27	78	105	.....	51
Ladysmith	126	310	436	.....	184
ward 1	27	88	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	44	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	55	139	.....	.....	.....
Lawrence	10	15	25	.....	5
Marshall	13	32	45	.....	19
Rusk	12	49	61	.....	37
Strickland	21	18	39	3	.....
Stubbs	47	34	81	13	.....
Thornapple	9	57	66	.....	48
True	24	98	122	.....	74
Washington	10	25	35	.....	15
Weyerhauser	20	32	52	.....	12
Willard	1	19	20	.....	18
Total	490	1,378	1,868	13	904
Democratic plurality					16
Net republican majority.....					883

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1883—TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	William Fehlandt. Dem.	John G. Donald. Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—						
Albion	44	269		313		225
Belleville, village	37	72		109		35
Berry	132	42		174	90	
Black Earth	33		42	75	33	
Black Earth, village.....	81	31		112	50	
Blooming Grove	142	153	2	297		11
Blue Mounds	78	156		234		78
Bristol	140	100		240	40	
Brooklyn, village	8	15		23		7
Burke	88	192	1	281		104
Cambridge, village	28	107	1	136		79
Christiana	98	265		363		167
Cottage Grove	111	186		297		75
Cross Plains	233	39		272	194	
Dane	67	78	3	148		11
Dane, village	52	14		66	38	
Deerfield	82	135		217		53
Deerfield, village	41	81	1	123		40
De Forest	21	73		94		52
Dunkirk	68	235		303		167
Dunn	80	168	1	249		88
Fair Oaks, village.....	77	92	1	170		15
Fitchburg	120	96	4	220	24	
Madison	103	181	5	292		75
Madison, city	2,029	3,050	67	5,046		121
ward 1	169	283				
ward 2	276	401				
ward 3	259	161				
ward 4	301	247	1			
ward 5, precinct 1.....	292	363				
ward 5, precinct 2.....	295	277	1			
ward 6, precinct 1.....	287	248	18			
ward 6, precinct 2.....	201	243				
ward 7	257	267	20			
ward 8	466	206	6			
ward 9	169	175	20			
ward 10	47	169	1			
Marshall, village	43	55		98		12
Mazomanie	65	46	1	112	19	
Mazomanie, village	107	102		209	5	
Medina	104	63		170	33	
Middleton	132	65		197	67	
Middleton, village	136	46		182	90	
Montrose	118	72		190	46	
Mount Horeb, village... ..	75	102		237		87
Oregon	79	122	1	202		43
Oregon, village	97	100		197		3
Perry	41	180		221		149
Primrose	31	122		153		91
Pleasant Springs	36	263	2	301		227
Roxbury	144	23		167	121	
Rutland	36	229		265		193
Springdale	53	170		223		117
Springfield	167	18		185	149	
Stoughton, city	265	758	3	1,026		483
ward 1	53	173	3			
ward 2	105	227				
ward 3	47	210				
ward 4	60	148				
Sun Prairie	108	78		186	30	
Sun Prairie, village.....	136	141		277		5
Vermont	49	120		169		71
Verona	135	130	1	268	3	
Vienna	39	145		184		106
Waunakee, village	90	46		136	44	

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1903—TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	William Fehlandt, Dem.	John S. Donald, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—Con.						
Westport	113	98	3	217	15	.....
Windsor	74	234	1	309	.....	160
York	106	81	2	192	22	.....
Total	7,478	9,507	142	17,127	1,121	3,150
Democratic plurality						1,121
Net Republican plurality						2,029

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1903—TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Johan K. Schreiner, Dem.	David G. James, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND CO.—						
Akan	83	132	2	220	.....	46
Bloom	55	159	.....	214	.....	104
Buena Vista	88	136	.....	224	.....	48
Charonovia, village	53	35	.....	88	18	.....
Dayton	96	136	1	233	.....	40
Eagle	81	104	.....	183	.....	20
Forest	39	116	1	153	.....	77
Henrietta	87	115	.....	202	.....	38
Ithaca	93	93	.....	193	.....	.....
Lone Rock, village	43	67	.....	117	.....	24
Marshall	37	130	.....	182	.....	102
Orion	69	139	6	208	.....	70
Richland	61	113	13	187	.....	52
Richland Center	251	372	3	626	.....	121
ward 1	68	126	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	108	124	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	75	122	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richwood	126	164	3	290	.....	38
Rockbridge	69	109	.....	178	.....	40
Sylvan	54	122	1	177	.....	68
Viola, village	38	67	.....	105	.....	20
Westford	100	60	.....	160	40	.....
Willow	38	153	.....	191	.....	118
Total	1,572	2,539	27	4,138	58	1,025
Democratic plurality						53
Net Republican plurality						937

VERNON CO.—						
Bergen	33	95	1	199	.....	62
Christiana	77	189	.....	266	.....	112
Clinton	49	143	.....	192	.....	94
Coon	27	232	.....	259	.....	205
Coon Valley, village	13	51	67	35
De Soto, village	7	53	60	43
Forest	52	166	218	114

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities, and election districts.	Johan K. Schreiner, Dem.	David G. James, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
VERNON CO.—Con.						
Franklin	139	178		277	1	
Genoa	70	81		156		16
Greenwood	62	83		150		26
Hamburg	56	164		220		1 8
Harmony	35	135		170		100
Hillsboro	66	128		194		32
Hillsboro, village	64	103		170		42
Jefferson	80	212		292		132
Kickapoo	43	117		160		74
La Farge, village	62	102	1	165		40
Liberty	21	75		96		54
Ontario, village	20	40		60		20
Readstown, village	26	67		93		41
Stark	61	114		175		53
Sterling	69	165		234		96
Stoddard	25	31		56		6
Union	49	82		131		33
Viola, village	13	44		57		31
Viroqua	127	219		346		92
Viroqua, city	234	297		531		63
ward 1	86	100				
ward 2	59	94				
ward 3	89	103				
Webster	61	172		233		111
Westby, village	78	115		193		57
Wheatland	15	102		117		87
Whitestown	51	91		142		40
Total	1,788	3,819	2	5,609	1	2,032
Democratic plurality						1
Net Republican plurality						2,031

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Matt. Stapleton, Dem.		J. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
FLORENCE CO.—						
Commonwealth		24	112	136		88
precinct 1	15		80			
precinct 2	9		32			
Florence		37	322	359		235
Homestead		22	127	149		105
Total		83	561	644		478
Net Republican majority						478

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTIETH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Matt. Stapleton, Dem.	J. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
FOREST CO.—					
Caswell					
Crandon	9	27	36		18
precinct 1	134	405	539		271
precinct 2	106	352			
Hiles	28	53			
Laona	9	50	59		41
precinct 1	42	247	289		205
precinct 2	36	222			
North Crandon	6	25			
Wabeno	42	64	106		22
precinct 1	60	221	281		161
precinct 2	47	157			
precinct 3	10	36			
	3	28			
Total	296	1,014	1,310		718
Net Republican majority					718

IRON CO.—					
Anderson		12	44	56	32
precinct 1	10	28			
precinct 2	2	16			
Emerson		6	9	15	3
Knight		19	171	190	152
Montreal		21	235	286	214
Saxon		48	105	153	57
Vaughn		190	531	721	341
precinct 1	111	272			
precinct 2	54	216			
precinct 3	25	43			
Total	296	1,095	1,391		799
Net Republican majority					799

LANGLADE CO.—					
Ackley		57	75	132	18
Ainsworth		8	16	24	8
Antigo		81	108	189	27
Antigo, city		587	750	1,337	163
ward 1	56				
ward 2	65	126			
ward 3	134	132			
ward 4	141	62			
ward 5	84	113			
ward 6	107	116			
Elcho		201			
Eltom	23	74	97		51
Evergreen	27	54	81		27
Langlade	68	62	130	6	
Neve	23	41	64		18
Norwood	97	64	161	33	
Peck	60	122	182		62
Polar	17	54	71		37
Price	80	103	183		23
Rolling	45	62	107		17
Summit	108	104	212	4	
Upham	30	37	67		7
Vilas	20	38	58		18
	20	27	47		7
Total	1,351	1,791	3,142	43	483
Democratic plurality					483
Net Republican majority					440

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTIETH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Matt Stapleton, Dem.	J. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
LINCOLN CO.					
Birch	28	62	90	.....	34
Bradley	49	60	109	.....	11
Corning	36	90	123	.....	51
Harrison	52	54	103	.....	2
King	7	19	26	.....	12
Merrill	68	51	110	.....	17
Merrill, city	232	1,085	1,917	.....	253
ward 1	88	133	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	68	97	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	98	166	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	163	239	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	69	147	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	171	148	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	175	155	.....	.....	.....
Pine River	86	133	219	.....	47
Rock Falls	52	41	93	.....	11
Russell	23	96	119	.....	73
Schley	66	139	205	.....	73
Scott	94	130	224	.....	35
Somo	5	44	49	.....	39
Tomahawk	31	27	58	.....	4
Tomahawk, city	374	271	645	.....	103
ward 1	75	66	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	116	44	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	101	73	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	82	88	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,833	2,302	4,105	135	634
Democratic plurality					135
Net Republican majority					499

ONEIDA CO.—					
Cassian	17	61	78	.....	44
Crescent	32	20	52	.....	12
Enterprise	7	38	45	.....	31
Gagen	34	122	153	.....	89
Hazelhurst	21	121	142	.....	100
precinct 1	14	105	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	7	16	.....	.....	.....
Lynne	11	34	45	.....	23
Minocoma	88	96	184	.....	8
Monie	19	61	80	.....	42
Newbold	13	22	35	.....	9
Pelican	46	54	100	.....	8
Piehl	3	25	28	.....	22
Pine Lake	12	19	31	.....	7
Rhinelander, city	359	542	901	.....	183
ward 1	20	71	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	47	74	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	58	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	68	97	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	103	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	60	107	.....	.....	.....
Schoepke	43	47	90	.....	4
Sugar Camp	16	51	67	.....	35
Woodboro	5	7	12	.....	2
Woodruff	47	58	105	.....	11
Total	773	1,378	2,151	12	617
Democratic plurality					12
Net Republican majority					605

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTIETH DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Matt Stapleton, Dem.	J. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
VILAS CO.—					
Arbor Vitae	94	311	405		217
precinct 1	48	199			
precinct 2	13	23			
precinct 3	33	89			
Conover	14	18	32		4
Eagle River	95	116	211		21
Flambeau	8	41	49		33
Farmington	6	15	21		9
Hackley	27	133	160		106
Presque Isle	11	118	129		107
precinct 1	9	71			
precinct 2	2	47			
State Line	6	35	41		29
Total	261	787	1,048		526
Net Republican majority					526

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Peter Guillick- son, Dem.	Thomas Morris, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.					
Bangor	6	78	84		72
Bangor, village	4	126	130		122
Barre	45	30	75	15	
Burns	3	128	131		125
Campbell	6	86	92		80
Farmington	127	173	300		46
Greenfield	30	74	104		44
Hamilton	8	206	214		198
Holland	1	213	214		212
La Crosse, city	692	3,093	3,785		2,401
ward 1	47	144			
ward 2	43	153			
ward 3	41	136			
ward 4	34	207			
ward 5	82	129			
ward 6	27	181			
ward 7	17	197			
ward 8	83	258			
ward 9	2	208			
ward 10	3	103			
ward 11	59	149			
ward 12	15	100			
ward 13	22	140			
ward 14	20	205			
ward 15	23	95			
ward 16	33	136			
ward 17	42	166			
ward 18	53	106			
ward 19	5	135			
ward 20	4	114			
ward 21	32	31			
Onalaska		22	179		135

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1908—THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Peter Guillick- son, Dem.	Thomas Morris, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.—Con.					
Onalaska, city	22	153	175	.....	131
ward 1	3	42	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	13	67	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	6	44	.....	.....	.....
Shelby	4	53	57	.....	49
Washington	38	60	98	.....	22
West Salem, village	18	127	145	.....	109
Total	1,026	4,757	5,783	15	3,746
Democratic plurality					15
Net Republican majority					3,731

TREMPEALEAU CO.—					
Albion	11	187	198	.....	176
Arcadia, village	26	91	117	.....	57
Arcadia precinct 1	1	210	211	.....	233
precinct 2		210	.....	.....	.....
Blair, village		116	116	.....	115
Burnside	2	33	35	.....	31
Caledonia	2	55	57	.....	53
Chimney Rock		158	158	.....	153
Dodge		39	39	.....	39
Eleva, village	3	80	83	.....	77
Ettrick	2	390	392	.....	383
Gale	9	256	265	.....	247
Galesville, village	20	193	216	.....	176
Hale	9	285	294	.....	276
Independence, village	64	69	133	.....	5
Lincoln	2	95	97	.....	93
Osseo, village	7	113	120	.....	103
Pigeon	11	253	264	.....	242
Preston	6	376	382	.....	370
Sumner		143	143	.....	143
Trempealeau		153	153	.....	153
Trempealeau, village	43	84	130	.....	33
Unity	1	187	190	.....	188
Whitehall, village	3	147	150	.....	144
Total	225	3,718	3,943	.....	3,493
Net Republican majority					3,493

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE IN 1906 AND 1908.

District number.	Popula-tion.	Counties or parts thereof constituting senate district apportionment of 1901.	Elected to senate for four years' term: odd numbered districts in 1906; even numbered districts in 1908.	Votes re-ceived.	Plu-rality.	Term ends.	Defeated candidates.	Votes received.
1	65,617	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette.....	Harlan P. Bird, Rep.....	4,995	1,870	1910	Leo J. Evans, Dem.....	3,125
2	67,233	Brown and Oconto.....	T. Burke, Rep.....	7,819	3,074	1912	Geo. Dagen, Dem.....	4,745
3	67,351	Kenosha and Racine.....	Isaac T. Bishop, Rep.....	4,978	586	1910	Chas. Robinson, Soc. Dem.....	561
4	61,635	Part of Milwaukee.....	Henry H. Bodenstag, Rep.....	5,591	811	1912	Michael Higgins, Dem.....	4,392
5	69,193	Part of Milwaukee.....	Edwin T. Fairchild, Rep.....	6,541	3,087	1910	Otil W. Johnson, Pro.....	2
6	71,771	Part of Milwaukee.....	W. R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.....	6,236	416	1912	Walter W. Britton, Soc. Dem.....	1,116
7	63,533	Part of Milwaukee.....	George E. Page, Rep.....	4,250	1,513	1910	M. H. Moore, Dem.....	4,780
8	64,482	Part of Milwaukee.....	John C. Kleczka, Rep.....	4,396	84	1912	Charles Votova, Soc. Dem.....	3,125
9	61,487	Adams, Marquette, Waushara & Wood	Theo. W. Brazeau, Rep.....	6,657	3,945	1910	Henry Cummings, Dem.....	3,454
10	59,773	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Walter C. Owen, Rep.....	6,391	6,391	1912	Charles Zainer, Soc. Dem.....	2,442
11	64,614	Burnett, Douglas and Polk.....	Geo. B. Hudnall, Rep.....	5,093	5,093	1910	August Langhoff, Rep.....	5,820
12	64,050	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Tay- lor and Washburn.....	A. W. Sanborn, Rep.....	9,652	5,815	1912	Anthony Szczerbinski, Dem.....	2,603
13	46,631	Dodge.....	Paul O. Husting, Dem.....	4,646	1,900	1910	Wm. L. Hamann, Soc. Dem.....	2,737
14	73,722	Outagamie and Shawano.....	J. E. Lehr, Rep.....	7,575	810	1912	William H. Grabner, Dem.....	4,312
15	59,339	Calumet and Manitowoc.....	Samuel W. Randolph, Dem.....	4,613	619	1910	F. W. Rehfeld, Soc. Dem.....	4,073
16	56,167	Crawford and Grant.....	J. J. Blaine, Rep.....	7,017	1,897	1912	Fred B. Rawson, Dem.....	2,712
17	66,792	Green, Iowa and La Fayette.....	H. C. Martin, Rep.....	6,284	1,901	1910	Scattering.....	195
18	63,386	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	E. H. Lyons, Rep.....	8,160	1,786	1912	Scattering.....	5
19	58,225	Winnebago.....	John A. Fridd, Rep.....	4,591	1,281	1910	Henry Lafreniere, Dem.....	3,897
20	66,768	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	Henry Krumery, Rep.....	6,748	213	1912	Leon Reible, Rep.....	2,746
21	61,088	Portage and Waupaca.....	Edward E. Browne, Rep.....	4,397	4,397	1910	Gustavus A. Paddock, Pro.....	124
22	51,203	Rock.....	J. M. Whitehead, Rep.....	7,634	4,394	1912	G. F. Peabody, Dem.....	6,705
							George G. Sedgewick, Rep.....	3,994
							Henry Bruns, Soc. Dem.....	864
							R. A. Watkins, Dem.....	5,120
							Scattering.....	65
							J. B. Simpson, Dem.....	4,383
							Carl Marty, Soc. Dem.....	189
							Scattering.....	4
							Bennett E. Sampson, Dem.....	6,374
							John Harrington, Dem.....	3,310
							E. E. Stevens, Ind. nom.....	1,048
							Harry Bolens, Dem.....	6,535
							O. A. Damrow, Soc. Dem.....	781
							J. J. Riordan, Dem.....	3,240

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE IN 1906 AND 1908—Continued.

District number.	Population.	Counties or parts thereof constituting senate district apportionment of 1901.	Elected to senate for four years' term: odd numbered districts in 1906; even numbered districts in 1908.	Votes received.	Plurality.	Term ends.	Defeated candidates.	Votes received.
23	64,048	Jefferson and Walworth.....	John A. Hazelwood, Dem....	5,345	872	1910	Z. B. Beach, Rep.....	4,473
24	64,729	Chippewa, Eau Claire and Rusk.....	John W. Thomas, Rep.....	7,901	2,379	1912	Alfred W. Morrison, Soc. Dem.	87
25	69,104	Clark and Marathon.....	Spencer M. Marsh, Rep.....	5,962	1,602	1910	W. H. Frawley, Dem.....	5,522
26	69,435	Dane.....	John S. Donald, Rep.....	9,507	2,029	1912	Scattering.....	1
27	64,127	Columbia and Sauk.....	Charles L. Pearson, Dem....	4,629	83	1910	Wm. W. Albers, Dem.....	4,360
28	47,834	Richland and Vernon.....	David G. James, Rep.....	6,358	2,998	1912	William Fehlandt, Dem.....	7,478
29	73,390	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin.....	James H. Stout, Rep.....	5,920	5,920	1910	Scattering.....	142
30	53,835	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas.....	J. A. Wright, Rep.....	8,928	4,065	1912	Martin F. Foley, Rep.....	4,546
31	66,198	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe.....	H. W. Barker, Rep.....	6,300	3,587	1910	Thos. R. White, Pro.....	342
32	66,111	La Crosse and Trempealeau.....	Thomas Morris, Rep.....	8,475	7,224	1912	Scattering.....	4
33	58,818	Washington and Waukesha.....	Henry Lockney, Rep.....	5,635	790	1910	J. K. Schreiner, Dem.....	3,360
							Scattering.....	29
							Matt. Stapleton, Dem.....	4,863
							W. N. Wells, Dem.....	2,713
							Peter Gullickson, Dem.....	1,251
							August Konrad, Dem.....	4,845
							C. W. Rose, Pro.....	197
							George Gollmitzer, Soc. Dem...	196

ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1908.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Hugh Hamilton, Dem.	F. J. Kimball, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ADAMS CO.—					
Adams	30	32	62	.....	2
Big Flats	23	54	77	.....	31
Colburn	14	57	71	.....	43
Dell Prairie	19	74	93	.....	55
Easton	25	58	84	.....	33
Friendship, village	23	38	61	.....	15
Jackson	16	94	110	.....	78
Leola	7	59	66	.....	52
Lincoln	36	59	95	.....	23
Monroe	13	92	105	.....	79
New Chester	9	50	59	.....	41
New Haven	43	97	140	.....	54
Preston	21	33	54	.....	12
Quincy	18	53	71	.....	35
Richfield	23	27	50	.....	4
Rome	31	57	88	.....	26
Springville	32	70	102	.....	38
Strongs Prairie	22	175	197	.....	153
Total	405	1,179	1,585	.....	774
Republican majority .....				.....	774
MARQUETTE CO.—					
Buffalo	92	89	181	3	.....
Crystal Lake	39	58	97	.....	19
Douglas	30	124	154	.....	94
Harris	43	76	119	.....	33
Mecan	43	63	106	.....	20
Montello	47	49	96	.....	2
Montello, village	108	172	280	.....	64
Moundville	24	146	170	.....	122
Neshkoro	58	28	86	30	.....
Neshkoro, village	26	47	73	.....	21
Newton	52	51	103	1	.....
Oxford	33	120	153	.....	87
Packwaukee	70	141	211	.....	71
Shields	46	81	127	.....	35
Springfield	29	92	121	.....	63
Westfield	52	58	110	.....	6
Westfield, village	69	108	177	.....	39
Total	831	1,503	2,334	34	676
Democratic plurality					34
Republican majority					642

Scattering: Easton, 1.

ASHLAND COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	F. J. Coolidge, Dem.	John C. Chapple, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ASHLAND CO.—					
Agenda	23	69	92	.....	46
Ashland	26	69	95	.....	43
Ashland, city	1,047	931	2,038	53	.....
ward 1	56	139	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	90	141	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	96	157	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	75	68	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	141	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	119	85	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	122	86	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	142	87	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	120	64	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	86	90	.....	.....	.....
Butternut	30	48	78	.....	18
Butternut, village	54	103	157	.....	49
Gordon	24	27	51	.....	3
Jacobs	90	177	267	.....	87
La Pointe	15	21	36	.....	6
Ma-cengo	24	37	61	.....	13
Mellen, city	87	214	301	.....	127
ward 1	41	60	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	30	93	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	16	61	.....	.....	.....
Morse	27	82	109	.....	55
Sanborn	232	245	477	.....	13
precinct 1	25	21	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	197	177	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	10	47	.....	.....	.....
Shanagolden	17	35	52	.....	18
Total	1,696	2,118	3,814	56	478
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56
Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	422

BARRON COUNTY.

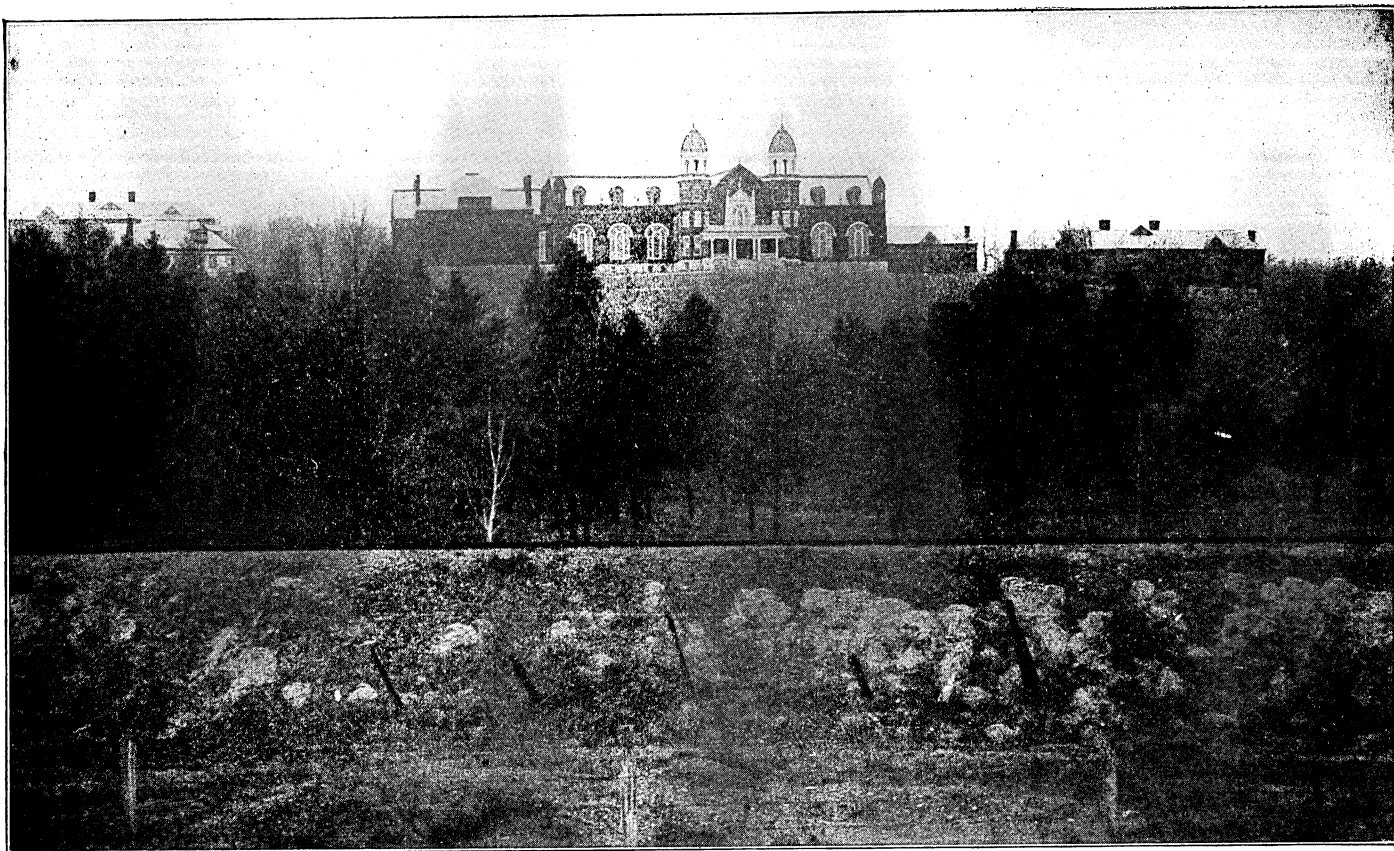
Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	S. W. Sparlin, Dem.	Geo. E. Scott, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
BARRON CO.—					
Almena	74	37	111	37	.....
Arland	68	70	138	.....	2
Barron	26	109	135	.....	83
Barron, city	91	233	324	.....	142
Bear Lake	12	33	45	.....	21
Cameron, village	27	81	108	.....	54
Cedar Lake	14	46	60	.....	32
Chetek	15	140	155	.....	125
Chetek, city	24	127	151	.....	103
Clinton	92	72	164	20	.....
Crystal Lake	11	59	70	.....	48
Cumberland	12	137	149	.....	125
Cumberland, city	29	168	197	.....	139
Dallas	18	153	171	.....	155
Dallas, village	10	63	73	.....	53
Dover	40	127	167	.....	87
Doyle	8	71	79	.....	62

BARRON COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	S. W. Sparlin, Dem.	Geo. E. Scott, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
BARRON CO.—Con.					
Lakeland	6	44	50		38
Maple Grove	19	266	285		247
Maple Plain		28	28		28
Oak Grove	52	54	106		2
Prairie Farm	17	123	145		111
Prairie Farm, village	11	56	67		45
Rice Lake	45	68	113		23
Rice Lake, city	202	328	530		126
ward 1	86	80			
ward 2	59	83			
ward 3	30	55			
ward 4	27	110			
Stanford					
Stanley	23	81	104		59
Summer	14	117	131		103
Turtle Lake	10	91	101		81
Turtle Lake, village	49	26	75	23	
Vance Creek	55	31	86	24	
	17	71	88		54
Total	1,091	3,115	4,206	104	2,133
Democratic plurality					104
Republican majority					2,024

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Alfred Warden, Dem.	Frank Hammil, Rep.	James Kinney, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
BAYFIELD CO.—						
Barksdale	16	23	4	43		7
Barnes	9	66	2	77		57
Bayfield	174	235	23	432		111
Bell	12	39	6	57		27
Cable	16	61		77		45
Clover	6	16	2	24		10
Drummond	12	113	1	126		101
Eileen	17	57	2	76		40
Hughes	11	43	1	55		32
Iron River	60	266		326		206
Mason	25	244	4	273		219
Orienta	6	16	1	23		10
Oulu	1	69	24	94		45
Port Wing	11	93	10	114		82
Pratt	20	116	8	144		96
Washburn	11	76	15	102		61
Washburn, city	123	363	49	534		241
ward 1	32	83	3			
ward 2	20	67	15			
ward 3	12	73	11			
ward 4	14	72	8			
ward 5	14	42	9			
ward 6	30	26	3			
Total	529	1,946	152	2,627		1,390
Net Republican plurality						1,417



WISCONSIN HOME FOR FEEBLE MINDED, CHIPPEWA FALLS.

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Albert Warden, Dem.	Frank Hammill, Rep.	James Kenney, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
SAWYER CO.—						
Couderay	8	35	.....	43	.....	27
Hayward	121	506	7	34	.....	335
Radisson	11	71	.....	82	.....	60
Reserve	26	114	.....	140	.....	83
Sand Lake	44	39	1	34	5	.....
Wingar	9	33	4	46	.....	24
Winter	17	60	2	79	.....	43
Total	236	853	14	1,108	5	627
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	622
WASHBURN CO.—						
Barronette	11	34	4	49	.....	23
Bashaw	12	105	1	118	.....	93
Brooklyn	2	27	.....	29	.....	25
Casey	5	35	2	42	.....	30
Chicog	5	25	8	38	.....	17
Frog Creek	2	24	.....	26	.....	23
Gull Lake	9	14	.....	23	.....	5
Long Lake	20	37	.....	57	.....	17
Loomis	18	77	.....	95	.....	59
Minong	20	93	2	115	.....	73
Sarona	14	31	5	50	.....	17
Shell Lake	51	185	.....	236	.....	134
Spooner	16	79	6	101	.....	63
Spooner, village	26	250	15	291	.....	224
Spring Brook	17	58	.....	75	.....	41
Stinnett	10	48	.....	58	.....	38
Storm Lake	4	22	.....	26	.....	18
Trege	17	85	2	104	.....	68
Total	259	1,229	45	1,533	.....	967
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	970

BROWN COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Shepeck, Dem.	Ferdinand Wittig, Rep.	Jos. Prevot, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
BROWN CO.—First Dis-						
trict—						
Ashwaubenon	23	61	3	87		38
Green Bay, city	1,525	2,320	363	4,208		795
ward 1	227	362	40			
ward 2	154	232	13			
ward 3	128	192	25			
ward 4, precinct 1	178	195	30			
ward 4, precinct 2	76	130	19			
ward 5	289	285	55			
ward 6, precinct 1	148	215	25			
ward 6, precinct 2	64	109	11			
ward 7, precinct 1	73	137	9			
ward 7, precinct 2	64	105	15			
ward 8, precinct 1	80	132	61			
ward 8, precinct 2	44	126	60			
Howard	105	118	3	27		13
Pittsfield	70	94	1	165		24
Suamico	60	144	1	205		84
Total	1,783	2,737	372	4,892		954
Net Republican plurality						954

BROWN COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Vaader- Linden, Dem.	Lewis W. Peterson, Rep.	Henry Gerke, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
BROWN CO.—Second Dis-						
trict—						
Allouez	50	58	7	115		8
Bellevue	49	53		102		4
Depere	70	55		125	15	
Depere, city	410	373	28	811	37	
ward 1	90	127	7			
ward 2	127	72	7			
ward 3	105	128	4			
ward 4	79	46	10			
Eaton	116	57		173	59	
Glenmore	94	152	1	247		58
Green Bay	36	105		141		69
Hobart	18	25		43		7
Holland	170	42		212	128	
Humboldt	44	94		139		50
Lawrence	64	105	2	171		41
Morrison	101	213		314		112
New Denmark	71	218	6	295		147
Preamble	69	173	9	251		104
Rockland	66	36		102	30	
Scott	70	92	4	166		22
Wrightstown	109	113		222		4
Wrightstown, village	72	44		116	28	
Total	1,679	2,008	58	3,745	297	66
Democratic plurality						297
Net Republican plurality						329

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. Bauer, Dem.	C. A. Ingram, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
BUFFALO CO.					
Alma	40	68	108	.....	23
Alma, city	101	111	212	.....	10
ward 1	41	38	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	25	31	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	35	42	.....	.....	.....
Belvidere	67	86	153	.....	19
Buffalo	61	32	93	29	.....
Buffalo, city	23	22	45	1	.....
Canton	35	89	124	.....	54
Cross	39	43	82	.....	4
Dover	17	138	155	.....	121
Fountain, city	127	93	220	34	.....
ward 1	51	45	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	73	48	.....	.....	.....
Gilmantown	18	132	150	.....	114
Glencoe	57	48	105	9	.....
Lincoln	44	44	88	.....	.....
Maxville	38	64	102	.....	26
Milton	24	23	47	1	.....
Modena	10	138	148	.....	128
Mondovi	18	127	145	.....	109
Mondovi, city	90	201	291	.....	111
ward 1	32	98	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	38	103	.....	.....	.....
Montana	23	45	68	.....	22
Naples .....	.....	188	188	.....	188
Nelson	73	201	274	.....	128
Waumandee	54	47	101	7	.....
Total	959	1,940	2,899	81	1,062
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	981
PEPIN CO.—					
Albany	22	74	96	.....	52
Durand	17	32	49	.....	15
Durand, city	132	171	303	.....	39
ward 1	68	64	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	107	.....	.....	.....
Frankfort	20	147	167	.....	127
Lima	91	30	121	61	.....
Pepin	32	161	193	.....	129
Pepin, village	24	63	87	.....	39
Stockholm	3	73	76	.....	70
Stockholm, village	7	33	40	.....	26
Waterville	86	199	285	.....	113
Waubeck	9	19	28	.....	10
Total	443	1,002	1,445	61	620
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	559

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	F. A. Partlow, Dem.	Axel Johnson, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
BURNETT CO.—					
Anderson	6	90	96		84
Blaine	22	85	107		63
Daniels	10	97	107		87
Dewey	7	53	65		51
Grantsburg	8	78	86		70
Grantsburg, village	35	116	151		81
Jackson	5	63	63		58
La Follette	20	60	80		40
Marshland	7	90	97		83
Meenon	9	109	118		100
Roosevelt	1	33	34		32
Rusk	14	30	44		16
Trade Lake	12	165	177		153
West Marshland	10	72	82		62
Wood River	7	157	164		150
Total	173	1,303	1,476		1,180
Republican majority					1,180
POLK CO.—					
Alden	40	247	287		207
precinct 1	38	136			
precinct 2	2	111			
Amery, village	39	107	146		63
Apple River	7	82	89		75
Balsam Lake	11	83	94		72
Balsam Lake, village	14	34	48		20
Beaver	9	82	91		73
Black Brook	40	127	167		87
Bone Lake	11	44	55		33
Centuria, village	11	37	48		26
Clam Falls	10	52	62		42
Clayton	21	124	145		103
Clear Lake	50	99	151		49
Clear Lake, village	63	46	114	22	
Eureka	12	196	208		184
Farmington	41	115	156		74
Frederick, village	28	75	103		47
Garfield	12	153	165		141
Georgetown	18	85	93		17
Johnstown	6	26	32		0
Laketown	26	117	143		91
Lincoln	27	145	172		113
Loraine	15	42	57		27
Luck	29	62	95		53
Luck, village	32	46	73		14
McKinley	13	21	34		8
Millstown	49	102	157		53
Osceola	10	148	159		118
Osceola, village	40	81	121		41
St. Croix Falls	14	73	87		59
St. Croix Falls, village	21	84	105		63
Sterling	14	109	123		55
West Sweden	13	58	72		45
Total	751	2,852	3,617	22	2,123
Democratic plurality					22
Net Republican majority					2,101

Scattering: Clear Lake, 2; Luck, 4; Milltown, 6; Osceola, 1; West Sweden, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CALUMET COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Henry Rollmann, Dem.	J. W. Baldock, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
CALUMET CO.—					
Brillion	77	208	285	.....	131
Brillion, village	114	84	198	30	.....
Brothertown	124	123	247	1	.....
Charlestown	149	111	261	38	.....
Chilton	129	101	230	28	.....
Chilton, city	281	98	379	183	.....
Harrison	206	163	369	43	.....
Hilbert, village	74	45	119	29	.....
New Holstein	102	107	209	.....	5
New Holstein, village	49	124	173	.....	75
Rantoul	104	153	257	.....	49
Stockbridge	144	137	281	7	.....
Stockbridge, village	40	36	76	4	.....
Woodville	104	87	191	17	.....
Total	1,697	1,577	3,275	380	260
Republican plurality				260	.....
Net Democratic majority				120	.....

Scattering: Charlestown, J

CHIPPEWA COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Geo. Peterson, Dem.	C. B. Cul- bertson, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA CO.—First District—					
Boyd, village	50	73	123	.....	23
Cadott, village	61	112	173	.....	51
Chippewa Falls	558	613	1,171	.....	55
ward 3	120	153	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	44	69	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	105	91	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	116	92	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	68	85	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	57	74	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	48	49	.....	.....	.....
Delmar	64	91	155	.....	27
Edson	60	138	198	.....	78
La Fayette	88	165	243	.....	82
Sigel	56	140	196	.....	84
Stanley, city	62	491	553	.....	429
ward 1	7	99	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	20	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	10	141	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	25	144	.....	.....	.....
Tildon	119	81	200	38	.....
Wheaton	107	193	303	.....	89
Total	1,220	2,100	3,320	38	913
Democratic plurality .....				.....	85
Net Republican majority .....				.....	880

CHIPPEWA (part of) AND RUSK COUNTIES—SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. W. Heaverin, Dem.	Arnt Erickson, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA CO.—Second District—					
Anson	41	135	176		94
Auburn	66	163	229		97
Arthur	70	71	141		1
Bloomer	110	115	225		5
Bloomer, village	79	156	235		77
Cleveland	29	68	97		39
Colburn	25	77	102		52
Chippewa Falls, city	277	276	553	1	
ward 1	79	108			
ward 2	133	103			
ward 7	65	65			
Eagle Point	98	103	201		5
Holcombe	35	110	145		75
New Auburn, village	15	76	91		61
Ruby	8	42	50		34
Sampson	33	65	98		32
Total	886	1,457	2,343	1	572
Democratic plurality					1
Net Republican majority					571
RUSK CO.—Second District—					
Atlanta	24	145	169		121
Big Bend	31	85	116		54
Bruce, village	35	84	119		49
Dewey	29	51	80		22
Flambeau	12	69	81		48
Grant	17	61	78		44
Grow	11	22	33		11
Hawkins	12	102	114		60
Ingram, village	17	87	104		70
Ladysmith	99	338	437		239
ward 1	23	93			
ward 2	41	89			
ward 3	35	156			
Lawrence	10	15	25		5
Marshall	3	41	44		18
Rusk	13	51	64		38
Strickland	21	19	40	2	
Stubbs	46	40	86	6	
Thornapple	10	56	66		46
True	20	98	118		78
Washington	13	22	35		9
Weverhauser, village	20	34	54		14
Willard	1	19	20		13
Total	444	1,430	1,874	8	924
Democratic plurality					8
Net Republican majority					931

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CLARK COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	R. B. Salter, Dem.	C. M. Bradford, Rep.	Fred Sears, Ind.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
CLARK CO.—						
Abbotsford, village	57	92	13	162	.....	85
Beaver	9	90	21	120	.....	69
Colby	81	40	.....	121	41	.....
Colby, city	93	39	1	133	54	.....
Dewhurst	9	22	5	36	.....	13
Dorchester, village	46	67	1	114	.....	25
Eaton	32	57	21	110	.....	25
Fremont	18	121	13	152	.....	103
Grant	67	112	45	2.4	.....	45
Green Grove	30	50	.....	80	.....	20
Green Wood, city	42	69	40	151	.....	27
Hewett	2	37	.....	39	.....	35
Hixon	44	50	6	100	.....	6
Hoard	20	81	.....	101	.....	61
Levis	18	43	36	97	.....	7
Loyal	53	110	8	171	.....	57
Loyal, village	45	106	42	193	.....	61
Longwood	28	52	37	117	.....	15
Lynn	35	79	8	122	.....	44
Mayville	43	104	.....	147	.....	61
Mead	7	10	3	20	.....	3
Mentor	47	99	13	159	.....	52
Neillsville, city	98	255	77	425	.....	162
ward 1	44	99	20	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	28	77	32	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	21	79	25	.....	.....	.....
Owen	43	88	11	142	.....	45
Pine Valley	41	102	40	183	.....	61
Reseberg	52	55	12	119	.....	3
Seif	3 ¹	19	1	28	.....	11
Shermap	39	91	9	139	.....	52
Sherwood	3	43	1	47	.....	40
Thorp	74	69	.....	143	5	.....
Thorp, village	61	68	13	142	.....	7
Unity	46	78	2	126	.....	32
Unity, village	9	17	.....	26	.....	8
Warner	23	72	26	121	.....	46
Washburn	11	50	25	86	.....	25
Weston	51	73	23	147	.....	22
Withee	56	64	.....	120	.....	8
Withee, village	55	25	1	81	30	.....
Worlen	49	100	2	151	.....	51
York	25	95	86	205	.....	9
Total	1,565	2,894	642	5,101	130	1,342
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,329

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. Mor- rison, Jr., Dem.	J. S. Towers, Rep.	Fred J. Coapman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA CO.—						
Arlington	76	85	2	163	.....	9
Caledonia	47	184	.....	231	.....	137
Dekora	51	101	.....	152	.....	50
Ft. Winnebago	64	71	.....	135	.....	7

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. Mor- risey, Jr., Dem.	J. S. Towers, Rep.	Fred J. Coapman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA CO.—Con.						
Kilbourn, village	104	197	4	305	.....	93
Lewiston	36	114	3	153	.....	78
Lodi	67	81	.....	148	.....	14
Lodi, village	130	129	.....	259	1	.....
Newport	31	65	.....	96	.....	34
Pacific	18	25	23	66	.....	2
Poynette, village	62	98	2	162	.....	26
Portage, city	539	648*	34	1,221	.....	169
ward 1	89	62	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	90	118	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	77	131	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	153	167	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	130	170	17	.....	.....	.....
West Point	92	51	1	144	41	.....
Total	1,317	1,849	69	3,235	42	56)
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	533

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Eugene Brossand, Dem.	E. E. Haight, Rep.	J. C. Cuff, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA CO.—						
Cambridge, village	33	110	.....	143	.....	77
Columbus	43	72	1	118	.....	2)
Columbus, city	224	237	14	525	.....	63
ward 1	85	111	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	66	90	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	73	86	6	.....	.....	.....
Courtland	29	101	.....	130	.....	72
Doylestown, village	39	17	.....	56	22	.....
Fall River, village	51	50	.....	101	1	.....
Fountain Prairie	110	96	.....	203	14	.....
Hampden	82	104	4	190	.....	22
Leeds	43	144	1	183	.....	101
Lowville	41	103	4	148	.....	62
Marcellon	54	101	4	159	.....	47
Otsego	49	142	2	193	.....	53
Pardeeville, village	70	151	8	229	.....	81
Randolph	47	129	.....	176	.....	32
Randolph, W. W., village	9	41	.....	50	.....	32
Rio, village	63	83	4	150	.....	25
Scott	34	96	1	131	.....	62
Springvale	44	94	5	143	.....	50
Wyocena	63	130	17	203	.....	54
Total	1,131	2,016	65	3,244	37	92)
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	915

Scattering: Columbus, 2.

DANE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	A. E. Sanders, Dem.	C. S. Thomp- son, Pro.	Otto Onstad, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—						
Albion	42	15	206	373	.....	224
Bristol	140	3	93	241	42	.....
Burke	83	.....	190	278	.....	102
Cambridge, village	22	5	111	138	.....	89
Christiana	70	6	300	376	.....	230
Cottage Grove	114	8	178	300	.....	64
Deerfield	79	6	139	224	.....	60
Deerfield, village	38	8	83	129	.....	45
De Forest, village	28	1	65	94	.....	37
Dunkirk	64	4	236	304	.....	172
Marshall, village	47	17	47	111	.....	.....
Medina	107	5	59	171	48	.....
Stoughton, city	131	53	850	1,034	.....	719
ward 1	31	7	186	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	29	9	292	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	27	22	217	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	44	15	155	.....	.....	.....
Sun Prairie	114	2	74	190	40	.....
Sun Prairie, village	145	14	137	238	18	.....
Waunakee, village	92	2	43	137	49	.....
Westport	119	6	95	220	24	.....
Windsor	75	9	234	318	.....	159
York	107	4	81	192	26	.....
Total	1,622	168	3,276	5,066	247	1,901
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	247
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,654

DANE COUNTY, THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Thomas Stewart, Dem.	C. O. Ruste, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
DANE CO.—					
Belleville, village	40	64	105	.....	24
Berry	124	46	170	78	.....
Black Earth	33	39	77	.....	1
Black Earth, village	36	78	114	.....	42
Blue Mounds	91	147	238	.....	56
Brooklyn, village	9	14	23	.....	5
Cross Plains	237	33	270	204	.....
Dane	67	78	145	.....	11
Dane, village	51	15	66	36	.....
Fitchburg	136	77	213	59	.....
Mazomanie	63	48	111	15	.....
Mazomanie, village	105	101	206	4	.....
Middleton	134	61	195	73	.....
Middleton, village	134	47	182	87	.....
Montrose	120	56	186	74	.....
Mount Horeb, village	103	137	240	.....	34
Oregon	81	118	199	.....	37
Oregon, village	104	88	192	16	.....
Perry	45	176	221	.....	131
Primrose	47	103	150	.....	56
Roxbury	144	23	167	121	.....
Rutland	36	228	264	.....	193
Springfield	169	16	185	153	.....
Springdale	110	111	221	.....	1
Vermont	47	122	169	.....	75
Verona	211	65	276	143	.....
Vienna	40	144	184	.....	104
Total	2,532	2,235	4,769	1,666	1,093
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	769	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	207

Scattering: Belleville village, 1; Middleton village, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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DODGE COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas Lentz, Dem.	T. E. Melcher, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—					
Ashippun	123	131	259	.....	3
Clyman	164	89	253	75	.....
Emmet	152	57	209	95	.....
Herman	169	95	264	74	.....
Horicon	284	125	409	159	.....
ward 1	110	33	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	75	33	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	99	59	.....	.....	.....
Hubbard	190	93	283	97	.....
Hustisford	137	75	212	62	.....
Hustisford, village	118	41	159	77	.....
Lebanon	189	44	233	145	.....
Le Roy	139	103	242	36	.....
Lomira	118	170	288	.....	52
Lomira, village	60	64	124	.....	4
Mayville	318	201	519	117	.....
ward 1	76	50	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	71	25	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	171	126	.....	.....	.....
Neosha, village	56	32	88	24	.....
Rubicon	132	119	251	13	.....
Shields	144	24	168	120	.....
Theresa	139	89	228	59	.....
Theresa, village	59	30	89	.....	.....
Watertown	370	114	484	236	.....
ward 5	161	43	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	209	71	.....	.....	.....
Williamstown	111	90	201	21	.....
Total	3,177	1,786	4,963	1,470	59
Republican plurality				59	.....
Net Democratic majority				1,391	.....

DODGE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. H. Hughes, Dem.	E. S. Millard, Pro.	J. E. Tarrant, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—						
Beaver Dam	148	2	85	235	23	.....
Beaver Dam, city	877	33	489	1,399	388	.....
ward 1	127	.....	33	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	135	.....	54	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	61	15	103	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	139	4	65	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	135	1	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	114	2	43	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	74	5	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	92	5	91	.....	.....	.....
Barnett	133	5	89	227	44	.....
Calamus	73	19	76	168	.....	3
Chester	69	2	52	123	17	.....
Elba	122	10	79	202	52	.....
Fox Lake	31	2	93	126	.....	69

DODGE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. H. Hughes, Dem.	E. S. Millard, Pro.	J. E. Tarrant, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DODGE CO.—Con.						
Fox Lake, village	85	6	129	220		44
Juneau	202	3	59	264	143	
ward 1	94	2	27			
ward 2	108	1	32			
Lowell	216	4	109	329	107	
Lowell, village	44	1	27	72	17	
Oak Grove	183	5	120	308	63	
Portland	141		57	198	84	
Randolph	49	8	98	155		49
Reeseville	81		19	100	62	
Trenton	107	6	126	239		19
Waupun	131	17	177	325		46
ward 1	41	6	62			
ward 2	37	2	43			
ward 3	25	2	35			
ward 4	28	7	37			
Westford						
	100		39		61	
Total				139		
Republican plurality	2,792	123	1,914	4,829	1,191	223
Net Democratic plurality					878	

DOOR COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	C. S. Fellows, Ind.	Thos. Reynolds, Rep.	G. W. Allen, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DOOR CO.—						
Bailey's Harbor	19	80	2	102		61
Brussels	20	145		165		125
Clay Banks	84	31	1	116	*53	
Egg Harbor	18	108	3	129		90
Forestville	57	124	2	183		77
Gardner	20	94	1	115		74
Gibraltar	20	123	1	154		113
Jacksonport	21	117	1	139		96
Liberty Grove	17	244	8	269		227
Nasewaunee	37	118	4	159		81
Sevastopol	75	186	4	215		61
Sturgeon Bay	30	69	16	99		39
Sturgeon Bay, city	144	631		791		487
ward 1	41	184				
ward 2	31	115				
ward 3	35	156				
ward 4	37	176				
Union						
Washington	8	79	1	88		71
	7	113	2	122		706
Total						
*Independent plurality	577	2,232	46	2,856		1,703
Net Republican plurality						53
						1,655

Scattering: Bailey's Harbor, 1.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Carl Hanton, Dem.	C. H. Shong, Pro.	J. Stack, Rep.	O. W. Wilcox, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
DOUGLAS CO.—							
Superior, city	729	129	1,581	331	2,810		852
ward 2	80	15	169	20			
ward 3, north pct.	13	6	31	9			
ward 3, east pct.	22	5	100	25			
ward 3, west pct.	47	21	207	60			
ward 4, pct. 1	57	3	94	23			
ward 4, pct. 2	40	1	118	27			
ward 4, pct. 3	79	12	235	62			
ward 5	143	33	335	49			
ward 6, east pct.	103	9	162	15			
ward 6, west pct.	14	19	130	41			
Total	729	129	1,581	331	2,810		852
Republican plurality							852

Scattering: Superior city, 49.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	C. A. Perkins, Pro.	W. D. Eagan, Rep.	H. W. Jackson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
DOUGLAS CO.—						
Amnison	2	77	7	83		70
Bennet	4	48	5	57		43
Brule	6	72	12	90		60
Gordon	12	150	1	163		138
Hawthorne	11	60	6	77		49
Hiland	2	32	2	36		30
Lake Nebagamon, village	4	53	17	74		36
Maple		63	2	68		64
Solon Springs	2	43	2	47		41
South Range	4	68	3	75		64
Summit		3	46	49		43
precinct 1	2	29				
precinct 2	1	17				
Superior	3	66	4	73		62
precinct 1	2	47	2			
precinct 2	1	19	2			
Superior, city	144	1,264	207	2,012		837
ward 1	18	233	36			
ward 7, pct. 1	30	207	29			
ward 7, pct. 2	18	252	35			
ward 8	51	139	15			
ward 9	19	289	66			
ward 10	8	141	26			
Total	197	2,045	238	2,907		1,537
Republican plurality						1,618

Scattering: Superior city, 397.

DUNN COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	D. C. Coolidge, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
DUNN CO.—					
Colfax	134		134		134
Colfax, village	122		122		122
Dunn	164		164		164
Eau Galle	162		162		162
Elk Mound	174		174		174
Grant	122		122		122
Hay River	109		109		109
Knapp, village	62		62		62
Lucas	83		83		83
Menomonie	187	1	188		187
Menomonie, city	660	4	664		660
ward 1	129	2			
ward 2	139	2			
ward 3	186				
ward 4	206				
New Haven	84		84		84
Otter Creek	59		59		59
Peru	56		56		56
Red Cedar	126		126		126
Rock Creek	107		107		107
Sand Creek	128		128		128
Sheridan	104		104		104
Sherman	94		94		94
Spring Brook	134		134		134
Stanton	89	1	90		89
Tainter	85		85		85
Tiffany	146	3	149		146
Weston	151		151		151
Wilson	102		102		102
Total	3,444	9	3,453		3,444
Republican majority					3,435

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. M. Charles, Dem.	Henry Laycock, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
EAU CLAIRE CO.—					
Altoona, city	66	83	149		17
ward 1	25	26			
ward 2	41	57			
Eau Claire, city	1,189	1,648	2,838		459
ward 1	147	121			
ward 2	181	179			
ward 3	142	278			
ward 5	126	167			
ward 6	141	229			
ward 8	165	255			
ward 9	127	235			
ward 10	160	184			
Seymour	40	53	93		13
Total	1,295	1,784	3,080		489
Republican plurality					489

Scattering: Eau Claire city, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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EAU CLAIRE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Elmer E. Tobey, Dem.	Chas. H. Daub, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
EAU CLAIRE CO.—					
Augusta	120	139	259		19
Bridge Creek	198	90	198	13	
Burnside	64	74	138		10
Clear Creek	47	70	117		23
Drammen	10	152	162		142
Eau Claire, city	180	343	523		163
ward 4	55	101			
ward 7	125	242			
Fairechild	23	61	84		38
Fairechild, village	45	75	120		40
Fall Creek, village	65	47	112	18	
Lincoln	114	50	164	64	
Ludington	34	127	161		93
Otter Creek	32	78	110		46
Pleasant Valley	35	149	184		114
Union	97	72	169	25	
Washington	81	158	239		77
Total	1,055	1,685	2,740	145	755
Democratic plurality					125
Net Republican majority					650

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Edward Nordman, Dem.	William Reader, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
FLORENCE CO.—					
Commonwealth		23	112		89
precinct 1	14	80			
precinct 2	9	32			
Florence		59	298		229
Homestead		30	121		91
Total		112	531		419
Republican majority					49
FOREST CO.—					
Caswell		9	27		18
Crandon		144	403		259
precinct 1	116	350			
precinct 2	28	53			
Hiles		7	51		44
Laona		40	250		210
precinct 1	34	224			
precinct 2	6	26			
North Crandon		45	61		16
Waubeno		61	221		160
precinct 1	48	153			
precinct 2	10	36			
precinct 3	3	29			
Total		306	1,013		707
Republican majority					707

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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FOND DU LAC COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John L. Gudex, Dem.	James Fenelon, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
FOND DU LAC CO.—					
Alto	67	158	225		91
Ashford	122	148	270		26
Auburn	84	135	219		51
Brandon, village	58	91	149		33
Byron	102	146	248		44
Campbellsport, village	62	86	148		24
Eden	154	165	319		11
Eldorado	113	171	284		58
Lamartine	76	157	233		81
Metomen	83	152	235		66
Oakfield	44	131	175		87
Oakfield, village	39	110	149		71
Osceola	83	167	250		87
Ripon	36	172	208		151
Ripon, city	264	545	809		281
ward 1	55	107			
ward 2	53	171			
ward 3	83	113			
ward 4	73	154			
Rosendale	56	177	2 3		121
Springvale	71	162	233		91
Waupun	60	132	192		72
Waupun, city	127	121	248	6	
ward 5	69	27			
ward 6	58	94			
Total	1,707	3,127	4,834	6	1,476
Democratic plurality					6
Net Republican majority					1,420

GRANT COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Frank H. Grimm, Dem.	John McLeod, Pro.	A. V. Wells, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—						
Beetown	86		109	195		23
Cassville	80	6	31	117	40	
Cassville, village	138	3	84	225	54	
Clifton	37	15	188	240		151
Cuba City, village	101	2	143	251		47
Ellenboro	27		131	158		101
Glen Haven	81	5	98	184		17
Hazel Green	112	7	75	194	37	
Hazel Green, village	49	8	113	170		64
Harrison	53	2	130	185		77
Jamestown	151	1	37	189	114	
Lima	61	5	149	215		83
Paris	95	2	61	158	34	
Platteville	66	8	104	178		33
Platteville, city	339	29	763	1,131		424
ward 1	114	14	205			
ward 2	90	9	237			
ward 3	64	3	191			
ward 4	71	3	140			
Potosi	177	4	114	295	63	
Potosi, village	87	2	34	123	53	
Smelser	62	1	130	193		68
Waterloo	50	2	103	169		49
Total	1,851	102	2,607	4,570	404	1,157
Democratic plurality						404
Net Republican plurality						746

GRANT COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Wright, Dem.	H. E. Roethe, Rep.	A. R. Manley, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
GRANT CO.—						
Bloomington	63	60		123	3	.....
Bloomington, village	54	87	7	148		33
Boscobel	9	17		26		8
Boscobel, city	173	188	3	364		15
ward 1	50	47				
ward 2	34	59	2			
ward 3	47	41	1			
ward 4	42	41				
Castle Rock		106	39	145	67	.....
Fennimore	44		115	159		71
Fennimore, village	73		157	230		79
Hickory Grove	37		96	133		59
Liberty	74		74	148		.....
Little Grant	30		78	109		48
Lancaster, city	212		338	550		126
ward 1	51	73				
ward 2	51	71				
ward 3	52	97				
ward 4	53	97				
Marion	62		37	99	25	.....
Millville	6		47	53		41
Mt. Hope	70		95	167		25
Mt. Ida	67		92	159		25
Montfort, village	44		82	126		38
Muscoda	40		38	78	2	.....
Muscoda, village	117		42	160	75	.....
North Lancaster	49		71	120		22
Patch Grove	63		82	145		19
South Lancaster	54		107	161		53
Watterstown	62		104	166		42
Wingville	48		99	147		51
Woodman	66		35	101	31	.....
Wyalusing	75		150	225		75
Total	1,703	2,330	47	4,082	203	330
Democratic plurality						233
Net Republican plurality						627

Scattering: Montfort village, 2.

GREEN COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. Theiler, Dem.	Sam. Isely, Pro.	A. B. Comstock, Rep.	W. H. Prick, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
GREEN CO.—							
Adams	88	1	80		169	8	.....
Albany	19	14	96	1	130		77
Albany, village	21	36	113	5	176		77
Brooklyn	46	6	107		159		61
Brooklyn, village	25	2	46	3	76		21
Brodhead	102	38	207	56	403		135
ward 1	50	26	79	33			
ward 2	52	13	128	24			
Browntown, vil... ..	28	13	36		77		8
Cadiz	118	21	112	1	252	6	.....

GREEN COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. Theiler, Dem.	Sam. Isely, Pro.	A. B. Comstock, Rep.	W. H. Frick, oc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
GREEN CO.—Con.							
Clarno	80	12	117	.....	209	.....	37
Decatur	28	9	73	4	114	.....	45
Exeter	67	7	86	3	163	.....	19
Jefferson	69	59	111	1	240	.....	42
Jordon	87	11	71	.....	169	16	.....
Monroe	95	5	55	.....	155	59	.....
Monroe, city	424	124	475	12	1,035	.....	51
ward 1	76	44	159	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	127	17	89	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	112	17	110	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	109	46	117	3	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Pleasant	46	5	69	13	133	.....	23
Monticello, village	64	3	82	6	155	.....	18
New Glarus	73	.....	27	1	101	46	.....
New Glarus, vil.	119	.....	42	1	162	77	.....
Spring Grove	40	19	109	6	174	.....	66
Sylvester	33	15	97	1	143	.....	64
Washington	72	4	37	1	114	33	.....
York	25	1	161	2	199	.....	135
Total	1,770	405	2,410	117	4,703	227	852
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	227
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	640

Scattering: Albany village, 1.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	A. O. Ellison, Dem.	C. C. Well-ensgard, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE CO.—					
Berlin	38	136	174	.....	98
Berlin, city	447	676	1,123	.....	229
ward 1	89	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	114	157	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	94	142	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	74	100	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	73	170	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn	86	141	227	.....	55
Green Lake	119	97	216	22	.....
Green Lake, village	32	107	139	.....	75
Kingston	143	54	197	.....	.....
Mackford	105	92	197	13	.....
Manchester	139	74	213	65	.....
Markesan, village	95	140	235	.....	45
Marquette	92	82	174	10	.....
Princeton	112	97	209	15	.....
Princeton, village	197	142	339	55	.....
Seneca	69	49	118	20	.....
St. Marie	73	57	130	16	.....
Total	1,747	1,914	3,691	335	502
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	305
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	197

IOWA COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. B. Egan, Dem.	Chas. Berryman Pro.	Platt Whitman, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
IOWA CO.—						
Arena	104	24	151	279		47
Barneveld, village	18	6	55	79		27
Brigham	55		180	235		125
Clyde	85	5	67	157	18	
Cobb village	34	1	24	59	10	
Dodgeville	111	16	234	362		123
Dodgeville, city	135	41	325	501		160
Eden	56	4	59	119		3
Highland	154	2	140	296	14	
Highland, village	146	3	123	272	23	
Linden	76	25	178	279		102
Linden, village	29	13	153	195		124
Mifflin	45	23	224	292		179
Mineral Point	83	8	137	228		54
Mineral Point, city	253	27	368	678		85
ward 1	77	14	96			
ward 2	83	9	126			
ward 3	50	1	78			
ward 4	70	3	68			
Moscow	98	6	174	278		76
Pulaski	161		95	256	66	
Rewey, village	16	7	49	72		33
Ridgeway	86	10	76	172	10	
Ridgeway, village	63		53	116	10	
Waldwick	74	5	92	171		18
Wyoming	42	9	70	121		28
Total	1,954	235	3,027	5,217	151	1,224
Democratic plurality						151
Net Republican plurality						1,073

Scattering: Dodgeville, 1.

IRON, ONEIDA, AND VILAS COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	D. B. Stevens, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
IRON CO.—					
Anderson		46			46
precinct 1	30				
precinct 2	16				
Emerson		10	10		10
Knight		173	173		173
Montreal		234	234		234
Saxon		110	110		110
Vaugin		544	545		544
precinct 1	273				
precinct 2	219	1			
precinct 3	47				
Total	1,117	1	1,118		1,117
Republican majority					1,116

TRON, ONEIDA, AND VILAS COUNTIES—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	D. B. Stevens, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ONEIDA CO.—					
Casslan	63		63		63
Crescent	27		27		27
Enterprise	40		40		40
Gagen	129		129		129
Hazelhurst	123		123		123
precinct 1	107				
precinct 2	16				
Lynne	25		25		25
Minocqua	83	2	90		83
Monico	62		62		62
Newbold	28		28		28
Pelican	62		62		62
Piehl	25		25		25
Pine Lake	24		24		24
Rhineland, ci y	670	3	682		670
ward 1	87	2			
ward 2	90				
ward 3	110				
ward 4	123	1			
ward 5	139				
ward 6	125				
Schoepke	51		51		51
Sugar Camp	53		53		53
Woodboro	6		6		6
Woodruff	67		67		67
Total	1,552	5	1,557		1,552
Republican majority					1,547
VILAS CO.—					
Arbor Vitae	310		310		310
precinct 1	190				
precinct 2	23				
precinct 3	83				
Conover	21		21		21
Eagle River	121		121		121
Flambeau	42		42		42
Farmington	17		17		17
Hackley	136		136		136
Presque Isle	117		117		117
precinct 1	70				
precinct 2	47				
State Line	35		35		35
Total	799		799		799
Republican majority					799

JACKSON COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	M. Hull Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralitie	
				Dem.	Rep.
JACKSON CO.—					
Albion	257		257		257
Alma	137		137		137
Alma Center	77	1	78		77
Bear Bluff	22	1	23		22
Black River Falls, city.....	351	1	352		351
ward 1	96				
ward 2	75				
ward 3	72				
ward 4	108	1			
Brockway		88			
precinct 1	53		88		88
precinct 2	35				
City Point		41			41
Cleveland	52		52		52
Curran	139		139		139
Franklin	115		115		115
Garden Valley	99		99		99
Garfield	111		111		111
Hixton	162		162		162
Irving	143		143		143
Knapp	41	1	42		41
Manchester	98		98		98
Melrose	162		162		162
Merrillan	115		115		115
Millston	53		53		53
North Bend	113		113		113
Northfield	220		220		220
Springfield	222	1	223		222
Total	2,828	5	2,833		2,828
Republican majority					2,833

JEFFERSON COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	C. F. Wiebahn, Dem.	E. F. Wiemann, Rep.	Theo. Zick, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
JEFFERSON CO.—						
Concord	177	85		263	92	
Farmington	247	68	1	315	179	
Hebron	83	111		194		28
Ixonia	168	100		277	59	
Johnson Creek, village.....	45	27		72	18	
Milford	98	93		196		
Palmyra	31	109		143		75
Palmyra, village	54	114	4	172		60
Sullivan	132	193		325		61
Watertown	203	99		302	104	
Watertown, city	830	515	27	1,372	315	
ward 1	299	181	8			
ward 2	225	97	11			
ward 3	109	105	1			
ward 4	68	76	3			
ward 7	131	58	4			
Total	2,071	1,528	32	3,631	767	224
Republican plurality					224	
Net Democratic plurality					543	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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JEFFERSON COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. W. Kindlin, Dem.	John W. Porter, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
JEFFERSON CO.—						
Aztalan	140	69		209	71	.....
Cold Spring	45	60	1	103		15
Ft. Atkinson	494	332		833	102	.....
ward 1	99	117				
ward 2	108	101				
ward 3	121	59				
ward 4	166	115				
Jefferson precinct 1	181	62				
precinct 2	87	37				
Jefferson, city	497	152		649	315	.....
ward 1	118	58				
ward 2	115	43				
ward 3	135	39				
ward 4	129	23				
Johnson Creek, village...	38	15		53	23	.....
Koshkonong	197	131		328	66	.....
Lake Mills	88	132		220		44
Lake Mills, city	101	234	1	336		133
ward 1	31	66				
ward 2	30	72				
ward 3	40	96	1			
Oakland	94	168		232		71
Sumner	55	64		119		9
Waterloo	114	55		137	57	.....
Waterloo, village	200	88		283	112	.....
Total	2,331	1,659	2	3,992	917	275
Republican plurality					275	
Net Democratic plurality					672	

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Willard Temple, Dem.	H. J. Morten- sen, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
JUNEAU CO.—					
Armenia	31	127	153		93
Camp Douglas	57	62	119		5
Clearfield	46	32	78	11	.....
Cutler	29	37	65		8
Elroy, city	151	206	357		55
ward 1	76	90			
ward 2	75	116			
Finley	16	14	30	2	.....
Fountain	76	117	193		41
Germantown	49	47	93	2	.....
Kildare	58	57	113		1
Kingston	19	30	49		11
Lemonweir	103	131	237		31
Lindina	100	131	231		31
Lisbon	52	80	132		28
Lyndon	70	38	108	32	.....

LA CROSSE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	E. J. Kneen, Dem.	Martin C. Casberg, Pro.	Valentine S. Keppel, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE CO.—						
Bangor	90	2	54	146	56	.....
Bangor, village	137	2	74	213	63	.....
Barre	73	.....	33	106	.....	10
Burns	130	18	90	238	40	.....
Farmington	153	6	130	344	.....	22
Greenfield	74	.....	65	139	9	.....
Hamilton	69	2	139	260	.....	120
HoHand	22	25	191	238	.....	156
La Crosse, city	1,048	29	531	1,608	517	.....
ward 3	215	3	112	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	296	11	138	.....	.....	.....
ward 17	179	2	154	.....	.....	.....
ward 18	264	12	95	.....	.....	.....
ward 21	94	1	32	.....	.....	.....
Onalaska	33	12	154	199	.....	121
Onalaska, city	81	8	137	226	.....	56
ward 1	24	2	36	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	38	3	60	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	19	3	41	.....	.....	.....
Shelby	98	.....	56	154	42	.....
Washington	103	.....	49	153	60	.....
West Salem, village	110	11	99	220	11	.....
Total	2,233	115	1,932	4,299	778	4 5
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	495	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	280	.....

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	James H. King, Dem.	M. J. Cleary, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
LAFAYETTE CO.—					
Argyle	59	126	185	.....	67
Argyle, village	39	102	141	.....	63
Belmont	81	74	155	7	.....
Belmont, village	57	86	143	.....	29
Benton	81	140	221	.....	59
Benton, village	69	126	195	.....	57
Blanchardville	18	78	96	.....	60
Blanchardville, village	20	146	166	.....	123
Darlington	123	142	265	.....	19
Darlington, city	242	233	475	9	.....
ward 1	134	123	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	108	105	.....	.....	.....
Elk Grove	60	111	171	.....	51
Fayette	77	115	192	.....	38
Gratiot	131	147	278	.....	16
Gratiot, village	42	44	86	.....	2
Kendall	115	39	154	76	.....
Lamont	44	84	128	.....	40
Monticello	36	25	61	11	.....

MANITOWOC COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Hardaw, Dem.	Simon F. Wehr- wein, Rep.	Henry Bruins, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MANITOWOC CO.—						
Centerville	98	173	2	273		75
Liberty	100	193	4	302		93
Manitowoc	65	79	21	165		14
Manitowoc, city	1,015	1,149	433	2,617		131
ward 1	176	182	36			
ward 2	81	187	39			
ward 3	269	269	104			
ward 4	163	239	57			
ward 5	119	114	92			
ward 6	50	97	38			
ward 7	212	61	96			
Manitowoc Rapids	181	183	18	332		52
Meeme	149	125	3	277	24	
Newton	127	182		309		35
Total	1,685	2,039	501	4,275	24	428
Democratic plurality						24
Net Republican plurality						404

MANITOWOC COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Jos. Konop, Dem.	Lawrence Ledvina, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities		
				Dem.	Rep.	
MANITOWOC CO.—						
Cato		3	219		216	
Cooperstown		5	141		136	
Baton		2	122		120	
Franklin		5	147		142	
Gibson		25	135		130	
Kiel, village		94	107		13	
Kossuth		19	163		149	
Maple Grove			85		85	
Mishicot		58	132		64	
Reedsville		1	71		70	
Rockland		3	221		218	
Schleswig		22	112		90	
Two Creeks		26	34		8	
Two Rivers		14	75		61	
Two Rivers, city		295	424		129	
ward 1	37	105				
ward 2	40	96				
ward 3	86	64				
ward 4	78	91				
ward 5	54	63				
Total	572	2,183	2,759		1,611	
Net Republican plurality					1,611	

Scattering: Two Rivers, 1; Two Rivers city, 3.

MARATHON COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Nicholas Schmidt, Dem.	A. E. Beebee, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON CO.—					
Athens, village	91	96	187	.....	5
Bergen	30	86	116	.....	53
Berlin	116	60	176	56	.....
Bern	31	29	60	2	.....
Brighton	33	46	84	.....	3
Cassel	153	46	200	1:0	.....
Cleveland	129	147	276	.....	13
Colby, east ward	26	25	51	1	.....
Day	113	43	156	70	.....
Eau Pleine	64	87	151	.....	23
Edgar, village	96	64	160	32	.....
Emmett	117	52	169	67	.....
Fenwood, village	23	17	40	6	.....
Frankfort	73	60	133	13	.....
Halsey	57	35	92	22	.....
Hamburg	116	59	175	57	.....
Holton	63	141	204	.....	73
Hull	96	101	197	.....	5
Johnson	72	78	150	.....	6
Maine	133	63	206	70	.....
Marathon	93	25	123	73	.....
Marathon, village	101	33	134	63	.....
McMillan	92	93	190	.....	6
McMillan, village .....	.....	31	31	.....	31
Mosinee	23	67	95	.....	19
Mosinee, village	26	83	112	.....	60
Rib Falls	105	85	190	20	.....
Rietbrock	103	64	167	39	.....
Spencer	46	44	90	2	.....
Spencer, village	32	51	83	.....	19
Stettin	113	50	163	63	.....
Unity, village	14	40	54	.....	26
Wien	82	56	138	26	.....
Total	2,490	2,070	4,560	800	330
Republican plurality				330	
Net Democratic majority				420	

MARATHON COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	A. J. Plowman, Dem.	Ang. F. Mur- quardt, Rep.	J. C. Chiber, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON CO.—						
Brokaw, village	22	70	1	93	.....	43
Easton	93	93	6	195	3	.....
Eldron	97	75	1	173	22	.....
Fleith	24	31	2	57	.....	7
Franzen	8	34	.....	42	.....	16
Harrison	37	43	3	83	6
Hewitt	28	51	79	23
Knowlton	30	69	99	29
Kronenwetter	46	47	93	1

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MARINETTE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Frank E. Christ, Dem.	P. M. Nelson, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
MARINETTE CO.—					
Amberg	118	342	460		224
precinct 1	19	83			
precinct 2	21	71			
precinct 3	73	183			
Athelstane	11	55	66		44
Beaver	30	119	149		89
Coleman, village	11	65	76		54
Dunbar	13	80	93		67
Grover	35	269	295		225
Lake	11	46	57		35
Peshtigo	54	103	157		49
Peshtigo, city	96	256	352		160
ward 1	36	65			
ward 2	23	102			
ward 3	37	89			
Porterfield	36	183	219		147
precinct 1	31	128			
precinct 2	5	55			
Pound	46	190	236		114
Stephenson	76	89	165		13
Wausaukee	119	199	318		80
Total	656	1,987	2,643		1,331
Net Republican majority					1,331

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John T. Farrel, Dem.	Chas. Hamilton, Rep.	Richard Schmidt, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 1	803	812	220	1,833		36
ward 18	1,632	1,410	362	3,404	222	
Total	2,438	2,222	582	5,272	222	36
Republican plurality					36	
Net Democratic plurality					186	

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Eugene P. Stuetzel, Dem.	Otto A. Harras, Rep.	Thomas Feeley, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 2	633	698	494	1,825		65
ward 6	957	1,010	623	2,593		53
Total	1,590	1,708	1,120	4,418		118
Republican plurality						118

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Luke Scanlan, Dem.	William Disch, Rep.	Albert Neuman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Cudahy	163	217	103	483	.....	54
Lake	432	333	250	1,015	79	.....
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 17	637	903	946	2,486	*43	.....
Oak Creek	162	141	13	313	21	.....
South Milwaukee	403	544	150	1,097	.....	141
Total	1,837	2,183	1,465	5,480	100	195
Democratic plurality						100
*Soc. Dem. plurality						43
Net Republican plurality						801

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Benj. F. Steinel, Dem.	John E. Clayton, Pro.	Carl H. Dorner, Rep.	Thomas Gaynor, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—							
Milwaukee, city:							
ward 15	1,087	53	1,634	633	3,407	.....	547
ward 16	1,145	53	1,310	301	2,821	.....	173
Total	2,233	111	2,953	934	6,231	.....	720
Republican plurality							720

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Michael Kalahaer, Dem.	Frank Ammon, Rep.	Geo. A. Knapp, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 5	842	571	499	1,912	271	.....
ward 12	829	577	857	2,263	*23
Total	1,671	1,148	1,353	4,173	271
*Soc. Dem. plurality					28
Net Dem. plurality					315

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MILWAUKEE COUNTY, SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Thomas F. Ramsey, Dem.	Chauncy Yockey, Rep.	Edw. Campbell, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 3	722	205	96	1,023	517	.....
ward 4	903	836	287	2,116	157	.....
ward 7	637	729	193	1,562	.....	92
Total	2,352	1,770	579	4,701	671	92
Republican plurality					92	.....
Net Democratic plurality					532	.....

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	S. S. Leonard, Dem.	Geo. G. Brew, Rep.	John P. Mueller, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Franklin	114	121	9	244	.....	7
Greensfeld	329	570	274	1,173	.....	211
Wauwatosa	471	1,281	191	1,943	.....	80
Wauwatosa, city	163	383	33	533	.....	220
West Allis, city	317	534	141	932	.....	217
West Milwaukee, village.	59	134	77	270	.....	57
Total	1,453	3,023	728	5,204	.....	1,552
Net Republican plurality .....					.....	1,570

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Harry R. McLogan, Dem.	Fred R. Zimmer- man, Rep.	Gilbert H. Poor, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—						
Milwaukee, city:						
ward 8	873	892	489	2,135	51	.....
ward 23	844	901	679	2,424	.....	57
Total	1,697	1,793	1,159	4,559	51	57
Democratic plurality .....					.....	51
Net Republican plurality .....					.....	6

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Michael Hauser, Dem.	Chas. Lehman, Rep.	Edw. J. Bernier, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 9	944	895	1,233	3,075	*341	.....
Total	944	895	1,233	3,075	.....	.....
*Soc. Dem. plurality.....					292	

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. A. Aschmap. Dem.	Herman E. George. Rep.	Wm. Coleman, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 19	836	1,219	1,210	3,325	.....	9
Total	836	1,219	1,210	3,325	.....	9
Republican plurality .....					.....	9

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. Miksch, Dem.	Fred Brock- hausen, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities		
				Dem.	Rep.	
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 11		1,288	1,575	2,863	*287	.....
Total		1,288	1,575	2,863	.....	.....
*Soc. Dem. majority.....					287	

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities, and election districts.	George Shaefer, Dem.	Benj. C. Hughes, Pro.	Carl F. Busack- er, Rep.	Carl D. Thom- son, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 19	985	45	950	855	2,785	.....	15
ward 23	904	55	1,097	1,101	3,157	*4	.....
Total	1,889	100	2,047	1,956	6,942	15
*Soc. Dem. plurality.....						4
Net Republican plurality	91

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MILWAUKEE COUNTY, THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. F. Wall, Dem.	Chas. E. Estabrook Rep.	Chas. O. Vogel, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 13	1,253	1,280	1,029	3,562	.....	27
Total	1,253	1,280	1,029	3,562	.....	27
Republican plurality						27

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Joseph Doma- chowski, Dem.	Stanislaus Molos- zewski, Rep.	Martin Gorecki, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 14	2,001	736	852	3,589	1,149	.....
Total	2,001	736	852	3,589	1,149	.....
Net Democratic plurality					1,149	.....

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Gerhard Aussen, Dem.	Peter F. Leuch, Rep.	Victor L. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— East Milwaukee, village.	38	46	24	108	.....	8
Granville	162	173	23	358	.....	11
Milwaukee	141	356	154	651	.....	202
Milwaukee, city	687	1,019	1,373	3,079	*354	.....
ward 21	687	1,019	1,373	.....	.....	.....
North Milwaukee, village	163	121	71	355	42	.....
Whitefish Bay, village...	15	57	23	95	.....	34
Total	1,206	1,772	1,668	4,646	42	255
Democratic plurality						42
*Soc. Dem. plurality						354
Net Republican plurality						104

MILWAUKEE COUNTY, SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. Moser, Dem.	Louis Gaulke, Rep.	Frank J. Weber, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.— Milwaukee, city: ward 20	824	1,380	1,799	4,003	*419	.....
Total	824	1,383	1,799	4,003		
*Soc. Dem. plurality					419	

MONROE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Cremer, Dem.	John R. Jones, Rep.	A. W. Brey, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
MONROE CO.—						
Adrian	25	67	3	95	.....	42
Angelo	14	92	1	107	.....	78
Byron	32	82	7	121	.....	50
Cashton, village	74	48	13	135	86	.....
Clifton	92	120	.....	212	.....	28
Glendale	42	113	1	156	.....	71
Grant	20	50	.....	70	.....	30
Greenfield	45	64	2	111	.....	19
Jefferson	149	35	1	183	111	.....
Kendall, village	35	83	1	119	.....	43
Lafayette	18	53	.....	76	.....	40
La Grange	47	89	1	137	.....	42
Leon	31	153	.....	184	.....	123
Lincoln	24	140	6	170	.....	116
Little Falls	77	133	.....	233	.....	81
New Lyme	12	42	.....	54	.....	30
Norwalk, village	59	70	.....	129	.....	11
Oakdale	57	69	1	125	.....	14
Ontario, village	6	16	3	25	.....	10
Portland	68	174	2	244	.....	106
Ridgeville	79	67	2	148	12	.....
Scott	13	23	14	50	.....	9
Sheldon	54	82	7	143	.....	23
Sparta	94	139	5	238	.....	45
Sparta, city	250	492	4	746	.....	242
ward 1	43	120	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	131	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	73	138	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	70	113	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tomah	52	93	.....	145	.....	41
Tomah, city	248	474	10	732	.....	226
ward 1	66	143	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	102	164	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	80	167	9	.....	.....	.....
Wellington	66	83	1	155	.....	22
Wells	68	51	.....	119	.....	17
Wilton	111	51	1	163	.....	60
Wilton, village	35	50	3	133	.....	35
Total	2,015	3,336	89	5,470	231	1,551
Democratic plurality						361
Net Republican plurality						1,291

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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OCONTO COUNTY.

Counties towns, cities and election districts.	Mathew Finnegan, Dem.	John Grosse, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
OCONTO CO.—					
Armstrong	44	64	108	.....	20
Breed	15	42	57	.....	27
Brazeau	31	75	106	.....	14
Chase	43	125	173	.....	77
Gillett	110	107	217	3	.....
Gillett, village	58	82	140	.....	24
Howe	110	93	203	14	.....
Lena	74	114	188	.....	40
Little River	60	140	200	.....	80
Little Suamico	49	133	182	.....	84
Maple Valley	56	97	153	.....	41
Morgan	37	86	123	.....	49
Oconto	109	135	244	.....	26
Oconto, city	423	757	1,180	.....	324
north ward	92	142	.....	.....	.....
east ward	133	222	.....	.....	.....
south ward	114	232	.....	.....	.....
west ward	84	111	.....	.....	.....
Oconto Falls	42	70	112	.....	28
Oconto Falls, village	74	160	234	.....	86
Pensaukee	50	302	352	.....	22
precinct 1	18	126	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	16	63	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	16	103	.....	.....	.....
Spruce	53	111	160	.....	53
Stiles	45	105	150	.....	60
Underhill	29	102	131	.....	73
Wheeler	21	95	116	.....	74
Total	1,543	2,998	4,541	17	1,472
Democratic plurality					17
Republican majority					1,455

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Carl Ludwig, Dem.	Clinton B. Ballard, Rep.	M. G. Smith, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—						
Appleton, city	1,555	1,791	86	3,432	.....	236
ward 1	161	467	16	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	273	352	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	406	254	16	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	223	143	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	340	230	17	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	132	340	17	.....	.....	.....
Bovina	31	101	.....	132	.....	70
Center	135	109	.....	244	26	.....
Dale	112	123	.....	235	.....	26
Ellington	101	128	.....	229	.....	27
Grand Chute	81	212	3	291	.....	131
Greenville	150	97	5	252	53	.....
Shiocton, village	18	111	.....	129	.....	92
Total	2,183	2,637	94	4,914	79	533
Democratic plurality						79
Net Republican plurality						504

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Henry Knap- stein, Dem.	Peter Phillips. Sr., Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
OUTAGAMIE CO.—					
Black Creek	63	111	174	.....	48
Black Creek, village	36	59	95	.....	23
Buchanan	304	177	481	127	.....
Cicero	49	144	193	.....	95
Deer Creek	46	78	124	.....	32
Freedom	140	118	253	22	.....
Hortonia	60	50	119	1	.....
Hortonville, village	101	96	197	5	.....
Kaukauna	61	62	123	.....	1
Kaukauna, city	548	467	1,015	81	.....
north precinct	275	215	.....	.....	.....
south precinct	273	252	.....	.....	.....
Little Caute, village	180	91	271	89	.....
Liberty	41	44	85	.....	3
Maine	40	106	146	.....	66
Maple Creek	78	58	136	20	.....
New London, city, ward 3	81	71	152	10	.....
Osborn	29	84	113	.....	55
Seymour	82	103	190	.....	26
Seymour, city	120	139	259	.....	19
ward 1	71	82	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	49	57	.....	.....	.....
Vandenbroek	92	15	107	77	.....
Welcome, village	37	42	79	.....	5
West Oneida	37	136	173	.....	99
Total	2,225	2,265	4,490	432	42
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. J. Bichler, Dem.	Henry Kiek- haefer, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
OZAUKEE CO.—					
Belgium	260	37	297	223	.....
Cedarburg	132	85	217	47	.....
Cedarburg, city	165	138	303	27	.....
Fredonia	222	83	310	134	.....
Grafton	92	49	141	43	.....
Grafton, village	63	43	111	25	.....
Mequon	210	133	393	32	.....
Port Washington	127	57	184	70	.....
Port Washington, city	570	193	766	374	.....
ward 1	180	34	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	136	42	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	107	43	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	147	77	.....	.....	.....
Saukville	162	103	265	59	.....
Total	2,098	984	2,982	1,024	1,024
Democratic majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

PIERCE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	F. M. White, Dem.	W. A. Kay, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PIERCE CO.—					
Clifton	27	61	88		34
Diamond Bluff	21	72	93		51
Ellsworth	47	169	216		122
Ellsworth, village	61	133	194		72
Elmwood, village	41	69	110		28
El Paso	57	83	145		31
Gilman	13	203	221		195
Hartland	28	189	213		161
Isabelle	16	71	87		55
Maiden Rock	18	177	195		159
Maiden Rock, village	26	51	77		25
Martell	19	207	226		188
Oak Grove	34	40	74		6
Prescott	76	90	166		14
ward 1	32	20			
ward 2	26	20			
ward 3	18	40			
River Falls	57	100	157		43
River Falls, city, ward 2	115	239	354		124
Rock Elm	40	131	171		61
Salem	19	121	145		107
Spring Lake	19	141	160		122
Spring Valley, village	33	149	182		116
Trenton	13	140	153		127
Trimbelle	38	152	190		114
Union	47	175	222		123
Total	865	2,978	3,844		2,113
Republican plurality					2,113

Scattering: Hartland, 1.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. Brady, Dem.	O. A. Crowell, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PORTAGE CO.—					
Alban	55	134	189		79
Almond	33	182	215		149
Almond, village	20	105	125		85
Amherst	97	259	356		162
Amherst, village	30	125	155		95
Belmont	50	150	180		120
Buena Vista	72	154	226		82
Carsen	126	95	221	31	
Dewey	63	19	87	49	
Eau Pleine	53	115	174		57
Grant	34	71	105		37
Hull	149	46	195	103	
Lanark	55	144	199		89
Linwood	15	82	97		67
New Hope	60	162	223		102
Pine Grove	39	117	156		78
Plover	90	203	293		118
Risholt, village	22	79	101		57

PORTAGE COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. Brady, Dem.	O. A. Crowell, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
PORTAGE CO.—Con.					
Sharon	275	53	328	222	.....
Stevens Point	735	811	1,593	.....	26
ward 1	94	154	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	121	188	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	97	159	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	245	80	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	86	131	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	42	99	.....	.....	.....
Stockton	233	69	352	214	.....
Total	2,396	3,180	5,578	617	1,493
Democratic plurality					619
Net Republican plurality					784

Scattering: Eau Claire, 1; New Hope, 1.

PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	F. W. Sackett, Dem.	E. L. Urquhart, Rep.	Fred. Plinkey, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
PRICE CO.—						
Brannan	31	83	6	125	.....	57
Catawba	25	76	3	104	.....	51
Eisenstein	16	46	10	72	.....	20
Emery	13	55	9	81	.....	46
Fifield	56	81	3	140	.....	25
Georgetown	7	36	.....	43	.....	29
Hackett	7	29	15	51	.....	14
Harmony	12	27	1	40	.....	15
Hill	19	36	4	59	.....	17
Kennan	8	40	2	50	.....	32
Kennan, village	13	41	3	57	.....	23
Knox	11	100	62	173	.....	38
Lake	18	80	4	103	.....	62
Ogena	11	210	20	241	.....	190
Park Falls, village	67	232	14	313	.....	165
Phillips	153	216	33	407	.....	58
ward 1	41	77	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	84	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	53	55	15	.....	.....	.....
Prentice	8	54	28	90	.....	26
Prentice, village	29	61	27	117	.....	32
Worcester	115	96	13	224	19	.....
Total	624	1,608	237	2,490	19	915
Democratic plurality						19
Net Republican plurality						934

Scattering: Lake, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	F. W. Sackett, Dem.	E. L. Urquhart, Rep.	Fred. Plinkev. Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
TAYLOR CO.—						
Aurora	11	39	.....	50	.....	28
Browning	26	72	13	111	.....	46
Chelsea	54	71	2	127	.....	17
Cleveland	5	44	1	50	.....	39
Deer Creek	59	98	3	160	.....	39
Goodrich	6	52	2	60	.....	46
Greenwood	23	77	1	101	.....	54
Grover	9	48	2	59	.....	39
Hammel	20	36	3	59	.....	16
Holway	15	79	.....	94	.....	64
Little Black	78	169	4	251	.....	91
Maplehurst	12	23	1	41	.....	16
McKinley	12	31	.....	43	.....	19
Medford	102	194	5	301	.....	92
Medford, city	116	234	14	384	.....	133
ward 1	40	97	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	34	55	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	42	102	3	.....	.....	.....
Molitor	14	26	.....	40	.....	12
Rib Lake	64	85	2	151	.....	21
Rib Lake, village	49	150	2	201	.....	101
Roosevelt	9	53	8	70	.....	44
Westboro	55	157	2	214	.....	102
Total	739	1,763	65	2,567	.....	1,024
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,024

RACINE COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	N. F. Billings, Dem.	Wallace Ingalls, Rep.	J. C. Peterson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
RACINE CO.—						
Racine, city	1,987	2,856	601	5,466	.....	977
ward 1	130	132	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, north pct.	95	250	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, south pct.	129	323	35	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, north pct.	130	250	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, south pct.	196	181	14	.....	15	.....
ward 4, east pct.	156	121	29	.....	35	.....
ward 4, west pct.	197	139	34	.....	53	.....
ward 5	153	229	73	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	142	206	46	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	102	386	58	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	117	230	116	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	233	292	79	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	182	327	97	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,987	2,856	601	5,466	108	977
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	103
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	839

Scattering: Racine city, ward 3, north precinct, 22.

RACINE COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Geo. H. Herzog. Dem.	John H. Kemper. Rep.	Hugo Meyer. Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
RACINE CO.—						
Burlington	141	49	3	193	92	.....
Burlington, city	831	595	10)	1,555	233	.....
ward 1	74	51	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	116	79	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	113	33	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	112	75	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, east pct.	256	227	51	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, west pct.	210	130	43	.....	.....	.....
Caledonia	299	220	4	523	79	.....
Corliss, village	36	79	27	142	.....	43
Dover	118	99	1	218	19	.....
Mt. Pleasant	179	226	19	424	.....	57
Norway	48	157	2	207	.....	109
Raymond	76	270	1	347	.....	194
Rochester	52	98	.....	150	.....	43
Union Grove, village ..	60	91	3	154	.....	31
Waterford	65	134	3	202	.....	69
Waterford, village	97	58	3	158	59	.....
Yorkville	66	154	1	221	.....	83
Total	2,118	2,240	176	4,534	515	637
Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	515
Net Republican plurality.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	122

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Clement Dough- erty. Dem.	John Maley. Pro.	Levi H. Ban- croft. Rep.	F. M. McHall. Ind.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND CO.							
Akan	67	.....	114	33	214	.....	47
Bloom	53	34	131	34	252	.....	73
Buena Vista	84	12	118	27	241	.....	34
Cazenovia	45	.....	45	.....	90	.....	.....
Dayton	76	7	127	33	243	.....	51
Eagle	82	3	85	26	196	.....	3
Forest	38	7	101	19	165	.....	63
Henrietta	71	30	93	40	234	.....	22
Ithaca	102	4	76	20	202	26	.....
Lone Rock	36	5	75	1	117	.....	39
Marshall	31	9	98	57	193	.....	39
Orion	67	3	113	31	214	.....	46
Richland	47	5	65	72	139	*7	.....
Richland Center	162	16	295	193	636	.....	102
ward 1	45	10	80	75	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	74	4	110	68	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	43	2	105	55	.....	.....	.....
Richwood	109	5	147	33	294	.....	38
Rockbridge	57	10	82	58	207	.....	24
Sylvan	55	23	75	53	211	.....	20
Viola	23	.....	73	9	110	.....	45
Westford	97	.....	58	6	159	41	.....
Willow	34	16	124	36	210	.....	83
Total	1,341	194	2,091	781	4,407	67	750
Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67
Independent plurality	7
Net Republican plurality.	750

* Independent.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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ROCK COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Austin Fessen- den, Dem.	Lawrence Whittet, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ROCK CO.—					
Center	44	151	195	.....	107
Edgerton, city	220	331	551	.....	111
Evansville, city	93	387	481	.....	294
Fulton	95	169	264	.....	71
Janesville	53	95	143	.....	42
Lima	50	127	177	.....	77
Magnolia	66	108	174	.....	42
Milton	116	237	353	.....	121
Milton, village	38	141	179	.....	103
Orfordville, village	21	99	120	.....	78
Porter	105	138	243	.....	33
Rock	95	97	192	.....	2
Spring Valley	35	163	198	.....	128
Union	49	151	200	.....	102
Total	1,080	2,394	3,475	.....	1,314
Net Republican plurality.....					1,314

Scattering: Evansville city, 1.

ROCK COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	James F. Hutchin- son, Dem.	Grant Fisher, Rep.	J. R. Horn, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
ROCK CO.—						
Bradford	45	113	5	163	.....	68
Harmony	82	121	1	204	.....	39
Janesville, city	955	1,403	82	2,470	.....	418
ward 1	154	331	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	178	217	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	178	455	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	311	244	21	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	164	126	17	.....	.....	.....
Johnstown	49	106	.....	155	.....	57
La Prairie	50	109	3	162	.....	59
Total	1,211	1,852	91	3,151	.....	611
Net Republican plurality.....						611

ROCK COUNTY, THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Matt. F. Lathers, Dem.	Simon Smith, Rep.	F. G. Henecke, Sec. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
ROCK CO.—						
Avon	29	118		147	.....	87
Beloit	26	113	6	145	.....	87
Beloit, city	530	2,319	108	2,957	.....	1,780
ward 1	10	294			.....
ward 2, prect. 1.....	124	318	16		.....
ward 2, prect. 2.....	81	214	17		.....
ward 3	39	304	27		.....
ward 4	111	462	23		.....
ward 5	115	557	25		.....
Clinton	58	145		203	.....	87
Clinton, village	79	148	2	229	.....	60
Newark	20	172	1	193	.....	172
Plymouth	75	213		288	.....	138
Turtle	87	134	1	222	.....	47
Total	908	3,362	118	4,384	.....	2,458
Republican plurality .....					.....	2,458

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Andrew J. Walker, Dem.	John A. Chinnock, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
ST. CROIX CO.—					
Baldwin	52	221	273	.....	139
Baldwin, village	49	91	140	.....	42
City	28	189	187	.....	111
Cylon	74	116	190	.....	42
Eau Galle	42	177	219	.....	135
Emerald	99	85	185	13	.....
Erin Prairie	131	29	160	102	.....
Forest	51	32	83	10	.....
Glenwood	74	91	165		17
Glenwood, city	31	114	145		83
ward 1	8	34			
ward 2	8	25			
ward 3	15	55			
Hammond	113	65	178	48	.....
Hammond, village	47	46	93	1	.....
Hudson	78	90	168		12
Hudson, city	247	399	646		152
ward 1	41	60			
ward 2	93	175			
ward 3	110	155			
Kinnickinnic	68	67	135	1	.....
New Richmond, city	143	266	409		123
ward 1	54	66			
ward 2	74	93			
ward 3	15	107			
Pleasant Valley	45	49	94		4
Richmond	50	30	120	51	.....
River Falls, city	7	26	33		19
ward 1	7	26			
Rush River	33	83	116		50
Somerset	90	125	215		35
Springfield	71	150	221		79
Stanton	97	50	147	47	.....
Star Prairie	37	115	152		78
Star Prairie, village	14	37	51		23
St. Joseph	81	75	159	9	.....
Troy	59	89	147		29
Warren	151	67	208	94	.....
Total	2,105	2,923	5,028	385	1,203
Democratic plurality					385
Net Republican majority					818

SAUK COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Virgil H. Cady, Dem.	Wilbur Cahoon, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
SAUK CO.—					
Ableman, village	60	43	103	17	.....
Baraboo	106	181	288	.....	75
Baraboo, city	607	532	1,199	135	.....
ward 1	199	219	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	265	216	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	203	97	.....	.....	.....
Dellona	84	47	131	37	.....
Delton	80	98	173	.....	13
Excelsior	113	66	179	47	.....
Fairfield	87	57	144	30	.....
Freedom	96	76	172	20	.....
Greenfield	67	64	131	3	.....
Merrimack	83	24	107	59	.....
Merrimack, village	51	23	74	28	.....
North Freedom, village.....	51	82	133	.....	21
Prairie du Sac.....	68	14	82	54	.....
Prairie du Sac, village.....	104	74	178	30	.....
Sauk City, village.....	140	54	194	86	.....
Sumpter	103	44	147	59	.....
Total	1,960	1,474	3,435	605	119
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	119	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	486	.....

Scattering: Baraboo, 1.

SAUK COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Silas A. Towne, Dem.	Frank J. Mueller, Rep.	Patrick Daly, Ind.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
SAUK CO.—						
Bear Creek	104	66	.....	170	38	.....
Franklin	143	59	1	203	84	.....
Honey Creek	44	102	.....	146	.....	58
Ironton	90	137	1	228	.....	47
La Valle	132	77	1	210	55	.....
La Valle, village	58	35	.....	93	23	.....
Reedsburg	96	78	5	179	18	.....
Reedsburg, city	260	280	25	535	.....	20
ward 1	123	140	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	137	140	12	.....	.....	.....
Spring Green	58	57	.....	115	1	.....
Spring Green, village	80	94	.....	174	.....	14
Troy	95	160	.....	195	.....	125
Washington	99	105	5	209	.....	6
Westfield	133	77	.....	210	56	.....
Winfield	104	61	8	174	43	.....
Woodland	75	73	.....	148	2	.....
Total	1,511	1,461	46	3,019	320	270
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	.....

Scattering: Winfield, 1.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Chas. A. Raisler, Dem.	Benj. Cady, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
SEAWANO CO.—					
Almon	29	118	147		89
Angelica	92	118	210		23
Aniwa	42	44	86		2
Aniwa, village	25	43	68		18
Belle Plaine	115	97	212	18	
Birnamwood	28	71	99		43
Birnamwood, village	44	92	133		48
Cecil, village	34	31	65	3	
Eland, village	40	53	93		13
Fairbanks	40	94	134		54
Germania	8	48	56		40
Grant	62	141	203		79
Green Valley	31	201	232		170
Hartland	97	142	239		45
Herman	76	169	245		93
Hutchins	27	109	133		82
Lessor	30	135	174		96
Maple Grove	134	83	297	41	
Mattoon, village	26	146	172		120
Morris	18	133	151		115
Navarino	15	64	79		49
Pella	89	63	152	23	
Richmond	58	97	155		39
Seneca	32	69	101		37
Shawano, city	275	263	538	12	
ward 1	125	99			
ward 2	63	77			
ward 3	86	87			
Tigerton	44	70	114		26
Washington	94	102	193		8
Waukechon	78	92	170		14
Wescott	49	31	80	18	
Wittenberg	39	132	171		93
Wittenberg, village	50	119	139		99
Total	1,830	3,200	5,030	118	1,498
Democratic plurality					118
Net Republican majority					1,380

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Dotling, Dem.	Edgar J. Kempf, Rep.	Fred. Kneever. Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN CO.—						
Sheboygan	202	173	23	398	29	
Sheboygan, city	2,035	2,203	543	4,831		18
ward 1	323	338	60			
ward 2	213	228	17			
ward 3	101	196	26			
ward 4	259	400	65			
ward 5	235	269	95			
ward 6	141	187	61			
ward 7	279	212	37			
ward 8, precinct 1	219	199	37			
ward 8, precinct 2	342	184	85			
Total	2,237	2,376	533	5,220	29	118
Democratic plurality						29
Net Republican plurality						89

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SHEBOYGAN COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	John Dassow, Dem.	E. J. Keyes, Rep.	R. P. Dassow, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN CO.—						
Cedar Grove, village	20	97	5	122		77
Elkhart Lake, village	79	39	1	119	40	
Greenbush	96	215	2	313		119
Herman	216	202	2	420	14	
Holland	92	493	3	581		404
precinct 1	79	305	1			
precinct 2	13	191	2			
Lima	98	306	2	406		208
Lyndon	86	397	2	395		221
Mitchell	83	169	1	252		87
Mosel	62	95	3	160		83
Plymouth	110	185		295		75
Plymouth, city	303	353	38	700		50
ward 1	189	217	23			
ward 2	117	139	15			
Random Lake, village	63	32		98	34	
Rhine	104	119	1	224		15
Russell	28	37	3	68		9
Scott	71	207	7	285		136
Sheboygan Falls	171	142	37	350	29	
Sheboygan Falls, village	252	119	59	430	133	
Sherman	141	178		317		37
Wilson	87	132	1	220		45
Total	2,187	3,433	167	5,787	250	1,516
Democratic plurality						250
Net Republican plurality						1,266

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. S. Dewey, Dem.	A. T. Twesme, Rep.	H. L. Ekern, Ind.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
TREMPEALEAU CO.—						
Albion	9	129	62	200		67
Arcadia	182	90	148	420	34	
Arcadia, village	131	58	42	231	73	
Blair, village	3	67	60	130		7
Burnside	62	13	35	110	27	
Caledonia	8	43	20	71		23
Chimney Rock	14	66	97	177	*31	
Dodge	63	29		92	34	
Elera, village		51	40	91		11
Etrick	16	203	160	483		146
Gale	41	202	71	314		131
Gatesville, village	16	154	63	233		91
Hale	43	129	184	356	*55	
Independence, village	58	46	33	137	12	
Lincoln	17	8	121	146	*104	
Osseo, village	7	88	45	140		43
Pigeon	3	67	203	273	*136	
Preston	5	201	225	431	*24	
Sumner	7	100	59	166		41
Trempealeau	49	95	63	207		32
Trempealeau, village	24	75	31	130		44
Unity	18	105	105	228		
Whitehall, village	3	40	143	186	*103	
Total	779	2,132	2,010	4,951	180	633
Democratic plurality						180
*Independent plurality						453
Net Republican plurality						153

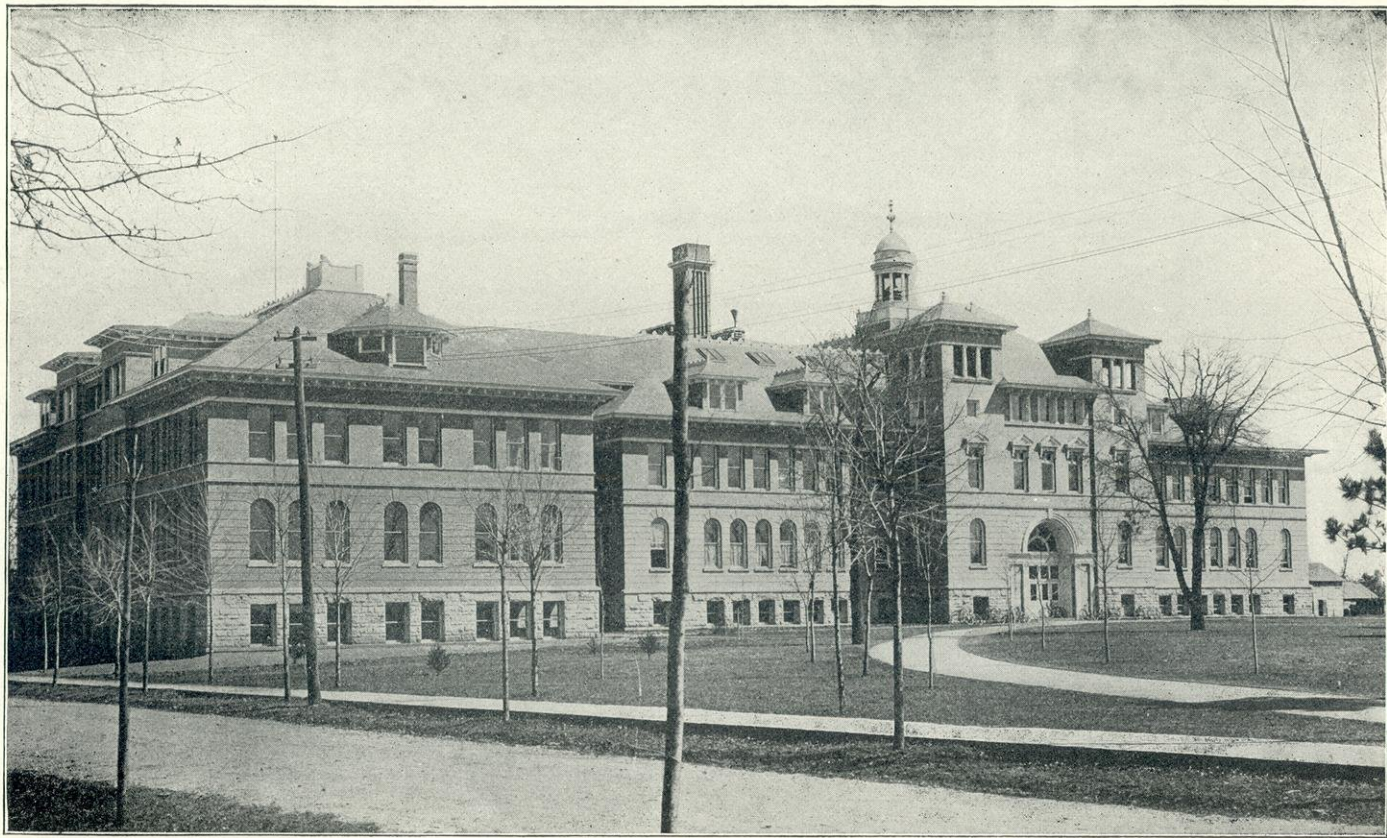
VERNON COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	W. E. Butt, Dem.	D. F. Mains, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
VERNON CO.—					
Bergen	34	95	130	.....	61
Christiana	42	228	270	.....	123
Clinton	31	161	192	.....	130
Coon	18	237	255	.....	219
Coon Valley, village	5	60	65	.....	55
De Soto, village	8	52	60	.....	44
Forest	52	168	220	.....	118
Franklin	126	147	273	.....	21
Genoa	63	83	151	.....	13
Greenwood	63	83	151	.....	25
Hamburg	44	173	217	.....	129
Harmony	34	137	171	.....	103
Hillsboro	69	127	196	.....	58
Hillsboro, village	73	93	169	.....	23
Jefferson	65	228	293	.....	163
Kickapoo	42	117	159	.....	75
La Farge, village	76	94	172	.....	18
Liberty	33	67	100	.....	34
Ontario, village	22	39	61	.....	17
Readstown, village	24	67	91	.....	43
Stark	66	109	175	.....	43
Sterling	46	183	229	.....	137
Stoddard, village	23	33	53	.....	10
Union	59	69	128	.....	10
Viola	10	43	53	.....	33
Viroqua	103	241	349	.....	132
Viroqua, city	207	335	512	.....	123
ward 1	74	114	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	52	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	81	114	.....	.....	.....
Webster	65	178	243	.....	113
Westby	33	148	183	.....	10
Wheatland	15	103	118	.....	83
Whitestown	49	100	149	.....	51
Total	1,615	4,000	5,627	.....	2,374
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,394

Scattering, 3; Bergen, 1; La Farge, 2.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Jay W. Page, Dem.	James Hague, Pro.	Edwin O. Kull, Rep.	F. W. Weaver, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
						Dem.	Rep.
WALWORTH CO.—							
Bloomfield	55	4	98	.....	157	.....	43
Darien	137	9	174	.....	320	.....	37
Delavan	75	2	117	.....	194	.....	42
Delavan, city	195	24	289	.....	510	.....	94
ward 1	51	7	76	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	75	7	107	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	69	10	106	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Troy	79	11	102	.....	192	.....	23
East Troy, vil.	94	2	55	.....	151	.....	32
Elkhorn	273	26	151	.....	456	.....	125
ward 1	99	13	48
ward 2	39	4	58
ward 3	37	2	47



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, STEVENS POINT.

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WALWORTH COUNTY—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Jay W. Page, Dem.	James Hague, Pro.	Edwin O. Kull, Rep.	F. W. Weaver, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
WALWORTH CO.—							
Geneva	89	28	91		208		2
Genoa Jct., vil... ..	33	8	130		176		92
La Fayette	85	14	101	1	201		13
La Grange	67	12	105	2	183		33
Lake Geneva	234	73	304	9	620		70
ward 1	86	40	91	6			
ward 2	60	15	80				
ward 3	83	13	133	3			
Linn	84	9	147	2	242		63
Lyons	131	20	118	1	278	21	
Richmond	69	6	83		153		14
Sharon	44	10	133	1	194		95
Sharon, village... ..	60	25	148	1	234		83
Spring Prairie	141	5	92	1	239	49	
Sugar Creek	69	23	107	3	205		38
Troy	102	18	79	4	203	23	
Walworth	73	43	219	2	370		173
Walworth, village ..	30	20	107	1	158		77
Whitewater	82	5	89		167	2	
Whitewater, city. .	311	31	414	32	788		103
ward 1	87	4	96	16			
ward 2	121	19	134	9			
ward 3	103	17	124	7			
Total	2,631	437	3,480	66	6,434	259	1,108
Dem. plurality							239
Net Rep. plurality ..							819

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Henry V. Schwalbach, Dem.	Jos. F. Huber, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities	
				Dem.	Rep.
WASHINGTON CO.—					
Addison		252	100	352	152
Barton		154	95	256	52
Erin		179	102	274	84
Farmington		152	153	308	
Germanston		226	202	428	24
Hartford		159	148	307	11
Hartford, city		221	323	544	
ward 1	121				
ward 2	100	184	139		
Jackson		105	239	344	134
Kewaskum		72	119	191	47
Kewaskum, village ..		73	84	157	11
Polk		127	179	303	52
Richfield		200	128	328	72
Schleisingerville, village ..		54	50	104	4
Trenton		192	107	299	85
Wayne		103	168	274	62
West Bend		101	83	184	18
West Bend, city		270	231	531	9
ward 1	91		96		
ward 2	98		94		
ward 3	83		71		
Total		2,643	2,544	5,187	511
Republican plurality ..					412
Net Democratic majority ..					99

WAUKESHA COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. M. McGovern Dem.	J. E. Thomas, Rep.	G. O. Duncan, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
					Dem.	Rep.
WAUKESHA CO.—						
Eagle	78	98	5	181	.....	20
Eagle, village	49	41	1	91	.....	.....
Genesee	119	212	8	339	.....	93
Mukwonago	52	102	6	160	.....	50
Mukwonago, village	52	94	1	147	.....	42
Muskego	95	166	8	269	.....	71
New Berlin	182	141	4	327	.....	.....
Ottawa	93	145	.....	238	.....	62
Vernon	87	223	2	292	.....	153
Waukesha	103	119	.....	222	.....	16
Waukesha, city	821	946	63	1,830	.....	127
ward 1	129	120	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	203	164	27	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	119	122	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	152	195	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	76	145	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	137	200	4	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,711	2,287	98	4,096	49	625
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	576

WAUKESHA COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	G. E. Hoyt, Rep.	Louis Stoffel, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Rep.	Dem.
WAUKESHA CO.—					
Brookfield	181	24	205	157
Delafield	230	10	270	250
Hartland, village	112	6	118	103
Lisbon	201	14	215	187
Menomonee	214	23	237	191
Menomonee Falls, village	181	7	191	177
Merton	236	7	243	229
Oconomowoc	175	11	183	164
Oconomowoc, city	434	23	457	411
precinct 1	211	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	223	17	6	.....	.....
Pewaukee	210	4	214	203
Pewaukee, village	104	3	107	101
Summit	192	5	197	187
Total	2,503	137	2,640	2,366
Net Republican majority	2,366

WAUPACA COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	H. W. Glocke, Dem.	Wesley Irvine, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WAUPACA CO.—					
Caledonia	45	98	143	.....	53
Dayton	21	125	146	.....	104
Farmington	58	421	479	.....	333
precinct 1	19	172	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	39	249	.....	.....	.....
Fremont	17	57	74	.....	40
Fremont, village	24	46	70	.....	23
Lind	31	127	158	.....	96
Little Wolf	53	123	184	.....	72
Manawa, village	36	132	168	.....	96
Royalton	52	114	166	.....	62
Scandinavia	2	223	225	.....	221
Scandinavia, village	9	89	98	.....	80
St. Lawrence	22	237	259	.....	215
Waupaca	29	149	178	.....	120
Waupaca, city	99	438	537	.....	339
ward 1	34	122	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	20	103	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	16	121	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	29	92	.....	.....	.....
Weyauwega	32	61	93	.....	29
Weyauwega, village	95	87	182	8	.....
Total	628	2,532	3,160	8	1,912
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,904

WAUPACA COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	J. F. Meisner, Dem.	O. A. Buslett, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WAUPACA CO.—					
Bear Creek	69	90	159	.....	21
Clintonville	198	153	351	45	.....
ward 1	42	27	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	45	21	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	46	41	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	65	64	.....	.....	.....
Dupont	39	126	165	.....	87
Embarrass, village	23	54	77	.....	31
Harrison	3	137	140	.....	134
Helvetia	13	121	134	.....	108
Iola	5	180	185	.....	175
Iola, village	15	199	214	.....	181
La-rabee	63	139	202	.....	76
Lebanon	53	67	150	16	.....
Marion, village	51	89	140	.....	33
Matteson	24	131	155	.....	107
Mukwa	59	104	163	.....	45
New London	176	318	494	.....	142
ward 1	70	78	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	43	67	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	45	102	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	17	71	.....	.....	.....
Union	17	146	163	.....	129
Wyoming	37	80	117	.....	43
Total	875	2,134	3,009	61	1,320
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61
Net Republican majority .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,239

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Geo. B. Fox, Dem.	E. G. Kemp, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WAUSHARA CO.—					
Aurora	31	128	159		97
Berlin, city		3	3		3
ward 2, precinct 2	3				
Bloomfield	24	133	157		109
Coloma	35	139	174		194
Dakota	4	88	92		84
Dearfield	4	97	101		93
Hancock	15	111	123		96
Hancock, village	14	101	115		87
Leon	15	142	157		127
Marion	36	138	174		102
Mt. Morris	18	137	155		119
Oasis	24	87	111		63
Plainfield	8	129	137		121
Plainfield, village	26	111	137		85
Poysippi	23	167	190		114
Red Granite, village	43	145	188		102
Richford	29	77	106		48
Rose	17	126	143		109
Saxeville	19	98	117		79
Springwater	10	116	126		106
Warren	20	105	125		85
Wautoma	9	138	147		129
Wautoma, village	32	179	211		147
Wild Rose, village	16	101	117		85
Total	472	2,796	3,268		2,324
Net Republican majority					2,324

WINNEBAGO COUNTY, FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Herbert Jensen, Dem.	Benj. F. Bald- win, Pro.	Wm. M. Bray, Rep.	Gerrit T. Thorn. So. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities.	
						Dem.	Rep.
WINNEBAGO CO.—							
Oshkosh	57	4	173	10	244		116
Oshkosh, city	1,810	144	2,417	111	4,512		577
ward 1	155	4	201	5			
ward 2	254	4	260	11			
ward 4	251	10	233	9			
ward 5	160	51	371	16			
ward 7	93	10	263	1			
ward 8	218	4	193	25			
ward 10	213	33	383	18			
ward 11	233	5	189	16			
ward 12	208	18	318	10			
Total	1,897	148	2,590	121	4,756		693
Net Republican plurality							693

WINNEBAGO COUNTY, SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Maxi- milian M. Schuetz, Dem.	James R. Barnett, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WINNEBAGO CO.—					
Clayton	96	138	234	.....	42
Menasha	57	70	132	.....	11
Menasha, city	808	342	1,150	466	.....
ward 1	229	106	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	222	70	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	85	105	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	272	61	.....	.....	.....
Neenah	42	76	118	.....	34
Neenah, city	492	693	1,185	.....	201
ward 1	112	218	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	130	160	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	169	253	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	51	62	.....	.....	.....
Vinland	49	137	186	.....	83
Winchester	43	168	214	.....	125
Winneconne	39	96	135	.....	57
Winneconne, village	58	153	211	.....	95
Wolf River	49	104	153	.....	55
Total	1,735	1,977	3,718	466	708
Democratic plurality					466
Net Republican majority					242

Scattering: Menasha, 3; Winchester, 3.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY, THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Henry W. Kuntzen- dorf, Dem.	Chas. Neitzel, Rep.	Total.	Pluralities.	
				Dem.	Rep.
WINNEBAGO CO.—					
Algoma	37	141	178	.....	104
Black Wolf	56	93	149	.....	37
Nekimi	29	158	187	.....	103
Nepeskung	39	149	188	.....	0
Omro	38	170	208	.....	12
Omro, village	53	214	273	.....	156
Oshkosh, city	1,182	911	2,093	271	.....
ward 3	157	188	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	412	151	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	191	255	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	422	317	.....	.....	.....
Poygan	74	88	162	.....	14
Rusaford	76	220	296	.....	144
Utica	23	183	203	.....	160
Total	1,612	2,327	3,940	.....	986
Democratic plurality					271
Net Republican majority					715

Scattering: Omro village, 1.

WOOD COUNTY.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Wm. E. Wheelan, Dem.	Geo. P. Ham- brecht, Rep.	Louis Wolleson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	Pluralities	
					Dem.	Rep.
WOOD CO.—						
Arpin	56	83	8	147		27
Auburndale	82	90		172		8
Auburndale, village	24	36	3	63		12
Cary	4	28		32		24
Cameron	24	19	1	44	5	
Cranmoor	19	18	1	38	1	
Dexter	23	26	1	50	3	
Grand Rapids	97	99	8	204		2
Grand Rapids, city	529	650	95	1,274		121
ward 1	63	59	5			
ward 2	76	110	9			
ward 3	51	103	3			
ward 4	83	98	13			
ward 5	69	79	22			
ward 6	73	75	22			
ward 7	69	69	14			
ward 8	45	57	7			
Hansen	57	74	10	141		17
Hiles	8	12	3	23		4
Lincoln	115	96		211	19	
Marshfield	93	45		138	48	
Marshfield, city	659	405	31	1,095	274	
ward 1	157	30	6			
ward 2	91	36				
ward 3	104	99	8			
ward 4	131	114	6			
ward 5	103	95	5			
ward 6	73	31	6			
Milladore	111	66	1	178	45	
Nekoosa	185	119	16	320	66	
Port Edwards	52	44		96	8	
Port Edwards, village	41	84		125		43
Pittsville, city	30	69	4	103		39
ward 1	13	42	2			
ward 2	7	11	2			
ward 3	10	16				
Remington	51	54	1	106		3
Richfield	39	81	1	121		50
Rudolph	93	119	5	203		17
Rock	31	110		141		79
Saratoga	37	67	12	116		30
Seneca	34	30	2	66	4	
Sherry	42	78		120		36
Sigel	138	139	9	286		1
Wood	40	83	5	128		40
Total	2,720	2,820	217	5,757	453	553
Democratic plurality						453
Net Republican plurality						100

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1908.

District num-ber.	Popula-tion.	Counties or parts thereof consti-tuting the several assembly dis-tricts (Apportionment of 1901.)	Elected Nov. 3, 1908, to two years' membership in the assembly.	Votes received.	Plural-ity.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes received.
60	19,650	Adams and Marquette Cos.....	F. J. Kimball, Rep.....	2,682	1,416	Hugh Hamilton, Dem.....	1,266
58	20,176	Ashland Co.....	John C. Chapple, Rep.....	2,118	422	F. J. Colignon, Dem.....	1,696
19	23,677	Barron Co.....	Geo. E. Scott, Rep.....	3,115	2,024	S. W. Sparlin, Dem.....	1,091
23	23,580	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn Cos.....	Frank Hammill, Rep.....	4,033	3,006	Alfred Warden, Dem.....	1,024
25	23,372	Brown Co. 1st dist.....	Ferdinand Wittig, Rep.....	2,737	954	James Kenney, Soc. Dem.....	211
33	22,987	Brown Co. 2d dist.....	Lewis W. Peterson, Rep.....	2,008	329	John Shepeek, Dem.....	1,783
14	24,670	Buffalo and Pepin Cos.....	C. A. Ingram, Rep.....	2,942	1,540	Joseph Prevot, Soc. Dem.....	372
9	25,379	Burnett and Polk Cos.....	Axel Johnson, Rep.....	4,155	3,231	John Van der Linden, Dem.....	1,679
81	17,078	Calumet Co.....	Henry Rollman, Dem.....	1,697	120	Henry Gerke, Soc. Dem.....	58
97	15,676	Chippewa Co. 1st dist.....	C. B. Culbertson, Rep.....	2,100	880	Charles Bauer, Dem.....	1,402
75	17,361	*Chippewa Co. 2d. dist.....	Arnt Erickson, Rep.....	2,887	1,557	F. A. Partlow, Dem.....	924
8	25,848	Clark Co.....	C. M. Bradford, Rep.....	2,804	1,329	J. W. Baldock, Rep.....	1,577
99	15,117	Columbia Co. 1st. dist.....	J. S. Towers, Rep.....	1,849	532	Geo. Peterson, Dem.....	1,220
92	16,004	Columbia Co. 2d. dist.....	E. E. Haight, Rep.....	2,046	915	G. W. Heaverin, Dem.....	1,339
76	17,286	Crawford Co.....	George Atwood, Rep.....	1,909	203	R. B. Salter, Dem.....	1,565
15	24,458	Dane Co. 1st. dist.....	Frank Smith, Rep.....	3,217	294	Fred Sears, Ind.....	642
35	22,510	Dane Co. 2d. dist.....	Otto Onstad, Rep.....	3,276	1,654	Wm. Morrissey, Dem.....	1,317
36	22,467	Dane Co. 3d. dist.....	Thomas Stewart, Dem.....	2,532	297	Fred J. Coopman, Soc. Dem.....	69
20	23,636	Dodge Co. 1st. dist.....	Charles Lentz, Dem.....	3,177	1,391	Eugene Brassand, Dem.....	1,131
31	23,102	Dodge Co. 2d. dist.....	J. H. Hughes, Dem.....	2,792	878	J. C. Cuff, Soc. Dem.....	65
70	17,583	Door Co.....	Thos. Reynolds, Rep.....	2,232	1,655	Jeremiah O'Neil, Dem.....	1,706
67	18,040	Douglas Co. 1st. dist.....	J. Stack, Rep.....	1,581	852	D. Dobson, Pro.....	73
						E. T. Elver, Dem.....	2,923
						W. J. McKay, Ind.....	1,307
						W. Boorman, Soc. Dem.....	35
						A. E. Sanders, Dem.....	1,632
						C. S. Thompson, Pro.....	168
						C. O. Ruste, Rep.....	2,235
						T. E. Melsner, Rep.....	1,786
						J. E. Tarrant, Rep.....	1,914
						E. S. Millard, Pro.....	123
						C. L. Fellows, Ind.....	577
						G. W. Allen, Soc. Dem.....	46
						Carl Hauton, Dem.....	729
						O. W. Wilcox, Soc. Dem.....	331
						C. H. Shong, Pro.....	129

*Including Rusk Co.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1908—Continued.

District No.	Population.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1901.)	Elected Nov. 3, 1908, to two years' membership in the assembly	Votes received.	Plurality.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes received.
66	18,295	Douglas Co., 2d dist.....	W. D. Egan, Rep.....	2,045	1,648	H. W. Jackson, Soc. Dem..... C. A. Perkins, Pro.....	268 197
12	25,013	Dunn Co.....	D. C. Coolidge, Rep.....	3,444	3,435		
96	15,790	Fau Claire Co., 1st dist.....	Henry Laycock, Rep.....	1,784	489	J. M. Charles, Dem.....	1,295
94	15,904	Eau Claire, 2d dist.....	Chas H. Daub, Rep.....	1,685	630	Elmer E. Tobey, Dem.....	1,055
79	17,146	Florence, Forest and Langlade Cos.....	William Reader, Rep.....	3,396	1,608	Edward Nordman, Dem.....	1,788
16	24,041	Fond du Lac Co., 1st dist.....	Christian Pickart, Dem.....	3,173	378	Henry M. Fellenz, Rep..... John B. Fellerath, Soc. Dem.....	2,795 104
18	23,848	Fond du Lac Co., 2d dist.....	James Fenelon, Rep.....	3,127	1,420	John L. Gudex, Dem.....	1,707
59	19,692	Grant Co., 1st dist.....	A. V. Wells, Rep.....	2,607	746	Frank H. Grimm, Dem..... John McLeod, Pro.....	1,861 102
64	19,189	Grant Co., 2d dist.....	H. E. Roethe, Rep.....	2,330	627	J. S. Wright, Dem..... A. R. Manley, Soc. Dem.....	1,703 47
34	22,791	Green Co.....	A. B. Comstock, Rep.....	2,410	640	J. Theiler, Dem..... Samuel Iseby, Pro.....	1,770 405
95	15,797	Green Lake Co.....	C. C. Wellensgard, Rep.....	1,944	197	W. H. Prick, Soc. Dem..... A. O. Ellison, Dem.....	1,117 1,747
29	23,114	Iowa Co.....	Platt Whitman, Rep.....	3,027	1,073	J. B. Egan, Dem..... Chas. Berryman, Pro.....	1,954 235
53	20,420	Iron, Oneida and Vilas Cos.....	D. B. Stevens, Rep.....	3,468	3,468		
71	17,466	Jackson Co.....	M. Hull, Rep.....	2,828	2,828		
73	17,377	Jefferson Co., 1st dist.....	C. F. Viebahn, Dem.....	2,071	543	E. F. Nieman, Rep..... Theo. Zisk, Soc. Dem.....	1,528 32
72	17,412	Jefferson Co., 2d dist.....	G. W. Kindlin, Dem.....	2,331	672	John W. Porter, Rep.....	1,659
51	20,629	Juneau Co.....	H. J. Mortensen, Rep.....	2,211	300	Willard Temple, Dem.....	1,911
42	21,707	Kenosha Co.....	W. M. Curtiss.....	3,269	1,112	M. Greenwald, Dem..... Wm. Kaufman, Soc. Dem.....	2,157 587
77	17,212	Kewaunee Co.....	Moses Shaw, Rep.....	1,717	98	J. M. Borgman, Dem..... Max. Seidl, Soc. Dem.....	1,619 46
41	21,840	La Crosse Co., 1st dist.....	John E. McConnell, Rep.....	2,317	450	James T. Day, Dem..... Earl G. Staats, Pro.....	1,867 76
45	21,157	La Crosse Co., 2d dist.....	E. J. Kneen, Dem.....	2,232	280	Valentine S. Keppell, Rep..... Martin C. Ashberg, Pro.....	1,952 115
46	20,959	La Fayette Co.....	M. J. Cleary, Rep.....	2,936	936	James H. King, Dem.....	2,000
89	16,269	Lincoln Co.....	F. W. Kubasta, Rep.....	2,266	400	Robert C. Thielman, Dem..... Eugene A. Biglow, Soc. Dem.....	1,866 56

55	20,343	Manitowoc Co., 1st dist.....	Simon F. Wehrwein, Rep.....	2,689	404	John Hardow, Dem.....	1,685
59	21,918	Manitowoc Co., 2d dist.....	Lawrence Ledvina, Rep.....	2,183	1,611	Henry Bruins, Soc. Dem.....	501
44	21,559	Marathon Co., 1st dist.....	Nicholas Schmidt, Dem.....	2,490	420	Joseph Konop, Dem.....	572
43	21,697	Marathon Co., 2d dist.....	August Marquardt, Rep.....	2,763	226	A. E. Beebee, Rep.....	2,070
50	16,195	Marinette Co., 1st dist.....	Edward W. LeRoy, Rep.....	1,312	688	A. J. Blowman, Dem.....	2,537
100	14,627	Marinette Co., 2d dist.....	P. M. Nelson, Rep.....	1,987	1,331	J. C. Chiber, Soc. Dem.....	178
24	23,396	Milwaukee Co., 1st dist.....	John T. Farrell, Dem.....	2,438	186	Joseph Maurer, Dem.....	590
22	23,506	Milwaukee Co., 2d dist.....	Otto A. Harrass, Rep.....	1,708	118	Otto Nelson, Pro.....	624
38	22,236	Milwaukee Co., 3d dist.....	William Disch, Rep.....	2,188	361	Frank E. Christ, Dem.....	656
37	22,346	Milwaukee Co., 4th dist.....	Carl H. Dorner, Rep.....	2,953	720	Charles Hamilton, Rep.....	2,252
27	23,247	Milwaukee Co., 5th dist.....	Michael Kalaher, Dem.....	1,671	315	Richard Schmidt, Soc. Dem.....	582
26	23,270	Milwaukee Co., 6th dist.....	Thomas F. Ramsey, Dem.....	2,352	582	Eugene P. Stuegel, Dem.....	1,590
50	20,646	Milwaukee Co., 7th dist.....	George G. Brew, Rep.....	3,023	1,570	Thomas Feeley, Soc. Dem.....	1,120
62	19,332	Milwaukee Co., 8th dist.....	Fred R. Zimmerman.....	1,703	6	Luke Scanlon, Dem.....	1,827
69	17,653	Milwaukee Co., 9th dist.....	Edmund J. Berner, Soc. Dem.....	1,236	341	Albert Netman, Soc. Dem.....	1,465
83	17,024	Milwaukee Co., 10th dist.....	Herman E. Georgi, Rep.....	1,219	9	B. F. Steinel, Dem.....	2,333
40	21,903	Milwaukee Co., 11th dist.....	Fred Brockhausen, Soc. Dem.....	1,575	287	Thomas Gaynor, Soc. Dem.....	934
57	20,231	Milwaukee Co., 12th dist.....	Carl F. Busacker, Rep.....	2,047	91	John E. Clayton, Pro.....	111
82	17,026	Milwaukee Co., 13th dist.....	Chas. E. Estabrook.....	1,280	27	Geo. A. Knapp, Soc. Dem.....	1,353
49	20,651	Milwaukee Co., 14th dist.....	J. A. Domachowski, Dem.....	2,001	1,149	Frank A. Ammon, Rep.....	1,148
52	20,643	Milwaukee Co., 15th dist.....	Peter F. Leuch, Rep.....	1,772	104	Chauncey Yockey, Rep.....	1,770
86	16,863	Milwaukee Co., 16th dist.....	Frank J. Weber, Soc. Dem.....	1,799	419	Edward Campbell, Soc. Dem.....	579
4	28,103	Monroe Co.....	John R. Jones, Rep.....	3,336	1,291	S. S. Leonard Dem.....	1,453
47	20,874	Oconto Co.....	John Grosse, Rep.....	2,998	1,455	John P. Mueller, Soc. Dem.....	728
32	22,995	Outagamie Co., 1st dist.....	Clinton B. Ballard, Rep.....	2,687	504	Harry R. McLogan, Dem.....	1,697
28	23,145	Outagamie Co., 2d dist.....	Peter Phillips, Sr., Rep.....	2,265	40	Gilbert H. Poor, Soc. Dem.....	1,159
						Michael Hauser, Dem.....	944
						Charles Lehman, Rep.....	895
						Wm. Coleman, Soc. Dem.....	1,210
						Wm. A. Aschman, Dem.....	896
						Charles Miksch, Dem.....	1,288
						Carl D. Thompson, Soc. Dem.....	1,956
						George Schaefer, Rep.....	1,839
						Benj. C. Hughes, Pro.....	100
						Chas. F. Wall, Dem.....	1,253
						Chas. O. Vogel, Soc. Dem.....	1,029
						Martin Gorrucki, Soc. Dem.....	852
						Stanislaus Molozewski, Rep.....	736
						Victor L. Berger, Soc. Dem.....	1,668
						Gerhard Aussen, Dem.....	1,206
						Louis Goulke, Rep.....	1,380
						Cas. Newser, Dem.....	824
						John Cremer, Dem.....	2,045
						A. W. Brey, Soc. Dem.....	89
						Matthew Finnegan, Dem.....	1,543
						Carl Ludwig, Dem.....	2,183
						M. G. Smith, Soc. Dem.....	94
						Henry Knapstein, Dem.....	2,225

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1908—Continued.

Dis- trict No.	Popula- tion.	Counties or parts thereof consti- tuting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1901.)	Elected Nov. 3, 1908, to two years' membership in the assembly.	Votes received.	Plural- ity.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes received.
87	16,363	Ozaukee Co.....	Wm. J. Bichler, Dem.....	2,008	1,024	Henry Kickhaefer, Rep.....	984
17	23,943	Pierce Co.....	Wm. A. Kay, Rep.....	2,978	2,113	F. M. White, Dem.....	865
1	29,483	Portage Co.....	O. A. Crowell, Rep.....	3,180	784	Charles Brady, Dem.....	2,396
54	29,368	Price and Taylor Cos.....	Eli L. Urquhart, Rep.....	3,371	2,008	F. W. Sackett, Dem.....	1,363
13	24,807	Racine Co., 1st dist.....	Wallace Ingalls, Rep.....	2,856	869	Fred. Plinkev, Soc. Dem.....	322
48	20,837	Racine Co., 2d dist.....	John H. Kamper, Rep.....	2,240	122	N. F. Billings, Dem.....	1,987
61	19,483	Richland Co.....	Levi H. Bancroft, Rep.....	2,091	750	J. C. Peterson, Soc. Dem.....	601
85	16,902	Rock Co., 1st dist.....	Lawrence C. Whittet, Rep.....	2,394	1,314	George H. Herzog, Dem.....	2,118
80	17,091	Rock Co., 2d dist.....	Grant Fisher, Rep.....	1,852	641	Hugo Meyer, Soc. Dem.....	176
78	17,210	Rock Co., 3d dist.....	Simon Smith, Rep.....	3,362	2,458	Clement Dougherty, Dem.....	1,341
6	26,830	St. Croix Co.....	John A. Chinnoek, Rep.....	2,923	818	F. M. McHall, Ind.....	781
84	16,905	Sauk Co., 1st dist.....	Virgil H. Cady, Dem.....	1,960	486	John Maley, Pro.....	194
91	16,101	Sauk Co., 2d dist.....	Silas A. Towne, Dem.....	1,511	50	Austin Fessenden, Dem.....	1,080
5	27,475	Shawano Co.....	Benjamin A. Cady, Rep.....	3,200	1,380	James F. Hutchinson, Dem.....	1,211
11	25,143	Sheboygan Co., 1st dist.....	Edward J. Kemp, Rep.....	2,376	89	J. R. Horn, Soc. Dem.....	91
10	25,202	Sheboygan Co., 2d dist.....	E. J. Keyes, Rep.....	3,433	1,266	Matt. Lathers, Dem.....	904
30	23,114	Trempealeau Co.....	A. T. Twesme, Rep.....	2,162	152	F. J. Heneke, Soc. Dem.....	118
3	29,351	Vernon Co.....	David F. Mains, Rep.....	4,009	2,394	Andrew J. Walker, Dem.....	2,105
2	29,259	Walworth Co.....	Edwin O. Kull, Rep.....	3,480	849	Wilber Cahoon, Rep.....	1,474
24	23,589	Washington Co.....	Henry V. Schwalbach, Dem.....	2,643	99	Frank J. Mueller, Rep.....	1,461
74	17,364	Waukesha Co., 1st dist.....	James E. Thomas, Rep.....	2,287	576	Patrick Daly, Ind.....	46
68	17,865	Waukesha Co., 2d dist.....	George E. Hoyt, Rep.....	2,503	2,366	Chas. A. Raifler, Dem.....	1,820
						John Detling, Dem.....	2,287
						Fred. Kneever's, Soc. Dem.....	566
						John Dassow, Dem.....	2,167
						R. P. Dassow, Soc. Dem.....	157
						H. L. Ekern, Ind.....	2,010
						J. I. Dewey, Dem.....	779
						W. E. Bult, Dem.....	1,615
						Jay W. Page, Dem.....	2,631
						James Hague, Pro.....	437
						F. W. Weaver, Soc. Dem.....	66
						Joseph F. Huber, Rep.....	2,544
						J. M. McGovern, Dem.....	1,711
						G. O. Duncan, Soc. Dem.....	98
						Louis Stoffel, Soc. Dem.....	137

88	16,337	Waupaca Co., 1st dist.....	Wesley Irvine, Rep.....	2,532	1,904	H. W. Glocke, Dem.....	628
98	15,278	Waupaca Co., 2d dist.....	Ole A. Buslett, Rep.....	2,134	1,259	J. F. Meisner, Dem.....	875
93	15,974	Waushara Co.....	Amil G. Keup, Rep.....	2,796	2,324	Geo. B. Fox, Dem.....	472
56	20,317	Winnebago Co., 1st dist.....	William M. Bray, Rep.....	2,590	693	Herbert Jensen, Dem.....	1,897
						Benj. F. Baldwin, Pro.....	148
						Gerrit T. Thom, Soc. Dem.....	121
65	18,670	Winnebago Co., 2d. dist.....	James R. Barnett, Rep.....	1,977	242	M. M. Schoetz, Dem.....	1,735
63	19,238	Winnebago Co., 3d dist.....	Charles Neitzel, Rep.....	2,327	715	H. W. Kuntzendorff, Dem.....	1,612
7	25,865	Wood Co.....	Geo. P. Hambrecht, Rep.....	2,820	100	Wm. E. Wheelan, Dem.....	2,720
						Louis Wollason, Soc. Dem.....	217

ABSTRACT OF VOTES GIVEN FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
AT THE ELECTION HELD ON TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1903.

Counties.	John Barnes.	Robert M. Bashford.	William Ruger.	Scatter- ing.	Total.
Adams	461	389	27		877
Ashland	1,493	400	61		1,957
Barron	1,613	971	151		2,735
Bayfield	1,143	728	131		2,002
Brown	4,035	2,253	370		6,658
Buffalo	1,021	382	91		1,494
Burnett	373	733	45		1,181
Calumet	1,104	445	116		1,665
Chippewa	1,830	1,534	188		3,612
Clark	2,163	939	155		3,257
Columbia	1,464	1,098	176	1	3,339
Crawford	567	833	61	1	1,522
Dane	5,404	5,130	347	2	10,833
Dodge	5,283	1,370	176		6,829
Door	1,833	461	83		2,433
Douglas	2,888	1,527	562	1	4,978
Dunn	1,039	943	113		2,125
Eau Claire	3,219	857	197	1	4,284
Florence	485	105	8		598
Fond du Lac	4,037	2,082	300	2	6,481
Forest	513	319	41		903
Grant	2,399	2,154	298	3	4,784
Green	983	1,264	287	1	2,488
Green Lake	1,217	531	109		1,877
Iowa	1,417	1,300	131		2,848
Iron	667	112	52		831
Jackson	1,003	678	54	1	1,739
Jefferson	2,787	1,622	280	2	4,691
Juneau	1,302	1,023	93		2,421
Kenosha	953	571	83	1	1,620
Kewaunee	1,549	642	152		2,343
La Crosse	2,146	644	147		2,937
Lafayette	1,000	1,539	83		2,628
Langlade	2,018	420	88		2,536
Lincoln	2,072	534	101		2,707
Manitowoc	4,591	1,179	230		6,069
Marathon	5,543	878	315		6,734
Marinette	2,618	1,432	200		4,250
Marquette	617	433	61		1,111
Milwaukee	11,872	9,196	1,713		22,781
Monroe	1,203	1,424	329		2,956
Oconto	1,682	1,255	161		3,101
Oneida	1,346	371	70		1,787
Outagamie	4,307	1,293	255		5,832
Ozaukee	1,478	590	158		2,225
Pepin	411	247	23	3	684
Pierce	951	834	140		1,955
Polk	693	983	81	5	1,762
Portage	2,162	751	133		3,052
Priest	953	611	101		1,684
Racine	2,753	1,848	378		4,779
Richland	613	1,243	83	2	1,941
Rock	2,009	1,419	9,727	1	6,156
Rusk	832	373	73	1	1,309
St. Croix	1,436	1,035	98		2,619
Sauk	1,324	1,702	241		3,267
Sawyer	333	262	42		637
Shawano	1,711	1,040	144		2,975
Sheboygan	2,625	1,571	217		4,413
Taylor	730	1,066	112		1,908
Trempealeau	857	1,021	59		1,937
Vernon	497	1,678	245		2,420
Vilas	779	111	26		916
Walworth	1,947	1,238	285		3,500
Washburn	471	520	58		1,049
Washington	1,941	782	132	2	2,857
Waushara	2,034	3,016	271		5,351
Waupaca	2,074	1,059	137		3,270
Waushara	957	752	78		1,787
Winnebago	3,303	1,879	298		5,480
Wood	1,234	2,203	150		3,650
Total	134,642	84,653	15,168	30	234,496

VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES.

Counties.	SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.				
	Adolph Huebschman.	John Maher.	Jared Thompson.	W. J. Turner.	Total.
Milwaukee	8,476	10,530	1,985	11,687	32,678
Total	8,476	10,530	1,985	11,687	32,678
Counties.	THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.				
	George W. Burnell.	Scattering.	Total.		
Calumet	1,254	10	1,264		
Winnebago	4,395	7	4,402		
Total	5,649	17	5,666		
Counties.	SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.				
	Charles M. Webb.	Scattering.	Total.		
Portage	2,433	.....	2,433	
Waupaca	2,689	.....	2,689	
Waushara	1,377	2	1,379		
Wood	3,002	6	3,008		
Total	9,501	8	9,509		
Counties.	EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.				
	Eugene W. Helms.	Scattering.	Total.		
Buffalo	1,141	.....	1,141	
Dunn	1,746	.....	1,746	
Pepin	492	5	497		
Pierce	1,587	7	1,594		
St. Croix	1,883	8	1,891		
Total	6,849	20	6,869		
Counties.	NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.				
	E. Ray Stevens.	Scattering.	Total.		
Dane	5,859	12	5,871		
Sauk	2,528	6	2,534		
Total	8,387	18	8,405		

VOTE FOR OR AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Counties.	Relating to approval of bills by the governor.		Relating to internal improvements.		Relating to electors.		Relating to taxes on incomes, privileges, and occupations.	
	For	Ag'nst.	For	Ag'nst.	For	Ag'nst.	For	Ag'nst.
Adams	235	62	411	189	252	69	250	122
Ashland	930	105	1,466	113	933	154	1,004	190
Barron	1,371	114	1,909	169	1,208	163	1,423	179
Bayfield	791	35	1,199	27	772	103	915	72
Brown	1,545	333	2,276	559	1,543	433	1,431	532
Buffalo	683	99	1,158	189	497	244	763	205
Burnett	581	74	738	90	559	67	643	105
Calumet	761	592	482	1,128	477	709	528	771
Chippewa	1,300	256	1,713	547	1,297	299	1,299	439
Clark	1,211	455	1,341	992	1,307	573	1,103	716
Columbia	1,119	272	1,913	562	1,135	355	1,114	532
Crawford	733	135	1,423	274	706	179	733	235
Dane	3,892	838	5,621	1,521	3,838	962	3,872	1,465
Dodge	1,835	1,174	2,148	2,326	1,705	1,548	1,739	1,483
Door	767	185	1,227	251	753	207	763	314
Douglas	1,543	173	1,789	133	1,574	154	1,445	231
Dunn	1,063	203	1,515	344	997	247	1,129	390
Eau Claire	1,462	230	1,825	330	1,523	230	1,495	430
Florence	145	10	296	16	165	15	146	19
Fond du Lac	1,934	1,161	2,237	1,801	2,076	963	1,733	1,394
Forest	238	30	351	33	281	33	263	65
Grant	1,844	617	2,443	1,063	1,749	534	1,430	762
Green	1,110	293	1,359	419	941	244	942	416
Green Lake	539	297	763	620	553	402	452	403
Iowa	968	315	1,205	716	923	303	876	517
Iron	325	9	492	17	393	11	344	29
Jackson	762	95	1,068	155	713	97	729	158
Jefferson	1,490	806	1,753	1,654	1,416	1,042	1,403	1,029
Juneau	707	271	994	467	590	345	727	381
Kenosha	1,506	236	1,839	209	1,338	239	1,447	304
Kewaunee	562	375	809	330	484	5'9	547	519
La Crosse	2,215	382	3,025	590	1,969	529	2,157	564
Lafayette	511	210	942	448	495	206	567	234
Langlade	751	138	946	256	616	263	752	231
Lincoln	918	181	1,280	286	833	304	1,007	293
Manitowoc	1,903	1,233	1,648	2,602	1,704	1,543	1,625	1,737
Marathon	2,069	1,141	2,407	2,034	1,873	1,343	2,073	1,420
Marinette	1,451	156	1,900	225	1,335	211	1,507	251
Marquette	365	217	539	366	325	250	394	319
Milwaukee	9,839	3,838	12,296	4,016	12,383	6,946	9,861	4,107
Monroe	1,034	190	2,004	493	1,046	253	1,227	423
Oconto	670	234	1,221	343	649	352	873	325
Oneida	546	73	1,031	71	641	147	533	224
Outagamie	1,303	639	1,817	1,162	1,249	1,012	1,434	913
Ozaukee	629	556	619	931	627	537	607	608
Pepin	181	47	314	83	167	95	215	78
Pierce	839	194	1,400	223	859	165	744	171
Polk	829	141	1,463	171	849	174	1,070	215
Portage	987	230	2,050	537	1,051	842	1,077	447
Price	696	89	1,405	46	698	204	857	103
Racine	2,235	398	2,751	659	2,556	477	2,036	638
Richland	915	240	1,597	305	950	199	831	316
Rock	2,045	434	2,287	953	2,007	472	2,229	682
Rusk	427	45	744	47	379	56	454	61
St. Croix	637	312	1,170	603	700	196	904	413
Sauk	1,632	592	2,160	911	1,439	(49)	1,470	633
Sawyer	263	32	422	21	233	25	220	55
Shawano	866	493	1,201	933	839	355	1,022	738
Sheboygan	1,611	1,091	1,459	1,976	1,530	981	1,642	1,272
Taylor	901	133	1,222	180	675	470	9'8	266
Trempealeau	372	130	1,529	235	709	230	61	234
Vernon	1,173	172	2,174	263	1,042	162	1,316	274
Vilas	201	15	306	14	218	40	280	25
Walworth	1,282	347	1,734	617	1,444	252	1,183	452
Washington	472	23	720	27	462	37	475	54
Washington	1,067	753	936	1,794	873	1,502	1,621	1,113
Waukesha	1,199	527	1,741	1,075	1,222	543	1,310	727
Waupaca	2,117	493	2,310	724	1,913	606	1,705	621
Waushara	636	155	1,090	396	714	250	746	318
Winnebago	1,959	724	2,340	1,430	2,020	932	1,904	1,134
Wood	1,341	367	1,735	724	1,179	632	1,364	508
Total	85,935	27,171	116,407	46,762	86,578	36,773	85,677	37,719

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1867.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Fairchild, republican.....	73,637
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Tallmadge, democrat.....	68,873
Total vote.....	33,987	Total vote.....	142,510
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Fairchild's majority.....	4,764
1849.		1869.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,609	Fairchild, republican.....	69,502
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Robinson, democrat.....	61,239
Total vote.....	27,966	Total vote.....	130,741
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Fairchild's majority.....	8,263
1851.		1871.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Washburn, republican.....	78,301
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910
Total vote.....	43,131	Total vote.....	147,211
Farwell's majority.....	507	Washburn's majority.....	9,391
1853.		1873.	
Barstow, democrat.....	30,405	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Holton, republican.....	21,836	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Baird, whig.....	3,304	Total vote.....	147,823
Total vote.....	55,595	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	1875.	
Barstow's majority.....	5,215	Ludington, republican.....	85,155
1855.		Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Barstow, democrat.....	36,355	Total vote.....	169,469
Bashford, republican.....	33,138	Ludington's majority.....	841
Total vote.....	72,553	1877.	
Barstow's majority ¹	157	Smith, republican.....	78,759
1857.		Mallory, democrat.....	70,486
Randall, republican.....	44,663	Allis, greenback.....	26,216
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Total vote.....	175,461
Total vote.....	88,932	Smith's plurality.....	8,273
Randall's majority.....	454	1879.	
1859.		Smith, republican.....	100,535
Randall, republican.....	59,939	Jenkins, democrat.....	75,080
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	May, greenback.....	12,696
Total vote.....	112,538	Total vote.....	187,711
Randall's majority.....	7,460	Smith's plurality.....	25,455
1861.		Smith's net majority.....	13,359
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	1881.	
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	Rusk, republican.....	81,734
Total vote.....	98,233	Fratt, democrat.....	69,797
Harvey's majority.....	9,323	Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
1863.		Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	Total vote.....	171,778
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Total vote.....	121,770	1884.	
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	Rusk, republican.....	163,214
1865.		Fratt, democrat.....	143,945
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Hobart, democrat.....	48,330	Utley, greenback.....	4,274
Total vote.....	106,632	Total vote.....	319,978
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	Rusk's plurality.....	19,269
		Rusk's net majority.....	6,450

¹ In the election of 1855 Barstow's certificate of election was set aside by the Supreme Court, and Bashford became Governor March 25, 1856.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE—Continued.

1886.		1900.	
Rusk, republican.....	133,247	LaFollette, republican.....	263,419
Woodward, democrat.....	114,529	Bomrich, democrat.....	160,674
Olin, prohibition.....	17,089	Smith, prohibition.....	9,707
Cochrane, people's.....	21,467	Tuttle, social democrat.....	6,590
Total vote.....	286,332	Wilkie, social labor.....	507
Rusk's plurality.....	18,718	Total vote.....	440,897
1888.		LaFollette's plurality.....	102,745
Hoard, republican.....	175,696	LaFollette's net majority.....	85,941
Morgan, democrat.....	155,423	1902.	
Durant, prohibition.....	14,373	LaFollette, republican.....	193,417
Powell, labor.....	9,196	Rose, democrat.....	145,818
Total vote.....	354,688	Seidel, social democrat.....	15,970
Hoard's plurality.....	20,273	Drake, prohibition.....	9,647
1890.		Puck, social labor.....	791
Peck, democrat.....	160,388	Total vote.....	365,643
Hoard, republican.....	132,068	LaFollette's plurality.....	47,599
Alexander, prohibition.....	11,246	LaFollette's net majority.....	21,191
May, union labor.....	5,447	1904.	
Total vote.....	309,149	LaFollette, republican.....	227,253
Peck's plurality.....	28,320	Peck, democrat.....	176,301
Peck's net majority.....	11,627	Arnold, social democrat.....	24,857
1892.		Scotfield, national republican.....	12,136
Peck, democrat.....	178,245	Clark, prohibition.....	8,764
Spooher, republican.....	170,538	Minkley, social labor.....	249
Richmond, prohibition.....	13,265	Total vote.....	449,560
Butt, people's.....	9,640	LaFollette's plurality.....	50,952
Total vote.....	371,688	LaFollette's net majority.....	4,946
Peck's plurality.....	7,707	1906.	
1894.		Davidson, republican.....	183,526
Upham, republican.....	196,116	Aylward, democrat.....	103,114
Peck, democrat.....	142,250	Gaylord, social democrat.....	24,435
Powell, people's.....	25,604	Eaton, prohibition.....	8,215
Cleghorn, prohibition.....	11,240	Rosaas, social labor.....	456
Total vote.....	375,210	Total vote.....	319,746
Upham's plurality.....	53,866	Davidson's plurality.....	80,412
Upham's net majority.....	17,022	Davidson's majority.....	47,306
1896.		1908.	
Scotfield, republican.....	264,981	Davidson, republican.....	242,963
Silverthorn, democrat.....	169,257	Aylward, democrat.....	165,977
Berkey, prohibition.....	8,140	Brown, social democrat.....	98,583
Tuttrop, socialistic labor.....	1,306	Cox, prohibition.....	11,754
Henderson, national.....	407	Bottema, social labor.....	394
Total vote.....	444,091	Scattering.....	6
Scotfield's plurality.....	95,724	Total vote.....	449,677
Scotfield's net majority.....	85,871	Davidson's plurality.....	76,936
1898.			
Scotfield, republican.....	173,137		
Sawyer, democrat.....	135,353		
Worsley, people's.....	8,518		
Chaffin, prohibition.....	8,088		
Tuttle, social dem. of America.....	2,544		
Kiese, socialistic labor.....	1,473		
Total vote.....	329,113		
Scotfield's plurality.....	37,784		
Scotfield's net majority.....	11,161		

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

1906.		1908.	
For Governor.		For Governor.	
John A. Aylward, dem.....	103,114	John A. Aylward, dem.....	165,977
Ephraim L. Eaton, pro.....	8,215	Winfred D. Cox, pro.....	11,754
James O. Davidson, rep.....	183,526	James O. Davidson, rep.....	242,963
Winfield R. Gaylord, soc. dem.	24,425	Harvey D. Brown, Soc. dem ..	28,583
Ole T. Rosaas, soc. lab	456	Herman Bottema, soc. lab	394
Scattering.....	29	Scattering.....	6
Total vote.....	319,775	Total vote.....	449,677
Davidson's plurality.....	70,412	Davidson's plurality.....	76,986
For Lieutenant Governor.		For Lieutenant Governor.	
Michael F. Bienski, dem.....	104,398	Burt Williams, dem	159,795
August F. Fehlandt, pro.....	8,724	Chas. H. Forward, pro.....	11,146
Wm. D. Connor, rep.....	174,750	John Strange, rep.....	243,443
William Kaufman, Soc. Dem.....	25,036	Chester M. Wright, soc. dem..	28,461
John Vierthaler, soc. lab	510	Albert Wang, ind.....	374
Scattering.....	12	Scattering	7
Total vote.....	313,430	Total vote.....	443,219
Connor's plurality.....	70,352	Strange's plurality	83,648
For Secretary of State.		For Secretary of State.	
Clarence J. Noel, dem.....	100,194	Frank B. Schutz, dem	157,460
John E. Clayton, pro.....	8,174	Linus H. Park, pro	10,869
James A. Frear, rep.....	178,818	James A. Frear, rep.....	245,158
Chas. W. Schmidt, soc. dem.....	24,427	John G. Irwin, soc. dem.....	28,441
Albert Wang, soc. lab	403	John Vierthaler, soc. lab.....	380
Scattering.....	12		
Total vote.....	312,088	Total vote.....	442,308
Frear's plurality.....	78,624	Frear's plurality.....	87,698
For State Treasurer.		For State Treasurer.	
Andrew Jensen, dem.....	101,054	George T. Heslin, dem	157,101
David W. Emerson, pro.....	8,227	Waldemar Ager, pro.....	10,809
Andrew W. Dahl, rep.....	178,050	Andrew H. Dahl, rep.....	245,760
Joseph Ammann, soc. dem.....	24,259	Henry M. Parks, soc. dem.....	28,471
Theo. Horn, soc. lab.....	461	Scattering.....	112
Scattering.....	6		
Total vote.....	312,057	Total vote.....	442,253
Dahl's plurality.....	76,996	Dahl's plurality.....	88,659
For Attorney General.		For Attorney General.	
Martin L. Lueck, dem.....	99,391	Evan A. Evans, dem.....	157,492
Byron E. Van Keuren, pro.....	7,991	Jabez B. Smith, pro.....	10,817
Frank L. Gilbert, rep.....	179,427	Frank L. Gilbert, rep.....	244,705
Richard Elsner, soc. dem	24,411	Horace B. Walmsley, soc. dem	28,373
Scattering.....	11	Scattering	98
Total vote.....	311,231	Total vote.....	441,485
Gilbert's plurality.....	80,036	Gilbert's plurality	87,213
For Insurance Commissioner.		For Insurance Commissioner.	
Henry J. Neunens, dem.....	99,810	William Guillaume, dem.....	156,222
Lincoln Abraham, pro.....	8,151	David W. Emerson, pro.....	10,882
Geo. E. Beedle, rep.....	177,082	George E. Beedle, rep.....	244,749
Herman W. Bistarius, soc. dem.	24,240	Herman W. Bistarius, soc. dem	28,356
A. B. Gunderson, soc. lab.....	532	Theodore Horn, soc. lab.....	416
Scattering.....	7	Scattering	1
Total vote.....	309,822	Total vote.....	440,626
Beedle's plurality.....	77,266	Beedle's plurality.....	88,527

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE STATE SENATE, SESSION OF 1909.

Dist. No.	Names.	Politics.	Counties or parts of counties represented.	Postoffice address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Term expires.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in legislature.
31	Barker, H. W.....	R.	Jackson, Juneau, Monroe.	Sparta.....	Druggist.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	49	1860	1907-09.
1	Bird, H. P.....	R.	Door, Kewaunee, Marinette	Wausaukee.....	Lumberman.....	Pennsylvania.....	1910	66	1861	1903-05-07-09.
3	Bishop, Isaac T.....	R.	Kenosha, Racine.....	Somers.....	Farmer and Ins.	Wisconsin.....	1910	65	1844	1907-1909.
16	Blaine, John J.....	R.	Crawford, Grant.....	Boscobel.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	34	1875	1909.
4	Bodenstab, H. H.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	35	1874	1909.
9	Brazeau, T. W.....	R.	Adams, Marquette, Wau- shara and Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	36	1873	1907-09.
21	Browne, E. E.....	R.	Portage and Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	41	1868	1907-09.
2	Burke, Timothy.....	R.	Brown, Oconto.....	Green Bay.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	43	1853	1909.
26	Donald, John S.....	R.	Dane.....	Mt. Horeb.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	39	1869	1909.
5	Fairchild, E. F.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Lawyer.....	Pennsylvania.....	1910	37	1824	1907-09.
19	Fridt, John A.....	R.	Winnebago.....	Koro, Berlin, R. 2.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	58	1850	1907-09.
6	Gaylord, Winfield R.	S. D.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Minister.....	Mississippi.....	1912	38	1890	1909.
23	Hazelwood, J. A.....	D.	Jefferson, Walworth.....	Jefferson.....	School Supt.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	42	1867	1907-09.
11	Hudnall, Geo. B.....	R.	Burnett, Douglas, Polk.....	Superior.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	45	1864	1903-05-07-09.
13	Husting, Paul O.....	D.	Dodge.....	Mayville.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	43	1866	1907-09.
28	James, David G.....	R.	Richland, Vernon.....	Richland Center.....	Merchant.....	N. Hampshire.....	1912	65	1855	1909.
8	Klecicka, John C.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Asst. Clerk Court	Wisconsin.....	1912	24	1885	1909.
20	Krumrey, Henry.....	R.	Ozaukee, Sheboygan.....	Plymouth.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	56	1856	1909.
14	Lehr, J. Elmer.....	R.	Outagamie, Shawano.....	Appleton.....	Lawyer.....	Michigan.....	1912	40	1895	1909.
33	Lockney, Henry.....	R.	Washington, Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	35	1874	1907-09.
18	Lyons, Edward H.....	R.	Fond du Lac, Green Lake.....	Fond du Lac.....	Manufacturer.....	Ohio.....	1912	53	1856	1909.
25	Marsh, S. M.....	R.	Clark, Marathon.....	Neillsville.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	45	1864	1907-09.
17	Martin, H. C.....	R.	Green, Iowa, Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	55	1854	1895-9-1901-03- 05-07-09.
33	Morris, Thomas.....	R.	La Crosse, Trempealeau.....	La Crosse.....	Lawyer.....	Canada.....	1912	48	1883	1905-07-09.
10	Owen, Walter C.....	R.	Pierce, St. Croix.....	Maiden Rock.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	41	1868	1907-09.
7	Page, Geo. E.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	36	1873	1907-09.
27	Pearson, C. L.....	D.	Columbia, Sauk.....	Baraboo, R. F. D.....	Horticulturist.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	48	1861	1907-09.
15	Randolph, S. W.....	D.	Calumet, Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Vessel Agent.....	Wisconsin.....	1910	36	1872	1903-05-07-09.
12	Sanborn, Albert W.....	R.	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor, Wash- burn.....	Ashland.....	Lawyer.....	Vermont.....	1911	56	1876	1905-07-09.
29	Stout, J. H.....	R.	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn, Pepin.....	Menomonee.....	Farmer and Dai- ryman.....	Iowa.....	1910	60	1889	1895-7-9-1901- 03-05-07-09.
24	Thomas, John W.....	R.	Eau Claire, Chippewa, Rusk.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Lumberman.....	Wales.....	1912	63	1857	1909.
22	Whitehead, John M.....	R.	Rock.....	Janesville.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	1912	57	1883	1897-9-1901-03- 05-07-09.
30	Wright, James A.....	R.	Florence, Forest, Iron, Lanslade, Lincoln, Onei- da, Vilas.....	Merrill.....	Lumberman.....	Wisconsin.....	1912	33	1873	1905-7-9.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1909.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties or parts of counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in legislature.
76	Atwood, Geo. T.....	R.	Crawford	Gays Mills	Lawyer	Wisconsin	40	1869	1908.
31	Ballard, Clinton B. . .	R.	Outagamie, 1st.....	Appleton	Farmer	Wisconsin	48	1860	1909.
61	Bancroft, Levi H. . . .	R.	Richland.....	Richland Center	Lawyer	Wisconsin	49	1863	1907-09.
65	Barnett, James R. . . .	R.	Winnebago, 2d.....	Neenah	Doctor of Medicine.....	Wisconsin	67	1842	
69	Berner, Edmund J. . . .	S. D.	Milwaukee, 9th.....	599 17th St., Milwaukee	Cigar Dealer.....	Wisconsin	45	1854	1905-07-09.
87	Bichler, Wm. J.	D.	Ozaukee	Belgium, R. F. D. 1. . . .	Farmer—Real Estate.....	Wisconsin	39	1870	1907-09.
8	Bradford, Charles M. .	R.	Clark	Neillsville	Farmer	Wisconsin	58	1850	1909.
56	Bray, Wm. M.	R.	Winnebago, 1st.....	Oshkosh	Lumberman	Wisconsin	28	1880	1909.
50	Brew, George G.	R.	Milwaukee, 7th.....	West Milwaukee	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	40	1868	1909.
40	Brockhausen, Fred. . .	S. D.	Milwaukee, 11th.....	533 Orchard St., Milwaukee.	Cigar Dealer.....	Denmark.....	51	1893	1905-07-09.
57	Busacker, Carl F. . . .	R.	Milwaukee, 12th.....	2332 Kilbourn Ave., Milwaukee.	Contractor.....	Pommeru	55	1831	1909.
98	Buslett, Ole A.	R.	Waupaca, 2d.....	Northland	Merchant.....	Norway	54	1868	1909.
5	Cady, Benjamin A. . . .	R.	Shawano	Birmamwood.....	Lawyer	Vermont.....	69	1850	1909.
84	Cady, Virgil H.	D.	Sauk, 1st.....	Baraboo	Lawyer	Wisconsin	32	1876	1909.
58	Chapple, John C. . . .	R.	Ashland	Ashland	Publisher	Iowa.....	34	1888	1909.
6	Chinnock, John A. . . .	R.	St. Croix	Hudson	Farmer	Ohio.....	59	1851	1909.
46	Cleary, M. J.	R.	Lafayette.....	Blanchardville.....	Lawyer	Wisconsin	29	1877	1907-09.
34	Co'stock, A. B.	R.	Green.....	Albany	Farmer	Wisconsin	52	1857	1909.
12	Coolidge, D. C.	R.	Dunn.....	Downing	Banker	Wisconsin	38	1871	1907-09.
1	Crowell, O. A.	R.	Portage.....	Almond	Merchant and Banker.....	Wisconsin	36	1872	1909.
97	Culbertson, Clarence B.	R.	Chippewa, 1st.....	Stanley	Lawyer	Pennsylvania.....	40	1872	1909.
42	Curtiss, Walker M. . .	R.	Kenosha	Trevor	Farmer and Farm Imp. . .	Wisconsin.....	57	1852	1905-07-09.
94	Daub, Charles H. . . .	R.	Eau Claire, 2d.....	Eau Claire, R. F. D. 1.	Farmer	Prussia.....	53	18-9	1909.
38	Disch, William.....	R.	Milwaukee, 3d.....	624 Otjen St., Milwaukee.	Retired Farmer.....	Switzerland.....	69	1853	1907-09.
49	Domachowski, Joseph H.	D.	Milwaukee, 14th.....	1043 8th Ave., Milwaukee.	Liquor Dealer.....	Poland	37	1881	1907-09.
37	Dorner, Carl Herman	R.	Milwaukee, 4th.....	349 20th St., Milwaukee	Teacher.....	Germany.....	71	1875	1909.
66	Egan, Walter D.	R.	Douglas, 2d.....	Superior	Contractor.....	Illinois.....	43	1880	1909.
75	Erickson, Arnt.	R.	Chippewa 2d and Rusk	New Auburn	Real Estate and Banking	Norway	42	1882	1909.
82	Estabrook, Chas. E. . .	R.	Milwaukee, 13th.....	974 2d St., Milwaukee.	Lawyer	Wisconsin.....	61	1847	1907-09.
24	Farrell, John T.	D.	Milwaukee, 1st.....	364 Park Place, Milwaukee.	Publisher.....	Louisiana.....	48	1890	1909.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1909—Continued.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties or parts of counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in legislature.
18	Fenelon James.....	R.	Fond du Lac, 2d.....	Ripon.....	Farmer.....	Ireland.....	63	1850	1909.
80	Fisher, Grant U.....	R.	Rock, 2d.....	Janesville.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	43	1865	1909.
83	Georgi, Herman E.....	R.	Milwaukee, 10th.....	686 9th St., Milwaukee	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	39	1870	1907-09.
47	Grosse, John.....	R.	Oconto.....	Little Suamico.....	Merchant and Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	44	1864	1909.
92	Haight, Elmer E.....	R.	Columbia, 2d.....	Poynette.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	48	1861	1909.
7	Hambrecht, Geo. P.....	R.	Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	38	1871	1909.
23	Hammil, Frank.....	R.	Bayfield, Sawyer, Washburn.	Spooner.....	Publisher.....	Michigan.....	51	1878	1909.
22	Harras, Otto A.....	R.	Milwaukee, 2d.....	213 North Ave., Mil- waukee.	Mason.....	Wisconsin.....	40	1869	1907-09.
68	Hoyt, George E.....	R.	Waukesha, 2d.....	Menomonee Falls.....	Physician.....	Wisconsin.....	48	1861	1909.
32	Hughes, John F.....	D.	Dodge, 2d.....	Reeseville.....	Journalist and Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	39	1870	1907-09.
71	Hull, Merlin.....	R.	Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	Lawyer and Publisher.....	Indiana.....	39	1871	1909.
13	Ingalls, Wallace.....	R.	Racine, 1st.....	Racine.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	49	1859	1909.
14	Ingram, Charles A.....	R.	Buffalo and Pepin.....	Durand.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	42	1867	1907-09.
58	Irvine, Wesley.....	R.	Waupaca, 1st.....	Manawa.....	Physician and Surgeon.....	New York.....	43	1891	1907-09.
9	Johnson, Axel.....	R.	Burnett and Poik.....	Turtle Lake, R. F. D. 3	Farmer.....	Denmark.....	39	1892	1909.
4	Jones, John R.....	R.	Monroe.....	Leon.....	Farmer.....	Pennsylvania.....	59	1856	1907-09.
27	Kalahar, Michael.....	D.	Milwaukee, 5th.....	354 Walker St., Mil- waukee.	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	39	1870	1909.
48	Kamper, John H.....	R.	Racine, 2d.....	Franksville, R. F. D. 10	Farmer.....	Denmark.....	51	1866	1909.
17	Kay, Wm. A.....	R.	Pierce.....	Spring Valley.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	45	1864	1907-09.
11	Kempf, Edward J.....	R.	Sheboygan, 1st.....	Sheboygan.....	Bill Poster.....	Wisconsin.....	47	1862	1909.
93	Keup, Emil G.....	R.	Wausara.....	Wautoma.....	Miller.....	Wisconsin.....	40	1869	1907-09.
10	Keyes, E. J.....	R.	Sheboygan, 2d.....	Cascade.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	50	1859	1907-09.
60	Kimball, F. J.....	R.	Adams and Marquette	Briggsville.....	Merchant.....	New York.....	63	1854	1903-07-09.
72	Kindlin, C. W.....	D.	Jefferson, 2d.....	Port Atkin on.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	41	1868	1907-09.
45	Kneen, E. J.....	D.	La Crosse, 2d.....	Bangor.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin.....	42	1867	1909.
89	Kubasta, F. W.....	R.	Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Banking and Insurance.....	Wisconsin.....	32	1877	1907-09.
2	Kull, Edwin O.....	R.	Walworth.....	Lake Geneva.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	54	1855	1909.
96	Laycock, Henry.....	R.	Eau Claire, 1st.....	Eau Claire.....	Retired Contractor.....	England.....	67	1871	1909.
39	Ledvina, Lawrence.....	R.	Manitowoc, 2d.....	Two Rivers.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	29	1880	1905-07-09.
20	Lentz, Charles.....	D.	Dodge, 1st.....	Mayville.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	49	1859	1909.
90	Le Roy, Edward W.....	R.	Marinette, 1st.....	Marinette.....	Journalist.....	Wisconsin.....	35	1874	1903-05-07-09.
52	Leuch, Peter F.....	R.	Milwaukee, 15th.....	1450-10th St. Milwaukee	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	25	1883	1909.

3	Mahs, David F.....	R.	Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Teacher and Farmer....	Wisconsin.....	35	1874	1907-09.
43	Marquardt, August..	R.	Marathon, 2d.....	Wausau.....	Farmer.....	Germany.....	59	1866	1905-07-09.
41	McConnell, John E..	R.	La Crosse, 1st.....	La Crosse.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	45	1863	1909.
51	Mortensen, Harry J.	R.	Juneau.....	New Lisbon.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	32	1876	1909.
63	Neitzel, Charles.....	R.	Winnebago, 3d.....	Oshkosh.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	56	1853	1907.
100	Neilson, P. M.....	R.	Marinette, 2d.....	Beaver.....	Farmer.....	Norway.....	47	1883	1909.
95	Onstad, Otto.....	R.	Dane, 2d.....	Cambridge.....	Instructor.....	Wisconsin.....	35	1874	1909.
33	Peterson, Lewis W..	R.	Brown, 2d.....	Green Bay.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	37	1872	1909.
28	Phillips, Sr., Peter	R.	Outagamie, 2d.....	South Kaukauna.....	Farmer.....	Prussia.....	74	1846	1909.
16	Pickart, Christian...	D.	Fond du Lac, 1st....	Malone.....	Merchant and Grain Dealer.....	Wisconsin.....	39	1870	1905-07-09.
26	Ramsey, Thomas F..	D.	Milwaukee, 6th.....	370 Jackson St., Mil- waukee.....	Real Estate and Insur- ance.....	Wisconsin.....	50	1858	1909.
79	Reader, William ...	R.	Florence, Forest, Lan- gade.....	Antigo.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	43	1864	1909.
70	Reynolds, Thomas..	R.	Door.....	Jacksonport.....	Farmer.....	Ireland.....	69	1866	1907-09.
44	Roethe, Henry E....	R.	Grant, 2d.....	Fennimore.....	Editor.....	Wisconsin.....	42	1867	1907-09.
81	Rollmann, Henry ..	D.	Calumet.....	Chilton.....	Druggist.....	Wisconsin.....	56	1853	1907-09.
44	Schmidt, Nicholas...	D.	Marathon, 1st.....	Marathon.....	Brewer.....	Germany.....	49	1902	1907-09.
21	Schwalbach, Henry..	D.	Washington.....	So. Germantown.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin.....	31	1878	1909.
19	Scott, George E....	R.	Barron.....	Prairie Farm.....	Merchant and Miller...	Wisconsin.....	49	1860	1905-07-09.
77	Shaw, Moses.....	R.	Kewaunee.....	Algoma.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	47	1861	1907-09.
15	Smith, Frank.....	R.	Dane, 1st.....	Maunson.....	Dentist.....	Tennessee.....	60	1871	1909.
78	Smith, Simon.....	R.	Rock, 3d.....	Beloit.....	Retired.....	England.....	69	1856	1907-09.
67	Stack, James S.....	R.	Douglas 1st.....	Superior.....	Real Estate and Hotel Proprietor.....	Michigan.....	56	1887	1909.
53	Stevens, D. B.....	R.	Iron, Oneida, Vilas...	Rhineland.....	Lumberman.....	Maine.....	72	1858	1882-1909.
36	Stewart, T. A.....	D.	Dane, 3d.....	Verona.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	60	1849	1907-09.
74	Thomas, James E....	R.	Waukesha, 1st.....	Waukesha.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	36	1872	1909.
99	Towers, James S....	R.	Columbia, 1st.....	Merrimac.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	50	1859	1909.
91	Towne, Silas A....	D.	Sauk, 2d.....	La Valle.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	33	1875	1900.
30	Twesme, Albert T...	R.	Trempealeau.....	Galesville.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	28	1880	1909.
54	Urquhart, Eli L....	R.	Price and Taylor.....	Medford.....	Surveyor.....	Canada.....	63	1870	1909.
73	Wiebahn, Charles F.	D.	Jefferson, 1st.....	Watertown.....	Instructor.....	Germany.....	67	1852	1852-1909.
86	Weber, Frank J.....	S. D.	Milwaukee, 10th.....	1223 Locust St., Mil- waukee.....	Seaman and Carpenter..	Wisconsin.....	59	1849	1907-09.
55	Wehrwein, Simon F..	R.	Manitowoc, 1st.....	Cleveland, R. F. D....	Teacher.....	Wisconsin.....	40	1869	1905-07-09.
95	Wellensgard, C. C...	R.	Green Lake.....	Berlin.....	Manufacturer.....	Denmark.....	60	1849	1907-09.
59	Wells, Allen V.....	R.	Grant, 1st.....	Livingstone.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	53	1856	1909.
29	Whitman, Platt.....	R.	Iowa.....	Highland.....	Lawyer and Banker....	Wisconsin.....	38	1871	1909.
85	Whittet, Lawrence C	R.	Rock, 1st.....	Edgerton.....	Manufacturer.....	Wisconsin.....	38	1871	1909.
25	Wittig, Ferdinand...	R.	Brown, 1st.....	Green Bay.....	Manufacturer.....	Denmark.....	57	1873	1909.
62	Zimmerman, Fred R.	R.	Milwaukee, 8th.....	606 Washington St., Milwaukee.....	Commercial Traveler...	Wisconsin.....	28	1880	1909.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

1909.

OFFICERS.

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 Senator JAMES H. STOUT, Menomonie.....President pro tem
 F. E. ANDREWS, Bloomer.....Chief Clerk
 R. C. FALCÓNER, Camp Douglas.....Sergeant-at-Arms

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State Affairs—Senators Geo. E. Page, chairman; H. W. Barker, S. M. Marsh, Timothy Burke and C. L. Pearson.
Banks and Insurance—Senators W. C. Owen, chairman; E. T. Fairchild, J. Elmer Lehr, H. B. Bird and Paul O. Husting.
Transportation—Senators Henry M. Lockney, chairman; James A. Wright, John W. Thomas, Henry Krumrey and S. W. Randolph.
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Public Health—Senators H. W. Barker, chairman; John A. Fridd and W. R. Gaylord.
Elections—Senators H. C. Martin, chairman; Henry M. Lockney, James H. Stout, E. T. Fairchild and S. W. Randolph.
Legislative Expenditures and Employes—Senators Thomas Morris, chairman; Henry M. Lockney and James A. Wright.
Federal Relations—Senators E. E. Lyons, chairman; I. T. Bishop and H. W. Barker.
Roads and Bridges—Senators E. E. Browne, chairman; James H. Stout and A. W. Sanborn.
Agriculture—Senators I. T. Bishop, chairman; John A. Fridd, Geo. E. Page, D. G. James and C. L. Pearson.
Engrossed Bills—Senators Timothy Burke, chairman; H. H. Bodenstab and Paul O. Husting.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

- Claims*—Senators Geo. B. Hudnall, chairman; John M. Whitehead and J. A. Hazelwood.
- Charitable and Penal Institutions*—Senators S. M. Marsh, chairman; Henry Krumrey and S. W. Randolph.
- State Departments*—Senators Henry Krumrey, chairman; E. E. Browne and John C. Kleczka.
- Printing*—J. Elmer Lehr, chairman; and H. C. Martin.
- Fish and Game*—Senators John W. Thomas, chairman; W. C. Owen and Timothy Burke.
- Capitol*—Senators John S. Donald, chairman; John M. Whitehead and A. W. Sanborn.
- Rules*—Senators James H. Stout, chairman, and E. E. Browne.
- Revision*—Senators John J. Blaine, chairman; Theo. W. Brazeau and John C. Kleczka.
- Enrolled Bills*—Senators John C. Kleczka, chairman; John S. Donald and E. T. Fairchild.
- Forestry*—Senators H. P. Bird, chairman; James H. Stout and E. E. Browne.
- Caucus*—Senators John M. Whitehead, chairman; A. W. Sanborn and E. E. Browne.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1909.

OFFICERS.

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 C. E. SHAFFER, Madison.....Chief Clerk
 W. S. IRVINE, Greenwood.....Sergeant-at-Arms

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- State Affairs*—Room 302. Geo. E. Scott, chairman; C. C. Wellensgard, F. W. Kubasta, H. E. Georgi, F. J. Kimball, L. W. Peterson, W. J. Bichler.
- Cities*—Room 113 (North Wing). C. E. Estabrook, chairman; W. D. Egan, J. C. Chapple, J. E. McConnell, Charles Neitzel, J. R. Barnett, E. J. Kempf, T. F. Ramsey, Fred Brockhausen.
- Banks and Insurance*—Room 303. F. W. Kubasta, chairman; M. J. Cleary, Platt Whitman, G. E. Hoyt, Eli L. Urquhart, Arnt Erickson, H. V. Schwalbach.
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- Manufactures and Labor*—Room 305. Simon Smith, chairman; Otto Harras, W. D. Egan, Henry Laycock, William Reader, E. J. Kempf, S. A. Towne, F. J. Weber, O. A. Crowell.
- Taxation*—Room 304. M. J. Cleary, chairman; D. C. Coolidge, J. S. Stack, L. C. Whittet, J. C. Chapple, G. T. Atwood, G. E. Hoyt, J. S. Towers, Chris. Pickart.

- Villages*—Room 323. G. T. Atwood, chairman; Charles Neitzel, L. W. Peterson, E. E. Haight, G. W. Kindlin.
- Towns and Counties*—Room 324. J. C. Chapple, chairman; Frank Hammill, Eli L. Urquhart, A. V. Wells, P. M. Nelson, Arnt Erickson, Henry Rollmann.
- Military Affairs*—Room 323. William Disch, chairman; Simon Smith, Otto Harras, B. A. Cady, Peter Philipps, Sr.
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- Legislative Expenditures and Employes*—Room 325. J. E. Thomas, chairman; Geo. E. Scott, C. E. Estabrook, L. W. Ledvina, J. S. Stack.
- Federal Relations*—Room 302. C. B. Culbertson, chairman; Henry Laycock, C. B. Ballard, Carl Busacker, Charles Lentz.
- Roads and Bridges*—Room 324. C. C. Wellensgard, chairman; J. R. Jones, J. A. Chinnock, P. M. Nelson, L. W. Peterson, A. B. Comstock, C. F. Busacker, C. H. Daub, S. A. Towne.
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- Lumber and Mining*—Room 305. Platt Whitman, chairman; W. M. Bray, A. F. Marquardt, J. R. Barnett, Nicholas Schmidt.
- Public Improvements*—Room 324. Henry Laycock, chairman; O. A. Buslett, William Reader, E. J. Berner, J. O. Domachowski.
- Dairy and Food*—Room 325. Thomas Reynolds, chairman; Otto Onstad, O. A. Crowell, J. H. Kamper, A. V. Wells, Edwin O. Kull, Henry Rollmann.
- Engrossed Bills*—Room 322. H. E. Roethe, chairman; J. R. Jones, C. B. Ballard, Benj. A. Cady, Charles Lentz.
- Third Reading*—Room 207. William Reader, chairman; Henry Laycock, H. E. Roethe, Arnt Erickson, Michael Kalaher.
- Dams*—Room 324. J. S. Stack, chairman; D. B. Stevens, C. M. Bradford, James Fenelon, E. J. Kneen.
- Education*—Room 307, (South Wing). Simon F. Wehrwein, chairman; E. W. LeRoy, Lawrence C. Whittet, Geo. P. Hambrecht.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

- Claims*—Room 307, (South Wing). Lawrence C. Whittet, chairman; W. M. Curtiss, C. C. Wellensgard, Moses Shaw, Michael Kalaher.
- Charitable and Penal Institutions*—Room 113, (North Wing.) J. R. Jones, chairman; D. F. Mains, Edwin O. Kull, C. H. Dorner, J. F. Hughes.
- State Departments*—Room 323. D. C. Coolidge, chairman; W. A. Kay, H. J. Mortensen, John Grosse, T. A. Stewart.
- Printing*—Room 325. J. A. Chinnock, chairman; Merlin Hull, J. T. Farrell.
- Fish and Game*—Room 325. Frank Hammill, chairman; Thomas Reynolds, J. E. Thomas, J. S. Stack, John Grosse.
- Capitol*—Room 325. Frank Smith, chairman; E. W. LeRoy, G. U. Fisher, G. T. Atwood, Chris. Pickart.
- Rules*—Room 325. F. J. Kimball, chairman; C. E. Estabrook.
- Revision*—Room 202, J. E. McConnell, chairman, M. J. Cleary, Fred R. Zimmerman, H. J. Mortensen, V. H. Cady.
- Enrolled Bills*—Room 202. Fred R. Zimmerman, chairman; C. A. Ingram, F. J. Kimball, Otto Onstad, G. W. Kindlin.
- Forestry*—Room 305. Wm. M. Bray, chairman; C. E. Estabrook, D. B. Stevens, C. H. Daub, C. F. Vichahn.
- Apportionment*—Room 323. C. A. Ingram, chairman; Herman Georgi, J. E. McConnell, Merlin Hull, Platt Whitman, J. S. Towers, E. E. Haight, G. G. Brew, Ferdinand Wittig.

LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYES.

EMPLOYES IN THE SENATE, 1909.

R. E. Smith, Journal Clerk	Tomah
George M. McLaughlin, Assistant Journal Clerk.....	Grand Rapids
F. M. Wylie, Bookkeeper	Milwaukee
J. T. Huntington, Assistant Bookkeeper	Delton
C. A. Worth, Index Clerk	La Crosse
J. H. Frazier, Proof Reader	Viola
L. B. Wolfenson, Proof Reader	Madison
J. H. Sapiro, Stenographer	Milwaukee
R. H. Hillyer, Stenographer	Madison
A. W. Galloway, Stenographer	Poynette
F. W. Spencer, Stenographer	Waupaca
C. E. Mullen, Stenographer	Milwaukee
Fred Onstad, Stenographer	Fau Claire
C. B. MacCrossen, Stenographer	Green Bay
R. W. Schlegel, Stenographer	Appleton
John Bessey, Engrossing Clerk	Milwaukee
L. B. Webster, Typewriter Clerk	Marshfield
O. P. Peterson, Typewriter Clerk	Wausau
W. A. Anderson, Typewriter Clerk	Madison
C. R. Welton, Typewriter Clerk	Madison
T. H. Sanderson, Assistant Sergeant	Cambria
E. A. Pierce, Document Clerk	Madison
George Emerich, Post Master	Merrill
Olaf Goldstrang, Day Police	Rhineander
F. E. Boyle, Night Police	Eau Claire
John Eastman, Laborer	Madison
E. G. Cooper, Messenger	Madison
Leon Grane, Messenger	Stoughton
Thomas Farley, Messenger	Madison
Roland Monroe, Messenger	Kenosha
Orville Swarthout, Messenger	Fairchild
Harry Cotey, Messenger	Merrill
Myron Harshaw, Messenger	Stevens Point

EMPLOYES OF THE ASSEMBLY, 1909.

W. W. Jones, Journal Clerk	Platteville
S. E. Pearson, Ass'tant Journal Clerk	Bloomington
S. S. Summers, Bookkeeper	Monroe
C. H. Dietz, Assistant Bookkeeper	Monroe
W. J. Goldschmidt, General Clerk	Milwaukee
R. E. Van Matre, General Clerk	Darlington
W. L. Bullock, Index Clerk	Madison
Max Schoetz, Proof Reader and Enrolling Clerk	Neenah
E. V. Nevins, Proof Reader and Enrolling Clerk	Chippewa Falls
March Polk, Stenographer	Kenosha
A. J. Nelson, Stenographer	Madison
A. J. Hughes, Stenographer	Madison
D. J. Saposs, Stenographer	Milwaukee
L. T. Pond, Stenographer	Eau Claire
A. C. Tretow, Stenographer	Milwaukee
A. A. Heinrich, Stenographer	Milwaukee
C. J. Hartley, Stenographer	Superior
Geo. Blanchard, Statistical Stenographer	Colby
A. C. Sheperd, Stenographer	Milwaukee
H. G. Pickering, Stenographer	Superior
F. Robotka, Stenographer	Franksville
W. A. Lawton, Stenographer	Twin Bluffs
L. L. Oeland, Typewriter	Madison
J. C. Hawker, Typewriter	Forest Jct
H. G. Lee, Typewriter	Madison
W. E. Kirk, Typewriter	Racine

(UNDER SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.)

Harry V. Ross, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms	Sparta
E. A. Hanks, Custodian Document Room	Fond du Lac
C. E. Nelson, Assistant Custodian Document Room	Superior
C. F. Puls, P. O. Messenger	Milwaukee
H. S. Stevenson, Night Watchman	Sturgeon Bay
E. Brackenwogen, Night Laborer	Madison
E. F. Wright, Day Police	Cumberland
Francis Lamb, Messenger	Madison
Harry E. Boyle, Messenger	Eau Claire
H. Hawker, Messenger	Forest Junction
A. B. Bonde, Messenger	Madison
A. L. Vogt, Messenger	Kilbourn
Walter F. Vanderhyden, Messenger	Menasha
Harry E. Benedict, Messenger	Neillsville
Frank J. Rief, Messenger	Medford
Lawrence Stoddard, Messenger	Downing
M. A. Goldberg, Messenger	Madison
Julius Hembre, Messenger	Greenwood
Paul E. Slawson, Messenger	Eau Claire
J. A. Jerabeck, Messenger	Algoma
H. O. Femrite, Messenger	Fair Oaks
R. W. Cheever, Post Master	Clinton

LEGISLATIVE REPORTERS.

 SENATE REPORTERS.

C. H. Kelsey	Milwaukee Free Press
W. D. Schoenfeld	Milwaukee Sentinel
W. W. Powell	Milwaukee Journal
J. Winter Everett	Milwaukee Daily News
John F. Pahlke	Milwaukee German's Herald
A. O. Barton	Wisconsin State Journal
S. J. Samelov	Madison Democrat
C. W. Rhodes	Fond du Lac Commonwealth
A. O. Barton	Associated Press
C. A. Worth	La Crosse Chronicle

 ASSEMBLY REPORTERS.

A. O. Worth	Milwaukee Free Press
Geo. P. Mathes	Milwaukee Sentinel
W. W. Powell	Milwaukee Journal
J. Winter Everett	Milwaukee Daily News
John F. Pahlke	Milwaukee Germania Herald
Fred Holmes	Wisconsin State Journal
O. D. Brandenburg	Madison Democrat
C. W. Rhodes	Fond du Lac Commonwealth
Fred Holmes	Associated Press
C. A. Worth	La Crosse Chronicle
Paul Watrous	Evening Wisconsin

PART IV

STATE FINANCES.

TAXES, STATE AND LOCAL.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

WISCONSIN PRESS.

WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES.

STATE FINANCES.

STATEMENT OF THE VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE, AS DETERMINED BY THE TAX COMMISSION FOR 1907, AND THE APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAX AND SPECIAL CHARGES FOR SAID YEAR, COLLECTED IN 1908.

Counties.	Valuation by tax commission.	Interest on certificates of indebtedness.	For free high schools.	For graded schools.	For state university.
Adams	\$6,219,778	\$434 36	\$344 58	\$330 80	\$1,777 03
Ashland	14,161,252	983 96	784 54	753 16	4,046 07
Barron	17,630,616	1,235 43	980 07	940 86	5,054 46
Bayfield	13,734,055	959 13	760 87	760 44	3,924 01
Brown	42,400,849	2,961 71	2,349 52	2,255 54	12,117 10
Buffalo	15,543,007	1,035 45	861 09	826 65	4,440 86
Burnett	4,616,222	322 38	275 74	245 52	1,318 92
Calumet	21,445,491	1,497 66	1,188 09	1,140 57	6,127 23
Chippewa	24,266,261	1,694 65	1,344 36	1,230 59	6,933 22
Clark	26,154,004	1,826 49	1,448 95	1,390 99	7,472 00
Columbia	33,975,732	2,721 89	2,159 27	2,072 90	11,185 92
Crawford	11,806,880	824 54	654 11	627 94	3,373 39
Dane	103,578,287	7,233 45	5,738 28	5,503 75	29,592 79
Dodge	66,948,171	4,675 36	3,703 93	3,560 60	19,128 04
Door	12,008,183	844 83	670 24	643 43	3,476 62
Douglas	38,269,437	2,672 57	2,120 14	2,035 34	10,934 13
Dunn	19,383,266	1,353 99	1,074 12	1,031 15	5,539 50
Eau Claire	22,747,128	1,583 56	1,260 20	1,209 79	6,499 18
Florence	2,878,902	201 05	159 50	153 12	822 54
Fond du Lac	64,353,839	4,494 19	3,565 23	3,422 62	18,386 51
Forest	5,737,835	400 70	317 88	305 16	1,639 38
Grant	46,256,380	3,230 34	2,562 62	2,460 12	13,213 11
Green	36,354,411	2,538 83	2,014 05	1,933 49	10,386 97
Green Lake	19,195,161	1,340 50	1,063 42	1,020 88	5,484 33
Iowa	30,442,239	2,125 95	1,683 51	1,619 05	8,697 78
Iron	4,303,372	300 53	238 41	228 87	1,229 53
Jackson	13,404,878	936 14	742 64	712 93	3,329 96
Jefferson	47,766,484	3,335 80	2,646 28	2,540 43	13,647 55
Juneau	15,860,351	1,107 63	878 67	843 52	4,531 53
Kenosha	30,277,291	2,114 43	1,677 37	1,610 23	8,650 65
Kewaunee	14,744,066	1,029 60	816 83	784 15	4,212 59
La Crosse	35,009,836	2,444 93	1,939 57	1,861 98	10,002 82
Lafayette	32,547,299	2,272 96	1,803 13	1,731 02	9,299 13
Langlade	12,231,809	874 22	677 65	650 54	3,414 80
Lincoln	13,665,702	954 35	757 09	726 80	3,901 40
Manitowoc	47,308,950	3,303 85	2,620 93	2,516 10	13,516 84
Marathon	38,091,751	2,660 16	2,110 30	2,025 89	10,883 37
Marquette	22,717,723	1,586 50	1,258 57	1,203 23	6,490 78
Marquette	8,414,469	587 03	466 17	447 52	2,104 14
Milwaukee	432,745,601	30,221 04	23,974 23	23,015 32	123,641 56
Monroe	22,994,402	1,605 33	1,273 00	1,222 94	6,769 83
Oconto	18,011,900	1,259 97	999 53	959 55	5,154 83
Oneida	8,921,638	623 05	494 26	474 50	2,549 04
Outagamie	48,037,506	3,354 73	2,661 10	2,554 85	13,725 02
Ozaukee	19,485,929	1,360 82	1,079 53	1,036 35	5,567 42
Popin	5,742,837	401 05	313 16	305 43	1,640 32
Pierce	17,800,343	1,243 10	986 15	946 70	5,085 82
Polk	15,334,453	1,074 83	852 32	813 22	4,395 56
Portage	18,630,921	1,304 59	1,034 93	993 53	5,337 42
Price	9,036,029	634 53	503 37	483 24	2,596 01
Racine	54,493,035	3,805 56	3,018 94	2,893 18	15,569 45

STATEMENT OF THE VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE AS DETERMINED BY THE TAX COMMISSION FOR 1907, AND THE APPORTIONMENT OF THE TAX AND SPECIAL CHARGES FOR SAID YEAR, COLLECTED IN 1808—Continued.

Counties.	Valuation by tax commission.	Interest on certificates of indebtedness.	For free high schools.	For graded schools.	For state university.
Richland	17,330,895	1,210 32	960 14	921 73	4,951 08
Rock	67,622,471	4,722 45	3,746 31	3,593 46	19,320 70
Rusk	7,018,978	490 17	388 85	378 50	2,005 42
St. Croix	24,428,227	1,705 96	1,353 32	1,299 20	6,979 49
Sauk	35,685,764	2,492 14	1,977 02	1,897 93	10,195 03
Sawyer	5,234,006	365 52	289 97	278 37	1,495 43
Shawano	20,833,080	1,454 89	1,154 16	1,107 99	5,952 31
Sheboygan	53,418,094	3,730 48	2,959 38	2,841 02	15,232 31
Taylor	11,037,752	772 92	613 16	583 63	3,102 21
Trempealeau	18,347,936	1,281 34	1,016 48	975 82	5,242 27
Vernon	23,733,767	1,657 46	1,314 86	1,262 27	6,781 07
Vilas	6,954,812	485 69	385 30	369 30	1,987 09
Walworth	46,212,221	3,227 26	2,560 18	2,457 77	13,203 41
Washburn	4,982,907	347 98	276 06	265 01	1,422 69
Washington	30,323,047	2,110 99	1,674 65	1,607 66	8,636 68
Waukesha	47,311,516	3,304 03	2,621 08	2,516 23	13,517 57
Waupaca	25,193,879	1,759 43	1,395 75	1,339 92	7,193 25
Waushara	14,628,979	1,021 62	810 45	778 03	4,179 71
Winnebago	60,031,583	4,193 53	3,329 10	3,195 94	17,169 02
Wood	22,944,757	1,602 36	1,271 15	1,220 30	6,555 04
Total	\$2,256,300,000	\$157,570 00	\$125,000 00	\$120,000 00	\$944,657 00



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SUPERIOR.

STATEMENT OF THE VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN FOR 1907.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	For normal schools.	For common schools.	Total tax rate per cent. (.0011743065).	SPECIAL CHARGES.		
				Chronic Insane.	Northern Hospital.	State Hospital.
Adams	\$34 02	\$2,802 52	\$7.3 3 36	\$1,021 65	\$ 6 61	\$4.4 7
Ashtaband	1,443 55	8,657 61	16,673 89	2,802 4	1,533 99	.....
Barron	1,832 32	10,815 32	20,3 9 46	3,884 96	.....	1,587 64
Bayfield	1,460 02	8,896 44	16,470 91	3,541 5	1,6 6 13	.....
Brown	4,323 12	25,927 66	47, 54 61	95 21	2,168 23	.....
Buffalo	1,534 40	9,502 36	15,60 81	2,307 31	.....	1,168 23
Burnett	470 56	2,822 17	5,435 39	1,110 9	54 61	5 6 7
Calumet	2,135 03	13,110 93	25,2 0 53	2,429 9	615 09	.....
Chippewa	2,443 63	14,825 41	23,571 86	.....	.....	1,743 41
Clark	2,666 06	15,930 55	30,794 64	2,331 23	1 0 29	1, 9 14
Columbia	3,973 06	23,8 8 13	45,3 1 22	.....	150 91	1,121 54
Crawford	1,203 56	7,218 25	13,901 77	3,509 29	.....	971 4
Dane	10,553 44	63,223 51	121,976 16	.....	242 79	3,743 76
Dodge	6,8 4 43	40,529 39	78,528 81	.....	2, 95 79	5 5
Door	1,233 25	7,396 31	14,241 76	2,657 76	63 61	.....
Douglas	3,901 07	23,3 6 30	45,099 64	5,134 51	10 60	3,203 94
Dunn	1,976 83	11,853 20	22,328 31	.....	91 91	1,582 21
Eau Claire	2,318 77	13,936 67	26,783 1	8 14	.....	1,151 56
Florence	293 47	1,760 04	3,330 72	333 45	165 53	.....
Fond du Lac	6,560 03	39,343 33	75,7 2 1	.....	2,123 62	.....
Forest	534 90	3,507 83	6,751 99	171 89	204 5	.....
Grant	4,715 23	28,279 2	54,463 67	.....	.....	2,423 45
Green	3,705 85	22,225 61	42,314 89	.....	28 07	9 8 81
Green Lake	1,956 09	11,765 11	22,600 95	1,247 13	604 58	.....
Iowa	3,103 13	18,611 15	35,843 62	.....	1 48	740 81
Iron	438 64	2,650 91	5,066 92	1, 9 7	1,058 55	.....
Jackson	1,266 45	8,195 30	15,733 12	2,9 6 11	37 39	9 6 21
Jefferson	4,3 9 16	29,22 48	56,241 71	2 1 7	1,291 08	123 21
Juneau	1, 16 75	9,636 37	18,674 47	4,787 77	.....	1,2 3 0
Kenosha	3,985 17	18,510 39	35,640 30	3,388 21	921 43	.....
Kewaunee	1, 02 93	9,013 92	17,3 0 11	2,758 51	795 03	.....
La Crosse	3,763 83	21,403 62	41,321 72	.....	.....	2,978 14
Lafayette	3,217 77	19,838 03	33,3 2 10	2,713 65	1 0 70	1,308 3
Langlade	1,246 87	7,473 03	14,402 11	2,012 60	1,321 83	.....
Lincoln	1,373 01	8,351 65	16,0 0 42	2,6 2 91	1,0 9 73	114 63
Manitowoc	4,822 52	28,922 77	55, 0 61	158 36	2,686 53	93 41
Marathon	3,882 95	23,287 75	44,850 0	.....	3,136 34	.....
Marquette	2,315.77	13,888 69	26,748 4	1,062 89	1,730 16	.....
Marquette	857 75	5,141 28	9,977 49	2,212 15	400 53	.....
Milwaukee	11,112 70	254,533 05	509,527 95	.....	482 49	55 07
Monroe	2,343 98	14,057 84	27,074 32	.....	46 49	997 43
Oconto	1,350 13	11,030 03	21,213 09	5,061 56	2,191 24	.....
Oneida	909 44	5,454 33	10, 04 62	1,161 61	6 7 42	.....
Outagamie	4,893 81	29,363 09	56,5 0 93	.....	1, 33 97	.....
Ozaukee	1,283 33	11,912 99	21,9 3 5	4,089 21	750 89	.....
Pepin	535 42	3,570 91	6, 61 82	1,471 52	.....	416 6
Pierce	1,314 57	10,382 41	20,958 70	3,065 42	.....	545 74
Polk	1,568 24	9,405 43	18,114 15	3,172 89	.....	1,278 14
Portage	1,904 27	11,420 73	21,995 49	6, 16 29	1,974 27	.....
Price	926 20	5,551 83	10,398 18	1,951 21	791 33	78 1
Racine	5,754 53	23,314 85	64,161 83	.....	1,309 41	.....
Richland	1,766 66	10,595 40	20,405 93	.....	.....	389 97
Rock	6,832 22	41,841 62	79,620 77	.....	219 25	2,893 59
Rusk	713 49	4,241 12	8,264 35	4 3 15	101 4	1,1 2 0
St. Croix	2,400 14	14,934 42	28,762 54	92 63	76 21	1, 14 3
Sauk	3,657 69	21,8 6 82	42,017 53	.....	.....	1,79 42
Sawyer	523 54	3,199 86	6,162 69	530 24	.....	154 66
Shawano	2,123 66	12,726 50	24,529 51	2,797 16	1,561 83	.....
Sheboygan	5,445 7	22,657 65	62,896 11	.....	3,065 04	.....
Taylor	1,138 21	6,763 37	13,031 50	2,757 67	741 57	.....
Trempealeau	1,579 33	11,217 18	21,693 42	.....	.....	1,142 97
Vernon	2,419 34	14,599 36	27,944 85	.....	.....	1,769 55
Vilas	703 95	4,251 89	8,183 81	9 5 75	260 16	.....
Walworth	4,710 73	28,252 27	54,411 70	.....	51 2	1,456 32
Washburn	507 94	3,046 35	5,867 03	727 23	81 50	630 61
Washington	2,681 5	18,480 20	35,591 43	.....	1,446 70	18 77
Waukesha	4,321 78	28,921 42	55,706 03	.....	1,2 0 67	.....
Waupaca	2,563 18	15,402 51	29,664 04	41 72	1,321 85	.....
Waushara	1,491 23	8,943 56	17,224 60	1,935 6	764 26	.....
Winnebago	6,124 54	36,737 55	70,753 68	.....	3 0 49	.....
Wood	2,338 92	14,027 49	27,015 89	2,965 91	1,176 88	.....
Total	\$230,900 00	\$1,379,110 00	1, 6, 3. 00	\$1,983 94	\$3,704 9	16,071 5

STATEMENT OF THE VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF
THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN FOR
1937.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	SPECIAL CHARGES.					Grand total.
	Home for feeble minded.	Industrial school for boys.	Total charitable and penal.	Special loans.	School district loans.	
Adams	\$610 41		\$2,124 04		\$1,529 01	\$10,976 41
Ashland	722 48	\$456 81	5,582 92	\$5,522 4	583 75	23,303 0
Barron	861 51	221 25	6,651 36	6,031 47	8,433 74	42,051 03
Bayfield	433 43	104 28	5,727 19	1,915 00		23,513 10
Brown	2,162 43	457 25	4,891 12	9,872 00	939 56	65,681 3
Buffalo	432 84		3,893 51		2,318 92	24,598 54
Burnett	103 21	63 71	1,987 52		1,881 33	8,655 4
Calumet	31 04		3,076 04		3,745 42	32,022 01
Chippewa	1,478 33	145 85	3,370 64	10,922 92	4,513 33	47,471 73
Clark	636 32	179 12	5,169 01	4,701 54	8,300 54	43,549 73
Columbia	1,193 31		2,494 86	1,311 00	4,061 27	54,232 55
Crawford	1,229 09	163 83	5,875 68	1,330 00	3,775 49	24,333 96
Dane	3,024 10	686 66	7,697 31	16,779 00	11,411 03	157,830 3
Dodge	355 93	52 14	3,635 41		5,785 23	83,647 57
Door	1,203 33	87 27	4,638 17	8,138 50	1,632 35	23,704 78
Douglas	1,161 74	305 09	9,935 58	3,832 16	535 00	59,412 78
Dunn	1,318 64	211 26	3,204 12	8,395 01	1,596 01	26,033 8
Eau Claire	1,712 65	54 56	2,956 83	12,957 47	5,138 43	47,835 96
Florence	108 21	156 42	708 61	749 00	297 00	5,014 93
Fond du Lac	1,705 43	139 85	4,033 95	1,320 00	2,523 34	83,741 50
Forest			332 40	6,324 67		18,432 97
Grant	1,509 51	40 69	3,973 65	13,437 57	7,774 47	79,649 33
Green	580 26	12 85	1,549 99	1,315 00	915 81	46,735 1
Green Lake	286 07		2,137 83		2,136 72	52,795 33
Iowa	401 11		1,163 34	12,858 50	2,930 42	12,679 83
Iron	221 16	80 56	2,960 04	2,338 23	2,241 16	52,795 33
Jackson	1,110 77	83 56	5,127 07	1,709 72	2,815 10	21,051 1
Jefferson	1,011 76	235 12	2,682 74		713 80	59,433 25
Juneau	1,062 50	72 14	7,196 11	2,058 16	4,343 36	32,171 00
Kenosha	757 47	189 11	5,456 72		320 00	41,426 12
Kewaunee	717 33		4,270 92	5,943 00	2,132 15	59,366 8
La Crosse	1,569 78	607 65	5,156 07		1,103 17	47,439 66
Lafayette	217 00		4,411 03	2,320 75	3,013 84	43,667 87
Langlade	284 74	162 99	3,772 16	3,106 50	1,327 43	22,548 25
Lincoln	631 17	145 41	4,563 88		52 71	21,167 01
Manitowoc	1,547 47	37 98	4,594 25	293 75	2,700 22	63,110 23
Marathon	1,909 21	129 26	5,224 81	5,743 50	6,800 38	63,059 49
Marinette	1,086 84	802 88	4,741 57	4,463 99	2,613 91	33,665 42
Marquette	317 89	43 55	2,979 53		533 28	38,430 25
Milwaukee	11,327 83	5,495 61	17,361 00	360 00	8,736 06	525,422 21
Monroe	1,163 87	147 70	2,555 54		3,010 59	24,500 05
Oconto	973 83	260 11	8,494 79	5,827 27	5,993 39	41,334 04
Oneida	649 26	223 41	2,671 73	5,911 21	150 00	13,590 64
Outagamie	1,244 24	332 63	3,063 89	10 00	6,077 35	61,407 17
Ozaukee	216 42	52 14	5,117 66		3,057 32	31,413 33
Pepin	216 42	32 14	2,136 54		1,370 95	10,169 31
Pierce	614 05	78 69	4,313 99		913 60	26,191 21
Polk	915 64	92 99	5,459 86	211 00	3,171 79	27,037 80
Portage	1,728 63	126 11	10,291 35	10,730 00	3,283 34	46,205 18
Price	331 13	61 85	3,128 18		4,151 51	18,476 67
Racine	1,015 97	454 66	3,271 04		3,390 83	70,823 75
Richland	649 26	62 71	1,251 94	1,833 33	3,371 14	27,492 51
Rock	1,672 94	437 96	5,228 74		2,339 03	37,678 64
Rusk	789 91	98 83	2,604 58	2,030 00	2,533 31	15,593 71
St. Croix	1,420 20	149 49	3,252 89		5,373 77	37,289 20
Sauk	1,106 63	123 84	3,038 55		2,340 19	47,886 47
Sawyer	103 21		771 61	5,175 00		12,109 30
Shawano	1,149 37	52 14	5,560 70	2,800 00	7,273 10	40,551 51
Sheboygan	1,739 42	367 33	5,171 81		4,321 72	72,839 47
Taylor	1,100 31	170 42	4,832 97		3,338 03	21,712 55
Trempealeau	157 47	58 57	1,959 01	6,435 00	4,362 65	34,360 08
Vernon	1,833 90		3,633 45	573 12	3,051 62	35,153 45
Vilas			1,225 91	622 50		10,037 22
Walworth	304 89	101 71	2,517 24	2,915 75	3,616 50	63,461 19
Washburn	134 39		1,618 73	3,333 50	4,955 13	14,839 49
Washington	819 66	25 71	2,334 81		214 00	33,140 27
Waukesha	624 94	192 26	2,037 87			57,743 90
Waupaca	1,839 37	124 42	3,827 62	7,402 50	4,353 09	45,747 23
Waushara	324 63	15 71	3,040 21	323 00	5,469 05	29,251 96
Winnebago	2,475 59	801 07	6,271 15	1,250 00	952 47	79,227 50
Wood	1,263 52	136 27	5,547 58	2,994 00	2,312 79	33,370 27
Total	\$77,677 39	\$16,331 68	\$293,473 87	\$217,715 45	\$220,634 01	\$3,330,030 23

* The grand total includes special charges for re-assessment under chapter 239, laws of 1905, collected as follows: Rusk county, \$118.75; Marathon county, \$10.00; Richland county, \$367.57; Shawano county, \$382.00.

STATEMENT OF COUNTY TAXES FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1917.

Counties.	Valuation of all property by assessors.	Assessed valuation of all property by county boards.	Current expenses.	Public buildings.	Pave-ments and sewers.
Adams	\$4,430,026	\$5,046,529	\$4,960 87		
Ashland	11,841,283	11,664,071	16,685 01	\$1,000 00	\$2,737 6
Barron	11,582,770	11,935,600	31,292 43	355 00	
Bayfield	8,325,609	8,400,794	40,132 61	1,530 00	
Brown	28,885,772	29,387,469	37,213 46	6,295 27	23,223 57
Buffalo	12,263,631	14,169,957	15,718 11		
Burnett	2,667,973	3,189,619	9,195 94		
Calumet	18,976,041	21,244,916	16,134 08		
Chippewa	16,570,318	16,850,869	34,600 07	5,075 00	17,030 00
Clark	20,125,013	19,836,040	27,116 85	1,000 00	1,220 00
Columbia	30,673,641	37,000,000	47,854 16		2,455 59
Crawford	7,276,387	9,468,234	13,042 11	1,350 00	
Dane	71,275,577	85,838,919	122,252 37		76,037 46
Dodge	44,203,441	44,215,951	49,049 01	1,231 74	1,630 00
Door	7,519,860	8,296,500	17,239 81	730 17	13,155 62
Douglas	22,259,479	22,238,265	78,633 21	500 00	3,800 00
Dunn	10,705,833	13,297,265	27,912 53		1,450 08
Eau Claire	17,568,447	19,351,943	69,038 15	5,970 00	11,532 00
Florence	1,982,819	1,982,819	7,200 09	530 00	
Fond du Lac	46,481,936	56,658,838	131,875 43	33,353 03	
Forest	4,672,833	4,500,000	18,927 52	3,530 00	
Grant	34,613,044	35,734,441	50,581 73	500 00	5,640 7
Green	22,822,713	27,166,695	38,038 43	53 00	4,07 00
Green Lake	11,965,559	14,050,000	10,311 3	1,500 00	
Iowa	20,432,245	21,953,347	38,207 06		
Iron	2,741,042	4,025,000	10,927 47	3,850 00	500 00
Jackson	9,854,352	10,302,200	19,954 35		1,030 00
Jefferson	29,981,131	29,981,131	70,756 10	1,032 98	3,809 00
Juneau	9,583,041	9,574,093	20,878 06	2,030 00	2,030 00
Kenosha	28,363,217	16,461,795	21,220 00		8,500 00
Kewaunee	9,384,656	11,383,679	12,014 20		
La Crosse	29,459,381	31,446,386	57,698 96	2,000 00	7,300 00
Lafayette	22,315,949	22,375,908	38,210 01		1,056 87
Langlade	10,582,331	12,351,430	20,452 00	614 25	1,200 00
Lincoln	10,406,126	10,444,320	38,585 07	1,000 00	1,835 23
Manitowoc	33,737,490	33,955,295	32,620 35		15,980 13
Marathon	21,114,610	31,047,000	59,153 49	1,903 16	1 50
Marquette	13,314,747	13,314,747	52,297 96	800 00	22,480 61
Milwaukee	6,143,014	7,112,037	9,005 91	2,000 00	
Monroe	253,709,490	258,711,203	2,736,171 3		175,153 86
Oconto	13,846,999	13,621,160	34,745 03	1,900 00	6,000 00
Ontonagon	10,768,363	13,455,750	21,726 74	87 50	1,751 58
Oneida	5,900,644	10,000,000	15,333 61	2,700 00	4,000 00
Outagamie	36,214,175	43,409,700	38,415 31	2,375 03	9,688 78
Ozaukee	15,666,912	13,837,000	13,337 03	3 00	
Pepin	3,203,175	5,108,548	11,631 13		
Pierce	11,567,158	12,976,747	21,079 38		
Polk	9,755,042	11,973,349	19,704 82	475 0	1,065 9
Portage	12,634,568	17,379,068	11,119 78	200 00	11,000 00
Price	6,922,333	7,719,112	19,93 15	1,430 00	
Racine	36,945,270	15,000,000	9,417 38		8,576 47
Richland	10,472,164	10,471,304	32,812 44	1,500 00	
Rock	47,544,370	53,000,000	54,039 33	4,9 3 78	16,342 66
Rusk	5,213,044	5,334,013	11,551 80	500 00	
St. Croix	15,019,850	17,081,800	40,373 48		
Sauk	23,438,190	27,779,622	23,377 50	835 00	3,219 65
Sawyer	4,630,481	4,695,039	15,353 67	2,2 0 00	152 75
Shawano	13,284,236	13,343,000	17,465 0	4 59	2,500 00
Sheboygan	41,514,370	45,000,000	51,091 03	6,120 00	17,187 54
Taylor	6,554,261	7,402,440	27,019 31	1,7 0 00	207 00
Trempealeau	13,671,125	15,856,638	25,170 61	730 00	3 4 2
Vernon	16,023,181	17,354,002	46,555 05	1,590 00	
Vilas	3,091,365	5,000,000	9,930 00		
Walworth	33,012,331	43,142,000	63,720 63	3,325 95	3,030 00
Washburn	3,207,340	2,737,939	7,831 78	150 00	
Washington	23,592,506	23,592,506	17,506 57		
Waukesha	26,222,182	40,539,454	54,330 61		
Waupaca	19,694,744	21,912,000	48,715 47	1,275 00	
Waushara	10,455,664	10,476,254	12,943 52		
Winnebago	44,291,459	52,962,000	55,756 44	700 00	4,361 79
Wood	15,649,564	14,233,000	00,073 48	1,210 00	6,342 87
Total	\$1,529,192,663	\$1,653,600,742	\$5,056,022 51	\$18,057 49	\$518,716 3

STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES,
1907—Continued.

Counties.	Water works.	Lighting plants.	Police Departments.	Fire departments.	Hydrant rentals.	Support of P. O. R.
Adams						
Ashland			\$7,000 00	\$15,500 00	\$17,150 00	
Barron	\$137 70	\$252 42				\$1,151 11
Barfield	700 09	533 00	1,200 00	97 50	5,000 00	2,600 00
Brown				6,500 00	13,500 00	2,300 00
Buffalo						719 54
Burnett		890 00				1,315 00
Calumet						1,240 00
Chippewa	3,336 53			13,950 00		
Clark	130 03					2,400 00
Columbia	1,331 67	2,223 33	1,090 00	2,100 00	1,440 00	
Crawford	750 09					
Dane	530 09		15,500 00	26,241 09	6 50	
Dodge	1,195 16		500 00	1,000 00	6,000 00	1,455 77
Door						475 00
Douglas	425 00	16,300 00	25,973 09	58,300 00	21,335 00	
Dunn				7,600 30		907 50
Eau Claire					17,500 00	1,000 00
Florence						500 00
Fond du Lac		6,260 64		220 00	4,900 00	9,851 01
Forest			1,300 00			820 00
Grant	1,490 03	6,516 92	7,210 09	951 00	4,550 03	3,300 00
Green	5,930 00	203 00	2,120 00	250 00		
Green Lake		1,030 09			4,500 00	2,130 00
Iowa	1,255 14	1,500 00	510 09			
Iron	1,500 00	2,100 00	3,750 00	2,750 00	3,300 00	500 00
Jackson	600 00					1,025 00
Jefferson	2,733 14	131 90	500 00	270 00		
Juneau	1,400 00	437 12				
Kenosha			4,000 00	5,500 00	9,201 00	1,863 33
Kewaunee		2,178 60		1,480 00		290 00
La Crosse	18,100 09	703 00	24,100 00	43,000 00		
Lafayette	1,414 00	2,600 00				82 55
Langlade			3,000 00	5,000 00	5,785 00	3,686 00
Lincoln		6,100 03	5,020 00	8,400 00	7,210 00	1 00
Manitowoc	500 00		6,900 00	12,000 00	12,000 00	7,704 00
Marathon			510 09			1,851 61
Marinette	287 00	450 00	6,713 88	12,663 04	9,923 75	12,983 31
Marquette						250 00
Milwaukee	8,764 21		518,000 00	644,430 09		
Monroe		2,528 00	1,200 00			
Dconto				1,830 00	7,600 00	1,912 00
Oneida	16,000 00	3,692 22	2,550 00	5,400 00		
Outagamie			3,625 00	9,000 00	22,760 00	5,872 00
Ozaukee						675 00
Pepin						500 00
Pierce	500 00					1,000 00
Polk	210 00	265 09				3,150 00
Portage			2,400 00	7,000 00	6,100 00	4,450 00
Price	2,453 33	2,441 02				550 00
Racine			16,000 00	33,600 00	20,700 00	100 00
Richland						
Rock	2,452 75	3,590 10	6,080 00	23,800 00	11,900 00	
Rusk	1,086 03	820 00				672 65
St. Croix	1,522 09	1,629 85	1,039 50	117 99		543 55
Sauk	3,430 00		2,500 00	1,200 00		
Sawyer	2,090 00					150 00
Shawano	450 00	915 00	1,500 00	890 00	1,000 00	2,300 00
Sheboygan	59,732 46	3,750 00	10,000 00	24,223 10	3,048 54	850 00
Taylor	550 00	850 00	600 00			1,741 00
Trempealeau					850 00	3,785 00
Vernon	390 00	587 50				
Vilas	5,100 00	6,600 00		500 00		250 00
Walworth	3,550 00	4,440 00				
Washburn		75 00				1,022 10
Washington	2,250 00					70 00
Waukesha		8,300 00	3,000 00	7,900 00	2,000 00	1,194 31
Waupaca	5,081 84	2,145 00	1,800 00	1,175 00		475 00
Waushara		1,200 00				1,950 00
Winnebago		5,403 83	21,050 00	34,100 00	17,750 00	13,142 88
Wood	1,706 09	203 00	4,312 95	000 00	100 00	350 00
Total	\$162,403 96	\$99,031 85	\$713,644 33	\$1,909,511 00	\$50,103 79	\$111,786 19

STATE FINANCES.

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STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES.
1907—Continued.

Counties.	Loans or interest.	School district tax.	Highway tax.	Poll tax.	All other purchases.
Adams	\$411 89	\$14,475 11	\$ 2,233 29	\$1,675 00	\$3,223 82
Ashland	42,844 59	92,222 38	15,582 56		11,270 40
Barron	10,836 50	62,063 61	29,714 81	3,103 00	12,533 73
Bayfield	10,816 50	61,555 00	24,123 27		10,557 72
Brown	4,900 00	57,236 84	56,09 77	2,036 50	98,518 22
Buffalo	1,190 00	28,557 78	18,300 08	3,403 64	6,231 16
Burnett	656 56	19,125 03	17,232 58	1,816 50	5,442 25
Calumet	783 00	25,538 74	31,128 33	867 50	11,159 57
Chippewa	22,015 66	43,825 08	29,862 2	1,305 00	33,911 62
Clark	3,675 15	11,001 51	47,411 70	3,020 50	17,227 68
Columbia	16,037 30	71,443 84	58,491 86	3,432 00	18,935 33
Crawford	2,400 00	23,633 00	18,280 23	1,841 50	5,928 88
Dane	96,934 48	151,491 41	60,641 27	12,700 26	63,252 87
Dodge	14,740 27	75,225 75	60,610 00	3,445 00	26,665 87
Door	666 50	23,463 57	21,006 40	3,043 21	8,371 2
Douglas	17,796 27	246,500 53	25,533 12	7 00	75,138 23
Dunn	1,525 74	35,023 00	27,946 23	2,861 50	62,272 55
Eau Claire	29,492 98	102,939 87	45,115 25	1,583 00	27,411 78
Florence	2,270 00	19,023 03	9,200 00		1,000 00
Fond du Lac	20,254 25	111,552 61	46,543 31	3,030 00	20,581 75
Forest		55,200 00	14,275 00		5,430 00
Grant	7,069 00	90,830 70	52,935 51	5,715 00	43,034 16
Green	2,020 00	71,533 01	26,499 85	1,470 00	13,923 60
Green Lake	14,355 00	31,816 30	19,192 91	1,009 00	4,727 00
Iowa	1,580 00	56,187 01	28,595 83	2,88 50	14,213 17
Iron	4,200 00	36,475 00	18,931 01		2,422 68
Jackson	3,056 00	32,153 34	27,038 00	1,608 00	11,830 40
Jefferson	18,151 41	73,758 37	37,742 64	2,365 50	15,282 44
Juneau	111 12	45,369 35	22,419 95	1,822 00	9,780 53
Kenosha		60,064 63	11,009 96	160 00	34,558 87
Kewaunee	1,250 00	23,998 24	10,452 72	1,819 71	5,000 71
La Crosse	76,325 09	21,910 98	14,181 34	805 85	47,315 01
Lafayette	1,638 46	54,578 94	25,646 23	1,732 00	13,371 37
Langlade	1,770 00	50,407 66	22,034 31	1,240 50	22,387 36
Lincoln	11,951 00	57,893 24	20,411 55	5,674 94	12,872 43
Manitowoc	15,421 50	100,177 11	51,323 96	3,8 72	37,189 82
Marathon	17,245 08	101,295 85	53,309 32	4,001 65	78,755 33
Marinette	5,629 49	78,106 25	29,011 57	380 00	10,084 62
Marquette	201 18	16,300 33	13,163 11	2,113 00	8,41 91
Milwaukee	27,257 70	113,939 71	61,973 00	2,97 50	44,238 41
Monroe	5,520 00	57,534 70	33,186 44	2,960 00	20,391 49
Oconto	5,604 49	29,918 65	27,631 63	2,881 56	38,905 37
Oneida	9,217 60	52,489 32	24,530 87	6 00	12,794 85
Outagamie	99,239 00	109,293 53	40,871 53	4,225 75	46,451 22
Ozaukee	5,240 00	26,594 00	22,867 91	1,214 00	16,071 74
Pepin		15,953 05	9,650 51	1,474 50	1,232 44
Pierce	5,839 51	57,493 23	30,142 50	3,342 50	23,655 83
Polk	2,836 50	39,583 87	34,544 18	3,037 50	10,051 21
Portage	4,629 00	52,777 48	21,351 83	3,38 04	15,031 13
Price	1,276 60	49,799 98	33,105 80	774 00	12,007 68
Racine	62,013 60	30,931 50	30,555 52	403 00	85,400 8
Richland		40,212 18	25,581 31	2,586 50	28,071 42
Rock	2,475 60	143,085 35	40,033 36	2,233 00	106,951 55
Rusk	5,400 00	51,921 82	40,155 63	440 00	12,337 77
St. Croix	2,212 08	64,664 77	34,033 61	2,793 00	10,579 86
Sauk	14,213 20	82,451 10	33,030 60	3,929 50	34,103 71
Sawyer	2,271 52	49,059 00	49,743 75		1,000 00
Shawano	1,155 00	41,279 34	51,223 25	16,101 29	14,077 78
Sheboygan	17,701 05	81,176 42	51,804 02	4,025 36	40,532 01
Taylor	4,777 00	47,229 56	33,711 41	925 00	16,984 00
Trempealeau	7,443 33	37,292 30	50,093 0	4,537 75	31,900 21
Vernon	1,959 00	51,033 43	29,594 03	5,074 73	21,419 55
Vilas		21,799 00	14,820 00		7,652 00
Walworth	4,775 00	116,211 72	33,423 60	2,222 00	12,797 51
Washington	99 04	29,493 36	13,313 27	895 50	4 433 43
Waukesha	1,575 00	34,833 77	43,239 05	2,470 50	11,031 23
Waupaca	2,256 95	73,899 25	52,567 54	1,836 00	17,37 52
Waushara	3,224 50	56,811 70	41,704 41	3,153 50	15,093 48
Wausara		32,369 23	21,077 58	3 000 00	5 467 00
Winnebago	64,484 71	151,524 41	85 493 13	2 410 50	63 423 43
Wood	19,859 00	71,382 58	22,238 30	3,269 45	13,871 50
Total	\$837,314 11	\$1,276,281 70	\$2,293,268 61	\$176,000 01	\$1,717,593 83

STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES,
1907—Continued.

Counties.	Overrun of tax roll.	Total of town, city and village taxes.	Counties.	Overrun of tax roll.	Total of town, city and village taxes.
Adams	\$74 09	\$37,054 97	Manitowoc	166 05	303,853 69
Ashland	672 27	223,214 77	Marathon	785 18	319,792 20
Barroon	502 20	152,075 31	Marinette	314 41	243,038 20
Bayfield	525 19	160,689 92	Marquette	219 20	52,695 68
Brown	126 98	308,736 11	Milwaukee	363 80	4,358,854 42
Buffalo	282 52	74,530 53	Monroe	494 34	166,435 94
Burnett	95 51	55,009 40	Oconto	444 03	141,036 85
Calumet	214 04	87,035 26	Oneida	319 20	143,973 17
Chippewa	901 42	210,997 07	Outagamie	1,632 89	394,044 82
Clark	588 72	164,761 51	Ozaukee	51 59	86,371 31
Columbia	39 52	206,958 00	Pepin	299 27	40,621 15
Crawford	636 33	67,893 14	Pierce	158 16	143,154 20
Dane	1,114 59	626,721 01	Polk	339 06	114,379 53
Dodge	906 10	243,934 17	Portage	295 65	136,711 81
Door	75 44	82,100 94	Price	673 11	128,496 90
Douglas	697 46	523,068 82	Racine	223 75	303,402 90
Dunn	167 64	167,014 82	Richland	84 37	126,193 22
Eau Claire	318 31	312,030 34	Rock	654 10	433,267 73
Florence	5 74	39,711 74	Rusk	2,237 83	127,936 63
Fond du Lac	128 78	333,538 83	St. Croix	81 42	157,333 67
Forest	132 62	79,535 14	Sauk	1,013 20	213,254 86
Grant	773 07	284,707 95	Sawyer	292 24	114,637 43
Green	299 90	171,254 83	Shawano	973 53	152,193 81
Green Lake	83 66	91,205 29	Sheboygan	539 11	384,430 64
Iowa	323 87	144,835 58	Taylor	275 07	136,433 67
Iron	62 06	90,518 52	Trempealeau	126 46	143,424 32
Jackson	301 48	101,707 47	Vernon	660 51	161,470 73
Jefferson	174 89	226,772 47	Vilas	872 81	66,674 81
Juneau	116 53	105,703 83	Walworth	184 66	28,446 24
Kenosha	85 26	159,123 75	Washburn	650 54	58,218 67
Kewaunee	125 83	77,729 46	Washington	338 20	113,511 22
La Crosse	117 59	313,534 73	Waukesha	283 03	220,435 26
Lafayette	547 69	141,103 52	Waupaca	593 95	131,478 35
Langlade	463 79	133,079 87	Waushara	94 59	78,122 52
Lincoln	252 27	194,200 73	Winnebago	52 28	556,693 45
			Wood	425 06	205,978 19
			Total	\$28,966 05	\$17,481,511 43

STATE FINANCES.

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STATEMENT OF COUNTY TAXES FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1907.

Counties.	For county purposes.	County school tax.	Salary of supt. schools.	Total county taxes (excl. of town, city and village taxes)
Adams	\$15,733 92	\$6,939 68		\$22,723 00
Ashland	30,761 65	16,403 11	\$1,177 46	107,342 52
Barron	31,892 92	24,474 83	1,103 00	57,467 75
Bayfield	63,603 34	10,778 02	1,200 00	75,587 36
Brown	58,575 67	33,582 31	1,207 08	93,885 06
Buffalo	17,250 00	15,000 00		32,750 00
Burnett	15,288 06	9,325 00		24,613 06
Calumet	15,124 49	13,414 04		28,538 53
Chippewa	53,832 65	24,975 58	1,591 19	80,201 32
Clark	62,969 34	24,969 65	403 00	88,333 99
Columbia	48,840 00	23,005 55	1,665 00	72,511 55
Crawford	20,800 00	13,115 12	1,300 00	35,115 12
Dane	69,442 29	49,830 00	2,100 10	121,962 39
Dodge	49,516 59	39,568 65	1,409 00	84,485 24
Door	20,440 74	15,483 88	1,650 00	36,977 62
Douglas	147,975 33	23,822 51	1,351 03	173,147 84
Dunn	36,406 99	21,163 34	1,000 00	58,570 33
Eau Claire	52,343 70	26,005 00	930 00	79,318 70
Florence	14,557 59		240 00	14,797 59
Fond du Lac	93,500 00	35,330 00	1,200 00	129,930 00
Forest	23,719 23	3,483 77	800 00	28,003 00
Grant	66,206 90	25,801 88	1,200 00	93,208 78
Green	28,760 03	14,540 73	1,000 00	44,300 76
Green Lake	18,202 67	12,677 59	1,443 75	31,324 01
Iowa	25,600 00	16,712 03	930 00	43,242 03
Iron	35,570 58	11,877 00	700 00	48,147 58
Jackson	32,591 26	14,265 00		46,856 26
Jefferson	46,477 22	25,003 80	1,633 93	73,114 01
Juneau	37,125 07	15,634 19	957 14	53,716 60
Kenosha	35,501 41	20,274 00	1,000 00	57,005 41
Kewaunee	18,145 00	13,600 31		31,745 31
La Crosse	96,837 00	32,338 37	1,300 00	130,475 37
Lafayette	27,583 91	14,746 15	1,400 00	43,730 06
Langlade	50,935 14	12,804 22	1,000 00	65,529 36
Lincoln	65,478 75	17,778 00	1,000 00	84,256 75
Manitowoc	79,600 00	31,551 10	1,400 00	112,551 10
Marathon	91,200 00	43,835 33	2,400 00	137,435 33
Marinette	97,170 10	25,561 00		122,731 10
Marquette	15,600 00	8,731 14	930 00	25,261 14
Milwaukee	845,264 94	274,016 33	2,435 00	1,121,716 37
Monroe	46,545 00	21,740 61		68,291 61
Oconto	27,449 72	20,479 32	900 00	48,829 64
Oneida	32,161 13		1,053 03	33,214 16
Outagamie	39,068 73	36,453 00	1,539 32	77,061 05
Ozaukee	18,000 00	13,346 90	930 00	32,276 90
Pepin	11,787 56	5,928 55		17,716 11
Pierce	42,890 00	17,468 78	1,616 63	61,975 41
Polk	35,360 00	17,050 77		52,410 77
Portage	22,905 22	26,810 75	1,200 00	50,915 97
Price	35,754 99	10,312 34	900 00	46,967 33
Racine	65,858 20	35,490 00	1,333 31	102,701 51
Richland	24,261 90	15,000 00		39,261 90
Rock	73,629 50	30,783 75	2,000 00	111,213 25
Rusk	31,739 71	7,886 43	200 00	40,526 14
St. Croix	32,985 01	21,311 27	2,392 93	53,269 24
Sauk	53,357 77	23,219 54	2,500 99	78,977 71
Sawyer	29,546 63	2,963 32	500 00	33,007 55
Shawano	37,780 77	23,926 86	1,600 00	62,976 63
Sheboygan	56,718 26	41,361 93	1,840 00	99,920 19
Taylor	30,032 11	10,535 44	903 00	41,467 55
Trempealeau	30,435 12	18,600 10	930 00	49,965 22
Vernon	44,776 49	22,106 19	1,500 00	68,382 68
Vilas	27,530 00	9,000 00	500 00	37,030 00
Walworth	55,315 04	18,151 03	1,709 26	75,075 33
Washburn	17,000 00	7,083 00		24,083 00
Washington	24,542 66	18,639 77	1,200 00	44,372 43
Waukesha	76,173 41	22,437 81	2,068 38	101,377 00
Waupaca	51,750 11	24,575 46	1,000 00	77,325 57
Waushara	18,000 00	13,138 95		31,138 95
Winnebago	82,737 31	39,716 30	1,325 50	123,779 11
Wood	44,606 59	25,234 23	1,500 00	71,371 82
Total	\$3,935,213 92	\$1,671,903 12	\$76,416 37	\$5, 83, 993 41

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE COUNTY TAX WAS EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR ENDING ON THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1907.

Counties.	Support of poor.	County bondings.	Railroad a. t.	Roads and bridges.	Salary of county officers.	Court expenses.
Adams	\$2,270 23			\$700 00	\$4,000 00	\$9.9 04
Ashtland	9,110 46	\$1,201 65	\$12,600 24	12,149 80	11,147 83	10,624 00
Barron	2,953 44	500 00		0, 10 00	10,066 62	492 46
Bayfield	1,263 72		\$2,540 32	2, 20 20	12, 60 13	1,494 97
Brown	3,553 29	2,000 00	7,412 50	1, 00 33	20,263 80	8,573 07
Buffalo	1,537 92			2,650 00	3,300 00	1,333 50
Barrett	451 45	638 33		0 00	3,700 00	822 14
Calumet	711 70	256 01			4,300 00	1,389 20
Chippewa	2,000 00	500 00	4,780 00	6, 30 50	13,000 00	2,000 00
Clark	1,623 00			14,149 50	6,200 00	10,000 00
Columbia	15,750 75	6,350 00		1,321 72	10,000 00	4,066 23
Crawford	3,000 00	700 00		1,07 50	6,900 00	2,774 00
Dane	16,276 99			15,937 46	20,164 20	9, 01 11
Dodge	1,039 61	6,818 52		3, 29 47	1, 80 00	6, 00 00
Douglas	590 00	400 00		2,000 00	3,350 00	1,140 12
Dunn	15,312 53	3,079 57		15, 01 10	39,207 15	10, 147 58
Eau Claire	749 01	100 00		12,651 63	7,200 00	
Fond du Lac	550 83	2,000 00		1,630 00	5,916 66	6,137 62
Forest	210 53	1,100 00		6,121 97	4,106 21	513 31
Fond du Lac	1,751 96	6,328 45			17,500 49	12,841 63
Green	69 00			4,498 33	8,544 18	4,740 43
Grant	13,313 53	46 15		26,641 13	7,821 43	4,419 33
Green Lake	2,000 00	1,000 00		4,000 00	5,200 00	3,000 00
Iowa	1,000 00				7,530 00	2,500 00
Iron	4,000 00			4,300 00	5,985 53	1,786 61
Jackson	2,316 77	250 00		2,397 35	6,900 00	3,343 00
Jackson	2,316 96			2,714 6	7,044 2	8,199 99
Jefferson	6,700 00	2,790 00		7,000 00	13,466 00	1,000 00
Juneau	1,073 63			4,663 27	5, 60 00	2,300 00
Kenosha	117 62	1,051 67			9,100 00	8,553 33
Kewaunee	3,132 41			1,350 30	5,379 6	1,129 14
La Crosse	12,000 00	17,275 00		12,300 00	17,000 00	19,000 00
Lafayette	2,131 63	1,553 74		4, 91 35	8,321 51	1,129 40
Langlade	2,123 29	3,000 00		5,150 64	8,041 33	6,322 14
Lincoln	6,839 60			4,162 05	8,750 00	8,000 00
Manitowoc	1,751 51	3,580 62		1,450 10	12,460 30	6,044 21
Marathon	4,930 65			1,613 60	10,000 00	7,000 00
Marquette		29,300 00		5,300 00		
Marquette	462 25	100 00		2,400 00	5,500 00	1,330 21
Milwaukee	40,380 00	31,511 63		6,655 73	23,001 01	7,306 39
Monroe	3,500 00			8,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Oconto	1,878 93	1,561 64			10,250 00	4,238 77
Oncida	2,875 95	3,650 13		538 31	12,314 52	2,400 00
Outagamie	3,615 03	4,200 00		3,430 51	1, 70 99	9, 91 12
Ozaukee	348 25				5,314 41	2, 91 29
Pepin	570 57	125 00		1,917 0	3, 50 00	1,133 06
Pierce	4,560 99	8,410 00		1, 00 00	6, 00 00	2,500 00
Polk	1,225 44	1,439 07		6,474 61	8,183 63	2,128 93
Portage	1,361 20	61 00	5,000 00	300 00	8,800 01	2, 21 54
Price	1,704 05	790 97		5,739 41	9,269 6	3,174 56
Racine	4,036 30			1,114 45	13,300 00	4,387 50
Richland	4,312 51				5, 57 91	2,429 91
Rock	6,730 09	3,500 00	11,000 00	5,814 55	23,015 14	3,310 07
Rusk	1,133 81			4,511 24	6,235 00	1,606 97
St. Croix	2,453 27			3,447 75	0, 00 01	5,312 10
Sauk	13,751 45	9,912 95		5,149 65	6,950 01	4,615 57
St. Vrain	2,781 78	3,561 01		4, 37 00	6,66 53	2,353 97
Shawano	2,314 49	325 00		2,050 00	7,328 33	3,137 89
Sheboygan	3,190 07	2,150 00			14,460 0	7, 71 81
Taylor	1,000 00			7,914 34	7,000 00	5,000 00
Trempealeau	1,413 96	1,263 63		7, 00 00	4,700 00	1,035 71
Vernon	6,954 74			800 00	5,132 43	3,200 6
Vilas	1,667 55				10,000 00	3,370 47
Walworth	13,500 00	25,000 00			11,000 00	3,000 00
Washington	9,500 00	540 00		3,250 00	5,350 00	1,650 00
Waushara	2,063 82	5,625 00			8,317 70	1,337 7
Waushara	2,470 33	15,000 00			11,502 51	1, 00 00
Waupaca	5,447 93			11,331 05	6,431 00	7,281 41
Waushara	1,035 24				4,454 24	2,634 97
Winnebago	4,123 22	8,000 00		5,250 00	19,600 00	8, 00 00
Wood	4,744 54	3,702 03		4,511 25	7,358 65	6,113 13
Total	\$319,292 42	\$300,678 46	\$79,002 06	\$23,327 07	\$304,923 47	\$272,515 04

PURPOSES FOR WHICH COUNTY TAX WAS EXPENDED, 1907—Continued.

Counties.	Sheriffs' accounts.	Jail expenses.	Relief for indigent soldiers.	All other county expenses	Total tax expended.
Adams	\$530 66		\$240 00	\$5,774 11	\$14,544 64
Ashland	5,169 61	\$1,307 91	475 56	9,306 06	73,800 12
Barron	1,509 11		1,234 00	10,032 11	33,438 41
Bayfield	2,787 10	2,142 00	563 22	16,820 01	72,273 33
Brown	3,309 00	1,533 96	1,953 96	35,311 01	93,335 06
Buffalo	1,492 63	20 35		36,031 50	46,635 10
Burnett	919 21		275 00	6,230 00	12,993 74
Calumet	405 85	167 00	1,330 33	4,800 00	13,319 63
Chippewa	6,000 00	290 00	2,000 00	13,444 93	51,054 43
Clark	3,372 55	1,127 00	351 43	10,839 62	49,224 11
Columbia	433 68	676 83	1,343 25	12,203 54	3,706 03
Crawford			800 00	3,244 31	3,774 36
Dane	1,487 23	4,061 73	3,900 00	52,509 17	121,008 40
Dodge	2,561 95	1,313 10	2,000 00	11,740 91	49,516 99
Door	1,002 73	100 00	80 00	3,307 00	15,690 05
Douglas	5,132 00	3,120 00	3,000 00	5,183 41	170,822 31
Dunn			399 99	37,934 70	53,835 13
Eau Claire	4,133 87	5,216 17	3,370 00	22,330 00	52,349 70
Florence	656 68		0 00	4,438 24	17,277 52
Fond du Lac	2,320 74	372 56	4,741 27	30,233 69	80,133 65
Forest	1,714 78		497 55	19,736 15	37,311 12
Grant	5,623 35		2,420 00	23,977 50	89,477 33
Green	2,503 00	100 00	2,000 00	6,121 47	26,524 47
Green Lake			300 00	14,692 67	27,532 67
Iowa	623 03		2,000 00	19,474 38	33,354 63
Iron	1,665 66	2,500 00	133 47	10,109 49	30,357 43
Jackson	3,303 91	31 56	217 43	14,993 43	38,387 30
Jefferson		1,700 00	2,100 00	35,474 01	73,140 61
Juneau	2,912 37		600 00	12,321 22	35,110 89
Kenosha			1,311 72	17,216 55	37,351 99
Kewaunee	539 31	242 36	0 00	6,415 78	19,089 00
La Crosse			2,100 00	13,200 00	34,475 00
Lafayette	1,053 57	1,715 20	1,334 29	12,394 39	34,911 17
Langlade	4,069 31	337 50	1,038 67	12,763 24	42,337 32
Lincoln	3,413 71	26 65	523 75	17,117 09	49,151 24
Manitowoc	3,324 00	1,533 04	1,908 30	30,270 79	139,437 39
Marathon	4,000 00	2,500 00	1,442 40	40,373 39	104,003 82
Marquette			1,400 00	119,613 10	155,863 10
Milwaukee	100 00	25 00	321 00	2,355 93	14,150 19
Monroe	11,336 20		13,142 65	590,458 00	1,011,542 59
Oconto	2,200 00		1,500 00	13,100 00	46,545 00
Ontonagon	610 40	246 23	235 00	7,933 00	26,694 22
Outagamie	2,743 30	770 18	93 00	11,333 77	37,077 46
Ozaukee	2,162 30		3,700 00	51,266 33	58,571 43
Pepin	333 35	524 00	48 00	10,753 74	19,333 63
Pierce	453 11	70 00	110 00	2,461 37	10,143 41
Polk	1,500 00	303 69	500 00	37,000 00	31,400 00
Portage	2,242 22		1,485 00	23,175 94	43,950 94
Price	2,925 70		537 37	10,834 14	33,962 54
Racine	1,435 41	2,401 55	791 12	12,631 33	17,966 59
Richland	7,060 00		3,000 00	34,903 63	63,731 10
Richmond	1,209 35	90 36	936 63	11,703 54	25,832 67
Rock	2,500 00	1,071 36	3,773 00	15,061 32	215,667 91
Rusk	1,481 30	147 49	539 74	11,733 09	32,444 15
St. Croix	4,203 56	1,039 19	752 58	7,778 79	31,941 34
Sauk	1,068 36	954 13	500 00	30,934 72	73,927 11
Sawyer	1,303 23	624 30	195 00	9,734 62	31,727 33
Shawano	1,329 16	779 30	1,304 38	11,293 53	31,733 73
Sheboygan			4,600 00	15,392 17	53,748 26
Taylor	2,000 00		300 00	17,750 61	41,467 55
Trempealeau	1,337 37		1,213 19	11,455 19	10,007 90
Vernon	2,393 41	131 31	1,724 44	47,618 33	7,239 39
Vilas	1,421 79	93 46		15,443 43	31,500 00
Walworth	1,000 00	2,000 00	1,600 00	27,232 03	39,202 03
Washington	2,000 00	50 00	275 00	2,740 00	17,000 00
Washburn	1,237 93	1,120 35	1,050 00	8,545 42	29,970 69
Waushara	6,195 95	3,100 00	2,100 00	23,924 12	79,273 43
Waupaca	4,425 75	290 16	2,110 00	21,501 53	59,402 33
Waupesa		1,634 47	423 67	40,999 54	51,133 53
Winnebago	3,000 00	2,500 00	6,500 00	13,921 73	70,930 00
Wood	4,635 35		38 76	19,300 69	61,153 50
Total	\$138,130 66	\$12,900 10	\$113,733 34	\$2,035,674 47	\$4,700,312 97

TAXES COLLECTED IN THE COUNTIES OF THE STATE, 1907-1908.

Counties.	Total county taxes (excl. of town, city and village taxes).	Total of town, city and village taxes.	Total tax rate per cent. .0017743003.	Total.
Adams	\$22,723 60	\$7,054 97	\$7,335 56	\$37,191 93
Ashland	107,242 22	222,314 77	17,433 83	343,200 83
Barron	57,467 75	152,075 31	29,821 46	239,312 52
Bayfield	75,587 36	160,833 92	16,170 91	232,439 19
Brown	98,885 06	308,716 11	49,544 65	447,075 82
Buffalo	32,750 00	74,539 53	18,003 81	125,581 34
Burnett	24,613 06	55,009 49	5,435 29	85,657 75
Calumet	28,538 53	87,035 26	23,230 78	110,874 37
Chippewa	80,201 22	2 05 07	23,571 16	103,689 15
Clark	83,838 99	164,761 51	30,591 64	281,295 14
Columbia	72,511 55	201,953 60	45,391 22	325,361 37
Crawford	35,115 12	67,898 14	13, 01 79	116,915 05
Dane	121,932 29	623,721 01	111,756 26	870,639 63
Dodge	84,485 24	243,931 17	73,82, 83	407,216 24
Door	26,077 62	89,109 94	14 241 16	110,132 12
Douglas	173,147 84	573,068 82	45 09 61	791,876 10
Dunn	38,835 33	167,014 82	32,8 8 34	213,6 8 49
Eau Claire	79,848 70	312,900 31	2,783 17	4 8, 23 21
Florence	14,797 59	30,711 74	3,339 72	57,809 75
Fond du Lac	129,630 00	383,588 88	75,772 21	504,241 01
Forest	28,000 00	79,535 14	6,755 99	114,291 14
Grant	93,208 78	284,707 55	54,463 61	432,830 12
Green	44,300 76	171,254 88	42,804 82	253,560 14
Green Lake	32,324 01	91,205 39	22,660 93	146,180 23
Iowa	43,212 00	144,835 58	35,843 62	223,891 20
Iron	48,147 58	90,518 52	5,036 92	143,733 02
Jackson	46,856 26	101,707 47	15,733 32	164,347 65
Jefferson	73,140 01	223,772 47	56 211 71	356,154 99
Juneau	58,716 60	105,708 83	18,674 47	178, 0 4 5
Kenosha	57,075 41	156,123 75	31,649 49	243,841 76
Kewaunee	31,745 51	77,729 46	17,360 11	126,834 83
La Crosse	130,525 37	313,564 73	41,221 72	435,511 82
Lafayette	43,730 06	141,108 52	33,822 30	2 3, 160 78
Langlade	65,329 36	128,070 87	14, 02 11	217, 50 1 4
Lincoln	84,753 75	191,200 73	16,0 0 42	275,047 90
Manitowoc	115,531 10	308,538 69	55,793 01	475,087 56
Marathon	157,485 33	379,792 50	44, 8 0 40	592,127 33
Marinette	122,732 60	243,038 09	56,718 54	392,5 8 43
Marquette	25,231 14	51,635 68	9,507 49	87,881 31
Milwaukee	1,121,716 27	4,338,854 42	59,157 95	5,85,093 61
Monroe	68,291 61	163,435 94	27,074 32	261,311 87
Oconto	43,829 64	141,026 85	21,343 09	211,110 78
Oneida	23,211 13	143,973 17	10,704 62	172,683 92
Outagamie	77,051 25	394,044 82	51,599 93	527,67 00
Ozaukee	32,246 90	80,371 31	22 9 3 35	141,561 56
Pepin	17,715 91	40,671 15	6,761 82	65,093 83
Pierce	61,975 41	143,154 20	23,538 70	226,038 31
Polk	52,410 77	114,779 53	13,114 15	174,001 45
Portage	50,315 97	136,711 81	21,995 49	209,632 27
Price	46,967 33	123,493 10	10,693 18	186,161 61
Racine	102,736 51	303,402 93	61,167 83	403,201 24
Richland	39,961 90	126,198 22	20,405 13	183,536 65
Rock	111,213 25	433,209 73	79,229 77	621,103 75
Rusk	40,526 14	127,083 63	8 264 35	175,877 12
St. Croix	56,299 24	179,233 97	28,712 54	244,145 75
Sauk	78,927 31	213,364 86	42,017 53	334,199 10
Sawyer	33,097 55	114,637 43	7, 61 69	153,807 67
Shawano	62,970 63	157,193 81	24, 29 51	239,6 8 95
Sheboygan	99,970 19	381,450 64	6,8 6 11	517,276 94
Taylor	41,467 55	133,433 67	12, 63 50	190, 2 2 72
Trempealeau	49,995 22	143,424 32	21, 66 42	215,022 16
Vermon	68,032 68	161,470 73	27,914 86	277,498 27
Vilas	37,020 00	66, 74 81	8, 83 81	111,833 2
Walworth	75,045 48	258,416 24	54,4 1 20	337,603 42
Washington	24,089 00	58,218 67	5,867 03	88,165 10
Waukesha	44,372 43	113,511 32	35,791 43	192,475 18
Waushara	101,377 60	230,435 26	55,706 03	337,518 89
Waupaca	77,825 57	181,478 35	29,064 64	283,97 06
Waushara	31,123 95	73,122 52	17,224 00	126,481 07
Winnebago	123,789 20	556,693 45	70,753 68	751,227 23
Wood	71,370 82	205,978 19	27,615 36	301,664 87
Total	\$5,683,598 41	\$17,481,511 43	\$2,656,687 00	\$25,824,746 81

GENERAL FUND, RECEIPTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1908, INCLUSIVE.

Receipts.	Year ending	Nine mos.	Year ending June 30.					
	Septem-	ending						
	ber 30.	June 30.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Suit tax	\$5,643 00	\$5,871 00	\$5,230 00	\$5,609 00.	\$5,515 00	\$6,269 00	\$6,741 00	\$6,914 00
From counties for char. and penal institu-								
tions	229,224 20	250,599 52	193,151 52	252,838 05	272,703 04	233,403 82	281,913 40	233,473 87
From counties for free high schools	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00					125,000 00
From counties, interest on cert. of indebt-								
edness	157,570 00	157,570 00	157,570 00					157,570 00
From counties for graded schools								140,000 00
Railroad companies	1,609,379 79	837,854 55	1,795,285 69	1,913,396 28	1,955,894 56	3,410,904 37	2,673,771 12	3,265,676 53
Palace and sleeping car companies	9,145 88		6,243 05	3,581 00	3,555 79	4,174 85	5,303 93	5,343 23
Freight line companies	973 40	1,222 98	939 68	1,937 66	1,990 26	2,772 45	2,964 84	3,315 54
Express companies	14,084 54		4,765 80	8,835 12	8,383 76	9,738 96	9,136 90	9,344 89
Street railway and electric light companies	9,233 62	10,029 07	12,000 04	12,671 35	13,691 47	17,890 01	22,793 43	22,207 81
Telegraph companies	11,507 55	11,721 80	11,431 20	13,067 46	13,288 94	13,473 54		45,207 45
Telephone companies	25,224 32	31,770 45	37,414 21	44,398 22	53,475 10	27,962 12	31,836 53	36,023 89
Loan and trust companies	2,487 89	2,357 43	2,426 52	3,090 43	4,247 37	7,963 51	9,633 47	9,915 38
Boom and improvement companies	1,578 50	779 43	558 71	395 01	316 12	346 29	239 55	252 85
Plank road companies	352 69	53 38	275 21	289 87	306 61	1,001 15	277 93	173 39
Legacy tax—inheritance tax	26,293 37	29,914 16		4,319 77	125,964 80	103,974 74	396,458 33	215,653 32
Vessel tonnage tax	1,390 15	1,105 26	1,311 03	1,671 88	1,742 51	511 91		
Fire insurance companies	107,872 91	115,474 61	124,174 38	157,799 83	136,639 11	145,677 71	164,143 03	174,225 52
Life insurance companies	265,335 01	291,523 53	312,391 05	330,404 41	353,370 44	388,690 69	426,501 83	392,513 74
Accident, surety, etc.	10,322 51	12,218 93	14,249 32	18,524 01	20,167 35	20,901 07	20,218 93	27,296 60
Charitable and penal institutions	85,324 40	77,926 40	101,964 80	112,383 04	134,243 29	145,719 31	156,359 66	148,063 35
Sundry sources, state department:								
U. S. by governor, Spanish and other war								
claims, special fund	35,481 15		458,677 90		727,740 18			
U. S. by governor, care of inmates in Wis-								
consin Veterans' Home	29,185 49	28,293 13	25,459 40	29,896 50	33,007 23	35,700 70	33,776 71	32,100 00
Secretary of state, notarial, incorporation								
and other fees	59,073 40	49,014 95	102,369 58	58,287 92	59,311 65	125,433 55	379,270 08	133,587 70
Insurance commissioners, fees	50,340 18	48,231 40	51,029 25	53,258 30	59,140 05	58,631 60	53,841 85	67,696 04
Hawkers' and peddlers' licenses	14,412 93	14,684 55	17,107 10	15,165 17	1,872 75	30,650 25	24,133 25	26,750 00
State park and other state land sales	10,535 00	3,829 00	10,390 00	97,224 22	72,967 52	31,240 00	43,035 46	37,300 00
Other sources	18,361 94	24,963 14	31,126 05	55,095 37	27,837 10	56,439 11	90,315 63	81,066 91
University fund income, temporary trans-								
fers						302,000 00	240,000 00	250,000 00
Interest on general fund deposits	11,613 03	10,095 26	15,975 15	23,440 71	21,390 18	26,334 13	44,193 99	30,033 27
Total	\$2,904,091 98	\$2,197,140 16	\$3,658,574 78	\$3,227,631 18	\$4,111,827 18	\$5,204,285 17	\$5,122,344 17	\$5,750,778 83

STATE FINANCES.

587

GENERAL FUND, DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1908, INCLUSIVE.

Disbursements.	Year ending Sep- tember 30.	Nine months ending June 30.	Year Ending June 30.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Adjutant general's department	\$100,457 67	\$43,775 86	\$104,710 64	\$110,515 51	\$103,625 12	\$109,749 69	\$110,706 08	\$114,593 49
Attorney general's department	11,865 41	9,171 73	12,616 63	12,730 89	12,804 70	15,840 99	13,905 43	20,813 91
Commissioner of banking department	12,260 74	10,234 39	14,051 43	16,385 27	17,603 01	20,004 42	20,207 10	21,729 39
Board of control department	22,821 68	15,233 47	20,619 32	19,422 81	19,476 38	21,468 69	21,803 92	24,805 74
Labor bureau department	23,935 42	19,673 32	27,584 39	29,837 93	29,085 05	33,699 98	36,163 49	41,055 51
Circuit courts	82,081 33	61,211 61	84,031 66	83,465 00	93,893 32	98,682 24	103,068 33	153,001 97
Insurance commissioner's department	17,078 98	11,194 04	18,489 45	21,422 57	19,717 96	22,173 61	23,391 29	30,283 04
Land office department	13,520 76	12,590 59	41,443 01	19,151 51	7,519 87	6,789 56	6,945 34	10,094 54
Dairy and food commissioner's department	13,074 96	7,966 96	9,712 82	11,933 57	16,119 83	36,212 55	37,076 27	42,790 37
Executive department	15,024 76	10,176 38	15,195 63	15,638 14	14,062 89	14,841 66	15,571 72	18,738 47
Quartermaster general's department	21,575 37	20,190 31	23,736 56	24,722 20	27,531 47	27,199 65	30,574 64	34,547 25
Railroad commissioner's department	17,777 92	5,014 58	16,410 58	13,574 27	27,394 00	13,258 23	11,231 95	.....
State department	28,934 47	27,856 11	39,224 23	39,718 49	42,779 14	45,271 91	48,255 70	44,177 83
State library	6,601 49	6,036 55	7,232 01	8,336 79	8,383 59	8,140 57	7,271 70	11,530 14
State superintendent's department	37,262 50	23,921 77	33,901 81	32,389 75	32,213 78	39,476 58	40,469 86	43,069 94
State treasurer's department	18,625 37	13,912 29	19,555 18	20,016 22	20,326 79	21,173 35	21,573 51	19,744 93
Civil service commissioners .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,257 75	9,595 33	11,426 35
Treasury agents	4,822 23	3,772 72	4,265 11	3,963 03	526 92	8,669 60	5,598 53	4,716 12
State veterinarian's department	6,010 54	3,930 56	10,155 60	13,730 04	16,730 83	34,951 86	33,333 85	65,531 57
Superintendent of public property dept.	53,203 29	43,721 43	115,764 47	120,823 34	114,252 62	115,692 28	123,721 68	144,506 02
Supreme court	23,077 50	29,594 33	39,497 97	41,012 04	45,611 10	49,713 62	53,143 31	59,775 26
Fish and game warden's department	3,477 11	3,112 31	6,476 68	4,547 47	2,850 27	4,017 50	3,795 42	5,073 51
Free library commission	10,679 55	9,527 26	14,124 45	19,079 33	21,454 67	28,054 39	31,697 62	35,238 52
State board of agricultural	26,270 90	8,114 22	9,455 32	22,596 80	16,991 51	71,861 01	15,474 39	80,837 96
State board of health	5,894 49	13,442 07	5,693 32	5,134 79	5,359 60	8,567 62	9,112 78	15,643 49
Railroad commission .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,126 95	35,314 84	65,683 51
State historical society	24,060 11	22,416 65	31,709 97	32,632 78	31,804 45	33,012 96	33,133 31	38,119 04
Grain and warehouse commission .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,349 99	3,211 93	3,509 00
Tax commission department	17,548 41	14,016 42	21,321 05	19,196 83	18,750 95	38,692 91	44,173 07	51,470 70
Geological and natural history survey	11,326 95	2,716 17	12,777 31	11,886 83	12,732 31	17,097 93	19,539 70	25,626 60
State board of assessment department .....	.....	.....	172 43	25,814 53	12,427 43	.....	.....	.....

State board of forestry				1,509 00	3,883 02	4,542 01	10,110 99	10,839 95
Wisconsin work shop for blind				2,112 00	5,212 43	8,506 50	8,007 33	6,554 00
Wisconsin industrial school for girls	3,000 00	33,000 00		21,267 33	21,631 67	16,438 12	2,523 93	11,233 11
Maintaining chronic insane in county asylums	366,376 03	376,923 88	200,595 00	401,193 02	416,150 15	429,554 13	423,412 00	434,750 80
Maintaining acute and chronic insane, chap. 423, laws 1901	75,010 43	27,503 52	57,550 12	57,133 76	57,503 61	56,760 51	77,855 80	62,205 10
Charitable and penal institutions	781,543 51	673,677 81	732,705 98	801,446 30	814,458 39	900,523 03	919,441 46	1,266,322 19
Wisconsin Veterans' Home	112,015 43	67,832 83	90,057 24	117,311 94	103,157 69	116,540 86	115,232 40	113,536 48
Oil inspection	105 95	141 14	183 83	267 03	122 10	251 84	271 20	147 12
Board of arbitration	927 24	416 63	633 32	904 62	697 95	249 81	550 14	853 54
State bar examiners	1,975 47	1,712 53	2,953 85	3,370 45	3,043 05	2,573 53	1,123 55	1,429 66
Commissioners of public printing		51 55	682 21	83 29	811 30	56 55	875 28	225 07
Academy of science, arts and letters	1,171 57	275 65	716 72	1,017 72	1,047 80	1,135 49	592 66	2,036 35
Commissioners of fisheries	24,101 37	17,213 22	23,240 22	26,573 64	31,978 78	35,270 52	40,375 17	57,051 55
Common schools	113,651 47	110,047 79	1,049,788	110,687 86	310,694 43	309,092 71	951,409 72	303,109 36
State university	31,363 89	79,301 53	135,984 35	483,836 25	550,075 89	1,091,049 5	1,033,847 74	457,522 82
Normal schools	62,017 41	62,302 61	43,178 22	273,103 80	289,192 22	123,195 59	138,103 59	259,337 41
County training school for teachers			5,544 20	11,787 98	14,360 21	19,050 23	17,361 73	35,453 98
Free high schools	27,607 83	97,593 37	97,927 73	97,437 95	97,700 32	97,577 75	9,541 60	122,431 01
Graded schools			50,300 00	56,236 05	56,151 40	64,477 95	71,000 00	71,500 00
Teachers' county institutes						8,999 37	8,991 21	9,000 00
Deaf mute instruction in cities	20,435 34		26,075 13	26,913 56	30,213 22	31,249 13	31,305 83	29,430 85
Manual training in high schools	250 09	2,091 09	1,750 00	2,600 00	4,250 00	4,250 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Wisconsin dairymen's association	3,000 00	2,600 70	5,748 44	4,281 61	4,533 77	2,670 31	5,620 89	3,742 96
Wisconsin cheesemakers' association	699 37	645 09	800 97	785 55	824 62	948 92	948 39	1,047 98
Wisconsin cranberry growers' association	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00
Wisconsin horticultural society	2,638 15	3,004 25	1,979 32	5,618 91	5,967 33	5,666 23	7,314 69	9,245 08
Wisconsin firemen's association	375 00	375 00	400 00	400 00	400 00	400 00		1,000 00
Eastern Wisconsin firemen's association	125 00		275 00	150 00		500 00		300 00
Washington and Ozaukee county and North Milwaukee firemen's association					75 00		75 00	
Inspector of apiaries	414 77	527 40	246 65	650 47	595 91	677 89	533 21	577 36
Prevention of San Jose scale	170 15	22 05	200 00	350 55	485 82	526 02	537 79	857 24
St. Louis world's fair commission		1,000 00	2,000 00	50,000 00	37,000 00	10,002 00		
Bounty on wild animals	12,185 00	11,452 00	12,699 00	16,302 00	30,761 00	16,520 00	27,524 00	24,624 00
Claims against United States	4,626 40	2,322 10	2,789 35	4,268 25	4,409 84	4,161 11	3,001 57	3,879 54
Shiloh battlefield commission		276 20	30 53	2,641 54	171 64	11,973 26		
Inter-state park commission	4,330 47	3,930 10	510 75	463 90	408 61	91 55	451 76	12,304 71
Wisconsin poultry association				200 00	200 00			74 10
Wisconsin buttermakers' association			500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00		600 00
Vessel tonnage tax returned		696 17	727 14	787 82	672 79	924 35		
Weight and measures				75 92	89 36			
Agricultural experiment				1,008 45	1,316 19	1,599 84	1,715 50	2,713 08

GENERAL FUND. DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1906, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

Disbursements.	Year ending September 30	Nine months ending June 30.	Year ending June 30.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
County schools of agricultural and domestic economy				7,541 75	8,000 00	7,812 18	8,000 00	8,000 00
Wisconsin archeological society					9,742 81	251 07	671 03	333 43
Capitol improvement commission						2,822 00		
Commission to report bill to redistrict judicial circuits					75 90	53 80		
Tuberculosis commission					1,107 00			
Governor's contingent fund			2,000 00		4,150 00	1,000 00		2,000 00
Presidential electors	418 70				377 90		1,500 00	2,000 00
Blue book					937 94	15,970 22		23,621 40
Memorial hall						103 71	471 95	146 18
Vicksburg monument commission					182 42	120 73	141 51	3,481 76
Andersonville monument commission		921 62			248 92	541 06	9,819 11	1,337 06
Public documents					911 10		913 74	1,802 96
Disbarments proceedings					3,288 80			1,782 13
Associations of trustees and superintendents of county asylums					43 27		91 57	
State census of 1905					1,526 52	100,697 00	9,057 24	
Making statement of sales of real estate	1,603 49	1,600 80	2,392 84	2,544 92	2,113 90	1,413 09	1,339 24	1,459 73
Report of real estate mortgages					1,265 41	25 92		
County agricultural societies	55,854 05	57,721 77	63,301 74	72,733 24	75,483 17	69,871 29	82,595 45	85,740 43
Reporting criminal statistics					76 00	29 20	40 80	31 50
Sater, Edward E., chap. 367, laws 1905					500 00			
Rinehard, E. D., chap. 160, laws 1905					94 03			
Manhattan Life Ins. Co., chap. 120, laws 1905					300 00			
Chynoweth, H. W., professional services					4,571 61	8,950 61		
Lenroot, I. L., professional services						3,000 00		
Insurance fund transfer					53,000 00			
Drainage fund, chap. 419, laws 1903		17,933 80			15,907 46			
Miscellaneous	152,616 82	101,461 54		27,186 90	5,750 49	13,864 13	37,942 72	62,529 00
Legislative expenses, general session	203,083 12	19,179 38	169,313 30	30,323 23	127,605 72	76,718 37	134,800 03	34,282 77

Legislative expenses, special session					19,619 64	
Lighting and ventilating plant, chap. 33 and 369, laws 1901			59,872 05			
Rewards			1,000 00	500 00		
Tax and legacies refunded, chap. 297, laws 1903	1,555 12		59,767 14			
George Schmidt (guardian for Walter Schmidt), chap. 185, laws 1903			1,000 00			
Frances H. Bardeen, chap. 196, laws 1903			1,678 00			
Emily Denton Smith, chap. 314, laws 1902			2,000 00			
Al Abraham, chap. 216, laws 1903			70 00			
Capitol improvement, chap. 399, laws 1903				256 40		
Commissioners of Portage levee, chap. 131, laws 1903			1,074 82			
State treasurer, account Douglas County Bank and Keystone National Bank, chap. 367, laws 1903			23,348 40			
State historical library building			100,000 00			
Agricultural college fund, city New Rich mond loans, chap. 283, laws 1901			21,400 00			
Refunded to insurance companies			5,999 93			
Transfer to school fund income, chap. 122, laws 1903				200,000 00		
Draughtsman department	400 00					
Pan American exposition	22,000 00					
State board of immigration	1,754 93					6,324 07
Babcock medal	300 00					
La Crosse Inter State fair		2,876 13				
Northern Wisconsin State fair	2,896 60		3,619 93			
Disused animals slaughtered	8,048 94		3,983 23			
Remodeling south wing of capitol, chap. 218, laws 1901	4,007 58					
Furnishing committee rooms	4,196 61					
Chairs for senate chamber	353 63					
Expenses under chap. 350, laws 1901	1,520 00		1,355 70			
Expenses under chap. 125, laws 1901	163 83					
Expenses under chap. 452, laws 1901			504 73			
Expenses under chap. 125, laws 1901			84 87			
Incidental expenses, chap. 233, W. S., and acts amendatory	12,100 35		7,933 37			
Stationery	5,031 82		1,090 00			
Publishing proposals for stationery	34 75					
Paper	22,860 19		1,410 08			
Fuel for capitol	3,273 60		5,270 85			

GENERAL FUND, DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1908, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

Receipts.	Year ending Sep- tember 30.	Nine months ending June 30.	Year Ending June 30.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Gas and electric light	4,387 49	2,269 35						
State board of canvassers								
Wisconsin feathered stock association							254 40	213 40
Wisconsin state poultry association								33 00
Eastern Wisconsin poultry and pet stock association							200 00	416 00
Wisconsin tobacco growers' and dealers' as- sociation								34 29
State park board								300 00
Badger firemen's association								700 00
Vicksburg national military park commis- sion								75 00
Deney monument commission								36 82
Waterways commission								4,702 37
Board of medical examiners								5,957 74
Tax title lands purchased								39 02
Capitol building commission								751 22
Mining trade school							62,719 91	406,701 54
Compiling and publishing town laws								21,701 97
Reassessment proceedings								3,710 97
Review of assessment							1,770 61	
Publishing general laws								4,702 51
Publishing local laws								54,690 00
Insurance investigation committee							3 00	175 00
University investigation committee							28,197 93	1,094 00
Tuberculosis commission							2,057 99	
							87 91	
Total	\$2,882,678 78	\$2,271,058 20	\$3,013,290 54	\$3,731,025 78	\$4,000,819 00	\$4,095,175 73	\$5,074,055 70	\$5,303,167 04

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE VARIOUS TRUST FUNDS OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1908, INCLUSIVE.

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Disbursements.	Year ending Sep- tember 30.	Nine months ending June 30.	Year ending June 30.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
School fund	\$180,319 43	\$248,604 48	\$349,374 53	\$271,765 28	\$209,798 35	\$248,044 28	\$229,972 43	\$309,619 13
School fund income	840,031 64	1,608,658 89	1,681,402 17	1,409,321 31	1,503,231 53	1,557,133 00	1,678,934 86	1,775,513 85
University fund	18,363 00	15,063 00	11,432 05	27,164 01	16,266 51	50,313 70	14,514 09	14,517 75
University fund income	339,017 18	376,363 65	527,948 83	711,665 83	894,164 39	1,333,319 72	1,267,761 09	1,475,543 22
Agricultural college fund	13,515 34	16,874 00	46,065 50	29,523 50	41,525 00	61,400 61	23,305 33	37,638 61
Agricultural college fund income	22,279 19	13,339 98	12,763 27	13,999 51	13,626 32	12,360 77	13,379 36	37,774 52
Normal school fund	312,034 24	281,532 98	132,465 15	165,681 63	197,875 70	136,494 63	159,581 37	139,736 73
Normal school fund income	318,533 39	320,212 29	318,377 45	359,318 97	369,412 07	305,046 30	414,791 58	561,911 57
Drainage fund	839 65	973 65	203 45	7,926 05	15,954 69	26 05	26 05	32 90
Delinquent tax fund	683 91	573 73	226 65	253 46	263 49	139 83	150 40	130 02
Indemnity fund	120 00		1,409 74					
Deposit fund	14 53							
Allotment fund	40 00							
Hunting license fund	41,051 83	57,339 34	79,726 23	81,729 84	87,673 63	88,153 20	93,233 97	101,891 84
Oil inspection fund	4,541 93	23,349 22	39,275 53	20,547 27	29,371 50	30,422 28	31,614 41	37,412 07
State insurance fund				34,970 75	69,494 21	17,833 97	19,432 13	20,339 25
Memorial hall fund				200 03				
Medical examiners' fund	839 31				87 11			
University trust fund					64,321 75	13,785 75	16,335 47	9,321 84
University trust fund income					312 50	8,453 72	8,383 75	7,420 15
Forest reserve fund						4,834 82	103,932 73	21,007 43
Portage levee fund						5,030 00		
State fire marshal fund								37,459 84
	\$3,092,351 63	\$2,932,139 73	\$3,191,656 50	\$3,137,558 46	3,534,822 09	\$3,759,337 62	4,736,111 83	\$4,499,835 51

STATE FINANCES.

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RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE VARIOUS TRUST FUNDS OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1901-1908, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

Receipts.	Year ending Sep- tember 30.	Nine months ending June 30.	Year ending June 30.					
	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
School fund	\$312,437 97	\$216,112 49	\$428,841 09	\$223,558 00	\$304,133 02	\$243,201 06	\$242,704 42	\$349,851 52
School fund income	81,770 22	1,611,133 72	1,634,809 19	1,100,751 72	1,498,983 85	1,557,222 31	1,674,487 93	1,772,285 65
University fund	37,791 99	31,225 09	14,105 09	15,025 00	28,862 52	25,030 00	17,500 00	16,300 00
University fund income	239,017 18	376,363 65	466,427 87	771,053 36	888,504 32	1,324,548 10	1,267,315 21	1,341,109 12
Agricultural college fund	93,258 84	18,775 00	46,600 00	20,000 00	51,476 61	61,300 90	24,000 00	38,700 00
Agricultural college fund income	22,279 19	13,339 93	12,763 27	1,736 76	25,839 27	12,860 77	13,319 36	.....
Normal school fund	381,942 80	328,095 00	201,700 00	161,500 00	187,808 54	132,775 03	178,700 09	130,840 00
Normal school fund income	318,683 30	320,312 29	182,138 54	327,449 75	285,030 98	372,572 44	393,016 17	533,200 67
Drainage fund	316 38	2 05	2 04	1,575 74	22,089 93	3,517 35	.....	.....
Delinquent tax fund	699 68	.....	597 43	251 54	261 89	243 26	160 86	153 30
Indemnity fund	120 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Deposit fund .....	.....	18 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Medical examiners' fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hunting license fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	950 42	.....
Oil inspection fund	33,695 47	47,074 65	85,031 78	87,599 03	91,034 99	80,315 09	90,561 42	87,322 74
State insurance fund	4,541 98	23,549 22	30,255 53	30,547 27	29,871 50	30,432 28	31,611 41	31,612 01
Memorial hall fund .....	.....	.....	.....	33,307 42	63,919 28	6,539 44	37,180 00	20,696 93
Wisconsin Farm Mortgage Land Co. fund .....	.....	.....	.....	113 96	161 17	24 87	.....	.....
University trust fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
University trust fund income .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62,350 00	7,122 16	22,211 30	11,909 89
Forest reserve fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	312 50	4,028 82	6,349 46
Portage levee fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	550 00	310 57	61,180 23
State fire marshal fund .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,204 67	1,838 32	.....
Total	\$2,396,440 50	\$3,015,981 65	\$3,153,352 63	\$3,033,469 55	\$3,541,514 67	\$3,861,332 00	\$4,008,893 21	\$4,480,863 17

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list of newspapers and periodicals published in Wisconsin has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to Feb. 1, 1904.

The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican; Dem., Democrat; Pro., Prohibitionist; Peo., Peoples; Ind., Independent; Rel., Religious; Ed., Educational; Agr., Agricultural; T., Temperance; M., Musical; Med., Medical; Frat., Fraternal; Lit., Literary; Soc., Socialistic; Ju., Juvenile; Com., Commercial; D., Daily; S. W., Semi-weekly; M., Monthly; S. M., Semi-monthly; Q., Quarterly; G., German; N., Norwegian; P., Polish; Sw., Swedish; H., Hollandish; B., Bohemian; Sk., Scandinavian; D., Danish.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
ADAMS—					
Friendship.....	Adams County Press.	H. L. Pierce.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Friendship.....	Bells Reporter.....	Wm. Sweet.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Friendship.....	Friendship Reporter.	E. R. Walker.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
ASHLAND—					
Ashland.....	News.....	Ashland News Co...	Dem..	D. & W.	W. W.
Ashland.....	Press.....	J. M. Chapple & Co.	Rep..	D. & W.	W. Sat
Butternut.....	Butternut Eagle.....	F. C. Friedrichs.....	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Glidden.....	Ashland Co. Herald.	Herman Roethig....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Glidden.....	Enterprise.....	M. J. Hart.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Mellen.....	Mellen Weekly.....	John P. Fitzgerald..	Rep..	W.	Thur.
BARRON—					
Almena.....	Cloverland Star.....	J. J. Wearne.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Barron.....	Barron Co. News.....	N. S. Gordon.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Barron.....	Barron Co. Shield....	Frank B. Gesler....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Barron.....	Cameron Review.....		Rep..	W.	Fri.
Chetek.....	Alert.....	Charles & Bell.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Cumberland.....	Advocate.....	H. S. Comstock.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Dallas.....	Republican.....	L. E. Joppa.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Rice Lake.....	Chronotype.....	E. C. McClelland....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Rice Lake.....	Leader.....	Peck & Campbell....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Rice Lake.....	Times.....	H. L. Bone.....	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Turtle Lake.....	Bugle.....	A. H. Neuss.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
BAYFIELD—					
Bayfield.....	Bayfield Co. Press....	Donald C. Bell.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Iron River.....	The Iron River Pioneer.	Peter J. Savage.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Washburn.....	News and Itemizer....	News Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Washburn.....	The Washburn Times	Times Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
BROWN—					
De Pere.....	Brown Co. Democrat.	Herman & Kuypers	Dem..	W.	Fri.
De Pere.....	De Pere News.....	P. L. Haltine.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
De Pere.....	De Volkstem (H.)....	Herman & Kuypers	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Green Bay.....	Green Bay Gazette....	Gazette Pub. Co....	Rep..	D. & S. W.	W. & S
Green Bay.....	Der Landsmann (G.)..	Lehman & Mies....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Green Bay.....	Green Bay Review....	James Kerr & Son..	Rep..	W.	Sat.

WISCONSIN PRESS--Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
BUFFALO—					
Alma	Buffalo Co. Journal..	F. F. Ganz	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Cochrane	Landsmann (G.)	Meili & Guttinger ..	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Fountain City..	Buffalo Co. Republic- faner & Alma Blattter (G.)	Emil Wittzack	Dem..	S. W.	Tu&T
Mondovi	Mondovi Herald	W. H. Smith	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Mondovi	Buffalo Co. News	H. H. Scott	Rep..	W.	Fri.
BURNETT—					
Grantsburg	Sentinel	Myrland & Fisher..	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Grantsburg	The Journal	Journal Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Fri.
CALUMET—					
Brillion	Brillion News	Otto Zander	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Chilton	Chilton Times	Wm. A. Hume	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Chilton	Wis. Demokrat (G.) ..	Jos. Grassold	Ind..	W.	Thur.
New Holstein ..	Calumet County Re- porter	B. A. Roate	Rep..	W.	Wed.
CHIPPewa—					
Auburn	Auburn Times	H. G. Goddard	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advance	F. E. Andrews	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advocate ..	W. N. Priddy	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Boyd	Boyd Times-Herald..	Elmer Trickey	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Cadott	Cadott Blade .....	.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Chippewa Falls..	Catholic Sentinel	Catholic Sentinel Pub. Co	Ind..	W.	Wed.
Chippewa Falls..	Chippewa Herald	Herald Printing Co.	Rep..	D.	
Chippewa Falls..	Chippewa Times	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Dem..	W.	Tues.
Chippewa Falls..	Daily Independent ..	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Dem..	D.	
Chippewa Falls..	Hoick Herald	Herald Printing Co.	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Holcombe	Wolcombe Journal ..	F. H. Burnham	Ind..	W.	Sat.
Stanley	Stanley Republican ..	W. H. Bridgeman	Rep..	W.	Sat.
CLARK—					
Abbotsford	The Weekly Clarion ..	Fred A. Pier	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Colby	Colby Phonograph ..	Joel Shafer	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Dorchester	The Herald	H. M. Kronschnald ..	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Granton	Granton News	F. J. Baer	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Greenwood	Gleaner	H. H. Hartson	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Humbird	Enterprise	Horrell & Bennett ..	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Loyal	Loyal Tribune	G. O. Roessler	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Neillsville	Deutsch Amerikaner ..	Carl Rabenstein	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Neillsville	Neillsville Times	L. Williams	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Neillsville	Republican and Pres- enterprise	Grethers & Tift	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Owen	Enterprise	H. Erickson	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Thorp	Thorp Courier	William Wagner	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Withee	Sentinel	Mrs. J. A. Barager ..	Rep..	W.	Fri.
COLUMBIA—					
Cambria	Cambria News	J. F. Stroeter	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Columbus	Columbus Democrat ..	Geo. E. Ransa	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Columbus	Columbus Republic'n ..	Robt. Leitsch	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Kilbourn	The Mirror Gazette	E. J. Wheeler	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Kilbourn	The Illust'd Events ..	James E. Jones	Ind..	W.	Sat.
Fall River	The New Era	L. H. Doyle	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Lodi	The Lodi Enterprise ..	C. L. Coward	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Pardeeville	Pardeeville Times	Henry Thompson	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Portage	Portage Daily Demo- crat	J. E. Jones	Dem..	D.	
Portage	Portage Daily Regis- ter	Wis. State Register Co.	Rep..	D.	
Portage	Portage Weekly Democrat	J. E. Jones	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Portage	Wisconsin State Reg- ister	Wis. State Register Co.	Rep..	W.	Sat
Portage	The Rundschau- Wecker (G.)	Frank Heidt	Rep..	W.	Thur.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly	Publishing day.
COLUMBIA—					
Continued.					
Poyneite.....	Poynette Press.....	G. L. Swartz.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Rio.....	The Rio Blade.....	T. O. Goodwin.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
CRAWFORD—					
Gays Mills.....	Independent.....	F. O'Neil & Co.....	Ind...	W.	Tue.
Fra. du Chien... Pra. du Chien... Pra. du Chien... Pra. du Chien... Soldiers Grove. Wauzeka.....	Pra. du Chien Union. The Courier..... Tac Press..... Kickapoo Scout. The Kickapoo Chief	L. D. Hurlbut..... Wm. D. Merrel..... Martner & Beach... Nagler & Rasmussen J. O'Neil & Co.....	Rep... Dem... Rep... Rep... Dem...	W. W. W. W. W.	Thur. Tue. Wed. Fri. Thur.
DANE—					
Jelleville.....	Recorder.....	E. R. Adamson.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Cambridge.....	Cambridge News.....	E. F. Kramer.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Deerfield.....	The News.....	Nels Holman.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
De Forest.....	De Forest Times.....	Times Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Madison.....	Am. Journal of Deontol Science.....	Dental Pub. Co.....	Dent.	M.	
Madison.....	Amerika (N.).....	R. B. Anderson.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Madison.....	Am. Thresherman.....	F. B. Clarke.....	Trade	M.	
Madison.....	Bot-shafter (G.).....	F. C. Blied & Co.....	Dem.	W.	Wed.
Madison.....	Cardinal.....	U. W. Students.....	Col.	D.	
Madison.....	Church Life.....	Home Miss. So.....	Rel.	M.	
Madison.....	Democrat.....	Democrat Ptg. Co.....	Ind.	D.	
Madison.....	La Follette's Mar.....	R. M. La Follette.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Madison.....	Madisonian.....	L. Sommer.....	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Madison.....	Monona Lake Assn.	J. E. Moseley.....	Rel.	A.	
Madison.....	Municipality.....	S. E. Sparling.....	Munic	Qr.	
Madison.....	Pythian Age.....	N. A. Ladd.....	Frat.	W.	
Madison.....	Sandbote (G.).....	Ev. Luth. Synod.....	Rel.	M.	
Madison.....	Sphinx.....	U. W. Students.....	Lit.	B. M.	Sat.
Madison.....	State Journal.....	State Journal Ptg. Co	Rep...	D. & W.	W. W.
Madison.....	Tao Motor.....	W. C. T. U.....	Temp.	M.	
Madison.....	The State.....	State Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Madison.....	Wisconsin Engineer.	U. W. Students.....	Lit.	C.	
Madison.....	Wisconsin Farmer.....	Wis. Farmer Co.....	Agr...	W.	
Madison.....	Wis. Journal of Education.....	Parker Pub. Co.....	Ed...	M.	
Madison.....	Wisconsin Lit. Mag..	U. W. Students.....	Lit...	M.	Fri.
Madison.....	Wisconsin Staats-Zeitung (G.).....	Staats-Zeitung Co...	Dem.	W.	Wed.
Madison.....	Wis. Alumni Mag.....	U. W. Alumni Assn.	Ed...	M.	
Marshall.....	Record.....	Chas. W. Lake.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Mazomanie.....	Sickle.....	H. L. Swan.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Menomonie.....	Times-Herald.....	Thos. A. Everill.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Mt. Horeb.....	Mt. Horeb Times.....	Times Ptg. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Mt. Horeb.....	Mail.....	A. C. Krohn.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Monroeville.....	Tribune.....	Chas. Eldridge.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Oregon.....	Observer.....	H. C. Hanson.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Stoughton.....	Amer. Scandinavian	Am. Scan. Pub. Co.	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Stoughton.....	Courier.....	J. M. Hibbard.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Stoughton.....	Hub.....	C. S. Cross.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Sua Prairie.....	Countryman.....	T. G. Stone.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
DODGE—					
Beaver Dam.....	Argus.....	B. F. Sherman & Son	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Beaver Dam.....	Dodge Co. Citizen.....	Thos. Hughes.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Beaver Dam.....	Dodge Co. Farmer.....	E. E. Parker.....	Agr...	M.	
Beaver Dam.....	Greetings.....	Wayland Faculty.....	Ind...	Q.	
Fox Lake.....	Representative.....	D. J. Hotchkiss.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Horicon.....	Reporter.....	A. A. Washburn.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Juneau.....	Independent.....	Chifford Bros.....	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Juneau.....	Telephone.....	Keller & Paetz.....	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Lodi.....	Review.....	C. A. Forbes.....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Mayville.....	Dodge Co. Banner (G)	H. H. Forkman.....	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Mayville.....	Dodge Co. Pioneer (G)	Jacob Mueller.....	Ind...	S. W.	Tu & ?
Mayville.....	Mayville News.....	News Ptg. Co.....	Dem.	W.	Tue.
Neosha.....	Neosha Standard.....	Neosha Standard Co.	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Randolph.....	Advance.....	T. A. Cummings.....	Ind...	W.	Thu.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly	Publication day.
DODGE—Con.					
Reeseville.....	Reeseville Review...	J. F. Hughes.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Reeseville.....	Wisconsin Druggist..	J. F. Hughes.....	Com..	M.	
Waupun.....	Waupun Democrat..	W. D. Powell.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Waupun.....	Leader.....	W. A. Sanborn.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
DOOR—					
Sturgeon Bay...	The Advocate.....	Frank Long.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Sturgeon Bay...	Door Co. Democrat..	J. J. Pinney.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.
DOUGLAS—					
Lake Nebagon...	Nebagon Star En- terprise.....	N. D. Simpson.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Superior.....	Gitchie Gumee.....	Normal Students....	Lit...	M.	
Superior.....	The Superior Telegrm	Evening TelegramCo	Rep..	D.	
Superior.....	The Leader Clarion..	J. S. Konkell.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Superior.....	Superior Tidende (N)	Tidende Pub. Co....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Superior.....	Superior Times.....	C. L. Day.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.
Superior.....	Svenska Amerikan- ska Tribunen (Sw)	Interstate Swedish Pub. & Ptg. Co....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
DUNN—					
Colfax.....	Colfax Messenger...	L. H. Faucher.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Knapp.....	Knapp News.....	G. L. Carpenter....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Menomonie.....	Dunn Co. News.....	Dunn County News Co.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
EAU CLAIRE—					
Augusta.....	Augusta Eagle.....	Wilson & Masters..	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Augusta.....	Augusta Times.....	E. G. Herrell.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Eau Claire.....	Der Herold (G).....	J. J. Auer.....	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire Leader..	Leader Pub. Co....	Rep..	D. & S.	
Eau Claire.....	Reform (N).....	Fremad Pub. Co....	Pro..	W.	Tue.
Eau Claire.....	The Telegram.....	Telegram Pub. Co..	Rep..	D.	
Fairchild.....	Fairchild Observer..	Mrs. Harmon.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
FLORENCE—					
Florence.....	Mining News.....	Geo. C. Youngs.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.
FOND DU LAC—					
Crandon.....	Brandon Times.....	Jenkinson & Vorty..	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Campbellsport..	News.....		Ind...	W.	Fri.
Fond du Lac....	Commonwealth and Commercial.....	P. R. Haber Pt. Co..	Rep..	S. W.	Tue. & Fri.
Fond du Lac....	Commonwealth and Dairy Bulletin....	P. R. Haber Pt. Co..	Rep..	D.	
Fond du Lac....	Daheim (G).....	Wm. F. Weber.....	Lit...	W.	Sun.
Fond du Lac....	Nord West Cour'r (G)	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Fond du Lac....	Reporter.....	Rep. Ptg. Co....	Dem..	D.	
Ripon.....	The Ripon Press....	E. L. Howe.....	Rep..	Tri. W.	
Ripon.....	Ripon Commonw'lth	C. H. Ellsworth....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Ripon.....	College Days.....	Coll. Students....	Lit...	M.	
Waupun.....	Waupun Leader....	Oliver Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Waupun.....	Waupun Democrat..	Powell & Sanborn..	Dem..	W.	Fri.
FOREST—					
Crandon.....	Forest Echo.....	Grand. Ptg. Co....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Crandon.....	Forest Republican..	Brady & Son.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
North Crandon..	Forest Leaves.....	North Grand. Pub.Co	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Wabeno.....	N. Wis. Advertiser..	C. G. Himley.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
GRANT—					
Boscobel.....	Boscobel Sentinel..	H. C. Craig.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Boscobel.....	Dial-Enterprise....	J. W. Blake.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Bloomington....	Bloomington Record	A. C. Bishop Est....	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Cassville.....	Cassville Index....	John Foley.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Cassville.....	Cassville Record..	J. M. Klauer.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Cuba City.....	News-Herald.....	W. H. Gohit orgs..	l. Rep.	W.	Fri.
Fennimore.....	Fennimore Times....	H. E. Roethe & rps.	l. Rep.	W.	Wed.
Lancaster.....	Grant Co. Herald..	B. J. Lowr.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Lancaster.....	The Teller.....	Edw'd Pollock....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Montfort.....	Montfort Mail....	Rufus D. Quisk....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Platteville.....	Grant Co. News....	R. I. Dugdale.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
GRANT—Con.					
Platteville.....	Grant Co. Witness....	W. M. Rindlaub.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Platteville.....	Platteville Journal..	C. H. Gribbie.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Potosi.....	Grant Co. Bulletin..	H. T. France.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
GREEN—					
Albany.....	Albany Vindicator..	E. E. Atherton.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Indep'ndt.	Geo. L. Winegar.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Register..	Steele & Schempp..	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Brodhead.....	Wisconsin Citizen...	Wis. Suffrage Assn..	W. Suff.	M.	
Monroe.....	Green Co. Herald (G)	Robt. Kohli.....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Monroe.....	Journal Gazette.....	L. A. Woodle & Son..	Rep...	S-W.	Tu & F
Monroe.....	Monroe Daily Journal	L. A. Woodle & Son..	Rep...	D.	
Monroe.....	Evening Times.....	Emery A. Odell.....	Rep...	D.	
Monroe.....	Monroe Sentinel....	Chas. A. Booth.....	Rep...	S-W.	W. & S.
Monroe.....	Monroe S. W. Times..	Emery A. Odell.....	Rep...	S-W.	M & Th
Monticello.....	Monticello Messenger	S. E. Richards.....	Rep...	W.	Tues.
New Glarus.....	New Glarus Co'er (G)	John Theiler.....	Ind...	W.	Tues.
GREEN LAKE—					
Berlin.....	Berlin Courant.....	E. Greveros.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Berlin.....	Berlin Journal.....	Chas. G. Starks.....	Ind...	D. & W.	Wed.
Green Lake.....	Green Lake Reporter	R. A. Ellinger.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Green Lake.....	Live Wire.....	Huberetta Randall..	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Kingston.....	Kingston Spy.....	Otto Stiee.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Markesan.....	Markesan Herald....	C. W. Ludtke.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Princeton.....	Princeton Republic..	Republic Ptg. Co....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
IOWA—					
Barneveld.....	Register and Friend..	Anton Emmel.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Dodgeville.....	Dodgeville Chronicle	Bray & Recse.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Dodgeville.....	Sun-Republic.....	Hadden & Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Highland.....	Highland Press.....	H. E. Howe.....	Dem...	W.	
Hollandale.....	Weekly Review.....	C. R. Marks.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Linden.....	Linden Leader.....	H. J. Johnson.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Mineral Point..	Iowa Co. Democrat..	Crawford Bros.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Mineral Point..	Tribune.....	B. J. Bennett.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
IRON—					
Hurley.....	Iron Co. Citizen.....	W. T. Lennon.....	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Hurley.....	La Nostra Tura.....	F. Martin.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Hurley.....	Montreal River Min'r	Martin Vickers.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
JACKSON—					
Alma Center.....	Alma Center News...	Peabody & Peabody..	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Blk. River Falls	Badger State Banner..	Geo. F. Cooper.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Blk. River Falls	Jackson Co. Journ'l..	Merlin Hull.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Blk. River Falls	Rural Schools.....	Norma J. Relyra...	Ed...	M.	
Melrose.....	Melrose Chronicle..	E. E. Gilbertson...	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Merrillan.....	Wisconsin Leader....	J. M. Axtell.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
JEFFERSON—					
Ft. Atkinson.....	Jefferson Co. Demcr't	Morrell & Nettesheim	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Ft. Atkinson.....	Hoard's Dairyman....	W. D. Hoard Co.....	Agr...	W.	Fri.
Ft. Atkinson.....	Jefferson Co. Union..	W. D. Hoard Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Banner....	Banner Ptg. Co.....	Dem...	W.	Wed.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Jr'n'l (G)	Banner Ptg. Co.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Lake Mills.....	Lake Mills Leader....	C. L. Hubbs.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Palmyra.....	Palmyra Enterprise..	Laura Dow.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Democrat..	H. A. Whipple.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Watertown.....	Watertown Gazette..	Jas. W. Moore.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Watertown.....	Watertown Leader....	P. H. Swift.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Watertown.....	Watertown Times....	Times Ptg. Co.....	Ind...	D.	
Watertown.....	Watertown Welt- buerger (G.)	Otto R. Krueger....	Dem...	W.	Sat.
JUNEAU—					
Elroy.....	Elroy Leader.....	W. R. Showers.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Elroy.....	Elroy Tribune.....	T. K. Dunn.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Mauschu.....	JunEAU Co. Chronicle	Waliard Temple....	Dem...	W.	Thur.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

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JUNEAU—					
Continued.					
Mauston	Mauston Star	John Turner	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Necedah	Necedah Republican	C. M. Hutchinson	Rep.	W.	Thur.
New Lisbon	New Lisbon Times	Donald M. Leicht	Rep.	W.	Wed.
Wonegan	Wonegan Reporter	O. D. Whitehill	Rep.	W.	Thur.
KENOSHA—					
Kenosha	Telegraph Courier	Head & Simmons	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Kenosha	The Evening News	Head & Simmons	Rep.	D.	
Kenosha	The Kenosha Union	John A. Killeen	Dem.	W.	Thur.
Kenosha	Volkfreund (G.)	Lewis Ewe	Dem.	W.	Thur.
Kenosha	The Reminder	M. E. Church	Rel.	W.	Sat.
Kenosha	The Recorder	Cong. Church	Rel.	W.	Sat.
Wilmore	The Agitator	Swenson Bros.	Rep.	W.	Fri.
KEWAUNEE—					
Algoma	Algoma Record	F. S. Elliot	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Banner (G)	Kewaunee Print. Co.	Ind.		
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Enterprise	Enterprise Print. Co.	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee Liste (G)	Joseph H. Janda	Dem.	W.	Wed.
Kewaunee	The Owl	George D. Wing	Home	M.	
LA CROSSE—					
Bangor	Bangor Independent	Frank B. Gesler	Ind.	W.	Fri.
La Crosse	Abendstern (G)	A. Candrian	Rep.	D.	
La Crosse	Argus	J. L. Utermoehl	Rep.	W.	Fri.
La Crosse	Chronicle (Morning)	W. F. Hooker	Rep.	D. & W.	W. Th.
La Crosse	Leader-Press	R. B. Gelatt	Rep.	D.	
La Crosse	Herold Volkfreund (G)	M. Hahn	Dem.	W.	Sat.
La Crosse	News	H. H. Wheaton	Lab.	W.	Fri.
La Crosse	Nordstern (G)	A. Candrian	Rep.	S. W.	T. & F.
La Crosse	Patriot (G)	Excelsior Pub. Co.	Agr.	W.	
La Crosse	Tribune	Tribune Pub. Co.	Ind.	D.	
La Crosse	Vlasenez (Bo)	Soukup Bro.	Ind.	W.	
La Crosse	Volkspost (Po)	A. Candrian	Ind.	W.	Wed.
Onalaska	La Crosse Co. Record	W. J. Showers	Rep.	W.	Thur.
West Salem	Nonpariel-Journal	D. Trimbell	Ind.	W.	Fri.
LAFAYETTE—					
Argyle	Argyle Atlas	Geo. G. Gaskell	Ind.	W.	Fri.
Belmont	Success	T. C. Snyder	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Benton	Benton Advocate	Claud Vail	Ind.	W.	Fri.
Blanchardville	Blanchardville Blade	Carl Chandler	Ind.	W.	Fri.
Darlington	Darlington Democrat	L. B. Howery	Dem.	W.	Thur.
Darlington	Republican-Journal	J. G. Mowhan	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Darlington	The Rep. Farmer	C. A. Smith	Rep.	W.	Wed.
Shullsburg	Pick and Gar.	T. J. Law	Ind.	W.	Thur.
South Wayne	Homestead	S. Heindel	Ind.	W.	Thur.
LANGLADE—					
Antigo	Antigo Herald (G)	Ed. Goebel	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Antigo	Antigo Journal	Berner Pub. Co.	Rep.	S. W.	Tu. F.
Antigo	Antigo Republican	Republican Pub. Co.	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Antigo	Weekly News Item	W. H. Hawley	Dem.	W.	Fri.
LINCOLN—					
Merrill	The Merrill Daily Herald	Wm. R. Jaeger	Ind.	D.	
Merrill	Merrill Advocate	A. C. Thompson	Rep.	W.	Tues.
Merrill	Wis. Thalbote (G)	Otto Susemihl	Lab.	W.	Fri.
Merrill	Merrill News	A. G. Christenson	Dem.	W.	Fri.
Merrill	Merrill Star	Wm. Allen	Ind.	W.	Fri.
Tomahawk	The Tomahawk	W. D. Lambert	Lab.	W.	Sat.
Tomahawk	Tomahawk Leader	Lee & Ware	Rep.	W.	Fri.
MANITOWOC—					
Kiel	Kiel National Zeitung (G)	H. A. Kuenne	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Citizen	Citizens' Pub. Co.	Rep.	W.	Thur.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
MANITOWOC—					
Continued.					
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Daily Herald.....	Herald Press Pub Co	Ind...	D.	
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Daily News.....	Citizens' Pub. Co....	Rep...	D.	
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Pilot.....	Pilot Ptg. Co.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Post (G).....	Baensch & Gemmerich	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc Times Press.....	Herald Press Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Manitowoc.....	Nord-Westen (G).....	Carl G. Schmidt.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Manitowoc.....	Wahrheit (G).....	Ad. Baier.....	Dem...	W.	Tues.
Manitowoc.....	Daily Tribune.....	Daily Pub. Co.....	Dem...	D. & W.	
Two Rivers.....	Chronicle.....	W. F. Nash.....	Dem...	W.	Tues.
Two Rivers.....	Reporter.....	F. Althen.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
MARATHON—					
Athen.....	Record.....	Record Ptg. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Edgar.....	Edgar Press.....	Wm. Meyer.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Mosinee.....	The Times.....	B. E. Walker.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Wausau.....	Central Wisconsin.....	R. H. Johnson.....	Rep...	W.	S.
Hamburg.....	Geftuegelzuechter (G).....	Henry Voegt.....	Pt'y.	M.	
Wausau.....	Deutsh Pioneer (G).....	Paul Stolze.....	Rep...	S. W.	W. & S.
Wausau.....	Wausau Pilo.....	E. B. Thayer.....	Dem...	W.	Tues.
Wausau.....	Record-Herald.....	J. L. Sturtevant.....	Rep...	D. & W.	Fri.
Wausau.....	Wocheblatt (G).....	H. J. Heise.....	Dem...	S. W.	Tu. & F.
Unity.....	Marathon County Register.....	L. H. Cook.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
MARINETTE—					
Marinette.....	The Eagle-Star.....	Eagle Printing Co....	Rep...	D. & W.	Tues.
Marinette.....	Forssten (S).....	G. L. Forsen.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Marinette.....	The Student.....	H. Sch. Students.....	Ed...	M.	
Marinette.....	Tribunen (Sw).....	Swed. Ptg. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Marinette.....	Volkssbote (G).....	Herman Schomaker.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Peshigo.....	Peshigo Times.....	Thomas Barrett.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Wausaukee.....	The Independent.....	Geo. E. Bogrand.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
MARQUETTE—					
Endeavor.....	Epitome.....	G. D. Browne & Son.	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Endeavor.....	Wild Life.....	J. E. & G. D. Browne	G. & P.	Q.	
Montello.....	Montello Express.....	Express Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Westfield.....	Central Union.....	Forbes Bros.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.

MILWAUKEE.

County.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily, weekly, monthly, etc.
MILWAUKEE—				
Milwaukee.....	Acker und Gartenbau Zeitung (G).....	Herold Pub. Co.....	Agr...	W.
Milwaukee.....	American Journal of Education.....	S. Y. Gillan & Co.....	Ed...	M.
Milwaukee.....	American Monthly and Agents' News.....	C. P. Dietz.....	Com...	M.
Milwaukee.....	American School Board Journal.....	W. G. Bruce.....	Ed...	M.
Milwaukee.....	Amerikanische Turnzeitung (G).....	Freidenker Pub. Co....	Ind...	W.
Milwaukee.....	Annals of the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses.....	Deaconess Publish'g Co.	Rel...	Q

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

MILWAUKEE.

County.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily, weekly, monthly, etc.
MILWAUKEE— Con.				
Milwaukee	Badger	Badger Publishing Co.	Lit	M.
Milwaukee	Banner und Volksfreund	Banner Co.	Lit.	S-W.
Milwaukee	Bonded Attorney, The	Ass'n Bonded Attorneys	Legal	Q.
Milwaukee	Brooms, Brushes and Handles		Com.	M.
Milwaukee	Bulletin of Wis. Nat. Hist. Soc.	N. H. S. Pub. Co.	Hist.	Q.
Milwaukee	Bunte Blaetter (G)	N. W. Pub House.	Lit.	M.
Milwaukee	Catholic Citizen	Citizen Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Catholic Directory	H. M. Wiltzins Co.	Rel.	Q.
Milwaukee	Catholic Forester		Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Catholic School Journal	Catholic School Journal Pub. Co.	Ed.	M.
Milwaukee	Cherasker, Der	Cherasker Pub. Co.	Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Cigar Makers' Journal	Cigar Makers' Pub. Co.	Trade	M.
Milwaukee	Chronicle	Chronicle Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Church Times		Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Columbia (G)	Columbia Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Daily Commercial Letter	F. W. Friesc.	Com.	D.
Milwaukee	Der Landmann (G)		Agr.	W.
Milwaukee	Deutsche Hausfrau und Modernes Journal (G)	Hausfrau Pub. Co.	Fam.	M.
Milwaukee	Deutsche Worte (G)	Geo. Braunder	Lit.	W.
Milwaukee	Directory Bulletin		Com.	Q.
Milwaukee	Demochost (B)	Anton Novak	Rep.	W.
Milwaukee	Evening Prayer	Young Churchman's Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Evening Wisconsin	Evening Wisconsin Pub. Co.	Rep.	D & W.
Milwaukee	Excelsior (G)	Excelsior Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Flour and Feed	Peck Pub. Co.	Trade	M.
Milwaukee	Free Press	Free Press Pub. Co.	Rep.	D & W.
Milwaukee	Freidenker (G)	Freidenker Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.
Milwaukee	Fuer Uns're Jugend (G)	Freidenker Pub. Co.		M.
Milwaukee	Gazeta Wisconsinka (P)	Kuryer Pub. Co.	Agr.	W.
Milwaukee	Gemeins Blatt (G)	N. W. Pub. House.	Rel.	S-M.
Milwaukee	Germania (G)	Geo. Braunder	Rep.	S-W.
Milwaukee	Germania Reporter (G)		Frat.	W.
Milwaukee	Germania und Abend- post (G)	Germania-Herold Assn.	Rep.	D & S.
Milwaukee	Germania und Sontags- post (G)	Germania-Herold Assn.	Rep.	S.
Milwaukee	Globe Trotter			M.
Milwaukee	Gruetlander, Der	Gruet. Pub. Co. (Nat. Swiss Pub.)		M.
Milwaukee	Goodfellow	G. F. Pub. Co. (Anti- Prohibition)		M.
Milwaukee	Haus und Bauren Freund (G)		Agr.	W.
Milwaukee	Herold (G)	Germania-Herold Assn.	Rep.	S-W.
Milwaukee	Herold und Seebote	Germania-Herold Assn.	Ind.	D.
Milwaukee	Homeless Boy	Catholic Boys' Home	Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Journal	Journal Pub. Co.	Dem.	D & S.
Milwaukee	Journal of Education	S. Y. Gillan & Co.	Ed.	M.
Milwaukee	Kinderfreunde (G)	N. W. Pub. House	Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Kirchen Glocke (G)		Rel.	Q.
Milwaukee	Kodak, The	Mil. Downer College	Ed.	M.
Milwaukee	Kuryer Ilstrowany (P)	Kruszka Pub. Co.	Ill. M.	W.
Milwaukee	Kuryer Poliski (P)	Kuryer Pub. Co.	Rep.	D.
Milwaukee	Kuryer Tygodniowy (P)	Kuryer Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.
Milwaukee	Lasche's Magazine	Lasche Pub. Co.	Scien.	M.
Milwaukee	Letters on Brewing	Brewers' School	Ed.	Q.
Milwaukee	Living Church, The	Young Churchman Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Lord's Day Papers		Rel.	W.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

MILWAUKEE.

County.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily, weekly, monthly, etc.
MILWAUKEE— Con.				
Milwaukee	Marquette Journal.....	Students Marquette Col- lege	Lit...	M.
Milwaukee	Masonic Tidings.....		Frat...	M.
Milwaukee	Medical Journal.....	Wis. Med. Pub. Co.....	Med...	M.
Milwaukee	Medical Magazine.....	F. A. Forsbeck.....	Med...	M.
Milwaukee	Mind and Body.....	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee	Mercury, The.....	East Div. High School..	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee	National Reformer (G).....			W.
Milwaukee	News.....	News Pub. Co.....	Dem..	D.
Milwaukee	New Century, The.....	H. J. Desmond.....	Rel...	W.
Milwaukee	Northwestern Jeweler, The.....			
Milwaukee	Northwestern Chronicle..	Chronicle Pub. Co.....	Tr....	M.
Milwaukee	North Milwaukee News.....		Rel...	W.
Milwaukee	Noviny Polski.....	N. P. Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.
Milwaukee	Odd Fellows' Friend.....	R. Hoe.....	Dem..	D.
Milwaukee	Ophthalmology.....	Dr. Wurdemann.....	Frat..	M.
Milwaukee	Organ Bratrstva (Bo.).....	A. Novak.....	Med..	Q.
Milwaukee	Our Boys.....	Bert Hall.....	Frat..	M.
Milwaukee	Our Young People.....		Char.	Q.
Milwaukee	Outers' Book.....	Sportsman Pub. Co.....	Rel...	S-M.
Milwaukee	Other Side, The.....	O. S. Pub. Co.....	Spt...	M.
Milwaukee	Packages.....	Packages Pub. Co.....	Anti P	M.
Milwaukee	Patriot (G).....	Excelsior Pub. Co.....	Com..	M & W.
Milwaukee	Pedagogische Monats Hefte (G).....		Rep..	W.
Milwaukee	Pythian Age.....	C. H. Wheeler.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee	Realty Record.....		Frat..	M.
Milwaukee	Reporter, Daily.....	Reporter Pub. Co.....	Rec...	M.
Milwaukee	Review (For the Blind).....		Com..	D.
Milwaukee	Revnost (B).....		Lit...	W.
Milwaukee	Rundschau (G).....		Ind...	W.
Milwaukee	Seebote, The (G).....	P. V. Deuster.....	Rel...	W.
Milwaukee	Sentinel, The.....	Sentinel Pub. Co.....	Dem..	S-W.
Milwaukee	Shepherd's Arm.....	Young Churchman Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D. & S.
Milwaukee	Social Democrat Herold. Souvenir, The.....	Victor L. Berger.....	Rel...	W. & M.
Milwaukee	Theological Quarta- schrift.....	George Bach.....	S Dem	W.
Milwaukee	The Motor.....	Northwestern Pub. Co.	Mus...	M.
Milwaukee	Times.....	W. C. T. U.....	Rel...	Q.
Milwaukee	Traveling Man, The.....	Times Pub. Co.....	Tem...	M.
Milwaukee	Tygodnik Milwaukee (P)	T. M. Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.
Milwaukee	Vanguard, The.....	Tygodnik Pub. Co.....	Frat..	M.
Milwaukee	Vorwärts (G).....	Soc. Dem. Pub. Co.....	Dem..	W.
Milwaukee	Wahrheit, Die (G).....	Victor L. Berger.....	S Dem	M.
Milwaukee	West Allis Enterprise.....	Victor L. Berger.....	S Dem	W.
Milwaukee	Western Builder.....	Ent. Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W.
Milwaukee	Western Teacher.....	S. Y. Gillan Co.....	Tr....	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Children's Home Finder.....		Ed....	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Christian Ad- vocate.....	Advocate Pub. Co.....	Char..	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Eagledom.....	Eagledom Pub. Co.....	Rel...	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Jobber and Retailer.....	Wis. J. and R. Pub. Co..	Frat..	M.
Milwaukee	Young Churchman.....	Young Churchman Pub. Co.....	Tr....	S-M.
			Rel...	W. & M.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
MONROE—					
Cashton.....	Cashton Record.....	E. H. Brown.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Kendall.....	Kendall Keystone.....	A. R. McLenegan.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Norwalk.....	Norwalk Star.....	F. G. Hesselgrave.....	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Sparta.....	Advertiser.....	Ross & Darrington.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Sparta.....	Monroe Co. Democrat	Rice & Wells.....	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Sparta.....	Sparta Herald.....	McBride Bros.....	Rep...	W.	Tues.
Tomah.....	Tomah Journal.....	L. B. Squire.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Tomah.....	Tomah Monitor- Herald.....	J. A. & C. J. Wells.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Warrens.....	Warrens Index.....	Index Printing Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Wilton.....	Wilton Herald.....	J. G. Guber.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
OCONTO—					
Gillett.....	Gillett Times.....	Lewis P. Perry.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Lena.....	Lena News.....	G. W. Van Vuren.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Oconto.....	Oconto Enterprise.....	Phil A. Badour.....	Dem..	S. W.	Tu & F
Oconto.....	The Enquirer.....	Rose A. Sharp.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Oconto.....	Oconto Lumberman.....	J. W. Hall.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Oconto.....	Oconto Co. Reporter.....	W. M. Comstock.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Oconto Falls.....	Oconto Falls Herald.....	Smith & O'Neil.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
ONEIDA—					
Minocqua.....	The Times.....	C. W. Hooper.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Rhineland.....	The New North.....	New North Ptg. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Rhineland.....	The Rhineland Herald.....	A. W. Shelton.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Rhineland.....	The Vindicator.....	W. H. Trumbull.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Three Lakes.....	Forest Advance.....	W. J. New.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
OUTAGAMIE—					
Appleton.....	Appleton Crescent.....	Ryan & Bro.....	Dem..	D.&W.	W.Sat.
Appleton.....	Appleton Post.....	Post Pub. Co.....	Rep...	D.&W.	W.Th.
Appleton.....	Appleton Volks- freund (G).....	H. W. Meyer.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Appleton.....	Appleton Wecker (G)	Christ Roemer Est.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Appleton.....	Das Montags Blatt (G).....	H. W. Meyer.....	Ind..	W.	Mon.
Appleton.....	Church Tidings.....	W. L. Clapp.....	Rel..	M.	W.
Appleton.....	Fox River Journal.....	E. J. Westphal.....	Ind..	W.	Wed.
Appleton.....	Gegenwart (G).....	Gegenwart Co.....	Ind..	S. W.	T. & F.
Appleton.....	Lawrentian.....	L. U. Students.....	Coll.	S. M.	W.
Appleton.....	Samstags Bote (G).....	C. Roemer Est.....	Ind..	W.	Sat.
Appleton.....	Zionsbote (G).....	Theo. Marth.....	Ind..	M.	W.
Black Creek.....	Times.....	F. H. Colburn.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Dale.....	Dale Recorder.....	H. Mollen.....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Hortonville.....	Hortonville Review.....	Hollenbeck & Nye.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Sun.....	Dem..	W.	Fri.	
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Times.....	Raught & Winscy.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Seymour.....	Seymour Pres.....	H. J. Van Vuren.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Shiocton.....	Shiocton News.....	F. H. Colburn.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
OZAUKEE—					
Cedarburg.....	The Cedarburg News	A. W. Horn.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Port Washington	Ozaukee Co. Adver- tiser.....	M. G. Bohan.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Port Washington	Port Washington Herald (G).....	W. B. Krause.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Port Washington	Port Washington Pilot.....	H. Schoensigel.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Port Washington	Port Washington Star.....	Star Printing Co.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Port Washington	Port Washington Zeitung (G).....	Carl Fehlandt.....	Dem..	W.	Thur.
PEPIN—					
Durand.....	The Pepin Co. Courier	Mrs. May Eldridge.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Durand.....	Entering Wedge Co.....	The Entering Wedge Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Pepin.....	Pepin Herald.....	Lloyd Axtel.....	Dem..	W.	Fri.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly	Publication day.
PIERCE—					
Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth Record....	J. F. Shaw.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Ellsworth.....	Pierce Co. Herald....	Herald Printing Co.	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Elmwood.....	Advance.....	E. E. & H. D. Conry	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Maiden Rock....	Maiden Rock Press..	C. Dickerson.....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Prescott.....	Prescott Tribune....	W. C. Zander.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
River Falls.....	River Falls Journal..	C. R. Morse.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
River Falls.....	River Falls Times...	Percy Roberts.....	Ind..	W.	Tues.
Spring Valley...	Spring Valley Sun... Standard.....	Chas. Lowater.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
POLK—					
Amery.....	Amery Free Press... The Ledger.....	B. R. Atwood..... E. E. Husband.....	Rep.. Rep..	W. W.	Thur. Thur.
Balsam Lake....	Outlook.....	J. R. Lowe.....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Centuria.....	Clear Lake Star....	D. C. Hambergren.	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Clear Lake.....	Frederic Star.....	J. W. Blackstone...	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Frederic.....	Enterprise.....	Oscar W. L. nd.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Luck.....	Osceola Sun.....	A. E. Roese.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Osceola.....	St. Croix Valley				
St. Croix Falls..	Standard.....	C. W. Folsom.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
PORTAGE—					
Almond.....	Por age Co. Press..	D. E. Thompson....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Amherst.....	Amherst Advocate..	J. L. Moberg.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Stevens Point...	Normal Pointer....	Normal Students...	Lit..	M.	
Stevens Point...	Rolnik (P).....	Worzalla Bros....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Stevens Point...	Stevens Point Jour'al	E. McGlachlin....	Rep..	D & W	W., S
Stevens Point...	The Gazette.....	Ed. D. Glennon....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
PRICE—					
Fifield.....	The Fifield Tribune..	Mark R. Bell.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Park Falls.....	Park Falls Herald...	Young Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Phillips.....	The Bee.....	Geo. B. Foster....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Phillips.....	The Phillips Times..	Sackett Bros.....	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Prentice.....	The Prentice Calum't	Mark R. Bell.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Prentice.....	The Prentice News..	E. R. Barager.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
RACINE—					
Burlington.....	Burl'gton Free Press	Wm. R. Devor.....	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Burlington.....	Standard Democrat..	H. E. Zimmerman...	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Burlington.....	Stand. Democrat (G)	H. E. Zimmerman...	Dem..	W.	Sat.
Racine.....	Folkets Avis (D)...	Folkets Avis Pub Co	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Racine.....	The Racine Corres-	Henry Bonn.....	Ind..	W.	
Racine.....	pondent (G).....	Times Ptg. Co.....	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	Racine Daily Times..	Journal Ptg. Co....	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	Racine Daily Journal	Journal Ptg. Co....	Rep..	S-W.	Tu., F
Racine.....	Racine Journal.....	ews Pub. Co.....	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	The Racine News...	slavie Pub. Co....	Ind..	W.	Tues.
Racine.....	The Slavie (Bo)....	Times Ptg. Co....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Racine.....	The Weekly Times..	Norden Pub. Co....	Lit..	M.	
Racine.....	Norden (N & D)....	Slavie Pub. Co....	Lit..	W.	Sat.
Racine.....	Rodina (Bo).....	Agr.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Racine.....	Wis. Agriculturist..	Wis. Agr. Pub. Co..	Rep..	W.	Tues.
Union Grove....	Enterprise.....	A. P. Colby.....	Rep..	W.	Tues.
Waterford.....	Waterford Post....	Edw. Malone.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
RICHLAND—					
Lone Rock.....	Tri-County Review..	P. C. Pitkin.....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Richland Cen'er	Republican Observer	S. W. Fogo.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Richland Cen'er	Richland Democrat..	Wilber G. Barry...	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Richland Cen'er	Richland Rustic....	Bailey & Bailey...	Ind..	W.	Fri.
Viola.....	Viola Intelligencer..	Frazier & Frazier..	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Viola.....	Leaf Tobacco News..	Stock Co.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
ROCK—					
Beloit.....	Beloit Daily News...	Daily News Pub. Co.	Rep..	D & W.	W. Fri
Beloit.....	Beloit Free Press...	Free Press Pub. Co.	Rep..	D & W.	W. Th
Beloit.....	Our Church Life....	Home Mission So-			
Beloit.....	ciety.....	ciety.....	Rep..	M.	
Beloit.....	Round Table.....	Beloit College....	Lit..	W.	
Clinton.....	Rock Co. Banner....	F. R. Heimer.....	Rep..	W.	Sat.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

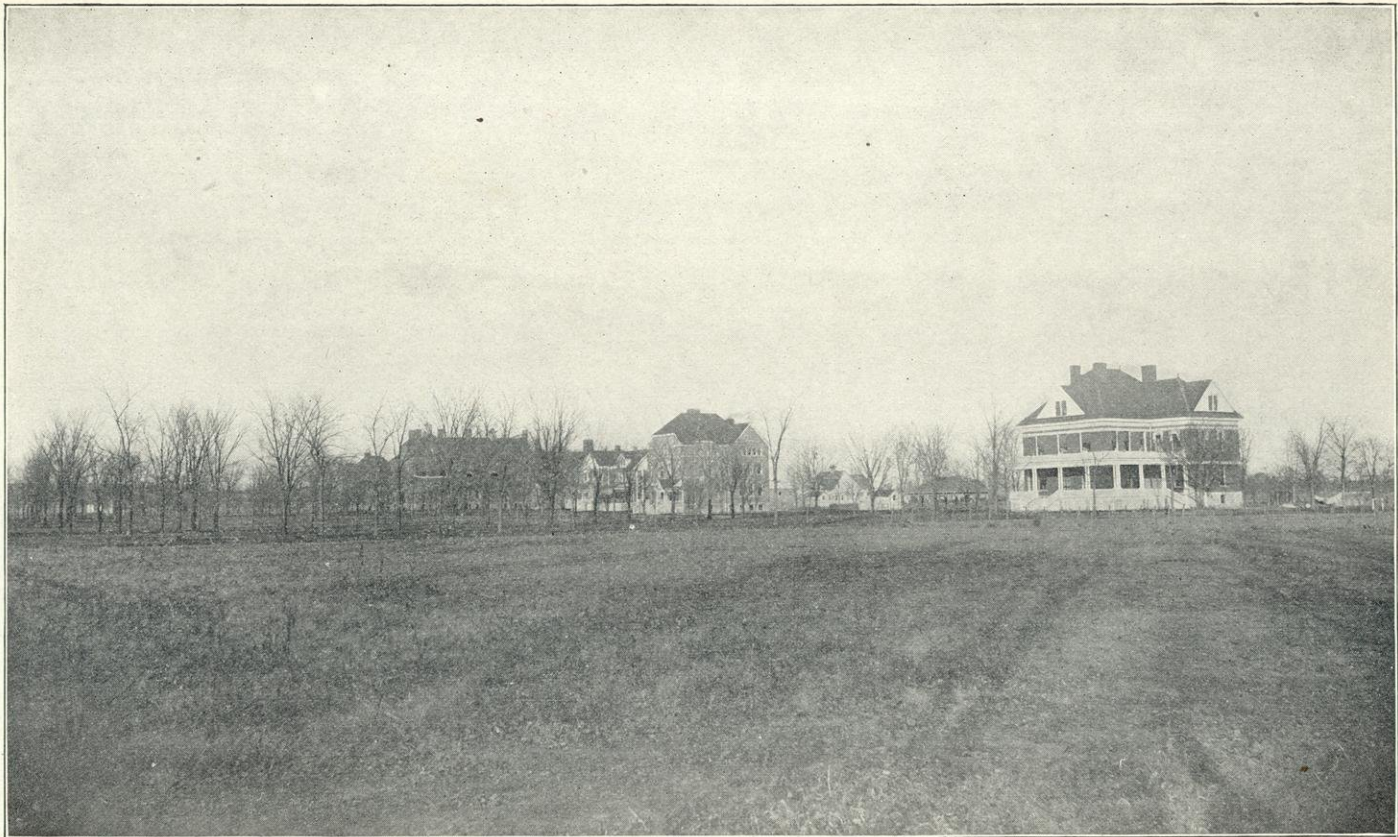
Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly.	Publication day.
ROCK—Con.					
Edgerton.....	The Eagle.....	Edw. G. Dean, Pub.	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Edgerton.....	Wis. Tob. Reporter...	Fred W. Coon.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Evansville.....	The Enterprise.....	Geo. Meacham.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Evansville.....	The Review.....	Antes & McGee.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Evansville.....	The Tribune.....	Geo. Meacham.....	Rep.	W.	Tues.
Evansville.....	Church Echoes.....	First Baptist Church	Rel.	M.	
Janesville.....	Independent.....	S. A. Cooper.....	Ind.	W.	Sat.
Janesville.....	Janesville Gazette.....	Gazette Printing Co.	Rep.	D & S.W.	Tu., F
Janesville.....	Janesville Journal (G)	H. W. Frick.....	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Janesville.....	Janesville Recorder.....	Recorder Prtg. Co.	Dem.	D. & W.	W., Th
Janesville.....	Phoenix.....	Janesville High School.....	Lit....	M.	
Janesville.....	Wis. M'die'l Recorder	J. P. Thorne.....	Med.	M.	
Milton.....	Rock Co. Journal.....	W. K. Davis.....	Rep.	W.	Wed.
Milton.....	College Review.....	College Students.....	Col.	M.	
Milton Junction	Milton Telephone.....	Miles & Holsten.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Orfordville.....	Journal.....	S. H. Graves.....	Rep.	W.	Wed.
RUSK—					
Bruce.....	News Letter.....	Amos Babcock.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Glen Flora.....	Glen Flora Star.....	D. W. Maloney.....	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Hawkins.....	Hawkins Reporter.....	R. W. Richardson.....	Ind Rp	W.	Sat.
Ladysmith.....	Rusk Co. Journal.....	The Journal Co.....	Rep.	W.	Sat.
Ladysmith.....	Ladysmith News				
	Budget.....	A. A. Hadden.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Tony.....	Tony Enterprise.....	D. F. Richardson.....	Rep.	W.	Sat.
ST. CROIX—					
Baldwin.....	Baldwin Bulletin.....	O. K. Hawley.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Glenwood.....	Glenwood Tribune.....	Yates & Hull.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Hammond.....	Hammond News.....	Hartwig.....	Ind.	W.	Fri.
Hudson.....	Star-Times.....	Webster & Haven.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Hudson.....	True Republican.....	Geo. D. Cline.....	Dem.	W.	Thur.
Hudson.....	The St. Croix Observer	Nagler & Strong.....	Rep.	W.	Wed.
New Richmond	Republican Voice.....	C. H. Van Meter.....	Rep.	S-W.	Tu., F
New Richmond	New Richmond News	Welch Pub. Co.....	Rep.	W.	Wed.
SAUK—					
Baraboo.....	Baraboo News.....	H. E. Cole.....	Rep.	D. & W.	Thur.
Baraboo.....	Baraboo News (G)	H. E. Cole.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Baraboo.....	Baraboo Republican	Hood Bros.....	Rep.	D. & W.	Thur.
Baraboo.....	Sauk Co. Democrat.	Ed. L. Luckow.....	Dem.	W.	Thur.
La Valle.....	La Valle Leader.....	H. H. Dunn.....	Ind.	W.	Fri.
North Freedom.	The North Freedom Journal.....	Jos. Sattenberg.....	Ind.	W.	Wed.
Prairie du Sac.	The Sauk Co. News.....	Giegerich & Just.....	Ind.	W.	Thur.
Reedsburg.....	Reedsburg Free Press	Geo. J. Shanahan.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Reedsburg.....	Reedsburg Times.....	Ninman & Quamby.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Sauk City.....	Pioneer Press (G)	M. H. Nimmann.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Spring Green.	Weekly Home News.	W. R. Purdy.....	Ind.	W.	Thur.
SAWYER—					
Hayward.....	Hayward Republican	Robt. C. Pugh.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Hayward.....	Sawyer Co. Recorder	Record Pub. Co.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Winter.....	Sawyer Co. Gazette.....	W. H. Noyes & son.	Rep.	W.	Thur.
SHAWANO—					
Brimmwood.....	Brimmwood News.....	S. K. Adams.....	Rep.	W.	Wed.
Mattong.....	Mattong Times.....	R. J. Jouno.....	Rep.	W.	Sat.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Advocate.....	E. J. Scott.....	Dem.	W.	Tues.
Shawano.....	Shawano Co. Journal	Perry Bros.....	Rep.	W.	Thur.
Shawano.....	Volksbote-Wochenblatt (G)	Volksbote Pub. Co.	P'd Rep	W.	Fri.
Tigerton.....	The Tigerton Chronicle.....	E. O. Dent.....	Rep.	W.	Fri.
Wittenberg.....	For Gammel og Ung (N)	Rev. K. O. Eidahl.....	Rel....	W.	Tues.
Wittenberg.....	The Enterprise.....	England & Ketchum	Rep.	W.	Thur.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers,	Names of publishers.	Char-acter.	Daily or weekly	Publi-cation day.
SHAWANO—Con-	Sontagskolebladet				
Wittenberg.....	(N)	Rev. K. O. Eldahl...	Rel...	W.	Tucs.
Wittenberg.....	The Christian Youth	Rev. K. O. Eldahl...	Rel...	S.-M.	
SHEBOYGAN—					
Franklin.....	M. H. Aerolith (E & G).....	Mission House Col-lege	Rel...	M.	
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Post (G)..	Wandersleben Bros.	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Reporter..	Gus. W. Schiereek...	Dem...	W.	Sat.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Review....	Review Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Sheboygan.....	Arbeiterzeitung.....	Arbeiterzeitung P'tg. Co.	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Sheboygan.....	Lake Breeze.....	High School Pupils..	Lit....	M.	
Sheboygan.....	National Demokrat (G)	Demokrat Pub. Co..	Dem...	S.-W.	W. S.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Amerika (G)	Sheboygan Pub. Co..	Rep...	D.	
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Daily Journal	L. E. Reed	Ind...	D.	
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Herald...	Herald Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Star.....	L. E. Reed	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram P'tg. Co..	Rep...	D.	
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan Zeitung (G)	Sheboygan Pub. Co..	Rep...	S.-W.	T. & F.
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan Co. News.	W. C. Thomas.....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
TAYLOR—					
Medford.....	Der Waldbote (G)...	German Pub. Co.....	Ind. D	W.	Sat.
Medford.....	Medford Democrat...	Max Bach.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
Medford.....	Taylor Co. Star-News	A. J. Latton.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Rib Lake.....	Rib Lake Herald.....	J. J. Voemastek & Co.	Rep...	W.	Fri.
TREMPEALEAU					
Arcadia.....	Arca'ka Anzeiger(G)	Emil Schulze.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Arcadia.....	The Leader.....	Albert Hess.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Blair.....	Blair Press.....	S. Stout.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Galesville.....	Galesville Republican	B. A. Gipple.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Independence..	Independent News-Wave.....	Geo. A. Markham...	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Independence..	Wis. Good Templar..	Geo. A. Markham...	Tem...	W.	Thur.
Osseo.....	Weekly Recorder...	Gilpin & Gilpin...	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Trempealeau...	Trempealeau Gazette	Bohen & Co.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Trempealeau...	Trempealeau Herald	Alletta D. Goodhue.	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Whitehall.....	The Whitehall Times and Blair Banner..	J. B. Beach.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
VERNON—					
Coon Valley...	Coon Valley News...	Harvey Owen.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
De Soto.....	De Soto Argus.....	C. B. Copper.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Hillsboro.....	Hillsboro Sentry-Enterprise.....	W. O. Shear.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
La Farge.....	La Farge Enterprise..	P. S. Sanford.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Readstown...	Readstown Tribune..	M. V. Frazier.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Stoddard.....	Stoddard Times.....	C. E. Dudley.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censor...	O. G. Munson.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader..	F. H. Graves.....	Dem...	W.	Wed.
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican.	H. E. Bailey.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Westby.....	Westby Times.....	F. C. Bunn.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
VILAS—					
Eagle River...	Eagle River Review..	E. O. Bowen.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Eagle River...	Vilas Co. News.....	Rogers P'tg. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
WALWORTH—					
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	W. T. Passage.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	A. S. Hearn.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times.....	Fred C. Larsen.....	Lit...	W.	Thur.
East Troy.....	East Troy News.....	O. R. Kurzrok.....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Eames & Snyder...	Rep...	W.	Thur.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly	Publication day.
WALWORTH—					
Genoa Junction	Times.....	Sweuson Bros.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Lake Geneva...	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Lake Geneva...	News.....	L. Geneva Pub. Co...	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Fred. C. Fessenden...	Ind...	W.	Thur.
Walworth.....	Walworth Times....	F. J. Perrin.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Whitewater.....	Royal Purple.....	Normal Students....	Lit...	M.	
Whitewater.....	Whitewater Gazette.	F. R. Bloodgood....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Whitewater.....	Whitewater Register.	E. D. Coe, Prop.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Whitewater.....	Cheese & Dairy Journal & Creamery Reporter.....	C. & D. J. Pub. Co...	Trade	M.	
WASHBURN—					
Birchwood.....	Independent.....	Frank Pearson.....	Ind...	W.	
Birchwood.....	Press.....	W. H. Babcock.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Shell Lake.....	Shell L. Watchman...	Andrew Kennedy....	Dem...	W.	Wed.
Shell Lake.....	Wash'n Co. Register	Register Pub. Co...	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Spooner.....	Spooner Advocate...	Frank Hammill.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford.....	Hartford Press.....	LeCount & LeCount.	Rep...	S.-W.	Tu., F
Hartford.....	Hartford Times....	A. J. Hemmy.....	Dem...	S.-W.	Tu., F
Kewaskum.....	Kewaskum Statesman	Chas. E. Krahn.....	Ind...	W.	Tu., F
Schleisingsville	Balschaffer (G).....	Gustav Meister.....	Ind...	W.	Thur.
West Bend.....	Beobachter (G).....	Washington County Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
West Bend.....	Washington Co. Pilot	Henry B. Kaempfer..	Dem...	W.	Wed.
West Bend.....	West Bend News....	Washington County Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
WAUKESHA—					
Delafield.....	Cadet Days.....	Walter C. Estes.....	Ed....	M.	
Delafield.....	Trumpeter.....	Morris Collins.....	Ed....	Ann'l	
Eagle.....	Eagle Quill.....	H. M. Loibl.....	Dem...	W.	Sat.
Hartland.....	Hartland News....	Mabel Han- en.....	Ind...	W.	Sat.
Menom'nee F.H.	The Wis. Sugar Bee.	C. W. Fraser.....	Agr...	M.	
Menom'nee F.H.	Menomonee Falls News.....	C. W. Fraser.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Mukwonago.....	Mukwonago Chief..	Chief Printing Co...	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Oconomowoc.....	Oconomowoc Enterprise.....	C. H. Palmer.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Oconomowoc.....	Wis. Free Press....	A. C. Hathaway....	Rep...	W.	Sat.
Pewaukee.....	Pewaukee Breeze...	Breeze Co.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha Dispatch	G. W. Norris.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha Freeman.	H. M. Youmans....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville...	Clintonville Tribune	Barnum & Cotton...	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Iola.....	Iola Herald.....	Herald Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Manawa.....	Manawa Advocate...	A. C. Walch.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Marion.....	Marion Advertiser..	S. L. Perry.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
New London...	New London Press..	Chas. F. Carr.....	Dem...	W.	Thur.
New London...	New London Rep...	Holleback & Nye..	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Waupaca.....	Assembly Herald...	H. A. Larsen.....	Temp	Q.	
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Record...	Mrs. A. R. Carpenter.....	Rep...	W.	Thur.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Rep. Post	Post Printing Co...	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Waunawaga...	Chronicle.....	C. F. Crane.....	Ind...	W.	Wed.
Waunawaga...	Die Deutsche Chronik (G).....	C. F. Crane.....	Ind...	W.	Fri.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock.....	Hancock News.....	Roy L. Thompson...	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Plainfield.....	Plainfield Sun.....	Johnson & Fields..	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Redgranite...	Herald.....	D. S. Johnson.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
Wautoma.....	Wauslara Argus....	Berray & Holt.....	Rep...	W.	Wed.
Wild Rose.....	Wild Rose Times....	A. S. Collins.....	Rep...	W.	Fri.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha.....	Menasha Record....	A. D. Clinton.....	Rep...	D.	
Menasha.....	Winnebago Anzeiger (G).....	J. C. Klinker.....	Dem...	W.	Fri.



STATE SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN, SPARTA.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of papers.	Names of publishers.	Character.	Daily or weekly	Publication day.
WINNEBAGO—Co					
Neenah.....	Friend and Guide....	Equitable Fraternal Union.....	Frat..	M.	
Neenah.....	Times.....	J. N. Stone.....	Dem..	D. & W.	W. S.
Neenah.....	Daily News.....	News Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D. & W.	W. F.
Omro.....	Omro Herald.....	C. H. Slocum.....	Rep..	W.	Fri.
Omro.....	Omro Journal.....	P. M. Wright.....	Ind..	W.	Thur.
Oshkosh.....	The Northwestern...	Hicks Printing Co..	Rep..	D. & W.	W. S.
Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin Christian Advocate.....	A. J. Benjamin.....	Pro...	W.	Fri.
Oshkosh.....	Weekly Democrat...	Vador-Moes Ptg. Co.	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Oshkosh.....	Wis. Telegraph (G)..	Allen & Weidner...	Dem..	W.	Fri.
Winneconne....	The Local.....	R. R. Crowe.....	Ind..	W.	Fri.
WOOD—					
Grand Rapids..	Daily Reporter.....	A. L. Fontaine.....	Rep..	D.	
Grand Rapids..	Wis. Valley Leader..	Cooley & Emmons..	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Grand Rapids..	Grand Rapids Tribune.....	Drumb & Sutor.....	Dem..	W.	Wed.
Grand Rapids..	Wood Co. Reporter..	A. L. Fontaine.....	Rep..	D. & W.	Thur.
Marshfield.....	Demokrat (G).....	A. G. & H. A. Pan-kow.....	Dem..	W.	Thur.
Marshfield.....	The Marshfield News	John H. White.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.
Marshfield.....	The Marshfield Times	Williams & Bailey..	Rep..	W.	Wed.
Nekoosa.....	Wood Co. Times & Yellow River Pilot.	P. O. Winther.....	Rep..	W.	Thur.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESS OF WISCONSIN.

The foregoing pages with reference to the press of Wisconsin show 728 newspapers and periodicals published in the state, of which sixty-three are dailies, five hundred fifty-two weeklies and twenty-five semi-weeklies, a detailed summary follows:

Dailies, also publishing weekly issues	21	
Dailies, also publishing semi-weekly issues	3	
Dailies, daily issue only	39	
Total daily papers		63
Weekly papers, weekly issue only	522	
Weekly in connection with dailies	21	
Total weeklies		543
Individual semi-weekly papers	23	
Semi-weeklies with dailies	3	
Tri-weekly	1	
Total semi-weeklies		27
Total monthly publications	81	
Semi-monthly publications	51	
Quarterly publications	15	
Annual publications	2	
Total		149
As to Politics:		
Republican	334	
Democratic	103	
Independent	133	
Religious	30	
Educational	18	
Prohibition and temperance	6	
Agricultural	10	
Women suffrage	1	
Socialism	5	
Literary, fraternal, trade, etc.	51	
Commercial	9	
Anti-Prohibition	2	
Home	2	
Character not reported	10	
Total		714

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of post offices in Wisconsin, arranged alphabetically, with counties, and corrected from official sources up to December, 1903, at which date there were 1,233 post offices in Wisconsin. Of these 14 were of the first class, 47 in the second class, 173 in the third class and 1,000 in the fourth class. There were 233 presidential offices, 977 money order offices and 73 money order stations. Money order offices are indicated by an asterisk (*). International money order offices by a dagger (†). Summer offices by a double dagger (‡). Figures after the office indicate the number of rural routes emanating therefrom.

A.

Aaron	Burnett
Abbotsford† 1	Clark
Ableman* 1	Sauk
Abrams* 1	Oconto
Ackerville	Washington
Ada	Sheboygan
Adams Center*	Adams
Adell* 1	Sheboygan
Adkins	Forest
Advance	Shawano
Afton*	Rock
Agenda	Ashland
Albany† 2	Green
Albertsville 1	Chippewa
Albion*	Dane
Algoma† 4	Kewaunee
Allen Grove*	Walworth
Allenton* 2	Washington
Allenville* 1	Winnebago
(Alouez, Ind. Sta. Superior)	
Alma† 2	Buffalo
Alma Center* 3	Jackson
Almena* 1	Barron
Almond† 4	Portage
Alouez	Milwaukee
Altoona*	Eau Claire
Amberg†	Marinette
Amy† 4	Polk
Amherst† 2	Portage
Amherst Junction* 2	Portage
Andrus	Polk
Anglican* 1	Shawano
Angua	Barron
Aniwa*	Shawano
Antigo† 5	Langlade
Apollonia*	Rusk
Appleton† 7	Outagamie
Arbor Vitae*	Vilas
Arcadia† 6	Trempealeau
Arena* 1	Iowa
Argyle† 4	Lafayette
Arkansas* 3	Pepin
Arkdale* 1	Adams
Arlington* 1	Columbia
Armenia	Juneau
Armstrong Creek*	Forest
Arnold	Chippewa

Arnott*	Portage
Arpin* 2	Wood
Ashland† 1	Ashland
Ashland Junction*	Bayfield
Ashley	Marathon
Askeaton	Brown
Aspen	Bernett
Athelstane*	Marinette
Athenst† 3	Marathon
Atlanta*	Rusk
Attica	Green
Atwater	Dodge
Auburndale* 2	Wood
Augusta† 4	Eau Claire
Auroraville* 1	Waushara
Avalon* 1	Rock
Avoca* 2	Iowa

B.

Babcock*	Wood
Bacon	Monroe
Bagley* 2	Grant
Baileys Harbor* 1	Door
Baldwin† 4	Saint Croix
Balsam Lake* 1	Polk
Bancroft* 1	Portage
Bangor† 3	La Crosse
Baraboo† 6	Sauk
Barkpoint	Bayfield
Barksdale*	Bayfield
Barnes	Bayfield
Barneveldt† 3	Iowa
Barnum* 1	Crawford
Barron† 4	Barron
Barronett*	Barron
Barton* 2	Washington
Basco* 1	Dane
Bassett*	Kenosha
Bass Lake	Langlade
Basswood*	Richland
Bavaria	Langlade
Bay City* 2	Pierce
Bayfield†	Bayfield
Beaver*	Marinette
Beaver Dam† 6	Dodge
Beetown* 1	Grant
Beldenville* 2	Pierce

Belgium* 1 Ozaukee
 Bell Centre** Crawford
 Belle Plaine* Shawano
 Belleville* 3 Dane
 Bellwood Douglas
 Belmont* 2 Lafayette
 Beloit* 8 Rock
 Bennett* Douglas
 Benoit Bayfield
 Benton* Lafayette
 Berlin† 4 Green Lake
 Bethel* Wood
 Bevent* Marathon
 Bibon* Bayfield
 Big Falls* Waupaca
 Big Flats* Adams
 (Billings Park, St. Superior.)
 Bingo Bayfield
 Birch Island Burnett
 Birchlake Bayfield
 Birchwood* Washburn
 Birnamwood† 2 Shawano
 Black Creek* 3 Outagamie
 Black Earth* 2 Dane
 Black River Falls† 8 Jackson
 Blackwell Forest
 Blair† 4 Trempealeau
 Blanchardville† 4 Lafayette
 Blenker Wood
 Bloom City* 2 Richland
 Bloomert 5 Chippewa
 Bloomington* 3 Grant
 Bloomville* Lincoln
 Blueberry* Douglas
 Blue Mound* 2 Dane
 Blue River* 1 Grant
 Boardman* Saint Croix
 Boaz* 2 Richland
 Bonduel* 3 Shawano
 Boscobelt 6 Grant
 Bowler Shawano
 Boyceville* 3 Dunn
 Boyd* 2 Chippewa
 Boyleston Douglas
 Bradley* Lincoln
 Branch* Manitowoc
 Brantford 3 Fond du Lac
 Brantwood* Price
 Breed Oconto
 Brehm Taylor
 Bridgeport* 2 Crawford
 Briggsville* 1 Marquette
 Bright Clark
 Brill* Barron
 Brilliant† 3 Calumet
 Bristol* 3 Kenosha
 Brodhead† 6 Green
 Broderville Taylor
 Brokaw* Marathon
 Brookfield* 2 Waukesha
 Brooklyn* 4 Green
 Browning* 1 Marquette
 Brownsville* 1 Dodge
 Browntown* 2 Green
 Bruce† 2 Rusk
 Brule* Douglas
 Brussels* 3 Door
 Bryan* 1 Langlade
 Budsin* Marquette
 Bundy* Lincoln
 Burke* Dane
 Burkhardt* Saint Croix
 Burling†ont 6 Racine
 Burnett* 1 Dodge
 Burr Oak* La Crosse
 Buswell Vilas
 Butte des Morts Winnebago
 Buttneruff Ashland
 Byrds Creek* Richland
 Byron Fond du Lac

C.

Cable* Bayfield
 Cadott† 3 Chippewa
 Calamine* 1 Lafayette
 Caledonia* 3 Racine
 Calhoun* 1 Waukesha
 Calumetville* Fond du Lac
 Calvary* 2 Fond du Lac
 Cambria† 3 Columbia
 Cambridge† 4 Dane
 Cameron† 2 Barron
 Campbellsport† 6 Fond du Lac
 Camp Douglas† 2 Juneau
 Camp Lake* Kenosha
 Canton* Barron
 Caroline* Shawano
 Carter* Forest
 Caryville* 1 Dunn
 Cascade* 2 Sheboygan
 Casco* 2 Kewaunee
 Cashton† 4 Monroe
 Casimir Portage
 Cassian* Oneida
 Cassville† 2 Grant
 Cataract* 2 Monroe
 Catawba* 1 Price
 Cato* 2 Manitowoc
 Cavour* Forest
 Cayuga Ashland
 Cazenovia* 2 Richland
 Cecil* 1 Shawano
 Cedar Iron
 Cedarburg† 2 Ozaukee
 Cedar Grove* 2 Sheboygan
 Centuria* 2 Polk
 Chaffey Douglas
 Chaseburg* 2 Vernon
 Chat Lincoln
 Chelsea* Taylor
 Chester Dodge
 Chetek† 4 Barron
 Chicog Washburn
 Chilli* 1 Clark
 Chilton† 5 Calumet
 Chippewa Falls† 9 Chippewa
Chittamo Washburn
 Cisco† Vilas
 City Point* Jackson
 Clam Falls* 1 Polk
 Clarso* 1 Green
 Clay Jackson
 Clayton* 2 Polk
 Clear Lake* 3 Polk
 Clearwater Lake Oneida
 Cleveland* 3 Manitowoc
 Clifford* Price
 Clinton† 4 Rock
 Clintonville† 4 Waupaca
 Clyde Iowa
 Clyman* Dodge
 Cobb* 2 Iowa
 Cobban Chippewa
 Cochrane* 2 Buffalo
 Colby† 2 Marathon
 Coleman* 2 Marinette
 Coles Marinette
 Colfax† 5 Dunn
 Colgate* 1 Washington
 Collins* Manitowoc
 Coloma* 3 Waushara
 Columbia* 1 Clark
 Columbus† 6 Columbia
 Combined Locks* Outagamie
 Commonwealth* Florence
 Constock* 1 Barron
 Conover* Vilas
 Conrath Rusk
 Coon Valley* 1 Vernon
 (Cooper, Sta. Racine.)

Cooperstown*Manitowoc
 Corinth*Marathon
 Corliss† 1Racine
 Cornell* 1Chippewa
 Cornucopia*Bayfield
 Cottage Grove* 3Dane
 Cotter*Lincoln
 Couderay*Sawyer
 CoxChippewa
 Cranberry CenterJuneau
 CrandorfForest
 Cranmoor*Wood
 Cream* 1Buffalo
 Crivitz*Marinette
 Cross Plains* 2Dane
 Cubat 3Grant
 Cudahy†Milwaukee
 Cumberland† 4Barron
 Curtiss* 2Clark
 Cushing* 1Polk
 CussonBayfield
 Custer* 1Portage
 Cylon* 1Saint Croix

D.

Dale* 2Outagamie
 Dallas* 2Barron
 Dancy*Marathon
 Dane* 2Dane
 Darien* 2Walworth
 Darlington† 5Lafayette
 Dayton*Green
 Dedham*Douglas
 DeerbrookLanglade
 Deerfield* 3Dane
 Deer Park* 3Saint Croix
 De Forest† 2Dane
 Delafield†Waukesha
 Delavant 4Walworth
 Delton* 1Sauk
 Denmark* 1Brown
 De Peret 3Brown
 Deronda* 2Polk
 De Soto* 2Vernon
 Detroit Harbor* 1Door
 Devils LakeSauk
 DeweyDouglas
 DewhurstClark
 Dexterville*Wood
 Diamond Bluff† 1Pierce
 Dilly* 1Vernon
 Disco* 1Jackson
 Dodge* 2Trempealeau
 Dodgeville† 4Iowa
 DoeringLincoln
 Donald*Taylor
 DonaldsonVilas
 DongolaBurnett
 DoranBurnett
 Dorchester* 2Clark
 Dousman* 2Waukesha
 DoverPrice
 Downing* 2Dunn
 Downsville* 1Dunn
 Doylestown* 2Columbia
 DraperSawyer
 Dresser Junction* 1Polk
 DrueckerOzaukee
 Drummond*Bayfield
 Dudley*Lincoln
 Dunbar*Marinette
 Dubarton*Lafayette
 Dundas*Calumet
 DunfieldLincoln
 Duplainville*Waukesha
 Durandt† 4Pepin

E.

Eagle* 3Waukesha
 EaglepointChippewa

Eagle River†Vilas
 Earl*Washburn
 Eastman* 1Crawford
 Easton*Adams
 East Troy*Walworth
 Eau Claire† 5Eau Claire
 Eau Galle* 2Dunn
 Eden* 2Fond du Lac
 Edgart 3Marathon
 Edgerton† 5Rock
 EdgewaterSawyer
 Edmund* 1Iowa
 Egg Harbor* 1Door
 EkdallBurnett
 Eland* 1Shawano
 Elcho*Langlade
 Elderon*Marathon
 El Dorado* 1Fond du Lac
 Eleva* 5Trempealeau
 Elkhart* 3Sheboygan
 Elkhorn† 7Walworth
 Elk Mound* 4Dunn
 EllenboroGrant
 Ellison Bay* 1Door
 Ellsworth† 7Pierce
 Elm Grove*Waukesha
 Elmhurst*Langlade
 ElmoGrant
 Elmwood* 2Pierce
 Elroy† 4Juneau
 Elton*Langlade
 Embarrass* 1Waupaca
 Emerald* 2St. Croix
 EmersonIron
 EmetRusk
 Endeavor* 2Marquette
 EnterpriseOneida
 Ephriam* 1Door
 EtnaLafayette
 Ettrick* 3Trempealeau
 Eureka*Winnebago
 Evansville† 5Rock
 EvergreenPolk
 Excelsior* 1Richland
 ExelandSawyer

F.

Fairchild† 3Eau Claire
 Fairview*Burnett
 Fair Water* 1Fond du Lac
 Fall Creek* 4Eau Claire
 Fall River* 2Columbia
 Falun*Burnett
 FancherPortage
 Fence*Florence
 Fennimore† 6Grant
 Fenwood*Marathon
 Ferryville* 3Crawford
 FieldTaylor
 Fifield*Price
 Finley*Juneau
 Fish Creek* 2Door
 Fisk* 1Winnebago
 FitchburgDane
 FivemileWashburn
 FivepointsRichland
 Flambeau*Rusk
 Flintville*Brown
 Florence†Florence
 Fond du Lac† 8Fond du Lac
 Branch Post Office,
 North Fond du Lac
 Fontana*Walworth
 Footville*Rock
 Forest Junction* 1Calumet
 Forestville* 2Door
 Forks*Brown
 Fort Atkinson† 5Jefferson
 (Fort Howard, Sta. Greenbay.)

Foss Lincoln
 Fosterville Vilas
 Fountain City 4 Buffalo
 Foxboro* Douglas
 Foxlaket 3 Dodge
 Foxriver Kenosha
 Franklin* Sheboygan
 Franksville* 3 Racine
 Frazer Shawano
 Frederic* 2 Polk
 (Fredonia, R. Sta. Fredonia.)
 Fredonia 3 Ozaukee
 Rural Station.
 Fredonia.
 Fremont* 2 Waupaca
 Friendship Adams

G.

Gagen* Oneida
 Galesville 3 Trempealeau
 Galloway Marathon
 Gaslyn Burnett
 Gays Mills* Crawford
 Genesee* Waukesha
 Genesee Depot* Waukesha
 Genoa* 2 Vernon
 Genoa Junction 1 Walworth
 Georgetown* Grant
 Germania* Marquette
 Germantown Juneau
 Gile* Iron
 Gillett 1 Oconto
 Gillingham* 1 Richland
 Gilman Taylor
 Gilmanton* 1 Buffalo
 Glandon Marathon
 Gleason* Lincoln
 Glenbeulah* 2 Sheboygan
 Glendale* Monroe
 Glen Flora* Rusk
 Glenhaven* 3 Grant
 Glenwood 3 St. Croix
 Glidden Ashland
 Goll Marinette
 Goodman Marinette
 Goodrich* Taylor
 Gordon* Douglas
 Gotham* Richland
 Grafton* 1 Ozaukee
 Grandmarsh Adams
 Grand Rapids 7 Wood
 Grandview* Bayfield
 Granite Heights* Marathon
 Granton* 4 Clark
 Grantsburg 4 Burnett
 Granville* Milwaukee
 Gratiot* 2 Lafayette
 Green Bay 9 Lafayette
 Station.
 A (Fort Howard).
 Greenbush* Sheboygan
 Green Lake* Green Lake
 Greenleaf* 3 Brown
 Greenvalley Shawano
 Greenville* 1 Outagamie
 Greenwood 4 Clark
 Gresham Shawano
 Grimms* 1 Manitowoc
 Gurney Iron

II.

Hackley Vilas
 Hager City* 2 Pierce
 Hales Corners* 2 Milwaukee
 Hamburg* 1 Marathon
 Hamilton Fond du Lac
 Hancock* 2 St. Croix
 Hamcock* 3 Waushara
 Hannibal* Taylor
 Hanover* Rock

Harrison Lincoln
 Harrisville* Marquette
 Harshaw Oneida
 Hartford 5 Washington
 Hartland Waukesha
 Hatfield Jackson
 Hatley Marathon
 Haugen* Barron
 Haven* 1 Sheboygan
 Hawkins* Rusk
 Hawthorne* Douglas
 Hayton* 1 Calumet
 Hayward Sawyer
 Hazel Green* 1 Grant
 Hazelhurst Oneida
 Heineman* Lincoln
 Helenville* 1 Jefferson
 Heller Lincoln
 Herbster Bayfield
 Hersey* 1 St. Croix
 Hertel* Burnett
 Hewitt* Wood
 High Bridge* Ashland
 Highcliff* Calumet
 Highland 3 Iowa
 Hika* Manitowoc
 Hilbert 5 Calumet
 Hilda Shawano
 Hiles* Forest
 Hillsboro 3 Vernon
 Hillsdale* Barron
 Hillside* Iowa
 Hines* Douglas
 Hingham* Sheboygan
 Hixton* 3 Jackson
 Hofa Park Shawano
 Hogarty Marathon
 Holcombe* Chippewa
 Hollandale* 2 Iowa
 Holmen* 2 La Crosse
 Holmes Jet Marinette
 Holt Marathon
 Honey Creek* 2 Walworth
 Horicon 2 Dodge
 Horns Corners Ozaukee
 Horsemans Rusk
 Hortonville 4 Outagamie
 Hubbleton* Jefferson
 Hub City* 1 Richland
 Hubertus* 1 Washington
 Hudson 2 St. Croix
 Humbird* 1 Clark
 Hunting* Shawano
 Hurley Iron
 Huron* Chippewa
 Hustisford* 1 Dodge
 Hustler* Juneau

I.

Independence* 4 Trempealeau
 Ingram* Rusk
 Intervale Marinette
 Interwald* Taylor
 Iola 3 Waupaca
 Ipswich Lafayette
 Irma* Lincoln
 Iron Belt* Iron
 Iron Mountain* Dodge
 Iron Ridge* 1 Dodge
 Iron River Bayfield
 Ironton* Sauk
 Island Lake* Rusk
 (Itasca, Ind. Sta. Superior.)
 Ixonia* 2 Jefferson

J.

Jackson* 2 Washington
 Jacksonport* 1 Door
 Janesville 9 Rock

Jefferson 5 Jefferson
 Jefferson Junction* Jefferson
 Jennings* Oneida
 Jewett St. Croix
 Jim Falls* 1 Chippewa
 Joel Polk
 Johnson Creek 2 Jefferson
 Jonesdale* 1 Iowa
 Judat 3 Green
 Junction* 1 Portage
 Juneaut 2 Dodge

K.

Kansasville* 2 Racine
 Karlsborg* Burnett
 Kaukauna 4 Outagamie
 Rural Station.
 Sagole.
 Kellnersville* 1 Manitowoc
 Kempster* Langlade
 Kendall* 5 Monroe
 Kennan* 1 Price
 Kenosha 4 Kenosha
 Kent Langlade
 Keshena* Shawano
 Kewasauk 5 Washington
 Kewaunee 7 Kewaunee
 Kickbush Lincoln
 Kiel 4 Manitowoc
 Kilbourn 4 Columbia
 Kimball* Iron
 Kimberly* Outagamie
 Kingston 1 Green Lake
 Klerenville* 1 Dane
 Knapp* 2 Dunn
 Knowles* 1 Dodge
 Knowlton* Marathon
 Knox Mills Price
 Koepen'ek Langlade
 Konsted* Marinette
 Konz Taylor
 Koshkonong* Rock
 Kreinersville Burnett
 Kruger* Burnett

L.

Lac du Flambeau* Vilas
 La Crosse 3 La Crosse
 Ladysmith Rusk
 La Farge* 3 Vernon
 Lake Beulah* 2 Walworth
 Lake Geneva 4 Walworth
 Lakemills 2 Jefferson
 Lake Nebagamon Douglas
 Lakes Price
 Lakewood* Oconto
 Lakota Vilas
 Lambertson Racine
 Lampson Washburn
 Lancaster 9 Grant
 Laney* Shawano
 Langlade* Langlade
 Lannon* Waukesha
 Laona* Forest
 La Pointe* Ashland
 Lark* 1 Brown
 Larsen 3 Winnebago
 Laurel Washburn
 Lavalle* 4 Sauk
 Leadmine Lafayette
 Leaf Burnett
 Leeman* 1 Outagamie
 Leigh Barron
 Lena* 2 Oconto
 Lawace Bayfield
 Leon* 1 Monroe
 Leonard Sawyer
 Leopoldis* Shawano
 Leslie Lafayette

Lily Langlade
 Lima Center* Rock
 Limeridge 1 Sauk
 Linden* Iowa
 Lindsey* Wood
 Little Black* Taylor
 Little Chute* 1 Outagamie
 Little Rapids Brown
 Little Suamico* 1 Oconto
 Livingston* 3 Grant
 Loditz 4 Columbia
 Logan Oconto
 Logansville* 2 Sauk
 Lohrville Wausau
 Lomira* 1 Dodge
 London* 1 Dane
 Lone Rock* 1 Richland
 Long Lake Florence
 Loomis Marinette
 Loraine Polk
 Louisville* 2 Grant
 Lowell* 1 Dodge
 Loyal* 2 Clark
 Loyd 1 Richland
 Lublin Taylor
 Luck* 2 Polk
 Luxembourg* 6 Kewaunee
 Lyndhurst* 1 Shawano
 Lyndon Station* 2 Juneau
 Lynxville 1 Crawford
 Lyons* 2 Walworth

M.

McAllister Marinette
 McCartney Grant
 McCord Oneida
 McMillan* Marathon
 McNaughton Oneida
 Macfarland* 1 Dane
 Madge* Washburn
 Madison 8 Dane
 Maiden Rock* 3 Pierce
 Malone* 2 Fond du Lac
 Manawat 3 Waupaca
 Rural Station.

Symco.
 Manitowish* Iron
 Manitowoc 7 Manitowoc
 Manley Douglas
 Maple* Douglas
 Maplehurst Taylor
 Marathon* 3 Marathon
 Marblehead* Fond du Lac
 March* Marathon
 Marek Marinette
 Marengo* Ashland
 Maribel* Manitowoc
 Marinette 2 Marinette
 Independent Station.

Menasha.
 Marion 3 Waupaca
 Markesau 5 Green Lake
 Markton Langlade
 Marquette* Green Lake
 Marshall* 5 Dane
 Marshfield 5 Wood
 Marshville Dodge
 Martell* Pierce
 Martinsen Douglas
 Martintown* Green
 Mason Bayfield
 Mather* Juneau
 Mattoon* Shawano
 Mauston 7 Juneau
 May Burnett
 Mayville 3 Dodge
 Mazomanie 3 Dane
 Meadow Valley Juneau
 Medford 4 Taylor
 Medina* Outagamie

Mellott	Ashland	Muscoda† 5	Grant
Melrose* 3	Jackson	Muskego* 1	Waukesha
Melvina* 2	Monroe		
Menah	Washburn		
Menasha† 1	Winnebago		
Mendota*	Dane		
(Mekonauee, Ind. Sta. Marinette.)			
Menomonee Falls† 3	Waukesha		
Menomonie† 10	Dunn		
	Station.		
A (N. Menomonie).			
Mercer*	Iron	Napper	Marinette
Meridian* 1	Dunn	Nashotah* 2	Waukesha
Merrill† 5	Lincoln	Nashville*	Forest
Merrillant† 1	Jackson	National Home*	Milwaukee
Merrimack*	Sauk	Naugart* 1	Marathon
Merton*	Waukesha	Necedah† 2	Juneau
Meteor	Sawyer	Neenah† 4	Winnebago
Middle Inlet*	Marinette	Neillsville† 4	Clark
Middleton* 3	Dane	Nekoosau† 1	Wood
Midway* 1	La Crosse	Nelson* 2	Buffalo
Mifflin	Iowa	Nelsonville*	Portage
Mikana*	Barron	Nenno	Washington
Milan*	Marathon	Neopit	Shawano
Milladore* 1	Wood	Neosha* 1	Dodge
Miller	Burnett	Neptune	Richland
Millston* 2	Jackson	Neshkoro* 3	Marquette
Milltown* 1	Polk	Newald	Forest
Millville*	Grant	New Auburn* 2	Chippewa
Milton† 2	Rock	Newburg*	Washington
Milton Junction† 2	Rock	New Cassel*	Fond du Lac
Milwaukee† 8	Milwaukee	New Diggings* 2	Lafayette
	Branch Post Office.	New Franken* 2	Brown
	West Allis (Ind.).	New Glarus* 2	Green
	Stations.	New Holstein† 3	Calumet
A (South Side, 316-18 Reed Street.		New Lisbon† 3	Juneau
B Fond du Lac Ave. and 13th Street.		New London† 5	Waupaca
C 3d and Lloyd Streets.		New Munster*	Kenosha
D Lincoln and Howell Aves.		New Richmond† 6	St. Croix
E Ring Street and Greenbay Ave.		New Rome	Adams
Mindoro* 2	La Crosse	Niagara†	Marinette
Miner	Juneau	Niebull	Adams
Mineral Point† 4	Iowa	Nobleton*	Washburn
Minnesota Junction*	Dodge	Norrie*	Marathon
Miscouqua*	Oneida	North Andover*	Grant
Minong*	Washburn	North Bend†	Jackson
Miscaou Island†	Marinette	North Bristol	Dane
Mishicot* 3	Manitowoc	North Cape*	Racine
Mission	Outagamie	North Crandon*	Forest
Modena* 1	Buffalo	Northfield* 1	Jackson
Mondovit† 7	Buffalo	North Fond du Lac*	Fond du Lac
Monico*	Oneida	North Fork	Price
Monroe† 9	Green	North Freedom* 3	Sauk
Monroe Center	Adams	Northland* 1	Waukesha
Montello† 4	Marquette	(North Menomonie, Sta. A, Menomonie.)	Waupaca
Montfort* 2	Grant	North Milwaukee† 4	Milwaukee
Monticello† 5	Green	Northport*	Waupaca
Montreal*	Iron	North Prairie* 1	Waukesha
Moquah	Bayfield	(North West, Sta. B, Milwaukee.)	
Morley	Langlade	North York	Ashland
Moro	Burnett	Norwalk* 3	Monroe
Morris*	Shawano	Norway Ridge	Monroe
Morrison*	Brown	Nutt	Douglas
Morrisonville* 2	Dane	Nye* 1	Polk
Morse*	Ashland		
Mosinee*	Marathon		
Mosling* 1	Oconto		
Mound	Polk		
Mountain*	Oconto		
Mount Calvary*	Fond du Lac		
Mount Hope* 2	Grant		
Mount Horeb† 6	Dane		
	Rural Stations.		
Mount Vernon.			
Perry			
Mount Ida*	Grant	Oak Center*	Fond du Lac
Mount Sterling*	Crawford	Oakdale* 1	Monroe
Mount Tabor*	Vernon	Oakfield* 3	Fond du Lac
(Mount Vernon, R. Sta. Mount Horeb.)		Oakland	Burnett
Mukwonago† 3	Waukesha	Oakridge	Adams
Muray	Rusk	Oakwood* 1	Milwaukee
		Oconomowoc† 5	Waukesha
		Oconto† 3	Oconto
		Oconto Falls† 2	Oconto
		Odanah†	Ashland
		Ogdensburg* 2	Waupaca
		Ogema* 2	Price
		Okauchee*	Waukesha
		(Old Superior, Ind. Sta. A, Superior.)	
		Okee	Columbia
		Omro† 5	Winnebago
		Onalaska* 1	La Crosse
		Oneida*	Outagamie
		Ontario* 2	Vernon

N.

O.

Oostburg* 2 Sheboygan
 Orange* Burnett
 Oregon 4 Dane
 Orfordville* 1 Rock
 Orienta Bayfield
 Ormsby* Langlade
 Osceola† 3 Polk
 Oshkosh† 7 Winnebago
 Oshot 5 Trempealeau
 Otjen* Milwaukee
 Oulu Bayfield
 Owen* Clark
 Oxford* 2 Marquette
 Oxley Vilas

P.

Packwaukee* 2 Marquette
 Padus Forest
 Palmyra† 2 Jefferson
 Pansy Burnett
 Pardeeville† 3 Columbia
 Park Falls† Price
 Parrish* Langlade
 Parkin† Barron
 Patch Grove* Grant
 Pearson* Langlade
 Peebles* 1 Fond du Lac
 Peet Burnett
 Pelican Lake* Oneida
 Pella Shawano
 Pembine* Marinette
 Pence* Iron
 Pensaukee Oconto
 Pepin† 2 Pepin
 Perkinstown* Taylor
 (Perry, R. Sta. Mount Horeb.)
 Peshtigo† 3 Marinette
 Petersburg* Crawford
 Pewaukee† 3 Waukesha
 Phillips† 1 Price
 Pblox* Langlade
 Pickrel Langlade
 Pickett* 2 Winnebago
 Pigeon Falls* 2 Trempealeau
 Pikelake Marathon
 Pine River* 2 Waushara
 Pittsville* Wood
 Plain* 2 Sauk
 Plainfield 4 Waushara
 Plainville* 1 Adams
 Platteville† 10 Grant
 Pleasant Prairie* 1 Kenosha
 Plover* 2 Portage
 Plum City* 2 Pierce
 Plummer Iron
 Plymouth† 6 Sheboygan
 Polar* Langlade
 Polley Taylor
 Polonia Portage
 Poplar* Douglas
 Portage† 5 Columbia
 Port Arthur Rusk
 Port Edwards* Wood
 Porterfield Marinette
 Port Washington† 2 Ozaukee
 Port Wing† Bayfield
 Postlake Langlade
 Potosi† 5 Grant
 Potter* Calumet
 Pound† 1 Marinette
 Powell† Iron
 Powers Lake† Kenosha
 Poynettet† 4 Columbia
 Poy Sippi* 1 Waushara
 Prairie du Chien† Crawford
 Prairie du Sac† 4 Sauk
 Prairie Farm* 2 Barron
 Pray* Jackson
 Prentice† Price
 Prescott* 2 Pierce

Preston Grant
 Princetont 2 Green Lake
 Progress Wood
 Pulaski* 1 Shawano
 Pulcifer* Shawano

Q.

Quarry* Manitowoc
 Quincy* Adams

R.

Racine† 4 Racine
 Independent Station.
 Racine Junction.
 Station.

Cooper.

Radisson* Sawyer
 Ramona Green
 Randall* Burnett
 Randolph† 3 Dodge
 Random Lake* 3 Sheboygan
 Range* Polk
 Readfield* Waupaca
 Readstown* 2 Vernon
 Redcedar* Dunn
 Redcliff* Bayfield
 Redgranite† 2 Waushara
 Reedsburg† 5 Sauk
 Reedsville† 3 Manitowoc
 Reeseville* 2 Dodge
 Reeve* Barron
 Regina* Shawano
 Reserve Sawyer
 Rewey* 1 Iowa
 Rhineland† 1 Oneida
 Rib Falls* Marathon
 Rib Lake† Taylor
 Rice Lake† 5 Barron
 Richardson* Polk
 Richfield* 2 Washington
 Richland Centert 5 Richland
 Richwood* 1 Dodge
 Ridgeland* 1 Dunn
 Ridgeway* 2 Iowa
 Riley* 1 Dane
 Ringle* 1 Marathon
 Rio† 3 Columbia
 Rio Creek Kewaunee
 Ripon† 5 Fond du Lac
 River Falls† 6 Pierce
 Riverview Eau Claire
 Robbins Oneida
 Roberts* 2 St. Croix
 Rochester* Racine
 Rockbridge* 1 Richland
 Rockdale* Dane
 Rock Elm* 2 Pierce
 Rockfield* 1 Washington
 Rockland* 1 La Crosse
 Rockmont Douglas
 Rockton* 1 Vernon
 Rockville Grant
 Rolling Prairie* Dodge
 Rome* Jefferson
 Rose Lawn* 2 Shawano
 Rosendale* 1 Fond du Lac
 Rosholt* 2 Portage
 Royalton* 1 Waupaca
 Rozellville* 1 Marathon
 Rubicon* 2 Dodge
 Ruby Chippewa
 Rudolph* Wood
 Rush Lake* 1 Winnebago
 Rusk* Dunn

S.

Sabin Richland
 (Sagole, R. Sta. Kaukauna.)
 Saint Cloud* 2 Fond du Lac

Saint Croix Falls† 2 Polk
 Saint Francis* Milwaukee
 Saint Joseph* 1 La Crosse
 Saint Lawrence* Washington
 Saint Nazianz* Manitowoc
 Salem* 2 Kenosha
 Sampson* Oconto
 Sanborn Ashland
 Sand Creek* Dunn
 Sandrock Iron
 Sandusky* 2 Sauk
 Saratoga* Wood
 Saron* Washburn
 Sauk City† 2 Sauk
 Saukville* 2 Ozaukee
 Sawyer† 3 Door
 Saxeville* 1 Waushara
 Saxon* Iron
 Sayner* Vilas
 Scandinavia* 2 Waupaca
 Schleisingerville* 2 Washington
 Schlofeld* Marathon
 Sechlerville* 1 Jackson
 Seneca* Crawford
 Sextonville* Richland
 Seymour† 5 Outagamie
 Shanagolden* Ash and
 Shantytown Marathon
 Sharont 2 Walworth
 Shawanot Shawano
 Sheboygan† 5 Sheboygan
 Sheboygan Falls† 5 Sheboygan
 Sheldon Rusk
 Shell Lake† 3 Washburn
 Shennington* Monroe
 Shepley Shawano
 Sheridan* 1 Waupaca
 Sherry* Wood
 Sherwood* 1 Calumet
 Shiocton* 3 Outagamie
 Shopiere* Rock
 Shullsburg† 3 Lafayette
 Signor Sawyer
 Silverlake* Kenosha
 Sinsinawa* 1 Grant
 Siren* Burnett
 Sister Bay* 2 Door
 Slades Corners* Kenosha
 Snell Marathon
 Sobieski* 1 Oconto
 Soldiers Grove* 5 Crawford
 Solon Springs* Douglas
 Somers* 1 Kenosha
 Somerset* 2 Saint Croix
 Soperton Forest
 South Byron* Fond du Lac
 South Germantown* 2 Washington
 South Kaukauna† 2 Outagamie
 South Milwaukee† 2 Milwaukee
 South Range* 1 Douglas
 (South Side, Sta. Milwaukee.)
 (South Superior, Ind. Sta. B, Superior.)
 South Wayne* 2 Lafayette
 Sparta† 7 Monroe
 Spencer* 2 Marathon
 Spiriton* Price
 Spirit Falls* Lincoln
 Split Rock* 1 Shawano
 Spoonert 2 Washburn
 Sprague Juneau
 Springbluff Adams
 Springbrook* Washburn
 Springfield* Walworth
 Spring Green† 3 Sauk
 Springlake Waushara
 Spring Prairie* Walworth
 Spring Valley† 4 Pierce
 Spruce Oconto
 Stadt Marathon

Standart Iowa
 Stangelville* 2 Kewaunee
 Stanley† 2 Chippewa
 Stanton* Saint Croix
 Starlake* Vilas
 Star Prairie* 1 Saint Croix
 Stetsonville* 1 Taylor
 Steuben* 1 Crawford
 Stevens Point† 6 Portage
 Stiles* Oconto
 Stinnett Washburn
 Stitzer* 2 Grant
 Stockbridge† Calumet
 Stockholm† 2 Pepin
 Stoddard* 2 Vernon
 Stone Lake Washburn
 Stoughton† 6 Dane
 Stratford* 1 Marathon
 Strickland Rusk
 Strong's Prairie* 1 Adams
 Strum* 2 Trempealeau
 Sturgeon Bay† 4 Door
 Suamico* 1 Brown
 Sugar Bush* 1 Outagamie
 Sullivan* 2 Jefferson
 Summit Lake Langlade
 Sun Prairie† 4 Dane
 Superior† Douglas

Independent Stations.

Allouez.
 Itasca.
 A (Old Superior).
 B (South Superior).
 Station.
 Billings Park.
 Suring* 2 Oconto
 Sussex* Waukesha
 Sweden Bayfield
 Swiss Burnett
 Syene Dane
 Sylvan* 1 Richland
 (Symco, R. Sta. Manawa.)

T.

Tabor Portage
 Tavera* Richland
 Taycheedah Fond du Lac
 Taylor* 3 Jackson
 Tell* 1 Buffalo
 Templeton* 1 Waukesha
 Theresa* 1 Dodge
 Thiensville* 2 Ozaukee
 Thorp† 2 Clark
 Three Lakes* Oneida
 Tiffany* Rock
 Tigertont 1 Shawano
 Tilleda Shawano
 Timberland Burnett
 Timothy* 1 Manitowoc
 Tioga Clark
 Tisch Mills* Manitowoc
 Tomaht 6 Monroe
 Tomahawk† Lincoln
 Tomahawk Lake Oneida
 Tony* Rusk
 Tower Hill Iowa
 Townsend* Oconto
 Trade Lake* 1 Burnett
 Trego* Washburn
 Trempealeau* 2 Trempealeau
 Trevor* Kenosha
 Tripoli* Oneida
 Troy Center* 2 Walworth
 Truesdell Kenosha
 Tunnel City* 2 Monroe
 Turtle Lake* 3 Barron
 Twin Bluffs* 1 Richland
 Twin Lakes* Kenosha
 Two Rivers† 3 Manitowoc

U.

Underhill* 2 Oconto
 Union Center* 2 Juneau
 Union Grove* 3 Racine
 Unity* 1 Marathon
 Upton* Iron
 Urquhart Taylor

V.

Valders* 2 Manitowoc
 Valley* Vernon
 Valley Junction* Monroe
 Valton* 2 Sauk
 Van Buskirk* Iron
 Vandriessen Adams
 Vandyne* 1 Fond du Lac
 Veedum* Wood
 Veekind Clark
 Verona* 3 Dane
 Vesper* 1 Wood
 Veteran Burnett
 Victory* 1 Vernon
 Violat 4 Richland
 Viroqua† 9 Vernon
 Vundesare Vilas

W.

Wabeno* Forest
 Wagner* Marinette
 Waino Douglas
 Waldo* 2 Sheboygan
 Wales* 1 Waukesha
 Walsh Marinette
 Walton Marinette
 Walworth† 3 Walworth
 Warrens* 3 Monroe
 Wascott Douglas
 Washburn† 1 Bayfield
 Washington Harbor* Door
 Waterford* 2 Racine
 Waterloo† 3 Jefferson
 Watertown† 9 Jefferson
 Waukau* Winnebago
 Waukeshat 9 Waukesha
 Waumandee* 1 Buffalo
 Waumakee* 3 Dane
 Waupaca† 7 Waupaca
 Waupun† 4 Fond du Lac
 Wausaun† 4 Marathon
 Wausaukeet Marinette
 Wautoma† 6 Waushara
 Wauwatosat 2 Milwaukee
 Wauzeka* 2 Crawford
 Wayside* 1 Brown
 Weblake* Burnett
 Webster* Burnett
 Welcome* 2 Outagamie
 Wentworth* Douglas
 Werley* Grant
 West Allist Milwaukee
 West Bend† 6 Washington
 West Bloomfield* 1 Waushara

Westboro* Taylor
 Westby† 5 Vernon
 West De Peret 1 Brown
 Westfield† 4 Marquette
 West Lima* Richland
 Weston* Dunn
 West Prairie* 1 Vernon
 West Rosendale* Fond du Lac
 West Salem† 3 La Crosse
 Weyauwegat 4 Waupaca
 Weyerhauser* Rusk
 Wheatland Kenosha
 Wheeler* 2 Dunn
 Whitcomb* Shawano
 White Creek* Adams
 Whitefish Bay Milwaukee
 Whitehall† 3 Trempealeau
 Whitelaw* 1 Manitowoc
 Whitemound Sauk
 Whitewater† 5 Walworth
 Whittlesey* Taylor
 Wicklow* Oneida
 Wild Rose* 3 Waushara
 Willard Clark
 Williams Bay* Walworth
 (Williamsburg, Sta. Milwaukee.)
 Wills* Bayfield
 Wilmot* Kenosha
 Wilson* 1 Saint Croix
 Wilton* 4 Monroe
 Winchester Vilas
 Windsor* 2 Dane
 Winnebago* Winnebago
 Winneconnet 2 Winnebago
 Winter Sawyer
 Wisconsin Veterans Home* Waupaca
 Withee† 1 Clark
 Wittenberg† Shawano
 Wolfeceek* 1 Polk
 Wonewoc† 3 Juneau
 Woodford† 2 Lafayette
 Woodland* 1 Dodge
 Woodman* 2 Grant
 Woodruff* Oneida
 Woodstock* Richland
 Woodville† 2 Saint Croix
 Woodworth* Kenosha
 Worcester Price
 Wrightstown* Brown
 Wyalusing* Grant
 Wyeville Monroe
 Wycena* 2 Columbia
 Wyoming Iowa

Y.

Yellowlake Burnett
 Yuba* 2 Richland

Z.

Zachow* Shawano
 Zander Manitowoc
 Zandoni Juneau
 Zenda* Walworth

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

DECEMBER, 1908.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Money order offices, stations, summer post offices and number of rural routes are indicated in alphabetical list. By the letters (ch), county seats are indicated.

<p>ADAMS.</p> <p>Adams Center. Arkdale. Big Flats. Easton. Friendship (c. h.) Grandmarsh. Monroe Center. New Rome. Niebull. Oakridge. Plainville. Quincy. Springbluff. Strong's Prairie. Vandriessen. White Creek.</p>	<p>Reeve. Rice Lake. Turtle Lake.</p>	<p>Cream. Fountain City. Gilmanton. Modena. Mondovi. Nelson. Tell. Waumandee.</p>	<p>CHIPPEWA.</p> <p>Albertville. Arnold. Bloomer. Boyd. Cadott. Chippewa Falls (c. h.)</p>
<p>ASHLAND.</p> <p>Agenda. Ashland (c. h.) Butternut. Cayuga. Glidden. High Bridge. La Pointe. Marcngo. Mellen. Morse. North York. Odanah. Sanborn. Shanagolden.</p>	<p>BAYFIELD.</p> <p>Ashland Junction. Barkpoint. Barksdale. Barnes. Bayfield. Benoit. Bibon. Bingo. Birchlake. Cable. Cornucopia. Cusson. Drummond. Grandview. Herbster. Iron River. Lenawee. Mason. Moquah. Orienta. Oulu. Port Wing. Redcliff. Sweden. Washburn (c. h.) Wills.</p>	<p>BURNETT.</p> <p>Aaron. Aspen. Birch Island. Dongola. Doran. Ekdall. Fairview. Falun. Gaslyn. Grantsburg (c. h.) Hertel. Karlsborg. Kreinersville. Kruzer. Leaf. May. Miller. Moro. Oakland. Orange. Pansy. Peet. Randall. Siren. Swiss. Timberland. Trade Lake. Veteran. Weblake. Webster. Yellowlake.</p>	<p>BURNETT.</p> <p>Cobban. Cornell. Cox. Eaglepoint. Holcombe. Huron. Jim Falls. New Auburn. Ruby. Stanley.</p> <p>CLARK.</p> <p>Abbotsford. Bright. Chili. Columbia. Curtiss. Dewhurst. Dorchester. Granton. Greenwood. Humbird. Loyal. Neillsville (c. h.) Owen. Thorp. Tioga. Veefkind. Willard. Withee.</p>
<p>BARRON.</p> <p>Almena. Angus. Barron (c. h.) Baronett. Brill. Cameron. Canton. Chetek. Comstock. Cumberland. Dallas. Haugen. Hillsdale. Lehigh. Mikana. Paskin. Prairie Farm.</p>	<p>BROWN.</p> <p>Askeaton. Denmark. De Pere. Flintville. Forks. (Port Howard.) Green Bay (c. h.) Greenleaf. Lark. Little Rapids. Morrison. New Franken. Snamico. Wayside. West De Pere. Wrightstown.</p>	<p>CALUMET.</p> <p>Brillion. Chilton (c. h.) Dundas. Forest Junction. Hayton. Highcliff. Hilbert. New Holstein. Potter. Sherwood. Stockbridge.</p>	<p>COLUMBIA.</p> <p>Arlington. Cambria. Columbus. Doylestown. Fall River. Kilbourn. Lodi. Okee. Pardeeville. Portage (c. h.) Poynette. Rio. Wyocena.</p>
	<p>BUFFALO.</p> <p>Alma (c. h.) Cochrane.</p>		

CRAWFORD.

Barnum.
Bell Center.
Bridgeport.
Eastman.
Ferryville.
Gays Mills.
Lynxville.
Mount Sterling.
Petersburg.
Prairie du Chien
(c. h.)
Seneca.
Soldiers Grove.
Steuben.
Wauzeka.

DANE.

Albion.
Basco.
Belleville.
Black Earth.
Blue Mounds.
Burke.
Cambridge.
Cottage Grove.
Cross Plains.
Dane.
Deerfield.
De Forest.
Fitchburg.
Klevenville.
London.
Macfarland.
Madison (c. h.)
Marshall.
Mazomanie.
Mendota.
Middleton.
Morrisonville.
Mount Horeb.
(Mount Vernon.)
North Bristol.
Oregon.
(Perry.)
Riley.
Rockdale.
Stoughton.
Sun Prairie.
Syene.
Verona.
Waunakee.
Windsor.

DODGE.

Atwater.
Beaver Dam.
Brownsville.
Burnett.
Chester.
Clyman.
Foxlake.
Horicon.
Hustisford.
Iron Mountain.
Iron Ridge.
Juneau (c. h.)
Knowles.
Lomira.
Lowell.
Marshville.
Mayville.
Minnesota Jct.
Neosha.
Randolph.
Reeseville.

Richwood.
Rolling Prairie.
Rubicon.
Theresa.
Woodland.

DOOR.

Baileys Harbor.
Brussels.
Detroit Harbor.
Egg Harbor.
Ellison Bay.
Ephraim.
Fish Creek.
Forestville.
Jacksonport.
Sawyer.
Sister Bay.
Sturgeon Bay
(c. h.)
Washington Har-
bor.

DOUGLAS.

(Allouez.)
Bellwood.
Bennett.
(Billings Park.)
Blueberry.
Boyleston.
Brule.
Chaffey.
Dedham.
Dewey.
Foxboro.
Gordon.
Hawthorne.
Hines.
(Itasca.)
Lake Nebagamon.
Manley.
Maple.
Martinsen.
Nutt.
(Old Superior.)
Poplar.
Rockmont.
Solon Springs.
South Range.
(South Superior.)
Superior (c. h.)
Waino.
Wascott.
Wentworth.

DUNN.

Boyceville.
Caryville.
Colfax.
Downing.
Downsville.
Eau Galle.
Elk Mound.
Knapp.
Menomonie (c. h.)
Meridian.
(No. Menomonie.)
Redcedar.
Ridgeland.
Rusk.
Sand Creek.
Weston.
Wheeler.

EAU CLAIRE.

Altoona.
Augusta.
Eau Claire (c. h.)

Fairchild.
Fall Creek.
Riverview.

FLORENCE.

Commonwealth.
Fence.
Florence (c. h.)
Long Lake.

FOND DU LAC.

Brandon.
Byron.
Calumetville.
Calvary.
Campbellsport.
Eden.
El Dorado.
Fair Water.
Fond du Lac
(c. h.)

Hamilton.
Malone.
Marblehead.
Mount Calvary.
New Cassel.
No. Fond du Lac.
Oak Center.
Oakfield.
Peebles.
Ripon.
Rosendale.
Saint Cloud.
South Byron.
Taycheedah.
Vandyne.
Waupun.
West Rosendale.

FOREST.

Adkins.
Armstrong Creek.
Blackwell.
Carter.
Cavour.
Crandon (c. h.)
Hiles.
Laona.
Nashville.
Newald.
North Crandon.
Padus.
Soperton.
Wabeno.

GRANT.

Bagley.
Beetown.
Bloomington.
Blue River.
Boscobel.
Cassville.
Cuba.
Ellenboro.
Elmo.
Fennimore.
Georgetown.
Glenhaven.
Hazel Green.
Lancaster (c. h.)
Livingston.
Loutsburt.
McCartney.
Millville.
Montfort.
Mount Hope.

Mount Ida.
Muscoda.
North Andover.
Patch Grove.
Platteville.
Potosi.
Preston.
Rockville.
Sinsinawa.
Stitzer.
Werley.
Woodman.
Wyalusing.

GREEN.

Albany.
Attica.
Brodhead.
Brooklyn.
Brownstown.
Clarno.
Dayton.
Juda.
Martintown.
Monroe (c. h.)
Monticello.
New Glarus.
Ramona.

GREEN LAKE.

Berlin.
Green Lake (c. h.)
Kingston.
Markesan.
Marquette.
Princeton.

IOWA.

Arena.
Avoca.
Barneveld.
Clyde.
Cobb.
Dodgville (c. h.)
Edmund.
Highland.
Hillside.
Hollandale.
Jonesdale.
Linden.
Miffin.
Mineral Point
Rewev.
Ridgeway.
Sandart.
Tower Hill.
Wyoming.

IRON.

Cedar.
Emerson.
Gile.
Gurney.
Hurley (c. h.)
Iron Belt.
Kimball.
Manitowish.
Mercer.
Montreal.
Pence.
Plummer.
Powell.
Sandrock.
Saxon.
Upson.
Van Buskirk.

JACKSON.
Alma Center.
Black River Falls
(c. h.)
City Point.
Clay.
Disco.
Hatfield.
Hixton.
Melrose.
Merrillan.
Millston.
North Bend.
Northfield.
Pray.
Sechlerville.
Taylor.

JEFFERSON.
Fort Atkinson.
Helenville.
Hubbleton.
Ixonia.
Jefferson, (c. h.)
Jefferson Junction.
Johnson Creek.
Lakemills.
Palmyra.
Rome.
Sullivan.
Waterloo.
Watertown.

JUNEAU.
Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Elroy.
Finley.
Germantown.
Hustler.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
Mauston (c. h.)
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
Necedah.
New Lisbon.
Sprague.
Union Center.
Wonewoc.
Zanoni.

KENOSHA.
Bassett.
Bristol.
Camp Lake.
Foxriver.
Kenosha (c. h.)
New Munster.
Pleasant Prairie.
Powers Lake.
Salem.
Silverlake.
Slades Corners.
Somers.
Trevor.
Truesdell.
Twin Lakes.
Wheatland.
Wilnot.
Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.
Algoma.
Casco.

Kewaunee (c. h.)
Luxembourg.
Rio Creek.
Stangelville.

LA CROSSE.
Bangor.
Burr Oak.
Holmen.
La Crosse (c. h.)
Midway.
Mindoro.
Onalaska.
Rockland.
Saint Joseph.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.
Argyle.
Belmont.
Benton.
Blanchardville.
Calamine.
Darlington (c. h.)
Dunbarton.
Etra.
Gratiot.
Ipswich.
Leadmine.
Leslie.
New Diggings.
Shullsburg.
South Wayne.
Woodford.

LANGLADE.
Antigo (c. h.)
Bass Lake.
Bavaria.
Bryant.
Deerbrook.
Elcho.
Elmhurst.
Elton.
Kempster.
Kent.
Koepenick.
Langlade.
Lily.
Markton.
Morley.
Ormsby.
Parrish.
Pearson.
Phlox.
Pickerel.
Polar.
Postlake.
Summit Lake.

LINCOLN.
Bloomville.
Bradley.
Bundy.
Chat.
Cotter.
Doering.
Dudley.
Dunfield.
Foss.
Gleason.
Harrison.
Heinemann.
Heller.
Irma.
Kickbush.
Merrill (c. h.)
Spirit Falls.
Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.
Branch.
Cato.
Cleveland.
Collins.
Cooperstown.
Grimms.
Hika.
Kollersville.
Kiel.
Manitowoc (c. h.)
Maribel.
Mishieot.
Quarry.
Reedsville.
Saint Nazianz.
Timothy.
Tisch Mills.
Two Rivers.
Valders.
Whitelaw.
Zander.

MARATHON.
Ashley.
Athens.
Bevent.
Brokaw.
Colby.
Corinth.
Dancy.
Edgar.
Elderon.
Fenwood.
Galloway.
Glandon.
Granite Heights.
Hamburg.
Hatley.
Hogarty.
Holt.
Knowlton.
McMillan.
Marathon.
March.
Milan.
Mosinee.
Naugart.
Norrie.
Pikelake.
Rib Falls.
Ringle.
Rozellville.
Schofield.
Shantytown.
Snell.
Spencer.
Staadt.
Stratford.
Unity.
Vausau (c. h.)

MARINETTE.
Amberg.
Atheistane.
Beaver.
Coleman.
Coles.
Crivitz.
Dunbar.
Goll.
Holmes Junction.
Intervale.
Konsted.
Loomis.
McAllister.
Marek.
Marinette (c. h.)
(Menekaunee.)

Middle Inlet.
Miscano Island
Napper.
Niagara.
Pembine.
Peshigo.
Porterfield.
Pound.
Wagner.
Walsh.
Walton.
Wausaukee.

MARQUETTE.
Briggsville.
Browning.
Budsin.
Endavor.
Germania.
Harrisville.
Montello (c. h.)
Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Packwaukee.
Westfield.

MILWAUKEE.
Alois.
Cudahy.
Granville.
Hales Corners.
Milwaukee (c. h.)
National Home.
North Milwaukee.
(North West.)
Oakwood.
Otjen.
Saint Francis.
South Milwaukee.
(South Side.)
Wauwatosa.
West Allis.
Whitefish Bay.
(Williamsburg.)

MONROE.
Bacon.
Cashton.
Catact.
Glendale.
Kendall.
Leon.
Melvina.
Norwalk.
Norway Ridge.
Oakdale.
Shennington.
Sparta (c. h.)
Tomah.
Tunnel City.
Valley Junction.
Warrens.
Wilton.
Wyeville.

OCONTO.
Abrams.
Breed.
Gillett.
Lakewood.
Lena.
Little Suamico.
Logan.
Mosling.
Mountain.
Oconto (c. h.)
Oconto Falls.

Pensaukee.
Sampson.
Sobieski.
Spruce.
Stiles.
Suring.
Townsend.
Underhill.

ONEIDA.

Cassian.
Clearwater Lake.
Enterprise.
Gagen.
Harshaw.
Hazelhurst.
Jennings.
McCord.
McNaughton.
Minocqua.
Monico.
Pelican Lake.
Rhineland (c. h.).
Robbins.
Three Lakes.
Tomahawk Lake.
Tripoli.
Wicklow.
Woodruff.

OUTAGAMIE.

Appleton (c. h.).
Blackcreek.
Combined Locks.
Dale.
Greenville.
Hortonville.
Kaukauna.
Kimberly.
Leeman.
Little Chute.
Medina.
Mission.
Oneida.
(Sagole.)
Seymour.
Shiocton.
South Kaukauna.
Sugar Bush.
Welcome.

OZAUKEE.

Belgium.
Cedarburg.
Druecker.
(Fredonia.)
Fredonia.
Grafton.
Horns Corners.
Port Washington
(c. h.).
Saukville.
Thiensville.

PEPIN.

Arkansas.
Durand (c. h.).
Pepin.
Stockholm.

PIERCE.

Bay City.
Baldenville.
Diamond Bluff.
Fisworn (c. h.).
Blmwood.
Hager City.

Maiden Rock.
Martell.
Plum City.
Prescott.
River Falls.
Rock Elm.
Spring Valley.

POLK.

Amery.
Andrus.
Balsam Lake
(c. h.).
Centuria.
Clam Falls.
Clayton.
Clear Lake.
Cushing.
Deronda.
Dresser Junction.
Evergreen.
Frederic.
Hunkadory.
Joel.
Lorraine.
Luck.
Milltown.
Mound.
Nye.
Osceola.
Range.
Richardson.
Saint Croix Falls.
Wolfcreek.

PORTAGE.

Almond.
Amherst.
Amherst Junction.
Arnott.
Bancroft.
Casimir.
Custer.
Fancher.
Junction.
Nelsonville.
Plover.
Polonia.
Rosholt.
Stevens Point
(c. h.).
Tabor.

PRICE.

Brantwood.
Catawba.
Clifford.
Dover.
Fifield.
Kennon.
Knox Mills.
Lakes.
North Fork.
Ogema.
Park Falls.
Phillips (c. h.).
Prentice.
Spirit.
Worcester.

RACINE.

Burlington.
Caledonia.
(Cooper.)
Corliss.
Franksville.
Kansasville.

Lamberton.
North Cape.
Racine (c. h.).
(Racine Junction.)
Rochester.
Union Grove.
Waterford.

RICHLAND.

Basswood.
Bloom City.
Boaz.
Byrds Creek.
Cazenovia.
Excelsior.
Fivepoints.
Gillingham.
Gotham.
Hub City.
Lone Rock.
Loyd.
Neptune.
Richland Center
(c. h.).
Rockbridge.
Sabin.
Sextonville.
Sylvan.
Tavera.
Twin Bluffs.
Viola.
West Lima.
Woodstock.
Yuba.

ROCK.

Afton.
Avalon.
Beloit.
Clinton.
Edgerton.
Evansville.
Footville.
Hanover.
Janesville (c. h.).
Koskonong.
Lima Center.
Milton.
Milton Junction.
Orfordville.
Shopiere.
Tiffany.

RUSK.

Apollonia.
Atlanta.
Bruce.
Conrath.
Emet.
Flambeau.
Glen Flora.
Hawkins.
Horseman.
Ingram.
Island Lake.
Ladysmith (c. h.).
Murry.
Port Arthur.
Sheldon.
Strickland.
Tony.
Weyerhauser.

SAINT CROIX.

Baldwin.
Boardman.
Burkhardt.

Cylon.
Deer Park.
Emerald.
Glenwood.
Hammond.
Hersey.
Hudson (c. h.).
Jewett.
New Richmond.
Roberts.
Somerset.
Stanton.
Star Prairie.
Wilson.
Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.
Baraboo (c. h.).
Deltou.
Devils Lake.
Ironton.
LaValle.
Limeridge.
Loganville.
Merrimack.
North Freedom.
Plain.
Prairie du Sac.
Okauchee.
Reedsburg.
Sandusky.
Sauk City.
Spring Green.
Valton.
Whitemound.

SAWYER.

Couderay.
Draper.
Edgewater.
Exeland.
Haywood (c. h.).
Leonard.
Meteor.
Radisson.
Reserve.
S'gnor.
Winter.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
Angelica.
Aniwa.
Belle Plaine.
Birnarnwood.
Bonduel.
Bowler.
Caroline.
Cecil.
Eland.
Frazer.
Greenville.
Gresham.
Hilda.
Hofa Park.
Hunting.
Keshena.
Laney.
Leopolis.
Lyndhurst.
Mattou.
Morris.
Neopit.
Pella.
Pulaski.
Pulcifer.
Regina.

Rose Lawn.
Shawano (c. h.)
Shepley.
Split Rock.
Tigerton.
Tilleda.
Whitcomb.
Wittenberg.
Zachow.

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada.
Adell.
Cascade.
Cedar Grove.
Elkhart.
Franklin.
Glenbeulah.
Greenbush.
Haven.
Hingham.
Oostburg.
Plymouth.
Random Lake.
Sheboygan (c. h.)
Sheboygan Falls.
Waldo.

TAYLOR.

Brehm.
Broederville.
Chelsea.
Donald.
Field.
Gilman.
Goodrich.
Hannibal.
Interwald.
Konz.
Little Black.
Lublin.
Maplehurst.
Medford (c. h.)
Perkinstown.
Polley.
Rib Lake.
Stetsonville.
Urguhart.
Westboro.
Whittlesey.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.
Blair.
Dodge.
Eleva.
Etrick.
Galesville.
Independence.
Osseo.
Pigeon Falls.
Strum.
Trempealeau.
Whitehall (c. h.)

VERNON.

Chaseburg.
Coon Valley.
De Soto.
Dilly.
Genoa.
Hillsboro.
La Farge.
Mount Tabor.
Ontario.
Readstown.
Rockton.
Stoddard.
Valley.
Victory.
Viroqua (c. h.)
Westby.
West Prairie.

VILAS.

Arbor Vitae.
Buswell.
Ciseo.
Conover.
Donaldson.
Eagle River (c. h.)
Fosterville.
Hackley.
Lac du Flambeau.
Lakota.
Oxley.
Sayner.
Starlake.
Vudessare.
Winchester.

WALWORTH.

Allen Grove.
Darien.
Delavan.
East Troy.
Elkhorn (c. h.)
Fontana.
Genoa Junction.
Honey Creek.
Lake Beulah.
Lake Geneva.
Lyons.
Sharon.
Springfield.
Spring Prairie.
Troy Center.
Walworth.
Whitewater.
Williams Bay.
Zenda.

WASHBURN.

Birchwood.
Chicog.
Chilton.
Earl.
Fivemile.
Lampson.
Laurel.
Madge.

Menah.
Minong.
Nobleton.
Saron.
Shell Lake (c. h.)
Spooner.
Springbrook.
Stinnett.
Stone Lake.
Trego.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.
Allenton.
Barton.
Colgate.
Hartford.
Hubertus.
Jackson.
Kewaskum.
Nenno.
Newburg.
Plat.
Richfield.
Rockfield.
Saint Lawrence.
Schleisingerville.
So. Germantown.
West Bend (c. h.)

WAUKESHA.

Brookfield.
Calhoun.
Delafield.
Dousman.
Duplainville.
Eagle.
Elm Grove.
Genesee.
Genesee Depot.
Hartland.
Lannon.
Menomonee Falls.
Merton.
Mukwonago.
Muskego.
Nashotah.
North Lake.
North Prairie.
Oconomowoc.
Pewaukee.
Sussex.
Templeton.
Wales.
Waukesha (c. h.)

WAUPACA.

Big Falls.
Clintonville.
Embarrass.
Fremont.
Iola.
Manawa.
Marion.
New London.
Northland.

Northport.
Ogdensburg.
Readfield.
Royalton.
Scandinavia.
Sheridan.
(Symco.)
Waupaca (c. h.)
Weyauwega.
Wisconsin Veteran's
Home.

WAUSHARA.

Auroraville.
Coloma.
Hancock.
Lohry lie.
Pine River.
Plainfield.
Poy Sippi.
Redgranite.
Saxeville.
Springlake.
Wautoma (c. h.)
West Bloomfield.
Wild Rose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville.
Butte des Morts.
Eureka.
Fisk.
Larsen.
Menasha.
Nenah.
Omro.
Ohkosh (c. h.)
Pickett.
Rush Lake.
Waukan.
Winnebago.
Winneconne.

WOOD.

Arpin.
Auburndale.
Babcock.
Bethel.
Blenker.
Canmoor.
Dexter ville.
Grand Rapids
(c. h.)
Hewitt.
Lindsey.
Marshfield.
Milladore.
Nekoosa.
Pittsville.
Port Edwards.
Progress.
Rudolph.
Saratoga.
Sherry.
Veedum.
Vesper.

LIST OF POST OFFICES

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS TO JANUARY 1, 1909.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Corrected from the official U. S. Postal Guide for Jan. 1, 1909.

Office.	Class.	Salary.	Office.	Class.	Salary.
Abbotsford	3	1,500	Delafield	3	1,000
Albany	3	1,100	Delavan	2	2,300
Algoma	3	1,600	De Pere	3	1,900
Alma	3	1,200	Dodgeville	3	1,700
Almond	3	1,200	Durand	3	1,600
Amery	3	1,500	Eagle River	3	1,100
Amherst	3	1,200	Eau Claire	F	3,000
Antigo	F	2,400	Edgar	3	1,100
Appleton	F	3,000	Edgerton	2	2,000
Arcadia	3	1,500	Elkhorn	2	2,000
Argyle	3	1,100	Ellsworth	3	1,600
Ashland	G F	2,700	Elroy	3	1,600
Athens	3	1,100	Evansville	3	1,900
Augusta	3	1,500	Fairchild	3	1,300
Baldwin	3	1,400	Fennimore	3	1,400
Bangor	3	1,100	Florence	3	1,200
Baraboo	G F	2,400	Fond du Lac	G F	3,100
Barron	3	1,700	Fort Atkinson	F	2,700
Bayfield	3	1,500	Fountain City	3	1,100
Beaver Dam	F	2,400	Foxlake	3	1,400
Beloit	F	3,000	Galesville	3	1,400
Berlin	F	2,400	Genoa Junction	3	1,100
Birnamwood	3	1,100	Gillett	3	1,400
Black River Falls	3	1,900	Glenwood	3	1,100
Blair	3	1,200	Glidden	F	2,400
Blanchardville	3	1,300	Grand Rapids	F	3,100
Bloomer	3	1,500	Grantsburg	3	1,500
Boscobel	3	1,700	Green Bay	F	3,200
Brandon	3	1,200	Greenwood	3	1,300
Brilliant	3	1,300	Hartford	3	1,800
Brodhead	3	1,700	Hartland	3	1,200
Bruce	3	1,300	Hayward	3	1,700
Burlington	F	2,300	Highland	3	1,100
Cadott	3	1,200	Hilbert	3	1,200
Cambria	3	1,100	Hillsboro	3	1,200
Cambridge	3	1,100	Horicon	3	1,500
Campbellsport	3	1,500	Hortonville	3	1,200
Camp Douglas	3	1,100	Hudson	2	2,000
Cashton	3	1,100	Hurley	3	1,000
Cassville	3	1,100	Iola	3	1,300
Cedarburg	3	1,500	Iron River	3	1,400
Chetek	3	1,400	Janesville	G F	3,100
Chilton	3	1,700	Jefferson	3	1,300
Chippewa Falls	F	2,500	Johnson Creek	3	1,200
Clinton	3	1,900	Juneau	3	1,700
Clintonville	3	1,700	Kaukauna	3	1,600
Colby	3	1,200	Kenosha	F	3,100
Colfax	3	1,200	Kewaskum	3	1,300
Columbus	3	1,900	Kewaunee	3	1,700
Corliss	3	1,100	Kiel	3	1,000
Crandon	3	1,500	Kilbourn	3	1,900
Cuba	2	1,300	La Crosse	G F	3,400
Cudahy	2	2,000	Ladysmith	3	1,700
Cumberland	3	1,700	Lake Geneva	2	2,200
Darlington	3	1,700	Lakemills	3	1,700

POSTOFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	Class.	Salary.	Office.	Class.	Salary.
Lancaster	3	1,900	Prentice	3	1,100
Lodi	3	1,500	Princeton	3	1,400
Madison	G F	3,400	Racine	G F	3,600
Manawa	3	1,400	Randolph	3	1,400
Manitowoc	F	2,500	Reedsburg	3	2,000
Marinette	F	2,700	Rhinclander	F	2,400
Marion	3	1,300	Rib Lake	3	1,200
Markesan	3	1,400	Rice Lake	3	2,000
Marshfield	F	2,500	Richland Center	3	1,900
Mauston	3	1,700	Rio	3	1,100
Mayville	3	1,700	Ripon	F	2,300
Mazomanie	3	1,200	River Falls	3	1,900
Medford	3	1,800	Saint Croix Falls	3	1,300
Mellen	3	1,400	Sawyer	3	1,200
Menasha	F	2,200	Seymour	3	1,500
Menomonee Falls	3	1,300	Sharon	3	1,400
Menomonie	F	2,400	Shawano	3	1,900
Merrill	F	2,400	Sheboygan	G F	3,100
Merrillan	3	1,000	Sheboygan Falls	3	1,700
Milton	3	1,500	Shell Lake	3	1,400
Milton Junction	3	1,200	Shullsburg	3	1,600
Milwaukee	G F	6,000	South Kaukauna	3	1,600
Mineral Point	3	1,800	South Milwaukee	3	2,000
Mondovi	3	1,600	Sparta	F	2,300
Monroe	F	2,300	Spooner	3	1,500
Montello	3	1,400	Spring Green	3	1,400
Monticello	3	1,200	Spring Valley	3	1,500
Mount Horeb	3	1,500	Stanley	3	1,700
Mukwonago	3	1,400	Stevens Point	F	2,500
Musoda	3	1,100	Stoughton	F	2,300
Necedah	3	1,400	Sturgeon Bay	3	2,100
Neenah	F	2,400	Sun Prairie	2	1,400
Neillsville	3	1,900	Superior	G F	3,100
Nekoosa	3	1,200	Thorp	3	1,300
New Holstein	3	1,400	Tomah	3	1,000
New Lisbon	3	1,500	Tomahawk	3	1,900
New London	2	2,000	Two Rivers	2	2,200
New Richmond	3	1,900	Viola	3	1,100
North Milwaukee	3	1,800	Viroqua	3	1,900
Oconomowoc	2	2,300	Walworth	3	1,300
Oconto	2	2,200	Washburn	3	1,700
Oconto Falls	3	1,400	Waterloo	3	1,600
Odanah	3	1,100	Watertown	F	2,500
Omro	3	1,500	Waukesha	F	2,700
Oregon	3	1,300	Waupaca	2	2,300
Osceola	3	1,400	Waupun	2	2,000
Oshkosh	G F	3,300	Wausau	G F	2,800
Osseo	3	1,400	Wausaukee	3	1,300
Palmyra	3	1,100	Wautoma	3	1,500
Pardeeville	3	1,100	Wauwatosa	F	2,200
Park Falls	3	1,400	West Bend	3	1,800
Peshigo	3	1,600	Westby	3	1,300
Pewaukee	3	1,100	West De Pere	3	1,500
Phillips	3	1,700	Westfield	3	1,300
Plainfield	3	1,400	West Salem	3	1,300
Platteville	F	2,400	Weyauwega	3	1,500
Plymouth	2	2,300	Whitehall	3	1,400
Portage	F	2,400	Whitewater	F	2,300
Port Washington	F	2,300	Winneconne	3	1,100
Poynette	3	1,300	Wittenberg	3	1,400
Prairie du Chien	3	1,800	Wonewoc	3	1,400
Prairie du Sac	3	1,300			

POSTOFFICES DISCONTINUED IN WISCONSIN ON ACCOUNT OF RURAL DELIVERY, 1904-1908.

Office.	Supplied From.	Office.	Supplied From.
Addison	Allenton.	Centerville	Galesville.
Alaska	Kewaunee.	Champion	New Franken.
Alban	Rosholt.	Chapin	Somers.
Alderly	Oconomowoc.	Chapman	Cumberland.
Alsted	Grantsburg.	Charlesburg	New Holstein.
Aitdorf	Grand Rapids.	Chase	Sobieski.
Alto	Waupun.	Chicog	Lampson.
Alverno	Manitowoc.	Chimney Rock	Eleva.
Amanda	Gillett.	Cialoam	Cadott.
Amelia	Pittsville.	Clark	Sobieski.
Amos	Cambridge.	Clarks Mills	Cato.
Anah	Spooner.	Claywood	Suring.
Anchorage	Alma.	Cleghorn	Eleva.
Apple River	Amery.	Concord	Oconomowoc.
Arland	Clayton.	Corwin	Cazenovia.
Armstrong	Saint Cloud.	Colburn	Boyd.
Arthur	Platteville.	Coloma	Coloma Station.
Ashippun	Oconomowoc.	Coomer	Clam Falls.
Atlas	Trade Lake.	Coyne	South Range.
Aubrey	Twinbluffs.	Curran	Stangleville.
Avalanche	Viroqua.	Dakota	Wautoma.
Aztalan	Lake Mills	Danville	Columbus.
Banner	Calvary.	Darbella	Luxembourg.
Barney	Hamburg.	Dell	Westby.
Batory	Rosholt.	Dellwood	Ashland Junction
Bay Settlement	Green Bay.	Denzer	North Freedom.
Beach	Muscoda.	Dickesville	Oatsoj.
Bear Valley	Sandusky.	Doelle	Fountain City.
Beauchen	Radisson.	Dotyville	Eleva.
Beaumont	Kansasville.	Douglas Center	Eadeavor.
Beechwood	Adell.	Dover	Burlington.
Bergen	Clinton.	Dueholm	Luck.
Bernhard	Helenville.	Dundee	Waucausta.
Berryville	Racine.	Dunville	Downsville.
Bispatch	Platteville.	Duval	Luxembourg.
Bigspring	Kilbourn.	Dwight	Deronda.
Black Hawk	Spring Green.	Dyckesville	Luxembourg.
Blairmoor	Wheeler.	Eazleton	Bloomer.
Blake	Balsam Lake.	East Bristol	Columbus.
Bloomington	Westby.	East Delavan	Elkhorn.
Bloomfield	Lake Geneva.	Eastwin	Two Rivers.
Bolt	Stangleville.	East Wrightstown	Greenleaf.
Boltonville	Kewaskum.	Ebbe	Marshfield.
Boma	Ferryville.	Edson	Boyd.
Borht	Aurorahtville.	Eggan	Cornell.
Bowers	Elkhorn.	Eggersville	Fond du Lac.
Boydton	Wauzeka.	Eidsvold	Stanley.
Brackett	Fall Creek.	Elk Creek	Independence.
Branstad	Grantsburg.	Elk Grove	Platteville.
Brasington	Maiden Rock.	Ella	Arkansas.
Briarton	Leaman.	Ellis	Stevens Point.
Brighton	Kansasville.	Ellisville	Luxembourg.
Brinkman	Coon Valley.	Elmo	Platteville.
British Hollow	Potosi.	Elmore	Campbellsport.
Bristow	Viroqua.	Elo	Pickett.
Brook	Granton.	El Paso	Olivet.
Brookside	Abrams.	Emerald Grove	Janesville.
Brushville	West Bloomfield.	Emmerich	Naugat.
Buckman	Green Bay.	Erby	Pleasant Prairie.
Buffalo	Cochrane.	Esdale	Bay City.
Burr	Rockton.	Esofa	Westby.
Bunyan	Balsam Lake.	Estella	Cornell.
Camville	Evansville.	Euren	Casco.
Caldwell	Lake Beulah.	Exile	Plum City.
Calumet Harbor	Peebles.	Fairfield	Darien.
Campia	Rice Lake.	Farmhill	Eau Galle.
Carnot	Forestville.	Farmington	Watertown.
Castlerock	Montford.	Fairburn	Redgranite.
Cedar Falls	Menomonie.	Fairplay	Sinsinawa.

POSTOFFICES DISCONTINUED IN WISCONSIN ON ACCOUNT OF RURAL DELIVERY, 1904-1908—Continued.

Office.	Supplied From.	Office.	Supplied From.
Fayette	Darlington.	Jamestown	Louisburg.
Fertilia	Eland.	Jensen	St. Croix Falls.
Fillmore	Barton.	Jerpen	Manitowoc.
Finn	Merrill.	Johnson	Ringle.
Pontenoy	Denmark.	Jonesburg	Calvary.
Forest	Emerald.	Jordan	Monroe.
Francis Creek	Manitowoc.	Julia	Spooner.
Frank	Cedarburg.	Kadlee	Oconto Falls.
Freeman	Ferryville.	Kasson	Brillion.
Freistadt	Thiensville.	Keegan	Oconto.
Frenchville	Ettrick.	Keene	Bancroft.
Freya	Grantsburg.	Kekoskee	Manitowoc.
Fulton	Edgerton.	Kelley Brook	Lena.
Gad	Medford.	Keyesville	Sandusky.
Gardner	Brussels.	Keyeser	Morrisville.
Garfield	Amherst Junction.	Keystone	Jim Falls.
Garnett	Malone.	Kieler	Louisburg.
Gibbsville	Sheboygan Falls.	Kingbridge	Manitowoc.
Gibson	Reeseville.	Kirchhaya	Cedarburg.
Glen	Kilbourn.	Kodan	Algoma.
Glenrock	Neshkora.	Kohler	Fredonia.
Glenton	Milltown.	Kohlsville	West Bend.
Globe	Neillsville.	Kolberg	Forestville.
Goff	Darlington.	Krakow	Sobieski.
Graceport	Sturgeon Bay.	Krok	Kewaunee.
Graytown	Clear Lake.	Kunesh	Waupun.
Graywood	Ogema.	Ladoga	Belgium.
Graham	Saint Cloud.	Lake Church	Colgate.
Gravesville	Chilton.	Lakefire	Kilbourn.
Greenstreet	Kellnersville.	Lakeside	St. Croix Falls.
Gregor	Algoma.	Lamar	Fond du Lac.
Grillton	Watertown.	Lamartine	Darlington.
Hadlock	Friendship.	Lamont	Denmark.
Halder	Mosinee.	Langes	Mishicot.
Hale	Pigeon Falls.	Larrabee	Ettrick.
Hansen	Vesper.	Lee	Watertown.
Hartman	Poyette.	Lebanon	De Pere.
Harvey	Jefferson.	Ledgeville	N. Freedom.
Hastings	Egg Harbor.	Leland	Iron River.
Hayes	Suring.	Lenawee	Hancock.
Hebel	Denmark.	Leola	Knowles.
Hebron	Fort Atkinson.	Le Roy	Kilbourn.
Hezy	Ettrick.	Levee	Osseo.
Helbig	Comstock.	Levis	Portage.
Hempel	Emerald.	Lewiston	Janesville.
Henrietta	Yuba.	Leyden	Underhill.
Henrysville	Luxembourg.	Linzbrook	Amery.
Herbert	Ellsworth.	Littlefalls	Eagle.
Herman	Iron River.	Little Prairie	Brussels.
Hermansfort	Shawano.	Little Sturgeon	Wheeler.
Hilburn	Lake Beulah.	Lochiel	Independence.
Hinkle	Kimball.	Lookout	Bancroft.
Hickory	Suring.	Lonepine	Withee.
Hintz	Underhill.	Longwood	Sandusky.
Hockheim	Mayville.	Loreto	Fall Creek.
Holland	So. Kaukauna.	Luddington	Stockholm.
Holidays M H	Hancock.	Lund	Centuria.
Holycross	Fredonia Station.	Lykens	Onalaska.
Houlton	Stillwater, Minn.	Lytles	Appleton.
Howardgrove	Sheboygan.	Mackville	Markesan.
Huilsburg	Rubicon.	Manchester	Grimms.
Hunkadory	Balsam Lake.	Maplegrove	Sawyer.
Hurricane	Lancaster.	Maplewood	Suring.
Institute	Sturgeon Bay.	Maplevalley	Fountain City.
Irene	Granton.	Marshland	New Holstein.
Irving	Black River Falls.	Marytown	Elkhorn.
Irvington	Menomonie.	Maybaw	Eland.
Ithaca	Twin Bluffs.	McKinley	Montello.
Ivesgrove	Uniongrove.	Mecan	

POSTOFFICES DISCONTINUED IN WISCONSIN ON ACCOUNT OF RURAL DELIVERY, 1904-1908.

Office.	Supplied From.	Office.	Supplied From.
Meehan	Grand Rapids.	Rapids	Manitowoc.
Meekers Grove	Cuba City.	Rapp	Norwalk.
Melnik	Kellnersville.	Reams	Iola.
Menchalville	Grimms.	Redrock	Darlington.
Mequon	Thiensville.	Reed	Ferryville.
Metomen	Ripon.	Regli	Cream.
Metz	Fremont.	Reif	Whitelaw.
Millford	Lake Mills.	Rest	Stoddard.
Millard	Fremont.	Retreat	De Soto.
Mills Center	Green Bay.	Rib Falls	Edgar.
Millhome	Kier.	Richford	Coloma.
Misha Mokwa	Durand.	Richmond Falls	Delavan.
Mitchell	Eden.	Risingsun	Ferryville.
Moon	Mosinee.	Riverside	Hilda.
Monches	Nashota.	Roaringcreek	Melrose.
Montana	Waumondee.	Rodney	Redgranite.
Morgan	Oconto Falls.	Rockfalls	Cadryville.
Moundville	Endeavor.	Rogersville	Fond du Lac
Mount Morris	Wautoma.	Roosevelt	Shawano.
Murry	Bruce.	Root Creek	Milwaukee.
Mylrea	Marathon.	Rosecrans	Cato.
Namur	Brussels.	Rosiere	Casco.
Navan	Watertown.	Rowleys Bay	Sister Bay.
Nayda	Bonduel.	Rushville	Racine.
Nero	Two Rivers.	Russell	Independence.
Neueren	Luxembourg.	Saint Anna	New Holstier
Nevins	Granton.	Saint John	Hilbert.
Newark	Beloit.	Saint Peter	Malone.
New Centerville	Baldwin.	Salona	Sawyer.
Newfane	Kewaskum.	Salter	West Bend.
Newhope	Amhurst Jct.	Schiller	Kewaunee.
Newport	Ellison Bay.	Schoolhill	Kiel.
New Prospect	Campbellsport.	Seefeldt	Wausau.
Newry	Cashton.	Shamrock	Black River Falls
Newton	Viroqua.	Sherman	Sheridan.
Niles	Valders.	Shirley	De Pere.
Norman	Kewaunee.	Shoto	Manitowoc.
Norske	Northland.	Silica	Malone.
Norheim	Timothy.	Spokeville	Loyal.
North Bloomfield	Lake Geneva.	Spring Creek	Strongs Prairie.
North Hudson	Hudson.	Springville	Viroqua.
North Menomonee.	Menomonee.	St. Michaels	Kewaskum.
North Valley	Centuria.	Stark	Lark.
Norway Grove	De Forest.	Stettin	Marathon.
Oakgrove	Juneau.	Stevensons Pier	Brussels.
Oakhill	Palmyra.	Stewart	Blanchardville.
Olivet	Rock Elm.	Stockton	Stevens Point.
Ono	Maiden Rock.	Strand	Gillett.
Oslo	Cato.	Sumner	Fort Atkinson.
Osman	Cleveland.	Sylvania	Corlis.
Paoli	Basco.	Tamarack	Manawa.
Paris	Union Grove.	Tarrant	Arcadia.
Perida	Veteran.	Taus	Durand.
Per'y	Turtle Lake.	Terrill	Cato.
Peru	Amhurst Jct.	Thiry Daems	Redgranite.
Pilsen	Luxembourg.	Tichigan	Luxembourg.
Pine Grove	Green Bay.	Timme	Waterford.
Pipersville	Watertown.	Tornado	Coleman.
Pineville	Clear Lake.	Torney	Brussels.
Plat	Colgate.	Trade River	Luxembourg.
Pittsfield	Seymour.	Tramway	Wolfcreek.
Poland	Green Bay.	Trippville	Knapp.
Poniatowski	Bdgar.	Troy	Kendall.
Porcupine	Peplin.	Truman	Troy Center.
Portland	Cashton.	Tustin	Calamine.
Prang	Cream.	Tyrone	Poyssippi.
Price	Fairchild.	Urne	Davis, Ill.
Ranney	Kenosha.	Utley	Durand.
Rangeline	Two Rivers.		Markesan.

POSTOFFICES DISCONTINUED IN WISCONSIN ON ACCOUNT OF RURAL
DELIVERY, 1904-1908.

Office.	Supplied From.	Office.	Supplied From.
Vance	Prairie Farm.	Witwen	Plain.
Vienna	Tonycreek.	Wolflake	Saint Cloud.
Vignes	Sawyer.	Woodhull	Fond du Lac.
Volga	Amery.	Woodlake	Grantsburg.
Wallwick	Mineral Point.	Woodlawn	Loganville.
Walhain	Luxembourg.	Worden	Stanley.
Waucousta	Campbellsport.	Worth	Wolfcreek.
Waverly	Olivet.	Wuertsburg	Athens.
Wayne	Campbellsport.	Yellowstone	Blanchardville.
Welhaven	Roselawn.	York	Hixon.
West Denmark	Luck.	Ziegler	Marathon.
West Sweden	Frederic.		
Wheland	Cream.	Rural Station.	
White Oak	Scales Mound, Ill.		
Wind Lake	Waterford.	Hermansport	Shawano.
Wiota	Woodford.		

POSTAL INFORMATION.

(Revised December, 1908.)

Classes of Domestic Mail Matter.—Domestic mail is divided into four classes, as follows:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, private mailing cards (post cards) and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof sheets or corrected proof sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection. Rates of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each. "Post Cards" with written messages, conforming approximately to government postal cards in quality and weight and to the regulations prescribed by the Postmaster General, one cent each. On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter carrier offices, or when mailed at offices which are not letter carrier offices, if rural free delivery has been established and the persons addressed can be served by rural carrier. The only drop letters entitled to the one cent drop letter of postage are those deposited in postoffices where neither letter carrier nor rural delivery service has been established and those deposited in postoffices where rural delivery service has been established, and the persons addressed cannot be served by rural carrier, because they reside beyond the limits of the rural delivery service.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed paper sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, for sciences, art or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation, or at nominal rates, or have the characteristics of books. Rate of postage—For publishers and registered news agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. For other than publishers and news agents, one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same. Rate of postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Seeds, scions, cuttings, roots and plants, and also correspondence of the blind printed in raised characters, and sent unsealed, are mailable at third class rates. The insertion of the date, name of the addressee and sender in writing does not impair the rights of a circular to the third class.

Fourth Class—Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, and not above the weight provided by law. Rate of postage—One cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Payment of Postage.—On first class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be dispatched with the deficient postage rated thereon, to be collected of addressee before delivery. Letters and packages of first class matter weighing less than four (4) pounds when prepaid one full letter rate will be dispatched and the deficiency collected of the addressee.

Limit of Weight.—A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book or second class matter.

Registry System.—All mailable matter may be registered if fully prepaid with ordinary postage stamps, and bearing the name and address of the sender, but not matter addressed to fictitious names, other than legitimate trade names, initials or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefinite addresses. The registry fee is eight cents, in addition to the postage, both of which must invariably be prepaid.

Money Order System.—Fees for money orders are as follows: 3 cents to 30 cents for orders on Domestic form payable in the United States and Island possessions (Porto Rico, Hawaii, Guam and the Philippine Islands), the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, in Canada, Cuba and Newfoundland, and in Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, Canal Zone, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Tobago, and Virgin Islands (West Indies); 8 cents to 50 cents for International orders payable in Apia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Chili, Costa Rica, Denmark, Egypt, Germany, Hong Kong, Hungary, Japan, Liberia, Luxemburg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Orange River Colony, Peru, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and Transvaal; 10 cents to \$1 for International orders payable in Cape Colony, France, Great Britain, Greece, Honduras (Republic), Italy, New South Wales, Queensland, Russia, Salvador, South Australia, Tasmania and Victoria. The maximum amount of a single order is \$100.

Postal Conventions.—Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchange of money orders between the United States and the following countries: Great Britain, Switzerland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, Cape Colony, Windward Islands (Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent and St. Lucia), Leeward Islands, Antigua, St. Christopher-Nevis, Dominica, Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portugal (including the Azores and Madeira), Tasmania, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Denmark, Netherlands, Bahama Islands, Trinidad and Tobago, Austria-Hungary, British Guiana, Luxemburg, Bermuda, South Australia, Salvador, Chili, Honduras, Egypt, Hong Kong, British Honduras, Cuba, Russia, Mexico, Bolivia, Apia (Samoa), Costa Rica, Greece, Liberia, Orange River Colony, Peru and the Transvaal.

Special Delivery.—The regulations governing "rapid" or "special delivery" provide that any article of mailable matter bearing a 10c. special delivery stamp, in addition to the lawful postage, is entitled to immediate delivery on its arrival at any United States postoffice between the hours of 7 a. m. and 11 p. m., if the office be of the free delivery class, and between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. and to the arrival of the last mail, provided this be not later than 9 p. m., if the office be other than a free delivery office. To entitle such a letter to immediate delivery the residence or place of business of the addressee must be within the regular letter-carrier limits of a free delivery office, and within one mile of any other office. Special delivery articles are also delivered by rural carriers to bona fide patrons of their routes (those who have erected approved boxes), provided they live not exceeding one-half mile from the route. An act of Congress, approved March 7, 1907, provided that after July 1, 1907, ordinary stamps to the value of ten cents, in addition to the required postage, could be affixed to a letter or package of mail matter for special delivery, the sender writing "special delivery" on the envelope.

Foreign Postage Rates.—The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies (except Canada, Cuba, Panama, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland and Mexico) are as follows: Letters, 5c. for the first ounce and 3c. for each additional ounce; single postal cards (including souvenir cards), 2c. each; double postal cards (including souvenir cards), 4c. each; printed matter of all kinds, for each two ounces or fraction of two ounces, 1c.; commercial papers (deeds, bills, invoices, insurance policies etc.), for the first ten ounces or less, 5c.; for each additional two ounces or fraction of two ounces, 1c.; samples or merchandise, for the first four ounces or less, 2c.; for each additional two ounces or fraction of two ounces, 1c.; registration fee, 8c.; letters for Great Britain and Ireland, for each ounce or fraction thereof (after October 1, 1898), 2c.; to Germany direct, for each ounce or fraction thereof (after January 1, 1908), 2c.

Ordinary letters for any foreign country (except Canada and Mexico) must be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially. Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada, Cuba, Panama or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States. Full prepayment is required upon all registered articles; and postage upon all articles other than letters is required to be prepaid, at least in part. If the postage is not prepaid in full, double the amount of the deficiency will be collected of the addressee when the article is delivered. The rate on "commercial papers" per 2 ounces is the same as for "printed matter," except that the lowest charge on any package, whatever its weight, is 5c. The rate on samples of merchandise per 2 ounces is also the same as for "printed matter," except that the lowest charge on any package, whatever its weight, is 2c.

Articles of every kind and nature which are admitted to the United States domestic mails are admitted, at our domestic postage rates and conditions, to the mails exchanged between the United States and the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, China. Articles addressed for delivery at the following places in China, namely: Chefoo (Yentai), Chin-K'ang, Chung-King, Hankow, Hang-Chow, Ichang, Kaiping, Kaigan, Kingiang, Nanking, New-Chwang, Ningpo, Ourga, Peking, Shanghai, Taku, Tienstin, Wenchow Wuchang, Wuhu and Yentai, are transmissible in the mails made up at San Francisco, Seattle and Tacoma for the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai; but for places other than Shanghai, Postal Union rates and conditions apply.

Parcel Post.—The first parcel post convention between the United States and any country in Europe was signed between the United States and Germany on August 26, 1899, and went into operation October 1. It was the beginning of a postal service by means of which articles of merchandise may be exchanged by mail between the two countries, provided they are put up in packages which do not exceed 11 pounds in weight. The postage rate for parcels going from the United States to Germany is fixed at 12c. for each pound or fraction of a pound. Articles of merchandise may be sent, in unsealed packages, by parcel post to Jamaica, Barbados, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Mexico, the Colony of the Leeward Islands, the Republic of Colombia, Salvador, Costa Rica, the Danish West India Islands (Saint Thomas, Saint Croix, and Saint John), British Guiana, the Colony of the Windward Islands, Newfoundland, the Republic of Honduras, Trinidad (including Tobago), Chili, Germany, Guatemala, Nicaragua, New Zealand, Venezuela, Bolivia, Hong Kong, Japan, Norway, Belgium, Great Britain, Australia, Sweden, Peru, Denmark, Bermuda, Ecuador, the Netherlands, Uruguay, Italy and France.

Postage Rates Between the United States, Cuba, Panama and Island Possessions.—All mail matter sent between the United States and Cuba, Panama, the Island of Guam, the Philippine Archipelago, or Tutuila (including all adjacent islands of the Samoan group which are possessions to the United States), or from one to another of these islands, is subject to the United States domestic classification, conditions and rates of postage.



PART V.

STATE AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
GRAND ARMY DATA

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Wisconsin, with an area of 56,000 square miles of forest and prairie land, became an organized territory in 1836, with a population of 11,000. It was admitted as a state May 29, 1848, with a population approximating 250,000. Her growth since her admission into the Union, has been steady and rapid. The lead and zinc mines in the southwest part of the state, attracted a considerable population of miners while Wisconsin was a territory. The surface mines were quite generally worked out in 1863 or '64. Until recently mining in that section has been carried on by but few individuals, and in no regular way. Recently, however, several very valuable mines have been opened, and owing to the general disappearance of the water that in the earlier days proved a serious obstacle, lower leads have been uncovered and large deposits of zinc ore, as well as galena, are now being mined. The development of iron mining in the northern part of the state has brought a large amount of additional wealth. The pine forests have generally disappeared, but in their place are today found large sections of valuable agricultural land, and perhaps no state in the Union at the present time offers greater inducements to settlers than does northern and central Wisconsin.

In the matter of state institutions for the improvement of the condition of those physically and mentally unfortunate, and for reformatory purposes Wisconsin stands second to no state in the Union, population and resources considered. These institutions are under the general direction of a state board of control, comprised of able men who have within the last few years, succeeded in bringing about a system in the general management and conduct of these institutions that has attracted the attention of nearly every other state in the Union. In the matter of strictly educational institutions the state has made wonderful advancement. There are today 7,845 public school buildings 274 free high schools, and 14 independent high schools; 181 of these are on the accredited list of the state university—that is, pupils who graduated from these schools are admitted to the university upon the reputation of the school, and without any further examination—seven state normal schools, a score or more of colleges, seminaries, and academies, a state university among the foremost in the entire country in domination of education in the higher branches, and an agricultural college giving an exceptionally attractive and valuable four year course in the science of agriculture. For several years past short courses in agriculture, dairying, horticulture, and domestic science, have been a regular part of the university work. The students in these schools are almost without exception boys directly from the farm, and vitally interested in gaining agricultural knowledge. The course extends through two years of fourteen weeks each year. A full two-year course has just been added to agricultural college work. It may quite properly be called "The Practical Farmers' Course."

EXPENDITURES FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

The following table is a summary of the expenditures for a period of three years ending with 1908.

DISBURSEMENTS.	1905.	1907.	1908.
Amount expended in support of the University	\$1,022,548 30	\$1,124,578 69	\$1,091,135 37
Amount expended for normal schools.	372,572 44	431,811 53	547,651 11
Amount expended for common schools, high schools and graded schools.....	8,982,932 62	9,377,620 10	10,504,204 47
Amount for salaries and allowance to county superintendents	81,513 05	87,450 62	91,001 23
Amount for maintenance of teachers' institutes	12,540 30	13,964 66	13,421 66
Amount paid by the state for day schools for the deaf	31,205 83	39,480 85	39,836 66
Amount paid by the state for manual training departments	5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00
Amount paid by the state for agricultural schools	8,000 00	8,000 00	16,000 00
Amount paid by the state for county training schools for teachers.....	27,361 78	35,433 98	49,223 87
Total	\$10,553,671 94	\$11,123,373 46	\$12,547,574 37

STATE UNIVERSITY FINANCES—TWO YEARS.

Following is a summary of the finances of the state university for the two years ending June 30, 1908. The receipts and expenditures for each year are given separately as well as in combination. The tables are recompiled from a statement made by the university printed in the latest report of the superintendent of public instruction. The aim has been to put the figures in such form that any one interested can understand them and see the various purposes for which the funds are used. The figures representing the expenditure do **not** include printing done by different parts of the university and paid for **out** of the general fund of the state.

RECEIPTS.

Receipts.	For year ending June 30.		Total receipts for two years.
	1907.	1908.	
State appropriations	\$822,085 00	\$827,532 67	\$1,649,617 67
United States appropriations			
From Experimental Station—Hatch Fund	15,000 00	15,000 00	30,000 00
From Agriculture & Mechanic Arts—Morrill Fund	25,000 00	25,000 00	50,000 00
From Agricultural & Experimental Station—Adams Fund	12,000 00	9,000 00	21,000 00
From Agricultural & Experimental Station—Nelson Fund		5,000 00	5,000 00
From Productive Funds:			
University Fund	13,192 43	13,373 52	27,065 95
Agricultural College Fund	13,111 67	13,038 27	26,149 94
From students, fees, etc.....	232 020 97	257,075 01	479,095 98
From sundries	2,850 93	50 00	2,900 93
Total	\$1,125,231 00	\$1,165,560 47	\$2,290,830 47

DISBURSEMENTS.

	1907.	1908.
Agricultural college and experiment station.....	\$197,314 66	\$240,736 74
College, letters and science	336,022 13	332,429 04
College of engineering	134,417 46	129,983 79
Administration	34,871 15	21,025 83
College of law	30,087 36	21,716 28
Physical culture	39,880 65	20,342 56
Physical culture, women		3,843 75
General account	45,021 61	45,783 83
Observatory	7,232 12	6,921 97
Chadbourne hall	13,496 55	11,180 93
General library	46,692 31	43,553 15
Military department	3,050 89	2,703 79
University extension	4,828 73	18,603 82
Laboratory supplies	30,842 59	32,619 11
Fire protection	1,592 84	
Architect's office		3,947 40
Fees refunded	2,328 60	1,933 85
University grounds	36,318 11	3,401 75
Piano account	373 75	1,193 14
J. J. Hill railway library fund	1,430 85	1,526 46
Chemical equipment	1,319 96	
New central plant	730 81	46,645 80
University hall—north wing.....	52,243 30	
Agricultural engineering building	31,220 32	9,148 42
Agronomy building	28,505 37	5,818 82
Trostel prize fund	80 00	250 00
Vogel fellowship	250 00	
North wing equipment	9,691 99	653 03
Allis scholarship	200 00	150 00
Henry Gund scholarship	250 00	25 00
Kle'zsch fellowship fund	23 00	3 71
Agricultural engineering building equipment.....	9 68	4,510 57
Agronomy equipment	10 85	8,066 10
Stensland prize	70 00	
Cream city prize	100 00	
Women's building		2,112 39
Tunnels		210 01
Addition to administration building		9,899 85
Store room, (credit \$449 25)		
Henry Wergeland scholarship		229 00
Horse pavilion—animal husbandry building.....		608 29
Equipment administration building		591 75
	\$1,091,135 37	\$1,124,578 69

RECAPITULATION.

	1907.	1908.
Total receipts for two years	2,290,830 47	2,215,714 06
Interest paid on loan from general fund		1,733 52
Balance on hand June 30, 1906.....	26,504 97	
Balance on hand June 30, 1908.....		99,974 86
	\$2,317,425 44	\$2,317,425 44

Statistics relating to the state university and to the normal schools will be found in their appropriate places. The number of students catalogued in the university for the year ending June 30, 1905 was 3,342; 1906, 3,571; 1907, 4,013; and the number enrolled up to date this year is 4,521.

Those interested in reports relating to the reformatory, charitable and penal institutions will find them under appropriate headings. They contain much valuable information and should prove interesting reading to the citizens of this state.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

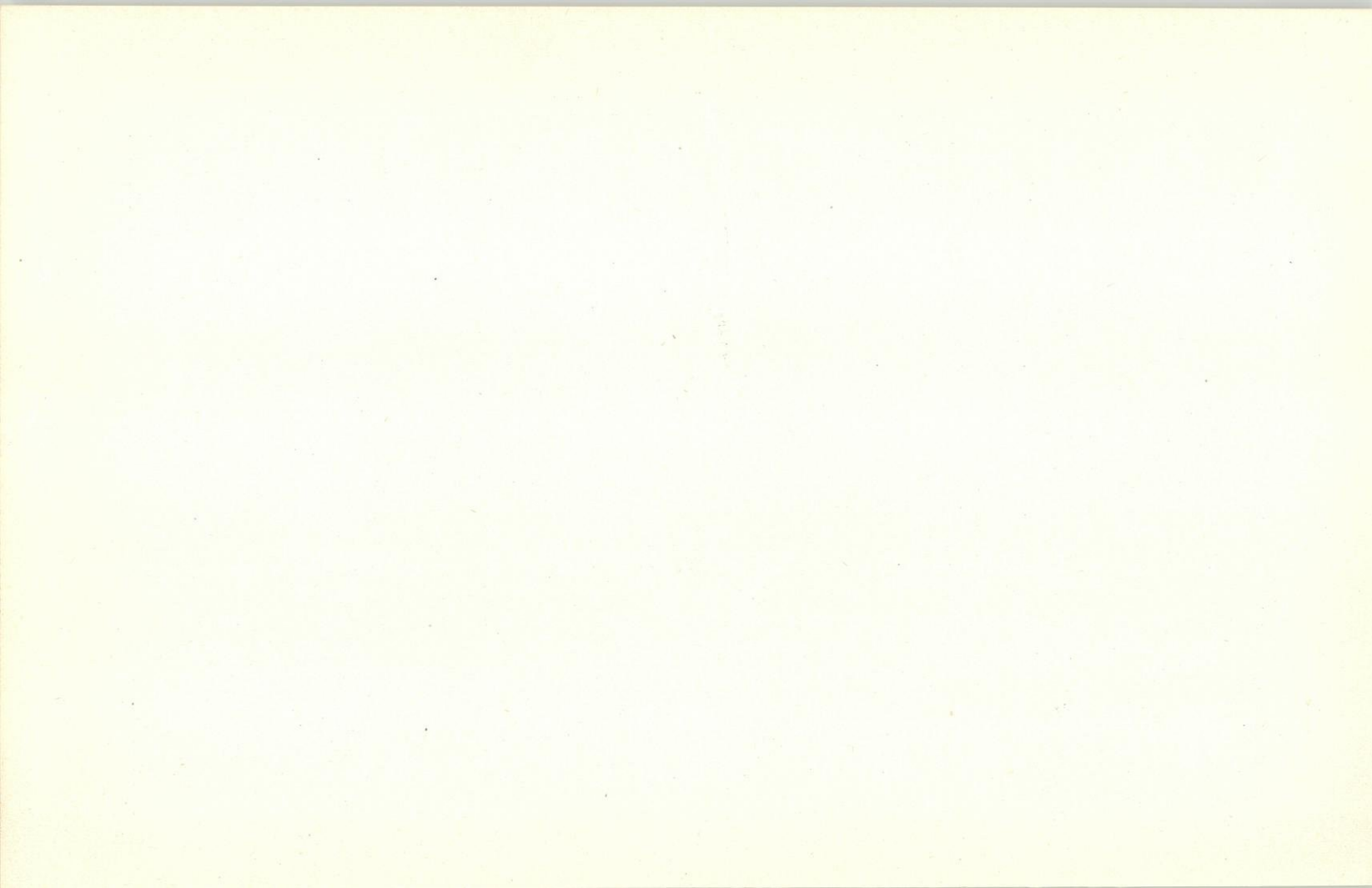
(By REUBEN GOLD THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society of Wisconsin.)

Wisconsin Territory, partitioned from Michigan Territory, was organized at Mineral Point, July 4, 1836. The first legislature met at Old Belmont (now Leslie, Lafayette County), October 25, in a two-story building to-day used as a cattle barn. There was a long struggle over the location of the permanent seat of government. There were seventeen applicants (Fond du Lac, Dubuque, Portage, Helena, Milwaukee, Racine, Belmont, Mineral Point, Platteville, Green Bay, Cassville, Belleview, Koshkonong, Wisconsinapolis, Peru, Wisconsin City, and Madison), several of them existing merely on maps issued by real estate "boomers." Madison, one of this class, won, through the influence of James Duane Doty, who had been circuit judge for that portion of Michigan Territory lying west of Lake Michigan. He, together with Stevens T. Mason, governor of Michigan Territory, had, just previous to the contest, purchased from the United States government about 1,000 acres in sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. The Capitol Park, which they laid out, is upon the common corners of these sections; it was formally deeded to the Territory by the owners, in a document dated Mineral Point, January 6, 1839, and still preserved in the State archives. The prospective town was called Madison, from the fourth president of the United States. The first house was built in Madison in the spring of 1837—a log boarding house, for the accommodation of the workmen on the proposed Capitol. In June, work was commenced upon the Capitol, its corner stone being laid with appropriate ceremonies upon July 4.

The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The Capitol was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions, which were held in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the federal government appropriated \$40,000 for the Capitol, Dane county \$4,000, and the Territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old Capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which in architectural design and convenience of arrangements at the time comparéd favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The Capitol proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings" and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the Capitol. The State also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The work was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome (the most satisfactory portion of the structure) was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the Capitol, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and the increasing staffs of the





STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, OSHKOSH.



STATE SCHOOL FOR DEAF, DELAVAN.

State offices. November 8, 1883, the south wing fell while in process of construction, an accident resulting in the death of eight workmen. The height of this building from the basement to the top of the flagstaff was 225½ feet, while the total length from north to south (exclusive of steps and porticos) was 396 feet, and from east to west, 226 feet. The total appropriations for the enlargement of the Capitol and for the improvement of the park, up to 1904, aggregated about \$900,000.

Early in the morning of the 27th of February, 1904, a large part of the interior of the Capitol was, with its contents, destroyed by fire; the central portion and the west wing particularly suffered. The department to suffer the greatest injury was the Wisconsin Free Library Commission, which lost a considerable library of expensive books, numerous traveling libraries, and all its records.

A building commission, appointed by the legislature of 1903 (chap. 399) was, at the time of the fire, taking into consideration the construction of a new and larger Capitol. After the disaster the matter was taken up with vigor, and plans for a new building were submitted to the legislature of 1905, which passed an act (chap. 516) extending the powers and duties, and somewhat reconstructing the composition, of the commission of 1903. This act was further amended by chap. 537, laws of 1907, whereby the cost of the new Capitol was restricted to \$6,000,000 including a heating plant and warehouse located about a half mile to the east of the park. This latter building and the Capitol are connected by tunnel. The new Capitol, designed by George W. Post & Son of New York City, is now being built in sections—the west wing is nearing completion, and the east wing is well under way; the south and north wings, and the central rotunda connecting the four wings, will follow in due succession, the desire being to interfere as little as possible with the business of the several departments. When completed, the Capitol will occupy the site of the old structure, but will be much larger.

The Capitol Park is seven hundred and ninety-two feet square, cornering on the cardinal points of the compass contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is handsomely situated on an elevation commanding a view of Lakes Monona and Mendota and the surrounding Four Lakes country. The Capitol stands diagonally in the center of this square, its wings extending to the cardinal points of the compass.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

MEMBERS.

LESTER B. DRESSER	Term expires Aug. 3, 1910.	St. Croix Falls
ALMAH J. FRISBY	Term expires Aug. 3, 1910.	Milwaukee
ELMER GRIMMER	Term expires Aug. 3, 1910.	Marinette
HERMAN GROTOPHORST	Term expires Aug. 3, 1910.	Baraboo
ALLAN D. CONOVER	Term expires Aug. 3, 1910.	Madison

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane	Mendota
Northern Hospital for the Insane	Winnebago
School for the Deaf	Delavan
School for the Blind	Janesville
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha
State Prison	Waupun
State School for Dependent Children	Sparta
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded	Chippewa Falls
Wisconsin State Reformatory	Green Bay
Wisconsin State Tuberculosis Sanitorium	Wailes

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

Five Semi-State Institutions.
 Thirty-two County Insane Asylums.
 Sixty-nine Jails.
 Forty-eight Poor Houses.
 Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
 Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

LESTER B. DRESSER	President
ALMAH J. FRISBY	Vice-President
M. J. TAPPINS	Secretary

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by Chapter 381, Laws of 1905, consists of five members, one of whom shall be a woman, appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. The members appointed under the act are to hold office for the term of five years. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to elect a secretary, four clerks and a stenographer. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the stewards of the institutions or the board are authorized by the board.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners in lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any insane asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers, summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses: and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such Board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the State Public School for Dependent or Neglected Children, the Home for Feeble-Minded, the State Reformatory, and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, ground and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-laws, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron and a steward, and for the institution for the Education of the Blind and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and

whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

WISCONSIN INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

December 31, 1908, there were 6,324 insane under public care. Of these 619 were in the State Hospital, 636 in the Northern hospital and 625 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,870 in hospitals. There were 4,444 in the 32 county asylums for the chronic insane, making 6,324 confined in asylums and hospitals.

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA FOR INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.
For the Last 10 Years.

Institutions.	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908
State Hospital.....	\$5 04	\$4 79	\$5 26	\$5 40	\$4 57	\$4 67	\$4 51	\$4 57	\$4 17	\$4 04
Northern Hospital.....	4 18	3 88	4 24	4 51	3 99	4 07	3 88	3 85	4 35	4 59
Milwaukee Hospital.....	3 30	3 32	3 30	3 29	3 56	3 58	3 59	3 47	3 28	3 27
County Asylums.										
Brown.....	1 87	2 47	2 84	3 67	4 78	3 34	2 68	2 87	3 09	3 10
Chippewa.....	1 64	1 76	1 74	1 86	2 20	2 44	1 76	1 82	1 66	1 97
Columbia.....	1 54	1 75	1 76	1 60	1 35	1 17	1 42	2 40	2 50	1 81
Dane.....	1 19	1 57	1 67	1 88	1 82	2 06	1 95	2 33	2 13	2 19
Dodge.....	1 82	2 34	2 38	2 11	2 17	2 08	2 11	1 93	1 99	1 86
Dunn.....	1 78	2 54	1 99	2 66	1 59	2 18	1 82	2 67	2 12	2 23
Eau Claire.....			3 60	3 40	2 80	2 53	2 30	2 26	2 25	2 42
Fond du Lac.....	1 61	2 50	2 17	3 62	2 23	2 38	2 14	2 00	2 10	2 28
Grant.....	1 28	1 99	1 65	1 76	1 64	2 55	2 62	2 72	2 65	2 84
Green.....	1 51	1 92	1 92	2 03	2 01	1 99	1 83	2 21	2 38	2 79
Iowa.....	1 16	1 79	2 20	2 01	1 87	2 12	2 02	2 37	2 00	2 44
Jefferson.....	1 42	1 47	1 72	2 40	1 98	1 80	1 92	2 59	2 10	2 23
La Crosse.....	1 41	2 26	2 24	2 24	2 31	2 06	2 22	2 55	2 35	3 25
Manitowoc.....	1 77	2 74	2 63	2 20	2 41	3 84	2 50	2 74	2 75	3 27
Marathon.....	1 70	2 15	2 29	2 82	2 00	2 42	2 27	2 15	2 24	2 26
Marinette.....									7 00	
Monroe.....					3 00	1 95	2 05	1 96	2 00	2 32
Milwaukee.....	2 36	2 70	2 79	3 17	2 28	2 12	2 69	2 24	2 00	3 11
Outagamie.....	1 37	2 17	2 26	2 28	2 16	2 38	2 19	2 24	2 04	2 21
Racine.....	2 35	2 46	2 55	2 63	2 47	3 84		4 29	3 13	3 15
Richland.....	1 82	1 97	2 29	2 37	2 12	2 15	2 07	2 33	2 35	2 67
Rock.....	1 40	2 35	2 45	2 32	1 98	2 40	2 30	2 08	2 50	2 57
Sauk.....	1 39	1 57	1 68	1 91	1 65	1 90	1 82	1 91	1 85	2 00
Sheboygan.....	1 93	2 42	2 35	2 69	2 62	2 04	2 48	2 32	3 01	3 06
St. Croix.....	1 26	2 35	1 81	2 58	1 81	1 66	1 93	1 76	2 03	1 79
Trempealeau.....		3 96	3 17	2 88	1 98	2 22	2 30	2 15	2 34	3 07
Vernon.....	1 67	2 19	2 37	2 27	2 56	3 03	2 43	2 51	2 27	2 48
Walworth.....	98	1 58	1 93	1 83	2 01	2 18	2 30	2 08	2 14	2 01
Waupaca.....					4 33	2 32	2 39	2 20	2 13	2 01
Washington.....	3 02	2 54	2 04	2 47	2 28	2 28	2 43	2 50	2 84	2 94
Waukesha.....					2 01	4 78	3 87	2 89	2 46	3 16
Winnebago.....	1 63	2 35	2 12	2 02	2 35	2 31	2 19	2 06	2 49	2 56
Average.....	\$1 67	\$2 22	\$2 20	\$2 39	\$2 23	\$2 37	\$2 25	\$4 32	\$2 56	\$2 55

COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE.

Counties.	Postoffice of the Asylum.	Superintendents.
Brown	Green Bay	F. M. Loftus.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	R. P. Dickinson.
Columbia	Wycocena	B. Miller.
Dane	Verona	L. P. Edwin.
Dodge	Juneau	Eugene L. Dorse.
Dunn	Menomonie	S. W. Jackson.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	O. H. Kitzman.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Louis A. Kenyon.
Grant	Lancaster	M. V. Burris.
Green	Monroe	R. C. Whitcomb.
Iowa	Dodgeville	E. J. Perkins.
Jefferson	Jefferson	W. E. Voigt.
La Crosse	West Salem	O. Gullickson.
Marathon	Wausau	Joseph Roehl.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	H. Goedjen.
Marquette	Peshigo	R. M. Smith.
Milwaukee	Wauwatosa	Dr. W. F. Beutler.
Monroe	Sparta	F. J. Mooney.
Outagamie	Appleton	G. R. Downer.
Racine	Racine	Henry W. Lewis.
Richland	Richland Center	L. T. Johnson.
Rock	Janesville	K. Killam.
St. Croix	New Richmond	T. D. Wheeler.
Sauk	Reedsburg	P. Christenson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	A. J. Whiffin.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	P. H. Johnson.
Vernon	Viroqua	Fred Wilkns.
Walworth	Elkhorn	D. W. Stanford.
Washington	West Bend	Peter Lochen.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Geo. F. Carroll.
Waupaca	Weyauwega	C. M. Hayward.
Winnebago	Winnebago	E. E. Manuel.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE

OFFICERS.

CHAS. GORST, M. D.	Superintendent
M. K. GREEN, D. AUGUST SUTHOFF, M. D., W. W. D. MERCER, M. D., MARY B. SAUTHOFF, M. D.	Assistants
A. C. NORDVI.	Pharmacist
P. D. CRAMER.	Steward
J. W. DAUBNER.	Assistant Steward
MISS ANNIE I. OLIVER.	Matron

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota, near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. The original main building, as completed in 1860 was 65x120 feet. Since that time many additions have been made. Two east and west wings, each 250 feet long, and two transverse wings, each 87 feet long, have been added to the original structure. During the last two years a new addition, 154x57 feet, containing congregate dining room, two wards and baths was erected at the end of the old main structure.

The hospital buildings, with a frontage of 569 feet, face a magnificent wooded lawn which slopes gently towards Lake Mendota, a quarter of a mile distant. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably some six hundred patients.

J. Edward Lee, M. D., was elected the first medicinal superintendent on the 22d day of June, 1859. John P. Clemens was elected in 1860. The first patient arrived July 14, 1860. Dr. Clemens resigned January 1st, 1864, and was

succeeded by A. H. Van Nostran, who resigned and was succeeded by Dr. A. S. McDill June 6th, 1868. Dr. McDill was succeeded by Dr. Mark Ranney in 1873. Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by Dr. McDill in April, 1875. On the death of Dr. McDill, November 12th, 1875, O. F. Boughton, who had served as assistant physician in the hospital for a number of years, was chosen to succeed Dr. McDill as superintendent, and remained superintendent until July 1st, 1881. Dr. R. M. Wigginton of Watertown was chosen by the Board of Supervision on July 1st, 1881, and remained superintendent until his transfer July 1st, 1884, when Dr. S. P. Buckmaster was chosen to succeed him. Dr. Buckmaster resigned December 1, 1889, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis B. Head of Lake Geneva, Wisconsin. From July 21st, 1891, and to July 1st 1893, Dr. E. P. Taylor was superintendent and upon his resignation Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston was chosen as his successor. Dr. Wm. B. Lyman was elected as superintendent in 1895, and resigned in 1901, to be succeeded by Dr. E. L. Bullard of Waukesha. Dr. Bullard resigned July 7th, 1904, and was succeeded by Dr. Charles Gorst of Baraboo.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to June 30, 1908 for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$5,242,259.87.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1860.....		12,258
Paroled	6,347	
Discharged as sane.....	12	
Transferred to other institutions.....	3,769	
Died	1,466	
Eloped	54	
Under treatment June 30, 1908.....	610	
		12,258

The average number of patients in the hospital for the year ending June 30, 1908, was 611, as against 568 the previous year, and the current expenses \$129,104.27, as against \$123,827.56.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDAN, M. D.....	Superintendent
A. SHERMAN, M. D., THOMAS R. JONES, M. D., R. J. DYSART, M. D., and L. M. JOHNSON.....	Assistants
J. V. N. SONN.....	Pharmacist
A. P. ALLER	Steward
L. E. GILSON	Assistant Steward
MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER.....	Matron

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed ac-

ording to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr. Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa, was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to June 30, 1904, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital. in all the sum of \$5,000,807.09.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873		13,588
Escaped	57	
Paroled	7,158	
Discharged as sane.....	38	
Transferred to other institutions.....	4,025	
Died	1,698	
Under treatment June 30, 1908.....	612	
		<hr/> 13,588

The average number of patients in the hospital for the year ending June 30, 1908, has been 631, as against 622 the previous year, and the current expenses \$151,569.45, as against \$141,329.03.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

E. W. WALKER.....	Superintendent and Steward
EDGAR D. FISK	Clerk
MRS. E. W. WALKER	Matron
MISS TILLIE CANNAN	Assistant Matron

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science, and drawing. Instruction in lip reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoemaking.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text books, globes, maps, charts, etc.—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction—are employed. Articulation and lip reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to July 1, 1908, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$2,016,085.78.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,416.

The average number of pupils the past year was 200, as against 185 the previous year, and the current expenses \$59,101.69, as against \$50,380.65.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

HARVEY CLARKSuperintendent and Steward
 MRS. PRUELLA H. CLARK.....Matron
 MRS. CLARA LANGTRY.....Clerk

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1845, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854, and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5 a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. This was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly

given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to July 1, 1908, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,538,724.92.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 924.

The average number of pupils the past year was 85, as against 90 the previous year; and the current expenses, \$32,394.21, as against \$32,695.38.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

A. J. HUTTON	Superintendent and Steward
A. A. BACHLER	Assistant Steward
H. R. RAWSON	Field Agent
J. S. ROESELER	Principal Teacher
MRS. A. J. HUTTON	Matron

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the state authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar. On March 26, 1898, the factory building with all its contents, was destroyed by fire, the loss being about \$40,000. The Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State authorized an indebtedness of \$40,000.00, and a new building was built during the summer of 1898.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those in the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, laundry and steam drying room, store, store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each, also an engine and boiler room and a blacksmith shop.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, cellars for roots, and a silo in connection with cow barn.

The total amount paid from the state treasury up to June 30, 1908, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$2,699,997.54.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the schools, August 3, 1860, is 5,979, of whom 356 were present June 30, 1908.

The average number of boys the past year was 328, as against 310 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$65,717.67, as against \$70,124.26.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

HENRY TOWN	Warden and Steward
J. N. BAUMEL	Deputy Warden
JACOB FUSS	Clerk
J. F. BROWN	Prison Physician
REV. GEO. W. PEPPER	Chaplain
REV. S. J. DOWLING	Chaplain, Catholic
Mrs. M. H. SCHILLING	Matron

The State prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward, clerk, deputy warden and matron are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract

was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years. On the expiration of the contract period at the close of the year 1897 it was again renewed on the same terms for a further period of 5 years.

On July 1st, 1903, a contract was entered into with the Paramount Knitting Co. of Chicago for the manufacture of socks and stockings. The State receives 65 cents per day per convict employed. This contract provides that not less than 300 convicts shall be employed. At present time convicts earn from \$6,500.00 to \$7,200.00 per month.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for the 2-year period ending June 30, 1908, were \$156,889.66.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 280 acres. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, contain 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a workshop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith, carpenter shop, barn, etc., and warden's residence. A new cell wing was completed about January 1, 1909, with cell room for 200 convicts.

The total amount paid from the state treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to June 30, 1908, was \$3,137,890.73.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 10,291. The number in confinement June 30, 1908, was 655—621 males and 18 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 627, as against 640 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$120,437.84, as against \$119,656.93.

STATE SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

OFFICERS.

C. M. BRIGHT	Superintendent and Steward
Mrs. F. J. R. BRIGHT	General Matron
A. F. BRANDT, ELSIE M. LOOMIS	State Agents
R. J. HITTIER	Bookkeeper
W. T. SARLES	Physician

The State Public School for dependent and neglected children is located at Sparta, in the valley of the La Crosse river, and is surrounded by hills which impart a varied and pleasant scenery. The location is a most desirable one for the healthfulness and happiness of the inmates. The grounds are spacious and well laid out, affording ample play grounds for the children. Flowing wells abound, furnishing the purest water.

The school was established in 1886 and from its opening to June 30, 1908, 3,251 children had been received within its doors, and after a few weeks or months, as might be necessary for preparation, passed on to homes where opportunities have been given them to develop into useful citizenship. More than 85 per cent. of the children thus placed have accepted these opportunities and have grown and are growing to be good men and women. Rescued from neglect.

squalor and vice, where the downroad was the easier, lifted up to useful lives, in 85 of each 100 cases is a record which is very gratifying to the friends who urged the passage of the bill to create the school.

The school is intended for a depot between the children in their neglected conditions in the several counties and the many homes to which children will be welcome. Some of these children, however, have some physical, mental or moral deformity which may require attention for awhile before they are ready for a home. Thus the school is the place where, when possible the child may be cured of some habits, and finally passed on to commence real life in a home surrounded by good influences. To do this requires comprehensive and careful teachers and matrons and those employed in the Sparta school are doing a noble work in preparing their charges for worthy homes and lives of usefulness.

The utmost care is taken in selecting homes for the children. The great number of applications in excess of the children enables agents of the school to accept only the best homes, and these only on personal inspection and thorough investigation. After a child is placed in a home it is frequently visited by the agent, and to supplement this means of supervision, the guardian is required to make monthly reports to the superintendent regarding health, conduct, attendance at school, and any other items of interest concerning the ward.

For reasons already given, some children cannot be placed in homes. These are given the opportunities of a common school education and the larger girls are taught sewing and cooking under a competent teacher. The larger boys are taught farming. The farm connected with the school consists of 234 acres. About 100 acres are under cultivation, the remainder being pasture; some being of light, sandy soil, unfit for cultivation at present. Sufficient vegetables are raised for the population of the school, and a herd of cows furnishes all the milk required.

The buildings consist of a main building in which are offices, superintendent's living rooms, dining rooms for children and employes, a small assembly room, and sleeping rooms; five cottages with a capacity for 250 pupils; a large new hospital, and an old frame building used for epidemics; a school house containing six rooms; a laundry building with heating plant, cold storage and ice house, and farm buildings.

Visitors are made welcome at the school, as it is the desire of the present administration to interest the people in one of the most essential charities of the state, that which may make true men and women of those who, if left uncared for, might descend to unuseful and degraded lives.

From its inception in 1886 to June 30, 1908, the total cost of this school to the state for all purposes, including land and buildings, has been \$1,047,344.77.

The whole number of children admitted up to June 30, 1908, was 3,251; the average number in the school for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, was 143, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, the average number was 165.

WISCONSIN HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

OFFICERS.

ALFRED W. WILMARTH	Superintendent and Steward
E. M. WILSON, A. L. BEIER	Assistant Physic ans
D. C. HAYWARD	Assistant Steward
Mrs. W. R. TAYLOR, Mrs. S. J. JENKINS, Mrs. E. J. BOYCE, Mrs. H. S. BUXTON, Mrs. M. R. VOIGHT	Matrons

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble minded and epileptic of the state, and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to, and no one questions the duty of prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1,021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement, with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted, and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed, nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2d grade; a dormitory for girls of 2d grade; a dormitory for boys of 3d grade; a dormitory for girls of 3d grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and as-

sembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm, colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 was used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory	\$57,987
Contract for power-house and laundry	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment	15,794
Contract for sewerage system.....	2,857
Contract for electric light plant	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery.....	1,720
Contract for water-works system.....	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of construction, lumber, implements and tools.....	4,037

The legislature of 1897 made a further appropriation of \$75,000.00, out of which a second cottage with a capacity of 150 inmates was built and other improvements made.

The legislature of 1899 made a further appropriation of \$158,000 for new buildings, equipments and supervision. Of this amount about \$44,000 has been expended in erecting a building for epileptics and furnishing the same. This new building has a capacity of about 125 inmates.

The legislature of 1901 appropriated a further sum of \$50,000 for the erecting and furnishing of new buildings. From this appropriation and the remainder of the former appropriation four new buildings were erected during the summer of 1902. The buildings erected in 1902 were an administration building and dining hall, a schoolhouse with a capacity of about six hundred, and two dormitories with a capacity of one hundred each.

The legislature of 1905 made an appropriation of \$45,000.00 for an additional dormitory, tunnels and other improvements. From that appropriation one dormitory was built which gave the institution an additional capacity of one hundred inmates.

The legislature of 1907 appropriated \$146,000.00 for two new cottages, custodial building, creamery and addition to barn and to complete concrete tunnel. These improvements are now completed and the buildings are occupied. The institution now has a capacity of about 1075.

The whole number of patients received since the opening of the institution is 1,243. The average during the year ending June 30, 1908, was 754, as against 728 the preceding year, and the current expenses were \$131,325.97, as against \$119,001.38.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick, and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout, and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY.

OFFICERS.

CHAS. W. BOWRON	General Superintendent and Steward
O. E. BICKFORD	Assistant Superintendent
T. J. BAST	Assistant Steward

The legislature of 1897, under authority of chapter 246, instructed the Board of Control to purchase at its lowest cash price, not more than 200 acres of land and to proceed to construct and organize a state reformatory for criminal first offenders, between the ages of sixteen to thirty years, appropriating \$75,000 to start the work.

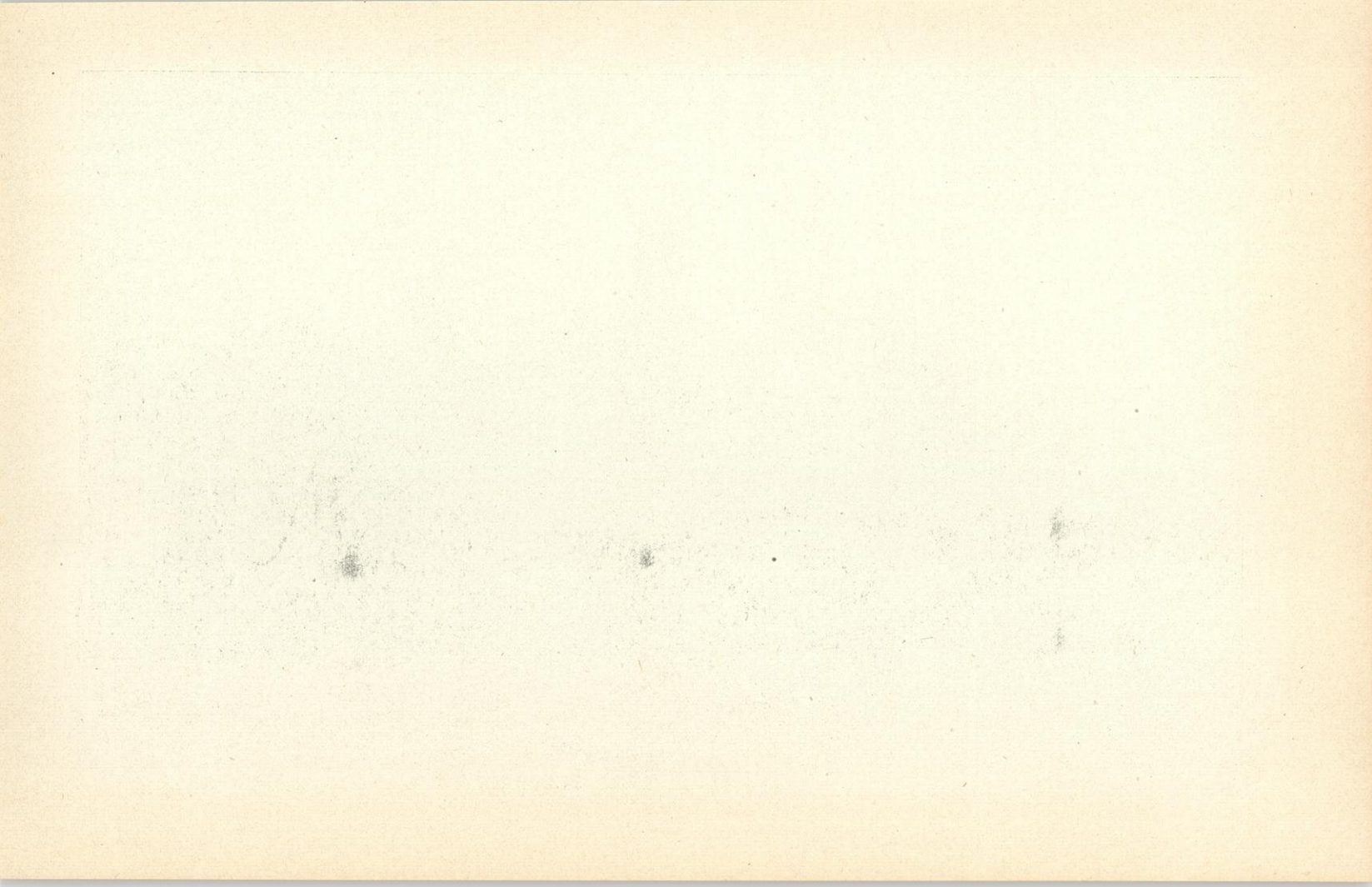
In accordance therewith the Board purchased a tract of 198 acres lying east of Fox river, and just mid-way between Green Bay and De Pere, paying \$15,000 therefor.

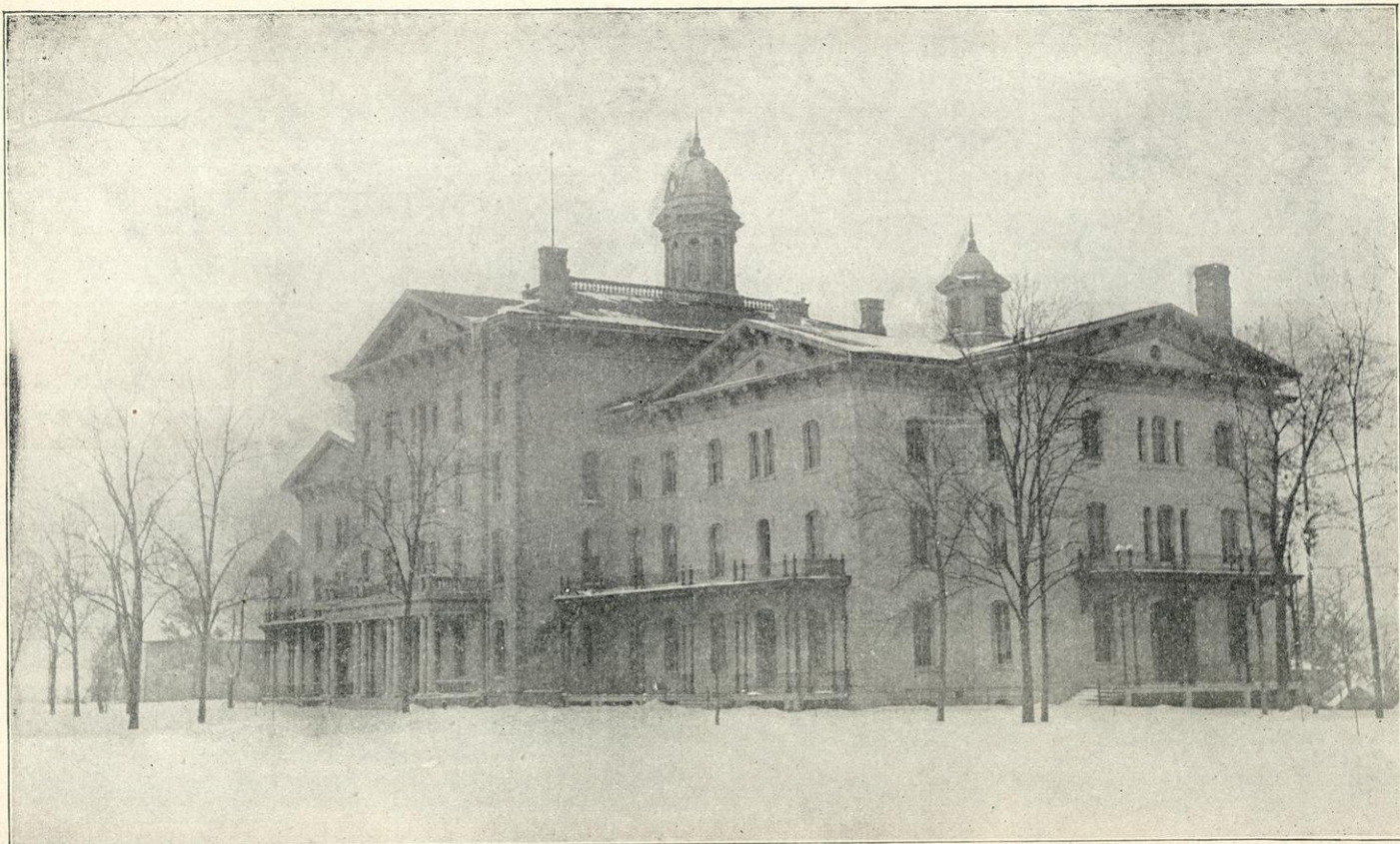
A. A. Clas of Milwaukee and John Charles of Menomonie were selected as architects and plans were prepared as directed by the law, for an institution to contain six hundred inmates.

In April, 1898, James E. Heg was appointed superintendent, with instructions to proceed with the work of constructing such portion of the buildings as was possible with the amount remaining of the appropriation. On August 31st of the same year, the institution was opened in temporary quarters, with twenty-four prisoners transferred from the state prison at Waupun. These men were used in construction work of various kinds, such as making sewers, roads, side walks, grading and other necessary building operations in preparing the cell room for occupancy. A portion of the north cell room, containing one hundred and four cells was finished for occupancy March 1st, 1899. This is about one-third of the cell room on that side. When completed the cell room will be one of the best in the country. The buildings are of cream brick, except the front, which is of gray granite from Amberg, Wis. The cells are five feet eight inches by nine feet and seven feet six inches high, the front of each cell being composed of heavy iron gratings. The institution has all modern improvements as regards sanitation, light, heat and security.

The object of the Reformatory is to return to society, in the shortest time possible such young men who through ignorance, bad environments, poor training or naturally vicious habits, have committed some offense against the law. The Reformatory is organized with the design to give every one within it a chance, by good conduct and his own efforts, to shorten his stay therein; to give proper schooling; to teach industrious and honest habits; and, by all available means, to advance his material, mental and moral interests. The training is compulsory and the discipline strict. The individual capacity of each man is studied and he is required to reach the standard set for him. When by good behavior, diligence in work and progress in school, he shall have reached this point, he is eligible for parole. A position is found for him for a specified term with some approved person. He is given a complete outfit of new clothing, sufficient money to pay his expenses until his first pay day and is started on his new life with every encouragement and incentive to be an honest citizen. The hand of the Reformatory is still over him, either to help or to punish as may be needed. He reports once a month, in detail, his work and actions during the month, which report is verified by his employer and by others when necessary. He is braced and steadied until he can walk alone, when he is given his full liberty. The number of parole breakers is very small and violation generally consists in leaving their place of work, going with loose company, visiting saloons and the like.

The legislature of 1899, appropriated a further sum of \$150,000 to continue the erection and furnishing of buildings. From this appropriation four cottages





STATE SCHOOL FOR BLIND, JANESVILLE.

were built for officers during the years 1900 and 1901 at a cost of about \$7,000. In the early part of the year 1901 James E. Heg resigned as superintendent and was succeeded by C. W. Bowron of Oshkosh. During the year 1902 an addition was built to the north cell wing at a cost of about \$80,000. This addition gives the institution a capacity of about three hundred inmates. Many of the inmates of the institution are employed in making overalls and jackets under a contract with Milton F. Goodman of Chicago, and the revenues derived therefrom by the state for the year ending June 30, 1908, were \$32,575.50.

The legislature of 1907 appropriated \$84,500.00 for construction of rear portion of administration building, water reservoir, moulding and tin shop, machinery and machine shop and granite to complete the reformatory. Some of these improvements have been completed and some are in the course of construction.

The rest of the inmates are employed in making brooms, brick working, in engine room, cabinet shop and on the farm. The total number of prisoners received since the opening of the institution up to June 30, 1908, was 1,237. The number returned after violating parole or escaping, 41. There remained in the institution on June 30, 1908, 292. The average population during the year ending June 30, 1908, was 280, and the current expenses for that year were \$41,848.22. The average population during the year ending June 30, 1908, was 270, and the current expenses for that year were \$37,889.32.

WISCONSIN STATE TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM.

OFFICERS.

DR. J. W. COONSuperintendent
FRANK SCHOENSteward

The legislature of 1905, by chapter 361, created an institution to be known as the Wisconsin State Tuberculosis Sanatorium, for the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis, especially for cases in the incipient stages of the disease. Under the provisions of that chapter, the site of the institution was selected by the Tuberculosis Advisory board and about 160 acres of land were purchased. The total amount appropriated for the purchase of site, construction and erection of necessary buildings, was \$90,000.00. The institution was located about two and a half miles from the village of Wales in Waukesha County, on a point known as Government Hill. Mr. Howland Russell, architect, of Milwaukee, was selected to prepare the plans for the new institution.

During the years 1905 and 1906 the following buildings were erected: An administration building, refectory, two shacks and power house, and a road was constructed from the village of Wales to the new institution.

The institution was opened for occupancy about November 1st, 1907. Dr. Chester A. Paull of Massachusetts was selected as superintendent, and the institution opened with a population of about 40 inmates.

The legislature of 1907 made an additional appropriation of \$30,000 for additional buildings, and during the years 1907-1908, two additional shacks and a laundry building were constructed. A sewage disposal plant was erected, the grounds graded and shrubbery planted. The institution has now a capacity for 80 inmates and is filled to its utmost capacity. Inmates are received into the institution and treated for \$10.00 per week and all persons who are unable to pay for their maintenance and treatment in the institution can be admitted by an order of the county judge of the county in which such persons reside. The county in such cases is required to pay \$5.00 per week.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES.

At the several state institutions for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1907 and 1908, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

Classification of Items.	State Hospital for the Insane.		Northern Hospital for the Insane.		School for the Deaf.		School for the Blind.		Industrial School for Boys.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
Amusements and means of instruction	\$393 57	\$723 77	\$1,272 63	\$1,239 69	\$549 71	\$1,029 00			\$196 91	\$195 15
Agents' expenses									966 65	1,020 22
Barn, farm and garden....	*8,033 59	*9,262 24	*14,117 52	*7,227 73	281 51	455 74	*1,623 53	*1,704 18	*4,028 00	5,027 26
Clothing	6,224 78	6,779 60	8,237 83	8,579 94	242 67	31 59	111 16	87 77	3,751 60	4,497 55
Discharged patients	733 22	1,753 87	1,999 43	2,144 45						
Discount	*578 11	*581 55	*618 54	*650 66	*76 28	*76 72	*53 01	*41 83	*158 13	191 22
Drugs and medical department	830 65	997 41	1,573 84	1,743 56	223 45	34 68	85 00	19 65	368 24	858 74
Electricity	45 79	91 72	31 40	123 03					62 76	91 62
Engine and boilers	4,287 73	1,808 33	1,654 60	710 93	221 63	2,745 15	510 21	138 52	539 11	740 51
Exchange										
Fire apparatus	197 81	5 87	226 50		1 57	114 11				
Fire and boiler insurance	72 00		123 00		51 00				6 54	6 20
Freight and express	3 67		193 13	131 81	5 09	5 30	33 00		54 00	
Fuel	10,192 92	19,731 83	17,277 45	14,381 00	4,579 08	5,950 20	3,168 35	3,503 51	7,594 58	3,893 98
Furniture	423 13	143 73	427 93	142 70	244 48	256 63	92 83	1 29	150 12	300 35
Gas and other lights	1,373 83	2,508 01	2,271 89	2,212 58	331 52	140 44	487 04	524 65	1,692 32	1,317 59
House furnishing	6,639 78	5,031 33	4,084 08	5,115 09	874 70	1,298 48	1,052 64	608 63	2,590 59	2,283 83
Laboratory			89							
Laundry	1,258 41	1,612 05	999 75	1,187 64	292 74	309 20	216 51	193 17	305 08	321 95
Library	121 89	232 50	402 54	371 03	5 01	165 22			280 19	207 94
Machinery and tools	135 55	30 40	17 45	173 16	61 49	379 91	2 59	1 76	50 68	183 68
Means of instruction									226 59	428 36
Miscellaneous	197 17	*153 71	524 76	481 37	207 70	372 49	663 23	226 59	614 36	541 29
Officers' expenses	329 21	320 99	307 03	340 09	199 08	339 07	1,078 18	1,100 99	476 63	283 94
Printing office					833 93	684 83	380 84	95 45	76 33	
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph	1,022 75	728 62	994 24	823 26	233 00	242 88	130 07	189 28	752 53	494 71

Repairs and renewals.....	3,954 14	3,367 65	10,050 86	10,234 88	1,823 62	2,132 73	677 05	1,009 05	6,434 60	2,575 83
Restraint	58 95	38 93								
Shoe shop					613 40	721 13			631 10	314 78
Subsistence	35,995 20	40,908 26	46,674 66	49,677 67	11,337 62	12,232 18	9,448 52	9,601 79	19,160 08	19,719 04
Surgical instruments and appliances	224 68	393 54	197 97	242 49						
Tobacco	531 37	555 46	141 74	72 15						
Wages and salaries.....	46,405 69	49,625 08	54,306 53	57,214 73	23,778 91	28,494 10	15,991 92	16,891 81	26,775 01	29,804 11
Work department							*185 02	*302 50		
Board and tuition								*140 00		
Totals	\$130,711 83	\$127,420 98	\$153,995 22	\$157,354 28	\$50,001 88	\$58,682 44	\$34,130 10	\$34,133 91	\$73,530 01	\$70,190 42
*Gains deducted	*8,661 70	*10,005 50	*14,736 06	*7,878 39	*76 28	\$58,682 44 *76 72	*1,991 64	2,188 51	4,137 03	5,218 48
Amount deducted by Sec- retary of State for insur- ance	\$122,050 16	\$127,415 48	\$139,259 16	\$149,475 89	\$49,925 60	\$58,605 72	\$32,228 46	\$31,945 40	\$63,372 98	\$64,971 94
Amount deducted by Sec- retary of State for print- ing	1,579 50	1,579 50	1,965 60	1,965 60	445 77	445 77	438 75	438 75	702 00	702 00
Net expenses	\$123,827 56	\$129,104 27	\$141,329 03	\$151,569 45	\$50,380 65	\$59,101 69	\$32,695 38	\$32,394 21	\$70,124 26	\$65,717 67
Received from counties....	37,123 60	46,071 25	54,219 43	53,708 97					16,397 69	17,213 62
Net cost to state.....	\$83,703 96	\$83,033 02	\$87,109 60	\$97,830 48	\$50,380 65	\$59,101 69	\$32,695 38	\$32,394 21	\$53,726 57	\$48,504 05

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES—Continued.

At the several state institutions for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1907 and 1908, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

Classification of Items.	State Prison.		State Public School.		Home for Feeble Minded.		State Reformatory.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
Accounts receivable	*\$26 00							
Amusements and means of instruction.....	219 51	\$535 40	\$237 20	\$593 75	\$171 48	\$543 13	\$530 75	\$523 12
Agents' expenses			1,948 80	2,503 66				
Armory	20	4 49					34	90
Barn, farm and garden	*3,131 23	*2,779 28	*909 13	*2,584 18	*9,610 22	8,381 03	*5,901 67	6,005 53
Blacksmith shop							67 10	3 70
Brick yard							*2,836 44	4,752 39
Cabinet shop							12 36	5 63
Childrens' transportation			274 12	218 41	9,822 25			
Clothing	5,975 70	7,156 16	2,049 31	856 30			2,072 45	2,427 77
Convicts' earnings	287 17	273 94						
Convicts escaped	41 95	25 37					117 55	65 10
Convicts discharged	4,019 27	4,088 30					10 44	17 94
Discount	*252 86	*276 16	*130 84	123 16	*48 30	*358 12	*195 03	*233 87
Drug and medical department	1,012 60	852 90	390 28	973 04	34 24	183 00	823 80	931 93
Elopers			30 39	37 50	94 07	174 24		
Engines and boilers	83 29	930 28	9 60	198 73	750 42	656 03	293 52	529 55
Fire apparatus	12 42	50 98	78 03	39 34				2 00
Fire and boiler insurance	72 00		72 00		90 00		109 00	
Freight and express			17 08	5 87	6 53		18 03	15 43
Fuel	23,833 42	19,634 79	5,643 01	7,200 47	12,344 58	29,044 10	9,164 10	9,165 28
Furniture	151 13	383 70	99 81	410 45	110 01		44 37	17 94
Gas and other light	2,271 58	2,590 71	609 07	1,329 02	2,277 23	2,571 54	155 31	82 57
House furnishing	2,807 45	1,976 51	448 02	2,083 83	2,348 39	4,534 74	983 40	993 00
Indebtedness	119 79	49 39						
Laundry	548 53	632 15	239 10	232 68	773 33	1,193 80	431 54	419 73
Library	95	13 52	23 25	25 61	6 01	28 30	69 78	70 71
Machinery and tools	516 91	470 35	17 53	67 77	57 53	274 09	51 17	52 94

Mattress factory					408 61	*8 45		
Miscellaneous	1,031 13	1,991 80	412 31	302 98	983 40	749 42	382 90	412 45
Officers' expenses	416 38	87 79	169 12	193 95	178 69	157 77	140 68	98 43
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph	661 29	903 59	558 91	543 47	835 11	638 30	422 38	448 00
Repairs and renewals	2,603 65	3,749 16	1,499 95	1,378 68	3,574 25	2,488 50	730 60	171 53
Shoe shop					*1,284 53	136 72	285 39	334 92
Subsistence	34,633 12	33,816 92	9,231 55	10,947 33	34,709 88	37,918 91	13,402 35	15,347 57
Surgical instruments and appliances	900 00				29 00	30 23		
Tailor shop					59 85	15 13		
Tobacco	925 19	933 36						
Transferring prisoners							1,242 13	1,163 09
Wages and salaries	39,434 93	40,951 27	17,501 37	19,189 56	58,641 52	57,615 63	20,330 24	16,948 79
Broom factory							2,192 90	2,279 47
Restraints					7 20			
Totals	\$121,835 53	\$122,104 85	\$11,649 82	\$49,350 49	\$128,634 14	\$138,470 49	\$51,971 80	\$50,245 32
*Gains deducted	*3,410 09	*3,055 44	\$1,129 97	*2,707 34	\$11,453 08	*8,834 33	*11,033 01	*13,276 97
Amount deducted by Secretary of State:	\$118,425 44	\$119,049 41	\$40,519 85	\$46,643 15	\$117,231 06	\$120,533 11	\$40,935 73	\$33,938 35
For insurance	947 70	1,053 00	421 20	421 20	1,640 60	1,614 60	772 20	772 20
For printing	283 79	335 43	347 78	37 00	129 72	125 25	140 23	118 77
Net expenses	\$119,656 93	\$120,437 84	\$41,288 83	\$47,101 35	\$119,001 38	\$131,325 97	\$41,848 22	\$37,850 32
Received from counties					71,637 23	77,677 99		
Net cost to state	\$119,656 93	\$120,437 84	\$41,288 83	\$47,101 35	\$47,364 15	\$53,647 98	\$41,848 22	\$37,850 32

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

COMPARATIVE TABLE.

Showing current expense expenditures, current expenses, average population and per capita cost per week at the various institutions for years 1877 to 1908, inclusive. (The current expenses are determined by taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year and receipts and transfers from different departments.)

Institution.	Year.	Current expense. Expendi- tures.	Current expenses.	Average popula- tion.	Per car- ita cost per week.
State Hospital for Insane.....	1877	\$112,094 73	\$113,330 94	405	\$5 38
	1878	109,399 60	110,497 07	410	5 18
	1879	109,817 76	104,185 67	397	5 04
	1900	108,939 67	101,120 85	405	4 79
	1901	122,070 78	110,538 45	403	5 26
	1902	89,628 03	83,903 90	413	5 40
	1903	110,373 18	98,825 91	415	4 57
	1904	108,978 14	103,781 56	425	4 67
	1905	118,697 95	101,415 35	431	4 51
	1906	136,089 58	108,153 82	459	4 52
	1907	131,152 51	123,827 53	508	4 17
	1908	143,470 70	129,104 27	611	4 04
	Northern Hospital for Insane.	1877	129,884 92	133,374 70	539	4 75
1878		137,427 14	144,687 77	546	5 09
1879		133,040 94	121,103 41	553	4 18
1900		127,568 56	114,525 94	535	3 88
1901		133,150 30	130,326 38	583	4 24
1902		93,583 68	105,372 24	579	4 51
1903		141,251 75	124,951 61	600	3 99
1904		136,128 52	130,514 51	614	4 07
1905		142,223 78	129,782 91	541	3 88
1906		138,711 05	126,938 05	632	3 85
1907		157,285 12	141,329 03	622	4 35
1908	167,311 83	151,539 45	631	4 59	
School for Deaf	1877	53,871 99	*43,871 90	139	6 48
	1878	44,442 72	45,992 53	145	6 09
	1879	41,847 39	37,850 05	195	3 72
	1900	41,122 41	37,836 12	176	4 15
	1901	40,827 71	41,610 15	197	4 04
	1902	26,966 47	35,942 28	202	4 69
	1903	42,152 30	40,875 54	163	4 72
	1904	51,209 99	49,755 92	184	5 17
	1905	51,555 47	48,237 64	190	4 87
	1906	53,610 62	48,805 97	187	5 01
	1907	53,818 23	50,380 65	185	5 21
1908	61,542 40	59,101 69	200	5 65	
School for Blind	1897	36,720 66	*33,039 78	80	7 94
	1898	33,798 30	31,017 20	82	7 27
	1899	35,671 41	31,954 72	109	5 62
	1900	35,899 94	32,520 49	108	5 77
	1901	37,089 64	34,246 76	107	6 14
	1902	26,616 74	26,116 35	111	6 03
	1903	33,070 10	30,902 77	90	6 58
	1904	36,727 15	32,513 54	94	6 61
	1905	33,245 16	32,779 92	84	7 48
	1906	32,105 89	31,028 71	93	7 01
	1907	34,073 54	32,695 38	90	6 95
1908	35,741 00	32,394 21	85	7 20	

* At school for deaf and school for blind for the two fiscal years 1897 and 1898 the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the entire year. For the other years the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the school year.

COMPARATIVE TABLE—continued.

Showing current expense expenditures, current expenses, average population and per capita cost per week at the various institutions for years 1897 to 1908, inclusive. (The current expenses are determined by taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year and receipts and transfers from different departments.)

Institution	Year.	Current expense. Expendi- tures.	Current expenses.	Average popula- tion.	Per cap- ita cost per week.
Industrial School for Boys.....	1897	\$84,313 79	\$33,797 94	316	\$3 54
	1898	78,115 53	91,787 79	307	5 75
	1899	68,077 81	65,135 51	301	4 16
	1900	68,977 76	61,030 54	324	3 62
	1901	71,595 39	69,947 76	320	4 19
	1902	49,914 33	58,070 20	339	4 39
	1903	87,732 71	72,772 87	292	4 78
	1904	68,640 14	61,769 93	315	3 93
	1905	68,414 30	63,183 13	320	3 78
	1906	65,393 63	64,231 83	312	3 95
	1907	77,310 03	70,124 26	310	4 33
	1908	82,953 55	65,717 67	323	3 83
State Prison	1897	97,514 04	90,443 33	601	2 89
	1898	100,516 46	97,829 91	645	2 91
	1899	88,416 57	92,504 49	591	3 01
	1900	95,147 68	83,951 98	532	3 13
	1901	92,507 82	88,550 03	511	3 34
	1902	74,957 44	72,029 18	561	3 28
	1903	103,005 45	101,084 17	553	3 51
	1904	132,512 79	114,605 27	575	3 81
	1905	110,323 95	106,561 13	608	3 36
	1906	130,763 69	114,089 97	641	3 41
1907	115,226 52	119,656 93	640	3 58	
1908	131,855 05	120,437 81	627	3 67	
State Public School	1897	53,975 59	47,836 81	262	3 51
	1898	46,404 97	47,250 71	196	4 63
	1899	41,266 67	41,308 36	163	4 87
	1900	43,126 97	40,977 03	159	4 94
	1901	42,636 07	41,031 99	144	5 47
	1902	30,852 09	33,136 39	147	5 78
	1903	41,683 63	38,761 48	142	5 23
	1904	41,826 22	41,232 97	149	5 29
	1905	41,873 04	39,935 51	147	5 21
	1906	40,972 41	39,515 63	156	4 56
	1907	43,764 89	41,288 83	143	5 52
	1908	47,546 59	47,101 35	165	5 46
Home for Feeble Minded.....	1897	21,139 64	15,477 97	42	7 08
	1898	65,823 07	55,695 79	284	3 77
	1899	63,802 39	61,327 23	370	3 18
	1900	77,773 25	62,462 53	387	3 16
	1901	83,142 65	75,482 38	457	3 17
	1902	65,877 52	67,748 22	484	3 59
	1903	84,157 22	81,038 78	505	3 08
	1904	116,245 60	99,696 00	602	3 16
	1905	122,536 45	116,493 28	657	3 40
	1906	123,268 91	106,596 62	681	3 00
	1907	140,760 01	119,001 38	723	3 13
1908	148,367 95	131,325 97	754	3 33	
State Reformatory	1901	48,412 82	35,568 19	123	5 33
	1902	35,170 33	29,972 16	149	5 16
	1903	61,679 84	36,523 85	163	4 30
	1904	68,524 87	44,794 37	206	4 16
	1905	81,099 81	40,340 80	259	2 99
	1906	80,005 66	36,348 43	290	2 40
	1907	80,722 58	41,848 22	280	2 86
	1908	74,836 74	37,889 32	270	2 68

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE, JUNE 30, 1907.

Counties.	In State Hospital.	In Northern Hospital.	In Milwaukee Hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	Total.	Population in 1905.	Ratio of insanity to population—one in.
Adams	7	1		12	20	9,032	458
Ashtland		16		31	47	23,935	509
Barron	17			47	64	28,376	443
Bayfield		16		40	53	15,904	284
Brown	1	24		83	113	52,026	460
Buffalo	10			24	34	16,523	488
Burnett	6	1		19	26	9,261	356
Calumet		4		26	30	16,883	563
Chippewa	20			60	80	32,000	400
Clark	12	2		35	50	21,344	587
Columbia	16	1		63	80	31,192	390
Crawford	12			39	51	13,026	332
Dane	43	5		136	184	73,457	410
Dodge	1	23		118	147	47,773	311
Door		10		29	39	19,681	503
Douglas	31			60	91	43,499	478
Dunn	23	1		61	85	23,074	307
Eau Claire	15			64	79	33,319	424
Florence		4		3	7	3,522	503
Fond du Lac		24		93	120	50,825	423
Forest		4		2	6	5,968	994
Grant	27			105	132	33,629	300
Green	11			65	76	22,390	295
Green Lake		7		18	25	15,838	633
Iowa	13			64	77	22,971	298
Iron		10		19	29	6,559	226
Jackson	10			33	43	17,579	409
Jefferson	1	15		108	124	34,293	277
Juneau	17			47	64	20,759	324
Kenosha		12		37	49	27,376	559
Kewaunee		8		28	36	17,003	472
La Crosse	27			123	150	42,850	286
Lafayette	18	1		28	47	20,277	431
Langlade		14		23	37	15,738	425
Lincoln	1	8		27	36	19,125	531
Manitowoc	1	25		77	103	44,796	435
Marathon		30		71	101	50,249	497
Marinette		22		48	70	33,730	482
Marquette		4		23	27	10,974	406
Milwaukee	2	7	545	233	787	363,721	488
Monroe	18			62	80	29,263	366
Oconto		16		55	71	24,580	346
Oneida		9		15	24	11,234	468
Outagamie		27		89	116	49,015	422
Ozaukee		6		43	49	17,476	357
Pepin	3			18	21	7,539	360
Pierce	8			32	40	23,433	583
Polk	18			31	49	20,885	426
Portage		21		74	95	30,831	325
Price	1	8		24	33	12,353	374
Racine		15		110	125	50,228	402
Richland	6			44	50	19,345	387
Rock	33	2		115	153	53,641	350
Rusk	15			7	22	9,748	443
St. Croix	16	1		60	77	26,716	347
Sauk	26	1		75	102	32,845	322
Sawyer	2			6	8	5,044	630
Shawano		12		34	46	31,037	675
Sheboygan		34		129	163	52,070	320
Taylor		10		31	41	12,481	304
Trempealeau	14			63	77	23,857	310
Vernon	20			58	78	29,161	374
Vilas		2		11	13	5,436	418
Walworth	17	2		69	88	30,557	347
Washburn	8			8	16	7,483	468
Washington		15		46	61	23,476	385
Waukesha	1	16		101	118	35,822	304
Waupaca		17		61	78	33,467	702
Wausara		9		21	30	17,643	588
Winnebago		30		138	168	60,300	359
Wood		13		34	47	30,380	
State-at-Large	47	61		302	410		
Total	598	632	545	4,196	5,971	2,228,949	373

CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE, JUNE 30, 1908.

Counties.	In State Hospital.	In Northern Hospital.	In Milwaukee Hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	Total.	Population in 1905.	Ratio of insanity to population— one in.
Adams	3	1		10	14	9,062	647
Ashland		16		31	47	23,935	509
Barron	18			51	69	28,376	411
Bayfield		16		42	58	15,904	274
Brown	1	35		92	128	52,026	406
Buffalo	13			27	40	16,523	414
Burnett	4	1		16	21	9,261	441
Calumet		7		23	30	16,889	563
Chippewa	19			39	59	32,000	410
Clark	13	1		59	73	29,344	564
Columbia	9	1		65	75	31,192	416
Crawford	13			41	54	16,926	313
Dane	56	4		133	193	75,457	379
Dodge	2	28		118	148	45,773	309
Door		10		29	39	19,631	503
Douglas	33			65	98	43,499	444
Dunn	12			69	81	26,074	322
Eau Claire	13			66	79	33,519	424
Florence		3		3	6	3,522	587
Fond du Lac		30		95	125	50,825	405
Forest		3		2	5	5,938	1,193
Grant	22			108	130	39,629	304
Green	10			63	73	22,390	405
Green Lake		5		18	23	15,838	688
Iowa	8			66	74	22,971	310
Iron		8		21	29	6,559	226
Jackson	10			38	48	17,579	366
Jefferson	13	5		110	128	34,293	238
Juneau	13			49	62	20,759	334
Keno ha	13	16		36	65	27,376	421
Kewaunee	25	5		30	60	17,003	283
La Crosse				130	130	42,850	329
Lafayette	16	1		35	52	20,277	389
Langlade		14		29	43	15,738	366
Lincoln		9		29	38	19,125	503
Manitowoc		23		83	109	44,796	411
Marathon		23		78	101	50,249	497
Marinette		36		50	80	33,730	421
Marquette		7		25	32	10,974	343
Milwaukee	1	10	599	235	845	363,721	430
Monroe	11			60	71	29,263	412
Oconto		18		55	73	24,580	336
Oneida		7		15	22	11,234	510
Outagamie		18		94	112	49,015	437
Ozaukee		6		46	52	17,476	336
Pepin	1			20	21	7,569	360
Pierce	10			34	44	23,433	532
Polk	19			34	53	20,885	394
Portage		15		76	91	30,831	339
Pribe	2	10		24	36	12,353	343
Racine	14	11		106	131	50,228	383
Richland	6			49	55	19,345	372
Rock	32	2		119	153	53,641	350
Rusk	11			10	24	9,748	403
St. Croix	19	1		65	85	23,713	314
Sauk	22			83	105	32,845	312
Sawyer	1			4	5	5,044	1,098
Shawano		17		39	56	31,037	554
Sheboygan		43		138	173	52,079	291
Taylor		7		29	36	12,481	346
Trempealeau	12			69	81	23,857	294
Vernon	18			70	88	29,161	331
Vilas		2		9	11	5,436	494
Walworth	15	1		75	91	30,557	335
Washburn	9	1		13	23	7,483	315
Washington		10		55	65	23,476	361
Waukesha	20	8		109	137	35,822	261
Waupaca		19		70	89	33,457	376
Waushara		8		15	23	17,643	777
Winnebago		37		141	178	60,300	378
Wood		17		36	53	30,350	573
State-at-Large	45	37		303	380		
Total	610	612	599	4,375	6,196	2,225,919	379

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF PATIENTS IN EACH COUNTY ASYLUM ON JUNE 30, 1907, AND THE COUNTIES TO WHICH THEY BELONG.

Counties.	Brown.	Chippewa.	Columbia.	Dane.	Dodge.	Dunn.	Eau Claire.	Fond du Lac.	Grant.	Green.	Iowa.	Jefferson.	La Crosse.	Manitowoc.	Marathon.	Marinette.	Milwaukee.	Monroe.	Outagamie.	Racine.	Richland.	Rock.	St. Croix.	Sauk.	Sheboygan.	Trempealeau.	Vernon.	Walworth.	Washington.	Waukesha.	Waupaca.	Winnebago.	Total.	
Adams			2								1																						12	
Ashland		6				2	5				2	1									3						5						31	
Barron		12				10	4																										40	
Bayfield		9				1	16																										47	
Brown	8																																88	
Buffalo		1				3	5			1	3		8		1							1											24	
Burnett											1	1																					26	
Calumet		1						1																									19	
Chippewa		69												6		1			4					1		5							26	
Clark		2			1		6									2		2		1						7	6						60	
Columbia			63																														63	
Crawford									11		3											17											43	
Dane				136																													136	
Dodge					116																													116
Door	6							2						12		2			7														25	
Douglas		13					5	10		2	1												15										60	
Dunn						61																												61
Eau Claire							63																1											64
Florence																																		4
Fond du Lac								93							1																			95
Forest																																		2
Grant									105																				1					105
Green										65																								65
Green Lake			1				10																											15
Iowa											64																							64
Iron	2	3					2				1				5	1																		19
Jackson		1	1			1	1			2	1		3							1		1											33	
Jefferson												97														13	5		1					133
Juneau																																		47
Kenosha			3								12							2				9		15			8							37
Kewaunee	5										5								3		1						1							33

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF PATIENTS IN EACH COUNTY ASYLUM ON JUNE 30, 1908, AND THE COUNTIES TO WHICH THEY BELONG.

Counties.	Brown.	Chippewa.	Columbia.	Dane.	Dodge.	Dunn.	Eau Claire.	Fond du Lac.	Grant.	Green.	Iowa.	Jefferson.	La Crosse.	Manitowoc.	Marathon.	Marquette.	Milwaukee.	Monroe.	Outagamie.	Racine.	Richland.	Rock.	St. Croix.	Sauk.	Sheboygan.	Trempealeau.	Vernon.	Walworth.	Washington.	Waupaca.	Waukesha.	Winnebago.	Total.	
Adams			1								1							1														10		
Ashland	6					2	3				1	1						1				3				4						31		
Barren	13				12	4																	12									41		
Bayfield	9					2	15						1						2				4	1			3	1				51		
Brown	91																						1									92		
Buffalo						1	4			1	2		4		1						4			2		7	1					27		
Burnett		1				3					1	1												6	1		3					16		
Calumet	1							1		4				5		1			4				6		3				5			23		
Chippewa	51																								3							59		
Clark	2				1	2	6								9			2		1						7	6					39		
Columbia	2	65																								7						65		
Crawford								11			3										19											18		
Dane				138												1																	139	
Dodge					116																												118	
Door	6							2						11		2			5						1							29		
Douglas		12				6	19			2	1		4			1												2				65		
Dunn						68										1								15			2	1					69	
Eau Claire							66																										66	
Florence																									1								63	
Fond du Lac								94							1																2		95	
Forest																									1				1				2	
Grant								104			4																		1	1			108	
Green								63																									63	
Green Lake			1					11																	1						1		18	
Iowa											66															1							66	
Iron	2						2				1	4			4	5				1					2								21	
Jackson		1	1			1	1								3	3		2			1				2		14	5					38	
Jefferson										2																								110
Juneau			5							11		103				1				2		5				7	1						49	
Kenosha																																		36
Kewaunee	4									4				8		2		7		33								1					36	

WISCONSIN WORKSHOP FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

OSCAR KUSTERMANNSuperintendent
 WILLIAM SCHROEDER, MICHAEL ZANA AND JOHN HEMMING..Instructors

The legislature of 1903, under chapter 432, authorized the State Board of Control to procure proper quarters in the city of Milwaukee, to be used as a workshop for blind adults residing in our state. By instructing them in some trade, furnishing the necessary tools, and assisting them in the purchase of material and the sale of articles manufactured by them the blind were to be given a chance to become self-supporting.

The sum of five thousand dollars per year was appropriated by the legislature for meeting the expense of starting and running the shop. In 1907 the yearly appropriation was increased to \$10,000.00.

In December, 1903, a suitable building was rented at 1323 Vliet street and the workshop started. While still in its infancy the results have clearly demonstrated the benefits to be derived from this shop by the blind people of our state.

None of those, who availed themselves of the opportunities offered here, had any previous experience in willow work, the trade found most suitable for blind artisans, but among these are a number of persons who have become experts in this line and are now earning from four to nine dollars per week, these earnings representing, as the law contemplated, the difference between the cost of material and the price of the manufactured article.

To lower the cost of raw material and in order to give the blind workmen the benefit of such reduction, a willow farm has been started in connection with the "Industrial School for Boys" at Waukesha, and it is the intention to also raise willow at several other state institutions on land otherwise not utilized.

At the present time about thirty inmates are employed in the Workshop for the Blind. The willow farms started at some of the state institutions give promise of furnishing a sufficient amount of willow for the use of the workshop in the near future. The expenditure of money by the legislature has proven a wise one and a large number of the inmates of the Workshop for the Blind have become self-supporting. Probably in the near future provision will have to be made for more capacity. The present workshop is not of sufficient capacity to meet the demands upon it. Many of the workmen in the workshop have become very efficient tradesmen and there is a good demand for the products of the workshop.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS.

Mrs. GEO. W. SWALLOW, 280 Prospect Ave.....	President
VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mrs. H. R. VEDDER, 199 Tenth St.; Mrs. Isaac Ellsworth, 567 Van Buren St.; Mrs. D. H. Johnson, 735 Marshall St.	
Mrs. A. N. FAIRCHILD, 643 Shepard Ave.....	Treasurer
Mrs. C. A. LOVELAND, 681 Franklin Place.....	Secretary

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

Miss MARY J. BERRY	Superintendent
Miss JENNIE GOWER	Assistant
Miss HENRIETTA C. HURLBUT.....	Clerk

MATRONS.

Miss SARAH WILLIAMS	Merrill Model Home
Miss CLARA ANDERSON.....	Main Home
Miss MARIE PHELPS	Russell Cottage
Mrs. SARAH J. DIXON	Lynde Cottage
Mrs. HATTIE E. ARNOLD	Assistant
Miss LOTTA PHELPS	Cottage Annex
Miss OLIVE M. THOMAS	Assistant

TEACHERS.

Miss MINA H. MARTIN.....	Main Home Grammar School
Miss LOUISE S. CHASE.....	Main Home Primary School
Miss FLORA NICHOLSON	Cottage, 7th and 8th Grades
Miss ADA C. CHANDLER	Cottage, 5th and 6th Grades
Miss GERTRUDE FOX.....	Cottage, 3d and 4th Grades
Miss STELLA BURRINGTON.....	Cottage, 1st and 2d Grades
Miss LAURA B. BREESE	Domestic Science (Cooking)
Miss FLORENCE M. STACY ...	Domestic Science (Dressmaking and Millinery)
H. W. FORSYTH	Steward

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 240 inmates.

Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 16.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants, and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.
6. In addition to the girls sent by legal process, the school receives, boards and teaches girls for parents or guardians, on their paying the same sum as is paid by the counties for those committed by the courts.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1901, 1903 and 1905, sums amounting to \$162,137 for buildings, improvements, stocks and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, and affording the requisites for distinct family life, are designated as the Main Building, Merrill Model Home, Russell Cottage, Lynde Cottage, Cottage Annex, Assembly Hall, Steward's Home and Steam Heating Plant.

The main building consists of the administration part and a family building for girls from 10 to 20 years of age, who are simply wayward or needing the protection of the school. The Merrill Model is for those who have reached "honor grade" and enter this home for more special training preparatory to being paroled and enjoy more privileges and advantages than in the other families.

The cottages are additional and entirely separate buildings for proper restraint and influence over unchaste girls.

On leaving the school children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

EX-OFFICIO.

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT, C. P. CARY.

REGENTS APPOINTED.

H. O. HAMILTON.	Term expires February 1, 1910.	C. D. McFARLAND.
MRS THEODORA W. YOUMANS.	Term expires February 1, 1911.	C. H. CROWNHART.
THEODORE KRONSHAGE.	Term expires February 1, 1912.	DUNCAN MCGREGOR.
EMMETT MORAN.	Term expires February 1, 1913.	THOMAS MORRIS.
JOHN HARRINGTON.	Term expires February 1, 1914.	FREEMAN H. LORD.

THOMAS MORRIS	President
C. D. McFARLAND	Vice-President
WILLIAM KITTLE	Secretary
ANDREW H. DAHL, State Treasurer.....	Treasurer

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2d. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the income of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of regents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested and the income thereof

should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated, with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools, to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1873, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, O., was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation. In June, 1897, Dr. Chalmers resigned, and in July following Prof. D. McGregor was again elected to the presidency and served until June, 1904, when he resigned and J. W. Livingston, of the Stevens Point Normal School, was chosen president. Prof. Livingston is a graduate of the Platteville school, and for a long time was a high school principal before becoming Institute Conductor at the Stevens Point school.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885-6. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school was under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine, till September, 1898, when he died. On the first day of December following, Superintendent R. H. Halsey, of Binghamton, N. Y., was elected to the presidency. Prof. Halsey was for many years principal of the High School and superintendent of schools in Oshkosh before he was called to Binghamton. President Halsey was accidentally killed July 25, 1907.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker, in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Southern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894. In August, 1898, President Parker again resigned, and Prof. W. J.

Brier, for many years institute conductor of the school, was elected to the presidency and began service early in September following.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president. He was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school. In November, 1898, President Harvey was elected to the state superintendency of schools, and the school was put in charge of Acting President W. H. Cheever. On December 20, 1899, Charles McKenney, then president of the State normal school at Mt. Clemons, Mich., was elected president and assumed the duties of his office in April, 1900.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School was elected president. In 1906, he was succeeded by John F. Sims, who for several years had been institute conductor in the River Falls Normal School. The school building at Stevens Point, although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes, became overcrowded and a considerable addition has been made to the building. The original building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus, cost, in round numbers, \$75,000, and one addition cost about \$50,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh normal school was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. Upon his resignation, Prof. V. E. McCaskill, institute conductor of the school, was elected president, March 27, 1907. The building is one of the best of its class in the west and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,790.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The expensive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons, both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

In extension of the work of the normal schools the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$14,000 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal school fund, June 30, 1908, was \$1,957,229.86. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and from an annual tax of \$230,000.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS.

Schools. 1906-7.	Normal.	Prepara- tory.	Gram- mar.	Inter- mediate.	Primary and kinder- garten.	Totals.
Milwaukee.....	451	*	46	57	149	703
Oshkosh.....	620	.....	115	72	119	926
Platteville.....	310	.....	55	46	47	458
River Falls.....	334	2	46	30	68	480
Stevens Point.....	297	11	88	70	135	601
Superior.....	321	.....	39	54	83	497
Whitewater.....	288	5	40	40	117	490
Totals.....	2,621	18	429	369	718	4,155
1907-8.						
Milwaukee.....	485	.....	40	55	129	709
Oshkosh.....	602	.....	114	69	128	913
Platteville.....	325	.....	57	54	80	516
River Falls.....	322	.....	51	29	81	483
Stevens Point.....	347	4	87	46	124	608
Superior.....	331	.....	46	52	90	519
Whitewater.....	314	10	37	42	106	509
Totals.....	2,726	14	432	347	738	4,257

NUMBER OF GRADUATES IN TWO YEARS.

YEAR COURSE.	1906-7.		1907-8.		TOTALS.		
	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Both courses.
Milwaukee.....	*	158	*	183	*	341	341
Oshkosh.....	58	121	49	86	107	207	314
Platteville.....	4	62	3	56	7	118	125
River Falls.....	21	50	15	43	36	93	129
Stevens Point.....	30	44	46	47	76	91	167
Superior.....	13	42	25	39	38	81	119
Whitewater.....	24	60	32	53	56	113	169
Totals.....	150	537	170	507	320	1,044	1,364

* This Normal has no elementary course.

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRADUATES (NONE COUNTED TWICE).

SCHOOLS.	When opened.	COURSE.		Both.
		Elementary.	Advanced.	
Milwaukee.....	1885	*	2,202	2,202
Oshkosh.....	1871	841	1,131	1,972
Platteville.....	1866	200	1,038	1,238
River Falls.....	1875	414	398	812
Stevens Point.....	1804	483	426	909
Superior.....	1896	148	346	494
Whitewater.....	1868	704	829	1,533
Totals.....	.....	2,790	6,370	9,160

* This Normal has no elementary course.

PLATTEVILLE NORMAL SCHOOL

The Normal School at Platteville has the honor of being the first normal organized in Wisconsin. The school was opened in 1866 on the grounds previously occupied by the Platteville Academy. It is situated in a progressive city of six thousand people, surrounded on all sides by the rich rolling prairie of southern Wisconsin. The Platte Mounds near the city add much to the beauty of this attractive region. Rich lead and zinc mines in the vicinity enhance the material wealth of the community and furnish many points of interest to the student. Good drainage and pure water afford excellent hygienic conditions. The excellent moral tone of the town and the absence of circumstances likely to distract from studious habits make the location an ideal one for a large school.

Since the opening of the school more than six thousand students have been enrolled. More than one thousand have gone forth as graduates of the school. The alumni are now in forty different states and territories. Their earnest and efficient work prove an honor to the school, and justify the state in her liberal support of normal work.

The fine new building now in construction will be opened in September, 1907. This structure is modern in plan and provides ample room for all that is desired in the most up-to-date normal school. The cost of this building and its equipment is one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000.00). This fine new plant will afford the very best opportunity for effective work in training teachers for the public schools of Wisconsin.

FACULTY.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

- JOHN W. LIVINGSTON, President, Psychology, Science and History of Education.
 O. J. SCHUSTER, Institute Conductor, Elementary Mathematics, School Organization and School Management.
 FRANK CHURCHILL, Vocal Music.
 W. A. DUDLEY, Biology, Chemistry, Agriculture.
 THOMAS H. GENTLE, Methods, Supervisor of Practice.
 LOREN W. LOY, Composition, Elementary Algebra, Rhetoricals.
 V. M. RUSSELL, Manual Training.
 E. P. REYNOLDS, Physics, Algebra.
 JAMES A. WILGUS, General History, English History, Political Economy.
 W. H. WILLIAMS, Geometry, Trigonometry, Higher Algebra.
 C. M. SANFORD, Physiography, Geology.
 AGNES O. BRIGHAM, Physical Culture.
 MYRTLE CARPENTER, English Literature, Rhetoric.
 LUCIA DANFORTH, Latin.
 MAUD J. MITCHELL, Drawing.
 ISABELLA PRETLOW, Grammar, Orthoepy, Reading.
 CLARA SCHUSTER, German.
 LAURA H. WEID, Geography, Civil Government, American History.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

- CORA RAMSEY, Kindergarten Department.
 MINA HENDRICKSON, Critic, Primary Department.
 HANNAH LARSON, Critic, Intermediate Department.
 RANDALL JOHNSON, Critic, Grammar Department.
 JESSIE TODD, Director of Training School.
 B. A. GARDNER, Librarian.
 Mrs. GRINDELL, Pianist.
 BELE BURKE, Clerk and Text Book Librarian.
 JOHN RICKARD, Engineer.
 WILLIAM HENRY, Janitor.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

SUPT. G. F. LOOMIS	Waukesha
HON. L. B. CASWELL	Fort Atkinson
SUPT. NORMA J. RELYEA	Taylor

 WHITEWATER NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm. F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885 and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium. In 1897, yet another enlargement was made giving the building a new front and providing improved facilities for all departments of work, especially in the library and laboratories. In 1905, yet another addition was made, providing a new boiler-house, toilet-rooms, and quarters for the work in manual training.

The school graduated its first class in 1870. Since that time it has graduated 725 persons from the Advanced Course, and 650 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 1,375 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these, all but 53 have taught for a greater or less period of time since graduation.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, President, Psychology.
 GEORGE C. SHUTTS, Institute Conductor, Mathematics, School Management.
 D. O. KINSMAN, General History, Civil Government, Higher Algebra, Economics, History of Education.
 C. R. ROUNDS, Reading and English Branches.
 H. H. SCHROEDER, Psychology, Science of Education.
 J. R. SHERRICK, Latin, Records.
 A. A. UPHAM, Physical Science, Manual Training.
 W. S. WATSON, Biology.
 LUCY BAKER, Vocal Music.
 MARY MACK, Practice Supervisor.
 ANNIE L. COOK, Asst. Supervisor, Director of Manual Training.
 ANNIE M. COTTRELL, Rhetoric, English Literature.
 SARAH R. DEVLIN, Composition and Rhetoric.
 BERTHA HENDERSON, Geography, Physiography, Botany.
 KATHERINE H. LAW, Drawing, Penmanship.
 JENNIE B. SHERRILL, Algebra, United States History.
 JULIET YEAKLE, Physical Training.
 NORMA C. WOOD, German.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

EVANGELINE CHAPMAN, Kindergarten Director.
 GRACE POTTER, Primary Department.
 ISABEL KAY, Intermediate Department.
 NETTIE C. SAYLES, Prin. Preparatory Dept. and Grammar Grades.

FAITH G. STAIR, Asst. Preparatory Dept. and Grammar Grades.
 GRACE SALISBURY, Librarian.
 GRACE ALVORD, Asst. Librarian.
 LILLIAN NEIPEKT, Clerk and Stenographer.
 NORA M. WOOD, Pianist.
 WILLIAM B. RIEDER, Engineer.
 JAMES O'NEILL, Janitor.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

PRIN. ALEXANDER CORSTVERTMilwaukee
 SUPT. GEO. V. KELLEYPrinceton
 SUPT. H. B. PATCHOshkosh

OSHKOSH NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools and gave instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged four times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$175.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system, are as follows:

1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.
 2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to limited state certificate.
 3. The Advanced Course for Four Years—Entitling to life state certificate.
 4. A Graduate Course of Two Years—Entitling to diploma and life certificate.
- The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

FACULTY.

JOHN A. H. KEITH, President.
 W. C. HEWITT, Institute Conductor, School Management, Trigonometry.
 L. W. BRIGGS, Civics, School Law.
 EARL A. CLEMANS, Chemistry, Nature Study, Agriculture.
 F. R. CLOW, Economics and History.
 B. MACK DRESDEN, German.
 ALBERT A. FARLEY, Observation and Theory, History of Education.
 HARRY R. FLING, Biology.
 C. A. FAIVWEATHER, Algebra.
 F. E. MITCHELL, Geography and Geology.
 A. H. SAGE, Physics.
 M. H. SMALL, Pedagogy, Psychology, Science of Education.
 L. L. SUMMERS, Manual Training.
 MARY E. APTHORP, Latin.
 MARION BEYE, English.

HARRIET E. CLARK, Reading Elocution.
 CONSTANCE L. EWING, Assistant in Drawing.
 MARGARET E. FISHER, Director of Gymnasium.
 EMMA H. GUNTHER, Assistant Supervisor of Practice.
 JOSEPHINE HENDERSON, Rhetoric.
 LILLIAN G. KIMBALL, English.
 ELVIRA C. MARK, Assistant in History.
 HANNAH CUNDIFF, Music.
 MARY B. MORLTON, Drawing.
 ELLEN F. P. PEAKE, Literature.
 ANNIE L. ROONEY, Composition, Reading.
 ROSE C. SWART, Director of Practice Teaching.
 ELLIS J. WALKER, Assistant Supervisor of Practice.
 EMILY F. WEBSTER, Mathematics.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

FAYE HENLEY, Kindergarten.
 ELIZABETH STEVENS, Critic, 1st Primary.
 MARY B. RICH, Critic, 2d Primary.
 MARY A. O'KEEFE, Critic, Intermediate.
 JENNIE G. MARVIN, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grades.
 RHODA McKENZIE, Assistant, Grammar Grades.
 LOUISE ENCKING, Librarian.
 LUCY A. POTTER, Assistant Librarian.
 IONE McCAFFERY, Clerk and Stenographer.
 KATHERINE WILLIAMSON, Pianist.
 L. A. VOSBURG, Engineer.
 EVAN VINCENT, Janitor.
 E. C. BEHLINK, Assistant Janitor.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

Mrs. E. RAY STEVENS	Madison
PHILIP A. KOLB	Oconomowoc
SUPT. S. C. CUSHMAN	Portage

RIVER FALLS NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fourth normal school was established in 1875. It is situated in a beautiful little city on the C., St. P., M. & O. R. R., its location being in an attractive and picturesque country, well settled and prosperous. The city of River Falls is a city of homes and in it the students find ideal conditions for the prosecution of the purposes for which the school is maintained. The normal school building is conveniently situated on a beautiful campus in the edge of the city and affords attractive views of the surrounding country. It is a model in its heating, lighting, and ventilation, as well as in all other conditions favorable to health and comfort.

There are three departments in the school: the Normal, the Preparatory, and the Model. The courses of study in the Normal department are the same as those in other Wisconsin Normals offering four years of work. A complete Manual Training Course (Sloyd) affords a part of the work in the Model Grades, while a successful Kindergarten is carried on as a preliminary to the other grade work.

FACULTY.

W. J. BRIER, President.
 FRANK M. JACK, Institutes.
 L. H. CLARK, Mathematics.
 LLOYD GOBLE, English.
 EDGAR PACKARD, Literature.
 R. A. KARGES, Physical Science.
 W. S. WELLES, Biology Science.
 H. L. WILSON, History, Economics.
 E. F. WRIGHT, Manual Training.
 LOUISE CAMPBELL, Physical Training.
 ELIZABETH FLEMING, Assistant Supervisor.
 KATE WEBER, Domestic Science.
 BESSIE E. JONES, Music.
 CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
 ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervisor.
 SELMA STEINFORT, German and Latin.
 LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Rhetoricals

TRAINING SCHOOL.

PEARL EATON, Kindergarten.
 IRMA ARMSTRONG, Primary.
 JANET ST. JOHN, Intermediate.
 MINNIE COGGESHALL, Grammar.
 LOVILA M. MOSHER, Librarian.
 ELAINE WILLIAMS, Clerk.
 F. B. THAYER, Engineer.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

SUPT. W. N. MACKIN.....Ladysmith
 SUPT. MATTIE McMILLANMauston
 PRIN. C. W. RANDGrantsburg

MILWAUKEE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the year 1906-1907 was, in the same department, 427.

This school offers four courses of study: English, Latin, German, and a Kindergarten Training course. In the English course are several groups of elective studies which make it possible for a student to specialize to some extent. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that four years' preparatory work is required in the Latin and two in the German, respectively, to enter these courses.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work. No other normal school in the state offers a kindergarten training course.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course high schools, or have equivalent preparation.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with the school.

Students have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools of the city.

FACULTY.

CHARLES McKENNY, President, Psychology, Education.
 W. H. CHEEVER, Institute Conductor, Social Science, Economics.
 M. A. BUSSEWITZ, Chemistry, Mathematics, Asst. Practice Supervisor
 W. O. CLARK, Physiography, Geology, Physics.
 LUCIUS GOULD, Geography.
 H. C. HENDERSON, Pedagogy, Psychology.
 I. E. MILLER, Psychology, Pedagogy, Supervision of Practice.
 I. N. MITCHELL, Biology.
 C. E. PRAY, History.
 C. E. PATZER, Supervisor of Practice.
 C. H. SEARS, Psychology, History of Education, Supervision of Practice.
 CLARA DUNLAP, Expression, English Composition.
 JULIA ANDERSON, English Grammar, English Composition.
 ALICE B. CURTIS, English Composition.
 LUCY D. HALE, Drawing, Supervision of Drawing in Training School.
 SOPHIA HARRIS, Drawing, Manual Training.
 RACHEL KELSEY, English Composition Literature.
 CAROLINE WOODROW, English Composition, Literature.
 ANNA C. NERMAN, Manual Training in Training School.
 DELLA A. STEVENS, Physical Culture.
 NINA C. VANDEWALKER, Director Kindergarten Training Department, Kindergarten Principles.
 RUTH E. WALLING, Music, Supervisor of Music in Training School.
 PAULINE E. WEIS, Latin, German.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

RUTH NORTON Kindergarten Critic, Kindergarten Technics.
 STELLA NELSON, Critic Teacher 1st and 2d Grades.
 EMILY W. STRONG, Critic Teacher 3d and 4th Grades.
 ANNETTE ROSENTHAL, Critic Teacher 5th and 6th Grades.
 LOU A. SWAN, Critic Teacher 7th and 8th Grades.
 DELLA OVITZ, Librarian.
 DOROTHY ENDERIS, Assistant Librarian.
 MAUD BURDICK, Clerk and Stenographer.
 ALICE FREE, Clerk.
 OTTO SCHMIDT, Janitor and Engineer.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

SUPT. H. F. LEVERENZSheboygan
 MRS. A. M. LEWISAppleton
 SUPT. W. E. LARSONManitowoc

STEVENS POINT NORMAL SCHOOL

The sixth state normal school was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin and English-Scientific courses of four years each, leading to the diploma, which may become a life state certificate; an elementary course of two years and a professional course of one year, leading to the elementary certificate, which may become a five years' state certificate; a One Year Common School course. High School graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

In 1902 a new course, to prepare teachers of Domestic Science, was authorized and established by the Board of Regents. This is a thorough two years' course for High School graduates. It includes abundant instruction in sewing and cooking and the necessary science as a basis, with laboratory work and practice teaching in these branches, as well as the general professional training of the other regular courses.

Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit the needs of individual teachers.

Special preparation for teachers of Primary and Intermediate grades, by selection of studies in regular courses, and addition of special courses in Practice and Pedagogy.

The building is modern, thoroughly adapted to the uses of a school: is well equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the university. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 8,000 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in June, 1902, was 626 students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central parts of the state.

Necessary school expenses, including board, for year of forty weeks, need not exceed \$135.00 and may be made less.

School year begins last Tuesday in August.

FACULTY.

JOHN F. SIMS, President.

FRANK S. HYER, Institute Conductor, Observation, Reviews.

C. BALDWIN BACON, History, English.

J. V. COLLINS, Mathematics.

G. E. CULVER, Geology, Chemistry.

WM. F. LUSK, Physics, Agriculture, Physiology.

DAVID OLSON, Geography, Biology.

A. H. SANFORD, History, Political Economy.

F. K. SECHRIST, Literature, Rhetoric.

FRANK N. SPINDLER, Psychology, Theory of Education, History of Education.

JOSEPHINE FITZGERALD, Supervisor of Practice.

NANNIE GRAY, German and Ninth Grade.

DOROTHY GILFILLAN, Latin.

MARGARET COFFIN, Domestic Science.

MARION P. PEAKE, Composition, Literary Reading, Library Reading.

EDITH M. PHELPS, Drawing.

MARY A. PORTER, Music.

JOSEPHINE MACDONALD, Physical Training.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

MARGARET WHITMAN, Kindergarten Department.
 FLORENCE R. KING, Critic, Primary Dept. Ward.
 MYRTLE SHOLTY, Critic, Primary Dept.
 EMMA BRABAND, Critic, Intermediate Dept.
 EUDORA H. SAVAGE, Critic, Grammar Dept.
 ALENDRINE LA TORRETTE, Librarian, Library Methods.
 MARY DUNEGAN, Assistant and Text Book Librarian.
 WINIFRED HATCH, Clerk, Treasurer.
 BRUCE WILCOX, Eng'neer and Janitor.
 ALBERT LANDOWSKI, Assistant Janitor.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE.

SUPT. C. G. PEARSEMilwaukee
 SUPT. W. J. FARRELLWausau
 SUPT. CORNELIA CAMPBELLOsseo

SUPERIOR NORMAL SCHOOL.

The seventh and youngest of Wisconsin's Normal Schools, and recently the third in size, completed its tenth year June 30, 1906. The attendance for the tenth year: 329 in the Normal department and 501 in all departments, excluding those doing special work in Domestic Science only. The number enrolled to date indicates a growth for the year 1906-1907. The clientage is cosmopolitan as indicated by the fact that 23 counties were represented in the enrollment of the school in 1906. The total number of graduates at the close of the school year last year from all courses is 375, of which 265 are from the full courses and 110 from the elementary course.

The Board of Regents has provided for a summer session to be held during the summer 1907 for the accommodation of teachers who are unable to attend a Normal School during the regular sessions. This action on the part of the Board of Regents will make the Normal School still more effectively serve its purpose of bettering the conditions of the teachers and schools of northern Wisconsin. The cool exhilarating summer climate makes Superior an ideal place for a summer session.

The courses of study that are carried on in this school are the same as those administered by the other Wisconsin Normal Schools. This fact makes it easy for teachers who change from one section of the state to another to carry their credits to the Normal School near at hand and be admitted without loss of time or waste of energy.

A large percentage of the students who enroll in the Normal School withdraw each year to teach in district schools, thus taking to their work better equipment and greater skill to the advantage of the rural districts. The demands for graduates continue to exceed the supply. School boards from year to year look to the Normal Schools more and more for trained and efficient teachers.

FACULTY.

V. E. McCASKILL, President.
 ASA M. ROYCE, Institute Conductor, Psychology, History and Science of Education, Methods.
 E. M. GILBERT, Biology, Physiology.
 A. D. S. GILLETT, History, Economics, Civics.
 PHIL. H. HEMBBDT, Literature, Rhetoric, English Composition
 J. A. MERRILL, Geology, Physiography, Geography.
 C. W. SMITH, Mathematics.
 E. G. EHLMAN, Physics and Chemistry. Agriculture.
 HELEN FITZGERALD, Latin.
 GRACE GEARY, Arithmetic, Algebra, Penmanship.
 MARIE-JENSON, Reading, Grammar, Rhetoricals.
 E. LOWRY, Drawing, Hand-work.
 CORA A. MERRY, Music.
 ELSA PRINZ, Domestic Science.
 EVA PAGE, German and Latin.
 CARRIE R. SQUIRE, Supervisor of Practice, Observation.
 MARGARET ST. CLAIR, Physical Director.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

CAROLINE W. BARBOUR, Kindergarten Director.
 ELIZABETH ROWLAND, Critic, Primary Grades.
 ANNA HENDERSON, Critic, Intermediate Grades.
 SUSAN W. NORTON, Critic, Grammar Grades.
 JANE W. ROBBINS, Kindergarten Teacher.
 HARRIET L. EATON, Librarian.
 LEONA PINKHAM, Clerk, Stenographer, Text Book Librarian.
 FRED A. BULMAN, Engineer.
 M. O'HARA, Janitor.

OFFICIAL VISITING COMMITTEE

PRIN. J. E. HALERice Lake
 SUPT. GEORGE W. WELDONEllsworth
 SUPT. H. A. AUNEBaldwin

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

The first steps toward the establishment of a university in Wisconsin were taken in 1836, the first year of the territory. The estimated population of the territory at this time was about 22,000, of which probably one half was in the country west of the Mississippi river which had been included in Wisconsin Territory for the purpose of temporary government. With this sparse pioneer population, it is probable that little thought would have been given to the establishment of a university had it not been the policy of the federal government to set aside a tract of land in each of the new territories for the benefit of a seminary of learning.

No reservation having been made for this purpose in the act under which the territory of Wisconsin was organized, Henry Dodge, the first territorial governor, in his first message, recommended that congress be asked for the donation of one township of land, to be sold, and the proceeds devoted to the establishment of an academy for the education of youth. In anticipation of such application to congress, the legislature passed an act (approved Dec. 8, 1836) providing for the establishment at Belmont, where the first legislature was then in session, of "a university for the purpose of educating youth, the style, name, and title whereof shall be the Wisconsin University." The act provided for the government of the University by twenty-one trustees, named in the act, of whom the governor was to be one. Nothing further was done at this time, however.

Madison had been selected as the capital of the territory at the first session of the legislature, but pending the erection of the capitol buildings, the second session was held at Burlington, now in Iowa. At this session, the legislature, recognizing that Madison, by its location and natural beauties, was admirably fitted to be the site of the proposed university, passed an act (approved Jan. 19, 1838) which superseded the act of 1836, and which provided that there should be established "at or near Madison, the seat of government, a university for the purpose of educating youth, the name whereof shall be the University of the Territory of Wisconsin." The government was to be by a board of twenty-one visitors, named in the act and including the governor and other territorial officers. Immediately upon the passage of this act, the legislature adopted a resolution directing the territorial delegate in congress "to ask of the Congress of the United States an appropriation in money of \$20,000 for the erection of the buildings of the said university and also to appropriate two townships of vacant land for its endowment." By act approved June 12, 1839, congress authorized the secretary of the treasury "to set apart and reserve from sale out of the public land within the territory of Wisconsin, not exceeding two townships for the use and support of a university within said territory." Congress did not, however, make the appropriation of money which had been asked.

The population of the territory was growing rapidly. By act of congress of June 12, 1838, the country west of the Mississippi river was organized into the separate territory of Iowa and set off from Wisconsin on July 4 of that year. This left Wisconsin with the Mississippi as its western boundary and an estimated population of about 18,000. Congress having failed to appropriate money for the university buildings and the territorial legislature not feeling justified in making such expenditure, the establishment of the University was delayed until after the admission of Wisconsin into the Union. Meanwhile the board of visitors kept up an organization, and the legislature

provided for the location of the two townships or 46,080 acres of university lands.

Wisconsin was admitted to statehood on May 29, 1848, with a population of about 250,000. In accordance with the provisions of the new constitution, the legislature, by act, approved July 26, 1848, provided that there should be established "at or near the village of Madison, an institution of learning under the name and style of the University of Wisconsin;" the government to be by a board of regents to be elected by the legislature. It was under this act that the University was organized.

In accordance with the provisions of the enabling act of Aug. 6, 1846, the title to the university lands vested in the state upon its admission. The constitution provided for the sale of these lands after their appraisal, subject only to the qualification that they might be withheld from sale when the commissioners should deem it expedient. (Sec. 8, Art. 10.) The proceeds of these lands were to constitute the university fund, from the income of which the University was to be supported.

The regents held their first meeting in October 1848. The schools of the new state not being sufficiently advanced to fit for entrance to the University, a preparatory department was provided for to open in February, 1849, under the charge of John W. Sterling, a graduate of the University of New Jersey (Princeton). John H. Lathrop, a graduate and afterwards a tutor, of Yale College, was called from the presidency of the University of Missouri to become Chancellor of the University. He was formally inaugurated January 16, 1850. College Hill was early acquired as a site for the University. It was partially included in the purchase of the Vanderpool tract of 157 acres; the remainder being secured by exchange and purchase. About fifty acres, including College Hill, was destined for the site of the University. The remainder of the property was laid out into 174 village lots and 12 five-acre tracts. The plan for the University contemplated a main edifice on the crest of the hill, an avenue 240 feet wide from the main edifice to the east line of the grounds, and four dormitories lower down the hill, two on each side of the avenue. North Hall, the first university building, was opened in the fall of 1851, having been constructed from a loan authorized by the legislature.

As it was the evident expectation at this time that the University was to depend solely upon its fund for its income, the regents were desirous of obtaining a maximum fund. The first appraisal of university lands was found to be under \$3.00 an acre. At the request of the regents, the legislature, in 1850, set a minimum price of \$10 an acre upon the university lands, reducing this, however, to \$7.00 an acre in 1851. It had been expected that the fund would grow rapidly. On the contrary, the sales of university lands almost ceased, and the fund remained stationary at about \$25,000. The income from this fund was only sufficient to pay the interest on the loan, and the University was seriously embarrassed. It became necessary to sell the town lots and the five-acre tracts in order to provide running expenses. The lots produced a total of some \$12,500 or about \$7,500 more than the original cost of the whole property. Meanwhile, as it was imperative that an increased revenue be provided for the University, the legislature in 1852 provided for the reappraisal of the university lands with a minimum valuation of \$3.00 an acre. Though not willing to make a direct appropriation for the benefit of the University, the state legislature took steps which resulted in the University's securing a second land grant. The federal government had granted to the state 72 sections of salt springs lands. No salt springs were to be found in Wisconsin, however, and as early as 1848 the legislature had requested congress to permit the selection of an equivalent amount of other lands. Congress had taken no action in the matter. By joint resolution of Jan. 19, 1851, the legislature renewed its request but asked that the grant be made for the benefit of the University. Congress complied with this request by act of Dec. 15, 1854, and provided that the land so granted "be sold in such manner as the legislature may direct for the benefit and in aid of the University." The wording of this grant suggests that it was intended to be a measure of relief to the University. Had it not been for the request of the legislature, congress

would undoubtedly have made this grant to the state, for its own use. This grant may, therefore, be considered as the first important gift, though indirectly accomplished, of the state to the University.

The revaluation of the university lands on the lower basis, stimulated their sale and by the end of the year 1853 the university fund had increased to over \$100,000. The regents decided upon the erection of the second dormitory, "which should be plain and substantially constructed, with a taste too severe to sacrifice utility to ornament." The legislature authorized the loan of \$15,000 for this purpose and South Hall was built, being completed in 1855.

On July 26, 1854, the University graduated its first class, consisting of Levi Booth and Charles T. Wakeley. At this time the faculty consisted of Chancellor Lathrop, occupying the chair of ethics, civil polity, and political economy. Professor Sterling, who taught mathematics, natural philosophy, and astronomy. Obadiah M. Conover, professor of ancient languages and literature, and Stephen H. Carpenter, tutor. The attendance was forty-one, exclusive of fifteen students in the preparatory course.

The sales of university lands progressed rapidly and by the close of 1854 the fund amounted to \$161,000 with only 6,000 acres of the first land grant remaining unsold. The regents announced in their report for this year that "the institution is now emerging from the embarrassments attendant on the period of converting a land endowment into a productive fund and erecting the buildings." By the end of 1856 the fund had grown to \$310,000, most of the second grant having been sold. The increased attendance now made the erection of the main building necessary. For this purpose the legislature authorized a loan in 1857, from the principal of the university fund. Almost from the outset of this undertaking the University experienced serious embarrassment. The panic of 1857 swept over the country. Difficulty was experienced in raising money for the completion of the building and the regents were forced to borrow at the high rate of ten per cent. To add to its difficulties, thousands of acres of university lands were forfeited by the purchasers, thus reducing the fund and greatly impairing the income of the University. The panic was followed by the war and the forfeiture of lands continued. In the early sixties it became necessary to look forward to the repayment, in annual installments, of the principal of the building loans, which aggregated about \$100,000. Salaries were cut and pinching economy instituted, but it was evident that it would be impossible to meet the interest payments and the payments on account of the principal of the loans, and at the same time maintain the University in any degree of efficiency. The regents make the following significant statement in their report for the year ending Sept. 30, 1861.—"It is submitted that the policy adopted by the early movers in the organization of the University and enjoined by the provisions of its charter, of providing grounds, buildings, and the entire outlay of preparation for a university, from the income of its endowment, *has signally failed.*" As a measure of relief the legislature by Chap. 208, laws of 1862, cancelled the indebtedness of the University to its fund, incurred for the building of Main Hall, and authorized the payment from the principal of the fund of all other indebtedness incurred for buildings. While the effect of this was to reduce the permanent fund by the amount of the indebtedness thus cancelled and paid off (about \$100,000) it left the income of the balance of the fund freed from the obligation of repaying the principal of the loans. The effect of this act was equivalent to the University's having constructed its buildings from the capital of its fund instead of from the income.

The University grew rapidly after the war and again its income became insufficient. It was pointed out that, whereas the constitution provided that the university fund was to be perpetual, the legislature had permitted the fund to become impaired by providing for the payment of the indebtedness of the University for buildings from the principal of the fund. It was figured that the annual income thus lost to the University was \$7,333.76. The legislature by Chap. 2, laws of 1867, authorized an annual tax of this amount to be appropriated to the university fund income. Thus the state was reluctantly, but nevertheless surely, coming to the support of the University. The principle

of direct appropriations by the state for the support of the University was acknowledged a few years later in an appropriation for the building of "Ladies' Hall" and increase of the annual tax for the University to \$10,000. Since this the state has given generous support to the University.

The University in these years had been criticised because of its preparatory department, and because of the alleged narrowness of the curriculum; it was demanded that "a more distinct bias should be given to its instructions in the direction of the several arts and avocations as they exist among men." In 1858, as the outcome of these demands, the preparatory department was restricted in its scope, and the University was re-organized into a department of science, literature and the arts, consisting of six schools: philosophy, philology, natural science, civil and mechanical engineering, agriculture, and polity.

Chancellor Lathrop was succeeded in 1859 by Henry Barnard, a graduate of Yale, prominent in the reorganization of the schools of Connecticut and Rhode Island, founder of the *American Journal of Education*, and (1867) first national Commissioner of Education. His policy centered in elevating the public school system of the state as a basis for university growth, but ill health caused his resignation in 1860.

Under the *ad interim* direction of Professor Sterling, the University remained without a chancellor until 1867. The Civil War took a large proportion of the students into the field, and no commencement was held in 1864, all but one of the senior class having joined the army.

The close of the war brought a new inspiration and growth to the University. The returning soldiers took up their studies, and by 1870 the University had nearly 500 students. A reorganization was effected in 1866, and Dr. Paul A. Chadbourne, a graduate of Williams College, was called to the presidency. Among the important developments of this period was the founding of the College of Law, the maturing of plans providing for co-education, and the institution of the agricultural department, as an integral part of the University. This constituted a radical departure from the policy of the other states of the middle west. In many instances agricultural and engineering colleges have been founded apart from the state university. The rapid growth of the University of Wisconsin and its hold upon the people have been in a considerable measure due to the fact that it contains within its organization the colleges which appeal to the farmer and artisan, as well as to the business and professional classes of the state.

It was through the efforts of President Chadbourne that an appropriation of \$50,000 was secured from the legislature of 1870 for the erection of a separate building for the women students of the University. This building, now known as Chadbourne Hall, was constructed during the following year, when Professor Sterling, as vice-president administered the University, and was occupied in the fall of 1871.

President Twombly came to the University at the beginning of the academic year 1871-72. He was a graduate of Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut, one of the overseers of Harvard College, and a founder of Boston University.

The reorganization of 1866 had provided for co-education, but during these years the work of the women was kept separate from that of the men. It was significant, however, of an increasing recognition of the importance of the education of women, that the first appropriation which the legislature ever made to the University was for the women's building, and only a few years elapsed when complete co-education was adopted. Perhaps the most important development of the period of Dr. Twombly's presidency was the provision made by the legislature for a state tax of \$10,000 a year to form a part of the University income. In thus adopting the policy of a special annual tax for the support of the University, the legislature made the formal explanation in the preamble to the law, that the policy of disposing of the land grants by congress at a low price, in order to attract actual settlers, had prevented the increase of the productive funds, and that it was the duty of the state to see to it that the University should not suffer. A system of free tuition to the graduates of the

high schools of the state who passed the University entrance requirements, was also adopted at this time. This step was the beginning of the elimination of the preparatory department of the University. By resting its growth upon the high schools of the state, and receiving an annual income from the taxpayers, the University merged itself completely with the educational life of the state, and, in the long run, felt the benefits of this change.

With the coming of President Bascom from Williams College, in 1874, the University entered upon a new life. The finances of the institution were put on a better basis by the grant of the legislature of a tenth of a mill tax, which afforded increasing revenue as the wealth of the state increased. Large specific grants for new buildings, including Assembly Hall, Science Hall, the Chemical Building, and the Machine Shop, were made in the same period. The farmers' institutes and the short course in agriculture brought the University into closer touch with the farmers of the state. Under Dr. Bascom's presidency the preparatory department was abolished, and the University found all the students it could care for among the graduates of the high schools. At the beginning of his presidency the attendance, excluding the preparatory department, was about 300. At its close, thirteen years later, it was but 500; but the University had thoroughly gained the respect of the state.

President Bascom was succeeded by President Chamberlin of the United States Geology Survey, a graduate of Beloit College. He gave the University a strong impulse toward graduate study by the emphasis which he laid on research. Courses of study were increased, the standards of admission raised, and fellowships provided for graduate study. When he resigned, after five years of service, in 1892, the University had doubled its numbers, rising from five hundred to one thousand. During his presidency, a new science building had been finished, and buildings erected for the dairy school and the College of Law. In addition, a University boat house had been built, and the contracts had been let for the Armory and Gymnasium that are now such a prominent feature of the Lower Campus.

President Adams came to Wisconsin from Cornell, whose presidency he had just resigned. Under his administration the University rose from one thousand students in 1892 to two thousand six hundred in 1901. The beautiful building for the library of the State Historical Society and the University, costing nearly three-quarters of a million of dollars, and housing treasures of inestimable value, is the most impressive monument of his presidency. The University developed into a larger life in all directions during these ten years. Particularly the great increase in the number of graduate students and the emphasis upon graduate teaching should be noted. At the close of his presidency there were over one hundred graduate students, while ten years before there were only twenty-two. Athletics had reached their largest development in the same period, and Camp Randall, an athletic field of forty-two acres, was purchased for the University. The University began its summer sessions in 1899, a development which has been very important in increasing the influence of the University.

During the absence of Dr. Adams, caused by illness, and after his resignation, Professor Birge, Dean of the College of Letters and Science, served as Acting President during the three academic years, 1900-03.

President Charles R. Van Hise, the first alumnus of the University to hold the presidency, was elected in the spring of 1903, and assumed the active duties of the position at the beginning of the succeeding academic year.

THE SUPPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The University is supported partly by the income of federal grants, partly by taxation of the people of the state, and partly by private gifts. For such support there have been seven federal grants, namely: the Two-Township Grant of 1848; the Supplementary Two-Township Grant of 1854; the Morrill Grant of 1862 for the support of studies pertaining to agricultural and mechanic arts; the Hatch Grant of 1887 for the support of agricultural experiment stations;

the Supplementary Morrill Grant of 1890; the Adams Grant of 1906, and the Nelson Grant of 1907.

Besides numerous and large appropriations for buildings and other specific purposes, the state of Wisconsin has made eight continuing grants, namely: the one-tenth mill tax of 1876, increased to one-eighth mill in 1883; the additional one-tenth mill tax of 1891; the appropriation for the support of the Observatory in 1887; the appropriation for the support of Farmers' Institutes in 1885, increased in 1887 and again in 1907; the appropriation for the College of Engineering, in 1889, of one per cent. of the railroad license tax, and the additional one-fifth mill grant of 1897. The legislature of 1899 consolidated the various mill taxes, specified above, and the grant of one per cent. of the railroad licenses, into a specific continuous annual grant of an amount equal to the annual revenue from these various grants. This appropriation was increased by the legislature of 1901, and again by the legislature of 1903. In 1905 the legislature passed a new law for the support of the University. Section 390, revised statutes of 1898, as amended from time to time, was amended so as to levy two-sevenths of a mill tax for the support of the University. Instead of making specific appropriations for individual buildings as heretofore, an appropriation of \$200,000 per annum, for a period of three years, was also made for new buildings, repairs, improvement, equipment, apparatus, etc.

The legislature of 1907 besides continuing the two-sevenths of a mill tax for the support of the University, appropriated by section 391n of the statutes \$100,000 annually for four years to be used for the construction of a women's gymnasium and men's dormitories provided the former should be first constructed; by section 1494b, increased the appropriation for farmers' institutes from \$12,000 to \$20,000 per annum and by section 1494j of the statutes, appropriated \$20,000 per annum for University Extension. Chapter 428 of the Laws of 1907 amends section 2 of chapter 320 of the Laws of 1905 so as to extend the annual appropriation of \$200,000 from three to five years.

Of the gifts that have come to the University, that of Dane county for the purchase of lands for the University farm; that of the late Governor C. C. Washburn for the founding of the Washburn Observatory; that of the late Judge Mortimer M. Jackson for the establishment of the Mortimer M. Jackson Professorship of Law; the President Adams' Fellowship fund; the Mary M. Adams Fellowship fund; the Fannie P. Lewis Scholarship fund, and the endowment of the Henry Gund Fellowship in German have been the most considerable and important.

THE UNIVERSITY AND THE STATE.

The University of Wisconsin is the culmination of the free educational system of the state. In the educational policy of the state, the University sustains a similar relation to the high schools that the high school sustains to the primary and grammar schools. As those who have passed through the grammar grades may freely avail themselves of the high schools, so those who have completed with credit a full high school course may advance to the opportunities afforded by the University. It is not expected that all pupils who complete the grammar grades will advance to the high school; nor is it expected that all those who complete a high school course shall go forward to the University. But the school system of the state has been so arranged as to make the passage from one grade to another as easy and natural as possible, in order to afford every encouragement to thorough education. The state through the University undertakes to furnish instruction in the various branches requisite for a liberal education, in the technical branches of engineering, law, agriculture, pharmacy, commerce, home economics, and music. It also aims to encourage research work in all departments, to produce creative scholars, and thus do its part in the enlargement of the domain of knowledge. Thus it is the general policy of the institution to foster the higher educational interests of the state, broadly and generously interpreted. By prescribing a large number of studies during the

first two years of undergraduate work, and by leaving all, or a large part of the work of the last two years to the free selection of the student, under a definite system, the University endeavors to give a wise measure of direction, leaving at the same time sufficient room for choice to encourage individual adaption and special development. The graduate work is, of course, wholly elective.

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- FORSYTHE, WILLIAM ELMER, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
- FULLER, CALEB ALLEN, Ph. D., Instructor in Bacteriology.
- GALLAND, JOSEPH STANISLAS, B. S., Assistant in Romance Languages.
- GATES, CHARLES BALDWIN, Ph. M., Assistant in Chemistry.

- GILLETT, CHARLES MASON, B. A., University Editor.
 GLOYER, WALTER OSCAR, Student Assistant in Botany.
 GRAY, LEWIS CECIL, M. A., Assistant in Political Economy.
 GRIMES, NATHAN CESNA, B. A., Instructor in Mathematics.
 GROVE, WILLIAM EDWARD, B. A., M. D., Instructor in Pharmacology.
 HAERTEL, MARTIN HENRY, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
 HALL, EDGAR ALBERT, B. A., Assistant in English.
 HALL, EDWARD BENNINGTON, B. S., Assistant in Analytical Chemistry.
 HAMMER, BERNARD WERNICK, B. S. A., Assistant in Agricultural Bacteriology.
 HAMMER, MILBY ROY, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Drawing.
 HAMMOND, LESTER DAVISON, B. A., Assistant in Chemistry.
 HARRIS, ROY THEODORE, Assistant in Dairy Tests, Feed and Fertilizer Inspection.
 HEIL, HERMAN GUSTAVUS, Ph. B., Instructor in Physics.
 HELLMAN, ERNEST ALEXANDER, M. A., Assistant in German.
 HERRICK, LOUIS ROWELL, M. A., Instructor in French.
 HESS, RALPH HENRY, Ph. D., Instructor in Political Economy.
 HICKMAN, MARY AVIS, M. A., Assistant in Botany.
 HIGSON, CHARLES ROY, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 HILL, CHARLES WARREN, M. A., Assistant in Chemistry.
 HINE, GEORGE SHERWOOD, B. S. A., Assistant in Feed and Fertilizer Inspection.
 HOCKETT, HOMER C., B. L., Instructor in American History.
 HOERGER, BENJAMIN GEORGE, B. A., Assistant in German.
 HOFFMAN, CONRAD, B. S. A., Instructor in Agricultural Bacteriology.
 HOLT, HARRIS HAZELTON, B. A., Assistant in European History.
 HORNBECK, STANLEY KUHL, B. A., Instructor in Political Science.
 HUELS, FREDERICK WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in Experimental Engineering.
 HUNTINGTON, ELLEN ALDEN, B. A., Instructor in Home Economics.
 INGLIS, DAVID NELSON, M. A., Assistant in French.
 JAINS, LOUISE MARIE, B. A., Assistant in Soils.
 JOHNSTONE, ALBERT HENRY, B. A., Instructor in Public Speaking.
 JOLIVETTE, HALY DELILIA MARY, B. A., Herbarium Assistant in Botany.
 JONES, EDWARD RICHARD, M. S., Instructor in Soils.
 KENT, WALTER JAMES, B. A., Assistant in Zoology.
 KERSCHENSTEINER, MARK JOSEPH, Student Assistant in Business Administration.
 KETELLE, MARY ABERDEEN WEBBER, M. A., Assistant in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 KUNNE, WILLIAM SPAULDING, B. S., Instructor in Structural Engineering.
 KIRSHJAN, JOHN EMMETT, Ph. M., Assistant in German.
 KLEIN, DAVID, M. A., Assistant in Chemistry.
 KLEINHINZ, FRANK, Instructor in Animal Husbandry.
 KOCH, ALFRED RICHARD, M. A., Assistant in Chemistry.
 KOMMERS, JESSE BENJAMIN, B. S., Instructor in Mechanics.
 KOWALKE, OTTO LOUIS, B. S., Instructor in Chemical Engineering.
 KRAUSKOPF, FRANCIS CRAIG, M. A., Instructor in Chemistry.
 KUSTERMANN, WALTER WOLLBEN, B. A., Assistant in Mathematics.
 LEIBERSON, WILLIAM MORRIS, B. A., Assistant in Political Economy.
 LEONARD, WILLIAM ELLERY, Ph. D., Instructor in English.
 LOEW, EDGAR ALLAN, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 LOGAN, EDWIN HAROLD, Student Assistant in Business Administration.
 LOWRIE, SELDEN GALE, M. A., Assistant in Political Science.
 LUNT, WILLIAM EDWARD, Ph. D., Instructor in History.
 LUTMAN, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, M. A., Assistant in Botany.
 McBRIDE, BERNARD REEVES, B. S., Instructor in Hydraulic Engineering.
 McBRIDE, RUSSELL S., B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
 McCONACHIE, LAUROS G., Ph. D., Instructor in Political Science.

McCULLOUGH, FRANCIS MICHAEL, B. S., Instructor in Mechanics.
 McDANIEL, ALONZO SIMPSON, M. A., Instructor in Chemistry.
 MCKITRICK, REUBEN, B. A., Assistant in Political Science.
 MAIN, GILBERT, Assistant in Physical Training.
 MARCH, HERMAN WILLIAM, M. A., Instructor in Mathematics.
 MARQUIS, JOHN CLYDE, B. S. A., Editor of Agricultural Publications. Instructor in Agricultural Journalism.
 MARSHALL, ROY R., B. S. A., Assistant in Soils.
 MATHEWS, GEORGE CLYDE, B. A., Assistant in Public Speaking.
 MATHEWS, JOSEPH HOWARD, Ph. D., Instructor in Physical Chemistry.
 MAURER, HEINRICH HERMAN, B. A., Assistant in American History.
 MEAD, WARREN JUDSON, M. A., Instructor in Geology.
 MEEK, WALTER JOSEPH, M. A., Instructor in Physiology.
 MERICA, PAUL DYER, B. A., Assistant in Physics.
 MERRICK, JESSIE BEE, B. S., Instructor in Physical Training.
 MICHELL, ROBERT BELL, M. A., Instructor in Romance Languages.
 MICHELS, MATHIAS, Assistant in Dairy Husbandry.
 MILLER, ARTHUR HERBERT, B. S., Instructor in Mechanics.
 MILLER, PAUL GERARD, Assistant in Spanish.
 MILWARD, JAMES GARFIELD, Instructor in Horticulture.
 MORGAN, BAYARD QUINCY, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
 MOTT, WILLIAM ROY, Ch. E., Instructor in Chemistry.
 MUENZINGER, KARL FRIDRICH, B. A., Assistant in German.
 MUSBACK, FRED LUDWIG, Student Assistant in Soils.
 NEIDIG, WILLIAM JONATHAN, B. A., Instructor in English.
 NELSON, OLIVER OTTO, B. A., Student Assistant in Bacteriology.
 NORGORD, CHRISTIAN PERCIVAL, B. S. A., Instructor in Agronomy.
 ORTII, HERBERT DENNY, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Drawing.
 OTTO, MAXWELL CHARLES, M. A., Assistant in Philosophy.
 OWEN, RAY SPRAGUE, B. S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
 PARKER, EUSTACE EDWIN, B. S., Instructor in Structural Engineering.
 PARKER, HOWARD ASHLEY, B. S., Instructor in Topographical Engineering.
 PITMAN, ANNIE MARIE, Ph. D., Instructor in Latin.
 PLAGGE, HERBERT JOHN, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
 PRICE, JOHN REESE, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 PRICE, WILLIAM HYDE, Ph. D., Instructor in Political Economy.
 REINHARD, EUGEN, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
 RICHARDS, AUTE, B. A., Assistant in Zoology.
 RIGDEN, EFFIE JOSEPHINE, B. S., Assistant in Zoology.
 ROBINSON, EDGAR EUGENE, B. A., Assistant in American History.
 ROE, FREDERICK WILLIAM, M. A., Instructor in English.
 ROEBUCK, JOHN RANSOM, Ph. D., Instructor in Physics.
 ROGERS, AUGUSTUS JAMES, Jr., B. S. A., Assistant in Horticulture.
 ROOT, WINFRED TREXLER, Ph. D., Instructor in American History.
 SANFORD, HERBERT BROOKS, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 SCHAFFRATH, WILLIAM, B. A., Assistant in German.
 SCHLATTER, EDWARD BUNKER, M. A., Instructor in Romance Languages.
 SCHULZ, RAYMOND LOUIS, B. S., Assistant in Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
 SCOTT, JONATHAN FRENCH, M. A., Assistant in European History.
 SECRIST, HORACE, B. A., Assistant in Political Economy.
 SEMRAD, CHARLES ALBERT, B. S., Instructor in Hydraulic Engineering.
 SHANNAHAN, WILLARD DEAN, M. A., Assistant in Latin.
 SHEALY, EDWARD MARVIN, B. S., Instructor in Steam Engineering.
 SHEPARD, WALTER JAMES, B. A., Instructor in Political Science.
 SIMPSON, THOMAS MARSHALL, B. A., Instructor in Mathematics.
 SMITH, ALPHEUS WILSON, Ph. D., Instructor in Physics.
 SMITH, EDWIN RAYMOND, M. A., Instructor in Mathematics.
 SMITH, KARL WALLER, Instructor in Medical Bacteriology. Bacteriologist of the State Hygienic Laboratory.
 STARCH, DANIEL, Ph. D., Instructor in Psychology.

- STEENBOCK, HARRY, B. S. A., Assistant in Agricultural Chemistry.
 STEIDTMANN, EDWARD, M. A., Assistant in Mineralogy.
 STEVE, WILLIAM FREDERICK, Ph. D., Assistant in Physics.
 STONE, ALDEN LESCOMBE, Instructor in Agronomy.
 STOUT, ARLOW BURDETTE, Student Assistant in Botany.
 STREET, IDA MARIE, M. A., Assistant in English.
 SYLVESTER, WALTER WILLIAM, B. S., Assistant in Agricultural Engineering.
 TEN EYCK, EDWARD HANLAN, Instructor in Physical Training.
 TERRY, EARLE MELVIN, M. A., Instructor in Physics.
 TITSWORTH, WALDO ALBERTI, M. A., Assistant in Physics.
 TITUS, MARTIN EDWIN, Ph. G., Student Assistant in Pharmacy.
 TOTTINGHAM, WILLIAM EDWARD, M. Sc., Instructor in Agricultural Chemistry.
 UNDERHILL, ANTHONY LISPENARD, Ph. D., Instructor in Mathematics.
 VAN ZANDT, JEROME GOODSPEED, C. E., Instructor in Railway Engineering.
 VEERHUSEN, ELSEBETH, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
 WAGNER, GEORGE, M. A., Instructor in Zoology.
 WAHL, HARRY ROSWELL, B. A., Assistant in Anatomy.
 WALSTER, HARLOW L., B. S. A., Assistant in Soils.
 WATT, HOMER ANDREW, M. A., Assistant in English.
 WEBER, AUGUST WILLIAM, Ph. M., Assistant in Education.
 WESTCOTT, GEORGE ROCKWELL, B. S., Research Assistant in Hydraulic Engineering.
 WICKENDEN, WILLIAM ELGIN, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 WIED, JOHN CLIFFORD, B. S., Instructor in Experimental Engineering.
 WILCOX, WENDELL GARRETT, Ph. M., Assistant in Chemistry.
 WILLIAMS, FRANK ERNEST, Student Assistant in Geology.
 WITHEY, MORTON OWEN, C. E., Instructor in Mechanics.
 WOLFENSON, LOUIS BERNARD, Ph. D., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 WOLFF, HENRY CHARLES, Ph. D., Instructor in Mathematics.
 WOOD, LEWIS HUNGERFORD, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Drawing.
 WOOLLEY, EDWIN CAMPBELL, Ph. D., Instructor in English.
 WRENCH, JESSE EDWIN, B. A., Assistant in European History.
 YOUNG, EARLE BURDETT, Ph. B., Assistant in Physics.
 ZARFOS, L. NORMAN, Instructor in Physical Training.
 ZDANOWICZ, CASIMIR DOUGLASS, Ph. D., Instructor in Romance Languages.
 ZEIDELHACK, FELIX STEPHEN, Student Assistant in Physical Training.

STAFF OF THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

- COLE, ROSSETTER GLEASON, Ph. B., Director. Professor of Music.
 ANDERSON, MRS. GEORGE K., Harp.
 BACH, FRANK CHARLES, Mandolin, Guitar and Banjo.
 BIRD, ADA, Piano.
 BRAND, MRS. M. E., Guitar and Banjo.
 BREDIN, ELIAS A., Organ and Voice.
 BUEHLER, ELIZABETH, B. A., Piano.
 CASE, LEROY CLARENCE, Public School Music.
 FORESMAN, ADELAIDE, Voice.
 FOWLER, MARY MAUD, Piano.
 HALL, LELAND BOYLSTON, B. A., Piano.
 PHOMMEDIU, JEANNE, Voice.
 JAFFE, WILLY L., Violin.
 PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Emeritus Professor of Music.
 REGAN, ALICE S., Piano.
 SANDBERG, MRS. INGA, Piano.

LIBRARY STAFF.

SMITH, WALTER McMYNN, B. A., Librarian.
 DUDLEY, WILLIAM HENRY, B. A., Assistant Librarian.
 BURKE, LAURANCE CHARLES, B. L., Library Assistant.
 CODDINGTON, HESTER, Head Cataloguer.
 DAVIDSON, FLORA NEIL, B. L., Library Assistant.
 GROVER, ARLENE, B. L., Library Assistant.
 KNUDTSOHN, AGNES CAROLINE, B. A., Library Assistant.
 McCULLOCH, ISABELLE JANE, B. L., B. L. S., Library Assistant.
 MINER, RUTH PAULINE, B. A., Library Assistant.
 MINER, SARAH HELEN, Library Assistant.
 PYRE, AMELIA FRANCE, B. L., Library Assistant.
 SANFORD, DELIA C., B. L. S., Library Assistant.
 SCHAEFER, ELLEN MARY, B. L. S., Library Assistant.
 STEINKE, LAURA ANNA, Library Assistant.
 BRIGGS, MRS. SOPHIE M., B. L., Librarian of the Law Library.
 HEAN, CLARENCE SCOTT, B. A., Librarian of the Agricultural Library.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS IN SHOP PRACTICE.

DABNEY, WILLIAM LYLE, Instructor in Mechanical Practice.
 KATELEY, FRED, Assistant in Forge Room.
 LOTTES, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing.
 SLADKY, PAUL, Instructor in Mechanical Practice.
 WOOD, BURTON SAMUEL, Instructor in Wood Work.

OTHER OFFICERS.

McCAFFREY, MAURICE ERVE, Secretary of the Regents.
 HIESTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar and Secretary of the Faculty.
 FEWSON, EDNA, Purchasing Agent.
 McCONNELL, ALBERT WILSON, Superintendent of Buildings.
 PEABODY, ARTHUR, Supervising Architect.
 PICKARTS, LUCIEN JULIUS, Bursar of the Regent.
 TAYLOR, MRS. ROWENA HARMON, Matron.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS 1908-1909.

Fellows and Scholars.....	35
Other graduates.....	211
College of Letters and Science.....	1,941
College of Mechanics and Engineering.....	896
College of Agriculture.....	859
College of Law.....	165
College of Medicine.....	32
School of Music.....	114
Students in Summer Session.....	1,026
Students also included in above courses.....	408
	618
Deducting twice classified.....	350
Total	4,521

The endeavor of the University is—

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.
5. To provide a state-wide system for the dissemination of knowledge through adult home-study work and vocational teaching.

ORGANIZATION.

The University embraces—

- THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING
- THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- THE COLLEGE OF MEDICINE.
- THE EXTENSION DIVISION.
- THE GRADUATE SCHOOL.

The College of Letters and Science embraces—

- GENERAL COURSES IN LIBERAL ARTS.
- SPECIAL COURSES, which include:
 - CHEMISTRY.
 - COMMERCE.
 - JOURNALISM.
 - MUSIC.
 - PHARMACY.
 - TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

The College of Engineering embraces—

- THE CIVIL ENGINEERING COURSE.
- THE MECHANICAL ENGINEERING COURSE.
- THE ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING COURSE.
- THE APPLIED ELECTROCHEMISTRY COURSE.
- THE MINING ENGINEERING COURSE.

The College of Agriculture embraces—

- THE EXPERIMENT STATION.
- THE LONG COURSE IN AGRICULTURE.
- THE MIDDLE COURSE IN AGRICULTURE.
- THE SHORT COURSE IN AGRICULTURE.
- THE DAIRY COURSE.
- THE FARMERS' INSTITUTES.
- HOME ECONOMICS.

The College of Law embraces—

- A THREE YEARS' COURSE.

The College of Medicine embraces—

- THE FIRST TWO YEARS OF A MEDICAL COURSE.

The Extension Division embraces—

- THE DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUCTION BY LECTURES.
- THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRESPONDENCE-STUDY.
- THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL INFORMATION AND WELFARE.
- THE DEPARTMENT OF DEBATING AND PUBLIC DISCUSSION.

The college year is divided into two semesters. The first semester opens on the last Wednesday in September. Registration and examinations for admission will be held on the preceding Tuesday, and on the opening day of the semester. The second semester ordinarily begins on the second Monday in February. Commencement Day falls on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday in June.

There are two recesses or vacations during the college year, one at Christmas and one at Easter. The Christmas recess begins at the end of the second day before Christmas, and closes at the beginning of the second day after New Year's Day, when this falls on Sunday, Monday or Tuesday. When New Year's Day comes later in the week than Tuesday, the recess closes at the beginning of the following Tuesday. The Easter recess begins on the Thursday morning before Easter Sunday, and closes on the morning of the following Tuesday.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The public school system of the state was adopted at the time of the constitution and went into effect in 1848. The schools were supervised by town superintendents at that time. These officers were presumed to visit the schools, advise with the teachers in the matter of gradation, course of study, etc. They were also empowered to grant teachers' certificates. In 1861 the law providing for county superintendents went into effect and the town superintendency was abolished. The number of county superintendent districts in Wisconsin at the present time is 73, two counties having two superintendents each. The term of office is two years and the election under the provisions of chapter 307, laws of 1903, takes place in the spring at the time of the annual town meeting. These officers are clothed with authority to grant teachers' certificates and the responsibility of visiting each school under their supervision at least once in each year, advising with the teacher in regard to the course of study, discipline and management of the school, and also advising with the school boards in regard to buildings, grounds, out buildings, etc. There are now in this state 65 cities under city superintendents and 7,193 districts under the supervision of county superintendents. The number of persons of school age (between 4 and 20 years) for the year ending June 30th, 1902, was 751,699, 1903—758,626, 1904—766,548, 1905—773,852, 1906—773,031, and in 1908—775,547. A compulsory school law was enacted by the legislature of 1907. This law requires that all persons between ages of 7 and 14 residing outside of cities, whether under city superintendents or not, shall attend school for at least twenty-four weeks, including legal holidays, each year, and those residing within the city limits shall attend for at least thirty-two weeks during the year. This attendance may be upon any private, parochial or public school. This law does not affect those living more than two miles from the school by the nearest traveled public highway. The total enrollment in the public schools for the year ending June 30th 1902, was 453,711, for 1903, 450,883, for 1904, 460,489, for 1905, 464,545, for 1906, 467,389, for 1908, 464,240. The number of school houses in the state is reported as 7,845, with a seating capacity of 575,917. The number of male teachers employed is gradually decreasing, as will be seen from the table under the head of "Teachers wages, etc." This table will show the wages as reported for the last twenty-five years. The graduates from the Normal Schools and University are quite largely employed in the cities. The number of graduates employed in counties was, for 1902, 931, for 1903, 999, for 1904, 993, for 1905, 1,053, for 1906, 1,056, for 1907, 1,128, and for 1908, 1,128. The number of teachers holding first grade certificates granted by county superintendents is reported to be 481, by city superintendents 71; the second grade certificates granted, by county superintendents, 1,620, by city superintendents 122; third grade certificates, by county superintendents, 5,356, by city superintendents, 238. 628 limited certificates, or certificates good for less than one year were issued. The total number of certificates granted in the state is 8,453 and 2,085 applicants failed to receive certificates of any grade. The expenditure for the common schools for the year ending June 30, 1908, was \$10,694,294.47 as against \$8,982,992.62 in 1906. This includes the amount expended in cities under city superintendents as well as in counties under county superintendents. The amount of money remaining on hand at the close of the year in the treasuries of the districts throughout the state is \$3,328 035.68 as against \$2,896,158.48 in 1906. The expenditure for school purposes per individual between 4 and

20 years of age in cities having city superintendents, in 1906 was \$12.49, in 1908, \$16.05; in counties outside of cities in 1906, \$11.34, in 1908, \$12.42. These statistics are based upon the *total* school population. Upon the basis of *enrollment* the cities under city superintendents expended \$30.85 in 1908, as against \$24.20 per capita in 1906, while the counties expended \$19.23 in 1908, as compared with \$16.99 per capita in 1906. The number of free high schools having a four years' course of study is now 281, having a three years' course is 3. The number of what are known as "independent high schools" is 14. These are as a rule located in the larger cities and are not regularly or directly supervised by the department of public instruction. There are 20 day schools for the deaf, 20 county training schools for teachers, 4 county schools of agriculture and domestic economy, 179 state graded schools of the first class, that is schools having three or more departments, 291 state graded schools of the second class, schools having two departments only, maintaining school not less than nine months during the year. The number of private schools reported in counties in 1906 was 456, in 1908, 424, and these schools employed in 1906, 255 male teachers and in 1908, 199. The number of female teachers employed in private schools in 1906 was 560 and in 1908, 462. The enrollment reported in 1906 was 15,012 and in 1908, 12,914. This enrollment relates only to persons between 7 and 14 years of age. Of these persons 9,332 attended school 20 weeks or more in 1906 and 9,955 attended 24 weeks or more in 1908. One month additional is required by the compulsory attendance law of 1907. In the cities there were 211 private schools reported in 1906 and 148 in 1908. The number of male teachers employed in these schools in 1906 was 98, in 1908, 151; and female teachers in 1906 was 370 and in 1908, 454. The attendance of children between 7 and 14 for 32 weeks, the term required by the compulsory education law, for cities, was 29,949 in 1908, as compared with 20,452 in 1906. It must be stated, however, that the reports from the private and parochial schools are quite unsatisfactory. In the statements compiled above the city of Milwaukee simply reported 80 private schools in 1906 but stating nothing concerning the attendance of children or the number of teachers employed, and in 1908 no statement whatever is made by the reporting clerk. But from other and reliable sources it is determined that the number of teachers in the schools of one denomination alone in Milwaukee in 1906 was 328 and the number of pupils enrolled 17,730 while for the last year the number of teachers employed in the same schools was 396 and the number of pupils enrolled was 18,968. The number of teachers employed in the high schools having four year course of study in 1906 was 309 males and 700 females, and in 1908, 412 males and 756 females. In the state graded schools of the first class 659 teachers were employed in 1906 and in the second class 464, while in 1908 732 teachers were employed in the first class and 582 teachers employed in the second class state graded schools. The amount of money expended in 1906 for carrying on the state graded schools of the first class was \$600,043.97 while in 1908 it was \$639,237.18; for carrying on the second class, \$309,684.21 in 1906, and in 1908, \$373,317.26. Of the 6,968 districts reported in 1906, 46 reported an enrollment of 5 or less pupils, 258 between 5 and 11, 580 between 10 and 16, 834 between 15 and 21, 1,000 between 20 and 26, 1,121 between 25 and 31, 968 between 30 and 36 and 924 between 35 and 40. In 1908 the number of districts has increased to 7,193. Of these 97 districts report an enrollment of 5 or less, 380 an enrollment between five and 11, 701 between 10 and 16, 969 between 15 and 21, 1,156 between 20 and 26, 1,224 between 25 and 31, 1,170 between 30 and 36, 959 between 35 and 41. 187 schools in 1908 reported an enrollment of more than 60. These are generally districts having graded schools and usually a village constitutes part of the district. Of the 7,193 districts reported in 1908 under county superintendents, 2,486 are reported as furnishing text books free in 1906 and 2,811 in 1908.

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS.

These figures pertain entirely to schools exclusive of those in cities employing city superintendents, and are for the school year ending June 30, 1903.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20			CHILDREN BETWEEN 7 AND 14.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	No. of such children.	No. be- tween 7 and 14 not in city who attended public school 24 weeks or more.	No. be- tween 7 and 14 not in city who at- tended private or parochial school 24 weeks or more.
Adam	1,620	1,516	3,136	1,500	944	.....
Ashland	1,481	1,355	2,831	1,481	833	.....
Barron	5,072	4,732	9,804	5,083	2,615	65
Bayfield	2,090	1,770	3,777	2,125	1,478	221
Brown	4,972	4,811	9,733	4,821	2,315	751
Buffalo	3,013	2,823	5,839	2,873	1,491	63
Burnett	1,907	1,739	3,643	1,860	938	2
Calumet	3,016	2,912	5,958	2,893	1,678	734
Chippewa	3,781	3,523	7,303	3,343	2,072	137
Clark	5,870	5,003	11,476	6,150	4,473	150
Columbia	3,922	2,689	7,611	3,734	2,781	32
Crawford	2,483	2,341	4,827	2,121	1,214	8
Dane	8,061	7,690	15,754	7,513	4,576	1,030
Dodge	6,182	6,049	12,211	5,672	3,632	381
Doo	2,941	2,771	5,712	2,741	1,795	63
Douglas	1,221	1,128	2,349	1,319	935	3
Dunn	4,078	3,893	7,811	3,633	1,977	.....
Eau Claire	2,813	2,572	5,285	2,727	1,501	8
Florence	652	531	1,238	653	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	4,575	4,483	9,058	4,437	3,111	720
Forest	933	933	1,870	1,107	833	.....
Grant	6,323	6,296	12,619	6,155	3,333	372
Green	2,728	2,416	5,144	2,987	2,115	.....
Green Lake	2,070	1,982	4,002	2,019	1,553	324
Iowa	3,380	3,220	6,600	2,848	1,604	139
Iron	1,241	1,343	2,537	1,237	712	79
Jackson	3,375	3,087	6,462	2,913	1,772	72
Jefferson	4,504	4,333	8,810	4,117	2,227	329
Juneau	3,544	3,541	7,085	3,340	1,744	63
Kenosha	1,891	1,817	3,708	1,932	1,293	141
Kewaunee	2,142	3,084	6,230	2,958	1,472	270
La Crosse	2,175	2,115	4,290	2,099	1,570	123
Lafayette	3,462	3,333	6,795	3,322	1,797	43
Langlade	1,909	1,735	3,665	1,874	1,201	135
Lincoln	1,444	1,492	2,836	1,611	1,273	39
Manitowoc	7,054	7,153	14,277	6,633	3,032	610
Marathon	7,632	7,577	15,210	7,143	3,923	733
Marquette	3,335	3,133	6,438	3,414	2,207	195
Marquette	2,159	2,105	4,234	2,019	1,369	70
Milwaukee	7,253	6,888	14,111	7,006	3,879	1,719
Monroe	5,149	4,871	10,020	5,293	2,850	96
Oconto	3,831	3,751	7,482	3,671	2,421	21
Onida	951	915	1,836	1,015	743	5
Outagamie	4,964	4,594	9,558	4,728	2,957	1,400
Ozaukee	3,218	3,070	6,283	3,010	1,373	595
Pepin	1,456	1,345	2,801	1,331	669	.....

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS—Continued.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20.			CHILDREN BETWEEN 7 AND 14.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	No. of such children.	No. be- tween 7 and 14 not in city who attended public school 24 weeks or more.	No. be- tween 7 and 14 not in city who at- tended private or parochial school 24 weeks or more.
Pierce	3,985	3,886	7,871	3,747	2,798	92
Polk	4,032	3,815	7,877	3,946	2,438	19
Portage	4,567	4,334	8,901	4,215	2,387	398
Price	2,498	2,343	4,841	2,471	1,363	1
Racine	2,937	2,877	5,874	2,914	1,495	326
Richland	3,346	2,192	6,538	3,332	2,175	30
Rock	4,237	4,192	8,429	4,276	2,824	76
Rusk	1,710	1,581	3,291	1,722	1,215	4
St. Croix	4,414	4,291	8,705	4,185	2,990	166
Sauk	4,143	3,840	7,983	3,932	2,645	330
Sawyer	997	927	1,924	1,041	816	14
Shawano	5,968	5,639	11,637	5,232	2,971	304
Sheboygan	5,069	5,017	10,083	4,947	3,183	575
Taylor	2,671	2,523	5,194	2,638	2,020	74
Trempealeau	4,372	4,091	8,463	4,043	2,329	300
Vernon	4,916	4,621	9,537	4,484	2,331	47
Vilas	694	722	1,416	750	699	12
Walworth	3,436	3,133	6,569	3,238	2,380	1
Washington	1,557	1,552	3,141	1,725	1,214	.....
Washington	4,219	4,172	8,391	4,013	2,034	1,093
Waukesha	4,041	3,818	7,859	3,837	2,917	133
Waupaca	4,912	4,508	9,480	4,374	2,636	197
Waushara	3,219	2,951	6,172	3,077	2,321	77
Winnebago	2,680	2,587	5,267	2,511	2,045	124
Wood	3,689	3,529	7,218	3,480	1,876	445
Totals	217,219	236,278	483,497	237,141	144,120	17,387

ENROLLMENT OF PUPILS CLASSIFIED IN COUNTIES, 1907-1908.

Counties— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	Schools enrolling 5 or less than 5 pupils.	More than 5 and less than 11.	More than 10 and less than 15.	More than 15 and less than 21.	More than 20 and less than 25.	More than 25 and less than 31.	More than 30 and less than 35.	More than 35 and less than 41.	More than 40 and less than 45.	More than 45 and less than 51.	More than 50 and less than 55.	More than 55 and less than 61.	More than 60.
Adams	7	18	18	15	13	7	5	3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ashland	3	4	9	7	7	8	9	6	4	1	2	.....	.....
Barron	4	4	5	8	24	23	11	31	28	10	6	6	6
Bayfield	3	12	13	18	7	7	9	6	5	1	4	1	1
Brown	1	3	2	7	7	13	16	5	10	12	6	10	1
Buffalo	.....	9	4	21	24	18	10	11	8	6	1	1	1
Burnett	.....	7	3	14	15	10	8	5	2	2	9	2	.....
Calumet	.....	7	11	8	8	14	5	19	4	3	2	4	.....
Chippewa	.....	2	12	14	22	22	20	17	17	8	13	5	.....
Clark	1	4	8	9	13	15	22	38	35	13	15	17	6
Columbia	.....	12	21	23	32	22	27	17	11	3	3	2	2
Crowford	.....	4	2	10	8	11	9	16	13	14	11	7	8
Dane	6	21	21	58	45	54	32	23	19	11	4	5	1
Dodge	.....	10	16	33	30	47	25	20	25	8	2	1	.....
Door	.....	5	5	4	5	4	9	9	11	11	7	8	.....
Douglas	.....	7	17	9	6	5	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dunn	.....	3	7	7	43	38	8	18	3	7	13	6	.....
Eau Claire	.....	2	4	5	12	7	20	21	19	3	4	5	3
Florence	.....	1	5	3	2	3	6	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	.....	5	21	25	28	22	34	13	13	10	7	3	2
Forest	1	2	2	7	2	3	4	4	5	5	3	1	.....
Grant	1	2	4	41	38	26	37	33	16	12	6	2	.....
Green	2	12	33	33	31	16	12	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Green Lake	1	4	7	8	10	21	15	6	7	4	5	1	.....
Iowa	6	32	40	30	32	12	7	13	1	7	7	4	.....
Iron	1	.....	4	4	8	1	4	8	4	5	2	3	.....
Jackson	.....	5	7	13	14	18	17	10	14	4	9	2	.....
Jefferson	3	19	41	28	21	27	13	10	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Juneau	2	15	13	17	24	19	18	7	12	.....	8	.....	.....
Keno-sha	1	1	7	11	12	7	12	11	6	2	1	1	.....
Kewaunee	.....	.....	1	2	1	7	7	11	12	9	7	9	.....
La Crosse	1	2	5	11	11	14	10	9	6	4	1	3	.....
Lafayette	3	10	21	15	15	21	15	10	6	5	4	7	.....
Langlade	7	12	11	6	12	11	3	6	2	4	2	4	.....
Lincoln	.....	4	15	12	20	8	5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manitowoc	.....	2	6	11	12	19	20	23	23	25	12	9	.....
Marathon	1	2	13	16	26	36	30	22	31	21	9	7	.....
Marquette	13	10	7	15	7	11	8	12	4	8	13	.....	.....
Marquette	.....	2	3	5	10	16	10	12	10	6	3	1	1
Milwaukee	.....	1	5	11	14	18	16	23	13	14	12	9	.....
Monroe	3	1	12	17	26	28	33	18	17	16	6	1	1
Oconto	3	2	3	5	9	11	10	18	12	10	10	5	13
Oneida	11	16	13	14	4	10	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Outagamie	.....	1	7	9	17	19	25	28	9	12	8	3	3
Ozaukee	1	6	10	5	12	16	9	8	6	2	3	1	5
Pepin	.....	2	2	9	5	8	13	3	3	3	2	2	.....
Pierce	3	5	7	13	9	19	13	11	4	8	5	2	.....
Polk	1	8	13	19	10	18	16	16	19	9	5	6	.....
Portage	.....	2	5	14	16	18	23	21	7	12	5	3	.....
Price	5	5	4	12	11	14	16	11	17	12	3	1	.....
Racine	.....	2	6	11	17	9	14	11	9	6	4	3	2
Richland	.....	3	4	17	21	25	25	11	12	10	10	5	3
Rock	.....	8	23	34	42	26	22	30	12	6	4	3	.....
Rusk	2	11	5	13	10	8	9	4	6	3	5	3	1
St. Croix	1	2	10	15	22	24	27	15	18	8	10	5	5
Sauk	.....	4	16	33	33	30	24	25	10	7	5	2	1

TEACHERS' WAGES CLASSIFIED, 1907-1908—Continued.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	Less than \$20 per month.		No. teach- ers who receive not less than \$20 nor more than \$25 per month.		Not less than \$26 nor more than \$30 per month.		Not less than \$31 nor more than \$35 per month.		Not less than \$36 nor more than \$40 per month.		Not less than \$41 nor more than \$45 per month.		Not less than \$46 nor more than \$50 per month.		More than \$50 per month.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
	Florence							4	3	1	5					
Fond du Lac			7		59	4	57	3	27	4	22	3	6	7	3	9
Forest					1	6		6	40	9			11	5	7	3
Grant			13	11	103	4	93	4	4	2	39	6	15	15	32	
Green			2		9	4	48	4	51	7	31	5	11	9	7	
Green Lake	4	4	23	3	25	13		1	6			1	2	6	3	
Iowa			13	2	60	1	15		20	3	12	3	7	9	2	
Iron								1	9		18		11	5	11	
Jackson			1	2	23	3	57	3	25		18		5	5	5	
Jefferson			11		43	3	62	4	3	30	3	10	2	8	11	17
Juneau					52	2	52	1	23	1	12	1	10	8	10	
Kenosha					5	18			13	1	23		6	6	5	
Kewaunee		1	1		7	1	14	2	15	7	5	10	3	13	5	
La Crosse			2		29	1	23	1	18	1	9	2	3	2	5	
Lafayette			1		30	1	43	3	47	6	23		4	13	9	
Lafayette					2	1	35		29		8		2	3	2	
Langlade					2	3	40	3	21		5		4	1	3	
Lincoln					5	5		5	1	27	2	33	8	38	42	43
Manitowoc	2				57	5	71	5	14	4	12	1	6	11	4	
Marathon			12		57	5	71	4	41	1	15	2	19	4	5	
Marquette					43	3	17	1	10		1		7	3	4	
Marquette			5										2	7	3	
Milwaukee					1	5	5	12	16	1	31		6	27		
Monroe	9	3	67		1	53	3	20	23	1	21		20	13	2	
Oconto					12		41	5	30	4	9		5	9	4	
Oncida					10		21	1	14	2	19	2	1		4	
Outagamie			3		58		53	2	28	3	7	1	4		4	
Outagamie									25	4	24	3	8	18	4	
Pepin					19		16		14	2	4	1	2	11	4	
Pierce					5		25	3	70	5	23	3	25	10	13	
Polk					4		15	5	59	4	37	2	7	9	7	
Portage	5	2	50	1	55		23	3	6	1	3		6	6	5	
Price					3		36	3	22	2	21	1	11	6	5	
Price			1		17		17	1	1	13			15	4	11	
Racine			3		35	9	35	7	24	6	11	1	10	11	23	
Richland					3	70	4	61	1	21	1	24		13	9	11
Rock	4		38		1	5	32	6	23	2	21		2	7		
Rusk					5	1	3	6	63	4	23	1	14	12	22	
St. Croix					25	2	32	4	52	2	21		8	12	11	
Sauk					2	12	2	15	3	7	2	10	2	10	2	
Sawyer					6		16	6	33	4	32	11	17	11	6	
Shawano			2		3	11	5	42	4	32	4	23	4	23	15	23
Sheboygan			1		24	1	25		23	2	23	1	11	4	5	
Taylor					36	3	34	5	27	2	13	2	12	9	19	
Trempealeau			4		2	52	6	79	8	30	6	28	1	6	5	
Vernon			9		2				1	3	13	1	14	5	5	
Vilas																
Walworth	7		41		39	1	31		25		22		11	17		
Walworth					5	1	33	2	29		11		3	3	4	
Washburn					7	2	32	2	19	5	11	10	13	17	12	
Washington					7	2	32	2	19	5	11	10	13	17	12	
Waukesha			1		7	2	22	4	31	2	31	4	27	11	7	
Waupaca					7	0	3		40	5	37	1	2	8	9	
Waushara	6	2	51	2	30		25		17		22	1	3	4	5	
Waushara					35				49		16		6	1	6	3
Winnebago					19				30	1	31	2	7	14	7	6
Wood																
Totals	37	19	193	30	1739	145	134	138	1973	168	1197	153	625	345	573	

WAGES PAID FOR TEACHERS IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The following table will show at a glance the average wages of teachers, the number of teachers—male and female, total enrollment of pupils and total number of teachers employed for the past twenty-two years. These statistics are compiled from the reports sent to this department by the county superintendents of schools. Some apparent discrepancies will be noted in the column "Total number of teachers employed." These apparent discrepancies can be accounted for in part at least from the fact that county superintendents during certain years have made special efforts in their superintendent districts to have the teachers engaged by the year. In many school districts throughout the state as many as three teachers are employed during the year, one for the fall, one for the winter term and another one for the spring term. Certain county superintendents have, especially in years past, made strong efforts to break up this system, or rather lack of system on the part of school boards and the differences may to some extent at least be accounted for on this ground.

COMPARISONS OF AVERAGE WAGES.

Number of teachers and enrollments of pupils in counties outside of cities under city superintendents from 1855 to 1908, inclusive.

Years.	Av. wages male teachers.	Av. wages female teachers.	Number male teachers.	Number female teachers.	Total enrollment pupils between 4 and 20 years of age.	Total number of teachers employed.
1855	\$44 75	\$28 20	2,276	7,504	259,372	9,800
1883	42 64	28 15	2,214	7,718	238,351	9,920
1837	42 25	27 58	2,224	7,848	232,214	8,852
1888	43 94	28 91	2,309	7,818	265,477	10,123
1889	44 50	29 00	2,216	8,273	271,033	10,489
1890	43 50	29 00	2,222	8,302	273,531	10,524
1891	44 96	29 65	1,158	8,549	271,837	10,678
1892	45 00	29 40	2,037	8,443	276,325	10,532
1893	48 70	29 48	2,073	8,478	275,800	10,481
1894	No av.	reported	2,081	8,351	283,717	10,432
1895	44 63	29 78	2,107	7,772	309,257	10,079
1896	47 01	31 02	2,176	7,712	298,530	9,883
1897	44 50	30 38	2,218	7,582	303,614	9,830
1898	41 00	29 57	2,333	7,434	308,574	9,800
1899	41 87	29 78	2,247	7,493	314,150	9,745
1900	43 84	31 79	2,076	8,123	316,465	10,202
1901	47 99	32 67	1,908	8,284	316,157	10,192
1902	50 93	33 19	1,819	8,485	321,607	10,304
1903	52 45	34 11	1,690	8,649	321,054	10,333
1904	51 50	35 26	1,555	8,704	322,142	10,259
1906	58 87	38 65	1,510	8,919	323,416	10,427
1907	62 34	39 75	1,397	9,174	313,928	10,571
1908	64 27	40 81	1,291	9,290	312,338	10,581

EARLY SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN—OPENING DATES.

James (or Jacques) Porlier taught a school at Green Bay in 1791. This man was probably the first professional teacher in charge of school work in Wisconsin. In 1817 a garrison school was organized at Prairie du Chien (Fort Crawford) and maintained for many years. The first school house in southwestern Wisconsin was built at Mineral Point in 1830; the second at Platteville in 1833. The first Kindergarten school officially connected with any state Normal School in the United States was opened at Oshkosh in 1880. Township system of school government provided for by the Laws of 1869. Free High Schools provided for by laws of 1875. The first Kindergarten school in Wisconsin was opened in Milwaukee, first ward in 1872 with 70 pupils. Farmers' Institutes provided for by the legislature of 1885. The bill was introduced by Hon. Charles E. Estabrook, now a resident of Milwaukee. First school in Milwaukee, 1834, sustained by S. Juneau for his children, Dr. Heth, teacher; first high school in Milwaukee (private), 1841; first public school in Milwaukee opened in second ward, fall of 1836, Edward West, teacher (claimed to be first public school in state); Janesville Academy, 1845; Southport (Kenosha) first free public school, 1845; School D st. No. 1, town of Fond du Lac (Franklin school dist.), 1847; five ward schools, Milwaukee, 648 pupils (av. attendance, 355), school population 2,128, 1847; St. Clara's Academy, opened at Benton in 1847 and transferred to Sinsinawa Mound in 1867; Nashotah House, Nashotah, 1847; Milwaukee College (women's), 1848; German and English Academy, Milwaukee, 1850; State University, Madison, 1850; St. Francis Sem'nary Milwaukee, 1856; School for the Blind, established at Janesville, as a private enterprise by the citizens of that place, 1849, but adopted and afterwards supported by the state, Feb. 9th, 1850; Lawrence University, Appleton, opened Nov. 12, 1849; Beloit College, opened Nov. 4, 1849; Ripon College, opened spring of 1853; Milton College, organized as an academy, 1844; as a college, March 13, 1867; Downer College, Fox Lake, opened Sept., 1856; Milwaukee Downer, located at Milwaukee, since consolidated with Milwaukee (women's) College; Carroll College, incorporated as an academy Feb. 19, 1841; as a college, Jan. 31, 1846; Wayland Academy, Beaver Dam, opened 1855; Kemper Hall, Kenosha, opened 1871; University School, Kenosha, founded 1889.

SCHOOL STATISTICS.

CITIES UNDER CITY SUPERINTENDENTS, 1907-1908.

CITIES.	CHILDREN RESIDING IN CITY.		ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS.			Average attendance of all pupils.
	Number between 4 and 20.	Number between 7 and 14.	Number between 4 and 20 who have attended public schools.	No. between 7 and 14 who attended public school 32 weeks or more.	No. between 7 and 14 who attended private school 32 weeks or more.	
Antigo	2,577	1,276	1,608	845	373	1,275
Appleton	5,622	2,523	2,700	1,400	978	2,165
Ashland	4,718	2,277	2,522	1,491	783	1,975.
Baraboo	1,475	637	1,356	.....	.....	1,119
Beaver Dam	1,872	855	943	548	301	745
Beloit	4,432	2,028	3,252	1,594	28	2,547
Berlin	1,582	693	877	437	251	656
Broadhead	331	181	330	190	.....	286
Chippewa Falls	3,471	1,773	1,477	989	581	1,241
Columbus	673	331	533	235	65	465
De Pere	845	375	211	128	228	192
Evau Claire	6,931	2,903	3,981	2,191	408	3,453
Fond du Lac	5,746	3,105	3,400	2,371	438	2,410
Grand Rapids	2,260	1,102	1,445	1,231	238	1,120
Green Bay	7,711	3,714	3,672	2,288	1,421	2,837
Hudson	911	412	691	457	118	579
Janesville	4,062	1,810	2,570	1,473	310	2,081
Kaukauna	2,137	.....	719	.....	589	537
Kenosh	5,301	2,700	2,464	1,831	837	2,183
Ladysmith	583	273	518	.....	.....	378
La Crosse	9,938	4,614	4,739	3,213	833	3,888
Lake Geneva	1,022	481	831	458	.....	622
Madison	6,176	3,221	3,810	2,277	3	3,153
Marinette	6,175	2,771	3,281	1,973	759	2,713
Marshfield	2,247	1,033	922	505	715	731
Mellen	454	213	458	222	.....	343
Menasha	2,422	1,181	721	403	692	531
Mequon	1,832	1,024	1,433	711	191	1,152
Merrill	3,341	1,539	1,839	873	704	1,417
Milwaukee	107,836	47,101	47,881	.....	.....	37,150
Mineral Point	922	282	639	331	99	555
Monroe	1,175	667	1,119	670	.....	908
Nenah	1,851	875	1,301	784	97	1,099
New London	1,673	502	535	201	301	383
Oconomowoc	952	401	781	395	43	655
Oconto	2,143	1,033	1,038	537	515	879
Onaska	371	173	181	165	.....	236
Oshkosh	19,122	4,522	4,881	2,781	1,700	3,877
Peshigo	737	327	591	250	68	457
Portage	1,719	813	1,024	443	171	800
Prairie du Chien	954	639	522	391	191	398
Racine	11,072	4,633	5,711	3,491	1,136	4,938
Reedsburg	839	343	625	308	40	502
Rhineland	1,881	1,082	1,283	796	283	876
Rice Lake	1,199	678	984	550	133	744
Ripon	771	319	638	330	68	544
Schoygan	8,715	4,015	3,981	2,307	1,600	3,021
So. Milwaukee	1,357	814	742	413	452	581
Stanley	978	499	842	338	.....	642
Stevens Point	3,271	1,411	1,541	674	719	1,107
Stoughton	1,377	667	1,293	623	.....	977
Sturgeon Bay	1,333	609	835	453	140	717
Superior	8,870	4,279	6,611	3,275	751	5,157
Tomahawk	917	330	751	433	.....	570

SCHOOL STATISTICS—Continued.
CITIES UNDER CITY SUPERINTENDENTS, 1907-1908.

CITIES.	CHILDREN RESIDING IN CITY.		ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOLS.			
	Number between 4 and 20.	Number between 7 and 14.	Number between 4 and 20 who have attended public schools.	No. between 7 and 14 who attended public school 32 weeks or more.	No. between 7 and 14 who attended private school 32 weeks or more.	Average attendance of all pupils.
Two Rivers	1,740	742	607	267	465	424
Viroqua	612	282	571	236	.....	503
Washburn	1,591	770	1,108	803	351	821
Watertown	3,474	1,671	1,158	811	650	932
Waukesha	2,150	1,006	1,405	1,100	241	1,205
Waupaca	750	419	718	302	.....	528
Waupun	676	312	595	.....	.....	455
Wausau	5,835	2,822	3,448	2,202	614	2,785
Wauwatosa	1,054	508	770	508	133	624
West Allis	1,231	639	811	478	156	607
White Water	735	341	623	336	.....	493
Totals.....	292,050	132,053	151,902	59,271	23,592	120,101

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN.

There are 271 free and 14 independent high schools now organized, all except 3 of these having a four years' course of study. Twenty-eight of these schools are what are distinguished as town free high schools; that is, the high school district includes all the territory in one or more towns. These schools do not differ from the ordinary district free high schools so far as educational opportunities are concerned, but the town free high school is by law entitled to receive state aid to the extent of one-half the amount expended for instruction, no matter what that amount may be, while the district free high schools are limited to a maximum of \$500, no matter what amount may be expended, the apportionment made in 1908 being \$371.29; in 1907, \$401.28; in 1906, \$358.62; in 1905, \$371.04; in 1904, \$400.22. This is owing to the fact that the number of schools, the number of high school teachers and the wages constantly increase. The principals and assistants in these schools must have high and approved educational qualifications. The number of teachers employed for the year ending June 30, 1906, in free high schools having four years' course of study, was male 412, female 756, a total of 1,168; the pupils enrolled, male 10,034 females 14,059, a total of 24,092. The preponderance of girls over the number of boys in the high school work is quite noticeable. But 195 of these pupils are over 20 years of age. The average daily attendance in the schools was 82; the pupils studying English branches only, 13,641; the pupils in German 6,424; in Latin 4,447; in both German and

Latin 1,727. The number reported as studying Greek 22. The expense of instruction in German alone was \$51,287; for Latin \$55,671. The number of graduates in 1906 was—male 1,144, females 1,964, a total of 3,108; in 1908—males 1,250; females 2,481, a total of 3,731. The large increase in the number of persons graduating from the high schools in 1908 over the number graduating in 1906 is probably due to what is known as the town tuition law. This law enables a boy or girl not a resident of the free high school district to attend a free high school, the town in which such person resides paying the tuition therefor, at a rate of not exceeding \$2 per month. It is evident that a large number of young people throughout the state have taken advantage of this act of the Legislature and with the above highly satisfactory showing. While considerable opposition has developed on the part of town officers and in some cases the tax-payers throughout the town, it is not out of place to state that the maximum rate of \$2 per month is exceedingly low. It enables every town in the state to offer free high school advantages to its young people at a comparatively small cost. The statistics show that the average expense entailed upon each free high school district for the purpose of educating its own children is \$33.80 per capita. This expense does not include the cost of the buildings, the expenses for repairs, or any interest upon the investments. The number of non-resident pupils attending free high schools having a four year course of study reported for the year ending June 30, 1907, was 6,089; 1908, 6,709; the total amount reported received by the high schools for tuition \$112,754.12. The number of pupils enrolled in the first or freshman year is reported as 8,708; in the second or sophomore year 6,551; in the third year 4,899, and in the senior year 3,604. The number of high school districts furnishing free text books is 84. There are now but three three-year high schools in the state. The number of teachers employed—male 4, females 2; the enrollment—males 44, females 50, a total of 94. The number of graduates in 1908—male 19; females 19; non-resident pupils 35; the average rate of tuition \$1.87 per month; the total amount received for tuition \$653; the number of independent high schools 14. These are not under the direction or supervision of the state department. The number of teachers employed in such schools—males 94, females 155; enrollment for 1908—males 2,993, females 3,363, total of 6,356; with 52 over 20 years of age. The average daily attendance is 389. The number of graduates in 1908 was—males 310, females 452; non-resident pupils, 267; the average monthly rate of tuition charged \$3.14; the total amount received for tuition \$8,316.50. Four of these schools furnish free text books. Independent free high schools are at liberty to charge non-resident pupils any rate of tuition they may choose, while the rate paid free high schools is limited to \$2 per month. The independent high schools are located as a rule in the more populous cities.

INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEAR COURSES,
1907-1908.

LOCATION.	GRADU- ATES, 1907.		GRADU- ATES, THIS YEAR.		No. non- resident pupils during year.	Rate tuit.on non-res- idents per month.	Total amount received for tuition.
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.			
Kilbourn	6	5	3	6	22	.....	\$330 00
La Crosse	9	30	24	26	8	.....	\$2 40 173 00
Madison	49	57	34	42	40	.....	2 49 930 00
Manitowoc (North)	6	9	8	16	20	.....	2 00 376 50
Manitowoc (West)	3	9	9	7	4	.....	2 00 84 50
Menomonie	23	14	19	24	53	.....	3 00 1,285 50
Milwaukee (East)	30	47	39	65	17	.....	5 00 560 00
Milwaukee (West)	26	67	43	53	10	.....	5 00 250 00
Milwaukee (North)	11	23	30	27	17	.....	5 00
Milwaukee (South)	35	39	42	42	59	.....	5 00 2,500 00
Oshkosh	23	25	10	37	23	.....	1 00 230 00
Racine	23	30	13	50	.....	.....	4 00 1,532 00
Superior (Dewey)	5	11	5	11	.....	.....	2 00
Superior (Blaine)	23	35	31	34	.....	.....	3 00
Totals and averages	267	401	310	452	267	.....	\$3 14 \$8,316 50

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEAR COURSES, 1907-1903.

LOCATION.	Salary of the principal.	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Enrollment in high school.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			
Abbotsford	\$1,000 00	1	2	34	\$195 00	\$1,990 00	20	4	4	6	35	6	\$503 00
Albany	900 00	1	2	36	463 50	1,287 00	12	8	13	3	35	19	327 50
Algoma	1,200 00	1	2	91	600 00	2,400 00	32	23	18	18	80	31	481 50
Alma	1,000 00	1	1	52	495 00	1,495 00	18	17	9	8	46	8	139 50
Alma Center	800 00	1	1	22	450 00	1,250 00	12	6	3	1	19	8	105 00
Almond	675 00	1	1	31	405 00	1,039 00	18	4	4	5	25	15	218 00
Amery	1,030 00	1	1	39	540 00	1,510 00	16	10	7	6	32	15	244 00
Amherst	799 93	1	1	54	450 00	1,249 93	30	13	5	6	41	25	383 50
Antigo	1,500 00	4	7	291	686 00	8,460 00	95	102	59	35	260	63	1,065 50
Appleton	2,100 00	6	11	349	834 66	14,169 00	133	95	63	55	327	43	758 50
Arcadia	1,400 00	1	3	78	645 00	3,335 00	19	21	22	16	71	20	283 50
Argyle	900 00	2	1	62	540 00	1,930 00	28	12	14	8	52	23	383 00
Ashland	1,320 00	3	8	322	738 45	9,485 00	112	82	64	64	300	23	370 00
Athens	500 00	1	2	27	540 00	1,632 50	12	9	4	4	25	3	44 00
Augusta	1,200 00	2	3	98	600 00	3,000 00	31	27	25	15	82	30	430 00
Avoca	630 00	1	1	24	360 00	990 00	8	6	9	1	18	5	67 50
Baldwin	1,035 00	1	2	57	472 50	1,687 50	22	15	10	10	49	25	389 50
Bangor	1,090 00	1	2	39	472 50	1,472 50	12	7	9	11	35	16	288 00
Baraboo	2,000 00	3	7	245	700 00	8,000 00	78	72	65	30	207	67	717 00
Barren	1,150 00	2	2	118	610 00	3,070 00	52	38	17	11	102	48	675 00
Bayfield	1,500 00	2	2	54	594 00	4,470 00	23	12	10	9	44		
Beaver Dam	1,400 00	1	3	112	600 00	3,290 00	40	37	17	18	99	18	302 00
Belleville	1,000 00	1	2	40	510 00	2,080 00	16	8	12	4	39	19	321 00
Belmont	810 00	2	0	48	540 00	1,350 00	17	16	4	11	41	17	238 00
Beloit	1,800 00	5	8	405	718 12	10,777 50	153	106	95	54	334	48	795 00
Benton	900 00	2	0	38	585 00	1,485 00	14	9	10	5	35	1	9 00
Berlin	1,750 00	2	4	124	620 00	3,800 00	34	40	35	14	110	37	633 00
Brimmwood	785 00	1	1	40	450 00	1,215 00	14	13	0	4	32	16	220 50
Black Earth	950 00	1	1	53	500 00	1,450 00	21	12	12	8	47	12	192 00
Black Riv. Falls	1,500 00	2	4	159	588 00	4,410 00	49	31	45	34	145	54	1,035 00
Blair	1,035 00	1	2	75	540 00	2,115 00	28	18	15	14	69	27	429 00

Blanchardville	900 00	2	0	44	652 70	1,552 50	18	14	7	5	30	14	227 50
Bloomer	1,000 00	1	1	56	495 00	1,495 00	17	15	13	8	53	20	331 00
Bloomington	855 00	1	1	95	540 00	2,475 00	39	22	16	18	85	53	720 00
Boscobel	1,200 00	1	3	101	508 75	2,723 25	50	20	18	13	82	21	351 50
Boyd	720 00	1	1	18	450 00	1,170 00	12	4	.....	2	15	4	54 00
Brandon	850 00	1	2	43	487 50	1,825 00	10	17	11	5	37	15	202 16
Brilliant	900 00	1	1	37	540 00	1,410 00	17	9	6	5	35	12	212 45
Bred lead	1,300 00	2	2	75	615 00	3,100 00	25	17	19	14	60	18	297 00
Burlington	1,200 00	1	4	113	500 73	3,598 75	48	30	22	13	104	42	307 00
Cadot	720 00	1	1	35	450 00	1,170 00	7	13	5	10	30	5	33 00
Cambria	855 00	1	2	32	461 25	1,777 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	8	140 00
Cambridge	900 00	1	2	40	486 00	1,872 00	10	13	11	6	38	17	576 00
Cashton	1,100 00	2	1	45	532 50	2,225 00	18	12	6	9	35	8	150 00
Cassville	950 00	1	2	42	495 00	1,950 00	15	11	8	8	33	10	150 00
Cedarburg	1,000 00	3	1	67	683 33	2,800 00	23	17	14	14	53	13	283 00
Chetek	735 00	1	1	51	450 00	1,315 00	20	17	7	7	43	20	310 00
Chilton	1,400 00	1	4	100	626 25	3,905 00	37	30	13	17	87	43	.....
Chippewa Falls	1,200 00	4	9	203	607 50	9,570 00	84	61	35	25	170	21	378 00
Clinton	1,200 00	2	1	59	585 00	2,370 00	21	13	17	8	51	24	349 20
Clintonville	1,300 00	1	3	92	635 00	3,015 00	40	21	17	14	81	23	463 50
Cobb	855 00	1	2	25	360 00	1,575 00	8	9	1	7	22	5	197 00
Colby	900 00	1	2	55	532 50	2,025 00	20	22	8	5	48	12	198 00
Columbus	1,600 00	1	4	98	641 25	4,165 00	25	24	20	20	93	51	885 50
Crandu	1,000 00	1	3	53	555 00	2,715 00	19	17	8	9	43	.....	.....
Cub City	900 00	1	2	27	510 00	1,980 00	13	7	5	2	26	5	90 00
Cumberland	1,200 00	1	4	93	540 00	3,405 00	27	30	21	13	90	30	408 50
Darien	840 00	1	1	23	450 00	1,230 00	8	6	6	3	20	11	178 00
Darlington	1,500 00	2	3	103	730 00	3,720 00	32	28	26	17	94	33	510 00
Deerfield	1,000 00	1	2	62	517 50	1,765 00	14	18	20	10	55	30	531 00
De Forest	1,400 00	1	3	94	600 00	3,210 00	22	11	14	17	75	33	471 00
Delavan	1,500 00	2	3	98	585 00	3,840 00	37	36	20	5	83	10	233 50
De Pere	1,300 00	1	3	60	730 14	3,277 50	23	12	9	13	57	20	380 00
Dodgeville	1,400 00	4	2	189	700 00	4,900 00	78	41	43	27	138	65	1,620 00
Durand	1,200 00	1	2	83	510 00	2,280 00	29	20	21	16	60	30	580 00
Eagle River	1,100 00	1	2	47	532 50	2,225 00	22	17	6	2	42	9	160 00
East Troy	900 00	1	2	56	450 00	1,710 00	20	15	8	13	51	37	680 00
Eau Claire	1,850 00	5	14	563	651 72	13,531 00	235	130	97	71	474	51	781 00
Edgerton	1,400 00	1	4	128	588 12	3,672 50	37	38	23	27	117	53	980 00
Elkhorn	1,300 00	1	6	180	630 00	5,020 00	50	50	40	22	157	63	1,081 00
Elroy	1,300 00	2	3	121	707 50	3,790 00	40	38	30	15	111	33	618 00
Ellsworth	1,200 00	1	5	140	530 33	3,352 50	47	39	30	30	130	75	1,217 00
Evansville	1,400 00	2	3	120	633 75	3,955 00	35	33	28	33	120	45	782 00
Fairfield	1,000 00	.....	2	30	510 00	1,540 00	24	9	4	2	28	3	31 50
Fennimore	1,125 00	1	3	100	501 00	2,637 00	45	26	18	20	98	45	300 00

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEAR COURSES, 1907-1903—Continued.

LOCATION.	Salary of the principal	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Enrollment in high school.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			
Florence	1,330 00	1	3	53	695 00	3,295 09	17	20	13	6	9	4	76 00
Fond du Lac	1,530 00	5	10	372	782 14	12,450 00	124	102	86	60	335		1,400 50
Fort Atkinson	1,700 00	3	4	161	650 00	5,605 25	43	50	42	23	147		611 50
Fountain City	1,200 00	1	1	45	540 00	1,740 00	23	11	11		38	6	75 00
Fox Lake	950 00	1	2	39	546 25	2,042 50	12	9	8	10	34	7	120 50
Galesville	1,250 00	2	2	84	756 00	2,750 00	25	25	19	15	74		42 00
Glenbeulah	675 00	1	1	39	450 00	1,125 00	11	11	12	5	20	11	132 50
Glenwood	1,150 00	2	2	92	600 00	2,725 00	37	37	20	8	73	52	844 06
Grand Rapids	1,000 00	4	5	208	750 40	7,075 00	83	50	46	26	204	38	623 00
Grantsburg	855 00	1	2	52	540 00	1,710 00	25	17	5	5	44	17	258 00
Green Bay (east)	1,600 00	4	8	283	775 00	9,370 00	95	83	65	40	239	23	405 00
Green Bay (west)	1,250 00	3	6	175	775 00	6,240 00	72	41	28	34	150	11	247 00
Green Lake	765 00	2	1	20	318 75	1,402 50	9	8	7	5	28	7	123 00
Greenwood	1,000 00	2	2	59	495 00	1,990 00	20	20	12	7	57	34	408 00
Hammond	675 00	1	1	65	585 00	1,260 00	23	17	15	10	56	40	664 00
Hartford	1,400 00	1	5	162	757 00	4,546 25	39	53	49	21	140	116	2,016 00
Hayward	1,435 00	2	2	69	648 00	3,370 00	25	15	18	11	60	2	
Hazel Green	810 00	1	1	32	405 00	1,215 00	9	13	3	7	30	6	108 00
Highland	1,000 00	1	1	32	513 00	1,513 00	14	9	5	4	29	13	204 00
Hillsboro	1,125 00	1	2	50	540 00	2,205 00	22	11	16	1	44	16	232 00
Hixton	1,000 00	1	1	53	540 00	1,540 00	17	12	19	5	48	24	492 50
Horicon	1,300 00	1	3	82	583 33	3,050 00	31	15	25	11	71	42	723 50
Hortonville	810 00	1	1	51	540 00	1,350 00	14	15	14	8	46	20	360 00
Hudson	1,200 00	2	5	202	626 40	4,957 50	65	65	32	40	167	40	750 50
Humbird	720 00	1	1	18	495 00	1,215 00	9	2	5	2	17	3	54 00
Hurley	700 00	3	4	84	620 00	3,700 00	40	26	11	7	74	3	
Independence	742 50	1	1	28	450 00	1,192 50	8	9	4	7	10	11	102 00
Iola	810 00	1	2	39	517 50	1,815 00	11	10	11	4	34		
Iron River	1,125 00	1	9	32	562 50	2,250 00	12	12	5	3	23		
Janeville	2,200 00	7	7	404	815 10	12,794 97	150	120	74	60	352	89	1,775 50
Johnson Creek	700 00	1	1	26	495 00	1,195 00	10	6	4	6	20	8	133 00
Jefferson	1,500 00	2	2	93	630 00	3,480 00					87	23	430 00

Janeau	1,030 00	1	2	60	525 00	2,050 00	18	18	17	16	64	29	404 00
Kaukaunui	1,400 00	2	4	130	722 00	4,020 50	53	37	20	20	130	20	354 00
Kendall	720 00	1	1	42	450 00	1,170 00	13	12	9	8	32	15	398 00
Kehosaa	1,500 00	3	7	260	834 00	9,275 00	100	75	55	30	240	50	808 10
Kewakua	1,000 00	1	1	42	540 00	1,540 00	11	10	15	6	38	21	348 50
Kewaunee	1,200 00	2	2	81	750 00	2,900 00	28	30	9	14	75	15	305 50
Kiel	1,000 00	2	2	46	620 00	2,900 00	19	10	14	3	41	12	227 00
Ladysmith	1,170 00	1	3	58	540 00	2,790 00	23	15	11	9	46	13	172 00
La Farge	1,075 00	2	1	56	517 50	2,110 00	27	10	7	12	48	30	484 50
Lake Geneva	720 00	2	3	158	630 00	3,240 00	62	34	36	26	138	42	685 00
Lake Mills	1,300 00	1	13	107	555 00	3,065 00	38	25	20	14	94	26	554 00
Lancaster	1,600 00	1	5	167	828 00	4,750 00	48	61	30	28	147	49	715 50
Linden	735 00	1	2	39	352 50	1,417 50	11	5	11	12	35	3	51 00
Loli	1,300 00	2	3	119	528 75	3,415 00	30	35	27	18	103	59	981 00
Lone Rock	720 00	1	2	37	450 00	1,170 00	11	5	15	6	37	20	278 00
Loyal	810 00	1	1	54	360 00	1,530 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	49	15	482 50
Manawa	810 00	2	1	64	517 50	1,815 00	16	20	13	15	60	7	93 00
Manitowoc (Sou.)	1,670 00	3	1	66	800 00	4,050 00	19	23	12	12	55	20	383 00
Marinette	1,250 00	6	7	311	710 00	9,031 28	129	95	57	30	279	16	275 00
Marion	875 00	1	1	32	495 00	1,350 00	18	6	6	2	30	5	54 00
Markesan	900 00	1	2	45	510 00	1,950 00	18	9	8	10	38	10	255 00
Marshall	1,000 00	1	2	35	450 00	1,920 00	8	15	3	9	31	6	108 00
Marshfield	1,750 00	2	5	144	637 84	5,835 00	55	39	24	26	126	28	500 50
Mauston	1,000 00	1	4	118	540 00	2,360 00	56	30	30	12	101	45	742 00
Mayville	1,400 00	2	3	73	750 00	3,175 00	28	23	11	11	58	16	254 00
Mazomanie	1,300 00	1	2	92	572 50	2,425 00	25	25	32	10	82	20	301 00
Medford	1,200 00	2	5	118	531 00	3,955 00	55	28	22	13	92	47	750 50
Mellen	1,000 00	1	1	44	585 00	2,170 00	21	12	4	7	37	7	31 00
Melrose	810 00	1	1	35	450 00	1,230 00	20	9	.....	.....	29	8	96 50
Measha	1,800 00	2	5	78	633 33	5,600 00	39	19	10	10	68	.....	.....
Menomonee Falls	1,100 00	2	2	96	576 00	2,860 00	33	26	21	16	86	68	1,096 00
Merrill	1,200 00	3	7	283	635 00	7,185 00	105	85	47	46	247	26	194 00
Merrill n	900 00	1	1	33	675 00	1,575 00	11	7	9	5	30	11	198 00
Midleton	900 00	1	1	41	510 00	1,440 00	15	10	10	7	35	.....	.....
Milton	810 00	1	3	69	450 00	1,830 00	27	16	16	10	60	27	481 00
Milton Junction	1,050 00	1	3	52	472 50	2,437 50	19	12	14	7	44	12	194 00
Mineral Point	1,500 00	3	2	150	765 00	4,530 00	57	43	24	23	135	30	519 50
Minocqua	900 00	1	2	36	652 50	2,295 00	11	9	9	7	29	6	108 00
Mondovi	1,370 00	2	2	87	630 00	3,240 00	40	18	25	4	71	27	385 00
Monroe	1,500 00	2	5	190	622 00	5,235 00	70	49	40	31	182	35	593 00
Montello	1,030 00	1	2	40	585 00	2,170 00	12	13	9	6	35	7	127 00
Montfort	1,000 00	1	2	68	511 50	2,023 00	10	18	20	11	60	20	321 50
Mosinee	720 00	1	1	20	450 00	1,170 00	7	7	4	2	18	7	128 00
Mt. Hope	675 00	0	2	42	405 00	1,080 00	18	6	3	5	27	4	.....

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEAR COURSES, 1907-1908—Continued.

LOCATION	Salary of the principal.	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Enrollment in high school.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			
Mt. Horeb	1,000 00	1	3	103	495 00	1,445 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	45	712 00
Mukwanago	950 00	1	2	51	451 25	2,900 00	22	23	11	7	45	32	682 10
Muscoda	900 00	1	1	33	450 00	1,350 00	13	10	10	3	32	8	114 00
Necedah	900 00	1	2	51	450 00	1,800 00	22	13	11	5	41	8	103 00
Neenah	1,800 00	2	3	155	710 00	4,350 00	77	37	20	21	138	19	380 00
Nellsville	1,400 00	1	5	127	603 00	4,415 00	43	36	23	17	111	38	1,115 00
New Holstein	80. 00	1	1	7	550 00	1,350 00	12	13	8	4	35	9	161 00
New Lisbon	1,250 00	1	3	55	503 00	2,780 00	15	14	14	12	52	19	850
New London	1,200 00	2	3	91	532 50	3,450 00	31	23	12	20	77	34	607 00
New Richmond	1,830 00	2	7	255	649 60	6,974 75	78	77	61	33	221	131	2,258 50
North Crandon	900 00	1	1	14	535 00	1,485 00	3	2	5	4	13	.....	.....
Norwalk	675 00	1	1	23	450 00	1,125 00	13	7	8	5	23	.....	151 00
Onkfield	850 00	1	5	51	450 00	1,750 00	22	11	13	8	49	10	180 00
Oconomowoc	1,000 00	2	6	164	635 71	6,050 00	71	38	20	23	141	81	1,360 00
Oconto	1,800 00	1	7	120	615 75	4,362 52	60	44	32	24	143	24	408 00
Oconto Falls	1,100 00	2	2	49	630 25	2,112 50	29	7	13	9	40	22	392 40
Omro	1,000 00	2	3	103	500 00	2,765 00	51	23	19	10	90	49	774 50
Onalaska	1,030 00	1	2	61	472 50	1,945 00	18	15	14	14	54	22	380 50
Ontario	750 00	1	1	21	495 00	1,215 00	9	9	3	3	16	9	123 00
Oregon	1,030 00	1	2	60	495 00	1,930 00	17	14	18	11	55	37	612 50
Osceola	675 00	1	2	50	517 50	1,710 00	25	12	11	11	53	31	457 00
Palmyra	900 00	1	2	73	470 00	1,940 00	23	30	12	10	75	43	450 00
Pardeeville	750 00	1	1	38	500 00	1,250 00	10	11	8	.....	35	6	100 00
Park Falls	1,000 00	1	2	31	472 50	1,617 00	9	10	8	.....	23	2	35 00
Patch Grove	755 00	1	1	17	450 00	1,215 00	7	6	4	.....	15	2	34 00
Pepin	765 00	1	1	37	495 00	1,230 00	10	6	13	.....	32	14	205 00
Peshigo	1,000 00	1	2	61	551 25	2,102 50	27	15	13	6	57	6	89 00
Pewaukee	900 00	1	2	41	475 00	1,820 00	18	15	5	3	22	14	133 66
Phillips	1,125 00	2	3	64	525 00	2,700 00	34	18	4	3	54	9	133 00
Pittsville	720 00	1	1	35	450 00	1,170 00	13	9	6	.....	23	7	114 00
Plainfield	1,100 00	1	3	53	540 00	2,720 00	22	12	12	7	44	19	282 00

Platteville	1,500 00	3	3	133	504 00	4,470 00	62	31	29	8	117	23	224 80
Plymouth	1,400 00	3	4	153	674 87	5,448 00	44	49	42	31	151	82	1,031 60
Portage	1,700 00	1	6	201	671 63	5,850 00	69	52	45	44	179	43	837 00
Potosi	900 00	1	1	33	450 00	1,340 00	15	5	7	9	34	17	205 00
Port Washington	1,500 00	1	1	77	625 00	2,850 00	29	19	13	13	69	39	718 00
Poynette	1,150 00	1	2	63	519 93	2,190 00	22	17	15	12	57	27	438 00
Prairie du Sac	1,175 00	1	2	62	540 00	2,255 00	22	19	10	11	54	18	275 00
Prairie du Sac	900 00	1	3	63	555 00	2,595 00	28	9	14	13	61	33	641 20
Prentiss	1,150 00	1	1	21	450 00	1,530 00	5	9	7	.....	19	5	216 00
Prescott	1,000 00	1	2	42	675 00	2,350 00	16	15	8	3	31	9	162 00
Princeton	855 00	1	2	42	522 50	1,900 00	21	13	3	5	33	14	215 00
Randolph	950 00	1	2	60	450 00	1,850 00	25	13	11	8	50	25	381 50
Reedburg	1,500 00	2	5	149	643 51	4,793 50	53	42	28	21	133	59	822 00
Rewey	675 00	1	1	49	517 50	1,192 50	17	13	6	8	45	20	351 00
Rhineland	1,600 00	1	5	171	594 00	4,370 00	62	17	23	21	137	4	72 00
Rib Lake	1,000 00	1	2	45	517 50	2,035 00	21	12	3	9	34	13	179 75
Rice Lake	1,300 00	2	4	163	661 40	4,607 50	61	50	31	20	143	44	670 00
Richland Center	1,450 00	2	4	181	574 00	4,320 00	69	61	30	29	159	83	1,354 00
Ripon	1,000 00	1	4	92	675 00	3,725 00	31	21	19	15	81	17	325 50
River Falls	1,650 00	2	4	159	639 50	4,817 50	69	32	29	22	123	69	915 10
Rosendale	900 00	1	1	46	450 00	1,350 00	14	14	11	7	43	21	357 50
Sauk City	1,000 00	2	1	38	510 00	2,080 00	15	13	6	1	33	13	230 00
Seneca	810 00	1	2	57	461 00	1,725 00	23	20	10	1	43	11	128 00
Sextonville	800 00	1	1	37	495 00	1,295 00	10	10	9	8	34	23	421 00
Seymour	1,000 00	2	1	65	617 50	2,235 00	26	17	12	10	53	29	513 50
Sharon	1,050 00	2	3	59	512 02	2,585 75	12	21	11	12	48	21	313 00
Shawano	1,300 00	1	3	103	585 00	3,655 00	39	27	20	22	95	37	642 00
Sheboygan	1,600 00	5	7	307	830 00	10,425 00	114	97	57	39	277	47	882 00
Sheboygan Falls	1,300 00	1	3	73	625 00	2,550 00	24	18	17	14	64	20	350 00
Shell Lake	1,000 00	1	2	45	540 00	2,030 00	14	17	5	9	27	11	150 00
Shullsburg	1,025 00	1	2	70	617 50	2,261 00	21	22	16	11	66	16	304 00
Soldiers Grove	1,000 00	1	2	47	495 00	1,990 00	16	9	13	9	38	23	331 00
South Milwaukee	1,350 00	2	3	85	605 00	3,772 50	28	11	15	25	72	21	422 50
South Wayne	855 00	1	0	21	.....	855 00	11	10	.....	.....	20	3	50 00
Sparta	1,700 00	3	5	227	775 00	6,200 00	70	62	59	38	299	100	1,027 80
Spooner	810 00	1	2	45	472 50	1,755 00	21	15	5	4	32	13	116 00
Spring Green	1,080 00	1	2	48	510 00	2,120 00	16	8	15	9	44	23	372 00
Spring Valley	1,000 00	1	2	65	532 50	2,125 00	29	14	19	13	57	35	500 50
St. Croix Falls	1,100 00	1	2	44	522 50	2,225 00	13	8	13	7	49	29	361 00
Stanley	1,300 00	4	3	92	594 00	2,828 00	35	27	17	13	81	40	759 00
Stevens Point	1,890 00	2	6	161	765 42	4,555 50	53	37	33	29	95	12	213 00
Stockbridge	720 00	1	1	27	450 00	1,170 00	9	6	10	2	242	11	239 50
Stoughton	1,700 00	3	6	229	623 57	6,335 00	73	80	41	35	206	67	1,183 50
Sturgeon Bay	1,650 00	1	5	155	613 01	4,225 00	51	33	25	23	141	51	931 50

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEAR COURSES, 1907-1908—Continued.

LOCATION.	Salary of the principal.	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Enrollment in high school.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			
Sun Prairie	1,200 00	1	3	70	555 10	2,665 00	21	16	16	17	65	27	483 00
Thorpe	765 00	1	1	45	510 00	1,305 00	16	29	8	1	41	11	144 00
Tigerton	800 00	1	1	27	540 00	1,310 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	2	27 00
Tomah	1,350 00	3	4	200	616 10	4,820 50	74	63	38	25	182	51	773 00
Tomahawk	1,350 00	2	4	103	621 00	4,455 00	43	32	18	16	93	14	240 00
Trempealeau	810 00	1	1	34	495 00	1,300 00	8	13	13	0	23	10	308 00
Two Rivers	1,550 00	2	3	65	631 25	4,075 00	34	17	11	3	59	9	127 50
Union Grove	720 00	1	2	69	571 50	1,833 00	18	21	22	8	66	34	722 00
Verona	1,000 00	1	1	49	540 00	1,540 00	18	9	9	13	43	11	200 50
Viola	795 00	1	1	51	585 00	1,350 00	26	10	9	6	44	21	335 00
Viroqua	1,500 00	4	4	187	617 00	5,167 00	65	53	40	29	169	105	1,893 00
Waldo	810 00	0	2	60	540 00	1,350 00	13	20	15	12	56	37	642 00
Walworth	870 00	1	2	58	517 50	1,885 00	22	15	14	7	54	34	868 93
Washburn	1,500 00	2	4	139	675 00	4,315 00	62	27	33	14	95	3	.....
Waterford	730 00	1	2	40	581 88	1,923 75	13	9	8	7	35	15	285 00
Waterloo	1,000 00	1	3	73	537 00	2,417 50	24	16	22	11	61	17	264 50
Watertown	1,890 00	4	4	231	750 00	6,150 00	80	67	59	57	235	35	614 00
Waukesha	1,850 00	4	6	264	705 00	8,195 00	105	81	43	30	234	87	1,551 50
Waunakee	1,250 00	1	1	43	675 00	1,925 00	19	14	6	4	165	12	216 00
Waupaca	1,100 00	2	4	159	572 00	4,200 00	56	53	28	19	146	47	317 00
Waupun	760 00	1	3	92	557 50	2,432 50	33	16	18	25	88	20	65 00
Wausau	1,900 00	5	14	367	729 74	13,028 75	161	88	60	58	297	20	282 00
Wausaukee	1,050 00	1	2	22	450 00	1,525 00	15	4	2	1	21	.....	.....
Wautoma	1,100 00	1	4	41	478 12	3,015 00	24	7	2	8	36	12	202 00
Wauwatosa	2,190 00	2	5	150	675 00	4,766 88	59	49	31	35	144	41	793 00
West Allis	1,350 00	1	5	59	687 50	3,035 00	31	14	9	5	49	16	289 50
West Bend	1,400 00	2	2	112	642 83	3,330 00	31	30	18	28	103	60	1,043 50
West De Pere	1,030 00	1	3	63	555 00	2,665 00	27	10	12	14	57	12	210 00
Westfield	720 00	1	2	60	472 50	1,665 00	18	18	15	9	51	15	237 00
West Salem	1,050 00	1	3	57	517 50	2,622 50	19	13	17	14	54	17	306 00
Weyauwega	1,000 00	1	2	68	472 50	1,945 00	22	16	15	15	57	22	396 00

Whitehall	900 00	1	2	69	438 75	1,777 50	20	27	12	10	53	31	620 60
Whitewater	1,800 00	1	6	162	653 00	5,700 00	63	33	33	25	143	46	794 50
Wilmot	700 00	1	1	49	450 00	1,150 00	23	20	4	5	40	26	399 00
Wilton	720 00	1	1	40	495 00	1,175 00	10	15	7	8	38	7	123 00
Winneconne	1,000 00	1	2	69	495 00	1,990 00	30	15	14	10	64	14	252 00
Wittenberg	900 00	1	2	51	495 00	1,890 00	17	18	10	6	44	20	608 00
Wonewoc	1,100 00	1	2	48	517 50	2,135 00	20	11	13	4	43	15	237 50
Totals and av....	\$1,120 74	412	756	24,246	\$565 34	\$814,023 58	8,775	6,551	4,936	3,646	81.0	6,700	\$112,754.05

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING THREE YEAR COURSE, 1907-1908.

LOCATION.	Salary of the principal.	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Enrollment in high school.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.			
Friendship	675 00	1	0	21	.....	675 00	4	3	14	0	17	7	\$125 00
Oakwood	700 00	1	0	26	.....	700 00	10	8	8	0	22	12	240 00
Reeseville	630 00	1	1	28	290	630 60	9	12	7	0	24	12	198 00
Unity	648 00	1	1	23	405	648 00	10	5	8	0	18	4	90 00
Totals	663 25	4	2	94	.....	\$2,653 00	33	28	37	.....	20.2	35	\$653 00

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING THREE YEAR COURSES, 1907-1908.

Location.	Average daily attendance.	No. of days taught.	Pupils in English branches only.	Pupils in German.	Pupils in Latin.	Pupils in Greek.	Pupils in both Latin and German.	Pupils in both Latin and Greek.
Friendship	17	130	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oakwood	23	198	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reeseville	24	175	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Unity	18	180	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	20.2	733	94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS.

Chapter 439, laws of 1901, provides for a classification of the graded schools of this state into first and second classes. The legislature also made an appropriation of \$120,000, to be annually given as a special aid for these schools, provided they comply with the general provisions of the law. The state graded school of the first class must have at least three separate departments, maintained for at least nine months during the year, with an average daily attendance of not less than fifteen in each of the departments in the case of schools of the second class, and at least three departments in schools of the first class. The principal of the school of the first class must have some form of state certificate, one assistant may hold a third grade certificate, one assistant may hold a second grade certificate, and all other assistants must hold either a first grade county certificate or some form of state certificate. Chapter 374 laws of 1907, requires that in all cases where the principal of a second class school holds a first grade county certificate or a certificate of higher grade he must have to his credit at least one year of successful experience in teaching in the public schools of this state, and if a second grade county certificate is the qualification of the principal, two years' successful experience is necessary. The assistant may be qualified with a third grade county certificate only, but in this case one year of successful teaching is required. The school buildings, grounds and accessories must be free from unsanitary features and the equipment in the matter of seats, furniture and apparatus must be good and sufficient to meet the demands of pupils enrolled. The law also provides that two graded school inspectors shall be appointed by the state superintendent. It is the duty of these officers to visit these schools at least once during each year, to advise with the teachers and members of the school board with reference to the existing conditions, and recommend such things in the way of equipment, etc., as may be necessary to bring the school up to the required standard. The law provides that graded schools of the first class may receive special aid to the amount of \$300, while those of the second class may receive \$200. It is also provided that should the sum of \$120,000 be insufficient to enable the state superintendent to apportion the maximum amount to each school, the apportionment shall be made pro rata. The following tables will show some of the statistics in detail:

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908.

FIRST CLASS.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Ableman	4	60	53	113	48	44	92	\$1,647 00	\$943 66	\$2,590 66
Abrams	3	65	50	115	40	33	73	1,314 00	1,605 25	2,920 25
Amberg	3	53	61	114	34	29	63	1,485 00	1,296 83	2,781 83
Antigo	3	61	51	112	39	33	72	1,215 00	946 08	2,161 08
Apolonia	3	54	43	102	33	28	61	1,158 00	370 29	1,527 29
Arbor Vitae ..	5	124	160	284	88	103	191	2,700 00	1,250 64	3,950 64
Arena	4	43	53	96	33	42	75	1,715 00	355 88	2,071 88
Bagley	4	57	47	104	43	36	79	1,414 25	698 90	2,113 15
Balsam Lake ..	3	34	45	79	24	20	54	1,200 00	1,418 58	2,618 58
Baraboo	3	40	53	102	39	41	80	1,375 00	721 16	2,118 16
Barneveld ...	3	50	44	94	34	31	65	1,368 00	300 45	1,758 45

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

FIRST CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Birchwood ..	4	61	73	142	41	51	92	\$1,710 00	\$916 87	\$2,626 87
Black Creek ..	3	72	67	141	49	43	97	1,183 00	731 50	1,914 50
Brooklyn ..	4	63	74	141	62	57	119	1,895 25	1,535 40	3,430 71
Bruce ..	6	125	114	239	73	81	155	2,535 00	3,375 58	5,940 58
Butternut ..	6	127	112	237	101	112	211	3,735 00	994 75	4,729 75
Camron ..	4	9	69	153	70	61	131	1,855 50	2,127 60	3,983 10
Camp's P. S. ..	2	45	45	90	33	33	66	1,110 00	1,110 00	2,220 00
Camp Douglas ..	4	89	85	174	61	66	130	1,725 00	530 23	2,314 23
Catawba ..	4	75	85	163	27	39	63	1,350 00	3,953 07	5,308 07
Cecil ..	3	71	51	107	45	42	87	1,335 00	670 31	2,074 34
Cedar Falls ..	3	45	44	89	40	35	75	1,170 00	631 19	1,851 19
Cedar Grove ..	3	40	30	8	30	26	5	1,089 00	511 78	1,614 78
Chelsea ..	3	30	28	67	30	19	49	1,395 00	421 72	1,818 72
Clear Lake ..	3	9	8	179	70	53	123	2,250 00	493 93	2,943 93
Colman ..	3	77	63	133	42	41	83	1,335 00	371 82	1,771 82
Colfax ..	5	91	99	190	.....	.....	.....	2,370 00	1,990 29	4,330 29
Commonwealth ..	4	8	8	151	34	61	127	2,105 00	1,555 20	3,630 20
Corliss ..	3	61	5	123	38	38	76	1,205 00	3,171 90	4,473 90
Cottage Grov. ..	3	36	41	89	21	32	56	1,002 50	615 84	1,618 34
Dallas ..	3	2	70	79	18	30	48	1,350 00	237 42	1,577 42
Deer Park ..	3	89	73	153	55	50	105	1,305 00	835 91	2,140 91
De Forest ..	3	56	54	110	33	34	67	1,551 25	1,008 38	2,550 13
De Soto ..	3	57	42	99	42	32	74	1,350 00	413 59	1,773 59
Dorchester ..	4	83	81	170	62	50	112	1,800 00	1,034 36	2,884 36
Downing ..	4	43	69	103	23	47	73	1,375 25	624 67	2,309 92
Downsville ..	3	50	66	113	30	42	72	1,625 00	1,172 93	2,337 93
Dunbar ..	6	89	89	178	61	53	110	3,033 55	1,751 02	4,737 57
Eagle ..	4	42	38	83	32	32	64	1,437 50	1,240 01	2,977 51
East Galle ..	3	49	63	115	35	50	85	1,323 00	455 81	1,783 81
Elgar ..	3	90	103	193	67	83	153	2,632 50	1,520 88	4,132 88
Elm ..	3	53	78	123	31	62	93	1,475 00	625 44	2,101 44
Elva ..	4	63	54	114	55	46	101	1,935 00	2,904 31	4,839 34
Elkhart ..	4	64	71	135	53	61	114	1,755 00	679 71	2,454 71
Elk Mound ..	3	46	56	102	32	29	61	1,440 00	1,221 12	2,531 12
Elmwood ..	4	88	70	158	61	50	114	1,875 25	995 00	2,872 25
Embarrass ..	3	50	44	94	33	30	63	1,237 50	891 71	2,039 21
Endeavor ..	3	69	72	132	48	53	101	1,180 00	836 13	2,016 13
Ettrick ..	3	50	47	97	35	39	75	1,327 50	5,039 01	6,416 51
Fall Creek ..	4	89	37	173	62	70	132	1,820 00	931 01	2,761 01
Fall River ..	4	87	63	153	61	49	110	1,539 00	1,200 97	2,730 97
Fernwood ..	3	60	65	125	49	53	102	1,830 00	1,043 73	2,843 73
Fifield ..	5	61	59	130	39	51	99	2,025 00	2,147 08	4,172 08
Fontana ..	4	54	45	99	.....	.....	77	1,755 00	1,655 11	3,410 11
Footville ..	3	41	41	82	27	30	57	1,305 00	392 07	1,693 07
Fredonia ..	3	45	33	81	39	26	53	1,417 50	414 70	1,832 20
Frederic ..	5	112	96	208	65	69	134	2,083 25	1,515 06	3,598 31
Gays Mills ..	3	52	85	137	29	53	85	1,507 50	851 48	2,448 98
Genoa Jet.	6	87	98	185	69	78	147	2,958 17	6,774 63	9,732 80
Glen Flora ..	4	76	85	161	32	57	89	1,935 00	670 65	2,605 65
Glidden ..	8	133	117	280	99	110	209	4,070 00	1,838 94	5,908 94
Grafton ..	3	59	58	117	46	47	93	1,650 00	1,142 63	2,792 63
Granton ..	4	51	54	105	38	41	79	1,463 00	621 82	2,084 82
Gratiot ..	4	76	67	143	54	57	111	1,800 00	1,109 86	2,909 86
Greenbush ..	3	35	37	72	23	29	57	1,215 00	323 05	1,548 05
Hackley ..	4	61	73	134	36	46	82	2,005 00	1,355 75	3,399 75
Hancock ..	4	81	83	170	42	53	98	1,830 00	3,237 89	10,157 89
Hartland ..	5	92	95	187	53	81	137	2,295 00	1,687 54	3,682 54
Haugen ..	4	75	62	137	46	33	79	1,315 00	1,622 13	2,967 13
Hawkins ..	3	40	57	97	21	39	62	1,430 00	1,113 00	2,573 00
Hazelhurst ..	3	72	69	141	46	43	89	1,640 00	532 44	2,172 44

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

FIRST CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average Attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Hersey	3	68	65	133	45	43	91	\$1,376 67	\$2,208 32	\$3,584 99
Hilbert	4	61	54	115	38	42	80	1,815 01	1,548 24	3,433 24
Hixton	3	60	55	115	41	33	74	1,211 00	353 00	1,572 00
Hutisford	3	44	45	89	25	36	61	1,450 00	1,134 63	2,584 63
Ingram	4	73	71	147	51	48	99	1,965 69	1,351 81	3,293 39
Iron Belt	2	181	191	375	128	134	232	5,125 00	7,085 63	12,210 63
Ithaca	3	33	50	83	22	38	60	1,192 50	111 00	1,335 50
Junction City	3	49	52	101	24	21	45	1,115 00	332 38	1,447 38
Kenan	3	32	51	83	23	33	59	1,478 00	390 16	1,838 16
Knapp	4	64	82	146	51	61	112	1,725 00	543 44	2,271 44
Lac du Flambeau	4	65	61	129	47	44	91	2,025 00	1,681 30	3,700 30
Lake Nebagamon	6	95	92	187	70	67	137	2,895 00	989 00	3,785 00
Laona	4	78	76	154	57	53	113	2,070 00	2,031 36	4,131 36
La Valle	3	53	70	123	36	52	88	1,530 00	11,533 38	13,033 38
Layton Park	2	232	232	464	171	178	349	5,250 00	1,341 75	6,531 75
Leadmine	3	45	51	96	28	28	56	1,215 00	173 04	1,371 04
Lena	4	66	66	132	50	45	95	1,747 50	1,216 58	2,934 08
Little Chute	3	65	34	99	41	28	69	1,420 00	1,143 19	2,538 19
Livingston	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,420 00	851 18	2,271 18
Lowell	3	49	53	102	34	34	68	1,417 50	2,694 54	4,112 04
Lusk	3	83	52	135	54	35	89	1,453 00	478 72	1,923 72
Maiden Rock	3	48	71	119	36	52	88	1,575 00	11,169 08	13,634 08
Manawa	6	142	117	259	108	83	191	2,584 00	2,811 51	5,475 51
Marshall	3	48	49	97	31	33	64	1,233 00	323 76	1,556 76
Mason	3	82	72	154	67	61	128	3,032 50	1,233 93	4,233 43
Mattoon	7	154	161	315	110	113	223	3,195 00	2,873 10	6,038 10
McFarland	4	45	50	95	30	37	67	1,440 00	677 18	2,117 18
Melrose	3	82	49	131	60	32	92	1,395 00	765 43	2,070 43
Merrimac	3	69	48	108	33	38	71	1,230 00	633 31	1,903 31
Middleton	3	78	84	162	55	55	110	1,170 00	497 93	1,667 93
Milladore	3	49	61	110	35	43	82	1,152 00	630 15	1,812 15
Milwaukee	4	78	62	140	62	44	160	2,162 25	541 53	2,703 78
Milwaukee	7	93	122	218	64	83	147	4,089 25	1,618 91	5,699 16
Milwaukee	13	333	289	616	211	210	451	8,625 00	2,677 62	11,302 62
Milwaukee	11	334	345	709	271	274	535	7,685 00	2,148 03	9,833 03
Milwaukee	8	276	227	503	209	167	376	6,870 00	11,165 28	18,035 28
Milwaukee	5	126	110	235	100	89	189	3,446 25	3,833 94	7,319 19
Milwaukee	8	227	196	403	145	134	279	5,600 00	938 41	6,598 41
Milwaukee (East)	3	55	51	105	41	38	79	1,650 00	7,377 53	9,027 53
Milwaukee	4	122	110	232	109	70	179	2,550 00	1,079 11	3,649 11
Minocqua	4	66	53	121	43	47	90	1,980 00	939 00	2,883 00
Mishicot	3	51	53	112	45	46	91	1,653 00	1,591 01	3,247 01
Montfort	4	89	61	150	65	44	109	1,341 00	375 16	1,716 16
Monticello	6	97	90	187	72	74	146	2,897 00	99 77	3,716 77
Nekoosa	7	153	154	307	103	100	212	3,690 00	1,595 93	5,085 93
New Auburn	3	68	57	125	45	38	83	1,237 50	451 45	1,693 95
New Glarus	6	115	106	221	92	82	174	2,650 00	1,358 49	4,048 49
Niagara	8	201	140	341	130	101	240	4,389 60	1,515 58	5,926 58
N. Crandon	4	42	51	93	31	38	69	1,855 00	19,521 77	21,376 77
N. Fond du Lac	5	204	203	407	152	156	308	3,620 00	2,334 47	5,934 47
N. Freedom	3	81	55	133	60	42	102	1,851 00	573 12	2,427 12
N. Hudson	3	44	37	81	31	23	57	1,245 00	388 92	1,636 92
N. Milwaukee	3	197	187	388	136	133	272	5,070 00	7,315 43	12,335 43
Orfordville	3	47	47	94	34	40	74	1,410 00	1,191 00	2,631 00
Osseo	3	65	41	177	43	8	111	1,839 00	764 87	2,564 87
Owen	5	99	10	203	82	80	132	2,385 00	15,211 79	17,596 79

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

FIRST CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Patch Grove	3	20	35	64	21	25	43	\$1,215 00	\$622 07	\$1,837 07
Plowey	3	52	52	104	37	38	75	1,395 00	359 25	1,754 25
Plum City	3	57	33	93	41	23	64	1,530 00	463 94	1,993 94
Port Edwards	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,395 00	1,030 83	2,424 83
Port Wing	4	71	61	135	57	53	110	1,898 12	1,935 41	3,833 53
Prairie Farm	3	37	61	121	23	41	61	1,215 00	760 89	1,975 89
Redstown	4	63	64	130	32	38	70	1,735 00	754 83	2,489 83
Rel Grange	4	83	85	171	53	56	109	1,575 00	1,213 13	2,793 13
Reedsville	4	55	89	175	71	63	137	1,835 00	2,033 61	3,823 61
Ridgeway	4	81	79	130	57	55	113	1,890 00	1,248 62	3,048 62
Rio	4	97	111	210	60	70	130	2,385 00	1,272 51	3,657 51
Roberts	4	47	53	105	27	43	73	1,350 00	812 93	2,212 93
Royalton	3	43	61	109	35	41	73	1,395 00	331 61	1,773 61
Saxon	3	61	62	123	38	39	77	1,655 00	737 87	2,392 87
Scanlonville	3	43	47	90	33	39	72	1,485 00	1,174 01	2,659 01
Schofield	5	135	111	250	98	92	185	2,207 49	905 66	3,202 55
Sherry	3	34	70	74	21	30	52	1,080 00	816 84	1,896 84
Shotton	4	57	75	132	41	56	93	1,642 50	540 74	2,183 24
South Wayne	3	68	49	97	34	41	75	1,485 00	1,331 99	2,816 99
Spencer	3	50	55	95	31	40	73	1,305 00	239 95	1,544 95
Stockholm	3	50	43	93	37	32	69	1,174 50	811 92	2,033 12
Stratford	4	71	67	128	59	47	97	1,812 50	1,097 82	2,910 32
The Cross	3	41	47	91	30	31	61	1,570 00	3,230 41	4,760 41
Thiensville	3	39	41	83	32	31	63	1,600 00	1,349 67	2,949 67
Three Lakes	4	63	87	150	41	58	99	2,700 00	5,479 40	8,179 40
Tigerton	6	130	116	255	68	83	131	2,233 00	1,853 97	4,086 97
Tony	4	77	89	157	69	62	122	2,700 00	3,027 72	5,727 72
Turtle Lake	3	59	66	125	40	41	81	1,493 50	518 80	1,927 30
Wabeno	7	159	153	315	104	103	207	3,140 00	3,331 91	6,501 91
Warrens	3	47	49	96	31	33	77	1,341 00	532 97	1,921 97
Watford	3	28	31	71	30	23	53	1,485 00	1,231 90	2,739 90
Waukau	3	47	55	103	29	39	68	1,485 00	1,148 54	2,633 54
Waukegan	4	51	49	100	43	43	83	1,575 00	623 33	2,201 33
Westboro	6	110	104	224	73	63	141	3,015 00	1,281 61	4,296 61
Westby	5	84	82	136	69	71	143	2,124 00	818 53	2,942 53
Weyerhaeuser	4	73	63	146	64	45	109	1,870 00	939 54	2,779 54
Whitefish Bay	3	47	49	96	35	37	72	1,900 00	930 43	2,830 43
Wild Rose	5	89	71	151	59	59	118	2,295 00	1,019 11	3,224 11
Williams Bay	4	54	43	103	33	33	63	1,755 00	1,855 68	3,610 68
Wilson	3	25	52	77	20	40	60	1,215 00	3,421 71	4,633 71
Wither	5	73	94	163	59	81	139	2,275 63	2,078 61	4,354 24
Woodville	3	35	51	83	22	40	62	1,350 00	235 53	1,635 53
Wyscena	4	71	57	123	47	37	84	1,755 00	441 34	2,196 34
Totals	395	13,036	12,911	25,917	9,103	9,275	18,457	\$37,951 75	\$901,585 43	\$39,237 18

SECOND CLASS.

Adell	2	37	33	75	25	23	53	\$355 00	\$214 49	\$1,009 49
Advance	2	53	21	77	31	17	48	900 00	481 13	1,381 13
Afton	2	34	19	53	25	15	40	787 50	233 29	1,023 79
Albion	2	37	33	60	23	22	42	810 01	128 71	938 72
Allan Grove	2	31	23	51	20	16	35	855 00	141 19	993 19
Amherst Jet.	2	33	27	63	17	17	34	675 00	454 35	1,129 35
Anzelo	2	34	33	76	24	27	51	673 00	208 43	881 43
Anwa	2	44	52	93	26	28	64	1,050 00	833 45	1,936 45

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Arcadia	2	32	36	68	17	23	40	\$765 00	\$276 93	\$1,041 93
Arkansaw	2	34	34	68	23	27	50	930 00	453 69	1,383 69
Arkansaw	2	48	45	93	31	30	61	933 01	177 81	1,110 82
Arlington	2	26	40	66	16	25	41	810 00	739 49	1,549 49
Arthur	2	34	28	62	25	21	46	765 00	340 53	1,105 53
Atlanta	2	33	31	64	21	18	39	900 00	259 03	1,159 03
Auburndale	2	29	37	66	21	28	49	945 75	714 23	1,660 98
Augusta	2	41	37	78	21	31	52	675 00	214 51	889 51
Auroraville	2	31	36	67	15	25	40	765 00	973 63	1,738 63
Bailey's Harbor	2	36	37	73	27	23	50	900 00	363 81	1,263 81
Bancroft	2	31	31	62	21	21	42	735 00	1,418 77	2,153 77
Baraboo	2	38	50	88	23	19	42	720 00	351 87	1,071 87
Bay City	2	33	30	63	19	31	50	810 00	2,877 64	3,687 64
Belleville	2	37	44	81	21	25	46	843 00	771 23	1,614 23
Belle Center	2	34	31	65	20	19	39	735 00	195 40	930 40
Pennett	2	23	23	46	13	17	30	855 00	305 00	1,160 00
Big Falls	2	65	78	143	32	37	69	900 00	682 47	1,582 47
Blk. Riv. Fl.	2	35	38	73	18	23	41	675 00	217 51	892 51
Blue Mounds	2	32	27	59	23	18	41	922 50	341 30	1,263 80
Blue River	2	43	68	111	23	45	78	750 00	374 13	1,124 13
Boaz	2	57	54	111	33	35	68	810 00	373 20	1,183 20
Boltonville	2	31	35	66	22	24	46	835 00	500 62	1,335 62
Boyceville	2	36	29	65	21	18	39	735 00	308 09	1,043 09
Branch	2	49	45	94	30	22	52	855 00	1,819 70	2,674 70
Bristol	2	33	36	69	24	30	54	900 00	752 81	1,652 81
Brokaw	2	37	57	94	21	22	43	1,115 00	962 03	2,077 03
Brookfield	2	26	33	59	21	31	52	765 00	498 49	1,263 49
Brookside	2	51	33	84	41	23	64	787 00	197 90	984 90
Browns	2	39	35	74	24	23	47	765 00	331 71	1,096 71
Bryant	2	33	27	60	23	17	40	810 00	4,633 81	5,443 81
Bundy	2	29	50	79	18	27	45	1,435 00	853 48	2,288 48
Furnett	2	34	19	53	24	13	37	835 00	376 61	1,211 61
Cable	2	31	37	68	23	27	50	1,158 75	646 27	1,805 02
Campbell'sport	2	22	23	45	13	21	34	810 00	614 03	1,424 03
Campbell	2	51	25	76	30	18	48	675 00	339 52	1,014 52
Carlton	2	49	28	77	27	18	45	934 50	1,044 84	1,979 34
Cascade	2	42	69	111	31	39	70	855 00	293 73	1,148 73
Casco	2	65	70	135	44	40	84	922 50	338 87	1,261 37
Casco	2	51	45	96	25	26	51	778 00	2,930 00	3,708 00
Catawact	2	59	43	102	30	23	53	720 00	275 74	995 74
Cato	2	28	21	49	25	22	47	731 00	4,234 92	4,965 92
Cazenovia	2	43	51	94	27	28	55	810 00	474 98	1,284 98
Centuria	2	52	55	107	33	33	66	875 00	551 83	1,426 83
Charlestown	2	50	33	83	23	23	46	770 00	243 79	1,013 79
Clear Lake	2	41	21	62	20	14	34	810 00	529 61	1,339 61
Cochrane	2	47	36	83	34	25	59	770 00	199 68	969 68
Columbia	2	62	59	121	40	39	79	720 00	8,623 81	9,343 81
Columbia	2	28	42	70	17	23	40	832 50	1,769 63	2,602 13
Cumberland	2	47	39	86	32	26	58	870 00	511 50	1,381 50
Curtis	2	33	49	82	26	25	51	855 00	175 42	1,030 42
Cylon	2	34	44	78	24	33	57	900 00	231 97	1,131 97
Dale	2	23	38	61	21	23	44	945 00	447 01	1,392 01
Delafield	2	29	36	65	23	31	54	922 50	513 44	1,435 94
Delton	2	28	34	62	16	23	39	945 00	131 30	1,076 30
Disco	2	48	31	79	18	21	39	685 50	331 42	1,016 92
Doylestown	2	39	37	76	21	24	45	835 00	391 44	1,226 44
Eastman	2	23	41	64	18	28	46	875 00	147 83	1,022 83
Elcho	2	22	41	63	9	22	31	900 00	543 21	1,443 21
Elderon	2	41	47	88	23	23	46	972 00	173 32	1,145 32
Eleva	2	54	37	91	30	22	52	720 00	421 98	1,141 98
Elison Bay	2	45	44	89	25	23	48	810 00	221 52	1,031 52

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Elk Mound ..	2	38	31	69	27	23	50	\$720 00	\$393 20	\$1,113 20
Elton ..	2	05	49	114	33	32	65	945 00	1,782 31	2,727 31
Emerald Grove ..	2	19	20	39	15	15	20	810 00	273 65	1,083 65
Estella ..	2	25	30	55	16	21	37	765 00	346 46	1,111 46
Eureka ..	2	25	22	48	20	13	36	900 00	331 01	1,231 01
Fairwater ..	2	27	44	71	19	30	49	972 00	225 00	1,197 00
Fenwood ..	2	59	38	97	33	21	54	855 00	483 41	1,338 41
Ferryville ..	2	31	30	61	17	17	34	675 00	291 85	966 85
Fillmore ..	2	37	37	74	23	23	52	810 50	281 69	1,014 19
Fish Creek ..	2	47	49	96	27	29	53	900 00	508 53	1,408 53
Forestville ..	2	61	46	107	39	32	71	877 50	451 04	1,328 54
Franklin ..	2	29	45	74	26	37	63	990 00	292 00	1,282 00
Franksville ..	2	31	23	54	21	22	43	855 00	148 01	1,003 01
Fremont ..	2	51	44	95	39	30	69	895 00	547 83	1,352 83
Fulton ..	2	33	20	53	22	9	31	787 50	383 75	1,171 25
Genesee ..	2	23	25	48	16	19	35	810 00	347 15	1,157 15
Genoa ..	2	24	24	48	19	17	36	810 00	285 42	1,095 42
Georgetown ..	2	17	31	48	12	21	33	945 00	274 28	1,219 28
Germania ..	2	37	25	62	29	18	47	765 00	111 23	876 23
Gibbsville ..	2	41	35	76	29	31	60	825 00	403 78	1,228 78
Gilmanton ..	2	48	51	99	28	30	58	810 00	151 00	961 00
Glen Haven ..	2	28	22	50	20	13	33	720 00	312 06	1,032 06
Glendale ..	2	31	27	61	22	18	40	765 00	155 00	920 00
Glenwood ..	2	29	30	59	18	22	40	735 00	251 62	1,019 62
Glenwood ..	2	47	29	76	21	19	40	697 50	1,057 77	1,755 27
Gouda ..	2	23	25	48	14	17	31	675 00	762 27	1,437 27
Gordon ..	2	33	28	61	21	19	40	889 00	400 00	1,289 00
Gotham ..	2	46	33	79	32	21	53	925 00	295 13	1,220 13
Grand Rapids ..	2	40	43	83	30	31	61	909 00	324 99	1,234 99
Grand View ..	2	30	40	70	32	27	49	855 00	312 48	1,167 48
Grantsburg ..	2	51	24	77	31	21	52	724 37	1,165 64	1,890 01
Green Bay ..	2	44	55	99	27	25	52	810 00	339 60	1,149 60
Green Bay ..	2	52	44	96	32	29	61	765 00	573 71	1,338 71
Green Bay ..	2	54	70	124	29	47	76	774 00	530 12	1,304 12
Green Bay ..	2	50	40	90	39	18	48	785 00	4,563 30	5,348 30
Green Bay ..	2	58	58	113	25	24	49	747 00	1,631 34	2,408 34
Grantsburg ..	2	44	34	78	26	18	44	720 00	409 67	1,129 67
Greentree ..	2	34	34	68	26	21	47	783 00	345 75	1,128 75
Hale's Corner ..	2	47	22	69	28	15	43	1,000 00	422 07	1,422 07
Hanover ..	2	24	23	47	18	17	30	765 00	356 86	1,121 86
Hatley ..	2	58	52	110	46	39	85	1,375 00	654 63	2,029 63
Hawthorne ..	2	29	47	76	21	25	46	945 00	.....	945 00
Hayes ..	2	51	35	83	27	22	49	675 00	435 90	1,111 90
Hebron ..	2	70	31	61	21	23	44	900 00	281 17	1,181 17
Heineman ..	2	33	53	74	21	20	41	675 00	707 91	1,382 91
Heller ..	2	25	36	61	20	17	37	695 00	234 63	929 63
Hemlock ..	2	27	28	55	15	21	36	675 00	681 46	1,356 46
Hingham ..	2	46	33	79	34	30	64	1,050 00	695 43	1,745 43
Hofa Park ..	2	39	52	91	22	27	49	855 00	593 90	1,369 90
Holcombe ..	2	51	48	99	33	34	67	900 00	1,055 29	1,955 29
Holendale ..	2	37	23	65	29	27	56	1,035 00	215 76	1,250 76
Holmen ..	2	35	39	74	25	27	52	720 00	515 98	1,235 98
Homestead ..	2	45	25	70	29	16	45	765 00	471 05	1,236 05
Honey Creek ..	2	22	39	61	18	30	48	810 00	973 36	1,783 36
Haulton ..	2	40	50	90	25	36	61	855 00	655 58	1,510 58
Hustler ..	2	24	22	45	18	15	31	810 00	169 71	988 71
Ironton ..	2	30	42	72	23	25	48	765 00	523 04	1,291 04
Jackson ..	2	39	26	65	27	19	46	930 00	221 37	1,151 37
Jacksonport ..	2	25	53	78	17	29	46	844 00	237 92	1,081 92
Kenosha ..	2	55	31	80	43	25	68	810 00	1,489 75	2,299 75
Kewaunee ..	2	45	43	88	28	28	53	857 50	313 16	1,170 66
Kingston ..	2	49	35	84	37	30	67	900 00	313 09	1,213 09

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teacher's wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Lamberton	2	27	24	51	26	17	37	\$720 00	\$452 15	\$1,172 15
Lannon	2	31	52	83	22	55	57	945 00	858 89	1,803 89
Lena	2	43	54	97	33	49	73	730 27	231 17	1,021 44
Leopolis	2	55	42	97	31	27	58	1,125 00	742 11	1,867 11
Lhna Center	2	27	26	53	16	17	33	765 00	337 15	1,102 15
Limeridge	2	32	42	74	23	25	48	765 00	101 15	833 15
Lind	2	28	28	55	18	18	33	630 00	237 25	927 25
Little Black	2	38	55	93	26	40	63	765 00	379 71	1,144 71
Loganville	2	34	28	62	22	20	42	810 00	279 48	1,089 48
Lomira	2	65	51	119	38	34	72	945 00	477 70	1,422 70
London	2	40	25	65	30	17	47	675 00	335 70	1,070 70
Lyons	2	20	33	53	11	2	40	810 00	277 58	1,087 58
Lynxville	2	43	43	83	21	23	57	600 00	425 00	1,025 00
Madison, So	2	79	55	114	48	39	87	1,052 50	2,350 90	3,403 49
Manchester	2	23	30	58	15	18	33	720 00	252 49	972 49
Manitowoc	2	33	42	75	27	25	53	900 00	164 85	1,034 85
March	2	38	33	71	19	13	35	600 00	101 01	709 01
Marquette	3	32	33	68	17	20	37	1,080 00	215 65	1,275 65
Marrose	2	47	30	77	33	20	53	720 00	755 75	1,475 75
Merton	2	25	17	42	22	15	37	967 50	229 47	1,196 97
Mifflin	2	37	43	80	23	32	58	855 00	279 62	1,134 62
Milwaukee	2	37	55	92	25	26	64	1,033 75	132 53	1,163 31
Milwaukee	2	26	2	55	24	23	47	1,130 00	341 63	1,471 63
Milwaukee	2	51	52	103	40	43	83	1,090 85	762 69	1,703 54
Milwaukee	2	21	34	63	24	20	53	1,213 75	619 90	1,833 65
Mindoro	2	36	39	75	24	23	50	810 00	373 52	1,183 52
Minong	2	24	49	81	25	28	53	877 50	4,017 12	4,834 62
Modena	2	60	41	101	29	21	53	900 00	693 98	1,593 98
Monico	2	41	37	78	28	32	60	1,035 00	504 50	1,538 50
Morrisonville	2	28	28	53	29	20	49	720 00	251 83	971 83
Mosel	2	38	42	80	23	22	58	922 50	340 28	1,262 78
Mountain	2	40	51	91	21	31	52	855 00	403 10	1,258 10
Mt. Hope	2	28	17	45	21	14	35	633 25	481 54	1,155 79
Mt. Horeb	2	38	35	73	19	22	41	775 00	202 48	977 48
Mt. Sterling	2	27	35	62	13	21	34	945 00	375 77	1,320 77
Nelson	2	37	42	79	16	39	46	855 00	257 87	1,114 87
Nelsonville	2	25	28	53	16	20	36	765 00	1,250 01	2,015 01
Neosho	2	44	33	77	25	21	46	855 00	397 84	1,252 84
Newberg	2	27	17	44	18	12	30	978 50	819 73	1,828 23
New Diggings	2	34	41	75	24	29	53	900 00	348 11	1,248 11
Norrie	2	38	29	67	25	18	43	810 00	491 02	1,301 02
N. Milwaukee	2	46	33	82	35	25	60	1,012 50	930 39	1,972 89
Northport	2	23	31	59	14	20	34	765 00	139 67	901 67
Oconto	2	40	40	80	33	25	58	720 00	2,205 95	2,925 95
Ogdensburg	3	61	59	120	41	43	84	1,170 00	867 33	2,037 33
Ogema	2	24	17	41	13	12	25	810 00	277 57	1,107 57
Olivet	2	35	38	73	20	21	41	810 00	483 16	1,293 16
Oostburg	2	44	51	95	29	30	68	859 50	194 55	1,054 05
Otjen	2	41	43	81	26	27	53	1,050 00	623 20	1,673 29
Oxford	2	51	73	124	27	43	73	810 00	554 00	1,364 00
Packwaukee	2	40	43	83	18	31	49	810 00	377 00	1,187 00
Paoli	2	28	37	65	19	29	48	810 00	476 78	1,286 78
Pembine	2	33	40	73	22	28	50	1,225 00	575 53	1,820 53
Peshigo	2	41	43	87	25	24	49	765 00	293 83	1,075 83
Pine River	2	25	27	52	16	18	34	720 00	383 63	1,103 63
Plat	2	40	38	78	25	26	52	891 00	366 99	1,257 99
Pine River										
Merrill	2	50	39	89	20	17	37	675 00	398 35	1,093 35
Pleasant Pra.	2	54	51	105	34	33	67	855 00	517 82	1,372 82
Pleasant Pra	2	33	3	36	2	2	4	5	5	1,231 60
Polar	2	58	45	103	39	36	75	810 00	212 83	1,022 83

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS, 1907-1908—Continued.

SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1907, to June 30, 1908.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	All other purposes.	Total.
Poplar	2	28	40	68	21	25	46	\$500 00	\$250 00	\$1,150 00
Pound	2	46	69	115	23	41	64	810 00	328 00	1,178 00
Poyndty	2	27	26	53	20	16	36	735 00	458 53	1,223 53
Poyssipi	2	43	60	103	27	31	58	951 00	855 31	1,803 31
Pulicer	2	53	50	103	31	29	60	810 00	371 03	1,181 03
Racine	2	65	50	115	48	35	83	937 50	311 73	1,279 26
Racine	2	39	38	75	28	25	53	810 00	229 50	1,039 50
Random Lake	2	47	36	83	26	25	51	823 00	737 58	1,595 58
Random Lake	2	31	39	70	17	21	38	900 00	922 57	1,912 57
Ridgefield	2	37	35	72	28	30	58	913 00	316 59	1,252 59
Ridgefield	2	41	29	70	27	18	45	810 00	310 52	1,120 52
River Falls	2	27	13	40	20	11	31	775 75	145 52	911 27
Rochester	2	39	25	64	17	19	36	810 00	6,038 12	6,818 12
Rock Elm	2	23	25	48	15	19	34	959 00	153 35	1,053 35
Rockdale	2	43	38	81	30	24	54	939 00	215 00	1,154 00
Rome	2	30	32	62	18	25	43	765 00	339 13	1,104 13
Rosholt	2	43	51	94	22	30	52	720 00	573 25	1,313 25
Salem	2	37	44	81	28	31	59	1,089 00	377 51	1,477 51
Saukville	2	28	40	68	21	30	51	1,125 00	283 10	1,413 10
Schleisinger ville	2	33	30	72	27	29	55	912 00	674 81	1,646 81
Seneca	2	18	21	39	11	19	30	630 00	302 63	932 66
Sheboygan	2	33	31	67	22	25	47	810 00	213 90	1,023 90
Sheboygan	2	37	23	63	23	22	45	738 00	316 34	1,054 34
Sheboygan	2	53	30	83	35	21	56	810 00	201 14	1,101 14
Sheboygan	2	41	30	70	29	24	53	1,025 00	2,310 58	3,335 58
Sheboy. Falls	2	47	49	96	32	34	63	900 00	352 92	1,342 92
Sheboy. Fall	2	38	51	89	25	34	59	817 75	373 68	1,193 43
Shopiere	2	38	25	63	29	17	46	810 00	941 17	1,751 17
Silver Creek	2	38	34	72	27	24	51	855 00	416 22	1,271 22
Some-set	2	41	38	82	30	23	53	671 50	793 61	1,438 11
S. Germant	2	38	57	95	18	49	68	1,050 00	196 20	1,213 20
Sp. nce	2	46	54	100	22	30	52	720 00	248 41	968 41
Stanly	2	47	41	88	22	20	42	675 00	231 74	903 74
Star Prairie	2	57	38	95	47	32	79	900 00	530 98	1,490 98
Stetsonville	2	33	44	77	22	34	53	725 00	323 17	1,048 17
Stenben	2	39	32	71	29	24	53	720 00	333 38	1,053 38
Stiles	2	37	34	71	28	23	51	735 00	337 12	1,132 12
Stitzer	2	39	43	82	21	31	55	810 00	268 68	1,078 68
Stonebank	2	23	21	47	18	14	32	913 00	273 92	1,183 92
Sussex	2	45	50	95	33	20	53	1,082 00	238 77	1,318 77
Symco	2	26	48	84	25	23	51	930 00	241 32	1,201 32
Taylor	2	43	38	81	21	25	51	720 00	199 12	920 12
Thorp	2	41	37	71	23	21	47	735 00	295 51	1,000 51
Tisch Mills	2	47	42	89	28	21	51	792 00	811 0	1,163 00
Trevor	2	23	23	51	18	29	38	720 00	635 21	1,385 21
Tripoli	2	41	27	67	20	16	33	738 00	1,167 99	1,905 99
Troy Center	2	27	27	54	22	21	43	765 00	3,431 57	4,227 57
Two Rivers	2	4	42	50	32	20	62	891 00	803 06	1,694 06
Union Center	2	40	39	79	27	23	53	1,035 00	415 70	1,480 70
Valley Jet	2	31	31	73	19	18	37	630 00	3,089 33	3,719 33
Vallou	2	33	29	63	21	12	35	750 00	153 62	903 62
Verona	2	41	34	75	29	22	51	855 00	470 03	1,325 03
Waukesha	2	35	43	78	25	34	58	810 00	274 59	1,074 59
Waukelee	2	24	20	64	18	15	33	990 00	326 83	1,316 83
Welcome	2	21	23	52	15	15	30	990 00	321 39	1,311 39
W. Kew nce	2	38	24	62	23	14	40	887 75	585 44	1,433 19
W. L. Crosie	2	32	30	62	22	22	44	700 00	319 74	1,019 74
West Lima	2	49	39	79	27	27	54	765 00	183 51	943 51
Windsor	2	31	31	62	16	17	33	855 00	229 57	1,081 57
Wolf Creek	2	35	30	63	20	18	38	765 00	285 99	1,050 99
Woodford	2	42	45	87	22	23	48	900 00	823 37	1,723 37
Woodruff	2	27	37	64	19	23	45	1,035 00	670 07	1,705 07
Totals.....	509	9,653	9,497	19,150	6,250	6,337	12,617	\$212,967 58	\$159,449 08	\$372,317 26

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES, 1907-1908.

Corporate name.	Location.	When founded.	Religious denom- inations.	Students during the year.			Whole number of graduates.			Graduates this year.			Number of instructors.		
				Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Beloit College Academy....	Beloit	1847	None	94	.....	94	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	14	5	.....	5
Beloit College	Beloit	1846	Udenominational .....	.....	.....	303	.....	.....	1,007	.....	.....	49	27	1	28
Carroll College	Waukesha	1843	Presbyterian	50	37	87	.....	.....	.....	11	5	13	13	5	18
Christian Endeavor Academy	Endeavor	1871	Congregational	30	32	62	20	19	39	3	4	7	2	3	5
Concordia College	Milwaukee	1831	Lutheran	213	.....	213	501	.....	501	26	.....	23	2	.....	3
Evansville Seminary	Evansville	1855	Free Methodist	25	35	60	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	6	3	6	9
Lawrence University	Appleton	1847	Interdenominational	251	223	579	.....	.....	733	12	11	23	23	10	33
Marquette University	Milwaukee	1834	Roman Catholic .....	.....	.....	811	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	89	.....	.....	93
Milton College Academy	Milton	1848	Seventh Day Baptist	25	32	57	.....	.....	.....	5	9	14	7	2	9
Milton College	Milton	1837	Seventh Day Baptist	23	23	46	.....	.....	317	2	3	5	7	2	9
Milwaukee-Downer College	Milwaukee	1895	Non-sectarian .....	.....	452	452	.....	.....	.....	.....	70	70	2	37	39
Mission House	Plymouth	1830	Ref. Church in U. S.	97	9	103	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	11	8	.....	8
Northland College	Ashland	1892	Non-denominational .....	.....	.....	144	2	3	5	4	3	7	5	5	10
Ripon College	Ripon	1850	Independent	133	71	204	221	154	375	11	11	22	16	7	23
Sacred Heart Academy	Madison	1882	Roman Catholic .....	.....	96	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	13	13
St. Clara College and Academy	Sinsinawa	1852	Roman Catholic .....	.....	222	222	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	24	.....	40	40
St. Lawrence College	Mt. Calvary	1831	Roman Catholic	108	.....	108	390	.....	330	8	.....	8	10	.....	10
St. Mary's Academy	Prairie du Ch'n	1872	Roman Catholic .....	.....	.....	.....	230	.....	230	.....	7	.....	.....	12	12
Wayland University	Beaver Dam	1855	Baptist	68	71	139	.....	.....	.....	11	5	16	5	7	12
Totals	1,117	1,408	3,833	1,134	436	3,630	118	134	420	141	150	384

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES, 1907-8.

CORPORATE NAME.	RECEIPTS.				DISBURSEMENTS.			
	Contributions.	From funds and endowments.	Tuition and fees.	Total.	Paid for instruction.	Buildings and repairs.	Incidental.	Total.
Beloit College Academy		\$3,337 87	\$3,183 50	\$3,521 37	\$4,761 50	\$170 09	\$241 24	\$5,172 83
Beloit College	\$7,275 00	49,219 00	20,368 00	76,862 00	34,381 00	16,297 00	29,659 00	80,340 00
Carroll College	9,553 85	9,000 00	8,741 50	27,295 35	17,149 83	1,587 66	8,557 86	27,295 35
Christian Endeavor Ac. ..	900 00		2,000 00	2,900 00	2,400 00		800 00	3,200 00
Concordia College	8,450 00	300 00	80 00	8,830 00	8,300 00	50 00	300 00	3,250 00
Evansville Seminary	1,200 00	800 00	1,500 00	3,500 00	2,100 00	3,000 00	2,000 00	13,300 00
Lawrence University	81,000 00	25,890 00	16,520 00	123,410 00	29,000 00	400 00	1,000 00	3,500 00
Marquette University					3,600 00		10,361 00	42,964 00
Milton College Academy ..	1,100 00	5,500 00	4,500 00	11,100 00	6,000 00	5,000 00	100 00	11,100 00
Milton College	3,831 19	5,767 17	4,619 22	14,217 58	7,897 97	138 00	6,351 93	14,297 90
Milwaukee-Downer Col. ..	10,031 00	8,928 66	115,715 99	134,705 65	32,049 10	21,283 87	59,250 00	112,535 97
Mission House								
Northland College	26,000 00		1,500 00	27,500 00	6,000 00	20,000 00	800 00	26,800 00
Ripon College	10,479 28	17,037 40	24,714 34	52,261 02	23,041 83	7,835 49	21,363 76	52,261 02
Sacred Heart Academy ..								
St. Clara Col. & Acad. ..			9,000 00	9,000 00				
St. Lawrence College			5,360 00	5,360 00				
St. Mary's Academy					900 00	1,000 00		1,900 00
Wayland University	138 48	7,008 83	18,976 32	26,213 63	9,797 49	2,274 03	15,933 53	28,058 13
Totals	\$160,018 89	\$129,908 93	\$236,778 87	\$526,706 60	\$183,691 75	\$32,370 08	\$153,451 37	\$422,825 20

WISCONSIN FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
JAMES M. PERELES	Milwaukee	1909
MRS. C. S. MORRIS	Berlin	1909
C. R. VAN HISE	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>
C. P. CARY	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>
REUBEN G. THWAITES	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>

OFFICERS AND STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

JAMES M. PERELES	Milwaukee	Chairman
REUBEN G. THWAITES	Madison	Vice-Chairman
HENRY E. LEGLER	Milwaukee	Secretary
LUTIE E. STEARNS	Milwaukee	Chief Traveling Library Dept.
MARY E. HAZELTINE	Madison	Chief Instructional Dept.
CHARLES McCARTHY	Madison	Chief Legislative Reference

The Wisconsin Free Library Commission was created by an act of the legislature in 1895. It consists of five members and its duties are to "give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloging and other details of library management."

The Commission was organized December 3, 1895, and, although its means were very limited, it proved so useful that the legislature of 1897 gave it larger means and duties. It has a permanent office in the capitol at Madison to which all official correspondence should be addressed and where all friends of libraries will be welcomed.

The Commission issues circulars of information which give the text of the laws of the state relating to free public libraries, suggestions as to establishing, organizing and administering them and other useful information for members of library boards, librarians and others who are interested in libraries.

During the twelve years of the existence of the Commission there has been an unprecedented growth in the number and quality of the public libraries of the state—a growth so remarkable that it has attracted the attention of educators throughout the nation. During that period the number of free public libraries in the state has increased from 28 to 158. In the period under review private individuals have given more than \$20,000 to traveling libraries, and \$2,500,000 has been expended in public library buildings. In addition to this many cities have built fine city halls with spacious rooms especially designed for their public libraries. There are now 66 library buildings erected or provided for, and 36 libraries have quarters in city halls.

Especial attention has been given to the training of librarians and the Commission has a School for Library Training the summer session of which is conducted in connection with the summer session of the University of Wisconsin.

The legislature of 1901 passed a law permitting county boards to establish county systems of traveling libraries. In that year Winnebago county established a system which has been remarkably successful. Marinette, Brown, Dunn, Dodge, Jefferson, Columbia, Oconto, Portage, Sauk, Milwaukee, Eau Claire, La Crosse and Trempealeau counties have followed the example of Winnebago.

In 1896 the late J. D. Witter, of Grand Rapids, started a system of free traveling libraries in Wood county. By his will he gave an endowment of \$5,000 to

maintain this system, founding, it is believed, the first county traveling library system in this country upon so permanent a basis.

Traveling libraries are small collections of books, generally from fifty to sixty in number, which are sent by the state from one community to another. The traveling libraries sent out by the Wisconsin Free Library Commission are maintained by the state, and are circulated from the offices of the Commission in the Capitol, free of all charges except the cost of transportation. These collections are made up of the best popular books in fiction, history, travel, biography, science and literature for adults and children. They are shipped in stout pine cases and are accompanied by printed catalogs and supplies necessary for keeping records of circulation. The traveling libraries are intended for farming communities and small villages not enjoying public library privileges; for villages and towns able to support public libraries, for the purpose of showing the worth of a public library and how to manage one, and also to encourage the establishment of local libraries; for villages and towns already having public libraries but with book funds insufficient for frequent buying necessary to sustain public interest; for study clubs not having access to public libraries offering adequate service, and for communities whose libraries have a large number of Scandinavian, German, Bohemian or Polish patrons.

The demand for traveling libraries is greater than the supply. Because of these limitations the Commission must help first the smaller communities manifesting most interest in securing books and least able to get them by their own efforts.

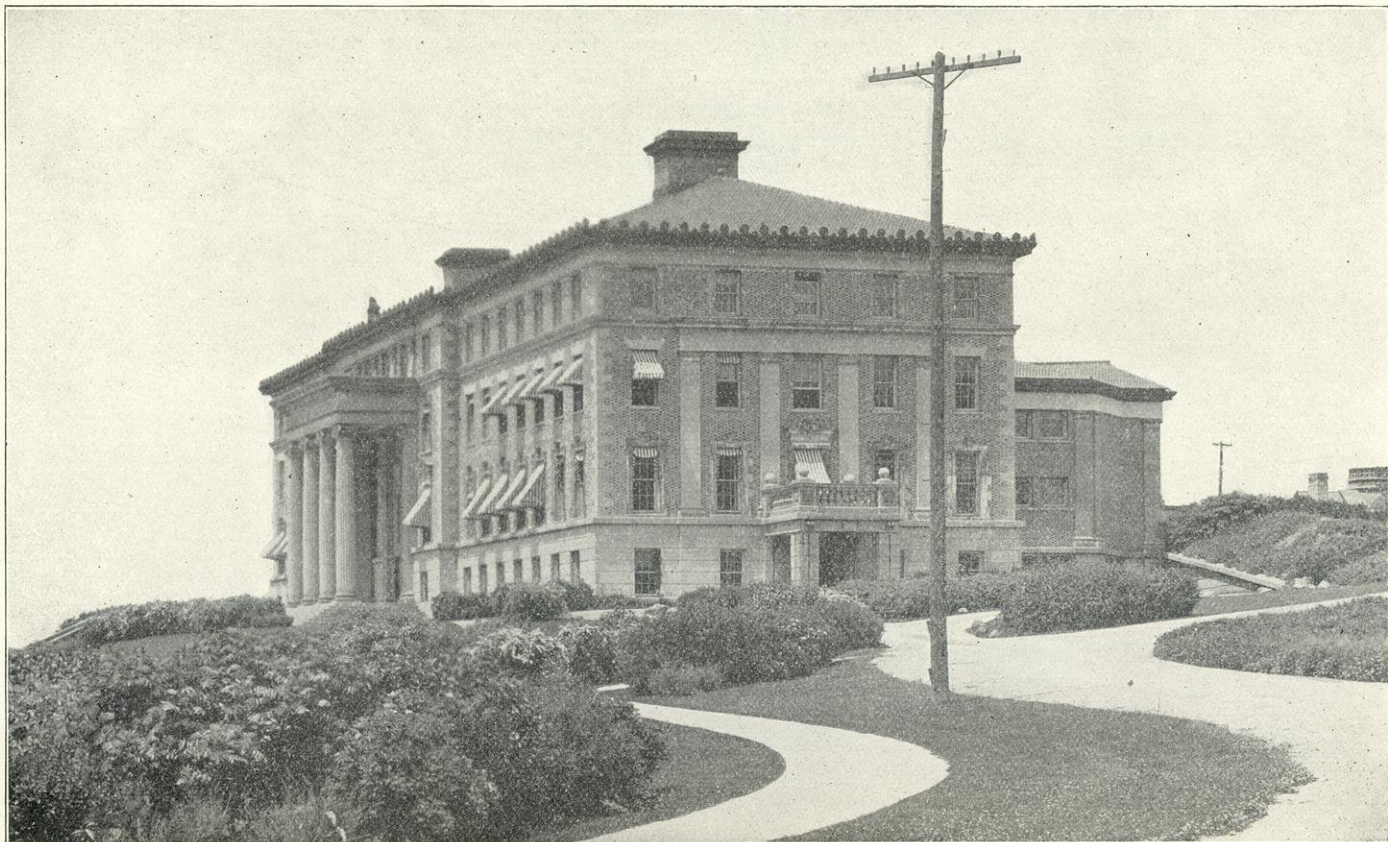
The libraries are shipped by freight, all transportation charges being paid by the station receiving them. When the people of one station have read the volumes of a library they are returned to the Commission where books are checked up, record of their circulation made, necessary repairs made, and then they are sent to another station.

STATE DOCUMENTS.

Under chapter 168, laws of 1901, the Commission was directed (1) to make a check list of the public documents of Wisconsin; (2) to prepare catalogue cards for such documents, as published, and distribute them to public libraries; (3) to maintain a reference room in the capitol for the use of the state departments, legislators and students of state affairs; (4) to loan from its working library books of permanent value to students throughout the state. This work has met with popular approval and extensive use is being made of the facilities offered.

LIBRARIES IN STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Library.	Librarian.	No. vols.
State Law, Madison.....	Gilson G. Glasier	42,000
State Historical Library Madison.....	Isaac S. Bradley	270,000
State University, Madison.....	Walter Smith	150,000
Normal School, Milwaukee.....	Delia G. Oritz	18,000
Normal School, Oshkosh.....	Louise Enkling	12,000
Normal School, Platteville.....	Bee A. Gardner	9,500
Normal School, River Falls.....	.....	5,000
Normal School, Stevens Point.....	.....	13,500
Normal School, Superior.....	Harriet L. Eaton	7,500
Normal School, Whitewater.....	Grace E. Salisbury	12,000
Industrial School for Boys, Waukesha.....	J. S. Roeseler	1,200
Industrial School for Girls, Milwaukee.....	Miss A. Kneeland	800
Northern Hospital for Insane, Oshkosh.....	Katherine Gilson	600
State Hospital for Insane, Mendota.....	Maud E. Archer	1,200
State Public School, Sparta.....	Mrs. Isabel C. Park	500
State Prison, Waupun.....	G. W. Pepper	3,350
State Reformatory, Green Bay.....	.....	600
Veterans' Home, Waupaca.....	John Howard	1,500



AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, MADISON.

COLLEGE AND ACADEMY LIBRARIES.

Library.	Librarian.	No. vols.
Lawrence University, Appleton	Zelia A. Smith	30,000
Northland College, Ashland	M. J. Fenenga	8,000
Wayland Academy, Beaver Dam	Edwin P. Brown	2,200
Beloit College, Beloit	James A. Blaisdell	50,000
St. John's Military Academy, Delafield	Madame Kate Maurer	3,500
Hillside Home, Hillside	Ellen C. Lloyd-Jones	5,000
Milton College, Milton	Edwin Shaw	9,000
Concordia College, Milwaukee	Otto Hattstaedt	6,200
Marquette College, Milwaukee	V. Puffen	13,000
Milwaukee Academy, Milwaukee	Julius H. Pratt	2,000
Milwaukee-Downer College, Milwaukee.	Florence E. Weissert	7,500
St. Lawrence College, Mt. Calvary	Rev. Leo Steinberg	3,500
Sacred Heart College, Prairie du Chien	G. J. Schulte	12,000
Racine College, Racine	Clara L. Robinson	11,500
St. Catherine's Academy, Racine	Sr. M. Theophila	4,000
Ripon College, Ripon	O. J. Marston	19,000
Catholic Normal School, St. Francis	Rev. J. M. Kasel	5,500
St. Clara Female Academy, Sinsinawa	Sr. Mary Carnilus	6,000
Northwestern University, Watertown	J. H. Ott	7,500
Sacred Heart College, Watertown		3,000
Carroll College, Waukesha	Amanda Flattery	3,800

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

This Association was formed February 11, 1891, and was the third State Library Association formed in the United States. The present officers are:

WALTER M. SMITH, Madison	President
MRS. CLARA P. BARNES, Kenosha	Vice-President
ELLA PARMDE, Oshkosh	Secretary
EMILIDA BAENSCH, Antigo	Treasurer

FOX RIVER VALLEY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized October 21, 1898.

LUCY LEE PLEASANTS, Menasha	President
M. J. MAES, De Pere	Vice-President
AGNES L. DWIGHT, Appleton	Secretary
JEAN DODD, Fond du Lac	Treasurer

WISCONSIN VETERAN'S HOME.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

BENJAMIN F. BRYANT, La Crosse	President
O. F. CHASE, Oshkosh	Vice President
C. H. HENRY, Eau Claire	Secretary
D. G. JAMES, Richland Center	Treasurer
H. E. MANN, Marinette	
J. P. RUNDLE, Milwaukee	
E. D. COE, Whitewater	Dept. Com.

OFFICERS.

COL. T. H. WOODNORTH	Commandant
MAJ. T. L. JEFFERS	Adjutant
MAJ. BARTH-BANTLY	Surgeon
CAPT. A. G. DINSMORE	Quartermaster
REV. W. R. BROWN	Chaplain
FATHER WM. MORTELL	Chaplain

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, Nov. 16, 1887, to care for honorably discharged indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the war of the Rebellion, who cannot be received into any national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made at the National Homes, and who previously had been separated, the wife to go to the poor house, the husband going to the National Home.

The Wisconsin Home was built on what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, man and wife. The cooking was done in a large, centrally located, two story building, the Widows' dormitory being overhead. Meals were served in a commodious dining room in connection with a kitchen.

The Home soon outgrew the calculations of its founders and it became necessary to provide large buildings in lieu of building more cottages. Fairchild Hall, Jerry Rusk Hall and Marston Hall were all built for the accommodation of men and wives; three buildings for single men were also provided. The buildings for men and wives each have a dining room and kitchen attached. The single men, the occupants of cottages and the widows who occupy the widow's dormitory, all take their meals in the main dining hall.

During 1899 many extensive improvements were carried out in order that the urgent demands upon the institution from all parts of the state could be met. A large hospital building was provided after the most approved plan. This building is pronounced by the government inspector, who visits the Home frequently, the finest hospital connected with any National or State Home in the country. It is now filled to its utmost capacity.

A new system for heating and lighting all of the new buildings was put in and has proved itself a great success. An entire new sewerage system had become a necessity, as the State Board of Health had condemned the old system, which had become a menace to the health of the people. A new brick power house equipped with boilers adapted to burn coal was provided, as wood had become too expensive to be longer used. A new brick pump house, equipped with a modern electric pump, was also provided to meet the increased demands

of the institution. The large sink hole in which had been deposited for many years the sewage, was filled up, and about ten acres of ground fully reclaimed and all danger of contagion removed.

The property is now owned by the state but is controlled by a board of trustees elected by the department of the G. A. R. It is supported by an appropriation of \$3.00 per week for each enrolled member and employe, made by the state for maintenance of these people, based on actual time cared for, all absences from any cause deducted. An alphabetical list of members and employes is sent to the secretary of state each month showing the number of days that each individual has been maintained during that month. This report is attested by the commandant and adjutant and sworn to by the president and secretary of the Board of Trustees. The State Board of Control visits the Home frequently and has full power under the law to investigate the management in every particular. Every official and employe of the institution is required by law to furnish the State Board of Control with any and all information asked for.

The visits of the Board of Control are much appreciated by the management and any suggestions made by them are given careful consideration.

The Home is situated on the shores of a chain of sixteen beautiful lakes near the city of Waupaca, and is unsurpassed for its healthfulness and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings.

The Woman's Relief Corps, the Grand Army of the Republic, and many generous citizens of our state have expended in buildings and furnishings at the Home over \$50,000 and are justly proud of the institution.

The state receives from the government the sum of one hundred dollars per annum for every male inmate based upon the actual time he is cared for by the Home. Up to June 30, 1907, the state has received from this source \$391,683.01. There is still due the state on account of deficiency in funds for the June quarter of 1904, \$2,165.82. This money is paid directly to the state, none of it being received by the Home. The liberal appropriations made by the state have made it possible for the trustees to make this one of the best institutions of its kind in the United States.

The home comprises 90 acres of land upon which there are 75 buildings, all in good condition. It has the appearance of a flourishing village instead of an institution.

During 1904, a steel water tank was constructed and an additional water system of eight-inch water mains was put in, which gives proper fire protection to all buildings. Nearly all buildings were painted and all urgent repairs were made. A heavy stone wall was built on the lake front, and a cement walk in place of the old wood sidewalk. An additional boiler has been added to the equipment of the power house to meet the demands on that department. The demand for admission has been so great the past year that it became necessary to convert several sitting rooms in the various buildings into sleeping rooms. The increased age and decrepitude of many veterans has made it impossible for them to support themselves longer, and they have been compelled to seek the shelter of the Home.

During the year 1905 all wooden sidewalks were replaced by cement walks at a cost of \$3,070.32. The Amusement Hall was enlarged at a cost of \$759.26. R. N. Roberts Hall was completed and furnished at a cost of \$6,617.23.

During the year 1906 Griffin Hall was completed and furnished at a cost of \$6,532.65. Fairchild Hall addition was completed and furnished at a cost of \$6,532.06. An excellent root-cellar was completed at a cost of \$1,075.50. A new morgue was built at a cost of \$748.50.

These buildings are constructed of brick and stone with metal roofs and were needed properly to care for our members.

A new Corliss engine, 150 horse power, costing \$5,180, was installed this year, as the capacity of the old engine was not sufficient to furnish the electric current necessary for use.

All of the above mentioned improvements and buildings were made without calling for an appropriation from the state.

WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME.

Statement Showing Membership, Deaths, Cost of Maintenance, Amount Paid State by United States, and Net Cost to State from Opening of Home to December 31, 1906.

Year.	MEMBERSHIP.			Deaths during year.	Total cost to maintain.	Paid to state by U. S.	Net cost to the state.
	Men.	Women.	Total.				
1888.....	55	15	70	4	\$5,330 58	.....	\$5,330 58
1889.....	105	23	128	8	16,041 01	\$4,279 89	11,761 12
1890.....	143	73	216	10	19,843 27	5,751 81	14,111 46
1891.....	146	68	214	4	25,745 58	9,800 00	15,845 58
1892.....	171	83	254	10	28,534 28	11,925 00	16,609 28
1893.....	207	81	288	19	34,758 45	13,911 90	20,846 55
1894.....	219	92	311	14	41,496 41	17,291 31	24,205 10
1895.....	250	109	339	25	43,872 84	18,178 86	25,693 98
1896.....	240	124	364	28	47,617 99	18,706 77	28,911 22
1897.....	309	157	466	14	55,953 03	18,886 71	37,066 32
1898.....	312	193	505	17	68,787 41	24,410 31	44,377 10
1899.....	357	207	544	25	69,758 98	27,291 65	42,467 33
1900.....	403	277	680	43	79,754 97	19,625 39	60,129 58
1901.....	421	295	716	39	87,347 14	23,099 72	64,247 42
1902.....	397	306	703	34	81,136 66	26,737 25	54,399 41
1903.....	412	321	733	41	91,171 68	24,277 56	66,894 12
1904.....	390	310	700	49	98,402 97	27,522 68	70,880 29
1905.....	388	312	700	50	100,945 97	34,675 00	66,270 97
1906.....	369	323	692	56	104,550 09	32,029 73	72,520 36
1907.....	360	313	673	47	107,277 96	33,151 33	74,126 63
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	537	\$1,208,627 27	\$391,532 87	\$817,094 40

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

The objects of this order are (1) to keep green the memory of the events and associations of the Civil War; (2) to aid unfortunate comrades, and (3) to keep alive and active the spirit of patriotism. The first post was organized April 6, 1866, at Decatur, Ill. The first National Encampment was held November 20, 1866, at Indianapolis. The last annual encampment was held August 13-17, 1903, at Toledo, O.; that for 1909 will be held at Salt Lake City. National Headquarters are now at Red Bank, N. J. Present officers: Commander-in-chief, Henry M. Nevins, Red Bank, N. J.; Senior Vice Commander-in-Chief, J. Kent Hamilton, Toledo, Ohio; Junior Vice Commander-in-chief, Charles C. Royce, Chico, Cal.; Chaplain-in-chief, Rev. John F. Spence, Knoxville, Tenn.; Adjutant General, Frank O. Cole, Jersey City, N. J.; Quartermaster General, Cola D. R. Stowits, Buffalo, N. Y.; Patriotic Instructor, Bishop Samuel Fallows, Chicago, Ill.; Member Council of Administration for Wisconsin, Philip Cheek, Baraboo, Wis.

NUMBER OF POSTS AND MEMBERSHIP OF DEPARTMENTS, DEC. 31, 1907.

Departments.	Number of Posts.	Membersh.	Departments.	Number of Posts.	Membersh.
Alabama.....	7	125	Nebr.....	208	4,552
Arizona.....	6	130	N. H.....	84	2,568
Arkansas.....	18	352	N. J.....	106	4,393
Cal. & Nev.....	96	5,756	N. M.....	11	237
Colo. & Wyom.....	56	2,554	N. Y.....	598	25,214
Conn.....	61	3,619	N. D.....	24	344
Delaware.....	19	564	Ohio.....	520	21,752
Florida.....	20	315	Okla.....	91	2,008
Ga. & S. C.....	13	357	Oregon.....	58	1,873
Idaho.....	18	471	Penn.....	526	22,892
Illinois.....	515	18,024	Potomac.....	17	2,161
Indiana.....	377	14,045	R. I.....	25	1,374
Iowa.....	346	10,974	S. D.....	71	1,455
Kansas.....	317	11,029	Tenn.....	40	1,299
Kentucky.....	109	2,036	Texas.....	23	462
La. & Miss.....	47	1,067	Utah.....	5	281
Maine.....	150	5,235	Vermont.....	91	2,707
Maryland.....	54	1,916	Va. & N. C.....	35	611
Mass.....	210	14,786	Wash. & Ala.....	94	3,231
Michigan.....	318	10,688	West Va.....	43	1,191
Minn.....	166	5,447	Wisc.....	221	7,311
Missouri.....	229	7,309			
Mont.....	14	442			
			Totals.....	6,057	225,157
			Loss in a year and a half	39	4,111

The order reached its highest membership, 409,489, in 1890.

THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized June 7, 1866, and the first Wisconsin Post was chartered at Madison June 10, 1866. This post, now known as Lucius Fairchild, No. 11, is still active and has 184 members. Post No. 4, of Berlin, was chartered Sept. 8, 1866, and has maintained ever since an unbroken organization. It is said to be the oldest Post in existence with an unbroken record. Post No. 10, Oshkosh, was chartered Aug. 1, 1866.

General James K. Proudfit was the leading spirit in the organization of the G. A. R. in Wisconsin and became the first Department Commander. He is now the oldest Post Commander and Department Commander living. The following is the list of all Commanders up to the present:

James K. Proudfit.....	1866	*Lucius Fairchild†	1886	*E. B. Gray.....	1897
*H. A. Starr.....	1867	H. P. Fisher, from		Charles H. Russell	1898
*J. M. Rusk.....	1868	September.....	1886	*Henry Harnden..	1899
*F. S. Allen.....	1869-70	*Michael Griffin....	1887	S. H. Tallmadge,	
*Edward Ferguson	1871-72	A. G. Weissert†....	1888-89	from March.....	1900
*A. J. McCoy.....	1873	Leander Ferguson,		David G. James....	1900
G. A. Hannaford..	1874-75	from October....	1889	A. H. DeGross.....	1901
John Hancock....	1876	Benj. F. Bryant....	1890	James H. Agen.....	1902
Henry G. Rogers... 1877		W. H. Upham.....	1891	Joseph P. Rundle..	1903
S. F. Hammond.... 1878		*C. B. Welton.....	1892	Pliny Norcross....	1904
Griff J. Thomas... 1879-81		E. A. Shores.....	1893	F. A. Copeland....	1905
H. M. Enos.....	1882	J. A. Watrous....	1894	John W. Ganes....	1906
Philip Cheek..... 1883-84		W. D. Hoard.....	1895	John C. Martin....	1907
*James Davidson.. 1885		*D. Lloyd Jones....	1896	E. D. Coe.....	1908

*Deceased. †Elected Commander-in-Chief.

The Department reached its largest membership in 1889, when it was 13,944. December 31, 1903, there were 253 Posts, with 9,378 members.

The legislature of 1901 established in the capitol a permanent G. A. R. memorial hall for the preservation of relics and books commemorative of the war, pictures of war scenes, and portraits of men and women who did good service in war times. This hall was to be maintained by the state. It was made the headquarters of the Department of Wisconsin and was well equipped by the state for that purpose. It was the finest department headquarters in the United States. When, Feb. 27, 1904, fire broke out in the capitol and this hall, with all it contained, was completely destroyed; but in the new capitol there will be a larger room of this kind and much better equipped. H. W. Rood, Company E, 12th Wisconsin, is Custodian of the Memorial Hall. At present the Department is on the fourth floor, south wing, of the capitol. Wisconsin is generous in her attitude toward the old soldiers.

At the last Encampment—Racine, June 16 and 17, 1908,—the following named persons were chosen officers for the ensuing year: Commander, E. D. Coe, Whitewater; Senior Vice Commander, R. B. Lang, Racine; Junior Vice Commander, D. J. Dill, Prescott; Medical Director, Samuel Bell, Beloit; Chaplain, W. J. McKay, Madison; Adjutant General, J. A. Watrous, Whitewater; Quartermaster General, F. A. Bird, Madison; Chief of Staff, H. J. Goddard, Chipewa Falls; Chief Mustering Officer, Charles E. Sikes, Kenosha; Judge Advocate, John A. Barney, Mayville; Inspector, J. S. Anderson, Manitowoc; Patriotic Instructor, H. W. Rood, Madison.

Trustees—Philip Cheek, Baraboo, till 1909; J. L. Bear, Janesville, till 1910; Wm. Handyside, Depere, till 1911.

Visitors to Veterans' Home—Charles E. Bentley, Milwaukee; H. C. Putnam, Brodhead; John W. Ganes, Ripon.

The Encampment for 1909 will be held at Eau Claire June 15-16.

LADIES OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

This society of loyal and patriotic women is said to have had its origin in Portland, Maine, in 1837, under the name of the Loyal Ladies' League. The first organized Department was that of New Jersey, 1881, with eight subordinate Leagues. Mrs. Carrie M. Burge, of Vineland, was the first Department President. The following were the stated objects of the order:

"To unite with loyalty, love for one another; to practice precepts of true fraternity of feeling toward all the sisters of our order, thus emulating the spirit that unites our fathers, husbands and brothers; to honor the memory of our fallen heroes; to perpetuate and keep forever sacred Memorial Day; to assist the Grand Army of the Republic in its high and holy mission—aid, encourage and sympathize with them in their noble work of charity; to extend needful aid to members in time of sickness and distress; to aid sick soldiers, sailors and marines, and do all in our power to alleviate suffering."

Eligibility to membership required an applicant to be of good moral character, and the mother or wife, sister or daughter of an honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine who served in the Union Army during the Civil War of 1861-65. These requirements differed from those of the Woman's Relief Corps, which organization decided at its national convention in Denver, in 1883, to admit to membership any loyal woman of worthy character.

On November 18, 1886, at a convention in Chicago, a National organization was effected, and the name changed to "Ladies of the G. A. R.," local societies to be known as Circles. Mrs. Laura McNeir, Camden, New Jersey, was chosen president. All loyal mothers and wives, sisters and daughters, and all lineal female descendants—sixteen years of age or over—of honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors or marines and ex-army nurses, of good moral character, were declared eligible to membership. Veterans of that war and Sons of Veterans may become honorary members.

The order now has, January 1, 1909, 26 departments, with a total membership of 52,000. The present National officers are: President, Mrs. Genevieve Longfield Lane, Portland, Maine; Secretary, Mrs. Mary E. Duddleton, 219 Walnut St., Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer, Mrs. Catherine Ross, 2655 Arapahoe St., Denver, Colo.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized in 1893. It now numbers 627 active members and 291 honorary. The names of the present department officers are as follows: Department President, M. Lillian Clark, 1232 Burleigh St., Milwaukee; Secretary, Edna Gray, 3411 St. Paul Ave., Milwaukee; Treasurer, Sylvia Wheeler, Lancaster; Senior Vice President, Jennie Delaporte, 806 Doty St.; Green Bay; Junior Vice President, Ethel Irish, 295 Linden St., Fond du Lac; Chaplain, Cora Lampman, 1017 Rose St., La Crosse; Corresponding Secretary, Cora Drake, 601 S. Superior St., Antigo; Counselor, Emma Sonneman, 501 Wisconsin Ave., Sheboygan; Patriotic Instructor, Mrs. C. P. Merriam, Cor. 9th and State Sts., Milwaukee; Librarian, Alma Mettam, Omro; Inspector, Clara B. Sloan, La Crosse.

Past Department Presidents: Mary A. Dix, Clara B. Sloane, Flora Miller, Lennie Grimes, Emma Wheldon, Irene W. Jones, Martha Showalter, Kathryn W. Loomis, Dora Snyder and Emma Sonneman.

There are at present 18 Circles in Wisconsin.

Circles in Wisconsin expended for relief from June, 1907, to June 1908, \$613.10; gave to the G. A. R., \$267.21; sent to the Soldiers' Home, \$15.00; to Widows' Home, \$21.35; to Memorial Fund, \$18.56; relief other than money, \$376.14. They hold their department and national conventions at the same times and places with the annual encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic. The next session will be held at Eau Claire, June 15-16, 1909.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.

This auxiliary society of the Grand Army of the Republic had its origin at Portland, Maine, in a local organization there in connection with the G. A. R. Post, in 1839. The first state organization was perfected at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, in April, 1879, when it took the name it now bears. In 1881 the Society received the official recognition of the G. A. R., and they then took the full title, "Woman's Relief Corps, Auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic." The first national gathering was at Denver, Col., July 25, 1883. It was there decided that all loyal women, whether of kin to soldiers of the war or not, should be eligible to membership. Those positively in favor of admitting only women of the families of soldiers withdrew and organized the "Ladies' Loyal League," now "Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic."

The plan of organization is much like that of the G. A. R. Local societies are called corps; state associations, departments; and the annual meetings, conventions. Department and national conventions are held at the same times and places with encampments of the G. A. R.

The objects of the society are: "To specially aid and assist the Grand Army of the Republic and to perpetuate the memory of their heroic dead. To assist such union veterans as need our help and protection, and to extend needful aid to their widows and orphans. To find them homes and employment, and assure them of sympathy and friends. To cherish and emulate the deeds of our army nurses and of all loyal women who rendered loving service to their country in her hour of peril. To inculcate lessons of patriotism and love of country among our children, and in the communities in which we live. To maintain true allegiance to the United States of America. To discountenance whatever tends to weaken loyalty, and to encourage the spread of universal liberty and equal rights to all men."

The first national president, in 1883, was Mrs. Florence Baker, Malden, Mass. The present officers are: President, Mary E. Gilman, Boston, Mass.; Secretary, Maria W. Going, West Somerville, Mass.; Treasurer, Charlotte E. Wright, New Haven, Conn. There are at present 38 departments, comprising 2,807 corps, with 140,251 members. There are 87 corps in states where there are no department organizations. Up to June 30, 1906, relief to the amount of \$3,057,444.97 had been extended in aid of old soldiers and their families.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized at La Crosse, June 26, 1884. Seven local corps were there represented, and, if the records are correct, there were eleven voting members present. The order has grown steadily since then, and now has 146 corps in Wisconsin, with 7,035 members.

Up to June 30, 1906, relief had been expended amounting to \$125,009.53 in money besides several thousands of dollars worth of clothing, furniture and food. Of this amount, \$16,039.54 was for Wisconsin Veterans' Home, \$7,823.86 for assistance in the Spanish-American war, and \$703.89 for the Galveston flood sufferers. The order has done much toward the building and comfortable equipment of the cottages, halls and hospitals at the Wisconsin Veterans' Home at Waupaca, and in the way of patriotic instruction.

The present officers, January 1, 1909, are: President, Julietta Morris, Beloit; Senior Vice President, Jennie B. Wright, Kilbourn; Junior Vice President, Sophronia Black, Racine; Secretary, Ella W. Peck, Beloit; Treasurer, Alfreda McIntire, Waupaca; Chaplain, Louise C. Hart, Ashland; Inspector, Florence Spencer, Janesville; Instituting and Installing Officer, Henrietta Barney, Mayville; Patriotic Instructor, Luella A. Simpson, Shullsburg; Counselor, Celestia L. Edwards, Oconomowoc; Press Correspondent, Lettie F. Withers, Eau Claire.

The following named persons have been presidents of this department: Harriet Dunlap, Lodi, 1884-85-89; Gertie Rogers, Milwaukee, 1886-87-88; Caroline H. Bell, Milwaukee, 1888-89-93; Helen Holmes Charlton, Brodhead, 1890-91; Helen M. Puffer, Monroe, 1891-92; Louise C. Williams, Oconomowoc, 1892-93; Belle S. Hanover, Merrill, 1893-94-95; Elizabeth Skeel, Menomonie, 1895-96; Lucinda C. Burchard, Fort Atkinson, 1896-97; Lettie F. Withers, Eau Claire, 1897-98; Libbie C. Baer, Appleton, 1898-99; Bell W. Bliss, Baraboo, 1899-1900;

Myra C. Grinnell, Beloit, 1900-01; Harriet L. Welton, Madison, 1901-02; Cora M. Evans, Waupaca, 1902-03; Celesta L. Edwards, Oconomowoc, 1903-04; Ellen P. Weatherby, Shullsburg, 1904-05; Fannie McAllister, Omro, 1905-06; Katherine Bleyer, Milwaukee, Sarah E. Ganes, Ripon.

The next national convention will be held at Salt Lake City; that for the department of Wisconsin, at Eau Claire.

THE SONS OF VETERANS.

One of the most active organizations auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic is The Sons of Veterans of the United States of America. The order was established November 12, 1881, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, by Major A. P. Davis, and it has grown rapidly. It is based upon the following:

Principles.—(1) A firm belief and trust in Almighty God, and a realization that under His beneficent guidance the free institutions of our land, consecrated by the services and blood of our fathers, have been preserved, and the integrity and life of the nation maintained.

(2) True allegiance to the government of the United States, based upon a respect for, and devotion and fidelity to, its constitution and laws, manifested by discountenancing anything that may tend to weaken loyalty, incite to insurrection, treason or rebellion, or in any way impair the efficiency and permanency of our national union.

Objects.—To keep green the memories of our fathers and their sacrifices for the maintenance of the Union; to aid the members of the Grand Army of the Republic in caring for disabled and helpless veterans; to extend aid and protection to their widows and orphans; to perpetuate the memory and history of their heroic dead, and maintain the proper observance of Memorial Day; to aid and assist worthy and needy members of our order; to inculcate patriotism and love of country, not alone among our members, but among all people of our land; and to spread and sustain the doctrine of equal rights, universal liberty and justice to all.

Membership.—Members must be at least eighteen years old, and the sons of deceased or honorably discharged Union soldiers. The sons of members of the order are eligible to membership on becoming twenty-one years of age.

This is the number of camps and members June 30, 1908:

Divisions.	Camps.	Members.	Divisions.	Camps.	Members.
Alabama and Tennessee.....	9	154	Nebraska	5	55
California and Oregon.....	8	337	New Hampshire	34	1,120
Colorado and Wyoming.....	5	195	New Jersey	32	1,457
Connecticut.....	19	608	New York	93	3,857
Illinois.....	40	1,240	Ohio	81	2,813
Indiana.....	25	791	Pennsylvania.....	161	10,778
Iowa.....	22	580	Rhode Island.....	11	367
Kansas.....	27	723	Vermont.....	21	610
Kentucky.....	6	111	Washington.....	4	114
Maine.....	33	1,360	Wisconsin.....	19	541
Maryland, Va., and D. C.....	9	297	Totals.....	835	34,286
Massachusetts.....	129	4,921	Gain in two years.....	55	3,685
Michigan.....	10	144			
Minnesota.....	13	497			
Missouri.....	17	613			

Present national officers: Edgar Allen, Jr., Commander-in-chief, Washington, D. C.; Arthur I. Vescecius, Senior Vice Commander-in-chief, Paterson, N. J.; L. M. Alexander, Junior Vice Commander-in-chief, Buffalo, N. Y.; Thomas J. Hannon, Council-in-chief, Dedham, Mass.; Felix A. Kremer, Council-in-chief, Madison, Wis.; John A. Bommhardt, Council-in-chief, Cleveland, O.; Horace

H. Hammer, National Secretary, Reading, Pa.; James Lewis Rake, National Treasurer, Reading, Pa.; Edwin M. Amies, Chief-of-Staff, Altoona, Pa.; D. C. Tillotson, National Counselor, Topeka, Kas.; Rev. Benjamin F. Jones, National Chaplain, Trenton, Mo.; Arthur J. Boutwell, National Inspector, Concord, N. H.; H. V. Speelman, National Patriotic Instructor, Cincinnati, O.

Officers of the Wisconsin Division are: Commander, B. F. Armstrong, Racine; Senior Vice Commander, J. G. Bogart, Milwaukee; Junior Vice Commander, Wilbur Perkins, Jefferson; Division Council, Fred F. Kennison, Waukesha; Geo. P. Hopkins, Oshkosh; R. E. Browne, Racine; Secretary-Treasurer, C. H. Hudson, Madison; Counselor, H. S. Siggelko, Madison; Chaplain, Bert Thompson, Whitehall; Inspector, W. H. Wiggins, North Freedom; Patriotic Instructor, J. H. Schueller, La Crosse; Sergeant Major, Wm. DeSteele, Fond du Lac; Mustering Officers, Felix A. Kremer, Madison; Fred W. Graff, Sheboygan; J. A. Hazelwood, Jefferson; Geo. B. Parkhill, Thorp.

The first camp of the Division was organized at Waukesha in 1833, the first annual encampment was held in Oshkosh in 1834, and the first Division Commander was Dr. John Hinney, Clintonville.

The following named men have been division commanders: John Finney, 1834-35; S. F. Peacock, 1833; F. J. Walthers, 1837; J. P. Sheridan, 1833; C. H. Hudson, 1839-99; H. S. Fuller, 1891; G. W. Wing, 1892; R. L. McCormick, 1893; W. C. Winter, 1894; B. H. Wood, 1895; Thomas L. Jacobs, 1896; W. J. Patton, 1897; C. C. Townsend, 1898; R. M. Smith, 1899; J. W. T. Ames, 1900; M. A. Grasse, 1901; G. A. Geisler, 1902; B. S. Fox, 1903; F. H. B. McDowell, 1904; John H. Hazelwood, 1905; Fred W. Graf, 1906; Felix A. Kremer, 1907.

Memorial University.—The Sons of Veterans have established at Mason City, Iowa, a Memorial University costing, so far, a quarter of a million dollars, and dedicated to the Grand Army of the Republic. It receives both men and women as students. It has several full courses of study, but emphasizes the value of American history—the development, growth and preservation of our free institutions. Instruction there is neither sectarian nor partisan, but is intensely patriotic. There are more than forty instructors and lecturers. In establishing this school the Sons of Veterans have given a worthy example of practical patriotism.

The annual encampments of the Sons of Veterans are held at the same time and place with those of the Grand Army of the Republic. The next meeting will be held June 15-16, 1909, at Eau Claire.

PENSION LAWS, PENSIONERS AND PENSIONS.

To obtain a pension the applicant must file a claim with the Commissioner of Pensions at Washington, D. C. In his claim the soldier should set forth all his military or naval service, giving dates of enlistment and discharge. He should also clearly state the name or nature of all disabilities for which a pension is claimed, giving the time when, the place where and the circumstances under which each was contracted. The prime requirement to establish a claim under the act of July 14, 1862, usually called the general law, is to show that the disability for which pension is claimed had its origin while in the service and line of duty; that it has existed as a disabling cause from the date of discharge, and now exists in a degree pensionable under law.

The act of June 27, 1890, is practically superseded by the age pension law act, February 6, 1907.

Survivors of the various Indian wars and uprisings—who served thirty days or more—from 1817 to 1856, inclusive, and who were honorably discharged under United States military, state, territorial or provisional authority, are entitled to pensions, as are also the surviving widows of such soldiers, whether officers

or enlisted men, excepting in cases where widows have remarried. Soldiers who were in the military or naval service of the Confederate states, but subsequently enlisted in the United States army or navy, performed faithful service and were honorably discharged therefrom, and the widows and minor children of such soldiers, are pensionable. This provision, however, does not include surviving members of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th United States Volunteers, who had prior Confederate service, but were enlisted while prisoners of war under special stipulation that they were not to be pensionable.

Soldiers who deserted, but subsequently enlisted and rendered faithful service for a period of six months or more, and were honorably discharged, but received no bounty or other gratuity from the United States than that to which they would have been entitled had they been regularly discharged from their prior service, are also entitled to be placed upon the pension rolls.

In a widow's claim it is necessary to prove the fact of her legal marriage to the soldier, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that it was of service origin. She must also show that she has remained his widow. If there are children of the soldier under sixteen years of age at the date of his death, their names should be given and the date of birth of each clearly shown. If any have died the date or dates of death should be proved.

The act of 1890 and the amended law of May 1, 1900, are practically superseded by the act of April 19, 1908. Under this law the claimant must show that she was the legal wife of the soldier; that she was married prior to June 27, 1890, and that she has not remarried since his death.

By act of congress, approved March 3, 1901, a widow who was pensioned, or entitled to a pension, under the general law, but forfeited her claim by re-marriage, may, upon proving the fact of the death of her last husband, and that her net annual income is less than \$250, be restored to the pension roll if the widow was entitled to, but had never proved her right to a pension. She must first prosecute and receive the pension due her from the death of the soldier to the date of her re-marriage, and then prosecute the claim for reissue.

A minor child's title to a pension is good only on the death or re-marriage of the widow, which fact must be shown in addition to the requirements in a widow's claim. A dependent mother must show her relationship to the soldier, his celibacy, that he contributed to her support, that his death was due to some cause of service origin, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that she was dependent upon him for support at the time of his death. Under the act of June 27, 1890, it is necessary only to show her dependence at the time of filing her claim and since then. A dependent father must show relationship by legal marriage to the soldier's mother, the date of the soldier's birth and of the mother's death, in addition to the requirements in a mother's claim. Applications rejected by a Board of Pension Surgeons may be reconsidered on the evidence of two physicians that the disability exists.

Act of congress, February 6, 1907: That any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late civil war, or sixty days in the war with Mexico, and who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age of sixty-two years or over, shall, upon making proof of such facts according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the pension roll, and be entitled to receive a pension as follows: In case such person has reached the age of sixty-two years, twelve dollars per month; seventy years, fifteen dollars per month, seventy-five years or over, twenty-dollars per month; and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the Bureau of Pensions after the passage and approval of this act: Provided, that pensioners who are sixty-two years of age or over, and who are now receiving pensions under existing laws, or whose claims are pending in the Bureau of Pensions, may, by application to the Commissioner of Pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, receive the benefits of this act; and nothing herein contained shall prevent any pensioner or person entitled to a pension from prosecuting his claim and receiving a pension under any other general or special act: Provided, that no person shall receive a pension under any other law at the

same time or for the same period that he is receiving a pension under the provisions of this act: Provided, further, that no person who is now receiving or shall hereafter receive a greater pension under any other general or special law than he would be entitled to receive under the provisions herein shall be pensionable under this act.

Sec. 2. That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed hereunder.

Sec. 3. That no pension attorney, claim agent, or other person shall be entitled to receive any compensation for services rendered in presenting any claim to the Bureau of Pensions, or securing any pension, under this act.

Pensions for privates range, in most cases, from \$6 to \$30 per month, though \$72 per month is granted to those who have lost both feet or both eyes, and \$100 per month to those who have lost both hands. The number of pensioners on the rolls in the several states and territories on June 30, 1936, with the total amount paid during the fiscal year that ended on that day, is shown in the following table:

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS AND AMOUNT PAID IN EVERY STATE.

States.	Number.	Amount paid.	States.	Number.	Amount paid.
Alabama.....	3,788	\$541,123 51	Nebraska.....	15,405	2,322,826 94
Alaska.....	86	12,427 38	Nevada.....	505	75,027 61
Arizona.....	871	128,839 74	New Hampshire...	7,868	1,316,580 93
Arkansas.....	10,724	1,597,635 79	New Jersey.....	24,420	3,424,077 35
California.....	27,207	4,279,199 90	New Mexico.....	2,250	352,248 03
Colorado.....	9,038	1,360,830 76	New York.....	81,167	12,935,146 97
Connecticut.....	11,826	1,848,403 88	North Carolina....	4,091	598,807 21
Delaware.....	2,705	435,652 39	North Dakota.....	2,168	372,858 07
Dist. of Columbia..	8,683	1,409,497 13	Ohio.....	93,941	15,961,294 01
Florida.....	3,870	589,837 65	Oklahoma.....	13,545	1,548,140 11
Georgia.....	3,524	517,376 86	Oregon.....	7,862	1,198,604 73
Idaho.....	2,223	343,035 94	Pennsylvania.....	93,388	14,120,179 94
Illinois.....	66,680	10,597,891 92	Rhode Island.....	5,369	809,890 80
Indiana.....	58,016	10,291,109 59	South Carolina....	2,021	271,649 45
Iowa.....	33,362	5,748,809 05	South Dakota.....	4,548	712,865 62
Kansas.....	37,547	6,502,226 72	Tennessee.....	18,755	2,943,464 16
Kentucky.....	25,657	4,072,137 35	Texas.....	8,895	1,255,830 09
Louisiana.....	6,447	902,359 51	Utah.....	1,074	170,770 47
Maine.....	17,620	3,066,015 49	Vermont.....	7,815	1,472,551 79
Maryland.....	12,068	2,041,649 22	Virginia.....	8,807	1,426,432 25
Massachusetts.....	40,044	6,166,127 63	Washington.....	10,731	1,651,313 86
Michigan.....	40,335	7,003,969 16	West Virginia.....	12,436	1,938,725 19
Minnesota.....	15,789	2,483,175 49	Wisconsin.....	24,505	4,070,114 87
Mississippi.....	4,738	691,581 34	Wyoming.....	946	148,334 20
Missouri.....	48,015	8,169,900 15			
Montana.....	2,114	322,975 25			
Paid in all foreign countries.....			Total.....	946,509	\$152,126,644 12
Paid in our insular possessions.....				5,047	811,473 51
				131	21,420 52
Grand total.....				951,687	\$152,959,537 96

**PENSION AGENCIES, GAINS AND LOSSES, PENSIONERS
CLASSIFIED.**

The various pension agencies in the country are located at Augusta, Me.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Columbus, Ohio; Concord, N. H.; Des Moines, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Milwaukee, Wis.; New York, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Penn.; San Francisco, Cal.; Topeka, Kan., and Washington, D. C.

Additions to the pension rolls during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 1906, were as follows:

Gain by act of the Bureau	35,103
Gain by special acts of Congress	3,579
Total	38,682
 Lost to the rolls during the same period:	
By death	50,676
By remarriage	944
By legal limitations—minors	1,025
By failure to claim	711
By all other causes	1,010
Total	54,366
Decrease during the year	15,684

The 985,971 pensioners on the rolls July 1, 1906, are classified as follows:

FOR SERVICE PRIOR TO MARCH 4, 1861.	No.	Wid- ows.	Daugh- ters.	Total.	Grand total.
Widows and soldiers of the revolution.....			2	2	
Survivors of war of 1812.....		471			
Survivors of Indian wars, 1832-42.....	1,820	3,018		3,489	
Survivors of Mexican wars.....	2,932	6,914		9,846	
FOR SERVICE SINCE MARCH 4, 1861.					
<i>(a) Under act of July 14, 1862.</i>					
Invalids.....	142,044	75,515			
Army and navy pensioners are reported all together in current report.					
Army nurses.....	510				
Act Feb. 6, 1907.....	388,341				
<i>(b) Under act of June 27, 1890.</i>					
Invalids.....	140,600				
Act April 19, 1903.....		188,445			
<i>(c) War with Spain.</i>					
Invalids.....	20,458	1,145			
<i>(d) Regular establishment.</i>					
Invalids.....	11,786	2,580			

STATE PENSION AGENCY.

The state of Wisconsin has by law constituted the adjutant general—present Charles R. Boardman—state agent for pensions. He will, upon application, supply free all necessary blanks for applications and evidence in all classes of pensions; will give advice and all possible assistance in procuring evidence; will file copies of testimony and perform all the various offices of pension attorney for all soldiers or their heirs residing in Wisconsin free of charge, regardless of the branch of service or organization to which the applicant was attached.

Since this free state pension agency was established in 1889 nearly 9,000 claims have been filed with the adjutant general, over 7,600 of which have been adjudicated and more than 80 per cent successfully prosecuted.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE ROYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Organized April 15, 1865.)

Objects.—The objects of this order shall be to cherish the memories and associations of the war waged in defense of the unity and indivisibility of the republic; strengthen the ties of fraternal fellowship and sympathy formed by companions-in-arms; advance the best interests of the soldiers and sailors of the United States, especially of those associated as companions of this Order; and extend all possible relief to their widows and children; foster the cultivation of military and naval science; enforce unqualified allegiance to the general government; protect the rights and liberties of American citizenship, and maintain national honor, union and independence. The members are of three classes: (1) Commissioned officers and honorably discharged commissioned officers of the army, navy and marine corps (regulars and volunteers) actually engaged in suppressing the rebellion prior to April 15, 1865, and sons of deceased officers who served as above. (2) The sons of living original companions of the first class who are twenty-one years old. (3) Gentlemen who, in civil life during the rebellion, were specially distinguished for conspicuous loyalty to the national government.

Membership, October 31, 1908, 8,796; composed of: first class, 7,611; second class, 1,172; third class, 13. Largest Commanderies: New York, 1,193 members, New York City; Pennsylvania, 1,072, Philadelphia; the other 19 state commanderies in order of their organization and place of headquarters: Maine, 163, Portland; Massachusetts, 869, Boston; California, 708, San Francisco; Wisconsin, 203, Milwaukee; Illinois, 617, Chicago; District of Columbia, 836, Washington; Ohio, 818, Cincinnati; Michigan, 285, Detroit; Minnesota, 292, St. Paul; Oregon, 68, Portland; Missouri, 236, St. Louis; Nebraska, 103, Omaha; Kansas, 177, Leavenworth; Iowa, 239, Des Moines; Colorado, 228, Denver; Indiana, 318, Indianapolis; Washington, 134, Tacoma; Vermont, 136, Burlington; Maryland, 51, Baltimore.

The present national officers are: Commander-in-chief, Major-General Grenville M. Dodge; Senior Vice Commander, Rear-Admiral John C. Watson; Junior Vice Commander, Lieut.-General John C. Bates; Recorder, Colonel John P. Nicholson; Registrar, Major William P. Huxford; Treasurer, Paymaster George de F. Barton; Chancellor, Brevet Captain John O. Feoring.

Wisconsin Commandery, Milwaukee; headquarters 85-87 Oneida St.; meetings, first Wednesday each month, October to May, excluding January; no regular meetings May to October. Officers elected May, 1908: Commander, Lieut.-Gen.

eral Arthur MacArthur, U. S. A.; Senior Vice Commander, Val. Lieut. Amos P. Foster, U. S. N.; Junior Vice Commander, 1st Lieut. George H. Chase, U. S. V.; Recorder, Captain A. Ross Houston, U. S. V.; Registrar, Mr. Joseph McC. Bell, Jr.; Treasurer, Captain Howard Greene, U. S. V.; Chancellor, Mr. Charles S. Carter; Chaplain, Rev. Arthur L. Bumpus; Council, Captain Otto C. Lademann, U. S. V., Captain Arthur Gunther, U. S. V., Lieutenant Florian J. Ries, U. S. V., Mr. A. Proctor Smith, Mr. Edward L. Woodruff.

The past commanders of the commandery of the state of Wisconsin are: Colonel James H. Howe, 32nd Wis. Inf., 1874; Colonel Charles D. Robinson, 53th Wis. Inf., 1875 and 1876; Brig.-Gen. E. W. Hincks, U. S. V., 1877 and 1879; Captain Garth W. James, 54th Mass. Inf., 1878; Major-General Chas. S. Hamilton, U. S. V., 1880; Captain Irving M. Bean, 5th Wis. Inf., 1881 and 1882; Colonel Chas. A. Hamilton, 7th Wis. Inf., 1883; Brig.-Gen. Lucius Fairchild, U. S. V., 1884, 1885 and 1883; Captain George W. Burnell, 10th Vermont Inf., 1887; Captain George I. Robinson, Chicago Board of Trade Battery, 1883; Lieut. Colonel Chester D. Cleveland, 2d Conn. H. Arty., 1833; Major Charles H. Anson, 1st Vermont Arty., 1890; Lieut. Edward Ferguson, 1st Wis. Inf., 1891; Lieut.-Colonel Joseph McC. Bell, A. A. G., 1892; Bvt.-Brig. Gen. Frederick C. Winkler, 26th Wis. Inf., 1893; Captain George E. Sutherland, 13th Heavy Arty., U. S. C. T., 1894; Lieut. Henry B. Harshaw, 2d Wis. Inf., 1895; Major Charles H. Ross, 13th Ind. Inf., 1896; Lieut. Cornelius Wheeler, 2d Wis. Inf., 1897; Captain Frederick H. Madgeburg, 14th Wis. Inf., 1898; First Lieut. Theron W. Haight, 24th New York Inf., 1899; First Lieut. Frank A. Anson, 1st Vermont Arty., 1900; First Lieut. Walter Kempster, 10th New York Cav., 1901; First Lieut. Albert H. Hollister, 30th U. S. C. T., 1902; Captain Edwin B. Parsons, 24th Wis. Inf., 1903; First Lieut. and Adjutant Arthur Holbrook, 29th Wis. Inf., 1904; Captain Irving M. Bean, 5th Wis. Inf., 1905; Maj. Wm. W. Rowley, 28th New York Inf., 1906; Captain George W. Peck, 2d Lieut. 4th Wis. Cav., 1907; Lieut. General Arthur MacArthur, U. S. Army, 1908; Captain Charles King, U. S. A., 1887 and 1888; Captain A. Ross Houston, U. S. V., 1889 to the present time.

The officers of the state commanderies are the commander, senior and junior vice commanders, recorder, registrar, chancellor, chaplain, and a council of five.

The commander-in-chief is constituted of the commanders, the senior and junior vice commanders, and recorders, all past and present, of the state commanderies. Its meetings are held annually and every other year at Philadelphia, which is regarded as the headquarters of the Order.

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UNITED SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Directly after the return of the volunteers of the Spanish-American War the men began to form various local or regimental organizations, the general object being to perpetuate the associations of the camp and field, also to inculcate a general spirit of patriotism. Not long after these societies were merged into a national organization known as the Spanish-American War Veterans. This national society was formed at Trenton, New Jersey, December 14, 1899. Camps were soon established in every state and territory in the Union. Later this society was joined with that known as the Spanish War Veterans under the name of the United Spanish War Veterans. The first annual encampment of this organization was held at St. Louis on the 19th and 20th of September, 1904. This

meeting was largely attended, the proceedings were most harmonious and the greatest interest was manifested in the present and future of the consolidated Encampment. Delegates were present from all the consolidated Societies, and all comrades mingled in the happiest and most fraternal manner. The character and attendance of this First Encampment demonstrated that the organization is now established on a permanent and effective basis and has entered upon a bright and useful career.

NUMBER OF CAMPS IN DEPARTMENTS, OCTOBER 1, 1908.

Arizona.....	4	Maryland.....	4	Pennsylvania.....	36
California.....	26	Maryland, unattac'd	2	Philippine Islands...	14
Colorado.....	4	Massachusetts.....	42	Rhode Island.....	6
Connecticut.....	12	Michigan.....	24	South Dakota.....	3
Dist. of Columbia.....	9	Minnesota.....	5	Tennessee.....	6
Georgia.....	2	Mississippi.....	2	Texas.....	2
Hawaii.....	3	Missouri.....	8	Utah.....	4
Idaho.....	5	Nebraska.....	2	Vermont.....	9
Illinois.....	39	Nevada.....	4	Washington.....	12
Indiana.....	20	New Hampshire.....	5	West Virginia.....	3
Indian Territory.....	3	New Jersey.....	13	Wisconsin.....	26
Iowa.....	6	New Mexico.....	1	Wyoming.....	2
Kansas.....	5	New York.....	69	Total.....	516
Kentucky.....	5	Ohio.....	55		
Louisiana.....	2	Oklahoma.....	6		
Maine.....	8	Oregon.....	4		

National officers are as follows: Commander-in-chief, Chas. W. Newton, Hartford, Conn.; senior vice commander, Chas. E. Stroud, Columbus, Ohio; junior vice commander, M. R. Doyon, Kokomo, Ind.; adjutant general, Henry H. Saunders, Hartford, Conn.; national historian, J. Walter Mitchell, Washington, D. C.

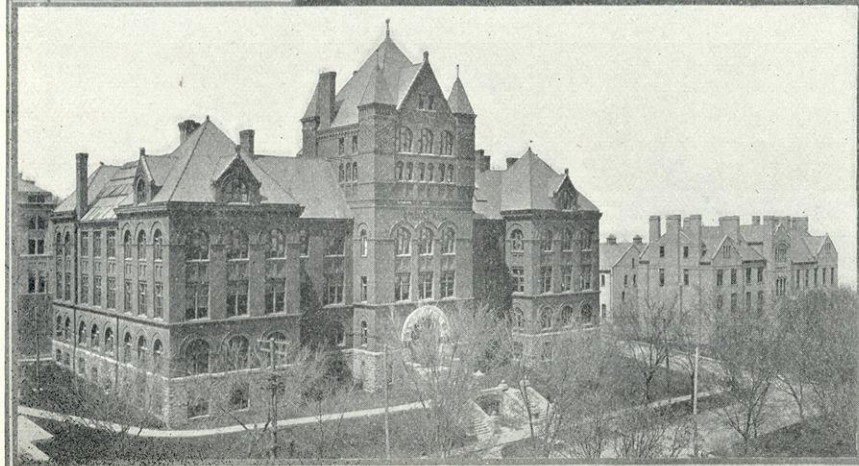
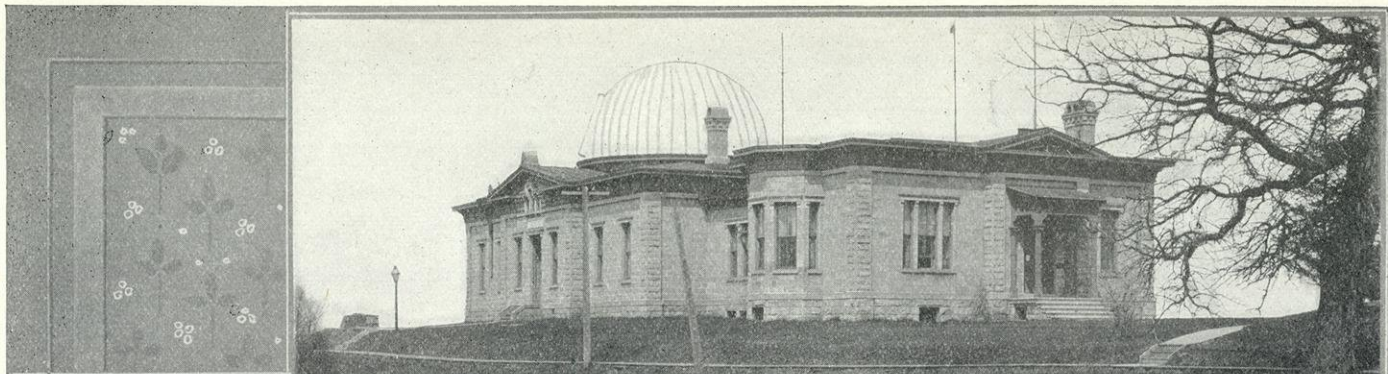
Department of Wisconsin.—Headquarters, Racine, 241 Main St.

Department Officers, 1908-1909.—Department commander, Ezra L. Evans, Racine; senior vice commander, J. S. Foat, Ripon; junior vice commander, Edwin S. Falter, Janesville; department adjutant, R. P. Peterson, Racine; department quartermaster, F. A. Baumann, Racine; inspector general, Nicholas Groetzinger, Chilton; judge advocate, E. C. Raymond, La Crosse; chaplain, H. B. Scherzinger, Fond du Lac.

The next department encampment will be held July 5th, 6th and 7th, 1909, at Fond du Lac.

The 27 Wisconsin camps are located as follows:

City.	Members.	City.	Members.
Oshkosh.....	48	Ripon.....	36
Manitowoc.....	28	Oshkosh.....	44
Milwaukee.....	32	Milwaukee.....	104
Monroe.....	38	Milwaukee.....	40
Beloit.....	29	Tomah.....	46
Menomonie.....	30	Whitewater.....	19
Ft. Atkinson.....	29	Neillsville.....	25
Madison.....	52	Janesville.....	40
La Crosse.....	78	Viroqua.....	28
Sheboygan.....	45	Portage.....	30
Oconto.....	27	Superior.....	39
Fond du Lac.....	60	Eau Claire.....	37
Racine.....	78	Total.....	1,191
Sparta.....	29		



WASHBURN OBSERVATORY, MADISON.
SCIENCE HALL, MADISON.

MILITARY ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS OF UNITED STATES.

WISCONSIN COMMANDERY.

The war with Spain and the later conflicts with the insurgents of the Philippine Islands and the "Boxers" of the Chinese Empire, have given rise to a number of military societies differing but little in their purpose, but sufficiently in their articles of association to create between them a spirit of rivalry. Officers of repute and standing have found it difficult to decide between these several societies and have as yet joined none. To these especially, and to all officers of honorable record the Society of Foreign Wars presents unusual attractions. It has no rival society. Its sons derive their right of membership from personal service in the War with Mexico or those waged in later years with Spain, with the Filipinos, with the Chinese bandits or else by inheritance from ancestors who fought with England, France or the Algerians in the earlier days of the nation. The National Society embraces the most historic names of America. The state societies are rapidly growing and throughout the society there is harmony of spirit and just pride in the membership. In the eastern states no order is more highly regarded. In the West it seems as yet, but imperfectly understood.

Roster of Wisconsin Commandery, Military Order of Foreign Wars, 1906.

MAJOR B. H. DALLY, Commander.....	Milwaukee
MAJOR A. B. GAMBIER, Senior Vice Commander.....	Waukesha
GENERAL CHARLES KING, U. S. Army, Vice General Commander.....	Milwaukee
LIEUTENANT FRED P. COOK, Secretary.....	Milwaukee
COLONEL F. W. GRUETZMACHER, Treasurer.....	Ripon
MAJOR O. E. LEWIS, Secretary.....	Milwaukee
CAPTAIN E. C. BARNES, Registrar.....	Ripon
CAPTAIN R. B. McCOY, Judge Advocate.....	Sparta
MAJOR JOHN B. EDWARDS, Surgeon.....	Mauston
CAPTAIN E. H. SMITH, CHAPLAIN.....	Oshkosh

WISCONSIN IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Table compiled from Records in the Adjutant General's Department in Madison concisely showing important statistical features.

Name of Organization.	Organized at	Organization perfected.	Original Strength	Gained by recruits.	Total strength	Killed or died of wounds.	Died of disease.	Died of accident.	Total loss.	Per cent of death rate.	No. of engagements.	Date of final muster out.
1st Wisonsin Cavalry...	Ripon and Kenosha	Feb. 2, 1862	1,124	1,417	2,541	72	320	12	404	15.938	45	July 19, 1865
2d Wisonsin Cavalry...	Milwaukee	Mar. 10, 1862	1,127	998	2,125	23	285	8	316	14.870	18	Nov. 15, 1865
3d Wisonsin Cavalry...	Janesville	Jan. 31, 1862	1,186	980	2,166	66	127	27	220	11.569	37	Oct. 27, 1865
4th Wisonsin Cavalry ¹ ...	Racine	July 2, 1861	1,047	998	2,045	116	284	33	433	20.684	31	May 28, 1865
1st Wis. Heavy Art ² ...	Madison	June 11, 1861	1,777	386	2,163	4	74	9	87	4.207	4	Sept. 2, 1865
1st Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 10, 1861	155	114	269	4	25	2	31	11.524	15	July 18, 1865
2d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 10, 1861	153	42	195	4	13	.....	13	6.666	1	July 10, 1865
3d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 10, 1861	170	67	237	4	2	.....	24	10.126	5	July 3, 1865
4th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 1, 1861	151	100	251	2	20	.....	24	9.562	7	July 3, 1865
5th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 1, 1861	155	70	225	5	19	.....	24	10.666	17	June 6, 1865
6th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 1, 1861	157	85	242	5	20	.....	28	11.570	10	July 3, 1865
7th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Oct. 4, 1861	158	94	252	6	20	2	31	12.301	6	July 20, 1865
8th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Racine	Jan. 8, 1862	161	102	263	9	28	.....	29	11.026	11	Aug. 10, 1865
9th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Burlington	Jan. 27, 1862	155	63	218	1	5	.....	29	2.752	1	Sept. 30, 1865
10th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Milwaukee	Feb. 10, 1862	47	121	168	.....	26	.....	28	16.666	35	Apr. 20, 1865
11th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art. ³	Oconto	Feb. 22, 1862	87	8	95	2	1	.....	2	2.115	12	July 10, 1865
12th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Madison	Apr. 2, 1862	99	212	311	.....	22	1	32	10.289	12	June 7, 1865
13th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art.	Milwaukee	Dec. 29, 1863	156	32	188	.....	13	2	15	7.979	.....	July 20, 1865
Co. G, 1st U. S. (Berdan's Sharpshooters)	Wisonsin	Sept. 23, 1861	105	80	185	21	13	.....	34	18.378	37	Sept. 22, 1864
1st Wis. Infantry (3 mos.)	Milwaukee	Apr. 20, 1861	810	.....	810	2	.....	1	3	0.370	1	Aug. 21, 1861
1st Wis. Infantry (3 yrs.)	Milwaukee	Oct. 19, 1861	945	563	1,508	132	103	.....	235	15.583	5	Oct. 21, 1865
2d Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	June 11, 1861	1,051	152	1,203	238	74	6	318	25.002	25	July 2, 1864
3d Wisonsin Infantry	Fond du Lac	June 29, 1861	979	940	1,919	165	116	2	283	14.747	26	July 18, 1865
5th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	July 13, 1861	1,058	994	2,052	194	130	3	327	15.955	30	July 11, 1865
6th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	July 16, 1861	1,108	832	1,940	243	110	6	359	18.490	30	July 14, 1865
7th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Sept. 2, 1861	1,029	601	1,630	281	139	7	427	19.264	31	July 3, 1865
8th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Sept. 13, 1861	973	369	1,342	59	208	13	280	20.864	43	Sept. 5, 1865
10th Wisonsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Nov. 26, 1861	870	333	1,203	78	106	11	195	16.209	8	Nov. 30, 1866
11th Wisonsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Oct. 14, 1861	916	105	1,021	95	145	8	248	24.293	20	Nov. 3, 1864
12th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Oct. 18, 1861	1,029	573	1,602	86	284	11	381	23.783	16	Sept. 4, 1865
13th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Nov. 5, 1861	1,045	622	1,667	96	229	4	329	19.736	19	July 16, 1865
14th Wisonsin Infantry	Janesville	Nov. 13, 1861	970	569	1,539	5	182	14	201	19.735	7	Nov. 24, 1865
15th Wisonsin Infantry	Fond du Lac	June 30, 1862	970	940	1,910	123	194	10	327	17.120	26	Oct. 3, 1865
15th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Feb. 13, 1862	801	98	899	94	237	14	345	38.376	26	Feb. 13, 1865
16th Wisonsin Infantry	Madison	Jan. 31, 1862	1,063	891	1,957	147	246	8	401	20.490	16	July 12, 1865

17th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Mar. 15, 1862	941	736	1,677	41	220	14	275	16,410	16	July 14, 1865
18th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Mar. 15, 1862	962	467	1,419	54	163	9	226	15,815	11	July 18, 1865
19th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Apr. 30, 1862	973	241	1,214	43	113	5	161	13,262	7	Aug. 9, 1865
20th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Aug. 23, 1862	990	139	1,129	107	138	10	255	22,586	8	July 14, 1865
21st	Wisconsin Infantry	Oshkosh	Sept. 5, 1862	1,002	169	1,171	121	174	11	306	26,135	21	June 8, 1865
22d	Wisconsin Infantry	Racine	Sept. 2, 1862	1,009	496	1,505	79	163	6	248	16,478	13	July 12, 1865
23d	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Aug. 30, 1862	994	123	1,117	41	262	13	316	28,299	17	July 4, 1865
24th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Aug. 22, 1862	1,003	74	1,077	110	83	6	199	18,477	18	June 10, 1865
25th	Wisconsin Infantry	La Crosse	Sept. 14, 1862	1,018	426	1,444	53	414	4	471	32,618	30	June 7, 1865
26th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Sept. 17, 1862	1,002	87	1,089	187	73	6	266	24,426	17	June 13, 1865
27th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Mar. 7, 1863	865	331	1,196	22	239	5	266	22,241	6	Aug. 29, 1865
28th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Oct. 14, 1862	961	176	1,137	13	226	10	249	25,857	6	Aug. 23, 1865
29th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Sept. 27, 1862	961	128	1,089	81	235	18	334	30,670	19	June 22, 1865
30th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Oct. 21, 1862	906	313	1,219	2	68	3	73	6,989	1	Sept. 20, 1865
31st	Wisconsin Infantry	Cra. du Chien.	Oct. 9, 1862	878	200	1,078	23	90	3	116	10,761	6	July 8, 1865
32d	Wisconsin Infantry	Oshkosh	Sept. 25, 1864	993	481	1,474	27	252	7	286	19,403	13	June 12, 1865
33d	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Oct. 18, 1862	892	174	1,066	33	167	10	210	19,700	24	Aug. 9, 1865
34th	Wisconsin Infantry	Mad. & Milw.	Dec. 31, 1862	961	.....	961	.....	19	4	23	2,393	.....	Sept. 8, 1863
35th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Feb. 27, 1864	1,063	22	1,088	2	275	5	282	25,919	12	Mar. 15, 1866
36th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Mar. 23, 1864	990	24	1,014	156	172	12	340	33,536	10	July 12, 1865
37th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	June 25, 1864	708	436	1,144	155	87	5	247	21,599	10	July 26, 1865
38th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Apr. 13, 1864	913	119	1,032	57	56	2	115	11,143	10	July 27, 1865
39th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	June 3, 1864	780	.....	780	29	29	.....	32	4,102	.....	Sept. 15, 1864
40th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	June 9, 1864	776	.....	776	3	19	.....	1	2,577	.....	Sept. 16, 1864
41st	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	June 15, 1864	578	.....	578	.....	18	.....	1	3,114	.....	Sept. 17, 1864
42d	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Sept. 9, 1864	877	131	1,008	.....	57	3	60	6,952	.....	June 20, 1865
43d	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Sept. 30, 1864	867	46	913	1	76	1	78	8,434	.....	June 24, 1865
44th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Feb. 15, 1865	877	237	1,114	.....	60	1	61	5,475	.....	Aug. 28, 1865
45th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Feb. 7, 1865	859	142	1,001	.....	36	1	37	3,696	.....	July 17, 1865
46th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Mar. 2, 1865	914	33	947	.....	21	.....	21	2,218	.....	Sept. 27, 1865
47th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Feb. 23, 1865	927	58	985	.....	42	.....	42	4,264	.....	Sept. 4, 1865
48th	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Apr. 4, 1865	828	4	832	.....	16	.....	16	4,191	.....	Mar. 24, 1866
49th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Mar. 5, 1865	986	16	1,002	.....	48	1	49	4,989	.....	Nov. 8, 1865
50th	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Apr. 18, 1865	942	16	958	1	40	4	45	4,697	.....	June 14, 1866
51st	Wisconsin Infantry	Milwaukee	Apr. 29, 1865	841	391	1,232	.....	23	1	24	1,984	.....	Aug. 30, 1865
52d	Wisconsin Infantry	Madison	Apr. 18, 1865	486	25	511	.....	9	.....	9	1,761	.....	July 28, 1865

Total..... 56,316 21,012 77,328 3,794 8,022 400 12,216
Assigned to other organizations and unassigned..... 14,051

Total number furnished by Wisconsin..... 91,379

The total muster out from specific Wisconsin organizations at the close of the war was 54,052 men. During the war 15,193 were discharged. The remainder embraces 4,685 remaining in the service, transfers to other organizations, missing, desertions, etc.

¹ Organized as infantry and changed to cavalry Sept. 1, 1863. ² Co. "A," organized at Madison; "B," "C" and "D" at Milwaukee; "E" to "M" at Madison. ³ Also known as Battery "L," 1st Reg. Illinois Light Artillery. ⁴ Four companies organized at Racine, Dec. 24, 1862. ⁵ Organized at Madison and Milwaukee to serve nine months. ⁶ Four companies organized April 15, six others later. ⁷ Organized to serve 100 days. ⁸ Organized to serve one year.

The 53d regiment was started, several companies recruited and merged into the 51st. Official date of close of war, ruling by U. S. Supreme court, April 28, 1866.

WISCONSIN IN THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR, 1898.

Name of organization.	Where perfected.	Date of organization.	Original strength.	Gained by recruits.	Total strength.
Battery A. 1st Lt. Artillery	Camp Douglas.	July 7, 1898	109	.....	109
1st Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,357	.....	1,357
2d Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,349	.....	1,349
3d Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,353	.....	1,353
4th Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Douglas.	June 27, 1898	1,301	.....	1,301
Total.....	.....	.....	5,469	.....	5,469

Name of organization.	Killed in action.	Died of disease.	Died of wounds.	Total loss.	No. engagements.	Date of muster out.
Battery A. 1st Lt. Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 8, 1898
1st Regiment Infantry.....	.....	45	.....	45	.....	Oct. 19, 1898
2d Regiment Infantry.....	.....	38	.....	38	2	Nov. 21, 1898
3d Regiment Infantry.....	2	41	.....	43	2	Jan. 15, 1899
4th Regiment Infantry.....	.....	17	.....	17	.....	Feb. 28, 1899
Total.....	2	141	.....	143	4	.....

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Number of United States Troops, Militia and Volunteers Engaged.

Wars.	From.	To.	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total. ¹
War of the Revolution.....	Apr. 19, 1775	Apr. 11, 1783	130,711	164,080	309,791
Northwestern Indian Wars	Sept. 19, 1790	Aug. 3, 1795	.....	.....	8,938
War with France.....	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	24,593
War with Tripoli.....	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	23,330
Creek Indian War.....	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,181	13,781
With Great Britain, 1812	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War.....	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War....	Apr. 21, 1831	Sept. 31, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee Disturbance.....	1836	1837	.....	9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War.....	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War.....	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook Disturbance.....	1836	1839	.....	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico.....	Apr. 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache and Navajo War....	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War.....	1856	1858	.....	3,087	3,087
War of the Rebellion.....	1861	1865	.....	.....	² 772,408
Spanish-American War.....	Apr. 21, 1898	Aug. 12, 1898	.....	.....	⁴ 274,717
Philippine Insurrection....	1899	1900	.....	.....	60,000

¹Including all branches of the service. ²Naval forces engaged. ³Confederate troops, about 600,000. ⁴Troops actually engaged, about 60,000.

THE NATION'S FIGHTING FORCES.
CONGRESSIONAL AND MILITARY.

STATES.	CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT, 1901.			NATIONAL GUARD OF THE STATES.				
	Popula- tion, 1900.	No. of con- gress- men.	Popula- tion per con- gress- man.	Infan- try.	Cavalry.	Artil- lery.	Infan- try.	Total No. au- thorized
Alabama	1,828,697	9	203,189	15	249	246	1,995	7,788
Arkansas	1,311,584	7	187,366	12	.....	53	1,537	.....
California	1,485,653	8	185,632	40	204	279	2,797	6,471
Colorado	539,700	3	179,900	5	329	54	1,459	.....
Connecticut	905,355	5	181,671	16	61	232	2,397	4,188
Delaware	184,735	1	184,735	15	.....	.....	317	750
Florida	528,542	3	176,181	1	.....	37	1,172	1,458
Georgia	2,231,331	11	201,485	13	409	272	3,035	12,344
Idaho	164,772	1	161,772	1	.....	.....	658	21,000
Illinois	4,821,550	25	191,862	2	379	130	5,878	10,626
Indiana	2,516,462	13	193,574	61	.....	134	2,250	4,401
Iowa	2,231,853	11	202,896	2	.....	.....	2,440	3,694
Kansas	1,470,495	8	183,812	19	.....	90	1,152	2,131
Kentucky	2,147,174	11	195,198	11	48	263	935	3,500
Louisiana	1,381,625	7	197,375	1	196	423	393	.....
Maine	684,466	4	173,817	11	.....	.....	1,189	2,951
Maryland	1,190,050	6	198,342	25	52	.....	2,087	2,700
Massachusetts	2,807,346	14	200,382	11	243	1,011	4,467	6,592
Michigan	2,420,982	12	201,749	15	.....	.....	2,768	3,428
Minnesota	1,751,394	9	194,599	5	.....	160	1,733	3,729
Mississippi	1,551,270	8	193,434	1	.....	90	1,062	1,800
Missouri	3,106,665	16	194,167	37	.....	77	2,645	3,000
Montana	243,329	1	243,329	7	.....	52	597	1,124
Nebraska	1,068,539	6	178,090	1	46	49	1,193	2,113
Nevada	42,335	1	42,335	12	.....	.....	155	.....
New Hampshire	411,588	2	206,794	1	60	75	1,055	1,699
New Jersey	1,833,669	10	183,367	47	131	122	4,176	5,127
New York	7,268,012	37	199,135	102	423	1,448	11,669	18,000
North Carolina	1,893,811	10	189,381	21	.....	57	1,754	5,000
North Dakota	319,146	2	159,573	1	.....	50	699	933
Ohio	4,157,541	21	197,978	23	103	225	5,197	9,486
Oregon	413,536	2	206,768	2	58	78	928	1,535
Pennsylvania	6,302,115	32	196,942	66	235	139	9,238	11,110
Rhode Island	428,556	2	214,278	13	110	95	791	1,030
South Carolina	1,340,316	7	191,474	28	728	93	2,893	5,000
South Dakota	401,570	2	200,785	14	123	36	1,037	1,000
Tennessee	2,020,616	10	202,062	1	64	.....	2,075	3,010
Texas	3,048,710	16	190,554	30	224	205	2,533	.....
Utah	276,749	1	276,749	16	33	47	203	1,000
Vermont	345,641	2	172,821	14	.....	89	633	.....
Virginia	1,854,134	10	185,418	18	55	203	2,141	5,173
Washington	518,103	3	172,701	12	44	.....	766	1,877
West Virginia	958,850	5	191,760	32	.....	.....	1,023	8,359
Wisconsin	2,069,042	11	188,095	31	66	67	2,771	3,122
Wyoming	92,531	1	92,531	1	52	43	237	1,078
Total and av.	74,610,524	383	193,292	821	1,785	6,872	98,019	190,312
Territorial Militia.								
Alaska	63,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona	122,931	.....	.....	1	93	.....	341	893
Dist. of Columbia	278,718	.....	.....	12	.....	197	1,227	3,320
Guam	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	473	2,000
Hawaii	154,001	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indian Territory	332,060	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	690	2,164
Oklahoma*	388,331	.....	.....	1	33	.....	.....	1,000
Porto Rico	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Samoa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico	195,310	.....	.....	1	61	.....	221	.....
Total	1,604,943	.....	.....	15	187	197	2,932	9,382

Total organized forces 112,996 exclusive of 1,596 in signal and ambulance corps.
* Oklahoma is now a state.

THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POST OFFICE ADDRESSES.

Central Branch—National Military Home, Ohio.
 Northwestern Branch—National Home, Wisconsin.
 Eastern Branch—National Soldiers' Home, Maine.
 Southern Branch—National Soldiers' Home, Virginia.
 Western Branch—National Military Home, Kansas.
 Pacific Branch—Soldiers' Home, California.
 Marion Branch—National Military Home, Indiana.
 Danville Branch—National Home, Danville, Illinois.
 Mountain Branch—National Soldiers' Home, Tennessee.
 Battle Mountain Sanitarium—Hot Springs, South Dakota.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE
 SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-Officio, Washington, D. C.
 MAJOR JAMES W. WADSWORTH, President, 346 Broadway (New York Life
 Building), New York, N. Y. Term expires, 1910.
 GENERAL THOMAS J. HENDERSON, 1st Vice-President, Princeton, Illinois.
 Term expires, 1914.
 CAPTAIN HENRY E. PALMER, 2d Vice-President, Omaha, Nebraska. Term
 expires, 1910.
 COLONEL WALTER P. BROWNLOW, Secretary, Jonesboro, Tennessee.
 Term expires, 1914.
 GENERAL CHARLES M. ANDERSON, Greenville, Ohio. Term expires, 1912.
 JOHN M. HOLLEY, ESQ., La Crosse, Wisconsin. Term expires, 1910.
 MAJOR WILLIAM WARNER, Kansas City, Missouri. Term expires, 1912.
 COLONEL HENRY H. MARKHAM, Pasadena, California. Term expires, 1910.
 LIEUTENANT FRANKLIN MURPHY, Newark, New Jersey. Term expires,
 1912.
 COLONEL EDWIN P. HAMMOND, Lafayette, Indiana. Term expires, 1914.
 GENERAL JOSEPH S. SMITH, Bangor, Maine. Term expires, 1914.
 COLONEL W. E. ELWELL, Inspector-General and Chief Surgeon.
 GENERAL N. M. CURTIS, Assistant Inspector-General.
 LIEUTENANT COLONEL C. W. WADSWORTH, Assistant Inspector-General.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, MILWAUKEE.

Local Manager,

JOHN M. HOLLEY, Esq., La Crosse, Wis.

Governor,

COLONEL CORNELIUS WHEELER.

Treasurer—MAJOR R. W. CORBETT.

Surgeon—MAJOR OSCAR CHRYSLER.

Quartermaster and Commissary of Subsistence—CAPTAIN CHARLES O.
 COLLINS.

Adjutant and Inspector—CAPTAIN H. A. VALENTIN.

Chaplain—REV. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D.

Chaplain—REV. M. J. HUSTON.

Statistics.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1908.....	1,764
Number present and absent at date of last annual report, June 30, 1908....	2,185
Number present February 1, 1903.....	1,932
Number present and absent February 1, 1903.....	2,531

Situation, Surroundings and Equipment.

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by two lines of electric railway. The main building, which affords quarters for 600 disabled volunteers, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats our national banner. Five other substantially-built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well-lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers can receive kind care and attention from the attending surgeons and a corps of trained female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors engaged for that purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card and reading rooms, and a library of 11,446 books, 27 newspapers and 44 magazines, provide recreation and amusements for the disabled veterans. The Home grounds contain 335 acres, about a half of which is under cultivation. The remainder is a wooded park, beautifully undulating, traversed by shady walks and drives, and with several charming little lakes well supplied with pleasure boats.

Requirements for Admission.

(Extracts from Acts of Congress, approved March 21, 1866, May 26, 1900, January 28, 1901 and May 27, 1908.)

First—"The following persons only shall be entitled to the benefits of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and may be admitted thereto upon the order of a member of the Board of Managers, namely: All honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors who served in the regular or volunteer forces of the United States in any war in which the country has been engaged, including the Spanish-American war, the provisional army, authorized by (act of congress, approved March 2, 1899), and in any of the campaigns with hostile Indians, who are disabled by disease, wounds, or otherwise, and who have no adequate means of support, are not otherwise provided for by law, and by reason of such disability are incapable of earning their living."

Second—In making application for original admission (for which purpose a blank form is provided for the Home with full directions printed thereon), the applicant is required to make oath as follows: And said applicant further stipulates and agrees that he will abide by and obey all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; that he will perform all duties required of him, and obey all lawful orders of the officers of the Home.

Third—All members of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers are by law subject to the rules and articles of war.

Fourth—The soldier or sailor making application for admission must forward with his application his discharge, or a certified copy thereof, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, before his application is granted, which papers will be returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices.

Mem.—Soldiers and sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars per month will not be admitted to the Home unless for special reasons.

Soldiers or sailors who have been previously members of the Home, and who desire to be readmitted, will make their application upon the blank form provided for that purpose (No. 18), which will be furnished on application to any branch.

Applicants are requested to conform strictly to the above requirements.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Colonel Cornelius Wheeler, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Governor of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer soldiers.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Commander-in-Chief	Governor	James O. Davidson	Madison	Jan. 1. 1903
Adjutant and Inspector General.....	Brig. General	C. R. Boardman....	Oshkosh	Jan. 4. 1897
Assistant Adjutant General.....	Colonel	Jno. G. Salsman....	Milwaukee...	July 1. 1901
Quartermaster and Commissary Gen'l	Brig. General	Joshua Hodgins....	Marinette....	July 1. 1901
Quartermaster.....	Major	C. R. Williams.....	Camp Dougl's	Apr. 2. 1897
Commissary of Sub-stance.....	Captain.....	Edwin T. Markle....	Fond du Lac.	Apr. 5. 1892
Surgeon General....	Brig. General	John B. Edwards....	Mauston	Jan. 2. 1899
Paymaster.....	Major	Marcus C. Bergh....	Madison	July 23. 1901
Addition'l Paymast'r	Captain.....	Gordon H. McNeil..	Fond du Lac.	Apr. 30. 1887
Genl. Insp. of Small Arms Practice.....	Colonel.....	Robert B. McCoy...	Sparta	Mch. 21. 1907

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Adjutant General....	Brig. General	Chas. R. Boardman	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Adjutant General.....	Colonel	John G. Salsman....	Milwaukee ..	Wisconsin.
Record and Filing Clerk.....	.....	Mary W. Priestly....	Mineral Point	Wisconsin.
Pension Clerk.....	.....	Chas. H. Russell....	Berlin	Vermont.
Clerk.....	.....	John M. Williams..	Belleville....	New York.
Secretary to the Adjutant General.....	.....	Earl S. Driver.....	Darlington ..	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Quartermaster General and Chief of Ordnance.....	Brig. General	Joshua Hodgins....	Marinette.....	Canada.
Quartermaster and Acting Ordnance Officer	Major.....	C. R. Williams.....	Ca'p Douglas	Wisconsin.
Quartermaster Sergeant.....	.....	Edw. S. Burroughs.	Eau Claire...	Wisconsin.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Surgeon General.....	Colonel.....	John B. Edwards....	Mauston.....	Jan. 2, 1899
Surgeon	Major.....	Edward H. Grannis..	Menomonie..	June 15, 1899
Surgeon	Major.....	Gilbert E. Seaman..	Milwaukee...	Mar. 13, 1905
Surgeon	Major.....	Edgar C. Barnes	Ripon.....	July 29, 1905
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	William J. Cronyn...	Milwaukee...	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	Daniel S. McArthur..	La Crosse....	Dec. 16, 1901
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	Geo. N. Hidershide..	Arcadia.....	July 19, 1903
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	J. W. Frew.....	Milwaukee...	Sept. 18, 1907
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	John Dunn	Whitewater..	Mar. 28, 1908
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain	Chas. H. Stoddard...	Milwaukee...	June 16, 1908
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut ..	James R. Scott	Appleton....	Feb. 1, 1906
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut ..	F. Gregory Connell..	Oshkosh.....	Dec. 11, 1907
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut ..	Wm. M. Trowbridge	Viroqua.....	Dec. 12, 1907
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut ..	Wm. M. Edwards....	Mauston.....	Oct. 15, 1908

AIDES TO THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

MILITARY SECRETARY.

Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Colonel	Oliver G. Munson.....	Madison	Jan. 2, 1906

AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Colonel	Otto H. Fale.....	Milwaukee.....	June 10, 1899
Colonel	Nathan E. Morgan....	Appleton.....	June 11, 1899
Colonel	J. Watson Stephenson..	Marinette.....	June 26, 1901
Colonel	Hugh Lewis.....	Madison	Jan. 2, 1905
Colonel	George M. Neckerman..	Madison	Jan. 7, 1907

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Reorganized	Location.	Strength January 1909.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
A	January 23, 1869	Dec. 6, 1898	Milwaukee	68	Guy D. Armitage	C. J. Van Etta	A. L. Lindeman.
B	April 25, 1889	Dec. 9, 1898	Ft. Atkinson	72	G. W. Garlock	A. Langhoff	Delbert D. Hills.
C	July 7, 1877	Nov. 28, 1898	Whitewater	70	Jacob E. Kinzer	H. O. Hamilton	P. E. Trautman, Jr.
D	July 26, 1898		Milwaukee	61	Wm. Mehl	F. Meske	H. W. Beimdicke.
E	October 24, 1888	May 1, 1899	Milwaukee	72	Martin D. Imhoff	Gardner E. Bacon	Raymond Arnold.
F	April 28, 1889	June 12, 1899	Milwaukee	64	Robt. J. Parks	Robt. T. Lawson	Selden E. Riley.
G	March 24, 1875	Dec. 22, 1888	Madison	69	J. W. O'Connell	Geo. F. O'Connell	Martin J. Olson.
H	March 30, 1892	Nov. 29, 1898	Monroe	74	F. A. Shriner	John D. German	Fred T. Odell.
I	February 27, 1902		Neenah	67	J. B. Schneller	Ralph W. E. Dietz	A. Henricks.
K	August 24, 1877	Dec. 12, 1898	Milwaukee	69	S. E. Piasecki	Leo S. Kosak	Jos. J. *ida.
L	May 10, 1900		Beloit	64	R. P. M. Rossman	Chas. S. Buck	S. Y. Shepard.
M	July 27, 1898		Oconomowoc	66	E. M. Webb	P. Hanson	F. G. Schuehle.

Second Regiment of Infantry.

A	September 25, 1889	Dec. 20, 1898	Marshfield	63	O. Meyer	L. H. Schoenhofen	Robt. Connor.
B	March 25, 1879	Dec. 17, 1898	Oshkosh	65	John H. Laabs	Jesse W. Stille	John F. McCusker.
C	November 4, 1877	Dec. 19, 1898	Sheboygan	59	Ulrich Moeckli	O. Burrhart	E. A. Hickey.
D	March 25, 1879	Dec. 15, 1898	Ripon	59	F. J. Graham	P. W. Thiel	E. Eckert.
E	April 7, 1880		Fond du Lac	68	A. M. Frier	A. R. Brunet	Geo. A. Crippen.
F	April 8, 1880	Dec. 28, 1898	Oshkosh	71	Emil E. Craning	W. Zwicky	John Plier.
G	October 27, 1881	Dec. 14, 1898	Appleton	77	Hugh E. Pomeroy	W. H. Zuehlke	Geo. Merkel.
H	December 29, 1881	Dec. 16, 1898	Manitowoc	68	Richard T. Buerstatte	Walter Abel	Chr. Schade.
I	May 1, 1889	Dec. 13, 1898	Marinette	69	Hugh Bresnahan	L. R. Brearley	J. H. Porterfield.
K	October 4, 1880	Dec. 26, 1898	Beaver Dam	67	Wm. Bearder	E. W. Hillson	Chas. J. Hoff, Jr.
L	July 30, 1898		Rhineland	66	E. O. Brown	D. H. Walker	S. A. Brown.
M	May 2, 1889	Nov. 23, 1898	Oconto	62	W. B. Hall	J. H. Kampe	Geo. M. Murphy.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

A	May 15, 1875.....	May 5, 1899	Neillsville.....	63	A. C. Martin.....	F. Burnett.....	J. H. Huntzicker.
B	August 1, 1873.....	May 4, 1899	La Crosse.....	63	P. J. Wendling.....	J. M. Bradley.....	J. W. Simkey.
C	June 18, 1887.....	May 10, 1899	Hudson.....	68	W. Y. Burton.....	H. Upton.....	John M. Ryan.
D	October 11, 1875.....	May 1, 1899	Mauston.....	88	C. C. Wetherby.....	C. C. Remington.....	Harry J. Lyon.
E	July 25, 1898.....	May 3, 1899	Eau Claire.....	69	E. S. Pearsall.....	T. W. Gruber.....	C. W. Dinger.
F	June 23, 1877.....	May 3, 1899	Portage.....	70	Guy F. Goodell.....	L. O. Mueller.....	S. B. Ernsperger.
G	December 30, 1882.....	May 4, 1899	Wausau.....	69	H. J. Abraham.....	E. I. Lucas.....	O. Abraham.
H	January 16, 1887.....	May 9, 1899	Menomonee.....	63	M. F. Swant.....	A. Nathness.....	M. J. Winter.
I	November 29, 1895.....	May 27, 1899	West Superior.....	78	E. Rossitter.....	P. B. Clemens.....	R. A. Brooks.
K	May 28, 1884.....	May 2, 1899	Tomah.....	69	.....	Claude R. Sowle.....	Edward R. Wells.
L	July 15, 1896.....	May 1, 1899	Sparta.....	67	.....	C. C. Ayers.....	J. B. Fosnot.
M	December 28, 1892.....	May 3, 1899	La Crosse.....	78	C. H. Rawlinson.....	G. H. Hale.....	F. H. Fowler.

Tenth Separate Battalion of Infantry.

A	July 27, 1898.....	.....	Rice Lake.....	72	H. G. Boortz.....	J. A. Holtz.....	F. G. Peterson.
B	July 25, 1898.....	.....	Reedsburg.....	67	W. J. Meyers.....	L. M. Darrenougue.....	A. G. Perry.
C	July 26, 1898.....	.....	Chippewa Falls.....	63	E. Firth.....	A. E. Greenwald.....	E. H. Monat.
D	July 28, 1898.....	.....	Ashtand.....	63	E. A. Scott.....	F. H. Gielle.....	August A. Bodine.

Troop A, 1st Cavalry.

.....	April 27, 1880.....	Milwaukee.....	74	R. W. Mueller.....	F. E. Fitz.....	Carl Penner.
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1st Battery, Field Artillery.

.....	May 11, 1885.....	Oct. 18, 1838	Milwaukee.....	116	P. C. Westfahl.....	A. J. Comstock.....	L. G. Fuhrman.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Chas. F. Nowell.....	Edward S. Steinel.

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Colonel.
George H. Joachim, Madison.....Jan. 2, 1906

Lieutenant Colonel.
Daniel A. Stearns, Monroe.....Jan. 2, 1906

Majors.
John P. Joachim, Madison.....Feb. 21, 1906
Peter Piasecki, Milwaukee.....May 21, 1906

Adjutant—Captain.
Earl L. Driver, Madison.....Jan. 19, 1907

Quartermaster—Captain.
Paul G. Hirtz, Milwaukee.....Feb. 17, 1906

Commissary—Captain.
Irving A. Fish, Madison.....June 25, 1903

Chaplain—Captain.
Herbert H. Jacobs, Milwaukee.....June 11, 1898

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.
Otto W. Geyer, Milwaukee.....Jan. 13, 1904
W. Smith, Jr., Madison.....March 10, 1906
Paul Ahnert, Milwaukee.....Feb. 8, 1907

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2d Lieutenants.
Albert E. Gaartz, Waukesha.....June 28, 1901
Arthur M. Webb, Ft. Atkinson.....Feb. 21, 1906
C. A. Kriesel, Milwaukee.....Jan. 22, 1907

SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Appleton.

Colonel.
Frank W. Gruetzmacher, Ripon.....Oct. 6, 1908

Lieutenant Colonel.
Wallace P. Green, Marinette.....Oct. 6, 1908

Majors.

Wilbur M. Lee, Oconto.....June 10, 1899
 Julius A. Nemitz, Oshkosh.....June 13, 1899
 Philip J. Zink, Beaver Dam.....Oct. 22, 1908

Adjutant—Captain.

C. A. Green, Appleton.....Feb. 14, 1905

Quartermaster—Captain.

Walter A. Marden, Oshkosh.....Jan. 19, 1897

Commissary—Captain.

James McCully, Ashland.....June 4, 1901

Chaplain—Captain.

Edward H. Smith, Oshkosh.....July 27, 1892

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.

A. S. Ralph, Oshkosh.....June 20, 1906
 Byron Beveridge, Appleton.....June 1, 1906
 Chas. J. McCrony, Marinette.....Apr. 20, 1907

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2nd Lieutenants.

Harry L. Lenz, Oshkosh.....July 2, 1906
 W. G. Carl, Oshkosh.....May 2, 1907
 James Gerhard, Oconto.....Jan. 9, 1900

THIRD REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Colonel.

Date of Rank.

Orlando Holway, La Crosse.....June 12, 1899

Lieutenant Colonel.

Julius E. Kirchels, La Crosse.....June 10, 1899

Majors.

Randolph A. Richards, Sparta.....Oct. 19, 1897
 John W. Hommel, Neillsville.....June 12, 1899
 John Turner, Mauston.....May 17, 1908

Adjutant—Captain.

Marshall Cousins, Eau Claire.....June 17, 1899

Quartermaster—Captain

Wm. L. Howes Tomah.....May 2, 1908

Commissary—Captain.

William H. Becker, Menomonie.....June 4, 1901

Chaplain—Captain.

Charles E. Butters, Viroqua.....Oct. 1, 1898

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.

Percy C. Atkinson, Eau Claire.....July 21, 1902
 Daniel L. Remington, Mauston.....July 26, 1902

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2d Lieutenants.

Fred M. Foster, Sparta.....July 20, 1901
 Henry Hallauer, La Crosse.....Aug. 11, 1902
 Wm. A. Campman, Neillsville.....Mar. 2, 1907

TENTH SEPARATE BATTALION OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

*Major.**Date of Rank.*

John J. Lynch, Milwaukee.....Oct. 2, 1896

Adjutant—1st Lieutenant.

John E. Driscoll, Milwaukee.....Aug. 5, 1899

Battalion Quartermaster and Commissary—2d Lieutenant.

Joseph W. Brown, Milwaukee.....July 9, 1901

PART VI.

U. S. GOVERNMENT.

Executive.

Judicial.

Legislative.

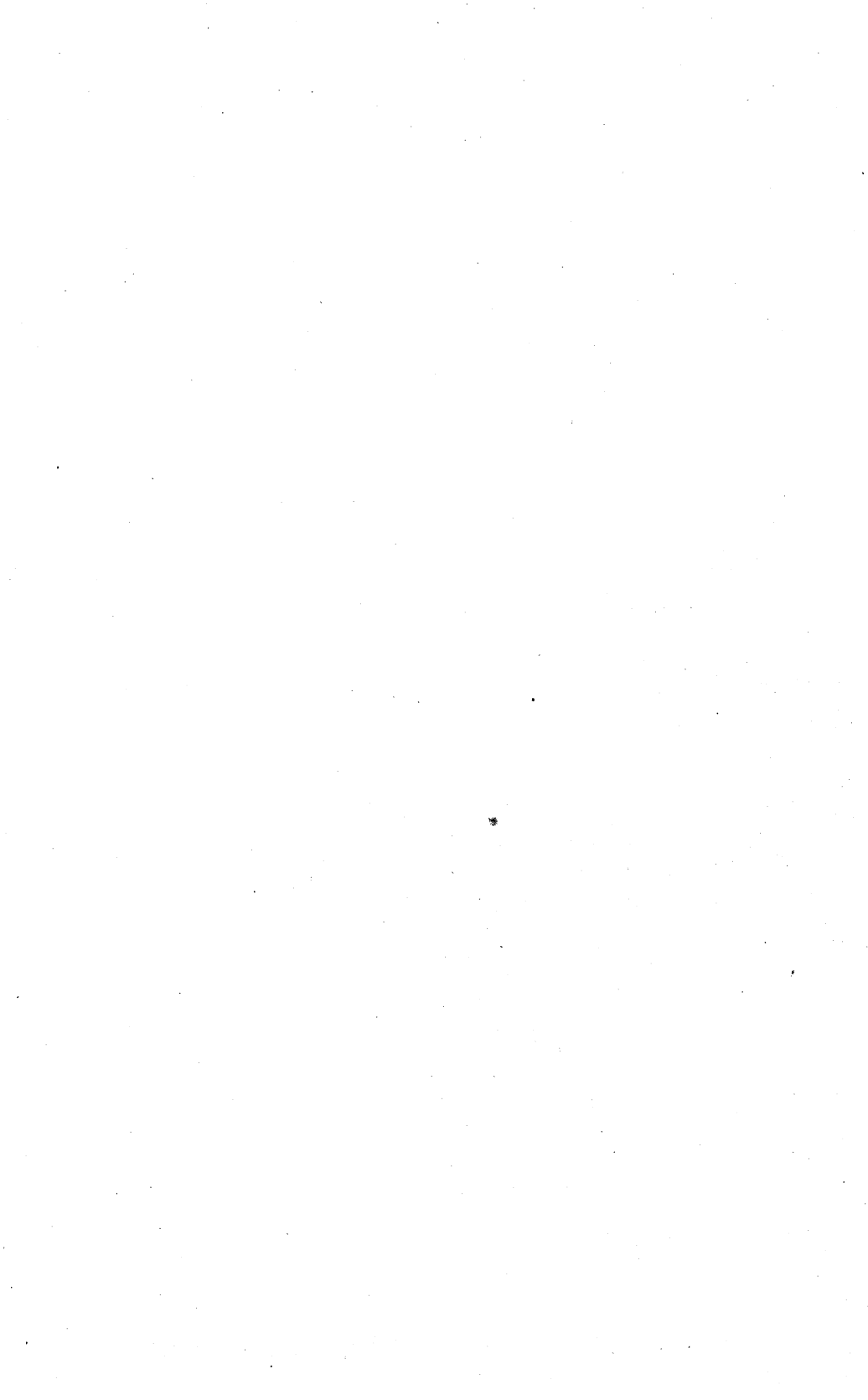
Consular and Diplomatic Service.

TERRITORIAL AND STATE GOVERNMENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS.

U. S. Money.

U. S. Finances.



THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

	Salary.
President, William H. Taft, of Ohio	\$50,000
Vice-President, James S. Sherman, of New York	12,000

THE CABINET.

Arranged in the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4. Acts of 49th Congress, 1st Session, and Subsequent acts.

Secretary of State—Philander Chase Knox, of Pennsylvania.
 Secretary of the Treasury—Franklin MacVeagh, of Illinois.
 Secretary of War—Jacob McGavock Dickinson, of Illinois.
 Attorney-General—George W. Wickersham, of New York.
 Postmaster-General—Frank H. Hitchcock, of Massachusetts.
 Secretary of the Navy—George von L. Meyer, of Massachusetts.
 Secretary of Interior—R. A. Ballinger, Washington.
 Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa.
 Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Charles Nagle, of Missouri.
 The salaries of the Cabinet officers are \$12,000 each.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

	Salary
Assistant Secretary—Robert Bacon, N. Y.....	\$5,000
Second Assistant Secretary—A. A. Adee, D. C.....	4,500
Third Assistant Secretary—Huntington Wilson, Ill.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Wilbur J. Carr, D. C.....	3,000
Assistant Solicitor—Joshua R. Clark, Jr., Utah.....	3,000
Assistant Solicitor—William C. Dennis, Ind.....	3,000
Ch. Diplomatic Bureau—S. Y. Smith, D. C.....	2,250
Ch. Consular Bureau—Herbert C. Hengstler.....	2,250
Ch. Indexes and Archives—John R. Buck.....	2,100
Ch. Bureau Accounts—Thos. Morrison, N. Y.....	2,100
Ch. Bureau Rolls and Library—William McNeir.....	2,100
Ch. Bureau Trade Relations—John B. Osborne.....	2,100
Ch. Bureau Appointments—Vacant.....	2,100
Ch. Bureau Passports.....	2,100

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	Salary
Assistant Secretary—Beekman Winthrop, New York.....	\$5,000
Assistant Secretary—James B. Reynolds, Massachusetts.....	5,000
Assistant Secretary—Louis A. Coolidge, Massachusetts.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Walter W. Ludlow, Minn.....	3,000
Chief Appointment Div.—Chas. Lyman, Connecticut.....	3,000
Ch. Bookkeeping Div.—W. F. MacLennan, N. Y.....	3,500
Chief Public Moneys Div.—E. B. Daskam, Connecticut.....	3,000
Chief Customs Div.—C. P. Montgomery, N. Y.....	3,000
Ch. Loans and Cur. Div.—A. T. Huntington, Mass.....	3,000
Ch. Stationery and Printing Div.—G. Simmons, D. C.....	2,500
Chief Mails and Files Div.—S. M. Gaines, Ky.....	2,500
Ch. Revenue Cutter Service—Worth G. Ross.....	.....
Director of Mint—Frank A. Leach, Cal.....	4,500
Government Actuary—Joseph S. McCoy, New Jersey.....	1,800
Supervising Surgeon-Gen.—Walter Wyman, Missouri.....	4,000
Ch. Bur. Eng. and Printing—Jos. E. Ralph, Ill.....	5,000
Supervising Architect—James K. Taylor, Pa.....	5,000
Compt. of Treasury—Robt. J. Tracewell, Ind.....	5,500
Gen. Supt. Life Saving Ser.—S. I. Kimball, Me.....	4,500
Auditor for Treasury—Wm. E. Andrews, Neb.....	4,000
Auditor for War Dept.—Benj. F. Harper, Ind.....	4,000
Auditor for Int. Dept.—R. S. Person, S. D.....	4,000
Auditor for Navy Dept.—Ralph W. Tyler.....	4,000
Auditor for State, etc.—Caleb R. Layton, Del.....	4,000
Auditor for P. O. Dept.—M. O. Chance, Ill.....	4,000
Treasurer of U. S.—Chas. H. Treat, N. Y.....	6,000
Assistant Treasurer—G. C. Bantz, Md.....	3,600
Register Treasury—Wm. T. Vernon, Kan.....	4,000
Deputy Register—Cyrus F. Adams, Ill.....	2,250
Comp'r of Currency—L. O. Murray, N. Y.....	5,000
Commissioner Internal Rev.—John G. Capers, S. C.....	6,000
Deputy Commissioner Internal Revenue—R. Williams, Jr., La.....	4,000
Deputy Commissioner Internal Revenue—J. C. Wheeler, Mich.....	3,600
Solicitor Internal Revenue—Flet. Maddox, Mont.....	4,500
Solicitor of Treasury—M. D. O'Connell, Iowa.....	4,500
Chief Secret Service—Jno. E. Wilkie, Ill.....	4,000

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—Robert Shaw Oliver, N. Y.....	\$5,000
Assistant Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Ga.....	4,000
Chief of Staff—Major-Gen. J. F. Bell.....	8,000
Chief Clerk—Nathaniel Hershler, Ill.....	2,000
Military Secretary—Maj.-Gen. F. C. Ainsworth.....	8,000
Chief Clerk—Jacob Frech, D. C.....	2,000
Inspector-General—Brig.-Gen. E. A. Garlington.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—Warren H. Orcutt, Me.....	1,800
Judge-Advocate-General—Brig.-Gen. Geo. B. Davis.....	6,000
Chief Clerk and Solicitor—L. W. Call, Kan.....	2,250
Quartermaster-General—Brig.-Gen. Jas. B. Aleshire.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—Henry D. Saxton, Mass.....	2,000
Commissary-General—Brig.-Gen. H. G. Sharpe.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—Emmet Hamilton, Minn.....	2,000
Surgeon-General—Brig.-Gen. R. M. O'Reilly.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—John Wilson, N. J.....	2,000

	Salary
Paymaster-General—Brig.-Gen. C. H. Whipple.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—R. O. Kloeber, Va.....	2,000
Chief of Engineers—Brig.-Gen. W. L. Marshall.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—Phineas J. Dempsey, Va.....	2,000
Chief of Ordnance—Brig.-Gen. Wm. Crozier.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook, D. C.....	2,000
Chief Signal Officer—Brig.-Gen. James Allen.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—Herbert S. Flynn.....	2,000
Chief Bureau of In. Affairs—Brig.-Gen. C. R. Edwards.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—A. D. Wilcox, Pa.....	2,000
Officer Charge Public Buildings—Col. C. S. Bromwell.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—E. F. Concklin, N. Y.....	2,400
Landscape Gardener—George H. Brown, D. C.....	2,400

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—Herbert L. Satterlee.....	\$4,500
Chief Clerk—Frank S. Curtis.....	3,000
President General Board—Admiral George Dewey.....	13,500
Chief Yards and Docks—Civil Engineer Richard C. Hollyday†.....	5,500
Chief Ordnance—R.-Adm. N. E. Mason.....	5,500
Chief Supplies and Accounts—Paymaster-Gen. E. B. Rogers.....	5,500
Chief Medicine—Sur.-Gen. Presley M. Rixey†.....	5,500
Chief Equipment—R.-Adm. W. S. Cowles.....	5,500
Chief Construction—Naval Constructor Washington L. Capps†.....	5,500
Chief Navigation—R.-Adm. J. E. Pillsbury.....	7,500
Engineer-in-Chief—R.-Adm. J. K. Barton.....	5,500
Judge-Advocate-General—Capt. E. H. Campbell.....	4,500
President Naval Examination Board—Rear-Admiral J. N. Hemphill.....	6,375
President Naval Retiring Board—Captain J. N. Hemphill.....	6,375
Chief Intelligence Office—R.-Adm. R. P. Rodgers.....	4,165
Superintendent Naval Observatory—R.-Adm. W. J. Barnette.....	4,165
Director Nautical Almanac—Prof. M. Updegraff.....	2,700
Hydrographer—Com. A. G. Winterhalter.....	3,570
Commandant Marine Corps—Brig.-Gen. G. F. Elliott.....	7,500

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Clerk—Charles A. Conrad, Ky.....	\$3,000
Assistant Chief Clerk—Geo. G. Thomson, Mich.....	2,000
First Assistant Postmaster General—Chas. P. Grandfield, Mo.....	5,000
Second Assistant Postmaster General—Joseph Stewart, Mo.....	5,000
Third Assistant Postmaster General—A. L. Lawshe, Ind.....	5,000
Fourth Assistant Postmaster General—P. V. DeGraw, Pa.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—Russell P. Goodwin.....	5,000
Purchasing Agent—W. E. Cochran, Col.....	4,000
Appointment Clerk—George S. Paul, Ohio.....	2,000
Superintendent Div. of Foreign Mails—Basil Miles, Pa.....	3,000
Superintendent Div. of Money Orders—E. F. Kimball, Mass.....	3,500
General Superintendent Div. of Ky. Mail Service—Alex. Grant, Mich..	4,000
Superintendent Div. of Dead Letters—James R. Young.....	2,750
Chief Inspector—Frank E. McMillin, Mass.....	4,000
Disbursing Clerk—W. M. Mooney, Ohio.....	2,250

† Rank and title of Rear-Admiral while holding said office.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

	Salary
First Assistant Secretary—Frank Pierce, Utah.....	\$5,000
Assistant Secretary—Jesse E. Wilson, Ind.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Md.....	3,000
Assistant Attorney General—George W. Woodruff, Pa.....	5,000
Commissioner Land Office—Fred Dennett, N. D.....	5,000
Assistant Commissioner—Samuel V. Proudfit, Ia.....	3,500
Commissioner Pensions—Vespasian Warner, Ill.....	5,000
First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions—Jas. L. Davenport, N. H.....	3,600
Second Deputy Commissioner of Pensions—Leverett M. Kelley, Ill.....	3,600
Commissioner Education—Elmer E. Brown, Cal.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Lovick Pierce, Ga.....	2,000
Commissioner Indian Affairs—Francis E. Leupp, D. C.....	5,000
Assistant Commissioner—Charles F. Larrabee, Me.....	3,000
Commissioner Patents—Edward B. Moore, Mich.....	5,000
Assistant Commissioner—Cornelius C. Billings, Vt.....	3,500
Director Geological Survey—George Otis Smith, Me.....	6,000
Chief Clerk Geological Survey—Henry C. Rizer, Kan.....	2,500
Director Reclamation Service—F. H. Newell, Pa.....	7,000

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Solicitor-General—Henry M. Hoyt, Pa.....	\$7,500
Assistant to Attorney-General—Wade H. Ellis, Ohio.....	7,000
Assistant Attorney-General—John G. Thompson, Ill.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—John I. Thompson, Kan.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—Chas. W. Russell, W. Va.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—James A. Fowler, Tenn.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—William W. Brown, Pa.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—Geo. W. Woodruff, Pa.....	5,000
Solicitor State Department—Jas. B. Scott, Cal.....	4,500
Solicitor Dept. Com. & Labor—Chas. Earl, Md.....	5,000
Solicitor of the Treasury—Maurice D. O'Connell, Ia.....	5,000
Chief Clerk—O. J. Field, Kan.....	3,000
Appointment Clerk—Chas. B. Sornborger, Md.....	2,000
Attorney for Pardons—James A. Finch, N. Y.....	2,750
Disbursing Clerk—Alex. C. Caine, Ohio.....	2,750

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Assistant Secretary—Willett H. Hays, Minn.....	\$5,000
Chief Clerk—S. R. Burch, Kan.....	3,000
Appointment Clerk—Joseph B. Bennett, Wis.....	2,000
Chief Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Ill.....	5,000
Chief Bureau Animal Industry—Dr. A. D. Melvin, Ill.....	5,000
Director Experiment Stations—A. C. True, Connecticut.....	3,500
Chief Div. Publications—Geo. Wm. Hill, Minn.....	3,000
Chief Div. Accounts—A. Zappone, D. C.....	3,250
Chief Bureau Soils—Milton Whitney, Md.....	3,500
Chief Forest Service—Gifford Pinchot, N. Y.....	5,000
Statistician—V. H. Olmstead, N. C.....	3,500
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y.....	4,000
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Ind.....	5,000

	Salary
Chief Bureau Biological Survey—C. H. Merriam, N. Y.....	3,000
Director Public Roads—Prof. L. W. Page, Mass.....	2,750
Statistical Scientist—G. K. Holmes, D. C.....	3,000
Chief Bureau of Plant Industry—B. T. Galloway, Mo.....	5,000
Librarian—Miss C. R. Barnett, Ohio.....	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Assistant Secretary—William R. Wheeler, Cal.....	\$5,000
Chief Clerk—Frank H. Bowen, Mass.....	3,000
Disbursing Clerk—Wm. L. Soleau, Md.....	2,750
Commissioner Corporations—H. K. Smith, Connecticut.....	5,000
Commissioner Manufacturers—John M. Carson, Pa.....	4,000
Commissioner of Labor—C. P. Neill, D. C.....	5,000
Chairman Lighthouse Board—Rear-Admr. Adolph Marix.....	6,000
Director Census—S. N. D. North, Mass.....	6,000
Superintendent Coast and Geological Survey—O. H. Titmann, Mo....	6,000
Chairman Bureau Statistics—Oscar P. Austin, D. C.....	4,000
Supt. Insp.-Gen. Stbt. Serv.—Geo. Uhler, Pa.....	4,000
Commissioner Fisheries—G. M. Bowers, W. Va.....	6,000
Commissioner Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, N. Y.....	4,000
Commissioner General Immigration—Daniel J. Keefe, Mich.....	5,000
Director Bureau Standards—S. W. Stratton, Ill.....	5,000
Chairman Div. Appointments—G. W. Leadley, N. Y.....	2,250
Chairman Div. Printing—G. C. Havenner, D. C.....	2,000
Chairman Div. Naturalization—R. K. Campbell, Va.....	3,500
Chairman Div. Inform. Immigration—T. V. Powderly, Pa.....	3,500
Chairman Div. Supplies—W. W. Fowler, Mass.....	2,000

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Civil Service Commissioner—John C. Black, Ill.....	\$4,500
Civil Service Commissioner—J. A. McIlhenny, La.....	4,000
Civil Service Commissioner—H. F. Greene, Minn.....	4,000
Chief Examiner Civil Service—George R. Wales.....	3,000
Secretary Civil Service—John T. Doyle, N. Y.....	2,500
Public Printer—Samuel B. Donnelly, N. Y.....	5,500
Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam, Mass.....	6,000
Assistant Librarian—Appleton P. C. Griffin, Maryland.....	4,000
Director Bureau of American Republics—John Barrett, Ore.....	5,000
Chief Clerk Bureau American Republic—William C. Wells.....	2,500
Secretary—Francisco J. Yanes.....	3,000
Secretary Smithsonian Institute—Charles D. Walcott.....	3,000
Director Bureau American Ethnology—W. H. Holmes.....	.....

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Martin A. Knapp, N. Y., Chairman.....	\$10,000
Judson C. Clements, Ga.....	10,000
Charles A. Prouty, Vt.....	10,000
Francis M. Cockrell, Mo.....	10,000
Franklin K. Lane, Cal.....	10,000
Egar E. Clark, Iowa.....	10,000
James S. Harlan, Ill.....	10,000
Edward A. Moseley, Mass., Secretary.....	5,000

SPANISH TREATY CLAIMS COMMISSION.

James Perry Wood, Ohio.....	\$5,000
William A. Maury, D. C.....	5,000
William L. Chambers, Ala.....	5,000
Harry K. Daugherty, Pa.....	5,000
Roswell P. Bishop, Mich.....	5,000

BOARD OF INDIAN COMMISSIONERS.

Chairman—Darwin R. James, N. Y.	Joseph T. Jacobs, Mich.
Secretary—Merrill E. Gates, Wash- ton, D. C.	Patrick J. Ryan, Pa.
Albert K. Smiley, N. Y.	Andrew S. Draper, Ill.
E. Whittlesey, D. C.	George Vaux, Jr., Pa.
William D. Walker, N. Y.	Michael Bannin, N. Y.
	The board serves without salary.

UNITED STATES PENSION AGENTS.

Augusta, Me., Selden Connor.	Louisville, Ky., Andrew T. Wood.
Boston, Mass., Augustus J. Hoitt.	Milwaukee, Wis., Frederick H. Magde- burg.
Buffalo, N. Y., Charles A. Orr.	New York City, N. Y., Michael Kerwin.
Chicago, Ill., Charles Bent.	Philadelphia, Pa., St. Clair A. Mulhol- land.
Columbus, Ohio, W. R. Warnock.	Pittsburg, Pa., Daniel Ashworth.
Concord, N. H., Joab N. Patterson.	San Francisco, Cal., Jesse B. Fuller.
Des Moines, Iowa, William V. Willcox.	Topeka, Kan., Wilder S. Metcalf.
Detroit, Mich., Oscar A. Janes.	Washington, D. C., John R. King.
Indianapolis, Ind., Albert O. Marsh.	
Knoxville, Tenn., William Ruie.	

UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURERS.

Baltimore, Clarence C. Pusey.	New York, George S. Terry.
Boston, Edwin U. Curtis.	Philadelphia, Joseph Boster.
Chicago, William Boldenweck.	St. Louis, Thomas J. Akins.
Cincinnati, Charles A. Bosworth.	San Francisco, William C. Raiston.
New Orleans, Clarence S. Hebert.	

SUPERINTENDENT OF MINTS.

Carson City (Equipped as Assay Office),	Philadelphia, John H. Landis.
Roswell K. Colcord, Assayer in charge.	San Francisco, Edward Sweeney.
New Orleans, Hugh S. Suthon.	Denver, F. M. Downer.

COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

Houlton, Me., William A. Sewell.
 Bangor, Me., Albert R. Day.
 Bath, Me., Elwell S. Crosby.
 Belfast, Me., Samuel W. Johnson.
 Castine, Me., John M. Vogell.
 Ellsworth, Me., Henry Whiting.
 Machias, Me., Frank L. Shaw.
 Kennebunk, Me., George E. Cousens.
 Eastport, Me., Jacob C. Pike.
 Portland, Me., Charles M. Moses.
 Saco, Me., William L. Gerrish.
 Waldoboro, Me., Fred W. Wight.
 Wiscasset, Me., Daniel H. Moody.
 York, Me., Herbert D. Philbrick.
 Portsmouth, N. H., Sherman T. Newton.
 Bristol, R. I., Charles A. Barbour.
 Newport, R. I., Robert S. Burlingame.
 Providence, R. I., George W. Gardiner.
 Burlington, Vt., Charles H. Darling.
 Newport, Vt., Curtis S. Emory.
 Bridgeport, Ct., Fred. Enos.
 Hartford, Ct., Frank S. Kellogg.
 New Haven, Ct., J. Rice Winchell.
 New London, Ct., Thomas O. Thompson.
 Stonington, Ct., Charles T. Stanton.
 Barnstable, Mass., Thacher T. Hallet.
 Boston, Mass., George H. Lyman.
 Edgartown, Mass., Charles H. Marchant.
 Fall River, Mass., James Brady.
 Gloucester, Mass., William H. Jordan.
 Marblehead, Mass., Luke B. Colbert.
 Nantucket, Mass., Obed G. Smith.
 New Bedford, Mass., Rufus A. Soule.
 Plymouth, Mass., Herbert Morissey.
 Salem, Mass., David M. Little.
 Buffalo, N. Y., Frederick O. Murray.
 Cape Vincent, N. Y., William J. Grant.
 Plattsburg, N. Y., John F. O'Brien.
 Dunk'rk, N. Y., John Bourne.
 Rochester, N. Y., Geo. F. Roth.
 New York, N. Y., Edward S. Fowler.
 Niagara Falls, N. Y., John A. Merritt.
 Ogdensburg, N. Y., Wm. H. Daniels.
 Oswego, N. Y., James H. Cooper.
 Sag Harbor, N. Y., Peter Dippel.
 Jersey City, N. J., John Doscher, Asst.
 Col.
 Bridgeton, N. J., William D. Boone.
 Burlington, N. J., Reginald Branch.
 Somers Point, N. J., Walter Fifield.
 Newark, N. J., George L. Smith.
 Perth Amboy, N. J., Robert Carson.
 Tuckerton, N. J., Frank W. Leach.
 Camden, N. J., F. F. Patterson, Asst.
 Col.
 Philadelphia, Pa., Chester W. Hill.
 Erie, Pa., Benjamin B. Brown.
 Wilmington, Del., David S. Clark.
 Washington, D. C., Howard S. Nyman.
 Annapolis, Md., Lawrence Bailliere.
 Baltimore, Md., William F. Stone.
 Crisfield, Md., Lincoln A. Dryden.
 Alexandria, Va., Lewis McK. Bell.
 Cape Charles, Va., C. G. Smithers.
 Norfolk, Va., Floyd Hughes.
 Petersburg, Va., William Mahone.
 Tappahannock, Va., John Rosler.
 Newport News, Va., J. E. B. Stuart.
 Richmond, Va., Joseph B. Stewart.
 Beaufort, N. C., Christopher D. Jones.
 Newbern, N. C., Daniel W. Patrick.
 Elizabeth City, N. C., D. O. Newberry.
 Wilmington, N. C., Benjamin F. Keith.
 Beaufort, S. C., Robert Smalls.
 Charleston, S. C., Wm. D. Crum.
 Georgetown, S. C., Isaiah J. McCottrie.
 Brunswick, Ga., Henry T. Dunn.
 Savannah, Ga., John H. Deveaux.
 St. Mary's, Ga., John M. Holzen'orf.
 Mobile, Ala., William F. Tebbetts.
 Gulfport, Miss., Frederick W. Collins.
 Natchez, Miss., Cyrus G. Engle.
 Vicksburg, Miss., William L. Short.
 Apalachicola, Fla., Antoine J. Murat.
 Cedar Keys, Fla., Fred. C. Cubber'y.
 Fernandina, Fla., John W. Howell.
 Jacksonville, Fla., William H. Lucas.
 Key West, Fla., George W. Allen.
 St. Augustine, Fla., Frank J. Howatt.
 Tampa, Fla., Matthew B. Macfarlane.
 Pensacola, Fla., John E. Stillman.
 New Orleans, La., Henry McCall.
 Brashear, La., John A. Thornton.
 Brownsville, Tex., Vacant.
 Corpus Christi, Tex., James J. Haines.
 Eagle Pass, Tex., Robert W. Dowe.
 El Paso, Tex., Alfred L. Sharpe.
 Galveston, Tex., Francis L. Lee.
 Port Arthur, Tex., Russell H. Dunn.
 Cleveland, O., Charles F. Leach.
 Sandusky, O., Charles A. Judson.
 Toledo, O., Joseph C. Bonner.
 Detroit, Mich., John B. Whelan.
 Grand Haven, Mich., Walter I. Lillie.
 Marquette, Mich., Gad Smith.
 Port Hurón, Mich., Vacant.
 Chicago, Ill., John C. Ames.
 St. Paul, Minn., John Peterson.
 Duluth, Minn., Levi M. Willcuts.
 Milwaukee, Wis., William H. De Vos.
 Great Falls, Mont., Charles M. Webster.
 San Francisco, Cal., Fred'k S. Stratton.

COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS—continued.

San Diego, Cal., Frank W. Barnes.	Yaquina, Ore., Charles B. Crosno.
Los Angeles, Cal., Cornelius W. Pendleton.	Port Townsend, Wash., Fred. C. Harper.
Eureka, Cal., Sterling A. Campbell.	Juneau, Alaska, Clarence L. Hobart.
Astoria, Ore., William F. McGregor.	Nogales, Ariz., Cornelius O'Keefe.
Coos Bay, Ore., Morton Tower.	Pembina, N. D., Judson La Moure.
Portland, Ore., Philip S. Malcolm.	Honolulu, H. I., E. R. Stackable.
	San Juan, P. I., James H. Causten.

SURVEYORS OF CUSTOMS.

Portland, Me., Joshua L. Chamberlain.	Dayton, O., Oscar I. Robbins.
Boston, Mass., Jeremiah J. McCarthy.	Evansville, Ind., Frank B. Posey.
Springfield, Mass., Henry L. Hines.	Indianapolis, Ind., Leopold G. Rothschild.
Albany, N. Y., William Barnes, Jr.	Michigan City, Ind., Charles J. Robb.
Greenport, N. Y., John A. Bassarear.	Cairo, Ill., Thomas C. Elliott.
New York, N. Y., James S. Clarkson.	Galena, Ill., William Vincent.
Patchogue, N. Y., Sidney O. Weeks.	Peoria, Ill., Julius S. Starr.
Port Jefferson, N. Y., Arthur N. Randall.	Rock Island, Ill., Robert G. Pearce.
Syracuse, N. Y., Ernest I. Edgecomb.	Burlington, Ia., George H. Ludde.
Philadelphia, Pa., Perry M. Lytle.	Council Bluffs, Ia., Leander M. Shubert.
Pittsburg, Pa., Mahlon M. Garland.	Des Moines, Ia., Geo. L. Dofrey.
Baltimore, Md., Robert A. Ravenscroft.	Dubuque, Ia., John M. Lenihan.
Wheeling, W. Va., Charles T. Reed.	Souix City, Ia., James H. Bolton.
Atlanta, Ga., Marcellus O. Markham.	Denver Col., Winfield S. Boynton.
New Orleans, La., Renton W. Gibson.	Lincoln, Neb., Henry C. M. Burgess.
Louisville, Ky., J. Frank Taylor.	Omaha, Neb., Benjamin H. Barrows.
Paducah, Ky., John R. Puryear.	La Crosse, Wis., Robert Calvert.
Memphis, Tenn., Joseph T. Spence.	Grand Rapids, Mich., Sheridan F. Master.
Chattanooga, Tenn., Charles L. Peacock.	San Francisco, Cal., Edward F. Woodward.
Nashville, Tenn., John J. Gore.	Salt Lake City, Utah, Jac. J. Greenwald.
Knoxville, Tenn., Thomas B. McLemore.	Houston, Tex., Samuel L. Ha'n.
Kansas City, Mo., Charles W. Clark.	
St. Joseph, Mo., John Albus, Jr.	
St. Louis, Mo., Charles F. Gallenkamp.	
Cincinnati, O., Amor Smith, Jr.	
Columbus, O., William C. Kennedy.	

NAVAL OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS.

Boston, Mass., James O. Lyford.	New Orleans, La., Elmer E. Wood.
New York, N. Y., Frederick J. H. Kracke.	Baltimore, Md., J. Stuart McDona.d.
Chicago, Ill., Thomas N. Jamieson.	San Francisco, Cal., John P. Irish.
	Philadelphia, Pa., Walter T. Merrick.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States—Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois, born 1833, appointed 1888.

	<i>Born</i>	<i>App.</i>
Associate Justice—John M. Harlan, Ky.....	1833	1877
Associate Justice—David J. Brewer, Kan.....	1837	1889
Associate Justice—Edward D. White, La.....	1845	1894
Associate Justice—Rufus W. Peckham, N. Y.....	1838	1895
Associate Justice—Joseph McKenna, Cal.....	1843	1898
Associate Justice—Oliver W. Holmes, Mass.....	1841	1902
Associate Justice—William R. Day, Ohio.....	1849	1903
Associate Justice—William H. Moody, Mass.....	1853	1906

Reporter—Charles H. Butler, N. Y.

Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.

Marshal—John M. Wright, Ky.

The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is \$13,000; Associate Justices, \$12,500 each.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

<i>Cir.</i>	<i>Judges.</i>	<i>App.</i>	<i>Cir.</i>	<i>Judges.</i>	<i>App.</i>
1.	Le Baron B. Colt, R. I.....	1884	6.	Horace H. Lurton, Tenn.....	1893
	William L. Putnam, Me.....	1892		Henry F. Severens, Mich.....	1900
	Francis C. Lowell, Mass.....	1905		John K. Richards, Ohio.....	1903
2.	E. Henry Lacombe, N. Y.....	1807	7.	Peter S. Grosscup, Ill.....	1899
	Alfred C. Coxe, N. Y.....	1902		Francis E. Baker, Ind.....	1902
	Henry G. Ward, N. Y.....	1907		William H. Seaman, Wis.....	1905
	Walter C. Noyes, Ct.....	1907		Christian C. Kohlsaatt, Ill.....	1905
3.	George M. Dallas, Pa.....	1892	8.	Walter H. Sanborn, Minn.....	1892
	George Gray, Del.....	1899		Willis Van Devanter, Wyo.....	1902
	Joseph Buffington, Pa.....	1906		William C. Hook, Kan.....	1903
4.	Nathan Goff, W. Va.....	1892		Elmer B. Adams, Mo.....	1905
	Jeter C. Pritchard, N. C.....	1904	9.	William B. Gilbert, Ore.....	1802
5.	Don A. Pardee, Ga.....	1881		Erskine M. Ross, Cal.....	1895
	A. P. McCormick, Tex.....	1892		William W. Morrow, Cal.....	1897
	David D. Shelby, Ala.....	1899			

Salaries, \$7,000 each. The judges of each circuit and the justice of the Supreme Court for the circuit constitute a Circuit Court of Appeals. The FIRST CIRCUIT consists of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island. SECOND—Connecticut, New York, Vermont. THIRD—Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. FOURTH—Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia. FIFTH—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas. SIXTH—Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee. SEVENTH—Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin. EIGHTH—Arkansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming. NINTH—Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Hawaii.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—Stanton J. Peelle, Ind. *Associate Judges*—Charles B. Howry, Miss.; Fenton W. Booth, Ill.; Geo. W. Atkinson, W. Va.; Samuel S. Barney, Wis. Salaries, Chief Justice, \$6,500; Justices, \$6,000.

DISTRICT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Judges.</i>	<i>Addresses.</i>	<i>App.</i>
Alabama:	N. & M.—Thomas G. Jones,	Montgomery.....	1901
Alabama:	N.—Oscar R. Hundley,	Birmingham.....	1908
Alabama:	S. D.—H. T. Toulmin,	Mobile.....	1887
Alaska:	R. A. Gunnison,	Juneau.....	1904
Alaska:	Alfred S. Moore,	Nome.....	1906
Alaska:	Silas H. Reid,	Fairbanks.....	1908
Arkansas:	E. D.—Jacob Trieber,	Little Rock.....	1901
Arkansas:	W. D.—John H. Rogers,	Fort Smith.....	1896
California:	N. D.—John J. DeHaven,	San Francisco.....	1897
California:	Wm. C. VanFleet,	San Francisco.....	1907
California:	S. D.—Olin Wellborn,	Los Angeles.....	1895
Colorado:	Robert E. Lewis,	Denver.....	1906
Connecticut:	James P. Platt,	Hartford.....	1902
Delaware:	Ed. G. Bradford,	Wilmington.....	1897
Florida:	N. D.—W. B. Sheppard,	Pensacola.....	1908
Florida:	S. D.—James W. Locke,	Jacksonville.....	1872
Georgia:	N. D.—Wm. T. Newman,	Atlanta.....	1886
Georgia:	S. D.—Emory Speer,	Macon.....	1885
Hawaii:	Sanford B. Dole,	Honolulu.....	1903
Idaho:	Frank S. Dietrich,	Boise.....	1907
Illinois:	N. D.—Sol. H. Bethea,	Chicago.....	1905
Illinois:	N. D.—Ken. M. Landis,	Chicago.....	1905
Illinois:	S. D.—J. O. Humphrey,	Springfield.....	1901
Illinois:	E.—F. M. Wright,	Urbana.....	1905
Indiana:	A. B. Anderson,	Indianapolis.....	1902
Iowa:	N. D.—Henry T. Reed,	Cresco.....	1904
Iowa:	S. D.—S. McPherson,	Red Oak.....	1906
Kansas:	John C. Pollock,	Topeka.....	1903
Kentucky:	W. D.—Walter Evans,	Louisville.....	1899
Kentucky:	E. D.—A. M. J. Cochran,	Maysville.....	1901
Louisiana:	E. D.—Eug. D. Saunders,	New Orleans.....	1907
Louisiana:	W. D.—Alec Boarman,	Shreveport.....	1881
Maine:	Clarence Hale,	Portland.....	1902
Maryland:	Thomas J. Morris,	Baltimore.....	1879
Massachusetts:	Frederic Dodge,	Boston.....	1905
Michigan:	E. D.—Henry H. Swan,	Detroit.....	1891
Michigan:	W. D.—L. E. Knappen,	Grand Rapids.....	1906
Minnesota:	Milton D. Purdy,	Minneapolis.....	1908
Minnesota:	Page Morris,	Duluth.....	1903
Mississippi:	N. & S.—Henry C. Niles,	Kosciusko.....	1892
Montana:	Wm. H. Hunt,	Helena.....	1904
Missouri:	E. D.—David P. Dyer,	St. Louis.....	1907
Missouri:	W. D.—John F. Phillips,	Kansas City.....	1889

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Judges.</i>	<i>Addresses.</i>	<i>App.</i>
Nebraska:	Wm. H. Munger,	Omaha.....	1897
Nebraska:	Thos. C. Munger,	Lincoln.....	1907
Nevada:	E. S. Farrington,	Carson.....	1907
New Hampshire:	Edgar Aldrich,	Littleton.....	1891
New Jersey:	W. M. Lanning,	Trenton.....	1904
New Jersey:	Joseph Cross,	Elizabeth.....	1905
New York:	N. D.—George W. Ray,	Norwich.....	1902
New York:	W. D.—John R. Hazel,	Buffalo.....	1900
New York:	S. D.—Geo. B. Adams,	N. Y. City.....	1901
New York:	George C. Holt,	N. Y. City.....	1903
New York:	Chas. M. Hough,	N. Y. City.....	1906
New York:	E. D.—T. I. Chatfield,	Brooklyn.....	1907
North Carolina:	E. D.—Thos. R. Purnell,	Raleigh.....	1897
North Carolina:	W. D.—James E. Boyd,	Greensboro.....	1901
North Dakota:	Chas. F. Amidon,	Fargo.....	1897
Ohio:	N. D.—R. W. Taylor,	Cleveland.....	1905
Ohio:	S. D.—A. C. Thompson,	Cincinnati.....	1898
Ohio:	S. D.—John E. Slater,	Columbus.....	1908
Oklahoma:	E. D.—R. E. Campbell,	Muskogee.....	1908
Oklahoma:	W. D.—John H. Cotteral,	Guthrie.....	1908
Oregon:	C. E. Wolverton,	Portland.....	1906
Pennsylvania:	E. D.—J. B. McPherson,	Philadelphia.....	1899
Pennsylvania:	E. D.—Jas. B. Holland,	Philadelphia.....	1904
Pennsylvania:	M. D.—R. W. Archibald,	Scranton.....	1901
Pennsylvania:	W. D.—Jas. S. Young,	Pittsburg.....	1908
Porto Rico:	Bern'd S. Rodey,	San Juan.....	1906
Rhode Island:	A. L. Brown,	Providence.....	1896
South Carolina:	W. H. Brawley,	Charleston.....	1894
South Dakota:	John E. Carland,	Sioux Falls.....	1896
Tennessee:	E. & M.—Ed. T. Sanford,	Knoxville.....	1908
Tennessee:	W. D.—John E. McCall,	Memphis.....	1905
Texas:	E. D.—D. E. Bryant,	Sherman.....	1890
Texas:	W. D.—Thos. S. Maxey,	Austin.....	1888
Texas:	N. D.—Edw. R. Meek,	Dallas.....	1899
Texas:	S. D.—W. T. Burns,	Houston.....	1902
Utah:	J. A. Marshall,	Salt Lake City.....	1890
Vermont:	James L. Martin,	Brattleboro.....	1906
Virginia:	E. D.—E. Waddill, Jr.,	Richmond.....	1898
Virginia:	W. D.—H. C. McDowell,	Lynchburg.....	1901
Washington:	W. D.—C. H. Hanford,	Seattle.....	1890
Washington:	E. D.—Edw. Whitson,	Spokane.....	1905
West Virginia:	N. D.—A. G. Dayton,	Phillippi.....	1905
West Virginia:	S. D.—B. F. Keller,	Bramwell.....	1901
Wisconsin:	E. D.—Jos. V. Quarles,	Milwaukee.....	1905
Wisconsin:	W. D.—A. L. Sanborn,	Madison.....	1905
Wyoming:	John A. Riner,	Cheyenne.....	1890

Salaries of District Judges, \$6,000 each.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

NAME.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died
	Term.	Yrs.		
<i>John Jay</i> , New York.....	1789-1794	5	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1789-1810	21	1732	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1789-1793	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia.....	1789-1793	7	1732	1800
*Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.....	.....	.....	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland.....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Patterson, New Jersey.....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
<i>John Rutledge</i> , South Carolina.....	Not confir	med.	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
<i>Oliver Ellsworth</i> , Connecticut.....	1796-1800	4	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia.....	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
<i>John Marshall</i> , Virginia.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina.....	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brockholst Livingston, New York.....	1806-1823	17	1757	1833
Thomas Todd, Kentucky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland.....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania.....	1830-1844	14	1780	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia.....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
<i>Roger B. Taney</i> , Maryland.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....	1836-1841	5	1788	1841
John Catron, Tennessee.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts.....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama.....	1853-1861	8	1811	1880
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.....	1862-1881	19	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Stephen J. Field, California.....	1863-1897	35	1816	1899
<i>Salmon P. Chase</i> , Ohio.....	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania.....	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York.....	1872-1882	10	1810	1886
<i>Morrison R. Waite</i> , Ohio.....	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877-.....	.....	1833	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia.....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio.....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1881-1902	21	1828	1902
Samuel Blatchford, New York.....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
<i>Melville W. Fuller</i> , Illinois.....	1888-.....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1890-.....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan.....	1891-1906	15	1836	.....
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1892-1903	11	1832	.....
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee.....	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana.....	1894-.....	.....	1845	.....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York.....	1896-.....	.....	1838	.....
Joseph McKenna, California.....	1898-.....	.....	1843	.....
Oliver W. Holmes, Jr., Massachusetts.....	1902-.....	.....	1841	.....
William R. Day, Ohio.....	1903-.....	.....	1849	.....
William H. Moody, Massachusetts.....	1906-.....	.....	1853	.....

*Declined the appointment to accept the chancellorship of Maryland.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Circuit Judge—WM. HENRY SEAMAN, Sheboygan.
 District Judge—J. V. QUARLES, Milwaukee.
 District Attorney—H. K. BUTTBFIELD, Milwaukee.
 Assistant District Attorney—E. J. HENNING, Milwaukee.
 Marshal—H. A. WEIL, Ripon.
 Clerk—F. C. WESTFAHL, Jr., Milwaukee.

TERMS OF COURT.

At Milwaukee—First Monday in January and October.
 At Oshkosh—Second Tuesday in June.
 At Green Bay—First Tuesday in April.

COUNTIES COMPRISING DISTRICT.

Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Forest, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Langlade (except townships 31, 32, 33, and 34, of ranges 9 and 10 east), Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Oneida, (townships 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39, of range 11 east), Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Vilas (townships 40, 41, and 42, of range 11 east), Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ARTHUR L. SANBORN, Madison.
 District Attorney—WILLIAM G. WHEELER, Madison.
 Assistant District Attorney—HENRY H. MORGAN, Madison.
 Marshal—ROCKWELL FLINT, Menomonie.
 Deputy Marshal—WILLIAM T. PUGH, Madison.
 Clerk—F. W. OAKLEY, Madison.
 Clerk—ALFRED HARRISON, La Crosse.

TERMS OF COURT.

At Madison—First Tuesday in December.
 Special Term—Fourth Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
 At La Crosse—Third Tuesday in September.
 At Eau Claire—First Tuesday in June.
 At Superior—Third Tuesday in June.

COUNTIES COMPRISING DISTRICT.

Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Langlade (townships 31, 32, 33 and 34, ranges 9 and 10 east), Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida (except townships 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39, range 11 east), Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, Rusk, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas (except township 40, 41, and 42, range 11 east), Washburn, Wood.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS.

DISTRICTS.	DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.			MARSHALS.		
	Names.	Official Address.	Dates Appointed.	Names.	Official Address.	Dates Appointed.
Alabama, N.	Oliver D. Street	Birmingham	Jan. 14, 1908	Pope M. Long	Birmingham	Jan. 14, 1906
Alabama, M.	Erastus J. Parsons	Montgomery	Feb. 8, 1906	James H. Julkins	Montgomery	Jan. 31, 1906
Alabama, S.	Wm. H. Armbrrecht	Mobile	Feb. 2, 1908	Gilbert B. Deans	Mobile	Jan. 14, 1908
Alaska, 1st Div.	J. J. Boyce	Juneau	Feb. 18, 1907	James M. Shoup	Juneau	June 6, 1908
Alaska, 2d Div.	Geo. B. Grigsby	Nome	Mar. 24, 1908	Thomas C. Powell	Nome	Jan. 24, 1905
Alaska, 3d Div.	James J. Crossley	Fairbanks	May 18, 1908	Henry K. Love	Fairbanks	Oct. 9, 1908
Arizona	Jos. L. B. Alexander	Phoenix	Dec. 12, 1905	Benj. F. Daniels	Tucson	Apr. 25, 1906
Arkansas, E.	Wm. G. Whipple	Little Rock	Feb. 23, 1905	Harmon L. Remmel	Little Rock	Mar. 8, 1906
Arkansas, W.	James K. Barnes	Fort Smith	May 29, 1903	John F. Mayes	Fort Smith	Mar. 6, 1906
California, N.	Robt. T. Devlin	San Francisco	Mar. 8, 1905	Charles T. Elliott	San Francisco	June 22, 1906
California, S.	Oscar Lawler	Los Angeles	Dec. 19, 1905	L. V. Youngworth	Los Angeles	June 22, 1906
Colorado	Thomas Ward, Jr.	Denver	Feb. 17, 1908	Dewey C. Bailey	Denver	Feb. 26, 1907
Connecticut	John T. Robinson	Hartford	Apr. 2, 1908	Edson S. Bishop	Hartford	Dec. 18, 1906
Delaware	John P. Fields	Wilmington	Dec. 10, 1907	William R. Flinn	Wilmington	Dec. 10, 1907
Dist. of Columbia	Daniel W. Baker	Washington	Dec. 19, 1905	Aulick Palmer	Washington	Jan. 9, 1906
Florida, N.	Emmet Wilson	Pensacola	Oct. 12, 1907	T. F. McGourin	Pensacola	Feb. 27, 1907
Florida, S.	John M. Cheney	Jacksonville	Jan. 23, 1906	John E. Horr	Jacksonville	Feb. 18, 1906
Georgia, N.	Parish C. Tate	Atlanta	Dec. 18, 1905	W. H. Johnson	Atlanta	Dec. 18, 1905
Georgia, S.	Marion Erwin	Macon	Dec. 19, 1905	Geo. F. White	Macon	Dec. 13, 1904
Hawaii (term six years)	Robt. W. Breckons	Honolulu	Feb. 10, 1908	E. R. Henry	Honolulu	Feb. 10, 1908
Idaho	C. H. Lingenfelter	Boise	June 15, 1908	Shadrach L. Hodgins	Boise	June 15, 1908
Illinois, N.	Edwin W. Sims	Chicago	Sept. 1, 1906	Luman T. Hoy	Chicago	June 28, 1906
Illinois, E.	Wm. E. Trautmann	Danville	Dec. 19, 1905	Charles P. Hitch	Danville	Dec. 19, 1905
Illinois, S.	Wm. A. Northcott	Springfield	Dec. 19, 1905	Leon A. Townsend	Springfield	Dec. 19, 1905
Indiana	Joseph B. Kealing	Indianapolis	Dec. 12, 1905	H. C. Pettit	Indianapolis	Dec. 12, 1905
Iowa, N.	Frederick F. Faville	Storm Lake (I.)	Dec. 10, 1907	Edward Knott	Dubuque	Dec. 10, 1907
Iowa, S.	Marcellus L. Temple	Osceola (P. O.)	Dec. 17, 1907	Frank B. Clark	Des Moines	Dec. 10, 1907
Kansas	Harry J. Bone	Topeka	Dec. 18, 1905	Wm. H. Mackey, Jr.	Topeka	Jan. 8, 1907
Kentucky, W.	George Du Relle	Louisville	June 22, 1906	George W. Long	Louisville	Dec. 17, 1905
Kentucky, E.	J. H. Tinsley	Covington	Apr. 17, 1905	S. G. Sharp	Covington	Jan. 16, 1906
Louisiana, E.	Rufus E. Foster	New Orleans	Jan. 1, 1908	Victor Loisel	New Orleans	Mar. 19, 1908
Louisiana, W.	Milton C. Elstner	Shreveport	Feb. 18, 1903	Cornelius C. Duson	Shreveport	Feb. 10, 1908
Maine	Robt. T. Whitehouse	Portland	Jan. 16, 1906	Henry W. Mayo	Portland	Dec. 10, 1907
Maryland	John C. Rose	Baltimore	June 28, 1906	J. F. Langhammer	Baltimore	July 17, 1906
Massachusetts	Asa P. French	Boston	Jan. 9, 1906	Guy Murchie	Boston	Apr. 28, 1908
Michigan, E.	Frank H. Watson	Detroit	May 2, 1906	Milo D. Campbell	Detroit	May 2, 1906

Michigan, W.	George G. Covell	Grand Rapids	Feb. 15, 1906	Frank W. Wait	Grand Rapids	Jan. 19, 1907
Minnesota	Charles C. Haupt	St. Paul	June 3, 1906	W. H. Grimshaw	St. Paul	Dec. 19, 1907
Mississippi, N.	William D. Frazee	Oxford	Dec. 19, 1905	Aaron M. Storer	Oxford	Apr. 28, 1908
Mississippi, S.	Jackson	Jackson	Jan. 20, 1906	Edgar S. Wilson	Jackson	Feb. 6, 1906
Missouri, E.	Robert C. Lee	St. Louis	Dec. 17, 1905	Wm. L. Morsey	St. Louis	June 11, 1906
Missouri, W.	Henry W. Blodgett	Kansas City	Dec. 12, 1905	E. K. Durham	Kansas City	July 1, 1906
Montana	A. S. Van Valkenburgh	Helena	June 1, 1908	Arthur W. Merrifield	Helena	Dec. 18, 1906
Nebraska	James W. Freeman	Omaha	Jan. 29, 1906	William P. Warner	Omaha	Dec. 20, 1905
Nevada	Charles A. Goss	Carson City	Jan. 13, 1906	Robert Grimmon	Carson City	Dec. 13, 1904
New Hampshire	Samuel Platt	Nashua (P. O.)	Feb. 12, 1907	Eugene P. Nute	Concord	Dec. 19, 1907
New Jersey	Charles W. Hoyt	Morristown	Dec. 10, 1906	Thomas J. Alcott	Trenton	Dec. 20, 1905
New Mexico	John B. Vreeland	Las Vegas	Dec. 16, 1907	C. M. Foraker	Albuquerque	Dec. 19, 1905
New York, N.	George B. Curtiss	Binghamton	June 5, 1904	C. D. McDougall	Auburn	Jan. 10, 1905
New York, S.	Henry L. Stimson	New York	Jan. 16, 1906	William Henkel	New York	Jan. 17, 1906
New York, E.	W. J. Youngs	Brooklyn	Dec. 20, 1906	Chas. J. Haubert	Brooklyn	Apr. 22, 1906
New York, W.	Lyman M. Bass	Buffalo	Dec. 23, 1906	Wm. R. Compton	Elmira	June 5, 1904
N. Carolina, E.	Henry Skinner	Greenville	Feb. 1, 1906	Claudius Dockery	Raleigh	Mar. 7, 1906
N. Carolina, W.	Alfred E. Holton	Winston	Mar. 20, 1906	James M. Milliken	Greensboro	Feb. 13, 1906
North Dakota	Patrick H. Rourke	Fargo	Dec. 11, 1906	James F. Shea	Fargo	Dec. 18, 1905
Ohio, N.	William A. Day	Cleveland	Feb. 28, 1908	Frank M. Chandler	Cleveland	Jan. 18, 1905
Ohio, S.	S. T. McPherson	Cincinnati	Dec. 10, 1907	Eugene L. Lewis	Cincinnati	Dec. 13, 1906
Oklahoma, E.	Wm. J. Gregg	Muskogee	Jan. 13, 1908	Samuel G. Victor	Muskogee	Mar. 31, 1908
Oklahoma, W.	John Embury	Guthrie	Feb. 19, 1908	John R. Abernathy	Guthrie	Jan. 13, 1838
Oregon	John McCourt	Portland	Mar. 17, 1908	Chas. J. Reed	Portland	Jan. 16, 1906
Pennsylvania, E.	J. Whitaker Thompson	Philadelphia	Apr. 29, 1908	John B. Robinson	Philadelphia	Jan. 10, 1905
Pennsylvania, M.	Chas. B. Witmer	Sunbury	Dec. 10, 1907	James M. Yeager	Scranton	Dec. 21, 1907
Pennsylvania, W.	John W. Dunkle	Pittsburg	Mar. 18, 1905	S. P. Stone	Pittsburg	Dec. 19, 1905
Porto Rico	Jose R. F. Savage	San Juan	Dec. 19, 1906	Samuel C. Bothwell	San Juan	July 5, 1900
Rhode Island	Charles A. Wilson	Providence	Jan. 21, 1906	Daniel R. Ballou	Providence	Feb. 20, 1906
South Carolina	Ernest F. Cochrane	Charleston	Feb. 1, 1906	J. Duncan Adams	Charleston	Mar. 1, 1907
South Dakota	Edward E. Wagner	Sioux Falls	May 30, 1908	Seth Bullock	Sioux Falls	Jan. 13, 1906
Tennessee, E.	James R. Penland	Knoxville	Dec. 20, 1905	William A. Duulap	Knoxville	Dec. 20, 1905
Tennessee, M.	A. M. Tillman	Nashville	Feb. 1, 1908	John W. Overall	Nashville	Mar. 9, 1906
Tennessee, W.	George Randolph	Memphis	June 8, 1903	Frank S. Elgin	Memphis	June 28, 1906
Texas, N.	Wm. H. Atwell	Dallas	June 19, 1906	George H. Green	Dallas	Mar. 2, 1907
Texas, S.	Lock McDaniel	Houston	Jan. 16, 1907	Calvin G. Brewster	Galveston	June 27, 1906
Texas, E.	James W. Ownby	Beaumont	July 1, 1906	A. J. Houston	Paris	May 26, 1906
Texas, W.	Charles A. Boynton	Waco	June 1, 1906	Eugene Nolte	San Antonio	Mar. 4, 1906
Utah	Hiram E. Booth	Salt Lake City	June 27, 1906	Lucien H. Smyth	Salt Lake City	Oct. 21, 1908
Vermont	Alexander Dunnett	St. Johnsbury	Dec. 11, 1906	Horace W. Bailey	Rutland	Dec. 10, 1907
Virginia, E.	Lunsford L. Lewis	Richmond	Jan. 9, 1906	Morgan Treat	Richmond	Dec. 19, 1905
Virginia, W.	Thomas Lee Moore	Christians'g (P. O.)	Feb. 1, 1906	S. Brown Allen	Staunton (P. O.)	Mar. 20, 1906
Washington, E.	A. Geo. Avery	Spokane	Dec. 12, 1905	Geo. H. Baker	Spokane	Dec. 12, 1905
Washington, W.	Elmer Ely Todd	Seattle	Dec. 10, 1907	Chas. B. Hopkins	Tacoma	Mar. 7, 1906
W. Virginia, N.	R. Blizard	Parkersburg	Dec. 18, 1905	C. D. Elliott	Parkersburg	Dec. 18, 1905
W. Virginia, S.	Elliott Northcott	Huntington	Dec. 12, 1905	Frank H. Tyree	Huntington	Dec. 17, 1905
Wisconsin, N.	H. K. Butterfield	Milwaukee	Apr. 22, 1905	Harry A. Weil	Milwaukee	Feb. 11, 1907
Wisconsin, W.	Wm. G. Wheeler	Madison	Jan. 23, 1905	Rockwell J. Flint	Madison	Feb. 10, 1908
Wyoming	Timothy F. Burke	Cheyenne	Dec. 10, 1907	Louis G. Davis	Cheyenne	Feb. 28, 1907

N., Northern; S., Southern; E., Eastern; W., Western; M., Middle; C., Central.

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

Eastern District.		Western District.	
Francis Bloodgood.....	Milwaukee.	F. E. Bump.....	Wausau.
Charles F. Dillett.....	Shawano.	Levi J. Billings.....	Rhineland.
John F. Harper.....	Milwaukee.	Michael S. Bright.....	Superior.
G. W. Hazelton.....	Milwaukee.	L. G. Doolittle.....	Fau Claire.
A. H. Kellogg.....	Appleton.	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
D. E. McDonald.....	Oshkosh.	C. A. Lamoreux.....	Ashland.
M. E. Davis.....	Green Bay.	Henry McBane.....	Eau Claire.
John O. Miller.....	Manette.	Fred. W. French.....	Madison.
A. C. Prescott.....	Sheboygan.	Chauncer E. Biake.....	Madison.
Fred Englebracht, Jr.....	Berlin.	Geo. F. Merrill.....	Ashland.
Geo. W. Latta.....	Antigo.	Phil. H. Perkins.....	Superior.
		Andrew Lees.....	La Crosse.
		John B. Hagarty.....	Medford.
		Louis A. Pradt.....	Wausau.

PROOF OF DEEDS COMMISSIONER FOR OTHER STATES.

FRANCIS BLOODGOODMilwaukee

MASTER IN CHANCERY AND EXAMINER—UNITED STATES
CIRCUIT COURT.

FRED W. FRENCHMadison

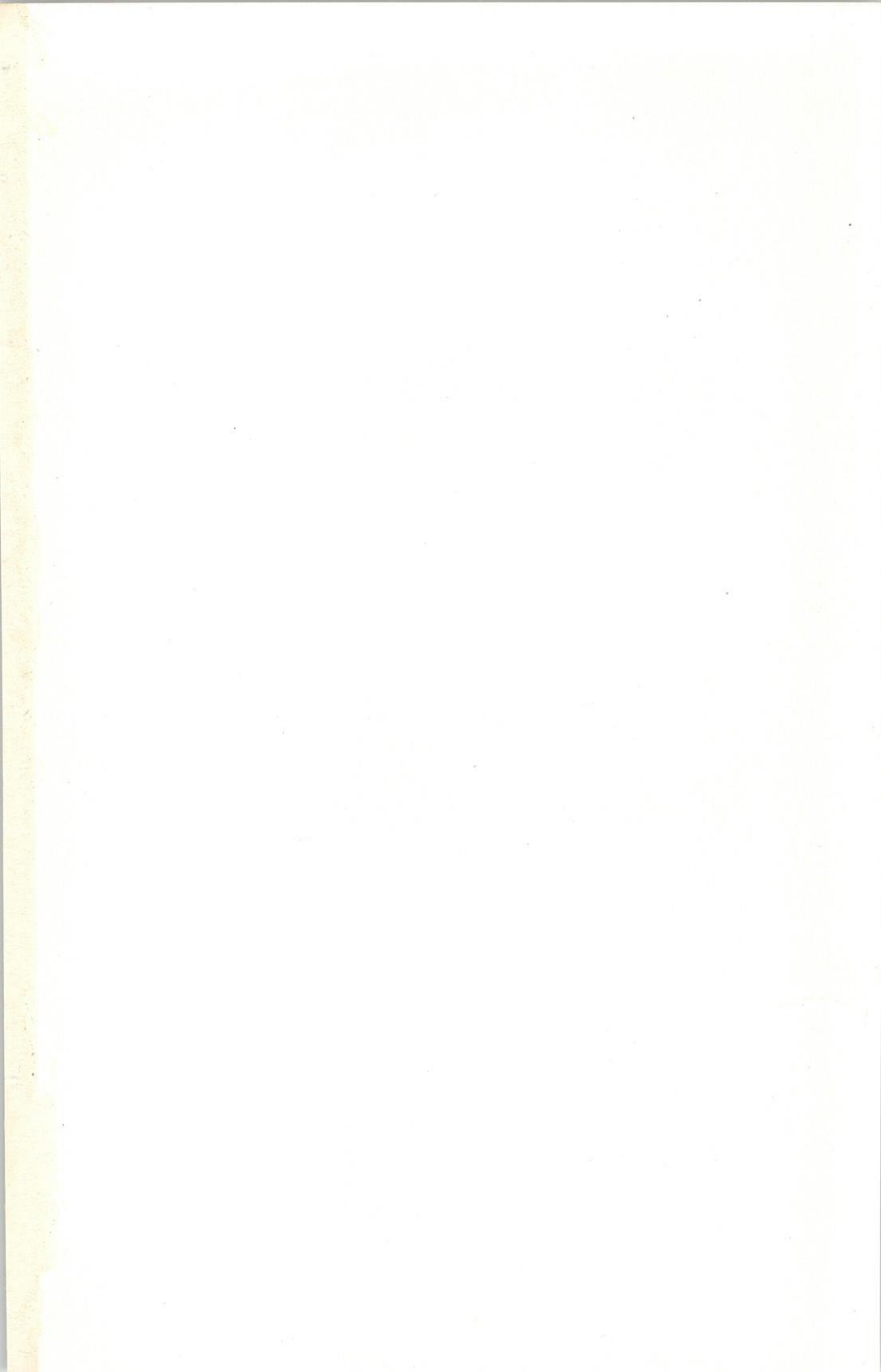
INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st—HENRY FINK, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties—Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Fond du Lac, Forest, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago, Langlade (except eight townships in western portion of said county). Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, \$7,550,479.48. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, \$7,237,154.72.

2d—F. R. BENTLEY, Collector, Madison.

Counties—Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, Rusk, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas, Washburn, Wood, and western eight towns Langlade county. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, \$974,673.72. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, \$1,002,176.73.





UNITED STATES SENATOR.
Isaac L. Stephenson.

THE SIXTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Begins March 4, 1909; and ends March 4, 1911.

SENATE.

President—JAMES S. SHERMAN, R., of New York.
Secretary—CHARLES G. BENNETT, R., of New York.

Total number of senators. 92. of whom 60 will be republicans and 32 democrats. The senatorial vacancies will be filled by the legislatures meeting in 1909. The salary of a senator is \$7,500 per annum and 20 cents per mile for traveling from and to the Seat of Government.

<i>Terms</i> <i>Expire.</i>	ALABAMA. <i>Senators.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>Terms</i> <i>Expire.</i>	MARYLAND. <i>Senators.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>
1915—	Jos. F. Johnston, d.	Birmingham	1911—	John W. Smith, d.	Snow Hill
1913—	John H. Bankhead, d.	Fayette	1911—	Isador Rayner, d.	Baltimore
1915—	James P. Clarke, d.	Little Rock	1911—	Henry Cabot Lodge, r.	Nahant
1913—	Jefferson Davis, d.	Little Rock	1913—	Winthrop M. Crane, r.	Dalton
1915—	George C. Perkins, r.	Oakland	1911—	Julius C. Burrows, r.	Kalamazoo
1913—	Frank P. Flint, r.	Los Angeles	1913—	Wm. A. Smith, r.	Grand Rapids
1915—	Charles J. Hughes, Jr., d.	Denver	1911—	Moses E. Clapp, r.	St. Paul
1913—	Simon Guggenheim, r.	Denver	1913—	Knute Nelson, r.	Alexandria
1915—	F. B. Brandegee, r.	New London	1911—	H. D. Money, d.	Mississippi City
1911—	Morgan G. Bulkeley, r.	Hartford	1913—	Anselm J. McLaurin, d.	Brandon
1911—	Henry A. DuPont, r.	Wilmington	1915—	Wm. J. Stone, d.	Jefferson City
1913—	H. A. Richardson, r.	Dover	1911—	Wm. Warner, r.	Kansas City
1915—	D. U. Fletcher, d.	Jacksonville	1911—	Thomas H. Carter, r.	Helena
1911—	J. P. Taliaferro, d.	Jacksonville	1913—	Joseph M. Dixon, r.	Missoula
1915—	Alexander S. Clay, d.	Marietta	1911—	Elmer J. Burkett, r.	Lincoln
1913—	Augustus O. Bacon, d.	Macon	1913—	Norris Brown, r.	Kearney
1915—	Weldon B. Heyburn, r.	Wallace	1915—	Francis G. Newlands, d.	Reno
1913—	William E. Borah, r.	Boisé	1911—	George S. Nixon, r.	Winnemucca
1915—	Albert J. Hopkins, r.	Aurora	1915—	Jacob H. Gallinger, r.	Concord
1913—	Shelby M. Cullom, r.	Springfield	1913—	H. E. Burnham, r.	Manchester
1915—	B. F. Shively, d.	South Bend	1911—	John Kean, r.	Elizabeth
1911—	A. J. Beveridge, r.	Indianapolis	1913—	Frank O. Briggs, r.	Trenton
1915—	A. B. Cummins, r.	Des Moines	1915—	Elihu Root, r.	New York
1913—	Jona P. Polliver, r.	Fort Dodge	1911—	Chauncey M. Depew, r.	New York
1915—	Joseph L. Bristow, r.	Salina	1915—	Lee S. Overman, d.	Salisbury
1913—	Charles Curtis, r.	Topeka	1913—	F. M. Simmons, d.	Raleigh
1915—	William O. Bradley, r.	Frankfort	1915—	M. N. Johnson, r.	Petersburg
1913—	T. H. Paynter, d.	Frankfort	1911—	P. J. McCumber, r.	Wahpeton
1915—	S. D. McNary, d.	New Orleans	1909—	Joseph B. Foraker, r.	Cincinnati
1913—	Murphy J. Foster, d.	Franklin	1911—	Charles Dick, r.	Akron
1911—	Eugene Hale, r.	Ellsworth	1913—	Robert L. Owen, d.	Muskogee
1913—	William P. Frye, r.	Lewiston	1915—	Thomas P. Gore, d.	Lawton

THE SENATE—Continued.

<i>Terms Expire.</i>	OREGON.	<i>Terms Expire.</i>	UTAH.
<i>Senators.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>Senators.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>
1915—	Geo. E. Chamberlain, d. Portland	1915—	Reed Smoot, r. Provo
1913—	Jonathan Bourne, Jr., r. Portland	1911—	G. Sutherland, r. Salt Lake City
PENNSYLVANIA.		VERMONT.	
1915—	Boies Penrose, r. Philadelphia	1915—	Wm. P. Dillingham, r. Montpelier
1911—	Philander C. Knox, r. Pittsburg	1911—	Carroll S. Page, r. Hyde Park
RHODE ISLAND.		VIRGINIA.	
1911—	Nelson W. Aldrich, r. Providence	1911—	John W. Daniel, d. Lynchburg
1913—	George P. Wetmore, r. Newport	1913—	Thomas S. Martin, d. Scottsville
SOUTH CAROLINA.		WASHINGTON.	
1915—	E. D. Smith, d. Florence	1915—	Wesley L. Jones, r. North Yak'ma
1913—	Benj. R. Tillman, d. Trenton	1911—	Samuel H. Piles, r. Seattle
SOUTH DAKOTA.		WEST VIRGINIA.	
1915—	Coe I. Crawford, r. Huron	1911—	Nathan B. Scott, r. Wheeling
1913—	Robert J. Gamble, r. Yankton	1913—	Stephen B. Elkins, r. Elkins
TENNESSEE.		WISCONSIN.	
1911—	James B. Frazier, d. Chattanooga	1915—	Isaac Stephenson, r. Marinette
1913—	Robert L. Taylor, d. Nashville	1911—	Robert M. La Follette, r. Madison
TEXAS.		WYOMING.	
1911—	Charles A. Culberson, d. Dallas	1911—	Ciarence D. Clark, r. Evanston
1913—	Joseph W. Bailey, d. Gainesville	1913—	Francis E. Warren, r. Cheyenne

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—ELECT.

Republicans, 219; Democrats, 172; whole number, 391.

* Served in the Sixtieth Congress.

† Served in a previous congress.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.—The Library building is open to the public all days in the year excepting legal holidays. The hours are from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. week days, and from 2 P. M. to 10 P. M. Sundays.

ALABAMA.			CONNECTICUT.		
<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Rep.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Rep.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>
1	George W. Taylor,* d.	Demopolis	<i>At Large.</i>		
2	S. H. Dent, Jr., d.	Montgomery		John Q. Tilson, r.	New Haven
3	Henry D. Cayton,* d.	Eufaula	1	E. Stevens Henry,* r.	Rockville
4	William B. Craig, d.	Selma	2	Nehemiah D. Sperry, r.	New Haven
5	J. Thomas Heflin,* d.	Lafayette	3	Edwin W. Higgins,* r.	Norwich
6	Richmond P. Hobson, d.	Fayette	4	Ebenezer J. Hill,* r.	Norwalk
7	John L. Burnette,* d.	Gadsden	DELAWARE.		
8	William Richardson,* d.	Huntsville	<i>At Large.</i>		
9	Oscar W. Underwood,* d.	Birmingham		William H. Heald, r.	Wilmington
ARKANSAS.			FLORIDA.		
1	Robert Bruce Macon,* d.	Helena	1	Stephen M. Sparkman,* d.	Tampa
2	W. A. Oldfield, d.	Batesville	2	Frank Clark,* d.	Gainesville
3	John C. Floyd,* d.	Yellville	3	J. Walter Kehoe, d.	Pensacola
4	B'n Cravens,* d.	Fort Smith	GEORGIA.		
5	Charles C. Reid,* d.	Morrilton	1	Charles G. Edwards, d.	Savannah
6	Joseph T. Robinson,* d.	Lonoke	2	James M. Giggis,* d.	Dawson
7	Robert M. Wallace,* d.	Magnolia	3	Dudley M. Hughes, d.	Danville
CALIFORNIA.			4	William C. Adamson,* d.	Carrollton
1	W. F. Englebright,* r.	Nevada City	5	Leonidas F. Livingston,* d.	Covington
2	Duncan E. McKinlay,* r.	Santa Rosa	6	Charles L. Bartlett,* d.	Macon
3	Joseph R. Knowland,* r.	Alameda	7	Gordon Lee,* d.	Chickamauga
4	Julius Kahn,* r.	San Francisco	8	William M. Howard,* d.	Lexington
5	Everis A. Hayes,* r.	San Jose	9	Thomas M. Bell,* d.	Gainesville
6	James C. Needham,* r.	Modesto	10	T. W. Hardwick,* d.	Sandersville
7	James McLachlan,* r.	Pasadena	11	William G. Brantley,* d.	Brunswick
8	Sylvester C. Smith,* r.	Bakersfield	IDAHO.		
COLORADO.			<i>At Large.</i>		
		<i>At Large.</i>		Thomas R. Ham r.	Stanton
	Edw. T. Taylor, d.	Glenwood Springs	ILLINOIS.		
1	Atterson W. Rucker, d.	Rucker Ridge	1	Martin B. Madden,* r.	Chicago
2	John A. Martin, d.	Pueblo	2	James R. Mann,* r.	Chicago
			3	William W. Wilson,* r.	Chicago

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

ILLINOIS—Continued.

Dist.	Rep.	P. O. Address.
4	James T. McDermott,*	d...Chicago
5	A. J. Sabath,*	d...Chicago
6	William Lorimer,*	r...Chicago
7	Fred Lundin,	r...Chicago
8	Thomas Gallagher,	d...Chicago
9	Henry S. Boutell,*	r...Chicago
10	George Edmund Foss,*	r...Chicago
11	Howard M. Snapp,*	r...Joliet
12	Charles E. Fuller,*	r...Belvidere
13	Frank O. Lowden,*	r...Oregon
14	James McInney,*	r...Aledo
15	George W. Prince,*	r...Galesburg
16	Joseph V. Graff,*	r...Peoria
17	John A. Sterling,*	r...Bloomington
18	Joseph G. Cannon,*	r...Danville
19	William B. McKinley,*	r...Champaign
20	Henry T. Ra'ney,*	d...Carrollton
21	James M. Graham,	d...Springfield
22	Wm. A. Rodenberg,*	r...East St. Louis
23	Martin D. Foster,*	d...Olney
24	Pleasant T. Chapman,*	r...Vienna
25	N. B. Thistlewood,*	r...Carlo

INDIANA.

1	John W. Boehme,	d...Evansville
2	William Culop,	d...Vincennes
3	W. E. Cox,*	d...Jasper
4	Lincoln Dixon,*	d...North Vernon
5	Ralph W. Moss,	d...Brazil
6	W. O. Barnard,	r...Newcastle
7	Charles A. Korbly,	d...Indianapolis
8	John A. M. Adair,*	d...Portland
9	Martin A. Morrison,	d...Frankfort
10	Edgar D. Crumpacker,*	r...Valparaiso
11	George W. Rauch,*	d...Marion
12	Cyrus Kline,	d...Angola
13	Henry A. Barnhart,	d...Rochester

TOWA.

1	C. A. Kennedy,*	r...Montrose
2	Albert F. Dawson,*	r...Preston
3	Charles Pickett,	r...Waterloo
4	Gilbert N. Haugen,*	r...Northwood
5	James W. Good,	r...Cedar Rapids
6	N. E. Kendall,	r...Albia
7	John A. T. Hull,*	r...Des Moines
8	W. D. Jamieson,	d...Shenandoah
9	Walter I. Smith,*	r...Council Bluffs
10	Frank P. Woods,	r...Estherville
11	E. H. Hubbard,*	r...Sioux City

KANSAS.

1	D. R. Anthony, Jr. *	r...Leavenworth
2	Charles F. Scott,*	r...Iola
3	Philip P. Campbell,*	r...Pittsburg
4	James M. Miller,*	r...Council Grove
5	Wm. A. Calderhead,*	r...Marysville
6	William A. Reeder,*	r...Logan
7	E. H. Madison,*	r...Dodge City
8	Victor Murdock,*	r...Wichita

KENTUCKY.

1	Ollie M. James,*	d...Marion
2	Augustus O. Stanley,*	d...Henderson
3	R. Y. Thomas,	d...Central City
4	Ben Johnson,*	d...Bardstown
5	Swagar Sherley,*	d...Louisville
6	Joseph L. Rhinock,*	d...Covington
7	J. Campbell Cantrill,	d...Georgetown
8	Harvey Helm,*	d...Stanford
9	Joseph B. Bennett,*	r...Greenup
10	John W. Langley,*	r...Prestonburg
11	Don C. Edwards,*	r...London

LOUISIANA.

Dist.	Rep.	P. O. Address.
1	Albert Estopinal,	d...New Orleans
2	Robert C. Davey,*	d...New Orleans
3	Robert F. Broussard,*	d...New Iberia
4	John T. Watkins,*	d...Minden
5	Jos. E. Ransdell,*	d...Lake Providence
6	Rob. C. Wickliffe,	d...St. Francisville
7	Arsene R. Pujot,*	d...Lake Charles

MAINE.

1	Amos L. Allen,*	r...Alfred
2	John P. Swasey,	r...Canton
3	Edwin C. Burleigh,*	r...Augusta
4	Frank E. Guernsey,	r...Dover

MARYLAND.

1	J. Harry Covington,	d...Easton
2	Joshua F. C. Taibott,*	d...Lutherville
3	John Kronmüller,	r...Baltimore
4	John G. H. Jr. *	d...Baltimore
5	Sydney E. Mudd,*	r...La Plata
6	George A. Pearre,*	r...Cumberland

MASSACHUSETTS.

1	George P. Lawrence,*	r...North Adams
2	Frederick H. Gillett,*	r...Springfield
3	Charles G. Washburn,	r...Worcester
4	Charles Q. Tirrell,*	r...Natick
5	Butler Ames,*	r...Lowell
6	Augustus P. Gardner,*	r...Hamilton
7	Ernest W. Roberts,*	r...Chelsea
8	Samuel W. McCall,*	r...Winchester
9	John A. Kellher,*	d...Boston
10	Joseph F. O'Connell,*	d...Boston
11	Andrew J. Peters,*	d...Boston
12	John W. Weeks,*	r...Newton
13	William S. Greene,*	r...Fall River
14	William C. Lovering,*	r...Taunton

MICHIGAN.

1	Edwin Denby,*	r...Detroit
2	Charles E. Townsend,*	r...Jackson
3	Washington Gardner,*	r...Albion
4	Edward L. Hamilton,*	r...Niles
5	Gerrit J. Diekmann,*	r...Holland
6	Samuel W. Smith,*	r...Pontiac
7	Henry McMorran,*	r...Port Huron
8	Joseph W. Fordney,*	r...Saginaw
9	James C. McLaughlin,	r...Muskegon
10	George A. Loud,*	r...Au Sable
11	Francis H. Dodds,	r...Mt. Pleasant
12	H. Olin Young,*	r...Ishpeming

MINNESOTA.

1	James A. Tawney,*	r...Winona
2	W. S. Hammond,*	d...St. James
3	Charles R. Davis,*	r...St. Peter
4	Fred. C. Stevens,*	r...St. Paul
5	Frank M. Nye,*	r...Minneapolis
6	Charles A. Lindbergh,*	r...Little Falls
7	A. J. Volstead,*	r...Granite Falls
8	Clarence B. Miller,	r...Duluth
9	Halvor Steenerson,*	r...Crookston

MISSISSIPPI.

1	Ezekiel S. Candier, Jr. *	d...Corinth
2	Thomas Spight,*	d...Ripley
3	Benj. G. Humphreys,*	d...Greenville
4	T. U. Sisson,	d...
5	Adam M. Byrd,*	d...Philadelphia
6	Eaton J. Bowers,*	d...Day St. Louis
7	W. A. Dickson,	d...Centerville
8	J. W. Collier,	d...Vicksburg

MISSOURI.

1	James T. Lloyd,*	d...Shelbyville
2	William W. Rucker,*	d...Keytesville

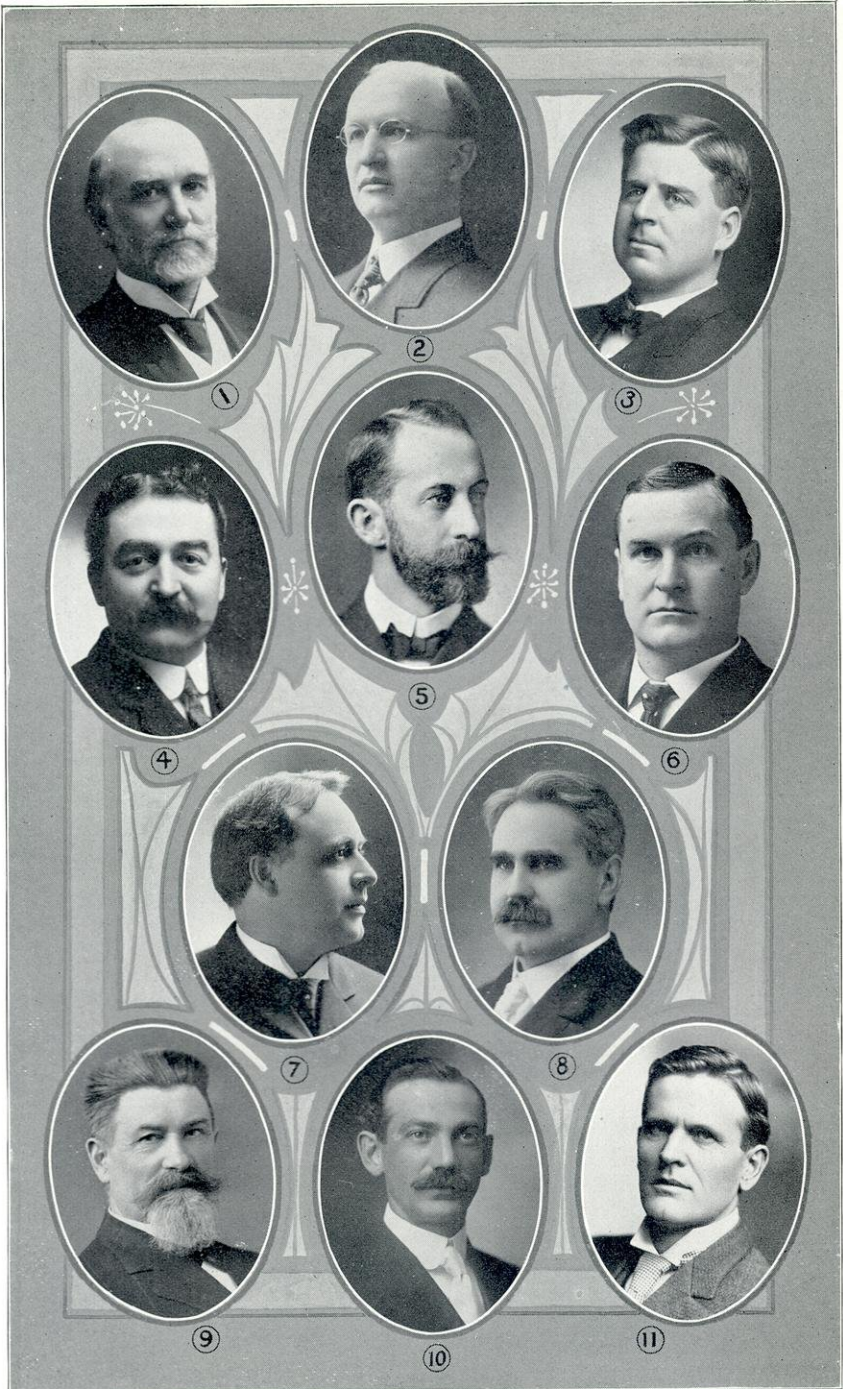
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

MISSOURI—Continued.

Dist.	Rep.	P. O. Address.
3	Joshua W. Alexander,*	d. . . . Gallatin
4	Charles F. Booher,*	d. . . . Savannah
5	William P. Borland,*	d. . . . Kansas City
6	David A. De Armond,*	d. . . . Butler
7	Courtney W. Hamlin,*	d. . . . Springfield
8	D. W. Shackelford,*	d. . . . Jefferson City
9	Champ Clark,*	d. . . . Bowling Green
10	Richard Bartholdt,*	r. . . . St. Louis
11	Patrick F. Gill,	d. . . . St. Louis
12	Harry M. Coudrey,*	r. . . . St. Louis
13	Polite Elvins,	r. . . . Elvins
14	Charles A. Crow,	r. . . . Caruthersville
15	Charles H. Morgan,†	r. . . . Joplin
16	Arthur P. Murray,†	r. . . . Kolla
MONTANA.		
At Large.		
Charles N. Pray,* r. . . . Fort Benton		
NEBRASKA.		
1	John A. Maguire,	d. . . . Lincoln
2	Gilbert M. Hitchcock,*	d. . . . Omaha
3	James P. Latta,	d. . . . Tekamah
4	Edmund H. Hinshaw,*	r. . . . Fairbury
5	George W. Norris,*	r. . . . McCook
6	Moses P. Kinkaid,*	r. . . . O'Neill
NEVADA.		
At Large.		
George A. Bartlett,* d. . . . Tonopah		
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		
1	Cyrus A. Suloway,*	r. . . . Manchester
2	Frank D. Currier,*	r. . . . Canaan
NEW JERSEY.		
1	Henry C. Loudenslager,*	r. . . . Paulsboro
2	John J. Gardner,*	r. . . . Atlantic City
3	B. F. Howell,*	r. . . . New Brunswick
4	Ira W. Wood,*	r. . . . Trenton
5	Charles N. Fowler,*	r. . . . Elizabeth
6	William Hughes,*	d. . . . Paterson
7	Richard Wayne Parker,*	r. . . . Newark
8	William H. Wiley,†	r. . . . East Orange
9	Eugene F. Kinkaid,	d. . . . Jersey City
10	James A. Hamill,*	d. . . . Jersey City
NEW YORK.		
1	William W. Cocks,*	r. . . . Old Westbury
2	George H. Lindsay,*	d. . . . Brooklyn
3	Otto G. Foelker,	r. . . . Brooklyn
4	Charles B. Law,*	r. . . . Brooklyn
5	Richard Young,	r. . . . Brooklyn
6	William M. Calder,*	r. . . . Brooklyn
7	John J. Fitzgerald,*	d. . . . Brooklyn
8	Daniel J. Riorcan,*	d. . . . New York
9	Henry M. Goldfogle,*	d. . . . New York
10	William Suizer,*	d. . . . New York
11	Charles V. Forness,*	d. . . . New York
12	Michael F. Conroy,	d. . . . New York
13	Herbert Parsons,*	r. . . . New York
14	Wm. Willett, Jr.,*	d. . . . Far Rockaway
15	J. Van Vechten Olcott,*	r. . . . New York
16	Francis B. Harrison,*	d. . . . New York
17	William S. Bennet,*	d. . . . New York
18	Joseph A. Woulden,*	d. . . . New York
19	John E. Andrews,*	r. . . . Yonkers
20	Thomas W. Bradley,*	r. . . . Walden
21	Hamilton Fish,	r. . . . Garrison
22	William H. Draper,*	r. . . . Troy
23	George N. Southwick,*	r. . . . Albany
24	George W. Fairchild,	r. . . . Oneonta
25	Cyrus Durey,*	r. . . . Johnstown
26	George R. Malby,*	r. . . . Ogdensburg

NEW YORK—Continued.

Dist.	Rep.	P. O. Address.
27	Charles S. Millington,*	r. . . . Herkimer
28	Charles L. Knapp,*	r. . . . Lowville
29	Michael E. Driscoll,*	r. . . . Syracuse
30	John W. Dwight,*	r. . . . Dryden
31	Sereno E. Payn,*	r. . . . Auburn
32	James Breck Perkins,*	r. . . . Rochester
33	J. Sloat Fassett,*	r. . . . Elmira
34	James S. Simmons,	r. . . . Niagara Falls
35	Daniel A. Driscoll,	d. . . . Buffalo
36	De Alva S. Alexander,*	r. . . . Buffalo
37	Edward B. Vreeland,*	r. . . . Salamanca
NORTH CAROLINA.		
1	John H. Small,*	d. . . . Washington
2	Claude Kitchin,*	d. . . . Scotland Neck
3	Charles R. Thomas,*	d. . . . Newbern
4	Edward W. Pou,*	d. . . . Smithfield
5	J. M. Morehead,	r. . . . Greensboro
6	H. L. Godwin,*	d. . . . Dunn
7	Robert N. Page,*	d. . . . Biscoe
8	Charles H. Cowles,	r. . . . Wilkesboro
9	Edwin Y. Webb,*	d. . . . Shelby
10	J. G. Grant,	r. . . . Hendersonville
NORTH DAKOTA.		
At Large.		
L. B. Hanna, r. . . . Fargo		
Asle J. Gronna, r. . . . Lakota		
OHIO.		
1	Nicholas Longworth,*	r. . . . Cincinnati
2	Herman P. Goebel,	r. . . . Cincinnati
3	James M. Cox,	d. . . . Dayton
4	W. E. Tou Velle,*	d. . . . Celina
5	T. L. Ansberry,*	d. . . . Defiance
6	M. Denver,*	d. . . . Wilmington
7	J. Warren Keifer,*	r. . . . Springfield
8	Ralph D. Cole,*	r. . . . Findlay
9	Isaac R. Sherwood,*	d. . . . Toledo
10	A. R. Johnson,	r. . . . Ironton
11	Albert Douglas,*	r. . . . Chillicothe
12	Edward L. Taylor, Jr.,	r. . . . Columbus
13	Carl Anderson,	d. . . . Fostoria
14	William G. Sharpe,	d. . . . Elyria
15	James Joyce,	r. . . . Cambridge
16	D. A. Hollingsworth,	r. . . . Cadiz
17	W. A. Ashbrook,*	d. . . . Johnstown
18	James Kennedy,*	r. . . . Youngstown
19	W. Aubrey Thomas,*	r. . . . Niles
20	Paul Howard,*	r. . . . Cleveland
21	Theodore E. Burton,*	r. . . . Cleveland
OKLAHOMA.		
1	Bird S. McGuire,*	r. . . . Pawnee
2	Richard T. Morgan,	r. . . . Woodward
3	C. E. Creager,*	r. . . . Muskogee
4	Charles D. Carter,*	d. . . . Ardmore
5	Scott Ferris,*	d. . . . Lawton
OREGON.		
1	W. C. Hawley,*	r. . . . Salem
2	W. R. Ellis,*	r. . . . Pendleton
PENNSYLVANIA.		
1	Henry H. Bingham,*	r. . . . Philadelphia
2	Joel Cook,	r. . . . Philadelphia
3	J. Hampton Moore,*	r. . . . Philadelphia
4	Reuben O. Mecon,*	r. . . . Philadelphia
5	W. W. Foulkrod,*	r. . . . Philadelphia
6	G. D. McCreary,*	r. . . . Philadelphia
7	Thomas S. Butler,*	r. . . . West Chester
8	Irving P. Wanger,*	r. . . . Norristown
9	William W. Griest,	r. . . . Lancaster
10	T. D. Nicholls,*	d. . . . Scranton



REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

1. Henry Allen Cooper. 2. John M. Nelson. 3. A. W. Kopp. 4. William J. Cary. 5. William H. Stafford. 6. Charles H. Weisse. 7. John J. Esch. 8. James H. Davidson. 9. Gustave Kuestermann. 10. E. A. Morse, 11. Irvine L. Lenroot.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Rep.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>
11	Henry W. Palmer,†	r. . . . Wilkes-Barre
12	Alfred B. Garner, r.	. . . . Ashland
13	John H. Rothermel,*	d. . . . Reading
14	Charles C. Pratt, r.	. . . . New Milford
15	William B. Wilson,*	d. . . . Blossburg
16	John G. McHenry,*	d. . . . Benton
17	Benjamin K. Focht,*	r. . . . Lewistown
18	Marlin E. Oimsted,*	r. . . . Harrisburg
19	John M. Reynolds,*	r. . . . Bedford
20	Daniel F. Lafaen,*	r. . . . York
21	C. F. Barclay,*	r. . . . Sinnemahoning
22	George F. Huff,*	r. . . . Greensburg
23	Allen F. Cooper, r.	. . . . Uniontown
24	John K. Tener, r.	. . . . Coarlesville
25	Arthur L. Bates,*	r. . . . Meadville
26	A. Mitchell Palmer,	d. . . . Stroudsburg
27	J. N. Langham, r.	. . . . Indiana
28	Nelson P. Wheeler, r.	. . . . Endeavor
29	William H. Gramam,*	r. . . . Allegheny
30	John Dalzell,*	r. . . . Pittsburg
31	James Francis Burke,*	r. . . . Pittsburg
32	Andrew J. Barchfeld,*	r. . . . Pittsburg

RHODE ISLAND.

1	William P. Sheffield, r.	. . . . Newport
2	Adin B. Capron,*	r. . . . Smithfield

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1	George S. Legare,*	d. . . . Charleston
2	James O. Patterson,*	r. . . . Barnwell
3	Wyatt Aiken,*	d. . . . Abbeville
4	Joseph T. Johnson,*	d. . . . Spartanburg
5	David E. Finley,*	d. . . . Yorkville
6	J. Edwin Ellerbe,*	d. . . . Sellers
7	Asbury F. Lever,*	d. . . . Lexington

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large.

	Charles H. Burke,†	r. . . . Pierre
	Eben W. Martin,†	r. . . . Deadwood

TENNESSEE.

1	Walter P. Brownlow,*	r. . . . Jonesboro
2	R. W. Austin, r.	. . . . Knoxville
3	John A. Moon,*	d. . . . Chattanooga
4	Cordell Hull,*	d. . . . Crossville
5	William C. Houston,*	d. . . . Woodbury
6	J. W. Bynes, d.	. . . . Nashville
7	Lemuel P. Padgett,*	d. . . . Columbia
8	Thetus W. Sims,*	d. . . . Linden
9	Fin's J. Garrett,*	d. . . . Dresden
10	George W. Gordon, d.	. . . . Memphis

TEXAS.

1	Morris Sheppard,*	d. . . . Texarkana
2	Martin Dies, d.	. . . . Beaumont
3	Gordon Russell,*	d. . . . Tyler
4	Choece B. Randell,*	d. . . . Sherman
5	Jack Ball,*	d. . . . Waxahatchie
6	Rufus Hardy,*	d. . . . Corsicana
7	Alexander W. Gregg,*	d. . . . Palestine
8	John M. Moore,*	d. . . . Richmond
9	George F. Burgess, d.	. . . . Gonzales
10	Albert S. Burleson,*	d. . . . Austin
11	Robert T. Henry,*	d. . . . Waco
12	Oscar W. Gillespie,*	d. . . . Forth Worth

TEXAS—Continued.

<i>Expire.</i>	<i>Senators.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>
13	John H. Stephens,*	d. . . . Vernon
14	James L. Sayden,*	d. . . . San Antonio
15	John N. Garner,*	d. . . . Uvalde
16	William R. Smith,*	d. . . . Colorado

UTAH.

At Large.

	Joseph Howell,*	r. . . . Logan
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VERMONT.

1	David J. Foster,*	r. . . . Burlington
2	Frank H. Plumly, r. Northfield

VIRGINIA.

1	William A. Jones,*	d. . . . Warsaw
2	Harry L. Maynard,*	d. . . . Portsmouth
3	John Lamb,*	d. . . . Richmond
4	Francis R. Lassiter,*	d. . . . Petersburg
5	E. W. Saunders, d.	. . . . Rocky Mount
6	Carver Glass,*	d. . . . Lynchburg
7	James Hay,*	d. . . . Madison
8	Charles C. Carlin,*	d. . . . Alexandria
9	C. Bascom Slemm,*	r. . . . Big Stone Gap
10	Henry D. Flood,*	d. . . . Appomattox

WASHINGTON.

At Large.

	Wm. E. Humphrey,*	r. . . . Seattle
	Francis W. Cushman,*	r. . . . Tacoma
	Miles Poindexter,*	r. . . . Spokane

WEST VIRGINIA.

1	W. P. Hubbard,*	r. . . . Wheeling
2	George G. Sturgess, r.	. . . . Morgantown
3	Joseph Holt Gaines,*	r. . . . Charleston
4	Harry C. Woodyard,*	r. . . . Spencer
5	James A. Hughes, r.	. . . . Huntington

WISCONSIN.

1	Henry A. Cooper,*	r. . . . Racine
2	John M. Nelson, r.	. . . . Madison
3	A. W. Kopp, r.	. . . . Platteville
4	William J. Cary,*	r. . . . Milwaukee
5	William H. Stafford,*	r. . . . Milwaukee
6	C. H. Weiss,*	d. . . . Sheboygan Falls
7	John J. Esch,*	r. . . . La Crosse
8	James H. Davidson,*	r. . . . Oshkosh
9	Gustave Kustermann,*	r. . . . Green Bay
10	E. A. Mors,*	r. . . . Antigo
11	Irvine L. Fenroot, r. Superior

WYOMING.

1	Frank W. Mondell,*	r. . . . Newcastle
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DELEGATES FROM THE TERRITORIES.

ALASKA.

	James Wickersham, r. Fairbanks
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ARIZONA.

	Ralph H. Cameron, r. Flagstaff
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NEW MEXICO.

	Wm. H. Andrews,*	r. . . . Albuquerque
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HAWAII.

	Jonah K. Kalaniana'ole,*	r. . . . Honolulu
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PORTO RICO.

	Tu'lo Larrinaga,*	r. . . . commissioner
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SAN JUAN.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

	Benito Legarda, r. Manila
	P. Ocampo de Leon, r. Manila

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE TWELFTH
CENSUS.

(*386 MEMBERS.)

STATES.	No. of Con- gress- men.	STATES.	No. of Con- gress- men.
Alabama.....	9	Nebraska.....	6
Arkansas (increase 1).....	7	Nevada.....	1
California (increase 1).....	8	New Hampshire.....	2
Colorado (increase 1).....	3	New Jersey (increase 2).....	10
Connecticut (increase 1).....	5	New York (increase 3).....	37
Delaware.....	1	North Carolina (increase 1).....	10
Florida (increase 1).....	3	North Dakota (increase 1).....	2
Georgia.....	11	Ohio.....	21
Idaho.....	1	Oklahoma.....	5
Illinois (increase 3).....	25	Oregon.....	2
Indiana.....	13	Pennsylvania (increase 2).....	32
Iowa.....	11	Rhode Island.....	2
Kansas.....	8	South Carolina.....	7
Kentucky.....	11	South Dakota.....	2
Louisiana (increase 1).....	7	Tennessee.....	10
Maine.....	4	Texas (increase 3).....	16
Maryland.....	6	Utah.....	1
Massachusetts (increase 1).....	14	Vermont.....	2
Michigan.....	12	Virginia.....	10
Minnesota (increase 2).....	9	Washington (increase 1).....	3
Mississippi (increase 1).....	8	West Virginia (increase 1).....	5
Missouri (increase 1).....	16	Wisconsin (increase 1).....	11
Montana.....	1	Wyoming.....	1

*Under the eleventh census the lower house contained 356 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the eleventh census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1901.)

Constitution....	1789	Ratio.	30,000	Whole number of Representatives.....	65
First census....	1793	Ratio.	33,000	Whole number of Representatives.....	102
Second census..	1803	Ratio.	33,000	Whole number of Representatives.....	141
Third census....	1813	Ratio.	35,000	Whole number of Representatives.....	181
Fourth census..	1823	Ratio.	40,000	Whole number of Representatives.....	213
Fifth census....	1833	Ratio.	47,700	Whole number of Representatives.....	210
Sixth census....	1843	Ratio.	70,650	Whole number of Representatives.....	228
Seventh census..	1853	Ratio.	93,423	Whole number of Representatives.....	233
Eighth census..	1863	Ratio.	127,381	Whole number of Representatives.....	243
Ninth census....	1873	Ratio.	131,425	Whole number of Representatives.....	293
Tenth census....	1883	Ratio.	151,911	Whole number of Representatives.....	325
Eleventh census	1893	Ratio.	173,901	Whole number of Representatives.....	356
Twelfth census.	1901	Ratio.	194,182	Whole number of Representatives.....	386

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

States.	Admitted.	Under consti.	First census.	Second census.	Third census.	Fourth census.	Fifth census.	Sixth census.	Seventh census.	Eighth census.	Ninth census.	Tenth census.	Eleventh census.	Twelfth census.
		Ratio 30,000.	Ratio 33,000.	Ratio 33,000.	Ratio 35,000.	Ratio 40,000.	Ratio 47,700.	Ratio 70,680.	Ratio 93,423.	Ratio 127,381.	Ratio 131,425.	Ratio 151,911.	Ratio 173,901.	Ratio 193,272.
Alabama	1819	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	5	7	7	6	8	.....	9	9
Arkansas	1835	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
California	1850	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	3	4	6	7	8
Colorado	1876	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	2	3
Connecticut	.....	5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Delaware	.....	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2	2	2	2
Georgia	.....	3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11	11
Idaho	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Illinois	1818	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	7	9	14	17	26	27	27
Indiana	1816	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13	13
Iowa	1846	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	6	9	11	11	11
Kansas	1861	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	7	8	8
Kentucky	1792	.....	2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11	11
Louisiana	1812	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3	4	4	5	.....	6	6	7
Maine	1820	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	6	5	5	4	4
Maryland	.....	6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	.....	6	6	6
Massachusetts	.....	8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13	14
Michigan	1837	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	6	9	11	12	12
Minnesota	1858	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	5	7	9
Mississippi	1817	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	4	5	5	6	7	7	8
Missouri	1821	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	5	7	9	12	14	15	16
Montana	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Nebraska	1867	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1
Nevada	1864	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire	.....	3	4	5	6	6	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	2
New Jersey	.....	4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	3	3	3
New York	.....	6	10	17	27	34	40	34	32	31	33	32	3	3
North Carolina	.....	5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9	10
North Dakota	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Ohio	1802	.....	.....	.....	6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21	21
Oregon	1859	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania	.....	8	13	18	23	26	23	24	25	24	27	28	30	32
Rhode Island	.....	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina	.....	5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7	7
South Dakota	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Tennessee	1796	.....	.....	3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10	10
Texas	1845	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	6	11	13	16
Utah	1895	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Vermont	1791	.....	2	4	6	5	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	2
Virginia	.....	10	19	22	23	22	21	15	17	11	9	10	10	10
Washington	1889	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2
West Virginia	1863	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	4	4	5
Wisconsin	1848	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	6	8	9	10	11
Wyoming	1890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1
Total	.....	65	105	141	181	210	240	227	231	243	203	233	357	396

PARTY DIVISIONS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 60TH AND 61ST CONGRESS.

States.	Sixtieth Congress.		Sixty-first Congress.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	9		9	
Arkansas	7		7	
California		8		8
Colorado		3	3	
Connecticut		5		5
Delaware		1		1
Florida	3		3	
Georgia	11		11	
Idaho		1		1
Illinois	5	20	6	19
Indiana	4	9	11	2
Iowa	1	10	1	10
Kansas		8		8
Kentucky	7	4	8	3
Louisiana	7		7	
Maine		4		4
Maryland	3	3	3	3
Massachusetts	3	11	3	11
Michigan		12		12
Minnesota	1	8		8
Mississippi	8		1	
Missouri	12	4	10	6
Montana		1		1
Nebraska	1	5	3	3
Nevada	1		1	
New Hampshire		2		2
New Jersey	4	6	3	7
New York	12	25	11	26
North Carolina	10		7	3
North Dakota		2		2
Ohio	5	16	8	13
Oklahoma			2	3
Oregon		2		2
Pennsylvania	7	25	5	27
Rhode Island	1	1		2
South Carolina	7		7	
South Dakota		2		2
Tennessee	8	2	8	2
Texas	16		16	
Utah		1		1
Vermont		2		2
Virginia	9	1	9	1
Washington		3		3
West Virginia		5		5
Wisconsin	2	9	1	10
Wyoming		1		1
Total	164	222	172	210

* As constituted at the beginning of the congress.

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN 1856.

Congresses.	Years.	Senate.					House of Representatives.				
		Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV	1857-1859	39	20	5	.....	.....	131	92	14	.....	.....
XXXVI	1859-1861	38	26	2	.....	.....	101	113	23	.....	.....
XXXVII	1861-1863 ¹	10	31	.....	.....	.....	42	106	.....	23	.....
XXXVIII	1863-1865 ⁴	9	36	.....	2	.....	75	101	.....	.....	9
XXXIX	1865-1867	11	41	.....	.....	.....	40	145	.....	.....	.....
XL	1867-1869	11	42	.....	.....	.....	49	143	.....	.....	.....
XLI	1869-1871	11	53	.....	.....	.....	73	171	.....	.....	.....
XLII	1871-1873	17	57	.....	.....	.....	103	133	.....	.....	5 ²
XLIII	1873-1875	20	47	.....	.....	7 ²	93	134	.....	.....	14
XLIV	1875-1877	29	43	.....	.....	2 ²	103	137	.....	.....	.....
XLV	1877-1879	29	36	.....	.....	1 ²	151	142	.....	.....	.....
XLVI	1879-1881	44	32	.....	.....	.....	143	129	.....	.....	16 ³
XLVII	1881-1883	38	37	.....	.....	14	133	146	.....	.....	10 ¹
XLVIII	1883-1885	36	40 ⁵	.....	.....	.....	193	124	.....	.....	1 ³
XLIX	1885-1887	34	42	.....	.....	.....	204	129	.....	.....	13 ⁴
L	1887-1889	37	39	.....	.....	.....	168	153	.....	.....	4
LI	1889-1891	37	39	.....	.....	.....	159	136	.....	.....	.....
LII	1891-1893	39	47	.....	.....	2 ⁶	236	83	.....	.....	8 ⁶
LIII ⁷	1893-1895	44	38	.....	.....	3 ⁶	220	123	.....	.....	8 ⁶
LIV	1895-1897	39	42	.....	.....	5 ⁶	104	246	.....	.....	7 ⁶
LV	1897-1899	34	43	.....	.....	10 ⁸	137 ⁹	206	.....	.....	16 ¹⁰
LVI	1899-1901	26	53	.....	.....	11- ²	163	185	.....	.....	9 ¹¹
LVII	1901-1903	29	56	.....	.....	3 ¹⁴	153	193	.....	.....	5- ³
LVIII	1903-1905	32	58	.....	.....	.....	174	203	.....	.....	2 ¹⁵
LXIX	1905-1907	32	58	.....	.....	.....	136	250	.....	.....	.....
LX	1907-1909	31	61	.....	.....	.....	164	222	.....	.....	.....
LXI	1909-1911	32	60	.....	.....	.....	172	219	.....	.....	.....

Parties constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats, etc. ¹ During the civil war most of the southern states were unrepresented in Congress. ² Liberal republicans. ³ Greenbackers. ⁴ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. ⁵ Two Virginia senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. ⁶ People's party except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. ⁷ Three Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ⁸ Five Populists, two Silver party, three Independents. ⁹ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹⁰ Including three members classed as Silver party. There was one vacancy. ¹¹ Six Populists, three Silver party. ¹² Five Populists, one Silver party, two Independents, and three vacancies. ¹³ Three Populists, one Silver party, one Fusion party, one vacancy. ¹⁴ One Populist, one Silver party, one Fusionist, two vacancies. ¹⁵ Two Union Labor and two vacancies—one Democratic, one Republican.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

AMBASSADORS EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Austria-Hungary	Charles S. Francis, N. Y.....	\$17,500
Brazil	Irving B. Dudley, Cal.....	17,500
France	Henry White, R. I.....	17,500
Germany	David J. Hill, N. Y.....	17,500
Great Britain	Whitelaw Reid, N. Y.....	17,500
Italy	Lloyd C. Griscom, Pa.....	17,500
Japan	Thomas J. O'Brien, Mich.....	17,500
Mexico	David E. Thompson, Neb.....	17,500
Russia	John W. Riddle, Minn.....	17,500
Turkey	John G. A. Leishman, Pa.....	17,500

ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS
PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Argentine Republic	Spencer S. Eddy, Ill.....	\$12,000
Belgium	Henry Lane Wilson, Wash.....	12,000
Bolivia	James F. Stutesman, Ind.....	10,000
Chile	John Hicks, Wis.....	12,000
China	W. W. Rockhill, D. C.....	12,000
Colombia	Thomas C. Dawson, Iowa.....	10,000
Cuba	Edwin V. Morgan, N. Y.....	12,000
Denmark	Maurice Francis Egan, D. C.....	10,000
Ecuador	Williams C. Fox, N. J.....	10,000
Greece	Richmond Pearson, N. C.††.....	10,000
Guatemala	William Helmke, Kansas.....	10,000
Haiti	Henry W. Furniss, Ind.....	10,000
Honduras	Philip M. Brown	10,000
Morocco	Samuel R. Gummere, N. J.....	10,000
Netherlands	Arthur M. Beaupre, Ill.**.....	12,000
Nicaragua	John G. Coolidge, Mass.....	10,000
Norway	Herbert H. D. Pierce, Mass.....	10,000
Panama	Herbert G. Squiers, N. Y.....	10,000
Paraguay	Edward C. O'Brien, N. Y.†.....	10,000
Persia	John B. Jackson, N. J.....	10,000
Peru	Leslie Combs, Ky.....	10,000
Portugal	Charles Page Bryan, Ill.....	10,000
Roumania	Horace G. Knowles, Del.....	10,000
Salvador	H. Percival Dodge, Mass.....	10,000
Servia	Horace G. Knowles, Del.*.....	10,000
Siam	Hamilton King, Mich.....	10,000
Spain	William M. Collier, N. Y.....	12,000
Sweden	Charles H. Graves, Minn.....	10,000
Switzerland	Brutus J. Clay, Ky.....	10,000
Venezuela		10,000

* Also accredited to Roumania and Bulgaria. † Also to Costa Rica. ** Also to Luxembourg. †† Also to Montenegro. ‡ Also to Uruguay.

MINISTERS RESIDENT AND CONSULS-GENERAL.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Dominican Republic	Fenton R. McCreery, Mich.....	\$10,000
Liberia	Ernest Lyon, Md.....	5,000

SECRETARIES OF EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Argentine Republic	Charles S. Wilson, Me.....	\$2,625
Austria-Hungary	George B. Rives, N. Y.....	3,000
Austria-Hungary	N. O'Shaughnessy, N. Y. (2d).....	2,000
Brazil	Henry L. Janes, Wis.....	3,000
Belgium	Robert W. Bliss, N. Y.....	2,625
Chile	U. Grant Smith, Pa.....	2,625
China	Henry R. Fletcher, Pa.....	2,625
China	F. M. Dearing, Mo. (2d Sec.)..	1,800
Colombia	Paxton Hibben, Ind.....	2,000
Cuba	G. Cornell Tarter, N. Y. (2d)...	1,800
France	Henry Vignaud, La.....	3,000
France	A. B. Blanchard, La. (2d Sec.)	2,000
France	W. Blumenthal, N. Y. (3d).....	1,200
Germany	R. S. R. Hitt, Ill.....	3,000
Germany	Jos. C. Grew, Mass. (2d Sec.)..	2,000
Germany	Arthur Orr, Ill. (3d Sec.).....	1,200
Great Britain	John R. Carter, Md.....	3,000
Great Britain	C. W. Wadsworth, N. Y. (2d Sec.)	2,000
Great Britain		1,200
Guatemala	Algernon Sartoris, D. C.....	2,000
Italy	John W. Garrett, Md.....	3,000
Italy	R. M. Winthrop, Mass. (2d).....	2,000
Japan	Peter A. Jay, R. I.....	3,000
Japan	George P. Wheeler, Wash.....	2,000
Mexico	William F. Sands, D. C.....	3,000
Mexico	A. Campbell Turner, Mo. (2d)...	2,000
Morocco		2,000
Netherlands	Charles D. White, N. J.....	2,625
Nicaragua	John H. Gregory, Jr., La.....	2,000
Norway	M. M. Langhorne, Va.....	2,000
Panama	Geo. T. Weitzel, Mo.....	2,000
Paraguay	Harry Bowsley, Jr., N. J.....	2,000
Persia	Frederic O. de Biller, N. J.....	2,000
Peru	Richard R. Neill, Pa.....	2,000
Portugal	Geo. L. Lorillard, R. I.....	2,000
Roumania	Norman Hutchinson, Cal.....	2,000
Russia	M. Schuyler, Jr., N. Y. (1st)...	3,000
Russia	J. Van A. Mac Murray, N. J. (2d)	2,000
Salvador	Arthur H. Frazer, Pa.....	2,000
Servia	Norman Hutchinson, Cal.....	2,000
Siam		2,000
Spain	William H. Buckler, Md.....	2,625
Sweden	James G. Bailey, Ky.....	2,000
Switzerland	Jacob Sleeper, Mass.....	2,000
Turkey	Lewis Einstein, N. Y.....	3,000
Turkey		2,000
Venezuela		2,000

CONSULAR SERVICE.

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; D. C., Deputy Consul; C. A., Consular Assistant; Agt., Consular Agent.

There are about 1,100 consular representatives of the United States of the several grades abroad. Those at the principal places in the world are given here. Where there are a consul and vice or deputy consul at the same place only the consul is given. Consular officers are ex-officio notaries for all the States of the United States.

CONSULS-GENERAL AT LARGE.

Albert R. Morawetz, Ariz.; Alfred L. M. Gottschalk, N. Y.; George H. Murphy, N. C.; Fleming D. Cheshire, N. Y. Salaries \$5,000 each.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary
Argentine Republic.		
Buenos Ayres	Alban G. Snyder, W. Va.....	\$4,500
Rosario	Thos. B. Van Horne, Ohio, C.....	2,500
Austria-Hungary.		
Buda-Pesth	Paul Nash, N. Y., C.....	3,500
Carlsbad	John S. Twells, Pa., C.....	3,000
Prague	Joseph I. Britton, Ohio, C.....	3,500
Reichenberg	Charles B. Harris, Ind., C.....	4,000
Trieste	Geo. M. Hotschick, Wis., C.....	3,000
Vienna	W. A. Rublee, Wis., C. G.....	6,000
Belgium.		
Antwerp	H. W. Diedrich, C. G.....	5,500
Brussels	Ethelbert Watts, Pa., C. G.....	5,500
Ghent	William P. Atwell, C.....	3,000
Liege	Henry A. Johnson, C.....	3,000
Brazil.		
Bahia	Pierre P. Demers, N. H., C.....	4,000
Para	Geo. H. Pickerell, Ohio, C.....	4,000
Pernambuco	G. A. Chamberlain, N. J., C.....	4,000
Rio de Janeiro	Geo. E. Anderson, Ill., C. G.....	8,000
Santos	John W. O'Hara, Ind., C.....	4,000
Chile.		
Iquique	Rea Hanna, Cal., C.....	3,000
Valparaiso	Alfred A. Winslow, Ind., C.....	4,500
China.		
Amoy	Julian H. Arnold, Cal., C.....	4,500
Canton	Leo. A. Bergholz, N. Y., C. G.....	5,500
Chefoo	John Fowler, Mass., C.....	4,500
Foochow	Samuel L. Gracey, Mass., C.....	4,500
Hankau	William Martin, N. Y., C. G.....	4,500
Nankin	James C. McNally, Pa., C.....	4,000
Niuchwang	Thos. E. Heenan, Minn., C.....	4,500
Shanghai	Charles Denby, Ind., C. G.....	8,000
Tientsin	Edw. T. Williams, Ohio, C. G.....	5,500

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary
Colombia.		
Barranquilla	Chas. C. Eberhardt, Kan., C...	\$3,500
Bogota	Jay White, Mich., C. G.....	3,500
Cartagena	Isaac A. Manning, Ore., C.....	2,000
Costa Rica.		
San Jose	John C. Caldwell, Kan., C.....	3,000
Cuba.		
Cienfuegos	Max J. Baehr, Neb., C.....	4,500
Havana	James L. Rodgers, Ohio, C. G.	8,000
Santiago	Ross E. Holaday, Ohio, C.....	4,500
Denmark and Dominions.		
Copenhagen	Frank R. Mowrer, Ohio, C. G.	3,000
St. Thomas	Chris. H. Payne, W. Va., C...	3,000
Dominican Republic.		
Puerto Plata	Ralph J. Totten, Tenn., C.....	2,000
Samana	F. Lample, A.....	Fees.
San Domingo	Fen. R. McCreery, Mich., C. G.	.....
Ecuador.		
Guayaquil	Her. R. Dietrich, Mo., C. G...	4,500
France and Dominions.		
Algiers, Africa	James Johnson, N. J., C.....	2,500
Bordeaux	D. I. Murphy, D. C., C.....	4,000
Boulogne-sur-Mer	Wm. Whitman, Agt.....	.....
Brest	A. Pfel, Agt.....	.....
Calais	James B. Milner, Ind., C.....	3,000
Cannes	Jean B. Cognet, Fr., Agt.....	.....
Cette	Carl D. Hagelin, Fr., Agt.....	.....
Cherbourg	Octave Canuet, France, Agt....	.....
Dieppe	W. P. Palmer-Samborne, Agt....	.....
Dijon	Nicholas Chapuis, Agt.....	.....
Goree-Dakar, Africa		2,000
Grenoble	Charles P. H. Nason, C.....	2,000
Guadelpe, W. I.	Jos. M. Authier, R. I.....	2,000
Havre	Alphonse Ganlin, C.....	5,000
Honfleur	John N. Bourke, Agt.....	2,500
La Rochelle	George H. Jackson, Ct., C.....	2,500
Lille	Chris. J. King, R. I., Agt.....	2,500
Limoges	Eugene L. Bellis, Mass., C.....	2,500
Lyons	John C. Covert, Ohio, C.....	5,000
Marseilles	H. L. Washington, D. C., C. G.	5,500
Mart'que, W. I.	Geo. B. Anderson, D. C., C.....	2,500
Mentone	Achille Isuard, Agt.....	.....
Nantes	Louis Goldschmidt, N. H., C.....	3,000
Nice	William D. Hunter, Minn., C.....	2,500
Paris	Frank H. Mason, Ohio, C. G.....	12,000
Paris	Hanson C. Cox, N. Y., D. C. G.	.....
Paris	D. B. Mason, O., V. & D. C. G.	.....
Paris	Elw'd A. Weldon, Pa., D. C. G.	.....
Rennes	Ernest Follard, France, Agt....	.....
Rheims	William Bardell, N. Y., C.....	3,500
Roubaix	Chapman Colman, Ky., C.....	2,500
Rouen	Oscar Malmros, C.....	2,000
St. Etienne	William H. Hunt, N. Y.....	2,500
St. Pierre	Douglass Jenkins, S. C., C.....	2,000
Tahiti, Soc. Isl.	Julius D. Dreher, S. C.....	2,000
Tamatave, Madagascar	James G. Carter, Ga., C.....	2,500
Toulon	Benj. A. Jouve, France, Agt....	.....
Germany.		
Aix la Chapelle	Pendleton King, C.....	3,000
Annaberg	George N. Ifft, Ind., N. Y., C.	3,000
Apia, Samoa	Leon Mitchell, N. Y., C.....	3,500
Bamberg	William Bardel, N. Y., C. A.....	2,500
Barmen	Geo. Eugene Eager, Ill., C.....	3,500
Berlin	A. M. Thackara, Pa., C. G.....	8,000

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Germany—Continued.		
Bremen	William T. Fee, Ohio, C.	\$5,000
Breslau	Herman L. Spahr, S. C., C.	2,500
Brunswick	Talbot J. Albert, Md., C.	2,500
Chemnitz	Thomas H. Norton, Ohio, C.	3,500
Coburg	Frank Dillingham, Cal., C. G.	4,500
Cologne	Hiram J. Dunlap, Ill., C.	3,500
Crefeld	Joseph E. Haven, Ill., C.	2,500
Dantzie	Ernest A. Claaszen, Ger., Agt.	.....
Dresden	T. St. J. Gaffney, N. Y., C. G.	4,500
Dusseldorf	Peter Lieber, Ind., C.	3,000
Frankfort	Richard Guenther, Wis., C. G.	5,500
Freiburg, Baden	E. Theophilus Liefeld, Ct., C.	3,000
Glauchau	Geo. A. Bucklin, Jr., Okla., C.	2,000
Hamburg	Rob. P. Skinner, Ohio, C. G.	8,000
Hanover	Rob't J. Thompson, Ill., C.	3,000
Kehl	William J. Pike, Pa., C.	3,000
Leipsic	S. P. Warner, Md., C.	4,000
Magdeburg	Frank S. Hannah, Ill., C.	2,500
Mainz	Robert S. S. Bergh, N. Dak., C.	3,000
Mannheim	Samuel H. Shank, Ind., C.	3,500
Munich	Thos. W. Peters, D. C., C. G.	4,500
Nuremberg	Heaton W. Harris, Ohio, C.	4,000
Plauen	Carl B. Hurst, D. C., C.	4,000
Stettin	.....	2,500
Stuttgart	Edward Higgins, Mass., C.	4,000
Welmarr	Will L. Lowrey, Ill., C.	2,500
Zittau	Clarence R. Slocum, N. Y., C.	2,500
Great Britain and Dominions.		
Aberdeen	Wm. P. Quann, Minn., Agt.	.....
Aden, Arabia	Geo. M. Gordon, Ara., V. C.	.....
Adelaide	George H. Prosser, Agt.	.....
Antigua, W. I.	Geo. B. Anderson, C.	2,000
Auckland, N. Z.	Wm. A. Prickett, N. J., C. G.	4,500
Barbados, W. I.	Chester W. Martin, Mich., C.	3,000
Belfast, Ire.	S. S. Knabenshue, Ohio, C.	5,000
Belize, Hond.	William L. Avery, Mont., C.	2,500
Belleville, Ont.	Mich'l J. Hendrick, N. Y., C.	2,000
Birmingham	Albert Halstead, D. C., C.	4,500
Bloemfontein	A. E. Fichardt, S. Africa.	.....
Bombay, India	E. H. Dennison, Ohio, C.	4,000
Bradford, Eng.	Erastus Sheldon Day, Ct., C.	3,500
Brisbane	J. Asbury Caldwell, Ill., Agt.	.....
Bristol, Eng.	J. Perry Worden, Mich., C.	2,000
Calcutta, India	Wm. H. Michal, Neb., C. G.	6,000
Campb't'n, N. B.	Theodosius Botkin, U., C. A.	2,000
Cape Town	Julius G. Lay, D. C., C. G.	6,000
Cardiff, Wales	Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C.	2,500
Ceylon	Wm. C. Teichmann, Mo., C.	3,000
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	Franklin D. Hale, Vt., C.	2,000
Coaticook, Que.	Franklin D. Hale, Vt., C.	2,000
Collingwood, Ont.	Augustus G. Seyfert, Pa., C.	2,500
Cork, Queenst.	Henry S. Culver, Ohio, C.	2,500
Dawson, N. W. Ter.	George C. Cole, W. V., C.	5,000
Demerara	George H. Moulton, Col., C.	3,000
Dover	Francis W. Prescott, Agt.	.....
Dublin	Alfred K. Moe, N. J., C.	4,000
Dundee	John C. Higgins, Del., C.	4,000
Dunfermline	Maxwell Blake, Mo., C.	3,000
Durban, Natal.	E. S. Cunningham, Tenn., C.	3,500
Edinburgh	Rufus Fleming, Ohio, C.	3,500
Fort Erie, Ont.	Horace J. Harvey, N. Y., C.	2,000
Gaspe Basin, Que.	Almar F. Dickson, Mass., C.	2,000
Georgetown, Guiana	Arthur J. Clare, D. C., C.	3,500
Gibraltar	Richard L. Sprague, C.	2,500
Glasgow	John N. McCunn, Wis., C.	4,500
Halifax, Nova Scotia	David F. Wilber, N. Y., C. G.	4,500
Hamilton, Ber.	W. Maxwell Greene, R. I., C.	2,500
Hamilton, Ont.	Jas. M. Shepard, Mich., C.	3,000

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

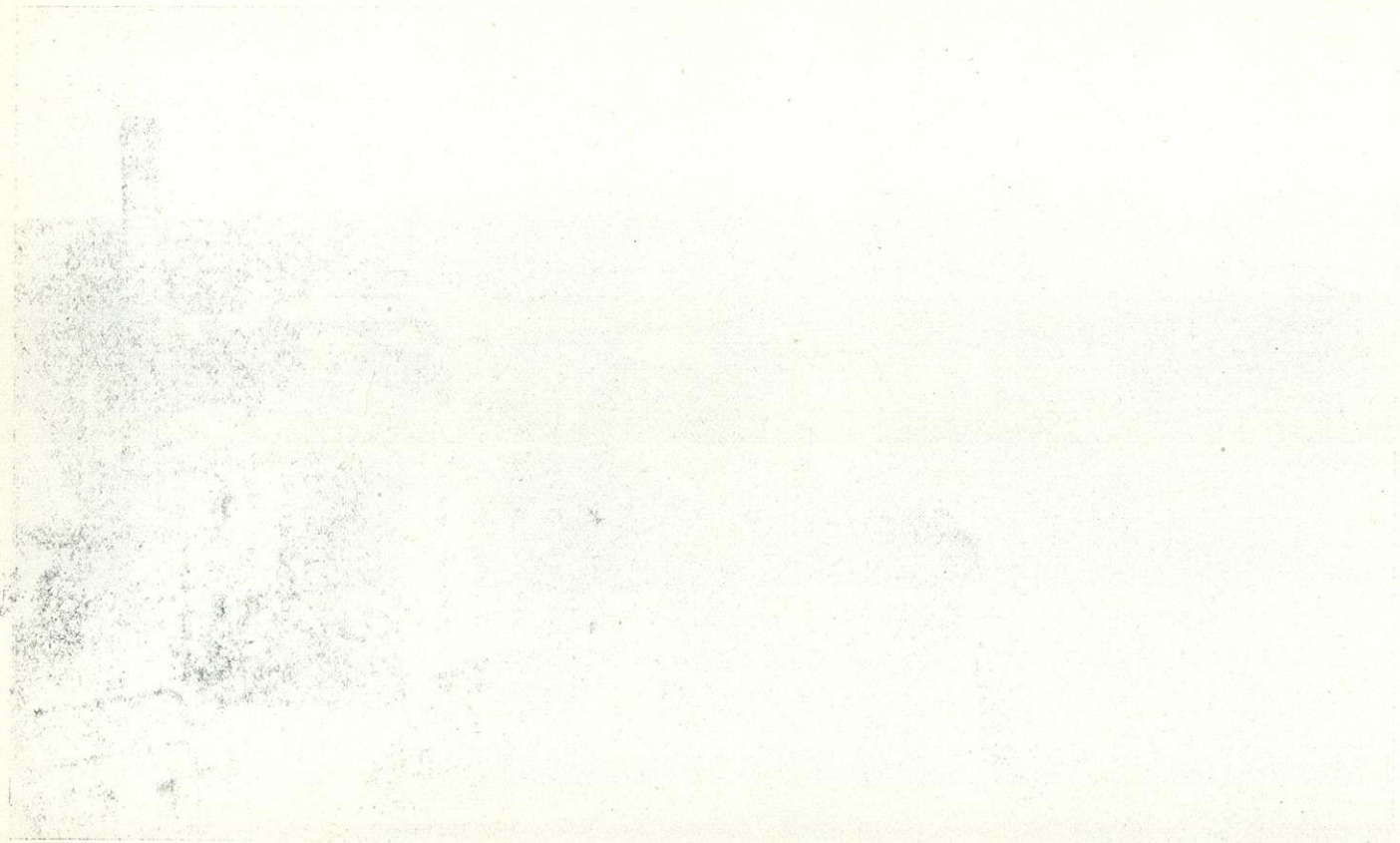
Country.	Name and State.	Salary
Great Britain and Dominions—Con.		
Hobart, Tasm.	Henry D. Baker, Ill., C.	\$2,000
Hong Kong	Amos P. Wilder, Wis., C. G.	8,000
Huddersfield	Fred. I. Bright, Ohio, C.	3,000
Hull, Eng.	Walter C. Hamm, Pa., C.	2,500
Kimberley, S. A.	A. F. Williams, Agt., Cal.	
Kingston, Jama.	Fred'ck Van Dyne, N. Y., C.	4,500
Kingston, Ont.	H. D. Van Sant, N. J., C.	2,500
Leeds	Lewis Dexter, R. I., C.	2,500
Liverpool	John L. Griffiths, Ind., C.	8,000
Londonderry	Phil. O'Hagan, Ireland, Agt.	
Limerick	Edmund Ludlow, Agt.	
London	Robert J. Wynne, Pa., C. G.	12,000
London	R. Westcott, Mass., V. C. G.	
London	F. W. Frigout, Eng., D. C. G.	
Madras	Nathaniel B. Stewart, Ga., C.	3,000
Malta	William H. Gale, Va., C.	2,500
Manchester	Church Howe, Neb., C.	6,000
Melbourne	John F. Jewell, Ill., C.	3,000
Moncton, N. B.	M. J. Hendrick, N. Y., C.	2,000
Montreal	William H. Bradley, Ill., C. G.	6,000
Nassau, N. P.	Julian Potter, N. Y., C.	3,000
Newcastle-on-Tyne	Horace W. Metcalf, Me., C.	3,000
Newcastle, N. S. W.	Geo. B. Killmaster, Mich., C.	3,000
Niagara Falls, On.	W. H. H. Webster, N. Y., C.	2,000
Nottingham	Frank W. Mahin, Iowa, C.	4,500
Ottawa, Ont.	John G. Foster, Vt., C. G.	6,000
Plymouth	Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C.	2,500
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill, Me., C.	2,500
Port Louis, Mauritius	Samuel C. Reat, Ill., C.	2,000
Pt. Sarnia, Ont.	Neal McMillan, Mich., C.	2,500
Portsmouth	Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C.	2,500
Pt. Stanley, F. I.	John E. Rowen, Iowa, C.	2,000
Prescott, Ont.	Martin, R. Sackett, N. Y., C.	2,500
Quebec	William W. Henry, Vt., C.	3,500
St. John, N. B.	Gebhard Willrich, Wis., C.	3,000
St. John's, N. F.	James S. Benedict, N. Y., C.	2,500
St. John's, Que.	Charles Deal, N. Y., C.	2,000
St. Steph'n, N. B.	Chas. A. McCullough, Me., C.	2,000
Sheffield	Charles N. Daniels, Ct., C.	3,000
Sherbr'ke, Que.	Paul Lang, N. H., C.	3,500
Sierra Leone	William J. Yerby, Tenn., C.	2,000
Singapore	T. Haynes, S. C., C. G.	4,500
Southampton	Albert W. Swalm, Iowa, C.	4,500
St. Lucia, W. I.	William Peter, Agt.	
St. Vincent, W. I.	Ernest A. Richards, Agt.	
Suva, Piji	Leslie E. Brown, Suva, V. C.	Fees.
Swansea, Wales	Jesse H. Johnson, Tex., C.	3,000
Sydney, N. S.	John E. Kehl, Ohio, C.	3,000
Sydney, N. S. W.	John P. Bray, N. Dak., C. G.	5,500
Toronto, Ont.	Robert S. Chilton, Jr., C.	4,000
Trinidad, W. I.	Vacant	3,000
Turks Island	Joseph A. Howells, Ohio, C.	2,000
Vancouver, B. C.	George N. West, D. C., C. G.	4,500
Victoria, B. C.	Abraham E. Smith, Ill., C.	4,000
Wellington, N. Z.	John Duncan, Agt.	
Windsor, Ont.	Harry A. Conant, Mich., C.	2,500
Winnipeg, Man.	John E. Jones, D. C., C. G.	4,500
Yarmouth, N. S.	Alfred J. Fleming, Mo., C.	2,500
Greece.		
Athens	George Horton, Ill., C.	3,000
Patras	Edward I. Nathan, Pa., C.	2,000
Guatemala.		
Guatemala	William P. Kent, Va., C. G.	3,500

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Hayti.		
Aux Cayes	Adolph Strohm, Agt.....	
Cape Haytien	Lem. W. Livingston, Fla., C.....	\$2,000
Jacmel	Louis Vital, Agt.....	
Port au Prince	John B. Terres, N. Y., C.....	3,600
Honduras.		
Tegucigalpa	Wm. E. Alger, Mass., C.....	2,500
Italy.		
Bologna	Carlo Gardini, Italy, Agt.....	
Florence	Jerome A. Quay, Pa., C.....	3,000
Genoa	James A. Smith, Vt.....	4,500
Leghorn	Ernest A. Man, Fla., C.....	3,000
Messina	Arthur S. Cheney, Conn., C.....	2,000
Milan	James E. Dunning, Me., C.....	4,000
Naples	C. S. Crowninshield, D. C., C.....	4,000
Palermo	William H. Bishop, C.....	3,500
Rome	Chapman Coleman, Ky., C.....	3,500
San Remo	Albert Ameglio, Agt.....	
Turin	A. H. Michelson, Mass., C.....	2,000
Venice	James V. Long, Pa., C.....	2,000
Japan.		
Nacaski	Geo. H. Scidmore, Wis., C.....	3,500
Yokohama	J. H. Snodgrass, W. Pa., C.....	5,000
Kobe	Carl F. Deichman, Mo., C.....	3,000
Tamsui, Formo	Harry B. Miller, C. G.....	6,000
Dalny	Roger S. Greene, Mass., C.....	3,500
Seoul	T. Sammons, Wash., C. G.....	5,500
Liberia.		
Monrovia	Ernest Lyon, Md., C. G.....	
Mexico.		
Acapulco	Maxwell Moorhead, Pa., C.....	2,500
Chihuahua	Lewis A. Martin, W. Va., C.....	2,500
Ciudad Porfirio Diaz	Luther T. Ellsworth, O., C.....	2,500
Ensenada	Everett E. Bailey, Ill., C.....	2,000
Durango	Chas. M. Freeman, N. H., C.....	2,000
Matamoras	Clarence A. Miller, Mo., C.....	2,500
Mazatlan	Louis Kaiser, Ill., C.....	2,500
Mexico	M. C. Piquette, V. & D. C. G.....	
Monterey	Philip C. Hanna, Iowa, C. G.....	3,500
Nuevo Laredo	Alonzo B. Garrett, W. Va., C.....	2,500
Tampico	P. Meriell Griffith, O., C.....	3,000
Vera Cruz	William W. Canada, Ind., C.....	4,500
Morocco.		
Tangier		3,500
Netherlands and Dominions.		
Amsterdam	Henry H. Morgan, La., C.....	5,000
Batavia, Java	B. S. Rairden, Me., C.....	3,000
Curacao, W. I.	Elias H. Cheney, N. H., C.....	2,500
Rotterdam	Soren Listoe, Minn., C. G.....	5,500
Nicaragua.		
Managua	Jose de Olivares, Mo., C.....	3,000
Norway.		
Bergen	Felix S. S. Johnson, N. J., C.....	3,000
Christiana	H. Bordewich, Minn., C. G.....	3,000
Panama.		
Colon	James C. Kellogg, La., C.....	4,000
Panama	Arnold Shanklin, C. G.....	3,500
Paraguay.		
Asuncion	Edward J. Norton, Tenn., C.....	2,000



NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, OSHKOSH.



CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Persia.		
Tabriz	William F. Doty, N. J., C.....	\$3,000
Peru.		
Callao	Samuel M. Taylor, O., C. G....	4,500
Portugal and Dominions.		
Fayal	M. Benarus, Azores, Agt.....	.....
Lisbon	Louis H. Ayne, Ill., C. G.....	3,500
Oporto	William H. Stuve, Agt.....	.....
St. Michael's	Edw. A. Creevey, Conn., C.....	3,000
Roumania.		
Bucharest	Nor. Hutchinson, Cal., C. G....	.....
Russia.		
Batum	Alex. Heingartner, Ohio, C.....	2,500
Cronstadt	Peter Wigius, Agt.....	.....
Moscow	Hunter Sharp, N. C., C. G.....	5,500
Odessa	John H. Grout, Mass., C.....	2,500
Riga	Hernando de Soto, Cal., C.....	3,000
St. Petersburg	James W. Ragsdale, Cal., C.....	5,500
Vladivostok	Lester Marynard, Cal., C.....	3,500
Warsaw	George N. Ifft, Idaho, C.....	4,000
Salvador.		
San Salvador	Arthur H. Frazier, Pa., C. G....	.....
Servia.		
Belgrade	R. S. S. Bergh, N. Dak., C....	3,000
Spain and Dominions.		
Barcelona	Frank D. Hill, Minn., C. G....	5,000
Cadiz	James Sanderson, Agt.....	.....
Cartagena	Alexander J. Marks	Fees.
Madrid	R. M. Bartleman, Mass., C.....	2,500
Malaga	Charles M. Caughy, Md., C.....	3,000
Seville	L. J. Rosenberg, Mich., C.....	3,000
Teneriffe	Solomon Berliner, N. Y., C.....	2,500
Valencia	Chas. S. Winans, Mich., C.....	2,500
Sweden.		
Gothenburg	Wm. H. Robertson, Va., C.....	2,500
Stockholm	Edw. L. Adams, N. Y., C. G....	3,500
Switzerland.		
Basel	George Gifford, Me., C.....	3,500
Berne	George Heimrod, Neb., C.....	3,500
Geneva	Francis B. Keene, Wis., C.....	3,500
St. Gall	Robt. E. Mansfield, Ind., C.....	4,500
Zurich	H. de Castro, N. Y., C. G....	4,500
Turkey and Dominions.		
Alexandretta	John T. Peristany, Agt.....	.....
Alexandria	David R. Birch, Pa., C.....	2,500
Beirut, Syria	G. B. Bayndal, S. Dak., C. G....	4,500
Cairo	Lewis M. Iddings, C. G.....	.....
Constantinople	Ed. H. Osmun, Minn., C. G....	6,000
Jerusalem	Thomas R. Wallace, Ia., C.....	3,000
Port Said	Harry Broadbent, Agt.....	.....
Smyrna	Ernest L. Harris, Ill., C. G....	3,500
Suez	Frederick T. Peake, Agt.....	.....
Trebizond	Milo A. Jewett, Mass., C.....	2,500
Uruguay.		
Montevideo	Frederic W. Goding, Ill., C....	3,500

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Venezuela.		
Caracas	John Brewer, Md., Agt.....	.....
La Guayra	Thomas P. Moffat, C.....	\$3,000
Maracaibo	E. H. Plumacher, Tenn., C....	2,500
Puerta Caballo	James W. Johnson, N. Y., C....	2,000
Zanzibar.		
Zanzibar	Arthur Garrels, Mo., C.....	2,500

It is not necessary to address a consul by name if the business is of an official nature, "Official business" should be written on the envelope.

FOREIGN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

- Argentine Republic—Senor Don Epifanio Portela, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Argentine Republic—Senor Don Alberto P. Costa, First Secretary of Legation.
- Austria-Hungary—Mr. L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Austria-Hungary—Baron Louis Ambrozy, Counselor of Embassy.
- Austria-Hungary—Baron F. Haymerle, Secretary.
- Belgium—Baron Ludovic Moncheur, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Belgium—Mr. E. de Cartier de Marchienne, Counselor of Legation.
- Bolivia—Senor Don Ignacio Calderon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Bolivia—Senor Don Jorge E. Zalles, Secretary of Legation.
- Brazil—Senor Joaquin Nabuco, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- Brazil—Senor Sylvino G. de Amaral, First Secretary.
- Brazil—Senor E. L. Cherment, Second Secretary.
- Chile—Senor Don Anibal Cruz, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Chile—Senor Don Alberto Yoacham—First Secretary of Legation.
- China—Dr. Wu Ting-fang—Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- China—Mr. Ou Shou-tehun, First Secretary of Legation.
- Colombia—Senor Don Enrique Cortes, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Costa Rica—Senor Don Joaquin Barnardo Calvo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Cuba—Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Cuba—Senor Don Arturo Padro y Almeida, First Secretary.
- Denmark—Count Moltke, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Dominican Republic—Senor Don Emilio C. Joubert, Minister Resident.
- Dominican Republic—Senor Don Arturo L. Fiallo, Secretary of Legation.
- Ecuador—Senor Don Luis Felipe Carbo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Ecuador—Senor Don Luis Alberto Carbo, Secretary of Legation.
- France—Mr. J. J. Jusserand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- France—M. des Portes de la Posse, Counselor of the Embassy.
- France—Major Fournier, Military Attache.
- France—Viconte Charles de Chambrun, Secretary.
- France—Lieut.-Com. de Beaupre, Naval Attache.
- France—Viconte de Martel, Third Secretary.
- German Empire—Count Johann Heinrich von Bernstorff, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- German Empire—Count Hermann von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg, Counselor of Legation and First Secretary of Embassy.
- German Empire—Baron Hartmann von Richtofen, Second Secretary.
- German Empire—Mr. von Stumm, Third Secretary.
- German Empire—Commander Reitzmann, Naval Attache.

FOREIGN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

- German Empire—Major von Livonius, Military Attache.
 Great Britain—Right Hon. James Bryce, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Great Britain—Mr. Alfred Mitchell Innes, Counselor of Embassy.
 Great Britain—Mr. G. Young, First Secretary.
 Great Britain—Mr. W. H. Kinnard, Second Secretary.
 Great Britain—Mr. Esmond Ovey, Third Secretary.
 Great Britain—Mr. H. Beresford-Hope, Attache.
 Great Britain—Lieut.-Col. B. R. James, Military Attache.
 Guatemala—Senor Dr. Luis Toledo Herrarte, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Hayti—Mr. J. N. Leger, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Honduras—Dr. Luis Lazo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Italy—Signor Edmondo Mayor des Plances, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Italy—Signor Roberto Centaro, Second Secretary.
 Italy—Signor Giuliano Cora, Attache.
 Italy—Lieut. Filippo Camperio, Naval Attache.
 Japan—Mr. Kogoro Takahira, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Japan—Mr. Masannas Hanihara, Second Secretary.
 Japan—Mr. Matsuzo Nagai, Third Secretary.
 Mexico—Senor Don Enrique C. Creel, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Mexico—Senor Don Jose F. Godoy, Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Mexico—Senor Don Julio W. Baz, Second Secretary.
 Netherlands—Jonkheer J. Loudon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Netherlands—Mr. W. A. Royaards, Counselor of Legation.
 Nicaragua—Senor Don Luis F. Corea, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Norway—Mr. O. Gude, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Panama—Senor Don J. Augustin Arango, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Persia—Gen. Morteza Kahn, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Peru—Mr. Filipe Pardo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Peru—Senor Manuel de F. y Santander, Secretary.
 Portugal—Visconde de Alte, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Russia—Baron Rosen, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Russia—M. Kroupensky, Counselor of Embassy.
 Russia—Prince Nicolas Koudacheff, First Secretary of Embassy.
 Russia—Colonel Baron de Bode, Military Attache.
 Russia—Commander Neboisine, Naval Attache.
 Salvador—Senor Don Frederico Mejia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Siam—Phya Akharaz Varadhara, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Siam—Mr. Edward H. Loftus, Counselor of Legation.
 Spain—Senor Don Ramon Pina, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Spain—Senor Don Luis Pastor, First Secretary of Legation.
 Spain—Senor Don Manuel Walls y Merino, Second Secretary of Legation.
 Spain—Lieut.-Col. Don Nicolas Urculla y Cervijo, Military Attache.
 Sweden—Mr. Herman de Lagercrantz, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Switzerland—Mr. Leo Vogel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Switzerland—Mr. Henri Martin, Secretary of Legation.
 Turkey—Munji Bey, Consul-General in Charge.
 Turkey—Djelal Munif Bey, First Secretary of Legation.
 Uruguay—Dr. Luis M. Lafnur, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(In Principal Places.)

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice Consul; C. A., Consular Agent;
A. C., Acting Consul; P. C., Pro-Consul.

Argentine Republic.

Alabama—Mobile, Manuel S. Macias, V. C.
California—San Francisco.
Florida—Fernandina, Thomas C. Borden, V. C.
Florida—Pensacola, J. Harris Pierpont, V. C.
Georgia—Savannah, Andres E. Moynelo, V. C.
Illinois—Chicago, Eduardo Oldendorf, V. C.
Louisiana—New Orleans, Alfred Le Blanc, V. C.
Maine—Portland, Clarence W. Small, V. C.
Maryland—Baltimore, James F. Ferguson, V. C.
Massachusetts—Boston, Guillermo McKissock, V. C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Guillermo P. Wilson, V. C.
Virginia—Norfolk, Guillermo Klyver, V. C.

Austria-Hungary.

Alabama—Mobile, Siegfried Kissler, C.
California—San Francisco, Karl Ruiz de Roxas, A. C.
Florida—Pensacola, H. Baars, V. C.
Georgia—Savannah, Edward Karow, C.
Illinois—Chicago, Alexander Nuber von Peretod, C. G.
Louisiana—New Orleans, Franz Hindermann, C.
Maryland—Baltimore, G. Louis Hester, C.
Massachusetts—Boston, Arthur Donner, C.
Missouri—St. Louis, Ferdinand Diehm, C.
Pennsylvania—Hazleton, Vacant, C. A.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, T. von Schutzewitz, C.
Pennsylvania—Pittsburg, Julius Von Bornemisza, C.
Philippine Islands—Manila, Peter Krafft, C.
Texas—Galveston, John Reymershoffer, C.
Wisconsin—Milwaukee,

Belgium.

Alabama—Mobile, Robert B. du Mont, C.
California—San Francisco, F. Wodon, C. G.
California—Los Angeles, W. Papet, V. C.
Colorado—Denver, J. Migolet, C.
Florida—Jacksonville, Joseph Buttgenbach, V. C.
Georgia—Atlanta, Laurent de Give, C.
Illinois—Chicago, Ch. Henrotin, C.
Kentucky—Louisville, St. De Piddler, C.
Louisiana—New Orleans, Ch. de Waepenaert, C. G.
Massachusetts—Boston, E. S. Mansfield, C.
Michigan—Detroit, Theophile Francois, C.
Missouri—St. Louis, L. Seguenot, C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Paul Hagemans, C. G.
Philippine Islands—Manila, Ch. Le Vionnois, C.
South Carolina—Charleston, B. Rutledge, C.
Virginia—Norfolk and Newport News, J. P. Andre Mottu, C. A.
Virginia—Richmond, W. O. Notling, C.

Bolivia.

California—San Diego, Philip Morse, C.
California—San Francisco, Gabriel V. Calle, C. G.
Illinois—Chicago, Frederick Harnwell, C.
Missouri—Kansas City, E. R. Heath, Hon. C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfred H. Schoff, Hon. C.

Brazil.

California—San Francisco, Archibald Barnard, V. C.
Louisiana—New Orleans, Charles Dittman, V. C.
Maryland—Baltimore, Leonce Rabillon, V. C.
Missouri—St. Louis, Affonso de Figueiredo, V. C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Napoleon Bonaparte Kelly, V. C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Chile.

California—San Francisco, Juan Searle, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, M. J. Steffens, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, R. G. Leupold, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Horacio N. Fisher, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Dudley Bartlett, C.

China.

California—San Francisco, Hsu Ping-chen, C. G.
 Hawaii, Honolulu, Tseng Hai, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Stephen W. Nickerson, Hon. C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Su Yu-Tchu, C. G.

Colombia.

Illinois—Chicago, Erskine M. Phelps, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Jorge Vargas Heredia, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, J. Arbuckle, C.

Costa Rica.

California—San Francisco, Jose Maria Tinoco, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Berthold Singer, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Lamar C. Quintero, C. G.
 Maryland, Baltimore, William A. Riordan, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Guillermo Figueroa, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Gustavo Niederlein, C.

Denmark.

Alabama—Mobile, Louis Donald, V. C. for Alabama.
 California—San Francisco, H. H. Birkholm, C.
 Georgia—Savannah, J. B. Holst, V. C.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, H. R. Macfarlane, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Christian H. Hansson, C.
 Kansas—Kansas City, Jap Hansen Ma'land, V. C.
 Kentucky—Louisville, Charles E. Currie, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Thyge Soegaard, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Holger A. Koepel, V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Gustaf Lundberg, C.
 Michigan—Detroit, Peter Sorenson, V. C.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, John C. Nelson, V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, V. C.
 Nebraska—Omaha.
 Ohio—Cleveland, Mark L. Thomsen, V. C.
 Oregon—Portland, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, J. N. Wallem, V. C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, R. H. Wood, C.

Dominican Republic.

Illinois—Chicago, F. W. Job, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, William A. Riordan, V. C.
 North Carolina—Wilmington, Andrew J. Howell, Jr., V. C.
 Porto Rico—San Juan, J. E. Medina y Cortes, C. G.

Ecuador.

California—Los Angeles, Thomas Duque, Hon. C. G.
 California—San Francisco, Dr. D. P. Arcentales, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Luis Millet, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Gustavo Preston, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Cassius A. Green, C.

France.

Alabama—Mobile, G. A. Riviere, C. A.
 Alaska—Nome City, Albert Schneider, C. A.
 California—San Francisco, Henri Aoine Joseph Merou, C.
 Colorado—Denver, A. Bourquin, C. A.
 Georgia—Savannah, Alexis Nicolas, C. A.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, R. Etienne C. Menant, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, L. E. Houssin de Saint Laurent, C.
 Kentucky—Louisville, Michel Hermann, C. A.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Marie P. V. Dejaux, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Leonce Rabillon, C. A.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Joseph J. Flamand, C. A.
 Michigan—Detroit, Joseph Belanger, C. A.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, Francois Celestin Boucher, C. A.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

France—Continued.

- Missouri—St. Louis, Louis Seguenot, C. A.
- Ohio—Cincinnati, Eugene C. Pocioc, C. A.
- Oregon—Portland, Charles Henri Labbe, C. A.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Raymond de Lobel-Mahy, V. C.
- Philippine Islands—Manila, Jean B. G. Bertrand, C.
- Porto Rico—San Juan, Paul C. M. Robin, C.
- Texas—Galveston, Chas. J. Z. M. M. de Peillon, V. C.
- Washington—Seattle, P. J. B. Joujou-Roche, C. A.

Germany.

- Alabama—Mobile, E. Holzborn, C.
- California—San Francisco, Franz Bopp, C.
- Colorado—Denver, George Plehn, C.
- District of Columbia—Washington, Gustava Dittmar, C. A.
- Georgia—Atlanta, Dr. Erich Zoepffel, C.
- Hawaii—Honolulu, W. Pfothenhauer, C.
- Illinois—Chicago, Walther Wever, C. G.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, F. von Nordenflicht, C.
- Maryland—Baltimore, Carl A. Luderitz, C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Wilhelm T. Pöschke, C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, Maximilian von Lochr, C.
- North Carolina—Wilmington, James Sprunt, C.
- Ohio—Cincinnati, Joseph Lettenbauer, C.
- Oregon—Portland.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Werner Hazen, C.
- Philippine Islands—Manila, Franz Grunenwaldt, C.
- Porto Rico—Ponce, Julius Umbach, V. C.
- South Carolina—Charleston, Emil Jahnz, C.
- Texas—Galveston, Otto Scheidt, C.
- Virginia—Richmond, Carl E. Vietor, C.
- Washington—Tacoma, Otto Richter, V. C.

Great Britain.

- Alabama—Mobile, Edmund J. Seiders, V. C.
- California—San Francisco, Walter Risley Hean, C. G.
- Colorado—Denver, Alfred Cribben, V. C.
- Florida—Jacksonville, John W. Morris, V. C.
- Florida—Key West, W. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
- Georgia—Savannah, James A. Donnelly, C.
- Hawaii—Honolulu, Alfred E. Wileman, C.
- Illinois—Chicago, Alexander Finn, C. G.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, H. T. Carew-Hunt, C.
- Maine—Portland, John Bernard Keating, V. C.
- Maryland—Baltimore, Gilbert Fraser, C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, William Wyndham, C.
- Mississippi—Biloxi, J. J. Lemon, V. C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, Thomas E. Erskine, C.
- Missouri—Kansas City, Herbert W. Mackirdy, V. C.
- Nebraska—Omaha, Mathew Alexander Hall, V. C.
- North Carolina—Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
- Oregon—Portland, James Laidlow, C.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfred Powell, C.
- Philippine Islands—Manila, R. de B. M. Layard, C. G.
- Philippine Islands—Cebu, Charles Augustin Fuleber, V. C.
- Porto Rico—San Juan, Wm. B. Churchward, C.
- Rhode Island—Providence, George A. Stockwell, V. C.
- South Carolina—Charleston, Alexander Harkness, V. C.
- Texas—Galveston, Horace Dickinson Nugent, C.
- Virginia—Richmond, Arthur Ponsoby Wilmer, V. C.
- Washington—Seattle, Bernard Pelly, V. C.

Greece.

- California—San Francisco, Richard de Fontana, C.
- Illinois—Chicago, Nikolaos Sallopoulos, C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Anthony L. Benachi, C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, H. M. Pasmazoglow, in charge.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, S. Edwin Megargee, C.

Guatemala.

- California—San Francisco, Felipe Galicia, C. G.
- Illinois—Chicago, A. C. Garsia, Hon. C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Benjamin Preston Clark, Hon. C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, Hon. C. G.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Hayti.

Georgia—Savannah, T. B. Harris, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Cuthbert Singleton, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Benjamin C. Clark, C.

Honduras.

California—San Francisco, Vacant.
 Illinois—Chicago, George F. Stone, C. G.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, J. Ernesto Alvarado, C. G.
 Maryland—Baltimore, C. Morton Stewart, Jr., C. G.

Italy.

Alabama—Mobile, Giovanni Ivulich, C. A.
 California—San Francisco, Salvatore L. Rocca, C. G.
 Connecticut—New Haven, Michele Riccio, C. A.
 Georgia—Savannah, Mose Cafiero, C. A.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, F. A. Schaefer, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Guido Sabetta, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Luigi A. Marescotti, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Prospero Schiaffino, C. A.
 Michigan—Detroit, C. Pietro di Antonio, C. A.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Marquis A. Faa di Bruno, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Domenico Ginocchio, C. A.
 Ohio—Cleveland, Nicola Cerri, C. A.
 Oregon—Portland, F. C. d'Olivola, C. A.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia—G. F. Fornie, C.
 Pennsylvania—Pittsburg, Gulio Ricciardi, V. C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Giovanni Sottile, C. A.
 Texas—Galveston, C. Nicolini, C. A.
 Virginia—Norfolk, Arturo Parati, C. A.
 Washington—Seattle, Augusto J. Ghiglione, C. A.

Japan.

Alabama—Mobile, Wm. P. Hutchinson, Hon. C.
 California—San Francisco, Choze Koike, C. G.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, Miki Saitow, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, K. Matsubara, in charge.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, John Walker Phillips, Hon. C.
 Oregon—Portland, Jokichi Iwaya, C. A.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, J. F. McFadden, Hon. C.
 Washington—Seattle, Tokichi Tanaka, C.

Liberia.

Massachusetts—Boston, Charles Hall Adams, C. G.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Thomas J. Hunt, C.

Mexico.

Alabama—Mobile, Alphonso Jimenez, V. C.
 California—San Francisco, Dr. Plutarco Ornelas, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Augustin Pina, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Fernando Baz, Jr., C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Regelo F. Guel, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Arturo P. Cushing, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Miguel E. Diebold, C.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, Hugo Fromman, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, M. Torres y Sagasta, C.
 Texas—Galveston, Manuel N. Velarde, C.
 Virginia—Norfolk, Juan B. Didapp, C.

Netherlands.

California—San Francisco, G. J. G. Marsily, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, G. Birkoff, Jr., C. G.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, W. J. Hammond, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, R. H. Mottu, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, C. V. Dasey, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, G. H. ten Brock, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Arnold Katz, C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Nicaragua.

- California—San Francisco, Dr. F. R. Mayorga, C. G.
- Illinois—Chicago, B. Singer, C.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, Gustavo A. Bonilla, C.

Norway.

- Illinois—Chicago, Frederick Herman Gade, C.
- Iowa—Decorah, Johannes B. Wist, V. C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Peter Justin Paasche, V. C.
- Minnesota—St. Paul, Engebrath H. Hobe, C.
- Nebraska—Omaha, A. L. Undeland, V. C.
- Ohio—Cleveland, Ole M. Friestad, V. C.
- Wisconsin—Milwaukee, Olaf I. Rove, V. C.

Paraguay.

- District of Columbia—Washington, Clifford S. Walton, C. G.

Peru.

- California—San Francisco, Enrique Grau, C.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfredo H. Schoff, Hon. C.

Portugal.

- California—San Francisco, Ig. R. da Costa Duarte, C. G.
- Illinois—Chicago, A. de Q. Riebeiro, C.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, Maurice Generally, V. C.
- Maryland—Baltimore, Adelbert W. Means, V. C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Viscount de Valle da Costa, C.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, John Mason, V. C.

Russia.

- Alabama—Mobile, Murray Wheeler, V. C.
- California—San Francisco, Paul Kozakevitch, C.
- Georgia—Savannah, W. W. Williamson, V. C.
- Illinois—Chicago, Baron E. de Schilling, C.
- Maryland—Baltimore, Charles Nitze, V. C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, T. Quincy Browne, V. C.
- Oregon—Portland.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, William R. Tucker, V. C.

Salvador.

- California—San Francisco, Encarnacion Mejia, C. G.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Geo. A. Lewis, Hon. C.

Spain.

- Alabama—Mobile, Luis Marty Margues, Hon. V. C.
- California—San Francisco, Jose M. L. de Espinosa, C.
- Illinois—Chicago, Berthold Singer, Hon. V. C.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, Jose Texidor y Jugo, C.
- Maryland—Baltimore, Prospero Schiaffino, Hon. V. C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, James Arbuckle, V. C.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Horatio C. Newcomb, Hon. V. C.
- Philippine Islands—Manila, Arturo Baldasan y Topete, C. G.
- Porto Rico—San Juan, Joaquin Carsi y Rivera, C.
- Virginia—Norfolk, Carlos C. Richardson, Hon. V. C.

Sweden.

- Alabama—Mobile, Robert H. Smith, V. C.
- California—San Francisco, William Matson, C.
- Colorado—Denver, Hjalmar R. Sahlgaard, V. C.
- Illinois—Chicago, J. R. Lindgren, V. C.
- Louisiana—New Orleans, Pearl Wright, V. C.
- Massachusetts—Boston, Birger G. Adolf Rosentwist, V. C.
- Minnesota—St. Paul, J. A. Jackson, in charge of V. C.
- Missouri—St. Louis, Charles A. A. Ekstromer, V. C.
- Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Marcel Alonzo Viti, V. C.
- Wisconsin—Madison, Halle Steensland, V. C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Switzerland.

California—San Francisco, Antoine Borel, C.
Illinois—Chicago, Arnold Holinger, C.
Missouri—St. Louis, Jacques Buff, C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Gustav A. Walther, C.

Turkey.

California—San Francisco, George E. Hall, C. G.
District of Columbia—Washington, Dr. Schoenfield, C. G.
Illinois—Chicago, Charles Henrotin, C. G.
Massachusetts—Boston, Frank G. Macomber, Hon. C. G.

Uruguay.

Illinois—Chicago, Juan Moffit, C.
Massachusetts—Boston, W. Allen Taft, Jr., Prov. V. C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia—Johan N. Wallem, C.

Venezuela.

California—San Francisco, J. L. Eastland, C.
Illinois—Chicago, Jose M. Alvizua, C.
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, W. P. Wilson, C.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA—CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Braxton B. Comer...	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Henry B. Gray.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	.....
Secretary of State.....	Frank N. Julian.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	1,800
Attorney-General.....	Alexander Garber...	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	2,500
Auditor.....	W. W. Brandon.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	2,400
Treasurer.....	W. D. Seed.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	2,100
Commissioner Agriculture.....	J. A. Wilkin-son.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	2,100
Supt. of Education.....	B. C. Gunnels.....	4 years...	Jan. 19, 1911	1,250
Chief Justice.....	John R. Tyson.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

ALASKA (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, JUNEAU.

Governor.....	Wilford B. Hoggatt.	4 years...	Mar. 21, 1910	\$5,000
Surveyor-General and ex-officio Secretary.....	.....	4 years...	Dec. 14, 1912	4,000
General Ag't Education.....	Sheldon Jackson....	U'limited	.....	2,000

All Territorial officials Republicans.

ARIZONA (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Governor.....	Joseph H. Kibbey...	4 years...	Feb. 27, 1913	\$3,000
Secretary of Territory.....	John H. Page.....	4 years...	Jan. 14, 1912	1,800
Chief Justice.....	Edward Kent.....	.....	.....	.....

All Territorial officials Republicans.

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Governor.....	Geo. W. Donaghey...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$4,000
Secretary of State.....	Oswald C. Ludwig...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,250
Auditor ¹	John R. Jobe.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,250
Treasurer.....	James L. Yates.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,250
Attorney-General.....	Hal Norwood.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Land Commissioner.....	Lafayette L. Coffman	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Commissioner of Mines and Agriculture.....	Guy B. Tucker.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Chief Justice.....	Joseph M. Hill.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Also Insurance Commissioner.

All State officials Democrats.

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	James N. Gillett....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$6,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Warren R. Porter....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	2
Secretary of State.....	Charles F. Curry....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Controller.....	Edward P. Colgan....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Treasurer.....	William R. Williams	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Attorney-General.....	U. S. Webb.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Surveyor-General.....	Wm. S. Kingsbury	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Edward C. Hyatt....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Chief Justice.....	W. H. Beatty.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	.....

² Ten dollars a day as President of Senate during session of Legislature.
All State officials Republicans.

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Governor.....	John H. Shafrath....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Stev. R. Fitzgarrald.	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	James B. Pearce....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Auditor.....	Roady Kenehan....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Treasurer.....	William J. Galligan	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	6,000
Attorney-General.....	John T. Barnett....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Katherine McCook...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,000
Chief Justice.....	Robt. W. Steele....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	.....

All State officials Democrats.

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Governor.....	George L. Lilley....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Frank B. Weeks....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	500
Secretary of State.....	Matthew H. Rogers.	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,500
Controller.....	Thos. D. Bradstreet.	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,500
Treasurer.....	Freeman F. Patten..	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	4,000
Attorney-General.....	Marcus H. Holcomb	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	4,000
Chief Justice.....	Simeon E. Baldwin..	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Governor.....	Simeon P. Pennewill	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	John M. Mendinhal..	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	5
Secretary of State.....	.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	.....
Auditor.....	Theodore F. Clarke.	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,200
Treasurer.....	D. O. Moore.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Attorney-General.....	Andrew C. Gray....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	Charles H. Maul....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Charles B. Love....	.....	.....	.....

³ Five dollars a day for sixty days.

All State officials Republicans except Attorney General, Democrat

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Albert W. Gilchrist.	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$3,500
Secretary of State.....	H. Clay Crawford...	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Controller.....	A. C. Croom.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Treasurer.....	William V. Knott.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Attorney-General.....	Park M. Trammell.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Comm'r of Agriculture.....	B. E. McLin.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	William H. Holloway.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	T. M. Shackelford.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Governor.....	Joseph M. Brown.....	2 years...	June 29, 1909	\$3,000
Secretary of State.....	Phillip Cook.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Controller.....	William A. Wright.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Treasurer.....	Robert E. Park.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Attorney-General.....	John C. Hart.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Comm'r Agriculture.....	T. G. Hudson.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Jere M. Pound.....	2 years...	June 29, 1911	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Wm. H. Fish.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

HAWAII (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, HONOLULU.

Governor.....	Walter F. Frear.....	4 years...	Dec. 18, 1911	\$5,000
Secretary of Territory.....	Ernst A. Mott-Smith.....	4 years...	Dec. 18, 1911	3,000
Chief Justice.....	Alfred S. Hartwell.....	.....	.....	.....

All Territorial officials Republicans.

IDAHO—CAPITAL, BOISE.

Governor.....	J. H. Brady.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	L. H. Sweetser.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1
Secretary of State.....	Robert Lansdon.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Auditor.....	S. D. Taylor.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Treasurer.....	C. A. Hastings.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,000
Attorney-General.....	D. C. McDougal.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Miss S. B. Chamberlain.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,500
Inspector of Mines.....	F. C. Moore.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,200
Chief Justice.....	James F. Ailshie.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Five dollars a day for sixty days.

All State officials Republicans.

ILLINOIS—CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Governor.....	Charles S. Dencen.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$6,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	John G. Oglesby.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	James A. Rose.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	3,500
Auditor.....	James S. McCullough.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	3,500
Treasurer.....	Andrew Russel.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3,500
Attorney-General.....	William H. Stead.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	3,500
Ch. Justice.....	Jas. H. Cartwright.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Thomas R. Marshall	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Frank J. Hall.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Frederick A. Sims...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	6,500
Auditor.....	John C. Billheimer...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	7,500
Treasurer.....	Oscar Hadley.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	6,500
Attorney-General.....	James Bingham.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	7,500
Chief Justice.....	John H. Gillette.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans except Governor and lieutenant Governor Democrats.

IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

² Governor.....	B. F. Carroll.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$3,600
Lieutenant-Governor.....	George W. Clarke...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,100
² Secretary of State.....	W. C. Hayward.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,200
² Auditor.....	J. L. Bleakley.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,200
² Treasurer.....	W. W. Morrow.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,200
Attorney-General.....	H. W. Byers.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	4,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. F. Riggs.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,200
Chief Justice.....	Wm. D. Evans.....	.....	.....	.....

² Five hundred dollars a year extra as a member of Executive Council.

All State officials Republicans.

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Governor.....	W. R. Stubbs.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Wm. J. Fitzgerald...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3700
Secretary of State.....	Charles E. Denton...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Auditor.....	James M. Nation...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$2,500
Treasurer.....	Mark Tuiley.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Frederick S. Jackson	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Insurance Commissioner.....	Charles W. Barnes...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	Edward T. Fairchild	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Wm. A. Johnston.....	.....	.....	.....

³ And \$6 a day during session of legislature.

All State officials Republicans.

KENTUCKY—CAPITAL, FRANKFORT.

Governor.....	Augustus E. Wilson...	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	\$6,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	William H. Cox.....	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	.....
Secretary of State.....	Benj. L. Bruner.....	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	3,000
Auditor.....	Frank P. James.....	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	3,600
Treasurer.....	Edwin Farley.....	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	3,600
Attorney-General.....	James Breathitt.....	4 years...	Dec. 1911...	4,000
Chief Justice.....	Ed. C. O'Rear.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Jared Y. Sanders.....	4 years...	April, 1912..	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	P. M. Lambremont.....	4 years...	April, 1912..	1,500
Secretary of State.....	John T. Michael.....	4 years...	April, 1912..	5,000
Auditor.....	Paul Capdevielle.....	4 years...	April, 1912..	2,500
Treasurer.....	O. B. Steele.....	4 years...	April, 1912..	2,000
Attorney-General.....	Walter Guion.....	4 years...	May, 1912...	3,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. B. Aswell.....	4 years...	May, 1912...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	J. A. Breaux.....			

All State officials Democrats.

¹ Also Insurance Commissioner.

MAINE—CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Governor.....	B. M. Fernald.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Arthur J. Brown.....	2 years...	Jan. 1909...	1,500
Treasurer.....	Pascal P. Gilmore.....	2 years...	Jan. 1909...	2,000
Attorney-General. ²	Hannibal E. Hamlin.....	2 years...	Jan. 1909...	1,000
Auditor.....	Charles P. Hatch.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	
Chief Justice.....	L. A. Emery.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	

All State officials Republicans.

² Elected by legislature.

MARYLAND—CAPITAL, ANNAPOLIS.

Governor.....	Austin L. Crothers.....	4 years...	Jan. 1912...	\$4,500
Secretary of State.....	N. Winslow Williams.....	4 years...	Jan. 1912...	
Controller.....	Joshua W. Hering.....	2 years...	Jan. 1912...	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Isaac Lobe Straus.....	4 years...	Jan. 1912...	3,000
Treasurer.....	Murray Vandiver.....	2 years...	Feb. 1910...	
Chief Judge.....	James McSherry.....	2 years...		

All State officials Democrats.

MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Governor.....	Eben S. Draper.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	\$8,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	L. A. Frothingham.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	2,000
Secretary Commonwealth.....	William M. Olin.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	3,500
Attorney-General.....	Dana Maione.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	5,000
Auditor.....	Henry E. Turner.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	2,500
Treasurer.....	Arthur B. Chapin.....	1 year....	Jan. 1910...	5,000
Chief Justice.....	Marcus P. Knowlton.....			

All State officials Republicans.

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Fred M. Warner.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Patrick H. Kelly.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	3
Secretary of State.....	F. C. Martindale.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	800
Auditor.....	O. B. Fuller.....	2 years...	Jan. 1909...	3,000
Treasurer.....	Albert E. Sleeper.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	1,000
Attorney-General.....	John E. Bird.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	800
Land Commissioner.....	William H. Rose.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	800
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Luther L. Wright.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	1,000
Chief Justice.....	Claudius B. Grant.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

* Three dollars a day during session of legislature

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Governor.....	John A. Johnson....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	A. O. Eberhart.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	1
Secretary of State.....	Julius A. Schmahl..	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	3,500
Auditor.....	S. G. Iverson.....	4 years...	Jan. 1913...	3,600
Treasurer.....	C. C. Dinehart.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	3,500
Attorney-General.....	George T. Simpson..	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	4,800
Supt. of Education.....	J. W. Olson.....	2 years...	Jan. 1911...	3,000
Chief Justice.....	Charles M. Start.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republican except Governor, Democrat.

* Ten dollars a day for ninety days.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Governor.....	E. F. Noel.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	\$3,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Luther Mauship.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	1
Secretary of State.....	J. W. Power.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	2,000
Auditor.....	E. J. Smith.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	2,500
Treasurer.....	George R. Edwards..	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	2,500
Attorney-General.....	R. V. Fletcher.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	2,500
Land Commissioner.....	E. H. Nall.....	4 years...	Jan., 1912..	1,800
Chief Justice.....	A. H. Whitfield.....	.....	.....	.....

¹Five hundred dollars for regular session of legislature, and \$3 a day for special session.

All State officials Democrats.

MISSOURI—CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

Governor.....	Herbert S. Hadley..	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	J. F. Ginelich.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	21,000
Secretary of State.....	Cornelius Roach.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Treasurer.....	James Cowgill.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Auditor.....	John Gordon.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Attorney-General.....	Alexander Major....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Howard A. Gass.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Chief Justice.....	James B. Grant.....	.....	.....	.....

²Seven dollars additional a day during session of legislature.

All State officials Democrats except Governor and Lieutenant Governor. Republicans.

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Edwin L. Norris.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	W. R. Allen.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Secretary of State.....	Abraham N. Yoder.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Auditor and Ins. Com.....	H. R. Cunningham.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Treasurer.....	E. E. Esselstyn.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Attorney-General.....	Albert J. Galen.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Chief Justice.....	Theo. Brantley.....			

*Ten dollars a day during session of legislature.

All State officials Republicans except Governor, Democrat.

NEBRASKA—CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Governor.....	A. C. Shallenberger.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$2,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Melvin R. Hopewell.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	600
Secretary of State.....	George C. Junkin.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Auditor.....	Silas R. Barton.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Treasurer.....	Lawson G. Brian.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Wm. T. Thompson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Land Commissioner.....	Edward B. Cowles.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	E. C. Bishop.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	
Chief Justice.....	John B. Barnes.....			

All State officials Republicans except Governor, Democrat.

NEVADA—CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Governor.....	*D. S. Dickerson.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....		4 years...	Jan., 1911..	1,800
Secretary of State.....	W. G. Douglass.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,400
Controller.....	Jacob Eggers.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,400
Treasurer.....	D. M. Ryan.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,400
Attorney-General.....	Richard C. Stoddard.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Surveyor-General.....	C. L. Deady.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,400
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Orvis King.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
State Printer.....	Irvin G. Lewis.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Frank H. Norcross.....			

*Elected Lieutenant Governor and became Governor on May 22, 1908, on the death of John Sparks, Democrat.

All State officials Democrats except Secretary of State, Controller and Superintendent of Public Instruction, Republicans.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Governor.....	Henry R. Quinby.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Edward N. Pearson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	3,000
Treasurer.....	Solon A. Carter.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Edwin G. Eastman.....	3 years...	Oct., 1911..	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Frank N. Parsons.....			

*Appointed.

All State officials Republicans.

NEW JERSEY—CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	J. Franklin Fort....	3 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$10,000
Secretary of State.....	Samuel D. Dickinson	5 years...	Apr. 1, 1912	6,000
Controller.....	Henry J. West.....	3 years...	Feb. 20, 1911	6,000
Treasurer.....	Daniel S. Voorhees..	3 years...	Feb. 11, 1910	6,000
Attorney-General.....	Edmund Wilson.....	5 years...	Apr., 1909..	7,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Charles J. Baxter...	5 years...	Apr. 1, 1912.	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	David O. Watkins...	3 years...	Apr. 1, 1909.	4,000
Chief Justice.....	W. S. Gummere.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

NEW MEXICO (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Governor.....	George C. Curry.....	4 years...	Jan. 14, 1912	\$3,000
Secretary.....	Nathan Jaffa.....	4 years...	Jan. 14, 1912	1,800
Chief Justice.....	William J. Mills.....	.....	.....	.....

All territorial officials Republicans.

NEW YORK—CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Governor.....	Charles E. Hughes..	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Horace White.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
Secretary of State.....	Samuel S. Koenig....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
Controller.....	Charles H. Gaus....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	6,000
Treasurer.....	Thomas B. Dunn.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
Attorney-General.....	Edward R. O'Malley..	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
State Engineer.....	Frank M. Williams..	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
Chief Justice.....	Edgar M. Cullen....	.....	.....	.....

All state officers (elective) Republicans.

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Governor.....	Wm. W. Kitchin....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Wm. C. Newland....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	2,000
Secretary of State.....	J. Bryan Grimes....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	1,500
Auditor.....	B. F. Dixon.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	3,000
Treasurer.....	B. R. Lacy.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	2,000
Attorney-General.....	W. T. Bickett.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	.....
Chief Justice.....	Walter Clark.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Six dollars a day during session of legislature.

All state officials Democrats.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Governor.....	John Burke.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	R. S. Lewis.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Alfred Blaisdell....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Auditor.....	D. K. Brightbill....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Treasurer.....	G. L. Bickford.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Attorney-General.....	Andrew Miller.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	E. C. Cooper.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	W. L. Stockwell....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Com. of Agr. and Labor.....	W. C. Gilbreath....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Chief Justice.....	David E. Morgan....	.....	.....	.....

All state officials Republicans except Governor, Democrat.

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Judson Harmon	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$8,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Francis W. Treadway.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	800
Secretary of State.....	Cornel A. Thompson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	4,000
Auditor.....	E. M. Fullington	4 years...	Jan., 1913..	4,500
Treasurer.....	B. S. Creamer.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	4,500
Attorney-General.....	V. G. Denman.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	4,500
Chief Justice.....	James L. Price.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911..	.....

All state officials Republicans except Governor and Treasurer. Democrats

OKLAHOMA—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Governor.....	C. N. Haskell.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	George W. Bellamy.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	1,000
Secretary of State.....	W. Cross.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	3,500
Auditor.....	M. E. Trapp.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Charles West.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	4,000
Treasurer.....	J. A. Menefee.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	E. D. Cameron.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,500
Examiner and Inspector.....	C. A. Taylor.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	3,000
Commissioner of Labor.....	C. L. Dougherty.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Chief Justice.....	R. L. Williams.....	.....	.....	.....

All state officials Democrats.

OREGON—CAPITAL, SALEM.

Governor.....	Geo. E. Chamberlain.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	² \$1,500
Secretary of State.....	Frank W. Benson.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	³ 1,500
Treasurer.....	George A. Steele.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	3800
Attorney-General.....	A. M. Crawford.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	3,000
State School Superintendent.....	J. H. Ackerman.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Robert S. Bean.....	.....	.....	.....

² And specified sums for various duties, in all about \$4,350 per annum.

³ And fees.

All state officials Republicans except Governor, Democrat.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Governor.....	Edwin S. Stuart.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	\$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Robert S. Murphy.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	5,000
Secretary of Int. Affairs.....	Robert McAfee.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	8,000
Secretary of Commonwealth.....	M. Hampton Todd.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911..	12,000
Attorney-General.....	Henry Houck.....	4 years...	May, 1911..	4,000
Auditor-General.....	Robert K. Young.....	3 years...	May, 1910..	4,000
Treasurer.....	John O. Sheatz.....	2 years...	May, 1910..	8,000
Chief Justice.....	James T. Mitchell.....	.....	.....	.....

⁴ Appointed by Governor.

All state officials Republicans.

RHODE ISLAND—CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Aram J. Pother	1 year....	Jan., 1910..	\$3,000
Attorney-General.....	Arthur W. Dennis ..	1 year....	Jan., 1910..	500
Secretary of State.....	Charles P. Bennett..	1 year....	Jan., 1910..	\$3,500
Treasurer.....	Walter A. Read.....	1 year....	Jan., 1910..	2,500
Attorney-General.....	Wm. B. Greenough..	1 year....	Jan., 1910..	4,500
Chief Justice.....	Vacancy.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

SOUTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Governor.....	Martin F. Ansel.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$3,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	T. G. McLeod.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	400
Secretary of State.....	R. M. McCown.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,950
Comptroller-General.....	A. W. Jones.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,950
Treasurer.....	R. H. Jennings.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,950
Supt. Public Instruction.....	John E. Swearingen.	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,950
Attorney-General.....	J. F. Lyon.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,950
Chief Justice.....	Y. J. Pope.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

SOUTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Governor.....	R. S. Vessey.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$2,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Howard C. Shober...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1
Secretary of State.....	C. S. Polley.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Auditor.....	John Hinring.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Treasurer.....	George G. Johnson...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Attorney-General.....	S. Wesley Clark.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Haus A. Ustrud.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Com. School and Pub. Lands.	O. C. Dokken.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	1,800
Presiding Judge.....	Dick Haney.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

¹Ten dollars a day during session of legislature, sixty days.

TENNESSEE—CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Governor.....	M. R. Patterson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$4,000
Secretary of State.....	John W. Morton.....	4 years...	Feb., 1909...	3,000
Comptroller.....	Frank Dibrell.....	2 years...	March, 1909.	3,500
Treasurer ²	Reau E. Folk.....	2 years...	March, 1909.	3,500
Attorney-General.....	Charles T. Cotes, Jr.	8 years...	Aug., 1910..	3,000
Chief Justice.....	W. D. Beard.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

²Also Insurance Commissioner.

TEXAS—CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Thos. M. Campbell...	2 years...	Jan. 17, 1911.	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	A. B. Davidson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	3
Secretary of State ⁵	W. R. Davie.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	5,500
Comptroller.....	John W. Stephens...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Treasurer.....	Samuel Sparks.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Attorney-General.....	R. V. Davidson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	42,500
Land Commissioner.....	J. T. Robinson.....	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Reuben R. Gaines...	2 years...	Jan., 1911...	.....

All State officials Democrats.

³ Five dollars a day during session of legislature.

⁴ And fees.

⁵ Appointed by Governor.

UTAH—CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Governor.....	William Spry.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Charles S. Tingey...	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Auditor.....	Jesse D. Jewkes...	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,500
Treasurer.....	David Mattson.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,000
Attorney-General.....	Albert R. Barnes...	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	A. C. Nelson.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Daniel N. Straup...	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

VERMONT—CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Governor.....	George H. Prouty...	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	\$1,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	John A. Mead.....	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	6
Secretary of State.....	Guy W. Bailey.....	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	71,700
Auditor.....	H. F. Graham.....	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	71,700
Treasurer.....	Edward L. Deavitt...	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	1,700
Attorney-General.....	John G. Sargent...	2 years...	Oct., 1910...	.....
Chief Justice.....	John W. Rowell...	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Republicans.

⁶ Six dollars a day during session of legislature, and 60 per cent of fees as Insurance Commissioner.

⁷ And fees as Insurance Commissioner.

⁸ And travelling expenses.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Governor.....	Claude A. Swanson...	4 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	\$5,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	J. Taylor Ellyson...	4 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	600
Secretary of Commonwealth.....	D. Q. Eggleston...	2 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	2,000
Treasurer.....	A. W. Harman, Jr...	2 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	1,750
Attorney-General.....	W. A. Anderson...	4 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. D. Eggleston, Jr...	4 years...	Feb. 1, 1910.	2,000
Chief Justice.....	James Keith.....	.....	.....	.....

All State officials Democrats.

WASHINGTON—CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Office.	Name.	Term.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Samuel G. Cosgrove.	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	\$4,000
Lieutenant-Governor.....	M. E. Hay.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	
Secretary of State.....	Sam H. Nichols.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,500
Auditor.....	Charles W. Clausen.	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Treasurer.....	John G. Lewis.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Attorney-General.....	W. P. Bell.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Land Commissioner.....	E. W. Ross.....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,000
Supt. of Schools.....	Henry B. Dewey....	4 years...	Jan., 1913...	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Wallace Mount.....			

All State officials Republicans.

WEST VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Governor.....	Wm. E. Glasscock...	4 years...	March, 1913	\$5,000
Secretary of State ¹	Stuart F. Reed.....	4 years...	March, 1913	14,500
Auditor.....	John S. Darst.....	4 years...	March, 1913	14,500
Treasurer.....	E. Leslie Long.....	4 years...	March, 1913	2,500
Attorney-General.....	William G. Conley...	4 years...	March, 1913	2,500
Superintendent Schools.....	Morris P. Shawkey...	4 years...	March, 1913	3,500
Chief Justice.....	George Poffenbarger			

All State officials Republicans.

¹And rees. ²Appointed.

WYOMING—CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Governor.....	Bryant B. Brooks...	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	\$2,500
Secretary of State and Lieutenant-Governor.....	Wm. R. Schmitgar...	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Auditor.....	Le Roy Grant.....	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Treasurer.....	Edward C. Gillette.	2 years...	Jan., 1909...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Archibald D. Cook...	4 years...	Jan., 1911...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Chas. N. Potter.....			

All State officials Republicans.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1850-1900.

States and Territories.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Total.....	23,191,876	31,443,221	38,558,371	50,155,789	62,622,250	76,215,129
Alabama.....	12 771,623	13 964,301	16 996,992	17 1,262,565	17 1,513,017	18 1,828,697
Alaska.....				46 32,420	51 36,500	51 63,441
Arizona.....			46 9,658	44 40,440	49 59,620	49 122,931
Arkansas.....	23 209,897	26 435,450	26 484,471	25 802,825	24 1,128,179	25 1,311,564
California.....	29 92,597	25 379,904	24 560,247	24 864,604	22 1,208,130	21 1,485,055
Colorado.....		38 34,277	42 39,864	35 194,327	31 412,198	31 539,700
Connecticut.....	21 370,792	24 460,147	25 537,454	28 622,700	29 746,258	29 908,555
Delaware.....	30 91,532	32 112,216	35 125,015	38 146,638	42 168,493	46 184,735
District of Col.	33 51,687	35 75,080	34 131,700	36 177,624	39 230,392	42 273,718
Florida.....	31 87,442	31 140,424	33 187,748	34 260,493	32 391,422	32 528,542
Georgia.....	9 906,185	11 1,057,286	12 1,184,109	13 1,542,180	12 1,837,353	11 2,216,331
Hawaii.....						48 154,001
Idaho.....			45 14,999	47 32,610	46 84,385	47 161,772
Illinois.....	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,891	4 3,077,871	3 3,826,351	3 4,821,550
Indiana.....	7 988,416	6 1,350,428	6 1,680,637	6 1,978,301	8 2,192,404	8 2,516,402
Indian Ter.....		41 9,761	41 68,152	41 76,891	45 120,389	39 391,960
Iowa.....	27 192,214	20 674,913	11 1,194,020	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,806	10 2,231,853
Kansas.....		33 107,206	29 364,309	20 906,006	19 1,427,096	22 1,470,495
Kentucky.....	8 982,405	9 1,155,685	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,858,635	12 2,147,174
Louisiana.....	18 517,762	17 708,002	21 726,915	22 939,946	25 1,118,587	23 1,381,625
Maine.....	16 583,169	22 628,270	23 626,915	27 648,936	30 661,086	30 694,460
Maryland.....	17 583,031	19 687,049	20 786,894	23 934,943	27 1,042,300	26 1,190,650
Massachusetts.....	6 994,514	7 1,231,066	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,085	6 2,238,943	7 2,805,316
Michigan.....	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,059	9 1,636,937	9 2,093,889	9 2,420,982
Minnesota.....	36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 789,773	20 1,301,826	19 1,751,394
Mississippi.....	15 606,526	14 791,305	18 827,922	18 1,131,597	21 1,289,600	20 1,551,270
Missouri.....	13 682,044	8 1,182,012	5 1,721,295	5 2,168,380	5 2,679,184	5 3,106,655
Montana.....			44 20,595	45 39,159	44 132,159	44 243,329
Nebraska.....		36 28,841	33 122,993	30 452,402	27 1,058,010	27 1,068,539
Nevada.....		42 6,857	41 42,491	43 62,266	50 45,761	52 42,385
N. Hampshire.....	22 317,976	27 326,073	31 318,300	31 346,991	35 376,536	34 411,588
New Jersey.....	19 489,553	21 672,035	17 906,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,444,933	16 1,883,689
New Mexico.....	32 61,547	34 93,516	37 91,874	40 119,565	43 153,993	45 195,310
New York.....	1 3,097,391	1 3,880,735	1 4,382,759	1 5,082,871	1 5,997,853	1 7,298,012
N. Carolina.....	10 869,039	12 992,622	14 1,071,331	15 1,399,750	16 1,617,947	15 1,893,810
N. Dakota.....					41 182,719	41 319,146
Ohio.....	3 1,980,329	3 2,339,511	3 2,665,260	3 3,198,062	3 3,672,316	4 4,157,545
Oklahoma.....					47 61,834	38 308,245
Oregon.....	31 13,294	36 52,465	38 90,923	37 174,768	38 313,767	35 413,536
Pennsylvania.....	2 2,311,786	2 2,906,215	2 3,521,951	2 4,282,891	2 5,258,014	2 6,302,115
Rhode Island.....	28 147,545	29 174,620	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 345,506	34 428,556
S. Carolina.....	24 668,507	18 703,708	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149	24 1,310,316
South Dakota.....					37 328,808	37 401,570
Tennessee.....	5 1,002,717	1,109,801	9 1,258,520	12 1,542,359	13 1,767,518	14 2,020,616
Texas.....	25 212,592	23 604,215	19 818,579	11 1,591,749	7 2,253,523	6 3,048,710
Utah.....	33 11,380	37 40,273	30 83,786	39 143,933	40 207,995	43 276,749
Vermont.....	23 314,120	28 315,093	30 330,551	32 332,286	36 332,422	40 343,641
Virginia.....	4 1,421,661	5 1,596,318	10 1,235,163	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,980	17 1,854,184
Washington.....		40 11,594	43 21,955	42 75,116	34 349,390	33 518,163
West Virginia.....			27 412,014	29 618,457	28 762,794	28 958,800
Wisconsin.....	24 395,391	15 775,881	15 1,054,670	16 1,315,497	14 1,686,830	13 2,069,042
Wyoming.....			47 9,118	48 20,789	50 60,705	50 92,521

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the state^s and territories according to population.

Porto Rico practically became a territory May 1, 1900. Population 1900, 953,243.

AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas	53,350	805	53,045
California	153,300	2,330	151,970
Colorado	103,525	280	103,545
Connecticut	4,900	145	4,845
Delaware	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia	70	10	60
Florida	58,680	4,440	54,240
Georgia	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho	81,800	510	84,290
Illinois	56,650	650	56,000
Indiana	36,350	440	35,910
Indian Territory	31,400	400	31,000
Iowa	56,025	550	55,475
Kansas	82,080	380	81,700
Kentucky	40,490	400	40,090
Louisiana	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maine	33,010	3,145	29,865
Maryland	12,210	2,350	9,860
Massachusetts	8,315	275	8,040
Michigan	58,915	1,485	57,430
Minnesota	83,365	4,160	79,205
Mississippi	46,810	470	46,340
Missouri	69,415	680	68,735
Montana	146,080	770	145,310
Nebraska	77,510	670	76,840
Nevada	110,700	960	109,740
New Hampshire	9,305	300	9,005
New Jersey	7,815	360	7,455
New Mexico	122,580	120	122,460
New York	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina	52,250	3,670	43,450
North Dakota	70,795	600	70,195
Ohio	41,060	300	40,760
Oklahoma ¹	39,030	200	38,830
Oregon	96,030	1,470	94,560
Pennsylvania	45,215	230	44,985
Rhode Island	1,250	135	1,085
South Carolina	30,570	430	29,140
South Dakota	77,650	890	76,760
Tennessee	42,070	300	41,770
Texas	265,789	2,490	262,299
Utah	84,970	2,780	82,190
Vermont	9,565	430	9,135
Virginia	42,450	2,325	40,125
Washington	69,180	2,300	66,880
West Virginia	24,780	135	24,645
Wisconsin	56,040	1,590	54,450
Wyoming	97,830	315	97,515
Delaware bay	620	630	.....
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay	100	100	.....

¹ Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Date of Admission	How Formed.
1	Alabama.....	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia: seceded January 11, 1861; re-admitted July 13, 1868.
2	Alaska.....		Russia, treaty 1867.
3	Arizona.....		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase" 1852.
4	Arkansas.....	1836	France, treaty 1803, under name of "Louisiana."
5	California.....	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6	Colorado.....	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7	Connecticut.....	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
8	Delaware.....	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9	Dis. of Columbia.....		Established under 17th clause of 8th section, constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1788-89.
10	Florida.....	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 25, 1868.
11	Georgia.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12	Hawaii.....		Admitted as a territory July 6, 1898, by joint resolution of congress.
13	Idaho.....	1890	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
14	Illinois.....	1818	Virginia.
15	Indiana.....	1816	Virginia.
16	Indian Territory.....		France, treaty 1803.
17	Iowa.....	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
18	Kansas.....	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
19	Kentucky.....	1792	Territory of Virginia.
20	Louisiana.....	1812	France, treaty 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1868.
21	Maine.....	1820	Massachusetts.
22	Maryland.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23	Massachusetts.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
24	Michigan.....	1837	Virginia.
25	Minnesota.....	1858	France, treaty 1803.
26	Mississippi.....	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded, January 9, 1861; readmitted act Feb. 23, 1870.
27	Missouri.....	1821	France, treaty 1803.
28	Montana.....	1889	France, treaty 1803.
29	Nebraska.....	1867	France, treaty 1803.
30	Nevada.....	1864	Mexico, treaty 1848.
31	New Hampshire.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
32	New Jersey.....	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
33	New Mexico.....		Mexico, treaty 1848.
34	New York.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
35	North Carolina.....	1789	One of the thirteen original states, seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1868.
36	North Dakota.....	1889	France, 1803.
37	Ohio.....	1802	Virginia.
38	Oklahoma.....	1907	From portion of Indian Territory.
39	Oregon.....	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
40	Pennsylvania.....	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
41	Rhode Island.....	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
42	South Carolina.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1860; readmitted July 9, 1868.
43	South Dakota.....	1889	France, 1803.
44	Tennessee.....	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1866.
45	Texas.....	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded Feb. 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
46	Utah.....	1896	Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
47	Vermont.....	1791	New York.
48	Virginia.....	1788	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia;" seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of January 20, 1870.
49	Washington.....	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon treaty," June 15, 1846.
50	West Virginia.....	1862	Virginia.
51	Wisconsin.....	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
52	Wyoming.....	1890	France, 1803.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD

The commercial ratio of silver to gold for each year from 1687 to 1907 is shown in the following table:

From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. Adolph Soetbeer's tables; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; from 1879 to 1907 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.

Year	Ratio	Year	Ratio	Year	Ratio	Year	Ratio	Year	Ratio	Year	Ratio
1687..	14.94	1724	15.11	1761	14.54	1798	15.59	1835	15.80	1872	15.63
1688..	14.94	1725	15.11	1762	15.27	1799	15.74	1836	15.72	1873	15.92
1689..	15.02	1726	15.15	1763	14.99	1800	15.68	1837	15.83	1874	16.17
1690..	15.02	1727	15.24	1764	14.70	1801	15.46	1838	15.85	1875	16.59
1691..	14.98	1728	15.11	1765	14.83	1802	15.26	1839	15.62	1876	17.88
1692..	14.92	1729	14.92	1766	14.80	1803	15.41	1840	15.62	1877	17.22
1693..	14.83	1730	14.81	1767	14.85	1804	15.41	1841	15.70	1878	17.94
1694..	14.87	1731	14.94	1768	14.80	1805	15.79	1842	15.87	1879	18.40
1695..	15.02	1732	15.09	1769	14.72	1806	15.52	1843	15.93	1880	18.05
1696..	15.00	1733	15.18	1770	14.62	1807	15.43	1844	15.85	1881	18.16
1697..	15.20	1734	15.39	1771	14.66	1808	16.08	1845	15.92	1882	18.19
1698..	15.07	1735	15.41	1772	14.52	1809	15.96	1846	15.90	1883	18.64
1699..	14.94	1736	15.18	1773	14.62	1810	15.77	1847	15.80	1884	18.57
1700..	14.81	1737	15.02	1774	14.62	1811	15.33	1848	15.85	1885	19.41
1701..	15.07	1738	14.91	1775	14.72	1812	16.11	1849	15.78	1886	20.78
1702..	15.52	1739	14.91	1776	14.55	1813	16.25	1850	15.70	1887	21.13
1703..	15.17	1740	14.94	1777	14.54	1814	15.04	1851	15.46	1888	21.99
1704..	15.22	1741	14.92	1778	14.68	1815	15.26	1852	15.59	1889	22.10
1705..	15.11	1742	14.85	1779	14.80	1816	15.28	1853	15.33	1890	19.76
1706..	15.27	1743	14.85	1780	14.72	1817	15.11	1854	15.33	1891	20.92
1707..	15.44	1744	14.87	1781	14.78	1818	15.35	1855	15.38	1892	28.72
1708..	15.41	1745	14.98	1782	14.42	1819	15.33	1856	15.38	1893	26.49
1709..	15.31	1746	15.13	1783	14.43	1820	15.62	1857	15.27	1894	32.56
1710..	15.22	1747	15.26	1784	14.70	1821	15.95	1858	15.38	1895	31.60
1711..	15.29	1748	15.11	1785	14.92	1822	15.80	1859	15.19	1896	30.66
1712..	15.31	1749	14.80	1786	14.96	1823	15.84	1860	15.29	1897	34.28
1713..	15.24	1750	14.55	1787	14.92	1824	15.82	1861	15.50	1898	35.03
1714..	15.13	1751	14.39	1788	14.65	1825	15.70	1862	15.35	1899	34.36
1715..	15.11	1752	14.54	1789	14.75	1826	15.65	1863	15.37	1900	33.33
1716..	15.09	1753	14.54	1790	15.04	1827	15.74	1864	15.37	1901	34.08
1717..	15.13	1754	14.48	1791	15.05	1828	15.78	1865	15.44	1902	39.15
1718..	15.11	1755	14.68	1792	15.17	1829	15.78	1866	15.43	1903	38.10
1719..	15.09	1756	14.94	1793	15.00	1830	15.82	1867	15.57	1904	35.70
1720..	15.04	1757	14.87	1794	15.37	1831	15.72	1868	15.59	1905	35.88
1721..	15.05	1758	14.85	1795	15.55	1832	15.73	1869	15.60	1906	30.54
1722..	15.17	1759	14.15	1796	15.65	1833	15.93	1870	15.57	1907	31.24
1723..	15.20	1760	14.14	1797	15.41	1834	15.73	1871	15.57		

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED

YEAR ENDING SEP- TEMBER 30--	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1838	\$11,674,833	\$740,263	\$6,072,233	\$2,767,733
1839	1,164,580	2,302,310	4,430,506	5,284,183
1840	3,085,157	1,468,300	5,797,656	6,948,714
1841	1,269,449	843,383	3,719,184	9,190,949
1842	757,294	1,134,002	3,329,722	8,679,537
Year Ending June 30--				
1843 ¹	17,066,437	300,258	5,258,398	1,220,333
1844	1,613,304	1,133,116	4,217,125	4,271,093
1845	313,350	2,210,379	3,251,392	6,395,516
1846	910,413	1,629,348	2,867,319	2,275,920
1847	21,571,931	975,301	2,546,353	931,723
1848	3,408,755	3,370,785	1,951,529	7,470,381
1849	4,008,647	1,015,359	2,532,593	1,589,429
1850	1,776,706	2,513,943	2,352,086	5,009,040
1851	3,569,090	4,767,333	1,334,413	21,705,419
1852	3,658,059	2,636,142	1,816,985	40,037,393
1853	2,427,356	1,894,323	1,774,026	25,392,552
1854	3,212,719	2,491,394	3,726,623	38,739,610
1855	1,092,802	1,151,797	2,567,010	55,095,546
1856	996,305	852,698	3,217,327	14,392,787
1857	6,654,636	5,154,301	5,307,163	63,932,671
1858	11,566,063	7,505,553	7,730,423	45,037,589
1859	2,125,397	3,605,743	5,309,392	60,231,063
1860	2,508,736	1,499,188	6,011,340	65,047,051
1861	² 42,391,930	2,624,103	4,047,681	² 26,166,977
1862	13,007,011	35,439,303	2,508,041	1,447,737
1863	5,530,533	6,169,276	4,053,567	57,937,335
1864	11,176,769	100,661,634	1,933,343	4,734,907
1865	6,493,223	58,331,033	3,311,344	9,262,193
1866	3,196,261	71,197,309	2,503,331	14,316,762
1867	17,024,356	39,026,627	5,045,609	21,341,745
1868	8,727,443	73,296,344	5,450,925	21,337,733
1869	14,132,563	36,003,493	5,675,303	21,134,332
1870	12,056,950	33,635,962	14,362,229	24,519,704
1871	6,833,561	66,636,203	14,336,463	31,755,730
1872	8,717,453	49,543,760	5,026,231	30,333,774
1873	8,632,447	44,856,717	12,793,490	39,751,359
1874	19,503,137	34,042,420	8,951,769	32,537,935
1875	13,696,793	66,930,977	7,303,924	25,451,165
1876	7,992,709	31,177,050	7,943,972	25,329,252
1877	26,346,234	26,590,374	14,523,130	29,571,363
1878	13,330,215	9,204,455	16,491,099	24,535,670
1879	5,624,943	4,537,614	14,671,032	20,409,527
1880	80,733,396	3,639,025	12,275,914	13,503,394
1881	100,031,259	2,565,132	10,544,233	16,341,715
1882	34,377,054	32,537,330	8,095,336	16,329,599
1883	17,734,149	11,600,333	10,755,242	20,219,445
1884	22,331,317	41,031,937	14,594,945	26,051,426
1885	26,691,696	3,477,392	16,550,627	33,753,633
1886	20,743,349	42,952,191	17,359,307	29,511,219
1887	42,910,601	9,701,137	17,260,191	26,296,504
1888	43,934,317	13,376,234	³ 20,514,232	³ 23,119,510
1889	³ 10,372,145	³ 60,023,246	³ 24,632,330	³ 36,716,733
1890	³ 13,097,136	³ 17,350,193	³ 27,524,147	³ 36,049,492
1891	³ 18,516,112	³ 36,461,330	³ 26,273,916	³ 23,533,551
1892	³ 50,162,379	³ 50,305,533	³ 28,764,734	³ 33,300,562
1893	³ 22,069,330	³ 103,966,655	³ 34,293,999	³ 41,947,312
1894	³ 72,939,563	³ 17,162,223	³ 19,965,713	³ 51,007,072
1895	³ 33,334,760	³ 66,502,136	³ 20,211,179	³ 47,342,963
1896	33,507,353	112,412,465	27,314,015	60,576,273
1897	35,021,992	40,412,151	30,533,433	63,225,273
1898	120,402,195	15,533,719	30,929,451	55,751,597
1899	33,973,332	37,549,373	31,120,513	56,655,335
1900	44,573,134	43,266,759	35,265,302	56,712,275
1901	66,051,137	53,135,177	36,336,521	64,235,130
1902	52,021,254	43,563,950	23,232,254	49,732,390
1903	41,932,027	47,000,595	24,163,491	44,250,259
1904	99,055,393	31,459,236	27,763,214	49,497,792
1905	53,643,961	92,591,024	27,434,365	43,343,312
1906	96,221,730	33,573,591	44,442,540	65,569,063
1907	114,510,349	51,399,176	42,946,624	56,734,073
1908	143,337,321	72,432,024	44,658,097	57,421,292
Total	\$2,017,129,406	\$2,325,231,233	\$982,116,197	\$2,193,737,134

¹ Nine months. ² Includes gold and silver coin bullion. ³ Includes gold in ores.

⁴ Includes gold in ores and copper matte. ⁵ Includes silver in ores.

⁶ Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

COIN AND PAPER CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES
FROM 1860 TO 1908, INCLUSIVE.

With amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Coin, including bullion in treasury.	United States notes and bank notes.	Total money.	Coin, bullion, and paper money in treasury, as assets.	Circulation.	Population.	Circulation per capita.
1860	\$235,000,000	\$207,102,477	\$442,102,477	\$5,695,225	\$435,407,252	31,443,321	\$13 65
1862	25,000,000	333,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10 23
1863	25,000,000	649,864,283	674,864,283	79,473,215	595,391,038	33,365,000	17 84
1864	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,589	669,641,478	34,046,000	19 67
1865	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,760	714,702,995	34,748,000	20 57
1866	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,469,000	18 93
1867	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,208,543	661,992,060	36,211,000	18 28
1868	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	18 39
1869	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,289	664,452,891	37,556,000	17 60
1870	25,000,000	697,868,461	722,868,461	47,655,667	675,212,794	38,558,371	17 50
1871	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,005	39,555,000	18 10
1872	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,596,000	18 19
1873	25,000,000	749,445,610	774,445,610	22,563,801	751,881,809	41,677,000	18 04
1874	25,000,000	781,924,781	803,924,781	29,941,750	776,083,031	42,796,000	18 13
1875	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	17 16
1876	52,418,734	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,073,896	727,609,388	45,137,000	16 12
1877	65,837,502	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	15 58
1878	102,047,907	687,743,069	789,790,976	69,658,342	729,132,634	47,598,000	15 72
1879	357,268,178	676,372,713	1,033,640,891	215,009,098	818,631,793	48,866,000	16 25
1880	694,363,884	901,185,443	1,185,550,327	212,169,039	973,381,228	50,155,783	19 41
1881	417,838,682	791,723,691	1,209,562,373	235,554,254	1,114,258,119	51,316,000	21 71
1882	703,974,539	705,423,050	1,409,397,589	235,107,470	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	22 37
1883	703,740,048	702,754,297	1,427,494,345	242,188,619	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	22 91
1884	801,068,939	636,183,839	1,487,249,838	243,323,859	1,243,925,989	54,911,000	23 05
1885	872,175,823	635,257,727	1,537,433,550	244,804,935	1,292,628,615	56,148,000	22 62
1886	903,027,304	658,380,470	1,561,407,774	308,707,249	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	21 82
1887	1,007,513,901	625,898,844	1,633,412,705	315,873,562	1,317,539,143	58,960,000	22 45
1888	1,092,391,030	599,019,337	1,691,410,367	319,270,157	1,372,140,210	59,974,000	22 58
1889	1,100,612,434	558,059,479	1,658,671,913	278,313,704	1,380,358,209	61,289,000	22 52
1890	1,152,471,638	532,651,791	1,685,123,429	255,872,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	22 82
1891	1,112,956,937	534,857,407	1,677,794,014	180,353,337	1,497,440,707	63,947,000	23 42
1892	1,131,142,236	621,076,937	1,752,219,197	150,872,010	1,601,347,187	65,191,000	24 06
1893	1,038,223,337	672,129,229	1,730,352,566	142,107,227	1,588,245,339	66,456,000	24 54
1894	1,038,458,741	703,453,451	1,805,078,961	144,270,253	1,660,808,708	67,740,000	24 52
1895	1,114,393,106	704,453,451	1,810,559,557	217,391,084	1,601,988,473	69,043,000	25 20
1896	1,033,458,741	621,076,937	1,709,075,039	233,540,637	1,606,434,906	70,365,000	24 41
1897	1,213,780,285	692,216,341	1,905,996,626	235,787,100	1,649,209,519	71,704,000	22 87
1898	1,397,785,943	692,216,341	2,090,002,284	235,714,547	1,854,287,736	73,069,000	25 15
1899	1,507,543,738	681,550,167	2,189,093,905	283,022,024	1,904,071,881	74,433,000	25 58
1900	1,637,332,213	632,348,463	2,269,680,676	283,450,675	2,056,150,998	76,295,220	26 94
1901	1,734,851,774	748,203,203	2,483,054,977	307,760,015	2,175,294,962	77,117,000	27 98
1902	1,829,913,551	733,353,107	2,563,266,658	313,876,107	2,249,390,551	79,117,000	28 43
1903	1,905,116,311	779,594,633	2,684,710,947	317,018,818	2,367,692,129	80,487,000	29 42
1904	1,994,610,024	803,894,112	2,803,504,135	284,361,275	2,519,142,860	81,867,000	30 77
1905	2,024,719,051	844,625,532	2,869,344,583	284,673,867	2,584,670,716	83,143,000	31 09
1906	2,144,588,431	913,314,676	3,057,903,107	314,219,957	2,743,683,150	84,545,000	32 45
1907	2,260,619,846	1,008,445,212	3,269,065,058	260,823,473	3,008,241,585	86,666,000	34 71
1908	2,333,453,526	1,017,230,208	3,350,683,734	282,581,713	3,068,102,021	87,971,000	35 22

Note 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about \$25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

Note 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

Note 3.—The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878, under the act of February 28, 1878.

Note 4.—Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins, as well as gold and silver bullion in the treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

Note 5.—For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the government.

Note 6.—This table represents the circulation of the United States as shown by the revised statements of the treasury department for June 30, of each of the years specified.

Note 7.—The details of the foregoing table, showing the amount of each kind of money in circulation each year since 1860, are omitted, but they may be had upon application to the secretary of the treasury, division of loans and currency, where a circular covering information on the subject has been prepared for distribution.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1875-1908.

Revenue by fiscal years.

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES.		Total revenue.	Excess of revenue over ordinary ex- penditures.
					Premiums on loans and sales of gold coin.	Other miscellaneous items.		
1875	\$157,167,722	\$110,007,494		\$1,413,610	\$3,979,280	\$15,431,915	\$283,000,051	\$13,376,638
1876	148,071,985	116,700,732		1,129,467	4,029,281	17,459,776	287,432,039	29,022,242
1877	130,956,493	118,620,408	\$93,799	976,254	405,777	15,031,653	269,000,537	30,340,578
1878	130,170,689	110,581,625		1,090,743	317,102	15,614,728	257,763,879	20,799,552
1879	137,250,943	113,561,611		924,731	1,505,048	20,585,697	273,827,184	6,879,301
1880	183,522,065	124,009,374	31	1,016,507	110	21,978,525	333,526,611	65,883,653
1881	198,559,676	135,264,383	1,517	2,201,863		25,154,851	369,782,293	110,069,405
1882	220,410,730	146,497,595	160,142	4,753,140		31,703,643	403,525,250	145,543,811
1883	214,706,497	144,720,369	103,157	7,955,864		30,769,695	398,287,582	132,879,444
1884	195,067,490	121,586,073	70,721	9,810,705		21,931,832	348,519,870	104,393,626
1885	181,471,929	112,498,726		5,705,933		24,014,055	323,690,706	63,463,771
1886	192,995,023	116,895,936	108,240	5,630,999		20,989,528	336,439,727	93,956,589
1887	217,286,893	118,823,391	32,892	9,254,333		26,005,815	371,403,278	103,471,098
1888	210,091,174	124,296,572	1,766	11,202,017		24,674,443	379,236,065	111,341,274
1889	222,832,712	130,881,514		8,038,632		387,050,059	21,297,151	87,761,081
1890	229,663,585	142,606,706		6,358,273		24,447,420	403,089,983	85,040,272
1891	219,522,205	145,683,249		4,029,535		23,374,457	392,612,447	26,888,542
1892	177,452,964	153,071,072		3,261,876		20,351,872	354,937,784	9,914,454
1893	209,355,017	169,296,130		3,132,000		18,254,895	385,818,629	2,341,674
1894	131,858,531	147,111,232		1,673,657		17,118,618	297,722,019	*69,803,261
1895	153,158,617	143,421,672		1,103,347		16,706,438	313,390,075	*12,805,223
1896	160,021,752	146,762,335		1,005,533		19,183,061	326,976,200	*25,203,246
1897	176,554,126	146,683,774		894,531		23,614,422	247,721,905	*18,032,254
1898	149,319,594	169,943,010		1,243,129		81,845,631	405,321,335	*38,017,247
1899	206,141,225	272,486,648		3,070,157		33,324,840	515,652,666	\$59,318,647
1900	233,164,871	295,327,927		2,831,833		35,911,171	567,240,852	79,527,000
1901	238,685,456	307,189,664		2,967,292		38,051,098	587,685,338	77,717,984
1902	254,444,709	271,889,122		6,261,927		29,891,476	562,473,233	91,287,367
1903	261,471,582	230,810,124		11,924,744		34,083,224	539,396,674	*41,770,572
1904	261,274,565	232,904,119		9,383,342		37,161,723	540,631,749	*23,004,223
1905	235,798,853	234,005,740				48,581,078	544,274,684	*26,187,149
1906	200,677,473	249,033,867				45,193,433	594,914,714	80,945,546
1907	338,239,126	270,309,888		11,533,173		50,213,442	665,306,134	86,945,546
1908	285,689,653	250,714,008		12,715,709		587,180,054	599,895,763	*59,676,361

* Excess of expenditures over receipts.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1875-1908—Continued.

Expenditures by fiscal years.

Year ending June 30.	Public works.	Premium on loans and purchase of bonds, etc.	Other civil and miscellaneous items.	War department.	Navy department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total ordinary expenditures.
1875			\$71,070,703	\$41,120,646	\$21,497,023	\$3,284,657	\$29,456,216	\$103,693,745	\$274,623,393
1876			66,978,374	33,070,889	18,963,110	5,963,558	28,257,396	100,243,271	258,451,797
1877			5,252,067	37,082,733	14,959,935	5,277,007	27,963,752	97,144,512	238,161,009
1878			53,177,704	32,154,148	17,265,391	4,629,289	27,137,019	102,560,875	236,964,127
1879			65,741,555	40,435,661	15,125,27	5,206,109	35,121,482	105,27,949	266,947,833
1880		\$2,795,320	54,713,580	33,116,916	13,576,935	5,945,457	56,777,174	95,757,575	267,642,958
1881		1,061,249	64,416,325	40,463,461	15,683,62	6,514,161	50,059,280	82,503,741	260,712,888
1882			57,219,751	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,376,347	61,345,194	71,077,207	277,931,440
1883			63,673,032	43,911,333	15,283,437	7,362,590	66,012,574	59,160,131	265,403,133
1884			70,920,434	29,429,003	17,292,691	6,475,909	55,422,223	54,573,378	244,126,244
1885			87,494,258	42,670,573	16,021,059	6,532,495	56,102,267	51,283,256	260,223,935
1886			74,166,330	34,324,153	13,907,833	6,099,153	63,404,831	50,559,146	242,483,133
1887			85,264,326	33,561,026	15,141,127	6,194,523	75,029,102	47,741,577	267,932,150
1888		\$3,270,842	72,952,261	33,522,456	10,926,433	6,249,303	80,283,509	44,715,007	267,924,501
1889		17,292,563	80,664,064	44,435,271	21,373,809	6,892,208	87,624,779	41,031,484	299,233,773
1890		29,204,244	81,403,253	44,532,533	22,006,207	6,703,047	106,936,355	36,091,234	313,010,711
1891		10,401,221	110,043,167	43,720,065	26,113,396	8,527,469	124,415,951	37,547,135	365,773,395
1892			99,341,983	46,895,453	29,174,139	11,159,573	134,533,053	23,373,116	345,023,920
1893			103,732,799	49,441,773	30,136,034	13,345,347	159,357,553	27,264,392	383,477,954
1894			102,165,471	54,577,930	31,701,294	10,293,432	141,177,225	27,311,406	267,776,367
1895			93,279,730	51,894,759	28,797,796	9,929,754	141,395,229	30,973,030	356,995,995
1896			87,216,235	50,330,921	27,147,732	12,165,323	139,434,001	35,285,029	352,179,436
1897			90,401,267	43,970,267	34,561,516	13,016,392	141,053,164	37,791,110	365,774,159
1898			96,520,595	91,992,009	58,323,935	10,994,668	147,452,369	37,535,056	443,683,533
1899			119,191,256	229,311,254	63,942,104	12,805,711	139,394,929	39,396,925	605,072,180
1900			105,773,190	124,774,738	55,953,978	10,175,107	140,877,316	40,160,333	487,713,792
1901			122,282,003	144,615,697	60,506,973	10,396,073	139,323,622	32,342,979	509,967,353
1902			113,467,324	112,272,216	67,303,123	10,049,535	133,483,500	29,103,045	471,190,353
1903			124,944,390	113,619,590	82,678,034	12,935,168	133,425,646	28,556,285	506,099,097
1904			133,766,703	115,035,411	102,956,102	10,428,350	142,550,266	24,646,490	532,402,321
1905			146,957,543	122,175,074	117,570,003	14,236,073	141,773,964	24,590,944	567,273,913
1906	\$66,020,330		120,009,627	93,679,461	110,953,67	12,746,511	141,034,030	24,310,326	563,27,534
1907			124,117,119	101,671,831	97,606,595	15,140,292	139,290,910	24,482,524	573,330,512
1908			146,333,930	110,284,364	113,76,347	14,550,733	153,837,995	21,424,900	659,552,259

MISCELLANEOUS.

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789 to 1903 have been: From customs, \$10,623,377,434; internal revenue, \$7,794,728,092; direct tax, \$328,131,941; public lands, \$391,960,333; miscellaneous, \$1,781,736,077; total, excluding loans, \$20,741,630,749.

The total expenditures of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789 to 1903 have been: For civil and miscellaneous, \$4,252,721,906; war, \$6,364,523,657; navy, \$2,327,207,151; Indians, \$469,333,140; pensions, \$3,893,423,740; interest, \$3,191,317,866; total, \$20,325,059,321.

* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

By Countries.

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
Europe.				
Austria-Hungary	\$16,009,629	\$15,425,659	\$15,136,185	\$16,174,738
Azores and Madeira Is- lands	29,450	34,581	179,089	211,921
Belgium	30,142,532	19,895,677	51,493,044	52,968,582
Denmark	1,125,945	1,272,938	23,334,980	21,543,628
France	127,803,407	101,939,541	113,604,692	116,123,463
Germany	161,543,553	142,935,547	256,595,663	276,910,223
Gibraltar	23,202	11,048	378,658	371,365
Greece	3,086,417	3,019,636	1,634,431	1,290,394
Greenland, Iceland, etc.	215,839	50,774	13,945	22,938
Italy	50,455,157	44,844,174	61,746,965	54,217,391
Malta, Gozo, etc.	20,070	4,584	578,545	548,879
Netherlands	32,455,612	20,305,864	104,507,716	102,218,050
Norway	3,795,337	3,638,909	5,682,503	6,341,026
Portugal	6,479,500	4,967,922	2,737,422	3,086,072
Roumania	6,545	11,135	685,231	447,759
Russia in Europe	16,539,437	11,113,421	19,778,156	16,342,377
Servia	50,297	52,353	175	3,896
Spain	13,426,665	14,152,712	21,330,334	21,906,379
Sweden	4,171,264	4,633,672	9,413,647	9,571,810
Switzerland	26,830,474	24,693,036	612,579	616,840
Turkey in Europe	6,939,761	4,554,509	1,125,039	1,418,024
United Kingdom	246,112,047	190,355,475	607,783,255	580,663,522
Total Europe	\$747,291,253	\$603,014,147	\$1,298,452,380	\$1,283,600,155

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE—Continued.

By Countries—Continued.

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
North America				
Bermuda	\$571,993	\$455,545	\$908,637	\$977,063
British Honduras	754,581	737,339	1,280,540	1,209,145
Canada	73,334,615	75,131,663	183,206,067	167,035,947
Newfoundland and Labrador..	1,478,259	1,169,060	2,920,349	3,537,748
Total	\$76,139,448	\$77,493,661	\$188,315,593	\$172,879,906
Central American States:				
Costa Rica	\$4,965,034	\$4,405,165	\$2,470,986	\$2,696,744
Guatemala	3,377,528	2,330,167	2,848,364	1,730,700
Honduras	2,236,533	2,233,010	1,833,056	1,768,995
Nicaragua	1,038,166	1,160,832	1,923,111	1,574,879
Panama	1,752,314	1,469,344	16,150,938	13,232,666
Salvador	1,171,187	931,715	1,603,166	1,357,297
Total Cent. Amer. states.	\$15,085,795	\$12,675,293	\$26,830,136	\$27,361,281
Mexico	\$57,233,527	\$40,945,600	\$66,248,098	\$55,509,604
Miquelon, Langley, etc.....	515	137	49,737	45,687
West Indies:				
British	\$12,191,852	\$12,129,350	\$10,755,139	\$12,475,324
Cuba	97,441,690	83,231,692	49,305,274	47,161,396
Danish	440,855	592,232	777,577	727,193
Dutch	356,071	361,966	711,141	706,210
French	41,019	60,111	1,422,025	1,455,701
Haiti	1,274,678	639,045	2,916,104	3,649,172
Santo Domingo	3,370,809	4,533,661	2,509,817	2,703,276
Total West Indies	\$115,117,064	\$101,701,117	\$68,397,077	\$63,873,132
Total North America	\$263,576,349	\$238,315,393	\$319,340,641	\$314,674,630
South America.				
Argentina	\$16,715,325	\$11,024,098	\$32,163,336	\$31,853,155
Bolivia		284	941,287	1,226,238
Brazil	97,881,153	74,577,864	18,697,547	19,490,122
Chili	13,287,029	14,777,811	10,195,657	9,194,650
Colombia	6,803,689	6,380,755	3,034,718	3,452,375
Ecuador	3,059,573	2,401,188	1,726,239	1,909,176
Falkland Islands		16,916		606
Guiana:				
British	1,213,813	230,823	1,847,147	1,983,385
Dutch	630,911	789,369	519,504	645,417
French	33,922	33,136	294,976	334,174
Paraguay	3,819	14,645	173,569	109,598
Peru	4,958,202	6,079,616	6,075,739	6,959,579
Uruguay	3,160,871	1,264,796	3,412,785	3,338,631
Venezuela	7,852,214	6,725,184	3,024,629	2,555,333
Total South America	\$100,165,537	\$124,993,590	\$32,157,174	\$33,533,919

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE—Continued.

By Countries—Continued.

Countries.	Imports.		Exports.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
Asia.				
Aden	\$2,536,207	\$1,615,261	\$2,110,516	\$1,097,277
Chinese Empire	33,436,542	26,020,922	25,704,532	22,343,671
China:				
British	14,358	28,160	10,736	7,641
French	5,633	14,400	301,231	.....
German	177,921	536,329	57,091	473,771
Japanese	2,114	.....	1,542,341	8,148,396
East Indies.				
British India	\$59,007,069	\$44,465,398	\$7,310,143	\$0,238,202
Straits Settlements	20,899,618	13,185,276	1,506,075	2,439,301
Other British	3,913,056	3,838,613	203,503	209,417
Total British East Indies	\$83,819,743	\$61,489,287	\$9,019,726	\$11,886,938
Dutch	\$11,401,065	\$14,095,304	\$3,041,028	\$2,187,952
French .....	.....	.....	338,874	602,169
Portuguese .....	.....	.....	217	.....
Hong Kong	2,740,642	2,129,256	8,332,208	8,975,161
Japan	68,910,594	68,107,545	38,770,027	41,432,327
Corea	1,120	3,045	1,459,023	1,563,113
Persia (a)	470,334	529,492	5,042	3,885
Russia, Asiatic	1,144,745	341,627	2,004,199	2,072,915
Siam	65,531	51,838	376,733	392,963
Turkey in Asia	7,626,427	6,205,061	623,716	555,376
All other Asia	32,401	.....	1,719	211
Total Asia	\$212,475,427	\$181,167,616	\$92,703,664	\$101,731,343
Oceania.				
British Oceania—Australia and Tasmania	\$13,434,331	\$11,186,668	\$25,768,627	\$28,230,061
New Zealand (b)	4,201,206	3,040,168	6,297,293	6,502,762
All other	104,095	66,208	46,283	141,730
Total British	\$17,739,632	\$14,293,044	\$32,112,145	\$34,921,733
French Oceania	\$524,867	\$543,193	\$342,276	\$345,774
German Oceania	456	51,406	70,393	51,212
Philippine Islands	11,510,438	10,164,223	8,631,421	11,461,732
Total Oceania	\$29,785,393	\$25,054,866	\$41,136,193	\$46,789,201
Africa.				
Abyssinia .....	.....	\$4,016	.....	.....
British West Africa	\$161,835	91,271	\$2,061,078	\$2,035,046
British South Africa	1,573,940	1,760,350	7,681,759	7,847,015
British East Africa	916,552	655,534	745,050	354,637
Total British Africa.....	\$2,652,377	\$2,507,155	\$10,496,322	\$10,236,728



HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, MENDOTA.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE—Continued.

By Countries—Continued.

Countries.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1907.	1908.	1907.	1908.
Africa—Continued.				
Canary Islands	\$163,070	\$83,521	\$418,018	\$685,591
French Africa	836,037	498,045	1,301,319	1,545,145
German Africa	570	.....	129,782	120,004
Italian Africa .....	.....	.....	.....	17,435
Kongo Free State .....	.....	.....	.....	242
Liberia	106	1,035	64,994	58,432
Madagascar	13,530	1,907	.....	15,919
Morocco (c)	686,513	262,396	12,142	8,478
Portuguese Africa	93,591	67,935	2,855,502	5,433,949
Spanish Africa .....	.....	.....	6,434	9,139
Turkey in Egypt	10,615,706	12,863,051	1,225,077	2,125,383
Turkey in Tripoli	65,966	1,614	1,495	3,010
Total Africa	\$21,127,466	\$16,290,075	\$16,511,026	\$20,340,565
Grand total	\$1,434,421,425	\$1,194,341,792	\$1,830,851,078	\$1,860,773,346
Recapitulation:				
Europe	\$747,291,258	\$608,014,147	\$1,298,452,380	\$1,283,600,155
North America	263,576,349	233,815,898	349,840,641	324,674,660
South America	100,165,537	124,993,590	82,157,174	83,583,919
Asia	212,475,427	181,167,616	92,703,664	101,784,816
Oceania	29,785,303	25,054,866	41,186,193	46,789,201
Africa	21,127,466	16,290,075	16,511,026	20,340,565

(a) Included in "All other Asia" prior to July 1, 1906. (b) Included with "Australia and Tasmania" prior to July 1, 1906. (c) Included in "All other Africa" prior to July 1, 1906.

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Population.	Square Miles.	Capitals.
China.....	432,000,000	4,277,170	Pekin.
British Empire*	392,846,835	11,433,283	London.
Russian Empire.....	146,786,600	8,660,395	St. Petersburg.
United States†	87,971,000	3,602,990	Washington.
United States and Islands‡	96,250,000	3,756,884	Washington.
Philippines.....	7,635,426	122,000	Manila.
Porto Rico.....	953,243	3,606	San Juan.
Hawaii.....	154,001	6,449	Honolulu.
Tutuila, Samoa.....	5,800	54	
Guam.....	8,661	200	
France and Colonies.....	92,531,325	4,296,130	Paris.
France.....	38,961,945	207,054	Paris.
Colonies.....	53,412,340	4,089,076	
Algeria.....	4,739,556	184,474	Algiers.
Senegal, etc.....	4,523,000	806,000	St. Louis.
Tunis.....	1,900,000	51,000	Tunis.
Cayenne.....	32,908	30,500	Cayenne.
Cambodia.....	1,500,000	37,400	Saigon.
Cochin-China.....	2,968,529	22,000	
Tonquin.....	7,000,000	46,400	Hanoi.
New Caledonia.....	51,514	7,650	Noumea.
Tahiti.....	10,300	600	
Sahara.....	2,550,000	1,544,000	
Madagascar.....	2,505,000	227,000	Antananarivo.
German Empire, in Europe.....	60,641,278	208,830	Berlin.
Prussia.....	37,293,324	134,603	Berlin.
Bavaria.....	6,524,372	29,282	Munich.
Saxony.....	4,508,601	5,787	Dresden.
Wurttemberg.....	2,302,179	7,528	Stuttgart.
Baden.....	2,010,728	5,821	Karlsruhe.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	1,814,564	5,600	Strasbourg.
Hesse.....	1,209,175	2,935	Darmstadt.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	625,045	5,135	Schwerin.
Hamburg.....	874,878	158	
Brunswick.....	485,958	1,424	Brunswick.
Oldenburg.....	438,856	2,479	Oldenburg.
Saxe-Weimar.....	388,095	1,388	Weimar.
Anhalt.....	328,029	906	Dessau.
Saxe-Meiningen.....	268,916	953	Meiningen.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	242,432	755	Gotha.
Bremen.....	263,440	99	
Saxe-Altenburg.....	206,508	511	Altenburg.
Lippe.....	145,577	469	Detmold.
Reuss (younger line).....	144,584	519	Gera.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	103,451	1,131	Neu Strelitz.
Schwartzburg-Rudolstadt.....	96,835	333	Rudolstadt.
Schwartzburg-Sonderhaun.....	85,152	333	Sondershausen.
Lubeck.....	105,857	115	
Waldeck.....	59,127	433	Arolsen.
Reuss (elder line).....	70,303	122	Greiz.
Schaumburg-Lippe.....	44,992	131	Bückeburg.
German Africa.....	12,210,000	931,469	
Austro-Hungarian Empire.....	46,973,359	261,035	Vienna.
Japan (with Formosa).....	49,732,952	147,655	Tokio.
Netherlands.....	5,591,701	12,648	Amsterdam.
Netherlands and Colonies.....	41,347,182	795,648	Amsterdam.
Borneo.....	1,129,889	212,737	
Celebes.....	1,878,473	71,470	
Java.....	28,746,688	50,554	Batavia.
Moluccas.....	410,190	43,884	Ambogna.
New Guinea.....	200,000	151,730	
Sumatra.....	3,168,312	161,612	
Surinam.....	70,007	46,060	Paramaribo.

* These estimates of the population and area of the British Empire include the recently acquired possessions in Africa. For statistics in detail see tabular page entitled "The British Empire." † Estimated for 1909 by the United States comptroller of the currency. ‡ Estimated for January 1, 1909. The population and area of the Latin American nations are those reported by the Bureau of American Republics for 1907-8.

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.—Continued.

Countries.	Population.	Square Miles.	Capitals.
Turkish Empire.....	41,049,720	1,622,080	Constantinople.
European Turkey.....	6,130,200	65,350	
Asiatic Turkey.....	17,683,500	693,610	
Tripoli.....	1,000,000	398,000	Tripoli.
Bulgaria.....	3,744,300	37,200	Sofia.
Egypt.....	9,821,100	400,000	Cairo.
Italy.....	32,475,253	110,550	Rome.
Italy and Colonies.....	36,825,253	449,050	Rome.
Abyssinia.....	3,500,000	150,000	
Eritrea.....	450,000	88,500	
Somal Coast.....	400,000	100,000	
Spain.....	18,891,574	194,783	Madrid.
Spanish Africa.....	273,709	253,580	
Spanish Islands.....	127,172	1,957	
Brazil.....	17,371,069	3,218,130	Rio Janerio.
Mexico.....	13,607,259	767,005	City of Mexico.
Korea.....	10,519,000	82,000	Seoul.
Congo States.....	30,000,000	900,000	
Persia.....	7,653,000	628,000	Teheran.
Portugal.....	5,423,132	35,490	Lisbon.
Portugal and Colonies.....	14,582,084	838,442	Lisbon.
Portuguese Africa.....	8,248,527	793,980	
Portuguese Asia.....	910,425	8,972	
Sweden.....	5,294,885	172,876	Stockholm.
Norway.....	2,240,032	124,129	Christiania.
Morocco.....	5,000,000	219,000	Fez.
Belgium.....	7,074,910	11,373	Brussels.
Siam.....	7,000,000	220,000	Bangkok.
Roumania.....	5,912,520	50,720	Bucharest.
Argentine Republic.....	5,974,771	1,135,810	Buenos Ayres.
Colombo.....	4,500,000	438,436	Bogota.
Afghanistan.....	4,030,000	215,400	Cabul.
Chile.....	5,000,000	291,544	Santiago.
Peru.....	2,971,844	697,640	Lima.
Switzerland.....	3,315,443	15,976	Berne.
Bolivia.....	2,267,935	709,000	La Paz.
Greece.....	2,433,806	25,014	Athens.
Denmark.....	2,605,268	15,388	Copenhagen.
Denmark and Colonies.....	2,585,660	102,022	Copenhagen.
Iceland.....	78,470	39,756	Rejkjavik.
Greenland.....	11,893	46,740	Godthaab.
West Indies.....	30,527	138	
Venezuela.....	2,323,527	593,943	Caracas.
Servia.....	2,493,770	18,630	Belgrade.
Liberia.....	2,060,000	35,000	Monrovia.
Nepaul.....	4,000,000	54,000	Khatmandu.
Cuba.....	1,722,953	45,883	Havana.
Oman.....	1,500,000	82,000	Muscat.
Guatemala.....	1,842,134	48,200	N. Guatemala.
Ecuador.....	1,500,000	429,000	Quito.
Hayti.....	1,400,000	10,204	Port au Prince.
Salvador.....	1,006,848	7,225	San Salvador.
Uruguay.....	1,111,758	72,210	Montevideo.
Khiva.....	800,000	22,320	Khiva.
Paraguay.....	635,571	196,349	Asuncion.
Honduras.....	500,114	46,250	Tegucigalpa.
Nicaragua.....	428,191	49,200	Managua.
Dominican Republic.....	610,000	18,045	San Domingo.
Costa Rica.....	341,590	18,400	San Jose.
Panama.....	361,000	32,380	Panama.
Montenegro.....	228,000	3,630	Cetinje.

COINAGE OF NATIONS IN 1907.

Countries.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	\$131,907,490	\$13,178,436
Philippine Islands.....	.....	6,730,260
Austria-Hungary.....	4,605,184	3,458,435
Brazil.....	40,962	4,340,900
Australasia.....	52,772,229	.....
Canada.....	.....	1,194,000
Great Britain.....	100,011,442	9,324,740
India.....	.....	84,630,837
China.....	.....	5,316,439
Egypt.....	.....	2,224,550
France.....	75,261,788	1,202,130
Indo-China.....	.....	14,061,745
Tunis.....	266	77,551
Germany.....	15,925,915	20,216,679
Italy.....	.....	2,115,806
Japan.....	8,944,080	9,586,999
Mexico.....	10,632,152	9,651,454
Netherlands.....	.....	1,849,200
Dutch East Indies.....	.....	1,869,300
Peru.....	996,016	415,527
Russia.....	280	5,660,338
Siam.....	.....	1,342,891
Sweden.....	.....	714,428
Switzerland.....	579,000	653,305
Turkey.....	10,036,231	1,323,756
Other countries.....	90,867	21,015,041
Total.....	\$411,803,902	\$222,976,131

WEALTH OF NATIONS.

These are the latest estimates:

United States.....	\$116,000,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland.....	62,200,000,000
France (Turgnam).....	42,800,000,000
Germany.....	42,000,000,000
Russia.....	35,000,000,000
Austria-Hungary.....	20,000,000,000
Italy (Nitti).....	13,000,000,000
Belgium.....	8,800,000,000
Spain.....	5,400,000,000
Netherlands.....	5,000,000,000
Portugal.....	2,500,000,000
Switzerland.....	2,400,000,000

REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, INDEBTEDNESS AND COMMERCE OF THE PRINCIPAL
COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

COUNTRIES.	Year.	NATIONAL DEBT.			Revenue.	Expenditures.	COMMERCE WITH THE UNITED STATES.	
		Total.	Interest per cent.	Interest and other annual charges.			Exports from United States to—	Imports into United States from—
Argentina	1906-7	\$444,440,067		\$30,221,928	\$101,915,035	\$98,379,638	\$27,908,000	\$15,167,000
Australasia:								
Australia, Commonw'th of							22,549,000	17,395,000
Australia, States.....	1905	1,128,632,767	3-5	44,122,954	165,748,231	164,971,284		
New Zealand.....	1906	306,059,246	3-5	10,157,379	37,229,202	34,660,868	7,000,000	3,486,000
Austria-Hungary	1906	1,092,863,255	3-4	48,214,724	72,008,078	72,008,078	41,347,000	10,751,000
Austria.....	1906	818,096,120	3-5½	42,157,238	369,865,472	369,265,569		
Hungary.....	1905	1,102,742,776	3-4½	44,366,029	269,981,691	262,995,860		
Belgium.....	1906	621,640,286	2½-3	24,925,698	107,860,738	109,366,961	57,799,000	20,914,000
Bolivia.....	1906	2,977,924			4,963,773	5,575,441	754,000	27,000
Brazil.....	1906	542,213,359	4-6	34,787,569	118,388,586	113,427,944	18,518,000	90,651,000
Bulgaria.....	1906	73,452,805	5-6	6,187,650	22,764,900	22,764,000	274,000	272,000
Canada.....	1907	253,997,742	2½-4	13,145,047	78,006,599	54,061,325	175,862,000	97,807,000
Central America:								
Costa Rica.....	1906	20,962,242	2½-5	403,281	3,401,391	3,401,391	3,964,000	4,172,000
Guatemala.....	1906	14,148,366	4-8	1,960,022	2,673,290	3,562,935	3,068,000	2,875,000
Honduras.....	1905-6	104,335,589	5-10	162,164	1,420,875	1,436,842	1,584,000	2,512,000
Nicaragua.....	1905	6,330,739	4-6	191,539	1,632,800	1,342,600	1,907,000	1,692,000
Salvador.....	1906	4,602,236	4-5	1,696,440	3,764,571	4,430,027	1,355,000	1,225,000
Chile.....	1905	95,720,654	4½-5	5,113,942	56,549,978	56,549,978	6,887,000	15,624,000
China.....	1907	609,752,200	4-7	36,176,340	25,841,699	25,841,699	36,304,000	20,974,000
Columbia.....	1905-6	19,541,567	3-10	827,993	10,632,389	10,632,389	4,936,000	6,837,000
Cuba.....	1907	47,635,350	5-6	2,581,721	29,609,746	18,397,663	47,602,000	88,175,000
Denmark.....	1906	64,231,713	3-4	2,127,120	22,919,541	23,016,117	26,332,000	5,529,000
Ecuador.....	1906	14,737,291	4-7	1,439,200	5,931,300	6,417,500	2,210,000	2,468,000
Egypt.....	1906	468,314,391	3-4½	22,745,783	67,332,304	64,886,665	3,013,000	7,574,000
France.....	1906	5,655,134,825	3-3½	237,855,497	715,074,344	715,874,069	99,805,000	71,478,000
Algeria.....	1905	6,323,838	3	737,440	18,440,642	18,421,431	648,000	313,000
Tunis.....	1907	46,263,300	3-3½	1,524,677	14,948,227	14,929,509	267,000	21,000
German Empire.....	1905	855,963,454	3-5½	30,358,300	570,563,137	572,600,200	236,082,000	129,054,000
States.....	1905	2,937,357,846	3-4	120,537,100	1,081,271,985	1,014,632,053		
Colonies.....					3,138,700	3,424,300	173,000	10,000

Greece.....	1906	167,052,145	24-5	5,377,795	19,743,277	19,540,468	513,000	1,243,000
Haiti.....	1906	24,810,673	24-6	2,250,303	4,278,800	4,214,415	2,747,000	1,171,000
India, British.....	1905	1,127,923,363	24-14	37,599,616	412,825,009	404,260,000	7,276,000	42,203,000
Italy.....	1905	2,767,911,949	3-5	130,803,281	470,565,700	440,503,700	45,956,000	43,642,000
Japan.....	1906	932,445,798	4-6	72,752,294	246,392,944	246,392,944	34,834,000	62,730,000
Kongo Free State.....					5,084,376	6,610,494	6,000	
Korea.....	1906	2,316,000		100,893	3,283,690	3,375,257	985,000	
Mexico.....	1906	222,058,181	3-5	12,577,739	51,293,008	48,314,646	72,599,000	92,653,000
Netherlands.....	1907	458,069,211	24-3	14,718,505	71,451,788	74,760,449	96,747,000	9,704,000
Norway.....	1906	91,764,945	3-34	3,758,975	26,821,673	26,911,111	2,157,000	1,186,000
Paraguay.....	1906	12,303,592	3	156,932	2,126,746	1,873,304	125,000	
Persia.....	1906	16,737,500	5	900,000	7,056,000	7,056,000	118,000	29,000
Peru.....	1905	15,266,000	1	129,478	12,197,327	12,555,720	3,433,000	2,566,000
Portugal.....	1906	864,701,627	3-44	21,369,000	62,064,000	63,096,000	4,779,000	643,000
Roumania.....	1906	278,247,239	34-74	16,086,604	46,110,834	45,883,673		
Russia.....	1906	4,038,199,722	3-6	172,385,884	1,451,308,000	1,650,448,000	21,030,000	1,826,000
Finland.....	1906	27,073,900	3-34	1,205,734	20,660,819	23,246,364		
Santo Domingo.....	1905	30,236,731	24-4	1,056,734	2,427,802	2,399,811	1,961,000	
Servia.....	1905	83,971,135	4-5	5,564,999	17,216,965	17,208,864	251,000	
Siam.....	1903	4,866,500	44	218,993	16,085,871	15,861,925	277,000	
Spain.....	1906	1,829,265,995	24-5	69,356,706	172,767,678	165,674,506	23,006,000	6,778,000
Sweden.....	1906	102,059,388	3-34	3,684,862	51,826,000	51,826,000	11,109,000	2,644,000
Switzerland.....	1906	19,787,648	34	1,037,642	24,955,530	22,526,223	11,287,000	26,377,000
Turkey.....	1906	458,603,213	34-5	9,492,450	14,212,326	14,212,326	260,000	1,808,000
United Kingdom.....	1906	3,839,620,745	24-24	150,295,210	700,666,869	683,801,430	638,006,000	135,118,000
British Colonies, N. E. S.....	1906	612,510,084	24-6	23,802,418	143,722,000	153,566,228	37,753,000	36,688,000
United States.....	1906	964,435,687	2-5	24,308,576	762,336,905	736,717,582		
Philippine Islands.....	1907	14,500,000		307,588	11,468,067	10,146,779	4,334,000	11,579,000
Uruguay.....	1906	125,585,243	34-5	6,857,312	18,931,770	18,819,027	2,121,000	2,137,000
Venezuela.....	1906	45,160,402	3	2,756,000	10,721,363	10,214,626	2,622,000	4,862,000
Totals.....		\$36,560,973,664		\$1,530,697,378	\$8,845,128,412	\$8,855,821,911	\$1,856,694,000	\$1,110,797,090

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONETARY STATISTICS.

(Compiled from the Report of the Director of the Mint.)

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD JAN. 1, 1907.

COUNTRIES.	Estimated population.	Stock of gold.	STOCK OF SILVER.			Uncovered paper.	PER CAPITA.			
			Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States.....	85,400,000	\$1,593,300,000	\$571,300,000	\$127,400,000	\$698,700,000	\$310,800,000	\$18 66	\$8 18	\$7 15	\$33 99
Austria-Hungary.....	49,400,000	305,400,000	.....	105,300,000	105,300,000	119,300,000	6 20	2 13	2 41	10 74
Belgium.....	7,200,000	31,100,000	15,000,000	9,700,000	24,700,000	125,800,000	4 32	3 43	17 47	25 22
British Empire:										
Australasia.....	4,800,000	125,000,000	.....	10,000,000	10,000,000	.....	26 04	2 08	.....	28 12
Canada.....	5,800,000	62,400,000	.....	6,700,000	6,700,000	72,500,000	10 76	1 15	12 50	24 41
United Kingdom.....	44,100,000	486,700,000	.....	116,800,000	116,800,000	116,800,000	11 03	2 65	2 65	16 33
India.....	295,200,000	337,300,000	603,800,000	.....	603,800,000	38,900,000	1 14	2 05	13	3 32
South Africa.....	7,700,000	61,400,000	.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	.....	7 97	2 60	.....	10 57
Straits Settlement.....	5,400,000	600,000	42,000,000	7,000,000	49,000,000	22,200,000	11	9 07	4 11	13 29
Bulgaria.....	4,000,000	7,200,000	1,000,000	2,200,000	3,200,000	2,900,000	1 80	80	73	3 33
Cuba.....	2,600,000	38,200,000	.....	5,000,000	5,000,000	.....	23 88	3 12	.....	27 00
Denmark.....	2,600,000	22,600,000	.....	6,100,000	6,100,000	10,700,000	8 69	2 35	4 11	15 15
Egypt.....	11,200,000	140,000,000	.....	15,000,000	15,000,000	.....	12 50	1 34	.....	13 84
Finland.....	3,300,000	5,100,000	347,400,000	400,000	400,000	12,700,000	1 82	14	4 54	6 50
France.....	60,600,000	1,030,300,000	.....	63,700,000	411,100,000	269,200,000	23 57	10 46	6 85	40 88
Germany.....	60,600,000	1,030,300,000	.....	219,700,000	219,700,000	267,100,000	17 00	3 62	4 41	25 03
Greece.....	2,400,000	5,600,000	100,000	.....	100,000	42,600,000	2 33	04	17 75	20 12
Hayti.....	1,400,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,500,000	2,500,000	7,600,000	71	1 79	5 43	7 93
Italy.....	33,700,000	215,500,000	28,300,000	3,400,000	31,700,000	150,600,000	6 39	94	4 47	11 80
Japan.....	51,700,000	80,100,000	.....	48,200,000	48,200,000	96,900,000	1 55	93	1 87	4 35
Mexico.....	13,600,000	40,000,000	52,800,000	4,600,000	56,800,000	51,200,000	2 94	4 18	3 76	10 88
Netherlands.....	5,600,000	45,900,000	48,000,000	4,600,000	52,600,000	57,800,000	8 20	9 39	10 32	27 91
Norway.....	2,300,000	8,300,000	.....	3,100,000	3,100,000	7,000,000	3 61	1 35	3 04	8 00
Portugal.....	5,400,000	8,600,000	.....	33,400,000	33,400,000	61,200,000	1 59	6 19	11 33	19 11
Roumania.....	6,600,000	20,700,000	.....	600,000	600,000	27,600,000	3 14	09	4 18	7 41
Russia.....	143,400,000	939,400,000	.....	77,900,000	77,900,000	.....	6 55	54	.....	7 09
Servia.....	2,700,000	2,200,000	.....	3,200,000	3,200,000	1,500,000	81	1 19	55	2 55
Siam.....	6,100,000	.....	44,500,000	.....	44,500,000	1,100,000	7 29	18	.....	7 47
Spain.....	18,800,000	90,900,000	173,700,000	7,700,000	173,700,000	97,100,000	4 84	9 24	5 16	19 24
Sweden.....	5,300,000	22,600,000	.....	7,700,000	7,700,000	31,800,000	4 26	1 45	6 57	12 28

Switzerland.....	3,300,000	29,000,000	.....	11,600,000	11,600,000	24,600,000	8 79	3 51	7 45	19 75
Turkey.....	24,000,000	50,000,000	30,000,000	10,000,000	40,000,000	.....	2 07	1 06	.....	3 73
Central America States.....	4,700,000	2,000,000	.....	7,400,000	7,400,000	62,900,000	.....	1 57	13 38	15 38
China.....	330,100,000	.....	350,000,000	.....	350,000,000	.....	.....	1 06	.....	1 06
Total.....	1,330,100,000	\$5,888,900,000	\$2,139,000,000	\$1,121,200,000	\$3,260,200,000	\$4,132,000,000	\$5 18	\$2 45	\$3 10	\$10 73

NOTE.—The value of the monetary stock of silver-standard countries has been changed to conform to the decline in silver values. The monetary stock of Mexico and other countries where the Mexican dollar circulates is given in Mexican dollars at bullion value.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR, 1906.

COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.		COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Commercial value.		Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Commercial value.
United States.....	4,565,333	\$94,373,800	56,517,900	\$38,256,400	Chile.....	45,886	\$948,500	397,853	\$269,300
Mexico.....	896,615	18,534,700	55,225,268	37,381,400	Colombia.....	105,982	2,190,800	763,335	516,700
Canada.....	581,657	12,023,900	8,508,665	5,800,000	Ecuador.....	14,233	294,200	13,592	9,200
Africa.....	6,553,484	135,472,500	702,464	475,500	Brazil.....	116,243	2,403,000	.....	.....
Australasia.....	3,985,684	82,391,400	14,237,246	9,037,000	Venezuela.....	1,223	25,300	.....	.....
Russia.....	943,056	19,494,700	166,183	112,500	British Guiana.....	77,770	1,607,700	.....	.....
Austria-Hungary.....	123,617	2,255,400	1,692,119	1,142,400	French Guiana.....	89,955	1,859,700	.....	.....
Germany.....	3,890	80,400	5,603,433	3,855,900	Peru.....	40,102	829,000	7,404,238	5,011,900
Italy.....	1,993	41,200	672,449	455,200	Central America.....	92,432	1,910,700	1,670,159	1,130,500
Spain.....	.....	.....	4,064,532	2,751,200	Japan.....	156,016	3,225,100	2,451,357	1,659,300
Greece.....	.....	.....	829,025	561,200	China.....	88,991	1,839,000	.....	.....
Turkey.....	283	6,000	37,874	25,600	Korea.....	108,844	2,250,000	.....	.....
France.....	.....	.....	890,555	602,800	India.....	584,744	12,087,700	.....	.....
Great Britain.....	1,414	29,200	137,216	92,900	British East Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Argentina.....	263	5,500	14,440	9,800	Total (inc. o'rs).....	19,361,864	\$400,245,300	165,640,640	\$112,120,500
Bolivia.....	912	18,800	3,096,998	2,096,300					

Production 1907: Gold, fine ounces, 19,854,875; value, \$410,436,600; silver, fine ounces, 184,948,867, value \$122,090,000.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD.

DECEMBER 31, 1903.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Born.	Ac- ceded.
Abyssinia.....	Menelik II.	Emperor.....	1843	1889
Afghanistan.....	Habibulla Khan.....	Ameer.....	1872	1901
Annam.....	Duy Tan.....	King.....	1899	1907
Argentine Republic.....	José Figueroa Alcorta.....	President.....	.....	1906
Austria-Hungary.....	Francis Joseph.....	Emperor.....	1830	1848
Baluchistan.....	Mir Mahmud.....	Khan.....	.....	1893
Belgium.....	Leopold II.....	King.....	1835	1865
Bokhara.....	Seid Abdul Ahad.....	Ameer.....	1864	1885
Bolivia.....	Ismael Montes.....	President.....	.....	1904
Brazil.....	Alphonso Penna.....	President.....	.....	1906
Bulgaria.....	Ferdinand.....	Czar.....	1861	1887
Chile.....	Pedro-Montt.....	President.....	.....	1906
China.....	Pu-yi (Hsuantung).....	Emperor.....	1906	1908
Colombia.....	General Rafael Pezós.....	President.....	.....	1904
Congo Free State.....	Leopold (King of the Belg's)	Sovereign.....	1835	1885
Costa Rica.....	G. Gonzalez Viquez.....	President.....	.....	1906
Cuba.....	José Miguel Gomez.....	President.....	1853	1909
Denmark.....	Frederick VIII.....	King.....	1843	1906
Dominican Republic.....	Ramon Caeceres.....	President.....	.....	1906
Ecuador.....	Eloy Alfaro.....	President.....	.....	1906
Egypt.....	Abbas Pacha.....	Khedive.....	1874	1892
France.....	Armand Fallieres.....	President.....	1841	1906
Germany.....	William II.....	Emperor.....	1859	1888
Prussia.....	William II.....	King.....	1859	1888
Bavaria.....	Otto.....	King.....	1848	1886
Saxony.....	Frederick Augustus III.....	King.....	1865	1904
Württemberg.....	William II.....	King.....	1848	1891
Baden.....	Frederick II.....	Grand Duke.....	1857	1907
Hesse.....	Ernst Louis V.....	Grand Duke.....	1868	1892
Anhalt.....	Frederick.....	Duke.....	1856	1904
Mecklenburg-Schw'n.....	Frederick Francis IV.....	Grand Duke.....	1882	1897
Mecklenburg-Str'litz.....	Adolphus Frederick.....	Grand Duke.....	1848	1904
Oldenburg.....	Frederick Augustus.....	Grand Duke.....	1852	1900
Saxe-Altenburg.....	Ernest.....	Duke.....	1826	1853
Saxe-Coburg & Got'a.....	Charles Edward.....	Duke.....	1884	1900
Saxe-Meiningen.....	George II.....	Duke.....	1826	1868
Saxe-Weimar.....	William Ernest.....	Grand Duke.....	1876	1901
Waldeck-Pyrmont.....	Frederick.....	Prince.....	1865	1893
Brunswick.....	Johann Albrecht.....	Regent.....	.....	1907
Great Britain & Ire'la.....	Edward VII.....	King.....	1841	1901
Greece.....	George.....	King.....	1845	1863
Guatemala.....	Manuel Estrada Cabrera.....	President.....	1856	1898
Haiti.....	Antoine Simon.....	President.....	.....	1908
Honduras.....	Miguel R. Davila.....	President.....	.....	1907
India, Empire of.....	Edward.....	Emperor.....	1841	1901
Italy.....	Victor Emmanuel III.....	King.....	1869	1900
Japan.....	Mutsuhito.....	Mikado.....	1852	1867
Khiva.....	Seid Mahomed Rahim.....	Kahn.....	1845	1865
Korea.....	Yi-Syck.....	Emperor.....	.....	1907
Liberia.....	Arthur Barclay.....	President.....	1854	1907
Luxembourg.....	William.....	Grand Duke.....	1852	1905
Mexico.....	General Porfirio Diaz.....	President.....	1830	1884
Monaco.....	Albert.....	Prince.....	1848	1889
Montenegro.....	Nicholas.....	Prince.....	1841	1860
Morocco.....	Muley Hafid.....	Sultan.....	1873	1908
Nepal.....	Surendra Bikr'm Sh'ms'r J'g.....	Maharaja.....	1875	1881
Netherlands.....	Wilhelmina.....	Queen.....	1880	1898
Nicaragua.....	General José S. Zelaya.....	President.....	1852	1893
Norway.....	Haakon VII.....	King.....	1872	1905
Oman.....	Seyyid Feysal bin Turkee.....	Sultan.....	.....	1888
Panama.....	José D. de Obaldia.....	President.....	1845	1908
Paraguay.....	E. Gonzalez Navero.....	President.....	.....	1908
Persia.....	Mohammed Ali Mirza.....	Shah.....	1872	1907
Peru.....	A. B. Leguia.....	President.....	.....	1908
Portugal.....	Manuel II.....	King.....	1889	1908
Roumania.....	Charles.....	King.....	1839	1881
Russia.....	Nicholas II.....	Emperor.....	1868	1894
Salvador.....	Fernando Figueroa.....	President.....	.....	1907
Servia.....	Peter (Karageorgevitch).....	King.....	1844	1903
Siam.....	Khoulalonkorn.....	King.....	1853	1868
Spain.....	Alphonso XIII.....	King.....	1886	1886
Sweden.....	Gustaf V.....	King.....	1858	1907
Switzerland.....	T. Zemp.....	President.....	.....	1909
Tunis.....	Mohamed en Nasir.....	Bey.....	.....	1908
Turkey.....	Abdul Hamid II.....	Sultan.....	1842	1876
United States of Am'ca.....	William H. Taft.....	President.....	1857	1909
Uruguay.....	Claudio Williman.....	President.....	.....	1907
Venezuela.....	Juan Vicente Gomez.....	President.....	.....	1908
Zanzibar.....	Seyyid Ali.....	Sultan.....	1856	1902

PART VII.

WISCONSIN—HISTORICAL SKETCH.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

COURTS AND COURT COMMISSIONERS.

BANK EXAMINER'S REPORT.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES OF WISCONSIN.

RAILROAD MILEAGE.

POLITICAL PARTIES AND PLATFORMS.



THE EVOLUTION OF WISCONSIN.

(BY REUBEN GOFF THWAITES, SECRETARY AND SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE
HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN)

I. Spanish Dominion—1512-1634

Because of early discoveries by her navigators and inland explorers, Spain laid a general but undefined claim to the greater part of the wilderness of North America, to which the name Florida was given. It should be understood, however, that within this vast territory there were few if any Spaniards nearer Wisconsin than the Gulf of Mexico and the lower reaches of the Mississippi. The kings of Spain laying claim to nebulous Wisconsin, were: Ferdinand V, 1512-16; Charles I, 1516-56; Philip II, 1556-98; Philip III, 1598-1621; and Philip IV, 1621-65.

II. French Dominion—1634-1760

In 1604 the French arrived in Nova Scotia, and in 1608 founded Quebec as the capital of New France. Penetrating the continent by means of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa rivers and the Great Lakes, they gradually claimed the inland water systems, on the ground of discovery by their adventurous fur-traders and missionaries. They did not, however, reach the Northwest until 1634, up to which year the Spanish claim to the region was practically undisputed.

In 1634, the explorer Jean Nicolet, sent out by Champlain, then governor of New France, entered what is now Wisconsin, and introduced the French fur-trade to our savages. Thereafter, until the downfall of New France in 1760, Wisconsin was an acknowledged part of that colony—save that for a time the part of our state lying south of the mouth of Wisconsin River was claimed by the French colony of Louisiana. The French kings during this period were Louis XIII, 1610-43; Louis XIV, 1643-1715; and Louis XV, 1715-74. All white persons then in Wisconsin, also (nominally) all the savages within our borders, were subjects of these monarchs. The governors chosen for New France were as follows:

- 1608-35—Samuel de Champlain
- 1635-36—Marc Antoine de Brasdefer de Chasteaufort, *ad interim*
- 1636-48—Charles Huault de Montmagny
- 1648-51—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulonge
- 1651-56—Jean de Lauson
- 1656-57—Charles de Lauson de Charny, *ad interim*
- 1657-58—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulonge, *ad interim*
- 1658-61—Pierre de Voyer, vicomte d'Argenson
- 1661-63—Pierre du Bois, baron d'Avaugour
- 1663-65—Augustin de Saffray, chevalier de Mézy

- 1665— Jacques le Neuf de la Poterie, *ad interim*
 1665-72—Daniel de Rémy de Courcelles
 1672-82—Louis de Buade, comte de Frontenac
 1682-85—Le Fèvre de la Barre
 1685-89—Jacques René de Brisay, marquis Denonville
 1689-98—Louis de Buade, comte de Frontenac
 1698-1703—Louis Hector de Callières
 1703-25—Philippe Bonneville de Rigaud, marquis de Vaudreuil
 1725-26—Charles le Moyne, first baron de Longueuil
 1726-47—Charles de la Boische, marquis de Beauharnois
 1747-49—Michel Rolland Barrin, comte de la Galissonnière
 1749-52—Jacques Pierre de Taffanel, marquis de la Jonquière
 1752— Charles le Moyne, second baron de Longueuil, *ad interim*
 1752-55—Ange du Quesne, sieur de Menneville
 1755-60—Pierre Rigaud de Cavagnial, marquis de Vaudreuil

III. British Dominion—1760-1783

Immediately upon the surrender of New France to the British, as the result of the French and Indian War, Wisconsin became English colonial territory, being governed (after 1763) from Mackinac and Quebec. In 1774, King George III, by the "Quebec Act," made it a part of the Province of Quebec, and thus it remained until the close of the Revolutionary War, when by the treaty of 1783 the country "northwest of the River Ohio" and eastward of the Mississippi River was ceded to the United States.

The governors of Canada during the time Wisconsin was under British dominion, were: Sir Jeffrey Amherst (commander-in-chief), 1760-63; Gen. Thomas Gage (commander-in-chief), 1763-64; Gen. James Murray (first governor-general), 1764-66; Lt.-Col. Æmilius Paulus Irving (president of council), 1766; Sir Guy Carleton (lieutenant-governor and commander-in-chief), 1766-78; Hector Theophilus Cramahé was acting lieutenant-governor (1770-74) while Carleton was in England; Gen. Sir Frederick Haldimand (governor-general), 1778-84. While the Northwest nominally became United States territory by the treaty of 1783, Great Britain still held the military posts on the upper lakes till 1796—among them Mackinac, of which Wisconsin was a dependency. Henry Hamilton (lieutenant-governor of Canada) succeeded Haldimand, 1784-85; Gen. Henry Hope (president of council), 1785-86; Sir Guy Carleton now Lord Dorchester (governor-general), 1786-96; and John Graves Simcoe (lieutenant-governor of the Upper Province of Canada), 1792-96.

IV. American Dominion—1783 to date

Wisconsin a part of the Northwest Territory.—Owing to the vague and undefined westward boundaries given to the early English colonies in their respective charters, at a time when little or nothing was known of the geography of North America, Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Virginia claimed territory within the present boundaries of Wisconsin. They ceded their Western claims (Virginia in 1784, Massachusetts in 1785, and Connecticut in 1786) to the federal government, to form a national domain, from which to create new states. The country "northwest of the River Ohio," of which Wisconsin was a part, was by the congressional Ordinance of 1787 erected into the Northwest Territory, whose governor was Gen. Arthur St. Clair (1789-1802).

A part of Indiana Territory.—May 7, 1800, the Northwest Territory was divided into two territories by a north and south line beginning on Ohio River opposite the mouth of Kentucky River, running thence to Fort Recovery (near the present Greenville, Ohio), and thence north to the international boundary; all east of that line became Ohio, and west of it Indiana Territory. Wisconsin became a part of the latter, whose governor was Gen. William Henry Harrison (1800-11). He appointed justices of the peace at Green Bay and Prairie du Chien (1803).

A part of Illinois Territory.—February 3, 1809, Indiana Territory was reduced to the limits of the state of that name, the western and northern remainder being set off as Illinois Territory—the latter including what is now Wisconsin. Its governor was Ninian Edwards (1809-18). Under his administration Wisconsin came actually under United States authority, an American fort being built (1813) at Prairie du Chien.

A part of Michigan Territory.—April 18, 1818, the state of Illinois was created, with its existing boundaries; and all north of that state and west of Lake Michigan to Mississippi River was added to Michigan Territory. This was further aggrandized (June 28, 1834) by annexing for administrative purposes, all the country beyond the Mississippi and north of Missouri as far west as Missouri River. The governors of Michigan Territory were: Lewis Cass, 1813-31; George B. Porter, 1831-34; Stevens T. Mason, 1834-35; and John Scott Horner, 1835-36 (secretary and acting governor).

Wisconsin Territory.—April 20, 1836, Wisconsin Territory was erected, embracing all of what is now Wisconsin, westward to Missouri River, thus including the present Minnesota, Iowa, and much of the two Dakotas.

June 12, 1838, the Territory of Iowa was erected out of that portion of Wisconsin lying west of Mississippi River. When Wisconsin was admitted into the Union (May 29, 1848), the portion lying between St. Croix River and the Mississippi was detached and given to the new Territory of Minnesota—in this manner Wisconsin was restricted to its present boundaries.

For details of these several boundary changes, with illustrative maps, see article in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, xi. pp. 451-501.

The State.—The story of how Wisconsin acquired statehood, is given in a previous article in this edition of the Blue Book.

CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

(EDITED BY REUBEN GOLD THWAITES, SECRETARY AND SUPERINTENDENT OF
STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN. COMPLETELY REVISED
FOR BLUE BOOK FOR 1909)

French Regime

1634.—Jean Nicolet, a professional interpreter and explorer, was dispatched from Quebec by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France (Canada), to visit and report upon the Northwest. Proceeding by way of Ottawa River and Lakes Huron and Michigan, he landed on what is now Wisconsin soil, apparently on the eastern shore of Green Bay. Clad in a gayly-figured silken robe, he advanced into a village of the Winnebago, and discharged pistols which he held in each hand. The Indians welcomed him as the god of lightning and thunder, and in his honor a great feast was held, at which a hundred and twenty beavers were eaten. After negotiating treaties with the tribes of the region, Nicolet made some explorations; just how far is not known, although his reports indicate some knowledge of the existence of the "great river" (Mississippi). Having returned to the Huron, he later made his way to Canada.

1654-56.—Pierre Esprit Radisson and Médard Chouart des Groseilliers, roving fur-traders, came into the West in the autumn of 1654, with tribesmen returning from a visit to the Canadian settlements, and wintered among the Potawatomi around Green Bay. In the spring of 1655 they ascended Fox River, and at the present city of Portage crossed over to the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The published journal of Radisson indicates that possibly they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi; but scholars do not agree as to this. The following year was spent in exploring the shores of Lake Superior and beyond, the return to Quebec occurring in August, 1656.

1659-60.—The same adventurers, with six other fur-traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of great mines of copper, and late in the autumn entered Chequamegon Bay. Somewhere between the Ashland and Washburn of our day, they built a crude waterside fort. Later *caching* their stores, to hide them from the Indians, they visited a Huron village on the headwaters of what apparently was Chippewa River, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, there wintering among the Sioux. In the spring they returned to Chequamegon Bay, built another fortified trading hut, and during the following summer descended to Canada, not again to visit the Northwest.

1660-61.—Father Pierre Ménard, a Jesuit missionary, came to Keweenaw Bay in the autumn of 1660. The following spring, after a winter of great hardship among the Indians, he and a white companion set out to visit Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. They suffered intensely from mosquitoes, hunger, and the insolence and cruelty of their Indian guides, but finally reached Wisconsin River, which they descended for a considerable distance. While portaging Bill Cross Rapids, Ménard lost the obscure trail, and was never

again seen. He probably died from exposure. His kettle, breviary, and cassock were said to have afterwards been seen among the Indians.

1665.—Father Claude Allouez, another Jesuit missionary, was sent by his superior to re-open the mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by the usual route of Ottawa River and the Great Lakes, into Chequamegon Bay, and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southwest shore (possibly the site of Rad'sson's fort of six years previous), which place he named "La Pointe du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he instructed roving bands of Huron, Ottawa, and other Algonquian tribes that had fled into the Northwest from the fury of the New York Iroquois, who bitterly hated all allies of France. In 1669 he was relieved by a younger priest, Father Jacques Marquette.

1666.—Nicolas Perrot, a prominent fur-trade adventurer, visited Wisconsin and dealt with the tribes near Green Bay. The Potawatomi sent a delegation to trade and treat with the governor of New France at Montreal.

1669.—Father Allouez was invited by the Potawatomi to the region of Green Bay (under the French, known as La Baye, La Baie, or La Baye des Puans), where he ministered to the several tribes clustered around its shores, passing from village to village and suffering much from lack of food. He wintered in a small cabin whose location is not now known.

1670-71.—After visiting the Fox village on Wolf River, and that of the Mascoutin on the upper Fox (near the present Berlin), Father Allouez returned to Sault Ste. Marie (May 20, 1670). In the autumn he was again in Wisconsin, accompanied by Father Claude Dablon, when the same villages were revisited, the mission of St. Marc being established for the Foxes, and that of St. Jacques for the Mascoutin. The summer of 1671 was again spent at the Sault.

1671.—Simon François Daumont, sieur St. Lussou, a political official who was piloted by Nicolas Perrot, was sent to the Sault Ste. Marie, and there (June 14), in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits, with Perrot acting as interpreter, took possession of the Northwest in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Jolliet, later renowned as an explorer.

1672.—Father Allouez, reinforced by Father Louis André, enlarged the Wisconsin missions, building at De Pere (abbreviated from Rapides des Pères, the "Fathers' Rapids") a chapel and a mission house to which was given the name of St. Francis Xavier.

1673.—Louis Jolliet and Father Jacques Marquette set out in May from St. Ignace mission, at the Straits of Mackinac, in canoes paddled by *voyageurs*, or boatmen, and on June 7 reached the Mascoutin village on the upper Fox. Portaging into Wisconsin River at Portage, they descended that stream to its mouth, at which they arrived June 17. They now descended the Mississippi as far as the mouth of the Arkansas, passing on their way villages of the Illinois and other Southern tribes. Satisfied that the "great river" made its way to the Gulf of Mexico (Marquette had thought that it would lead to the Pacific), and warned of danger if they advanced, they planted a cross at the limit of their discovery, and on July 17 began the return voyage. Ascending the Mississippi and Illinois rivers they portaged at Chicago, thence paddled along the shores of Lake Michigan, and by the close of September were again at St. Francis Xavier mission, De Pere. On his return to Canada, Jolliet lost his maps and papers by the upsetting of his canoe in Lachine Rapids, near Montreal. Marquette's report to his Jesuit superior is the historic source of this voyage of discovery.

1674-75.—In October, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission among the Illinois Indians. Proceeding along the east coast of Green Bay, they portaged to Lake Michigan, where is now the Sturgeon Bay ship canal, and paddled up that lake to the mouth of Chicago River, where, in much discomfort, they wintered on a sand dune near the shore. In the spring they pushed on to Illinois River at Peoria. But a mortal illness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinac, hoping to live to reach his mission. He died on the journey (May 19) and was buried at the

mouth of the little stream called by his name on the Michigan side of the lake, near Ludington. Later, Indians removed his bones to St. Ignace.

1673-76.—Father Allouez continued his work among the tribes around Green Bay, aided by Fathers André and Antoine Silvy. Crosses were erected in the important villages, and baptisms made; the number of Indian refugees in these villages, fleeing from the raiding Iroquois, increased more rapidly than the converts.

1677.—Father Charles Albanel came as superior of the Green Bay missions, and a fine chapel was built at De Pere. Allouez voyaged by Lake Michigan to the Illinois, finding bitumen just north of Milwaukee.

1679.—Robert Cavalier de la Salle, the great explorer, arrived off Green Bay early in September, in a schooner called the "Griffon," built at Niagara River above the cataract. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, La Salle started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise, and arms, up the west shore of Lake Michigan. The voyage was one of great peril, for the lake was swept by gales. The adventurers were often nearly swamped in making landings. In the bay of Milwaukee (or "Millioke"), their camp was visited by a band of Fox Indians, who stole several articles. La Salle captured a young savage, and held him as a hostage against the threatening visitors, who were six score strong. At an ensuing parley, La Salle induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense; whereupon he moved on up the lake coast, finally reaching the Illinois by way of Chicago portage. The same year, Daniel Graysolon Duluth (for whom the city of Duluth was named), explored the upper Mississippi, taking special note of Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their hosts on a great buffalo hunt below St. Croix River, on the Wisconsin side.

1680.—Father Louis Hennepin, a Recollect friar of La Salle's party, accompanied, under orders of La Salle, two of the latter's subordinates, Michel Accau and Antoine Augel, to explore the upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of Illinois River (March 12), they passed the mouth of the Wisconsin and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, who carried them to the present site of St. Paul, thence to the Mille Lacs. After wandering some months with roving bands of Sioux, Hennepin and his companions were rescued by Duluth, who had voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi by way of the Bois Brulé (now a famous trout stream midway between Bayfield and Superior) and the St. Croix. In the autumn, Duluth and Hennepin canoed to the mouth of Wisconsin River, thence up that stream, portaged across to the Fox, and proceeded to Mackinac.

1683.—At De Pere, in May, Duluth defended St. Francis Xavier mission against an Iroquois attack. Subsequent disorder and confusion occurred in the La Baye region, and the Jesuits' servants were murdered. A Chippewa-Fox war having broke out, Perrot, acting under the orders of La Durantaye, commandant at Mackinac, and Duluth, the master spirit of the Northern traders, secured satisfaction from the Foxes and re-established peace. Duluth, punishing Indian murderers of the French at Sault Ste. Marie, now rendered Lake Superior safe for French traders and explorers.

1684.—Wisconsin tribesmen, led by Perrot, joined La Barre's abortive expedition against the Iroquois.

1685.—Perrot was appointed "commandant of the West." With a small squad of twenty soldiers, he came to La Baye, and there met Indians from the West, who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water"—probably Spaniards in sailing vessels. Desirous of further discoveries, Perrot passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route and wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above the present village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicolas, near the site of Prairie du Chien, and Fort St. Antoine on Lake Pepin.

1686.—Perrot presented a silver ostensorium (or soleil) to the De Pere mission, a relic still preserved in the State Historical Society's museum at Madison.

1687.—Wisconsin tribesmen, under Perrot's leadership, joined Denonville, on

lake Ontario, for an expedition against the New York Iroquois. During their absence the mission house at De Pere, with all the furs stored therein, was burned with a loss of over 40,000 livres.

1639.—Perrot, now commandant among the Sioux, took possession at Fort St. Antoine, in the name of the French king, of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and upper Mississippi valleys.

1639-42.—Perrot discovered and began operations in the lead mines of Iowa and Wisconsin, where he built temporary forts. He also adjusted peace between the Sioux and the Foxes, with their allies.

1633.—Continued wars between the Sioux and the Wisconsin tribesmen, among whom the Foxes were leaders, rendered the Fox-Wisconsin route unsafe for French traders. Count Frontenac, governor of New France, thereupon sent Pierre Charles le Sueur to command at Chequamegon and keep open a route from Lake Superior to the Mississippi. He built a stockaded fort at La Pointe, on Chequamegon Bay, and another on an island in the Mississippi, near Red Wing, Minnesota, which latter became the centre of Western commerce.

1690-97.—There was an intermittent warfare between Wisconsin tribes and the Sioux. Trade with the latter tribe was finally forbidden by edict from Canada.

1698.—Licenses for fur-trading were revoked, all Western posts being now evacuated and abandoned.

1699.—Father Jean François Bu'sson de St. Cosme, a Sulpician missionary en route for the Mississippi, accompanied by Henri de Tonty, commandant in the Illinois, coasted along the west shore of Lake Michigan. Finding the Fox-Wisconsin route closed by Fox Indians, they were obliged to seek the Chicago-Illinois portage. October 4, they camped on the site, as is supposed, of Sheboygan, in a Potawatomi village. Three days later they reached Milwaukee, where was found a large Indian town of mixed origin. The next stop was on the site of Racine; but they found the water too low to portage over to the Pistakee (or Fox River of the Illinois), so after a five days' rest they continued on to Chicago.

1700.—Having secured permission from France, Le Sueur brought with him thirty experienced miners, imported from the mother land, and voyaged up the Mississippi from its mouth to some mines that he claimed to have discovered in the Sioux country. En route he examined lead deposits at or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at "Snake Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

1701.—Peace was made at Montreal between the Iroquois and all Northwestern tribes, Wisconsin Indians being present at the council in large numbers. Detroit was built by Antoine la Mothe Cadillac, and Wisconsin Indians were invited to this new settlement to trade and permanently to dwell in the vicinity.

1702.—Juchereau de St. Denis paid a thousand crowns' worth of goods to Fox Indians to allow his fleet of trading canoes to pass to the Illinois over the Fox-Wisconsin route. Le Sueur's fort in Minnesota was plundered and destroyed by Foxes and their allies.

1710.—A large party of Foxes, with their allies, yielded to French solicitations and removed to the neighborhood of Detroit.

1712-16.—The Foxes, with their friends the Sauk and Mascoutin, were attacked at Detroit by a body of Indians more friendly to the French than they. After defending themselves during a vigorous siege of nineteen days, they were defeated and eight hundred of them killed. The remnant of the tribe at La Baye immediately took up arms and harassed the French traders and allied Indians between the Illinois and Mackinac, rendering unsafe the important Fox-Wisconsin route between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi. For four years the Canadian authorities delayed retribution, satisfying themselves with inciting neighboring Indians against the Foxes. Finally, Louis de la Porte, sieur de Louvigny, was chosen to conduct a campaign against the hostile tribe.

1716.—Leaving Montreal in the spring, Louvigny arrived at Mackinac with a detachment of eight hundred men. He advanced to La Baye and up Fox River to a large Fox village near Little Lake Butte des Morts. There, after

preparations for a siege, peace was granted by the French, the Indians having bought off the invading army and given hostages. These latter were carried in triumph to Montreal, where three, among whom was Pemoussa, died the following winter of smallpox.

1717.—A fort was built at La Baye (probably on the site of the modern Fort Howard), whose first commandant was Etienne Robcber, sieur de la Morandière. Louvigny came to secure from the Foxes the fulfillment of their treaty, being accompanied by one of the hostages who was sent back to his people to explain the decease of their tribesmen, and to secure the keeping of the peace by them. The Foxes evaded the French demands, and bided their time to make fresh attacks, preserving meanwhile the alliance of the French-hating Iroquois. The Illinois country, with southern Wisconsin (to the mouth of Wisconsin River), was placed under the government of Louisiana.

1718.—A post was founded at Chequamegon by Paul le Gardeur, sieur de St. Pierre, with Godefroy de Linctot second in command, and a detachment of soldiers as garrison. Thence an embassy was sent to the Sioux to make an effort, which was unsuccessful, to detach the latter from the Fox alliance. A settlement of French traders was this year reported as existing at La Baye; but white settlement had undoubtedly already existed here for many years. The Foxes were now divided into two parties—one, headed by Ouachala, desired peace with the French, and sent an embassy to Montreal, where the governor treated them with clemency, yielding to them the remaining hostage and the twelve prisoners captured by Louvigny's expedition. War continued between the Mascoutin and Kickapoo tribes, and those of Illinois.

1719.—Three Fox chiefs, with a Kickapoo and a Mascoutin, visited Montreal to excuse themselves for continuing the war against the Illinois, claiming to have acted in self-defense.

1721.—Father Pierre François Xavier de Charlevoix, Jesuit historian, visited Wisconsin, accompanied by Jacques Testard, sieur de Montigny, who superseded the Sieur de la Morandière in command of the post of La Baye. In his journal of the voyage Charlevoix describes the habits and customs of the Potawatomi, Menominee, Sauk, and Winnebago assembled at this place, and a council that was held at the fort in the presence of the missionary, Father Pierre Chardon. Charlevoix speaks also of the Fox-Sioux alliance, and of the danger of travelling even upon Illinois River, saying that the upper Mississippi was totally closed by the hostiles. He himself, unable to proceed by the Fox-Wisconsin route, returned to Mackinac, and went to Illinois via the St. Josephs and Kankakee-Illinois route, barely escaping, through the strength of his escort, from an attack of lurking Fox Indians.

1722-23.—Ouachala and the French party being helpless to interfere, the Foxes continued their war upon the Illinois. They defeated the latter on Illinois River, at the site known as "Le Rocher," and caused the Illinois tribesmen to retreat to the Mississippi, thus abandoning the Illinois route to Louisiana.

1724-26.—Several attempts were made by Marchand de Lignery, commandant at Mackinac, and François d'Amariton, commandant at La Baye, in concert with Jesuit missionaries, to secure peace among the warring tribes. Jealousy between the officers of Louisiana in Illinois, and those of Canada in the Northwest posts, prevented any permanent treaty. In 1726 a truce was secured that permitted the building of a post among the Sioux.

1727.—In order to detach the Sioux from the Fox alliance, also to furnish a basis for westward exploration, Fort Beauharnois was built on Lake Pepin, with René Boucher, sieur de la Perrière, in command.

1728.—War upon the Foxes was determined by the new governor of New France, Marquis de Beauharnois. Lignery, with 450 French and 1,200 savages, left Mackinac early in August, and advanced up Fox River only to find that the Foxes had fled from their villages. These he destroyed, as well as large crops of maize. On his return he demolished the French fort at La Baye and sent messengers to warn the garrison at Fort Beauharnois. October 3, the French evacuated the latter, and were captured and retained as hostages by roving Mascoutin and Kickapoo on their descent of the Mississippi.

1729.—The captive French detached the Mascoutin and Kickapoo from the Fox alliance and made peace between them and the Illinois. Attacked by neighbors and deserted by allies, the Foxes now sued for peace. Reports of a copper mine on Lake Superior were made to the French government.

1730.—Pierre Paul Marin, in charge of Menominee Indians, aided the Winnebago in an attack upon a Fox fort on Little Lake Butte des Morts. The Foxes, discouraged by reverses, attempted to seek asylum with the Iroquois. Somewhere in the prairies of Indiana, not far from the southern end of Lake Michigan, the migrating tribes encountered and were badly defeated by French forces under command of *Sieur de Villiers*, hastily gathered from Forts St. Josephs, Chartres, and Ouatanon. Nearly a thousand of the tribesmen were killed or captured.

1731.—The remnant of the Foxes, hiding in western Wisconsin, were attacked by a band of mission Indians from Canada. Cowed by this series of misfortunes, *Kiala*, the principal Fox chief, gave himself up as a hostage to the commandant at La Baye and was transported to the island of Martinique. The destruction or dispersion of the remainder of the tribe was thereupon decreed by the Canadian authorities.

1732.—The post of La Baye was re-established under command of *Nicolas Antoine Coulon de Villiers*. *René Godefroy, sieur de Linctot*, with a company of fur-traders, rebuilt the post on Lake Pepin.

1733.—A remnant of Foxes, attacked by various bands of French allies, gathered at La Baye and placed themselves under protection of the Sauk. *De Villiers* demanded that they be delivered up to be sent to Canada, to exile and slavery. Thereupon the Sauk defended the Foxes, and when the commandant went to the village of the former to enforce his demands, he and his son were killed by a Sauk youth. A severe battle ensued at the gates, being renewed the next day farther up the river. The result was the amalgamation of the Sauk and Fox tribes, and their refuge beyond the Mississippi in the lands of the Iowa. A concession was granted for working copper mines on Lake Superior.

1734-35.—*Nicolas Joseph de Noyelles* undertook an overland expedition of seven months' duration against the Sauk and Foxes, whom he pursued into Iowa and unsuccessfully attacked upon *Des Moines River*. The hostile tribes were now secretly favored by neighbors, who restored to them such prisoners as the latter had taken from them.

1737.—Trade and travel were still insecure in the West. *St. Pierre* was forced to abandon his fort on Lake Pepin, because of the hostility of the Sioux. Upon the request of French allies in the West, the Sauk and Foxes were granted a truce by the governor of New France.

1738.—*Louis Denis, sieur de la Ronde*, in command at *Chequamegon*, secured a permit to work the Lake Superior copper mines, and expert miners were sent from Germany to examine the lodes. *Marin* built a fort on the Mississippi near *Rock River*, and induced a Fox chief to visit *Montreal*, where the latter secured grace for his tribe.

1739-43.—*Marin* pacified all the Wisconsin Indians, and ended the Fox wars. The Winnebago returned to their old home in Fox River valley; the Sauk and Foxes built villages on the Wisconsin; *Milwaukee* became the resort of vagrant tribesmen and unlicensed traders. Lead mining was begun in southwestern Wisconsin.

1743.—The license system was revoked, and the post at La Baye auctioned to the highest bidder. The conduct of the lessees caused much dissatisfaction both among the Indians and the officers of the post.

1746.—War with the English caused scarcity at the post of La Baye. Two private traders, fitted out at *Mackinac*, gave 1,000 livres apiece for the privilege of the trade at this place.

1747-48.—A new lease was authorized for La Baye post. A revolt of the domiciled Indians of *Detroit* and *Mackinac* against French authority was suppressed by vigorous measures.

1749.—The Indians at La Baye conspired against their commandant, but the plot was detected and foiled. The license system was restored, *Marin* being

sent out as commandant at La Baye, with directions also to establish a Sioux post and make discoveries. His son Joseph Marin commanded at Chequamegon. Pierre Mathurin, sieur Millon, a young French officer left in charge at La Baye, was drowned while hunting on the waters of Green Bay.

1750.—Marin re-established a post among the Sioux. He was a partner with the governor, Marquis de la Jonquière, to exploit the upper country, and made a net profit of 150,000 livres per year in the Wisconsin fur-trade.

1752.—Joseph Marin relieved his father at the Sioux post. The latter was recalled to serve on the Ohio frontier, where he died in 1753.

1753.—Grant of the post of La Baye for two years to François Rigaud, brother of the Marquis de Vaudreuil, last governor of New France. Peace was made by Marin and St. Pierre between the Sioux, Cree, and Chippewa, insuring quiet among Wisconsin tribesmen.

1755.—Grant of La Baye renewed to Rigaud. Wisconsin Indians, under partisan leaders (chiefly Charles Langlade), participated in Braddock's defeat on the Monongahela (July 9).

1756.—Sioux post abandoned by Joseph Marin.

1757.—Hubert Couterot, the last French commandant at that place, was stationed at La Baye. Beaubassin was at the same time in command of Chequamegon. Wisconsin Indians partook in the siege and massacre of Fort William Henry, on Lake George (August 3-9).

1758.—A Menominee insurrection resulted in the death of several Frenchmen and the pillage of a storehouse at La Baye. To expiate the crime, seven tribesmen were sent to Montreal, where three of them were publicly shot.

1759.—A life grant of the post of La Baye was made to Rigaud and his wife. Wisconsin Indians participated in the defense of Quebec, both at the Falls of Montmorency and on the Plains of Abraham.

1760.—Wisconsin Indians went to aid in the defense of Montreal but retired before the capitulation of that place. News of the surrender was promptly forwarded to Mackinac, where the commandant, Louis Liénard de Beaujeu-Villemonde, evacuated the fort, retiring with his garrison to the Mississippi. In passing through Wisconsin, en route to Rock River, where he wintered, he probably took with him the garrison at La Baye, leaving that post unoccupied.

British Regime

1761.—Capt. Henry Balfour, of the Eightieth British infantry, having been dispatched from Detroit to occupy the Western posts, came to La Baye (October 12), and took possession of the old French stockade, renaming it Fort Edward Augustus. He left here Ensign James Gorrell of the Sixtieth (Royal American) regiment, with a sergeant, corporal, and fifteen privates. Sometime that autumn, British traders began to arrive from Albany and followed the tribesmen to their wintering grounds.

1762.—Gorrell made treaties with the Menominee, Winnebago, Ottawa, Sauk, Foxes, and Iowa, and assisted in a treaty between the Chippewa and Menominee. In June, Ensign Thomas Hutchins, afterwards a famous geographer, visited the fort with orders and instructions for Gorrell. Several English traders were scattered throughout the territory, two of whom, Abraham Lansing and his son, were killed by their French engagés.

1763.—The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, were formally ceded by the French to the British. Gorrell made a treaty with the Sioux. Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of most of the Western Indians formerly allied with the French. They attacked the English posts on the upper Great Lakes, eight of which were captured by them. Divided counsels existed among Wisconsin Indians, however, and by skillful diplomacy Gorrell maintained himself at the Green Bay post. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Mackinac, Gorrell received orders from his Mackinac superior to evacuate and abandoned his fort (June 21). A friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party to l'Arbre Croche (on the east shore of Lake Michigan), where were quartered the remnants of the garrison that

had been spared in the Mackinac slaughter. All were finally ransomed and sent down to Montreal, chiefly under the protection of Wisconsin Indians. The fort at La Baye was never again permanently garrisoned by British troops.

1764.—Wisconsin Indians attended a general treaty at Niagara, and received certificates of commendation for their conduct in Pontiac's conspiracy. The Langlade family removed from Mackinac and established themselves in the small French settlement at La Baye.

1765.—Alexander Henry and Jean Baptiste Cadotte founded a fur-trading post on Chequamegon Bay, which region had been abandoned by the French in 1758.

1766.—Jonathan Carver, a former British soldier in the French and Indian War, visited Wisconsin. In his published narrative, he described the settlement at Green Bay (La Baye of the French), the old Indian town on Doty's Island, the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and the trading mart at Prairie du Chien. Thence the traveller ascended the Mississippi, wintered among the Sioux, and passed through the northwestern part of Wisconsin to Lake Superior.

1773-75.—Peter Pond, a Connecticut fur-trader, visited Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in his manuscript journal (only recently published by the Wisconsin Historical Society) gave a detailed description of his experiences and of the Indian and French inhabitants of this region. He found a French ex-soldier named Pinnashon permanently established at the Fox-Wisconsin portage, transporting boats and cargoes. He assisted in summoning Sioux chiefs for an advantageous peace made with the Chippewa at Mackinac.

1774.—Civil government was established over the Northwest and Canada by the "Quebec Act," under which Wisconsin became a part of the British Province of Quebec.

1776-78.—Wisconsin Indians under Charles Langlade and Charles Gautier de Verville assisted the British during the Revolutionary War, and were concerned with the defense of Canada and Burgoyne's expedition.

1778-79.—Langlade and Gautier rallied the Indians to aid the British Lieut-Gov. Henry Hamilton of Detroit. After the latter's capture at Vincennes (February 24, 1779), they opposed the projects of Col. George Rogers Clark's enterprising agent, Godefroy Linctot, Indian trader at Prairie du Chien, who detached many Wisconsin Indians from the British alliance. In the autumn, Capt. Samuel Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the British.

1780.—An expedition of Canadians and Indians from Wisconsin advanced against the Spaniards at St. Louis and the Americans in the Illinois. They were repulsed and driven back (May 26), after having killed and captured several whites and negroes. The Americans sent a retaliatory expedition to Rock River, one division of which penetrated southwestern Wisconsin. The British merchants of Mackinac organized a party to secure their furs stored at Prairie du Chien. Those that could not be carried away by them were burned, to prevent their falling into the hands of Americans.

1781.—The Spanish organized an attack upon St. Josephs, near the southeast corner of Lake Michigan, in which Milwaukee Indians participated. This is the traditional date of the settlement of Prairie du Chien by Basil Giard, Augustin Ange, and Pierre Antaya, although French traders had long dwelt on the site.

1783.—Treaty of Paris, by which British territory east of the Mississippi was ceded to the United States. Joseph Calvé was sent from Mackinac to notify Western Indians of the cessation of hostilities.

1784.—The North West and Mackinac companies were organized to control the fur-trade; the former operating chiefly throughout Lake Superior and to the westward, the latter on the Wisconsin rivers and the upper Mississippi.

1784-86.—Virginia (1784), Massachusetts (1785), and Connecticut (1786), ceded to the federal government such claims to trans-Alleghany lands (including Wisconsin) as they had inherited through their royal charters.

1786.—Julien Dubuque explored the lead regions of the upper Mississippi, and worked lead mines in Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—The country northwest of the Ohio (now the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin) was organized into the Northwest Territory. Local government in Wisconsin was, however, still under the control of British fur-traders, who were protected by the British garrison at Mackinac—this, with other posts on the upper Great Lakes being retained by Great Britain until 1796. Wisconsin was a dependency of Mackinac.

1788.—An Indian council at Prairie du Chien gave permission to Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789-95.—In the Indian war in Ohio and Indiana against American settlers, Wisconsin Indians, chiefly Chippewa and Potawatomi, took occasional part.

1793.—Laurent Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers and engaged in transporting boats and cargoes between these divergent waterways.

1795.—Jacques Vieau, agent of the North West Company of fur-traders, established posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, and Milwaukee. He selected the last-mentioned place as headquarters, thus becoming its first permanent settler. He found there a Potawatomi village, with Sauk, Foxes, and Winnebago intermingled.

American Regime

1796.—The Western posts were surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Congressional Ordinance of 1787 extended over the Northwest. Mackinac was occupied in October by an American garrison commanded by Maj. Henry Burbeck.

1797.—The Spanish incited the Sauk and Foxes to pillage British traders at Prairie du Chien; the latter's goods were saved by friendly Sioux. A Sioux-Chippewa war waged in northern Wisconsin.

1800.—Indiana Territory was organized, embracing the region now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota east of the Mississippi; of this new territory, Gen. William Henry Harrison was governor. Wisconsin became a part of St. Clair County. Antoine le Clair settled at Milwaukee, finding but one or two traders' families there before him. Michel Cadotte, agent for the North West Company, established permanent quarters on Madeline Island in Chequamegon Bay.

1803.—Governor Harrison of Indiana Territory granted commissions as justices of the peace to Charles Reaume at Green Bay and Henry Monroe Fisher at Prairie du Chien.

1804.—General Harrison made a treaty with the Sauk and Foxes at St. Louis, by which their title to lands in the southern portion of Wisconsin, including the lead region, was extinguished.

1805-06.—Lieut. Zebulon M. Pike was dispatched up the Missouri from St. Louis, to inform Indians and traders of the purchase of Louisiana, and of American arrangements for posts and trading. In the ascent, he spent several days at Prairie du Chien, where he found three American settlers. After wintering near the Leech Lake source of the Mississippi, he returned to St. Louis in the spring, holding a conference with the Winnebago and Sioux at Prairie du Chien.

1808.—John Jacob Astor organized the American Fur Company.

1809.—Illinois Territory was created, including what is now Wisconsin, which remained a part of St. Clair County. John Campbell was appointed justice of the peace and Indian agent at Prairie du Chien.

1810.—Astor's party of explorers, under Wilson P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific Ocean.

1811.—Astor bought out the Mackinac Company, and organized the South West Company to conduct the fur-trade in Wisconsin and westward. Wisconsin Indians participated in Tecumseh's War, on the British side. Nicholas Boilvin was made Indian agent at Prairie du Chien.

1812-15.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English. Some Wisconsin Indians participated in the massacre of the garrison of Fort Dear-

born, at Chicago. French traders in Wisconsin had commissions in the English army.

1813.—Lieut. Joseph Perkins was sent from St. Louis to fortify Prairie du Chien, where he built Fort Shelby. Robert Dickson, a British trader, collected Indians to attack this post, and wintered on Garlic Island in Lake Winnebago.

1814.—Maj. William McKay organized an expedition at Mackinac for the capture of the American post at Prairie du Chien. He started June 28, reaching Green Bay six days later, being joined by 30 *habitants* and about 100 Indians, while Dickson with his forces met them at Portage. July 17 they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin, a few miles below Fort Shelby. The American garrison numbered some sixty or seventy effective men, with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block-houses; a gunboat, manned by part of the garrison, with fourteen cannon, lay in the river. The attacking force was about five hundred whites and a hundred and twenty Indians. After the gunboat had escaped down the river, Lieutenant Perkins was forced to surrender. McKay with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. Soon after, Perkins and his men had their arms restored, and were permitted to descend the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Shelby to McKay.

1815.—After the treaty of Ghent with Great Britain, Capt. Alfred Bulger the British commandant, was summoned to turn Fort McKay over to the Americans. May 24 he hauled down his flag and proceeded up the Fox and Wisconsin waterway to Green Bay, and thence to Mackinac.

1816.—A series of treaties with Indians was held at St. Louis, in which the tribesmen renewed allegiance to the United States and in part confirmed the treaty of 1804. Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien was erected by Gen. Thomas A. Smith; Fort Howard at Green Bay was begun by Col. John Miller. Col. John Bowyer was sent to the latter place as Indian agent. By act of Congress the fur-trade was restricted to American citizens, and Astor's American Fur Company began operations in Wisconsin.

1817.—The first school in Wisconsin was opened at Green Bay.

1818.—The state of Illinois was admitted into the Union. What is now Wisconsin was attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac counties were organized, embracing the whole of the present Wisconsin, as well as parts of Minnesota and the upper peninsula of Michigan. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee, and soon thereafter bought out the trading-post of his father-in-law, Jacques Vieau.

1820.—Isaac Lee, United States commissioner, adjusted the land claims of the early French settlers at Prairie du Chien and Green Bay. The American Fur Company had warehouse agencies at Green Bay, La Pointe, and Prairie du Chien. Subsidiary posts were maintained on the Memomonee, Peshtigo, Oeonto, and upper Wolf rivers, at Milwaukee and other lake-shore points, on Lakes du Flambeau, Chetac, Court Oreilles, Rice, Tomahawk and Namekagon, and other places in the Chippewa country. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty on the present site of Kaukauna. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Rolette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. July 9 the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard by Rev. Jedidah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1821.—The first steamer on the upper lakes, "Walk-in-the-Water," navigated Lake Michigan, bringing a delegation of New York Indians arranging for their transfer to Wisconsin.

1822.—The New York Indians (Oneida, Stockbridge, Munsee, and Brotherton) purchased lands east of Lake Winnebago, and began their removal to Wisconsin. Government decided to lease lands in southwestern Wisconsin for mining purposes. Col. James Johnson, having secured a lease of part of the present Galena, began mining on a large scale. Inrush of speculators and prospectors began.

1823.—The counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac were made a separate judicial district by Congress, and James Duane Doty held the first

district court of the territory (October 17) at Prairie du Chien. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi. Lake Superior was surveyed by Lieutenant Bayfield of the British navy.

1824.—First county court of Brown opened July 12 at Green Bay, with Jacques Porlier as chief justice. Judge Doty opened the first United States district court at Green Bay, October 4.

1825.—A treaty was concluded in August by William Clark and Lewis Cass, government commissioners, between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin, establishing tribal boundaries and making peace between the tribes. The Indians were dissatisfied both with the terms and the ratification ceremonies, which latter they considered niggardly. An Episcopal mission was established at Green Bay, by Rev. Norman Nash.

1826.—The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians were sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford was abandoned, and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul.

1827.—The Winnebago murdered several half-breeds, and attacked two keel-boats on the Mississippi, killing two whites and wounding four others, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien, and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. Troops were, however, sent from St. Louis and Fort Snelling. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines. Maj. William Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Wisconsin, under Gen. Henry Atkinson, pursued the fleeing Winnebago. They were overtaken near Portage and gave up the murderers, one of whom (Red Bird) soon died in prison. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebago cede their mining lands to the United States.

1828.—Fort Winnebago was begun at the Portage in September, by Maj. David E. Twiggs.

1829.—In July, the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Potawatomi held a treaty at Green Bay, and ceded their claims to lands between Rock and Wisconsin rivers. Thousands of miners settled in the lead region, where speculation increased. A Methodist mission was established at Green Bay. Iowa County was formed from a portion of Crawford.

1830.—A Protestant mission was founded on Madeline Island by Frederick Ayer. Rev. Cutting Marsh opened a Presbyterian mission to the Stockbridge Indians at Statesburg (South Kaukauna). The Sioux killed seventeen Sauk and Foxes near Prairie du Chien.

1832.—Black Hawk, a Sauk headman, had a village at the mouth of Rock River. He resented the intrusion of the American settlers, who in 1831 forced him to cross the Mississippi, and promise not to return. But having had a bad winter in Iowa he recrossed the river in April, and with his entire band, including women and children, passed up Rock River to Prophetstown, there intending to raise a crop. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and what is now Wisconsin. Settlers fled the country or gathered into log forts. Gen. Henry Atkinson, with eighteen hundred volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded a company—and three hundred regulars marched from Fort Armstrong. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock River. At Stillman's Creek, alarmed at the situation, he halted to surrender, but his messengers of peace were killed on approaching the American lines. With a mere handful of braves, he then attacked and stampeded a detachment of militia. Removing his non-combatants to Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin, Black Hawk descended into Illinois, and with Potawatomi and Winnebago help attacked the frontier settlements. Some two hundred whites and as many Indians lost their lives in the ensuing skirmishes. Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region—Fort Union at Dodgeville, Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson, Fort Hamilton at Wiota, Fort Jackson at Mineral Point, Mound Fort at Blue Mounds, and others. Col. Henry Dodge recruited among the Wisconsin miners and farmers a company of mounted militia. Gen. Henry Atkinson commanded a force of nearly four thousand federal regulars and Illinois militia. Black Hawk's trail in the Koshkonong region was discovered, bearing to

ward Wisconsin River, and he was pursued by the combined white forces. Black Hawk's retreat was by way of Madison. Here (July 21) and at the crossing of Wisconsin River a mile below Prairie du Sac occurred skirmishes. The final battle was at the mouth of the Bad Axe (August 2), where the savages attempted to recross the Mississippi into Sioux territory. A few succeeded in crossing the river, but the rest were either killed or captured. Black Hawk was surrendered by Winnebago and brought to Prairie du Chien, whence he was sent to Jefferson Barracks at St. Louis. Of the thousand Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring, not over a hundred and fifty survived. Black Hawk died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak greatly advertised Wisconsin throughout the country, and stimulated settlement. In the autumn, treaties were negotiated with the Menominee, Sauk, and Winnebago, voiding the title to all lands south and east of Fox and Wisconsin rivers.

1833.—By a treaty at Chicago, the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Potawatomi concurred in the above treaties and ceded the lands south and west of Milwaukee. Morgan L. Martin united with Solomon Juneau in platting a town site at Milwaukee. The first newspaper, the *Green Bay Intelligencer*, was established.

1834.—Land offices were established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. The first public land sale was held at Mineral Point. Trans-Mississippi territory north of Missouri, and east of the Missouri and White Earth rivers, was annexed to Wisconsin for "administrative purposes." The first public road was laid out. American settlers arrived at Milwaukee among whom was George H. Walker. Byron Kilbourn visited the site whereon he settled next year. Milwaukee County was organized from a part of Brown.

1835.—The first steamboat landed at Milwaukee, June 17. A large influx of settlers secured lands in the southern and eastern portions of Wisconsin. The first bank opened at Astor, now a part of Green Bay. Bishop Baraga founded a Catholic mission on Madeline Island.

1836.—The Territory of Wisconsin was organized April 20 by act of Congress. Henry Dodge was appointed governor by President Jackson; and on July 4 Territorial organization was completed with John S. Horner of Virginia as secretary. The new officers were sworn in at Mineral Point, then the largest town in the territory. The supreme court was constituted by the appointment of Charles Dunn, David Irwin, and William C. Frazer as justices. The first Territorial assembly met at Old Belmont (now Leslie), October 25. On November 24 Madison, then merely a town on paper, was, against many competitors, chosen as the capital through the influence of former-governor Doty, owner of the site. George W. Jones was elected by this legislature as the first Territorial delegate to Congress. July 14, the *Milwaukee Advertiser* commenced publication; a land office was also opened at this place, and the first school begun.

1837.—Financial depression checked immigration, and the four banks in the Territory failed. A treaty was made by Governor Dodge with the Menominee by which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin. After refusing to treat with Dodge, the Winnebago chiefs were invited to Washington, where they signed a treaty ceding all their Wisconsin lands, and agreeing to remove from the Territory. The first capital building was begun at Madison, and the town site surveyed and platted. The people of Milwaukee organized two municipal corporations—"Milwaukee-on-the-east-side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on-the-west-side-of-the-river," between which settlements there was bitter rivalry.

1838.—Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty post-offices were established in the Territory, and thirty-five mail-routes. The Milwaukee and Rock River Canal Company was chartered. The second Territorial assembly met at Madison in November, adjourning after a few days until the following year.

1839.—The adjourned session of the second Territorial assembly met at Madison. The Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company (Mitchell's Bank) was chartered. The first school taxes were levied. The first Baptist services were held in the Territory.

1840.—The United States census showed a population of 30,945 whites. The road system was largely extended throughout the Territory.

1841.—James D. Doty was appointed Territorial governor, to succeed Henry Dodge.

1842.—C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, was shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was expelled from the council, but acquitted of the charge of manslaughter.

1843.—A cooperative industrial community, chiefly composed of English under the leadership of Thomas Hunt, settled at North Prairie, Waukesha County.

1844.—The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization promoted at Kenosha by Warren Chase, settled at Ceresco, now Ripon. Doty was removed from the governorship of the Territory, and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed as his successor. The first episcopal diocese of the Catholic church was erected at Milwaukee.

1845.—Tallmadge was removed from the governorship, and Henry Dodge reappointed. A large Swiss colony was planted at New Glarus, Green County. A Mormon colony was organized by James Jesse Strang at Voree, near Burlington, Racine County.

1846.—The people voted in favor of a State government. Congress passed the enabling act, and the first constitutional convention opened at Madison, October 15.

1847.—April 5, the first constitution was rejected by popular vote. A charter was granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. A special census showed a population of 219,456. The second constitutional convention opened at Madison, December 15.

1848.—The second constitution was adopted by popular vote March 13. Wisconsin was admitted into the Union under act of Congress approved May 29. Nelson Dewey was elected first State governor. The first legislature convened June 5, and two days later the State officers were sworn in. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker were elected United States senators, and Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. A free school system was established by law. A land grant for a university was made by Congress, and the State University was incorporated.

A large German immigration settled in Milwaukee and the eastern counties. A partially successful attempt was made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebago to Long Prairie, Minnesota.

1849.—The construction of a railroad from Milwaukee westward was begun. In January the first telegram was received in Milwaukee. The legislature instructed Senator Walker to resign, because of his vote in the interest of the South. Cholera was epidemic throughout the State. "Gold fever" caused a great exodus to California. The State Historical Society was organized by members of the first State legislature, January 30.

1850.—A mob in Milwaukee attacked and wrecked the house of John B. Smith for introducing in the legislature a bill for regulating the liquor traffic. The federal census reported the population of Wisconsin to be 305,391.

1851.—The first railroad train in the State was run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852.—Numerous railroad enterprises were started in the southern part of the State.

1853.—Charges were made for the impeachment of Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district, who after a protracted trial by the senate was acquitted.

1854.—A meeting was held at Ripon, February 28, to organize the Republican party. The name "Republican" was suggested at a subsequent meeting by A. E. Boyay. A convention was held July 13 in the capitol park in Madison, whereat was organized the Republican party in Wisconsin. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave arrested at Racine on March 10, was on the following day rescued at Milwaukee by force, from the United States marshal. Sherman M. Booth was arrested May 26, for aiding in Glover's rescue and committed to jail. A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Associate Justice Abram D. Smith, of the State supreme court, who decided that the federal "Fugitive Slave Law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The full court sustained this decision, holding the fugitive slave law void, and that the State court had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal those who were charged

with violating the law. This decision was afterwards (1859) reversed by the supreme court of the United States. The German immigration to the State was very large. The first class (two members) was graduated from the State University. The State Historical Society was reorganized, and Lyman C. Draper chosen secretary.

1856.—Gov. William A. Barstow, the Democratic nominee for governor, having been certified by the State board of canvassers as re-elected, took possession of the office. Coles Bashford, the Republican candidate, brought an information in the nature of *quo warranto* to oust Barstow and establish his own claim to the election, on the charge of incorrect returns, the result of fraud. The proceedings resulted in favor of Bashford, who took office March 25. September 24, the steamer "Niagara" was burned off Port Washington, when John B. Macy, a pioneer member of Congress from Wisconsin, perished. Congressional land-grants were made for the building of railways within the State.

1857.—Wisconsin's first railway was completed to Prairie du Chien. The monetary panic of this year was severely felt. The legislature passed a law against kidnapping within the State, to neutralize the effect of the federal fugitive slave law.

1858.—An excursion train celebrating the opening of the Chicago & Fond du Lac Railway (now Chicago & Northwestern) was wrecked (November 1) at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson County; fourteen persons were killed and seven wounded. The State University was reorganized. A legislative investigation exposed the bribery of prominent officials by the railways, and the improper use of United States railway land-grants.

1859.—Byron Paine was elected to the State supreme court upon an anti-slavery platform.

1860.—The steamer "Lady Elgin," with six hundred excursionists aboard, sunk in collision off Racine, and two hundred and twenty-five persons, mostly from Milwaukee, were drowned. The Sherman M. Booth case was again in the courts; the prisoner escaped from federal jurisdiction, but was rearrested. October 8, he was pardoned by President Buchanan. The federal census showed a population of 775,881. Congressman John F. Potter was challenged to a duel by a Southern secessionist, and chose bowie-knives as weapons, whereupon his antagonist withdrew the challenge.

1861.—April 15, President Lincoln called for troops to quell the Southern rebellion. Gov. Alexander W. Randall issued a proclamation calling for volunteers. Thirty-six companies tendered their services within one week. Troops were organized during the year as follows: May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field. June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field. June 29, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field. July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field. July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field. July 16, Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field. September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field. September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field. October 26, Ninth regiment mustered; January 22, 1862, left for the field. October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field. October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field. October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11, 1862, left for the field. October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field. November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized; January, 1862, mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field. November, Fifteenth regiment organized; February 14, 1862, mustered; March 9, left for the field. November, Sixteenth regiment organized; January 31, 1862, mustered; March 13, left for the field. June 24, bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's Bank being attacked. July 2, first Wisconsin soldier to meet death, being George C. Drake, Company A, First infantry, killed at Falling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started South to care for Wisconsin soldiers wounded at Shiloh, but nine days later was drowned in the Tennessee River at Pittsburg Landing. In April, about seven hundred Confederate prisoners were received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President called

for 75,000 more troops, of which Wisconsin's quota was about 2,976. In August 300,000 additional troops were called for. The Wisconsin quota was about 12,000. November 10, a draft was resorted to for the troops required, which occasioned riots in the Lake Michigan counties. Wisconsin auxiliaries of the Sanitary and Christian commissions were formed. The Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee September 3, issued the Ryan address, criticizing the federal administration, which document was repudiated by War Democrats. An Indian outbreak in Minnesota caused alarm in the northwestern part of Wisconsin, but prompt measures by the governor overawed the restive tribesmen.

1862.—A soldiers' hospital, named in honor of Mrs. Louis P. Harvey, was opened in Madison. War Democrats held a convention in Janesville at which they passed resolutions of loyalty, and repudiated the "Ryan address." Drafts under the federal conscription laws were opposed in Dodge County, but elsewhere passed off quietly.

1864.—February 1, the President called for 300,000 more volunteers; in March for 200,000; in July for 500,000; and in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota was about 53,483. On these calls, 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Military hospitals were opened in Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien. November 2, ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865.—Several additional regiments were sent to the field to complete the quotas under calls for troops. Recruiting in Wisconsin ceased April 13. The whole number of troops furnished by the State during the war was 91,379, with losses by death of 10,752. Most Wisconsin troops were mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died. June 28, Viroqua, in Vernon County, was wrecked by a cyclone that killed fourteen and injured over a hundred persons.

1866.—James R. Doolittle, United States senator, was requested to resign, because of his support of President Johnson's reconstruction policy. There was a noticeable increase in farm area and acreage under cultivation, with a general extension of agriculture to our northern and western counties, caused in part by disbanded soldiers returning to agricultural life.

1867.—June 19, ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died.

1868.—April 8, the "Sea-Bird" burned on Lake Michigan, all on board being lost save two. Effort was made to remove the State capital to Milwaukee.

1869.—A bill to regulate railway rates was introduced in the legislature, but met defeat.

1870.—There was a contest over railway regulation. Cities, towns, and villages were authorized to issue bonds in aid of new railways. The continued presence of Winnebago Indians caused alarm. Congress was petitioned to remove the remnant of that tribe from the State.

1871.—October 8-10, great fires occurred in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Kewaunee, Brown, and Manitowoc counties; one thousand or more persons perished and three thousand were rendered destitute. Peshtigo was nearly destroyed. Large contributions came from all parts of the United States, Great Britain, Canada, France, and Germany, relieving the sufferers and providing them with comfortable homes, food, implements, and clothing.

1872.—Congress made an appropriation for the removal of the Winnebago. The "Graham Law" was adopted, by which liquor dealers were required to give bond for damages resulting from intoxication. The first State tax was levied for the University of Wisconsin. July 26, ex-Gov. Alexander W. Randall, the first war governor, died.

1873.—July 4, a great hurricane occurred on Green Lake, in the county of that name. Ten persons were drowned; much property was also injured in Fond du Lac and Sheboygan counties. The financial panic of this year caused distress in manufacturing and commerce. The Democrats, on the issue of railway regulation, raised by the "Grangers," elected a State ticket for the first time since the War of Secession. The Wisconsin Winnebago were forcibly removed to their Nebraska reservation—but many of them returned to the State.

1874.—The "Graham Law" was repealed. The "Potter Law," placing a limit on railroad freight and passenger charges, was enacted as a result of the "Granger" movement. April 27, presidents of railroad companies announced through communication to Gov. William R. Taylor, that they regarded the law invalid. The governor thereupon issued a proclamation demanding obedience to the law, and action was brought in the State supreme court to enjoin the companies from violations thereof. After trial, the injunction was granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering a favorable opinion still frequently cited in support of state regulation of public-utility corporations.

1875.—The Republicans elected a State ticket in opposition to the "Potter Law" and "Grangerism." April 28, much of Oshkosh was destroyed by fire. The manufacture of cotton cloth was commenced in Janesville—the first in the State. Women were first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—The "Potter Law" was repealed. The supreme court decided that under our laws women could not be admitted to practice law at the bar that year. March 10, Hazel Green, Grant County, was wrecked by a cyclone.

1877.—A law was passed by the legislature admitting women to the practice of law. July 7, a destructive cyclone visited the shores of Green Bay, six persons being killed and many injured, while the property loss amounted to \$200,000; the town of Pensaukee, in Oconto County, was wrecked.

1878.—The State was overrun with tramps, with disturbances and lawlessness at various points where they congregated. May 23, a cyclone swept through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson, and counties eastward; twelve or fifteen persons were killed, and there was large destruction of property. Furious storms occurred in northern Wisconsin, particularly on the Flambeau River. An Indian scare in Burnett County was caused by religious dances among the Chippewa; hundreds of settlers left their homes, but were induced to return by military officials sent to investigate the disturbances. April 25, ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880.—A federal patent was granted to John Stevens of Neenah for the first roller flour mill, which has revolutionized the milling processes of the world. October 19, Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died.

1881.—A strike of cigarmakers occurred in Milwaukee. In September, there was a strike at Eau Claire of sawmill operatives demanding a reduction of hours from twelve to ten. Rioting and injury of property ensued. The National Guard was called out, eight companies being employed in keeping the peace.

1882.—The State constitution was amended so as to provide for biennial legislative sessions. May 19, a cyclone occurred on the northern and western outskirts of Racine, in which five were killed and eighty-five wounded. Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died.

1883.—January 10, the Newhall House in Milwaukee was burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. November 8, the south wing of the capitol extension at Madison fell, killing seven workmen. February 23, ex-Gov. William E. Smith died. March 25, Timothy O. Howe, postmaster-general, died at Racine.

1884.—There was no session of the legislature, owing to the new biennial adjustment, which provided for sessions in odd-numbered years only. December 1, Science Hall, State University, was destroyed by fire.

1885.—High-grade iron ore was discovered in the Gogebic range; a "boom" for the region began, and new towns sprang up.

1886.—May 1-5, workmen in Milwaukee struck to secure an eight-hour day. Becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the National Guard, several being killed or wounded. In October, the limited express on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway was wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia County; from eleven to fifteen persons were killed or burned.

1887.—There was a "boom" in Gogebic iron stocks, followed by a crash in which small investors lost heavily. June 27, Marshfield was almost destroyed by fire, 1,500 persons being rendered homeless. The property loss was between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000.

1889.—The "Bennett Law," for compulsory education, was passed by the legislature; but it contained regulations obnoxious to the foreign-speaking population, also to the supporters of parochial schools. A strike of railway outsiders occurred at West Superior because of tardiness in securing wages. The National Guard was ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10, ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21, ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—The eleventh federal census showed the population of Wisconsin to be 1,686,880. An anti-Bennett Law convention was held June 4, at Milwaukee. The Democrats, adopting this issue, elected their entire State ticket. The State supreme court decided that Bible-reading in the public schools is sectarian instruction, and therefore unconstitutional.

1891.—Gov. George W. Peck and the Democratic legislature secured the repeal of the "Bennett Law." The reapportionment of the congressional and legislative districts under the 1890 census, was unsatisfactory to the Republicans, who brought suit to annul it. June 17, ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. August 27, Lyman C. Draper, secretary of the Wisconsin State Historical Society for thirty-three years (1854-1886), and during that time the leading spirit in its work, died.

1892.—The State supreme court nullified the apportionment act, and a second similar act was likewise declared illegal. A special legislative session adopted a new apportionment that was not contested. Anti-railway pass agitation was begun. July 25, a fire at Iron River caused a loss of \$200,000 and left 1,500 persons homeless. A succession of fires occurred in Milwaukee, including the Third Ward fire (October 28); \$5,000,000 in property was destroyed.

1893.—The State supreme court required former treasurers or their bondsmen to refund interest received on State deposits. The financial panic resulted in the failure of the Plankinton, the Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. July 27, a disastrous fire occurred at Fifield, with a property loss of \$200,000; on the same day, Medford, a town of 1,800 inhabitants, was practically destroyed from the same cause. Ex-Gov. J. M. Rusk died November 21.

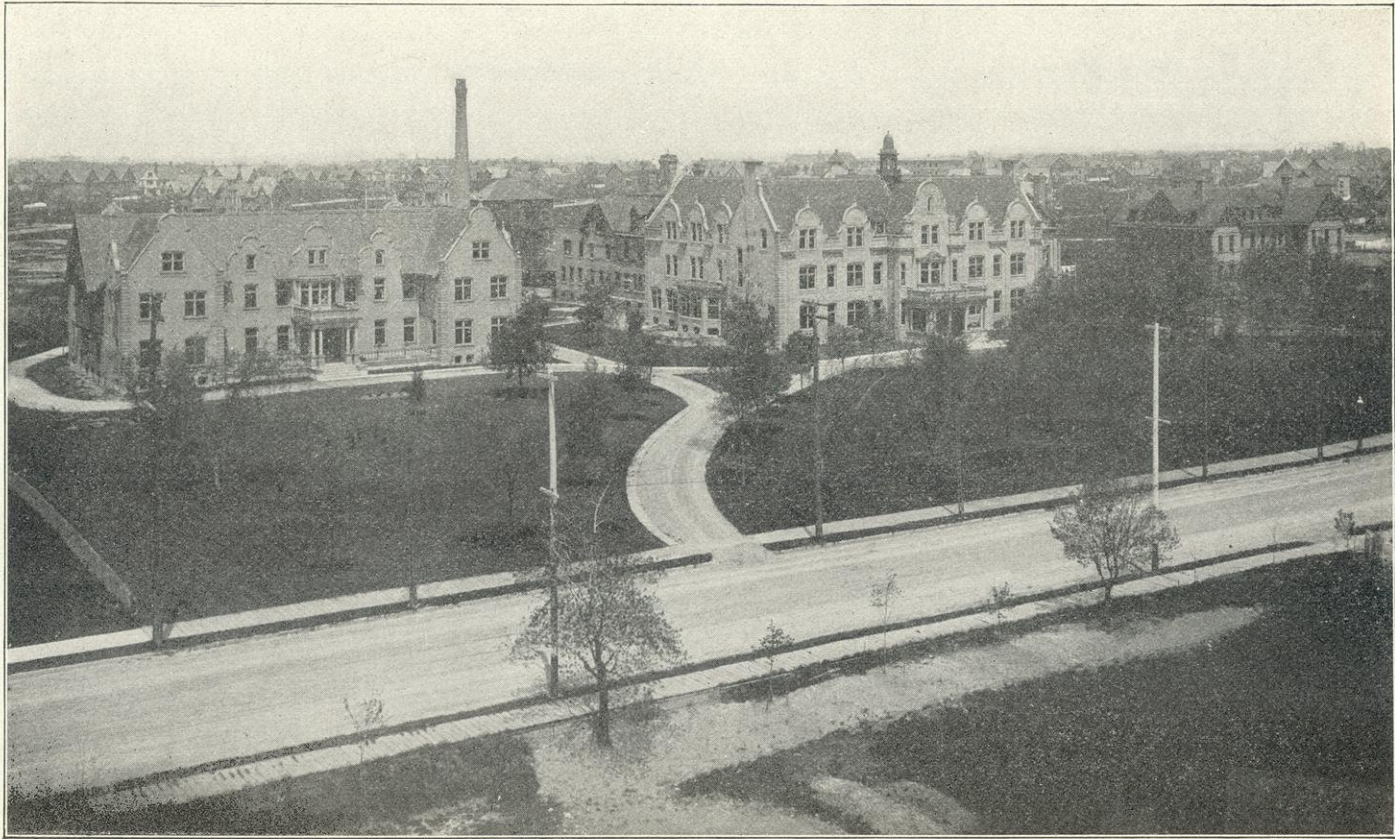
1894.—July 26-30, disastrous forest fires visited Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Taylor, Marathon, and Wood counties. Phillips, the county-seat of Price, was almost entirely destroyed, and over twenty persons lost their lives.

1895.—A State census was taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. There was a severe drought and resultant light crops in southern Wisconsin; but an abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last Wisconsin survivor of the Black Hawk War, died May 30.

1896.—There was a large immigration to northern Wisconsin, as a result of a special effort to induce settlement and liberal State and county appropriations for the same purpose. Milwaukee celebrated the centennial year of her settlement. The Wisconsin Free Library Commission was organized, and in Dunn County the travelling library system was initiated by State Senator James H. Stout. The seventh State normal school was opened at Superior. Gen. and ex-Gov. Lucius Fairchild died May 23.

1897.—Corrupt practices act passed by the legislature, requiring candidates and committees to file statements of political campaign expenses. June 1, State School for Feeble-Minded opened at Chippewa Falls.

1898.—Wisconsin raised and equipped four regiments of infantry and one battery, for the Spanish American War—5,469 men in all. In October and November, First and Second regiment and battery mustered out. May 29, the fiftieth anniversary of approval of act of Congress admitting Wisconsin to the Union, was observed at several county seats by local celebrations. June 7-9, the fiftieth anniversary of swearing in of first State officers was observed at Madison, by appropriate literary and patriotic exercises. June 27-July 2, Milwaukee celebrated by a semi-centennial carnival, emphasizing the industrial and commercial progress of the State. In July and August occurred a strike of woodworkers in mills and factories at Oshkosh, accompanied by rioting and bloodshed; State troops were called out, and the affair was finally settled by



INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.

compromise. September 29, forest fires visited Barron and Polk counties, with \$500,000 loss and many settlers rendered homeless; relief administered by military department of the State. State reformatory opened at Green Bay, August 1.

1899.—An anti-railway pass law was adopted by the legislature. The State Tax Commission was also instituted. January 23, the Milwaukee Public Library and Museum were opened in their new building. February 22, celebration of fiftieth anniversary of formation of State Historical Society. Third regiment mustered out January 4-17; February 28, the Fourth regiment was mustered out at Anniston, Ala. May 20, five dams broke in the Pike River flood; loss, \$50 000. June 12, a cyclone destroyed New Richmond; over fifty persons were killed, and there was a property loss of \$1,000,000. Relief was sent from all over the State and from neighboring Minnesota cities. Much damage done by storms in northwestern Wisconsin, especially at Clayton, Polk County. July 19, burning of Hotel Grace, at Milwaukee; forty firemen injured, and one killed, by falling roof. September 6, unveiling by State Historical Society, of bronze tablet on site of Father Allouez's Jesuit mission at De Pere (founded (1671-72)). November 13, semi-centennial anniversary of founding of Lawrence University, Appleton.

1900.—The federal census showed a population of 2,069,042, a gain of 22.6 per cent in ten years. A revival of lead and zinc mining commenced in southwestern Wisconsin. A school of commerce was instituted at the University of Wisconsin. May 1-5, the Milwaukee Musical Society celebrated its fiftieth anniversary. October 11, the trial trip of the battleship "Wisconsin" took place in Pacific waters. October 19, occurred the dedication of the new State Historical Library Building at Madison. December 7, a memorial tablet was erected on the site of the first county buildings in Milwaukee. In December was finished the harbor of refuge at Milwaukee that had been nineteen years in course of building. April 23, the levee of the canal at Portage broke and flooded the town and the railway tracks for some distance. October 4-9, floods occurred in the Wisconsin River, which reached a height greater than previously recorded. May 1-8, forest fires raged on Chequamegon Bay and Menominee River, the damage reaching over \$1,000,000. June 24, occurred near De Pere the wreck of an excursion train, in which six persons, chiefly from Fond du Lac, were killed and over sixty injured. July 6, a tornado swept Winnebago County, one person being killed and much damage done to property. August 20, a similar tornado swept Sheboygan, about seventy-five buildings being levelled.

1901.—January 7, Gov. Robert M. La Follette was inaugurated—the first native-born executive of the State. February 4, the battleship "Wisconsin" was put into commission; to it was presented, May 27, a silver service and a bronze badger by the people of the State. February 25 a celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the first railway in Wisconsin was held at Waukesha. March 27, a medal was presented by the legislature to Dr. S. M. Babcock, inventor of the Babcock milk-testing system. A system of agricultural courses for district schools and county schools of agriculture was inaugurated. May 21-26, the Milwaukee German-English Academy celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its founding. June 19, Milwaukee-Downer College held a similar celebration. May 20-July 17, a strike of machinists called out about fifteen hundred workmen in Milwaukee. August 19-September 9, a strike of steel-workers occurred at Bay View. February 13, the Kimberly-Clark paper-mills burned near Appleton; the fire-chief of that city lost his life. June 10, the old mission church on Madeline Island Chequamegon Bay, was burned. November 6, the Klondike theatre was burned at Hurley; ten lives were lost. March 27, 28, a flood in Milwaukee River showed the highest water recorded. Great heat and drought throughout the summer, in southern Wisconsin, with consequent injury to crops. In November and December occurred an epidemic of smallpox in northern Wisconsin, when many logging-camps were closed and loggers thrown out of work. July 27, "Wisconsin Day" was celebrated at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. The Mary M. Adams

bequest for works of art of about \$4,000 made to the State Historical Society. The ruins of the military hospital, almost the last portion of old Fort Crawford, at Prairie du Chien, were removed.

1902.—March 4, Prince Henry of Prussia, envoy of the German emperor to the United States, visited Milwaukee. June 8, Racine College celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its founding. By the death of President Charles Kendall Adams, a considerable fund passed to the University of Wisconsin for founding scholarships. June saw the foundation of the University settlement in Milwaukee. October 13 and 29, rulings of the department of the interior secured to Oneida, Brothertown, and Stockbridge Indians shares in the distribution of a large sum due from the government for New York land cessions. May 30, a monument to Col. Edgar O'Connor of the Iron Brigade was dedicated at the National Cemetery, Washington. April 1, the State supreme court declared that the law taxing ice shipped beyond the State was invalid. By a decision of the attorney-general, women were held eligible as voters for State and county superintendents of schools, and on November 4 they participated in the election thereof. January 15, Schend's tavern in Kenosha, built in 1850, the oldest building in southeast Wisconsin, a famous hostelry of early days, was burned. November 22, the ore docks at Ashland were burned, a score of persons being buried in the ruins, three killed, and many lives imperilled. May 20, a disastrous storm along the Mississippi caused property damage at La Crosse and Prairie du Chien. July 2, a cyclone in Caledonia township, Racine County, caused the death of one man and wrecked many buildings. July 7, a severe storm in Waukesha, Milwaukee, and Racine counties caused deaths by lightning and falling buildings. May 30, a railway wreck at Alma caused several deaths and injuries. September 13, a similar wreck took place near Milwaukee. June 7, a collision of two steamers occurred in Lake Superior, off West Superior, wherein nine persons were drowned. January 17, a farmer near La Crosse was fatally injured in a fight with a pack of wolves. December 1, the post office at Tomah was wrecked by robbers, who secured considerable plunder, but were captured. Finds of gold were reported near Prairie du Chien in January, in Polk County in August, and in Dunn County in October. November 1, a deposit of asbestos was located near Stevens Point. June 4, there was discovered a pearl worth \$10,000, the largest thus far found in Wisconsin fisheries. From January to April, labor troubles occurred in paper-mills in the Fox and Wisconsin valleys.

1903.—The legislative reference library installed in the capitol (managed by the Wisconsin Free Library Commission in conjunction with the State Historical Society), was first utilized by the legislature. A primary election law was passed, subject to a popular referendum. An ad valorem railway tax, a mortgage tax, and an inheritance tax were the chief features of the year's legislation. July 31, a decision of the State insurance department required life insurance companies to divide their surplus among policy holders; some of the companies took the matter to the courts. There was a renewal of the agitation for a new State to be called "Superior," to be formed out of territory in northern Wisconsin, the northern peninsula of Michigan, and northeast Minnesota. From January to March, a coal famine affected the State; the Milwaukee mayor made purchases in Canada to alleviate suffering. On April 3 and 4, the State was visited by President Theodore Roosevelt. January 9, a State association of manufacturers was organized at Milwaukee. January 1, a strike of coal teamsters took place in Milwaukee; in the same city, the tannery employees struck on May 25. April 18, a strike in the paper-mills of Neenah and Appleton threw many out of work. August 26, Oshkosh celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its incorporation. During the year the iron deposits in Sauk County attracted attention, and plans were made for their development. September 28, a mass-meeting was held in Milwaukee to denounce municipal corruption; a citizens' committee was appointed to obtain evidence, and a grand jury drawn for indictment. September 26, the largest pearl on record was sold at Prairie du Chien. January 27, a large fire occurred at Superior. February 4, the chief of the Milwaukee fire department and three assistants were asphyxiated in a

fire among chemicals in that city. April 22, a fire loss of \$750,000 took place at La Crosse. September 23, the town of Morse was almost annihilated by fire. July 4, thirty people were injured by the premature explosion of fireworks at Oregon. December 30, thirty Wisconsin people lost their lives in the Iroquois theatre fire in Chicago. March 23, a flood in Oconto River overflowed the city of that name; there was also high water in Wisconsin River. From September 13 to 17, towns along the Eau Claire and Chippewa rivers were flooded; a flood in Wisconsin River caused the paper-mills at Grand Rapids to close temporarily. From October 3 to 5, storms and tornadoes in central, western, and southern Wisconsin caused the death of fifteen persons and many injuries. October 4, the steamer "Hackley" foundered in Green Bay, with a loss of twelve persons.

1904.—February 13, Lake Michigan was frozen over from shore to shore; and on March 12, Milwaukee harbor was completely blocked by ice. May 18, the Republican state convention was opened in Madison, at the University gymnasium; a portion of the delegates withdrew, and held a separate convention at Fuller Opera House. Each meeting nominated a State ticket and chose delegates to the national convention. November 8, the primary election law was endorsed by the voters of the State. Difficulties between the state insurance commissioner and some of the life insurance companies led to several suits for the interpretation of the new insurance laws. March 4, a federal survey law was passed, by which Stockbridge and Munsee Indians were to be allotted eighty acres of land per head, and a trust fund of \$75,000 was to be divided among them. September 26-30, the Chippewa celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their final peace with the United States government. June 5-9, the State University celebrated its golden jubilee (fiftieth anniversary of the first graduation). Representatives came from the leading American, Canadian, and European universities and learned societies. Charles R. Van Duse was inaugurated president, he being the first alumnus to hold that office. September 10, the cruiser "Milwaukee" was launched at San Francisco, being christened by a Milwaukeean. March 15 and April 2, the grand jury indicted several Milwaukee officials for bribe-taking; several of these were found guilty and punished with fines and imprisonment. March 1, at a conference held at Iron River, the Northern Wisconsin Farmers' Association was formed for the development of the northern counties of the State; before the end of the year, this had over 2,000 members. September 18, rich deposits of iron ore were reported near Baraboo. June 4, commenced a strike of the paper-mill employees of Fox River valley, culminating in riots (June 20) at Neenah. *Fires*—January 26, Ryan High School burned at Appleton; February 4, a large hotel burned at Ashland; February 19, the Racine County insane asylum was consumed, the patients being rescued with difficulty; February 27, a large part of the State capitol at Madison was destroyed; February 29 was consumed a hotel at Prairie du Chien, wherein two persons were cremated; March 12, a hotel and business houses were destroyed at Ripon; April 23, a large factory at Janesville was destroyed; May 13, a factory burned in Milwaukee, wherein nine firemen were overcome; May 30, business houses were destroyed at Waukesha; June 13, Spooner was nearly destroyed; June 24, Union Grove was almost annihilated; July 19, great loss by lumber-fire at Rhinelander, many families being made homeless; December 20, property loss of over \$100,000 at Beloit. Forest fires occurred May 4, in the vicinity of Tomahawk and Rhinelander; May 30, others were reported in the northern part of the State. *Storms*—August 22, Fennimore was visited by a disastrous tornado; storms also did damage in the southern part of the State. In March, the damage from floods was considerable, at Bay View, Beloit, Janesville, and neighboring towns.

1905.—The legislature adopted a civil service act, regulating appointments to public office within the State. An act was passed creating a railway commission, empowered to regulate tariff rates; under this law the commission was organized July 10. The state board of forestry was organized to prevent forest fires and acquire and manage state forest reserves. January 9, the railway companies instituted suit in the State supreme court to determine the validity

of the ad valorem tax law of 1903; November 4, a decision was rendered for the law. February 21, the insurance case in the supreme court was decided in favor of the companies. Agitation for the removal of the State capitol from Madison to either Oshkosh or Milwaukee was put at rest by preliminary appropriations for a new capitol building. The name of Gates County was changed to Rusk. Wayland Academy at Beaver Dam celebrated (June 21, 22), its golden jubilee. August 16, at the town of New Glarus, was celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of the coming of the Swiss to Wisconsin. March 14, \$725,000 was returned by the federal government to the State to reimburse the latter for the equipment of Wisconsin troops during the War of Secession. Milwaukee trials for graft were continued; three grand juries brought in over three hundred indictments of eighty-four persons; many convictions were secured, and gambling suppressed. Green Bay likewise suppressed gambling by a raid (February 27), and cleansed its municipal government. May 20, a mob at Richland Center, bent upon lynching, was suppressed by the efforts of prominent citizens, uniting with the magistracy. *Fires*—January 11, a saddlery plant at Milwaukee, in which two firemen were injured; January 17, Indian school at Keshena; January 23, the business portion of Brookfield; February 9, the government Indian school for the Oneida; March 1, a factory at Racine, loss \$250,000; May 4, wholesale drug company building at La Crosse, loss \$140,000; May 15, an explosion and fire at Racine caused one death; May 20, paper-mill at Appleton, loss \$100,000; June 4, Milwaukee exposition building, loss \$300,000; June 9, ice-house at Burlington, loss \$100,000; June 18, ice houses at Pewaukee, struck by lightning; June 23, in Milwaukee, twelve firemen overcome; October 4, a large portion of Rhinelander destroyed, loss \$500,000; October 9, De Koven Hall at St. John's Military Academy, Delafield; November 2, business portion of Brooklyn swept away; November 5, the business portion of Crandon damaged. *Floods*—March 29, dam chutes on Rock River went out at Jefferson, the river being at the highest stage for many years. June 5-8, floods in the Chippewa, Red Cedar, and Fox rivers; Fond du Lac overflowed; trains went through bridges at Colfax and Barron. *Storms*—June 4, a tornado swept Waupaca and Wood counties, the town of Curtiss being badly damaged; September 2, severe storm in Racine County, causing damage of over \$200,000; September 3, wild storm on Lake Superior, several vessels being wrecked and thirty-eight lives lost; October 19, the great lakes swept by a fierce storm causing twenty-six wrecks and the loss of many lives; Green Bay especially felt the fury, many small vessels being wrecked and much property damage caused along the east coast; November 28, a severe storm on Lake Michigan caused the loss of many vessels and lives. September 7, the Chippewa Falls opera-house, in course of building collapsed and killed three workmen. July 7, eleven men on a lumber raft were drowned at Little Falls.

1906.—Direct State taxes were entirely remitted, the new tax laws bringing in sufficient revenue from railways, inheritances, etc. May 11, the United States court issued an order dissolving the paper-mill trust which was largely composed of Wisconsin concerns. October 20, a \$1,000,000 bridge across the lower Fox at Green Bay was opened. The Wisconsin Free Library Commission opened a State Library School at Madison. January 2, a School of Trades was opened in Milwaukee under the auspices of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association. May 17, Norwegian settlers of the State celebrated at Milwaukee the independence of Norway. *Fires*—January 5, a factory at Fort Atkinson, loss \$50,000; February 9 the Baraboo High School, the pupils being rescued by fire-drill; March 6, furniture factories at Sheboygan, loss \$100,000; March 7, a large paper-mill at Neenah, loss \$100,000; March 18, steamer "Atlanta" burned off Sheboygan, seventy-five passengers being rescued with difficulty; April 20, sawmill and lumber yards at Rhinelander; July 1 mills at Washburn, valued at \$100,000; July 12, steamer "Quincy" on the Mississippi River near Trempealeau, all passengers being rescued; July 29, the business portion of Rice Lake, loss \$85,000; September 14, explosion and fire in the packing house at Cudahy, loss \$400,000; September 30, churches and business buildings at Ripon loss over \$50,000. Forest fires

occurred May 18, 19, when Stanley, Chippewa County, and Auburndale, Wood County, were partially destroyed; Marathon County was fire-swept, and Wausauke, Marinette County, hemmed in. *Floods and Storms*—January 20, Lafayette County streams held up all trains; March 26-31, the Wisconsin and Mississippi were high, a bridge was carried off at Prairie du Sac, and Waupaca County was flooded; June 6, a tornado at Stoddard injured several persons; July 22, lightning killed several spectators at a ball-game in Manitowoc; November 22, a heavy gale raged on the great lakes, wherein thirty-six lives were lost. *Wrecks, etc.*—January 22, a boiler exploded in a mill at Estella, killing six and injuring several; February 11, a railway wreck in Dodge County injured many passengers; February 11, a train collision near Janesville killed four and injured many; February 14, an interurban passenger car was struck by a train near South Milwaukee, fourteen persons being injured; September 10, a railway wreck near Waupaca killed two persons and injured several; October 5, a foot bridge at Oconto fell, killing one and injuring several; November 26, a collision at Stanley caused two deaths.

1907.—Definite legislative appropriations were made for a new capitol at Madison, to cost ultimately \$6,000,000. Significant legislation occurred as follows: the railway commission became by extension of its powers, charged with the oversight of all telephone and electric companies, waterworks, street railways, and other semi-public utility corporations; a state board was appointed to select special sites of historic or picturesque interest suitable for public parks, to become the property of the State; a residence local option law for restricting the liquor traffic, was passed; a law establishing two cents per mile as the legal rate for railway passenger traffic, went into effect; laws for the more complete regulation of insurance companies were passed, these leading to the temporary withdrawal of several large Eastern companies from the State. The cities of Appleton and Sheboygan bought their waterworks systems from private corporations and placed them under municipal regulation. Michigan claimed that the northeastern boundary of Wisconsin was improperly determined by an error in the survey of 1840, and requested a re-survey of the headwaters of Montreal River. July 25, a monument to Nelson Dewey, first governor of the State, was unveiled at Lancaster. October 6, German-American citizens celebrated in Milwaukee the anniversary of the first emigration of Germans to the United States. November 5, a State sanatorium for tuberculosis patients was opened at Wales. The Potawatomi Indians of Wood County participated in the distribution of the trust fund created by the federal treaty of 1848. The Oneida Indians having received the fee simple to their reservation in Brown and Outagamie counties, sold large portions thereof to whites. *Fires*—May 22, the steamer "Naomi" burned in Lake Michigan on its way to Milwaukee, five lives being lost; August 2, a tannery fire at Tomahawk caused a loss of \$500,000; August 31, large grain-elevators in Milwaukee burned with a loss of \$115,000; September 5, Waterloo was devastated by fire, with a loss of \$30,000; September 29, the high school burned at Jefferson, all pupils being saved by prompt action of authorities; October 20, a carshop fire in West Milwaukee caused a loss of \$100,000; October 31, the business portion of Rockton was destroyed with a loss of over \$75,000; November 8, a fire in the elevators and mills at Superior, caused a loss of \$2,267,000; December 3, the steamer "City of Glasgow" burned on Green Bay, loss \$85,000; December 6, the street-car barns of Milwaukee were partially destroyed, with a loss of \$80,000; December 22, a paper-mill at Oconto Falls burned with a loss of \$100,000 and the life of the engineer. *Storms*—July 4, a cyclone passed over Green Lake and Waushara counties, causing a loss of twenty lives and much property damage; July 5, a cloudburst in La Crosse and Chippewa counties caused great damage; July 21, a severe electric storm passed over La Crosse and Sparta, causing many washouts; August 7, a tornado central over eastern Minnesota, Iowa, and western Wisconsin caused loss of twenty lives and over \$500,000 damage; August 11, a similar storm caused \$500,000 damage near La Crosse and Sparta. *Explosions and Railway Wrecks*—January 5 and August 21, severe explosions occurred in the powder works at Pleasant Prairie, caus-

ing loss of life in the first instance of nine, in the second of one; April 2, explosion in a Milwaukee factory caused the death of two persons and the injury of three; August 16, an explosion in a Milwaukee brewery killed one man and injured two; August 19, an explosion in Milwaukee injured fourteen; June 25, a collision of trains at Lomira caused many injuries; September 29, a wreck near Hilbert Junction killed one and injured several; October 26 a wreck near Corliss caused injury to ten; November 15, a fast train at South Milwaukee struck a large crowd of workmen on the tracks, killing six and injuring others, of whom some died later; October 12, the steamer "Cypress" from Superior foundered on Lake Superior, with a loss of twenty-two lives.

1908.—Ambassador James Bryce was guest of honor, and delivered the baccalaureate address, at the State University commencement. The will of William F. Vilas created a trust-fund, from which it is hoped that ultimately \$30,000,000 will accrue to the State University. December 8, the University celebrated the tercentenary of Milton's birth. The Tank cottage at Green Bay, supposed to be the oldest building in the State, was removed to Union Park in that city, by the Green Bay Historical Society. June 14, a Schiller-Goethe memorial was unveiled in Milwaukee, the gift of its German citizens. September 1, a monument of the poet Burns was presented to Milwaukee. July 24, the governor appointed a forest conservation commission for the State. The federal government presented 20,000 acres to the State to be added to its forest reserve, the choice of location to rest with the State. Twenty-four life-insurance companies, doing business within the State, withdrew because of unwillingness to comply with laws passed by the legislature of 1907. September 29, the supreme court pronounced unconstitutional the eight-hour law for employees of railway and telegraph companies. Several public utility corporations surrendered their franchises—among them the Beloit water gas, and electric company (June 20), and Chippewa Falls waterworks and lighting company (June 30). Milwaukee charter revised by a commission chosen by the citizens. Milwaukee established a municipal reference library. The State School for the Deaf established a high school department. Gold ore, alleged to be in paying quantities, was taken December 1 from a mine near Knapp. *Explosions*—March 15, the Beaver Dam gas plant was wrecked, five persons being injured; April 4, in a mine near Dodgeville, four miners were hurt; April 4, a Marinette sulphite mill was wrecked, one person being killed and two injured; April 24, dynamite wrecked six business blocks and injured four persons at Eagle river; August 20, a saw mill explosion at Park Falls caused the death of one person and the injury of several; September 15, a dynamite factory near Washburn blew up, killing one person and injuring one; November 7, at a Superior roundhouse six persons were killed; December 5, the Juneau gas-plant exploded, injuring one man. *Fires*—January 9, a business block at Green Bay, loss \$60,000; January 16, a health resort near Delafield, loss \$80,000; January 18, a tobacco warehouse at Janesville, loss \$250,000; January 29, a factory at Oshkosh, loss \$53,000; January 30, the principal business portion of Suring, Oconto County, was wiped out; February 5, a Christian Science Church at Milwaukee loss \$70,000; February 6, a business block at Racine, loss \$75,000 and five firemen injured; February 8, the court-house at Florence; March 3, Spring Green was nearly destroyed, loss over \$75,000; March 5, the Sturgeon Bay high school; March 6, a warehouse at Clinton, loss \$50,000; April 11, a hospital at Chippewa Falls, thirty patients being rescued; May 30, a Shawano paper-mill, loss \$75,000; June 13, a factory at Antigo, loss \$50,000; June 19, Oconto lumber-yards, loss \$75,000; August 1, a \$500,000 fire in Marinette lumber-yards; August 26, a manufacturing plant in Milwaukee, loss \$100,000; September 26, three churches and several business blocks at Fond du Lac, aid being sent by Oshkosh and Milwaukee fire departments, loss estimated at \$200,000; October 17, a business block at Barron, loss \$60,000; October 28, Campbellsport warehouses, loss \$60,000; November 9, the town of Frederic, Polk County, nearly destroyed, loss over \$75,000; November 21, the business portion of Red Granite loss \$50,000; December 22, business blocks at Brodhead, loss \$50,000. *Forest fires*—April 22, Mosinee was threatened with forest fires, which also spread along the

shore of Lake Superior. In the autumn, fires broke out over a wide area. September 5, Bayfield sustained a loss of \$200,000; September 10, Wausau was saved only by the shifting of the wind; September 19, a lumber plant at North Forks burned with a loss of \$100,000; September 20, Rhinelander applied to Milwaukee for aid, and the latter's fire department responded with apparatus; September 21, Effield obtained assistance from Minneapolis but by the 23rd the danger was over. An estimated loss of between five and ten millions occurred in this State alone. October 17, fires began again, chiefly in the northern peninsula of Michigan; October 19, six square miles were burning east of Lake Nemakagon. Fire marshals and the Wisconsin State forestry department rendered efficient aid in preventing the spread of general conflagrations and extinguishing incipient fires. *Tornadoes*—May 11, several were reported throughout the central part of the State, especially in Dane and Dodge counties, with considerable property damage; November 25, a storm near Stevens Point caused a loss of over \$40,000.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Terry Dodge.....from July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty.....from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel Tallmadge.....from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1848
Terry Dodge.....from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Horner.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn.....appointed by Martin Van Buren, Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field.....appointed by John Tyler, April 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd.....appointed by James K. Polk, Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin.....appointed by James K. Polk, Feb. 24, 1846

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, Aug., 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, Sept., 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J.....appointed by Martin Van Buren, Nov., 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird.....appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836
Heratio N. Wells.....appointed by Governor Dodge, March 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jackson.....appointed by Governor Dodge, June 26, 1841
William Pitt Lynde.....appointed by Governor Tallmadge, Feb. 22, 1845
A. Hyatt Smith.....appointed by Governor Dodge, Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlin.....appointed at December term, 1836
Simcon Mills.....appointed at July term, 1839
La Fayette Kellogg.....appointed at July term, 1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapman.....appointed by Andrew Jackson, 1836
Moscs M. Strong.....appointed by Martin Van Buren, 1838
Thomas W. Sutherland.....appointed by John Tyler, 1841
William Pitt Lynde.....appointed by James K. Polk, 1846

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President—Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary*—Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Henry.

Brown—Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt.

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque—Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk*—Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford—James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee—William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa—William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque—Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosca T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.¹

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines county, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Levi Sterling.

Brown—John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.²

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

* Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

¹ Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

² In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned, Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.—Continued.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.

Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson,¹ Jean Brunet.²

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.

Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,³ Loring Wheeler, Hard'n Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.⁴

Milwaukee—William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by resolution.)

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee—Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.

Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.

Des Moines—Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.

Brown—George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.

Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins.⁵

Milwaukee—Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy,⁶ Loring Wheeler.

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

¹ In place of James B. Dallam.

² In place of James H. Lockwood.

³ Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

⁴ Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

⁵ In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

⁶ In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas Morgan.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

Crawford—Alexander McGregor.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings,
 Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.²

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—James Durley.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroy, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—William A. Prentiss of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—George Beatty.
Sergeant-at-Arms—G. Bert Knapp.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.
Crawford—Charles J. Learned.³

¹ In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

² In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

³ In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—D. M. Whitney.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Lutherland.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President—James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.

Milwaukee and Washington—Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Francis M. Rublee.

Racine—George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—William H. Bruce,¹ Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa—Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson, David Newland.

Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix—Alfred Brunson,² Joseph R. Brown.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.

² Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Jacob R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report.

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.¹
Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,² Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Moses M. Strong.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.³
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.
Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.⁴
Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.⁵
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.
Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.⁶
Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,⁷ David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February, 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's

¹ Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

² In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.

³ Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused acceptance, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

⁴ Elisha S. Gill claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted. Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

⁵ Seat contested and awarded Theophilus La Chappelle.

⁶ In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

⁷ In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been appraised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April, 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersoll. [Mr. Ingersoll resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.
Racine—Consider Heath,* Peter D. Hugunin.*
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiten.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.
Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Milwaukee and Washington—Hans Croker, Lemuel White, David Newland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix—Theophilus La Chappelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William S. Anderson.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.
Walworth and Rock—John Hopkins, James Trapp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.
Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Iowa—Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.
Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.
Racine—Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vleet.
Grant—Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President—Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.
Sergeant-at-Arms—G. C. S. Vail.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiten.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lemuel White, Hans Croker, David Newland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix—Theophilus La Chappelle
Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

* These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

REPRESENTATIVES.

- Speaker*—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—J. W. Trowbridge.
- Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago*—Albert G. Ellis, David Agy, Mason C. Darling.
- Crawford and St. Croix*—John H. Manahan.
- Iowa*—Moses Mecker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.
- Milwaukee and Washington*—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
- Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk*—Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.
- Rock and Walworth*—John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.
- Grant*—Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.
- Racine*—John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

- President*—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles H. Larkin.
- Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago*—Randall Wilcox.
- Grant*—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
- Rock and Walworth*—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
- Iowa*—Moses M. Strong.
- Milwaukee and Washington*—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.
- Crawford and St. Croix*—Wiram Knowlton.
- Racine*—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
- Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk*—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

- Speaker*—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Chauncey Davis.
- Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago*—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.¹
- Rock and Walworth*—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.
- Crawford and St. Croix*—James Fisher.
- Racine*—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.
- Milwaukee and Washington*—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.
- Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk*—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, Geo. H. Slaughter.
- Iowa*—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.
- Grant*—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

- President*—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.² *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Joseph Brisbois.
- Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago*—Randall Wilcox.

¹ Brothertown Ind'an. ² Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and William R. Smith elected.

TERRITOR

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneetand.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—David Bonham.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.
Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James F. Fisher.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.
Walworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.
Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.
Rock—Ira Jones.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Bevins.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa and Richland—William Singer.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.
Walworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.
Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.
Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.
Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.

Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.
Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.
Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.
Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—
 El'isha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Ser-
 geant-at-Arms*—Edward P. Lockhart.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.
*Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and
 Winnebago*—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.
Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothorn, Charles Pole.
Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.
Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.
Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.
Jefferson and Dodge—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Henry Jackson.
Washington and Sheboygan—Benjamin H. Mooers.
Waukesha—George Reed, L. Martin.
Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.
*Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and
 Winnebago*—Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848.

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Ser-
 geant-at-Arms*—Edward P. Lockhart.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington—Chauncey M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Mullanphy.

Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington—Benjamin H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage &

Winnebago—G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha—George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Henry Jackson.

* Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington county was rejected.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE.—The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey	Lancaster	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell	Madison	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow	Waukesha	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 23, 1856
Coles Bashford	Oshkosh	from Mar. 23, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall	Waukesha	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey	Shopiere	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon	Milwaukee	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchild	Madison	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn	La Crosse	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor	Cottage Grove	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington	Milwaukee	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jeremiah M. Rus	Viroqua	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard	Pt. Atkinson	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Upham	Marshfield	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield	Oconto	from Jan. 4, 1897, to Jan. 7, 1901
Robert M. La Follette	Madison	from Jan. 7, 1901, to Jan. 1, 1906
James O. Davidson	Soldiers Grove	from Jan. 1, 1906, to

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E. Holmes	Jefferson	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal	Taycheedah	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns	La Crosse	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell	La Crosse	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble	Whitewater	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon	Milwaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Wyman Spooner	Elkhorn	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound	Chippewa Falls	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit	Kenosha	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker	Pleasant Valley	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham	Chippewa Falls	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Field	Ashland	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland	Lancaster	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas	Racine	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Baensch	Manitowoc	from Jan. 8, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Jesse Stone	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
James O. Davidson	Soldiers Grove	from Jan. 5, 1903, to Jan. 1, 1906
William D. Connor	Marshfield	from Jan. 7, 1907, to Jan. 4, 1909
John Strange	Oshkosh	from Jan. 4, 1909, to

* Resigned to accept the office of United States senator.

† Filled vacancy caused by resignation of Gov. R. M. La Follette.

‡ Became governor upon the resignation of Gov. R. M. La Follette.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh	Delavan	from June	7, 1848, to Jan.	7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow	Waukesha	from Jan.	7, 1850, to Jan.	5, 1852
C. D. Robinson	Green Bay	from Jan.	5, 1852 to Jan.	2, 1854
Alex. T. Gray	Janesville	from Jan.	2, 1854, to Jan.	7, 1856
David W. Jones	Belmont	from Jan.	7, 1856, to Jan.	2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey	Shopiere	from Jan.	2, 1860, to Jan.	6, 1862
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan.	6, 1862, to Jan.	4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild	Madison	from Jan.	4, 1864, to Jan.	1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen	Mineral Point	from Jan.	1, 1866, to Jan.	3, 1870
Llywelyn Breese	Portage	from Jan.	3, 1870, to Jan.	5, 1874
Peter Doyle	Prairie du Chien	from Jan.	5, 1874, to Jan.	7, 1878
Hans B. Warner	Ellsworth	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan.	2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme	Kenosha	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan.	5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham	Chippewa Falls	from Jan.	5, 1891, to Jan.	7, 1895
Henry Casson	Viroqua	from Jan.	7, 1895, to Jan.	2, 1899
William H. Froehlich	Jackson	from Jan.	2, 1899, to Jan.	5, 1903
Walter L. Houser	Mendota	from Jan.	5, 1903, to Jan.	7, 1907
Jas. A. Frear	Hudson	from Jan.	7, 1907, to	.....

STATE TREASURERS.

Jairus C. Fairchild	Madison	from June	7, 1848, to Jan.	5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen	Cedarburg	from Jan.	5, 1852, to Jan.	7, 1856
Charles Kuehn	Manitowoc	from Jan.	7, 1856, to Jan.	4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings	Trempealeau	from Jan.	4, 1858 to Jan.	1, 1866
William E. Smith	Fox Lake	from Jan.	1, 1866, to Jan.	3, 1870
Henry Baetz	Manitowoc	from Jan.	3, 1870, to Jan.	5, 1874
Ferdinand Kuehn	Milwaukee	from Jan.	5, 1874, to Jan.	7, 1878
Richard Guenther	Oshkosh	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan.	2, 1882
Edward C. McPetridge	Beaver Dam	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan.	3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw	Oshkosh	from Jan.	3, 1887, to Jan.	5, 1891
John Hunner	Eau Claire	from Jan.	5, 1891, to Jan.	7, 1895
Sowell A. Peterson	Rice Lake	from Jan.	7, 1895 to Jan.	2, 1899
James O. Davidson	Soldiers Grove	from Jan.	2, 1899, to Jan.	5, 1903
John J. Kempf	Milwaukee	from Jan.	5, 1903, to July 30, 1904	
Thos. M. Purteill*	Cumberland	from July 30,	1904, to Jan.	2, 1905
John J. Kempf	Milwaukee	from Jan.	2, 1905, to Jan.	7, 1907
Andrew H. Dahl	Westby	from Jan.	7, 1907, to	.....

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown	Milwaukee	from June	7, 1848 to Jan.	7, 1850
S. Park Coon	Milwaukee	from Jan.	7, 1850, to Jan.	5, 1852
Experience Estabrook	Geneva	from Jan.	5, 1852, to Jan.	2, 1854
George B. Smith	Madison	from Jan.	2, 1854, to Jan.	7, 1856
William R. Smith	Mineral Point	from Jan.	7, 1856 to Jan.	4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck	Oshkosh	from Jan.	4, 1858, to Jan.	2, 1860
James U. Howe	Green Bay	from Jan.	2, 1860, to Oct.	7, 1862
Winfield Smith	Milwaukee	from Oct.	7, 1862, to Jan.	1, 1866
Charles R. Gill	Watertown	from Jan.	1, 1866, to Jan.	3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow	Dellona	from Jan.	3, 1870, to Jan.	5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan	Beaver Dam	from Jan.	5, 1874, to Jan.	7, 1878
Alexander Wilson	Mineral Point	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan.	2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby	West Bend	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan.	3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook	Manitowoc	from Jan.	3, 1887 to Jan.	5, 1891
James L. O'Connor	Madison	from Jan.	5, 1891, to Jan.	7, 1895
William H. Mylrea	Wausau	from Jan.	7, 1895, to Jan.	2, 1899
Emmett R. Hicks	Oshkosh	from Jan.	2, 1899, to Jan.	5, 1903
L. M. Sturdevant	Neillsville	from Jan.	5, 1903, to Jan.	7, 1907
Frank L. Gilbert	Madison	from Jan.	7, 1907, to	.....

*Appointed to fill vacancy caused by failure of John J. Kempf to file required bond.

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Elcazer Root	Waukesha	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1872
Azel P. Ladd	Shullsburg	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright	Prairie du Chien	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry	Racine	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard	Platteville	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sep. 30, 1864
John G. McMynn	Racine	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig	Madison	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows	Milwaukee	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing	Milton	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford	Milton	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jesse B. Thayer	River Falls	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells	Appleton	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
John Q. Emery	Albion	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Lorenzo D. Harvey	Milwaukee	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
Charles P. Cary	Delavan	from Jan. 5, 1903, to

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker	Green Bay	from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires	Mineral Point	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk	Kilbourn City	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey	Ozaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk	Viroqua	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor	Waupun	from Mar. 28, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown	Fond du Lac	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks	Baraboo	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward M. MacGraw	Sheboygan	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg	Waterford	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges	Oshkosh	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier	Waupun	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler	Springvale	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chapter 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chapter 238, Laws of 1874.)

Ole C. Johnson	Beloit	from Apr. 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard	Eau Claire	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881, and abolished by Chapter 362, Laws of 1905.)

John W. Hoyt.....	Madison	.....	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul.....	Milwaukee	.....	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn.....	Oshkosh	.....	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb.....	Fond du Lac	.....	from Mar. 10, 1876, to Feb. 1, 1878
A. J. Turner.....	Portage	.....	from Feb. 1, 1878, to Feb. 15, 1882
N. P. Haugen.....	River Falls	.....	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson	Soldiers Grove	.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson	Independence	.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie.....	Alma	.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior	.....	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
John W. Thomas.....	Chippewa Falls	.....	from Jan. 5, 1903, to Jan. 7, 1907

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56; Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr. ...	Madison	.....	from Apr. 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr.....	Baraboo	.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root.....	Sheboygan	.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke.....	Milwaukee	.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Oct. 15, 1898
Emil G. Johann	Milwaukee	.....	from Oct. 15, 1898, to Jan. 5, 1903
Zeno M. Host.....	Milwaukee	.....	from Jan. 5, 1903, to Jan. 1, 1907
Geo. E. Beedle.....	Embarrass	.....	from Jan. 7, 1907, to.....

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which time the judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name	Circuit.	Date.	Termination of service.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.....	4th	August 28, 1848,	to.....Jan. 1, 1851
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.....	1st	August 28, 1848,	to.....June 1, 1853
Levi Hubbell, A. J.....	2d	August 28, 1848,	to.....June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larabee, A. J.....	3d	August 28, 1848,	to.....June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.....	5th	August 28, 1848,	to.....June 1, 1853
Timothy C. Howe, A. J.....	4th	January 1, 1851,	to.....June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.....	6th	August 6, 1850,	to.....June 1, 1853

¹ Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT--SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

NAMES.	TITLE.	DURATION OF SERVICE.	
		Beginning	Ending
Edward V. Whiton.....	C. J.	June 1, 1853	April 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon.....	C. J.	April 20, 1859	June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan.....	C. J.	June 17, 1874	Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole.....	C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880	Jan. 4, 1892
Samuel Crawford.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853	May 31, 1855
Abram D. Smith.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853	June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole.....	A. J.	June 1, 1855	Nov. 11, 1880
Byron Paine.....	A. J.	June 21, 1859	Nov. 15, 1864
Jason Downer.....	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1864	Sept. 10, 1867
Byron Paine.....	A. J.	Sept. 10, 1867	Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyons ¹	J.	Jan. 20, 1871	Jan. 1, 1894
David Taylor ²	J.	April 18, 1878	April 3, 1891
Harlow S. Orton ³	J.	April 18, 1878	July 4, 1895
John B. Cassoday ⁴	J.	Nov. 11, 1880	Dec. 30, 1907
*John B. Winslow ⁵	J.	May 4, 1891	1st M. Jan., 1916
Silas U. Pinney ⁶	J.	Jan. 4, 1892	Nov. 9, 1898
Alfred W. Newman ⁷	J.	Jan. 1, 1894	Jan. 12, 1898
*Roujet D. Marshall.....	J.	Aug. 5, 1895	1st M. Jan., 1918
Charles V. Bardeen ⁸	J.	Jan. 20, 1898	Mar. 20, 1903
*Joshua E. Dodge ⁹	J.	Nov. 19, 1898	1st M. Jan., 1912
*Robert G. Siebecker ¹⁰	J.	April 9, 1903	1st M. Jan., 1914
*James C. Kerwin.....	J.	Jan. 2, 1905	1st M. Jan., 1915
*William H. Timlin.....	J.	Jan. 7, 1907	1st M. Jan., 1917
Robert M. Bashford ¹¹	J.	Jan. 6, 1908	June 30, 1908
*John Barnes ¹²	J.	July 1, 1908	1st M. Jan., 1910

*Present members of the court, with dates showing expiration of terms.

CLERKS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

James R. Brigham.....	Appointed August term,.....	1848
Samuel W. Beale.....	Appointed Dec. 12.....	1851
Lafayette Kellogg.....	Appointed June 1.....	1853
Clarence Kellogg.....	Appointed June 11.....	1878

¹ Became Chief Justice *Ex-officio* on 1st M. Jan., 1892.

² Deceased April 2, 1891.

³ Became Chief Justice *Ex-officio* on 1st M. Jan., 1894. Deceased July 4, 1895.

⁴ Became Chief Justice *Ex-officio* on July 4, 1895. Deceased Dec. 30, 1907.

⁵ Became Chief Justice *Ex-officio* on December 30, 1907.

⁶ Resigned Nov. 9, 1898.

⁷ Deceased Jan. 12, 1898.

⁸ Deceased March 20, 1903.

⁹ Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Silas U. Pinney. Elected April 4, 1899, to fill unexpired term ending 1st M. Jan., 1902.

¹⁰ Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the death of Charles V. Bardeen. Elected April 7, 1903, for full term.

¹¹ Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the death of John B. Cassoday.

¹² Elected April 7, 1908, to fill unexpired term ending 1st M. Jan. 1910.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES

FROM 1848 TO 1907 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions
Abert, George A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, d.
Abrams, Wm. J.	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane.....	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.	Fall River, Columbia.....	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.	Plover, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1853, 54.
Altpeter, Oscar	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.	River Falls, Pierce.....	1878, 79.
Anson, Frank A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 01, b.
Apple, Adam	North Cape, Racine.....	1891, 93, b.
Arnold, Alexander A.	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1877, 78, b.
Austin, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1889, 91, b.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green.....	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.	Racine, Racine.....	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet.....	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, b.
Bardeen, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barker, H. W.	Sparta, Monroe.....	1907, 09.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Delton, Sauk.....	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.	Mayville, Dodge.....	1875, 76.
Barnum, George S.	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.	Durand, Pepin.....	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	East Troy, Walworth.....	1869, 61.
Bashford, Coles	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853, 54, 55.
Bashford, Robert M.	Madison, Dane.....	1839, 95.
Baxter, Charles H.	Lancaster, Grant.....	1838, 95, 97, 99.
Beach, Z. P.	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1803, 05.
Bean, Samuel C.	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Bechner, Paul	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine.....	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I.	Reloit, Rock.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B.	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.	Raymond, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.	Rockton, Vernon.....	1882, 83, b.
Bentley, John A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855, 66.
Billings, Henry M.	Highland, Iowa.....	1848, b.
Bird, H. P.	Wausaukee, Marinette.....	1903, 05, 07, 09.
Bishop, Isaac T.	Somers, Kenosha.....	1907, 09.

b. See list of assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bissell, William G.	Lodi, Columbia	1899, 1901.
Buack, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75, b.
Blackstone, John W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1880, 81.
Blaine, John J.	Boscobel, Grant	1909.
Blair, Andrew M.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Blair, William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77
Blake, Edward R.	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1882, 85, b.
Blackman, Adelbert E.	Tomah, Monroe	1874, 75, b.
Bodenstab, Henry H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Bohan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.	Racine, Racine	1877, 78.
Rotkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1849, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bowen, Ezra B.	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 55.
Bowen, Thomas S.	Waupun, Dodge	1852, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1863, 64, 65, c, b.
Boyd, John W.	Geneva, Walworth	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Brage, Edward S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1866, 69.
Brazeau, T. W.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1907, 09.
Briggs, John R., Jr.	Beloit, Rock	1823.
Brown, Neal	Wausau, Marathon	1893, 95, b.
Brown, Orlando	Modena, Buffalo	1872, 73, b.
Browne, E. E.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1907, 09.
Browne, Edward L.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1861, 62, 67, 68.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane	1875, 76, b.
Buckstaff, Geo. H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.	Madison, Dane	1857.
Burehard, Samuel D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdge, Richard J.	Beloit, Rock	1891, 93, b.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock	1859, 60, b.
Burke, Michael E.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1895, 97.
Burke, Timothy	Green Bay, Brown	1909.
Burns, Edward E.	Platteville, Grant	1901, 03, 65, 07.
Burrows, George B.	Madison, Dane	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.	Viroqua, Vernon	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald	Middlebury, Iowa	1878, 89.
Campbell, Francis	Gratiot, Lafayette	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	1883, 85, 87, b.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.	Racine, Racine	1853, 54, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1861, 62, b.
Case, Jerome I.	Racine, Racine	1865, 66.
Cate, Norman S.	De Soto, Vernon	1862.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Osceola, Fond du Lac	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.	Sparta, Monroe	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.	Windsor, Dane	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappel, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1858, 59, b.
Chase, Champion S.	Racine, Racine	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren	Ceasco, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.	Burlington, Racine	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee	Horicon, Dodge	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1857, 58.
Clawson, Phineas J.	Monroe, Green	1859, 91.
Clement, Charles	Racine, Racine	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa	Mineral Point, Iowa	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel	Gratiot, Lafayette	1861, 62, 65, 66.
Colladay, William M.	Stoughton, Dane	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1883, 85, b.
Conger, William F.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1865, 97.
Conkey, Theodore	Appleton, Outagamie	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James	Madison, Dane	1855, 87.

b. See list of assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Conner, Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1891, 93.
Cook, E. Fox	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1857, 58.
Cooper, Henry Allen	Racine, Racine	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.	Prescott, Pierce	1868, 69.
Cothren, Montgomery M.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1849, 50.
Cottrell, Jedd P. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Cozhausen, Frederick W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 74.
Cox, Charles B.	River Falls, Pierce	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.	Neenah, Winnebago	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.	Wausau, Marathon	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.	Delton, Sauk	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.	Beloit, Rock	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage City, Columbia	1877, 58, 59, 63, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.	Middleton, Dane	1870, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Davis, Charles W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1835, 57.
Day, Charles W.	De Pere, Brown	1887.
Dean, Eliab B., Jr.	Madison, Dane	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1869, 61.
DeGroff, John W.	Alma, Buffalo	1887, 89, b.
Delaney, Arthur K.	Mayville, Dodge	1881, 82, b.
Dennett, Fred A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1897, 99.
Dennis, William M.	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.	Columbus, Columbia	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 71, b.
Devos, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01.
Dewey, Nelson	Lancaster, Grant	1854, 55.
Dexter, George E.	Monroe, Green	1856, 57.
Donald, John S.	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1909, b.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richland Center, Richland	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles	Belmont, Lafayette	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, Thomas A.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1887, 89.
Eagan, Michael J.	Franklin, Milwaukee	1860, 61, b.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1863, 64, 67, 68, b.
Eastman, Enos	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, John A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1859, 51, b.
Eaton, Barney A.	Cudahy, Milwaukee	1899, 01, 03, 05, b.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland	1872, 73, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.	Green Bay, Brown	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.	Peshigo, Oconto	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. DeWitt	Princeton, Green Lake	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.	Tomah, Monroe	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Fairchild, E. T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 09.
Falconer, Russel C.	Portage, Columbia	1891, 93.
Farr, Asahel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1873, 77, b.
Fearne, Thomas	Coloma, Waushara	1899, 01.
Fenton, Daniel G.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1848.
Ferguson, Benjamin	Fox Lake, Dodge	1863, 61.
Fetzer, John	Forestville, Door	1891, 93, b.
Field, Robert, C.	Osseo, Trempealeau	1874, 75, b.
Fifield, Sam S.	Ashland, Ashland	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelburg, Augustus	Fountain City, Buffalo	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Charles T.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Fisher, Ira W.	Menasha, Winnebago	1869, 70.
Fisher, James	Eastman, Crawford	1849, 50, b.
Fitch, George	Berlin, Green Lake	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1856.
Flint, Edwin	La Crosse, La Crosse	1862.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1846, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock	1831, 62, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago	1871, 72, b.
Fratt, Nicholas D.	Racine, Racine	1859, 60.
Frear, James A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1975, b.
Fridt, John A.	Berlin, R. 2, Winnebago	1207, 03, b.
Fritz, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 89.
Froemming, Theo.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905, 07.
Frost, Geo. L.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1866, 67, b.
Gale, George	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51.
Gardner, Elisha T.	Monroe, Green	1848, 49.
Gary, George	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1866, b.
Gaveaux, John	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1874, 03.
Gaylord, Winfred R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Gernon, Edward	Tenesece, Waukesha	1876, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.	Benton, Lafayette	1848.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1855, 56, b.
Giddings, James	Chester, Dodge	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Oliver G.	Grafton, Ozaukee	1855, 56.
Gill, Charles R.	Watertown, Jefferson	1860, 61.
Ginty, George C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1885, 87, b.
Goodell, Lemuel	Stockbridge, Calumet	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi	Kenosha, Kenosha	1854.
Gray, Hamilton H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1869, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.	Milford, Jefferson	1873, 74, b.
Green, J. Herbert	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1887, 89, 91.
Greulich, Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01, 03.
Griffin, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 58, b.
Grimmer, George	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1880, 81, b.
Griswold, William M.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1877, 78, 79, 80.
	Columbus, Columbia	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1879, 80, b.
Habich, Carl	Madison, Dane	1868, 69.
Hadley, Jackson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, 56, 67, b.
Hagemeister, Henry F.	Green Bay, Brown	1901, 03, 05, 07, b
Hall, John C.	Monroe, Green	1870, 71.
Hamilton, Joseph B.	Neenah, Winnebago	1863, 64, 81, 82.
Hanchett, Luther	Plover, Portage	1857, 58, 59, 60.
Harris, Joseph	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1864, 65.
Harris, John H.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1859, 61.
Harvey, Louis P.	Shopiere, Rock	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C.	Beetown, Grant	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hatton, William T.	New London, Waupaca	1899, 01, 03, 05.
Hay, Samuel M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1832, b.
Hazelton, George C.	Baseobel, Grant	1878, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.	Columbus, Columbia	1871, 62.
Hazewood, J. A.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1907, 09.
Hoad, Orson S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1871.
Herrick, Charles	Racine, Racine	1874.
Hicks, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1869.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1832, 83, b.
Hiner, William H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Hixon, Gideon C.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1848.
Holloway, John C.	Lancaster, Grant	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas	Madison, Dane	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1848, 49, 50, 91, 03, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1850, 60, 68, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel	Jefferson, Jefferson	1854, 55, b.
Hoyt, Joseph W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1885, 87, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hudd, Thomas R.	Appleton, Outagamie	1862, 63.
	Green Bay, Brown	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b.
Hudnall, George B.	Superior, Douglas	1903, 05, 07, 09.
Huebschmann, Francis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72.
Hulbert, David B.	Logansville, Sauk	1855, 87, b.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Hudson, St. Croix	1862, 63, b.
Hunt, George F.	West Bend, Washington	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 54.
Husting, Paul O.	Mayville, Dodge	1907, 09.
Hutchinson, Buell E.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1860, 61, b.
Hyde, Edwin.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, b.
Hyer, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1851, b.
Irish, Joseph E.	New Richmond, St. Croix.	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H.	Trimbelle, Pierce	1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, Michael A.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1899, 01.
Jacobs, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.
James, David G.	Richland Center, Richland.	1909.
James, Norman L.	Richland Center, Richland.	1885, 87, b.
Jenkins, George A.	Charlestown, Calumet	1862, b.
Johnson, John A.	Madison, Dane	1873, 74, b.
Johnson, Otis W.	Racine, Racine	1903, 05.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Wyoming, Iowa	1857, 58, 61, 62, 69, 70, b.
Joiner, Robert L.	Wyoming, Iowa	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1883, 85, b.
Jones, Alfred M.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1899, 01.
Jones, Evan O.	Cambria, Columbia	1873, 74.
Jones, John H.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1871, 72.
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1866, 67, b.
Kellogg, John A.	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80.
Kelly, David M.	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81, b.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Montello, Marquette	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1855, 56, b.
Kempf, John J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 91.
Kennedy, William	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862, 63, b.
Kershaw, William J.	Big Springs, Adams	1869, 70, b.
Ketcham, William	Richland Center, Richland.	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Kidd, Edward I.	Millville, Grant	1885, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball, Alanson M.	Pine River, Waushara	1863, 64.
Kimball, Martin L.	Berlin, Green Lake	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T.	Necedah, Juneau	1857, 58, 61, 82, 83, b.
Kingston, John T., Jr.	Ashland, Ashland	1891, 93.
Kinney, Asa	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 49.
Klecza, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Klotz, Ignatius	Campbells'pt, Fond du Lac.	1888, 87, b.
Kudson, Norman A.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1859, 01.
Koenitzer, Christian A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Freiss, George	Appleton, Outagamie	1872, 73, b.
Kreutzer, Andrew I.	Wausau, Marathon	1899, 01, 02, 05.
Kroeger, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 91.
Kronskop, George	Richland Center, Richland.	1870, 71, 74, 75.
Krumrey, Henry	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1909, b.
Kruzka, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 95, b.
Kusel, Frederick	Watertown, Jefferson	1881, 82.
Lakin, George W.	Platteville, Grant	1848, 49.
Lamoreux, Clarence A.	Ashland, Ashland	1897, 99.
Lander, Henry W.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1868, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Lawrence, William A.	Janesville, Rock	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Leahy, John E.	Wausau, Marathon	1887, 89, b.
Lees, Robert	Alma, Buffalo	1891, 93, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lehr, J. Elmer	Appleton, Outagamie	1903.
Lewis, James T.	Columbus, Columbia	b.
Lincoln, Wyman L.	Avoca, Iowa	1865, 66, b.
Lindsay, Myron P.	Green Bay, Brown	1872, 73.
Ians, John A.	Eagle, Waukesha	1885, 87, b.
Little, Francis	Mineral Point, Iowa	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.	Whitewater, Walworth	1864, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69.
Lochen, Peter	Newberg, Washington	1887, 89.
Lockney, Henry	Waukesha, Waukesha	1907, 09.
Lepor, Alonzo A.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L.	Edgerton, Rock	1883, 85, b.
Lovejoy, Allen P.	Janesville, Rock	1887, 89.
Loy, Joseph P.	De Pere, Brown	1854, 55.
Lynde, William Pitt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 70, b.
Lyons, Edward H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1906.
MacBride, Robert J.	Neillsville, Clark	1871, 93, b.
Magoon, Henry S.	Darlington, Lafayette	1871, 72.
Mailor, Andrew C.	De Pere, Brown	1897, 99.
Main, Willett S.	Madison, Dane	1889, 91.
Mann, Curtis	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1868, 69.
Mantz, Baltus	Meeker, Washington	1854.
Marsh, S. M.	Neillsville, Clark	1907, 09.
Martin, Harry C.	Darlington, Lafayette	1899, 01, 03, 05, 07, 09, b
Martin, Levi F.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1893, 95.
Martin, Morgan L.	Green Bay, Brown	1858, 59, b.
Masters, E. D.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore W.	Cedar Creek, Washington	1858, 59, 60, 61, b.
Maxwell, Walter S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1885, 87, b.
Mayer, Stephan F.	West Bend, Washington	1895, 97.
McClellan, Samuel R.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.	Shawano, Shawano	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.	Plover, Portage	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1883, 85, b.
McDonough, Frank	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1901, 1903, b.
McFarland, David	Highland, Iowa	1875, 76, b.
McPetridge, Edward C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854, 55, b.
McGeehan, Robert J.	De Pere, Brown	1893, 95, b.
McGillivray, James J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1895, 97, 99, 01, 03, 05, b.
McGrew, Joseph B.	Richland Center, Richland	1880, 81, b.
McKeeby, Gilbert E.	Lodi, Columbia	1881, 82.
McLane, George R.	Summit, Waukesha	1853, 54.
McMullen, John E.	Chilton, Calumet	1895, 97.
Mead, Major C.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1889, 91.
Meade, Matt J.	Green Bay, Brown	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel	Osceola Mills, Polk	1858, 59.
Meffert, William C.	Arena, Iowa	1882, 83.
Merrell, Henry	Fort Winnebago, Columbia	1848, 49.
Merrill, Geo. F.	Ashland, Ashland	1887, 89.
Merton, Ernst	Waukesha, Waukesha	1903, 05.
Messinger, Riley N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Miller, Ezra	Beloit, Rock	1853, 54.
Miller, George P.	Madison, Dane	1901, 03.
Miller, Wm.	Rusk, Dunn	1889, 91, b.
Mills, Edgar G.	Superior, Douglas	1899, 01.
Mills, Jesse C.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon	Madison, Dane	1848.
Mills, Thomas B.	Superior, Douglas	1895, 97, b.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau	1871, 72, b.
Minor, Edward S.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin	Farmington, Jefferson	1861, 62, b.
Moore, J. De Graw	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green	1874-75.
Morgan, Lyman	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80.
Morris, Thos.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1905, 07, 09.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Morris, T. D.	Whitesville, Racine	1863, 64.
Morse, Elmer D.	Princeton, Green Lake	1901, 03.
Mosher, Orville W.	New Richmond, St. Croix....	1901, 03, b.
Mumbrue, Henry C.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1877, 78, b.
Munson, Oliver G.	Viroqua, Vernon	1897, 99, 01, 03, 05, 07.
Murphy, Dennis	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1849, 50.
Murphy, James W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, b.
Nash, Wm. F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1889, 91, 93, b.
Nason, Joel F.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1885, 87.
Nelson, William	Viroqua, Vernon	1872, 73.
Nevins, Sylvester L.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1875, 76.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1868, 69, b.
Noble, James H.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1905, 07.
North, Wm. C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1903, 05.
Norton, Otis W.	Milton, Rock	1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
O'Neill, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57, b.
O'Neill, William	Washburn, Bayfield	1901, 03, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1873, 74, b.
Owen, W. C.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1907, 09.
Paddock, Francis	Salem, Kenosha	1855.
Page, George E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 09, b.
Palmer, Andrew	Janesville, Rock	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles	Lake Geneva, Walworth....	1882, 83.
Parry, William T.	Portage, Columbia	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Pearson, C. L.	Baraboo, Sauk	1907, 09.
Peirce, Clarence E.	Germania, Marquette	1895, 97.
Persons, Enos W.	De Pere, Brown	1889, 91.
Pettibone, Charles A.	Juneau, Dodge	1827, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1870, 71.
Phalen, Dennis T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1898, 95, b.
Phillips, Albert L.	Racine, Racine	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1879, b.
Phillips, Elihu L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 61.
Phillips, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1895, 97.
Phipps, William H.	Hudson, St. Croix	1891, 93.
Pier, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pinckney, Bertine	Rosendale, Fond du Lac....	1852, 53, b.
Pingel, John L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1882, 83.
Pond, Levi E.	Westfield, Marquette	1887, 89.
Pope, Carl C.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.	Wautoma, Waushara	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1862, 63.
Pratt, George W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891, 93, b.
Pratt, Samuel	Spring Prairie, Walworth....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Prentice, Judson	Watertown, Jefferson	1852, 53.
Price, Hugh H.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1889, 91.
Price, William T.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Proudfit, Andrew	Madison, Dane	1858, 59.
Proudfit, James K.	Madison, Dane	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.	Viroqua, Vernon	1863.
Putnam, Henry C.	Brodhead, Green	1895, 97.
Quarles, Joseph V.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.	Sauk City, Sauk	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.	Brodhead, Green	1882, 83.
Randolph, Samuel W.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1903, 05, 07, 09.
Rankin, Joseph	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.	West Salem, La Crosse....	1867, 68.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Reed, Duncan C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, John M.	Kewatnee, Kewatnee	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Myron	Waupaca, Waupaca	1871, 72.
Reed, Orson	Summit, Waukesha	1866, 67, b.
Reed, William W.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Reukema, Rip.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Reymert, James D.	Denoon, Waukesha	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.	Geneva, Walworth	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65.
Reynolds, James C.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889, 91.
Reynolds, John P.	Genoa Junction, Racine	1899, 01.
Rice, John A.	Merton, Waukesha	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel	Juneau, Dodge	1862, 63.
Richardson, Hamilton	Janesville, Rock	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Richmond, George N.	Appleton, Outagamie	1878, 79, b.
Ring, Merritt C.	Ellisville, Clark	1885, b.
Ringle, John	Wausau, Marathon	1883, 85, b.
RJordan, Daniel E.	Eagle River, Vilas	1897, 99, 01, 03.
Ritch, William G.	Celikosh, Winnebago	1868.
Rittenhouse, W.	Monroe, Green	1850, 51.
Rodolf, Charles G.	Orion, Richland	1859, 60, b.
Roehr, Julius E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01, 03, 05, 6
Rogers, Cassius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 05.
Rolfe, James	Jackson, Washington	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.	Menasha, Winnebago	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.	Platteville, Grant	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rummel, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905, 07.
Rust, William A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887, 89.
Ryan, James	Appleton, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.	Lancaster, Grant	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S.	Berlin, Green Lake	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanborn, Albert W.	Ashland, Ashland	1905, 07, 09, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.	Poyette, Columbia	1867, 68, b.
Sara, Christian	Oskosh, Winnebago	1903, b.
Schantz, Adam	Adison, Washington	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard	Chilton, Calumet	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Philip	Barton, Washington	1877, 78, b.
Schuette, John	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875, 76.
Schulteis, Herman J.	Port Washington, Ozaukee ..	1857, 58.
Scotfield, Edward	Oconto, Oconto	1887, 89.
Scott, Thomas B.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W.	Potosi, Grant	1853, b.
Seeley, Merritt W.	Marquette, Green Lake	1859, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 53, b.
Sherman, Benjamin P.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham	Racine, Racine	1848, 49.
Silverman, Lion	Kenosha, Kenosha	1856, 57, b.
Silverthorn, Willis	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859.
Simpson, Edward P.	Wausau, Marathon	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, 82, b.
Smead, Samuel M.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smith, Augustus L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ..	1893.
Smith, Charles H.	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.	Markesan, Green Lake	1905, 07, b.
Smith, John B.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, 54, b.
Smith, Patrick H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
Smith, Perry H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, William E.	Appleton, Outagamie	1856, 67, b.
Solliday, Albert	Fox Lake, Dodge	1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Spensley, Calvert	Watertown, Jefferson	1893, 95, 97.
Spooner, Wyman	Mineral Point, Iowa	1893, 95.
Sprague, Fred A.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1862, 63, b.
Squires, Joel C.	Eagleville, Waukesha	1849, 50.
	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 53, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.



INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, WAUKESHA.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1879, 91, b.
Stanley, Wm. S. Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 85, b.
Starks, Argalus W.	Baraboo, Sauk	1868, 67, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Algoma, Kewaunee	1895, 97, 99, 01, b.
Steele, Elijah	Pike, Kenosha	1859.
Sterling, Levi	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Ephriam E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1865.
Stevens, Henry	Caledonia Center, Racine	1867, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, Alva	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1852, 53, b.
Stewart, John W.	Monroe, Green	1869, 67.
Stondall, Albert M.	Madison, Dane	1905, 07.
Stout, James H.	Menomonie, Dunn	8, 9, 97, 99, 01, 03, 05, 07, 09.
Strong, Bennett U.	Spring Green, Sauk	1870, 71.
Sutherland, George E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81.
Sutherland, James	Janesville, Rock	1855, 56, 57, 58.
Swain, George W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1878, 79.
Sweat, John B.	Black Earth, Dane	1869, 61, b.
Sweet, Benjamin J.	Chilton, Calumet	1861.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.	Barron, Barron	1889, 91, b.
Taylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855, 56, 69, 70, b.
Taylor, Horace A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1889.
Taylor, William R.	Cottage Grove, Dane	1879, 69, b.
Thayer, Lyman W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1897, 97, 99, b.
Thomas, John E.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1863, 61, b.
Thomas, John W.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1903, b.
Thomas, Ormsby E.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1887, 81, b.
Thorn, Gerrit T.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1867, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.	West Bend, Washington	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Herman S.	Cypress, Kenosha	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.	Eau Claire Eau Claire	1866, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1859, 60.
Timme, Ernest G.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1865, 67.
Todd, S. J.	Beloit, Rock	1867, 68.
Torry, Return D.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.	Monroe, Green	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1885, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1851, 52.
Turner, Joseph	Prairieville, Waukesha	1848.
Turner, Peter H.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.	Racine, Racine	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert	La Crosse, La Crosse	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony	Kenosha, Kenosha	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.	Platteville, Grant	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Vittum, Daniel S.	Baraboo, Sauk	1853, 54.
Voss, Wm. F.	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93.
Waddington, James S.	Argyle, Lafayette	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eleazer	Whitewater, Walworth	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman	Alnapee, Kewaunee	1879, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858, 59, b.
Ware, James F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.	Berlin, Green Lake	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.	Windsor, Dane	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Haas B.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1883, 85.
Warren, John H.	Albany, Green	1878, 59.
Washburn, G. W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard	Sussex, Waukesha	1880, 81, b.
Webb, Charles M.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1889, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.	Wautoma, Waushara	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Wechselberg, Julius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 87.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Weed, Henry I.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Weeks, Thompson D.	Whitewater, Walworth	1874, 75, 93, 95, b.
Weil, Baruch S.	West Bend, Washington	1863, 56, 57, b.
Welch, David R.	Baraboo, Sauk	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Welton, Chauncey B.	Madison, Dane	1897, 99.
Wescott, Dayn E.	Shawano, Shawano	1893, 95.
Wescott, Walter S.	Monroe, Green	1864, 65, b.
West, E. B.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1852.
West, Edmund A.	Monroe, Green	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.	Monroe, Green	1894, 55, b.
Wheeler, Edwin	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1857, 58.
Wheeler, Geo. F.	Nanauap, Fond du Lac	1864, 65, 66, 67.
Whelan, John W.	Mondovi, Buffalo	1887, 89, b.
White, Philo	Racine, Racine	1848.
Whitehead, John M.	Janesville, Rock	1877, 99, 01, 03, 05, 07, 03.
Whitman, Alexander B.	Appleton, Outagamie	1877, 99.
Whitman, Joel	Dodgeville, Iowa .....	..... 95.
Whittlesey, T. T.	Madison, Dane	1852, 54.
Widule, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89, b.
Wilcox, Fred M.	Appleton, Outagamie	1905, 07.
Wiley, James P.	Hancock, Waushara	1831, 82, 83, 85.
Wilkinson, Smith S.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1862, 63, 64, 65.
Willard, Victor M.	Waterford, Racine	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.	Janesville, Rock	1839, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1877, 78.
Williams, Myron B.	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson	Stoughton, Dane	1869, 70, b.
Willy, T. Albert	Appleton, Outagamie	1861, 03, b.
Wilmot, Gilead J.	West Bend, Washington	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.	Sparta, Monroe	1868, b.
Wilson, William	Menomonie, Dunn	1857.
Wilson, William K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Wing, Merrick P.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wippenman, Herman C.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1805, 05, b.
Withee, Levi	La Crosse, La Crosse	1892, 95, 97, 99.
Wolf, Louis	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878, 79, b.
Wolf, George W.	Raine, Sheboygan	1901, 03, 05, 07, b.
Woodman, Edwin R.	Baraboo, Sauk	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W.	Farmington, Jefferson	1869, 96, 71, 72, b.
Woodworth, Joseph H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1891, 98.
Woodworth, Dempster W.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1855, 97, 99.
Worthington, Demason	Summit, Waukesha	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1851, 52, b.
Wright, James A.	Merrill, Lincoln	1905, 07, 09.
Wylie, Geo.	Leeds, Columbia	1863, 05, b.
Yahr, Ferdinand T.	Princeton, Green Lake	1891, 93.
Yonmaus, Carlton	Neillsville, Clark	1895, 97.
Young, Austin H.	Prescott, Pierce	1864, 65.
Young, Milan K.	Glen Haven, Grant	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Rns	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1867.
Young, William	Medina, Outagamie	1868, 69.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncey	Madison, Dane	1850.
Abbott, Samuel C.	Verona, Dane	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.	Spring Valley, Rock	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.	Geneva, Walworth	1877.
Abert, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 62, 63, 68, 69, 70, 72.
Abert, George A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 83, 93, b.
Abrams, Delos	Bloomington, Grant	1875.
Abrams, William J.	Green Bay, Brown	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Ackermann, Christian	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855, 97.
Adams, Benjamin F.	Door Creek, Dane	1892, 72.
Adams, Ebenezer	Yorkville, Racine	1855.
Adams, George H.	Danville, Dodge	1864.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1848, b.
Adams, Henry C.	Madison, Dane	1883, 85.
Adams, Isaac	Door Creek, Dane	1867, 75.
Adams, James M.	Oconto, Oconto	1870.
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane	1869, 70, 72, b.
Adams, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Adams, John O.	Fall River, Columbia	1855, 63, b.
Adams, John W.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1899.
Adams, Michael	Columbus, Columbia	1872, 83.
Adamson, Wm. A.	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1870.
Adland, Knud	North Cape, Racine	1879.
Agen, James H.	West Superior, Douglas	1897.
Agrv, David	Green Bay, Brown	1843.
Ahlhauser, Anthony	Saukville, Ozaukee	1860.
Ainsworth, Roderick	Merton, Waukesha	1901, 03, 05, 07.
Akan, Robert	Richland, Richland	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.	Hika, Manitowoc	1883.
Alcott, Denison	Spring Valley, Rock	1863.
Alden, Albert	Delafield, Waukesha	1845, 58, 60.
Alden, Alvin B.	Portage, Columbia	1878.
Alden, Levi	Janesville, Rock	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1878.
Aldrich, William	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1859.
Aaridge, W. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905, 07.
Allan, James, Jr.	Adell, Sheboygan	1879.
Allen, Ahaz F.	Gilmanton, Buffalo	1871.
Allen, Anson C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Allen, Dwight S.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889.
Allen, Fayette	Durand, Pepin	1864, 67, 69.
Allen, George	Linn, Walworth	1855.
Allen, George F.	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1880.
Allen, Glideon W.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1872.
Allen, Henry	Port Washington, Wash.	1848.
Allen, James H.	Sparta, Monroe	1873.
Allen, Joseph	New California, Grant	1867.
Allen, Lucius	East Troy, Walworth	1864.
Allen, Philip	Browntown, Green	1859.
Allen, Thomas S.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1857.
Allen, William C.	Delavan, Walworth	1864, 67.
Allen, William P.	Sharon, Walworth	1851.
Alting, Alexander M.	Saukville, Ozaukee	1857.
Allison, William	Durand, Pepin	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias	Kewaskum, Washington	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.	Argyle, Lafayette	1877.
Anderson, Canute	Grantsburg, Burnett	1878, 83.
Anderson, Henry	Baldwin, St. Croix	1901.
Anderson, John	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette	1860.
Anderson, J. S.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1889.
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1871, b.
Anderson, Nels	Scandinavia, Waupaca	1880.
Anderson, Nicholas	Albion, Dane	1899.
Anderson, Ole	Esofea, Vernon	1875.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Anderson, P. C.	Hammond, St. Croix	1907.
Anderson, Thomas W.	Stevens Point, Portage	1876.
Andrew, Wallace W.	Superior, Douglas	1901, 03, 05.
Anson, Charles II.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Anson, Frank A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Annison, John	Winchester, Winnebago	1856, 57.
Apple, Adam	North Cape, Racine	1882, 83, 85, 87, b.
Armstrong, Charles	Baraboo, Sauk	1853.
Armstrong, John	Wiota, Lafayette	1866.
Armstrong, William H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1873.
Arnemann, W. M.	Neenah, Winnebago	1903.
Arnold, Alexander II.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Aloysius	New Coeln, Milwaukee	1877.
Arnold, Douglas	Williamsburg, Trempealeau	1860.
Arnold, Fayette P.	South Grove, Walworth	1862.
Arnold, Josiah	Portage, Columbia	1878.
Arnot, William L.	Plover, Portage	1877.
Ashley, Oliver	Fox Lake, Dodge	1863, 66.
Ashley, Yates	Pardeeville, Columbia	1863, 64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M.	Farmington, Jefferson	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A.	Emerald Grove, Rock	1848.
Atherton, George R.	Clinton, Rock	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David	Madison, Dane	1861.
Atwood, George F.	Gays Mill, Crawford.....	1909.
Ausman, Henry	Elk Mound, Dunn	1879.
Austin, Wm. H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Austin, William J.	Leon, Monroe	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian	Emmett, Dodge	1852.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P.	Quincy, Adams	1858.
Ayres, D. Cooper	Fort Howard, Brown	1868, 71, 72.
Ayres, Maurice L.	Burlington, Racine	1849.
Babb, John H.	Sabin, Richland	1901.
Babcock, Alexander O.	East Troy, Walworth	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1882.
Babcock, J. W.	Necedan, Juneau	1889, 91.
Babcock, Oscar	Decotah, Waushara	1865, 66.
Bachhuber, Max	Farmersville, Dodge	1860, 64, 75.
Bachuber, Andrew	Knowles, Dodge	1885.
Bacon, Frank L.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1895.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bailey, Alexander	Salem, Kenosha	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.	Menomonie, Dunn	1872.
Bailey, Elihu	Mill Creek, Richland	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, L. S.	Oconto, Oconto	1889.
Bailey, S. J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1872, 81.
Bainbridge, Thomas	Isenton, Lafayette	1891.
Baker, Allen S.	Evansville, Rock	1905, 07.
Baker, Edmund U.	Edmund, Iowa	1891.
Baker, James	East Troy, Walworth	1858.
Baker, John A.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1871.
Baker, John F.	Alma Center, Jackson	1907.
Baker, P. O.	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1829.
Baker, Samuel H.	Bristol, Dane	1854.
Baker, Thomas	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1875.
Baker, William Y.	Tomah, Monroe	1878.
Balch, Albert V.	Weyauvega, Waupaca	1870.
Baldock, Jeremiah W.	Brant, Calumet	1899.
Baldwin, Asa L.	Baldwins Mills, Waupaca	1877.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.	Racine, Racine	1860.
Baldwin, Phineas	Oregon, Dane	1872, 77.
Ball, Hiram J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1871, 78.
Ballach, William	Yorkville, Racine	1859.
Balfantine, George	Patch Grove, Grant	1860.
Ballard, Clinton B.	Appleton, Outagamie	1909.
Bancroft, Jarius L.	Waupun, Dodge	1882, 74.
Bancroft, L. H.	Richland Center, Richland.	1907, 09.

b. See List of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bannister, John	Beloit, Rock	1851, 62.
Bannon, James	New Cassel, Fond du Lac..	1891.
Barber, Hiram	Oak Grove, Dodge	1849.
Barber, J. Allen	Waukesha, Waukesha	1852, 53, 63, 64, D.
Barber, Silas	Waldo, Sheboygan	1863, 75.
Barber, Whitman A.	Lancaster, Grant	1899.
Barber, William A.	Warren Mills, Monroe	1882.
Barden, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus	Pardeeville, Columbia	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman	Plainfield, Wauslara	1873.
Barker, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901, 63.
Barlass, Andrew	Lamerand Grove, Rock	1874, 75, 76.
Barlow, Frederic G.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1873.
Barlow, John M.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1859, 61.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1852, b.
Barnard, Henry C.	Delton, Sauk	1867, b.
Barnes, Caleb P.	Avoca, Iowa	1876, 71.
Barnes, Dwight B.	Burlington, Racine	1859, 55.
Barnes, Harry	Delavan, Walworth	1880, 81.
Barnes, Henry W.	Middleton, Dane	1853, 54.
Barnes, Horace W.	Wiotia, Lafayette	1857, 76, 71.
Barnes, S. K.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1862, 63.
Barnes, William P. ....	....., Fond du Lac..	1859.
Barnett, James R.	Barton, Washington	1853.
Barnett, Morris S.	Neeah, Winnebago	1909.
Barnes, Benj. F.	Eldorado, Fond du Lac..	1891, 57.
Barney, J. A.	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 56.
Barney, A. B.	Mayville, Dodge	1889.
Barnum, George S.	Spencer, Marathon	1891.
Barnum, Marcus H.	Waukau, Winnebago	1861, C4, b.
Barnett, James M.	Wausau, Marathon	1897.
Barron, Henry D.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1878.
	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69,
		72, 73, b.
Barron, Quartus H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S.	Loyd, Richland	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1878.
Barry, A. Constantine	Sylvania, Kenosha	1864.
Barry, James	Pepin, Pepin	1879.
Barry, Thomas	Erin, Washington	1862.
Barter, Samuel	Markesan, Green Lake	1879.
Barth, John	Kiel, Manitowoc	1870.
Bartholf, J. C.	Milton, Rock	1885, 87.
Bartholomew, G. M.	Lodi, Columbia	1857.
Bartlett, Frederick K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Bartlett, James O.	Racine, Racine	1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	East Troy, Walworth	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1882, 1903.
Bartlett, William P.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1903.
Bartzen, Peter	Flintville, Brown	1873, 74.
Rashford, Luther	Glen Haven, Grant	1859, 70.
Passett, Reuben L.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1862.
Passinger, Samuel H.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1858.
Rate, Arthur	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Rate, James A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1871.
Rates, Allen C.	Janesville, Rock	1862, 63, 66.
Rates, Richard B.	Racine, Racine	1872.
Bauer, Frank S.	Le Roy, Dodge	1905, 07.
Baxter, John B. G.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1869.
Beach, Carmi W.	Pardeeville, Columbia	1870.
Beach, Horace	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1864.
Beach, Joseph B.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1897.
Beach, Wood R.	Beetown, Grant	1864.
Beach, Zenas	Eastman, Crawford	1878.
Pean, David H.	Waukau, Winnebago	1863, 80.
Beard, John	Plain, Sauk	1861.
Beard, John F.	Warren (Ill.), Lafayette ..	1874.
Beardsley, James W.	Prescott, Pierce	1862.
Beath, John	Verona, Dane	1860.
Beattie, Thomas	Stoughton, Dane	1880.
Beaumont, Eph.	Hartland, Waukesha	1839.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Becher, John A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Bechtel, Daniel	Madison, Dane	1897.
Beck, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Beck, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Becker, Moritz N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 73.
Becker, Nicholas E.	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1899, 03.
Beckman, Charles	Watertown, Jefferson	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah	Lone Rock, Sauk	1882.
Beckwith, George	Omro, Winnebago	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson F.	Omro, Winnebago	1872.
Beebe, M. P.	Wausau, Marathon	1889.
Bescroft, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Beedle, Geo. E.	Embarrass, Waupaca	1893, 05.
Beer, Julius	Burkhardt, St. Croix	1905.
Beger, Charles	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1856.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.	Black Earth, Dane	1858.
Bell, Charles J.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1854.
Bell, John	Lafayette, Walworth	1853.
Bell, Wm. H.	Racine, Racine	1903, 07.
Bemis, Kiron W.	Janesville, Rock	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.	Glen Haven, Grant	1866, 67.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.	Evansville, Rock	1870.
Bennett, James	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1855.
Bennett, Jesse	Fountain City, Buffalo	1859.
Bennett, Joseph	Sparta, Monroe	1869.
Bennett, Michael J.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1876.
Bennett, Steven O.	Pine Knob, Iowa	1887.
Bennett, Van S.	Clyde, Iowa	1889.
Bennett, Van S.	Raymond, Racine	1850, b.
Benson, Lewis	Rockton, Vernon	1839, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis M.	Oakland, Jefferson	1899, C1, 03.
Benson, Schuyler W.	Lowell, Dodge	1868.
Bentley, John	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1861.
Berg, Frederiek R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Berg, O. H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Bernard, Theodore	Ashland, Ashland	1907.
Berner, Ed. J.	Watertown, Jefferson	1884.
Berry, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905, 07, 09.
Bertram, Henry	Springville, Vernon	1865.
Besse, Henry L.	Watertown, Dodge	1879.
Bettis, Benjamin H.	Butternut, Ashland	1895.
Bichler, W. J.	Radoga, Fond du Lac	1890, C1, C9, S1.
Biddlecome, William R.	Belgium, Ozaukee	1907, C9.
Billingshurst, Charles	Potosi, Grant	1851.
Billings, Henry M.	Juneau, Dodge	1848.
Bingham, James M.	Constance, Iowa	1858, b.
Birchard, Matthew	Palmyra, Jefferson	1863, 64, C9, 70.
Bird, Augustus A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1874.
Bird, Ira W.	Fennimore, Grant	1868.
Bird, Joseph N. P.	Madison, Dane	1851, 56.
Bishop, Benjamin P.	Madison, Dane	1849.
Bishop, George W.	Wautoma, Waushara	1869.
Bishop, John C.	Brownsville, Dodge	1882.
Bjornson, Gabriel	Wonewoc, Juneau	1882, 83.
Black, John	Le Roy, Dodge	1859.
Black, Samuel	Perry, Dane	1851.
Blackman, William W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Blackstock, Thomas	Menomonie, Dunn	1877.
Blackstone, John W.	Waukegan, Dane	1859, C9, 61.
Blake, Edward R.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1869.
Blake, George H.	Sauksburg, Lafayette	1879.
Blake, Lucius S.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1874, b.
Blakeslee, Albert P.	Rochester, Racine	1895.
Blakeslee, Chauncey	Racine, Racine	1871.
Blakeslee, Ephraim	Johnstown, Rock	1848.
Blanchard, Caleb S.	Sparta, Monroe	1877.
Blanshan, Jacob	Benton, Sauk	1850, S1.
Blazer, Henry	East Troy, Walworth	1889.
	Scott, Sheboygan	1870.
	Mequon River, Sheboygan	1855.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe	1873, b.
Blenski, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Bletcher, J. S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Bliss, Albert	Readstown, Vernon	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.	Racine, Racine	1874, 75.
Bliss, George W.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1870.
Block, Hyman E.	Potosi, Grant	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1852.
Blood, Ira	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1859.
Blount, Jere A.	Janesville, Rock	1876.
Fly, George W.	Waupun, Dodge	1861.
Blyton, William H.	Sparta, Monroe	1883, 85, 8.
Bock, Joseph	Lancaster, Grant	1876, 77.
Bodden, Jacob	Theresa, Dodge	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1873, 74.
Boener, Edward	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1854.
Bogan, W. H. P.	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
Bolan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.	Meeme, Manitowoc	1868, 69.
Bohri, Fred J.	Mountain City, Buffalo	1905.
Bolender, John	Monroe, Green	1882, 83.
Boncel, Andrew H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Bond, Joseph	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.	Bellefontaine, Columbia	1864.
Bennin, Christian	Bonduel, Shawano	1895.
Benniwell, W. T., Jr.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1864, 65.
Boomer, Edward J.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Boore, Washington	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Rooth, Charles E.	Elroy, Juneau	1876.
Rorchardt, Francis J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Rorchsenius, Hans	Baldwin, St. Croix	1897.
Rosteda, Louis	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1856.
Rostwick, Perry	Beloit, Rock	1864.
Bosustow, John	Yorkville, Racine	1880.
Potkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1882, b.
Bottum, Henry C.	W. Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1838, 69, 79.
Bouck, Gabriel	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1860, 74.
Bouffleur, Philip	Springville, Vernon	1855.
Boutin, Nelson	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1864.
Boyav, Alvan B.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1859, 60.
Bow, Orin W.	Kingston, Green Lake	1860, 78, 83, 93.
Bowe, Frank	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1891.
Bowen, Jehdeiah	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.	Elo, Winnebago	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph	Hudson, St. Croix	1818, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.	Lodi, Dane	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.	Geneva, Walworth	1862.
Boyd, John	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1855, 60, 62, 79.
Boyd, Thomas	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1865.
Boydson, Philo Q.	Hudson, St. Croix	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.	Fall River, Columbia	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles	Mineral Point, Lafayette	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1848.
Brader, Isaac G.	Wauwaukee, Dane	1839.
Bradberry, Joshua	Mt. Ida, Grant	1895.
Braddock, W. S.	Mather, Jackson	1903, 05.
Bradford, Charles M.	Neillsville, Clark	1909.
Bradford, Ira B.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1880, 81, 1909.
Bradford, Simcon S.	Unfon Grove, Racine	1861.
Bradley, John	Bangor, La Crosse	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.	Leeds, Columbia	1851.
Brand, Frederick C. G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Brandon, William	Smelser's Grove, Grant	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.	Portage, Columbia	1873.
Braton, Laurentus J.	Marquette, Green Lake	1865, 85.
Brayer, Henry A.	Shawano, Shawano	1893.
Bray, William M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1893.
Brazuau, Alexander	Oconto, Oconto	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C.	Scott, Sheboygan	1866.
Bredemeyer, John	Edwards, Sheboygan	1861.
Breitwisch, P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bremner, George	Union Grove, Racine	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.	Wayside, Brown	1881. 05.
Brew, George G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Brick, Nathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879.
Briggs, Andrew	Bad Ax, Vernon	1852. 56.
Briggs, Darius W.	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1871.
Briggs, H. E.	Madison, Dane	1891.
Briggs, John R.	Beloit, Rock	1850.
Briggs, Melancthon J.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1881.
Briggs, Perry R.	Mauston, Juneau	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.	Beetown, Grant	1849. 51.
Briggs, Suel	New Amsterdam, La Crosse	1878.
Brigham, Ebenezer	Blue Mounds, Dane	1848.
Brigham, J. R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Brill, John	So. Kaukauna, Outagamie	1893.
Brimi, Syver E.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887.
Brindley, John	Boscobel, Grant	1879. 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1865.
Brittan, J. A.	Beloit, Rock	1203.
Britton, William B.	Janesville, Rock	1883.
Brock, George H.	Potosi, Grant	1869.
Brockhausen, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905. 07.
Brockway, Eustace L.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1872.
Broderick, George	Hazel Green, Grant	1859.
Bronson, Seldon M.	Menasha, Winnebago	1881.
Brooks, Hall L.	Tomahawk, Lincoln	1905.
Brooks, Wolcott T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860. 77.
Brost, Lambert	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac	1876. 77.
Brown, Armstead C.	Potosi, Grant	1848.
Brown, Charles	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha	1872.
Brown, Daniel	Elm Grove, Waukesha	1866.
Brown, Elida W.	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1883.
Brown, George	Woodman, Grant	1876.
Brown, George W.	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha	1862.
Brown, Isaac	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856.
Brown, James T.	Clinton, Grant	1856.
Brown, Jedediah	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1848. 40.
Brown, Neal	Wausau, Marathon	1891.
Brown, Orlando	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1862. b.
Brown, Samuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Brown, William G.	Skinner, Green	1858.
Brown, William W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Brownson, John W.	Sharon, Walworth	1882.
Bruemmer, Lewis	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1883.
Brunquest, William	Waupaca, Waupaca	1856.
Erunson, Delford S.	Fennimore, Grant	1901.
Bryant, Edwin E.	Madison, Dane	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1867.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane	1899. b
Bryant, Oliver B.	Rutland, Dane	1850.
Buchan, Alfred L.	Racine, Racine	1889.
Buck, Erastus J.	Westfield, Marquette	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.	Springfield, Walworth	1867. 74.
Buckstaff, George A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1895. 97.
Buckstaff, George H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1881. 82. b.
Buell, Chas. E.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1885.
Buffington, Byron A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1877. 99.
Bugh, Jacob S.	Wautoma, Waushara	1860. 83.
Bugh, William A.	Berlin, Green Lake	1866.
Bullard, Ernest L.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1891.
Bullard, Silas	Menasha, Winnebago	1895. 97.
Bullen, Winslow	Portette, Columbia	1870.
Bullock, John D.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1878. 79. 80
Bump, Menzius R.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.	Troy Center, Walworth	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo	Galesville, Trempealeau	1860.
Burbank, Jerome	Brodhead, Green	1864.
Burchar, Charles	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1856.
Burdeau, Willard E.	Plintville, Brown	1801. 05.
Burdge, Richard J.	Beloit, Rock	1879. 80. b.
Burdick, Burrows	Edgerton, Rock	1866.
Burdick, Henry P.	Oscola Mills, Polk	1893. 95.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Burdick, Joseph C.	Berlin, Green Lake	1870.
Burdick, Perez C.	Albion, Dane	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock	1858, 72, 75, b.
Burgess, D. L.	Salem, Kenosha	1889.
Burgess, John	Maxwell, Buffalo	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop	Salem, Kenosha	1852, 57.
Burgit, William	East Troy, Walworth	1870, 74.
Burke, Michael E.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1891, 93.
Burke, Timothy	Green Bay, Brown	1907, b.
Burnett, Ellsworth	Wayside, Brown .....	.....
Burnham, Charles T.	River Falls, Pierce	1877.
Burnham, John F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Burnham, Jonathan L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Burnham, Miles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Burns, David M.	Danville, Dodge	1867.
Burns, Timothy	Fort Howard, Brown	1878.
Burr, Benjamin	Dodgeville, Iowa	1849.
Burroughs, Nelson	Stevens Point, Portage	1868.
Burrows, George B.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863.
Burt, James W.	Madison, Dane	1885, b.
Burch, Albert	Mackford, Green Lake	1860.
Burch, Henry S.	Mayville, Dodge	1863.
Burton, Samuel S.	Farmersville, Dodge	1870.
Busacker, Carl F.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1864.
Bushnell, Allen R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Bushnell, Milo C.	Lancaster, Grant	1872.
Buslett, Ole A.	Omro, Winnebago	1867, 68.
Butler, Amani R. R.	Northland, Waupaca	1909.
Butler, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Butterfield, Henry L.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1832.
Buttles, Mark M.	Waupun, Dodge	1856.
Button, Raiza W.	Onalaska, La Crosse	1897, 99.
Button, Seth W.	City Point, Jackson	1883.
Buxton, Luther	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1873.
Byers, F. W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1868, 69.
	Monroe, Green	1850.
Cabanis, George E.	Big Patch, Grant	1872.
Cabanis, James H.	Georgetown, Grant	1881, 82.
Cadby, John N.	Merton, Waukesha	1865.
Cady, Benjamin A.	Biramwood, Shawano	1909.
Cady, Charles A.	Dell Prairie, Adams	1873, 74, 79.
Cady, Frank A.	Marshfield, Wood	1901, 03.
Cady, Virgil H.	Baraboo, Sauk	1909.
Cahill, James	Franklin, Manitowoc	1862, 63.
Cahoon, Wilber	Baraboo, Sauk	1907.
Cain, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Cain, Elmer E.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1907.
Caincross, George	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus	Lind, Waupaca	1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1889.
Caldwell, William	Barton, Washington	1848.
Calkins, George H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1875.
Callis, John B.	Lancaster, Grant	1874.
Calwell, Sylvester	Cascade, Sheboygan	1869.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1856, 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cameron, John E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Campbell, Alexander	—, Iowa	1862.
Campbell, James	Albany, Green	1861.
Campbell, James M.	Stevens Point, Portage	1843.
Campbell, M. L.	Neenah, Winnebago	1907.
Campbell, Robert	Glendale, Monroe	1880.
Campion, James	Mackville, Outagamie	1883.
Cance, Robert	Etrick, Trempealeau	1883.
Cannon, Lucius	Pepin, Pepin	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.	Madison, Dane	1885, 87.
Carberry, J.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1903.
Carbys, William	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1876.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Carel, John	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1879.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	80. b.
Carey, Robert T.	Beloit, Rock	1853.
Carlisle, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1874, 77, 82, 83.
Carmey, Joseph	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L.	Beloit, Rock	1859.
Carpenter, Fred J.	Stevens Point, Portage	1874, (5), 07.
Carpenter, Joel R.	Oconomowoc, Waukegan	1861.
Carpenter, Newton F.	De Soto, Vernon	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.	Monroe, Green	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.	Milton Junction, Rock	1865, 71.
Carr, Warner C.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1859.
Carroll, John P.	Adell, Sheboygan	1866.
Carter, Almerin E.	Johnstown, Rock	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1874, 77, b.
Carter, Jarvis W.	New London, Waupaca	1863.
Carter, William E.	Platteville, Grant	1875, 78, 79.
Carthew, John	Rockville, Grant	1867, 70.
Cary, Alfred L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.	Johnstown, Rock	1861.
Cary, John W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1855.
Case, John H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
Cash, William H. II.	Eagle Corners, Racine	1887, 81.
Cashin, Patrick H.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1877.
Caskey, La Fayette	Stevens Point, Portage	1897, 90.
Cassoday, John B.	Potosi, Grant	1870.
Caswell, Lucien B.	Janesville, Rock	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1863, 72, 71.
Caswell, Oliver A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cate, George W.	Mount Sterling, Crawford	1872.
Catheart, Hugh	Amherst, Portage	1872, 53.
Catlin, Charles L.	Madison, Dane	1867.
Catlin, Horace	Superior, Douglas	1891.
Catton, James	Cassville, Grant	1856.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Burlington, Racine	1832, 57, 62.
Caverno, Charles	Oseola, Fond du Lac	1870, b.
Caveny, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Cernahan, W. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Challoner, Frank	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1907.
Chamberlain, A. O.	Omro, Winnebago	1875, 87.
Chamberlain, Charles E.	Darlington, Lafayette	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, George H.	Grafton, Washington	1853.
Chambers, George H.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1873.
Chapagne, Peter B.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1881.
Chandler, Joseph P.	Bloomington, Grant	1871.
Chandler, Willard H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1883.
Chapin, William D.	Montfort, Grant	1883.
Chapman, Horace M.	Windsor, Dane	1903, 05.
Chapman, James F.	Bloomfield, Walworth	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapman, Samuel E.	Racine, Racine	1856.
Chappell, William	Potosi, Grant	1850.
Chapple, John C.	Waterford, Racine	1863.
Charleton, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 61.
Chase, Enoch	Ashland, Ashland	1856, 57, b.
Chase, George H.	Verona, Dane	1909.
Chase, Henry	Madison, Dane	1866.
Chase, Henry A.	Lake, Milwaukee	1876.
Chase, Horace	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
Chase, Leroy S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 53, 79, b.
Chase, Reuben	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Chase, Seth A.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1868.
Cheever, Dustin G.	Viroqua, Vernon	1871, 72.
Cheeves, Patrick G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Cheney, David D.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875, 76.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1855.
Chesak, Jos.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868.
	Clinton, Rock	1872, 73.
	North Cape, Racine	1856, 78.
	Sparta, Monroe	1871.
	Whitewater, Rock	1850.
	Poniaowski, Marathon	1839.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Child, James	East Troy, Walworth	1860.
Child, John	Lima, Rock	1873.
Chinnock, John A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1909.
Chapman, William F.	Warren	1869.
Christians, Henry C.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1885.
Christiansen, Geo.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Church, Francis R.	Menomonie, Dunn	1865.
Church, Leonard C.	Walworth, Walworth	1897.
Cirkel, William F.	Seymour, Outagamie	1885.
Clack, Charles	Apple Creek, Outagamie	1897.
Clapp, Harvey S.	New Richmond, St. Croix	1874.
Clark, Charles B.	Neenah, Winnebago	1885.
Clark, Eugene F.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1893, 01.
Clark, George F.	Bugle, Fond du Lac	1866.
Clark, Gid H.	Rhinelander, Oneida	1897.
Clark, Isaac	Galesville, Trempealeau	1870.
Clark, John C.	Wausau, Marathon	1882.
Clark, John G.	Lancaster, Grant	1861.
Clark, Kendall P.	Portland, Jefferson	1857.
Clark, Lyman	Kildare, Juneau	1864.
Clark, Samuel	Randolph Center, Columbia	1887.
Clark, Samuel R.	Brushville, Waushara	1878, 79, 85.
Clark, Saterlee	Green Lake, Marquette	1873, b.
Clarke, Frank E.	Horicon, Dodge	1849.
Clason, Jesse A.	Princeton, Green Lake	1895.
Clason, George W.	Neosho, Dodge	1895.
Clason, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Clausen, Lorenzo N.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1874.
Cleary, M. J.	Washburn, Bayfield	1905, 07.
Cleary, P. A.	Blanchardville, Lafayette	1907, 09.
Clements, David R.	Elroy, Juneau	1900.
Clemmons, Noah	Stevens Point, Portage	1873, 74.
Cleophas, Halvor	Platteville, Grant	1852.
Clifford, Patrick	Beloit, Rock	1901.
Clise, Samuel F.	Marinette, Marinette	1889.
Clise, William H.	Ellenboro, Grant	1860.
Clothier, Samuel T.	Lancaster, Grant	1873.
Clough, Darwin P.	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1851.
Coapman, Lynn N.	Darien, Walworth	1899.
Coates, Benjamin M.	Wycocena, Columbia	1901.
Coates, Kearton	Boscobel, Grant	1869, 75.
Cobb, Amasa	Linden, Iowa	1875, 76.
Cobb, Nathan	Mineral Point, Iowa	1860, 61, b.
Cochrane, Robert	Neenah, Winnebago	1865.
Cochrane, William A.	Westfield, Marquette	1864.
Coe, Edwin D.	Delavan, Walworth	1893.
Coffland, J. E.	Whitewater, Walworth	1878, 79.
Collburn, Albert T.	Richland Center, Richland	1903, 05.
Colby, Charles L.	Cataract, Monroe	1876.
Coldwell, Samuel J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Cole, Luther A.	Mazomanie, Dane	1881.
Cole, Samuel	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
Cole, William	Gratiot, Lafayette	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Coleman, Charles B.	Beetown, Grant	1855.
Coleman, David M.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1883.
Coleman, James	Lowell, Dodge	1875.
Colman, Milo	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.
Colladay, William M.	Rovina, Outagamie	1860.
Colley, Samuel G.	Milwaukee	1862.
Collins, Edward	Stoughton, Dane	1856, 65, b.
Collins, Samuel	Beloit, Rock	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, William F.	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1863.
Colman, Elihu	Yorkville, Racine	1853.
Colman, Orrin	Stevens Point, Portage	1901.
Colony, George W.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872.
Colwell, Otis	Marcellon, Columbia	1853.
Combs, Chester D.	Alderly, Dodge	1868.
Comdohr, Fred N.	Southport, Racine	1849.
Comstock, A. B.	North Royalton, Waupaca	1861, 62.
Comstock, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Comstock, Noah D.	Albany, Green	1909.
	Hudson, St. Croix	1861.
	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1872, 74, 75, 76, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Condit, Frederick T.	Merrillan, Jackson	1879.
Condit, James D.	Sparta, Monroe	1858, 78, 79.
Conc. Sterling M.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1861.
Cone, William A.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1851.
Conger, David B.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Conkey, Theodore	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1868.
Conklin, Edgar	Appleton, Outagamie	1857, b.
Conklin, Sylvester J.	Green Bay, Brown	1857, 53.
Conley, John	Waterloo, Jefferson	1859, 69.
Conner, Edward	Clinton, Rock	1882, 83.
Conner, Henry	Woodville, St. Croix	1889.
Connor, Lawrence	Port Andrew, Richland	1853.
Connor, Robert	Fox Lake, Dodge	1856, 63.
Connors, Mathew J.	Anburndale, Wood	1889.
Converse, Henry	Hurley, Iron	1897.
Conway, John G.	Wycocna, Columbia	1857.
Conway, Patrick J.	Watertown, Jefferson	1895.
Cook, Alfred	Meeme, Manitowoc	1891, 93.
Cook, Bernard F.	Unity, Marathon	1901.
Coolidge, D. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Coolidge, Evan	Downing, Dunn	1907, 69.
Coons, Henry B.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1859.
Cooper, Joel H.	Potosi, Grant	1871.
Copp, William J.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1852.
Corbett, C. A.	Prescott, Pierce	1866.
Corbett, Thomas M.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1859.
Corcoran, B. H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Cornick, Edward P.	Prescott, Pierce	1893.
Corning, William W.	Delavan, Walworth	1859.
Cornwell, Almon D.	Portage, Columbia	1872.
Cornwell, Hiram H.	Salem, Kenosha	1858.
Corson, Dighton	Verona, Dane	1873.
Cory, Jerome B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cory, Jonathan	Patch Grove, Grant	1872.
Cosgrove, P. Stanley	Footville, Rock	1863.
Costigan, William	Chippewa	1903.
Cotton, Zelotas A.	Marshall, Waukesha	1864.
Cottrell, Daniel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Cotzhausen, Alexander	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1861.
Couch, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Coughlin, Cornelius	Amherst, Portage	1891, 93.
Cousins, Henry	West Bend, Washington	1873.
Cousins, Marshall	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1871.
Cowle, George	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1895.
Cowling, W. C.	Glencoe, Buffalo	1872.
Cox, Charles B.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1903.
Cox, George G.	River Falls, Pierce	1863, b.
Cox, Lemuel B.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1879, 80, 85, 87.
Coxe, Honewell	Stevenson, La Crosse	1893, 95.
Craig, Alexander J.	Hartford, Washington	1857.
Craig, Samuel A.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1859.
Craite, Isaac	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Cram, Filphalet	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1887, 89.
Cramond, James	Racine, Racine	1856.
Crandall, Daniel B.	Manchester, Calumet	1852, 56.
Crandall, Paul	Utica, Dane	1858.
Crary, Leonard P.	Lima, Rock	1849.
Cravath, Prosper	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Crawford, Henry	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1850.
Crawford, John	Whitewater, Walworth	1848.
Crawford, John C.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1856.
Crawford, Robert M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Crocker, John R.	Monroe, Green	1849.
Crockett, Samuel	Mineral Point, Iowa	1891.
Croll, William	Belleville, Dane	1870.
Crosby, Geo. H.	Westfield, Marquette	1877.
Crosby, John B.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1891, 93, 95.
Cross, James B.	Beloit, Rock	1875.
Cross, William S.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1862.
Crosse, Charles G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50, 53.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
	Sun Prairie, Dane	1880.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Croswell, Caleb	Baraboo, Sauk	1850.
Crowell, O. A.	Almond, Portage	1902.
Crowley, Joseph Martin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 05.
Culbertson, Clarence B.	Stanley, Chippewa	1900.
Cunningham, Thomas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1857.
Cunningham, Thomas J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1887.
Curley, Thomas	Belle Center, Crawford	1883, 85.
Curtis, Daniel R.	Hilbert, Calumet	1875.
Curtis, David W.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1876.
Curtis, Dexter	Madison, Dane	1833.
Curtis, Joseph S.	Green Bay, Brown	1849, 71, 73.
Curtis, Mark	Hebron, Jefferson	1859.
Curtis, Thurman H.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1846.
Curtiss, W. M.	Trevor, Kenosha	1905, 07, 09.
Daane, Peter, Jr.	Oostburg, Sheboygan	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1865.
Daggett, Henry L.	Bear Creek, Waupaca	1899.
Dahl, Andrew H.	Westby, Vernon	1879, C1, C2, 75.
Dalley, Guy W.	Hudson, St. Croix	1777.
Daily, Charles C.	Marinette, Marinette	1893.
Daily, John G.	Hustisford, Dodge	1864.
Dakin Wm. H.	Dartford, Green Lake	1875.
Dale, Peter J.	Coon Prairie, Vernon	1877.
Daley, Edward	Brown Deer, Milwaukee	1866.
Dana, Stillman E.	Portage City, Columbia	1874.
Danielson, George	Neenah, Winnebago	1838.
Darbellay, Joseph E.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1830, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.	Shiocton, Outagamie	1874.
Darrow, John	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1893.
Daub, Charles H.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1903.
Daugherty, Jonathan	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Davenport, C. A.	Auroraville, Waushara	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O.	Soldiers' Grove, Crawford	1883, 95, 97.
Davies, David C.	Cambria, Columbia	1838.
Davis, Charles A.	Bear Creek, Waupaca	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Davis, Emery F.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1843.
Davis, John J.	Mifflin, Iowa	1871.
Davis, John W.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage, Columbia	1856, b.
Davis, Orasmus S.	Cato, Manitowoc	1872.
Davis, Richard H.	Baraboo, Sauk	1852.
Davis, Thomas	Millard, Walworth	1865, 66.
Davison, James	Waupun, Dodge	1879.
Dawson, Robert W.	Beverly, Dane	1857.
Dawson, John	La Crosse, La Crosse	1882, 91.
Day, John	Green Bay, Brown	1856.
Day, Rufus M.	Mt. Hope, Grant	1835, 87.
Dean, Charles K.	Roscobel, Grant	1868.
Dean, Nathaniel W.	Madison, Dane	1867.
DeGross, Allen H.	Nelson, Buffalo	1895.
DeGroff, John W.	Alma, Buffalo	1879, b.
Deissner, Charles T.	Waukoesha, Waukoesha	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1877.
Delaney, Arthur K.	Horton, Dodge	1869, b.
Delaney, Mitchell L.	Barton, Washington	1825, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.	Pensaukee, Oconto	1882.
Delany, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1849.
DeLap, R. H.	Viola, Richland	1889.
Deleglise, Frank A.	Antigo, Langlade	1892.
DeLong, Cornelius	Belmont, Lafayette	1850.
Dengel, Edward J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Deniston, Charles R.	Cadiz, Green	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M.	Watertown, Dodge	1872, b.
Dennis, W. L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Dent, James S.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1876.
Desmond, H. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Desnoyer, Francis	Green Bay, Brown	1824.
Detrick, Walter G.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1882.
Detling, John M.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1889.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Detling, Val	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1907.
Detmering, Charles W.	Newburg, Washington	1858.
Duster, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Deuster, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863. b.
Devancy, Dominick	Montello, Marquette	1853.
Dey, Patrick	Watertown, Jefferson	1873.
Dewane, Dennis	Cooperstown, Brown	1873. 76.
Dewey, William Pitt	Lancaster, Grant	1869. 73.
Dewhurst, Richard	Neillsville, Clark	1839. 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
DeWolf, John	Delavan, Walworth	1866.
Dexter, Walter L.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1873.
Dick, Alonzo D.	Manchester, Calumet	1849.
Dick, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Dick, Wm. H.	Brothertown, Calumet	1851. 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign	Platteville, Grant	1833.
Dickson, John P.	Janesville, Rock	1859. 69.
Dieckman, Theodore	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1893.
Dieringer, Andrew	Auburn, Fond du Lac	1866. 69.
Dietrich, August	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1835.
Dieves, William	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1861.
Dike, Henry B.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1891.
Dill, Dan J.	Prescott, Pierce	1839. 91.
Diamond, Neil	Midland, Marquette	1872.
Dimsdale, James	Soldiers Grove, Crawford	1863. 65.
Disch, Wm.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907. 63.
Dittmar, F. R.	Wynour, Outagamie	1857.
Dittmar, Nicholas	Meeme, Manitowoc	1863. 67.
Davin, Edward	Richfield, Washington	1839.
Dixon, Hannibal S.	New London, Waupaca	1877.
Dixon, John	Racine, Racine	1833.
Dixen, William	Ithaca, Richland	1859. 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870.
Doekry, Michael	Morrison, Brown	1870.
Doekry, Patrick	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1860.
Doekstader, Benjamin	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1862. 63.
Dodge, A. Clark	Monroe, Green	1899. 01.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.	Lancaster, Grant	1850. 52, 68.
Dodge, Joshua E.	Racine, Racine	1891.
Dodge, Henry S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Doe, William H.	Oskosh, Winnebago	1835.
Dole, Augustus O.	Povnette, Columbia	1875.
Domachowski, J. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907. 69.
Donald, John S.	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1863. 65, b.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1852. 53, 54.
Donovan, Richard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1863. 69.
Doollittle, H. C.	Cumberland, Barron	1833.
Doran, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Dorner, Carl Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1902.
Dorwin, Vivus W.	Durand, Pepin	1877. 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1848.
Doud, Reuben	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1865.
Douglas, A. S.	Monroe, Green	1903.
Douglas, Alanson C.	Hanover, Rock	1866.
Douglas, Byron	Appleton, Outagamie	1863.
Douglas, Carlos L.	Walworth, Walworth	1872.
Douglas, David	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1907.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson	1874. b.
Dousman, Hercules F.	Waterville, Waukesha	1877.
Dow, Everett E.	La Grange, Walworth	1861.
Dow, John T.	Cooksville, Rock	1867.
Dowe, Carl	Horicon, Dodge	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richmond, Richland	1875. b.
Doxtader, Harry	Tomah, Monroe	1877.
Doyle, Peter	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1873.
Drake, Henry C.	Milford, Jefferson	1866.
Dresser, Lester B.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1897. 93.
Dresser, Samuel B.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1879.
Dreutzer, Gus A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1887.
Drew, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868. 69, 76.
Duchman, William	Menasha, Winnebago	1858.
Dudgeon, M. S.	Madison, Dane	1903.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Duerrwaechter, Philip G....	S. Germantown, Wash'gton	1901.
Duffy, Thomas T.	Benton, Lafayette	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.	Iola, Waupaca	1858.
Dunlap, Charles	Elkhorn, Walworth	1875.
Dunn, James B.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.	Mapleton, Dodge	1874.
Dunn, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1884.
Dunn, Thaddeus K.	Wonewoc, Juneau	1881.
Dunning, Philo	Madison, Dane	1874.
Dunwiddie, David	Brodhead, Green	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire	Robinson, Brown	1887.
Durgin, Ezra	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1848.
Durland, John S.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1905.
Durley, Albert W.	Superior, Douglas	1907.
Dutcher, William	Columbus, Columbia	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.	Oregon, Dane	1867.
Dwinnell, John B.	Lodi, Columbia	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.	Racine, Racine	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.	Burlington, Racine	1858.
Eager, Almeron	Evansville, Rock	1901.
Earl, Thomas	Fulton, Rock	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.	Pardeeville, Columbia	1858.
Earnes, James H.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1852, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1851.
Eastman, Enos	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1871, b.
Eastman, Lafayette	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1879.
Easton, Elijah	Walworth, Walworth	1851, 58.
Eaton, Barney A.	Cudahy, Milwaukee	1895, 97, b.
Eaton, Addison	Lodi, Columbia	1880.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland	1865, 66, b.
Eaton, William	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1855.
Eble, Andrew	—, Milwaukee	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.	De Soto, Vernon	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.	Waterville, Waukesha	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen R.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1870.
Edmonds, E. A.	Oconto Falls, Oconto	1891.
Edwards, John	Port Edwards, Wood	1893.
Edwards, Wynn	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1897.
Egan, Michael	St. Martin's, Milwaukee	1883, b.
Egan, Walter D.	Superior, Douglas	1909.
Egery, Edward Alden	Racine, Racine	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H.	Clyman, Dodge	1856.
Eidemiller, Louis	New Castle, Fond du Lac	1882.
Eighme, Richard P.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859.
Ekern, Herman L.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1903, 05, 07.
Ekern, Peder	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau	1881.
Ela, George	Rochester, Racine	1899, 01.
Eldridge, A. D.	Neenah, Winnebago	1905.
Eline, Francis M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01.
Elkert, Chas.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, 89.
Elkins, John	Racine, Racine	1873.
Ellarson, James T.	Wautoma, Waushara	1895.
Ellerfon, Christen	Liberty Pole, Vernon	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1878, 79.
Elliot, George W.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.	Green Bay, Brown	1861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitt	Genesee, Waukesha	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.	Muscoda, Iowa	1889.
Elver, Elmore T.	Madison, Dane	1907.
Elver, Fritz	Middleton, Dane	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.	Hudson, St. Croix	1864.
Emery, Albert W.	Potosi, Grant	1857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.	Portage City, Columbia	1861.
Emmons, Newton H.	Stevens Point, Portage	1865.
Emmons, Wales	Watertown, Jefferson	1848.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
English, Thomas W.	Baraboo, Sauk	1891.
Eno, Edgar	Valley, Vernon	1874, 91.
Enos, Elihu, Jr.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1857.
Erickson, Arnt	New Auburn, Chippewa	1902.
Erickson, Ole	Grantsburg, Burnett	1801.
Erskine, George Q.	Racine, Racine	1866.
Essau, Fred	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	921.
Esser, Bernard	Middleton, Dane	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1871, 82, 85.
Estabrook, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 09.
Estabrook, Experience	Platteville, Grant	1834.
Eugene, John B.	Whitewater, Walworth	1851.
Eustis, William	Green Bay, Brown	1868.
Evans, Chas. A.	Oakland, Jefferson	1854.
Evans, David, Jr.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1865.
Evans, Evan W.	Berlin, Green Lake	1901, 03.
Evans, John M.	Spring Green, Sauk	1885, 87, 01, 03.
Evans, Llewelyn J.	Union, Rock	1856, 73.
Evans, Neils C.	Racine, Racine	1857.
Evans, Rees	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1893.
Evans, William H.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1869.
Everett, Edw. A.	Yankeetown, Crawford	1874.
Everley, Francis, Jr.	Eagle River, Vilas	1905, 07.
Everts, Almeron B.	West Bend, Washington	1851.
Everts, Edward L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1861.
Everts, George W.	Falls City, Dunn	1882.
Eviston, John W.	Granville Sta., Milwaukee	1883.
Eviston, Thomas H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 64.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1839.
Faber, William	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891.
Fagan, James	Cedarburg, Washington	1849, 57.
Fagg, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius	Madison, Dane	1861.
Fairchild, H. O.	Marinette, Marinette	183, 55.
Falvey, Thomas	Racine, Racine	1855, 56.
Falvey, W. H.	Crivitz, Marinette	1907.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1875.
Farr, Asa W.	Geneva, Walworth	1856.
Farr, Asahel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1873, b.
Farr, Joseph R.	Phillips, Price	1870.
Farrell, John T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Farwell, Leonard J.	Madison, Dane	1869.
Fay, Benjamin F.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1871.
Fay, Reuel K.	Star Prairie, St. Croix	1865.
Fay, Truman M.	Roche-a-Cri, Adams	1873.
Fehland, H. R.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1889.
Fehlandt, William	Merrill, Lincoln	1889.
Feige, Julius	Mazomanie, Dane	1889.
Feld, Carl R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99.
Fellenz, John	Watertown, Jefferson	1885, 87, 89.
Fellows, Timothy H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 70, 72, 83.
Felt, Eugene K.	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1852, 53.
Fenclon, James	Beloit, Rock	1872, 73.
Fenton, Thomas	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1901, 09.
Ferrin, Samuel A.	Attica, Green	1853.
Ferris, George H.	Montford, Grant	1872.
Fesenfeld, Herman	Lamartine, Fond du Lac	1887.
Fetzer, John	Black Earth, Dane	1901.
Fiebrantz, W. J.	Forestville, Door	1885.
Field, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Field, Norton J.	Berlin, Green Lake	1864.
Field, Robert C.	Racine, Racine	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Field, Storer W.	Richland City, Richland	1887, b.
Field, William, Jr.	Fitchburg, Dane	1853, 58.
Field, William W.	De Pere, Brown	1859.
Field, Sam S.	Fennimore, Grant	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Filer, Alanson	Ashland, Ashland	1874, 75, 76, b.
	Racine, Racine	1855.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Filz, Joseph	Luxemburg, Kewaunee	1891, 93.
Finch, Earl P.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883.
Finch, Oscar	Angusta, Eau Claire	1891.
Findago, Charles	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1882.
Finger, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Fink, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Finkelberg, Augustus	Fountain City, Buffalo	1874, b.
Finley, William S.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1861.
Finu, David	Merrill, Lincoln	1893, 95.
Finnegan, W.	Green Bay, Brown	1903.
Finnerty, Patrick	Wrightstown, Brown	1887.
Fischer, Francis	Cross Plains, Dane	1860.
Fischer, Henry P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Fischer, James	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Grant U.	Janesville, Rock	1909.
Fisher, Lewis S.	Sparta, Monroe	1887.
Fisher, Lucius G.	Beloit, Rock	1857.
Fisher, Seth	Center, Rock	1869.
Fisk, Harmon J.	Fall River, Columbia	1877.
Fisk, William J.	Fort Howard, Brown	1875, 76.
Fitzgerald, Frank	Hartford, Washington	1877.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M.	Franklin, Milwaukee	1860.
Fitzgerald, James	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1870, 71.
Fitzgerald, William H.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1878, 79, 80, 91, 93.
FitzGibbon, E. E.	Waunakee, Dane	1855.
Flagg, Abner S.	Edgerton, Rock	1897.
Flaherty, Michael J.	Stark, Brown	1899, 01.
Flanders, James G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Fleming, John G.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1887.
Fleming, William	Emmett, Dodge	1879, 80.
Fletcher, Daniel	Hustisford, Dodge	1856.
Flett, William H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1897.
Flian, Hezekiah	Watertown, Jefferson	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L.	Princeton, Green Lake	1861.
Flint, John M.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1866, 67.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1875, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake	1876, b.
Flood, Martin	Brooklyn, Green	1856.
Flynn, John	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1849.
Fogo, William M.	Richland Center, Richland	1897, 99.
Folts, Jonas	Black River, Jefferson	1863.
Fontaine, Benjamin	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock	1857, 67, b.
Foot, Apollon D.	Berlin, Green Lake	1873.
Forbes, Jabez L.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1861, 69.
Ford, David	Waunakee, Dane	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.	Columbus, Columbia	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P.	Golden Lake, Jefferson	1863.
Foster, Carlton	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.	Mayville, Dodge	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert	Foster, Fond du Lac	1863.
Foster, Geo. H.	Whitewater, Walworth	1863.
Foster, Henry L.	Deerfield, Dane	1853.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago	1869, 70 b.
Fowler, Jacob	Emerald, Rock	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams	Columbus, Dodge	1870.
Fowler, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George	Herman, Dodge	1854.
Frackenber, Ernst	Newberg, Washington	1865.
Frank, John G.	Jackson, Washington	1879.
Frank, Michael	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Frary, John S.	Oregon, Dane	1865.
Fraser, Frank L.	Lake Beulah, Walworth	1891, 93, 95.
Frazell, James B.	Wonewoc, Juneau	1863.
Frazier, William	Enterprise, Vernon	1874.
Frear, J. A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1903, b.
Freeman, Charles F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871, 80.
Freeman, James W.	Herman, Dodge	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
French, Asa W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1887, 89, 95.
Frey, Anton	Franklin, Milwaukee	1864.
Fridd, John A.	Koro, Winnebago	1903, 05.
Friend, Jacob E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Frink, Charles N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Frisby, Leander F.	West Bend, Washington	1861.
Fritzke, R. W. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Froelich, William H.	Jackson, Washington	1895, 97.
Frost, Andrew C.	Mountain, Oconto	1895.
Frost, Fred J.	Almond, Portage	1899, 01.
Frost, George L.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1859, b.
Frost, Joseph	Avoca, Iowa	1867.
Frost, Richard D.	Madison, Dane	1881.
Fryer, Nelson	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.	Eden, Manitowoc	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred	Waupun, Dodge	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M.	Loyal, Clark	1893.
Fulton, David C.	Hudson, St. Croix	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst	Oconto, Oconto	1873, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1852.
Gaarder, O. P.	Oxfordville, Rock	1891.
Gabriel, Hiram	Stewart, Green	1882, 23.
Gage, Charles D.	New Fane, Fond du Lac... ..	1853, 67.
Gage, Leroy D.	Richland Center, Richland.	1862.
Gagnon, Jonas	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1839, 01.
Galaghan, Patrick	Darlington, Lafayette	1871.
Galaway, Martin O.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1899, 01.
Gallager, James S.	Gratiot, Lafayette	1883.
Gallagher, John E.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1850.
Gallett, Charles R.	Portage, Columbia	1879.
Galloway, Edwin H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1863, 64.
Gardner, George R.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1883.
Gardner, William	Emerald Grove, Rock	1879.
Garrison, Orestes	Centralla, Wood	1861.
Garside, Ben Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Gary, George	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1854, 55, b.
Gault, Frank	Pheasant Branch, Dane	1858, 67, 63.
Gawin, August M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 59, 01.
Gaynor, John A.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1893.
Gea, James E.	Brandon, Fond du Lac... ..	1881.
Gea, John	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1861.
Geise, William	Waterloo, Dodge	1879.
Geisse, Charles	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac.	1864, 69, 70.
Georgi, Herman E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 09.
Geraghty, Patrick	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.	1875.
Germain, Columbus	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1876.
Germer, Amos E.	Dexterville, Wood	1899.
Gibb, John	Ixonia, Jefferson	1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.	Whitewater, Walworth	1873.
Gibson, Moses S.	Hudson, St. Croix	1859.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.	North Prairie, Waukesha... ..	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha... ..	1873, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.	Racine, Racine	1848.
Gilbert, Myron	Prospect Hill, Waukesha... ..	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon	Cascade, Sheboygan	1882.
Gillespie, John	Dellona, Sauk	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1880, 81.
Gillilan, Davis	Potosi, Grant	1849.
Gilman, Charles W.	Mondovi, Buffalo	1901, 03.
Gilman, Franklin	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1880.
Gilmore, Henry S.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1895, 99.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Gilmore, Hiram L.	North Cape, Racine	1863, 68, 69.
Gilmore, James	Jamestown, Grant	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.	Oconto, Oconto	1863, D.
Gleason, Charles R.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1879.
Gleason, George	Whitewater, Rock	1876.
Gleason, Thomas	Grimm's, Manitowoc	1881.
Glenn, Robert	Wyalusing, Grant	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand	Hustisford, Dodge	1865, 73.
Goodard, H. J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1885.
Goedjen, Henry	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George	Bradhead, Green	1890.
Goldsworthy, C. R.	Vesper, Wood	1927.
Goodall, L. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Goodell, B. Frank	Montello, Marquette	1876.
Goodell, Emilius S.	Viroqua, Vernon	1897.
Goodell, Lemuel	Stockbridge, Calumet	1848, b.
Goodhue, Thomas H.	Whitewater, Rock	1864, 70.
Goodrich, Charles P.	Christiana, Jefferson	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph	Milton, Rock	1853.
Goodsell, Elihu B.	Ughland, Iowa	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.	Mayville, Dodge	1883.
Goodwin, George B.	Menasha, Winnebago	1869.
Gordon, Abram	Racine, Racine	1872.
Gordon, Edw. B.	Glidden, Ashland	1905.
Gorman, Michael	North Port, Waupaca	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1855, 93.
Gowdy, David C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Graham, Alexander	Janesville, Rock	1841, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.	Muscoda, Grant	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Granger, Jedediah W.	Menomonie, Dunn	1879.
Grant, Harvey	Tichora, Marquette	1875.
Grant, Job N.	Union Center, Juneau	1875.
Grant, Willard	Hebron, Jefferson	1875.
Grassie, George F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907.
Graves, Gaylord	East Troy, Walworth	1848.
Graves, George S.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, LeRoy	Gravesville, Calumet	1861.
Graves, Sereno W.	Putland, Dane	1861.
Gray, Albert L.	Pt. Howard, Brown	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D.	Hudson, St. Croix	1876.
Gray, Amos S.	Osceola, Polk	1865.
Gray, Ansley	Avoca, Iowa	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1854, 58, b.
Gray, James B.	Hudson, St. Croix	1873.
Gray, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1877, 78.
Greeman, John W.	Bergen, Vernon	1867.
Green, Asaph	Chilton, Calumet	1861.
Green, John	Moscow, Iowa	1867.
Green, Paul M.	Milton, Rock	1893.
Green, William C.	York, Green	1859.
Green, William H.	Lowell, Dodge	1872, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.	Milford, Jefferson	1863.
Greene, Walter S.	Milford, Jefferson	1862, b.
Greening, Philip	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1879.
Greening, William	Little Prairie, Walworth	1877.
Greenwood, Charles F.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1905.
Gregory, George K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Greulich, Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 56, b.
Grier, Thomas H.	Ploomfield, Walworth	1865.
Griffin, Cornelius S.	Saukville, Washington	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1869, 62.
Griffin, John D.	Shields, Dodge	1855.
Griffin, John G.	Randolph, Columbia	1876.
Griffin, Michael	Elkhorn City, Columbia	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick	Waterloo, Dodge	1874.
Grimm, Christopher	Jefferson, Jefferson	1893.
Grimm, George	Jefferson, Jefferson	1887.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Grimmer, Thomas D.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1872.
Grimshaw, John	Elroy, Juneau	1887.
Grinde, Hans S.	De Forest, Dane	1887.
Griswold, William M.	Columbus, Columbia	1888, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.	Tirade, Walworth	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1851.
Grootemaat, Abraham L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Grosse, John	Little Saumico, Oconto	1899.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.	Madison, Dane	1899.
Grover, Woodbury S.	Prairie Farm, Barron	1877.
Grubb, William S.	Baraboo, Sauk	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman	Watertown, Dodge	1875.
Grube, Herman G.	Watertown, Jefferson	1899.
Guernsey, Francis M.	Clintonville, Waupaca	1878.
Guernsey, George H.	Almond, Portage	1875.
Guernsey, Orrin	Janesville, Rock	1862.
Gulick, Joachim	Ora Oak, Grant	1857.
Gundersen, Lars L.	Cumberland, Barron	1889.
Gunn, Smith R.	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Gunning, J. W.	Friendship, Adams	1889.
Gurnee, John D.	Madison, Dane	1872.
Guth, Louis D.	Kewaskum, Washington	1899.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John	Beloit, Rock	1852.
Haderer, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, c3.
Hadley, Jackson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1894, 65, 66, 67, b.
Haefel, Joseph J.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1887.
Haefel, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 87.
Hagarty, John B.	Medford, Taylor	1905.
Hagemeister, H. F.	Green Bay, Brown	1893, 95, b.
Hagen, Charles J.	Black Creek, Outagamie	1905, 07.
Hager, W. S.	West De Pere, Brown	1907.
Hagerty, Timothy	Franklin, Milwaukee	1854.
Hagstad, K. K.	Ettrick, Trempealeau	1889.
Haggerty, John A.	Ferryville, Crawford	1901.
Hahn, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Haight, Elmer E.	Poynette, Columbia	1909.
Haight, J. Hayward	Brothertown, Calumet	1887.
Halbert, Thomas L.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1875.
Hale, Obed P.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1851.
Hale, Samuel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1854.
	Racine, Racine	1850.
Hall, Albert R.	Knapp, Dunn	1891, 93, 95, 97, 99, 01.
Hall, Charles	Oconto, Oconto	1887, 89.
Hall, Daniel	Watertown, Jefferson	1879, 71, 72.
Hall, Erasmus D.	Waukau, Winnebago	1848.
Hall, George H.	Dell Prairie, Adams	1862.
Hall, Henry	Walworth, Walworth	1870.
Hall, John W.	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1861.
Hall, Jonathan C.	Marinette, Marinette	1858.
Hall, Thomas W.	Monroe, Green	1857.
Hallock, James L.	Parnside, Buffalo	1870.
Ham, Philip A.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1865.
Hambrecht, George P.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1909.
Hambright, C. M.	Racine, Racine	1855.
Hamilton, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Hamilton, Henry C.	Waucousta, Fond du Lac	1862.
	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1858.
Hamilton, Irenus K.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1869.
Hamilton, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 77.
Hamm, Philip H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 65.
Hammarquist, Ch. G.	Pt. Atkinson, Jefferson	1860.
Hammel, David	Appleton, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Hammel, Leopold	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87.
Hammett, George W.	—, Lafayette	1882.
Hammill, Frank	Spoooner, Washburn	1909.
Hammon, Alason P.	Montfort, Grant	1866.
Hammond, Charles F.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1861, 62.
Hammond, John	Clinton, Rock	1870, 71.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hand, Jesse F.	Rocky Run, Columbia	1865.
Haney, Robert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Haney, M. C.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1887.
Hanke, Charles F.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1893, 95.
Hannafin, Daniel L.	Waterloo, Dodge	1893, 95.
Hanrahan, John	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1881, 63.
Hanrahan, Michael	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1888.
Hansen, Edward F.	Beloit, Rock	1855.
Hansen, William O.	Beloit, Rock	1865.
Hanson, Andrew C.	Mindoro, La Crosse	1901.
Hanson, James	Ephraim, Door	1885.
Hanson, Sylvester	La Grange, Walworth	1862.
Hanson, William E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1862, 63.
Hardgrove, John	Armstrg's Cor., F'd du Lac.	1883.
Hardy, William H.	Genesee, Waukesha	1874, 76.
Harker, James	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1865.
Harmen, John C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1895.
Harns, John	Platteville, Grant	1863.
Harnden, Henry	Rome, Jefferson	1866.
Harrass, Otto	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 99.
Harring, J. D.	Armenia, Juneau	1907.
Harrington, Benjamin R.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1855.
Harrington, George B.	Boscobel, Crawford	1866.
Harrington, George P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Harrington, Perry G.	Sugar Creek, Walworth	1854.
Harris, Caleb C.	Douman, Waukesha	1825.
Harris, Charles L.	Jacksonport, Door	1872.
Harris, Joseph	Fairview, Grant	1861, 69, 71.
Harrison, Stephen A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 75.
Harsh, John	Stockbridge, Calumet	1875.
Hart, Alexander H.	Lima, Calumet	1854.
Hart, Edmond	Elroy, Juneau	1885.
Hart, Judson G.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1879.
Hartmann, Theodore O.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hartung, Frederick	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1889, 01, 03, 05.
Hartung, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Harvey, Leslie C.	Oconto, Oconto	1897, 99.
Hasey, John	York, Dane	1850.
Hasey, Samuel	Columbus, Columbia	1874.
Haskell, Job	Saukville, Ozaukee	1869.
Hass, Robert	Watertown, Jefferson	1864.
Hassa, F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Hasse, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1822, 53.
Hastings, Samuel D.	Geneva, Walworth	1849.
	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1867.
Hatch, Benjamin T.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1863.
Hatcher, William W.	Waupun, Fond du Lac....	1862.
Haugen, Nils P.	River Falls, Pierce	1879, 80.
Hawkins, William A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 56.
Hawks, Eli	Juneau, Dodge	1878, 81.
Hawley, Charles S.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1876, 57, 53.
Hawley, George	Poyssippi, Waushara	1857.
Hawn, Charles A.	Rock Elm Center, Pierce..	1873.
Hay, Samuel M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, b.
Hayden, Edward G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Hayden, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Hayes, Henry	Cascade, Sheboygan	1862.
Hayes, Titus	Platteville, Grant	1853.
Hayes, Thomas	Richfield, Washington	1856.
Hays, James B.	Juneau, Dodge	1867.
Hays, Samuel	Neosho, Jefferson	1861.
Hayward, Paul D.	Kingston, Marquette	1857.
Hazard, Enos I.	La Grange, Walworth	1849.
Hezeltine, Ira S.	Richland Center, Richland.	1867.
Hazen, Chester	Brandon, Fond du Lac....	1885.
Hezen, Nathan	Poynette, Columbia	1861.
Head, Charles B.	Albion, Dane	1854, 56, 63.
Heath, Chancy G.	Dewaunee, Waukesha	1848.
Heilbron, Herman H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907.
Heimdahl, Knud O.	Deerfield, Dane	1871.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Heimerl, Joseph, Jr.	Farmersville, Dodge	1880.
Heinecke, Herman	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1905.
Hellberg, Louis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Hemenway, H. C.	Richmond, Walworth	1851.
Hemml, Ulrich	Black Hawk, Sauk	1879.
Hemschmeyer, W. H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1879. 80.
Henderson, Asabel	Beloit, Rock	1874.
Henderson, Joseph R.	Riley, Dane	1891.
Henning, John O.	Hudson, St. Croix	1851.
Henry, Andrew	Madison, Dane	1869.
Henry, John A.	Easton, Adams	1991. 65.
Henry, Robert	Anchorage, Buffalo	1869.
Henton, Theodore	Otsego, Columbia	1889.
Herrick, Merton	Hudson, St. Croix	1881.
Herron, Wilson R.	Sharon, Walworth	1. 74. 77.
Herzer, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hesk, William R.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1861.
Hetzl, Henry C.	Merrill, Lincoln	1857.
Heyl, Charles W.	Madison, Dane	1893.
Hicks, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	18. 9. b.
Hicks, Franklin Z.	Avoca, Iowa	1841.
Higgins, James	Hubbleton, Dodge	1874.
Higgins, Patrick	Menomonee, Waukesha	1850.
Hildebrandt, Henry	Station, Washington	1863. 64.
Hiles, George	Dexterville, Wood	1867.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	187. 79. 80. b.
Hill, Thomas	Spring Green, Sauk	1899.
Hill, Thomas W.	Springfield, Walworth	1858. 63.
Hill, William	New Diggings, Lafayette	1849.
Hilliard, John U.	Merton, Waukesha	1852.
Hilley, Edwin	Waupun, Dodge	1853.
Hinckley, J. R.	Tomah, Monroe	1883.
Hinckley, Leonard D.	Eagle, Waukesha	1871.
Hindes, Lemuel P.	Lodi, Columbia	1897.
Hineman, Miles Leroy	Tomah, Monroe	1887.
Hinn, Christopher	Fennimore, Grant	1891.
Hintze, C. F. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Hirschinger, Charles	Baraboo, Sauk	1903. 95.
Hitt, Henry D.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1871. 72. b.
Hobart, Adin P.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
Hobart, Harrison C.	Chilton, Calumet	1859.
Hobart, M. C.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1849. b.
Hobbs, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Hodgins, David	Fall River, Columbia	1855.
Hodgson, Manville S.	Morrison, Brown	1874. 75.
Hoeflinger, Carl	Hortonville, Outagamie	1991. 63.
Hoehle, William E.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1875.
Hoffman, Herman H.	Wausau, Marathon	1862. 70.
Hogan, James J.	Superior, Douglas	1899.
Hogan, John M.	Amherst Junction, Portage	1895.
Hogan, Michael	La Crosse, La Crosse	1889. 91.
Holcomb, David L.	Green Bay, Brown	1882. 97.
Holchouse, Joseph W.	McAsha, Winnebago	1862. 63.
Holland, Bjorn	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1893. 99.
Holle, Henry J.	Barton, Washington	1881. 82.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P.	Hollandale, Iowa	1899. 01.
Hollman, James V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Holloway, John C.	Highland, Iowa	1855.
Holly, Alanson	Platteville, Grant	1835.
Holman, Nels	Lancaster, Grant	1871. b.
Holmes, Harvey	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1868.
Holmes, John E.	Deerfield, Dane	1893.
Holmes, Miles	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Holt, Eleazor	Jefferson, Jefferson	1853.
Holton, Edward D.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1858.
Holzhauser, Charles	Malden Rock, Pierce	1868.
Hooker, Culver E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
	Waupun, Dodge	1887.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hooker, Daniel P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Hooker, Jesse	Salem, Kenosha	1854.
Hooper, Daniel	Troy, Walworth	855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane	1826, b.
Hoppock, David D.	Rubicon, Dodge	1842.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1851, 54, 57, 59, 69, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Horst, Henry	Hayton, Calumet	1876.
Horton, Norman	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1860.
Horton, Townsend N.	West Salem, La Crosse	1865.
Hoskins, Leander	Union, Rock	1850.
Hoskins, William	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S.	Pleasant Prairie, Keneshs	1874, 91.
Howard, Nathan B.	Magnolia, Rock	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B.	Nora, Dane	1851.
Howe, Oliver C.	Lowville, Columbia	1836, 57.
Howell, Henry S.	Watertown, Jefferson	1863.
Howell, Richard P.	Racine, Racine	1842.
Howland, Meredith	Kenosha, Kenosha	1869.
Hoydt, Edwin L.	Manchester, Green Lake	1869.
Hoye, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Charles M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Hoyt, Emerson D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 92, 95, 97.
Hoyt, Franklin E.	Rochester, Racine	1859.
Hoyt, George E.	Menomonee Falls, W'kesha	1909.
Hoyt, Henry H.	West Branch, Richland	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1871, b.
Hoyt, Otis	Hudson, St. Croix	1852.
Hubbard, Benj. W.	Evansville, Rock	1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D.	Waldo, Sheboygan	1861, 73, 77.
Hubbell, Levi	Mondovi, Buffalo	1855.
Hubbell, Richard W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Huber, Henry A.	Oconto, Oconto	1872, 73.
Hudd, Thomas R.	Stoughton, Dane	1905.
Huebner, John F.	Appleton, Outagamie	1898, b.
Hughes, J. F.	Green Bay, Brown	1875, b.
Hughes, William	Lowell, Dodge	1847.
Hulburt, David B.	Reeseville, Dodge	1907, 09.
Hulburt, Julius	Waushara, Waushara	1877, 99.
Hulet, Oliver P.	Loganville, Sauk	1876, 77, 78, 05, b.
Hull, David P.	Albany, Green	1851.
Hull, Merlin	Menomonee Falls, W'kesha	1858.
Hull, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Humain, Mathias	Black River Falls, Jackson	1902.
Humphrey, Cadwallader	Potosi, Grant	1854, 55, 56.
Humphrey, Frank W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Humphrey, George M.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1861.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Shawano, Shawano	1899.
Humphrey, Humphrey E.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1848.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.	Hudson, St. Croix	1837, b.
Hunkins, Benjamin	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1881.
Hunt, Charles A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Hunt, Henry C.	Albion, Dane	1871.
Hunt, Jeremiah	New Berlin, Waukesha	1870.
Hunt, Robert O.	Melvina, Monroe	1893, 70.
Hunt, Samuel W.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1891, 93.
Hunter, George	Menasha, Winnebago	1864.
Huntington, Augustus A.	Marquette, Marinette	1899.
Huntington, William H.	Menomonee, Dunn	1863.
Huntley, Frederick	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1875.
Huntley, John	York, Dane	1856.
Hurd, Frank E.	Durand, Pepin	1882.
Hurlbut, Edwin	Buena Vista, Portage	1869, 70.
Hurlbut, William H.	Brodhead, Green	1869, 83.
	New Lisbon, Juneau	1895, 97.
	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1867.
	Elkhorn, Walworth	1897, 99.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hurlbut, Oscar	Lomira, Dodge	1850.
Huse, Jesse B.	Rewey, Iowa	1855.
Hutching, Arnold	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Hutchinson, Buell E.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1857.
Hutchinson, Christopher	Madison, Dane	1879, b.
Hyde, Edwin	Beetown, Grant	1873.
Iyer, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 77, 78, d.
	Madison, Dane	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Ingalls, Wallace	Racine, Racine	1907.
Ingram, C. A.	Durand, Pepin	1907, C9.
Ingram, Julius G.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1878, 79.
Innis, William T.	W. Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1871.
Irish, George	Clinton, Rock	1859.
Irvine, Wesley	Manawa, Waupaca	1907, C9.
Irvine, Wm. S.	Loyal, Clark	1903, C3.
Isering, Fred B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Islam, Willard	Delavan, Walworth	1855.
Iverson, Jacob J.	South Wayne, Lafayette	1893.
Ives, Edward H.	Trimbelle, Pierce	1869, b.
Ives, F. Badger	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1830.
Jabas, Louis L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1850.
Jackson, F. M.	Colby, Clark	1907.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.	Viola, Richland	1860.
Jackson, Robert Wallace	Shawano, Shawano	1887, 89.
Jackson, Thomas A.	Brodhead, Green	1866, 70.
Jackson, William W.	Tomah, Monroe	1863, 75.
Jacobi, C. Hugo	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93.
Jacobs, John B. ....	....., Oconto	1854.
James, John	Eagle, Waukesha	1856.
James, Norman L.	Richland Center, Richland	1873, 75, b.
Jamieson, Hugh P.	Poynette, Columbia	1893.
Jarvis, Birney M.	Cazenovia, Richland	1881.
Jeche, William	Hustisford, Dodge	1882, 85.
Jeffers, John	Darien, Walworth	1864, 71.
Jeffrey, James	Georgetown, Grant	1875.
Jeffrey, William	Ellenboro, Grant	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51.
Jenkins, George A.	Charlestown, Calumet	1857, b.
Jenkins, John J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1872.
Jenkins, Thomas	Platteville, Grant	1874.
	Dodgeville, Iowa	1848.
Jenne, Daniel C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1860.
Jennings, Charles B.	Benton, Lafayette	1862.
Jennings, David	Northport, Waupaca	1891, 93.
Jensen, Andrew	Ogdensburg, Waupaca	1867, 99, 01.
Jerdee, Amund P.	Deonda, Polk	1905.
Jerman, Peter	Rising Sun, Vernon	1873.
Jeske, Gustav J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 95.
Jess, George	Waupun, Dodge	1881.
Jewell, Henry C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1867.
Jewell, James H.	Ferryville, Crawford	1878.
Johnson, Axel	Turtle Lake, Polk	1902.
Johnson, Calvin R.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 64.
Johnson, Daniel	Evansville, Rock	1865.
	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869, 70.
Johnson, Daniel H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Johnson, Frank H.	Darien, Walworth	1905.
Johnson, Franklin	Baraboo, Sauk	1901, C3.
Johnson, Frederick P.	Ontario, Monroe	1899.
Johnson, Hans	Newport, Door	1889.
Johnson, Henry	Somers, Kenosha	1871, 83.
Johnson, Henry	Suring, Oconto	1901, C3, 05.
Johnson, James B.	Fairplay, Grant	1871.
Johnson, Jeremiah	Evansville, Rock	1860.
Johnson, John	York, Dane	1874.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Johnson, John A.	Stoughton, Dane.....	1857, b.
Johnson, John B.	Dar-en, Walworth	1855.
Johnson, John E.	Utica, Dane	1859.
Johnson, Joseph B.	Montfort, Grant	1862.
Johnson, Lars E.	Wiot-a, Lafayette	1818.
Johnson, Michael	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Ole	Breckenridge, Bad Axe	1862.
Johnson, Peter	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1866.
Johnson, Phineas M.	Grafton, Washington.....	1852.
Johnson, Roger S.	New London, Waupaca	1855.
Johnson, Selch	Port Washington, Wash.....	1839, 50.
Johnson, Stephen B.	Tomah, Monroe	1867.
Johnson, Thomas	Holman, La Crosse	1903, 65.
Johnson, William H.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1849.
Johnson, William W.	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1879.
Johnston, Francis	Waupun, Dodge	1870.
Johnston, James	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1899, 61, 63.
Johnston, James	Boardman, St. Croix	1852.
Johnston, Peter	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1877.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Wyoming, Iowa	1854, b.
Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1878, b.
Jones, David F.	Sparta, Monroe	1897.
Jones, Evan O.	Cambria, Columbia	1866, 67, b.
Jones, Evan R.	Sparta, Monroe	1901.
Jones, James V.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878.
Jones, John N.	Platteville, Grant	1851.
Jones, John O.	Cambria, Columbia	1879.
Jones, John R.	Leon, Monroe	1907, 69.
Jones, Joseph Vernon	Urne, Buffalo	1887.
Jones, Oscar F.	Juneau, Dodge	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Owen R.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1873.
Jones, Samuel S.	Clinton Junction, Rock	1876.
Jones, Stephen	Lowell, Dodge	1888.
Jones, Thomas J.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1882.
Jones, William D.	Hazel Green, Grant	1890.
Jones, William A.	General Point, Iowa	1895, 97.
Jordan, Timothy S.	West Lima, Vernon	1873.
Joslin, William H.	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880.
Judd, Russell J.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1874.
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1893, 65, b.
Judd, Truman H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Judson, Philander	Eristol, Kenosha	1855.
Julius, Charles L.	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1851.
Juneau, Narcisse M.	Theresa, Dodge	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul	Juneau, Dodge.....	1843, 58.
Jussen, Edmund	Madison, Dane	1862.
Juve, T. O.	Rising Sun, Vernon	1881, 82.
Kalaher, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Kamper, John H.	Franksville, Racine	1909.
Kander, Simon	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907.
Karel, Albert	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1843.
Karel, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Kast, John D.	Shawano, Shawano	1877.
Kastler, John	Wayne, Washington	1820.
Katz, Raphael	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
Kay, William A.	Spring Valley, Pierce	1897, 63.
Keenan, John	Fitchburg, Dane	870.
Keenan, Matthew W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Keene, Francis B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	91, 61.
Keene, Henry S.	Lancaster, Grant	1871.
Kehl, John B.	Black Earth, Dane	1874.
Kehrein, J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Keifer, George	Neno, Washington	1893.
Kellam, Alphonso G.	Delavan, Walworth	1869.
Kelley, Patrick	Elba, Dodge	1853.
Kellogg, Austin	Concord, Jefferson	1859, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John	Reedsburg, Sauk	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kelly, David M.	Green Bay, Brown	77, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rollin C.	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1968.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Montello, Marquette	1867, 73, 89, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1863, b.
Kelsey, Milo	Delavan, Walworth	1848, 49.
Kemp, Charles H.	Packwaukee, Marquette	1859.
Kempf, Edward J.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1900.
Kempter, Richard R.	Alma, Buffalo	1851.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.	Wyalusing, Grant	1863.
Kenealy, James	Toland's Prairie, Wash.	1858, 63.
Kenealy, James	Thompson, Washington	1855, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.	Stevenstown, La Crosse	1857.
Kennedy, James E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1870.
Kennedy, Richard	Highland, Iowa	1889, 83.
Kennedy, O. G.	Colfax, Dunn	1833.
Kenyon, George P.	Wauwec, Juneau	1853.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91, 93, b.
Keogh, James	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1853.
Keppel, V. S.	Holman, La Crosse	1837.
Keil, Otto	Cross Plains, Dane	1872.
Kern, Charles J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Kern, George J.	Rome, Jefferson	1861, 63.
Kerr, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.	Big Spring, Adams	1875.
Kessler, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68, b.
Ketchum, Asa C.	Watertown, Jefferson	1899.
Keup, Emil G.	Portage City, Columbia	1854.
Keyes, E. J.	Wautoma, Waushara	1907, 69.
Keyes, Elisha W.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1907, 69.
Kiekbush, F. W.	Madison, Dane	1832.
Kidd, Edward I.	Wausau, Marathon	1878.
Kilbourne, Charles	Millville, Grant	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses	Princeton, Green Lake	1867.
Killilea, Matthew R.	Railley's Harbor, Door	1868.
Kimball, Frank J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Kimball, Fenner	Briggsville, Marquette	1803, 07, 09.
Kimball, Jedediah	Janesville, Rock	1848, 95.
Kindlin, Geo. W.	Portland, Dodge	1849.
King, Edward P.	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1907, 09.
King, George G.	Shoet, Rock	1850, 63.
King, George W.	Shields, Dodge	1860.
King, Owen	Humbird, Clark	1871.
King, William P.	Helena, Iowa	1879, 78.
Kingsbury, James T.	Merton, Waushara	1859.
Kingston, John T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1869.
Kingston, William M.	Necedah, Juneau	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kinney, Asal	Chaseburg, Vernon	1857.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.	Lima Center, Rock	1852.
Kinney, Ole G.	Lima, Rock	1851.
Kinzie, Robert H.	Colfax, Dunn	1873, 65.
Kirchoff, Henry	Avoca, Iowa	1877.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1862.
Kirkpatrick, James	Dayton, Green	1855.
Kite, Charles E.	Predhead, Rock	1831.
Kizer, F. C.	Mayville, Dodge	1876.
Klabunde, Reinhardt	Whitewater, Walworth	1883, 91.
Kleider, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 97.
Klein, L. C.	West Bend, Washington	1868.
Kleinfeiter, H. G.	Racine, Racine	1885.
Klindt, John A.	Nora, Dane	1880.
Klotz, Ignatius	Cassville, Grant	1880.
Klotz, Nicholas	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac	1880, b.
Knab, David	Eden, Fond du Lac	1868.
Knapp, Gilbert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65.
Knapp, Gaines A.	Racine, Racine	1851.
Knapp, Levi E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1887.
Knapp, William A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871, 78.
Knapstein, T. E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.	New London, Outagamie	1880, 81.
	Waupun, Dodge	1859.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kneen, E. J.	Bangor, La Crosse	1909.
Knoell, Valentine	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim	Highland, Iowa	1856, 37.
Knowlton, James H.	Janesville, Rock	1858.
	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1854, 50.
Knowlton, John J.	Seymour, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Knox, Seymour M.	Markesan, Green Lake	1874.
Koch, C. W.	Beachwood, Sheboygan	1903.
Konrad, August	Hartford, Washington	1891, 93.
Konze, Frederick	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1881.
Kratz, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Kraus, Charles A. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Krebs, George	Appleton, Outagamie	1864, b.
Krez, Konrad	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Kribs, Frederick H.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1853, 61.
Kroenewetter, S.	Mosinee, Marathon	1835.
Kroenke, George H.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1893.
Kruger, A. H. F.	Neeah, Winnebago	1830, 82.
Krumrey, Henry	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1901, b.
Kruszka, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Kubasta, F. W.	Merrill, Lincoln	1937, 69.
Kucuk, Antone	Shawano, Shawano	1937.
Kuehn, Charles	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1849, 50.
Kuntz, Carl C.	Sauk City, Sauk	1883.
	Black Hawk, Sauk	1839, 70, 71, 71.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1858.
Kyle, David W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1850.
Lyle, James L.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1854.
La Du, Willis F.	Mosinee, Marathon	1909.
	La Crosse, La Crosse	1853.
La Due, Albert D.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1851.
La Due, Nelson	Spafford, Lafayette	1879.
Lafferty, James	Empire, Fond du Lac	1874.
Lagraude, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Lain, Isaac	Waukesha, Waukesha	1861.
Lake, Phipps W.	Walworth, Walworth	1854.
Lamberson, Jay G.	Sextonville, Richland	1891, 93, 95.
Lamoreux, Oliver H.	Plover, Portage	1872.
Lamoreux, Silas W.	Mayville, Dodge	1872.
Lanue, Wm.	Ledyard, Outagamie	1885, 87.
Lardt, Sophronius S.	Friendship, Adams	1895.
Lane, Charles A.	Plover, Portage	1882, 82.
Lane, Nathan E.	Phillips, Price	1901, 03.
Lang, R. A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1893.
Lange, Louie A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1893, 95, 97, 97.
	Theresa, Dodge	1878.
Langefeld, Peter	Waukesha, Waukesha	1882.
Langer, William	North Cape	1860.
Langland, Knud	Mauston, Juneau	1857.
Lansworthy, Joseph	Friendship, Adams	1861, 63, 69.
Lapham, Otis B.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1865.
Large, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larkin, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.	Menasha, Marinette	1891.
Larsin, James	Plainfield, Waushara	1887, 89.
Laselle, William B.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1862.
Latham, Hollis	Marshfield, Wood	1887.
Lathrop, Henry Allison....	Antigo, Langlade	1895, 97.
Latta, George W.	Fa Grange, Walworth	1853, 56.
Lauderdale, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 81.
Laverrenz, Otto	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1876.
Lavies, Hubert	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1854, 55, 56.
Lavis, Peter	New Coeln, Milwaukee	1878.
Vawler, William	Janesville, Rock	1880, 81.
Lawrence, Franklin S.	Burnett Station, Dodge	1876.
Lawrence, George H.	Janesville, Rock	1882, b.
Lawrence, William A.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1885.
Lawton, A. F.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1909.
Laycock, Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1863.
Layne, James G.		

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lea, A. R.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1891.
Leach, Frank	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1874, 75.
Leahy, John E.	Wausau, Marathon	1883, b.
Leavens, Henry P.	Neenah, Winnebago	1877.
Lebeis, Henry	Bloomer, Chippewa	1893.
Ledvina, Lawrence W.	Kellnersville, Manitowoc	1905, 67, 69.
Lee, Daniel	De Pere, Brown	1872.
Lee, Levi	Elkhorn, Walworth	1855.
Lee, Ole C.	Stoughton, Dane	1895.
Lees, Edward	Ottowa, Waukesha	1853, 54.
Lees, Robert	Fountain City, Buffalo	1875, 76.
Legler, H. E.	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1873, b.
Legried, Christ	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Lehmann, August H.	Cambridge, Dane	1897.
Leigh, John	Hustisford, Dodge	1874.
Leisring, Alfred A.	Oconto, Oconto	1875.
Leland, Cyrus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1899.
Leland, Frank	Sauk City, Sauk	1849.
Lemont, James	Elkhorn, Walworth	1879.
Lenck, C. H.	Bay View, Milwaukee	1885.
Lennon, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Lenroot, Irvine L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1883.
Lentz, Charles	Superior, Douglas	1901, 03, 05.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.	Mayville, Dodge	1909.
Leonard, Peter H.	Dayton, Green	1862, 70.
Leonardson, J. C.	Field, Ashland	1889.
Leonhardt, Christopher	Waterloo, Jefferson	1882.
Leonhardy, John	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883.
LeRoy, Edward Webster	Alma, Buffalo	1891.
Leslie, John	Marinette, Marinette	1903, 05, 67, 69.
Lessey, John F.	Juneau, Dodge	1885.
Lessey, Peter F.	Green Bay, Brown	1851.
Lewis, Andrew H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Lewis, Calvin E.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1885.
Lewis, Charles G.	Columbus, Columbia	1872.
Lewis, James M.	Hale, Trempealeau	1879.
Lewis, James T.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1857.
Lewis, John C.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852, b.
Lewis, Rensselaar M.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1859, 69.
Lewis, William T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1873.
Liebenstein, John W.	Racine, Racine	1897.
Lincoln, Weyman L.	Scott, Sheboygan	1892.
Linderman, James L.	Avoca, Iowa	1864, b.
Lindsay, Freeman D.	Osseo, Trempealeau	1877.
Lindsay, William	Neillsville, Clark	1877.
Lins, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Linse, Chas.	Eagle, Waukesha	1881, b.
Linsley, Marcus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1855.
Liscow, William	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Little, Francis	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1881.
Little, James	Mineral Point, Iowa	1864, 65, b.
Littlefield, Stephen D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1859.
Lloyd, Evan W.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1859.
Lloyd, John	Cambria, Columbia	1881.
Loehr, Peter	Clyman, Dodge	1875.
Loehr, Quercy	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1889.
Logan, Frank	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1853.
Logan, Michael	Hurley, Iron	1899.
Long, Chester D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Long, Hugh	Darien, Walworth	1861.
Longbotham, John	Darien, Walworth	1848.
Loomis, Charles D.	Dickeyville, Grant	1891, 93.
Loper, Alonzo A.	Necedah, Juneau	1882.
Lord, Freeman H.	Eden, Fond du Lac	1873, b.
Lord, Simon L.	River Falls, Pierce	1895, 03.
Lorigan, Bryan S.	Edgerton, Rock	1850, b.
Loth, Ernest	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1874, 75.
Love, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Lovejoy, Allen P.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1855.
	Janesville, Rock	1879, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented	Sessions.
Loveland, Carpus	Rutland, Dane	1870.
Lovell, Frederick S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1857, 58.
Low, Jacob	Lowville, Columbia	1872.
Lowm, George H.	Walworth, Walworth	1849.
Lowry, Goodwin	Helena Station, Iowa	1868.
Lowth, John	Lowell, Dodge	1850, 51, 59.
Lowth, Matthew	Columbus, Columbia	1880.
Lowth, Michael F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1865.
Luchsinger, John	New Glarus, Green	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luse, Louis K.	Monroe, Green	1887.
Luscher, Gustav S.	Stoughton, Dane	1881.
Lutkin, Peter C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891, 93.
Luy, Jacob	Whitesville, Racine	1857.
Lyle, John	N. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907.
Lynch, Felix	Paoli, Dane	1878.
Lynch, Thomas	Danville, Dodge	1885.
Lynde, William Pitt	Chilton, Calumet	1873, 83.
Lyon, James R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, b.
Lyon, Joseph F.	Glendale, Monroe	1889.
Lyon, Waldo	Darien, Walworth	1863.
Lyon, William P.	Hustisford, Dodge	1859.
	Racine, Racine	1859, 60.
Macaulay, Robert	Menomonie, Dunn	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.	Neillsville, Clark	1882, 83, b.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry	Dodgeville, Iowa	1853.
Maertz, Fred C.	Reedsville, Manitowoc	1895, 97.
Mahoney, Daniel A.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1893.
Mahoney, Daniel O.	Viroqua, Vernon	1893, 95.
Mahoney, George R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1828, 25.
Main, Robert P.	Oregon, Dane	1857.
Mains, D. F.	Viroqua, Vernon	1907, 09.
Malmros, G. C. Oscar	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1851.
Maloy, Michael	Richfield, Washington	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.	Markesan, Green Lake	1868.
Manney, Francis G.	Linden, Sheboygan	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.	Wausau, Marathon	1871.
Manuel, Herman E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1901.
Margin, George G.	Westford, Columbia	1871.
Markham, George H.	Independence, Trempealeau	1879.
Marquardt, August F.	Wausau, Marathon	1905, 07, 09.
Marsden, Thomas B.	Friendship, Adams	1866.
Marsh, Joseph C.	Spokeville, Clark	1895, 97.
Marshall, Charles W.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1859.
Marshall, George M.	Big Springs, Adams	1875, 76.
Marshall, John	Adell, Sheboygan	1882.
Marshall, William R.	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix	1848.
Marston, Warren	Lomira, Dodge	1867.
Martin, Andrew	Riceville, Washington	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant	Dykesville, Kewaunee	1866.
Martin, Harry C.	Darlington, Lafayette	1895, Spl. Ses
Martin, Jacob, Sr.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1883.
Martin, J. F.	Onion River, Sheboygan	1803.
Martin, Mark	Green Bay, Brown	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.	Green Bay, Brown	1855, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1889.
Martin, Stoddard H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Martin, Thomas L.	Wilton, Monroe	1895.
Marx, Nicholas	Wayne, Washington	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.	Elton, Walworth	1879.
Mason, Jacob	Monroe, Green	1866.
Mason, John	Wlota, Lafayette	1885.
Mason, Zebulon	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1857, 58.
Masse, Charles A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1879.
Massey, Henry L.	Potosi, Grant	1861.
Masters, William	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1887.
Mather, Samuel W.	Markesan, Marquette	1853.
Mathes, John	Rhine, Sheboygan	1854.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Matteson, Silas C.	Waucousta, Fond du Lac...	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1831.
Matts, Nicholas M.	Verona, Dane	1862.
Matts, Peter W.	Montrose, Dane	1854.
Maxon, Densmore W.	Cedar Creek, Washington..	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82. b.
Maxon, Joseph S.	Walworth, Walworth	1891.
Maxson, Darwin E.	Milton, Rock	1869.
Maxson, Orrin T.	Prescott, Pierce	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1877, 81, 84, b.
May, Reuben	Springville, Vernon	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian	Watertown, Jefferson	1879.
Mayer, Jacob G.	Le Roy, Dodge	1862.
McAllister, William P.	Omro, Winnebago	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric.	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1846.
McCabe, Maurice A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
McCarthy, James	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R. ..	Cassville, Grant	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1858.
McCarty, Thomas	Menom. Falls, Waukesha..	1879, 77.
McCaull, Thomas	Tomah, Monroe	1874.
McCullum, John F.	Trenton, Dodge	1862, 63.
McCullum, J. L. R.	Sextonville, Richland	1876, 77.
McComb, Isaac N.	Brillion, Calumet	1901.
McConnell, Chas. D.	Ripon, Green Lake	1882, 87.
McConnell, John E.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1909.
McConnell, Thomas	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1873.
McConochie, R. N.	Cambria, Columbia	1893.
McCord, Myron H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis	Ashippun, Dodge	1854.
McCormick, Joseph	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1871.
McCormick, William L.	Hayward, Sawyer	1901.
McCourt, James Henry	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1887, 89.
McCoy, James B.	Platteville, Grant	1887, 89.
McCoy, William J.	Beetown, Grant	1876, 78.
	Lancaster, Grant	1888, 88.
McCracken, M. W.	Superior, Douglas	1859.
McCracken, Samuel	Marquette, Marquette	1854.
McDill, Alexander S.	Plover, Portage	1862, b.
McDill, George D.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1881, 82, 83.
McDill, Thomas H.	Plover, Portage	1867, 71, 73, 80.
McDonald, Thomas, Jr.	Lancaster, Grant	1897, 99.
McDonald, A. S.	Marion, Waupaca	1885, 87.
McDonald, Alexander A.	Madison, Dane	1868.
McDonald, David	Racine, Racine	1848.
McDonald, Donald A.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1874, b.
McDonald, James	Sussex, Waukesha	1869.
McDonald, John D.	Summit, Waukesha	1870, 71.
McDonald, John R.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1869.
McDonald, Martin W.	Alma, Buffalo	1882.
McDonough, Frank	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1893, b.
McDowell, Samuel C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1882.
McElroy, James	Waupun, Fond du Lac....	1864.
McElroy, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 59.
McFarland, David	Highland, Iowa	1863, b.
McFarlane, Hugh	Portage City, Columbia....	1850.
McFetridge, Edward C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1878, 81, b.
McGalloway, Peter	Forest, Fond du Lac	1895.
McGarry, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGee, W. J.	Oconto, Oconto	1907.
McGeehan, M. G.	Hurley, Ashland	1893.
McGeehan, R. J.	De Pere, Brown	1889, 91.
McGill, Leroy E.	Florence, Florence	1891.
McGillivray, Jas. J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 93, b.
McGilton, John	Cedar Falls, Dunn	1880.
McGinty, Bernard	Calamine, Lafayette	1878, 80.
McGlachlin, E.	Stevens Point, Portage	1889.
McGonigal, William	Wingville, Grant	1850.
McGranahan, William	Fayette, Lafayette	1859.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

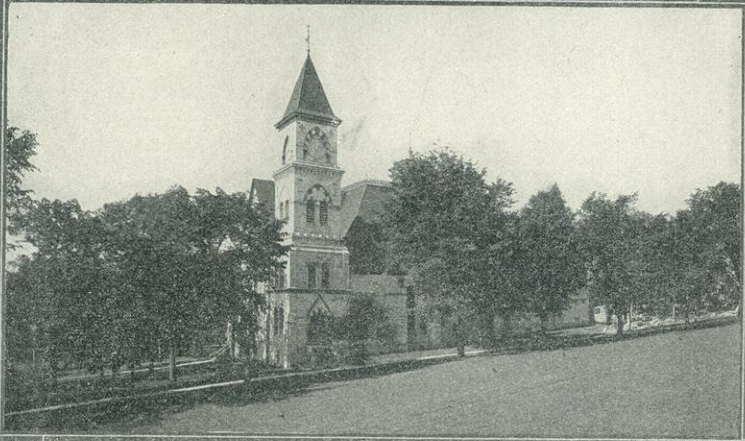
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McGrath, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.
McGrath, Thomas J.	Green Bay, Brown	1897, 99.
McGreer, John	Antigo, Langlade	1899.
McGregor, Duncan	Littleville, Grant	1895, 97.
McGrew, Joseph B.	Richland Center, Richland	1874, 1b.
McGuigan, Ambrose	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
McGuire, James M.	Danville, Dodge	1865.
McIndoe, Walter D.	Wausau, Marathon	1890, 94, 95.
McIntosh, Charles E.	Lime Rock, Outagamie	1869, 70, 71.
McIntyre, Eugene	Waldo, Sheboygan	1880.
McIver, James	Bay View, Milwaukee	1874.
McKay, John J.	Sparta, Monroe	1860.
McKee, David	Potosi, Grant	1852.
McKenzie, Duncan J.	Alma, Buffalo	1892.
McKenzie, James A.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1905, 97.
McKenzie, John	Dekorra, Columbia	1882.
McKibbin, John	Geneva, Walworth	1858.
McKisson, James C.	Wheatland, Kenosha	1859, 59.
McLaughlin, William	Oregon, Green	1864, 65.
McLean, Campbell	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1862.
McLean, Hector	Stockbridge, Calumet	1865.
McLean, Thomas	Stockbridge, Calumet	1864.
McLees, John M.	Harmony, Vernon	1829.
McLeod, Arthur W.	Washburn, Bayfield	1899.
McLeran, J. B.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1887.
McMichael, William	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1869.
McMillan, Alexander	La Crosse, La Crosse	1873.
McMillan, George	Arlington, Columbia	1861.
McMullen, W. V.	Brillion, Calumet	1859, 91.
McMurdo, James H.	Hortonville, Outagamie	1880, 81.
McNair, Hugh A.	Fennimore, Grant	1851, 67, 70.
McNamara, Martin	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1872.
McNaughton, F.	Vernon, Waukesha	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1879.
McNitt, Edwin W.	Otsego, Columbia	1864.
McRaith, M. J.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1865.
McRea, Hector C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1879, 89.
McWhorter, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1858.
Mead, L. H.	Shell Lake, Washburn	1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah	Whitewater, Walworth	1852.
Meade, John F.	Green Bay, Brown	1849.
Meadows, William	Lyons, Walworth	1881.
Meehan, James	Meehan, Portage	1878.
Meigs, Gardner C.	Arena, Iowa	1859, 60.
Meiklejohn, John	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Meissner, Gustav	Ashippun, Dodge	1883.
Meloney, Joseph	Bloomer, Chippewa	1901.
Meloy, Charles J.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R.	Brooklyn, Green	1879.
Menzies, James	Rock Prairie, Rock	1881.
Merriam, Amzy	Geneva, Walworth	1871.
Merriam, John G.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1855.
Merriman, Charles W.	Beloit, Rock	1897.
Merrill, Addison W.	Alma Center, Jefferson	1897.
Merrill, Almond	Charleston, Calumet	1855.
Merrill, Hiram	Janesville, Rock	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1848, 59.
Merrill, Leander G.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1866.
Merrill, Soren T.	Beloit, Rock	1876, 77.
Merrill, Willard	Janesville, Rock	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.	Neillsville, Clark	1873.
Merrity, Patrick	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee	1889.
Messmore, Isaac E.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F.	Spring Lake, Waushara	1870.
Metzler, Louis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Meyer, Charles G.	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Meyer, Joseph A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Meyers, August G.	Howards Grove, Sheboygan	1905.
Middleton, William J.	Berlin, Green Lake	1899, 01.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Milbrath, C. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Mihills, Uriah D.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1879, 7L.
Millard, Burton	Wausau, Marathon	1858.
Millard, B. F.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1889.
Miller, Chas. H.	West Bend, Washington	1867.
Miller, Clarkson	Geneva, Walworth	1860.
Miller, Edwin E.	Hixton, Jackson	1901.
Miller, Gard	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1905.
Miller, Henry	Wausau, Marathon	1887.
Miller, Herman	Wausau, Marathon	1901, 03.
Miller, Joseph	Brillion, Manitowoc	1883, 85.
Miller, Jerome B.	Alma Center, Jackson	1895.
Miller, Lucius M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883.
Miller, Samuel	Shopiere, Rock	1862.
Miller, Samuel S.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1887.
Miller, Thomas H.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1907.
Miller, William	Rusk, Dunn	1887, b.
Miller, William H.	Door Creek, Dane	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1889.
Millikin, N. W.	Saxeville, Waushara	1882.
Mills, Edgar G.	West Superior, Douglas	1883, b.
Mills, Ferguson	Seneca, Crawford	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.	Lancaster, Grant	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.	Millston, Jackson	1876, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.	Millston, Jackson	1885, 87, 89.
Minch, Oscar F.	Paoli, Dane	1897, 99.
Miner, Cyrus	Janesville, Rock	1880.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.	Richland Center, Richland.	1870.
Miner, Levi A.	So. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Minor, David N.	Rubicon, Dodge	1861.
Minor, Edward S.	Fish Creek, Door	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner	Spring Grove, Green	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin	Juda, Green	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Mitchell, Martin	Brodhead, Green	1860.
Mitchell, Robert	Douglas Center, Marquette	1875.
Mitchell, William F.	Gibbsville, Sheboygan	1861.
Moeller, Adolph	New Holstein, Calumet	1882.
Mohr, Charles	Portage, Columbia	1895.
Mohr, Christian Frederick	Portage, Columbia	1887, 89.
Mohr, Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1876, 77.
Moldenhauer, Henry R.	Lebanon, Dodge	1901, 03.
Monroe, Orlando C.	Racine, Racine	1861, 63.
Monroe, Publius V.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1852.
Monroe, William	Fayette, Lafayette	1867.
Monteith, John	Fennimore, Grant	1873.
Monteith, John B.	Genesee, Waukesha	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin	Hancock, Waushara	1871, b.
Moers, Benjamin H.	Grafton, Washington	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.	Chetek, Barron	1889, 01.
Moore, Harvey	Ozaukee, Washington	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green	1862.
Moore, John B.	Muscoda, Grant	1860.
Moore, William V.	Burlington, Racine	1872.
Moors, Chas. W.	Hancock, Waushara	1880, 81.
Moran, Patrick H.	Morrison, Brown	1882.
More, George E.	Royalton, Waupaca	1871.
More, Robert	Emerald Grove, Rock	1899.
Morgan, D. H.	Albany, Green	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Morgan, John E.	Spring Green, Sank	1897, 99.
Morgan, R. J.	Polar, Florence, For., Lang	1903.
Morman, Thomas J.	Stevens Point, Portage	1851.
Morrill, John	Hixton, Jackson	1870.
Morris, Chas. E.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1848.
Morris, Chas. F.	Iron River, Bayfield	1903.
Morris, D. J.	Ridgeway, Iowa	1907.

b. See list of Senators.



S. P. MIL.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, MADISON.
MUSIC HALL, MADISON.
LAW BUILDING, MADISON.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Morrisson, David L.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Morrow, Joseph M.	Sparta, Monroe	1862.
Morse, Calvin R.	River Falls, Pierce	1893.
Morse, Hiram D.	Waterford, Racine	1867.
Morse, William M.	Alderly, Jefferson	1857.
	Ashippun, Dodge	1866, 75.
Mortensen, Harry J.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1909.
Moscowitz, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.	Alma, Buffalo	1867, 68.
Mosher, John	Waterloo, Jefferson	1866.
Mosher, Jonathan	Stoughton, Dane	1855.
Mosher, Orville W.	New Richmond, St. Croix	1899.
Mosher, Thomas H.	Kneeland, Racine	1897.
Mott, Thomas R.	Watertown, Jefferson	1852.
Moulton, Powers G.	Onalaska, La Crosse	1870, 71.
Mowe, Daniel	Orfordville, Rock	1865.
Muehl, Adam	St. Martin, Waukesha	1868.
Mueckerheide, Jacob H.	Kewaskum, Washington	1879.
Mueller, Frank P.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1907.
Mulholland, Henry	Meeme, Manitowoc	1869, 65.
Mulloyney, James	Kildare, Juneau	1878, 79.
Mumbrue, Henry C.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1876, b.
Munger, A. R.	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1891.
Munn, Henry B.	Portage, Columbia	1869.
Murdoch, James	Neosho, Dodge	1850.
Murphy, Newton S.	Whitewater, Walworth	1859.
Murphy, James L.	Marinette, Marinette	1887.
Murphy, James S.	Penton, Lafayette	1859.
Murphy, James W.	Briggsville, Marquette	1879, b.
Murphy, John D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1851.
Murphy, John A.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1887.
Murphy, Matthew	New Diggings, Lafayette	1852, 56.
Murphy, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1885, 67.
Murphy, William	Briggsville, Marquette	1869, 74.
Murray, Horatio J.	Turtle, Rock	1856.
	Beloit, Rock	1867.
Murray, James	New Berlin, Waukesha	1867.
Murray, Nathaniel O.	Pepin, Pepin	1882.
Murray, William D.	Beloit, Rock	1852.
Muzzy, John	Mayville, Rock	1851.
Naber, Herman	Shawano, Shawano	1864, 75, 89, 83.
Narracong, Jonas W.	Lodi, Columbia	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860.
Nash, Thomas F.	Centralia, Wood	1885.
Nash, William F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1878, b.
Nason, Solomon L.	Nasonville, Wood	1878.
Neavil, James H.	Potosi, Grant	1868.
Needham, Randolph J.	Stockbridge, Calumet	1867.
Neeves, George A.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1872.
Neff, Danverse	Calamine, Lafayette	1875.
Neitzel, Charles	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1907, 69.
Nelson, Andrew G.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1855.
Nelson, E. F.	Elmhurst, Langlade	1905, 07.
Nelson, Homer	Markesan, Green Lake	1877.
Nelson, Joseph	Raymond, Racine	1857.
Nelson, Jerome	Nelsonville, Portage	1887.
Nelson, Knute	Cambridge, Dane	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter	Racine, Racine	1892.
Nelson, P. M.	Beaver, Marquette	1909.
Nelson, Thomas L.	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A.	Le Roy, Dodge	1877.
Neville, John C.	Green Bay, Brown	1860.
Newcomb, John	Pepin, Pepin	1887.
Newell, Franklin	Paris, Kenosha	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.	Viroqua, Vernon	1875.
Nowick, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E.	Cooksville, Rock	1877.
Newton, Selim	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Nichols, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1848.
Nichols, Archibald	Markesan, Green Lake	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.	Viroqua, Vernon	1883.
Nicholls, John	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Niss, Charles, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Noble, Butler G.	Whitewater, Walworth	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1849, 50.
Noggle, David	Janesville, Rock	1854, 57.
Nolan, J. P.	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1891.
Noll, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1876.
Noller, George	Lake Five, Washington	1883.
Noon, Jeremiah	Merton, Waukesha	1856.
Norcross, Pliny	Janesville, Rock	1867, 85, 05, 07.
Northrop, George C.	Racine, Racine	1864.
Northrop, Samuel	Dellona, Sauk	1878.
Northrop, Stiles S.	Ogden, Rock	1861.
Norton, John E.	Sa. B. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Norton, Nelson R.	Burlington, Racine	1854.
Notbohm, Edward C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Noyes, David K.	Baraboo, Sauk	1856.
Nute, Benjamin	Milford, Jefferson	1849.
Nye, Frank M.	Clear Lake, Polk	1885.
Nye, R. J.	Superior, Douglas	1907.
Nye, William M.	Beloit, Rock	1887.
Oberman, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
O'Brien, John	Milton, Monroe	1881.
Ockler, William	Muskego Center, Waukesha	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene	Watertown, Jefferson	1879.
O'Connor, Thomas	Halder, Marathon	1891.
Oddie, J. M.	Boycerville, Dunn	1885.
Oetting, Charles	Howard's Grove, Sheb'gan.	1892, 71.
Officer, William	Springville, Vernon	1894, 65.
O'Flaherty, John	Morrison, Brown	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1893.
Olen, O. L.	Clintonville, Waupaca	1907.
Oliver, E. C.	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1879.
Ollis, John	De Forest, Dane	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan	Cottage Inn, Lafayette	1871, 53.
Olson, Brown	Westby, Vernon	1891.
Olson, George	Taylor, Jackson	1879.
Olson, Hans H.	Berlin, Green Lake	1897.
Oltman, W. L.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1895.
O'Malley, Dominick	Westport, Dane	1861.
O'Neil, Jeremiah	Wauzeka, Crawford	1907.
O'Neil, William	Washburn, Bayfield	1893, 95.
O'Neil, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 55, b.
O'Neill, James	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1868.
O'Neill, James	Neillsville, Clark	1849.
O'Neill, John	Neillsville, Clark	1885.
O'Neill, Thomas	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1882, 83.
O'Neil, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
Onstad, Otto	Cambridge, Dane	1909.
Opitz, William F.	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1861.
Ordway, David S.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1860.
Ormsby, James B.	Oxford, Marquette	1859.
O'Rourke, John	Kildare, Juneau	1863.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1872, b.
Orton, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Orton, Harlow S.	Madison, Dane	1854, 59, 71.
Orton, Philo A.	Burlington, Lafayette	1899, 01.
Osborn, A. L.	Hurley, Iron, Oneida, Vilas	1903.
Osborn, Albert K.	Iola, Waupaca	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Charles F.	Darlington, Lafayette	1859, 94.
Osborn, Sylvester W.	Darlington, Lafayette	1865.
Osborne, Marvin	Magnolia, Rock	1874, 75.
Osborne, Tobias G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Ostrand, James H.	Aztalan, Jefferson	1853.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ostrander, James W.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Ostrander, Jared F.	Aztalan, Jefferson	1857.
Oswald, John J.	Lancaster, Grant	1891.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1897, 99, 01.
Owen, David	Portage, Columbia	1877.
Owen, John W.	Racine, Racine	1801.
Owen, William	Cambria, Columbia	1865.
Packard, William P.	Racine, Racine	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G.	La Valle, Sauk	1889.
Paddock, William	Markesan, Green Lake	1881.
Page, George E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Page, Lucius H.	Fulton, Rock	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.	Oconto, Oconto	1876.
Paine, Charles P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S.	Geneva, Walworth	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.	West Salem, La Crosse	1869.
Palmer, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Palmer, Ephraim	Edgerton, Rock	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.	Waterford, Racine	1866.
Palmer, Lucian H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907.
Palmer, Rodman	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1861.
Palmer, Thomas	Mayville, Dodge	1850.
Palmer, William	Logansville, Sauk	1865, 66.
Pape, A. H.	New London, Outagamie	1882, 83.
Parish, John K.	Medford, Taylor	1875.
Park, Harry J.	Spring Valley, Pierce	1901.
Parker, Charles D.	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.	Beloit, Rock	1868, 69, 73.
Parker, George W.	Metomen, Fond du Lac	1855, 56.
Parker, La Holden	Beloit, Rock	1899.
Parker, Maynard T.	Alnapee, Kewaunee	1897.
Parker, Nathan	Hartford, Washington	1861.
Parker, Ruel	Portland, Dodge	1854.
Parkinson, Daniel M.	Willow Springs, Lafayette	1849.
Parkinson, J. W.	Brothertown, Calumet	1880, 93.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.	Payette, Lafayette	1854.
Parks, Francis G.	Eagle, Waukesha	1873.
Parks, Rufus	Waterville, Waukesha	1867.
Parry, William T.	Portage, Columbia	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry	Patch Grove, Grant	1858.
Patch, Horace D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1852.
Patchin, Melvin B.	Esment, Waupaca	1860.
Pattin, Azel W.	Neenah, Winnebago	1872.
Patterson, Andrew	Fox River, Kenosha	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.	Janesville, Rock	1873.
Paulus, C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Peak, Uriel H.	Green Bay, Brown	1852.
Pearl, Elisha	Lisbon, Waukesha	1853.
Pense, Harlow	Waterloo, Jefferson	1858.
Pense, Spencer A.	Montello, Marquette	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, Wm. P.	Neenah, Winnebago	1874.
Pederson, Eli	Primrose, Dane	1883.
Peirce, Clarence E.	Germania, Marquette	1891, 93, b.
Peirce, Jabez	Mineral Point, Iowa	1849.
Pemberton, John	Delavan, Walworth	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.	Juda, Green	1871, 72.
Perkins, Albert J.	Medford, Taylor	1893.
Perkins, James W.	New Chester, Adams	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel	Sauk City, Sauk	1851.
Perry, Cyrus	Waterloo, Dodge	1869.
Perry, Eli P.	New London, Waupaca	1867.
Perry, Wm. M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1905, 07.
Perry, William W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1872.
Persons, E. W.	De Pere, Brown	1887, 7.
Persons, James H.	Plum City, Pierce	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter	Rubicon, Dodge	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.	Montello, Marquette	1878.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Petersen, F. Jr.	Appleton, Outagamie	1905, 07.
Peterson, Arley	Soldiers Grove, Crawford	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, B. S.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1903.
Peterson, C. H. M.	New Holstein, Calumet	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peterson, John C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1879, 80.
Peterson, J. P.	Luck, Polk	1937.
Peterson, Halvor H.	Orfordville, Rock	1871.
Peterson, Lewis W.	Green Bay, Brown	1909.
Peterson, P. H.	Ogdensburg, Waupaca	1885.
Peterson, Peter N.	Amherst, Portage	1897.
Peterson, Sewall A.	Rice Lake, Barron	1893.
Petrie, Jost D.	Concord, Jefferson	1861, 07.
Petters, O. Hugo	Murone, Fond du Lac	1859.
Pettit, Paris	East Troy, Walworth	1866.
Pfaff, Frederick A.	Cross Plains, Dane	1861.
Pfander, Frederick	Nero, Manitowoc	1880.
Phalen, Dennis T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1891.
Phelps, A. Warren	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Phelps, Chauncey M.	Addison, Washington	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Phillips, Peter, Sr.	South Kaukauna, O'tagmie	1909.
Phillips, Albert L.	Racine, Racine	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.	Mukwa, Manitowoc	1857.
Phillips, Bradley	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.	Big Valley, La Crosse	1863.
Phillips, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1869, 64.
Phillips, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter	Meeme, Manitowoc	1832.
Phillips, Sewell A.	Royalton, Waupaca	1860, 81.
Pickart, Christian	Malone, Fond du Lac	1905, 07, 69.
Pickett, Armine	Weelaunee, Winnebago	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.	Monticeno, Green	1859, 68.
Pierce, Humphrey	Appleton, Outagamie	1882.
Pierce, Robert W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.	Friendship, Adams	1870, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 87.
Pierce, William A.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852.
Pierron, Peter L.	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1865.
Pierron, William	Silver Springs, Milwaukee	1881, 91.
Pike, Alanson	Whitewater, Jefferson	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1859, b.
Pinney, Silas U.	Madison, Dane	1875.
Piper, Francis V.	Pipersville, Jefferson	1883.
Piper, Jonathan	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1865.
Place, Jacob B.	Hartford, Washington	1880.
Platto, John V. V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Blisch, Robert	Zeigler, Marathon	1895.
Plocker, William	Fair Water, Fond du Lac	1875.
Plumer, Bradley G.	Wausau, Marathon	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.	Wausau, Marathon	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.	Arkansas, Pepin	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F.	Durand, Pepin	1897.
Plummer, William E.	Durand, Pepin	1881.
Poertner, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.
Polacheck, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Pole, Charles	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1868, 69.
Polley, Horace N.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1897, 99.
Pomrening, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Pooler, Frank	Onalaska, La Crosse	1882.
Pope, Anson W.	Janesville, Rock	1849, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1862, 63, 77, 78, 80.
Poppert, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Porter, Hugh	Seneca, Crawford	1887, 89, 99.
Porter, James W.	Port Washington, Wash.	1883.
Porter, John L.	Pacific, Columbia	1873.
Porter, Joseph K. P.	Cooksville, Rock	1859.
Porter, Thomas	New Richmond, St. Croix	1885.
Porter, William H.	Marshall, Dane	1891.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Porth, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1878, 79.
Potter, B. S.	West Bend, Washington	1903, 05, 07.
Potter, Jerome B.	Sentinel, Juneau	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.	East Troy, Walworth	1856.
Potter, John, Jr.	Menasha, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter	Le Roy, Dodge	1857.
Potter, William D.	Cambridge, Dane	1866.
Pound, Albert E.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1873.
Pound, Theoddeus C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1869.
Powell, Henry	Mazomanie, Dane	1887.
Powell, John W.	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1905.
Powell, Oliver S.	River Falls, Pierce	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.	Indian Ford, Rock	1871.
Power, Robert	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863.
Powers, David J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1853.
Powers, Joseph	Hebron, Jefferson	1864.
Powers, Levi P.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1863.
Powers, Simeon D.	Tomah, Monroe	1862.
Powers, Simon D.	Port Washington, Wash.	1852.
Pratt, Delando	Baraboo, Sauk	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889, b.
Pratt, George E.	River Falls, Pierce	1897.
Pratt, Martin V.	Evansville, Rock	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1883.
Pratt, Samuel	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prehn, Fred	Marathon, Marathon	1905.
Prentice, Wm. H.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore	Watertown, Jefferson	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68.
Price, David J.	Bay View, Milwaukee	1881.
Price, Frederick M.	Peshigo, Marinette	1901, 03.
Price, William T.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1851, 82, b.
Priekett, Harlow E.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.	Viroqua, Vernon	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1885.
Pritchard, Richard	Manchester, Green Lake	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Proctor, John	Neshah, Winnebago	1863, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.	Fall River, Columbia	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1873.
Puhlman, Otto	Rymouth, Sheboygan	1873.
Puleifer, Daniel H.	Shawano, Shawano	1867, 79.
Pullen, Lloyd T.	Evansville, Rock	1876.
Pullen, Lloyd T.	Argyle, Lafayette	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha	1884.
Putnam, Edson A.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1876.
Putnam, George W.	Ash Ridge, Richland	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.	River Falls, Pierce	1883.
Putnam, Henry C.	Brodhead, Green	1891, 93.
Quarles, Joseph V.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1879, b.
Quigg, Charles E.	Tomah, Monroe	1883.
Race, John J.	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee	1885.
Racek, E.	Watertown, Jefferson	1905.
Rademacher, Peter J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Ragatz, J. B.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1905.
Rahr, Reinhard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1887.
Ramsey, George R.	Janesville, Rock	1852.
Ramsey, Thomas F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905, 07.
Ramsey, William H.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1853, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1855.
Randall, Benjamin	Lebanon, Dodge	1848.
Rankin, Joseph	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1860.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Rankin, Joseph	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Rankl, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901, 03.
Rasmussen, Kapp E.	Rice Lake, Barron	1899, 01.
Rasmussen, James J.	Fort Howard, Brown	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.	Troy, Walworth	1881.
Ray, George A.	La Grange, Walworth	1863.
Ray, George II.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1895, 97, 99, 01, 03.
Raymond, James O.	Plover, Portage	1866.
Raymond, Shepard O.	Geneva, Walworth	1866.
Raymond, William	Belle Center, Crawford	1870.
Read, John M.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1881, b.
Reader, William	Antigo, Langlade	1909.
Reed, Curtis	Menasha, Winnebago	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius	Sullivan, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1865, 74.
Reed, F. M.	Necedah, Juneau	1903.
Reed, Henry	Grand Rapids, Wood	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. II.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879.
Reed, Orson	Summit, Waukesha	1853, b.
Reed, William W.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1862, 66, 67, b.
Regan, Mathias J.	Eagle, Waukesha	1883.
Reinhard, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Reinholdt, Henry O.	Genoa Junction, Kenosha	1897.
Remington, Cyrus C.	Baraboo, Sauk	1854.
Remington, H. W.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1865.
Resch, Michael	Green Bay, Brown	1876.
Resley, Arthur	Appleton, Outagamie	1853.
Reukema, Rip	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, b.
Reuschleir, Francis	Burlington, Racine	1893.
Reuter, Christian	Roxbury, Dane	1891.
Reuther, Peter	Centerville, Manitowoc	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.	Rewey, Iowa	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.	Norway, Racine	1849, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, b.
Reynolds, Chas.	Geneva, Walworth	1876, b.
Reynolds, James	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1902, 05.
Reynolds, James C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 68.
Reynolds, John F.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.	Genoa Junction, Kenosha	1895, 97, b.
Reynolds, Thos.	Chilton, Calumet	1879.
Rhoda, David	Jacksonport, Door	1907, 09.
Rhodes, Jonas W.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1873.
Ribble, John B.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1871.
Rice, Carlton E.	Horicon, Dodge	1855.
Rice, Ira A.	Sparta, Monroe	1864.
Rice, John T.	Waterford, Racine	1870.
Rice, William	Waterford, Racine	1877.
Rich, Corydon L.	Morrison, Brown	1878.
Richards, Daniel H.	Shiocton, Outagamie	1873.
Richards, John F.	Vinland, Winnebago	1854.
Richards, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Richardson, E. D.	Tomah, Monroe	1872.
Richardson, Hamilton	Racine, Racine	1873.
Richardson, John E.	Geneva, Walworth	1849.
Richardson, N. B.	Janesville, Rock	1861, b.
Richardson, Silas	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1899.
Richardson, William	Warren, Lafayette	1869.
Richer, Ezekiel	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863.
Richter, August	Fairplay, Grant	1882.
Richmond, George N.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1882, 53.
Rickerson, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Riemer, Gustav J.	Appleton, Outagamie	1874, 75, b.
Ries, Florian J.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1849.
Ring, M. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Ringle, Bartholomew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Ringle, John	Neillsville, Clark	1889, b.
Riordan, James	Wausau, Marathon	1861, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Riordan, Jeremiah	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80, 81, 93, b.
	Franklin, Milwaukee	1861.
	West Bend, Washington	1874.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ripley, Henry A.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1899.
Risum, Otto A.	Puleifer, Shawano	1897.
Robbins, Haumer	Platteville, Grant	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Roberts, David	North Prairie, Waukesha	1858.
Roberts, Henry B.	Caledonia, Racine	1848.
Rosertson, Robert C.	Vernon, Waukesha	1860.
Robinson, Charles D.	Green Bay, Brown	1850.
Robinson, Ell	Benton, Lafayette	1853.
Robinson, Frederick	Kenosha, Kenosha	1872, 76.
Robinson, George M.	Salem, Racine	1856.
Robinson, James	Chilton, Calumet	1853, 53, 63, 70.
Robinson, John	Francis Creek, Manitowoc	1855.
Robinson, Nathaniel S.	Neenah, Winnebago	1875.
Robinson, Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1867.
Robinson, William	Mineral Point, Iowa	1873, 74.
Robler, Hiram W.	Wycosa, Columbia	1874.
Roche, Matthew	Westport, Dane	1853.
Roche, Patrick	Danville, Dodge	1877.
Rockwell, D. Henry	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1849.
Rockwell, Reuben	Springfield, Walworth	1859.
Rodolph, Charles G.	Highland, Iowa	1858.
Rodolph, Theodore	Orion, Richland	1851, b.
Rodrian, Jacob	La Crosse, La Crosse	1838, 70.
Roe, Ole K.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1895.
Roe, William H.	Stoughton, Dane	1901.
Roemer, John A.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1853.
Roemer, Christopher S.	Appleton, Outagamie	1878.
Roethe, Henry E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, 89.
Roethe, Henry E.	Painville, Milwaukee	1869.
Roettiger, Henry, Jr.	Fennimore, Grant	1907, 09.
Rogan, Patrick	Fountain City, Buffalo	1859.
Rogan, Peter	Watertown, Jefferson	1851, 53, 55, 60.
Rogers, Asa	Watertown, Jefferson	1853, 62.
Rogers, Chas.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873.
Rogers, E. D.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1865.
Rogers, James E.	Necedah, Juneau	1873.
Rogers, Oran	Stevens Point, Portage	1881.
Rogers, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1860.
Rollis, Christopher J.	Carleton, Kewaunee	1882.
Rollmann, Henry	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1801.
Rolph, Frederick B.	Oregon, Dane	1866.
Rood, Anson	Chilton, Calumet	1907, 09.
Rood, Davenport	Monroe, Green	1864.
Rood, Lewis	Stevens Point, Portage	1861.
Rood, Samuel R.	Kilbourn City, Adams	1864, 71.
Root, Eleazer	Jefferson, Jefferson	1848.
Root, Warrane L.	Hazel Green, Grant	1854.
Root, Wilbur M.	Packwaukee, Marquette	1855.
Rosc, Solomon L.	Dartford, Marquette	1852.
Rosenkranz, Herman	Appleton, Outagamie	1901, 03.
Rosenkranz, Omar L.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rosenthal, Adolph	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1875, b.
Roskie, C. F.	Lomira, Dodge	1895.
Ross, Freeman M.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1891, 97.
Ross, James	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1854.
Rossman, George P.	Montello, Marquette	1881.
Rossman, Lewis	Cambria, Columbia	1869.
Rossman, Philip	Madison, Dane	1855.
Rothe, Emil	Ashland, Ashland	1901.
Rounds, William P.	Phillips, Price	1891.
Roundy, Daniel C.	Greenwood, Clark	1861.
Rounseville, Samuel	Watertown, Jefferson	1863.
Rountree, John H.	Menasha, Winnebago	1870, 71, b.
Rowe, William E.	Geneva, Walworth	1864.
Rowell, Mark W.	Meeme, Manitowoc	1862.
Rowlands, John L.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1866.
	Platteville, Grant	1863, b.
	Arena, Iowa	1869, 72, 73, 74.
	Hartland, Waukesha	1849.
	Cambria, Columbia	1875.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Royce, Henry M.	Oconto, Oconto	1874.
Roycraft, Thos. A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1905, 07.
Roys, Samuel H.	Stoughton, Dane	1848, 49.
Ruan, John	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1855, 69.
Ruch, John	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1859.
Rudd, Eli O.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1859.
Rudinski, Theodore	Rudd's Mills, Monroe	1872.
Ruger, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Rumals Edmund L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Runkel, Henry C.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1857, 58.
Runkel, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1838, 69, 70.
Rupp, Louis	Lowell, Dodge	1878.
Rusch, Wilhelm	Charlesburg, Calumet	1906.
Rush, John D.	Herman, Dodge	1871.
Rusk, Allen	Winneconne, Winnebago	1859.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.	Liberty, Vernon	1875, 81.
Rusk, Lycurgus J.	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1862.
Russell, Francis	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1899.
Russell, Richard C.	Westfield, Marquette	1868.
Rutherford, Gilbert	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1864.
Rutledge, John	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1897.
Ryan, Hugh	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1869.
Ryan, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Ryan, John	Ridgeway, Iowa	1882, 8
Ryan, Michael W.	North Andover, Grant	1899.
Ryan, Sam, Jr.	Medford, Taylor	1899.
	Appleton, Outagamie	1865.
Sacket, Hobert S.	Berlin, Waushara	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.	Exeter, Green	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.	Western Union, Racine	1881.
Salentine, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Salisbury, Elijah C.	Union Grove, Racine	1865.
Salter, Robert	Newburg, Washington	1862.
Sampson, Bennett E.	Oakfield, Dodge	1891, 93.
Sammelson, Svend	Eaton, Manitowoc	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.	Mazomanie, Dane	1862, 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, A. W.	Stevens Point, Portage	1885, b.
Sander, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Sanders, Horace T.	Racine, Racine	1873.
Sanderson, John	Cambria, Columbia	1879.
Sanderson, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1885.
Sanderson, Robert F.	Poynette, Columbia	1869, 63, b.
Sanderson, Thomas	Leeds, Columbia	1871.
Sanger, Casper M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Saran, Christian	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Sarnow, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 79.
Saugen, Chris. M.	Cleghorn, Eau Claire	1905.
Saugestad, Oluf A.	Baldwin, St. Croix	1882.
Savage, James R.	Springville, Bad Axe	1853.
Sawyer, Hiram	Burnett, Dodge	1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W.	Lartford, Washington	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1865.
Sawyer, Parker	Summit, Waukesha	1859.
Sawyer, Philetus	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1857, 61.
Sayles, Whitman	Rubicon, Dodge	1873.
Sayre, David F.	Fulton, Rock	1873.
Scanlon, John	Symco, Waupaca	1869.
Schaetzel, Valentine	Menomonee Falls, Wash.	1861.
Schnatz, Herman	Brookfield, Waukesha	1882.
Schaubs, Ernest	Brittain, Calumet	1887.
Schauer, Anton G.	Tisch Mills, Manitowoc	1905, 07.
Schantz, Adam	Aaronson, Washington	1854, 63, b.
Scheiber, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Scheffel, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee	1895, 97, 99.
Schemmerhorn, W. S.	Lodi, Columbia	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph	Erfurt, Jefferson	1877.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Scheutz, Henry	Williamsburg, Milwaukee..	1891.
Schiebe, Emil P.	Hiika, Manitowoc	1889.
Schletz, John A.	Grafton, Ozaukee	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
Schmidtkofer, Andrew	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889.
Schmidt, John	Tess Corners, Waukesha	1864, 80, 93.
Schmidt, Nicholas	Marathon City, Marathon.	1907, 09.
Schmidtnor, Louis A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Schmitz, Frederick	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875.
Schmitz, Philip, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Schneider, Phillip	Barton, Washington	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenbaum, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1829.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F.	Lowell, Dodge	1885.
Schollard, William	Hartford, Washington	1878.
Schott, George	Rubicon, Dodge	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin	Staatsville, Washington	1863, 64.
Schrage, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855.
Schuler, Fred C.	Boltonville, Washington	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred	Portage, Columbia	1885.
Schutte, Charles	Meeker, Washington	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	So. Germantown, Wash'n..	1881.
Schwalback, Henry V.	So. Germantown, Wash'n..	1963.
Schwefel, Fred F.	Lebanon, Dodge	1855.
Schwefel, William	Lebanon, Dodge	1891, 93.
Seefeld, Charles	Red River, Door	1875.
Scott, David	Waupaca, Waupaca	1854.
Scott, George E.	Prairie Farm, Barron	1905, 07, 09.
Scott, James	Darlington, Lafayette	1887.
Scott, John	Poynette, Columbia	1895, 07.
Scribner, James K.	Eldorado Mills, F. du Lac..	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.	Fairplay, Grant	1869.
Seabold, John E.	Menomonee Falls, W'kesha	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Seamonsen, William	Stoughton, Dane	1875.
Sears, Edgar	Pine River, Waushara	1867, 68.
Seaton, James W.	Potosi, Grant	1839, 03, b.
Seaver, John D.	Cooksville, Rock	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.	Darien, Walworth	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.	Wrightstown, Brown	1889.
Seely, David J.	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1895, 67.
Segar, John A.	Johnstown, Rock	1859.
Seiden, George W.	Racine, Racine	1858.
Sell, John	Addison, Washington	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1850.
Selsemyar, August	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1881.
Semmann, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871, 74.
Semmon, L.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
Semple, Parlan	Shawano, Shawano	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.	Fountain City, Buffalo	1877, 78.
Serwe, Michael	Ashland, Fond du Lac	1875.
Sessions, Milan H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1869, b.
Sether, Ole C.	Scandinavia, Waupaca	1887.
Seymour, Robt. T.	Lafayette, Walworth	1855.
Seymour, Silas J.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1873, 77.
Seymour, James M.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1852.
Shafter, William N.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel	Newtonboro, Manitowoc	1864.
Sharp, Elijah M.	Delavan, Walworth	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.	Door Creek, Dane	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan..	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, b.
Shaw, Major	Hingham, Sheboygan	1842.
Shaw, Moses	Algona, Kewaunee	1909.
Shear, Thomas J.	Hillsboro, Vernon	1882, 89.
Shears, Henry	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1850.
Sheffer, George P.	New Diggings, Lafayette..	1867.
Sheldon, Thomas H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Shepard, Charles E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Shepard, J. L.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.	Burnett, Dodge	1877.
Sherman, Adelson	Jamesville, Rock	1839, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1889, b.
Sherman, John M.	Burnett, Dodge	1825.
Shibley, Jacob B.	Passet's Station, Kenosha	1863.
Shinnick, Thomas	Watertown, Jefferson	1867, 76.
Shoels, Charles C.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1855, b.
Shoels, C. Latham	Kenosha, Kenosha	1852, 53, b.
Short, Dennis	Theresa, Dodge	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.	Lancaster, Grant	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A.	Ouro, Winnebago	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman	North Prairie, Waukesha	1864.
Shunway, Perley J.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1848, 62.
Sidler, C. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Siebers, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Sieker, William F.	Franklin, Sheboygan	1895, 97.
Sikes, George	Sharon, Walworth	1869.
Silkworth, Charles A.	Osseo, Trempealeau	1901.
Silverthorn, Willis C.	Wausau, Marathon	1868, 74, b
Simmons, C. F.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1889.
Simmons, Rouse	Kenosha, Kenosha	1876.
Simmons, William	Nekimi, Winnebago	1865, 66.
Simmons, Zalmon G.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1865.
Simon, Matthias	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1869, 63.
Simpson, Edward B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1869.
Simpson, Philemon B.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob	Palmyra, Jefferson	1862.
Slade, Edwin	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1865.
Slade, S. Dwight	Slade's Corners, Kenosha	1899, 01, 03.
Slaughter, George H.	Mendota, Dane	1866.
Slayster, Ruelof	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1879.
Slight, James F.	Peshtigo, Marinette	1905.
Sloan, A. Scott	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1877.
Sloan, Henry C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1881, 95.
Slugg, Samuel	Ontario, Vernon	1885, 87.
Slothower, Elias	Gratiot, Lafayette	1848.
Slupocki, E. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Small, William	Sussex, Waukesha	1880.
Smalley, Sherman E.	Cuba City, Grant	1864, 03.
Smart, Reuben D.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875.
Smelker, Roy C.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1903, 05.
Smiley, Daniel	Albany, Green	1866.
Smiley, Jehn	Orfordville, Rock	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1865.
Smith, Adam	Burke, Dane	1869.
Smith, Albert E.	Delavan, Walworth	1901, 03.
Smith, Archibald D.	Lind, Waupaca	1872.
Smith, Byron	Erin, Washington	1855.
Smith, C. E.	Randolph, Columbia	1891.
Smith, C. H.	Markesan, Green Lake	1923.
Smith, Daniel	Richmond, Walworth	1864.
Smith, Delbert K.	Big Bend, Waukesha	1895, 97.
Smith, E. C.	Markesan, Green Lake	1889, 91, b.
Smith, Ezekial C.	Spring Valley, Rock	1850.
Smith, Francis	Millard, Walworth	1861.
Smith, Frank	Madison, Dane	1909.
Smith, Fred	Watertown, Jefferson	1907.
Smith, George B.	Madison, Dane	1869, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.	Oakfield, Jefferson	1878, 80.
Smith, George H.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1882.
Smith, Heber	Watertown, Jefferson	1860.
Smith, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Smith, Hiram	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1860, b.
Smith, Ira P.	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1881.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented	Sessions.
Smith, Jesse	Vernon, Waukesha	1854.
Smith, Jonathan J.	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha	1866, 67.
Smith, J. M.	Barron, Barron	1895, 97.
Smith, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1893.
Smith, John A.	Caledonia, Racine	1854.
Smith, John A.	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1868.
Smith, L. H.	Geneva, Walworth	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J.	Arlington, Columbia	1891.
Smith, Perry H.	Troy Center, Walworth	1881.
Smith, Philip M.	Appleton, Outagamie	1855, 58, 59, b.
Smith, Richard M.	Janneys, Richland	1874.
Smith, Samuel W.	Richland Center, Richland	1878.
Smith, Simon	Mineral Point, Iowa	1856.
Smith, Winifred	Markesan, Green Lake	1863.
Smith, William	Beloit, Rock	1907.
Smith, William E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Smith, William H.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1889.
Smoke, David	Fox Lake, Dodge	1854, 71, b.
Sneddin, John	Eau Galle, Dunn	1863.
Snover, David G.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1864, 66, 68.
Snover, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Solon, John	Eagle, Waukesha	1863.
Soltwedel, Henry J.	Eagle, Waukesha	1851.
Soper, Fred	Richwood, Dodge	1872.
Sorenson, Ole P.	Richwood, Dodge	1887, 89.
Sorge, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01.
Sparfard, Simeon W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1907.
Spaulding, Benjamin B.	Marshall, Dane	1907.
Spaulding, Hiland J.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1895.
Spaulding, Joseph	Geneva, Walworth	1854.
Spense, Thomas W.	Arcade, Marquette	1850.
Spensley, James	Vienna, Dane	1895.
Spiering, Henry	Harmony, Rock	1854, 63.
Spooner, John C.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1877, 79.
Spooner, Wynnan	Mineral Point, Iowa	1866.
Spottswood, James K.	Mayville, Dodge	1873, 88, 87.
Sprague, Burr	Hudson, St. Croix	1872.
Spratt, George	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Squires, Joel C.	Aztalan, Jefferson	1867.
Staats, Adam	Hazel Green, Grant	1860.
Stack, James S.	Brodhead, Green	1889, 81.
Stack, John M.	Orfordville, Rock	1868.
Stafford, Amos W.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1907.
Stamm, Godfrey	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1887, 01.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.	Platteville, Grant	1870, b.
Stanley, Charles A.	Staatsville, Washington	1852.
Stanley, William S., Jr.	Superior, Douglas	1869.
Stannard, Erastus W.	Mitchell, Fond du Lac	1893.
Stanton, Horace	Geneva, Walworth	1872.
Staples, King G.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1862.
Stapleton, Richard	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, b.
Stark, Joshua	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1875, 97.
Stark, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, 82, b.
Starks, Argalus W.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1860.
Starr, William	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
Stearns, D. Manfield.	Iron River, Bayfield	1897.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Stebbins, Harrison	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Steele, John	Tiffany Rock	1867, 78.
Steever, Mitchell	Shopiere Rock	1858.
Steffen, Francis	Baraboo, Sauk	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Steiger, Emil H.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1863, 64.
Steinfort, Casper H.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1876.
	Ahnapee, Door	1873, b.
	Union, Rock	1883.
	Alderley, Dodge	1881.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
	Hortonville, Outagamie	1878, 79.
	Fremont, Waupaca	1899, 01.
	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Steiner, John	Woodland, Dodge	1878.
Stemper, John B.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1873.
Stephens, David	Madison, Dane	1873.
Stephens, John	Waukesha, Waukesha	1855.
Stephens, Thomas G.	Hazel Green, Grant	1873.
Stephenson, Isaac	Marinette, Marinette	1866, 68.
Stephenson, Joseph	Meeme, Manitowoc	1861.
Sterling, Levi	Mineral Point, Iowa	1858, b.
Sterling, Timothy B.	Iowa Ridge, Dodge	1849.
Sterling, William T.	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1849, 50.
Sternwald, Daniel	Adell, Sheboygan	1857.
Stevens, Charles	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Stevens, Chase A.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1855.
Stevens, Daniel	Cassville, Grant	1882.
Stevens, D. B.	Blainclander, Oneida	1909.
Stevens, E. Ray	Madison, Dane	1901.
Stevens, Ezra B.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1857, 62.
Stevens, Geo. P.	Tamah, Monroe	1923, 65.
Stevens, Henry	Caledonia Center, Racine	1894, b.
Stevenson, John	Enterprise, Vernon	1876.
Stewart, Alva	Newton, Vernon	1889.
Stewart, Andrew J.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1859, b.
Stewart, Donald	Richmond, Walworth	1857.
Stewart, Thomas A.	Delavan, Walworth	1882, 62.
Stillman, Elliott R.	Verona, Dane	1907, 03.
Stock, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Stocking, Hobart M.	Mequon, Washington	1851.
Stoddard, Thomas B.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1876, 80.
Stoddard, John	La Crosse, La Crosse	1862.
Stone, Elphaiet S.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1889.
Stone, Glenville W.	Summit, Waukesha	1872.
Stone, Jesse	Winooski, Sheboygan	1857.
Stonewall, John M.	Watertown, Jefferson	1880, 82, 67.
Stopenbach, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Storm, Byron O.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1891.
Stout, C. F.	Plainfield, Waushara	1905.
Stowers, Charles H.	Westboro, Taylor	1867.
Strachan, John	Trustin, Waushara	1874.
Strasser, Leopold	Mineral Point, Iowa	1872.
Streckewald, Gustave	Stockbridge, Calumet	1885.
Strehlow, A. W.	Hartford, Washington	1869.
Strong, E. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Strong, George	Ashland, Ashland	1903.
Strong, Luman M.	Hudson, St. Croix	1857.
Strong, Marshall M.	Highland, Iowa	1852.
Strong, Moses M.	Racine, Racine	1849.
Strong, Nathaniel	Mineral Point, Iowa	1859.
Strong, Rolin M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Struve, Franz G. L.	Beloit, Rock	1848.
Stuntz, A. C.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1866.
Stuntz, George R.	Ladenville, Jefferson	1868.
Sturdevant, Lafayette M.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1865.
Sturtevant, Charles H.	Superior City, Douglas	1862.
Snellow, Frank W.	Neillsville, Clark	1899, 01.
Stegden, Thomas	Delavan, Walworth	1863.
Sullivan, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Sullivan, John	North Prairie, Waukesha	1849, 52, 57.
Summer, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Sutton, John	Ter Mile House, Milwaukee	1868.
Swain, George G.	Baraboo, Sauk	1869.
Swain, James A.	Milford, Jefferson	1869.
Swain, Almon A.	Kilbourn City, Sauk	1870-71.
Swart, Alfred L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Sweet, John B.	Oak Center, Fond du Lac	1878.
Sweeting, Charles W.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1883.
Swenholt, Jonas	Black Earth, Dane	1857, b.
Sylvester, Daniel R.	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1897.
Szymarek, John H.	Shawano, Shawano	1901, 05.
	Castle Rock, Grant	1877.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 05.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Tallmadge, Isaac S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel	Westfield, Marquette	1882, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E.	Woodworth, Kenosha	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M.	Tunnel City, Monroe	1865.
Tarrant, George	Grand, Pepin	1881.
Tarrant, Henry	Janesville, Rock	1889, 91.
Tarrell, Richard E.	Darlington, Lafayette	1903, 05.
Tate, George E.	Viola, Richland	1887.
Tate, George H.	Viola, Richland	1882.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1873.
Taylor, Allen	Hazel Green, Grant	1855, 56, 57, 62, 61.
Taylor, Anson H.	Muskegon, Waukesha	1859.
Taylor, Chas. S.	Barron, Barron	1875, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1876.
Taylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, b.
Taylor, George W.	Marinette, Marinette	1895, 97.
Taylor, Horatio T.	Racine, Racine	1863.
Taylor, James A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1881, 83, 91.
Taylor, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Taylor, William R.	Cottage Grove, Dane	1865, b.
Temple, Charles S.	Darien, Walworth	1876.
Temple, Marsena	Newport, Sauk	1861.
Tenney, Horace A.	Madison, Dane	1877.
Terhune, William F.	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1854.
Terrens, N.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1903.
Terrill, Richard	Dane Station, Dane	1877.
Tester, John A.	Ama, Buffalo	1883.
Textor, Clinton	Madford, Taylor	1891.
Thalacker, August	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1895.
Thayer, J. B.	River Falls, Pierce	1885.
Thayer, L. L.	Bloomer, Chippewa	1905.
Thayer, Lyman W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1893, b.
Thayer, Mason A.	Sparta, Monroe	1882.
Theisen, Mathias	Roxbury, Dane	1875.
Thelen, Michael	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1879.
Thieme, Oscar F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Thiessenhusen, Reinhold	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01, 03.
Thomas, Amos	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1889.
Thomas, Charles G.	Sextonville, Richland	1873, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S.	Moundsville, Marquette	1856.
	Briggsville, Marquette .....	..... 62.
Thomas, James E.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1909.
Thomas, Jesse	Green Lake, Green Lake	1889.
Thomas, John E.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1872.
Thomas, John H.	Berlin City, Waushara	1875.
Thomas, John O.	Franksville, Racine	1905, 07.
Thomas, John L. V.	Beloit, Rock	1874.
Thomas, John W.	Anson, Chippewa	1895, 97, 99, 61, b.
Thomas, Joseph M.	Lone Rock, Richland	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Major J.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1854, 57.
Thomas, Ormsby B.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Philip W.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1853.
Thomas, Salmon	Darien, Walworth	1856.
Thomas, Theodore M.	Ladysmith, Rusk	1907.
Thomas, William H.	Lisbon, Waukesha	1849, 61.
Thomas, William H.	Sumner, Trempealeau	1866.
Thompson, Alexander M.	Janesville, Rock	1838, 69.
Thompson, Ambrose	Seneca, Crawford	1891.
Thompson, Carl D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Thompson, Charles	Monticello, Green	1877.
Thompson, George P.	Cross Plains, Dane	1875, 56.
Thompson, Henry M.	Mosinee, Marathon	1877.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Thompson, Monroe	Fox Lake, Dodge	1848.
Thompson, Samuel	Hartland, Waukesha	1862, 66.
Thompson, Thornton	Rio, Columbia	1869.
Thompson, T. G.	Cambridge, Dane	1873.
Thompson, William	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1860.
Thoreson, S.	Grantsburg, Burnett	1863.
Thorne, Gerret T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1871, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Thornton, Oliver W.	Marshall, Dane	1873.
Thornton, Thomas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc...	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Adelbert D.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1882.
Thorp, Hermon S.	Wristol, Racine	1849, D.
Tichenor, Vernon	Waukesha, Waukesha	1869.
Tiernay, John H.	Wauwaukee, Dane	1859.
Ties, Fred	Brodhead, Green	1925, 07.
Tilton, Hezekiah C.	Allen's Grove, Walworth...	1865.
Timlin, T. F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Tinker, James	Dover, Racine	1851.
Tisch, Charles	Nero, Kewaunee	1877, 78.
Tish, William	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1876.
Toay, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1881, 54, 59.
Tobey, John William	Neenah, Winnebago	1887.
Tobin, John	Granville, Milwaukee	1854, 56.
Tobin, Thomas	Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1873.
Toldnad, Patrick	Erin, Washington	1849.
Toll, John C.	Cedar Creek, Washington...	1851.
Tollefson, Gunnuf	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1868.
Tompkins, William F.	Janesville, Rock	1850, 51.
Tophiff, Alfred	East Hamden, Columbia	1854, 55.
Torbert, William M.	Hudson, St. Croix	1854.
Torgerson, Ole	Perry, Dane	1871.
Torney, James	Tomah, Monroe	1891.
Totten, Henry	Waukesha, Waukesha	1870.
Touhey, Michael J.	Morrison, Brown	1877.
Toussley, Wilber H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1870.
Toussley, Thomas W.	Towerville, Crawford	1859.
Towers, James S.	Merrimac, Columbia	1909.
Towne, Silas A.	La Valle, Sauk	1909.
Townsend, A. A.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1868.
Townsend, Elijah C.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1890, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B.	Nepeuskum, Winnebago	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J.	Winnebago, Winnebago	1849.
Tracy, Daniel	Osman, Manitowoc	1857.
Tracy, John	Appleton, Outagamie	1891, 93.
Train, James G.	Merrimack, Sauk	1857.
Trask, George W.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1848, 69.
Treat, C. Mortimer	Ogden, Rock	1862.
Treat, Nathaniel B.	Monroe, Green	1895, 97.
Tregaskis, Richard	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851.
Treleven, Daniel D.	Bron, Fond du Lac	1880.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.	Sauk City, Sauk	1862.
Tripp, Roswell H.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1851.
Tripp, William H.	Janesville, Rock	1857.
Trow, Alvin S.	Merrillan, Jackson	1881.
Troy, Cyrus	Monticello, Green	1880, 81.
True, John M.	Baraboo, Sauk	1897, 93.
Truell, David	Lyndon Station, Juneau	1851.
Truesdell, Gideon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1867.
Trumbull, John D.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1867.
Trumer, Marcus	Rubicon, Dodge	1877.
Tucker, Frank T.	Omro, Winnebago	1893, 97.
Turk, Peter	Mequon, Washington	1849.
Turley, John B.	Cassville, Grant	1882.
Turner, A. J.	Portage, Columbia	1863, 64, 66, 69.
Turner, Eugene S.	Gratton, Washington	1856.
Turner, Henry	Appleton, Outagamie	1866.
Turner, John	Mauston, Juneau	1859.
Turner, Peter H.	Palmira, Jefferson	1848.
Turner, William Rufus	Columbus, Columbia	1905, 07.
Turner, William W. D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1883.
Tuttle, William S.	New Fane, Fond du Lac	1853.
Twedy, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Twesme, Albert T.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1909.
Uecke, John	Scymour, Outagamie	1895.
Upham, Calvin H.	Racine, Racine	1862.
Upson, Salmon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Urquhart, Eli L.	Medford, Taylor	1862.
Utley, William L.	Racine, Racine	1851, 52, b.
Utt, Adelbert L.	Platteville, Grant	1895, 97.
Utt, Henry	Platteville, Grant	1865.
Valentine, Charles L.	Janesville, Rock	1891, 03.
Vance, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.	Newburg, Washington	1860.
Vandercook, G. E.	Spencer, Marathon	1899.
Van der Heiden, Ant.	Wrightstown, Brown	1893.
Vanderpool, Abram	Waterloo, Jefferson	1850.
Vanderpool, William A.	Vernon, Waukesha	1862.
Van Norsstrand, A. H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C.	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1839, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter	Caledonia, Racine	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S.	Caledonia Center, Racine..	1849.
Van Walters, William	West Salem, La Crosse	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1858.
Varbeck, S. F.	Lodi, Columbia	1863.
Vaughan, Alanson B.	Union, Rock	1848.
Vaughan, John	Racine, Racine	1865.
Vaughn, David	Bangor, La Crosse	1887.
Vaughn, Samuel S.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1871.
Viebahn, Charles F.	Watertown, Jefferson	1909.
Vilas, Levi B.	Madison, Dane	1855, 63, 73.
Vilas, Wm. F.	Madison, Dane	1885.
Vincent, Edward	Milton, Rock	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.	Tomah, Monroe	1879.
Vincent, Louis	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1877.
Vincent, William J.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1879.
Vineyard, James R.	Platteville, Grant	1849.
Vinton, James E.	Albany, Green	1853.
Virgin, Noah H.	Platteville, Grant	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1873.
Vivina, John H.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Vogel, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Vogenitz, William	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1856.
Vogt, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Vollmar, James	West Bend, Washington..	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W.	Sharon, Walworth	1857.
Yosburgh, John B.	Richmond (Ill.), Kenosha ..	1882.
Yredenbergh, Peter	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.	River Falls, St. Croix.....	1867.
Wadsworth, James	Darlington, Lafayette	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
Wagner, John C.	Watertown, Dodge	1863.
Wagner, Joseph	Racine, Racine	1899.
Waite, David H.	Marshfield, Fond du Lac..	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus	Princeton, Marquette	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer	Fremont, Waupaca	1882.
Wakeley, Solomous	Madison, Dane	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles	Whitewater, Walworth	1855, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse	Kingston, Green Lake	1851.
Walker, Charles H.	Platteville, Grant	1859.
Walker, Geo. H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1856, 57.
Walker, Geo. H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Walker, Jabez K.	East Oasis, Waushara	1876, 77.
Walker, Lyman	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1865, b.
Wall, Edward C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79.
Wall, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Wall, Thomas	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wall, William	Oil City, Monroe	1885.
Wallace, Levi	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1879, 80, 81.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wallber, Emil	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Waller, Nathan P.	West Salem, La Crosse....	1868, 69.
Wallihan, Orland F.	Footville, Rock	1872.
Wallrich, M. J.	Shawano, Shawano	1903.
Walsh, Michael P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 85.
Walsh, Patrick	Hales' Corners, Milwaukee.	1838, b.
Walter, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Walters, Aaron	Poster, Fond du Lac	1877, 72.
Walther, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Walvoord, Henry	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1855.
Walworth, John	Richland Center, Richland.	1862, 64.
Wannemaker, Samuel L. .	Boscobel, Crawford	1877.
Ward, William T.	Hustisford, Dodge	1860.
Warden, A. F.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1891.
Ware, James F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91, 92, b.
Warner, Clement E.	Windsor, Dane	1873, b.
Warner, Ernest Noble ..	Madison, Dane	1895.
Warner, Francis L.	Deansville, Dane	1882.
Warner, Henry M.	Cottage Grove, Dane	1848.
Warner, Herman	Racine, Racine	1858.
Warner, Jared	Patch Grove, Grant	1861.
Warner, M. J.	Elk Creek, Trempealeau	1881.
Warner, William S.	Lamartine, Fond du Lac	1869.
Warner, William S.	Appleton, Outagamie	1878.
Warren, Dewey K.	Delafield, Waukesha	1848.
Warren, George	Clintonville, Waupaca	1882.
Warren, Parker	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1848.
Warren, Stephen	Delafield, Waukesha	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F. .	Excelsior, Richland	1875.
Washburn, George H.	Millville, Grant	1868.
Washburn, James	Buck Creek, Richland	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1876.
Washburn, William H. .	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1879.
Wason, Robert, Jr.	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Waste, Eli	Sparta, Monroe	1874, 75, 89.
Waterbury, Chester N. .	Roxbury, Dane	1859.
Waterbury, James L.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1867, 68.
Waterman, H. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Watrous, Jerome A.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S.	La Pointe, La Pointe	1859.
Watrous, William F.	Charlestown, Calumet	1862.
Watson, Charles	Washburn, Grant	1880.
Watson, J. W.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91.
Watts, James	Granville, Milwaukee	1864, 71.
Weage, Frederick A.	Waterford, Racine	1869, 65.
Weatherby, John	Hustisford, Dodge	1867.
Weaver, James	Lisbon, Waukesha	1856.
Weaver, Richard	Sussex, Waukesha	1878, b.
Weaver, Thomas	Dewarkee, Waukesha	1865.
Webb, Henry G.	Wautoma, Waushara	1861, b.
Webb, William C.	Wautoma, Waushara	1858, 60, 63, 64.
Weber, Frank J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1907, 09.
Webster, Enoch	Amherst, Portage	1865.
Webster, Hiram W.	Omro, Winnebago	1879, 80.
Webster, Samuel R.	Janville, Dodge	1897.
Webster, William E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Wedig, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Wedon, George W.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1872, 83.
Weeks, George	Columbus, Dane	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.	Whitewater, Walworth	1867, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1874.
Wehle, Gottlieb	Fennimore, Grant	1874.
Wehrwein, Simon F., Jr. .	Cleveland, Manitowoc	1905, 07, 09.
Weil, Baruch S.	West Bend, Washington ..	1892, 86.
Weil, Henry	Schleisingsville, Wash. .	1871, 72, 73, b.
Weil, Paul A.	West Bend, Washington ..	1850.
Weiler, John W.	Richfield, Washington	1858.
Weiss, Gottlieb E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Welch, Charles H.	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1865.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Welch, David E.	Paraboo, Sauk	1874, 75, b.
Welch, Ebenezar S.	Neeah, Winnebago	1855.
Wellensgard, C. C.	Berlin, Green Lake	1907, 09.
Wells, Allen V.	Berlin, Green Lake	1909.
Wells, Charles D.	Tomah, Monroe	1876.
Wells, Jabez H.	Portage, Columbia	1899.
Wells, John M.	Prairieville, Waukesha	1849.
Wentworth, Robert B.	Juneau, Dodge	1857.
Werheim, George	Wausau, Marathon	1895, 99.
Wery, Joseph	Darbellay, Kewaunee	1899.
Wescott, Ezra	Skinner, Green	1863.
Wescott, Jefferson F.	Farmer's Grove, Green	1869.
Wescott, Marion	Shawano, Shawano	1885.
Wescott, Walter S.	Monroe, Green	1899, c, b.
West, Abram	Reedsburg, Sauk	1857.
West, Edmund A.	Monroe, Green	1859, b.
West, Francis H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, b.
West, Henry C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
West, Samuel C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
West, Thomas	Raymond, Racine	1853, 54.
Westby, Thomas C.	Emerald Grove, Rock	1860.
Westfahl, F. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 05.
Whedon, Milo M.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1851.
Wheeler, Ezra	Berlin, Green Lake	1859.
Wheeler, Freeman M.	Nausaup, Fond du Lac	1849.
Wheeler, Guy	Janesville, Rock	1864.
Wheeler, Nathaniel	Richland Center, Richland	1854.
Wheeler, Nelson	Humboldt, Sauk	1859.
Wheeler, William E.	Pelot, Rock	1859, 60.
Wheeler, William G.	Janesville, Rock	1897, 99.
Wheelihan, W. Peter	Necedah, Juneau	1893.
Whelan, J. W.	Mondovi, Buffalo	1889, b.
Whipple, Cephas	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1865.
Whirry, William T.	Randolph, Columbia	1855.
White, Charles	Calona, Waushara	1859.
White, Elias N.	Burlington, Racine	1874, 75, 76.
White, James	Random Lake, Sheboygan	1878.
White, James S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
White, Jarvis	South Superior, Douglas	1897.
White, Joseph	Cottage Inn, Lafayette	1855, 57, 63.
White, Julius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
White, Obadiab J.	Monroe, Green	1861.
White, Richard	Lamberton, Milwaukee	1865.
White, Samuel A.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1857.
White, A.	Whitewater, Walworth	1871, 72.
Whitesides, C. M.	Fulton, Rock	1903.
Whiting, Anderson	Sawyer, Door	1891.
Whiting, A. Chapin	Richmond, Walworth	1854, 60.
Whiting, Warren	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1867.
Whitesides, Ninian E.	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1859.
Whitford, William C.	Belmont, Lafayette	1848.
Whitman, Platt	Milton, Rock	1868.
Whitson, Edward W.	Highland, Iowa	1909.
Whittet, Lawrence C.	Tomahawk, Lincoln	1891, 03.
Whitson, Edward W.	Egerton, Rock	1909.
Whittlesey, Asaph	Bayfield, Bayfield	1860.
Whitton, Charles B.	Ashippun, Dodge	1851.
Whitton, David	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1874.
Widule, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, b.
Wiegand, O. O.	Shawano, Shawano	1891.
Wilbor, John B.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1857.
Wilcox, Alonzo	Spring Green, Sauk	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Chester G.	De Pere, Brown	1850.
Wilcox, Edgar	Byron, Fond du Lac	1864.
Wilcox, Randall	De Pere, Brown	1853, 67, 69.
Wiley, John	Shawano, Shawano	1860.
Wilkie, Henry F.	Verona, Dane	1895.
Willard, Andrew	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1866.
Willard, Gustavus A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1878.
Willard, Horace B.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1861.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Name.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Willard, Josiah F.	Janesville, Rock	1849.
Williams, Billie	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1866.
Williams, Cornelius	Bristol, Kenosha	1880.
Williams, David	Springfield, Walworth	1887.
Williams, De Witt C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1880.
Williams, D. R. W.	Werner, Juneau	1862.
Williams, Edward C.	Elba, Dodge	1888.
Williams, Edwin A.	Neenah, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Williams, George J.	Hartford, Washington	1868.
Williams, John D.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1880.
Williams, John K.	Lowell, Dodge	1874, 61.
Williams, Joseph C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1861.
Williams, Nelson	Stoughton, Dane	1868, b.
Williams, O. T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Williams, Orrin J.	New Richmond, St. Croix	1893, 95.
Williams, Roger	Hillsboro, Vernon	1879.
Williams, D. G.	Cambria, Columbia	1903.
Williams, Thos. E.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1885.
Williams, William M.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1882.
Williston, George H.	Janesville, Rock	1865.
Willmont, Henry V. R.	Newberg, Washington	1870.
Willot, Joseph, Jr.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875, 01, 03.
Willy, Theophilus A.	Appleton, Outagamie	1799, b.
Wilson, Agesslaus O.	Janesville, Rock	1862.
Wilson, D.-Witt C.	Sparta, Monroe	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert	Dodgeville, Iowa	1862.
Wilson, Robert D.	North Bend, Jackson	1880.
Wilson, William K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1876.
Winaus, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1889.
Winaus, John	Janesville, Rock	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Wineh, Ed E.	Marshfield, Wood	1865.
Wing, Alonzo	Jefferson, Jefferson	1881.
Winkler, Carl	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Winkler, Frederick C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Winstow, Joseph	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1869.
Winsor, Horatio S.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1885.
Winter, Charles A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Winter, Hermann H.	Watertown, Jefferson	1860.
Winter, Michael	Adell, Sheboygan	1864.
Winter, Jacob	Iola, Waupaca	1889, 93.
Wipperman, Herman C.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1895, 97, b.
Wipperman, William	Mosel, Sheboygan	1876.
Wirth, Philip M.	Green Bay, Brown	1883.
Wirtz, Michael	Summit, Fond du Lac	1878.
Withee, Nathan H.	Neillsville, Clark	1870, 80.
Wittig, Ferdinand	Green Bay, Brown	1909.
Woeiz, Christian	Green Bay, Brown	1872.
Wolf, Louis	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1864, 71, 76, b.
Wolfe, Hubert	Greenville, Outagamie	1863.
Wolff, Julius	Rhine, Sheboygan	1863.
Wolff, George W.	Rhine, Sheboygan	1883, 97.
Wolflinger, Joseph	Dundas, Calumet	1897, 97.
Woller, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Woller, Frank E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Wolter, Bernard C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1897.
Wood, Albert	Quincy, Adams	1860.
Wood, Alson	Waukau, Winnebago	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.	Manchester, Calumet	1860.
Wood, Joseph	Grand Rapids, Marathon	1876.
Wood, Louis N.	Walworth, Walworth	1882.
Wood, Eriah	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1878.
Woodard, Lester	Pardeeville, Columbia	1878.
Woodman, Cyrus	—, Iowa	1862.
Woodman, William W.	Farmington, Jefferson	1873, 56, b.
Woods, Alexander	Hillsboro, Vernon	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.	Bristol, Racine	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.	Clinton, Rock	1865, 66.
Worth, Arthur W.	Lancaster, Grant	1848.
Worthington, Denison	Summit, Waukesha	1882, 84, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Name.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Woyceichowski, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Wright, Charles S.	Racine, Racine	1854.
Wright, George	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1863, 61.
Wright, Hiram A.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.	Monicello, Green	1867.
Wroe, William H. H.	Medina, Outagamie	1872.
Wunderly, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.	Starr, Vernon	1877.
Wylie, George	Leeds, Columbia	1897, 93, b.
Yakey, David C.	Bloomington, Vernon	1880.
Yawkey, Cyrus C.	Hazellurst, Oneida	1895.
Yerk, Henry D.	Hazel Green, Grant	1850, 53, 58.
Yorkey, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Yorty, Andrew J.	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1872.
Youmans, Henry A.	Mckwenago, Waukesha	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1860.
Young, James S.	Stevens Point, Portage	1859.
Young, John	Black Hawk, Sauk	1873.
Young, John H.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1501.
Young, Milas K.	Cassville, Grant	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.	Wyalusing, Grant	1849.
Yeung, William H.	Oconto, Oconto	1885.
Youngs, David	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1867.
Zabel, C. A. M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Zander, Peter	Cross Plains, Dane	1876.
Zander, William	Larabee, Manitowoc	1879.
Zautcke, Frederick A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 76.
Zetteler, Frederick T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 75.
Zeman, William	Horicon, Dodge	1877.
Ziller, Carl	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph	Megoun, Washington	1848.
Zimmerman, Fred R.	Wagon River, Ozaukee	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, Philip	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1909.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad	German town, Washington	1854, 59.
Zinn, August	New Glarus, Green	1887.
Zorn, Charles R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01.
	Kiel, Manitowoc	1873, 74, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY,

1848-1909.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1	Ninian E. Whitesides	Lafayette	1848
2	Harrison C. Hobart	Sheboygan	1849
3	Moses M. Strong	Iowa	1850
4	Frederick W. Horn	Washington	1851
5	James M. Shafter	Sheboygan	1852
6	Henry L. Palmer	Milwaukee	1853
7	Frederick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1854
8	Charles C. Scholes	Kenosha	1855
9	William Hull	Grant	1856
10	Wyman Spooner	Walworth	1857
11	Frederick S. Lovell	Kenosha	1858
12	William P. Lyon	Racine	1859
13	William P. Lyon	Racine	1860
14	Amasa Cobb	Iowa	1861
15	James W. Beardsley	Pierce	1862
16	J. Allen Barber	Grant	1863
17	William W. Field	Grant	1864
18	William W. Field	Grant	1865
19	Henry D. Barron	Polk	1866
20	Angus Cameron	La Crosse	1867
21	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1868
22	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1869
23	James M. Bingham	Jefferson	1870
24	William E. Smith	Dodge	1871
25	Daniel Hall	Jefferson	1872
26	Henry D. Barron	Polk	1873
27	Gabe Bouck	Winnebago	1874
28	Frederick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1875
29	Fam S. Piffeld	Ashland	1876
30	John B. Cassoday	Rock	1877
31	Augustus K. Barrows	Chippewa	1878
32	David M. Kelly	Brown	1879
33	Alexander A. Arnold	Trempealeau	1880
34	Ira B. Bradford	Eau Claire	1881
35	Franklin L. Gilson	Pierce	1882
36	Earl P. Finch	Winnebago	1883
37	Hiram O. Fairchild	Marquette	1885
38	Thos. B. Mills	Jackson	1887
39	Thos. B. Mills	Jackson	1889
40	James J. Hogan	La Crosse	1891
41	Edward Keogh	Milwaukee	1893
42	Geo. B. Barrows	Dane	1895
43	Geo. A. Buckstaff	Winnebago	1897
44	Geo. H. Ray	La Crosse	1899
45	Geo. H. Ray	La Crosse	1901
46	Irvine L. Lenroot	Douglas	1903
47	Irvine L. Lenroot	Douglas	1905
48	Herman L. Ekern	Trempealeau	1907
49	L. H. Bancroft	Richland	1909

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembl-y.
1.	1848	Henry G. Abbey.....	Daniel N. Johnson.
2.	1849	William R. Smith.....	Robert L. Ream.
3.	1850	William R. Smith.....	Alex T. Gray.
4.	1851	William Huil.....	Alex T. Gray.
5.	1852	John K. Williams.....	Alex T. Gray.
6.	1853	John K. Williams.....	Thomas McHugh.
7.	1854	Samuel G. Bugh.....	Thomas McHugh.
8.	1855	Samuel G. Bugh.....	David Atwood.
9.	1856	Byron Palne.....	Jas. Armstrong.
10.	1857	Wm. Henry Brisbane.....	William C. Webb.
11.	1858	John L. V. Thomas.....	L. H. D. Crane.
12.	1859	Hiram Bowen.....	L. H. D. Crane.
13.	1860	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
14.	1861	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
15.	1862	J. H. Warren.....	John S. Dean.
16.	1863	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
17.	1864	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
18.	1865	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
19.	1866	Frank M. Stewart.....	E. W. Young.
20.	1867	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
21.	1868	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
22.	1869	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
23.	1870	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
24.	1871	O. R. Smith.....	E. W. Young.
25.	1872	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
26.	1873	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
27.	1874	J. H. Waggoner.....	George W. Peck.
28.	1875	Fred A. Dennett.....	R. M. Strong.
29.	1876	A. J. Turner.....	R. M. Strong.
30.	1877	A. J. Turner.....	W. A. Nowell.
31.	1878	A. J. Turner ¹	Jabez R. Hunter.
32.	1879	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
33.	1880	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
34.	1881	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
35.	1882	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
36.	1883	Charles E. Bross.....	I. T. Carr.
37.	1885	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
38.	1887	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
39.	1889	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
40.	1891	J. P. Hume.....	George W. Porth.
41.	1893	Sam J. Sniater.....	George W. Porth.
42.	1895	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
43.	1897	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
44.	1899	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
45.	1901	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
46.	1903	Theodore W. Goldin.....	C. O. Marsh.
47.	1905	L. K. Eaton.....	C. O. Marsh.
48.	1907	A. R. Emerson.....	C. E. Shaffer.
49.	1909	F. E. Andrews.....	C. E. Shaffer.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1878.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.	1848.	Lyman H. Seaver.	John Mullanphy.
2.	1849.	F. W. Shollner.	Felix McFadden.
3.	1850.	James Hanrahan.	E. R. Huggins.
4.	1851.	E. D. Masters.	C. M. Kingsbury.
5.	1852.	Patrick Cosgrove.	Elisha Starr.
6.	1853.	Thomas Hood.	Richard P. Wilson.
7.	1854.	J. M. Sherwood.	William H. Gleason.
8.	1855.	William H. Gleason.	William Blake.
9.	1856.	Joseph Baker.	Egbert Mosely.
10.	1857.	Alanson Miller.	William C. Rogers.
11.	1858.	Nathaniel L. Stout.	Francis Massing.
12.	1859.	Asa Kinney.	Emanuel Munk.
13.	1859.	Asa Kinney.	Joseph Gates.
14.	1861.	J. A. Hadley.	Craig B. Peebe.
15.	1862.	B. U. Caswell.	A. A. Huntington.
16.	1863.	Luther Bashford.	A. M. Thompson.
17.	1864.	Nelson Williams.	A. M. Thompson.
18.	1865.	Nelson Williams.	Alonzo Wilcox.
19.	1865.	Nelson Williams.	L. M. Hammond.
20.	1867.	Asa Kinney.	Daniel Webster.
21.	1868.	W. H. Hamilton.	C. L. Harris.
22.	1869.	W. H. Hamilton.	Rollin C. Kelly.
23.	1870.	E. M. Rogers.	Ole C. Johnson.
24.	1871.	W. W. Baker.	Sam S. Fifield.
25.	1872.	W. D. Hoard.	Sam S. Fifield.
26.	1873.	Albert Emonson.	O. C. Bissel.
27.	1874.	O. U. Akin.	Joseph Deuster.
28.	1875.	O. U. Akin.	J. W. Brackett.
29.	1876.	E. T. Gardner.	Elisha Starr.
30.	1877.	C. E. Bullard.	Tho. B. Reid.
31.	1878.	L. J. Brayton.	Anton Klaus.
32.	1879.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	Miletus Knicht.
33.	1880.	Chalmers Ingersoll.	D. H. Pulcifer.
34.	1881.	W. W. Baker.	G. W. Church.
35.	1882.	A. T. Glaze.	D. E. Welch.
36.	1883.	A. D. Thorp.	Thomas Kennedy.
37.	1885.	Hubert Wolcott.	John M. Ewing.
38.	1887.	T. J. George.	Wm. A. Adamson.
39.	1889.	T. J. George.	F. E. Parsons.
40.	1891.	John A. Barney.	Patrick Whelan.
41.	1893.	John B. Becker.	Theo. Knapstein.
42.	1895.	Charles Pettibone.	B. F. Millard.
43.	1897.	Charles Pettibone.	C. M. Hambright.
44.	1899.	Charles Pettibone.	James H. Agen.
45.	1901.	Sanfield McDonald.	A. M. Anderson.
46.	1903.	R. C. Falconer.	A. M. Anderson.
47.	1905.	R. C. Falconer.	Nicholas Streveler.
48.	1907.	R. C. Falconer.	W. S. Irvine.
49.	1909.	R. C. Falconer.	W. S. Irvine.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reprs.
1836....	October 25th.....	Dec. 9, 1836.....	46 days.....	39
1837....	November 6th.....	Jan. 20, 1838.....	76 days.....	39
1838....	June 11th.....	June 25, 1838.....	15 days.....	38
1838....	November 26th.....	Dec. 22, 1838.....	27 days.....	37
1839....	January 21st.....	March 11, 1839.....	50 days.....	39
1839....	December 2d.....	Jan. 13, 1840.....	43 days.....	39
1840....	August 3d.....	August 14, 1840.....	12 days.....	39
1840....	December 7th.....	Feb. 19, 1841.....	75 days.....	39
1841....	December 6th.....	Feb. 19, 1842.....	76 days.....	39
1842....	March 6th.....	March 25, 1843.....	20 days.....	39
1842....	March 27th.....	April 17, 1843.....	22 days.....	39
1843....	December 4th.....	Jan. 31, 1844.....	59 days.....	39
1843....	January 6th.....	Feb. 24, 1845.....	50 days.....	39
1846....	January 5th.....	Feb. 3, 1846.....	30 days.....	39
1847....	January 4th.....	Feb. 11, 1847.....	39 days.....	39
1847....	October 18th.....	Oct. 27, 1847.....	10 days.....	39
1848....	February 7th.....	March 13, 1848.....	36 days.....	39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reprs.
1843....	October 5th.....	Dec. 16, 1846.....	73 days.....	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847....	December 15th.....	Feb. 1, 1848.....	48 days.....	65
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy-eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

- Third Session*—Convencd January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.
- Fourth Session*—Convencd January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.
- Fifth Session*—Convencd January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.
- Sixth Session*—This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June reconvening for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.
- Seventh Session*—Convencd January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eighth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Ninth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Tenth Session*—Convencd January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eleventh Session*—Convencd January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Twelfth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Thirteenth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fourteenth Session*—Convencd January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Reconvened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fifteenth Session*—Convencd January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Reconvened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 23, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Sixteenth Session*—Convencd January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Seventeenth Session*—Convencd January 13 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Eighteenth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Nineteenth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twentieth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-first Session*—Convencd January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-second Session*—Convencd January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-third Session*—Convencd January 12, 1870 and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fourth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fifth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-sixth Session*—Convencd January 8 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

- Twenty-seventh Session*—Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session*—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-ninth Session*—Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirtieth Session*—Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session*—Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session*—Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session*—Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session*—Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session*—Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session*—Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session*—Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session*—Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session*—Convened January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Fortieth Session*—Convened January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.
Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892. Ten days.
- Forty-first Session*—Convened January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-second Session*—Convened January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, one hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-third Session*—Convened January 13, 1897. Recess from April 24 to August 17. Met August 17 for the purpose of passing upon revision of the statutes. Adjourned August 20, 1897, one hundred and six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fourth Session*—Convened January 11, 1899. Adjourned May 4, one hundred and fourteen days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fifth Session*—Convened January 9, 1901. Adjourned May 15, one hundred and twenty-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-sixth Session*—Convened January 14, 1903. Adjourned May 23, 1903, one hundred and thirty days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-seventh Session*—Convened January 11, 1905. Adjourned June 21, 1905; one hundred and sixty-three days; one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-eighth Session*—Convened January 9, 1907. Adjourned July 16, 1907; one hundred and eighty-nine days; one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-ninth Session*—Convened January 13, 1909. Adjourned June 18, 1909.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January—See sec. 9'z, W. S. '838.]

1848. ELECTED NOVEMBER 7.

At Large—Francis Huebschmann.
Wm. Danwiddie.
1st District—David P. Mapes.
2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. ELECTED NOVEMBER 2.

At Large—Montgomery M. Cothren.
Saterlee Clark.
1st District—Philo White.
2d District—Beriah Brown.
3d District—Charles Billingshurst.

1856. ELECTED NOVEMBER 4.

At Large—Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District—Gregor Menzel
2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District—Bille Williams.

1860. ELECTED NOVEMBER 6.

At Large—Walter D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughn.
2d District—J. Allen Barber.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. ELECTED NOVEMBER 3.

At Large—William W. Field.
Henry L. Blood.
1st District—George C. Northrop.
2d District—Jonathan Bowman.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Henry J. Turner.
5th District—Henry F. Belltz.
6th District—Alexander S. McDill.

1868. ELECTED NOVEMBER 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District—Elihu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Price.

1872. ELECTED NOVEMBER 5.

At Large—William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District—Jerome S. Nichols.
2d District—George G. Swain.
3d District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District—Frederick Hilger.
5th District—Edward C. Mc etridge.
6th District—George E. Hoski, s.o.n.
7th District—Romanzo Bunn.
8th District—Henry D. Barron.

1876. ELECTED NOVEMBER 7.

At Large—Wm. H. Miner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District—T. D. Weeks.
2d District—T. D. Lang.
3d District—Daniel L. Downs.
4th District—Casper M. Sanger.
5th District—Charles Luling.
6th District—James H. Foster.
7th District—Charles B. Solberg.
8th District—John H. Knapp.

1880. ELECTED NOVEMBER 2.

At Large—George End.
Knud Langland.
1st District—Lucius S. Blake.
2d District—John Kellogg.
3d District—George E. Weatherby.
4th District—Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District—C. T. Lovell.
6th District—E. L. Browne.
7th District—F. H. Kribs.
8th District—John T. Kingston.

1884. ELECTED NOVEMBER 4.

At Large—C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrand.
2d District—D. C. Van Brunt.
3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Rugee.
5th District—E. W. Arndt.
6th District—B. T. Bogers.
7th District—W. M. Poro.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. ELECTED NOVEMBER 6.

At Large—Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District—G. N. Palmer.
2d District—Allen P. Harwood.
3d District—A. C. Dodge.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Temple.
8th District—Currie G. Bell.
9th District—John Finney.

1892. ELECTED NOVEMBER 8.

At Large—Gustav Wollaeger.
Robert J. McBride.
1st District—Andrew Jensen.
2d District—Michael Johnson.
3d District—John Montgomery Smith.
4th District—John Black.
5th District—Henry B. Schwin.
6th District—Ferdinand T. Jahr.
7th District—James J. Hogan.
8th District—John Wattawa.
9th District—Lewis S. Bailey.
10th District—William F. Cirkel.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

LXTH CONGRESS, 1907-09.

1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
 2d District—John M. Nelson, Madison.
 3d District—James W. Murphy, Platteville.
 4th District—Wm. J. Cary, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Gustav Kuestermann, Green Bay.
 10th District—E. A. Morse, Antigo.
 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LXIth CONGRESS, 1910-11.

1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
 2d District—John M. Nelson, Madison.
 3d District—Arthur W. Cobb, Platteville.
 4th District—Wm. J. Cary, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Gustav Kuestermann, Green Bay.
 10th District—E. A. Morse, Antigo.
 11th District—I. L. Lenroot, Superior.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones.....	Oct. 10, 1833	Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty.....	Sept. 10, 1838	Morgan L. Martin.....	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty.....	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy.....	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker.....	June 8, 1848	Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 22, 1879
Henry Dodge.....	June 8, 1848	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 26, 1881
Isaac P. Walker.....	Jan. 17, 1849	Angus Cameron.....	Mar. 10, 1881
Henry Dodge.....	Jan. 20, 1851	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 28, 1885
Charles Durkee.....	Feb. 1, 1855	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 26, 1887
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 23, 1857	William F. Vilas.....	Jan. 28, 1891
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 23, 1851	John L. Mitchell.....	Feb. 8, 1893
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 22, 1853	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 27, 1897
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 24, 1857	J. V. Quarles.....	Jan. 31, 1899
Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 26, 1859	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 28, 1903
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 21, 1873	Robert M. LaFollette.....	Jan. 25, 1905
Angus Cameron.....	Feb. 3, 1875	Isaac Stephenson.....	May 17, 1907

REPRESENTATIVES.

(By Congresses.)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

<p style="text-align: center;">XXXTH CONGRESS, 1847-49.</p> <p>1st District—William Pitt Lynde.¹ 2d District—Mason C. Darling.¹</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXIST CONGRESS, 1851-51.</p> <p>1st District—Charles Durkee. 2d District—Orsamus Cole. 3d District—James Duane Doty.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXII^D CONGRESS, 1851-53.</p> <p>1st District—Charles Durkee. 2d District—Ben C. Eastman. 3d District—John B. Macey.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXIII^D CONGRESS, 1853-55.</p> <p>1st District—Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District—Ben. C. Eastman. 3d District—John B. Macey.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXIVTH CONGRESS, 1855-57.</p> <p>1st District—Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District—Charles Billingshurst.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXVTH CONGRESS, 1857-59.</p> <p>1st District—John F. Potter. 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District—Charles Billingshurst.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">XXXVITH CONGRESS, 1859-61.</p> <p>1st District—John F. Potter. 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District—Charles H. Larrabee.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXVIITH CONGRESS, 1861-63.</p> <p>1st District—John F. Potter. 2d District—Luther Hanchett.² 3d District—Walter D. McIndoe.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXVIIITH CONGRESS, 1863-65.</p> <p>1st District—James S. Brown. 2d District—Ithamar C. Sloan. 3d District—Amasa Cobb. 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge. 5th District—Ezra Wheeler. 6th District—Walter D. McIndoe.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">XXXIX CONGRESS, 1865-67.</p> <p>1st District—Halbert E. Paine. 2d District—Ithamar C. Sloan. 3d District—Amasa Cobb. 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge. 5th District—Philetus Sawyer. 6th District—Walter D. McIndoe.</p>
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¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848.

² Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1862.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

XLTH CONGRESS, 1867-69.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District—Benjamin F. Hopkins.
- 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District—Charles E. Eldredge.
- 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIST CONGRESS, 1869-71.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District—Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹
David Atwood.
- 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIIID CONGRESS, 1871-73.

- 1st District—Alexander Mitchell.
- 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
- 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIID CONGRESS, 1873-75.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District—Alexander Mitchell.
- 5th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
- 6th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District—Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVTH CONGRESS, 1875-77.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District—Henry S. Magoon.
- 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District—Samuel D. Burchard.
- 6th District—Alanson M. Kimball.
- 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District—George W. Cate.

XLVTH CONGRESS, 1877-79.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIITH CONGRESS, 1879-81.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIITH CONGRESS, 1881-83.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District—Richard Guenther.
- 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIITH CONGRESS, 1883-85.

- 1st District—John Winans.
- 2d District—Daniel H. Sumner.
- 3d District—Burr W. Jones.
- 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District—Joseph Rankin.
- 6th District—Richard Guenther.
- 7th District—Gilbert M. Woodward.
- 8th District—William T. Price.
- 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXTH CONGRESS, 1885-87.

- 1st District—Lucien B. Caswell.
- 2d District—Edward S. Bragg.
- 3d District—Robert M. La Follette
- 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District—Joseph Rankin.²
T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District—Richard Guenther.
- 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District—William T. Price.³
Hugh H. Price.
- 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

LTH CONGRESS, 1888-89.

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District—Richard Guenther.
- 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District—Henry Smith.
- 5th District—T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District—C. B. Clark.
- 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

LII CONGRESS, 1889-91.

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District—Charles Barwig.
- 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District—George H. Brickner.
- 6th District—C. B. Clark.
- 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District—Myron H. McCord.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.

² Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.

³ Died Dec. 7, 1886, Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 13, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

LIIND CONGRESS, 1891-93.

- 1st District—Clinton Rabbitt.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Allen R. Bushnell.
 4th District—John L. Mitchell.
 5th District—George H. Brickner.
 6th District—Lucas M. Miller.
 7th District—Frank P. Coburn.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Thomas Lynch.

LIIIND CONGRESS, 1893-95.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock.
 4th District—John L. Mitchell,¹
 Peter J. Somers.²
 5th District—Geo. H. Brickner.
 6th District—Owen A. Wells.
 7th District—Geo. B. Shaw,³
 Michael Griffin.⁴
 8th District—Lyman E. Barnes.
 9th District—Thomas Lynch.
 10th District—Nils P. Haugen.

LIVTH CONGRESS, 1895-97.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
 6th District—Samuel A. Cook, Neenah.
 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVTH CONGRESS, 1897-99.

- 1st^a District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVITH CONGRESS, 1899-01.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Herman B. Dahl, Mt. Horeb.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.

¹ Resigned February 10, 1893.
² Elected April 4, 1893, to fill vacancy.
³ Died August 27, 1894.

LVIITH CONGRESS, 1897-99—Continued.

- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVIIITH CONGRESS, 1901-03.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Herman B. Dahl, Mt. Horeb.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 9th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVIIITH CONGRESS, 1903-05.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Henry C. Adams, Madison.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 10th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LIXTH CONGRESS, 1905-07.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
 2d District—Henry C. Adams,⁶ Madison.
 John M. Nelson,⁶ Madison.
 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Nece-dah.
 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
 10th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

⁴ Elected November 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.
⁵ Died July 9, 1906.
⁶ Elected September 5, 1906, to fill vacancy.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

LXTH CONGRESS, 1907-09.

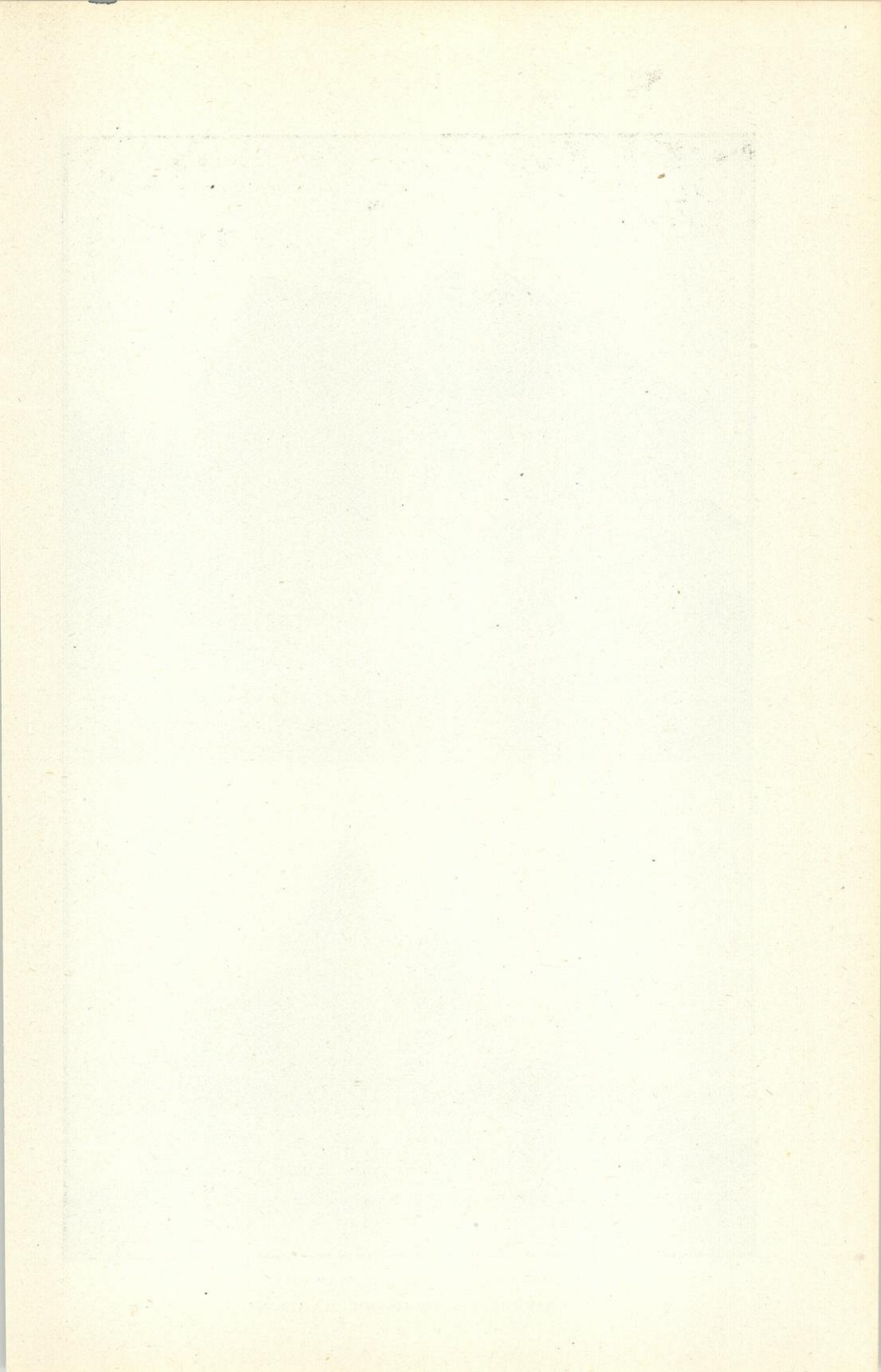
1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
 2d District—John M. Nelson, Madison.
 3d District—James W. Murphy, Platteville.
 4th District—Wm. J. Cary, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Gustav Kuestermann, Green Bay.
 10th District—E. A. Morse, Antigo.
 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

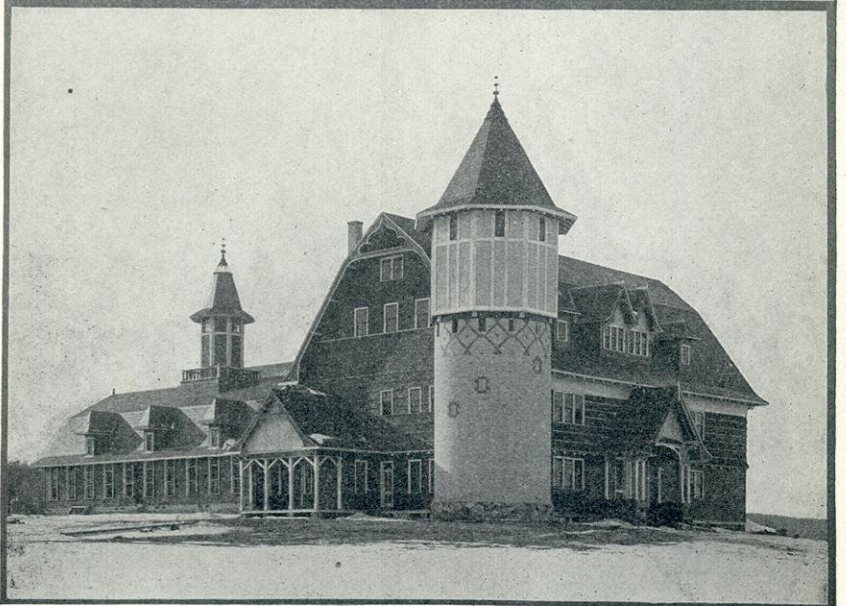
LXIth CONGRESS, 1910-11.

1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
 2d District—John M. Nelson, Madison.
 3d District—Arthur W. Copp, Platteville.
 4th District—Wm. J. Cary, Milwaukee.
 5th District—Wm. H. Stafford, Milwaukee
 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
 9th District—Gustav Kuestermann, Green Bay.
 10th District—E. A. Morse, Antigo.
 11th District—I. L. Lenroot, Superior.

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE PRESIDENTS.
PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Name.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inaugurated.		Years served.	Politics.	Place of Death.	Age at death.
						Year	Age.				
1	George Washington.....	Va....	English.....	1732	Va....	1789	57	8	Federalist.....	Mt. Vernon, 1799.....	67
2	John Adams.....	Mass..	English.....	1735	Mass..	1797	62	4	Federalist.....	Quincy, Mass, 1826.....	91
3	Thomas Jefferson.....	Va....	Welsh.....	1743	Va....	1801	58	8	Republican.....	Monticello, Va., 1826.....	83
4	James Madison.....	Va....	English.....	1751	Va....	1809	58	8	Republican.....	Montpelier, Vt., 1836.....	85
5	James Monroe.....	Va....	Scotch.....	1758	Va....	1817	59	8	Republican.....	New York City, 1831.....	73
6	John Quincy Adams.....	Mass..	English.....	1767	Mass..	1825	58	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1848.....	81
7	Andrew Jackson.....	S. C.	Irish.....	1767	Tenn.	1829	62	8	Democrat.....	Hermitage, Tenn., 1845.....	78
8	Martin Van Buren.....	N. Y.	Dutch.....	1782	N. Y.	1837	55	4	Democrat.....	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862.....	80
9	William H. Harrison.....	Va....	English.....	1773	Ohio.	1841	68	1 mo.	Whig.....	Washington, 1841.....	68
10	John Tyler.....	Va....	English.....	1790	Va....	1841	51	4	Democrat.....	Richmond, Va., 1862.....	72
11	James K. Polk.....	N. C.	Irish.....	1795	Tenn.	1845	50	4	Democrat.....	Nashville, Tenn., 1849.....	54
12	Zachary Taylor.....	Va....	English.....	1784	La....	1849	65	1	Whig.....	Washington, 1850.....	66
13	Millard Fillmore.....	N. Y.	English.....	1800	N. Y.	1850	50	3	Whig.....	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.....	74
14	Franklin Pierce.....	N. H.	English.....	1804	N. H.	1853	49	4	Democrat.....	Concord, N. H., 1869.....	65
15	James Buchanan.....	Pa....	Irish.....	1791	Pa....	1857	66	4	Democrat.....	Wheatland, Pa., 1868.....	77
16	Abraham Lincoln.....	Ky....	English.....	1809	Ill...	1861	52	4	Republican.....	Washington, 1865.....	56
17	Andrew Johnson.....	N. C.	English.....	1808	Tenn.	1865	57	4	Republican.....	Greenville, Tenn, 1875.....	67
18	Ulysess S. Grant.....	Ohio.	Scotch.....	1822	Ill...	1869	47	8	Republican.....	Mt. McGregor, N. Y., 1885.....	63
19	Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio.	English.....	1822	Ohio.	1877	55	4	Republican.....	Fremont, Ohio, 1893.....	71
20	James A. Garfield.....	Ohio.	English.....	1831	N. Y.	1881	49	6 1/2 mos.	Republican.....	Long Branch, N. J., 1881.....	50
21	Chester A. Arthur.....	Vt....	Irish.....	1830	N. Y.	1881	51	3 yr. 5 1/2 mos.	Republican.....	New York City, 1886.....	56
22	Grover Cleveland.....	N. J.	English.....	1837	N. Y.	1885	48	4	Democrat.....	.....	.....
23	Benjamin Harrison.....	Ohio.	English.....	1833	Ind..	1889	56	4	Republican.....	Indianapolis, Ind., 1901.....	67
24	Grover Cleveland.....	N. J.	English.....	1837	N. Y.	1893	56	4	Democrat.....	Princeton, N. J., 1908.....	71
25	William McKinley.....	Ohio.	Scotch-Irish.....	1843	Ohio.	1897	54	4 y. 5 m. 10d.	Republican.....	Buffalo, N. Y., 1901.....	58
26	Theodore Roosevelt.....	N. Y.	Dutch.....	1858	N. Y.	1901	.....	7 y. 6 m. 20 d.	Republican.....	.....	.....
27	William H. Taft.....	Ohio.	English.....	1857	Ohio.	1909	51	.....	Republican.....	.....	.....





HIRAM SMITH HALL, MADISON.
UNIVERSITY COW BARN, MADISON.

VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	NAME.	BIRTH.		Resident when elected.	Year qualified.	Years served.	Politics.	DEATH.		
		Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.	Age.
1	John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.....	1735	Massachusetts.	1789	8	Fed...	Quincy, Mass.....	1826	91
2	Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.....	1743	Virginia.....	1797	4	Rep..	Monticello, Va.....	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr.....	Newark, N. J.....	1756	New York.....	1801	4	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1836	80
4	George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.....	1739	New York.....	1805	7 yr., 1 mo., 16 d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.....	1744	Massachusetts.	1813	1 yr., 9 mo., 19 d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Scarsdale, N. Y.....	1774	New York.....	1817	5	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1855	51
7	John C. Calhoun.....	Abbeville, S. C.....	1782	South Carolina	1825	7 yr., 7 m., 24 d†	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1782	New York.....	1833	4	Dem..	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1832	80
9	Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.....	1789	Kentucky.....	1837	4	Dem..	Frankfort, Ky.....	1850	70
10	John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.....	1790	Virginia.....	1841	1 month‡	Dem..	Richmond, Va.....	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1792	Pennsylvania.	1845	4	Dem..	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1864	74
12	Millard Fillmore.....	Summer Hill, N. Y.....	1800	New York.....	1849	1 yr., 4 m., 4 d‡	Whig.	Buffalo, N. Y.....	1874	74
13	William R. King.....	Sampson, Co., N. C.....	1786	Alabama.....	1853	1 m., 14 d*	Dem..	Dallas Co., Alabama.....	1853	67
14	J. C. Breckenridge.....	Lexington, Ky.....	1821	Kentucky.....	1857	4	Dem..	Lexington, Ky.....	1875	54
15	Hanibal Hamilton.....	Paris, Me.....	1809	Maine.....	1861	4	Rep..	Bangor, Me.....	1891	82
16	Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.....	1808	Tennessee.....	1865	1 m., 11 d‡	Rep..	Carter Co., Tenn.....	1875	67
17	Schuyler Colfax.....	New York City.....	1823	Indiana.....	1839	4	Rep..	Mankato, Minn.....	1855	62
18	Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.....	1812	Massachusetts.	1873	2 yr., 8 m., 18 d*	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1875	63
19	Wm. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.....	1819	New York.....	1877	4	Rep..	Malone, N. Y.....	1887	68
20	Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.....	1830	New York.....	1881	6 m., 15 d‡	Rep..	New York City.....	1886	56
21	T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.....	1819	Indiana.....	1885	8 m., 21 d*	Dem..	Indianapolis, Ind.....	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.....	1824	New York.....	1889	4	Rep..	.....	.....	.....
23	Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Ky.....	1835	Illinois.....	1893	4	Dem..	.....	.....	.....
24	Garret A. Hobart.....	New Jersey.....	1844	New Jersey.....	1897	2 yr., 8 m., 17 d*	Rep..	Paterson, N. J.....	1899	55
25	Theodore Roosevelt.....	New York City.....	1858	New York.....	1901	5 m., 10 d‡	Rep..	.....	.....	.....
26	Chas. W. Fairbanks.....	Unionville Center, O.....	1852	Indiana.....	1905	4	Rep..	.....	.....	.....
27	James S. Sherman.....	Utica, N. Y.....	1855	New York.....	1909	.....	Rep..	.....	.....	.....

*Died in office. † Resigned. ‡Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A list of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-president was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
2	1792	Richard H. Lee.....	Virginia.....	1732	1794
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard.....	South Carolina.....	1742	1804
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1753	1793
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
4, 5	1797	William Bingham.....	Pennsylvania.....	1751	1804
5	1797	William Bradford.....	Rhode Island.....	1729	1808
5	1797-98	Jacob Reed.....	South Carolina.....	1752	1816
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
5	1798-99	John Laurence.....	New York.....	1750	1810
5	1793	James Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	1762	1847
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.....	Connecticut.....	1755	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard.....	Maryland.....	1752	1827
6	1801	James Hillhouse.....	Connecticut.....	1754	1832
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin.....	Georgia.....	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
8	1803-04	John Brown.....	Kentucky.....	1757	1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin.....	North Carolina.....	1758	1823
8, 8	1805	Joseph Anderson.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
10	1808-09	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
10, 11	1809	John Milledge.....	Georgia.....	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1755	1835
11	1810-11	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope.....	Kentucky.....	1770	1845
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford.....	Georgia.....	1772	1834
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1775	1842
16, 19	1820-26	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1857
20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1774	1860
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White.....	Tennessee.....	1773	1840
23	1834-35	George Poindexter.....	Mississippi.....	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler.....	Virginia.....	1790	1862
24, 26	1836-41	William K. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel B. Southard.....	New Jersey.....	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum.....	North Carolina.....	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchinson.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright.....	Indiana.....	1812	1875
34	1857	James M. Mason.....	Virginia.....	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick.....	Alabama.....	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot.....	Vermont.....	1802	1866
38	1864-65	Daniel Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	1809	1891
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster.....	Connecticut.....	1806	1886
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.....	Ohio.....	1800	1878
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.....	Rhode Island.....	1845	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter.....	Wisconsin.....	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.....	Michigan.....	1827	1896
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman.....	Ohio.....	1813	1895
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard.....	Delaware.....	1828	1896
47	1881-83	David Davis.....	Illinois.....	1815	1886
48	1883-85	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.....	1828	.....
49	1885-87	John Sherman.....	Ohio.....	1823	1900
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls.....	Kansas.....	1833	1900
52	1891-98	Chas. F. Manderson.....	Nebraska.....	1837	.....
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris.....	Tennessee.....	1818	1897
54, 55, 56					
57	1896-07	Wm. P. Frye.....	Maine.....	1831	.....
58, 59					

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Con- gress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut.....	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey.....	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Bacon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina.....	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1783	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia.....	1784	1857
23	1834-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee.....	1797	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee.....	1795	1849
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia.....	1809	1887
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky.....	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia.....	1805	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana.....	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts.....	1809	1884
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia.....	1815	1868
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky.....	1800	1859
34	1856-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts.....	1816	1894
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina.....	1822	1873
36	1860-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey.....	1796	1862
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania.....	1823	.....
38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.....	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine.....	1830	1893
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
45-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania.....	1828	1890
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio.....	1836	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky.....	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1830	1902
52-53	1891-95	Chas. F. Crisp.....	Georgia.....	1845	1896
54-55	1896-99	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1830	1902
56-57	1899-03	David B. Henderson.....	Iowa.....	1810	1906
58-60	1903-09	Jos. G. Cannon.....	Illinois.....	1836	.....

STATE GOVERNMENT.

STATE OFFICERS.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor	James O. Davidson.....	Soldiers Grove.....	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	John Strange.....	Oshkosh.....	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Jas. A. Frear.....	Hudson.....	5,000
Treasurer.....	A. H. Dahl.....	Westby.....	5,000
Attorney-General.....	Frank L. Gilbert.....	Madison.....	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	C. P. Cary.....	Delavan.....	5,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	Geo. E. Beedle.....	Embarrass.....	5,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Governor	James O. Davidson.....	Soldiers Grove.....	Norway.
Lieutenant Governor.....	John Strange.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Private Secretary.....	O. G. Munson.....	Viroqua.....	Iowa.
Executive Clerk.....	Ralph L. Thurber.....	Richland Center.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Jennie Nelson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Messenger	Hazel F. Torgeson.....	Stoughton.....	Wisconsin.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Secretary of State.....	J. A. Frear.....	Hudson.....	Wisconsin.
Ass't Secretary of State.....	A. T. Torge.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	L. B. Nagler.....	Hudson.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Bookkeeper.....	J. T. Lee.....	Madison.....	England.
First Ass't Bookkeeper.....	Don Sherman.....	Hillsboro.....	Wisconsin.
Sec. Ass't Bookkeeper.....	W. H. Comerford.....	Superior.....	Wisconsin.
Warrant Clerk.....	Claire Cook.....	Madison.....	England.
Incorporation Clerk.....	J. R. Edwards.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Ass't Incorporation Clerk.....	A. J. Nelson.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Printing Clerk.....	George S. Post.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Ass't Printing Clerk.....	H. J. Anderson.....	Ogdensburg.....	Wisconsin.
Filing Clerk.....	J. C. MacKenzie.....	Portage.....	Wisconsin.
Notarial Clerk.....	Tim Murphy.....	Menomonie.....	Pennsylvania.
Statistical Clerk.....	R. S. Harrison.....	Friendship.....	Wisconsin.
Recording Clerk.....	A. W. Galloway.....	Waukesha.....	Wisconsin.
Registration Clerk.....	A. J. Cobban.....	Rhineland.....	Canada.
Vault Clerk.....	Amy Karras.....	Hudson.....	Wisconsin.
Shipping Clerk.....	Harvey Howitt.....	Pewaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	John Lorigan.....	Necedah.....	Pennsylvania.
Clerk.....	Joseph Gannon.....	Jefferson.....	New York.
Clerk.....	Grace Peirce.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Lena Ekern.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Ida Kissel.....	Hartford.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Fred Ferlein.....	Hudson.....	Wisconsin.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
State Treasurer.....	Andrew H. Dahl.....	Westby	Wisconsin.
Asst. State Treasurer....	Henry Johnson.....	Suring	Denmark.
Bookkeeper.....	Arthur Pugh.....	Racine	Wisconsin.
Asst. Bookkeeper.....	Oscar J. Taeuber.....	La Crosse.....	Switzerland.
Corresponding Clerk.....	I. P. Leigh.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Deposit Clerk.....	Chester Wilcox.....	De Pere.....	New York.
Mailing Clerk.....	Louis P. Rupp.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Elnora I. Dahl.....	Westby.....	Wisconsin.
Night Watch.....	Julius Roehl.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Attorney General.....	Frank L. Gilbert.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Att'y General....	Russell Jackson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
1st Asst. Att'y General...	Albert C. Titus.....	Superior	New York.
2d Asst. Att'y General....	Frank T. Tucker.....	Nellsville.....	Wisconsin.
3d Asst. Att'y General...	J. E. Messerschmidt....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Fanny G. Clemons.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Kate A. Billington.....	Arena.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Evelyn N. Schuckhar....	Madison.....	Minnesota.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
State Superintendent....	C. P. Cary.....	Delavan	Ohio.
Asst. Superintendent....	J. B. Borden.....	Marshfield.....	Wisconsin.
High School Inspector...	H. L. Terry.....	Waukesha.....	Wisconsin.
Library Clerk.....	O. S. Rice.....	Deerfield.....	Norway.
Chief Clerk.....	Chas. L. Harper.....	Lancaster.....	Virginia.
Inspector of Deaf Schools	A. J. Winnie.....	Racine.....	Wisconsin.
State School Inspector...	Geo. H. Drewry.....	Waldo.....	Wisconsin.
State School Inspector...	Walter H. Hunt.....	Kingston.....	Wisconsin.
Rural School Inspector...	W. E. Larson.....	Manitowoc.....	Wisconsin.
Index and Filing Clerk...	Winona Merrick.....	Madison.....	New York.
Clerk and Stenographer...	Dora E. Casey.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer...	Mary Messerschmidt....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Claire Parsons.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner	Geo. E. Beedle.....	Embarrass.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner....	Herman L. Ekern.....	Whitehall.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	Eugene Shepard.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Actuary.....	Lewis A. Anderson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Actuary.....	Paul D. Gurnee.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Examiner.....	Edward A. Ketcham....	Wittenberg.....	Wisconsin.
License Clerk.....	Frank H. Bryant.....	Bloomington Grove.	Wisconsin.
General Clerk.....	Wm. H. Glenz.....	Madison.....	Germany.
Clerk.....	Noah J. Frey.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Filing Clerk.....	Mrs. M. L. Monteith....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Raymond H. Hillyer....	Merrill.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Ralph E. Yaser.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Lewis P. Larson.....	Superior	Norway.

BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	J. D. Beck.....	Cashton.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner.....	M. O. Lorenz.....	Madison.....	Iowa.
Chief Clerk.....	W. O. Pietzsch.....	Baraboo.....	Germany.
Statistical Clerk.....	Joseph H. Curtin.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Statistical Clerk.....	Rena Beck.....	Henrietta.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer.....	Hannah Davidson.....	Soldiers Grove.....	Wisconsin.
Factory Inspector.....	J. E. Vallier.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	H. P. Peterson.....	Superior.....	Norway.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Aug. Lehnhoff.....	Milwaukee.....	Germany.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	A. L. Kaems.....	Sheboygan.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Thos. A. Walby.....	Hudson.....	Norway.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	D. D. Evans.....	Racine.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Jacob E. Bloom.....	Neenah.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Carl S. Porter.....	Fox Lake.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Ira L. Lockney.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Wm. Straub.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	J. A. Norris.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector.....	Rosa Perdue.....	Milwaukee.....	Illinois.
Supt. Mil. F. E. Office.....	Wm. Bahr.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Supt. Sup. F. E. Office.....	Geo. F. Penn.....	Superior.....	England.
Supt. LaC. F. E. Office.....	T. A. McMullen.....	La Crosse.....	New York.
Supt. Osh. F. E. Office.....	Henry Schreiber.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Bakery Inspector.....	C. J. Kremer.....	Milwaukee.....	Germany.
Stenographer.....	Leon Vogt.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF WISCONSIN.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	B. H. Meyer.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Commissioner.....	Halford Erickson.....	Superior.....	Sweden.
Commissioner.....	John H. Roemer.....	Milwaukee.....	Ohio.
Secretary.....	J. M. Winterbotham.....	Madison.....	Iowa.
Asst. Secretary.....	S. T. Walker.....	Rhineland.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	W. C. Daumling.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	F. T. McCormick.....	Superior.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Emily E. Clark.....	Portage.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Ida M. Brietkreutz.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Rate Clerk.....	J. F. Hogan.....	Neenah.....	New Jersey.
Asst. Rate Clerk.....	R. V. Adams.....	Milwaukee.....	New York.
Clerk.....	A. W. Pott.....	Sheboygan.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	P. H. Schram.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Rosalind S. Moore.....	Madison.....	Massachusetts.
Clerk.....	Wm. N. Dineen.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Joseph Smethurst.....	Seneca.....	Ohio.
Clerk.....	E. F. Gruhl.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Statistician.....	C. E. Schreiber.....	Madison.....	Missouri.
Expert in Financial Statistics.....	W. J. Haganah.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Commissioners of the Public Lands: Jas. A. Frear, Secretary of State; A. H. Dahl, State Treasurer; F. L. Gilbert, Attorney General.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Chief Clerk.....	.....	.....	.....
Acting Chief Clerk.....	W. H. Bennett.....	Mineral Point.....	Wisconsin.
General Clerk.....	Mathias Lampert.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Myrtle Underhill.....	South Wayne.....	Wisconsin.

STATE BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	Marcus C. Bergh.....	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner...	W. H. Richards.....	Black River Falls.	Wisconsin.
Bank Examiner.....	Milo C. Hagen.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Bank Examiner.....	Thomas Herreid.....	Blair.....	Wisconsin.
Bank Examiner.....	Charles L. Brown.....	Blue River.....	Wisconsin.
Bank Examiner.....	Arthur R. Emerson.....	Belmont.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	Andrew C. Pond.....	Janesville.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer.	Ida J. Davidson.....	Soldiers Grove..	Wisconsin.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSION.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Dairy and Food Commissioner.	J. Q. Emery.....	Albion.....	Ohio.
Chemist.....	Richard Fischer.....	Madison.....	Minnesota.
Assistant Commissioner.	U. S. Baer.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Second Asst. Comm'r....	H. C. Larson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Secretary.....	Florence Q. Norton.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer and Confidential Clerk.	Ethel D. Thomas.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Chemist.....	A. E. Kundert.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Chemist.....	Harry Kluetter.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Assistant Chemist.....	Fred P. Downing.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Food Inspector....	F. M. Buzzell.....	Chippewa Falls..	Ohio.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	F. E. Carswell.....	Richland Center.	Wisconsin.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	Emil L. Aderhold.....	Neenah.....	Wisconsin.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	Fred Marty.....	Monroe.....	Switzerland.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	J. D. Cannon.....	New London.....	Wisconsin.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	R. B. Southard.....	Marshfield.....	Wisconsin.
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	.....	.....	.....
Cheese Factory, Dairy and Food Inspector.	P. A. Larson.....	Onalaska.....	Wisconsin.
Creamery, Dairy and Food Inspector.	James VanDuser.....	Hebron.....	Wisconsin.
Creamery, Dairy and Food Inspector.	S. J. Dufner.....	Waukesha.....	Wisconsin.
Creamery, Dairy and Food Inspector.	W. A. Voigt.....	Eau Claire.....	Wisconsin.
Creamery, Dairy and Food Inspector.	.....	.....	.....
Creamery, Dairy and Food Inspector.	William F. Scott.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

EMPLOYEES IN OFFICE OF STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

Position.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Secretary.....	M. J. Tappins.....	Dodgeville.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	Arne C. Lerum.....	Cottage Grove..	Norway.
First Assistant Chief Clerk.....	H. T. Lerdall.....	Madison.....	Norway.
Second Assistant Chief Clerk.....	Wm. F. Bart.....	Loyal.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	J. E. Barnard.....	Spring Green.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Frances R. Dunn.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

Name.	Position.	Residence.
C. C. Bennett.....	Superintendent.....	South Wayne.
J. W. Groves.....	Assistant Superintendent.....	Madison.
Levi M. Brosee.....	Chief Clerk.....	Milwaukee.
Myrtle G. Underhill.....	Stenographer & time.....	South Wayne.
L. L. Ketchum.....	Chief Engineer.....	Racine.
Arthur M. Glidden.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Sun Prairie.
Anton Lawrence.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Madison.
Wesley M. Ketchum.....	Assistant Engineer & Electrician and other work.....	Racine.
A. J. Holmes.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Janesville.
James Priest.....	State Carpenter.....	Reedsburg.
Geo. H. Mason.....	First Assistant Carpenter.....	Madison.
S. H. Reynolds.....	Second Assistant Carpenter.....	Coloma Station.
Edward Harrington.....	Fireman.....	Madison.
Charles Beyler.....	Fireman.....	Madison.
Peter Lynaugh.....	Fireman.....	Madison.
William A. Henwood.....	Painter.....	Madison.
Tolleff O. Homme.....	Assistant Painter.....	Stoughton.
Michael Kurz.....	Receiving and Shipping Clerk.....	Madison.
J. B. McCoy.....	Police.....	Prairie du Sac.
Martin Matzdorf.....	Police.....	Madison.
S. T. Dodge.....	Police.....	Benton.
Matthew Lavin.....	Police.....	Madison.
W. H. Cobb.....	Police.....	Pardeeville.
Robert LaFerty.....	Police.....	Madison.
Stephen C. Bass.....	Police.....	Madison.
George Bancroft.....	Police.....	Madison.
John Lyons.....	Night Watchman.....	Richland Center.
Nath. A. Crampton.....	Night Watchman.....	Madison.
James Rasmusen.....	Elevator Operator.....	Oconto.
John Hoffman.....	Elevator Operator.....	Madison.
M. L. Ensign.....	Elevator Operator.....	Superior.
Frank Higgins.....	Janitor.....	Darlington.
Charles Oleson.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
K. W. Jensen.....	Janitor.....	Racine.
Ole O. Elverkrug.....	Janitor.....	Rutland.
C. C. Howard.....	Janitor.....	Magnolia.
C. H. Wana-maker.....	Janitor.....	Platteville.
Even Eckern.....	Janitor.....	Trempealeau.
Wm. Miller.....	Janitor.....	Milwaukee.
Hans Quam.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
J. C. Bridge.....	Janitor.....	Brodhead.
Frank L. Vail.....	Janitor.....	Platteville.
Matthew Ford.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
T. J. Davies.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
Richard Comeford.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
John G. Jennings.....	Janitor.....	Madison.
R. N. Quallex.....	Carpetman.....	Madison.
Lars T. Bakkep.....	Cuspidor cleaner.....	Madison.
John Schermchora.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
J. D. Gilbert.....	Laborer.....	Bloomington.
Wm. Prout.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
Patrick Doyle.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
George Coulter.....	Laborer.....	Hortonville.
Andrew Peterson.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
Emery J. Halseth.....	Laborer.....	Menomonie.
Patrick Marks.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
Erik Anderson.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
H. G. Hart.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
John J. Hughes.....	Laborer.....	Nellsville.
Wm. Briggs.....	Laborer.....	Platteville.
Elias Thorsness.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
Charles R. Nelson.....	Laborer.....	Madison.
Mary De Renzo.....	Scrubwoman.....	Madison.
Mary Wiric.....	Scrubwoman.....	Madison.
Mary Roberts.....	Scrubwoman.....	Madison.
Bertha Hagenbacker.....	Scrubwoman.....	Madison.
Christine Gunderson.....	Scrubwoman.....	Rice Lake.

STATE FIRE MARSHAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
State Fire Marshal.....	T. M. Purtell.....	Madison.....	Ohio.
Chief Assistant.....	J. M. Sexton.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
First Deputy.....	J. E. Florin.....	Menomonie.....	Switzerland.
Second Deputy.....	G. H. Kiland.....	Manitowoc.....	Norway.
Ass't Deputy.....	Wm. G. End.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Ass't Deputy.....	E. J. Vanderboom.....	Marinette.....	Wisconsin.
Ass't Deputy.....	C. J. Good.....	Ashland.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Claudien Purtell.....	Madison.....	Minnesota.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND AGENTS

NOT GIVEN ELSEWHERE.

TAX COMMISSION AND TAX COMMISSION ACTING AS STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT.

Name.	Position.	Legal Residence.
Norman S. Gilson.....	Commissioner.....	Fond du Lac
George Curtis, Jr.....	Commissioner.....	Madison
Nils P. Haugen.....	Commissioner.....	Madison
George H. Francis.....	Secretary.....	Milwaukee
Elizabeth M. Barnes.....	Stenographer, Tax Commissioner.....	Eau Claire
Anna W. Evans.....	Index Clerk and Librarian.....	Baraboo
Edmund J. Brabant.....	Clerk.....	Madison

REAL ESTATE SALES DEPARTMENT.

A. E. James.....	Statistician.....	Madison
F. A. Crocker.....	Assistant and Special Agent.....	Neillsville
H. V. Cowles.....	Assistant and Special Agent.....	Madison
H. T. Nolan.....	Assistant and Special Agent.....	Madison
Paul N. Reynolds.....	Assistant and Special Agent.....	Jacksonport
Ira Dwinell.....	Stenographer.....	Madison
Katherine Luft.....	Clerk.....	Madison
Flie Dillman.....	Clerk.....	Madison
Hazel Higbee.....	Clerk.....	Madison

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT SERVES THE RAILROAD COMMISSION AND THE TAX COMMISSION AS STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT JOINTLY; COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES DIVIDED BETWEEN THE TWO COMMISSIONS.

Prof. W. D. Pence.....	Engineer	Madison
C. M. Larson.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Madison
Prof. J. G. D. Mack.....	Chief Mechanical Inspector.....	Madison
W. E. Miller.....	Field Civil Engineer Inspector.....	Madison
W. F. Sloan.....	Field Electrical Inspector.....	Madison
E. W. Harris.....	Field Electrical Inspector.....	Madison
Prof. H. J. Thorkelson.....	Field Mechanical Inspector.....	Madison
W. E. Bennett.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Madison
H. G. D. Nutting.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Beloit
S. E. Hatch.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Appleton
R. M. Feustel.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Madison
W. A. Carson.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Madison
F. H. Hanson.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Stoughton
W. J. Freeman.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Horicon
F. C. Kehr.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Milwaukee
G. L. Gross.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Stevens Point
L. P. Jerrard.....	Assistant Field Inspector.....	Superior
N. P. Curtis.....	Engineer Computer.....	Madison
F. A. De Boos.....	Engineer Computer.....	Madison
B. D. Moritz.....	Stenographer and Filing Clerk.....	Madison
M. E. Shanks.....	Stenographer and Clerk.....	Viroqua
M. P. Hitchcock.....	Typewriter Clerk.....	Lake Mills
H. Friedland.....	Typewriter Clerk.....	Menasha

EMPLOYEES OF THE BOARD.

Prof. W. D. Pence.....	Engineer	Madison.
A. E. James.....	Statistician	Madison.
C. M. Larson.....	Assistant Inspector	Madison.
Bertha D. Moritz.....	Stenographer	Madison.
Myrtle Shanks	Stenographer and Clerk	Viroqua.

The State Board of Assessment as now constituted for the assessment of the general property of the state was created by chapter 237, Laws of 1901, which provides that "The commissioner of taxation, the first assistant commissioner of taxation, and the second assistant commissioner of taxation shall constitute a state board of assessment," prescribes the duties of such board and repeals Section 1069 of the Statutes of 1898, creating the state board of assessment as formerly constituted.

Chapter 35, Laws of 1903, provides that the commissioners of taxation shall be the state board of assessment for the taxation of express, sleeping car, freight line and equipment companies pursuant to the provisions of chapters 111, 112, 113 and 114 of the laws of 1899.

Chapter 315, Laws of 1903, provides that "The commissioner of taxation, the first assistant commissioner of taxation and the second assistant commissioner of taxation shall be ex-officio a state board of assessment and as such shall make an annual assessment of the property of all railroad companies within this state for the purpose of levying and collecting taxes thereon" as in said chapter provided.

Chapter 493, Laws of 1905, makes the like provision in relation to the assessment and taxation of street railway companies and electric light, heat and power companies operated in connection therewith.

Chapter 494, Laws of 1905, makes like provision in relation to the assessment and taxation of telegraph companies.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

STATE ASSESSMENT, 1907.

County.	Real estate.	Personal property.	All property.
Adams	\$5,033,370	\$1,186,408	\$6,219,778
Ashland	9,554,100	4,007,152	14,161,252
Barron	13,568,845	4,121,771	17,690,616
Bayfield	11,295,134	2,433,321	13,728,455
Brown	33,274,452	9,135,397	42,409,849
Buffalo	12,358,428	3,184,577	15,543,005
Burnett	3,671,021	945,201	4,616,222
Calumet	17,706,496	3,738,995	21,445,491
Chippewa	17,963,086	6,303,175	24,266,261
Clark	21,020,763	5,133,331	26,154,094
Columbia	31,676,550	7,299,182	38,975,732
Crawford	8,848,595	2,958,235	11,806,830
Dane	85,367,248	18,211,069	103,578,317
Dodge	57,114,994	9,833,177	66,948,171
Door	9,318,999	2,779,189	12,098,188
Douglas	30,809,170	7,460,237	38,269,407
Dunn	14,771,095	4,617,171	19,388,266
Eau Claire	16,378,961	6,363,164	22,742,125
Florence	2,641,355	237,547	2,878,902
Fond du Lac	52,519,089	11,834,770	64,353,859
Forest	5,105,785	632,050	5,737,835
Grant	36,833,674	9,337,703	46,271,377
Green	29,834,410	6,430,091	36,264,501
Green Lake	15,830,670	3,304,491	19,135,161
Iowa	24,633,487	5,804,752	30,438,239
Iron	3,483,713	819,659	4,303,372
Jackson	10,243,736	3,161,142	13,404,878
Jefferson	39,122,600	8,643,834	47,766,434
Juneau	12,991,194	2,839,157	15,830,351
Kenosha	23,223,220	7,054,071	30,277,291
Kewaunee	11,881,519	2,862,547	14,744,066
La Crosse	24,446,479	10,533,407	35,000,886
Lafayette	26,831,704	5,715,595	32,547,299
Langlade	9,837,342	2,341,467	12,178,809
Lincoln	9,857,405	3,803,296	13,660,702
Manitowoc	33,416,012	8,892,938	42,308,950
Marathon	20,173,087	8,918,664	29,091,751
Marquette	16,415,384	6,201,339	22,616,723
Milwaukee	6,835,851	1,523,618	8,359,469
Monroe	330,999,372	101,836,229	432,835,601
Oconto	17,805,454	5,183,943	22,989,397
Oneida	13,708,242	4,333,658	18,041,900
Outagamie	6,870,765	2,051,373	8,922,138
Ozaukee	38,199,474	9,833,122	48,032,596
Pepin	16,334,072	3,101,357	19,435,429
Pierce	4,431,402	1,261,435	5,692,837
Polk	13,809,090	3,931,253	17,740,343
Portage	11,931,708	3,402,750	15,334,458
Price	14,553,220	4,127,692	18,680,912
Racine	7,403,342	1,682,637	9,085,979
Richland	41,184,729	13,303,356	54,488,085
Rock	13,439,660	3,891,235	17,330,895
Rusk	52,935,419	14,637,052	67,572,471
St. Croix	5,849,009	1,161,969	7,010,978
Sauk	18,331,412	6,093,815	24,425,227
Sawyer	28,938,735	6,717,059	35,655,794
Shawano	4,530,261	641,615	5,171,876
Sheboygan	16,464,465	4,333,615	20,798,080
Taylor	40,733,292	12,629,802	53,363,094
Trempealeau	8,822,773	2,244,979	11,067,752
Vernon	13,636,334	4,661,002	18,297,336
Vilas	18,199,963	5,542,894	23,742,857
Walworth	6,331,540	623,272	6,954,812
Washburn	38,492,341	7,719,339	46,211,680
Washington	4,244,634	733,223	4,977,857
Waukesha	25,156,773	5,071,274	30,228,047
Waupaca	40,343,861	6,937,655	47,281,516
Waushara	19,724,456	5,469,423	25,193,879
Winnebago	11,737,575	2,371,404	14,108,979
Wood	46,531,255	13,560,333	60,091,588
	18,139,757	4,895,000	22,934,757
Total	\$1,780,265,161	\$476,024,839	\$2,256,290,000

STATE ASSESSMENT, 1908.

County.	Personal property.	Real estate.	All property.
Adams	\$1,227,290	\$5,220,794	\$6,458,184
Ashland	5,146,704	10,494,712	15,641,416
Barron	4,373,509	15,095,010	19,478,519
Bayfield	3,215,550	12,707,061	15,922,611
Brown	11,650,184	35,831,232	47,481,416
Buffalo	3,498,263	13,171,962	16,670,225
Burnett	985,546	4,221,546	5,207,092
Calumet	4,077,624	18,681,811	22,662,455
Chippewa	7,256,806	19,303,703	26,560,514
Clark	5,617,051	21,947,022	27,564,073
Columbia	8,571,301	32,916,650	41,487,951
Crawford	3,139,593	9,623,711	12,763,304
Dane	21,992,290	91,590,874	113,583,164
Dodge	10,220,158	59,663,303	69,883,466
Door	2,909,877	10,660,348	13,570,225
Douglas	9,276,973	29,839,184	39,166,157
Dunn	4,807,221	16,230,228	21,037,449
Eau Claire	7,832,093	17,715,774	25,597,857
Florence	246,932	2,967,794	3,214,726
Fond du Lac	14,236,450	54,961,928	69,198,378
Forest	866,580	6,603,446	7,473,026
Grant	10,643,022	39,116,070	49,759,092
Green	6,622,558	31,854,216	38,476,774
Green Lake	3,693,521	16,638,318	20,331,839
Iowa	6,343,285	27,164,274	33,512,559
Iron	842,921	4,020,380	4,863,311
Jackson	3,233,779	11,626,790	14,860,569
Jefferson	9,809,769	40,809,352	50,619,121
Juneau	3,167,753	13,685,120	16,852,873
Kenosha	10,670,575	25,578,650	36,249,225
Kewaunee	3,303,217	13,426,292	16,734,509
La Crosse	13,525,137	25,813,141	39,338,278
Lafayette	6,300,271	29,032,442	35,332,693
Langlade	2,911,294	11,437,105	14,348,399
Lincoln	5,035,834	11,119,454	16,205,338
Manitowoc	10,565,723	40,693,538	51,269,261
Marathon	10,476,894	32,456,614	42,933,508
Marinette	7,228,867	17,953,194	25,182,062
Marquette	1,720,337	7,902,762	9,623,049
Milwaukee	134,976,161	349,932,733	484,908,894
Monroe	5,736,174	18,945,261	24,731,435
Oconto	4,314,371	15,039,834	19,354,205
Oneida	2,591,548	7,399,478	10,001,026
Outagamie	11,772,339	40,334,674	52,157,067
Ozaukee	3,491,399	17,237,951	20,719,380
Pepin	1,339,337	4,803,197	6,142,534
Pierce	4,132,833	15,031,215	19,214,103
Polk	3,379,961	13,233,130	16,663,091
Portage	4,653,539	15,349,076	20,002,615
Price	2,016,235	8,237,830	10,254,115
Racine	20,155,113	43,604,372	63,759,485
Richland	4,275,694	14,401,810	18,677,504
Rock	17,954,727	55,703,075	73,657,802
Rusk	1,351,412	6,903,704	8,265,116
St. Croix	6,262,450	19,673,126	25,935,576
Sauk	7,526,055	30,276,899	37,802,954
Sawyer	895,637	6,650,430	7,546,067
Shawano	5,099,923	18,567,072	23,666,995
Sheboygan	17,780,481	41,922,304	59,702,785
Taylor	2,451,830	9,627,045	12,078,875
Trempealeau	5,102,213	15,172,810	20,275,023
Vernon	6,097,259	19,370,919	25,468,178
Vilas	720,933	7,372,270	8,093,203
Walworth	8,339,513	40,297,614	48,637,127
Washburn	833,666	5,065,843	5,909,509
Washington	5,950,734	26,341,694	32,292,428
Waukesha	7,819,641	41,361,157	49,180,798
Waupaca	5,850,745	21,253,630	27,104,375
Waushara	3,082,055	13,181,235	16,263,290
Winnebago	17,785,345	43,627,350	61,412,695
Wood	5,090,829	19,437,022	24,527,851
Total	\$577,271,561	\$1,901,290,225	\$2,478,561,786

ABSTRACT OF VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT ON THE PROPERTIES OF RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEAR 1907, AND TAXES LEVIED THEREON FOR SAID YEAR BY THE STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT.

Name of company.	Amount of final valuation and assessment.	Amount of taxes levied at .010565.	Amount of license fees paid or to be paid.	Taxes levied and to be collected.	License fees to be refunded.
Abb. & N. E. R. R. Co.	\$81,000	\$919 84	\$999 11	.....	\$79 27
Ahnapee & W. Ry. Co.	195,000	2,135 84	2,332 41	.....	97 07
B. H. & G. W. R. R. Co.	9,500	104 02	.....	104 02	.....
B., S. & M. Ry. Co.	4,000	43 80	.....	43 80	.....
Bayfield Trans. Ry. Co.	9,500	104 02	70 30	.....	24 72
Big Falls Ry. Co.	25,000	273 76	105 00	.....	163 76
Chi. & L. S. Ry. Co.	4,500	49 27	48 63	.....	64
C. & M. E. R. R. Co.	200,000	2,190 10	.....	2,190 10	.....
Chi. & N. W. Ry. Co.	81,200,000	839,130 60	742,326 36	146,854 24	.....
C., B. & Q. Ry. Co.	10,800,000	118,265 40	133,195 23	.....	10,020 80
C., H. & G. L. Ry. Co.	25,000	273 76	502 54	.....	223 78
C., L. S. & E. Ry. Co.	400,000	4,383 20	4,368 04	.....	12 16
C., M. & St. P. Ry. Co.	80,600,000	832,610 30	631,373 97	201,080 33	.....
C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.	26,100,000	235,338 05	243,355 52	37,442 53	.....
C. R. & N. Ry. Co.	35,000	333 23	100 00	.....	233 23
C. V. & N. Ry. Co.	25,000	273 76	77 65	.....	196 11
D., J. R., Lbr. Co.	50,000	547 52	102 50	.....	445 02
D. & S. W. Ry. Co.	50,000	547 52	1,248 54	.....	701 02
D., S. S. & Atl. Ry. Co.	1,250,000	13,633 12	15,283 96	.....	1,595 81
Dunbar & W. Ry. Co.	70,000	766 53	156 60	.....	609 93
F. & N. E. Ry. Co.	115,000	1,250 30	165 00	.....	1,094 30
Great Northern Ry. Co.	7,700,000	84,318 85	57,511 40	26,307 45	.....
G. B. & W. R. R. Co.	2,000,000	21,901 00	22,152 65	.....	251 65
H., N. & S. Ry. Co.	65,000	711 78	460 36	.....	251 42
H. & S. E. Ry. Co.	25,000	273 76	130 03	.....	143 76
H. & N. E. Ry. Co.	12,500	136 83	483 19	.....	351 31
Illinois Central R. R. Co.	1,001,000	10,950 50	456 55	10,493 95	.....
Iola & N. R. R. Co.	10,000	109 50	27 85	.....	81 65
K., G. B. & W. R. R.	440,000	4,318 22	5,643 67	.....	830 45
L. C. & S. E. Ry. Co.	530,000	3,633 63	608 03	.....	2,915 58
L. S. T. & T. Ry. Co.	345,000	3,777 92	87 55	.....	3,690 37
Laona & N. Ry. Co.	30,000	323 51	89 00	.....	248 51
L. & O. Co. Ry.	12,000	131 40	.....	.....	131 40
M., G. B. & N. W. Ry.	1,500,000	16,425 75	.....	.....	16,425 75
Marathon County Ry. Co.	35,000	383 23	85 00	.....	298 23
M., T. & W. Ry. Co.	115,000	1,250 30	218 85	.....	1,041 45
Mattoon Ry. Co.	60,000	657 03	146 80	.....	510 23
Milw. & S. L. Ry. Co.	840,000	9,198 42	.....	.....	9,198 42
M. P. & N. Ry. Co.	275,000	3,011 38	2,000 54	.....	1,003 84
M., S. P. & A. Ry. Co.	60,000	657 03	19 00	.....	647 03
M., St. P. & S. S. M. Ry.	10,300,000	118,265 40	77,579 73	40,685 67	.....
Northern Pacific Ry. Co.	3,000,000	32,851 50	23,543 01	.....	9,308 49
N. W. Coal Ry. Co.	80,000	876 04	.....	.....	876 04
Oshkosh Transp. Co.	78,000	854 13	432 46	.....	421 67
Robbins Railroad Co.	47,000	514 67	140 00	.....	374 67
Roddis L. & V. Co., 1906	17,000	186 15	.....	.....	186 15
Roddis L. & V. Co., 1907	17,000	186 15	.....	.....	186 15
S., M. & P. Ry. Co.	140,000	1,533 07	4,147 96	.....	2,614 89
Sup. & S. E. Ry. Co.	10,000	109 50	107 50	.....	2 00
Whitcomb & M. Ry. Co.	10,000	109 50	30 00	.....	79 50
Winona Bridge Ry. Co.	150,000	1,642 57	292 15	.....	1,350 42
Wis. & Mich. Ry. Co.	300,000	3,285 15	535 53	.....	2,749 62
Wis. & N. Ry. Co.	125,000	1,368 81	.....	.....	1,368 81
Wis. Central Ry. Co.	24,500,000	263,287 25	241,163 27	.....	27,120 95
Wis. N. W. Ry. (Bird & Wells Lbr. Co.)	20,000	219 01	.....	.....	219 01
Wis. Western Railroad.	450,000	4,927 72	259 85	.....	4,667 87
Total	\$257,850,000	\$2,801,685 24	\$2,274,330 34	\$533,935 6	13,680 14

ABSTRACT OF VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTIES OF RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEAR 1908, AND THE TAXES LEVIED THEREON FOR SAID YEAR BY THE STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT.

Name of company.	Amount of final valuation and assessment.	Amount of taxes levied at .01151236975.	Amount of license fees paid or to be paid.	Taxes levied and to be collected.	License fees to be refunded.
Abb. & N. E. R. R. Co.	\$95,000	\$1,093 67	\$1,033 62	\$60 05	.....
Ahnapee & W. Ry. Co.	205,000	2,360 03	2,374 70	.....	\$14 67
Bayfield Transp. lty. Co.	23,000	264 78	79 30	185 48	.....
Big Falls Ry. Co.	25,000	287 81	105 00	182 81	.....
Chi. & L. S. Ry. Co.	4,500	51 81	47 18	4 63	.....
C. & M. E. R. R. Co.	950,000	10,936 75	.....	10,936 75	.....
Chi. & N. W. Ry. Co.	86,500,000	995,820 00	764,138 35	231,681 65	.....
C., B. & Q. Ry. Co.	11,900,000	136,997 20	157,634 32	.....	20,637 12
C., H. & G. L. Ry. Co.	25,000	287 81	442 59	.....	154 78
C., L. S. & E. Ry. Co.	450,000	5,180 57	5,125 28	55 29	.....
C., M. & St. P. Ry. Co.	83,000,000	955,526 69	713,928 16	241,598 53	.....
C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.	27,000,000	310,833 98	253,329 56	52,504 42	.....
C. R. & N. Ry. Co.	32,000	368 40	85 00	283 40	.....
C. V. & N. Ry. Co.	30,000	345 37	292 71	52 66	.....
D., J. R., Lbr. Co.	52,000	598 64	102 50	496 14	.....
D. & S. W. Ry. Co.	75,000	863 43	806 78	56 65	.....
D., S. S. & Atl. Ry. Co.	1,250 000	14,390 46	16,850 52	.....	2,460 06
Dunbar & W. Ry. Co.	70,000	805 87	995 92	.....	190 65
F. & N. E. Ry. Co.	115,000	1,323 92	190 00	1,133 92	.....
Great Northern Ry. Co.	8,300,000	94,401 43	66,534 03	27,867 35	.....
G. B. & W. R. R. Co.	2,150,000	24,751 59	22,153 36	2,598 23	.....
H., N. & S. Ry. Co.	30,000	345 37	240 49	104 88	.....
H. & S. E. Ry. Co.	30,000	345 37	121 00	224 37	.....
H. & N. E. Ry. Co.	15,000	172 69	498 93	.....	326 24
Illinois Central R. R. Co.	1,000,000	11,512 37	436 55	11,075 82	.....
Iola & N. R. Co.	12,000	138 15	26 37	111 78	.....
K., G. B. & W. R. R.	480,000	5,525 94	5,491 52	34 42	.....
L. C. & S. E. Ry. Co.	330,000	3,799 03	637 53	3,161 50	.....
L. S. T. & T. Ry. Co.	360,000	4,144 45	1,208 96	2,935 49	.....
Laona & N. Ry. Co.	40,000	460 49	80 00	380 49	.....
L. & O. Co. Ry.	20,000	230 25	.....	230 25	.....
Marathon County Ry. Co.	36,000	414 45	101 25	313 20	.....
M., T. & W. Ry. Co.	115,000	1,323 92	396 78	927 14	.....
Mattoon Ry. Co.	60,000	690 74	.....	690 74	.....
M. P. & N. Ry. Co.	280,000	3,223 46	3,012 16	211 30	.....
M., S. P. & A. Ry. Co.	8,000	92 10	120 51	.....	28 14
M., St. P. & S. S. M. Ry.	11,300,000	130,039 78	75,705 66	54,334 12	.....
Northern Pacific Ry. Co.	3,000,000	34,537 11	24,120 95	10,416 16	.....
N. W. Coal Ry. Co.	82,000	944 01	1,034 57	.....	90 56
Oshkosh Transp. Co.	80,000	920 99	446 06	474 93	.....
Robbins Railroad Co.	50,000	575 62	140 00	435 62	.....
Roddis L. & V. Co.	22,000	253 27	60 00	193 27	.....
S., M. & P. Ry. Co.	200,000	2,302 47	4,009 62	.....	1,707 15
Sup. & S. E. Ry. Co.	45,000	518 06	141 50	376 56	.....
Whitcomb & M. Ry. Co.	10,000	115 12	30 00	85 12	.....
Winona Bridge Ry. Co.	155,000	1,734 42	321 25	1,463 17	.....
Wis. & Mich. Ry. Co.	375,000	4,317 14	862 12	3,455 02	.....
Wis. & N. Ry. Co.	500,000	5,756 18	216 85	5,539 33	.....
Wis. Central Ry. Co.	26,600,000	306,229 04	200,916 22	45,312 82	.....
Wis. Northwestern Ry.	25,000	287 81	130 00	157 81	.....
Wis. Western R. R.	450,000	5,180 57	259 85	4,920 72	.....
Total	\$267,861,500	\$3,083,720 68	\$2,392,125 71	\$717,303 99	\$25,639 67

STATEMENT OF EXPRESS, SLEEPING CAR, FREIGHT LINE AND EQUIPMENT COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN WISCONSIN, SHOWING ACTUAL VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF EACH CLASS OF COMPANIES SUBJECT TO ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION IN THIS STATE FOR THE YEARS 1907 AND 1908 AS ASCERTAINED AND DETERMINED BY THE STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT, AND THE AMOUNT OF TAX LEVIED BY SAID BOARD UPON THE PROPERTY OF EACH CLASS OF COMPANIES FOR SAID YEARS.

Name of company.	1907 RATE .0109505.		1908 RATE .01151237.	
	Valuation.	Tax.	Valuation.	Tax.
Express companies:				
Adams	\$63,200	\$692 07	\$64,692	\$714 75
American	532,147	6,046 23	540,924	6,277 22
Northern	10,800	118 26	34,685	399 30
United States	214,367	2,347 42	153,720	1,769 68
Western	12,818	140 36	19,135	220 29
	853,332	9,344 39	813,156	9,361 24
Sleeping car companies:				
The Pullman Co.....	487,949 00	5,343 28	460,546	5,301 97
Freight line and equipment companies			313,660	3,610 93
All companies assessed	310,076 94	3,295 64		
Totals, all companies.....	\$1,651,357 94	\$18,033 31	\$1,587,362	\$18,274 24

ASSESSMENT OF STREET RAILWAY COMPANIES, AND LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES OPERATED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IN WISCONSIN, FOR THE YEAR 1908.

Name of company.	Final assessment.	Total tax.	15 % retained by state.	85 % for distribution to towns, cities and villages.
Ashland L. P. & St. Ry. Co.....	\$130,000	\$1,496 61	\$224 49	\$1,272 12
Beloit Traction Co.....	62,000	713 77	107 07	603 70
Chippewa Valley Ry. L. & P. Co.....	599,000	6,792 30	1,018 84	5,773 46
Duluth Street Ry. Co.....	709,000	8,053 66	1,208 79	6,844 87
Eastern Wis. Ry. & L. Co.....	680,000	7,252 79	1,057 92	6,194 87
Green Bay Traction Co.....	775,000	8,922 09	1,338 31	7,583 78
Janesville Street Ry. Co.....	37,000	425 95	63 89	362 06
Kenosha Electric Ry. Co.....	100,000	1,841 93	276 30	1,565 63
La Crosse & Onalaska St. Ry. Co.....	18,000	207 22	31 03	176 14
La Crosse City Ry. Co.....	465,000	5,353 25	802 99	4,550 26
Manitowoc & Northern Traction Co.....	125,000	1,439 05	215 86	1,223 19
Menominee & Marinette L. & Tr. Co.....	215,000	2,475 16	371 27	2,103 89
Merrill Railway & Lighting Co.....	110,000	1,266 36	189 95	1,076 41
(The) Milwaukee Elec. Ry. & L. Co.....	21,250,000	244,637 86	36,695 68	207,942 18
Milwaukee L. H. & Traction Co.....	4,000,000	56,410 61	8,461 59	47,949 02
Milwaukee Northern Ry. Co.....	560,000	6,446 93	967 04	5,479 89
Rockford & Interurban Ry. Co.....	295,000	3,396 15	509 42	2,883 73
Sheboygan L. P. & Ry. Co.....	610,000	7,022 55	1,053 38	5,969 17
Southern Wis. Ry. Co.....	620,000	7,137 67	1,070 65	6,067 02
Twin City General Electric Co.....	40,000	469 49	69 07	391 42
Waupaca Electric Light & Ry. Co.....	80,000	921 60	133 15	783 85
Wausau Street Railroad Co.....	70,000	805 87	120 88	684 99
Winnebago Traction Co.....	500,000	6,792 30	1,018 84	5,773 46
Wisconsin Traction L. H. & P. Co.....	900,000	10,361 13	1,554 17	8,806 96
Totals	\$32,332,000	\$390,637 75	\$58,595 63	\$332,042 12

ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION OF TELEGRAPH COMPANIES IN
WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS 1907-1908.

Name of company.	1908 (RATE .61151237).		1907 (RATE .0109565).	
	Valuation.	Tax.	Valuation.	Tax.
Chi. & Mil. Telegraph Co.....	\$25,000	\$257 81	\$23,000	\$251 83
Chi., Mil. & L. Sup. Tel. Co..	105,000	1,203 80	110,000	1,201 55
North American Telegraph Co..	120,000	1,331 48	115,000	1,259 50
Western Union Telegraph Co..	1,700,930	19,571 03	1,800,000	19,710 50
Total	\$1,350,000	\$22,449 12	\$2,048,000	\$22,426 61

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

THE GOVERNOR, ex-officio.	Term expires.
CALVERT SPENSLEY, President, Mineral Point.....	April 1, 1914
JAS. J. HOGAN, Vice President, La Crosse.....	April 1, 1913
EDWARD A. BIRGE, Secretary, Madison.....	Ex-officio member
WILLIAM J. STARR, Eau Claire.....	April 1, 1910
A. A. DYE, Madison.....	April 1, 1910
HENRY D. SMITH, Madison.....	April 1, 1911
JABE ALFORD, Madison.....	April 1, 1911
JAMES NEVIN, Superintendent of Fisheries.....	Madison

The Commissioners of Fisheries were established as a board in 1874, originally consisting of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878—six appointed by the governor and the governor ex-officio. In 1895, the professor of zoology of the State University was made an ex-officio member of the board. The term of office of the appointive commissioners is for six years.

The purpose of the Commission is to conserve the fisheries of the state and to endeavor to maintain a normal supply of food and game fishes in the public waters. Its work consists of the collection of spawn and the distribution of commercial and game fishes to the public waters of the state, through the fish hatcheries. Fish and fish eggs are also collected from public waters and transplanted. The Commission will not knowingly furnish stock for private waters or preserves.

Six fish hatcheries are maintained one each at Madison, Bayfield, Oshkosh, Minocqua, Delafield and Wild Rose. The Madison hatchery is devoted to hatching brook and rainbow trout; the Bayfield hatchery to brook trout, rainbow trout, lake trout and whitefish; the Oshkosh hatchery to lake trout, whitefish and wall-eyed pike; the Minocqua hatchery to pike, bass and muskellunge; the Delafield hatchery to black bass and wall-eyed pike and the Wild Rose hatchery to brook trout. A specially-constructed car for transporting fish from the hatcheries and delivering them to applicants is also maintained. This car traveled within the state in 1908, 21,845 miles in the work of the Commission,

and handled fifty-two car loads of fish. Messengers and employees of the Commission traveled in connection with the business in 1908 nearly 75,000 miles and delivered 9,450 cans of fish besides those handled in tanks in the distributing car. 5,656 cans were delivered from baggage cars. The distributions of fish during the years, 1907-08 are summarized in the following table.

SUMMARY DISTRIBUTION OF FISH, 1907-1908.

Kinds of Fish.	1907.	1908.
Brook trout, advanced fry	1,980,000	2,272,000
Rainbow trout, advanced fry.....	1,558,500	2,098,500
Lake trout fry.....	19,724,000	12,345,000
Whitefish fry.....	27,025,000	12,210,000
Wall-eyed pike fry.....	44,900,000	112,075,000
Black bass fry.....	399,000	581,000
Black bass fingerlings.....	10,500	198,800
Muskellunge fry.....	420,000	452,000
White bass fingerlings.....	1,250	.....
Pickereel fry.....	280,000	320,000
Pickereel, impregnated eggs.....	2,590,000	5,530,000
Steel-head trout fry.....	.....	50,000
Grayling fry.....	.....	50,000
Miscellaneous.....	146,025	1,155,739
Total distribution, all kinds.....	90,034,276	149,338,069

June 1st, 1908, the files of the Commission contained 4,500 applications for fish. These applications each contained requests for from one to four kinds. 2,510 allotments of fish were made to applicants during the year. The Commission is unable to keep pace with the demand for fish for stocking public waters, but endeavors to make an equitable distribution to all parts of the state. The inland fisheries are valuable mainly for sport and on account of the large amount of money expended within the state by tourists and summer visitors who are attracted by the beauty and excellence of our lakes and streams and the good fishing they furnish.

The product and value of the commercial fisheries of the Great Lake waters in Wisconsin are increasing from year to year. The principal factors which tend to make this industry of increasing importance and worth are—more and better equipment, successful cold storage, modern boats, an enlarged market and on increased catch. Practical fishermen throughout the Great Lake region heartily indorse the work of the Commission in planting lake trout and whitefish and no longer express doubt that good results follow the work.

A biennial report of the business of the Fish Commission is made to the legislature, and this report together with other matter appertaining to the propagation of fish is printed and distributed.

Persons desiring fish for stocking public waters will receive all requisite information by applying to the Superintendent of Fisheries, Madison, Wisconsin.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE MCKERROW, Pewaukee	President
GEO. C. COX, Mineral Point	Vice-President
JOHN M. TRUE, Baraboo	Secretary
A. H. DAHL, Madison (ex-officio)	Treasurer

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

	Term expires.
GEORGE WYLIE—At Large, Morrisonville	Jan. 1, 1910
GRANT U. FISHER—At Large, Janesville	Jan. 1, 1912
C. H. EVERETT—1st District, Racine	Jan. 1, 1910
O. F. ROESSLER—2d District, Jefferson	Jan. 1, 1910
GEO. G. COX—3d District, Mineral Point	Jan. 1, 1910
WILLIAM MACLAREN—4th District, Milwaukee	Jan. 1, 1910
GEORGE MCKERROW—5th District, Pewaukee	Jan. 1, 1912
CHARLES H. HILL—6th District, Rosendale	Jan. 1, 1910
JOHN L. HERBST—7th District, Sparta	Jan. 1, 1911
JAMES J. NELSON—8th District, Amherst	Jan. 1, 1912
DAVID WEDGEWOOD—9th District, Little Suamico.....	Jan. 1, 1912
ED NORDMAN—10th District, Polar	Jan. 1, 1911
L. E. SCOTT—11th District, Stanley	Jan. 1, 1911

The Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture was created by an act of the legislature of 1897. It is composed of one member from each Congressional District, and two from the state at large.

Members are appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, four members retiring annually, and not more than two-thirds of the members can, at time of appointment, be of same political party.

The Secretary cannot be a member of the board, and the State Treasurer is *ex-officio* Treasurer.

Members of the board serve without compensation but are allowed their expenses while in the performance of their official duties.

The board has control of the State Fair Grounds, located near the growing village of West Allis. These grounds contain one hundred and forty acres of land admirably adapted to the work for which they are used. The recent fairs held under the auspices of the board have been well patronized by exhibitors and the general public, and financial results have been very satisfactory.

The board publishes an annual report, containing the proceedings of the body the award of premiums at fair, an itemized statement of receipts and expenses, addresses and discussions presented at its annual agricultural convention, and the crop and live stock statistics for the current year.

Its room is No. 303, on third floor of south wing of Capitol.

STATE BOARD OF FORESTRY.

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

Charles R. Van Hise, Chairman President University of Wisconsin.....	Madison
H. L. Russell, Dean State Agricultural Department.....	Madison
Edward Asahel Birge, Director State Geological Survey.....	Madison
Frank L. Gilbert, Attorney-General.....	Madison
George Beyer.....	Madison

OFFICERS.

Edward Merriam Griffith, State Forester.....	Madison
Frank B. Moody, Assistant State Forester.....	Madison
M. A. Castle, Clerk.....	Madison

The department of State Forestry was created by an act of the legislature in 1903 and some 40,000 acres of land in Forest, Oneida, Vilas and Iron counties were reserved from sale as a forest reserve. In 1905 an entirely new act was passed creating the State Board of Forestry and granting all state lands north of town 33 for a forest reserve.

Scattering and agricultural lands have been sold in some counties and other lands acquired by purchase and grant. On October 16, 1908, the area of forest reserve lands in the various counties was as follows:

	1906	1908		1906	1908
Ashland.....	4,941	4,941	Marinette.....	4,783	4,087—
Bayfield.....	4,768	4,608—	Oneida.....	35,719	49,939+
Burnett.....	25,828	17,835—	Polk.....	1,520	1,320—
Douglas.....	7,029	8,230+*	Price.....	27,634	27,634
Florence.....	3,762	3,762	Kusk.....	3,404	3,404
Forest.....	35,656	35,656	Sawyer.....	12,317	12,317
Iron.....	26,039	29,174+	Vilas.....	15,142	21,576+
Langlade.....	2,700	2,700	Washburn.....	12,497	11,261—
Lincoln.....	10,326	5,126—	Total.....	234,065	253,573

Note. + indicates increase in acreage since 1906 on account of purchases. — indicates decrease in acreage since 1906 on account of sales. * although 3,519 acres have been sold in Douglas county, the original acreage has been increased by grant and purchase.

The policy of the state to sell the forest reserve lands which are scattering and agricultural, the proceeds going into a forest reserve fund which is used for the purchase of other lands more valuable for forestry purposes than for agriculture, and so located that they will form important additions to the permanent reserves, is a most important one and is based on the sound common sense idea that every acre of land should be used for the purpose to which it is best adapted. No agricultural land will be held as a part of the permanent forest reserves and the settlement and development of the northern part of the state will in no wise be retarded by the forestry work.

In many states the demand for forestry comes almost entirely from the rapid destruction of the forests and the feeling that the state must take a hand in conserving the timberlands. This, of course, in itself is a most important reason for establishing state forest reserves but in Wisconsin in addition to the question of providing a future supply of timber, there is the even more important necessity of protecting the headwaters of the important rivers,

which means also the conservation of the water powers and navigation as well. As the manufacturing interests of the state will become more and more important in the future, the water powers must be protected, as they are the great source of energy, the state having no coal deposits. The third object of the forest reserve is to preserve and increase the attractions of the lake region of northern Wisconsin and make it a pleasure ground for multitudes of tourists which will result in bringing large revenues to that region.

Governor Davidson in addressing the conference at Washington for the conservation of natural resources, said:

"Wisconsin has, however, awakened to its duty to the public; it created the first state forest commission ever appointed by any of the states, and this commission has already developed into a Board whose labors are characterized by a continuous and progressive policy of forest administration. Vast tracts of public lands have been made into state forest reserves. Agriculturally profitable land has been sold and the proceeds used to extend the resources in less fertile soil. The United States government has added a large tract, aimed to protect the head waters of our large rivers; while lumber companies, at last recognizing the state's wise policy, have dedicated several thousand acres to the forest reserves. Wisconsin has acquired over 300,000 acres, and this acreage is constantly being extended. It has been the policy to concentrate these holdings in counties having the greatest number of lakes feeding into large streams, and in some counties the state now holds ten per cent of the entire land area."

The enormous losses in the state from forest fires in 1908 have emphasized the need of forestry regulations. The timberland owners and lumbermen of the state have organized a forest conservation association to assist the state board of forestry in its work in the preparation of suitable laws to conserve the forests.

WISCONSIN GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY.

COMMISSIONERS.

- JAMES O. DAVIDSON.....Governor of the State
- CHARLES P. CARY.....State Superintendent of Public Instruction
- CHARLES R. VAN HISE.....President of the State University
- CALVERT SPENSLEY.....President of the Commissioners of Fisheries
- LOUIS KAHLLENBERG.....
- President Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

- C. R. VAN HISE.....President
- C. P. CARY.....Vice-President
- L. KAHLLENBERG.....Secretary

STAFF OF THE SURVEY.

- E. A. BIRGE, Ph. D. Sc. D.Director and Superintendent
- T. C. CHAMBERLIN, Ph. D., LL. D.Consulting Geologist, Pleistocene Geology
- SAMUEL WEIDMAN, Ph. D.Geologist, Geology of Central Wisconsin
- U. S. GRANT Ph. D.Geologist in charge of survey of lead and zinc district
- CHANCEY JUDAY, M. A.Biologist
- W. O. HOTCHKISS, B. S.Economic Geologist
- L. S. SMITH, C. E.Hydrographer
- GEORGE WAGNER, M. A.Biologist

The Geological and Natural History Survey was constituted by chapter 297, laws of 1897. The Survey was charged with the following duties:

(1) The completion of the geological survey of the state. (2) A study of the soils of the state. (3) A study of the plants, and especially the forests. (4) A study of the animal life of the state, with especial reference to the fish. (5) Preparation and account of the physical geography and natural history of the state. (6) The completion of the topographical map of the state. To these the legislature of 1905 added the examination of the water powers of the state.

The publications of the Survey are entitled bulletins and are issued in four series. The bulletins are numbered consecutively and each is independent.

A. Economic Bulletins, which deal with the natural resources of the state; *Forestry Conditions of Northern Wisconsin, by F. Roth. Pp. 78; 1 map. Building and Ornamental Stones of Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 544; 69 plates, of which 7 are colored, and 1 map. Copper-Bearing Rocks of Douglas County Wisconsin (second edition), by U. S. Grant. Pp. 83, 13 plates, 6 of which are maps. The Clays and Clay Industries of Wisconsin. Part I, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 304; 55 plates. *The Lead and Zinc Deposits of Southwestern Wisconsin, by U. S. Grant. Pp. 103; 2 plates. Highway Construction in Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 339; 106 plates. The Soils and Agricultural Conditions of North Central Wisconsin, by S. Weidman. Pp. 67; 10 plates. The Baraboo Iron Bearing District, by S. Weidman. Pp. 190; 23 plates. The Lead and Zinc Deposits of Wisconsin, by U. S. Grant. Pp. 109; 26 plates, 18 of which are maps. The Clays of Wisconsin and Their Uses by H. Ries. Pp. 271; 30 plates, including 2 maps. The Rural Highways of Wisconsin, by W. O. Hotchkiss. Pp. 152; 16 plates.

B. Scientific Bulletins, whose contents are of scientific rather than of economic importance. Of these four have been published: Instincts and Habits of the Solitary Wasps, by George W. Peckham and Elizabeth G. Peckham. Pp. 245; 14 plates, of which 2 are colored. A Contribution to the Geology of the Pre-Cambrian Igneous Rocks of the Fox River Valley, Wisconsin, by Samuel Weidman. Pp. 63; 10 plates. The Plankton of Lake Winnebago and Green Lake, by C. Dwight Marsh. Pp. 94; 6 plates. The Raised Bearshes of Lake Michigan, by J. W. Goldthwait.

C. Educational Bulletins. This series is designed especially for use in the schools. The Geography of the Region About Devil's Lake and the Dalles of the Wisconsin, by R. D. Salisbury and W. W. Atwood. Pp. 151; 38 plates and 47 figures. *The Lakes of Southeastern Wisconsin, by N. M. Fenneman. Pp. 175; 36 plates, 38 figures in the text.

D. Administrative Bulletins. Five of these have appeared addressed to the legislatures of 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905 and 1907. They contain no matter of scientific interest, being entirely devoted to administrative details.

Hydrographic Maps of the following lakes have been prepared chiefly under the direction of L. S. Smith: No. 1, Lake Geneva; No. 2, The Oconomowoc-Waukesha Lakes; No. 3, Lake Beulah; No. 4, Elkhart Lake; No. 5, The Chain of Lakes Waupaca; No. 6, Delavan and Lauderdale Lakes; No. 7, Green Lake; No. 8, Lake Mendota; No. 9, Big Cedar Lake; No. 10, Lake Monona.

The following bulletins are now in press and will be issued during the present year: The Geology of North Central Wisconsin, by S. Weidman; The Water Powers of Wisconsin, by L. S. Smith; The Underground Waters of Wisconsin, by A. R. Schultz.

* Out of print.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
NATHAN GLICKSMAN,	Milwaukee	2d Tuesday in August, 1913
L. J. RUSK,	Chippewa Falls	2d Tuesday in August, 1899
T. C. RICHMOND,	Madison	2d Tuesday in August, 1910
J. R. NORTH,	Green Bay	2d Tuesday in August, 1911
A. A. JACKSON,	Janesville	2d Tuesday in August, 1912

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NATHAN GLICKSMAN	Vice-President
L. J. RUSK	Secretary

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JOSHUA E. DODGE	Justice	Supreme Court
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WILLIAM H. TIMLIN	Justice	Supreme Court
JOHN BARNES	Justice	Supreme Court
FRANK L. GILBERT	Attorney General	
GILSON G. GLASIER	Secretary	

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WILLIAM H. ORVIS,	Assistant Librarian	Madison
HARRIETT J. IMHOFF,	Indexer	Madison
VERA LANGDON,	Stenographer	Madison
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FREEMAN G. GILKY	Wood County
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C. F. BURGESS.....	Madison

ANDERSONVILLE PRISON COMMISSION.

C. H. RUSSELL.....	LANSING WILLIAMS.....	D. G. JAMES.....
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STATE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

	Term expires.
OTTO GRAFFRON, President, Plymouth.....	June 21, 1911
T. J. CUNNINGHAM, Chippewa Falls.....	June 21, 1909
C. E. BUELL, Madison.....	June 21, 1913

EMPLOYEES.

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FRANK L. FAWCETT, Chief Clerk.....	Platteville
H. S. KNIGHT, Assistant Examiner.....	Madison
CAROLINE B. GREIG, Stenographer.....	Madison
EDNA HARRISON, Clerk.....	Madison
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Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
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LAWRENCE P. MAYER, M. D.,	Hudson.....	1st Monday in February, 1913
EDWARD S. HAYES, M. D.,	Eau Claire.....	1st Monday in February, 1912
H. A. MEILIKE, M. D.,	Clintonville.....	1st Monday in February, 1910
WM. F. WHYTE, M. L.,	President, Watertown.....	1st Monday in February, 1911
C. A. HARPER, M. D.,	Secretary Madison.....	1st Monday in February, 1916
L. B. SPENCER, M. D.,	Wausau.....	1st Monday in February, 1915

C. A. HARPER, Secretary and State Registrar.....	Madison
AMELIA WALTER, Private Secretary.....	Chippewa Falls
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MAY C. WOLF, Stenographer.....	Madison
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STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

	Term expires.
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GEORGE C. MARLOW, D. D. S., Lancaster.....	May 2, 1911
CHARLES H. SEEGER, D. D. S., Manitowoc.....	May 2, 1912
JOHN J. WRIGGHT, D. D. S., Secretary, Milwaukee.....	May 2, 1910
C. S. McINDOE, D. D. S., Rhinelanders	May 2, 1913

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Name.	Term expires.
W. T. SARLES, President, Sparta.....	July 1, 1911
A. B. BAILEY, Fennimore.....	July 1, 1911
M. A. BRANDT, Milwaukee.....	June 23, 1909
A. U. JORRIS, La Crosse.....	July 30, 1909
J. V. STEVENS, Secretary, Jefferson.....	June 23, 1909
P. H. MCGOVERN, Milwaukee.....	June 23, 1909
L. F. BENNETT, Beloit.....	July 1, 1911
A. P. ANDRUS, Ashland.....	July 1, 1911

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Name.	Postoffice Address.	Term expires.
H. G. RUENZEL, Secretary, Milwaukee.....		April 12, 1914
O. J. S. BOBERG, Eau Claire.....		April 12, 1909
H. B. ALLEN, Richland Center.....		April 12, 1911
EDWARD WILLIAMS, Madison.....		April 12, 1910
G. V. KRADWELL, Racine.....		April 12, 1913

STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION.

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EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, Director State Geological Survey.....	Madison
EDWARD M. GRIFFITH, State Forester.....	Madison
J. H. STOUT.....	Menomonie
H. P. BIRD.....	Wausau
G. A. WHITING.....	Appleton
WILLIAM IRVINE.....	Chippewa Falls

COMMISSIONER OF WATERWAYS.

	Term expires.
RAY S. RIED, La Crosse.....	July 1, 1910

COMMISSIONERS UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

EDWARD W. FROST.....	Milwaukee
E. RAY STEVENS.....	Madison
CHARLES McCARTHY.....	Madison

VICKSBURG COMMISSION.

A. G. WEISSERT.....	Milwaukee
H. P. BIRD.....	Wausaukee
O. J. BURNHAM.....	Richard Center

TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

HENRY L. RUSSELL.....	Madison
MICHAEL RAIN.....	Merrill
GUSTAV SCHMIDT.....	Milwaukee

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	Term expires.
G. F. McDONOUGH, Superior.....	July 1, 1910
M. H. WHITAKER, Janesville.....	July 1, 1909
CHAS. L. WEHLITZ, Milwaukee.....	July 1, 1911

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

EDWARD POLLOCK.....	Lancaster
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STATE PENSION AGENT.

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL.....	Madison
C. H. RUSSELL, Chief Clerk.....	Berlin
J. M. WILLIAMS, Clerk.....	Belleville

STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN.

GEO. W. RICKELMAN.....	Racine
ANTON G. SCHAUER, Deputy.....	Kewaunee

WISCONSIN VOTING MACHINE COMMISSION.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
DAVID HARLOWE.....	Milwaukee.....	June 22, 1911
RICHARD F. KOUTZ.....	Neillsville.....	June 22, 1911
PROF. CHAS. I. KING.....	Madison.....	June 22, 1911

WISCONSIN GRAIN AND WAREHOUSE COMMISSION.

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H. A. JOHNSON.....	Superior, Wis.
W. H. CRUMPTON.....	Superior, Wis.

ADVISORY BOARD OF THE WISCONSIN STATE TUBERCULOSIS
SANITORIUM.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
C. A. HARPER,	Madison	July 1, 1913
GUSTAV SCHMIDT,	Milwaukee	July 1, 1909
HARRY L. RUSSELL,	Madison	July 1, 1910
A. C. KELLOGG,	Portage	July 1, 1912
G. FRED COLTER,	Marinette	July 1, 1911

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, MILWAUKEE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE.

Name.	Term Expires.
A. P. KLETSCHE	1st Monday in May, 1911
T. J. NEACY	1st Monday in May, 1910
JOSEPH EVENS	1st Monday in May, 1909
WM. F. BECKER	1st Monday in May, 1915
G. E. G. KUECHLE	1st Monday in May, 1914
ROBERT M. McMYNN	1st Monday in May, 1913
H. L. SCHULZ	1st Monday in May, 1910

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, MILWAUKEE HOSPITAL FOR CHRONIC
INSANE.

Name.	Term Expires.
JACOB TRUSS	Nov. 1, 1911
RICHARD SEIDEL	Nov. 1, 1910
ANDREW OSWALD	Nov. 1, 1909
G. W. MAYHEW	Nov. 1, 1913
B. J. HAISLER	Nov. 1, 1912

STATE VETERINARIAN.

D. B. CLARK	Janesville
W. A. WALCOTT, Assistant	Plymouth

STATE OIL INSPECTOR.

E. W. TRACY, Milwaukee	Term expires. Apr. 1, 1910
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STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

E. W. FROST	Milwaukee
JOHN HUMPHREY	Milwaukee
ERNEST F. PAHL	Milwaukee

LUMBER INSPECTOR.

Name.	residence.	Term expires
D. H. VAUGHN,	Rhineland.	1st Monday in April, 1909
F. U. SAWTELL,	Oshkosh.	1st Monday in April, 1910
C. E. PRESTON,	Chippewa Falls.	1st Monday in April, 1909
A. J. TREPANIA,	Shell Lake.	1st Monday in April, 1911

COMMISSION TO REMODEL CAPITOL.

J. O. DAVIDSON,	Governor.	Madison
J. A. VAN CLEVE,		Marinette
O. H. INGRAM,		Eau Claire
GEO. H. D. JOHNSON,		Milwaukee
MAGNUS SWENSON		Madison

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D. F. MAINS,		Viroqua
JOHN F. HUGHES,		Reeseville

COMMISSIONERS OF INTER-STATE PARK.

PHIL. H. PERKINS,		Superior
FRED OLCOTT,		St. Croix Falls
GEO. W. WILD,		Centuria
A. C. CLAS,		Milwaukee

INSPECTOR OF APIARIES.

N. E. FRANCE,	Platteville.	Term expires. May 28, 1909
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STATE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION.

J. A. FREAR	Secretary of State
H. L. RUSSELL	Dean College of Agriculture
GEO. MCKERROW	President State Board of Agriculture
A. D. CAMPBELL	Commissioner of Immigration
ROSE BERRY	Stenographer

LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

GEORGE MCKERROW, President.....	Pewaukee
GEORGE WILEY, Vice-President.....	Morrisonville
JOHN M. TRUE, Secretary.....	Baraboo

STATE PARK BOARD.

Name.	Residence.	Term Expires.
W. H. MCFETRIDGE	Baraboo.....	March 1, 1909
E. E. BROWNE, Waupaca.....		March 1, 1911
T. E. BRITTINGHAM, Madison.....		March 1, 1913

STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY EXAMINERS.

Name.	Residence.	Term Expires.
ALEXANDER SPRAUGE, Green Bay.....		Aug 22, 1910
L. P. HIELON, Baraboo.....		Aug. 22, 1909
L. A. WRIGHT, Columbus.....		Aug. 22, 1910

STATE MINING SCHOOL BOARD.

Name.	Residence.	Term Expires.
S. F. SMALLEY, Cuba City.....		July 1, 1909
ROBERT I. DUGDALE, Platteville.....		July 1, 1911

OTHER BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the immediate control of the State government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the State, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the State.

The State Historical Society is unique in being the corporate trustee of the State, holding all property in the name of the State, its library being in effect the Miscellaneous State Library, and its museum the State Museum; the governor, secretary of state, and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board; disbursements from its annual State appropriations are, according to law, audited by the secretary of state; and its care-taking employes are under the control of the State civil service commission. It is thus essentially a State board, bearing much the same relation to the State as the regents of the State University.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

WILLIAM W. WIGHT, Milwaukee.....	President
REUBEN G. THWAITES, Madison.....	Secretary and Supt.
LUCIEN S. HANKS, Madison.....	Treasurer
ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison.....	Librarian and Asst. Supt.
ANNIE A. NUNNS, Madison.....	Assistant Librarian

Mary S. Foster, Asa C. Tilton, Iva A. Welsh, Louise P. Kellogg, Eve Parkinson, Daisy G. Beecroft, Edna C. Adams, Anna Jacobsen, Clara Richards, Harriet L. Allen, Kate Lewis, Isabel Hean, Lillian J. Beecroft, and Marion Atwood, Library Assistants.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized, chiefly by members of the Territorial legislature, in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomas W. Sutherland as secretary. On January 30, 1849, in the opening days of the first State legislative session, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the State, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for lack of personal attention, the Society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization, with a new constitution, was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the Society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the Society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who for two years previous had been the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive

officer of the Society, and the editor of its publications; later he was also given the title of superintendent of the several activities of the Society. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the Society in 1856, as librarian, serving until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875; he was, later, made also assistant superintendent.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the Society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. Today the Society is domiciled in the State Historical Library Building, which cost the state \$610,000, and has been unanimously adjudged by experts to be one of the most beautiful library and museum buildings in the United States.

The Society maintains an important museum of ethnology, archæology, and history, and an historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 300 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 80,000 persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the now world-famous library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 12,000 titles per year. At present the shelves contain about 315,000 titles, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and political development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, general periodicals, Shakespeariana, public documents (American, British, Canadian, and Australian), maps, and material for illustration. It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its bound manuscripts fill over 2,000 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; in Western and Southern history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily through the reading rooms, the ample facilities for original research there given them being one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital. The excellent and well-administered library of the State University—which purchases books in fields not covered by the Society's library—also occupies rooms in the society's building; and in return for this hospitality the State University regents share certain expenses of maintenance.

The Wisconsin Historical Society is a flourishing institution. In most respects ranking first in importance among American institutions of like character, and from every point of view the most important west of the Alleghanies. It has done and is doing a splendid work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire West—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development, in its volumes of *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, eighteen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country—Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the State. The several publications of the Society (*Collections, Proceedings, Bulletins of Information, Class Lists, Draper Series*, etc.) take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The Society receives direct annual appropriations aggregating \$25,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the Society, that it shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the State, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or permanently remove its collections from the State Historical Library Building without legislative authority; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the Society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the Society have collected, after forty-two years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations, and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$30,000. An

antiquarian fund, now consisting of \$11,000, is devoted at present to the development of the museum. The Draper fund, resulting from the sale of some devoted to calendaring and publishing the Draper collection of early Western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions to the museum, are immediate needs. A special fund of \$5,000 for the purchase either of works of art for the museum or books on art for the library, was given to the Society by the late Mrs. Mary M. Adams. Another fund of \$1,500, presented by the former pupils of the late Mrs. Anna R. Sheldon, is devoted to the purchase of art books.

WISCONSIN HISTORY COMMISSION.

Chapter 298, Laws of 1905, provided for a commission to suggest to the legislature methods of reviving and emphasizing popular as well as permanent scholarly interest in Wisconsin's part in the War of Secession. The commission was to consist of the governor, the chief professor of American history in the University of Wisconsin, the secretary of the State Historical Society, the secretary of the Wisconsin Free Library Commission, and a representative of the Department of Wisconsin of the Grand Army of the Republic. These reported to the legislature of 1907 a plan for "the reprinting of rare published materials, and publication of contemporary manuscripts." besides the stimulation of research and publication among students, and the calling out of meritorious personal recollections and company and regimental histories.

Chapter 378, Laws of 1907, provided for the continuance of the commission, as then organized, with authority to carry on the work along the lines proposed in the report. No appropriation was granted, but the commissioners were authorized, in their discretion, to publish material at State expense. In accordance with this authority, they have undertaken two series of publications—one of Original Narratives, and another of Reprints. In the first-named series have thus far appeared Col. William F. Vilas's *A View of the Vicksburg Campaign* and Gen. John A. Kellogg's *Capture and Escape: A Narrative of Army and Prison Life*. The Reprint series has been inaugurated by the republication of Col. Frank A. Haskell's *Battle of Gettysburg*, an excessively rare contemporaneous pamphlet. The commission is organized as follows:

JAMES O. DAVIDSON, Governor of Wisconsin.

FREDERICK J. TURNER, Professor of American History in the University of Wisconsin.

REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin.

HENRY E. LEGLER, Secretary of the Wisconsin Free Library Commission.

CHARLES E. ESTABROOK, Representing Department of Wisconsin, Grand Army of the Republic.

Chairman, COMMISSIONER ESTABROOK.

Secretary and Editor, COMMISSIONER THWAITES.

Committee on Publications, COMMISSIONERS LEGLER, THWAITES, AND TURNER.

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WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION, 1909.

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2D VICE-PRESIDENT—A. A. THOMPSON.....	Richland Center
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SECRETARY—KATHERINE R. WILLIAMS.....	Milwaukee

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—D. H. Schuler, Milwaukee; G. H. Landgraf, Marinette; Chas. Van Hise, Madison; John Kelly, Juneau; Katherine R. Williams, Milwaukee.

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VICE-PRESIDENTS:	
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JOHN S. GREGORY (Arts).....	Milwaukee
DANA C. MUNRO (Letters).....	Madison
SECRETARY—ARTHUR BEATTY.....	Madison
TREASURER—ROLLIN H. DENNISTON.....	Madison
LIBRARIAN—WALTER M. SMITH.....	Madison
CURATOR—CHARLES E. BROWN.....	Madison

The council is composed of the President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer, Librarian and Past Presidents retaining their residence in Wisconsin. The object of the Academy is the promotion of Sciences, Arts and Letters in Wisconsin.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

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 MRS. WEBSTER E. BROWN, '75, Vice-President.....Rhinelander, Wis.
 WILLARD G. BLEYER, '96, Secretary.....Madison, Wis.
 MATTHEW S. DUDGEON, '95, Treasurer.....Madison, Wis.

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 CHAS. N. BROWN, '81.....Madison
 DR. TIMOTHY L. HARRINGTON, '90.....Milwaukee
 J. GLENN WRAY, '93.....Chicago
 MRS. JOHN M. OLIN, '76.....Madison

SHORT COURSE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

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 FRED P. GREBE, Vice-President.....Fox Lake
 A. L. STONE, Secretary and Treasurer.....Madison

WISCONSIN BUTTERMAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

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 A. G. PUERNER, Vice-President.....Soldiers Grove
 J. G. MOORE, Secretary.....Madison
 S. B. COOK, Treasurer.....Bloomer

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

O. B. CORNISH.....Ft. Atkinson
 F. W. GRELL.....Johnson Creek
 L. P. HOLGERSON.....Troy Center

WISCONSIN CHEESE MAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

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 WM. WADDELL, Vice-President.....Hub City
 J. B. MCCREADY, Secretary.....Sheboygan
 JAMES O'BRIEN, Treasurer.....Boscobel

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

F. H. SCRIBNER, President.....Rosendale
 A. J. GLOVER, Secretary.....Ft. Atkinson
 H. K. LOOMIS, Treasurer.....Sheboygan Falls

WISCONSIN ASSOCIATION OF MUTUAL INSURANCE
COMPANIES.

W. A. McEWAN, President.....	Milton
WM. M. LEWIS, Vice-President.....	Mt. Horeb
C. F. KENNEY, Secretary.....	Cedarburg
G. S. CHURCH, Treasurer.....	Allenville

WISCONSIN AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

C. P. NORGORD, President.....	Madison
A. G. AUSTIN, Vice-President.....	Janesville
R. A. MOORE, Secretary.....	Madison
H. N. LONGLEY, Treasurer.....	Dousman

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O. S. POTTER, Vice-President.....	Grand Rapids
J. W. FITCH, Secretary.....	Cranmoor
J. J. EMMERICK, Treasurer.....	Cranmoor
S. A. WARNER, Mem. of Ex-Com.....	Warrens

WISCONSIN STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

OFFICERS.

WM. TOOLE, President.....	Baraboo
A. J. SMITH, Vice-President.....	Lake Geneva
F. CRANFIELD, Secretary.....	Madison
L. G. KELLOGG, Treasurer.....	Ripon

EXECUTIVE.

WM. TOOLE, Chairman.....	Ex-officio
A. J. SMITH.....	Ex-officio
L. G. KELLOGG.....	Ex-officio
F. CRANFIELD.....	Ex-officio
JAS. LIVINGSTON, 1st Dist.....	Lake Geneva
E. P. SANDSTEN, 2d Dist.....	Madison
L. H. PALMER, 3d Dist.....	Baraboo
F. W. HARLAND, 4th Dist.....	Milwaukee
H. C. MELCHER, 5th Dist.....	Oconomowoc
L. A. CARPENTER, 6th Dist.....	Fond du Lac
W. H. HANCHETT, 7th Dist.....	Sparta
DR. T. E. LOUPE, 8th Dist.....	Eureka
D. E. BINGHAM, 9th Dist.....	Sturgeon Bay
IRVING SMITH, 10th Dist.....	Ashland
C. L. RICHARDSON, 11th Dist.....	Chippewa Falls

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

R. J. COE.

L. G. KELLOGG.

F. CRANFIELD.

WISCONSIN CLAY MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION.

L. T. CRABTREE, President	Crandon
JOHN RINGLE, Vice-President	Wausau
OSCAR WILSON, Secretary	Menomonie
L. H. CORDES, Treasurer	Watertown

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F. H. BURT 1st Vice-Pres.	Brodhead
WM. SMILEY, 2d Vice-Pres.	Albany
E. E. JONES, Secretary and Treas.	Rockland

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

F. W. HARDING	Waukesha
W. L. AMES	Oregon

WESTERN GUERNSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1909.

J. GILBERT HICKCOX, President	Milwaukee, Wis.
Vice-Presidents:	
DR. T. W. BROPLY	Chicago, Ill.
WM. KLAUN	Milwaukee, Wis.
H. W. GRISWOLD	West Salem
CHARLES L. HILL, Secretary and Treas.	Rosendale

MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

A. C. RIETBROCK	Milwaukee, Wis.
C. W. WILCOX	Des Moines, Ia.

HOLSTEIN-FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF WISCONSIN.

J. RUST, President	North Greenfield
F. E. HARRIMAN, Secretary	Appleton
FRED ZIEGLER, Treasurer	Route 5, Appleton

THE WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

FRED STUBLEY, President	Black Earth
E. C. JACOBS, Vice-Pres.	Elk Mound
E. E. WYATT, Secretary	Tomah
H. W. CLAFLIN, Treasurer	Muskego

WISCONSIN POLAND CHINA BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

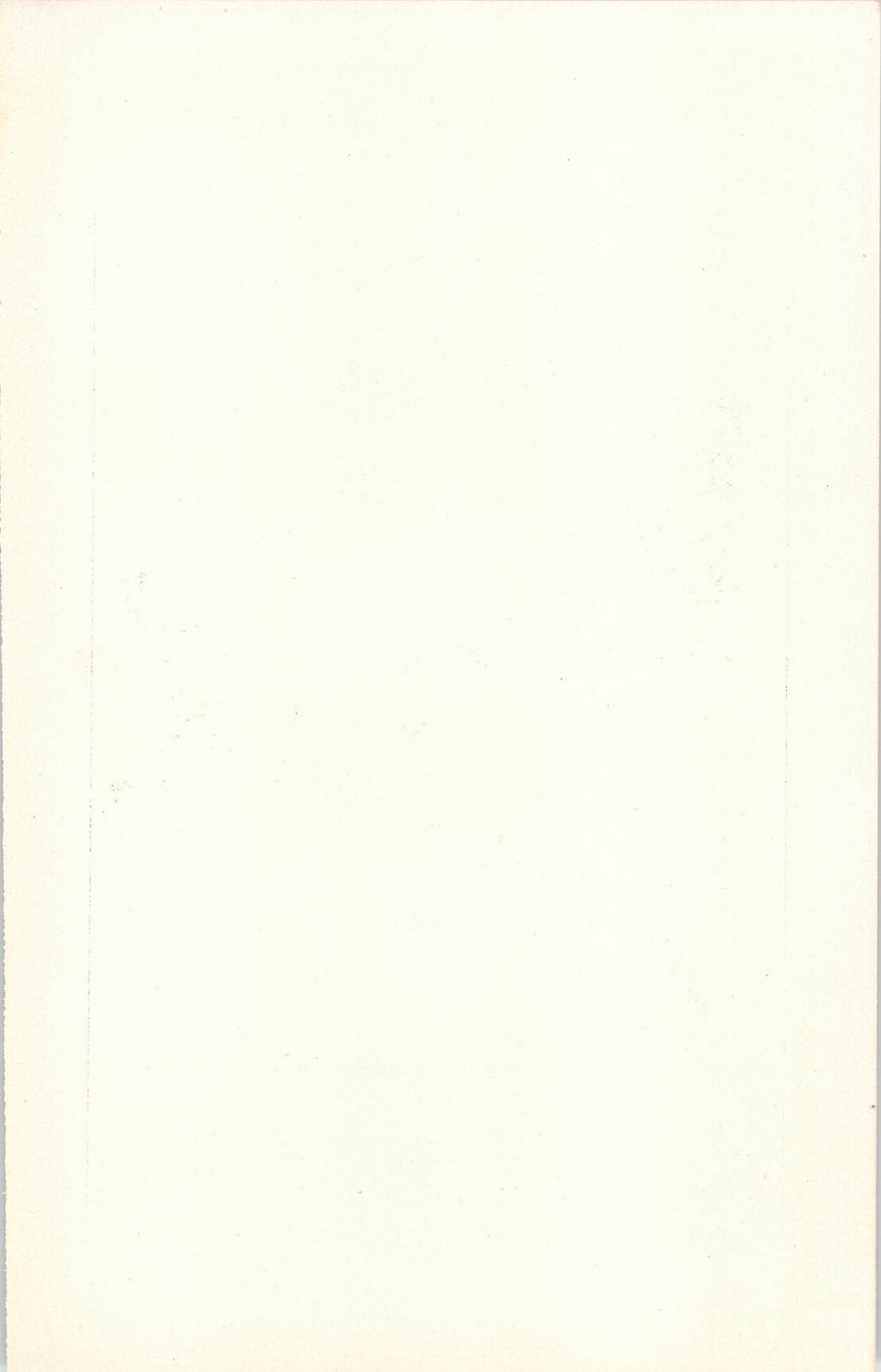
H. B. DRAKE, President.....	Beaver Dam
J. F. DILLEY, Vice-Pres.	Rusk Lake
E. E. JONES, Secretary.....	Rockland
R. E. ROBERTS, Treasurer.....	Corliss

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GEO. MADDEN.....	Fox Lake
F. H. SCRIBNER.....	Rosendale
W. C. BRADLEY.....	Hudson

WISCONSIN BEEKEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

JACOB HUFFMAN, President.....	Monroe
F. WILCOX, Vice-Pres.	Mauston
GUS DITTMER, Secretary.....	Augusta
A. C. ALLEN, Treasurer.....	Portage





JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

1. J. B. Winslow, Chief Justice. 2. R. G. Siebecker. 3. R. D. Marshall.
4. J. S. Dodge. 5. Jas. C. Kerwin. 6. W. H. Timlin. 7. John Barnes.

WISCONSIN COURTS.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

Name.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term Expires.
JOHN B. WINSLOW.....	Chief Justice....	\$6,000	January, 1916
ROUJET D. MARSHALL.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1918
JOSHUA E. DODGE.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1912
ROBERT G. SIEBECKER.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1914
JAMES C. KERWIN.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1915
WILLIAM H. TIMLIN.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1917
JOHN BARNES.....	Justice.....	6,000	January, 1920

CLARENCE KELOGG.....	Clerk	CLARINDA L. WINSLOW.....	Private Secretary
WILLIAM J. PETHERICK.....	Deputy Clerk	ARTHUR A. McLEOD.....	Private Secretary
FREDERIC K. CONOVER.....	Reporter	HERBERT LIESS.....	Private Secretary
FREDERICK W. ARTHUR.....	Asst. Reporter	THOMAS P. NELSON.....	Private Secretary
GILSON G. GLASIER.....	Librarian	E. M. LAW.....	Private Secretary
WILLIAM H. ORVIS.....	Asst. Librarian	KATE KERSHAW.....	Private Secretary
C. H. BEYLER.....	Messenger and Crier	J. E. USHER.....	Private Secretary

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.
 AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.

SUPERIOR COURT.

JUDGE—CHARLES SMITH.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1911.

County.	Terms.	Where Held.	Law.
Douglas.....	First Tuesday of January.....	Superior.....	Ch. 112, 1897
	First Tuesday of April.....	Superior.....	Ch. 112, 1897
	First Tuesday of September.....	Superior.....	Ch. 112, 1897

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.	Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.	
1.	Wyman Spooner.....	1853	8.	S. S. N. Fuller.....	1855 to 1860	
	James R. Doolittle.....	1853 to 1856		Henry D. Barron.....	1860 to	
	C. M. Baker.....	1853 to 1857		L. P. Wetherby.....	1860 to 1866	
	J. M. Keep.....	1857 to 1859		H. L. Humphrey.....	1866 to 1877	
	David Noggle.....	1859 to 1865		E. B. Bundy.....	1873 to 1897	
	William P. Lyon.....	1865 to 1871		Eugene W. Helms.....	1897 to	
	Robert Har-Kaess.....	1871 to 1875				
	Ira C. Paice.....	1875 to 1876		9.	A. L. Collins.....	1855 to 1853
	J. T. Wentworth.....	1876 to 1884			L. S. Dixon.....	1859 to 1859
	John B. Winslow.....	1884 to 1891			H. S. Orton.....	1859 to 1864
	Frank M. Fish.....	1891 to 1902			Alva Stewart.....	1864 to 1869
Ellsworth B. Belden.....	1902 to	Robert G. Siebecker.....	1889 to 1903			
		E. Ray Stevens.....	1903 to			
2.	Alex. W. Randall.....	1856	10.	S. R. Cotton.....	1855 to 1861	
	Arthur MacArthur.....	1856 to 1869		Edwin Wheeler.....	1861 to 1863	
	Jason Downer.....	1869		G. W. Washburn.....	1863 to 1870	
	D. W. Small.....	1869 to 1880		Ezra T. Sprague.....	1870 to 1872	
	Charles A. Hamilton.....	1880 to 1888		E. H. Ellis.....	1872 to 1879	
	D. H. Johnson ¹	1888 to 1900		Geo. H. Meyers.....	1880 to 1892	
	Eugene S. Ellicott ²	1900 to		John Goodland.....	1892 to	
	L. W. Halsey ²	1900 to				
	Warren D. Tarnant ³	1902 to		11.	S. H. Clough.....	1864 to 1877
Orren T. Williams.....	1904 to	H. D. Barron.....	1877 to 1882			
J. C. Ludwig.....	1904 to	S. H. Clough.....	1882 to 1889			
		R. D. Marshall.....	1889 to 1896			
		A. J. Vinje.....	1896 to			
3.	C. H. Larrabee.....	1873 to 1858	12.	S. H. Conger.....	1871 to 1883	
	A. Scott Sloan.....	1858 to 1859		John R. Bennett ¹⁰	1883 to 1899	
	John E. Mann.....	1859 to 1867		Beni. F. Dunwiddie ¹¹	1899 to 1907	
	D. J. Pulling.....	1867 to 1873		George Grimm.....	1907 to	
	Eli C. Lewis.....	1873 to 1874				
	D. J. Pulling.....	1874 to 1885	13.	A. W. Newman.....	1877 to 1878 ⁶	
	Geo. W. Burnell.....	1885 to		A. Scott Sloan ⁴	1881 to 1895	
		Warham Parks.....		1895 to 1896		
4.	Wm. R. Gosline.....	1853 to 1858	James J. Dick ¹⁰	1896 to 1907		
	David Taylor.....	1858 to 1869	Martin L. Lueck.....	1907 to		
	Campbell McLean.....	1869 to 1881				
	N. S. Gilson.....	1881 to 1889	14.	S. D. Hastings.....	1884 to	
	Michael Kirwan.....	1889 to				
		15.		J. K. Parish.....	1888 to	
				16.	C. V. Bardeen ⁵	1891 to 1898
			Willis C. Silverthorn.....		1898 to 1910	
			Alex. H. Reid.....		1910 to	
		17.	Wm. F. Bailey.....		1891 to 1898 ⁷	
			James O'Neil.....	1898 to		
			18.	Chester A. Fowler.....	1905 to ¹²	
7.	Geo. W. Cate.....	1854 to 1875				
	G. L. Park.....	1875 to 1884		19.	James Wickham.....	1510 to ¹³
	Chas. M. Webb.....	1884 to				

¹Died June 15, 1900.²Appointed July 28, 1900.³Died December 2, 1900.⁴Died April 8, 1895.⁵Resigned Feb. 3, 1898.⁶Changed to 6th circuit.⁷Created in 1891.⁸Died.⁹Appointed Jan. 15, 1902.¹⁰Died.¹¹Appointed June 16, 1899.¹²Created in 1905.¹³Created in 1909.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS

Statement showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges and Times and Places of holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of circuit judges, \$4,600 per annum and \$400 for expenses. *Ch. 520, L. 1905.*

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint not to exceed two extra terms of court, to be held in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem it necessary during any one year, and may or may not, in his discretion, cause jurors therefor to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such extra terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term for such county.—*Sec. 2426, W. S.*

Every term in any county in each circuit, shall be a special term for the whole circuit, unless the court, by order filed in the clerk's office at least twelve days before any such term, shall otherwise order as to such county.—*Sec., W. S. 2424 of 1898, as amended by Sec. 32, Ch. 351, L. 1899.*

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—E. B. BELDEN, RACINE.

Term ends first Monday in January, 1914.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Walworth	3d Monday in February.... } 1st Monday in June..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Elkhorn	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Racine.....	2d Monday in April..... } 4th Monday in June..... } 2d Monday in November... }	Racine.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Kenosha.....	2d Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in June..... } 2d Monday in September... }	Kenosha	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the month of June.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Branch No. 1. JUDGE—L. W. HALSEY, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1912.

Branch No. 2. JUDGE—W. D. TARRANT, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1912.

Branch No. 3. JUDGE—ORREN T. WILLIAMS, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1913.

*Branch No. 4. JUDGE—JOHN C. LUDWIG, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Milwaukee....	1st Monday in January.... } 1st Monday in April..... } 1st Monday in July..... } 1st Monday in October.... }	Milwaukee.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

A jury shall be summoned for the first day of each of said terms unless it is otherwise ordered by the court.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

*Additional circuit judge authorized by chapter 645, laws of 1907.

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1915.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Calumet	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Chilton	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Winnebago ...	2d Monday in September... } 2d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in April..... }	Oshkosh.....	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905,
SPECIAL TERMS.			
Winnebago*..	2d Monday in June	Oshkosh	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.

* A special term shall be held in Winnebago county.....but no jury shall be drawn for such special term.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—MICHAEL KIRWAN, MANITOWOC.

Terms ends first Monday of January, 1911.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Sheboygan...	2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September.... }	Sheboygan.....	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Manitowoc....	Tuesday after 2d Monday in } January..... } Tuesday after 1st Monday in } June..... }	Manitowoc.....	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Kewaunee	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Kewaunee.....	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1913.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Grant	3d Monday in February... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Lancaster.....	Chs. 6 and 7, L. 1905.
Iowa	4th Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September.. }	Dodgeville.....	Chs. 6 and 7, L. 1905.
Lafayette....	1st Monday in June	Darlington.....	Chs. 6 and 7, L. 1905.
Richland.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 2d Tuesday in September... }	Richland Center..	Chs. 6 and 7, L. 1905.
Crawford	2d Tuesday before the 1st } Monday in June..... } 3d Tuesday in November... }	Prairie du Chien.	Chap. 278, L. 1907.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. J. FRUIT, LA CROSSE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1914.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
La Crosse.....	2d Tuesday in January... 1st Tuesday in May..... 2d Tuesday in September. 2d Tuesday in November.	La Crosse.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Monroe.....	3d Tuesday in March..... 1st Tuesday in October....	Sparta.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Trempealeau.	1st Tuesday in March..... 3d Tuesday in October....	Whitehall.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Vernon.....	2d Tuesday in April..... 4th Tuesday in November.	Viroqua.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1915.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Portage.....	2d Monday in March..... 3d Monday in November....	Stevens Point...	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Waupaca.....	2d Monday in June..... 4th Monday in October....	Waupaca.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Waushara ...	3d Monday in April..... 3d Monday in September....	Wautoma.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Wood.....	2d Monday in May..... 1st Monday in October....	Grand Rapids ...	Ch. 6, L. 1905.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1915.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Buffalo.....	3d Monday in February.... 4th Monday in October....	Alma.....	Sec. 1, Ch. 133, L. 1901.
Dunn.....	2d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in September....	Menomonie.....	Sec. 1, Ch. 133, L. 1901.
Pepin	3d Monday in April..... 3d Monday in October....	Durand	Sec. 1, Ch. 133, L. 1901.
Pierce	2d Monday in May	Ellsworth.....	Sec. 1, Ch. 395, L. 1901.
St. Croix.....	4th Monday in March..... 4th Monday in September..	Hudson.....	Sec. 1, Ch. 133, L. 1901.

The judge of said circuit may appoint, by order to be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for each county therein, four special terms in each year at such times and places as he shall deem necessary and proper. Said order shall be filed at at least four weeks before the time therein appointed for holding any such term, and the time of holding the same may be changed in like manner. At terms so appointed and held any and all business except the trial of issue of fact by a jury may be transacted. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—E. RAY STEVENS, MADISON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1915.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Dane*.....	2d Monday in January..... } 3d Monday in April..... } 1st Monday in June..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Madison.....	Ch. 5, L. 1309.
Sauk.....	3d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in September... } 1st Tuesday in December... }	Baraboo.....	Ch. 5, L. 1909.

*No jury shall be summoned for the term in June. Chap. 5, L. 1903.

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1916.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Florence.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 2d Tuesday in October..... }	Florence.....	Ch. 316, L. 1905.
Forest.....	3d Tuesday in April..... } 3d Tuesday in October..... }	Crandon.....	Ch. 316, L. 1905.
Langlade.....	1st Monday in May..... } 2d Monday in November.... }	Antigo.....	Ch. 316, L. 1905.
Outagamie....	1st Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in September... }	Appleton.....	Ch. 316, L. 1905.
Shawano.....	3d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December... }	Shawano.....	Ch. 316, L. 1905.

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—A. J. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1913.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Barron.....	2d Monday of March..... } 2d Monday of October..... }	Barron.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Burnett.....	3d Monday of February.... } 2d Monday of September... }	Grantsburg.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Douglas.....	4th Monday of May..... } 2d Monday of November.... }	Superior.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Polk.....	4th Monday of February.... } 3d Monday of September... }	Balsam Lake....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Washburn....	4th Monday of March..... } 4th Monday of October..... }	Shell Lake.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEORGE GRIMM, JEFFERSON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1913.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Rock.....	4th Monday in February... } 1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Janesville.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Green.....	4th Monday in March } 4th Monday in June..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Monroe.....	Ch. 224, L. 1905.
Jefferson.....	1st Monday in February.... } 2d Monday in June..... } 2d Monday in September... }	Jefferson.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in June unless the judge enter an order therefor, to be recorded in the clerk's office fifteen days before the first day of any such term. Sec. 4, Par. 2, Ch. 278, L. 1907.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—MARTIN L. LEUCK, JUNEAU.

*Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.**

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Dodge.....	4th Tuesday in September.. } 2d Tuesday in February.... }	Juneau.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September.. } 1st Tuesday in March..... }	Port Washington	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Washington ..	3d Tuesday in October..... } 3d Tuesday in March..... }	West Bend.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waukesha†...	1st Tuesday in December... } 1st Monday in May..... } 4th Tuesday in August (spe- } cial)..... } 1st Tuesday in February } (special)..... }	Waukesha.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*For the unexpired term of James J. Dick.

†No jury shall be summoned for the special terms. Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

At any general or special term any and all business may be done arising or pending in any county in said circuit which might be done at a general term in the several counties except the trial of issues of fact by a jury.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, JR., GREEN BAY.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1914.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Brown.....	Last Monday in November. } 1st Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in June..... }	Green Bay.....	Chap. 6, L. 1905.
Door.....	1st Tuesday in February... } Tuesday after 1st Monday } in September..... }	Sturgeon Bay...	Chap. 6, L. 1905.
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January..... } 1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Marinette.....	Chap. 6, L. 1905.
Oconto.....	2d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November.... }	Oconto.....	Chap. 6, L. 1905.

The jurors for each term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette shall be summoned to appear at or before 9 o'clock a. m. of the second day thereof.

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. K. PARISH, ASHLAND.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Ashland	1st Monday in April..... } 1st Wednesday in September }	Ashland.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Bayfield	1st Monday in May..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Washburn	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Iron.....	Last Monday in April..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Hurley.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Price.....	3d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in November.... }	Phillips.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Taylor	1st Monday in January..... } 3d Monday in June..... }	Medford	Ch. 278, L. 1907.

Any general or extraordinary term of court in said judicial circuit may be adjourned to or over the next general term of court in each county in said circuit, and the jurors summoned or serving at the last term of court or the term of court nearest to the date of holding such adjourned or extraordinary term of court may serve at the adjourned term in the discretion of the court; and the jurors summoned or serving at the last general term of court or summoned for the term of court next ensuing may serve at any extraordinary term of court held in any county in said circuit. *Ch. 11, L. 1909.*

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—ALEX. H. REID, MERRILL.

Term ends first Monday in January, 1916.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Lincoln.....	4th Monday in October..... } 1st Monday after 1st Tues- } day in April..... }	Merrill.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Marathon.....	2d Monday in February..... } 2d Monday in September... }	Wausau.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Oneida.....	1st Monday in May..... } 2d Monday in November... }	Rhineland.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Vilas.....	4th Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December... }	Eagle River.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.

Every general term of the circuit in each of the counties as herein provided for shall be a special term of the circuit court for each of the other counties in said circuit, and any and all business arising and pending, or which may arise or be pending in any of the counties in said circuit, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury, may be brought and heard and determined or disposed of judicially, at any of such special terms.—*Chap. 2, sec. 3, L. 1901.*

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES O'NEILL, NEILLSVILLE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1916.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Clark.....	3d Monday in April..... } 4th Monday in November... }	Neillsville.....	Ch. 103, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Jackson.....	1st Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Black River Falls	Ch. 103, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Juneau.....	3d Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in September... }	Mauston.....	Ch. 11, 1909.

EIGHTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHESTER A. FOWLER, PORTAGE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Fond du Lac*.	1st Monday in February... 1st Monday in May..... 2d Monday in September.. 1st Monday in November..	Fond du Lac.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Green Lake...	1st Tuesday after 3d Monday in January..... 1st Tuesday after 3d Monday in June.....	Dartford.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Marquette....	2d Tuesday in April..... 2d Tuesday in October.....	Montello.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Columbia*....	1st Monday in March..... 1st Monday in June..... 2d Monday in December....	Portage.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.
Adams.....	4th Monday in September.. 4th Monday in March.....	Friendship.....	Ch. 278, L. 1907.

* No jury shall be summoned for the terms appointed for February and September in Fond du Lac county and for June in Columbia county, unless specially ordered by the presiding judge.—*Ch. 6, Sec. 6, L. 1905.*

NINETEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES WICKHAM, EAU CLAIRE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1916.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Rusk.....	4th Monday in February... Last Monday in August....	Ladysmith.....	Ch. 11, L. 1909.
Sawyer.....	1st Monday in June..... 4th Monday in November..	Hayward.....	Ch. 11, L. 1909.
Chippewa....	3d Monday in November.. 2d Monday in April.....	Chippewa Falls..	Ch. 11, L. 1909.
Eau Claire....	3d Monday in March..... 3d Monday in September..	Eau Claire.....	Ch. 11, L. 1909.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS.

In the several counties, appointed by circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the circuit courts April 1, 1907. The county judges of all counties also have the powers of court commissioners.

Name.	Post Office.	Name.	Post Office.
ADAMS CO.		CRAWFORD CO.	
Geo. W. Waterman...	Friendship.	C. E. Alder.....	Eastman.
J. W. Purves.....	Friendship.	Geo. T. Atwood.....	Gays Mills.
J. C. Edmonds.....	Plainville.	C. C. Chase.....	Prairie du Ch'n
ASHLAND CO.		J. P. Evans.....	Prairie du Ch'n
W. S. Cate.....	Ashland.	J. N. Kast.....	Bell Center.
Geo. G. McDonald..	Ashland.	N. O. Peterson.....	Soldiers Grove.
John Garvin.....	Ashland.	DANE CO.	
Ben S. Smith.....	Ashland.	C. E. Buell.....	Madison.
BARRON CO.		Chas. N. Brown.....	Madison.
Fred B. Kinsley.....	Barron.	Rufus B. Smith.....	Madison.
James Robbins.....	Rice Lake.	Herman Pfund.....	Madison.
A. F. Wright.....	Cumberland.	J. C. Harper.....	Madison.
BAYFIELD CO.		Henry L. Butler.....	Madison.
D. M. Maxey.....	Washburn.	M. S. Dudgeon.....	Madison.
N. M. Oscar.....	Washburn.	H. A. Huber.....	Stoughton.
O. Flanders.....	Bayfield.	George Kroncke.....	Madison.
A. R. Mead.....	Iron River.	DODGE CO.	
BROWN CO.		C. W. Lamoreaux.....	Mayville.
C. W. Lomas.....	Green Bay.	John C. Kealey.....	Beaver Dam.
John F. Watermolen.	Green Bay.	George W. Morse.....	Juneau.
Max H. Strehlow.....	Green Bay.	C. E. Hooker.....	Waupun.
Arthur C. Neville.....	Green Bay.	DOOR CO.	
M. E. Davis.....	Green Bay.	Chas. A. Masse.....	Sturgeon Bay.
BUFFALO CO.		G. W. Allen.....	Sturgeon Bay.
P. H. Urness.....	Mondovi.	W. E. Gaede.....	Sturgeon Bay.
E. F. Ganz.....	Alma.	DOUGLAS CO.	
Theo. Buehler.....	Alma.	Geo. B. Hudnall.....	Superior.
M. L. Fugina.....	Fountain City.	C. R. Fridley.....	Superior.
BURNETT CO.		Phil. H. Perkins.....	Superior.
F. O. Olson.....	Grantsburg.	W. E. Pickering.....	Superior.
CALUMET CO.		Geo. C. Cooper.....	Superior.
Geo. C. Hume.....	Chilton.	DUNN CO.	
E. W. Paulsen.....	Chilton.	J. R. Mathews.....	Menomonie.
CHIPPEWA CO.		P. B. Clark.....	Menomonie.
A. Gough.....	Chipp'wa Falls.	J. C. Ticknor.....	Menomonie.
L. J. Rusk.....	Chipp'wa Falls.	Geo. Shafer.....	Menomonie.
F. W. Jenkins.....	Chipp'wa Falls.	EAU CLAIRE CO.	
CLARK CO.		W. W. Johnston.....	Augusta.
Richard F. Kountz...	Neillsville.	M. B. Hubbard.....	Eau Claire.
Chas. F. Grow.....	Neillsville.	Geo. C. Teall.....	Eau Claire.
J. R. Sturdevant.....	Neillsville.	R. D. Whitford.....	Eau Claire.
K. Andrews.....	Colby.	A. H. Shoemaker.....	Eau Claire.
Geo. Burke.....	Thorp.	A. J. Sutherland.....	Eau Claire.
H. C. Clark.....	Neillsville.	FLORENCE CO.	
COLUMBIA CO.		Joseph E. Parry.....	Florence.
N. E. Van Dyke.....	Kilbourn.	E. W. Hopkins.....	Commonwealth.
Hobart R. Cook.....	Columbus.	C. C. Olin.....	Florence.
Chas. L. Dering.....	Portage.	Wm. C. Haberkorn..	Florence.
S. H. Watson.....	Lodi.	FOND DU LAC CO.	
G. C. Grisin.....	Columbus.	O. H. Ecke.....	Fond du Lac.
J. H. Rogers.....	Portage.	J. M. Gooding.....	Fond du Lac.
		A. E. Dunlap.....	Ripon.
		J. G. Hardgrove.....	Fond du Lac.
		H. E. Swett.....	Fond du Lac.
		James Murry.....	Waupun.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

Name.	Post Office.	Name.	Post Office.
FOREST CO.		KENOSHA CO.	
John F. Hooper.....	Crandon.	James E. Tully.....	Kenosha.
John Masbaum.....	N. Crandon.	James Cavanaugh.....	Kenosha.
P. Shay.....	Armstrong Ck.	John C. Slater.....	Kenosha.
J. J. Martin.....	Laona.	Henry J. Hastings.....	Kenosha.
C. F. Mortenson.....	Hiles.	A. B. Buckmaster.....	Kenosha.
GRANT CO.		KEWAUNEE CO.	
Ed. M. Lowry.....	Lancaster.	M. T. Parker.....	Algoma.
W. J. Brennan.....	Lancaster.	James H. McGowan.....	Algoma.
James Dolan.....	Platteville.	O. H. Brummer.....	Kewaunee.
W. H. Beebe.....	Platteville.	Geo. W. Wing.....	Kewaunee.
John J. Blaine.....	Boscobel.	Jos. F. Valecka.....	Kewaunee.
Jos. M. Cubela.....	Muscoda.		
GREEN CO.		LA CROSSE CO.	
John Dunwiddie.....	Monroe.	Paul W. Mahoney.....	La Crosse.
W. T. Saucerman.....	Monroe.	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
H. N. B. Caradine.....	Monroe.	C. L. Hood.....	La Crosse.
John Luchsinger.....	Monroe.	J. C. Raymond.....	La Crosse.
C. N. Carpenter.....	Brodhead.	John A. Daniels.....	La Crosse.
		Mills Tourtellotte.....	La Crosse.
GREEN LAKE CO.		LAFAYETTE CO.	
John J. Wood, Jr.....	Berlin.	G. A. Marshall.....	Darlington.
Perry Niskern.....	Berlin.	P. H. Conley.....	Darlington.
W. E. Cavanaugh.....	Berlin.	J. H. Clary.....	Darlington.
Thos. F. Davlin.....	Berlin.	M. A. O'Brien.....	Soulsburg.
W. W. Whittemore.....	Princeton.	M. J. Cleary.....	Blanchardville.
C. H. Lambert.....	Green Lake.	H. C. Maftin.....	Darlington.
IOWA CO.		LANGLADE CO.	
J. P. Smelker.....	Dodgeville.	C. W. Deane.....	Antigo.
Richard Carter.....	Dodgeville.	F. W. Hogan.....	Antigo.
J. J. Hoskins.....	Dodgeville.	C. G. Dickinson.....	Antigo.
Calvert Spensley.....	Mineral Point.	A. C. Conway.....	Antigo.
Ernest C. Fiedler.....	Mineral Point.		
J. B. Reynolds.....	Mineral Point.		
IRON CO.		LINCOLN CO.	
Daniel Reid.....	Hurley.	H. G. Bell.....	Tomahawk.
Frank Marta.....	Hurley.	Thos. J. Mathews.....	Merrill.
Peter Murphy.....	Hurley.	M. C. Porter.....	Merrill.
J. B. Anderson.....	Hurley.	Thomas H. Ryan.....	Merrill.
Andrew Uren.....	Hurley.		
David W. Emerson.....	Hurley.		
JACKSON CO.		MANITOWOC CO.	
Frank Johnson.....	Black Riv. F'lls	J. S. Anderson.....	Manitowoc.
Edwin Pierca.....	Merrillan.	R. W. Burke.....	Manitowoc.
R. A. Jones.....	Black Riv. F'lls	H. L. Markham.....	Manitowoc.
F. J. Reichenbach.....	Black Riv. F'lls	L. J. Nash.....	Manitowoc.
H. A. Johnson.....	Black Riv. F'lls	C. H. Sedgewick.....	Manitowoc.
		F. W. Dicke.....	Two Rivers.
JEFFERSON CO.		MARATHON CO.	
W. H. Porter.....	Jefferson.	O. L. Ringle.....	Wausau.
E. A. Wigdale.....	Ft. Atkinson.	M. B. Rosenberry.....	Wausau.
O. C. Hahn.....	Watertown.	W. C. Silverthorn.....	Wausau.
C. A. Skinner.....	Watertown.	C. L. Warren.....	Wausau.
Ray C. Twining.....	Waterloo.	T. C. Ryan.....	Wausau.
John S. Meldeen.....	Palmyra.	N. J. White.....	Colby.
JUNEAU CO.		MARINETTE CO.	
John Price, Jr.....	Mauston.	Henry T. Scudder.....	Marinette.
Geo. S. Grubb.....	Mauston.	Harlin M. Bird.....	Marinette.
A. D. Gill.....	Mauston.	Thomas Butler.....	Wausaukee.
J. J. Hughes.....	New Lisbon.	A. T. Fairchild.....	Marinette.
Chas. A. Leicht.....	New Lisbon.	H. Lee Frink.....	Marinette.
Peter A. Cleary.....	Elroy.	I. B. Kirkland.....	Marinette.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

Name.	Post Office.	Name.	Post Office.
MARQUETTE CO.		PIERCE CO.	
F. J. Dodge.....	Montello.	D. J. Dill.....	Prescott.
John A. Metzler.....	Endeavor.	W. G. Spence.....	River Falls.
John Barry	Montello.	John E. Foley.....	Ellsworth.
D. W. McNamara.....	Montello.	A. Cook	Rock.
		John Graslie	Spring Valley.
MILWAUKEE CO.		POLK CO.	
J. G. Donnelly.....	Milwaukee.	Harry D. Baker.....	St. Croix Falls.
Gerry Hazelton	812 Pabst Bldg. Milwaukee.	W. W. Winchester....	Amery.
John F. Harper.....	495 Broadway. Milwaukee.	Louis A. Copeland....	Frederick.
Adolph Kanneberg	1033 Wells Bldg. Milwaukee.	PORTAGE CO.	
W. J. McElroy.....	82 Wisconsin St. Milwaukee.	G. L. Park.....	Stevens Point.
John J. Maher.....	204 Grand Ave. Milwaukee.	D. J. Leahy.....	Stevens Point.
Julius E. Roehr.....	513 Germa. Bldg. Milwaukee.	A. P. Een.....	Amherst.
Hugh Ryan	104 Free P. Bldg. Milwaukee.	PRICE CO.	
Fred Scheiber	1320 Wells Bldg. Milwaukee.	Ray J. Haggerty.....	Park Falls.
Lucian R. Worden....	517 Caswell Bldg. Milwaukee.	James Smith.....	Phillips.
	323 Reed St.	G. M. Chamberlain....	Phillips.
		E. R. Barager.....	Prencice.
		E. J. Aschenbrenner..	Park Falls.
		C. E. Lovett.....	Prencice.
MONROE CO.		RACINE CO.	
S. W. Button.....	Sparta.	John T. Wentworth....	Racine.
J. H. Masters.....	Sparta.	A. Carry Judd.....	Racine.
Thorwald P. Abel....	Sparta.	Wm. D. Thompson....	Racine.
Howard Teasdale	Sparta.	George W. Waller....	Burlington.
E. Bartels	Tomah.	E. R. Burgess.....	Racine.
		Martin J. Gillen.....	Racine.
OCONTO CO.		RICHLAND CO.	
F. X. Morrow.....	Oconto.	L. H. Bancroft.....	Richland C'tr.
A. Reinhart	Oconto.	James H. Miner.....	Richland C'tr.
Geo. Crawford	Gillett.	Geo. Wulring	Richland C'tr.
V. J. O'Kelliher.....	Oconto.	P. L. Lincoln.....	Richland C'tr
O. F. Trudell.....	Oconto.	P. C. Pitkin.....	Lone Rock.
J. B. Chase.....	Oconto.	ROCK CO.	
		E. F. Carpenter.....	Janesville.
		O. A. Oestreich.....	Janesville.
		M. P. Richardson....	Janesville.
		F. L. Janes.....	Evansville.
		J. P. Towne.....	Edgerton.
		T. D. Woolsey.....	Beloit.
ONEIDA CO.		RUSK CO.	
M. V. Boyce.....	Woodruff.	E. F. Carpenter.....	Bruce.
Wm. W. Carr.....	Rhineland.	T. M. Thomas.....	Ladysmith.
Harry L. Reeves.....	Rhineland.	J. W. Fritz.....	Ladysmith.
H. F. Steele.....	Rhineland.	Charles Kirwan	Ladysmith.
		D. W. Maloney.....	Glen Flora.
		J. C. Stubbs.....	Weyerhauser.
OUTAGAMIE CO.		ST. CROIX CO.	
Louis Jacquot	Hortonville.	C. A. Cross.....	Hudson.
F. R. Dittmar.....	Seymour.	Harry H. Smith.....	New Richmond.
F. W. Harriman.....	Appleton.	Henry Anderson	Baldwin.
Humphrey Pierce.....	Appleton.	Herman Johnston	Hudson.
G. B. Hustings.....	Kaukauna.	SAUK CO.	
OZAUKEE CO.		H. L. Halsted.....	Baraboo.
William A. Tholen....	Pt. Wash'n'ton.	W. A. Wyse.....	Reedsburg.
Eugene S. Turner.....	Pt. Wash'n'ton.	G. Stevens.....	Reedsburg.
J. W. Collins.....	Pt. Wash'n'ton.	Daniel Ruggles	Baraboo.
J. E. Uselding.....	Pt. Wash'n'ton.	Thomas W. King.....	Spring Green.
		E. F. Dithmar.....	Baraboo.
PEPIN CO.			
J. J. Morgan.....	Durand.		
Fred Stahl	Pepin.		
C. M. Hilliard.....	Durand.		
A. V. Hammond.....	Durand.		

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

Name.	Post Office.	Name.	Post Office.
SAWYER CO.		WALWORTH CO.	
Geo. Harrington	Hayward.	E. L. Von Suessmilch	Delavan.
Wm. Alexander	Hayward.	F. H. Kiser.....	Whitewater.
S. J. Williams.....	Hayward.	L. G. Brown.....	Lake Geneva.
SHAWANO CO.		W. C. Norton.....	Elkhorn.
H. Klosterman	Shawano.	H. A. Burdick.....	Lake Geneva.
I. C. Bold.....	Shawano.	J. W. Page.....	Elkhorn.
O. Andrews	Shawano.	WASHBURN CO.	
A. C. Weber.....	Shawano.	P. C. Leonard.....	Shell Lake.
Frank Williams	Wittenburg.	WASHINGTON CO.	
Aug. Nedden	Wigerton.	Charles E. Robinson..	West Bend.
SHEBOYGAN CO.		Albert M. Benson.....	Hartford.
A. C. Prescott.....	Sheboygan.	WAUKESHA CO.	
D. T. Phalen.....	Sheboygan.	D. J. Hemlock.....	Waukesha.
Francis Williams	Sheboygan.	Ernst Merton	Waukesha.
F. H. Denison.....	Sheboygan.	T. W. Parkinson.....	Waukesha.
II. J. Rooney.....	Plymouth.	A. J. Dopp.....	Waukesha.
John E. Thomas.....	Sheboygan Falls	Oscar F. Jones.....	Oconomowoc.
TAYLOR CO.		John A. Kelly.....	Oconomowoc.
G. W. Adams.....	Medford.	WAUPACA CO.	
J. B. Hagarthy.....	Medford.	James McNeil	Clintonville.
J. C. Hobbs.....	Medford.	Giles H. Putnam.....	New London.
C. J. C. Breary.....	Westboro.	R. F. Targert.....	Weyauwega.
F. G. Jeffers.....	Medford.	Charles Churchill ...	Waupaca.
TREMPEALEAU CO.		WAUSHARA CO.	
A. A. Arnold.....	Galesville.	John Clark	Wautoma.
Geo. Mathtys	Arcadia.	J. H. Thomas.....	Berlin.
William H. Gibson....	Centerville.	R. W. Hubbell.....	Wautoma.
J. H. Rainey.....	Arcadia.	W. H. Fields.....	Plainfield.
John A. Markham....	Independence.	G. O. Sargent.....	Plainfield.
Wm. E. Buelow.....	Osseo.	WINNEBAGO CO.	
VERNON CO.		W. C. Benck.....	Oshkosh.
Cyrus M. Butt, Jr....	Viroqua.	John Harrington	Oshkosh.
Alva F. Drew.....	La Farge.	W. W. Waterhouse....	Oshkosh.
C. H. Minshall.....	Viroqua.	J. M. Pleasants.....	Menasha.
Roger Williams	Hillsboro.	W. J. Foulks.....	Oshkosh.
VILAS CO.		WOOD CO.	
Daniel Graham	Eagle River.	B. M. Vaughan.....	Grand Rapids.
Frank Beardsley	Eagle River.	Geo. P. Hambrecht....	Grand Rapids.
Amos Radcliffe	Eagle River.	E. M. Deming.....	Marshfield.
H. J. Seiske.....	Arbor Vitae.	Wm. A. Pors.....	Marshfield.

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No. of circuit.	Name.	P. O. Address.
1	Charles Welch.....	Milwaukee.
2	Richard Burke, for Judge L. W. Halsey.....	Milwaukee.
2	H. D. Goodwin, for Judge Warren D. Tarrant.....	Milwaukee.
2	Chester G. Porter, for Judge Orren T. Williams.....	Wauwatosa.
2	W. J. Buckley, for Judge J. C. Ludwig.....	Milwaukee.
3	William C. Kimball.....	Oshkosh.
4	H. A. Bu-h.....	Fond du Lac.
5	Charles Orton.....	Lancaster.
6	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
7	R. W. Morse.....	Grand Rapid.
8	Charles A. Cross.....	Hudson.
9	Edward H. Smith.....	Madison.
10	Will Kreis.....	Appleton.
11	James R. Hile.....	Superior.
12	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
13	J. H. Sawyer.....	Beaver Dam.
14	James T. Parks.....	Green Bay.
15	V. T. Neander.....	Ashland.
16	George Hart.....	Wausau.
17	F. D. Calway.....	Neillsville.
18	E. S. Park.....	Portage.

MUNICIPAL JUDGES AND COMPENSATIONS.

County.	Name.	City.	Salary.
Ashland.....	George H. McCloud.....	Ashland.....	\$1,600
Barron.....	F. B. Kinsley.....	Barron.....	Fees
Barron.....	James Robbins.....	Rice Lake.....	Fees
Barron.....	A. F. Wright.....	Cumberland.....	Fees
Bayfield.....	A. M. Warden.....	Washburn.....	600
Bayfield.....	P. J. Savage.....	Iron River.....	600
Brown.....	N. J. Monahan.....	Green Bay.....	1,800
Buffalo.....	B. F. Holcomb.....	Mondovi.....	3500
Chippewa.....	F. W. Jenkins.....	Chippewa Falls.....	1,500
Dane.....	Anthony Donovan.....	Madison.....	3,000
Douglas.....	F. S. Parker.....	Superior.....	1,200
Dunn.....	P. B. Clark.....	Menomonie.....	500
Dunn.....	E. O. Larson.....	Colfax.....	200
Dunn.....	T. B. Shafer.....	Knapp.....	100
Dunn.....	J. E. R. Best.....	Boyceville.....	100
Eau Claire.....	Jos. W. Singleton.....	Eau Claire.....	Fees
Fond du Lac.....	J. J. Foote.....	Fond du Lac.....	Fees
Iron.....	Griffith Thomas.....	Hurley.....	1,500
Langlade.....	W. F. White.....	Antigo.....	900
Lincoln.....	Almon A. Helms.....	Merrill.....	Fees
Lincoln.....	Geo. M. Sheldon.....	Tomahawk.....	Fees
Manitowoc.....	A. H. Schmidt.....	Manitowoc.....	1,500
Marathon.....	Louis Morchetti.....	Wausau.....	2,400
Milwaukee.....	A. C. Brazeo.....	Milwaukee.....	5,000
Oneida.....	D. H. Walker.....	Rhinelander.....	1,200
Oneida.....	H. T. Ames.....	Minocqua.....	500
Outagamie.....	Thomas H. Ryan.....	Appleton.....	1,800
Polk.....	Vacant.....		Fees
Portage.....	J. A. Murat.....	Portage.....	2,500
Racine.....	Wm. Smeiding.....	Racine.....	1,333
Rock.....	Chas. L. Fifield.....	Janesville.....	1,500
Rock.....	Chas. D. Rosa.....	Beloit.....	533
Sawyer.....	J. F. Riordan.....	Hayward.....	900
Sawyer.....	Sam. J. Williams.....	Hayward.....	1,500
Sheboygan.....	J. M. Gilblin.....	Sheboygan.....	500
Vilas.....	Alex. Higgins.....	Eagle River.....	1,500
Waukeg.....	Chas. E. Armin.....	Waukesha.....	1,000
Waukesha.....	David W. Agnew.....	Oconomowoc.....	2,400
Winnebago.....	Arthur H. Goss.....	Oshkosh.....	Fees
Winnebago.....	Geo. Mader.....	Winneconne.....	Fees
Wood.....	Chas. Holm.....	Marshfield.....	Fees

* And fees.

*VOTE FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, 1909.

Counties.	Charles P. Cary.	Walter C. Hewitt.	Junius T. Hooper.	La France W. Wood.	Scattering	Total.
Adams	249	67	83	622		1,021
Ashland	344	104	3,479	150		4,077
Barron	1,175	270	413	1,547		3,405
Bayfield	370	157	1,040	263		1,810
Brown	2,246	1,217	1,064	1,615		6,142
Buffalo	390	74	113	1,127		1,704
Burnett	335	47	83	793		1,258
Calumet	447	387	197	651	39	1,721
Chippewa	1,222	476	651	2,150		4,508
Clark	763	356	397	1,888		3,398
Columbia	1,692	539	782	1,585	3	4,571
Crawford	895	169	390	690	19	2,172
Dane	4,137	633	1,871	2,737	2	9,415
Dodge	2,592	539	1,343	1,830		6,654
Door	1,088	361	237	621		2,357
Douglas	1,177	522	713	1,569		3,975
Dunn	505	124	231	1,827	12	3,975
Eau Claire	1,024	384	1,128	2,970		5,509
Florence	146	50	72	331		629
Fond du Lac	2,107	1,131	843	1,027		5,108
Forest	382	192	234	232		1,000
Grant	1,903	256	1,297	1,588		4,977
Green	523	104	711	1,312	30	2,710
Green Lake	835	231	339	151		1,583
Iowa	828	203	741	1,685		3,457
Iron	198	74	344	112		728
Jackson	371	119	178	1,457	1	2,126
Jefferson	1,534	327	582	1,072		3,515
Juneau	1,003	121	243	497	1	1,873
Kewaunee	1,146	505	403	197		2,251
La Crosse	885	523	170	774		2,345
Lafayette	2,203	675	1,091	1,144	1	5,114
Lafayette	734	125	2,189	403	1	3,455
Langlade	1,003	412	558	712	1	2,683
Lincoln	1,218	244	595	239		2,376
Manitowoc	2,963	1,389	635	1,309		6,292
Marathon	1,875	875	1,578	1,619		5,927
Marquette	1,642	573	453	1,056	1	3,741
Marquette	559	150	88	383		1,185
Milwaukee	8,241	2,195	3,790	2,340		16,566
Monroe	1,137	226	572	1,072	2	3,019
Oconto	940	664	643	1,091		3,341
Oneida	639	164	391	405		1,602
Outagamie	1,839	803	1,175	1,191		5,033
Ozaukee	873	173	204	198		1,448
Pepin	126	28	158	859		1,171
Pierce	692	171	272	1,596	1	2,732
Polk	836	136	347	1,149		2,528
Portage	1,206	358	837	1,243		3,674
Price	638	210	698	276	2	1,824
Racine	1,203	893	1,213	899		4,208
Richland	636	99	484	1,022		2,241
Rock	2,138	469	899	1,274	3	4,633
Rusk	1,051	189	392	490		2,102
St. Croix	770	291	316	2,377	1	3,663
Sauk	2,070	369	997	1,153		4,509
Sawyer	118	45	170	537		930
Shawano	1,013	537	536	1,379		3,515
Sheboygan	1,046	380	1,198	1,437		4,021
Taylor	813	251	729	328	1	2,153
Trempealeau	709	170	323	1,221		2,428
Vernon	1,213	249	313	795		2,595
Vilas	321	98	131	53		603
Walworth	1,473	241	1,231	2,173		5,168
Washington	231	81	210	492		1,147
Washington	1,299	352	579	457		2,737
Waukesha	2,732	902	969	481		5,148
Waupaca	1,091	317	403	1,710		3,581
Wausara	734	175	173	459		1,541
Winnebago	1,854	4,253	1,124	2,322	1	9,554
Wood	1,427	320	872	611		3,210
Total	86,210	30,992	49,735	75,278	122	242,337

* Election returns received too late for table to appear with other election statistics.

* VOTE FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, APRIL 6, 1909, FOR FULL TERM BEGINNING THE FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1910.

Counties.	John Barnes.	Scattering.	Total.
Adams	747	6	753
Ashland	2,001		2,091
Barron	2,601		2,601
Bayfield	1,365		1,365
Brown	3,959		3,959
Buffalo	1,303	2	1,305
Burnett	1,078		1,078
Calumet	1,316	97	1,413
Chippewa	3,277	1	3,278
Clark	2,576		2,576
Columbia	2,548	1	2,549
Crawford	1,420	58	1,478
Dane	6,464	25	6,489
Dodge	1,955		1,955
Door	2,077		2,077
Douglas	2,064		2,064
Dunn	1,716	98	1,814
Eau Claire	2,730		2,730
	364		334
Florence	3,154	5	3,159
Fond du Lac	838	2	840
Forest	3,089	2	3,091
Grant	1,816	41	1,830
Green	1,064	1	1,065
Green Lake	1,935	4	1,939
Iowa	532		532
Iron	1,460	1	1,470
Jackson	2,373		2,376
Jefferson	1,357	1	1,358
Juneau	1,288		1,288
Kenosha	1,534		1,564
Kewaunee	3,375		3,375
La Crosse	1,635	2	1,667
Lafayette	1,939	1	1,970
Langi de	1,850		1,850
Lincoln	4,987	1	4,988
Manitowic	4,830		4,830
Marathon	2,023	2	2,025
Marquette	781		781
Marquette	8,703		8,703
Milwaukee	2,181	4	2,185
Monroe	2,412		2,412
Oconto	1,272		1,272
Oneida	3,309		3,309
Outagamie	1,107		1,107
Ozaukee	508	2	600
Pepin	1,878	4	1,882
Pierce	1,935	5	1,940
Polk	2,537	3	2,540
Portage	1,375	4	1,379
Price	2,108	2	2,110
Racine	1,532	6	1,538
Richland	3,366	2	3,368
Rock	1,411		1,411
Rusk	1,797	1	1,798
St. Croix	3,334		3,334
Sauk	503		503
Sawyer	2,521		2,521
Shawano	2,567	5	2,572
Sheboygan	1,557	4	1,561
Taylor	1,771	5	1,776
Trempealeau	1,659		1,659
Vernon	533		533
Vilas	2,942		2,942
Walworth	910		910
Washington	1,735	1	1,733
Washington	2,963		2,963
Waukesha	2,453		2,453
Waupaca	1,318	1	1,319
Waushara	5,456	3	5,459
Winnebago	2,273	6	2,279
Wood			
Total	156,662	412	156,074

* Election returns received too late for table to appear with other election statistics.

* VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES.

TENTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	O. E. Clark.	C. F. Dillett.	John Goodland.	Thos. W. Hogan.	Total.
Florence	21	166	342	60	589
Forest	47	379	350	347	1,123
Langlade	99	177	389	2,224	2,889
Outagamie	377	640	4,383	1,008	6,431
Shavano	134	2,740	631	466	3,971
Total	698	4,102	6,089	4,105	14,994

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	Alex H. Reid.	Total.
Lincoln	1,845	1,845
Marathon	4,431	4,431
Oneida	958	958
Vilas	433	433
Total	7,667	7,667

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	James O'Neill.	Scattering.	Total.
Clark	2,806	.....	2,806
Jackson	1,793	2	1,798
Juneau	1,314	1	1,315
Total	5,916	3	5,919

* Election returns received too late for table to appear with other election statistics.

* VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES—Continued.

NINETEENTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	L. J. Rusk.	James Wickham.	Total.
Chippewa	2,678	1,729	4,407
Eau Claire	1,249	4,075	5,324
Rusk	985	874	1,859
Sawyer	304	791	1,095
Total	5,216	7,469	12,685

SECOND CIRCUIT, BRANCH NO. 3.

Counties.	Edward T. Fairchild.	John C. Kleist.	Owen T. Williams.	Total.
Milwaukee	7,213	6,339	8,832	22,384
Total	7,213	6,339	8,832	22,384

* Election returns received too late for table to appear with other election statistics.

WISCONSIN STATE AND NATIONAL BANKS.

M. C. BERGH, Commissioner of Banking, Madison.

(For employes in Banking department see page 967.)

Table I is taken from the Bank Commissioner's report and shows the resources and liabilities of the various state and savings banks of the state for the years ending on December 3, 1907, and November 27, 1908. Table II shows the resources and liabilities of the national banks located in the state for the same years and is taken from the report of the Comptroller of Currency.

TABLE I. SHOWING RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE 413 STATE BANKS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEAR 1907 AND OF THE 450 STATE BANKS IN THE STATE IN 1908.

	1907.	1908.
Resources:		
Loans and discounts	\$33,075,858 88	\$31,566,970 01
Overdrafts	678,259 87	719,392 83
Bonds	12,354,728 34	13,000,133 97
Premiums on bonds	15,043 65	17,540 33
Stocks and sureties	267,121 62	402,856 46
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	2,465,231 07	2,693,312 83
Other real estate	393,518 06	336,239 95
Due from banks	15,787,037 41	19,090,954 99
Checks on other banks and cash items	546,187 42	445,938 02
Exchanges for clearing house	414,475 96	532,172 02
Gold coin	2,294,593 89	1,933,128 87
Silver coin	645,776 84	522,800 60
U. S. and national currency	4,636,882 00	3,483,399 34
Nickels and cents	56,522 12	57,405 19
Clearing house certificates and checks	654,097 00	.....
Other resources	8,419 21	20,084 98
Total	\$124,323,751 84	\$124,845,425 46
Liabilities:		
Capital stock	\$11,726,750 00	\$12,197,150 00
Surplus fund	3,622,082 63	4,073,157 84
Undivided profits	2,401,447 79	2,578,975 63
Due to banks—deposits	1,236,136 95	1,414,784 11
Dividends unpaid	7,355 15	4,279 35
Individual deposits subject to check	29,786,440 61	32,426,652 47
Demand certificates of deposits	13,002,323 17	13,458,028 98
Time certificates of deposit	33,530,377 94	35,172,031 99
Savings deposits	23,926,224 10	22,420,556 91
Certified checks	51,311 22	83,410 84
Cashier's checks outstanding	324,371 45	253,578 09
Notes and bills rediscounted	492,193 55	205,472 47
Bills payable	287,326 14	525,689 22
Clearing house checks and certificates.....	903,460 00	.....
Other liabilities	12,513 14	36,697 61
Total	\$124,323,751 84	\$124,845,425 43

TABLE II. ABSTRACT OF REPORTS MADE TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, SHOWING THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANKS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1908.

	1907.	1908.
Resources:		
Loans and discounts	\$87,666,205 95	\$85,049,445 93
Overdrafts	377,543 96	299,608 02
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	11,881,880 00	12,000,330 00
U. S. bonds to secure deposits	746,000 00	820,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	1,783,217 50	.....
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits .....	.....	1,607,727 50
U. S. bonds on hand	42,190 00	8,210 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	235,352 67	291,839 85
Bond securities, etc.	14,624,373 11	18,015,764 96
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,631,137 41	2,791,063 67
Other real estate owned	310,094 89	332,624 94
Clearing house certificate, net balance	145,896 00	.....
Due from other national banks	2,932,647 84	3,278,423 76
Due from state banks and bankers	1,734,072 32	1,938,344 99
Due from approved reserve agents	15,476,965 95	18,451,572 09
Checks and other cash items	374,836 69	305,499 61
Exchanges for clearing house	906,563 47	921,004 73
Bills of other national banks	643,370 09	701,475 00
Fractional currency, nickels, cents	46,771 06	54,643 91
Specie	7,296,577 85	8,236,447 21
Legal tender notes	2,462,237 00	2,558,770 00
Redemption fund with treasurer U. S.	553,666 50	591,316 50
Due from treasurer U. S.	18,902 50	58,100 00
Total	\$152,395,072 67	\$153,285,262 67
Liabilities:		
Capital stock paid in	\$15,570,000 00	\$16,065,000 00
Surplus fund	5,945,376 84	6,344,905 75
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	2,623,587 81	3,314,008 93
National bank notes outstanding	11,166,855 00	11,889,107 50
Due to other national banks	4,462,612 05	5,256,773 28
Due to state banks and bankers	6,093,733 30	7,234,727 92
Due to trust companies and savings banks	725,340 82	679,413 23
Due to approved reserve agents	531,759 47	353,191 21
Dividends unpaid	12,032 81	3,369 50
Individual deposits subject to check	100,695,520 70	104,611,774 58
Bonds borrowed	317,000 00	.....
Reserved for taxes	202,502 80	207,808 96
United States deposits	1,781,054 21	1,930,850 73
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	524,002 81	303,700 96
Notes and bills rediscounted	100,148 51	46,000 00
Bills payable	130,500 00	65,000 00
Clearing house certificates, net balance	1,066,054 00	.....
Liabilities other than those above stated	438,901 54	2,625 12
Total	\$152,395,072 67	\$153,285,262 67

RAILROADS OF WISCONSIN.

RAILROADS AND RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN BY YEARS,
FROM 1850 TO 1906.

Name of Company.	Miles of road operated June 30, 1908.	Mileage of railroads in Wis- consin by years.	
		Year.	Miles.
Abbotsford & Northeastern.....	15.16	1850	10.30
Ahnapee & Western.....	34.00	1851	55.48
Ashland, Odanah & Marengo.....	29.00	1852	71.48
Bayfield Transfer.....	15.83	1853	90.08
Big Falls R'y Co.....	21.00	1854	151.90
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	1,733.10	1855	318.78
Chicago & Northwestern.....	1,974.47	1856	507.75
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Oma- ha.....	737.83	1857	700.18
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.....	274.10	1858	761.58
Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern.....	19.42	1859	849.48
Chicago, Lake Shore & Geneva Lake.....	5.50	1860	880.71
Chicago & Lake Superior.....	3.24	1861	900.71
Chippewa River & Northern.....	18.00	1862	957.18
Chippewa Valley & Northern.....	19.32	1863	957.18
Drummond & Southwestern.....	8.18	1864	1,030.28
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.....	115.79	1865	1,030.28
Dunbar & Wausaukee.....	13.50	1866	1,030.28
Fairchild & Northeastern.....	38.00	1867	1,030.28
Great Northern.....	43.35	1868	1,089.04
Green Bay & Western.....	225.09	1869	1,140.99
Hawthorne, Nebagamun & Superior.....	7.35	1870	1,286.43
Hazelhurst & Southeastern.....	24.20	1871	1,798.33
Hillsboro & Northeastern.....	5.00	1872	1,975.41
Illinois Central.....	91.31	1873	2,378.98
Iola & Northern.....	4.70	1874	2,465.93
J. R. Davis Lumber Co., Logging R'y.....	20.50	1875	2,513.92
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western.....	33.70	1876	2,647.64
La Crosse and Southeastern.....	42.61	1877	2,707.74
Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer.....	21.05	1878	2,798.07
Laona & Northern.....	16.00	1879	2,909.90
Marathon County R'y Co.....	20.25	1880	3,120.22
Marquette, Tomahawk & Western.....	23.00	1881	3,425.22
Mattoon.....	29.36	1882	3,702.54
Mineral Point & Northern.....	30.60	1883	3,895.58
Minneapolis, St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie.....	353.01	1884	4,259.48
Northern Pacific.....	145.66	1885	4,336.41
Northwestern Coal R'y Co.....	8.00	1886	4,746.55
Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co., Logging R'y.....	12.50	1887	5,082.62
Robbins R'y Co.....	28.00	1888	5,272.04
Stanley, Merrill & Phillips.....	63.05	1889	5,389.54
Superior & Southeastern.....	28.30	1890	5,471.71
Tomahawk & Eastern.....	20.77	1891	5,548.03
Waupaca-Green Bay.....	9.85	1892	5,734.57
Whitcomb & Morris.....	6.00	1893	5,925.47
Winona Bridge R'y Co.....	.54	1894	6,003.68
Wisconsin Central.....	886.99	1895	6,176.79
Wisconsin & Michigan.....	75.95	1896	6,193.31
Wisconsin & Northern.....	43.37	1897	6,205.00
Wisconsin Northwestern.....	34.00	1898	6,284.16
Wisconsin, Ruby & Southern.....	5.00	1899	6,487.20
		1900	6,592.00
Total.....	7,456.50	1901	6,725.15
		1902	6,987.72
		1903	6,862.16
		1904	6,923.34
		1905	7,073.83
		1906	7,077.68
		1907	7,327.74
		1908	7,456.50

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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COUNTY OFFICERS.

County.	County Seat.	County Clerk.	Treasurer.
Adams	Friendship	G. S. Pease	A. T. Reynolds.
Ashland	Ashland	T. R. Yankee	Chas. Bloss.
Barron	Barron	A. Gulickson	K. E. Thompson.
Bayfield	Washburn	N. M. Oscar	H. O. Lien.
Brown	Green Bay	E. S. Hall	F. B. Desnoyers.
Buffalo	Alma	J. S. McCabe	Theo. Anderson.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Thos. Tollefson	S. H. Arnes.
Calumet	Chilton	Otto Reinbold	Andrew Thiel.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	W. F. Horn	W. D. Cameron.
Clark	Neillsville	John Huntzicker	M. E. Wilding.
Columbia	Portage	E. E. Price	John Luck.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	E. L. Hagerty	Fred Hammerly.
Dane	Madison	G. J. Fjelstad	C. F. Rinder.
Dodge	Juneau	L. C. Pautsch	M. Hartzheim.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	J. S. Halstead	Chas. Pinkske.
Douglas	Superior	C. L. Flagstad	G. B. Wilkinson.
Dunn	Menomonie	H. M. Halvorson	O. P. Stenerson.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	J. H. Nygaard	H. S. Lund.
Florence	Florence	J. J. Pontbriand	W. C. Haberkorn.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	A. S. Wilkinson	A. J. Pullen.
Forest	Crandon	C. G. Himley	W. B. St. John.
Grant	Lancaster	C. E. Tuffley	W. D. Burr.
Green	Monroe	J. W. Stewart	G. E. Thorp.
Green Lake	Dartford	C. W. Ludtke	F. F. Frank.
Iowa	Dodgeville	R. E. Gribble	T. H. Hoskias.
Iron	Hurley	W. D. Tyler	W. J. Whiteside.
Jackson	Black River Falls.	E. F. Davis	B. H. Bright.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Chas. A. Buss	J. P. Holland.
Juneau	Mauston	S. E. Phillips	G. W. Hill.
Kenosha	Kenosha	R. H. Jones	F. A. Marx.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	J. G. Walecka	John Buettner.
La Crosse	La Crosse	C. H. Rawlinson	Wm. Weimar.
Lafayette	Darlington	W. H. McConnell	F. H. Webb.
Langlade	Antigo	V. P. Rath	Frank Dvorak.
Lincoln	Merrill	John Brandt	W. E. Whitney.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Frank Vraney	Robt. Bubelz.
Marathon	Wausau	John King	Herman Vetter.
Marinette	Marinette	James Van Camp	R. C. Hayling
Marquette	Montello	Wm. Guderjohn	O. E. Hallmann.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	F. O. Phelps	J. J. Goetz.
Monroe	Sparta	T. R. Talbot	E. F. Babecek.
Oconto	Oconto	Lincoln Leigh	J. E. Kesfe.
Oneida	Rhineland	Wm. W. Carr	Carl Krueger.
Outagamie	Appleton	A. A. Raisler	Anton Ritzer.
Ozaukee	Port Washington.	W. G. Bohan	Bern. Franzen.
Pepin	Durand	C. P. Layne	C. A. Allen.
Pierce	Ellsworth	O. J. Hohle	T. Tobias, Jr.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Nels P. Swanson	J. H. McLean.
Portage	Stevens Point	A. E. Bourn	Chas. Dake.
Price	Phillips	W. H. Lippels	Frank Stone.
Racine	Racine	C. E. Nelson	W. J. Hay.
Richland	Richland Center	G. M. Morton	A. E. Moon.
Rock	Janesville	H. W. Lee	A. M. Church.
Rusk	Ladysmith	F. E. Munroe	A. E. Foster.
St. Croix	Hudson	H. S. Offerdahl	E. C. Anderson.
Sauk	Baraboo	S. H. Wood	C. M. Du Bois.
Sawyer	Hayward	Jens Jorgenson	H. E. Rohlf.
Shawano	Shawano	F. G. Brenner	Aug. Hoefls.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	A. G. Meyers	W. H. Barragar.
Taylor	Medford	Carl Sturmann	Irv. McCaube.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	P. K. Risberg	N. L. Frederickson
Vernon	Viroqua	Berlie Moore	Henry Rentz.
Vilas	Eagle River	W. A. Bradford	A. H. Stevens.
Walworth	Elkhorn	G. D. Harrington	H. C. Norris.
Washburn	Shell Lake	P. E. Leonard	F. L. Irwin.
Washington	West Bend	A. C. Benike	H. J. Falk.
Waukesha	Waukesha	S. R. Clark	J. H. Edwards.
Waupaca	Waupaca	L. F. Shoemaker	B. W. Herrmann.
Waushara	Wautoma	W. B. Stilwell	G. M. Buse.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	John J. Fish	S. G. Stocum.
Wood	Grand Rapids	F. H. Eberhardt	W. H. Peters.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

County.	County Seat.	District Attorney.	Sheriff.
Adams	Friendship	C. H. Gilman	W. R. Greenwood.
Ashland	Ashland	V. T. Pierrolee	C. L. Kleinstieber.
Barron	Barron	J. W. Soderberg	J. H. Johnson.
Bayfield	Washburn	E. C. Alvord	Max Hopple.
Brown	Green Bay	J. W. Reynolds	Frank Deviley.
Buffalo	Alma	Theodore Guenter	John Vollmer.
Burnett	Grantsburg	A. J. Myrland	Wm. Smith.
Calumet	Chilton	James Morgan	P. C. Edens.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	A. Wiley, Jr.	M. P. Walker.
Clark	Sellsville	B. W. Crosby	Robt. Bunson.
Columbia	Portage	H. A. Gunderson	J. W. Dalton.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	J. S. Earl	A. F. Jones.
Dane	Madison	Vroman Mason	J. P. Halbach.
Dodge	Juneau	C. A. Kading	Aug. Gramlow.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Henry Graass	H. A. Wazener.
Douglas	Superior	Wm. R. Foley	Gustaf Carlsson.
Dunn	Menomonie	J. W. Macaulay	M. F. Swant.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Fred Arnold	T. L. Everson.
Florence	Florence	Max Sells	C. J. Erickson.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	F. W. Chadbourne	W. J. Seeve.
Forest	Crandon	G. H. Dawson	W. McInnis.
Grant	Lancaster	G. B. Clementson	Jas. Harcleroad.
Green	Monroe	Wm. H. McGrath.	Henry Ball.
Green Lake	Dartford	Philip Lehner	Ferd. Thrall.
Iowa	Dodgeville	J. P. Smelker	Richard Jones.
Iron	Hurley	W. T. Lennon	Wm. Walter.
Jackson	Black River Falls.	F. J. Reichenbach	B. P. Lanning.
Jefferson	Jefferson	R. N. Lueck	Chas. Snover.
Juneau	Mauston	F. H. Hanson	F. W. Klinker.
Kenosha	Kenosha	R. V. Baker	W. H. Gunter.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	T. F. Konop	W. R. Forst.
La Crosse	La Crosse	Jas. Thompson	Wm. Duncan.
Lafayette	Darlington	C. F. McDaniel	Hugh Moore.
Langlade	Antigo	Henry Hay	C. E. Jones.
Lincoln	Merrill	R. E. Smith	E. A. Maas.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	J. J. Healy	J. C. Willinger.
Marathon	Wausau	F. P. Regner	J. L. Sell.
Marinette	Marinette	A. E. Schwittay	C. F. Smith.
Marquette	Montello	J. A. Metzler	A. D. Wilkins.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	A. C. Backus	H. E. Franke.
Monroe	Sparta	T. P. Abel	G. A. Henry.
Oconto	Oconto	J. B. Chase	Gust. Lasomte.
Oneida	Rhineland	S. S. Miller	B. F. Jillson.
Outagamie	Appleton	F. J. Rooney	A. G. Koch.
Ozaukee	Port Washington.	Wm. F. Shanen	Frank Delles.
Pepin	Durand	W. E. Plummer	Warren Taylor.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Geo. Thompson	J. H. Gilmore.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Carl M. Lynn	Frank L. Corey.
Portage	Stevens Point	Geo. B. Nelson	J. A. Berry.
Price	Phillips	W. K. Parkinson	Mat. Christianson.
Racine	Racine	Fulton Thompson	Gustaf Derricks.
Richland	Richland Center	F. W. Burnham	Fred Hoke.
Rock	Janesville	John L. Fisher	R. G. Scheibel.
Rusk	Ladysmith	A. N. Anderson	O. H. McNalley.
St. Croix	Hudson	S. J. Bradford	Cornelius O'Brien.
Sauk	Raraboo	John A. Malone	Grant Deyer.
Sawyer	Hayward	F. L. McNamara	Mike Madden.
Shawano	Shawano	A. S. Larson	Eli Elefson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Edward Voigt	A. A. Hoehne.
Taylor	Medford	Herman Leicht	Fred Winters.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	J. A. Markham	P. A. Van Horn.
Vernon	Viroqua	J. H. Bennett	C. O. Helgeson.
Vilas	Eagle River	Amos Radcliffe	J. E. Hanson.
Walworth	Elkhorn	John P. Ingalls	J. T. Flanders.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Lewis J. Jones	Geo. E. Stratton.
Washington	West Bend	H. A. Sawyer	Frank Schoenbeck
Waukesha	Waukesha	Milo Muckleston	E. J. Gibson.
Waupaca	Waupaca	H. J. Severson	J. L. Tollefson.
Waushara	Waufoma	E. F. Kileen	J. H. Emigh.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	D. E. McDonald	J. V. Bunn.
Wood	Grand Rapids	R. E. Andrews	Michael Griffin.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

County.	County Seat.	Register of Deeds.	Clerk of Court.
Adams	Friendship	Alan Galbraith	Andrew Hesler.
Ashland	Ashland	Archie Donald	T. N. Upthegrove.
Barron	Barron	C. D. Blassingham.	D. S. Grilley.
Bayfield	Washburn	Nels Myhre	F. A. Bell.
Brown	Green Bay	A. E. Martin	Wm. Handeyside.
Buffalo	Alma	O. J. Paulson	J. M. Thompson.
Burnett	Grantsburg	A. A. Anderson	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet	Chilton	H. H. Greve	Michael Schwarz.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	E. A. Firth	C. E. Preston.
Clark	Neillsville	Oscar Fricke	F. W. Draper.
Columbia	Portage	L. E. Nashold	A. H. Proctor.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	K. O. Johnson	M. R. Munson.
Dane	Madison	S. T. Burgess	L. O. Larson.
Dodge	Juneau	F. J. Mirlach	John Clifford.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Andrew Nelson	Allen Higgins.
Douglas	Superior	Helge Johnson	F. J. Seguin.
Dunn	Menomonie	H. C. Inenfeldt	O. N. Oleson.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	A. M. Anderson	G. J. Losby.
Florence	Florence	J. D. Clement	G. W. Baird.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	E. T. Markle	C. A. Worthing.
Forest	Crandon	Andrew Oettenger.	Wm. Bassett.
Grant	Lancaster	T. S. Metcalf	G. W. Barrows.
Green	Monroe	F. E. Carson	Thos. Leichsinger.
Green Lake	Dartford	James Leigh	G. F. Yahr.
Iowa	Dodgeville	T. J. Paynter	Thos. Gibbon.
Iron	Hurley	J. C. Flanagan	V. E. Depodesta.
Jackson	Black River Falls.	O. C. Flugstad	Albert Knutson.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Edward Busch	Wm. Rohr.
Juneau	Mauston	L. S. Marsh	Louis Wiedenbeck.
Kenosha	Kenosha	P. C. Torrey	Frank Waldo.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Joseph Mahlberg	M. J. Simanek.
La Crosse	La Crosse	F. H. Aiken	R. D. Smith.
Lafayette	Darlington	S. P. Nelson	T. J. O'Neil.
Langlade	Antigo	H. A. Friedeman	A. J. Nowotny.
Lincoln	Merrill	Ernest Gross	G. H. Sales.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Chas. Streich	A. J. Clark.
Marathon	Wausau	N. R. Chellis	A. A. Bock.
Marinette	Marinette	E. D. Galineau	C. A. Budlong.
Marquette	Montello	C. R. Rosker	I. C. Brown.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	C. C. Maas	F. W. Cords.
Monroe	Sparta	D. F. Davis	O. J. Jackson.
Oconto	Oconto	O. B. Parisey	L. E. Whiting.
Oneida	Rhineland	J. J. Verage	E. C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie	Appleton	B. J. Zuehlke	Glen Morse.
Ozaukee	Port Washington.	Wm. Ahlhauser	G. H. Adam.
Pepin	Durand	W. C. Richardson	Alfred Biles.
Pierce	Ellsworth	F. G. Magee	W. E. Warren.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Nels Simley	John Davidson.
Portage	Stevens Point	A. F. Wyatt	F. H. Timm.
Price	Phillips	B. C. Alm	Henry Niebauer.
Racine	Racine	James Bolton	L. F. Owen.
Richland	Richland Center	M. E. Brewer	W. L. Wightman.
Rock	Janesville	C. H. Weirick	Jesse Earle.
Rusk	Ladysmith	E. W. Hill	H. O. Bye.
St. Croix	Hudson	W. S. Fleming	G. H. Tappins.
Sauk	Baraboo	S. Z. Hudson	J. H. Hill.
Sawyer	Hayward	J. W. Waters	Henry Horne.
Shawano	Shawano	Fred Ainsworth	L. D. Colson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	L. G. Cornelius	A. P. Croghan.
Taylor	Medford	Thos. Anderson	W. E. Hibbard.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	J. E. Wilberg	F. J. Kidder.
Vernon	Viroqua	T. O. Mark	H. C. Gosling.
Vilas	Eagle River	W. B. Raymond	F. H. Rilette.
Walworth	Elkhorn	S. T. Dunbar	W. O. Kellogg.
Washburn	Shell Lake	C. A. Shaver	Thurston Evers.
Washington	West Bend	J. W. Gehl	A. J. Hemmy.
Waukesha	Waukesha	J. A. Rodgers	B. M. Webb.
Waupaca	Waupaca	F. L. Penney	Ing. Ovrom.
Waushara	Wautoma	Guy Mumberue	W. L. Roberts.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	W. H. Jenkyns	Fred Badger.
Wood	Grand Rapids	E. E. Ames	A. B. Bever.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continue^d.

County.	County Seat.	Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	M. C. Smith	Frank Zika
Ashland	Ashland	G. H. Panker	Louis Sollie
Barron	Barron	H. J. Mitchell	G. F. Tanner
Bayfield	Washburn	E. J. Brigham	F. J. Burns
Brown	Green Bay	Aug. Brauns	A. W. Peaslee
Buffalo	Alma		
Burnett	Grantsburg	G. E. Maxwell	Peter Bakke
Calumet	Chilton	Jacob Severin	Chas. Bruss
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	H. F. Sargent	
Clark	Neillsville	S. F. Hewett	August Woik
Columbia	Portage	F. S. Clark	W. G. Bunker
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	A. L. Hurlbut	W. T. Smith
Dane	Madison	Phillip Hintze	M. W. Lynch
Dodge	Juneau	G. W. Morse	Chas. Geuber
Door	Sturgeon Bay	A. C. Greaves	Henry Hahn
Douglas	Superior	Frank Richardson	Chas. W. Geisen
Dunn	Menomonie	W. A. Harding	Frank Huntzman
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	G. M. Hudson	Robert H. Stokes
Florence	Florence	J. Ruderstrom	G. C. Youngs
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac		James P. Olson
Forest	Crandon	P. C. Christensen	Jas. W. Crawford
Grant	Lancaster	A. W. Appleby	Joseph Donnelly
Green	Monroe	H. E. Ludington	Frank A. Shriner
Green Lake	Dartford	R. H. Spragg	Jay D. Howard
Iowa	Dodgeville	R. L. Joiner	S. W. Dawson
Iron	Hurley	Adam Devine	Chas. Gutekunst
Jackson	Black River Falls	C. M. Keach	
Jefferson	Jefferson	H. H. Hyer	Fred Sydow
Juneau	Mauston	J. T. Patterson	Frank Rogers
Kenosha	Kenosha	John G. Williams	Frank E. Andre
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Henry Terens	P. R. Minahan
La Crosse	La Crosse	G. P. Bradish	Leonard Kleeber
Lafayette	Darlington	G. A. Marshall	H. A. Thompson
Langlade	Antigo	E. S. Brooks	Charles Nelson
Lincoln	Merrill	Thos. Kilroe	J. M. O'Reilly
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Otto Gass	Louis Falge
Marathon	Wausau	R. H. Brown	W. C. Dickens
Marinette	Marinette	J. E. Murphy	James Tweedie
Marquette	Monteflo	G. E. Phillips	E. R. Williams
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	H. R. Barnes	Frank Luehring
Monroe	Sparta	F. A. Holden	Geo. Kuckuck
Oconto	Oconto	T. E. Mills	H. M. Weed
Oneida	Rhineland	D. H. Vaux	John Mecikalski
Outagamie	Appleton	C. H. Gillett	T. E. Johnston
Ozaukee	Port Washington	W. F. Jahn	George B. Horn
Pepin	Durand	O. M. Axtell	M. A. Shave
Pierce	Ellsworth	B. R. Eaton	John S. Copley
Polk	Balsam Lake	W. H. McCourt	L. A. Hoffmeyer
Portage	Stevens Point	F. E. Halladay	Harry D. Boston
Price	Phillips	Frank Henry	H. E. Soetebeer
Racine	Racine	T. H. Knight	Jonas Hoyle
Richland	Richland Center	J. M. Appleby	Anthony Nee
Rock	Janesville	C. V. Kerch	
Rusk	Ladysmith	John Diamond	L. P. Gaillardet
St. Croix	Hudson	G. L. Lamport	Wm. H. Banks
Sauk	Baraboo	Gustav Schraenke	George D. Dodd
Sawyer	Hayward	A. F. Quail	M. E. Vance
Shawano	Shawano	J. A. McLendy	John Krumrol
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	O. B. Joerns	Peter Feagan
Taylor	Medford	J. A. Logan	Wm. V. Case
Trempealeau	Whitehall	G. D. Arnold	Wm. E. Parker
Vernon	Viroqua	E. J. Older	W. V. Dunlap
Vilas	Eagle River	Richard Gumaer	J. J. Roderick
Walworth	Elkhorn	G. L. Teuple	Charles L. Lyon
Washburn	Shell Lake	L. E. Thomas	A. E. Costello
Washington	West Bend	Don Cameron	H. J. Kirsch
Waukesha	Waukesha	F. T. Moeller	Charles Hill
Waupaca	Waupaca	S. P. Gutbu	A. D. Barnes
Waushara	Wautoma	Geo. Elbs	C. S. Briggs
Winnebago	Oshkosh	W. V. Good	Tyler D. Phillips
Wood	Grand Rapids	Donald Mc Kercher	John Werner

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

County.	County Seat.	County Supt.	County Judge.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	John P. Lewis.....	John B. Keyes.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Walter J. Cordy.....	James McCully.
Barron.....	Barron.....	L. S. Cheney.....	C. W. Meadows.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	Jessie N. Smith.....	William H. Irish.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Joseph F. Novitski.....	Carlton Merrill.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Henry J. Niehaus.....	Martin L. Fugina.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Mable Ahlstrom.....	F. G. Dahlberg.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	Leo P. Fox.....	E. W. Paulsen.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Albert Brumstad.....	Henry Lebies, Jr.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Arnt O. Rhea.....	O. Schoenarth.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	S. C. Cushman.....	Alonzo F. Kellogg.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	George Burton.....	Albert H. Long.
Dane, 1st district.	Madison.....	Sylvanus Ames.....	A. G. Zimmerman.
Dane, 2d district.		Genie A. Laws.....	
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	John Kelley.....	F. M. Lawrence.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	A. J. Smith.....	Jacob Dehos.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	A. N. Young.....	Lewis S. Larson.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Jennie N. Brackett.....	Wm. S. Swenson.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	T. Leinenkugel.....	George L. Blum.
Florence.....	Florence.....	John Elmer.....	Frank Waring.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Ruby M. Acker.....	August E. Richter.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	H. A. Kamm.....	James A. Walsh.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	John C. Brockert.....	E. B. Goodsel.
Green.....	Monroe.....	J. C. Penn.....	John M. Becker.
Green Lake.....	Darford.....	George V. Kelley.....	S. G. Potter.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	J. A. Van Natta.....	Aldro Jenks.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Chas. D. Lennon.....	M. Wilson.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	O. D. Stieh.....	Frank Johnson.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Arthur J. Thorne.....	Charles B. Rogers.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Mattie McMillan.....	M. L. Bunnell.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	John J. Kirwin.....	Russel H. Slossen.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Joseph E. Szama.....	William Rogers.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	B. F. Oltman.....	John Brindley.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	Walter G. Mase.....	J. B. Simpson.
Lansdale.....	Antigo.....	A. M. Arveson.....	John W. Parsons.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	J. H. Hamlin.....	Milton C. Porter.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Chas. W. Meisnest.....	John Choupek.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Wengel Pivernetz.....	Clyde L. Warren.
Marquette.....	Marquette.....	R. C. Ramsey.....	W. B. Quinlan.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	J. H. Wheelock.....	Neil Diamond.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Hugo A. Pauly.....	A. Huebschmann.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	M. M. Haney.....	R. B. McCoy.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	E. B. McDonald.....	Herbert F. Jones.
Oneida.....	Rhineclander.....	T. A. Lowell.....	L. J. Billings.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	A. G. Meating.....	Henry Kreiss.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	Richard F. Reges.....	John E. Uselding.
Pepin.....	Dura d.....	Cynthia Carlisle.....	Wm. R. Newcomb.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Cesar F. Mattson.....	Allen P. Weld.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	Lida M. Blanding.....	L. A. Copland.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Andrew P. Fen.....	John A. Murat.
Price.....	Phillips.....	May McNely.....	A. K. Owen.
Racine.....	Racine.....	G. J. Zimmerman.....	Max W. Heck.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	R. O. Moon.....	Wm. S. McCorkle.
Rock.....	Jamesville.....	O. D. Antisdal.....	John W. Sale.
Rusk.....	Ladysmith.....	W. N. Mackin.....	D. W. Maloney.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Hans A. Aune.....	Otto W. Arnquist.
Saux.....	Baraboo.....	G. W. Davies.....	Wm. T. Kelsey.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	E. M. Harrington.....	John K. Swenson.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	L. D. Roberts.....	F. A. Jaeckel.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	J. E. Kennedy.....	Paul T. Krez.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	G. B. Smith.....	M. A. Buckley.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	D. P. Gibson.....	H. A. Anderson.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	H. L. Gardner.....	D. O. Mahoney.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	Grant Cook.....	Geo. E. O'Connor.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Heien Martin.....	Jay P. Lyon.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	Izetta L. Sabeau.....	Albert L. Bugbee.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	F. W. Bucklin.....	Patrick O'Mera.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	G. B. Rhodes.....	D. W. Agnew.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	W. E. Switzer.....	F. M. Guernsey.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	Tosten Thompson.....	G. P. Sorenson.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	H. B. Patch.....	C. D. Cleveland.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Robert Morris.....	Wm. J. Conway.

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1909.

Counties.	Population, 1905.	Sheriff.	Register of deeds.	County treasurer.	District attorney.	County clerk.	Clerk of circuit court.	County surveyor.	Coroner.	County superintendent.	County judge.
Adams.....	9,062	Fees	Fees	\$600	\$450	\$600	\$400	Fees	Fees	\$900	\$500
Ashland.....	23,935	\$2,000	Fees	**2,200	1,200	**2,600	*1,500	Fees	Fees	750	1,200
Barron.....	28,376	1,800	\$700	900	700	1,000	650	Fees	Fees	1,100	800
Bayfield.....	15,904	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,000	1,500	*900	Fees	Fees	1,900	600
Brown.....	52,026	Fees	1,500	1,500	1,000	1,400	*500	Fees	Fees	*1,000	2,000
Buffalo.....	16,523	Fees	Fees	700	400	800	Fees	Fees	Fees	900	700
Burnett.....	9,261	Fees	Fees	800	600	800	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	*400
Calumet.....	16,839	Fees	Fees	800	600	800	600	Fees	Fees	*1,000	1,000
Chippewa.....	32,000	1,800	1,700	1,500	1,000	1,600	*500	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Clark.....	29,344	Fees	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	*900	900
Columbia.....	51,192	3,000	1,350	1,350	800	1,350	1,350	Fees	Fees	1,350	2,000
Crawford.....	16,926	Fees	Fees	1,000	800	1,100	550	**200	Fees	1,200	850
Dane.....	75,457	*2,500	1,800	1,600	1,500	1,700	1,200	Fees	Fees	900	3,000
Dodge.....	45,773	2,500	Fees	1,400	1,300	1,400	800	Fees	Fees	1,400	2,100
Door.....	19,631	Fees	Fees	800	400	1,000	400	Fees	Fees	900	800
Douglas.....	43,490	2,500	1,800	**3,250	1,800	**4,300	1,800	Fees	Fees	*1,000	1,500
Dunn.....	26,074	1,000	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	500	Fees	Fees	1,200	800
Eau Claire.....	33,519	Fees	Fees	1,500	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
Florence.....	3,522	Fees	Fees	840	720	900	300	Fees	Fees	240	500
Fond du Lac.....	50,825	2,500	Fees	1,000	1,500	1,400	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,000
Forest.....	5,968	*1,900	Fees	1,000	800	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	100	800
Grant.....	39,629	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Green.....	22,300	Fees	Fees	900	800	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,800
Green Lake.....	15,838	2,500	Fees	600	600	700	*450	Fees	Fees	900	1,300
Iowa.....	22,971	*240	Fees	1,000	750	1,000	*450	Fees	Fees	900	1,300
Iron.....	6,559	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	700	300
Jackson.....	17,579	Fees	1,200	1,000	700	1,000	*160	Fees	Fees	*1,000	700
Jefferson.....	34,293	2,500	1,200	800	1,200	1,100	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,200	2,500
Juneau.....	20,759	Fees	Fees	1,000	650	1,100	600	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Kenosha.....	27,376	5,000	Fees	600	1,500	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	950	1,100
Kewaunee.....	17,003	700	900	600	500	900	600	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
La Crosse.....	42,850	2,500	Fees	1,200	1,200	1,500	1,200	Fees	50	1,300	2,200
Lafayette.....	20,277	1,200	Fees	1,100	800	1,200	*600	Fees	Fees	*1,000	1,000
Langlade.....	15,738	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,800	*1,000	Fees	300	1,000	900
Lincoln.....	19,125	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,100	*500	Fees	Fees	1,200	*500
Manitowoc.....	44,796	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,200	*800	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,500
Marathon.....	50,249	*2,000	Fees	1,600	1,800	1,800	*300	Fees	Fees	1,800	1,800
Marquette.....	33,730	Fees	Fees	1,500	1,000	1,500	*1,000	60	Fees	1,000	1,000

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

Marquette.....	10,974	1,000	Fees	700	600	700	*600	Fees	Fees	4900	1,100
Milwaukee.....	363,721	5,000	4,000	**10,100	5,000	4,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	**2,000	5,000
Monroe.....	29,263	1,200	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000
Oconto.....	24,580	2,300	1,000	1,100	700	1,100	*850	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,100
Oneida.....	11,234	1,800	Fees	1,000	900	1,000	*200	Fees	Fees	1,050	800
Outagamie.....	49,015	Fees	Fees	1,500	1,000	1,600	*500	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Ozaukee.....	17,476	Fees	Fees	1,000	500	900	*500	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
Pepin.....	7,569	Fees	Fees	550	450	550	*150	Fees	Fees	600	550
Pierce.....	23,433	Fees	Fees	900	600	1,000	*300	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,200
Polk.....	20,885	††1,000	Fees	1,000	††600	1,000	*400	Fees	Fees	1,000	*400
Portage.....	30,861	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,200	1,200	*700	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
Price.....	12,353	†1,500	Fees	1,000	††800	1,200	*500	Fees	Fees	900	800
Racine.....	50,228	*2,000	2,650	1,000	1,200	1,200	2,000	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,500
Richland.....	19,345	Fees	Fees	800	800	800	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	800
Rock.....	53,641	1,500	†††1,800	1,000	1,200	1,200	1,700	Fees	Fees	†1,000	3,000
Rusk.....	9,748	1,500	Fees	900	500	1,000	*400	Fees	Fees	900	500
St. Croix.....	26,716	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,100	1,000	Fees	Fees	1,100	1,300
Sauk.....	32,825	1,500	Fees	1,200	700	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,650
Sawyer.....	5,044	1,000	Fees	1,000	800	1,000	*300	Fees	Fees	500	500
Shawano.....	31,037	*800	1,800	1,200	900	1,400	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,100	1,200
Sheboygan.....	52,070	1,500	1,500	1,200	1,000	1,300	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Taylor.....	12,481	1,500	Fees	1,100	720	1,200	*600	Fees	Fees	900	400
Trempealeau.....	23,857	Fees	Fees	800	600	900	*350	Fees	Fees	900	700
Vernon.....	29,161	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	†1,200	*1,000
Vilas.....	5,436	1,500	900	1,000	800	1,000	*400	Fees	Fees	500	400
Walworth.....	30,557	1,800	Fees	1,000	900	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,000	3,600
Washburn.....	7,483	500	Fees	750	800	800	*200	Fees	Fees	900	400
Washington.....	23,476	1,800	Fees	1,000	720	900	*480	Fees	Fees	†1,200	1,500
Waukesha.....	35,822	2,000	1,500	1,000	1,500	1,500	1,500	Fees	Fees	1,200	2,500
Waupaca.....	33,467	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	900
Waushara.....	17,643	Fees	1,000	700	500	800	*250	Fees	Fees	900	750
Winnebago.....	60,300	4,800	**2,400	2,200	1,500	1,500	**2,400	1,600	Fees	900	2,500
Wood.....	30,380	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,200	1,400	*500	Fees	Fees	1,800	1,100

* And fees.

** Including hotel.

*** And per diem.

† Salary for ensuing term, \$1,200.

†† And actual expenses.

††† And one-half of abstract fees.

‡ And traveling expenses.

‡‡ Traveling expenses and \$400 for team hire

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

Counties.	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	P. O. Address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams	Adams County Agr. Society	G. W. Bingham	J. H. Purves	Friendship	John L. Humber
Ashland	Ashland County Agr. Society	G. W. Dopp	H. A. Cress	Ashtand	C. A. Rudquis
Barron	Barron County Agr. Society	J. S. Crisler	V. H. Paradis	Rice Lake	E. L. Everts
Barron	Cumberland Agr. and Driv. Park Soc.	S. H. Waterman	H. S. Comstock	Cumberland	A. H. Miller
Bayfield	Bayfield County Fair Association	W. C. Clufine	G. A. Richard	Iron River	Byron Ripley
Brown	Oneida Agr. Society	Nelson Metoxen	Adam Sickles	W. Depere, R. 1.	Thos. A. Metoxen
Buffalo	Buffalo County Agr. Society	G. B. Parish	J. U. Luetscher	Mondovi	Sam Meyer
Burnett	Burnett County Agr. Society	J. H. Jensen	A. A. Anderson	Grantsburg	Theo. Olsen
Calumet	Calumet County Agr. Society	F. J. Egner	Gregory Dorschel	Chilton	W. S. Lloyd
Chippewa	Northern Wisconsin State Fair	A. G. Cox	Robert B. Clark	Chippewa Falls	P. F. Farrell
Clark	Clark County Agr. Society	J. W. Hommel	L. Williamson	Neillsville	Greenleaf Redmond
Columbia	Columbia County Agr. Society	Chris Hecker	E. A. Rhyne	Portage	H. P. Jamieson
Columbia	Kilbourn Inter-County Fair Asso.	Don C. French	C. D. Murray	Kilbourn	C. E. Wintermute
Columbia	Lodi Union Agr. Society	A. R. Reynolds	Hugh Caldwell	Lodi	F. W. Groves
Crawford	Central Agr. and Driv. Park Asso.	Atley Peterson	E. G. Briggs	Gays Mills	N. Jurgensen
Crawford	Crawford County Agr. Society	J. L. McLaughlin	J. J. Collins	Sereca	O. B. Gay
Dane	Dane County Agr. Society	Jonn T. King	M. M. Parkinson	Madison	C. A. Hanan
Dane	Dodge County Fair Asso. and Agr. Soc.	Byron Barwig	C. W. Horosy	Beave Dam	H. B. Drake
Dunn	Dunn County Agr. Society	S. W. Jackson	J. D. Millar	Menomonie	Martin Pladoes
Eau Claire	Eau Claire County Agr. Society	E. B. Paddock	Bert Fredrick	Augusta	E. Thuring
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac County Agr. Society	J. H. Beirne	E. W. Phelps	Fond du Lac	T. E. Ahern
Florence	Florence County Agr. Society	William Judge	Jas. T. Pontbriand	Florence	E. W. Hopkins
Forest	Forest County Agr. Society	J. D. Grandine	A. O. Sherman	Crandon	Silas Smith
Grant	Boscobel Agr. and Fair Society	Huga Mathews	L. B. Willis	Boscobel	Jno. Scheimpflug
Grant	Grant County Agr. Society	W. J. Bailie	Chas. B. Ziegler	Lancaster	Chas. H. Baxter
Grant	Platteville Fair and Agr. Society	G. R. Barden	C. H. Gribble	Platteville	John Woodward
Green	Green County Agr. Society	Frod J. Bolander	Leland C. White	Monroe	W. J. Knight
Green Lake	Berlin Agr. and Industrial Society	H. C. Truesdell	Ernst Greverus	Berlin	E. G. Bunce
Iowa	Southern Wisconsin Fair Association	W. J. Penhalligan	T. M. Priestley	Mineral Point	Phil Allen, Jr.
Jackson	Jackson County Agr. Society	E. Krohn	J. F. Dunn	Black River Falls	John Bolger
Jefferson	Jefferson and Rock River Val. Agr. Soc.	W. H. Carlin	O. F. Roessler	Jefferson	Fred H. Henry
Jefferson	Watertown Inter-County Fair Asso.	H. Wertheimer	C. Mullberger	Watertown	C. Frey
Juneau	Elroy Fair Association	John Anderson	J. H. Smith	Elroy	A. A. Telfer
Juneau	Juneau County Agr. Society	C. H. Stevens	P. M. Sullivan	Mauston	C. P. Babcock
La Crosse	La Crosse County Agr. Society	J. A. Berg	Joe Marshall	West Salem	S. W. Brown
La Crosse	La Crosse Inter-State Fair Asso.	T. H. Spence	C. S. Van Auken	La Crosse	E. M. Wing
Lafayette	Lafayette County Agr. Society	R. E. Orton	F. E. West	Darlington	J. H. Keefe

Langlade	Langlade County Agr. Society	T. W. Humble	R. Koebke	Antigo	H. A. Kohl
Lincoln	Lincoln County Agr. Society	F. J. Smith	E. F. Bosworth	Merrill	W. H. Kaiser
Marathon	Marathon County Agr. Society	Aug. F. Marquardt	M. H. Duncan	Wausau	E. C. Zimmerman
Marquette	Marquette County Agr. Society	A. Schatzka	J. H. Wheelock	Westfield	Hugh Russell
Monroe	Monroe County Agr. Society	C. C. Hill	M. Svererson	Tomah	L. W. Earle
Monroe	Eastern Driving and Agr. Society	W. T. Sarles	U. McBride	Sparta	D. W. Cheney
Oconto	Oconto County Fair Association	George Beyer	J. B. Ciaase	Oconto	Ed. Millidge
Oneida	Oneida County Agr. Society	Prescott Calkins	Arthur Taylor	Rhineland	Geo. Mahoney
Outagamie	Outagamie County Agr. Society	John M. Schmit	Lawrence Carroll	Hortonville	A. L. Murphy
Outagamie	Seymour Fair and Driv. Park Agr. Soc.	Chas. F. Ploeger	H. J. Van Vuren	Seymour	Wm. Michelstetter
Outagamie	Fox River Fair and Driving Asso.	W. M. Roblee	R. E. Carneross	Appleton	J. J. Sherman
Ozaukee	Ozaukee County Agr. Society	Wm. Rintleman	Jacob Dietrick	Cedarburg	A. R. Boermer
Pepin	Pepin County Agr. Society	E. J. Ryan	C. A. Ingram	Durand	G. R. Tapliss
Pierce	Pierce County Fair	J. L. Moody	F. D. Lord	Ellsworth	H. R. Hallie
Polk	Polk County Agr. Society	T. H. Thompson	S. J. Wall	St. Croix Falls	D. W. Suttie
Portage	Portage County Agr. Society	P. N. Peterson	L. D. Smith	Amherst	L. A. Pomeroy
Portage	Stevens Point Fair Association	E. H. Rogers	G. A. Park	Stevens Point	R. B. Johnson
Price	Price County Agr. Society	C. F. Glissendorf	Geo. F. Foster	Phillips	Geo. B. Reedal
Richland	Kickapoo Val. Agr. and Driv. Park As.	E. B. Bender	W. I. Griffin	Viola	W. J. Fishel
Richland	Hillsboro County Agr. Society	J. B. Coffland	W. G. Barry	Richland Center	A. V. Pier
Rock	Evansville, Rock County Agr. Society	Ev. Van Patten	W. W. Gillies	Evansville	Geo. L. Pullen
Rusk	Rusk County Fair Association	Thomas Foster	Archie Barrett	Bruce	W. A. Blackburn
Sauk	Baraboo Valley Agr. Society	Art Hass	W. A. Stolte	Keosauqua	G. W. Hass
Sauk	Sauk County Agr. Society	George Astle	S. A. Pelton	Baraboo	C. L. Pearson
Sauk	Inter-county Fair Association	C. L. Underwood	A. L. McMullen	Spring Green	Thos. W. King
Sawyer	Sawyer County Agr. Fair Asso.	William Giffin	Jens Jorgenson	Hayward	H. E. Rohlf
St. Croix	New Richmond Park Asso. & Agr. Soc.	O. J. Williams	W. H. Brooks	New Richmond	C. W. Arquist
Shawano	Shawano County Agr. Society	R. A. Upham	J. C. Schweers	Shawano	Marion Wescott
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Agr. Society	P. K. Wheeler	Otto Gaffron	Plymouth	E. A. Dow
Taylor	Taylor County Mechan. and Agr. Soc.	C. H. Howard	F. W. Andersen	Medford	John Roemer
Trempealeau	Trempealeau County Agr. Society	S. C. French	J. M. Benrud	Galesville	J. A. Kellman
Vernon	Hillsboro Agr. and Driv. Association	E. D. Hammer	E. V. Wenrick	Hillsboro	F. G. Lemke
Vernon	Vernon County Agr. Society	James H. McLees	F. W. Alexander	Viroqua	W. F. Fisher
Walworth	Walworth County Agr. Society	W. E. Babcock	F. M. Porter	Elkhorn	James E. Bretz
Washington	Washington County Agr. Society	C. A. Schroeder	W. R. Rix	West Bend	A. Frankenburg
Waupaca	New London Agr. and Indus. Asso.	E. H. Ramm	Giles H. Putnam	New London	M. W. Knopstein
Waupaca	Waupaca County Agr. Society	Albert Smith	H. W. Glocke	Weyauwega	H. J. Becker
Waushara	Waushara County Agr. Society	John Clark	W. B. Stillwell	Wautoma	R. C. Stuart
Wood	Central Wisconsin State Fair Asso.	J. C. Kiefer	A. G. Pankord	Marshfield	Henry Kolsched

POLITICAL PARTIES AND PLATFORMS.

POLITICAL PARTIES OF THE U. S. AND OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN 1908.

Nominees of all organizations for President, together with national and state platforms, party organizations and convention dates, together with party nominees as appearing on the official ballot in Wisconsin.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES, 1908.

REPUBLICAN—JUNE 18.

President.

WILLIAM H. TAFT, of Ohio.

Vice-President.

JAMES S. SHERMAN, of N. Y.

DEMOCRATIC—JULY 10.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Neb.

JOHN W. KERN, of Ind.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC—MAY 13.

EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana.

BENJAMIN HANFORD, of New York.

PROHIBITION—JULY 16.

EUGENE W. CHAFIN, of Ill.

AARON S. WATKINS, of Ind.

PEOPLE'S PARTY—APRIL 3.

THOS. E. WATSON,* of Georgia.

SAMUEL WILLIAMS, of Ind.

SOCIAL LABOR PARTY—JULY.

AUGUST GILLHAUS, of New York.

DONALD L. MUNROE, of Va.

INDEPENDENT PARTY—JULY 28.

THOS. L. HISGEN, of Mass.

JOHN TEMPLE GRAVES, of Ga.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, 1908.

Republican—William C. Brumder, John Dengler, Frank M. Durkee, C. F. Greenwood, Robert H. De Lap, John M. Beffel, John A. Stolper, William Kohl, W. T. Sarles, Florian Lampert, Herbert L. Peterson, D. E. Riordan, O. K. Hawley.

Democrat—Ernest C. Zimmerman, Adolph J. Schmitz, Gilbert T. Hodges, W. S. Henry, Edward L. Luckow, John Toohey, Edward C. Wall, Patrick O'Meara, Emil Wittzack, Frank J. Egerer, Philip Sheridan, Thos. H. Ryan, Thomas Emmerton.

Prohibition—Olav Repsčal, Lincoln Abraham, Truman T. Parker, Will E. Mack, Richard B. Griggs, William R. Nethercut, Moritz A. Schmoyer, Dyer Walters, Charles L. Allen, John W. Evans, Charles W. Lomas, George W. Wilson, Henry Jorgenson.

Social Democrat—F. W. Hammond, Walter Ramstack, Arne Peterson, Henry Dunham, Julius Cray, Frank Metcalf, Robert Seidel, John C. Boll, Joseph Paul, Martin Georgenson, J. E. Harris, C. I. Sandquist, C. W. Staples.

Independent—Fred Bartsch, Socialist Labor Party; Fred Kremer, Socialist Labor party; Carl Schulz, Socialist Labor party; Henry Boll, Socialist Labor party.

* Name not on official ballot in Wisconsin, although electors appeared on such ballot.

STATE NOMINEES, 1908.

REPUBLICAN.

For Governor, James O. Davidson; Lieutenant Governor, John Strange; Secretary of State, James A. Frear; State Treasurer, Andrew H. Dahl; Attorney General, Frank L. Gilbert; Commissioner of Insurance, Geo. E. Beedle.

DEMOCRATIC.

For Governor, John A. Alyward; Lieutenant Governor, Burt Williams; Secretary of State, Frank B. Schultz; State Treasurer, George T. Heslin; Attorney General, Evan A. Evans; Commissioner of Insurance, William Guillaume.

PROHIBITION.

For Governor, Winfred D. Cox; Lieutenant Governor, Charles H. Forward; Secretary of State, Linus H. Park; State Treasurer, Waldemar Ager; Attorney General, Jabez B. Smith; Commissioner of Insurance, David W. Emerson.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC.

For Governor, Harvey D. Brown; Lieutenant Governor, Chester M. Wright; Secretary of State, John G. Irwin; State Treasurer, Henry M. Parks; Attorney General, Horace B. Walmsley; Commissioner of Insurance, Herman W. Bistorius.

SOCIAL LABOR PARTY.

For Governor, Herman Bottema; Lieutenant Governor, Albert Wang; Secretary of State, John Vierthaler; Commissioner of Insurance, Theodor Horn.

ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL PARTIES.

REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Officers of the National Committee.—Chairman, Frank H. Hitchcock, Washington, D. C.; secretary, William C. Hayward, Lincoln, Neb.; treasurer, George R. Sheldon, New York.

Executive Committee.—Charles F. Brooker, Connecticut; T. Coleman du Pont, Delaware; William E. Borah, Idaho; Frank O. Lowden, Illinois; Charles Nagel, Missouri; Victor Rosewater, Nebraska; William L. Ward, New York; Edward C. Duncan, North Carolina, and Boies Penrose, Pennsylvania.

Members of the Committee.—Alabama, P. D. Barker, Mobile; Arkansas, Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs; California, George A. Knight, San Francisco; Colorado, Charles E. Cavender, Leadville; Connecticut, Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia; Delaware, T. Coleman du Pont, Wilmington; Florida, James N. Coombs, Appalachiola; Georgia, Henry Blum, Jr., Savannah; Idaho, W. E. Borah, Boise; Illinois, Frank O. Lowden, Oregon; Indiana, Harry S. New, Indianapolis; Iowa, Ernest E. Hart, Council Bluffs; Kansas, D. W. Mulvane, Topeka; Kentucky, A. R. Burnham, Richmond; Louisiana, Pearl Wight, New Orleans; Maine, John F. Hill, Augusta; Maryland, William P. Jackson, Salisbury; Massachusetts, W. Murray Crane, Dalton; Michigan, John W. Blodgett, Grand Rapids; Minnesota, Frank B. Kellogg, St. Paul; Mississippi, L. B. Moseley, Jackson; Missouri, Charles Nagel, St. Louis;

Montana, Thomas C. Marshall, Missoula; Nebraska, Victor Rosewater, Omaha; Nevada P. L. Flanigan, Reno; New Hampshire, F. W. Estabrook, Nashua; New Jersey, Franklin Murphy, Newark; New York, William L. Ward, Port Chester; North Carolina E. C. Duncan, Raleigh; North Dakota, James Kennedy, Fargo; Ohio, A. I. Vorys, Lancaster; Oklahoma C. M. Cade, Shawnee; Oregon, R. E. Williams, Dallas; Pennsylvania, Boies, Penrose, Philadelphia; Rhode Island, Charles R. Brayton, Providence; South Carolina, John G. Capers, Greenville; South Dakota, Thomas Thorson, Canton; Tennessee, Nathan W. Hale, Knoxville; Texas, Cecil A. Lyon, Sherman; Utah, C. E. Loose, Provo City; Vermont, James W. Brock, Montpelier; Virginia, Alvah H. Martin, Portsmouth; Washington, R. I. McCormick, Tacoma; West Virginia, N. B. Scott, Wheeling; Wisconsin, Alfred T. Rogers, Madison; Wyoming, George E. Pexton, Evanston; Alaska, L. P. Shackelford, Juneau; Arizona, W. S. Sturgis, Tucson; District of Columbia, Sidney Bieber, Washington; Hawaii, A. G. M. Robertson, Honolulu; New Mexico, Solomon Luna, Los Lunas; Philippine Islands, Henry B. McCoy, Manila; Porto Rico, R. H. Todd, San Juan.

PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., JUNE 18, 1908.

Once more the Republican party, in national convention assembled, submits its cause to the people. This great historic organization, that destroyed slavery, preserved the Union, restored credit, expanded the national domain, established a sound financial system, developed the industries and resources of the country and gave to the nation her seat of honor in the councils of the world, now meets the new problems of government with the same courage and capacity with which it solved the old.

Republicanism Under Roosevelt.—In this the great era of American advancement the Republican party has reached its highest service under the leadership of Theodore Roosevelt. His administration is an epoch in American history. In no other period since national sovereignty was won under Washington, or preserved under Lincoln, has there been such mighty progress in those ideals of government which make for justice, equality and fair dealing among men.

The highest aspirations of the American people have found a voice. Their most exalted servant represents the best aims and worthiest purposes of all his countrymen. American manhood has been lifted to a nobler sense of duty and obligation. Conscience and courage in public station and higher standards of right and wrong in private life have become cardinal principles of political faith; capital and labor have been brought into closer relations of confidence and interdependence, and the abuse of wealth, the tyranny of power and all the evils of privilege and favoritism have been put to scorn by the simple, manly virtues of justice and fair play.

The great accomplishments of President Roosevelt have been, first and foremost, a brave and impartial enforcement of the law, the prosecution of illegal trusts and monopolies, the exposure and punishment of evildoers in the public service, the more effective regulation of the rates and service of the great transportation lines, the complete overthrow of preferences, rebates and discriminations, the arbitration of labor disputes, the amelioration of the condition of wageworkers everywhere, the conservation of the natural resources of the country, the forward step in the improvement of the inland waterways, and always the earnest support and defense of every wholesome safeguard which has made more secure the guarantees of life, liberty and property.

These are the achievements that will make for Theodore Roosevelt's place in history, but more than all else the great things he has done will be an inspiration to those who have yet greater things to do. We declare our unflinching adherence to the policies thus inaugurated and pledge their continuance under a Republican administration of the government.

Equality of Opportunity.—Under the guidance of republican principles the American people have become the richest nation in the world. Our wealth to-day exceeds that of England and all her colonies, and that of France and Germany combined. When the Republican party was born the total wealth of the country was \$16,000,000,000. It has leaped to \$110,000,000,000 in a generation, while Great Britain has gathered but \$60,000,000,000 in 500 years. The United States now owns one-fourth of the world's wealth and makes one-third of all modern manufactured products. In the great necessities of civilization, such as coal, the motive power of all activity; iron, the chief basis of all industry; cotton, the staple foundation of all fabrics; wheat, corn and all the agricultural products that feed mankind, America's supremacy is undisputed. And yet her great natural wealth has been scarcely touched. We have a vast domain of 3,000,000 square miles, literally bursting with latent treasure, still waiting the magic of capital and industry to be converted to the practical uses of mankind; a country rich in soil and climate, in the unharvested energy of its rivers and in all the varied products of the field, the forest and the factory. With gratitude for God's bounty, with pride in the splendid productiveness of the past and with confidence in the plenty and prosperity of the future the Republican party declares for the principle that in the development and enjoyment of wealth so great and blessings so benign there shall be equal opportunity for all.

The Revival of Business.—Nothing so clearly demonstrates the sound basis upon which our commercial, industrial and agricultural interests are founded, and the necessity of promoting their continued welfare through the operation of Republican policies as the recent safe passage of the American people through a financial disturbance which, if appearing in the midst of Democratic rule or the menace of it, might have equalled the familiar Democratic panics the past. We congratulate the people upon the renewed evidence of American supremacy, and hail with confidence the signs now manifest of a complete restoration of business prosperity in all lines of trade, commerce and manufacturing.

Recent Republican Legislation.—Since the election of William McKinley, in 1896, the people of this country have felt anew the wisdom of intrusting to the Republican party through decisive majorities the control and direction of national legislation.

The many wise and progressive measures adopted at recent sessions of Congress have demonstrated the patriotic resolve of Republican leadership in the legislative department to keep step in the forward march toward better government.

Notwithstanding the indefensible filibustering of a Democratic minority in the House of Representatives during the last session many wholesome and progressive laws were enacted, and we especially commend the passage of the Emergency Currency bill; the appointment of the national monetary commission; the employers' and government liability laws; the measures for the greater efficiency of the army and navy; the Widows' Pension bill; the child labor law for the District of Columbia; the new statutes for the safety of railroad engineers and firemen and many other acts concerning the public welfare.

Pledges for Future Tariff.—The Republican party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff by a special session of Congress immediately following the inauguration of the next President, and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of Congress, which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules.

In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of

production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries. We favor the establishment of maximum and minimum rates to be administered by the President under limitations fixed in the law, the maximum to be available to meet discriminations by foreign countries against American goods entering their markets, and the minimum to represent the normal measure of protection at home; the aim and purpose of the Republican policy being not only to preserve, without excessive duties, that security against foreign competition to which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled but also to maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners of this country, who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system. Between the United States and the Philippines we believe in a free interchange of products with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco as will afford adequate protection to domestic interests.

Currency.—We approve the emergency measures adopted by the Government during the recent financial disturbance, and especially commend the passage by Congress at the last session of the law designed to protect the country from a repetition of such stringency. The Republican party is committed to the development of a permanent currency system, responding to our greater needs, and the appointment of the national monetary commission by the present Congress which will impartially investigate all proposed methods, insures the early realization of this purpose. The present currency laws have fully justified their adoption, but an expanding commerce, a marvellous growth in wealth and population, multiplying the centers of distribution, increasing the demand for the movement of crops in the West and South and entailing periodic changes in monetary conditions, disclose the need of a more elastic and adaptable system. Such a system must meet the requirements of agriculturists, manufacturers, merchants and business men generally, must be automatic in operation, minimizing the fluctuations in interest rates, and, above all, must be in harmony with that Republican doctrine which insists that every dollar shall be based upon and as good as gold.

Postal Savings.—We favor the establishment of a postal savings bank system for the convenience of the people and the encouragement of thrift.

Trusts.—The Republican party passed the Sherman anti-trust law over Democratic opposition, and enforced it after Democratic dereliction. It has been a wholesome instrument for good in the hands of a wise and fearless administration. But experience has shown that its effectiveness can be strengthened and its real objects better attained by such amendments as will give to the Federal Government greater supervision and control over, and secure greater publicity in, the management of that class of corporations engaged in interstate commerce having power and opportunity to effect monopolies.

Railroads.—We approve the enactment of the Railroad Rate law and the vigorous enforcement by the present administration of the statutes against rebates and discriminations, as a result of which the advantages formerly possessed by the large shipper over the small-shipper have substantially disappeared and in this connection we commend the appropriation by the present Congress to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to thoroughly investigate and give publicity to, the accounts of interstate railroads. We believe, however, that the interstate commerce law should be further amended so as to give railroads the right to make and publish traffic agreements subject to the approval of the commission, but maintaining always the principle of competition between naturally competing lines and avoiding the common control of such lines by any means whatsoever. We favor such national legislation and supervision as will prevent the future overissue of stocks and bonds by interstate carriers.

Railroad and Government Employees.—The enactment in constitutional form at the present session of Congress of the employers' liability law, the passage and enforcement of the safety appliance statutes, as well as the additional protection secured for engineers and firemen; the reduction in the hours

of labor of trainmen and railroad telegraphers, the successful exercise of the powers of mediation and arbitration between interstate railroads and their employees, and the law making a beginning in the policy of compensation for injured employees of the Government, are among the most commendable accomplishments of the present administration. But there is further work in this direction yet to be done, and the Republican party pledges its continued devotion to every cause that makes for safety and the betterment of conditions among those whose labor contributes so much to the progress and welfare of the country.

Wage Earners Generally.—The same wise policy which has induced the Republican party to maintain protection to American labor, to establish an eight-hour day in the construction of all public works, to increase the list of employees who shall have preferred claims for wages under the bankruptcy laws to adopt a child labor statute for the District of Columbia, to direct an investigation into the condition of working women and children, and, later, of employees of telephone and telegraph companies engaged in interstate business to appropriate \$150,000 at the recent session of Congress in order to secure a thorough inquiry into the causes of catastrophes and loss of life in the mines, and to amend and strengthen the law prohibiting the importation of contract labor, will be pursued in every legitimate direction within Federal authority to lighten the burdens and increase the opportunity for happiness and advancement of all who toil. The Republican party recognizes the special needs of wage workers generally, for their wellbeing means the wellbeing of all. But more important than all other considerations is that of good citizenship, and we especially stand for the needs of every American, whatever his occupation, in his capacity as a self-respecting citizen.

Court Procedure.—The Republican party will uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts State and Federal, and will ever insist that their powers to enforce their process and to protect life, liberty and property shall be preserved inviolate. We believe, however, that the rules of procedure in the Federal courts with respect to the issuance of the writ of injunction should be more accurately defined by statute, and that no injunction or temporary restraining order, should be issued without notice, except where irreparable injury would result from delay, in which case a speedy hearing thereafter should be granted.

The American Farmer.—Among those whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is that of the wage earner is the American farmer. The prosperity of the country rests peculiarly upon the prosperity of agriculture. The republican party during the last twelve years has accomplished extraordinary work in bringing the resources of the National Government to the aid of the farmer, not only in advancing agriculture itself, but increasing the convenience of rural life. Free rural mail delivery has been established; it now reaches millions of our citizens and we favor its extension until every community in the land receives the full benefits of the postal service. We recognize the social and economic advantages of good country roads, maintained more and more largely at public expense and less and less at the expense of the abutting owner. In this work we commend the growing practice of State aid, and we approve the efforts of the national Agricultural Department by experiments and otherwise to make clear to the public the best methods of road construction.

The Negro.—The Republican party has been for more than fifty years the consistent friend of the American negro. It gave him freedom and citizenship. It wrote into the organic law the declarations that proclaim his civil and political rights, and it believes to-day that his noteworthy progress in intelligence industry and good citizenship has earned the respect and encouragement of the nation. We demand equal justice for all men, without regard to race or color; we declare once more, and without reservation, for the enforcement in letter and spirit of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution, which were designed for the protection and advancement

of the negro, and we condemn all devices that have for their real aim his disfranchisement for reasons of color alone, as unfair, un-American and repugnant to the supreme law of the land.

Natural Resources and Waterways.—We indorse the movement inaugurated by the administration for the conservation of natural resources; we approve all measures to prevent the waste of timber; we commend the work now going on for the reclamation of arid lands, and reaffirm the Republican policy of the free distribution of the available areas of the public domain to the landless settler. No obligation of the future is more insistent and none will result in greater blessings to posterity. In line with this splendid undertaking is the further duty, equally imperative, to enter upon a systematic improvement upon a large and comprehensive plan, just to all portions of the country, of the waterways, harbors and Great Lakes; whose natural adaptability to the increasing traffic of the land is one of the greatest gifts of a benign Providence.

The Army and Navy.—The present Congress passed many commendable acts increasing the efficiency of the army and navy; making the militia of the states an integral part of the natural establishment; authorizing joint manoeuvres of army and militia; fortifying new naval bases and completing the construction of coaling stations; instituting a female nurse corps for naval hospitals and ships and adding two new battleships, ten torpedo boat destroyers, three steam colliers and eight submarines to the strength of the navy. Although at peace with all the world and secure in the consciousness that the American people do not desire and will not provoke a war with any other country, we nevertheless declare our unalterable devotion to a policy that will keep this Republic ready at all times to defend her traditional doctrines, and assure her appropriate part in promoting permanent tranquility among the nations.

Protection of American Citizenship Abroad.—We commend the vigorous efforts made by the administration to protect American citizens in foreign lands and pledge ourselves to insist on the just and equal protection of all our citizens abroad. It is the unquestioned duty of the Government to procure for all our citizens, without distinction, the rights of travel and sojourn in friendly countries, and we declare ourselves in favor of all proper efforts tending to that end.

Extension of Foreign Commerce.—Under the administration of the Republican party the foreign commerce of the United States has experienced a remarkable growth, until it has a present annual valuation of approximately \$3,000,000,000 and gives employment to a vast amount of labor and capital which would otherwise be idle. It has inaugurated through the recent visit of the Secretary of State to South America and Mexico a new era of Pan-American commerce and comity which is bringing us into closer touch with our twenty sister American republics, having a common historical heritage, a republican form of government and offering us a limitless field of legitimate commercial expansion.

Arbitration and Hague Treaties.—The conspicuous contributions of American statesmanship to the great cause of international peace so signally advanced in The Hague conferences, are an occasion for just pride and gratification. At the last session of the Senate of the United States eleven Hague conventions were ratified, establishing the rights of neutrals, laws of war on land, restriction of submarine mines limiting the use of force for the collection of contractual debts, governing the opening of hostilities, extending the application of Geneva principles and in many ways lessening the evils of war and promoting the peaceful settlement of international controversies. At the same session twelve arbitration conventions with great nations were confirmed, and extradition, boundary and neutralization treaties of supreme importance were ratified. We indorse such achievements as the highest duty a people can perform and proclaim the obligation of further strengthening the bonds of friendship and good will with all the nations of the world.

Merchant Marine.—We adhere to the Republican doctrine of encouragement to American shipping and urge such legislation as will revive the merchant

marine prestige of the country, so essential to national defence, the enlargement of foreign trade and the industrial prosperity of our own people.

Veterans of the Wars.—Another Republican policy which must ever be maintained is that of generous provision for those who have fought the country's battles and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen. We commend the increase in the widows' pensions made by the present Congress and declare for a liberal administration of all pension laws, to the end that the people's gratitude may grow deeper as the memories of heroic sacrifice grow more and more sacred with the passing years.

Civil Service.—We reaffirm our declarations that the Civil Service laws, enacted, extended and enforced by the Republican party, shall continue to be maintained and obeyed.

Public Health.—We commend the efforts designed to secure greater efficiency in national public health agencies and favor such legislation as will effect this purpose.

Bureau of Mines and Mining.—In the interest of the great mineral industries of our country we earnestly favor the establishment of a bureau of mines and mining.

Cuba.—The American Government, in Republican hands, has freed Cuba, given peace and protection to Porto Rico and the Philippines under our flag, and begun the construction of the Panama Canal. The present conditions in Cuba vindicate the wisdom of maintaining between that republic and this imperishable bonds of mutual interest, and the hope is now expressed that the Cuban people will soon again be ready to assume complete sovereignty over their land.

Porto Rico.—In Porto Rico the Government of the United States is meeting loyal and patriotic support; order and prosperity prevail, and the wellbeing of the people is in every respect promoted and conserved.

We believe that the native inhabitants of Porto Rico should be at once collectively made citizens of the United States, and that all others properly qualified under existing laws residing in said island should have the privilege of becoming naturalized.

The Philippines.—In the Philippines insurrection has been suppressed, law is established and life and property are made secure. Education and practical experience there advancing the capacity of the people for government, and the policies of McKinley and Roosevelt are leading the inhabitants step by step to an ever increasing measure of home rule.

The Panama Canal.—Time has justified the selection of the Panama route for the great isthmian canal, and events have shown the wisdom of securing authority over the zone through which it is to be built. The work is now progressing with a rapidity far beyond expectation, and already the realization of the hopes of centuries has come within the vision of the near future.

New Mexico and Arizona.—We favor the immediate admission of the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona as separate States in the Union.

The Lincoln Centenary.—February 12, 1909, will be the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, an immortal spirit whose fame has brightened with the receding years and whose name stands among the first of those given to the world by the great Republic. We recommend that this centennial anniversary be celebrated throughout the confines of the nation by all the people thereof; and especially by the public schools as an exercise to stir the patriotism of the youth of the land.

Democratic Incapacity.—We call the attention of the American people to the fact that none of the great measures here advocated by the Republican party could be enacted and none of the steps forward here proposed could be taken under a Democratic administration or under one in which party responsibility is divided. The continuance of present policies, therefore, absolutely requires the continuance in power of that party which believes in them and which possesses the capacity to put them into operation.

Beyond all platform declarations there are fundamental differences between

the Republican party and its chief opponent which make the one worthy and the other unworthy of public trust.

In history the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that the one stood for debased currency, the other for honest currency; the one for free silver, the other for sound money; the one for free trade, the other for protection; the one for the contraction of American influence, the other for its expansion; the one has been forced to abandon every position taken on the great issues before the people, the other has held and vindicated all.

In experience the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one means adversity, while the other means prosperity; one means low wages the other means high; one means doubt and debt, the other confidence and thrift.

In principle the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one stands for vacillation and timidity in government; the other for strength and purpose; one stands for obstruction, the other for construction; one promises, the other performs; one finds fault the other finds work.

The present tendencies of the two parties are even more marked by inherent differences. The trend of Democracy is toward socialism, while the Republican party stands for wise and regulated individualism. Socialism would destroy wealth, Republicanism would prevent its abuse. Socialism would give to each an equal right to take, Republicanism would give to each an equal right to earn. Socialism would offer an equality of possession which would soon leave no one anything to possess; Republicanism would give equality of opportunity which would assure to each his share of a constantly increasing sum of possessions. In line with this tendency the Democratic party of to-day believes in Government ownership, while the Republican party believes in Government regulation. Ultimately Democracy would have the nation own the people, while Republicanism would have the people own the nation.

Conclusion.—Upon this platform of principles and purposes, reaffirming our adherence to every Republican doctrine proclaimed since the birth of the party, we go before the country, asking the support not only of those who have acted with us heretofore, but of all our fellow citizens who regardless of past political differences, unite in the desire to maintain the policies, perpetuate the blessings and make secure the achievements of a greater America.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF WISCONSIN.

Officers.—E. A. Edmonds, chairman; A. H. Lambeck, secretary; M. B. Rosenberry, treasurer; Perry C. Wilder, vice chairman.

Executive Committee.—L. W. Thayer, Ripon; Dr. L. A. Wright, Columbus; C. D. Jackson, Oshkosh; Max Sells, Florence; Dr. W. A. Jones, Oconomowoc.

Members.—First district, Perry C. Wilder, Evansville; William H. Armstrong, Racine; second district, A. T. Torge, Madison; Dr. L. A. Wright, Columbus; third district, J. A. Stone, Reedsburg; O. G. Revey, Rewey; fourth district, J. L. Merville, West Allis; Edward Yockey, Milwaukee; fifth district, P. J. Keebler, Milwaukee; Dr. W. A. Jones, Oconomowoc; sixth district, L. W. Thayer, Ripon; E. B. Mattoon, Sheboygan; seventh district, Charles A. McArthur, Eau Claire; George F. Cooper, Black River Falls; eighth district, Carl D. Jackson, Oshkosh; Dr. F. H. Gebbe, Manitowoc; ninth district, M. W. Perry, Algoma; F. M. Charlesworth, Kaukauna; tenth district, M. B. Rosenberry, Wausau; Max Sells, Florence; eleventh district, Dr. P. H. Lindley, Chippewa Falls; J. T. Murphy, Superior.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

The Republican party of Wisconsin, through its representatives assembled in accordance with the provisions of the primary law, hereby endorses the administration of Theodore Roosevelt, the National Republican platform adopted at Chicago, and the sentiments expressed in the letter of acceptance of Hon. William K. Taft.

We pledge our support to the Republican nominees, William H. Taft and James S. Sherman.

We favor the physical valuation of railway properties as an element in fixing reasonable rates; we also favor publicity of campaign contributions, and the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. Laws of this state have been passed under Republican administrations embracing these questions and we heartily approve of the efforts of our senators and representatives in seeking to secure such legislation in Congress.

Gov Davidson Endorsed.—We endorse the administration of Gov. James O. Davidson and his associates and their conduct of the affairs of the state. Governor Davidson's adherence to the principles of the party as expressed in its platforms of recent years assures a continuation of the progressive legislation that has been heretofore enacted into law.

Recent Laws Passed.—Among the important laws enacted under recent Republican administrations we point with pride to those providing for a direct primary; creating a state tax commission; providing for the ad valorem taxation of railroads and other public service corporations; creating a state railway commission; the anti-lobby law; the law prohibiting political contributions by corporations; the public utility law; the railway co-employe law; the two-cent passenger rate law; the civil service law; the inheritance tax law; the law creating the forestry commission; the law to promote immigration; the law conserving the water power of the state, and the insurance legislation enacted for the protection of the policy holders of Wisconsin.

We stand pledged to the faithful administration of all these laws, and to the enactment of such amendments thereto as experience may show to be necessary to render them more efficient.

Changes Recommended.—We believe that demoralizing expenditures of money in primary elections would be restrained were due publicity given to such expenditures prior to elections. We favor a law that will require public statements to be filed frequently by candidates and committees before such primaries, and such other legislation as may further prevent excessive and improper payments by candidates, compliance therewith to be secured by provision making the filing of a fraudulent statement a criminal offense for the office.

Experience shows that an unfair advantage may be had through the alphabetical arrangement of the candidates' names; also that members of one political party may be improperly permitted to control nominations in the opposing party. We pledge ourselves to such amendments as will strengthen the primary law in these particulars and make it more effective.

Safety of Bank Deposits.—Notwithstanding the fact that during the last four years under the admirable state banking law an average of four hundred state banks, carrying approximately one hundred million dollars in deposits throughout that period, have so conducted the banking business in this state that not one dollar has been lost to a depositor, we recognize the great importance of adopting all reasonable and constitutional measures to secure absolute safety of the money of the people deposited in the banks. We pledge ourselves to take appropriate legislative action to institute a thoroughly scientific investigation of the safety of bank deposits. Experience has shown that most bank failures are caused by the loaning of bank funds to officers and directors of the banks, and we favor strengthening the banking department so that more frequent examinations may give further assurance of safety. We therefore recommend this subject to the careful consideration of the next legislature.

Humane and Sanitary Housing.—We believe in the humane and sanitary housing of our people and the better environment of home life in the densely settled sections of our larger cities, and to that end, favor legislation that will take the place of the recent laws on this subject, which have been declared unconstitutional.

Labor Legislation.—We pledge ourselves to insure to the laboring classes of this state equality of opportunity in industry and equality of rights before the courts. We favor legislation which will assure to every workman the broadest equality in industrial controversies. In the matter of employers' liability and the protection of the life and health of workmen, Wisconsin should have as strong and as certain laws as those of any state or country.

We point to the child labor law, the law establishing employment bureaus, laws regulating hours of labor in industries, and other legislation in the interests of labor, as evidence that the Republican party is desirous and always willing to give to labor the broadest protection and greatest opportunities for betterment.

Pledges Kept.—We congratulate the people of the state that every pledge contained in the Republican state platform for 1906 has been enacted into law, and with its splendid record of achievements standing as a guaranty for the fulfillment of its present and future promises, the Republican party of Wisconsin appeals to the voters for their support.

DEMOCRATIC.

Officers of National Committee.—Chairman, Norman E. Mack, Buffalo, N. Y.; vice-chairman, P. L. Hale, Lincoln, Neb.; secretary, Urey Woodson, Owensboro, Ky.; treasurer, Herman Ridder, New York City, N. Y.; sergeant-at-arms, John I. Martin, St. Louis, Mo.

Executive Committee.—Chairman, Norman E. Mack, New York; vice-chairman, P. L. Hall, Nebraska; Urey Woodson, Kentucky; Martin J. Wade, Iowa; Josephus Daniels, North Carolina; Thomas Taggart, Indiana; John T. McGraw, West Virginia; George W. Greene, Rhode Island; R. M. Johnston, Texas; Clark Howell, Georgia; T. E. Ryan, Wisconsin; J. F. C. Talbott, Maryland; John W. Tomlinson, Alabama; John E. Osborne, Wyoming; F. B. Lynch, Minnesota; Edwin O. Wood, Michigan; Nathan Cole, Jr., California; Robert Ewing, Louisiana, and Harvey C. Garber, Ohio.

Members of the Committee.—Alabama, John W. Tomlinson, Birmingham; Arkansas, Guy B. Tucker, Little Rock; California, Nathan Cole, Jr., Los Angeles; Colorado, Alva Adams, Pueblo; Connecticut, Homer S. Cummings, Stamford; Delaware, Williard Saulsbury, Wilmington; Florida, T. Albert Jennings, Pensacola; Georgia, Clark Howell, Atlanta; Idaho, S. P. Donnelly, Lake View; Illinois, Roger C. Sullivan, Chicago; Indiana, Thomas Taggart, French Lick; Iowa, M. J. Wade, Iowa City; Kansas, John H. Atwood, Leavenworth; Kentucky, Urey Woodson, Owensboro; Louisiana, Robert Ewing, New Orleans; Maine, E. L. Jones, Waterville; Maryland, J. Fred C. Talbott, Lutherville; Massachusetts, John W. Coughlin, Fall River; Michigan, Edwin O. Wood, Flint; Minnesota, F. B. Lynch, St. Paul; Mississippi, C. H. Williams, Yazoo City; Missouri, ———; Montana, J. Bruce Kremer, Butte; Nebraska, P. L. Hall, Lincoln; Nevada, John Sunderland, Reno; New Haven, Eugene E. Reed, Manchester; New Jersey, Robert S. Hudspeth, Jersey City; New York, Norman E. Mack, Buffalo; North Carolina, Josephus Daniels, Raleigh; North Dakota, William Collins, Bottineau; Ohio, Harvey C. Garber, Columbus; Oklahoma, W. T. Brady, Tulsa; Oregon, M. A. Miller, Lebanon; Pennsylvania,; Rhode Island, George W. Greene, Woonsocket; South Carolina, B. R. Tillman, Trenton; South Dakota, E. S. Johnson, Rapid City; Tennessee, R. E. Mount-

castle, Knoxville; Texas, R. M. Johnston, Houston; Utah, Frank K. Nebeker, Logan City; Vermont, Thomas H. Brown, Rutland; Virginia, J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond; Washington, W. H. Dunphy, Walla Walla; West Virginia, John T. McGraw, Grafton; Wisconsin, T. E. Ryan, Waukesha; Wyoming, John E. Osborne, Rawlins; Alaska, A. J. Daly, Juneau; Arizona, A. J. Michelson, Phoenix; District of Columbia, Edwin A. Newman, Washington; Hawaii, Gilbert J. Waller, Honolulu; New Mexico, A. J. Jones, Las Vegas; Porto Rico, D. M. Field, Guayama.

PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Adopted at Denver, Col., July 10, 1908.

We, the representatives of the Democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, reaffirm our belief in and pledge our loyalty to the principles of the party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs of an awakening throughout the country. The various investigations have traced graft and political corruption to the representatives of predatory wealth, and laid bare the unscrupulous methods by which they have debauched elections and preyed upon a defenceless public through the subservient officials whom they have raised to place and power.

The conscience of the nation is now aroused to free the government from the grip of those who have made it a business asset of the favor-seeking corporations; it must become again a people's government, and be administered in all its departments according to the Jeffersonian maxim of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

"Shall the people rule?" is the overshadowing issue which manifests itself in all the questions now under discussion.

The Misuse of Patronage.—We condemn as a violation of the spirit of our institutions the action of the present Chief Executive in using the patronage of his high office to secure the nomination of one of his Cabinet officers. A forced succession in the Presidency is scarcely less repugnant to public sentiment than is life tenure in that office. No good intention on the part of the executive and no virtue in the one selected can justify the establishment of a dynasty. The right of the people to freely select their officials is inalienable and cannot be delegated.

Publicity of Campaign Contributions.—We demand Federal legislation forever terminating the partnership which has existed between corporations of the country and the Republican party under the expressed or implied agreement that in return for the contributions of great sums of money wherewith to purchase elections they should be allowed to continue substantially un molested in their efforts to encroach upon the rights of the people.

Any reasonable doubt as to the existence of this relation has been forever dispelled by the sworn testimony of witnesses examined in the insurance investigation in New York and the open admission, unchallenged by the Republican National Committee, of a single individual that he himself, at the personal request of the Republican candidate for the Presidency, raised more than a quarter of a million of dollars to be used in a single state during the closing hours of the last campaign. In order that this practice shall be stopped for all time we demand the passage of a statute punishing with imprisonment any officer of a corporation who shall either contribute on behalf of or consent to the contribution by corporations of any money or thing of value to be used in furthering the election of a President or Vice-President of the United States or of any member of Congress thereof.

We denounce the action of the Republican party, having complete control of the Federal Government, for its failure to pass the bill introduced in the last

Congress to compel the publication of the names of contributors and the amounts contributed toward Congress funds, and point to the evidence of their insincerity when they sought by an absolutely irrelevant and impossible amendment to defeat the passage of the bill. As a further evidence of their intention to conduct their campaign in the coming contest with vast sums of money wrested from favor-seeking corporations, we call attention to the fact that the recent Republican National Convention at Chicago refused, when the plank was presented to it, to declare against such practices.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law preventing any corporation contributing to a campaign fund, and any individual from contributing an amount above a reasonable minimum, and providing for the publication before election of all such contributions above a reasonable minimum.

The Rights of the States.—Believing, with Jefferson, in "the support of the State Governments in all their rights as the most competent administration for our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-Republican tendencies," and in "the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad," we are opposed to the centralization implied in the suggestions, now frequently made, that the powers of the general government should be extended by judicial construction. There is no twilight zone between the Nation and the State in which exploiting interests can take refuge from both; and it is as necessary that the Federal Government shall exercise the powers delegated to it as it is that the State Governments shall use the authority reserved to them, but we insist that Federal remedies for the regulation of interstate commerce and for the prevention of private monopoly shall be added to, not substituted for state remedies.

Tariff.—We welcome the belated promise of tariff reform now affected by the Republican party in tardy recognition of the righteousness of the Democratic position on this question, but the people cannot safely trust the execution of this important work to a party which is so deeply obligated to the highly protected interests as is the Republican party. We call attention to the significant fact that the promised relief was postponed until after the coming election—an election to succeed in which the Republican party must have that same support from the beneficiaries of the high protective tariff as it has always heretofore received from them; and to the further fact that during years of uninterrupted power no action whatever has been taken by the Republican Congress to correct the admittedly existing tariff inequities.

We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties. Articles entering into competition with trust controlled products should be placed upon the free list, and material reductions shall be made in the tariff upon the necessities of life, especially upon articles competing with such American manufactures as are sold abroad more cheaply than at home, and graduated reductions should be made in such other schedules as may be necessary to restore the tariff to a revenue basis.

Existing duties have given to the manufacturers of paper a shelter behind which they have organized combinations to raise the price of pulp and of paper, thus imposing a tax upon the spread of knowledge. We demand the immediate repeal of the tariff on pulp, print paper, lumber, timber and logs and that these articles be placed upon the free list.

Trusts.—A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against guilty trust magnates and officials, and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States.

Among the additional remedies we specify three: First, a law preventing a duplication of directors among competing corporations; second, a license system which will, without abridging the right of each state to create corporations or its rights to regulate as it will foreign corporations doing business within its limits, make it necessary for a manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce to take out a Federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent. of the product in which it

deals, a license to protect the public from watered stock and to prohibit the control by such corporation of more than 50 per cent. of the total amount of any product consumed in the United States; and, third, a law compelling such licensed corporations to sell to all purchasers in all parts of the country on the same terms after making due allowance for cost of transportation.

Railroad Regulation.—We assert the right of Congress to exercise complete control over interstate commerce and the right of each State to exercise like control over commerce within its borders.

We demand such enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission as may be necessary to compel railroads to perform their duties as common carriers and prevent discrimination and extortion.

We favor the efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads engaged in interstate commerce; to this end we recommend the valuation of railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission, such valuation to take into consideration the physical value of the property, the original cost and cost of reproduction and all elements of value that will render the valuation made fair and just.

We favor such legislation, as will prohibit the railroads from engaging in business which brings them into competition with their shippers; also legislation which will assure such reduction in transportation rates as conditions will permit, care being taken to avoid reductions that would compel a reduction of wages, prevent adequate service or do injustice to legitimate investments. We heartily approve the laws prohibiting the pass and the rebate, and we favor any further necessary legislation to restrain, control and prevent such abuses.

We favor such legislation as will increase the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission, giving to it the initiative with reference to rates and transportation charges put into effect by the railroad companies, and permitting the Interstate Commerce Commission, in its own initiative, to declare a rate illegal and as being more than should be charged for such service. The present law relating thereto is inadequate by reason of the fact that the Interstate Commerce Commission is without power to fix or investigate a rate until complaint has been made to it by the shipper.

We further declare that all agreements of traffic or other associations of railway agents affecting interstate rates, service or classification, shall be unlawful unless filed with and approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

We favor the enactment of a law giving to the Interstate Commerce Commission the power to inspect proposed railroad tariff rates or schedules before they shall take effect, and, if they be found to be unreasonable, to initiate an adjustment thereof.

Banking.—The panic of 1907, coming without any legitimate excuse, when the Republican party had for a decade been in complete control of the Federal Government, furnishes additional proof that it is either unwilling or incompetent to protect the interests of the general public. It has so linked the country to Wall Street that the sins of the speculators are visited upon the whole people. While refusing to rescue wealth producers from spoilation at the hands of the stock gamblers and speculators in farm products, it has deposited Treasury funds, without interest and without competition, in favorite banks. It has used an emergency for which it is largely responsible to force through Congress a bill changing the basis of bank currency and inviting market manipulation, and has failed to give to the fifteen million depositors of the country protection in their savings.

We believe that, in so far as the needs of commerce require an emergency currency, such currency should be issued, controlled by the Federal Government and loaned on adequate security to national and State banks. We pledge ourselves to legislation under which the national banks shall be required to establish a guarantee fund for the prompt payment of the depositors of any insolvent national bank under an equitable system which shall be available to all State banking institutions wishing to use it.

We favor a postal savings bank, if the guaranteed bank cannot be secured, and that it be constituted so as to keep the deposited money in the community.

ties where it is established; but we condemn the policy of the Republican party in providing postal savings banks under a plan of conduct by which they will aggregate the deposits of rural communities and redeposit the same while under Government charge in the banks of Wall Street, thus depleting the circulating medium of the producing regions and unjustly favoring the speculative markets.

Income Tax.—We favor an income tax as part of our revenue system, and we urge the submission of a constitutional amendment specifically authorizing Congress to levy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes to the end that wealth may bear its proportionate share of the burdens of the Federal Government.

Labor and Injunctions.—The courts of justice are the bulwark of our liberty, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given to the bench a long line of distinguished judges, who have added to the respect and confidence in which this department must be jealously maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise false issues respecting the judiciary. It is an unjust reflection upon a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the courts.

It is the function of the courts to interpret the laws which the people create, and if the laws appear to work economic, social or political injustice, it is our duty to change them. The only basis upon which the integrity of our courts can stand is that of unswerving justice and protection of life, personal liberty and property. If judicial processes may be abused, we should guard them against abuse.

Experience has proven the necessity of a modification of the present law relating to injunctions, and we reiterate the pledge of our national platforms of 1896 and 1904 in favor of the measure which passed the United States Senate in 1896, but which a Republican Congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempts in Federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

Questions of judicial practice have arisen, especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality, and that injunctions should not be issued in any cases in which injunctions would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved.

The expanding organization of industry makes it essential that there should be no abridgment of the right of wage earners and producers to organize for the protection of wages and the improvement of labor conditions, to the end that such labor organizations and their members should not be regarded as illegal combinations in restraint of trade.

We favor the eight-hour day on all Government work.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law by Congress, as far as the Federal jurisdiction extends for a general employers' liability act, covering injury to body or loss of life of employees.

We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law creating a department of labor, represented separately in the President's Cabinet, which department shall include the subject of mines and mining.

Merchant Marine.—We believe in the upbuilding of the American merchant marine without new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

The Navy.—The constitutional provision that a navy shall be provided and maintained means an adequate navy, and we believe that the interests of this country would be best served by having a navy sufficient to defend the coasts of this country, and protect American citizens wherever their rights may be in jeopardy.

Protection of American Citizens.—We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad and to use all proper methods to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of law and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under our treaties; and if, under existing conditions, the right of travel and sojourn is denied to

American citizens, or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race or creed, we favor prompt negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure the removal of these unjust discriminations.

We demand that all over the world a duly authorized passport issued by the Government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such.

Civil Service.—The laws pertaining to the Civil Service shall be honestly and rigidly enforced to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment and promotion rather than services rendered to a political party.

Pensions.—We favor a generous pension policy, both as a matter of justice to the surviving veterans and their dependants and because it tends to relieve the country of the necessity of maintaining a large standing army.

Health Bureau.—We advocate the organization of all existing national public health agencies into a national bureau of public health, with such power over sanitary conditions connected with factories, mines, tenements, child labor and such other subjects as are properly within the jurisdiction of the Federal Government and do not interfere with the power of the States controlling public health agencies.

Agricultural and Mechanical Education.—The Democratic party favors the extension of agricultural, mechanical and industrial education. We therefore favor the establishment of district agricultural experiment stations and secondary agricultural and mechanical colleges in the several states.

Popular Election of Senators.—We favor the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people and regard this reform as the gateway to other national reforms.

Oklahoma.—We welcome Oklahoma to the sisterhood of states, and heartily congratulate her on the auspicious beginning of a great career.

Arizona and New Mexico.—The national Democratic party has for the last sixteen years labored for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states of the Federal Union, and recognizing that each possesses every qualification to successfully maintain separate state governments, we favor the immediate admission of these territories as separate states.

Grazing Lands.—The establishment of rules and regulations, if any such are necessary, in relation to free grazing upon the public lands outside of forest or other reservations until the same shall eventually be disposed of should be left to the people of the states respectively in which such lands may be situated.

Waterways.—Water furnishes the cheapest means of transportation, and the National Government, having the control of navigable waters, should improve them to their fullest capacity. We earnestly favor the immediate adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for improving every watercourse in the Union which is justified by the needs of commerce, and to secure that end we favor, when practicable, the connection of the Great Lakes with the navigable rivers and with the Gulf through the Mississippi River, and the navigable rivers with each other, and the rivers bays and sounds of our coasts with each other by artificial canals, with a view to perfecting a system of inland waterways, to be navigated by vessels of standard draught.

We favor the co-ordination of the various services of the Government connected with waterways in one service, for the purpose of aiding in the completion of such a system of inland waterways; and we favor the creation of a fund ample for continuous work, which shall be conducted under the direction of a commission of experts to be authorized by law.

Post Roads.—We favor Federal aid to state and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

Arbitrary Power of Speaker.—The House of Representatives was designed by the fathers of the Constitution to be the popular branch of our Government, responsive to the public will.

The House of Representatives, as controlled in recent years by the Republican party, has ceased to be a deliberate and legislative body, responsive to the will of a majority of its members, but has come under the absolute domination of the Speaker, who has entire control of its deliberations and powers of legislation.

We have observed with amazement the popular branch of our Federal Government helpless to obtain either the consideration or enactment of measures desired by a majority of its members.

Legislative government becomes a failure when one member in the person of the Speaker is more powerful than the entire body.

We demand that the House of Representatives shall again become a deliberate body, controlled by a majority of the people's representatives, and not by the speaker, and we pledge ourselves to adopt such rules and regulations to govern the House of Representatives as will enable a majority of its members to direct its deliberations and control legislation.

Economy in Administration.—The Republican Congress in the session just ended has made appropriations amounting to \$1,008,000,000 exceeding the total expenditures of the last fiscal year by \$90,000,000 and leaving a deficit of more than \$60,000,000 for the fiscal year. We denounce the needless waste of the people's money which has resulted in this appalling increase as a shameful violation of all prudent conditions of government, as no less than a crime against the millions of working men and women, from whose earnings the great proportion of these colossal sums must be extorted through excessive tariff exactions and other indirect methods. It is not surprising that in the face of this shocking record the Republican platform contains no reference to economical administration or promise thereof in the future. We demand that a stop be put to this frightful extravagance and insist upon the strictest economy in every department compatible with frugal and efficient administration.

Officeholders.—Coincident with the enormous increase in expenditures is a like addition to the number of officeholders. During the last year 23,784 were added, costing \$16,106,000, and in the last six years of the Republican administration the total number of new offices created, aside from many commissions, has been 99,319, entailing an additional expenditure of nearly seventy million dollars as against only 10,279 new offices created under the Cleveland and McKinley administrations, which involved an expenditure of only \$6,000,000. We denounce this great and growing increase in the number of officeholders as not only unnecessary and wasteful but also as clearly indicating a deliberate purpose on the part of the administration to keep the Republican party in power at public expense by thus increasing the number of its retainers and dependents. Such procedure we declare to be no less dangerous and corrupt than the open purchase of votes at the polls.

Natural Resources.—We repeat the demand for internal development and for the conservation of our natural resources contained in previous platforms, the enforcement of which Mr. Roosevelt has vainly sought from a reluctant party, and to that end we insist upon the preservation, protection and replacement of needed forests, the preservation of the public domain for homeseekers, the protection of the national resources in timber, coal, iron and oil against monopolistic control, the development of our waterways for navigation and every other useful purpose, including the irrigation of arid lands, the reclamation of swamp lands, the clarification of streams, the development of water power and the preservation of electric power generated by this natural force from the control of monopoly; and to such end we urge the exercise of all powers, national, state, and municipal, both separately and in cooperation.

We insist upon a policy of administration of our forest reserve which shall relieve it of the abuses which have arisen thereunder, and which shall, as far as practicable, conform to the police regulations of the several states where they are located which shall enable homesteaders as of right to occupy and acquire title to all portions thereof which are especially adapted to agricul-

ture, and which shall furnish a system of timber sales available as well to the private citizen as to the larger manufacturer and consumer.

Philippines.—We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexcusable blunder, which has involved us in a enormous expense, brought us weakness instead of strength, and laid our nation open to the charge of abandoning a fundamental doctrine of self-government. We favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine Islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us as we guarantee the independence of Cuba, until the neutralization of the islands can be secured by treaty with other powers. In recognizing the independence of the Philippines our Government should retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and naval bases.

Pan-American Relations.—The Democratic party recognizes the importance and advantage of developing closer ties of Pan-American friendship and commerce between the United States and her sister nations of Latin America, and favors the taking of such steps, consistent with Democratic policies, for better acquaintance greater mutual confidence and larger exchange of trade as will bring lasting benefit not only to the United States but to this group of American republics having constitutions, forms of government, ambitions and interests akin to our own.

Telegraph and Telephone.—We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law to regulate the rates and services of telegraph and telephone companies engaged in the transmission of messages between the states, under the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Asiatic Immigration.—We favor full protection, by both national and state governments within their respective spheres, of all foreigners residing in the United States under treaty, but we are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgamated with our population, of whose presence among us would raise a race issue and involve us in diplomatic controversies with Oriental powers.

Alaska and Porto Rico.—We demand for the people of Alaska and Porto Rico the full enjoyment of the rights and privileges of a territorial form of government, and the officials appointed to administer the government of all our territories and the District of Columbia should be thoroughly qualified by previous bona fide residence.

Hawaii.—We favor the application of all the principles of the land laws of the United States to our newly acquired territory, Hawaii, to the end that the public lands of that territory may be held and utilized for the benefit of bona fide homesteaders.

Panama Canal.—We believe the Panama Canal will prove of great value to our country, and favor its speedy completion.

Foreign Patents.—We believe that where an American citizen holding a patent in a foreign country is compelled to manufacture under his patent within a certain time similar restrictions should be applied in this country to the citizens or subjects of such a country.

Conclusion.—The Democratic party stands for democracy the Republican has drawn to itself all that is aristocratic and plutocratic.

The Democratic party is the champion of civil rights and opportunities to all; the Republican party is the party of privileges and private monopoly. The Democratic party listens to the voice of the whole people and gauges progress by the prosperity and advancement of the average man; the Republican party is subservient to the comparatively few who are the beneficiaries of governmental favoritism. We invite the co-operation of all regardless of previous political affiliation or past differences, who desire to preserve a government of the people, by the people and for the people, and who favor such an administration of the government as will insure, as far as human wisdom can, that each citizen shall draw from society a reward commensurate with his contribution to the welfare of society.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Officers—H. H. Manson, Chairman; W. C. Brawley, Secretary.

Executive Committee—J. J. Cunningham, Rock county; A. G. Schmedeman, Dane county; E. L. Luckow, Sauk county; H. E. Fitch, Wood county; F. X. Faust, Milwaukee county.

Members—first district, J. J. Cunningham, Rock County; Michael Higgins, Jr., Racine county; second district, John A. Hazelwood, Jefferson county; A. G. Schmedeman, Dane county; third district, Thomas L. Cleary, Grant county; E. L. Luckow, Sauk county; fourth district, Peter Barry, Milwaukee county; W. T. Lochemes, Milwaukee county; fifth district, Thomas A. Fitzsimmons, Milwaukee county; Frank X. Faust, Milwaukee county; sixth district, George W. Theisen, Dodge county; William P. Jochem, Ozaukee county; seventh district, R. B. Salter, Clark county; John C. Burns, La Crosse county; eighth district, Gus. C. Kirst, Manitowoc county; E. J. Dempsey, Winnebago county; ninth district, Joseph F. Martin, Brown county; Daniel Boyle, Outagamie county; tenth district, Henry E. Fitch, Wood county; George W. Kunz, Ashland county; eleventh district, F. A. Partlow, Polk county; T. J. Lyons, Douglas county.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

We, the candidates of the Democratic party, duly assembled according to law, hereby approve and endorse the platform adopted at the Democratic platform convention held in Milwaukee in July, 1908.

Platform.—“We, the representatives of the Democratic party of Wisconsin in convention assembled, heartily endorse the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention and pledge to the platform and candidates our active and enthusiastic support; and we especially commend the planks of the national platform with respect to the reduction of tariff duties, the control of trusts and combinations, the physical valuation of railway property and the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Guaranteed Deposits.—We favor the enactment of such legislation in this state as will guarantee deposits in state banks.

Amend Primary Law.—We favor the amendment of the primary election law so as to authorize political parties to call state conventions for the purpose of adopting a declaration of principles which shall be binding upon their candidates for office.

Taxation.—We favor an economic administration of state affairs, to the end that taxation shall not be unnecessarily burdensome.

Ask Co-operation.—We earnestly invite the co-operation of the electors of this state, irrespective of party affiliation, in support of that eminent commoner, William Jennings Bryan, and the distinguished John W. Kern, and the policies of the Democratic party.”

In addition to the above declaration of party principles which we approve as our platform, we recommend the adoption of the following:

RESOLUTIONS.

We believe unreservedly in the principle of primary election, bringing home to the voter direct control of nominations without the intervention of the delegate system.

Believing this, we stand for all legislative that will tend more and more to perfect the primary election law with the motive always in view of making it more and more expressive of the real sentiment of the voters, uncontrolled

by the power of money, the influence or bossism or the greed of corporation desire.

We hear with profound regret the reports that come from every part of Wisconsin telling of the golden flood that enveloped the state during the recent contest for the Republican nomination for U. S. Senator, of the shameful expenditure of hundreds of thousands of dollars in the effort to make the power of money the dominating factor on this question, and not the will of the people, and we are appalled at the charges publicly made that not only was there a vast expenditure of money by the successful Republican plurality candidate, but that with his outpour of gold he is accused of being in close alliance with privilege seeking corporations whose influence on Wisconsin official life in the past has been most demoralizing and damaging.

If money can thus rule in Wisconsin, if the holders of swollen fortunes made up from the returns of special privilege legislation can thus by the broadcast expenditure of their gains in every precinct and hamlet of Wisconsin through the corrupt bribery of the electorate by the hiring of thousands of voters and through the influencing of the public press, be registered as the choice of the people then we may well go away with our elections and let the fact plainly be known that Wisconsin bows in humble servitude as a worshipper of Mammon.

We, the candidates of the Democratic party here assembled, do not believe the people of Wisconsin the unbought and unpurchasable voters of the state, want money instead of men to rule, and that this stigma on the fair name of the state shall rest unchallenged.

We therefore demand that the coming legislature of the state rise above partisanship and in behalf of the honor of Wisconsin name a committee empowered by law to investigate, thoroughly, honestly and worthily, the extent of the influence of money and corporations in the recent primary campaign.

We demand further—full, complete and stringent legislation to strengthen the primary election law, reasonably limiting the expenditure of money in political campaigns, requiring the publicity before the primary and general elections of all political accounts by candidates or parties, and the adoption of a law confining voters to their own party primary, and such other provisions as will carry out an honest endeavor to make the primary election law as it should be, an instrument affording the voters of Wisconsin opportunity to express their choice for nominations untrammelled by corrupt and demoralizing influences.

We heartily endorse the action of the Democratic members of the last legislature in voting for and making possible the passage of progressive insurance laws, the passenger rate law and other progressive legislation.

We favor the keeping of the mutual life insurance companies close to the policy holder, and believe that such companies should be maintained mutual in fact as well as name, and operated and conducted in favor of the policy holder.

PROHIBITION PARTY.

National Executive Committee.—Charles R. Jones, No. 92 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill., chairman; A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln, Neb., vice-chairman; W. G. Calderwood, Sykes Block, Minneapolis, Minn., secretary; Felix T. McWhirter, Indianapolis, Ind., treasurer.

Members of the Committee.—Arkansas, H. Brady, Beebe; Henry Hatton, Beebe; California, T. K. Beard, Modesto; Wiley J. Phillips, Temple Block, Los Angeles; Colorado, A. B. Taynton, Denver; John W. Carpenter, Greeley; Connecticut, Frederick G. Platt, New Britain; William Nicholson Taft, W. Goshen; Delaware, George W. Todd, Wilmington; Lewis W. Brosius, Wil-

mington; Florida, John P. Coffin, Eustis; Francis Trueblood, Bradentown; Georgia, George Gordon Atlanta; W. S. Witham, Atlanta; Illinois, Oliver W. Stewart, Chicago; A. E. Wilson, Chicago; Indiana, Felix T. McWhirter, Indianapolis; Charles Eckhart, Auburn; Iowa, O. D. Ellett, Marshalltown; K. W. Brown, Ames; Kansas, Earle R. De Lay, Emporia; J. N. Wood, Ottawa; Kentucky, Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, Louisville; T. B. Demaree, Wilmore.

PLATFORM OF THE PROHIBITION PARTY ADOPTED AT COLUMBUS, OHIO, JULY 16, 1903.

The Prohibition of the United States, assembled in convention at Columbus, Ohio, July 15-16, 1903, expressing gratitude to almighty God for the victories of our principles in the past, for encouragement at present, and for confidence in early and triumphant success in the future, makes the following declaration of principles and pledges their enactment into law when placed in power:

1. The submission by Congress to the several states, of an amendment to the Federal constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation, or transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.
 2. The immediate prohibition of the liquor traffic for beverage purposes in the District of Columbia, in the territories and all places over which the National Government has jurisdiction; the repeal of the internal revenue tax on alcoholic liquors and the prohibition of interstate traffic therein.
 3. The election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.
 4. Equitable graduated income and inheritance taxes.
 5. The establishment of postal savings banks and the guaranty of deposits in banks.
 6. The regulation of all corporations doing an interstate commerce business.
 7. The creation of a permanent tariff commission.
 8. The strict enforcement of law instead of official tolerance and practical license of the social evil which prevails in many of our cities, with its unspeakable traffic in girls.
 9. Uniform marriage and divorce laws.
 10. An equitable and constitutional employers' liability act.
 11. Court review of post-office department decisions.
 12. The prohibition of child labor in mines workshops and factories.
 13. Legislation basing suffrage only upon intelligence and ability to read and write the English language.
 14. The preservation of the mineral and forest resources of the country, and the improvement of the highways and waterways.
- Believing in the righteousness of our cause and the final triumph of our principles, and convinced of the unwillingness of the Republican and Democratic parties to deal with these issues, we invite to full party fellowship all citizens who are with us agreed.

PROHIBITION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

(Elected at Madison, Sept. 22, 1908. According to the Primary.)

D. Cox, State Chairman; first district, W. B. Ellis, Elkhorn, F. R. Derrick, Brodhead; second district, Will E. Mack, Ft. Atkinson, J. B. Smith, Madison; third district, W. J. Robinson, Richland Center, William N. Cork, Spring Green; fourth district, Benjamin C. Hughes, Milwaukee, J. E. Clayton, Milwaukee; fifth district, Moritz A. Schmiger, Menomonee Falls, A. J. Benjamin, Waukesha; sixth district, C. E. Tripp, Eden, L. L. Young, Waupun; seventh district, B. S. Steadwell, La Crosse, Waldemar Agar.

Eau Claire; eighth district, John W. Evans, Waupaca, B. E. Van Kuren, Oshkosh; ninth district, R. H. Churchill, Marinette, Alex McEathron, Depere; tenth district, D. W. Emerson, Emerson, Thomas Edwards Ashland; eleventh district, W. V. Bolds, Superior, Beverly White, Maiden Rock. W. J. Robinson, Secretary.

PROHIBITION PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted September 22d, 1908.

The prohibition party of Wisconsin by its candidates assembled at the state capital this 22d day of September, 1908, as provided by law, expressing gratitude to God for the victories of our principles in the past and seeing in them the promise of complete victory in the near future do make and publish the following platform:

1. We deny that the liquor traffic is a legitimate business and affirm that no constitutional right exists to license the same.
 2. We stand primarily for the destruction of the legalized liquor traffic and for this purpose do demand such constitutional amendments—national and state—and such legislative action as will forever prohibit the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation or sale of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.
 3. We demand the repeal of the internal revenue law taxing alcoholic liquors and liquor dealers; a national law protecting prohibition territory from violation of its rights and the will of the people by the unconscionable liquor trade; and for immediate prohibition in the District of Columbia and all places over which the national government has jurisdiction.
 4. We favor the election of president, vice-president and United States senators by direct vote of the people; the initiative and referendum proportional representation cumulative voting, a practical and effective primary election law, universal suffrage with proper educational and residence qualifications; equitable income and inheritance tax laws, the establishment of postal savings banks and such protection to laborers, children and aged workers as shall be found necessary and equitable.
 5. We favor a thorough revision of the tariff and its future administration by means of a permanent commission of non-partisan experts.
 6. We favor measures that will enable the people to administer their common interest in such a manner as they deem best to protect themselves from exploitation by private corporations and trusts.
 7. We deny the right of any municipal or public officers to nullify any law of the state and demand adequate provision for the impeachment of all officials who neglect or refuse to enforce such laws.
 8. We condemn the official tolerance and practical license of the social evil which prevails in many cities with its unspeakable traffic in girls.
 9. We declare that moral and economic reasons demand the enforcement of the law assuring to the people one day of rest in seven.
 10. We demand a strict enforcement of the scientific temperance instruction law and a proper penalty for its non-enforcement.
 11. We demand such legislation as will exclude from the mails all newspapers, periodicals and other literature advertising alcoholic liquors and such liquors themselves.
 12. We heartily endorse the national prohibition platform at Columbus, Ohio.
13. Believing in the righteousness of our cause and the final triumph of our principles, and convinced of the unwillingness of the Republican and Democratic parties to deal with these issues, we invite to full party fellowship all citizens who are with us agreed.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

National Executive Committee.—National Secretary, Paul Augustine, No. 28 City Hall Place, New York City; Olive M. Johnson, California; J. V. Billings, Colorado; Joseph Marek, Connecticut; G. A. Jenning, Illinois; Joseph Matz, Indiana; J. H. Arnold Kentucky; Arthur E. Reimer, Massachusetts; Herman Richter, Michigan; G. H. Campbell, Minnesota; C. F. Maier, Missouri; Julius Eck, New Jersey; Boris Reinstein, New York; John Kricher, Ohio; J. A. McConnell, Pennsylvania; A. S. Dowler, Texas; Stephen Brearchff, Washington; Albert Schnabel, Wisconsin; J. E. Schmidt, Virginia.

PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY, ADOPTED AT
NEW YORK, JULY, 1908.

The Socialist Labor party of America, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure to every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but, taught by experience, we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people to wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of their life, their liberty, and their happiness.

We hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be controlled by the whole people; but again, taught by experience, we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the means of production must likewise be owned, operated and controlled by the people in common. Man cannot exercise his right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and the tools with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty, and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those essentials for work and production.

We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic system—the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities—divides the people into two classes—the capitalist class and the working class; throws society into the convulsions of the class struggle, and perverts government to the exclusive benefit of the capitalist class.

Thus labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of selfemployment, and by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor party raises the banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of the capitalist class.

The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations on the other hand, will have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage-workers of America to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights, and determined to conquer them.

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of working-class interests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human emancipation so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of the people as a

collective body, and substituting the co-operative commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder—a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

'SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

National Secretary, J. Mahlon Barnes, No. 180 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.
National Executive Committee.—Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. M. Simons 180 Washington st., Chicago; John M. Work, Des Moines, Iowa; Morr's Hillquit, 320 Broadway, New York City; A. H. Foaten, Denver; Carl D. Thompson, Milwaukee and J. G. Phelps Stokes, Stamford, Conn.

Members of the Committee.—Alabama, W. S. Baldwin, Fairhope; Arizona, P. W. Gallentine, Globe; Arkansas Dan Hogan, Huntington; Wells Le Fevre, Pine Bluff; California, William McDevitt, 139 Albion ave., San Francisco; N. L. Richardson San Bernardino; Josephine R. Cole, San José; Colorado, Thomas L. Buie, 430 South Corona st., Denver; Guy E. Miller, Hotchkiss, Connecticut, Jasper McLevy, 1313 N. ave., Bridgeport; Florida, A. J. Reddrew, Manatee; Idaho, E. L. Rigg, Rupert; Illinois B. Berlyn, 662 E. 33d st., Chicago; May Wood-Simons, 180 Washington st., Chicago; Seymour Steedman, 42 La Salle st., Chicago; John Collins, 579 W. Huron st., Chicago; Indiana, S. M. Reynolds, Terre Haute; Iowa, John M. Work, Des Moines; John E. Shank, Waterloo; Kansas John F. Willitts, McLouth; A. S. McAlister, Herington; Kentucky, Chares Dobbs, care "The Insurance Field," Louisville; Louisiana, J. Van Brook, Lake Charles; Maine, Robert V. Hunter, Freeport; Massachusetts, Charles C. Hitchcock, Ware; James F. Carey, 699 Washington st., Boston; Maryland, Ira Culp, Vale Summit; Michigan, Vernon J. King, Holland; A. M. Stirton, Hancock; Minnesota, J. G. Maattala, Virginia; Guy Williams, 528 Cedar st., St. Paul; Missouri, L. H. Schenkle, 1400 Grand ave., Kansas City; E. T. Behrens, Sedalia; Montana, Jesse Selby, S. Great Falls; C. C. McHugh, Butte; New Hampshire, Jas. S. Murray, Concord; New Jersey, Henry R. Kearns, Elm st., Arlington; William Walker, 655 S. Park st., Elizabeth; New York, Joseph Wanhope, 200 William st., New York; Sol Fieldman, 15 Sylvan Place, New York; John Spargo, Yonkers; Algernon Lee, 243 E. 86th st., New York; North Dakota, J. S. Lampman, Fargo; Ohio, Tom Clifford, 3517 Fulton Road, Cleveland; F. N. Prevey, Akron; Howard H. Caldwell, Dayton; Oklahoma, John Hagel, Oklahoma City; C. C. Ross Oklahoma City; Frank P. O'Hare, Vinita; Oregon, C. W. Barzee, Portland; A. H. Axelson, Portland; Pennsylvania Fred L. Schwartz, 860 Concord st., Allegheny; James H. Maurer, Reading; Ed Moore, 3462 N. Water st., Philadelphia; Rhode Island, Austin Boudreau, 95 Meadow st., Pawtucket; South Dakota Freeman Knowles, Deadwood; Texas, Laura B. Payne, 106 W. Erwin st. Tyler; Stanley J. Clark, Grand Saline; Tennessee, J. E. Voss, Jackson; Vermont J. H. Dunbar, N. Hartland; Washington, D Burgess, Spokane; Emil Herman Tacoma; West Virginia, G. W. Gillespie, Huntington; Wisconsin, Victor L. Berger, 344 6th st., Milwaukee; Frederic Heath, 344 6th st., Milwaukee; Carl D. Thompson, 344 6th st., Milwaukee; Wyoming D. A. Hastings, Cheyenne; Utah, Grant Sphers, Ogden.

¹ In Wisconsin Social Democratic Party and in Minnesota Public Ownership Party.

PLATFORM OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY, ADOPTED AT CHICAGO,
MAY 13, 1909.

The Socialist party, in national convention assembled, again declares itself as the party of the working class, and appeals for the support of all workers of the United States and of all citizens who sympathize with the great and just cause of labor.

We are at this moment in the midst of one of those industrial breakdowns that periodically paralyze the life of the nation. The much-boasted era of our national prosperity has been followed by one of general misery. Factories, mills, and mines are closed. Millions of men, ready, willing and able to provide the nation with all the necessaries and comforts of life are forced into idleness and starvation.

Within recent times the trusts and monopolies have attained an enormous and menacing development. They have acquired the power to dictate the terms upon which we shall be allowed to live. The trusts fix the prices of our bread, meat, and sugar, of our coal, oil, and clothing of our raw material and machinery, of all the necessities of life.

The present desperate condition of the workers has been made the opportunity for a renewed onslaught on organized labor. The highest courts of the country have within the last year rendered decision after decision deriving the workers of rights which they had won by generations of struggle.

The attempt to destroy the Western Federation of Miners, although defeated by the solidarity of organized labor and the Socialist movement, revealed the existence of a far-reaching and unscrupulous conspiracy by the ruling class against the organizations of labor.

In their efforts to take the lives of the leaders of the miners the conspirators violated state laws and the Federal Constitution in a manner seldom equalled even in a country so completely dominated by the profit-seeking class as is the United States.

The Congress of the United States has shown its contempt for the interests of labor as plainly and unmistakably as have the other branches of government. The laws for which the labor organizations have continually petitioned have failed to pass. Laws ostensibly enacted for the benefit of labor have been distorted against labor.

The working class of the United States cannot expect any remedy for its wrongs from the present ruling class or from the dominant parties. So long as a small number of individuals are permitted to control the sources of the nation's wealth for their private profit in competition with each other and for the exploitation of their fellowmen, industrial depressions are bound to occur at certain intervals. No currency reforms or other legislative measures proposed by capitalist reformers can avail against these fatal results of utter anarchy in production.

Individual competition leads inevitably to combinations and trusts. No amount of Government regulation, or of publicity, or of restrictive legislation will arrest the natural course of modern industrial development.

While our courts, legislatures and executive officers remain in the hands of the ruling classes and their agents, the Government will be used in the interests of these classes as against the toilers.

Political parties are but the expression of economic class interests. The Republican, the Democratic, and the so-called "Independence" parties and all parties other than the Socialist party, are financed, directed, and controlled by the representatives of different groups of the ruling class.

In the maintenance of class government both the Democratic and Republican parties have been equally guilty. The Republican party has had control of the National Government and has been directly and actively responsible for these wrongs. The Democratic party, while saved from direct responsibility by its political impotence, has shown itself equally subservient to the aims of

the capitalist class whenever and wherever it has been in power. The old chattel slave owning aristocracy of the South, which was the backbone of the Democratic party, has been supplanted by a child slave plutocracy. In the great cities of our country the Democratic party is allied with the criminal element of the slums as the Republican party is allied with the predatory criminals of the palace in maintaining the interest of the possessing class.

The various "reform" movements and parties which have sprung up within recent years are but the clumsy expression of widespread popular discontent. They are not based on an intelligent understanding of the historical development of civilization and of the economic and political needs of our time. They are bound to perish as the numerous middle class reform movements of the past have perished.

As measures calculated to strengthen the working class in its fight for the realization of this ultimate aim, and to increase its power of resistance against capitalist oppression, we advocate and pledge ourselves and our elected officers to the following programme.

General Demands. 1—The immediate Government relief for the unemployed workers by building schools, by reforesting of cutover and waste lands, by reclamation of arid tracts, and the building of canals, and by extending all other useful public works. All persons employed on such works shall be employed directly by the Government under an eight-hour workday and at the prevailing union wages. The Government shall also loan money to states and municipalities without interest for the purpose of carrying on public works. It shall contribute to the funds of labor organizations for the purpose of assisting their unemployed members, and shall take such other measures within its power as will lessen the widespread misery of the workers caused by the misrule of the capitalist class.

2—The collective ownership of railroads, telegraphs, telephones, steamship lines and all other means of social transportation and communication, and all land.

3—The collective ownership of all industries which are organized on a national scale and in which competition has virtually ceased to exist.

4—The extension of the public domain to include mines, quarries, oil wells, forest and water power.

5—The scientific reforestation of timber lands, and the reclamation of swamp lands. The land so reforested or reclaimed to be permanently retained as a part of the public domain.

6—The absolute freedom of press, speech and assemblage.

Industrial Demands. 7—The improvement of the industrial condition of the workers.

(a)—By shortening the workday in keeping with the increased productivity of machinery.

(b)—By securing to every worker a rest period of not less than a day and a half in each week.

(c)—By securing a more effective inspection of workshops and factories.

(d)—By forbidding the employment of children under sixteen years of age.

(e)—By forbidding the interstate transportation of the products of child labor, of convict labor, and of all uninspected factories.

(f)—By abolishing official charity and substituting in its place compulsory insurance against unemployment, illness, accidents, invalidism, old age, and death.

Political Demands. 8—The extension of inheritance taxes, graduated in proportion to the nearness of kin.

9—A graduated income tax.

10—Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women, and we pledge ourselves to engage in an active campaign in that direction.

11—The initiative and referendum, proportional representation and the right of recall.

12—The abolition of the Senate.

13.—The abolition of the power usurped by the Supreme Court of the United States to pass upon the constitutionality of legislation enacted by Congress. National laws to be repealed or abrogated only by act of Congress or by a referendum of the whole people.

14.—That the Constitution be made amendable by majority vote.

15.—The enactment of further measures for general education and for the conservation of health. The Bureau of Education to be made a department. The creation of a department of Public Health.

16.—The separation of the present Bureau of Labor from the Department of Commerce and Labor, and the establishment of a Department of Labor.

17.—That all judges be elected by the people for short terms, and that the power to issue injunctions shall be curbed by immediate legislation.

18.—The free administration of justice.

Such measures of relief as we may be able to force from capitalism are but a preparation of the workers to seize the whole powers of Government, in order that they may thereby lay hold of the whole system of industry and thus come to their rightful inheritance.

STATE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT.

The following state central committee was elected:

Chairman, Victor L. Berger; Secretary, Carl D. Thompson; Members-at-large, Louis A. Arnold, Milwaukee; James Zahorrick, Gibson; John Burns, Kenosha; E. D. Joseph, Green Bay; Carl P. Dietz, Milwaukee; Max Grass, Milwaukee; W. A. Jacobs, Racine; Dr. W. C. Young, Milwaukee; Joseph Sultaire, Milwaukee; George Knapp, Milwaukee; Emil Seidel, Milwaukee.

STATE PLATFORM OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATS.

The platform adopted by the Wisconsin Social Democrats in their state convention in Freie Gemeinde hall yesterday was as follows:

"The Social Democratic party is the American political expression of the international movement of the modern working class for better food, better houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education and more culture.

"Under the present system society is rapidly dividing into two classes—the rich and the poor, the capitalistic class and the proletariat. The one toils without enjoying, the other enjoys without toiling.

The wage earners of the cities and the farmers are the principal producers of this country. Under our present economic system both are exploited, for the benefit of the capitalistic class, the laborer on the sale of his labor; power and the farmer on the sale of his products. Both are again exploited in the purchase of practically all the necessities of life.

"The final aim of the Social Democratic party is the emancipation of the producers and the abolition of the capitalistic system. For that purpose we organize the producing classes in city and country into a political party to take control of the powers of government.

"The most characteristic expression of the present economic system is the trust and the monopoly.

"Electricity, steam and many modern inventions have struck the death blow at manufacturing on a small scale. Competition has wiped out com-

petition. Manufacturing on a large scale makes monopoly an inevitable condition. The trust and the monopoly are here whether we wish it or not. The only question is whether they shall be public or private monopolies.

Monopolies—What Kind?—"Private monopoly is a curse to the nation. Thus we see the coal trust making untold millions out of the sufferings of the poor; the oil trust piling up the greatest fortune the world has ever seen upon the ruin of innumerable small dealers, and in defiance of all laws and courts of justice; the meat trust sending thousands of unsuspecting human beings to an early grave by selling diseased meat, simply to make dividends and heap up millions. Similar statements could be proven against all the other trusts.

The policy of regulation has failed. The trusts dominate congress, the legislature, the courts and the executive officers to a degree that makes so-called government control, a farce. The only solution is a collective ownership and democratic control.

Take Production From Few.—"On the other hand we are now again in the midst of one of the periodically re-occurring industrial crises which are one of the greatest curses of the capitalistic system. Hundreds of thousands of working men and women are entirely out of work. Millions of others work only part of their time. All of them are capable and willing to work, and thus we again witness the cruel and grotesque spectacle of millions of men, women and children suffering for the necessities of life—in a country with boundless resources.

"Therefore the Social-Democratic party demands that the production of this country shall be taken away from the control of a small number of irresponsible men whose only aim is to exploit us to the last limit of our endurance without regard to human life or welfare.

"There is no relief to be expected from any of the other parties. The other parties stand for capitalism and the present economic system.

"With this end in view, the Social-Democratic party of the state of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles of international Socialism and declares its adherence to the declaration of principles and the platform of the national Socialist party adopted at the convention in Chicago, and pledges itself at the present time to the following measures:

City and Township Loans.—"That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take such action as is calculated,

"First to bring about the nationalization of all trusts, notably the coal, the meat, the oil, the sugar, the farming machinery trusts, and others of the same kind.

"Second, to bring about the national ownership of the railroads, telegraphs, telephones and express companies and steamship lines.

"Third, to enact a law, granting every wage worker over 60 years of age, who has earned less than \$1 000 a year and has been a citizen of the United States for sixteen years at least, a pension of not less than \$12 a month for the rest of his or her life.

"Fourth to bring about the enactment of a national law by which the government of the United States shall lend the cities and townships money on bonds issued by said cities and townships. Such loans shall be made in legal tender and without interest, the refund to take place in twenty years in equal shares. The money shall have its intrinsic value secured by the bonds and the assessed valuation of the city or township that receives the loan, and it shall be canceled with the bonds as fast as the loan is refunded. The money thus issued by the government is to be used immediately for the relief of the unemployed—by extending all kinds of useful public works in the state, county and municipality. All persons employed on such work shall be employed under an eight hour work day and at the prevailing union wages. The government shall also contribute to the labor organizations for the purpose of assisting their unemployed members. We pledge our representatives

in the legislature to take immediate action toward the initiation of these measures.

Abolish United States Senate.—"Fifth, to amend the United States constitution so as to abolish the United States senate, which is a bulwark of capitalism and trustocracy—the general referendum of all the people to take its place as a check, under proper provisions. Furthermore, to elect the United States judges by the people of their respective districts for terms not to exceed four years—instead of having them appointed by the president—this in order to make an end of government by injunction.

"Sixth, the Social Democratic party stands unalterably opposed to further lowering of the standard of living of the American worker. We demand that the government adopt such measures as will prevent the importation of all Asiatic coolie labor, because it has the tendency to reduce wages and it threatens the comparative higher conditions of the American working class.

"Seventh, to establish life insurance by the national government, and also insurance against sickness, accident and loss of employment.

Francises, Public Utilities.—"Eighth, we also demand that all elective officers, national, state and municipal—including the judges—shall be made subject to the imperative mandate, and to a recall by the expressed wish of their constituencies.

"Ninth, that no city in Wisconsin shall have the right to sell, lease or give away public franchises. Provided, however, that in cases where existing laws and public necessity make a franchise unavoidable, it shall be granted only upon such terms as will guarantee justice to the people in the matter of rates, extension of service and fair treatment of the workers in respect to hours of labor, wages, etc., and especially shall provide for the transfer of the utility to public ownership at the earliest possible hour. Provided further, that the granting of such franchise shall first be approved by general referendum of the respective city or township.

"Tenth, every city in Wisconsin shall have the right to take possession or all its public utilities by paying to the present owners the price of the properties involved as fixed by an impartial jury, the same not to include any franchise values; and every city and township shall have the right to issue special bonds for that purpose. All unlimited franchises now in existence to be declared null and void.

"Eleventh, complete self-government for cities and townships. They shall have the right to erect public slaughter houses, cold storage plants, elevators, coal and wood yards, ice houses, stock yards, and manufacture commodities and sell them to the citizens at cost.

Better Schools, Free Books.—"Twelfth, the state shall provide free school books and school utensils to the pupils of the public schools. We also demand legislation enabling school districts in the country to give better school facilities.

"Thirteenth, that no further water rights shall be given away to individuals or private corporations, and those that have been given away shall be recovered as rapidly as possible. All mineral rights reserved in private contract shall be abolished and accrue to the state. No land belonging to the state shall be sold, and all lands now belonging to the state shall be kept for state purposes. Lands sold for taxes shall in future be bought by the state, subject to redemption by the owner.

Farm Schools and Loans.—"Fourteenth, that steps be taken to protect the head waters of our rivers. We demand also the reforesting of denuded tracts suitable for reforesting, so as to provide wooded land for future generations who have been robbed by the timber thieves. Lumber to be supplied from the forest reserves to actual settlers at cost.

"Fifteenth, that the state of Wisconsin establish a farming school and in connection with the school a model farm in every county of the state. The respective school and farm to take into consideration the kind of agriculture suitable for that part of the state—fruits, truck, grain, dairying, or stock.

"Sixteenth, the state government to advance loans to settlers for use of agricultural, market gardening, dairying or stock raising purposes. Such loans

to be issued upon fixed or installment mortgages upon the farm at a low rate of interest. Borrowers to have the right to repay the loan partly or wholly at any time, or in twenty installments.

"Seventeenth, We hold that intemperance in the use of liquors is the result of the present enervating economic conditions. With the growth of a people stronger in physique, intellect and popular morals, intemperance will gradually disappear and temperate habits in all things prevail. We condemn the attempts at sumptuary laws as inimical to the cause of economic and personal liberty. Until a more harmonious economic order has been established, the attempts of all well meaning people to introduce temperate habits will prove only an evasion of the real issue.

Limit Hours of Toil.—"Eighteenth, that laws be enacted, limiting the working of youths under 21 years of age and women of any age employed anywhere in Wisconsin to eight hours a day, and prohibiting the employment of children under 16 years of age in any factory, store, workshop or mine, also for the strictest protection of life and limb in workshops factories, mines, stores, railways and boats. Also the removal of the principle of contributory negligence from our statutes, and the enactment of laws to compensate workmen when injured while employed. All wages to be paid weekly in lawful money.

"Nineteenth, that a graduated income and inheritance tax be enacted, small incomes to be exempt.

"Twentieth, that fire and accident insurance be established by the state pending the establishment of national insurance.

Fights for the Masses.—"The Social Democratic party also stands for every radical change that will bring more wealth, more culture and more security to the masses of the people. But we call attention to the fact that the measures we urge are not a cure for all the existing evils, nor are they all Socialistic measures. They are to be viewed rather as mere palliatives, capable of being carried out even under the present conditions. Under no circumstances should the people rest content with palliatives of this kind. The people should move onward to the conquest of all public powers, to an entire change of the present system for one which will secure to the people collectively the ownership of the means of production and distribution and thereby the blessings of our modern inventions, and a standard of civilization and culture hitherto unknown in history.

"This is the program of the Social Democratic party in Wisconsin. We call upon every intelligent voter of this state, regardless of race, nationality or religion, to join the Social Democratic party, vote its ticket, build up its organization and stand shoulder to shoulder for a better order and a higher civilization. And especially to the economically oppressed we call, in the words of the immortal Karl Marx:

" 'Proletarians of all countries unite. You have nothing to lose but your chains, and a world to gain.' "

INDEPENDENCE PARTY.

Officers of the National Committee.—Chairman, William R. Hearst, New York; vice-chairmen, C. F. S. Neal, Indiana, and M. W. Howard, Alabama; secretary, Charles A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Iowa; headquarters of committee, No. 188 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Members of the Committee.—Alabama, James B. Drake and C. P. Agricola, Birmingham; M. W. Howard, Fort Payne. Arkansas, R. D. Plunkitt, Little Rock; J. D. Robertson, Mountain Home. California, Hugh J. McIsaac, San Francisco; Gesner Williams, Los Angeles; J. D. McCaughey, Stockton. Colorado, Lawrence T. Gray, Colorado Springs. Connecticut, A. C. E. Hamilton, Greenwich. Florida, R. L. Harner, Jacksonville; Louis P.

head, Pensacola. Georgia, Edward E. Clapp. Atlanta; Percy Middlebrooks, Madison. Idaho, J. E. Roberts, Boise City. Illinois, Howard S. Taylor and Theodore Nelson, Chicago; John Baker, Pontiac. Indiana, Charles F. S. Neal, Lebanon. Iowa, L. F. Broberg, Cedar Rapids; W. A. Needham, Des Moines; J. A. Lowenburg, Ottumwa. Kansas Edwin S. Waterbury, Emporia; E. C. Fowler, Topeka. Kentucky, J. E. Merrick, Louisville; W. P. Marsh, Louisville; Joseph Desberger, Paducah. Louisiana, Joseph G. Schwartz, and Louis L. Hoffman, New Orleans. Maine, C. Lester Ames, Bridgton; George L. Crockett, Thomaston; A. Baker, Bingham. Maryland, Charles A. Briscoe, Baltimore; Edward H. Trainor, Baltimore; Joseph Sir, Baltimore. Massachusetts, William N. Osgood, Lowell; Grenville S. McFarland, Cambridge. Michigan, Dr. A. W. Nichols, Greenville; R. L. Reeves, Detroit; C. Q. De France, Kalamazoo. Minnesota, J. T. P. Power, A. J. Williams and R. B. Higbee, St. Paul. Mississippi, Walter Hollis and B. W. Wade, Jackson. Missouri, The Rev. John T. Tuohy, St. Louis; William S. Barzickel, St. Louis; ———, Kansas City. Montana, J. J. Dallas, Butte; Andrew Wormser, Wormser City. Nevada, Edgar W. Stone, Goldfield; A. R. Needles, Tonopah; General J. C. Hagerman, Carson City. New Hampshire, A. N. Browne, Plymouth; William M. Kendall and Dennis O'Leary, Manchester. New Jersey, Joseph R. Brehanan, Newark; John A. Smith, Haddon Heights; Samuel Warbasse, Warbasse. New York, William Randolph Hearst, New York; Reuben Robie Lyon, Bath; C. H. W. Aue, Buffalo. North Carolina, A. C. Shuford, Newton. North Dakota, B. F. Lathrope, Fargo. Ohio, Joan Mulholland, Toledo; Andrew F. Otte and James E. Jackson, Cincinnati. Oklahoma, H. W. Diffenderffer, Caddo; J. Luther Langston, Oklahoma City; William C. Hatcher, Bokchito. Oregon, T. J. Byrnes and M. J. Malley, Portland; George E. Shaver, Cleone. Pennsylvania, Samuel F. Wheeler and William J. Boyle, Philadelphia. Rhode Island, James H. O'Neil and Percy J. Cantwell, Providence; James J. Dunn, East Providence. South Carolina, C. S. Link, Fort Mill. South Dakota, H. W. Smith, Sioux Falls; E. F. English, Yankton. Tennessee, Thomas J. Wright, Nashville; Duncan Sinclair, Nashville; T. J. Dougherty, Nashville. Texas, Taylor McTae, Forth Worth; George S. Vivian, Dallas; Bud Terry, Hillsboro. Utah, Frank J. Tierney, Bingham Canon; Abner Thompson, Salt Lake City. Vermont, John D. Spellman, Rutland. Virginia, William Elmore Seale and Rufus S. Freeman, Richmond; James M. O'Connor, Norfolk. Washington, Homer O. Campbell, Seattle. Wisconsin, S. D. Kump, Madison; L. T. Walsh, Kenosha; J. F. Cary, Milwaukee. Arizona, J. J. Healy and F. A. Jones, Phoenix. District of Columbia, Victor J. Evans, John Garner and A. L. Evans, Washington.

PLATFORM OF THE INDEPENDENT PARTY, ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., JULY 28, 1908.

We, independent American citizens representing the Independence party in forty-four states and two territories, have met in national convention to nominate, absolutely independent of all other political parties, candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

Our action is based upon a determination to wrest the conduct of public affairs from the hands of selfish interests, political tricksters and corrupt bosses and make the Government as the founders intended, an agency for the common good.

At a period of unexampled national prosperity and promise, a staggering blow was dealt to legitimate business by the unmolested practice of stock watering and dishonest financing. Multitudes of defenseless investors, thous-

ands of honest business men and an army of idle workingmen are paying the penalty. Year by year, fostered by wasteful and reckless governmental extravagance, by the manipulation of trusts and by a privilege creating tariff, the cost of living mounts higher and higher. Day by day the control of the Government drifts further away from the people and more firmly into the grip of machine politicians and party bosses.

The Republican and Democratic parties are not only responsible for these conditions, but are committed to their indefinite continuance. Prodigal of promises, they are so barren of performance that to a new party of independent voters the country must look for the establishment of a new policy and a return to genuine popular government.

Our object is not to introduce violent innovations or startling new theories. We of the Independence party look back, as Lincoln did, to the Declaration of Independence as the fountain-head of all political inspiration. It is not our purpose to attempt to revolutionize the American system of government, but to restore the action of the Government to the principles of Washington and Jefferson and Lincoln. It is not our purpose, either to effect a radical change in the American system of government, but to conserve for the citizens of the United States their privileges and liberties won for them by the founders of this Government and to perpetuate the principles and policies upon which the nation's greatness has been built.

The Independence party is, therefore, a conservative force in American politics, devoted to the preservation of American liberty and independence, to honesty in elections, to opportunity in business and to equality before the law. Those who believe in the Independence party and work with it are convinced that a genuine democracy should exist; that a true republican form of government should continue; that the power of government should rest with the majority of the people, and that the Government should be conducted for the benefit of the whole citizenship, rather than for the special advantage of a particular class.

Direct Nominations.—As of first importance in order to restore the power of government to the people, to make their will supreme in the primaries in the elections and in the control of public officials after they have been elected, we declare for direct nominations, the initiative and referendum and the right of recall.

It is idle to cry out against the evil of bossism while we perpetuate a system under which boss is inevitable. The destruction of an individual boss is of little value. The people in their politics must establish a system which will eliminate not only an objectionable boss but the system of bossism. Representative government is made a mockery by the system of modern party conventions dominated by bosses and controlled by cliques. We demand the natural remedy of direct nominations by which the people not only elect, but which is far more important, select their representatives.

The Referendum.—We believe in the principle of the initiative and referendum and we particularly demand that no franchise grant go into operation until the terms and conditions have been approved by popular vote in the locality interested.

Recall.—We demand for the people the right to recall public officials from the public service. The power to make officials reside in the people, and in them also should reside the power to unmake and remove from office any official who demonstrates his unfitness or betrays the public trust.

Election Corruption.—Of next importance in destroying the power of selfish special interests and the corrupt political bosses whom they control is to wrest from their hands their main weapon—the corruption fund. We demand severe and effective legislation against all forms of corrupt practice at the elections, and advocate prohibiting the use of any money at elections except for meetings, literature and the necessary travelling expenses for candidates. Bidding for votes, the Republican and Democratic candidates are making an outcry about publicity of contributions, although both the Republican and Democratic parties have for years consistently blocked every effort to pass a cor-

We demand protection for workmen through enforced use of standard safety appliances and provisions of hygienic conditions in the operation of factories, railways, mills, mines and all industrial undertakings.

We advocate state and federal inspection of railways to secure a greater safety for railway employees and for the traveling public. We call for the enactment of stringent laws fixing employers' liabilities and a rigid prohibition of child labor through cooperation between the state governments and the National Government.

We condemn the manufacture and sale of prison made goods in the open market in competition with free labor manufactured goods. We demand that convicts shall be employed direct by the different states in the manufacture of products for use in state institutions and in making good roads and in no case shall convicts be hired out to contractors or sub-contractors.

We favor the creation of a Department of Labor, including mines and mining, the head of which shall be a member of the President's Cabinet.

The great abuses of grain inspection, by which the producers are plundered, demand immediate and vigorous correction. To that end we favor federal inspection under a strict civil service law.

A Central Bank.—The Independence party declares that the right to issue money is inherent in the Government, and it favors the establishment of a central governmental bank, through which the money so issued shall be put into general circulation.

The Tariff.—We demand a revision of the tariff, not by the friends of the tariff, but by the friends of the people, and declare for a gradual reduction of tariff duties, with just consideration for the rights of the consuming public and of established industry. There should be no protection for oppressive trusts which sell cheaply abroad and take advantage of the tariff at home to crush competition, raise prices, control production and limit work and wages.

The Railroads.—The railroads must be kept open to all upon exactly equal terms. Every form of rebate and discrimination in railroad rates is a crime against business and must be stamped out. We demand adequate railroad facilities and advocate a bill empowering shippers in time of need to compel railroads to provide sufficient cars for freight and passenger traffic and other railroad facilities through summary appeal to the courts. We favor the creation of an Interstate Commerce Court, whose sole function it shall be to review speedily and enforce summarily the orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The Interstate Commerce Commission has the power to initiate investigation into the reasonableness of rates and practices and no increase in rates should be put into effect until opportunity for such investigation is afforded. The Interstate Commerce Commission should proceed at once with a physical valuation of railroads engaged in interstate commerce.

Trusts.—We believe that legitimate organizations in business designed to secure an economy of operation and increased production are beneficial wherever the public participates in the advantages which result. We denounce all combinations for restraint of trade and for the establishment of monopoly in all products of labor, and declare that such combinations are not combinations for production, but for extortion, and that activity in this direction is not industry, but robbery.

In cases of infractions of the Anti-Trust law or of the Interstate Commerce act, we believe in the enforcement of a prison penalty against the guilty and responsible individuals controlling the management of the offending corporations, rather than a fine imposed upon stockholders.

Public Ownership.—We advocate the extension of the principle of public ownership of public utilities, including railroads, as rapidly as municipal, state or National Government shall demonstrate ability to conduct public utilities for the public benefit. We favor specifically government ownership of the telegraphs, such as prevails in every other civilized country in the world, and demand as an immediate measure that the Government shall purchase and operate the telegraphs in connection with the postal service.

Parcels Post; Postal Banks.—The parcels post system should be rapidly and widely extended and Government postal savings banks should be established, where the people's deposits will be secure, the money to be loaned to the people in the locality of the several banks and at a rate of interest to be fixed by the Government.

Good Roads.—We favor the immediate development of a national system of good roads connecting all states and national aid to states in the construction and maintenance of post roads.

Postal Censorship.—We favor a court review of the censorship and arbitrary rulings of the Post-Office Department.

Statehood of Arizona and New Mexico.—We favor the admission of Arizona and New Mexico into separate statehood.

Bucket Shop Suppression.—We advocate such legislation, both state and national, as will suppress the bucket shop and prohibit the fictitious selling of farm products for future delivery.

National Health Bureau.—We favor the creation of a national department of public health, to be presided over by a member of the medical profession, this department to exercise such authority over matters of public health, hygiene and sanitation which come properly within the jurisdiction of the National Government and do not interfere with the right of states or municipalities.

Asiatic Exclusion.—We oppose Asiatic immigration which does not amalgamate with our population, creates race issues and un-American conditions, and which reduces wages and tends to lower the high standard of living and the high standard of morality which American civilization has established.

We demand the passage of an exclusion act which shall protect American workmen from competition with Asiatic cheap labor and which shall protect American civilization from the contamination of Asiatic conditions.

The Navy.—The Independence party declares for peace and against aggression and will promote the movement for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration.

We believe, however, that a small navy is poor economy and that a strong navy is the best protection in time of war and the best preventive of war. We, therefore, favor the speedy building of a navy sufficiently strong to protect at the same time both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the United States.

Waterways and Resources.—We rejoice in the adoption of both the Democratic and Republican platforms of the demand of the Independence party for improved national waterways and the Mississippi inland deep waterways project, to complete a ship canal from the Gulf to the Great Lakes. We favor the extension of this system to the tributaries of the Mississippi by means of which thirty States shall be served and 20,000 miles added to the coast line of the United States. The reclamation of arid lands should be continued and the irrigation programme now contemplated by the Government extended and steps taken for the conservation of the country's natural resources, which should be guarded not only against devastation and waste, but against falling into the control of the monopoly. The abuses growing out of the administration of our forest preserves must be corrected and provision should be made for free grazing from public lands outside of forest or other reservations. In behalf of the people residing in arid portions of our Western States we protest vigorously against the policy of the Federal Government in selling the exclusive use of water and electric light power derived from public works to private corporations, thus creating a monopoly and subjecting citizens living in these sections to exorbitant charges for light and power, and diverting enterprises originally started for public benefit into channels for corporate greed and oppression, and we demand that no more exclusive contracts be made.

Protection of Citizens Abroad.—American citizens abroad, whether native born or naturalized, and of whatever race or creed, must be secured in the enjoyment of all rights and privileges under our treaties, and wherever such rights are withheld by any country on the ground of race or religious faith, steps should be taken to secure the removal of such unjust discrimination.

Popular Election of Senators.—We advocate the popular election of United States Senators and of judges, both State and Federal, and favor a graduated income tax and any constitutional amendment necessary to these ends.

Equality and Opportunity.—Equality and opportunity, the largest measure of individual liberty consistent with equal rights, the overthrow of the rule of special interest and the restoration of government by the majority exercised for the benefit of the whole community; these are the purposes to which the Independence party is pledged, and we invite the co-operation of all patriotic and progressive citizens, irrespective of party, who are in sympathy with these principles and in favor of their practical enforcement.

POPULIST PARTY.

Officers of the National Committee.—Chairman, James H. Ferriss, Joliet, Ill.; vice-chairman, Jay W. Forrest, Albany, N. Y.; secretary, Paul E. Dixon, Chillicothe, Mo.; treasurer, Jay W. Forrest, Albany, N. Y.

Executive Committee.—James H. Ferriss, chairman; Jay W. Forrest, ex-officio; Paul E. Dixon, ex-officio; Jas W. Baird, Paris, Tex.; Milton Park, Dallas, Tex.; W. S. Morgan, Hardy, Ark.; Frank Richey, Oriel Building, St. Louis, Mo.; W. P. Brush, Fredonia, Penn.; A. J. Jones, Parlier, Cal.; Wm. Phillips, Marietta, Ga.; J. A. Parker, Parma, Mo.; George A. Honnecher, Jersey City, N. J.; Eltweed Pomeroy, Wyoming, N. J.; Horace A. Keifer, Wallula, Kan.; John S. Allen, Norman, Okla.

PLATFORM OF THE PEOPLE'S PARTY, ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, MO., APRIL 3, 1908.

Preamble.—The People's Party of the United States, in convention assembled, at St. Louis, Mo.; this 2d day of April, 1908, with increased confidence in its contentions, reaffirms the declarations made by its first national convention at Omaha, in 1892.

The admonitions of Washington's farewell address; the state papers of Jefferson, and the words of Lincoln, are the teachings of our greatest apostles of human rights and political liberty. There has been a departure from the teaching of these great patriots during recent administrations. The Government has been controlled so as to place the rights of property above the rights of humanity, and has brought the country to a condition that is full of danger to our national wellbeing. Financial combinations have had too much power over Congress, and too much influence with the administrative departments of the Government.

Prerogatives of government have been unwisely and often corruptly surrendered to corporate monopoly and aggregations of predatory wealth. The supreme duty of the hour is for the people to insist that these functions of government be exercised in their own interest. Not the "giver of the thirty pieces of silver" has been condemned, but the "Judas" who received them, has been execrated through the ages. The sycophants of monopoly deserve no better fate.

Money.—The issuance of money is a function of government and should not be delegated to corporation or individual. The Constitution gives Congress alone the power to issue money and regulate the value thereof; we, therefore, demand that all money shall be issued by the Government direct to the people without the intervention of banks, and shall be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private and in quantity sufficient to supply the needs of the country.

The issuance and distribution of full legal tender money from the Treasury, shall not be through private banks, preferred or otherwise, but direct to the people without interest, for the construction and purchase of Federal and internal improvements and utilities, and for the employment of labor.

We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people.

Land.—The public domain is a sacred heritage of all the people and should be held for homesteads for actual settlers only. Alien ownership should be forbidden, and lands now held by aliens or by corporations who have violated the conditions of their grants, should be restored to the public domain.

Trusts and Monopoly.—To prevent unjust discrimination and monopoly, the Government should own and control the railroads and those public utilities, which in their nature are monopolies. To perfect the postal service, the Government should own and operate the general telegraph and telephone systems and provide a parcels post.

As to those trusts and monopolies which are not public utilities or national monopolies, we demand that those special privileges which they now enjoy and which alone enable them to exist, shall be immediately withdrawn.

Corporations being the creatures of government, should be subjected to such governmental regulation and control as will adequately protect the public.

We demand the taxation of monopoly privileges while they remain in private hands, to the extent of the value of the privilege granted.

We demand that Congress shall enact a general law uniformly regulating the powers and duties of all incorporated companies doing interstate business.

Initiative and Referendum.—As a means of placing all public questions directly under the control of the people, we demand that legal provision be made under which the people may exercise the initiative and referendum proportional representative, and direct vote for all public officers, with the right of recall.

We recommend a Federal statute that will recognize the principle of the initiative and referendum, and thereby restore to the voters the right to instruct their national representatives.

Labor.—We believe in the right of those who labor, to organize for their mutual protection and benefit, and pledge the efforts of the People's Party to preserve this right inviolate.

We condemn the recent attempt to destroy the power of trades unions through the unjust use of the Federal injunction, substituting government by injunction for free government.

We favor the enactment of legislation looking to the improvement of conditions for wage earners.

We demand the abolition of child labor in factories and mines, and the suppression of sweat-shops.

We oppose the use of convict labor in competition with free labor.

We demand the exclusion from American shores of foreign pauper labor, imported to beat down the wages of intelligent American workmen.

We favor the eight-hour work day, and legislation protecting the lives and limbs of workmen through the use of safety appliances.

We demand the enactment of an employers' liability act within constitutional bounds.

We declare against the continuation of the criminal carelessness in the operation of mines, through which thousands of miners have lost their lives to increase the dividends of stockholders, and demand the immediate adoption of precautionary measures to prevent a repetition of such horrible catastrophes.

We declare that in times of depression, when workmen are thrown into enforced idleness, that works of public improvement should be at once inaugurated and work provided for those who cannot otherwise secure employment.

We especially emphasize the declaration of the Omaha platform, that "Wealth belongs to him who creates it and every dollar taken from industry without a just equivalent is robbery."

We congratulate the farmers of the country upon the enormous growth of their splendid organizations and the good already accomplished through them,

securing higher prices for farm products and better conditions generally, for those engaged in agricultural pursuits. We urge the importance of maintaining these organizations and extending their power and influence.

Courts.—We condemn all unwarranted assumption of authority by inferior Federal courts, in annulling, by injunction, the laws of the States, and demand legislative action by Congress, which will prohibit such usurpation, and will restrict to the Supreme Court of the United States, the exercise of power in cases involving State legislation.

Gambling in Futures.—We are opposed to gambling in futures.

Conclusion.—We present to all people the foregoing declaration of principles and policies as our deep, earnest and abiding convictions; and now, before the country and in the name of the great moral, but eternal power in the universe, that makes for right thinking and right living and determines the destiny of nations this convention pledges that the People's Party will stand by these principles and policies in success and in defeat; that never again will the party by the siren songs and false promises of designing politicians, be tempted to change its course, or be drawn again upon the treacherous rocks of fusion.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The National Republican League of the United States was organized in Chickering Hall, New York City, December 15-17, 1887, by delegates from about 359 Republican clubs of the United States, assembled in national convention, pursuant to a call issued by the Republican Club of New York City. It is composed of the Republican clubs of the United States, organized by States and united in a national organization. Its purpose is "Organization and Education." It aims to enlist recruits for the Republican party, particularly the younger men and the "first voters." National conventions have since been held at Baltimore, 1839; Nashville, 1890; Cincinnati, 1891; Buffalo, 1892; Louisville, 1893; Denver, 1894; Cleveland, 1895; Milwaukee, 1896; Detroit, 1897; Omaha, 1898 (biennial sessions afterward); St. Paul, 1900; Chicago, 1902; Indianapolis, 1904; Philadelphia, 1906; Cincinnati, 1908. At the close of the campaign of 1908, the League, including the Taft campaign clubs, comprised approximately 4,000 clubs, with a membership of 1,500,000. *Officers*—President, John Hays Hammond, Gloucester, Mass.; Secretary, Snel Smith, Hotel Astor, New York City.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC LEAGUE.

The National Democratic League is a permanent organization, federation or league of Democratic clubs organized throughout the country, to which every regularly organized Democratic club or association is entitled to membership.

The objects of the League are to encourage and assist in the formation of permanent Democratic clubs and State leagues, to unite such clubs and leagues for effective and organized work, and generally to advance the principles of the Democratic party. *Chairman*—Col. William C. Liller, Lancaster, Pa. *Secretary*—Lorenzo G. Warfield, Washington, D. C. *Treasurer*—Capt. Joseph P. Watkins, Richmond, Va. Headquarters of the League, 511 Fourteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OF THE UNION.

In all the states except Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women are entitled to vote at school elections in several states. They are entitled by law to full suffrage in the states of Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming.

STATES.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Persons Excluded From Suffrage.
		In State.	In County.	In Town.	In Precinct.	
Alabama*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention(<i>j</i>)	2 yrs.	1 yr.	3 mo.	3 mo.	Convicted of treason or other felonies, idiots, or insane.
Arizona Territory*	Citizen of U. S. by nativity or naturalization (<i>a</i>) (<i>b</i>) (<i>h</i>)	1 yr.	30 dys.		30 dys.	Idiots, insane, felon, under guardianship.
Arkansas*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	6 mo.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, failure to pay poll-tax, U. S. soldiers or mariners.
California*	Citizen by nativity, naturalization (90 days prior to election), or treaty of Queretaro.	1 yr.	90 dys.		30 dys.	Chinese, idiots, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicted of infamous crime. [†]
Colorado*	Citizen, native or naturalized, male or female, who is duly registered.	1 yr.	90 dys.		10 dys.	While confined in public prison, under guardianship, <i>non compos mentis</i> , insane.
Connecticut*	Citizen of United States who can read English language.	1 yr.		6 mo.		Convicted of heinous crime, unless pardoned.
Delaware*	Citizen of United States	1 yr.	3 mo.		30 dys.	Insane, paupers or persons convicted of felony unpardoned.
Dis. of Columbia.	See foot note on a following page.					
Florida*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 mo.			Idiots, duellists, convicted of felony or any infamous crime.
Georgia (<i>d</i>).	Citizen of the U. S. who has paid all his taxes since 1877.	1 yr.	6 mo.			Convicted of felony, bribery, or larceny, unless pardoned, idiots, and insane.
Idaho*	Citizen of the United States, male or female.	6 mo.	30 dys.			Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, bigamists, polygamists, under guardianship(<i>n</i>).
Illinois*	Citizen of the United States(<i>b</i>).	1 yr.	90 dys.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of felony or bribery in elections, unless restored to citizenship(<i>h</i>).
Indiana*	Citizen or alien who has declared intention and has resided 1 year in United States.	6 mo.		60 dys.	30 dys.	United States soldiers, sailors, and marines, and persons convicted of infamous crime(<i>l</i>).
Iowa*	Citizen of the United States.	6 mo.	60 dys.			Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime, U. S. soldiers(<i>h</i>).
Kansas*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention(<i>b</i>).	6 mo.	30 dys.	30 dys.	10 dys.	Convicted of treason or felony, insane, under guardianship(<i>l</i>).
Kentucky*	Citizen of the United States(<i>b</i>).	1 yr.	6 mo.	60 dys.	60 dys.	Convicted of treason, felony, or bribery in an election idiots and insane (<i>h</i>) (<i>m</i>).

Louisiana*	Citizen of United States(c)	2 yrs.	1 yr.	6 mo.	Idiots, insane, felons, under indictment, inmates of prison or charitable institution except soldiers' home.
Maine*	Citizen of the United States	3 mo.	3 mo.	3 mo.	Paupers and Indians not taxed, under guardianship*
Maryland*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 mo.	6 mo.	Felons not pardoned, lunatics, <i>non compos mentis</i> , bribery.
Massachusetts*	Citizen who can read and write (b)	1 yr.	6 mo.	6 mo.	Paupers and persons under guardianship.
Michigan*	Citizen of the United States or alien who declared intention 2 years and 6 months prior to November 8, 1894 (b)	6 mo.	20 dys.	20 dys.	Indians with tribal relations, duellists and accessories.
Minnesota*	Citizen of United States who has been such for 3 months preceding election (b)	6 mo.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of treason or felony, unpardoned, under guardianship, insane, Indians lacking customs of civilization.
Mississippi*	Citizen of the United States who can read or understand Constitution.	2 yrs.	1 yr.	1 yr.	Insane, idiots, Indians not taxed, felons, persons who have not paid taxes, bigamists.
Missouri	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention not less than 1 year or more than 5 before election.	1 yr.	60 dys.	60 dys.	Persons in poorhouses or asylums at public expense, those in prison, or convicted of infamous crimes (k).
Montana*	Citizen of the United States (b)	1 yr.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Felons not pardoned, idiots, insane, Indians (g).
Nebraska*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention 30 days before election (b)	6 mo.	40 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights, persons <i>non compos mentis</i> (h).
Nevada*	Citizen of the United States	6 mo.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Idiots, insane, unpardoned convicts, Indians, Chinese.
New Hampshire*	Citizen of the United States (b)	6 mo.	6 mo.	6 mo.	Paupers (o).
New Jersey*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	5 mo.	5 mo.	Idiots, paupers, insane, convicted of certain crime unless pardoned or restored by law (h).
N. M. Territory	Citizen of the United States	6 mo.	3 mo.	30 dys.	Convicted of felony, unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers, sailors, or camp follower, Indians.
New York*	Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ninety days prior to election. (r)	1 yr (p)	4 mo.	(q)	Offenders against elective franchise rights, guilty of bribery, betting on elections, and persons convicted of bribery or infamous crime and not restored to citizenship by the Executive. Convicts in the House of Refuge or Reformatory not disqualified.

*Australian Ballot law or a modification of it in force. †Or a person unable to read the Constitution in English and write his name. (a) Or citizens of Mexico who desire to become citizens under treaties of 1848 and 1854. (b) Women can vote in school elections. (c) Clergymen are qualified after six months' residence in precinct. (d) Also public embezzler, persons guilty of bribery, or dishonorably discharged soldier from U. S. service, unless reinstated. (e) Those able to read and write, or who own \$300 worth of property assessed in their name, or whose father or grandfather was entitled to vote on Jan. 1, 1857. (g) Also soldiers, sailors, and marines in U. S. service. (h) No soldier, seaman, or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the state. (i) The Australian system sometimes prevails in municipal primaries in Georgia, but same is made applicable by rule of party ordering primary and not by the law. (j) Poll-taxes must be paid to date, by Feb. 1, preceding election. (k) Also soldiers (except those living in soldiers' homes), sailors and marines in U. S. service. (l) During term fixed by court. (m) Widows and spinsters owning property or having ward of school age inmates of ill fame. (n) Also persons excused from paying taxes at their own request and those unable to read the state constitution in English or write. (p) Inhabitants not residents. (q) Thirty days in election district. (r) Woman otherwise qualified but for sex may vote at village elections or town meetings to raise money by tax or assessment if she owns property in village or town, Elector of town not entitled to vote on proposition for raising money or incurring town liability, unless he or his wife own property in town assessed on last assessment roll.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OF THE UNION.—Continued.

STATES.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE RE- QUIRED.				Persons Excluded from Suffrage.
		In State.	In County.	In Town.	In Precinct.	
North Carolina...	Citizen of the United States.....	2 yrs..	6 mo..	.....	4 mo..	Convicted of felony or infamous crime, idiots, lunatics (o).
North Dakota*...	Citizen of the United States and civilized Indians† (a)	1 yr..	6 mo..	.....	90 dys.	Under guardianship, persons <i>non compos mentis</i> , or convicted of felony and treason, unless restored to civil rights.
Ohio*.....	Citizen of the United States(a).....	1 yr..	30 dys.	20 dys.	20 dys.	Idiots, insane, and felons, persons in U. S. military and naval service on duty in Ohio.
Oklahoma*.....	Citizen of United States(a) †.....	1 yr..	6 mo..	None.	30 dys.	Felons, idiots, insane, paupers.
Oregon*.....	Citizen of U. S. or alien who has declared intention more than 1 year prior to election (a)	6 mo..	No (n)	None.	None.	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, Chinese.
Pennsylvania*...	Citizen of the United States at least one month, and if 22 years old or more must have paid tax within two years.	1 yr..	.....	.....	2 mo..	Convicted of perjury and fraud as election officers, or bribery of voters.
Rhode Island.....	Citizen of the United States.....	2 yrs..	.....	6 mo..	.....	Paupers, lunatics (g).
South Carolina...	Citizen of the United States(c).....	2 yr(c)	1 yr..	4 mo..	4 mo..	Felons, bribery unless pardoned, insane, paupers.
South Dakota*...	Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention, Indian who has severed tribal relations(a).	6 mos.	30 dys.	10 dys.	10 dys.	Under guardianship, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers, seamen and marines.
Tennessee*.....	Citizen of the U. S. who has paid poll-tax of preceding year.	1 yr..	6 mo..	.....	.....	Convicted of bribery or other infamous offence.
Texas*.....	Citizen of the U. S. or alien who has declared intention six months prior to election.	1 yr..	6 mo..	6 mo..	(d)	Idiots, lunatics, paupers, felons unless pardoned or restored, U. S. soldiers, marines, and seamen(m).
Utah*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female	1 yr..	4 mo..	.....	60 dys.	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or crime against elective franchise, unless pardoned (j).
Vermont*.....	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr..	3 mo..	3 mo..	3 mo..	Those who have not obtained the approbation of the local board of civil authority.
Virginia*.....	See note at foot of next page.....	2 yrs. §	1 yr..	1 yr..	30 dys.	Idiots, lunatics, paupers (f)(g).
Washington*.....	Citizen of the United States and all residents of Territory prior to Statehood(a).	1 yr..	90 dys.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of infamous crimes, Indians not taxed.
West Virginia*...	Citizen of the State.....	1 yr..	60 dys.	6 mo..	(d)	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicted of treason, felony or bribery at elections.

Wisconsin*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has de- clared intention and civilized Indians† (c).	1 yr...	10 dys	10 dys.	10 dys.	Under guardianship, insane, convicted of crime or treason, betting on elections. Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read State Con- stitution in the English language.
Wyoming*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female.	1 yr...	60 dys.	10 dys.	10 dys.	

* Australian ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Indians must have severed tribal relations. § One year's residence in the United States prior to election required. (a) Women can vote in school elections. (b) Ministers in charge of an organized church and teachers of public schools are entitled to vote after six months' residence in the State. (d) Actual residence in the precinct or district required. (e) Who has paid six months before election any poll-tax then due, and can read and write any section of the State Constitution, or can show that he owns and has paid all taxes due the previous year on property in the State assessed at \$300 or more. (f) Or convicted of bribery, embezzlement of public funds, treason, forgery, perjury, felony, and petty larceny, duellists and abettors, unless pardoned by Legislature. (g) Or persons non compos mentis, sentence to State Prison for one year or more takes away the right to vote until restored by General Assembly, under guardianship. (j) No soldier, seaman, or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the State. (m) And any person subject to poll-tax who failed to pay same prior to Feb. 1 of year in which he offers to vote. (n) Must be resident of county to vote for County Officers. (o) All persons unable to read and write, and whose ancestor was not entitled to vote prior to Jan. 1, 1867.

in Virginia.—Voting qualifications. All persons who six months before the election have paid their State poll-taxes for the three preceeding years. Also any person who served in time of war in the army or navy of the United States, of the Confederate States, or of any State of the United States or of the Confederate States.

Residents of the District of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in it was ceded to the United States and became the seat of general government.

REQUIREMENTS REGARDING REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

The registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi (four months before election), Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming, and the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico.

In Pennsylvania voters are registered by the assessors. If any voter is missed by assessors and not registered he can swear in his vote.

In Ohio it is required in cities of 11,800 to 100,900 population in presidential years; annually in cities of 100,000 or over.

In Illinois registration of voters is required by law, and in Cook County, where Chicago is located, persons not registered are not entitled to vote; but outside of Cook County generally they can vote if not registered by swearing in their votes, and producing one witness, a householder and registered voter of the voting district, as to their qualifications as electors severally.

In Iowa in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7,000 inhabitants.

In Kentucky in all cities of the first, second, third and fourth classes, in Kansas in cities of the first and second classes, in North Dakota in cities and villages of 800 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of the first and second classes.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 25,000 inhabitants and over.

In Oklahoma it is required in all cities of the first class.

In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before June 30. In South Dakota registration is required prior to general biennial elections.

The registration of voters is not required in Arkansas, Indiana, New Hampshire or Texas.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

In the United States there are four states where women have the same political rights as men and where they may vote at all elections upon the same terms, viz.: Wyoming (established 1869), Colorado (established 1893), Idaho (established 1896), Utah (established 1896).

School suffrage for women prevails in some form in twenty-nine states, as follows: Arizona, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Idaho, Kentucky, Kansas, Michigan, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wyoming and Wisconsin.

In 1887 Montana gave tax-paying women the right to vote upon all questions submitted to taxpayers; in 1894 bond suffrage was given to women in Iowa; in 1898 the women of Minnesota were given the right to vote for library trustees, and in the same year Louisiana gave women taxpayers the right to vote in person or by proxy on all questions of taxation.

Women in Kansas have municipal suffrage (established in 1887) and bond suffrage (established in 1903).

In 1901 New York gave tax-paying women in all towns and villages of the state the right to vote on questions of local taxation.

In 1908 Michigan adopted a constitutional amendment providing for tax-paying suffrage for women taxpayers.

In Great Britain women have suffrage on the same terms as men except in Parliamentary elections.

Women have full suffrage in Australia and New Zealand, the Isle of Man, Finland and Norway. Twenty-five women were elected members of the Finnish Parliament in 1908.

Women have municipal suffrage in Ontario, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Quebec, British Columbia and the Northwest Territory, in Iceland, Denmark and Sweden. In France women engaged in commerce have the right to vote for Judges of the Tribunal of Commerce.

Women have some voting privileges in Cape Colony, in parts of India and even in Russia.

At the present time the storm centre of the movement is Great Britain. The International Woman Suffrage Alliance will meet in convention in London in the Spring of 1909.

The International Woman Suffrage Alliance is composed of National Woman Suffrage Associations representing 16 countries. Its officers are as follows: Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, New York City, President; Dr. Anita Augsborg, Hamburg, Germany, First Vice-President; Mrs. Millicent Garrett Fawcett, London, England, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, Swarthmore, Pa., Secretary; Mrs. Stanton Coit, London, England, Treasurer.

The officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Association are: Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, Moynan, Pa., President; Rachel Foster Avery, Swarthmore, Pa., First Vice-President; Mrs. Florence Kelley, New York City, Second Vice-President; Miss Kate M. Gordon, New Orleans, La., Corresponding Secretary; Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, Boston, Mass., Recording Secretary; Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, Warren, Ohio, Treasurer; Miss Laura Clay, Lexington, Ky., First Auditor. National Headquarters, Warren, Ohio.

The New York State Association opposed to Woman suffrage has its central office in New York City. Its officers are as follows: Mrs. Francis N. Scott, President; Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, First Vice President; Mrs. Elihu Root, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Mrs. William A. Putnam, Mrs. Robert McVickar, Mrs. George D. Miller, and Mrs. William P. Northrup, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. Francis S. Bangs, Treasurer; Mrs. George Phillips, Secretary, Room 819, Engineering Societies Building, 29 West 39th St., New York City. There are also organizations in Massachusetts, Illinois, Oregon, Iowa and Washington. These are founded with the object of testifying to legislative committees and through the medium of the public press that the opposition to woman suffrage is based upon what is claimed to be "the intelligent conviction of the majority of representative women in all lines of social, industrial, and domestic progress." Pamphlets with information as to the objects of the Association may be had from the Secretary.

POLITICAL DISTRICT APPORTIONMENTS,

1901.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

In accordance with provisions of the Fifty-sixth congress providing for eleven congressmen from Wisconsin, the legislature of 1901 reapportioned the state into eleven congressional districts. The total population of the state is 2,069,042, and the average population per congressional district is 188,094 and 8-11 persons, practically 188,095. By the new apportionment there are six districts with population below the normal, the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Ninth. The population of the other five districts is above normal. The Second district has the least population, 170,792, or 17,303 below normal. The Eleventh has the largest population, 217,650, or 29,555 above normal, a total difference of 46,858 between the lowest and highest in point of population. In point of population the Tenth district is closest to the normal figure, being but 2,830 above. The apportionment into congressional districts follow: [See map, back of book.]

District.	Counties or parts of counties.	Population.
FIRST	Green, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, Lafayette and Walworth counties	191,491
SECOND	Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties	170,792
THIRD	Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties	180,750
FOURTH	The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, in Milwaukee Co..	183,540
FIFTH	The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha	181,706
SIXTH	Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties	184,517
SEVENTH	Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties	193,890
EIGHTH	Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago counties	194,634
NINTH	Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties	179,097
TENTH	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties....	190,975
ELEVENTH	Barron, Bayfield, Burnette, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties.....	217,650
Total population		2,069,042

* Rusk county part of Chippewa.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[Average population per district, 62,998 8-33. See map, back of book.]

The apportionment of the state, by the legislature, into thirty-three senatorial districts, following each federal and state census of population, is in accordance with constitutional provision. By the census of 1900 the total population of the state is 2,069,042. Hence the unit, or normal for senatorial districts is 62,698 and 5-23, or practically 62,698 $\frac{1}{4}$. In the following table the districts are numbered in the apportionment act, and the actual population of each is given, also the excess of population above the normal figure in those districts having an excess, and the deficiency, or number under the normal, in those below the normal figure. The basis for this figuring is 62,698 even, not taking into account the fraction of one-fourth of a person to each district. This prohibits an exact balancing of the totals in the excess and efficiency columns by 8, the total of one-fourth of a person to each district.

The table shows a total of twenty districts, each having an excess above the normal, and thirteen each below the normal. The greatest difference in population of any two districts is between the Fourteenth, Outagamie and Shawano, with 73,722, an excess of 11,024, and the Thirteenth, Dodge, with a total population of 46,631, or 16,067 below normal, a total difference between them of 27,091. The table shows the excess or deficiency in each district, the list of districts, as constituted, following the table:

District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.	District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.
1.....	65,617	2,919	.....	18.....	63,383	688	.....
2.....	67,233	4,535	.....	19.....	58,225	.....	4,475
3.....	67,351	4,653	.....	20.....	66,708	4,010	.....
4.....	61,035	.....	1,663	21.....	61,098	.....	1,600
5.....	69,196	6,498	.....	22.....	51,203	.....	11,495
6.....	71,771	9,073	.....	23.....	64,048	1,350	.....
7.....	63,533	835	.....	24.....	64,729	2,031	.....
8.....	64,482	1,784	.....	25.....	69,104	6,406	.....
9.....	61,487	.....	1,211	26.....	69,435	6,737	.....
10.....	50,773	.....	11,925	27.....	64,127	1,429	.....
11.....	61,614	.....	1,084	28.....	47,834	.....	14,804
12.....	64,050	1,352	.....	29.....	73,390	10,692	.....
13.....	46,631	.....	16,067	30.....	53,835	.....	8,805
14.....	73,722	11,024	.....	31.....	66,198	3,500	.....
15.....	69,339	.....	3,357	32.....	66,111	3,413	.....
16.....	56,167	.....	6,531	33.....	58,818	.....	3,880
17.....	66,792	4,094	.....			

THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

Dist. No.	Counties or Parts of Counties.	Population.
1—	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	65,617
2—	Brown and Oconto	67,233
3—	Kenosha and Racine	67,351
4—	Milwaukee 1st.—The 1st, 13th, 18th and 21st wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Granville and Milwaukee, villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay	61,035
5—	Milwaukee 2d.—The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th and 16th wards, city of Milwaukee	69,196
6—	Milwaukee 3d.—The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th and 22d wards, city of Milwaukee	71,771

Dist. No.	Counties or Parts of Counties.	Population.
7—	Milwaukee 4th—The 14th and 17th wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, and Wauwatosa, village of Cudahy, cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa	63,533
8—	Milwaukee 5th—The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th and 23d wards, city of Milwaukee	64,482
9—	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood	61,487
10—	Pierce and St. Croix	50,773
11—	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	61,614
12—	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn	64,050
13—	Dodge	46,631
14—	Outagamie and Shawano	73,722
15—	Calumet and Manitowoc	59,339
16—	Crawford and Grant	56,167
17—	Green, Iowa and Lafayette	66,792
18—	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	63,386
19—	Winnebago	58,225
20—	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	66,708
21—	Portage and Waupaca	61,098
22—	Rock	51,203
23—	Jefferson and Walworth	64,043
24—	Chippewa, Eau Claire and Rusk	64,729
25—	Clark and Marathon	69,104
26—	Dane	69,435
27—	Columbia and Sauk	64,127
28—	Richland and Vernon	47,834
29—	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin	73,390
30—	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas	53,835
31—	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	66,198
32—	La Crosse and Trempealeau	66,111
33—	Washington and Waukesha	58,813
	Total	2,069,048

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Average population per district, 20,690 42-100. See map, back of book.)

The apportionment of the state into 100 assembly districts on a basis of the population of the state, as ascertained by the Federal census of 1900, is in accordance with constitutional provisions. The total population as a basis is 2,069,042, hence the normal average of population per district is 20,690 42-100 persons. The assembly districts, numbered as to population, follow:

District.	No.	Population.	District.	No.	Population.
Portage Co.....	1	29,483	Milwaukee Co., 15th...	52	20,613
Walworth Co.....	2	29,259	Iron, Oneida & Vilas..	53	20,420
Vernon Co.....	3	29,351	Price and Taylor Cos.	54	20,348
Monroe Co.....	4	28,103	Manitowoc Co., 1st....	55	20,343
Shawano Co.....	5	27,475	Winnebago Co., 1st....	56	20,317
St. Croix Co.....	6	26,830	Milwaukee Co., 12th...	57	20,231
Wood Co.....	7	25,865	Ashland Co.....	58	20,176
Clark Co.....	8	25,848	Grant Co., 1st.....	59	19,692
Burnett and Polk Cos..	9	25,279	Adams & Marquette Co	60	19,650
Sheboygan Co., 2d....	10	25,202	Richland Co.....	61	19,483
Sheboygan Co., 1st....	11	25,143	Milwaukee Co., 8th....	62	19,332
Dunn Co.....	12	25,043	Winnebago Co., 3d....	63	19,238
Racine Co., 1st.....	13	24,807	Grant Co., 2d.....	64	19,189
Buffalo and Pepin Cos.	14	24,670	Winnebago Co., 2d....	65	18,670
Dane Co., 1st.....	15	24,458	Douglas Co., 2d.....	66	18,295
Fond du Lac Co., 1st...	16	24,041	Douglas Co., 1st.....	67	18,040
Pierce Co.....	17	23,943	Waukesha Co., 2d.....	68	17,865
Fond du Lac Co., 2d....	18	23,848	Milwaukee Co., 9th....	69	17,653
Barron Co.....	19	23,677	Door Co.....	70	17,583
Dodge Co., 1st.....	20	23,636	Jackson Co.....	71	17,466
Washington Co.....	21	23,589	Jefferson Co., 2d....	72	17,412
Milwaukee Co., 2d....	22	23,580	Jefferson Co., 1st....	73	17,378
Bayfield, Sawyer and			Waukesha Co., 1st....	74	17,364
Washburn Cos.....	23	23,506	Chippewa Co., 2d....	75	17,361
Milwaukee Co., 1st....	24	23,396	Crawford Co.....	76	17,286
Brown Co., 1st.....	25	23,372	Kewaunee Co.....	77	17,212
Milwaukee Co., 6th....	26	23,270	Rock Co., 3d.....	78	17,210
Milwaukee Co., 5th....	27	23,247	Florence, Forest, and		
Outagamie Co., 2d....	28	23,145	Langlade Cos.....	79	17,146
Iowa Co.....	29	23,114	Rock Co., 2d.....	80	17,091
Trempealeau Co.....	30	23,114	Calumet Co.....	81	17,078
Outagamie Co., 1st...	31	23,102	Milwaukee Co., 13th...	82	17,026
Dodge Co., 2d.....	32	22,995	Milwaukee Co., 10th...	83	17,024
Brown Co., 2d.....	33	22,987	Sauk Co., 1st.....	84	16,905
Green Co.....	34	22,719	Rock Co., 1st.....	85	16,902
Dane Co., 2d.....	35	22,510	Milwaukee Co., 16th...	86	16,863
Dane Co., 3d.....	36	22,467	Ozaukee Co.....	87	16,363
Milwaukee Co., 4th....	37	22,346	Waupaca Co., 1st....	88	16,337
Milwaukee Co., 3d....	38	22,236	Lincoln Co.....	89	16,269
Manitowoc Co., 2d....	39	21,918	Marinette Co., 1st...	90	16,195
Milwaukee Co., 11th...	40	21,903	Sauk Co., 2d.....	91	16,101
La Crosse Co., 1st....	41	21,840	Columbia Co., 2d....	92	16,004
Kenosha Co.....	42	21,707	Waushara Co.....	93	15,972
Marathon Co., 2d....	43	21,697	Eau Claire Co., 2d....	94	15,902
Marathon Co., 1st....	44	21,559	Green Lake Co.....	95	15,795
La Crosse Co., 2d....	45	21,157	Eau Claire Co., 1st...	96	15,790
Lafayette Co.....	46	20,959	Chippewa Co., 1st....	97	15,676
Oconto Co.....	47	20,874	Waupaca Co., 2d....	98	15,278
Racine Co., 2d.....	48	20,837	Columbia Co., 1st....	99	15,117
Milwaukee Co., 14th...	49	20,651	Marinette Co., 2d....	100	14,627
Milwaukee Co., 7th....	50	20,646			
Juneau Co.....	51	20,629			
			Total.....	100	2,069,042

In the apportionment adopted there are forty-eight districts, each with a population above the normal and fifty-two each with population below normal. The forty-eight above normal have a total population of 1,143,807, a total of 150,667 above normal. Their average population is 23,829 15-48 each, or an average of 3,139 each above normal. The other fifty-two districts have a total of 925,235 population. Their average population per district is 17,793, an average of 2,897 each below normal. Under this apportionment forty-eight members of the assembly will represent 55 28-100 per cent. of the people and fifty-two members will represent 44 72-100 per cent. of the people of the state. The district with the highest excess above normal is that constituted by Portage county with an excess of 8,793. The one least above is the second district of Racine county, with an excess of only 183. The fourteenth district of Milwaukee county is but 37 below normal, while the second district of Marinette county is 6,063 below normal. There are sixteen districts practically within 1,000 of the normal figure—numbers 43 to 58, inclusive, and twenty-five are within 1,500 of the normal figure. A complete list of the assembly districts as constituted by the apportionment of 1901 is as follows:

SINGLE COUNTY DISTRICTS.

Ashland County, one district. Population, 1900—20,176.
 Barron County, one district. Population, 1900—23,677.
 Calumet County, one district. Population, 1900—17,078.
 Clark county, one district. Population, 1900—25,818.
 Crawford County, one district. Population, 1900—17,286.
 Door County, one district. Population, 1900—17,583.
 Dunn county, one district. Population, 1900—25,643.
 Green County, one district. Population, 1900—22,719.
 Green Lake County, one district. Population, 1900—15,797A
 Iowa County, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 Jackson county, one district. Population, 1900—17,463.
 Juneau County, one district. Population, 1900—20,629.
 Kenosha County, one district. Population, 1900—21,707.
 Kewaunee County, one district. Population, 1900—17,212.
 La Fayette County, one district. Population, 1900—20,953.
 Lincoln County, one district. Population, 1900—16,269.
 Monroe County, one district. Population, 1900—28,163.
 Oconto County, one district. Population, 1900—20,874.
 Ozaukee County, one district. Population, 1900—16,363.
 Pierce County, one district. Population, 1900—23,943.
 Portage County, one district. Population, 1900—29,483.
 Richland County, one district. Population, 1900—19,483.
 Shawano County, one district. Population, 1900—27,475.
 St. Croix County, one district. Population, 1900—26,839.
 Trempealeau County, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 Vernon County, one district. Population, 1900—28,351.
 Walworth County, one district. Population, 1900—29,279.
 Washington County, one district. Population, 1900—23,589.
 Waushara County, one district. Population, 1900—15,972.
 Wood County, one district. Population, 1900—25,835.

DISTRICTS EMBRACING TWO OR MORE COUNTIES.

Adams and Marquette Counties, one district. Population, 1900—19,650.
 Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn Counties, one district. Population, 1900—23,596.
 Buffalo and Pepin Counties, one district. Population, 1900—24,670.
 Burnett and Polk Counties, one district. Population, 1900—25,279.
 Forest, Florence and Langlade Counties, one district. Population, 1900—17,146
 Iron, Oneida and Vilas Counties, one district. Population, 1900—20,429.
 Price and Taylor Counties, one district. Population, 1900—20,203.

DISTRICTS, TWO OR MORE IN A COUNTY.

- Brown Co., First Dist.—The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico, and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372.
- Brown Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of Depere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,987.
- Chippewa Co., First Dist.—The towns of Edison, La Fayette, Siegel, Tilden, and Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1900—15,676.
- * Chippewa Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, and the first, second and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361.
- Columbia Co., First Dist.—The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, New Port, Pacific, and West Point, the villages of Kilbourn City, Lodi, and Poynette and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117.
- Columbia Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Columbus, Courland, Fountain, Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale, and Wyocena, the villages of Cambria, Pardeeville, Rio, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,694.
- Dane Co., First Dist.—The towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Madison, Pleasant Springs, and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—24,453.
- Dane Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Windsor, Westport, and York, the villages of Deerfield, Sun Prairie and Waunakee, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.
- Dane Co., Third Dist.—The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Pitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springdale, Springfield, Vienna, Vermont, and Verona, the villages of Belleville, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1900—22,467.
- Dodge Co., First Dist.—The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebaon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williamstown, the villages of Lomira and Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville, and the fifth and sixth wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—23,636.
- Dodge Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Chester, Eiba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reeseville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam, and the south ward of the city of Waupun. Population, 1900—18,295.
- Douglas Co., First Dist.—The second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,940.
- Douglas Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamon and Superior, and the first, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,295.
- Eau Claire Co., First Dist.—The town of Seymour, the first, second, third, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.

* By act of legislature in 1901, the county of Gates was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Bush, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river) and remains a part of the second assembly district of Chippewa county.

- Eau Claire Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the fourth and seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1930—15,932.
- * Includes Rusk Co.
- Fond du Lac Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield and Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1930—24,041.
- Fond du Lac Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Osceola, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1930—23,843.
- Grant Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1930—19,694.
- Grant Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Milleville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyalusing, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montford and Muscoda, the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population, 1930—19,187.
- Jefferson Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Isonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Palmyra, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1930—17,377.
- Jefferson Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson. Population, 1930—17,412.
- La Crosse Co., First Dist.**—The town of Campbell, the first, second, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1930—21,840.
- La Crosse Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the third, eighth, seventeenth, and eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1930—21,157.
- Manitowoc Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1930—20,343.
- Manitowoc Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibston, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1930—21,918.
- Marathon Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, McMillan, Marathon, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reibrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, the villages of Edgar, Marathon City, McMillan, and Mosinee, and the east ward of Colby. Population, 1930—21,559.
- Marathon Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1930—21,697.
- Marinette Co., First Dist.**—The city of Marinette. Population, 1930—16,195.
- Marinette Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Amberg, Coleman, Crivitz, Dunbar, Grover, Peshigo, Porterfield and Wausaukee. Population, 1930—14,627.
- Milwaukee Co., First Dist.**—The first and eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1930—23,396.
- Milwaukee Co., Second Dist.**—The second and sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1930—22,589.

- Milwaukee Co., Third Dist.—The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,236.
- Milwaukee Co., Fourth Dist.—The fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.
- Milwaukee Co., Fifth Dist.—The fifth and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.
- Milwaukee Co., Sixth Dist.—The third, fourth, and seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.
- Milwaukee Co., Seventh Dist.—The towns of Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—20,646.
- Milwaukee Co., Eighth Dist.—The eighth and twenty-third wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332.
- Milwaukee Co., Ninth Dist.—The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,653.
- Milwaukee Co., Tenth Dist.—The tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.
- Milwaukee Co., Eleventh Dist.—The eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.
- Milwaukee Co., Twelfth Dist.—The nineteenth and twenty-second wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.
- Milwaukee Co., Thirteenth Dist.—The thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.
- Milwaukee Co., Fourteenth Dist.—The fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.
- Milwaukee Co., Fifteenth Dist.—The twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee, and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.
- Milwaukee Co., Sixteenth Dist.—The twentieth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.
- Outagamie Co., First Dist.—The towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute and Greenville, and the city of Appleton. Population, 1900—23,102.
- Outagamie Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonville, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborne and Seymour, the villages of Little Chute and Hortonville, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, the third ward of the city of New London, and that part of Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county. Population, 1900—23,145.
- Racine Co., First Dist.—The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.
- Racine Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond and Rochester, the villages of Union Grove, Waterford and Yorkville, the seventh ward of the city of Racine, and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,837.
- Rock Co., First Dist.—The towns of Center, Fulton, Janesville, Lima, Milton, Magnolia, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley and Union, and the cities of Edgerton and Evansville. Population, 1900—16,902.
- Rock Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bradford, Harmony, Johnston and La Prairie, and the city of Janesville. Population, 1900—17,091.
- Rock Co., Third Dist.—The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, and Turtle, the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit. Population, 1900—17,210.
- Sauk Co., First Dist.—The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.
- Sauk Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green, and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—16,101.

- Sheboygan Co., First Dist.—The town of Sheboygan, and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,143.
- Sheboygan Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Holland, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman and Wilson, the villages of Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake and Sheboygan Falls, and the city of Plymouth. Population, 1900—25,202.
- Waukesha Co., First Dist.—The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon and Waukesha, the village of Eagle, and the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.
- Waukesha Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menomonee Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population, 1900—17,865.
- Waupaca Co., First Dist.—The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.
- Waupaca Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larrabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the first, second, fourth and fifth wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.
- Winnebago Co., First Dist.—The town of Oshkosh, the first, second, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.
- Winnebago Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population, 1900—18,670.
- Winnebago Co., Third Dist.—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, the village of Omro, the third, sixth, ninth and thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,233.

Note.—One of the last acts of the legislature of 1905 was to pass a law changing the name of Gates county to Rusk county; hence the territory embraced in Gates county in the above apportionment will hereafter be known as Rusk county. Several new towns, villages, wards, and voting precincts have also been created since the above apportionment was made, but are not included above. They can be found elsewhere under the head of "election statistics."

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES

U. S. SENATORS.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

STATE OFFICERS.

JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT

STATE SENATORS

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

UNIVERSITY FACULTY.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE SIXTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

ROBERT MARION LA FOLLETTE (Rep.) was born at Primrose, Dane county, Wisconsin, June 14th, 1855; graduated from the state university of Wisconsin January, 1879; admitted to the bar February 1880; elected district attorney of Dane county November, 1880; re-elected in 1882; elected a member of the forty-ninth congress 1884; re-elected in 1886; re-elected in 1888; defeated for re-election in 1890; elected a district delegate to the national Republican convention June, 1896; elected a delegate-at-large to the Republican national convention June, 1904; elected governor of Wisconsin 1900; re-elected 1902; re-elected 1904; elected to the United States senate to succeed Joseph V. Quarles January 25, 1905. Took his seat as United States senator January 4th, 1906. His term of service will expire March 3, 1911.

ISAAC STEPHENSON (Rep.) was born in York county, near Fredericton, New Brunswick, June 18, 1829. His early life was spent in assisting his father who was a farmer and a lumberman. A short time was spent at public schools but most of his education is the result of observation and experience. At the age of fourteen years he moved to Bangor, Me., but shortly thereafter came west, locating at Milwaukee. After a few years spent in unsuccessful farming, he transferred his operations to lumbering in the northern peninsula of Michigan. His earliest work in the field was contracting for putting in logs in the winter, while during the summer, he carried freight to Chicago and Milwaukee by boat. When the first land office was opened in northern Michigan in 1848, Mr. Stephenson and his associates purchased large tracts of timber lands on the Escanaba, Ford and Sturgeon rivers and on Big Bay de Noquet. In 1857 he discontinued contracting logs and engaged in the manufacture of lumber. Since that date his business operations have grown rapidly until today he is one of the most extensive lumber manufacturers in the United States. In addition to its manufacture, he maintains large yards for the wholesale and retail distribution of lumber and is also heavily interested in the manufacture of paper. Mr. Stephenson is also a banker and owns a model dairy and stock farm. His business interests are centered at Chicago, Milwaukee and at his home city, Marinette. Politically he has been a Republican since the organization of that party. He was a member of the assembly in 1866 and re-elected in 1868. In 1882 he was elected to congress and served three terms when his

business affairs required his declining a renomination. In 1880 and in 1892 he was a delegate to the Republican national convention. In 1890 was delegate at large to the Republican National convention at Philadelphia; elected delegate at large to Chicago convention in 1904 and was chairman of the delegation. In 1903 was elected delegate at large at the primary election to the National convention at Chicago. In May, 1907, Mr. Stephenson was elected to the United States senate to serve for the unexpired term of Hon. John C. Spooner, resigned. His term of office expired March 4, 1909. He was re-elected March 4, 1909. His term of office will expire March 4, 1915.

REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Green, Kenosha, Lafayette, Racine, Rock and Walworth counties. Population, 1900—191,491.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, was born at Spring Prairie, Walworth county, Wisconsin, September 8, 1850; graduated from Northwestern University in 1873, and from Union College of Law, Chicago (now Law School of N. W. University) in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always lived in Wisconsin; in 1880 was elected district attorney of Racine county, and re-elected without opposition in 1882 and in 1884; state senator in 1886; author of the law which first established the Australian ballot system in Wisconsin; was elected representative in congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906 and again in 1908 receiving 26,723 votes against 14,018 for H. A. Moehlenpah (Dem.), 1,791 for W. A. Jacobs (Soc. Dem.) and 1,576 for J. H. Berkey (Pro.).

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties. Population, 1900—170,792.

JOHN MANDT NELSON (Rep.), of Madison, was born in the town of Burke, Dane county, Wis., October 10, 1870; received a collegiate education, graduating from the University of Wisconsin in June, 1892; was elected superintendent of schools in Dane county in 1892 and re-elected in 1894; resigned to accept the position of bookkeeper in the office of the Secretary of State 1894-1897; edited the State 1897-1898; correspondent in State Treasury 1898-1902; was graduated from the law department of the state university 1896; pursued post-graduate studies at the University of Wisconsin 1901-1903; was secretary of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin 1904-1905; was married in 1891 to Thea Johanna Stoddall; they have six children; is by profession a lawyer; was elected to the fifty-ninth congress September 4th, 1906, to fill a vacancy; re-elected to the sixtieth congress; re-elected to the sixty-first congress, receiving 20,925 votes, to 17,748 for J. E. Jones, (Dem.), 368 for W. A. Hall, (Soc. Dem.).

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties. Population, 1900—180,750.

ARTHUR W. KOPP (Rep.), of Platteville, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Smelser, Grant county, Wisconsin, February 28th, 1874; he was educated in country schools and in 1895 graduated from the State Normal School at Platteville, Wisconsin. He then taught school for five years. He graduated from the Law Department of Wisconsin University in 1930; since that time he has practiced Law at Platteville; he served as City Attorney of Platteville for two terms and four years as District Attorney of Grant County, Wisconsin; was elected to congress in November, 1908, on the Republican ticket receiving 21,160 votes against 16,010 for J. W. Murphy (Dem.), and 918 for John Hardcastle (Pro.).

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee, West Allis and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1900—183,540.

WILLIAM JOSEPH CARY (Rep.) was born March 22, 1865, at Milwaukee, Wis. At the age of thirteen he was left an orphan, with four younger sisters and a brother. The five younger children were placed in an orphan asylum, and young Cary went to work as a cash-boy in Chapman's store. He left to become a telegraph messenger, and at the age of eighteen he became a full fledged operator, having studied the key after hours, and when not running messages. At nineteen he had saved enough money to take the four younger children from the asylum, and give them a home of their own. In 1900 he was elected alderman from his ward, on account of the demand for a reform representative, and in 1902 was re-elected. In 1904 he was elected sheriff of Milwaukee county, and in 1906 was elected congressman to succeed Theobald Otjen, who had held the office in the fourth district for twelve years; was re-elected in 1908, receiving 15,509 votes against 9,783 votes for Edmund J. Melms (Soc. Dem.), and 14,370 votes for Wm. J. Kershaw (Dem.).

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha. Population, 1900—181,706.

WILLIAM H. STAFFORD (Rep.), the representative from the fifth congressional district, is a native of Milwaukee. He attended the Milwaukee public schools, and later attended Harvard college and Harvard law school, from which he was graduated. At the time of his election to congress he was in the active practice of law in Milwaukee. He was elected to the fifty-eighth congress, and re-elected to the fifty-ninth, sixtieth and sixty-first congress, receiving 16,394 votes against 11,279 for Albert J. Welch (Soc. Dem.), 12,871 for G. Holmes Daubner (Dem.).

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties. Population, 1900—184,517.

CHAS. H. WEISSE (Dem.) was born in Sheboygan Falls, Oct. 24, 1866; received his education in the parochial and high schools of his native city; entered his father's tannery in 1880 and became a partner in the firm of Chas. S. Weisse & Co., tanners and furriers, in 1888; was elected president of the village of Sheboygan Falls in 1893 and re-elected for three successive terms; served three years as treasurer of school board of Sheboygan Falls; chosen as a delegate-at-large to the Democratic national convention at St. Louis, in 1904; member of the campaign committee of the national Democratic congressional committee, 1906; was elected to the 58th congress in 1902, to the 59th congress in 1904; 60th congress in 1906, and re-elected to the 61st congress in 1908 by a plurality of 7,133, receiving 23,317 votes against 16,184 for George Spratt (Rep.), and 866 for Edward C. Damrow (Soc. Dem.).

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1900—193,890.

JOHN JACOB ESCH (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born near Norwalk, Monroe county, Wis., March 20, 1831. He was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and Sparta, Wis.; entered the state university in 1878, and graduated from the modern classical course in 1882. The next four years he spent in reading law and teaching at Sparta; was offered the principalship of the high school, but declined and entered the university law school, graduating in the class of 1897. From this time to the present he has been engaged in the practice of law at La Crosse as a member of the firm of Winter & Esch. In 1883 he organized the Sparta Rifles, afterwards known as Co. I, 3d Regiment W. N. G., and was at one time its captain. He also helped organize the Gateway City Guards of La Crosse, now Co. M, 3d Regiment W. N. G. Never held but one elective office, that of city treasurer of Sparta, and this for only one year. Has always been a Republican. Was elected to the 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th and 61st congresses, receiving 25,202 votes against 11,466 for B. F. Keeler (Dem.), and 372 for W. Gray (Soc. Dem.)

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago counties. Population, 1900—194,634.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Colchester, Delaware county, New York, June 18th, 1858; was educated in the public schools and at Walton (New York) Academy; taught school, studied law, graduated from Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884, and was in the same year admitted to the bar of New York; subsequently removed to Wisconsin and commenced the practice of law at Princeton in 1887; in 1892 removed to Oshkosh and continued the practice of law; in 1895 was appointed city attorney; was chairman of the Republican congressional committee from 1899 to 1896; was elected to the 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th and 61st congresses, receiving 25,097 votes against 14,984 for Lyman J. Nash (Dem.), 1,389 for Martin Georrenson (Soc. Dem.), 851 for Byron E. Van Kueren (Pro.).

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties. Population in 1900—179,097.

GUSTAV KUSTERMANN (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born in Detmold, Germany, May 24, 1850; received his education at the academy of his native city (Gymnasium Leopoldinum) from which he graduated in 1864. After having been employed for several years in a wholesale dry goods house in Hamburg, Germany, he emigrated to the United States in 1888, settling in Green Bay, Wis., where he and his family still reside; and where for over thirty years he was engaged in the mercantile business. He has held various public positions, and from 1892 to 1896 served as postmaster of Green Bay. In 1901 he received the appointment as member of the state board of control, of which he became president in 1904. He was elected to the 63th congress in 1906, receiving 14,180 votes against 8,689 for Philip A. Badour (Dem.), and 547 for Joseph E. Harris (Soc. Dem.). He was re-elected to the 61st congress in 1908, receiving 13,562 votes against 15,249 for Luther Lindauer (Dem.), and 783 for J. E. Harris (Soc. Dem.).

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties. Population in 1900—190,975.

ELMER A. MORSE (Rep.), of Antigo, Wisconsin, was born in Racine county in 1870; was educated in the common schools of Racine county; graduated from Ripon College in 1893, then served four years as superintendent of schools of Racine county; entered the law school at Wisconsin university and was admitted to the bar in 1900. He commenced practicing law in the city of Antigo in the year 1900 and has been actively engaged in the practice since that time. He served two terms as city attorney of the city of Antigo resigning during third term. He has always resided in Wisconsin. He was elected member of the 60th congress in 1906 and re-elected to 61st congress in 1908, receiving 26,031 votes, against 16,777 for Wells M. Ruggles (Dem.).

ELEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, Rusk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population in 1900—217,650.

IRVINE L. LENROOT (Rep.), is a native of Wisconsin, born at Superior in 1869. His parents emigrated to this country from Sweden in 1855 and settled in Wisconsin in 1856. Mr. Lenroot received a common school education, became a stenographer and studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1897. He has always been a Republican, actively interested in politics. In 1900 he was elected a member of the Wisconsin Assembly. Re-elected in 1903 he was elected Speaker of the Assembly, and re-elected in 1905. In 1906 Mr. Lenroot was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of Wisconsin, but was defeated. At the session of the legislature of 1907 he was a candidate to succeed Senator Spooner in the United States Senate. A deadlock lasting eight weeks was created, Mr. Lenroot being one of the leading candidates. He finally withdrew and Hon. Isaac Stephenson was elected. In 1908 he became a candidate for member of congress, and defeated Hon. J. J. Jenkins for the Republican nomination by a majority of 6,500 votes, and at the November election was elected, receiving 39,104 votes to 10,467 votes for his democratic opponent J. S. Konkel and 1,117 for E. B. Harris (Soc. Dem.).

STATE OFFICERS.

GOVERNOR.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers Grove, was born in Norway, Feb. 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing, first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers Grove. He has been engaged for thirty-two years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers Grove in 1885 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and again in 1897 and 1898; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894 and again in 1896. He was chairman of the Republican committee of the third congressional district for several years; was elected state treasurer in 1898 and re-elected in 1900; was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, upon the resignation of Gov. R. M. La Follette he became Governor, Jan. 1, 1906. The following November he was elected governor and was re-elected in 1908 receiving 242,963 votes against 165,977 for John A. Aylward (Dem.), 28,583 for H. D. Brown (Soc. Dem.), 11,754 for W. D. Cox (Pro.), and 394 for Herman Bottema (Soc. Labor).

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JOHN STRANGE (Rep.) was born at Oakfield, Fond du Lac county, on June 27, 1852. His parents, Thomas Strange and Martha Dixon Strange, with John and an older child moved to Menasha, during the fall of the same year. The father worked at manual labor during most of his life time, at Menasha, dying at the age of seventy-six in 1897. The mother is still alive at the age of eighty-three. John worked in the woodenware factory during a part of each year of his boyhood, attending the district school a portion of the time. In 1870 he took some special work at Beloit College and later taught school in Rock county, Wisconsin, and Clinton county, Iowa. The year 1871 was spent clerking in a grocery store at Minneapolis; 1872 was spent in scaling logs on the Menominee river and doing camp work. In 1873-4-5-6 he made powder kegs for the Marquette Michigan Powder Mills, part of each year and bought wheat and did the office work for a 500 barrel flour mill at Menasha or worked at woodenware making, parts of each of these years. In 1875-6 he built the first store at Dale, Outagamie county, selling out to W. H. Spangler in the spring of 1876. On July 11, 1876, he married Miss Mary M. McGregor of Neenah and the same fall moved to Iowa where for two years he conducted a retail lumber yard. He returned to Neenah in 1899 and became interested in the manufacture and sale of lumber at points along the W. C. Ry. and elsewhere. Later he built a saw mill and woodenware factory at Menasha which three years later was changed into a wrapping paper mill. At present he is managing director of the John Strange Paper Co., at Menasha, a director in the R. McMillen Sash & Door Co., the Standard Mirror of Oshkosh and the Fox River Paper Co., of Appleton. Mr. and Mrs. Strange have two daughters and two sons. The former, Mrs. Robert McMillen and Mrs. J. W. McLaughlin of Oshkosh. The sons, Hugh Strange and Paul Strange, twenty-three and twenty-one years of age, both engaged in business with the father. The family home is at 305 Algoma St., Oshkosh. He was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1908 receiving 243,443 votes against 159,795 for Burt Williams (Dem.), and 28,461 votes for Chester M. Wright (Soc. Dem.), and 11,146 votes for Charles H. Forward (Pro.), and scattering, 374.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

JAMES A. FREAR (Rep.) was born at Hudson, Wis., Oct. 24, 1861. Attended Lawrence University at Appleton, Wisconsin, in 1878, when with his parents he moved to Washington, D. C. Served five years in the U. S. Signal Corps at Fort Myer, Va., Indianapolis and Washington, and graduated from the National Law University, Washington, in 1884. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court, District of Columbia, the same year and then returned to Hudson, entering the practice of law in that city. Has held different city offices, including city attorney for several years. He was appointed district attorney for St. Croix county by Governor Upham in April, 1896, and was elected for three consecutive terms thereafter. He was appointed on the staff of the governor in 1901 and elected to the assembly in 1902, and to the state senate in 1904. He was appointed chairman of the senate investigation committee on state insurance March 9th, 1905, and at the same session chosen a member of the Wisconsin Insurance Investigation committee. Served as chairman of both committees during the year 1906. He was elected secretary of state in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 243,443 votes against 157,460 for F. B. Schutz (Dem.), 28,441 for J. G. Irwin (Soc. Dem.), 10,869 for L. H. Park (Pro.), and 880 for John Vierthaler (independent)

STATE TREASURER.

ANDREW H. DAHL (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Lewiston, Columbia county, Wisconsin, April 13, 1859, and was educated in the high school at Viroqua and the Northwestern Business College at Madison. Vernon county has been his home since 1864, where he is engaged in dealing in general merchandise. He was supervisor of the village of Westby during 1896 and 1897, and was elected trustee of Vernon county asylum in 1897 and re-elected in 1901 and 1904. He was president of the village from 1899 to 1902, and was elected to the assembly in 1898, 1900, 1902 and 1904; was chairman of committee on penal and charitable institutions in the legislature of 1903, and served as chairman of committee on "Assessment and Collection of Taxes" during the session of 1905. He was elected state treasurer in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 245,760 votes against 157,101 for G. T. Heslin (Dem.), 28,471 for H. M. Parks (Soc. Dem.), and 10,809 for Waldemar Ager (Pro.).

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

FRANK L. GILBERT (Rep.), of Madison, was born March 3, 1864, in Arena, Iowa county, Wisconsin. When but a few months old he was made an orphan by the death of his father in the civil war. His early youth was spent in Iowa county, Wisconsin, working on farms in the summer and attending school in the winter. He taught his first school at the age of sixteen and graduated from the Mazomanie high school in 1883. He later entered the academic department of the University, but before graduating was obliged to abandon his studies in order to earn means to pursue them. In 1896 he entered the law school of the state university, passed the state bar examination in 1897, and though engaged actively in practice continued his studies in the law school, graduating in 1899. Served as district attorney of Dane county from January 1st, 1902, to January 1st, 1907. He was elected attorney general in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 244,705 votes against 157,492 for E. A. Evans (Dem.), 28,373 for H. B. Walmsley (Soc. Dem.), and 10,817 for J. B. Smith (Pro.).

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE E. BEEDLE was born in Shawano, Wis., July 17th, 1864; was educated in the common schools; was in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, from 1883 to 1889; was elected a member of the county board of supervisors in 1901, resigning that position to become one of the first trustees of the Waupaca county asylum, which position he held until his term expired, December 31st, 1906, when he retired to take up the duties of Commissioner of Insurance. Was elected member of assembly in 1902 and re-elected in 1904. He was appointed one of the Legislative Insurance Investigating committee at the special session of the legislature in 1905. He was elected Commissioner of Insurance in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 244,749 votes against 156,222 for Wm. Guillaume (Dem.), 28,356 for H. W. Bistorius (Soc. Dem.), 10,882 for D. W. Emerson (Pro.), and 416 for Theodore Horn (Soc. Labor).

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

C. P. CARY was born in southern Ohio, January 23, 1856. His mother was of German descent and his father was directly related to the English political economist, Henry Cary. From the time he arrived at school age till he was seventeen he worked on his father's farm in summer and attended the district school in winter. At the age of seventeen he began to teach district school in winter and continued working on the farm in summer. In 1877 he entered the Ohio Central Normal School and was graduated in 1879. After this he taught for seven years as principal of graded schools in Ohio and Kansas, and served during most of this period as county examiner of teachers and instructor in teachers' institutes. In 1886 he was elected county superintendent of schools in Brown county, Kansas, but declined renomination for a second term, and accepted the position of superintendent and high school principal at Fairbury, Nebraska. This position he resigned in the summer of 1893 to accept the position of instructor in pedagogy and principal of the training department of the Milwaukee State Normal School. This position he resigned in the summer of 1901 to accept the position of superintendent of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf at Delavan, Wis. This position he resigned in the fall of 1902 to accept the nomination for the office of state superintendent of public instruction. He holds a life certificate to teach in the schools of Nebraska, also in Wisconsin, and is a graduate of the University of Chicago, class of '98. He is an active member of the National Educational Association, and a member of the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, and has devoted his life to the study of all the sciences and arts that bear upon the problems of education; was elected superintendent of public instruction in 1902, 1905 and was re-elected in 1909, receiving 86,210 votes against 75,278 for L. W. Wood, 49,735 for J. T. Hooper, and 30,992 for W. C. Hewitt.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. WINSLOW, LL. D., University of Wisconsin, was born Oct. 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, N. Y. He graduated at Racine college, Wis., in 1871, and entered upon the study of law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading in the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the First judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity (being re-elected) until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; and again re-elected for a full term in April, 1905. He became Chief Justice by reason of seniority of service upon the death of Chief Justice Cassoday, Dec. 30, 1907.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL, LL. D., Lawrence University, 1904, and LL. D., University of Wisconsin, 1905, was born December 27th, 1847, in Nashua, N. H. His paternal ancestors, Marshalls and Emersons, came to this country from England about 1635 and settled at Boston, Mass. His maternal ancestors, Dodges and Pitkins came likewise from England about 1659, the Dodges settling near Boston and the Pitkins at Hartford, Conn. He came to Wisconsin with his parents who settled at Delton, Sauk county, Wisconsin, in 1854. He was educated in the common schools of his town, the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. He commenced the study of law at 17, pursuing the same, partly with his school work, till he was 24, when he was admitted to the bar, commenced practicing law in Chippewa Falls, Chippewa county, Wisconsin, and so continued till he became Circuit Judge. He was appointed County Judge of Chippewa county by Governor Ludington in 1876, holding the office under the appointment and a subsequent election, six years; member of the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin, 1884-1886; elected Circuit Judge of the Eleventh circuit in 1888, and re-elected in 1894; appointed to the Supreme Bench by Governor Upham, 1895, to succeed Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton, deceased, elected to that office in 1896 for the unexpired term of the deceased Chief Justice, re-elected for a term of ten years in 1897 and re-elected for a like term in 1907.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE was born Oct. 25, 1854, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Middlesex county, Mass.; received his education in the public schools of that place, Westford Academy, at Westford, in the same county and graduated with the class of 1875 from Iowa College at Grinnell, Ia.; graduated from the Law School of the Boston University in 1877. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Massachusetts in that year; moved to Racine, Wis., in March, 1878, and there continued in the general practice of the law until September, 1893, when he was appointed assistant attorney general of the United States, which position he occupied until July, 1897, when he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in practice at Milwaukee until his appointment as associate justice of the supreme court upon the resignation of Mr. Justice Pinney Nov. 22, 1898; was a member of assembly in 1891 and 1892, and was appointed a member of the board of commissioners for the promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, April 18, 1898. Mr. Dodge was elected to full term on the supreme bench in April, 1901.

ROBERT G. SIEBECKER was born October 17, 1854, in Sauk county, Wisconsin. He was educated in the district school until he was seventeen and he then attended a private academy at Madison for two years. He entered the University of Wisconsin in September, 1874, and graduated in June, 1878. In the fall of this year he entered the law school of the university and he graduated therefrom in June, 1880. He was admitted to the bar on examination in September, 1879. In October of that year he began the practice of law at Madison and this he continued until his appointment as judge of the Ninth judicial circuit on January 7th, 1890. In March, 1886, he was elected city attorney of Madison and was annually re-elected until he went on the circuit bench. In April, 1890, he was elected judge of the circuit court for the unexpired term and for the ensuing full term. He was twice thereafter re-elected to this position without opposition. On April 7th, 1903, he was elected a justice of the supreme court, for the term beginning in January, 1904, and on April 9th, was appointed for the unexpired term in this office, caused by the death of Justice C. V. Bardeen.

JAMES C. KERWIN was born in the town of Menasha, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, May 4, 1850. He attended the common schools of the neighborhood and later the Menasha high school, from which he was graduated. He prepared himself for the practice of law by a course of study in the law school of the University of Wisconsin, and was graduated in 1875. Returning to his native county, he opened an office in Neenah and has since been actively engaged in the profession. He was city attorney of Neenah for twelve years, and was appointed a member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin in 1901. In April, 1904, he was elected associate justice of the supreme court, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1905.

W. H. TIMLIN was born at Mequon, Ozaukee county, Wisconsin, May 28th, 1852, admitted to the bar in 1877, and practiced law at Kewaunee, Green Bay and Milwaukee. Married and has four children. Elected Justice of Supreme Court in April, 1906, for the term commencing January 7th, 1907.

JOHN BARNES was born in Manitowoc county July 26, 1859. Was educated in the common schools, at the Manitowoc high school and at the Oshkosh normal school. Taught school for several years; studied law, and graduated from the law school of the University of Wisconsin in 1883. Began the practice of law at Rhinelander in 1885, served as first municipal judge of Oneida county, and as president of the school board of the city of Rhinelander for a number of years. Was appointed a member of the Wisconsin Railroad Commission in 1905, and elected chairman of that body; resigned August 1, 1907. At the April election in 1908, was elected to fill the vacancy on the supreme court bench caused by the death of Chief Justice Cassoday. Was re-elected for a full term in April, 1909.

THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

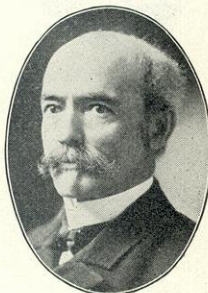
SENATE.

The senate is composed of thirty-three members, who hold office for four years and receive \$500 each for their services at each regular session. Members of the senate, session of 1907, representing odd-numbered districts, were elected in 1906. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1911. Those representing even-numbered districts were elected in 1908. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1913. The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie. A temporary president, to act in the absence of the president, is chosen by the members of the senate. The senate of 1909 contains 28 republicans, 4 democrats, and one social democrat. Lieutenant-Governor John Strange, president; Jas. H. Stout, president pro tem; F. E. Andrews, chief clerk; R. C. Falconer, sergeant-at-arms.

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population, 1900—65,617.

HARLAN PAGE BIRD (Rep.), of Wausaukee, is a native of Pennsylvania. He is a lumberman and banker. He was elected state senator in 1902; re-elected in 1906, receiving 4,995 votes against 3,125 for Leo J. Evans (Dem.), and 216 for James Larson (Soc. Dem.).



Harlan Page Bird.

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1900—67,233.

TIMOTHY BURKE (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born in the town of Morrison, Brown county, Wisconsin, February 2, 1866. He received a common school education and besides mastered all of the usual collegiate subjects through his individual efforts. He was a teacher in the district schools, which occupation he followed, together with that of farming, for several years, and during his leisure time studied law. He entered the law department of the University of Wisconsin in the fall of 1897 and passed the state bar examination in December of that year, but attended the law school until the summer of 1898; was member of assembly from the second district of Brown county, Wisconsin, in 1895 and 1896, and was sheriff of Brown county in 1901 and 1902. After leaving

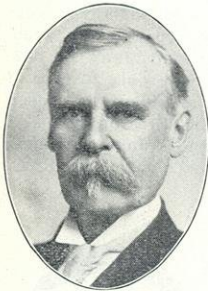


Timothy Burke

the sheriff's office he engaged in the practice of law and is a member of the firm of Kittell & Burke; was elected chairman of the Republican committee for Brown county in 1904 and was re-elected in 1906, and again in 1908, which position he now holds. He was member of assembly for the first district of Brown county in 1907 and 1908; was elected state senator in 1908, receiving 7,819 votes against 4,745 for George Dagan (Dem.), and 561 for Chas. Robinson (Soc. Dem.).

THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Kenosha and Racine counties. Population, 1900—67,351.



Isaac Thorn Bishop.

ISAAC THORN BISHOP (Rep.), of Somers, Kenosha county, Wis., is a native of that place. Born June 6th, 1844, of New England parents. Attended common schools only. He was a farmer until the year 1861, when he accepted a clerkship with Doan & Hawley, dry goods merchants, in the city of Kenosha. He volunteered in Sept., 1862, and served three years in the civil war, participating in the battles of Arkansas Post, Raymond, Champion Hills, Black River Bridge and the siege of Vicksburg. After the war he engaged in farming and now owns and operates a farm that his father bought from the government before the subject of this sketch was born. He served his town as chairman five years, justice of the peace eleven years, and is serving his 28th year as secretary of the Somers Mutual Fire Insurance company. He was elected state senator in 1906, receiving 4,973 votes against 4,392 for Michael Higgins (Dem.), 1,116 for W. W. Britton (Soc. Dem.), and two for O. W. Johnson (Pro.).

FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 7th, 13th, 18th and 21st wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, and the villages of North Milwaukee, East Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—61,035.



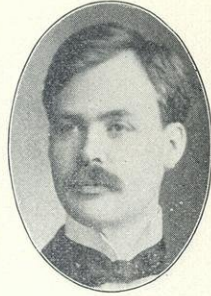
Henry H. Bodenstab.

HENRY H. BODENSTAB (Rep.) was born at Howards Grove, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, on the 29th day of June, 1874. When about twelve years of age, his parents moved to the city of Milwaukee, where he has resided ever since. He was admitted to the bar in 1896. He then entered the law department at the University of Michigan and received the degree of LL. B. in 1898. He began the practice of law in the city of Milwaukee in the summer of 1898, and in 1903 went into partnership with Albert Froede under the firm name of Froede & Bodenstab, which partnership still exists. In the spring of 1908 he was elected as a Republican delegate to the Milwaukee Charter Convention. He was elected to the state senate in 1908, receiving 5,591 votes against 4,780 votes for M. H. Moore (Dem.), and 3,125 votes for Charles Votova (Soc. Dem.).

FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—69,196.

EDWARD T. FAIRCHILD (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born at Towanda, Pa., June 17, 1872; his parents moved to Dansville, Livingston county, New York, when he was five years of age. He attended the public school of that village, and studied law in the office of Chas. H. Rowe; was admitted to practice in 1894, and soon came to Milwaukee, entering into the law firm of Lenicheck, Fairchild & Boesel; was assistant district attorney of Milwaukee county, 1900-1904. He was elected to the state senate in 1906, receiving 6,541 votes against 3,454 votes for Henry Cummings (Dem.), and 2,442 votes for Chas. Zainer (Soc. Dem.).



Edward T. Fairchild.

SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—71,771.

WINFIELD R. GAYLORD (Soc. Dem.) was born June 14, 1870, at Verona, Mississippi. He received a common school education in Cleveland, Ohio; studied at Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, O.; Hamline University, St. Paul, Minn.; Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.; and Chicago Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill., finishing at latter school in 1903. Served as pastor in Methodist and Congregational churches in Minnesota, Illinois and Wisconsin from 1889 to 1902. Since 1902 has lectured on popular and economic subjects in twenty states. He is national lecturer for the Socialist party; member of the state executive board of the Social Democratic party, and was a delegate to the Milwaukee charter convention of 1908. Elected in 1908 to state senate from the Sixth district with 6,236 votes, against August Langhoff (Rep.), 5,820 votes, there being no Democratic candidate.



Winfield R. Gaylord.

SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 14th and 17th wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the cities of South Milwaukee, Wauwatosa, West Allis and Cudahy, and the village of West Milwaukee. Population, 1900—63,533.

GEORGE E. PAGE (Rep.), born in the city of Milwaukee on the 19th of March, 1873, and has continuously resided there; was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee; was elected to the office of justice of the peace for the 17th ward of said city in the year 1900, resigning the same year to enter the law department of the Columbian University, Washington, D. C., from which he was graduated in 1903; was admitted to the bar in the same year; was elected to the legislature



George E. Page.



John C. Kleczka.

as member of the assembly in 1904 and as state senator in 1906, receiving 4,250 votes against 2,603 for Anthony Szczerbinski (Dem.), and 2,737 for W. L. Hamann (Soc. Dem.).

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—64,482.

JOHN C. KLECZKA (Rep.), was born in Milwaukee on the 6th day of May, 1885. After graduating from the parochial school he attended Marquette University, from which institution he graduated in 1903 with the degree of A. B. He then pursued a post-graduate and the law course at the Catholic University of America at Washington, D. C. On January 1st, 1906, he was appointed deputy clerk of the circuit courts of Milwaukee county, in which capacity he served until the fall of 1908, when he was elected state senator against ex-city treasurer and quondam Democratic candidate for mayor Wm. H. Graebner and Ferd Rehfeld the Social Democratic candidate, despite the fact that the district was carried by Bryan and the entire Democratic county ticket, receiving 4,396 votes against 4,312 for Graebner and 4,073 for Rehfeld.



Theodore W. Brazeau.

NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood counties. Population, 1900—61,487.

THEODORE W. BRAZEAU (Rep.) was born at the city of Grand Rapids, Wood county, Wisconsin, March 12th, 1873. He attended the elementary schools of that city and graduated from the high school. After teaching school a year, he entered the University of Wisconsin with the class of '96. Before graduation he taught school in the Grand Rapids high school one year and graduated from the university in the class of 1897. He then taught school another year and finished the law school with the class of 1900. Since completing his law course he has practiced law in the city of Grand Rapids in partnership with B. R. Goggins, under the firm name of Goggins & Brazeau up to the year 1907 and after that with the firm of Goggins, Brazeau & Briere. He served as district attorney of Wood county from 1903 to 1907. He was elected state senator in 1906, receiving 6,657 votes against 2,712 for F. B. Rawson (Dem.). He was alternate delegate to the national convention of 1908.



Walter C. Owen.

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1900—50,773.

WALTER C. OWEN (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Trenton, Pierce county, Wisconsin, Sept. 26, 1868. He was educated in the common and high schools of Pierce county, and graduated from the law

department of the University of Wisconsin with the class of 1891. He engaged in the practice of law at Superior, Wisconsin, becoming a member of the firm of Crownhart, Owen & Foley, and continuing with said firm until January 1, 1898, when he removed to Maiden Rock, Wisconsin, where he has since continued in the active practice of his profession. Though he has always taken an active interest in politics, he never held public office until his election to the state senate from the tenth district, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator James A. Freear. He was elected without opposition, receiving 4,291 votes, and in 1908 was again elected without opposition to succeed himself, receiving 6,391 votes.

ELEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1900—61,614.

GEORGE B. HUDNALL (Rep.) was born at Rural, Waupaca county, Wis., Jan. 9, 1864. He was educated in the district and high schools and at the Wisconsin University law school, class of 1891. Lived on a farm until twenty-four years old when he engaged in teaching and took up the study of law. Was assistant city attorney of Superior from 1900 to May, 1902. He was elected state senator in 1902 and re-elected in 1906 and 1908, each time without opposition, receiving at the last election 5,098 votes.

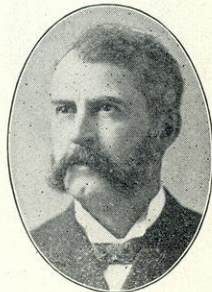


George B. Hudnall.

TWELFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn counties. Population, 1900—64,050.

ALBERT W. SANBORN (Rep.) was born in Swanton, Vermont, January 17, 1853; removed to Guernsey county, Ohio, when a small boy, with his parents, and lived there on a farm until 1876. Was educated at Muskingum college at New Concord, Ohio. Studied law with Barnes & Anderson at Cambridge, Ohio, and was there admitted to the bar, April 10, 1876; came to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, in April, 1876, and studied law in Finch & Barber's office for about two months. Located at Stevens Point, Wisconsin, in June, 1876, where he practiced law, first as a member of the firm of Jones & Sanborn, and then as a member of the firm of Cate, Jones & Sanborn, and afterwards as a member of the firm of Cate, Sanborn, Lamoreux & Park. Was district attorney of Portage county for one term and a member of the assembly from Portage county in 1885. Was a delegate from the Ninth congressional district to the national convention in 1888; moved to Ashland, Wisconsin, in 1893, where he has continued in the practice of his profession; is now a member of the firm of Sanborn, Lamoreux & Pray. He was elected to the senate in 1904, receiving 11,129 votes against 3,595 for G. Schwindt (Dem.), and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 9,652 votes against 3,837 votes for Henry Lafreniere (Dem.).



Albert W. Sanborn.

THIRTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dodge county. Population, 1900—46,631.



Paul O. Husting.

PAUL O. HUSTING (Dem.) was born at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, on April 25th, 1866, a son of John P. Husting and Mary M. Husting, nee Juneau, the latter being a daughter of Solomon Juneau, the founder of Milwaukee. He removed with his parents to Mayville, Wisconsin, in the year 1876. Received a common school education. Left school in his seventeenth year and became successively clerk in general store, railway postal clerk and mailing clerk, and later promoted to assistant bookkeeper in the office of the secretary of state. Entered the law school of the University of Wisconsin and passed the state bar examination and was admitted to the bar in 1895. Began the practice of law alone at Mayville immediately thereafter and in 1897 associated himself with C. W. Lamoreux under the firm name of Lamoreux & Husting which still exists. Was elected district attorney of Dodge county in 1902 and was re-elected in 1904. Was elected to the senate in 1906, receiving 4,646 votes against 2,746 for Leon Reible (Rep.), and 124 for G. A. Paddock (Pro.).

FOURTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1900—73,722.



J. Elmer Lehr.

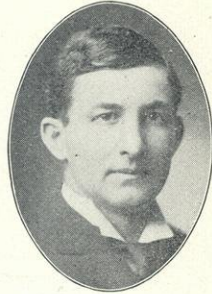
J. ELMER LEHR (Rep.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, Wisconsin, is a native of Michigan, born in the town of Marengo, Calhoun county, Michigan, December 26, 1868. His early education was obtained in the public and private schools of that state. In June, 1898, he graduated from the Illinois College of Law, at Chicago, Illinois, obtaining the degrees of LL. B. and LL. M. In December, 1895, he located at the city of Clintonville, Waupaca county, Wisconsin, taking charge of the collection department of Captain F. M. Guernsey, attorney-at-law of that place. In June, 1898, he formed a partnership with Captain F. M. Guernsey, for the practice of law, under the firm name of Guernsey & Lehr, attorneys-at-law, which partnership continued until June, 1901, when he located at Appleton, Wisconsin, and formed a partnership for the practice of law with Hon. Humphrey Pierce, and Ex-County Judge Moeskes, under the name of Pierce, Lehr & Moeskes, which partnership continued until March, 1903, when Judge Moeskes withdrew from the firm, and Mr. Lehr and Mr. Pierce continued to practice law under the firm name of Pierce & Lehr, until January 1st, 1907, after which time he has continued the practice of law alone. He was admitted to the bar July 7, 1898. While living at Clintonville he was twice elected city attorney (1899-1900), serving two terms. In 1902 he was elected chairman of the Republican county committee of Outagamie county, which office he held for two years. November 1, 1907, he married Miss Emma A. Groth of Appleton, Wisconsin, a daughter of one of the oldest families of that city. He was

elected state senator in 1908, of the Fourteenth senatorial district, which consists of the counties of Outagamie and Shawano, receiving 7,575 votes against 6,765 votes for G. F. Peabody (Dem.).

FIFTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1900—59,339.

SAMUEL W. RANDOLPH (Dem.) was born December 5th, 1872, at Manitowoc, Wis., and was educated in the first ward public school of that city. For a number of years he has been interested in navigation of the Great Lakes and represents several transportation companies. Was appointed harbor master January, 1902, to fill an unexpired term, and re-appointed for a full term in April, 1902. He was elected state senator in 1902 and re-elected in 1906, receiving 4,613 votes against 3,994 for G. G. Sedgwick (Rep.), and 894 for Henry Bruins (Soc. Dem.).

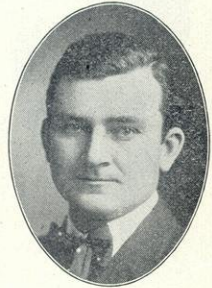


Samuel W. Randolph.

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Crawford and Grant counties. Population, 1900—56,167.

JOHN J. BLAINE (Rep.) was born May 4, 1875, on a farm in town of Wingville, Grant county, Wisconsin; attended common school and was graduated from Montfort high school, Montfort, Wisconsin; afterwards attended Northern Indiana University at Valparaiso, Indiana, and was graduated from law department thereof on June 3, 1896. He practiced law in Montfort, Wisconsin, one year, after which he removed to Boscobel, Wisconsin, where he has since practiced law. He served as mayor of Boscobel three terms and member of county board of supervisors for Grant county four years. He was elected to the state senate in 1908, receiving 7,017 votes against 5,120 votes for R. A. Watkins (Dem.).



John J. Blaine.

SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Green, Iowa and Lafayette counties. Population, 1900—66,792.

HARRY CHAPMAN MARTIN (Rep.) was born on a farm near Darlington, Lafayette county, December 15th, 1854. With his parents he moved to Darlington when he was nine years of age. Received his early education in a little red school house a mile and a half from his home. Then, in the public school at Darlington, after which he taught school for one year and then attended the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1879. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1881, and has since practiced law at Darlington. Soon after his admission to the bar he was appointed county superintendent of schools of La-



Harry C. Martin.

fayette county, and was twice thereafter elected to that office. In 1887 he was elected mayor of the city of Darlington and was re-elected in 1888. He was city attorney for several years thereafter and was elected district attorney of Lafayette county in 1892; was a member of the Republican state central committee for four years; was a member of the Wisconsin National Guard five years; President of Alumni Association, University of Wisconsin 1904; is now serving his fifth term as Director of the School Board at Darlington, having been first elected in 1895; is one of the Directors of the Citizens National Bank of Darlington; was elected from the First Congressional District as delegate to the National Republican Convention held in Chicago, 1908; was appointed by Governor Davidson Senate member of the Legislative Committee to visit the charitable, penal and reformatory institutions of the state; was elected to the assembly in 1895 to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of James Freeman; was elected to the state senate in 1898 and re-elected in 1902 and in 1906, receiving 6,284 votes against 4,383 for J. B. Simpson (Dem.), and 189 for C. Marty (Soc. Dem.).

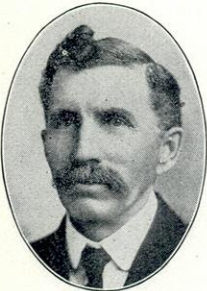


E. H. Lyons.

EIGHTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1900—63,386.

E. H. LYONS (Rep.) was born in Athens county, Ohio, December 22, 1855, and removed to Fond du Lac county with his parents when but five months old. He lived on a farm until 1885, at which time he entered the general mercantile business at Eden, Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin. He was appointed postmaster in 1895 and continued seven years; was elected county treasurer in 1902 and again in 1904; retired from the mercantile business in 1902, and engaged in the manufacture of lime. At present he is the president of the Standard Lime & Stone Co., also vice-president of the Badger Pressed Brick Co., whose home offices are at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin. He was elected state senator in November, receiving 8,160 votes against 6,374 votes for B. E. Sampson (Dem.).



John A. Fridd.

NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Winnebago county. Population, 1900—53,225.

JOHN A. FRIDD (Rep.) was born in Winnebago county October 23, 1850; received his education in the common schools and in Ripon College; is a farmer by occupation; served his town as side supervisor three years, and as chairman ten years; has been director of the Eureka Canning Factory since 1900. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904. He was elected state senator in 1906, receiving 4,591 votes against 3,310 for J. Harrington (Dem.), and 1,048 for E. E. Stevens (Ind.).

TWENTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1900—66,708.

HENRY KRUMREY (Rep.) was born on the farm where he still lives, in the town of Plymouth, Sheboygan county, on February 3d, 1852, and was educated in the public and German private schools of Plymouth; is a farmer and live stock dealer. He has held the offices of supervisor, town treasurer, chairman of the town board, and was the director of the school board of his district, which takes in the city of Plymouth, for fourteen years. In 1900 he was the Republican nominee for presidential elector for the then Fifth congressional district, but resigned upon being nominated for the assembly, to which he was elected, serving during the session of 1901. At the spring election in 1908, he was elected as a delegate to represent the Sixth congressional district in the Republican national convention, which was held in Chicago June, 1908. He was elected to the state senate in 1908, receiving 6,748 votes against 6,535 votes for H. W. Bolens (Dem.), and 781 votes for O. A. Damrow (Soc. Dem.).

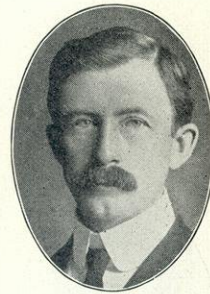


Henry Krumrey.

TWENTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1900—61,098.

EDWARD E. BROWNE (Rep.) was born at Waupaca, Waupaca county, Wisconsin, February 16, 1868. He attended the public schools of the city of Waupaca and after finishing the high school of Waupaca was graduated from the state university in 1890 and from the university law school in 1892, since which time he has been engaged in the practice of law in the city of Waupaca. He was elected district attorney of Waupaca county in 1898, which office he held 6 years. He was appointed regent of the state university in June, 1904, and was nominated and elected state senator in 1906, receiving 4,397 votes. There was no opposition to his nomination or election, Mr. Browne having been nominated on the Republican ticket and endorsed by the Democratic, Prohibition and Social Democratic parties.



Edward E. Browne.

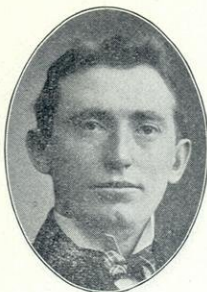
TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Rock county. Population, 1900—51,203.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Ill. He was educated at Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin in September, 1888. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1888, set-



John M. Whitehead.



John A. Hazelwood.

ting at Janesville, where he has since resided. Has been a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the fourth ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, 1900, 1904 and again in 1908, receiving 7,634 votes against 3,240 votes for J. J. Rordan (Dem.).

TWENTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jefferson and Walworth counties. Population, 1900—64,048.

JOHN A. HAZELWOOD (Dem.) was born at Concord, Jefferson county, Wis., Oct. 28, 1837. He received his training in the common schools, St. John's Military Academy, Delafield, Wis., Valparaiso Normal School and Indiana University and Law School. He was engaged for a period of ten years in teaching at Ixonia, Oconomowoc, and at Indiana Normal School. In 1898 he was elected county superintendent of schools of Jefferson county and was re-elected three times. He has been president of the S. W. T. A., vice-president W. T. A., president of the County Superintendents' Association and state commander of the S. O. V. He has served as city attorney of Jefferson for several years. He is now practicing law at Jefferson, Wisconsin. In 1906 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 5,345 votes against 4,473 votes for Zadoc B. Beach (Rep.), and 87 votes for A. L. Morrison (Soc. Dem.).



John W. Thomas.

TWENTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Chippewa, Eau Claire and Rusk counties. Population, 1900—64,729.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846; came to this country with his parents in 1849, settling in Troga county, Pennsylvania. He was left an orphan at the age of seven and he came to Wisconsin in 1857, driving a team for a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson, Chippewa county. He received his education in the common schools, is a farmer and dairyman by occupation. At the age of seventeen he enlisted and went out with the 36th Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant services of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864 before Richmond and Petersburg. He was chairman of the county board several terms and served as county treasurer. He was secretary of the Chippewa county Agricultural Society eight years. In 1897 he was appointed by the governor a member of the state board of agriculture, was reappointed in 1899 for three years and declined a third appointment. He was elected to the assembly from the second district of Chippewa county in 1894 and re-elected in 1896, 1898 and 1900, serving four consecutive terms. He was elected railroad commissioner in 1902 and re-elected in 1904. In 1908 was elected state senator, receiving 7,901 votes against 5,522 votes for W. H. Frawley (Dem.).

TWENTY-FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population 1900—69,104.

SPENCER M. MARSH (Rep.) was born in the town of Grant, Clark county, Wis., July 26, 1864. Reared on a farm, taught country schools, beginning at the age of 16 years. Attended State Normal School at River Falls in 1882 and 1883. Commenced the study of law in 1885, admitted to the bar in 1889, became a law partner of present Circuit Judge James O'Neill in 1891, under firm name of O'Neill & Marsh, practicing at Neillsville, Wis. This partnership continued until Judge O'Neill went on the bench in 1898. Since that time he has continued the practice of law at Neillsville a portion of the time as a member of the firm of Marsh & Tucker, and later of the firm of Marsh & Schoengarth. He served as district attorney of Clark county two terms, having been elected on the Republican ticket in 1898 and in 1900. He has been president of the Commercial State Bank at Neillsville from its organization in 1898. He was elected state senator in 1906, receiving 5,962 votes against 4,360 for W. W. Albers (Dem.).

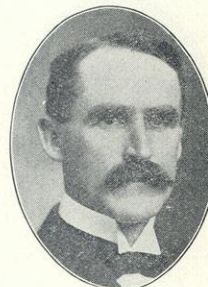


Spencer M. Marsh.

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dane county. Population, 1900—69,435.

JOHN S. DONALD, (Rep.), of Mt. Horeb, was born on the farm where he now resides, January 12th, 1869. His education was continued from the district school to the Northwestern Business College of Madison, from which he graduated in 1887. In 1894 he received the degree of B. S. at the Valparaiso University, Valparaiso, Indiana, and in 1897 the degree of D. D. S. at the Chicago College. In 1892 he served as assessor of his town (Springdale) and was chairman of the board of supervisors from 1899 to 1902. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, was re-elected in 1904 and in 1908 was elected state senator receiving 9,507 votes against 7,478 votes for William Fehlandt (Dem.), and 142 scattering votes.

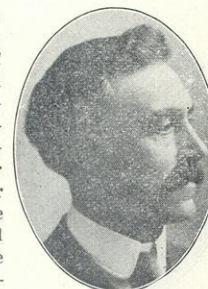


John S. Donald.

TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1900—64,127.

CHARLES L. PEARSON (Dem.) was born forty-six years ago in the town of Buffalo, Marquette county, Wis., and came with his parents to the township of Greenfield, near Baraboo, in the year 1870. He attended school in Greenfield and Baraboo and a business college in Janesville. He was a railroad telegraph operator for a few years, leaving the service of his own accord to engage in farming and fruit growing. After operating a farm in West Point, Columbia county, for four years, he purchased the old homestead, where he has since lived. Mr. Pearson has held various local offices, and is an active member of the Wisconsin State Horticultural society. He was elected to the state senate in 1906, receiving 4,629 votes against 4,546 for M. F. Foley (Rep.), and 342 for T. R. White (Pro.).



Charles L. Pearson.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1900—47,834.

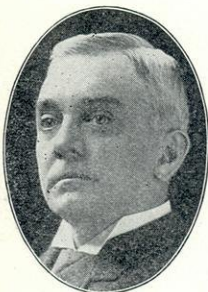


David G. James.

DAVID GOODRICH JAMES (Rep.), of Richland Center, was born in Deerfield, Rockingham county, New Hampshire, August 3, 1843, removing with his parents to Richland county in 1855, where he has since resided. He enlisted in the civil war October 13, 1861, in Company F, 16th Wisconsin Infantry. In 1864 he was captured and taken to Andersonville prison. When he was mustered out July 18, 1865, it was with the rank of Captain of Brevet, dating October 3, 1862, and his papers state "for conspicuous bravery manifested by him at the battles of Corinth and Atlanta." After the war he returned to Richland Center, learned the tinner's trade, and in 1866 became a member of the firm of G. H. & N. L. James, becoming sole proprietor in 1881, which business he is still conducting. In 1888 he attended the National Republican convention as delegate. In 1900 he was made Department Commander of the G. A. R. He has served as trustee of the Wisconsin Soldiers' Home for eight years. He was elected state senator in 1908 receiving 6,358 votes against 3,360 for J. K. Schreiner (Dem.)

TWENTY-NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin counties. Population, 1900—73,390.



James H. Stout.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie and in Arkansas. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education; life member of the Dubuque library; and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, and was re-elected in 1898, in 1902, and in 1906, receiving 5,920 votes and having no opposition.

THIRTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas counties. Population, 1900—53,835.



James A. Wright.

JAMES A. WRIGHT, of Merrill, Lincoln county, has always been a Republican, is a native of Wisconsin. Was born in Racine, Wis., June 17th, 1873, moving to Merrill, Wis., in 1889, and has since resided there. Was educated in public schools and later took a business course at Northern Illinois Normal School and Dixon Business College. Was then associated with the H. W. Wright Lumber Company, served as vice president, and upon death of father in 1901 became president of same. In 1903 organized the Wisconsin Lumber Company of Littell, Washington, and was elected president of the same. He is also a director of Lincoln County Bank, of Merrill, Wis. He was elected to the state senate in 1904 and was re-elected in 1908 receiving 3,928 votes against 4,863 votes for Mat. Stapleton (Dem.).

THIRTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1900—66,198.

H. W. BARKER (Rep.), of Sparta, was born in the town of Leon, Monroe County, Wis., March 18th, 1860. Is now proprietor of the H. W. Barker Medical Co. Was elected senator of the 31st district in 1906, receiving 6,300 votes against 2,713 votes for W. S. Wells (Dem.).



H. W. Barker.

THIRTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1900—66,111.

THOMAS MORRIS (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born on a farm near Bedford, Canada, December 9, 1861. He received his education in the common schools of Canada and the Bedford Academy. He is a lawyer, having graduated from the Wisconsin University Law School in 1889, and is a member of the law firm of Morris & Hartwell, at La Crosse. He was elected district attorney of La Crosse county in 1898, and was re-elected in 1900. He was twice elected chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee of the Seventh Congressional District, and resigned the position when he became a candidate for the senate, at the last election. At present he is a member of the State Board of Normal School Regents.

Mr. Morris was elected to the state senate in 1904 and again in 1908 receiving 8,475 votes, against 1,251 votes for Peter Gullickson (Dem.).



Thomas Morris.

THIRTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1900—58,818.

HENRY LOCKNEY (Rep.), of Waukesha, Waukesha county, was born on a farm in the town of Muskego, Waukesha county, Oct. 28th, 1874. When about six years of age removed with his parents to the city of Waukesha which has since been his home. Was educated in the Waukesha public schools and in 1893 entered the University of Wisconsin from which he graduated in 1897 with the degree of B. L. Was admitted to the bar in 1898. At once began practice as a member of the firm of Tullar & Lockney. Was elected city attorney in 1902, and re-elected in 1904 and 1906. Was for some time a library commissioner for the city of Waukesha. Served for one term as secretary and for two terms as chairman of the Republican county committee. Was elected state senator in 1906, receiving 5,635 votes against 4,845 for A. Konrad (Dem.), 197 for C. W. Rose (Pro.), and 196 for G. Gollmitzer (Soc. Dem.).



Henry Lockney.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.



F. E. Andrews.

CHIEF CLERK.

F. E. ANDREWS was born in the town of Edson, Chippewa county, Wisconsin, August 19, 1874. When about three years of age his parents moved to a homestead near Wadena, Minnesota, where he lived until twenty-one years of age. He received his education in the country schools of Wadena county and in the high school of Wadena, from which institution he graduated in 1893. Two years following his graduation he taught school in Wadena and Hubbard counties, and then moved to Bloomer, Wisconsin, and entered the newspaper business. He has been editor and proprietor of *The Bloomer Advance* for the past twelve years. He served as engrossing clerk of the senate in 1899 and as journal clerk in the sessions of 1901 and 1903. He was elected chief clerk of the senate in the session of 1909.



Russel C. Falconer.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

RUSSEL C. FALCONER was born in Williamsburg, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1851; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Quincy, Adams county; remained there until 1858 when he removed to Columbia county; was chairman of the town of Wyocena in 1880; sheriff of Columbia county one term; mayor of the city of Portage; was elected state senator in 1890; removed to Camp Douglas in 1899, where he engaged in the real estate business. He was elected sergeant-at-arms of the senate at the session of 1905, 1907 and was re-elected in 1909.

ASSEMBLY.

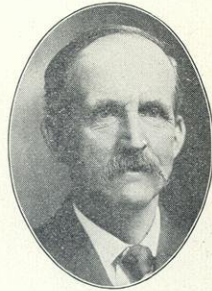
L. H. BANCROFT, Speaker; C. E. SHAFFER, Chief Clerk; W. S. IRVINE, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The assembly consists of 100 members. They are chosen biennially and receive \$500 for their services during the term. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives an additional \$500 for his services as speaker. The assembly of 1909 contains 76 republicans, 19 democrats, and 5 social democrats.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—19,650.

FRANK J. KIMBALL (Rep.) was born in Washington county, New York, Nov. 25th, 1846, came to Wisconsin in 1854 where he received a common school education, lived on a farm in Columbia county until 1872, then moved to Briggsville, Marquette county, his present home. After leaving the farm, clerked in a general store for one year and then went into the sewing machine business. He was local agent for three years and general agent for six years; went into general merchandising in 1885 which occupation he still follows; held the office of town clerk for five years, school district clerk for twenty and notary public for fifteen years; was elected member of assembly in 1902 and 1906 and was re-elected in 1908 receiving 2,682 votes against 1,266 for Hugh Hamilton (Dem.).



Frank J. Kimball.

ASHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,176.

JOHN C. CHAPPLE (Rep.) was born May 27, 1875, at La Porte City, Black Hawk county, Iowa. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, also attending Cornell College of Mt. Vernon, Ia., and the North Wisconsin Academy (now Northland College), of Ashland, Wisconsin. He entered a printing office in his native town and learned the printers' trade, afterwards going into the publishing business. He published the Saturday Evening Press, of Phoenix, Arizona, the La Porte City Press, of La Porte City, Iowa, and is at the present time published of the Ashland Daily Press, of Ashland, Wisconsin. Came to Wisconsin in 1888 working first at Bayfield, on the Bayfield County Press after which he settled in Ashland as manager of the Ashland Daily Press. Is vice president of the Chapple Publishing Company, of Boston, Massachusetts, publishers of the National Magazine. In politics has always been an ardent Republican. Was elected and served the second ward of the city of Ashland on the city council



John C. Chapple.

and county board for four years, being chairman of the county board during his last term as a member of the body. Is at the present time, and has been for four years, chairman of the Ashland County Republican Central committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,118 votes against 1,696 votes for F. J. Colignon (Dem.).



George E. Scott.

BARRON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,677.

GEORGE E. SCOTT (Rep.), of Prairie Farm, was born in Durand, Pepin county, Wis., July 3, 1860, where he received a common school education. He is a merchant and miller. In both 1904 and 1906 he was elected to the assembly without opposition and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,115 votes against 1,091 votes for S. W. Sparlin (Dem.). Mr. Scott had no opposition at the primary in 1908.

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—23,506.



Frank Hammill.

FRANK HAMMILL (Rep.) was born at Parma, Jackson county, Michigan, December 23, 1857, and was educated in the Parma schools. At the age of eighteen he was employed as locomotive fireman on the Michigan Central railway. Coming to Wisconsin in 1878 he located in Baraboo, where he continued his work as locomotive fireman and engineer until 1883 when he went to the C., St. P., M. & O. railway as engineer. He continued with this company until May, 1903, when he was forced on account of poor health to resign. December 1, 1902, he located at Spooner and served that village as president of the board during the years of 1903-4-5-6-7. In 1904 he purchased the Spooner Advocate and Spooner Register, two weekly papers published at Spooner, and consolidated them under the name of The Spooner Advocate, which he still owns and publishes. He has always been a Republican, is now and has been for twenty-five years a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. In 1908 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 4,033 votes against 1,024 for Alfred Warden (Dem.), and 211 for James Kenney (Soc. Dem.).

BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372.

Ferdinand Wittig,
(Deceased).

FERDINAND WITTIG (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born October 20, 1851, in Hoiby, Sjelland, Denmark. He left Denmark September 17, 1873, arriving in New York October 16, 1873; came to Green Bay October 22, 1873, and moved to New Denmark, Brown county, Wisconsin, next

day. He worked in the woods of northern Wisconsin during the winters and on the farm during summers for the next four years. He was married to Miss Kate Buckman, of New Denmark, June 28, 1877; was engaged on his own farm for about five years and in 1883 started in the general mercantile business at New Denmark. He started a cheese factory in 1885, and stayed in the general mercantile business until 1904, when he was elected county treasurer for Brown county, being re-elected in 1906 on the Republican ticket. In 1908 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,737 votes against 1,783 for John Shepeck (Dem.), and 372 for Joseph Prevot (Soc. Dem.).

Mr. Wittig died during the session of 1909 after a week's illness on April 17, 1909.

BROWN COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of De Pere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,987.

LEWIS W. PETERSON (Rep.) was born in New Denmark, Brown county, Wisconsin, March 24, 1872, and received his education in the district school, Ft. Howard high school and Oshkosh normal. He taught school from 1893 to 1898, when he began farming, at which he is still engaged. He was a member of the Brown county board of supervisors from 1901 to 1906 and in 1907 was elected a member of the Brown county asylum trustees. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,008 votes against 1,679 for John Vander Linden (Dem.), and 53 for Henry Gerke (Soc. Dem.).



Lewis W. Peterson.

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—24,670.

C. A. INGRAM (Rep.), of Durand, was born in the town of Waubeek, Pepin county, March 19, 1867; attended district school; taught school in Dunn and Pepin counties; attended the state university; graduated from the law school in 1892; district attorney of Pepin county from 1893 to 1897. Mr. Ingram is engaged in the practice of law, and is also interested in farming, newspaper publishing and banking. Was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,942 votes against 1,402 votes for Charles Bauer (Dem.).



C. A. Ingram.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY (AND RUSK).

Second District. The towns of Anson, Auburn, Arthur, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson, and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, the first, second, and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361. [By act of legislature in 1901 the county of Gates—now Rusk—was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Rusk, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river), and remains a part of the Second Assembly district of Chippewa county.]

ARNT ERICKSON (Rep.) was born in Norway, July 4, 1866, and came to Chippewa county, Wisconsin, in 1882, where he has ever since resided, except about two years that he spent in the state of Colorado. He received his education in the public schools of Norway and Chippewa county, Wisconsin. Was for six years engaged as a clerk in the clothing business at Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, and later engaged in the mercantile business for himself at New Auburn and Chippewa Falls, and is at present interested in real estate and banking at New Auburn. He has been a member of the school board for about eighteen years and has served as chairman of the town of Auburn and supervisor of the village of New Auburn. Has been a member of the county board of supervisors of Chippewa county for eight years, and was four times elected chairman of that body. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,887 votes against 1,330 for G. W. Heaverin (Dem.).



Arnt Erickson.

CLARK COUNTY.

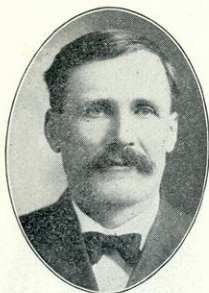
One District. Population, 1900—25,848.

CHARLES M. BRADFORD (Rep.) was born in Sheboygan county, October 22, 1850. He received his education in high school in the city of Plymouth. Moved to Clark county in 1877 and purchased a farm. Taught school winters and cleared up his farm summers. He was elected county treasurer of Clark county in November, 1892, and held that office two terms, was elected county clerk in November, 1896, and held the office for five consecutive terms ending January 1, 1907. He has conducted a fire insurance business for ten years and is still engaged in that business. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,894 votes against 1,565 for R. B. Salter (Dem.), and 642 for Fred Sears (Ind.).



Charles M. Bradford.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.



James S. Towers.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, DeKorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, New Port, Pacific and West Point, the villages of Kilbourn City, Lodi and Poynette, and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117.

JAMES S. TOWERS (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Caledonia, Columbia county, Wisconsin, April 24th, 1859, and still lives in the same town; is a farmer and received a common school education with the exception of one term in the Portage high school. He has represented Caledonia on the county board for five years, is now a member of that body and is a director of the Merrimac State Bank. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,849 votes against 1,317 for William Morrissey (Dem.), and 69 for Fred J. Coopman (Soc. Dem.).

COLUMBIA COUNTY.



Elmer E. Haight.

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springdale and Wyocena, the villages of Cambria, Pardeeville and Rio, Doylestown, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004.

ELMER E. HAIGHT (Rep.) was born in the town of Empire, Fond du Lac county, April 1st, 1861. When he was four years of age his parents moved to Fond du Lac and when he was sixteen they moved to Lowville, Columbia county, where he has since resided, with the exception of two years, spent in the town of Leeds, and four years, in the village of Poynette, both in Columbia county. He has been engaged in farming with the exception of the time he resided in Poynette, where he conducted a hardware business and cold storage warehouse. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,046 votes against 1,131 for Eugene Brassard (Dem.), and 65 for J. C. Cuff (Soc. Dem.).

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,286.



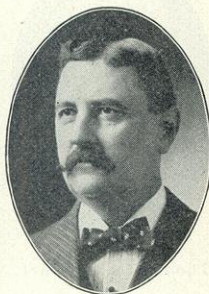
George T. Atwood.

GEORGE T. ATWOOD (Rep.) was born on a farm in Albion, Dane county, Wisconsin, January 10th, 1839. Received his early education in the common schools and Albion Academy. Graduated from the college of letters and science of the state university in 1892, and from the college of law in 1894. Began the practice of law at Oconto in the fall of 1894, where he served as district attorney of Oconto county for two years. Moved to Green Bay in 1897, continuing the practice of law in that city and in Stevens Point until 1901, when he moved to Gays Mills, Crawford county, Wisconsin, dropping the active practice of law and engaging in farming, milling and electric lighting. Was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,909 votes against 1,706 for Jeremiah O'Neil (Dem.), and 73 for R. Dobson (Pro.).

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Madison and Pleasant Springs; the village of Fair Oaks, and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—24, 458.

DR. FRANK SMITH (Rep.) was born on a farm in Lauderdale county, Tennessee. At the age of seventeen he left the farm and enlisted in the regular army, and after serving three years was honorably discharged. He then settled on a farm in Green county, Wisconsin, but after farming a few years, accepted a position as traveling salesman for a drug house. He traveled four years and resigned to accept a position as engineer in the capitol building at Madison, and held this position for nine years, when he resigned and went to Chicago to study dentistry. He graduated from the Chicago College of Dental Surgery in 1894. He practiced his profession in Chicago until 1901, when he returned to Madison, where he has since resided. In 1902 he was elected on the Republican ticket to the common council from the third ward of the city of Madison by 105 majority, the ward being normally about 150 Democratic, and he was re-elected in 1904 by a majority of 81. In the September primary election of 1908 he was made the regular Republican nominee for member of assembly, First district, Dane county, by a vote of 1,432 as against 1,130 for E. N. Warner, 382 for H. C. Duke, and 2 for W. J. McKay. In the triangular contest for the election which followed he received 3,217 votes as against 2,923 for E. T. Elver (Dem.), 1,307 for W. J. McKay (Ind.), and 35 for Wm. T. Boorman (Soc. Dem.).



Dr. Frank Smith.

DANE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Westport, Windsor and York, the villages of Cambridge, Deerfield, DeForest, Marshall, Sun Prairie and Waunakee, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.

OTTO ONSTAD (Rep.) was born June 4th, 1874, on a farm in the town of Christiana, Dane county, Wisconsin. Was educated in the common schools, Albion Academy, Albion, Wisconsin, and Luther College, Decorah, Iowa. He taught in the rural schools near his home and later was for two years instructor in mathematics and natural sciences at Albion Academy. For six years he served as town clerk and is at present chairman of the town board of his native town. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,276 votes against 1,622 for A. E. Sanders (Dem.), and 168 for C. S. Thompson (Pro.).



Otto Onstad.

DANE COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona and Vienna, the villages of Black Earth, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, Middleton, Belleville, Brooklyn and Mount Horeb. Population, 1900—22,467.



Thomas A. Stewart.

THOMAS A. STEWART (Dem.) was born in the town of Verona, Dane county, Wisconsin, March 2d, 1849; received his education in the common schools of his native town, North Western Business College and the state university; is a farmer and stock raiser; has held the office of chairman of his town and member of the county board for seventeen years; has held the offices of director of the Verona township high school, president of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, president of the Verona Detective Association; was a delegate to the Democratic state convention in 1900, 1902, 1904; was elected member of the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,532 votes against 2,235 for C. O. Ruste (Rep.).

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williamstown, the 5th and 6th wards of the city of Watertown, the villages of Lomira, Theresa, Hustisford and Neosha, the cities of Horicon and Mayville. Population, 1900—23,636.



Charles Lentz.

CHARLES LENTZ (Dem.) was born in the town of Herman, Dodge county, Wisconsin, on the 28th day of October, 1859. Received a common school education and parochial school education. Worked on his father's farm until 1881; went to Illinois and was there employed in a malleable iron foundry for eight months. He came back again to Wisconsin on the farm, got married in 1883 and has almost always been engaged in farming. He has held numerous offices of trust and honor, having been district school clerk for twelve years, town supervisor two years, town clerk for six years, town chairman for ten years (of which he served four years as chairman of the county board), also thirteen years director and six years treasurer of the Herman Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company. Was elected sheriff of Dodge county for the term 1905-1906. Was elected member of the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,177 votes against 1,736 votes for Theodore E. Melcher (Rep.).

DODGE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Calamas, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reeseville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the south ward of the city of Waupun, and the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam. Population, 1900—22,995.

JOHN F. HUGHES (Dem.) was born in the town of Lowell, Dodge county, Wisconsin, June 12th, 1870; is at present publisher of the "Reeseville Review" and the "Wisconsin Druggist." Was elected member of the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,792 votes against 1,914 for J. E. Tarrant (Rep.), and 123 for E. S. Millard (Pro.).

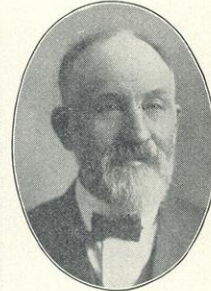


John F. Hughes.

DOOR COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,583.

THOMAS REYNOLDS (Rep.) was born in Ireland on the 17th of March, 1840; came to the United States in 1866; ran a farm in the town of Burke, Dane county, one year; came to Door county in the winter of 1866 and '67; got out cord wood and cedar posts for the Chicago market for eight years; then commenced farming, which occupation he has followed since; has been a member of the county board for eight years; attended the national schools in Ireland; had to stop going to school early in life, being obliged to help his father on the little farm in order to enable him to pay the rent and taxes, the privileged class in that country imposed on him. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,232 votes against 577 for C. L. Fallows (Ind.), and 46 for G. W. Allen (Soc. Dem.).

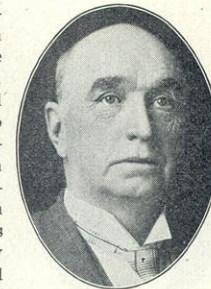


Thos. Reynolds.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of Superior. Population, 1900—18,040.

JAMES S. STACK (Rep.) was born on a farm near Detroit, Michigan, September 14th, 1852. The family removed to Ishpeming, Michigan, in 1864 and to Brown county, Minnesota, in 1869. He was educated in the public schools of Ishpeming and Mankato, Minnesota. Located in Fargo, North Dakota, in 1873 and engaged in the land business, was municipal judge of Fargo from 1875 to 1885. Was married in 1873 to Rose I. Crandall, who died in 1888, leaving three sons, all of whom reside in Superior. Came to Superior in 1887 and engaged in the hotel business for two years, was Indian agent at Cloquet, Minnesota, from 1889 to 1891. Was under-sheriff of Douglas county six years and deputy railroad commissioner from 1899 to 1903. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,581 votes against 729 for Carl Hauton (Dem.), 331 for O. W. Wilcox (Soc. Dem.), and 129 for C. H. Shong (Pro.).



James S. Stack.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.



Walter D. Egan.

Second District. The towns of Amnicon, Brule, Gordon, Hawthorne, Highland, Maple, Nebagamon, Solon Springs, South Range, Summit and Superior, the village of Nebagamon, and the 1st, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Superior. Population, 1900—18,295.

WALTER D. EGAN (Rep.) was born in Chicago in 1866 and educated in the common schools of that city. Securing his first position with the C., B. & Q. railway, where he remained for several years in the capacity of checker, his services being so satisfactory that Mr. McMullen, agent of the Western Transit Company line of steam boats, who was well acquainted with his worth, offered him a position with his company. Mr. Egan was soon promoted to head foreman for all the Western Transit boats in Chicago, where he remained until he removed to Superior to accept a position with Walsh & Company, as dockmaster on the Great Northern docks. In the year of 1900 the Great Northern railway, after attempting to perform their own work on their docks, and being greatly hampered by strikes and labor troubles, accepted the proposition of Mr. Egan to form a co-operative or profit-sharing company for the handling of their freight. Largely through the labor and ability of Mr. Egan this experiment has proved successful and since that time his company has employed at times as many as 500 men without any strikes or labor trouble and to the entire satisfaction of the Great Northern Railway Co., as well as the men. Mr. Egan incorporated 100 laboring men into a co-operative, profit-sharing company, he taking the position of general manager. This company then made freight handling contracts with the Great Northern Railway Co., and steamboat lines on a tonnage basis. All profits are divided equally among the men who comprise the company, and thus the laborer is fully and completely rewarded. Mr. Egan is a consistent friend of labor. He understands and responds to all their just needs, has always remained in the ranks as a toiler and thus is strongly seated in the regard and affection of all those who toil. He has strong and advanced views upon co-operative and economic questions. In politics he is a staunch conservative Republican. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,045 votes against 268 for H. W. Jackson (Soc. Dem.), and 197 for C. A. Perkins (Pro.).



D. C. Coolidge.

DUNN COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,043.

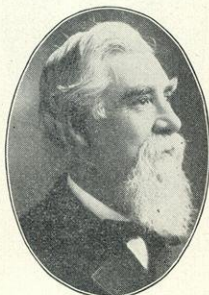
D. C. COOLIDGE (Rep.) was born at St. Cloud, Wisconsin, in 1871. Completed academic education in 1891. Since death of father in 1891 he has had charge of the Downing Mfg. Company's saw mills, general store and farms. Finished logging in 1900 and organized state bank in 1901. Town chairman three years. Chairman

county board two years. Received unanimous vote as a delegate to last national convention. At present he is a member of the board of trustees Dunn county insane asylum. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,444 votes, having no opposition at either election.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.

HENRY LAYCOCK (Rep.) was born in Yorkshire, England, March 14, 1842, coming to America in 1861. He settled in Illinois where he lived for ten years, coming to Eau Claire, Wisconsin, in 1875. Mr. Laycock was a contractor and builder until 1895, when he retired. He has held various municipal offices and was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,784 votes against 1,295 votes for J. M. Charles (Dem.).



Henry Laycock.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Luddington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the 4th and 7th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1900—15,902.

CHARLES H. DAUB (Rep.), of the town of Washington, Eau Claire county, was born in the city of Siegen, Westphalia, Prussia, September 12, 1855. In 1868 he came with his parents to Lewiston, Winona county, Minnesota, and to Eau Claire, Wisconsin, in 1869. He worked on a farm summers and in the woods winters, attending school very little. He was in the employ of the Eau Claire Lumber Company for eighteen years as clerk in their store, was engaged in logging for some time and in 1890 went to Castle Rock, Washington, where he manufactured red cedar shingles. He returned to Eau Claire county, Wisconsin, and is at present engaged in general farming and strawberry growing. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,635 votes against 1,055 votes for Elmer E. Tobey (Dem.).



Charles H. Daub.

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—17,146.

WILLIAM READER (Rep.) was born in the town of Stockbridge, Calumet county, Wisconsin, May 16, 1864; received a common school education; went to Langlade county in 1882, where he followed farming in the summer and worked in the lumber woods during the winter.



William Reader.



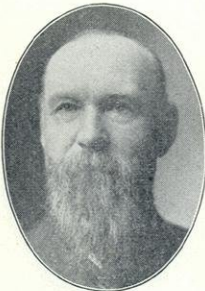
Christian Pickart.

During the time intervening from the time between 1882 and 1900, he cleared from nature's forest a large farm in the town of Peck. He served that town as its chairman for seven years and resigned that office to attend to the duties of register of deeds of Langlade county, to which office he was elected in 1900. He filled that office for eight years and was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,396 votes against 1,783 votes for Edward Nordman (Dem.).

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield and Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—24,041.

CHRISTIAN PICKART (Dem.) was born in the town of Marshfield, Fond du Lac county, Wis., Nov. 15, 1870; received a common school education; was a cheese manufacturer from 1886 to 1892, when he entered the mercantile business in company with his brother Joseph, in which business he is still engaged; he has been town clerk of his town five years; organized a new school district in his town and has been clerk of the same since its organization; was elected member of assembly in 1904, 1906, and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,173 votes against 2,795 for Henry M. Felteny (Rep.) and 104 for John B. Fellerath (Soc. Dem.).

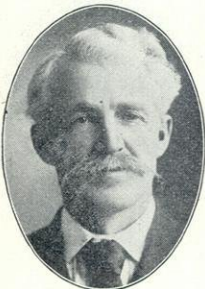


James Fenelon.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Osceola, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.

JAMES FENELON (Rep.) was born in Carlow county, Ireland, May 25, 1846, coming to the United States and settling in Wisconsin in 1850. He was educated in the public schools, St. Gall's academy, Milwaukee, and at St. Mary's seminary, Chicago. He has held various offices in the towns of Metomen and Ripon, Fond du Lac county, having been in office almost constantly for the past twenty-five years. In 1884 he refused the Democratic nomination for state senator and in 1900 was elected to the assembly as a Republican. He was re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,127 votes against 1,707 votes for John L. Gudex (Dem.).



A. V. Wells.

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—19,694.

A. V. WELLS (Rep.) was born in Grant county, Wisconsin, January 13, 1856. Educated in common schools

and Platteville state normal. Attended College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, Rush Medical College, Chicago, and before graduating bought the farm on which he now resides. Occupation farmer. He has been a member of the Grant county board for sixteen years and was elected to the assembly in 1903, receiving 2,607 votes against 1,861 for Frank H. Grimm (Dem.), and 162 for John McLeod (Pro.).

GRANT COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, North Lancaster, Patch Grove, South Lancaster, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyalusing, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort and Muscoda, the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population, 1900—19,187.

HENRY E. ROETHE (Rep.) of Fennimore, Grant county, editor of the Fennimore Times, having the largest circulation (4,000) of the country papers of the state, and known as the "legomobile" editor, from the fact that he has been all over his large county afoot and thus is personally acquainted with nearly all of his constituents, is 43 years old and a native of Whitewater, Wis. He received a common school and Normal education; came to Fennimore in 1885; was bookkeeper and cashier seven years and then engaged in the newspaper business. Has served as village clerk, town clerk seven consecutive years, and village president. Was a delegate to numerous state and other political conventions, and served during one session as bookkeeper of the state senate. In 1900 was a member of the electoral college of the United States that elected McKinley and Roosevelt and was chosen by his state colleagues as official messenger to carry the electoral vote of Wisconsin to Washington. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908 receiving 2,330 votes against 1,703 for J. S. Wright (Dem.), and 47 for A. R. Manley (Soc Dem.). Mr. Roethe has made both of the trips to Madison to attend the session of the legislature afoot, a distance of seventy-seven miles. At this session his bills to abolish numerous offices and commissions he considered unnecessary attracted wide attention.



Henry E. Roethe.

GREEN COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—22,719.

A. B. COMSTOCK (Rep.) was born in the township of Albany, Green county, Wisconsin, April 5, 1857, on the farm which he now owns and where he has spent his entire life. He was educated in district school, deriving such benefit as was possible from attending school during the winter months when his services were not



A. B. Comstock.

needed on the farm. He has always taken an active interest in local politics and at the age of thirty was elected member of the board of trustees of his township and five years later was elected chairman, which position he has filled ever since. As a member of the county board he has always been active and popular, being chairman of the county bridge committee for over seven consecutive years. Aside from his farming Mr. Comstock has been for many years engaged in mercantile business at Albany, being interested in the hardware and agricultural implement business. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,410 votes against 1,770 for J. Theiler (Dem.), and 405 for Samuel Isely (Pro.)



Chris. C. Wellensgard

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—15,797.

CHRISTIAN C. WELLENSGARD (Rep.) was born in the Kingdom of Denmark, July 29th, 1849; came to this country in September, 1871, and settled at Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis., engaging in the pursuit of farming for a number of years; engaged in the business of selling farm machinery, and organized the Berlin Pickle & Canning Co., of which he is now sole owner; he is a director of the First National Bank of Berlin, and the Berlin Brewing Co., besides operating in farm pursuits; for sixteen years he was a member of the school board of Berlin and for six years a member of the common council of that city; was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,944 votes against 1,747 votes for A. O. Ellison (Dem.).

IOWA COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,114.



Platt Whitman.

PLATT WHITMAN (Rep.), of Highland, Wisconsin, banker and lawyer, was born at Dodgeville, Wisconsin, on the 6th day of February, 1871. He graduated from the Dodgeville high school in 1888; from the University of Wisconsin in 1893; and from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1895. Mr. Whitman was engaged in the practice of law at Boscobel, Wisconsin, until 1904, and in 1903 organized the Highland State Bank, of which he is president. He moved to Highland, Wisconsin, in 1904 and since that time has been actively engaged in the banking business. Was elected to the Wisconsin assembly from the 29th assembly district in 1908, receiving 3,027 votes against 1,954 votes for John B. Egan (Dem.), and 235 votes for Chas. H. Berryman (Pro.).

IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—20,420.

DANIEL BARTLETT STEVENS (Rep.), of Rhineland, Oneida county, was born in Paris, Oxford county, Maine, January 24, 1837, and is a grandson of Thomas Stevens, sergeant in the war of the revolution. He has an academic education. He came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1858, landing in Prairie du Chien. He went to Grant county the same year where he later served as town clerk for Beetown. In 1844 he removed to Cassville on the Mississippi river, engaging in the manufacture of lumber. Here he also served in different capacities in the village and was elected to the legislature in 1882 from Grant county. He removed to Rhineland in 1890, engaging again in the manufacture of lumber and was elected to the assembly again in 1908 without opposition, receiving 3,468 votes.

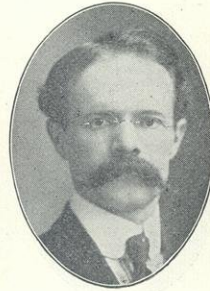


Daniel Bartlett Stevens.

JACKSON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,465.

MERLIN HULL (Rep.), of Black River Falls, was educated in the common schools and at De Pauw and Columbian universities. Mr. Hull is a lawyer and publisher of the Jackson County Journal. He was admitted to practice in the United States supreme court in 1894; was elected clerk of the circuit court for Jackson county the same year; was for several years in the government service at Washington, D. C.; was elected district attorney for Jackson county in 1906, and to the assembly in 1908 without opposition, receiving 2,828 votes.

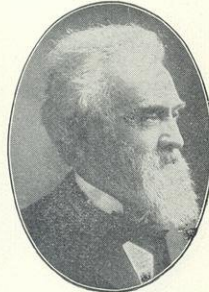


Merlin Hull.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Palmyra, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—17,377.

C. F. VIEBAHN (Dem.) was born in 1842, near Cologne, Germany. In 1852 he came with his parents to Wisconsin, where, until 1862, his home was on a farm. He was educated in the public schools, by private instruction and study, and by attending the state university for three years. During two winter terms his course as a student was interrupted by teaching a country school. He studied law and was admitted to practice, but finally decided to adopt teaching as a profession. As an educator he has successively held the following positions: Principal of a graded school at Sauk City, county superintendent of Sauk county, principal of the south side school at Manitowoc, county superintendent of Manitowoc county, and city superintendent

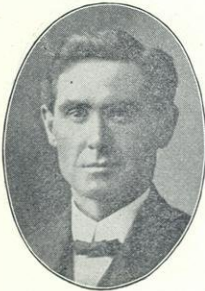


C. F. Viebahn.

and principal of the high school at Watertown. The last position he held for twenty-three years. Mr. Viebahn has been president of the Wisconsin Teachers' Association, is a life member of the National Educational Association, has often been a member of the official board of visitors to the state university and to state normal schools; has frequently conducted teachers' institutes, and has at different times, presented many papers and addresses at educational gatherings. He was the first teacher of Wisconsin who received the unlimited state certificate. While he was county superintendent, he prepared and introduced a course of study for country schools, and this was the first course of the kind in Wisconsin. Mr. Viebahn is at present chairman of the state board of examiners for state teachers' certificates, of which board he has been a member for many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,071 votes against 1,523 for E. F. Wleeman (Rep.), and 32 for Theodore Zick (Soc. Dem.).

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson. Population, 1900—17,412.



Geo. W. Kindlin.

GEO. W. KINDLIN (Dem.) was born in the town of Koshkonong, Jefferson county, Wis., Sept. 11th, 1863. He received a common school education, later completed an agricultural course in the state university. Was elected county surveyor of Jefferson county in 1894; is serving his eighth year as town clerk of the town of Koshkonong. At present is engaged in general farming and the breeding of pure bred stock; was elected to the assembly in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,331 votes against 1,659 votes for John W. Porter (Rep.).

JUNEAU COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,629.



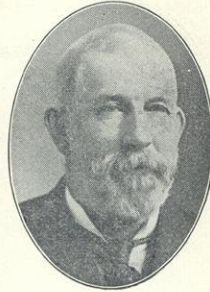
H. J. Mortensen.

H. J. MORTENSEN (Rep.) was born in the town of Fountain, Juneau county, Wisconsin, September 18, 1876. He received his education in the common and high schools of New Lisbon, from which he graduated in 1896. He completed his course in the Stevens Point normal in 1898, and on account of his oratorical ability, was elected to the presidency of the State Inter-Normal Oratorical League while there. He was principal of the Cadott High School for the next two years after which he resigned to take up the study of law at the University of Wisconsin, graduating with the law class of 1902. He has since then been engaged in the practice of law at New Lisbon. Was city attorney for four terms, district attorney of Juneau county for three terms and was elected member of assembly in 1908, receiving 2,211 votes against 1,911 for Williard Temple (Dem.).

KENOSHA COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—21,707.

W. M. CURTISS (Rep.), of the town of Salem, Kenosha county, Wis., (post office, Trevor), was born in the town where he resides Nov. 1st, 1852; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; has been elected to numerous offices of public trust; was elected to the assembly in 1904 and 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,269 votes against 2,157 for M. Greenwald (Dem.) and 587 for Wm. Kaufman (Soc. Dem.).



W. M. Curtiss.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,212.

MOSES SHAW (Rep.) was born in the town of Ahnapee, November 8, 1861, and received his education in the common school of his district, which he attended until fourteen years of age. He is by occupation a farmer, having lived all his life upon a farm. He has held several offices of trust in the past, was postmaster at Woodside for four years, school clerk for the last twelve years, town chairman for seven years and was lately elected secretary and treasurer of local union farmers' society of equity for the town of Ahnapee. Was elected member of assembly in 1908, receiving 1,717 votes against 1,619 for J. M. Borgman (Dem.), and 46 for Max Seidl (Soc. Dem.).



Moses Shaw.

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 19th and 20th wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,840.

JOHN E. McCONNELL (Rep.) was born in the town of Farmington, La Crosse county, Wisconsin, on the 6th day of December, 1863. He was educated in the public schools of La Crosse county and in the state university, from which he was graduated in 1887. He then studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1889 and has since his admission practiced his profession at La Crosse. He was elected district attorney of La Crosse county in 1894 and served four years. In 1904 he was elected chairman of the Republican county committee of La Crosse county and served as such through the campaigns of 1904 and 1906. He was elected a member of the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,317 votes against 1,867 for James T. Day (Dem.), 76 for Earl G. Staats (Pro.).



J. E. McConnell.

LA CROSSE COUNTY.



E. J. Kneen.

Second District. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the 3d, 8th, 17th, 18th and 21st wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.

E. J. KNEEN (Dem.) was born in the town of Burns, La Crosse county, Wisconsin, February 24, 1867. He received his education in the public schools at Bangor, Wisconsin, which place he left at the age of seventeen, moving to Kansas City where he worked in brick yards for four years, thence moving to Minneapolis where he was engaged in the wholesale fruit business until 1902, when he moved back to Bangor, Wisconsin, engaging in the general merchandise business. His fellow townsmen have shown him their confidence by electing him president of the village in 1905. Mr. Kneen has always taken an active part in all public improvements, and 's now manager of the Bangor and Ashton Telephone Company, which through his efforts has been built up to one of the largest exchanges in La Crosse county. Mr. Kneen is also a member of the board of directors of the Bangor State Bank. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,232 votes against 1,952 for V. S. Keppel (Rep.), and 115 for M. C. Ashberg (Pro.).



M. J. Cleary.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

One District. Population 1900—20,956.

M. J. CLEARY (Rep.) was born Sept. 23d, 1877, in the town of Moscow, Iowa county, Wis. Educated in common school, Valparaiso, Ind. Business College, Wisconsin Academy of Madison, and graduated with the class of 1897. Took two years' work in the University of Wis., also completed the law course at the state university in 1901. Since has practiced law and engaged in the insurance and banking business at Blanchardville in Lafayette county. Was chairman of the county board of Lafayette county for two years. Elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,936 votes against 2,000 for J. H. King (Dem.).

LINCOLN COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—16,969.



F. W. Kubasta.

F. W. KUBASTA (Rep.), of Merrill, Lincoln county, Wis., a native of Wisconsin, was born at New Lisbon, June 8th, 1877; removed to Merrill in 1882, and has since resided there. Was educated in the public schools of Merrill. After graduating from the Merrill high school entered the law offices of Messrs. Flett & Porter as law clerk and student and served in that capacity for six years, leaving such employ to engage with D. M. Phinney in the insurance, real estate and abstract business. In 1904 assisted in organizing the German American State Bank of Merrill and is at present a director and vice-president of that institution.

Also secretary and treasurer of the Phinney Abstract and Land Co. Elected and served as a member of the Lincoln county board for four years; also acted as deputy clerk of circuit court for four years and as chairman of the Lincoln county republican committee for two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,266 votes against 1,866 for R. C. Thielman (Dem.), and 56 for E. A. Bigelow (Soc. Dem.).

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.

S. F. WEHRWEIN (Rep.) was born in the town of Newton, Manitowoc county, Wis., January, 1869; was educated in the public schools of that county; later attended the Oshkosh Normal School for two years. He taught for seven years in Manitowoc county, then took charge of his father's farm, during which time he was chosen one of the trustees of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Co.; he is now again engaged in teaching. In 1906 he was elected president of the Manitowoc County Teachers' Association, and for three years he served as a member of the board of common school examiners. He has been elected to represent his district as a delegate to county and state conventions, was elected member of the assembly in 1904 and 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,089 votes against 1,685 for John Hardow (Dem.), and 501 for Henry Bruins (Soc. Dem.).

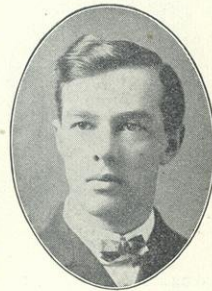


S. F. Wehrwein.

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,918.

LAWRENCE W. LEDVINA (Rep.), of Two Rivers, was born in the town of Franklin, Manitowoc county, September 28, 1880. He attended the common and parochial schools of that county and at the age of sixteen began teaching school, which profession he followed for six years at Kellnersville and in the town of Manitowoc Rapids. In 1902 he was elected president of the Manitowoc County Teachers' Association. Graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1906. He is at present engaged in the practice of law at Two Rivers. He holds the highest national office, that of chief justice in the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity. In the last four campaigns he was engaged in campaigning in the Bohemian language under the auspices of the National Republican Committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1904 being the youngest member that session and the only Republican ever elected from his district. He was elected again in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,183 votes against 572 votes for Joseph Konop (Dem.).



L. W. Ledvina.

MARATHON COUNTY.



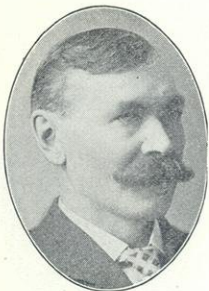
Nic. Schmidt.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, McMillan, Marathon, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, the villages of Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee and Edgar, and the east ward of Colby. Population, 1900—21,559.

NICHOLAS SCHMIDT (Dem.) was born in Germany, November 2, 1860; received a common school education, learned the machinist's trade in early youth and studied evenings both at home and night school to gain an education; traveled extensively in Europe to promote his efficiency as a machinist; came to America in 1880 and resided for a while in Chicago working at his trade and continuing his studies in evening school to acquaint himself with the English language; he continued working at his trade for about five years when an accident befell him from which he never permanently recovered; this compelled him to enter business for himself; for the next six years he was engaged in flour feed, wood and coal business, and later entered the loan and real estate business. In 1901 he bought the Marathon City Brewery of which company he is now president and manager; came to Wisconsin in 1902 and has been a member of the village board of Marathon for five years; is president of the Marathon Excelsior & Manufacturing Co., the State Bank of Marathon; he was elected member of the assembly in 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,490 votes against 2,070 votes for A. E. Beebee.

MARATHON COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1900—21,697.



Aug. F. Marquardt.

AUGUST F. MARQUARDT (Rep.) was born at Bandekow, Pommern, Germany, January 8th, 1850, and came to the city of Wausau July 1st, 1866, when a boy of 17. He was for many years engaged in logging, lumbering, mercantile occupations and farming and now owns a beautiful farm partly within the city limits. He is at present a director of the Citizens State Bank of Wausau. He has held many official positions in the city and county. He represented his ward on the common council of the city of Wausau for eighteen years; was president of the council 1900-1901; was member of the county board for sixteen years; was president of the Marathon County Agricultural Society for two years; was vice-president of the State Agricultural Society in 1899; was elected by the common council as member of the board of water commissioners May 1st, 1905, for a term of three years; on November 7th, 1906, he was appointed by the mayor of the city as a member of the park board for a term of five years; was elected sheriff

of Marathon county in the fall of 1900 and served for two years; was elected member of the assembly in 1904, 1906, and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,736 votes against 2,537 for A. J. Blowman (Dem.), and 178 for J. C. Chiber (Soc. Dem.).

MARINETTE COUNTY.

First District. The city of Marinette. Population, 1900—16,195.

EDWARD WEBSTER LE ROY (Rep.) was born January 30, 1874, in the city of Marinette. He was educated in the Marinette public schools. He held the position of city editor of the Daily Eagle at the time of his first election to the assembly. Later he was editor of the Daily Star and is now one of the editors and proprietors of the Daily Eagle-Star. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, 1904, 1906 and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,312 votes against 590 for Joseph Maurer (Dem.), and 624 for Otto Nelson (Pro.). Mr. Le Roy was elected speaker pro tem. during the 1909 session to preside during the absence of Speaker Bancroft. He was chairman of the committee which drew the public utilities act in the 1907 session.

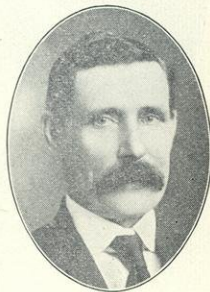


Edward W. Le Roy.

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Amberg, Athelstane, Beaver, Crivitz, Coleman, Dunbar, Grover, Lake, Porterfield, Peshtigo, Pound, Stephenson, Wausaukee; the village of Coleman; the city of Peshtigo. Population, 1900—14,627.

PETER M. NELSON (Rep.) was born in Tromso, Norway, May 16, 1861, where he received a common school education. At the age of twenty-one he immigrated to America, coming directly to Marinette county, Wisconsin, where he has lived since, being engaged in farming most of the time. In 1895 he was elected assessor of the town of Coleman, which position he held for six years. After the town of Beaver was created he was elected chairman, which office he still holds. He has also been a member of the school board for ten years. Was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,987 votes against 656 votes for F. E. Christ (Dem.).

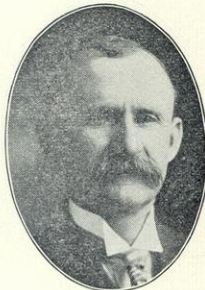


Peter M. Nelson.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.

JOHN T. FARRELL (Dem.), of Milwaukee, First assembly district, comprising the first and eighteenth wards, was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, September 29th, 1800, where he received a common school education. He came to Milwaukee in 1890 and has resided in the eighteenth ward for the past seventeen years; has been a traveling man for eighteen years; is married and is engaged at present in the publishing business. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,438 votes against 2,252 for Charles Hamilton (Rep.), and 582 for Richard Schmidt (Soc. Dem.).



John T. Farrell.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Second District. The 2d and 6th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,580.



Otto A. Harrass.

OTTO A. HARRASS (Rep.) was born in the city of Milwaukee July 13th, 1869; was educated in parochial and public schools; he is a mason by occupation. In 1898 he enlisted in the Spanish-American war, Company D, 4th Wisconsin Volunteers, and served until mustered out February 23th, 1899; elected member of the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,708 votes against 1,590 for E. P. Stuetzel (Dem.), and 1,120 for Thomas Feeley (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Third District. The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population 1900—22,236.

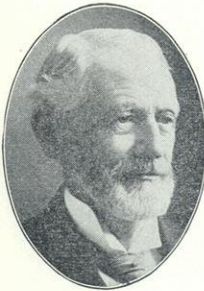


William Disch.

WILLIAM DISCH (Rep.) was born in Glarus, Switzerland, January 12, 1840; came to America in 1853; lived in New Jersey one year; removed to Milwaukee in 1854 where he has since resided; received his education in the common schools; is a retired farmer; served two years and ten months in the civil war, being a private in Company K, 24th Wis., receiving his honorable discharge at the close of the war; was a night-watch at the state capitol two years, policeman and janitor five years; never sought or held an elective office; was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,188 votes against 1,827 for Luke Scanlon (Dem.), and 1,465 for Albert Newman (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourth District. The 15th and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.



Carl H. Dorner.

CARL HERMAN DORNER (Rep.) was born December 22d, 1837, in Hamburg, Germany. Studied natural sciences in the universities of Jena and Leipzig; graduated in 1864 as doctor philosophiae. Returning to Hamburg he taught natural sciences during the years 1864 to 1871. Was appointed scientific secretary of the Zoological society at Hamburg and occupied this position and that of director of the zoological garden from 1871 to 1875. In 1875 he was called to Cincinnati, Ohio, for the purpose of laying out and organizing the zoological garden there, then to build and manage the aquarium at New York, until 1879, when he came to Milwaukee. From 1879 to 1883 he held the position of teacher of natural sciences at the German-English academy and the National German-American Teachers' seminary; was then appointed principal of the Second district school, until 1886 principal of the German-English academy and the National German-American Teachers' Seminary un-

til 1889, and principal of the Thirteenth district school until 1893; chief examiner and secretary of the Milwaukee civil service commission from 1899 to 1902; member of the Milwaukee county board of supervisors from the 15th ward from 1904 to 1908. Published several school-books on Science, Physiology and Botany, in both the German and English language. In 1908 he was elected member of the assembly, receiving 2,953 votes against 2,233 for B. F. Steiner (Dem.), 934 for Thomas Gaynor (Soc. Dem.), and 111 for J. E. Clayton (Pro.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fifth District. The 5th and 12th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.

M. W. KALAHER was born on a farm in Walworth county on the 22nd of June 1870 and received his early education in the district schools. He entered the Lake Geneva High School in 1886 and after his graduation he taught school for a period of two years after which he worked his way through the State University. After his graduation from the University he taught school for a number of years in the city of Manitowoc, Wisconsin. He was admitted to the bar in 1903 and moved to Milwaukee in 1906 where he is engaged in the practice of law. He was elected to the assembly in 1903 receiving 1,671 votes against 1,356 for George A. Knapp (Soc. Dem.) and 1,148 votes for Frank R. Ammon (Rep.)

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

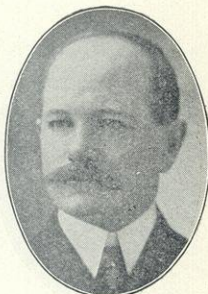
Sixth District. The 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.

THOMAS F. RAMSEY (Dem.) was born in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, December 12th, 1858; received his education in the public schools of his native city; is a real estate and insurance agent; was cashier in the Milwaukee office of the Western Union Telegraph Co. eighteen years; was manager of the Milwaukee office of the Postal Telegraph Co. three years; was member of the common council in the city of Milwaukee for seven years; a member of several important committees, serving two years as chairman of the committee on judiciary; was trustee of Milwaukee public museum seven years. He was elected member of the assembly in 1904, and again elected in 1908, receiving 2,352 votes against 1,770 for Chauncey W. Yockey (Rep.), and 579 for Edward Campbell (Soc. Dem.).

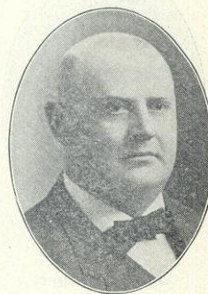
MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Seventh District. The towns of Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa, the village of West Milwaukee, and the cities of Wauwatosa and West Allis. Population, 1900—20,646.

GEORGE G. BREW (Rep.) was born in the city of Milwaukee in the year 1868, later moving with his par-



M. W. Kalaher.



Thomas F. Ramsey.



George G. Brew.

ents to the town of Greenfield, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of pickles, etc. He was educated in the local and Milwaukee schools and the Spencerian Business College. For the past three years he has been president of the village of West Milwaukee and he was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,023 votes against 1,453 for S. S. Leonard (Dem.), and 728 for J. P. Mueller (Soc. Dem.).



Fred R. Zimmerman.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Eighth District. The 8th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332.

FRED R. ZIMMERMAN (Rep.) was born in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, November 20th, 1880, where he received his education in the public schools. For years he covered the states as a commercial traveler and in this capacity has visited most of the central, southern and western states. As a member of the session of 1909, Mr. Zimmerman is holding his first public office. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,703 votes, against 1,697 for H. R. Logan (Dem.), and 1,159 for G. H. Poor (Soc. Dem.).



Ed. J. Berner.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Ninth District. The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—47,653.

EDMUND J. BERNER (Soc. Dem.) was born in Friesland, Ozaukee county, Wisconsin, May 17th, 1864, came to Milwaukee in the year of 1872, was educated in the 9th district school. Has been interested in the trades union movement for the past fifteen years; held various offices in same; was elected a member of the assembly in 1904, 1906, and was re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,236 votes against 944 for Michael Hauser (Dem.), and 895 for Silas Lehman (Rep.).



H. E. Georgi.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

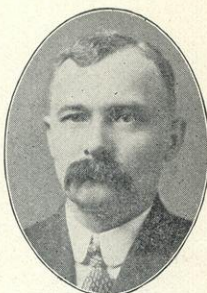
Tenth District. The 10th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.

HERMAN EMIL GEORGI (Rep.) was born June 16th, 1870, in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Was educated in the public and high schools of said city, taught school and attended the University of Wisconsin, graduating therefrom in June, 1891. Has since practiced law in the city of Milwaukee. Was elected to assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,219 votes against 1,210 for William Coleman (Soc. Dem.), and 896 for W. A. Aschman (Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Eleventh District. The 11th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.

FREDERICK BROCKHAUSEN (Soc. Dem.) was born in the city of Fredericia, Denmark, May 20th, 1858; received a public school education; learned the trade of cigar making; came to the United States in 1879; lived nineteen years in Wisconsin; has also lived in New York, Iowa, Montana and Minnesota. For the past nine years has served the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor as its secretary-treasurer. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,575 votes against 1,283 for Charles Miksch (Dem.).



Fred. Brockhausen.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Twelfth District. The 19th and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.

CARL F. BUSACKER (Rep.) was born at Reval, Pommern, Germany, April 3d, 1854. At the age of fifteen he became an apprentice at the milling and millwright trade in which he was engaged until the age of 20 years, when he enlisted in the German army. He served three years, during the third year of service he was promoted to the military pioneer school. Came over to this country in the year 1881, and settled in the city of Milwaukee. Worked at the carpenter trade until 1886, when he engaged in the carpentry and contracting business, and is still active in the same. He is a director of the Badger State Bank of Milwaukee. Was elected supervisor of the twenty-second ward of Milwaukee in 1904, and re-elected for the same office in 1906. In 1908 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,047 votes against 1,956 for C. D. Thompson (Soc. Dem.), 1,839 for George Schaefer (Dem.), and 100 for B. C. Hughes (Pro.).

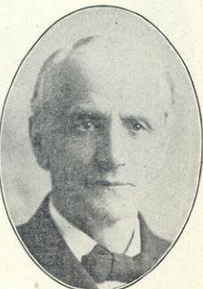


Carl F. Busacker.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Thirteenth District. The 13th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.

CHARLES E. ESTABROOK (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born near Platteville, Grant county, Wisconsin, October 31, 1847; educated at Platteville Academy and Normal School; enlisted in August 1864, in Company B, forty-third Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry served with the regiment until discharged at the close of the war July, 1865; moved from Platteville to Manitowoc in 1871, and for a year taught school, having charge of the First Ward public school; subsequently studied law and engaged in the practice of his profession at Manitowoc until 1887; was city attorney of Manitowoc from April, 1877 until December 1878; resigned on being elected a member of the Assembly; served as member of the As-



Charles E. Estabrook.

sembly in 1881, 1883 and 1885 from Manitowoc county; was delegate to the National Republican Convention in Chicago in June 1884; elected Attorney General in 1886 and re-elected in 1888. Moved to Milwaukee in 1893, where he has since resided; elected to the Assembly of 1907, from the city of Milwaukee, and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,280 votes against 1,253 for C. F. Wall (Dem.), and 1,029 for C. O. Vogel (Soc. Dem.).



Jos. A. Domachowski.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourteenth District. The 14th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.

JOSEPH A. DOMACHOWSKI (Dem.) was born in Poland November 26, 1872. Came to Milwaukee in 1881. Was educated in the St. Hyacinth parochial school and in evening public school. Is a painter and decorator by trade, but at present is with the Prudential Insurance Co. Was elected member of the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,001 votes against 852 for Martin Gorrecki (Soc. Dem.), and 736 for Stanislaus Matuszewski (Rep.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fifteenth District. The 21st ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, and the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.



Peter F. Leuch.

PETER F. LEUCH (Rep.) was born in the town of Milwaukee, county of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, December 1st, 1883. He attended the parochial school, public schools, the west division high school and later attended the McDonald Business College. In March, 1902, he was employed by the Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co. and served there until November, 1907, in various capacities in the office. While working for the J. Schlitz Brewing Co. he studied law with the Chicago Correspondence School of Law and the Milwaukee Law School, which school affiliated with Marquette University. Was admitted to the bar of this state in January, 1908, and received a degree of Bachelor of Laws from Marquette University the same year. Upon passing the bar examination he engaged in the practice of the law in which business he is now engaged. Is of German-American descent. Mr. Leuch was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,722 votes against 1,668 for V. L. Berger (Soc. Dem.), and 1,206 for Gerhard Aussen (Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Sixteenth District. The 20th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.

FRANK J. WEBER (Soc. Dem.) was born in the city of Milwaukee, August 7th, 1849. At the age of three years he removed with his parents to Grafton, Ozaukee county. He learned the trade of seaman, in which capacity he visited all the most important seaports of the world. He has been a member of a labor organization for forty years. He organized the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor in 1893 and has been continually an officer thereof. He is also one of the general organizers of the American Federation of Labor. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 1,799 votes against 1,380 for Louis Goulki (Rep.), and 825 for Charles Newser (Dem.).

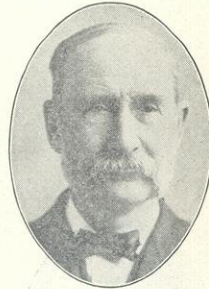


Frank J. Weber.

MONROE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,103.

JOHN R. JONES (Rep.) was born at Pittsburg, Pa., in the year 1850, of Welsh parentage. Came west with his parents in 1856, and settled on a farm in the town of Leon, Monroe county, Wisconsin. Received a common and high school education. Is by occupation a farmer. Held various offices in his town, and was chairman eleven years. Was twice elected chairman of the county board, and one term chairman of the Republican county committee of his county. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,336 votes against 2,045 for John Cremer (Dem.), and 89 for A. W. Brey (Soc. Dem.).

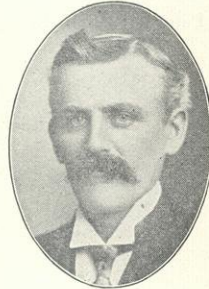


John R. Jones.

OCONTO COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,874.

JOHN GROSSE (Rep.) was born at Green Bay, Wisconsin, on the 15th day of August, 1864, in the old historic bank building. He was educated in the common school in the town he now lives in, and graduated from the Green Bay Business College in 1884. He held the office of town clerk for a number of years and is the present clerk; has held the office of chairman of supervisors of his town for six years, and as such was elected vice-chairman of the county board of Oconto county. He holds a U. S. government pilot and engineer's license and at present is engaged in the general merchandise business, farming and fishing. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,998 votes against 1,543 votes for Mathew Finnegan (Dem.).



John Grosse.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.



Clinton B. Ballard.

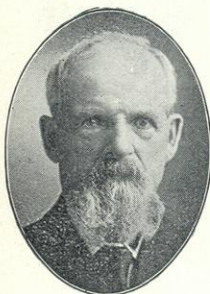
First District. The towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute and Greenville, and the city of Appleton. Population, 1900—23,102.

CLINTON B. BALLARD (Rep.) was born at Appleton, Wisconsin, November 16th, 1860, and was educated in the common schools. By occupation he is a farmer and stock raiser and owns a farm just outside the limits of the city of Appleton, upon which practically all his life has been spent. Was school clerk nine years and in April, 1897, was elected chairman of the board of supervisors, having since been re-elected to this position each year. In 1908 he received the Republican nomination at the primary without opposition, and was elected, receiving 2,637 votes against 2,183 for Carl Ludwig (Dem.), and 94 for M. G. Smith (Soc. Dem.).

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn and Seymour, that part of the Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county, the villages of Hortonville and Little Chute, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour and the 3d ward of the city of New London. Population, 1900—23,145.

PETER PHILIPPS, SR. (Rep.), of the city of Kaukauna, was born June 5th, 1835, in Geisfeld, Prussia. Received a common school education; is a retired farmer and blacksmith; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1846, and to Meeme, Manitowoc county, in March, 1848. Enlisted in Company B, 45th Regiment, Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, as a private; was stationed at Nashville, Tennessee; promoted to sergeant and was mustered out at the expiration of war by order of the war department. Has been postmaster of Meeme nineteen years. Was secretary at the Meeme Mutual Home Protective Fire Insurance Co. seven years. He was elected to the assembly from the First district, Manitowoc county, for the year 1882. Moved with his family to the city of Kaukauna in 1890, was appointed postmaster in 1894 by Dr. H. B. Tanner, first Republican mayor of the city of Kaukauna, and held the office under different Republican administrations for four years. Is now holding the office of supervisor of the third ward and has been ten years, the last five years having been elected without opposition. Was elected member of the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,265 votes against 2,225 votes for Henry Knapstein (Dem.).



Peter Philipps, Sr.

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—16,363.

WILLIAM J. BICHLER (Dem.), of Belgium, Wis., was born in the town of Holland, Sheboygan county, November 14th, 1870. Followed farm life and attended

the common schools of said town; later entered the Pio Nono College at St. Francis, Wis., and at the age of eighteen began teaching, which profession he followed for five years in Sheboygan county. In 1894 he settled in the town of Belgium, Ozaukee county, and took up general farming, where he has since conducted a grain and dairy farm. He is also engaged in the real estate and insurance business. Has been secretary of the town of Belgium Mutual Fire Insurance Co. since 1895. Is serving as chairman of the town of Belgium since the spring of 1906. In the fall of 1908 he was chosen chairman of the county board of Ozaukee county. Was elected to the assembly in 1906, and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,008 votes against 984 votes for Henry Kickhafer (Rep.).

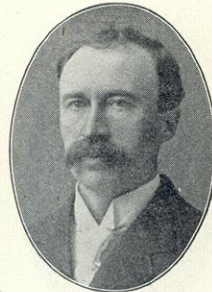


William J. Bichler.

PIERCE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,943.

WILLIAM A. KAY (Rep.), of Pierce county, was born in the town of Martell, Pierce county, Wisconsin, on the 22d day of February, 1864. Was educated in the public schools of the county. His business is farming and stock raising. He owns and has operated a steam threshing machine in the Red River valley of North Dakota and Minnesota for the past seventeen years. Is now serving his fifteenth year as school district treasurer; was elected supervisor of his town in 1894, re-elected in 1895; was elected assessor in 1893 and was elected chairman of his town in the years 1897, 1898, 1900, 1901, 1903 and 1904; was elected first vice-president of the Pierce County Farmers' Co-operative Mercantile Co. in 1904 and re-elected in 1905 and 1906. Was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,978 votes against 865 votes for F. M. White (Dem.).

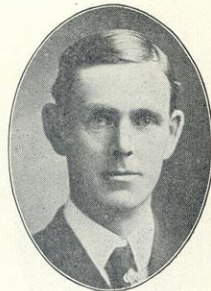


William A. Kay.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—29,483.

O. A. CROWELL (Rep.) was born in Almond, Portage county, Wisconsin, October 5th, 1872. Attended the village school until 1899, then two years at the University of Wisconsin until the death of his father. Has been in the general store business and farming since that time; organized the Portage County Bank in 1901 and has been president of the same since its organization. Was postmaster from 1896 to 1901 and has been president of the village since its incorporation in 1905. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,180 votes against 2,396 votes for Charles Brady (Dem.).



O. A. Crowell.

PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—20,368.



Elias L. Urquhart.

ELIAS L. URQUHART (Rep.) was born in Glengarry county Canada West, (now Ontario), Dominion of Canada, January 15, 1846. Received a common school education. Remained on a farm until October, 1864, and then came to New York state. From there he came to Michigan in 1865 and to Wisconsin in 1870. Followed surveying, estimating timber and lumbering until 1890. Was a member of the county board of Taylor county in 1878 and 1879; sheriff of Taylor county in 1880 and 1881; was a member of the county board in 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907 and 1908. Served as chairman of the county board in all fourteen years. Was a member of the school board the past sixteen years. Was postmaster at Medford from 1890 to 1894. Since then he has been conducting a real estate, insurance and abstract office at Medford, Wisconsin. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,371 votes against 1,363 for F. W. Sackett (Dem.), and 322 for Fred Plinky (Soc. Dem.).

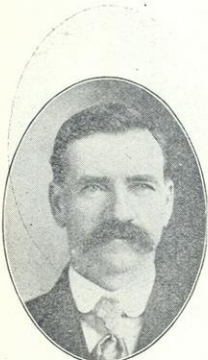


Wallace Ingalls.

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th (and at the present time, the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th) wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.

WALLACE INGALLS (Rep.) was born November 21st, 1859, on a farm in the town of Linn, Walworth county, Wisconsin. Remained on the farm until twenty-two years of age. Taught country district schools for several winters. Graduated from the Albany Law School, Albany, New York, in 1882. Commenced practice of law at Sharon, Wisconsin, afterward removing to Elkhorn, Wisconsin, and finally coming to Racine in 1893. Has followed no other occupation except the practice of law since graduating from the law school. Held the office of district attorney of Walworth county for four years and had no other political office until he was elected to the assembly in 1908, when he received 2,856 votes against 1,987 for N. F. Billings (Dem.), and 601 for J. C. Peterson (Soc. Dem.).



John H. Kamper.

RACINE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford and Yorkville, the villages of Union Grove, Corliss and Waterford, the seventh ward of the city of Racine and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,837.

JOHN H. KAMPER (Rep.) was born in Denmark December 17, 1857. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1866, settling in Racine county, where he has ever since resided. At the age of twenty-two he was elected

justice of the peace, which office he held fourteen years. He has filled the office of school district clerk over twenty years; has been chairman of his town the past nine years and chairman of the Racine county board of supervisors the last three years. He is president of the Town Insurance Company, holding the position now ten years. He owns and operates a farm adjoining the village of North Cape and is president and manager of a large co-operative creamery. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,240 votes against 2,118 for Geo. Herzog (Dem.), and 176 for H. Meyer (Soc. Dem.).

RICHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—19,483.

LEVI H. BANCROFT (Rep.) was born December 26th, 1860, Sauk county, Wis. Educated in common schools. Graduate of Lone Rock high school, and of U. W. law department, class of 1884. Elected district attorney Richland county, 1886; city attorney for Richland Center six years; county judge of Richland county, 1897 to 1902; assistant attorney general, 1902-1904; member of assembly for Richland county, 1906; alternate to national Republican convention at St. Louis, 1896; delegate to Republican national convention at Philadelphia, 1900; delegate to Republican state conventions of 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, 1904; has practiced law at Richland Center, Wisconsin, since 1885. He was elected to the assembly in 1906, and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,091 votes against 1,341 for Clement Dougherty (Dem.), 781 for F. M. McHall (Ind.), and 194 for John Maley (Pro.). He was elected Speaker of the Assembly at the session of 1909.



Levi H. Bancroft.
Speaker.

ROCK COUNTY.

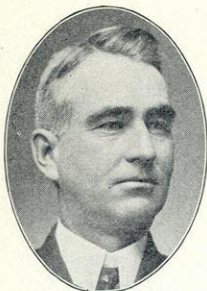
First District. The towns of Center, Fulton, Janesville, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley and Union, and the cities of Edgerton and Evansville. Population, 1900—16,902.

LAWRENCE C. WHITTET (Rep.), of Edgerton, Rock county, Wisconsin, was born in Albion, Wisconsin, June 16th, 1871. When a child his parents moved from the farm in Jefferson county to Edgerton, where he has since resided. Mr. Whittet was educated in the Edgerton public schools and the University of Wisconsin, where the foundation for his life's work was laid. He has held various public offices, being postmaster of Edgerton under both President McKinley and Roosevelt, 1901 to 1906; for a number of years member of the Rock county board of supervisors, likewise treasurer of the board of education, and member of the library board in his home city. His business is one of the most important in Edgerton, being a manufacturer of brick as well as packing boxes. He is a lumber dealer, having large retail as well as manufacturing interests. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, carrying every voting precinct in his district, and receiving 2,394 votes against 1,080 votes for Austin Fessenden (Dem.).



Lawrence C. Whittet.

ROCK COUNTY.

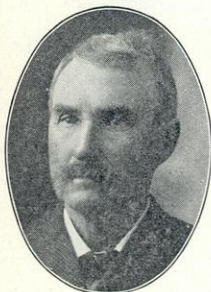


Grant U. Fisher.

Second District. Bradford, Harmony, Johnston, La Prairie and the city of Janesville. Population, 1900—17,091.

GRANT U. FISHER (Rep.), of Janesville, was born in the town of Center, Rock county, Wisconsin, August 25th, 1865. He received his education in the district schools, the Evansville Seminary and Silsby Business College, all of Rock county. He was engaged in farming and the breeding of pure bred livestock until 1903. Since that time he has been engaged in manufacturing and the shipping of sand and gravel. He has served as assessor and town clerk, president of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of the town of Center, member of the state board of agriculture and member of Wisconsin livestock sanitary board. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,852 votes against 1,211 for J. E. Hutchinson (Dem.), and 91 for J. R. Horn (Soc. Dem.).

ROCK COUNTY.



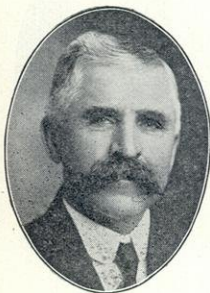
Simon Smith.

Third District. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth and Turtle, the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit. Population, 1900—17,210.

SIMON SMITH (Rep.), Beloit Wis., was born in Abridge, England, November 14th, 1839; came to this country with his parents when a boy; received a common school education; settled in Beloit in 1856. At the breaking out of the civil war he enlisted in Company D, 15th Illinois Infantry, of which he was a member for four years and four months, participating in all the battles fought by the Army of the Tennessee. After the war he returned to Beloit and engaged in the painting business; is now retired. Has been a member of the county board twenty-three years; was for two years chairman of the board. Was mayor of the city of Beloit from April, 1899, to April, 1904; has always been a Republican in politics. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,362 votes against 904 for Matt. Lathers (Dem.), and 118 for F. J. Heneke (Soc. Dem.).

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—26,830.



John A. Chinnock.

JOHN A. CHINNOCK (Rep.) was born March 23d, 1850, in Trumbell county, Ohio. Came to St. Croix county, Wisconsin, in 1851 with his parents, settling on a farm in what is now the town of Troy. At 21 years of age he bought a farm in same town, in 1881 bought another farm and was married. Has carried on both farms until 1905, when he removed to his present home in the city of Hudson. Was chairman of the town of Troy several years and served as chairman of the county board of supervisors one term. Was elected to assembly in 1908, receiving 2,923 votes against 2,105 for A. J. Walker (Dem.).

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.

VIRGIL H. CADY (Dem.) was born in the town of Excelsior, Sauk county, December 25th, 1876. Received a common and high school education. Established and published an independent high school journal, known as the "Review," during 1895 and 1896. Studied law from 1899 to 1901. Admitted to practice law before the state board of law examiners at Milwaukee in December, 1901, since which time he has practiced his profession at Baraboo. Was nominated for member of assembly from the First district of Sauk county, and was the first Democrat elected to the legislature from that district for eighteen years. At the November election in 1908 Mr. Cady received 1,960 votes to 1,474 votes cast for Wilber Cahoon, Republican candidate for re-election. Taft's majority in the same district was 1,107. Mr. Cady is the Democratic member of the assembly judiciary committee.

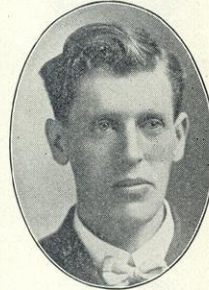


Virgil H. Cady.

SAUK COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—16,101.

SILAS A. TOWNE (Dem.) was born in the town of Greenwood, Vernon county, Wisconsin, July 14th, 1875. He was educated mainly in the common schools of Sauk county, graduating from the graded school at Valton at the age of 14. Subsequently he engaged in teaching in the schools of Sauk county for a period of seven years. In 1898 he purchased a farm in the township of La Valle, since which time he has been engaged in farming. He has been honored with many local offices. At the time of his election to the assembly he held the office of town clerk, school district clerk, superintendent of highways, and many offices in societies of which he is a member. At the November election he was elected member of assembly for the Second district of Sauk county, receiving 1,511 votes against 1,461 for Frank L. Mueller (Rep.), and 47 for Patrick Daly (Ind. Dem.).



Silas A. Towne.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—27,475.

BENJAMIN A. CADY (Rep.) was born in the town of Granville, Addison county, Vermont, February 11th, 1840. Came with his parents to Waukesha county, Wis-



Benjamin A. Cady.

consin, in 1850. Was educated in the common schools, high school of Berlin, Wisconsin, and Milton academy, now Milton college. Taught school four years; served in the civil war as private in Company I, 37th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry until April 20, 1865. Was admitted to the bar in Waushara county circuit court at the March term, 1867. Has held numerous offices of public trust. Was member of the county board of Waushara county eighteen years; two years chairman of said county board and four years district attorney for said county. In 1883 he moved to Birnamwood, Shawano county, where he now resides. There he has been a member of the county board ten years, district attorney four years, and delegate to three state conventions. He has always been a Republican in politics. His early years were spent in farming and lumbering. Since his admission to the bar he has been engaged in the practice of law, insurance, loans and real estate business. Was nominated in 1908 for assembly without opposition and was elected, receiving 3,200 votes against 1,820 votes for Chas. A. Raisler (Dem.).

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The town of Sheboygan and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1905—25,143.



Edward J. Kempf.

EDWARD J. KEMPF (Rep.) was born February 21st, 1862, at Sheboygan, Wisconsin, and received his education in the public schools of that city. At the age of 14 years he worked during the season in a brick yard. The next three summers he was a sailor on Lake Michigan, working at the shoemakers' trade during the winter months. He stuck to the "last" until a few years ago when the bill posting business, which he had been building as a side issue for several years, assumed such proportions as to require his entire time and attention. He is secretary and treasurer of the Wisconsin Bill Posters' Association, clerk of Chair City Camp, M. W. A., record keeper of Jonathan Tent, K. O. T. M., secretary of Council No. 78, Fraternal Reserve Association and secretary of Camp No. 430, Modern Protective Association. He was elected to the assembly in 1903, receiving 2,376 votes against 2,287 for John Detling (Dem.), and 566 for Fred Kneevors (Soc. Dem.).

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Holland, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman and Wilson, the villages of Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake, and Sheboygan Falls, and the city of Plymouth. Population, 1900—25,202.



Edward J. Keyes.

EDWARD J. KEYES (Rep.) was born Jan. 29, 1859, in the town of Lyndon, Sheboygan county, Wis.; received a common school education. Has resided in the town of Lyndon except four years, from 1880 to 1884, when he was a resident of Dekalb, Ill., where he

worked on a farm for two years and later worked for the I. L. Elwood Barb Wire Fence Mfg. Co. Owned and operated a cheese factory for thirteen years; is a farmer by occupation. Has held various local offices. He was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 3,433 votes against 2,167 for John Dassow (Dem.), and 167 for R. P. Dassow (Soc. Dem.).

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,114:

ALBERT THEODORE TWESME (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Ettrick, Trempealeau county, Wisconsin. His early training was received in the district schools and the graded schools of Ettrick. Preparatory to entering the University of Wisconsin, he studied for two years at Gale College, Galesville, Wisconsin, and one year at the Wisconsin Academy at Madison from which latter school he graduated with the class of 1902. The following year he entered the University of Wisconsin and took up a course in the College of Letters and Science. In 1906 he received his degree of Bachelor of Arts and in February, 1908, he graduated from the law school of the university, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws. While in the university, Mr. Twesme was wholly dependent upon himself. His vacations were mostly spent in canvassing for leading magazine firms. During the summer of 1906 he was employed on the state board of assessment, and during the session of the 1907 legislature he was employed as clerk in the office of the chief clerk of the assembly. Mr. Twesme has always been a Republican. During the campaign of 1906 he spent about eight weeks on the stump for the Republican ticket, and in the spring of 1908 he early announced his candidacy for the office of member of assembly from Trempealeau county. He was nominated by a majority over Speaker Herman L. Ekern of 263 votes and at the last election again defeated Speaker Ekern, who was running as an independent candidate, receiving 2,162 votes against 2,010 for Ekern (Ind. Rep.) candidate, and 1,386 for J. Q. Dewey (Dem.) He is a Norwegian by birth, a member of the Madison Lodge F. & A. M., and La Crosse Lodge No. 300 B. P. O. Elks. He is also a member of the college fraternities Alpha Tau Omega and Phi Alpha Tau, and at present is practicing law at Galesville, Wis.



Albert Theodore Twesme

VERNON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,351.

DAVID F. MAINS (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born Sept. 14, 1874, in the town of Webster, Vernon county, and has been a resident of said county since. Is a farmer by occupation. He was educated in the district schools and the Cashton and Viroqua high schools. He taught school from 1896 to 1900, the last three years of which time he served as town clerk of the town of Clinton. He was elected clerk of the circuit court in 1900, re-elected in 1902, and in 1904. Was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 4,000 votes against 1,615 votes for W. E. Butt (Dem.).



David F. Mains.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—29,259.



Edwin O. Kull.

EDWIN O. KULL (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Bloomfield, Walworth county, Wisconsin, February 7, 1855. Was educated in the public schools of that county and later took a course at Wheaton college. He then taught four years in the common schools of Illinois and in his home county. Since then he has given his attention to farming and has taken an active part in farmers' institutes. He is owner of a good farm located in his native town. He has been assigned by his townsmen to various positions of trust for a term of sixteen years, acting either in the capacity of justice, assessor or member of the town board of supervisors. At present he is president and manager of a farmers co-operative creamery, which position he has held for the last ten years. He is also director of the Farmers' Fire Insurance Company of Geneva and was elected member of the assembly in 1908, receiving 3,480 votes against 2,631 for J. W. Page (Dem.), 437 for James Hague (Pro.), and 66 for F. W. Weaver (Soc. Dem.).



Henry V. Schwalbach.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,539.

HENRY V. SCHWALBACH (Dem.) was born at South Germantown, Wisconsin, April 24, 1878; received a common school education; commenced clerking at the age of fourteen in his father's general merchandise store and since 1897 he successfully managed the large general merchandise and implement business run under the firm name of J. F. Schwalbach. Through his efforts and promotion in 1907 South Germantown now has an adequately equipped fire department of which he has been honored with the office of chief. He also heads the Advancement association of his home town. Was elected member of assembly in 1908, receiving 2,643 votes against 2,544 votes for Jos. F. Huber (Rep.).

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon and Waukesha, the village of Eagle, the village of Mukwonago and the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.



James E. Thomas.

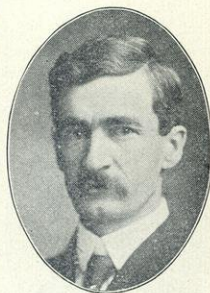
JAMES E. THOMAS (Rep.) was born on a farm in the town of Delafield, Waukesha county, Wisconsin, September 21, 1872, and attended the public school at Delafield. Later he attended Carroll College at Waukesha, Wisconsin, and was graduated from that institution in the class of 1892. He then entered the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from the university in 1896, receiving the degree of B. A. During the two years following his graduation he taught in the East Troy high

school in Walworth county, Wisconsin, and for the succeeding five years was principal of the schools at Escondido, California. He then returned to Wisconsin and took up the study of law in the college of law at the state university, and was graduated from the law school in 1905. After graduation he formed a partnership with Mr. Milo Muckleston, under the firm name of Muckleston & Thomas at Waukesha, Wisconsin. During the campaign of 1906 he was chairman of the Republican county committee of Waukesha county, and also secretary of the Republican state central committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,287 votes against 1,711 for J. M. McGovern (Dem.), and 98 for G. O. Duncan (Soc. Dem.).

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menomonee Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc.

GEO. E. HOYT (Rep.), of Menomonee Falls, was born there in 1861. He got his schooling in the common and high schools and the Northwestern University at Evanston and Chicago from which he graduated in medicine. Since leaving Alexian hospital, as interne, in 1893, he has practiced as physician and surgeon at Menomonee Falls. He is president of the Citizens' State Bank of that place. His election to the assembly was unopposed except by the Social Democrats who polled 137 votes for Louis Stoffel, Mr. Hoyt receiving 2,503 votes.



Geo. E. Hoyt.

WAUPACA COUNTY.

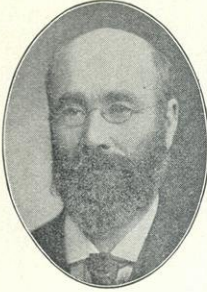
First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.

WESLEY IRVINE (Rep.) was born in Canada in December, 1866; he completed the high school course in his native village and later moved to New York, where he attended the Cook Academy for one year; he later entered the medical department of the University of Maryland, from which institution he graduated in 1892; immediately after graduation he removed to Waupaca county, where he has since practiced his profession; was elected member of assembly in 1906 and reelected in 1908, receiving 2,532 votes against 623 votes for H. W. Glocke (Dem.).



Wesley Irvine.

WAUPACA COUNTY.



Ole A. Buslett.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larrabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and 5th wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,273.

OLE A. BUSLETT (Rep.) was born in Gausdal, Norway, May 28, 1855, and immigrated to Waupaca county, this state, in 1863, together with his father, mother, sisters and brothers. He is the first born of eight children; is a merchant at the cross roads village of Northland, Norwegian-American poet, author and journalist. He has held the positions of postmaster, justice of the peace, town clerk and was for seven years a member of the county board of Waupaca county and was elected trustee for the Waupaca county asylum for chronic insane in the fall of 1907. He was married in 1878 and settled at Stevens Point, but from 1882 made his home in Madison for four years and removed to his present home in 1888. Mr. Buslett was instrumental in having Northland postoffice established and the town of Harrison set off a year later. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,134 votes against 875 votes for J. F. Meisner (Dem.).



E. G. Keup.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—15,972.

E. G. KEUP (Rep.) was born at Oshkosh in 1869; received an education in the common schools and the Bryant & Stratton Business College; was elected chairman of the town of Mt. Morris for eight consecutive years. Is vice-president of the Mt. Morris Norwegian Mutual Fire Ins. Co.; was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,796 votes against 472 votes for G. B. Fox (Dem.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.



William M. Bray.

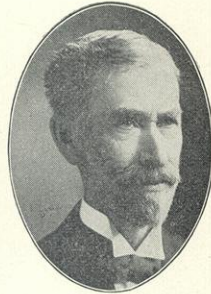
First District. The town of Oshkosh and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.

WILLIAM M. BRAY (Rep.) was born in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, March 17, 1880, and was educated in the public schools of that city, also spending three years at Northwestern University of Evanston, Illinois, and one year at Harvard. He has been engaged in the lumber business on the Pacific coast and in the southern states since leaving school. Mr. Bray was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 2,500 votes against 1,897 for Herbert Jensen (Dem.), 148 for B. F. Baldwin (Pro.), and 121 for G. T. Thom (Soc. Dem.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population, 1900—18,670.

JAMES R. BARNETT (Rep.) was born at Pewaukee, Wisconsin, May 31, 1842, and removed in 1848 to Fond du Lac county, where he resided until the civil war. He taught school during the years 1860 and 1861. He enlisted and served throughout the war in the First Wisconsin Cavalry, sharing in all its engagements and being promoted to first lieutenant. In 1868 he graduated from Rush Medical College and came in 1871 to Neenah, where he has since resided. Mr. Barnett was superintendent of the city schools for four years; served on the board of education ten years; was president of the Wisconsin state medical society in 1888 and has been chief medical examiner for the Equitable Fraternal Union since its organization in 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1908, receiving 1,977 votes against 1,735 votes for M. M. Schoetz (Dem.).

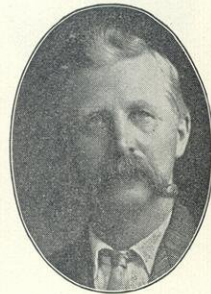


James R. Barnett.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepsuskum, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the 3d, 6th, 9th and 13th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,238.

CHARLES NEITZEL (Rep.) was born in the town of Black Wolf, Winnebago county, April 1, 1853; received a common school education; is a successful farmer; has held a number of offices of honor and trust; has been a member of town board and town treasurer seven years, town chairman five years, school director for twenty-seven years, director of the Nekimi Fire Ins. Co. for ten years. Was elected to the assembly in 1906 and re-elected in 1908, receiving 2,327 votes against 1,612 votes for H. W. Kuntzendorff (Dem.).

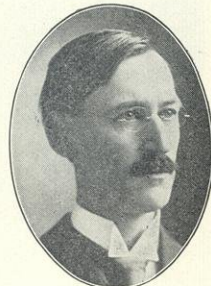


Charles Neitzel.

WOOD COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,865.

GEORGE P. HAMBRECHT (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee February 1, 1871. He graduated from the Lake Geneva public schools; attended the University of Wisconsin three years; the law school of University of Chicago one year where he did sufficient extra work in the academic department of that school to graduate with a bachelor's degree. He then passed the Wisconsin state bar examination and while attending the Chicago university he won a scholarship to the Yale law school from which department he graduated. At Yale he won the Kent Club prize in a competitive examination on the



George P. Hambrecht

subject of parliamentary law, and assisted Prof. Baldwin, chief justice of Connecticut in the preparation of his work on railroad law by verifying the citations in this work. Mr. Hambrecht has been a successful teacher, having been assistant and principal of the Howe high school at Grand Rapids. Since graduating from Yale he has practiced law in Grand Rapids being associated with Hon. H. C. Wipperman until 1907, since which time he has been in business alone. He served his ward as supervisor two years and for the past year has been city attorney. He was elected to the assembly in 1903, receiving 2,820 votes against 2,720 for W. E. Whelan (Dem)., and 217 for Louis Wollason (Soc. Dem.).



C. E. Shaffer.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

CHIEF CLERK.

C. E. SHAFFER (Rep.) is a native of Dane county and was born and raised on a farm where, with the exception of the time spent at school, he worked until the age of twenty-one. He was educated in the common schools, private academy and a business college. He taught in district and graded schools and in 1900-01 was instructor in mathematics and bookkeeping in the Madison Business College. He was elected chief clerk of the assembly January 9, 1907, and again in January, 1909. He is Secretary of the Republican county committee of Dane county, to which position he was elected in 1906 and re-elected in 1908. He is a resident of the city of Madison and since 1901 has been engaged in th real estate and insurance business.



William S. Irvine.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

WILLIAM S. IRVINE (Rep.) was born in Maryland, March 18th, 1851; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1852, setting in Trempealeau county; received his education in the common schools; removed to Clark county in 1870, and began farming in 1873; was elected member of assembly in 1902 and re-elected in 1904. Was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the assembly at the session of 1907 and again at the session of 1909.

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT HEADS.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES RICHARD VAN HISE, Ph. D., LL. D., President of the University, was born May 29, 1857, at Fulton, Wisconsin. He graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1879, with the degree of Bachelor of Metallurgical Engineering. Since that time from the University he has received the following degrees: Bachelor of Science in 1880; Master of Science in 1882; and Doctor of Philosophy in 1892. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Chicago, in 1903, from Yale University in 1904, Harvard University in 1903, and Williams College in 1903. Immediately after graduating in 1879 he entered the instructional force of the University of Wisconsin and has remained on its staff in various positions to the present time. In the University he has been instructor in metallurgy, 1886-88; professor of mineralogy and petrology, 1888-90; professor of Archaen and applied geology, 1890-92; professor of geology, 1892-1903; and he was elected President of the University in 1903. At the University of Chicago he was non-resident professor of structural and metamorphic geology from its foundation to 1903. He has held various positions on the United States Geological Survey from 1883 to the present time. Under this organization he was assistant geologist on the United States Geological Survey, 1883-88; geologist in charge of Lake Superior Division, 1888-1900; geologist in charge of pre-Cambrian and metamorphic geology, 1900-1903, and was appointed consulting geologist in 1909. For the State Geological and Natural History Survey he was consulting geologist from 1897 to 1903. Since 1903 he has been chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the Survey. In 1908 was appointed a member of the National Conservation Commission and is chairman of the State Conservation Commission. He has been chairman of the State Forestry Commission since 1905. He was president of the Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts and Letters, 1893-1896; and vice president of Section E of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1901. He is a member of the National Academy of Sciences; the Washington Academy of Science; the Geological Society of America; the American Institute of Mining Engineers; the Scientific Society of Christiania, Norway, Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences, Stockholm, the Boston Society of Natural History. American Philosophine Society, American Academy of Political and Social Science. He has been editor (for structural geology) of the Journal of Geology since 1892. He has made many contributions to geological literature, of which the more important are: the Archaen and Algonkian, the Penokee Iron-bearing Series of Michigan and Wisconsin (with R. D. Irving), Principles of North American Pre-Cambrian Geology, the Marquette Iron-bearing District of Michigan (with W. S. Bayley), the Iron Ores of the Lake Superior region. President Van Hise has also given various addresses upon educational subjects.

FREDERICK EUGENE TURNEAURE, C. E., Dr. Eng., Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering. Born in Stephenson county, Illinois, in 1866. Received a country school education and attended the Freeport, Ill., high school for a short time. Entered Cornell University in 1885, and graduated

from Civil Engineering Course in 1889. From 1889 to 1900 he was engaged in railroad engineering in Virginia and Kentucky. From 1890 to 1892 he was instructor in Civil Engineering at Washington University, St. Louis, and in 1892 was appointed to the chair of Bridge and Sanitary Engineering of the University of Wisconsin. He was also city engineer of Madison from 1900 to 1902, and has been engaged as consulting engineer on municipal work. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of the Western Society of Engineers, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He has published as joint author, *Modern Framed Structures*, 1893; *Public Water Supplies*, 1901 and *Principles of Reinforced Concrete Construction*, 1907; besides contributions to the proceedings of various societies, and to technical journals.

H. L. RUSSELL, Dean of the college of Agriculture was born in Poynette, Columbia county, Wisconsin, March 12, 1866. Entered University of Wisconsin, 1884, graduating in 1888. Was fellow in Biology in the University from 1888 to 1890, specializing in bacteriology. Studied in Europe in Koch's Laboratory, University of Berlin, Zoological Station at Naples, The Pasteur Institute in Paris. Given the degree of Ph. D. from John Hopkins' University, 1892. Continued bacteriological studies at the Woods Holl Biological Station, Mass. Fellow in Bacteriology, University of Chicago, 1892-93. Called to the University of Wisconsin in 1893 as assistant professor of bacteriology and bacteriologist in the Experiment Station. Elected professor of bacteriology 1896. This was a new line of work inaugurated by Dean Henry, the first college to take up consideration of agricultural problems from the bacteriological point of view. Most of his work since coming here at the Agricultural College has been along dairy and animal disease lines, especially in connection with investigations concerning the ripening of cheese and bovine tuberculosis. Dean College of Agriculture and director Agricultural Experiment station, 1907.

EDWARD ASAHIEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born Sept. 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878; of Doctor of Science (honorary) from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897; and of Doctor of Laws from Williams College in 1903; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879; in 1891 he received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science and served as acting president 1900-3. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Commissioners of Fisheries, superintendent of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, member of the Wisconsin Forestry, State Park and Conservation Boards, president of the Madison Public Library. His papers are on scientific subjects, mainly in the Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.

HARRY SANGER RICHARDS, Dean of the College of Law. Born in Osceola, Clarke county, Iowa, November 20, 1868. Attended the public schools; graduated from the Academic Department of Parsons College, Fairfield, Iowa, in 1888; graduated from the College of Liberal Arts of the State University of Iowa, in 1892, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy; graduated from the Law School of Harvard University in 1895, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws; served a clerk in the office of Horatio D. Wood, St. Louis, Mo., during the year 1896; located for the practice of law at Ottumwa, Iowa, in 1897; was elected Professor of Law in the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1898; was elected Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, in June, 1903. Was granted the degree of Doctor of Laws by the State University of

Iowa in June 1904. Member of Phi Beta Kappa, legal fraternity of Phi Delta Phi, honorary legal fraternity Theta Kappa Nu; member of American Bar Association, Wisconsin Bar Association; member of Executive Committee of the Association of American Law Schools, 1903-06; member from Wisconsin General Council, American Bar Association, 1904-06; chairman of section on Legal Education, American Bar Association, 1903-09; author of various papers dealing with legal education read before the Association of American Law Schools and American Bar Association.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born at Edwardsville, Madison county, Ill., April 11, 1834; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was an instructor in the University, 1861-62; county superintendent of La Fayette county, 1862-64; regent of the University, 1866-67; was appointed to a full professorship—the first from the alumni—in 1867; held the chair of Mathematics, 1867-72; of Civil Polity and Constitutional Law, 1872-74; was in journalism and president of the Wisconsin State Board of Centennial Managers, 1874-76; professor of Civil Polity and Political Economy, 1876-93; was appointed professor of Constitutional and International Law in 1893; was made Emeritus professor of Constitutional and International Law in 1906, and has been vice-president of the University since 1885. He has thus been connected with the University in some capacity, for forty-five years. Several of his addresses, read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies, have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have been prepared, but not yet published.

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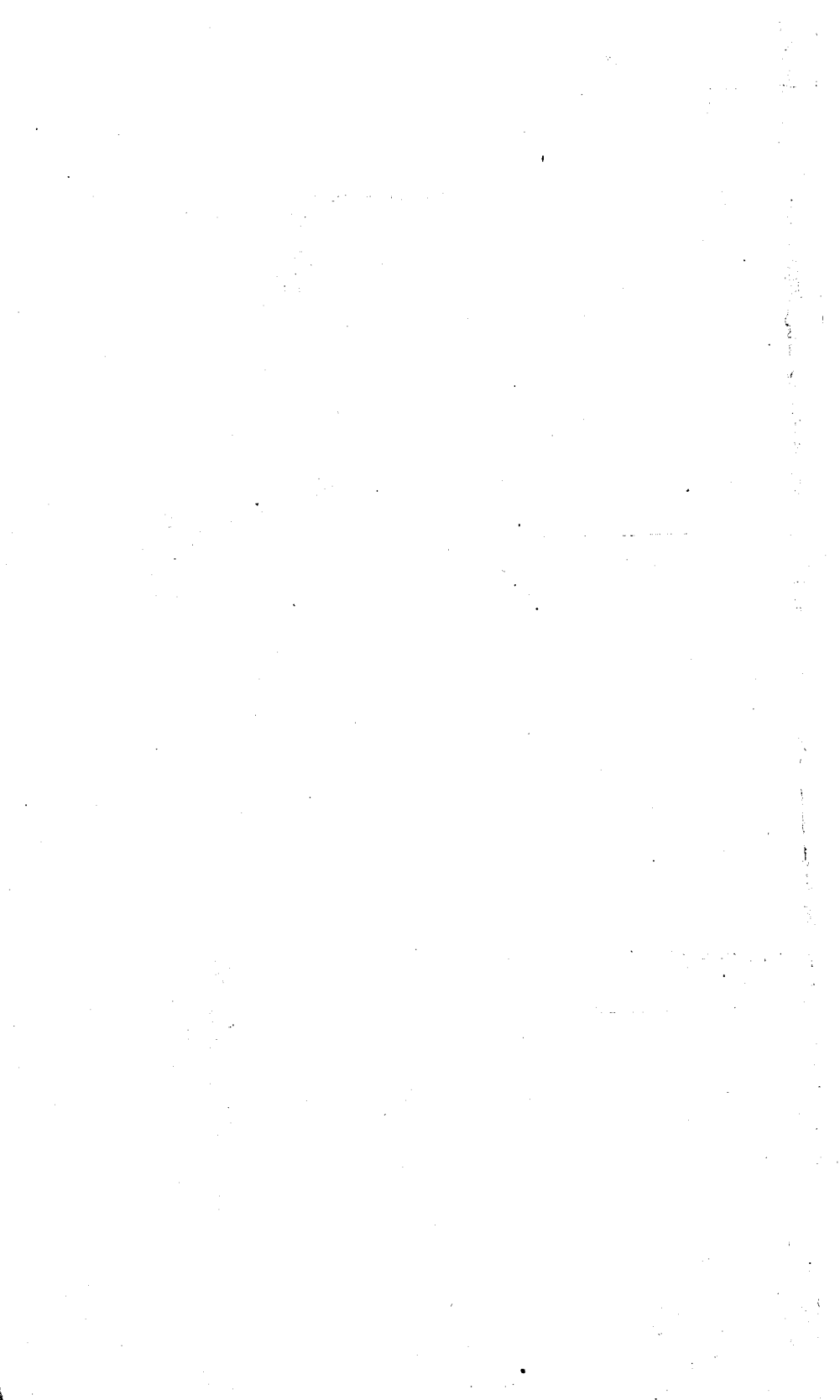
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MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE

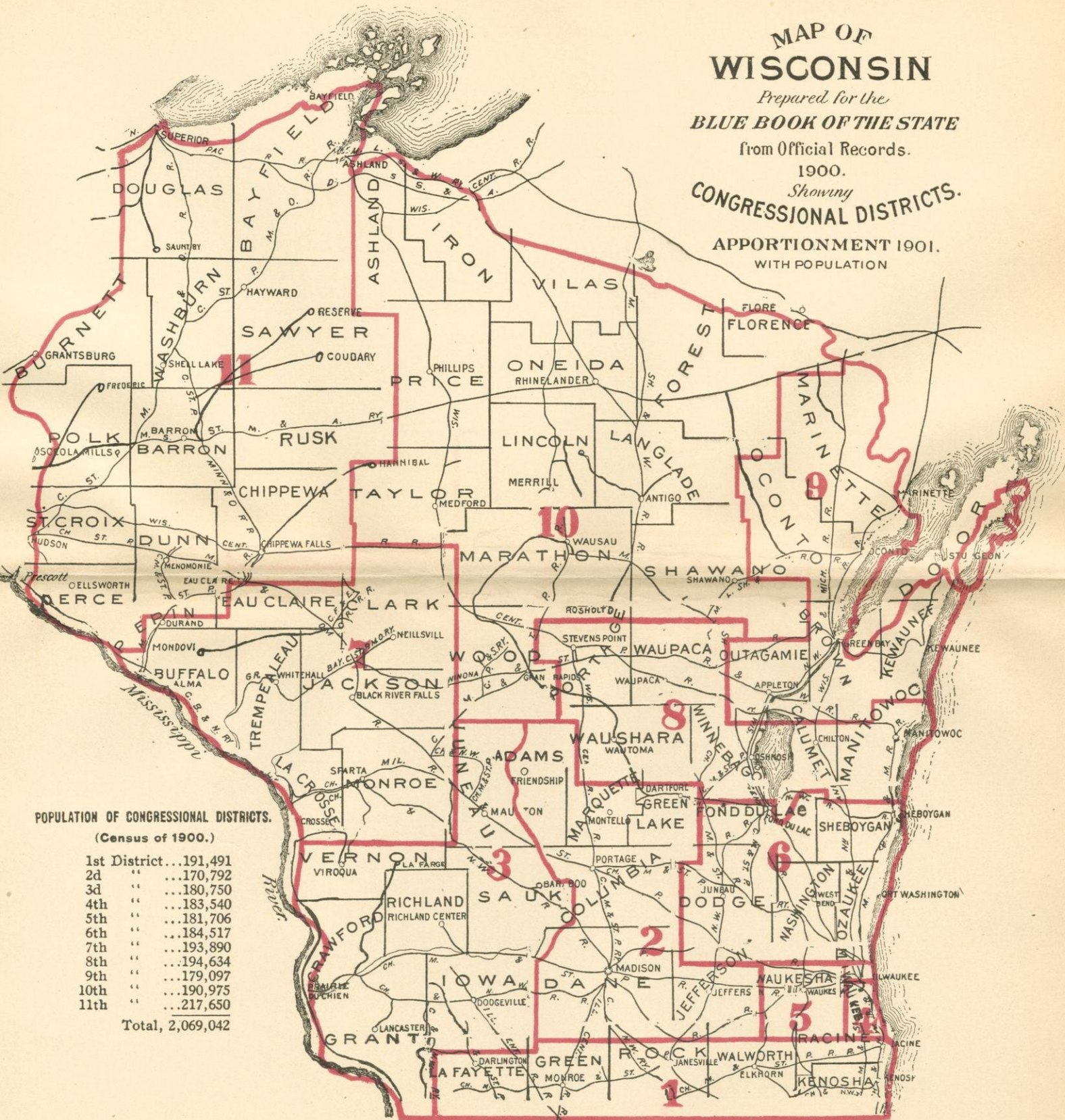
from Official Records.

1900.

Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

APPORTIONMENT 1901.

WITH POPULATION

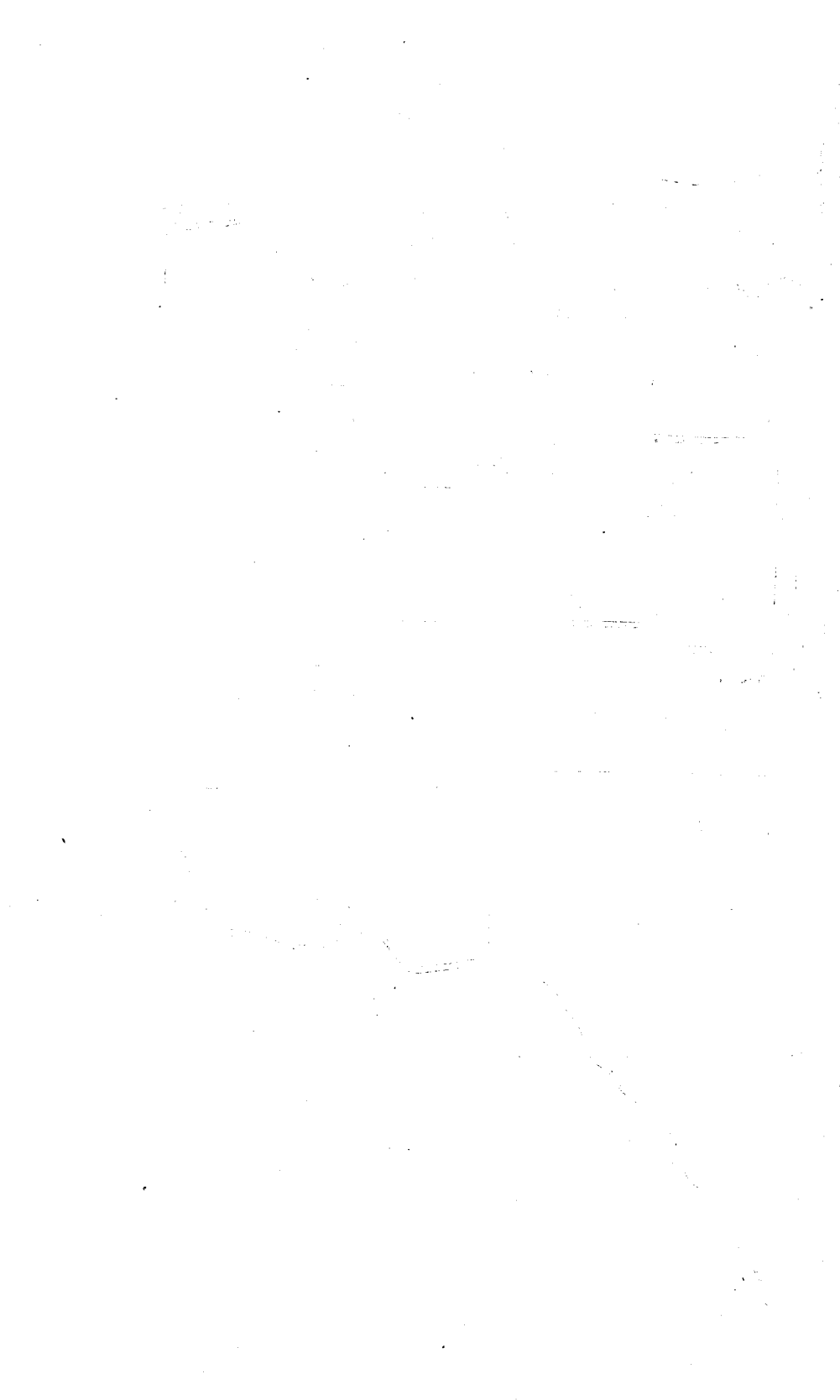


POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Census of 1900.)

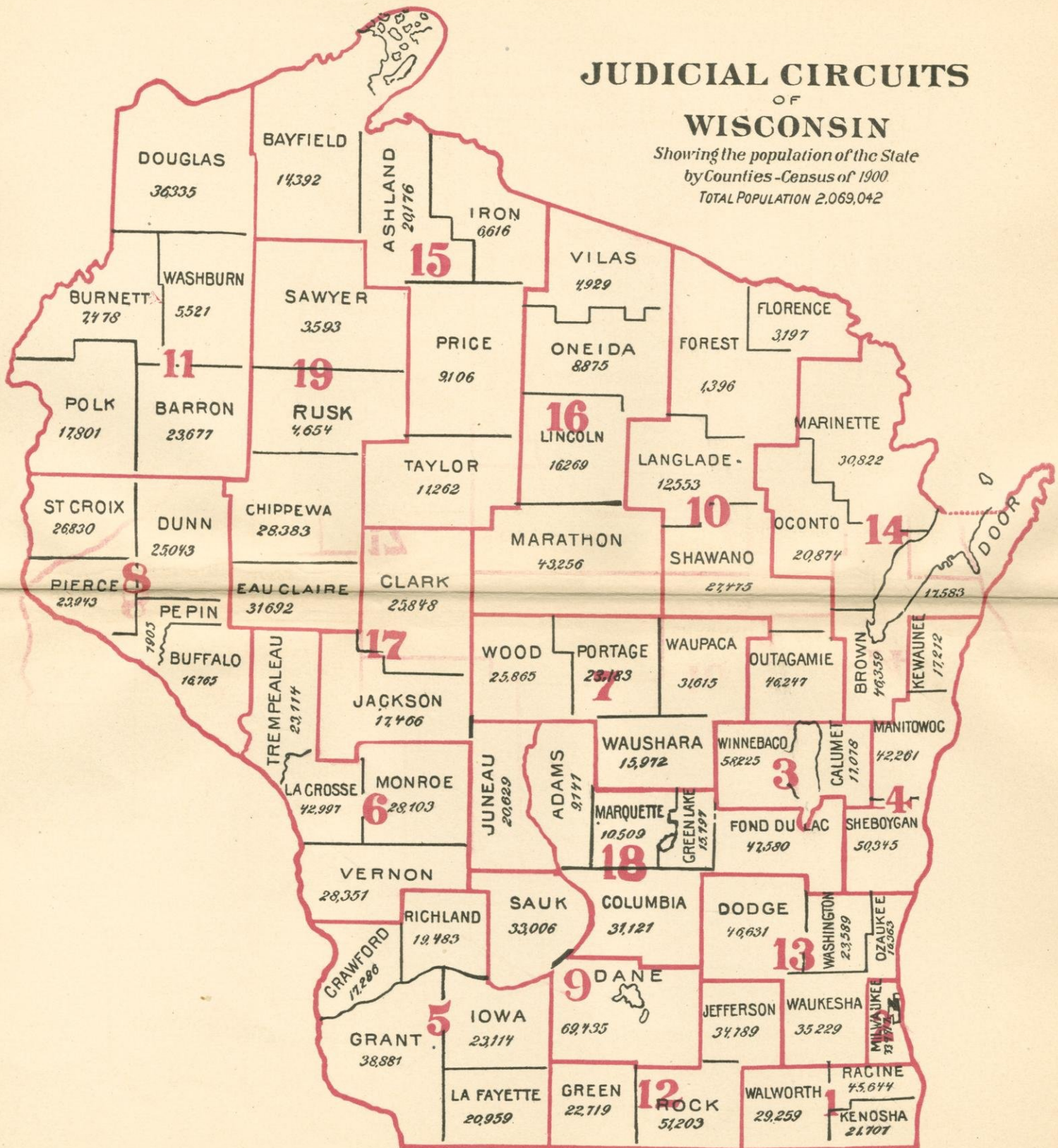
1st District	...191,491
2d	...170,792
3d	...180,750
4th	...183,540
5th	...181,706
6th	...184,517
7th	...193,890
8th	...194,634
9th	...179,097
10th	...190,975
11th	...217,650

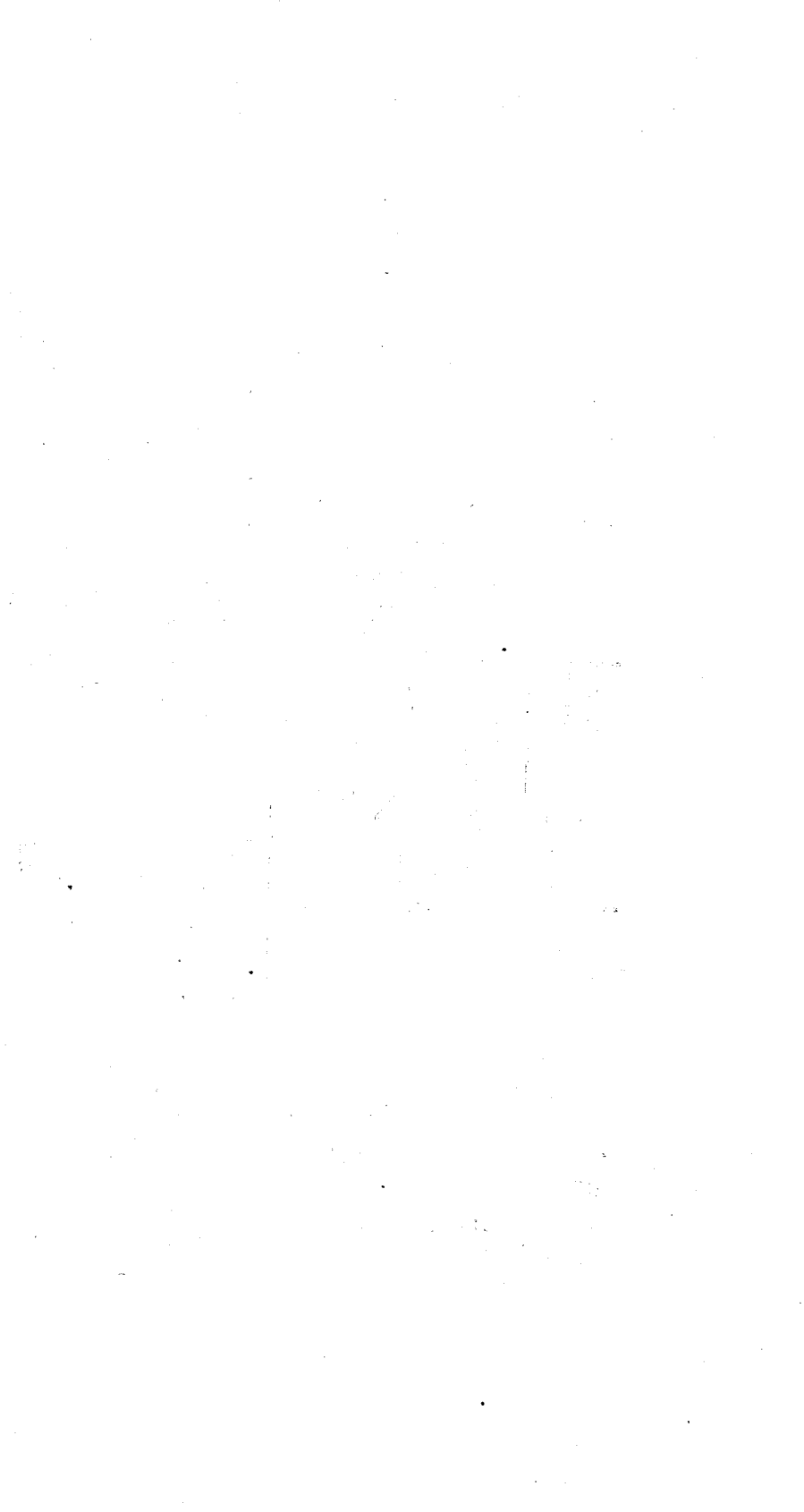
Total, 2,069,042

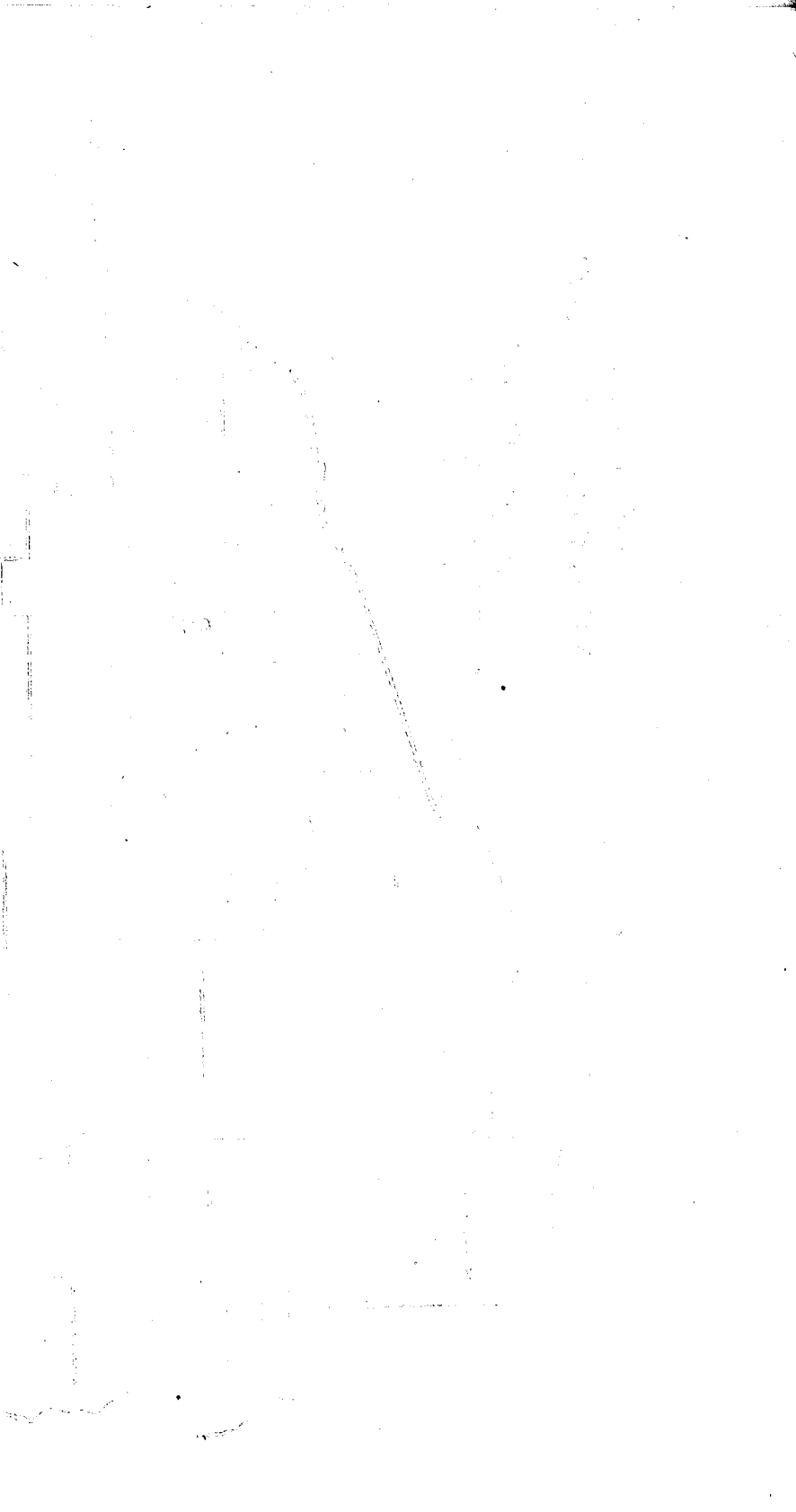


JUDICIAL CIRCUITS OF WISCONSIN

Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1900
TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042

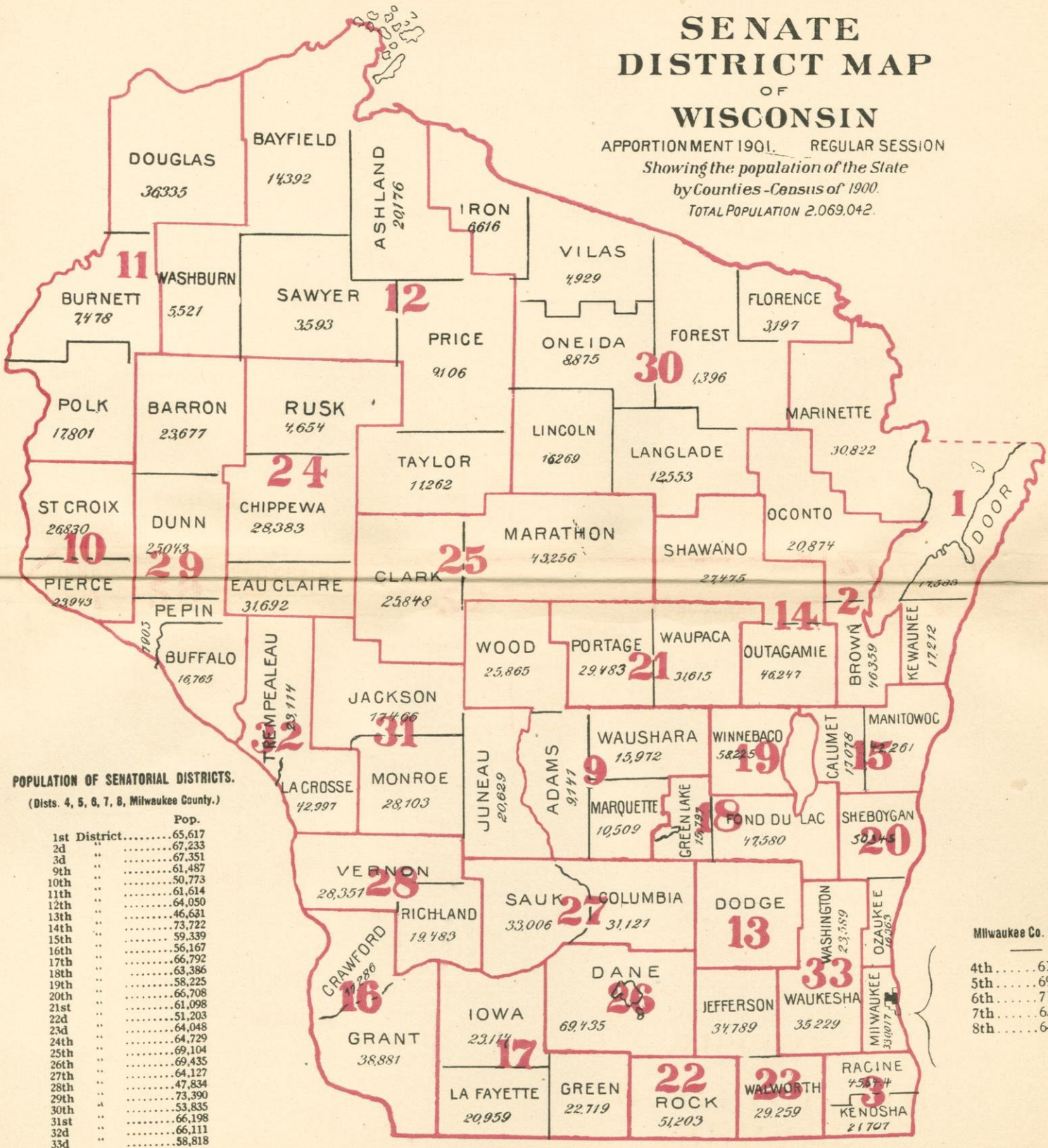






SENATE DISTRICT MAP OF WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1901. REGULAR SESSION
 Showing the population of the State
 by Counties - Census of 1900.
 TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.

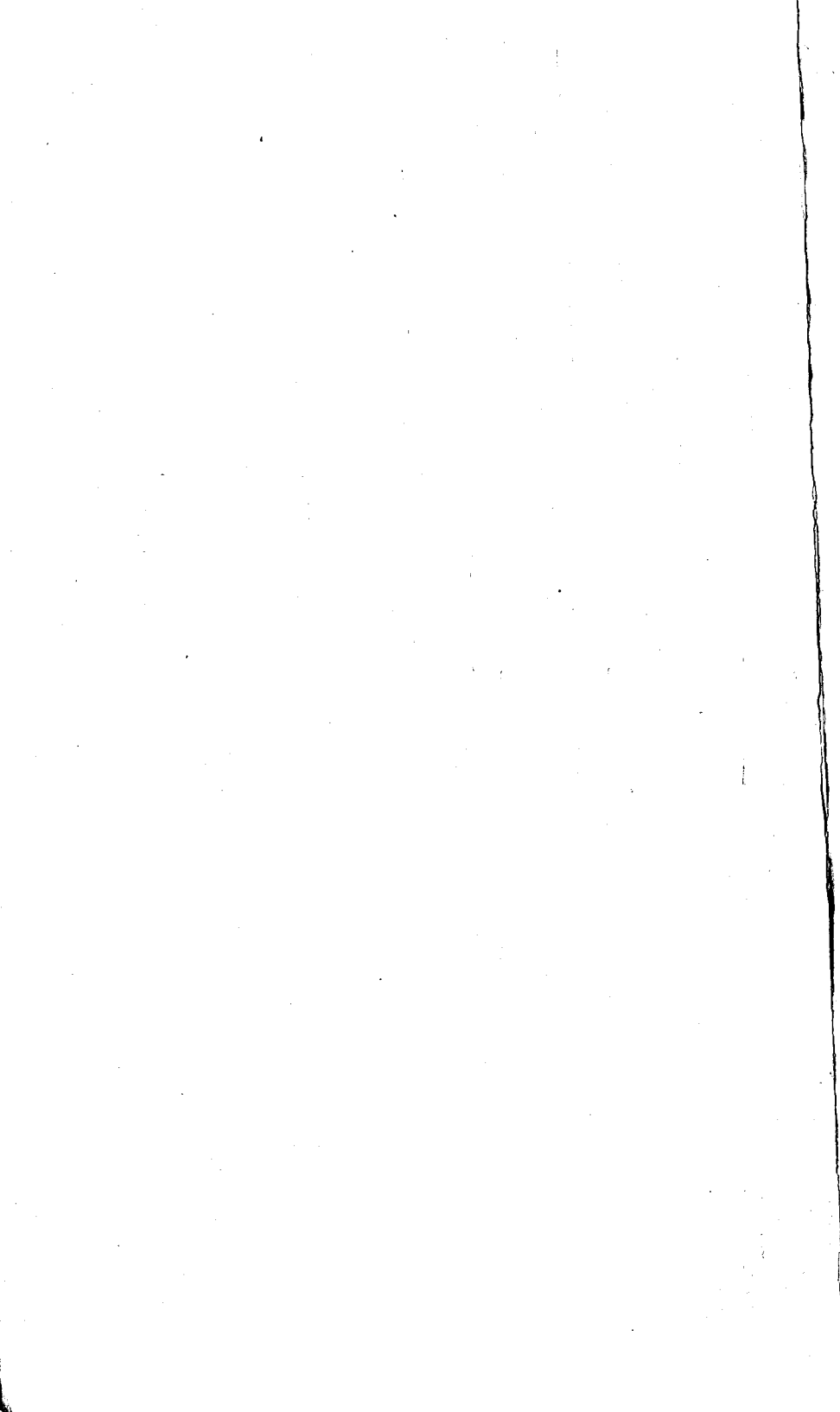


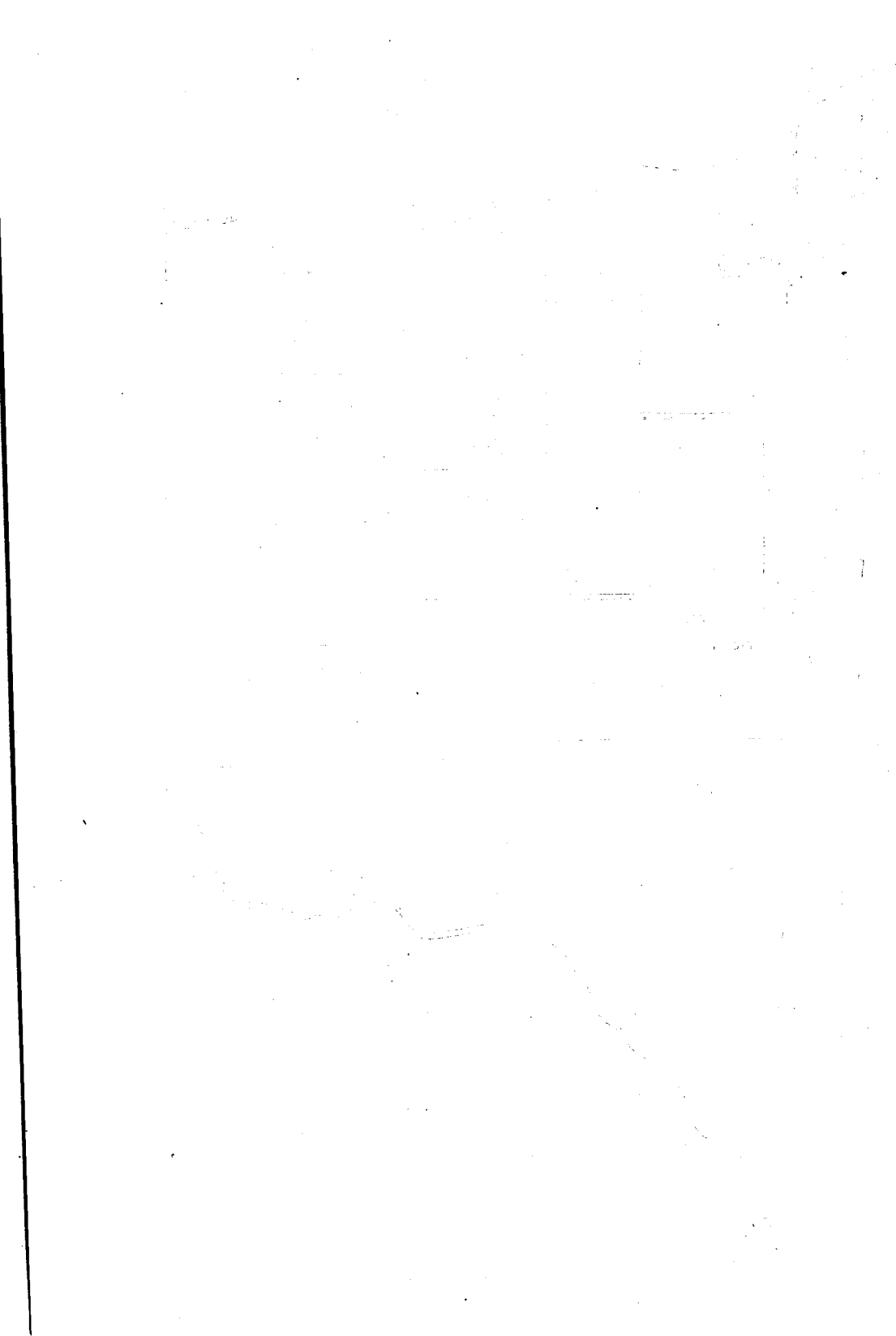
POPULATION OF SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.
 (Dists. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Milwaukee County.)

1st District	Pop.
1st	65,617
2d	67,233
3d	67,351
9th	61,487
10th	50,773
11th	61,614
12th	64,050
13th	46,631
14th	73,722
15th	59,339
16th	56,167
17th	66,792
18th	63,386
19th	58,225
20th	66,708
21st	61,098
22d	51,203
23d	64,048
24th	64,729
25th	69,104
26th	69,435
27th	64,127
28th	47,834
29th	73,390
30th	53,835
31st	66,198
32d	66,111
33d	58,818

Milwaukee Co. Dists.

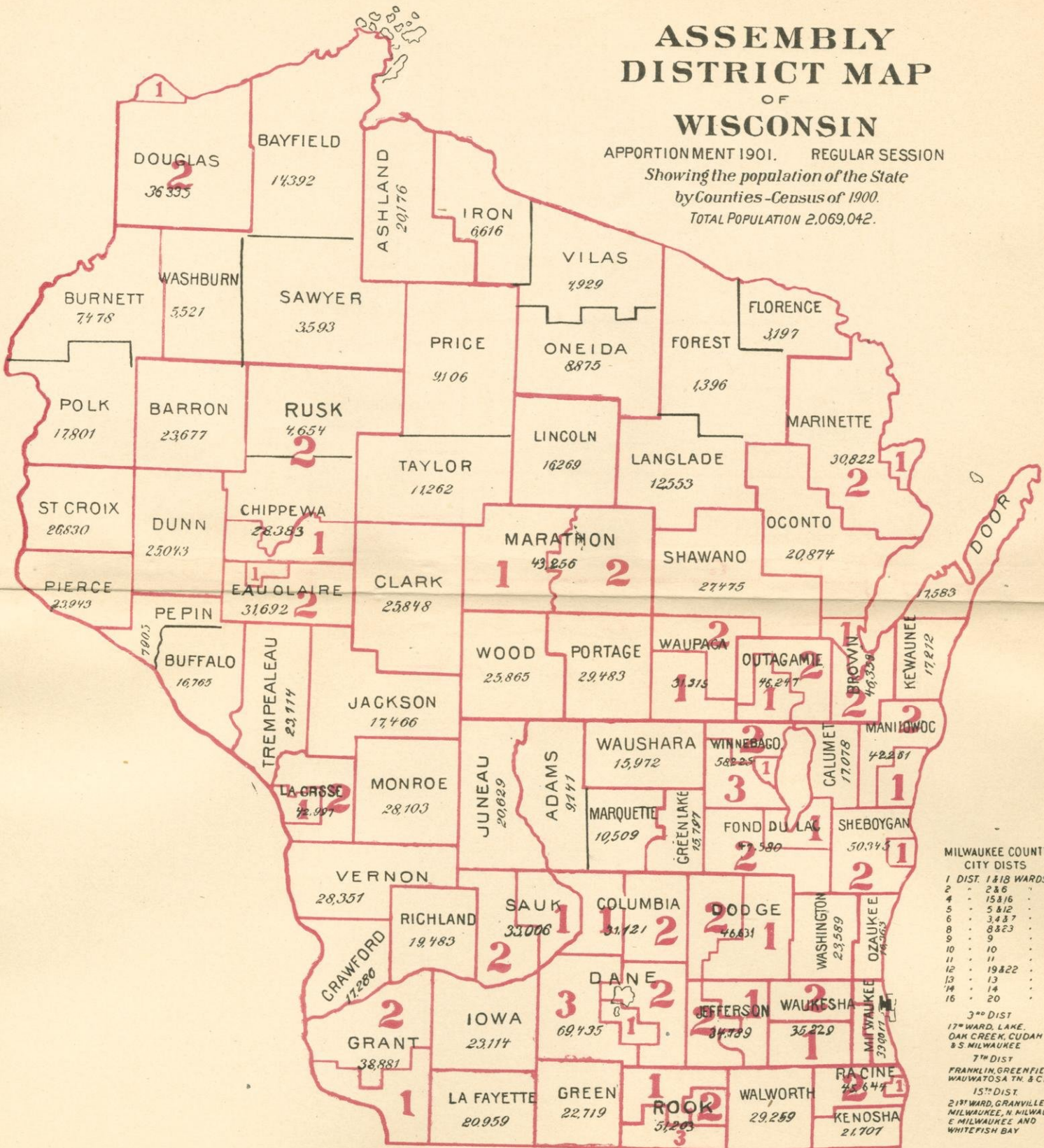
4th	61,035
5th	69,196
6th	71,771
7th	63,533
8th	64,482





ASSEMBLY DISTRICT MAP OF WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1901. REGULAR SESSION
 Showing the population of the State
 by Counties - Census of 1900.
 TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.



MILWAUKEE COUNTY CITY DISTRICTS

1 DIST. 1 & 18 WARDS	2,866
2	15,816
4	5,812
5	3,437
6	8,823
8	9
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	19,822
13	13
14	14
16	20

3RD DIST
 17TH WARD, LAKE,
 OAK CREEK, CUDAH,
 & S MILWAUKEE

7TH DIST
 FRANKLIN, GREENFIELD,
 WAUWATOSA TN. & CITY

15TH DIST.
 21ST WARD, GRANVILLE,
 MILWAUKEE, N. MILWAUKEE
 & MILWAUKEE AND
 WHITEFISH BAY



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WISCONSIN
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1909

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1909

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COLLECTION

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