

The Blue Book of the state of Wisconsin. 1897

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1897

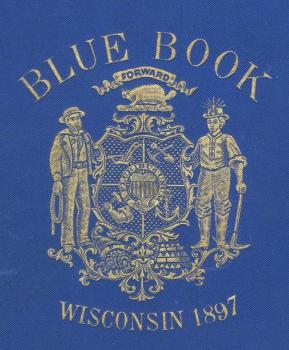
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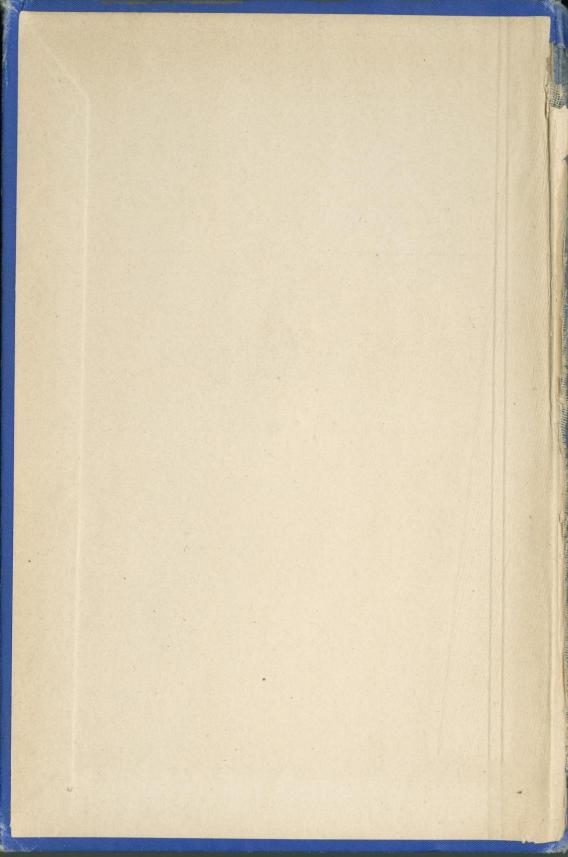
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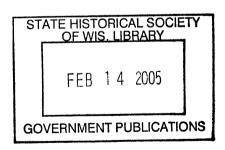


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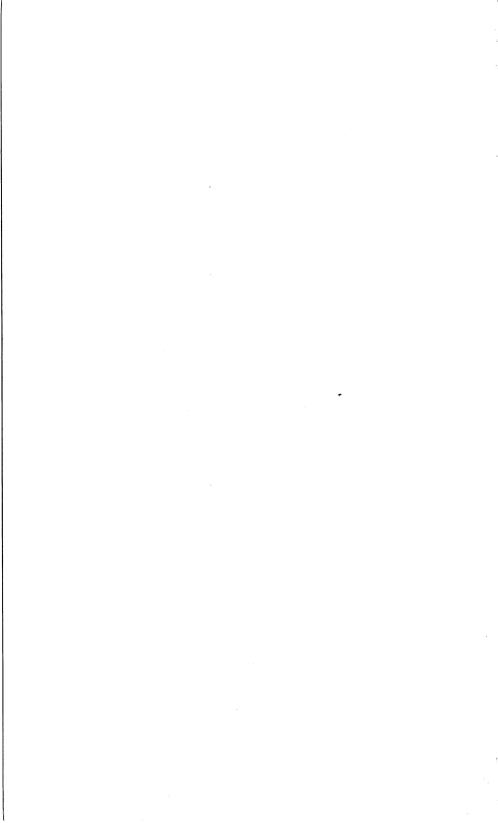
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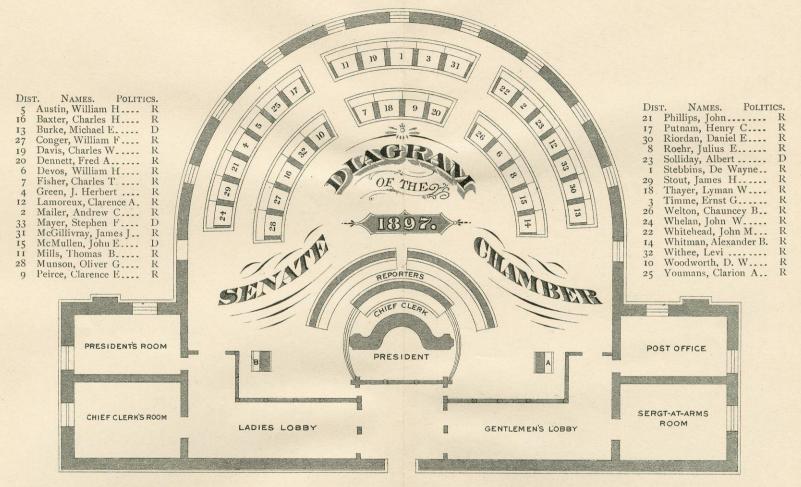
LEVI WITHEE.

Senator 32nd District.









OFFICERS.

President-Emil Baensch.

President pro tem .- L. W. THAYER.

Chief Clerk-Walter L. Houser.

Sergeant-at-Arms-Charles A. Pettibone.

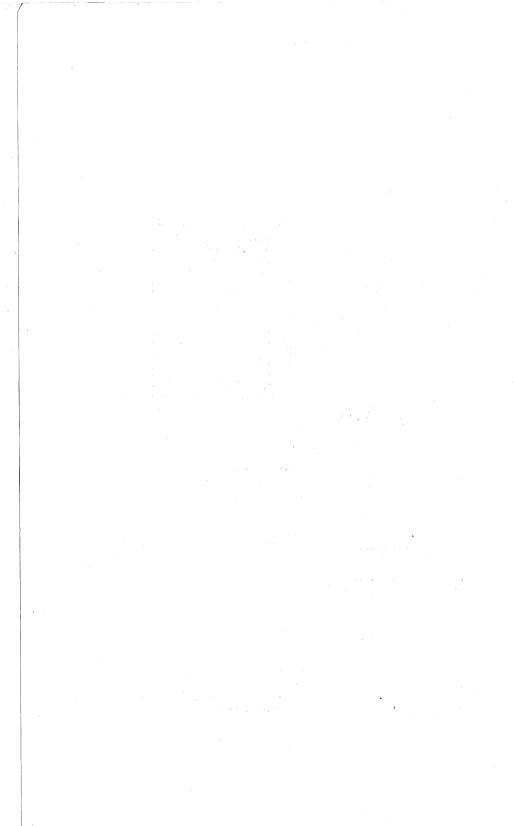
REPORTERS.

HENRY C. SCHULTZ, Superior Leader. Walter A. Bayley, Wisconsin State Journal. C. E. WHELAN, Chicago Record. J. WINTER EVERETT, Milwaukee News. DAN B. STARKEY, Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee. RODNEY A. ELWARD, Minneapolis Journal. JERRE C. MURPHY, Milwaukee Sentinel. ALBERT BARTON, Madison Democrat. LE ROY THOMAS, Superior Telegram.

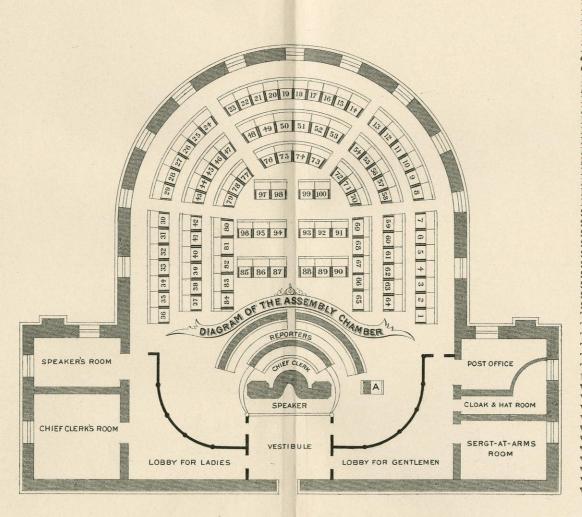
FRED. ELLERMANN, Germania, Milwaukee. EDWARD V. LOEW, Milwaukee Herold. T. W. BRAHANY, Chicago Times-Herald. JACK H. BACON, La Crosse Chronicle. Franc A. R. Van Meter, La Crosse Repub. and Leader. W. D. Schoenfield, Chicago Tribune,

O. D. BRANDENBURG, Chicago Chronicle.





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Speaker-George A. Buckstaff.

FRED. ELLERMANN, Germania, Milwaukee.

O. D. BRANDENBURG, Madison Democrat.

E. R. PETHERICK, Milwaukee Journal.

DAN B. STARKEY, Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee.

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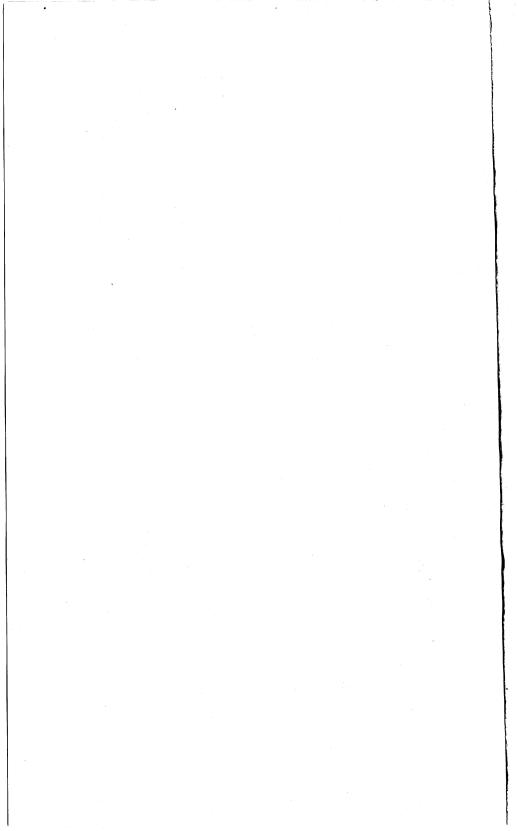
J. WINTER EVERETT, Milwaukee News.

A. P. WILDER, Wisconsin State Journal.

Sergeant-at-Arms-Charles M. Hambright.

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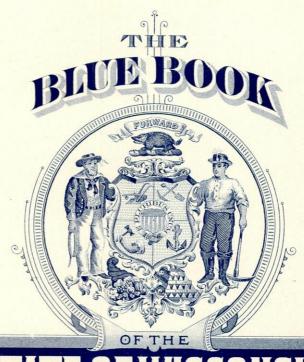








HENRY GUGLER CO. MILWAUKEE.



STATE OF WISCONSIN

Compiled and Published Gunder THE DIRECTION

HENRY CASSON.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

1897

Henry Gugler Company, Milwaukee



INTRODUCTORY.

The Twenty-ninth consecutive volume of the official Blue Book is herewith presented, as provided by law. In its preparation a special effort has been made to secure accuracy and completeness. Several new and important features relating to the state of Wisconsin have been introduced, but the volume has been kept within its former size limit by eliminating some abstract matters of indifferent interest, and incorporating in their stead new features of special importance to the state, thus adding to the value of the book as a political and statistical reference manual, or general state directory.

The election and population statistics are more than usually complete, and an effort has been made to present pertinent comparisons in these departments, and also to secure the greatest degree of accuracy possible.

Every feature of the book has been thoroughly overhauled and revised and all statistical matter has been officially verified, so far as practicable. Comprehensive statements of state institutions, commissions, boards, organizations and societies have been obtained from official sources for this volume.

Particular attention has been paid to bringing all information up to date, including state appointments and changes made up to February 1st, 1897.

A notable feature of the present volume is the new half tone illustrations of the state institutions, with portraits of the United States Senators, Members of Congress, State Officers and Justices of the Supreme Court, many of which are appropriately grouped. The state institutions include several new buildings, and as the plates are made from recent photographs, by process, the results are faithful and satisfactory.

HENRY CASSON.

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HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

I XECUTIVE MANSION, MADISON.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of makind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, ow off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants on. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into conpliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for oprobsing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exertime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from cise, the State remaining, in the m without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has ot among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature e has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of

these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury, A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war—in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when

elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

nave the sole power of impetations.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is

tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations:

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

Section 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to acanit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

Section 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the rovision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be astablished

by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President al ne, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their part session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery

or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the

Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the per-

son attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immuni-

ties of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any

State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the convention of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names. Geo. Washington,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.
John Langdon,

NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM, RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON, ROGER SHERMAN.

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.
WIL. LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JUN'T,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.
JAMES MCHENRY.

DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER. DANL. CARROLL.

Virginia. John Blair.

JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.
North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,

RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT, Hu. WILLIAMSON.

South Carolina. J. Rutledge,

CH'SCOATESWORTH PINCKNEY CHARLES PINCKNEY, PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.
WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was began and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—I vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.] [The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first congress.]

Congress of the United States, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution.—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise reexamined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by eitizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinet ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as' President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the execu-

tive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

Section 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

NOT OF SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia — 7.

All excepting Art. I. ratified by Delaware — 1.

All excepting Art. II. ratified by Pennsylvania - 1.

All excepting Arts. I. and II. ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island -3. All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts -3.

Article XI. was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1793. Article XII. was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII. was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. —34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky -2.

Article XIV. was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868. It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California - 1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland - 3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon — 6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee - 1.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquility, and promote the general welfare, do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

Section 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this State otherwise than for the punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts.

Section 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government or any department thereof shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment be inflicted.

Section 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offense shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

Section 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; and no person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

Section 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries or wrongs he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

Section 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Section 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Section 12. No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed; and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

Section 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

Section 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines, and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land hereafter made, are declared to be void.

Section 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment or descent of property.

Section 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt arising out of, or founded on, a contract, expressed or implied.

Section 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted.

Section 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience shall never be infringed, nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry, against his consent. Nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments or mode of worship. Nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious or theological seminaries.

Section 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office or public trust, under the State; and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Section 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

Boundaries.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to wit: beginning at the northeast corner of the State of Illinois, that is to say, at a point in the center of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence, running with the boundary of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menomonee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule, in a direct line to the center of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cram; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the center of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the center of the main channel of that river to the northwest corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois, to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved April 18, 1818. [* Provided, however, That the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is, proposed to the

Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence, in a direct line bearing southwesterly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river, as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.]

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same, by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. Provided, That nothing in this Constitution, or in the act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located, by and under the act of Congress, entit ed "an act to appropriate the proceeds of sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE. SECTION 1. Every male person, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

1. White citizens of the United States.

2. White persons of foreign birth, who shall have declared their intention to become. citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

- 3. Persons of Indian blood, who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 4. Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe. Provided, That the legislature may, at any time, extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non compos mentis, or insane shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be, qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by

reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State. SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State in consequence of being stationed within the

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly or indirectly interested in, any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at

such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth, of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also for each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy.

Section 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

Section 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

Section 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

Section 7. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.

Section 8. Each House may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

Section 9. Each House shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary President, when the Lieutenant Governor shall not attend as President, or shall act as Governor.

Section 10. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each House shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

Section 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of Government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and no oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

Section 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

Section 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature; and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

Section 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either House of the Legislature.

Section 15. Members of the Legislature shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

Section 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be, "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows," and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

Section 18. No private or local bill, which may be passed by the Legislature, shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

Section 19. Any bill may originate in either House of the Legislature, and ${\bf a}$ bill passed by one House may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The year and nays of the members of either House, on any question, shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Section 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services, two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the Boards of Supervisors of the several

counties of the State, such powers, of a local, legislative, and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery or grant any divorce. SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder; but the Legislature may establish a maximum price. No member of the Legislature, or other State officer, shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

Section 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered or the contract entered into. Nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts suit may be brought against the state.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote *viva voce*, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V. EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor who shall hold his office for two years. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person, except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State shall be eligible to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

Section 3. The Governor and Lieutenart Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenart Governor shall be elected. But in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenart Governor, the two Houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenart Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenart Governor shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

Section 4. The Governor shall be Commander in-Chief of the military and naval forces of the State. He shall have the power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions; and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of the Government, he may convene them at any suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State, and recommend such matter to them for their consideration, as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the Government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures, as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Section 6. The Governor shall have the power to grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the Legislature, at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon

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granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon, or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

Section 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor, for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-Chief of the military force of the State.

Section 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental or physical disease become ineapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive double the *per diem* allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

Section 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI. ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive Department of the State, and shall when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex officio auditor, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services, yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

Section 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense.

ARTICLE VII. JUDICIARY.

Section 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office after he shall have been impeached, until his acquit

tal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation truly and impartially to try the impeachment, according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust, under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

Section 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in Municipal Courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. *Provided*, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in Municipal Courts shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of Circuit Courts in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution; and that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of judges of the Municipal Courts as of the judges of inferior Courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the judges of the Circuit Courts.

Section 3. The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court, shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

Section 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several Circuit Courts shall be judges of the Supreme Court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law for the organization of a separate Supreme Court with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices to be elected by the qualified voters of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme Court, when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time, and their term of office shall be the same as provided for the judges of the Circuit Court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme Court, they shall have the power to reduce the number of Circuit Judges to four, and subdivide the Judicial Circuits; but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of the said judges, or until a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The First Circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green. The Second Circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane. The Third Circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage. The Fourth Circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet. And the Fifth Circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the ceunty of St. Croix, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

Section 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines, but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution, and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the Circuit Court.

Section 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electers therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as Chief Justice, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall, at its first session, provide by law, as well for the election of as for classifying the judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected under this Constitution, in such a manner that one of said judges shall go out of

office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years. SECTION 8. The Circuit Courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law, and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

Section 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected, such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

Section 10. Each of the Judges of the Supreme and Circuit Courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them, for any office except a judicial office given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of Judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law, and the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places, when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held at least twice in each year, in each county of this State, organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the Circuit Court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the judge of the Circuit Court shall have the power to appoint a clerk, until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected, shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme Court shall appoint its own Clerk, and the Clerk of a Circuit Court may be appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court.

Section 13. Any Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Court may be removed from office by address of both Houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elect to each House concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defense. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

Section 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, however, That the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

Section 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meetings, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall, in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classifications shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices thus elected shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment, to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin." All criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of the judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law; and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor in any court in this State shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person or by an attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions made within the State, as may be deemed

expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECT: ON 22. The Legislature, at its first seesion after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, That said power shall not exceed that of a judge of the Circuit Court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an ap-

propriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation. SECTION 4. This State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and

manner herein provided

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the esti-

mated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts; but such debts shall never, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Every such dept shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

Section 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the

debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house, shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

Section 9. No scrip, certificate or other evidence of State debt whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this

article.

Section 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works; but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of internal improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

Section 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State or Territory now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same. And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

Section 2. The title of all lands and other property, which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin, by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

Section 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands, the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

Section 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

Section 2. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University), and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property, that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sale of public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned), shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called the school fund, the interest of which, and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to wit:

1. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

2. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Section 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of district schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable, and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition to all children between the ages of four and twenty years, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

Section 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes, from the income of the school fund.

Section 5. Provision shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city or town for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax, nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months,

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State Government, and for connecting with the same from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund to be called the "University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the sale of the School and University Lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said Commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and University Lands, after they shall have been appraised, and when any portion of such lands shall be sold, and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the Commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The Commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The Commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI. CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts enacted under the provisions of this section may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established

by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize, or incorporate, by any general or special law, any bank or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation, having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as

provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters at any general election, the question of "bank or no bank," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions, and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. Provided, That no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the state at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII. AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either House of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election. And if in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people, in such manner and at such time as the Legislature shall prescribe, and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the Constitution. *Provided*, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

Section 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature; and if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall at its next session provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Section 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

Section 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Section 3. No Member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (postmasters excepted), or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States, and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county or town therein, or to any State or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit or honor in this State.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State; and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

Section 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence for State, United States or County officers. *Provided*, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

Section 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a Chief Clerk and a Sergeant-at-Arms, to be elected by each house.

Section 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles or less, shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

Section 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed, shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

Section 9. All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.

Section 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

Section 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a permanent state government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place, and all process which may be issued under the authority

of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

Section 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties or forfeitures accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from a territorial to a permanent state government, shall remain valid and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State, and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer or court, in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate or property, real, personal or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent, by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offenses committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law, and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State which shall have jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

Section 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

Section 7. All county, precinct, and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

Section 8. The President of this Convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "an act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of the Territory as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization; and all persons having such qualifications shall be entitled to vote for or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word, "yes;" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State on the first day of their session. An election shall be held for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, Members of the State Legislature, and Members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next, and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

Section 10. Two Members of Congress shall also be elected on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green shall constitute the First Congressional District, and elect one member; and the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant. Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Second Congressional District, and shall elect one member.

Section 11. The several elections provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory. Provided, That no elector shall be entitled to vote, except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election, for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the board of supervisors, or county commissioners, as the case may be, and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued, as now provided by law. In the First Senatorial District, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the Second Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the County of Columbia; in the Third Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the Fourth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the Fifth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and Members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned, by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly and the President of the Senate shall in the presence of both Houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned, and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his

Section 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator or member of the Assembly, as the case

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District. The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington chall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate Dis-

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precints numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District. \blacksquare

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

Section 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

Section 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Gover-

nor, Lieutenant Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next. The Senators first elected in the odd numbered Senate Districts, and the members of the Assembly first elected shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

Section 15. The oath of office may be administered by any judge or justice of the peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd numbered sections thereby granted, and remaining unsold, may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin, as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; and further, that the even numbered sections reserved by Congress may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, which may have bee ${\bf n}$ paid by the purchasers of said even numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States, to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved, That in case the odd numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands. Provided, that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution: And provided further, that the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved, That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved the sixth cay of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved. That the Congress of the United States be, and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the territory of Wisconsin," that the price of the lands reserved to the United States shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved. That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to the settlers on the public lands.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be appended to and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHugh, Secretary.

CALUMET -

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

COLUMBIA -

JAMES T. LEWIS.

CRAWFORD -

DANIEL G. FENTON.

DANE -

WILLIAM H. FOX, CHARLES M. NICHOLS, WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

DODGE -

STODDARD JUDD, CHARLES H. LARRABEE, SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

FOND DU LAC-

SAMUEL W. BEALL, WARREN CHASE.

GRANT-

ORSAMUS COLE, GEORGE W. LAKIN, ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY, WILLIAM RICHARDSON, JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

GREEN -

JAMES BIGGS.

Iowa -

CHARLES BISHOP, STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK, JOSEPH WARD.

Jefferson -

JONAS FOLTS, MILO JONES, THEODORE PRENTISS, ABRAM VANDERPOOL.

LA FAYETTE -

CHARLES DUNN, JOHN O'CONNOR, ALLEN WARDEN.

MILWAUKEE -

JOHN L. DORAN,
GARRET M. FITZGERALD,
ALBERT FOWLER,
BYRON KILBOURN,

MILWAUKEE - (continued.)

RUFUS KING, CHARLES H. LARKIN, MORITZ SCHŒFFLER.

PORTAGE -

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.

RACINE -

ALBERT G. COLE,
STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
ANDREW B. JACKSON,
FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
SAMUEL R. McCLELLAN,
JAMES D. REYMERT,
HORACE T. SANDERS,
THEODORE SECOR.

Rock -

ALMERIN M. CARTER, JOSEPH COLLEY, PAUL CRANDALL, EZRA A. FOOT, LOUIS P. HARVEY, EDWARD V. WHITON.

SHEBOYGAN -

SILAS STEADMAN.

WALWORTH -

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK, GEORGE GALE, JAMES HARRINGTON, AUGUSTUS C. KINNE, HOLLIS LATHAM, EZRA A. MULFORD.

WASHINGTON -

JAMES FAGAN, PATRICK PENTONY, HARVEY G. TURNER.

Waukesha -

SQUIRE S. CASE, ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN, PETER D. GIFFORD, ELEAZER ROOT, GEORGE SCAGEL.

Winnebago -

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8,1870.]

Section 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7,1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

- 1. Citizens of the United States.
- 2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
- 3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11 and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday o. November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

Section 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation

shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amen .ment to section 31. a.lopted November 8, 1892.]

Section 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st For changing the ame of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways, except in cases of Stat roads e tending into more than one county, and military roads, to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congres. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sal or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For as-essment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his con invance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all trav ling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registe s of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective coun ies, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two year next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new sectify their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mention d, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

Section 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two an four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter he chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

Section 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.



LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON ARMORY (STATE ARSENAL), MILWAUKEE.



ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

Section 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

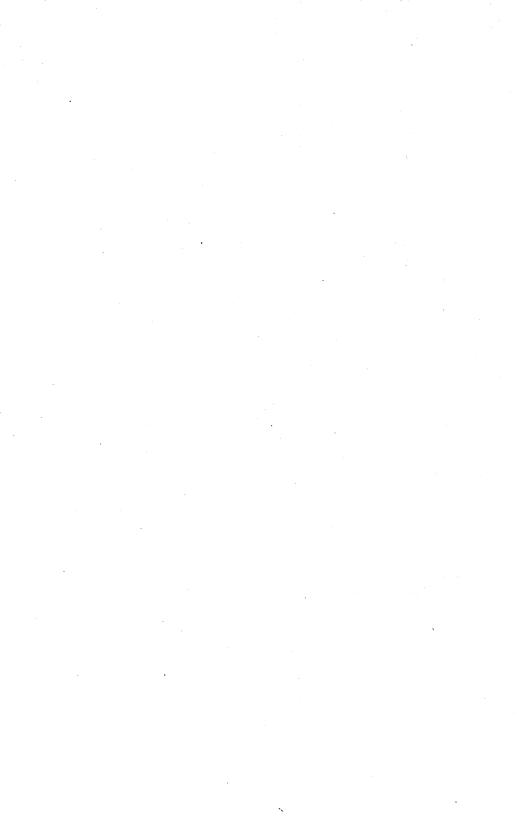
[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

Section 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election April 2, 1889.]

Section 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three o whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officion the chief justice.



MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

Note — The rules and practices peculiar to the Senate are printed between brackets, []. Those of Parliament are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. Onslow, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 Hats., 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 Hats., 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 1.]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 6.]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his* wife, nor his servants (familaries

*Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

sui), for any matter of their own, may be* arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit: 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege: 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpœnaed in any court: 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. 3, c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; 'and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws.'" 1 Blackst., 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." Const. U. S., Art. 1, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," Const. U. S., Art. 2, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio † 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 Bl., 166; 3 Stra., 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 Stra., 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. Orders of the House of Commons, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.1

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580,) 1 Hats., 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 Stra., 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpœna ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the Aurora having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of

the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it, that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them: that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress: that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies ad libitum to aid him, 3 Grey, 59, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only ex re nata, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the mean time, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. Pet. Miscel. Parl., 119. Lex Parl., c. 23. 2 Hats., 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. Lex Parl., 23; 4 Inst., 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 Grey, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Const. U. S., I, 6, S. P., Protest of the Commons to James I., 1621; 2 Rapin, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 Rush., 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. Com. p.

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. Lex Parl., 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 Nalson, 450; 2 Grey, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House, and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. Scob., 72; L. Parl., c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor. 4 Rushw., 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 El. 1580; D'Ewes, 283, col. 1; Lex Parl., 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 259. Of which see many examples. *Ib.*, 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any matter depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free counsel. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 Ha(s, 252.4 Inst., 15.8eld.Jud., 53.4 Inst. he King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 Nalson, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 Hals., 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. Const., I, 4.]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. Const., I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.] [Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the

first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const.* I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to servive for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. Constitution of the United States, I, 2.]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 2.]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. Const. I, 6.]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const.* I., 5.]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. 2 Hats., 125, 126.

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. Rules of the Senate.]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. Ord. House of Commons, 92.

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. 2 Hats., 72

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall con-

vene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. Rule 8.]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. Ib.]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. Const., I, 2.] When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the House; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. 2 Hats., 168. As are also questions of adjournment. 6 Grey, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it devote in diem for 14 days. 1 Chand., 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed, Instances of this are $1\,H.$, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in $15\,H.$, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Saymour chosen, 1673, February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer chosen, 1678, April 15.

Not merely pro tempore. 1 Chand., 169, 276, 277.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, 31 H., VI. 3 Grey, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. 2 Hats., 161; 4 Inst.; 8, L. Parl., 263.

A Speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* 2 Grey, 186; 5 Grey, 134.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. Const., Π , 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, 9 *Grey.* 478; 1 *Chandler*, 298, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. 2 *Hats.*, 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 Inst., 11, 12; Scob., 9; 1 Grey, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. D'Ewes, 630, col. 1; 4 Parl. Hist., 440; 2 Hats., 77.

*Rulx 23. The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name A member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an amendment.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 Nals, 319

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 Grey, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 Chandler, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 Grey, 129; 7 Grey, 218, 229, 331.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 Grey, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. Scob., 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 Hats., 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. Scob., 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. Scob., 36; 3 Grey, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker, on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. Scob., 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 Hats., 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 Grey, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 Grey, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. Scob., 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "To-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. Scob., 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. Scob., 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry, and even to accusation. Resolution House of Commons, 1 Car., 1, 1624; Rush., L. Parl., 115; 1 Grey, 16-22, 92; Grey, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 Hats., 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 Grey, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 Hats., 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. Ib., 106, 107; 8 Grey, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 Grey, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 Grey, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 Hats., 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. Jour. H. of C., Jan. 22, 1744-'45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 Hats., 17; 9 Grey, 306, 406; 10 Grey, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 Grey, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. Hakew., 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

- [1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]
 - [2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]
- [3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]
- [4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]
- [5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up. and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]
- [The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]
- [1. Motions previously submitted.]
- Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives, and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Repre-

sentatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfin-

ished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no estion is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish it members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. Const., 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow. 2 Hats., 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 Grey, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 Hats., 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 Chand., 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 Grey, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. Sc(b), 6:3 Grey, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. Scob., 6; D'Ewes, 487, col. 1; 2 Hats., 77; 4 Grey, 66; 8 Grey, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 Hats., 75; 1 Grey, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his

place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. Rule 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 Grey, 390; 5 Grey, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's

decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 Hats., 76; Scob., 7; D'Ewes 434, cot. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first. Rule 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. Co., 12, 115; Hakew., 148; Scob., 58; 2 Hats., 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3; Arcan Parl., 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. Rule 4.]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 Grey, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 Hats., 73) in some material part of his speech (Ib., 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (Memorials in Hakew., 29) or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. Memorials Hakew., 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. Town. col., 205; Hale Parl., 133; Mem. in Hakew., 30, 31. Neverthe less, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 Grey, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously Scob., 31, 33; 2 Hats., 166, 168; Hale Parl., 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in fieri, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (Mem. in Hakew., 3; Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (Scob. 31; Hale Parl., 133; 2 Hats., 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. Qui digreatitur a materia ad personam, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. Ord. Com., 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. Rule 6.]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. $Rule\ 2.$]

No one s to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 Grey, 332; Scob., 8; D'Ewes, 332, col., 1, 640, col., 1) speaking or whispering to another (Scob., 6; D'Ewes, 487, col., 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (Town., col., 205; Mem. in Hakew., 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (Scob., 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 Hals., 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 Hals., 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 Hats., 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 Pet. Misc., 82;3 Grey, 128;4 Grey, 328;5 Grey, 332;6 Grey, 254;10 Grey, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 Grey, 127, 293;5 Grey, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 Grey, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 Grey, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 Grey, 356; 6 Grey, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the house is to be taken. 2 Hats., 199; 4 Grey, 170; 6 Grey, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 Hats., 196; Mem. in Hakew., 71; 3 Grey, 48; 9 Grey, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 Grey, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." Rule 7.]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3; 2 Hats., 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular votes or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House should be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 Grey, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 Hats., 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 Hats., 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 Hats., 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule, of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 Hats., 119, 121; 6 Grey, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. Scob., 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 Hats., 118. In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 Grey, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or sergeants-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared; and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. Rule 18.]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. $Rule\ 19.$]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. Hats., 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see Hakev., 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [which in Senate is at noon].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. $3\ Grey, 48, 313.$

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other house. 3 Grey, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. Raym., 120; Jacob's L. D., by Roughead; Parliament, 1 Lev., 165 (Pritchard's case).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

· SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 Grey, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (Scob., 87; L. Parl., c. 22; 9 Grey, 362), unless they are attending (1 Grey, 401); or unable to sign, and averred by a member (3 Grey, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 Grey, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 Grey, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. Rule 24.]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received? But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a mot on has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. Scob., 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. Rule 9.] It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information, 2 Hats., 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * * Rule 10.]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. Jour. Sen., June 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unamimously direct otherwise. ** * Rule 26.]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. Rule 25.]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the house in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. Hakew., 122; Scob., 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse Scob., 41;1 Grey, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? Hakew., 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 Grey, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. D'Ewes, 335; col. 1; 3 Hats., 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. Hakew., 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. Hakew., 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the Unitted States, the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (Hawek., 146; Town., col. 208; D'Ewes, 634, col. 2; Scob., 47); or, as it is said (5 Grey, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 Grey, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. Scob., 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. Rule 27.]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. Rule 31.]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. Scob., 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 Grey, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; Scob., 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 Grey, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (Scob., 49, rausing at the end of cach paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 Hats., 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the

whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can recur back and make any alterations in a former part 2 Hats., 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. Scob., 50; 7 Grey, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the bedy of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, e converso.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 Hats., 289, 292; Scob., 53; 2 Hats., 290; 8 Scob., 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, June 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (Scob., 50), and where, by references to the page, line, and word of the bill. Scob., 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. Scob., 52; Hakew., 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. Scob., 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 Grey, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 Hats., 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to seriatim (5 Grey, 366; 6 Grey, 368; 8 Grey, 47, 104, 360; 1 Torbuck's Deb., 125; 3 Hats., 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 Grey, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. Elsynge's Mem., 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the House to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee.) And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice President or President pro tempore may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President pro tempore.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House acting as in a committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee, and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands in statu quo.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or

altered when reported to the House. 3 A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5 A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 Grey, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that is has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

• The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:

[Rule 29] The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous convent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right totics quoties, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 Hats., 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib*.

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time, and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 Grey, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. Feb. 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 Hats., 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11,]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. Lex. Parl., 274; Elsynge's Mem., 85; Ord. House of Commons, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. Scob., 28, 22; 2 Hats., 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, pro hac vice. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 Hats., 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions, which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

*This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows: [When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

- 1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.
- 2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.
- 3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 Hats., 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 Hats., 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.
- 4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.
- 5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.
- 6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:
Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment,

Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session, Postponement to a day within the session, Postponement indefinite,

Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

1	Previous question and	postpone	In the first, second and
1.	110/10ab quebeles a	commit	third classes, and the
		amend	first member of the
9	Postnone and previous	s question	fourth class, the rule,
~.	Tostpone and provisa	commit	"first moved first put"
		amend	takes place.
3.		question	
		postpone	
		amend	
4.	Amend and previous	question	
		postpone	
		commit	

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall now be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commit

ment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. Scobell is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." Scob., 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, $e.\ g.$

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 Hats., 81, 2, 8, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put? -i.e., at this instant: and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to expend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. $Rule\ 36.$]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum should be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 Grey, 179; 2 Hats., 8, 83; 3 Hats., 132, 133. And this is con-

sidered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of an inprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the terminus in quem in any other case; then the question must begin a maximo. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the terminus a quo in any other case where the question must begin a minimo; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 Grey, 376, 331, 355. "The fair question, in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." Grey, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 Hats., 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 Hats., 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 Hats., 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28: 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 Hats., 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 Grey, 113, 114; 3 Grey, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 Grey, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 Grey, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question, is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases; but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 Hats., 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must

vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hatsell advises, that the main question be not now put with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question as Mr. Hatsell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it ab inconvenienti, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. Scob., 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. 2 *Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. 1 *Gray*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 Hats., 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one, it may be divided into two or more questions. Mem. in Hakew., 30. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these

[•] In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtingly the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights for Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 Hats., 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 Grey, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 Hats., 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistence. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea — will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See Execut. Jour., June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand ipso facto before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (e. g. the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. Hakew., 141; Scob., 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 Grey, 145. And see Elsynge's Memor., 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d to disagree; 3d, recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

1st. To agree.

2d. To disagree.

Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; e. g., if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.

3d. To recede.

4th. To insist.

5th. To adhere.

You may then either insist or adhere.

You may then either recede or adhere. You may then either recede or insist.

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implica-cation as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. Scob., 23; 2 Hats., 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. Scob., 22; 2 Hats., 87; 5 Grey, 129; 9 Grey, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviate or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. Hakew., 136. 137, 153; Coke, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he, at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so — the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviate presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his band!

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to

receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. Hakew, 126. Thus, 27 El., 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. D'Ewes, 337, col., 2; 414, col., 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. Elsynge's Memorials, 59; 6 Grey, 335; 1 Blackst., 183. For example of riders, see 3 Hats., 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 Grey, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, col., 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. Hakew., 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." Hakew. 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. Hakew., 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and itstands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. Scob., 24; 2 Hats., 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 Hats., 134; 1 Rush, p. 3, fol. 92; Scob., 43, 52; Co., 12, 116; D'Ewes, 505, col. 1; Mem. in Hakew., 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received*. Read	Ayes.			
Lie on the table	Noes			
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table	11003.			
Referred to committee for further proceeding	. Aves.			
Bill, that it be brought in.				
Read first or second time				
Read first or second time	Ayes.			
Proceedings on every other stage	1			

To committee of the whole		
To select committee	. Ayes.	
Report of bill to lie on table		
Be now read	Ayes.	
Be taken into consideration three months hence	30, P. J.	251
Amendments to be read a second time	. Noes.	
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time	Ayes.	
For receiving a clause	}	534
With amendments be engrossed	}	395
That a bill be now read a third time	. Noes.	398
Receive a rider	260	
Pass	}	~~~
Be printed	Ayes.	256
Committees. That A take the chair		
To agree to the whole or any part of report		
That the House do now resolve into committee	l	
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee	Noes.	291
That he issue warrant for new writ		
Member. That none be absent without leave	J	
Witness. That he be further examined	. Ayes.	344
Previous question	. Noes.	
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum		
Amendments. That words stand part of		
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time	Noes.	
Messenger be received		
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock	1	
If after 2 o'clock		
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock		
If after 4 o'clock		
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution)		
Over the 30th of January	. Noes.	
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. 2 Hats., 145, note.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President, and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, e. g., the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he

finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (Scob., 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 Hats., 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds pari passu. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; 2 *Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. 2 Hats., 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the lex majoris partis is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. Hakev., 93. But if the House be equally divided, "semper presumatur pro negante;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. Towns., col. 131.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. $Const.\ U.\ S., I, 3.]$

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 Hats., 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

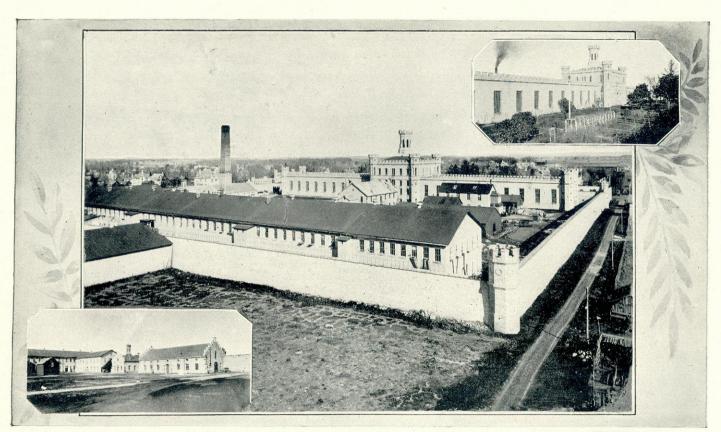
SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

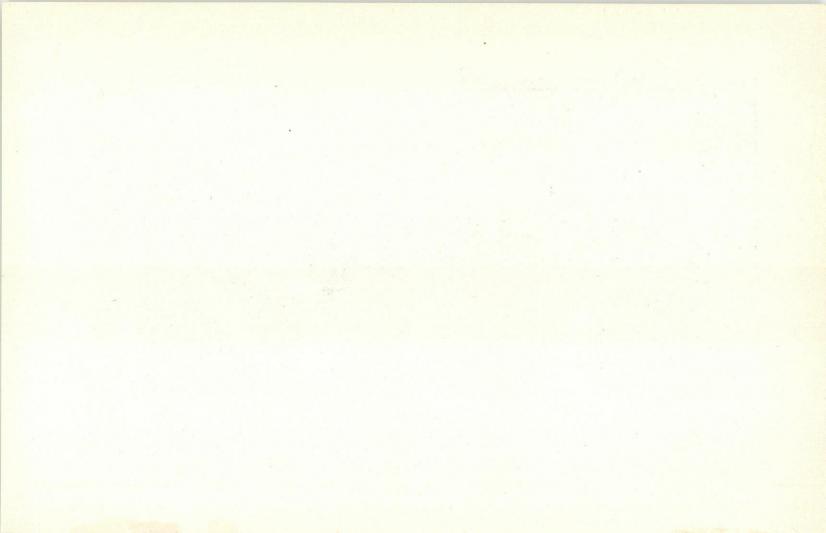
[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* Rule 20.]

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be recommitted.]

[.] This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.



[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances, does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. Towns., col. 67; Mem. in Hakew., 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. Hakew., 158; 6 Grey, 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, e. g., report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. Towns., col. 26; 2 Hats., 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. Id., 92; 3 Hats., 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. Hakew., 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 Hats., 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill, for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 Hats., 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 Hats., 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 Grey, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 Hats., 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 Hats., 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. Rule 33.]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 Hats., 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, e. g., the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagree-

ment; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 Grey, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 Hats., 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 Grey, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modificacations which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 Grey, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 Grey, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. Elsynge, 23, 27; 9 Grey, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 Grey, 363; 10 Grey, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 Hats., 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 Chand., 288. A like case, 1 Chand., 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 Grey, 274, 1 Chand., 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passe 1 the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when, on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 Hats., 31;1 Grey, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 Grey, 144. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons 3 Grey, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not

imputable to them. 3 Grey, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 Grey, 220; 3 Hats., 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. Journal of Senate, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 Hats., 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 Hats., 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 Grey, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 Hats., 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 Hats., 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (Ib., 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 Hats., 270. And in all cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. Ib., 317, 323, 354; 10 Gray, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 Hats., 270; 9 Grey, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 Grey, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. Ord. H. Com., 89;1 Grey, 425; 8 Grey, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 Grey, 181; 1 Chand., 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 Grey, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 Grey, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 Grey, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 Grey, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 Grey, 128, 300, 387; 7 Grey, 80; 8 Grey, 210, 255; 1 Torbuck's Deb., 278; 10 Grey, 293; 1 Chandler, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 Grey, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill, 1 Grey, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 Hats., 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 Hats., 22. [In Senate the messengers are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. Rule 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.] In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when

a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 Grey, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 Grey, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 Grey, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on de novo.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and deliv. r; them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. Hakew., 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 Grey, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 Hats., 25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silento, to prevent unbecoming alternations. Blackst., 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 Grey, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one house was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 Chandler, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 Hats., 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. 16.

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 Grey, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of Enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent together with the President's objections to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. Const. U. S., I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. Const. U. S., I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule* 33.]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. Rule 32.]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. 2 Hals., 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. 2 Hals., 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. 1 Chandler, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. Hob., 110, 111; Lex. Parl., 114, 115; Jour. H. C., Mar. 17, 1592; Hale, Parl., 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 H. 8 c. 16; 4 Inst., 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 Inst., 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 Hats., 361; 3 Hats., 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from the a. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 Grey, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee maje be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 Hats., 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 Hats., 332; 1 Blacks., 186; 5 Grey, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the president may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. Const., II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day; but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 Hais., 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 Hats., 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 Grey, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 Grey, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 Blackst., 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 Lev., 165; Lex. Parl., c. 2; 1 Ro. Rep., 29; 4 Inst., 7, 27, 28; Hutt., 61; 1 Mod., 252; Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament; 1 Blackst., 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. Bro. Abr. Parliament, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 Grey, 374; 9 Grey, 350; 1 Chandler, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parlimentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to-wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I. 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I. 4), this must begin a new session. for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is more od in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the -- day of -

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. Raym, 120, 331; Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament.

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. Const. U. S., II., 2.]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. Rule 39.]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign action, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by

Parliament. Ware v. Hayton, 3 Dallas' Rep., 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. Vattel, b., c. 19, sec. 214. An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe, 457; 2 Smollet, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, res inter alios acta. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representative such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, e. g., the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them in ringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments, either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. Rule 37.]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. Rule 37.1

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. Const. U. S., I, 3.]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. Const., I, 3.]

[The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdeameanors. Const., Ii 4.]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. Const., III, 2.] These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject.

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the julges. Se l. Ju i in Parl., 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a common or but on complaint of the Commons. Ib., 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on the indemand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. Ib., 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1631, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 Grey's Deb., 325-7; Wooddeson, 601, 576; 3 Setd., 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 Blackst., 25; 73 Setd., 1604, 1618; 9, 1656.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 Woodd., 597; 6 Grey, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the deig unt may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. Sachev. Trial, 329; 2 Woodd., 602, 605; Lords' Jour., 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 Wms., 616; 6 Grey, 321.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. Seld. Judd., 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. Sach. Tr., 325; 2 Woodd., 602, 605; Lords' Jour., 3 June, 1701; 1 Wms., 616.

Appearance. If he appears, and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he finds sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. Seld. Judd., 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him, and a day fixed for his answer. T. Ray; 1 Rushw., 268; Fost., 232; 1 Clar. Hist. of the Ret., 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. Seld. Judd., 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. Ib., 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort judicium parium suorum. Ib. In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. Seld. Judd., 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 Rush., 274; 1 Rush., 1374; 12 Parl. Hist., 442; 3 Lords' Jour., 13 Nov., 1643; Woodd., 607. But he can not plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 Woodd., 615; 2 St. Tr., 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. Sel. Jud., 114; 8 Grey's Deb., 233; Sach. Tr., 15; Journ. H. of Commons, March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. Seld. Jud., 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 R. 2), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a Seld. Jud., 123. But this was on a complaint, not on impeachment by the commons. Seld. Jud., 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. Id., 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. Id., 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. Id., 124. The Ld. Berkeley, 6 $E_{\cdot,3}$, was arraigned for the murder of $L_{\cdot,2}$, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. Id., 125. In 1 H., 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. Seld. Jud., 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 Hale, P. C., 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. Seld. Jud., 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. Rushw. Tr. of Straff., 37; Com. Journ., 4 Feb., 1709-10; 2 Woodd., 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. Seld. Jud., 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (Id., 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. Seld. Jud., 167, 2 Woodd., 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terre, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. Seld. Jud., 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevailed; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 Sta., Tr., 14; 2 Woodd., 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. Seld. Jud., 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. Fost., 144; 2 Woodd., 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. Seld. Jud., 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 Woodd., 614, contra), but not in misdemeanors. Seld. Jud., 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. T. Ray., 383; 4 Com. Journ., 23 Dec., 1790; Lords' Jour., May 15, 1791; 2 Woodd., 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

COMPILED BY THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 62, S., SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1897.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

Organization.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Sanate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Sanators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The oath of office is usually administered to the newly elected Sanators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sargeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the senators take the oath of office the election of President protem., Chief Clerk and Sargeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeaut-at-Arms of both the respective Houses are required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area bahind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each

name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS.—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made"; to keep the pay accounts of employees and issue certificates of printed to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpense.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

- 1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
- 2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
- 3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
- 4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
 - 5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER. - It is his special duty:

- 1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
- 2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.
- 3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.
- 4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK .- It is his special duty:

- 1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.
- 2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

- 1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.
- 2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive cfficer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The Postmaster attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker

The Assistant Postmaster brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The DOORKEPERS attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visitors are seated, and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

- 1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.
- 2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.
- 3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.
- 4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.
- 5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from———." The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed, and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein. If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two-thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's veto. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law. A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "Shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the

Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. ——. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms,
OF TITLES:
No. —, a bill to ——.
Amending bill:
A bill relating to, and amendatory of section of chapter of the
Repealing bill:
A bill to repeal section ——, of chapter ——, of the ——, (relating to statutes or
general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the sec
tion of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act re
pealed, shall be recited at length.)
Appropriation bill:
"To appropriate to ——, the sum of —— dollars."
Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

No. ——, A.,

A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.

Mr. Gordon.

RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. -, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill-†

It must invariably be in the following form:

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—Const, Art. IV., Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpœna is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To ———: You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs.———, on the part of the Senate

^{*} It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

[†] Section 17, Article IV., Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause i. necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

and Messrs. — —, on the part of the Asser resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to i mittee —, in the city of Madison, the capita one thousand eight hundred and —, at th there, and from time to time, as required b dence upon the matters of inquiry before said "Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case "Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city. A. D. 18—.	nvostigate — at the room of said com- l of the State, on the — day of — A. D. e hour of — in the — noon, then and y said committee, to testify and give evi- committee. e made and provided. ity of Madison aforesaid, this — day of
"Attest:	", Presiding Officer.
"———, Chief Clerk of the ——." In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to may be used:	o testify, the following form of certificate
"To Hon — — , (Presiding Officer). "I, — — , chairman of the joint com her by certify that — — has been duly mittee, as will fully appear by the writ served same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assen "I further certify that said — — has according to the exigency or mandate of said "Dated, Madison, — , 18—, at—o'clock	visubpænaed to appear before said com- l, and affidavit of service accompanying ably. failed to appear before said committee, writ or subpæna.
Upon which a warrant in the following form	may be used:
"The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-A "It appearing that a writ of subpena, dire personally appear and attend before Messrs.— Messrs.———, on the part of the Assembly to invectommittee, in the city of Madison, the capita A. D. 18—, at the hour of —— in the ——n time, as required by said committee, to test inquiry before said committee has been issued duly personally served upon the said ——— and returned as provided in section one of an and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and the chairman of the said joint committee, tha lected to appear before the said committee is subpena; therefore, you are hereby command sin, to take the body of him, the said ———, so that he may testify and give evidence for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying not.	cted to ————, commanding him to ————, on the part of the Senate, and only, a jo'n' committee appointed under a stigate ————, at the room of said all of the State, the ———day of ———, oon, then and there, and from time to ify and give evidence upon the matter of and that the said writ of subpoena was ———, on the ——day of ———, A. D. 18—, act entitled 'an act concerning evidence it further appearing by the certificate of the said ———— has failed or negnobedience to the mandate of the said led, in the name of the State of Wiscon———, and bring him before the ——— are before the said committee, and answer as the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fail
"Given at the ————— Chamber in the ci	ty of Madison aforesaid, this day
him, by direction of said committee, now before	the — day of —, 18—, arrest the body nittee within named, and the said ——es propounded by said committee. I have
"Assembly chamber, —, 18—.	"Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly."
A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in a The following form for such resolution was unabled in Resolved, that the neglect or failure of investigating committee composed of Masser.	contempt, is the next proceeding. used at the session of 1958: to appear before the joint.

investigating committee composed of Messrs. ——, of the Senate, and Messrs. ———, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpœna of this Assembly, served upon him on the —— instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affi lavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"Int. 1.—Why did you not appear before the joint investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpœna served upon you the — inst?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"Resolved, That the refusal of ______ to answer the questions put to him by-a member of the joint investigating committee, on the _____ instant, and which questions were certified to the House by ______, Chairman of said committee; and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the ——instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which —— —— is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment can not extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

- 1. The testimony taken.
- 2. A statement of the facts proven thereby, or conclusions derived therefrom.
- 3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member -

"Two thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 8.

To do any business except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members— t

"A majority." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal-

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State.—

"A majority of three-fifths." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day -

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members -

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII., Sec 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention-

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII., Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt-

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

"A majority" of a quorum.

RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body.—2 Hats., 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

- 1.—The hour for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.
- 2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each House shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the trans-



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action of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

- 3.—No member or officer of either House, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.
- 4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the two Houses during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor, Lieutenant Governor Members of the Legislature, State Officers, Regents of the University, Regents of the Normal Schools, Members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and other Courts. Ex-Members of the Wi-consin Legislature, all editors of newspapers within the State and reporters for the press, and such other persons as the presiding officer may invite.

6.— Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all person' except members and officers.

7.—No member or officer of either House shall read newspapers within the bar of the House, nor smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

- 8.— The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the Senate, shall, when present, take the Chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the senate remains in session.
- 9.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform the duties of the Chair temporarily and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President, but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the Chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the Prosident pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

10.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

11.—It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the House in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members; To inform the House, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, in any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the Government, and to announce them to the House;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the House over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules, who are to serve on committees, and in general—

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each House is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

- 12—The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the House?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the journal.
- 13—The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.
- 14—In the absence of the presiding officer, in either House, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.
- 15—The Speaker of the Assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.
- 16—The Lieutenant Governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the Senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote. See Section 8 of Article V., Constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

- 17—A Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall keep a journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him. He shall superintend the recording of the journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants. He shall appoint his assistants as provided by law.
- 18.—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerk, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," and banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendment made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has been omitted. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the House. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as a standard.
- 19.—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpœnas issued by order of the House shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

20.—A Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the House or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

- 21.—The following standing committees shall be elected by the Senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, unless otherwise directed, as follows:
 - A committee on Judiciary, to consist of seven members.
 - A committee on State Affairs, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Finance, Banks and Insurance, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Railroads, to consist of nine members.
 - A committee on Education, to consist of five members.
 - A committee on Manufactures, to consist of five members.

A committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, to consist of three members.

A committee on Corporations, to consist of five members.

A committee on Town and County Organization, to consist of three members.

A committee on Public Lands, to consist of three members.

A committee on Military Affairs, to consist of five members.

A committee on Public Health and Sanitation, to consist of three members.

A committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of five members.

A committee on Legislative Expenditures, to consist of three members.

A committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members.

A committee on Roads and Bridges, to consist of three members.

A committee on Agriculture, to consist of five members.

A committee on Engrossed Bills, three members.

A committee on Enrolled Bills, three members.

A committee on Bills on Their Third Reading, to consist of three members.

The following joint committees shall be constituted as follows:

On Claims - Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Charities and Penal Institutions—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Printing - Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

On Fish and Game - Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

22. The standing committees of the Assembly shall be appointed by the Speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

On Judiciary — Eleven members.

On State Affairs — Seven members.

On Cities - Nine members.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance - Seven members.

On Railroads - Eleven members.

On Education - Seven members.

On Manufactures - Seven members.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes - Seven members.

On Corporations - Seven members.

On Town and County Organization - Five members.

On Public Lands - Five members.

On Military Affairs - Seven members.

On Public Health and Sanitation - five members.

On Privileges and Elections -Seven members.

On Legislative Expenditures - Five members.

On Federal Relations — Five members.

On Roads and Bridges - Five members.

On Agriculture - Seven members.

On Ways and Means - Five members.

On Lumber and Mining - Five members.

On Public Improvements - Five members.

On Dairy and Food - Seven members.

On Engrossed Bills - Five members.

On Enrolled Bills - Five members.

On Bills on Their Third Reading - Five members.

23.—Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed, by the presiding officer.

24.—It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on Their Third Reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the House before being acted upon.

25.—A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

26.—All business referred to a committee shall be taken up and disposed of as soon as practicable, and reported to the House at as early a date as may be consistent with a careful consideration of the same.

27.—All reports shall be in the following form:

The committee on to whom (was or were) referred (insert here the number and title of the bill or bills, resolutions or memorials, reported by the committee), have had the same under consideration, and report the same back with the recommendation that it do (pass, be indefinitely postponed, referred to some other committee, etc.), or, if amended, with amendment or amendments, with the recommendation that the same do pass when so amended.

23.—Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

29.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement for his reasons and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

30.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the House, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon, shall have been printed in the Journal and

laid upon the desks of the members.

31.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

32.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without special leave, except a committee of conference.

33.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the House, shall be placed upon the calendar for the succeeding day under the order of business, "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Provided that during the consideration of bills under this order, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the house shall resolve itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the legislature shall govern, as far practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for a previous question, cannot be made in the committee.

34.—All bills ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, shall be carefully copied under direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

35.—Whenever a bill which is fairly written, without interlineation or erasure, is

ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on en-

grossed bills may report the same back to the House as the engrossed bill.

36.—It shall be in order for the committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when a vote is being taken or a call of the House is being had.

37.—No standing or select committee, or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the House is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either House, whether under consideration of the House in which they originated or not.

38.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the House,

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

- 39.—The order of business in both Houses shall be as follows:
- 1. Call of the roll.
- 2. Correction of the journal.
- 3. Communication to the Legislature.
- 4. Resolutions may be offered.
- 5. Introduction and reference of bills.
- 6. Reports of standing committees.
- 7. Reports of select committees.
- 8. Executive communications.
- Communications from either House and action thereon.
- Resolutions may be considered.
- 11. Bills ready for a third reading.
- 12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
- Bills ready for engrossment.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

- 40.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either House, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.
- 41.—Resolutions may be offered by any member who shall endorse his name on the same. It shall then be sent to the Clerk's desk, and there read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted on the same day of which it is offered without leave.
- 42.—All bills and resolutions offered by any member or committee shall be endorsed by the member or committee offering the same.
- 43.-Every bill shall receive three several readings by title except where otherwise provided, previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without

On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the House, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either House.

- 44.—All joint resolutions and all memorials, which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading and reference as bills.
- 45.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal, and every Assembly bill, and two hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Journal, and every Senate bill, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution, or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House.
- 46.—The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.
- 47.—The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of every bill appropriating money; a majority of three-fifths of each House being necessary to pass any bill which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand in favor of the State.

HOW BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED.

48.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair, and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

- 49.—When any two or more members shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is first to speak.
- 50.—When a member is called to order he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.
- 51.—No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the House. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the House.
- 52.—While the presiding officer is addressing the House, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.
 - 53.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received except:
 - 1. To adjourn;
 - 2. To lay on the table;
 - 3. For the previous question,
 - 4. To postpone to a day certain;
 - 5. To commit to a standing committee;
 - 6. To commit to a select committee:
 - 7. To amend:
 - 8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

- 54.—A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the House.
- 55.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.
- 56.—A motion to adjourn, to take a recess, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.
- 57.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.
- 58.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.
- 59.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc. (as the case may be) say, aye. Those of contrary opinion, say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.
- 60.—The yeas and nays shall be ordered whende manded by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.
- 61.—Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unles the House shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.
- 62.—Any member may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.
 - 63.—In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.
 - 64.—In all cases when the Assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.
- 65.—When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or when the house is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost shall not be renewed. A motion to reconsider may be made within

the time specified, and consideration of the same be postponed to some future time, by order of the House.

66.— No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

- 67.—Five Senators, or fifteen members of the Assembly, may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.
- 68.—On a call of the House being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the Senate, five Senators, or if in the Assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise, the call shall be thereby ordered.
- 69.—A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeat-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.
- 70.—The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees whose names shall be read and entered upon the Journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.
- 71.—While the House is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn, but upon re-convening, the House shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of she House may be again ordered in the same manner as above described.
- 72.—When the Sergeant-at-Arms shall make a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them) are present, such report shall be entered on the Journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be open and the busi ness pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.
- 73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect of the House shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 69.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

- 74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly.
- 75.—The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly, as the case may be) to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise?" And if a sufficidnt number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.
- 76.—When on taking the previous question, the House shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.
- 77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

78.—Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill [has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present.

Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the House in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

- 79.—No amen ment shall be consideed in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of amendments where the question is raised as to whether or not they do materially alter the nature of the original proposition.
- 80.—Amendments proposed by a committee, or by a member of either House, shall be reduced to writing and state clearly and definitely the object which they seek to accomplish. They shall be read by the Clerk, and stated by the presiding officer to the House before being acted upon.
- 81.—A bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be reported by the committee to which the bill was recommitted, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question for its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.
- 82.—Every bill, resolution or memorial, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments agreed to, adopted and incorporated in the bill before being read a third time, except such bills as are fairly written, without interlineation or erasure. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is 'Shall the bill pass'?" or "be concurred in", as the case may be.
- 83.—Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the House passing it, and by him transmitted to the other House. The day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.
- 84.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either House, or to any of its officers, members or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.
- 85.—No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.
- 86.—Whenever by joint resolution of the two Houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the House for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon; provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before the House when such action shall be taken.
- 87.—The Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, and Sergeant-at-Arms of each House, shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which they are employed, and the amount respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the House in which they are employed.
- 88.—After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the Chief Clerk for the House in which the same originated before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the comparing clerks, after which it shall be delivered by the enrolling clerk to the Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, which committee shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses; said committee shall cause the enrolling clerk to correct any error that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and when perfect, shall make their report forthwith to the House.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

89.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to present the bill, first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next, to the presiding officer of the other House, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

90.—After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval; it first being indorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and nays being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

- 91.-In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly on amendments, adopted by either House, to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other House, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each House may be requested by either House, and the other House shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The Senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the Assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the Assembly, to the Senate; the Senate refuses to concur in the Assembly amendment and so notifies the Assembly; the Assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the Assembly, and this action is reported to the Senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the Senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective Houses for, or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective Houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The House having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other House, together with the bill, which, if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.
- 92.—All bills, resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 93.—These rules may be suspended by either House by vote of two-thirds of the members present thereof; the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.
- 24.—Members may pair on any question pending in either House by filing a statement of the same with the Chief Clerk, who shall read the same to the House before the vote is taken.
- 95.—The title to all bills appropriating money shall state that fact in addition to the general purpose of the bill.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

96—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

No. of Bill.		TO PRESINT.	Presen Spea	TED TO		TED TO RNOR.
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9 A. M.	Feb. 15.	10 а. м.	Feb. 15.	2 г. м.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

97.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the per son in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESÉRVED.

98.—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall indorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same and if in favor of allowing a part-thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

99.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

- 100.— Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; provided, that the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the easting vote.
- 101 —The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not in consistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

102.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, R. S. 1878.

Section 99. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such votes shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as a foresaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U.S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

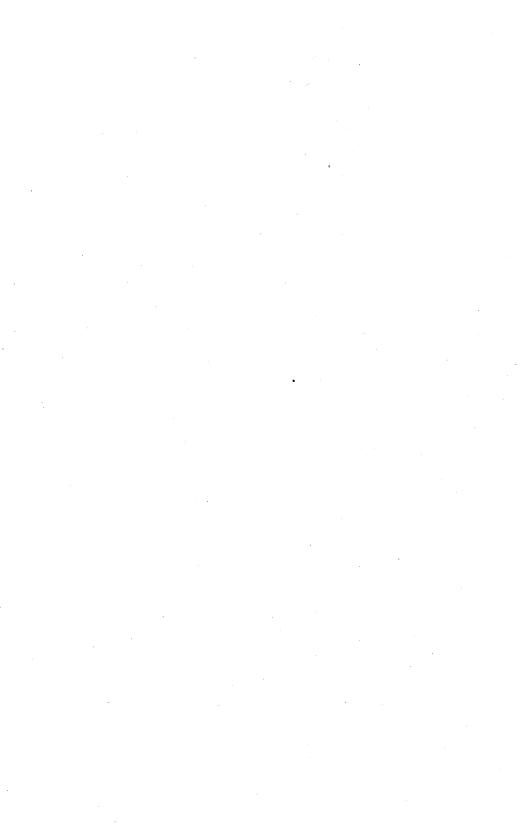
SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such Stare in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.

PART II.

HISTORICAL.



AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

Early Explorations.—1634.—Jean Nicolet, a French explorer, was sent by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France, at Quebec, to explore the northwest. He came by way of Lake Michigan and landed on Wisconsin soil just below the mouth of Fox river. Clothed in silken robes he advanced into a village of the Winnebagoes, discharging pistols held in each hand. He was received with welcome. A great feast was then held, 120 beavers being eaten. He then proceeded up the Fox river to near the present site of Berlin, where was a palisaded village of the Mascoutins.

1659. Sieur Radisson and Sieur Groseilliers followed in the wake of Nicolet, and wintered among the Pottawattomies in the Green Bay region, and in the spring of 1659 went up the Fox river, made portage and entered the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The narrative of Radisson indicates that they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi.

1661.— The same adventurers, Radisson and Groseilliers, with six other fur traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of the great mines of copper, and entered Chequamegon Bay, late in autumn. Near the present site of Ashland they built a "fort" close to the water's edge. Hiding their stores in a caché, they visited the Huron village on the headwaters of the Chippewa river, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, wintering among the Indians.

1662.—The same party returned to Chequamegon Bay and built a fort on Oak Point, eastward of Ashland. They returned to Three Rivers in Canada the same year.

Meanwhile Pere Menard, a Jesuit missionary, who had been left at Keweenaw Bay by Radisson's party while on their way westward, set out to visit the Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. Suffering intensely from mosquitoes, hunger and the insolence and cruelty of the Indian guides, they reached the Black river. While portaging one of its rapids, Menard lost the blind trail, and was never seen again. He was killed by lurking savages or died from exposure. His kettle, breviary and cassock are said to have been afterwards seen in the possession of the Indians.

1665.—Claude Allouez, an eminent pioneer missionary, was sent by his superior to open a mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by way of the lakes, into Chequamegon Bay and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southeast shore, between the sites now occupied by Washburn and Ashland, which he named "La Point du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he was relieved by a younger zealot, Pere Marquette.

1669.—Pere Allouez was invited by the Pottawattomies to Green Bay.

1670.—The Sieur Saint Lusson, piloted by a hardy adventurer, Nicholas Perrot, came to Sault Ste. Marie and there in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits and the man Perrot acting as interpreter took possession of the northwest in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Joliet.

1671.—Father Allouez founded a mission on the south side of Fox river, six miles from its mouth, naming it the mission of St. Francis Xavier, on the site of the present city of Depere (so called from *mission des peres*, the mission of the fathers).

1672.—Father Allouez established the mission of Saint Marks on the Wolf river, near Lake Shawano. He made a voyage to the Fox river, visiting the Foxes and Mascoutins, two Indian tribes above Lake Winnebago. Here he established the mission of St. James the following year.

1673.—Louis Joliet and Pere Marquette set out in May, from St. Ignace mission, at the straits of Mackinaw, in canoes paddled by voyageurs or boatmen, and reached the Mascoutin village on the Upper Fox, June 7th, pushed up through its reeds, made the portage at the present site of Portage City, into the Wisconsin river, which they descended to its mouth, arriving there June 17th. They descended the Great river as far as the mouth of the Arkansas. The narratives of this voyage and journey by Marquette have made the names of Joliet and Marquette immortal.

1674.—Joliet and Marquette, returning from their canoe voyage, came up the Mississippiand Illinois rivers, made portage to Chicago, thence paddled down the shores of Lake Michigan, and in September were again at the St. Francis Xavier's mission. In October, 1674, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission at Kaskaskia, among the Illinois Indians. Paddling by way of Green Bay, they came to Sturgeon's Bay; thence he made the portage eastward across the peninsula, where the Sturgeon Bay ship canal now is, paddled up the lake to the mouth of the Chicago river, where they wintered on a sand dune near the shore, in much discomfort. In the spring they proceeded to the Illinois river and Kaskaskia. But a mortal sickness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinaw, to die among his brethren. He died on the journey, May 19th, of a dysentery brought on by the hardships and privations he had suffered. He was buried at the mouth of a little stream on the Michigan side of the lake, some little distance south of the high point called the Sleeping Bear.

1679.—The great explorer, La Salle, appeared upon the scene, arriving at Green Bay early in September, in a schooner built at Niagara river above the falls, called the "Griffin," a rude figure of which monster graced the prow. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, he started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise and arms, up the west shore of the lake. The voyage was one of great peril, as the lake was swept by gales. They were nearly swamped in landing. Touching at one of these landings and camps, at or near the present site of Milwaukee, in the bay of Milwaukee river (which the relation called the "Milloke"), they were visited by a band of Fox or Outagamie Indians who stole several articles from their camp. La Salle intrepidly went out, captured a young Indian and brought him into camp to hold as a hostage, and prepared to fight the Indians, six score strong. He then held a parley, induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense. He then moved on up the lake coast.

The same year a daring chief of the coureur du bois, Daniel Graysolon du Lhut (Duluth), explored the Upper Mississippi, taking special note of the Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their band on a great buffalo hunt, below the St. Croix river on the Wisconsin side.

1680.— Hennepin, with two companions, Accau and DuGay, set out, under orders of LaSalle, to explore the Upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of the Illinois river, March 12th, he passed the mouth of the Wisconsin, and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, and carried to the present site of St. Paul, thence to Mille Lacs. Kept here for two months, they were started with a party on a buffalo hunt. At the mouth of Rum river, Hennepin and DuGay were set at liberty, given a gun, knife, an earthen pot and a small canoe. They began their journey, descended the river into the Mississippi, passed the great falls, which Hennepin named the St. Anthony. Nearing the mouth of the Chippewa river, being driven by starvation, they ascended that river and joined a party of Sioux hunters, by whom they were roughly treated, but permitted to live.

Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi with a small party. He canoed up the Bois Brule, now a famous trout stream, midway between Bayfield and Superior, crossed over from its upper waters to the head waters of the Saint Croix, and descended that river into the Mississippi. He there heardlof some white men with the Sioux, and pushing on found Hennepin and DuGay, with the Indian hunting party near the mouth of the Chippewa river. Rescuing the good Hennepin and his companion, the two parties returned to the Mille Lacs. That year, in his voyage up the river, Father Hennepin was the first white man to visit the fine prairie on this river, now Prairie du Chien. In autumn, Du Lhut and Hennepin drifted down to the mouth of the Wisconsin river, thence up that stream, they portaged across to the Fox, down which they paddled, and thence to Mackinaw. Du Lhut made several voyages of this kind later.

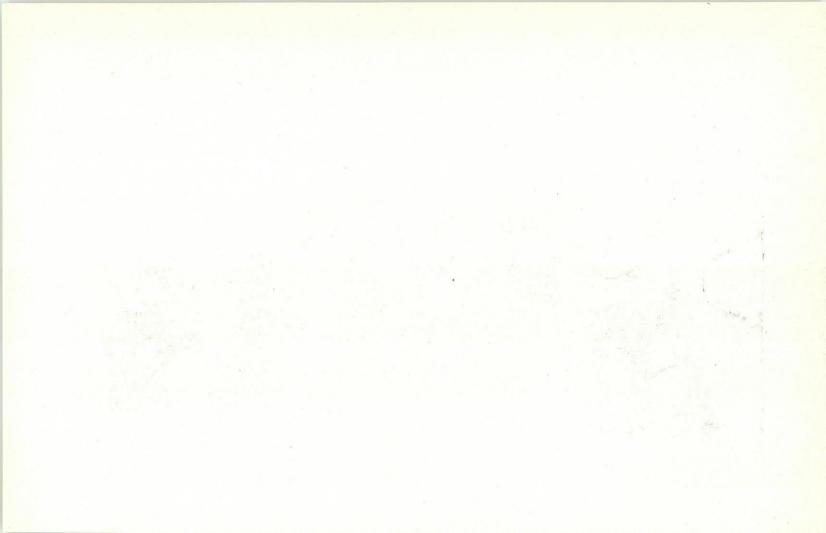
1683.— La Sueur passed the Fox and Wisconsin route, thence ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony.

1685.— Nicholas Perrot, a daring chief of the coureur du bots, whose previous explorations are above narrated, was appointed the "commandant of the west," with an "army" of twenty men. He came to Green Bay, and there met Indians from the west who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water," probably Spaniards. Perrot, anxious for further discoveries, passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route. He wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above the now village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicholas, the site of Prairie du Chien, and worked lead mines in Wisconsin opposite Dubuque.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, PLATTEVILLE.



1689.—Perrot took possession of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and Upper Mississippi in the name of the French king.

1693.—Pierre La Sueur was sent by the authorities of New France, at Quebec, to restore the French prestige in the west, which had been much weakened by the intrigues of the Dutch-English traders from Albany on the Hudson. He built a stockaded fort at La Point, on the Chequamegon Bay, another at Red Wing, Minnesota, which became the center of western commerce. He was governor for several years. He also worked the Perrot lead mines.

1699.— Returning from France, which he had visited, Perrot brought with him thirty experienced miners, and on his voyage up the Mississippi found lead mines on or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at the "Smoke Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

1699.—In October, Pere St. Cosmes, a missionary from Quebec, found the Fox Indians opposed to his passing up the Fox river route to the Mississippi, and went south up the west shore of the lake. He stopped, as is supposed, at the present site of Sheboygan, where another missionary. Father Marest had wintered and planted a cross.

1700.—Father St. Cosmes visited Milwaukee Bay, finding there many Mascoutins, Foxes, Pottawattomies, etc. He calls the Milwaukee river the "Milwarick." Lead mines discovered in southwest Wisconsin by La Sueur.

Wars With the Fox or Outagamie Indians. 1706-1734.—The Fox Indians having grown quite insolent and obstructive of the passage of the great water-way from the Green Bay to the Mississippi, demanded tribute of all traders and voyagers. It is related, though on questionable authority, that Perriere Marin, a bold French captain, was sent to punish them. At the head of a large party of soldiers, half-breeds and coureur du bois, he ascended the frozen surface of the Fox river, surprised the enemy at Winnebago Rapids and slew many hundreds of them, where Neenah now stands.

1711.—The Illinois country and all Wisconsin placed in command of Governor-general Dirau d'Arlaguette, with headquarters at the site of Mobile (Ala).

1712.—The Fox or Outagamies made a desperate attempt to destroy Detroit, but were thwarted and themselves severely punished. Full of hate they robbed and butchered all travelers. De Louvigny, the King's lieutenant at Quebec, was sent at the head of 800 men to destroy them.

1716.— Leaving Quebec, March 14, 1716, he appeared before the Indian village, at the Little Butte des Mortes, 37 miles above Green Bay, surrounded their fort, which was heavily palisaded, laid siege to it and approached it by trenches. He set about mining and blowing up the work when the Indians sued for peace. It was granted upon severe conditions which the Indians promised to faithfully perform. But they were faithless, savage, untamable, and persistent in their ferocity.

1718. - Frenchmen known to be at Green Bay.

1719.—Francis Renault, with 200 miners, explores Upper Mississippi.

1718-1721.—Fort St. Frances erected at Green Bay. Father Charlevoi, the historian, visits Green Bay.

1726.—The Cardinells settle temporarily at Prairie du Chien. The French make a treaty with the Foxes, Sacs and Winnebagoes, to open the Fox-Wisconsin water-way.

1727.-- A French trading fort, called Fort Beauharnais, established at Lake Pepin, with Sieur de La Perriere in command.

1728.—Sieur Marchand de Lignery was sent against them with 400 Frenchmen, and reached the fort at the mouth of the Fox river, August 17th. Informed of the approach of this party the Indians fled, destroying their villages, corn, and other growing crops. He returned, much chagrined and censured for the failure of the expedition, destroying Fort St. Francis at Green Bay.

1729.—A party of over 200 Indians fell by surprise upon a large band of Foxes, killed 77 men and some 300 women and children.

1730.—Sieur Perriere Marin was, according to some accounts, the next leader to punish the Foxes. He had a trading post on the Wisconsin near what is now Wyalusing, Grant county, and carried on an extensive trade. He resolved to punish the Foxes, who were still insolent. Raising a force of volunteers at Mackinaw and some friendly Indians at Green Bay, he advanced up the river. At Grand Chute he divided the party, sending one band around to attack the village in the rear. The rest continued up stream in boats, the men concealed under large oil-cloth tarpaulins such as traders used to cover their goods, each boat exposing only two oarsmen. Some 1,500 Foxes awaited their coming, eager to plunder the party. At a signal the coverings were thrown off, a volley poured into the crowd of Indians, and the carnage increased by a swivel gun in one of the boats,

loaded with canister. Tradition tells that over 1,000 Foxes were slain. Fleeing to their villages they found their dwellings in flames, which had been set by the flanking party. They ran to the forest, and there were beset by the other portion of Marin's command. They fought with the frenzy of despair; but only a remnant was left of the tribe. The survivors fled and located at a place where Wauzeka now stands on the lower Wisconsia. Later in the year De Villiers punishes the same tribe. Not long afterwards (1746) Marin fell upon them again, killed and captured them in that village, compelling the survivors to go beyond the Mississippi. A few years later, the Sacs, who were living in villages near the present site of Green Bay, committed some joutrages, and Charles de Langlade, afterwards the first white settler in Wisconsin, led a party of soldiers and habitans from Green Bay, attacked the Sacs in their village, and after a desperate battle drove them away. They fled up the river and settled on the plateau where now flourish the villages of Sauk City and Prairie du Sac. Overpowered by the whites and beset by other Indian foes, the Sacs and Foxes or Outagamies, united the remnants of their tribes.

Missions and Trading Posts.—1735.—Saint Pierriere in command of the fort at Lake Pepin, called Fort Beauharnais.

1737.—On hearing from La Pointe of the murder of French explorers at the Lake of the Woods, Saint Pierriere evacuates the fort.

1742.—Presents distributed by the French among the Sacs and Foxes.

1749 .- The younger Marin stationed at La Pointe.

1752. He was at Lake Pepin.

1754.—Marin in command at Green Bay, makes peace with the Wisconsin Indians. The Menomonees, Foxes, Sacs, Winnebagoes, Pottawattomies, Ottowas, Chippewas and Sioux are engaged to attack the English colonies on the western borders of Pennsylvania.

1755.—Langlade, with Wisconsin Indians, led the onslaught upon Braddock's army, July 9th. Later he was at Fort George, and fought against Wolfe on the plains of Abraham, with his braves from Wisconsin.

1758.—Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay by Menomonees, who pillage a storehouse.

1760.—The French dominions seized by the English. Alexander Henry visited Milwankee.

1761.—Capt. Belfour of the British army came with troops to Green Bay, took possession of the fort, naming it Fort Edward. He left here Lieut. James Gorrell of the Sixtieth, or Royal American regiment, with a sergeant, corporal and fifteen privates who spent a wretched winter in the old fort. In the spring, Gorrell made treaties with the bands who came in.

1763.—Gorrell and his force abandon Green Bay. Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of Miamis, Ottawas, Chippewas, Wyandottes, Pottawattomies, Missisaguas, Shawanoes, Outagamies and Winnebagoes. They organized and burst upon the English posts, eight of which were captured. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Michillimackinac, a friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party from Green Bay to L'Arbre Croche, where they sent the remnants of the garrison, that had been spared in the Michillimackinac slaughter.

1763.— The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, ceded by the French to the English. Traders' posts established at Milwaukee.

1766.—The Langlades had settled with other white settlers at Green Bay.

This year Capt. Jonathan Carver, a medical student and officer of Massachusetts militial visited Green Bay. He was searching for a northwest passage to the Pacific ocean, and passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route, wintering with the Sioux on the plains. Disappointed in his search he returns next year by way of Lake Superior.

1774.—A civil government established over the northwest and Canadas by the "Quebec act."

1777.—Indians under Charles de Langlade and Gauthier join the British against the colonies in the Revolutionary war. But they do not appear to have fought in any of the battles.

1779.— Capt. Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.

1781.— Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians. His purchase was not confirmed. The settlement of Prairie du Chien commenced by Bazil Giard, Augustin Ange and Pierre Antaya.

1786.— Julian Dubuque explored the lead regions of the Upper Mississippi and opened lead mines in both Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—Wisconsin, with the territory northwest of the Ohio, placed under a government, by the "Ordinance of 1787, and the action of the President thereupon."

1788.—An Indian council at Green Bay. Permission given to Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789.— Jean Baptiste Mirandeau said to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793.—Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795.— Jacques Vieau, agent of the Northwest Company, established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.

1796.—The western parts surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Or. dinance of 1787 extended over all the northwest.

1800.— Indiana territory organized embracing the territory now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota east of the Mississippi. Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison is appointed governor.

1804.—Gen. Harrison makes a treaty with the Sacs and Foxes at St. Louis, in which they extinguish their title to parts of the lands in Wisconsin in the southern portion, including the lead region.

1805 - Michigan territory organized.

1809.—Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, and John Bradbury, the Scotch naturalist, explored Wisconsin.

John Jacob Astor's party of explorers, under William P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific Ocean. The story of the western part of their journey is told in Irving's "Astoria."

1811.—The Wisconsin Indians to some extent take part in Tecumseh's war.

Wisconsin in the war of 1812.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English in the "war of 1812." French traders mostly held commissions in the British army.

1814.—An expedition by the British organized at Mackinaw (Michillimackinae) for the capture of the military post at Prairie du Chien, started June 28th, reaching Green Bay six days later, were joined by Louis Grignon, a Creole trader, with 30 habitans of Green Bay. and about 100 Indians, and rowed up the Fox river in grand procession. July 17th they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin a few miles below Fort Shelby, at Prairie du Chien. The American garrison numbered some 60 or 70 effective men with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block houses; and a gun boat manned by part of the garrison, and with 14 cannon, lay in the river. The attacking force was about 500 whites and 120 Indians. The British commander, Major McKay, demanded the surrender of the fort. Lieut. Perkins, the American officer in command, declined to surrender. The British artillery opened upon the gun boat. After receiving some 50 or more shots the boat dropped down stream. The fort was then attacked and Perkins, abandoned by the gun boat, was forced to surrender. McKay with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. The American loss was 5 killed and 10 wounded in the boat and 3 in the fort. Soon after Perkins and his men were given back their arms and sent down the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Fort Shelby to Fort McKay.

1815.—After peace, the British commander of the fort offered to turn the post over to the American governor at St. Louis, and (May 24th) hauled down the British flag and proceeded up the Wisconsin, thence to Mackinaw.

1816.—Treaty with Indians confirming that of 1804. Erection of Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien and Fort Howard, on Green Bay, begun; Major Morgan in command at Prairie du Chien, Col. John Miller at Fort Howard.

1818.—Illinois admitted into the Union. Wisconsin attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties organized in Michigan and embrace the whole of Wisconsin, besides other territory. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee.

1820. — United States Commissioners adjusted land claims in Green Bay. John Jacob Astor's American Fur Company had stations at Green Bay, on the Menomonee, Peshtigo Oconto, and Upper Wolf rivers. Milwaukee the entrepot of trade with the Pottawattomies. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty at the present site of Kaukauna, for the trade on the Lower Fox. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Roulette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being on the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. The same company had stations at La Pointe, and on Lac du Chambeau, Lac Chetae, Rice Lake, Tomahawk Lake, Lac Court Oreilles, Namekogan Lake and other points in the Chippewa country.

The fur traders, it is said, established posts, which ultimately led to settlements at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, Depere, Kaukauna, Neenah, Hudson, Portage, Menomonee, Oconto, Peshtigo, Black River Falls, Rice Lake, Baraboo, and Shullsburg. These were established at various times.

On July 9, of this year the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard, by Rev. Jedediah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1822.—The New York Indians, transplanted, purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.

1823.—Counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac made a separate judicial district by Congress. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi and Lake Superior surveyed by Lieut. Bayfield of the British navy. An Episcopal mission established near Green Bay.

1824.—Judge James Duane Doty held his first district court of the territory, at Green Bay. 1825.—Treaty concluded in August between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin by Gov. William Clark and Lewis Cass, the former then serving as Superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, the latter as governor of Michigan territory, The Indians begin to grow sullen.

1826. First steamboat on Lake Michigan.

1826. The lead mines attract attention. The general government leased lands for mining purposes in 1822, and in this year the mining population rose from 100 to 406 by the following March.

1827. The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford abandoned and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. The Winnebagoes murdered a half-breed named Methode and his family near Prairie du Chien. The Indian chief, Red Bird, and two others, inflamed by rumors that Winnebago prisoners had been killed by the whites, murdered and scalped Rijeste Gagnier and Solomon Lipcop near Prairie du Chien. About the same time, a band of thirty-seven Winnebagoes attacked two keel boats laden with provisions for the troops at Fort Snelling, killing two, wounding two mortally and two slightly, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. The news spread through southwestern Wisconsin and thousands of settlers fled in the greatest precipitation to Galena. Gov. Cass, of Michigan territory, soon came upon the scene. Col. Snelling reinforced Fort Crawford. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines; Maj. Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Lower Wisconsin moved up that river, pursuing the fleeing Winnebagoes. They were overtaken near Portage, and seeing themselves overpowered, gave up the murderers. Red Bird died in prison soon after. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebagoes cede lands.

1828. Fort Winnebago built at the portage. An Indian treaty had at Green Bay. The Indian claim to the lead region purchased.

1829.—Thousands of miners settled in the lead region. Speculation rife. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830.—The Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien. A Protestant mission was founded on Madelaine island, one of the Apostle islands, in Lake Superior, opposite Eayfield—the first of the island missions at La Point, the original La Point mission having been founded on the main land.

1832.—The Black Hawk War.—This year Black Hawk, a petty chief of the Sacs, had a village at the mouth of the Rock river. He hated the Americans and loved the English. Returning from a visit to Canada in 1830, where he had been flattered by the English, he found the settlers had preëmpted the site of his village and the burial ground of his fathers. He was enraged and made threats. The militia were called out. Ten companies of United States troops came to the mouth of the Rock river, and Black Hawk was compelled to cross the Mississippi promising never to return. But he failed to keep his promise. He re-crossed the river in April, passed up Rock river to Prophetstown, intending to raise a crop there. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and Wisconsin. Settlers fled or threw up log forts. Gen. Atkinson, with 1,600 horse and 200 foot volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded one company—and 300 regulars were put on the march. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock river. At Stillman's creek he halted to surrender. His messengers of peace were killed by the pickets

when they approached the lines. He then attacked and sent scampering to the rear 275 horsemen, with thirty-live braves. He then removed his women and children to the swamps of Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin. He descended into Illinois, scattering consternation. Skirmishes took place in Illinois, at Pecatonica, Blue Mounds and Sinsiniwa Mounds in Wisconsin. Some 200 whites and as many Indians lost their lives in these battles, skirmishes and surprises.

Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region.—Fort Union at Dodgeville, where Major Dodge's headquarters had been; Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson; Fort Hamilton at Wiota; Fort Jackson at Mineral Point; Mound Fort at Blue Mounds and others.

Pending this outbreak, Col. Dodge came with Captains John H. Rountree, and James H. Gentry, to the head of the Four Lakes, near where Madison now is, and had a council with the Winnebagoes, counseling them not to join the Sacs in the war.

Gen. Atkinson, in command, sent Dodge's command, and also Major Henry's and Major Alexander's brigades to Fort Winnebago at Portage for supplies. Arriving there, he learned from the Winnebagoes the hiding place of the Sacs and Foxes, Black Hawk's band. They were then at the rapids of Rock river, near now Hustisford. The force at once set out to attack them.

The Indians, however, had fled. Their trail was discovered, bearing toward Wisconsin river. They were pursued. Reaching the Catfish river, between Third and Fourth Lakes, the Indians were found on the site of the city of Madison. - one of whom was shot and left dead near the present capitol. The next day (July 21st) the Indians were pursued; they fled westward passing to the south of Fourth Lake to the bluffs of the Wisconsin. A battle here ensued. The Indians lost several killed and many were wounded. The American loss was one killed and 8 wounded. Thence, Black Hawk and his party fled westward to the Mississippi. A few days later Col. Dodge pursued them, with fresh troops, and came up with them near the mouth of the sad Axe, 40 miles above Prairie du Chien. A steamboat had been sent up the river, to prevent their escape across the river. The Sacs were now in bad plight. Col. Dodge attacked them. Some escaped across the river. The rest were captured. Black Hawk escaped to seek refuge among the Winnebagoes; but a large reward was offered for him; and the Winnebagoes arrested and gave him up. He was sent to Prairie du Chien, thence to Jefferson Barracks. Of the 1,000 Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring not over 150 survived the famous Black Hawk war. The chief died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak served one purpose. It advertised Wisconsin and stimulated settlement.

1833.—An Indian treaty at Chicago. The lands south and west of Milwaukee were ceded to the government. Milwaukee settled in the fall. The first newspaper, the Green Bay Intelligencer, established. First Congregational church in Wisconsin organized at La Point, on Madelaine island.

1834.—Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. First public land sale at Mineral Point. Census taken; population found to be 4,795.

1835.—The first steamboat landed at Milwaukee June 17. Public lands surveyed by William A. Burt. Great influx of settlers. By December 1, 1836, 878,014 acres of land had been sold to settlers and speculators. Bishop Baraga founds a Catholic mission on Madelaine island.

1836.—The territory of Wisconsin organized by act of Congress. April 30, Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Jackson. July 4, territory organized. John S. Horner of Virginia appointed Secretary, Charles Dunn, of Illinois, chief justice, David Irvin and William C. Frazer, of Pennsylvania, sworn in at Mineral Point, amid great festivity. Territorial council met at Belmont, October 25th. United States Land office opened at Milwaukee. December 3, capitol located at Madison, "between the Third and Fourth of the four lakes, on the corner of sections 13, 14, 23, and 24. in township 7, north of range 9, east." The same year, July 14, the "Milwaukee Advertiser" commenced publication. The first school opened in Milwaukee.

George W. Jones elected as the delegate in Congress.

The supreme court held its first session at Belmont. The Belmont "Gazette" published. 1837.— Michigan admitted into the Union. The Northern Peninsula attached to it, in violation of the rights of Wisconsin, causing great indignation to the people of the territory.

A treaty made by Governor Dodge with the Menomonees, in which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin.

The people of Milwaukee organize two municipal corporations — "Milwaukee-on-the-east-

side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on the-west-side-of-the-river." Great strife between them.

Copper ore found near Mineral Point. The corner stone of the capitol laid at Madison, July 4th, with great solemnities.

1838.—Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty postoffices established in the territory.

1839.—Battle between Sioux and Chippewas in northern Wisconsin; 200 said to have been killed.

 $1840.-{
m First}$ brewing of beer in Milwaukee. U. S. census showed population of 30,945 white persons.

1842.—C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was afterward tried in Green county and acquitted.

1814.—The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization, settle at Cresco, now Ripon, under the leadership of Jesse Strong. Gov. Doty removed and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed.

1845.—Tallmadge removed and Doty reappointed. Large Swiss colony planted at New Glarus, Green county.

1846. – The people voted in favor of a state government. Congress passed act to enable and authorize the formation of state government. First constitutional convention met at Madison. October 5th

1847.- First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. Census showed population of 210,546. Second constitutional convention met at Madison, December 15th.

1848.— Wisconsin admitted into the Union May 20. First legislature convened June 5. State officers sworn in June 7. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker elected United States sendtors. Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. Large German immigration this year. Partially successful attempt made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Long Prairie, Minnesota. State university organized. Free school system established by law.

1849. – Construction of railroad from Milwaukee westward begun. In January, first telegram received in Milwaukee. Legislature instruct I. P. Walker to resign because of his vote in interest of the south. Cholera epidemic. "Gold Fever" causes great exodus to California.

 $1850.-{
m Mob}$ in Milwaukee attack and wreck house of John B. Smith for introducing a liquor law in the legislature. Census reported population at 305,391.

1851. - First railroad train run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852 -- Numerous railroad enterprises started in southern part of the state.

1853.—Charges made for the impeachment of Judge Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district. Tried, and, after protracted trial, acquitted.

1854.— Meeting at Ripon to organize the Republican party; the name "Republican" suggested by A. E. Bovay. This on February 28th. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave, arrosted at Racine. Rescued at Milwaukse by force, from the United States marshal, on the 11th of March. Sherman M. Booth arrested and committed to jail on the 26th of May for aiding in Glover's rescue. A writ of habeas corpus was granted by Associate Justice Hon. Abram D. Smith, who decided on the hearing that the "Fugitive Slave law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The Supreme Court of the state sustained him. (An interesting account of this conflict between the State and Federal Judiciary will be found in note in Vilas & Bryant's edition of Wisconsin Reports, Vol. 11, p. 517.) The Supreme Court of Wisconsin held the fugitive slave law void, and that it had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal, those who were heid in custody charged with violating the law. This was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, July 13. A mass convention held in the Capitol Park at Madison. The Republican party organized, and so named. German immigration very large.

1956.—Gov. William A. Barstow having been certified by the state board of canvassers as re-elected and taken the office of governor, Coles Bashford brought an information in the nature of quo varranto to oust Barstow and establish his own claim as having been elected. The proceedings result in Bashford's favor. Sept. 24. The Steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington. Hon. John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, perished in the boat.

1857.- Railway completed to Prairie du Chien. Monetary panic of this year severely felt in Wisconsin.

1858. - November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of the Chicago and Fond du

Lac R. R. (now C. & N. W.) wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen persons killed and seven wounded.

1860.—Steamer Lady Elgin with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine, and 225 persons, mostly of the Third ward in Milwaukee, drowned.

1861.—April 16, President Lincoln's call for one regiment received. Governor Randall's proclamation issued calling for volunteers. Thirty six companies tender service within one week. Troops organized and mustered during the year as follows:

May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field.

June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field.

June 29, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field.

July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field.

July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field.

July 16. Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field.

September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field

September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field.

October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field.

October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field.

October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11. 1862, left for the field.

October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field.

November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized.

January, 1862, Fourteenth regiment mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Fifteenth regiment organized.

February 14, 1862, Fifteenth regiment mustered; March 2, 1862, left for the field. November, 1861, Sixteenth regiment organized.

January 31, 1862, Sixteenth regiment mustered; March 13, 1862, left for the field. Bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's bank attacked, June 24.

July 2, first Wisconsin soldier, George C. Drake, Company A, First infantry, killed at Falling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started south to care for Wisconsin soldie's wounded at Shiloh. April 19, he was drowned at Pittsburg Landing in the Tennessee river. In April, some 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President calls for 75,000 more troops. Wisconsin's quota assigned at about 2,976. July, 300,000 troops called for. The Wisconsin quota assigned at 11,904. November 10, draft made to fill Wisconsin quota, 11,904.

1863 .- August 5, Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee. The "Ryan address" to the people of the state adopted. Matt. H. Carpenter publishes reply to the ad dress. The "War Democrats" held mass conv ntion at Janesville to protest against the Ryan address. October 17, further call for troops; Wisconsin's quota, 11,904. November, draft made to fill quota.

1864 - February 1. President calls for 300,000 more volunteers; in March 200 000; and in July for 500,000; in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota about 53,433. On these calls 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Nov. 2. Ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865 .- Several regiments sent to the field in completion of quotas under calls for troops. Whole number of troops furnished by Wisconsin, 91,379. June 28, Viroqua struck by cyclone, 17 persons killed and 150 wounded. Most of the Wisconsin troops mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, Ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, Ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died.

1866. - Hon. James R. Doolittle, U. S. senator, requested to resign, because of his sup port of President Johnson's "policy." I ourth regiment mustered out after serving over five years.

1867. - Ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died, June 19.

1868.—Col. Dunbar discovers the medicinal properties of the "Bethesda Spring" at Waukesha. April 8, the "Sea Bird" burned on Lake Michigan. All on board lost, save two. Effort made to remove the state capitol to Milwaukee. Towns, cities and villages authorized to take stock in railroads.

1871.—Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown and Manitowoc. One thousand or more persons perished and three thousand reduced to destitution. Large contributions, poured in from all parts of the United States, Great Britain and Canada. France and Germany, relieve the sufferers and provide them with comfortable homes, food, implements and clothing.

1872. July 26. Ex.-Gov. Alex. W. Randall, the first "war governor," died.

1873. - July 4. Great hurricane on Green Lake in Green Lake county. Eleven persons

drowned. Partially successful attempt to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Nebraska, and place them on reservation there.

1874. "Potter Law" placing limit on railroad freights and fares enacted. April 27. Railway companies' presidents announce, through communication to the governor, that they regard the law invalid. Gov. William R. Taylor issues proclamation demanding obedience to the law. Action brought to enjoin companies from violating the law, and, after able trial, the injunction granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering an opinion now quite famous.

1875.—April 28. Oshkosh burned. Manufacture of cotton cloth started in Janesville—the first in the state. Women first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—January, Supreme court decided that under our laws women cannot be admitted to practice law at the bar of that court.

1877.—Law passed admitting women to the privilege of practicing law. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.

1878.— State overrun with tramps. Disturbances and lawlessness at various points where tramps congregate. June. Cyclone sweeps through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson and counties eastward. Some twelve or fifteen persons killed and great destruction of property. Indian scare in Burnett county. Hundreds of settlers leave their homes on account of large assemblies of Indians gathering to hold dances. April 25. Ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880 .-- October 19. Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died

1881.— Senator Matt. H. Carpenter died in Washington, February 24. Strike of cigarmakers in Milwaukee. September. Strike at Eau Claire of workmen in mills for reduction of hours. Property injured, National Guard called out, and eight companies stationed there. September. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened.

1882.—Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died. Constitution amended to have biennial legislative sessions.

1883.—January 10. Newhall House burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. March 25, Hon. Timothy O. Howe, Post Master General, died at Racine. November 8, South wing of the capitol extension fell, killing seven workmen. Febuary 23, Ex-Gov. William E. Smith died.

1884. — December 1. Science Hall, State University, burned to the ground.

1886.— May 1. Workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce "eight hours" for a day's work. May 3-5. Becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the National Guard and several killed and wounded. October. The "limited express" on the C. M & St. P. R'y wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia county. Some 11 to 15 persons killed or burned.

1887 — Great boom in Gogebic iron stocks.

1888. — Collapse in Gogebic iron stocks.

1889.—Great strike at West Superior. National Guard ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10. Ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21. Ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—Eleventh census gives population of Wisconsin 1,686,880.

1891.—June 17. Ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. August 27. Dr. Lyman C. Draper, secretary Wisconsin State Historical Society, and one of the leading spirits in its work, died.

1892.—A disastrous succession of fires in M lwaukee including the great Third Ward-fire October 28. \$5,000,000 of property destroyed. Daniel S. Durrie, for 37 years Librarian of State Historical Society, died September first.

1893 — Panic resulting in failure of the Plankinton, The Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. Ex-Governor J. M. Rusk died November 21. R. L. D. Potter, author of Potter Railroad Law, died November 9. General Joshua Guppy died December 8.

1894.— Disastrous forest fires in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Portage and Washburn counties. Moses M. Strong died July 20. Experience Estabrook, prominently identified with formation of state constitution, died March 26.

1895.—State census taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. Severe drought and light crops in southern Wisconsin; abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last survivor of the Black Hawk war, died May 30. Simeon Mills died June 1. Hiram H. Giles died May 10. Mrs. Cordelia A. P. Chester died February 27.

1896.—Very large immigration to northern Wisconsin as a result of special effort to induce settlement and the liberal state and county appropriations for the same purpose. Active organized preparation for an appropriate celebration of the semi-centential anniversary of the admission of Wisconsin into the Union. Gen. Lucius Fairchild died May 23. Horace Rublee, editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, died Cetober 19. Carl Jonas, United States Consul at Crefeld, Germany, died January 15. George W. Jones, Wisconsin pioneer, died July 22.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER.



TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodge,	from July 4. 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty.	from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadge,	from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodge, .	from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848
× ,	SECRETARIES.
John S. Horner, -	appointed by Andrew Jackson, May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter,	appointed by Andrew Jackson, Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn, -	appointed by Martin Van Buren, Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field,	appointed by John Tyler, Apr. 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd,	appointed by James K. Polk, Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin,	appointed by James K. Polk, Feb. 24, 1846
	SUPREME COURT.
Charles Dunn, C. J.	appointed by Andrew Jackson, - Aug. 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J.,	appointed by Andrew Jackson, July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J.,	appointed by Andrew Jackson, Sept. 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J.,	appointed by Martin Van Buren, Nov. 1838
	ATTORNEYS GENERAL.
Henry S. Baird,	ATTORNEYS GENERAL. appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836
Henry S. Baird, - Horatio N. Wells, -	
Horatio N. Wells, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, Jan. 26, 1842
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839
Horatio N. Wells, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, Jan. 26, 1842
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde,	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, Aug. 4, 1845
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde,	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT.
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde,	appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Tallmadge, appointed by Governor Dodge, CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term,
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1896 appointed by Governor Dodge, Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Dodge, appointed by Governor Tallmadge, appointed by Governor Dodge, CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term,
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, - Simeon Mills, - La Fayette Kellogg,	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Mar. 30, 1839 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, Simeon Mills, - La Fayette Kellogg, U.	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840 NITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, Simeon Mills, - La Fayette Kellogg, William W. Chapman,	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840 NITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS. appointed by Andrew Jackson, - 1836
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, Simeon Mills, La Fayette Kellogg, U William W. Chapman, Moses M. Strong, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840 NITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS. appointed by Andrew Jackson, - 1836 appointed by Martin Van Buren, - 1838
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, Simeon Mins, - La Fayette Kellogg, William W. Chapman, Moses M. Strong, - Thomas W. Sutherland,	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840 NITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS. appointed by Andrew Jackson, - 1836 appointed by Martin Van Buren, 1838 appointed by John Tyler, - 1841
Horatio N. Wells, - Mortimer M. Jackson, - William Pitt Lynde, A. Hyatt Smith, - John Catlin, Simeon Mills, La Fayette Kellogg, U William W. Chapman, Moses M. Strong, -	appointed by Governor Dodge, - Dec. 7, 1886 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Jan. 26, 1842 appointed by Governor Tallmadge, - Feb. 22, 1845 appointed by Governor Dodge, - Aug. 4, 1845 CLERKS OF THE COURT. appointed at December Term, - 1836 appointed at July Term, - 1839 appointed at July Term, - 1840 NITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS. appointed by Andrew Jackson, - 1836 appointed by Martin Van Buren, - 1838

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President - Henry S. Baird, of Brown. Secretary - Edward McSherry. Sergeant-at-Arms — William Henry.

Brown — Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt,

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque — Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford -- [Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. Chief Clerk — Warren Lewis. Sergeant-at-Arms — Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford — James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee — William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa — William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque — Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.†

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms - Levi Sterling.

Brown - John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson. ‡

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee - Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines - Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — William Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.

Iowa - William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson.
§ Jean Brunet.

¶

Des Moines - Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.

'Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

**Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

**In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

§ In place of James B. Dallam.

|| In place of James H. Lockwood.

Dubuque — Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,* Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.+

Milwaukee — William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1833.

COUNCIL.

President - Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeantat-Arms -- George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown — Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.

Des Moines — Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.

Crawford - [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — William Morgan.

Brown — George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.

Iowa — William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins. ‡

Milwaukee — Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy, § Loring Wheeler.

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President - William Bullen, of Racine. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms -Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth — James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington — Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane. Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine — William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown — Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford - George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — Thomas Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine — Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

Crawford - Alexander McGregor.

* Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1°38, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his digni: y as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.
† Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.
† In place of George F. Smith, resigned.
§In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

Grant - Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Rock and Walworth - Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington — Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Iowa — Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. Secretary—George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms—Stephen N. Ives.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.

Racine - William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Milwaulee and Washington - Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford - George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Racine - Tristam C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.

Grant - Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Crawford — Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.

Rock and Walworth - Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.

Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings. Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

 $\label{eq:continuous} President-{\tt James \ Collins, \ of \ Iowa.} \quad \textit{Secretary--George \ Beatty.} \quad \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms--} \\ \quad \text{Thomas \ J. Noyes.}$

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine - William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.*

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington - William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant-James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

 ${\it Crawford} - {\it Joseph Brisbois.} \dagger$

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker-{\tt Edward\ V.\ Whiton, of\ Rock.}\quad \textit{Chief\ Clerk--}\ {\tt Jahn\ Catlin.}\quad \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms--}\\ {\tt James\ Durley.}$

Brown - Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford.

Milwaukee and Washington — Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.

Rock and Walworth - Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant — Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford - Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine — Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

^{*} In place of Marshall M Strong, resigned. † In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President — William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms - Gilbert Knapp.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington — William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa — Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Crawford - Charles J. Learned.*

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - Nelson Dewey, of Grant. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant at-Arms -D. M. Whitney.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackleford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington - Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth — Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa -- Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W, Blackstone.

Grant — Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine - Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841. COUNCIL.

President - James Maxwell, of Walworth. Secretary-George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms-Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan - Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin. Milwaukee and Washington - Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine — Willian Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth — James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa — Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant — John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix — Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - David Newland, of Iowa. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -Francis M. Rublee.

Racine — George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth — John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan - William H. Bruce, † Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington - Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa — Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison, David Newland.

Grant — Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix — Alfred Brunson, Joseph R. Brown.

In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned. † Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis. ‡ Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President - James Collins, of Iowa. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms -Ebenezer Childs.

Brown, Fond du Luc, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.*

Milwaukee and Washington - John H. Tweedy, † Don A. J. Upham.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk -Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa — James Collins, Moses M. Strong.

Grant - John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard. #

Crawford and St. Croix - Charles J. Learned,

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - David Newland, of Iowa. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms . Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan - Mason C. Darling, Albert O. Ellis, David Giddings.

Racine — George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.§

Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.

Milwaukee and Washington - Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John & Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.

Rock and Walworth - John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.¶ Iowa — Thomas Jenkins,** David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison. Grant - Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk - Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) re fused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. Tha Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President — Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. Secretary — John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] Sergeant-at-Arms — Charles C. Brown.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago - Morgan L. Martin.

[•] Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842. † In place of J. nathan E. Arnold, resigned.

signation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council

^{**} In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

Racine — Consider Heath.* Peter D. Hugunin.*

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk - Lucius I. Barber.

Grant - John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Milwaukee and Washington - Hans Crocker, Lemuel White, David Newland.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix - Theoph. LaChapelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — William S. Anderson.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.

Walworth and Rock — John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.

Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Iowa - Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.

Crawford and St. Croix - John H. Manahan.

 ${\it Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson \ and \ Sauk-Isaac \ H. \ Palmer, \ Lyman \ Crossman, \ Robert \ Masters.}$

Racine - Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.

Grant - Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President— Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. Secretary— Benjamin C. Eastman. Sergeant-at-Arms— G. C. S. Vail.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Morgan L. Martin.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington - Lemuel White, Hans Crocker, David Newland.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

 $Crawford\ and\ St.\ Croix$ — Theoph. La Chappelle.

Grant - John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey,

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-Lucius I. Barber.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker- \mbox{George H. Walber, of Milwaukee}. \begin{tabular}{ll} \it Chief Clerk- \mbox{John Catlin.} & \it Sergeant-at-Arms- \mbox{J. W. Trowbridge.} \end{tabular}$

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.

Crawford and St. Croix - John H. Manahan.

Iowa — Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.

Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

 ${\it Dane,\ Dodge,\ Green,\ Jefferson\ \ and\ Sauk-}$ Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.

 $Rock\ and\ Walworth-John\ M.\ Capron,\ William\ A.\ Bartlett,\ John\ Hopkins,\ James\ Tripp.\ Grant-Alonzo\ Platt,\ Glendower\ M.\ Price,\ Franklin\ Z.\ Hicks.$

Racine — John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

 $President-{\sf Moses}$ M. Strong, of Iowa. Secretary — Benjamin C. Eastman. Sergeant-at-Arms—Charles H. Larkin.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Randall Wilcox.

'These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

Grant - Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Milwaukee and Washington — Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.

Crawford and St. Croix - Wiram Knowlton.

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker- George \ H. \ Walker, of \ Milwaukee. \ \textit{Chief Clerk}- La \ Fayette \ Kellogg. \ \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms}- Chauncy \ Davis.$

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.*

Rock and Walworth - Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.

Crawford and St. Croix - James Fisher.

Racine — Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.

Milwaukee and Washington — Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Show, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Greer efferson and Sauk-Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.

Iowa - James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.

Grant — Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{President-Nelson Dewey, of Grant.} & \textit{Secretary-Benjamin C. Eastman.+} & \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms-Joseph Brisbois.} \end{tabular}$

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe - Wiram Knowlton.

Milwaukee and Washington — Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Grant-Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker- Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. Chief Clerk- La Fayette Kellogg. Sergeant at-Arms- David Bonham,

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.

Racine — Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe-James Fisher.

Grant — Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.

Walworth - Caleb Croswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.

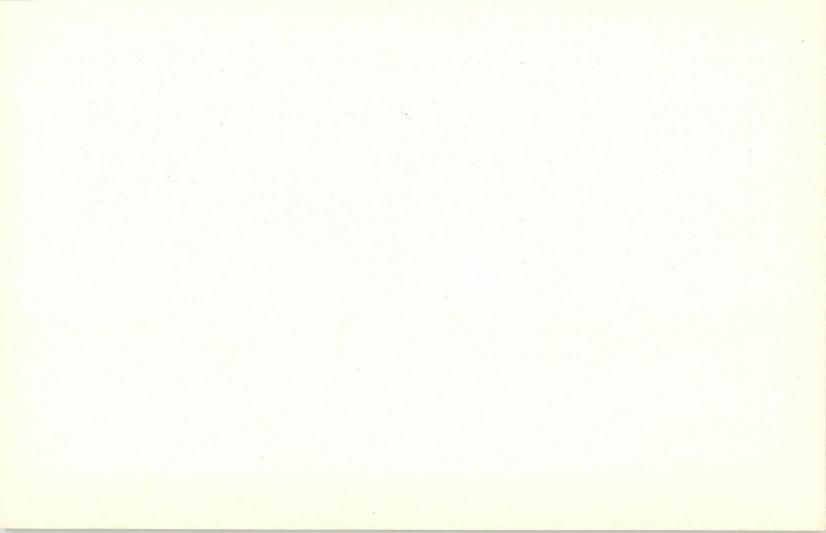
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.

Iowa - Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.

Rock - Ira Jones.

Brothertown Indian.

† Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and Wm. R. Smith elected.





HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. Secretary — Thomas McHugh. Sergeant at-Arms — John Bevins.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling,

Milwaukee - Horatio N. Wells.

Racine - Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Rock - Andrew Palmer.

Iowa and Richland - William Singer.

Waukesha - Joseph Turner.

Crawford - Benjamin F. Manahan.

Grant - Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk - Alexander L. Collins.

Dodge and Jefferson - John E. Holmes.

Washington and Sheboygan - Chauncy M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker-\mbox{William Shew, of Milwaukee.} \begin{tabular}{l} \it Chief Clerk-\mbox{La Fayette Kellogg.} \begin{tabular}{l} \it Sergeant-at-\mbox{Arms}-\mbox{E. R. Hugunin.} \end{tabular}$

Racine - Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.

Walworth - Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.

Milwaukee - William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.

Iowa and Richland -- Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.

Grant — Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.

Dane, Green and Sauk-Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington - Harrison C. Hobart.

 ${\it Dodge~and~Jefferson-George~W.~Green, John~T.~Haight, James~Giddings.}$

Rock — Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.

Waukesha - Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.

Crawford - Joseph W. Furber.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. Secretary — Thomas McHugh. Sergeant-at-Arms — Edward P. Lockhart.

Racine - Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Rock - Andrew Palmer.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland - Ninian E. Whitesides.

Washington and Sheboygan - Chauncy M. Phelps.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Grant - Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk - Alexander L. Collins.

 ${\it Milwaukee}$ — Horatio N. Wells.

Waukesha - Joseph Turner.

Jefferson and Dodge - John E. Holmes.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe - Benjamin F. Manahan.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — La Fayette Kellogg. Sergeantat-Arms — E. R. Hugunin.

Racine - G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth - Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland - Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.

Milwaukee-Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Grant - Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt,

Dane, Green and Sauk-E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.

Jefferson and Dodge - Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe-Henry Jackson.

Washington and Sheboygan - Benjamin H. Mooers.

Waukesha — George Reed, L. Martin. Rock -- Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848,

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. Secretary — Thomas McHugh. Sergeant-at-Arms — Edward P. Lockhart.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Ninian E. Whitesides.

Waukesha - Joseph Turner.

Dodge and Jefferson — John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford. La Pointe, and St. Croix - Benjamin F. Manahan.

Racine - Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Rock — Andrew Palmer.

Grant — Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk - Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee - Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington — Chauncy M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker - {\tt Timothy \, Burns, \, of \, Iowa.} \quad \textit{Chief Clerk} - {\tt La \, Fayette \, Kellogg.} \quad \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms} \\ - {\tt John \, Mullanphy.}$

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant - Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington - Benj. H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk - E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — G. W. Featherstonaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine - G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth - Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock - Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee - Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha -- George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson - Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Groix - Henry Jackson.

[·] Resigned his seat because a bill it relation to Washington County was rejected.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

The first Constitutional Convention assembled at Madison on the 5th day of October, 1846, and adjourned on the 16th day of December, 1846, having framed a constitution, which was submitted to a vote of the people on the first Tuesday in April, 1847, and the same was rejected.

The convention was composed of the following gentlemen:

President - Don A. J. Upham, of Milwaukee. Secretary - La Fayette Kellogg.

Brown - David Agry, Henry S. Baird.

Calumet - Lemuel Goodell.

Columbia - Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.

Crawford — Peter A. R. Brace.

Dane-John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.

Dodge — William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.

Fond du Lac — Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.

Grant-Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevans, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.

Green - Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.

Iowa-William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Good ell.

Jefferson — Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss, Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Attwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.

La Pointe - James P. Hays. Marquette - Samuel W. Beall.

Manitowoc - Evander M. Soper.

Milwaukee - Don A. J. Upham, Francis Huebschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper. John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.

Pirtage — Henry C. Goodrich.

Racine - Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes Finch, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Cartter, T. S. Stockwell.*

Rock-A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.

Richland - Edward Coumbe.

Sauk - Wm. H. Clark.

St. Croix - William Holcombe.

Sheboygan — David Giddings.

Washington - Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxe, Joel F. Wilson.

Wauke:ha-Andrew E. Elmore, Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes Babcock, Charles Burchard, James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins, Alexander W. Randall.

Walworth - Solmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.‡

Winnebago - James Duane Doty.

This gentleman never took his seat.

[†]Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee † This gentleman never took his seat.

SECOND CONVENTION.

This Convention assembled at Madison, on the 15th of December, 1847, and adjourned on the 1st of February, 1848, Ans convention assembled at manison, on the 19th of December, 1944, and adjourned on the 18th of February, 1945, having framed a Constitution which was submitted to a vote of the people on the second Monday in March following, and the same was adopted. The Convention was constituted as follows: Messrs. Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stodlard Judd. Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald and Frederick S. Lovell, being the only members of the first Convention who were elected to the second; the members of the first, in almost every county, declining a re-election.

President-Morgan L. Martin, of Brown. Secretary-Thomas McHugh.

Brown-Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet-G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford-Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia-James T. Lewis.

Dane-Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge-Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac-Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant-George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole, William Richardson.

Green-James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa-Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson-Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette-Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago-Harrison Reed. Milwaukee-Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garret M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schoeffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage-William H. Kennedy.

Racine-Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock-Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix-George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc-Silas Steadman.

Walvorth-James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinne, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington-Patrick Pentony James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha-Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

Note.—The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey, La	ancaster, -		from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell, Ma	adison	-	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow, W	'aukesha, -		from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur, Mi	ilwaukee, -		from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1856
	shkosh,		from Mar. 25, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall, W			from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey, Sh	aopiere,		from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon, Mi			
James T. Lewis, Co	olumbus		from Jan. 4, 1861, to Jan. 1, 1866
			from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
			from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor Co			
Harrison Ludington, Mi	ilwankee.		from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E Smith, M	ilwankee		from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jere niah M. Rusk, Vi			
			from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
			from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
	Marshfield, -		from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield, C	Oconto -	-	· from Jan. 4, 1897, to

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E Holmes,	Jefferson,	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal,	Taycheedah,	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns,	La Crosse,	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis,	Columbus,	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur,	Milwaukee,	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell,	La Crosse,	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble,	Whitewater,	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon,	Milwaukee,	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Wyman Spooner,	Elkhorn,	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound,	Chippewa Falls,	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit,	Kenosha,	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker,	Pleasant Valley, -	fro n Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham,	Chippewa Falls,	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Fifield,	Ashland,	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland,	Lancaster,	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas,	Racine,	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Bænsch,	Manitowoc,	from Jan. 8, 1895, to

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh,	Waukesha, Green Bay, Janesville, Belmont, Stopiere, Columbus, Mineral Point, Prairie du Chien, Ellsworth, Kenosha,	from Jan.	7, 1850, to Ja: 5, 1852, to Ja: 2, 1854, to Ja: 7, 1856, to Ja: 2, 1860, to Ja: 6, 1862, to Ja: 1, 1866, to Ja: 3, 1870, to Ja: 5, 1874, to Ja: 7, 1878, to Ja: 2, 1878, to Ja: 2, 1882, to Ja: 2, 1882, to Ja: 1, 1878, to Ja	2. 5, 1852 n. 2, 1854 n. 2, 1856 n. 2, 1860 n. 6, 1862 n. 4, 1864 n. 1, 1866 n. 3, 1870 n. 5, 1874 n. 7, 1878 n. 2, 1882 n. 5, 1882
Ernst G. Timme,	Kenosha,	from Jan	2. 1882. to Jan	5 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham, – Henry Casson, – –	Chippewa Falls, Viroqua,	from Jan. from Jan.	5, 1891, to Jan 7, 1895, to	1. 7, 1895

STATE TREASURERS.

	Madison, from June 7, 1848, to Jan. Cedarburg from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan.	
Charles Kuehn, ,	Manitowoc, from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan.	4, 1858
William E. Smith,	Trempealeau, from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. Fox Lake, from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan.	3, 1870
Henry Baetz,	Manitowoc, from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan.	5, 1874
Richard Guenther,	Milwaukee, from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. Oshkosh, from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan.	7, 1878 2, 1882
	Beaver Dam, from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan.	
John Hunner,	Oshkosh, from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. Eau Claire, from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan.	
Sewell A. Peterson,	Rice Lake, from Jan. 7, 1895, to	

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown,	Milwaukee,		from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon,	Milwaukee, -		from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook, -	Geneva, -		from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith,	Madison,		from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith,	Mineral Point,		from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck,	Oshkosh,		from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe,	Green Bay, -	- i	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith,	Milwaukee, -	-	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill,	Watertown,		from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow,	Dellona,		from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan,	Beaver Dam,		from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson,	Mineral Point,		from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby, -	West Bend, -		from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook,	Manitowoc,		from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
James L. O'Connor,	Madison, -		from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Mylrea, -	Wausau,	-	from Jan. 7, 1895, to

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Elegzer Root, • • Azel P. Ladd, • •		Waukesha, - Shullsburg, -		from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852 from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright, .	.,	Prairie du Chien,	•	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry,	-	Racine,		from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draner	-	Madison		from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS - Continued.

Josiah L. Pickard,	-	-	Platteville,			-	from Jan.	2, 1860, to Sept.	30, 1864
John G. McMynn,	-	-	Racine,	-	- `	-	from Oct.	1, 1864, to Jan.	6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig,			Madison,	-	-		from Jan.	6, 1868, to July	6, 1870
Samuel Fallows,		-	Milwaukee,			-	from July	6, 1870, to Jan.	4, 1874
Edward Searing,	-		Milton,	-	-	-	from Jan.	4, 1874, to Jan.	7, 1878
William C. Whitford	, -	-	Milton,	-	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan.	2, 1882
Robert Graham, -			Oshkosh,	-	•	-	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan.	3, 1887
Je se B. Thayer,	-	-	River Falls	,	-	-	from Jan.	3, 1887, to Jan.	5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells,		-	Appleton,			-	from Jan.	5, 1891, to Jan.	7, 1895
John Q. Emery,	-	-	Albion,	-	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1895, to	••••

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker,		from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis,	Watertown,	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires,	Mineral Point,	from Jan. 4, 1358, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk, -	Kilbourn City,	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey,	Ozaukee,	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk,	Viroqua,	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor, Waupun,	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan.	2, 1854 7, 1856
Edward McGarry, Milwaukee, Edward MacGraw, Sheboygan, Waterford,	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan.	2, 1860
Alexander P. Hodges, - Oshkosh,	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan.	3, 1870

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871 — Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874.)

Ole C. Johnson,	-		-		Beloit, -	-	-	-	from Apr.	3, 1871, to	Jan.	5, 1874
Martin J. Argard,		-		-	Eau Claire,		-	-	from Jan.	5, 1874, to	Jan.	3, 1876

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt,	-	-	Madison,	-	-	from Apr.	29, 1874,	to Mar.	10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul, -	-	-	Milwaukee,	-	-	from Apr.	29, 1874,	to Mar.	10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn,	-	-	Oshkosh, -	-	-	from Apr.	29, 1874,	to Mar.	10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb, -	-	-	Fond du Lac,	-	-	from Mar.	10, 1876,	to Feb.	1, 1878
A. J. Turner, -	-	-	Portage, -		-	from Feb.	1, 1878,	to Feb.	15, 1882
N. P. Haugen, -	-		River Falls, -	-	-	from Feb.	15, 1882,	to Jan.	3, 1887
Atley Peterson, -	-	-	Soldiers' Grove	, -	-	from Jan.	3, 1887,	to Jan.	5, 1891
Thomas Thompson,	-	-	Independence	-	-	from Jan.	5, 1891,	to Jan.	7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie	э,	-	Alma,	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1895,	to	

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance ex-officio until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madison,	-	-	• •	-	from Apr. 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr., Baraboo,	-	-		-	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root, Sheboygan, -	-	-		-	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke, Milwaukee, -					from Jan. 7, 1895, to

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were ex-officio Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.		4,	C	Circuit.	Date oath of office. Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.,			-	4th	August 28, 1848, to Jan. 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.,	-	-	_	1st	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1851
Levi Hubbell, A J.,*			. -	2d	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J.,	-	-	-	3d	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.,		•	-	5th	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J.,	-	-	-	$4 ext{th}$	January 1, 1851, to June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J., -		•	-	$6 ext{th}$	August 6, 1850, to June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT - SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Edward V. Whiton,	C. J.	June 1, 1853, to	Apr. 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon,	- C. J.	April 20, 1850, to	June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan,	- C. J.	June 17, 1874, to	Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole,	- C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to	1st M. Jan. 1892
Samuel Crawford,	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to	June 19, 1855
Abram D. Smith,	- A. J.	June 1, 1853, to	June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole,	A. J.	June 19, 1855, to	Nov. 11, 1884
Byron Paine,	- A. J.	June 21, 1859, to	Nov. 15, 186
Jason Downer,	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1854, to	Sept. 11, 1867
Byron Paine,	- A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, to	Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyon,†*	Ј.	Jan. 20, 1871, to	1st M. Jan., 1894
David Taylor,	- J.	April 18, 1878, to	Apr. 3, 1896
Harlow S. Orton,§*	J.	Apr. 18, 1878, to	1st M. Jan., 1898
John B. Cassoday,*	- J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to	1st M. Jan., 1900
John B. Winslow,	J.	May 4, 1891, to	1st M. Jan., 1906
Silas U. Pinney,	- J.	Jan. 1, 1892, to	1st M. Jan., 1902
Alfred W. Newman,	- J.	Jan. 1, 1894, to	1st M. Jan., 1904
Roujet D. Marshall,	J.	Aug. 5, 1895, to	1st M. Jan., 1898

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

J. R. Brigham -		-		Appointed August term,	-		•			-		1848
Samuel W. Beale,	-		-	Appointed December 12,		-	٠.		-		-	1851
Lafayette Kellogg,		-		Appointed June 1, -			•	-		-		1853
Clarence Kellogg,	-		-	Appointed June 11, -		-	-		-		-	1878

^{*}Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.
†Became Chief Justice on 1st M Jan., 1892. †Deceased Apr. 3, 1891. \$Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1894.
Pied July 4, 1895.
*Ex-officio Chief Justice.



HENRY GUGLER CO. MILWAUKEE

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.



CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of Service	CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of service.
1	Wyman Spooner James R. Doolittle C. M. Baker J. M. Keep David Noggle Wm. P. Lyon Robert Harkness Ira C. Paine J. T. Wentworth John B. Winslow Frank M. Fish	1853 1853 to 1856. 1856 to 1857. 1857 to 1859. 1859 to 1865. 1865 to 1871. 1871 to 1875. 1875 to 1876. 1876 to 1884. 1884 to 1891.	8.	Geo. W. Cate G. L. Park Chus. M. Webb S. S. N. Fuller Henry D. Barron L. P. Weatherby H. L. Humphrey E. B. Bundy Eugene W. Helms A. L. Collins.	1854 to 1875. 1875 to 1884. 1884 to 1855 to 1860. 1860 to 1866. 1866 to 1877. 1878 to 1897. 1897 to 1855 to 1858.
2.	Alex. W. RandallArthur McArthurJason DownerD. W. Small Charles A. HamiltonD. H. Johnson	1856 1856 to 1869. 1869 1869 to 1880. 180 to 1888. 1888 to	10.	L, S. Dixon H. S. Orton Alva Stewart Robert G. Siebecker S. R. Cotton Edwin Wheeler	1859 to 1864. 1864 to 1889. 1889 to 1855 to 1861. 1861 to 1863.
3	C. H. Larrabee	1853 to 1858 1858 to 1859. 1859 to 1867. 1867 to 1873. 1873 to 1874. 1874 to 1885. 1885 to	11.	G W. Washburn Ezra T. Sprague E. H. Ellis Geo. H. Meyers John Goodland S. H. Clough	1863 to 1870. 1870 to 1872. 1872 to 1879. 1880 to 1892. 1892 to 1864 to 1377. 1877 to 1882.
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline David Taylor Cambell McLean N. S. Gilson	1853 to 1858. 1858 to 1869. 1869 to 1881. 1881 to	12.	S. H. Clough R. D. Marshall A. J. Vinje S. H. Conger John R. Bennett	1882 to 1889. 1889 to 1896. 1896 to 1871 to 1883. 1883 to
5 .	M. M. Cothren	1853 to 1865. 1865 to 1877. 1877 to 1883. 1883 to	13.	A. W. Newman * A. Scott Sloan Warham Parks James J. Dick	1877 to 1878** 1881 to 1895. 1895 to 1896. 1896 to
6.	Geo. Gale	1856 to 1861. 1861 to 1862. 1862 to 1869. 1869 to 1877. 1878 to 1893. 1894	14. 15. 16. 17.	S. D. Hastings, Jr J. K. Parish C. V. Bardeen Wm. F. Bailey	1884 to 1888 to 1891 to **** 1891 to ****

^{• •} Changed to 6th circuit.

[•] Died April 8, 1895.

^{• • • •} Created in 1891.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

FROM 1848 TO 1897, INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Abert, George A. Abrams, Win J. Green Bay, Brown. 1868, 69, b. Monticello, Green. 1868, 67, 68, 69, b. Black Earth, Dane. 1882, 83, b. Altans, John Q. Fall River, Columbia. 1882, 83, b. Flover, Portage. 1882, 53, 54, Altans, John Q. River, Fortage. 1882, 83, b. River, Columbia. 1882, 83, b. River, Ri	Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.	
Abrams, Win. J. Green Bay, Brown 1868, 69, b.	Abert. George A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877 78 h	
Ackley, Henry M. Oconomowoc, Waukesha. 1882, 83. Adams, John C. Black Earth, Dane. 1866, 67, 68, 69, b. Black Earth, Dane. 1852, 53. Aldams, John O. Fall River, Columbia. 1854, 55, 56, b. Alban, James S. Plover, Portage	Abrams, Wm. J		1868, 69 b	
Adams, John. Monticello, Green	Ackley, Henry M	Oconomowoc, Wankesha		
Adams, John Black Earth, Dane 1882, 83, b. Adams, John Q. Fall River, Columbia 1882, 55, 56, b. Alban, James S. Plover, Portage 1854, 55, 56, b. Allen, Benjamin Hudson, St. Croix 1852, 53, 54, Altpeter, Oscar Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1873, 79, 80, 81, b. Andrews, Abram D. River Falls, Pierce 1878, 79, 80, 81, b. Arnold, Alexander A. Galesville, Trempealeau 1877, 78, b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1891, 93, b. Avery, Frank Baraboo, Sauk 1889, 91, b. Bacon, Orrin Monticello, Green 1872, 73, b. Baldwin, George Chilton, Calumet 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen Lancaster, Grant 1856, 57, b. Barden, Levi W. Portage, Columbia 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson 1856, 57, b. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76, 188, 59, 188, 191, 1874, 78, 59, 188, 1874, 76, 76, 188, 1874, 76, 78, 188, 1874, 78, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188, 188,		Monticello, Green		
Adams, John Q.	Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane	1882, 83, b.	
Alban, James S.	Adams, John Q	Fall River, Columbia	1854, 55, 56, b.	
Altener, Oscar. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1883, 54. Altpeter, Oscar. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1883, 95. Anderson, Matthew. Cross Plains, Dane. 1878, 79. Apple, Adam. North Cape, Racine. 1878, 79. Arnold, Alexander A. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1877, 78. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1870, 78. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1871, 72. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1871, 73. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1871, 73. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1871, 75. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1871, 75. b. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1880, 81. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1	Alban, James S	Ployer, Portage	1852, 53,	
Altgeter, Oscar Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1893, 95. Anderson, Matthew. Cross Plains, Dane. 1878, 79. Anple, Adam. North Cape, Racine. 1891, 93. Arnold, Alexander A. Galesville, Trempealeau 1877, 78, b. Austin William H. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1895, 97. Bacon, Orrin. Monticello, Green. 1872, 73, b. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1873, 75, 76. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Portage, Columbia. 1875, 75, 77, 78, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1886, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1886, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bartlett, M. D. Durand, Pepin. 1880, 61. Bashford, Robert M. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1880, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Bartett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1889, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Waterloon, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, George. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1880, 61. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Van S. Rockton, Vernon. 1882, 83, b. Belacks, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Blackstone, John W. Shulsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 61. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54, 55. Blair, William. Wadkesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bowen, Erar B. Mayville, Dodge. 1877, 78, b. Bowen, Erar B. Mayville, Dodge. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bowee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1863, 64, b. Bowee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1863, 64, b. Bowee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1863, 64, b. Bowee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853, 50, b.	Allen, Benjamin	Hudson, St. Croix		
Andrews, Adram D. River Fails, Pierce. 1878, 79. Apple, Adam. North Cape, Racine. 1891, 93, b. Arnold, Alexander A. Galesville, Trempealeau. 1877, 78, b. Austin William H. Milwaukee. 1895, 97. Avery, Frank. Baraboo, Sauk. 1889, 91, b. Bacon, Orrin. Monticello, Green. 1872, 73, b. Balder, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix. 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine. 1870, 71, b. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1856, 57, b. Barlow, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1856, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Barney, John A. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago. 1865, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. Sast Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Beann, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Joseph B. Waterlow, Jefferson. 1877, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81, b. Black, Dohn Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. Fond du Lace. 1851, 52, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. Fond du Lace. 1853, 54, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. 1883, 85, b. Blair, William. Wallsham, Monroe. 1882, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78, b. Boewen, Erara B. Mavville, Dodge. 1853, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.		Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 95.	
Andrews, Adram D. River Fails, Pierce. 1878, 79. Apple, Adam. North Cape, Racine. 1891, 93, b. Arnold, Alexander A. Galesville, Trempealeau. 1877, 78, b. Austin William H. Milwaukee. 1895, 97. Avery, Frank. Baraboo, Sauk. 1889, 91, b. Bacon, Orrin. Monticello, Green. 1872, 73, b. Balder, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix. 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine. 1870, 71, b. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1856, 57, b. Barlow, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1856, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Barney, John A. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago. 1865, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. Sast Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Beann, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Joseph B. Waterlow, Jefferson. 1877, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81, b. Black, Dohn Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. Fond du Lace. 1851, 52, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. Fond du Lace. 1853, 54, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lace. 1883, 85, b. Blair, William. Wallsham, Monroe. 1882, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78, b. Boewen, Erara B. Mavville, Dodge. 1853, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.	Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.	
Austin William H. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1895, 97. Avery, Frank. Baraboo, Sauk. 1889, 91, b. Bacon, Orrin. Monticello, Green. 1872, 73, b. Balley, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix. 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine. 1873, 75, 76. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1856, 57, b. Barden, Levi W. Portage, Columbia. 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barney, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1866, 57. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1865, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Barnen, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1880, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 56, 62. Bechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1851, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1851, 52, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1851, 52, b. Bennett, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1865, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1894, 56. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54, 54, 55. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. 0zaukee. 1883, 64, b. Bonnes, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1874, 75, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1874, 75, b. Booven, Erra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1853, 55, b.	Andrews, Abram D	River Falls, Pierce	1878, 79.	
Austin William H. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1895, 97. Avery, Frank. Baraboo, Sauk. 1889, 91, b. Bacon, Orrin. Monticello, Green. 1872, 73, b. Balley, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix. 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine. 1873, 75, 76. Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1856, 57, b. Barden, Levi W. Portage, Columbia. 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barney, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1866, 57. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1865, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Barnen, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1880, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 56, 62. Bechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1851, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1851, 52, b. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1851, 52, b. Bennett, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1865, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1894, 56. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54, 54, 55. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. 0zaukee. 1883, 64, b. Bonnes, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1874, 75, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1874, 75, b. Booven, Erra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1853, 55, b.	Apple, Adam	North Cape, Racine		
Baron, Orrin		Galesville, Trempealeau		
Bacon, Orrin	Austin William H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee		
Balley, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine 1873, 75, 76. Baldwin, George Chilton, Calumet 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen Lancaster, Grant 1856, 57, b. Barlow, Stephen S Portage, Columbia 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barnes, S. W Waterloo, Jefferson 1856, 57. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, Gorge S Waukau, Winnebago 1865, 66, b. Barrettett, M. D Durand, Pepin 1862, 66, b. Bartlett, Oscar F East Troy, Walworth 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles Oshkosh, Winnebago 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H Lancaster, Grant 1893, 95, 97. Beannet, Samuel C Lake Mills, Jefferson 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Alden I Beloit, Rock 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B Watertown, Jefferson 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O Raymond, Racine 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen	Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1889, 91, b.	
Balley, Dana R. Baldwin, St. Croix 1878, 79. Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine 1873, 75, 76. Baldwin, George Chilton, Calumet 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen Lancaster, Grant 1856, 57, b. Barlow, Stephen S Portage, Columbia 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barnes, S. W Waterloo, Jefferson 1856, 57. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, John A Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Barney, Gorge S Waukau, Winnebago 1865, 66, b. Barrettett, M. D Durand, Pepin 1862, 66, b. Bartlett, Oscar F East Troy, Walworth 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles Oshkosh, Winnebago 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H Lancaster, Grant 1893, 95, 97. Beannet, Samuel C Lake Mills, Jefferson 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bennett, Alden I Beloit, Rock 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B Watertown, Jefferson 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O Raymond, Racine 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Stephen	Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1872 73 b	
Baker, Robert H. Racine, Racine. 1873, 75, 76, Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1856, 57, b. Bardow, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1856, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago. 1865, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, M. D. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1877, 78, b. Beender, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 90. Bennett, Y	Bailey, Dana R	Baldwin, St. Croix		
Baldwin, George. Chilton, Calumet. 1870, 71, b. Barber, J. Allen. Lancaster, Grant. 1886, 57, b. Barden, Levi W. Portage, Columbia. 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barlow, Stephen S. Delton, Sauk. 1868, 69, b. Barney, John A. Waterloo, Jefferson. 1856, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madlson, Dane. 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago. 1865, 66, b. Barrett, M. D. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Bean, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1893, 95, 97. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, George. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1860, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1873, 72, b. <td< td=""><td>Baker, Robert H</td><td>Racine, Racine</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Baker, Robert H	Racine, Racine		
Barber, J. Allen Lancaster, Grant 1856, 57, b. Barden, Levi W. Portage, Columbia 1875, 76, 77, 78, b. Barnes, S. W. Delton, Sauk 1868, 69, b. Barnes, John A. Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago 1866, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles Oshkosh, Winnebago 1852, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant 1883, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson 1857, 76, b. Bechtner, Paul Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1891, 93. Bechtner, Paul Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1891, 93. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson 1872, b. Bennett, George Kenosha, Kenosha 1860, 61. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine 1851, 52, b. Bennett, Van S. Rockton, Vernon 1882, 83, b. Bently, John A.	Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet		
Barnes, S. W. Waterloo, Jefferson 1856, 57. Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago 1865, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, M. D. Durand, Pepin 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles Oshkosh, Winnebago 1853, 54, 55. Baxter Charles H. Lancaster, Grant 1883, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bechtner, Paul Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1891, 93. Belden, Philo Rochester, Racine 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson 1888, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine 1851, 52, b. Bennetty, Van S. Rockton, Vernon 1882, 83, b. Bently, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan 1865, 66. Billings, Henr	Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant		
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Barney, John A. Mayville, Dodge. 1875, 76. Bashford, Robert M. Madison, Dane. 1893, 95. Burnum, George S. Waukau, Winnebago. 1865, 66, b. Barron, Henry D. St. Croix Falls, Polk. 1874, 75, 76, b. Bartlett, M. D. Durand, Pepin. 1862, 63. Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Bean, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1857, 58, 61, 62. Bechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1881, 93. Belden, Philo. Rock. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, George. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1860, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Van S. Rockton, Vernon. 1882, 83, b. Bently, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan, 1865, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, Edward R. Port Washington, Ozaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81. Blake, Edward R. Port Washington, Ozaukee. 1883, 85, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 45, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54, b. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bleekman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b. Booken, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78, b. Bowen, Erra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1853, 55, b. Browen, Erra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1853, 55, b.	Barnes, S. W	Waterloo, Jefferson	1856, 57.	
Barrion, Henry D.	Barney, John A	Mayville, Dodge	1875, 76.	
Barrion, Henry D.	Bashford, Robert M	Madison, Dane	1893, 95.	
Barrion, Henry D.	Burnum, George S	Waukau, Winnebago	1865, 66, b.	
Bartlett, Oscar F. East Troy, Walworth. 1860, 61. Bashford, Coles. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1853, 54, 55. Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Benn, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1887, 58, 61, 62. Bechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Belden, Philo. Rochester, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, George. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1860, 61 Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Van S. Rockton, Vernon. 1882, 83, b. Bently, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1866, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1843, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1862, 64, 57, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bleekman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b.	Barron, Henry D	St. Croix Fails, Polk	1874, 75, 76, b.	
Baxter, Charles H. Lancaster, Grant. 1893, 95, 97. Been, Samuel C. Lake Mills, Jefferson. 1887, 58, 61, 62. Beechtner, Paul. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1891, 93. Bennett, Paul. Rochester, Racine. 1871, 72, b. Bennett, Alden I. Beloit, Rock. 1858, 59, 60, 61. Bennett, Joseph B. Watertown, Jefferson. 1879, 80. Bennett, Stephen O. Raymond, Racine. 1881, 52, b. Bennett, Van S. Rockton, Vernon. 1882, 83, b. Bentity, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1865, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blake, Edward R. Port Washington, Ozaukee. 1883, 85, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1883, 54, b. Blair, William Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. Ozaukee. 1883, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1874, 75, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853, 60, b. <td>Bartlett, M. D</td> <td>Durand, Pepin</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Bartlett, M. D	Durand, Pepin		
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Bennett, George Kenosha, Kenosha 1860, 61 Bennett, Joseph B Watertown, Jefferson 1879, 80 Bennett, Stephen O Raymond, Racine 1851, 52, b Bennett, Van S Rockton, Vernon 1882, 83, b Bently, John A Sheboygan, Sheboygan 1865, 66 Billings, Henry M Highland, Iowa 1848, b Black, John Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1874, 75, b Blackstone, John W Shullsburg, Lafayette 1880, 81 Blake, Edward R Port Washingten, Ozaukee 1883, 85, b Blair, Andrew M Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 45 Blair, William Waukesha, Waukesha 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77 Bleekman, Adelbert E Tomah, Monroe 1874, 75, b Bones, Thomas A Racine 1874, 75, b Botkin, Alexander Madison, Dane 1884, 64, b Bovee, Eyra B Mavville, Dodge 1853, 64, b Bowen, Eyra B Mavville, Dodge 1854, 55, b	Bennett Alden I			
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Bently, John A. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1865, 66. Billings, Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Black, Edward R. Port Washingten, Ozaukee. 1880, 81. Blair, Andrew M. Ford du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Boleakman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b. Bonnes, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78. Botkin, Alexander. Madison, Dane. 1840, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853. Bowen, Ezra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1854, 55.	Bennett Van S	Rockton Vernon	1889 89 h	
Billings. Henry M. Highland, Iowa. 1848, b. Black, John. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1874, 75, b. Blackstone, John W. Shullsburg, Lafayette. 1880, 81 Blake, Edward R. Port Washingten, Ozaukee. 1883, 85, b. Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 45 5, b. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bleekman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. Ozaukee. 1883, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78. Botkin, Alexander. Madison, Dane. 1894, 65, b. Bowen, Eyra B. Mayville, Dødge. 1853, 55. Bowen, Eyra B. Mayville, Dødge. 1854, 55.	Bently John A	Shahovgan Shahovgan	1965 66	
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Blair, Andrew M. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1853, 54. Blair, William. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bleekman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. 1863, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78. Botkin, Alexander. Madison, Dane. 1849, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853. Bowen, Eyra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1854, 55.				
Blair, William Waukesha, Waukesha 1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77. Bleekman, Adelbert E Tomah, Monroe 1874, 75, b. Bohan, John R Ozaukee 1883, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A Racine, Racine 1877, 78 Botkin, Alexander Madison, Dane 1840, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H Waukesha, Waukesha 1853 Bowen, Ezra B Mayville, Dodge 1854, 55			1853 54	
Bleekman, Adelbert E. Tomah, Monroe. 1874, 75, b. Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. Ozaukee. 1863, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78. Botkin, Alexander. Madison, Dane. 1840, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853. Bowen, Ezra B. Mayville, Dodge. 1854, 55.			1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77	
Bohan, John R. Ozaukee. 1863, 64, b. Bones, Thomas A. Racine, Racine. 1877, 78. Botkin, Alexander. Madison, Dane. 1849, 50, b. Bovee, Marvin H. Waukesha, Waukesha. 1853. Bowen, Ezra B. Mavville, Dodge. 1854, 55.			1874. 75. b.	
Bones, Thomas A	Bohan, John R	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863, 64, b.	
Botkin, Alexander Madison, Dane 1849 50, b. Bowen, Barra B Waukesha, Waukesha 1853 Bowen, Ezra B Mayville, Dodge 1854 55	Bones, Thomas A	Racine, Racine	1877. 78.	
Bovee, Marvin H Waukesha, Waukesha 1853. Bowen, Ezra B Mayville, Dodge 1854, 55.	Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane		
Bowen, Ezra B Mayville, Dodge 1854, 55.	Bovee, Marvin H	Waukesha. Waukesha		
Bowen, Thomas S Waupun, Dodge 1852, 53. Kilbourn City Columbia 1863, 64, 65, 66, 5	Bowen, Ezra B	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 55.	
Rowman Jonathan Kilhourn City Columbia 1862 64 65 66 h	Bowen, Thomas S	Waupun, Dodge	1852, 53.	
Dominian, conductant introduction of the contraction of the contractio	Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.	

b. See list of Assemblymen.

Namag	Post-office Address and	Sessions.
Names.	County Represented.	
Boyd, John W Bragg, Edward S. Briggs, John R., Jr., Brown, Neal Brown, Orlando. Browne, Edward L. Bryant, George E. Buckstaff, Geo. H. Budlong, S. W Bugh, Samuel G. Bull, Benjamin. Bull, Hiram C. Burchard, Samuel D. Burdek, Zebulon P. Burdek, Zebulon P. Burrows, George B. Butt, Cyrus M.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1853. 1893, 95, b. 1872, 73, h. 1861, 62, 67, 68. 1875, 76. 1887, 89, b. 1866, 66. 1851, 52. 1866, 67. 1857. 1870, 71, 73, 74. 1879, 80, 91, 93, b, 1859, 60, b. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82. 1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus. Campbell, Archibald. Campbell, Francis. Carey, John. Carter, Benjamin F. Cary, John W. Cary, Luther H. Case, Jerome I. Cate, N. S. Cavanaugh, Daniel. Chandler, John A. Chandler, Willard H. Chappel, William. Chase, C. S. Chase, Enoch. Chase, Warren. Chipman, William E. Clapp, J. D. Clark, Satterlee.	La Crosse, La Crosse. Middebury, Iowa. Gratiot, Lafayette. Osmon, Manitowoc Sherwood, Calumet Racine, Racine. Greenbush, Sheboygan Racine, Racine. De Sota, Vernon Osceola, Fond du Lac. Sparta, Monroe. Windsor, Dane. Watertown, Jefferson. Racine, Racine Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Ceresco, Fond du Lac. Burlington, Racine. Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Horicon, Dodge.	1852, 83, b. 1848, 49. 1879, 80. 1863, 64. 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68,
Clark, Temple Clawson, P. J. Clement, Charles. Cobb, Amasa Cole, Samuel. Colloday, William M. Colman, Edward. Comstock, Cicero. Comstock, Noah D. Conger, William F. Conkey, Theodore. Conklin, James. Conner. Henry. Cook, E. Fox. Cooper, H. A. Copp, William J. Cothren, Montgomery M. Cottrell, J. P. C. Cotzhausen, Frederick W. Cox, Charles P. Crane, H. O. Crosby, Charles F. Cunning, Hugh. Curtis, Henry W.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Monroe, Green Racine, Racine Mineral Point, Iowa Grattot, Lafayette. Stoughton, Dane Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Arcadia, Trempealeau. Prairie du Sac, Sauk Appleton, Outagamie Madison, Dane Viroqua, Vernon. Sheboygan, Sheboygan Racine, Racine. Prescott, Pierce Mineral Point, Iowa. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. River Falls, Pierce Neenah, Winnebago. Wausau, Marathon Ozaukee, Ozaukee Delton, Sauk.	69, 70, 71, 72, b. 1857, 58. 1889, 91. 1855, 56, b. 1861, 62, 65, 66, b. 1871, 72, b. 1882, 83. 1859, 60. 1883, 85, b. 1895, 97. 1881, 52, b. 1885, 87, 1891, 93. 1857, 58. 1887, 89. 1868, 69. 1849, 50. 1883, 85. 1873, 74. 1860, 61. 1881, 82. 1861, 62. 1861, 62.
Davis, Horatio N. Davis, Moses M. Davis, Romanzo E. Davis, Charles W. Dav. C. W. Dean, Bliab B., Jr. Decker, Edward. DeGroff, John W. Delaney, Arthur K.	Beloit, Rock. Portage City, Columbia. Middleton, Dane. Oshkosh, Winnebago. De Pere, Brown. Madison, Dane. Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Alma, Buffalo. Mayville, Dodge.	

b. See list of Assemblymen.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dennett, Fred. A. Dennis, William M. Dering, Charles L. Deusster, Peter V. Devos, William H. Dewey, Nelson Dexter, George E. Douglas Mark	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	. 1897. 1848, 49, b. 1879, 80, 1870, 71, b. 1897. 1854, 55.
Dexter, George E. Douglas, Mark. Downs, Daniel L. Dunn, Charles. Dyson, T. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Lancaster, Grant. Monroe, Green. Melrose, Jackson. Richland Center, Richland. Belmont, Lafayette. La Crosse, La Crosse.	1 1000. 04. 00. 00.
Earnest, James H Eastman, Enos. Eastman, J. A Eaton, Henry L. Eagan, Michael, J. Eldredge, Charles A. Ellis, Frederick S. Ellis, William A. Elwood, G. De Witt. Erwin, Charles K.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1863, 64, 67, 68 b. 1875, 76, b. 1850, 51. 1872, 73, b. 1860, 61, b. 1854, 55. 1864, 65, b. 1881, 82. 1865, 66. 1882, 83, 85, 87.
Falconer, Russel C. Farr, Asahel. Fenton, Daniel G. Fetzer, John Ferguson, Benjamin Field, R. C. Fifield, Sam S. Finkelnburg, Augustus. Fisher, James. Fisher, James. Fisher, Charles T. Fitch, George. Fitzgerald, John Flint, Edwin. Flint, Rockwell, J. Flint, Waldo S. Foote, Ezra A. Foster, James H.	Portage, Columbia	1891, 93. 1876, 77, b. 1848, 91, 93, b. 1860, 61. 874, 75, b. 877, 80, 81, b. 1881, 82, b. 1895, 70. 1849, 50, b. 1895, 97. 1887, 89.
Fratt, Nicholas D. Fritz, Theodore. Frost, Geo. L. Fulton, Marcus A.	Racine, Racine. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Mineral Point, Iowa. Hudson, St. Croix.	1862. 1876, 77, 82, 83, b. 1871, 72, b. 1861, 62, b. 1871, 72, b. 1859, 60. 1857, 89. 1863, 64, b. 1866, 67, b.
Gale, George. Gardner, E. T. Gary, George. Gernon, Edward. Gibson, Thomas K. Gibson, William J. Giddings, James.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51. 1848, 49. 1866, b. 1886, 57. 1848. 1885, 56, b.
Gill, Bolivar G. Gill, Charles R. Ginty, George C. Goodell, Lemuel	Grafton, Ozaukee. Watertown, Jefferson Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Stockbridge, Calumet Eau Claire. Eau Claire. Kenosha, Kenosha	1850, 51, 1850, 51, 1850, 56, 57, 58, b. 1865, 56, 1860, 61, 1885, 87, b. 1849, 50, b. 1874, 75, 1854.
Grant, Hiram P. Grant, Levi. Gray, Hamilton H. Greene, Walter S. Greene, Walter S. Greene J. Herbert. Greultch, Augustus. Griffin, Michael. Grimmer, George. Griswold, William M.	Darlington, Lafayette. Milford, Jefferson. Fort Atkinson, Jefferson. Milwukee, Milwaukee. Milwukee, Milwaukee. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Columbus, Columbia.	1869, 70, b. 1873, 74, b. 1887, 89. 1897. 1897. 1887, 58, b. 1880, 81, b. 1877, 78, 79, 80. 1869, 70, 71, 72, b
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago Madison, Dane Milwaukee, Milwaukee Monroe, Green Neenah, Winnebago	1879, 80, b. 1868, 69.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
		1055 50 50 60
Hanchett, Luther	Plover, Portage Sturgeon Bay, Door Shopiere, Rock	1857, 58, 59, 60. 1864, 65.
Harris, Joseph Harvey, Louis P	Shopiere Rock	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C	Beetown, Grant	1854, 55, 56, 57. 1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1862 b
Hazelton, George C Hazelton, Gerry W Head, Orson S	Boscobel, Grant	1868, 69, 70, 71. 1861, 62.
Hazelton, Gerry W	Columbus, Columbia	1851.
Head, Orson S	Racina Racine	1874.
Herrick, Charles Hicks, Edward Hilgen, Frederick	Green Bay, Brown	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1860.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1882, 83, b. 1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77 1873, 74, b.
Hiner, William H	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77 1873, 74, b.
Hiner, James Hiner, William H Hixon, Gideon C Hobart, Harrison C Holloway, John C	La Crosse, La Crosse	1848.
Holloway John C	Lancaster Grant	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas	Madison, Dane	1864, 65. 1862, 63, b.
Hopkins, Benjamin F	Madison, Dane	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1 1848, 49, 50, 51, 55, 10,
Horn, Frederick W Hotchkiss, Robert H Houghton, Horace E Howell, Daniel Huyt, J. W Hudd, Thomas, R Hudd, Thomas, R Huebschmann, Francis Hulbert, David B Humphrey, Herman L	Stopiere, Rock. Beetown, Grant. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Boscobel, Grant. Columbus, Columbia. Kenosha, Kenosha. Racine, Racine. Green Bay, Brown. Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Warren, St. Croix. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. La Crosse, La Crosse. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Madison, Dane. Madison, Dane. Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Durand, Pepin. Jefferson, Jefferson.	1859, 60, 68, b. 1879, 80, b.
Houghton, Horace E	Lofforson Lofforson	1874, 55
Howell, Daniel	Chaseburg, Vernon	1885, 87.
Hudd. Thomas, R	Jefferson, Jefferson Chaseburg, Vernon Appleton, Outagamie	1862, 63. 1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85,
Hudd, Thomas, R		
Huebschmann, Francis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72. 1885, 87, b.
Hulbert, David B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Logansville, Sauk Hudson, St. Croix West Bend, Washington Milwaukee, Milwaukee Prairie du Chien, Crawford Milwaukee Milwaukee	1862, 63, b.
Humphrey, Herman L Hunt, George F	West Bend Washington	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed. M	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1853, 54.
Hutchinson, Buen E	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1860, 61, b.
Hyde Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Waukesha Waukesha	1879, 80, b. 1851, b.
Hyer, George	Waukesha Waukesha	1851, b.
Irish Joseph E	New Richmond, St. Croix	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H	Trimbelle. Pierce	1870, 71, b.
Irish, Joseph EIves, Edward HJacobs, William HJames, Norman I	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richland Center, Richland.	1875, 76. 1885, 87, b.
James, Norman L	Charlestown Columns	
Jenkins, George A	Charlestown, Calumet	1873, 74, b.
Joiner Lemuel W	Wyoming, Iowa	1857, 58, 61, 62, 69, 70, b.
Joiner, R. L	Wyoming, Iowa	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1883, 85, b. 1873, 74.
Jones, Evan W	Cambria, Columbia	1871, 72.
James, Norman L. Jenkins, George A. Johnson, John A. Joiner, Lemuel W. Joiner, R. L. Jonas, Charles. Jones, Evan W. Jones, John H. Judd, Stoddart.	Charlestown, Calumet. Madison, Dane. Wyoming, Iowa. Wyoming, Iowa. Racine, Racine. Cambria, Columbia. Sheboygan, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Fox Lake, Dodge.	1866, 67, b.
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Kellogg, John A Kelly, David M	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80. 1880, 81, b.
Kelly, David M	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81, b. 1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Charles S Kelsey, Edwin B	Montello, Marquette	1 1855, 56, b.
Kempf, John J	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	
Kempf, John J Kennedy, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95
Keogh Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1 1802, ba, D.
Kershaw, William J Kecham, William	Big Springs, Adams	
	Richland Center, Richland Millville, Grant	1885, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball Alanson M	Pine River, Waushara	1 1805, 54.
Kimball, M. L	Berlin, Green Lake	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T	Berlin, Green Lake Necedah, Juneau	1857, 59, 61, 82, 83, b.
Kingston, J. T. Jr	Ashland, Ashland	1891, 93. 1848, 49
Kidd, Edward 1 Kimball, Alanson M Kingston, John T Kingston, J. T. Jr Kinney, Asa. Klotz, Ignatius Koenitzer, C. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	
Koenitzer C A	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Kreiss, George	Appleton, Outagamie] 1872, 73, b.
Kroeger, Herman	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Appleton, Outagamie Milwaukee, Milwaukee	. 1889, 91.
Kroeger, Herman Krouskop, George Kruszka, M	i Richiana Center, Richiana.	1 10:00, 41, 44, 40,
Kruszka, M Kusel, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Watertown, Jefferson	1893, 95. b. 1881, 82.
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Lakin, George W	Platteville. Grant	. 1848, 49.
Lamoreux, Clarence A	Ashland, Ashland	1888 60

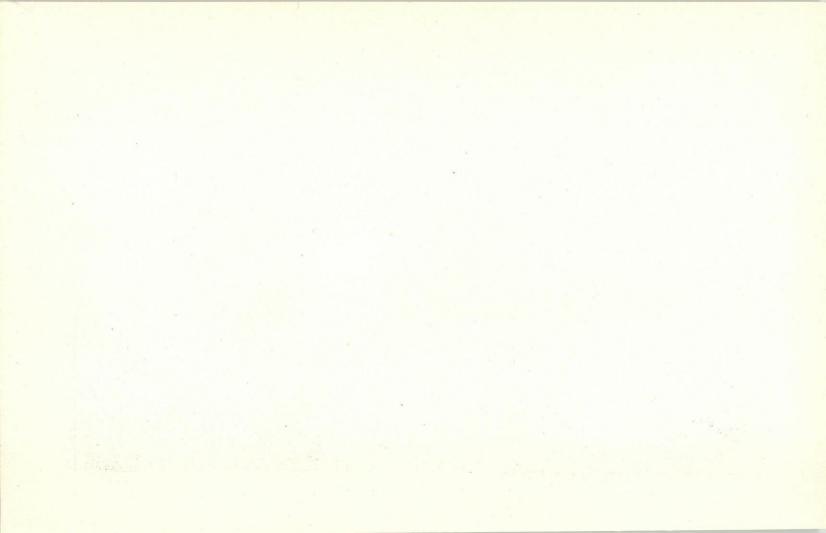
b. See list of Assemblymen.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lawrence, William A Leahy, John E Lees, Robert Lewis, James T Livach, Wyman I.	Janesville, Rock. Wausau, Marathon. Alma, Buffalo. Columbus, Columbia.	1863, 64, 65, 66, b. 1887, 89, b. 1891, 93, b. 1853, b. 1865, 66, b.
Lewis, James T Lincoln, Wyman L. Lindsley, Myron P. Lins, John A. Little Francis. Littlejohn, N. M. Lochen, Peter. Roper, Alonzo A. Lord, Simon_L.	Janesville, Rock. Wausau, Marathon Alma, Buffalo. Columbus, Columbia Avoca, Iowa. Green Bay, Brown Eagle, Waukesha Mineral Point, Iowa Whitewater, Walworth Newberg, Washington Ripon, Fond du Lac. Edgerton, Rock Janesville, Rock De Pere, Brown Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1865, 66, b. 1872, 73. 1885, 87, b. 1871, 72, 73, 74, b. 1864, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69. 1878, 89, 1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L Lovejoy, A. P Loy, Joseph F Lynde, William Pitt	Edgerton, Rock Janesville, Rock De Pere, Brown Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85, b. 1887, 89. 1854, 55. 1869, 70, b.
MacBride, Robert J Magoon, Henry S Mailer, Andrew C Main, Willett S Mann, Curtis.	Neillsville, Clark	1891, 93, b. 1871, 72. 1897. 1889, 91.
MacBride, Robert J	Meeker, Washington Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Green Bay, Brown Jefferson, Jefferson Cedar Creek, Washington	1854. 1893, 95. 1858, 59, b. 1859, 60.
McClellan, Samuel R	Kenosha, Kenosha. West Bend, Washington Wilmot, Kenosha. Shawano, Shawano Oshkosh, Winnebago. Plover, Portage.	1885, 87, b.
McCurdy, Robert	Plover, Portage	1875, 76, b. 1879, 80, b.
McCooken Pobort T	Richland Center, Richland Black River Falls, Jackson. Lodi. Columbia	1854, 55, b. 1893, 95, b. 1880, 81, b. 1895, 97. 1881, 82.
McGrew, Joseph B. McGillivray, J. J. McKeeby, Gilbert E. McLane, George R. McMullen, John E. Meadd, M. C. Meade, Matt. J. Mears, Daniel.	Summit, Waukesha Chilton, Calumet. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Green Bay. Brown Osceola Mills, Polk Arena, Iowa	1853, 54. 1895, 97. 1889, 91. 1866, 67. 1858, 59.
Mears, Daniel. Meffert, William O. Merrill, Geo. F. Merrill, Henry Messinger, R. N. Miller, Ezra Miller, Wm. Miller, Jesse C. Mills, Simeon	Fort Winnebago Columbia	1882, 83. 1887, 89. 1848, 49. 1848.
Miller, Ezra	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Beloit, Rock Rusk, Dunn Elkhorn, Walworth. Madison, Dane Superior, Douglas Necedah, Juneau	1853, 54. 1889, 91, b. 1856, 57. 1848. 1895, 97, b. 1871, 72, b.
Mills, Simeon. Mills, Thomas B. Miner, Eliphalet S. Minor, Edward S. Mitchell, George W. Mitchell, John L. Montgomery, Edwin.	Ripon, Fond du Lac Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1871, 72, b. 1883, 85, b. 1862, 63. 1872, 73, 76, 77. 1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G Moore, Harvey T Morgan, Lyman	Farmington, Jefferson Prairie du Sac, Sauk Brodhead, Green Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1850, 51. 1874, 75. 1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80. 1863, 64.
Morris, T. D	Whitesville. Racine	1877, 78, b. 1897. 1849, 50. 1879, 93, b.
Nash, Wm. F	Two Rivers, Manitowoc St. Croix Falls, Polk Viroqua, Vernon La Crosse, La Crosse	1889, 91, 93, b. 1885, 87. 1872, 73. 1875, 1876.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Newman, Alfred W Norton, Otis W	Trempealeau, Trempealeau Milton, Rock	1868, 69, b. 1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C O'Neill, Edward O'Rourk, Patrick H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cascade, Sheboygan	1895. 1856, 57, b. 1873, 74, b.
Paddock, Francis. Palmer, Andrew. Palmer, Henry L Palmetier, Charles. Parry, William T Paul, George H. Peirce, Clarence E Persons, E. W. Pettibone, C. A. Pettit, Milton H. Phalen, Dennis T Phillips, Albert L. Phillips, Charles H Phillips, John Phipps, W. H Pier, Edward Pingel, John L. Pinckney, Bertine Pond, L. E. Pope, Carl C. Potter, Robert L. D Pratt, George C. Pratt, George C. Pratt, George C. Pratt, George C. Prentice, Judson Price, H. H. Price, William T.	Salem, Kenosha Janesville, Rock Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Lake Geneva, Walworth. Portage Columbia. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Germania, Marquette. De Pere, Brown. Juneau, Dodge. Kenosha. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Racine, Racine. Lake Mills, Jefferson. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Stevens Point, Portage. Hudson, St. Croix. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Rosendale, Fond du Lac. Rosendale, Fond du Lac. Westfield, Marquette. Black River Falls, Jackson Wautona, Waushara. Waukesha, Waukesha. Spring Prairie, Walworth. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Watertown, Jefferson. Black River Falls, Jackson	1895, 39, b. 1879, b. 1879, b. 1860, 61. 1895, 97. 1891, 93. 1856, 57, 58, 59. 1882, 83. 1852, 53, b. 1887, 89. 1864, 65, b. 1873, 74, 75, 76. 1862, 63. 1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Proudfit, AndrewProudfit, James KPurdy, William SPutnam, Henry C	Madison, Dane	
Quarles, Joseph V Quentin, Charles Quimby, John B	Kenosha, Kenosha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sauk City, Sauk	1880, 81, b. 1861, 62. 1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N Rankin, Joseph. Ranney, Joel W Reed, John M Reed, Duncan C Reed, George. Reed, Myron. Reed, Orson. Reed, William W Reynolds, J. C Reymort, James D Reynolds, Benoni O Reynolds, H. P Rice, John A Rich, Joel. Richardson, Hamilton. Richmond, George N Ring, M. C Ringle, John Ritch, William G Ritchenouse, W Riordan, Daniel E Rodolf, Charles G Rodoff, Charles G Rose, Solomon L Rounds, William P Rountree John H	Brodhead, Green. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. West Salem. La Crosse. Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Manitowoc. Manitowoc. Waupaca, Waupaca. Summit, Waukesha. Jefferson, Jefferson. Lake Geneva, Walworth. Denoon, Waukesha. Geneva, Walworth. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Merton, Waukesha. Juneau. Dodge. Janesville, Rock. Appleton, Outagamie. Neillsville, Clark. Wausau, Marathon. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Monroe. Green. Eagle River, Oneida. Orion, Richland. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Jackson, Washington.	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b. 1867, 68, 1874, 75, b. 1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70. 1871, 72, 1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70. 1871, 72, 1866, 67, b. 1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b. 1889, 91. 1854, 55, b. 1878, 79, b. 1864, 65, 1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79. 1862, 63, 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b. 1878, 79, b. 1878, 79, b. 1888, 85, b. 1888, 85, b. 1889, 60, b. 1897, 1855, 1897, 1855, 1897, 1855, 1887, 1855, 1887, 1855, 1887, 1855, 1887, 1855, 1887, 1888, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1886, 1887,
Rountree, John H Rust, William A	Menasha. Winnebago Platteville, Grant Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887, 89.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ryan, James	Appleton, Outagamie	1976 77
Ryland, George W	Lancaster, Grant	1876, 77. 1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S	Berlin, Green Lake	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanderson, Robert B	Poynette, Columbia	1867, 68, D.
Schantz, Adam Schlichting, Reinhard	Addison, Washington Chilton, Calumet	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schmidt, Carl H	maniconoc, maniconoc	1 1871. 72. 73. 74. b.
Schneider. Philip	Barton, Washington Cconto, Oconto	l 1877, 78, b.
Scofield, Edward	Manitowec Manitowec	1887, 89. 1875, 76.
Schuette, JohnSchulteis, H. J	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Port Washington, Ozaukee	1857. 58.
Scott, Thomas B	Grand Rapids, Wood	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79
Seaton James W	Potosi Grant	80, 81, 82. 1853, b.
Seaton, James W Seeley, M. W	Marquette, Green Lake	1859, 60.
Saggiong Milan H	Potosi, Grant Marquette, Green Lake Waupaca, Waupaca Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R Sherman, Benjamin F Sholes, Charles C	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1852, 53, b. 1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C	Kanagha Kanagha	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham	Racine, Racine	1848, 49.
Sholes, C. LathamSholes, C. LathamSholes, C. LathamSilverman, LionSilverthorn, Willis CSimpson, Edward B	Kenosha, Kenosha Racine, Racine. Kenosha, Kenosha Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Wausau, Marathon.	1856, 57, D.
Silverman, Lion	Wansan Marathon	1859. 1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Edward B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76, b. 1881, 82, b.
Simpson, Philemon B	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Simpson, Philemon B Smead, S. M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Shullsburg, Lafayette Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Appleton, Outagamie	1893.
Smead, S. M. Smith, Augustus L. Smith, Horatio N. Smith, John B. Smith, Patrick H. Smith, Perry H.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1866, 67. 1853, 54, b.
Smith, John B	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee Plymouth, Sheboygan Appleton, Outagamie	1849, 50.
mith, Patrick H	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith William E	For Lake Dodge	1856, 57, b. 1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Solliday, Albert	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Smith, Perry H. Smith, William E. Solliday, Albert Spensley, Calvert. Spooner, Wyman Sprague, Fred A. Squires, Joel C. Stanchfeld, S. B. Stanley, Wm. S., Jr. Starby, Argalus W. Stebbins, De Wayne.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1893, 95.
Spooner, Wyman	Elkhorn, Walworth	1862, 63, b. 1849, 50.
Squires. Joel C	Eagleville, Walwersha Lancaster, Grant Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Baraboo, Sauk Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1852, 53, b.
Stanchfield, S. B	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1889, 91, b.
Stanley, Wm. S., Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85, b.
Starks, Argaius W	Ahnanee, Kewannee	1866, 67, b. 1895, 97.
Stoole Elijah	Pike, Kenosha Mineral Point, Iowa Caledonia Center, Racine.	1850, 57. 1851, 52, 53, 54, b. 1867, 68, 69, 70, b. 1852, 53, b. 1860, 61. 1870, 71.
Sterling, Levi	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Henry	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1852 53. b.
stevens, Henry Stewart, Alva Stewart, John W Strong, Bennett U Stout, James H Sutherland, George E Sutherland, James	Monroe, Green	1860, 61.
strong, Bennett U	Monroe, Green Spring Green, Sauk	1870, 71.
Stout, James H	Menomonee, Dunn Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1895, 97. 1880, 81.
Sutherland, James	Janesville, Rock	1855, 56, 57, 58.
walli. George w	Janesville, Rock	1878, 79. 1860, 61, b.
Sweat, John B Sweet, Benjamin J	Chilton, Calumet	1860, 61, b. 1861.
Fate, J. Henry. Faylor, Chas. S. Faylor, David. Faylor, H. A. Faylor, William R. Fhayer, Lyman W. Franson, John E.	Viroqua, Vernon	1876, 77, b. 1889, 91, b. 1855, 56, 69, 70, b.
Faylor, Chas. S	Shehovgan Shehovgan	1889, 91, D. 1855 56 69 70 b.
raylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Hudson, St. Croix Cottage Grove, Dane Ripon, Fond du Lac Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1889.
Caylor, William R	Cottage Grove, Dane	1859, 60, b.
Chayer, Lyman W	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1893. 95. 97.
Thomas, John E	Prairie du Chien Crawford	1880 81
Thomas, Ormsby B Fhorn, Gerrit T Fhorp, Frederick O Fhorp, Hermon S Fhorp, Joseph G	Prairie du Chien, Crawford Jefferson, Jefferson West Bend, Washington	1867, 68, b. 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Frederick O	West Bend, Washington	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Hermon S	Cypress, Kenosha	
Thurber Samuel H	Manitowoc. Manitowoc	1866, 67, 72, 73. 1859, 60.
The st C	Eau Claire, Eau Claire Manitowoc, Manitowoc Kenosha, Kenosha	1895, 97,
l'imme, Ernst G	Doloit Dools	1867. 68.
rimme, Ernst G	Beloit, Rock	1867, 68. 1877, 78
rimme, Ernst G	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1877, 78. 1870, 71.
Phorp, Joseph G	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1877, 78. 1870, 71. 1876, 77, 78, 79. 1858, 59.





Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Turner, Joseph Turner, Peter H	Prairieville, Waukesha Palmyra, Jefferson	1848. 1850, 51.
Utley, William L	Racine, Racine	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W Van Steenwyck, Gysbert Van Wyck, Anthony Vilas, Joseph, Jr Virgin, Noah H Vittum, David S Voss, Wm. F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse. Kenosha, Kenosha. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Platteville, Grant. Baraboo, Sauk. Watertown, Jefferson.	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82. 1879, 80, b. 1864, 65, 68, 69. 1863, 64, 1853, 59, 60, 61. 1853, 54, 1891, 93.
Waddington, J. S. Wagner, Joseph. Walkeley, Elenzer. Walker, Lyman. Wall, Thomas. Wallsh, Patrick. Ware, James F. Waring, George D. Warner, Clement E. Warner, John H. Washburn, G. W. Wenver, Richard. Welton, Chauncey B. Webb, Charles M. Webb, Henry G. Wechselberg, Julius. Weeks. Thompson D.	Argyle, Lafayette. Calvary, Fond du Lac. Whitewater, Walworth Ahnapee, Kewaunee. Oshkosh, Winnebago Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Berlin, Green Lake. Windsor, Dane. Ellsworth, Pierce. Albany, Green. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Sussex, Waukesha. Madison, Dane. Grand Rapids, Wood. Wautoma, Waushara. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Whitewater Walworth	1872, 73, 74, 75, b . 1852, 53, 54, 55, b . 1870, 71, b . 1883, 85, b . 1885, 87, b . 1869, 70. 1869, 70.
Welton, Chauncey B Webb, Charles M	Madison, Dane Grand Rapids, Wood	1897. 1869, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G	Wautoma, Waushara Milwaukee, Milwaukee Whitewater, Walworth West Bend, Washington	1865, 66, 67, 68, b. 1885, 87. 1874, 75, 93, 95, b. 1853, 55, 57, b. 1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Well, Baruch S. Welch, David E. Wescott, Davie E. Wescott, Walter S. West, E. B.	Baraboo, Sauk Shawano, Shawano Monroe, Green Waukesha, Waukesha. Monroe, Green Monroe, Green Mondovi, Buffalo. Oshkosh Winnebago	
West, Edmund A	Monroe, Green Monroe, Green Mondovi, Buffalo	1862, 63, b. 1854, 55, b. 1897.
Wheeler, Edwin	Nanaupa, Fond du Lac	1864, 65, 66, 67. 1848
Whitman, Alexander B. Whitman, Joel Whittlesey, T. T Widule Christian	Janesville, Rock. Appleton, Outagamie Dodgeville, Iowa. Madison, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1867. 68. 1853, 54. 1887, 89, b.
Wiley, James F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Hancock, Waushara. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Waterford, Racine. Janesville, Rock. Fox Lake, Dodge.	1881, 82, 83, 85. 1862, 63, 64, 65. 1849, 50. 1869, 70, 71, 72.
White, Philo. Whitchead, John M Whitman, Joel. Whitman, Joel. Whittlesey, T. T. Widule, Christian. Wiley, James F. Wilson, Smith S. Willard, Victor M. Williams, Charles G. Williams, Charles H. Williams, M. B Williams, M. B Williams, Nelson Williams, Nelson Willon, DeWitt C	Janesville, Rock. Fox Lake, Dodge. Watertown, Jefferson. Stoughton, Dane. West Bend, Washington. Sparta, Monroe.	1869, 70, b. 1875, 76.
Wilson, William Wilson, William K	Sparta, Monroe	1868, b. 1857. 1863, 64, 65, 66, b. 1893, 95, 97.
Woodman Edwin E	Sparta, Monroe. Menomonie, Dunn Milwaukee, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan. Baraboo, Sauk Farmington, Jefferson Waupaca, Waupaca Ellsworth, Pierce Summit, Waukesha	1877, 78, 81, 82. 1878, 79, b. 1880, 81. 1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Woodman, William W Woodnorth, J. H Woodworth, D. W Worthington, Denison Wright, Hiram A	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1891, 93, 1895, 97, 1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b. 1851, 52, b.
Yahr, F. TYoumans, Clarion A Young, Austin H Young, Milas K Young, Van Eps Young, William	Princeton, Green Lake Neillsville, Clark Prescott, Pierce Glen Haven, Grant Sheboygan, Sheboygan Medina, Outagamie	1891, 93. 1895, 97. 1864, 65. 1862, 63, 64, 65, b . 1867. 1868, 69.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	,		Se	ssic	ns.		
Abbott, Chauncy	Madison, Dane	1850.						
Abbott Samuel G	Verona, Dane	1855.						
Abbott, Simeon W Abell, Alfred H	Verona, Dane Spring Valley, Rock	1852.						
Abell, Alfred H	Geneva. Walworth	1877.						
Abert, George A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861,	62,	63,	68,	69,	70,	72
Abert, George A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882,	83,	93,	ь.			
Abrams, Delos Abrams, William J	Bloomington, Grant	1875.	e=	cc	C7	h		
Abrams, William J	Chebaugan Chebaugan	1864, 1895,	97.	00,	01,	υ.		
Ackermann, Christian	Bloomington, Grant Green Bay, Brown Sheboygan, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.	31.					
Adams, John	Door Creek, Dane	1862,	72.					
Adams, Benjamin F Adams, Ebenezer	Yorkville, Racine	1855.						
Adams Coorgo H	Danville, Dodge	1864.						
Adams, Henry CAdams, IsaacAdams, James M	Monticello, Green	1848,	b.					
Adams, Henry C	Madison, Dane	1883,						
Adams, Isaac	Door Creek, Dane	1867,	75.					
Adams, James M	Oconto, Oconto	1870.	50	T0				
Adams. John	Black Earth, Dane	1869,	70,	72, b.	D.			
Adams, John Q Adams, Michael	Fall River, Columbia	1853, 1872,		υ.				
Adams, Michael	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.	1880.	83.					
Adamson, Wm. A	North Cape, Racine	1879.						
Adland, Knud	West Superior, Douglas	1897.						
Agen, James H Agry, David	Green Bay, Brown	1848.						
Ahlhauser, Anthony	Green Bay, Brown Saukville, Ozaukee Richland, Richland	1860.						
Aken Robert	Richland, Richland	1856.						
Albers, Wilhelm T	Hika, Manitowoc	1883.						
Albers, Wilhelm T Alcott, Denison	Hika, Manitowoc Spring Valley, Rock	1863.	-					
Alden, Albert	Delafield, Waukesha Portage, Columbia	1849,	58,	60.				
Alden Alvin B	Portage, Columbia	1858. 1856.						
Alden, Levi	Janesville, Rock	1878.						
Aldrich, Alma M	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1859.						
Aldrich, William. Allan, James, Jr. Allen, Ahaz F. Allen, Anson C. Allen, Dwight S. Allen, Fayette	Two Rivers, Manitowoc Adell, Sheboygan	1879.						
Allen Aboz F	Gilmanton Ruffalo	1871.						
Allen Anson C	Gilmanton, Buffalo Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879.						
Allen, Dwight S	Lake Geneva. Walworth	1889.						
Allen, Fayette	Durand, PepinLinn, WalworthGenoa Junction, Walworth.		67,	69.				
Allen, George R	Linn, Walworth	1855.						
Allen, George R	Genoa Junction, Walworth.	1880. 1872.						
Allen, Gideon W	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1848.						
Allen, Henry	Port Washington, Wash	1873.						
Allen, Joseph	Sparta, Monroe New California, Grant	1867.						
Allen, Lucius	East Troy. Walworth	1864.						
Allen, Philip	East Troy, Walworth Browntown, Green	1889.						
Allen, Philip		1857.						
Allen, William C	Delavan, Walworth Sharon, Walworth	1866,	67.					
Allen, William P	Sharon, Walworth	1854. 1858.						
Anng, Alexander M	Saukville, Ozaukee Durand, Pepin	1880.						
Allison, William	Durand, Pepin	1860.						
Altenhofen, Mathias	Kewaskum, Washington Argyle, Lafayette	1877.						
Anderson, Andrew J	Grantsburg, Burnett	1878,	83.					
Anderson, Canute	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette							
Anderson, J. S	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1889.						
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1871,	b.					
Anderson, Matthew Anderson, Nels	Cross Plains, Dane Scandinavia, Waupaca	1880.						
		1875.						
Anderson, Thomas W	Stevens Point, Portage	1876.						
Anson, Charles H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.	97.					
Anungon John	Winchester Winneher	1856,	57.					
Annle Adam	North Cane, Racino	1882,	83		. 87	. h	i	
Armstrong, Charles	Esotea, vernon- Stevens Point, Portage Milwaukee, Milwaukee Winchester, Winnebage North Cape, Racine Baraboo, Sauk	1853.	50,	. 55	,	, .	.,	
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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Armstrong, John	Wiota, Lafavette	. 1866.
Armstrong, John	Darlington, Lafavette	1873.
Arnold, Alexander H	Wiota, Lafayette	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Aloysius Arnold, Douglas Arnold, Fayette P Arnold, Josiah Arnot, William L.	New Coelin, Milwaukee Williamsburg, Trempealeau South Grove, Walworth	1877.
Arnold, Douglas	Williamsburg, Trempealeau	1860.
Arnold Togish	South Grove, Walworth	1862.
Arnot William L.	Portage, Columbia Plover, Portage.	. 1878.
Ashley, Oliver	For Lake Dodge	1877.
Ashley, Oliver	Fox Lake, Dodge	1863, 66. 1863, 64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M Atherton, G. F. A Atherton, George R Atwater, Allen H Atwood, David	Farmington, Jefferson	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A	Emerald Grove, Rock	1848.
Atherton, George R	Clinton, Rock. Oak Grove, Dodge. Madison, Dane Elk Mound, Dunn Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1857.
Atwater, Allen H	Oak Grove, Dodge	1854, 71, 72.
Ausman Henry	Madison, Dane	1861.
Ausman, Henry	Elk Mound, Dunn	1879.
Austin, William J.	Loop Monroe	1893.
	Emmett Dodge	1001.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sank	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P	Quincy, Adams	1858.
Ayres, D. Cooper	Fort Howard, Brown	1868, 71, 72.
Avery, Frank	Leon, Monroe. Leon, Monroe. Emmett, Dodge. Baraboo, Sauk Quincy, Adams. Fort Howard, Brown. Burlington, Racine	1849.
Rahenek Egokial	East Troy, Walworth Ripon, Fond du Lac	1850.
Babcock, Alexander O Babcock, Ezekiel Babcock, J. W Babcock, Oscar	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1882.
Babcock, Oscar	Necedan, Juneau	1889, 91.
Bachuber, Andrew	Knowles Dodge	1865, 66.
Bachuber, AndrewBachuber, Max	Mpon, Fond du Lac. Necedah, Juneau. Decotah, Waushara Knowles, Dodge. Farmersville, Dodge. Monticello, Green. Waukesha, Waukesha. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Salem. Kenosha.	1860, 64, 75.
	Monticello, Green	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel DBacon, Frank L	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bacon, Frank L	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1895.
Bailey, Alexander	Salem, Kenosha	1870.
Bailey, Elias P Bailey, Elihu	Salem, Kenosha	1872.
Bailey, S. J.	Monomonia Dunn	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, S. J. Bailey, L. S. Bainbridge, Thomas	Oconto Oconto	1889. 1891.
Bainbridge, Thomas	Benton Lafavette	1872, 8 1.
Baker, James	East Troy, Walworth	1858.
Saker, John A	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1871.
Baker, P. O	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1889.
aker Thomas	Bristol, Dane	1854.
aker, William V	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1875.
saker, Samuel H saker, Thomas. saker, William Y. saker, Edmund U. salch, Albert V. saldwin, Asa L. saldwin, George. saldwin, Lewis L. saldwin, Phineas.	Mt. Vernon, Dane. Bristol, Dane. Bristol, Dane. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Tomah, Monroe Edmund, Iowa. Weyauwega, Waupaca. Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca. Chilton, Calumet. Racine, Racine. Oregon, Dane. Palmyra, Jefferson Yorkville, Racine. Patch Grove, Grant. Waupun, Dodge. Beloit, Rock. New Cassel, Fond du Lac. Spencer, Marathon.	1878.
alch, Albert V	Wayanwaga Wannaga	1071.
aldwin, Asa L	Baldwin's Mills Wannaca	1877
aldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1866, b.
aldwin, Lewis L	Racine, Racine	1860.
aldwin, Phineas	Oregon, Dane	1872, 7 7.
all, Hiram J	Palmyra, Jefferson	1871, 78.
allach, William	Yorkville, Racine	1859.
allantine, Georgeancroft, Darius L	Wannun Dodge	1860.
annester, John annon, James anney, A. B. arber, Hiram arber, J. Allen arber, Silvs	Roloit Rock	1852, 74.
annon, James	New Cassel Fond du Lac	1851, 62. ·
arney, A. B	Spencer, Marathon	1893
arber, Hiram	Oak Grove, Dodge	1849.
arber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.
arber, Silas	Waukesha, Waukesha	1868, 75.
arber, William Aarden, Levi Warden, Marcus	Warren Mills, Monroe	1882.
orden. Marens	Portage, Columbia	1865, b.
ardwell. Sherman	Pardeeville, Columbia	1860, 75.
arlass, Andrew	New Cassel, Fond du Lac. Spencer, Marathon Oak Grove, Dodge. Lancaster, Grant. Waukesha, Waukesha. Warren Mills, Monroe. Portage, Columbia. Plainfield, Waushara Enierald Grove, Rock. Rock Falls, Dunn.	1015. 1874 75 70
arlow, Frederic G	Rock Falls, Dunn	1874, 75, 76.
arlow, Stephen S	Elkhorn. Walworth	1852. b .
iriow, Stephen S i	Delton, Sauk	1867. b.
rnard, Henry C	Avoca, Iowa i	870, 71.
irnes Harry	Delavan, Walworth 1	880, 81.
arden, Marcus ardwell, Sherman arlass, Andrew arlow, Frederic G arlow, Stephen S arlow, Stephen S arlow, Stephen S arnard, Henry C arnes, Harry arnes, Henry W arnes, Horace W arnes, Horace W	Enterald Grove, Rock. Elkhorn, Wallworth. Delton, Sauk. Avoca, Iowa. Delavan, Walworth. Idddleton, Dane. Wiota, Lafayette. Eau Claire, Eau Claire.	853, 54.
irnes. Horace W	Wiota, Lafayette	1857, 70, 71.
	zau Claire, Eau Claire 1	.862, 68.

	Post-office Address and	~ .
Names.	County Represented.	Sessions.
- ~	, Fond du Lac	1859.
Barnes, S. K	Dorton Washington 1	1853.
Barnes, William F	Eldorado, Fond du Lac	1851. 57.
Barney Reni F	Mayville, Dodge	1851, 57. 1854, 56.
Barney, J. A	Eldorado, Fond du Lac Mayville, Dodge Mayville, Dodge Waukau, Winnebago Wausau, Marathon	1889.
Barnum, George S	Waukau, Winnebago	1860, 64, b.
Barnum, Marcus H	Wausau, Marathon	1897.
Barnes, Caleb P	Burnington, Nacine	1850, 55. 1878.
Barrett, James M	Trempealeau, Trempealeau. St. Croix Falls, Polk	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72,
Barney, J. A	St. Croix Fails, 10ik	73. b.
Barron, Quartus H Barron, Warren C. S Barrows, Augustus R. Barry, A. Constantine. Barry, James. Barry, Thomas. Barth, John. Barth, John.	Fox Lake, Dodge	73, b. 1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S	Fox Lake, Dodge Loyd, Richland Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1878.
Barry, A. Constantine	Svivania, Kenosna	1864.
Barry, James	Pepin, Pepin Erin, Washington	1879.
Barry, Thomas	Mankagan Croop Lake	1862. 1879.
Barter, Samuel	Markesan, Green Lake Kiel, Manitowoc	1870
Bartholf I C	Milton, Rock	1885, 87.
Bartholomew. G. M	Lodi, Columbia	1857.
Bartholf, J. C	Milton, Rock Lodi, Columbia Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
		1800.
	East Troy, Walworth	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B	Unippewa Falis, Unippewa.	1882. 1860, 73.
Bartlett, William B Bartlett, William B Bartlett, William P Bartran, William H Bashford, Luther Bassett, Reuben L	East Troy, Walworth Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Eau Claire, Eau Claire Flintville, Brown. Glen Haven, Grant.	1873, 74.
Bartran, William F	Glen Haven Grant	1950 70
Bassett Reuben L	Wilmot, Kenosha	1862.
	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1858.
Bate, Arthur	Wilmot, Kenosha. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Janesville, Rock.	1882.
Bate, James A	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1871. 1862. 63. 66.
Bates, Allen C	Janesville, Rock	1862, 63, 66. 1872.
Bate, James A Bates, Allen C Bates, Richard B Baxter, John B G Beach, Carmi W Beach, Horace Beach, Wood R Beach, Joseph B Bean, David R Bear, John Beard John F Beardsley, James W Beath, John	Racine, Racine Black River Falls, Jackson Pardeeville, Columbia Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869.
Baxter, John B. G	Pardeeville, Columbia	1870.
Reach Horace	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1864.
Beach, Wood R	Beetown, Grant Eastman, Crawford Whitehall, Trempealeau Waukau, Winnebago	1864.
Beach, Zenas	Eastman, Crawford	1875.
Beach, Joseph B	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1897.
Bean, David R	Waukau, Winnebago	1862, 8 0. 1861.
Bear, John F	Plain, Sauk	1874.
Beard John F	Warren (III.), Lafayette Prescott, Pierce Verona, Dane	1862.
Beath, John	Verona, Dane	1860.
Doottio Thomas	Stoughton, Dane	1000.
Regument Enh.	Hartland, Waukesha	1889. 1873.
Becher, John A Bechtel, Daniel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Bechtel, Daniel	Madison, Dane	1859.
Book William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Beck, Jacob Beck, William Becker, Moritz N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Watertown, Jefferson Lone Rock, Sauk	1872, 73.
Becker, Morte N. Beckwith, Abijah. Beckwith, George W. Beckwith, Nelson, F. Beebe, M. P. Beecroft, Henry	Watertown, Jefferson	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah	Lone Rock, Sauk	1882.
Beckwith, George W	Omro, Winnebago	1859. 1872.
Beckwith, Nelson, F	Waysan Marathan	1889.
Beebe, M. P	Wausau, Marathon Milwaukee. Milwaukee	
Pager Charles	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1856.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K	Rochester, Racine	1858.
Bell, Charles J	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.	1854.
Beecroft, Henry Begger, Charles Beiden, Philo Beiding, Henry K Bell, Charles J Bell, John Bemis, Kiron W Bennist Alvery	Lafayette, Walworth Janesville, Rock	1853. 1858.
Bemis, Kiron W	Glen Haven, Grant	1866, 67.
Bennett, Alvery A	Kenosha, Kenosha	1 1859.
Bennett, Isaac M	Evansville, Rock	1870.
Bennett, George Bennett, Isaac M Bennett, James Bennett, Jesse	Evansville, Rock	1855.
Bennett, Jesse	. FountainCity, Buffalo	1859.
Bennett, Joseph	Dodgeville, lowa	1007
Bennett Michael J	Dodgeville, Iowa Pine Knob, Iowa Clyde, Iowa Raymond, Racine	1 1889.
Rennett Steven O	Raymond. Racine	1 1850. b.
Dennett, Sector Commen	-,,,	j,

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.		
Bennett, Van S Benson, Lewis M Benson, Schuyler W	Rockton, Vernon Lowell, Dodge Genoa Junction, Walworth. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Ashford, Fond du Lac	1869, 70, b.		
Benson, Lewis M	Cones Junction Walworth	1868. 1861.		
Bentley, John	Milwankee Milwankee	1863, 78, 79, 80.		
Bentley, John Beonaer, Edward	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1854.		
Berg, Frederick R	Ashford, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Watertown, Jefferson. Springville, Vernon. Watertown, Dodge. Butternut, Ashland. Ladoga, Fond du Lac. Potosi, Grant. Juneau, Dodge. Constance, Iowa. Palmyra, Jefferson. Chippewa Falis, Chippewa. Fennimore, Grant.	1858.		
Bernhard, Theodore	Watertown, Jefferson	1854.		
Berry, James	Watertown Dodge	1865. 1870.		
Bertram, HenryBesse, Henry LBettis, Benjamin H	Rutternut, Ashland	1895.		
Bettis, Benjamin H	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1860, 61, 69, 81.		
Biddlecome, William R Bllinghurst, Charles	Potosi, Grant	1851.		
Bllinghurst, Charles	Juneau, Dodge	1848.		
Billings, Henry M	Constance, Iowa	1858, b. 1863, 64, 69, 70.		
Bingham, James M Bingham, James M Birchard, Matthew	Chinnews Falls Chinnews	1874.		
Birchard, Matthew	Fennimore, Grant	1868.		
Bird, Augustus A Bird, Ira W	Fennimore, Grant. Madison, Dane. Madison, Dane.	1851, 5G.		
Bird, Ira W	Madison, Dane	1849.		
Bird, Joseph N. P Bishop, Benjamin P	Wautoma, Waushara	1869.		
Bishop, Benjamin P	Wordwood Juneau	1882. 1882, 83.		
Bishop, George W Bishop, John C Bjornson, Gabriel	LeRoy Dodge	1859.		
Biornson, Gabriel	Perry, Dane	1851.		
Black, JohnBlack, Samuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.		
Black, Samuel	Wautoma, Waushara Brownsville, Dodge. Wonewoc, Juneau LeRoy, Dodge. Perry, Dane Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Menomonie, Dunn Stoughton, Dane Sheboygan, Sheboygan Shullsburg, Lafayette. Ozaukee, Ozaukee Racine, Racine Rochester, Racine Johnstown, Rock Sparta, Monroe	1877.		
Black, Samuel. Blackston, William W Blackstock, Thomas. Blackstone, John W Blake, Edward R Blake, Luclus S Blake, George H Blakeslee, Albert P Blakeslee, Channey.	Stoughton, Dane	1859, 60, 64 1869.		
Blackstock, Thomas	Shullshurg Lafavette	1879.		
Blake, Edward R	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1874, b.		
Blake, Lucius S	Racine, Racine	1871.		
Blake, George H	Rochester, Racine	1895.		
Blakeslee, Albert P	Johnstown, Rock	1848. 1877.		
Blakeslee, Chauncy Blakeslee, Ephriam Blanchard, Caleb S Blanshan, Jacob Blazer, Henry	Sparta, Monroe. Ironton, Sauk. East Troy, Walworth. Scott, Sheboygan. Mequon River, Ozaukee. Tomah, Monroe.	1880, 81.		
Rlanchard Caleb S	East Troy Walworth	1880.		
Blanshan, Jacob	Scott, Sheboygan	1870.		
Blazer, Henry	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1855.		
Bieckman, Aucibert B	Toman, Montoe	1873, b. 1893.		
Blenski, Michael Bliss, Albert	Poodstown Vornon	1864, 67.		
Bliss Charles F	Racine. Racine	1874, 75.		
Bliss, George W	Mineral Point, Iowa	1870.		
Block, Hyman E	Potosi, Grant	1853.		
Blodgett, Dudley C	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1852.		
Blood, Ira	Mukwonago, Waukesna	1859. 1876.		
Bly George W	Wainin Dodge	1861.		
Bliss, Albert Bliss, Charles F. Bliss, George W. Block, Hyman E. Blodgett, Dudley C. Blood, Ira Blout, Jere A. Bly, George W. Blyton, William H. Bock, Joseph	Sparta. Monroe	1883, 85, 89. 1876, 77. 1861, 66, 74.		
Bock, Joseph	Lancaster, Grant	1876, 77.		
Bodden, Jacob. Bodden, Jacob. Bodenstab, Julius. Bogan, W. H. P Bohan, John R. Bohne, Johan H	Theresa, Dodge. Howard's Grove, Sheboygan. Appleton, Outagamie. Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Meeme, Manitowoc. Monroe, Green.	1861, 66, 74.		
Bodenstab, Julius	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.	1873, 74. 1866, 67.		
Bogan, W. H. P	Appleton, Outagamie	1859, 72, b .		
Bohne Johan H	Meeme Manitowoc	1868, 69.		
Sonne, Johan H. Bolender, John Boncel, Andrew H. Bond, Joseph Bonnin, James H. Bonnin, Christian Bonniwell, W. T., Jr Boomer, Edward J Boorse, Washington	Monroe, Green	1882, 83.		
Boncel, Andrew H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Mukwonago, Waukesha Bellefontaine, Columbia	1895.		
Bond, Joseph	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1848, 55. 1861.		
Bonney, James H	Benerontaine, Columbia Bonduel, Shawano	1895.		
Ronniwell W T Jr	Cedarburg Ozaukee	1864, 65,		
Boomer, Edward J	Cedarburg, Ozaukee Beaver Dam, Dodge Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.		
Boorse, Washington	Milwaukee, Milwaukee			
	Elroy, Juneau	1876.		
Borchardt, Francis J Borchsenius, Hans	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897		
	Wevanwega Wantaca	1856		
Bostwick. Perry	Beloit. Rock	1864.		
Bosustow, John	Yorkville, Racine	1880.		
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1852, b. 1868, 69, 79.		
Bottum, Henry U	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1868, 69, 79. 1860, 74.		
Bostedo, Louis Bostwick, Perry Bosustow, John Botkin, Alexander Bottum, Henry C. Bouck, Gabriel Boufleur, Philip Boutin, Nelson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Eiroy, Juneau Milwaukee, Milwaukee Baldwin, St. Croix Weyauwega, Waupaca Beloit, Rock Yorkville, Racine Madison, Dane West Rosendale, Fond du Lac Oshkosh, Winnebago Springville, Vernon Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1885.		
Boutin, Nelson	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1864.		

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.		
Boyay, Alvan E Bow, Orrin W	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1859, 60. 1860, 78, 83, 93.		
Bow, Orrin W	Kingston, Green Lake Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1860, 78, 83, 93.		
Bowe, Frank	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1891.		
Bowen, Jedediah Bowles, Thomas J	Ripon, Fond du Lac Elo, Winnebago Kilbourn City, Columbia Hudson, St. Croix	1871.		
	Eio, Winnebago	1881, 82.		
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1862, 74, b. 1848, 49.		
Bownill, Johathan Bowron, Joseph Boyce, Abram A Boyce, Hilton W Boyd, John Boyd, Thomas Boyden, Philo Q Brace, Henry C Bracken Charles	Hudson, St. Croix. Lodi, Dane Geneva, Walworth Calumet, Fond du Lac. Calumet, Fond du Lac. Hudson, St. Croix Fall River, Columbia. Mineral Point, Lafavette	1851, 65.		
Royce, Hilton W	Conove Wolworth	1862.		
Boyd John	Calumot Fond du Lee	1855, 60, 62, 70.		
Boyd, Thomas	Calumet Fond du Lac	1865,		
Boyden Philo O	Hudson St Croix	1875, 76.		
Brace Henry C	Fall River Columbia	1872, 73.		
Bracken, Charles Brackett, Joseph W Brader, Isaac G	Mineral Point, Lafayette. Brookfield, Waukesha. Waunakee, Dane	1858.		
Brackett, Joseph W	Brookfield, Wankesha	1848.		
Brader, Isaac G	Waunakee, Dane	1893.		
Bradberry, Joshua	Mt. Ida, Grant. Augusta, Eau Claire. Union Grove, Racine. Bangor, La Crosse. Leeds, Columbia. Milwaykon Milwaykon	1895.		
Bradford, Ira B	Augusta, Eau Claire	1880, 81,		
Bradford, Simeon S	Union Grove, Racine	1861.		
Bradley, John	Bangor, La Crosse	1875, 76, 79, 80, 8 1.		
Bradley, Wm. T	Leeds, Columbia	1851.		
Bradford, Simeon S Bradley, John Bradley, Wm. T Brand, Frederick C. G		1883.		
Brandon, William. Brannan, Samuel S	Smelser's Grove, Grant	1862, 65.		
Brannan, Samuel S	Portage, Columbia	1873.		
Braton, Lorentus J	Shawano, Shawano	1893.		
Braton, Lorentus J	Marquette, Green Lake	1865, 85.		
Brazeau, Alexander	Oconto, Oconto	1873.		
Brazelton, Reed C	Scott, Sheboygan	1856.		
Bredemeyer, John	Edwards, Sheboygan	1861.		
Bremner, George	Union Grove, Racine	1871.		
Brennan, Maurice B				
Brick, Nathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870.		
Briggs, Andrew	Mt Storling Co.	1852, 56. 1871.		
Briggs, Darius W	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	18(1.		
Brick, Nathan Briggs, Andréw Briggs, Darius W Briggs, John R Briggs, Melancthon J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Bad Ax, Bad Ax. Mt. Sterling, Crawford Beloit, Rock. Dodgeville, Iowa Mauston, Juneau. Beetown, Grant. New Amsterdam, La Crosse	1850. 1881.		
Briggs, Melanctnon J	Mangton Towa	1871.		
Briggs, Perry R Briggs, Robert M	Rectown Crent	1849, 51.		
Driggs, Robert M	New Amsterdam La Chasse	1878.		
Briggs, Suel Briggs, H. E	, , ,	# 00 #		
Brigham, Ebenezer Brigham, J. R Brill, John Briml, Syver E Brindley, John Brinkerhoff, John H Pritten William B.	Madison, Dane. Blue Mounds, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee South Kaukauna, Outagmie Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Boscobel, Grant. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Janesville. Rock.	1848.		
Brigham, J. R.	Milwankee, Milwankee	1887.		
Brill John	South Kaukauna Outagmie	1893.		
Brimi, Syver E	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887.		
Brindley, John	Boscobel, Grant	1879, 80.		
Brinkerhoff, John H	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1865.		
Brinkerhoff. John H Britton, William B Brock, Geo. H Brockway, Eustace L Broderick, George Bronson, Seldon M Brooks, Wolcott T Brost, Lambert. Brown, Armstead C.	Janesville, Rock	1883.		
Brock, Geo. H	Potosi, Grant. Black River Falls, Jackson. Hazel Green, Grant.	1869.		
Brockway, Eustace L	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1872.		
Broderick, George	Hazel Green, Grant	1859.		
Bronson, Seldon M	Menasha, Winnebago Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Hinesburg, Fond du Lac	1001.		
Brooks, Wolcott T	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 77.		
Brost, Lambert	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac	1876, 77.		
Brown, Armstead C	Potosi, Grant Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1848.		
Brown, Charles	Elm Creek Waukesha	1872. 1866.		
Brown, Armstead C Brown, Charles Brown, Philel Brown, Elida W	Weyauwega, Waukesha Woodman, Grant Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1883.		
Brown, Islida W	Weyauwega, waupaca	1876.		
Prown, George	Prookfold Contan Washing	1862.		
Prown Tages	Fond du Lee Fond du Lee	1856.		
Prown Temos T	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856.		
Brown Jededich	Clinton, Grant Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1848, 49.		
Brown Orlando	Gilmantown Ruffalo	1862, b.		
Brown Samuel	Gilmantown, Buffalo Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.		
Brown William G	Skinner, Green	1858.		
Brown, William W	Milwankee, Milwankee	1848.		
Brown, Neal	Wausau, Marathon.	1891.		
Brownson, John W	Wausau, Marathon	1882.		
Bruemmer, Lewis	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1883.		
Brunquest, William	Waupaca, Waupaca	1856.		
Brown, Elida W. Brown, George, Brown, George W. Brown, Isaac. Brown, James T. Brown, Jedediah Brown, Orlando. Brown, William G. Brown, William W. Brown, Neal Brown, Neal Brown, Lewis. Brunquest, William Bryant Edwin E.	Madison, Dane	1878.		
Bryant, Gustavus H	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1867.		
Bryant, Oliver B	Sharon, Walworth Kewaunee, Kewaunee Waupaca, Waupaca Madison, Dane Lake Mills, Jefferson Rutland, Dane Racine	1850.		
Buchan, Alfred L	Racine	1889.		

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.		
Buck, Erastus J Buckbee, Francis A. Buckstaff, George H Buckstaff, George A.	Westfield, Marquette Springfield, Walworth Oshkosh, Winnebago Oshkosh, Winnebago	1861. 1867, 74. 1881, 82, b. 1895, 97.		
Buffington, Byron A Bugh, Jacob S	Eau Claire, Eau Claire Wautoma, Waushara	1895. 1860, 83. 1866. 1891.		
Bullard, Ernest L. Bullard, Silas. Bullen, Winslow Bullock, John D. Bump, Menzus R.	Waukesha, Waukesha Menasha, Winnebago Poynette, Columbia Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.	1895, 97. 1870.		
Bunn. Romanzo	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson. Rock Falls, Dunn Troy Center, Walworth Galesville, Trempealeau Brodhead, Green Beaver Dam, Dodge Beloit, Rock	1878, 79, 80, 81 . 1876. 1875. 1860.		
Burbank, Jerome Burchard, Charles Burdge, Richard J	Beaver Dam, Dodge Beloit, Rock	1856. 1879, 80, b. 1866.		
Burdick, Burrows. Burdick, Henry P. Burdick, Joseph C. Burdick, Perez C. Burdick, Zebulon P. Burgess, D. L. Burgess, John	Selont, Rock Osceola Mills, Polk. Berlin, Green Lake Albion, Dane Janesville, Rock Salon Kenasha	1893, 95. 1870. 1853.		
Burdick, Zebulon P Burgess, D. L	Janesville, Rock	1858 72 75 h		
Burgess, John	Janesville, Rock	1852, 57. 1870, 74. 1891, 93.		
Burnett, Ellsworth Burnham, Charles T Burnham, Jonathan L	River Falls, Pierce Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877. 1878. 1852.		
Burnham, Jonathan L Burnham, Miles Burnham, John F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867. 1897.		
Burnham, Miles Burnham, John F Burns, David M Burns, Timothy Burr, Benjamin	Dodgeville, Iowa	1849.		
Burrows, George B	Stevens Point, Portage. Waukesha, Waukesha. Madison, Dane Mackford, Green Lake Mayville, Dodge Farmersville, Dodge La Crosse, La Crosse Wayside, Brown Lancaster, Grant Omro, Winnebago Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1895, b. 1860, 1863.		
Burth, James W Burtch, Albert Burtch, Henry S. Burton, Samuel S. Burke, Timothy Bushnell, Allen R. Bushnell, Milo C. Butler, Ammi R. R.	Farmersville, Dodge La Crosse, La Crosse	1870. 1864. 1895.		
Bushnell, Allen R Bushnell, Milo C Butler, Ammi R. R.	Lancaster, Grant Omro, Winnebago Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872. 1867, 68. 1866.		
Butler, Ammi R. R Butler, Thomas Butterfield, Henry L Buttles, Mark M	Mt. Pleasant, Racine Waupun, Dodge Onalaska, La Crosse City Point, Jackson	1862. 1856. 1897. 1883.		
Buttles, Mark M	City Point, Jackson	1873. 1868, 69. 1885.		
Canbanis, George E Canbanis, James H	Big Patch, Grant Georgetown, Grant Merton, Waukesha	1872. 1881, 82. 1865.		
Cadby, John N	Merton, Waukesha Dell Prairie, Adams Franklin, Manitowoc Milwankee Milwankee	1873, 74, 79. 1862, 63. 1852.		
Cairneross, George Caldwell, Columbus Caldwell, Geo. F. Caldwell, William Calkins, George H.	Dell Prairie, Adams. Frankin, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Pewaukee, Waukesha. Lind, Waupaca Augusta, Eau Claire Barton, Washington Waupaca, Waupaca.	1857. 1873, 74. 1889. 1848.		
Calkins, George H Callahan, Jonathan G Callis, John B Calwell, Sylvester	Eau Claire, Eau Claire Lancaster, Grant	1875. 1874.		
Cameron, Angus Cameron, Dugald D Cameron, Duncan E	La Crosse, La Crosse La Crosse, La Crosse Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, b. 1856, 57. 1858.		
Cameron, John E Campbell, Alexander	Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Iowa	1862.		

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Camphell James	Albany Green	1861.
Campbell, James	Albany, Green	1848.
Campbell, Robert	Glendale, Monroe	1880.
Campion, James	Mackville, Outagamie	1883.
Cance, Robert	Mackville, Outagamie Ettrick, Trempealeau Pepin, Pepin	1883.
Cannon, Lucius Cantwell, Michael J Carbys, William	Pepin, Pepin	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J	Madison, Dane Mequon River, Ozaukee	1885, 87.
Carbys, William	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1876.
Jarel, John	Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Osman, Manitowoc. Beloit, Rock Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Wauwatosa, Milwaukee. Beloit Rock	1879.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	1879, 80, b.
Carliela Bishand	Beloit, Rock	1848.
Carlisle, Richard Carmichael, Thomas	Ear Claire For Claire	1853.
Carnor Togonh	Wanystosa Milwankaa	1874, 77, 82, 83. 1858.
Carney, JosephCarpenter, Elisha LCarpenter, Joel RCarpenter, Newton F	Watwatosa, Milwatkee. Beloit, Rock. Oconomowoc, Waukesha De Soto, Vernon. Monroe, Green. Milton Junction, Rock. Crystal Lake, Waupaca. Adell. Sheboyan.	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R	Oconomowoc Wankesha	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F	De Soto, Vernon	1866.
Carr. Egbert E	Monroe, Green	1866.
Carr, Solomon C	Milton Junction, Rock	1865, 74.
Carr, Warner C	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1859.
Carroll, John P	Adell, Sheboygan	1866.
Carter, Almerin E	Johnstown, Rock	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F	Johnstown, Rock	1874, 77, b.
Jarpenter, Newton F. Jarr, Egbert E. Carr, Solomon C. Carr, Warner C. Carroll, John P. Carter, Almerin E. Carter, Benjamin F. Carter, Jarvis W. Carter, William E.	i new London, wandaca	1868.
Carter, William E Carthew, John	Platteville, Grant Rockville, Grant	1877, 78, 79. 1867, 70.
Carthew, John	Milwankoo Milwankoo	1874.
Cary, Alfred L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Johnstown, Rock	1861.
Carv. John W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Greenbush, Sheboygan Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1855.
Cary, Luther H	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
Case, John H Cash, William H. H	Eagle Corners, Richland	1880, 81.
Cash, William H. H	New Lisbon, Juneau	1877.
Cashin, Patrick H Caskey, La Fayette	Eagle Corners, Richland New Lisbon, Juneau Stevens Point, Portage	1897.
Cassey, La rayette	Potosi, Grant	1875.
Cassouay, John B	Janesville, Rock	1865, 77. 1863, 72, 74.
Cassoday, John BCasweli, Lucien BCaswell, Napoleon BCaswell, Oliver A	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Caswell, Oliver A	Mount Sterling, Crawford.	1872.
Cate, George W	Amherst. Portage	1852, 53.
Catheart, Hugh	Madison, Dane	1867.
Catlin, Horace Catton, James	Amherst, Portage Madison, Dane Cassyille, Grant	1856.
Catton, James	Burlington, Racine	1852, 57, 62.
Cavanaugh, Daniel Caverno, Charles Caverny, Patrick Challoner, Frank	Burlington, Racine Osceola, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, b.
Caverno, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Challener Frank	Omro Winnehage	1851. 1885, 87.
Chamberlain, A. O	Omro, Winnebago	1881, 82.
	Darlington, Lafayette Grafton, Washington Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1853.
Chamberlain, Charles E.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1873.
Chamberlain, George H	Rock Falls. Dunn	1881.
Chambers, George H Champagne, Peter B Chandler, Willard H Chapin, William D	Bloomington, Grant	1871.
Champagne, Peter B	Merrill, Lincoln	1883.
Chandler, Willard H	Windsor, Dane	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapin, William D	Bloomfield, Walworth	1856.
Chapman, Horace M Chapman, James F Chapman, Samuel E Chappell, William	Racine, Racine Potosi. Grant	1850.
Chapman Samuel E	Westerford Paging	1863. 1848, 61.
Channall William	Waterford, Racine Watertown, Jefferson	1856, 57, b .
	Varona Dana	1866.
Charleton, William	Verona, Dane Madison, Dane	1876.
Otto - or a first or otto	Loko Milmonkoo	1940 50
Chase, Enoch	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50. 1851, 53, 70 , b.
Chase, George H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Chase, Henry A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Chaseburg, Vernon Viroqua, Vernon	1868.
Chase, Henry A	Viroqua, Vernon	1871, 72.
Chase, Horace	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Unse, Leroy S	Osnkosn, Winnebago	1875, 76.
Ohage Soth A	wadwatosa, Milwaukee	1855. 1868.
Quase, Sem A	Clinton Pools	1872, 73.
Cheever Dugtin C		
Cheever, Dustin G Cheeves, Patrick G	North Cape, Racine	1856. 78.
Cheever, Dustin G Cheeves, Patrick G Cheney, David D Cheney, Rufus, Jr	Viroqua, verion. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oshkosh, Winnebago Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Clinton, Rock. North Cape, Racine Sparta, Monroe	1856, 78. 1871.

b. See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, STEVENS POINT.



Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Chesak, Jos	Poniatowski, Marathon East Troy, Walworth Lima, Rock Warren, Crock Leweren	1889.
Child, James	East Troy, Walworth	1860.
Child, John	Warran	1856. 1856.
Chipman, William F Christians, Henry C	Warren, —	1895.
Unristiaansen, Geo		1889.
Church, Francis R	Menomonie, Dunn	1865.
Church, Leonard C. Cirkel, William F. Clack, Charles Clapp, Harvey S. Clarke, Eugene F. Clark, Charles B. Clark, George F. Clark, Isaac. Clark, Gid H.	Walworth, Walworth	1897.
Cirkel, William F	Apple Creek Outagamie	1885. 1897.
Clapp Harvey S	New Richmond, St. Croix	1874.
Clarke, Eugene F	Galesville, Trempealeau	1895.
Clark, Charles B	Galesville, Trempealeau Neenah, Winnebago	1885.
Clark, George F		1866.
Clark, Isaac	Galesville, Trempenleau Rhinelander, Oneida Randolph Center, Columbia Lancaster, Grant. Portland, Jefferson Kildare, Juneau Princeton, Green Lake Brushville, Waushara Green Lake, Marquette Horicon, Dodge. Wausau. Marathon Neosho, Dodge. Brookfield, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Stevens Point, Portage. Platteville, Grant. Marinette, Marinette Ellenboro, Grant. Lancaster, Grant. Cold Spring, Jefferson Boscobel, Grant	1870.
Clark Samuel	Randolph Center Columbia	1887
Clark, John G	Lancaster. Grant	1861.
Clark, Kendall P	Portland, Jefferson	1857.
	Kildare, Juneau	1864.
Clarke, Frank E	Princeton, Green Lake	1895.
Clark, Lyman. Clarke, Frank E. Clark, Samuel R. Clark, Saterlee, Jr. Clark, John C. Clark, John C.	Brushville, Waushara	1878, 79, 85.
Clark, Saterice, Jr	Horicon Dodge	1873. b.
Clark John C	Wansan Marathon	1882
Clason, Jesse A	Neosho, Dodge	1895.
Clason, Jesse A	Brookfield, Waukesha	1874.
Clason, George W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Clements, David R	Stevens Point, Portage	1873, 74.
Clifford Potriol	Marinotto Marinotto	1889
Clice Samuel F	Ellenboro, Grant	1860.
Clise, William H	Lancaster. Grant	1873.
Clothier, Samuel T	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1851.
Clise, Samuel F. Clise, William H. Clothier, Samuel T. Coates, Benjamin M. Coates, Kearton. Cobb, Amasa. Cobb, Nathan. Cochyan Robert	Boscobel, Grant Linden, Jowa Mineral Point, Iowa Neenah, Winnebago Westfield, Marquette Delavan, Walworth Whitewater, Walworth Milwaykee Milwaykee	1869, 75.
Coates, Kearton	Linden, Iowa	1010, 10.
Cobb, Amasa	Mineral Point, lowa	1860, 61, b. 1865.
Cochran Robert	Westfield, Marquette	1864.
Cochran, Robert Cochrane, William A	Delavan, Walworth	1893.
Coe, Edwin D	Whitewater, Walworth	1878, 79.
Colburn, Albert T	Cataract, Monroe	1876.
Colby, Charles L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880. 1881.
Coldwell, Samuel J Cole, Luther A	Mazomanie, Dane	1859.
Cole. Samuel	Gratiot, Lafayette	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Cole, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1855.
Coleman, Charles B Coleman, David M	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1853.
Coleman, David M	Lowell, Dodge	1875. 1866, 67.
Coleman, James Coleman, Orrin	Marcallon Columbia	1853.
	Milwaukee	1860.
Coles, Milo	Bovina, Outagamie	1862.
Colladay, William M Colley, Samuel G Collins, Edward		1856, 65, b.
Colley, Samuel G	Beloit, Rock	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, Edward	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1863. 1858.
Collins, Samuel	Yorkville, Racine	1872.
Colman, Elihu Colomy, George W Colwell, Otis Coombs, Chester D Comdohr, Fred N. Comstock, John Condit, Frederick T. Condit, Frederick T.	Alderly, Dodge	1868.
Colwell, Otis	Southport, Racine	1849.
Coombs, Chester D	North Royalton, Waupaca.	1861, 62.
Comdohr, Fred N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hudson, St. Croix Arcadia, Trempealeau	1883.
Comstock, John	Hudson, St. Croix	1861. 1872, 74, 75, 76, b.
Condit Frederick T	Morrillan Jackson	1879.
Condit James D	Merrillan, Jackson Sparta, Monroe	1858, 78, 79.
Condit, James D Cone, Sterling M Cone, William A		
Cone, William A	New Berlin, Waukesha	1851.
Conger, David B	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
- '	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1868.
Conkey, Theodore	Appleton, Outagamie	1857, b. 1857, 58.
Conklin Sylvester I	Waterloo Jefferson	1859. 69.
Conley, John	Clinton, Rock	1882, 83.
Conklin, Edgar	Waterloo, Jefferson. New Berlin, Waukesha Fond du Lac, Fonddu Lac Greenbush, Sheboygan. Appleton, Outagamie. Green Bay, Brown. Waterloo, Jefferson. Clinton, Rock. Woodville, St. Croix	1889.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
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Conner, Henry	Port Andrew, Richland	1853.
Connors, Mathew J Connor, Lawrence Connor, Robert	Hurley, Iron	1897. 1856, 68.
Connor, Robert	Auburndale Wood	1889.
Converse, Henry	Wyocena, Columbia	1857.
Conway, Patrick J	Meeme, Manitowoc	1891, 93.
Cook Bornard F	Watertown, Jefferson	1895. 1876.
Coolidge, Evan	Waupaca, Waupaca	1889.
Coons, Henry B	Potosi, Grant	1871.
Coolidge, Evan	Spring Prairie, Walworth.	1852. 1866.
Corbett C A	Hurley, Iron Fox Lake, Dodge Auburndale, Wood Wyocena, Columbia Meeme, Manitowoc Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Waupaca, Waupaca. Potosi, Grant Spring Prairie, Walworth. Prescott, Pierce Greenbush, Shebovgan	1889.
Corbett, C. A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Corcoran, B. H	Prescott, Pierce	1893. 1859.
Corning William W	Prescott, Pierce. Greenbush, Sheboygan. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Prescott, Pierce. Delavan, Walworth. Portage, Columbia. Salem, Kenosha. Verona, Dane. Milwaukee Milwaukee	1872.
Cornwell, Almon D	Salem, Kenosha	1858.
Cornwell, Hiram H	Verona, Dane	1873.
Corson, Dighton	minwaukee, minwaukee	1858. 1872.
Corv. Jonathan	Patch Grove, Grant Footville, Rock	1863.
Costigan, William	Footville, Rock. Marshall, Waukesha	1864.
Cotton, Zelotas A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849. 1861.
Corbett, Thomas M. Cororan, B. H. Cornick, Edward P. Corning, William W. Cornwell, Almon D. Cornwell, Hiram H. Corson, Dighton. Cory, Jerome B. Cory, Jonathan. Costigan, William. Cotton, Zelotas A. Cottrell, Daniel. Cotzhausen. Alexander.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Couch, Charles	Amherst, Portage	1891, 93.
Coughlin, Cornelius Cousins, Henry	West Bend, Washington	1878. 1871.
Cousing Marshall	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1895.
Cowie. George	Glencoe, Buffalo	1979
Cox, Charles B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oconomowoe, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Amherst, Portage. West Bend, Washington. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Glencoe, Buffalo. River Falls, Pierce.	1863, b.
Cousins, Marshall Cowie, George Cox, Charles B Cox, George G Cox, Lemuel B	Mineral Point, lowa	1863, b. 1879, 80, 85, 87. 1893, 95.
	Mineral Point, Iowa Stevenstown, La Crosse Hartford, Washington Palmyra, Jefferson	1857.
Craig, Alexander J Craig, Samuel A Craite, Isaac Cram, Eliphalet.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1859.
Craig, Samuel A	Ft. Atkinson, Jenerson	1880, 81, 83, 85. 1887, 89.
Cram Eliphalet	Mishicott, Manitowoc Racine, Racine	1856.
Cramond, James	Manchester Calumet	1852, 56.
Cramond, James Crandall, Daniel B Crandall, Paul	Utica, Dane	1858. 1849.
	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1848.
Crary, Leonard P	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1850.
Crawford, Henry	Whitewater, Walworth Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848. 1856.
Crawford, Henry	Milwankee, Milwankee	1854.
Crawford, John	Monroe, Green Mineral Point, Iowa	1849.
Crawford, Robert M	Mineral Point, Iowa	1891. 1870.
Crockett Samuel	Belleville, Dane Westfield, Marquette	1877.
Crocker, John R Crockett, Samuel Croll, William	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1891, 93, 95.
Crosby, Geo. H	Beloit, Rock	1875. 1862.
Crosby, John B	Palmyra, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50, 55.
Cross, William S	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sun Prairie, Dane	1859.
Crosse, Charles G	Sun Prairie, Dane	1880. 1850.
Crosswell, Caleb	Baraboo, Sauk	1857.
Cunningham, Thomas Cunningham, Thomas J Curley, Thomas	i Chinnewa Falls, Uniddewa	1887.
Curley, Thomas	Belle Center, Crawford Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1883, 85. 1876.
Curtis, David W	Madison, Dane	1883.
Curley, Thomas Curtis, David W Curtis, Dexter Curtis, Joseph S	Green Bay, Brown Hebron, Jefferson	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Mark Curtis, Thruman H	Hebron, Jefferson	1889.
Curtis, Thruman H	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1866.
Daane, Peter, Jr	Oostburg, Sheboygan	1873.
Daggart, Charles B	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1865.
Dailey, Guy W	Hudson, St. Croix	1893.
Daily, Charles C	Hustisford, Dodge	1864.
Daggart, Charles B. Dagley, Guy W. Dailey, Guy W. Daily, Charles C. Daily, John G. Dakin, Wm. H. Dale, Peter J.	Ostourg, Sheboygan Two Rivers, Manitowoc. Hudson, St. Croix Marinette. Marinette. Hustisford, Dodge Dartford, Green Lake Coon Prairie, Vernon	1875.
Dale, Peter J	Coon Prairie, vernon	1011.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
	B	1000
Daley, Edward Dana, Stillman E Danielson, George Darbellay, Joseph E	Brown Deer, Milwaukee	1866.
Dana, Stillman E	Portage City, Columbia Neenah, Winnebago	1871. 1893.
Danielson, George	Kewannee Kewannee	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E	Kewaunee, Kewaunee Shiocton, Shawano	1874.
	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1893.
Daugherty, Jonathan	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1848, 49,
Daugherty, Jonathan Davenport, C. A Davidson, J. O Davies, David C Davis, Charles A Davis, David C	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Rosendale, Fond du Lac Auroraville, Waushara	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O	Soldiers' Grove, Crawford. Cambria, Columbia	1893, 95, 97.
Davies, David C	Cambria, Columbia	1868.
Davis, Charles A	Bear Creek, Waupaca Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oshkosh, Winnebago Mifflin, Iowa	1881, 82.
	Ochkoch Winnehage	1865. 1863.
Davis, Emery F. Davis, John J. Davis, John W. Davis, Moses M.	Mifflin Iowa	1871.
Davis, John W	Fox Lake, Dodge	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M	Fox Lake, Dodge Portage City, Columbia	1856, b.
Havis Orsamus S		1873.
Davis, Richard H	Baraboo, Sauk. Millard, Walworth. Waupun, Dodge. La Crosse, La Crosse.	1855.
Davie Thomas	Millard, Walworth	1865, 66. 1879.
Davison, James	Waupun, Dodge	1879.
Davison, James Davison, Robert W Dawson, John	Beverly, Dane	1857.
Dawson, John	La Crosse, La Crosse	1883, 91,
Day, John Day, Rufus M	Mt Hope Grent	1856. 1885, 87.
Day, Ruius M	Roscobol Grant	18.8.
Dean, Charles K Dean, Nathaniel W	Green Bay, Brown Mt. Hope, Grant Boscobel, Grant Madison, Dane Alma, Buffalo Nolson Buffalo	1867.
DeGroff John W	Alma, Buffalo	1879, b.
DeGroff, Allen H	Nelson, Buffalo	
Deissner, Charles T	Waukesha, Waukesha Sheboygan Falls, Sheboyga Antigo, Langlade Horicon, Dodge Barton, Washington.	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboyga	1877.
Deleglise, Frank A	Antigo, Langlade	1893.
Delaney, Arthur K	Horicon, Douge	1869, b. 1855, 65, 66
Delaney, Mitchell L	Pensaukee, Oconto	1882.
Dean, Nathaniel W. DeGroff, John W. DeGroff, Allen H. Deissner, Charles T. DeLand, Ambrose D. Deleglise, Frank A. Delaney, Arthur K. Delaney, Mitchell L. Delano, George W. Delany, John DeLap, R. H. DeLong, Cornelius. Deniston, Charles R. Dennis, John E., Jr.	Stevens Point, Portage	1849.
DeLan R H		#000
DeLong. Cornelius	Belmont, Lafayette	1850.
Deniston, Charles R	Viola, Richland. Belmont, Lafayette. Cadiz, Green. Glenbeulah, Sheboygan Watertown, Dodge Wilwaukee, Milwaukee. Menomonee Falls, Waukesha. Spring Prairie, Walworth. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75.
Deniston, Charles R. Dennis, John E., Jr. Dennis, Wm. M. Dennis, W. L. Dent, James S. Dethrick, Walter G. Desmond, H. J. Desnoyer, Francis. Detmering, Charles W.	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M	Watertown, Dodge	1853, b. 1889.
Dennis, W. L	Manamana Falla Wankagha	1876.
Dethmisk Walter C	Spring Prairie Walworth	1882.
Dethrick, Waiter G	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Green Bay, Brown Newburg, Washington Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1891.
Desnover Francis	Green Bay, Brown	1854.
Detmering, Charles W Detling, Val Daveney, Dominick	Newburg, Washington	1858.
Detling, Val	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1889.
Daveney, Dominick	Montello, Marquette	1856.
Devy, Patrick Deuster, John H	Watertown, Jefferson	1873.
Deuster, John H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866. 1893.
Deuster, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Coopertown, Brown Lancaster, Grant Niellsville, Clark Eikhorn, Walworth Milwaukee, Milwaukee Delavan, Walworth Kenosha, Kenosha Manchester, Calumet Milwaukee, Milwaukee Brothertown, Calumet	1863. b.
Deuster, Peter v Dewane, Dennis. Dewey, William Pitt. Dewhurst, Richard Dewolf, Edwin Dewolf, Edwin	Coopertown Brown	1873, 76.
Dewey William Pitt	Lancaster, Grant	1869, 70.
Dewburst, Richard	Niellsville, Clark	1859, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B	Elkhorn, Walworth	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
DeWolf, John	Delavan, Walworth	1860.
Dexter, Walter L	Kenosna, Kenosna	1878.
Dick, Alonzo D	Manchester, Calumet	1049.
Dick, John C	Brothertown, Calumet	1851, 71.
Diekinson P Engion	Platteville Grant	1883.
DeWolf, John Dexter, Walter L Dick, Alonzo D Dick, John C Dick, Wm. H Dickinson P. Ensign Dickson, John P	Platteville, Grant	1859, 60.
Dieckman, Theodore	Buebuygan, Buebuygan	1893.
Dieckman, Theodore Dieringer, Andrew Dieves, William Dike, Henry B Dimond, Neil	Auburn, Fond du Lac Greenfield, Milwaukee	1806, 69.
Dieves, William	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1861.
Dike, Henry B	Osceola Mills, Polk	1891.
Dimond, Neil	Midland, Marquette	1872.
Dill, Dan J	Prescott, Pierce	1889, 91.
Dittmer, F. K	Moome Manitowoe	1887. 1866, 67.
Dill, Dan J. Dittmer, F. R. Dittmar, Nicholas. Divin, Edward. Dixon, Hannibal S.	Greenfield, Milwaukee Osceola Mills, Polk Midland, Marquette Prescott, Pierce Seymour, Outagamie Meeme, Manitowoc Richfield, Washington New London, Waupaca	1850.
Dixon, Hannibal S	New London, Waupaca	1877.

Ithaca, Richland	1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	63. 53,	68.					
Morrison, Brown. Ten Mile House, Milwauke Plymouth, Sheboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Racine, Racine. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Poynette, Columbia. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand, Pepin. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Wornewager, Woure en	1870. 1870. 1860. 1862, 1850, 1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	63. 53,	68.					
Morrison, Brown. Ten Mile House, Milwauke Plymouth, Sheboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Racine, Racine. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Poynette, Columbia. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand, Pepin. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Wornewager, Woure en	1870. 1860. 1862, 1850, 1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53, 53,						
Plymouth, Sheboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Racine, Racine. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Poynette, Columbia. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Mauitowoc, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand, Pepin. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860. 1862, 1850, 1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53, 53,						
Plymouth, Sheboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Racine, Racine. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Poynette, Columbia. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Mauitowoc, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand, Pepin. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1862, 1850, 1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53, 53,						
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oshkosh, Winnebago Poynette, Columbia Waupun, Fond du Lac Manitowoc, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53, 53,						
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oshkosh, Winnebago Poynette, Columbia Waupun, Fond du Lac Manitowoc, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1891. 1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53,						
Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago Poynette, Columbia Waupun, Fond du Lac Manitowoc, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1895. 1866. 1876. 1852, 1868,	53, 69.	54.					
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1851	53, 69.	54.					
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1851	53, 69.	54.					
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1851	53, 69.	54.					
Milwaukee, Milwaukee Durand, Pepin Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1851	69.						
Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1877, 1848.							
Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Weyauwega, Waupaca	1848.	70	95	60				
Weyauwega, Waupaca	TO TO:	10,	ω,	· J.				
	1865.							
Hanover, Rock	1866.							
Appleton, Outagmaie	1863.	_						
Melrose, Jackson	1874,	b.						
Watworth, Warworth	1873.							
Cooksville Rock	1867							
					_			
Richmond, Richland	1855.	b.						
Tomah, Monroe	1877.							
Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1873.							
Millord, Jefferson								
St Croix Fells Polk								
Sturgeon Ray Door								
Milwankee, Milwankee		69.	76					
Menasha, Winnebago	1858.	υ,	• • •					
Benton, Lafayette	1870.							
101a. Wannaca 1	1858.							
Eiknorn, Walworth	1875.							
Manitowoe, Manitowoe	1858,	59.						
Milwankee Milwankee	1887	80						
Elk Grove, Lafavette	1884.	00.						
Wonewoc, Juneau	1881.							
Madison, Dane	1874.							
Brodhead, Green	1865,	67.						
Manitowea Manitowea								
Columbus Columbia								
Oregon, Dane								
Lodi, Columbia	1875.							
Racine. Racine	1867,	68.						
Burlington, Racine								
Eulton Rock								
Shullsburg Lafavotto	1858.	54	55	57	58	77	h	
Ochkoch Winnehago		54,	υ,	υι,	00,	٠٠,	ь.	
Plymouth Sheboygan		b.						
Plymouth, Sheboygan	1879.	~•						
Walworth, Walworth	1851,	58.						
Cudahy, Milwaukee	1895,	97.						
Lodi, Columbia	1880.	00	1.					
Lone Rock, Richland	1865,	66,	D.					
Fond du Lac Fond du Lac	1855							
Milwaukee	1860							
Do Sato Vornon	1970	80.						
Waterville, Waukesha	1863.							
Spring Prairie, Walworth	1870.							
Oconto Falls, Oconto	1891.							
Port Edwards, Wood	1893.							
Kosendale, Fond du Lac	1897.	h						
Racino Racino	1887	u.						
Macine, Macine	TOUT							
New Castle, Fond du Lac.	1882.							
Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859.							
Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau.	1881.							
	Richmond, Richland. Tomah, Monroe. Prairie du Chien, Crawford. Milford, Jefferson. Osceola Mills, Polk. St. Croix Falls, Polk. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Benton, Lafayette. Lola, Waupaca. Elkhorn, Walworth. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Mapleton, Dodge. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Elk Grove, Lafayette. Wonewoc, Juneau. Madison, Dane. Brodhead, Green. Robinson, Brown. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Columbias, Columbia. Oregon, Dane. Lodi, Columbia. Racine, Racine. Fulton, Rock. Pardeeville, Columbia. Shullsburg, Lafayette. Oshkosh, Wilnebago. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Walworth. Walworth. Cudahy, Milwaukee. Lodi, Columbia. Lone Rock. Richland. Brant's Mills, Manitowoc. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Tond du Lac. Tond Cocnto. Port Edwards, Wood. Rosendale, Fond du Lac. Racine, Racine. Clyman, Dodge.	Walworth, Walworth. 1873. Waterville, Waukesha 1877. Cooksville, Rock 1867. Horicon, Dodge 1878. Richmond, Richland 1885. Tomah, Monroe 1873. Milford, Jefferson 1873. Milford, Jefferson 1856. Osceola Mills, Polk 1870. St. Croix Falls, Polk 1877. Sturgeon Bay, Door 1887. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1868. Menasha, Winiebago 1858. Benton, Lafayette 1870. Iola, Waupaca 1858. Bikhorn, Walworth 1875. Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1858. Malkorn, Dodge 1874. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1887. Elk Grove, Lafayette 1884. Wonewoc, Juneau 1881. Madison, Dane 1874. Robinson, Brown 1887. Rolinson, Brown 1887. Rolinson, Brown 1887. Racine, Racine 1862. Oregon, Dane	Richmond, Richland.	Richmond, Richland	Richmond, Richland 1855, b.	Richmond, Richland 1855, b Tomah, Monroe 1877 1873 1874 Milford, Jefferson 1856 1870 Osceola Mills, Polk 1870 1870 St. Croix Falls, Polk 1870 1887 St. Croix Falls, Polk 1887 1887 Sturgeon Bay Door 1887 1887 Sturgeon Bay Door 1887 1870 St. Croix Falls, Polk 1870 1887 Sturgeon Bay Door 1887 1870 Sturgeon Bay Door 1887 1870 Sturgeon Bay Door 1887 1870 Isola Wallander 1870 1870 Iola, Walwace 1870 1870 Iola, Waupaca 1875 1875 Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1858 1875 Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1884 1884 Wonewoc, Juneau 1881 1874 Brodhead, Green 1865 67 1887 Rabinson, Bnown 1887 1887 Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1848 1862 Oregon, Dane 1861 1862 Oregon, Dane 1861 1875 Racine, Racine 1858 1858 Shullsburg, Lafayette 1852 1857 Shullsburg, Lafayette 1852 1857 Shullsburg, Lafayette 1852 1857 Shullsburg, Lafayette 1851 1857 Plymouth, Sheboygan 1871 Plymouth, Sheboygan 1871 Plymouth, Sheboygan 1871 Plymouth, Walworth 1851 58 Cudahy, Milwaukee 1886 1866 Brant's Mills, Manitowoc 1866 Brant's Mills, Manitowoc 1866 Brant's Mills, Manitowoc 1866 De Soto, Vernon 1879 80 Waterville, Waukesha 1863 Spring Prairie, Walworth 1870 Oconto Falls, Oconto 1891 Port Edwards, Wood 1887 Clyman, Dodge 1856 1856	Richmond, Richland	Richmond, Richland. 1855, b. Tomah, Monroe 1877. Prairie du Chien, Crawford. 1873. Milford, Jefferson 1856. Osceola Mills, Polk 1870. St. Croix Falls, Polk 1897. Sturgeon Bay. Door 1887. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1868, 69, 76. Menasha, Winiebago 1858. Menasha, Winiebago 1858. Benton, Lafayette 1870. Iola, Waupaca 1858. Elkhorn, Walworth 1875. Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1853. Mapleton, Dodge 1874. Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1887. Maliwaukee, Milwaukee 1887. Maliwaukee, Milwaukee 1887. Maliwaukee, Milwaukee 1887. Robinson, Dane 1861. Brodhead, Green 1862. Gregon, Dane 1861. Lodi, Columbia 1858. Racine, Racine 1864. Pardeeville, Columbia 1858. Pulton, Rock 1854. Pardeeville, Columbia 1858. Shullsburg, Lafayette 1852. Oshkosh, Winnebago 1851. Plymouth, Sheboygan 1871. Plymouth, Sheboygan 1872. Plymouth, Sheboygan 1873. Posto, Vernon 1886. Brant's Mills, Manitowoc 1866. Pond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Spring Prairie, Walworth 1870. Port Edwards, Wood 1893. Rosendale, Fond du Lac. 1891. Port Edwards, Wood 1893. Racine, Racine 1886. Racine 1886. Racine 1886. Racine 1886.

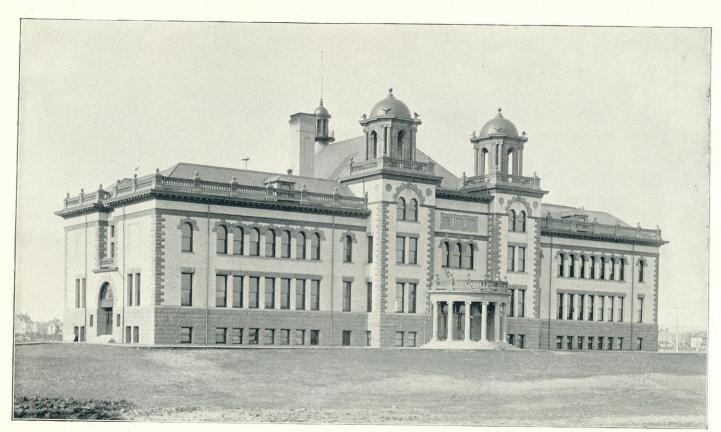
b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Elkert, Chas. Elkins, John Ellarson, James T Ellefson, Christen. Ellenwood, Alexander P. Elliott, George W Ellis, Pitts Ellsworth, Lemuel. Ellsworth, Orlando.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Racine, Racine Wautoma, Waushara. Liberty Pole, Vernon Reedsburg, Sauk. Ahnapee, Kewaunee Green Bay, Brown. Genesee, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 89. 1873. 1895. 1878, 83. 1878, 79. 1861, 62, 63, b. 1850. 1875, 76.
Elmore, Andrew E. Elston, A. C. V. Elver, Fritz Elwell, Joseph S. Emerey, Albert W. Emery, Harvey W. Emmons, Newton H. Emmons, Newton H. Emglish, Thomas W. Eno, Edgar Enos, Elihu, Jr. Erskine, George Q. Esser, Bernard	Mukwonago, Waukesha. Muscoda, Iowa. Middleton, Dane. Hudson, St. Croix. Potosi, Grant. Portage City, Columbia. Stevens Point, Portage. Watertown, Jefferson. Baraboo, Sauk. Valley, Vernon. Waukesha. Waukesha.	1859, 60. 1889. 1882. 1864. 1861. 1865. 1848. 1891. 1874. 91.
Erskine, George Q Esser, Bernard. Estabrook, Charles E Estabrook, Edward. Estabrook, Experience. Eugene, John B. Eustis, William. Evans, Evan W Evans, John M Evans, Llewelyn J	Waukesha, Waukesha. Racine, Racine Middleton, Dane. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Platteville, Grant. Whitewater, Walworth. Green Bay, Brown. Oakland, Jefferson. Spring Green, Sauk. Union, Rock.	1866. 1883. 1881, 82, 85. 1854. 1851. 1868. 1854. 1885, 87. 1885, 73.
Evans, John M. Evans, Llewelyn J. Evans, Neils C. Evans, Rees Evans, William H. Everley, Francis, Jr Everts, Almeron B. Everts, Edward I. Everts, George W. Eviston, John W. Eviston, Thomas H.	Union, Rock. Racine, Racine. Mt. Horeb, Dane. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Yankeetown, Crawford. West Bend. Washington. Appleton, Outagamie. Falls City, Dunn. Granville Sta., Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1856, 73. 1857. 1893. 1869. 1874. 1851. 1861. 1882. 1883. 1863, 64.
Faber, William Fagan, James Fagg. Peter Fairchild, Cassius Farley, Thomas Farnsworth, Nathaniel C Farr, Asa W Farr, Asahel Farwell, Leonard J Fay, Benjamin F	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891. 1849, 57. 1875, 76. 1860. 1883, 85. 1855, 56. 1875. 1856. 1873, b . 1860.
Fay, Reuel K	Madison, Dane. Prairie du Chien, Crawford Star Prairie, St. Croix. Roche-a-Cri, Adams. Byron, Fond du Lac. Merrill, Lincoln. Mazomanie, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Genoa Junction, Walworth. Beloit, Rock. Attica, Green. Montford, Grant.	1871. 1865. 1873. 1889. 1889. 1897. 1865. 87, 59 1868. 69, 70,
Felt, Engene K. Fenton, Thomas. Ferrin, Samuel A. Ferris, George H. Fetzer, John. Fiebrantz, W. J. Field, James. Field, Norton J. Field, Norton J. Field, William, Jr. Field, William W. Field, Storer W. Fifield, Sam S.	Montford, Grant Lamartine, Fond du Lac Forestville, Door Milwaukee, Milwaukee Berlin, Green Lake Racine, Racine Richland City, Richland De Pere, Brown Fennimore, Grant Fitchburg, Dane Ashland, Ashland	1876, 77, 79, 81. 1857, b.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Filon Alengen	Basina Basina	
Filer, Alanson		1855.
Filz, Joseph	Luxemburg, Kewaunee Luxemburg, Kewaunee	. 1891.
Finch Oscar	Augusta Ran Claire	. 1891, 93. 1891.
Finch, Earl P	Augusta, Eau Claire Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883.
Findago, Charles	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1882.
Finger, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Fink, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Findago, Charles Finger, Adam Fink, Henry Finkelnberg, Augustus	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fountain City, Buffalo	1874, b.
Finitey, William S	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1 1861.
Finn, David Finnerty, Patrick Fischer, Francis Fischer, Henry P. Fisher, James Fisher, Lewis S. Fisher, Lucius G. Fisher, Seth Fisk, Harmon J. Fisk, William J. Fitzgerald, Frank	Merrill, Lincoln	1893, 95. 1887.
Fischer, Francis	Wrightstown, Brown. Cross Plains, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Prairie du Chien, Crawford Sparta, Mouroe Beloit, Rock. Center, Rock	1860.
Fischer, Henry P	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Fisher, James	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lewis S	Sparta, Monroe	1887.
Fisher, Lucius G	Beloit, Rock	1857.
Fisher, Seth	Center, Rock	1869.
Fisk, Harmon J	Center, Rock Fall River, Columbia Fort Howard, Brown	1877.
Fitzgerald Frank	Hartford Washington	1875, 76. 1877.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M	Franklin Milwaukee	1850.
Fitzgerald, James	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac.	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael	Hartford, Washington. Franklin, Milwaukee. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1870, 71.
Fitzgerald, William H	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1010, 19, 00, 91, 90.
Fisk, William J. Fitzgerald, Frank Fitzgerald, Garrett M Fitzgerald, James Fitzgerald, Michael Fitzgerald, William H FitzGibbon, E. E Flagg, Abner S Flanders James G	Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Waunakee, Dane. Edgerton, Rock	1885.
Flagg, Abner S	Milweyles Milweyles	1897.
Flanders, James G Flett, William H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Merrill, Lincoln	1877. 1897.
Fletcher, Daniel	Hustisford, Dodge	1856.
Fleming, William	Emmett, Dodge	1879, 80.
Fleming, John G	Emmett, Dodge. Wilmot, Kenosha	1887.
Flinn, Hezekiah	Watertown, Jefferson	1877, 78, 79 .
Flint, Alvin L	Princeton, Green Lake	1861.
Fletcher, Daniel. Fleming, William Fleming, John G Flinn, Hezekiah. Flint, Alvin L. Flint, John M. Flint, Rockwell J. Flint, Waldo S Flood, Martin	Watertown, Jefferson. Princeton, Green Lake. Sun Prairie, Dane. Menomonie, Dunn. Princeton, Green Lake. Brooklyn, Green	1866, 67.
Flint Woldo S	Princeton Cross Lake	1875, b. 1876, b.
Flood. Martin	Brooklyn, Green	1856.
Flynn, John	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1849.
Fobes, Jabez L	Two Rivers Manitemee	1861 , 69.
Fogo, William M	Richland Center, Richland Black River, Jefferson Green Bay, Brown Footville, Rock	1897.
Folts, Jonas	Black River, Jefferson	1868.
Foot, Ezra A	Footville Poek	1880, 81. 1857, 67, b.
	Berlin, Green Lake	1873.
Ford, David	Waunakee, Dane	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H	Columbus, Columbia	1867. 68.
Ford, Milan	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P	Golden Lake, Jefferson	1865.
Foster, Cariton	Maywilla Dadge	1873, 74, 83
Foote, Apollos D. Ford, David. Ford, Ira H. Ford, Milan. Forsyth, Wm. P. Foster, Carlton. Foster, Edward N. Foster, Expert.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, 57. 1863.
Foster, Egbert	Whitewater Walworth	1863.
Foster, Henry L	Deerfield, Dane	1853.
Foster, James H	Koro, Winnebago	1869, 70, b.
Fowle, Jacob	Emarald Rock	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams Fowler, Henry	Columbus, Dodge	1870.
Fowler, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 67, 72. 1854.
Fox, George		1865.
Frank. John G	Jackson Washington	1879.
Frank, Michael	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Frackenberg, Ernst Frank, John G Frank, Michael Frary, John S	Newberg, Washington	1865.
Frazell, James B Fraser, Frank L		1863.
	Lake Beulah, Walworth	1891, 93, 95.
Frazier, William	Lake Beulah. Walworth Enterprise, Vernon. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Shullsburg, Lafayette	1874.
Treeman, James W	Shullshurg Lafavette	1871, 80.
French, Asa W	Herman, Dodge	1851.
Frey, Anton	Franklin, Milwaukee	1864.
Friend, Jacob E	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
crink, Charles N	Enterprise, Vernon. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Shullsburg. Lafayette. Herman, Dodge. Franklin, Milwaukee. Vilwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. West Bend, Washington. Jackson, Washington.	1897.
rispy, Leander F	west Bend, Washington	1861.
roeniich, william H	Jackson, wasnington	1895, 97.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Frost Goorge L	Dodgovillo Jowe	1970 h
Frost Joseph	Dodgeville, Iowa Avoca, Iowa	1879, b. 1867.
Frost, Joseph Frost, Richard D		1887.
Frost, Andrew C	Madison, Dane	1895.
Frost, Richard D. Frost, Andrew C. Fryer, Nelson. Fusssenich, Peter P. Fuller, Hosea, Jr. Fuller, M. D. L. Fuller, Wilfred. Fullerton, Thomas M. Fullmer, Baldwin M. Fullmer, David G.	Gold Spring, Jefferson. Eden, Manitowoc. Pewaukee, Waukesha. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Waupun, Dodge. Dodgeville, Iowa. Loyal, Clark.	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P	Eden, Manitowoc	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred	Waupun, Dodge	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M	Dodgeville, Iowa	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M	Hudgon St Chair	1893.
Enlton Marcus A	Hudson St. Croix	
Funke Ernst	Oconto Oconto	1865, 68, b. 1878, 81.
Fulton, David C	Hudson, St. Croix	1852.
	Oxfordville, Rock	1891.
Gaarder, O. P Gabriel, Hiram	Stewart, Green	1882. 83.
Gablet, Hall Gage, Charles D. Gage, Loroy D. Galaghan, Patrick Gallagher, John E. Gallagher, James S. Gallett, Charles R.		1853, 67.
Gage, Loroy D	New Fane, Fond du Lac Richland Center, Richland. Darlington, Lafayette Waukesha, Waukesha Gratiot, Lafayette Portage, Columbia Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Grand Rapids Wood	1862.
Galaghan, Patrick	Darlington, Lafayette	1871.
Gallagher, John E	Waukesha, Waukesha	1850.
Gallager, James S	Bontone Columbia	1883. 1879.
Calloway Edwin U	Fond du Lag Fond du Lag	1863, 64.
Gardner George R	Grand Rapids Wood	1883.
Galloway, Edwin H Gardner, George R Gardner, William Garrison, Orestes	Emerald Grove, Rock	1879.
Garrison, Orestes	Centralia, Wood	1861.
Gary, George	Centralia, Wood Oshkosh, Winnebago	1854, 55, b.
Garside, Ben Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Gault, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Pheasant Branch, Dane	1858, 67, 68.
Gaynor, John A		1893.
Gawin, August M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Brandon, Fond du Lac	1897. 1881.
Gee, James E	Shehovgan Shehovgan	1861,
Coice William	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879.
Geise, WilliamGeisse, Charles	Taycheedah Fond du Lac	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick	Waterloo, Dodge	1875.
Geraghty, Patrick Germain, Columbus	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1876.
Gibb, John		1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F		1858.
Gibbs, Charles R	Whitewater, Walworth	1873.
Hibson, Moses S	Hudson, St. Croix	1859.
Gibb, John. Gibbs, Benjamin F Gibbs, Charles R Gibson, Moses S Gibson, William J Gifford, Peter D Gilbert, Alvarus E Gilbert, Julius L Gilbert, Myron Hes, Hiram H Hillen, Simon	Whitewater, Walworth. Hudson, St. Croix Black River Falls, Jackson North Prairie, Waukesha Prospect Hill, Waukesha	1854, b. 1851, 62, 66.
Tilhord, Peter D	Prospect Hill Wankesha	1878, 79.
Tilbort Tulius L	Racine Racine	1848.
Tilbert Myron	Racine, Racine Prospect Hill, Waukesha	1861 65
Files. Hiram H	Stoughton, Dane	1852, D.
Fillen, Simon	Cascade, Sheboygan	1882.
Hillespie, John	Stoughton, Dane	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1880, 81.
Fillilan, Davis		1849.
Filman, Franklin	Gilmanton, Buffalo	1880.
	Beaver Dam, Dodge. North Cape, Racine Jamestown, Grant Ellsworth, Pierce. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1895.
	Tamostown Crant	1863, 68, 69. 1848.
Tilgon Franklin I.	Ellsworth Pierce	1881, 82.
Hilmore, James	Milwankee Milwankee	1880. 81.
Ginty, George C		1863, b.
riesson tinaries B	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1870.
Heason, George	Whitewater, Rock	1876.
Gleason, GeorgeGleason, Thomas	Grimm's, Manitowoc	1881.
Henn, Robert	Wyalusing, Grant	1863, 65, 74 . 1865, 73.
Inewuch, Ferdinand	Wyalusing, Grant Hustisford, Dodge Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1865, 73.
oddard, H. J	Unippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1885.
Joeqjen, Henry	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1882, 83.
roetze, Gustav	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1875, 76, 77. 1860.
Toodall I E	Milwankoo Milwankoo	1855.
Foodell, B. Frank	Montello, Marquette.	1876.
Henn, Robert. Jnewuch, Ferdinand. Joddard, H. J. Joedjen, Henry. Joetze, Gustav. Jolden, George. Joddall, I. E. Joodell, B. Frank. Joodell, Lemuel. Joodell, Emilus S. Joodhue, Thomas H.	Montello, Marquette Stockbridge, Calumet Viroqua, Vernon Whitewater, Rock	1848, b .
Foodell, Emilus S	Viroqua, Vernon	1897.
Goodhue, Thomas H	Whitewater, Rock	1864, 70.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Goodrich, Charles P	Christiana, Jefferson	1868.
Goodrich, Charles P Goodrich, Joseph Goodsell, Elihu B	Milton, Rock	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B	Highland, Iowa	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E	Mayville, Dodge	1868.
Goodwin, George B Gordon, Abram	Racine, Racine. North Port, Shawano. Pewaukee, Waukesha. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Janesville, Rock. Muscoda, Grant. Milwankoe Milwankoe	1860. 1852.
Gorman, Michael	North Port, Shawano	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1855, 93.
Gowdey, David C	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Graham, Alexander	Janesville, Rock	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J	Milwaukaa Milwaukaa	1878.
Granger Jededish W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Menomonie, Dunn Tichora, Marquette. Union Center, Juneau. Hebron, Jefferson. East Troy, Walworth. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Gravesville, Calumet	1852. 1870.
Granger, Jedediah W. Grant, Harvey. Grant, Job N. Grant, Willard. Graves, Gaylord. Graves, George S. Graves, LeRoy. Graves, Sereno W. Gray, Albert L. Gray, Almond D. Gray, Amos S. Gray, Ansley.	Tichora, Marquette	1855.
Grant, Job N	Union Center, Juneau	1875.
Grant, Willard	Hebron, Jefferson	1855.
Graves, Gaylord	East Troy, Walworth	1848.
Graves, George S	Gravesville, Calumet	1867, 68, 69. 1861.
Graves, Sereno W	Rutland, Dane	1861.
Grav. Albert L	Ft. Howard, Brown	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D	Hudson, St. Croix	1856.
Gray, Amos S	Osceola, Polk	1865.
Gray, Ansley	Rutland, Dane. Ft. Howard, Brown. Hudson, St. Croix Osceola, Polk Avoca, Iowa	1876.
Gray, Hamilon H	Darlington, Lafayette. Hudson, St. Croix. Mineral Point, Iowa.	1899, 98, D.
Gray, James B Gray, John	Mineral Point Iowa	1858. 1877, 78.
Green, Asaph. Green, John. Green, Paul M. Green, William C. Green, William H. Green, William H. Greene, Walter S. Greene, Publis	Mineral Point, Iowa. Chilton, Calumet. Moscow, Iowa. Milton, Rock. York, Green. Lowell, Dodge. Milford, Jefferson. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Little Prairie, Walworth.	1860.
Green, John	Moscow, Iowa	1867.
Green, Paul M	Milton, Rock	1893.
Green, William C	York, Green	1850.
Green, William H	Milford Tofforgon	1852, 64. 1863.
Troope Walter S	Milford Jefferson	1862, b.
Greening, Philip. Greening, William. Greenan, John W. Gregory, George K. Greulich, Augustus.	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac.	1879.
Greening, William	Little Prairie, Walworth	1877.
Greeman, John W	Bergen, Vernon	
Gregory, George K	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Bloomfield, Walworth. Saukville, Washington. Oak Grove, Dodge. Shields, Dodge.	1862.
Freulich, Augustus	Bloomfold Walworth	1848, 56 , b . 1895.
Grier, Thomas H. Griffin, Cornelius S. Griffin, Harvey C. Griffin, John D. Griffin, John G.	Saukville, Washington	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860, 62.
Friffin, John D	Shields, Dodge	1855.
Friffin, John G	Smeins, Dodge. Randolph, Columbia Kilbourn City, Columbia Waterloo, Dodge Jefferson, Jefferson. Jefferson, Jefferson. Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1876.
	Waterles Dodge	1876, b. 1876.
Griffin, Patrick Grimm, Christopher Grimm, George Grimmer, Thomas D Grimslaw, John	Jefferson Jefferson	1893.
Frimm George	Jefferson, Jefferson	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1872.
Grimshaw, John	Elroy, Juneau	1887.
Grinde, Hans S	De Forest, Dane	1887. 1858, 59, 60, b.
Griswold, William M	Tirada Walworth	1865.
Groot Agron V	Brookfield. Wankesha	1851.
Grover Elegzer Ir	Madison, Dane	1860.
Jrimee, Hans S. Jriswold, William M. Jroesbeck, Benjamin F. Groot, Aaron V. Jrover, Eleazer, Jr. Jrover, Woodbury S. Jrubb, William S. Junbs, Herman. Junes, Francis M.	Prairie Farm, Barron	1877.
Grubb, William S	Baraboo, Sauk	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman	Watertown, Dodge	1875.
Guernsey, Francis M Guernsey, George H Guernsey, Orrin	Almond Portage	1878. 1875.
Cuannage Omin	Janesville Rock	1862.
Gulick, Joachim	Ora Oak, Grant	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L	Cumberland, Barron	1880.
Gunn, Smith R	Prescott, Pierce	1855.
Gunn. Smith R	Madison Dana	1889. 1872.
Gurnee, John D	Oshkosh, Winnebago. Blroy, Juneau. De Forest, Dane. Columbus, Columbia. Tirade. Walworth. Brookfield, Waukesha. Madison, Dane. Prairie Farm, Barron. Baraboo, Sauk. Watertown, Dodge. Clintonville, Waupaca. Almond. Portage. Janesville, Rock. Ora Oak, Grant. Cumberland, Barron. Pressort, Pierce. Friendship, Adams. Madison, Dane.	1014.
Hahen Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1882, 85, b.
Hackett. John	Oshkosh, Winnebago Beloit, Rock	1070
Haben, Andrew Hackett, John Haderer, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Hadley, Jackson	Heloit, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Waukesha, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Green Bay, Brown.	1854, 65, 66, 67, b .
Hadfield, Jos. J	Milwankee, Milwankee	1853, 57.



HENRY GUGLER CO. MILWAUKEE.



	Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
	Hagerty, Timothy Hagestad, K. K	Franklin, Milwaukee Ettrick, Trempealeau	1854. 1889.
	Hahn, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
	Hahn, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Brothertown, Calumet Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1878. 1875.
-	Hale, Obed P	Kenosha Kenosha	1851.
	Hale, Samuel	Kenosha, Kenosha Racine, Racine Knapp, Dunn	1854.
	Hall Albert R	Knapp. Dupp	1850. 1891, 93, 95, 97.
	Hall, Daniel	Watertown, Jefferson Waukau, Winnebago	1870, 71, 72.
	Hall, Erasmus D	Waukau, Winnebago	1848. 1862.
	Hall, Albert R	Dell Prairie, Adams Walworth, Walworth Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1870.
	Hall, John W	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1861. 1858.
	Hall, Jonathan C	Marinette, Marinette. Monroe, Green. Oconto, Oconto. Burnside, Buffalo. Crystal Lake, Waupaca. Racine, Racine. Milwaukae, Milwaukae	1857
	Hall, Charles	Oconto, Oconto	188 7, 89.
	Hallock, James L	Crystal Lake Waunger	1870. 1895.
	Hambright, C. M	Racine, Racine	1895.
	Hamilton, Charles H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Waucousta, Fond du Lac	1878. 1862.
	Hamilton, Henry C	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1858.
	Hamilton, Irenus K Hamilton, Joseph	Two Rivers, Manitowoc Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869. 1874, 77.
	Hammarquist, Ch. (4)	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1860.
	Hammel, David Hammel, Leopold	Appleton, Outagamie	1876, 77. 1885, 87.
	Hammel, Leopold	Appleton, Outagamie Lafayette	1852.
	Hammett, George W Hammon, Alason P	Montfort, GrantRipon, Fond du LacClinton, Rock	1866.
	Hammond, Charles F	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1861, 62. 1870, 71.
	Hammond, Charles F Hammond, John Hand, Jesse F	Rocky Run, Columbia	1865.
	Haney, Robert	Rocky Run, Columbia Milwaukee, Milwaukee Ahnapee, Kewaunee Augusta, Eau Claire	1861. 1887.
		Augusta, Eau Claire	1893, 95. 1861, 63.
	Hanrahan, John	Good Hope, Milwaukee Good Hope, Milwaukee Beloit, Rock La Grange, Walworth	1861, 63.
	Hanrahan, Michael	Beloit Rock	1858. 1895.
	Hanson, Sylvester	La Grange, Walworth	1862.
	Hanson, William E	La Grange, Wallworth Oshkosh, Winnebago Ephraim, Door Armstrong's Cor., F'd du Lac Genesec, Waukesha New Diggings, Lafayette Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Platteville, Grant	1862, 63. 1895.
		Armstrong's Cor., F'd du Lac	1883.
	Hardy, William H Harker, James Harmon, John C Harms, John	Genesee, Waukesha	1874, 76. 1865.
	Harmon, John C	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1895.
	Harms, John	Platteville, Grant	1863. 1866.
	Harrington, Benjamin R.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1855.
	Harrington, George E Harrington, George P Harrington, Perry G	Roscobel Crawford	1866.
	Harrington, George P	Sugar Creek, Walworth	1882. 1854.
	Harris, Charles L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sugar Creek, Walworth Jacksonport, Door	1870.
	Harris, Charles L Harris, Joseph Harris, Caleb C	Fairview, Grant	1861, 69, 71. 1895.
	Harrison, Stephen A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 75.
	Harsh, John	Stockbridge, Calumet	1875. 1854.
	Hart, Alexander H Hart, Edmond Hart, Judson G	Lima, Calumet Elroy, Juneau	1885.
	Hart, Judson G	Wauwatosa, Miiwaukee	1879. 1881.
	Hartung, Theodore	, Milwaukee	1860.
	Hart, Judson G. Hartman, Theodore O Hartung, Theodore Harvey, Leslie C Hasey, John. Hasey, Samuel. Hazeltine, Ira S.	Oconto, Oconto	1897.
	Hasey, John	York, DaneColumbus, Columbia	1850. 1874.
	Hazeltine. Ira S	Columbus, Columbia Richland Center, Richland Saukville, Ozaukee	1867.
	Haskell, Job Hass, Robert	Saukville, Ozaukee	1869. 1864.
	Hasse, Edward	Watertown, Jefferson Milwaukee. Milwaukee Geneva, Walworth	1852, 59.
	Hastings, Samuel D	Geneva, Walworth Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1849. 1857.
		Kenosha, Kenosha	1863.
	Hatch, Benjamin T Hatcher, William W Haugen, Nils P	Kenosha, Kenosha	1862. 1879, 80.
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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.			Sessions.
Hawking William A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853,	56.	
Hawkins, William A	Juneau, Dodge	1878.	83.	
Hawley, Charles S Hawley, George Hawn, Charles A Hay, Samuel M	Juneau, Dodge Waukesha, Waukesha Poysippi, Waushara	1856,	57,	58.
Hawley, George	Poysippi, Waushara	1857.		
Hawn, Charles A	Rock Eim Center, Pierce	1878.	1.	
Hay, Samuel M	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1858, 1860.	b.	
Hayden, Edward G Hayden, John Hayes, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.		i.
Hayden, John		1863.		
Havor Titue	Platteville, Grant	1853.		
Hayes, Titus	Richfield, Washington	1856.		
	Juneau, Dodge	1867.		
Hays, Samuel Hayward, Paul D. Hazward, Enos I. Hazen, Chester Hazen, Nathan Head, Charles R. Heath, Chauncey G.	Neosho, Jefferson	1861.		1
Hayward, Paul D	Kingston, Marquette	1857. 1849.		
Hazard, Enos I	La Grange, Walworth	1885.		
Hazen, Chester	Brandon, Fond du Lac Poynette, Columbia	1861.		
Hand Charles R	Albion Dana	1854,	56,	63.
Heath, Chauncey G	Pewaukee, Waukesha Deerfield, Dane	1848.		
Heimdahl, Knudt O	Deerfield, Dane	1871.		
Heimerl, Joseph, Jr	Farmersville, Dodge Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richmond, Walworth	1880.		
Hellberg, Louis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867. 1851.		1
Hemenway, H. C	Richmond, Walworth	1879.		er of a self of
Hemmi, Ulrich	Black Hawk, Sauk Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1879,	80.	1.
Heath, Chauncey G Heimdahl, Knudt O Heimerl, Joseph, Jr Hellberg, Louis Hemenway, H. C Hemmi, Ulrich Hemschemeyer, W. H Henderson, Asabel Henderson, Joseph R Henning, John O	Relait Rock	1874.		
Hondorson Joseph R	Riley Dane	1891.		
Henning, John O	Hudson, St. Croix Madison, Dane	1851.		- I - i - i
Henry, Andrew	Madison, Dane	1869.		
Henry, Robert	Anchorage Killfald	1869. 1889.		
	Otsego, Columbia	1881.		10
Herrick, Merton	Otsego, Columbia	1874,	77.	4.77
Henrion, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.	•••	
Herzer, Henry	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1860.		
Hetzel Henry C	Merrill, Lincoln	1887.		
Hevl. Charles W	Madison Dane	1893.	1 .	
Hicks, Edward Hicks, Franklin Z	Green Bay, Brown	1870, 1861.	υ.	- 4
Hicks, Franklin Z	Avoca, Iowa	1876.		3
Higgins, James Higgins, Patrick	Hubbleton, Dodge Menomonee, Waukesha	1850.		
Hildebrant, Henry	Station, Washington Dexterville, Wood Warren, St. Croix	1863,	64.	
Hilos Coorgo	Dexterville, Wood	1867.	_ :	
Hiles, George	Warren, St. Croix	1878,	79,	80, b.
Hill, ThomasHill, Thomas WHill, William	Spring Green, Sauk	1889. 1853.	co	
Hill, Thomas W	Springfield, Walworth	1849.	63.	
Hill, William	Springned, Walwords. New Diggings, Lafayette. Merton, Waukesha. Waupun, Dodge. Tomah, Monroe. Eagle, Waukesha	1852.		1
Hilliard, John U Hillyer, Edwin	Wennyn Dodge	1853.		1
Hillyer, Edwin	Tomah Monroe	1887.		
Hineman, Miles Leiby	Tomah, Monroe	1883.		
Hineman, Miles Leroy Hinckley, J. R Hinckley, Leonard D Hindes, Lemuel P	Eagle, Waukesha	1871.		
Hindes, Lemuel P		1897.		
	Fennimore, Grant. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Baraboo, Sauk. Oakfield, Fond du Lac.	1891. 1893.		
Hintze, C. F. A Hirschinger, Charles Hitt, Henry D Hixon, Gideon C Hobart, Adin P	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893,	95.	
Hirschinger, Charles	Dalffold Fond du Lac	1858.		
Hitt, Henry D	La Crosse, La Crosse Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1871,	72,	b.
Hixon, Gideon U	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.	•	
Hobart, Adm F		1859.	_	
Hobart, Harrison C	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fall River, Columbia	1849,	b.	•
Hobart, Harrison C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.		
Hobart, M. C	Fall River. Columbia	1885.	75	
Hobbins, Patrick Hodgson, Manville S	Morrison, Brown	1874, 1875.	75.	
Hodgson, Manville S	Waukesha, Waukesha	1862.	70.	
Hoeflinger, Carl	Wausau, Marathon Amherst Junction, Portage.	1895	١٠.	
Hoffman, Herman H	La Crossa La Crossa	1889.	91.	
Hogan, James J	Green Bay, Brown	1882,	97.	
Hodfinger, Carl	Menasha, Winnebago	1862,	63.	
Hogan, John M Hogan, Michael Holcomb, David L Holehouse, Joseph W	Amnerst Interiot, Totage La Crosse, La Crosse. Green Bay, Brown Menasha, Winnebago. Arcadia, Trempealeau. Barton, Washington	1862, 1893. 1881,	63. 82.	

b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P Hollman, James V Holloway, John C Holly, Alanson. Holman, Nels Holmes, Harvey. Holmes, John E Holmes, Miles. Holt, Eleazer.	Highland, Iowa. Platteville, Grant. Lancaster, Grant. Kilbourn City, Columbia. Deerfield, Dane. Janesville, Rock. Jefferson, Jefferson. Palmyra, Jefferson. Maiden Rock, Pierce. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Waupun, Dodge. Salem Kenesha	1855. 1885. 1871. b. 1868. 1893. 1853. 1853. 1858.
Holt, Eleazer. Holton, Edward D Holzhauer Charles. Hooker, Culver E. Hooker, Jesse. Hooker, Daniel D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Hooper, Daniel	Troy, Walworth	1855, 59. 69. 1866, b. 1862. 1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hayton, Calumet Cold Spring, Jefferson Wast Salen, La Crosso	1891. 1876. 1860. 1865.
Hoskins, Leander	Lake Mills, Jefferson Plymouth, Sheboygan Durand, Pepin Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha	1850. 1871, 72. 1857, b. 1873, b. 1874, 91.
Howe, Henry B Howell, Henry S Howell, Richard P	Nora, Dane	1855, 62. 1881. 1856, 57. 1868. 1882.
Howland, Meredith	Kenosha, Kenosha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Manchester, Green Lake Rochester, Racine	1860. 1869, 71. 1887, 93, 95, 97. 1871. 1869.
Hoyt, Charles M	Rochester, Racine West Branch, Richland Chaseburg, Vernon Hudson, St. Croix Evansyille, Rock Waldo, Sheboygan	1859. 1876. 1871. 1852. 1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D Hubbell, Levi Hubbell, Richard W Huchting, Arnold	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 73, 77. 1885. 1864. 1872, 73.
Hudd, Thomas R Huebner, John F Hughes, William Hulbert, David B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, b. 1875, b. 1887.
Hulbert, David B Hullburt, Julius Hulett, Oliver P Hull, David P Hull, William	Waushara, WausharaLoganville, SaukAlbany, GreenMenomonee Falls, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77, 78, b. 1851. 1858. 1877.
Hull, William	Potosi, Grant	1854, 55, 56. 1860. 1861. 1848.
Humphrey, Humphery E. Humphrey, Jasper Humphrey, Lemuel O	New Berlin, Waukesha Hudson, St. Croix Ixonia Center, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Albion, Dane New Berlin, Waukesha	1887, b. 1881. 1857. 1871. 1870.
Hunt, Charles A Hunt, Jeremiah Hunt, Samuel W Hunt, Henry C.	Melvina, Monroe	1868, 70. 1864. 1868. 1891, 93.
Hunter, George	iork, Dane	1875. 1856. 1883.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.	
Huntley, Frederick	Buena Vista, Portage	1869, 70.	
Huntley, John Hurd, Frank E	Brodhead, Rock	1882, 83.	
Hurd, Frank E	New Lisbon, Juneau	1895, 97.	
Hurlbut, Edwin Hurlbut, William H Hurlbut, Oscar	New Lisson, Juneau Oconomowoc, Waukesha Elkhorn, Walworth Lonira, Dodge Rewey, Iowa Prairie du Chien Madison Dona	1869. 1897.	
Huribut, William H	Lowing Dodge	1897. 1850.	
Huse, Jesse B	Rewey Iowa	1885,	
· ·	Prairie du Chien	1857.	
Hutchinson, Buell E	Madison, Dane	1879, b.	
Hutchinison, Christopher Hyde, Edwin	Madison, Dane Beetown, Grant	1873.	
Hyde, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Madison, Dane	1867, 77, 78, b.	
Hyer, George	Madison, Dane	1863, b.	
Inden, Gottfried	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1885.	
Ingram, Julius G	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1878, 79.	
Innis, William T Irish, George	West Rosendale, Fond du L.	1877. 1858.	
Irish, George	Clinton, Rock	1885.	
Isenring, Fred. B Isham, Willard	Delayan Walworth	1855.	
Iverson, Jacob J	South Wayne, Lafavette	1893.	
Ives, Edward H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Delavan, Walworth. South Wayne, Lafayette Trimbelle, Pierce.	1869, b.	
Jabas, Louis L	Appleton, Outagamie	1889.	
Jackson, Jeremiah L	Viola, Richland	1860.	
	Shawano, Shawano	1887, 89.	
Jackson, Thomas A	Shawano, Shawano. Brodhead, Green. Tomah, Monroe.	1866, 70.	
Jackson, Thomas A Jackson, William W Jacobi, C. Hugo Jacobs, John B.	Watertown Toffenson	1863, 75.	
Jacobi, C. Hugo	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93. 1854.	
Jacobs, John B	Eagle Wankacha	1856.	
James, John James, Norman L Jamison, Hugh P Jarvis, Birney M Jeche, William	Richland Center, Richland. Poynette, Columbia.	1873, 75, b.	
Jamison, Hugh P	Poynette, Columbia	1893.	
Jarvis, Birney M	Cazenovia, Michiand	1881.	
Jeche, William	Trustistoru, Douge	1882, 95.	
Jeners, Jonn	Darien, Walworth	1864, 71. 1875.	
Jeffrey, James	Georgetown, GrantEllenboro, Grant	1854.	
Jeffrey, WilliamJenkins, Charles EJenkins, George AJenkins, John J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51.	
Jenkins, George A	Charlestown, Calumet 1	1857, b.	
Jenkins, John J	Chinnews Falls Chinnews	1872.	
Jenkins, Thomas	Platteville, Grant. Dodgeville, Iowa. Appleton, Outagamie. Benton, Lafayette.	1874.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Appleton Onto an arrival	1848. 1860.	
Jenne, Daniel C	Renton Lafavotto	1862.	
Jennings, Charles B Jennings, David Jensen, Andrew Jerman, Peter	Northport Wannaca	1891, 93.	
Jensen Andrew	Northport, Waupaca Ogdenburg, Waupaca Rising Sun, Vernon Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.	
Jerman, Peter	Rising Sun, Vernon	1873	
Jeske, Gustav J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 95.	
Jeske, Gustav J Jess, George	Waupun, Dodge Oshkosh, Winnebago	1881.	
Jewell, Henry C	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1867.	
Jewell, James H	Ferryville, Crawford	1878. 1861, 64.	
Johnson, Calvin R Johnson, Daniel	Black River Falls, Jackson Evansville, Rock	1865.	
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 70.	
Johnson, Daniel H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1861.	
Johnson, Hans	Newport, Door	1889.	
Johnson, Henry	Somers, Kenosha	1851, 56.	
Johnson, Henry Johnson, James B	rairpiay, Grant	1851.	
Johnson, Jeremian	Evansville, Rock	1860. 1874.	
Johnson, Jeremiah Johnson, John Johnson, John A Johnson, John B Johnson, John B	York, Dane Stoughton, Dane	1857, b.	
Johnson, John B	Darien. Walworth	1885.	
	Darien, Walworth Utica, Dane	1869.	
Johnson, Joseph B	Montfort, Grant	1893.	
Johnson, Lars E	Wiota, Lafayette	1878.	
Johnson, Joseph B Johnson, Lars E Johnson, Michael Johnson, Ole Johnson, Peter	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1874, 75, 76, 77.	
Johnson, Ole	Breckenridge, Bad Axe	1862.	
Johnson Phinong M	Canfton Waghington	1859	
Johnson, Fillneas M	Don't Washington Week	1849, 50.	
Johnson, William H	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1047.	
Johnson, Stephen B	Tomah, Monroe	1867.	
Johnson William W	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1879.	
Johnson, William W			
Johnson, William H Johnson, Stephen B Johnson, William W Johnson, Roger S Johnston, Francis.	New London, Waupaca Waupun, Dodge	1895.	

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.			Se	ssi	ons.		
Johnston, James	Boardman, St. Croix	1883.						
Johnston, Peter	Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Wyoming, Iowa Racine, Racine. Sparta, Monroe. Cambria, Columbia. Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1877.						
Joiner, Lemuel W	Wyoming. Iowa	1854,	15					
Joiner, Lemuel W Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1878,	b. b.					
Jones, David F	Sparta, Monroe	1897.	n.					
Jones, David F. Jones, Evan O. Jones, James V. Jones, Joseph Vernon Jones, John N.	Cambria, Columbia	1866,	67	h				
Jones, James V	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878.	οι,	υ.				
Jones, Joseph Vernon	Urne. Buffalo	1887.						
Jones, John N	Platteville, Grant	1851.						
Jones, John O	Cambria, Columbia	1859.						
Jones, John O	Juneau, Dodge	1863,	64	65.				
	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1875.	٠.,	٠٠.				
Jones, Stephen	Lowell, Dodge	1848.						
Jones, Thomas J	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1882.						
Jones, William D	Hazel Green, Grant	1876.						
Jones, Samuel S	Clinton Junction, Rock	1895.						
Jones, William A	Mineral Point, Iowa	1895,	97.					
Jordan, Timothy S	West Lima, Vernon	1876.	•••					
Jordan, Timothy S Joslin, William H Judd, Russell J.	Oshkosh, Winnebago. Urne, Buffalo Platteville, Grant. Cambria, Columbia. Juneau, Dodge. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Lowell, Dodge. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Hazel Green, Grant. Clinton Junction, Rock. Mineral Point, Iowa. West Lima, Vernon Richland Center, Richland.	1880.						
Judd, Russell J	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.						
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1860,	65	h.				
Judd, Stoddard Judd, Truman H	Milwankee, Milwankee	1867.	٠٠,	٥.				
Judson, Philander Julius, Charles L	Bristol, Kenosha	1855.						
Julius, Charles L	Calumet, Fond du Lac.	1851.						
Juneau, Narcisse M	Theresa, Dodge	1855,	58.					
Juneau, Paul	Bristol, Kenosha	1849,	58.					
Jussen, Edmund	Madison, Dane	1862.						
Juneau, Narcisse M Juneau, Paul Jussen, Edmund Juve, T. O	Madison, Dane	1881,	82.					
Kast, John D	Shawano, Shawano	1877.						
Kastler, John	Wayna Washington	1869.						
Keenan John	Fitchburg Dana	1859.						
Keenan, John Keenan, Matthew Keene, Henry S Kehl, John B	Milwankoo Milwankoo	1871.						
Keene Henry S	Lancaster Grant	1881.						
Kehl John B	Black Earth Dana	1874.						
Keifer, George	Black Earth, Dane	1860.						
Kellam Alphonso G	Delayan Walworth	1869.						
Kellam, Alphonso G Kelley, Patrick	Elba Dodge	1853.						
Kellogg, Austin		1950	74	75.				
Kellogg, John	Reedsburg Sauk	1873.	11,					
Kellogg, Austin	Reedsburg, Sauk Green Bay, Brown Brandon, Fond du Lac Montello, Marquette Montello, Marquette Delayan, Walworth Alma Buffelo	1877,	78	79,	h			
Kelly, Rollin C	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1868.		•••,				
Kelsey, Charles S	Montello, Marquette	1867,	73.	80,	h.			
Kelsey, Edwin B	Montello, Marquette	1853,	b.	00,	ь.			
Kelsev. Milo	Delayan, Walworth	1848,	49.					
Kempter, Richard R Kendall, Nathaniel W								
Kendall, Nathaniel W	Wyalusing, Grant	1868.						
Kenealy, James	Wyalusing, Grant Toland's Prairie, Washingto	1858,	66.					
Kenealy, James	Thompson, Washington Stevenstown, La Crosse	1885,	87.					
Kennedy, Duncan A	Stevenstown, La Crosse	1887.						
Kennedy, James E	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1870.						
Kennedy, Richard	Oshkosh, Winnebago Highland, Iowa	1880,	83.					
Keneally, James. Kenealy, James. Kennedy, Duncan A. Kennedy, James E. Kennedy, Richard. Kenyon, George P. Keogh, Edward	Wonewoc, Juneau	1880.						
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860,	61,	76,	77,	78.	79.	80
	·	1860, 81,	82.	87.	89.	91.	93. ´	b.
Keogh, James Kerl, Otto	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1893.	•		,			
Kerl, Otto	Cross Plains, Dane	1873.						
Kern, Charles J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.						
Kerr, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1848,	49.					
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.						
Kershaw, William J	Big Spring, Adams	1867,	68.	b.				
Ketchum, Asa C	Big Spring, Adams Portage City, Columbia	1854.	,					
Ketchum, Asa C Keyes, Elisha W Kickbush, F. W Kidd, Edward I	Madison, Dane	1882.						
Kickbush, F. W	Wausau, Marathon	1878.						
Kidd, Edward I	Millville, Grant	1881,	82.	83.	b.			
Kilbourne, Charles				,				
Kilgore, Moses	Bailey's Harbor, Door	1868.						
Kimball, Fenner	Janesville, Rock	1878,	95.					
Kimball, Jedediah	Portland, Dodge	1849.						
	Beloit, Rock	1865,	66.					
King, Edward P								
King, Edward P King, George G	Shields, Dodge	1849.						
King, Edward P King, George G Fing, George W	Bailey's Harbor, Door Janesville, Rock. Portland, Dodge. Beloit, Rock Shields, Dodge. Humbird, Clark							
Kildourne, Charles Kilbourne, Charles Kilgore, Moses Kimball, Fenner Kimball, Jedediah King, Edward P King, George G King, George W King, Owen	Shields, Dodge		78.					

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kingsbury, James T Kingston, John T Kingston, William M Kinney, Asal. Kinney, Joseph, Jr Kinzle, Robert H Kirchoff, Henry.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1800.
Kingston, John T	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Necedah, Juneau	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kingston, William M	Chaseburg, Vernon	1887.
Kinney, Asal	Lima Center, Rock	1852,
Kinney, Joseph, Jr	Lima, Rock	1851.
Kinzle, Kobert H	Avoca, Iowa	
Kirknatrick Amos D	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee Dayton, Green.	1862. 1855.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D Kirkpatrick, James		1861.
Kite, Charles E	Brodhead, Rock Mayville, Dodge.	1876
Kite, Charles E Kizer, F. C	Whitewater, Walworth Milwaukee, Milwaukee West Bend, Washington	1889, 91.
Klabunde, Reinhardt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Klener, George H		
Kleffer, George H Klein, L. C Kleinfelter, H. G	Racine, Racine	1885. 1889.
Klindt, John A. Klotz, Ignatius. Klotz, Nicholas Knab, David. Knapstein, T. E	Nora, Dane. Casville, Grant. Campbellsport, Fond du Lac Eden, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee. New London Outgranie	1880.
Klotz, Ignatius	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac	1880, b.
Klotz, Nicholas	Eden, Fond du Lac	1868.
Knab, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65.
Knapstein, T. E		1000, 01.
Knapp, Gilbert	Racine, Racine	1861. 1887.
Knapp, Levi E	Oshkosh, Winnehago	1877, 78.
Knapp, Levi E Knapp, William A	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S	Oshkosh, Winnebago Oshkosh, Winnebago Waupun, Dodge	1859.
Knoell, Valentine	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Highland, Iowa Janesyille, Rock	1856, 57.
Knowlton, James H	Shullshurg Lafavotto	1.858. 1854, 56.
Knowlton, John J	Shullsburg, Lafayette Seymour, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Knox, Seymour M	Markesan, Green Lake	1874.
Konrad, August	Markesan, Green Lake Hartford, Washington Calvary, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Konz, Frederick	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1881.
Kraatz, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876. 1897.
Krauss, Charles A. W Kreiss, George	Appleton, Outagamie	1864, b.
Krez, Konrad	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Kribs, Frederick H Kroenenwetter S	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1858, 61.
Kroenenwetter S	Mosinee, Marathon	1885.
Kroncke, George H Kruger, A. H. F	Wilmot, Kenosna	1893.
Kruszka Michael	Neenah, Winnebago Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880, 82 . 1891.
Kruszka, Michael Kuehn, Charles	Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Sauk City, Sauk. Black Hawk, Sauk Cedarburg, Özaukee. Shullsburg, Lafayette Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1849, 50.
Kuntz, Carl C	Sauk City, Sauk	1883.
i i	Black Hawk, Sauk	1869, 70, 71, 71.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow Kyle, David W	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1858
Kyle, James L	Manitowed Manitowed	1859. • 1854.
xyle, James L	Manitowoe, Manitowoe	1004.
a Duo Albert D	La Crosse, La Crosse	1853.
La Due, Albert D	La Crosse, La Crosse Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1851.
La Due, Nelson	Spafford, Lafayette Empire, Fond du Lac	1879.
anerty, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874: 1885.
agrande, Johnamberson, Jay G	Sextonville Richland	1891, 93, 95.
adin, Isaac	Sextonville, Richland	1861.
ake, Phipps W	Walworth, Walworth	1854.
amoreux, Oliver H	Plover Portage	1872.
amoreux, Silas W	Mayville, Dodge Ledyard, Outagamie	1872.
andt Sophronius S	Friendship, Adams	1885, 87. 1895.
andt, Sophronius S	Plover, Portage	1882, 83.
ange, Louis Aangenfeld, Peteranger, William	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac	1893, 95, 97.
angenfeld, Peter	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Theresa, Dodge	1878.
anger. William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1882.
angland IIn-3	North Cape, Racine	1860.
angland Knud I		1857.
angland, Knud	Mauston, Juneau	
angland, Knud	Friendship, AdamsOakfield, Fond du Lac	1861, 63, 69,
angland, Knud	Arauston, Juneau Friendship, AdamsOakfield, Fond du LacMilwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 63, 69. 1865.
angiand, Knud	Oakfield, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 63, 69. 1865. 1872, 74, 75, b. 1863.
angiand, Knud	Friendship, AdamsOakfield, Fond du LacMilwaukee, MilwaukeeMilwaukeeMilwaukeeMinakaune, Marinette	1861, 63 , 69 . 1865. 1872, 74 , 75 , b.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lathrop, Henry Allison	Marshfield, Wood	1887.
Lathrop, Henry Allison Latta, George W	Antigo, Langlade	1895, 97.
Lauderdale, James Laverrenz, Otto Lavies, Hubert Lavis, Peter	Antigo, Langlade La Grange, Walworth Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 56. 1880, 81.
Lavies. Hubert	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1876.
Lavis, Peter	Root Creek, Milwaukee Greenfield, Milwaukee	1854, 55, 56.
Lawler, William	New Coeln, Milwaukee. Janesville, Rock. Burnett Station, Dodge. Janesville, Rock. Redsburg, Sauk. Viroqua, Vernon. Wannees, Wannees	1878. 1880, 81.
Lawier, Willam Lawrence, Franklin S Lawrence, George H Lawrence, William A Lewton, A. F Layne, James H. Lea, A. R.	Burnett Station, Dodge	1876.
Lawrence, William A	Janesville, Rock	1852, b.
Lewton, A. F	Virogua Vernon	1885. 1863.
Lea, A. R	Viroqua, Vernon. Waupaca, Waupaca. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Wausau, Marathon. Neenah, Winnebago. Bloomer, Chippewa. De Pere, Brown. Elkhorn, Walworth.	1891.
Leach, Frank Leahy, John E	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1874, 75.
Lanvans Henry P	Neenah, Winnebago	1883, b. 1877.
Lebeis, Henry	Bloomer, Chippewa	1893.
Lebeis, Henry Lee, Daniel Lee, Levi Lee, Ole C:	De Pere, Brown	1872.
Lee, Levi	Stoughton Dane	1855. 1895.
	Stoughton, Dane	1875, 76.
Lees, Edward	Ottawa, Waukesha	1853, 54.
Legler, H. E	Gilmantown, Buffalo Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cambridge, Dane Hustisford, Dodge	1873, b. 1889.
Legried, Christ	Cambridge, Dane	1897.
Lehmann, August H	Hustisford, Dodge	1874. 1875.
Leigh, John	Conto, Oconto. La Crosse, La Crosse. Sauk City, Sauk. Elkhorn, Walworth. Bay View, Milwaukee.	1875. 1893.
Leland, Cyrus	Sauk City, Sauk	1849.
Leland, Frank	Elkhorn, Walworth	1873. 1885.
Lemont, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Lennon, James	Appleton, Outagamie	1883.
Leign, John Leissring, Alfred A Leland, Cyrus Leland, Frank Lemont, James Lenck, C. H Lennon, James Leonard, Calvin D. W Leonard, Peter H Leonard, D	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Appleton, Outagamie Dayton, Green Fifield, Ashland	1862, 70. 1889.
Leonardson J. C	Waterloo, Jefferson	1882,
Leonhardt Christopher	Waterloo, Jefferson Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883.
Loophardy John	Alma, Buffalo	1891. 1885.
Leslie, John Lessey, John F Lewis, Andrew H	Green Bay, Brown	1851.
Lewis, Andrew H	Green Bay, Brown. Hale, Trempealeau. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Sun Prairie, Dane.	1885.
Lewis, Gaivin E	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1872. 1879.
Lewis, Charles G. Lewis, James M. Lewis, James T. Lewis, John C. Lewis, Rensselear, M. Lewis, William T. Liebenstein, John W. Lincoln, Wyman L.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1857.
Lewis, James T	Oconomowoc, Waukesha Columbus, Columbia Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852, b.
Lewis, John C	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1859, 60. 1873.
Lewis, William T	Racine, Racine	1897.
Liebenstein, John W	Racine, Racine	1893.
Lincoln, Wyman L Linderman, James L	Osseo Trempesless	1864, b. 1877.
Lindsay, Freeman D	Neillsville, Clark	1877.
Lindsay, Freeman D Lindsay, William	Ayoca, Iowa	1882.
Lins, John ALinse, Chas	magie, waukesna	1881, b. 1885.
Linseley, Marcus	La Crosse, La Crosse Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Linseley, Marcus	Kenosna, Kenosna. Iron Ridge, Dodge. Mineral Point, Iowa. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygar Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygar Cambria, Columbia. Clyman, Dodge.	1881. 1864, 65, b.
Little, Francis	Shehovgan Falls Shehovgar	1864, 65, b. 1859.
	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1859.
Lloyd, Evan WLloyd, John	Cambria, Columbia	1881. 1875.
Lloyd, JohnLoehr, Peter	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1889.
Loehr, Querin	Dotyville, Fond du Lac Calumet, Fond du Lac Ripon, Fond du Lac	1853.
Lonergan, Michael	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871. 1861.
Long, Chester D Long, Hugh Loomis, Charles D	Darien, Walworth Darien, Walworth Necedah, Juneau	1848.
Loomis, Charles D	Necedah, Juneau	1882.
Longhotham Lohn	Dickeyville, Grant	1891, 93, 1873 b
Lord. Simon L	Edgerton, Rock	1880, b.
Loper, Alonzo A. Lord, Simon L. Lord, Freeman H. Lorigan, Bryan S.	Dickeyville, Grant. Eden, Fond du Lac. Edgerfon, Rock. River Falls, Pierce Maple Grove, Manitowoc. Mineral Point, Iowa	1895.
Lorigan, Bryan S Love, John	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1874, 75. 1855
110 ve, Jun	mineral Foliit, lowa	1 1000.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.		Se	essions	•	
ovejoy, Allen P	Janesville, Rock	1879, 1	`	,		
oveland, Carpus	Rutland, Dane	1870.	٠.			
ovell. Frederick S	Rutland, Dane	1857, 5	8			
ovell, Frederick S ow, Jacob	Lowville, Columbia	1872.	٠.			
own, George H	Walworth, Walworth	1849.				
owth, John	Lowell, Dodge	1850, 5	1. 59.			
owth. Matthew	Columbus, Columbia	1880.	-,			
owth, Michael F owry, Goodwin	Beaver Dam, Dodge. Helena Station, Iowa	1865.				
owry, Goodwin	Helena Station, Iowa	1868.				
		1887.				
uchsinger, John	New Glarus, Green Stoughton, Dane Oshkosh, Winnebago		76, 77	. 78.		
use, Louis K	Stoughton, Dane	1881.		,		
uscher, Gustav S utkin, Peter C	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891, 9	3.			
utkin, Peter C	whitesvine, Racine	1857.				
vla John	Paoli Dano	1878.				
ynch, Felix	Danville, Dodge. Chilton, Calumet.	1885.				
ynch, Thomas	Chilton, Calumet	1873, 8 1866, b	3.			
ynde, William Pitt		1866, t	٠.			
ynch, Felixynch, Thomasynde, William Pittyon, James R	Glendale, Monroe. Darien, Walworth.	1889.				
yon, Joseph F	Darien, Walworth	1868.				
yon, Waldo	Hustistora, Doage	1859.				
yon, Joseph Fyon, Waldoyon, William P	Racine, Racine	1859, 6	0.	•		
	35	1000				
Iacauley, Robert	Menomonie, Dunn	1883.				
iacBride, Robert J	Neillsville, Clark	1882, 8				
lackay, Thomas C. L	Elk Grove, Lafayette		1.			
ladden, Henry	Dodgeville, Iowa	1853.				
[aertz, Fred. C	Reedsville, Manitowoc	1895, 9	7.			
Iahoney, Daniel A Iahoney, Daniel O Iahoney, George R	Reedsyille, Manitowoc. Kenosha, Kenosha Viroqua, Vernon. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1893.				
[ahoney, Daniel Q	Viroqua, Vernon	1893, 9	5.			
Iahoney, George R	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.				
lain, Robert P Ialmros, G. C. Oscar		1857.				
lalmros, G. C. Oscar	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1851.				
[aloy, Michael	Richfield, Washington	1862.				
anley, Ira, Jr	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Richfield, Washington Markesan, Green Lake	1868.				
anney, Francis G	Linden, Sheboygan Wausau, Marathon	1850.				
anson, Rufus P	Wausau, Marathon	1871.	_			
arsh, Joseph C	spokevine, Gark	1895, 9	<i>l</i> .			
[arkham, George H	Illidebendence. Tremposloon l	1879.				
arsden, Thomas B	Friendship, Adams	1866.				
arshall, Charles W	La Crosse, La Crosse	1859.	_ '			
arshal, George M	Friendship, Adams	1875, 7	6.			
arsh, Joseph G. arkham, George H. arsden, Thomas B. arshall, Charles W. arshall, George M. arshall, John arshall, William R. arston, Warren artin, Thomas L.	Adell, Shehovgan - 1	1882.				
arshall, William R	OL CIOIX BRIES ST Croix 1	1848.				
arston, Warren	Lomira, Dodge. Wilton, Monroe.	1867.				
artin, Thomas L	Wilton, Monroe	1895.	_			
artin, Andrew	Riceville, Washington	1875, 70	j,			
artin, Constant	DVEASVILLA KARRANAA I	1866.				
[artin, Jacob, Sr	Beaver Dam, Dodge Onion River, Sheboygan Green Bay, Brown	1883.				
artin, Mark	Onion River, Sheboygan	1864.				
artin, Morgan L	Green Bay, Brown	1855, 74	ł, b.			
artin, Constant fartin, Gonstant fartin, Jacob, Sr artin, Mark artin, Morgan L artin, N. T	Mineral Point, Iowa	1889.				
arim, stoodard H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.				
arvin, George G	Westford, Columbia	1871.				
arx, Nicholaus	Wayne. WashingtonElton, Walworth	1864, 77				
ason, Albert L	Eiton, Walworth	1879.				
ason, Jacobason, Johnason, Zebulon	Monroe, Green. Wiota, Lafayette.	1868.				
ason, John	Wlota, Lafavette	1885.				
ason, Zebulon	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Weyauwega, Waupaca	1857, 58	5.			
asters, William	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1887.				
asse, Charles A	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1879.				
asser, Milliam. asse, Charles A. assey, Henry L. ather, Samuel W. athes, John. atteson, Silas C. atthews, Eschines P. atts Nicholas M.		1861.				
ather, Samuel W	Markesan, Marquette	1858.				
atnes, John	Knine, Sneboygan	1854.				
atteson, Silas C	waucousta, Fond du Lac.	1859.				
attnews, Eschines P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.				
		1862.				
atts, Peter Waxon, Densmore W	Montrose, Dane	1854.			-	
axon, Densmore W	Cedar Creek, Washington	1848, 5 72, 8	z, 67,	68, 69,	70,	71
	TTT 1 11 TTT 1	72, 8	z, b.			
axon, Joseph S	Walworth, Walworth	1891.				
axson. Darwin E	Milton, Rock	1869.	-			
0						
axson, Darwin Eaxson, Orrin Taxwell, Walter S	Prescott, Pierce Kenosha, Kenosha	1853, 5 1877, 8				

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.		Se	ssio	ns.		
May, Reuben	Springville, Vernon	1870, 73	2.				
Mayer, Christian	Springville, Vernon Watertown, Jefferson	1875.	-				
Marar Lacab (2	Le Roy, Dodge Omro, Winnebago	1862.	,				
McAllister, William P McArthur, Eric McGarthy, James	Winneconne, Winnebago	1857, 58 1876.	5.				
McCarthy James	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1866.					
McCartney, Alexander R	Cassville, Grant	1869.					
McCartney, Alexander R McCarty, Frank D McCarty, Thomas	Cassville, Grant Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1858.	_				
	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1870, 7	7.				
McCaul, Thomas McCollum, John F. McCollum, J. L. R. McConnell, Chas. D. McConnell, Thomas. McConochie, R. N. McCord, Myron H. McCormick, Andrew. McCormick, Francis McCormick, Joseph	Tomah, Monroe Trenton, Dodge	1874. 1862, 63	,				
McCollum, John F	Cortonville Dichland	1862, 63 1876, 7					
McConnell, Chas. D	Ripon, Green Lake	1882, 8					
McConnell, Thomas	Winneconne, Winnebago	1873.					
McConochie, R. N	Cambria, Columbia	1893.					
McCord, Myron H	Merrill, Lincoln	1881, h 1856, 5	÷				
McCormick, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.	' :				
McCormick, Joseph	Ashippun, Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1871.					
McCoy, James B	Platteville, Grant Beetown, Grant	1887. 8	9.				
McCoy, William J	Beetown, Grant	1876, 7	8.				
	Lancaster, Grant St. Croix Falls, Polk	1883, 8 1887, 8	0.				
McCourt, James Henry McCracken, M. W McCracken, Samuel	Superior, Douglas	1859.	θ.				
McCracken, Samuel	l Marquette, Marquette	1854					
McDill, Alexander S	Plover, Portage	1862, b					•
McDill, Alexander S McDill, George D McDill, Thomas H McDonald, Thomas, Jr McDonald, A. S McDonald, David	Plover, Portage Osceola Mills, Polk	1881. 8	2. 83				
McDill, Thomas H	l Plover. Portage	1867, 7	1, 79,	80.			
McDonald, Thomas, Jr	Lancaster, Grant Marion, Waupaca Racine, Racine.	1897. 1885, 8'	7				
McDonald, David	Racine Racine	1848.	•				
McDonald, Donald A	La Crosse, La Crosse	1874. b					
McDonald, Donald A McDonald, James	Sussex, Waukesha	1869.					
McDonald, John D	Summit, Waukesha	1870, 7 1869.	1.				
McDonald, John D McDonald, John R McDonald, Alexander A. McDonald, Martin W	La Crosse, La Crosse. Sussex, Waukesha. Summit, Waukesha. Ahnapee, Kewaunee. Madison, Dane.	1858.					
McDonald Martin W	Alma, Buffalo	1882.	:				
McDonough, Frank	Alma, Buffalo Eau Claire, Eau Claire Fox Lake, Dodge Waupun, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Highland, Iowa Portage City, Columbia	1893.					
McDonough, Frank McDowell, Samuel C McElroy, James McElroy, William	Fox Lake, Dodge	1882.					
McElroy, James	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1864. 1887, 8	a				
McEsroy, William	Highland Jowa	1863, b					
McFarland, David	Portage City, Columbia Beaver Dam, Dodge Forest, Fond du Lac	1850.					
McFetridge, Edward C	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1878, 8	l, b.				
McGalloway, Peter McGarry, Edward	Forest, Fond du Lac	1999.					
McGarry, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hurley, Ashland DePere, Brown	1850, 5 1893.	3, 64,	ь.			
McGooban R J	DePere Brown	1889, 9	1.				
McGillivray, Jas. J	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 9	3.		1		
McGilton, John	Black River Falls, Jackson Cedar Falls, Dunn	1880.					
McGeehan, M. G. McGeehan, R. J. McGillivray, Jas. J. McGilton, John. McGinty, Bernard.	Calamine, Lafayette	1878, 8 1889.	0.				
McGlachlin, E	Stevens Point, Portage	1850.					
McGranahan, William	Wingville, Grant Fayette, Lafayette	1859.					
McGrath, James	l Milwankee, Milwankee	1865, 6	6, 67,	68,	70.	73.	74.
McGrath, James McGrath, Thomas J	Green Bay, Brown Richland Center, Richland. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.			,	,	
	Richland Center, Richland.	1874, b 1891.					
McGuigan, Ambrose	Danvillo Dodgo	1865.					
McGuigan, Ambrose	Danville, Dodge	1850, 5	4. 55.				
McIntosh, Charles E	Lime Rock. Outagamie	1869, 7	0, 71,				
McIntyre. Eugene	Waldo, Shebovgan	1880.	-				
McIver, James	Bay View, Milwankee	1874.				_	
McIver, James. McKay, John J. McKee, David. McKenzie, Duncan J. McKenzie, John.	Lune Rock. Outagamie. Waldo, Sheboygan. Bay View. Milwaukee. Sparta, Monroe. Potosi, Grant. Alma, Buffalo. Dekorra, Columbia. Geneva, Walworth. Wheatland Kenosha	1860. 1852.					
McKenzie, Duncan J	Alma, Buffalo	1893.					
McKenzie, John	Dekorra, Columbia	1883.		,			
McKibbon, John	Geneva, Walworth	1858.	_				
McKesson, James C	Wheatland, Kenosha	1853, 5	9.				
McLean, Campbell	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1862.			1		
MaLoan Thomas	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Stockbridge, Calumet. Stockbridge, Calumet. Harmony, Vernon. Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1864		٠.,			
McKesson, James C. McLeason, Campbell McLean, Hector. McLean, Thomas McLeas, John M. McLeran, J. B.	Harmony, Vernon	1869.					

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McLaughlin, William M. McMichael, William McMillan, Alexander McMullen, W. V McMurdo, James H McNair, Hugh A. W McNaughton F	Oregon, Green	. 1864, 65.
McMichael, William	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1860.
McMillan, Alexander	. Viroqua, Bad Axe La Crosse, La Crosse	1873.
McMullen, W. V	Brillion, Calumet	
McMurdo, James H	Hortonville, Outagamie Fennimore, Grant Vernon, Waukesha	1880, 81.
McNaughton, F	Vernon Wankoshe	1859, 67, 70.
	Greenbuch Sheberger	
McNeel, J. Henry McNitt, Edwin W	Otsego, Columbia	1864.
McNamara, Martin	Manle Grove Manitowoo	1872.
McRea, Hector C	Chapte Bails, Omppewa.	1879, 80.
McRaith, M. J. McWhorter, George Mead, L. H. Mead, Zerah Meade, John F.	Waukesha, Waukesha. Shell Lake, Washburn. Whitewater, Walworth. Green Bay, Brown. Lyons, Walworth. Meghan, Portage. Arena, Iowa.	1865.
Mead. L. H.	Shell Lake Washburn	1858. 1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah	Whitewater, Walworth	1852.
Meade, John F	Green Bay, Brown	1849.
Meadows, William Meehan, James Meigs, Gardner C	Lyons, Walworth	1881.
Meenan, James	Arona Jorga	1878.
Meikleighn John	Arena, Iortage Arena, Iowa Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Ashippun Dodge	1859, 60. 1882.
Meiklejohn, John Meissner, Gustay	Ashippun, Dodge	1883.
Meloy, Charles J Melvin, Fordyce R Menzies, James	Shullsburg, Lafavette	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R	Brooklyn, Green	1879.
Menzies, James	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1881.
Merriman, Charles W Merriam, Amzy	Gonove Wolsowski	1897.
Merriam, John G	Lake Mills Jefferson	1871. 1855.
Merriam, Allizy Merrill, Addison W Merrill, Admond Merrill, Hiram Merrill, Lorenzo Merrill, Leander G Jerrill, Soreno T Jerrill	Alma Center, Jackson	1897.
Merrill, Almond	Alma Center, Jackson. Charleston, Calumet. Janesville, Rock.	1855.
Merrill, Hiram	Janesville, Rock	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1848, 59.
derrill Soreno T	Beloit Rock Falls, Jackson	1866.
Ierrill, Willard	Janesville, Rock	1876, 77. 1871.
Jerritt Edward E	Bauer Dam, DodgeBlack River Falls, Jackson Beloit, RockJanesville, RockNeillsville, ClarkHale's Carpers Milworte	1873.
Jerrity, Patrick Jessmore, Isaac E Jetcalf, Theophilus F Jeyer, Charles G	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee. La Crosse, La Crosse.	1000.
Jessmore, Isaac E	La Crosse, La Crosse	1861.
leven Charles C		1870.
Jever Joseph	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1871, 81. 1853.
Ieyer, Joseph Leyer, Joseph A. Ilbirath, C. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
lilbrath, C. W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
HDDUS. Urbin D 1		1870, 71.
Iillard, Burton Iillard, B. F Iiller, Jerome B		1858.
Jillar Jarama P	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1889.
Tiller, Clarkson	Alma Center, Jackson. Geneva, Walworth.	1895. 1860.
filler, Chas. H		1867
filler, Chas. H filler, Joseph	Brillion, Manitowoc. Oshkosh, Winnebago Shopiere, Rock. Wausau, Marathon	1883, 85.
iller, Lucius M	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853.
filler, Samuel	Shopiere, Rock	1862.
filler, Henry	Wausau, Marathon Rusk, Dunn	1887. 1887, b.
filler, Samuel S	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1887, b. 1887.
	Door Creek, Dane	1863, 64.
Hiler, W. L Hillkin, N. W Hills, Edgar G	Winneconne, Winnebago	1889.
fills Edgen C		1882.
ills, Ferguson	West Superior Dongles	1893.
ills. Hugh B	Seneca, Crawford. Millston, Jackson.	1876. 1876.
fills, Joseph T	TRUCCASIEF, Grant	1856, 57, 62, 79.
ills. Thomas B		1856, 57, 62, 79. 1885, 87, 89.
inch, Oscar F		1897.
ills, Herguson. ills, Hugh B ills, Joseph T ills, Thomas B. ills, Thomas B. ilneh, Oscar F. iner, Cyrus. iner, Eliphalet S. ilner, James H	Janesville, Rock	1889.
liner. James H	Richland Conta-	1865, 66, b.
inon Donid M	Rubicon Dodgo, Richland.	1870.
inor, Edward S	Fish Creek, Door	1861. 1878, 80, 81, b.
itchell, Abner		1854.
inor, David N. linor, Edward S. litchell, Abner. litchell, Franklin.	Juda, Green	1877, 78, 79
itchell, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Brodhead, Green	1856.
itchell, Robert	Douglas Conton Man-	1860.
	Douglas Center, Marquette	1019.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
3511.1 11 1711111 17	g., ., ., .,	
Mitchell, William F Moeller, Adolph Mohr, Charles	Gibbsville, Sheboygan New Holstein, Calumet	1861. 1882.
Mohr, Charles	Portage, Columbia	1895
Mohr, Christian Frederick	Portage, Columbia Portage, Columbia	1887, 89.
Mohr, Luomas Monroe, Publius V	Manitowoc, Manitowoc New Berlin, Waukesha	1876, 77. 1852.
Monroe, William	Payatta Lafavatta	1867.
Monroe, William Monteith, John Monteith, John B	Fennimore, Grant. Genesee, Waukesha. Hancock, Waushara. Grafton, Washington. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Chetek, Barron. Ozaukea, Washington	1873.
Montgomery, Edwin	Genesee, Waukesha	1865.
Mooers. Benjamin H	Grafton, Washington	1871, b. 1848.
Moores, Benjamin H Moore, Benjamin F Moore, Chas. W Moore, Harvey T Moore, Laby F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore, Chas. W	Chetek, Barron	1889, 91.
Moore, Harvey T	Ozaukee, Washington Brodhead, Green Muscoda, Grant	1851. 1862.
Moore, Harvey T Moore, John B Moore, William V Moran, Patrick H More, George E Moors, Chus. W Morgan, John E Morgan, John E Morgan, Frederick A	Muscoda, Grant	1860.
Moore, William V	Burlington, Racine Morrison, Brown	1872.
More, George E	Royalton Wannaca	1882. 1871.
Moors, Chas. W	Hancock, Waushara	1880, 81.
Morgan, John E	Royalton, Waupaca Hancock, Waushara Spring Green, Sauk	1897.
Morgan, D. H Morgan, Frederick A	Albany, Green Oshkosh, Winnebago Hixton, Jackson	1885.
	Hixton, Jackson	1871. 1870.
Morrill, John	Shehaygan Shehaygan i	1848.
Morrisson, David L	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Morrisson, David L Morman, Thomas J Morrow, Joseph M Morse, Hiram D	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Stevens Point, Portage Sparta, Monroe	1851. 1862.
Morse, Hiram D	Waterford, Racine Ashippun, Dodge	1867.
Morse, William M	Ashippun, Dodge	1866, 75.
Moscowitt, Frederick	Alderly, Jefferson	1857. 1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Moser, Conrad, Jr	Alma, Buffalo	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78. 1867, 68.
Mosher, Thomas H	Kneeland, Racine Waterloo, Jefferson	1897.
Mosher, Thomas H Mosher, John Mosher, Jonathan Mott, Thomas R	Waterloo, Jefferson	1866. 1855.
Mott. Thomas R	Stoughton, Dane	1852.
Mounton, Powers G	Onalaska, La Crosse	1870, 71.
Mowe, Daniel	Orfordville, Rock Kewaskum, Washington St. Martin, Waukesha	1865. 1879.
Muckerheide, Jacob H Muehl, Adam	St. Martin, Washington	1879. 1868.
Mulholland, Henry	Meeme, Manitowoc	1860, 65,
Mulholland, Henry Mullowney, James Mumbrue, Henry C Munger, A. R.	Kildare, Juneau	1878, 79. 1876, b.
Munger, A. R	Waupaca, Waupaca Boltonville, Sheboygan	1876, D. 1891.
Munn, Henry B	Portage, Columbia Racine, Racine	1860.
Munroe, Orlando C	Racine, Racine	1861, 63.
Murphy James L	Neosho, Dodge	1850. 1887.
Murphy, James S	Danta Tafa tt-	1859.
Murphy, James W	Briggsville, Marquette	1879, b.
Munroe, Orlando C. Murphy, James L. Murphy, James L. Murphy, James S. Murphy, James W. Murphy, John D. Murphy, John A. Murphy, Matthew Murphy, Michael	Benion, Latayette Briggsville, Marquette Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Ellsworth, Pierce New Diggings, Lafayette Maple Grove, Manitowoc Whitewater, Walworth Briggsville, Marquette	1851. 1887.
Murphy, Matthew	New Diggings, Lafavette	1852, 56.
Murphy, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1865, 67.
Murphy, Newton S Murphy, William	Whitewater, Walworth	1859.
	Beloit Rock	1869, 74. 1867.
Murray, Horatio J	Beloit, Rock Turtle, Rock New Berlin, Waukesha	1856.
Murray, James Murray, Nathaniel O	New Berlin, Waukesha	1867.
Murray, Wathamer O	Pepin, PepinBeloit. Rock	1882. 1853.
Murray, William D Muzzy, John	Mayville, Rock	1851.
Naber, Herman	Shawano, Shawano	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Naber, Herman Narracong, Jonas W	Lodi, Columbia	1864, 75, 80, 83. 1870.
Nash, Jonathan W Nash, Thomas E	Lodi, Columbia Oak Grove, Dodge Centralia, Wood	1860.
Nash William F	Two Rivers Manifestor	. 1885.
Nash, William F Nason, Solomon L	Two Rivers, Manitowoc Nasonville, Wood	1878, b. 1878.
Neavil, James H	Potosi, Grant	1868
Needham, Randolph J Neeves, George A	stockbridge, Calumet	1867.
meeves, dedige A	Grand Mapids, Wood	1014.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Noff Danward	Colomino Lofovotto	1070
Neff, Danverse	Calamine, Lafayette	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G	Waupaca, Waupaca Markesan, Green Lake	1885.
Nelson, Homer Nelson Joseph	Raymond, Racine	1877. 1857.
Nelson, Jerome	Nelsonville, Portage	1887.
Nelson, Knute	Nelsonville, Portage Cambridge, Dane	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter	Racina Racina	1893.
Nelson, Thomas L	Prescott, Pierce. Le Roy, Dodge. Pepin, Pepin Green Bay, Brown Paris, Kenosha.	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A Newcomb, John	Le Roy, Dodge	1877.
Newcomb, John	Pepin, Pepin	1887.
Neville, John C Newell, Franklin	Green Bay, Brown	1860.
Newell, Franklin	Paris, Kenosha	1856, 66.
Newell, James E	Viroqua, Vernon Beetown, Grant	1875.
Newick, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1862.
Newman, Alfred W	Trempealeau, Trempealeau. Cooksville, Rock	1863, b.
Newton Solim	Fond du Lee Fond du Lee	1877.
Nichola Abner	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Mineral Point, Iowa Markesan, Green Lake New Lisbon, Juneau	1949
Nichols, Archibald	Markesan, Green Lake	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C	New Lisbon, Juneau	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72. 1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Archibald Nichols, Henry F. C Nichols, Marshall C Nicholls, John	Viroqua, Vernon	1883.
Nicholls, John	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Niss, Charles, Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Noble, Butler G	Whitewater, Walworth Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1858.
Niedermann, J. C. U Niss, Charles, Jr Noble, Butler G Noble, Morgan L	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1849, 50.
Noggle, David Nolan, J. P Noll, William	Janesville, Rock	1854, 57.
Noian, J. P	Casaga Shahargan	1891.
Nollan Coorgo	Fond du Lag Fond du Lag	1876. 1883.
Noller, George Noon, Jeremiah	Maple Grove, Manitowoc Cascade, Sheboygan Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Merton, Waukesha	1856.
Voreross Pliny	Janesville, Rock	1867, 85.
Northron, George C	Desine Desine	1864.
Northrop, Stiles S	Ogden, Rock.	1861.
Northrop, George C Northrop, Stiles S Northrop, Samuel Norton, Nelson R	Ogden, Rock Dellona, Sauk Burlington, Racine Milwaukee, Milwaukee Baraboo, Sauk Milford, Jefferson	1858.
Norton, Nelson R	Burlington, Racine	1854.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Noyes, David K	Baraboo, Sauk	1856.
Noyes, David K	Milford, Jefferson	1849.
Nye, Frank M	Clear Lake, Polk Beloit, Rock	1885. 1887.
Nye, william M	Beloit, Rock	1001.
Charman Iscah	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
O'Brien, John	Milton, Monroe	1881.
Oberman, Jacob O'Brien, John Ockler, William	Muskego Center, Waukesha	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene O'Connor, Thomas Oddie, J. M. Oetling, Charles Officer, William H.	Watertown, Jefferson	1869.
O'Connor, Thomas	Halder, Marathon Boyceville, Dunn	1891.
Oddie, J. M	Boyceville, Dunn	1885.
Detling, Charles	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1863, 71.
Officer, William H	Springville, Vernon	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, JohnO'Hara, Samuel	Morrison, Brown Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1879.
J'Hara, Samuel	Coder Crove Shehowger	1863. 1889.
Ollia Tohn	Do Forest Dane	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan	De Forest, Dane	1851, 53.
Olson Brown	Cottage Inn, Lafayette Westby, Vernon Berlin, Green Lake	1891.
Olson, Brown	Berlin, Green Lake	1897.
O'Malley, Dominick	Westport, Dane	1861.
O'Neil, William	Washburn, Washburn	1893, 95.
O'Malley, Dominick O'Neil, William O'Neill, Edward	Westport, Dane	1854, 55, b.
	Neillsville, Clark	1868.
O'Neill, James	Riack River Falls Jackson I	1849.
O'Neill, James	Neillsville, Clark	1885.
)'Neill, John	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1882, 83.
137 111 m	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
O'Neill, Thomas		1861.
O'Neill, Thomas Opitz, William F	Mequon River, Ozaukee	
O'Neill, Thomas	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1860.
O'Neill, Thomas	Mequon River, Ozaukee Beaver Dam, Dodge Oxford, Marquette	1860. 1859.
O'Neill, Thomas	Milwankee, Milwankeel	1860. 1859. 1866.
D'Neill, James D'Neill, John D'Neill, Thomas Ditz, William F Drdway, David S Drnsby, James B Drton, Charles H Drton, Harlow S D'Rourk, Patrick H.	Mequon River, Ozaukee Beaver Dam, Dodge. Oxford, Marquette. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Madison, Dane. Cascade, Sheboygan Kildare, Juneau.	1860. 1859. 1866.

b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Osborn, Albert K	Iola, Waupaca	1863, 65, 66,
Osborn, Chas. F	Darlington, Lafayette	1889, 91.
Osborn, Chas. F Osborn, Sylvester W	Darlington, Lafayette Darlington, Lafayette Magnolia, Rock Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Osborne, Marvin Osborne, Tobias G	Magnotia, Rock	1874, 75.
Ostrondon Jomes II		
Ostrander, James W	Jefferson, Jefferson	1873, 75, 79, 8 2.
Ostrander, James H Ostrander, James W Ostrander, Jared F	Aztalan, Jefferson	1857.
Oswald, John J	Lancaster, Grant	1891.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1897.
Owen, Dávid Owen, William	Aztalan, Jefferson. Aztalan, Jefferson. Lancaster, Grant. Sturgeon Bay, Door. Portage, Columbia. Cambria, Columbia.	1877. 1865.
Packard, William P Paddock, B. G Paddock, William	Racine, RacineLa Valle, Sauk Markesan, Green Lake	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G	La Valle, Sauk	1889. 1881.
Paggo Lucius H	Fulton Rock	1849.
Pahl. Louis P	Fulton, Rock Oconto, Oconto	1876.
Page, Lucius H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Geneva, Walworth	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S	Geneva, Walworth	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C	West Salem, La Crosse	1869.
Palmer, Edwin	Edgerton Rock	1869
Palmer, Henry L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 60, 62 , 73, b .
Palmer, Alexander S Palmer, Alexander S Palmer, Edwin Palmer, Ephraim. Palmer, Henry L. Palmer, John T.	Waterford, Racine	1856.
Palmer, Rodman	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1861.
Palmer, Thomas	Logansville Sauk	1865, 66.
Pane. A. H.	Geneva, Walworth. West Salem, La Crosse Milwaukee, Milwaukee Edgerton, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Waterford, Racine Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Mayville, Dodge Logansville, Sauk New London, Outagamie Medford, Taylor Ahnapee, Kewaunee Pleasant Valley, St. Croix. Beloit, Rock	1882, 83.
Parish, John K	Medford, Taylor	1885.
Parker, Maynard T	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1897.
Parker, Charles D	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix.	1869, 70. 1868, 69, 78.
Parker, Charles H	Metomen Fond du Lac	1855, 56.
Palmer, Rodman. Palmer, Thomas Palmer, William. Pape, A. H. Parish, John K. Parker, Maynard T. Parker, Charles D. Parker, Charles H. Parker, George W. Parker, Nathan Parker, Ruel	Beloit, Rock. Metomen, Fond du Lac. Hartford, Washington Portland, Dodge. Brothertown, Calumet Willow Springs Laforatto	1861.
Parker, Ruel	Portland, Dodge	1854.
Parkinson, J. W	Willow Springs Lafa-	1880, 93. 1849.
Parkinson, Daniel M		1854.
Parks, Francis G.	Fayette, Lafayette. Eagle, Waukesha. Waterville, Waukesha	1873.
Parks, Rufus	Waterville, Waukesha	1867.
Parry, William T	Portage, Columbia	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry Patch, Horace D	Portage, Columbia. Patch Grove, Grant. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Fremont, Waupaca. Neenah, Winnebago. Fox River, Kenosha Janesville, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Green Bay, Brown.	1852
Patchin, Melvin B	Fremont, Waupaca	1860.
Patchin, Melvin B Pattin, Azel W	Neenah, Winnebago	1872.
Patterson, Andrew	Fox River, Kenosha	1885.
Patterson, Andrew Patterson, Henry A Paulus, C	Milwankee Milwankee	1895
Peak, Uriel H	Green Bay, Brown	1852.
Pearl, Elisha	Green Bay, BrownLisbon, Waukesha	1853.
Pease, Harlow	Waterloo, Jefferson	1858.
Peake, Spencer A	Waterloo, Jefferson	1865, 66, 70, 71. 1874.
Peckham, Wm. P Pederson, Eli	Primrose, Dane	1883.
Peirce, JabezPeirce, C. EPemberton, John	Primrose, Dane	1849.
Peirce, C. E	Germania, Marquette	1891, b.
Pemberton, John	Delavan, Walworth	1878.
Perking Albert T	Medford Taylor	1893.
Perkins, James W	New Chester, Adams	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel	Sauk City, Sauk	1851.
Pemberton, John. Pengra, Marshal H. Perkins, Albert J. Perkins, James W. Perkins, Nathaniel. Perry, Cyrus. Perry, Eli P. Perry, William W. Persons, E. W. Peters. Peter.	Waterloo, Dodge	1869. 1967
Perry William W	Prairie du Sac Sauk	1872.
Persons. E. W	De Pere, Brown	1887, b.
Persons, James H	Plum City, Pierce	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter	Rubicon, Dodge	1861, 65.
Peters, William H	Montello, Marquitte	1897
Peterson C. H. M	New Holstein. Calumet	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peters, Peter. Peters, William H. Peterson, Peter N. Peterson C. H. M. Peterson, John C. Peterson, Atley	Delavan, Walworth. Juda, Green. Medford, Taylor. New Chester, Adams. Sauk City, Sauk. Waterloo, Dodge. New London, Waupaca. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. De Pere, Brown. Plum City, Pierce. Rubicon, Dodge. Montello, Marqeutte. Amherst, Portage. New Holstein, Calumet. Appleton, Outagamle. Soldier's Grove, Crawford.	1879, 80.
	Saldiania Charto Chartford	1 1970 - 90 - 91 - 82

b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Peterson, Halvor H	Orfordville, Rock. Rice Lake, Barron Concord, Jefferson. Murone, Fond du Lae. East Troy, Walworth. Cross Plains, Dane. Nero Manitowoc.	1871.
Peterson, Halvor H Peterson, Sewall A	Rice Lake, Barron	1893.
Petrie, Jost D	Concord, Jefferson	1861, 67.
Petrie, Jost D	East Troy Walworth	1859. 1866.
Pfaff, Fredrick A	Cross Plains, Dane	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick		1000.
Pfunder, Frederick Phalen, Dennis T Phelps, A. Warren	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1891.
Phelps, Channey M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Addison, Washington	1874. 1849.
Phelps, Chauncy M Phelps, Joseph A Phillips, Albert L Phillips, Benjamin F	Milwankee Milwankee	1852.
Phillips, Albert L	Racine, Racine. Mukwa, Manitowoc	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F	Mukwa, Manitowoc	1857.
Phillips, Bradley	Eau Claire, Eau Claire Lake Mills, Jefferson Big Valley, La Crosse Stevens Point, Portage	1872. 1870, 76, 77, b.
Philling Enga M	Big Valley, La Crosse	1863.
Phillips, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1860, 64.
Phillips, John Phillips, Joseph Phillips, Peter Phillips, Sewell A Pickett, Armine.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Sewell A	Royalton Wannaca	1882. 1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine	Weelaunee, Winnebago	1861.
Pierce, Albert H	Meeme, Manitowoc. Royalton, Waupaca. Weelaunee, Winnebago. Monticello, Green. Germania, Marquette. Appleton, Outagamie. Milwaukee Milwaukee	1859, 68. 1891, 93, b.
Peirce, Clarence E	Germania, Marquette	1891, 93, b.
Pierce. Robert W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882. 1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.	Friendship, Adams	1870, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 97.
Pierce, Albert H Peirce, Clarence E Pierce, Humphrey Pierce, Robert W Pierce, Solon W Pierce, William A Pierron, William	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852.
Pierron, William	Silver Springs, Milwaukee	1881, 91.
Pike Janvie V	Cold Spring Lefferson	1865. 1849.
Pinkney, Bertine	Whitewater, Jefferson. Cold Spring, Jefferson. Ripon, Fond du Lac.	1850, b.
Pinney, Silas U	Madison, Dane	1875.
Piper, Francis V	Pipersville, Jefferson	1883.
Place, Jacob B	Ixonia Center, Jefferson Hartford, Washington	1865. 1880.
Platto, John V. V.		
Pinkney, Bertine. Pinney, Silas U. Piper, Francis V. Piper, Jonathan. Place, Jacob B. Platto, John V. V. Plisch, Robert.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Zeigler, Marathon. Fair Water, Fond du Lac. Wausau, Marathon. Wausau, Marathon. Arkansaw, Pepin. Durand, Pepin. Durand, Pepin. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1895.
Plocker, William	Fair Water, Fond du Lac.	1875.
Plumer, Daniel L	Wausau, Marathon	1866. 1873.
Plummer, Samuel L Plummer, Samuel F Plummer, William E Poertner, Adam Polacheck, Charles	Arkansaw, Pepin.	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F	Durand, Pepin	1897.
Poortner, William E	Durand, Pepin	1891.
Polacheck Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Shullsburg, Lafayette. Augusta, Eau Claire. Onalaska, La Crosse.	1863. 1897.
Pole, Charles	Shullsburg, Lafavette	1868, 69.
Polley, Horace N	Augusta, Eau Claire	1897.
Pooler, Frank	Onalaska, La Crosse	1882.
Pope, Carl C	Black River Falls Jackson	1849, 61, 66. 1862, 63, 77, 78,
Poppert, George	Janesville, Rock Black River Falls, Jackson Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Polley, Horace N. Pooller, Frank. Pooler, Frank. Pope, Anson W. Pope, Carl C. Poppert, George. Porter, James W. Porter, John L. Porter, William H.	Port Washington, Wash Pacific, Columbia Marshall, Dane Seneca, Crawford Cooksyille, Rock	1853.
Porter, John L	Pacific, Columbia	1873.
Porter, William H Porter, Hugh Porter, Joseph K. P Porter, Thomas Porth, Peter Post, Lorenzo L Potter, Lerome R.	Sanaca Crawford	1891. 1887, 89.
Porter, Joseph K. P	Cooksyille, Rock	1859.
Porter, Thomas	New Michigan, St. Croix.	1885.
Porth, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Potter Jerome B	Weyauwega, Waupaca Sentinel, Juneau	1878, 79. 1869, 70.
Potter, John F.	East Troy, Walworth	1856.
Potter, John, Jr	East Troy, Walworth Menasha, Winnebago	1878 , 79.
Potter, Jerome B		1957
Potter, William D Pound, Albert E	Chippens Falls Chippens	1866.
Pound, Thaddeus C.	Cambridge, Dane. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1873. 1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1869.
Powell, Oliver S	River Falls, Pierce	1870, 71, 72.
Fowell Henry	Mazamania Dana	1871. 1887.
Potter, William D. Pound, Albert E. Pound, Thaddeus C. Powell, Abner. Powell, Oliver S. Powell, Robert T. Powell, Henry Power, Robert. Powers, David J. Powers, Joseph.	Mineral Point, Iowa. Mineral Point, Iowa. River Falls, Pierce. Indian Ford, Rock. Mazomanie, Dane. Ozaukee, Ozaukee.	1863.
Powers, David J	raimyra, Jenerson	1853.
Powers, Joseph	Hebron, Jefferson	1864.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Powers, Levi P	Grand Rapids, Wood	1009
Powers Simeon D	Tomah Monroe	1803.
Powers, Simon D	Port Washington Wash	1002.
Pratt. Delando	Baraboo, Sauk	1848
Pratt, Geo. W	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889, b.
Pratt, George E	River Falls, Pierce	1897.
Pratt, Martin V	Evansville, Rock	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1883.
ratt, Samuel	Spring Prairie, Walworth Spring Prairie, Walworth Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prentice, Wm. H	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1858.
Puontiss, Theodore	watertown, Jenerson	1861.
Price Devid I	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68.
Price William T	Black Divor Falls Jackson	1881.
Prickett Harlow E	Black River Falls, Jackson	1851, 82, b .
Priest Daniel B	Vironna Vornon	1858.
Priestly, Chas. W	Shullshurg Lafavotto	1863, 68. 1885.
Pritchard, Richard	Manchester Green Lake	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore	Milwankee, Milwankee	1895.
Proctor, John	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Watertown, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Bay View, Milwaukee Black River Falls, Jackson Black River Falls, Jackson Viroqua, Vernon Shullsburg, Lafayette Manchester, Green Lake Milwaukee, Milwaukee Neenah, Winnebago Fall River, Columbia	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H	Fall River, Columbia	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1891.
Powers, Levi P. Powers, Simeon D. Powers, Simon D. Pratt, Delando. Pratt, Geo. W. Pratt, George E. Pratt, Oris. Pratt, Samuel. Prentice, Wm. H. Prentice, Wm. A. Prentiss, Theodore. Prentiss, Wm. A. Price, David J. Proctor, Ulliam T. Proctor, John. Proctor, Wm. H. Publing, David B. Publing, Otto	Fall River, Columbia Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Shawano, Shawano Plymouth, Sheboygan Evansville, Rock.	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1873.
Pullen, Lloyd T	Evansville, Rock	1876.
Pullen, Lloyd T	Argyle, Lafayette. Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1861, 65.
Purple, Chauncey H	Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1854.
rutnam, Edson A	- Oakheid, Bond dh Lac - I	1876.
Putnam, George W	Ash Ridge, Richland	1872, 73.
Putnam, Henry C.	Ash Ridge, Richland River Falls, Pierce Brodhead, Green	1883.
utham, Henry O	Brodnead, Green	1891, 93.
Quarles, Joseph V	Kenosha	1879, b.
Quarles, Joseph V Quigg, Charles E	Tomah, Monroe	1893.
		1000.
Race, John JRademacher, Peter J	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee	1885.
Rademacher, Peter J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Roesser, Chirstopher S	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, 89.
Rahr, Reinhard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1887.
Ramsey, George R	Janesville, Rock	1852.
anisey, william n	Manitomas Manito	1855, 61.
Randall Alexander W	Wankasha Wankash	1862, 63.
Randall Ranjamin	rredonia Station, Ozaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Janesville, Rock. Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Mishicott, Manitowoc. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Manitowoc. Manitowoc.	1855.
Rankin, Joseph	Mishicott Manitoweg	1848.
Rankin, JosephRankin, Joseph	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1860.
asmussen, James J	Fort Howard, Brown	1871, 72, 73, 74, 1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E	Troy, Walworth	1851.
Ray, George A	La Grange, Walworth	1868.
Rasmussen, James J Ray, Adam E Ray, George A Ray, George H	La Grange, Walworth. La Crosse, La Crosse.	
Raymond, James O Raymond, Shepard O Raymond, William	Plover, Portage	1866,
aymond, Shepard O	Geneva, Walworth	1866.
aymond, William	Belle Center, Crawford	1870.
cead, John M	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1881, b.
tead, John M. deed, Curtis. deed, Darius. deed, Dennis A.	La Crosse, La Crosse. Plover, Portage. Geneva, Walworth. Belle Center, Crawford. Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Menasha, Winnebago. Sullivan, Jefferson. Sturgeon Bay, Door. Grand Rapids, Wood. Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1853, 61.
Reed, Darnis	Sullivan, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Pood Hoppy	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1865, 74.
Reed, Henry Reed, Horatio G. H	Shahaman Shahaman	1869.
Reed Orson	Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Summit, Waukesha.	
Reed. William W	Tofforson Tofforson	1853, b.
Regan, Mathias J	Jefferson, Jefferson	1862, 66, 67, b.
Reinnoldt, Henry O	Eagle, Waukesha Genoa Junction, Kenosha	1883. 1897.
einhard, William		- OF .
emington, Cyrus C	Baraboo, Sauk	1854
Remington, H. W	Grand Rapids, Wood	1865
esch, Michael	Green Bay, Brown	1876
lesley, Arthur	Appleton, Outagamie	1853.
ceuter, Christian	Roxbury, Dane	1891.
Reed, Horatio G. H. Reed, Orson Reed, William W. Regan, Mathias J. Reinnoldt, Henry O. Reinhard, William Remington, Cyrus C. Remington, H. W. Resch, Michael Resley, Arthur Reuther, Christian Reuther, Peter Rewey, Jefferson W. Revymert James D.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1872.
tewey, Jenerson W	Rewey, Iowa	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1857, b.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.		_	Se	essions.	
Reynolds, John F	Genoa Junction, Kenosha	1895,	97			
Reynolds, John F Reynolds, Benoni O Reynolds, James C Reynolds, Joseph B	Geneva, Walworth	1876,	b.			
Reynolds, James C	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889,	87,	b.		
Reynolds, Joseph B	Chilton, Calumet	1879.	CO			
Reynolds, James Reukema, Rip	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 1893.	68.			
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Burlington, Racine	1893.				
Rhoda, David	Oconomowoc, Wankeshal	1873.				
Rhodes, Jonas W	Kenosha, Kenosha Horicon, Dodge Sparta, Monroe	1871.				
Rico Carlton E	Sparta Monroe	1855. 1864.				1
Reuschiein, Francis Rhoda, David Rhodes, Jonas W Ribble, John B Rice, Carlton E Rice, Ira A Rice, John T Rice, John T Rice, John T Rice, William	Waterford, Racine	1870.				•
Rice, John T	Waterford, Racine	1877.				
Rice, William	Morrison, Brown	1878.				
Rich, Corydon L	Vinland Winnehago	1854				
Richards, Daniel H	MIIWaukee, MIIWaukee	1868.	70,	71,	74, 75.	
Richards, Daniel H Richards, John F Richards, Richard	Tomah, Monroe	1872.	•	•	•	
Richards, Richard	Geneva, Walworth	1873. 1849.				
Richardson, Hamilton	Janesville Rock	1864,	h			
Richards, Richard, Richardson, E. D	Janesville, Rock	1869.	٠.			
Richardson, Silas	Waukesha, Waukesha Fairplay, Grant	1863.				
Richardson, William	Appleton, Outagamie	1852.	75	h		
Richter August	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.	75,	υ.		
Richter, August Richer, Ezekiel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Manitowoc, Manitowoc Sun Prairie, Dane Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852,	53.			
	Sun Prairie, Dane	1849.				
Riemer, Gustav J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.				
Riemer, Gustav J Ries, Florian J Ring, M. C	Neillsville, Clark	1889.	b.			
Ringle, Bartholomew Ringle, John	Wausau, Marathon	1864,	72,	75,	76, 77.	
Ringle, John	Neillsville, Clark	1879,	80,	81,	93, b.	
Riordan, James Riordan, Jeremiah	Wost Bond Washington	1861.				
	West Bend, Washington Pulcifer, Shawano. Platteville, Grant. North Prairie, Waukesha Caledonia, Racine Vernon, Waukesha Creen Bay Brown	1897.				
Robbins HammerRoberts, DavidRoberts, Henry BRobertson, Robert CRobinson, Charles DRobinson, Eli	Platteville, Grant	1857,	58,	61,	64, 66,	67, 68.
Roberts, David	North Prairie, Waukesha	1858.				
Robertson Robert C	Vernon Wankesha	1860				
Robinson, Charles D	Green Bay, Brown Benton, Lafayette. Kenosha, Kenosha Salem, Racine. Chilton, Calumet. Francis Creek, Manitowoc.	1850.				
Robinson, Eli	Benton, Lafavette	1853.				
Robinson, Frederick	Kenosha, Kenosha	1872,	76.			
Robinson, James	Chilton, Calumet	1853.	58.	63.	70.	
Robinson, John	Francis Creek, Manitowoc.	1885.	00,	٠٠,	•••	
Robinson, Nathaniel S	Neenah, Winnebago	1875.				
Robinson, Ell. Robinson, Frederick. Robinson, George M Robinson, James. Robinson, John. Robinson, Nathaniel S Robinson, Thomas. Robinson, William.	Minoral Point Jowa	1867.	74.			
Robier, Hiram W	Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Mineral Point, Iowa. Wyocena, Columbia Westport, Dane. Danville, Dodge. Oconomowoc, Waukesha. Springfield, Walworth.	1874.	17.			
Roche, Matthew	Westport, Dane	1853.			1	
Roche, Patrick	Danville, Dodge	1877.				
Rockwell, D. Henry Rockwell, Reuben	Springfield Walworth	1849.				
	Olion, michianu					
Rodolph, Charles G	Highland, IowaLa Crosse, La Crosse	1851,	b.			
Rodolph, Theodore	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1868,	70.			
Rodrian, Jacob Roe, William H	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1895. 1853.				
Roemer, John A. Roethe, Henry. Rogan, Peter. Rogers, Asa Rogers, Chas.	Appleton, Outagamie Painsville, Milwaukee	1873.				
Roethe, Henry	Painsville, Milwaukee	1869.				
Rogan, Patrick	Watertown, Jefferson	1851,	62.	55,	66.	
Rogers Ass	Oshkosh Winnehago	1875.	04.			
Rogers, Chas	Hingham, Sheboygan	1865.				
nugers, E. D	Watertown, Jefferson	1878.				
Rogers, James E	Stevens Point, Portage	1881. 1860				
Rogers, Oran Rogers, William	Carleton, Kewaunee	1882.				
Rogers, William	Oregon, Dane	1885.				
Rolph, Frederick B	Monroe, Green	1864.			* * * .	
Rood, Anson	Cascade, Sheboygan	1864.	71.			
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b. See list of Senators.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MENDOTA.



MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

	Dogt office Address and	
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
D. J. D	Jefferson, Jefferson	1848.
Rood, Davenport	Hazel Green, Grant	1854.
Rood, Lewis	Hazel Green, Grant Packwaukee, Marquette	1855.
Rood, Samuel R Root, Eleazer Root, Wilbur M	Dartiora, Marquette	1852.
Root, Wilbur M	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rose, Solomon L	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1855, b.
Rosenkranz, Herman Rosenkrans, Omar L Rosenthal, Adolph Roskie, C. F. Ross, Freeman M Ross, James	Lomira, Dodge	1895.
Rosenkrans, Omar L	Oconomowoc, Waukesha Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1891, 97. 1854.
Rosenthal, Adolph	Montello, Marquette	1881.
Ross Freeman M	Monteno, Marquette Cambria, Columbia Madison, Dane. Phillips, Price Greenwood, Clark. Watertown, Jefferson. Menasha, Winnebago Geneva, Walworth.	1869.
Ross, James	Madison, Dane	1865.
Rossman, Lewis Rossman, Philip	Phillips, Price	1891.
Rossman, Philip	Greenwood, Clark	1891.
Rothe, Emil	Monagha Winnehaga	1863. 1870, 71, b.
Rounds, William P Roundy, Daniel C	Geneva Walworth	1864.
	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1866.
Rounseville, Samuel	Meeme, Manitowoc	1862.
Rountree, John H	Platteville, Grant	1863, b.
Rowe, William E	Arena, Iowa	1869, 72, 73, 44.
Rowlands, John R	Cambria, Columbia Oconto, Oconto	1870.
Royce, Henry M Roys, Samuel H	Stoughton, Dane	1848. 49.
Ruan, John	Stoughton, Dane Oak Creek, Milwaukee Boltonville, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, 60.
Ruan, John	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1880.
Rudinski, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Rudd, Eli O	Rudd's Mills, Monroe	1872. 1859.
	Reedsburg, Sauk Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Ruger, John	Ripon, Fond du Lac	
Runals, Edmund L Runkel, Henry C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 70.
Runkel, John	Lowell, Doage	1 1875.
Runkel, John Rusch, William Rush, John D Rusk, Allen Rusk, John M	Herman, Dodge Winneconne, Winnebago	1871.
Rush, John D	Winneconne, Winnebago	1859. 1878, 81
Rusk, Allen	Liberty, Vernon	1 1869 1 1869
Rusk, Jeremiah M Russell, Francis Russell, Richard C	Westfield, Marquette	1868.
Russell, Richard C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1864.
Rutherford Gilbert	Lake Mills, Jeпerson	1891.
Rutledge, John	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1869.
Ryan, Hugh	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885. 1882, 83.
Ryan, James Ryan, Sam., Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Ridgeway, Iowa Appleton, Outagamie	1865.
		i
Sackett, Hobert S Safford, Truman J Sage, Ezra C Sage, Sidney A Salentine, Peter Salisbury, Elijah C Salter, Robert Sampson, Bennett E Sampelson Syand	Berlin, Waushara Exeter, Green New Lisbon, Juneau Western Union, Racine	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J	Exeter, Green	1852.
Sage, Ezra C	New Lisbon, Juneau	1867. 1881.
Salentine Detay	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Salisbury Elijoh C	Union Grove, Racine	1865.
Salter, Robert	Newburg, Washington	
Sampson, Bennett E	Newburg, Washington Oakfield, Dodge	1891, 93.
Samuelson, Svend	Eaton, Manitowoc	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S	Mazomanie, Dane	1862, 63, 64, 70. 1885.
Sandorn, A. W	Stevens Point, Portage Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885. 1873.
Sanders, Horace T	Racine, Racine	1853.
Sanderson, John	Cambria, Columbia	
Sanderson, Robert B	Cambria, Columbia Poynette, Columbia	1862, 66, b.
Sanderson, Thomas	Leeds, Columbia	1871.
Samuelson, Svend. Sanborn, Alden S. Sanborn, A. W. Sander, Jacob. Sanderson, Horace T. Sanderson, John. Sanderson, Robert B. Sanderson, Thomas. Sanderson, Joseph. Sanger, Casper M.	Randolph, Columbia	1895. 1873.
Sarnow Christian	Milwankee, Milwankee	1877, 79.
Saugestad, Oluf A	Baldwin, St. Croix	1882.
Savage, James R	Springville, Bad Axe	1858.
Saugestad, Oluf A. Savage, James R. Sawyer, Hiram W. Sawyer, James.	Burnett, Dodge	. 1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W	Hartford, Washington	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James	Randolph, Columbia. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Baldwin, St. Croix Springyille, Bad Axe Burnett, Dodge. Hartford, Washington Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, Summit Waukesha	1865.
Sawyer, Philetus	Oshkosh Winnehago	1857, 61.
Sawyer, ParkerSawyer, PhiletusSayles, Whitman	Summit, Waukesba Oshkosh, Winnebago Rubicon, Dodge	.) 1853.
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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Sawre, David F	Fulton, Rock Symco, Waupaca Menomonee Falls, Wash Brillion, Calumet Addison, Washington Brookfield, Waukesha Hika, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Scanlon, John	Symco, Waupaca	1879.
Schaetzel, Valentine Schaubs, Ernest Schautz, Adam	Menomonee Falls, Wash	1861.
Schautz Adam	Addison Washington	1887.
Schatz, Herman	Brookfield, Waukesha	1854, 63, b. 1882.
Schiebe, Emil P	Hika, Manitowoc	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick Scheffel, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Schollenharg Harman	Horn's Corners Ozankoo	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman Schemerhorn, W. S	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee Lodi, Columbia	1895, 97. 1867.
Schenber Adolph	Erfurt Laffarson	1877.
Schletz, John A	Grafton, Ozaukee	1862.
Schmidkofor Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Calvary, Fond du Lac	1875.
Schmidt, Carl H	Manitowec Manitowec	1885, 87. 1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper Schmidt, John	Ushkosh, winnebago	1889.
Schmidt, John	Tess Corners, Waukesha	1864, 80, 93,
Schmidtner, Louis A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1 (8b0
Schmitz, Frederick	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875. 1891, 93.
Schmitz, Frederick Schmitz, Philip, Jr Scheutz, Henry	Williamsburg, Milwaukee	1891.
Schneider, Phillip	Barton, Washington	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F	Lowell, Dodge	1885.
Schottler Martin	Stantsville Washington	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin Schrage, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1863, 64. 1855.
Schutte, Charles	Meeker, Washington	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	South Germant'n, Washing	1881.
Schwalbech, John F., Jr. Schwefel, Fred F. Schwefel, William Scoffeld, Charles Schollard, William Schuler, Fred C. Schulze, Fred Scott, David Scott, James Scribner, James K	Williamsburg, Milwaukee. Barton, Washington. Lowell, Dodge Rubicon, Dodge. Staatsville, Washington. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Meeker, Washington. South Germant'n, Washing Lebanon, Dodge. Lebanon, Dodge. Lebanon, Dodge.	1855. 1891, 93.
Scoffeld, Charles	Red River Door	1891, 93. 1875.
Schollard, William	Red River, Door Hartford, Washington	1878
Schuler, Fred C	Boltonville, Washington Portage, Columbia	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred	Portage, Columbia	1885.
Scott, James	Waupaca, Waupaca	1854. 1887.
Scribner, James K Scribner, Wiley S Seabold, John E Seaman, Galen B.	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S	Entralay (Frant	1866.
Seabold, John E	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Stoughton, Dane Pine River, Waushara	1881.
Seamonson, William	Stoughton Dane	1873. 1876.
Sears, Edgar	Pine River, Waushara	1867, 68,
Seaton, James W. Seaver, John D. Seaver, Joseph W.	Potosi, Grant	1899, 60, D .
Seaver, John D	Cooksville, Rock	1851.
Sedgwick, David E	Potosi, Grant. Cooksville, Rock. Darien, Walworth. Wrightstown, Brown. Elk Grove, Lafayette. Johnstown, Rock.	1853. 1880.
Seery, David J	Elk Grove, Lafavette	1866, 67.
Segar, John A	Johnstown, Rock	1850.
Selden, George W	ttacine, itacine	1858.
Sell, John	Addison, Washington Beaver Dam, Dodge Howard's Grove, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oak Greek, Milwaukee Shawano, Shawano Fountain City, Buffalo Waupaca, Waupaca Scandingvia Waupaca	1856. 1850.
Selsemeyer, August Semmann, John L Semmonn, L Semple, Parlan.	Howard's Grove. Shebovgan	1881.
Semmann, John L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871, 74.
Semmonn, L	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
Semple, Parlan	Shawano, Shawano	1869, 71.
Senn, John J. Serwe, Michael	Ashland Fond du Lac	1877, 78. 1875.
Sessions, Milan H	Waupaca, Waupaca	1869. b.
Sether, Ole C		1897.
Seymour, Robt. T	Lafayette, Walworth Reedsburg, Sauk	1856.
Shaffer, George P	New Diggings, Lafayette	1876, 77. 1897.
Shafter, James M	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1852.
Setsions, Milan H. Sether, Ole C. Seymour, Robt. T. Seymour, Silas J. Shaffer, George P. Shafter, James M. Shafter, William N. Shannahan Daniel	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel		1863.
Sharp John W	Delavan, Walworth	1872, 75. 1858.
Sharp, Terrett C	Elkhart Lake. Shehovoan	1883. 85.
Shannanan, Daniel Sharp, Elijah M Sharp, John W Sharp, Terrett C. Sharpstein, John R. Shaw, Major. Shear, Thomas J.	Door Creek, Dane	1863, b.
Shaw, Major	Hingham, Sheboygan	1872.
onear, Thomas J	Hillsborough, Vernon	1882, 89.

b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Shears, Henry	Oconomowoe Wankashe	1850.
Sheddon, Thomas H Shepard, Ashbel K Shepard, Charles E Shepard, J. L Shepard, Leander H Sherman, Adelmon	Oconomowoc, Waukesha Darlington, Lafayette Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Burnett Dodge.	1880.
Shenard Ashhal K	Vilwankee Milwankee	1881.
Shepard, Charles E	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac	1882.
Shepard, J. L	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878.
Shepard, Leander H	Burnett, Dodge	1877.
Sherman, Adelmon	Janesville, Rock	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Adelmon Sherman, Benjamin F. Sherman, John M. Shibley, Jacob B. Shinnick, Thomas. Sholes, Charles C. Sholes, C. Latham. Short, Dennis. Short, Dennis. Short, Sidney A. Shuffet, Sidney A. Shufett, Sidney A. Shufett, Sidney A. Shufett, Sidney A. Shufets, Henry. Siebers, Henry. Sieker, William F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1880, b.
Sherman, John M	Burnett, Dodge Bassett's Station, Kenosha	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B	Bassett's Station, Kenosha	1868.
Shinnick, Thomas	Watertown, Jefferson Kenosha, Kenosha Kenosha, Kenosha Theresa, Dodge	1867, 76.
Sholog C Latham	Konosha Konosha	1855, b. 1852, 53, b.
Short Donnis	Theresa Dodge	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B	Lancaster, Grant	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A	Omro, Winnebago	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman	North Prairie, Waukesha	1864.
Shumway, Perley J	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1848, 62.
Siebers, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Sieker, William F	Franklin, Sheboygan	1895, 97.
Sieker, William F Sikes, George Silverthorn, Willis C	Sharon, Walworth	1850.
Silverthorn, Willis C	Wausau, Marathon	1868, 74, b. 1859, 63.
oimon, mattinas	Omro, Winnebago. North Prairie, Waukesha. Wauwatosa, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Franklin, Sheboygan. Sharon, Walworth. Wausau, Marathon. Ahnapee, Kewaunee. Rinon Fond du Lac	1859, 63. 1889.
Simmons, C. F Simmons, Rouse		
Simmons William	Nekimi Winnehago	1865, 66.
Simmons, Kouse. Simmons, William Simmons, Zalmon G Simpson, Edward B Simpson, Elva Simpson, Elva Simpson, Philemon B Skippson, Philemon B Skippson, Jacob	Kenosha, Kenosha Nekimi, Winnebago Kenosha, Kenosha	1865.
Simpson, Edward B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Iron Ridge, Dodge Shullsburg, Lafayette Ripon, Fond du Lac.	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1853, b .
Skeels, Albert M	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.
		1892.
Slade, Edwin	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1865.
Slaughter, George H. Sleyster, Roelof. Sloan, A. Scott. Sloan, Henry C. Sloggy, Samuel.	Mendota, Dane	1866.
Sloan A Scott	Reguer Dare Dodge	1870. 1857.
Sloan, Henry C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1881, 95.
Sloggy, Samuel	Ontario, Vernon	1885, 87.
Slogty, Samuel. Slowthower, Ellias. Slupcoki, E. J. Small, William. Smart, Reuben D. Smiley, Daniel. Smiley, John Smith, Aaron B. Smith, Adam	Gratiot, Lafavette	1848.
Slupocki, E. J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889
Small, William	Sussex, Waukesha	1880.
Smart, Reuben D	Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Albany, Green. Orfordville, Rock. Lake Mills, Jefferson. Burke, Dane. Lind, Waupaca. Erin, Washington. Richmond, Walworth. Big Bend, Waukesha. Markesan, Green Lake. Spring Valley, Rock. Millard, Walworth. Madison, Dane.	1875.
Smiley, Daniel	Orfordwille Book	1866.
Smith Agron B	Lake Mills Leffensen	1885. 1865.
Smith, Adam	Burka Dana	1859.
Smith, Archibald D	Lind Wannaca	1872.
Smirn, Byron i	Erin, Washington	1855.
Smith, Daniel Smith, Delbert K	Richmond, Walworth	1864.
Smith, Delbert K	Big Bend, Waukesha	1895, 97.
SIMIEN, E. C. I	Markesan, Green Lake	1889, 91.
Smith, Ezekiel C I	Spring Valley, Rock	1850.
smith, Erancis I	Millard, Walworth	1861.
Smith, George B. Smith, George C. Smith, George H.		
Smith Coornel II	Oakfield, Jefferson. Galesville, Trempealeau. Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Mishicott, Manitowoc Dodge's Corners, Waukesha Vernon. Waukesha	1858, 59.
mith, Heber	Watertown Lefferger	1882. 1860.
mith, Henry	Milwankee Milwankee	1878.
mith. Hiram	Shehovgan Falls Shehovgan	1871.
Smith, Hiram Smith, Horatio N	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1850, b .
Smith, Ira P	Mishicott, Manitowoc	1881.
Smith, Jesse	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha	1866, 67,
	Vernon, Waukesha	1854.
mith, Jonathan J	Barron, Barron	1895, 97.
Smith, J. M	Vernon, Waukesha	1893.
Smith, John	Caledonia, Racine	1854.
Smith John A	Gorova Walmarth	1868.
Smith, John A Smith, John A Smith, Lindsey J	Geneva, Walworth Troy Center, Walworth	1868, 69.
Smith, Perry H	Appleton Outsgamia	1881. 1855, 58, 59, b.
- ,	Diskland Contagainic	1000, 00, 00, 0.
Smith Dhilin Mr	Richand Center, Richland (1878.
Smith, Philip M	Appleton, Outagamie Richland Center, Richland. Janneys, Richland Mineral Point, Iowa	1874.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY-Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Smith, Samuel W	Markesan, Green Lake	1863.
Smith, Winfield Smith, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse	1872.
Smith, William E	Fox Lake, Dodge	1889. 1851, 71, b.
Smith, William H	Fox Lake, Dodge Eau Galle, Dunn	1863.
Smith, C. E	Randolph, Columbia	1891.
Smith, L. H Smohe, David	Arington, Columbia Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1891.
Spover David G	i teagle Wankeela	1864, 66, 68. 1863.
Snover, John C	Eagle, Waukesha Eagle, Waukesha	1851.
Solon, John	Richwood, Dodge	1872.
Snover, John C. Solon, John Solon, T. F. Sorge, Henry	Richwood, Dodge. Richwood, Dodge. Reedsburg, Sauk. Geneya, Walworth.	1887, 89.
	Geneva Walworth	1895.
Spaulding, Benjamin B	Arcade, Marquette	1850.
Spaulding, Benjamin B Spaulding, Joseph Spaulding Hiland J	Harmony, Rock	1854, 63.
Spense, Thomas W	Vienna, Dane Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1895.
Spenseley, James	Mineral Point, Iowa	1877, 79. 1866.
Spiering, Henry	Mayville, Dodge	1879, 83, 87.
Spenseley, James	Mayville, Dodge	1872.
Spooner, Wyman	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner Spottswood, James K	Azdalan, Jenerson	1865. 1860.
	Brodhead, Green	1880, 81.
Sprague, Burr	Orfordville, Rock	1868.
Spratt, George	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1887.
Staats, Adam	Staatsville, Washington	1870, b. 1852.
Stack, John M	Platteville, Grant Staatsville, Washington Mitchell, Fond du Lac Geneva, Walworth	1893.
Stack, John M Stafford, Amos W Stamm, Godfrey	Geneva, Walworth	1872.
Standh Gourrey	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1862.
Stanchfield, Samuel B Stanley, William S., Jr Stanley, Charles A	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1885, b. 1881, 82, b.
Stanley, Charles A	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1895, 97.
Stannard, Erastus W Stanton, Horace Staples, King G	Greenbush, Sheboygan Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Iron River, Bayfield Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Stanton, Horace	Iron River Rayfield	1861.
Stapleton, Richard F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897. 1877.
Stark, Joshua	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Stark, William H	Timany, 1.0ck	1867, 78.
	Shopiere, Rock Baraboo, Sauk	1858.
Starks, Argalus W Starr, William	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1862, 63, 64, 65, b. 1863, 64.
Stearns, D. Manfield Stebbins, De Wayne Stebbins, Harrison	Elkhorn, Walworth	1876.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Ahnapee, Door	1873, b.
Steele, John	Alderley Dadge	1881.
Steele, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hortonville, Outagamie Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1898.
Steffen, Francis	Hortonville, Outagamie	1878, 79.
Stemper, John B Steverwald, Daniel	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1873.
Steinfort, Casper H	Adell, SheboyganLake Mills, Jefferson	1887. 1873.
	Lake Mills, Jefferson Woodland, Dodge	1858.
Stephens, David. Stephens, John. Stephens, Thomas G.	Madison, Dane	1889.
Stephens Thomas C	Waukesha, Waukesha Hazel Green, Grant	1885.
Stephenson, Isaac	Marinette, Marinette	1873. 1866, 68.
	Meeme, Manitowoc	1861.
Sterling, Levi	Mineral Point, Iowa	1858, b.
Sterling, William T	Iron Ridge, Dodge Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1852. 1848, 50.
Sterling, William T Stevens, Charles	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Stevens Chase A	La Crosse, La Crosse	1855.
Stevens, Daniel B	Cassville, Grant	1882.
Stevens, Daniel B Stevens, Ezra B Stevens, Henry	Caledonia Center, Racine	1857, 62. 1864, b.
	Eenterprise, Vernon	1876.
Stevenson, John	Newton Vernon	1889
Stewart, Alva	Polavan Welmonth	1850, b. 1882, 83.
Stewart, Andrew J	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Delayan, Walworth Richmond, Walworth	1882, 83. 1887.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Stillman, Ellicott R Stock, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Mequon, Washington Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1895. 1851. 1876, 89.
Stoddard, Thomas B Stoddart, John	La Crosse, La Crosse Fox Lake, Dodge	1862. 1889. 1872.
Stocking, Hobart M Stoddard, Thomas B Stoddart, John Stone, Eliphalet S Stone, Glenville W Stone, Jesse	Winooski, Sheboygan Watertown, Jefferson	1857. 1880, 82, 97.
Stonewall, John M Stoppenbach, Joseph Stowers, Charles H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Jefferson, Jefferson Tustin, Waushara	1862. 1891. 1874.
Stranchau, John Strasser, Leopold Streckewald, Gustave	Mineral Point, Iowa Stockbridge, Calumet	1872. 1885. 1859.
Strong, George Strong, Luman M Strong, Marshall M	Mequon, Washington. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. La Crosse, La Crosse. Fox Lake, Dodge. Summit, Waukesha. Winooski, Sheboygan. Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Jefferson, Jefferson. Tustin, Waushara. Mineral Point, Iowa. Stockbridge, Calumet. Hartford, Washington. Hudson, St. Croix. Highland, Iowa. Racine, Racine.	1857. 1852.
Strong, Moses M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Mineral Point, Iowa	1857. 1850.
Strong, Nathaniel Strong, Rolin M Struve, Franz G. L	Beloit. Rock	1848. 1866. 1868.
Stuntz, A. C	Reedsburg, Sauk. Helenville, Jefferson. Bayfield, Bayfield. Superior City, Douglas. Delavan, Walworth.	1865. 1862. 1863.
Struve, Franz G. L. Stuntz, A. C. Stuntz, George R. Sturtevant. Charles H. Suelflow, Frank W. Sugden, Thomas. Sullivan, Andrew Sullivan, John. Summer, John. Sutton, John. Swain, George G.	North Prairie, Waukesha	1849, 52, 57.
Sullivan, John	Ten Mile House, Milwauker Baraboo, Sauk	1868. 1860. 1860.
Swain, George G	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee Baraboo, Sauk	1870, 7 1. 1859. 1878.
Swart, Alfred L Sweat, John B	Rlack Earth Dane	1857, b.
1	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc Castle Rock, Grant	1897. 1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S Tanner, Samuel Tarbell, Samuel E	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Westfield, Marquette Woodworth, Kenosha Tunnel City, Monroe	1853, 54. 1882, 83. 1869.
Tarr, Joseph M Tarrant, George Tarrant, Henry Tate, George E	Janesville, Rock	1865. 1881. 1889, 91.
Tate, George E	Viola, Richland	1887. 1882.
Tate, George H. Tate, J. Henry. Taylor, Allen. Taylor, Anson H. Taylor, Chas. S.	Viroqua, Vernon	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64. 1850. 1885, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L Taylor, David Taylor, George W Taylor, Horatio T	Barron, Barron	1876. 1853. b. 1895. 97.
Taylor, Horatio T Taylor, James A	Racine, Racine	1863. 1881. 8 3. 91.
Taylor, James A. Taylor, Jonathan. Taylor, William R. Temple, Charles S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cottage Grove, Dane Darien, Walworth	1855. b. 1876.
Temple, Marsena Tenney, Horace A Terhune, William F Terrill, Richard.	Darien, Walworth Newport, Sauk Madison, Dane Viroqua, Bad Axe (Vernon) Dane Station, Dane Alma, Buffalo	1861. 1857. 1854.
Textor, Clinton	Dane Station, Dane	1891.
Thalacker, August Thayer, J. B Thayer, Mason A Thayer, Lyman W	Oshkosh, Winnebago River Falls, Pierce Snarta, Monroe Ripon, Fond du Lac	1895. 1885. 1882.
Thelen, Mathias	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1893. 1879. 1879.
Thomas, Amos	Wauwautosa, Milwaukee	1889.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Thomas, Charles G	Sextonville Richland	1883, 85.
	Sextonville, Richland Briggsville, Marquette Moundville, Marquette	1862, 63.
Thomas, Horatio S	Moundville, Marquette	1856.
Thomas, Jesse	Green Lake, Green Lake	
	Green Lake, Green Lake Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1862.
Thomas, John H	Berlin City, Waushara	1875.
Thomas, John L. V	Beloit, Rock	1854.
Thomas, John E. Thomas, John L. V. Thomas, John W. Thomas, John W. Thomas, Joseph M. Thomas, Major J. Thomas, Ormsby B. Thomas, Phillip W. Thomas, Salmon	Berlin City, Waushara Beloit, Rock Anson, Chippewa Lone Rock, Richland	1895, 97.
Thomas, Joseph M	Lone Rock, Richland	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Major J	Project du Chien Crawford	1854, 57. 1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Prairie du Chien, Crawford Mineral Point, Iowa	1853.
Thomas, Salmon	Darien. Walworth	1856.
Thomas, Salmon Thomas, William H Thomas, William H	Darien, Walworth Lisbon, Waukesha Sumner, Trempealeau Monticello, Green	1849, 61.
Thomas, William H	Sumner, Trempealeau	1866.
Thompson, Charles Thompson, George P Thompson, Henry M Thompson, Jared, Jr	Monticello, Green	1857.
Thompson, George P	Cross Plains, Dane	1855, 56.
Thompson, Henry M	Mosinee, Marathon	1897.
Thompson, Jared, Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fox Lake, Dodge Hartland, Waukesha	1865. 1848.
Thompson, Monroe	Hartland Wankasha	1862, 66.
Thompson, Samuel	Rio, Columbia	1869.
Thompson, William	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1860
Thompson, Monroe Thompson, Samuel Thompson, Thornton Thompson, William Thompson, Alexander M Thompson, Ambrose	Janesville, Rock Seneca, Crawford	1868, 69.
Thompson, Ambrose	Seneca, Crawford	1891.
Thorne, Gerret T	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Marshall, Dane	1871, b.
Thorne, Gerret T Thornton, Oliver W Thornton, Thomas	Marshall, Dane	1873.
Thornton, Thomas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Adelbert D Thorp, Hermon S	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc Sturgeon Bay, Door Bristol, Racine	1882.
Phorp, Hermon S	Waukesha, Waukesha	1849, b. 1869.
Pilton Hozokich C	Allen's Grove, Walworth	1865.
Horp, Hermon S. Mchenor, Vernon. Pilton, Hezekiah C. Piernay, John H. Pinker, James. Pisch, Charles. Pisch, William Poay, John	Wannakee Dane	1880.
Finker, James	Dover, Racine Nero, Kewaunee	1851.
Fisch, Charles	Nero, Kewaunee	1877, 78.
Fish, William	Mishicott, Manitowoc Mineral Point, Iowa Neenah, Winnebago	1876.
	Mineral Point, Iowa	1852, 54, 59.
	Neenah, Winnebago	1887.
Fobin, John	Granville, Milwaukee Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1854, 56. 1873.
Folond Dataisle	Unin Washington	1849.
Coll, John C	Five Mile House, introduced Frin, Washington	1851.
Follefson Gunnuf	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1868.
Follefson, Gunnuf Fompkins, William F	Janesville, Rock	1850, 51.
Popliff, Alfred Porbert, William M	East Hamden, Columbia	1854, 55.
Forbert, William M	Hudson, St. Croix	1854.
	Perry, Dane	1871.
Torgerson, Ole. Cormey, James. Cotten, Henry Couley, Michael J. Covsley, Wilber H. Covyer, Thomas W.	Tomah, Monroe. Waukesha, Waukesha. Morrison, Brown. Jefferson, Jefferson. Towerville, Clawford. Shullsburg, Lafayette. Shullsburg, Lafayette. Nepenskup, Winnebago.	1891. 1870.
rotten, Henry	Waukesna, Waukesna	1877.
Pougley, Michael J	Tofforson Jefferson	1870.
Porter Thomas W	Towerville, Crawford	1859.
Cownsend, A. A	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1855.
Cownsend, Elijah C	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1860, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B	Nepeuskun, Winnebago Winnebago, Winnebago	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J	Winnebago, Winnebago	1849.
Tracy, Daniel	Osman, Manitowoc	1887. 1891. 93.
Pracy, John Prain, James G. Prain, James G. Prast, George W. Preat C. Mortimer Preat, Nathaniel B.	Appleton, Outagamie Merrimack, Sauk Winneconne, Winnebago Ogden, Rock	1857.
rain, James G	Winnesenne Winnebage	1868, 69.
Task, George W	Orden Rock	1863.
Prost Nathanial B	Monroe, Green	1895, 97.
regasgkis, Richard	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851.
releven, Daniel D	Monroe, Green	1880.
Treleven, Daniel D	Sauk Sity, Sauk Hingham, Sheboygan	1862.
Cripp, Roswell H	Hingham, Sheboygan	1881.
ripp, William H	Janesville, Rock	1857.
row, Alvin S	Merrillan, Jackson	1881. 1880, 81.
POT CTPHE	Monticeno, Green	1007
Davis Tahm M		
Pripp, Roswell H Pripp, William H Prow, Alvin S Proy, Cyrus Pruce John M	Lyndon Station Juneau	1877.
True, John M Pruell, David Pruesdell, Gideon Prumbull, John D	Monticello, Green	1877. 1877. 1867.

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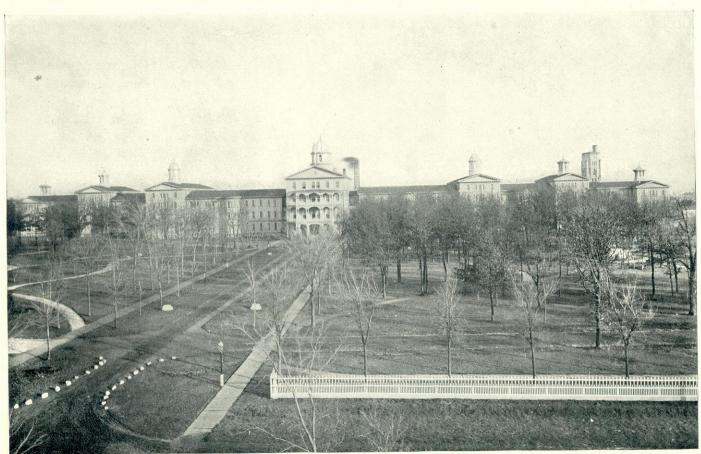
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Trumer, Marcus Tucker, Frank T. Turk, Peter Turkey, John B Turner, (A. J.) J Turner, Eugene S Turner, Henry Turner, John Turner, Yeter H Turner, William W. D Tuttle, William S. Tweedy, John H.	Rubicon, Dodge. Omro, Winnebago. Mequon, Washington Cassyille, Grant. Portage, Columbia. Grafton, Washington Appleton, Outagamie Mauston, Juneau. Palmyra, Jefferson Ripon, Fond du Lac. New Fane, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1871. 1893, 97. 1849. 1852. 1863, 64, 66, 69. 1866. 1866. 1859. 1848. 1883. 1858.
Uecke, John Upham, Calvin H Upson, Salmon Utley, William L Utt, Henry Utt, Adelbert L	Seymour, Outagamie Racine, Racine Kenosha, Kenosha Racine, Racine Platteville, Grant Platteville Grant	1895. 1862. 1860. 1851, 52, b. 1865. 1895, 97.
Vancer, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Newburg, Washington Wrightstown, Brown. Waterloo, Jefferson Vernon, Waukesha Jefferson Vernon, Jefferson Ripon, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Kilbourn City, Columbia Greenbush, Sheboygan Caledonia, Racine Caledonia, Racine West Salem, La Crosse Gascade, Sheboygan Racine, Racine Union, Rock Bangor, La Crosse Barfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Milton, Rock Tomah, Monroe Tomah, Monroe Tomah, Monroe Tomah, Monroe Platteville, Grant Albany, Green Platteville, Grant Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cedarburg, Ozaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee West Bend, Washington. Sharon, Walworth. Richnond (III.), Kenosha Winneconne, Winnebago	1876, 77. 1860. 1893. 1885. 1865. 1865. 1873, 75, b. 1867. 1869, b. 1867. 1871. 1859. 1877. 1851. 1859. 1877. 1871. 1859. 1877. 1871. 1851. 1855. 1865. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1885. 1874. 1856. 1874. 1856. 1887. 1857. 1857. 1857. 1857. 1882.
Wadsworth, H. L. Wadsworth, James Wagner, Ferdinand. Wagner, Joseph. Waite, David H. Wakefield, Josephus. Wakeley, Eleazer. Wakeley, Solomous. Waldo, Charles. Waldoff, Jesse Walker, Charles H. Walker, Geo. H. Walker, Jabez K. Walker, Lyman.	River Falls, St. Croix Darlington, Lafayette. Watertown, Dodge. Watertown, Jefferson Marshfield, Fond du Lac. Princeton, Marquette. Fremont, Waupaca Madison, Dane. Whitewater, Walworth. Kingston, Green Lake. Platteville, Grant. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. East Oasis, Waushara. Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1863. 1859. 1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b. 1857. 1882. 1867, b. 1855, 57. 1851. 1859. 1856, 57.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY-Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wallace Land	0.11 011	
Wallace, Levi Waller, Nathan P	Oil City, Monroe	1885.
Wall, Edward C	West Salem, La Crosse	
Wall, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79.
wan, rnomas	Oshkosh Winnahawa	1883.
Wall, William	Oshkosh Winnebago	1873, 76, 77, b. 1879, 80, 81.
waiper, ramii	Milwankee Milwankee	1872.
Wallinan, Orlando F	Footville, Rock	1872.
waish, Michael P	J MILIVANKAA MILIVANKAA	1883, 85.
waish, Patrick	. Hales' Corners, Milwankee.	1 1868. b.
		1859.
Walters, Aaron	Foster, Fond du Lac	1857, 72.
Walvoord Honey	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Walworth John	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1885.
		1863, 64.
waru, wiinam T	Hustisford Dodge	1877. 1850.
Warden, A. F. Ware, James F	Plymouth, Shehovgan	1891.
Ware, James F	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Clement E	Windsor, Dane	1883, b.
Warner, Clement E Warner, Francis L	Windsor, Dane. Deansville Dane.	1882,
Warner, Henry M	Cottage Grove, Dane	1848.
Warner, Herman	Cottage Grove, Dane Racine, Racine	1858.
Warner William C	Patch Grove, Grant	1861.
Warner, Herman. Warner, Jared. Warner, William S. Warner, William S.	Appleton Outgrand Lac	1869.
Warner, M. J.	Elk Creek Tromposion	1878. 1891.
Warner, M. J. Warren, Dewey K	Patch Grove, Grant. Lamartine, Fond du Lac Appleton, Outagamie. Elk Creek, Trempealeau. Delafield, Waukesha Clintonyillo, Warnson	1848.
	Clintonville, Waupaca. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Delafield, Waukesha Excelsior, Richland Millville, Grant.	1883.
warren, Parker	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1849.
warren. Stephen	Delafield, Waukesha	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F	Excelsior, Richland	1875.
Washburn, George H Washburn, James Washburn, Leroy M Washburn, William H	Millville, Grant	1866.
Washburn Loren M	Buck Creek, Richland	1882.
Washburn William H	Powerkee Waland	1876.
	Sturgeon Bay, Door. Pewaukee, Wakesha. Granville, Milwaukee.	1879. 1849.
waste. 1911	Sparta, Monroe	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N Waterbury, James I Watrous, Jerome A		1859
Waterbury, James I	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1867, 68.
Watrous, Jerome A	Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Black River Falls, Jackson La Pointe, Le Pointe	1867, 68.
	La Pointe, La Pointe Charlestown, Calumet Washburn, Grant	1850.
Watson Charles	Charlestown, Calumet	1862.
Watrous, William F Watson, Charles Watson, J. W	wasnourn, Grant	1880.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91. 1864, 71.
Weage, Frederick A	Granville, Milwaukee	1860, 65.
weatherby, John	Waterford, Racine	1867.
weaver James I	Lisbon, Waukesha	1856.
Weaver, Richard Weaver, Thomas	Lisbon, Waukesha	1878, b
Weaver. Thomas	Pewaukee, Waukesha Wautoma, Waushara. Wautoma, Waushara. Amherst, Portage.	1865.
Webb, Henry G Vebb, William C	Wautoma, Waushara	1861, b.
Webster Fresh	Wautoma, Waushara	1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch	Amnerst, Portage	1863.
Vehster Samuel P	Omno, winnebago	1879, 80. 1897.
Vebster, William E	Danville, Dodge	1854.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	
Veeden, George W Veeks, George.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Sheboygan, Sheboygan Columbus, Dane.	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77. 1872, 83.
Veeks, George	Columbus, Dane	1877.
Veeks Thompson D	Whitewater, Walworth	1867, b.
Veeks, Thomas S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1874.
Vehrle, Gottlieb	Fennimore, Grant	1874.
Veil, Baruch S	Schleisingerville, Wash	1871, 72, 73, b.
	Whitewater, Walworth Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Fennimore, Grant Schleisingerville, Wash West Bend, Washington West Bend, Washington	1002, 80,
Veil, Henry	West Bend, Washington	1850.
Veil, Paul A		1858.
Veiler. John W	Root Creek, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865. 1873.
Velch, Charles H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Velch, David E		1874, 75, b.
Velss, Gottleb E Veller, John W Velch, Charles H Velch, David E Velch, Ebenezar S	Baraboo, Sauk	1855.

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HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

NORTHERN WISCONSIN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, NEAR OSHKOSH.



MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY-Continued.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY-Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Williams, Roger	Hillshorough Vornon	1970
Williams, Roger Williams, Thos. E	Eau Claire Eau Claire	1879. 1885.
Williams, William M	Hillsborough, Vernon Eau Claire, Eau Claire Oak Creek, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Williams, O. T	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Williams, Orrin J	New Richmond, St. Croix.	1893, 95.
Williston, George H	Janesville, Rock	1855.
Williston, George H Wilmont, Henry V. R	Newberg, Washington	1870.
Wilson, Ageshaus U	New Richmond, St. Croix. Janesville, Rock. Newberg, Washington. Janesville, Rock.	1893.
Wilson, De Witt C Wilson, Robert D Wilson, Robert D Wilson, William K Wilse, Cadwallader J Vinans, George. Vinans, John. Wing, Alonzo Winkler, Carl. Winkler, Frederick C Vinslow, Joseph.	Sparta, Monroe	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert D	Dodgeville, Iowa North Bend, Jackson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Wankesha Wankesha	1862. 1880.
Wilson, William K	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1876.
Vinans, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1889.
Vinans, John	Waukesha, Waukesha. Janesville, Rock. Jefferson, Jefferson.	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Winkler Corl	Milwaukoo Milwaukoo	1851.
Vinkler, Erederick C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Vinslow, Joseph	Fort Atkinson,, Jefferson	1872. 1869.
Vinslow, Joseph Vinsor, Horatio S	Elkhorn, Walworth	1865.
Vinter, Charles A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Vinter, Hermann H		1860.
Vinter, Charles A Vinter, Hermann H Vinter, Michael Vipf, Jacob	Adell, Sheboygan	1864.
Wipporman William	Mosel Shebarran	1889, 93.
Whinnerman Horman C	Adell, Sheboygan fola, Waupaca Mosel, Sheboygan Grand Rapids, Wood Green Bav Brown	1856.
Wipir, Jacob Wipperman, William Whipperman, Herman C Virth, Philip M. Virtz, Michael Vithee, Nathan H Voelz, Christian	Green Bay Brown	1895, 97. 1883.
Virtz, Michael	Summit, Fond du Lac	1878.
Vithee, Nathan H	Neillsville, Clark	1879, 80.
oelz, Christian	Green Bay, Brown	1872.
	Dundas, Calumet	1895, 97,
Volf, LouisVolfe, Hubert	Neillsville, Clark. Green Bay, Brown. Dundas, Calumet. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Greenville, Outagamie.	1864, 74, 76, b.
Tolff Julius 1	Rhine, Sheboygan	1895.
Vollar Frank W	Rhine, Sheboygan	1866. 1895, 97.
Voller, Frank E	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Voller, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Volter, Bernard C	Appleton, Outagamia 1	1897.
Zood Algor	Quincy, Adams	1860.
Zood David F	Waukau, Winnebago Manchester, Calumet	1872, 73.
Voller, Frank E. Voller, Albert Volter, Bernard C Vood, Albert Vood, Alson Vood, David E. Vood, Joseph Vood, Uriah Vood, Urodh	Tirand Ranida Marathan I	1850. 1856.
ood, Louis N	Walworth, Walworth	1852.
Vood, Uriah	Walworth, Walworth Brandon, Fond du Lac Pardeeville, Columbia	1878.
7oodard, Lester	Pardeeville, Columbia	1878.
oodman, Cyrus	, 10Wa	1862.
odman, William W	Farmington Lefforgon I	1853, 56 , b .
oodworth, Elias, Jr	Hillsboro, Vernon	1866.
ooster. Henry S	Bristol, Racine. Clinton, Rock.	1848. 1865, 66.
ooster, Henry S orth. Arthur W		1865, 66. 1848.
orthington, Denison	Summit, Waukesha Racine, Racine	1852, 54, b.
right, Charles S right, George	Racine, Racine	1854.
right, George	Mt. Horeb, Dane. Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1863, 64.
right, Hiram A	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1853, b.
right Lucius W	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1877.
Vright, Hiram A Vright, Jarvis T Vright, Lucius W Vroe, William H. H.	Modina Outagemie	1867.
underly, Edward	Medina, Outagamie Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872. 1848.
yatt, Henry H	Star. Vernon	1877.
ylie, George	Star, Vernon	1897.
, -		
akey, David C	Bloomington, Vernon Hazelhurst, Oneida	1880.
awkey, Cyrus Cork, Henry D	Hazel Creen Geral	1895.
orkey. John H	Hazel Green, Grant Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 53, 58.
orty, Andrew J	Brandon Rond du Loc I	1897. 1872.
oumans, Henry A	Mukwonago, Wankesha	1872. 1861.
orkey, John H orty, Andrew J. oumans, Henry A oung, Ephraim W oung, James S oung, John	Mukwonago. Waukesha Prairie du Sac, Sauk Stevens Point, Portage Black Hawk, Sauk	1860.
oung, James S	Stevens Point, Portage	1859.
oung, John	Black Hawk, Sauk	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY-Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Young, Milas K	Myantsing, Grandon, Oconto, Oconto, Oconto, Oconto. Ahnapee, Kewaunee Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Larabee, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Horicon, Dodge. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Mequon River, Ozaukee. Mequon, Washington.	1849. 1885. 1867. 1882. 1876. 1879. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1870. 1863. 1863. 1864. 1870. 1864. 1870. 1884. 1884. 1884.

b. See list of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848-1897.

Legislature. 	Names.	Counties.	Date
1	Ninian E. Whitesides	Lafayette	1848
2	narrison C. Hobart	Sheboygan	1849
3	Moses M. Strong	I Tomes	1850
4	Frederick W. Horn	737 1	1851
5	I James M. Snatter	Sheboygan	1852
6		Milwaukee	1853
7 8	i Figuerick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1854
	I Charles C. Scholes	Kenosha	1855
9	1 WHIRM HIII	Grant	1856
0		Walworth	1857
1 2		Kenosha	1858
3 	William P. Lyon	Racine	1859
4	I WHIIIIII P. LVON	Racine	1860
5 	Amasa Cobb	Iowa	1861
6 	James W. Beardsley	Pierce	1862
7	J. Allen Barber William W. Field	Grant	1863
8	i wunam w Field	Grant	1864
9	William W. Field.	Grant	1865
Ď	Henry D. Barron	Polk	1866
í	Angus Cameron	La Crosse	1867
2	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1868
3	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1869
í	James M. Bingham	Jefferson	1870
	William E. Smith Daniel Hall	Dodge	1871
3	Daniel Hall	Jeiferson	1872
	Heury D Barron	Polk	1873
3		Winnehago	1874
)	Frederick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1875
		Ashland	1876
·	John B. Cassoday	·Rock	1877
	Augustus R. Barrows	Chippewa	1878
	David M. Kelly	Brown	1879
	Alexander A. Arnold	Trempealeau	1880
	Ira B. Bradford	Eau Claire	1881
	Frank in L. Gilson	Pierce	1882
	TT: 0 79 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Winnebago	1883
	Hiram O. Fairchild	Marinette	1885
	Thos. B. Mills.	Jackson	1887
	Thos. B. Mills	Jackson	1889
	James J. Hogan	La Crosse	1891
	Edward Keogh	Milwaukee	1893
	George B. Burrows George A. Buckstaff.	Dane	1895
		Winnebago	

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1 2 3	1849	Henry G. Abbey William R. Smith William R. Smith	Daniel N.Johnson Robert L. Ream. Alex T. Gray.
	1852 1853	William Hull. John K. Williams John K. Williams	Alex T. Gray. Alex T. Gray. Thomas McHugh
	1855 1856	Samuel G. Bugh Samuel G. Bugh Byron Paine Wm. Hepry Brisbane	Thomas McHugh David Atwood. Jas. Armstrong. William C. Webb
1	1858 1859 1860	John L. V. Thomas Hiram Bowen J. H. Warren	L. H. D. Crane. L. H. D. Crane. L. H. D. Crane.
	1862	J. H. Warren J. H. Warren Frank M. Stewart Frank M. Stewart	John S. Dean. John S. Dean. John S. Dean. John S. Dean.
3))	1865 1836	Frank M. Stewart Frank M. Stewart Leander B. Hills	John S. Dean. E. W. Young. E. W. Young.
}	1868	Leander B. Hills Leander B. Hills Leander B. Hills	E. W. Young. E. W. Young. E. W. Young.
	1872	O. R. Smith	E. W. Young. E. W. Young. E. W. Young. George W. Peck.
3		Fred A. Dennett	R. M. Strong. R. M. Strong. W. A. Nowell.
	1878	(A. J. Turner!) Charles E. Bross.	Jabez R. Hunter.
	1881	Charles E. Bross. Charles E. Bross. Charles E. Bross.	John E. Eldred. John E. Eldred. John E. Eldred.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1883	Charles E. Bross. Oharles E. Bross. Charles E. Bross.	E. D. Coe. I. T. Carr. E. D. Coe.
	1889	Charles E. Bross	E. D. Coe. E. D. Coe. George W. Porth
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1895	Sam J. Shafer	George W. Porth W. A. Nowell. W. A. Nowell.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1878.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
	1848	Lyman H. Seaver	John Mullanphy.
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1849	F. W. Shollner	Felix McLinden.
	1850	James Hanrahan	E. R. Hugunin. C. M. Kingsbury.
	1851 1852	E. D. Masters Patrick Cosgrove	Elisha Starr.
	1853	Thomas Hood	Richard F. Wilson.
	1854	J. M. Sherwood	William H. Gleason
	1855	William H. Gleason	William Blake.
	1856	Joseph Baker	Egbert Mosely.
	1857	Alanson Filer	William C. Rogers.
	1858	Nathaniel L. Stout	Francis Massing.
	1859	Asa Kinney	Emanuel Munk.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1860	Asa Kinney J. A. Hadley	Joseph Gates. Craig B. Beebe.
	1862	B. U. Caswell	A. A. Huntington.
	1863	Luther Basford	A. M. Thompson.
	1864	Nelson Williams	A. M. Thompson.
	1865	Nelson Williams	Alonzo Wilcox.
	1865	Nelson Williams	L. M. Hammond
	1867	Asa Kinney	Daniel Webster.
	1868	W. H. Hamilton	C. L. Harris.
	1869	W. H. Hamilton E. M. Rogers	Rollin C. Kelly. Ole C. Johnson.
.	1870 1871	W. W. Baker	Sam S. Fifield.
. 	1872	W. D. Hoard	Sam S. Fifield.
	1873	Albert Emonson	O. C. Bissell.
	1874	O. U. Akin	Joseph Deuster.
	1875	O. U. Akin	J. W. Brackett.
. . 	1876	E. T. Gardner	Elisha Starr.
	1877	C. E. Bullard	Thos. B. Reid.
	1878 1879	L J. Brayton Chalmers Ingersoll	Anton Klaus. Miletus Knight.
	1880	Chalmers Ingersoll	D. H. Pulcifer.
	1881	W. W. Baker	G. W. Church.
	1882	A. T. Glaze	D. E. Welch.
	1883	A. D. Thorp	Thomas Kennedy.
	1885	Hubert Wolcott	John M. Ewing.
	1887	T. J. George	Wm. A. Adamson.
	1889	T. J. George	F. E. Parsons.
	1891	John A. Barney	Patrick Whelan.
	1893	John B. Becker Charles Pettibone	Theo. Knapstein. B. F. Millard.
	1895 1897	Charles Pettibone	C. M. Hambright.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1836 1837 1838 1838 1839 1840 1840 1841 1843 1843 1845 1846 1847 1848	December 7th	Dec. 9, 1836. Jan. 20, 1838. June 25, 1838. Dec. 22, 1838. March 11, 1839 Jan. 13, 1840. August 14, 1840 Feb. 19, 1841. Feb. 19, 1842. March 25, 1843, April '7, 1843, Jan. 31, 1844 Feb. 24, 1845. Feb. 34, 1845 Feb. 41, 1847. Oct. 27, 1847. March 13, 1848.	46 days. 76 days. 15 days. 27 days. 50 days. 12 days. 13 days. 14 days. 15 days. 16 days. 17 days. 18 days. 19 days. 20 days. 20 days. 20 days. 30 days. 30 days. 30 days. 30 days. 36 days. 36 days.	39 38 37 39 39 39 39 39 39 39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.					
1846	October 5th	Dec. 16, 1846	73 days	124					
SECOND CONVENTION.									
1847	December 15th	Feb. 1, 1848	48 days	65					

STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session. The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session — Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session — Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

- Fourth Session Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.
- Fifth Session Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.
- Sixth Session This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 18th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.
- Seventh Session Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned $\Delta pril$ 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eighth Session Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Ninth Session Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from, March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred ond twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Tenth Session Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eleventh Session—Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Twelfth Session Convened January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Thirteenth Session Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fourteenth Session Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Re-convened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fifteenth Session Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Re-convened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 26, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Sixteenth Session Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Seventeenth Session Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864. eighth-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Eighteenth Session Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty three members.
- Nineteenth Session Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twentieth Session Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-first Session Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-second Session Convened January 13, 1869, and adjoutned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-third Session Convened January 12, 1870 and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fourth Session Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fifth Session Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventyseven days. one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-Sixth Session Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.



Twenty-seventh Session — Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-eighth Session—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-ninth Session—Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirtieth Session — Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-first Session—Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-second Session — Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven day; one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-third Session—Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-fourth Session—Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-fifth Session—Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-sixth Session—Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-seventh Session—Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-

Thirty-seventh Session—Convented sandary 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-thry-eighth Session—Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-

three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-ninth Session—Convened January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred

days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Fortieth Session — Convened January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred

and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members

Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.

Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892.

Forty-first Session—Convened January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one-hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Forty-second Session — Convened January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, on hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty three members.

Forty-third Session - Convened January 13, 1897.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January - See Ch. 1, Laws 1889.]

1848. Elected November 7.

At Large - Francis Huebschmann. Wm. Dunwiddie. 1st District - David P. Mapes.

2d District -- Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large - Montgomery M. Cothren. Saterlee Clark.

1st District — Philo White. 2d District — Beriah Brown. 3d District — Charles Billinghurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large - Edward D. Holton. James H Know t m.
1st District — Gregor Menzel
2d District — Walter D McIndoe.
3d District — Billie Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large - Walter D McIndoe. Bradford Rixford

1st District — Wm W. Vaughan,

21 District — J. Allen Barber. 31 District — Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large - William W. Field. Henry L. Blood.

1st District — George C Northrop. 2d District - Jonathon Bowman. 81 District — Allen Warden. 4th District — Henry J. Turner 5th District — Henry F. Belitz. 6th District - Alexander S. McD: 1

1368. Elected November 3.

At Large — Stephen S. Barlow. Henry D. Barron. 1st District — Elinu Enos. 21 District—Charles G. Williams. ad District—Allen Warden
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5. - William E. Cramer.

Frederick Fleischer. 1st District — Jerome S Nickles.
2.1 District — George G. Swain.
3.1 District — George G. Swain.
3.1 District — Frederick Hilgen.
5.1 District — Frederick Hilgen.
5.1 District — Edward C. McFetridge.
6. h District — George E. Hoskinson.
7. The District — Romanzo Bann.
8. Bann.
8. District — Henry D. Barron.

At Large -

At Large — John D. Nelsenius.
Paul Lachmund.
1st District — Ossian M. Pettit.
2d District — Mark Curtis.
3d District — Lewis C. Boyle. 4th District - Ellicott R. Stillman.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large — Wm. H. Hiner. Francis Campbell.

1st District — T. D. Weeks.
2d District — T. D. Lang.
3d District — Daniel L. Downs.
4th District — Casper M. Sanger.
5th District — Charles Luling.
6th District — James H. Foster.
7th District — Charles B. Solberg.
8th District — John H. Knapp. At Large - Wm. H. Hiner

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large — George End.
Knud Langland.
District — Lucius S Blake. 1st District - Lucius S 31 District — Lucius S Blake.
21 District — J hn Kello gg.
31 l i trict — George E. Weatherby.
4th District — Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District — C. T. Lovell.
6th District — F. L. Browne.
7th District — F. H. Kilbs. 8th Distr. t - John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4.

F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d Di t iet—D C Van B unt.
31 District—Joseph Harris. 31 Discrict—Joseph Harris.
4th District—E. W. Arndt.!
5th District—E. W. Arndt.!
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fogo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

At Large — C. J. L. Meyer.

1838. Elected November 6.

At Large — Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.

1st District — C. N. Palmer.
21 District — Allen P. Harwood.
31 District — A. C. Dodg.
4th District — Julius Golds...midt
5th District — John Ruch.
6th District — Oscar F. Hill.
7th District — Oscar F. Templo.
8th District — Oscar F. Bell.
9th District — John Finney.

1892. Elected November 8.

At Large — Gustav Wollaeger.
Robert J. MacBride.
1st District — Andrew Jensen.
2d District — Michael Johnson.
3d District — John Montgomery Smith.
4th District — John Black.
5th District — Hong R. Salvein. oth District—Henry B Schwin.

oth District—Ferdinand T. Yahr.

oth District—Ja nes J. Hogan.

oth District—Jonn Wattawa 9th District — Lewis S Bailey. 10th District — Willia n F. Cirkel.

1896. Elected November 3.

| 5th District — William J. Mallmann, 6th District — George D. Breed. 7th District — Iver Pederson. 8th District — Frederick A. Hollman, 9th District — Oakman A. Ellis. 10th District — Samuel J. Bradford.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

UNITED STATES SENATORS

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Isaac P. Walker Henry Dodge Isaac P. Walker Henry Dodge. Charles Durkee. James R. Doolittle James R. Doolittle James R. Doolittle	June 8, 1848 June 8, 1848 Jan. 17, 1849 Jan. 20, 1851 Feb. 1, 1855 Jan. 23, 1857 Jan. 23, 1861 Jan. 22, 1863	Angus Cameron Matthew H. Carpenter Philetus Sawyer Angus Cameron John C. Spooner. Philetus Sawyer. William F. Vilas	Jan 22, 1815 Jan 22, 1879 Jan 22, 1879 Jan 26, 1881 Jan 28, 1885 Jan 28, 1891 Jan 26, 1893
Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 26, 1869	John C. Spooner	Jan. 27, 1897

REPRESENTATIVES.

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

1st District — William Pitt Linde. 1 2d District — Mason C. Darling 1

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

1st District — Charles Durkee.

2d District - Orsamus Cole. 3d District - James Duane Doty.

XXXIId Congress, 1851-53.

1st District - Charles Durkee.

2d District — Ben C. Eastman. 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIId Congress, 1853-55.

1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District — Ben C Eastman. 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District — Charles Billinghurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

1st District — John F. Potter. 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District — Charles Billinghurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

1st District — John F. Potter. 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

1st District — John F. Potter. 2d District — Luther Hanchett.² Walter D. McIndoe.

3d District - A. Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

1st District - James S. Brown.

18t District — James S. Brown. 2d District — Ithamar C. Sioan. 3d District — Amasa Cobb. 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge. 5th District — Ezra Wheeler. 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

1st District — Halbert E. Paine. 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan. 3d District — Amasa Cobb. 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge, 5th District — Philetus Sawyer. 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles E. Eldridge.
5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

1 Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848. 2 Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1867.

XLIst Congress, 1869-71.

1st District — Halbert E. Paine. 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹

David Atwood. 3d District — Amasa Cobb.

4th District — Charles A. Eldridge, 5th District — Philetus Sawyer. 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIId Congress, 1871-73.

1st District — Alexander Mitchell. 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton. 3d District — J. Allen Barber, 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge. 5th District — Philetus Sawyer. 6th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIId Congress, 1873-75.

1st District — Charles G. Williams. 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton. 3d District — J. Allen Barber.

of District—J. Amen Barber.
4th District—Alexander Mitchell.
5th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
6th District—Philetus Sawyer,
7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
8th District—Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

1st District — Charles G. Williams. 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell. 3d District — Henry S. Magoon. 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.

5th District — Samuel D. Burchard, 6th District — Alanson M. Kimball, 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk, 8th District — George W. Cate,

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

1st District — Charles G. Williams. 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell, 3d District — George C. Hazelton, 4th District — William Pitt Lynde, 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.

6th District - Gabriel Bouck.

7th District — Herman L. Humphrey. 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

1st District - Charles G. Williams.

1st District—Charles G. Williams 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell. 3d District—George C. Hazelton. 4th District—Peter V. Deuster. 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.

6th District — Gabriel Pouck. 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey. 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-83.

1st District - Charles G. Williams.

ablithme.—Charles G. Williams.
District — Lucien B. Caswell.
District — George C. Hazelton.
Hazelton.
Charles G. Hazelton.
Hazelton.
Charles G. Williams.
Charles G. Hazelton.
Ch

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85

1st District — John Winans.
2d District — Daniel H. Sumner.
3d District — Burr W. Jones.
4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
5th District — Joseph Rankin.
6th District — Richard Guenther.
7th District — Gilbert M. Woodward.
8th District — William T. Price.
9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87

1st District — Lucien B. Caswell.
2d District — Edward S. Bragg.
3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick,
5th District — Joseph Rankin.
7 R. Hudd.
6th District — Richard Guenther.
7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
8th District — William T. Price.
9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

1st District — L. B. Caswell.
2d District — Richard Guenther.
3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
4th District — Henry Smith.
5th District — T. R. Hudd.
6th District — C. B. Clark.

7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas. 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.

9th District - Isaac Stephenson.

LIst Congress, 1889-91

1st District — L. B. Caswell.
2d District — Charles Barwig.
3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
5th District — George H. Brickner.
6th District — C. B. Clark.
7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
8th District — Nis P. Haugen.
9th District — Myron H. McCord.

LIId Congress, 1891-93.

1st District - Clinton Babbitt.

Ist District — Clinton Babott.
2d District — Charles Barwig.
3d District — Allen R. Bushnell.
4th District — John L. Mitchell.
5th District — George H. Brickner.
6th District — George H. Brickner.
7th District — Frank P. Coburn.
8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
9th District — Thomas Lynch.

Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.
 Diel Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.
 Died Dec. 7, 1886. Hugh H. Price elected io fill vacancy, Jan. 18, 1887.

LIIId Congress, 1893-95.

1st District—H. A. Cooper. 2d District—Charles Barwig. 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock. 4th District—John L. Mitchell.¹ Peter J. Somers.² Peter J. Somers.²
5th District — George H. Brickner.
6th District — Owen A. Wells.
7th District — Geo. B. Shaw.³
Michael Griffin.⁴
8th District — Lyman E. Barnes.
9th District — Thomas Lynch.
10th District — Nils P. Haugen.

LIVth Congress, 1895-97.

1st District - Henry A. Cooper, Racine. 2d District - Edward Sauernering, May-

Julie. Jaward State Ind., Sand District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee. 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.

6th District — Samuel A. Cook, Neenah. 7th District — Michael Griffin, EauClaire. 8th District — Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.

9th District — Alexander Stewart, Wausau. 10th District — John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

6th District — James H.Davidson, Oshkosh 7th District — Michael Griffin, EauClaire. 8th District — Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon

LVth Congress, 1897-99.

1st District — Henry A. Cooper, Racine. 2d District — Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.

3d District — Bdward S. Minor, Sturgeon Wille.

3d District — Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah 4th District — Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.

5th District — Samuel A. Barney, West Bend.

8th District — Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.

9th District — Alexander Stewart, Wausau.

10th District — John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

1 Resigned Feb. 10, 1893. 2 Elect-d April 4, 1893 to fill vacancy. 3 Died Aug. 27, 1894. 4 Elected Nov. 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS. PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

_	1										
	NAME.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inua ato Year.	ed.	Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at death.
1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 10 111 12 133 114 15 16 6 177 188 19 20 221 22 23 24 25 5	James K. Polk Zachary Taylor Millard Fillmore Fraklin Pierce. James Ruchanan Abraham Lincoln Indon Ulysess S. Grant Rutherford B. Hayes James A. Garfield Chester A. Arthur Grover Cleveland Benjamin Harrison Grover Cleveland	Mass Va Va Va Mass S. C N. Y Va Va Va Va Vo Va Vi	Welsh English Scotch English Irish Dutch English English Irish English English English English English English Irish English Irish English Irish English	1743 1751 1758 1767 1767 1782 1773 1790 1795 1784 1800	N. Y Ind N. Y	1789 1797 1804 1817 1825 1825 1827 1841 1845 1840 1850 1857 1861 1867 1861 1861 1881 1881 1881 188	57 62 58 58 59 56 55 55 55 55 55 56 66 52 57 47 48 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56	8 4 8 8 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 8 6 4 mos. 3y. 5 ½ mos. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Federalist Federalist Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican	Montrello, Va , 1826	91 83 85 73 80 68 72 66 74 65 77 56 67 63 71 50

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

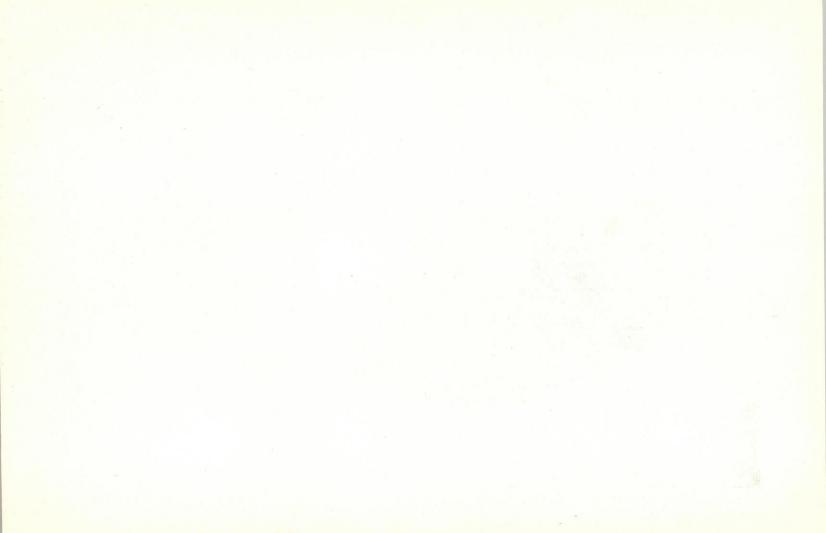
	Birth.		Residence	qual-		Poli-	Death.		
NAME.	Place.	Year.	when elected.	Year of iffed	Years served.	tics.	Place.	Year.	Age.
1 John Adams 2 Thomas Jefferson 3 Aaron Burr 4 George Clinton 5 Elbridge Gerry 6 Daniel D. Tompkins 7 John C. Calhoun 8 Martin Van Buren 9 Rich. M. Johnson 10 John Tyler 11 George M. Dallas 12 Millard Fillmore 13 William R. King 14 J. C. Breckenridge 15 Hanibal Hamlin 16 Andrew Johnson 17 Schuyler Colfax 18 Henry Wilson 19 Wm. A. Wheeler 20 Chester A. Arthur 21 T. A. Hendricks 22 Levi P. Morton 23 Adlai E. Stevenson 24 Garret A. Hobart	Shadwell, Va. Newark, N. J. Ulster Co., N. Y. Marblehead, Mass. Scarsdale, N. Y. Abbeville, S. C. Kinderhook, N. Y. Louisville, Ky. Greenway, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Summer Hill, N. Y. Sampson Co., N. C. Lexington, Ky. Paris, Me. Raleigh, N. C. New York City. Farmington, N. H. Malone, N. Y. Fairfield, Vt. Muskingum Co., O. Shoreham, Vt. Christian Co., Kentucky.	1743 1756 17789 1744 1774 17782 1782 1780 1790 1790 1809 1809 1809 1812 1812 1819 1830	New York New York Indiana New York Illinois	1797 1801 1805 1813 1817 1825 1833 1837 1841 1849 1853 1857 1866 1873 1877 1881 1885 1878 1878 1889 1898	8 4 4 7 y., 1 m., 16 d* 1 y., 8 m., 19 d* 7 y., 9 m., 24 d† 4 1 month; 1 y., 4 m., 4 d; 1 m., 14 d* 4 1 m., 11 d; 2 y., 8 m., 18 d* 6 m., 15 d; 8 m., 21 d* 4	Fed Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep Dem Dem Dem Dem Dem Rep	Bangor. Me. Carter County, Tenn Mankato, Minn. Washington, D. C Malone, N. Y New York City. Indianapolis, Ind	1853 1875 1891 1875 1885 1875 1887 1886 1885	66

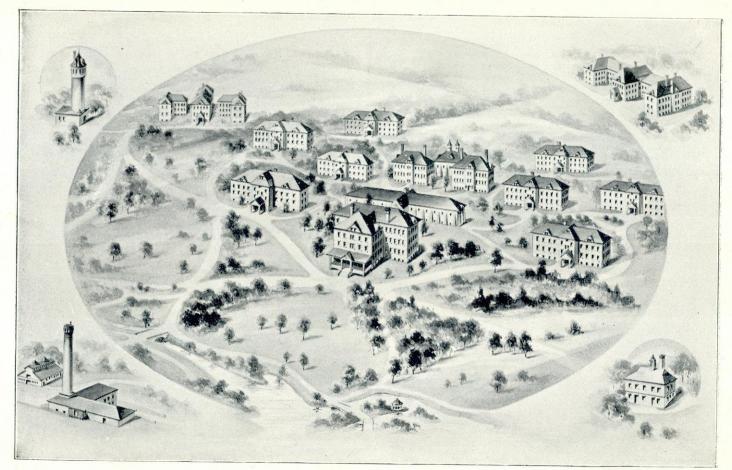
^{\$}Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office. †Resigned. *Died in office.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

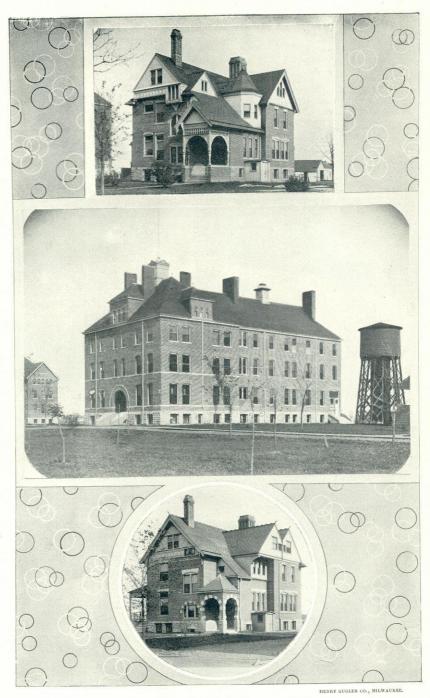
A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

Con-		Name.		<u></u>	1
GRESS		Name.	State.	Born	. Died.
$^{1},_{2}^{2}$	1789-92	John Langdon	Nove II		
_ ^2	1792	Richard H. Lee	New Hampshire Virginia.	1739	1819
$^{2,3}_{3}$	1792-94	John Langdon	New Hampshire	1732 1739	1794 1819
3, 4	1794-95	! Kalph Izard	0 11 0	1742	1804
1	1795-96 1795-97	Henry Tazewell	. Virginia	1753	1799
4, 5 5	1797	Samuel Livermore.	· New Hampshire	1732	1803
-,5	1797	William Bingham William Bradford	· Pennsylvania	1751	1804
5	1797-98	Jacob Read		1729	1808
5 5 5 5	1798	Theodore Sedewick	Maggaalanatt	1752	1816
5	1798-99	John Laurence	Now Vouls	1746 1750	1813
5	1799	James Ross	.i Pennsylvania	1762	1810
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore	New Hampshire	1732	1803
6 6 6	1800 1800-01	Uriah Tracy	Connecticut	1755	1807
6	1801	John E. Howard	Maryland	1752	1827
ž	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin		1754	1832
7 7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley		1754	1807
8 8	1803-04	John Brown	Vermont. Kentucky	1754	1830
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin	North Carolina	1757 1758	1837
8	1805	Joseph Anderson	Tennessas	1757	1823 1837
9, 10 10 10, 11	1805-08 1808-09	samuel Smith	maryland	1752	1839
10 11	1809	Stephen R. Bradley	Vermont	1754	1830
10, 11 11	1809-10	John Milledge Andrew Gregg	Georgia	1757	1818
ĨĨ	1810-11	John Gaillard	Pennsylvania	1755	1335
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope	South Carolina	.::::	1826
12, 13	1812-13	, wm. n. rawiord	Kentucky	$\frac{1770}{1772}$	1845
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum	Massachusetts	1750	1834 1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard	South Carolina	1100	1826
15, 16 16-19	1818-19 1820-26	James Barbour	Virginia	1775	1842
19 20	1826-28	John Gaillard	South Carolina	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1826
19, 20 20-22	1828-32	Nathaniel Macon. Samuel Smith.	North Carolina	1757	1837
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell	Maryland	1752	1839
22, 23 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White	Virginia	1774	1860
23	1834-35	George Poindexter	Tennessee	1773 1779	1840
24	1835-36	John Tyler	Virginia	1790	$\frac{1853}{1862}$
24-26 26, 27 27-29	1836-41 1841-42	William A. King.	Alabama	1786	1853
27-29	1842-46	Samuel L. Southard	New Jersey	1787	1842
29, 30	1816-19	W. P. Mangum D. R. Atchison	North Carolina	1792	1861
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King	Missouri	1807	1886
32, 33	1×52-54	D. R. Atchison	Alabama Missouri	1786 1807	1853
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright	Indiana	1812	$1886 \\ 1875$
34	1857	James M. Mason	Virginia	1798	1871
35, 36 36–38	1857-61 1861-64	Benjamin Fitspatrick	Alabama	1802	1869
38	1864-35	Solomon Foot	Vermont	1802	1866
39	1865-67	Daniel Clark	New Hampshire	1809	1891
40	1867-69	Lafayette S. Foster Benjamin F. Wade	Connecticut	1806	1880
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.	OhioRhode Island	1800	1878
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter	Wisconsin	1815	1884
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry	Michigan.	1824 1827	1881
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman	Ohio	1813	1895
47 47	1881 1881-83	Thomas F. Bayard	Delaware	1828	1000
48	1883-85	David Davis	Illinois	1815	1886
49	1885-87	John Sherman	Vermont	1828	
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls	Ohio	1823 .	
52	1891-93	John J. Ingalls. Chas. F. Manderson.		1833 .	• • • • •
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris		1837 . 1818 .	••••
54-55	1896-97	Wm. P. Frye		1004	••••
	[1		-301	••••





HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, SPARTA.



SPEAKERS OF THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Con- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
GRESS. 1 2 3 4,5 6 7-9 10,11 12,13 11-16 16 17 18 19 20-23 24,25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32,33 34 35 36 37 38-44 43	1789-91 1791-93 1793-95 1799-01 1801-07 1811-14 1811-15 1815-20 1820-21 1821-23 1823-25 1825-27 1827-34 1823-25 1835-39 1835-31 1835-47 1847-49 1849-51 1850-61 1850-61 1850-61 1850-61 1850-61	F. A. Muhlenburg Jonathan Trumbull. F. A. Muhlenburg Jonathan Dayton Theodore Sedgwick Nathaniel Macon. Joseph B. Varnum Henry Clay Langdon Cheves Henry Clay John W. Taylor. Philip B. Barbour. Henry Clay John W. Taylor. Andrew Stevenson. John Bell. James K. Polk R. M. T. Hunter. John W. Jones	Pennsylvania Connecticut Pennsylvania New Jersey Massachusetts North Carolina Massachusetts Kentucky South Carolina Kentucky New York Virginia Kentucky Virginia Tennessee Tennessee Virginia Kentucky Virginia Tennessee Virginia Kentucky Virginia Tennessee Virginia Kentucky Virginia New York Virginia Tennessee Virginia Rentucky Virginia Massachusetts Georgia Kentucky Mas s chusetts South Carolina New Jersey Pennsylvania Indiana Maine Indiana	1750 1740 1750 1760 1746 1776 1776 1777 1784 1777 1784 1784 1784 1789 1805 1807 1809 1815 1809 1815 1822 1793 1823 1823 1823 1823	1801 1809 1801 1824 1813 1837 1852 1852 1854 1841 1852 1854 1857 1849 1845 1848 1859 1849 1845 1848 1858 1858 1858 1858 1858 1858
$\begin{array}{c} 44\\ 46-46\\ 47\\ 48-50\\ 51\\ 52-53\\ 54-55\\ \end{array}$	1875-76 1876-81 1831-83 1883-89 1889-91 1891-95 1896-97	Michael C. Kerr Samuel J. Randall John W. Keifer. John G. Carlisle. Thomas B. Reed. Chas. F. Crisp. Thomas B. Reed.	Pennsylvania Ohio Kentucky Maine Georgia Maine	1828 1836 1835 1839 1845 1839	1890



PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.



ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1864 to 1896.

	1864.1	1868.2	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884	.	1888.		1892.	1	896.
STATES.	Lincoln—Rep. McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Scymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hayes—Rep. Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep. Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine-Rep.	Harrison-Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison-Rep.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan-Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut. Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Indiana Indiana Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Maryland Maryland Maryland Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada Nebraska Nevada Nebraska Nevada N. H'pshire New York N. Carolina Carolina Carolina R. Island Carolina S. Dakota Tennessee Utah Vermont Virginia Weiginia Wisconsin Wyoming Total Total		21 26 26 27 26 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	4 8	10	1 3 1 21 1 5 1 3 .	66 7	 	8	663 34412 1 22 113 1 88	8	22 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	55
No. states voting	36	37	37	38	38	38		38	200	. 44		45

Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.
 Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1896.

	POPULAR VOTE.*								AL VOTE.
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Levering, Pro.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett. S. Lab.	Pluralities.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley Rep.
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina North Oakota Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Nebraska Noregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina Rhode Island South Carolina	130, 307 110, 103 143, 373 141, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 161, 153 163, 153 163, 153 163, 153 163, 153 163, 153 163, 153 163, 153 171, 488 20, 686 477, 194 46, 662 20, 686 477, 194 46, 662 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 21, 459 22, 686	54, 737 37, 512 146, 170 26, 271 110, 285 60, 291 61, 324 607, 130 289, 293 159, 541 218, 171 22, 037 80, 465 136, 959 278, 976 293, 582 193, 501 5, 130 304, 940 10, 494 102, 304 1, 938 57, 444 221, 367 819, 838 155, 222 26, 335 525, 991 48, 779 728, 300 37, 437 9, 281	6, 462 1, 730 1 4, 334 877 654 2, 708 6, 360 2, 145 4, 516 1, 209 1, 114 1, 834 1, 870 2, 507 11, 749 6, 879 3, 202 1, (71 2, 355 2, 885 3, 520 6, 373 18, 950 578 1, 857 977 11, 000 1, 166 828	2,147 839 2,573 1,717 1,808 355 1,778 5,613 5,979 9,796 3,056 3,192 1,921 1,92	1,995 2,93 1,946 386 793 2,267 352 306 136 1,995 293 797 49 247 2,716 870 5	1,611 159 1,223 1,147 324 453 453 2,114 297 867 596 188 228 3,985 17,667 1,167 1,683 558	75, 570 B 72, 591 Mc K 72, 591 Mc K 134, 882 B 53, 545 Mc K 3, 639 Mc K 21, 448 B 34, 141 B 16, 868 B 143, 098 Mc K 18, 181 Mc K 65, 552 Mc K 12, 269 B 45, 777 Mc K 32, 224 Mc K 173, 265 Mc K 173, 265 Mc K 173, 265 Mc K 18, 181 Mc K 56, 888 Mc K 58, 729 B 58, 727 B 32, 043 B 13, 576 B 6, 439 B 6, 439 B 6, 439 Mc K 28, 692 Mc K 295, 072 Mc K 21, 117 Mc K 22, 978 Mc K 22, 978 Mc K	11 8 †1 4 13 3 3 10 †1 8	8 6 3 24 15 13 12 6 8 15 14 9 4 10 36 3 23 4 32 4

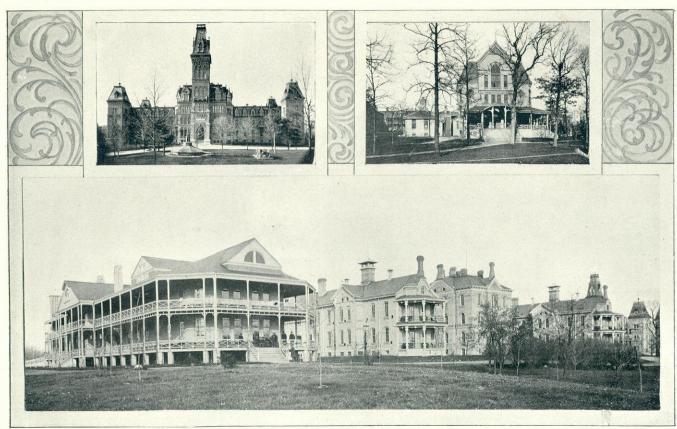
Tennes:ee Texas Utah Vermont. Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin. Wyoming	166, 268 370, 434 64, 517 10, 637 154, 709 51, 646 92, 927 165, 523 10, 655	148,773 167,520 13,484 51,127 135,368 39,153 104,444 [268,135 10,072	1,951 5,046 21 1,331 2,129 1,668 677 4,584	1,786 733	346		17, 495 B 202, 914 B 51, 033 B 40, 490 McK 19, 341 B 12, 493 B 11, 487 McK 102, 612 McK 583 B	9	6 12
Total	6,502,925	7, 104, 779	133, 148	132,005	13,969	36, 274		176	271

*As revised by final corrected returns to January 1, 1897. † In both California and Kentucky one Bryan candidate for elector received than the candidate for elector on the McKinley ticket who received the least number of votes.	more votes
Popular vote, McKinley over Bryan	601,854 $286,452$ 95
Straight Fusion vote for Bryan	6,352,282 $150,643$
Total popular vote. 1896	13,923,102

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

	1888.								
STATES.		PLURALITIES.							
(38)		1	1			1			
	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Streeter.	Harrison.				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	U. Lab.	Don	land.			
	nep.	Dem.	110.	U. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.			
				<u>_</u>					
Alabama	57, 197	117,310	583			00.44			
Arkansas	58,752	85,962	614			60, 11, 27, 21			
California	124, 809	117,729	5,761		7,080	21,21			
Colorado	51,796	37,610			14, 186				
Connecticut	74,584	74, 920			14,100	330			
Delaware	12,973	16, 414	400			3,44			
Florida	26,657	39, 561	417			12, 90			
Georgia	40, 496	100, 499	1,800	136		60,00			
llinois	370, 473	248, 272	21,695	7,090	22, 201	00,00			
ndiana	263, 361	261,013	9,881	2,694	2,348				
owa	211,598	179,877	3,550	9, 105	31,721				
Kansas	182,904	102,745	6,779	37,788	80, 159				
Kentucky	155, 134	183,800	5,225	622		28,660			
Louisana	30,701	85,032	127			54, 33			
Iaine	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23, 253				
Iaryland	99, 986	106, 168	4,767			6, 18			
fassachusetts	183,892	151,590	8,701		32, 302				
Iichigan	236, 307	213,404	20,942		22,903				
linnesota	142, 482	104,385	15,311	1,095	38,097				
Iississippi	30,096	85, 471	218	22		55, 37			
Iissouri	236, 253	261,954	4,540	18,589,		25,70			
VebraskaVevada	108, 425	80,552	9,429	4,226	27,873				
Vew Hampshire	7,238	5, 326	45		1,912				
New Jersey	46,728	43, 358	1,592	13	2,370				
New York	144, 344 650, 338	151, 493 635, 965	7,904 30,231			7,149			
North Carolina	134,784	147,902	2,789	626 37	14, 373				
Ohio	416,054	396, 455	24, 356		10 500	13, 118			
Oregon	33, 293	26, 522	1,677	3,496	19,599	,			
ennsylvania	526, 091	446, 633	20,947	3,873	6,771 $79,458$				
hode Island	21,969	17,530	1,251	0,010	4,439	· · · · · · · · · ·			
outh Carolina	13,740	65, 825	1, ~01		4,400	52,085			
'ennessee	139, 989	158, 787	5,969			18,798			
'exas	88, 422	234, 883	4, 749	29,459		146, 461			
ermont	45, 192	16,788	1,460		28,404	110, 40			
'irginia	150, 438	151,977	1,678		, 201	1,539			
Vest Virginia	78, 491	79, 330				839			
Visconsin	176, 553	155, 232	14, 277	8,552	21, 321				
Total	5, 445, 274	5,538,755	948 800	149 094	490 770	EMA OF			
Plurality	0, 410, 214	93,481	248,800	142,034	480,770	574, 251			
		30, 301			• • • • • • • • •	93,48			



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.



POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

	1884.									
States.		PLURALITIES.								
(38)	Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Blaine.	Cleve-				
		-	C	Duo	Pop	land.				
	Rep.	Dem.	Green.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.				
	59, 591	93,951	873	612		34,3				
labama	50,895	72,927	1,847			22,0				
rkansas	102,416	89,288	2,017	2,920	13, 128					
alfornia	36, 290	27,723	1,958		8,567					
olorado ·····	65, 923	67, 199	1,688		0,001	1,2				
onnecticut	12,951	16,964	1,000			4.0				
elaware	28, 031	31,766		72		3,7				
lorida	48,603	94, 667	145	. 195		46,0				
eorgia	337,474		10,910		25, 119	10,0				
linois	288, 463			3,028	20,110	6,5				
diana	197,089	177, 316	0,200	1,472	19,773	0,0				
owa	154, 406		16,341	4, 495	64,274					
ansas	118, 122	152, 961	1,691		01, 211	34.8				
entucky ··· ···	46, 347	62,540	1,001	0, 100		16,1				
ouisana	72, 209		3,953	2 160	20,069	10, 2				
ainę	85, 699		531	2,160 2,794	20,000	11,5				
aryland	146,724	122, 481	24, 433	10,026	24, 243	11,"				
assachusetts	192,669		42, 243	18,403	42,834					
ichigan	111, 923		3,583	4,684	41,779					
innesota	43,509		0,000	2,001	11,,,,	33.0				
lississippi	202, 929			2,153		33,0				
issouri	76, 912			2,899	22, 521					
ebraska	7, 193		20		1,615					
evada	43, 249				4,066					
ew Hampshire	123, 440		3,490		1,000	4.				
ew Jersey	562,005					1,				
ew York	125,068		10,003	454		17,8				
orth Carolina	400,082		5, 179							
hio · ····	26,860									
regon	473,804									
ennsylvania hode Island	19,030		422		6,639					
outh Carolina	21,733			1	II	48.				
ennessee	124,078	133, 258		1,131		9,				
ennessee	93, 141			3,534		132,				
exas ermont	39, 514		785	1,752	22, 183	1				
irginia	139, 356			138		6.				
	63,096		810			4.9				
Vest Virginia Visconsin	161, 135				14,682					
VASCOUSIII	101, 100	110, 100	1,000	.,510	12,000					
Total	4,851,959	4,874,980	175, 370	150, 362	446,563	469, 5				
Plurality	4,001,000	23,021	110,010	100,000	110,000	23,0				

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

		1880	•		18	76.
STATES.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Scat- tering.		Hayes.
	nep.	Deni.	Gr.		Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	56, 178	90,687	4,642		102,002	68, 230
Arkansas	41,661	60,489	4,079		58,071	38,669
California	80,348	80, 426	3,392	1	76,464	79,269
Colorado	27,450	24, 647	1,435	1	13, 316	14, 154
Connecticut	67,073	64, 417	868	412	61,934	59, 034
Delaware	14, 150	15, 183		112	13, 381	10,752
Florida	23,654	27, 964		1	124, 285	24, 327
Georgia	52,648	102, 522	481	1	130, 088	50,446
Illinois	318,037	277, 321	26,358	596	258,601	278, 232
Indiana	232, 164	225, 528	12,986	000	213,526	207, 971
lowa	183,904	105, 845	32,327	630	112, 121	171, 326
Kansas	121,520	59,789	19,710	1 000	37,902	78, 322
Kentucky	104,550	147, 909	11,498	257	159,690	97, 156
Louisiana	37, 994	65,310	439	.~0	² 70,508	75, 135
Maine	74,039	65, 171	4,408	235	49,823	66,300
Maryland	78, 515	93,706	818	~00	91,779	71,980
Massachusetts	165, 205	111,960	4,548	799	108,777	150,063
Michigan	185, 190	131,300	34,795	1,156	141,595	166,901
Minnesota	93, 903	53, 315	3,267	286	48,799	72,962
Mississippi	34,854	75, 750	5,797	677	112, 173	52,605
MISSOUPI	153, 567	208,609	35,045	011	203, 077	145,029
Nebraska	54, 979	28,523	3,853		17,554	31, 916
Nevada	8,732	9, 611			9, 308	10,383
New Hampshire	44,852	40,791	528	189	38,509	41,539
New Jersey	120,555	122,565	2,617	191	115, 962	103,517
New York	555,544	534, 511	12,373	2, 177	521, 949	489, 207
North Carolina	115, 878	124, 204	1,136		125, 427	108, 419
Ohio	375,048	340,821	6,456	2,642	323, 182	330, 698
Oregon	20,619	19,948	249		14, 149	15,206
Pennsylvania	444,704	407, 428	20,668	1,983	366, 158	884, 122
Rhode Island	18, 195	10,779	236	25	10,712	15, 787
South Carolina	58,071	112, 312	566	7	90,896	91,786
Tennessee	107, 677	128, 191	5,916	43	133, 166	89, 566
Texas	57,845	156, 228	27,405		104,803	44,803
Vermont	45,090	18, 181	1,212	110	20, 254	44,092
Virginia	84,020	127, 976	139		139,670	95, 558
West Virginia	46,243	57, 391	9,079		56, 455	42,698
Wisconsin	144, 397	114, 634	7,980	161	123, 927	130,068
Total	4,449,053	4,442,035	307, 306	12,576	4, 299, 893	4,048,228
Total vote			9.	210,970		8,442,049

1 The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

	18	372.	18	68.	18	64.
STATES.	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	Mc- Clellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,272	79,444	76, 366	72,086		ļ
Arkansas	41,073	37, 927	22, 152	- 19,078		[;
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,078	62, 134	43,841
Connecticut	50,638	45,872	50,996	47,961	44, 691	42, 285
Delaware	11, 115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8, 155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,428	FW 404			
Georgia	62, 715	76, 287	57, 134	102,822	100 000	158,730
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250, 293	199, 143	189, 996 150, 422	130, 238
Indiana	186, 144	163, 437	176, 552 150, 399	166, 980 74, 040	89,075	49,596
Iowa	131,233	71,134	31,047	14,040	16,441	3,691
Kansas	67,048	32,970 100,212	39,569	115, 899	27,786	64, 301
Kentucky	88,816	66,466	33, 263	80, 225	21,100	01,001
Louisiana	59,975 $61,422$	29, 087	70, 426	42,396	68, 114	46,992
Maine	66,760	67,685	30,438	62,357	40, 153	32,739
Maryland Massachusetts	133,472	59, 260	136, 447	59,408	126,742	48,745
Michigan	136, 202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55, 709	35, 211	43,542	28,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,016	47, 191	13,020			
Missouri	119, 196	151, 433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18, 245	7,705	9,729	5,439	. 	
Nevada	8, 413	6,236	6,480	5,218	9,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	38, 191	31,224	36,400	32, 871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80, 121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	387, 279	419,883	429,833	368, 735	361, 986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96, 226	84,000		
Ohio	281,852	244, 321	280, 128	238,700	265, 154	205,568
Oregon	11,820	7,746	10, 961	11, 125	9,888	8,457 276,316
Pennsylvania	349,689	211, 961	3 42, 280	313, 312	296, 391	8,718
Rnode Island	13,665	5,329	12,903	6,548	14, 349	0,710
South Carolina	72, 290	22, 903	62, 301 56, 757	45,237 $26,311$		
Tennessee	83,665	94,391 $66,500$	50, 157	40, و11		
Texas	47,405	10,947	44, 167	12,045	42,419	13, 321
Vermont	41,487 $93,415$	91,440	44, 107	12,040	42,410	10,021
Virginia	32, 283	29,537	29, 025	20,306	23, 152	10,438
West Virginia Wisconsin	104, 992	86,477	108, 857	84,710	83, 458	65,884
Wisconsin	104, 552	00, 111	100,001	01,110		
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737, 368		309,588		1,411,281	
Whole vote		7, 318	5,71	6,788	4,03	4,789

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

		18	860.			1856.	
States.	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Dem.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa. Kansas.	39, 173 43, 792 3, 815 	48, 831 28, 732 34, 344 14, 641 7, 337 8, 543 51, 889 2, 404 12, 295 1, 048	27, 875 20, 093 6, 817 3, 291 3, 804 5, 437 42, 886 4, 913 5, 306 1, 763	13,651 5,227 38,516 15,522 1,033 367 11,590 160,215 115,509 55,111	20, 691 42, 715 308 96, 189 94, 375 43, 954	28, 552 10, 787 36, 165 2, 615 6, 175 4, 833 42, 228 37, 444 22, 386 9, 180	46, 739 21, 910 53, 365 34, 995 8, 004 6, 358 56, 598 105, 348 118, 670 36, 107
Kentucky. Louisiana. Maine. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska.	1, 361 62, 811 2, 294 106, 533 88, 480 22, 069 17, 028	53, 143 22, 681 6, 368 42, 482 5, 939 805 748 40, 797 31, 317	66, 058 20, 204 2, 046 41, 760 22, 331 405 62 25, 040 58, 372	25, 651 7, 625 26, 693 5, 966 34, 372 65, 057 11, 920 3, 283 58, 081	814 67, 379 281 108, 190 71, 762	67,416 20,709 3,325 47,460 19,620 1,660 24,195 48,524	74, 642 22, 164 39, 080 39, 115 39, 240 52, 136 35, 446 58, 164
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carrolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Routh Carolina South Carolina	37,519 58,324 362,646 231,610 5,270 268,030	2, 112 48, 539 11, 403 5, 006 178, 871	441 44, 990 12, 194 183 12, 776	22,811 62,500 812,731 18,822 3,951 16,765 7,707	38, 345 28, 338 276, 007 187, 497 147, 510 11, 467	422 24, 115 124, 604 26, 886 25, 126 82, 175 1, 675	32, 789 46, 943 195, 878 48, 246 170, 874 230, 710 6, 680
Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia West Virginia Wisconsin	33, 808	64,700 47,548 218 74,323	69, 274 15, 438 1, 969 74, 681	11,350 6,849 16,290 65,021	29, 561 291 66, 090	66, 178 15, 639 545 60, 310	73, 638 81, 169 10, 569 89, 706
Total	1,866,452	847, 953	560, 631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874, 584	1,838,189

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United States, 1789-1896.

				Presidents	.1			Vice- President	s. ²
ction	ss.	Vote	rty.			Vote.			6
Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elec. Vote.	Political Party.	CANDIDATES.	States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.	CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote
1789	103	73		George Washington John Adams John Jay R. H. Harrison			69		3
				John Milton					
1792	15	135	Fed	James Armstrong Benjamin Lincoln Edward Telfair Vacancies George Washington'.	: :		4 132		7
			Fed. Rep.	John Adams			3		5
1796	16	138	Fed. Rep. Fed. Rep.	John Adams Thomas Jefferson Thomas Pinckney Aaron Burr Samuel Adams Oliver Ellsworth George Clinton. John Jay			71		5: 3: 1: 1:
1800	16	138	Rep. Rep. Fed.	James Iredell George Washington John Henry S. Johnson Charles C. Pinckney Thomas Jefferson Aaron Burr John Adams			73		73
1800	16	138	Rep. Rep.	Charles C. Pinckney Thomas Jefferson Aaron Burr			73		

¹ Previous to the election of 1°04, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, Vice President.

2 Three states out of thirteen did not vote, viz. New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolna and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

3 There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES - Continued.

on.		l Vote.		Preside	nts.	•		Vice- President	s.
Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Electoral Vote	Politica, Party.	Candidates,	States.	Popu-	Electoral.	CANDIDATES,	Electoral Vote.
1804 1808	17 17	176 176	Rep. Fed. Rep. Fed.	Thomas Jefferson	15 2 12 5		162 14 122 47 6	Geo. Clinton Rufus King Geo. Clinton Rufus King	162 14 113 47
1812	18	213	Rep. Fed.	Vacancy James Madison De Witt Clinton Vacancy	11 7		128 80 1	John Langdon Jas. Madison. Jas. Monroe E. Gerry J. Ingersoll	9 3 3 1 131 86 1
1816	19	221	Rep. Fed.	James Monroe Rufus King _ Vacancy	16 3		183 34 4	D.D.Tompkins J. E. Howard James Ross J. Marshall R. G. Harper	183 22
1820	24	235	Rep. Opp	James Monroe. John Q. Adams. Vacancy.	24		231 1 3	D.D.Tompkins R. Stockton D. Rodney R. G. Harper . R. Rush	5 4 3 4 218 8 4 1
1824	24	261	Rep. Coal Rep. Rep.	Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams Wm. H. Crawford Henry Clay Vacancy	10 8 3 3	155, 872 105, 321 44, 282 46, 587	199 84 41 37	J. C. Calhoun. N. Sanford N. Macon. A. Jackson. M. Van Buren Henry Clay	3 182 30 24 13 9 2
1828	24	261	Dem N. R	Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams	15 9	647, 231 509, 097	178 83	J. C. Calhoun. R. Rush	171 83
1832	24	288	Dem N. R AntM	Andrew Jackson Henry (Jay John Floyd William Wirt	15 7 1	687, 502 530, 189 33, 108	219 49 11 7	Wm. Smith M. Van Buren J. Sergeant Henry Lee A. Ellmaker.	7 189 49 11 7
1836	26	294	Dem Whig Whig Whig Whig	Vacancies Martin Van Buren Wm. H. Harrison Hugh L. White Daniel Webster W. P. Mangum	15 7 2 1 1	761, 549 786, 656	2 170 73 26 14 11	Wm. Wilkins. 2R. M. Johnson F. Granger John Tyler Wm. Smith	30 2 147 77 47 23

¹ No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows. Adams — Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Misscuri, New Hampshie, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont — 13 states; Jackson — Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Vermont—13 states; Crawford — Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia — 4 states.

2 No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES-Continued.

ii ii		.6.	· .	Pres	ider		Vice-President	· s .	
ectic	ates.	c- ıl vot	part			Vote.		1	ote.
Year of election.	No. of States.	Total electorional vote.	Political party	Candidates.	States.	Popular.	Elec- toral.	CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.
1810	26	294	Whig. Dem. Lib'ty	Wm. H. Harrison MartinV'n Buren James G. Birney.	10 7	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	234 60	John Tyler R. M. Johnson	234 48
1844	26	275	Dem Whig.	James K. Polk Henry Clay	15 11	1,337,243 1,299,068	170 105	L. W. Tazewell James K. Folk Geo. M. Dallas T. Frelinghysen.	7 170 105
1 848	30	2 9 0	Lib'ty Whig. Dem Free S	James G. Birney. Zachary Taylor. Lewis Cass Martin V'n Buren	15 15	1,300,101 $1,20,544$	163 127	M. Fillmore Wm. O. Butler	163 127
1852	31	296	Dem Whig. Fr Dm	Martiny I Buter Franklin Pierce. Winfield Scott John P. Hale James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	27 4	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,390 1,300,101 1,20,544 291,263 1,601,474 1,386,578 156,149	254 42	Chas. F. Adams. William R. King W. A. Graham. Geo. W. Julian. J.C. Breck'nrdge	254 42
1856	31	296	Dem Rep Amer.	James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	19 11 1	1,000,100	174 114 8 180	J. C. Breck'nrdge Wm. L. Dayton A. J. Donelson H. Hamlin	113
1860	33	303	Rep Dem C. Un . I. Dem	J.C.Breck'nridge	17 11 3 2	1,341,264 874,531 1,866,352 845,763 589,581 1,375,157 2,216,067 1,808,725	180 72 39 12	H. Hamlin Joseph Lane E. Everett H. V. Johnson	180 72 39
1864	136	314	Dem Dem	S. A. Douglas Abrah'm Lincoln Geo. B. M'Clellan Vacancies	22 3 11		212 21 81	Andrew Johnson G. H. Pendleton.	12 212 21 81
1868	237	317	Rep Dem	Horatio Seymour Vacancies	26 8 3	3,015,071 2,709,613	214 80 23	Schuyler Colfax. F. P. Blair, Jr	214 80 23
1872	37	366	Rep D& L. Dem Temp.	Ulysses S. Grant. Horace Greeley Chas. O'Conor James Black T. A. Hendricks. B. Gratz Brown Chas. J. Jenkins. David Davis	31 6 	3,597,070 2,834,079 29,408 5,608	286 	Henry Wilson B. Gratz Brown . Ceo. W. Julian A. H. Colquitt J. M. Palmer T. E. Bramlette W. S. Groesbeck	80 23 286 47 5 5 3 3 1 1
1 876	38	369	Rep Dem G. B	3 Not counted R. B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden Peter Cooper Green Clay Smith		4,048,228 4,299,893 81,740	17 185 184	W. S. Groesbeck. W. D. Machen. N. P. Banks. W. A. Wheeler. T. A. Hendricks.	14
1880	38	369	Rep Dem G. B Prohi.	Green Clay Smith Scattering	19	9,552 2,636 4,449,187 4,435,121 302,754 9,861	214 155	Chester A. Arthur W. H. English	214 155
1834	38	401	Dem Rep Prohi. Peop.	Scattering Grover Clevel'nd James G. Blaine. John P. St. John. Benj. F. Butler. Benj. Harrison	20 18	4,908,892	219 182	T. A. Hendricks John A. Logan	
1888	38	401	Rep Dem Pro	Grover Clevel'nd Clinton B. Fisk.		150,335 134,163 5,445,274 5,538,755 248,800 142,034 5,551,501	233 168	Levi P. Morton. A. G. Thurman	23 168
1892	44	422	Lab Dem Rep Peo	A. J. Streeter Grover Clevel'nd Benj. Harrison Jas. F. Weaver John Bidwell		5 158 019	227 145 22	A. E. Stevenson . Whitelaw Reid . J. G. Field	143
1896	45	447	Pro Rep Dem Pop N. Dm Pro	Wm. McKinley Wm. J. Bryan John M. Palmer.	23 22 	132,007	271 176	Hale Johnson	17
			S.Pro. Sc. Lb	Chas. E Bentley	<u> </u>	13,969 36,274		Jas. H.Southgate	el

¹ Eleven states did not vote, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tonnessee, Texas and Virginia.

2 Three states did not vote, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

3 Three electoral votes of o eorgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana. 8, cast for U. S. Grant, w. re rejected. If all had been included in the aount, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Gront and 66 for opposing candidates.

																6
			Presi	IDENT, 1	896.			. *			Governo	or, 1896.				
Counties, Towns, Cities, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	
Adams Co.—3d district. Adams Big Flats Colburn Dell Prairie Easton Jackson Leola Lincoln Monroe New Chester New Haven Preston Quincy Richfield Rome Springville Strongs Prairie	31 16 10 42 28 15 2 33 9 15 65 18 30 12 18 30	1 1 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4	85 56 62 92 83 106 57 66 112 69 123 24 63 48 69 94	1 3 2 1 1 2 2 3 1				54 40 52 55 91 55 33 103 54 58 6 33 36 57 64 206	32 16 10 41 28 15 2 33 10 16 66 18 32 12 18 31 17	4 1 1 3 4 1 1 1 1 4 4 2	85 55 62 93 82 107 57 66 112 68 123 62 48 8 93 82 223 223 223				53 39 52 52 54 92 55 33 102 52 57 5 30 62 206	WISCONSIN BLUE BO
Total	391	27	1,432	16				1,041	397	27	1,427				1,030	воок
Republican plurality		 					<u></u>	1,042						<u></u>	1,030	•
Ashland Co—9th dist. Ashland, precinct 1 precinct 2 precinct 3 precinct 4 Ashland, city:	66 67 6 108 247	$\left[\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\2\\2\end{array}\right]$ 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 54\\110\\16\\36 \end{bmatrix} 216$	 2 } 2			31		$\begin{pmatrix} 66 \\ 68 \\ 6 \\ 107 \end{pmatrix}$ 247	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\\vdots\\2 \end{bmatrix}$ 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 54 \\ 103 \\ 16 \\ 37 \end{bmatrix} 215$			32	46	.6
precinct 1	63 59 172 86	$\begin{bmatrix} 7\\7\\11\\1\end{bmatrix}$	277 174 369 178	1 1 4 1		1			64 63 181 95	6 6 11 1	281 165 364 169			,,		

precinct 5 precinct 6 precinct 7 precinct 8 precinct 9 precinct 10 Butternut Jacobs La Pointe Morse, precinct 1 precinct 2 precinct 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 186 186 193 148 194 19	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	75 2598 115 2578 23 31L
Total	1,743 60	2,738 2	26 3 16 34				$\frac{\frac{948}{52}}{916}$ EL
BARRON COUNTY—10th dist. Barron	45 49 11 24 36 17 53 155 1 94 1 82 2 44 64 95 35	2 209 101 4 122 5 84 4 133 0 222 7 186 9 169 107 4 205 2 40 	3 8		9 1 3 208 6 4 100 7 2 100 8 4 122 9 7 84 5 10 222 17 187 5 17 187 22 30 169 3 19 109	1 54	ELECTION STATISTICS.
Ist ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Stanfold Stanley Sumner Turtle Lake Vance Creek	\begin{pmatrix} 49 \\ 39 \end{pmatrix} & 82 \\ 84 \\ 38 \\ 156 \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 120 2.	2	34 27 3 15	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 28 82	246 42 33 2959 1,519
TotalRepublican pluralit				1,448		<u> </u>	1,437 20 1

	1												. cinaca.				25
			Pres	IDENT. 1	896.							Governo	or, 1896.				
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn,	nem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,	
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist. Bayfield, precinct 1 precinct 2 Drummond Iron River, precinct 1 precinct 2 Mason Washburn, precinct 1 precinct 2 precinct 3 precinct 4	$ \begin{array}{c c} 106 \\ 52 \\ 52 \\ 160 \\ 30 \\ 47 \\ 152 \\ 3 \\ 184 \\ 15 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 158 \\ 47 \\ 354 \\ 354 \\ 364 \\$	$ \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} 28 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} $	$\begin{bmatrix} 361 \\ 113 \\ 200 \\ 265 \\ 12 \\ 277 \\ 290 \\ 405 \\ 22 \\ 516 \\ 60 \end{bmatrix} 1,003$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	i} 1	3 3 1 i 1		179 87 243	167 } 1 30 } 1	168 22 197 51 338	$\begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} 13 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 4 \\ 15 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} 16$	350 \ 112 \ 462 \ 198 \ 266 \ 12 \ 278 \ 288 \ 401 \ 22 \ 515 \ 60 \ \ 998 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	i} 1	3} 3 .} 3 		294 176 81 237 650	WISCONSIN I
Total	770		2,244	13	1	5		1,474		776	46	2,224	1	5		1,448	BLUE]
Brown Co.—8th district. Allouez Ashwaubenon Bellevue De Pere De Pere, city: Ist ward.	60 41 90 130	3 1 2	32 87 58 50	1 4 1			28 32 80	46	1	62 33 90 130	1 1 2	30 82 56 50	1		32 34 80	49	BOOK.
2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Eaton Glenmore Green Bay Green Bay, city: 1st ward 2d ward	91 128 107 65 391 159 164 40 151 154 136	7 .2 1 4 1 2 5 5	156 99 153 110 54 123 137 320 319 293	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	i	``i} 1	105 41	127 97	66	59 62 42	2 2 6	154 100 155 253 127 137 313 309 285		::} 1	105 35	129 . 215	923 -

4th ward 5th ward 2d precinct 471 2d precinct Holland Holland Humboldt Lawrence Morrison New Denmark Pittsfield Preble Rockland Scott Suamico Wrightstown Total	162 198 138 138 138 140 172 42 173 141 141 141 113 122 122 102 117 61 248 3,841 89 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 14	120 169 114 229 121 360 50 184 146 142 209 194 105 215 68 143 161 220	2 9 2 2 3 5 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1		95 92 48 68 81 93 26 100	43 97 .	4 9	283 266 54 52 439 114 267 164 267 164 270 231 34 5 141 210 193 103 211 69 144 160 218 5 5 324 5 5 324 5 324 5 324 5 324 32	2 2 2 6 7 9 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 32	226 226 	94 91 46 64 81 	3745 ELECTION
Republican plurality					1,595						1,454 —————	S
BUFFALO Co.—8th dist. Alma	71 46 50	51 37 154 3 5 5 66 5 0 134 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	16	59 29 36	11 84 14 138	83 63 34 47 110 75 46 49 50 23	i} 1 1 2 22	50 \ 39 \ 64 \ 48 \ 42 \ 10 \ 133 \ 61 \ 160		62 33 36	9 84 11 137	ATISTICS.
Fountain City, city: 1st ward 2d ward Gilmanton Glencoe Lincoln Maxville Milton Modena.	43 \ 48 \ 91 1 \ 3 \ 35 \ 95 \ 77 \ 56	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	} 13 1	23 22 22 4	44 113 27 120	39 \ 49 \ 33 \ 95 \ 77 \ 53 \ 40 \ 28	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 1 & 4 & & & \\ 3 & & & 3 & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & &$	69 \ 140 \ 144 \ 72 \ 55 \ 83 \ 36 \ 147		23 22 22	52 111 30 319	203

COUNTRIES TOWAYS G				IDENT, 1	1896,	•					Governo	OR, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO CO—Cont. Mondovi Mondovi. city: 1st ward. 2d ward. Montana. Naples. Nelson Waumandee Total Republican plurality	1,302	2 3} 6 4 1 10 	147 103 } 232 129 } 232 63 190 238 76 2,301	1 2 1 2 51	1 1.} 1 } 1 2	i 1	17 204	121 205 13 181 133 	8 26 18 26 50 9 103 93 1,302	2 3} 6 3} 2 11 1 61	147 105 } 235 130 } 235 64 189 238 77 2,303	1 2 4	i		120 200 14 188 133
BURNETT-10th dist 312. Grantsburg	75 45 349	7 2 1 9 9 28	302 80 73 49 148 148 800	1 1 4	1 1	3	14	239 29 21 73 103 465 14 451	63 51 88 28 78 47 355	7 2 1 9 9 9 28	302 80 70 59 149 147 807	1 1	3	18	239 29 31 71 100 470 18 452
ALUMET Co.—6th dist. Brillion Brillion, village	83 69	1	232 114	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$				149 45	84 71	1	231 113				147 42

							1							
Brothertown Charlestown Chilton Chilton, city Harrison New Holstein Rantoul Stockbridge Woodville	196 146 168 184 269 163 156 241	5 1 2 1 1 2 4 10	89	1	1 13 90 38 162 1 81 128	59	197 146 182 188 268 164 159 243 195	5 1 2 1 12 4 10 1 1	131 78 144 106 222 200 161 65		10	15		
Total	1,869	28	1,547 27	1 1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 & 619 \\ 297 \end{array}$	297	1,897	27	1,539			16 288 88		
Democratic plurality			····		522	<u></u>		<u></u>			33	58	H	
CHIPPEWA Co.— 10th dist. Anson Arthur Auburn, lst precinct. 2d precinct. Big Bend, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. Cadott, village. Chippewa Falls, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. 7th ward. 9th ward. 10th ward. Cleveland. Colburn Eagle Point. Edson, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 2d precinct. Flambeau, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. Lafayette. Lafayette.	42 74 8 74 8 74 8 74 8 74 8 74 8 74 8 74	2 2 2 3 3 5 64 5 3 119 2 5 37 68 5 3 3 10 115 101 179 89 114 1 2 2 114 1 2 2 5 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	74 98 - 181 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i i	4 85	14 42 20 150 72 104 10 97 34 153	100 558 164 243 71 72 193 54 117 146 163 153 11 19 100 173 154 117 146 153 153 11 19 100 153 11 19 100 153 11 19 100 153 11 19 100 153 11 19 100 164 165	2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 4 1 2 1 3 2 2 4 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	74 99 117 99 163 180 119 322 152 113 102 177 188 111 949 54 88 75 56 63 54 88 111 949 54 88 128 522 152 128 522 153 14 522 153 14 64 14 64 16 64 17 64 18 64 18	1 2 2	2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2	102 27 2053 10 28 91 34	ELECTION STATISTICS. 205	

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Converge Harris G				IDENT, 1	896.						Governo	r, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPEWA Co.—Cont. Tilden Wheaton	183 146	3 6	104 212	4 4			79	66	184 149	3 7	103 211			81	62
Total	2,929	84	3,600	36	2	6	225	896 225	2,965	89	3,587	2	6	268	890 268
-				<u></u>		<u></u>		671					<u></u>		622
CLARK Co.—9th dist. Abbotsford Beaver. Colby Colby, city:	20 15 39	1 2 1	60 84 93	2 1				40 69 54	20 15 39	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	60 84 91				40 69 52
west ward Eaton. Freemont. Grant. Green Grove Greenwood, city Hewitt Hixon Hoard Levis. Loyal, village Lynn Mayville, Mead Mentor Neillsville, city Pine Valley. Reseburg Shorman	30 45 46 5 38 111 25 34 39 23 20 51 3 56 153 61 38 24	16333 181113555423 2244	62 63 122 191 60 111 37 143 74 78 55 82 225 20 142 299 148 65 111	2 1 1 4 5 5 3 2 1 1 1 3 8 8 3 3 2 6		1 5		32 18 110 145 55 73 26 56 49 41 118 62 174 7 86 146 87 27	81 45 46 5 38 11 93 23 39 24 20 51 155 63 88 18	1623177132555 423 224	63 64 121 189 59 111 37 138 74 77 157 85 79 224 10 138 305 148 65		1 5 5		32 199 108 143 54 73 26 45 51 118 61 173 7 7 7 82 150 85

Sherwood Forest. Thorp. Thorp, village Unity Warner Washburn Weston, west precinct east precinct Withee. Worden. York. Total	${61 \atop 45}$ 1	6 31 54 38 32 35 106 76 27 38	1 3 1 3 6 5 1 2 3 2 2 2 2 7	$\frac{32}{72}$	42 83 107 100 96 63 104 32 45 154 3,328	4 1 3 } 1	1 1	12 12	2 44 	36 52 53 62 64 28 	61 } 45 }	6 31 58 37 33 35 106 77 28 41 1,341	1 3 4 3 6 5 5 2 2	32 } 72 }	42 83 104 95 91 63 104 31 44 151 3,299	i} 1	······································	2 46 48	36 52 46 58 58 58 23 16 110 2,006 48
Republican plurality										1,964					<u></u>		<u></u>	==	1,958
*Columbia Co.—2nd dist. Arlington. Caledonia Columbus Columbus. Columbus. Ist ward. 2nd ward. Courtland Dokorra Fort Winnebago. Fountain Prairie. Hampden Leeds. Lewiston. Lodi. Lowville. Marcellon Newport. Otsego Pacific	54)	63 95 68 139 62 84 84 108 96 78 45 98 81 161 87	10 11 6 6 6 17 5 20 2 1 19 4 4 11 15 23 10 7 7 7 5 4	142 107 124	126 159 124 373 294 124 83 229 115 151 166 348 95 130 236 200 39	2 5 7 7 2 28 19 28 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			 1	63 64 56 234 232 40 121 19 73 121 220 14 49 49 9 75 113	44 } 50 } 57 }	57 95 68 151 59 84 86 110 98 77 43 101 77 83 169 83 20	15 12 6 6 7 18 22 22 1 9 4 13 5 7 7 18 27 13 6 4	145) 103) 125)	123 160 123 373 290 124 82 228 115 167 346 95 128 232 194 39	1 2		4	66 65 55 55 222 231 40 118 17 74 124 245 18 45 63 111 19
*Pardeoville, village Portage, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3rd ward 4th ward Poynette, village Randolph *No yote returned.	123 127	459 50 81	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} 19 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 10 \\ 18 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10$	90 141 185 199 225	≻ 840 82 157	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1\\7\\7 \end{bmatrix}$ 18 $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 } 2 }	i) 1		381 32 76	70 94 71 148 146	529 50 78	$\begin{bmatrix} \ddots & \ddots $	81 134 171 181 207	- 774 79 155		1326		245 29 77

134 13 203 = 360

			Presi	DENT, 18	896.						Governo	r, 1896.			
Counties, Towns, Cities, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
Randolph, village: west ward Rio, village	2 20 83 41 70 124	1 14 9 20 7 25	41 82 117 122 128 284	3 3				39 62 34 81 58 160	18 18 83 41 71 124		41 76 118 123 128 252	2			39 58 35 82 57 158
Total	2,379	277	4,845	109	2	7	1	2,467	2,457	308	4,746	12	5	4	2,293
Republican plurality					<u></u>	·····		2,466					<i>(</i>		2,289
CRAWFORD Co.—3d dist. Bridgeport Clayton Eastman Freeman Haney Lynxville, village Marietta Prairie du Chien Prairie du Chien, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Scott Seneca Soldier's Grove, village. Utica	27 173 188 65 57 17 85 78 61 135 123 32 121 175 73 55 73	7 12 22 2 53 2 6 1 2 2 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 43 \\ 290 \\ 147 \\ 316 \\ 133 \\ 62 \\ 179 \\ 47 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 53 \\ 112 \\ 128 \\ 40 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 124 \\ 103 \\ 104 \\ 283 \\ \end{array} $	2 2 1 3 14 2 1	701	1	31 18	16 117 251 76 45 94 3 3	31 174 188 64 59 16 86 78 64 133 130 130 121 174 26 75	1 1	40 289 147 316 133 62 179 47 51 109 124 40 1124 103 102 280	i 	1	31 36	9 115 252 74 46 93

	Wauzeka, village	19	(2	82	3				63	20	2	82				62
	Total.	1,509	38	2,323	. 24	1	2	162	976 162	1,526	41	2,307	2	2	179	960 179
14	Republican plurality	······································	===	<u></u>			<u></u>	<u>==</u>	<u>814</u>					<u></u>	<u></u>	781
ų,	ANE Co.—2d Dist. Albion Belleville, village Berry Black Earth Blooming Grove Blue Mounds Bristol Burke Christiana, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. Cottage Grove Cross Plains Dane Deerfield, village Dunkirk Dunn Fitchburg Madison, city: 1st ward 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3rd ward, 1st precinct. 3rd ward, 1st precinct. 5th ward, 1st precinct. 5th ward, 1st precinct. 5th ward, 1st precinct. 6th ward, 1st precinct.	\$\\ \begin{array}{c} 60 \\ 26 \\ 147 \\ 61 \\ 148 \\ 106 \\ 154 \\ 102 \\ 218 \\ 140 \\ 111 \\ 125 \\ 117 \\ 93 \\ 158 \\ 120 \\ 175 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 193 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 193 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 193 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 193 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 193 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\ 188 \\ 176 \\ 195 \\	20 21 26 5 3 3 7 6 11 7 2 8 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 12 4 6 8 14 5 7 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1	350 67 79 125 298 113 208 128 120 158 62 120 158 96 238 198 110 203 252 124 361 216 223 124 361 198 198 110 203 203 212 203 204 204 205 205 206 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 7		68 13 41 156 20 48 123 51 	290 41 	888 277 149 577 150 1199 155 106 64 172 126 2199 1441 1133 37 116 91 161 119 144 264 2,088 167 2294 122 140 2660 259 558 161	26 22 1 30 7 35 7 8} 13 9 2 8 8 14 21 17 6 6 6 15 9 10 19 10 6 21 14 7 7 7 2 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	312 63 78 123 130 298 110 206 248 110 126 162 119 151 74 226 187 105 118 355 2215 2215 2215 2215 2215 2215 2215	1 1 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9	29 674 126 50	224 36 66 179 100 238 68 38 37 110 96 79 4247

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ELECTION STATISTICS.

				DENT, 1	896.						Governo	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE Co.—Continued. Rutland Springdalo Springfield Stoughton, city, 1st ward Zd ward Sun Prairie. Sun Prairie, village. Vienna Verona Verona Vermont. Waunakee, village Westport Windsor York	125 75 50 144 78 62 163 91 90	10 4 3 17 10 27 10 4 5 3 19 8 	267 153 47 226 } 553 327 } 553 115 131 200 94 135 39 88 88 289 118	2 1 7 3 10 44 8	i i 1 1 1 1	1 1 1	150 10 50 23 75	195 57 56 159 57 57	70 97 197 62 } 142 80 } 125 75 50 145 78 62 164 93	18 \ 35 17 \ 35 4 5 3 20 9	262 152 48 214 } 514 300 } 514 117 129 205 91 135 36 85 286 117	11	1 1 5	149 . 6 . 8 54 26 79	192 55 12 372 155 57 193 26
Total	6, 521	410	9,080	159	13	4	949	3,508 949	6,804	518	8,747	15	8	1016	2,959 1,016
Republican plurality		<u></u>			<u></u>		<u></u>	2,559							1,943
Dodge Co.—2d dist. Ashippun Beaver Dam Beaver Dam, city:	89 173 153)	5 2	219 141 38)	8		2	32	130	91 177	5 2	221 141	2			130
17 2d ward	175 603 169 94 101 73 169 119	$ \begin{array}{c} $	130 200 159 152 106 98 100 130	6 15 15 2 2 8 1	4		76 69	58 5 25	153 175 113 167 93 101 74 170 122		38 128 188 157 153 107 101 98 128	} 4		97 72	60 6 27

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170

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551

710

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145

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179

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270

114

138

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81 85 62

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103

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94

Mayville, city:

1st ward.....

Oak Grove.....

Portland...

Randolph, east ward.....

Reeseville, village.....

Rubicon.....

Shields.....

Theresa ...

Trenton

Waupun, south ward....

Westford.....

Williamstown....

Brussels.....

Clay Banks

Egg Harbor.....

Forestville

Gardner.....

Gibralter.....

Total.....

Watertown, city:

DOOR Co.-8th dist. Bailey's Harbor

162

144

31

45

180

155

176

135

104

138

4,900

80

85

63

44

 $\frac{31}{94}$

80 } 155 }

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189

178

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101

54

224

51

274

148

171

158

191

5,610

66

 $\frac{13}{28}$ 41

ELECTION
STATISTICS

14

60

95

151

78

1,171

617

554

125

25

73

44

84 |....

188 35.4.

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170 |....

148 |....

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101 |..... 44 |....

35

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PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continue	PRESIDENTIAL AN	D GUBERNATORIAL	VOTE.	\mathbf{BY}	TOWNS	AND	ELECTION	DISTRICTS.—Continu	.Fe
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_			Presi	DENT, 1	896.						Governo	R, 1896.			
Counties, Towns, Cities, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Scc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thora. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Door Co.—Continued. Jacksonport. Liberty drove Nasewaupee. Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay. Sturgeon Bay, city: 1st precinct. 2d precinct. Union Washington.	$ \begin{array}{c} 13\\ 17\\ 101\\ 10\\ 19 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 154\\ 32 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 186\\ 14\\ 14 \end{array} $	1 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3	179 299 133 141 99 362 } 105 } 467 98 105	3 3 2 5 } 6 1		1 } 1		166 273 32 36 80 281 84 91	14 17 99 106 20 156 } 187 31 } 187	1 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 3} 9	363 \ 468 \ 96 \ 105 \				165 273 36 35 78 281 83
Total	895	49	2,402	21	1	1		1,507 1,507	897	48	2,402	1			1,502 1,502
Douglas—10th dist. Brule, 1st precinct	$\begin{array}{c c} 31\\ 43\\ 17 \end{array} \} \begin{array}{c} 91\\ 34\\ \cdots \\ 2\\ 93\\ 27 \\ 25 \\ 55 \end{array} \} \begin{array}{c} 159\\ 27\\ 25\\ 127 \end{array}$		$ \begin{array}{c c} 101 \\ 90 \\ 41 \\ 52 \\ \hline & 31 \\ \hline & & \\ $	1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1		i} 1		144 18 81	30 \ 42 \ 89 \ 17 \ 35 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \frac{3}{3} \ \ \frac{7}{3} \ \ \ \frac{1}{3} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	102 \ 90 \ 45 \ 46 \ \ 30 \ \ 38 \ 66 \ 136 \ 74 \ 51 \ 39 \ \ 164 \ 39 \ 164 \ 30		i} 1		148 11 72

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Superior, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward, 1st precinct 4th ward, 1st precinct 5th ward. E. precinct W. precinct 4th ward 2d precinct 8th ward 2d precinct 2d precinct 2d precinct 9th ward	316 125 87 141 138 192 155 127 146 218 118 96 95 162	4 4 9 10 10 13 4 13 12 13 4	357 73 201 221 211 179 408 257 382 244 256 260 260 347	2 1 4 1 1 3 3 3 4 4 9 7 7] '		1,472	298 126 96 140 133 180 167 2,083 137 221 112 101 90 156	4 9 10 4 4 11 75 75 1 3 14 13 14 13	341 74 200 219 201 178 331 249 363 231 253 197 340		······································		1,348
.Total	2,527	91	4,274	48	2	8	.	1,747	2,498	87	4,11	3 5	8		1,615
Republican plurality.								1,747							1,615
DUNN Co.—10th dist. Colfax. Dunn. Eau Galle Elk Mound Grant. Hay River. Lucas Menomonie Menomonie, city: List ward 3d ward 4th ward New Haven Otter Creek Peru. Red Cedar Rock Creek Sand Creek Sand Creek Sheridan Sherman Spring Brook Stanton Tainter Tiffany	37 96 128 36 31 67 91 25 76 38 63 202 202 8 8 71 19 31 23 34 101 95 28	1 20 7 1 1 1 25 7 7 6 7 31 13 3 1 1 1 6 5 2 2 2 2 2 18 5 1	155 168 65	2 1 1 1 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 4	i) 1	i 1 1 1 2	5	126 79 43 89 68 48 46 138 511 62 27 62 92 127 81 69 69 54 73 37	7 1 3 2 2 3 6 9	20 77 1 1 1 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 6 1 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	138 171 192 205 11 11 11 11	3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	i) 1 i 1		126 72 42 89 65 50 48 131499 61 27 59 88 127 83 69 87 54 64 36

			Pres	IDENT, 1	896,						Governo	or, 1896.		<u> </u>	
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Dunn Co.—Continued. Weston Wilson	88 16	3 3	, 74 69		1		14	53	88	4 3	74 69			14	53
Total	1,418	131	3,370	32	3	, 5	19	1,971 19	1,430	143	3,340	2	5	20	1,930 20
EAU CLAIRE CO.—7th dist.							==	<u>1,952</u>				<u></u>		<u></u>	1,910
Altoona, city: 1st ward 2d ward Augusta, city Bridge Creek Brunswick Clear Creek Dramman Eau Claire, city: 1st ward. 410	27 } 5.1 113 137 69 56 7	18 5 5 3 4	32 } 93 200 141 251 89 146	1 } 1 2 1 2 1 2 2	1 1			39 87 4 182 33 139	28 } 56 28 } 114 136 72 56 7	1 } 1 20 6 4 4 4 4	29 } 90 194 141 250 88 146	1 1			34 80 5 178 32 139
2d ward	58 210	4 12 11 6 16 14 20 4 15 2 2 4 3 3	185 252 372 170 203 274 2, 572 308 334 265 209 229 130 79	4	1 3 2		80	1,242	147 176 99 61 132 136 137 177 137 149 60 210	20 20 32 4 17 4 5	368	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		84	1,164 167
Other Creek Pleasant Valley [+(6 =	38 36 36 280	4 9	394	1 5	1	THU 1	lot	41 85 129	38 36 39	3 7 9	80 118 162				42 82 123
1+9 =	267	29	531	6		24									

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Seymour	41 94 85	8 12	45 100 165	2 	······		80	$\frac{\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 6 \\ 80 \\ \hline 2,242 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{41}{96} \\ 85 \\ 2,397 \end{bmatrix}$	$-\frac{\frac{4}{7}}{\frac{12}{220}}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 100 \\ 165 \\ \hline 4,447 \end{array} $		1	84	80 2,134
Total	2,361	186	4,526	52	6		00	$\frac{2,242}{80} = \frac{2,168}{2,168}$	2,001	220	2,72,				2,050
Republican plurality	====					===	==	-				===			
FLORENCE Co.—9th dist. —Commonwealth Florence —Homestead	27 81 21	2 2 2	149 277 62	1 1 				122 196 41	26 74 22	$\frac{2}{1}$	149 281 61				123 207 39
Total	129 4 8	6 4	488 211	2 2	=	265		359 359 359	122 4 8	5 5	491 2/0	=	243.		369
Republican plurality. FOND DU LAC.—6th dist. Alto. Ashford Auburn. Byron. Calumet Eden Eldorado. Empire. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. 7th ward. 8th ward. Forest. Friendship. Lamartine Marshfield.	242 221 203 369 133 114 134 242 221 203 352 99 1,577 122 147 191 149 95 125	3 1 4 3 4 26 2 5 1 3 2 26 2 5	216 197 209 182 48 8 200 197 140 177 296 301 297 215 103 100 137 239 120 200 37	26 66 11 33 11 11 11		i	14	158 76 14 31 64 26 43 111	251 136 136 166 265 168 132 113 134 251 229 216 352 99 1122 146 197 155 97 126 371	1 5 7 6 6 3 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	216 197 199 180 48 200 198 140 177 288 290 289 210 103 100 130 234 115 200 36	i)		. 22	148 63 14 32 66 27 43 32
MetomenOakfieldOsceolaRipon	117	11 2	232	1	····i	1		. 115	114	11	232 187	·····i	1 1		1 222

				IDENT,	1896.			•			Governo	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Fond Du Lac Co.—Cont. Ripon, city: 1st ward	71 157 4,933			3 9 10 12 3 2 3 128	1 1 1		170	429 175 40 135 28 1,986 745 1,241	62 48 48 49 66 117 234 78 156 5,033	5 11 5 15 15 8 9 3 8 2 170	126 168 604 155 604 160 62 207 177 6,089	1 1 4	1 1	172 763	397 174 43 129 221 1,819 763 1,036
2d precinct 3d precinct Gagen—Ist precinct 2d precinct Pelican Lake	$ \begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 7 \\ 36 \\ 36 \\ 24 \\ 32 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 69 \\ 56 \\ 47 \end{array} $	1) 8 5) 8 5) 1 6	$ \begin{array}{c c} 45 \\ 32 \\ 98 \\ 159 \\ 31 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 175 \\ 98 \\ 42 \end{array} $	} 1			5	106 134	$\begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 7 \\ 34 \\ \end{bmatrix}$ 66 $\begin{bmatrix} 34 \\ 22 \\ 33 \\ \end{bmatrix}$ 55 $\begin{bmatrix} 48 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	1 8 8 5 8 6 1 6 1	45) 32 \ 1781 101 \ 158 \ 30 \ 188	·· } 1 · · · } 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			112 133
Total	172	15	407	2	2		5	240	169	15	42 408	2		$\frac{6}{6}$	245
Republican plurality								235							- <u>6</u> 239
GRANT Co.—3d dist. Beetown Bloomington	150 108	5 13	136 162	2			14	51	142 103	5 19	136 160			6	57

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155 } 134 } 138 } 189 } 61 } 69 }		5 2 2	350 \ 291 \ 330 \ 330 \ 330 \ 330 \ 341 \ 330 \ 341 \ 330 \ 341 \	170 48 166 157 283 163 142 163 142 44 641 115 163 91 110 112 97 84 641 110 112 203 212 151 59 232 150 156 3315	1 5 5 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	2	15 1	<u> </u>	141 122 121 163 38 90 81 352 11 98 53 38 44 34 31 344 82 58 8 130 86 2,148 514 1,634	164 } 124 } 124 } 61 } 70 }		1 6 3 7 5 7 1	337 \ 326 \} 134 \} 77 \}		1 1 1 350 6			131 119 121 171 38 90 79 342 10 98 53 38 34 34 326 59 9 126 59 9 126 518 1,596
		35	2	80 234	$\frac{2}{2}$		1		107		114 126	41		79 231	2	i	35	105
100)	101	9 } 14 5 7	199)	.93	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}2\\1\end{array}\right\}$ $\left\{\begin{array}{c}3\\1\\1\end{array}\right\}$	} 2 	2	61	63 92	72 } 105 }	177 101 209	${13 \atop 5}{18 \atop 5}$	123 } 141 }	264 192 146	} 1		63	87 91
	155 } 134 } 138 } 138 } 138 } 61 } 69 }	204 123 44 36 120 94 73 157 43 157 43 157 43 169 134 } 289 104 65 65 66 66 78 190 101 101 101 102 188 } 327 69 } 327 69 } 3681 104 105 106 107 107 107 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	204 2 2 3 4 4 7 36 2 120 17 3 3 157 9 4 3 3 157 9 4 3 3 157 9 3 13 26 134 169 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 260 13 27 27 27 27 28 3 3681 188 369 3 3681 188 369 3 3681 188 369 3 3681 360 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	123	123	100

PRE	SIDENTIA	L AND	GUBERNA	TORIAI	VOTE	, BY TO	WN	S AND	ELECTIO	ON DIST	RICTS.—Con	tinued.			
Company Marin C				IDENT, 1	.896.						Govern	or, 1896.	-		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmor, Nat. Dcm.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
GREEN Co.—Cont. Clarno Decatur. 132 Exeter. Jefferson Jordan. Monroe. Monroe, city: 1st ward.	178 58 104 101 136 113	4 5 7 14 6 4	122 116 112 187 88 89	1 2 1 3 4 4	114 305	1	56 48 24	58 8 86	1 1 1	59 04 04 04 40	5 120 5 115 8 111		1	60 52 27	56 7 80
2d ward. 2d ward. 4th ward. Mount Pleasant. New Glarus Spring Grove. Sylvester. Washington York.	75 103 142 1005 100 77 101 55 108 28	5 2 8 3 9 6 10 8 1 5	151 112 134 147 198 151 167 155 73 171	\begin{pmatrix} 4 \ 2 \ 5 \ 3 \end{pmatrix} 14 \ 5 \ 1 \ 12 \ 2 \ 2 \end{pmatrix}	3(1 239 283		35	98 74 63 100	167	32 9 2 8 93 1 80 1 56 1 57 1	135 141 1 196 3 149 165	1 1}	2 2 6 1	36	96 103 69 60 99
Total	2,339	158	3,093	53	2	7	256	1,010 256	2,3	31 193	-	4	11	273	996 273
Republican plurality					===			754		=	=				723
GREEN LAKE CO.—6th dist. Berlin. Berlin, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward	$ \begin{array}{c} 78 \\ 105 \\ 105 \\ 85 \\ 90 \\ 104 \end{array} $ 462	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} 10$	108 127 133 92 107	5 2 1 2 1 1		2 2		102 105	80 112	17 3 3 16 5 16 5 16 5 16 16	109 121 132 93 561		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \vdots \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		100 85
Brooklyn	66 96	12 7	254 218	1	i	1		188 122	(38 13	252 217		.J		184 124

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Kingston	103 103 123 90 273 66 74 1,568	15 12 3 1 61	91 199 122 92 264 72 72 2,103	2 9 1 2 4 1 32	4 5	1 1 7	14 9 2 26	36 2 6 561 26 535	109 161 120 92 275 66 74 1,581	16 10 3 2 62	94 201 121 90 264 72 72 2,091		1 14	15 2 11 2 30	6 540 30 510
Iowa Co.—3d dist. Arena Brigham Clyde Dodgeville Dodgeville, city Eden Highland, 1st district 2d district Linden Mifflin Mineral Point	146 94 108 138 136 106 155 \ 327 172 \ 92 90 102	10 7 2 28 24 6 1 1 1 1 19 13 12	183 239 61 232 327 122 76 } 166 90 } 166 333 264 159	2 	5 506	2	47 161	37 145 94 191 16 241 174 57	151 98 108 141 130 105 156 } 329 173 } 329 94 95 102	20 7 2 28 34 6 1 1 1 2 19 13 12	186 236 61 230 300 306 123 77 90 } 167 333 263 158	3 49 8	1	47 162	35 138 89 176 18 239 168 56
Mineral Point, city: 1st ward. 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Moscow Palaski Ridgeway Waldwick Wyoming. Total.	$\begin{bmatrix} 12\\45\\50\\64 \end{bmatrix} = 174$ $\begin{bmatrix} 67\\169\\169 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 10 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline 174 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 109 \\ 149 \\ 62 \\ 92 \end{bmatrix} $ $\begin{bmatrix} 204 \\ 117 \\ 105 \\ 96 \\ 95 \end{bmatrix}$ $3,115$	8 7 26 9 26 1 4 1 161	1 1 2 1 12		4.0	238 137 30 1,360 305	61 54 52 69 71 170 148 100 67 2,145	$ \begin{vmatrix} \frac{4}{6} \\ 3\\ 3 \end{vmatrix} $ 16 $ \begin{vmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 11 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{vmatrix} $ 196	$ \begin{array}{c} 108 \\ 146 \\ 60 \\ 93 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 201 \\ 116 \\ 104 \\ 95 \\ 94 \end{array} $ $ 3,080$	2	2	54 44 5 	171 130 27 1,247 312
Republican plurality TRON Co.— 9th dist. Knight, 1st precinct 2d precinct	63 } 0.1	11)	238 278 40 145			} 1	-	1,055	64 } 99	1 1)	$\begin{bmatrix} 237 \\ 41 \end{bmatrix}$ 278		1 1	:38	935

PRESI	DENTIAL	AND G	UBEPNAT	ORIAL	VOTE,	ву то	WNS	S AND	ELECTION	DISTE	RICTS.—Cor	itinued.			
G				DEN'1, 1	896.						Governo	DR, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Iron Co.—Cont. Vaughn, 1st precinct 2d precinct 3d precinct 4th precinct 5th precinct	130 80 13 31 84 31 84	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\3\\3\\4\\2 \end{bmatrix}$ 17	219 233 112 194 111 111		1 } 1	\ \ \	5	531	130 80 84 13 31 338	$\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ 20	220 232 111 868 111 194	1 } 1	2	27	530
Total.	472	27	1,292		1	1		820	478	- 30	1,290	1	1	.,	812
Republican plurality								820							812
JACKSON Co.—7th dist. Albion. Alma. Bear Bl ff. Brockway. Black River Falls: 1st ward.	42 82 4 17	5 62	269 345 26 70	2 6	i			227 263 22 53	44 84 4 17	5 7 2	268 345 25 70	2			224 261 21 53
2d ward 3d ward 4th ward City Point Cleveland Curran Franklin Garden Valley Garfield Hixton Irving Knapp Mauchester Melroso	12 8 74 14 40 12 88 11 18 51 18 47 7 39 89 35	\$\frac{9}{5}{2}\$ 13 2 3 16 19 2 1 3 11 11 11 15 15 16 17 17 17 18 17 18 18 18 19 19 19 10	91 74 64 105 334 67 149 121 121 121 141 151 42 88 222 61	3 8 8 3 2 2 3 2	1 2		21	260 22 138 103 70 62 94 73 35 49 133 26	12 8 81 42 12 88 81 11 18 54 46 76 9 38 90 36	11 4 20 1 20 2 3 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	91 77 66 106 34 67 149 121 122 94 42 89 221 60	i i	1	21	259 22 138 103 68 60 93 75 33 51 131 24

											100	- 1	1 1		134	
Northfield	$\frac{32}{18}$	6	169 201		1	1		137 186	32 18		166 204	1		<u></u>	186	
Total	778	98	2,710	39	7	2	21	1,953 21	792	108	2,707	6	2	21	1,936 21	
Republican plurality								1,932 =====			<u></u>		<u></u>		1,915	
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist Aztalan Cold Spring Concord Farmington Hebron Ixonia Jefferson, 1st precinct 2d precinct	161 41 129 277 85 125 169 } 257	6 3 2 7 6 2 2 4	133 110 136 147 153 184 93 } 126	11 11 121 13 { 14			28 130 J31	69 7 68 59	165 41 131 283 88 136 171 \ 259	$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	132 110 136 141 145 18, 91 \ 124			33 142 135	69 5 57 47	
Jelforson, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Koshkonone, 1st precinct 2d precinct 2d precinct Milford Cakland Palmyra Sullivan Sumner **torloo. Wa:erloo, village Watertown	73 405 107 405 121 131 122 451 106 100 66 111 41 131	1 1 3 3 19 2 35 14 3 4 3 2 3 8 3 5 5 5	79 196 185 196 185 209 218 643 216 445 170 191 296 227 77 70 119	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\11\\5\\4 \end{bmatrix} 22\\ 22\\10\\5\\26\\11 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\5\\26\\11 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\4\\2\\8\\1\\1\\1\\6\\20 \end{bmatrix}$	1/5	i)	209	192 339 66 82 232 116 37	78 120 435 129 108 127 209 116 106 126 64 113 449 141 167 174 17	1 2 22 41 17 13 6 3 25 8 8 6 5	79 \ 52 \ 190 \ 42 \ 17 \ 17 \ 210 \ 213 \ 634 \ 211 \ \ 443 \ 167 \ 177 \ 177 \ 177 \ 177 \ 182 \ 68 \ 69 \ 117 \ 182	1 i	7	245	162 327 61 51 230 111 19	
Watertown, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 7th ward.	$\begin{bmatrix} 132 \\ 133 \\ 106 \\ 81 \\ 113 \end{bmatrix} = 57$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 326 \\ 160 \\ 116 \\ 58 \\ 79 \end{bmatrix} $	$\begin{bmatrix} 33 \\ 27 \\ 17 \\ 5 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$ 92	$\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ 1 \\ \cdot \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} 2$			169	88 113	<u> :: </u>	353 159 116 739 53 78	1		·		
Total	3,50	137	4,344	265	4	4	608	1,448 608		1 50	4,275		1 3	677	1,280 677	
Republican plurality					. =====			840				<u>-</u>	<u>: </u>	= ==	. 603	:

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g			Pres	IDENT, 1	1896.						Governo	OR, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- Son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist. Armenia Clearfield Cranberry Center Elroy: Ist ward 2d ward. Fountain. Germantown Kildare. Kingston Lemonweir. Lindina. Lisbon Lyndon. Marion Mauston: Ist ward 2d ward. New Lisbon: Ist ward New Lisbon: Ist ward New Lorden Corange Plymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit Wonewoc. Wonewoc, village. Total Republican plurality	65 \ 50 \ 47 \ 92 \ 21 \ 97 \ 120 \ 25 \ 73 \ 49 \ 24 \ 88 \ 76 \ 125 \ 24 \ 94 \ 88 \ 76 \ 129 \ 98 \ 141 \ 78 \ 1,671	4 } 7	89 49 28 107 238 131 138 45 91 44 179 155 97 41 41 110 263 93 205 133 53 153 52 121 192 126 2,832	1 2 2 2 2 35	1 1 1 1 1 1 5	1 1	32 	110 88 23 82 55 72 1 138 146 258 45 77 23 51 48 1,273 112	36 33 22 68 133 65 133 51 47 93 25 97 121 27 74 48 129 44 71 27 71 48 129 98 143 78 1,714		888 48 29 106 } 236 130 } 236 138 45 45 92 40 178 152 97 41 41 110 } 262 188 198 110 } 349 131 150 52 122 128 128 2,805	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33 77 113	10 8 3 7 13 12 25 4 4 7 7 2 1,20 113
nepublican plurality		<u> </u>		<u></u>	<u></u>			1,161			•••••		•••••		1,09

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KENOSHA Co.—1st dist. Brighton	121 61	. 4	$101 \\ 232$	5 7		2	20	····i7i	117 64	4 4	101 227	 2	16 	163
Kenosha, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward.	$\begin{bmatrix} 148 \\ 115 \\ 291 \\ 203 \\ 177 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 934 \\ 106 \\ 140 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 185 \\ 202 \\ 198 \\ 405 \\ 243 \end{bmatrix} 1,233$ $\begin{bmatrix} 102 \\ 287 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 31 $\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$		 1 1 5 6	4	299	148 123 298 207 172 108 112	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 9	$ \begin{array}{c} 184 \\ 199 \\ 194 \\ 406 \\ 244 \end{array} \right\} 1,227$ $ \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 288 \end{array} $	 1 2 3		27 9
Pleasaut Prairie	113 34 148 121 94	$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & $	142 340 288 102	7 4 3 1	i			108 192 167 8	36 148 124 93	2 24 1	142 339 279 103	 		106 191 155 10
Total	1,732	40	2,827	. 62	1	8	24	$\begin{array}{c} 1,119 \\ 24 \end{array}$	1,750	53	2,806	 5	24	1,080 24
Republican plurality								1,095				 	<u></u>	1,056
Kewaunee Co.—8th dist. Ahnapee	109 118 121 25 180	2 1 1 2 1 1 2 3	121 232 105 180 70 161 139 182 189 44 255 157	27 28 7 3 5 4 4 2 11 1	1		79 177 42 77 23	8 152 38 	125 90 187 144 245 206 129 113 121 133 25 184	2 1 1 2 1 1 2 3 3	121 225 105 180 68 152 138 180 189 44 255 155		177 54 89	135 36
Republican plurality							<u></u>	187		<u></u>	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	-	110
La Crosse Co.—7th dist. Bangor. Barre Burns. Campbell. Farmington	88 91	18 1 19	223 51 166 148 290	13 1 5 9			16	153 78 57 173	74 68 88 92 122	20 20	166 146	 	. 17	78 54 167

			Presi	DENT, 189	96,						Governo	R, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LA CROSSE CO.—Cont. Greenfield Hamilton Holland	48 113 27	16 8	89 404 223	6 7 1				41 291 196	51 123 26	16 10	89 405 220				38 282 194
La Crosse, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward 10th ward 10th ward 11th ward 12th ward 12th ward 13th ward 14th ward 15th ward 15th ward 16th ward 16th ward 16th ward 17th ward 18th ward 17th ward 18th ward 17th ward 18th ward 19th ward	167 120 133 59 104 67 77 240 78 90 2,147 114 85 61 176 29 130 203 52 52 52	4 2 4 4 2 4 6 5 9 7 7 1 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2	214 239 230 257 290 218 201 221 293 201 221 293 293 293 293 293 293 293 293	4 9 9 8 2		6		1,887	165 143 147 70 108 79 247 80 109 123 197 78 123 197 78 184 32 208 55 54	5 3 4 6 2 4 9 6 12 8 9 8 2 4 2 8 5 5 1 1	209 234 227 227 253 182 224 200 213 290 149 3,955 125 119 120 113 120 113 120 113 120 113 120 114 120 115 120 121 121 121 121 121 121 121		·		1,677
Onalaska	48	8	202					154	47	17	196				149
Onalaska, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. Shelby.	$\begin{bmatrix} 11\\24\\19 \end{bmatrix}$ 54	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$\begin{pmatrix} 92\\114\\82 \end{pmatrix}$ 288 92	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	l	ii	25	234	$ \begin{vmatrix} 13 \\ 25 \\ 19 \end{vmatrix} $ 57 117	\[\begin{picture}(20,0) \\ \frac{7}{1} \\ \frac{8}{7} \end{picture} \]	$ \begin{array}{c} 91 \\ 110 \\ 82 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 283 \\ 92 \end{array} $	1		25	226

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Washington	71		87	7			[16	72	[86				14	t
Total	3,058	161	6, 297	225	2	8	41	3,280 41	3,215	204	6,201	7	8	42	$3,028 \\ 42$	
Republican plurality							<u>.</u>	3,239						<u></u>	2,986	
LAFAYETTE Co.—1st dist. Argyle Belmont Benton Blanchard Darlington, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. Elk Grove Fayette Gratiot Kendall Lamont Monticello New Diggings Seymour Shullsburg Wayne White Oak Springs Willow Springs Wilow Total	111 144 129 80 195 \ 330 79 105 195 109 46 32 110 125 262 80 26 156 117	3 1 8 2 9 22 13 5 2 2 8 8 5 5 1 1 16 12 114	251 175 206 1177 210 \(\) 370 108 107 212 54 78 48 188 86 283 201 67 61 61 247	3 2 21 31 31 31 31 3 3 5 1 1 6 5 5 9	1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1	 55 39 95	140 31 77 97 40 29 2 17 32 16 78 21 121 41 130	113 144 130 80 206 \ 346 140 \ 79 105 200 110 43 35 112 262 78 27 157 119 2,265	3 1 8 2 14 3 3 13 7 14 8 2 2 8 2 2 5 5 6 6 1 115 11 119	250 175 206 178 211 \ 370 159 \} 370 106 106 210 55 73 47 186 86 286 202 66 62 246 2,910	1 1		555 	137 31 76 98 98 24 27 11 10 	BUBCTION STATISTICS
Republican plurality								189 683					ļ <u>.</u>		189 645	, ,
LANGLADE Co.—9th dist. Ackley	64	1 1 1 2 11	67	2				3 1	69 105 31 51 77 115 421	1 1	80 124 59 617			4 3	198	ζ.
6th ward 6th ward Elcho Elton Evergreen	71 60 11 5		92 161	3)				33 25 16	77 69 11 6	4 2	88 144 44 30 20				33 24 15	

			Pres	IDENT, 1	896.		GOVERNOR, 1896.								
Counties, Towns, Cities, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering,	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LANGLADE Co.—Cont. Langlade Neva Norwood Parrish Peck Polar Price Rolling Summit Upham Vilas	22 75 88 1 8 39 25 76 18 10	3 3 2	23 45 105 53 35 67 26 110 24 19	2 1 2 1 1 2 6 1	i		30	1 52 27 28 1 34 6 9 17	24 78 88 2 10 42 25 83 23 13 13	32	23 42 101 53 34 67 26 106 19 17 28		1	1 36 4	13 51 24 25 1 23 4 15
Total Republican plurality	956	23	1,457	38	4		30	531 30 501	1,018	22	1,394		1	48	$\frac{424}{48}$
Lincoln—9th dist. Corning Harrison. Merrill. Merrill, city:	60 9 81	1 4	28 33 78	1 2			32	24	62 10 81	 1 4	27 32 78			35 	22
1st ward. 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward Pine River Rock Falls	127 81 145 162 122 204 192 116 62	1 3 2 8 8 3 4 1 1 9	74 78 134 214 937 143 128 166 95 101	4 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i 2 1	 1 1	96 21	39	135 83 149 170 1,063 125 202 199 121 61	3 3 8 8 22 3 4 1 1 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 69\\80\\131\\208\\141\\128\\161 \end{bmatrix} = 918$ $\begin{bmatrix} 918\\128\\161 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 92\\99 \end{bmatrix}$			145 29	38
Russell Scott Tomahawk, city: 1st ward	39 117	4)	69 64	ı			53	30	40 116	ă	68 63		<u>1</u>	53	28

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		8
Total	3 2	265 91
Democratic plurality		174 91
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	85 83 9 13 44 31 30 53 148 63
Manitowoc, city: 1st ward	1)	432 81 53 64 69 16 114 68 114 57
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25	53
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 80	06 1,212
Republican plurality	<u></u>	406

			Presi	DENT, 18	396.						Governo	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
MARATHON Co.—9th dist. Bergen Berlin Brighton Cassel Cleveland Colby, city, east ward. Day. Easton Eau Pleine Eldron Emmet Frankfort Halsey Hamburg Harrison Hewitt Holton. Hull Johnson Kronenwetter Maine Marathon, village McMillan, village Mosinee Mosinee Norrie Pike Lake Plover Rib Falls. Reitbrock	21 120 60 141 64 17 112 93 52 14 113 43 134 43 134 143 156 76 78 19 11 156 56 96 97 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98	2 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	56 100 57 60 30 30 98 97 70 34 41 84 70 34 41 54 43 66 23 36 76 23 31 110 93 33 33 76 76	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4	1	2	20 3 81 82 	35 14 13 5 45 56 25 62 38 11 11 25 62 38 12 69 66	21 139 61 141 65 15 16 15 86 56 14 113 45 113 45 12 12 15 56 74 73 30 42 166 95 95 91 10 21 46 29 134 46 29 134 46 29 134 46 21 46 21 46 21 46 21 46 21 46 21 46 21 46 46 46 47 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	2 2 2 4 1 1	56 83 57 60 77 30 27 94 70 34 40 80 32 35 117 68 41 40 43 64 41 43 64 21 21 23 33 74 33 74 77 88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		1	56 4 81 88 57 57 222 6 32 102 43 17 96 1	35

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Stettin Texas. Wausau Wausau, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward Wein. Weston.	. 173 . 144 . 139 . 78 } 1,055 . 223 . 179 . 119	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 5\\ 1\\ 10\\ 8\\ 2 \end{bmatrix} 29$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\ 5\\ 1\\ 70 \end{bmatrix}$	139 146 122 151 1,822 312 210 242 135 165 3,958	$ \begin{bmatrix} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{bmatrix} $ 87		2 	48 12 37 816	267 103 6 945	215 97 139 215 196 166 109 1,280 261 191 142 38 173	$ \begin{bmatrix} & 6 & 4 & & \\ & 2 & 1 & & \\ & 1 & & 28 & \\ & 1 & & 3 & & \\ & 2 & & & 2 & \\ & & & & & 2 \end{bmatrix} $	103 112 102 102 125 276 220 221 132 153 3,668		$\begin{bmatrix} \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 20 & \vdots \\ 17 \end{bmatrix}$ $\vdots & \vdots \\ 25 \end{bmatrix}$	20	
Republican plurality Democratic plurality					 			816 129 						530	<u></u>
MARINETTE Co9th dist. Amberg, '1st precinct 2d precinct 3d precinct Coleman Grover Marinette, city:	11)	1 5 8 3	127 92 45 264 45 361 288					207 260 228	$ \begin{vmatrix} 24 \\ 22 \\ $	4 } 4 } 8 3	$ \begin{array}{c} 129 \\ 90 \\ 45 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 264 \\ 355 \\ 289 \end{array} $				208 258 230
Jist ward	289 273 209 308 177 165 9	7 14 13 7 4 14 14	341 442 517 455 409 439 35	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 10 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 19	1 2 1 	3 4 1 1 8	••••	908	280 263 195 297 163 169 9	7 10 10 10 8 8 3 16	352 458 544 477 423 437 35	1 } 1 	3 4 1 1 8		1,056
3d precinct 4th precinct 5th precinct Porterfield Wausaukee Total	7 \ 258 53 \ 24 \ 40 94 1,866	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2 & 18 \\ 1 & 1 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 2 & \\ \hline 81 \end{array} $	115 823 154 80 145 232 4,277	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 30 \end{array}$	1 1 3	1 9		105 138 	$ \begin{array}{c c} 8 \\ 52 \\ 24 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 39 \\ 97 \\ \hline 1,808 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2 & 20 \\ 1 & 1 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 3 & \\ \hline 76 & \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 114 & 821 \\ 155 & \\ 80 & \\ & \\ & \\ \hline 4,358 & \\ \end{array} $	} 1 	1 9		559 107 232 2,550
Republican plurality					<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	2,411							2,550

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

	10+20 -	2026	62	3601	130	8	122	=58	" "	Toå?	64	3557	10	12-4	= 583	38	
	13+21 -	2046	51	2779	31	, ni	83	= 49	90	2105	52	1729	1	85	= 49	73	
•	6th ward	1176 547 1366 1476 1300 1696 23,887 1455 1315 2511 7771 627 710 1468	10 53 37 29 48 528 21 30 16 25 25 21 21 221 221 221 221 221 221 221	1754 1311 2035 1878 1986 1967 30, 109 1744 520 1705 1480 1215	31 23 26 16 18 21 416 21 9 31 26	1 8 25	54 3 26 70 54 51 634 22 49 23 31 1 1 2 8 57		6,222	581 1421 1511 1344 1693 1467 1353 224,713 1353 2518 835 682 739	22 10 52 36 28 48 533 23 31 17 24 24 12 20 40	1708 1232 1232 1232 1234 1340 1394 13942 29,183 1667 1432 1191 987 1647 16447 16	4 2 1 3	52 3 30 73 55 55 53 631 22 23 1 12 12 55 55	4	970	
	19th ward 20th ward 21st ward Oak Creek South Milwaukee Wauwatosa, incl. village. Whitefish Bay, village.	726 731 167 241 910 14	33 21 4 7 55	1035 J 199 341 2,856 80	10 J 1 2 46 1	4	68 34 32 9		32 100 1,916 66	741 752 166 242 962 15	34 21 7 52 1	1653 1015 199 342 2,838 80	i 4	69 34 2 11	1	33 100 ,876 65 ,999	
	Total	26,536	640	35,939	515	30	679	::	9,403	27,464	643	35,463	40	679			
	Republican plurality.							== =	9,403		===	=====		-		7,999 S.T.	
	Monroe Co.—7th dist. Adrian Angelo Byron Cashton, village Clifton Glendale Greenfield Jefferson Kendall, village Lafayette La Grange Leon Lincoln Little Falls New Lyme Norwalk, village Oak Dale Portland Ridgeville Sheldon	35 58 30 123 65 81 167 32 48 43 60 45 137 9 34 48 50 85 85 88	1 1 2 2 5 2 4 1 4 5	52 67 189 127	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	1 2 j		112	57 83 36 41 110 1 139 97 76 203 9 215 139 44 19	47 35 57 36 124 65 86 167 32 49 38 59 45 138 9 34 59 34 59 59	1 2 2 5 2 2 4 4 5 5 2 4 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	96 677 176 822 555 70 63 141 138 249 146 34 52 677 189		1	17 112	7,999 STATISTICS. 68 84 84 31	
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Conto, city: east ward east ward south ward south ward west ward Oconto Falls Pensaukee, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. Spruce Styles. Underhill	$ \begin{array}{c c} 124 \\ 89 \\ 118 \\ 87 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 54 \\ 13 \\ 19 \\ 9 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 418 \\ 89 \\ 66 \\ 613 \\ \hline 1,290 \end{array} $	$ \begin{vmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} $	288 176 317 126 152 165 85 121 87 137 79 2,836	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ \\ 13 \\ \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ \\ 35 \end{array} $	2 2		2 16	489 98 330 71 66 1,562 16	125 387 387 58 14 18 41	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} & 10 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ \hline $	291 195 332 137 159 164 85 121 88 138 81 2,911		$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ $		568 101 329
Republican plurality				<u></u>	<u> </u>	-		1,546		===				<u></u>	1,658
ONEIDA Co.—9th dist. Hazelhurst, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. 4th precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. Rhinelander, city: 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. 3d precinct. 4th precinct.	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 13 \\ 30 \end{bmatrix} = 67$ $\begin{bmatrix} 61 \\ 14 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix} = 90$ $\begin{bmatrix} 43 \\ 41 \\ 65 \\ 68 \end{bmatrix} = 358$	$\begin{bmatrix} \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	62 150 13 188 185 144 133 120 823	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \cdots \\ 3 \\ \cdots \\ 3 \\ \cdots \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$				301 98 465	$\begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 32 \\ 66 \\ 14 \\ 13 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{c} 59 \\ 66 \\ 14 \\ 53 \\ 66 \\ 69 \\ \end{array}$	5 8 8 4 5 1 5 16	164 72 62 64 131 132 173 26 155 142 132 132 807				303 80 413
5th precinct	44)	2 1	162 109 74	2 1 2				26	103 49 58	2 1	158 99 63				5
Total	563			15	=======			890	604	30	1,405		======		801
OUTAGAMIE—8th dist. Appleton, city: 1st ward	131 174 178 335 1,280	$\begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 61	430 266 156 267 1,828	7 13 13 13 7 48	4 4 } 4			7/3 548	136 189 90 90 347 } 1,335	33 4 66 4 66	421 263 154 262 1,802	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$ 3 6	709		3209 467

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O				SIDENT, I	1896,							Gov	VERNO	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.		Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld,	Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
OUTAGAMIE Co.—Cont. 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward Black Creek Bovina Buchanan Center Cicero Dale Deer Creek Ellington Freedom Grand Chute Greenville Hortonia Hortonville, village Kaukauna Seymour Se	160 266 136 83 44 278 155 266 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 144 33 52 83 44 44 80 28 27 55 4,096 4,096 160	1 3 3 2 5 5 7 3	154 222 333 211 193 137 174 158 146 160 169 155 139 177 142 168 166 151 89 75 86 57 101 139 157 5, 434 157	3 2	1 1 1 7 2 2	1	141 25 19 5 111	128 149 19 126 33 57 3 61 	119 90 170 55 88 44 4 8 8	844 443 558 822 770 999 905 566 669 905 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	4 3 12 4 2 3 3 3 3 2 5 5 7 7 3 3 3 6 6 3 3 4 2 2 3 3 4 4 2 150	154 218 330 142 165 158 158 50 90 68 5	211 192 135 174 158 147 162 170 166 152 2140 175 673 89 75 81 100 139 158 149 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 15	3 1 1 1 10 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 	23 26 3 13 114 3	12 14 13 35 55 66 13 55 52 29 1,515

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								1,338							1,183
Republican plurality	······					====	==	====				====		=	
OZAUKEE Co.—5th dist. Belgium Cedarburg Cedarburg, city Fredonia Grafton Grafton, villago Mequon Port Washington Port Washington, city. Saukville Total	261 167 113 253 144 83 61 211 143 397 228	2 4 3 5 5 3 2 8 3	59 155 202 105 116 62 360 77 283 116	6 2 12 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 19 1 17 1 62	1 1	2 4 3 2 11	202 12 148 66 114 112 654	59 33 1 149	265 171 146 251 87 64 221 144 409 228	2 4 3 4 3 2 8 3 2 8 3	159 1155 2022 105 115 63 377 77 278 115 1,546	32 32 i	2 	206 16 146 67 131 113 680 240	56 28 156
Democratic plurality	·						242 412							440	
PEPIN Co.—7th dist. Albany Durand	12 23	2 1	101 47	1			 ::::	89 24	12 23	2 1	101 47				89 24
Durand, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. Frankfort Lima Pepin Stockholm Waterville.	57 } 109 52 } 21 82 47 12 118	6 } 15 566	79 \ 116 \ 156 63 326 160 229	$ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} $	i}	1	 19 	86 135 279 148 111 12	58 } 107 21 82 53 12 120 12	6 19 5 7	76 \ 115 \ 156 63 324 160 229 24	i} 1	1	19	84 135 271 148 109 12
Waubeek Total	436	$\frac{2}{37}$	1,301	19	1	1	19	884 19	442	42	1,295	1	1	19	872 19
Republican plurality							-	865	-			·		=	853
PIERCE.—10th dist. Clifton Diamond Bluff. Ellsworth. Ellsworth, village El Paso	44 33 102 74 87	9 3 3 3	100 95 196 163 107	2				56 62 94 89 20	74	3 4	. 95 195 162				53 61 94 88 25

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

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Counties, Towns, Cities		,		IDENT, 1	396,						Govern	or, 1896.			
AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PIERCE Co.—Cont. Gilman Hartland Isabelle Maiden Rock Maiden Rock, village Martell Oak Grove Prescott, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward River Falls, city, 2d dist. Rock Elm Salem Spring Lake Spring Valley, village Trenton Trimbelle Union	71	5 12 2 6 6 3 7 7 7 4 1 10 9 14 14 12 9 9 2 2 2 6 18	230 196 55 248 62 278 112 36 31 47 172 304 221 149 169 111 152 264 223	3 2 2 1 2 5 11 4 1 6	1 1 1			185 125 32 226 49 250 50 32 82 28 146 91 85 71 73 165 145	34 34 35 36 37 37 38 38 38 39 37 38 38 38 39 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	5 12 2 6 6 3 7 7 8 8 5 16 6 9 25 16 11 10 3 3 2 6 6 23	230 196 56 248 63 278 111 35 1 46 117 46 219 149 149 149 167 112 264 222	1	1		188 128 128 34 226 50 250 49 29 60 182 144 90 81 74 71 165
Total Republican plurality	1,412	156	3,724	38	3	3	•••	2,312	1,415	182	3,697	2	3		2,282
			=====			===	<u>:: </u> =	2,312	<u></u>	<u></u>					2,282
OLK Co.—10th dist. Alden, 1st precinct	66 } 80 35 8 30 34	4 } 4 } 1 3 2	171 } 297 165 101 65	2 1 1				217 130 92 71 31	66 } 80 14 } 80 38 7 33 35	} 4 1 3	171 } 296 125 } 296 163 101 99 65				216 125 94 66 30

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Black Brook Bone Lake Clam Falls Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake, Milltown Clack Milltown Clack Csceola, village St. Croix Falls, Croix Falls, Croix Falls, Croix Falls, Clear C	41 23 15 60 28 38 10 69 37 6 6 39 44 20 21 36 45 45 45 45 38 27 27 27 27	6	140 10 29 124 106 97 203 175 127 32 24 121 140 51 72 106 173 83 62 105 125 28	2	1		13	99 14 64 78 59 193 196 6 90 26 82 96 31 51 70 128 24 78 98	40 23 15 55 27 38 10 70 70 36 5 6 87 44 21 20 35 46 40 40 27 27 27 34	8 1 2 2 2 4 4 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 4 3 2 2 5 6 6 5	132 10 29 128 107 97 201 174 125 32 24 121 141 51 71 106 173 81 162 202 24 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	i	1 1 1 1	13 	92 14 73 80 59 191 104 89 27 18 84 97 30 51 71 127 41 25 81 96
Republican plurality		====			====		<u></u>	1,970							1,962
PORTAGE Co.—8th dist. Alban Almond Amherst Belmont Buena Vista Carson Eau Pleine Grant Hull Lanark Linwood New Hope Pine Grove Plover Sharon Suevens Point	54 33 38 94 137 89 25 301 60 35 44 17 120 529	14 16 32 19 22 12 16 15 11	135 225 396 166 193 97 83 78 47 172 73 221 129 293 32 49	1 4 3 1 1 2 2	12	1	40 6 254 497 123	81 192 358 130 102 53 112 38 177 112 173	555 31 39 33 98 137 89 26 304 61 36 45 17 119 529	14 64 22 19 22 12 16 16 11	134 222 395 167 192 97 83 78 46 170 72 220 128 292 32	2	1	40 6 258 497 126	79 188 356 134 94 52 109 36 175 111 173

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Total	550 1	37	1,448	19	1	7		898		553	38	1,444	1	6	• • • •	891	
100021111							ļ	<u></u>									
Republican plurality								898							••••	891	
ttepublican pidrano,		====															
_						i		l									
RACINE—1st dist. Burlington—1st pr	230)	9)	234) 004	$\frac{10}{12}$ $\{22$			10		241 } 178 }	419	${17 \atop 8}$ 25	$219 \} 371$			48		
2d pr	171 5 401	$\frac{9}{7}$ 16	$\begin{bmatrix} 234 \\ 157 \end{bmatrix}$ 391				10		178 \$	315	8 5 20	152 5 310	5		5		
Caledonia	315	10	318 124	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	••••	3 14		111	13	121				10	
Dover	110 198	12 20	375	5	·····i			177	ļ	203	22	371	3			168	
Norway	33	-3	192	ĭ		1		159		35	2	191		1		156	
Racine, city:			4003	0.3	3)				146)		21	204)	71	1)			
1st ward	146)	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$	190) 413	8	i	l::			128	ļ	14	397 i	l i	l l			
2d ward	100	171	200	5 _					142	340	7 14	293 501	13 1			856	
3d ward, north pr south pr	190 3 23	5 12	214 513	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$					198		8		2	::		d 117	
4th ward, east pr. 836	182 279 4 61	15 3 89	177 346	7 1		::		881	293	490 2.665	$3 \mid 11 \mid 92 \mid 92 \mid 92 \mid 92 \mid 92 \mid 92 \mid 92$	161	11			846 ₇₁₉	
tth would nouth no	314 \ 2,007		403 3,448	5 54	} 4	::	••••	991	321	2,005 535	0	398 3,384 470 868		ق ا ۱۰۰		1421	
	204 5/8	5 11	475 8 7 8	4 7	· ·	· <u>i</u> ,			323	, , ,	10 /8	399	1	i	1		
6th ward, north pr	314 6/2	13 15 25	\frac{411}{322} 733	1 3	[::]	4 2			292	615	15 29	321 720	1			1344	
6th ward, north pr south pr 7th ward, east pr	183	4 1	1 191 ' -	4 -		1 ,			226 185	411	3 1	252 37/				786	
west pr. 1.36	216 37		254 3 75	3) (J	1) 4		215	185)	87	1) 11	294	١٠٠ ر	J	l	207	
Raymond	83	10	298 127	3				66		62	8	124				62	
Rochester Waterford	140	13	263	4		2		123		129	19	257		2		118 245	
Yorkville	65	35	313	1				248		65	38	310				240	
m . 1	3,973	213	5,849	104	5	8	10	1,886		4,101	241	5,733	19	5	53	1,683	
Total	3,913	210	0,040	101	ĺ			10	li	_,		ĺ ,			1	53	
•			1			1	İ	1,876					1		1	1,630	
Republican plurality								1,010					====	: <u></u>		=====	
RICHLAND Co3d dist.							l		li					1	1		
Akan	113	1	113				· · · ·			113 108	1 7	113 183				75	
Bloom	110 106	7 8	182 99	1 2			7		1	106	8	99			7		
Buena Vista Dayton	131	9	136	2				5	H	131	9	136		. 2		5	
Eagle	114	4	138	1			ĺ	24 81	ll	114 99	4	138 179			• • • • •	24	
Forest	98 156	1 4	179 109	 			47		il	154	5	111					
HenriettaIthica	174	12	153		}		21			172	15	151		.]	. 21		
Lone Rock, village	43	1	59	1				16 101	11	44 63	8	57 164				13 101	
Marshall	63 82	8 3	164 101	i				101		82	3	101		1		19	
Orion	1 84	1 9	, 101			,,							,				

PRE	SIDENTIA	L AND	GUBERNA	TORIA	L VOTE	, BY TO	OWN	S AND	ELECT	ION	DISTR	ICTS.—Con	tinued.			
Counties, Towns, Cities,		· .		IDENT, 1	1896,							Governo	or, 1896.		-	
AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn,	Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
RICHLAND Co.—Cont. Richland Richiand Center: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Richwood Rockbridge Sylvan Westford Willow Total Republican plurality	77 46 92 194 56 121 129 114 170 103 2,098	13 \ 19 \ 5 \ 4 \ 13 \ 11 \ 4 \ 8 \ \ 129	124 147 133 411 131 194 121 120 84 149 2,636	1 2 4 1 2 16 16			86	217 73 6 46 707 169 538	45) 90 } 55 }	76 190 122 128 113 172 101	8 13	123 147 133 132 132 194 122 121 123 149 2,635	1	2	6 90 167	47 222 72 8 48 714 167 547
Rock Co.—1st dist. Avon Beloit Beloit, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Bradford Center Clinton Clinton, village Edgerton Evansville Fulton Harmony	80 66 158 102 74 51 63 75 147 94 131 128	3 1 3 16 40 7 14 5 4 7 7 11 14 21 2 7	132 125 289 368 568 439 123 207 197 197 198 306 406 224 145	13 24 11 4 3 1 24 24	i) 1 1			63 66 1,258 49 156 134 93 159 312 193 17	$ \begin{bmatrix} 82 \\ 64 \\ 156 \\ 102 \end{bmatrix} $ 1	68 59 04 74 51 63 77 46 88 83 31 26	${23 \atop 8}$ 49	132 121 274 360 563 4,637 440 123 207 197 167 303 394 223 143	1 1	1 2		64 62 1,233 49 156 134 90 157 306 192 17

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	Janesville	91 ן	2 (141 [2 [1 [.	•••[50	92	[2	143		1	••••[51
16	Janesville, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct 2d ward, 1st precinct 2d ward, 1st precinct 3d ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 4th ward, 1st precinct	88 77 75 125 120 101 1,189 175 207 3 8 2	1 5 2 6 4 8 4 5 9	166 317 122 191 191 284 1,889 216 177 231 46	1 5 2 1 6 2 7 4 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 3 1 4 1 4 1 3 1 4 1 4 1	🗷) 5 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	•••	702	88 87 74 128 105 1,209 85 176 207 265	2 6 1 7 40 9 40 5 2	165 313 123 188 282 178 225 178 232 181		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		678
	5th ward	262 J 110 61 62 113	1	185 J 131 131 199 166 201 J	3 3 1		1		21 70 137 53	106 62 62 112 85) 168	12 6	130 130 199 165 199)				24 67 137 53 291
•	Milton, 1st precinct 2d precinct Newark Plymouth Porter Rock	79 \ 37 89 118 107	11 \ 35 \ 4 \ 2 \ 4 \ 5 \ 5	201 { 461 260 } 213 254 195 140 272	2 } 4 4 2 2 4				297 176 165 77 33 196	80 5 100 37 91 110 100	1 4 2 3 5 6 6	214 254 193 140 271				177 163 77 35 195
	Spring Valley Turtle Union Total	76 72 71 3,655		215 178 8,282	86	5	12		143 107 4,627	3,65	10	178	4	10		148 111 4,567
	Republican plurality		,	······					4,627			=		 		4,567
	St. Croix Co.—10th dist. Baldwin Cady Cylon Eau Galle Emerald Forest Glenwood	99 70 70 68 104 232 29	25 7 6 7 9	344 136 144 167 90 13 21 56	1	······································		14 219 8	. 245 66 74 99 15	10 7 6 6 6 10 23 2 4	1 9 8 8 2 29	135 143 1 166 9 91 13	1 1		11 219 9	238 64 74 98
	Glenwood. city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Hammond Hammond, village Hudson	24 50 35 25 98 36 85	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} 13$ $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 17 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 52\\46\\64\\64 \end{bmatrix} \qquad 226\\ 64 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 126\\59\\105 \end{bmatrix}$	1 4 2				92 28 23 20	$\left \begin{array}{c} 24\\ 44\\ 36\\ 26 \end{array}\right $	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	7 60 126		i} 1		88 26 18 29

			Presi	DENT, 1	896.						Governo	R, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
St. Croix Co.—Cont. Hudson, city: 12	131) 72 41) 633 122 18) 35 104 66 38 114 1123 120 146 40 40 48 109	1 11 18 18 6 3 3 2 12 12 16 5 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 7 7 1 3 3	74 181 416 106 85 100 87 100 89 91 72 29 142 147 147 147 147 155 183 125 101	'7	1 1	2 4	32 33 91 8	84 34 152 56 23 104 33 24 143 77	72 114 339 153 73 43 67 127 17 34 104 55 39 114 124 120 145 39 51 109	1 13 5 3 4 17 2 2 1 8 2 2 3 1 1 4 5 7 7 1 4 1 7 1 4 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	74) 409 176 409 159) 106 84) 95 271 92) 90 69 29 140 147 147 84 184 124 101	i} 1	1 2 5	35 33 91 8	70 33 144 56 24 101 33 23 23
Total	2,475	158	3,462	38	3	4	405	1,392 405 987	2,479	187	3,424	4	6	406	$\frac{1,351}{406} \\$
SAUK Co.—3d dist. Ableman, village Baraboo Baraboo, city:	37 64	15	55 238	1 1				18 174	39 64	17	51 238				12 174
1st ward	$ \begin{array}{c} 89 \\ 128 \\ 107 \end{array} $ 324	${13 \atop 20 \atop 5}$ 38	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 385 \\ 343 \\ 240 \end{array} \right\} $ $ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 968 \\ \end{array} \right. $	${5 \atop 5} {30 \atop 5}$		$\begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 9		644	$\begin{pmatrix} 92\\137\\116 \end{pmatrix}$ 345	${19 \atop 22 \atop 5}$ 46	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 379 \\ 336 \\ 233 \end{array} \right\} $ $ 948\underline{} $	$\begin{bmatrix} \cdot & \cdot \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2	$\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \cdot \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 9		603

Bear Creek. Dellona. Delton. Excelsior. Fairfield. Franklin Freedom Greenfield Honey Creek Ironton. La Valle. La Valle, village Morrimack North Freedom, village. Prairie du Sac, village. Prairie du Sac, village. Reedsburg Reed	146 76 44 47 158 51 49 69 91 110 22 75 18 58 45 119 98 204 106 37 110 91 110 22 75 18 58 45 119 98 45 119 119 110 110 110 110 110 110	6 18 21 2 2 16 4 4 2 10 111 1 6 7 2 2 8 8 16 12 7 7 9 9 16 12 242	84 70 163 130 116 130 116 130 116 131 133 137 134 139 58 125 58 50 113 127 180 88 194 120 196 140 120 95 159 140 1	2 1 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 3 966	1 1 1 3 3		87 87 87 25 29	119 54 79 68 84 77 93 36 50 40 	102 }	146 76 44 76 35 160 151 48 61 111 211 208 85 121 33 42 102 148 121 121 97 2.637	17 13 23 22 2 2 15 4 4 2 2 10 111 17 7 7 4 } 10 6 } 10 14 17 10 10 11 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	70 - 63 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 7	2		6	119 56 81 60 85 78 99 28 37 49 44 69 5 135 2 71 88 155 36 90 2,176
Total Republican plurality	2,611							2,009			·····						1,957
SAWYER Co.—10th dist. Hayward, 1st preet 2d preet 3d prect	$\begin{pmatrix} 216 \\ 121 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix}$ 369	${25 \choose 1}$ 28	403 \ 49 \ 62 \ 514	2 } 2		1		145	219 \ 120 \ 32 \}	371	$24 \atop 1 \atop 2	$ \begin{array}{c} 399 \\ 45 \\ 62 \end{array} $ 5	- 1				135
Total	369	28	514	2			••••	145		371	27	5	506 .	•••••		••••	135
Republican plurality							<u></u>	145								<u></u>	135
SHAWANO Co.—9th dist. Almon	19	1	104	ļ				85		19	1	1	104	••••	j	J	85

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

			Pres	IDENT, 1	896.						Governo	я, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Shawano Co.—Cont. Angelica Aniwa Belle Plain Birnamwood, Birnamwood, village Fairbanks Germania Grant Green Valley Hartland Herman Hutchins Lessor Maple Grove Morris Navarino Pella Richmond Seneca Shawano, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Tigerton Washington Waukechon Wittenberg Wittenberg Wittenberg, village	17 142 87 37 28 	133 2231 1125 51142 2211 1233 2212 222 54	98 88 117 96 65 102 37 140 156 167 185 141 96 127 48 77 163 62 76 54 61 95 123 88 88 159 140 3,035	2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 3 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1	1 3	2 1 2 1	84 	14 38 64 47 66 - 28 81 120 115 98 161 83 	883 466 1211 35 200 366 99 599 366 577 722 244 620 182 44 28 999 95 20 89 1 143 87 36 6 29 1,604	1 2 2 3 1 1 2 6	99 83 117 97 63 101 37 140 156 170 167 182 138 97 126 48 78 165 62 75	2	2 1	85 21 19	166 37 62 43 65 65 65 28 81 129 113 95 158 78
Republican plurality		<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		<u></u>	1,454							1,415

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SHEBOYGAN -5th dist. Elkhart Lake, village Greenbush Herman Holland, 1st precinct	61 121 140 105 / 112	1 9 3 2 1 3	50 259 248 388 { 591	3 \ 4	7/0		11	138 108 479	$ \begin{array}{c} 61\\ 124\\ 133\\ 104\\ 7 \end{array}\} $ 111	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} $	50 260 248 383 \ 586	1 1 1 1			i36 115 475
Lima Lyndon Mitchell Mosel Plymouth Plymouth, city, 'st ward, 2d ward	$\begin{array}{c c} 110 \\ 74 \\ 150 \\ 30 \\ 73 \\ 97 \\ 56 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} & 3 & 6 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 2$	320 369 114 138 223 \ 233 \ 353	1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 15 \\ 13 \\ 31 \\ 13 \\ \}	2 1		36	210 295 108 170 205	114 73 152 34 72 109 } 166 57 { 149	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 6 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2$	319 368 112 137 242 221 135 135 135	12		10	205 295 103 170 190
Rhine	145 77 70 97 154 205	3 1 4 4 1 2	134 34 256 206 192 122	13 1 3 16 9 4	1	1	43	186 109 38	77 74 109 160 205	4 4 1 2	34 253 196 191 125	2	12 1	43	179 87 31
1st ward	155 138 104 135 121 1,282 118 195 155 161 316	6 7 3 5 5 3 2 7	442 322 205 391 311 245 221 298 210 210 154	7 12 6 10 8 8 2 11 11 16 21 - 21 6	 2 1 5 1 1 	18 10 10 75 93 24 22 19 22 41	1	1,363 902 61 100	169 169 147 135 132 201 172 175 157 55	67 .35 35 35 37 88 82	420 321 204 368 307 239 216 291 200 210 210 155	2 2 2 1 7 1 1 	20 10 11 77 98 16 23 18 25 43	= 8	166 90 53 100
Wilson Total	$\frac{54}{3,257}$	90	6,643	$-\frac{3}{247}$	15		184	3,570 184	3,426	88	6,543	· 1 8	313 1		305 188
Republican plurality			<u></u>			<u></u>	==	3,386					====	3,	,117
TAYLOR—9th dist. Browning Chelsea Deer Creek Greenwood Grover, 1st precinct 2d precinct. Halway Little Black Medford	38 71 58 43 44 \ 45 1 \ 14 107 121	1 1 1 1 1	42 77 85 24 165 } 180 15 } 34 158 124	1 1 3 2	1 1 } 1 2	2	19	4 6 27 135 20 51 3	39 77 61 43 47 \ 48 1 \ 15 109 133	2 1 1 1	43 73 83 24 163 \ 178 15 \ 34 157 115			19	22 130 19 48

	1														
Consumer Harris G				IDENT, 1	896.						Governo	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, National.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn. Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Taylor Co.—Cont. Medford, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3rd ward Molitor, 1st precinct 2d precinct Rib Lake Westboro. Total Republican plurality. Trempealeau Co.—7th dist Albion. 2d precinct 2d precinct Burnside Caledonia Chimney Rock Dodge Ettrick Gale Hale Lincoln Pigeon. Preston Sumner Trempealeau Unity.	183 } 400 217 } 400 188 28 41 82 57 100 182 76 50 46 40 76 45	9 4 } 11 7 } 12 12 14 14 9 21 17	102	4 \ 12 \ 2 \ 2 \ 27 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4	3	35 62 	121 41 199 190 707 199 688 174 	49 \ 46 \ 131 \ 36 \ 17 \ 21 \ 55 \ 27 \ 759 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4 \ 8 \ 1 \ 1 \ 3 \ 3 \ 20 \ \ \ \ 7 \ 16 \ 9 \ 7 \ \ \ \ \ 20 \ \ \ \ \ \ 21 \ 12 \ 14 \ 8 \ 21 \ 18 \ \ \ \ 18 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	95 \ 46 \ 216 \ 75 \ 16 \ 46 \ 246 \ 124 \ 1,355 \	1		35 62 71	88 41 199 637 41 596 17 33 49 7 7 11 11 14 35 16 16 17 9
Total	1,394	152	3,306	24	6	4 1:	168	2,080	1,390	161	3,300	6	5	168	2,0

ELECTION
STATISTICS

									1	168		1	. 1		ļ	1	1	ſ	168	
İ				ļ									.		Ì			-	1,910	
Republican plurality				.				••••		1,912							====	===		
				- =											ŀ		.			
		-		İ					ŀ	ĺ			1			1		- 1		
VERNON Co3d dist.				.	400				1	132		56	4		188	1 .			132	
Bergen		56		4	188 248	1 2	1	i		223		27	7		246				219	
Christiana		25 55		3	. 189	2			.	134	l	54	4		189			• • • •	$\frac{135}{268}$	
Clinton		15		3	283	1				268		15	3 6		283 196	•••••	• • • • • • • •	••••	208 133	
Coon		63		6	196					133	1	63 111	1		205	••••••		••••	94	
Franklin		105		3	209	2				104	ļ	114	$\frac{1}{2}$		116				- 2	
Genoa]]	113		$\frac{2}{2}$	116 112	1 1				20	ł	92	3		111				19	_
Greenwood		92		7	196	3	·····i			148	l	50	5	ĺ	195	1	.	••••{	145	5
Hamburg Harmony		50		3	182	ĭ				132		53	4 5		. 180 161			••••	127 82 56	ŀ
Hillsboro		79		5	161	3]]	.	82 57		79 44	3	İ	100	•••••	1	::::	56	5
Hillsboro, village		44		2	101	1				100	1	107	4	l	208				101	Ě
Jefferson		108 64		5	208 196					132	il.	58	6		194				136	7
Kickapoo		48		- 1	119	1				71	1	48 87			119			••••	71 80	- 1
LibertyStark		48 87	••••	3	167					. 80	li	87 82	3	1	· 167 200				118	-
Sterling		81		1	200	1				119 39	11	61	1 6	}	99	i		::::	38	7
Union		60		8	99 288		. 1		•• •••	193	<u> </u>	96		į.	287	}			191	ŀ
Viroqua		95		2	288	-				1	ii .		-			i				P
Viroqua, city: 1st ward	32)		2)		100)		.4			1	31)		$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$ 7	199)	- 312	123			198	-
2d ward		114	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}2\\5\end{array}\right\}$	9	107 - 314	14.3	ا	·		. 200	26 \ 57	114	4 7	106	- 314	4.3		••••	190	ζ.
3d ward			2)	.	107)	:	· [1	.	••	. 117	97)	67	1, 4	101,	184				117	-
Webster		$\frac{67}{22}$		6	184 98					. 7i	11	24	6		93				69	Ċ
Webstby, village Wheatland	•1	39	1	4	186	i				. 147	11	39	4	1	186	·····i		••••	$\begin{array}{c} 147 \\ 62 \end{array}$	7
Whitestown		97		8	158		1		$1 \mid \cdots$. 61	11	97	8		159	1		••••		
W Intesto William			I			28	4	-\	3	2,766	11	1,638	98		4,378	4	3	١	2,7,0	
Total	. 1,	, 627	1	.02	4,39	5 40	, 4	1	3 ⋯	2,100	.11	1,000	"	1	-,					
	İ		i				1	1			-			1					0.740	
Republican pluralit	y		l		l					. 2,766			• • • • • • •		•••••				2,740	
nepublican prasure				==		= ====	=====		= =	====	-									
	-		1							ì	Н		1	1			ł	i		
			1					1		l	11		1	1		1	l	Ì	1	
VILAS Co.—9th dist.					l	1		1	- 1	1	00		0.3	191	,	1	1	1	1	
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct	33 \	52	2 }	2	195 } 34	4 1 }	3 ∤	. 1 }	1	292	38	63	2 2	145	{ 336				273	1
2d precinct	5. 19)	94	1.; {	-	149)	- 2 }		· ·; }	.	i	11 450	•	2 2	222) oeo				90	i
Eagle River, 1st precinct 2d precinc	156 }	166	1.1	1	38 26	5 1 } ;	3	1}	1	99	11	§ 170	\\cdot\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	38	5 200	J		1	90	•
Zu precinc	10)		,,		,,															

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

										, Digin	ICIS.—Con	tinued.	_		
Coverno Harris G				IDENT, 1	896,						Govern	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
VILAS CoCont. Minocqua	225	5	145	3		,	80		226	3 4	135			91	
Total	443	8	754	9		2	80	331	459	8	731	-		91	363
Republican plurality.								311				1			91
WALWORTH Co.—1st dist. Bloomfield Darien Delavan, 1st district 2d district East Troy Elkhorn Geneva Lafayette. La Grange Lake Geneva, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Linn	77 100 88 } 201 113 } 201 114 83 100 44	6 16 12 12 22 10 28 16 9 9	236 249 238 } 574 236 } 574 275 223 165 173 205 152 123 473 198 }	2 6 3} 6 3} 4 11 1 1 	i} 1	1 1		159 149 373 165 179 82 73 161	78 105 105 111 111 118 80 95 44 46 55 144 46 70 105 114 114 118 118 114 118 118 118 118 118	16 13 \ 27 14 \ 3 13 23 10 11 15 9 \ 29	234 246 337 { 571 234 } 273 292 162 171 203 148 } 126 { 475 201 }	i } 1	1		156 141 372 162 174 82 76 159
Lyons	98 64 115 33 76 83 61 55	18 3 28 12 23 7 18 5	214 159 435 231 170 162 348 175	3 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 2 2)	8			. 116 116 95 320 198 94 79 287 120	68 98 64 115 35 73 [83 61 58	10 22 3 36 16 29 7 17 6	179 210 160 427 229 168 161 336 172				111 112 96 312 194 95 78 275 114
	85 259	6 23	268 > 627	$3 \qquad 6$				368	$\begin{cases} 86 \\ 86 \end{cases} = 260$	$\begin{vmatrix} 11 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{vmatrix}$ 31	$ \begin{array}{c} 154 \\ 268 \\ 201 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 623 \end{array} $	i} 1	i} 1		363

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7	1	۲	Ì	
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T otal	1,893	282	5,347	57	12	2		3,454	1,889	318	5, 292	13	3		3,403
Republican plurality							<u></u>	3,454	<u></u>						3,403
WASHBURN Co.—10th dist. Bashaw Long Lake Minong Shell Lake Spooner, 1st precinct 2d precinct Veazie	23 18 19 71 65 } 88 23 } 31	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 84\\ 41\\ 59\\ 379\\ 129\\ 43 \end{array}\} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 172\\ 36 \end{array}$	1 2 4} 5		2		61 23 40 308 84 5	23 18 19 72 65 } 89 24 } 32	3 1 3 11 1 } 2 1 } 2	83 41 58 378 128 42 170 35		2		60 23 39 306 81
Total	250	21	771	8		2	••••	521	253	22	765		2	••••	512
Republican plurality				·····				521						==	512
WASHINGTON CO.—5th dist. Addison	269 131 198 140 132 168	1 3 2 3	117 153 77 185 292 174	4 3 4 3 6 2			152 121 	22 45 160 6	269 135 203 139 141 168	3 2 4	108 150 77 179 290 174	2		161 126	15 40 149 6
Hartford, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. Jackson. Kewaskum. Kewaskum, village. Polk. Richfield. Schlessingerville. Trenton Wayne West Bend.	196 27 242 108	1 1 4 3 2 2 4 1	139 } 277 138 } 280 198 26 239 199 57 112 230 79	2 \ 6 \ 5 \ 4 \ \ \ 12 \ 10 \ 13 \ 4 \ 1 \ 3	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 2	17 130 21	134 174 107 134 3 30	80 } 147 103 84 46 117 208 29 252 110 101	2 \ \} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	138 } 277 139 } 280 196 24 239 194 60 104 225 79	1 2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 2	22 14 148	130 177 112 122 31
West Bend, city: 1st ward 2d ward	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 113 \\ 92 \end{array}\right] 205$	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}1\\4\end{array}\right\}$ 5	79 103 182	${5 \atop 1}$ 6	1 1		23		117 } 209	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\3 \end{vmatrix}$ 4	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 105 \end{array}\right\}$ 177			32	· · · · • • • •
Total	2,404	31	2,877	85	5	6	464	937 464	2,461	30	2,833	7	6	525	897 525
Republican plurality				<u></u>				473						<u></u>	372

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G				SIDENT,	1896.						Govern	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley,	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, 'Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
WAUKESHA CO.—5th dist. Brook field Delafield Eagle Genesce Lisbou Menomonee, 1st precinct. Mukwonago Muskego New Berlin Oconomowoc, city: 1st precinct 2d precinct Ottawa Pewaukee Summit Vernon Waukesha Waukesha Waukesha, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 6th ward 6th ward	134 159 110 127 156 } 293 174 80 100	5 6 6 5 12 14 7 8 11 7 5 6 2 2 5 11 1 9 4 9 6 6 9 4 4 3 31 2 9 162	247 324 160 249 250 363 { 282 248 195 162 195 243 } 453 210 } 453 168 331 227 267 179 170 184 195 168 331 1,041 150 237 5,411	5 11 2 2 18 2 2 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 2	33	24 190 1 139 123 140 108 95 84 212 92 122 161 181 114	233 144 157 107 137 137 } 298 137 } 176 88 100 188 1111 166 } 248 82 } 77 230 69 84 201 165 69 1111 3,282	6 6 6 6 14 14 14 14 14 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	321 161 245 250	2 : i} 1	; 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28	88 177 41 138 119 102 167 95 82 198 88 96 159 184 109
Republican plurality								2,216		<u></u>			·····		2,049

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WAUPACA Co.—8th dist. Bear Creek Caledonia Cintonville, city Dayton Dupont Embarrass, village Farmington Freemont Freemont Helvetia Iola Iola, village Larrabee Lebanon Lind Little Wolf Matteson Mukwa New London, city:	92 56 111 46 37 9 38 32 15 10 3 2 8 69 152 55 110 111 68	4 11 13 7 2 3 5 5 2 1 4 4 1 3 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	134 140 254 4210 272 477 66 54 92 11:8 22:1 99 201 81 206 321 137 112	1 3 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	1 4	2	71	42 84 143 164 235 38 369 34 39 82 110 229 91 132 	91 58 111 42 38 9 9 9 33 33 14 9 69 152 10 110 69	2 1 14 9 2 3 7 2 1 1 4 2 3 3 7 7 2 1 1 4 2 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	135 139 251 212 273 47 406 66 54 93 113 230 98 8 201 80 205 321 137 141	5 	·····ż	72	44 81 140 170 235 38 368 33 40 84 110 228 89 99 132
1st ward 2d ward 4th ward 5th ward Royalton Scandinavia Scandinavia, village St. Lawrence Union Waupaca Waupaca, city Weyauwega Weyauwega Weyauwega, village Wyoming	$\begin{bmatrix} 60 \\ 42 \\ 34 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 71 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 28 \\ 54 \\ 55 \\ 110 \\ 54 \\ 103 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix}$	2 7 7 4 4 3 1 2 7 15 4 18	78 78 8 18 18 69 191 264 71 261 188 174 559 72 102 65	2 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 6 2 6 1	2 2 2 2 2 1 3 14 1 2 2		 i	170 120 262 67 233 134 119 449 18	154 42 34 14 72 2 6 28 55 52 112 56 109 24	2 8 2 4 4 4 4 1 1 2 9 17 4 18	78 92 316 69 191 264 69 261 186 175 553 72 102 65	2 2 2 1 3 15 1		·····	162 119 262 63 233 131 123 441 1641
Total	1,577	129	5,472	65	32	3	72	3,967 72	1,593	139	5,456	32	3	79	3,942 79
Republican plurality							<u></u>	3,895						==	3,863
WAUSHARA Co 6th dist. Aurora Berlin, 2d ward, 2d prec. Bloomfield Coloma Dakota.	37 3 30 18 3	7 1 4 2 2	204 1 206 145 112	$\begin{bmatrix} \dots & 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$			2	167 176 127 109	37 3 30 18 4	7 1 4 2 2	204 1 206 146 113			 2 	167 176 128 109

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

			Pres	IDENT, 1	896.						Governo	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA Co.—Cont. Deerfield Hancock Leon Marion Mt. Morris Oasis Plainfield Plainfield, village Poysippi Richford Rose Saxville Springwater Warren Wautoma Total	12 24 37 32 11 34 11 23 38 6 6 6 39 16 57 19	18 4 4 177 5 5 102	134 232 186 127 170 158 255 150 204 93 173 152 144 121 243	2 1 3 2 1 3 1 2 1 5 	1 5 2 1 1			122 208 149 95 159 124 244 127 166 87 167 113 128 54 224	14 24 38 33 17 34 11 11 23 38 6 6 39 14 58 23	18 4 6 5 3 1 10 1 5 4 4 18 5 5	134 232 185 126 170 159 255 150 204 93 173 152 145 119 240	1 1 1 1			120 208 147 93 153 125 244 127 166 87 167 113 131 61 217
Popublican plumalitu			3,210 			······	2 	$ \begin{array}{r} 2,756 \\ 2 \\ \hline 2,754 \\ \hline \end{array} $	470	105	3, 207	4	····	2	2,739 2 2,737
VINNEBAGO Co.—6th dist. Algoma. Black Wolf. Clayton. Menasha. Menasha, city:	66 64 123 92	9 5 2 3	148 97 166 53	2 2 5)		1	39	82 33 43	66 68 122 92	9 5 2 3	148 95 164 53		1	39	85 27 42
2d ward	178 696 89 238 72	$\begin{bmatrix} 3\\4\\ \end{bmatrix}$ 7	119 509	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8\\1 \end{bmatrix}$		- 1	187	4	$\begin{bmatrix} 194 \\ 180 \\ 89 \\ 240 \end{bmatrix} 703$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\4\\ \end{bmatrix}$ 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 154 \\ 118 \\ 130 \\ 99 \end{bmatrix} 501 \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$ 2	202	•••••

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Neenah, city:	474 59 54 129 76	$\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} 26$ $\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 6 \\ 19 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	184	$ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 9 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} $	2 - 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\3 \end{bmatrix}$		233 111 130 355 113	100 59	83 60 53 29 83	$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 24 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 22 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	171 180 488 134	2 1 3 } 3	1 1 2 4		226 111 127 359 101
Oshkosh, city: 1st ward		2 3 2 12 12 16 4 80 3 7 11 1 1 8 11 7 5 9 9	241 264 263 203 3-6 429 220 338 253 281 210 358 131 210 351 85 344 230 168 234 148 188 105	2 5 3		1)	5	988 242 173 79 188 103 121 44			2 3 2 2 11 17 4 3 80 3 8 6 1 1 7 13 1 7 7 1 7 7 10 1 1	237 2255 201 298 2424 222 339 3,575 249 277 358 127 208 380 85 342 226 166 232 146 190 104	2	2 1	5	240 166 77 185 99 124 43
	5,089	211	7,900	103	16	19	231	3,042 231	5,	213	213	7,835	1 1	14	246	2,868 246
Republican plurality								2,811	 							2,622
Wood Co.—8th dist. Auburndale Auburndale, village	35 7	i	119 35					84 28		35 9	i	118 33			::::	83 24
Centralia, city: 1st ward	194 78	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 35\\103\\99 \end{array}\right\} 237\\127$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ 3				43 49	29 \ 91 \ 89 \	209 80	$\begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2	$ \begin{vmatrix} 34 \\ 96 \\ 96 \end{vmatrix} $ 226 124		,		17 44
Grand Rapids, city: 1st ward		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	56 106	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\3 \end{vmatrix}$					$\begin{bmatrix} 62 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix}$		$\left \begin{array}{c}2\\2\end{array}\right $	$\begin{bmatrix} 51\\101 \end{bmatrix}$		l		

PRE	SIDENTIA	L AND	GUBERNA	TORIA	L VOTE	, ву то	ws	S AND	ELECTION	DISTR	CICTS.—Co	atinued.			
			Pres	IDENT, 1	1896.						Govern	or, 1896.			
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Bryan, Dem,	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Hender- Son, Nat.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Wood Co.—Cont. Grand Rapids, city: 3d ward. 4th ward. Lincoln Marshfield, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. Milladore. Nekoosa, village. Pittsville, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. Remington. Richfield. Rock Rudolph. Saratoga.	32 j 70 87 123 59 86 457 60 42 91 43 11 5 8 68 55 13 29 102 26	4 } 9 1 } 9 2 1 2 2 3 4 4 } 7 1 } 3 2 2 3 1	70 } 319 87	1	1 2 4 1 1		34	148 32 56 70 57 48 43 43 69 22 37	45	5 \ 10 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1	66 304 305 306 306 307		3	35 58 11	111 29 54 67 56 47 43 71 19
Seneca Sherry Siegel Vesper. Wood	58 23 151 27 65	5	98 98 134 38 179	1	1	1 1	17	40 75 11 114	26 58 23 155 28 64	5	98 98 129 37 178	1	i 1	26 	4 7 11
Total	1,874	54	2,838	33	6	6	62	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1,952	52	2,766	6	. 6	130	944

VOTE ON AMENDMENT TO SECTION 1, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN,

By Counties.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Counties.	For.	Against.
	96	509	Marathon	581	845
dams	401	275	Marinette	518	459
Sarron	384	533	Marquette	$\frac{104}{8,135}$	6,945
Bayfield	191	62	Milwaukee	315	575
Brown	762	1,246	Monroe Oconto	279	310
Buffalo	291	459 332	Oneida	97	47
Burnett	38 299	5S6	Outagamie	1,007	758
Calumet	614	1,002	Ozaukee	351	649
hippewa	297	661	Pepin	100	498 740
ClarkColumbia	891	818	Pierce	344 189	609
rawford	270	506	Polk	385	1,25
Dane	1,675	1,583	Portage Price	142	208
Dodge	895	1,519 658	Racine	1,074	2,09
Door	160 570	384	Richland	413	1,09
Douglas	456	633	Rock	1,156	1,01
Dunn	539	830	St Croix	417	1,11
Eau Claire	46	64	Sauk	700 50	1,10
Florence Fond du Lac	1,144	1,494	Sawyer	247	79
Forest	33	15	Shawano	1,093	1,36
Frant	545	2,035	Sheboygan Taylor	224	31
Freen	384	1,070 362	Trempealeau	248	45
treen Lake	315 322	1,089	Vernou	394	1,04
lowa	54	1,003	Vilas	59	2
Iron	145	565	Walworth	661	1,00
Jackson	597	555	Washburn	33 449	1,56
Jefferson Juneau	457	600	Washington	881	1,50
Kenosha	272	394	Waukesha	467	40
Kewaunee	227	540	Waupaca Waushara	234	51
La Crosse	1,326	2,960	Winnebago	902	1,29
Lafavette	240 215	226	Wood	₹22	29
Langlade	000	138			
Lincoln	791	820	Total	38,736	56,49
Manitowoc	,	1	,		38,78
Majority against an					17,76

				1896.								1894.			
Counties.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Popula- tion, 1890.	George W. Peck, Dem.	D. Frank Powell, Peo.	John F. Cleghorn Pro.	Wm. H. Upham, Rep.	Dem. Piu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Brown Brown Brown Brown Brown Brown Brown Brown Barron Burnett Calumet Clark Clark Clark Columbia Douglas Douglas Douglas Douglas Douglas Douglas Douglas Brown Eau Claire Fond du Lac Forest Grant Green Green Lake Ivon Jackson Juckson Juckson Juckson Juckson Juceau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse Lafayette Langladb Langladb Lincoln	7, 532 17, 241 20, 122 12, 595 45, 623 16, 931 5, 892 17, 744 28, 727 21, 342 30, 868 17, 203 65, 6699 29, 986 25, 006 33, 172 2, 850 47, 436 1, 288 38, 372 23, 440 15, 939 23, 447 15, 338 16, 722 36, 317 18, 754 17, 642 43, 610 21, 488 11, 092 14, 765	397 1,784 1,328 776 1,302 3,870 1,302 3,870 2,498 5,1897 2,498 5,192 2,498 3,685 2,145 6,804 5,117 2,498 3,672 2,498 3,672 2,498 3,672 2,171 4,714 1,702 3,215 1,718 1,819 1,819	277 59 165 466 88 62 28 27 51 100 308 41 518 103 48 48 7 143 220 15 105 105 108 108 108 108 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	1, 427 2, 700 2, 765 2, 224 2, 303 3, 587 3, 299 4, 746 2, 307 8, 747 5, 573 2, 402 4, 113 3, 340 4, 447 4, 447 6, 089 6, 089 1, 280 1, 280 1, 280 2, 707 4, 275 2, 805 2, 805 2, 806 2, 801 3, 080 1, 280 2, 805 2, 806 2, 807 4, 746 4, 113 8,	4 4 4 1 1 32 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 5 5 2 2 3 3 4 4 2 2 6 4 4 1 1 6 3 3 7 7 4 4	15 5 13 16 12 5 2 8 4 8 5 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 4 2 2 3 8 5 1 1 2 3 3 1 4 2 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	358	1,030 9,1437 1,448 1,401 452 1,958 2,289 2,289 1,943 1,504 1,615 1,615 1,016 1	6, 889 20, 063 15, 416 7, 390 39, 164 15, 997 4, 393 16, 639 25, 143 17, 705 28, 350 15, 987 59, 578 44, 984 15, 682 13, 463 22, 664 44, 088 1, 012 26, 631 22, 732 15, 163 22, 117	332 1,525 776 3,464 1,170 38 1,526 2,082 2,472 1,283 2,472 1,414 5,886 6,084 2,976 113 4,618 263 3,187 1,695 1,448 2,153 4,461 4,618 4,618 4,618 4,618 4,618 4,618 4,618 4,787 1,782 1,787 1,782 1,767 1,767 2,081 1,134	29 210 436 115 138 138 547 134 246 111 412 113 55 796 601 282 64 151 338 70 183 77 183 77 183 183 70 183 71 183 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	18 114 209 137 173 48 49 39 122 122 313 17 774 167 53 216 197 253 24 277 264 86 345 8 100 211 21 98 98 51 219 185 29	1,129 1,722 1,924 1,514 3,516 602 1,025 2,624 2,361 1,910 2,	2,684 2,684 985	797 197 1, 335 738 117 606 564 1, 078 1, 990 1, 990 279 200 279 200 279 246 246 246 246 246 348 1, 261

			ar .	4 401	44.	12 +		406	37,831	3,473 (319 r	52 r	2,908	565	
Manitowoc	40,802	3,995	65 73	$\frac{4,401}{3,668}$	$\frac{11}{2}$	25	530		30, 369	3,272	220	67	3,046	226	
Marathon	36,598	4,198	76	4,358	5	-9		2,550	20,304	1,839	209	134	2,947		1,108
Marinette	27,271	1,808 840	23	1,475	11	,		635	9,676	868	29	31	1,290		422
Marquette	10,203		643	35,463	40	679		7,999	236, 101	15,384	9,478	798	23,629		8,245
Milwaukee	287,922	27,464	108	3,669	12	013		1,295	23,211	2,225	'iii	197	2,883		658
⊢ Monroe	26,350	$2,374 \ 1,253$	54	2,911	3	5		1,658	15,009	1,355	79	63	1,784		429
Oconto	18,339	604	30	1,405	•			801	5,010	601	170	37	1,182		581
Oneida	7,060 44,404	4,196	150	5,379	26	8		1,183	38,690	4,015	152	244	3,738	277	
Qutagamie	16,545	1,988	29	1,546	- ĭ l	10	442		14,943	1,912	110	12	886	1,026	
Qzankee	7,567	442	42	1,295	ī	- i l		853	6,932	412	29	44	988		576
Pepin	23,040	1,415	182	3,697	2	3		2,282	20,385	905	169	· 183 j	2,556		1,651
Pierce	16,117	7,886	65	2,848	ī	3		1,962	12,938	475	254	106	1,552		1,077
Polk	28,531	2,955	85	3,476	6	2		521	24,798	2,703	72	115	2,717		14
Portage Price	7,257	553	38	1,444	1	6		891	5,258	612	68	39	1,061		449
Racine	41,110	4,101	241	5,733	19	5		1,632	36, 268	2,870	1,540	270	4,332		1,462
Richland	19,619	2,088	138	2,635	1	2		547	19,121	1,438	177	213	2,392		954
Rock	48,414	3,657	292	8,224	4	10		4,567	43,220	3,445	188	457	6,507		3,062
St. Croix	25,870	2,479	187	3,424	4	6		945	23,139	2,006	212	289	2,755		749
Sauk	32,919	2,637	263	4,594	8	. 9		1,957	30,575	2,841	64	304	3,798		957
Sawyer	3,741	371	27	506				135	1,977	351	49 271	78	366		15
Shawano	22,573	1,604	55	3,019	.3	11		1,415	19,236	1,671		57	1,762		91
Sheboygan	48,396	3,426	88	6,543	18	313		3,117	42,489 6,731	3,637 769	1,070 153	106 32	4,459 1,052		822 283
Taylor	8,498	759	20	1,355	4	. 2		596 1,910	18,920	1,009	119	221	$\frac{1,052}{2,101}$		1,092
Trempealeau	21,963	1,390	161	3,300	6	5	• • • • • • • •	2,740	25,111	979	283	133	3,528		2,549
$\overline{ ext{Vernon}}$	27,035	1,638	94	4,378	4	3		272	20,111	649	47	24	721		72
Vilas	3,801	459	8	731	13	3		3,403	27,860	1,617	104	401	4,145		2,528
Walworth	29,162	1,889	348	5,292 765	10	2		512	2,926	348	60	15	551		203
Washburn	4,266	253	22 30	2,833	7	6		372	22,751	2,409	41	14	2,135	274	200
Washington.	24,077	2,461	177	5,331	3			2,049	33, 270	3,260	176	265	4,337		1,077
Waukesha	36, 562	3,282	139	5,456	32	3		3,863	26,794	1,755	69	265 285	3,909		2,154
Waupaca	30, 793	1,593 470	105	3,207	1 4			2,737	13,507	474	39	159	2,396		1,922
Waushara	15,355	5,213	213	7,835	11	14		2,622	50,097	3,964	1,056	372	6,536		2,572
Winnebago	$57,627 \\ 21,637$	1,952	52	2,766	6	- - 6		814	18,127	1,523	111	56	2,646		1,123
Wood	21,031			<u> </u>					1 202 000	440.050					
Total	1,937,915	169,257	8,140	264,981	407	1,306	1,504	97,228 1,504	1,686,880	142,250	25,604	11,240	196, 116	7,520	61,386 7,520
Total r	epublican	plurality	, 1896					95,724	Tot	al republi	can plura	lity, 1894.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	53,86 6
								·	11						1

Note.—Scattering votes: Clark county 2, Dane 6, Florence 1, Iowa 2, Jackson 1, Kenosha 1, Pierce 1, Vernon 2. Total, 16, not included in above.

				1896.				-	18	892.		***************************************				
Counties.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering Pro.	McKinl'y Kep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bent. Nat. (Sil.) Pro.	Match- ett. Soc. Labor.	Dem. Piu.	Rep. Plu.	Popula- tion, 1890.	Clevel'nd Dem	Harrison Rep.	Weaver Peo.	Bidw'll Pro.	Dem. Plu.	Rep.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Dau Claire Florence Forest Grant Green Green Green Lake Iowa Inon.	7,532 17,241 20,122 12,564 45,623 16,931 15,892 17,744 28,727 21,342 30,856 65,669 29,966 33,172 2,550 47,436 38,372 23,420 15,939 23,447 5,338	391 1,743 1,324 770 3,841 1,362 2,929 1,318 2,380 4,509 6,521 4,900 895 2,527 4,903 4,903 4,903 4,903 4,903 1,264 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156 4,903 4,156	27 60 155 59 88 61 28 28 28 28 410 120 49 96 96 131 186 157 188 158 158 61 174 26	1, 432 2, 738 2, 772 2, 244 5, 446 2, 301 3, 601 3, 328 4, 345 2, 323 9, 080 5, 610 2, 402 4, 522 4, 522 4, 522 4, 523 6, 174 4, 522 4, 523 6, 174 6, 174 6, 174 6, 174 1, 103 1, 103 1, 103 1, 103 1, 115 1, 128	166 266 277 133 699 511 44 277 355 399 108 244 1539 236 21 488 333 52 2 128 67 53 332 2 61	3 4 1 1 1 3 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 6 6	16 5 1 3 2 6 6 12 7 7 2 4 4 7 7 1 8 5 5 7 7 2 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	382	1, 041 1945 1, 448 1, 474 1, 595 999 451 672 2, 040 2, 465 814 2, 559 1, 507 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 747 1, 632 754 1, 632 754 1, 632 754 1, 632 754 1, 632 758 1, 816 1, 816	6, 889 20, 063 15, 416 7, 390 39, 164 15, 997 4, 393 16, 639 25, 143 17, 708 28, 350 15, 987 59, 578 44, 984 15, 682 13, 468 22, 664 30, 673 2, 604 44, 088 1, 012 36, 651 22, 732 15, 163 22, 1732	402 2, 436 767 1, 349 3, 653 1, 393 2, 550 1, 711 2, 957 1, 615 6, 833 6, 810 1, 007 2, 340 1, 337 2, 383 3, 685 2, 552 4, 810 228 8, 685 2, 052 1, 810 2, 336	972 2, 283 1, 818 1, 467 2, 855 1, 523 406 909 1, 975 2, 039 3, 314 2, 653 1, 556 2, 653 1, 556 2, 967 2, 169 2, 719 44, 129 223 4, 217 2, 329 1, 430 2, 329 2, 329 3, 329 4, 329 3, 329 4, 329 3, 329 4, 329	15 56 56 28 44 103 92 83 316 47 48 79 98 88 47 72 344 612 186 5 101 6 76 327 20 29	22 139 194 61 180 60 163 26 181 161 409 980 199 68 221 400 122 238 14 418 418 550 97 359	153 798 954 555 388 4,157 1,125 5	570 1,051 118 130 351 328 357 112 589 627 912 336 254 532 277
Jackson Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse	16,722 36,317 18,754 17,548 17,632 43,610	778 3,504 1,671 1,732 1,649 3,058	98 138 59 40 14 161	2,710 4,344 2,832 2,827 1,835 6,297	39 263 35 62 91 225	7 4 5 1 1 2	2 4 4 8 8		1,932 840 1,161 1,095 186 3,239	15,797 33,530 17,121 15,581 16,153 38,801	1, 160 4, 661 1, 978 1, 928 2, 046 3, 810	2,078 2,679 1,945 1,628 518 3,693	30 24 62 16 24 752	209 211 144 69 7 358	1,982 33 300 1,528 117	918
Lafayette Langlade Lincoln	21,488 11,092 14,765	$2,236 \ 956 \ 1,802$	114 23 44	$2,919 \\ 1,457 \\ 1,706$	59 38 21	$\begin{bmatrix} & 3 \\ \dots & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\4\\2\end{array}$	96	683 501	20, 265 9, 465 12, 008	2,286 1,289 1,443	2,366 844 997	82 17 398	209 48	445	80

Marathon Marinette Marquette Milwaukee Joconto Occonto Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Racine Racine Richland Rock St. Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempe leau Vernon Vilas Walworth Washington Washington Waukesha Waushara Waushara Waushara Wunnebago Wood	40, 802 36, 598 26, 598 10, 208 17, 202 18, 339 17, 030 18, 339 17, 030 14, 404 16, 545 17, 567 23, 040 19, 619 22, 573 14, 110 19, 619 22, 573 3, 801 22, 573 48, 398 27, 035 3, 801 22, 573 48, 398 27, 035 3, 801 22, 573 3, 801 22, 627 24, 077 36, 562 30, 793 31, 355 31, 355 37, 627 27, 637 27, 637	3, 919 3, 829 11, 867 26, 536 4, 096 11, 290 4, 094 13, 436 14, 947 436 14, 947 2, 890 3, 975 2, 611 369 1, 594 1, 594 1, 304 1, 304 1, 304 1, 427 443 1, 894 2, 404 3, 197 456 5, 085 1, 577 456 5, 087 1, 877 105, 523	62 70 82 70 103 103 103 103 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	4,430 3,958 4,277 1,476 35,939 3,683 2,836 1,453 5,433 1,535 1,301 3,724 2,861 3,537 1,448 8,282 3,462 4,623 4,623 4,623 4,623 4,623 4,623 4,623 7,71 2,877 5,411 2,877 5,411 5,472 3,210 7,547 5,472 3,210 7,547 5,472 3,210 7,547 5,472	164 87 29 920 520 520 525 35 31 106 62 219 9104 166 86 38 38 38 22 247 27 27 27 28 86 108 6108 62 27 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 1018 101	5 4 3 1 1 3	11 29 . 679 1 5	412	511 129 2,410 649 9,403 1,322 1,546 1,327 1,546 2,312 1,970 647 898 1,874 528 4,627 987 2,012 1,441 3,317 677 1,912 2,766 527 1,441 3,317 473 2,219 3,453 2,219 3,895 2,754 2,809 2,809 3,895 2,754 2,809 3,895 2,754 2,809 3,895 2,754 2,809 3,895 2,754 2,809 3,895 2,754 2,809 3,895 3,895 3,895 3,453 4,627 4,73 2,219 3,895 3,8	37, 831 30, 369 20, 304 9, 676 236, 101 23, 211 15, 009 5, 010 38, 690 14, 943 6, 932 20, 385 12, 968 24, 798 36, 268 36, 268 36, 268 19, 121 43, 220 23, 139 43, 220 23, 139 6, 731 1, 977 19, 236 6, 731 18, 920 25, 111 	4, 349 3, 791 1, 198 24, 607 2, 458 1, 499 1, 317 4, 545 2, 694 2, 570 3, 750 1, 210 2, 570 3, 750 1, 670 4, 231 2, 220 3, 139 3, 2, 249 1, 959 1, 837 24, 602 2, 530 1, 275 865 2, 315 2, 315 1, 477 2, 291 1, 099 3, 956 2, 194 46, 052 2, 467 3, 277 412 1, 3638 3, 638 3, 638 4, 170 3, 608 2, 194 4, 608 2, 60	58 108 262 7 1, 286 109 49 10 190 190 291 44 33 3506 294 121 121 134 150 6 27 32 38 382 79 16 8 89 47 47 48 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	29 71 192 513 192 513 42 193 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195	2,100 1,832 157 321 5 224 168 1,812 1,442 279 717 1,488 170 924 35	72 326 1,105 892 223 206 524 1,821 247 138 84	
Total 1,9		, ,							103,442		al democra	•		,	26, 082 19, 858 	19,858

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

From 1848 to 1896.

Note — Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates. Figures in left hand column denote the number of the election, from the first presidential election in 1789 to the twenty, eighth in 1896.

ELEC- TION.			Vote:	FOR CA	ANDIDAT	ES.	TOTAL VOTE.				
Number.	Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Popular.	Per cent. popular.	Majority.	Electoral.	Popular.	Increase popular.	Per cent. increase.	Electoral.	
16	1848	Zachary Taylor Lewis Cass	13,747 15,001	35.1 28.3	1,254*	4	39, 166			4	
17	1852	Martin Van Buren Franklin Pierce Winfield Scott	10,418 33,658 22,210	$ \begin{array}{r} 26.6 \\ 52.0 \\ 34.4 \end{array} $	2,604	1	61,712	25,546	65.2	<u>5</u>	
18	1856	John P. Hale James Buchanan John C. Fremont	8,814 52,843 66,090	13.6 44.2 55.3	12,668	5	119,512	54,800	84.7	5	
19	1860	Millard Filmore Abraham Lincoln John C. Breckinridge	579 86,113 888	56.6 .6	20,040	5		32,688	27.3	5	
20	1864	John Bell	161 65,021 83,458	$\begin{array}{c} .1 \\ 42.7 \\ 55.9 \end{array}$	17,574	8		2,838†		 ****	
21	1868	George B. McClellan. Ulysses S. Grant		$\frac{44.1}{56.2}$	24,150	8	193,564	44,222	29.6	····	
22	1872	Horatio Seymour Ulysses S. Grant Horace Greeley	84, 707 104, 997 86, 477	43.8 54.6 45.0	17,686	10		1,256†		··iö	
23	1876	Charles O'Conor Rutherford B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden	130 668	$\begin{array}{c} .4 \\ 51.0 \\ 48.4 \end{array}$		·i0	256, 1 3 1	63, 823	33.2	 10	
24	1880	G. C. Smith	1,509 27 $144,398$ $114,614$ $7,986$ 68	54.1 42.9 03.0		10	267, 182	11,051	4.3	10	
25	1884	Grover Cleveland	146, 477 161, 157		2,426	ii	319, 888	52,706	16.5	ii	
26	1888	J. P. St. John. Benj. F. Butler. Benjamin Harrison. Grover Cleveland. Clinton B. Fisk.	176,553 155-232	01.4 49.7 43.7 01.2	21,231*	ii	354,614	34,726	10.8†	11	
27	1892	A. J. Streeter	$\begin{bmatrix} 8,552 \\ 177 & 325 \end{bmatrix}$	02.4 47.7 46.0	6,224	12	371,581	16,967	4.8	12	
28	1896	John M Palmar	13, 136 268, 135 165, 523 7, 507 4, 584	02.7 03.6 59.9 36.9 1.6 1.0	i02,612	12	447, 409		16.9	12	
		Charles H. Matchett. Charles E. Bentley	1,314 346	0.2							

^{*}Plurality.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE,

BY DISTRICTS, COUNTIES AND PRECINCTS, 1896.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Jeremi Maho De	oney,	George Whi Pr	te,	Henry Coor Re	er,	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN COUNTY— Adams. Albany. Brooklyn. Brodhead, 1st ward. Cadiz. Clarno. Decatur Exeter Jefferson Jordan Monroe.	73 } 90 }	113 86 98 163 163 177 50 88 94 113 105	91	35 4 13 7 4 5 7 13 4 3	125 \ 140 \	80 235 192 265 149 121 116 112 187 89 91	33 14 56 24 14	149 94 102 66 24 93
Monroe, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Mt. Pleasant New Glarus Spring Grove Sylvester Washington York	78 97 141 103	93 75 88 54 109 26	4 2 8 5	19 9 6 10 8 1 6	149 106 135 143	533 201 152 165 155 73 171	36	114 108 77 77 101
Total		2,114		154		3,087	177	1,150 177
Republican plurality				• • • • • •				973
KENOSHA COUNTY— Brighton Bristol Kenosha, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 2d ward 3d ward	143 112 287 204	114 59 919	2 2 2 2 1	4 3	183 208 195 406	101 228 1,237	13	169 318
ag ward 4th ward Paris. Pleasant Prairie Randall Salem Somers. Wheatland	173	107 108 34 144 112 91		2 7 2 17 1	245	101 289 144 339 292 102	6	181 110 195 180 11
Total		1,688		43		2,833	19	1,164 19
Republican plurality				<u></u>	<u> </u>			1,145
LAFAYETTE COUNTY— Argyle	198 }	108 145 129 79 335	0.3	8 2 23	919.)	252 175 206 177 372		144 30 77 98

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Mah	niah L. oney, em.	J Wł	ge W nite, ro.	Co	y Allen ooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—Continued. Elk Grove Fayette Gratiot Kendall Lamont Monticello. New Diggings Seymour Shullsburg Wayne White Oak Springs Willow Springs. Willow Springs.		76 99 198 109 37 35 110 123 262 73 25 157 115		3 13 7 1 5 2 8 2 5 5 1 14 11		106 106 211 53 77 37 188 86 282 202 266 62 250	56 37 95	30 7 13
Total		2,215		113		2,908	188	881 188
Republican plurality		· · · · · · ·						693
Racine County— Racine, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward, north precinct south precinct 4th ward, east precinct. 5th ward, north precinct 5th ward, north precinct 6th ward, north precinct south precinct 7th ward, west precinct Burlington, 1st precinct 2d precinct Caledonia Dover Mt. Pleasant Norway Raymond Rochester Waterford Yorkville	133) 95 123 128 189 167 250 247 193 264 212 138 165 214 143	2,176 357 284 111 196 33 63 53 134 42	1) 1165 554 77 12 12 17 2 55 119 119	20 12 12 20 2 11 8 13 35	209 412 293 212 169 166 408 475 410 315 251 119 251 139	3,439 368 308 124 362 191 298 130 262 311		1,263 11 24 13 166 158 235 77 128 269
Total		3,449		217		5,793		2,344
Republican plurality				····				2,344
ROCK COUNTY— Avon. Beloit. Bradford. Center. Clinton. Fulton. Harmony Janesville. Johnstown. La Prairie. Lima. Magnolia Milton, 1st precinct. Newark. Plymouth. Porter Rock. Spring Valley. Turtle. Union.	82 } 73 }	58 53 69 49 61 130 122 88 102 58 101 155 26 87 113 100 55 61 68	13 } 23 }	411547748829775736649	202 } 262 }	132 121 123 208 197 223 144 141 131 130 199 165 464 214 252 192 140 271 218		74 68 54 159 136 93 22 23 29 68 141 64 309 188 165 79 40 216 157

ELECTION STATISTICS.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Jeremi Maho De	ney,	George Whi Pro	te,	Henry Coop - Re	per,	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK COUNTY—Continued. Clinton, village Beloit, city:		74	0.	12	97.13	165		91
1st ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 82 \\ 70 \\ 144 \end{bmatrix}$	399	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 21 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	45	274) 359 } 563 }	1,637		1,238
4th ward Edgerton Evansville	103]	140 83	14)	15 23	441)	306 406		166 3 23
Janesville, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 2d ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 3d ward, 1st precinct 4th ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 5th ward.	87 76 71 122 99 76 176 203 256	1,166	: 1 1 4 6 5 6 3	26	163 315 122 189 284 218 174 239 177	1,881		715
Total		3,480		252		8,238		4,758
Republican plurality		<u></u>	<u></u>					4,758
WALWORTH COUNTY— Bloomfield Darien	84)	72 98	13)	7 16	337)	236 250		164 152 379
Delavan, 1st district 2d district East Troy. Elkhorn	84 } 111 }	195 110 110	13 }	24 11 32	337 \ 237 \	574 276 293		166 183
Geneva. Lafayette La Grange		78 [96 38		<u>21</u> 9		$164 \\ 172 \\ 207$		86 76 169
Lake Geneva: 1st ward 2d ward	51 \ 42 \ 47 \	140	13 }	25	151 126 202	479		339
3rd ward Linn Lyons Richmond		63 94 63 105		10 19 3 33	202)	181 212 158 431		118 118 95 326
Sharon Spring Prairie Sugar Creek Troy		33 60 80 57		14 27 7 16		272 168 159 345		239 108 79 288
Walworth. Whitewater. Whitewater, city: 1st ward.	69)	57	10)	5		171		114
2d ward 3rd ward	$\cdot \mid \mathcal{H} \cdot $	228	10 } 6 10 }	26	199)	628	_	400
Total	·	1,777		305		5,376		3,599
Republican plurality	.		· <u> </u> ·····		.	•••••	.	3,599

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Jeremiah L. Ma- honey, Dem.	George W. White, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	Mahoney, Plu.	Cooper, Plu.
Green Kenosha Lafayette Racine Rock Walworth Totals	5,355 4,564 5,236 9,459 11,970 7,458	2,114 1,688 2,215 3,449 3,480 1,777	154 43 113 217 252 305 1,084	3,087 2,833 2,908 5,793 8,238 5,376 28,235		973 1,145 693 2,344 4,758 3,599
Cooper's plurality		••••••		•••••	•••••	13,512

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Socialist Labor.
Green Kenosha* Lafayette Racine Rock Walworth Totals	2, 331 1, 750 2, 265 4, 101 3, 657 1, 889	193 53 119 241 292 348 1,246	3,054 2,806 2,910 5,733 8,224 5,292	4 19 4 13	11 5 1 5 10 3

^{*} Kenosha county cast 1 vote for Ed. S. Bragg for governor, not included in above.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ro	iam H. gers, em.	Jes Mey Pi	ers,	Sau heri		Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
COLUMBIA COUNTY— Arlington		60 97 67		13 12 6		121 158 125		61 61 58
1st ward 2d ward	$\frac{42}{50}$	1 49	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\7\\5 \end{bmatrix}$	17	$146 \} 104 \} 127 $	377		228
3d ward	57)	61 85	a)	$\frac{22}{2}$	127)	288 121		227 36
Dekorra Fort Winnebago Fountain Prairie		87 109		1 9		81 231	6	122
HampdenLeeds		98 84 43		12 12		114 148 167		16 64 124
Lewiston Lodi Lowville Marcellon		104 78		22 12		348 96		244 18
Marcellon Newport		82 164		5 22 12 7 7		129 236		47 72
Newport. Otsego. Pacific. Portage, city:		83 20		4		193 39		110 19
1st ward	69 92 61 138	492	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \\ 2 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$	20	81) 135 179 } 189	808		316
4th Ward 5th ward Poynette, village Randolph Randolph, village—west ward. Rio, village	132]	52 77	9)	17 12	224 j	81 155		29 78
Randolph, village—west ward Rio, village		18		17 17		41 80		39 62
Scott Springvale West Point Wyocena		83 41 71		19 7		119 123 128		36 82 57
		125		22		283		158
Total		2,432		283		4,790	6	2,364
Republican plurality	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>			2,358
DANE COUNTY — Albion		62		20		347	,	285
Belleville, villageBerry		26 141		20 2 1		66 87	54	40
Blooming GroveBlue Mounds		59 148 117		29 7 3	 	123 129 297	19	64 180
Bristol Burke		160 105		37		107 207	53	102
Christiana, 1st precinct	56 } 89 }	145 128	6 } 5 }	11 4	257 } 181 }	438 196		293 68
Cottage Grove		212 140		4 8		67 119	145 21	
Deerfield Deerfield, village Dunkirk		113 26		11		158 93		45 67
Dunn		109 91 159		19 8 9		236 197 104	55	127 106
Madison	110	119	100	14	900	200		81
1st ward, 1st precinct	331 204		16 9 14		293 1117 348		/	. .
4th ward. 1st precinct	165	- 2,094	3 6 7	96	203 214 185	2,093	1	
2d precinct	179 183 140		18		135 177			
6th ward	287		9 7		143 278		1	1 .

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

								
Counties, Towns, Cities and Llection Districts.	Willia Rog De	ers,	Me	esse yers, Pro.	Sa her	ward uer- ring, ep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE COUNTY — Continued. Mazomanie Medina Middleton Montrose Oregon Perry Primrose Pleasant Springs. Roxbury Rutland Springdale Springfield Stoughton, city: 1st ward		121 142 257 150 171 60 38 58 158 69 96		17 13 6 2 19 5 5 15 		222 195 137 97 238 166 146 268 39 267 154	120 53 119	101 53
2d ward Sun Prairie Sun Prairie, Sun Prairie, village Vienna Verona Vermont Waunakee, village Westport Windsor York	51 } 68 }	119 129 75 48 145 79 64 164 94, 93	17 13 }	30 4 5 3 25 8 1 20 3	228 } 317 }	545 116 128 206 85 135 35 86 286 117	13 60 29 78	53 158
Total		6,681		461		8,979	970	3,268
		===				<u> </u>	====	2,298
DODGE COUNTY Ashippun Be iver Dam, city: 1st ward	151)	87		- 5	40)	227	••••	140
1st ward	177 107 170	605	16 6	.22	129 192 160	\$ 521	84	
Beaver Dam Burnett Calamus Cnester Clyman Elba Emmet Fox Lake Fox Lake, village Herman Hubbard, 1st precinct 2d precinct Hustisford Juneau, city:	172 } 93 }	177 88 100 73 169 120 153 55 119 118 265	2}	2 12 3 3 11 5 10 2	192 } 179 }	141 160 109 101 102 131 130 144 130 179 371	36 67 23	72 9 28 11
1st ward 2d ward Lebanon Leroy Lomira Lowell Lowell, city:	73 \ 83 }	156 130 106 165 200 37	.;}	3 2 31 5 2 2	30 } 40 }	70 167 218 283 195 52	86 5	37 112 118
Lowell, village Mayville, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Oak Grove Portland Randolph, east ward Reeseville, village Rubicon Shields Theresa Trenton	16 \ 26 \ 73 \}	202 142 31 46 178 154 162 134	1 1	2 3 2 5 2	88 \ 41 \ 117 \	246 180 105 99 54 231 54 251 224	22 37	131 68 8 53 89 90

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

p contract to the contract to								
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Ros	am H. gers, em.	Jes Mey Pr		Sau	vard ner- ring,	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Dodge County.—Continued. Watertown, city: 5th ward	124 } 138 }	262 107 137 48 4,799	1 }	1 1 2 1	81 \ 174 \	255 272 68 177 5,845	7 69 536	165 129 1,582 536
Republican plurality	<u></u>			<u></u>		<u></u>		-1,046
Jefferson County— Aztalan Cold Springs Concord Farmington Hebron Ixonia Jefferson, 1st precinct 2d precinct	170) 88)	164 41 130 278 84 132 258	2 }	7 3 7 6 4	92 \ 33 }	132 110 136 145 150 190	32 133 133	69 6 66 58
Jefferson, city: 1st ward	116	419	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \cdot \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	3	80 56 49 21	206	213	
Koskkonong, 1st precinct 2d precinct 3d precinct	135) 126 }	462	20 \ 2 \ 16 \	ւ 38՝	210)	646	ļ	184
Lake Mills. Milford. Oakland. Palmyra. Sullivan Sumner. Waterloo Watertoo, village. Watertown	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	114 106 116 63 114 40 136 158		13 3 26 8 3 5 3		440 170 187 298 224 77 80 125 193	56 33	326 64 71 235 110 37
Watertown, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 7th ward		134 145 106 88 110	 	1 1 3		339 169 125 51 79	37 31	205 24 19
Total		3,568		140		4,397	668	1,497 668
Republican plurality			.		ļ		.]	829

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	William H. Rogers, Dem.	Jesse' Meyers, Pro.	Edward Sauerher- ring, Rep.	Rogers' Plu.	Sauer- herring's Plu.
Columbia	8,105	2,432 6,631 4,799 3,568	283 461 141 140	4,790 8,979 5,845 4,297		. 2,358 2,298 1,046 829
Totals Sauerherring's	42,516	17,480	1,025	24,011		6,531
plurality					•••••	6,531

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

. (GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties,	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Columbia Dane* Dodge Jefierson Totals	2,457 6,504 5,019 3,672 17,952	308 518 108 150 1,084	4,746 8,747 5,573 4,275 23,341	12 15 9 3	5 8 4 3

^{*} Dane county cast 4 votes for Robert M. LaFollette, 1 vote for Theo. Stenjem and 1 vote for J. R. Henderson for governor, not included in above.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams County— Adams Big Flats Colburn Dell Prairie Easton Jackson Leola Lincoln Monroe New Chester New Haven Preston Quincy Richfield Rome. Springville Strong's Prairie	29 111 8 34 221 14 3 228 8 15 64 17 31 111 118 30 19	86 56 62 95 83 108 56 61 12 68 123 24 62 49 68 93 221		57 45 54 61 62 94 53 38 104 53 59 7 7 31 38 63 202
Total	361	1,432		1,071 1,071
CRAWFORD COUNTY— Bridgeport. Clayton Eastman Freeman Haney Lynxville, village Marietta Prairie du Chien	30 157 183 63 59 17 73	40 292 148 316 133 61 179 47	35	10 135 253 74 44 106
Prairie du Chien, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Scott. Seneca. Soldiers' Grove, village Utica Wauzeka. Wauzeka, village	64 130 119 33 106 177 26 71 39 20	52 109 128 40 329 102 103 102 103 285 79 82	17 75	17 77 214 40 62
Total Republican plurality	1,443	2,319	156	1,032 156 876
GRANT COUNTY— Beetown Bloomington Boscobel Cassyille Castle Rock Clifton Ellenboro Fennimore Glon Haven Harrison Harrison Hard Green Hickory Grove Jamestown Lancaster, 1st district 2d district Liberty Lima Little Grant Marion Millville Mt. Hope	137 101 137 198 121 47 33 114 87 67 163 43 162 127 287 101 62 38 66 67 7 63	135 165 277 171 48 168 157 285 183 140 123 44 345 } 635 163 92 55 48 111	2 27 73 23 118	64 140 121 124 171 48 96 80 348 14 101 54

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	D	red J. avis, em.	Bab	oh W. cock, ep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT COUNTY—Continued. Mt. Ida Muscoda Paris Patch Grove Platceville, 1st district 2d district Smelser, 1st district 2d district Waterloo Watertown Wingville Woodman Wyalusing	137 191 58 (69)	74 -188 97 92 328 272 127 93 46 102 75 64	338 } 326 } 134 } 80 }	113 97 84 64 664 203 214 150 58 227 . 0	91 13 28 69	39 336 87 57 12 125
Total		3,592		5,314	480	2,202 480
Republican plurality						1,722
IOWA COUNTY — Arena Brigham Clyde Dodgeville Dodgeville, city Eden Highland, 1st district 2d district Linden Mifflin Mineral Point Mineral Point Mireral Point	1	153 111 107 147 145 101 331 93 86 100	76 } 87 }	193 225 62 237 312 125 163 341 269 161	168	40 114 90 167 21 248 183 61
lst ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Moscow Pulaski Ridgoway Waldwick Wyoming	59 51 52 67	- 229 65 166 151 98 66	111 147 61 96	415 205 118 104 99 95	48 47	186 140 1 29
Total		2,152	:	3,124	308	1,280 308
Republican plurality			·····	••••		972
JUNEAU COUNTY— Armenia. Clearfield. Cranberry Center Fountain. Germantown. Kildare. Kingston Lemonweir. Lindina Lisbon Lyndon. Marion Necdah Orange Plymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit. Wonewoc. Elroy, city: 1st ward	71 } 67 {	25 31 21 48 47 92 20 98 118 25 69 39 76 82 76 129 99 135	105 } 133 }	89 49 28 140 44 177 154 177 154 177 154 151 52 121 192	28	64 18 7 92 24 79 36 72 22 291 52 75
2d ward	67 ∫	100	133 }	400]	•••••	100

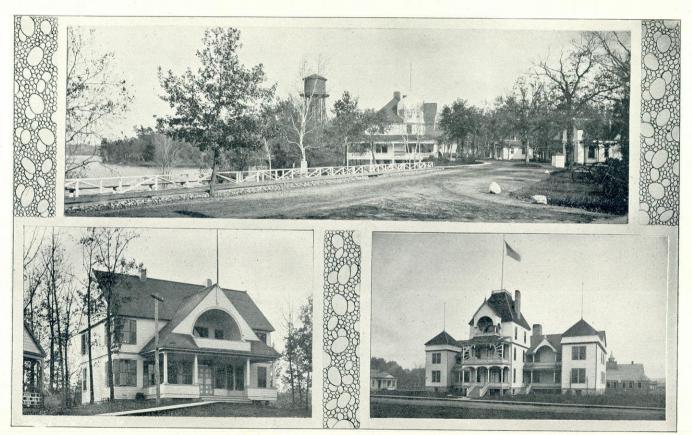
THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Da	ed J. vis, em.	Joseph Babce Re	ock,	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU COUNTY—Continued. Mauston, city: 1st ward	47 } 76 \$	123	112) 154 }	266		143
2d ward	1					
1st ward	43 \ 26 \	69	88 l 110 }	198		129
Wonewoc, village	,	74		127		53
Total		1,634	2	,842	108	1,316 108
Republican plurality						1,208
RICHLAND COUNTY—				140		
Akan		114 109		112 183	2	7,
BloomBuena Vista		107		100	7	
Dayton		133		136		3
EagleForest		114 99		139 180		25 81
Henrietta		155		110	45	
Tthics		174		153	21	
Lone Rock		$\frac{44}{63}$		$\frac{58}{164}$		14 101
Marshall		82		101		19
Orion		78		125		47
Richland Center, city:						
1st ward	48 91 57	196	148) 134) 134)	416		220
2d ward	57	190	134	410		220
	"' /	123	101)	192		69
Rockbridge	ì	129		122	7	
Rockwood Rockbridge Sylvan Westford		$\frac{114}{172}$		120 82	90	6
WestfordWillow		101		149		45
WIIIOW						
Total		2,110	2	2,642	172	704 172
Republican plurality						532
100pax=10== p=================================						===
SAUK COUNTY-		05		51		16
Ableman, village		35		51		10
Baraboo, city: 1st ward	88)	385)			1
1st ward 2d ward 3d ward	133 109	330	338 237	960		630
3d ward	109	56	231).	241		185
Baraboo		143		82	61	
Bear Creek		70		70	ļ	
Delton	1	44		164		120
Excelsior Fairfield	. 1	$\frac{69}{34}$		129 117		60
Fairneid Franklin		159		71	88	}
Freedom	. 1 .	48		111		63
Greenfield	.	46		132 139		86 79
Honey Creek	1	60 86		139 194		108
Ironton La Valle La Valle, village	i	106		140		34
La Valle, village	.	21		58		37
Merrimac North Freedom, village		72 16	1	125 59		53 43
Prairie du Sac		57	1	50	7	1
Prairie du Sac, village	.	44		113		69
Reedsburg	.	114	1	129		. 15
Reedsburg, city:	99)	172)	0.4-	١.	
1st ward		} 200	1111)	343		143
Spring Green		124	, ,	193		.) 69
The state of the s	• •					

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK COUNTY—Continued. Sumpter. Sauk City Troy Washington Westfield Winfield Woodland Total	81 41 100 149 122 98	121 91 197 139 119 97 188	30 25	92 10 156 39 90 2,280
Republican plurality				2,069
Vernon County— Bergen Christiana Clinton Coon Forest Franklin Genoa Geenwood Hamburg Harmony Hillsboro Jefferson Kickapoo Liberty Stark Sterling Union Viroqua Webster Wheatland Whitestown Hillsboro, village Unity, village Unity, village Viroqua, city; Ist ward 2d ward 3d ward	53 19 42 12 32 83 103 79 43 44 59 107 59 41 48 65 60 76 46 39 61 44 22 22 41 95	188 251 189 283 196 206 116 112 195 181 161 1208 194 119 167 200 100 288 184 186 130 101 93		135 232 147 271 164 123 13 13 152 147 102 101 135 78 119 135 40 212 138 147 9 9 9 7 71
Total	1,322	4,395		3,073
Republican plurality				8,073





HENRY GUGLER CO., ML. WAUKEE.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total Vote.	Alfred J. Davis, Dem.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Davis' Plu.	Babcock's Plu.
Adams Crawford Grant Iowa* Juneau Richland Sauk Vernon. Totals Babcock's plurality.	1,793 3,762 8,906 5,276 4,476 4,752 7,177 5,717	361 1,443 3,592 2,152 1,634 2,110 2,554 1,322 15,168	1, 432 2, 319 5, 314 3, 124 2, 842 4, 623 4, 395 26, 691		1,07 87 1,72 97 1,20 53 2,06 3,07 11,52

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.
Adams Crawford Grant Iowa* Juneau Richland Sauk Vernon Totals	3,685 2,145 1,714 2,088 2,637 1,638	27 41 205 196 64 138 263 94	1, 427 2, 307 5, 281 3, 080 2, 805 2, 635 4, 594 4, 378 26, 507	2 6 9 7 1 8 .4	2 2 3 2 2 8 2 9 3

^{*} For member of congress, Iowa county cast 1 vote for Orvette Strong and 1 vote for F. Cody; for governor, 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette, and 1 vote for Ed. S. Bragg. Vernon county cast 2 votes for Robert M. La Follette; not included in above.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Robert Schilling, Dem.	Robert May, Pro.	Theobald Otjen, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY — Milwaukee, city: Ist ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward 8th ward 11th ward 11th ward 12th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 15th ward 16th ward 17th ward 18th ward 18th ward	905 1,259 1,139 1,228 551 1,378 1,480 20,093 1,436 2,494 799 655 693 1,487 1,124	43 24 24 24 1 12 10	1, 297 1, 455 455 1, 434 1, 374 1, 714 1, 716 1, 322 2, 230 1, 861 1, 967 1, 108 522 1, 701 1, 461 1, 461 1, 422 1, 102 1, 689		3,756
Greenfield Lake, including Cudahy Oak Creek South Milwaukee Franklin	332 433 165 242 164	13 11 2 1	663 635 200 345 204		331 202 35 103 40
Total Otjen's plurality	21, 429	433	25,896		4,467

Note.—In this district Silverthorn received 22,117 votes; Berkey 467 votes; Scofield 25,374 votes; Henderson 23 votes; Tuttrop 447 votes, for governor.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Winans, Dem.	Henry Mensing, Soc. Lab.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY— Milwaukee, city: 10th ward. 13th ward. 20th ward. 21st ward. Wauwatosa, including village. Granville. Milwaukee Whitefish Bay. Total.	1,320 1,333 1,333 739 1,4,122 739 943 227 152 152 12 5,456	54 50 70 35 11 3 9	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,906 \\ 1,733 \\ 1,663 \\ 1,029 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 6,331 \\ 2,855 \\ 341 \\ 546 \\ 84 \\ \\ 10,157 \end{array} $		2,209 1,912 114 394 72 4,701
Republican plurality				====	4,701
OZAUKEE COUNTY— Belgium Cedarburg Cedarburg, city Fredonia Grafton Grafton Grafton Of Descriptio	254 170 159 243 85 60 217 143 402 226	1 2 4 2 2	67 155 194 114 118 65 374 77 285 119	187 15 129 66 117 107	35 33 5 157
Total	1,959	11	. 1,568	621 230	230
Democratic plurality				391	
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY— Elkhart Lake, village. Greenbush. Herman. Holland, 1st precinet. 2d precinet. Lima Lyndon. Mitchell. Mosel. Plymouth.	102 \ 103 \ 103 \ 7 \ 103 \ 104 \ 105 \ 7 \ 103 \ 105 \ 105 \ 7 \ 105 \ 105 \ 7 \ 105 \ 105 \ 7 \ 105 \ 105 \ 7 \ 105 \	1	50 263 251 383 \ 586 203 \ 321 372 113 136 241	38	144 110 477 209 300 101 167
Plymouth, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. Rhine. Russell. Scott. Sherman. Sheboygan Falls. Sleboygan Falls.	103 } 160 57 \$ 146 77 71 156 111 159 205	10 1	227 } 366 139 } 366 137 34 257 209 195 191 126	9 43 79	206 186 53 84 32
Sheboygan, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 7th ward 7th ward 2d precinct 2d precinct	163 151 105 144 133 131 198 169 201	21 10 11 77 87 23 22 18 25	437 327 208 372 302 302 242 217 291 202		1,200
Wilson	56	1	154		98
	3,410	307	6,600	180	3,370
Total	3,220				180

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Rep. Plu.
Addison 267 112 155 Parton 132 153 153 Ein 201 80 121	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Total	937 444
Republican plurality	493
Watkesha County Brookfield 217 246 247 248	29 187 6 138 133 147 100 167 95 205 94 107 155 186 109
Total	2,158
Republican plurality	$\frac{30}{2,128}$

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	George W. Winans, Dem.	Henry Mensing, Soc.Labor.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	Winans' Plu.	Barney's Plu.
Milwaukee (part) Ozaukee Sheboygan Washington Waukesha Totals	15, 845 3, 538 10, 317 5, 341 8, 621 43, 662	5, 456 1, 959 3, 410 2, 422 3, 245 16, 492	232 11 307 4 3 557	10, 157 1, 568 6, 600 2, 915 5, 373 26, 613	391	4,701 3,190 493 2,128 10,512 391
Barney's plurality				:		10, 121

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Milwaukee (part) Ozaukee Sheboygan Washington Waukesha Totals.	5,547 1,988 3,426 2,461 3,282	176 29 88 30 177 500	10,089 1,546 6,543 2,833 5,331 26,342	17 1 18 7 3 46	232 10 313 6 2 563

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Gruei	liam F. newald em.	, Tho	mes S. mpsor Pro.	ı, Dav	nes H. vidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CALUMET COUNTY— Brillion. Brillion, village Brothertown Charlestown Chilton, city Harrison New Holstein Rantoul Stockbridge Woodville Total		83 72 197 148 182 188 268 166 160 241 193		1 5 2 1 2 4 10 1		232 112 88 135 77 142 105 219 201 162 70	109 13 105 46 163 79 123	. 149 40
Democratic plurality		1,898		26		1,543	638 283 355	283
Fond Du Lac County— Alto	247 225 230 97 116 188	68 212 137 166 265 167 132 114 131 152 95 126 356 117 116 113 63 63 69 118 234 78	4 10 1 3 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 6 6 8 8 3 3 3 1 1 4 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 7 7 5 3 3 8 8	290 297 294 210 105 99 131 235	216 197 198 182 48 199 140 177 133 121 201 41 325 233 188 239 162 208	15 217 19 315 172	148
Ripon, city 1st ward 2d ward 3rd ward 4th ward Ward Ward	$egin{array}{c} 61 \ 43 \ 44 \ 44 \ \end{array} \Big\}$	192 156	$\left. egin{array}{c} 4 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ 14 \end{array} \right\}$	30	$123 \ 174 \ 160 \ 161 \$	623 177		431
Total		4,924		165		6,148	738	1,962
Republican plurality								738 1,224
3d ward	80 106 84 90 104	464	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\4\\ \end{bmatrix}$	9	$\begin{bmatrix} 110 \\ 125 \\ 136 \\ 92 \\ 107 \end{bmatrix}$	570		106 100
BrooklynGreen Lake		69 94		$\begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$		$\frac{253}{217}$		184 123

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.		am F. ewald. em.	Jame Thom Pr	pson,	Jame Davi Re	es H. dson, op.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN LAKE CO.—Continued. Kingston		108 161 123 89 274 66 74		16 10 2 1 3 2		95 203 120 92 264 72 72	13 3 10 2	3 6
Total		1,569		62		2,105	28	564 28
Republican plurality		.:				<u></u>		536
Manitowoc County— Cato Centerville Cooperstown Eaton Franklin , Gibson Kossuth Liberty Manitowoc		149 104 134 146 154 130 149 84		6 2 1 1 5 2 3 2 2		240 185 142 136 198 161 198 229 100	10	91 81 8 4 31 49 145 61
Manitowoc, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward.	171 49 196 101 106 36 193	852	1 2 4 3 2 2 1	15 4	246 221 259 318 116 85 39	1,284 213		432
Oth ward Manitowoc Rapids Maple Grove Meeme Mishicott Newton Rockland Schleswig Two Creeks Two Rivers		137 165 181 241 148 62 180 106 172		4 1 6 1		114 118 84 217 176 112 46 70	51 63 157 68 60 102	69 114
Two Rivers, city: 1st ward 2d ward		485	$\frac{1}{1}$	5	58 109 76	243	242	
3d ward Reedsville, village Kiel, village	. 63)	68 117		1	. 10)	55 85	13 32	
Total		4,003		63		4,406	798	1,201 798
Republican plurality					: :		<u> </u>	403
MARQUETTE COUNTY— Buffalo Crystal Lake Douglas Harris Montello Mecan Moundville Newton Neshkoro Oxford Packwaukee Springfield Westfield		888 16 50 344 188 78 15 43 87 16 55 24 60				93 98 80 93 154 43 102 85 54 135 137 95 105 210	33	. 119 . 85 . 42 . 83 . 144
Total	••	808	3			1,484	102	102
Republican plurality			<u>:: </u>		<u> </u>		=	$= = = \frac{676}{}$

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	Willia Gruene Den	wald.	Tho	mes 8 mpso Pro.		mes H. ividson Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA COUNTY-					-		-	_
Aurora	.	36	1		3	200	,	. 170
Bloomfold	-	3			í	1	1 2	
Coloma	1	30	1	4	<u> </u>	200	3	. 176
Dakota Deerfield	:1	18 3	1	2	5	148 118		. 127
Deerfield		14		4	í l	134		110
Hancock Leon	•	24				232	1	208
Marion	i	38 33		5 3 1		185		. 147
Mt. Morris	. [13		1	١,	125 170		. 92
Oasis Plainfield		35		11	. [*	159		157
PlainfieldPlainfield, village	ı	11		1		255		244
Poysippi		21 38		4		153 204		. 132
Richford		6	••••	*	.	93		166
Rose		6		18		173		167
Saxville Springwater	,	39 14		4	í	153	 	114
Warren	ļ	58		18 5	1	145 120		131
Wautoma	l	14		5	1	243		62 229
Total		454		94	-			
		101		94		3,215	2	2,763
. Republican plurality	·····			• • • • • •		••••••		2,761
Winnebago County—								
Algoma Black Wolf		67		8		149		82
Clayton.		$\begin{array}{c c} 74 \\ 122 \end{array}$		5 2 3	l	89		15
Menasha		92		2	i	163		41
Menasha Neenah		71		í	1	53 76	39	5
Nekimi. Nepeuskun.		65		10		165	::::::	100
Oshkosh		51 85		8 2	ĺ	182		131
Omro		133		22 22		182		97
Poygan. Rushford.		90 .				481 85	5	348
Utica]	102		11		343		241
Vinland		59 89		7		230		171
Winchester		48		17		166 231		77
Winneconne		46		6		143		183 97
Winneconne, village		73 62		10		183		110
Menasha, city:		62		1		104		42
Menasha, city: 1st ward	195)	. 1:	1)		1567			•
2d ward	180 7	07 3	2	7	119 (500	207	
3d ward	242	٠ ٠	ī þ	• 1	128	300	207	• • • • • • • •
Nechan, city:	212)	1.	.)	ĺ	97 J	l	- 1	
1st ward	133)	8	3) .		250)	i	1	
	$\begin{array}{c c} 124 & & & 4 \\ 162 & & & 4 \end{array}$	78	3 }	25	182	710	l	[232
	59	1 (3		$\frac{228}{50}$	•10		232
Ushkosh, city:	00)	- 1	,,		נטנ			
1st ward	186)		2	- 1	229)	1	ŀ	
	259 159	-	3	- 1	238	i	- 1	
4th ward	312	١,	4		201 297	1	- 1	
om ward	160 j		7		421	- 1		*
6th ward	310		4		221	1		
7th ward	$\begin{array}{c c} 75 & 2,7 \\ 265 & \end{array}$	74	5 } 7	90	333	3,513		739
9th ward	187	i		-	236 273	l	·	
10th ward	195		8 9	1	355		1	
	205 150		1 .		124			
13th ward	311 J	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		206	- 1	1	
Total				210	379 J	!		
	5,28	88		216		7,748	251	$2,711 \\ 251$
Republican plurality		Ì		Į.		1	j_	
Parada prurary	• • • • • • • • • •		•••••	••••	•••••	• • • • • •		2,460
						- 1	!	

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total, vote.	William F. Gruene- wald, Dem.	James E. Thompson, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Gruene- wald's Plu.	Davidson's Plu.
Calumet Fond du Lac* Green Lake Manitowoc Marquette Waushara Winnebago Totals	3,467 11,237 3,736 8,472 2,292 3,763 13,252 46,219	1,898 4,924 1,569 4,003 803 451 5,288	26 165 62 63 	1,543 6,148 2,105 4,406 1,484 3,215 7,748 26,649	355	1,224 536 403 676 2,761 2,460
Davidson's plurality	••••					7,705

^{*}Fond du Lac county cast 1 vote for F. F. Mayhan for member of Congress, not included in above.

(SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Calumet Fond du Lac. Green Lake: Manitowoc. Marquette. Waushara Winnebago.	1,897 5,033 1,581 3,995 840 470 5,213	27 170 62 65 23 105 213	1,539 6,089 2,091 4,401 1,475 3,207 7,835	11 1 4 11	1 7 4 12
Totals	19,029	665	2,637	31	38

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

2								
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	H	leb M. illiard, Dem.	J	ames H. Moseley, Pro.	M	lichael Friffin, Rep.	Dem. Flu.	
BUFFALO COUNTY— Alma		83		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		69	14	
1st ward	63 33. 46.	142		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	51 40 61			. 10
Belvidere Buffalo Buffalo, city. Canton.		109 75 46 49				48 42 10 133	33 36	
Cross. Dover. Fountain City, city: 1st ward.		50 24		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	67	62 160		12 136
2d wardGilmantonGlencoe	41 } 50 }	91 31 95		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	67 } 69 }	136 145 72	23	45 114
Lincoln Maxville Milton. Modena Mondovi		77 54 37 25 24	 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		55 83 36 157	22 1	29 132
Mondovi, city: 1st ward 2d ward	8 } 17 }	25 49		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 13	$ \begin{array}{c c} & 150 \\ 6 & 238 \\ 64 & 64 \end{array} $		126 213
Montana Naples Nelson Waumandee		10 105 93]			189 242 79	14	15 179 137
Total		1,294				2,322	204	1,232 204
Republican plurality			-					1,028
Eau Claire County— Altoona, city:	07.)				24.			
1st ward	27 } 26 }	53 114		 19	31 } 62 }	93 193		40 79
1st ward	111) 155 98 63 137	1 905	3 14 12 8 15	100	188 258 368 164 202	0. *00		1.00
6th ward 7th ward 8th ward 9th ward 10th ward Bridge Creek	132 137 173 135 134	1,305	9 27 6 13 2	109	259 297 333 264 206	2,539		1,234
Brunswick Clear Creek Drammen Fairchild Lincoln	,	137 72 56 7 59 210		5 5 3 4 4 3 3		141 249 89 146 228 129	81	177 33 139 169
Ludington Otter Creek Pleasant Valley Seymour Union Washington		37 37 39 40 96 83		3 4 9 4 7 12		80 120 164 45 99 166		43 83 125 5 3 83
Total		2,345		201		4,481	81	2,217
Republican plurality		····-	<u></u>	<u></u>		<u></u>		2,136

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Hil	eb M. liard, em.	Mos	as. H. eley, Pro.	Gri	hael ffin, ep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Jackson County— Albion Alma Bear Bluff Brockway Black River Falls, 1st ward 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward City Point Cleveland Curran Franklin Garden Valley Garfield Hixon Irving Knapp Manchester Melrose Millston Northfield Springfield	10 7 17 17 40	43 80 47 74 12 88 12 88 12 18 13 446 76 9 37 90 36 30 318	10 4 4 4 4	5 7	93 78 66 104	270 353 25 70 341 34 67 149 121 121 121 152 42 89 221 60 167 204	21	227 273 211 53 267 22 137 103 70 62 96 76 33 52 131 124 136
Total Republican plurality		110		100		-,		1,949
La Crosse County— Baire Baire Bangor Burus Campbell Farmington Greenfield Holland Hamilton Onalaska Shelby Washington La Crosse, city:		68 71 88 91 123 51 26 119 49 118		1 21 20 2 3 16 9 7		50 226 165 148 288 89 221 416 200 91 86	18	155 77 57 165 38 195 297 151
1st Ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward 8th ward 10th ward 11th ward 12th ward 13th ward 13th ward 15th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 17th ward 19th ward	161 140 145 64 111 73 75 243 80 90 109 119 90 73 176 32 137 149 53 54	2,177	4 3 4 7 2 3 8 6 12 8 2 4 4 4 3 1 3 1	89	210 236 231 257 189 224 203 215 290 150 127 202 218 129 115 161 161	4,009		1,832
Onalaska, city: 1st ward2d ward3d ward	13 \ 25 \ 19 \	57	77	8	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 91\\110\\82 \end{array}\right\}$	283		226
Total		3,110		185		6,272	45	3,207
Republican plurality		. 			.]			3,162

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	H	ileb M. illiard, Dem.	Mo	Jas. H seley Pro.	G	ichael riffin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Monroe County— AdrianAngelo.		47		5		104		. 57
Byron	1	57		5	:	118 95		. 83
Clifton Glendale Greenfield		125	1		- 1	107		. 38
Glendale	. -	65	1	·····ż		176		. 111
Jefferson	٠	85		3		82	3	
Jefferson Lafayette	1	168 48		5	ı	54		
Lincoln	. 1	45	1	·····.	٠	$\frac{65}{249}$. 17
La Grange	.	38		$\bar{6}$	1	138		204
Leon	1	60	1	1	İ	136		100
Little Falls	1	137 9	Í	5		147		io
New Lyme		98		·····ż	·	34	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25
Portiand	ł	51	1	. 8		67 1 90	31	
Ridgeville	1	83	1	8 1		126		139
Sheldon	1 .	90	1	4	ĺ	110		43 20
Sparta. Tomah	1	135		13	1	153		18
Wellington		98 1 08	1	2	1	79	19	
Wells		82		• • • • • •		122		14
Wilton	l	119		4	I	59 88	23	
Sparta, city:				-	1	00	31	
1st ward	63)		5)		1467			
2d ward	56 82	244	10	25	135	525		001
4th ward	43		4	20	129	949		281
Tomah, city:	140)		6)		115		1	
1st ward	41)		4)		126)			
2d ward	1 06 (196	ع ۋ	14	150	396		200
3d ward	56		9		120	000	•••••	200
Cashton, village		32		1	,	70		38
Kendall, village		$\frac{32}{34}$		2	l	70		38
Norwalk, villageWilton, village		$\frac{34}{37}$		1	l	52		18
			•••••	• • • • • •		65		28
Total		2,358		116		3,677	239	1,558 239
Republican plurality								1,319
					===		===	
EPIN COUNTY-								
Albany Durand		12		2 1		101		89
Durand city		23		1		47		24
Durand, city 1st ward 2d ward Frankfort	58)	ĺ	9.3	- 1	00.3			
2d ward	58 } 50 }	108	3 } 13 }	16	$\frac{82}{117}$	199		91
Frankfort	,	20	10)	6	111)	156		. 136
14IIII		81		- 1		63	18	. 190
Pepin. Stockholm		62		7		311		249
Waterville.		13 115	· · · · · · ·	ا نه		158		145
Waubeek		113		6 2		229		114
						24		12
Total		446		40		1,288	18	860
Republican plurality						- 1		18
pasizoni praranty								842
REMPEALEAU COUNTY—		1		1				
Arcadía, 1st precinct	191)		13.	- 1	105.		ľ	
2d precinct	181 } 217 }	398	7 }	11	197 } 167 }	364	34	
Albion		32	.,	0	101)	207		175
Burnside		187		7		127	60	T19
Caledonia		28		ا.ي		66		38
Dodge		41 82		6]		136	1	95
Dodge Ettrick Gale		58	• • • • • •	13 (11	71	
Gale		99		19		405 396	•••••	347
Hale		132		2		202	•••••	297 70
				-,		202	•••••	. 10

12,355

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem.	Dr. Jas. H. Moseley Pro.	Michael Griflin, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.—Cont. Lincoln Preston Pigeon Sumner Trempealeau Unity. Total Republican plurality	74 45 500 41 78 45 1,390	11 14 12 8 20 17	194 397 197 211 256 140 3,309	165	120 352 147 170 178 95 2,084 165

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THE SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896. (CONGRESSIONAL.)

Caleb M. Hilliard, Dem. James H. Michael Griffin's Plu. Hilliard's Total Moseley, Pro. Griffiin, Counties. Plu. Vote. Rep. 1,028 2,136 1,949 3,162 2,322 4,481 2,724 6,272 1,294 2,345 775 3,110 2,358 446 3,616 7,027 3,599 Buffalo.... 201 100 185 9.567 1,319 842 1,919 3,677 1,288 3,309 116 6,151 1,774 4,848 40 Pepin*... 1,390 149 Trempealeau..... 24,073 12,355 11,718 791 Totals..... 36,582

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896—Continued. (Gubernatorial.)

Counties.	Silvertho'n	Berkey,	Scofield,	Henderson,	Tuttrop,
	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Nat. Pro.	Soc.Labor.
Buffalo Eau Claire. Jackson* La Crosse. Monroe. Pepin. Trempealeau. Totals	2, 397 792 3, 215 2, 374 442 1, 390	62 220 108 204 108 42 161	2,303 4,447 2,707 6,201 3,669 1,295 3,300 23,922	4 3 6 7 12 1 6 39	1 1 2 8 8 1 1 5

^{*}Jackson county cast one vote for Ira B. Bradford for governor.

Griffin's plurality

^{*}Pepin county cast one vote for J. D. Eldridge for member of congress, not included in above.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	1	orge W. Cate, Dem.	F	ohn W. Evans, Pro.	A	vard S. Iinor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep.
Brown County— Allouez Ashwaubenon Bellevue De Pere De Pere city:		57 38 91 127		 1 1 2		33 80 56 53	24 35 74	4:
1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward	127	391	7	1 0	158 98 153	517		126
EatonGlenmoreGreen Bay	01)	161 163 - 44	3)	$^{^{1}}_{4}^{2}$	108	52 122 136	109 41	92
1st ward	151)	168	67	3	317)	296		128
3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward, 1st precinct. 7th ward, 1st precinct 2d precinct 2d precinct 8th ward, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 2d precinct.	122 156 201 134 79 55 40 67 39	1,044	6 3 4 5 2 7 2	44	282 382 264 149 114 161 107 225	2,116		1, 072
Holland Howard Humboldt Lawrence Morrison New Denmark Pittsfield Preble Rockland Scott		275 89 58 91 144 109 119 127 101		342445422(2	115	45 184 141 142 207 191 105 206 70 146	230 14 31	95 83 51 £ 63 82 79
Saumico Wrightstown Total		244		:		158 219	<u>25</u>	93
Bepublican plurality		3,818		10€		5,275	583	2,040 503
	===			=				1,457 =====
DOOR COUNTY— Bailey's Harbor Brussels Clay Banks Egg Harbor Forestville Gardner Gibralter Jacksonport Liberty Grove Nasewaupee Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay		60 31 44 76 78 59 40 14 15 93 112		2 1 3 6 2 3 1 16 1		94 171 75 83 158 102 192 181 290 135 129		34 140 31 7 80 43 152 167 275 42 17
Sturgeon Bay, city: 1st precinct. 2d precinct Union.	167 } 32 }	199	8 } 3 }	11	351 } 106 }	95 457		78 258
Union	94)	20 14	ن)	2 3	106)	87		498 67 91
Total		872		53		2,354		1,482
Republican plurality								1,482
EWAUNEE COUNTY— Ahnapee, city		87 114 136 191		2		232 122 180 102	89	145 8 44

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	C	rge W. late, lem.	E	n W. yans, Pro.	M	ard S. inor, lep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—Continued. Franklin Kewaunee Lincoln Luxemberg Montpelier Pierce Red River West Kewaunee		246 205 124 117 131 126 24 177		2 1 1 1 1 1 2 4		68 152 138 173 180 44 259 155	178 53 82 22	14 56 49 235
Total		1,678		14		1,805	424	551 424
Republican plurality			===					127
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY— Appleton, city: Ist ward 2d ward, Ist precinct 2d precinct 31 ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward Black Creek Bovina Buchanan Center Cicero Dale Deer Creek Ellington Freedom Grand Chute Greenville Hortonia Hortonville, village Kaukauna Kaukauna, city: Ist ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward Liberty Maine Maple Creek New London, 3d ward	129 182 86 161 264 134 172 108 44	1, 295 81 41 217 164 28 162 97 106 6195 167 160 54 79 287	34 8 6 6 4 4 7 76 25 5	69 7 7 2 4 3 3 7 6 6 15 1 4 4 3 3 5 5 3 13	428 272 160 155 155 162 1332 141 163 162 155 162 151	1,829 211 192 135 174 153 143 123 162 170 167 162 92 140 168 672 88 75 79 54	142 19 25 8 119	130 151 20 125 56
Osborn	38 }	75	}	4 2	87 } 68 }	139 155		64 91
2d ward	38 }	4,086	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \cdot \\ 2 \end{array}\right\}$	168	685	5,372	322	1,608
Republican plurality								1,286
PORTAGE COUNTY — Alban		54 32 44 33 99 136 88 26 305 61		1 14 4 2 2 1 8 2 1 4 4		134 222 393 168 190 91 82 78 45 171	260	80 190 349 135 91 55

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE COUNTY—Continued. New Hope Pine Grove Piover. Stockton Sharon Stevens Point. Stevens Point, city: 1st ward	. 11 . 119 . 53	4 1 7 16 8 1 0 1 6 1	128 294 1 87 1 31 1 46	111 499	176 114 177
2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward	. 160 151 356 991	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ \vdots \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad 14$	202 228 172 4 89 195 101 987	4	
Total	2,984	75	3,437	1,055	1,508 1,055
Republican plurality		=	-		453
WAUPACA COUNTY — Clintonville, city New London, city:	108	13	249		141
1st ward 2d ward 4th ward 5th ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 65\\41\\34\\13 \end{bmatrix} \qquad 153$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 74\\78\\92\\69 \end{bmatrix}$ 313		1 60
5th ward Waupaca, city Embarrass, village Freemont, village Iola, village Scandinavia, village Weyauwega, village Bear Creek Caledonia Dayton Dupont Farmington Freemont Harrison Helvetia Iola Luttle Wolf Matteson Mukwa Royalton Scandinavia St. Lawrence Union Waupaca Weyauwega Wyoming Fotal	115 9 14 19 106 90 58 40 37 31 31 11 64 150 58 112 9 9 68 69 69 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11	33 3 1	549 47 549 47 77 70 105 133 140 211 274 406 66 92 113 231 201 79 203 318 137 141 192 265 261 186 175 72 65 5,445	71	434 38 40 88 65 43 82 2171 2375 35 35 35 310 230 137 145 206 128 73 129 16 16 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Republican plurality					72
WOOD COUNTY-					3,900
Auburndale	35 8		117 34		82 26
Centralia, city: 1st ward	27 85 82 194		$\begin{pmatrix} 34\\104\\95 \end{pmatrix}$ 233		39
1st ward	58 46 178 29		$\begin{bmatrix} 52\\102\\65\\86 \end{bmatrix}$ 305		127



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.



EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep, Plu.
Wood County—Continued. Grand Rapids	77 67		126 100 51)		49 33
2d ward	$ \begin{array}{c c} 62 \\ 86 \\ 86 \\ 64 \end{array} $ 462		52 128 86 99 99	23	
6th ward. Marshfield. Milladore. Nekoosa, village. Port Edwards.	86 89 37 60		21 J 53 79 103 123	33 10	66 63
Pittsville, city 1st ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 11 \\ 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ 24		60 18 92 102		68 47
Remington Richfield Rudolph Rock Sherry	13 107 26 21		56 117 99 100 130	21	43 10 73 79
Seigel Saratoga Seneca Vesper Wood	151 25 58 25 64		63 97 38 177		38 39 13 113
Total	1,862		2,783	87	1,008 87
Republican plurality					921

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	George W. Cate, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Cate's Plu.	Minor's Plu.
Brown Door Kewaunee Outagamie Portage Waupaca Wood*	9,626 6,496	3,818 872 1,678 4,086 2,984 1,545 1,862	106 53 14 168 75 164	5, 275 2, 354 1, 805 5, 372 3, 437 5, 445 2, 783		1, 45 1, 48 12 1, 28 45 3, 90
Totals	46,896	16,845	580	26, 471		9,62
Minor's Plu						9,620

 $[\]mbox{*Wood}$ county cast four votes for Nelson H. Kendall for member of congress, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor
Brown Door Kewaunee Outagamie Portage Waupaca Waupaca	3,870 897 1,702 4,196 2,955 1,593 1,952	88 48 14 150 85 139 52	5, 324 2, 402 1, 812 5, 379 3, 476 5, 456 2, 766	32 1 26 6 32 6	
Totals	17,165	576	26,625	103	24

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
70 69 183 100 95 128 129 206 144 115 67 72 6 67 111 76 27 89	279 162 366 165 129 1,900 182 188 122 147 53 104 16 79 181 186 26 100	1	661 40 70 110
19 \ 24 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	49 \ 25 \ . 174		42
1,797	2,719	1	923 1
			922
20 15 38 30 45 12 45 5 5 38 11 92 23 35 24 20 51 33 64 38 27 6 31 35 55 153 38 27 37 37 38 38 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	60 64 91 63 64 121 121 139 141 37 141 157 85 81 223 100 139 308 148 65 113 42 83 101 95 95 91 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	44	40 69 53 19 109 144 54 54 26 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
77 29 39 1,336	31 43 152 3,302	50	2,016 50
	0'Keefe, Dem. 70 69 183 196 1, 239 128 129 206 144 115 667 111 766 27 132 24 132 24 135 33 30 45 55 153 664 33 35 55 153 664 33 35 37 33 33 35 35 37 33 33 33 35 35 37 33 33 33 35 35 37 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	O'Keefe, Dem. Stewart, Rep. 70 69 162 183 366 165 165 162 188 122 122 166 165 79 162 188 144 115 167 147 16 167 167 167 179 181 181 168 162 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	O'Keefe, Dem. Stewart, Rep. Dem. Plu. 70 69 183 160 100 165 100 105 128 129 129 160 144 115 147 167 167 179 111 176 184 172 167 179 111 176 184 186 186 186 186 186 186 186 186 186 186

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Willia O'Ke De	efe.	Ste	ander wart, lep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FLORENCE COUNTY— Commonwealth		28 85 21		138 271 62		110 186 41
Total		134		471		337
Republican plurality	<u>.</u>	• • • • • • •				337
F						
Forest County— Crandon, 1st precinct	$\binom{24}{8} \\ 36 $	68	$\frac{45}{32}$ \ $\frac{1}{98}$	175		107
Gagen, 1st precinct	24 { 32 }	56 49	156 } 30 }	186 39	10	130
Total		173		400	10	237 10
Republican plurality						227
IRON COUNTY— Vaughn—1st precinct 2d precinct 3d precinct 4th precinct 5th precinct Knight—1st precinct	136 86 83 16 32 68 32	353 100	213 226 110 } 109 194] 233 } 44 }	852 277		499 177
Saxon	04)	40	44)	144		104
Total		493		1,273	••••	780
Republican plurality						780
Langlade County — Ackley Antigo, city: 1stward	32)	67	79)	65	2	
2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward	49 79 115 74 75	424	126 59 121 92 139	616		192
6th ward Antigo Elcho Elcho Elton Evergreen Langlade Nova Norwood Parish Peck Polar Price Rolling Summit Upham Vilas		107 11 6 5 23 75 88 2 10 46 25 80 22 13 13	199 }	100 44 30 20 24 44 100 54 34 63 26 108 19 17 17	31 3 3 43	33 24 15 1 1 25 24 17 1 28 4 4 4 407
Republican plurality						364
						<u> </u>

ELECTION STATISTICS.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu,
LINCOLN COUNTY— Merrill, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 7th ward	132 \ 81 147 167 \ 123 202 193 J	70 85 135 214 945 145 129 167	100	
Tomahawk, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. Corning. Harrison. Merrill Pine River. Rock Falls.	78 61 289 68 10 10 81 121 65	$\begin{bmatrix} 62\\59\\73\\106 \end{bmatrix} = 300$ $\begin{bmatrix} 29\\32\\80\\92\\100\\ \end{bmatrix}$	31 1 29	22 35
Russell. Scott Total Democratic plurality	1,824	70 66 1,714	$ \begin{array}{r} $	98
Marathon County— Bergen Berlin Brighton Cleveland Cassel Colby, city, east ward Day Easton Eau Pleine Eldron Emmet Frankfort Halsey Hamburg Hartson Hewett Hatton Hull Johnson Knowlton Kronenvetter Maine Marathon, village Mosinee, village Mosinee, village Mosinee Norrie Pike Lake Plover Rib Falls	18 18 45 29 111 . 31	56 104 57 779 60 31 30 99 97 70 34 41 41 118 82 68 31 437 118 69 41 437 74 31 112 94 68 30 30 76	13 4 80 82 78 3 54 12 5 32 60 73 33 16	15 15 16 44 56 26 63 31 113 67 65
Rietbrock Spencer Stetton Texas Wausau Weston Wien	. 118 58	76 107 71 80 99 166 137	52 12 26	49

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTICT-Continued:

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Willian O'Ke Den	efe,		ander vart,	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON COUNTY—Continued. Wausau, city: 1st ward. 2d ward 3rd ward 4th ward. 5th ward 6th ward. 7th ward.	205	1,025	146 155 137 160 325 220 250	1,393		368
Total		3,768		4,095	734	1,061 734
Republican plurality				·····		327
MARINETTE COUNTY— Marinette, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward.	289) 281 213 } 313 180	1,276	346) 439 519 } 456 407	2, 167		891
Peshtigo, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. 4th precinct.	53	257	435 35 114 154 80 129 92	818 265		561
Amberg, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. Colman. Grover. Porterfield. Wausaukee.	11 5	56 105 59 41 96	445	347 289 144 228		242 230 103 132
Total	1	1,890	4	1,258		2,368
Republican plurality					<u></u>	2,368
Oconto County— Armstrong Brazon Chase Gillett How Lena Little River Little Suamico Maple Valley Oconto Oconto Falls Oconto, city:		38 27 65 39 53 77 58 62 91 110 61		588 200 1822 1766 97 71 154 82 95 164 157	6	20 117 137 44 96 20 4 54 96
east ward north ward south ward west ward Pensaukee, 1st precinct.	128 94 118 92 14)	432	288 176 317 121 164 84	902		470
2d precinct	19 8	42 87	184 (121)	369 89		327
Spruce Styles Underhill		66 13		137 79	<u></u>	71 66
Total	. 1	1,321	2	2,832	13	1,524 13
Republican plurality				<u></u>		1,511

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ONEIDA COUNTY— Hazelhurst, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct' 4th precinct Pelican, 1st precinct 2d precinct. 3d precinct.	19 7 14 28 69 16 13 98	$\begin{bmatrix} 164 \\ 72 \\ 61 \\ 68 \end{bmatrix} = 365$ $\begin{bmatrix} 133 \\ 10 \\ 26 \end{bmatrix} = 169$		297 71
Rhinelander, city: 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. 4th precinct. 5th precinct. 6th precinct. Woodboro, 1st precinct.	$\begin{bmatrix} 47\\57\\70\\66\\107\\50 \end{bmatrix} 397$	$\begin{bmatrix} 153 \\ 141 \\ 132 \\ 126 \\ 152 \\ 98 \end{bmatrix} = 802$ 71		405 22
Total	612	1,407		795
Republican plurality				795
PRICE COUNTY Brannan Emery Fifield Georgetown Hackett Hill Kennan Knox Lake Ogema Prentice Worcester	23 24 55 3 15 14 27 6 65 18 63 63	76 35 91 41 43 31 29 40 225 237 197		53 11 36 38 28 17 2 34 160 219 134 54
Phillips, city. Ist ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 65 \\ 57 \\ 64 \end{bmatrix}$ 186	$\begin{bmatrix} 125 \\ 97 \\ 74 \end{bmatrix}$ 296		110
Total	557	1,453		896
Republican plurality			 	896
Shawano County— Almon. 'Angelica Amira Belle Plain Birnamwood, Birnamwood, village Fairbanks Germania Grant Green Valley Hartland Herman Hutchins Lessor Maple Grove Morris Navarino Pella Richmond Seneca Tigerton, village Washington Waukechon Wittenberg Wittenberg Wittenberg Willage	199 83 45 124 34 199 35 9 59 36 57 72 25 58 181 4 29 98 98 98 98 121 177 141 87 36	104 99 83 115 98 65 102 37 140 157 167 165 183 139 96 127 47 79 162 62 94 123 88 157	85 19	85 166 38 46 46 67 28 81 121 110 93 158 81 123 123 158 81 124 77 77

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	William W. O'Keefe, Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO COUNTY - Continued. Shawano, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward	87 \ 50 \ 43 \ 180	78 57 197 62 197		17
Total	1,595	3,026	131	1,562 131
Republican plurality				1,431
Taylor County— Browning Chelsea Deer Creek Greenwood Grover, 1st precinct. 2d precinct Holway Little Black Medford, ward Medford, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Moliter, 1st precinct 2d precinct Rib Lake Westboro Total Republican plurality	39 75 58 43 43 45 16 109 126 43 119 31 17 21 4 50 27 729	43 73 85 166 \ 25 15 \ 181 15 \ 34 158 114 98 45 \ 224 81 \ 249 126 1,374	12 12 32	135 18 18 49 105 41 199 99 677 322 645
VILAS COUNTY— Eagle River—1st precinct	${160 \atop 11}$ 171	$\begin{bmatrix} 221 \\ 38 \end{bmatrix}$ 259		88
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct	$\begin{bmatrix} 35 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$ 58 230	193 } 341 148 } 133	97	283
Total	459	733	97	371 97
Republican plurality		<u></u>		274

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	William W. O'Keefe Dem.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	O'Keefe's Plu.	Stewart's Plu.
Ashland Clark Florence Forest Iron Lauglade Lincoln Marathon Mariette Oconto Oneida Price Shawano Taylor Vilas. Totals	4, 516 4, 638 605 573 1, 766 2, 398 3, 538 7, 863 6, 115 4, 153 2, 019 2, 010 4, 621 2, 103 1, 192	1,797 1,336 134 173 493: 1,017 1,824 3,768 3,768 1,321 612 557 7,597 459 17,705	2, 719 3, 302 471 400 1, 273 1, 381 1, 714 4, 095 4, 258 2, 832 1, 107 1, 453 3, 026 1, 374 733 30, 488	110	922 1,966 337 780 364 2,368 1,511 795 896 1,431 645 274 12,843
Alexander's plurality					12,733

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scoffeld, Rep.	Henderson, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Labor.
Ashland	1,784 1,341 122	59 100 5	2,700 3,299 491	4 1	15 12
Forest	1,849	15 30 22 43 73	408 1,290 1,394 1,675 3,668	2 1 2	1 1 3 25
Marathon	1,808 1,253 604	76 54 30 38	4,358 2,911 1,405 1,444	3	5
Shawano	1,604 759	55 20 8	3,019 1,355 731 30,148	$\frac{3}{4}$ 23	90

^{*}For governor, Clark county cast 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette and 1 vote for Oscar Eisentrent; Florence county cast 1 vote for Robert M. La Follette; not shown above.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

·						
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	H. R	derick eming- on, em.	Jen	hn J. kins, ep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON COUNTY — Barron, city. Chetck, city. Cumberland, city Rice Lake, city:		53 20 95		213 86 187		. 160 . 66 . 92
1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 31 \\ 48 \\ 49 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix}$	1 68	109 96 55 151	- 411		. 243
Barron Cedar Lake Chetek Clinton Cumberland Dallas		46 26 36 53 155		72 101 122 132 222 171		26 75 86 79 67
Dovre. Maple Grove. Oak Grove. Prairie Farm. Stanfold.		85 47 63 95 39 81		110 205 39 201 122	56	86 63 142 162 41
Stanley. Sumner. Turtle Lake. Vance Creek.		84 38 159 13		118 65 130 68	29	34 27 55
Total Republican plurality		1,356		2,775	85	1,504 85 1,419
BAYFIELD COUNTY— Bayfield, 1st precinct	107 } 46 }	153 22	360 } 118 }	478 200		325 178
Iron River, 1st precinct 2d precinct Mason Washburn, 1st precinct 2d precinct 3d precinct	30 \(\)	189 51 358	$270 \}$ $12 \}$ $402 \}$ $22 \}$	282 285 993		93 234 635
4th precinct	189 15	773	$\frac{510}{59}$	2,238		1,465
Republican plurality						1,465
BURNETT COUNTY— Grantsburg, village Grantsburg Marshland Rusk		53 64 87 28		79 302 69 59	18	26 238 31
Trade Lake		78 51 361		149 146 804	18	95 461
Republican plurality						18 443
CHIPPEWA COUNTY— Anson. Arthur Auburn, 1st precinct 2d precinct.	104 }	59 58 160	119 } 65 }	74 97 184		15 39 24
Big Bend, 1st precinct	56 } 23 } 41 } 8 }	72	65 { 119 } 34 } 68 }	221		149
Bloomer		248 54	•	318 61		70 7

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frede H. Re to De	ming- n,	Jenl	n J. rins, ep.	Dem. Plu	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—Conitnued. Colburn Eagle Point. Edson, 1st precinct 2d precinct. Flambeau, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. Lafayette Lawrence Sigel Tilden Wheaton. Cadott, village.	279 } 153 } 11 } 19 }	58 165 432 30 85 32 64 186 148 49	126 \ 396 \ 50 \ 14 \	52 104 522 64 229 93 139 105 214 153	6 61	90 34 144 61 75 66 104
Chippewa Falls, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward 8th ward 10th ward	99 174 192 52 115 144 91 62 74 61	1,064	115 103 178 90 115 82 54 94 73 57	961	103	
Total		2,964		3,591	251	878 251
Republican plurality				·		627
DOUGLAS COUNTY— Brule, 1st precinct	37 37 2 96 28	88 35 16 3	102) 87 } 45) 32) 3 65 137)	- 234 44 - 237		146 9 74
6th precinct. Superior, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct.	1 44 ×	121	$\begin{bmatrix} 74 \\ 52 \\ 42 \end{bmatrix}$	168		47
Superior, city: 1st ward, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct. 5th ward east precinct. 4th ward. 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 2th ward. 5th ward. 8th ward. 8th ward. 8th ward.	289 127 95 139 135 193 172 117 147 217 115 110 98	2,112	334 73 208 222 196 173	3,415		1,303
To [†] al		2,519		4,098		1,579
Republican plurality						1,579
DUAN COUNTY— Colfax Dunn Eau Galle. Ellk Mound Grant Hay River.		36 101 129 34 38 30		164 174 173 123 101 80		128 73 44 89 63 50

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	H. R	derick eming- on, em.	Joh Jenl Re		Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Dunn County—Continued.						
Lucas	į.	66	1	114		10
Menomonie		91	f	228		137 137
Menomonie, city:	953		4000		1	1
1st ward 2d ward	$\begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 77 \end{bmatrix}$		138			1
ou waru	36	202		710		508
4th ward New Haven	6 4 j	07	$\begin{bmatrix} 195 \\ 205 \end{bmatrix}$			
Otter Creek,		27 20		89 48		62
Otter Creek, Peru		7		70		28 63
Red Cedar		73		161		88
Rock Creek Sand Creek		19 30		$\frac{146}{113}$		127
Sheridan		30 23		92		83 69
onerman		31		118		87
Spring BrookStanton		103		152		49
Tainter		95 29	ł	166 65		71 36
Tiffany	1	134	1	131	3	- 50
Stanton Tainter Tiffany Weston Wilson		88		73	15	
		16	l	71		55
Total		1,422	:	3,362	18	1,958 18
Republican plurality						·
more plainty				• • • • • •		1,940
PIERCE COUNTY-						
Clifton		44		00		
Clifton Diamond Bluff		44 34		98 95	••••	54 61
		102		192		90
El Paso		91		103		12
Gilman Hartland Leaballa	ļ	46 71		$\frac{232}{194}$		186
		22		56		123 34
Martell		2 8		278		250
Maiden Rock Oak Grove		$\frac{2^{2}}{62}$		247		225
River Falls. Rock Elm		113		$\frac{112}{173}$	• • • • • • • • •	50 60
Rock Elm		75		220		145
Spring Lake		84		170		86
Salina Trenton Trimbelle		60 82		149 151	• • • • • • • •	89
Trimbelle		100		264		69 164
		74		220		146
Maiden Rock, village		76 14		160	• • • • • • • •	84
Ellsworth, village Maiden Rock, village Spring Valley, village		40		62 112		$\frac{48}{72}$
Prescott, city:	04.					"
2d Ward	21)	85	$\frac{35}{38}$	117	4	-00
30 ward	$\frac{31}{23}$	00	44	111	• • • • • • • • •	32
River Falls, city, 2d district	,	99	/	301		202
Total		1,424		700		
		1,444	e	, 706	• • • • • • • • •	2,282
Popublican plurelity		- 1				
Republican plurality				• • • • •		2,282
Dan G						===:
Polk County — Alden, 1st district	a= .					
2d district	67 { 16 }	83	$171 \} 123 \}$	294		211
2d district Apple River Balsam Lake	10)	7	140)	101		94
		31		100		69
Black Brook Bone Lake		33 43		65 132		32
Bone Lake		23		10	13	89
Olam Pans		16		28		12
Clayton Clear Lake		54 28		130 109		76
		40		109		81

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Reming- to., Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
POLK COUNTY - Continued.	11	198		187
Eureka	. 69	175		106
Farmington Garfield	35	125		90
Georgetown	6	31		25
Johnstown	6	24		18
Laketown	37	121		84
Lincoln	44	142		98 30
Loraine	$\frac{21}{22}$	51 69		47
Luck Milltown	37	101		67
01-	46	173		127
St. Croix Falls	38	63		25
Sterling	28	122	8	94
	35	27 163		125
Amery, village	38 39	98		. 59
Mest Swediese Amery, village Clear Lake, village Osceola, village St. Croix Falls, village	40	83		43
St. Croix Falls, village	27	104		77
Du Cloin I tale, Thag				
Total	897	2,842	21	1,966
				21
Republican plurality				1,945
	:			
ST. CROIX COUNTY—	00	342		243
Baldwin	99 70	138		_68
Cady. Ceylon	73	144		71
Right (+9110	69	167		98
Emerald	104	90	14	
Erin	232	13	219	• • • • • • • •
Forest	29 42	20 56	9	14
Glenwood Hammond.	99	128		29
Hindson	87	105		18
Kinnickinnic.	71	109		38
Pleasant valley	35	90		55
Richmond	103	71 142	32	104
Rush River.	38 114	147	,	33
Somerset. Springfield.	124	147		33 23
	146	54	92	
Star Prairie	39	184		145
St Joseph	119	87	32	72
Troy	51	123		12
WarrenGlenwood, city:	110	102	8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1st ward	24)	517		
2d ward.	46 132	45 991		89
3d ward. 	1 30 1	03		
_4th ward	26]	62 J		ŀ
Hudson, city:	79)	743	1	l
1st ward	$\begin{pmatrix} 73 \\ 114 \end{pmatrix}$ 342	178 412		70
2d ward3d ward	155	178 412 160 412	1	'`
New Richmond, city:	/	/		1
1st ward	42)	82)		1 :
2d ward	63 121	$\begin{array}{c c} 98 & 272 \\ 92 & \end{array}$		151
3d ward	16)	92)		
River Falls, city: 1st ward	5	29		24
Hammond, village	37	60		2
				¦
Total	2,491	3,453	406	1,368
		1		
Republican plurality				962
	J errora	= =====	-1	7001

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frederick H. Reming- ton, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAWYER COUNTY— Hayward, 1st precinct. 2d precinct. 3d precinct.	216 120 32 32 368	$ \begin{array}{c c} 402 \\ 45 \\ 62 \end{array} $ 509		141
Total	368	509		141
Washburn County— Bashaw Long Lake Minong. Shell Lake Spooner, 1st precinct 2d precinct Veazie. Total. Republican plurality	$ \begin{array}{c c} 65 \\ 23 \\ 30 \\ \hline 248 \end{array} $	\$3 43 58 380 128 171 36 771		600 277 399 308 83 6 523

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Frederick H. Rem- ington, Dem.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Reming- ton's Plu.	Jenkins' Plu.
Barron* Bayfiold Burnett. Chippewa* Douglas. Dunn. Pierce* Polk St. Croix* Sawyer. Washburn.	4,131 3,011 1,165 6,555 6,617 4,784 5,130 3,739 5,944 877 1,019	1,356 773 361 2,964 2,519 1,422 1,424 897 2,491 368 248	2,775 2,238 804 3,591 4,098 3,362 3,706 2,842 3,453 569 771		1, 419 1, 465 443 627 1, 579 1, 940 2, 282 1, 945 962 141 523
Totals	42,972	14,823	28,149		13,326
Jenkins' plurality					13, 326

${\tt SUMMARY\ OF\ VOTE\ IN\ TENTH\ CONGRESSIONAL\ DISTRICT-Continued.}$

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hender- son, Nat. Pro.	Tuttrop, Soc. Lab.
Barron Bayfield Burnnett Chippewa Douglas Dounn Pierce* Polk St. Croix Sawyer. Washburn.	1, 328 776 355 2, 965 2, 498 1, 430 1, 415 886 2, 479 371 253	165 46 28 89 87 143 182 65 187 27 22	2,765 2,224 807 3,587 4,113 3,340 3,697 2,848 3,424 506 765	4 1 1 2 5 2 2 2 1 4	66
Totals	14,756	1,041	28,076	22	4

^{*}For member of congress, William Johnson received 2 votes in Barron county and 1 in St. Croix county; Pe er A. Oscar received 1 vote in Chippewa county, 4 in Pierce county and 16 in St. Croix county; Andrew Julian received 1 vote in Pierce county; M. M. Sanderson received 1 vote in Pierce county. Total, 28 votes for member of congress not included in above. For governor, Pierce county cast one vote for M. M. Sanderson.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

TABULAR STATEMENT

Of the votes given for state officers, by counties, at the general election held on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, as returned by the county clerks.

			Govern	or.			Li	eutena	nt-Gov	ernor	
Counties.	Willis C. Silver- thorn.	Joshua H. Berkey.	Edward Scoffeld.	Robert Henders'n.	Christ. Tuttrop.	Scattering.	Horatio H. Hoard.	Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton.	Emil Baensch.	Henry Reese.	Scattering.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodgs Dcor Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac Forest Grant Green Lake Iowa Iron Jackson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse Lafayette Langlade Lincoln Manitowoc Marathom Marinette Marquette Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Ocoutagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Racine Racine Racine	397 1,784 1,328 3,870 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,360 1,460 1,460 1,460 1,460 1,460 1,460 1,760 1,700 1,	27 59 165 59 165 62 28 88 99 100 308 41 151 88 87 71 123 120 151 103 103 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	1,427 1,700 2,762 2,721 5,321 2,231 5,321 2,307 1,532 3,587 3,290 2,413 3,340 4,491 6,408 5,281 4,091 1,290 2,4275 2,806 1,290 1,290 2,1812 6,281 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,595 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,595 4,691 1,675 4,691 1,595 4,691 1,595 4,691 1,595 3,668 4,378 4,378 4,491 1,595 3,668 4,378 4,47	4 4 1 1 32 4 1 1 12 2 2 1 15 2 3 3 7 7 4 4 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15	2 1 2 1 1 1 1	397 1,768 1,376 3,871 1,390 1,390 1,393 1,892 2,963 1,518 6,620 4,996 8,996 1,415 1,27 5,000 1,415 1,27 1,415 2,331 1,573 2,138 477 7,46 1,746 1,793 1,746 1,793 1,832 2,316 1,306 5,331 1,832 2,138 3,610 1,746 1,730 1,730 1,832 1,852 2,931 1,852 2,931 1,852 2,931 1,852 2,931 1,852 2,931 1,852 2,931 1,853 2,931 1,853 27,167 2,366 5,837 1,983 4,175 1,983 4,175 1,983 4,175 1,983 4,175 1,406 2,934 4,064 2,934 4,064 2,934	26 57 162 47 86 58 28 28 28 28 29 303 47 2105 48 90 105 105 169 169 169 1147 62 49 1147 62 49 1147 647 1194 1194 1194 1194 1194 1194 1194 11	1, 424 2, 713 2, 723 2, 223 2, 283 2, 283 2, 383 3, 586 3, 363 3, 363 3, 403 3, 556 6, 403 5, 281 4, 485 6, 403 5, 281 1, 624 0, 205 2, 917 1, 681 1,	15	1



HON. JOHN C. SPOONER, United States Senator. (Term commencing March 4, 1897.)



ELECTION STATISTICS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF VOTES FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOV. 3, 1896—Continued.

			Govern	or.			Lie	ntena	nt-Gov	ernor.	
COUNTIES.	Willis C. Silver- thorn.	Joshua H. Berkey.	Edward Scoffeld.	Robert Henders'n.	Christ. Tuttrop.	Scattering.	Horatio H. Hoard.	Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton.	Emil Baensch.	Henry Reese.	Contto
St. Croix Sauk Sauk Sauk Shewano Sheboygan Faylor Crempealeau Vernon Vilas Walworth Washburn Washington Waukesha Waushara Waushara Wood	2, 479 2, 687 371 1, 604 3, 426 1, 390 1, 638 459 1, 889 2, 461 3, 282 1, 593 470 5, 213 1, 952	187 263 27 55 88 20 161 94 8 348 22 30 177 139 165 213 52	3, 424 4, 594 506 3, 019 6, 543 1, 355 3, 300 4, 378 5, 292 765 2, 833 5, 331 5, 456 3, 207 7, 835 2, 766	3 18 4 6 4 7 3 3 32 4 11 6	11 313 2 5 3 3 2 6 2 2 3 3	2	2,476 2,623 371 1,596 3,389 741 1,392 1,629 443 1,885 2,452 2,452 3,232 1,577 467 5,183 1,918	173 263 26 55 87 22 157 99 7 333 22 26 176 136 104 216 54	3, 427 4, 591 5, 66 3, 021 6, 568 1, 358 3, 302 4, 382 743 5, 308 765 2, 832 5, 369 5, 468 3, 207 7, 847 2, 788	7 9 1 11 303 22 5 3 3 1 3 2 2 6 4 4 4	
Total	169, 257	8,140	264,981	407	1,306	16	167,640	8,840	265,704	1,299	

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—Continued.

,		Secre	tary of			1	State	Treasi	ırer.	==
COUNTIES.	Cyrus M. Butt.	Eugene Bruce Knowlton	Henry Casson.	Jacob Rummel.	Scattering.	William F.	Lorenzo Crandall.	Sewell A. Peterson.	John Riedel.	Scattering.
Adams	. 1,762 . 1,330 . 1,762 . 1,353 . 3,871 . 1,353 . 2,956 . 1,328 . 2,416 . 1,502 . 4,986 . 1,450 . 1,26 . 4,986 . 1,26 . 4,986 . 1,26 . 4,986 . 1,27 . 1,26 . 1,28 . 1,571 . bng 200 166 166 177 200 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 1	0 1,422 0 2,708 1 2,761 2 2,761 3 5,287 7 2,301 6 1,539 6 1,539 6 3,304 6 4,772 2 2,255 6 4,101 8 8,964 6 4,00 4 4,60 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 4,00 6 5,282 6 5,282 8 3,001	15	2	395. 1, 718. 1, 718. 1, 780. 3, 880. 351. 2, 954. 1, 1, 897. 2, 954. 1, 400. 2, 32. 2, 414. 1, 400. 2, 32. 4, 985. 2, 414. 1, 400. 2, 32. 2, 414. 3, 693. 2, 2, 14. 3, 693. 2, 2, 14. 3, 693. 2, 2, 14. 3, 693. 3, 693. 3, 693. 3, 693. 3, 693. 3, 781. 3, 781.	26 60 160 49 102 62 28	1, 428 2, 704 2, 778 5, 234 2, 809 1, 537 2, 310 2, 310 2, 310 3, 366 4, 36 4, 36 4, 36 4, 36 4, 486 6, 403 5, 271 1, 286 2, 138 2, 128 4, 287 2, 128 1, 286 2, 138 2, 138 1, 286 2, 286	TepelH unof 15 5 5 11 32 662 99 8822 8866 11 33 124 42 11 13 116 680 17 7 2 2 11 13 13 7 5 2 2 11 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	1 1	
Trempealeau Vernon Vilas Walworth Washburn Washington Waukesha Waupaca Waushara Winnebago Wood	1,393 1,676 441 1,881 252 2,445 3,231 1,576 468 5,168 1,908	159 99 8 336 22 30 168 168 108 227 56	3, 301 4, 352 741 5, 308 765 2, 833 5, 375 5, 465 3, 208 7, 834 2, 792	5 3 1 2 2 6 4 5 1 14 6		737 1,388 1,624 440 1,887 252 2,445 3,232 1,573 468 5,176 1,904	22 158 101 7 332 21 29 171 168 109 226 59	1,358 3,307 4,385 746 5,304 5,371 5,371 5,470 3,209 7,853 2,799	2 5 3 1 2 2 6 4 5 	
Total	167,590	8,085	265, 832	1,321	3	167,626	8,100	265,808	1,330	4

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS-Continued.

		Atte	orney G		al.		Sta	te Su	perinte		
Counties.	Henry I. Weed.	Albert E. Dixon.	William H. Mylrea.	George C. Jones.	Otto R. E. Gunder- mann.	Scattering.	Francis Cleary.	William L. Morrison.	John Q. Emery.	Herman Seibt.	Scattering.
Adams. Ashland Barron Bayfield Barron Brown Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Calumet Calumet Columbia Crawford Dane Door Douglas Don Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac. Forest Grant Green Lake Lowa Lowa Lowa Lowa Lowa Lowa Lowa Lowa	394 1,757 1,757 3,360 3,360 3,360 3,380 3,380 3,380 3,380 4,141 4,87 4,176 4,87 4,176 4,87 4,176 4,87 4,176	19 3 16 16 33 16 16 20 17 12 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1,427 2,7118 2,2717 5,302 2,502 2,502 2,502 2,502 2,503 2,503 2,708 2,70	9 59 59 148 83 34 48 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	15 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	i	1,755 1,253 1,253 1,253 1,253 1,253 1,253 1,353 1,353 1,523	266 633 464 644 645 645 645 645 645 645 645 645	1, 428 2, 700 2, 224 5, 277 2, 306 806 1, 806 1, 807 1, 809 1, 80	17	i i
Washington Waukesha Waupaca	2,441 3,228 1,573 467	8 40 10 104	2,833 5,373 5,469 3,208	22 134 162 5	6 4 2		2,444 3,226 1,572 466	33 171 172 109	2,833 5,375 5,466 3,209	6 4 4	
Winnebago Wood	5,315 1,909	18	3,208 7,710 2,792	212 58	13 6		5,174 1,908	231 60	7,842 2,791	14	

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS-Continued.

. —	Ra	ilroad	Commi	ssioner	·•	Com	nissio	ner of I	nsurar	ce.
Counties.	Charles F. Kalk.	Ole An- thony Christen- sen.	Duncan J. McKenzie.	August Greifen- hagen.	Scattering.	Frederick W. Thal.	James Elbert Broadwell.	William A. Fricke.	Fred Schuster.	Scattering.
Adams Ashland	395 1,751	26 61	1.428	15		395	26 60	1,427	15	
Barron Bayfield	1,367	163	2,712 2,727	5		1,758 1,323	164	2,706 2,760		
Bayfield	755	50 107	2,229 5,283	5		759	47	2,218 5,293	5	
Brown Buffalo	3,877 1,290	61	2,321	4		3,862 1,297	101 61	2,300	5	
	353	1 29	808	3		353	30	807	3 2	
Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford	1,897	26	1,538	3 2 6		1,894	26	1,543	2	
Juippewa	2,951 1,336	87 99	3,592	12		2,953 1,301	87 101	3,582 3,303	6 12	
Columbia	2,410	303	3,306 4,768	6		2,401	297	4,778	6	
Crawford	1,520	44	2,307	12 6 2 9		1,518	42	2, 309	2	
Dodge	6,588 4,980	464 113	8,982 5,585	J 9		6,591 4,976	$\frac{461}{113}$	8,998 5,588	9 8	
Dane Dodge Door Douglas	893	48	2,398	8 2 8	::::	898	49	2,396	1	
Douglas	2,452	95	4,101	8	···i	2,450	94	2,396 4,085	8	
Ounn Cau Claire	1,411 $2,409$	147 202	$3,354 \\ 4,437$	6 1		2 400	143	3,359 4,428	6 1	
lorence	126	5	486		::::	2,409 126	$\frac{206}{5}$	486		
ond du Lac	5,011	164	6,081	7		4,983	162	6, 107	6	
Forest	3,678	17 201	$\begin{vmatrix} 402 \\ 5,284 \end{vmatrix}$	3		3,672	17	5,286		• • • •
łrant łreen łreen Lake	2,327	168	3,069	12		2,325	$\frac{204}{167}$	3,069	3 12	
reen Lake	1,570	63	2,092	4 2		1,568	- 64	2,091	$\frac{4}{2}$	
owa	2,137	194	3,086	2	1	2,138	192	3,085	2]
ronackson	471 785	31 112	$1,286 \\ 2,708$	$\frac{1}{2}$		403 786	30 110	$\frac{1,278}{2,710}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	• • • •
efferson	3,599	149	4.310	4		3,584	148	4,318	4	
uneau	1,694	66	2,804 2,807	4		1,695	65	2.817	4	
Kenosna	1,751 1,695	47 14	1,811	5	••••	1,743 1,694	48 14	2,814 1,816	5	
uneau Kenosha Kewaunee A Crosse	3,162	191	6,249	7		3,173	192	6,231	8	
arayouto	2,261	117	2,912	1		2,256	117	2,914	1	
anglade	1,001 1,829	20 45	1,396 1,679	$\frac{1}{2}$		999 1,826	20 44	1,397 1,681	$\frac{\dots}{2}$	٠.,
lanitowec l	3,993	63	4,388	11		3,979	62	4,402	11	
Iarathon Iarinette	3,911	77	3,918	26		3,897	76 82	3,931	25	
farmette	1,864 832	$\frac{81}{24}$	4,263 1,475	11	••••	1,863 832	82 24	4, 262 1, 475	10	• • • •
Iarquette Iilwaukee	27, 150	667	35,631	691		27,068	678	35,689	686	
Ionroe	2,360	116	3,678	1		2,360	126	3,667	1	
Ionroe Oconto Oneida	$1,310 \\ 585$	57 27	$2,841 \\ 1,411$	7	••••	1,310 585	55 27	2,837	7	• • • •
utagamie	4,169	168	5,385	8	::::	4,162	175	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,413 \\ 5,394 \end{bmatrix}$		
)zaukee	1,982	29	1,531	10		1,977	29	1.542	10	
epin	1,399	40 169	1,299	1		411	40	1,297 3,715	1	• • • •
erce	891	72	$3,714 \\ 2,831$	$\frac{3}{1}$		1,398 877	169 65	2,849	3	
otage	2,921	91	3,496	$\frac{3}{7}$		2,913	91	3,497	3 7	
	549 4,060	39	1,441	7		549	37	1,440	7	• • • •
Racine Richland	2,088	244 133	5,747 $2,635$	$\frac{5}{2}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 4,053 \\ 2,086 \end{bmatrix}$	241 133	5,756 2,635	5	
lock	3,647	244	8,232	11		3,639	274	8,235	. 11	
t. Croix	2,474	170	3,428	6		$\begin{bmatrix} 2,470 \\ 2,608 \end{bmatrix}$	167	3,432	6	
aukawyer	2,617 369	$\frac{265}{27}$	4,593 508	9	••••	2,608	$\frac{267}{27}$	4,593 509	9	
nawano	1,598	59	3,013	11		1,594	57	3,018	11	
heboygan	3,409	105	6,538	312		3,387	104	[-6,555]	311	
aylor rempealeau	735 1,391	21 159	$\frac{1,357}{3,302}$	3 5		733 1,392	23 1 57	$1,357 \\ 3,301$	3 5	• •
ernon	1,622	105	4,382	3		1,621	104	4,387	3	
шas!	436	9	748			437	7	748	1	
Valworth Vashburn	1,882 257	$\frac{334}{22}$	5,294	$\frac{1}{2}$.,	1,877	335	5,300	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Vashington 1	2,444	33	$\begin{array}{c} 761 \\ 2,834 \end{array}$	6		251	$\frac{23}{34}$	766 2,835	6	
vaukesha	3,227 j	170	5,366	4		2,444 3,225	171	5,373	2	
	1,575	171	5,454	4		1,574	171	5.465	4	
Vaushara Vinnebago	469 5,177	$\frac{109}{229}$	3,208	1.1		467	109 227	3,208 7,836	14	
Wood	1,905	60	7,833 2,793	$\begin{array}{c c} 14 \\ 6 \end{array}$		5,167 1,904	$\begin{array}{c} 227 \\ 61 \end{array}$	2,791	6	
					II	II				1
Total	167,648	8,121	265, 672	1,330	2	167, 205	8, 135	265,893	1,324	l

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

		40/19	
1848. Dewey, democrat 19, Tweedy, whig 14,	539 449	Taylor, democrat	81,599 66,224
Dewey's majority 5,	089	Taylor's majority	15,375
4040		1875.	
1849. Dewey, democrat	649 317	Ludington, republican	85, 155 84, 314
	332	Ludington's majority	841
1851.		1877.	
Farwell, whig		Smith, republican	78, 759 70, 486 26, 216
Farwell's majority	507		
	==	Smith's plurality	8,273
1853.	403	7070	
Barstow, democrat 30, Holton, republican 21, Baird, whig 3,	886	1879.	
Baird, whig	304	Smith, republican	100,535
Daird, wing		Jenkins, democrat	75,080 12,096
Barstow's plurality 8,	519	May, greenback	12,096
	==	Smith's majority over both	12,509
1855.	022	Smith's majority over both	12,000
Barstow, democrat	33.) 108	1881.	
Bashford, republican	100		81, 754
Barstow's majority	157	Rusk, republicanFratt, democrat	81,754 $69,797$
Darston a majorita,	==	Kanouse, prohibition	13, 225
1857.	200	Allis, greenback	7,002
Randall, republican	693	70 11 1 17	11 057
Cross, democrat	409	Rusk's plurality	11,957
Randall's majority	451	1884.	
Randan's majority	==		100 014
1859.		Rusk, republican Fratt, democrat Hastings, prohibition	105, 214
	999	Wastings prohibition	8,545
Hobart, democrat 52,	539	Utley, greenback	4,274
D 1 111 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	460	Cucy, groundaring	
Randall's majority	==	Rusk's plurality	19,269
1861.		188 6 .	
	777		
Ferguson, democrat	456	Rusk, republican	133, 247
	321	Woodward, democrat	114,529 $17,089$
Harvey's majority		Olin, prohibition	21,467
1863.		Cocmane, people s	
Lewis, republican	717	Rusk's plurality	18,718
Palmer, democrat 49,	053	:	
7	664	1888.	
Lewis' majority		Hoard, republican	175,696
1865.		Morgan, democrat	155, 423
Fairchild, rapublican 58,	332	Durant, prohibition	14,373 9,196
Hobart, democrat 48,	, 330	Powell, labor	2,100
T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	002	Hoard's plurality	20,273
Fairchild's majority 10,	==		
1867,		1890.	
Fairchild, republican	,637	Peck, democrat	160,388
Tallmadge, democrat 68	,873	Hoard, republican	132,068
T : 1 :122	,764	Alexander, prohibition	132,068 11,246 5,447
Fairchild's majority 4	, 101	May, union labor	5,441
1869.		Peck's plurality	28,320
Fairchild, republican 69	,502 ,239	Peck's majority over all	11,627
Robinson, democrat	, 239		
	969	1892.	
Fai child's majority 8	,263	Peck, democrat	178,245
1871,		Spooner, republican	ر 170,538 _~
Weehburn republican 78	,301	Butt, peopleRichmond, prohibition	9,640
Doolittle, democrat	,910	Richmond, prohibition	13,265
	001		
Washburn's majority	9,391	Peck's plurality	

¹ This certificate was set aside by the Supreme Court.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.—Continued.

	TIOINIE VOIE.—Continued.
1894. Peck, democrat. 142,25 Powell, people. 25,60 Cleghorn, prohibition 11,24 Upham, republican 196,110	
Upham's plurality 53,866	Coof-131- 1 111
1894-	VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, -1896. ate board of canvassers.
	ate ovara of canvassers.
1896.	1894.
For Governor.	For Governor.
Willis C. Silverthorn, dem 169, 257 Joshua H. Berkey, pro. 8, 140 Edward Scoffeld, rep. 264, 981 Robert Henderson, nat. 407 Christ Tuttrop, soc. lab. 1, 306 Scoffeld's plurality. 95, 724	George W. Peck, dem. 142, 250 D. Frank Powell, peo. 25, 604 John F. Cleghorn, pro. 11, 240 William H. Upham, rep. 196, 116 Upham's plurality. 53, 866
For Lieutenant Governor.	For Lieutenant Governor.
Horatio H. Hoard, dem. 167,640 Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton, pro 8,840 Emil Baensch, rep. 265,704 Henry Reese, soc. lab 1,299 Baensch's plurality 98,064	Adolph J. Schmitz, dem 137,128 Frank Smock, peo 24,676 Ole Br. Olson, pro 11,455 Emil Baensch, rep 198,181 Baensch's plurality 61,053
For Secretary of State.	For Secretary of State.
Cyrus M. Butt, dem. 167,590 Eugene B. Knowlton, pro. 8,085 Henry Casson, rep. 265,832 Jacob Rummel, soc. lab 1,321 Casson's plurality 98,242	Thomas J. Cunningham, dem. 137,585 Mellen P. Larabee, peo. 24,452 Thomas J. Van Maber, pro. 10,969 Henry Casson, rep. 197,710 Casson's plurality 60,125
For State Treasurer.	For State Treasurer.
William F. Pierstorff, dem 167,626 Lorenzo Grandall, pro 8,100 Sewell A. Peterson, rep 265,808 John Riedel, soc. lab 1,330 Peterson's plurality 98,182	John Hunner, dem 137,775 German Scherzinger, peo 24,405 William Johnston, pro 11,161 Sewell A. Peterson, rep 197,742 Peterson's plurality 59,967
For Attorney General.	For Attorney General.
Henry I. Weed, dem. 167,707 Albert E. Dixon, pro. 1,359 William H. Mylrea; rep. 265,690 George C. Jones, nat. 6,755 Otto R. E. Gundermann, soc. lab. 1,266 Mylrea's plurality 97,983	James L. O'Connor, dem 137, 483 Carl Runge, poo 24, 445 Charles W. Lomas, pro 11, 214 William H. Mylrea, rep 197, 709 Mylrea's plurality 60, 226
For State Superintendent.	For State Superintendent.
Francis Cleary, dem. 167, 319 William L. Morrison, pro. 8, 064 John Q. Emery, rep. 235, 940 Herman Seibt, soc. lab 1, 322 Emery's plurality 98, 621 For Railroad Commissioner	William H. Schultz, dem 137,565 John Ulrich, pao 24,641 Ephraim Eate 11,229 John Q. Emery, rep 197,063 Emery's plurality 59,498
Charles E Kalls dom	For Kai road Commissioner.
Ole A. Christensen, pro. 8, 121 Duncan J. McKenzie, rep 265, 672 August Greifenhagen, soc. lab. 1, 330 McKenzie's plurality 98,024 For Commissioner of Insurance.	George C. Prescott, dem. 137, 267 Nicholas F. Lawler, peo. 24, 693 John W. Evans, pro. 11, 239 Duncan J. McKenzie, rep. 197, 289 McKenzie's plurality. 60,030
Frederick W. Thal, dem 167 202	For Commissioner of Insurance.
Frederick W. Thal, dem. 167, 205 James E. Broadwell, pro. 8, 135 William A. Fricke, rep. 265, 893 Fred Schuster, soc. lab 1, 324 Fricke's plurality 98, 688	Olaf R. Skarr, dem. 136,523 Henry Stoltze, peo. 24,616 Thomas Edwards, pro. 11,211 William A. Fricke, rep. 197,343 Fricke's plurality. 60,820

TABULAR STATEMENT of votes given for justice of the Supreme Court of the state of Wisconsin at the judicial election held on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1896.

Counties.	Roujet D. Marshall.	Defec- tive.	Blank.	Scat- tering.	Totals.
Adams	681			2	684
Ashland	2,159			2	2,161 1,540
Barron	1,540 930	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3	933
Bayfield	4,743			ĭ	4,744
Bayfield	1,250				1,250
Burnett	763			2	765
Calumet	1,089		406		1,495
Chippewa	2,964	•••		5	2,964 $2,241$
Clark	2,236 $2,191$	•••••		١	2,191
Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford	1,527		51		1,578
Dane	6,334			6	6,340
Dodge	1,265			8	1,273
Door	1,950		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	1,954
Douglas Dunn	3,285				3,285 1,951
Eau Claire	1,951 3,328			11	1,339
Florence	406			2	408
FlorenceFond du Lac	3,790				3,790
Forest	108				108
(4rant	2,508		2	30 9	2,540 1.827
Green	1,818 1,279			١	1,827 1,279
Green Lake	2,719	35	90	31	2,875
Iron	299				299
Jackson	1,556	12	56	13	1,637
Tofforoon	2,640	} · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8 6	2,648
Juneau	1,946 1,397		311	i	1,952 1,709
Kenosha	2,216		011	1	1,709 2,216
La Crosse					5,020
Lafavette	1,756			3	1,759
Lafayette Langlade Lincoln	i 1,598∙			33	1,601
Lincoln	1,602		100	$\frac{4}{2}$	1,706 3,979
Manitowoc	3,977 4,870			4	4,870
	1.461		1	3	1,464
Marquette	1,173				1,17
Milwaukee	$21,772 \\ 2,226$			51	21,82
Marquette Milwaukee Monroe	2,226 1,745			35	2,220 1.780
Oconto Oneida	1,743			99	720
Outagamie	3,305	22	35	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,36
O-avileas	1 167				1,16
Pepin	357		∼	1	35
Pierce	1,115			9	1,11 1,79
Ozatikee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage	1,789 2,805			9	2,80
Drigo	1 1. 1171				1,10
Racine	1 - 2,967		891	2	3,86
Richland	. 1,559			30	1,58
Rock	4,241		. 340	24	4,60
St Croix	996		.		99 2,42
SaukSawyer	2,421 164				2,42
Shawano	2, 225			7	2, 23
Shahaygan	1 - 3.002		. 297	1	1 3.30
Taylor	1,199		. 94	1	1,29
Taylor	1,749	108		15	1,87
				. 16	2,67
VilasWalworth	2,637	1	140	13	2,79
Washburn'	. 585	1	.1	. l	58
Walworth. Washburn' Washington	1,211			.	1,21
				· · · · · · · · <u>·</u> · ·	2.52
Waupaca Waushara	2,495			. 5	2,50
Waushara Winnebago	. 1,654		.		1,65 2,20
Wood	2,198 2,208			. 11	2,21
11004		-1		-	· ————
	. 161,2)8	177	2,813	· 411	164,69

VOTES GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

At elections held in the several judicial circuits, April 7, A. D. 1896.

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Counties.	George W. Burnell.	Byron S. Sanders.	Blank and Scattering.	Totals.
Calumet. Green Lake	1, 415 1, 637 3, 341	235 177 1,040	241	1,891 1,814 4,382
Totals	6,393	1,452	242	8,087

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	Charles M. Webb.	C D. Mc- Farland.	Scattering.	Totals.
Portage. Waupaca. Waushara Wood. Totals	3, 322 2, 893 1, 807 2, 365 10, 387	2	1 1 2	3, 322 2, 896 1, 807 2, 366

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	E.B. Bundy.	Eugene W. Helms.	Scattering.	Totals
Buffalo Dunn Pepin Pierce St. Croix Totals	1,556 2,016 577 1,514 2,206	1,161 1,857 708 1,932 2,418 8,075	1 1 2	2,717 3,874 1,285 3,447 4,621

NINTH CIRCUIT.

Counties.	Robert G. Siebecker.	Scattering.	Totals.
Adams Columbia Dane Marquette Sauk	2,515 7,686		70 2,57 7,70 1,18 2,98
Totals	15,133	18	15, 15

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

(To fill vacancy caused by the appointment of Judge R. D. Marshall to the Supreme Bench.—Unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 1900.)

COUNTIES.	Aad John Vinje	Scattering	Totals.
Barron Burnett Chippewa Douglas Polk Washburn Totals	2,374 3,382 1,720 586	9	1,411 725 2,374 3,382 1,729 586 10,207

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

(To fill vacancy caused by death of Judge A. Jcott Sloan.—Unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 190?.)

Counties.	James J. Dick.	Warham Parks.	Thomas C. Martin.	Scattering.	Totals.
DodgeOzaukeeWashingtonWaukesha	5,638 885 1,228 1,960	2,361 602 1,606 3,735	325 185 285 612	2	8, 326 1, 672 3, 119 6, 309
Totals	9,711	8,304	1,407	4	19,426

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1896. For Session of 1897, Elected in 1894 and 1896.

 ENA	TO	RS

Dis- trict.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	61,872	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	DeWayne Stebbins, Rep	6, 332	1,761	C. C. Dally, Dem and Peo G. A. Jackson, Pro	4,571 206
2	63,962	Brown and Oconto	indian of Indian, Rop.	7,600	1,993	Benj. A. Godfradson, Dem Edward, Cauldy, P10	5,607 140
3	58,658	Kenosha and Racine	Ernst G. Timme, Rep	6,381	2,261	Adam Apple, Dem	4,120
4	56,118	The sixth, thirteenth, eighteenth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the towns of Granville and Mil-				— Rhodês, Pro	329 1,915
_		waukee	J. Herbert Green, Rep	6,262	904	Fred. C. Fass, Dem. Pop Jac. Four, Soc. Labor	5,358
5	59, 252	The first, second, third, fourth, seventh, fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee	William Harvey Austin, Rep	5,697	2,704	William G. Bruce. Dem	161 2,993
6	59, 417	The ninth, tenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee	William H. Devos, Rep	6,821	1,855	- McAuliffe, Peo	1,875
. 7	57,722	The fourteenth and seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wau- watosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wau-			1,000	Max Hottelett, Dem. Pop Chas. Pample, Soc. Labor	4,966 238
		watosa	Charles T. Fisher, Rep	6,780	520	Geo. Winans, Dem	3, 130
8	55,413	The fifth, eighth, eleventh and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee	Julius E. Roehr, Rep	6,681	1,081	Michael Kruszka Dem Pop	1,425 5,600
9	54,727	The counties of Adams, Marquette, Wau-			_,002	Oswald Schubert, Soc. Labor	126
	10.010	shara and Wood	Clarence E. Peirce, Rep	6,716	2,516	Isaac L. Alsbacher, Dem	4.200
10	48,910	Pierce and St. Croix	Dempster W. Woodworth, Rep	7,035	3,038	Mark M. Sanderson, Dem. Peo Melvin Johnson, Pro	3, 997 333

				•			
11	51,995	Burnett, Douglas and Polk.	Thomas B. Mills, Rep	8,820	4, 0.	David Dobie, Dem	4,417 1,876
12	63,303	Ashland, Parron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn	Clarence A. Lamoreux, Rep	10,315	5,339	A. E. Kennedy, Dem	4,966
13	47,851	The county of Dodge	Michael E. Burke, Dem	4,945	705	C. A. Pettibone, Rep Charles S. Williams, Pop	4, 240 170
14	66,977	Outagamie and Shawano	Alex. B. Whitman, Rep	8,427	2,691	H. R. McComb, Dem. and Pop J. B. Sanborn, Pro B. M. Gurnee, Nat	5,733 196 52
15	58,546	Calumet and Manitowoc	John E. McMullen, Dem	4,851	914	Fred. Schwalbe	$3,940 \\ 344$
16	61,819	Grant and Iowa	Charles Henry Baxter, Rep	8,440	2,713	Morton Eastman	5,727
17	61,000	Green and Lafayette, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth. Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit, in the	•				
		county of Rock	Henry Clay Putnam, Rep	7,129	3,915	Edward Drotning, Dem	3,214 741 526
18	63,375	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	Lyman W. Thayer, Rep	8,229	1,612	Benjamin F. Smeed, Dem Scattering	$\substack{6,617\\2}$
19	57,627	The county of Winnebago	Charles W. Davis, Rep	6,591	2,870	Lucas M. Miller, Dem	$3,721 \\ 371$
20	64,941	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	Fred A. Dennett, Rep	8,263	2,917	Jens P. Jasperson, Pop James Leahy, Dem. Pop	$ \begin{array}{r} 878 \\ 5,346 \end{array} $
21	59,324	Portage and Waupaca	John Phillips, Rep	7,637	4,098	A. R. Lea, Dem	3,539
22	50,352	The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo and the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson.	John M. Whitehead, Rep	7,105	2,380	Geo. Ratcliff, Pro. W. W. Reed, Dem W. T. Vankirk	603 4,725 1

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—SENATORS—Continued.

Dis- tric.	Population,	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.		Vote.
23	47,449	The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson.	Albert Solliday, Dem	5,611	375	Edwin Huebert, Rep	5,236 326
24	57,670	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin	John W. Whelan, Rep	7,943	4,086	Victor Wolf, Dem John D. Elldridge, Pro	3,857 225
25	57,940	Clark and Marathon	Clarion A. Youmans, Rep	5,607	2,050	Hiram P. Graham, Dem Peter Truax, Pro	3,557 18
26	65,669	The county of Dane	Chauncey B. Welton, Rep	9,016	2,409	William Charlton, Dem J. B. Smith, Pro	6,607 438
27	63,787	Columbia and Sauk	William F. Conger, Rep	5,637	1,443	Evan W. Evans, Dem	4,194 390
2 8	63,857	Crawford, Richland and Vernon	Oliver G. Munson, Rep	9,361	4,140	B. F. Washburn, Fusion A. J. Shauff	5,221 1
29	53,733	Chippewa and Dunn	James H. Stout, Rep	7,298	5,893	Carl PreperScattering	1,405 10
30	56,611	Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas	Daniel E. Riordan, Rep	10,837	3,495	H. R. Fehland, Dem	6,195
31	61,826	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	James J. McGillivray, Rep	8,573	4,753	J. R. Hinckley, Dem D. L. Brown, Pro	3,820 491
32	65,573	La Crosse and Trempealeau	Levi Withee, Rep	9,545	4,806	Hiram E. Simpson, Dem	4,739
33	60,639	Washington and Waukesha	Stephan F. Mayer, Dem	6,095		No opposition	
Total	1,937,915		<u> </u>				

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1896.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

No.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Counties.	Counties. Elected. Vote		Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	20,122	Barron constitutes an asssembly district.	Jonathan J. Smith, Rep	2,741	1,380	S. W. Hines, Dem. Pop Samuel Dowd, Pro	1,361 146
⊵ 2	17,744	Calumet constitutes an assembly district.	Joseph Wolfinger, Dem	1,662	131	William Greverus, Rep Charles Hatch, 1'eo	1,531 266
V3	21,342	Clark constitutes an assembly district	Joseph C. Marsh, Rep	3,312	1,979	Sert L. Bailey, Dem. Pop Joseph Dix, Pro	1,333 96
<u>.</u> 4	17,203	Crawford constitutes an assembly district.	James O. Davidson, Rep	2,269	694	Peter N. Peterson, Dem. Pop	1,575
1 5	16,969	Door constitutes an assembly district	Henry Overbeck, Jr., Rep	2,298	1,294	Joseph Harris, Dem. Pop	1,004
6	25,006	Dunn constitutes an assembly district	Albert R. Hall, Rep	3,332	1,868	John R. Mathews, Dem. Pop O. W. Massee, Pro	1,464 140
U7	23,420	Green constitutes an assembly district	Nathaniel B. Treat, Rep	3,055	661	Frank H. Smock, Pop	2,394 152 1
υ΄ 8	15,939	Green Lake constitutes an assembly dist.	Hans H. Olson, Rep	2,090	540	Henry Volkman, Dem	1,550
L 9	23,447	Iowa constitutes an assembly district	William A. Jones, Rep	3,263	1,196	John M. Smith, Dem. Pop N. H. Snow	2,067 1
·(, 1 0	16,722	Jackson constitutes an assembly district.	Addison W. Merrill, Rep	2,767	2,016	John Lewis, Dem	751 1
J 11	18,754	Juneau constitutes an assembly district	Frank E. Hurd, Rep	2,769	1,073	Freedom R. Potter, Dem Elbridge G. Dodge, Pro	
12	17,548	Kenosha constitutes an assembly district.	John F. Reynolds, Rep	2,691	877	John M. Orvis, Dem	. 60
13	17,632	Kewaunee constitutes an assembly district	Maynard T. Parker, Rep	. 1,864	202	P. R. Heffernen, Dem	1,662

ECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE — Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN-Continued.

No.	Popula- tion in 1895.	C		Vote.	Plurality over next highest.		Vote.
V14	21,488	Lafayette constitutes an assembly district.	George P. Shaffer	2,849	580	Charles Burris, Dem Nelson Ladue	2,269 115
15 س	27,271	Marinette constitues an assembly district	George W. Taylor, Rep	4,098	2,107	John E. Wilson, Dem	1,991
16	26,350	Monroe constitutes an assembly district	David F. Jones, Rep	3,598	1,143	William Hornermiller, Dem Loren Dowe, Pop	2,455 14
· 17	18,339	Oconto constitutes an assembly district	Leslie C. Harvey, Rep	2,791	1,487	William Guthrie, Fusion	1,304
V ¹⁸	16,545	Ozaukee constitutes an assembly district.	Herman Schellenberg, Dem	1,835	330	Wm. H. Rintelmann, Rep F. X. Kloety, Pop	1,505 212
L 19	23,040	Pierce constitutes an assembly district	George E, Pratt, Rep	3,713	2,317	Frank Alexander, DemLyal B. Walker, Pro	1,396 177
20	19,619	Richland constitutes an assembly district	Wm. M. Fogo, Rep	2,540	407	F. O. Smith, Dem. Pop John Maly, Pro	2,133 158
21	25,870	St. Croix constitutes an assembly district.	,	3,315	668	William C. Bradley, Dem. Pop Elisha G. Partridge, Pro	2,627 149
22	22,573	Shawano constitutes an assembly district	Otto A. Risum, Rep	2,995	1,492	Otto O. Wiegand, Dem Charles A. Horgert, Pop	1,503 144
23	21,963	Trempealeau constitutes an assembly district	Joseph B. Beach, Rep	3,322	1,914	Albert J. Bautch, Dem. Peo Michael J. Warner, Dem C. E. Olson	1,408 1 2
24	27,035	Vernon constitutes an assembly district	Emilus S. Goodell, Rep	4,264	2,503	Chris. Ellefson, Fusion. E. W. Shreve. E. V. Wernick	1,761 1
25	24,077	Washington constitutes an assembly district	William H. Froehlich, Rep	2,845	382	George W. Jones, Dem	2,463

		TT 1 dia to a complete dia t	ſ	ſ	1				
26	15,355	Waushara constitutes an assembly district	William Hughes, Rep	3,207	2,765	John Morrisey, Dem	$\begin{array}{c} 442 \\ 107 \end{array}$		
27	21,637	Wood constitutes an assembly district	Herman C. Wipperman, Rep	2,657	643	James K. P. Hiles, Dem E. C. Yout, Pro	$\substack{2,014\\1}$		
Ç 2 8	17,735	Adams and Marquette constitute an assembly district	Solon W. Pierce, Rep	2,497	1,986	John A. Henry, Ind. Rep Scattering	511 11		
Z 29	22,579	Ashland and Iron constitute an assembly district	Mathew Connors, Rep	3,973	1,691	Bert. Williams, Dem. Pop	2,282		
∠ 30 .	20,602	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn consti- tute an assembly district	King G. Staples, Rep	3,074	1,610	A. M. Warden, Dem	$\substack{1,464\\442}$	ELECTION	
✓ 31	24,498	Buffalo and Pepin constitute an assembly district	Samuel F. Plummer, Rep	3,544	1,792	Alex. Lees, Dem	1,752	CTI	
32	22,009	Burnett and Polk constitute an assembly district	Lester B. Dresser, Rep	2,383	819	J. H. Jensen Simon Thorson, Ind. Rep A. M. Greely, Fusion	1 1,564 1,025		
33	15, 230	Forest, Florence and Langlade constitute an assembly district	George W. Latta, Rep	1,984	480	John Byrne, Dem	1,504	ATI	
34	23, 263	Lincoln and Taylor constitute an assembly district	William H. Flett, Rep	3,070	508	Charles F. Groencke, Fusion Thomas Brehan George Shattuck	2,562 1 2	STATISTICS.	
U 35	18,118	Oneida, Price and Vilas constitute an assembly district	Gid. H. Clark, Rep	3,584	1,965	Casper Faust, Dem	1,619		
≥ 36	22,823	1st district, Brown	Thos. J. McGrath, Rep	2,794	1,070	John E. Shaughnessey, Dem Dr. W. M. Bingsdorf, Pro	1,724 61		
<i>-</i> ≥ 37	22,800	2d district, Brown	John M. Hogan, Rep	2,452	259	Anton Vander Heiden, Dem	2,193		
38	14,211	1st district, Chippewa	Chas. A. Stanley, Rep	1,685	182	Albert Nunke, Dem. Pop John P. Shattuck, Pro			-
<i>!_</i> 39	14,516	2d district, Chippewa	John W. Thomas, Rep	1,931	495	Henry Kramer, Dem	1,436	319	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE — Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN-Continued.

No.	Popula- tion in 1895.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.		Vote.
·,,,,, • 4 0	15, 122	1st district, Columbia	Lemuel P. Hindes, Rep	2,229	946	L. Kleimenhagen, Dem Owen J. Owens, Pro	1,283 117
41	15,746	2d district, Columbia	George Wylie, Rep	2,573	1,473	Samuel Sampson, Dem. Pop Robert F. Roberts, Pro	1,100 168
42	22,002	1st district, Dane	Daniel Bechtel, Dem	2,831	59	Chas. F. Cronk, Pro George B. Burrows, Rep	198 2,772
× 4 3	21,421	2d district, Dane	Christ. Legried, Rep	3,466	1,022	Geo. L. Saunders	1,444 176
44	22,246	3d district, Dane	Oscar F. Minch, Dem	2,608	214	C. G. Lappley, Rep	2,394 153
∠ 45	24, 284	1st district, Dodge	Jesse A. Clasou, Rep	2,946	532	Herman Rosenkranz, Dem	2,414
_ 46	23, 567	2d district, Dodge	Samuel R. Webster, Rep	2,770	284	H. S. Gilmore, Dem	2,486
47	15,016	1st district, Douglas	James H. Agen, Rep	2,038	872	O. H. Perry, Fusion	1,166
48	14,970	2d district, Douglas	Jarvis White, Rep	2,074	707	Andrew G. Newbergh, Pop	1,267
L-49	16,576	1st district, Eau Claire	Byron A. Buffington, Rep	2,178	840	Frank R. Sebenthal, Dem., Pop.	1,338
50	16,596	2d district, Eau Claire	Horace N. Polley, Rep	2,245	957	Obadiah Works, Fusion Frank Sebenthal, Pro	1,288 1
51	23,499	1st district, Fond du Lac	Louie A. Lange, Dem	3,132	621	Jacob Waldschmidt, Rep	2,511
52	23,937	2d district, Fond du Lac	Wynn Edwards, Rep	3,515	1,671	J. William Burns, Dem Irving Hemmingway, Pro	1,844 105
53	18,917	1st district, Grant	Thos. McDonald, Jr., Rep	2,677	912	J. J. Oswald, Dem	1,765
54	19,455	2d district, Grant	Adelbert L. Utt, Rep	2,559	593	Joseph Shepherd, Dem	1,966

	L	55	18,287	!st dis'rict, Jefferson	Jesse Stone, Rep	2,293	767	Thomas Shinnick, Dem	1,526	
	1-	56	18,030	2d district, Jefferson	Gilbert Rutherford, Rep	2,084	38	Lewis Benson, Dem	2,046	
	217	57	21,851	1st district, La Crosse	George H. Ray, Rep	3,291	1,641	R. C. Kuhn, Fusion H. C. Miller, Pro	1 ,650 65	
,	7	58	21,759	2d district, La Crosse	Mark M. Buttles, Rep	2,933	1,414	Frederick Schnell, Dem Cornelius Hoffman, Pro Frederick Schnen, Pop	$\substack{\textbf{1,519} \\ 121 \\ 60}$	
	L	59	20,119	1st district, Manitowoc	Charles Wm. Sweeting, Rep	2,500	821	Adelph Rodwald, Dem Walter Besant, Pop	$\substack{\textbf{1,679}\\\textbf{141}}$	
		60	20,683	2d district, Manitowoc	Fred. C. Maertz, Dem	1,975	123	J. R. Currens, Rep F. Althew. Peo	$\substack{\textbf{1,852}\\379}$	ഥ
	2	61	18,174	1st district, Marathon	Henry M. Thompson, Rep	1,870	23	C. E. Fish, Dem	1,847	Æ
	,	62	18,424	2d district, Marathon	Marcus H. Barnum, Rep	2,092	170	E. J. Andersson, Dem. Pop	1,922	II
		63	20,871	1st district, Milwaukee	Charles H. Welch, Rep	2,949	634	Charles S. Hart, Fusion	2,315	ELECTION
		64	19,626.	2d district, Milwaukee	Charles Polachek, Rep	2,895	645	Louis Wiemann, Dem. Pop	2,250	
		65	20,520	3d district, Milwaukee	Barney A. Eaton, Rep	2, 192	674	F. E. Mansfield, Pop	1,818	TA.
		66	18,755	4th district, Milwaukee	Frank A. Anson, Rep	3,141	1,675	Samuel Isaac, Dem. Pop	1,466	1
		67	21,152	5th district, Milwaukee	Charles N. Frink, Dem. Pop	2,621	174	T. L. Mitchell, Rep Carl Kowalsky, Soc. Labor	$2,447 \\ 39$	STATISTICS
		68	24,581	6th district, Milwaukee	Charles Niss, Jr., Rep	2,778	125	J. F. Schindler, Dem. Pop William Koppel, Soc. Labor	2,653	\mathbf{S}
		.69	20,057	7th district, Milwaukee	Emerson D. Hoyt, Rep	3,424	2,062	John J. Crowley, Dem	1,362	
		70	15,618	8th district, Mi.waukee	John F. Burnham, Rep	2,127	. 661	Mathias Peldt, Dem. Pop Rudolph Wilke, Soc. Labor	1,463 29	
		71	16,933	9th district, Milwaukee	Reinhard Klabunde, Rep	1,778	217	Ed. Berner, Dem. Pop	1,561 60	
		72	16,052	10th district, Milwaukee	Albert Woller, Rep	1,871	517	Charles F. W. Mass, Fusion Emil Krentz, Soc. Labor	1,354 54	
		:73	18,643	11th district, Milwaukee	Julius Feige, Rep	1,898	260	August Schmidt, Fusion W. Dobrowski, Soc. Labor	1,638 51	321

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN-Continued.

No.	Popula- tion in 1895.	Counties.	Elected.		Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
74	26,432	12th district, Milwaukee	Henry O. Reinholdt, Rep	3,317	1,427	O. W. Bow, Pop. Dem	1,890 118
75	15,291	13th district Milwaukee	John H. Yorkey, Rep	1,667	274	James F. Sullivan, Fusion Charles Minklez, Soc. Labor	1,393 56
76	17,145	14th district, Milwaukee	August M. Gawin, Dem	1,662	797	Andrew Reuter, Rep Cyborowski, Pop Carl Bartsch, Soc. Labor	506 865 18
77	16,246	15th district, Milwaukee	Chas. A. W. Krauss, Rep	1,981	842	Fred Frisch, Dem. Pop Carl Schultz, Soc. Labor	1,139 47
78	21,710	1st district, Outagamie	Bernard C. Wolter, Rep	2,618	563	Joseph Moyer, Dem	2,055 88
7 9	22,694	2d district, Outagamie	Chas. Clack, Rep	2,730	648	William Lamure, Dem Christ A. Anderson, Pro	2,082 64
∠ 80(14,442	1st district, Portage	Patrick H. Cashin, Dem	1,914	536	A. R. Week, Rep	1,378
81	14,089	2d district, Portage	Peter N. Peterson, Rep	2,142	1,191	John Een, Dem	951
L 82	21,463	1st district, Racine	William T. Lewis, Rep	3,049	827	Andreas Hanson, Dem	$2,222 \\ 73$
83	19,647	2d district, Racine	Thos. H. Mosher, Rep	2,606	686	Batty Gleason, DemJohn Rhodes, Pro	1,920 157
L 84	16,084	1st district, Rock	William G. Wheeler, Rep	2,235	736	John Winans, Dem	1,499
L 85	16, 238	2d district, Rock	Abner S. Flagg, Rep	2,748	1,566	Devalson E. Thorpe, Dem	1,182
£ 86	16,092	3d district, Rock	Chas. W. Merriman, Rep	3,157	2,229	Charles Jones, Dem. Pop Holver Cleophas John Winans, Dem.	928 3 2

87	16,523	1st district, Sauk	John M. True, Rep	2,540	1,531	James S. Weaver, Dem	1,009 183
88	16,396	2d district, Sauk	John E. Morgan, Rep	2,048	466	Henry W. Sorge, Dem	1,582
L-89	16,647	1st district, Sheboygan	Christian Ackerman, Rep	2,192	1,068	Charles Dean, Dem. Pop	1,124
₽ 90	16,089	2d district, Sheboygan	William F. Sieker, Rep	2,049	814	Frank Wedell, Dem. Pop	1,235
L 91	15,660	3d district, Sheboygan	George W. Wolff, Rep	2,291	977	Henry W. Fischer, Dem	1,314
	14,338	1st district, Walworth	William H. Hurlbut, Rep	2,510	1,626	David W. Agnew, Dem	884 157 90
L 93	14,824	2d district, Walworth	Leonard C. Church, Rep	2,788	1,922	Augustus P. Deigman, Dem Wm. C. Dean, Pro Peter J. Miseriz, Pop	866 169 60
C 94	18, 215	1st district, Waukesha	Delbert K. Smith, Rep	2,697	1,012	Math. J. Regan, Dem	$\substack{\textbf{1,685}\\8\textbf{4}}$
95	18,347	2d district, Waukesha	Omar L. Rosenkrans, Rep	2,677	1,094	Edw. M. Solverson, Dem C. J. Will, Pro	1,583 81
€ 96	16, 222	1st district, Waupaca	Ole C. Sether, Rep	3,077	2,347	H. Lindow, Dem S. A. Bannington, Pro	730 123
97	14,571	2d district, Waupaca	Andrew Jensen, Rep	2,332	1,541	G. Sullivan, Dem	791
<u>/</u> 98	19,372	1st district, Winnebago	George A. Buckstaff, Rep	2,487	445	D. W. Fernandees	2,042
99	19,372	2d district, Winnebago	Silas Bullard, Rep	2,250	365	Jens P. Jasperson, Dem. Pop	1,885
· 1 00	18,883	3d district, Winnebago	Frank T. Tucker, Rep	2,810	1,223	George C Cornish, Dem	1,587
Total	1,937,915		·				

TABLE SHOWING RELATIVE STRENGTH OF THE TWO LEADING POLITICAL PARTIES IN WISCONSIN, BY PERCENTAGE OF VOTES CAST BY EACH FOR GOVERNOR, IN 1892, 1894 AND 1896.

Compiled by Chas. A.	Phelps, U.	W.	Law School, '9	 Madison. 	Wis

		18:	92.			18	04.		1896.					
COUNTIES.	REPUBI	ICAN.	Демо	CRATIC.	REPUBI	LICAN.	DEMOC	RATIC.	REPUBI	LICAN.	DEMO	CRATIC.		
	Large majority.	Small majority.	Large majority.	Small majority.	Large majority.	Small majority.	Large majority	Small majority.	Large majority.	Small majority.	Large majority.	Small majority.		
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence FondduLae Forest Grant Green Jackson Jackson Juneau Kenosha	50 43 45 40 59 31	R. D. 48 47 51 45 48.6 44.6 49.8 46.7 47.5 42.4 48 46	D. R. 54 42 64 31 65 27 70 27 54.6 40.8 53 42	D. R. 48 42 46 45 46,9 45,2 47,9 45,2 48 46	R. D. 74.8 22 61 19 59 30 54 36 69.8 20 48.8 38.7 60.5 32.8 55.6 36.3 55.3 40.9 52.7 39 52.7 39 52.7 39 54.8 38 50.8 43.8 50.8 36 51.8 43.8 50.7 41 67 25.8 54.4 41.6 51.1 42.7	D. R. 48 45 48 47 48 46	R. D. 56 37 62 34 56 39 62 34 54.9 41	D. R.	R. D. 76.9 21.4 59.2 39.1 62.3 31.2 72.8 25.3 57.2 41.5 62.5 35.5 67.8 29.8 54.4 44.4 69.4 28.2 63.32.6 59.6 39.3 54.3 42.2 71.7 26.4 61.2 37.3 68.8 28.6 57.4 40. 68.8 28.6 57.4 40. 56.6 39.3 54.3 42.2 67.8 29.3 79.3 18.3 68.8 28.6 57.4 40. 61.2 37.8 61.3 37.2 67.8 21.8 61.3 37.2 61.2 37.8	R. D	D. R.	D. R.		

Kewaunee .	16		78 21		!	·			62.9 34	1	[]		5 1.3 48.2	{	[
La Crosse		1		44	43	46.9	33			.	64.3 33				
Lafayette		47 46		l .		52	42			.	54.8 42	.7 i			
Langlade			58 38							. 48.8 48.6	56.4 45	.9		1	
	3 1		50 33							. 40.7 38.7		1		1	51.7 47.5
Manitowoc.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	64 34			1			51 43				51.8 47.5		l
Manitowood			64 32		• • • • • •										52.7 46
Marathon		42 41	04 04		• • • • • •	57.4	35.8			. 10.0 20	69.5 28	.9			
Marinette			56 40		• • • • • •	58	39					.9		1	
Marquette.			1 20 40	48.2	48 9	47.8	31					.3			
Milwaukee.				40.4	40.4	52.2	40					.5			1
Monroe		47 46			• • • • • •	54.2	41					.6			-
Oconto			51 41	1.51.9.		59	30				68.9 29	.6			
Oneida	1			51.8	44.9	11			[1000 45 6	55 42	.0			
Outagamie.			60 35		• • • • • •		• • • • • •				1 55 42	١.,		55.7 43.2	
Ozaukee			76 22		<i>?</i>				65 30		70.7	.8			
Pepin	60 33				• • • • •	67	30								
Pierce	66 24.6					67	24					.6		. 	
Polk	59 24.4		J	1	• : 2 • ~ •	65	20				74.8 2	.3			
Portage	1	[50.8	45.2			49 48			11.20.20.5	,	53.2 45.6	i	
Price				52.1	42.1	59.6	34	J			70.7 2		J		
Racine		46 44				48	37				56.7 40	0.6		.	
Richland		l				56	34					.9			
Rock	54.8 37.8			1		61	32.5					1.2			
St. Croix	48.4 42.7					52	38					0.6			
Sauk		47 46				54	40					1.2		.	
Sawyer				50	40		. .	43 41			55.9 4			.	
Shawano		48 44						47 44				1.1			
Sheboygan.	11		56 40			48	39					2.1			
Taylor				53	42	53	38		l		63.3 3				
Trempeal'u						61	29				67.3 2	3.5			
Vernon	59.2 27.3			1		72	20		1		71.3 20	3.7	1	. . 	
Vernon Vilas			59 37	1			 .	42 38			61.1 3	3.3	1		
				1		66	26				. 70.1 2	5			
Walworth.				1	•••••	56	37		1		73.5 2	1.3			
Washburn .			61 38	1	• • • • • •	11		}·····		. 52.6 46.4			53 46.1		
Washingt'n			01 30	48	47	54	41			02.0 30.1		7.3			
Waukesha .			ļ	9.0	#1	65	29 '				75.5 2				
Waupaca	57 36.8				• • • • • •	78	15	1	1			.4			1
Waushara .	68 25		1	50	45	54	33		1		58.2 3	$\tilde{2}$	1	.	
Winnebago			54 42			61	35					0.8		.	
Wood			54 42		• • • • • •	01	99		1		1 01.0 4	,,,	,	.	
]	I	J	<u> </u>		11		•			1		1	J	

TABLE SHOWING PER CENT. OF POPULATION, ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THAT WHICH ACTUALLY DID VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1881-1896.

(Compiled by Chas. A. Phelps, U. W. Law School, Madison, Wis.)

COUNTIES.	Per cent.	PER	CENT.	ACTU	AL Vo	rers.	Per cent.		CENT. AC	
OURIZES.	voters, 1880.	1881.	1884.	1886.	1888.	1890.	voters, 1890.	1892.	1894.	1896.
Adams	28 29 23 24 35 30 30 25 225 26 26 27 30 25 25 23 .8 24 25 26 26 27 30 25 26	11 24 15 23 11 11 18 10 12 14 11 12 9 14 11.9 12 15 12 15 12 15 12 15 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	21 25 19 19 18 18 18 20 20 21 23 20 26 19 23 29 20 26 29 20 21 29 20 20 21 23 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	19 38 16 32 23 16 13 15 18 18 18 121 21 21 22 13 13 13 14 15 18 18 18 19 21 21 21 21 17 18 18 18 19 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	22 20.7 21 56 17 19 17 22 24 22 21 26 20 17 	15 18 15 18 15 35 11 11 14 16 21 17 12 21 19 13 15 19 18 16 16 16 17 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	27 44.6 27.2 42.9 24.42.9 25.4 24.1 26.6 27 27.8 25.3 28.2 27.6 24.6 45.6 27.7 26.6 27.7 26.6 27.7 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9 27.9	20. 4 24. 7 20. 5 39. 3 17. 6 19. 1 16. 2 17. 3 19. 22. 4 21. 5 19. 43 21. 5 19. 43 22. 2 22. 2 22. 2 23. 4	21.9 17.7 20.4 34.3 19.6 16.2 21 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 22.1 22.1	24.7 26.6 21.2 24.2 20.7 21.8 21.8 19.5 23.1 22.4 21.7 22.6 24.4 22.7 119.7 21.8 22.1 24.1 24.1 24.1 24.1 24.1 24.1 24.2 23.3
lowa	26 21, 9 26 22 23, 5 24, 5 44 22, 8 26 24 25, 7 25 25 25, 9 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	13.8 14 18 18 19 10 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	22.5 16 23 24 24 217 21 218 28 27 28 29 20 19 20 19 20 21 18 22 21 21 21 21 21 22 21 21 21 22 21 22 21 22 22	20.5 18 21 18 21 19 14 17 22 27 16 17 19 16 16 16 16 35 121 17 24 16 16 16 17 21 17 22 11 17 22 11 17 22 11 17 22 11 17 22 18 18 18 18 18 18	20 21 23 24 16 24 34 31 38 18 21 22 22 21 22 21 20 21 21 22 21 22 22 21 22 22 21 22 22 21 22 22	20	28 28 8 27 22 28 7 27 9 28 22 33 3 2 24 7 25 2 2 24 7 25 2 2 24 5 26 4 44 4 25 7 11 226 2 2 27 7 8 22 9 24 6 6 28 5 2 25 6 4 24 9 26 6 6 28 5 25 6 4 28 5 5 4 29 9 26 6 6 28 5 5 4 29 9 26 6 6 28 5 5 4 20 9 26 6 6 28 5 5 4 20 9 26 6 6 6 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	23.9 22.1.4 24.1.4 22.4.3 24.3.5 24.7.7 19.4.1 22.1.6 23.2 24.3.5 25.8 29.7 21.8 21.8 21.9 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8 21.8	231.5 21.9 21.9 21.9 22.9 23.7 24.5 25.9 21.5 22.9 23.7 23.5 24.5 25.9 26.5 27.5 28.7 29.7 20.9	23. 4 24. 5 26. 6 20. 1 24. 8 22. 2 24. 8 22. 2 24. 8 22. 1 23. 4 22. 1 23. 4 23. 4 24. 8 25. 3 26. 6 27. 1 28. 4 29. 2 21. 6 23. 7 23. 8 24. 9 25. 3 26. 6 27. 1 28. 4 29. 2 21. 6 21. 9 22. 1 23. 7 24. 8 25. 3 26. 6 27. 1 28. 4 29. 2 21. 6 21. 9 22. 1 23. 7 24. 8 25. 3 26. 6 27. 1 28. 8 28. 9 29. 2 20. 9 21. 9 22. 1 22. 2 23. 7 24. 6 25. 3 26. 6 27. 6 28. 7 29. 2 29. 2 20. 9 20.

Note.—Figures for 1880-1884 based on U. S. census, 1880. Figures for 1886-1890 based on state census, 1885. For 1892-1894, U. S. census, 1890. For 1896, State census, 1895.

PROPORTION OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN VOTERS IN WISCONSIN BY PERCENTAGES.

Compiled by Chas. A. Phelps, Madison, Wis.

Counties.	Percentage native voters.	Percentage foreign born voters.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Calumet Colippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac Forest Grant Green Lake Iowa Iron Jackson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse Lafayette Langlade Lincoln Manitowoc Marathon Marinette Marquette Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida Ozaukee. Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Richland Rock Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau Vernon Nen Richland Rock Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon Trempealeau Vernon	18.2 46.8 52.5 55.7 50.8 46.3 46.3 46.3 42.4 51.6 55.8 65.8 62.8 62.8 62.8 62.8 63.3 63.3 63.3 65.5 65.8 65.8 66.8 67.8 67.8 68.8	34.4 64.5 56.6 57.3 581.8 547.2 547.5 53.7 545.9 53.7 55.4 549.9 55.17 55.2 55.3 55.3 56.7 57.7 55.3 55.3 56.7 57.2 55.3 56.7 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.2 57.2 57
Vilas Walworth Washburn Washington Waukesha Waupaca Waupaca Winnebago Wood	68.8 45.6 49.6 53.2 48.8	31 2 54.4 50.4 46.8 51.2 38.5 49.9 57.7

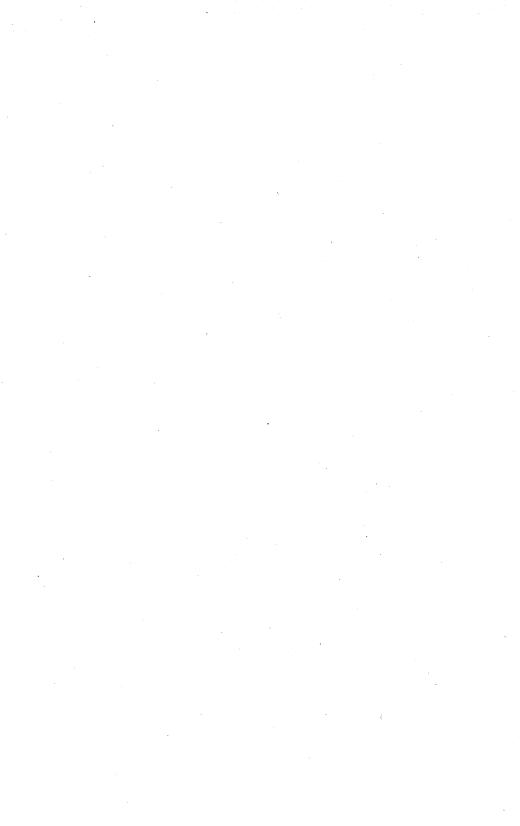


HON. JOHN L. MITCHELL, United States Senator. (Term expires March 4, 1899.)



PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.
WISCONSIN PRESS.
WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.
CENSUS.



THE STATE FINANCES.

Summary of Receipts and Disbursements for two years ending September 30, 1896.

BALANCE SHEET.

The balance to the credit of the several funds October 1st, 1	1895, were as fol	lows:
General School	\$36, 618 50 33, 104 02 33, 918 20 18, 799 34 32, 012 28 94, 333 18 28, 388 69 607 58 10, 810 87 240 99 4, 408 02 4, 513 57 3, 752 42 916 54	\$298,874 20 \$198,874 20
	1000 00 f	ollows.
The balances to the credit of the several funds October 1st. General School School Income University Agricultural College Normal School Drainage Delinquent tax Deposit Redemption St. Croix Deposit Wisconsin R. R. and Farm Mortgage Land Co. Columbia and Sauk Counties, indemnity Allotment Balance in Treasury	\$19, 819 248 40, 398 85 30, 151 47 64, 984 03 92, 446 17 32, 079 27 1, 183 26 10, 760 44 408 02 4, 446 64 3, 911 22 916 54	\$354,840 74 \$354,840 74
SUMMARY OF TOTAL RECEIP	TS.	
	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30, 1896.
General Fund. School Fund Income Normal School Fund Income Normal School Fund Income University Fund. University Fund Income Agricultural College Fund. Agricultural College Fund Income Drainage Fund De inquent Tax Fund Indemnity Fund. Redemption Fund. Redemption Fund. Columbia and Sauk Counties, Indemnity Fund.	\$03,813,31 139,848,26 151,288,78 19,016,69 245,128,76 37,028,21 37,874,77 31,095,68 7,815,59 5,272,59	\$2,124,567 57 247,205 09 829,177 89 207,477 99 236,441 81 21,352 13 406,932 68 73,071 75 14,900 38 33,735 66 8,214 91 14,004 51 59 73
Total	\$3,453,959 82	\$4,217,282 90

SUMMARY OF TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894, to Sept. 30, 1895.	Oct. 1, 1895, to Sept. 30, 1896.
General Fund School Fund School Fund Income Normal School Fund Income Normal School Fund Income University Fund University Fund University Fund Income Agricultural College Fund Agricultural College Fund Income Drainage Fund Delinquent Tax Fund Indemnity Fund Deposit Fund Redemption Fund Redemption Fund Redemption Fund	\$2,729,506 73 150,185 44 806,562 75 54,066 88 151,288 78 245,128 76 5,000 00 37,874 77 18,650 55 7,835 98 5,272 59	\$2,111,370 51 257,156 63 822,697 24 209,365 00 236,414 81 10,000 00 406,932 68 40,100 00 14,909 38 30,427 17 7,706 78 14,004 51 110 19 54 53
Wis, R. R. & Farm Mortgage Land Co. Fund	15 24	\$4,161,316 36
· · ·		

RECAPITULATION.

		Sept. 30, 1896.
Disbursements for two years Receipts for two years. Balance Sept. 30 1894. Balance Sept. 30, 1896.	\$7,671,242 72	\$8,373,228 88
Total	\$8,728,069 62	\$8,728,069 62

SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND RECEIPTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894,	Oct. 1, 1895,
	Sept. 30, 1895.	to Sept. 30 1896.
Annual tax for free high schools	\$50,000 00	\$50,000 00
Annual tax for taking care of chronic insane	62,719 02	8,849 25 67,811 43
Annual tax for State Hospital for insane	44.51G 38	40,251 28
Appropriation for Home for Feeble Minded	52,453 29	53,075 94 99,729 62
Appropriation for Fifth Normal School		10,000 00
Appropriation for manual training department. Special appropriation for normal school	••••	2,500 00 $72,000 00$
Charitable and penal institutions	34, 486, 38	80,059 56
Suit tax from counties	7,728 00 88.556 72	7,406 00 91,156 87
Life insurance companies	36,457 75	39,003 85
Accident and Guarantee insurance companies	6,560 13 1,174,970 93	3,344 41 1,172,742 12
Street railway companies		746 73
Palace and sleeping car companies. Telegraph companies.	5' 3 80 9,999 45	2,031 14 10,817 56
Telephone companies	9,838 99	9,744 64
Loan and trust companies	2,598 33 1,176 92	2,271 68 2,379 17
Fees	40,565 42	44,956 90
Refunds	51,079 99 106,849 39	461 26 253, 198 16
Total	\$1,788,809 52	\$2,124,567 57

SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND DISBURSEMENTS.

	Oct. 1, 1894,	Oct. 1, 1895,
	to Sept. 30, 1895.	to Sept.30,1896.
Executive department. State department Treasury department Attorney General's department State Superintendent's department Railroad department Insurance department Land department Land department Land department Guartermaster General's department Bureau of Labor Statistics Dairy and Food department Bank Examiner's department Bank Examiner's department Bank Examiner's department Board of Control Superintendent of Public Pproperty, office Historical Society State law library State Veterinary department Land protection State fish and game warden Supreme court Circuit courts Charitable and penal institutions Deaf mute instruction in cities State Chronic insane in counties Legislature, special session Legislature, special session Special appropriations	Sept. 30, 1895. \$9, 472 78 33,008 24 18, 346 11 5, 277 40 9, 310 18 5, 580 84 5, 588 36 17, 319 49 9, 290 44 3, 116 78 8, 580 77 9, 261 94 2, 554 96 300 00 18, 705 99 725 64 4, 801 66 4, 755 56 3, 661 36 4, 801 66 4, 77, 951 03 531, 089 25 10, 372 34 1 205 04 171 12 76, 814 87 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80 301, 796 80	
Miscellaneous	1,267,573 94	690,869 17
Total	\$2,729,506 73	\$2,111,370 51
RECAPITULATION.		
	Oct. 1, 1894,	Oct. 1, 1895,
	to Sept. 30, 1895.	to
Disbursements for two years. Receipts for two years. Balance Sept. 30, 1894. Balance Sept. 30, 1896.	\$3,913,377 09 977,315 71	\$4,840,877 24
	\$4,890,692 80	\$4,890,692 80

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to January 1, 1897. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican, Dem., Democrat, Pro., Prohibitionist, Peo., People's, Ind., Independent or Neutral, U. S., Universal Suffragist, Rel., Religious, Ed., Educational, Agr., Agricultural, T., Temperanco, M., Musical, Lit., Literary, Hu., Humorous. Soc., Socialistic, Ju., Juvenile, Com., Commercial, D., Daily, S. W., Semi-weekly, W., Weekly, M., Monthly, S. M., Semi-Monthly, Q., Quarterly, G., German, N., Norwegian, P., Polish, S., Swedish, H., Hollandish, Fin., Finish, F., French, B., Bohemian, Sk., Skandinavian, D., Danish, Im., Immigration.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Adams— Friendship	Adams County Press.	Solon W. Pierce	Rep	w.	Saturday.
Ashland	Ashland Herald Ashland News Ashland Press Chequamegon Critic. The Helping Hand	R. M. Voll Ashland News Co. J. M. Chapple & Co J. S. Duket S. E. Lathrop		D. & W. D. & W. D. & W. M.	Saturday. Wednesday. Saturday. Saturday.
Barron Barron Barron Chetek Cumberland Iie Lake Rice Rice Rice Rice Rice Rice Rice Ric	Barron Co. Shield Barron Republican Chetek Alert Cumberland Advocate New Wisconsin Rice Lake Times Rice Lake Chronotype The Rice Lake, Lead'r	Thos. Dovery Republican Pub. Co Walter Speed F. F. Morgan H. S. Comstock C. F. & A. M. Bone E. N. Bowers Ward L. Swift	Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep Dem Rep	W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Thursday
Bayfield Bayfield Washburn Washburn Washburn Washburn Washburn Washburn Washburn Washburn Bayfield Bay	Bayfield Co. Press Pioneer Itemizer News Times	Currie G. Bell Byron Ripley E. R. Barager F. T. Yates J. E. Jones	Rep Rep Rep Dem Rep	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Wednesday.
Brown— De Pere De Pere De Pere De Pere	Democrat News	Heyrman & Kuy- hers Halline & Hase Ed. Van de Castel Heyrm'n & Kuyh'r	Dem Rep Dem Dem	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Thursday. Wednesday

Counties and Towns.	Name of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Brown—Cont. De Pere Green Bay Green Bay Green Bay	De Gids (H.)	John Smith James Kerr & Son The Advocate Co. The Gazette Pub.		M. W. D.& W.	Saturday. Thursday.
Green Bay	Der Landsman (G)	Co Lehm'n&R'bins'n	Rep Dem	D. & W. W.	Wednesday. Wednesday.
Buffalo— Alma Mondovi Fountain City.	Buffalo Co. Journal. Mondovi Herald Buffalo Co. Republi- kaner and Alma	E. F. Ganz Houser & Smith	Rep Rep	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
,	Blaetter	Republikaner Pub Co	Ind	w.	Thursday.
Burnett— Grantsburg Grantsburg	Sentinel The Journal of Burnett Co	W. Hoffstead& Co	Rep In. R.	w. w.	Thursday. Friday.
CALUMET— Brillion Chilton Chilton	Brillion News Chilton Times Wis. Demokrat (G)	Buckle & Bing W. A. Hume Henry Arnold	Ind Dem Rep	W. W. W.	Friday. Saturday. Friday.
CHIPPEWA— Appolonia´ Bloomer	App. Budget Bloomer Advance	E. J. Hill F. E. & J. E. An- drews.	Rep	w. w.	Friday. Thursday.
Cadott Chipp'waFalls Chipp'waFalls Chipp'waFalls	Cadott Blade Catholic Sentinel Chippewa Herald Chippewa Times	W. R. Munroe Arthur Gough Herald Ptg. Co Chippewa Valley		D. & W.	Friday. Thursday. Friday.
Chipp'waFalls		Pub Co	Dem . Ind	W. D.	Tuesday.
Chipp'waFalls Stanley Stanley	Der Talbote Stanley Journal Stanley Republican	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co F. W. Grumm T. J. Cunningham Bridgman Bros	Dem . Dem . Rep	D. W. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
CLARK— Colby Greenwood Loyal Neillsville	Colby Phonograph Greenwood Gleaner Loyal Tribune Deutsch-Amerikaner	Shafer Bros Gleaner Pub. Co. D. V. Richardson	Dem Ind Rep	W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Friday.
Neillsville Neillsville Thorp Columbia	(G)	Carl Rabenstein L. B. Ring J. H. Tifft Wm. Wagner Jas. A. Phillips	Rep Rep Rep Dem Ind	W. W. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Thursday. Thur day. Thursday. Thursday.
Columbia— Cambria Columbus Columbus Kilbourn City. Lodi Lodi Pardeeville Portage Portage Portage Portage Portage Portage Poynette Randolph Rio	Cambria News Columbus Democrat. Columbus Republic'n Mirror-Gazette Lodi Valley News Lodi Enterprise Pardeville Times Portage Democrat. Wis. State Register. Rundschau (G) Wecker (G) Poynette Press Randolph Reveille Columbia Co. Reporter.	Jos. E. Jones Peter Richards E. B. Yule F. A. Mathewson J. E. Jones Maurice Goodman Frank Heidt Mrs. G. A. Selbach G. L. Swartz D. W. Kutchin	Rep Rep Dem Ind Rep	W. W. W.	Saturday. Wednesday. Saturday. Saturday. Saturday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Triday. Triday. Thursday. Thursday.

Counties and Towns.	Name of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
CRAWFORD— Pra. du Chien. Pra. du Chien. Soldiers' Gr've Wauzeka	Courier Pra. du Chien Union. Crawford Co. Advau'e Kickapoo Chief	Wm. D. Merrill I. D. Hurlbut F. M. Cole Howe & Thomson	Dem Rep Rep Rep	W. W. W. W.	Tuesday. Thursday. Wednesday. Wednesday.
DANE— Belleville Blue Mounds Cambridge Cross Plains Deerfield Madson Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison	Recorder News Cambridge News Arrow Enterprise Aegis Bottschafter (G) Journal of Education Monona Lake Assm Our Church Work. Northwestern Mail School Visitor Old Deng	J. M. Williams G. G. Mandt Patterson& Banks R. B. Fredrick W. T. Hoxie Students Amerika Pub. Co. F. C. Blied & Co. F. C. Blied & Co. J. H. Stearns J. E. Moseley H. A. Miner H. A. Miner Deming & Proctor	Ea	W. W. W. W. W. W. Q. M. S. M.	Saturday. Tuesday. Friday. Friday. Saturday. Friday. Wednesday. Wednesday.
Madison Madison	Old Dane	G. G. Mandt State Journal Ptg Co Staats-Zeitung Co Democrat Ptg. Co	Rep Dem Ind	W. D. & W. W. D&S-W	Friday. Friday. Wednesday. Wed. & Sat.
Madison Madison Madison Madison Madison	Madisonian Cardinal Western Farmer Archon The Motor.	Sommers & Reynolds	Dem Ind Agr Lit Temp.	W. D. W. W. M.	Saturday. Thursday. Tuesday.
Madisor Madisor Marshall Mazomanie Middleton Mt. Horeb Oregon Stoughton Stoughton Stoughton Stoughton Stoughton Stoughton Werona De Forest Waunakee	Men of Madison Our Church Home Record Sickle Times Mt. Horeb Times Observer Courier Hub Normannen (Sk) Countryman Herald De Forest Times News	West H Falmer Co- High schol 1 pupils W. C. T. U	Rel Rel Ind Dem Ind Ind Rep Ind	M. Q. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Friday. Thursday.
Dodge— Beaver Dam Beaver Dam	Beaver Dam Argus Dodge Co. Citizen	B. F. Sherman & Son	Dem	W. W.	Thursday.
Fox Lake Horicon Juneau. Juneau. Juneau Beaver Dam Mayville Mayville Reeseville Waupun	Fox Lake Representative Horison Reporter Independent Telepoone Volksbote (G) Wayland Greetings Dodge Co Pioneer (G) Mayville News Reeseville Review Waupun Times	D. J. Hotchkiss. J. Ed. Sawyer Clifford Bros. John Kelley. J. C. Linhard Wayla'd Academy Jacob Mueller Henry Spiering H. L. Snow C. L. Coward	Rep Dem Ind Dem Rep Ed Rom Ind Ind	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Tues. & Fri. Tuesday. Friday. Tuesday.
Door— Sturgeon Bay. Sturgeon Bay.	Door Co. Advocate Door Co. Democrat	Frank Long John J. Pinney	Rep Dem	W.	Saturday. Saturday.
Douglas— Superior SouthSuperior. West Superior. West Superior. West Superior. West Superior.	Superior Times South S uperior Sun Evening Telegram. Superior Leader Inland-Oceau Superior Wave	Alluna C. Christi R. E. Kenyon & o Telegram Ptg. Co. Middleton Mfg. Co Scott & Ward F. B. Gregg	Rep	W. W. D. D. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Exc. Sun. Exc. Mon. Saturday. Saturday.

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DougLAS—Cont. West Superior. West Superior. West Superior.	Superior Citizen Tidende (Nor) Svenska Tribun	J. A. Monger Tidende Pub. Co . N. L. Bendz	Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Saturday.
DUNN— Menomonie Menomonie Menomonie Menomonie Colfax	Der Nordstern (G) Dunn Co. Herald Dunn Co. News Menomonie Times Wisconsin Signal Record	German Ptg. Co Frank F. Va-ey Flint & Weber Times Ptg. Co Sig. Pub. Co Aug. Kjelstorp	Ind Pro Rep Dem Peo Rep	W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Tuesday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday.
EAU CLAIRE— Augusta Augusta Eau Claire	Times Eagle Eau Claire Leader	Frank L. Clarke . G. O. Jones W. K. Atkinson &	Dem Rep	W. W. D.	Friday. Saturday. Exc. Mon.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire Weekly Leader	Sons	Dem	D.	Exc. Mon.
Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire	Eau Claire Free Press Eau Claire Gazette Reform (Sk.) Der Herold (G) Eau Claire Telegram	Sons	Dem Rep Peo Pro Dem Rep	W. D. & W. W. W. W. D. & W.	Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday. Wednesday
FLORENCE— Florence	Mining News	Youngs Bros	Ind	w.	Saturday.
Fond Du Lac- Brandon Fond du Lac Fond du Lac Fond du Lac	Brandon Times Reporter Saturday Reporter Commonwealth	Short Estate L. A. Lange L. A. Lange Commonwealth	Rep Dem Dem	W. D. W.	Thursday. Exc. Sun. Saturday.
Fond du Lac .	Commonwealth	Pub. Co Commonwealth	Rep	D.	Exc. Sun.
Fond du Lac Ripon Ripon Waupun	The Courier Ripon Commonw'lth Advance Press Waupun Leader	Pub. Co W.F. Weber C. H. Ellsworth Morse & Dunbar Oliver Bros	Rep Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W. W.	Friday. Wednesday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Forest— Crandon Three Lakes	Forest Republican Three Lakes Enter-	Crandon Pub. Co.	Rep	w.	Thursday.
Three Lakes	prise Forest Leaves	Enterprise Pub Co Wm. J. Neu	Rep Dem	W.	Saturday. Thursday.
Grant— Bloomington Boscobel Cassville Cuba City Fennimore	Cassville Index Cuba City News Fennimore Times Re-	Ernest Brooks Meyer & Johnson. John Foley Thos. C. Snyder	Rep Rep Ind	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday.
Lan caster Lancaster Lancaster Muscoda Platteville Platteville	view Grant County Herald Lancaster Teller Reporter Watchman Grant County News	Henry E. Roethe. C. R. Showalter. Edward Pollock. E. L. Howe A. J. Hood & Son W. L. Washburn. M. P. Rindlaub	Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep	w.	Wednesday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Wednesday. Wednesday.
Green— Albany Brodhead	Albany Vindicator Brodhead Independent	Charlton & Han-	Ind		Thursday.
Brodhead Brodhead Brodhead	Register	niford	Rep . Pr & I Rep . Suf	W:	Thursday. Wednesday

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Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
GREEN-Cont. Monroe	County Journal	L. A. Woodle and F. F. Turner John Odell	Ind	w	Tuesday.
Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Monroe Monticello Monticello	Evening Times Green Co. Herold (G.) Monroe Sentinel. Sun-Gazette Sun-Gazette Monticello News Monticello Messe n e	Robert Kohli	Ind Rep Pop Dem. Ind	W. D. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Wednesday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Monday.
GREEN LAKE— Berlin Berlin Dartford	Berlin Courant Berlin Journal Green Lake County	L. E. Davis C. G. Starks	-	W. D.&W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Markesan Kingston Princeton	Reporter	M. Carpenter Geo. H. Lawrence Wm. E. Williams. Beebe & Clark	Rep Dem Dem . Rep	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Iowa— Barneveld Barneveld Dodgeville Dodgeville Dodgeville Highland	Barneveld Banner Register and Friend. Dodgeville Chronicle Dodgeville Sun New Star Highlaud Weekly	A. McArthur	Ind Rep Rep Dem Ind	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday.
Linden Linden	Press	A. G. Roethe J. W. Taylor	Dem Ind	W. M.	Thursday.
Mineral Point.	Mineral Point Demo-	J. W. Taylor	Rep	W.	Wednesday.
Mineral Point	*rat Mineral Point Tri-	Crawford Bros	Dem	W.	Thursday.
Iron-	bune	Bennett Bros	Rep	₩.	Thursday.
Hurley Hurley	Iron Co. Republican. Montreal River Miner	W. H. Bridgman F. B. Hand	Rep	W.	Saturday.
Jackson— Black Riv.F'lls Black Riv.F'lls Merrillan	Badger State Banner Jackson Co. Journal Wisconsin Leader		Rep Rep Rep	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Friday.
JEFFERSON— Fort Atkinson. Fort Atkinson. Fort Atkinson Jefferson	Hoard's Dairyman Jefferson Co. Union Chronicle Jefferson Banner	W. D. Hoard & Co W. D. Hoard & Co M. S. Parker Banner Printing	Agr Rep Dem	W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Thursday.
Jefferson	Jefferson Co. Journal	Co	Dem	W.	Thursday.
Lake Mills Palmyra Waterloo Waterloo Watertown Watertown Watertown	Lake Mills Leader . Palmyra Enterprise. Waterloo Democrat Waterloo Journal Watertown Gazette . Watertown Times Watertown Republi-	Co	Dem Rep Dem Rep Dem Dem	W. W. W. W. W. D.	Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday.
Watertown	Watertown Welt- buerger(6.)	G. W. Norris D. Blumenfeld &	Rep	W.	Wednesday.
UNEAU—	<i>'</i>	Son	Dem	w.	Saturday.
Elrov. Mauston Mauston Necedah New Lisbon New Lisbon Wonewoc Wonewoc	Elroy Tribune Juneau Co. Chronicle Mauston Star Necedal Republican Juneau Co. Argus New Lisbon Times Wonewoc Gazette Wonewoc Reporter	T K. Dunn & Son. Chronicle Pub. Co J.F.Sprague & Son C. M. Hutchinson A. J. Shrake Chas. A. Leicht H. H. Dunn Reporter Pub. Co.	Rep Dem Rep Ind Dem Rep Dem	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday. Thursday.

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Kenos AA — Ke losha Zenosha Kenosha Kenosha Kenosha	Kenosha Gazette Kenosha News Telegraph Courier Volksfreund Kenosha Union	Frank C. Cully E. R. Head E. R. Head Geo. G. Gold J. A. Killeen	Dem Rep Rep Dem	D & W. D. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday.
Kewaunee Ahnapee Kewaunee Kewaunee Kewaunee	Ahnapee Record Kewaunee Co.Banner Kewaunee Enterprise Kewaunee Listy (B).	D. W. Stebbins K'waunee Ptg. Co A. C. Vochardt Bohemian Ptg. Co	Rep Dem Dem	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday.
La Crosse— Bangor La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse Vest Salem	Bangor Independent. Daily Press Argus Democrat Boycott's Budget. Morning Chronicle Nord Storn G. Nordstorn Blatter(G) Republican & Leader Voice of the Peopla. Tidende Onalaska Record. West Salem Journal	Richard Davis W.S. Luce E. W. Calkins F. R. Smith John Baenzinger Ellis B Usher C. Candrian A. Candrian W. R. Finch Wm. Raetzmann Fred. Wehre J. L. Hjort. W. J. Showers S. W. Brown Geo. W. Hall	Rep	D & W. W. D & W. D & W. S. W. S. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Saturday. Thursday. Friday. Tucsday. Tucsday. Wed. & Sat Friday. Wed. & Sat Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday.
LAFAYETTE— Argyle Bellmont Benton Blanch'rdville Darlington Dar ington Darlington	Argyle Atlas Bellmont Bee Mining Times . Blanchardville Blade Darlingt'n Democrat Darlington Journal . Darlington Republican	G. G. Gaskill Harry J. Burke H. A. Bresse Carl Chandler Frank McConnell H. L. Brown Jas. G. Monahan	Ind Ind Ind Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Shullsburg Shullsburg South Wayne.	Southwestern Local. Messenger	T. J. Law J. W. Blackstone & Son Francis Marble & Co	Ind Ind	w.	Saturday. Thursday.
LANGLADE— Antigo Antigo Antigo Antigo	Antigo Herald (G) Antigo Republican Langlade Co. Special Weekly News Item	Edward Goebel John A. Ogden W. H. Dawley Millard Pub. Co	Ind Rep Ind Dem	W. W. W. W.	Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
LINCOLN— Merrill Merrill Merrill Tomahawk Tomahawk	Lincoln Co, Anzieger (G) Merrill Advocate Merrill News Tomehawk Tomahawk Leader	F. W. Sallet C. N. Johnson A. T. Curtis Tomah'wk Pub Co W. M. Shirk	Dem Rep Dem Dem Rep	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Tuesday. Saturday. Saturday. Thursday.
Manitowoc— Kiel Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc	Kiel National Zeitung (G.)	Haelmel & Landon Carl G. Schmidt John Nagle Baensch & Guen- rich	Dem	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday.
Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc St. Nazianz Two Rivers		H. G. Kress Henry Sandford O. C. Schmidt H. C. Olsen	Rep Rep Dem Ind	W. W. W. <u>W</u> .	Wednesday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Tuesday.

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MARATHON— Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau	. Deutsche Pioneer (G. Pilot	E. B. Thayer EdgarT. Wheelock	Rep Rep Dem Rep Dem	w.	Saturday. Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday. Friday. Friday.
MARINETTE— Marinette Marinette Marinette Marinette Marinette Marinette Marinette Yeshtigo Wausaukee	Fremad N. Forposten SW. Marinette Co. Argus North Star Tribunen SW. Peshtigo Times	Carlson & Olson A. D. Pergoli	Rep Ind Rep Dem Rep Rep Ind Rep	W:	Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
Marquette— Montello Packwaukee . Westfield	News	Jas. Duff	Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday.
Milwaukee		estate	Ed	w.	Saturday.
Milwaukee		Co	Rep	D.	
Milwaukee	bau Zeitung (G.) Amerikanische Turn Zeitung (G.)	The Herold Co	Agr	S. M.	
Milwaukee		Freidenker Pub. Co	$\operatorname{Ind}\dots$	w.	Sunday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Au (G.)	ist Pub. Co Anton Gfrorner	A-Pro. Hu	W:	Saturday. Sunday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	freund (G.) Catholic Citizen Columbia (G.). Cammercial Letter. Cudahy Courier. Daily Appeal Deutsches Volksblatt Domacnost X Erholungsstunden(G) Erziehungs Blætter	Banner and Volks- freund Pub. Co. Citizen Co CatholicPtg.Soc'y F. W. Friese Sub. Pub. Co Appeal Pub. Co George Brumder Anton Nowak George Brumder.	Dem Ind Rel. V Com Dem Labor Ind	W. W. D. W. D. W. W. W. W.	Tuesday. Saturday. Thursday. Saturday. Wednesday. Wednesday. Wednesday.
	(G.)	Friedenker Pub.	Ed	м.	
Milwaukee	Excelsion (G.)	Excelsior Pub.Co.	Re p Dem	1	Saturday. Thursday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Freidenker (G) Fuer Unsere Jugund (G.)	Freidenker Pub. Co Freidenker Pub.	Ind	w.	Sunda y.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Germeinde Blatt G. Germania Haus und Bauernfre-	Wis Luth. Synod. Germania Pub.Co.	- 1	M. S. M. D.&W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	und (G.)	1	į.	S.M. D.&W.	Wednesday, Thursday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Journal	The Herold Co Journal Co The Herold Co	Lit Dem	B. W. D.&W. W.	Thursday. Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Kinder Post (G.) Kuryer Polski (P.) The Lamplighter	Catholic Ptg. Co. The Herold Co M. Kruszka P. W. Peterson M. L. Youngs	Rel Juv Dem Rel.	W. W. D. M.	Thursday. Saturday.
Milwaukee	Masonic Tidings	J. W. Laflin	S. S	М.	
Milwaukee	Am. School Board Journal	W. G. Bruce	Ed	м.	

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Characters.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MILWAUKEE— (continued.) 'Milwaukee Milwaukee	Lehrer Post (G.) Living Church	The Herold Co Young Church-	Ed	S. M.	
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Milw. Advance Milw. Volkszeitung	man Co Schilling & Co	Rel	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	(G.)	Socialist Pub.Co. Socialist Pub.Co. Schilling & Co	Soc Soc Peo;		Thursday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	(G.)	Schilling & Co Sub. Pub. Co News Pub. Co	Peo Ind Rep	W. W. D.	Saturday. Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	North Milw. Gazette Peck's Sun	Abend Post Pub. Co C. J. Brown Annetto Dankoler Walter Schroeder	Ind Hu Sp	S.W. W. D.	Saturday. Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Daily Abstract Reformer und Volks blatt (G.) Schulzeitung (G.)	Schilling & Co Wis Luth. Synod. P.V.Deuster & Co.	Peo Rel.	W. M. D.&Sw.	Sunday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Mi_waukee	Seebote (G) Sentinel Shepard's Arms	Sentinel Co	Rep	D.&W.	Thursday. Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Milw. Suburbanite The Milw. Telegraph	man Co Sub. Pub. Co J. A. & R. B. Watrous	Rep	w. w.	Saturday. Saturday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Telephone (G.) Saturday Star The Sunday Truth Times Unser Blatt (G.)	".V. Deuster & Co. A. E. Dankoler W. J. Kenrick Towel Bros B. Lowenb'h &Son	Dem Ind lnd L. O	W. W. W. W. S. W	Sunday. Saturday. Saturday. Wed. & Sat.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	ierteljahrliches Magazin (G.) Vereinsbote (G.)	The Herold Co German Branch Y M. C. A	Lit	Q. M.	
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Warte (G.)	GermaniaPub.Co. A.C.Macrorie&Co. H. H. Zahn & Co. Forest Tibits	A.P.A. AOUW Ind	W. W. M. W. W.	Wednesday. Saturday. Sunday. Sunday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Fram (N. and E.) The Pneumatic	Young Churchman Co A. C. Tosterud Pneumatic Pub Co		W. M.	Saturday. Friday.
Monroe— Cashton Sparta Sparta Sparta Tomah Tomah Warrens. Wilton	Sparta Democrat Sparta Herald Herald Advertiser Tomali Journal Tomah Monitor	F. D. Haines Streeter Bros McBride Bros J. R. Hinckley L. B. Squier J. A. Wells & Son. W. G. Evans. C. H. Brown	Dem	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Tuesday. Friday. Satur ay. Wednesday. Friday. Friday.
Oconto Oconto Oconto	Enquirer Reporter Lumberman	Rose A. Sharp J. H. Waggoner J. W. Hall	Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Saturday.
Oneida— Rhinelander	New North	Rhinelander Ptg.	 	w.	Thursday.
Rhinelander Rhinelander	Rhinelander Herald. Vindicator	Herald Pub. Co Shaw Pub. Co	Dem Rep	\mathbf{w} .	Saturday. Wednesday
OUTAGAMIE— Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton	Appleton Post Volksfreund (G) Wecker (G) Das Montags Blatt	H. W. Meyer C. Roemer	Dem	W.	Thursday.
	(G.)	H. W. Meyer	ına	ı w.	Monday.

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OUTAGAMIE— (Continued.) Appleton Appleton	. Gegenwart	. Gegenwart Co Lit. Society Law- Univ	Ind	W. M.	Thursday.
Appleton Hortonville Kaukauna Kaukauna Seymour	Sun Times	Hollenbeck & Nye J. I. Toner C. E. Raught	Rel !	M. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Friday. Thursday.
OZAUKEE— Cedarburg Port Washing	-1	Alex. W. Horn	Dem	w.	Wednesday.
Port Washing- ton Port Washing-	Ozaukee County Advertiser	M. G. Bohan A. D. Bolens	Dem Dem	w:	Saturday. Saturday.
ton	Port Washington 7ai	Carl Fehlandt W. B. Krause A. D. Bolens	Dem Dem Rep	W. W. W.	Thursday. Wednesday. Saturday.
PEPIN— Durand Durand Vivian Durand	Entering Wedge Pepin Co. Courier Vivian Star Zeitung	Ingram & Good'ch W. H. Huntington J. M. Axtell R. Moesback	Rep Rep Dem Dem	W. W. W. W.	Thursday, Friday, Thursday, Tuesday,
PIERCE— Ellsworth Ellsworth. Maiden Rock Prescott Rifer Falls. Spring Valley. River Falls.	Elsworth Gloanor	A. E. Quinn	Dem Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep	W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Triday. Tuesday.
Polk— Amery Amery	Amery Free Press Wisconsin Journal-	M. A. Frissell	Dem	w.	Thursday.
Clear Lake Osceola Mills St. Croix Falls	en (S) Courier Polk Co. Press St. Croix Valley Stan-	Journalen Pub.Co J. H. Kavanagh C. E. Mears	Rep Rep	w.	Tuesday. Saturday. Saturday.
Portage-	dard	F. Hudson	Ind	w.	Thursday.
Amherst Stevens Point. Stevens Point. Stevens Point. Stevens Point.	Advocate		Rep Dem Rep Ind Ind		Wednesday. Wednesday. Saturday. Saturday. Thursday.
PRICE— Phillips Phillips Prentice Park Falls	Phillips Bee Phillips Times Prentice Calumet Park Falls Herald	Frank H. Bell	Rep Dem Rep Rep	w.	Wednesday. Saturday. Friday. Saturday.
RACINE— Burlington	Der Standard Demo-			-	
1	crat (G.) BurlingtonFree Press Standard Democrat.	W. R. Devor	Dem Rep	W.	Saturday. Wednesday.
Racine	Correspondent & Folket Avis	Emil Wittzack Edward Jenson Chas. Jonas & Co. Journal Ptg. Co Times Pub Co.	Dem Ind Ind Dem Rep D	W. V.	Saturday. Wednesday. Fuesday. Fuesday. Thursday.
Racine	Evening News Utley's Dollar Weekly	News Pub. Co	Ind	D.	Thursday.

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

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RACINE — Cont. Union Grove Waterford	Enterprise	A. P. Colby Edward Malone	Rep Ind	w. w.	Thursday. Saturday
RICHLAND— Richland Cen- ter	Richland Democrat.	W. G. Barry	Dem	w.	Wedne day.
Richland Cen- ter	Republican Observer	W. M. Fogo	Rep_{\cdots}	w.	Thursday.
Richland Cen- ter Viola	Richland Rustic Intelligencer	F. A. Smith Frazier & Frazier	$\operatorname{Rep}_{ullet}$	w. w.	Saturday. Friday.
Rock— Beloit Beloit Beloit Beloit	Beloit Free Press Morning Post Rourd Table Our Church Life	Cham. Ingersoll Howell & Dickson Beloit College Cong. Home Mission Society	2210111	D.& W. D.& W. Bi-W.	Thursday. Friday.
Clinton Clinton	Clinton Banner Clinton Herald Wis. Tobacco Re-	sion Society Wilcox & Hoovre. R. W. Cheever	Rel Ind Rep	i w.	Saturday. Tuesday.
Edgerton Evansville Evansville Evansville	porter	Fred. W Coon I. A. Hoxia C. A. Libba & Sons C. A. Libba & Sons Miss Murilla An-	Ind Rep Ind I.Rep.	W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Tuesday. Friday. Friday.
Janesville	Janesville Gazette	drews Gazette Pub. Co Recorder Pub. Co.		D.& W. D.& W.	Wednesday. Thursday.
Janesville Janesville Janesville	Janesville Recorder. JanesvilleRepublican JanesvilleJournal(G)	RepublicanPtg.Co H. W. Frick	Rep Dem	W.	Thursday.
Janesville Janesville Milton	Wis. Druggists' Ex- change	E. B. Heimstreet. J. F. Willey E. L. Spence	Ind Ind Rep	M. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Milton Milton June- tion	Milton Junction News	F. R.Morriss & Co.	Dem	w.	Thursday.
Sr. Croix— Baldwin Glenwood Hammond Hammond	Baldwin Bulletin Glenwood Tribune Hammond News St. Croix Teacher The Superintendent.	J. E. Shirk Chas. S. Florance	Rep Rep Ind Ed	W. W. W. M.	Friday. Thursday. Friday.
Hudson	Hudson Star and Times	1	Rep	w.	Friday.
Hudson New Richm'nd New Richm'nd New Richm'nd	True Republican New Richm'nd Voice St. Croix Republican News of the Week	Byron J Price Geo. D Cline E. J. Scott Abe. C. Van Meter A. F. Ingalls	Dem	W.	Friday. Tuesday. Thursday. Friday.
Sauk- Baraboo	The Baraboo Repub-	John H. Powers,			· · · · ·
Baraboo Baraboo	Sauk Co. Democrat. Baraboo News	John H. Powers, J. S. & G. H. Hood Ed. L. Luckow H. E. Cole. A. D. Darsett & J. K.	Rep Dem	{	Wednesday. Thursday.
Prairie du Sac Reedsburg Reedsburg	Reedsb'rg Free Press	E. J. Browne W. F. Hill B. J. Hager	Ind Rep.	. W.	wednesday.
Sauk City Sauk City Spring Green .	Sauk City Presse (G.)	C. F. Ninman	.∣ <u>K</u> ep .	. W	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday.
Sawyer— Hayward	~		Rep .	. w.	Thursday.
Shawano	Shawano Co. Advo		Dem.	w.	Thursday.

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Shawano—Con Shawano Shawano Wittenberg	Shawano Co. Journ' Shawano Co. Wo	L. C. Bold	Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Thursday.
Sheboygan— Plymouth					and and and and and and and and and and
Plymouth Plymouth Random Lake Sheboygan	Plymouth Reporter. Plymouth Review Random Lake Rec'rd The Sheboygan Tele-	-	Dem Ind	W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Sheboygan	National Demokrat	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep	D.	
Sheboygan Sheboygan Sheboygan Sheboygan	Sheboygan Herald Sheboygan Times Sheboygan Zeitung	Carl Zillier W. M. Root L. K. Howe H. N. Ross	Dem Dem Rep Rep	W. D. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
Sheboygan SheboyganF'ls	Sheboygander	August Pott Megget Bros	Rep Rep Dem	W. D. W.	Wednesday. Thursday.
TAYLOR— Medford	Taylor Co. Star and				
Medford Medford	News Der Waldbote	Peter Danielson. German Pub. Co. J. A. Barager	Rep Dem Rep.	W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Friday.
TREMPEALEAU— Arcadia	Arcadian Leader Weekly Recorder Galesville Independ't News-Wave	l Geo. A. & Ada R. l	Ind Dem Ind Ind	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday.
Independence.	Wisconsin Good Tem- plar	Markham Geo. A. & Ada R.	Ind	w.	Saturday.
Trempealeau Trempealeau .	Trempealeau Gazette Trempealeau Herald	Markham C. S. Utter E. N.& A. D.Good-	Pro Dem	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Whitenall	Whitehall Times and Blair Banner	hue	Rep	w. w.	Friday. Thursday.
VERNON— De Soto Hillsboro Viroqua Viroqua Viroqua Viroqua	De Soto Herald Hillsboro Sentry Vernon Co. Ceusor Vernon Co. Loader Viroqua Republican Enterprise	F. W. Glick W. W. Shear O. G. Munson F. H. Graves E. H. Briggs & Co. Brown&Haughton	Rep Rep Rep Dem Rep Pop	W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Thursday. Wednesday. Friday. Tues 1ay. Friday.
VILAS— Eagle River Eagle River Minocqua	Vilas County News Eagle River Review. Minocqua Times	DemocratPub.Co. O. B. Moon C. W. Hooper	Dem Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Monday. Thursday. Thursday.
Walworth— Delavan	Wisconsin Times	State Board of			
Delavan	Enterprise	Control Grant D. Harring-	Lit	- 1	Thursday.
Delavan East Troy Elkhorn Elkhorn Lake Geneva	Republican	ton W. G. Weeks O. R. Kuizrok H. H. Tubbs Park & Kenney J. E. Nethercut	Rep Rep Ind Pro Rep	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Tuesday. Thursday. Friday.

Counties and Towns.	Names of papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Walworth— (Continued.) Lake Geneva Sharon Whitewater Whitewater Williams Bay.	News Reporter Gazette Register Observer	N. W. Smails Geo. F. Ziegaus Wilton & Lawton E. D. Coe W. C. Dean	Ind Ind Ind Rep Ind	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday. Thursday.
Washburn— Shell Lake Shell Lake Spooner	Shell LakeWatchm'n Washburn Co.Regis'r Spooner Register	G. L. & J. E. Jones Register Pub. Co. Register Pub. Co.	Rep Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
Washington— hartford	Hartford Press Hartford Times	J. M. LeCount & Co Timothy Foley	Rep Dem	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Kewaskum	Kewaskum States- man Boebachter (G.)	C. E. Krahn	Dem	ŵ.	Saturday.
West Bend West Bend	Washington Co. Pilot.	Arthur Franck- enberg D. T. Keeley	Dem Dem	W. W.	Friday. Wednesday.
West Bend	West Bend Democrat.	Arthur Francken- berg	Dem	w.	Wednesday.
WAUK®SHA— Eagle Hartland Menomonee	Eagle Quill News and Dairyman	Grant Lawton G. F. Ramsey	$\operatorname{Ind} \dots$	W. W.	Friday. Sa tu rday.
Falls	Menomonee Falls	W. H. Rintelman	Rep	w.	Saturd 1y.
Oconomowoc	Oconomowoc Repub- lican	Pettibone & Pettibone	Rep	w.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc . Waukesha Waukesha Waukesha	Wisconsin Free Press Waukesha Democrat Waukesha Dispatch. Weukesha Freeman.	Edwin Hurlbut P. H. Carney A. F. Warden H. M. Youmans	Rep Dem Dem Rep	W. W. W.	Saturday Saturday. Friday. Thursday.
WAUPACA— Clintonville Iola Manawa Marion New London Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca	Clintonville Tribune. Ióla Herald. Advocate. Marion Advertiser New London Press New London Tribune Waupaca Post Waupaca Republican Reporter Weyauwega Chroni- cle	Frank H. Brady B. L. Bierce C. P. Smith S. L. Perry Chas. F. Carr W. M. Barnum Post Pub Co Woodnorth & Carpenter. W. H. Holmes A. R. Bucknam F. Voshardt	Rep Rep Ind Rep Rep Rep Rep Rep Ind Rep	W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W	Friday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Wednesday.
Waushara— Hancock Plainfield Wautoma	Hancock News Plainfield Sun Waushara Argus	A. J. Rozell L. W. Chapman Ellarson & Berray	Rep Rep Rep	W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Thursday.
Winnebago— Menasha	Menasha Evening	J. R. Bloom	Ind	D.& W.	Saturday.
Menasha	Breeze Saturday Evening Press	C. F. Augustin	Rep		Saturday.
Menasha	Winnebago Anzei- ger (G)	J. C. Klinker	Dem .	w.	Friday.
Menasha Neenah Neenah Neenah Neenah.	City Times Daskern (D) Gazett	C. F. Augustin J. N. Stone Jevolia Pub. Co H. A. Stone L. H. Kimball	Rep	D.& W. W. W. D.& W.	Saturday. Thursday. Saturday. Friday.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WINNEBAGO— (Continued.) Omro Omro Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh	Journal Omro Herald Oshkosh Gazette L. A. W. Pointer Labor Advocate M. E. Tidings Northwestern Pilgrim Signal Times Wisconsin Telegraph (G) Local	P. M. Wright C. H. Slocum Kennedy & Memler L. A. W. Pointer Pub. Co Osh. T. & L. Council E. H. Leonard Hicks Ptg. Co E. H. Smith B. E. Van Keuren E. W. Viall & Co. R. R. Crowe	Rep Cyc Lab Rel Rep Rep Pro	W. W. W. M. W. M. D. & W. M. W. D. & W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Wednesday. Saturday. Friday.
Woon— Centralia Grand Rapids. Grand Rapids. Marshfield Marshfield Marshfield	and Tribune	Brundage Bros A. L. Fontaine Frank Martina H. J. & A. G. Pankow Adam Palus J. H. White	Dem Ind Dem Rep	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, by counties, and corrected from official sources up to January 1st, 1897. Offices in italic type are money order offices authorized to issue money orders and postal notes. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money order offices. Offices indicated by the sign (§) are authorized to issue "limited money orders" and not money orders, nor to pay money orders. By the letters (c. h.) in parenthesis, county seats are indicated.

Α.	
Abbotsford	Clark
Abbentan	Sauk
Abrame	Oconto
AbramsAckerville	Washington
Acorn	Dane
Acorn	Sheboygan
Adams Adams CentreAddison	Adams
Addison	Washington
Adell	Crowford
Adney	Dana
Adsit	Shawano
Afton* Ahnapee	Rock
* Ahmanee	Kewaunee
AlabamaAlaska	Polk
Alaska	Kewa unee
Alban	Por age i
* Albany	Green
Albertville	Chippewa
Albion	
Alden	Dodge
Alieston	Jefferson
8 Auton's Grove	Walworth
Alden	Washington
Allenville	Winnebago
*AIma(c, b)	Винаю
Alma Centre	Jackson
Almena	Portage
Almond	Rurnett
Alsrad	bood
Altona	Eau Claire
Altoona	Manitowoc
Amanda	Oconto
Ambera	marmette
Amherst Amherst Junction	Portage
Amos	Dane
SAmy	Dunn
Anch rage	Buffalo
Andarson	
Andr 18	Polk
AndrisAugclica	Shawano
Angelo * Aniwa	Monroe
* A niwa	Snawano
Annaton	Grant
Annsburgh	

$egin{array}{lll} ext{Anson} & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & $	Chippewa
Anthony	Eau Claire
Antigo(c. h.)	\dots Langlade
Appex	Iowa
Appex	Chippewa
Applecreek	Outagamie
Appleriver	Polk
Appleriver $Appleton (c. h.)$	Outagamie
Arbor Vitæ	Vernon
Arbor Vitæ	Vilas
Areadia	. Trempealeau
ArenaArgyle	lowa
$Argyle\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots$	Lafayette
Arkansaw	Pepin
Arkdale	Adains
Arland	Columbia
Ariington	Columbia
Ariand Arington Armenia Armstrong	Fond du Loa
Armstrong	Forcet
Armstrong Creek	Portage
Arnott Arpin	Wood
Arpin	Grant
ArthurAshford	Fond du Lac
Ashinnun	Dodge
* Achtand (c. h.)	Ashland
Ashippun *Ashland (c. h.) Ashland Junction	Bayfield
Ashridge	Richiand
Ashton	Dane
Aglanton	Brown
Athelstane	Marinette
Athens	Marathon
A + lac	POIK
Attica	Green
Atwater	Doage
Auburndale Augusta	Wood
Augusta	Eau Claire
Aurora Aurosaville	Wanshara
Aurogaville	Vernon
	Iowa
Avon	Rock
Aztalan	Jefferson
Azvaiaii	

B.

Babrock	
Badger	Portage
Badger Mills	Chippewa
Bagley	Grant
Railen's Harbor	Door
Bakerville	
Raldwin	St. Croix

Baldwin Mills	Waupaca
Balmoral	Richland
Balsam Lake *Bancroft *Bangor Banner *Baraboo (c. h.) Barber Barney *Barneveld Barnum Barre Mills *Barron (c. h.) Barton (s. h.) Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton Barton	Polk
* Rangor	La Crosse
Banner	Fond du Lac
* $Baraboo(c.h.)$	Sauk
Barber	Iowa
Barney	\dots Marathon
Rarnum	Crowford
Barre Mills	La Crosso
* Barron (c. h.)	Barron
Barronett	Barron
Bartel Station	Ozaukee
Barwig	wasnington
Barwig Basco	Washington Dane Dane
Bashford	Richland
basnaw	Washburn
Basset	Kenosna
Ratlay	Richland
Bay City	Outagamie Pierce
Bayfield	Bayfield
Bay View (station * D.)	Milwaukee
Bay City Bay Field Bay View (station * D.) Bay Settlement Bearcreek	Brown
Bearss Marsh	Outagamie Wood
Bear Valley Beaumont Beaumont	
Beaumont	Racine
Beaver	Marinette
*Beaverdam	Jackson Dodge
Beaver Beavercreek *Beaverdam Beachwood Beach	Sheboygan Waushara
	· · · · · vv ausnara
BeetownBeldenville	uram
Beldenville	Ozaukee
Bell Center	Crawford
Bellefountain	Columbia
Belgium. Bell Center Bellefountain Belle Plaine Belleville Bi-Imont. **Beloit.**	Shawanc
Bellevitte	Dane
Bennett Siding	
Benoit	Douglas Bayfield
Benton	Lafavette
Benton Bergen *Bergin Bernhard Bernhard Berryville Barthelet Bevent Bigbend Bigfalls Bigflats Bigpateh Bignier	Lafayette Rock Green Lake
*Berlin	Green Lake
Berryville	Jefferson
Barthelet	
Bevent	Marathon
Bigbend	Waukesha
Bigflats	waupaca Adams
Bigpatch	Grant
Bigriver	Grant Pierce Adams
Bigspring	Adams
Binghamton	Outagamie
Birch	Chippewa
Birchlake	Bayfield
Birnamwood	Shawano
Blackcreek	Outagamio
Black Earth	Dane
Blackhawk	Sauk
Blaine	Jackson
Blair	Tromposlosy
Blairmoore	Dunn
Bigpatch Bigriver Seligspring. Bing Binghamton Birchlake Birndawood Bissell Blackcreek Black Earth Blackhawk Blaine Blaine Blairmoore Blairmoore Blanchardwille Blainden Blanding Blenker Blanden Blanding Blenker Bloom City	Lafayette
Blanker	Burnett
BlenkerBloom City	
Bloomer	Chippewa
Bloom City Bloomer Bloomingdale	Vernon
Bloomington	Grant l

Bloomville Bluemounds Blue River Boardman Boaz Bobcreek Bohri Bolt Bottonville Borth Brackett Bracklin Brackett Bracklin Bracky Brandy's Brandy's Brandy's Brandy Brandon Brant Brant Brarton Brant Brarton Brarton Briston Briston Briston Briston Briston Briston Briston Brockfield Brooklyn Brookville Brookville Brookville Brookville Brookville Brothertown Brown Deer Brown Deer Brownoun Brown Deer Browntown Brute-	Lincoln
Blue mounds	Dane
Boardman	St. Croix
Boaz	Richland
Bobcreek	Chippewa
Bolt	Bunaio
Boltonville	Washington
Ronduel	S∍awano
*Roscobel	Waushara
Bowers	Walworth
Boyceville	Dunn
Boydtown	Crawford
Brackett	Eau Claire
Bracklin	Barron
Bradtville	Burnett
Brady's	Richland
Bragg	Columbia
Branch	Manitowoc
Brant	.rond du Lac
Brantwood	Price
Brasington	Pierce
Briarton	Shawano
Bridgeport	Crawford
Briggsville	Marquette
*Brillion	Calumet
Bristol	Kenosha
\$Bristow	Vernon
*Brodhead	Grant
Brookfield	Waukesha
Brooklyn	Green
Brookville	St. Croix
Brothertown	Calumet
Brown Deer	Milwaukee
Brownsville	Marquette Dodge
Browntown	Green
Bruce	Chippewa
Brushville	Wanshara
Brussels	Door
Bryant	Langlade
Buckeye	Richland
Budd	Vernon
Buena Vista	Portage
Buncombe	Lafavette
Bungert	Outagamie
Bunyan	Polk
Burkhardt	St. Croix
*Burlington	Racine
Burnelt Junction	Dodge
Burr	Vernon
Burroak	La Crosse
Burton	Grant
Butte des Morts	Winnebago
Browing Brownsville Browntown Bruce Brushville Brusshville Brussels Bryant Brukereek Buckeye Budd Buncombe Bunncombe Bunnert Bunyan Burkeret Burkhardt *Burtington Burnett Junction Burne Burnes Burr Burroak Burroak Burton Butter Butternut Butternut Bydscreek Bydscreek Byron	Ashland
Byrdscreek	Richland
Dylum	гона ай гас

C.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Cable} & \textbf{Bayfield} \\ \textbf{Cadez} & \textbf{Green} \\ \textbf{Cadott} & \textbf{Chippewa} \\ \textbf{Cainville} & \textbf{Rock} \\ \end{array}$

Calamine Lafayette Caldwell Racine Caledonia Racine Calhoun Waukesha Calumet Harbor Fond du Lac SCalumetville Fond du Lac Calvary Fond du Lac *Cambria Columbia Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Cantion Barron Carlisle Clark	Colby Clark Coldspring Jefferson Colebrook Waushara Coleman Marinette Coleman Muninette Colema Waushara Coloma Waushara Colton Chippewa Columbia Clark *Columbia Clumbia Combinned Locks Outagamie Comet Shawane Com Walworth Commonwealth Florence Constock Barron Concord Jefferson Concord Jefferson Concord Vilas Cook Valley Chippewa Cook Burnett Cook Valley Chippewa Cook Varson
Calamine	Coldenring Jefferson
Catawett	Colobrook Wanshara
Caledonia	Coloman Marinette
Calhoun waukesna	Collina
Calumet Harbor Fond du Lac	Colgata Wankasha
SCalumetville Fond du Lac	Colomo Wanshara
Calvary Fond du Lac	Coloma Marshara Wanshara
*CambriaColumbia	Colomia Station
CambridgeDane	Conton
CameronBarron	ColumbiaClark
CambellsportFond du Lac	*ColunousColumbia
Camp DouglasJuneau	Combinned Locks
Camp LakeKenosha	CometSnawane
CantonBarron	Comowaiworth
Carlisle	CommonwealthFlorence
CarltonKewaunee	Comstock Barron
Carlisle Clark Carlton Kewaunee Carnot Door Caroline Shawano Cartwright Chippewa	ConcordJefferson
Caroline Shawano	Connersville
Cartwright Chippewa	Conover Vilas
SCarvville Dunn	CooksvilleRock
Caseade Sheboygan	Cook ValleyChippewa
Casco Kewannee	CoomerBurnett
Cashton Monroe	Coon ValleyVernon
Carturagat Chippewa SCaryville Dunn Cascade. Sheboygan Casco Kewaunee Cashton Monroe Casimer Portage	Cooperstown
Cassall	Cook Valley Chippewar Coopers Burnett Coon Valley Vernon Cooperstown Manitowoc Corinne Columbus Corinth Marathon Comple County Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Corinth Cample Campl
Cavenille (Frant	Corinth Marathon
Castlerock	CorneliaGrant
Cassell Sauk Cassell Grant Cassell Grant Scataract Monroe Cato Manitowoc Cato Expect	Corinth Marathon Cornita Grant Corning Lincoln Corvin Richland Cottagegrove Dane Cox Chippewa Craft Chippewa Cranberry Center Juneau Crandon (c. h.) Forest Cream Buffalo Crete Winnebago Crivitz Marinette Crocker's Landing Portage Crosspla ns Dane
Cata Manitowoo	CorwinRichland
Carons	Cottagegrove
Carenovia Richland	CoxChippewa
Cegit	Craft
Codor	Cranberry CenterJuneau
Cedarburah Ozankee	$Crandon\ (c.\ h.)$ Forest
Cedarcreek Washington	CreamBuffalo
Ce larfalls Dunn	CreteWinnebago
Ce largrove Sheboygan	Crivitz
Colariako Waushara	Crocker's LandingPortage
Gato Manitowoc Cavour Forest Cazenovia Richland Cecit Shawano Cedar fron Crdarburgh Ozaukee Cedarcreek Washington Ce larfalls Dunn Ce largrove Sheboygan Celariake Waushara Center Rock	CronkBrown
CentervilleTrempealeau	Crosspla ns
Center Rock Centerille Trempealeau **Contralia Wood Ch mberlin Waukesha	Cronk Brown Crossplans Dane Crystallake Waupaca Cuba Grant Cudahy Milwaukee *Cumberland Barron Curran Kewaunee Curry Iron Curtiss Clark Cushing Polk Custer Portage Cylon St. Croix
Chamberlin Wankesha	CubaGrant
$\begin{array}{lllll} \text{Ch imberlin} & \text{Waukesha} \\ \text{Ch impion} & \text{Brown} \\ \text{Charlesburgh} & \text{Calumet} \\ \text{Chase} & \text{Oconto} \\ \text{Chaseburg} & \text{Vernon} \\ \text{Chat} & \text{Lincoln} \\ \text{Chelsea} & \text{Taylor} \\ \text{Cherokee} & \text{Marathon} \\ \text{Clester} & \text{Dodge} \\ \text{Chielbe} & \text{Barron} \\ \text{Chill} & \text{Clark} \\ \text{Schillon} (c, h) & \text{Calumet} \\ \end{array}$	CudahyMilwaukee
Charlesburgh	*CumberlandBarron
Chase Oconto	CurranKewaunee
ChaseburgVernon	CurryIron
Chat Lincoln	CurtissClark
Chelsea	CushingPolk
Cherokee	CusterPortage
Caester Dodge	CylonSt. Croix
C'retekBarron	
Chili	
*Chilton (c, h)	
Chimney Rock Trempealeau	D .
Chippewa City	ν,
*C. i pewa Falls (c. h.)	
Christie	DecadaSheboygan
CiceroOutagamie	Dakota Waushara
CitypointJackson	DaleOutagamie
Clam FallsPolk	DallasBarron
ClackOconto	Daly
Clark's Mills Manitowoc	DancyMarathon
Clarkson Dane	DaneDane
ClarnoGreen	DanvilleDodge
ClaybanksDoor	DarbellyKe waunee
ClayfieldPierce	Darboy
ClaytonPolk	Darien
ClaywoodOconto	*Darlington (c, h) Lafavette
Clearlake Polk	_ Dartington (c. m.)
	Dartford (c. h.)Green Lake
Clemansville Winnebago	Dartford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn
Clemansville	Dartford (c. h.). Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark
ClemansvilleWinnebagoClevedonDouglasClevelandManitowoc	Dartford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark Dayton Green
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifton Monroe	$\begin{array}{cccc} Dartford \left(c.\ h.\right) & \text{Green Lake} \\ Davis & Dunn \\ Day & \text{Clark} \\ Dayton & \text{Green} \\ Deans ville & Dane \\ Debello & Vernon \\ \end{array}$
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Gleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifton Monroe * Clinton Rock	Dartford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark Dayton Green Deansville Dane Debello Vernon Decora Prairie Trempealeau
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifton Monroe **Clinton Rock Clintonville Waupaca	$\begin{array}{cccc} Dartford \left(c.\ h.\right) & \text{Green Lake} \\ Davis & Dunn \\ Day & \text{Clark} \\ Dayton & \text{Green} \\ Deansville & Dane \\ Debello & Vernon \\ Decora Prairie & Trempealeau \\ Dedham & Douglas \\ \end{array}$
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifton Monroe *Clinton Rock Clintonville Waupaca Clyde Lowa	$\begin{array}{c cccc} Dariford (c. h.) & Green Lake \\ Davis & Dunn \\ Day & Clark \\ Dayton & Green \\ Deansville & Dane \\ Debello & Vernon \\ Decora Prairie & Trempealeau \\ Dedham & Douglas \\ Decerbrook & Langlade \\ \end{array}$
Člemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Gleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Cliffon Monroe * Clinton Rock Clintonville Waupaca Clyde Lowa Clyman Dodge	Dariford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark Dayton Green Deansville Dane Debello Vernon Decora Prairie Trempealeau Dedham Douglas Deerbrook Langlade Eeerfield Dane
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford L'incoln Clifton Monroe *Clinton Rock Clintonville Waupaca Clyde Lowa Clyman Dodge Cobb Lowa	$\begin{array}{c cccc} Dartford (c. h.) & Green Lake \\ Davis & Dunn \\ Day & Clark \\ Dayton & Green \\ Deansville & Dane \\ Debello & Vernon \\ Decora Prairie & Trempealeau \\ Dedham & Douglas \\ Deerbrook & Langlade \\ Deerlake & Sawyer \\ Deerlake & Sawyer \\ \end{array}$
Clemansville Winnebago Clevedon Douglas Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifford Monroe * Clinton Rock Clintonville Waupaca Clyde Iowa Clyman Dodge Cobb Iowa Cochrane Buffalo	Dariford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark Dayton Green Deansville Dane Debello Vernon Decora Prairie Trempealeau Dedham Douglas Deerbrook Langlade Deerfield Dane Deerlake Sawyer Deer Park St. Croix
Cherokee Barron Chester Dodge Chetek Barron Chili Clark *Chilton (c. h.) Calumet Chimney Rock Trempealeau Chippewa City Chippewa *C.i.j pewa Falls (c. h.) Chippewa *C.i.j pewa Falls (c. h.) Chippewa Chi stie Clark Cicero Outagamie Citypoint Jackson Clam Falls Polk Clack Oconto Clark's Mills Manitowoc Clarkson Dane Clarno Green Claybanks Door Clayfield Pierce Clayton Polk Claywood Oconto Clearlake Polk Clemansville Winnebago Cleveland Manitowoc Clifford Lincoln Clifford Lincoln Clifford Monroe *Clintonville Waupaca Clyde Vaupaca Clyde Jowa Clyde Jowa Clyde Jowa Clyde Jowa Clyde Jowa Clyde Jowa Clowan Dodge Cobb Jowa Coolnon Buffalo Colburn Chippewa	Dariford (c. h.) Green Lake Davis Dunn Day Clark Dayton Green Deansville Dane Debello Vernon Decora Prairie Trempealeau Dedham Douglas Deerbrook Langlade Deerfield Dane Deerlake Sawyer Deer Park St. Croix Deflance Lafayette

* D. 77	T)	Edson Chipper Edwards Sheboyg Eggersville Fond du L Etg Harbor Do Eidsvold Cla Ekdall Burne Eland Shawa Elcho Langla Elderon Marath El Dorado Fond du L Eleanor Chipper Elkcreek Trempeale Elkcreek Trempeale Elkgrove Lafayet Elkhort Sheboyg *Elkhort Ch. Walwor Elkmound Ella Pep Elles Pep
* De Forest Delafield Delavan	Dane	EdsonChipper
Delaneta	waukesna	Edwards Sheboyg
Dell	waiworth	EggersvilleFond du L
Dellon Delton Denmark Denny Dencon Denzer * De I'ere Deronda De Solo Detroit Harbor Devils Lake Dewhurst Dexierville Diamond Bluff Dickeysville Dilly Disco	Coul-	Fidanold
Donmonly	Ducana	ElasyolaCla
Danny	Marathon	Eland Character
Denoon	Wankacha	Flaho Tanala
Denzor	Sauls	Eldoron Manath
* De Pere	Brown	Fl Dovado Fond do T
Deronda	Polk	Eleanor Chipper
De Soto	Vernon	Elva Tromposlos
Detroit Harbor	Door	Elkereek
Devils Lake	Sauk	Elkgrove
Dewhurst		Elkhart. Shehova
Dextervitle	Wood	*Elkhorn (c. h.)
Diamond Bluff	Pierce	ElkmoundDur
Dickeysville	Grant	EllaPen
Dillman	Milwaukee	
Dilly	Vernon	EllisPortag
Disco	Jackson	Elison BayDo
Dixon	Richland	Ellisville Kewaune
Doble	Barron	*Ellsworth (c. h.)
BDodge	Trempealeau	ElmgroveWaukesh
Dodge's Corners	Waukesha	ElmhurstLanglac
*Dogeville $(c. h.)$	1owa	ElmoGran
роене	Buffalo	ElmoreFond du La
Dorchester	Clark	ElmwoodPiero
Dougles Conton	Fond du Lac	1510 Winnebag
Douglas Center	Wankacha	El PasoPiero
Dilly Disco Disco Dixon Dobie \$ Dodge	Pagina	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Downing	Dunn	El SaleinPol
Downsville	Dunn	Elvore
Doulestown	Columbia	Embarrace Womes
Dresser Junction	Polk	Emerald St Cross
Druecker	Ozaukee	Emeraldarine Roc
Drummond	Bayfield	Emmerich Maratho
Drybone	Iowa	Emmerich Marathe Ephraim Do Erb Outagam Erin St. Gro Esciale Pier Esofea Verno Estella Chippew Etna Lafayett Eturcka Trempealea Eureka Winnehae
Drywood		ErbOutagam
Duckcreek	Brown	ErdmanSheboyga
Dudley	Lincoln	ErinSt. Croi
Duerholm		Esdaile Piero
Dunbar		EsofeaVerno
Dunbarton	Lafavette	EstellaChippew
Dundas		EtnaLafayett
Dungee	rond dd Lac	EttrickTrempealea
Dunvine		
Dunlainvilla	Worksha	Transport
Duplainville	Waukesha	Euren Kewani
Duplainville		Euren Kewaune *Evansville Roc Financial
Duplainville *Durand (c. h.) Durham	Waukesha Waukesha	Euren Kewaune *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Ergelster Bishler
Duplainville	Waukesha Pepin Waukesha Kewaunee	Ettrick Trempealea Eureka Winnebag Euren Kewaune *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Excelsior Richlan
Duplainville *Durand (c. h.) Durham Duvall Dyckesville		Euren Willies *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Excelsior Richlan Exeter Gree Exila Piere
Druecker Drummond Drybone. Drybone. Drybone. Drywood Duckcreek Dudley Duerholm Dunbar (continue) Dundas Dundas Dundas Dunville Duplainville (continue) Durham Durham Durham Durham Duvall Dyckesville.		Euren Willies *Evansville Roc Evergreen Do Excelsior Richlan Exeter Gree Exile Piero
Duplainville	Waukesha Pepin Waukesha Kewaunee Kewaunee	Euren Willies *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Excelsior Richlan Exeter Gree Exile Piero
Duplainville	Waukesha Pepin Waukesha Kewaunee Kewaunee	Euren Willies *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Excelsior Richlan Exeter Gree Exile Piero
${f E}_{ullet}$		
${f E}_{ullet}$		Euren Kewaune *Evansville Roc Evergreen Doc Excetsior Richlan Exeter Gree Exile Pierc F.
${f E}_{ullet}$		· F.
E.		· F.
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E.		· F.
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E.		· F.
E.		F. Fairchild Eau Clair Fairfield Roc Fairplay Gran Fairwater Fond du La SFall City Dun Fallcreek Eau Clair
Eagle Eagle Corners Eagle Points Eagle River (c. h.) Eagle River (c. h.) East Bristol East Delavan East Farmington East Farmington		F. Fairchild Eau Clair Fairfield Roc Fairplay Gran Fairwater Fond du La SFall City Dun Fallcreek Eau Clair
Eagle Eagle Corners Eagle Points Eagle River (c. h.) Eagle River (c. h.) East Bristol East Delavan East Farmington East Farmington		F. Fairchild Eau Clair Fairfield Roc Fairplay Gran Fairwater Fond du La SFall City Dun Fallcreek Eau Clair
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Grand Rapids (c. h.)	Wood
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Grantsburg (c. h.)	Burnett
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Franville Centre	Milwaukee
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Harrisville	Marquette
Harshaw	Oneida
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Hartland	Wankesha
Hartman	Columbia
Harvay	Jefferson
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Hatfield	Jackson
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Herbert Pierce	Ives Grove Racine Ixonia Jefterson
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Hersey St. Croix	- ·
Hetzel Portage	
Hewitt Wood	Jackson Washington
Hickory Oconto	Jacksonport Door
Highbridge Ashland	Jacobsville
Highcliff Calumet	JamestownGrant
Highland Iowa	*Janesville (c. h.)
Hika Manitowoc	JeddoMarquette
Hilbert Calumet	*Jefferson (c. h.)Jefferson
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LafayetteMonroe	Longwood Clark Lookout Buffalo Loraine Polk Lostcreek Pierce
La Grange	LorainePolk
Lake BeulahWalworth	LostcreekPierce LostlakeDodge
Lake Church Ozaukee	Louisburgh Grant Louis' Corners Manitowoc Louisville Dunn Lovass Vernon
	Louis CornersManitowoc
Lakemills Jefferson Lake Nebagemain Douglas	Louisville
Lakeside	Loveland Barron Lowell Dodge
Lake ViewDane	Lowell Dodge
LamartineFond du Lac	Loyat Clark Loyd Richland Lucas Dunn
LambertonRacine	
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Tomuhawk Lake Oneida Tomet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Treppealeau Trempealeau Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Vernon Trostville Milwaukee Trout Jackson Troy Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Trumeal Kenosha Trumel City Monroe Tuntle Lake Barron Tustin Waushara	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan § Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Walhain Kewaunee Walworth Waneka Dunn Warners Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine Walertoo Jefferson * Walertown Jefferson * Walertown Jefferson * Walertown Wateroulle Waukeuk Dunn Waucousta Fond du Lac Waukau. Winnebago * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha § Waumakee Dane * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupaca (c. h.) Marathon * Wausaukee] Marinette Wausemon Green Waushara Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara
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Tomuhawk Lake Oneida Tomet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trewoor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Walworth Trov Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Truman Lefavetta	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan \$ Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Wallace Sawyet Walworth Waneka Dunn Warner Chippewa Warrens Monroc Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Doon Waterford Racine * Waterloo Jefferson * Waterville Wankesha Waubeek Dunn Waucousta Fond du Lac * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha \$ Waumandee Buffalo Waumandee Buffalo Waumandee Buffalo * Wauwaukesha (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupaca (c. h.) Marathon * Wausaukee] Marinette Waushara Waushara * Wauwandoma (c. h.) Waushara * Wauwatosa Milwaukea * Wauvatosa Crawford Waverly Pierce
Tomuhawk Lake Oneida Tomet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Treppealeau Trempealeau Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Vernon Trostville Milwaukee Trout Jackson Troy Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Trumeal Kenosha Trumel City Monroe Tuntle Lake Barron Tustin Waushara	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan § Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Walhain Kewaunee Walworth Waneka Dun Warners Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine Walertown Jefferson * Walertown Jefferson * Walertown Jefferson * Walertown Watersille Waukesha Waubeek Dun Waucousta Fond du Lae Waukau. Winnebage * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha \$ Waunakee Dane * Waunakee Dane * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupun Fond du Lae * Waupaca (c. h.) Marathon * Wausaukee] Marinette Wausaukee] Marinette Wausaukee] Marinette Wausaukee Mausana Mailwaukon * Wauvadosa Milwaukou * Wauzeka Crawford Waverly Pierce Wayne Wanneld
Tom hawk Lake Oneida Tonet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Vernon Trostville Milwaukee Trout Jackson Troy Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Truned City Monroe Trunnet City Monroe Turtle Barron Tuunte City Monroe Turtle Barron Tustin Washara Tunibluffs Richland Twingrove Green Twin Lakes Kenosha Twin Lakes Kenosha Trun Rivers Manitowoc Tyrone Greene	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan § Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Wallace Sawyet Walworth Waneka Dunn Warner Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine * Waterloo Jefferson * Waterloo Jefferson * Waterloo Jefferson * Waterloo Jefferson * Waukesha Waubeek Dunn Waubeek Dunn Waubeek Dunn Waubeek Dunn Waubeek Dunn Waubeek Dunn * Wauwaubeek Maukesha * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha * Wauwaubee Buffalc Waunakee Dane * Waupun Fond du Lac * Waupun Fond du Lac * Waupun Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausaukee Manathon * Wausahara * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Waushara * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Waushara * Wauwatosa * Wauwatosa * Waushara * Wauwatosa * Waushara * Wauwatosa * Waushara * Wauwatosa * Wayne * Washington * Washara * Wayne * Washington * Washara * Wayne * Washington * Washara * Wayne * Washington * Washara * Wayne * Washington * Washara * Wayne * Washington
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Tom hawk Lake Oneida Tonet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade River Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Trout Jackson Troy Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Trusadell Kenosha Truman Lafayette Turnel City Monroe Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile City Monroe Turile Lake Barron Twin bluffs Richland Twin Lakes Kenosha * Two Rivers Manitowoc Tyrone Green	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan §Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Walhain Kewaunee Walworth Waneka Dunn Warners Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine Walerloo Jefferson *Walerloo Jefferson *Walerlow Jefferson *Watervown Jefferson *Watervown Waterville Waukesha Waubeek Dunn Waucousta Fond du Lae Waukau. Winnebage *Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha \$\text{\$\text{S}\text{\$\text{W}\text{\$\text{\$W}\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$W}\$\text{\$\text
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Tom hawk Lake Oneida Tonet Kewaunee Tonnar Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade River Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Trout Jackson Troy Walworth Troy Centre Walworth Trusadell Kenosha Truman Lafayette Turnel City Monroe Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile Lake Barron Turile City Monroe Turile Lake Barron Twin bluffs Richland Twin Lakes Kenosha * Two Rivers Manitowoc Tyrone Green	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan \$ Waldwick Iowa Wales Waukesha Walhain Kewaunee Wallace Sawyet Walworth Waneka Dunn Warner Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine * Waterloo Jefferson * Waterviole Waukesha Waubeek Dunn Waucousta Fond du Lac * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha \$ Wauwandee Buffalo Waumandee Buffalo * Wauwandee Dana * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca * Waupaca (c. h.) Marathon * Wausaukeel Marinette Wausaukea Marinette Wausaukea Milwaukea * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauyatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Wauyatosa Milwaukee * Wauwatosa Milwaukee * Waukesha *
Tomuhawk Lake Oneida Tomet Kewaunee Tonnat Dunn Tornado Door Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Burnett Tramway Dunn Trapp Marathon Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Vernon Trostville Milwaukee Trout Jackson Troy Centre Walworth Truneal Kenosha Truman Lafayette Trunnel City Monroe Turnel Lake Barron Turtle Lake Barron Tustin Walworth Trunstin Walworth Trunstin Walworth Trustin Green Tustin Walworth Tustin Kenosha Truman Lafayette Tuntle Lake Barron Tustin Walworth Tustin Walworth Tustin Walworth Tustin Walworth Tustin Mario Monroe Tustin Walworth Tustin Walwort	Wagon Landing Polk Waldo Sheboygan § Waldwick Jowa Wales Waukesha Wallace Sawyet Walworth Waneka Dunn Warners Chippewa Warrens Monroe Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield Washington Harbor Door Waterford Racine Walterloo Jefferson * Walerloo Jefferson * Waterloo Jefferson * Waukesha Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha * Wauwanakee Dane * Wauyanakee Buifalo Waunakee Dane * Wauyana (c. h.) Waupaca * Wauyaun Fond du Lac * Wauyaun * Wauwaukee Jefferson * Wausaukee] Marinette Wausemon Green Waushara Waushara Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara

WentworthDouglas	Winneconne
Wentworth Brown	Winooski Sheboygan
WequiockBrown	Wiota Lafayette
§ Werley Grant	Wisconsin Veterans' HomeWaupaca
* West Bend (c. h.) Washington	Withee
Wort Bloomfield Walshara	*WittenbergShawano
Westboro	*WillenbergOntogomio
Weethy vernon	Wittlin Outagamie
West Denmark	WitwenSauk
West De Pere Brown	Wolf CreekPolk
Western Union Racine	WolflakeFond du Lac
* Ulestfield Marquette	*WonewocJuneau
Wort Granvilla Millwaukee	WoodVernon
West Lime Richard	WoodboroOneida
Wester	WoodfordLafayette
WestpointColumbia	WoodhullFond du Lac
WestportRichland	Woodlake Burnett
West PrairieVernon	WoodlandDodge
West RosendaleFond du Lac	WoodmanGrant
West Rosendare La Crosse	Woodruff Vilas
* West SuperiorDouglas	WoodstockRichland
West SwedenPolk	WoodvilleSt. Croix
* Weyauwega	WoodworthKenosha
Weyerhauser	WorcesterPrice
Wheatland	WrightstownBrown
Wheatrille Crawford	WrightsvilleJackson
Wheeler	WuertsburgMarathon
Whitcomb Shawano	Wyslusing(†rant
Wnitcomb	Wyayilla Monroe
WhitecreekAdams	WyocenaColumbia
White Fish Bay Milwaukee	WyomingIowa
Whitehall (c. h.) Trempealeau	wyoming
Whitelaw Manitowoc	
WhitemoundSauk	77
WhiteoakLafayette	Υ.
* Whitewater	1
WhittleseyTaylor	Yellowstone Lafayette
WickwareBarron	Vork Jackson
WilcexClark	Vorkville Racine
WildroseWaushara	YubaRichland
Wildwood St Croix	1404
Williams Ray WalWorth	
Wilmot Kenosna	
Wilean St. Uroix	Z.
Wilton MORFOR	
Winghester	Ziegler Marathon
Wind Lake Racine	Ziegier Winnsham
TIT'es doos	Zion Winnebago Zittau Winnebago
WinnebagoWinnebago	Zittau winnebago

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

DECEMBER 31, 1896.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Offices in *italic* type are Money-Order offices, authorized to issue and pay money orders and postal notes. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are *International* as well as Domestic money-order offices. Offices indicated by the sign § are authorized to issue "limited money orders," but not money orders, nor to pay money orders.

By the letters c. h. in parentheses, thus: (c. h.), county seats are indicated.

ADAMS.

Adams Centre. Arkdale. Bigflats. § Bigspring. Easton. Friendship (c. h.) Glen. Grand Marsh. Hadlock. Lakeside. Leola. Little Lake. Mars. Monroe Centre. New Rome. Niebull. Pilotknob. Plainville. Pointbluff. Quincy. Roche-a-Cri. Springbluff. Springcreek Strong's Prairie. Whitecreek.

ASHLAND.

* Ashland (c. h.).
* Butternut.
Glidden.
Highbridge.
La Pointe.
Marengo.
Mellen.
Mineral Lake.
Odanah.
Penokee.
Sanborn.

BARRON.

Almena.
Arland.
* Barron (c. h.).
Barronett.
Bracklin.
Cameron.
Canton.
C.etek.
Comstock.
* Cumberland.
Dallas.
Dobie.
\$Grattan.
Haugen.

Hillsdale.
Horseman.
Howe.
Lehigh.
Loveland.
Mireau.
Paskin.
Perley.
Pratrie Farm.
*Rice Lake.
Sjoska.
Sprague.
Turtle Lake.
Ulysses.
Wickware.

BAYFIELD. Ashland Junction.

Buyfield.
Benoit.
Birch Lake.
Cable.
Drummond.
Herbster.
Houghton.
Iron River.
Mason.
Nash.
Orienta.
Portwing.
Pratt.
Washburn (c. h.).

BROWN.

Askeaton
Bay Settlement.
Champion.
Cronk.
Denmark.
Denmark.
Depere.
Duckcreek.
East Wrightstown.
Flintville.
Fontenoy.
Forks.
*Fort Howard. †Station Green Bay
postoffice.
*Green Bay (c. h.).

Station.

*A, (Fort Howard). Glenmore. Greenleaf.

Henrysville. Holland. Kolb. Kunesh. Lark. Lark. Ledgeville. Little Rapids. Mills Centre. Morrison. New Franken. Oneida. Pinegrove. Pittsfield. Poland. Pulaski. Schiller. Shirley. Suamico. Velp. Wayside Weguiock. West De Pere. Wrightstown.

BUFFALO.

*Alma (c. h.). Auchorage. Bohri. Buffalo. Cochrane. Cream. Doelle *Fountain City. Gilmantown. Glencoe. Herold. Lookout. Marshland. Misha Mokwa. Modena. Mondovi.Montana. Nelson. Norden. Tell. Urne. SWaumandee.

BURNETT.

Alstad.
Blanding.
Bracey.
Coomer.
Ekdall.

Falun.
Freya.
*Grantsburg (c.h.).
Orange.
Randall.
Siren.
Timberland.
Tradelake.
Trade River.
Webster.
Woodlake.

CALUMET.

Brant. *Brillion.Brothertown Charlesburgh *Chilton (c. h.). Darboy. Dundas Forest Junction. Gravesville. Hayton Highcliff. Hilbert.Jericho. New Holstein. Potter Saint John. Sherwood. *Stockbridge.

CHIPPEWA.

Albertville. Anson. Apollonia. Badger Mills, Birch. Bloomer Bobcreek. Boyd.Bruce Cadott. Cartwright. Chippewa City *ChippewaFalls(ch) Colburn. Colton. Cook Valley. Cox Craft. Drywood. Eaglepoint.

Eagleton.

Edson. Eleanor. Estella. Fern. Flambeau. Glenflora. Hawkins Huron. Ingram. Island Lake. Lakeville. Liddell. Murry.
Stanley.
Strickland.
Tillinghast. Vale. Warner. Weyerhauser.

CLARK.

Abbotsford. Carlisle. Chili Christie. ColbyColumbia. Curtiss. Day. Dewhurst. Dorchester. Eidsvold. Globe. Granton. Greengrove. Greenwood. Hein. Hemlock. Humbird. Longwood. $oldsymbol{L}$ oya $oldsymbol{l}$. § Lynn. * Neillsville (c. h.). Nevins. Pleasant Ridge. Ralph. Reseburg. Shortville. Snow. Spokeville. Thorp. Veefkind. Wilcox.

COLUMBIA.

Alloa. Arlington. Bellefountain. Bragg. Cambria. * Columbus. Corinne. Doylestown. Fatl River. Farr's Corners. Hampden Hartman. Keyeser. Kilbourn. Leeds. Leeds Centre. Levee. Lewiston. *Lodi. Marcelon. North Leeds. Okee. Otsego. Pacific.

Pardeeville.
* Portage (c. h.). Port Hope. Poynette. Radissen. Randolph Center. Rockyrun. Thurman. Westpoint. Wuocena.

Adney.

CRAWFORD.

Barnum. Bell Center. Boma. Boydtown. Bridgeport. Eastman. Ferryville. Freeman. Gays Mills. Haney. Hurlbut. Lynxville.
Millett.
Mount Sterling.
North Clayton. Petersburg.
* Prairie du Chien (c. h.). Risingsun. Seneca. Soldiers' Grove. Steuben. Towerville. Wauzeka. Wheatville.

DANE.

Acorn

Adsit

Albion. Amos. Ashton. Barwig. Basco. Belleville.Blackearth.Bluemounds. Burke. Cambridge. Clarkson. Cottagegrove. Crossplains. Dane.Deansville. Deerfield. * Deforest. Door Creek. East Bristol. Elvers. Fitchburg. Floyd. Forward Hanerville. Henderson. Hope. Klevenville. Lakeview. London. Lyle. Macfarland. * Madison (c. h.). Marshall.Marxville. Mazomanie. Mendota. Middleton.Montrose. Morrisonville.

Mount Horeb. Mount Vernon. Nora North Bristol. Norwaygrove. * Oregon. Paoli. Perry. Pheasantbranch. Pinebluff. Primrose. Riley. Rockdale. Roxbury. Rutland. Spring. Springfield Corners. Stone. Story.
* Stoughton.
Sun Prairie. Token. Utica. Verona. Vilas. Waunakee. Windsor.

DODGE.

Alderly. Ashippun. Atwater. * Beaverdam. Brownsville. Burnett Junction. Chester. Clyman. Danville. Fox Lake. Herman. Horicon. Hullsburg. Hust ford. Iron Mountain. Iron Ridge, Juneau (c. h.). Kekoskee. Knowles. Lebanon. Leroy. Lomira.Lostlake. Lowell. May villeMinnesota Junction. Neosho. Oakgrove. *Randolph. Reeseville.Richwood. Rolling Prairie. Rubicon. Theresa.Toland. Woodland. DOOR.

Bailey's Harbor. Brussels. Carnot. Claybanks. Detroit Harbor. Egg Harbor. Ellison Bay. Ephraim. Evergreen. Fishcreek. Forestville. Foscoro. Gardner.

Hainesville, Hedgehog. Jacksonport. Kolberg. Little Sturgeon. Maplewood. Namur. Newport. Rowley's Bay. Salona. Sawyer. Savastopol, Sister Bay. Stevenson's Pier. Stokes.
* Sturgeon Bay (c. h)
Tornado. Vignes Voseville. Washington Harbor.

DOUGLAS.

Bennett Siding. Blueberry. BruleClevedon. Dedham. East Superior. Foxboro. Gordon. Hawthorne. Hoyt. Itasca Lake Nebageman. Maple. Minnesung. Nutt. Poplar. Saint Louis. Solon Springs. South Range. * South Superior. * Superior (c. h.). Thomas. Wentworth. * West Superior

DUNN.

 \S Amy. Annsburgh. Blairmoore. Boyceville.§ Caryville. Colfax. Connorsville Davis. Downing Downsville. Dunnville. Eau Galle. Elkmound. § Fall City. Fosbroke. Grant. Graytown. Hatchville. Knapp. Lochiel Louisville. Lucas. Menomonie (c. h.). Meridian. North Menomonie. Rockfalls. Rusk. Sandcreek. Stoops. Tonnar. Tramway.

Waneka. Waubeek. Weston. Wheeler.

EAU CLAIRE.

Attoona.
Anthony.
Augusta.
Brackett.
* Eau Claire (c. h.).
Fairchild
Fallereck.
Hadleyville.
Luddington.
Nixcorner.
Norseville,
Otter Creek.
Portersmills.

FLORENCE.

Commonwealth.
Florence (c. h.).
Homestead.

Shaw.

FOND DU LAC.

Armstrong. ${f Ashford.}$ Banner. Bing. Brandon. \mathbf{Byron} . Calumet Harbor. SCalumet Harbo SCalumetville. Calvary. Campbellsport. Dotyville. Dundee. Eden. Eggersville. Eldorado. Elmore. Fairwater. *Fond du Lac (c.h.). Fourmile. Hamilton. Johnsburgh. Kirkwood. Ladoga. Lamartine. Malone. Marblehead. Marytown. Metomen. Mitchell. Mount Calvary. New Cassel. Newfane. New Prospect. Oak Centre. Oakfield. Peebles. Prion. *RiponRogersville. Rosendale. Saint Cloud. Saint Killan. Saint Peter. South Byron. Summit Station. Taycheedah. Vandyne. Waucousta. * Waupun. West Rosendale.

Wolflake. Woodhull.

FOREST.

Armstrong Creek. Cavour. Crandon (c. h.). Gagen. Monico. North Crandon. Pelican Lake. Pratt Junction. Three Lakes.

GRANT.

Anderson.

Annaton.

Arthur. Bagley. Reetown. Bigpatch. Bloomington.
Blue River. *Boscobel.Bradtville British Hollow. Burton. CassvilleCastlerock. Cornelia.; Cuba. Dickeysville. Ellenborough. Elmo. Fairplay. Fennimore. Georgetown. Glenhaven. Hazelgreen. Homer. Hurricane ! Tamestown. Kieler. *Lancaster (c. h.). Libertyridge. Livingston. Louisburgh. McCartney. Millville. Mont fort.Mounthope. §Mount Ida. *Muscoda. North Andover. Patchgrove. *Platteville.*Potosi. Preston. Rockville. Sinsinawa. Stitzer SWerley. Woodman Wyalusing.

GREEN.

*Albany.
Attica.
Bem.
*Brodhead.
Brooklyn.
Browntown.
Cadiz.
Clarno.
Dayton.
Exeter.
Farmer's Grove.

Jordon. *Juda.Martintown. *Monroe (c. h.). Monticello. New Glarus. Oakley. Pedee. Polk. Shultz. Stearns. Stewart. Sylvester. Twingrove. Tyrone. Tija Wausemon.

GREEN LAKE.

*Berlin.
Dartford (c. h.).
Green Lake.
Kingston.
Manchester.
*Markesan.
Marquette.
Princeton.
Stanford.
Utley.

IOWA.

Apex.

Arena.Avoca. Barber. *Barneveld. Clyde. Cobb. * Dodgeville (c. h.). Drybone. Edmund. Highland. Hillside. Hollandale. Hyde. Jonesdale. Linden. Middlebury. Mifflin. Mineral Point. Moscow. Pineknob. Ranyard. Rewey. Ridgeway. Standart. Union Mills. § Waldwick. Wyoming.

IRON.

Cedar.
Curry.
Gile.
Hurley (c. h.)
Ironbelt.
Kimball.
Manitowish.
Mercer.
Pence.
Plummer.
Sazon.
Unson.

JACKSON.

Alma Center. Beavercreek.

*Black River Falls (c. h.) Citypoint. Disco. Hatfield. Hixton. Irving. Lee. § Levis. Melrose. Merrillan. Millston.Northbend. Northbranch. Northfield. Pinehill. Pray. Price. Roaringcreek. Sechlerville. Shamrock. Taylor.
Trout.
Wrightsville.
York.

JEFFERSON.

Aliceton. Aztalan. Bernhard. Coldspring. Concord. Ebenezer. Farmington. * Fort Atkinson. Harvey. Hebron Helenville. Hubbleton. Ixonia. *Jefferson (c.'h.). Jefferson Junction Johnson Creek. Lake Mills. Milford. Navan. Oakhhlll. Oakland. * Palmyra. Pipersville. Ripley. Rome. Sullivan. Sumner.
* Waterloo. * Watertown. Weiner.

JUNEAU.

Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Etroy.
Germantown.
Hustler.
Lemonweir.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
* Mauston (c. h.).
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
Necedah.
* New Lisbon.
Union Center.
* Wonewoc.

KENOSHA.

Bassett. Berryville. Brighton. Bristol.Camp Lake. Foxriver. * Kenosha (c. h.) Lagoon. New Munster. Paris. Pleasant Prairie. Ranney. Salem. Silver Lake. Slade's Corners. Somers. Trevor. Truesdell. Twin Lakes. Wheatland. Wilmot. Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.

* Ahnapee. Alaska. Bolt. Carlton. Casco. Curran. Darbellay. Davall. Dyckesyille. Ellisville. Euren.
* Kewaunee (c. h.). Kodan. Krok. Lincoln. Luxembourg. Neuern. Norman. Pilsen. Rankin. Riocreek. Rosiere. Ryan. Sandybay. Slovan. Stangleville. Thiry Daems. Tonet. Walhain.

LA CROSSE.

*Bangor.
Barre Mills.
Burns.
Burroak.
Holman.
*La Crosse (c. h.).

Station. (No. 1, North Side.)

Medary.
Middleridge.
Midway.
Mindoro.
Newberg's Corners.
Onalaska.
Rockland.
Saint Joseph.
Shelby.
Sigel.
Stevenstown.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.

Argyle. Belmont. Benton.Blanchardville. Buncombe. Calamine. *Darlington (c. h.). Defiance. §Dunbarton. Elkgrove. Etna. Fayette. Gratiot. Inswich. Lamont. Leadmine. Leslie. Leslie. Meeker's Grove. New Diggings. Redrock. Shullsburg. South Wayne. Whiteoak. Wiota. Woodford. Yellowstone.

LANGLADE.

*Antigo (c. h.).
Bryant.
Deerbrook.
Elcho.
Elmhurst.
Elton.
Kent.
Koepenick.
Langlade.
Lily.
Markton.
Mayking.
Morley.
Muller's Lake.
Neva.
Parrish.
\$Pearson.
Phlox.
Summit Lake.

LINCOLN.

Bloomville. Chat. Chat. Clifford. Corning. Dudley. Heller. Irma. Jeffris Kickbush. *Merrill'(ch.). Somo. Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.

Alverno.
Branch,
Cato.
Clark's Mills.
Cleveland.
Cooperstown.
East Gibson.
Eaton.
Francis Creek.

Greenstreet. Grimms. Hika. Kasson. Kellnersville. Kiel. Kingsbridge. Larrabee.
Louis' Corner.
*Manitowoc (c. h.) Maplegrove. Meeme. Meggers. Melnik. Menchalville. Millhome. Mishicot. Nero. Newtonburgh. Niles. Northeim. Oslo. Osman Rangeline. Rapids.
Reedsville. Rosecrans. Rube.
Saint Nazianz.
Saint Wendel. Schoolhill. Shoto. Stark. Steinthal. Taus. Taus.
Timothy.
Tisch Mills.
*Two Rivers.
Wells.
Whitelaw.

MARATHON.

Athens. Barney. Bevent. Cherokee. Corinth. (. Dancy. Denny. Edgar. Elderon Emmerich. Fenwood. Flanner. Gohdes. Granite Heights. Halder. Hamburgh. Hatley. Hogerty Johnson. Kelley. §Knowlton. McMillan. Marathon. March. Moon. Mosinee. Naugart. *Norrie*. Nutterville. Pikelake. Poniatowski. Rib Falls. Ringle. Rozellville. Schofield. Shantytown.

Spencer.
Staadt.
Steatin.
Stratford.
Swan.
Taegesville.
Trepp.
Unity.
Wausau (c. h)
Weber.
Wein.
Wuertsburg.
Ziegler.

MARINETTE.

Amberg.
Athelstane.
Beaver.
Coleman.
Crivitz.
Dunbar.
Gsll.
Marinette (c. h).
McAllister,
Middle Inlet.
Oaleans.
Pembine.
Peshtigo.
Porterfield.
Pound.
Wassaukee.

MARQUETTE.

Briggsville.
Browning.
Douglas Center.
Germania.
Grover.
Harrisville.
Jeddo.
Libertybluff.
Merrittville.
Montello (c.h).
Moundville.
Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Packwaukee.
Roslin.
*Westfield.

MILWAUKEE.

*Bay View.†
Barthelet.
Browndeer.
Butler.
Cudahy.
Dillman.
Granville.
Granville Center.
Hales Corners.
Heelyton.
*Mitwaukee (c h).

Stations.

*A. (South Side), 316-18 Reed St. *B. (North West), 1122-24 Walnut Street. *C. 742 Third St. *D. (Bay View). Sub-Stations.

*No. 1 (Williamsburg), 1390 Green Bay Avenue NationalVational Home, New Coeln. North Greenfield, North Milwaukee.
*North West.† Oakwood. Paynesville. Rootcreek.
Saint Francis.
Saint Martins. Silverspring. Smith. Sommerville. *South Milwaukee. *Sou'h Side.† Stargard.
Trostville.
*Wauwatosa West Granville. White Fish Bay

*Williamsburg.† MONROE.

Angelo. Cashton SCataract. Clifton. Glendale. Homewood. Kendall. Kirby Lafayette. Leon. Melvina Norwalk. Norway Ridge. Oakdale. Oil City. Portland. Rapp. Saint Marys. Shennington.
*Sparta (c. h).
*Tomah.
Tunnel City. Valley Junction. Warrens. Wilton. Wyeville.

OCONTO.

Abrams,
Amanda.
Breed.
Brookside.
Chase.
Clark.
Claywood.
Gillett.
Hayes.
Hickory.
Keegan.
Kelleybrook,
Lena.
Linzybrook.
Little Suamico.
Logan.
Maplevalley.
Morgan.
Mountain.
**Oconto (c. h.).

Oconto Falls.
Pensaukee.
Sobieski.
Spruce.
Stilles.
Strand.
Timme.
Underhill.

ONEIDA.

Harshaw.
*Hazlehurst.
Hebard.
McNaughton.
Pennington.
Rhinelander (c. h.).
Stella.
Tomahawk Lake.
Woodboro.

OUTAGAMIE.

Applecreek.
*Appleton (c. h.).
Batley. Bearcreek. Binghampton. Blackcreek. Bungert Cicero. Combined Locks. Dale.Ērb. Greenville Hortonville. Kuukauna. Kimberly. awrenceville. SLeeman. Little chute.Mackville. Medina.Mission, Sagole Seumour. Shiocton. South Kaukauna. South Osborn. Stephensville. Stinson. Sugarbush. Whittlin

OZAUKEE.

Bartel Station.
Belgium.
Cedarburgh.
Druecker.
Fredonia.
Fredonia Station.
Freistadt.
Grafton.
Holy Cross.
Horn's Corners.
Kohler.
Lake Church.
Mequon.
*Port Washington
(c. h.).
Saukville.
Thiensville.

PEPIN.

Arkansaw.*Durand (c. h.).

East Pepin.
Ella.
Pepin.
Porcupine.
*Stockholm.
Tarrant.

PIERCE.

Bay City. Beldenville. Bigriver. Brassington.
Clayfield.
Diamond Bluff.
*Ellsworth (c. h.). Elmwood. El Paso. Esduile. Exile. Farmhill. Gertrude. Gilman. Hager City. Herbert. Lawton. Linderman. Lostcreek. Lund. Maiden Rock. MartellSMoeville. Olivet. SOno. Plum City. Prescott. *River Falls. Rockelm.
Spring Valley.
Trim Belle. Viking. Waverly.

POLK.

Alabama.

Alden. Amery.Andrus. Appleriver. Atlas. Balsom Lake. Bunyan. Clam Falls. Clayton. Clearlake. Cushing. Deronda Dresser Junction. Dueholm. East Farmington. El Salem. Helbig. Jenson. Joel. Littlefalls. Loraine. Luck. North Valley. Nye. Osceola Mills (c.h.). Patterson. Pineville. Richardson. St .Croix Falls.
South Farmington.

 $_{
m Volga}$.

Wagon Landing.

West Denmark. West Sweden. Wolfcreek.

PORTAGE.

Alban. Almond. Amherst. Amherst Junction. Arnott. Badger Bancroft. Blaine. Buenavista. Casimir. Crocker's Landing. Custer. Ellis. Fancher. Garfield. Hetzel. Hull. Junction. Keene. Lanark. Lonepine. McDill. Madely. Meehan. §Nelsonville. New Hope. Peru. Plover. Polonia. Rosholt. Sherman. *Stevens Point(c.h.). Stockton. Towne.

PRICE.

Brantwood.

F field.
Kennan.
Knox Mills.
Ogema.
Parkfatts.
*Phillips (c.h.).
*Prentice.
Spirit.
Worcester.

RACINE.

Beaumont. *Burlington. Caldaell. Caledonia. Dover. Franksville.Husher. Ivesgrove KansasvilleKilbournville. Kneeland. Lamberton. Linwood. North Cape. *Racine (c.h.).
Station.
A (Racine Junction.)
Raymond. Rochester. Sylvania. Tabor. Thompsonville.

†Station, Milwaukee postoffice.

Tischigan.
Union Church.
Uniongrove.
Waterford.
Western Union.
Wind Lake.
Yorkville.

RICHLAND.

Ashridge. Balmoral. Bashford. Basswood Boar Valley. Bloom City. Boaz. Brady's. Buckereek. Buckeye. Byrdscreek. Carwin. Cazenovia. Dixon. Eagle Corners. Excelsior. Fivepoints. Gillingham. Henrietta. Hub City. Ithaca Keyesville. Lonerock. Loyd. Neptune. *Richland Center

Richland City.
Rockbridge.
Sabin.
Sextonville.
Sylvan.
Tavera
Twin Bluffs.
Viola
West Lima.
Westport.
Woodstock.
Yuba.

ROCK.

Afton. Avon. * Reloit. Bergen Cainville. Center *Clinton Cooksville. Edgerton. Emerald Grove. Evansville.Fairfield. Fellows. Footville. Fulton. Hanover. Indianford.
*Janesville (c. h.). Johnstown Johnstown Center. Koshkonong. Leyden. SLima Center. Magnolia. Milton.
Milton Junction. Or for dville.Rock Prairie. Shopiere.

Stebbinville. Tiffany. Union,

ST. CROIX.

Baldwin. Boardman. Brookville. Burkhardt. Cylon.

Decrpark.

Emerald.

Erin. Glenwood. Hammond. Hempel. Hersey.Houlton. *Hudson (c. h.).Inlet. Jewett. New Centerville. N w Richmond. North Hudson. Palmer. Plasant Valley. Roberts. Somerset. Stanton. Star Prairie. Wildwood. Wilson. Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.*Baraboo(c. h.).Blackhawk. Cassell. Delton Denzer. Devils Lake. Ironton. King's Corners. Lavalle.Leland. Limeridge. $oldsymbol{L}$ oganvilte. Mërrimac. North Freedom. Piain. Prairie du Sac. *Reedsburg. Sandusky. *Sauk City Springgreen. Valton. White Mound. Witwen.

SAWYER.

Deer Lake.
*Hayward (c. h.).
Reserve.
Roundlake.
Wallace.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
Angelica.
Aniwa.
Belleplaine.
Birnamwood.
Bonduel.
Briarton.
Caroline.
Cecil.

Comet. Eland. Frazer. Galesburgh. Gresham. Hermansfort. Hofa Park. Hunting. Keshena. Krakow. Landstad. Lanev Leopolis. Mattoon. Morris. Pella. Pulcifer. Regina. Riverside. Roselawn. *Shawano (c. h.). Splitrock. *Tigerton. Tilleda. Wellhaven. Whitcomb. * Wittenburg.

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada. Adell. Beechwood. Cascade. Cedargrove. Dacada. Edwards. Elkhart. Erdman. Franklin. Gibbsville. Glenbeulah. Greenbush. Hingham. Hoard. Howard. Johnsonville. Mosel. Oostburgh. ParnellPius. Plymouth. Random Lake Rathbun. Rhine. Saint Anna. Saint George. §Scott. *Sheboygan (c. h.). Sheboygan Falls. Silver Creek. Waldo. Winooski.

TAYLOR.

Chelsea.
Halway.
Interwald.
Justin.
Littleblack.
Lynch.
* Medford (c. h.)
Perkinstown.
Ray.
Riblake.
Stetsonville.
Urquhart.
Westboro.
Whittlessy.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.Blair. Centreville. Chimney Rock. Decora Prairie. § Dodge. Elkereek. Ettrick. Frenchville. Galesville. Glasgow. Hale. Hegg Independence. Osseo.§ Pigeonfalls. Russell. Strum. Tamarack. Trempealcau. Whitehall (c. h.).

VERNON.

Arbor. Avalanche. Bloomingdale. S Bristow. Bud. Burr. Chaseburg. Coon Valley. Debello. Dell. De Soto Dille. Esofea. Fargo. Folsom. Genoa. Harmony. Hillsborough. Kickapoo. Latarge. Liberty. Libertypole. Lovass. Manning Mount Tabor. Muncie. Newry. Newton. Ontario. Ottervale. Purdy. Readstown. Redmound. Rest. Retreat. Rockton. Romance. Ross. Springville. Star Stoddard. § Sugargrove. Trippville. Valley. Victory. * Viroqua (c. h.). Westby. West Prairie. Wood.

VILAS.

Arbor Vitte.
Conover.
Eagle River (c. h.).
Lac du Flambeau.

Minocqua. Starlake. Stateline. Woodruff.

WALWORTH.

Adams. § Allen's Grove. Bissell. Roward Como. Darien.Delavan. East Delavan. East Troy.

* Elkhorn (c. h.).

Fayetteville. Fontana. Genou Junction. Heart Prairie. Hillburn. Honeycreek. Jacobsville. Lagrange. Lake Beulah. Lake Geneva. Lauderdale. Little Prairie. Lyons. Mayhew. Millard. Richmond. Sharon. Sharon.
Springfield.
Spring Prairie.
Tibbets.
Troy.
Troy. Centre.
Vienna.
Walworth. Whitewater.

WASHBURN.

Williams Bay.

Bashaw.
Madge.
Mills.
Minong.
Namekagon.
Nobleton.
*Shell Lake (c. h.).
*Spooner.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.'
Addison.
Allenton.
Aurora.
Barton.
Boltonville.
Cedarcreek.

Fillmore.
Frank.
Frank.
Hubertus.
Jackson.
Kevaskum.
Kirchhayn.
Kohlsville.
Lakefive.
Mayfield.
Meeker.
Mira.
Nenno.
Neuburgh.
Richfield.
Rockfield.

Meeker.
Mira.
Nenno.
Newburgh.
Richfield.
Rockfield.
Saint Lawrence.
Saint Michael's.
Salter.
Schleisingerville.
South Germantown,
Thompson.
Wayne.
* West Bend (c. h.).

WAUKESHA.

Bigbend. Brookfield.

Colgate.

Denoon.

Delafield.

Calhoun. Chamberlain.

Dodge's Corners. Dousman.
Duplainville. Durham. Eagle. Elm Grove. Fussville. Genesee. Genesee Depot. Golden Lake. Guthrie. Hartland. Lannon. Mapleton. Marcy. Menomonee Falls. Merton. Monches. Monterey. Mukwonago.Muskego. Muskego. Nashotah. New Berlin. Northlake. North Prairie. * Oconomovoe Oconomowoc.

Okauchee.

Pewaukee.

Prospect.

Ottawa.

Stonebank.
Summit Centre.
Sussex.
Templeton.
Tess Corners.
Vornon.
Wales.
Waterville.
*Waukesha (c. h.).

WAUPACA. Baldwin's Mills.

Bigfalls.

Clintonville. Crystallake. Embarrass. Fremont. Hatton. Iola. Lind Littlewolf. Manawa. Marble. Marion * New London. Nicholson. Northland. Northport. Nowell. Ogdensburg. Ostrander. Parfreyville. Readfield. Reams. Royalton. Scandinavia. Sheridan. Surat. S mco.
* Waupaca (c. h.). ans' Home.

WAUSHARA

Aurorahville.
Beet.
Borth.
Brushville.
Cedarlake.
Colebrook.
Coloma Station.
Dakota.
Fargoville.
Hancock.
Mount Morris.
Oasis.
Pine River.
Plainfield.
Poysippi.
Richford.

Rodney.
Saxeville.
Springlake.
Springwater.
Terrill.
Tustin.
Waushara.
Wautoma (c. h.).
West Bloomfield.
Wildrose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville. Butte des Morts. Clemansville. Crete. Elo. Eureka. Fisk. Koro. Menasha. Mikesville. * Neenah. Nekimi. Omro. Orihula, Oshkosh (c. h.). Pickett. Poygan. Ring. Rushlake. Waukau. Winchester. Winnebago. Winneconne. Zion. Zittau.

WOOD.

Altdorf. Arpin. Auburndale. Babcock. Bakerville. Bearss Marsh. Blenker. * Centralia. Daily. Dexterville. *GrandRapids(c.h.)Hansen. Hewitt. Lindsey Marshfield. Milladore. Nekoosa. Pittsville. Port Edwards. Rudolph. Saratoga. Sherry. Vesper.

LIST OF FREE DELIVERY POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

Appleton.
Ashland.
Beloit.
Chippewa Falls.
Eau Claire.
Foud du Lac.
Greenbay.
Janesville.

La Crosse.
Madison.
Manitowoc.
Marinette.
Milwaukee.
*d Bay view.
*b Northwest 11221124 Walnut St.

*a South Side, 316-318 Reed St.
*c Third Street,742
Third St.
Sub-station,
*No. 1.
Williamsburg,1390
Green Bay Ave.

Oshkosh. Racine. Sheboygan. Stevens Point. Watertown. Waukesha. Wausau. West Superior.

LIST OF POST OFFICES.

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS TO DECEMBER 31, 1896.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.	
Ahnapee	Kewaunce	3	\$1,000	
Antigo	Langlade	3 2 2 3 2 3 3 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1,700	
Apploron	Outagamie	2	2,500	
Ashland	Ashland	2	2,500	
Anonicia	Eau Claire	3	1,200	
Rarahoo	Sauk	2	2,000	
Barron	Barron	3	1,000	
Payfield	Bayfield	3	1,100	
Beaverdam	Dodge	3	1,800 2,400	
Relait	Rock	5	2,400	
Berlin	Green Lake	3	2,000 1,500	
Black River Falls	Jackson	3	1,300	
Boscobel	GrantGreen	3	1,400	
Brodhead	Racine	9	1,600	
Burlington	Wood	3	1,200	
Centralia	Calumet	3	1,200	
Chilton	Chippewa	3 2 3	2,200	
Chippewa Falls	Rock	1 3	1,400	
Clinton	Waupaca	l š	1,200	
Columbus	Columbia	3	1,900	
Cudahy	Milwaukee	3	1,300	
Cumberland	Barron	3 3 3 3	1,100	
Darlington	Lafayette	3	1,500	
Delavan	Walworth	3	1,700	
DoPoro	Brown	3	1,600	
Dodgeville	Iowa	3	1,500	
Durand	Pepin	3 2 3 3	1,200	
Ean Claire	Eau Claire	2	2,700	
Edgerton	Rock	3	1,500	
Elkhorn	Walworth	3	1,500	
Ellsworth	Pierce		1,000	
Elrov	Juneau	3 2 2 3	1,100	
Evansville	Rock	3	1,600	
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	2	2,500	
Fort Atkinson	Jefferson	4	2,300 1,000	
Fox Lake ,	Dodge	9	1,400	
Grand Rapids.	WoodBrown	3 2 3	2,500	
	Washington	2	1,100	
Hartford	Sawyer	ä	1,200	
Hayward	Dodge	3	1,000	
Horicon	St. Croix	ă	1,700	
HudsonHurley	Iron	3	1,300	
Iron River	Bayfield	3	1,100	
Janesville	Rock	3 2 3	2,600	
Jefferson	Jefferson	3	1,500	
Kaukauna	Outagamie	$\frac{3}{2}$	1,400	
Kenosha	Kenosha	2	2,400	
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	3	1,100	
Kilbourn	Columbia	3 1	1,400	
La Crosse	La Crosse	1	3,200	
Lake Geneva	Walworth	3	1,800	
Lake Mills	Jefferson	3	1,300	
Lancaster	Grant	3	1,500	
Lodi	Columbia	3	1,000	
Madison	Dane	1	3,100	
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	2	2,300 2,300	
Marinette	Marinette	1 Z	. 2.300	

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES-Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.	
Marshfield	Wood	3	ф1 000	
Mauston	Juneau		\$1,800 1,400	
Mayville	Dodge	3 3 3	1,000	
Medford	Taylor	š	1,400	
Menasha Menekaunee		3	1,800	
Menomonie		3	1,100	
Merrill	Dunn Lincoln	3 2 1 3 3 3 2 3	1,800	
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	2	2,200	
Mineral Point	Iowa	3	5,000 1,500	
Monroe	Green	š	1,900	
Necedah	Juneau	š	1,000	
Neenah Neillsville	Winnebago	2	2,100	
New Lisbon	Clark	3 1	1,500	
New London	Juneau Waupaca	3	1,100	
New Richmond	St Croix	3	1,500	
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	3	1,600 1,700	
Oconto	Oconto	3	1,800	
Omro	Winnebago	3	1,100	
Oshkosh	Winnebago	$\frac{2}{3}$	2,900	
Peshtigo Phillips	Marinette	3	1,000	
Platteville	Price	3	1,500	
Plymouth	Sheboygan	3	1,700	
Portage	Columbia	2	1,500 2,000	
Port Washington	Ozankee	$\frac{2}{3}$	1,600	
Prairis du Chien	Crawford	3	1,400	
Racine Reedsburg	Racine	1	3,300	
Rhinelander	Sauk	3 3	1,600	
Rice Lake	Oneida Barron	3	1,900	
Richland Center	Richland	3	1,600	
Ripon River Falls	Fond du Lac	3	1,500 1,900	
liver Falls	Pierce	3	1,600	
Sharon	Walworth	3	1,100	
Shawano	Shawano	$\frac{3}{2}$	1,300	
heboyganheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	$\frac{2}{3}$	2,600	
Shell Lake	Sheboygan Washburn	3	1,500	
hullsburg	Lafayette	3	1,000	
outh Kaukauna	Outagamie	3	1,100 1,300	
outh Milwaukee	Milwaukee	3	1,400	
outh Superior	Douglas	3	1,300	
parta tevens Point.	Monroe	3	1,800	
toughton	Portage	2	2,100	
turgeon Bay	Door	3	1,700	
uperior	Douglas	3	1,400 1,700	
omah	Monroe	3	1,500	
omahawk	Lincoln	3	1,200	
wo Rivers	Manitowoc	3	1,300	
iroqua Vashburn	Vernon	3	1,400	
Vaterloo	Bayfield Jefferson	3	1,500	
Vatertown	Jefferson	3	1,100	
Vaukesha	Waukesha	2	2,200 2,400	
Vaupaca	Waupaca	$\bar{3}$	2,400 1,700	
Vaupun	Fond du Lac	3	1,700	
Vausau	Marathon	2	2,300	
Vauwatosa	Milwaukee	3 2 2 3	2,000	
VestbendVest Superior	Washington Douglas	8	1,200	
Whitewater	Walworth	2	2,700	
Vonewoc	Juneau	3 3	1,900	
		9	1,100	



HON. WILLIAM F. VILAS, United States Senator. (Term expires March 4, 1897.)



POSTAL INFORMATION.

POSTAGE REGISTRY AND MONEY ORDER FEES.

CLASSES OF MAIL MATTER AND POSTAGE THEREON.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof-sheets or corrected proof-sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection.

Rate of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter car-

rier's office; and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof at other offices.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art, or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers, and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation at nominal rates.

Rate of postage — For publishers and news agents: 1 cent a pound or fraction thereof.

For others than publishers and news agents: 1 cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class — Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, also seeds, bulbs, roots, scions and plants.

Rate of postage - One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class – Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, and not above the weight provided by law.

Rate of postage - One cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

THE LIMIT OF WEIGHT.

A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book.

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE.

On first class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery

On Second-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Third-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Fourth-Class Matter — The postage must be fully prepaid.

WHAT MAY BE WRITTEN OR PRINTED ON MAIL MATTER.

Second Class—Name and address of persons to whom the matter is to be sent; index figures of subscription book printed or written; printed title of publication, printed or written name or address, without advertisement of publisher or sender; written or printed words or figures, or both, indicating date on which subscription ends; correction of typographical errors, a mark except by written or printed words to designate a word or passage to which it is desired to call attention; the words "sample copy;" publishers' or news agents' bills, receipts and orders for subscription, but the same shall convey no other information than the name, place of publication, subscription price, and amount of subscription due. The number of copies inclosed may be indicated on wrapper or face of package.

Third Class—Sender's name and address, with the word "from"; marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to word or passage; correction of typographical errors; on the blank leaves or cover of any book may be placed a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not in the nature of a personal correspondence; upon the address side of wrapper, envelope, tag or label must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth Class—With matter of this kind may be enclosed any mailable third-class matter. On wrapper, cover, tag or label may be written name and address of sender, with word "from"; marks, numbers, names or letters for purposes of description, or same may be printed; any printed matter not in nature of a personal correspondence. On address side must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered; but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials, or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefinite addresses. The registry fee is eight cents in addition to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all other countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

are as follows:	
Letters, 15 grams (½ ounce)	5 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per two ounces	1 cent.
Commercial papers:	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces	5 cents.
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise:	
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	8 cents.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) must be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially.

CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States.

THE POSTAL MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

The maximum amount of a single order is \$100.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchange of money-orders between the United States and the following countries, viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands (embracing the islands of Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Lucia), the Leeward Islands (consisting of the presidencies of Antiqua, St. Christopher—Nevis, Dominica,

Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, the Hawaiian Republic, Sweden, Japan, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, the Bahama Islands, the colony of Trinidad and Tobago, Austria, Hungary, British Guiana, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Bermuda, and the colony of South Australia, Salvador, Hong Kong and Republic of Honduras.

The fees for International Money-Orders are as follows:

For sums not exceeding \$10 10c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40
Ovér \$40 and net exceeding \$50 50c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$90 80c
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90 90c
Over \$90 and not ixceeding \$100.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1896.

FINITOINE DINIEMENT FOR THE TEST	10 10001		
The expenditures of the postal service for the year are showing statement:	n by items	in the follo	w-
Transportation of the mails on railroads. Compensation of postmasters. Free-delivery service. Compensation of clerks in postoffices. Compensation of railway postoffice elerks. Transportation of the mails on star routes. Railway postoffice car service. Railway postoffice car service. Transportation of foreign mails. Mail-messenger service. Rent, light, and fuel for first and second class offices. Manufacture of stamped envelopes. Rent, light, and fuel for third-class offices. Transportation of mails on steamboats Special-delivery service. Mail bags and catchers. Mail depredations and postoffice inspectors. Manufacture of postal cards. Transportation of the mails—special facilities, etc. Manufacture of postage stamps. Balance due foreign countries Miscellaneous expenses for post-offices, including furniture Registered package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes Wrapping twine. Stationery for post-offices. Wrapping paper		10, 501, 151 12, 713, 861 9, 972, 496 7, 420, 647 5, 836, 221 3, 134, 90, 250 1, 174, 356 845, 360 752, 958 865, 299 388, 606 318, 008 269, 739 266, 819 172, 149 153, 581 110, 223 110, 233 110, 234 193, 376 79, 936 49, 902 49, 872	10 41 22 92 38 72 17 26 78 09 51 22 92 42 03 72 10 62 08 67 88 88 74
Expenditures under 18 smaller items of appropriations		\$90,408,584	25 59
Total expenditures		\$90,626,296	84
The postal revenue from all sources was as follows: Sales of stamps, stamped envelopes, letter sheets, and postal cards	378, 438, 077 78 2, 534, 925 5 886, 185 0' 519, 244 5'	1 7	
Letter postage paid in money, mostly balances from foreign postal administrations. Miscellaneous receipts. Fines and penalties Receipts from unclaimed dead letters.	52,783 4 29,152 5 28,583 7 10,255 7	1 7	

Total receipts

STATEMENT OF AMOUNT OF MAIL MATTER HANDLED.

The following information relative to the amount of matter carried in this country during the year ending June 30, 1896: Number of letters and other pieces of first-cass matter mailed during the year at letter rates of postage. Number of letters and other first-class matter on official business, free	•
Total letters paid and free	2,630,210,600
Number of postal cards mailed	524, 820, 150
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed by publishers and news agents, paid	1,216,986,055 523,482,970 90,653,517
Total pieces of second-class matter	1,831,122,542
Number of pieces of third-class matter mailed—books, pamphlets, circulars, etc	649,951,000
Number of pieces of fourth-class matter mailed — packages of merchandise, etc., including seeds, plants, etc	57,614,900
Aggregate of pieces of all classes mailed	5, 693, 719, 192

STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS.

COMPARATIVE TABLE, SHOWING POPULATION OF 1890 AND 1895, BY TOWNS, CITIES AND VILLAGES.

Total Population,	Federal Census, 1890	1,686,880
	State Census, 1895	

ADAMS COUNTY.

1895.		1890.		
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	
Adams Big Flats Colburn Dell Prairie Easton Jackson Leola Lincoln Monroe New Haven Preston Quincy Richfield Eo ne Springville Strong's Prairie Total population	217 384 337 351 500 955	Adams Big Flats Dell Prairie Easton. Jackson Leola Lincoln Monroe New Chester New Haven. Preston Quincy Richfield Rome Springville Strong's Prairie Total population.	33 23	

ASHLAND COUNTY.

*Ashland	1,949	Ashland, incl. Apostle Islands, 952 Ashland, city:	1,507
1st ward 2,588 2d ward 2,218 3d ward 1,382 4th ward 2,272 5th ward 2,528 6th ward 1,352	12,310	1st ward 1,445 2d ward 1,714 3d ward 1,772 4th ward 2,301 5th ward 2,721 Butternut	9,956
Butternut	$1,275 \\ 1,014$	Jacobs Knight	1 , 277 639
La Pointe Morse	250 443	Vaughan, incl. villages Hurley, 2,267; Hoyt, Guile and Pence	5, 474
Total population	17,241	Total population	20,063

^{*}Census of 1890 includes Iron county.

BARRON COUNTY.

189 5.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Barron Barron, city: 1st ward 202 2d ward 3d ward 300 4th ward 2d cedar Lake Chetek Chetek, city: 1st ward 2d ward 2d ward 251 Clumberland Cumberland 320 2d ward 380 4th ward 389 4th ward 380 Atheward 380 Caberlor Ca	\$ 1,204 \$ 1,204 \$ 650 614 \$ 487 881 1,840 \$ 1,426 1,133 761 1,233 704 1,212 \$ 3,162 \$ 972 601 295 492 1,506 359 20,122	Barron. Barron, city Cedar Lake Chetek Clinton Cumberland Cumberland, city Dallas Maple Grove Oak Grove Prairie Farm Rice Lake: 1st ward 531 3d ward 331 3d ward 351 4th ward 672 Stanfold Stanley Summer Turtle Lake Total population	400 823 1,722 1,734 1,546 1,211 1,033 1,047 608 1,047 2,130 589 748 305 874 314 15,416

BAYFIELD COUNTY.

Bayfield Bayfield , village Drummond Iron River Mason Washburn Washburn Total population	1,368 812 2,624 740 629 5,178	Bayfield, town Bayfield, city Drummond Mason Washburn Washburn, city Total population	1,373 696 1,095 660 3,039
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BROWN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.		
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-	
Allouez Ashwaubenon Bellevue De Pere De Pere, city Eaton Glenmore Green Bay. *Green Bay, city Howard Holland Humboldt Lawrence Morrison New Denmark Pittsfield Preble Rockland Scott Suamico Wrightsown Total population	378 558 869 1,013 4,292 1,249 1,529 971 18,280 1,502 1,502 1,526 1,102 1,526 1,520 1,528 1,374 1,536 833 1,293 1,293 1,293 1,293 1,293 1,293 1,502 1,502 1,502 1,503 1,50	Allouez Ashwaubenon Bellevue De Pere † De Pere, city: 1st ward 3d ward 4th ward 2d ward 3d ward 2d ward 2d ward 2d ward 2d ward 2d ward 2d ward 3d ward 2d ward 3d ward 3d ward 4th ward 2cty: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 2cty: 1st ward 3d ward 4th ward 2cty: 1st ward 4th ward 2cty: 1st ward 4th ward 4th ward 6th ward 6th ward 1.897 2d ward 1.897 2d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 4,102 3d ward 1,897 2d ward 4,102 3d ward 2d ward 4,102 3d ward 5,070 Holland Howard Humboldt Lawrence Morrison New Denmark Pittsfield Preble Rockland Scott Suamico Wrightstown Part of Oueida Indian reservation Total population	363 479 838 969 3,625 1,102 4,754 1,608 1,248 1,261 1,066 946 1,444 1,560 941 1,160 800 2,168 722 39,164	

^{*}Fort Howard, which contained 4,754 in 1890, has since been consolidated with the city of Green Bay.
†Includes W. De Pere.

BUFFALO COUNTY.

Alma Alma, city. Belvidere Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo, city Canton Cross Dover Fountain City Gilmanton Glencoe Lincoln Maxville Milton Modena Mondovi, city Montana Naples Nelson	749 691 291 763 652 798 1,065 723 805 568 653 366 892 646 928 803 806 803	Alma Alma, city Belvidere incl. Buffalo City (223) Buffalo Buffalo City (See Belvidere) Canton Cross Dover Fountain City Gilmantown Glencoe Lincoln Maxville Milton Modena Mondovi, city Montana Naples Nelson Waumandee	710 1, 428 973 647 744 671 7577 972 599 6922 556 6022 1,090 810 727 1,919 853
Waumandee	16,931	Total population	15,997

BURNETT COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Grantsburg Grantsburg, village Marshland Rusk Trade Lake Wood Lake	1,713 518 1,148 437 1,091 985 5,892	Grantsburg Grantsburg, village Marshland Rusk Trade Lake Wood Lake	1,447 410 678 232 825 801 4,393

CALUMET COUNTY.

Brillion Brillion, village Brothertown Charlestown Chilton Chilton Chilton, city Harrison New Holstein Rantoul Stockbridge Woodville Total population.	1,661 874 1,630 1,326 1,376 1,601 2,174 1,846 1,758 2,023 1,475	Brillion, incl. vil Brothertown Charlestown Chilton Chilton, city Harrison New Holstein Rantoul Stockbridge Woodville Total population.	2, 693 1, 622 1, 362 1, 343 1, 424 1, 987 1, 735 1, 686 1, 948 1, 427
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CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

Anthur			1
Arthur	634	Anson	533
Anson	618	Arthur	622
Auburn	1,584	Muburn	1,584
Big Bend	1,117	Dir Bena	820
Bloomer, village	1,979	1000 det	2,351
Chippewa Falls, city:	669	Chippew rans:	_,-,
1st ward 1,157		1st ward 929	1
2d ward		2d ward 1,174	11
3d ward	li l	3d ward 1 398	
4th ward	li	4th ward	11
5th ward		5th ward 920	0 000
6th ward	9,196	6th ward 902	8,670
7th ward		7th ward	11
8th ward		8th ward	
9th ward	11 1	9th ward 683	
10th ward		10th ward 436	J .
Cleveland	553	Cleveland	395
Colpurn	457	Colburn	347
Eagle Point.	1,296	Eagle Point.	1,282
Edson	2,885	Edson	2,164
boyd, village	738	Flambeau	289
riambeau	417	La Fayette Lawrence	1,514
La Fayette	1,383	Sigel	272
Lawrence	412	Tilden	1,587
Sigel	786	Wheaton	1,313
Cadott, village	838		1,400
1 Huen	1,422	Total population	25,143
Wheaton	1,743	a_popatation	40, 143
Total population	28,727	•	
Zotar population	40, 121	*	

CLARK COUNTY.

Colby 748 **Colby, city, West ward 324 Eaton 479 Fremont 497 Greant 1,212 Green Grove 319 Greenwood, city 559 Hewett 223 Hixon 571 Hoard 372 Levis 481 Loyal 937 Loyal, village 448 Lynn 513 Mayville 1,398 Abbottsford, village 330 Mentor 842 Neillsville, city: 1st ward 2d ward 679 2d ward 731	Towns, Cities and Villages. Beaver, incl. Unity	Popula- tion. 1,077 1,106 707
Colby 748 *Colby, city, West ward 324 Eaton 479 Fremont 497 Greant 1,212 Green Grove 319 Greenwood, city 559 Hewett 223 Hixon 871 Hoard 372 Loyal 481 Loyal, village 448 Lynn 513 Mayville 1,398 Abbottsford, village 330 Mentor 842 Neillsville, city: 1st ward 1st ward 796 2d ward 679 3rd ward 731	Colby Eaton	1,106 707
Reseburg 485 Sherman 533 Sherwood Forest 182 Thorp 635 Thorp, village 829	Fremont. Grant, incl. Lynn. Grant, incl. Lynn. Green Grove. Hewett. Hixon, incl. Withee. Hoard, incl. Mayville. Levis, incl. Washburn and Sherwood Forest. Loyal. Lynn (See Grant). Mayville (See Hoard). Mentor. Neillsville, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 735 3d ward. 736 3d ward. Sherwood Forest (See Levis). Thorpe, incl. vil. Unity (See Beaver). Warner. Warner. Washburn (See Levis). Weston Withee (See Hixon). York.	411 1,506 242 242 1,537 1,760 684 979 684 } 1,936 470 1,192 591 863 863 17,708

^{*189} in Marathon county. Total for city, 513.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Arlington Caledonia Columbus Columbus, city:	\$43 1,318 798 2,287 \$75 570 873 645 593 645 1,366 923 1,217 743 975 821 853 541 1,207 1,266 1,366 1,366 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,266 1,37 1,37 30,868	Arlington Caledonia. Columbus, city. Courtland, incl. parts of Randolph (w. ward) and Cambria. Dekorra Ft. Winnebago Fountain Prairie. Hampden. Leeds. Lewistown. Lodi Lowville. Marcellon. Newport, incl. Kilbourn City vil. Otsego Pacific. Portage, city: Ist and 4th wards 2,095 2d and 3d wards 1,848 5th ward Sth ward. Randolph, incl. part of village Randolph, vil., w. ward. (See Courtland). Rio, village Scott Springvale West Point. Wyocena Total population	\$22 1, 333 80 1, 97 1, 32 646 1, 316 861 1, 171 933 845 1, 375 733 845 1, 127 255 255 339 824 1, 127 255 257 257 257 257 257 257 2

^{*}Part in town of Courtland, part in Randolph. †East ward in Dodge county. Total 588.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Bridgeport Clayton Soldiers' Grove, village Eastman Freeman De Soto, village Haney Marietta Prairie du Chien Prairie du Chien, city 1st ward 2d ward 1,085 3d ward 4th ward 350 Scott Seneca Lynxville, village Utica Wauzeka Wauzeka, village Total population	1,968 450 1,483 1,647 111 924 1,285 592 3,286 1,077 1,158 310 1,497 607 411	Bridgeport. Clayton Eastman Freeman Haney Marietta Prairie du Chien Prairie du Chien, city: 1st ward. 629 2d ward 1,131 3d ward 1,163 4th ward 308 Scott. Seneca, incl. Lynxville village Utica Wauzeka Total population	410 2,050 1,436 1,496 738 1,308 602 3,131 1,079 1,440 1,389 916 15,987
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DANE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Albion Berry Black Earth Blooming Grove Blue Mounds, incl. 654 in Mt. Horeb and 187 in Blue Mounds villages Bristol, Burke Christiana, incl. 525 in Cambridge and 202 in Rockdale villages.	1,588 1,012 809 1,067 1,723 1,193 1,247 2,380 1,319	Albion Berry Black Earth, incl. village Blooming Grove Blue Mounds Burke Bristol Christiana Cottage Grove Cross Plains Dane Deerfield	1,516 1,003 742 999 1,449 1,03 1,129 2,379 1,305 1,103 1,161 1,573
Cross Plains. Dane incl. 274 in village of Dane Deerfield Deerfield , village Dunkirk Dunn Fitchburg Madison	1, 171 1, 250 1, 200 519 1, 574 1, 167 1, 046 1, 251	Dunkirk Dunkirk Dunn, i'cl. McFarland village. Fitchburg Madison. Madison, city: 1st ward 2,845 2d ward 1,512 3d ward 2,284 3t ward 2,284 5th ward 2,164 5th ward 2,164 2,164 2,164 3 2,164 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1,406 1,113 958 919 13,426
1st ward	15,950 503 1,015 1,499 1,508 1,018 400 862 637	6th ward. Mazomanie, incl. vil., 1,034. Medina, incl. vil. of Marshall. Middleton. Montrose, incl. vils. of Belleville and Paoli. Oregon, incl. vil. 595. Perry. Pleasant Springs. Primrose Roxbury Rutland. Sprindale. Sprindele.	1, 482 1, 393 1, 433 1, 251 1, 436 996 1, 501 1, 773 1, 222 1, 120 1, 111
Oregon, Village. Perry Primrose Pleasant Springs. Roxbury Rutland Springfale Springfield Stoughton, city Sun Prairie Sun Prairie, village Vermont Vecona Vienna Vienna Westport Waunakee, village Windsor, incl. 269 in De Forest; 175 in Morrisonville; 168 in	99: 902 1,510 999 1,320 1,136 1,154 2,936 995 823 890 1,251 1,155 1,543 420	Stoughton, city:	1,616 892 1,225 1,009 1,893 1,329 963 59,578
Windsor villages	1,757 973 65,669		

DODGE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Ashippun Beaver Dam Beaver Dam, city:	1,373 1,376	Ashippun. Beaver Dam Beaver Dam, city:	1,344 1,341
Ist ward. 831 2d ward. 1,335 3d ward. 1,397 4th ward. 1,479	5,042	1st ward	4,222
Burnett Calamus Chester Clyman Elba	1,109 1,113 737 1,219	Burnett, including Burnet Junction. Calamus. Chester	1,026 1,088 736
Emmett	1,091 1,303 860 1,003 1,439	Elba Emmett Fox Lake, including village, 814	1,293 1,117 1,248 1,616
Herman Hubbard, incl. 149 vil. Iron Ridge and 160 vil. Iron Mountain Horicon, village Hustisford, incl. 497 vil. Hustis-	1, 719 1, 513	Herman, including village of, 1,302,and Hullsburg and Wood- land Hubbard, including part Hori- con village, 1,273	1,478
fordJuneau, city Lebanon Le Roy	1,665 790 1,474 1,493	Hustisford, including village, 513 Juneau. (See Oak Grove.) Letanon Le Roy	2,969 1,639 1,505 1,413
Lomira Lowell Lowell, village Reeseville, village:	1,881 1,811 331 396	Lomira Lowell Mayville, city, 1,165. (See Will- iamstown.)	1,816 2,492
Mayville, city Oak Grove, incl 340 vil. Rolling Prairie, and 204 vil. Minnesota Junction Portland	1,539 1,718	Oak Grove, incl. Juneau, 701; Oak Grove, village, 1,184; Min- nesota Jct., Rolling Prairie and part of Horicon	2,375
*Randolph, East wardRubicon Shields Theresa, incl. 272 vil. of Theresa	1,171 454 1,472 949 1,762	Portland Randolph, E. ward. (See Westford.) Reeseville	1,163
renton † Watertown, city: 5th ward 995	1,562	Rubicon, including village of, 1,024, and Neshkoro Shields Theresa	1,520 919 1,761
6th ward	2,011 992 1,012	Trenton Watertown, city: Total, 8,755. See Jefferson Co. 5th ward 6th word	1,472
Total population	47,851	6th ward Waupun, S.W. (See Fond du Lac Co., total, 2,757	1,695
		village. Williamstown, including May- ville and Kekoskee	1,296 2,196
*		Total population	44,984

^{*}West ward in Columbia county. Total, 588. † 7,451 in Jefferson county. ‡ 1,205 in Fond du Lac county. Total for city, 3,216.

DOOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bailey's Harbor Brussols Clay Banks Egg Harbor Forestville Gardner Gibralter Jacksonport Liberty Grove Nasewaupee Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay, city Union Washington Total population	695 1 200 581 943 1,352 833 1,158 833 1,158 1,563 1,194 1,576 587 2,790 812	Bailey's Harbor Brussells Clay Banks Egg Harbor Forestville Gardner Gibralter Jacksonport Liberty Grove Nasewaupee Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay, city Union Washington Total population	1,057 1,313 1,135 2,195 673 738

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Brule Gordan Nebagamain Superior Superior Superior, city: 1st ward 2d ward 1, 785 3d ward 2, 443 4th ward 5, 153 5th ward 3, 960 6th ward 1, 675 7th ward 3, 713 8th ward 1, 701 9th ward 2, 624		Brule Gordon Nebagamain Superior. Superior, city: 1st ward 846 2d ward 1, 453 3d ward 1, 295 4th ward 4, 486 5th ward 1, 215 6th ward 993 7th ward 1, 695 Total population	386 184 554 361 11,983
Total population	29,986	·	

DUNN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Colfax Dunn Downsville, village Dunnville, village Eau Galle Eau Galle Ekau Galle, village Elk Mound Elk Mound, village Grant Hay River Lucas Menomonie Menomonie, city: Ist ward 1,493 3d ward 1,112 4th ward 2,235 New Haven Otter Creek Peru Red Cedar Cedar Falls, village Rock Creek Pierce, village Rock Falls, village Sand Creek	861 1,010 1,010 48 1,205 119 682 92 641 499 858 1,859 6,198 493 300 348 1,093 425 536 34 1,093 725 1,336 725 1,336 725 1,336 725 1,336 446 432 329 41 855 466 25,006	Colfax Dunn Eau Galle Elk Mound Grant Hay River Lucas Menomonie Menomonie, city: 1st ward 1,176 3d ward 1,013 4th ward 1,885 New Haven Otter Creek Peru Red Cedar Rock Creek Sand Creek Sand Creek Sand Creek Sering Brook Stanton Tainter Tiffany Weston Wilson Total population	672 1,258 1,218 695 542 486 705 1,633 5,491 521 342 1,127 423 1,267 1,113 1,442 1,118 690 481 22,664

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Altoona, city: 1st ward	} 1,356 1,155 696 899 684 638 18,637 } 18,637 616 781 1,924 688 7422 951 448 880 1,310 33,172	Altoona, city. Augusta, city. Bridge Creek Brunswick Clear Creek Drammen Eau Claire: 1st ward 3,078 2d ward 1,975 4th ward 1,035 5th ward 1,538 6th ward 2,128 8th ward 2,164 Fairchild Lincoln Ludington Otter Creek Pleasant Valley Seymour Union Washington Total population	80 1,18 1,12 1,76 62 55 17,41 1,21 1,78 7,78 40 67 1,13 30,67

FLORENCE COUNTY.

Commonwealth Florence Homestead Total population	1,551 361	Commonwealth	1,709
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FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alto Ashford Auburn Byron Calumet Eden Eldorado Empire Fond du Lac Fond du Lac Fond du Lac; city: 1st ward 1, 933 2d ward 2, 278 3d ward 2, 181 5th ward 5th ward 1, 111 8th ward 1, 111 8th ward 1, 150 Forest Friendship Lamartine Marshfield Metomen Brandon, village Oakfield Ooseeola Ripon	1,332 1,849 1,542 1,344 1,513 1,399 1,467 980 1,290 13,051 13,051 1,236 1,278 2,131 1,234 1,468 1,139 1,224 4,380 1,164 1,161 1,382 1,200 1,205 47,436	Alto	1, 316 1, 868 1, 508 1, 1, 508 1, 1, 308 1, 333 1, 458 1, 126 12, 024 1, 311 886 1, 232 1, 938 1, 883 1, 833 1, 232 4, 543 3, 1, 399 1, 092 1, 195 1, 092

^{*2,011} in Dodge Co. Total for city, 3,216.

FOREST COUNTY.

Crandon	657	Gagen, incl. Cushman	462
	226	Pelican	180

GRANT COUNTY.

1895.	·	1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula tion.
deetown. cloomington. cloomington. cloomington, village. coscobel. coscobel. coscobel. coscobel. cassville. cassvillage. cass	1, 130 635 552 129 1, 479 629 931 704 1, 044 823 794 876 852 1, 005 448 1, 010 690 1, 005 1, 052 629 3222 1, 052 634 825 540 733 662 832 932 1, 607 454 933 442 903 925 606 443 933 925 606 443 933 925 606 606 644 933 925 606 638 932 932 932 932 932 932 932 932 932 932	Beetown. Bloomington Boscobel, incl. city. Cassville Castle Rock Clifton Ellenborough Fennimore, incl. vil., 616 Glen Haven. Harrison Hazel Green, incl. vil., 506. Hickory Grove Jamestown Lancaster, incl. city Liberty. Lima Little Grant Marion Millville Mount Hope Mount Ida Muscoda Paris. Patch Grove Platteville, incl. city Platteville, incl. city Potosi, incl. British Hollow Smelser. Waterloo Watterstown Wyalusing Total population	1, 22 1, 11 1, 64 1, 06 1, 07 1, 5 1, 1, 5 1, 0 1, 5 1, 0 1, 5 1, 0 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1

GREEN COUNTY.

1895.	4.	1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion
Adams Albany, village Brooklyn Brooklyn Brodhead, city: 1st ward	\begin{array}{c} 8711 \\ 719 \\ 655 \\ 1,218 \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1,316 \\ 326 \\ 1,351 \\ 661 \\ 918 \\ 1,033 \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3,843 \\ 842 \\ 522 \\ 1,106 \\ 964 \\ 797 \\ 1,034 \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 23,420 \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 871 \\ 612 \\ 106 \\ 964 \\ 797 \\ 1,034 \\ 23,420 \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 871 \\ 108 \\ 964 \\ 108 \	Adams. Albany Brooklyn Cadiz Clarno Decatur, incl. vil. Brodhead, 1, 461 Exeter. Jefferson Jordan Monroe, incl. city. Monroe, city: 1st ward 1, 787 2d ward 1, 981 Mount Pleasant, incl. vil. Monticello, 407 New Glarus, incl. vil. Spring Grove. Sylvester Washington York. Total population.	85 1, 388 1, 200 1, 500 1, 319 2, 144 1, 127 1, 101 966 1, 248 1, 188 1, 133 1, 066 22, 732

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Berlin	4,243 1,012 389 1,377 805 1,027 523 1,108 846 1,198 634 739	Berlin Berlin, city, part in Waushara Co, 31; total of city, 4,149 Brooklyn Green Lake Kingston Mackford Manchester Magquette Princeton, incl. vil., 986 St. Marie Seneca Total population	766 4, 11. 1, 28 1, 34 81 1, 51 1, 02 75 75 58 15, 16
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^{*}Second precinct, 2d ward in Waushara county, population, 36. Total for city, 4,279

IOWA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula tion.
Arena	1,483 1,384 618 1,651 2,031 968 1,589 1,397 494 1,557 1,245 3,136 1,254 993 353 1,070 798 685 23,447	Arena, incl. village. Brigham. Clyde. Dodgeville, city. Eden. Highland, incl. vil., 751 Linden, incl. village Mifflin, incl. village. Mineral Point, city: 1st ward. 2d ward. Moscow. Pulaski. Ridgeway. Waldwick. Wyoming.	1, 47: 1, 34: 1, 57: 1, 72: 2, 32: 1, 86: 1, 46: 1, 27: } 2, 69 1, 14: 1, 23: 81(62: 22, 11:

*IRON COUNTY.

Total population	Knight	3,561
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^{*}Iron County created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

	JACKSON	COUNTY.	
1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alma, incl. 749 in vil. of Merrillan and 225 in vil. of Alma Center. Albion Bear Bluff Black River Falls, city: 1st ward 513 2d ward 449 3d ward 397 4th ward 709 Brockway City Point Cleveland Curran Franklin Garden Valley Garfield Hixton Irving Knapp Manchester Melrose Millston Northfield Springfield Total population	1,907 1,516 146 2,068 646 177 772 697 714 774 879 891 411 665 1,481 964 964 925	Albion Alma Black River Falls, city Cleveland Curran Franklin Garfield Garden Valley Hixton Irving Knapp Manchester Melrose Millston Northfield Springfield Sullivan Total population	1, 711 1, 699 2, 261 688 700 622 507 700 699 900 1, 005 399 787 903 325
JE	FFERSO:	N COUNTY.	
Aztalan, incl. 53 in vil. of Johnson's Creek Cold Springs Concord Farming on, incl. 194 in village of Johnson's Creek Hebron Ixonia Jefferson Jefferson, city: 1st ward	1, 285 621 1, 327 1, 877 1, 095 1, 480 1, 897 }	Aztalan, incl. part of Johnson's Creek, village (See Farmington). Cold Spring Concord Farmington, incl. part Johnson's Creek. Hebron, incl. village Ixonia, incl. village Pipersville Jofferson, incl. city, 2,287 Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson city, 2,283 Lake Mills, incl. village, 1,053	1,349 649 1,331 1,847 1,060 1,491 4,053 3,782 2,107

Cold Springs	. 621	ton)	1 040
Concord	1,327	Cold Spring.	1,349
Farming on, incl. 194 in village of	f 1,021	Concord	649
Johnson's Creek	1,877	Concord	1,331
Hebron		Farmington, incl. part Johnson's	
Ixonia		Creek	1,847
Jefferson		Hebron, incl. village	
Jefferson, city:	. 1,897	Ixonia, incl. village Pipersville	1,491
1st ward 696		Jefferson, incl. ciry, 2,287	4,053
		Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson	-
2d ward 1,280	2,702	city, 2,283	3,782
3rd ward) , , , , ,	Lake Mills, incl. village, 1,053	2,107
Koshkonong	1,576	Milford, incl. village	1,439
Fort Atkinson, city:		Uakiana	1,168
1st ward 741)	Palmyra, incl. village, 567	1.357
2d ward	2,815	Sullivan	1,323
3d ward	7 2,010	Sumner	539
4th ward 747	11	Waterloo, incl. village, 862	1,838
Lake Mills	1,312	Watertown, town	1,651
Lake Mills, village	1,175	Westersteam eiter.	1,001
Milford	1,292	1st ward 2,150)
Oakland	1,293	2d ward 1,611	1
Palmyra	734	3d ward	6,506
Palmyra, village	690	3d ward	(0,500
Sullivan, incl. 95 in village Sulli-	. ""	7th ward 985	
van and 263 in village of Rome.	1,391	in Dodge county, 5th and 6th	J
Sumner	580	wards, 2,249; total, 8,755.	
Waterloo	081	wards, 2,249, total, 6,199.	
Waterloo, village	1,122	Total namulation	
Watertown	1,621	Total population	33,530
*Watertown, city:	1,021		
	1	,	
1st ward	11 1		
2d ward			
3d ward	7,451		
4th ward	11 .	i i	
7th ward 1,180	IJ		
m . 1 1 . 1			
Total population	36,317	1	
		<u> </u>	

^{*2,471} in Dodge Co. Total for city, 9,922.

JUNEAU COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Armenia Clearfield Elroy, city Fountain Fermantown Kildare Kingston Lemonweir Lindina Lisbon Lynden Marion Mauston, city Necedah, village Necedah, village New Lisbon, city Prange Jamp Douglas, village Lymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit Wonewoc, village Total population	501 341 1,560 525 706 226 1,044 1,037 474 487 378 1,547 1,680 1,067 508 360 870 772 982 1,405 765	Armenia Clearfield Elroy, city Fountain Germantown Kildare Kingston Lemonweir Lindina Lisbon Lyndon Marion Marion Neccdah New Lisbon, city Orange, inc. Camp Douglas vil. Plymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit Wonewoc Wonewoc, village.	35 27 1,41 511 64 21 1,07 99 44 49 39 1,31 2,24 99 69 82 69 98 1,21 61:

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Brighton Bristol Kenosha, city Paris Pleasant Prairie Randall Salem Somers Wheatland Total population	1,143 8,122 883 1,524 643 1,819 649	Brighton. Bristol. Bristol. Zd and 4th w., 2,898 Paris Pleasant Prairie, incl. village Randall. Salem, incl. Wilmot village Somers. Wheatland, incl. New Munster village Total population	871 1,646 655 1,493 1,632
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KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Ahnapee Ahnapee, city Casco. Carlton Franklin Kewaunee, city Lincoln Luxembourg Montpelier Pierce Red River West Kewaunee Total population	1,329 1,603 1,603 1,630 1,631 1,552 1,552 1,275 1,275 1,617 1,542 901 1,464 1,809 17,632 Ahnapee, city Carlton Casco 1,350 Evanklin Lincoln Lincoln Luxembourg Montpelier Pierce Red River West Kewaunee	1,015 1,571 1,211 1,623 1,216 1,181 1,600 1,469 852 1,114 1,620
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LA CROSSE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages. ,	Popula-
Bangor	778 630 648 1,022 1,132 1,903 1,903 1,088 28,769 28,769 1,156 1,634 1,131 823 43,610	Bangor Barre Burns. Campbell Farmington Greenfield Hamilton. Holland La Crosse, city: 1st ward 2, 569 2d ward 2, 653 3d ward 2, 780 4th ward 2, 156 5th ward 2, 649 6th ward 1, 593 7th ward 3, 262 9th ward 2, 648 10th ward 2, 264 10th ward 2, 264 Nonalaska, city Shelby Washington Total population.	1,131 677 1,021 1,811 1,942 1,000 25,090 1,031 1,587 1,000 38,801

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula tion.
Argyle, inc. 525 in Argyle village. Belmont. Belmont. village Benton Penton, village. Blanchard. Blanchard. Blanchard. Darlington. Darlingt n. city: 1st ward	311 1,325 803 860 1,225 1,227 433 989 1,716	Argyle, incl. village Belmont, incl. village Benton Blanchard Darlington, incl. city, 1,589 Elk & Ove Fayette Gratiot Kendall Lamont Monticello New Diggings Seymour Shullsburg, incl. city, 1,393 Wayne, incl. So. Wayne village White Oak Springs Willow Springs Wiota, incl. village Total population	1, 266 1, 18 1, 24 65 2, 68 7SS 82 1, 51 30 1, 37 78 82 2, 27 1, 17 38 93 1, 62 20, 26

LANGLADE COUNTY.

AckleyAntigoAntigo.city:	518 893	AckleyAntigo, incl. Polar townAntigo, city:	374 1,087
1st ward 532 2d ward 690 3d ward 749 4th ward 1,2 12 5th ward 770	5,002	1st ward \$1,074 2d ward 627 4th ward \$2,723 5th ward \$2,723	4,424
6th ward1,029 Elcho	194	Elcho, incl. Parrish	567
Elton	1:3	Elton, incl. Langlade town	344
Langlade	169	Langlade, (see Elton)	735
Neva	668	Neva, incl. Price	730
Norwood	765	Norwood, see Rolling.	
Parrishi	419	Parrish, (see Elcho.)	
Peck	206	Polar, (see Antigo.)	
Polar	509	Price, (see Neva.) Rolling. incl. Norwood	1,348
Price	203 912	Summit, (see Vilas.)	1,010
Rolling		Vilas, incl. Summit	586
Summit	156 151	Vilas, inci. Summit	
Upham		Total population	9,465
Vîlas	144	Total population	3, 100
Total population	11,092		

LINCOLN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Corning	8,607 8,607 873 691 427 732 2,296 14,765	Corning Harrison, (see Russell.) Merrill Merrill, city: 1st ward	6,809

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Cato

MARATHON COUNTY.

	ARAIHON	COUNTI		
1895.		1890.		
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	
Bergen Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Berlin Cleveland Cassel. *Colby, city, East ward Day Easton Eau Pleine Eldron Emmet Frankfort Halsey Hamburg Harrison Heewtt Holeton Hull Johnson Knomenwetter Maine Marathon, village Mosinee, village Mosinee, village Nosinee, villag	1,077 405 728 167 186 517 558 792 288 667 736 1,083 1,087	Bergen, incl. Emmet Berlin, incl. Hamburg, 693 Brighton Cleveland, (see Frankfort.) Day, incl. McMillan Easton, incl. Wausau town, 1,378 Eau Pleine, (see Frankfort.) Eldron, incl. Norrie Emmet, (see Bergen.) Frankfort, incl. Wien and Eau Pleine and Cleveland. Halsey Hamburg, (see Bergen.) Harrison, incl. Texas. Holeton Hull Johnson, incl. Reitbrock, 717. Knowlton, (see Kronenwetter.) Kronenwetter, incl. Knowlton, Pike Lake, 542. Maine. Marathon, incl. Marathon city, village. Mosinee, incl. village. Norrie, (see Eldron.) Pike Lake, (see Kronenwetter.) Reitbrock, (see Johnson.) Spencer, incl. village, 526, and Manville. Stettin, incl. Rib Falls, 672 Texas, (see Harrison.) Wausau, city: 1st ward 1,349 2d ward 1,065 3d ward 1,101 4th ward 967 5th ward 1,811 7th ward 1,815 7th ward 1,955 Weston. Wien, (see Frankfort.)	1,28 65- 1,14 766 89- 1,03 1,13 1,17 1,43	
Weston	36,598	2532 252 252		
	ark county	7. Total for city, 513.	<u> </u>	
MAR	INETTE C	COUNTY.		
Amberg Amberg , village Pembine, village Coleman Grover Marinette, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3, 205 3d ward 3, 688 4th ward 2, 533 Peshtigo Porterfield	2,135 1,735 1,735	Marinette, city: 1st ward 1,928 2d ward 2,120 3d ward 2,700 4th ward 2,961 5th ward 1,814 Peshtigo Porterfield, inc. vil. Wausaukee 1,119 Total population	1,57	
Porterfield	1,180			

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Buffalo Crystal Lake Douglas Harris Mecan Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Montello Neshkoro Neshkoro Newton Oxford Packwaukee Shields Shringfield Westfield Westfield , village Total population	819 624 645 589 645 451 857 446 635 642 551 790 662 678 939 230	Buffalo Crystal Lake Douglas Harris Mecan Montello, including vil., 761 Moundville Neshkoro Newton Oxford Packwaukee Shields Springfield Westfield Total population	805 667 628 576 724 1, 177 324 561 711 567 711 608 605 1, 012

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Franklin Granville Greenfield Lake Cudahy, village Milwaukee Whitefish Bay, village *Milwaukee, city: 1st ward 9,853 3d ward 4,779 4th ward 9,828 6th ward 9,828 6th ward 9,858 7th ward 6,588 8th ward 13,459 7th ward 6,588 8th ward 15,618 9th ward 13,448 12th ward 13,448 12th ward 13,448 12th ward 13,448 12th ward 17,145 15th ward 17,731 17th ward 6,955 18th ward 7,731 17th ward 6,955 18th ward 7,731 17th ward 6,955 18th ward 11,122 Oak Creek South Milwaukee, village	1, 824 2, 674 5, 129 4, 598 771 3, 796 464	Franklin Granville Greenfield Lake Lake Milwaukee, city: 1st ward 2d ward 10,685 3d ward 4th ward 10,1685 5th ward 10,1685 5th ward 10,291 5th ward 10,168 5th ward 10,291 5th ward 10,168 5th ward 10,291 5th ward 10,168 5th ward 11,3020 7th ward 16,645 5th ward 14,236 9th ward 12,469 10th ward 13,768 12'h ward 11,791 13th ward 11,791 13th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 11,107 15th ward 15t	2, 272 3, 190 4, 899 6, 403 } } 204, 468
Oak Creek	1 798	wauwatosa	10,914
South Milwaukee, village Wauwatosa Wauwatosa, village	2,662 12,173 2,755	Total population	236, 101
Total population	287,922	•	
	i	l	

^{*}The 19th ward has since been created from the 9th, the 20th ward from the 10th, the 21st ward from the 13th, and the boundary line between the 12th and 17th wards changed, making population of these wards as follows: 9th, 16,933; 10th, 16,052; 13th, 15,291; 19th, 13,434; 20th, 12,998; 21st, 9,305; 12th, 11,524; 17th, 8,879.

MONROE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adrian Angelo 3yron Syro		Adrian. Angelo. Byron. Clifton. Glendale. Greenfield. Jefferson. Lafayette, inc. New Lyme. La Grange. Leon Lincoln. Little Falls. New Lyme, (see Lafayette) Oakdale Portland Ridgeville. Sheldon. Sparta. city: 1st ward. Sparta, city: 1st ward. 3d ward. 462 3d ward. 463 3d ward. 511 Tomah. Tomah, city. Wellington. Wells. Wilton.	611 477 455 958 1,331 511 732 688 1,000 988 1,112 1,22 1,22 1,22 1,22 1,22 1,22 1

OCONTO COUNTY.

Armstrong Brazeau Chase Gillett Howe Lena. Little River Little Suamico Maple Valley Oconto. Oconto. city: East ward 1,076 South ward 2,166 West ward 1,108 Oconto Falls Pensaukee Stiles Spruce Underhill Waupee. Total population	155 257 1,072 898 597 1,041 765 1,241 6,017 853 1,762 853 1,762 853 1,762 1,041 1,24	Chase Gillett (See Oconto Falls) Howe Little River Little Suamico Maple Valley Oconto Oconto, city: East ward North ward West ward South ward Oconto Falls incl. Gillett, 938. Pensaukce Stiles Total population	91 77 1,19 62 1,333 1,06 5,21 1,43 1,56 ————————————————————————————————————
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ONEIDA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Hazelhurst Pelican Rhinelander, city:' 1st ward 925 2d ward 741 3d ward 861 4th ward 688 5th ward 628 6th ward 484 Woodboro 484	1,352 850 4,330	Eagle River, incl. village Hazlehurst Minocqua Pelican, incl. village of Rhine- lander, 2,658 Total population	1,24 35 46 2,94
Total population	7,060		

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Appleton, city: Ist ward	
2d ward 2,974 3d ward 3,139 4th ward 1,511 5th ward 2,384 6th ward 2,222 Black Creek 2,022 Black Creek 2,022 Black Creek 2,023 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 3,221 6th ward 6th war	11,896 1,377 663 1,397 1,488 920 932 1,210 1,602 1,574 4,667 492 478 815 368 685 977 733
*New London, 3d ward	685 977
1st ward	923 38,69 0
Total population	•

^{*1,972} Waupaca county. Total for city, 2,494.

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Belgium Cedarburg Cedarburg, city Fredonia Grafton Mequon Port Washington Port Washington, city Saukville Total population	2,903 1,109 2,661 1,714	Belgium. Cedarburg, incl. city, 1,381 Fredonia, incl. vil., 1,503 Grafton, incl. village Mequon. Port Washington, incl. city, 1,659 Saukville, incl. village Total population	1,690 2,868 1,666 1,444 2,902 2,726 1,647 14,943

PEPIN COUNTY.

Albany. Durand Durand, city: 1st ward	1,382 160	Albany. Durand Durand, city. Frankfort. Lima Pepin Stockholm Waterville Waubeck Total population	459 253 1,154 648 765 1,491 711 1,287 164 6,932
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PIERCE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Clifton Diamond Bluff, incl. 162 in vil. Ellsworth Ellsworth, village El Paso Gilman Hartland Isabelle Maiden Rock Maiden Rock, village Martell, incl. 173 in vil. Oak Grove Prescott, city: 1st ward 364 2d ward 314 3d ward 288 River Falls, eity: 2d ward. *River Falls, city: 2d ward. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Falls. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Falls, oity: 3d ward. Sylver Fa	688 532 1,495 881 1,015 1,288 1,203 3132 312 1,354 865 } 966 1,342 } 1,768 1,141 814 1,623 1,048 1,681 1,326 23,040	Clifton Diamond Bluff Ellsworth Ellsworth, village El Paso Gilman Hartland Isabelle Maiden Rock Maiden Rock Maiden Rock Martell Oak Grove Prescott, city River Falls River Falls River Falls List in St. Croix county List in St. Croix county Rock Elm Spring Lake Trenton Trimbelle Total population	63 46 1,32 66 83 1,22 1,18 33 33 1,27 1,07 1,03 1,03 1,57 99 99 93 1,57 98 20,38

^{*}Also 151 in St. Croix county. Total for city, 1,919.

POLK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Beaver Black Brook Bone Lake Clam Falls Clayton Clear Lake, Clear Lake, Clear Lake, Farmington Garfield Georgetown Johnstown Lincoln Amery, village Luck Milltown Osceola, village St. Croix Falls St. Croix Falls, village Sterling West Sweden Total population	1,474 469 571 439 812 120 218 744 607 496 967 1,062 778 805 117 715 805 902 925 806 478 875 608 478 375 608 479 314	Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Beaver Black Brook Bone Lake Clam Falls Clayton Clear Lake Eureka Farmington Garfield Georgetown Johnstown Laketown Lincoln, incl. Amery village Loraine Luck Milltown Osecola, incl. village St. Croix Falls, incl. vil., 745 Srerling West Sweden Total population	1, 266 363 431 363 370 60 618 90 80 899 544 88 81 100 668 1, 077 211 391 455 1, 066 708 67 12, 968

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Almond.				
Tests I population 28 531 Total population 24 798	Almond. Amherst Belmont. Buena Vista. Carson Eau Pleine. Grant. Hull Lanark Linwood New Hope. Pline Grove Pleyer Sharon. Stevens Point. city: 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4,482 4th ward. 2,258 5th ward. 1,467 6th ward. 882	1,147 2,030 829 1,159 1,060 780 465 1,432 907 446 1,002 501 1,793 2,175 1,074	Almond Amherst Belmont Buena Vista Carson, incl. Eau Pleine Eau Pleine (see Carson) Grant, incl. Pine Grove Hull Lanark Linwood, incl. town of Stevens Point, 895 New Hope Pine Grove (see Grant) Plover Sharon Stevens Point city: (see Linwood) 1st ward 1, 299 2d and 6th wards 2, 317 3d and 5th wards 2, 285 4th ward 4, 985 5th ward (see 3d) 5tockton	563 1,035 1,762 622 1,061 1,709 816 1,477 1,263 885 1,224 1,940 } 7,896
Total population 25,001 Total population	Total population	28,531	Total population	24,798

PRICE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Brannan Emery Fifield Georgetown Hackett Hill Kennan Lake Dgema Prentice Phillips, city Worcester Total population	874 119 494 149 360 234 215 657 1,017 979 1,652 707 7,257	Brannan, incl. Prentice, 570 Emery, incl. Hackett and Georgetown Fifield, incl. Fifield vil., 646. Georgetown (see Emery). Hackett (see Emery). Kennan (see Ogema). Lake Ogema, incl. Kennan Prentice (see Brannan). Worcester, incl. Phillips village. Total population	1,08 45; 85; 40; 87; 1,58; 5,258

RACINE COUNTY.

Burlington Burlington, village Caledonia Dover Mount Pleasant Norway, Racine, city: 1st ward 1,103 2d ward 2,126 3d ward 3,516 4th ward 3,516 5th ward 5,695 6th ward 5,455 7th ward 3,426 Raymond Rochester Waterford Yorkville Union Grove, village	2,428 2,853 922 2,277 968 } {244,889 1,723 760 1,637 1,112 472	Burlington, incl. vil., 2,043 Caledonia, incl. vil. of Franks- ville Dover. Mt. Pleasant Norway Racine, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3, 185 4th ward 4, 379 6th ward 6th ward 4, 581 6th ward Rochester, incl. village Waterford Yorkville Total population	3,140 2,732 924 2,192 2,192 841 21,014 1,784 699 1,551 1,391 36,268
Total population	41, 110	Total population	36,268

RICHLAND COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Akan	993 1,365 820 393 1,138 1,109 1,147 1,207 1,319 886 688 830 2,044 1,358 1,161 1,016 1,016 1,016 1,016	Akan. Bloom. Buena Vista, incl. Lone Rock. Dayton Eagle!. Forest. Henrietta. Ithaca Lone Rock, (see Buena Vista). Marshall. Orion Richland Center, city: 1st ward	1,151 1,142 1,192 905 665 817 1,818 1,348 1,148 1,148 1,124 1,016

ROCK COUNTY.

Avon	975	Avon Beloit, town Beloit, city: 1st ward	\$\\ \begin{array}{c} 6,315 \\ 1,073 \\ 1,961 \\ 1,595 \\ 1,363 \\ 1,083 \\ 926 \\ \\ 1,0836 \\ 1,0836 \\ 1,0836 \\ 1,0836 \\ 1,098 \\ 2,300 \\ 1,0886 \\ 1,235 \\ 1,2
Newark	1,000 1,254 1,255 975 1,413	Plymouth. Porter. Rock. Spring Valley. Turtle. Union, incl. Evansville vil., 1,523	1,188 1,235 976 1,422 993 2,473
TurtleUnion	1,087 924	Total population	43,220
Total population	48,414		

GT. CROIX COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula tion
saldwin saldwin, village sady ylon au Galle merald rin orest lenwood lenwood, city sammond sammond, village udsor udsor udsor udsor, city innickinnick ew Richmond, city leasant Valley leasant Valley leasant Valley toping first ward ush River t. Joseph omerset pringfield t tnton tar Prairie roy 'arren Total population	1, 450 621 844 848 838 1, 149 662 910 170 449 2, 908 900 400 8401 1, 3, 338 680 1, 680 1, 680 1, 131 1, 319 1, 385 968 811 25, 870	Baldwin, incl. village Cady. Cylon Eau Galle Emerald Erin Prairie Forest Glenwood Hammond, incl. village Hudson. Hudson, city: 1st ward 2d ward 1, 176 3d ward 1, 216 Kinnickinnick New Richmand. 1st rd 2d ward 493 3d ward 1, 216 Richmond Rusl River St. Joseph Somersct Springfield Stanton Star Prairie Troy, incl. River Falls city, ward 1.	1,81 777 707 1,38 85 19 1,67 1,28 59 2,91 62 1,41 53 83 83 85 78 1,15 1,44 66 69

^{*1,768} in Pierce county. Total for city, 1,919.

SAUK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baraboo . Baraboo , city: 1st ward	1,446 5,484 915 855 619 945 430 739 1,075 1,036 420 898 1,090 1,429 1,054 343 895 545 616 634 777 758 998 1,263 1,449 821 1,322 32,919	Baraboo Baraboo, city: 1st ward 2d ward 1,705 2d ward 1,545 3d ward 355 Bear Creek Dellona Delton Excelsior, incl. Ableman, vil. Fairfield Franklin Freedom, incl. vil. N. Freedom. Greenfield Honey Creek Ironton, incl. vil. La Valle, incl. vil. Merrimack Prairie du Sac, incl. vil., 562 Reedsburg Reedsburg, city Sauk City, village. Spring Green, inc. vil., 625 Sumpter Troy Washington Westfield Winfield Woodland Total population	1,38

SAWYER COUNTY.

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SHAWANO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Almon Angelica Aniwa Aniwa, village Belle Plaine Belle Plaine Birnamwood Birnamwood, village Fairbanks, inc. 480 vil. Tigertown Germania Grant. Green Valley Hartland Herman Hutchins Lessor Maple Grove Morris Navarino Pella Richmond Seneca Shawano, city: 1st ward 22 d ward 33 ward 496 30 ward 541 Washington Waukechon Wittenberg Wittenberg, village Total population.	561 1,062 484 214 1,016 502 370 1,206 1,206 1,108 915 1,442 986 1,09 423 1,759 1,420 956 978 1,420 9578 978 798 22,573	Almon, incl. towns Morris and Seneca Angelica (see Green Valley). Aniwa, incl. Hutchins, 620 Belle Plaine Belle Plaine Birnamwood Fairbanks (see Germania). Germania, incl. Fairbanks Green Valley, incl. Angelica, 680. Hartland Herman Hutchins (see Aniwa). Lessor Maple Grove Morris (see Almon). Navarino (see Wauchechon). Pella Richmond, incl. the city of Shawano city, 1,505 (see Richmond). Washington'. Wauchechon, incl. Navarino Wittenberg Total population	1, 21: 1, 30 1, 02: 73: 92: 1, 02: 1, 46: 1, 46: 1, 37: 74: 1, 40: 816: 2, 63: 1, 24: 1, 08: 1, 38: 1, 38: 1, 38: 1, 39: 19, 236

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Greenbush	1, 664 1, 234 1, 944 2, 846 1, 940 1, 741 1, 386 2, 213 1, 494 392 443 1, 452 1, 915 21, 130	Greenbush, incl. Grenbeulah vil.	1,903 2,874 1,921 1,647 1,012 863 1,356
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TAYLOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Browning Chelsea Deer Creek Greenwood Grover Holway Little Black Medford, city: 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 494 Molitor Rib Lake Westboro Total population	273 584 663 302 602 199 1,263 1,-05 } 1,518 303 989 592 8,498	Browning. Chelsea. Deer Creek Greenwood Grover Little Black. Medford city, incl, town, 1,094. Molitor Pine Creek Rib Lake Westboro Total population.	230 613 57; 233 296 1,181 2,287 117 190 520 541 6,781

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Albion Arcadia Arcadia, village Burnside Independence, village Caledonia Chimney Rock Dodge Ettrick Gale Galesville, village Lincoln Whitehall, village Preston Blair, village Pigeon Summer Osseo, village Trempealeau Unity Total population	952 2,767 1,012 922 534 339 879 5345 1,916 1,387 874 1,740 1,692 1,692 1,692 1,167 727 727 727 1,036 682 930	Albion	847 3,147 1,207 379 682 448 1,841 1,566 937 1,038 1,811 851 1,584 763
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VERNON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-
Bergen Christiana Westby, village Clinton Coon Forest Franklin Genoa Greenwood Hamburg, incl. 95 in vil. of Chaseburg Harmony, Hillsboro, village Gefferson Gickapoo, incl. 175 in vil. Readstown Liberty Stark Sterling Jnion Viroqua Viroqua Viroqua City: List ward Sd ward Sd ward Sd ward Gero Webster Vheatland Lictory, village Les Soto, village Les Soto, village Les Soto, village Vhitestown Vhitestown Viroty Lige Les Cooperation Coopera	1, 109 1, 236 447 1, 127 1, 238 1, 189 1, 276 1, 076 1, 108 1, 056 1, 170 1, 195 593 1, 529 1, 175 740 1, 117 1, 186 1, 638 1, 630 1, 117 554 130 430 791 352 27, 035	Bergen Christiana Clinton Coon Forest Franklin Genoa Greenwood Hamburg Harmony Hillsboro, incl. vil Jefferson Kickapoo Liberty Stark Sterling Union Viroqua Viroqua, city Webster Wheatland Whitestown Total population	1, 1,

*VILAS COUNTY.

Arbor Vitae Eagle River Eagle River, village Minocqua	416
Total population	

^{*}Vilas county created out of Oneida in 1893.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

1895.		1890.						
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.					
Bloomfield Darien. Darien, village. Delavan Delavan, village East Troy Eikhorn, village Geneva Lafayette. La Grange Lake Geneva, city Linn Lyons Richmond Sharon, village. Spring Prairie Sugar Creek Troy Walworth Whitewater Whitewater, city. Total population	1,482 1,728 1,102 958 910 2,452 1,0:1 1,390 822 906 1,180 1,023 1,036 1,036 832 3,799	Bloomfield Darien, incl. village Delavan, incl. vil. 1, 822 East Troy, incl. vil Elkhorn Geneva, incl. Oakwood Retreat Lafayette La Grange Lake Geneva Linn Lyons, incl. vil's of Lyons and Springfield Richmond Sharon, incl. vil's of Lyons and Spring Prairie Sugar Creek Troy Walworth Whitewater Whitewater Whitewater, city: 1st ward 1,416 2d and 3d wards 2,943 Total population	7,325 7,99 2,038 1,155 1,004					

WASHBURN COUNTY.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.						
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.					
Addison Barton Erin Farmington Germantown Hartford, oity Jackson Kewaskum Kewaskum, village Polk Richfield Schleisingerville Trenton, incl. 248 in village of Newburg Wayne West Bend, West Bend, Total population	1,254 1,606 2,067	Addison Barton, incl. villages of Barton and Young America Erin Farmington Germantown Hartford Hartford Hartford, city Jackson Kewaskum incl. vil., 557 Polk, incl. Schleisingerville vil. Richfield Schleisingerville (see Polk). Trenton Wayne West Bend, incl. city, 1, 236	1, 863 1, 169 1, 301 1, 501 1, 501 2, 026 1, 339 1, 296 1, 680 1, 572 2, 071 1, 754 1, 760 1, 471 2, 118					

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Brookfield 261 in Delafield village, and 81 in Nashota village. Eagle, inc. 322 in Eagle village. Eagle, inc. 322 in Eagle village. Genesse, inc. 130 in Genesse village; 60 at Genesse Depot; 50 in Wales; 70 in North Praire Lisbon, inc. 200 in Sussex village and 70 in Templeton village. Menomonee Falls, village. Menomonee Falls, village. Merton, inc. 196 in Merton village; 68 in Monches; 79 in North Lake; 116 in Stone Bank Mukwonago, inc. 496 in Mukwonago village Muskego. New Berlin Oconomowoc, inc. 94 in Monterey village and 46 in Mapleton vil. Oconomowoc, city Ottawa Pewaukee Pewaukee Pewaukee, village Summit. Vernon Waukesha, village. Total population.	1,446 657 1,120	Brookfield Delafield, incl. vil. of Nashota and part of Hartland Eagle, incl. village Genesee. Lisbon, incl. Sussex Menomonee Merton, incl. part Hartland (see Delafield) Mukwonago Muskego New Berlin Oconomowoe. Oconomowoe, city. Ottawa Pewaukee, incl. vil., 680. Summit. Vernon. Waukesha, incl. vil., 6,321	1,960 1,684 1,020 1,327 1,443 2,480 1,604 1,217 1,390 1,519 1,373 2,729 880 2,757 1,130 1,277 7,480 33,270
	, , , ,		

^{*} Part in town of Delafield and part in Merton.

WAUPACA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.						
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.					
Bear Creek	1, 194 991 1, 521 1, 602 1, 391 1, 528 283 343 508 476 1, 452 1, 050 1, 134 1, 884 1, 23 1, 031 1, 015 1, 263 929 335 1, 146 1, 345 1, 003 } 2, 823 593 850 282 30, 793	Bear Creek, incl. Lebanon, 932 Caledonia, incl. town and village of Fremont, 561. Clintonville, city, 1, 466 Dayton, incl. Rural village Dupont, incl. Marion village Farmington Fremont, vil. 566 Caledonia). Fremont, vil. 666 Caledonia). Helvetia, incl. St. Lawrence, 999 Iola, incl. village. Larrabee, incl. Clintonville city. Lebanon, (see Bear Creek). Lind. Little Wolf, incl. village of Manawa Matteson Wukwa, incl. Northport village New London, city: 1st ward 2d ward 338 4th ward 338 4th ward 344 Incl. 3d ward in Outagamie 367–2,049. Royalton, incl. village, 1,115. St. Lawrence, (see Helvetia). Scandinavia Union. Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Total population.	2,068 1,748 852 1,388 1,05 1,511 1,311 2,900 1,016 1,48' 866 1,046 1,199 1,14' 1,15: 96 2,12' 1,25' 26,799					

^{*3}d ward in Outagamie county, 522. Total for city, 2,494.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

	1890.						
Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-					
1,022 36 1,326 558 566 566 794 131 848 651 815 954 589 895 162 608 754 740 46 662 817	Aurora, incl. 1st ward Berlin city (total city, 4,149). (see Green Lake county). Bloomfield. Berlin, city, 2d ward, 2. (see Aurora) Coloma Dakota Deerfield Hancock Leon. Mt. Morris Oasis. Plainfield, incl. village Poysippi Richford Rose. Saxville Springwater Warren]. Wautoma Total population.	965 1, 278 723 573 453 660 731 623 668 707 1, 258 912 573 577 765 541 796 704					
	1,022 36 1,326 558 254 254 254 254 254 254 254 254 673 848 651 848 651 673 845 954 954 954 954 960 754 740 46 662 817	Population.					

^{*}Berlin in Green Lake, 4,243. Total for city, 4,279.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.							
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.						
Algoma Black Wolf Clayton Meuasha Meuasha, city: 1st ward. 1, 755 2d ward. 1, 607 3d ward. 1, 101 4th ward. 1, 691 Neenah Neenah, city: 1st ward. 1, 487 3d ward. 1, 487 3d ward. 1, 487 3d ward. 1, 487 3d ward. 1, 519 Composite the ward. 550 Nekimi Nepeuskun Omro Omro, village Oshkosh. Oomro, village Oshkosh Oshkosh, city: 1st ward. 1, 512 2d ward. 1, 964 3d ward. 1, 1964 3d ward. 1, 519 4th ward. 2, 427 5th ward. 2, 583 6th ward. 2, 583 6th ward. 2, 247 5th ward. 2, 247 5th ward. 2, 247 5th ward. 2, 257 19th ward. 2, 217 19th ward. 2, 359 11th ward. 2, 359 11th ward. 2, 359 11th ward. 1, 575 12th wa	821 763 1,212 680 6,154 574 5,781 1,070 959 1,227 1,395 1,522 26,947 851 1,661 1,039 1,039 1,039 1,039 1,039 1,069 806 1,130 57,627	Algoma Black Wolf Clayton Menasha Menasha Menasha, city: Ist and 4th wards. 2, 662 2d ward. \$1,919 Neenah, city: Ist and 3d wards 3,110 2d and 4th wards. 1,973 Nekimi Nepeuskun Omro, incl. vil., 1,222 Oshkosh Oshkosh, city: Ist ward. 3,591 3d ward. 3,591 3d ward. 3,591 3d ward. 3,593 5th ward. 5,312 5th ward. 5,312 5th ward. 5,312 5th ward. 5,312 Vinland Winchester Winneconne, vil., incl. in town. Wolf River Total population	755 833 1,17 59						

WOOD COUNTY.

1895.		1890.						
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula-					
Auburndale Auburndale, village Centralia, city Frand Rapids, Frand Rapids, Frand Rapids, city Lincoln Marshfield, city Milladore Pittsville, city Port Edwards Nekoosa, village Remington Richfield Rock Rudolph Saratoga Seneca Sherry Vesper Wood Total population	736 250 2,039 2,039 2,013 997 757 4,586 878 648 777 415 618 272 562 991 333 821 1,377 307 860 21,637	Aburndale, incl. village. Auburndale village (see town) Centralia, city. Grand Rapids, incl, Saratoga. Grand Rapids, city. Lincoln, incl. Rock, 597. Marshfield, town, 701. (see Richfield.) Marshfield, city: 1st ward	\ \begin{array}{c} 90 \\ 1,43 \\ 95 \\ 1,70 \\ 1,46 \\ \end{array} \] \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					

CENSUS COMPARISONS.

(Organized into a Territory, July 3, 1836. Admitted a State May 29, 1848.)

Gross area of state 56,040 squa Water surface of state 1,590 squa Land surface of state 54,050 squa	re miles.
Increase of population since 1830	$251,035 \\ 14.90$
Number of males in 1890	874, 951 1, 003, 141
Net increase	128, 190
Number of females in 1890	811,929 934,774
Net increase	122,845
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1890	92,723 93,184
From 1870 to 1890 the females decreased in number.	
Excess of males in 1890. Excess of males in 1895	63, 022 68, 367
Colored population in 1890. Colored population in 1895	2,444 2,450
Net incease	6
Number of colored to each hundred thousand whites in 1870. In 1880 In 1885 In 1890 In 1895	201 206 356 145 126
Indians in 1890	3,835 3,953
Net increase	118
Indians not taxed in 1895	917
Foreign born population in 1890. Foreign born population in 1895.	519, 199 523, 87 7
Net increase	4,678
Number of men "Militia age" in 1890	347, 469 374, 661
Net increase	27, 192
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895. Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895.	29,686 26,307
Net loss in 10 years	3, 379

The center of population in Wisconsin is 1885 was in township No. 15 north, range No. 13 east, town of Green Lake, Green Lake county. In 1895 the center of population had moved 2.57 miles to the north and .12 of a mile to the west. In 1840 the arrange population per square mile in the state was 0.51; in 1850, 5.61; in 1860, 14.25; in 1870, 19.37, in 1880, 24.16; in 1890, 30.98; and in 1895, 35.59.

TABULAR STATEMENT, SHOWING TOTAL POPULATION AND NATIVITY BY COUNTIES.

			NATIVITY.														
COUNTIES.	Total pop- ulation.	Unite	d Stat	es.	Ger-	Great	Ire-	France	British Amer-	Scandi-	Hol-	Po	Bel-	Den-	Swit-	Bohe-	All
		White.	Col- ored.	Indi- ans.	many.	Britain	land.	Trance	ica.	navia.	land.	land.	gium	mark	land.	mia.	coun- tries.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield. Brown Buffalo. Burnett Calumet. Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane. Dodge Door. Douglas. Dunn Eau Claire Florence. Fond du Lac Forest Grant Green Lake. Iowa Iron. Jackson Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse Lafayette Langlade. Lincoln	20, 122 12, 595 45, 623 16, 931 15, 892 17, 744 28, 7, 727 21, 342 30, 868 17, 203 65, 669 29, 986 25, 006 33, 172 2, 850 47, 436 1, 288 38, 372 23, 420 15, 939 23, 447 17, 548 16, 722 36, 317 17, 632 47, 632 17, 632 47, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632 11, 632	6, 226 10, 658 14, 695 34, 566 12, 691 3, 261 13, 797 20, 478 14, 658 50, 232 14, 658 50, 252 22, 659 11, 672 37, 474 22, 673 38, 595 11, 492 22, 659 11, 492 23, 778 26, 778 27, 778 28, 778	12 4 4 7 7	16 472 377 199 124 147 178 63 254 18	395 1,891 1,023 407 2,803 2,764 3,252 3,236 3,236 3,436 3,436 3,436 10,199 1,634 1,634 2,689 3,248 2,689 3,248 2,872 1,881 3,533 997 21,785 21,881 3,533 997 21,785	94 236 179 157 473 89 2 53 258 211 1,324 185 1,014 550 142 909 218 291 1,121 288 636 191 1,121 288 636 152 550 142 550 142 909 218 218 218 219 1,121 288 636 1,121 288 636 1,121 288 636 1,121 288 636 636 1,121 288 636 636 1,121 288 636 636 1,121 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836	98 436 79 103 752 116 3 194 405 520 376 1,156 162 665 34 985 119 621 377 138 503 171 105 358 530 309 90 108 809 60 68	6 79 15 64 351 3 2 20 149 98 29 54 10 47 777 36 43 11 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	37 980 615' 1,731 25 24 2,333 340 155 75 330 2,708 881 15 392 288 881 15 392 32 85 39 32 47 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 32 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	481 1,904 3,464 2,648 805 2,362 2,362 2,362 2,362 1,984 1,017 823 7,157 188 1,709 5,533 3,509 4,625 22 29 340 625 861 2,718 861 2,718 875 861 2,718 861 861 861 861 861 861 861 861 861 8		3 3 4 8 9 9 28 6 5 3 3	121 41	132 132 132 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	100 4 9 2 2 2 144 13 3 2 2 177 4	1 2 2 2 348 4 4 1 1 24 5 5 5	1 166 541 642 2 185 3,865 2111 7 7 112 213 370 172 315 4 475 265 661 6 736 6 736 6 582 7 214 295 42 8 6006 *1,596 *326 651 10 82 153 238 238 238 238 248 278 248 4702 134

Manitowoc. Marathon Marinette Marquette Marquette Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Richland Rock St. Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau	40, 802 36, 598 27, 271 10, 203 287, 922 26, 350 7, 060 44, 404 16, 545 7, 567 23, 040 16, 117 28, 531 7, 257 41, 110 19, 619 48, 414 22, 573 48, 396 8, 498 8, 498 8, 498 8, 498 8, 498 8, 198	29, 939 24, 200 17, 003 7, 678 188, 287 20, 462 12, 795 5, 441 33, 360 12, 311 5, 590 17, 429 10, 423 19, 371 3, 79 28, 197 18, 635 26, 221 1, 620 14, 556 34, 717 4, 914 4, 914 4, 914 15, 488	9 2 5 42 14 2 1 3 5 106 23 106 5 5 2 1, 5 5 3 3 0 3 1	6,86: 43 9,499 9,499 1,90 1,90 1,90 1,90 2,93 1,66 2,56 3,46 4,57 3,46 5,09 1,12 1,12 5,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10 1,10	183 343 343 343 343 343 345 345 345 345 34	398 115 243 3,257 3,257 3,256 296 296 32 32 344 76 272 28 8 490 211 1,412 1,412 3,33 488 3,33 3,33 3,30 199 199	70 74 88 8 3 3 19 143 158 114 19 16 19 16 11 11 28 28 58 77 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	188 2,110 1,030 66 1,030 68 1,109 2992 324 2100 233 229 326 68 49 49 172 773 80 66 191 70	617 833 3, 264 108 2, 437 1, 132 883 678 291 63 1, 120 3, 407 4, 413 1, 507 4, 781 234 1, 886 3, 652 1, 260 686 1, 260 686 1, 260 213 3, 213 3, 213 4, 377	45 28 114 	294	1	4 147 1 1	1 [:]	21 9 27 7 11 14	1,475 638 1,545 11 8 17,518 237 846 12 21 593 491 341 174 57 132,532 141,096 141,096 178 308 1 289 306 306 306 302 336
Richland Rock St. Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano	19,619 48,414 25,870 32,919 3,741 22,573	18, 344 40, 496 18, 655 26, 221 1, 620 14, 556	23 106 5 2 1,	50 2,88 1,19 5,04 098 3 227 5,05	124 2 1,150 303 52 523 8 16 108	1,412 837 488 35 28	21 72 28 68 7 55	49 172 773 80 237 132	1,886 3,652 160 686 1,260	24 243 13	748		1	11 2	9	102 214 178 308 1 289
Taylor Trempealeau. Vernon Vilas. Walworth Washburn.	8,498 21,963 27,035 3,801 29,162 4,266	4,914 15,488 21,972 2,897 24,128 2,943	30 1 95	2,38 1,24 78 19 2,35 17	1 120 218 2 172 5 176 8 709 8 42	19 133 135 27 866 12	19 3 9 9 30 10	191 70 40 168 149 348	392	23	64		i	96 6 5 2	14 33 5	302
Washington Waukesha Waupaca Waushara Winnebago Wood	24,077 36,562 30,793 15,355 57,627 21,637	18,808 27,851 22,783 12,548 41,429 14,980	117 21 12 69	4,80 5,27 4,18 1,64 8,65 4,10	5 1,365 5 281 5 314 6 1,193	164 608 323 106 741 139	32 24 57 4 47 11	12 234 216 57 369 535	705 2,670 -568 1,710 899	59 35 10 54 26	661 179	1	22 11 2	1	2	19 282 221 91 202,651 21 540
Total	1,937,915	1,407,635	2,450 3,	953 268,46	28, 269	25,902	3,375	24,441	106,468	6,961	4,428	194	432	334	1,462	53,142

¹ Australia, 3. ² Russia, 52. ³28 St. Mary's Institute, nativity not given. ⁴ Austria, 4; China, 5; Russia, 4 ⁵ Findland, 18. ⁶ Russia, 83; Italy, 4; China, 8; Finland, 86; Hungary, 12; Assyria, 6; Austria, 17. ⁷ Italy, 10; Findland, 6. ⁸ Austria, 9; Italy, 2. *Mostly Swiss, but not so designated by the enumerator. ⁹ Russia, 53. ¹⁰ China, 2. ¹¹ Russia, 2. ¹² China, 3. ¹³ Russia, 10. ¹⁴ Portugal, 1; Italy, 3; Austria, 2; Russia, 1. ¹⁵ Austria, 65. ¹⁶ Russia, 8; China, 1; Austria, 7; Italy, 1. ¹⁷ Austria, 3. ¹⁸ Russia, 4; Italy, 17; Austria, 11. ¹⁹ Findland, 1; Italy, 2; Russia, 3; Roumania, 1; Austria, 1. ²⁰ China, 7; Hungary, 1. ²¹ Austria, 10; Russia, 3.

Russia, 225. Australia, 3. Austria, 120. China, 33. Finland, 111. Italy, 39. Hungary, 13. Assyria, 6. Portugal, 1. Roumania, 1.

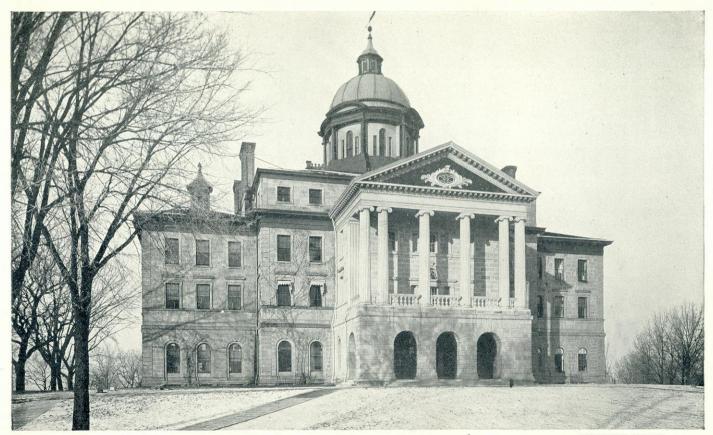
COMPARATIVE TABLE, CENSUS 1895, SHOWING GAIN OR LOSS IN POPULATION SINCE 1890, BY COUNTIES.

Counties.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
dams	7,532 17,241	6,889	643	
Ashiana	17,241	6,889 20,063		2,8
Barron	20, 122	15,416 7,390	4,706 5,205	
Bayfield Brown	12,595	7,390	5,205	
Suffalo	45,623	39, 164	6,459	
Burnett	16, 931 5, 892	15,997 4,393	934	
alumet	17,744	16,639	1,499 1,105	
hippewa	28, 727	25.143	3,584	
lark	21.342	17,708	3,634	
olumbia	30,868 17,203	28,350	2,518	
rawford	17,203	15,987	1,216	
Dane	65,669	59,578 44,984	6,091	
Oodge	47,851	44,984	2,867 1,287	
Oouglas	16,969 29,986	15,682	1,287 $16,518$	
Ounn	$\frac{25,900}{25,006}$	$13,468 \\ 22,664$		
Dunn au Claire	33, 172	30,673	2,342 $2,499$	
lorence	2,850	2,604	246	
ond du Lac	47, 436	44,088	3,348	
orest	1,288	1,012	276	
rant	38,372	1 36.651 [1,721	
reen Talsa	23,420	22,732	688	
reen Lake	15, 939	22,732 15,163 22,117	776	
fron	23,447	22,117	1,330 5,338	
ackson,	5,338 16,722	15 707	9,338	
efferson	36, 317	15,797 33,530	925	
uneau	18,754	17,121	2,787 1,633	
enosha	17,548	15,581	1,967	
ewaunee	17,632	16, 153	1,479	i
a Crosse	43,610	38,801	4,809	
afayette	21,488 11,092	38,801 20,265	1,223	
anglade	11,092	9,465	1.627	
incoln	14,765	9, 465 12, 008 37, 831 30, 369	2,757 2,971 6,229	
[arathon	40,802	37,831	2,971	
arinette	$\frac{36,598}{27,271}$	30,369	6,229	
larguette	10, 203	20,304 9,676	6, 967 527	
ilwaukee	287, 922	236, 101	51,821	
lonroe	26,350	23, 211	3, 139	
conto	18 339	15.009 I	3,330	
Oneida	7,060	5,010	2,050	
utagamie	44,401	38,690	5,714	
zaukee epin	16,545	14,943	1,602	
ierce	7,567	6,932	635	
olk	23,040	20,385	2,655	
ortage	$\frac{16,117}{28,531}$	12,968 24,798	$3,149 \\ 3,733$	
rice	7,257	5,258	3, 133 1, 999	
acine	41,110	36,268	4,842	
ichland	19,619	19, 121	498	
ock	48,414	43,220	5,194	
c. Croix	25,870	23,139	2.731	
auk	32,919	30,575	2,344	
awyer	3,741 $22,573$	1,977 19,236 42,489	1,764	
neboygan	22,573	19,236	3,337	
aylor	48,396	42,489	5,907	
rempealeau	8,498 21,963	$\begin{bmatrix} 6,731 \\ 18,920 \end{bmatrix}$	1,767	
ernon	$\frac{21,905}{27,035}$	25,111	3,043 1,924	
/ilas	3,801	20,111	3,801	
alworth	29.162	27,860	1,302	
asnourn	4,266	2,926	1,340	
ashington	24,077	1 22,751 1	1,326	
aukesha	36,562 30,793	33,270	3. 292	
Vaupaca	30,793	33,270 26,794	3,999	
Vaushara	15,355	13,507 50,097	1,848	
VinnebagoVood	57,627	50,097	7,530	
	21,637	18,127	3,510	1

^{*}Iron county created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893. of Oneida in 1893. Net gain since 1890, 251,035.

[†]Vilas county created out





HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

MAIN BUILDING, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890.

CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Ahnapee	1,603	1,015	588	
Alma	1,529 767	1,428 805	101	38
AltoonaAntigo	5 002	4,424	578	l
Appleton	14,641	11,860	2,772	
Ashland	12,310	9,956 . 1,187	$2,354 \\ 139$	
Augusta Barron B	14,641 12,310 1,356 1,204	829	375	
Barahoo	5,48±	4,605	~ 879	
Beaver Dam	5,042 7,786	4,222 6,315	8:0 1.471	
Beloit	4.279	4.149	130	
Berlin Black River Falls	2,068	2,261		193 91
Roscobal	$1,479 \\ 1,717$	1,570 1,461	256	31
Brodhead	291	223	63	
Cadarburg	1,652	1,361	. 291	
Controlia	2,039 487	1,435 406	6)1 81	
Chetek	1 601	1,424	177	
Chilton Chippewa Falls	9, 196	8,670	525	
Clintonvilla	$1,521 \\ 2,287$	1,466 1,977	55 310	
Columbus	1,426	1,219	207	
* C-11	513			
Darlington	1,811	1,589	. 222 - 657	
DePere	4, 292 2, 031	3,625 1,722	309	
	1,372	1,154	218	
Ten Claire	18,637	1,154 17,415 1,595	$\frac{1,222}{377}$	
EdgertonElroy	$1,972 \\ 1,560$	1,595 1,413	117	
Fond du Lac	13,651	12.024	1,027	
Fort Atkinson	2,815	2,283	532	
	1,065 2,008	972	. ; 93	
*Glenwood Grand Rapids † Green Bay *Greenwood	2.043	1,702	311	
† Green Bay	18,290	9,069	9,221	
*Greenwood	559 1,607	1,296	311	
	3,338	2.885	453	
Hudson Janesville	12,971	10.835 1	2, 1.5	
Jefferson	2, 702 790	2,287 701	41) 89	
Juneau Kaukauna	5,451	4,667	781	
Kenosha	8-122	6 532	1,590	
Kewannee	1,529	1,216	313 3,679	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
La Crosse Lake Geneva	28, 769 2, 452	2.297	155	
Lancaster	2, 452 2, 174 15, 950	1,216 25,090 2,297 1,543	631	
Madison	15,950	13,426 7,710 11,523	$\frac{2,524}{1.717}$	
Manitowoc	9, 427 15, 286 4, 586	11.523	$\frac{1,717}{3,763}$	
Marshfield	4,586	3,450 1,343	1, 136	
Mangton	1,011	1,343	201 374	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mayville Medford	1,539 1,518	1,165 1,193	325	
Menasha	6, 151	4,581	1,573	
Menomonie	6.198	5,491	707	
Merrill Milwaukee	8,607 249,290	6,809 201,468	$\frac{1,793}{41,822}$	
Mineral Point	3,136	2,694	4 12	
Mondovi	928	503	425	
Monroe	$\frac{3,843}{5,781}$	3,768 5,083	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 698 \end{array}$	
Neenah Neillsville	5,781 2,206	1,936	270	
New Lisbon	1,067	990	- 77	
New London	2,494 1,680	2,050 1,408	$\frac{411}{272}$	
		1.400		

^{*} Organized since 1890. \dagger The city of Fort Howard has been consolidated with Green Bay since 1890. 27

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890—Cont.

		1	1	1 _
CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Oconto	6,017	5,219	798	
Daalaska	1,634	1,587	47	
Oshkosh	26,947	22,836	4,111	
Phillips	1,652	,,		
Pittsville	648	653		
Platteville	3,321	2,740	581	
Plymouth	2,213	1,503	710	
Portage	5,419	5,143	276 1,002	
Port Washington	2,661 3,286	1,659 3,131	1,002	
Prairie du Chien	3, 400 966	911	55	
Prescott	24,889	21,014	3,875	
Reedsburg	2,116	1,737	379	
Rhinelander	4,330	2,658	1,672	
Rice Lake	3,162	2,130	1,032	
Richland Center	2,041	1,819	222	
Ripon	4,380	3,358	1,022	
River Falls	1,919	1,783	136	
Seymour	932	733	199	
Shawano	1,759	1,505	254	
Sheboygan	21,130	16,359	4,771	
Shullsburg	1,295	1,393		98
Sparta	3,511	2,795 7,896	716	
stevens Point	8,995 2,936	2,470	1,098 466	
Stoughton	2,936 2,790	2,470	595	
turgeon Bay	2, 190	2,195 11,983	14 , 185	
Superior	$26,168 \\ 2,458$	2,199	259	
omahawk	2,296	1,816	480	
wo Rivers	3,593	2,870	723	
Viroqua	1,630	1,270	369	
Watertown	9,922	8,755	1,167	
Waupaca	2,823	2,127	696	
Wannin	3,216	2,757	459	
Wausau	11,013	9,253	1,760	
West Bend	1,766	1,296	470	
Whitewater	3,799	4,359		560
VILLAGES.				÷
Arcadia	1,012	-659	353	
Bayfield	1,368	1,373		
Burlington	2,428	2,043	385	
Jolovan	2,238	2,038	200 300	
Eagle River	1,454	1,154	281	
Elkhorn	1,728	1,447	193	
Evansville	$1,716 \\ 1,003$	1,523 814	189	
ox Lake	1,513	1,354	159	
Horicon	1,207	961	246	
Kilbourn CityLake Mills	1,175	1,053	122	
Mazomanie	1,015	1,034	<u></u>	1
Necedah	1,680	1,034 1,708		2
Dm #0	1,395	1,232	163	
Princeton	1,195	j 986	209	
Princeton	1,120	1,118	1 2	
Shell Lake	1,693			
South Milwaukee	2,662			
Washburn	5,178	3,039	2,139	j · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wankasha	7,222	6,321	901	
Wanwatosa	2,755		260	
WaterlooWinneconne	$1,122 \\ 1,130$	862 1,086	44	

^{*}Organized since 1890.

SUMMARY OF THE POPULATION, EX-SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND MILITIA, BY COUNTIES.

Barron		BYC	OUNTIES.			
Adams		AGGRE	GATE POPU		Militia	
Bayfield	COUNTIES.	Male.	Female.	Total.	and Sailors	IIIIIIII.
Bayfield	Adoms	4,019	3,513	7,532	200	1,357
Bayfield	Ashland	9,817	7,424	17,241		1,357 4,968
Sau Claire 11,270 1,576 1,274 2,850 522 7,710 7,000 1,274 2,850 522 7,710 7,000 1,274 2,850 524 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 1,283 244 4,436 4,70 7,855 15,939 216 2,21 4,70 7,000 3,267 2,071 5,338 20 2,20	Barron	10,837	9,285	20,122		3,846
Sau Claire 11,270 1,576 1,274 2,850 522 7,710 7,000 1,274 2,850 522 7,710 7,000 1,274 2,850 524 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 526 8,70 7,000 1,274 2,850 1,283 244 4,436 4,70 7,855 15,939 216 2,21 4,70 7,000 3,267 2,071 5,338 20 2,20	Bayfield	7,694	4,901	12,595	89	4,28 7,80
Sau Claire 11,576 1,576 1,274 2,550 522 7,716 7,725 7,	Brown	23,525	7 076	16 931	237	3,19
Sau Claire 11,576 1,576 22,550 522 5,710 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Suffalo	3 159	2.733	5, 892		969
Sau Claire 11,576 1,576 22,550 522 5,710 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Salumet	9,208	8,536	17,744	213	3,113
Sau Claire 11,576 1,576 22,550 522 5,710 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Chippewa	15, 479	13,248	1 28.727		5,74
Sau Claire	lark	11,289	10,053	21,342		3,73
Sau Claire	olumbia	15,733	19,139	17 203		6,16 3,06
Sau Claire	rawiora	33, 980	31,689	65, 669	762	13, 573
Sau Claire	odge	24,894	22,957	47,851		8,90
Sau Claire	oor	9,002	7,967	16,969		2,91
Sau Claire	Oouglas	16,818	13,168	29,986		9,110 4,398
Some Some	ounn	13,174	11,832	29,000		6,57
Sond du Lac	lau Claire	1 576	1,274	2,850		61
Orest	lond du Lac	23, 762	23,674	47,436		8,53
ricen Lake	orest	745	543	1,288		38
reen Lake	rant		19,024	38,372	841	6,998 4,518
Billerson	reen	12,131	11,289	15 030		$\frac{4,513}{2,72}$
Section Sect	reen Lake	11 977	11,470	23, 447	281	4.38
Billerson	owa	3, 267	2,071	1 5 338	20	1,742
Billerson	ackson	8,780	1 7,942	16,722	302	2,810 6,719
Conosha	efferson	18,469	17,848	36,317	384	$\frac{6}{3}, \frac{713}{22}$
al Grosse	uneau	9,660	9,094	18,754		3,512
actayette 10,974 10,514 21,488 292 4, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 150 2, anglade 6,023 5,069 11,092 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 421 7, 54 4,062 441 150 44,062 44,186 44,162 287,922 3,934 55, 16 5,211 4,992 10,203 197 1,161 4,000 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2, 4,000 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2, 4,000 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2, 2,000 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2, 2,000 4,00	enosha	9 159	8 473	17 632	130	2,96
Incoln	ewaunee	21,995	21,615	43,610	441	8,352
Incoln	afavette	10,974	10,514	21,488		4, 19
faranton 11,866 12,405 27,271 150 6, farquette 5,211 4,992 10,203 197 1, fliwaukee 143,820 144,102 287,922 3,934 55, fonroe 13,667 12,683 26,550 533 4, keento 9,842 8,497 18,339 227 3, heida 2,2639 21,765 44,404 547 8, hutagamie 22,639 21,765 44,404 547 8, pepin 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1, rierce 12,056 10,984 23,040 415 4, rolk 8,639 7,428 16,117 218 2, rierce 4,211 2,966 7,257 63 1, rice 4,231 2,966 7,257 63 1, rice	anglade	0.023	5,069	11,092		2,372 $3,422$
faranton 11,866 12,405 27,271 150 6, farquette 5,211 4,992 10,203 197 1, fliwaukee 143,820 144,102 287,922 3,934 55, fonroe 13,667 12,683 26,550 533 4, keento 9,842 8,497 18,339 227 3, heida 2,2639 21,765 44,404 547 8, hutagamie 22,639 21,765 44,404 547 8, pepin 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1, rierce 12,056 10,984 23,040 415 4, rolk 8,639 7,428 16,117 218 2, rierce 4,211 2,966 7,257 63 1, rice 4,231 2,966 7,257 63 1, rice	incoln	7,88±	10.049	40, 802	421	7, 332
fillwaukee 143,820 144,102 287,922 3,94 50,1 fonroe 13,667 12,683 226,350 533 4,1 fonroe 9,812 8,497 18,339 227 3,2 heida 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2,2 heida 4,289 21,765 44,404 547 8,2 hepin 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1,2 repin 12,056 10,984 23,040 445 4,2 olk 8,639 7,428 16,117 218 2,2 olk 8,639 7,428 16,117 218 2,2 ortage 14,747 13,784 28,531 409 4,21 28,531 409	Ianitowoc	19, 205	17, 393	36,598	292	6.808
filwaukee 143,820 144,102 287,922 3,94 50,1 fonroe 13,667 12,683 22,350 533 4,1 fconto 9,812 8,497 18,339 227 3,2 heida 4,188 2,872 7,060 57 2,2 heida 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1,2 repin 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1,2 repin 12,056 10,984 23,040 445 4,2 roltage 14,147 13,784 28,531 409 4,2 roltage 14,147 13,784 28,531 409 4,2 10,2 9,6	farinette	14,866	12,405	27,271		6,260
Note Note	farquette	5,211	4,992	10,203		1,660
Note Note	Iilwaukee	143,820	144,102	287,922	3,934	55, 794 4, 318
Dankee 8,598 7,947 16,545 133 2, 12 13 14 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17	Ionroe	0.812	× 497	18, 339	227	3,420
Dankee 8,598 7,947 16,545 133 2, 12 13 14 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17	Deonto	4. 188	2,872	7,060	57	2,264
Dankee 8,598 7,947 16,545 133 2, epin 3,940 3,627 7,567 123 1, epin 12,056 10,984 23,040 415 4, olk 8,689 7,428 16,117 218 2, ortage 14,747 13,784 28,531 409 4, epin 4,291 2,966 7,257 63 1, epin 63	Outagamie	22,639	21,765	44,404		8,129
Olk	zaukee	8,598	7,947	16,545		2,978
Okt. 9,747 13,784 28,581 400 4,716 12,726 14,211 2,986 7,257 63 1,716 14,211 2,986 7,257 63 1,716 14,211 2,986 7,257 63 1,716 14,211 2,986 7,257 63 1,716 14,211 2,986 7,257 63 1,716 14,211 14,110 447 8,212 14,212 14,110 447 8,212 14,212 14,212 14,212 14,213 14,212 14,	epin	3,910	3,627	7,567		1,326
Ortage 14,747 13,784 28,581 409 4,710 rice 4,291 2,966 7,257 63 1,710 rice 4,291 2,966 7,257 63 1,710 accine 21,029 20,081 41,110 447 8,710 tichland 10,099 9,520 19,619 591 3,710 36 4,8414 812 9,92 4,015 48,414 812 9,93 4,015 48,414 812 9,93 4,015 48,414 812 9,93 4,015 48,414 812 9,93 4,016 48,414 812 9,94 4,016 48,414 812 9,94 4,016 48,414 812 9,94 4,016 48,414 812 9,94 4,01 4,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02 1,02	ierce	2,030	7 428	16 117		4,376 2,856
tichland 10,099 9,520 19,619 391 3, 20 19,619 391 3, 20 10,619 391 3, 20 10,619 391 3, 20 30 4, 414 812 9, 30 4, 414 812 9, 30 4, 414 812 9, 36 4, 414 812 9, 38 4, 386 4, 39 6, 41 3, 741 38 3, 741 38 3, 741 38 3, 34	Olk	14,747	13,784	28,531	409	4,92
tichland 10,099 9,520 19,619 391 3, 20 19,619 391 3, 20 10,619 391 3, 20 10,619 391 3, 20 30 4, 414 812 9, 30 4, 414 812 9, 30 4, 414 812 9, 36 4, 414 812 9, 38 4, 386 4, 39 6, 41 3, 741 38 3, 741 38 3, 741 38 3, 34	rice	4,291	2,966	7,257		1,910
Cock 24,959 24,019 45,414 35 14, 45 tt. Croix 13,558 12,312 25,870 386 4, 42 sauk 16,772 16,147 32,919 697 5, 41 sawyer 2,006 1,645 3,741 38 shawano 11,930 10,613 22,573 170 3, 54 sheboygan 24,795 23,601 48,396 524 9, 42 aylor 4,726 3,772 8,498 76 1, 72 rempealeau 11,445 10,518 21,963 215 3, 72 yernon 14,033 12,942 27,035 565 4, 73 flas 2,352 1,449 3,801 20 1, 74 Valworth 14,736 14,426 29,162 534 5, 74 Vashburn 2,322 1,944 4,266 68 74 Vashington 12,333 11,744 24,077 216 4, 74 <tr< td=""><td>acine</td><td>21,029</td><td>20,081</td><td>41,110</td><td></td><td>8,470</td></tr<>	acine	21,029	20,081	41,110		8,470
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	lichland	10,099	9, 520	19,019		9,778
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cock	13 558	12, 312	25,870	386	4,68
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	onk	16,772	16, 147	32,919	697	5,94
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	awver	2,096	1,645	3,741	38	78
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	hawano	11,950	10,613	22,573		3,903 9,013
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	heboygan	24, 795	23,001	8 498	76	1,93
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aylor	11.445	10,518	21,963		3,95
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Varnon	14,093	12.942	1 27 035	565	4,842
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ilas	2.352	1.449	3,801		1.08
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>Valworth</u>	14,736	14,426	29,162	534	5,513 908
Vinnebago 22, 806 28, 821 57, 627 843 10, 35 vood 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 268 3,	Vashburn	2,322	1,9±4	24,200		4,34
Vinnebago 22, 806 28, 821 57, 627 843 10, 35 vood 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 268 3,	Vashington	18, 888	17,676	36, 562		7,06
Valushard 22, 806 28, 821 57, 627 843 10, 92 (Vinnebago 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 268 3, 93 (Vood 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 268 3, 93 (Vood 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 288 3, 93 (Vood 11, 282 10, 355 21, 637 288 3)	Vaunaca	16, 169	14.624	1 30,793	802	5,68
200 044 004 047 1 007 047 92 007 974		8,214	7,141	15,355		2,940
200 044 004 047 1 007 047 92 007 974	Vinnehago	28,806	28,821	57,627	843	10,716 3,968
Total	Vood	1.1, 282	10,555	21,037	400	
	Total	1,003,241	934,674	1,937,915	26,307	374,661

PERCENTAGE OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN OF THE TOTAL POPULATION.

Total Percentage of Foreign Born, 27.04

COUNTIES.	Total Per Cent. of Native Born.	Total Per Cent. of Foreign Born.	Total Per Cent. of Germans.	Total Per Cent. of Scandinav- ians.	Total Per Cent. of all other Foreign Countries
Iron. Price Florence Bayfield Taylor Burnett Douglas Marinette Ashland Milwaukee Polk Shawano Marathon Portage Eau Claire Racine Lincoln Wood Washburn Oconto Barron Trempealeau Kewaunee Door Chippewa Shebogan Green Lake Winnebago St. Croix La Crosse Kenosha Dunn Sawyer Manitowoc Pepin Waupaca Forest Clark Jefferson Ozaukee Dodge Buffalo Outagamie Marquette Pierce Jackson Waukesha Dane Langlade Washington Columbia Monroe Calumet Fond du Lae Sauk Green Green Oneida Juneau Jun	52.08 52.32 56.63 57.76 58.18 58.72 61.39 64.59 65.71 66.79 66.79 68.85 69.23 68.85 69.23 69.85 70.05 71.03 71.174 72.01 72.13 72.20 72.20 72.21 72.71 73.87 74.08 74.07 74.07 74.08 75.13 75.69 76.01 76.61 77.75 78.69 79.67 79.75 79.67 79.75 79.69 80.89	47.92 47.68 43.87 42.24 41.82 41.28 41.28 38.15 35.41 34.29 34.27 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77 30.61 30.77	04.06 16.70 05.82 28.02.73 28.02.73 09.29 10.97 24.17 24.29 22.39 16.99 112.39 16.99 112.39 16.99 112.39 16.90 112.39 16.90 112.39 16.81 10.75 10.02 12.11 16.53 11.50 12.81 12.81 13.59 14.66 13.15 14.44 07.96 13.15 19.94 11.29 12.00 18.33 17.79 18.69 06.03 07.88 06.13 14.44 07.96 13.15 19.94 11.20 11.38 11.39 1	16.12 23.23 21.293 21.10 04.61 40.09 18.52 11.97 11.04 00.85 05.58 05.58 05.29 05.80 04.16 16.13 04.81 17.22 19.93 00.53 10.97 00.44 00.47 02.98 14.10 10.37 04.38 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 14.88 16.52 06.38 00.70 00.38 00.38 00.30 06.00 06.60 01.14 14.80 16.32 01.76 02.25 87 04.34 00.16 00.20 00.23 00.38 10.88 10.88 10.88 10.88 10.71 00.23 00.38 10.88 10.88 10.99 00.23 00.30 00.66 00.14 14.80 00.20 00.49 00.23 00.36 00.20 00.49 00.22 09.60 00.14	27.74 07.74 15.62 17.91 09.19 16.90 16.25 13.40 03.62 06.29 06.97 15.65 07.59 07.13 07.21 07.59 07.13 07.24 08.28 07.44 08.28 07.44 08.28 07.36 08.38 09.38 09.38 09.38 09.38 09.38 09.38 09.18 05.32 07.44 02.71 11.13 07.39 04.98 05.38 09.38
Juneau Lowa Vernon Waushara Walworth Adams Lafayette Rock Grant Crawford Richland	81.80 82.95 83.03 83.51 83.86 84.85 85.21 93.62	18.38 18.20 17.05 16.97 16.49 16.14 15.15 14.79 06.38	02.88 10.71 08.08 05.24 03.71 05.95 07.48 03.39 02.55	12.07 03.70 02.18 06.41 04.45 03.90 00.89 04.78 01.20	03.42 03.78 06.78 05.32 08.33 06.29 06.78 06.62 02.63

FOREIGN BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.

Distributed according to country of birth.—Compiled from census of Wisconsin, 1895.

	1
TEUTONS.	NORTH AMERICANS.
Germany	British Americans 24,441
Switzerland	
Holland 6,961	
Austria	
Belgium	SLAVS.
000 000	Poland
276,078	Bohemia
	Hungary
SCANDINAVIANS.	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	. 6, 129
Norway	
Sweden	
	GRAECO LATINS.
107,011	France 3,375
	Italy 39 Portugal 1
Irism.	Portugal 1
Ireland	9.415
1101414	3,415
Anglo Saxon.	ALL OTHERS.
Great Britain28,269	Various countries52,632
Total foreign born	
NATIVE BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.	•
White	1 407 695
Colored	2,450
Indians	2,430
	, _,,
Total population of state	

COMPARATIVE NATIVITY TABLE.

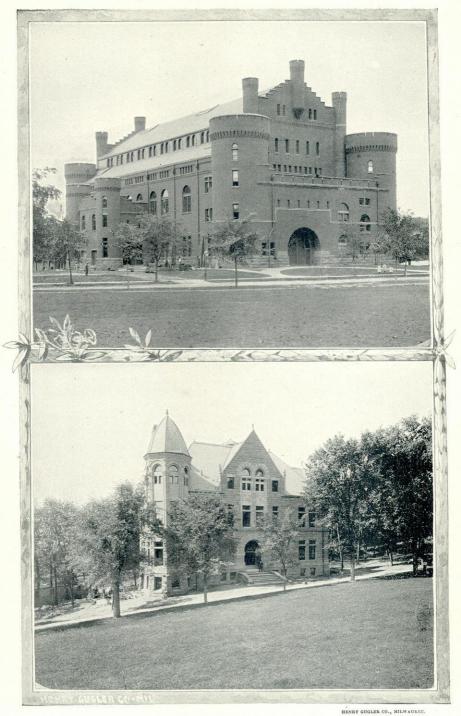
Native born, 1890 Native born, 1895	1,167,681 1,414,038	1895.	
Increase in 5 years	246, 357	Percentage of native to total population	72.96
Foreign born, 1890Foreign born, 1895.	519, 199 523, 877	Percentage of total foreign to total population	27.04
Increase in 5 years	4,678	total population	5.52 13.85
1890.		Percentage of all others	7.67
Native born. Scandinavian born. German born. All other countries.	1,167,681 99,738 259,819 159,642	1890. Percentage of native born to	01.00
Total population	1,686,880	foreign population Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population	224.90 19.21
1895.		Percentage of German born to foreign population	50.04
Native born	1,414,038 106,900 268,469 148,508	Percentage of all others to foreign population	30.75
Total population	1,937,915	1895.	
		Percentage of native born to	
Germans, 1890Germans, 1895	259, 819 268, 469		269.92 20.41
Increase in 5 years	8,650	Percentage of German born to foreign population	51.25
Scandinavian, 1890Scandinavian, 1895	99,738 106,900	population	28.34
Increase in 5 years	7,162	Percentage of, increase 1890 to 1895: Native born	13.39 7.18
All other countries, 1890	159, 642 148, 508	Germans	$\frac{3.33}{6.97}$
Decrease in 5 years	11, 134	Number per square mile. 1890. Native born	1895. 25.97
1890.		Scandinavians. 1.83 Germans 4.77 All others 2.92	1.96 4.93 2.73
Percentage of native to total population. Percentage of total foreign to total population. Percentage of Scandinavian to total population Percentage of German to total population Percentage of all others.	30.78 5.91	Percentage of increase of Native born. Foreign 1850-1860	born, 6 2 3 6

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1895-1896.

	Спігр	REN RES	SIDING	En	ROLLME	NT.		EACHE IPLOYI	
CITIES UNDER CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.	Betu	veen 4 ar	nd 20.	Between tending	en 4 and public	l 20 at- schools.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.			
Total	111,650	114,482	226, 132	55,978	56,863	112,841	264	2,182	2,446
Antigo Appleton Appleton Appleton Ashland Baraboo Beaver Dam Beloit Berlin Berlin Brodhead Chippewa Falls. Columbus De Pere Eau Claire Fond du Lac. Grand Rapids. Green Bay Hudson Janesville Kaukauna Kenosha La Crosse Madison Marinette Menomonie Merrill Milwaukee Merrill Milwaukee Mineral Point New London Oconto Onalaska Oshkosh Portage Prairie du Chien Racine Reedsburg Rice Lake Ripon Sheboygan Stevens Point Sturgeon Bay Superior Tomahawk Waupaca Wausau Whitewater	3,058 307 1,827 401 2,077	786 2,654 1,698 874 1,325 624 1,613 331 331 3,168 2,534 3,063 5,29 2,184 1,127 1,380 1,052 1,477 45,431 1,066 297 4,494 928 4,271 338 462 548 3,054 3,188 4,271 3,054 3,188 4,271 3,054 3,891 1,834 3,054 3,	1,604 5,137 3,349 1,562 1,795 1,351 1,795 1,358 1,358 9,366 6,368 6,368 4,789 6,023 1,017 2,1224 2,224 2,224 2,224 2,133 2,867 90,176 1,107 2,160 8,700 1,792 1,926 8,700 1,793 8,877 6,112 6,152 6,107 6,112 6,163 8,27 67 6,112 6,163 8,27 67 6,112 6,163 8,27 67 6,112 6,163 8,27 67 6,112 6,163 8,27 67 6,112 6,163 8,27 6,112 6,163 8,27 6,112 6,163 8,27 6,112 6,163 8,27 6,112 6,163 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27 6,112 6,134 8,27	379 1, 183 972 687 478 835 400 215 634 2247 1, 164 1, 164 1, 164 1, 106 398 401 1, 107 398 401 1, 739 396 401 1, 739 396 22, 739 491 2, 721 247 2, 121 247 2, 121 247 2, 121 252 247 2, 121 253 1, 682 242 2, 402 251 2, 402 251 2, 402 251 2, 739	465 1,150 986 989 446 952 424 1999 232 1,700 2,615 1,322 2,763 4,763 4,71 1,192 382 1,266 1,635 4,300 938 17,285 387 647 222 409 213 2,782 500 248 2,241 244 247 255 1,763 794 365 569 3188 3,188 1,188	844 2,333 1,968 1,476 1,924 1,787 4131 2,486 3,589 4,23 3,589 780 1,100 5,120 2,128 2,528 2,528 3,374 826 1,702 1,277 911 495 4,362 4,362 4,947 1,137 695 6,497 1,137 695 741	10 4 1 1 3 3 1 5 1 92 2 3 4 4 1 5 3 2 9 3 3 3 2 6 4 5 5 7 1 1 5 1 1 0 1 1 3 9 3 3 3 2 1 5 4 5 7 7 1 3 1 3 2 2	17 17 10 10 10 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	18

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1895-1896.

COUNTIES—Exclusive of cities	CHILDRE	EN BETWEE	n 4 and 20	TEAC	HERS Емрі	LOYED.
under city superintendents.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals	235, 363	222, 424	457,787	2,176	7,712	9,888
Adams	1,628 820	1,395 688	3,023	12	105	117
AshlandBarron	3,490	3,241	1,508 6,731	6 46	31 132	37 178
BarronBayfield	1,510	1,430	2,940	9	42	51 92
Brown Buffalo	$5,459 \ 3,242$	5,167 3,091	10,626 6,333	34 41	58 82	92 123
Rumott	1,191	1,065	2,256 7,156	7	43	50
Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford	3,623 3,982	3,533 3,627	7,156 $7,609$	28 38	59	87
Clark	4,292	4,175	8.467	50	186 154	224 204
Columbia	3,780	3,505	7,285	50	225	275
Dane	$2,715 \\ 8,523$	2,596 7,946	5,311 $16,469$	35 68	115 308	150
Dodge	7,483	6,615	13. 798	78	196	376 274
Door	3,111	2,845 452	5, 956 962	23	53	76
Douglas	$510 \\ 3,655$	3,466	7,121	6 35	29 114	35 149
Dunn Eau Claire	2,813	2,629	5,442	21	103	124
FlorenceFond du Lac	472 $5,420$	492 5,111	964	2 42	15	17
Forest	184	186	10,531 370	2	202 25	244 27
trant	6,667	6,506	13,173	56	324	380
Freen Freen Lake Lowa	3,883 $2,133$	3,529 2,051	7,412	59	227	286
fowa	3,601	3,517	4,184 7,118	22 23	90 148	112 171
[ron	727	665	1,392	5.	20	25
Jackson Jefferson	3,236 $5,176$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3,071 \\ 4,905 \end{bmatrix}$	6,307 10,081	34 35	123	157
Juneau	3, 454	3,320	6,774	35	157 147	192 182
Kenosha	1,632	1,527	3,159	19	65	84
KewauneeLa Crosse	$3,516 \\ 2,451$	3,449 2,285	6,965 4,736	38 18	32 65	70 83
Lafavette	3, 769	2,285 3,624	7,393 2,307	41	161	202
Langlade Lincoln	3,769 1,204	$1,103 \\ 759$	2,307	13	69	82
Manitowoc	753 8,049	7,634	1,512 15,683	12 75	43 82	55 1 57
Marathon	5,279	5,014	10 203	64	132	196
Marinettei	$2,195 \\ 2,047$	2,08t 2,015	4,276 4,062	$\frac{12}{20}$	45	57
Marquette Lilwaukee	6,381	6,093	12.474	49	67 88	87 1 37
donroe	4,770	4,615	9,385 5,310 1,729	35	197	232
Oconto	$2,769 \\ 855$	$\frac{2,541}{874}$	5,310	$\begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	57 37	78
Ontagamie	4,733	4,422	9,155	22	130	39 1 52
Dzaukee	3,298	3,150	6,448	47	33	. 80
Jeonto Dneida Dutagamie Dzaukee. epin ierce oolk Orlage	1,472 4,245	1,390 4,107	2,862 8,352	12 57	115	56 172
Polk	3,218	2,962	6,180	28 29	125	153
Cortage	3,944	3,627 1,007	7,571	29	117	146
rice lacine ichland	1,140 2,783	2,502	2,147 5,285	10 18	65 66	75 84
Richland	3,646 1	3,382	7,028	60	180	240
lock	4,407	$\frac{4,211}{3,949}$	8,618	36 46	266	302
t. Croixauk	4,388 4,814	4,566	8,337 9,380	33	147 184	193 217
awyer	337	362	699	7	25	32
hawano	4,666	4,459 4,865	9,125	33 54	108 114	141
heboyganavlor.	5,019 1,655	1,552	3,207	16	64	168 80
aylor. rempealeau	4,236	3,960	9,884 3,207 8,196	32	129	161
ernonilas	5,173 402	4,916 384	10,089 786	55	215 13	270
Volumenth	3,810	3,574	7.384	29	167	17 196
Yashburn Vashington Jaukesha Yaupaca Jaushara	735	671	1.406	6	34	40
Vashington	4,610 5,732	4,590 5,506	9,200 11,238	48 49	79 152	127 201
Vaupaca	4,890	4,528	9,418	40	138	178
/aushara	2,944	2,609	5,553 []	33	130	163
VinnebagoVood	2,968 3,948	2,868 3,872	5,836 7,820	28 23	124 95	152 118
	U, 040 I	0,014	1,040 ()	40 1	וטפ	119



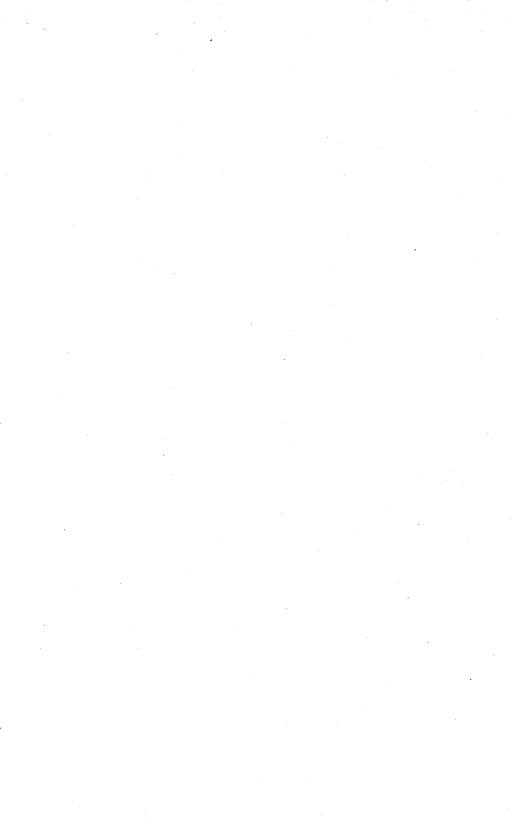
ARMORY AND LAW BUILDINGS, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



CENSUS STATISTICS.

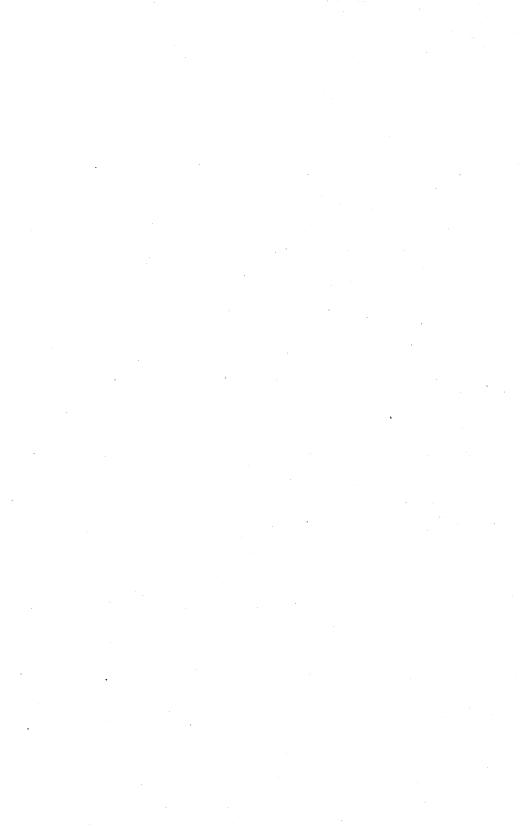
SUMMARY OF SCHOOL STATISTICS.

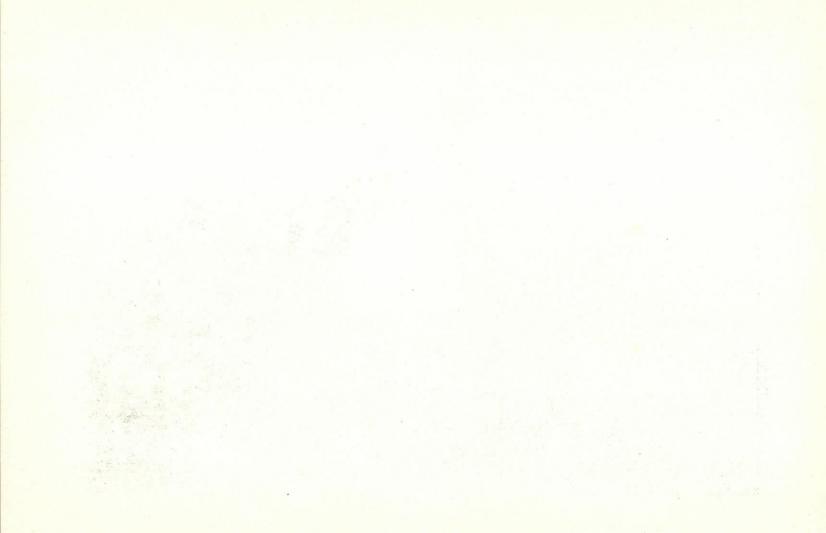
Census.	June 30, 1894, to June 30, 1895.	June 30, 1895, to June 30, 1896.
Number between 4 and 20 residing in the state	674,612 303,075 232,597 48,415	684, 890 305, 848 238, 082 48, 433
Enrollment in public schools. Number between 4 and 20. Number under four. Number over 20. Total number. Some percentages.	398, 457 477 998 399, 932	409,058 468 786 410,312
Per cent. of the number between 4 and 20 enrolled in the public schools	59.	59.7
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended public schools 12	76.7	77.8
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended private schools 12 weeks or more. Per cent, of those between 7 and 13 who did not attend any school	15.9	15.8
12 weeks or more	7.4	6.3
School houses. Number of school houses in the state Seating capacity of all public school houses	6,668 463,016	8,050 476,694
Teachers. Number of male teachers employed Number of female teachers employed. Total number employed. Average monthly wages of males (outside of cities). Average monthly wages of females (outside of cities).	2,346 9,988 12,334 \$44.68 \$29.78	2,440 9,894 12,334 \$45.70 \$30.13
Teachers' qualifications. Number of normal teachers employed, graduates, in counties Number of teachers holding state certificates, in counties Number of teachers holding state certificates, in counties	195 1,688 265	246 1,775 341
First grade certificates granted— By county superintendents By city superintendents Second grade certificates granted—	494 82	464 95
Second grade certificates granted— By county superintendents. By city superintendents. Third grade certificates granted— By county superintendents	1,541 265	1,582 215
By county superintendents By city superintendents Certificates limited to less than one year, in counties Total certificates granted Applicants refused certificates—	7,634 431 830 11,277	7,079 546 625 10,606
By county superintendents By city superintendents.	6,018 190	2,661 281
State certificates and diplomas. Number of unlimited state certificates granted. Number of limited state certificates granted. Number of diplomas of University of Wisconsin countersigned. Number of diplomas of normal schools countersigned. Number of certificates of normal schools countersigned. Number of diplomas of colleges countersigned. Number of diplomas of foreign colleges countersigned. Number of county superintendents' certificates granted.	7 22 26 112 55 19 3 7	11 23 37 116 53 16 5 48
Township libraries. Number of towns complying with the law. Amount expended for books. Number of books bought. Whole number of books in town libraries.	369 \$9,981 27 13,750 94,905 \$53,757 80	897 \$31,732 12 44,421 139,326 \$85,489 92
District libraries.—(Obtained by local taxation.) Number of books bought Total number of books in the libraries.	10, 935 74, 824	9,638 84,462



PART V.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

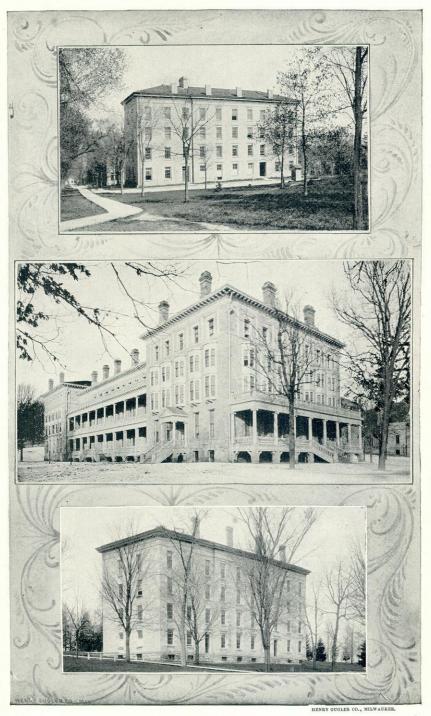






HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

SCIENCE HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



SOUTH HALL, LADIES' HALL AND NORTH HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Age, wealth and population considered, the state of Wisconsin is unexcelled in the matter of public institutions. Its educational, as well as its penal and charitable institutions, have been liberally established and supported, and every effort has been put forth to raise to the highest degree the character and efficiency of them all.

This state, like others, has been aided in no small measure in the establishment of educational institutions by the far sighted bounty of congress. Liberal grants of public lands have greatly stimulated the ambition and furthered the efforts of the people of this state to provide amply for the advanced as well as the elementary education of their children. An elaborate and well organized system of common schools, high schools and normal schools, lead up to the state university, which already stands with dignity among the leading universities of the country. There are over six thousand public common schools and one hundred and fifty high schools, employing over twelve thousand teachers. These schools are supported partly by the the income of the "trust funds," so called, and partly by the levy of a fixed general tax, provided by law. All fines and penalties collected under any penal statute are also payable to the trust fund. The school fund income realized from various sources, during the year 1896, the following amounts:

Interest on land certificates, loans and bonds. Interest on certificates of indebtedness. The one mill tax Interest, etc.	109, 459 603, 473 31, 571	00 00 45
Total	\$829,177	89
The other educational funds aggregated in income:		
University fund	\$408,213	73
Agricultural College Fund	14,909	38
Normal School Fund	240,414	81

THE STATE CAPITOL.

The site of the present State Capitol was selected by the Hon. James D. Doty, October 27, 1836, and in December of the same year the territorial legislature, in session at Belmont, passed an act to establish the Capital at Madison. Messrs. James D. Doty, A. A. Bird and John F. O'Neill were appointed by the general government commissioners for constructing the capitol, and work was commenced on the building in the month of June following, under the direction of Mr. Bird. On the 4th of July, 1837, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The capitol building was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions of that body, so it assembled in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the Legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the capitol building, Dane county, \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangement, compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The warranty deed of the capitol square was given to the Territory, in consideration of \$1.00 received, and the benefits and advantages to be derived from the location, by Stevens T. Mason, Julia G. Mason and Kintzing Prichett, of Detroit, and through their attorney, Moses M. Strong. It is dated Mineral Point, 16th January, 1839; and the square is described as sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. This interesting document is now on file in the office of the State Treasurer.

On the admission of Wisconsin into the Union as a state, in 1848, the constitutional convention then permanently located the capital at Madison. The capitol building proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the state capitol. The state also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The Governor and Secretary of State were made commissioners for conducting the work, which was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the capitol building, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing work of the state offices. The Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, with N. B. Van Slyke and John Winaus, representing the Supreme Court, and E. W. Keyes, representing the Historical Society, were made commissioners for carrying out the work. The plans of architect D. R. Jones were adopted, and the bid of Bentleys & Nowlan, contractors, was accepted.

The work is now completed and the additional wings ready for occupancy. The picture of the building, elsewhere in this book, is an excellent representation of the State Capitol as it now appears.

The total appropriations for the enlargement of the capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are \$829,992.54. This does not include the sum of \$6,500 appropriated, in 1875, for macadamizing to the center of the streets around the park.

The capitol park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering north, south, east and west, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is situated on an elevation commanding a view of the Third and Fourth lakes and the surrounding country. In the center of the square stands the capitol, one of the most magnificent structures of the kind in the United States. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length of its north and south wings, exclusive of steps and porticoes, with the addition of the new wings, is 396 feet, and of the east and west wings, 226 feet. The completeness of the arrangements on the inside fully correspond with the fine external appearance of the capitol.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

In 1838 an act was passed by the territorial legislature establishing the University of the Territory of Wisconsin, and appointing a board of visitors for its government. No action toward establishing the university was taken under this law except the selection of two townships of land appropriated by congress. In 1848 the constitution of the State of Wisconsin made provision for the establishment of a State University.

In 1849 the Board of Regents held its first meeting and began the work of organizing the University. The first building (now North Hall) was constructed in 1851. Four years from that time Agricultural Hall was completed, and in 1861 University Hall was finished. In 1866 the University was reorganized by act of the legislature, which also provided for uniting with the University the College of Agriculture, endowed with the proceeds of the Agricultural College grant given by the United States in 1862. In 1867 the first appropriation of about \$7,000 a year, was made by the state. Since that date the state has made repeated and large appropriations of money for the construction of buildings and for providing apparatus, and also for meeting the ordinary expenses of the institution. The College of Law was established in 1868; the College of Engineering began its work in 1870; the School of Pharmacy in 1883, and the School of Economics, Political Science and History, in 1892.

The University of Wisconsin is picturesquely situated at Madison, the capital of the state of Wisconsin. The University grounds comprise 240 acres, and extend for more than a mile along the south shore of Lake Mendota, a sheet of water about four miles in width and six miles in length. University hill occupies the eastern part of the grounds. It rises abruptly from the lake and has two summits, of which the eastern and higher reaches a height of about one hundred feet above the lake. Most of the college buildings are placed on the summit and eastern slope of this hill. The western part of the grounds is lower and more nearly level and is occupied by the Experimental Farm, belonging to the College of Agriculture. East of the University hill lies a small tract known as the Lower Campus, used for athletic sports and as the drill ground. In accordance with a requirement of the Legislature in 1895, a portion of the Lower Campus has been deeded by the Regents of the University to the State as a site for the State Historical Society Library, now in process of erection. At the session of 1893 the legislature provided for the purchase of Camp Randall, a tract of ground including 42 acres, and joining the University grounds to the southwest.

The buildings of the University which are used for instructional purposes are fourteen in number. The three oldest, University Hall, North Hall and Agricultural Hall, stand on or near the eastern summit of University Hill. Agricultural Hall is occupied by the offices, lecture rooms, and laboratories of the College of Agriculture; North Hall is used by the departments of German and Scandinavian languages, and the School of Pharmacy; while University Hall contains the lecture rooms for most of the remaining departments of language and literature. These buildings were erected out of the money derived from the sales of land granted by the na'ional government. Across the east front of the campus, at the foot of University hill, is a row of more recent buildings, all of them erected at the expense of the state of Wisconsin. At the south is Ladies' Hall. built in 1870, much enlarged and improved in 1893, and used as a dormitory for young women; next stands the Library and Library Hall, completed in 1879. Still further north is Science Hall, the largest and most costly of the University buildings, completed in 1887, containing the lecture rooms, laboratories and museums of most of the sciencific departments of the University, and of those of the College of Engineering. Next to Lake Mendota is the Chemical Laboratory, built in 1885, and behind this is the Machine Shop, erected in the same year and enlarged in 1894. Half way up the slope of University hill, on the south side, is the new building for the Law School, which in addition to the library and lecture rooms of the College of Law, contains the offices of the Board of Regents, the President of the University, and the rooms of the School of Economics, Political Science and History. On the western summit of University hill is the Washburn Observatory, built in 1878 by the late Hon. C. C. Washburn, and presented to the University. Near it are the Students' Observatory and the astronomer's house. On the western slope of the hill is the building for the Dairy School, constructed in 1891, and near it is placed the new building for Horticulture and Agricultural Physics, whose beginning was authorized by the legislature of 1893 and whose completion was further provided for in 1895; while further west lie the numerous buildings of the Experimental Farm. Between the lower campus and the lake is placed the Armory and Gymnasium, authorized by the legislature of 1891, and still nearer the lake is the University boat house.

BOARD OF REGENTS:

THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, EX-OFFICIO, THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY, EX-OFFICIO.

Term expires first Monday in February, 1898.

Madian

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Sixth District	FRANK CHALLONER Oshkosh.	
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E. F. RILEY, SECRETARY.

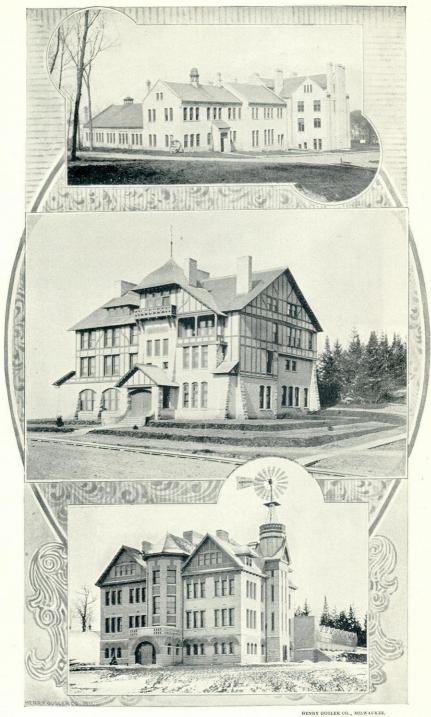
STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS. 1896-97

Executive—B. J. STEVENS, JOHN JOHNSON, H. W. CHYNOWETH.
College of Law—GEO. H. NOYES, JOHN W. BASHFORD, B. J. STEVENS.
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College Letters and Science-OGDEN H. FETHERS, ORLANDO E. CLARK, GEO. H. NOYES.

School of Economics—J. Q. EMERY, JOHN R. RIESS, FRANK CHALLONER. University Extension—D. L. PLUMER, JOHN JOHNSON, JOHN W. BASHFORD. Instructional Force—JOHN R. RIESS, H. W. CHYNOWETH, D. L. PLUMER. The President of the University is ex-officio a member of each committee.



MACHINE SHOP, DAIRY AND HORTICULTURAL BUILDINGS, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



OFFICIAL BOARD OF VISITORS FOR 1896-1897.

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2d Cong Dist	HON. LUCIEN S. HANKS, Chair'n.	Madison.
2d Cong Dist	PROF. DUNCAN MCGREGOR	Platteville.
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6th Cong Dist	Hon. OSCAR A. ALTER	Manitowoc.
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8th Cong. Diet.	HON, THOMAS B. REID	Appleton.
oth Cong Diet	MRS. JULIET MEYER BROWN	Khineiander.
10th Cong. Dist	MRS. CARRIE BAKER OAKES	New Richmond.

OFFICERS OF INSTRUCTION AND GOVERNMENT.

Faculty.

ADAMS, CHARLES KENDALL, LL. D., President of the University.

PARKINSON, JOHN BARBER, A. M., Vice-President, Professor of Constitutional and International Law.

AUSTIN, LOUIS WINSLOW, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Physics.

BABCOCK, STEPHEN MOULTON, Ph. D., Professor of Agricultural Chemistry and Chief Chemist to the Experiment Station.

BARNES, CHARLES REID, PH. D., Professor of Botany.

BASHFORD, ROBERT McKEE, A. M. LL. B., Professor of the Law of Private Corporations and Commercial Law.

BIRGE, EDWARD ASAHEL, Ph. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science. BROOKS, JOHN CRAFTS WRIGHT, 1st, Lieut. 4th Artillery, U. S. A., Professor of

Military Science and Tactics.

BRYANT, EDWIN EUSTACE, Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Practice and

Pleading, Equity and Railway Law, and the Law of Public Offices and Officers. BULL, STORM, M. E., Professor of Steam Engineering.

CARPENTER, JAIRUS HARVLIN, LL. D., Mortimer M. Jackson Professor of Con-

CASSODAY, JOHN B., LL. D., Justice of the Supreme Court, Professor of Constitutional Law.

CHENEY, LELLEN STERLING, M. S., Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Botany.

CLEMENTS, JULIUS MORGAN, Pr. D., Assistant Professor of Geology.

COFFIN, VICTOR, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of European History.

COMSTOCK, GEORGE CARY, Ph. B., LL. B., Professor of Astronomy and Director of Washburn Observatory.

CRAIG, JOHN ALEXANDER, B. S. A., Professor of Animal Husbandry.

DANIELS, WILLIAM WILLARD, M. S., Professor of Chemistry.

DAVIES, JOHN EUGENE, A. M., M. D., LL. D., Professor of Electricity and Magnetism and Mathematical Physics.

DREW, WILLIAM L., B. S., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Law.

ELSOM, JAMES CLAUDE, M. D., Professor of Physical Culture and Director of the Gymnasium.

ELY, RICHARD THEODORE, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science, and History, and Professor of Political Economy.

FARRINGTON, EDWARD HOLYOKE, M. S., Associate Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

FLINT, ALBERT STOWELL, A. M., Assistant Astronomer.

FORTENBAUGH, SAMUEL BYROD, M. M. E., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.

FRANKENBURGER, DAVID BOWER, A. M., Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory. FREEMAN, JOHN CHARLES, LL. D., Professor of English Literature.

GIESE, WILLIAM FREDERIC, A. M., Assistant Professor of Romance Languages. GOFF, EMMETT STULL, Professor of Horticulture.

GREGORY, CHARLES NOBLE, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law.

HASKINS, CHARLES HOMER, Ph. D., Professor of Institutional History.

HENRY, WILLIAM ARNON, AGR. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, Professor of Agriculture.

HILLYER, HOMER WINTHROP, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Organic Chemis-

HOBBS, WILLIAM HERBERT, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of Mineralogy and Pe-

HUBBARD, FRANK GAYLORD, PH. D., Associate Professor of English Philology. JACKSON, DUGALD CALEB, C. E., Professor of Electrical Engineering.

JASTROW, JOSEPH, Ph. D., Professor of Experimental and Comparative Psychology. JONES, BURR W., A. M., L. L. B., Professor of the Law of Evidence, Public Corporations, and Domestic Relations.

JONES, FOREST ROBERT, M. E., Professor of Machine Design.

KERR, ALEXANDER, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature.

KING, CHARLES ISAAC, Professor of Mechanical Practice.

KING, FRANKLIN HIRAM, Professor of Agricultural Physics.

KNOWLTON, AMOS ARNOLD, A. M., Assistant Professor of Rhetoric.

KREMERS, EDWARD, Ph. G., Ph. D., Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

LAIRD, ARTHUR GORDON, Ph., D., Assistant Professor of Ancient Languages.

MACK, JOHN GIVAN DAVIS, B. S., M. E., Assistant Professor of Machine Design.

MARSHALL, WILLIAM STANLEY, Ph., D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.

MAURER, EDWARD ROSE, B. C. E., Assistant Professor of Pure and Applied Mechanics.

McKERROW, GEORGE, Superintendent of Agricultural Institutes.

MILLER, WILLIAM SNOW, M. D., Assistant Professor of Vertebrate Anatomy.

OLIN, JOHN MYERS, A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Real Property, Torts and Wills.

OLSON, JULIUS EMIL, B. L., Professor of the Scandinavian Languages and Litera-

OWEN, EDWARD THOMAS, A. B., Professor of the French Language and Litera-

PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Professor of Music, and Director of the School of

RAYMOND, JEROME HALL, Ph. D., Professor of Sociology, and Secretary of the University Extension Department.

RICHTER, ARTHUR WILLIAM, M. E., Assistant Professor of Experimental Engineer-

ROSENSTENGEL, WILLIAM HENRY, A. M., Professor of the German Language and

RUSSEL, HARRY LUMAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Bacteriology.

SCOTT, WILLIAM, AMASA, Ph. D., Associate Professor of Political Economy.

SHARP, FRANK CHAPMAM, Ph. D., Assistant Porfessor of Philosophy.

SKINNER, ERNEST BROWN, A. B., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

SLAUGHTER, MOSES STEPHEN, PH. D., Professor of Latin.

SLICHTER, CHARLES SUMNER, M. S., Professor of Applied Mathematics.

SMITH, CHARLES FORSTER, Ph. D., Professor of Greek and Classical Philology. SMITH, LEONARD SEWELL, B. C. E., Assistant Professor of Topographical En-

gineering.

SNOW, BENJAMIN WARNER, PH. D., Professor of Physics.

SOBER, HIRAM ALLEN, A. B., Assistant Professor of Latin.

STEARNS, JOHN WILLIAM, LL. D., Professor of Philosophy and Pedagogy.

TRUE, RODNEY HOWARD, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacognosy.

TURNEAURE, FREDERICK EUGENE, C. E., Professor of Bridge and Hydraulic-Engineering.

TURNER, FREDERICK, JACKSON, Ph. D., Professor of American History.
VAN HISE, CHARLES RICHARD, Ph. D. Professor of Geology.
VAN VELZER, CHARLES AMBROSE, Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics.
VOSS, ERNST KARL JOHANN HEINRICH, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of German Philology.

WHITNEY, NELSON OLIVER, C. E., Professor of Railway Engineering. WILLIAMS, WILLIAM HOLME, A. B., Professor of Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek. WOLL, FRITZ WILHELM, M. S., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Chemistry.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS.

ALLEN, KATHERINE, M. A., Assistant in Latin. BASSETT, VICTOR HUGO, A. B., Assistant in Chemistry. BOUDREN, SARA ELEANOR, Instructor in Gymnastics. BURGESS, CHARLES FREDERICK, B. S., Assistant in Electrical Engineering. CAIRNS, WILLIAM B., A. M., Instructor in Rhetoric. CASKEY, WILLIAM GEORGE, A. B., Instructor in Elecution. DECKER JOHN WRIGHT, Agr. B., Instructor in Dairying. DOWLAND, LINNAEUS WAYLAND, Pr. D., Instructor in Mathematics. FERRY, ERVIN SIDNEY, B. S., Instructor in Physics. FISCHER, RICHARD, PH. C., B. S., Instructor in Practical Pharmacy. FRANKENFIELD, BUDD DOBLE, B. S.. Assistant in Electrical Engineering. FROST, WILLIAM DODGE, M. S., Assistant in Bacteriology. GAY, LUCY MARIE, B. L., Instructor in French. GRIFFITH, JESSIE, M. L., Instructor in German. HARTWELL, FRANK ISHAN, B. S., Instructor in Machine Practice. HOWIE, JOHN M., A. B., Assistant in Mathematics. JONES, EDWARD DAVID, PH. D., Instructor in Statistics and Economics. KAHLENBERG, LOUIS, Рн. D., Instructor in Physical Chemistry. KELLY, FREDERICK THOMAS, B. S., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek. LIBBY, ORIN GRANT, Ph. D., Instructor in History. LINCOLN, AZARIAH THOMAS, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry. LOTTES, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing. PYRE, JAMES FRANCIS AUGUSTINE, B. L., Instructor in English Literature. REINSCH, PAUL SAMUEL, A. B., LL. B., Instructor and Extension Lecturer in History. REMINGTON HARRIET TRAYNE, M. L., Instructor in German. ROHN, OSCAR, B. S., Instructor in Gymnastics. SCHREINER, OSWALD, PH. G., Assistant in Pharmaceutical Technique. SEYMOUR, ARTHUR ROMEYN, B. L., Assistant in French. SLEEPER, HENRY DIKE, Instructor in Music. SMITH, CHARLES MARQUIS, B. S., Assistant in Physics. SPARLING, SAMUEL EDWIN, PH. D., Assistant in Political Science.

OTHER OFFICERS.

STERLING, SUSAN ADELAIDE, M. L., Instructor in German.

WILDER, GEORGE WALKER, B. S., Assistant in Physics.

SMITH WALTER McMYNN, A. B., Librarian. SMITH, R. EDWIN, Librarian Law Library.

RILEY, EDWARD F., Secretary of the Board of Regents.
HIESTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar, and President's Secretary.
BIRD, LESLIE, Clerk and Stenographer.
LANDER, HELEN M., Matron.
ADAMS, LESLIE H., Farm Superintendent.
MOORE, RANSOM ASA, Assistant to the Dean of the College of Agriculture.
SANFORD, FANNIE G., Stenographer.
HERFURTH, IDA, Clerk and Stenographer.
STOUT, HARRIET V., Clerk and Stenographer.
GLENN, MARY ALICE, Stenographer.
STOCKETT, NORMAN, Secretary of the Deans of the College of Law.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS, 1895-6.

Fellows	. 22	
Resident Graduates	. 58	
Candidates for 2d Degrees, in absentia		
College of Letters and Science	. 734	
College of Engineering	. 192	
College of Agriculture	. 188	
College of Law	. 223	
School of Pharmacy	. 46	
School of Music	. 181	
Deducting twice classified	. 71	
Total		1,598
Students in Summer School 114		

The endeavor of the University is-

- 1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
 - 2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
- 3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
 - 4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

MAIN DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY.

- I. THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- II. THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
- III. THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- IV. THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- V. THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.
- VI. THE SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS, POLITICAL SCIENCE AND HISTORY.
- VII. THE SUMMER SCHOOL.
- VIII. THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.
 - IX. THE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION DEPARTMENT.

TERMS AND VACATIONS.

An important change in the terms and vacations of the University went into operation in 1895. Commencement comes on Wednesday, June 24, 1897. The year 1997-3 opens on the last Wednesday in September (Sept. 25). The Christmas recess begins December 24, and closes January 2, 1898, inclusive. The spring recess extends from the day before Good Friday to the end of Easter Monday. Commencement in 1898, comes upon the Thursday before the last Wednesday in June.

The year is divided into two semesters or terms. The first semester extends from September 30, 1893, to February 12, 1897. The second semester opens February 15 and closes June 24, 1897.

In general, the year opens on the last Wednesday of September and closes on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday of June. The first semester closes on the Friday nearest the middle of the college year, and the second semester opens on the following Monday.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS!

EX-OFFICIO.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE.

THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

APPOINTED.

Term ending February, 1897.

CHARLES PITTELKOW, Milwaukee. J. O. RAYMOND, Stevens Point.

A. E. THOMPSON, Oshkosh.

Term ending February, 1898.

FRANK OSTRANDER, Superior. E. D. COE, Whitewater.

W. A. BROWN, Marinette.

Term ending February, 1899.

T. JENKINS, Jr., Platteville. FREEMAN H. LORD, River Falls.

J. J. FRUIT, La Crosse.

Officers.
E. D. COE,
PRESIDENT.

A. E. THOMPSON, VICE-PRESIDENT.

S. S. ROCKWOOD, SECRETARY.

THE STATE TREASURER,

TREASURER.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Course of Study and Text Books—Regents Raymond, Fruit and Jenkins.

Executive—Regents Coe, Raymond and Pittelkow.

Finance—Regents Brown, Thompson and Lord.

Graduating Classes—Regents Emery, Scofield, Fruit, Jenkins, Lord and Brown.

Teachers' Institutes—Regents Emery, Coe, Fruit.

Inspection—Regents Thompson, Ostrander, Lord and Coe.

Teachers—Regents Emery, Pittelkow and Ostrander.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2d. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the in-

come of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of regents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested, and the income thereof should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools, under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000.00. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1878, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, Ohio, was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year, and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school has been under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Sourthern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president; he was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School, was elected president. The school building at Stevens Point although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes is already overcrowded and must soon be enlarged. The building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus cost, in

round numbers, \$75,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh Normal School was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. The building is one of the best of its class in the west and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,790.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSIONS TO NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Tuition is free to all students who are admitted to the schools under the following regulations of the board:

1. Each assembly district in the state shall be entitled to eight representatives

in the normal schools.

- 2. Candidates for admission shall be nominated by the superintendent of the county or of the city in which such candidate may reside, and shall be at least sixteen years of age, of sound bodily health, and of good moral character. Each person so nominated shall receive a certificate setting forth his name, age, health and character, and a duplicate thereof shall be mailed to the secretary of the board.
- 3. Upon the presentation of the original certificate to the president of a normal school, the candidate shall be examined and if found qualified in respect to learning, he may be admitted after furnishing such evidence as the president may require, of health and good moral character, and upon subscribing to a declaration as follows:

I hereby delare that my purpose in entering this school is to fit myself for the profession of teaching, and that it is my intention to engage in teaching in the

public schools of the state.

4. No person shall be entitled to a diploma who has not been a member of the school in which such diploma is granted, at least one year, nor who is less than nineteen years of age. A certificate of attendance may be granted by the president of a normal school to any person who shall have been a member of such school for one term, provided that in his judgment, such certificate is deserved.

In extension of the work of the normal schools, the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$8,000.00 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal School Fund, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,892,071.35, and the income at that time was at the rate of \$95,711.03 per year. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and by the annual appropriation of \$10,000 to aid in maintaining the Milwaukee School; and by an annual tax of 1-5 of a mill.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS.

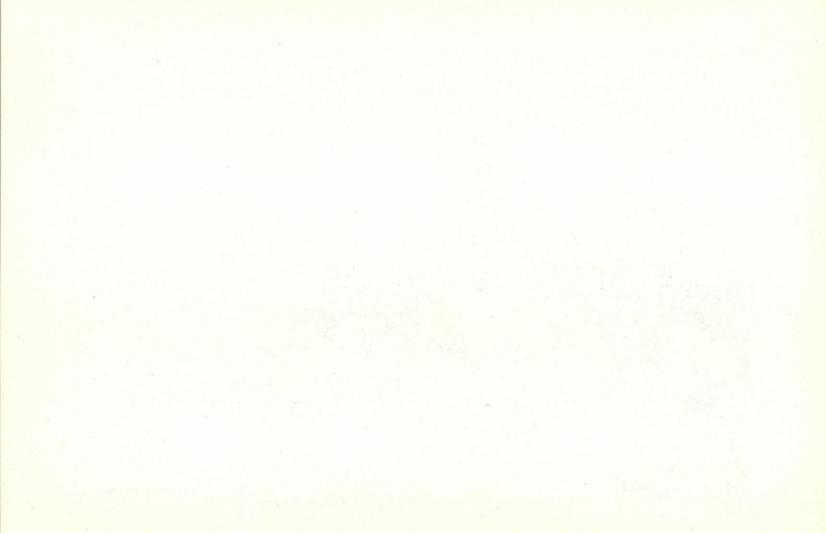
1894-5.	Normal.	Prepara- tory.	Gram- mar.	Inter- mediate.	Primary.	Totals.
Milwaukee. Oshkosh Platteville River Farls Stevens Point. Whitewater Totals.	202 521 347 309 152 247 1,778	92 37 21 49 31 230	90 122 36 62 61 37 408	45 63 38 36 56 56 ,28	28 56 51 40 48 49 272	365 854 509 468 366 392 2,954
1895-6.						
Milwaukee. Oshkosh Plattoville River Falls. Stevens Point. Whitewater Totals.	267 632 437 286 261 287 	* 56 20 22 23	77 111 39 45 56 32 360	53 49 35 40 56 29 ————	88 90 44 54 47 62 	485 882 611 445 442 433 3,298

^{*} Preparatory students attend an allied private academy.

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF PUPILS, FEB. 1, 1897.

	Normal.	Preparatory.	Gram- mar.	Inter- mediate.	Primary.	Totals.
Milwaukee Oshkosh Platteville River Falls Stevens Point Superior Whitewater	267 305	**************************************	71 91 54 38 55 58 26	65 71 38 32 49 58 35	64 63 37 51 45 44 40	546 758 656 403 490 377 426
Totals	2,421	150	393	348	344	3,656

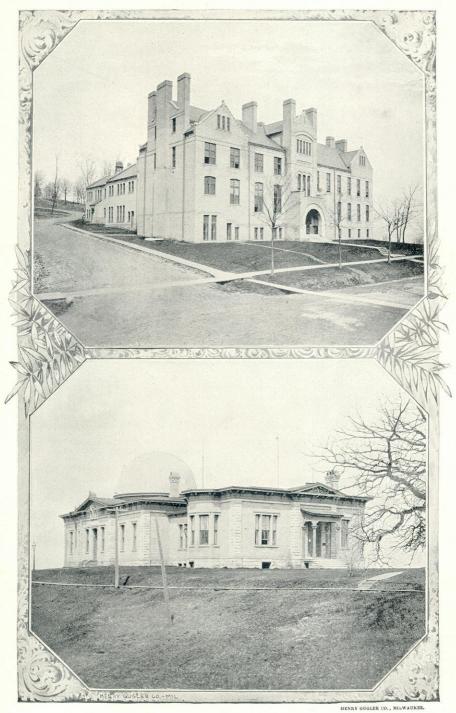
^{*}This school has no preparatory department. Students are prepared in an allied private academy, which has now an enrollment of 81.
†Students of this class are enrolled with Normal.





HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKER,

LIBRARY HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



CHEMICAL LABORATORY AND WASHBURN OBSERVATORY UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



NUMBER OF GRADUATES.

	1894-5.		189	5-6 .	Tot	als.
MilwaukeeOshkosh Plattoville River Falls Stevens Point Whitewater	Elementary course. 23 9 22 7 26 92	Advanced course. 70 33 41 623	Elementary, course. 49 8 22 14 38	80 43 44 7 3 25	Elementary course. 75 17 44 21 64	*150 *150 *6 85 13 3 48

^{*21} from kindergarten course. The school has no elementary course.

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRADUATES FROM ALL SCHOOLS SINCE THEIR ESTABLISHMENT, NOT COUNTING ANY PERSON TWICE.

	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.
Milwaukee, opened 1885. Oshkosh, opened 1871 Platteville, opened 1868 River Falls, opened 1875. Stevens Point, opened 1894 Whitewater, opened 1868. Totals	346 - 105 82 21 394	*388 210 426 207 3 275 1,509

^{*}Kindergarten course, 31.

PLATTEVILLE SCHOOL.

This school was established on the 28th of February, 1866, by authority conferred by chapter 216 of the general laws. The building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and it accommodates the school liberally at present.

Platteville is a city of 3,087 inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, and the community is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but will meet with encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of a branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, connecting with the Illinois Central at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and has connection with points on the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad. Stages run daily to interior towns.

FACULTY.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

REV. JAMES CHALMERS, Ph. D., LL. D., President, English Literature. DUNCAN McGREGOR, A. M., Pedagogy and Institute Conductor, JOHN W. MATTHEWS, M. S., Natural Science. EDMUND BERRIGAN, A. M., B. Pd., Mathematics. JAMES A. WILGUS, Ph. B., A. M., History and Political Science. DIXON J. CHURCHILL, Ph. M., Music. CHARLES J. FENNER, M. S., Geometry and Higher Algebra. EDWIN W. CHUBB, A. M., Litt. D., English and Rhetoric. ELWOOD C. PERISHO, M. S., Physical Science. CHARLES A. RADCLIFFE, Ph. B., American History. MARTIN P. RINDLAUB, Jr., B. L., Latin. EMMA S. WYMAN, B. I., Drawing. ISABELLA PRETLOW, Geography and English Grammar. ALICE E. GIFFORD, A. B., German. ROSE B. MULLAY, Supervision of Practice Teaching. NINA A. PAGE, Physiology and Physical Culture. BEE A. GARDNER, Librarian. ALICE D. BROWN, Assistant Librarian. E. MAUDE RICHARDS, Pianist, Instrumental Music.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

ANNA E. WOODWARD, B. S., Principal and Critic of Grammar Department. EDITH A. PURDY, Principal and Critic of Intermediate Department. CAROL GOFF, Principal and Critic of Primary Department.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

SUPT.	ALBEI	RT HARDY,	ChairmanLa	Crosse.
SHPT.	C. F.	VIEBAHN.		${ m ertown.}$
SUPT.	ANNA	SMITH	Eau	Claire.

WHITEWATE? SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885, and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium. The first class was graduated in 1870. Since that time is has graduated 275 persons from the Advanced Course, and 394 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 669 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these all but 13 have taught for a greater or less period of time.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, Ph. D., President, Psychology and Pedagogics.

ANDREW J. HUTTON, Civil Gov't and Political Economy; Conductor of Institutes, 2d district.

GEO. C. SHUTTS, Ph. B., Mathematics and General History.

ARTHUR A. Ul'HAM, Natural Science and Manual Training. J. N. HUMPHREY, A. M., Latin and Word Analysis.

WALTER S. WATSON, M. S., Biology and German.

WM. J. GALBRAITH, Ph. B., Reading and English Branches.

MISS ANNIE M. COTTRELL, M. S., English Language and Literature.

MISS CORNELIA E. ROGERS, Geography and Botany.

MISS MARGARET HOSFORD, History of U. S. and Algebra.

MISS LUCY A. BAKER, Vocal Music.

MISS LIZZIE HUGHES, Drawing and Penmanship.

MISS KATE C. MAVITY, Methods, and Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

MISS MARY L. McCUTCHAN, I reparatory Dep't and Grammar Grades.

MISS SARAH R. DEVLIN, Assistant, Prep. Dep't and Grammar Grades.

MISS LENA M. WELTZIN, Teacher, Intermediate Grades.

MISS MAUDE BALL, Teacher, Primary Grade.

MISS ISABEL F. WALKER, Physiology and Physical Training.

MISS ELISE HALVORSON, Stenographer and Librarian.

CALENDAR-1896-'97.

First quarter opens Sept. 1, 1896. Second quarter opens Nov. 9, 1896. Third quarter opens Jan. 26, 1897. Fourth quarter opens April 13, 1897. Commencement day, June 23, 1897.

OSHKOSH SCHOOL.

GEORGE S. ALBEE, PRESIDENT.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools, and has given instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged three times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$160.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system are as follows:

- 1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.
 - 2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to Limited State Certificate.
 - 3. The Advanced Course of Four Years-Entitling to Life State Certificate.
 - 4. A Graduate Course of Two Years—Entitling to Diploma and Life Certificate. The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

DEPARTMENTS OF WORK.

The demands of a large school, permit careful attention to highest efficiency in division of labor. This school has the following departments, each in charge of a professor noted for eminence in that field, with associates in such as the greater weight of labor requires:

President-Supervision and History of Education.

Psychology and Pedagogy-Associate work done by 7 heads of departments.

Inspection of Practice-Five associate critics.

Conductor of Institutes-Associate work by other members.

Mathematics-Two associates.

English Language—Two associates.

Chemistry and Biology-One associate.

Physics.

Geology and Geography-One associate.

History and Economics-Two associates.

Literature and Library Readings-One associate.

Elocution-One associate.

Drawing.

Music.

Latin.

German.

Physical Culture.

RIVER FALLS SCHOOL.

This school was established in 1875 at River Falls, a city of 1919 people, lying upon a branch of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway, twelve miles southeast of Hudson. River Falls is situated upon the Kinnickinnick River, at a point where successive falls afford water power suitable for manufacturing purposes. The salubrity of climate, the natural features, the intelligence, thrift and character of the population, contribute to the interest of the school.

The school building is a three-story brick structure, well adapted to the comfort of its inmates. The school is organized with normal, preparatory and training departments.

FACULTY.

WARREN D. PARKER, A. M., President, Psychology.
WARREN J. BRIER, Teachers' Institutes, Literature.
ADDISON L. EWING, M. S., Natural Science.
LEWIS H. CLARK, Mathematics.
J. F. SIMS, Geography, Constitution.
MISS CHARLOTTE J. CALDWELL, B. L., English Language, General History.
MISS ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervision of Practice.
MISS ROSALIA A. HATHERELL, B. S., Science.
MISS M. E. S. SCOTT, A. M., Latin, German.
MISS CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
MRS. FLORENCE M. THATCHER, Vocal Music.
MISS CARRIE J. SMITH, U. S. History, Writing, Practice.
MRS. J. LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Physical Training.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

MISS ELIZABETH FLEMING, Teacher, Grammar Grade.
MISS CORA HAYNES, Teacher, Intermediate Grade.
MISS LAURA PECKHAM, Teacher, Primary Grade.
MISS LILLIAN CURRIER, Librariau, Clerk.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

1896-'97.

TAG A STEPIDAN	EsqMilwaukee.
JAS. A. SHERIDAN,	Lancaster.
SUPT. C. H. NYE	Till-b
MRS. ANNA M. FLA	CKElkhorn.

CALENDAR-1896-'97.

First Term—Begins Tuesday, September 1. Closes Friday, November 6. Second Term—Begins Monday, November 9. Holiday vacation begins Saturday, December 19. Session resumed Monday, January 4. Closes Friday, January 29.

Third Term-Begins Monday, February 1. Closes Friday, April 9. Fourth Term-Begins Monday, April 19. Closes Thursday, June 24.

MILWAUKEE SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee, was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was, in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the first quarter of the year 1896-'97 was, in the same department, 337.

This school offers four courses of study, English, Latin, German and Kindergarten Training course. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and the German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that two years' preparatory work is required in the Latin or German to enter these courses, respectively.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give thorough training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course free high schools, or have equivalent preparation.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with this school.

Students in the Milwaukee school have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools in the city.

The building is well equipped for the work of the school and will accommodate three hundred students comfortably.

FACULTY.

- L. D. HARVEY Ph. D., President, Psychology and Science of Education. W. H. CHEEVER, Institute Conductor, Civies and Political Economy.
- E. C. CASE, Physics and Chemistry.
- J. I. JEGI, Physiology and Assistant in Physics.
- I. N. MITCHELL, Ph. B., Biology.
- C. P. CARY, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

DANIEL FULCOMER, A. M., Pedagogy and Assistant in Psychology.

MAE E. SCHREIBER, Literature and Vocal Music.

FANNY J. HOLCOMBE, English and Assistant in Literature.

BERTHA HOWELL, Ph. B., Latin and German.

GRACE DARLING MADDEN, Ph. M., History.

HARRIET C. ROUNDS, Mathematics.

MARION J. CRAIG, B. S., Expression.

ETTA A. MITCHELL, Drawing.

MRS. E. N. ALLEN, Director of Kindergarten Training Department.

EMMA W. SHRIEVES, Physical Training.

ANNA C. NERMAN, Teacher of Sloyd.

MODEL SCHOOL.

M. ELIZABETH ALLEN, Teacher and Critic in Seventh and Eighth Grades BERTHA W. JONES, Teacher and Critic in Fifth and Sixth Grades. EMILY W. STRONG, Teacher and Critic in Third and Fourth Grades. FLORENCE C. FOX, Teacher and Critic in Primary Department. ALMA BINZEL, Kindergarten Director.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

PRIN. C. E.	PATZER	Manitowoo
HON. H. J.	EVANS	Platteville.
PRIN. H. A	. ADRIAN	Edgerton.

CALENDAR-1896-'97.

First Term Ends	Fridav.	Jan.	29.	1897.
Second Term Begins	Monday	Feb.	1.	1897.
Spring Vacation Begins	Friday,	April	9.	1897.
Session Resumed	Monday.	April	19.	1897
Graduating Exercises	Thursday.	June	24.	1897.
Meeting of Alumni	Friday,	June	25,	1897.

SUPERIOR SCHOOL.

The Seventh Normal School was opened September 8th, 1896, in a new building specially designed for the purpose, and built and equipped at a total cost of over one hundred thousand dollars. It is believed to be inferior to no building in the west of its class.

The school offers the same courses of study as the other schools of the system and has attained already a total enrollment for the year of 424 students in all departments.

FACULTY.

I. C. McNEILL, President.
E. W. WALKER, Institute Conductor.
N. A. HARVEY, Science.
G. L. BOWMAN, Mathematics and Reading.
MISS MARY E. DOYLE, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
C. W. SMITH, Latin and Assistant in Mathematics.
MISS KATHERINE SCHLEGEL, German and Geography.
MISS LUCY S. NORTON, Critic Teacher, Grammar Grade.
MISS GEORGIA BARKER, Critic Teacher, Primary Grade.
MISS GRACE GEARY, General Assistant.
MISS IRMA REEL English.
MISS JANE C. EVANS, Physical Culture.
MRS. CORA A. MERRY, Vocal Music and Drawing.
MISS SOPHIA RUNNIE, Critic Teacher, First Grade.
FRANCIS W. EPLY, General Assistant.

CALENDAR, 1896-'97.

First Term Begins	Tuesday, Sept. 8, 1896.
Session Resumed	Monday Ion 4 1907
Term Ends	Friday, Jan. 29, 1897.
Second Term Begins	Monday Feb 1 1997
Spring Vacation	Friday Amil 0 1005
Session Resumed	
School Icul Bhus	····· June 25, 1897

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

SUPT. B. B. JACKSON	Ashland.
PRIN, H. A. SIMONDS	AshlandStevens Point.
STIDT KATE I CADIN	Stevens Point.
BUILT, RATE L. SABIA	



STEVENS POINT SCHOOL.

The Sixth State Normal School was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin and English—scientific courses of four years each, leading to the Diploma, which may become a life State certificate; an Elementary Course of two years and a Professional Course of one year, leading to the certificate, which may become a five years' State certificate; a One Year Common School Course. High school graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit

the needs of individual teachers.

The building is thoroughly modern in style and adaptation to its use; is well equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the University. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 4,500 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in January, 1897, was 490 students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central part of the state.

FACULTY.

THERON B. PRAY, A. M., President, Pedagogy, History of Education. *C. H. SYLVESTER, Institute Conductor, School Economy, Literature. GARRY E. CULVER, Physical Sciences. JOSEPH V. COLLINS, Ph. D., Mathematics. ALBERT H. SANFORD, A. M., History, Government, Political Economy MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Supervisor of Practice Teaching. EDGAR JAMES SWIFT, A. B., Psychology, German. MISS CAROLINE E. CRAWFORD, Physical Training. VIRGIL EVERETT McCASKILL, Ph. D., Biology. MISS MARY E. TANER, Drawing. MISS SOPHIA LINTON, Vocal Music. MISS LOUISE MONTGOMERY, B. S., Rhetoric, Composition. MRS. IDA A. ELLIOTT, Pd. M., Geography, Assistant in English. MISS FLORA E. STEWART, Latin. ¹F. B. SPAULDING, Literature, English Branches. MISS IRENE WARREN, Librarian, Library Reading. MISS ISABELLE PATTERSON, Clerk and Librarian.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Supervisor.
MISS NANNIE R. GRAY, Principal, Grammar Grade.
MISS FRANK QUINN, Principal, Intermediate Grade.
MISS JENNIE REBECCA FADDIS, Principal, Primary Grade.
* In Europe on leave of absence.
- In absence of Professor Sylvester.

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BOARD OF VISITORS—1896-7.	
PROF. JOHN W. LIVINGSTONSpart	
SUPT. W. H. ELSON	

CALENDAR-1897-8.

Commencement—June 18, 1897. First quarter opens Aug. 31, 1897. Second quarter opens Nov. 8, 1897. Third quarter opens Feb. 1, 1898. Fourth quarter opens April 11, 1898. Commencement—June 23, 1898.

STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS-(In order of appointment.)

Appointed by State Historical Society— *REUBEN G. THWAITES
Appointed by State University Regents—
*CHARLES K. ADAMSMadison.
GEORGE H. NOYES
FRANK CHALLONEROshkosh.
Appointed by the Governor-
*JAMES H. STOUTMenomonie.
*FRANK L. FRASER
*LUCIEN S. HANKSMadison.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

PRESIDENT—James H. Stout. VICE PRESIDENT—LUCIEN S. HANKS. SECRETARY—ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Indicated by *, aboye.

This Board was created by Chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1895. The building is being erected on a plot of land 264 feet square, fronting the State University grounds in Madison, and deeded to the state for this purpose by the Regents of the University. The members of the Board serve without salary, but receive necessary traveling expenses; their terms expire upon the completion of the building.



ADOPTED DESIGN FOR LIBRARY AND MUSEUM BUILDING, STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, MADISON.



STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane	Mendota.
Northern Hospital for the Insane	
School for the Deaf	
School for the Blind	Janesville.
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha.
State Prison	Waupun.
State School for Dependent Children	Sparta.
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded	Chippewa Falls.

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

Four Semi-State Institutions.
Twenty-five County Insane Asylums.
Sixty-eight Jails.
Forty-nine Poor Houses.
Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

MEMBERS.

William P. Lyon	Term	expires	April	15, 	1900.	Madison.
Richard Guenther	Term	expires	April	15,	1899.	
James E. Heg	Term	expires	April	15,	1898.	
Clarence Snyder	Term	expires	April	15,	1897.	
Lemuel Ellsworth	Term	expires	April	15,	1901.	

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

JAMES E. HEGG, PRESIDENT.

RICHARD GUENTHER, VICE PRESIDENT.

> D. S. COMLY, SECRETARY.

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by chapter 202, laws of 1895, consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. The members first appointed under the act, however, are to hold office for the term of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties, and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to expend three thousand dollars per annum as a salary for a secretary of the board and for

29

clerk hire. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the board are audited by the secretary of state.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in his opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, grounds and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, and a steward; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in

WISCONSIN'S INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

September 30, 1896, there were 4,123 insane under public care. Of these 402 were in the State hospital, 520 in the Northern hospital and 355 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,277 in hospitals. There were 2,816 in the twenty-three county asylums for the chronic insane, making 4,093 confined in both asylums and hospitals. There were 2 in jail and 28 in poor houses.

COUNTY ASYLUM FINANCES.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1896, the net current expenses of the twenty-three county insane asylums were \$244,714.40, an average per capita cost per week, of \$1.73.

BILLS FOR THE CARE OF THE INSANE.

The bills for the year ending September 30, 1896, were \$296,020.27, of which the state paid \$217,756.50. Of this amount \$26,037.67 was for the maintenance of state-at-large patients kept in county asylums at the rate of \$3.00 per week. The additional \$78,263.77 is a special tax on counties.

AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

	ER 30.							
COUNTIES.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.		
Brown Chippewa Columbia Dane Dodge Dunn Fond du Lac Grant Green Iowa Jefferson La Crosse Manttowoc Marathon Milwaukee Outagamie Racine Racine Sauk Sheboygan Vernon Walworth Winnebago	9,847 66 11,262 27 8,769 00 12,520 12 10,743 38 12,607 32 9,501 11 9,143 59 11,369 95 9,982 32 5,825 64 4,898 84	\$10,064 51 8,892 58 7,903 49 10,785 44 6,823 93 10,436 34 11,799 98 11,528 85 12,205 12 10,709 34 9,371 77 12,500 70 10,833 70 10,833 49 9,430 49 9,443 59 9,443 59 9,445 787 14,335 49 9,443 59 9,579 52	\$10, 372 40 11, 936 03 8, 285 75 11, 502 62 14, 445 74 11, 549 54 11, 434 74 12, 636 25 14, 384 05 12, 835 15 12, 647 45 12, 438 55 9, 564 20 13, 115 76 12, 406 03 6, 770 35 4, 953 80 8, 654 57 15, 080 85 9, 255 457 15, 080 85 9, 255 457 15, 080 85 9, 255 457 15, 080 85 9, 255 457 15, 080 85 9, 255 457	\$10, 363 01 12, 137 46 8, 586 45 12, 568 34 17, 542 73 12, 655 82 13, 107 58 12, 665 52 13, 107 58 12, 665 52 13, 045 97 13, 378 64 14, 004 85 13, 561 72 7, 358 07 9, 606 21 13, 472 83 13, 201 98 8, 357 30 5 176 11 9, 891 05 15, 742 86 9, 491 17, 835 20	\$9,778 54 11,650 48 10,461 37 12,176 00 15,288 70 12,615 53 11,966 10 12,231 20 13,638 13 12,934 35 13,715 73 13,148 66 18,899 62 9,446 36 13,573 35 12,565 80 12,050 10 7,078 61 9,436 86 14,761 89 8,539 31 14,751 93	\$9, 182 8 9, 366 3 11, 009 8 12, 261 1 12, 170 1 14, 782 4 12, 757 3 11, 633 1 12, 297 8 13, 157 0 12, 525 3 14, 074 1 15, 214 2 23, 584 2 9, 566 9 14, 402 6 11, 808 9 15, 142 1 9, 706 9 8, 407 9 15, 423 8 7, 970 6 19, 104 7		
Totals	\$183,739 91	\$204,624 00	\$228,764 97	\$255,751 56	\$270,758 62	\$296,020 2		

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

For the last twelve years.

	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ī	T	_
Institutions.	1885.	1886.	18:7	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.
State Hospital Northern Hos-	\$3 5 3	\$3 46	33 55 ·	\$3 74	\$3 78	\$3 83	\$4 22	\$3 59	\$3 71	\$1 02	\$5 03	\$5 01
pital Milwaukee	3 73	3 22	3 32	3 80	3 44	3 70	3 93	3 61	3 70	3 73	4 56	4 07
Hospital	3 94	4 16	3 79	3 88	3 21	3 58	3 65	3 51	3 95	3 16	3 63	3 79
COUNTY ASY- LUMS.												
Brown	1 61	1 88	1 65	1 70	1 89	1 85	2 00	1 75	1 80	1 95	1 85	2 05
Chippewa	1 67 1 90	1 27 1 68	1 39 1 61	1 48 1 34	1 52 1 57	1 65 1 75	1 53 1 70	1 55 1 60	1 65 1 58	1 84 1 40	1 32 1 18	2 67 1 28 1 38
Dane	2 11	1 93	1 80	1 82	1 86	1 78	1 75	1 98	1 99	2 00	1 85	1 74
Dunn Fond du Lac		2 00	1 85	1 78	1 60	1 81	1 98	1 86 2 25	1 55 2 14	1 55 1 90	1 53 1 96	1 32 1 67
GrantGreen	1 87 1 73	1 81 1 41	1 89 1 47	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 56 \\ 1 & 65 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 47 \\ 1 & 72 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{79}{74}$	1 74 1 90	1 99 1 52	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{67}{65}$	1 89 1 58	1 72 1 73	1 60 1 68
Jefferson	1 40	1 50	1 57 1 52	1 30 1 60'	1 70 1 68	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 24 \\ 1 & 62 \end{array}$	1 44 1 88	1 58 1 87	1 53 1 86	1 23 1 54	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 65 \\ 1 & 79 \end{bmatrix}$	1 44 1 66
La Crosse Manitowoc	1 73	1 93	1 87	2 30 1 80	1 80 1 72	1 32 1 51	1 35 1 60	1 37 1 61	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{49}{52}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{27}{72}$	1 39 1 67	1 36 1 61
Marathon Milwaukee		-			3 23	2 54	2 51	2 74	2 71	4 26 2 51	1 77 2 48	$\frac{1}{3} \frac{49}{41}$
Outagamie Racine			••••			3 28 3 73	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{10}{01}$	1 85 1 89	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 72 \\ 2 & 21 \end{array}$	1 71 1 04	1 47 1 95	1 62 2 05
Rock	1 73	2 14	1 83 1 49	1 64 1 17	1 47 1 39	1 37 1 09	1 21 1 09	1 35	1 14 1 15	1 53 1 18	1 58 1 31	1 31 1 31
Sauk Sheboygan	2 10	2 10	2 37	2 63	2 29	1 98	2 31	2 26	2 19	1 83	1 90	2 19
Walworth Winnebago	1 52 1 28	80 1 33	1 09 1 32	1 22 1 25	2 64 1 28 1 25	1 68 1 33 1 18	1 66 1 38 1 16	1 55 1 22 1 56	1 62 1 45 1 53	1 49 1 38 1 68	1 63 1 12 1 93	1 76 1 17 2 08
Av. for Co.												
Asylums.	\$1 89	\$1 70	\$1 65	\$1 64	\$1 69	\$1 75	\$1 78	\$1 70	\$1 74	\$1 74	\$1 68	\$1 73

The following tables show the average population, the total and per capita cost for current expenses, and the movements of population at the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1894.

AVERAGE POPULATION AND COST. 7

Institutions.	Tot	al	Cost.	Ave: Popul	Yearly cost per capita.				Weekly cost per capita.				
	1895.		1896.		1885.	1896.	1895.		1396.		1895.		1896.
State Hospital for the Insane	\$117,608 1	4	\$103,475	01	450	397	\$261	35	\$260	64	\$5	03	\$5 01
Northern Hospital for the Insane	140,331 5	3	117,891	87	592	556	237	05	212	04	4	56	4 07
School for the Deaf	42,005 4	9	39, 799	54	199	180	211	0 8	221	11	4	05	4 25
School for the Blind	29,538 8	6	37, 215	76	101	101	292	47	368	47	5	62	7 09
Industrial School for Boys	69,494 1	6	63,270	74	369	343	188	33	184	46	3	62	3 55
State Prison	103,176 9	8	85,030	47	625	606	165	08	140	31	3	17	2 69
State Public School	43,016 8	3	46,097	41	270	237	159	32	194	50	3	06	3 74
Totals	\$545,171 9	9	\$492,780	80	2,606	2,420	\$209	20	\$203	63	\$4	02	\$3 92

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM B. LYMAN, M. D. SUPERINTENDENT.

GEO. A. POST, M. D., AND VIOLA M. FRENCH, M. D., ASSISTANTS.

E. B. DUNCAN, PHARMACIST.

CHARLES A. CARTER, STEWARD.

E. W. HOWLAND, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD, MATRON.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 669 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees was organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigened January 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill,

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was approinted superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23. Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervisors, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. E. P. Taylor was elected to be the successor of Dr. Head, and entered upon the duties of the office August 1, 1891. Dr. Taylor resigned July 1, 1893, and Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston, was chosen to succeed him. Dr. Edwards resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. William B. Lyman.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,746,852.11.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital	a1
July 14, 1860	7 977
Discharged recovered	9 071
Discharged improved	1 095
Discharged unimproved	1 003
Discharged not insane	17
Died	000
Under treatment September 30, 1896	409
	7 977
	1,377

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 397 as against 450 the previous year, and the current expenses \$103,475.01, as against \$117,608.14.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDON, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT.

F. I. DRAK, M. D., A. SHERMAN, M. D., AND LOUIS FUEDNER, M. D.,
ASSISTANTS.

J. H. PIERSON, PHARMACIST.

> E. E. FINNEY, STEWARD.

FRANK I. PISHION, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER, MATRON.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the Insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed ac-

cording to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 natients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr.

Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa, was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in

all the sum of \$3,298,746.57.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873		7,009
April 21, 1873	1 456	•
Discharged recovered	1 770	
Discharged improved	1,100	
Discharged unimproved	1,786	
Discharged not insane	26	
Discharged not insane	1 1/7	
Died	1,111	-
Under treatment September 30, 1896	520	
Sent home on leave of absence	321	
Sent nome on leave of absence		7,009
· 1		

The average number of patients in the hospital in the past year has been 556, as against 592 the previous year, and the current expenses \$117,891.87, as against \$140,331.53.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER, M. A., SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

HARRY G. HAMBRIGHT, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

SARAH D. GIBSON,

MISS TILLIE CANNAN,
ASSISTANT MATRON.

J. E. WACHUTA, BOYS' SUPERVISOR.

MISS ALLIE I. HOBART, MISS IVA C. PEARCE, B. S., MISS ELSIE M. STEINKE, MISS AGNES STEINKE, MISS MARGARET J. STEVENSON, MISS AGNES STEMKE, SETH W. GREGORY, A. B., MISS FLORENCE PARRY, MISS LAURA SPARKS.

TEACHERS OF ARTICULATION.

MISS LILLIE M. SORRENSON, TEACHER OF PAINTING, DRAWING AND PENMANSHIP.

E. J. BENDING, INSTRUCTOR OF MANUAL TRAINING.

W. A. COCHRANE, W. F. GRAY, WARREN ROBINSON, J. S. LONG, J. J. MURPHY, THOS. HAGGERTY,
TEACHERS MANUAL DEPARTMENT.

MISS FLORENCE E. LONG, THOS. HAGGERTY, CALISTHENICS AND GYMNASTICS.

> A. F. STRUCKMEYER, TEACHER OF NEEDLEWORK.

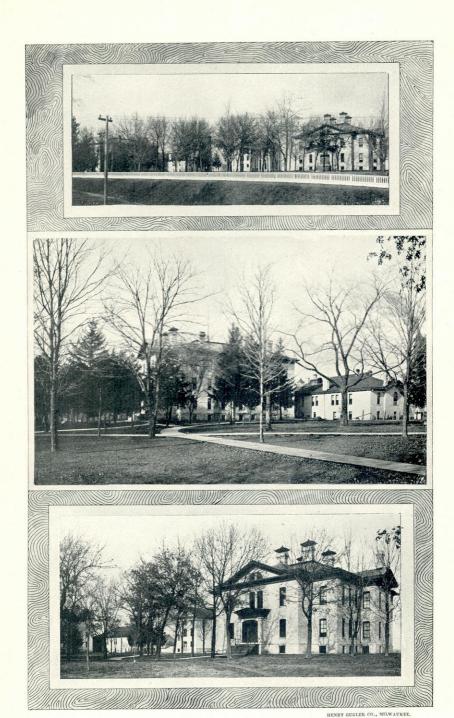
JULIUS HOLLIDAY, INSTRUCTOR IN BAKING.

JOHN BEAMSLEY, FOREMAN SHOE SHOP.

A. C. BLOODGOOD, FOREMAN CABINET SHOP.

FRED. C. LARSEN, FOREMAN PRINTING OFFICE.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880



SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, DELAVAN.



four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoe-making.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lipreading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers form the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to October 1, 1894, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,429,653.43.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,050, of whom 202 were in attendance September 30, 1896.

The average number of pupils the past year was 180, as against 198 the previous year, and the current expenses \$39,799.54, as against \$42,005.49.

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

HOWARD F. BLISS, SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS,
MATRON.

MISS JENNIE L. KENDALL, CLERK.

MISS ELIZABETH M. ABBOTT, MISS S. AUGUSTA WATSON, MISS LOVILA M. MOSHER,

M. ABBOTT, MISS ELIZABETH HOUGHTON,
WATSON, MISS FRANCES H. BENSON,
MOSHER, MISS MARY TUTTLE (Kindergarten),
TEACHERS IN LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

MRS. J. H. JONES, MISS JEANETTE M. BECKWITH, MISS LAURA D. ENGLESON, TEACHERS IN MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

MISS C. ADELE WILLIAMS, TEACHER IN COOKING DEPARTMENT.

MRS. ELLEN HANSEN, MISS ELEANOR PARKS, J. O. PRESTON TEACHERS IN INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

M. H. GAEBLER, TRACHER OF PIANO TUNING.

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854 and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for oc-

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

cupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is, "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1894, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,103,144.97.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 575, of whom 103 were in attendance September 30, 1896.

The average number of pupils the past year was 101, as against 99 the previous year; and the current expenses \$37,215.76, as against \$29,538.86.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

J. G. HART, SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

W. B. STRONG, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MRS. J. A. HASSELL, MATRON.

PROF. F. G. KRAEGE, PRINCIPAL TEACHER.

MISS ISABEL JOHNSON, MISS HELEN GRACE, MRS. EDNA BURDICK, A. L. THOMPSON, A. E. WEBB,

PAUL GONGER, J. J. GLEASON, C. A. VANDERPOOL, MRS. LUCY E. STRONG,

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

J. B. STEINERT, INSTRUCTOR IN MANUAL TRAINING.

JAMES J. McNALLY, Foreman Boot and Shoe Factory.

D. G. WOODWARD, Foreman Tailor Shop.

JOS. HAM, Foreman Bakery. D. M. CARR, Foreman Carpenter Shop.

W. H. McILROY, Foreman Knitting Shop. W. J. JOHNSON, Foreman Paint Shop.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwauko and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public, and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar.

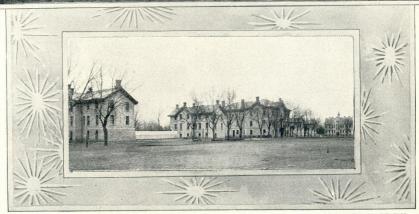
On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

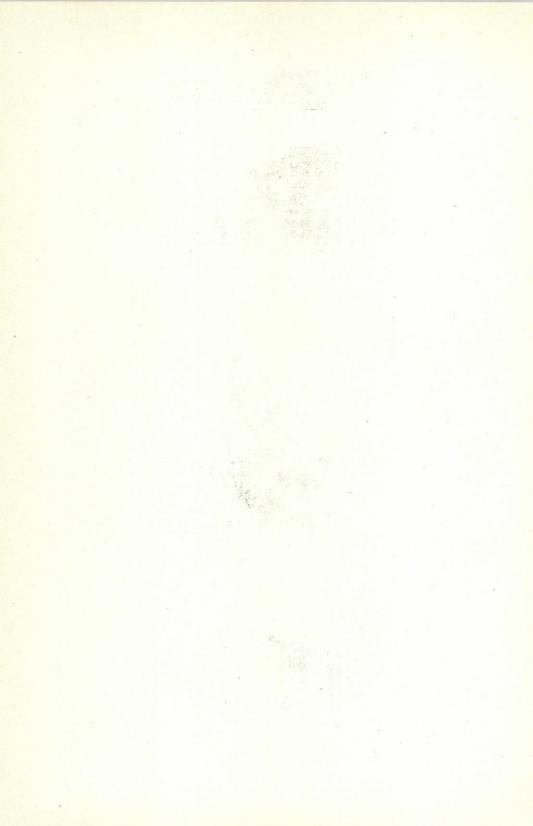
On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engine room, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store.









store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for roots.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$1,753,701.83.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 4,102, of whom 345 were present September 30, 1896.

The average number of boys the past year was 343, as against 369 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$63,270.74, as against \$69,494.16.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

JOHN J. ROBERTS, WARDEN AND STEWARD.

J. B. VOSBURGH, DEPUTY WARDEN.

> JACOB FUSS, CLERK.

G. F. MESSER, M. D., PRISON PHYSICIAN.

REV. W. G. BANCROFT, CHAPLAIN.

REV. J. C. HARTMAN, CHAPLAIN, CATHOLIC.

MISS PHOEBE C. GRIDER,
MATRON.

The State Prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for biennial period ending September 30, 1896, were \$103,718.37.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres, about a mile distant, was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, containing 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to October 1, 1894, was \$1,578,261.67. The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 6,892. The number in confinement September 30, 1896, was 582—563 males and 19 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 606 as against 625 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$85,030.47, as against \$103,176.98.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

OFFICERS.

S. S. LANDT, SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

PETER WILLIAMS, H. R. RAWSON, STATE AGENTS.

ARTHUR DE GROFF, CLERK.

MRS. JENNIE I. BREWER, MATRON.

MISS KATHERINE MACMILLAN,
MISS LUCY SULLIVAN,
MISS MAUDE GALE,
MISS MAUDE E. UTTER,
MISS MINNIE VAN ANTWERP,
MISS JULIA C. TORKELSON,
MISS NELLIE ROBINSON,

MRS. AGNES H. HEATH,
MISS LUCY SULLIVAN,
MISS MATILDA JOHNSON,
MISS EDNA JONES,
MRS. ANNIE B. WILLIAMS,
MRS. AMELIA C. LEIGHTON,

TEACHERS.

M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

Chapter 377, laws of 1885, made it the duty of the board of supervision, by and with the consent of the governor to select a suitable site and erect thereon buildings for a state school or temporary home for dependent and neglected children—such institution to be known as the "State Public School." Soon after the enactment of this law, the Board advertised for proposals for furnishing a site for this institution, and received responses from Stevens Point, Waupaca, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Ripon, New Lisbon, Sparta and La Crosse. Subsequently the Board visited all these places, inspected the sites proposed and canvassed the advantages of each locality, and, finally, with the approval of the Governor, selected Sparta as the locality for the school, accepting an offer of a tract of land embracing 164.8 acres as the site. This land lies in one regular body on the northeast of the city, being partly within its limits, having the La Crosse river for its eastern boundary, and one of the city streets as its western line. The location is in all respects a healthful one, possesses many attractions in itself, and commands a view of one of the finest landscapes in the state.

During the year 1886, three cottages were erected and equipped in accordance with the provisions of the law, two of them of solid brick, two stories and an attic in height, with stone basement and capable of accommodating one hundred pupils. The third cottage, a frame structure, veneered with brick, two stories and an attic above a stone basement, was devoted at first to the uses of the superintendent and his family, but subsequently to the accommodation of the young children, of whom it affords room for thirty.

The institution was opened for the reception of pupils on the 13th of November, 1886, with Robert T. Roberts as superintendent. It soon became apparent, from the rapidity with which commitments were made, that more room must be provided before the full benefits of the institution could be realized. Accordingly the legislature of 1887 made provisions for the erection of a central building.

two cottages and such other structures as it should deem necessary. The board of supervision, during that year, had erected the buildings named, and in addition thereto a boiler and engine house and laundry and a barn. The central building is of brick, three stories in height upon a stone basement, and furnishes room for the superintendent and his family and employes, a general kitchen and large dining room, an assembly room and offices. The cottages are of brick, two stories and an attic in height, with a stone basement, and furnish accommodations for sixty pupils each. A school-house two stories in height, containing three class rooms and necessary halls on each floor, and furnishing accommodations for about 250 pupils, was erected in 1889, as were also a cold storage building, ice house and additional farm buildings; and a dwelling house on adjoining land purchased was reconstructed into a comfortable hospital.

In August, 1891, the Board of Control elected F. L. Sanborn, of Ashland, to be

the superintendent in place of Mr. Roberts, whose term had expired.

July 7, 1892, fire, believed to be the work of an incendiary ward, destroyed the roof and upper story of the main building. The building was promptly reconstructed at a cost of \$4,814.96.

The primary object of the institution is to furnish a temporary home for dependent and neglected children until suitable homes can be found for them in good families. While they remain in the institution they are instructed in the elementary branches of an English education.

From the establishment of the institution up to September 30, 1896, there had been expended for site, permanent improvements, equipments and current expenses, \$497,134.34.

The whole number of children admitted up to September 30, 1896, was 1,604; the average number in the school for the fiscal year, ending September 30, 1895, was 270, and for the fiscal year ending with September last, the average number was 237. At the last named date 1,326 children had been placed in homes.





WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

HONORARY PRESIDENT, MRS. M. E. B. LYNDE.

PRESIDENT. MRS. G. C. SWALLOW.

VICE PRESIDENTS,

MRS. C. J. RUSSELL,

MRS. EMANUEL FRIEND,

MISS CHRISTINE DOIG.

SECRETARY, MRS. J. L. KAINE.

TREASURER, MISS MARY E. HOLLIDAY.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT, MISS SARAH E. PIERCE.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, MRS. MARY A. MASON.

FAMILY MATRONS,

MISS AMELIA KNEELAND, MISS JESSIE KING, MISS AMELIA COXE,

MISS EMMA O. SKINNER,

MISS MARY L. ATWOOD, MISS EMMA LACY, MISS LOTTIE PHELPS.

PRINCIPAL TEACHERS,

MISS MARY E. SHEFFIELD, MISS SARAH A. QUAIFE.

KINDERGARTEN, MISS NETTIE PIERCE.

> STEWARD. J. R. LOVE.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 160 inmates.

Its proper subjects are:

- 1. Viciously inclined girls under 18, and boys under 10 years of age.
- 2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
- 3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
- 4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
- 5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by

fine or imprisonment in adult offenders. Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforenamed children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed, the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891 and 1893, sums amounting to \$83,000 for buildings, improvements, stock and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, afford in all the requisites for distinct family life, three separate dwellings, designated as the Main Home, the Children's Home and the Cottage, and include a kindergarten room, two infirmaries, a laundry and three large school-rooms. The Children's Home takes boys and girls under eleven years of age; the Main Home the girls from eleven upwards, dividing them into four distinct classes, according to age and morals, with fair facilities for suitable separation and instruction; and the cottage is an additional and entirely separate building for proper restraint and influence over the older and more deprayed.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

THE HOME FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

SUPERINTENDENT,

ALFRED W. WILMARTH.

STEWARD,

C. K. ERWIN.

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to and no one questions the duty of a prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years, the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now nearly ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining

lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water-works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:-

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2nd grade; a dormitory for girls of 2nd grade; a dormitory for boys of 3rd grade; a dormitory for girls of 3rd grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and assembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 has been used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory	\$57,987
Contract for power house and laundry	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment	15,794
Contract for sewerage system	2,857
Contract for electric light plant	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery	1,720
Contract for water works system	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of con-	
struction, lumber, implements and tools	4,037
in the second se	

The capacity of the present buildings will be about 250 and at a cost not to exceed \$400.00 per bed, and in this is included the cost of the power plant, laundry, sewerage, lighting and heating systems.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick and the buildings are of

slow-burning construction throughout and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary. The estimated cost of maintaining inmates for the next two years is as follows:

For 1898 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week	45,500
Total	\$91,000
Less \$1.50 per week paid for 250 inmates by counties at the end of year 1897	19,500

For 1897 for 250 inmates at \$3.50 per week.....

Total for 1897 and 1898

It should be understood that many of those who will become inmates of this Home are now in poorhouses, etc., and maintained at public charge. To provide for them all under one roof will be no more expensive in the end and will be vastly more humane.

THE WISCONSIN VETERAN'S HOME.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

J. H. MARSTEN, PRESIDENT.

A. O. WRIGHT, VICE PRESIDENT.

J. H. WOODNORTH, SECRETARY.

R. N. ROBERTS, TREASURER.

O. F. CHASE, A. J. SMITH, D. LLOYD JONES, (Dept. Com. G. A. R., ex-officio,)

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

Executive Board.

A. J. SMITH, O. F. CHASE, R. N. ROBERTS.

COMMANDANT.
C. CALDWELL.

MATRON,
MRS. IDA J. CALDWELL.

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, November 16, 1887, to care for honorably discharged indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the War of the Rebellion, who cannot be received into any national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made at the national homes, and who hitherto have been separated, the wife to go to the poor house, while the husband goes to the National Home.

The home is built upon what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, man and wife. The cooking is done in a large centrally located building and meals served in a commodious dining hall in connection with the kitchen, thus relieving these old people from care of any kind. The home now consists of forty-two cottages, an administration building, dining hall and kitchen, and widows' hall, Jerry Rusk Hall for sixty people, amusement hall, hospital, assembly hall (for single men only) old people's building, old men's building, chapel, laundry, ice houses, farm house, barns, etc.

Since 1889 many improvements have been made and the accommodations enlarged. The property is now owned by the state, but is controlled by a board of trustees elected by the department of the G. A. R.

It is supported by an appropriation of \$300 per week made by the state for the maintenance of these people.

The capacity of the home is 400, having at this date on the rolls 385 present. The total valuation of the property is \$200,000. It is situated on the shores of Hicks Lake, one of the chain of lakes near Waupaca, and is unsurpassed for healthfulness and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings.

The Grand Army of the Republic and W. R. C. of the state have expended in buildings, grounds and furnishings \$50,000, and are justly proud of the institution. The state receives from the government the sum of \$100 per annum for each male inmate, and up to the present time has received from this source nearly \$75,000. The liberal appropriations made by the state has made it competent for the trustees to make this one of the best institutions of its character in the United States.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.

Central—National Military Home, Montgomery County, Ohio.
Northwestern—National Home, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
Eastern—National Home, Togus, Maine.
Southern—National Soldiers' Home, Elizabeth City County, Virginia.
Western—National Military Home, Leavenworth County, Kansas.
Pacific—Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles County, California.
Marion—National Military Home, Grant County, Indiana.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE SECRETARY OF WAR-Ex-Officiis, Washington, D. C.

GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, President, Hartford, Connecticut. Term expires 1902.

GENERAL WILLIAM J. SEWELL, 1st Vice President, Camden, New Jersey.
Term expires 1898.

COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, 2d Vice President, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
Term expires 1898.

GENERAL MARTIN T. McMAHON, Secretary, Times Building, New York City.
Term expires 1898.

GENERAL ALFRED L. PEARSON, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Term expires 1900. COLONEL GEORGE W. STEELE, Marion, Indiana. Term expires 1902. GENERAL A. W. BARRETT, Los Angeles, California. Term expires 1888.

GENERAL CHARLES M. ANDERSON, Greenville, Ohio. Term expires 1900. COLONEL SIDNEY G. COOKE, Herington, Kansas. Term expires 1900.

GENERAL THOMAS J. HENDERSON, Princeton, Illinois. Term expires 1902.
GENERAL GEORGE L. BEAL, Norway, Maine. Term expires 1902.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, MILWAUKEE CO., WISCONSIN.

GOVERNOR. COLONEL CORNELIUS WHEELER.

MAJOR J. E. ARMITAGE, Treasurer.
MAJOR W. W. ROWLEY, Quartermaster and C. S.
MAJOR MOSES HARRIS, Adjutant and Inspector.
DR. ALMON CLARKE, Surgeon.
DR. A. I. COMFORT, Assistant Surgeon.
REV. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D., Protestant Chaplain.
REV. A. HADEN, S. J., Catholic Chaplain.
MRS. ANNIE KNOX, Matron.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1896 Number present and absent date of last annual report, June 30, 1896	2,313 2,695
Number of members present, Nov. 30, 1896	2,437
Number of members present and absent Nov. 30, 1896	2,787

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by an electric railway line. The main building, which

affords quarters for 800 disabled veterans, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats the national banner. Four other substantially built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers receive kind care and attention, bestowed by the attending surgeons and a corps of skilled female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors, hired for the purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card, and reading rooms and a library of about 7,000 volumes provide recreation and amusement for the disabled vet-The Home grounds contain 400 acres, of which about one-half is cul-The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and tivated. drives, beautifully undulating, with several charming little lakes upon which pleasure boats are kept.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

FIRST.—An honorable discharge from the United States service for service in the war of the Rebellion or the Mexican war.

SECOND.—Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor.

THIRD.—Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact, that by the law establishing the Home, the members are made subject to the rules and articles of war, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the army of the United States.

FOURTH.—A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his discharge paper, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, and if he has been a member of a State Home, his discharge from that Home, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers be sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the state, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his pension certificate to the Home, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasurer of the Home to draw the said moneys, and to hold and dispose of them, subject to the laws of congress, and the rules, regulations, and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

Mem.—Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars the month are not eligible to the Home unless the reasons are peculiar, and are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him.

Those who have been members of State Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months before they can be admitted to a Branch of the National Home except by a vote of the Board of Managers, and soldiers and sailors who have been dishonorably discharged from State Homes can only be admitted by a vote of the Board of Managers.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Colonel Cornelius Wheeler, National Home P. O., the Governor, of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

PART VI.

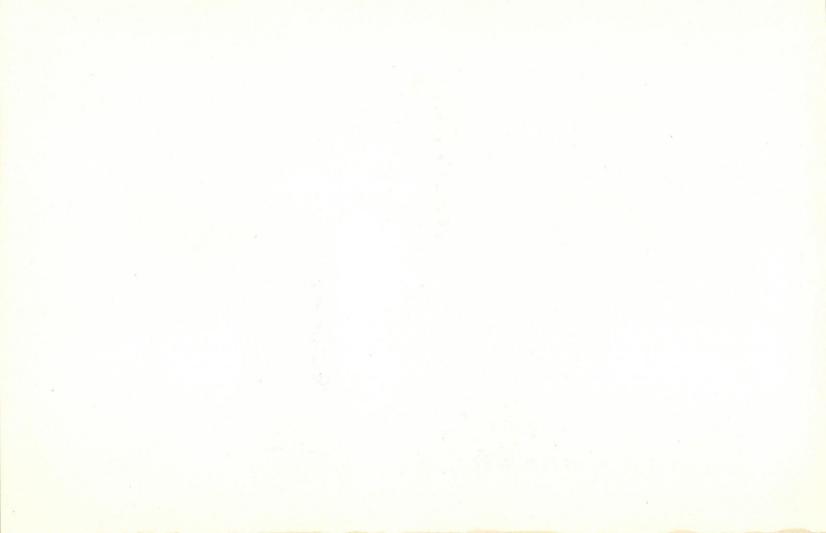
THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.







WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice-Melville W. Fuller, Illinois, 1888.

Justices—S. J. Field California 1863 Henry B. Brown John M. Harlan Kentucky 1877 George Shiras, Jr Horace Gray Massachusetts.1881 Edward D. White. David J. Brewer Kansas 1889 Rufus W. Peckham Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C 1880.	Louisiana1894 New York189
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Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000. Marshal-J. M. Wright, Kentucky .. \$3,500 | Reporter, J. C. B. Davis, New York ... \$4,500

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Horaco Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Thomas L. Nelson, Nathan Webb, George Mr. Carbersin. Boston, Mass. Sebond Circuit Judges, William J. Wallaco, E. H. Lacombe. Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Morton. W. K. Townsend, A. C. Coxe, C. L. Benedict, Addison Brown. Clerk—J. A. Shields. New York city.

Third Circuit Judges—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas; District Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas; District Judges, M. W. H. Seaman, William Butler, E. T. Green, Joseph Buffington, L. E. Wales. Clerk—W. V. Williamson. Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice Judges, R. J. S. Woolson, F. J. S. Woolson, J. S. W. H. Samman, Morton. Chicag Stephen, J. Field Ross, Williams, M. J.A. Riner, A. D. K. W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, R. W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, R. W. H. Samsh, J. A. Riner, A. D. S. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. S. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. S. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. J. S. Woolson, J. J. S. Woolson, J. J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S. Woolson, J. J. W. H. Samsh, J. S

Niles, Charles Parlange, Aleck Boarman, J. B. Rector, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. Clerk—James M. McKee. New Orleans,

Henry B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lurton; District Judges, G. R. Sago, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Severens, J. W. Barr, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark, Clerk—W. S. Harsha. Cincin-

CIARK. CIERK-W. S. HATSHA. CIRGINnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice
J. M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. A.
Woods, J. G. Jenkins; District Judges, P.
S. Grosscup, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen,
W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. Clerk—O. T.
Morton. Chicago, III.
EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice
D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; District Judges, R. R. Nelson, O. P. Shiras,
J. S. Woolson, H. S. Priest, J. F. Phillips,
J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, C. G. Foster,
J. A. Riner, A. D. Thomas, A. J. Edgerton.
Clerk—J. D. Jorden. St. Louis, Mo.
NINTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice
Stephen J. Field; Circuit Judges, E. M.
Ross, William B. Gilbert: District Judges,
James H. Beatty, W. W. Morrow, C. P. Bellinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellbron, Hiram
Knowles. Clerk—F. D. Monckton, San
Francisco, Cal.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. Circuit Judges—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1884; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. Circuit Judges—Wm. J. Wallace, Syracuse, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 26, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

thaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.
THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburg, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. Circuit Judges — Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892.
FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, So. Carolina. Circuit Judges—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.
FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. Circuit Judges—Don. A. Pardee, New Orleans,

Judges, \$6,000 each.)

| La., May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dal las, Tex., March 17, 1892.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CRICUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. Circuit Judges—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O.; H. H. Lurton, Clarks ville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CRICUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. Circuit Judges—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; John W. Showalter, Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota. Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkausas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, and territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma. Circuit Judges—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul. Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Field, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho. Oregon, Nevada, and territories of Alaska and Arizona. Circuit Judges—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., 1896; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; Jos. McKenna, Suisun, Cal.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice-C. C. Nott, New York.

Chief Clerk-Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

	Servici	ı .		
Name.	Term.	Years.	Born.	Died.
John Jay, New York	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Jay, New YorkJohn Rutledge, South Carolina	1789-1791 1789-1810	$\frac{2}{21}$	1739 1733	1800 1810
William Cushing, MassachusettsJames Wilson, Pennsylvania	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia Robert H. Harrison, Maryland	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland	1789-1790 1790-1799	1 9	1745 1751	1790 1799
James Iredell, North Carolina Thomas Johnson, Maryland	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
John Rutledge, South Carolina	1795-1795		1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland	1796-1811 1796-1800	15 4	1741 1745	1811 1807
William Faterson, rew delegy John Rutledge, South Carolina Samuel Chase, Maryland Oliver Elisworth, Connecticut Bushrod Washington, Virginia Alfred Moore, North Carolina	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
John Marshall, Virginia William Johnson, South Carolina.	1801–1835 1804–1834	34 30	1755 1771	1835 1834
Brock Livingston, New York	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky	1807-1826	19	1765	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky Joseph Story, Massachusetts	1811-1845	34	1779	1845 184 4
Gabriel Duval, Maryland Smith Thompson, New York	1811-1836 1823-1843	25 20	1752 1767	1843
Robert Trimble Kentucky	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Honry Raldwin Ponnsylvania	1830-1844 1835-1867	14 32	1779 1790	1844 1867
James M. Wayne, Georgia Roger B. Taney, Maryland Philip P. Barbour, Virginia	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia	1836-1841	5 28	1783	1841
	1837-1865 1837-1852	28 15	1786 1780	1865 1852
John McKinley, Alabama	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire	1845-1851 1846-1870	6 23	1789 1794	1851 1870
Reniamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Cittord Maine	1858-1881 1861-1881	23 20	1803 1804	1881 1884
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio Samuel F. Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Stephen J. Field, California	1863	9	1816	1070
Salmon P. Chase, Ohio William Strong, Pennsylvania	18641873 1870-1880	10	1808 1808	1873 1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
Morrison R. Waite, Ohio	1874-1888 1877	14	1816 1833	1888
William B. Woods, Georgia	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts	1881	···ii	1828 1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi	1882-1893 1888-1893	5	1825	1893
Samuel Diachtori, New 17th Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi Melville W. Fuller, Illinois David I Progress Canada	1888		1833	
David J. Diewer, Kansas	1889 1890	• • • • • •	1837 1836	
Henry B. Brown, Michigan	1892		1832	
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania. Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee Edward D. White, Louisiana.	1892 1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana	1893	•••••	1849	
Rufus W. Peckham, New York	1895		1837	J

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

Districts.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
Alabama—Northern and Middle Dist	John Bruce H. T. Toulmin	Montgomery	Feb. 27,1875
Southern District	A. K. Delaney	Mobile Sitka	Jan. 13,1887 1896
AlaskaArkansas—Eastern District	John A. Williams. John H. Rogers	Little Rock	Sept. 22, 1890
Western District	John H. Rogers	Fort Smith	_ ,
Arizona	A. K. Delaney Wm. W. Morrow. Olin Welbron	Phœnix San Francisco.	Sept. 18,1891
Southern District	Olin Welbron	Los Angeles	1 1898
Colorado	Moses Hallet W. K. Townsend	Denver	Jan. 12.1877
Connecticut	Leonard E. Wales.	New Haven Wilmington	Mar. 28,1892 Mar. 20,1884
DelawareDistrict of Columbia	T F Dingham	Washington	April 22, 1887
Florida—Northern District	Charles Swayne. James W. Locke. Wm. T. Newman. Emory Speer. James H. Beatty.	I Jacksonville	April 1.1890
Southern DistrictGeorgia—Northern District	Wm T Nawman	Key West	Feb. 1,1872 Aug. 13,1886
Southern District	Emory Speer	Atlanta Savannah	Feb. 18.1885
Idaho Illinois—Northern District	James H. Beatty	Hailey	Feb. 4,1892
Southern District	r. o. trosscuo	Chicago Springfield	Dec. 20, 1892
Indiana	Wm. J. Allen John H. Baker	Goshen	April 18,1887 Mar. 29,1892
Indian Territory Indian Territory Indian Territory	W. M. Springer	Muscogee	1896
Indian Territory	Yancy Lentis C. B. Kilgore	McAllister	
Indian Territory	Oliver P Shires	Ardmore Dubuque	Aug. 14,1882
Southern District	Oliver P. Shiras John S. Woolson	Mount Pleasant	Jan. 11, 1892
Kansas	Cassius G. Foster.	Topeka Louisville	Mar. 10, 1874
KentuckyLouisana—Eastern District	John W. Barr C. Parlange	Louisville	April 16,1880
Western District	Aleck Boarman	New Orleans Shreveport	Jan. 15, 1894 May 18, 1881
Maine	Nathan Webb Thomas J. Morris. Thomas L. Nelson	Portland	Jan. 24, 1882
Maryland	Thomas J. Morris.	Baltimore	July 1,1879
Massachusetts Michigan—Eastern District	Henry H. Swan	Worcester Detroit	Jan. 10,1879 Jan. 9,1891
Western District	Henry F. Severens	Kalamazoo	May 25, 1886
Minnesota Mississippi—Two Districts Missouri—Eastern District	Henry H. Swan Henry F. Severens William Lochren. Henry C. Niles	St. Paul	1896
Mississippi—I wo Districts Missouri—Eastern District.	E. B. Adams	Kosciusko St. Louis	Aug. 11,1892 1896
Western District	John F. Philips Hiram Knowles	Kansas City	June 25, 1888
Montana	Hiram Knowles	Helena	Feb. 21,1890
Nebraska	W. D. McHugh Thomas B. Hawley	Omaha Carson City	Sept. 9,1890
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	Sept. 9,1890 Feb. 20,1891
New Jersey	A. Kirkpatrick Thomas Smith	Trenton	Jan. 27,1890
New Mexico. New York—Northern District Southern District	Alfred C Cove	Las Vegas	Oct. 5,1893
Southern District	Alfred C. Coxe Addison Brown Chas. L. Benedict. Aug. S. Seymour.	Utica New York City.	May 4,1882 June 2,1881
Hastern District	Chas. L. Benedict.	Brooklyn	Mar 9, 1865
North Carolina—Eastern District Western District	Aug. S. Seymour	\underline{G} reensboro	Feb. 21, 1882
North Dakota	Robert P. Dick Charles F. Amidon	Fargo	June 7,1872 Feb. 25,1890
North Dakota	A.J. Ricks	Fargo Cleveland	Jan. 16,1890
Southern District	George R. Sage Frank Dale	Lebanop	Mar. 20,1883
Oregon	Chas. B. Bellinger	Guthrie Portland	Sept. 12,1893 April 15,1893
Oregon Lennsylvania, Eastern District	William Butler	West Chester!	Feb. 19.1879
Western District	Joseph Buffington Arthur L. Brown.	Pittsburg	reb. 23,1892
Rhode Island	W. A. Brawley	Providence Charleston	Dec. 16, 1884 Jan. 18, 1894
South Dakota. Tennessee—Eastern and Middle Dist. Western District	W. A. Brawley John E. Carland Charles D. Clark. Eli. S. Hammond. David E. Bryant	Sioux Falls	Jan. 16,1890
Tennessee—Eastern and Middle Dist.	Charles D. Clark.	Chattanooga	Jan. 21,1895
Fexes—Eastern District	David E. Bryant	Memphis Sherman	June 17,1878 1896
Western District		Austin	June 25,1888
Northern District	John B. Rector	Dallas	Mar. 17,1892
Utah	John A. Marshall. Hoyt H. Wheeler. Robert W. Hughes	Salt Lake City. Jamaica	1896 Mar. 16, 1877
VermontVirginia—Eastern District	Robert W. Hughes	Norfolk.	Jan. 14, 1874
Western District	John Paul C. H. Hanford	Harrisonburg	Mar. 3,1883
Washington.	C. H. Hanford John J. Jackson	Seattle Parkersburg	Feb. 25,1890
Wast Virginia	oum o. oacksou	Larkersburg	Aug. 3,1861
West Virginia	W. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	April 3, 1893
West Virginia. Wisconsin—Eastern District. Western District. Wyoming.	W. H. Seaman Romanzo Bunn John A. Riner	Sheboygan Madison Cheyenne	April 3,1893 Oct. 30,1877 Sept. 22,1890

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Districts.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama—Northern District	Emmet O'Neal Geo. F. Moore Joseph N. Miller	Birmingham. Montgomery. Mobile.
Alabama—Northern District Middle District Southern District Arkansas—Eastern District. Western District.	Geo. F. Moore	Little Rock. Fort Smith.
Alaska	Everett E. Ellinwood	Sitka. Tucson.
Alaska	Everett E. Ellinwood Henry S. Foote George J. Denis Henry V. Johnson Charles W. Comstock. Lewis C. Vandergrift Arthur A. Birney	San Francisco. Los Angeles.
Southern District	Henry V. Johnson	Denver. Hartford.
Connecticut	Lewis C. Vandergrift.	Dover.
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida—Northern District Scartharn District	Arthur A. Birney	Washington. Pensacola.
Florida—Northern District Southern District	J. E. Wolfe Frank Clark	Jacksonville.
Southern District	Joseph S. James William T. Gary	Atlanta. Macon.
Southern District	Tames H. Forney	Boise City. Chicago.
Southern District Idaho Illinois—Northern District Southern District	John C. Black W. E. Shutt	Springfield.
Southern District	Frank B. Burke	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory—Northern District	Clifford L. Jackson William J. Horton	Muscogee. South McAlester.
Southern District. Indiana Indian Territory—Northern District. Central District Southern District Iowa—Northern District Southern District Southern District	William J. Horton Andrew C. Cruce Cato Sells Charles D. Fullen William C. Perry	Ardmore. Fort Dodge.
Iowa—Northern District	Charles D. Fullen	Keokuk. Fort Scott.
Iowa—Northern District. Southern District. Kansas.	William O. Tolly	Louisville.
Kansas Kentucky Louisiana—Eastern District Western District	J. Ward Gurley, Jr	New Orleans. Shreveport.
Western District	William M. Shidi J. Ward Gurley, Jr. C. W. Seals Albert W. Bradbury William L. Marbury Sherman Hoar Alfred P. Lyon.	Portland. Baltimore.
Maine	William L. Marbury	Boston.
Massachusetts	Alfred P. Lyon	West Bay City. Grand Rapids.
Western District	John Power E. C. Stringer C. L. Anderson	St. Paul.
Western District. Minnesota Mississippi—Northern District. Southern District. Missouri—Eastern District. Western District. Wontana. Nebraska New Hampshire. New Hersey New Mexico.	C. L. Anderson Robert Charles Lee	West Point. Madison Station.
Southern District	William H. Clopton John R. Walker Preston H. Leslie	St. Louis. Kansas City.
Western District	John R. Walker	Helena.
Montana	A. J. Sawyer Charles Allen Jones	Lincoln. Virginia City.
Nevada	O. E. Branch	Manchester.
New Jersey	O. E. Branch	Perth Amboy Santa Fe.
	William A. Poucher	Oswege. New York City Brooklyn.
Southern District	Wallace McFarlane	Brooklyn.
Southern District. Eastern District. North Carolina—Eastern District. Western District.	J. L. Pennett Charles B. Aycock R. B. Glen	Goldsboro. Winston.
Western District North Dakota	T. R. Bangs	Grand Forks.
Ohio—Northern District	Samuel D. Dodge Harlan Cleveland	Cleveland. Cincinnati.
North Dakota Ohio—Northern District Southern District Oklahoma	Caleb R. Brooks	Guthrie. Portland.
Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania—Eastern District. Western District Rhode Island South Carolina	Caleb R. Brooks Daniel R. Murphy James M. Beck	Philadelphia.
Western District		Pittsburg. Providence.
Rhode Island	Charles E. Gorman William P. Murphy Ezra W. Miller James H. Bible	Providence. Charleston. Elk Point.
South Dakota	James H. Bible	Chattanooga.
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee—Eastern District Middle District Western District Texas—Eastern District Voythorn District	Tully Brown	
Western District	Sinclair Talliaferro	Houston.
Northern District	W. O. Hamilton	Dallas. San Antonio.
Western District	John W. Judd	Salt Lake City. Montpelier.
Vermont District	Wm. H. White	Petersburg.
Western District	A. J. Montague	Danville. Seattle.
Washington	C. C. Watts	Charleston.
Wisconsin—Eastern District	John H. M. Wigman Harry E. Briggs	Milwaukee. Madison.
Western District Washington Wost Virginia Wisconsin—Bastern District Western District Wyoming.	Gibson Clark	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

Districts.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama—Northern District Middle District	J. C. Musgrove William H. Tisdale	Birmingham. Montgomery.
Southern District	L. R. Morrissettee	Mobile. Little Rock. Fort Smith.
Western District Alaska	George J. Crump Louis L. Williams W. K. Meade.	Boonville.
Arizona California—Northern District Southern District		Tombstone. San Francisco.
Southern District.	Nich. A. Covarrubias	Los Angeles. Denver.
Colorado Connecticut.	Nich. A. Covarrubias John A. Israel Richard C. Morris Hewson E. Lannan	New London.
Delaware District of Columbia Florida—Northern District	Albert A. Wilson	Wilmington. Washington.
Florida—Northern District	Samuel Puleston James McKay	Monticello. Jacksonville.
Southern District. Georgia—Northern District. Southern District.	S. E. Dunlap John D. Harrell	Atlanta. Macon.
Idaho. Illinois—Northern District. Southern District.	Lames L. Crutchler	Boise City. Lockport.
Southern District	John W. Arnold W. B. Brinton	Springfield. Iudianapolis.
Indiana Indian Territory—Northern District Central District	William H. Hawkins. Samuel M. Rutheford.	Muscogee. South McAlester.
Southern District	Charles L. Stowe	Ardmore. Clinton.
Southern District. Iowa—Northern District Southern District Kansas	William M. Desmond Frank P. Bradley	Audubon.
Kansas Kentucky	James J. McAlester Charles L. Stowe William M. Desmond Frank P. Bradley Shaw F. Neely James Blackburn	Leavenworth. Spring Station.
Louisiana—Eastern District	J. V. CHIIIIOLD D	Spring Station. New Orleans. Shreveport.
Kentucky Louisiana—Eastern District Western District Maine. Maryland	James M. Martin John B. Donovan Charles H. Evans	Alfred. Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Henry W. Swift	Boston. Jackson.
Massachusetts. Michigan—Eastern District. Western District.	Charles R. Pratt	Petoskey.
Minnesota Mississippi—Northern District Southern District Missouri—Eastern District.	Charles H. Evans Henry W. Swift Eugene D. Winney Charles R. Pratt Richard T. O'Connor David T. Guyton J. S. McNeilly Lohn E. Lyngh	St. Paul. Oxford.
Southern District	J. S. McNeilly John E. Lynch	Jackson. St. Louis.
Western District	John E. Lynch	Adrian. Helena.
	Frank E. White G. M. Humphrey	Omaha
New Hampshire	Clark Campbell	Carson City. Mount Vernon. Trent n.
Nevada. New Hampshire. New Jersey New Mexico New York—Northern District Southern District Eastern District	George Pfeffer, Jr Ed. L. Hall F. C. Peck	Santa Fe. Nunda.
Southern District	John H. McCarthy	New York City.
Eastern District North Carolina—Eastern District Western District	John H. McCarthy H. J. Hayden O. J. Carroll	Brooklyn. Raleigh.
Western District	Thomas J. Allison Joseph E. Cronan Matthias A. Smalley	Statesville. Grafton.
Ohio—Northern District	Matthias A. Smalley Michael Devanney	Ashtabula. Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Patrick S. Nogle Henry C. Grady	Guthrie Portland.
Oregon Pennsylvania—Eastern District. Western District Rhode Island South Carolina.	Matthias A. Smalley Michael Devanney Patrick S. Nogle Henry C. Grady James B. Reilly John W. Walker James S. McCabe John P. Hunter	Philadelphia. Pittsburg.
Rhode Island.	James S. McCabe	Providence. Lancaster.
South Dakota Tennessee—Eastern District		Sioux Falls. Chattanooga.
	S. P. Condon	Lebanon.
Western District. Texas—Eastern District. Northern District.	J. Shelby Williams	Memphis. Paris. Dallas.
Western District	R. C. Ware	San Antonio.
	J. N. McKenzie. Joseph A. Manson. J. Shelby Williams Robert M. Love. R. C. Ware. Nat M. Brigham Emery S. Harris. John M. Hudgin. George W. Levi. James E. Drake. Charles E. Wells	Salt Lake City. Bennington.
Vermont. Virginia—Eastern District Western District Washington.	John M. Hudgin George W. Levi	Bennington. Bowling Green. Berryville.
Washington	James E. Drake Charles E. Wells	Tacoma. Clarksburg.
Wisconsin—Eastern District.	Charles E. Wells George W. Pratt William H. Canon	Oshkosh.
Washington West Virginia Wisconsin—Eastern District Western District Western District	John A. McDermott	Merrill Douglas.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge-WM. H. SEAMAN, SHEBOYGAN.
District Attorney-JOHN H. M. WIGMAN, GREEN BAY.
Marshal-GEORGE W. PRATT, OSHKOSH.
Clerk-EDW. KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.

Terms of Court.

AT MILWAUKEE—First Monday in January and October. AT OSHKOSH—Second Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Forest,	Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Langlade, Manitowoc,	Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Outagamie, Ozaukee,	Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha,	Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago.
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WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.
District Attorney—HARRY E. BRIGGS, MADISON.
Assistant District Attorney—THOMAS L. CLEARY, PLATTEVILLE.
Marshal—W. H. CANON, MERRILL.
Deputy Marshal—GEORGE W. LEVIS, LA CROSSE.
Clerk—F. M. STEWART, MADISON.

Terms of Court.

AT MADISON—First Tuesday in December.

Special Term—Third Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.

AT LA CRORSE—Third Tuesday in September.

AT EAU CLAIRE—First Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Commerce Company				
Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia,	Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Lowa, Iron,	Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayettee, Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida,	Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, St. Croix. Sauk,	Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas, Washburn, Wood.

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

Eastern District.

Francis Bloodgood	Milwaukee
Edward Kurtz	Milwaukoo
Edward Kurtz	M:11
Hugh Ryan	Miiwaukee
Alfred L. Cary	Milwaukee
M. L. Kimball	Berlin
Henry W. Lander	Beaver Dam
James H. Merrill	Oshkosh
Frank C. Stewart	Ochlroch
Frank C. Stewart	OSIIKOSII
Charles H. Lee	Kacine
John T. Wentworth	Racine
Alexander Cook	Waukesha
P. H. Martin	Fond du Lac
Fred C. Cady	Green Bay
John F. Watermolen	Groon Boy
Charles E. Nichols	marinette
John E. Martin	
George C. Dickinson	Shawano
A. H. Kellogg	Appleton
E. J. Goodrick	Ochkoch
Pr. el. CTUUULLUK	

Western District.

William E. CarterPlatteville	
Joel B. DowBeloit	
T. A. DysonLa Crosse	
George G. FreemanTrempealeau	
Irvin W. GatesSuperior	
George GrahamTomah	
Hiram HayesSuperior Alfred A. JacksonJanesville	
F. W. Jenkins	
George Mertons	
George Mertons Baraboo James A. Miner Richland Center	
Carl C. PopeBlack River Falls	
William A. P. Morris Madison	
Harvey J. PeckLa Crosse J. A. ParkhurstNeillsville	
J. A. Parkhurst Neillsville	
G. C. Prentiss La Crosse	
Frank M. StewartMadison Giles StevensReedsburg	
James B. TaylorPortage	
William M. Tompkins Ashland	
S. J. Tripp Sauk City	
L. W. DoolittleEau Claire	
La Favette S. VielePrairie du Chien	
I. F. PattonJanesville	
R. A. WatkinsLancaster	
P. H. Perkins Superior	
Michael S. Bright Superior Levi J. BillingsRhinelander	
Bernard SchudermanRhinelander	
F. S. VeederMauston	
A. L. Ruggles	
Louis A. PrattWausau	
C. A. Lamoreaux	
E. W. Helms Hudson John A. Daniels La Crosse	
S. C. Hanks Madison	
O. C. Hauks maur	

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS-WISCONSIN.

1st-JAMES W. MURPHY, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties.

Brown I Calumet I Dodgs I Door I Florence I Ford du Lac I Green Lake (Manitowoc	Shawano Sheboygan Walworth Washington Wankesha	Langlade, except 8 townships in west- ern portion of said county.
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Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896-\$1,535,996.88.

2d.-M. F. BLUMENFELD, Collector, Madison.

Counties.

Ashland Barron Bayfield Buffalo Burnett Chippewa Clark Columbia	Dunn. Eau Claire. Grant. Green. Iowa Iron. Jackson. Jefferson. Juneau La Crosse	Montos Oneida Pepin Picrce Polk Portage Price Richland Rock	Trompealeau. Vernon. Vilas. Washburn. Wood and western eight towns, Langlade county.
Clark Columbia Crawford	JeffersonJuneauLa CrosseLafayetteLincoln	Richland Rock	Langlade county.

Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, \$476.080.94.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

NAME,	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
JOHN B. CASSODAY	Chief Justice	\$5,000	Jan., 1900
JOHN B. WINSLOW	Justice	5,000	Jan., 1906
SILAS U. PINNEY	Justice		Jan., 1902
ALFRED W. NEWMAN			Jan., 1904
ROUJET D. MARSHALL			Jan., 1898

CLARENCE KELLOGG Clerk. JOHN R. BERRYMAN Librarian FREDERICK K. CONOVER Reporter R. B. HART Proof Reader to Reporter WILLIAM H. ORVIS Messenger	KNOX KINNEY Stenographer and Copyist W. S. Frazier Stenographer and Copyist GILSON G. GLASIER Stenog. and Copyist DAVID C. PINKERTON Stenog. and Copyist
C. H. BEYLER	Messenger and Crier

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January. August Term—Second Tuesday in August.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges, \$3,600 per annum, and \$400 for expenses.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint one extra jury term of court, to be holden in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem such term necessary to complete the jury trials in such county during any year, and may cause jurors to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term of such court. In case there is pending in any such county an action of quo varranto brought on the relation of the attorney-general or a private person, wherein the defendant is or shall be charged with usurping any county office, or unlawfully withholding the same from the person entitled thereto, and an issue is formed in such action, sixty days or more before the time for holding the next ensuing regular term of court for said county, the judge shall appoint an extra term, and cause jurors to be drawn and summoned in the manner aforesaid for the trial of such action and for the transaction of such other business as the order may direct. Such order shall so provide that said term shall commence within thirty days after the entry of the same. At any term where any action of quo varranto shall be for trial, it shall take precedence of all other action—Chapter 141, Laws of 1885. Chapter 294, Laws of 1889, Chapter 396, Laws of 1893; Chapter 2 and 340, Laws of 1895.

FIRST CIRCUIT. JUDGE-FRANK M. FISH, RACINE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1902.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Walworth	3d Monday in February	Elkhorn	Ch. 66, L. 1889
Racine	2d Monday in April	Racine	Ch. 66, L. 1889
Kenosha	3d Monday in March	Kenosha	Ch. 66, L. 1889

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the month of June. Each term in this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 66, Laws of 1889.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-D. H. JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Milwaukee	1st Monday in January	Milwaukee	Ch. 50, L. 1889

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.

Counties.	Terms	Where held.	Laws.
Calumet	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of April	Chilton	Ch. 134, L. 1885.
Green Lake	3d Monday in January	Dartford	Ch. 133, L. 1891
Winnebago	1st Monday in May	Oshkosh	Ch. 134, L. 1885
	SPECIAL TERMS.		
	1st Tuesday in February and Sop- tember	Oshkosh	Ch. 134, L. 1885

Each of the general terms of the circuit court in each of the counties in the said third judicial circuit of Wisconsin, and the aforesaid special terms in the said county of Winnebago, shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court in and for the whole of the third judicial circuit of the state of Wisconsin.— Chapter 134, Laws 1885.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-NORMAN S. GILSON, FOND DU LAC.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1899.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Sheboygan	2d Monday in Apil	Sheboygan	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Manitowoc	Tuesday after 2d Monday in Jan. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June. }	Manitowoc	Ch. 5. L. 1891.
Kewaunee	2d Monday in May	Kewaunee	
Fond du Lac	Tuesday after 3d Monday in February Tuesday after 1st Monday in March Tuesbay after 1st Monday in July. Tuesday after 2d Monday in November	Fond du Lac	Ch. 5, L. 1891.

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered. Every term in the counties of Fond du Lac, Sheboygan and Manitowoc, shall be a special term of the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 5, Laws 1891.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Grant	3d Tuesday in February	Lancaster	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Iowa	3d Monday in March	Dodgeville	Ch. 12, L. 1893
Lafayette	3d Tuesday in June	Darlington	Ch. 12, L. 1893
Richland	2d Tuesday in April	Richland Center.	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Crawford	4th Tuesday in May	Prairie du Chien	Ch. 402, L. 1887

Every term in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole circuit.—Sec. 1, Chap. 402, Laws 1887.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-ORVIS B. WYMAN, VIROQUA.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
La Crosse	2d Tuesday in January	La Crosse	Ch. 178, L. 1895
Monroe	2d Tuesday in March	Sparta	Ch. 178, L. 1895
Trempealeau	1st Tuesday in March	Whitehall	Ch. 178, L. 1895
Vernon	2d Tuesday in June	Viroqua	Ch. 178, L. 1895
Juneau	2d Tuesday in April	Mauston	Ch. 178, L, 1895

Every general term of said court in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 178, laws of 1895.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Portage	4th Monday in March	Stevens Point	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Waupaca	1st Monday in March	Waupaca	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Waushara	Last Tuesday in April	Wautoma	Ch. 135, L. 1893
Wood	2d Monday in May	Grand Rapids	Ch. 135, L. 1893

Every general term of such court in any county of said circuit, shall be a special term for all the other counties thereof.—Chapter 135, Laws 1893.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.

Term expires First Monday of January, 1903.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Buffalo	4th Monday of February	Alma	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Dunn	2d Monday of March	Menomonie	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Pepin	3d Monday of April	Durand	Ch. 326, L. 1891
Pierce	Tuesday following 2d Mo. of June (Tuesday following 2d Mo. of Dec.)	Ellsworth	Ch. 326, L. 1891
St. Croix	4th Monday of March	Hudson	Ch. 326, L. 1891

There shall be held in each and every year hereafter for the whole of the Eighth judicial circuit of Wisconsin, four special terms in each year, at the times and places as follows:

One term at the court house in the city of Hudson, St. Croix county, on the first Monday of January, at nine o'clock a. m.
One term at the court house in the city of Alma, Buffalo county, on the fourth Tues-

day of May, at nine o'clock a. m.

One term at the court house at Menomonie, Dunn county, on the first Monday of June, at nine o'clock a. m.
One term at the court house in the village of Ellsworth, Pierce county, on the Tuesday following the first Monday in September, at nine o'clock a. m.
All orders heretofore made directing the holding of any special term at any other or different times than as above provided, are hereby revoked.

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-ROBERT G. SIEBECKER, MADISON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Adams	1st Tuesday in June	Friendship	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Columbia	2d Tuesday in May	Portage	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Dane	2d Monday in January Monday after first Tuesday in April 4th Monday in June 3d Monday in September	Madison	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Marquette	2d Tuesday in June Tuesday after 3d Monday in Nov- ember	Montello	Ch. 83, L. 1895
Sauk	2d Tuesday in March	Baraboo	Ch. 83, L. 1895

Every general term in the counties of Columbia, Dane, Marquette and Sauk shall also be a special term for the whole judical circuit. No jury shall be summoned for the term in June for Dane county.—Chapter 83, Laws of 1895.

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1898.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Florence	1st Tuesday in March	Florence	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Forest	2d Tuesday in March\ 4th Tuesday in September	Crandon	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Langlade	3d Monday in March	Antigo	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Outagamie	1st Tuesday in February	Appleton	Ch. 37, L. 1895
Shawano	3d Monday in May	Shawano	Ch. 37, L. 1895

The several general terms of court in the counties of Langlade, Outagamie and Shawano shall be a special term for all the other counties in said circuit.

No jury shall be summoned for the February term in Outagamie county.—Chapter 37, Law of 1895.

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-AAD. J. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Barron	3d Tuesday in April	Barron	Ch 2, L. 1891
Burnett	4th Tuesday in March	Grantsburg	Ch. 2 L. 1891
Chippewa	1st Tuesday in May	Chippewa Falls	Ch. 2, L. 1891
Douglas	3d Tuesday in February	Superior	Ch. 2, L. 1891
Polk	1st Wednesday after 1st Tuesday \ in April	Osceola Mills	Ch. 2, L. 1891
Washburn	3d Tuesday in March	Shell Lake	Ch. 2, L. 1891

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-JOHN R. BENNETT, JANESVILLE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Rock	4th Monday in January 4th Monday in April Wednesday after the first Monday in November	Janesville	Ch. 67, L. 1893.
Green	1st Tuesday in March	Monroe	Ch. 67 , L . 1893.
Jefferson	1st Monday in February	Jefferson	Ch. 67, L. 1893.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms in this circuit appointed to be held in the months of January and June. Every term of this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.— Chap. 67, L. 1893.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-JAMES J. DICK, BEAVER DAM.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Dodge	4th Tuesday in September} 2d Tuesday in February	Juneau	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September	Port Washington	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Washington	3d Tuesday in October	West Bend	Ch. 15, L. 1895
Waukesha	1st Tuesday in December	Waukesha	Ch. 15, L. 1895

No jury shall be summoned for the special terms.—Chapter 15. Laws of 1895.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, Jr., GREEN BAY.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1902.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Brown	Last Monday in November	Green Bay	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Door	1st Tuesday in February	Sturgeon Bay	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Marinette	2d Monday in January	Marinette	Ch. 355, L. 1891
Oconto	2d Monday in April	Oconto	Ch. 355, L. 1891

Every term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 355, Laws of 1891.

The jurors for each term of court in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall be summoned to appear at or before the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. on the second day of the term.—Chapter 33, Laws of 1837.

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - J. K. PARISH, ASHLAND.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1900.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Ashland	1st Monday of January	Ashland	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Bayfield	Last Monday of May	Washburn	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Iron	Last Monday in June	Hurley	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Price	2d Monday of June	Phillips	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Sawyer	3d Monday of April	Hayward	Ch. 224, L. 1895
Taylor	1st Wednesday after the 1st Tues- day of April	Medford	Ch. 224, L. 1895

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-CHAS. V. BARDEEN, WAUSAU.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1898.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Lincoln	4th Monday of February	Merrill	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Marathon	1st Monday of May	Wausau	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Oneida	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of April	Rhinelander	Ch. 108, L. 1895
Vilas	1st Monday of February	Eagle River	Ch. 140, L. 1895

Every general term of said counties shall be a special term for all the other counties in the circuit.—Chapter 108, Laws of 1895.

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-WM. F. BAILEY, EAU CLAIRE.

Term expires first Monday of Janury; 1898.

Counties.	Terms.	Where held.	Laws.
Clark	3d Monday of April	Neillsville	Ch. 277, L. 1893
Eau Claire	3d Monday of March,	Eau Claire	Ch. 277, L. 1893
Jackson	1st Monday of March	Black River Falls	Ch. 277, L. 1893

^{*}The June term in Eau Claire is special for this circuit. No jury shall be drawn fr the June term. The several general terms of court in each county of said circuit shows special terms for all the other counties in said circuit.

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No.f District.	Name.	P. O. Address.
2 Ri 3 WH. 5 Ch 6 Al 7 F. 8 Ch 9 F. 10 F. 11 T. 12 Al 13 J. 14 Ja 15 J.	narles H. Welch ichard Burke illiam C. Kimball A. Bush iarles Orton fred Harrison W. Spencer harles A. Cross C. Grant S. Bradford H. Woolford bert Kavelage H. Sawyer ames T. Parks seph Cover eorge Hart harles W. Fiske	Oshkosh. Fond du Lac. Lancaster. La Crosse. Waupaca. Hudson. Janesville. Appleton. Chippewa Falls. Janesville. Beaver Dam. Green Bay. Ashland. Wausau.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS.

In the several counties, appointed by the Circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the Circuit Courts, January 1, A. D. 1897. The county judges of all counties, also have the powers of court commissioners.

ADAMS COUNTY.	CLARK COUNTY.
John B. Keyes	M. C. Ring
J. Q. Copeman. Ashland W. L. Windom Ashland Charles Brisley. Ashland Ben S. Smith Ashland W. V. Silverthorn Ashland C. A. Lamoreaux. Ashland A. Pierce Tomkins Ashland	COLUMBIA COUNTY. A. D. Bowman Kilbourr W. G. Coles Columbu. Chas. L. Dering Portag J. W. Coopman Portag S. H. Watson Lod
BARRON COUNTY.	
Fred B. Kinsley. Barron James Robbins. Rice Lake Clarence C. Coe. Barron L. L. Constance Rice Lake BAYFIELD COUNTY.	CRAWFORD COUNTY. L. F. S. Viele
E. C. Alvord	DANE COUNTY. C. E. Buell
BROWN COUNTY. G. E. Matile	Gilbert E. Roe
BUFFALO COUNTY. Theo. Buehler	Geo. W. Morse
BURNETT COUNTY.	F. J. HamiltonSturgeon Bay G. W. AllenSturgeon Bay
F. O. Olson	DOUGLAS COUNTY.
CALUMET COUNTY. Jos. B. Revnolds	W. E. Hochle. West Superior W. M. Steele. West Superior W. B. Kellogg West Superior C. R. Fridley. West Superior George C. Cooper. West Superior George B. Hudnall Superior
CHIPPEWA COUNTY. ·	DUNN COUNTY.
L. J. Rusk	George Shafer. Menomonie N. F. Carpenter Menomonie J. R. Mathews. Menomonie J. C. Ticknor. Menomonie

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.	JEFFERSON COUNTY.
Charles W. Fiske Eau Claire John B. Fleming Eau Claire M. B. Hubbard Eau Claire J. H. Culbertson Eau Claire J. F. Ellis Eau Claire	George H. Stafford. Fort Atkinson W. H. Porter. Jefferson O. C. Hahn. Watertown Harlow Pease Watertown H. T. Ames. Waterloo
FLORENCE COUNTY.	JUNEAU COUNTY.
John O'Hara	H. W. Barney
FOND DU LAC COUNTY.	· ·
W. D. Conklin. Fond du Lac H. F. Rose. Fond du Lac D. D. Sutherland. Fond du Lac J. W. Watson. Fond du Lac R. L. Oliver. Waupun J. J. Foote. Ripon	KENOSHA COUNTY. James Cavanaugh Kenosha Myron A. Baker Kenosha Henry J. Hastings Kenosha Gerald R. McDowell Kenosha John C. Slater Kenosha Gurdin Gillett Kenosha
FOREST COUNTY.	Gurdin GillettKenosha
F. S. Campbell	KEWAUNEE COUNTY. Frank Kwapil
W. J. BrennanLancaster Herman BuchnerLancaster	A. L. Schmitz
R. D. Blanchard	LA CROSSE COUNTY. C. L. Hood
C. N. Carpenter. Brodhead John Luchsinger Monroe Harvey Clark. Monroe	LAFAYETTE COUNTY.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY. John C. McConnell	P. H. Conley
	LANGLADE COUNTY.
IOWA COUNTY. Calvert Spensley	Geo. W. Latta. Antigo C. Werden Deane. Antigo Jno. E. Martin Antigo T. W. Hogan Antigo W. F. White Antigo
	LINCOLN COUNTY.
IRON COUNTY. Alba L. Ruggles	Henry C. Hetzel Merrill A. A. Helms Merrill John Hughes Tomahawk George Curtis, Jr Merrill John P. Anderson Merrill
JACKSON COUNTY.	MANITOWOC COUNTY.
C. R. Johnson Black River Falls T. J. D. Van Schaick. Black River Falls M. A. Lien Black River Falls P. R. Castle Black River Falls B. J. Castle Black River Falls	Michael Kirwan Manitowoc G. G. Sedgwick Manitowoc H. L. Markham Manitowoc J. S. Anderson Manitowoc W. J. Wrieth Two Rivers

MARATHON COUNTY.	PIERCE COUNTY.
Carl H. Mueller Wausau John Livermore Wausau Neal Brown Wausau Claer B. Bird Wausau Otto Krueger Wausau	P. D. Pierce. Ellsworth A. Cook. Maiden Rocl D. J. Dill. Prescot
	POLK COUNTY.
MARINETTE COUNTY. Amos Holgate	Henry B. Dike Osceola Milli F. B. Dorothy St. Croix Falli V. M. Babcock Amery James J. Kavanagh Clear Lake
MARQUETTE COUNTY.	PORTAGE COUNTY.
John Barry Montello F. J. Dodge Montello James Duff Packwaukee S. G. Mills Brigsville John Daily Packwaukee	James O. RaymondStevens Point A. P. BenStevens Point H. H. MoorePloved A. J. SmithAmherst
	PRICE COUNTY.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY. Hugh Ryan Milwaukee John F. Harper Milwaukee W. J. McBlroy Milwaukee Kate Pier Milwaukee Conrad Krez Milwaukee J. E. Roehr Milwaukee	W. H. Wilson. Phillips M. Barry. Phillips J. D. Rowland. Phillips G. D. Myers. Prentice
Conrad Krez Milwaukee J. E. RoehrMilwaukee	RACINE COUNTY.
MONROE COUNTY.	John T. Wentworth Racine D. H. Flett Racine R. L. Upchurch Racine Max W. Heck Racine A. Cary Judd Racine Francis Reuschlein Burlington
D. F. Jones. Sparta R. B. McCoy. Sparta Howard Teasdale Sparta Chris. Maxwell Tomah H. C. Spaulding Tomah R. A. Richards Tomah	A. Cary Judd
R. A. RichardsTomah	
OCONTO COUNTY. O. F. Trudell	O. F. Black
	ROCK COUNTY.
ONEIDA COUNTY. Samuel S. Miller	E. D. McGowan. Janesville Ed. F. Carpenter Janesville L. F. Patten. Janesville J. P. Towne. Edgerton S. J. Todd. Beloit
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.	ST. CROIX COUNTY.
Frank W. Harriman	John W. Bashford Hudson H. C. Baker Hudson Trueworthy Jewell Hudson Harry H. Smith New Richmond Herman Johnston Glenwood Henry Anderson Baldwin
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	SAUK COUNTY.
Eugene S. Turner. Port Washington Lafayette Towsley Port Washington Lathar Sauer. Port Washington Wm. A. Tholen. Port Washington Wm. M. Foster. Port Washington	W. T. Kelsey. Baraboo E. A. Runge. Baraboo J. L. Bonham Baraboo L. C. Hitchcock. Baraboo W. A. Wyse. Reedsburg J. B. Quimby. Sauk City
PEPIN COUNTY.	
Fred. Stahl Perin C. M. Hilliard Durand J. Morgan Durand J. D. Eldridge Durand	SAWYER COUNTY. W. H. MarquetteHayward Otto ChristiansonHayward

H. Klosterman. Shawano C. A. Raisler. Shawano C. R. Kiebesadel. Shawano C. A. Kuechenmeister. West Bend G. A. Ku	SHAWANO COUNTY.	WASHBURN COUNTY.
F. H. Bishop Cecil SHEBOYGAN COUNTY. D. T. Phalen Sheboygan F. H. Denison Sheboygan F. H. Denison Sheboygan F. H. Denison Sheboygan F. H. Denison Sheboygan F. H. Denison Sheboygan M. C. Mead Plymouth John E. Thomas Sheboygan Falls TAYLOR COUNTY. G. W. Adams Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart Medford C. E. Perkins Arcadia J. W. Gray Trempealea J. W. Gray Trempealea J. C. Taylor Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua Chas. H. Miller West Bend C. A. Kuechenmeister West Bend Ch. B. Hillan West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E. Robinson West Bend Ch. E	C. A. RaislerShawano	A. L. Bugbee
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY. D. T. Phalen	Frank Williams	WASHINGTON COUNTY.
D. T. Phalen	F. H. BishopCecii	G. A. KuechenmeisterWest Bend Fred. H. HaaseWest Bend
A. C. Prescott. Sheboygan A. C. Prescott. Sheboygan M. C. Mead. Plymouth John E. Thomas. Sheboygan Falls TAYLOR COUNTY. G. W. Adams. Sheboygan Falls TAYLOR COUNTY. G. W. Adams. Medford John B. Hagarty Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. H. Schweppe. Medford E. H. Schweppe. Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford G. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford G. H. Schweppe Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford G. E. Perkins. Areadia J. W. Gray Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua G. M. Butt. Viroqua G. M. Sutt. Wiroqua G. M. Sutt. Metal. Minocqua Wiroqua G. M. Sutt. Wiroqua G. M. Sutt. Metal. Metal. Minocqua Wiroqua G. M. Sutt. Metal. Met	D. T. PhalenSheboygan	H. K. ButterfieldHartford
TAYLOR COUNTY. G. W. Adams. Medford John B. Hagarty Medford Truman G. Jeffers Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. A. A. Arnold. Galesville C. E. Perkins. Arcadia J. W. Gray. Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C	A C PrescottSheboygan	
TAYLOR COUNTY. G. W. Adams. Medford John B. Hagarty Medford Truman G. Jeffers. Medford E. H. Schweppe Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. A. A. Arnold. Galesville C. E. Perkins. Arcadia J. W. Gray. Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua C. M. Butt.	John E. ThomasSheboygan Falls	Ernst MertonWaukesha
John B. Hagarty. Medford E. H. Schweppe. Medford E. H. Schweppe. Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford E. L. Urquhart. Medford TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. A. A. Arnold. Galesville C. E. Perkins. Arcadia J. W. Gray. Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall. Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt.		A. J. DoppWaukesha
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. A. A. Arnold. Galesville C. E. Perkins. Arcadia J. W. Gray. Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall. Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. J. Wilas County. VILAS COUNTY. VILAS COU	John B. HagartyMediord	
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY. A. A. Arnold	E. H. SchweppeMedford E. L. UrquhartMedford	
A. A Arnold. C. E. Perkins. Arcadia J. W. Gray. Trempealeau J. C. Taylor. Independence VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall. Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua VILAS COUNTY. VILAS COUNTY. G. F. Sanbourn. Eagle River O. B. Moon. Eagle River David Graham Eagle River T. I. Laughlin. Minocqua WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Barnes. Lake Geneya Lake Geneya WAUSHARA COUNTY. Gilbert Tennant. Wautoma S. A. Corning. Plainfield John H. Thomas Berlin W. N. Kelly. Plainfield John H. Thomas Oshkosh Oshkosh J. H. Merrill. Oshkosh J. H. Merrill. Oshkosh J. W. Crozier. Oshkosh Wesley Mott. Neenah WOOD COUNTY. Lemuel Kromer. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids	TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.	S. A. ConnellWaupaca Gerritt T. ThornNew London
VERNON COUNTY. C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Forward C.	C. E. PerkinsArcadia	R. F. TaggartWeyauwega
C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua VIIAS COUNTY. UILAS COUNTY. C. H. Forward. Oshkosh C. H. Forward. Oshkosh J. W. W. Waterhouse. Oshkosh J. W. Crozier. Oshkosh J. W. Crozier. Oshkosh Wesley Mott. Neenah WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. D. Conway. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Welly M. N. Kel	J. C. TaylorIndependence	
C. A. Roberts. Viroqua Chas. H. Minshall. Viroqua John S. Larson. Viroqua C. M. Butt. Viroqua VILAS COUNTY. G. F. Sanbourn. Eagle River O. B. Moon. Eagle River David Graham Eagle River T. I. Laughlin. Minocqua WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Barnes. Lake Geneva D. Conway. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids		IS A CorningPlainfield
VILAS COUNTY. VILAS COUNTY. G. F. Sanbourn. Eagle River O. B. Moon. Eagle River David Graham. Eagle River T. I. Laughlin. Minocqua WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn D. B. Barnes. Delavan Lake Geneya Lake Geneya WINNEBAGO COUNTY. W. W. Waterhouse. Oshkosh J. H. Merrill. Oshkosh J. W. Crozier. Oshkosh Wesley Mott. Neenah WOOD COUNTY. Lemuel Kromer. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids B. H. Wenpeman. Grand Rapids	Chas. H. MinshallViroqua	W. N. KellyPlainfield
VILAS COUNTI. G. F. Sanbourn Eagle River O. B. Moon Eagle River David Graham Eagle River T. I. Laughlin Minocqua WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon Elkhorn D. B. Barnes Delavan D. B. Barnes Lake Geneva Lake Geneva H. Weppeman Grand Rapids D. D. Conway Grand Rapids H. Weppeman Grand Rapids	C. M. Buttviroqua	
G. F. Sanbourn Bagle River O. B. Moon Eagle River David Graham Bagle River T. I. Laughlin Minocqua WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon Elkhorn D. B. Barnes Delavan D. B. Barnes Delavan D. B. Barnes Lake Geneya Lake Geneya H. Wenpeman Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman Grand Rapids		C H. Forward
WALWORTH COUNTY. J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. B. Jarnes. Lake Geneva H. Wenpeman. Grand Rapids D. D. Conway. Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman. Grand Rapids H. Wenpeman. Grand Rapids		J W CrozierOshkosh
J. F. Lyon. Elkhorn B. M. Vaughan. Grand Rapids D. B. Barnes. Delavan D. D. Conway. Grand Rapids D. Simmons Lake Geneva H. Weppeman. Grand Rapids	WALMODMI COUNTY	WOOD COUNTY.
	J. F. Lyon Elkhorn D. B. Barnes Delavan Las Simmons Lake Geneva	B. M. VaughanGrand Rapids D. D. ConwayGrand Rapids H. WeppemanGrand Rapids C. O. BakerDexterville

TOTAL EXPENSE OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1896, AND TOTAL NUMBER OF CONVICTIONS AND NON-CONVICTIONS.

	Expense.	Convictions.	Non-convictions.
Adams	\$2,493 35	7	Not reported
Ashland	6,781 00	13	Not reported
Barron*Bayfield	13,113 30	90	Not reported
Brown	2,702 03 1,270 00	7	Not reported
Buffalo	1,054 00	15 4	Not reported
Burnett	None	None	Not reported None
Calumet	2,490 99	24	Not reported
Chippewa	417 98	2	Not reported
Clark	3,818 24	10	Not reported
Columbia Crawford	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
Dane	936 88 Not reported	2	Not reported
Dodge	Not reported	$\frac{1}{6}$	Not reported 16
Door	553 79 11,793 69 1,089 03	l š i	$\frac{10}{2}$
Douglas	11,793 69	21	8
Dunn	1,089 03	7	Not reported
Eau Claire	1,231 50		Not reported
Florence Fond du Lac	153 05	None	Not reported
Forest	Not reported 418 71	Not reported	Not reported
Grant	913 85	12	Not reported
Green Lake	Not reported	2	Not reported Not reported
Green Lake	385-82	i 4 l	Not reported
Iowa	175 00	6	Not reported
Iron	6,466 20	10	Not reported
Jackson	58 00	4	Not reported
Juneau	Not reported 12 00	Not reported	Not reported
Kenosha	2,214 50	$\frac{2}{11}$	Not reported
Kewaunee	None	None	Not reported None
La Crosse	2,068 66	15	Not reported
Lafayette	1,036 94	3	Not reported
Langlade	500 00	3	Not reported
Lincoln	489 00	38	Not reported
Manitowoc	89 93	\mathbf{x}^{1}	Not reported
Marinette	Not reported 4,624-65	Not reported	Not reported
Marinette	None	None None	Not reported None
Milwaukee	300 00 -	7	66
Monroe	3,500 00	10	Not reported
Oconto	4,251 00	7 .	Not reported
Oneida Outagamie	1,044 61	Not reported	Not reported
Ozaukee	Not reported 101 50	5 None	Not reported
Pepin	124 17	None	Not reported Not reported
Pepin	1,002 17	4	Not reported
Polk	1,092 17 505 71	18	Not reported
Portage	933 34	12 2	Not reported
Price	600 00	2	Not reported
Racine	761 10 4,793 25	17	Not reported
Rock	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported
St. Croix	661 16	Not reported 15	Not reported Not reported
Sauk	145.00	13	Not reported
Sawyer	2,297 71	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Not reported
Shawano	175 35	1	6
Sheboygan:	1,195 10	3	Not reported
Taylor	2,375 44	None	3
l'rempealeau Vernon	250 00 1,092 12	$\frac{3}{7}$	Not reported
Vilas	‡ 1,198 04	.7	Not reported
Walworth	757 00	11	Not reported
Washburn	165.78	2	Not reported
Washington	1,329 35 § 20,274 69	5	Not reported
Waukesha	§ 20,274 69	266	Not reported
Waupaca	. [49 00]	2	Not reported
Waushara	2,217 74	2	4
Winnebago Wood	1,162 18 11,610 88	4 3	Not reported Not reported

^{*} Ten convictions in circuit court and eighty in justices' courts.

‡ Seventy-one convictions and thirteen non-convictions in justices' courts.

§ Includes all municipal, circuit and county court criminal expense.

† Expense for attorney fees.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Corrected to January 1, 1897.

Note.—For President McKinley's Cabinet, see page 502.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.	Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div.—Samuel Roads, Jr., Mass
President—Grover Cleveland, N. \$50,000 Y \$50,000 Y \$50,000 Priv.—Sec.—Henry F. Thurber, 5,000 Mich. 5,000 Vice.—Pres.—Adlai E. Stevenson, 8,000 III. 8,000 U. S. Dist. Marshal—Albert A. Willgrow, D. C. 6,000	Chief of Loans and Currency Div.—
PrivSecHenry F. Thurber, 5,000	Ind 2,500
VicePresAdlai E. Stevenson,	Supervising Special Agent—J. J. Stoday
U. S. Dist. Marshal—Albert A. Wilson, Washington, D. C 6,000	Andrew T. Huntington, Mass 2,000 Chief of Misc. Div.—Lewis Jordan, Ind 2,500 Supervising Special Agent—J. J. Crowley \$10 day Government Actuary—Jos. S. Mc- Coy, N. J. 1,800
	SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OF- FICE.
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Secretary—Richard Olney, Mass 8,000 Asst. Secretary—Wm. Woodville, Rockhill, Md	BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.
D. C	Chief—C. Johnson, Ky
Rockhill, Md. 4,500 Second Asst. Sec.—Alvey A. Adee, D. G. 3,500 Third Asst. Sec.—Wm. Woodward, Baldwin, N. Y. Solicitor—Walter E. Faison, N. C. 3,500 Chief Clerk—E. I. Renick, Ga. 2,500 Chief of Diplomatic Bureau— Thomas W. Cridler, W. Va. 2,100 Chief Con. Bureau—Robert S. Chilton, Jr., D. C. 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Ar-	Chief—C. Johnson, Ky
Thomas W. Cridler, W. Va 2,100 Chief Con. Bureau—Robert S. Chil- ton Jr. D. C	OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTOR.
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Ar- chives—Pendleton King, N. C 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Accounts—	Supervising Inspector—James A. Dumont, N. Y 3,500
Frank A. Branagan, Ohio 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Statistics—Fred-	BUREAU OF STATISTICS.
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives—Pendleton King, N. C 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Accounts— Frank A. Branagan, Ohio 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Statistics—Frederic Emory, Md 2,100 Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library—A. H. Allen, N. C 2,100 Translator—Henry L. Thomas, N. 2000	Chief-W. C. Ford, N. Y 3,000
2 100	HIP H CALLES
Private Secretary to Sec. of State— J. Walter Blandford, D. C 2,000	Genl. Supt.—S. I. Kimball, Me 4,000 Asst.—J. K. Upton, Md 2,500
	COMPTROLLERS.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.	Comptroller of the Treasury—Robt.
Secretary-John G. Carlisle, Ky 8,000	B. Bowles, O
Secretary—John G. Carlisle, Ky 8,000 Priv. Sec.—H. W. Van Senden, Ky. 2,400 Asst. Sec.—William E. Curtis, N.Y. 4,500	Chief Lew Clerk—I W Nichol.
Asst. Sec.—Chas. S. Hamlin, Mass 4,500 Asst. Sec.—Scott Wike, Ill 4.500	Ind 2,750
Asst. Sec.—William E. Gutta, V.1. Asst. Sec.—Seo. S. Hamlin, Mass. 4,500 Asst. Sec.—Scott Wike, III	REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.
Chief of Warrants Div.—W. F. Maclennan 2,750	Register—J. F. Tillman, Tenn 4,000 Asst.—J. B. Brawley, Pa 2,250
Chief of Appt. Div—Scott Nesbit, Mo	COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.
stock, N. Y	Commissioner—W. S. Forman, Ill 6,000 Deputy—G. W. Wilson, O 3,200
Uú L	

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

THE MINT.	ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPART-
Director—R. E. Preston, D. C\$4,500	MENT.
BUREAU OF NAVIGATION. Commissioner—E. F. Chamberlain, N. Y	Adjt. Gen'l—Brig. Gen. G. D. Ruggles. Assistants—LieutCol. J. C. Gilmort Byt. Lt. Col J. B. Babcock, Maj. W. F Hall, Lt. J. R. Williams, Lieut. A. S Rowan, Lt. Carl Reichman, Lt. H. E Whitney. Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian
UNITED STATES COAST AND GEO- DETIC SURVEY. Superintendent—W. W. Duffield,	INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPART- MENT.
MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.	Inspector-Gen'l—BrigGen. J. C. Breck enridge. Assts.—Maj. J. P. Sanger, Maj. E. A Garlington Chief Clerk—W. H. Orcutt.
Wyman, Mo	QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.
AUDITORS.	QuartermGen'l-BrigGen. C. G. Saw-
Auditor for the Treasury Dept.— 3,600 E. P. Baldwin, Md. 3,600 Deputy—R. M. Cousar, Tenn. 2,250 Auditor for the War Department— T. S. Farrow, S. C. 3,600 Deputy—Jno. C. Edwards, Ill. 2,250 Auditor for the Interior Dept. Samuel Blackwell 3,600	Assistants—LtCol. G. H. Weeks, Maj. C. Bird, Capt. C. P. Miller, Capt. M. C. Martin, Capt. J. T. French. Chief Clerk—J. Z. Dare. Depot Quartermaster—Maj. C. F. Humphrey.
Deputy—G. W. Sanderlin, N. C. 2,250 Auditor for the Navy Dept.—Wm. H. Pugh, Ohio. 3,600 Deputy—E. N. Bowman, Ind. 2,250 Auditor for the State and Other Departments—T. Holcomb, Del. 3,600 Deputy—James J. Willie, Fla. 2,250 Auditor for the Postoffice Dept.— George A Howard Meyers	SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT. Commissary-Gen'l—Bri~.Gen. M. R. Morgan. Assts.—Col. T. C. Sullivan, Lt. Col. S. T. Cushing. Chief Clerk—Wm. A. DeCaindry.
Deputy—W. G. Crawford, La 2,250	MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. Surgeon-Gen'l-BrigGen. Geo. M. Sternberg.
TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.	Assts.—Col. C. H. Alden, Lt. Col. D. L. Huntington, Walter Reed Maj. Chas. Smart, Maj.
Treasurer—D. N. Morgan, Conn 6,000 Asst. Treas.—J. F. Melline, D. C 3,600 Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div.—Thos. E. Rogers, West Va	Chief Clerk—George A. Jones. Attending Surgeon—Maj. R. M. O'Reilly.
3,500	PAY DEPARTMENT.
	Paymaster-General—BrigGen. T. H. Stanton.
Comptroller—James H. Eckels, Ill. 5.000 Deputy—Geo. M. Coffin, S. C 2,800	Assistant—Maj. C. J. Wilson. Chief Clerk—G. D. Hanson.
	CORPS OF ENGINEERS.
	Chief of Engineers—BrigGen. W. P. Craighill. Assistants—Lt. Col. A. Ward.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—Daniel S. Lamont, N. Y. 8,000 Priv. Sec.—John Senger, N. Y..... 2,400 Asst. Sec.—Joseph B. Doe, Wis... 4,500 Chief Clerk—John Tweedale, Pa... 2,500

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Major-General—N. A. Miles. Asst. Adjt.-Gen'l—Bvt. Brig.-Gen. Samuel Breck. Aide-de-Camp—Capt. Edward Davis. Chlef Clerk—J, B. Morton,

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPART.

Assistants—Lt. Col. A. Mackenzie, Capt. W. M. Black, Capt. Geo. W. Goethals. Chief Clerk—Wm. J. Warren.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS. Officer in Charge-Col. J. M. Wilson.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Chief of Flagler. of Ordnance-Brig.-Gen. D. W. Flagier.

Assistants—Capt. Chas. Shaler, Capt.

Chas. S. Smith, Capt. Rogers Birnie,

Maj. V. McNally, Capt. C. H. Clark.

Chief Clerk—John J. Cook.

JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DE-PARTMENT.

Judge Advocate-General—Col. G. N. Lieber. Assistant—Maj. J. N. Morrison. Chief Clerk—Lewis W. Call.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

Chief Signal Officer—Brig.-Gen. A. W. Assistant—Capt. Robert Craig. Chief Clerk—Otto A. Nesmith.

PUBLICATION OFFICE—WAR RECORDS.

Board of Publication—Maj. Geo. W. Davis, L. J. Perry, J. W. Kirkley. Assistants—Capt. H. G. Brown, Capt. A. M. Fuller. Agent Collection Confed. Rec.—M. J. Wright.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

BUREAU YARDS AND DOCKS.

Chief—Commodore E. O. Matthews. Lt. Comdr.—J. N. Hempill. Civil Engineer—M. T. Endicott. Prof.—O. G. Dodge.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Chief-Rear Admiral Francis M. Ramsay. Commander-Francis W. Dickens, Asst. to Chief. Lieutenant-Commanders-T. C. McLean, J. M. Hawley. Lieutenant-H. H. Whittlesey. Ensigns-N. E. Irwin and B. B. Bierer.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

Superintendent—Prof. Simon Newcomb. Professors—Prof. W. W. Hendrickson, Prof. H. D. Todd. Assistants—E. J. Loomis, W. S. Harshman, H. B. Hedrick.

OFFICE NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Chief Intelligence Officer—Lt. Comdr. Richard Wainwright.
Lieuts.—I. C. Colwell, W. W. Kimball. E. B. Barry, W. B. Cakerton. W. S. Hogg. H. M. Witzel, W. B. Whittlesey, W. R. M. Field.
Esy, W. R. M. Harrison, L. H. Everharts.

HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

Hydrographer—Commander C. D. Sigsbee. Commander—Z. L. Tanner. Lieutenant Commander—W. H. Everett. Lieutenant—R. G. Davenport.

LIBRARY AND NAVAL WAR RECORDS.

Superintendent—Lieutenant Commander Richard Rush. Lieuts.—C. E. Fox and C. H. Harlow. Professor—E. K. Rawson. Ensign—J. H. Sypher.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Superintendent—Commo. R. L. Pythian. Asst. Lieut. Commander—Walton Goodwin.
Lieuts.—C. H. Lyman, W. V. Bronough. Astronomical Director—Prof. of Matematics, Wm. Harkness.
Professors of Mathematics—J. R. Eastman, Edgar Frisby and S. J. Brown. Assistant Astronomers—A. N. Skinner, H. M. Paul and Geo. A. Hill. Director of Nautical Almanac—Prof. of Mathematics, Simon Newcomb. Professors of Mathematics—W. W. Hendrickson and H. D. Todd. Assistants—E. J. Loomis, H. B. Hedrick and W. S. Harshman.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Chief—Commodore W. T. Sampson. Lieut. Commander—E. C. Pendleton. Lieutenants—A. E. Culver, H. C. Poundstone, V. O. Chase. Ensign—C. Davis. Professor—P. R. Alger.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT.

Commander—F. B. Chadwick. Lieut.-Commander—Washburn Maynard. Lieutenants—Wainwright Kellogg, G. B. Harber, Alex. Sharp, Jr., T. D. Griffin.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS.

Chief Constructor—Philip Hichborn. Naval Constructor—D. W. Taylor. Asst. Constructor—R. B. Dashield.

OFFICE OF JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Judge Advocate-Gen.—Capt. S. C. Lemly, U. S. N. First Lieutenant—C. H. Lanchheimer, U. S. M. C. Ensign—Geo. Mallison.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Surgeon General—J. R. Tyron. Assistant to Bureau—Surgeon J. C. Boyd. Special Duty—P. A. Surgeon E. R. Stitt.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS.

Paymaster-General—Edwin Stewart. Asst. to Chief Paymaster—A. K. Michler, U. S. N. Paymaster—John S. Carpenter. P. A. Paymaster—T. S. Jewett.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.

President—Commodore C. S. Norton. Members—Captains B. J. Cranwell and Geo. W. Coffin.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

President—Med. Director Benj. H. Kidder. Members—Med. Director Dan'l McMurtrie. Surgeon—Walter A. McClurg.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

President—Commodore C. S. Norton.
Members—Med. Director Grove S.
Beardsley, Captains B. J. Cromwell
and Geo. W. Coffin and Medical Inspector Dwight Dickinson.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Engineer-in-Chief—George W. Melville. Chief Engineers—David Smith, Warner B. Bayley, A. B. Caraga and John R. Edwards. Passed Asst. Engineers—R. S. Griffin, H. P. Norton, Gustav Kaemmerling, F. C. Bieg, C. A. E. King, Emil Theiss.

STATE, WAR AND NAVY DEPART-MENT BUILDING.

Supt.—Geo. W. Baird, Chief Engineer.

BOARD OF INSPECTION AND SURVEY.

President—Commodore Geo. Dewey.
Members—Capt. Henry F. Picking,
Comdr. Chas. H. Davis, Medical Director W. K. Van Raypen, Chief Engineer Geo. W. Stivers, Lieut. Comdr.
Seaton Schroeder, Naval Constructor
J. F. Hanscom, Maj. Geo. C. Reid,
Marine Corps, Lieut. S. A. Stanton,
Pay Inspector Arthur Burtis.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.

Surgeon-W. S. Dixon. Surgeon-P. M. Rixey.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.

Medical Director—N. L. Bates. Med. Inspector—John C. Wise. Passed Assts. Surgeons—S. H. Griffith and J. D. Gatewood.

NAVY PAY OFFICE,

Pay Director-F. C. Crosby,

HEADQUARTERS OF UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.

Col. Commandant—Charles Heywood. Adj. and Inspector—Maj. Geo. C. Reid. Quartermaster—Maj. H. B. Lowry. Paymaster—Maj. Green Clay Goodloe. Asst. Quartermaster—F. L. Denny.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Captain—F. H. Harrington. First Lieutenant—Lincoln Karmany. Second Lieutenants—L. J. Magill and M. J. Shaw. Medical Inspector—John C. Wise.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-Gen.—William L. Wil-
son, W. Va\$8,000 Chief Clerk—Blain W. Taylor, W.
Chief Clerk-Blain W. Taylor, W
Va
Asst. AttyGenJohn L. Thomas,
Mo Atty. Gen. John D. Thomas,
Mo
Law Clerk-Wm. A. Milliken,
Tenn 2,500
Tenn
inson, Miss
Supt. and Disbursing Clerk—Rufus
B. Merchant, Va
Topographer—A. Von Haake 2,500
i ropographer—A. von maake 2,500
OFFICE FIDOR ACCIONANT DOCE
OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POST-
MASTER-GENERAL.
First Asst. P. M. GF. H. Jones,
TII 4 000
Ill
Chief Cierk-W. H. Lamar, Md 2,000
Supt. Div. P. O. SupW. A. Bur-
well, Ga 2,000
well, Ga
W. Machen, O

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POST-MASTER-GENERAL.

Second Asst. P. M. GChas. Neil-	
son, Md	
Chief Clerk—George F. Stone, N. Y.	2,000
Supt. Railway Adjustments-J. H.	
Crew, O	2,000
Chief Div. of Inspection-Albert S.	,
Roberts, Tex	2,000
Chief Div. Mail Equipment—R. D.	,
S. Tyler, Mich	1.800
Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service-	,
Jas. E. White, Ill	3.500
Chief Clerk Railway Mail Serv-	-,
ice-Alexander Grant, Mich	
Supt. Foreign Mails-N. M. Brooks,	_,
Va	3,000
Chief Clerk Foreign Mails-R. L.	
Maddox. Ky	2,000

OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POST- MASTER-GENERAL.	OFFICE OF EDUCATION.
Third Asst. P. M. G.—Kerr Craige,	Commissioner—W. T. Harris, Mass. \$3,000 Chief Clerk—Lovick Pierce, Ga 1,800
Third Asst. P. M. G.—Kerr Craige, N. C. \$4,000 Chief Clerk—Madison Davis, D. C. 2,000 Chief Div. Postage Stamps—T. Q.	GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.
Munce	Director—Chas. D. Walcott, N. Y\$6,000 Chief Clerk—Henry C. Rizer, Kas 2,400
OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POST-	CENSUS OFFICE.
MASTER-GENERAL. Fourth Asst. P. M. G.—R. A. Maxwell, N. Y. 4,000 Chief Clerk—George V. Chapin, N.	Commr. of Labor in Charge—C. D. Wright, Mass
Chief Clerk—George V. Chapin, N. Y	
Chief Div. of Appointments—Carter B. Keen, Maine	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.
Chief Div. of Appointments—Carter B. Keen, Maine	Atty. Gen.—Judson Harmon, Ohio. 8,000 Solicitor-Gen.—Holmes Conrad, Va. 7,000 Asst. AttyGen.—Edw. B. Whit- ney, N. Y
Thos. M. Owen, Ala	Aggt Attr Con C P Howry
INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.	Asst. Atty-Gen.—J. E. Dodge, Wis. 5,000 Asst. Atty-Gen. (Dept. of Int.)
Secretary—David R. Francis, Mo 8.000 First Asst. Sec.—W. H. Sims, Miss. 4,500 Asst. Sec.—J. M. Reynolds, Pa 4,000 Chief Clerk—Emmett Womack, Ga. 2,750	Asst. AttyGen.—J. E. Dodge, Wis. 5,000 Asst. AttyGen. (Dept. of Int.), I. H. Lionberger, Mo
GENERAL LAND OFFICE.	E. Faison, N. C
Commissioner—S. W. Lamoreaux, Wis. 5,000 Asst. Com.—Emory F. Best, Ga 3,000 Chief Clerk—Ernst Schwartz, Wis 2,250	A. J. Bentley, O
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.	Atty. in Charge of Pardons—Wm. C. Endicott, Jr., Mass
Commissioner—D. M. Browning, 111	Appointment and Disouring Oleik —Henry Rechtin, Ohio
PENSION OFFICE.	
Commissioner—D. I. Murphy, Pa. 5,000 First Deputy Com.—N. J. T. Dana, N. H	TURE.
Til. Chief Clerk—Jos. M. McCoy, W. Vo. Medical Referee—T. Featherston- augh, N. Y. 3,000	Secretary—J. Sterling Morton, Neb. 8,000 Asst. Sec.—Chas. W. Dabney, Jr., Tenn
OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.	Appointment Clerk—J. B. Bennett, Wis
Commissioner—Wade Hampton, S. C	Moore, Ill
PATENT OFFICE.	Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Ind 2.500 Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y. 2.500
Commissioner—John S. Seymour, 5,000 Conn. 5,000 Asst. Com.—Samuel T. Fisher, Mass. 3,000	try—D. E. Salmon, N. J
Chief Clerk-Geo. L. Morton, Ohio 2,250	Pomologist—S. B. Heiges, Pa 2,500

Chief of Div. of Vegetables, Physiology and Pathology—B. T. Galloway, Mo. \$2,500 Chief of Division of Soils—Militon Whitney, Md. \$2,500 Chief of Division of Agrostology—F. Lamson-Scribner, Tenn 2,500 Director Office of Experiment Stations—A. C. True, Conn	UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION. Commissioners—John R. Procter, Ky.; William G. Rice, N. Y.; John B. Harlow, Mo
INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE. Public Printer—T. E. Benedict, N. Y	e, Illinois. gan. ssachusetts. iss, New York. jornia. land

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

From March 4, 1897, to March 3, 1899.—Republicans, 49; Democrats, 32; People's Party, 5; Doubtful, 4.

(r) republican; (d) democrat; (p) populist.

THE SENATE.

Garret A. Hobart, Vice-President, Presiding.

,	
John T. Morgan, dSelma 1901 E. W. Pettus, dDallas 1903	John M. Thurston, rOmaha1901 William V. Allen, pMadison1899
James H. Berry, dBentonville 1901 A Democrat1903	William M. Stewart, p. Carson City 1899 A Populist
CALIFORNIA. Stephen M. White, d Los Angeles 1899 Geo. C. Perkins, r Oakland 1903	NEW HAMPSHIRE. William E. Chandler, r. Concord1901 A Republican1903
COLORADO. Edward O. Wolcott, rDenver	NEW JERSEY. William J. Sewell, r
Joseph R. Hawley, r Hartford 1899 A Republican	Edward Murphy, Jr., d. Troy
DELAWARE. 1901 George Gray, d	Marion Butler, p
Samuel Pasco, dMonticello1899 A Democrat	William N. Roach, dLarimore1899 A Republican
Augustus O. Bacon, d Macon	John Sherman, rMansfield1899 Joseph B. Foraker, rColumbus1903 OREGON.
George L. Shoup, r Salmon City 1901 A Silver Republican	George W. McBride, rPortland1901 A Republican
Shelby M. Cullom, r Springfield1901 Wm. E. Mason, r Chicago1903	Matthew S. Quay, rBeaver
David S. Turpie, dIndianapolis1899 A Republican	George P. Wetmore, r Newport 1901 Nelson W. Aldrich, r Providence 1899 SOUTH CAROLINA.
John H. Gear, r Burlington 1901 William B. Allison, r Dubuque 1897 KANSAS.	Benjamin R. Tillman, d.Trenton1901 A Democrat
A Populist	Richard F. Pettigrew, r. Sioux Falls 1901 Doubtful
William Lindsay, d. Frankfort1901 Doubtful	Isham G. Harris, d
Donelson Caffery, d Franklin1901 Samuel D. McEnery, d. New Orleans1903 MAINE.	Roger Q. Mills, dCorsicana1899 UTAH. Frank G. CannonOgden1899
William P. Frye, r. Lewiston 1901 Eugene Hale, r. Ellsworth 1899 MARYLAND. MARYLAND.	A Silver Republican1903
Arthur P. Gorman, d Laurel 1899 George L. Wellington, r. Cumberland 1903 MASSACHUSETTS. Goorge F. Hoor r. Worrester 1901	Redfield Proctor, rProctor1899 Justin S. Morrill, rStrafford1897 VIRGINIA. Thomas S. Martin, dScottsville1924
George F. Hoar, r. Worcester. 1901 Henry C. Lodge, r. Nahant. 1899 MICHIGAN. James McMillan, r. Detroit. 1901	John W. Daniel, dLynchburg1899 WASHINGTON. John L. Wilson, rSpokane1899
Julius C. Burrows, rKalamazoo1899 MINNESOTA. Knut Nelson, rAlexandria1901	A Republican
Cushman K. Davis, rSt. Paul1899 MISSISSIPPI. Edward C. Walthall, d. Grenada1901	WISCONSIN. John L. Mitchell, dMilwaukee1899
James Z. George, dCarrollton1809 MISSOURI. Francis M. Cockrell, dWarrensburg. 1899	John C. Spooner, rMadison1903 WYOMING. Francis E. Warren, rCheyenne1901
MONTANA. Thomas H. Carter, r Helena1901	Clarence D. Clark, rEvanston1899
Lee Mantle, rButte1899	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (r), 204; Democrats (d), 122; Populists (p), 14; Silverites (s), 3. Those marked * served in the LIVth congress. Those marked † served in a previous house.

Speaker-Thomas B. Reed, Maine.

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home. Post-office.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ALABAMA. Geo. W. Taylor, d Jesse F. Stallings, d*. Henry D. Clayton, d T. S. Plowman, d Willis Brewer, d John H. Bankhead, d* Milford W. Howard, p Joseph Wheeler, d* O. W. Underwood, d	Linden. Greenville. Eufaula. Talladega. Hayneville. Fayette. Fort Payne. Wheeler. Birmingham.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ILLINOIS, cont. Benj. F. Marsh, r* W. H. Hinrichsen, d. James A. Connolly, r*. Thomas M. Jett, p Andrew J. Hunter, d. James R. Campbell, d Jehu Baker, p George W. Smith, r*. INDIANA.	Warsaw. Jacksonville. Springfield. Hillsboro. Paris. McLeansboro. Belleville. Murphysboro.
1 2 3 4 5 6	ARKANSAS. P.D. McCulloch, Jr., d* John S. Little, d Thomas C. McRae, d* William L. Terry, d*. Hugh A. Dinsmore, d* H. S. Brundrige, d	Marianna. Greenwood. Prescott. Little Rock. Fayetteville. Searcy.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Jas. A. Hemenway, r*. Robert W. Miers, d T. W. Zenor, d Wm. S. Holman, d† George W. Faris, r* Henry U. Johnson, r* Jesse Overstreet, r*	Boonville. Bloomington. Corydon. Aurora. Terre Haute. Richmond. Franklin.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	CALIFORNIA. John A. Barham, r* Marion DeVries, d Samuel G. Hilborn, r*. James G. Maguire, d* Eugene F. Loud, r* C. A. Barlow, p G. H. Castle, p	Santa Rosa. Stockton. Oakland. San Francisco. San Francisco. San Miguel. Mercedes.	8 9 10 11 12 13	Charles L. Henry, r Charles B. Landis, r E. D. Crumpacker, r Goorge W. Steele, r† James M. Robinson, p. Lewis W. Royse, r* IOWA. Sanuel M. Clark, r* George M. Curtis, r*.	Anderson. Delphi. Valparaiso. Marion. ColumbiaCity. Warsaw. Keokuk.
$\frac{1}{2}$	John F. Shafroth, s*. John C. Bell, p*	Denver. Montrose.	1 2 3 4 5 6	George M. Curtis, r*. D. B. Henderson, r*. Thomas Updegraff, r*	Clinton. Dubuque. McGregor.
1 2 3 4	CONNECTICUT. E. Stevens Henry, r*. NehemiahD. Sperry, r* Charles A. Russell, r* Ebenezer J. Hill, r*. DELAWARE. L. I. Handy, d	Rockville. New Haven. Killingly. Norwalk.	8 9 10 11	D. B. Henderson, r*. Thomas Updegraff, r* Robert G. Cousins, r*. John F. Lacey, r*. John A. T. Hull, r* Wm. P. Hepburn, r*. J. P. Dolliver, r*. George D. Perkins, r* KANSAS.	Tipton. Oskaloosa. Des Moines. Clarinda. Greenfield. Fort Dodge. Sioux City.
$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	S. M. Sparkman, d* R. W. Davis, d	Tampa. Palatka.	1 2	AtL'ge-J. D. Botkin,p	Neodesha. Holton.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	GEORGIA. Rufus E. Lester, d* James M. Griggs, d. E. B. Lewis, d W. C. Adamson, d L. F. Livingston, d*. Charles L. Bartlett, d John W. Maddox, d. William M. Howard, d Farish C. Tate, d* W. H. Fleming, d UGAHO. James Gunn, d ILLINOIS.	Savannah. Dawson. Montezuma. Carrollton. Kings. Macon. Rome. Lexington. Jasper. Augusta. Brunswick. Boise City.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9	Case Broderick, r. M. S. Peters, d. E. R. Ridgely, p. Charles Curtis, r* W. D. Vincent, p. N. B. McCormick, p. Jerry Simpson, pri KENTUCKY. Charles K. Wheeler, d. John D. Clardy, d* John S. Rhea, d. David H. Smith, d. Walter Evans, r* Albert S. Berry, d*. Albert E. Settle, d. George M. Davison, r. Samuel J. Pugh, r*.	Kansas City. Pittsburg. Topeka. Clay Center. Phillipsburg. Medicine L'ge. Paducah. Newstead. Russellville. Hodgenville. Louisville. Newport. Owenton. Stanford. Vanceburg.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	James R. Mann, r Wm. Lorimer, r*. Hugh R. Belknap, r*. Daniel W. Mills, r*. George E. White, r*. George E. Foss, r*. Albert J. Hopkins, r*. George W. Prince, r*. George W. Prince, r*. Joseph G. Cannon, r*. Joseph V. Graff, r*.	Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Chicago. Aurora. Mount Morris. Galesburg. Streator. Danville. Clinton. Pekin.	10 11 1 2 3 4 5 6	Samuel J. Pugh, r*. T. Y. Fitzpatrick, d David G. Colson, r*. LOUISIANA. Adolph Meyer, d* Robert C. Davey, d Robert Broussard, d Henry W. Ogden, d* S. T. Baird, d S. M. Robertson, d* MAINE. Thomas B. Reed, r* Nelson Dingley, Jr., r* Seth L. Milliken, r* Charles A. Boutelle, r*	Prestonburg. Middleboro. New Orleans. New Orleans. New Iberia. Benton. Moorehouse. Baton Rouge. Portland. Lewiston. Belfast.

$\begin{array}{ll} {\rm HOUSE} \ \ {\rm OF} \ \ {\rm REPRESENTATIVES-Continued.} \end{array}$

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-Office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-Oflice.
1	MARYLAND. Isaac A. Barber, r	Easton. Aberdeen.	5 6	NEBRASKA—cont. J. D. Sutherland, p William L. Green, p.	Hastings. Kearney.
$\frac{2}{3}$	Wm. B. Baker, r* William S. Booze, r	Baltimore.		F. G. Newlands, s *	Reno.
4 5 6	Sidney E. Mudd, rf	Baltimore. Laplata. Rockville.	1 2	NEW HAMPSHIRE. Cyrus A. Sulloway, r* Frank G. Clark, r	Manchester. Peterboro.
1	MASSACHUSETTS. Ashley B. Wright, r*.	North Adams.	1	NEW JERSEY.	Paulsboro.
2	Frederick H. Gillett,r*	Springfield. Worcester.	2	John J. Gardner, r* Benj. F. Howell, r* Mahlon Pitney, r* James F. Stewart, r* Richard W. Parker, r*	Atlantic City. New Brunsw'k
3 4	Frederick H. Gillett,F. Joseph H. Walker, r*. Geo. W. Weymouth, r William S. Knox, r*. William H. Moody, r* William E. Barrett, r Samuel W. McCall, r*. John F. Fitzgerald,d* S. J. Rorrows r. R. S. P. Rorrows r. S. J. Rorrows r.	Fitchburg.	2 3 4	Benj. F. Howell, r	Morristown.
4 5 6 7	William S. Knox, r*	Lawrence. Haverhill.	5	James F. Stewart, r*	Paterson. Newark.
7	William E. Barrett, r	Melrose.	6 7	Richard W. Parker, r	Jersey City. Elizabeth.
8	Samuel W. McCall, r*	Winchester. Boston.	8	Thos. McEwan, Jr.,r* Charles N. Fowler, r*	Elizabeth.
10	S. J. Barrows, r Charles F. Sprague, r Wm. C. Lovering, r John Simpkins, r*	Boston.	1	Charles N. FOWIER, F. NEW YORK. Joseph M. Belford, r* Denis M. Hurley, r*. Francis H. Wilson, r* Israel F. Fischer, r* Charles G. Bennett.r*.	Riverhead.
11	Charles F. Sprague, r	Boston. Taunton.	2	Denis M. Hurley, r*.	Brooklyn. Brooklyn.
12 13	John Simpkins, r*	Yarmouth.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Francis H. Wilson, r	Brooklyn.
	Toba P Corlies r	Detroit.	5	Charles G. Bennett,r*	Brooklyn. Brooklyn.
$\frac{1}{2}$	George Spalding, r* Albert M. Todd, p	Monroe.	6	James R. Howe, r* J. H. G. Vehslage, d John M. Mitchell, r*. Thomas J. Bradley, d Amos J. Cummings,d*	New York city.
3	Albert M. Todd, p Edw. L. Hamilton, r.	Albion. Niles.	8	John M. Mitchell, r*.	New York city.
4 5	Wm. Alden Smith, r*.	Grand Rapids.	10	Thomas J. Bradley, a	New York city.
- 6	Wm. Alden Smith, r*. Samuel W. Smith, r Horace G. Snover, r*.	Pontiac. Port Austin.	11	William Suizer, u	New York city,
7 8			12 13	Geo. B McClellan, d* Robert C. Shannon,r*	Brooklyn. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. New York city. Port Cityester
9	Roswell P. Bishop, r. Rosseau O. Crump, r.	Ludington. Bay City.	14	Lemuel E. Quigg, r*.	New York city.
10 11	William I. Mesick, r. Carlos D. Sheldon, r.	Mancelon.	15 16	Philip B. Low, r	Port Chester.
12	Carlos D. Sheldon, r	Houghton.	17	Geo. B McClellan, d'Robert C. Shannon,** Lemuel E. Quigg, r*. Philip B. Low, r* William L. Ward, r Benj. B. Odell, Jr., r* John H. Ketcham, r† Aaron V. Cochran, r. Geo. N. Southwick,r* David Wilber, r†* Lucien L. Littauer,r.	Newburg. Dover Plains.
1	MINNESOTA. James A. Tawney, r* James T McCleary, r Joel P. Heatwole, r.	Winona.	18 19	John H. Ketcham, r.	Hudson.
$\tilde{2}$	James T McCleary, r	Mankato. Northfield.	20	Geo. N. Southwick,r*	Albany. Oneonta.
1 2 3 . 4	I F. C. Stevens, r	, Do. 1 aa.	21 22	David Wilber, rr	Gloversville.
. 5	Loren Fletcher, r* Page Morris, r	Duluta.	23	Lucien L. Littauer,r. W. T. Foote, Jr., r* C. A. Chickering, r*	Port Henry. Copenhagen.
. 5 6 7	Frank M. Eddy, r*	Glenwood.	24 25	James S. Sherman, r	Utica.
	MISSISSIPPI.	1 -	1 26	James S. Sherman, r* George W. Ray, r* James J. Belden, r*	Norwich. Syracuse.
$\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 4$	John M. Allen, d* W. V. Sullivan, d	Oxford.	27	Sereno E. Payne, r*	Auburn.
3			29	Charles W. Gillett, r	Addison. Geneseo.
4 5	John S. Williams, d*	Yazoo City.	30	Henry C. Brewster, r	Rochester.
5 6 7	A. F. For, d	Woodville. Brandon.	11 32	Sereno E. Payne, r* Charles W. Gillett, r* Jas. W. Wadsworth, r* Henry C. Brewster, r* Rowl'nd B. Mahany, r*	Buffalo. Buffalo.
. '	MISSOURI.	1	33	Dealva S. Alexander, Warren B. Hooker, r	
1	Vacant Bodine, d.	Paris.	11	PROPERTY CAROLINA	I .
1 2 3 4 5 6	Alex. M. Dockery, d	" Canatin		Harry Skinner, p* George H. White, r John E. Fowler, p William F. Stroud,p*	Tarboro.
4	Charles F. Cochran, Wm S. Cowherd, d.	Kansas City.		John E. Fowler, p	Clin on. Pittsboro.
ě	Wm. S. Cowherd, d. D. A. De Armond, d.	Butler. Marshall.	4 5	W. W. KIRCHIII, a	D
7	James A. Cooney, d. Richard P. Bland, d.	Lebanon.	6	Charles H Martin, p	Polkton.
		I DOMI & GIEGH	1 8		Taylorsville.
10 11	Charles F. Joy, r*	* St. Louis. St. Louis. St. Louis.	9	Richmond Pearson,	Asheville.
1:	Charles E. Pearce,	St. Louis. Perryville.	- 11	NORTH DAKOTA. Martin N. Johnson,r	Petersburg.
1: 1-	Bdward A. Robb, d.	Cape Girard'	ս	OHIO.	Cincinnati.
1	, I M. E. Benton, a	Neosho.	1 2 3	Jacob H. Bromwell,r	* Cincinnati.
	MONTANA. Chas. S. Hartman, I		8	John L. Brenner, p. Geo. A. Marshall, p.	Sidney.
	NEBRASKA.	1	4	David Meekison, p.	Napoleon.
	Jesse B. Strode, r*. David H. Mercer, r	*. Omaha.	6	David Meekison, p Seth W. Brown, r Walter L. Weaver, r	Lebanon. Springfield.
:			5 6 7 8	Archibald Lybrand,	Delaware.
	William L. Stark, p	Autora.	,, ,	+	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

OHIO, cont. Jans. N. Southard, r* Lucien J. Fenton, r* Chas. H. Grosvenor, r* H. C. Van Voorhis, r* John A. McDowell, p John McJele, p John	Dis	Representatives.	Home	Di	s. Representatives.	Home
James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Norton, d. James A. Northway, r* John A. McDowell, p. John M. Caresville. The John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John M. Caresville. The John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John A. McDowell, p. John M. Crarklage, d. John W. Crarkford, d. John W. Lawren, d. William E. John W. Crarkford, d. John W. Crarkford, d			Post-Office.		s. itepresentatives.	Post-office.
7 J. Wm. Stokes, d* SOUTH DAKOTA. At Large. John E. Kelly, d Freeman Knowles, p. Deadwood. 8 Edward S. Minor, r* Alex. Stewart, r* John J. Jenkins, r* Wausau. Chippe'a Falls John E. Osborne, d Rowlins.	101 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	Jas. N. Southard, r. Lucien J. Fenton, r. Chas. H. Grosvenor, John J. Lentz, d James A. Norton, d. Winfield S. Kerr, r.* H. C. Van Voorhis, Lorenzo Danfort, r. John A. McDowell, Robert W. Taylor, r. S. A. Northway, r.* Lorenzo Danfort, r. John A. McDowell, Robert W. Taylor, r. S. A. Northway, r. S. S. McGon, r. R. S. McGon, r. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. Wilson, d. S. McGon, R. McGon, R. S. Wilson, d	Glenwood. Cleveland. Cleveland. Cleveland. Cleveland. Cleveland. Cleveland. Cleveland. Hillsboro. Heppner. Glenwood. Erie. Philadelphia. Philadelphia. Philadelphia. Philadelphia. Philadelphia. Chester. Norristown. Easton. Reading. Lancaster. Scranton. Wilkesbarre. Minersville. Harrisburg. Towanda. Wellsboro. Shamokin. Chambersburg. Gettysburg. Altoona. Greensburg. Pittsburg. Altoona. Greensburg. Fittsburg. Allegheny. Washington. Beaver. Conneautville. Warren. Dubois. Newport. Stillwater. Beaufort. Parksville. Benton. Spartansburg. Lancaster. Bennettsville. Orangeburg.	8 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	W. P. Brownlow, r. Henry, R. Gibson, r. John A. Moon, d. Benton McMillin, d. J. D. Richardson, d. John W. Gaines, d. Nicholas N. Cox, d. T. W. Simms, d. Rice A. Pierce, d. E. W. Carmack, d. T. W. Simms, d. Rice A. Pierce, d. E. W. Carmack, d. T. W. Simms, d. Rice A. Pierce, d. E. W. Carmack, d. John W. Crawford, d. Joseph W. Bailey, d. R. E. Burke, d. R. E. Burke, d. R. E. Burke, d. R. S. Henry, d. S. W. T. Lanham df. Joseph D. Sayers, d. R. B. Hawley, r. Rudolph Kleberg, d. J. L. Slayden, d. John H. Stephens, d. WTAH. William H. King, d. WERMONT. WIRGINIA. William A. Young, d. John B. Lamb, d. Sidney P. Epes, d. William A. Jones, d. William A. Young, d. John B. Lamb, d. Sidney P. Epes, d. James Hayes, d. James Hayes, d. James Hayes, d. James H. Lewis, p. Washington. At Large. James H. Lewis, p. William C. Jones, p. West Virginia. B. B. Dovener, r. Ledw. Sauerhering, r. John B. Barney, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John Sauerle, r. John J. Jenkins, r. J. Jenkins, r.	Ranxville. Chattanooga. Carthage. Murfreesboro. Nashville. Franklin. Linden Union City. Memphis. Huntsville, Woodville. Mineola. Sulph'r Spr'gs. Gainesville. Dallas. Waco. Mathusford. Bastrop. Galveston. Cuero. San Antonio. Vernon. Provo. Morrisville. Barton. Warsaw. Norfolk. Richmond. Nottoway. Chatham. Lynchburg. Madison C. H. Culpeper. Wytheville. Staunton. Seattle. Spokane. Wheeling. Phillippi, Addison. Jackson. Racine. Maysville. Maysville. Meeding. Milwaukee. West Bend. Dshkosh. Eau Claire. Sturgeon Bay. Wausau. Chippe'a Falls

TERRITORIES.

Marcus A. Smith, d	ARIZONA.	
H. B. Ferguson, d		
T. Y. Callahan, p		

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

Alabama														
California 1850	States.	Admitted.	Under constitu- tion. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,700.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,680.	Seventh census. Ratio 93,423.	ens 127,	Ninth census. Ratio 131, 425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173, 501.
10041	Arkansas. California. Colo ado Connecticut. Delaware Florida Georgia. Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa. Kansas. Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts. Michigan Minsesota. Mississippi Missouri. Montana Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New York. North Carolina North Dakota. Ohio. Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina. South Dakota. Fennessee Texas Utah Vermont. Virginia. Washington. West Virginia Washington. West Virginia Wyoming	1836 1850 1876 1890 1818 1816 1816 1816 1816 1817 182 1817 182 1817 182 1838 1817 1864 1864 1864 1864 1864 1864 1864 1864	3 	8 14	1 4 46 65 6 17 12 2 8 84 42 22	6 10 20 20 21 3 4 6 27 13 6 6 23 23 2 2 9	61 77 11 3 37 91 13 11 11 12 66 63 34 13 14 26 2 9 9	13 3 8 8 12 2 2 2 2 2 1 3 13 13 13 13 15 15 11 15 15 11 15 1	1 8 8 7 10 10 4 7 6 10 3 3 4 5 5 34 9 21 11	22 24 11 18 8 9 11 22 5 7 33 8 8 21 125 22 6 6 10 22 3 11 25 25 6 6 10 11 12 12 13 13 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 6 1 9 9 5 5 5 5 10 6 2 2 5 9 9 1 1 2 4 2 2 4 4 4	44 114 129 330 10 1933 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	61 4 12 10 12 10 11 11 12 13 11 11 11 11 12 13 11 12 13 13 14 11 11 12 13 13 14 14 15 16 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	9 6 7 2 4 1 1 2 2 13 3 11 1 6 4 6 6 13 3 12 2 2 30 0 2 2 7 7 7 15 1 6 1 1 2 2 4 10 0 2 4 4 10 357
	Total	1	00	103	141	101	1 210]	====		

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 54TH AND 55TH CONGRESSES.

STATES.	FIFTY- FOURTH CONGRESS*			STATES.	FIFTY- FOURTH CONGRESS.*			FIFTY- FIFTH CONGRESS.		H			
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.		Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.
Alabama Arkansas. California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusets Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	8 6 1 2 11 1 6 6 6 7 5	6 1 4 1 1 1 21 13 11 7 7 5 4 3 12 12 7 10 1 1 5	1 1 1 1	8 6 6 2 1 2 11 1 5 4 2 7 6 1 2 7 11\$ 4	3 4 17 9 11 2 4 6 12 10 7 3 2	1 2 2 2 4 4 1 [Nevada NewHampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyomiug Total	6 3 .2 .7 .7 .6 12 .9	28 28 4 1 19 2 28 2 2 4 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	1 2 2 3	5 3 8 12 1 8 2 1 134†	29 5 115 227 27 2 27 2 1 2 1 10 206†	16‡

^{*}As constituted at the beginning of the first session. †Including 15 members classed as Fusionists. ‡Including three members classed as Silver party. §There s one vacant seat (Missouri).

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, IN 1856

•			SE	NAT	Е.		House of Representatives.				
Congresses.	Years.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV	1857-1859 1859-1861 1861-18631 165-18631 1865-1867 1867-1879 1871-1879 1871-1879 1873-1875 1875-1877 1877-1879 1879-181 1881-1883 1883-1855 1885-1887 1891-1893 1891-1893 1891-1893 1893-1895	39 38 10 9 11 11 11 17 20 29 39 44 38 36 34 37 37 39 44 39 34	20 26 31 36 41 42 58 57 47 43 36 32 37 40 ⁵ 42 42 39 39 47 38 42 45	5 2		72 23 12 14 26 36 56 118	131 101 42 75 40 49 78 103 92 168 151 1148 138 198 204 168 159 236 220 104 134	92 113 106 102 145 143 151 138 194 107 146 129 146 120 153 166 88 126 246 206	14 23	28	9

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats. ¹During the Civil War most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Congress. ²Liberal Republicans. ³Greenbackers. ¹David Davis, Independent, of Illinois, °Two Virginia Senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. °People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. 7Three Senatives at were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled khode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. °Seven Populists, three Silver Republicans, one Silver prisonist. °Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹ºIncluding three members classed as silver party. There is one vacancy.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

(*356 MEMBERS.)

STATES.	No. of Con- gress- men.	STATES.	No. of Con- gress- men.
Alabama (increase 1) Arkansas (increase 1) California (increase 1) Colorado (increase 1) Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia (increase 1) Idaho Illinois (increase 2) Indiana Iowa Kansas (increase 1) Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts (increase 1) Michigan (increase 1) Minnesota (increase 2) Mississippi Missouri (increase 1)	9 6 7 2 4 1 1 22 11 1 22 13 11 8 6 4 6 13 12 7 15	Montana Nebraska (increase 3) Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey (increase 1) New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oregon (increase 1) Penns Ivania (increase 2) Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Texas increase 2) Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin (increase 1) Wyoming	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 10 1 1 3 2 2 4 4 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

^{*}Under the tenth census the lower house contained 325 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the tenth census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1393.)

Constitution. First census Second census. Third census Fourth census Fifth census Sixth census Seventh census Eighth census Tinth census Tenth census Tenth census	1789 1793 1803 1813 1823 1833 1843 1853 1863 1873 1883 1883	Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio. Ratio.	30,000 33,000 35,000 40,000 47,700 70,680 93,423 127,381 131,425 151,911 173,901	Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives Whole Number of Representatives	65 105 141 181 213 240 223 233 243 293 325 356
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FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Argentine Republic.	Dr. Martin G. Merou Senor Antonio del Viso	E. E. and M. P.
Austria-Hungary	Mr. L. H. von Hengervar Prince Raoul Wrede	E. E. and M. P.
Belgium	Mr. Alford Le Ghait Mr. Maurice Joostens	E. E. and M. P.
Brazil	Senhor Salvador de Mendonca Senhor Manoel de O. Lima Senhor Alfredo de A. Braudao	E. E. and M. F. Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P. Counsellor of Legation. E. E. and M. P. Counellor of Legation. E. E. and M. P. First Sacretary. Second Secretary.
Chile	Senor Don Domingo Gana	E. E. and P. M. First Secretary.
Ohina	Mr. Yang Yu	E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Secretary.
Colombia	Mr. H. W. Hoo. Mr. Chung M. Y Senor Don Jose M. Hurtado Senor don Julio Rengifo	Secretary. Translator and Attache. E. E. and M. P. Coupedor First Secretary.
Costa Rica Denmark Ecuador	Senor Don Joaquin B. Calvo Mr. Constantin Brun Senor Don L. F. Carbo	E. E. and M. P. Councelor, First Secretary. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P.
France	Mr. J. Patenotre	A. E. and P. First Secretary. Military Avtache. Chancellor.
Germany	Mr. Jules Bœufve Baron Max von Thielemann. Mr. von Reichenau Mr. A. von Bruening.	A. E. and P. Counselor, First Secretary. Second Secretary.
Great Britain	Mr. A. von Bruening. Sir J. Pauneefote, G. C. B., G. C. M. G. Viscount Gough. Hon. Henry O. Bax-Ironsides. Mr. Reginald Tower.	A. E. and P. Secretary of Embassy. Second Secretary. Second Secretary.
Guatemala Haiti	The Earl of Westmeath Senor Don A. L. Arriaga Mr. J. M. Leger	Attache. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation.
Hawaii Italy	Mr. J. M. Leger Mr. J. Nicolas Mr. F. M. Hatch Baron de Fava Count Vinci Marquis P. di Montagliari	E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. Secretary Legation. Attache.
Jap an	Marquis P. di Montagliari Mr. Toru Hoshi Mr. Durham W. Stevens Comdr. N. Miyaoka, I. J. N Mr. Chin Pom Ye Mr. Rong Sun Pak	E. E. and M. P. Counselor of Legation. Naval Attache.
Korea	Mr. Chin Pom Ye	E. E. and M. P.
Mexico	Senor Don Matias Romero Senor Don Jose F. Godoy. Senor Don Luis G. Pardo Senor Don Enrique Santibanez	Secretary. E. E. and M. P. First Sec. and Charge d'Af. Second Secretary. Second Secretary.
Netherlands Portugal Russia	Mr. G. de Weckherlin. Viscount de Santo-Thyrso Mr. E. de Kotzebue Mr. de Vallant	E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. E. E. and M. P. First Secretary.
Spain	Mr. M. de Meck. Senor Don Enrique D. de Lome Senor Don Zamon G. de Ayala Senor Don Luis Pastor	Second Secretary. E. E. and M. P. First Sec. and Charge d'Af. Third Secretary.
	Senor Don A. Benitez Senor Don Alejandro Padilla	Attache.
Sweden and Norway	Mr. A. Grip Mr. N. J. Knagenhjelm Mr. J. B. Pioda	Military Attache. E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation. Charge d'Affaires.
Switzerland	Mr. J. B. Pioda Dr. L. Vogel	Charge d'Affaires. Sec. Leg. and Charge d'Af. E. E. anl M. P.
Turkey	Dr. L. Vogel Mustapha Bey M. Novighian Effendi	First Sceretary.
Venezuela	Senor Jose Andrade	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

JANUARY 17, 1897.

EXPLANATION—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

C. Max Manning, Sec Monrovia Georgia 1,500 Mexico Matt. W. Ransom, E.E.& M.P. Mexico N. Carolina 17,500 Robert Ransom, 2d Sec Mexico N. Carolina 2,000					
Austria-Hungary	Country.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Bartlett Tripp, E. E. & M. P. Vienna S. Dakota 12,000 Vienna Pennsylvania 1,800 Vienna	Argentine Rep'lic.		Buenos Ayres.	Iowa	\$10,000
Lawrence Townsend, S. of L. Capt. Jos. H. Dorst, Mil. At Lieut, A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Lieut, A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Lieut, A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Lieut, A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Vienna Pennsylvania 1,800	Anatria Umpagnu	Geo. W. Fishback, Sec. of Leg.	Buenos Ayres.		1,500
Belgium	Austria-mungary.	Lawrence Townsend, S. of L.	Vienna		1.800
Bolivia		Capt. Jos. H. Dorst, Mil. Att.	Vienna		
Bolivia	Rolaium		Vienna	Tilingia	10.000
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	Deigrum	Lt.Floyd W. Harris, Mil. Att.	Brussels		10,000
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	Bolivia	Thos. Moonlight, E. E & M P.	La Paz	Kansas	5,000
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	Brazil	T. L. Thompson, E. E. & M. P.		California	12,000
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	Chile	Edw. H. Strobel, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago	New York	1 10.000
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	au t	C. R. Simpkins, Sec. of Leg	Santiago	Tennessee	1,500
Edw. K. Lowery, 2d Sec. of Leg Fektin 1,800 1,	China	Charles Denby, E. E. & M. P.	Pekin		12,000
Colombia		Edw. K. Lowry, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Pekin		1.800
Colombia	~	Fleming D. Cheshire	China	New York	3,000
Costa Rica, Nicaragua & Salvador Lewis Baker, E. E. & M. P. Managua Minnesota 10,000 Denmark J. E. Risley, E. E. & M. P. Quito Tennessee 5,077 J. B. Eustis, A. E. & P. Paris Louisiana 17,500 Maj. S. C. Kellogg, Mil. Att Paris Louisiana 2,625 N. B. Eustis, 2d Sec. of Leg Paris Louisiana 2,625 Louisiana 2,626 Louisiana 2,626 Louisiana 2,626 Louisiana 2,626 Louisia	Colombia	L F. McKinney, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota	N. Hampshire.	
Lewis Baker, E. E. & M. P. Managua Minnesota 10,000 Denmark John F. Baker Managua Minnesota 10,000 Ecuador Jas. D. Tillman, E. E. & M. P. Copenhagen France	Costa Rica, Nicar-	Jacob Sleeper, S. of L.& C. G.	nogota	Massachusetts	2,000
Denmark	agua & Salvador		Managua		10,000
Ecuador. Jas. D. Tillman, E. E. & M. P. Quito. Tennessee. 5,079	Donmonle	John F. Baker	Managua	Minnesota	
France		Jas. D. Tillman, E. E. & M. P.	Onito		5 000
Germany		J. B. Eustis, A. E. & P	Paris	Louisiana	17,500
Germany		Henry Vignaud, Sec. of Leg.			2,625
Great Britain		Mai. S. C. Kellogg, Mil. Att			2,000
Great Britain	_	LieutCom. W. S. Sims	Paris		
Sas. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.	Germany	E. F. Uhl, A. E. & P	Berlin	Michigan	17,500
Sas. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.		Herb.G.Squiers.2d Sec. of Em	Berlin	New Jersey	2,625
Sas. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R. R.		Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. At.	Berlin		
John R. Carter	Great Britain	T. F. Bayard, A. E. & P.		Delaware	17,500
Greece, Roumania and Endergene Rouse, E. E. & M. P. Athens N. Carolina 6,500		John R. Carter		New York	2,625
Adleand Servia Guatemala and Honduras Honduras Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P. Guatemala New York 10,000 Hawaiian Islands H. M. Smythe, M. R. & C. G. Portant Prince Virginia 4,000 Hawaiian Islands H. M. Smythe, M. R. & C. G. Honolulu Virginia 4,000 W. MacVeagh, A. E. & P. Rome Pennsylvania 12,000 Larz Anderson, Sec. of Em Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att. Rome Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Rome Lieut. A. B. Niblack, Nav. Att. Tokyo(Yedo) Dist. of Co'b'a Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int. Tokyo(Yedo) Dist. of Co'b'a Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int. Tokyo(Yedo) Dist. of Co'b'a Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int. Seoul. Michigan 7,500 Mexico Matt. W. Ransom, E. E. & M. P. Robert Ransom, E. E. & M. P.		LieutCom.W.S.Cowles, N.A.	London	Connecticut	
Guatemala and Honduras	Greece, Roumania	E Alexander E E & M D	Athona	N Camalina	0.500
Honduras	Guatemala and	E Alexander, E. E. & M. I	Athens	N. Caronna	0,500
Haiti		Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P.		New York	
Hawaiian Islands	Hoiti			New York	2,000
Honduras and Guatemala Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P. Guatemala New York 10,000	Hawaiian Islands.	Ellis Mills, Sec. of Leg. & C. G.		Virginia	4,000
Tally.					
Larz Anderson, Sec. of Em. Rome 1,800		Macgrane Coxe, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala	New York	10,000
Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att. Rome.	10013	Larz Anderson, Sec. of Em			1,800
Korea		Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att	Rome		
Korea	Tanan		Rome	Ohio	12 000
Korea	оаран	J. R. Herod, Sec. of Leg	Tokyo(Yedo).	Indiana	2,625
Korea		W. F. Sands, 2d Sec. of Leg	Tokyo(Yedo).	Dist. of Co'b'a	1,800
I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg Mexico California 2,625	Korea	Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int	Tokyo(Yedo).	New Tork	2,500
I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg Mexico California 2,625		H. N. Allen, Sec. of Leg	Seoul	Ohio	1,500
I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg Mexico California 2,625	Liberia	Wm. H. Heard, M. R. & C. G	Monrovia	Pennsylvania.	1 . 4 000
I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg Mexico California 2,625	Movico	C. Max Manning, Sec	Monrovia	Georgia	1,500
I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg. Mexico. California 2,625 Capt. C. G. Dwyer, Mil. Att. Mexico. The Hague. Michigan 7,500 Netherlands W. E. Quinby, E. E. & M. P. The Hague. Michigan 7,500 Rica and Salva-	MOZICO	Robert Ransom, 2d Sec	Mexico	N. Carolina	2,000
Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salva-		I. Sepulvida, Sec. of Leg	Mexico	California	2,625
Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salva-	Netherlands	Uapt. C. G. Dwyer, Mil. Att	Mexico	Michigan	7 500
Rica and Salva- dor	Nicaragua, Costa	2. Quinoy, 12. 12. & M. F	j incliague	michigan	., 1,505
John F. Baker, Sec. Managua Minnesota 10,000 Managua Minnesota 1,800	Rica and Salva-	T-1-DI BRATES	1 35	1	40.0
1,00	dor	John F. Baker, E. E. & M. P	Managua	Minnesota	. 10,000
		John E. Daker, Dec	managua	i minnesona	., 1,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.—Con.

Country.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Paraguay and Uruguay Persia Peru Portugal Roumania, Greece and Servia Russia Salvador, Costa	Granville Stewart, E.E.& M.P. A. McDonald, M. R. & C. G J. A. McKenzie, E. E. & M. P. Richard R. Neill, Sec. of Leg. G. W. Caruth, E. E. & M. P. E. Alexander, E. E. & M. P. C.R. Breckinridge, E.E. & M. P. H. H. D. Peirce, Sec. of Leg. Lieut, W. S. Sims, Nav. Att.	Montevideo Teheran Lima Lima Lisbon Athens St. Petersburg St. Petersburg St. Petersburg	Montana Virginia Kentucky Pennsylvania. Arkansas N. Carolina Arkansas Massachusetts	\$7,500 5,000 10,000 1,500 7,500 6,500 17,500 2,625
Salvador, Costa Rica and Nica- ragua. Santo Domingo Servia, Greece and Roumania Siam Spain	Lewis Baker, E.E. & M.P John F. Baker, Sec H.M.Smythe, Ch'ge d'Affaires E. Alexander, E.E. & M.P John Barrett, M. R. & C. G H. Taylor, E. E. & M. P. H. Clay Armstrong, Jr., S. of L. IstLieut. J. H.H. Peshine, M. A. Wm. S. Sims, Nav. Attache.	Managua Managua P't-au-Prince. Athens Bangkok Madrid Madrid Madrid Madrid Madrid	Minnesota Minnesota Virginia N. Carolina Oregon Alabama	10,000 1,800 5,000 5,500 5,000 12,000 1,800
Sweden and Norway Switzerland Turkey	T. B. Ferguson, E. E. & M. P John L. Peake, E. E. & M. P A. W. Terrell, E. E. & M. P J. W. Riddle, Sec. of Leg	Stockholm Berne Const'tinople. Const'tinople. Montevideo	Maryland Missouri Texas Minnesota Montana	7,500 7,500 10,000 1,800 7,500
Uruguay and Paraguay Venezuela	Granville Stuart, E.E & M.P. Allon Thomas, E. E. & M. P. W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg Frederick C. Penfield, Agt	Caracas Caracas Cairo	Florida Maryland Connecticut	7,500 1,500 5,000

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC— Buenos Ayres. Cordoba. Rosario	Edward L. Baker J. M. Thome	Illinois	\$2,500 Fees Fees
Austria-Hungary— Budapest, Hungary— Prague, Bohemia————————————————————————————————————	Edward P. T. Hammond C. B. Hurst George R. Ernst J. Edward Nettles Max Judd		Fees 3,000 2,500 2,000 3,500
BELGIUM— Antwerp Brussels. Ghent. Liege.	Harvey Johnson George W. Roosevelt Henry C. Morris. H. W. Gilbert.	Georgia Pennsylvania Illinois New York	3,000 2,500 1,000 1,500
Bolivia— La Paz	Gerard Zalles	Bolivia	Fees
BRAZIL— Bahia. Para Pernambuco. Rio Grande do Sul. Rio de Janeiro. Santos.	Richard P. McDaniel George G. Mathews, Jr John Malcolm Johnstone J. M. Garcia William T. Townes Henry C. Smith	Florida Florida South Carolina Virginia Alabama	2,000 2,000 2,000 Fees 5,000 1,500
CHILE— Antofagasta. Arica. Coquimbo Iquique Valparaiso.	Charles C. Greene David Simpson Joseph W. Merriam James M. Dobbs	Rhode Island	Fees Fees Fees 3,0.0
CHINA— Amoy. Canton. Chefoo Chin Kiang Fuchau. Hankow Niuchwang Shanghai Tien-Tsin	Delaware Kemper Charles Seymour John Fowler Alexander C. Jones J. Courtney Hixon Jacob T. Child J. J. F. Bandinel Thomas R. Jernigan Sheridan P. Read	Virginia Wisconsin Massachusetts Minnesota Alabama Missouri North Carolina New York	3,500 3,500 2,500 3,000 3,000 3,000 Fees 5,000 3,500
COLOMBIA— Barranquilla Bogota Cartagena Colon (Aspinwall) Medellin Panama	John Bidlake Jacob Sleeper Clifford Smyth. Josiah L. Pearcy Thomas Herran. Victor Vifquain	North Dakota Massachusetts New York Tennessee Colombia Nebraska	2,000 2,000 Fees 3,000 Fees 4,000
Costa Rica— San Jose	Harrison R. Williams	Missouri	2,000
DENMARK AND DOMINIONS— Copenhagen	Robert J. Kirk James H. Stewart	South Carolina New York	1,500 2,500
Dominican Republic— Puerto Plata Samana Santo Domingo	Thomas Simpson Jean M. Villian Archibald H. Grimke	Rhode Island Santo Domingo Massachusetts	Fees Fees 1,500
Ecuador— Guayaquil	George G. Dillard	Mississippi	3,000
France and Dominions— Algiers, Africa	Charles T. Grellet	California	Fees

CONSULS-GENERALS, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place	Name.	State.	Salary.
Place.			
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS-Con	T 1 34 W	N Vl-	42 UUU
Dondoous	John M. Wiley Charles W. Shepard Leon Wacongne	New York Massachusetts	\$3,000 Fees
Calais	Loop Wasangna	Guiana	Fees
Cayenne, Guiana Cognac	F. Fitz Gerald	Connecticut	1,500
Goree-Dakar, Africa	Peter Strickland	Massachusetts	F'ees
Granoble	S. H. Keedy	New York	Fees
Grenoble	Jacob E. Dart	Georgia	1,500 3,500
Havre	C. W. Chancellor	Maryland	Fees
	Walter T. Griffin	New York Connecticut	2,500
Limoges Lyons Marseilles Martinique, W. I. Nantes Nice New Caldonia	Walter T. Griffin Frank E. Hyde Claude M. Thomas Julius G. Tucker	Kentucky	2,500
Marseilles	Inline G Tucker	Texas	1.500
Martinique, W.1	C. J. Dietrich	Texas	1.000
Nantes	Wilburn B. Hall	Maryland	1,500
Noumea, New Caledonia	L. Le Mescam	North Carolina	Fees
Paris	Samuel E. Morss	Indiana	5,000
Rheims	Henry P. du Bellet	Texas District of Columbia	2,000 2,000 Fees
Roubaix	Stephen H. Angell	Pennsylvania	E000
Rouen	H. R. Bigelow	Saigon	Fees
Saigon, Cochin China	Edward Schneegans	Pennsylvania	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I	Charles W Whiley Jr.	Delaware	2,000 Fees
St. Etienne St. Pierrie, Miquelon Tahiti, Society Islands Tamatave, Madagascar	George J. Steer		Fees
Tabiti Society Islands	Jacob L. Doty	New York	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar	E. T. Wetter	Georgia	2,000
Tunis, Africa	R. Burton Dinzey Charles W. Whiley, Jr George J. Steer Jacob L. Doty E. T. Wetter Alfred Chapelie	Tunis	Fees
GERMANY—		N W. I.	9 500
Aix-la-Chapelle	William C. Emmet	New York	2,500 2,500
Annaberg	Theodore M. Stephan	Illinois	Fees
Bamberg	Louis Stern	Illinois	3.000
Barmen	Charles de Kay	New York	4,000
Berlin Brømen	George Keenan	Wisconsin	2,500
Breslau	Frederick Opp Edward W. S. Tingle James C. Monaghan William D. Wamer	Texas	1,500
Brunswick	Edward W. S. Tingle	Montana Rhode Island	2,000
Chemnitz	James C. Monaghan	South Carolina	2,500 2,000 2,000 3,000
Cologne	William D. Wamer	Wisconsin	2,000
Crefeld	P. V. Deuster William S. Carroll	Maryland	3,000
Dresden Dusseldorf	Poter Ligher	Indiana	2,000
Frankfort	Frank H. Mason Jacob H. Thieriot Henry C. Carpenter George Sawter	Ohio New Jersey	3,000
FrankfortFreiburg, Baden	Jacob H. Thieriot	New Jersey	Fees
Furth	Henry C. Carpenter	Delaware	2,000 Fees
Glauchau	George Sawter	Connecticut District of Columbia	2 500
Hamburg	William H. Robertson	Pennsylvania	2,500 Fees
Hanover Kehl	Edward P. Crane Edward I. Prickett	Illinois	1.500
Leipsic	Otto Doederlein	Illinois	2,000
Magdeburg	Julius Muth	New York	2,000 2,000 1,500
Mannheim	Max Goldfinger	New York	1,500
Mayence	Perry Bartholow	Missouri	2,500
Munich	Ralph Steiner	Texas	1,500 3,000
Nuremberg	William J. Black Thomas W. Peters Dwight J. Partello	Delaware	2,500
Plauen	Dwight I Partallo	District of Columbia	2,000
Sonneberg Stettin	F. W. Kickbusch	Wisconsin	1,000
Stuttgart	Alfred C. Johnson	Pennsylvania	2,500
Weimar	Thomas E. Moore	District of Columbia	Fees
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMIN-			1 .
ions—	W W Masterson	Vontualry	W.
Aden, Arabia	W. W. Masterson John Patton	Kentucky	Fees 1,500
Amherstburg, Canada	G P Anderson	Michigan District of Columbia	1,500
Antigua, W. I	John Darcy Connolly	California	2,000
Aden, Arabia Amherstburg, Canada Antigua, W. I Auckland, N. Z Barbados, W. I Bathurst, Africa	G. B. Anderson	California Massachusetts	1,500
Rathurst Africa	Henry Goddard		Fees
Belfast, Ireland	James B. Taney	West Virginia	3,000
Belfast IrelandBelize, Honduras	A. E. Morlan	Louisiana	1,500
Belleville, Canada	Michael J. Hendrick	New York	'Fees.

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC. — Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMIN			
IONs—Continued.	1		
Bermuda (Hamilton)	Marshall Hanger	Virginia	ф9 00 0
Birmingham, England		New York	\$2,000 2,500
Bombay, India	Samuel Comfort	New York	Fees
Brigged England	Claude Meeker	. Unio	3.000
Bristol, England		. California	3,000 1,500
Brockville, Canada Calcutta, Indi	James A. Demarest		1.500
Cape Town, Africa. Cardiff, Wales. Ceylon, India Charlottetown, P. E. I.	Van Leer Polk	Tennessee	5,000
Cardiff, Wales	F. W. Roberts Anthony Howells	Maine	1,500
Ceylon, India	William Morey		2,000
Charlottetown, P. E. I	Dominic J. Kane Edwin F. Bishop. George W. Nichols Joel Linsley.	Maine	1,500 1,500
Chatham, Canada	Edwin F. Bishop	New York New York	2,000
Continuol Canada	George W. Nichols	New York	1,500
Coaticook, Canada	Joel Linsley	Vermont	1,500
Collingwood, Canada Cork (Queenstown)	James C. Quiggle	Pennsylvania	Fees.
Demerara, Guiana	Ardrow I Dottomoon	Alabama	2,000 3,000 2,000
Dublin, Ireland	Newton B Ashby	Tennessee	3,000
	John M. Savage	Now Torgan	2,000
Dunfermine, Scotland	James D. Reid. Howard Fox	New York	2,500 2,000
Falmouth, England	Howard Fox	England	Z,000
Dunfermine, Scotland. Falmouth, England. Fort Erie, Canada. Gaspe Basin, Canada.	Ralph Johnson	Iowa New Jersey New York England New York	Fees. 1,500
Gibralton Crain	Almar F. Dickson	Massachusetts	1,000
Glasgow Scotland	Horatio J. Sprague	Massachusetts	1,500
Gaspe Basin, Canada. Gibralter, Spain Glasgow, Scotland. Goderich, Canada. Guelph, Canada. Halifax, N. S. Hamilton, Canada. Hobarta, Tasmania. Hong Kong, China	Allan B. Morse Robert S. Chilton	Michigan	1,000 1,500 3,000
Guelph, Canada	Charles N. Daly	District of Columbia	1,500
Halifax, N. S.		New Jersey	1,500
Hamilton, Canada	Charles F. Macdonald Alexander G. Webster William E. Hunt Frank C. McGhee	Maine Massachusetts	3,500 $2,000$
Hobarta, Tasmania	Alexander G. Webster	Tasmania	Fees.
Hong Kong, China Huddersfield, England	William E. Hunt	Mississippi	5,500
Hull England	Frank C. McGhee	Mississippi	2,500
Hull, England		virginia	Fees.
Kingston, Jamaica Kingston, Canada	Quincy O. Eckford Marshall H. Twitchell Norfleet Harris	Mississippi	3,000
Kingston, Canada Leeds, England Leith (Edinburgh). Liverpool, England London, England London, Canada Malta (island). Manchester, England. Melbourne, Australia	Norfloot Harris	Louisiana	1,500 2,000 2,500
Leith (Edinburgh)	R. J. MacBride	Alabama	2,000
Liverpool, England	James E. Neal.	Wisconsin	2,500
London, England	Patrick A. Collins	Ohio	5,000
London, Canada	William H. Laglec	Indiana	5,000 1,500
Marta (Island)	Daniel C. Kennedy	Missouri	1,500
Melbourne Australia	Daniel C. Kennedy. William F. Grinnell. Daniel W. Maratta James S. Benedict.	New York	3,000
Melbourne, Australia Moncton, N. B Montreal, Canada	Daniel W. Maratta	North Dakota	3,000 <u>4</u> ,500
Montreal, Canada	Wendell A. Anderson	New York Wisconsin	Fees.
Morrisburgh, Canada - 1	Albert Fowler	Wisconsin	4,000
Nassau Newcastle, England Newcastle, N. S. W Nottingham, England	Thomas J. McLain		1,500
Newcastle, England	Thomas J. McLain William S. Campbell	Ohio New York	2,000
Newcastle, N. S. W	W. C. Brown		1,500
Nottingham, England	W. C. Brown Asa D. Dickinson	New York	•Fees. 2,500
Orillia, Canada Ottawa, Canada	James M. Kosse	New York	Fees.
Polmoraton Canada	John B. Riley	New York	3,000
Picton N S	Loton S. Hunt	New York	Fees.
Palmerston, Canada Pictou, N. S	John B. Kiley. Loton S. Hunt. Mark P. Pend eton. Thomas W. Fox. J. Y. Walton. Julian E. Gittings. John P. Campbell		1,500
Port Antonio, Jamaica Port Hope, Canada Port Louis, Mauritius	I V Walton	England Mississippi	Fees.
Port Hope, Canada	Julian E Gittings	Mississippi	Fees.
Port Louis, Mauritius	John P. Campbell. George B. Kilmaster. Arthur M. Clark. John H. Miller.	Maryland	1,500
Port Rowan, Canada Port Sarnia, Canada	George B. Kilmaster	California Michigan	2,000
Port Sarnia, Canada	Arthur M. Clark	Michigan	Fees.
Port Stanley, F. I Port Stanley and St.	John H. Miller	Kentucky	$1,500 \\ 1,500$
Thomas Comal-			1,000
Prescott Canada	George J. Willis	Georgia	2,000
Quebec, Canada	Philip P Canal	Georgia New York	1,500
Sault Ste. Marie. Canada	Philip B. Spence	Kentucky	1,500
Thomas, Canada	Bennington R Rodlo	Kentucky Michigan New Jersey	Fees.
Just Diooks, Canada	James R. Jackson	Now Howards	2,500 $2,000$
Sierra Leone, Africa Singapore, S. S	Robert P. Poolev.	New Hampshire New York	2,000
Singapore, S. S	Charles McCall Bennington R. Bedle James R. Jackson Robert P. Pooley E. Spencer Pratt Warner S. Kinkead	Alabama	1,000
Southampton, England	Warner S. Kinkead	Kentucky	3,000 2,500

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
1 1200.	7141101		
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—Continued. St. George's, Bermuda St. Helena (island) St. Hyaeinthe, Canada St. John, N. B. St. John's, N. F. St. John's, Canada St. Stephen, N. B. Stanbridge, Canada Stratford, Canada Svansea, Wales Sydney, N. S. W. Three Rivers, Canada Trinidad, W. I. Tunistall, England Tunk's Island, W. I. Vancouver, B. C. Wallaceburgh, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada Windsor, Canada	James B. Coffin. Charles Laberge. John S. Derby John T. Barron Thomas Keefe. Edgar Whidden. Daniel G. Furman Luther M. Shaffer L. E. Brown David C. Daviss George W. Bell. Francois X. Belleau John W. Coppinger William C. Foster. Wendell C. Warner William F. Peterson William P. Roberts Isaac G. Worden Edward Young. Matthew M. Duffie. Greenville James Charles, A. O'Connor	Massachusetts New York Maine New York Vermont Maine Vermont West Virginia Wisconsin Washington Maine Illinois Arizona New York Kentucky North Carolina Michigan District of Columbia Arkansas New York New York New Hampshire	Fees. \$1,500 Fees. 2.000 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 Fees 2,000 Fees 2,000 Fees 2,500 Fees 2,500 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500
Greece—Athens	Eben Alexander R. L. Jenkens	North Carolina North Carolina	$_{ m Fees}^{6,500}$
GUATEMALA—Guatemala	D. Lynch Pringle	New York	2,000
HAITI—Cape Haitien Port-au-Prince	Henry M. Smythe	Virginia	1,000 5,000
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS— Honolulu	Ellis Mills	Virginia	4,000
Honduras—Ruatan Tegucigalpa Utilla	J. E. Jarnigan	South Carolina North Carolina South Carolina	1,000 2,000 1,000
ITALY— Castellamare di Stabia Catania Florence Genoa Leghorn Messina Milan Naples Palermo Rome Turin Venice	Henry G. Huntington Louis H. Bruhl. Charles B. Davis, James Fletcher. Alexander S. Rosenthal. Charles M. Caughy D. B. Spagnola Frank A. Dean. William H. Seymour. Wallace S. Jones William E. Mantius. Henry A. Johnson.	Massachusetts. Texas. Pennsylvania Iowa New York. Maryland California Michigan Alabama Florida New York. District of Columbia	1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 2,000 2,000 1,000
JAPAN—Kanagawa Nagasaki Osaka and Hiogo (Kobe)	Nicholas W. McIvor W. H. Abercrombie J. F. Connelly	Iowa New Jersey New Jersey	4,000 3,000 3,000
KOREA—Seoul	John M. B. Sill	Michigan	7,500
LIBERIA-Monrovia	W. H. Heard	Pennsylvania	4,000
Maskat—Maskat			Fees
MEXICO—Acapulco. Chihuahua Durango. Ensenada. La Paz. Matamoras	Edgar Battle. Richard M. Burke. G. E. Kedzie	Texas Illinois Colorado	2,000 Fees Fees Fees Fees 1,500

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
11000	- Tramo:	State.	Salary.
MEXICO—Continued. Mazatean. Merida. Mexico. Nogales. Nuevo Laredo. Paso del Norte Piedras Negras. Saltillo Tampico. Tuxpan Vera Cruz.	Arthur de Cima. R. L. Oliver. Thomas T. Crittenden. R. H. Long. Joseph G. Donnelly. Louis M. Buford. John Woessner. John Maguire. John Drayton. Charles Schaefer.	California	1,500 4,000 1,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 Fees 2,000
Morroco-Tangier	D. N. Burke	New York	2,000
NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—Amsterdam Batavia, Java Curacao, W. I. Padang, Sumatra Paramaribo, Guiana. Rotterdam St. Martin, W. I.	Edward Downes Bradstreet S. Rairden Jervis Spencer Clemens Boon Eli Van Praag Lars S. Reque D. C. Van Romondt	Connecticut Maine Mayland Padang Lowa St. Martin	1,500 1,000 Fees Fees Fees 2,000 Fees
NICARAGUA—Managua San Juan del Norte	Paul Wiesike T. O'Hara	Texas Michigan	2,000 2,000
PARAGUAY—Asuncion	S. W. Thome	Pennsylvania	1,500
Persia—Teheran	Alexander McDonald	Virginia	5,000
Peru-Callao	Leon Jastremski	Louisiana	3,500
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS— Fayal, Azores	Collin C. ManningThomas C. JonesJohn B. WilborW. Stanley HollisE. Beaumont	South Carolina Kentucky New York Massachusetts	1,500 1,500 1,000 Fees
ROUMANIA-Bucharest	Eben Alexander	North Carolina	6,500
Russia— Batoum Helsingfors Moscow Odessa Riga St. Petersburg Warsaw	James C. Chambers Adolph Billhardt. Thomas E. Heenan Neils P. A. Bornholdt. John Karel Joseph Rawie	New YorkOhio Minnesota Denmark Illinois Russia	Fees Fees Fees 2,000 Fees 3,000 Fees
SALVADOR-San Salvador	Otto Munchmeyer	West Virginia	2,000
Samoa—Apia	William Churchill	New York	3,000
SERVIA-Belgrade	Eben Alexander	North Carolina	6,500
SIAM-Bangkok	John Barrett	Oregon	5,000
Alicante. Baracoa, Cuba Barcelona Cadiz. Cardenas, Cuba Cienfuegos, Cuba Corunna Denia. Garrucha Hayana, Cuba Malaga. Manila, Philippines Matanzas, Cuba.	Alfredo T. Triay Herbert W. Bowen Charles L. Adams Joseph L. Hance Cirilo Molino Owen McGarr. J. Harmony Andrew F. Fay. Jose Garcia Suesa Fitzhugh Lee Egnacio F. Hernandez R. M. Burtleman Isaac M. Elliott Alexander C. Brice	Elorida New York Virginia New York Spain Tennessee New York Illinois Spain Virginia Massachusetts New York	Fees 2,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Fees 6,000 Fees 1,500 Fees 1,500 2,000 3,000

CONSUL-GENERALS, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—Con. Nuevitas Sagua la Grande, Cuba San Juan,P. R San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba Santiago de Cuba Teneriffe, Canary Islands	Walter B. Barker. John D. Hall James H. Springer Pulaski F. Hyatt.	Mississippi	Fees 2,000 2,000 Fees 2,500 Fees
Sweden And Norway—Bergen, Norway Christiana, Norway Gothenburg, Sweden Stockholm, Sweden	E. A. Man Gerhard Gade Otto H. Boyesen. Thomas B. O'Neil	Florida	Fees 1,000 1,500 1,500
SWITZERLAND—Basle Berne Geneva Horgen St. Gall Zurich	George Gifford	Maine	3,000 Fees 1,500 2,000 3,000 2,000
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS— Bagdad Beirut Syria Cairo, Egypt Constantinople Erzeroum, Armenia Harpoot, Armenia Jerusalem, Syria Sivas Smyrna	Thomas R. Gibson Frederic C. Penfield Luther Short L. A. Bergholz Edwin S. Wallace Milo A. Jewett James H. Madden	Georgia Connecticut. Indiana New York South Dakota Massachusetts Illinois	Fees 2,000 5,000 3,000 2,000 1,500 2,500 2,500
URUGUAY—Colonia Montevideo Paysandu	Edgar Schramm	Rhode Island Texas Maryland	Fees 3,000 Fees
VENEZUELA—La Guayra Maracaibo Puerto Cabello	F. D. Hill	Minnesota Virginia	1,500
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar	R. D. Mohun	District of Columbia	Fees

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Abyssinia					
Angentian	Countries.	Rulers.	Titles.	Pop.	Area.
Angentian	Abyssinia	Monolile Tr	73		
Austria-Hungary Franz Josef Emperor 41,685,002 300,000 130,000	Afghanistan	Abdun Khan	Emperor	. 3,000,000	150,000
Austria-Hungary	Argentina	Sepor Unibum	Ameer	. 1 4.000 (118	1 300 000
Bolkhara	Austria-Hungary	Franz Josef T	resident	4,085,492	1,125,086
Bolkhara	Beloochistan	Mir Muhammad	· Emperor · · · · · ·	41,231,342	249,942
Bolkhara	Belgium	Leopold II	· Knan	500,000	130,000
President	Bokhara	Savid Abdul Abad	Ameson	6, 262, 272	11,373
China	Balivia		Procident	2,500,000	92,000
China	Brazil	Prudentide M Bonno	President	2,019,549	567, 360
China	Bulgaria			9,930,470	3,209,878
Colombia Teal Tien	Chile	Fred Errazaria	Duke	3,309,816	24,360
Common	China	Tsai Tion	Tresident	2,915,332	293, 970
Registro	Colombia	M A Caro	Duesident	386, 853, 029	1,327,308
Registro	Congo Free State	Leonold	. Fresident	3,878,600	504,773
Registro	Costa Rica	Rafael Iglosing	Dweel-	14,000,000	900,000
Registro	Dahomev	Guthili	. Fresident	243,205	23,000
Registro	Denmark	Christian IV	· King ·····	250,000	4,000
Frissia	Ecuador	Gen Alfaro	- King	2, 185, 335	15,289
Frissia	Egypt	Abhas Hilmi	. Fresident	1,270,000	12,000
Frissia	France.	M Felix Four	Dragidant	6,817,265	10,698
Frissia	Germany	Wilhelm II	Fresident		204,092
Wurtemberg Wilhelm II King 3, 302,693 5, 787	Prussia	Wilhelm II	Emperor	49, 428, 470	200,010
Wurtemberg Wilhelm II King 1,395, 185 7,528	Bavaria	Otto	King	29,955,281	1 134,537
Wurtemberg Wilhelm II King 1,395, 185 7,528	Saxony	Albert	King	5,594,982	29, 282
Baden	Wurtemberg	Wilhalm II	King	3,502,684	5,787
Lippe	Baden	Frederick I	Cross D.1	1,995,185	1 7 528
Anhalt	Hesse	Ludwig	Grand Duke	1,657,867	5,822
Anhalt	Lippe	Alexander	Dring Duke	992,883	2,966
Oldenburg	Anhalt	Frederick		128,495	469
Oldenburg	Brunswick.	Albrecht	Pogent	271,963	906
Oldenburg	Meckl'nb'g-Schwerin	Franz III	Grand Dules	403,773	1,424
Oldenburg	Mecklennnro-Strollfo	: Wilholm T	Grand Duke	578,312	5, 135
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	Oldenburg	. Peter I.	Grand Duke	91,918	1,131
Saxe-Meiningen George II Duke 223, 832 953	baxe-Attenburg	I Ernet	Duke Duke	354,968	2,479
Waldeek	Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.	Alfred	Duke	200,804	511
Waldeek	Saxe-Meiningen	George II	Duke	200, 513	
Waldeek	Saxe-Weimar	Karl Alexander	Grand Duke	996 001	
Guatemala	Reuss	Heinrich XXII	Prince	62 754	1,388
Guatemala	Waldeck	Friedrich	Prince	57 991	120
Guatemala	G G Dritain and Ireland	Victoria	i Wileen - I	38 101 075	100 070
Rawaii	Greece	Georgios I	King	2 187 208	25 041
Haiti	Guatemaia	J. M. R. Barrios	President	1,460,017	46,000
Honduras	даwан	S. B. Dole	Fresident	89,990	6 610
Tanis	Haiti	1 T. A. S. Sam	President	960,000	10 204
Carlos I	fonduras	P. Bonilla	President	369,048	43,000
Khiva	Ttol:	Victoria	Empress	221, 172, 952	961, 993
Khiva	Topon	Umberto I	King	28, 459, 628	110,623
Note Syed Meh'm'd Rahim Korea Li-Hi Monarch 10,528,937 82,900 Liberia J. J. Cheeseman President 1,068,000 14,360 Madagascar Ranavalona Queen 3,500,000 228,500 Mexico Porfirio Diaz President 12,056,046 767,005 Montenegro Nicholas I Prince 220,000 767,005 Montenegro Nicholas I Prince 220,000 767,005 Morroco Mulai Abdul Aziz Sultan 5,000,000 219,000 Nepal Jang Sovereign 2,000,000 249,000 Nepal Jang Sovereign 2,000,000 249,000 Netherlands Wilhelmina Queen 4,732,911 12,648 Nicaragua S. Zelaya President 282,845 49,500 Nepal Syyid Feysal Sultan 1,500,000 228,500 Nepal Syyid Feysal Sultan 1,500,000 249,000 Nepal	Vhire	Mutsu Hito		40, 435, 461	147, 655
Liberia	Koron	Syed Men'm'd Rahim	Khan	700,000	22, 320
Madagascar Ranavalona Queen 3,500,000 228,500 Mexico Porfirio Diaz President 12,056,046 767,005 Montenegro Nicholas I Prince 220,000 3,630 Morroco Mulai Abdul Aziz Sultan 5,000,000 219,000 Nepal Jang Sovereign 2,000,000 24,000 Netherlands Wilhelmina Queen 4,732,911 12,648 Nicaragua S. Zelaya President 282,845 49,500 Oman Seyyid Feysal Sultan 1,500,000 82,000 Orange Free State Steyn President 207,503 48,326 Paraguay Gen Egusquiza President 480,000 98,000 Persia Muzaffer-ed-Din Shah 9,000,000 628,000 Persia President 2,621,844 468,747 Roumania Carlos I King 4,708,178 34,038 Russia Nicholas II Czar 118,014,187	Liberia	\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \cdots \cdo	Monarch	10,528,937	82,000
Madagascar Ranavalona Queen 3,500,000 228,500 Mexico Porfirio Diaz President 12,056,046 767,005 Montenegro Nicholas I Prince 220,000 3,630 Morroco Mulai Abdul Aziz Sultan 5,000,000 219,000 Nepal Jang Sovereign 2,000,000 24,000 Netherlands Wilhelmina Queen 4,732,911 12,648 Nicaragua Szelava President 282,845 49,500 Oman Seyyid Feysal Sultan 1,500,000 82,000 Orange Free State Steyn President 207,503 48,326 Paraguay Gen. Egusquiza President 480,000 98,000 Persia Muzaffer-ed-Din Shah 9,000,000 628,000 Persia Muzaffer-ed-Din Shah 9,000,000 628,000 Portugal Carlos I King 4,708,178 34,038 Roumania Carol I King 5,800,000	Laremburg	J. J. Uneeseman		1,068,000	14, 360
Morrocc	Madagascar	Rangualana	Duke	211,088	
Morrocc	Mexico	Porfine Dies	Queen	3,500,000	228,500
Morrocc	Montenegro	Nicholog T	President	12,056,046	767,005
Nepal	Morroco	Mulai Abdul Agia	Prince	220,000	3,630
Nicaragua	Nenal	Tang	Sultan	5,000,000	219,000
Nicaragua	Netherlands	Wilhelmina	Sovereign	2,000,000	54,000
N. de Pierola President 2, 621, 844 463, 747	Nicaragua	S. Zelava	Progradent		12,648
N. de Pierola President 2, 621, 844 463, 747	Oman	Sevvid Fevsal	Sultan	282,845	49,500
N. de Pierola President 2,621,844 463,747	Orange Free State	Stevn	Procident	1,500,000	82,000
N. de Pierola President 2, 621, 844 463, 747	raraguav	Gen. Egusquiza	President	207, 503	48,326
N. de Pierola President 2, 621, 844 463, 747	rersia	Muzaffer-ed-Din	Shah	480,000	98,000
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	<u>Peru</u>	N. de Pierola	President	9,000,000	628,000
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Portugal	Carlos I	King	4,021,844	463,747
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	noumania	Carol I.	King	5 900 000	34,038
Spain Affonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 15,000 15,000	Russia	Nicholas II.	Czar	118 014 107	48,307
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Salvador	A. A. Gillierrez	President	651 190	0,000,282
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Samoa	Malietoa	King	24 000	1,225
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Santo Domingo	U. Henreaux	President	610,000	1,701
Spain Affonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 15,000 15,000	Servia	Alexander I	Kingl	2 256 104	18,045
Spain Alfonso XIII King 409,276 119,139 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 17,565,632 197,670 Switzerland A. Lachenal President 2,917,754 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Siam	Chulalongkorn I	King	8,000,000	19,000
Alfonso XIII King 17,565,632 197,670 Sweden and Norway Oscar II King 6,825,067 297,321 President 2,917,754 15,000	South African Republic	S. J. P. Kruger	President	400 276	110 100
Switzerland A. Lachenal Ring 6,825,067 297,321 Tunis Sidi Ali President 2,917,754 15,976 Bey 1,500,000 15,976	Spain	Alfonso XIII		17, 565, 632 1	119, 139
Tunis	Sweden and Norway	Oscar II	King	6, 825, 067	207 991
Bev 1 500 000 47 000		A. Lachenal	President	2, 917, 754	401, 521 15, 076
Abdul Hamid II. Sultan 27,694,600 1,147,587 United States Grover Cleveland President 62,622,250 3,501,000 Uruguay I. Borda President 728,447 72,110 President 2,323,527 593,943 President 2,323,527 2,323,527 2,323,527 3,501,000 President		Sidi Ali	Dey	1,500,000	15,976
Urriguay I. Borda President 62,622,250 3,501,000 Venezuela Gen. Crespo President 728,447 72,110 President 2,323,527 593,943	United State	Abdul Hamid II	ouitan	27, 694, 600	40,000 1.147 597
Venezuela I. Borda President 728,447 72,110 Venezuela Gen. Crespo President 2,323,527 593,943	Timonos		President I	62, 622, 250	3,501,000
Gen. Crespo President 2, 323, 527 593, 943		L. Borda	President	728, 447	72 110
2	· oneznera	Gen. Crespo	President	2, 323, 527	593, 943
	3			. ,	,010

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA--CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Attorney-General. Chief Justice. Superintendent of Education Commissioner of Agriculture Chancellor Chancellor Chancellor Chancellor Chancellor	Jos. F. Johnston James K. Jackson. Watter S White. Geo. W. Ellis. William C. Fitts. R. C. Brickell John O. Turner. J. F. Culver. Thos. Cobbs. J. R. Dowdell J. N. Williams W. H. Taylor.	Dec. 1, 1896 Dec. 1, 1894 Nov. 12, 1891 Dec. 1, 1894 Dec. 1, 1894 Nov. 12, 1812 Nov. 12, 1892 Nov. 12, 1892	Dec. 1, 1898 Dec. 1, 1898 Dec. 1, 1898 Dec. 1, 1898 Dec. 1, 1893 Nov. 12, 1898 Dec. 1, 1896 Dec. 1, 1896 Nov. 12, 1898 Nov. 12, 1898 Nov. 12, 1898	\$3,000 1,800 2,100 2,250 3,600 2,250 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500

ALASKA-CAPITAL, SITKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor*Lieutenant Governor United States District Judge	Chas. D. Rogers	Feb. 14, 1894	Feb., 1898	\$3,000 2,500 3, 000

^{*} Also Secretary of State.

ARIZONA-CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Adjutant-General Chief Justice Clerk Supreme Court Supt. Public Instruction	Chas. M. Bruce C. P. Leitsh T. E. Farish. Ed. Schwartz A. C. Baker J. L. B. Alexander.	1893	1897 1896 1898 1896 1898	1,800 1,000 1,000 3,000

Railroad Commissioners abolished.

ARKANSAS-CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Attorney General Commissioner State Lands Supt. Public Instruction Commissioner of Agriculture Chief Justice	Alex. C. Hull Clay Sloan. Ransom Gulley E. B. Kinsworthy J. F. Ritchie Junius Jordan W. G. Vincorballer	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Oct. 31, 1896. Oct 31, 1896.	Jan. 1899 Jan. 1899 Jan. 1899 Jan. 1899 Oct. 31, 1898 Oct. 31, 1898	1,800 2,250

CALIFORNIA-CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Lewis H Brown. Edward P. Colgan Levi Rackliffe. Wm. F. Fitzgerald Martin J. Wright M. R. Higgins E. L. Fitzgerald Samuel T. Black W. H. Beatty	Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895 Duri'g pleas- ure of gov. Jan. 6, 1895 Jan. 6, 1895	Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899 Jan. 6, 1899	

COLORADO-CAPITAL, DENVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Treasurer Auditor Attorney-General Supt. Public Instruction	J. L. Brush Chas. H. S. Whipple George W. Kephart. John W. Lowell.	Jan. 12, 1897 Jan. 12, 1897 Jan. 12, 1897 Jan. 12, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	3,000 3,000 6,000

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	James D. Dewell Charles Phelps Charles W. Grosvenor Banjamin P. Mead	Jan. 6, 1897 Jan. 6, 1897 Jan. 6, 1897 Jan. 6, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	500 1,500 1,500

^{*\$500} for expenses.

DELAWARE-CAPITAL, DOVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Attorney General (hief Justice (hancellor Insurance Commissioner	Benial L. Lewis Chas. H. Atkins Robt. C. White Chas B. Lose John R. Nicholson	Legislature Legislature Nov. 2J, 1895 Life Life	elects elects Nov. 20, 1900.	*1,000 1,200 2,000 2,000 3,000 3,000

^{*} And fees.

FLORIDA-CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Office.	Name.	Ferm began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Wm. B. Lamar C. B. Collins Wm. H. Reynolds Wm. N. Sheats	Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901 Jan. 1. 1901 Jan. 1, 1901 Jan. 1, 1901 Jan. 1, 1901 Jan. 1, 1901 Jan. 1, 1901	\$3,500 1,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,500 1,500

Adjutant General, Patrick Houstoun, appointed by the governor for four years—salary is \$1,000.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Comptroller-General Treasurer Attorney General Commissioner of Agriculture Chief Justice. Clerk Supreme Court Railroad Commissioner. Railroad Commissioner. Railroad Commissioner.	Allen D. Candler Wm. A. Wright. Wm. J. Speer Jos. M. Terrell Jas. T. Nesbit. Thos. J. Simmons Z. D. Harrison N. L. Trammell	Nov. 1, 1896 Nov. 1, 1896 Nov. 1, 1896 Nov. 1, 1896 Nov. 1, 1896 July 1, 1895 Dec. 1, 1892 Oct. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1898 Nov. 1, 1898 Nov. 1, 1898 Nov. 1, 1898 Nov. 1, 1898 Nov. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Oct. 1, 1897 Oct. 1, 1891	\$3,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 2,500 2,500 2,500

IDAHO-CAPITAL, BOISE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant-Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State. State Treasurer. State Auditor Attorney-General Supt. Public Instruction Chief Justice	Geo. J. Lewis. Geo. H. Storer Jas. H Anderson Robt. E. McFarland	Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	1,800 1,000 1,800

^{*\$7.50} per diem during session of legislature.

ILLINOIS-CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Adjutant General Sup. Public Instruction Insurance Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner	Wm. A. Northcott. James A. Rose. James S. McCullough Henry L. Hertz. S. M. Inglis.	Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Appointed Jan. 9, 1895 Appointed. Appointed.	Jan., 1901. Jan., 1901. Jan., 1901. Jan., 1901. Jan., 1901. Jan., 1809.	1,000 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Attorney General Auditor Treasurer Chief Justice Supreme Court Clerk Supt. Public Instruction State Geologist	A. C. Daily. F. J. Scholz. James McCabe Alexander Hess D. M. Geeting.	Jan. 17, 1897. Nov. 22, 1896. Jan. 26, 1897. Feb. 9, 1897. Jan. 1, 1893. Nov. 22, 1-94. Mar. 15, 1897.	Jan. 9, 1901. Jan. 17, 1899. Nov. 21, 1898. Jan. 25, 1899. Feb. 8, 1899. Jan. 1, 1899.	1,000 6,500 7,500 7,500 6,500 4,500 4,000 2,500

INDIAN TERRITORY—CAPITAL, TAHLEQUAH.

Office.	Name.	Term ends	Salary.
Principal Chief Assistant Chief Executive Secretary Additor Treasurer Chief Justice Supreme Court Clerk	Vasn Swimmer C. J. Harris J. C. Dannenberg D. W. Lipe C. L. Lynch	Nov., 1899 Nov., 1899 Nov., 1897 Nov., 1899	1,000 1,000 500 1,000 600

IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Chief Justice Attorney General Clerk Suprème Court Reporter Supreme Court Railroad Commissioner	Geo L. Dobson C. G. McCarthy John Herriott L. G. Kinne Milton Remley C. T. Jones.	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1898 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1895	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	4,000 1,500 2,200 2,000

KANSAS-CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Auditor Troasurer Attorney General Chief Justice Supt. Public Instruction	A. M. Harvey W. E. Bush W. H. Morris D. H. Heffelbower L. C. Boyle Frank Doster	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	2,50 2,50 2,50

KENTUCKY-CAPITAL, LEXINGTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Attorney General Auditor Treasurer Supt. Public Instruction Register of Land Office	Charles Finley W. S. Taylor Samuel H. Store Geo W. Long Geo. M. Davidson	Dec. 10, 1895 Dec 10, 1895 Dec. 10, 1895 Dec. 10, 1895 Dec. 10, 1895 Dec. 10, 1895	Dec. 10, 1899 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900 Jan. 10, 1900	\$5,500 *. 3,000 4,000 3,400 3,600 2,500 2,000

^{*\$10} per day during session of Legislature, or while acting.

LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Lieutenant Governor. Secretary of State Asst. Sec. of State and Com'r of Insurance. Auditor State Treasurer	Murphy J. Foster Robert H. Snyder John T. Michel J. J. McCann W. W. Heard Alex. V. Fournet	May 18, 1896 June 1, 1896 May, 1896 May, 1896 May, 1896	May, 1900	\$5 day 1,800 *1,800 2,500 2,000
Attorney General		May, 1896 May, 1896 May, 1896 May, 1896 May 27, 1892	May, 1900 May, 1900 May, 1900	2,000 2,500

^{*} And fees.

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

MAINE-CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State State Treasurer Attorney General Adjutant General Chief Justice Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner	F. M. Simpson Fred A. Powers Selden Connor John A. Peters Joseph B. Peaks	Jan. 2, 1897 Jan. 2, 1897 Jan. 2, 1895 Jan. 2, 1897 Sep. 19, 1890 May 28, 1895	Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1899 Sept. 19, 1897 May 28, 1898 Sept. 23, 1898	\$2,000 1,500 2,000 1,500 1,500 3,500 2,500 2,000

MARYLAND-CAPITAL, BALTIMORE.

Office.	Name.	Term	began.	Terms ends.	Salary.
Governor	James P. Graham Harry M. Claybaugh James McSherry Rev. E. B. Prettyman Thos J. Keating	Jan., Feb., Jan., Jan.,	1896 1896 1896	Jan. 1900 Jan. 1900 1902	2,000 2,500 2,500 2,000 4,500

MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Office.	Name.	Term	began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary Treasurer Auditor Attorney General	W. Murray Crane William M. Olin E. P. Shaw John W. Kimball	Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan.	6, 1897 20, 1897 26, 1897 20, 1897	Jan. 5, 1898 Jan. 5, 1898 Jan. 19, 1898 Jan. 19, 1898 Jan. 19, 1898 Jan. 19, 1898	\$8,000 2,000 3,500 5,000 3,500 5,000

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Auditor General	Washington Gardner George A. Steel Roscoe D. Dix Fred. A. Maynard William A. French Jason E. Hammond.	Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899 Jan. 1, 1899	\$4,000 * 1,000 3,000 800 800 1,000 Exp.

^{*\$3.00} per day during legislative session.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State. Auditor. Treasurer Attorney General Clerk Supreme Court Chief Justice.	Albert Berg. Robert C. Dunn. August T. Koerner. H. W. Childs	Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1999 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1999 Jan., 1901	3,500 3,600 3,500 3,500

^{*} And fees.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Adjutant General. Chief Justice Supreme Court Clerk Superintendent of Education Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner	J. L. Power W. D. Holder A. Q. May Wm. Henry T. H. Woods E. W. Brown A. A. Kincannon J. J. Evans M. M. Frans	Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1893 Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1896 Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900 Jan. 20, 1900	\$3,500 *

^{*,\$6.00} a day during session of legislature.

MISSOURI-CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

· Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State. Auditor. Treasurer Attorney General. Clerk of Supreme Court. Railway and Warehouse Commissioner. Supt. Public Schools. Judge Supreme Court.	Lon. V. Stephens August H. Bolte A. A. Lesuer J. M. Seibert Frank L. Pitts Edward C. Crow John Green T. J. Hennessey John R. Kirk Theodore Brace	Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 1892	Jan., 1899	3,000

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State Auditor and ex-officio Insurance Commissioner Treasurer Attorney General Chief Justice Clerk Supreme Court Supt. Public Instruction		Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan., 1893 Jan., 1893	Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 4,000

^{*\$10.00} per day during session of legislature.

NEBRASKA -CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

				Salary.
Lieutenant Governor J Secretary of State W Auditor of Public Accounts J Treasurer J Sup. Public Iustruction J Attorney General Commissioner Public Lands	Silas A. Holcomb James E. Harris William F. Porter John F. Cornell John B. Meserve William R. Jackson. Constantine J. Smyth Jacob V. Wolfe	Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897 Jan. 7, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	\$10, day 2,000 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000

NEVADA-CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	[Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Attorney General Comptroller Treasurer Surveyor General	E. Howell R. M. Beatty C. A. La Grave	Jan., 1895 Jan., 1895 Jan., 1895 Jan., 1895	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	2,400 2,400 2,400

NEW HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Secretery of State. Treasurer Attorney General. Chief Justice.	Legislature elects Legislature elects E. C. Eastman	Jan., 1997 Jan., 1897 April 1892	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	\$2,000 *800 1,800 2,500 3,500

^{*}And fees.

NEW JERSEY-CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Office.	Name.	Terms began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Treasurer Comptroller Attorney General Clerk of Chancery Clerk of Supreme Court Supt. Public Instruction Adjutant General Guartermaster General Insurance Commissioner Chief of Labor Bureau Librarian Chancellor Chief Justice	ohn W. Griggs Henry C. Kelsey George B. Swain. William S. Haucock. John P. Stockton Lewis A. Thompson. Lewis A. Thompson. Benjamin F. Lee Charles T. Baxter. Wm. S. Stryker Richard A. Donnelly. George Wurts Cha* M. Simmerman Morris R. Hamilton. Alex. T. McGill. Mercer Beasley	Apr. 1, 1892 Apr. 2, 1894 Apr. 2, 1894 Apr. 5, 1892 Mar. 30, 1896 Nov. 2, 1892 Mar. 26, 1896 Ad interim. Apr. 3, 1893	Jan. 16, 1899 Apr. 1, 1897 Apr. 2, 1897 Apr. 2, 1897 Apr. 5, 1897 Mar. 30, 1901 Nov. 2, 1897 Mar. 26, 1899 Ad interim. Apr. 3, 1898 Jan. 29, 1899 May 1, 1901 Mar. 8, 1899	\$10,000 6,000 6,000 7,000 Fees Fees 3,000 1,200 4,000 2,500 10,000

NEW MEXICO—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	W. T. Thornton	Apr. 17, 1893	Apr. 17, 1897	\$2,600
Secretary of State	Lorion Miller	Sept. 9, 1893	Sept 9, 1897	*1,800

^{*}And fees. †Other officers to be appointed by governor at next session of legislature.

NEW YORK-CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Comptroller Attorney General Treasurer State Engineer and Surveyor Supt. Public Instruction Supt. Public Instruction Supt. Public Works Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Commissioner of Lunacy Commissioner of Lunacy Commissioner of Lunacy	Frank S. Black	Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Feb. 13, 1895 Jan. 1, 1895 Feb. 1, 1893 Mar. 15, 1892	Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1898 Mar. 1, 1898 Mar. 1, 1898 Mar. 15, 1897 Feb. 1, 1897 May 15, 1897 May 15, 1899	\$10,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 6,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 3,000 3,000 5,000

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Adjutant General Supreme Court Clerk Supt. Public Instruction Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Insurance Commissioner	D. S. Russell C. A. Reynolds Cyrus Thompson H. W. Aver. W. H. Worth. T. S. Kenan C. H. Mebone. To be elected. J. W. Wilson S. O. Wilson Secretary of State.	Jan. 1, 1897 Jan. 1, 1897	1899	2,000

^{*}Per diem.

NORTH DAKOTA-CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor. Lieutenant Governor. Secretary of State State Auditor. Treasurer. Attorney General Commissioner of Insurunce. Supt. Public Instruction. Commissioner of Agriculture and labor. Commissioners of railroads. Chief Justice.	Fred Falley Nathan B. Hannum George E. Nichols John F. Cowan Frederick B. Fancher John G. Halland	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897	Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Jan., 1899. Dec., 1899.	\$3,000 1,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 4,000

OHIO — CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Attorney General Frank S. Mounett 2 Mo. Jan. '56 2 Mo. Jan. '98 4,500 School Commissioner Oscar T. Corson 2 Mo. Jan. '98 4,500		Henry A. Axline Jacob F. Burkett Josiah B. Allen Frank S. Mounett Oscar T. Corson William S. Matthews.	2 Mo. Jan.'96 2 Mo. Jan.'97 2 Mo. Jan.'96 2 Mo. Jan.'96 Eeb.'96 Eeb.'96 2 Mo. Jan.'56 2 Mo. July'96 June'96	2 Mo. Jan.'98 2 Mo. Jan.'98 2 Mo. Jan.'99 2 Mo. Jan.'99 2 Mo. Jan.'98 Eeb. '98 Feb. '99 2 Mo. Jan.'98 2 Mo. Jan.'98 3 June '99	2,000 4,000
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OKLAHOMA—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Office,	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary Territory! Attorney General Superintendent and Auditor. Treasurer Librarian United States Attorney Chief Justice Associate Justice Associate Justice Associate Justice Associate Justice Clerk Supreme Court	M. L. Turner Edgar W. Jones C. R. Brooks Frank Dale J. R. Keaton John C. Tarsney A. G. C. Bierer J. L. MeAtee	Nov. 27, 1896. Jan. 20, 1894. Aug 25, 1893. May 14, 1894. Sept. 12, 1893. Sept. 10, 1896.	May 6, 1897 Sept. 2, 1897 July 1, 1897 Nov. 27, 1900 Jan. 20, 1898 Aug. 25, 1897 May 14, 1898 Sept. 12, 1897 Sept. 19, 1900 May 19, 1900 Jan. 17, 1898 Feb. 19, 1898 Oct. 7, 1897	\$2,600 1,800 1,600 2,000 1,500 5,500 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 Fees.

${\tt OREGON-CAPITAL,\,SALEM.}$

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Secretary of State Treasurer State Printer Supt. Public Instruction Attorney General Supreme Judge Supreme Judge Supreme Judge Supreme Judge	H. R. Rincald Phil, Metschan W. H. Leeds G. M. Irwin C. M. Idleman F. A. Moore C. E. Wolverton	Jan. 13, 1895. Jan. 13, 1895. Jan. 13, 1895. Jan. 13, 1895. Jan. 13, 1895. Jan. 13, 1900.	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan. 1899	†1,500 †800 { Work } done. 1,800 3,000 3,500 3,500

^{*} And other allowances. † And fees.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Office.	Name.'	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State. Auditor Treasurer Chief Justice. Supt. Public Instruction. Insurance Commissioner Banking Commissioner Adjutant General. Attorney General	Walter Lyon Frank Reeder A. H. Mylin Benj, J. Haywood Jas. P. Sterrett N. C. Schaffer J. H. Lambert B. F. Gilkeson T. J. Stewart	Jan., 1895 May, 1896 Jan., 1895 Jan., 1895 Jan., 1895	Jan., 1899 May, 1898 May, 1898 Jan., 1900 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	3,500 *5,000 4,200 6,200 8,500 3,050 3,000 5,000 4,000

^{*}And fees.

RHODE ISLAND - CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Lieutenant Governor Secretary of Stata Attorney General Treasurer Adjutant General Auditor Chief Justice Clerk Supreme Court Com. of Public Schools Insurance Commissioner Railroad Commissioner	Charles W. Lippitt. Edwin R. Allen Charles P. Bennett. Edward C. Dubois Samuel Clark. Frederic M. Sackett Albort C. Landers Charles Matteson Thomas B. Stockwell State Auditor (ex-off) Edward L. Freeman.	May 29, 1896 May 29, 1896 Nov. 4, 18-5 May 29, 1896 During good June 1, 1896 May 29, 1896	May 28, 1897 May 28, 1897 May 28, 1897 May 28, 1897 May 28, 1897 Nov. 4, 1900 May 28, 1897 behavior. June 1 1897 May 28, 1897 May 1, 1898	\$3,000 500 3,500 4,500 2,500 1,200 1,500 5,500

SOUTH CAROLINA-CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Office.	. Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Comptroller Attorney General Treasurer Adjutant General Chief Justice Clerk Supreme Court Supt. Public Instruction Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner Railroad Commissioner	M. B. McSweeney	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Dec., 1894 Dec., 1894 Jan., 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1899	1,900 2,100 2,100 1,500 3,000

SOUTH DAKOTA-CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Auditor of State Treasurer Attorney General Supt. Public Instruction Commissioner of School and Public Lands Railroad Commissioners Chief Justice	William H. Roddle. Henry E. Mahew Kirk G. Phillips Melvin Grigsby Frank Crane	Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897 Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 3, 1899 Jnn. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 3, 1899 Jan. 1, 1900	\$2,500 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,000 1,800 1,500 1,500 1,500 2,500

^{*\$10.00} per day during session of legislature.

TENNESSEE-CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Secretary of State Comptroller Treasurer and Insurance Commissioner Supt. Pubic Instruction Chief Justice	E. B. Craig	Feb. 16, 1893 Feb. 1, 1895 Feb. 1, 1895	Jan., 1899 Feb. 16, 1897 Feb. 1, 1897 Feb. 1, 1897 App'd by Gov Sept. 1, 1902	\$4,000 3,000 3,500 3,500 2,000 3,000

TEXAS-CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Attorney General Comptroller Treasurer Commissioner General Land Office Adjutant General Railroad Commissioners	W. B Wortham A. J. Baker	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	2,000 4,000 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 4,000

UTAH-CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State. Auditor Public Accounts. Treasurer United States Attorney Chief Justice. Insurance Commissioner. School Commissioner.	Heber M. Wells J. T. Hammond M. Richards, Jr J. Chipman John W. Judd. Charles S. Zane J. T. Hammond Dr. J. R. Park	Jan., 1896 Jan., 1896 Jan., 1896 Jan., 1896 Ex-officio	Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901	\$2,000 2,000 1,500 1,000 250 3,000

VERMONT-CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	C. W. Brownell F. D. Hale	Oct. 8, 1896 Oct. 8, 1896 Oct. 8, 1896	Oct. 7, 1898 Oct. 7, 1898	\$1,500 * 1,700 2,000 1,700 3,300

^{*\$6.00} per day during session of legislature.

^{*} Not yet appointed. †\$5.00 per day during session of legislature. **One for two years, one for 4 years, one for 6 years, draw for terms.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Lieutenant Governor. Secretary of State Attorney General Auditor Treasurer Adjutant General Chief Justice Supt. Public Instruction Railroad Commissioner	R. C. Kent J. T. Lawless R. Taylor Scott Morton Marye A. W. Harman, Jr. C. J. Anderson James Keith	Jan. 1, 1894 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1896 Jan. 1, 1885 Jan. 1, 1885	Dec. 31, 1897 Dec. 31, 1897 Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1907 Jan. 1, 1900 Jan. 1, 1898	\$5,000 600 2,000 2,000 3,000 2,000 1,500 2,000 2,000 2,500

WASHINGTON — CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor. Lieutenant Governor Secretary of State Insurance Commissioner Auditor Treasurer Attorney General Commissioner Public Lands Chief Justice Clerk Supreme Court Su t. Public Instruction State Printer	James H. Price. Will D. Jenkins. Neal Cheetham. C. W. Young P. H. Winston R. Bridges. S. C. Reinhart Frank J. Browne	Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Jan., 1897 Chosen by Pleasure of	Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Jan., 1901 Court. Supr. court.	1,000 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000

WEST VIRGINIA-CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Adjutant General Supreme Court Clerk Supt. Public Instruction Insurance Commissioner Commissioner of Labor Bank Examiner	W. M. O. Dawson L. M. La Follett. M. A. Kendall. J. W. Appleton. O. S. Long J. R. Trotter	Mar. 4, 1897 Mar. 4, 1897 Mar. 4, 1897 Mar. 4, 1897 Mar. 4, 1897 Appointed Mar. 4, 1893	1901	1,000 2,200 1,400 1,500 1,000 1,500

WYOMING-CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor Secretary of State Auditor Treasurer Sup. Public Instruction Chief Justice	H. G. Hay Miss E. Reel	Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897 Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899 Jan., 1899	\$2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State Treasurer Attornoy-General Superintendent Public Instruction Railroad Commissioner Insurance Commissioner	Emil Baensch Henry Casson Sewell A. Peterson William H. Mylrea John Q. Emery Duncan J. McKenzie	ViroquaRice Lake WausauAlbionAlma	1,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Name.	$\textbf{\textit{Legal residence.}}$	Nativity.
Edward Scofield	GOVERNOR.	
Emil Baensch	LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORManitowoc	Wisconsin.
William J. Anderson	PRIVATE SECRETARYMilwaukee	Quebec.
Paul Scofield	EXECUTIVE CLERKOconto	Wisconsin.
Raymond R. Frazier	stenographer. Sparta	Wisconsin.
	MESSENGER.	•
Capt. T. B. Hurst	Marinette	Pennsylvania.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

SECRETARY OF STATE.		
Henry Casson	Viroqua	Pennsylvania.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.		
G E Vandercook	Spencer	Wisconsin

DEPARTMENT OF STATE—Continued.

Name.	Legal residence.	${\it Naivity}.$
Junius W. Hill	CHIEF CLERK. Chippewa Falls	Wisconsin.
Ernest Kuechle	BOOK-KEEPERMilwaukee	Indiana.
Edward Loew	ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPERMilwaukee	Austria.
John M. Nelson	ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER Madison	Wisconsin.
Charles A. Leith	PRINTING CLERK Trempealeau	England.
W. W. Jones	FILING CLERKFox Lake	New York.
O. G. Loomis	DOCUMENT CLERKMauston	New York.
	RECORDING CLERK Lake Mills	
-	REGISTRATION CLERKRetreat	
Jos. Smethurst	WARRANT CLERK Milwaukee	Ohio.
G. H. McNeel	NOTARIAL CLERK Fond du Lac	New York
George S. Reed	COMPILING CLERKLake Geneva	New York.
	STENOGRAPHERReedsburg,	
	MAILING CLERK AND JANITOR Necedah	

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Sewell A. Peterson	STATE TREASURERRice Lake	Norway'.
	SCIETANT STATE TREASURER.	
Charles M. Dow	Madison	Wisconsin
	BOOKKEEPER.	
George V. Borchsenius	Baldwin	Wisconsin.
	ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.	0.1
Thomas M. Purtell	Cumberland	Ohio.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—Continued.

Name.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
P. H. Swift	CORRESPONDING CLERK. Rice Lake	Vermont.
Henry Sanford	DEPOSIT CLERKManitowoc	England.
	MAILING CLERKEau Claire	
Louis R. Boll	MESSENGERRice Lake	Wisconsin.
Ella K. Smith	STENOGRAPHERNew Richmond	Wisconsin.
Hugo S. Duke	NIGHT WATCH.	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

William H. Mylrea	ATTORNEY GENERALWausau	New York.
	ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL	
Charity Coe	STENOGRAPHERViroqua	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

John Q. Emery	STATE SUPERINTENDENTAlbion	Ohio.
	ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.	
Charles I. Harper		Virginia.
	INSPECTOR OF HIGH SCHOOLS.	
Willard H. Chandler	Burke	Vermont.
	LIBRARY CLERK.	
Lewis E. Gettle	Evansville	Pennsylvania.
	CLERK.	
Winona Merrick	Madison	New York.
	CLERK.	
Grace H. Hayner	Janesville	Wisconsin.
	CLERK.	
Sydney L. Emery	Albion	

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

Names.	Legal residence.	${\it Nativity}$.
	RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.	
Duncan J. McKenzie	Alma	Canada.
	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.	
Chas. A. Coon	Marshfield	Wisconsin.
	JANITOR.	
William A. Owens	Dodgeville	New York.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

	COMMISSIONER.	
William A. Fricke	Milwaukee	New York.
	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.	
Emil Giljohann	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
	CLERK.	•
A. F. Timme	Kenosha	Wisconsin.
	STENOGRAPHER.	
M. M. Zimmerman	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
	MESSENGER.	
W. H. Glenz		Germany.

BUREAU OF LABOR, CENSUS AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

	MESSENGER. Watertown	Wiggongin
A. J. Wallace	CLERKDurand	Canada.
J. J. Williams	ASSISTANT FACTORY INSPECTOR	New York.
	FACTORY INSPECTORMilwaukee	Illinois.
Charles Lewiston	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.	Norway.
Halford Erickson	commissioner. West Super' or	Sweden.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Names. Legal residence.	Nativity.
ADJUTANT GENERAL.	
Charles R. BoardmanOshkosh	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.	
Worthie H. PattonOshkosh	New York.
CLERK NATIONAL GUARD DIVISION.	
Mary W. Priestley Mineral Point	Wisconsin.
CLERK PENSION DIVISION.	
Edmund B. GrayMilwaukee	New York.
CLERK VOLUNTEER SERVICE DIVISION.	
Joseph H. WhitneyBaraboo	Massachusetts.
GENERAL CLERK.	
Walter J. ThomasGreen Bay	Belgium.
STENOGRAPHER.	
William C. Ginty Chippewa Falls	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.	
Thomas B. PetfordOshkosh	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.
Brigadier-General Oscar B. Zwietusch. Milwaukee
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.
Major Allan F. CaldwellWhitewaterOhio.
ASSISTANT (UARTERMASTER.
Captain Charles R. WilliamsMil vaukeeWisconsin.
CUSTODIAN MILITARY RESERVATION.
Ed. S. Burroughs
STOREKEEPER.
Sergt. August C. Deimel

STATE GOVERNMENT.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Sewell A. Peterson		State Treasurer.
Names.	Legal residence.	Nativity.
	CHIEF CLERK.	•
Egbert Wyman	Crandon	Wisconsin.
	CLERKS.	
J. T. Huntington	Delton	New York.
	Milwaukee	
Geo W. Brice	La Crosse	Vermont.
	Viroqua	
	Lancaster	
W. S. Hidden	Sun Prairie	Wisconsin.
M. B. Copp	Prescott	New York.
	Poniatowski	
G. M. Hotschick	Milwaukee	Germany.
Mate L. Taber	Lodi, (stenographer)	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

Name.	$Legal\ residence.$	Nativity.
	SUPERINTENDENT.	
W. J. Scott	La Crosse	Ireland.
	ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.	
John Price, Jr	Wonewoc	Wales.
	CLERK.	
F. D. Eyerly	Neillsville	Wisconsin.
	EMPLOYES.	
Name.	$Legal\ residence.$	Occupation.
W. H. Dean	Madison	
E. Hickman	Milwaukee	Assistant Engineer.
W. E. Hall	Oconto	Assistant Engineer.
W. J. McGee	Oconto	
	Madison	
C. Farley	Madison	Fireman.
J Broadbent	Middleton	Fireman.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY—Continued.

Names.	Legal residence.	Occupation.
H. Van Keulen	Madison	State Painter.
F. W. Kellogg		Assistant State Painter.
Richard Kendrick	Barneveld	Steam and Gas Fitter
W. E. Ferguson	MilwaukeeRece	iving and Shipping Clerk
C. F. Merrill	Waukesha	Storekeeker.
C. J. Kruse	Milwaukee	Foreman Labor Force.
E. M. Smith	Milwaukee	Police
J. B. McCoy	Prairie du Sac	Police
William Evans	Onalaska	Police
John Ashton	Alma Center	Police.
Henry Meyers	Neillsville	Police
Samuel Teasdale	Darlington	Police
S. O. Onsgard	Orford	Police
Henry Shutter	McFarland	Police.
John Abaly	Madison	Night Watchman
Guy C. Pierce	Kilbourn	Night Watchman.
C. M. Wright	Durand	Elevator Attendant.
James Colenso	HurleyJa	nitor, Secretary of State
W. C. Peterson	Janito	r. Treasury Agent's office.
John Huntley	Avon	Janitor Corridors.
A. Knuteson		anitor, State Supt. office.
E. P. Upham	JardeevilleJ	anitor, Board of Control.
J. J. O'Neill	Milwaukee	Janitor, Atty-Gen's office.
Peter Hanson	Bloomingdale	Janitor, Land office.
E. E. Alford	Jan., St	ip. Ct. and Law Library.
Harry McNichols	Ja	anitor, Historical Rooms.
Peter Fagg	Ja	nitor, Historical Rooms.
	Barron	
	Marshfield Jan., Agi	
	TomahawkArt Gall	
Chas. Olsen	Madison	Janitor Water Closets
M. J. Rawson	Jan.	, Supt. Pub. Prop. office.
	Prairie du ChienJanitor	
J. H. McNair	OshkoshJan., Bd. of	Regents of Nor. Schools.
U. C. McRae	Alma	Stenographer.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND AGENTS.

REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 432.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 437.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

See page 449.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

Joshua Stark, President	Milwaukee.
G G	Green Bay.
D	
Gilbert M. Woodward	La Crosse.
A. L. Sanborn, Secretary	Madison.
SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS FOR 1897.	

At Madison, April 27; at Milwaukee, August 3.

35

STATE LIBRARY.

John B. Cassoday. Chief Justice Supreme Court. John B. Winslow Justice Supreme Court. Silas U. Pinney Justice Supreme Court. Alfred W. Newman Justice Supreme Court. Roujet D. Marshall Justice Supreme Court. Wm. H. Mylrea Attorney General, LIBRARIAN. John R. Berryman Madison. MESSENGER. William H. Orvis Marshall.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

rames.	Residence.	Term expires.
C. H. Marquardt, M. D	La Crosse	1st Monday in Feb., 1898.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D	Milwaukee	1st Monday in Feb., 1899.
		1st Monday in Feb., 1900.
		1st Monday in Feb., 1901.
		1st Monday in Feb., 1902.
G. W. Harrison, M. D		
F. H. Bodenius, M. D		
Solon Marks, M. D	Milwaukee	President.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D	Milwaukee	Secretary

The State Board of Health was established by chapter 366, laws of 1876, and consists of seven members, one of whom is appointed annually by the governor, to serve for a period of seven years. The Board, however, elects its own officers, and its organic act provides that if the secretary is elected outside of the appointed members he becomes ex-officio a member of the Board, increasing the number of members to eight.

The Board meets in the months of January and June by legal requirement, and holds such other special meetings as are requested by members, or directed by the president. It has an annual appropriation of \$5,500.00 from which all expenses are paid, including all printing, except the printing of its biennial reports. No member of the Board receives any compensation for his services but the Secretary, who is paid an annual salary which is fixed by the board. The actual expenses of members when on duty are paid out of the appropriation.

The law by which the Board was established provides that it shall have a "general supervision of the interests of the health and life of the citizens of the state." and directs that "they shall make sanitary investigation and inquiries respecting the causes of disease, especially epidemics, the causes of mortality and the effects of localities, employments, conditions, habits and circumstances, and shall diffuse such information among the people of the state." The law also gave to the Board an advisory relation to all local Boards of Health. Subsequent legislation has made the organization of such Boards obligatory in every town, village and city in the state, and has made it the duty of all physicians to report contagious diseases to such Boards, and of all such Boards to report to the State Board of Health relative to these diseases, and any other facts whenever required. During the year 1894, eleven hundred and forty-five (1,145) of these local Boards reported their full organization to this Board in accordance with instructions, and through these Boards the State Board of Health has been able to reach nearly every locality in the State.

The Board has charge of all matters relating to general quarantine, and in emergency can make rules and regulations for the protection of the public health, which it is the duty of all local and general officers of the State to respect and enforce.

The Board invites correspondence and co-operation from all citizens of the State who are interested in the object for which it is laboring, to-wit: The prevention of disease, and the preservation of the health and lives of the people.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Names.	Residence.	Term expires.
Henry C. Schranck	Milwaukee	1898
H. O. Frank	Milwaukee	1899
A. F. Menges	Madison	
D. A. Taylor	Stevens Point	1901
E. B. Heimstreet	Janesville	
	OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.	
Herman O. Frank	************	President

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167, of the laws of 1882, amended in 1885, 1887 and 1895. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the governor, for a term of five years.

Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examination, and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law establishing the Board provides that it shall be the duty of the Board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which said report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said Board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists registered.

The Board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty days' notice of such meetings is required to be given.

None but registered pharmacists can conduct a drug store or pharmacy; they must be the principals and managers of the store in all its management; neither can they allow any one not registered to sell medicines or poisons, or dispense physicians' prescriptions, except under their direct supervision.

No examination can be had except at the regular advertised meeting of the Board. No questions or standing of applicants are given out to anyone except to Secretaries of State Board.

Licentiates in pharmacy by examination in other states are registered without further examination.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration; they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines sold or dispensed by them. The average expenses of the Board have been \$1,600.00 a year, which has been paid from its own treasury and no funds have ever been drawn from the state. There has been paid to the state, funds from fines amounting to over \$2,000, exclusive of costs, in some fifty cases.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
Chas. C. Chittenden	Madison	May 2. 1900.
W. H. Carson		
George H. McCausey		
C. C. Wentworth		
R. G. Richter		
	OFFICERS OF BOARD.	
Chas. C. Chittenden	President	Madison
Edgar Palmer		

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885. The board is appointed by the Governor. The expenses of the board are paid out of fees received.

The board meets annually on the third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society. The following is a synopsis of the business of the board since its organization.

Year ending.	Regis- tered.	Li- censed by di- ploma.	Li- censed by ex- amina- tions.	Appli- ca- tions.	1 116-	Prose- cutions	Convictions.	Meet- ings held.
September 30, 1886 September 30, 1887 September 30, 1888 September 30, 1889 September 30, 1890 September 30, 1890 September 30, 1892 September 30, 1892 September 30, 1893 September 30, 1893 September 30, 1895 September 30, 1895	352 356 354 352 363 373 (375 380 449 496 518	20 12 20 6 35 52 53 42 47 46 60	5 10 5 1 3 7 9 11 8 10 17	5 12 9 1 4 10 9 11 21 15 23	2 4 1 3 13 5 9	1 2 3 2	1 1 2 2	2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
The governor ex-officio.		
Edwin E. Bryant, President	Madison	April 1, 1897.
W. J.Starr	Eau Claire	April 1, 1897.
Calvert Spensley Sec'y and Treas	Mineral Point	April 1, 1898.
James I Hogan	. La Crosse	April 1, 1898.
Honey D. Smith	Appleton	April 1, 1899.
Cramic C. Poll	Rayfield	April 1, 1899.
Tamas Namina Commintendent	Madison	••••- <u>-</u>
W. J. Starr Calvert Spensley, Sec'y and Treas James J. Hogan Henry D. Smith Currie G. Bell James Nevins, Superintendent	Mineral Point	April 1, 1898. April 1, 1898. April 1, 1899.

The Wisconsin fish commission was established in 1874, and originally consisted of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878, six appointed by the governor and the other being the governor ex-officio. It maintains three hatcheries, one at "Nine Springs," four and one-half miles from Madison, for the hatching of brook trout and California trout, one at Milwaukee, where white fish and wall-eyed pike are hatched, and one at Bayfield for hatching brook trout, bass, lake trout and white fish. The work of the commission is supported by an annual appropriation of \$20,000. During the two years last past the following distribution of fry was made:

Name of Species.	1895.	1896.
Brook trout Rainbow trout Whitefish Lake trout, impregnated eggs Wall-eyed pike Black bass White bass (full grown)	22,000,000 23,100,000 116,500 2,345	3,110,000 1,611,000 27,500,000 20,710,000 25,250,000 156,635 13,500 2,000,000
Wall-eyed pike (full grown) Yellow perch (full grown) Black spotted trout (full grown) Carp.	2,000	2,500 2,000
Totals		79, 120, 850

The commission has a car fitted expressly for the collection, transportation and distribution of fish and fry, which greatly facilitates its work. This car traveled in 1895, 23,099 miles, and in 1896, 30,857 miles.

The rapid increase in the fishing industries of the state renders the work of this commission of the highest importance. In 1895 there was taken from the Wisconsin waters of Lakes Michigan, Superior and Green Bay, 33,804,855 pounds of fish, and in 1896, 44,161,200. In 1894 the industry on these lakes employed property to the amount of \$923,670, and 1,500 persons. No estimate could be made of the quantity and value of the fish taken from inland waters.

Persons desiring fry to stock streams or lakes may obtain all requisite information as to the conditions and method of obtaining them from any of the commissioners or the superintendent.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSION.

	Diffic III I TOOD COMMISSION.	•
Names.	$Legal\ residence.$	Nativity.
Henry C. Adams.	COMMISSIONERMadison	
W. W. Chadwick	DAIRY EXPERTMonroe	Wisconsin.
A. S. Mitchell	STATE CHEMIST	Wisconsin.
	MESSENGERMenomonie	
		•
	BANK EXAMINER'S OFFICE.	
M. C. Bergh W. A. Richter	Bank Examiner Deputy Bank Examiner Chief Clerk Clerk and Stenographer Messenger.	Milwaukee. Viroqua. Milwaukee.
		•
	STATE TREASURY AGENT.	
Ralph C. Vernon		Wisconsta
	STATE PENSION AGENT.	
Col. E. B. Gray		Milwaukee.
	And the second second	
	STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN	•
James T. Ellarson.		Wautoma.
		

STATE VETERINARIAN.

LIST OF INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS,

Giving the post office address, the names of the inspectors, with the bour daries of their districts as in force October 1st, 1896.

Post Office Address.	Inspector.	Tarritory Forming the District.		
Antigo	F. W. Kiefer	Langlade county, and the towns on the Ashland division of the C. & N.W. Ry. in Shawano county from Antigo to Buckbee, inclusive.		
Appleton	Dan Breen	Outagamie county, except the city of Seymour, also the city of New London in Waupaca county.		
Ashland	M. J. Hart	Ashland and Bayfield counties.		
Beaver Dam	W. D. Chandler	Towns on the C., M. & St. P.Ry. from Randolph to Rubicon, inclusive, including Fox Lake and Burnett Junction.		
Beloit	Prof. E. G. Smith	The south half of Rock county.		
Benton	W. H. Nehls	The towns of New Diggings, Elk Grove, Benton, Smelzer, Hazel Green, Shulls- burg, White Oak Springs, Monticello and Jamestown in La Fayette and Grant counties.		
Black River Falls	Nick Gruber	Jackson county, except the towns of Gar- field, Cleveland and Merrillan.		
Burlington	Jos. Miller	Towns of East Troy, Spring Prairie and Lyons in Walworth county, towns of Waterford, Rochester and Burlington in Racine county, towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem, in Kenosha county.		
Chetek	Fred. Hanson			
Chippewa Falls	Wm. H. Howieson	South half of Chippewa county, towns of Thorp, Withee and Hixon in Clark county, and towns on Wis. Cen. Ry, in Dunn county.		
Chilton	Frank D. Breed	Calumet county, including the village of Kiel in Manitowoc county.		
Delavan	Fred. Lindeman	Towns of Darien, Richmond, Delavan, Sugar Creek, Troy and La Fayette in Walworth county.		
Durand	Walter Schur	Pepin county.		
Eau Claire	Walter R. Scott*	Eau Claire county except the towns of Fairchild and Bridge.		
Florence	S. T. Beattie	I .		
Fond du Lac	R. F. Sexmith †	Fond du Lac county, except the city of Ripon, the south half of Green Lake county, the towns of Chester, Le Roy, Lomira, Williamstown and Theresa in Dodge county.		

^{*}Since October 1st Mr. Scott has resigned and Mr. Geo. W. Williams has been appointed to the vacancy.

†Since October 1st Mr. Sexmith has resigned and Mr. George W. Ferris has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS.—Oontinued.

Post Office Address.	Inspector.	Territory Forming the District.
Grantsburg	. A. M. Anderson	. Burnett county.
Green Bay	. J. H. Leonard	Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties and the city of Seymour in Outagamie county.
Hudson	. Robert Dinsmore	1
Hurley	Griff Thomas	. Iron county.
Kenosha	Johnson A. Jackson	Kenosha county, except the towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem.
La Crosse	E. W. Chamberlain	1
Lake Geneva	J. E. Nethercut	Towns of Geneva, Lynn, Bloomfield and Walworth in Walworth county.
Madison	R. G. McConnell	Dane county, towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. in Columbia and Sauk counties from Madison to Devil's Lake; towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. in Iowa and Sauk counties to and including Prairie du Sac and Spring Green.
Manitowoc	Richard Maguire	Manitowoc county, except the town of Kiel.
Marinette	John J. Andrews	Marinette county.
Marshfield '	C. H. Doern	Wood county and the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. from Marshfield to and includ- ing Medford, also Greenwood in Clark county, and the towns of Milan and Athens in Marathon county.
Merrillan	Geo. R. Francis	Towns on the C., M. & O. R. Ry. from Mer- rillan to Mondovi inclusive, also towns of Fairchild and Bridge in Eau Claire county.
Merrill	D. E. Dean	Lincoln county.
Milton Junction	K. W. Tanner	North half of Rock county, including the city of Janesville; the towns of Whitewater and La Grange in Walworth county.
Milwaukee	F. W. Kuth	Milwaukee county.
Monroe	B. T. Raymond	Green county.
Menomonie	W. A. Scanlan	Dunn county, except the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry.
Moutello	Wm. O'Brien	Marquette, Adams and Waushara counties.
Necedah	G. M. Huckins	Necedah in Juneau county.
Neenah	Chas. W. Johnson	Cities of Neenah and Menasha in Winnebago county; towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. from Neenah to Waupaca.
Neillsville	Eli. M. Wheaton	Clark county except Humbird, Greenwood and northern tier of towns.
Oconto	C. J. Francis	Oconto county, also towns on C. & N. W. Ry. from Oconto to Clintonville, inclusive.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS-Continued.

Post Office Address	Inspector.	Territory Forming the District.		
Osceola Mills	A. A. Heald	Polk county.		
Oshkosh	W. H. Boyd	Winnebago county except the cities of Neenah and Menasha. The city of Ripon in Fond du Lac county. The city of Berlin and the towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. in Green Lake county.		
Phillips	M. Christianson	Price county and the towns of Westboro, Whittlesey and Chelsea in Taylor county.		
Platteville	John Fawcett	Grant, Iowa and LaFayette counties, except as otherwise assigned.		
Portage	Chas. Mohr, Jr	Columbia county except the towns of Lodi and West Point.		
Racine	Chas. F. Brewer	Racine county except the towns of Waterford, Rochester and Burlington.		
Rhinelander	F. C. Ulrich	Oneida, Vilas and Forest counties.		
Richland Center	A. S. Ripley	Richland county.		
Sharon	J. B. Stupfell	Town of Sharon in Walworth county.		
Sheboygan	George Sullivan	Sheboygan and Ozaukee counties.		
Stevens Point	A. J. Booth	Portage county, Waupaca county, except the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. and the city of New London.		
Tomah	Clarence J. Wells	North half of Monroe county, Juneau county except the towns of Necedah, Plymouth and Wonewoc.		
Viroqua	Jos. Omundson	Vernon county except the western tier of towns. Also towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Viroqua Junction south.		
Watertown	H. Wertheimer	Jefferson county. Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Watertown to Juneau. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Watertown to Elba.		
Waukesha	T. H. Taylor	Waukesha county.		
Wausau	Ed. Heimann	Marathon county except the towns of Milan and Athens.		
Wauzeka	O. P. Vaughn	Crawford county. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Prairie du Chien to and including Avoca; towns on the C. & N. W -Ry. from Woodman to Fennimore. Towns on the Burlington Ry. in Grant county to Cassville.		
West Bend	W. C. Bratz	Washington county.		
West Superior	John Diffor	Douglas county.		
Wonewoc	J. R. DeGarmo	Towns on the C. &N. W. Ry. from Summit to Baraboo, inclusive.		

LUMBER INSPECTORS.

		Residence.
District No. 1	.None	
District No. 2	Harry H. Simpson	La Crosse.
District No. 3	.None	
District No. 4	H. M. Laureen	Shell Lake.
District No. 5	.None	
District No. 6	D. L. McKay	Chippewa Falls.
District No. 7	None	
District No. 8		
District No. 9	James R. McKenzie	Alma.
District No. 10	None	
District No. 11	John E. Nelson	Ashland.
District No. 12	.None	
District No. 13	Charles S. Wilcox	W. Superior.
District No. 14	H. C. Grout	Merrill.
District No. 15	.None	
District No. 16	. Moses Sarchet	Tomahawk.
District No. 17	.D. H. Vaughn	\dots Rhinelander.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state; the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer are exoficio members of its managing board; and vouchers for disbursements from its annual state appropriation are by law filed with the governor.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

John Johnston	MilwaukeePresident.
Reuben G. Thwaites	Madison Secretary.
Frank F. Proudfit	Madison Treasurer.
Frank F. Proudit	Madison Librarian.
Isaac S. Bradley	Aggistant Librarian.
Minnie M. Oakley	MadisonAssistant Librarian.
Emma A. Hawley, Annie A. Nunns,	
T D 1 1 Coording	
Sheldon	MadisonLibrary Assistants.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomass W. Sutherland as secretary. In January, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who had been for two years previous the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive officer of the society, and the editor of its publications. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, remaining constantly in service until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. Today the society is domiciled in the south wing of the capitol, two floors being devoted to its now famous library, and another—partitioned into three halls—to its growing museum of ethnology, archæology, and history, and its historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 200 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 50,000

persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 7,500 books and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 185,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and scientific development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, Shakespeariana, and sets of the periodicals indexed in "Poole." It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its collection of bound manuscripts number over 600 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; and in Western history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

This flourishing institution ranks third in importance among American historical societies, and certainly it is the most important west of the Alleghanies; indeed, it is recognized in some respects by experts, as the most active and enterprising of them all. It has done and is doing a noble work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire west—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its volumes of Wisconsin Historical Collections, thirteen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and a portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state. The several publications of the society take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$5,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or remove from the capitol its collections without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-two years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$27,000. An antiquarian fund is also well under way, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation, or the purchase of rare manuscripts or other historic relics within the limits of the state. The Draper fund consisting of some \$6,000 worth of property, willed to the society by Dr. Draper, has just been established; its income will be devoted to indexing and publishing the Draper Collection of early western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions for the museum, are immediate needs.

A beautiful new fire-proof building is now being built at Madison for the society, by the State, in accordance with chapter 298 of the laws of 1895. It is to cost about \$200,000, is of Buff Bedford Indiana limestone, and promises to be one of the finest buildings owned by the State. The society expects to move into its new quarters during the spring of 1899.

WISCONSIN STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President	S. D.	Hubbard	Mondovi.
Ex-President	A. C.	Parkinson	
Secretary	T. J.	Fleming	. North Greenfield.
Assistant Secretary	Arthu	ır Babbitt	Madison.
Treasurer			
VICE-PRESIDENTS.	- [. ADDITIONAL I	MEMBERS.
C. Babbitt R. C. Vernon G. G. Cox John F. Burnham E. M. Anderson C. E. Angell A. J. Phillips C. G. Wilcox Isaac Stephenson Geo. Martin	Madison. neral Point. Milwaukee Hartford Oshkosh. West Salem De Pere Marinette.	W. A. Jones A. L. Vannaman G. T. Hodges Alex. Galbraith C. M. Clark	Leeds. Milwaukee. Oconomowoc. Mineral Point. Milwaukee. Monroe. Janesville. Whitewater.

The society was organized March 8th, 1851, and held a state fair at Janesville in October of the same year. A state fair has been conducted annually by the society since that date, with the exception of three years, '61 to '63. Up to and including 1890 the state fair was held at Watertown once, at Fond du Lac twice, at Janesville six times, at Madison eleven times and at Milwaukee seventeen times.

In 1891 the location of the state fair was permanently fixed at Milwaukee.

The grounds consist of 140 acres of land admirably adapted to the purpose to which they are dedicated.

An excellent one-mile track, fine grand stand, convenient and substantial exhibition buildings and a system of water works supplied from a flowing spring upon the grounds have been added and the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society has now the basis of one of the best equipped state fair parks in the country.

Annual conventions for the discussion of farm topics are held by the society at the capitol in Madison during the first week in February, the proceedings being published in the annual reports of the society.

The society's rooms are in the north side of the west wing of the capitol.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

L. G. Kellogg	Ripon	President.
Charles Hirschinger		
A. J. Phillips		
R. J. Coe		
John L. Herbst		

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

Gen. G. W. Burchard	Fort Atkinson	President.
	Fort Atkinson	
	Sheboygan Falls	
11. IX. LOUMIS		
Fragutive Committee-Chester I	Hazen, Ford du Lac county; Stepher	Faville, Dane

county; H. C. Adams, Dane county; Prof. W. A. Henry, Dane county; W. D. Hoard, Jefferson county; Q. H. Everett, Rock county.

HOLSTEIN FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF WISCONSIN.

J. Rust	North Greenfield	President.
Fred, E. Harriman	Appleton	Secretary.
Fred. Ziegler	Apple Creek	Tronguror

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Weo. Wylie	Leeds	President
J. C. Kiser		
R. A. Morley		
H. B. Drake		
Additional Members of Executive E	Board-A. A. Arnold	, Galesville; John B. Kayser.
Oregon; David Robertson, Morrisonvil		

WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George E Bryant			President
	Madison		
	Orfordville		
22 01 24, 2021		• • • • • • • • • •	becretary.
	DIRECTORS.		

One year — F. D. Hinkley, J. M. Smith, H. A. Philips. Two years — H. D. Hilt, H. Sanford, H. C. Adams. Three years — C. D. Miller, C. Snashall, H. Harnden.

WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George Wylie		
H. P. West	Fayetteville	Secretary.
H. F. Palmer	Springfield	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. N. Crawford	Mukwonago	President
	Lake Geneva	
	Whitewater	
	Whitewater	
	Genesee	

WISCONSIN FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

TT TO 12	Star Prairie	Proside
W. E. Fay	Star Francis	Tosido
Geo. E. Stowe	Ironton	Vice-President.
Wm Tools	Baraboo	Secretary.
WIII. 10016		m
Le Grande Lappitt	Baraboo	Ireasurer.

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

H. E. Huxley	Neenah	Worthy Master.
A C Powers	Beloit	Secretary.
	. Carr, one year; W. H. Doane,	
three years.		

STATE FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

B. S. Hoxie		President
C. A. Hutchins	Beloit	Vice-President.
L. S. Cheney		
L. S. Cheney	Madison	Secretary.
Other members of executvie c	ommittee—H. C. Putnam, Eau	Claire; J. H. Stout, Me-
nomonie; H. O. Kruschke, Auro	raville.	

WISCONSIN BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

Frank Wilcox	Mauston	President.
J.J. Orbuer	Prairie du SacVice	President.
	Platteville	
H Lathron	Brownsville	Treasurer.
II. Damiop		

FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION OF WISCONSIN.

C. M. Butt	Viroqua	President.
John Stavrum	Falls City	Vice- President.
John Stavrum	rans Orty	a
W, 7, Donaghue	Star Prairie	, Secretary and Treasurer,

WISCONSIN CHEESE-MAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. K. Powell	New Lisbon	President
John Carswell	. Lone Rock	Vias President
U. S. Baer	. Madison	. G
Thomas Johnson	. Boaz	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN AUXILIARY OF THE NATIONAL DAIRY UNION.

W. D. Hoard	Fort Atkinson	President
John W. Decker	Madison	Sogratory
A. C. Van Elston	Muscoda	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN FAIR MANAGERS' ASSOCIATION.

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

F. A. Hutchins	.Baraboo	Progident
Miss L. Sutermeister	.Eau ClaireVic	. Provident
Miss L. E. Stearns	. Milwaukee	and Trees.
The officers constitute the executive	committee.	and Freas,

WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1897.

President-W. J. Brier, River Falls.

Secretary-G. L. Bowman, Superior.

Treasurer-J. F. Sims, Onalaska.

Vice-Presidents-R. H. Halsey, Oshkosh; H. A. Simonds, Stevens Point; Matilda E. Reul Baraboo.

Members of the Executive Committee—R. B. Dudgeon, Madison; Margaret Hosford, Whitewater; D. D. Mayne, Janesville; County Superintendent David Throne, Rock county; C. D. Kipp, Elkhorn.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization this association has held forty-two annual, and since 1867, twenty-four semi-annual sessions. The annual sessions were held in July at a place determined upon by a committee of the association, and the executive sessions in December, at the state capital.

In 1889 the plan of holding two sessions was abandoned, and the time of the regular sessions was changed to December. The object of this change was to encourage the formation of section meetings. This change has resulted in the organization of four auxiliary State Teachers' Associations—a Southeastern, a Southwestern, a Northeastern and Northwestern, which associations now hold annual meetings in their respective sections of the state.

The State University, the normal schools, and the various colleges of the state, are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are one dollar per annum for gentlemen, and fifty cents for ladies. Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and of the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the state superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885 the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, professor of philosophy and pedagogy in the State University. In 1891 the Midland School Journal, published in Madison, was combined with the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is now controlled and edited by J. W. Stearns and A. O. Wright. By the state law "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors, may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT.
C. W. BowronOshkosh Northwestern
VICE-PRESIDENTS.
Edwin HurlbutOconomowoc Free Press.
E. T. Wheelock
W. J. ShowersOnalaska Record,
H. W. Meyer Appleton Volksfreund.
A. S. Hearn Dodgeville Chronicle.
J. E. Jones
H. I. HoardFort Atkinson Union.
John C. GregoryMilwaukee Evening Wisconsin.
W. W. Clark
C. J. Augustin Menasha Press.
SECRETARY.
O. F. RoesslerJefferson Banner
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.
Mrs. Julia L. C. OsborneLa Crosse Chronicle.
TREASURER.
Mrs. Flora Beall Ginty
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
John HicksOshkosh Northwestern.
John Hicks Oshkosh Northwestern.
John Nagle
Andrew Ryan
W. L. Osborne La Crosse Chronicle.
H. D. HansonOregon Observer.
Company of the Compan
WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS AND LETTERS.
PRESIDENT.
Charles Dwight Marsh, A. MRipon.
VICE-PRESIDENTS.
Frederick Jackson Turner, Ph. D
Edward Dwight Eaton, LL. D
Edward Dwight Eaton, LL. D
Harriet Bell Merrill, M. S
SECRETARY. Albert Stowell Flint, A. M
Albert Stowell Flint, A. M
TREASURER.
Lellen Sterling Cheney, M. S
LIBRARIAN.
William Stanley Marshall, Ph. D

Herman Frederick Lueders, B. S......Sauk City.

STATE FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

Names.	ResidenceBaraboo	Term expires.
Lutio E Stearns		1900.
Charles K Adams		Ex-officio.
John Q. Emery		Ex-officio.
Dauban G. Thwaites	Madison	

Chapter 314, laws of 1895, provided for the establishment of the Wisconsin Free Library Commission, whose duty it is "to give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state, and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloguing, and other details of library management. The commission may also send its members to aid in organizing new libraries or in improving those already established."

The Commission consists of five members, three ex-officio and two appointed by the governor. The ex-officio members are: President Charles K. Adams, of the State University, State Superintendent John Q. Emery, and Secretary Reuben G. Thwaites, of the State Historical Society; the members appointed are: Miss Lutie E. Stearns, of the Milwaukee Public Library, and Frank A. Hutchins, of Baraboo. Mr. Hutchins is chairman, and Miss Stearns, secretary.

The commission is not only willing but anxious to promote the free public library interests of Wisconsin, and will welcome opportunities to give personal counsel and aid. It also invites information and suggestions from all friends of such libraries. The commission especially requests the active coöperation of the teachers of the state, to the end that a close alliance may be formed by which the public libraries and the public schools may work unitedly in the general cause of education. The commission is at present actively engaged in fostering free traveling libraries. By the generosity of State Senator J. H. Stout, thirty such libraries are now in circulation in Dunn county; a similar number in Wood county have been placed in the field by J. D. Witter, of Grand Rapids; and associations at Ashland, Eau Claire, and other centers, are organizing similar movements under the direction of the commission.

Following is a list of the free circulating libraries in the state. In addition to those, Wisconsin has other library facilities: the great reference library belonging to the state, but managed by the State Historical Society, at Madison (185,000 volumes) the largest historical collection west of the Alleghanies, 30,000 volumes in the state law library; 31,433 volumes in association libraries; 226,534 volumes in the libraries of the several universities, colleges, and academies; 314,870 volumes in school-district and township libraries; 11,997 volumes in the several state and charitable and penal institutions; and 1,050 volumes in the free traveling libraries. Altogether, 1,055,529 volumes are available for consultation, in public or sem-public collections. The first biennial report of the commission, recently issued, gives detailed statistics, and a resumé of the library conditions and prospects in Wisconsin.

FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARIES.

Name of Library.	City or village.	Pop- ulation.	Number of volumes.
V	Ashland	12,310	3,500
Vaughn		1,368	1,300
Bayfield Public	Beaver Dam	5,042	5,564
Williams Free		400	1,495
Belleville FreeBeloit Public		7,786	1,554
		4,279	1,600
Berlin PublicBlack River Falls Public	Black River Falls	2,068	1,600
		1,717	1,700
Brodhead Free		9, 196	3,045
Chippewa Falls Public		4, 292	1,700
De Pere Public		18,637	6,000
Eau Claire Public		13,051	14,640
rona du Lac Free Public	Fort Atkinson	2,815	1.571
Fort Atkinson Public		2,013	2,759
T. B. Scott Free Public		18,280	4,700
Green Bay Public		3,741	2,000
Hayward Free	Hayward	12,971	10,000
Janesville Free Public	Janesville	8,182	2,000
Kenosha Public		28, 769	13,000
La Crosse Public.			
Madison Free	Madison	15,950	14,393
Marinette Public	Marinette	15,286	3,800
Menasha Free Public	Menasha	6,154	839
Memorial Free		6,198	6,121
Menomonie City		6,198	3,413
T. B. Scott Free		8,607	6,630
Milwaukee Public		249, 290	89,223
Mineral Point Free		3,136	1,650
Monroe Public		3,843	3,538
Neenah Public	Neenah	5,781	5,600
Oconomowoc Public	Oconomowoc	3,178	1,806
Oshkosh Public	Oshkosh	26,947	3,000
Rice Lake Public *	Rice Lake	3,162	
Sheboygan Public		21,130	5,150
Sparta Free	Sparta	3,511	3,348
Joseph Mann Public		3,593	1,700
Washburn Free Public		5,178	2,000
Harwood Public		2,755	2,500
Superior Public	West Superior	26, 168	9,955
Total			240,394

^{*} Recently organized; no report.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD. COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Appointed.
Commander-in-Chief Adjutant and Inspec- tor General Asst. Adjutant Gen- eral Surgeon General Quartermaster and Commissary Genr'l. Asst. Quartermaster	Governor Brig. Gen Colonel Colonel Brig. Gen Brig. Gen	Edward Scofield Chas. R. Boardman. Worthie H. Patton William L. Buck Frederick W. Byers. Oscar B. Zwietusch.	Oconto Oshkosh Madison Monroe Milwaukee	Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 7, 1895 Apr. 2, 1894 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 4, 1897
Asst. Quartermaster General	Colonel Colonel Colonel	Allan F. Caldwell Charles R. Williams George Graham Wm. J. Anderson Andrew L. Kruetzer.	Whitewater Milwaukee Tomah Milwaukee Wausau	Jan. 7, 1895 June 1, 1893 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 4, 1897
Acting Paymaster General Acting Engineer in	Colonel	Moses R. Doyon	Madison	Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 7, 1895
Chief. Aide-de-Camp.	Colonel	Harry S. Fuller Wm. J. Boyle S. W. Hollister Hoyt A. Winslow Arthur C. Keyes. George D. Breed Wm. C. Ginty Wm. K. Coffin Simon J. Murphy, Jr Harry H. Colevan Wm. A. Brown I. W. Stephenson Wm. H. Young George W. Wing. John C. W. Frooks	Milwaukee Milwaukee Oshkosh Fond du Lac New London. Chilton Chippewa Fls Eau Claire	Jan. 31, 1893 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 7, 1895 Jan. 29, 1896 Feb. 17, 1896 Apr. 16, 1896 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MEDICAL DELAMINENT.				
Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Appointed.
Surgeon General Surgeon, 2d Regt Surgeon, 3d Regt Surgeon, 4th Regt Surgeon, 1st Regt	Brig. Gen Major Major Major	Frederick W. Byers. Frederick J. Wilkie. John B. Edwards Harry E. Bradley Theodore W. Evans.	Monroe Oshkosh Mauston Milwaukee Madison	Jan. 7, 1895 Apr. 19, 1882 Nov. 17, 1884 July 2, 1889 Jan. 7, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 30 Regt	Captain	Edward H. Grannis	Menomonie	Oct. 21, 1885
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt	Captain	Frank C. Moulding	Watertown	June 11, 1887
Assistant Surgeon, 1st Regt	Captam	Jos. B. Whiting, Jr	${\bf Janesville}$	Feb. 23, 1889
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt	Captain	Horace E. Mann	Marinette	Aug. 26, 1890
Assistant Surgeon, 2d Regt	Captain	A. Judson Morse	Chilton	May 2, 1892
Assistant Surgeon,4th Regt	Captain	John R. McDill	Milwaukee	Jan. 6, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, Bat. A, 1st L. Art	Captain	Ralph Chandler	Milwaukee	June 29, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, 3d Regt	Captain	Charles F. King	Hudson	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon,4th Regt	Captain	Gilbert E. Seaman	Milwaukee	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon, Troop A, 1st Cav	Captain	Wm. J. Cronyn	Milwaukee	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 3d Regt	Captain	Irving E. Lacey	Neilsville	Jan. 24, 1895
Assistant Surgeon, 1st Regt	Captain	Chas. H. Carey	Darlington	Feb. 23, 1895

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

(Organized by Genera	l Orders No. 25,	April 26, 1882.	Headquarters, Monr	roa.)
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First Battalion, Major Joachim, Commanding, Companies "B," "C," "F" and "G." Second Battalion, Major Stearns, Commanding, Companies "A," "D," "E" and "H."

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Major	Samuel P. Schadel Charles S. Young George H. Joachim Daniel A. Stearns Oscar R. Olson George M. Neckerman	Monroe Monroe Monroe	Ji	an. [ay 1 une 2	7, 1895. 7, 1895. 19, 1893. 27, 1893. 28, 1893. 9, 1893.
tain	James Gibson	Janesville	Ja	ın. 2	20, 1893.
Battalion Adjutant, 1st		•••••••	••••	•••••	••••
Lieutenant	Eugene C. Rowley				9, 1895.
Lieutenant	Edwin M. Thorpe	Madison	м	ay 2	5, 1806.

Second Regiment of Infantry.

(Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Headquarters, Sheboygan.)

First Battalion, Major Morgan, Commanding, Companies "A," "B," "C" and "D." Second Battalion, Major Hunter, Commanding, Companies "E," "F," "G" and "H." Third Battalion, Major Gruetzmacher, Commanding, Companies "I," "K," "L" and "M."

Third Battalion, Major Gruetzmacher, Commanding, Companies "I," "K," "M."	"L" and
Colonel Charles A. Born Sheboygan Jan. Lieutenant Colonel Albert Solliday Watertown Jan. Major Charles J. Hunter Fond du Lac. Feb. Major Nathan E. Morgan Appleton Jan. Major Frank W. Gruetzmacher Ripon Jan. Adjutant—Captain Charles A. Green Appleton Jan. Quartermaster—Captain Julius A. Nemitz Oshkosh Nov.	7, 1895. 7, 1895. 24, 1892. 7, 1895. 4, 1897. 16, 1893. 10, 1891.
Insp. of Small Arms Pr.— Captain	30, 1887. 27, 1892.
Lieutenant Samuel H. Longdin Fond du Lac Apr. Battalion Adjutant, 1st	5, 1 892.
Lieutenant	19, 1895. 7 1896

Third Regiment of Infantry:

(Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Headquarters, La Cros	se.)
First Battalion, Major George, Commanding, Companies "C," "E," "H" and	."I."
Second Battalion, Major Kircheis, Commanding, Companies "B," "L,"	A" and
Third Battalion, Major Carnegie, Commanding, Companies "A," "D," "F" and	"G."
Colonel Martin T. Moore La Crosse June	11, 1883
Lieutenant Colonel Benjamin F. Parker Milwaukee June	11, 1883
Major Thomas J. George Vanceburg June	11, 1883
Major La Crosse May	26, 1892
Major George C. Carnegie Portage Sept.	3, 1895
Adjutant-Captain Orlando Holway La Crosse May	4, 1889
Insp. of Small Arms Pr.—	15, 1885
	14, 1891
Chaplain—Captain Edmund W. Trimm Sparta Jan.	24, 1895
Battalion Adjutant, 1st	10 1000
Digutesiant Louis Schalle	19, 185 6
Battalion Adjutant, 1st	22, 1891
Lieutenant	22, 1001
Battalion Adjutant, 1st Lieutenant Edwin B. Farr Eau Claire Apr.	11, 1896
Fourth Regiment of Infantry.	
(Organized by General Orders No. 6, April 25, 1884. Headquarters, Milwauk	cee.)
First Battalion, Major Shea, Commanding, Companies "B," "C," "D" and	"H."
Second Battalion, Major Lynch, Commanding, Companies "A," "E," "F" and	1 "G."
Colonel	8, 1894
Lieutenant Colonel Horace M Seaman Milwaukee Jan.	8, 1894 7, 1895
Major Edward Shea Milwaukee Jan .	2, 1896
Major John J. Lynch Milwaukee Oct. Adjutant—Captain Abraham B. Cambier Milwaukee Nov.	1, 1892
Quartermaster—Captain Gustave G. Pabst Milwaukee Feb.	18, 1895
Inspector of Small Arms	
Practice—Captain T. K. Birkhaeuser Milwaukee Dec.	29, 1892
Chaplain—Captain George W. Lamb Menasha July	11, 1890
Battalion Adjutant-1st	
Lieutenant Frank A. Sullivan Milwaukee Dec.	22, 1890
Battalion Adjutant-1st	00 4000
Lieutenant Martin Anderson Milwaukee Dec.	29, 1892
Troop "A," 1st Cavalry.	
Organized April 27, 1880. Station, Milwaukee.	
Captain William J. Grant Milwaukee Feb.	4, 1895
First Lieutenant William H. Halsey Milwaukee Nov.	10, 1 893
Second Lieutenant Robert W. Mueller Milwaukee Dec.	27, 1894
Battery "A," 1st Light Artillery.	
Organized May 11, 1885. Station, Milwaukee.	
Captain Benjamin H. Dally Milwaukee Dec.	1, 1895
First Lieutenant Adolph S Hosch Milwaukee Dec.	1, 1895
First Lieutenant Geo. C. Simpson Milwaukee Mar.	31, 1896
Second Lieutenant Charles F. Ludington Milwaukee April	13, 1896

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

	1	1							
Co.	Organized.	Location.	Strength Jan. 1, 1897.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.			
ABC DEFGH	August 5, 1878 April 25, 1889 July 7, 1877 July 8, 1884 August 31, 1877 August 6, 1894 March 24, 1875 March 30, 1882	Janesville	49 58 59	Charles L. Hanson Robert C. Burchard Leverette W. Persons Edward E. Buche Tom J. Rogers Clarence D. Varel Henry W. Quentmeyer Fred. F. West	Henry F. Baldwin Fred Glazier Wm. H. Hahn George F. Oates George P. Haynes Ward C. Clemons Henry C. Baker Mathias C. Durst	Frank C. Bloedel. August W. Holgren. Edward T. Weyher. Daniel H. Flanigan. Charles W. Steele. Walter C. Carlson. John P. Joachim. Fred. W. Buehler.			
Second Regiment of Infantry.									
ABCDEFGHIKLM	September 25, 1889 March 25, 1876 November 4, 1877 March 28, 1879 April 7, 1880 April 8, 1880 October 27, 1881 December 29, 1881 May 1, 1889 October 4, 1880 September 24, 1889 May 2, 1889	\$Marshfield Oshkosh Sheboygan Ripon Fond du Lac Oshkosh Appleton Manitowoc Marinette Beaver Dam Ashland Oconto	51 59 60 66 64 57 55 59 54 53 57 61	Wallace P. Greene. Philip J. Zink. Horace P. Padley.	Peter A. Prescott Henry Tyriver Charles Bodemer Engar C. Barnes Charles H. Tripp Henry L. Lenz Maurice S. Peerenboom Charles A. Groffman Joshua Hodgins Wm. Bearder Elmer E. Tennant	Isaac B. Spencer. Geo. O. Sanders. Herman Olson. James E. Reagan. Emil C. Plonsky. Godfrey Fritz. Wm. H. Zuehlke. Alfred N. Knudson. Leander E. Brown. Arthur Tibbits. James McCully. Albert J. Cummings.			
Third Regiment of Infantry.									
ABCDEFG	May 15, 1875. August 1, 1873. June 18, 1887 October 11, 1875. April 20, 1888. June 23, 1877 December 30, 1882	Neillsville La Crosse Hudson Mauston Eau Claire Portage Wausau	63 64 56 56 61 56	John Turner Joseph M. Ballard Hal. S. Rockwood	Wm. J. Brewster John Strehl Hiram E. Nye Wm. G. Beebe Thos. P. Cochrane Frank T. Lee Frederick R. Becker	Ole A. Jackson. Otto E. Kanard. Earl S. Ross. Wesley O. Smith. Fred. J. Hanley. Robert O. Kumerow.			

H I K L M	November 29, 1895	Menomonie	49 67 63 64 55	John C. Olnstad Harry W. Newton Randolph A. Richards Robert B. McCoy Luther H. Peck	John W Macauley Odgen H. Hammond Wunute W. Warren Frank L. French Eugene B. Chamberlain	Edward Skeel. William H. Smith, John G. Graham. John P. Rice. George Klipple.
		Fourt	h Regin	nent of Infantry.		
A.B.C.DE.F.G.H.	January 23, 1869	Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	28 16 43 96	Samuél H. Vowell Thomas F. Neville Charles J. Geisbush William J. Grant Benjamin H. Dally	Charles Schultz	John Budnik. Peter J. Kraemer, John E. Driscoll, Wm. A. Nieman, Edwin J. Bracken, Paul P. Kiely, Frank W. Gates, Robert W. Mueller, Charles F. Ludington,

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OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

The location of the fair is in every case (except where otherwise noted) the same as secretary's address.

COUNTIES.	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Postoffice address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams Ashland Barron	Adams County Agricultural Society. Ashland County Agricultural Society Barron County Agricultural Society Cumberland Agricultural and Driving Park As-	John J. McGeehan W. W Flinn	Frank McConick R. F. Spencer Jos. E. Cartright	FriendshipAshlandChetek	G. W. Waterman John A. Watson. W. A. Kent.
BayfieldBrownBuffaloRurnettCalumetChippewa	Buffalo County Agricultural Society. Burnett County Agricultural Society Calumet County Agricultural Society Chippewa County Agricultural Society Northwestern Wisconsin Agricultural and In-	M. Hurlbut Urne Peter Anderson Tjork Oesan Alex. McLaren	H. S. Comstock. Byron Ripley D. W Flatley. H. Brown And A. Anderson L. D. Dorschel Jesse R. Sharp	Cumberland Iron River Green Bay † Modena Grantsburg Chilton Chippewa Falls	A. A. Hobbe.
Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Fond du Lac Forest Grant	Clark County Agricultural Society Columbia County Agricultural Society Lodi Union Agricultural Society Crawford County Agricultural Society One County Agricultural Society Dane County Agricultural Society Douglas County Agricultural Society Dunn County Agricultural Society Eau Claire County Agricultural Society External Society External Society Kite Park Fair Association Forest County Agricultural Society Grant County Agricultural Society Boscobel Agricultural Society Boscobel Agricultural Society	George Bain Robert Steele J. W. McCullick S L. Sheldon D. Dickinson James H. Agen Henry Miller S. D. Smith Alfred Smith Delas Abrams	T. A. Burr	Chippewa Falls Neillsville Rio Lodi Seneca Madison Beaver Dam West Superior Menomonie Augusta Fond du Lac Crandon Lancaster	F. W. Jenkins. G. L. Redmond. J. M. Bushnell. A. R. Reynolds. Charles Mitchell. B. Drake. Harry Rogers. J. B. Chickering. Obadiah Works. W. W. Waite. W. J. McCoy.
Green	Fennimore Fair and Driving Park Association. Blake's Prairie Agricultural Society. Green County Agricultural Society Iowa County Agricultural Society Southwestern Wisconsin Fair Jackson County Agricultural Society. Merrilan Agricultural and Driving Park Association.	L. B. Ruka William Rogers John Carey, Jr R. A. Etter John B. Hoskins George G. Cox H. A. Bright	John Rogers. W. H. Glasier Frank Smock George W. Mundy. W. H. Bennett. Frank F. Oderbolz	Boscobel	F. B. Sarles. J. W. Varrell. H. C. Enke. Andrew Lewis. W. E. Williams. P. Allen, Jr. Martin Tollock. L. B. Stillwell

)FFICERS
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AGRIC L URAL S
L SOCIETIES.

				35	F. A. Adler.
Juneaz	Juneau County Agricultural Society	A. C. Plummer	I. C. Baldwin	Mauston	H. R. Erichsen.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee County Agricultural Society	Charles Meyer	Adolph Ebel	Kewaunee	C. H. Hawkins.
La Crosse	La Crosse County Agricultural Society	J. J. Johnson	F. H. A. Nye	West Salem	C. n. nawkins.
24 01000	*La Crosse Industrial Fair Association		C. S. Van Auken	La Crosse	D11 C-b14
Lafayette	Lafayette County Agricultural Society	James Hoskin	George F. West	Darlington	David Schreiter.
Langlade	Langlade County Agricultural Society	J. M. Bemis	John McGreer	Antigo	C. S. Seycom.
Manitowoc	Industrial Association of Manitowoc County	F. A. Huebner	C. H. Sedgwick	Manitowoc	Os car A Alter.
Marathon	Marathon County Agricultural Society	John Kiefer	K. Wright	Wausau	C. F. Paff.
Marquette	*Marquette County Agricultural Society	John S. Cant	Harry Cochrane	Westfield	Frank Gibson.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin State Agricultural Society	S. D. Hubbard	T.J. Fleming	North Greenfield	M.R. Doyon.
Monroe	Eastern Monroe County Agricultural Society	Thomas McCaul	M. L. Hineman	Tomah	J. E. Mooney.
Oneida	Oneida County Agricultural Society	John C. Curran	F. E. Parker	Rhinelander	B. R. Lewis.
Outagamie	Outagamie County Agricultural Society	John Dev	Herman Diestler	Hortonville	Nathan McComb.
Outagamie	Fox River Fair and Driving Association	George F. Peabody	M. F. Barteau	Appleton	John J. Sherman.
	Seymour Fair and Driving Association	James Dean	H. J. Van Varen	Seymour	Wm Michelstetter.
Ozaukee	Ozaukee County Agricultural Society	W. H. Rintelman	D. E. McGinley	Cedarburg	L. E. Schroeder.
	Pepin County Agricultural Society	W. H. Huntington	J. J. Morgan	Durand	W. L. Bachelder
Pepin Pierce	Pierce County Agricultural Society	J. W. Hancock	E S. Doolittle	Eilsworth	H. R. Huber.
Polk	Polk County Fair Society	J. W. Mullen	Fred. Hudson	St. Croix Falls	Harry D. Baker.
	Portage County Agricultural Society	Jesse Lea, Jr	J. N. Webster	Amherst	Andrew Moberg.
Portage	*Central Wisconsin Agricultural, Mechanical	,			
	and Scientific Association		George E. Oster		
Price	Price County Agricultural Society	W. H. Martin	Fred. W. Ruff	Phillips	Allen Jackson.
Richland	Bichland County Agricultural Society	H. M. Bock	J. G. Bunell	Richland Center	F. M. Hart.
Rock	*Rock County Agricultural Society		D. W. Watt	Janesville	
St Croix	St. Croix County Agricultural Society	George W. Martin	Frank McGuire	Hudson	M. Goldberg.
Sauk	*Sauk County Agricultural Society		J. S. Hall	Baraboo	
Sauk	Little Baraboo Valley Agricultural Society	E. Blakeslee	Charles Pearson, Jr.	Ironton	Harry Thornton.
Shawano	Shawano County Agricultural Society	Harry R. McComb	Louis C. Bold	Shawano	Chas. R. Klebesdel.
Sheboygan	*Sheboygan County Agricultural Society	1	— Gaffron	Plymouth	-42
Trempealeau	Arcadia Agricultural and Driving Association	Nic. Lehrbach	F. C. Richmond	Arcadia	Emil Maurer.
11empeareda	Trempealeau County Agricultural Society	S. E. Houghton	F. G. Davis	Galesville	J. A. Kellman.
	Trempealeau County Agricultural, Industrial				77 37 77 3 3 3
	and Driving Park Association	N. L. Frederickson	H. H. Scott	Whitehall	E. N. Trowbridge.
Vernon	Vernon County Agricultural Society	D. O. Mahoney	F. W. Alexander	Viroqua	John W. Mills.
Walworth	Walworth County Agricultural Society	J. M. Brewster	Geo. Harrngton	Elkhorn	L.G. Latham.
Washington	Washington County Agricultural Soicety	S. C. Long	Joseph Ott	West Bend	George W. Jones.
Waukesha	Waukesha County Agricultural Society	Eph. Beaumont	Frank W. Harland	Waukesha	Warren H. Smith.
Waupaca	Wannaca County Agricultural Society	A. V. Balch	A. L. Hutchinson	Weyauwega	John Borngener.
ii aapataiiii	New London Agricultural and Industrial As-	7.1.5	G W W	N r 3	T II D
	sociation	August Roloff	George W. Werner	New London	
Wanshara	Waushara County Agricultural Society	Gilbert Tennant	W.H. Berray	Wautoma	
Winnebago	*Oshkosh Fair Association		C. E. Angell	Osnkosn	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
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SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1897.

Counties.	Popula- tion, 1895.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.	County Treasurer	District Attorney.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.	County Superin- tendent.	County Judge.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Doog Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac Forest Grant Green Green Lake Iowa Iron Jackson Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Charrose	7, 532 17, 241 20, 122 12, 595 45, 623 16, 931 5, 892 17, 744 28, 727 21, 342 28, 727 21, 342 30, 868 17, 203 65, 669 47, 851 16, 969 29, 986 25, 906 47, 436 47, 436	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	\$600 1,600 800 1,200 1,500 700 1,300 1,200 1,200 1,600 1,400 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,200 1,500 1,200 1,500 1,200 1,000	\$250 1,000 600 1,000 400 800 400 800 700 600 800 1,000	\$600 1,600 800 1,200 1,400 800 1,400 1,400 1,200 1,200 1,700 1,400 1,500 900 1,100 1,200 1	Fees Fees \$400 300 Fees Fees \$500 **500 **500 **500 **500 Fees **800 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees **500 Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	\$500 400 1,000 800 500 500 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,000 1,200 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 1,200 1,200 1,000 800 1,200 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	\$300 1,000 600 1112,300 1,000 1,000 1,500 2,000 2,100 2,100 3,000 1,500 950 1,500 950 1,500 950 1,500 950 1,500 950 1,500 1,500 950 1,500
Lafayette	21, 488 11, 092 14, 765 40, 802	‡‡800 Fees Fees Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees	1,000 1,500 1,000 1,400	600 600 600 1,000	1,000 1,500 1,200 1,200	‡‡600 600 *400 800	Fees Eees *** Fees	Fees 100 Fees Fees	1,000 600 600 1,400	1,200 1,000 600 500 1,500

Marathon Marinette Marquette Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Racine Richland Rock St Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Trempealeau Vernon Vilas Walworth Washington Wauhesha Waupaca Waupaca Wunnebago Willie	8, 498 21, 963 27, 035 3, 801 29, 162 4, 266 24, 277 36, 562 30, 793 15, 355 57, 627	\$2,000 Fees 250 250 5,000 Fees 1,700 Fees Fees Fees 1,500 Fees Fees 1,500 Fees Fees Fees 1,500 Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fe	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	\$1,500 1,200 1,200 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,000 950 1,000 1	\$1, 200 1, 000 350 5, 000 800 400 1, 000 1, 000 1, 000 600 500 1, 200 1, 200 600 600 600 600 600 600 800 500 500 500 500 500 1, 200	\$1,500 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,300 750 800 750 1,100 800 1,200 1	Fees \$200 400 6, c00 500 360 *200 *400 *150 *350 3300 Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees Fees	\$1,500 800 650 1,200 800 600 1,100 900 500 800 800 1,000 1,000 1,200 950 1,000 1,200 1,000 1,200 1,000 1,200 1,000 1,000 1,200 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,200 1,000	\$800 1, 000 1, 000 500 500 400 1, 500 1, 500 800 1, 300 1, 800 1, 800 2, 000 1, 500 600 1, 500 250 1, 400 2, 500 2, 500 2, 500 800 2, 500 800 2, 500 800 2, 500 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800
Wood	21,001	1		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	1		

^{*}And fees. ** And per diem. *** \$3 per day. † Salary for ensuing term fixed at \$300. † \$4 per day and mileage. ††† This amount includes \$300 for register of probate. ‡ And traveling expenses. ‡‡ For county business. ††† Two officers.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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Counties.	County Seats.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.
Adams	Friendship	Harry Barrett	Frank McConick.
Ashland	. Ashland	James Firth	John E. Nelson.
Barron	Barron	. William W. Deitz	Andrew G. Strand.
Bayneld	. Washburn	Nels Sonin	Herman J. Finstad.
Brown		August Schaner	Victor Bader.
Buffalo			Ben Christianson.
Burnett	Grantsburg	I Robert C Andarson	And. A. Anderson.
Calumet	Chilton Chippewa Falls	Arno Heymer	Edward J. Mooney. Edward Outhwaite.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	A. F. Colburn	Edward Outhwaite.
Clark	Neillsville	i James Warren Page	Charles Cornelius.
Columbia	Portage	Ole M. Bendixen	Arthur A. Porter. J. Victor Callaway.
Crawford Dane	Prairie du Chien	Tosten T. Sime Charles F. Moulton Edmund J. Labuwi Augustine A. Minor.	J. Victor Callaway.
Dodge	Madison	Charles F. Moulton	John Dohm. John Thauer.
Door	Juneau Sturgeon Bay	Edmund J. Labuwi	John Thauer.
Douglas	Superior	Front I Wilson	Nicholas Nelson.
Diinn	Menomonie	Frank L. Wilcox Daniel P. Chamberlin.	Paul A. Sandberg.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Charles H. Henry	Martin Fladoes.
Florence Fond du Lac	Florence	Ole Peterson	Hugh H. B. McMasters
Fond du Lac	Florence Fond du Lac	Simon Schaefer	Charles R. Beattie. John E. Holland.
Forest	Urandon	Wilber E. Fessenden	Frank Steiner.
Grant	Lancaster	Simon Schaefer. Wilber E. Fessenden. Horace Hymer.	Seth Wallace Rogers.
Green	Monroe	German O. Stearns	Oscar R. Olson.
Green Lake	Dartford	Rumsey J. Evans	Samuel Owens.
Įowa	Dodgeville	German O. Stearns Rumsey J. Evans John B. Wallis	Patrick Grant.
Įron	Hurley	Frank Logan Edwin V. Buckley	Alexander Renlund
Jackson	Black River Falls	Edwin V. Buckley	Anthony Premo.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Theodore B. Roach	Anthony Premo. Albert J. Weiss. John T. Kingston.
Juneau	Mauston	Edward B. Sickles	John T. Kingston.
Kenosha Kewaunee	Kenosha	John J. Able	William S. Gibbon.
La Crosse	Kewaunee	A. G. Schauer	H. F. Pohland
Lafayette	La Crosse Darlington	Gideon G. Lang. Charles C. Bennett. Charles H. Thompson.	Randolph Elliot.
Langlade	Antigo	Charles U. Bennett	Michaels'n Michaels'n.
Lincoln	Merrill	Leslie H. Willett	George W. Bemis. John F. Clark.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Christ Muth	John F. Clark. Julius Lindsledt.
Marathon	Wausau	Christ. Muth	Edward C Knotless
Marinette	Marinette	T. W. Brown	Edward C. Kretlow. Ludwig H. Larson.
Marquette	Montello	Thomas O'Connor	Caleb F. Fuller.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Fred G. Isenring	Henry Varges
Monroe	Sparta	Loonard Concer	Henry Verges. John A. Sholts.
Oconto Oneida	Oconto	Charles Quirt	Alexander Caldwell.
Oneida	Rhinelander	William T. Stevens	R. M. Donglass.
Outagamie	Appleton	Robert McMurdo	Bernhard J. Zuehlke. William Ahlhauser.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	William Alten	William Ahlhauser.
Pepin	Durand	Martin P. Walker Robert S. Rolson	Henry Albert Miles.
Pierce Polk	Ellsworth Osceola Mills	Robert S. Rolson	W. W. Walsingham.
Portage	Stevens Point	Lewis Schmidt Frank Whelock	Henry G. Anderson.
Price	Phillips	Alex W Nelson	William Ahlhauser. Henry Albert Miles. W. W. Walsingham. Henry G. Anderson. George E. Vaughn. Charles H. Andrae.
Racine	Racine	Alex. W. Nelson John C. Wagner	Charles H. Andrae.
Racine	Racine	Geo. M. Snyder	Frank M. Roberts. Samuel P. Howard.
Rock	Janesville	Theodore L. Acheson	Oscar D. Rowe.
RockSt. Croix	Hudson	E. J. Cave	James Walker.
Sauk	Baraboo	E. J. Cave Conrad J. Meyer	William Faller.
Sawyer	Hayward	Charles Peterson	Ralph Tiletad
Shawano	Shawano	James George David L. Mantz Sylvester Nusser	Ralph Tilstad. Jonas Swenholt.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Divid L. Mantz	Harvey Klotsch.
Taylor	Medford	Sylvester Nusser	William F. Wenck.
rempealeau	Whitehall	Joseph Jenson John W. White W. A. Bradford	Henry N. Halvorson.
Vernon	Viroqua	John W. White	William Hutchinson.
Vilas	Eagle River	W. A. Bradford	L. E. McGill
Walworth	Elkhorn		Henry D. Rarnes. Charles A. Shaver. Charles F. Lewis.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Geo. Tozer	Charles A. Shaver.
Washington	West Bend	William Widdig	Charles F. Lewis.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Peter Schneider	W. E. Swan.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Mahlon L. Munsert	W. E. Swan. William L. Evans.
Waushara Winnebago	Wautoma	Walter J. Beach	Halbert Hanson.
Wood	OshkoshGrand Rapids	Florian Lampert Geo. H. Smith	John Strange.
	Grand Hapius	deo. II. Smith	Nash Mitchell.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.
	7. 11.	Ema Vnicht	Solon W. Pierce.
Adams	Friendship	Ezra Knight John Nelson	George H. McCloud.
Ashland	Ashland	Charles Christenson	William N. Fuller.
Barron	Barron	William Unight	Arthur A. McLeod.
Bayfield	Washb irn	William Knight	Lafavotto A Calking
Brown	Green Bay	Nicholas Meyer	Lafayette A. Calkins. Charles W. Gilman.
Buffalo	Alma	Herman Altman	S. F. Grover.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Ole C. Branstad	James Kerwan.
Calumet	Chilton	John Nettlekoven	Clarence B. Culbertson
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Henry Goetz Edgar P. Houghton	George B. Parkhill.
Clark	Neillsville	Edgar P. Houghton	William G. Coles.
Columbia	Portage Prairie du Chien	Byron Kinnear	Albert U. Long
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Fred W. Lewis	Albert H. Long.
Dane	Madison	John Q. Brigham	Andrew W. Anderson. William N. Hamilton.
Dodge	Juneau	George C. Congdon	Vicinia V. Hammon.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Joseph G. Dalemont	Tugve V. Dreutzer.
Douglas	Superior	Henry H. Stewart	Henry C. Stoan.
Dunn	Menomonie	Elmer B. HIII	Josias L. Florin.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Julius Ewald	Frank R. Farr.
Florence	Florence	Thaddeus J. Baird	William N. Hamilton. Yugve V. Dreutzer. Henry C. Sloan. Josias E. Florin. Frank R. Farr. William E. Dickinson. Herbert E. Swett.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	David Thomas	Samuel Shaw.
Forest	Crandon	Andrew E. Himley	
Grant	Lancaster	John B. Mauer Elias C. Morse Worden T. Burdick Thomas I. Williams Richard R. Trezona	William E. Howe. Harvey Clark. Richard F. Hamilton. Levi W. Pollard.
Green	Monroe	Elias C. Morse	Bishord F Hamilton
Green Lake	Dartford	worden T. Burdick	Logi W Pollard
Iowa	Dodgeville	Thomas I. Williams	Cooper C Foster
Iron	Hurley	Richard R. Trezona	George C. Foster. G. M. Popham.
Jackson	Black River Falls.	Nicholas Gender	Windele
Jefferson	Jefferson	John A. Fridel	Edwin A. Wigdale. Julius Dithmar.
Juneau	Mauston	Christian Johnson	Albert E Duelmarter
Kenosha,	Kenosha	Thomas Hansen	Albert E. Buckmaster. James H. McGown.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Frank Kohlbeck	John E. McConnell.
La Crosse	La Crosse	John Schild	Fig. Engage Conley
Lafayette	Darlington		Edw. Francis Conley
Langlade	Antigo	S. W. Chamberlain	John E. Martin.
Lincoln	Merrill	Mathias I. Tockley	Richard J. Dawson. Adolph P. Schenian.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Peter Kaufmann	Adolph P. Schenian.
Marathon	Wausau	Carl F. Paff	Andrew L. Kruetzer. Everett C. Eastman.
Marinette	Marinette	Edward Hornibrook	Everett C. Eastman.
Marquette	Montello	Gustav W. Grahm George W. Mayhew	James Duff.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee		D. J. H. Hallott
Monroe	Sparta	Jay A. Mosher	Alvin C. Brazee. Bradley H. Hackett. O. F. Trudell. Sam S. Miller.
Oconto	Oconto	Angus McAllister	C. r. Truden.
Oneida	Rhinelander	Chas. H. Woodcock	Jam S. Miller.
Outagamie	Appleton Port Washington.	August Mill	John Battensek. Wm A. Tholen.
Ozaukee	Port Washington.	John F. Bruss	Earl Barber.
Pepin	Durand	James H. parry	Albert Combacker.
Pierce	Ellsworth	George r. weisemann	Ole E Anderson.
Polk	Osceola Mills	Peter H. Johnson	William F. Owen.
Portage	Stevens Point	. Charles E. Websier	Henry C. Peters.
Price	Phillips	Fred Nelson	Peter B. Nelson.
Racine	Racine	Peter Meyers	Grant L. Miner.
Richland	Kichland Center	John H. Dabb	William A. Jackson.
Rock	Janesville	Asnbel C. Thorpe	Tomos A Front
St. Croix		. Trueworth Jewell	James A. Frear. Frank R. Bentley.
Sauk	Baraboo	John S. Hall.	John F. Riorden.
Sawyer	Hayward	I Den Wewmarry	Benjamin A. Cady.
Shawano	Shawano	Francis Ö. Perry Henry Walvoord	Frederick Vollreth
Sheboygan	Sheboygan		Frederick Vollrath. George W. Adams.
Taylor		· John Kraemer	Herman L. Ekern.
Trempealeau		Ole E. Larson	John S Largon
Vernon	Viroqua		G F Sanhorn
Vilas	Eagle River	Ole Swenson	Charles B Sumper
Walworth		William H. Allen George L. Colt	Charles B. Sumner. Lewis H. Mead. H. K. Butterfield.
Washburn		Lawrence Guth	H K Butterfield
Washington	. West Bend	Olif Ocean	Thomas W Parkingon
Waukesha		Ulli Usen	Samuel A Connell
Waupaca	. Waupaca	· Daniel A. Kamsdell	Edward F Kileen
Waushara	. Wautoma	James W. Jeners	Walter W Quarterman
Winnebago	Oshkosh Grand Rapids	Olif Osen. Daniel A. Ramsdell. James W. Jeffers. Thomas J. Baird. Nick M. Berg.	. H. K. Butterheid. Thomas W. Parkinson Samuel A. Connell. Edward F. Kileen. Walter W. Quarterman P. A. Williams.
Wood	. Grand Rapids	. Nick M. Derg	. 1 . A. Williams.
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COUNTY OFFICERS.—Continued.

Adams. Friendship. Robert S. Harrison. Charles R. Sickles. Ashland. Theodore R. Yankee. James W. Good. Barron. William M. Simpson. Stephen E. Washburn. John Froseth. George McClintock Person. Green Bay. Dan H. Martin. Stephen S. Joyce. Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christ. S. Stockwell. Evan O. Jones. Christian J. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christ. S. Stockwell. Evan O. Jones. Christian Elmon. Stuff M. Buehler. Charles M. Bradford. Christ. S. Stockwell. Evan O. Jones. Christian Elmon. William H. Locke. The Manomonie. Alexander Hosford. Handler. Charles Edwir Paris. Charles Ed	COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.
Barfalo Aina Alama	Adams		Robert S. Harrison	Charles R. Sickles.
Barfalo Alexa Day Burnett. Granschurg Ole Erickson. Sewton Hickerson. Calumet. Chilbon. Peter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa C	Ashland	Ashland	Theodore R. Yankee	James W. Good.
Barfalo Alexa Day Burnett. Granschurg Ole Erickson. Sewton Hickerson. Calumet. Chilbon. Peter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa Chilpewa Falls Preter McKenna. Sam Vincent. Chilpewa C	Barron	Barron	William M. Simpson	Stephen E. Washburn.
Barralo Barralo Burnett. Grantschurg Caltumet. Chilton. Caltumet. Chilton. Caltumet. Chilton. Chilton. Caltumet. Chilton. Chilton. Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chippewa Chilton Chilto	Bayneid	Washburn	John Froseth	George McClintock
Burnett. Grantsturg Ole Erickson. Newton Hickerson. Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth. William Larson. Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth. William Larson. Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth. William Larson. Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth. William Larson. Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth. William Larson. Chance David R. Marshall Evan O. Jones. Madison Bay. Adnew Shepard. Charles Edwin Parish Doog. June. Madison. Eugene Shepard. Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Fallstead Andrew L. Wallace Engene E. Kirkhan. All Magnus Fallstead Charles Gangue Exirkhan. All Magnus Fallstead Andrew L. Wallace Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles Charles Edwin Parish Charles	Buffelo	Green Bay		Stephen S. Joyce.
Calumet Chilpon Peter McKenna Sam Vincent. Chippewa Chippewa Falls Magnus Firth William Larson. Clark Neillsville Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles M. Bradford Charles Eugene E. Evan O. Jones. Dane. Madison Eugene Shepard Charles Edwin Parisl Dodge Juneau Andrew L. Wallace Eugene E. Kirkhan. Douglas Juneau Ghristian Eimon William H. Locke. Dunn. Menomonie. Alexander Hosford The Horn Charles Edwick Prorence Charles S. Hopkins Henry McBain. Forence Florence Charles S. Hopkins Henry McBain. Forence Florence Charles S. Hopkins Henry McBain. Forence Florence Charles F. Dickinson Charles E. Atkins John Chast Charles E. Atkins John Charles T. Holsomb Charles Charles E. Atkins John Charles T. Holsomb Charles Charles E. Atkins John Charles T. Holsomb Charles Charles T. Dickinson John Charles T. Holsomb Charles Charles T. Dickinson John Charles T. Holmas P. William R. Horny McBain. Forence Lake Dartford Samuel Scholes Charles T. Dickinson John Charles T. Holmas P. William B. Valles Charles T. Lancaster Charles T. Brayton. Forence Lake Dartford Samuel Scholes Charles T. Holmas P. Walles Charles T. Lancaster Charles T. Charles T. Holmas P. Walles Charles T. Charles T. Charles T. Walles Charles T. Charle	Burnett	Grantakana	Rudoiph Mueller	Christian J. Buehler.
Clark Columbia Portage David R. Marshall Ernest G. Briggs Norman T. Bull. Dane. Madison Doge Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Duna Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Dunn Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Dunn Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Doy Bau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Andrew Stensaas Henry McBain. Horry McB	Calumet	Chilton	Poton Mallanna	
Clark Columbia Portage David R. Marshall Ernest G. Briggs Norman T. Bull. Dane. Madison Doge Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Doy Duna Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Dunn Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Dunn Menomonie. Alexander Hosford Doy Bau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Andrew Stensaas Henry McBain. Horry McB		Chippewa Falls	Magnus Firth	
Columbia. Portage David R. Marshall Evan O. Jones. Crawford Prairie du Chien. Emest G. Briggs Norman T. Bull Dadge Juneau Andrew L. Wallace Legene Shepard Charles E. Andrew L. Wallace Door Sturgeon Bay. James L. Halstead Wallace Song Surgeon Bay. James L. Halstead William H. Locke. The Charles E. Andrew Stensaas Allen Higgins. William H. Locke. Timothy Murphy. Henry Meridan Allen Higgins. William H. Locke. Timothy Murphy. Henry Meridan Allen Higgins. Grant Crandon P. Shay Henry McBain. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Alter M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. Albert M. Parmenter. M. M. Masson. M. Martin Tollack. M. Martin Tollack. M. Masson. M. M. Masson. M. M. Masson. M. M. Masson. M. M. Masson. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M.		l Neillsville	Charles M Bradford	Cyrus S Stockwell
Dodge	Columbia	Portage	David R Marshall	Evan O. Iones
Dodge	Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Ernest G. Briggs	Norman T. Bull
Eau Claire Florence. Charles S. Hokkins. Albert M. Parmenter. Anton Leonard. Josah W. Hawes. Josha W. Hawes. John Chas. Churchil Fred. Ties. Reuben T. Holzomb. Lorenta J. Brayton. Daniel G. Jones. Thomas Gibbon. Daniel Reid. Martin Tollack. Thomas P. Marsh. James L. Cook. Almon S. Wetherby. Lafake B. Lafake M. Almon S. Wetherby. Lafakette. Darlington. Herbert E. Robbins. Rewaunee. Lafayette. Darlington. Henry Smith. Langlade Antiac. Henry Smith. Henry Smith. Edwin A. Petersen. Maritowoc Marinette. Marinette. Marinette. Marinette. Marinette. Marinette. Marinette. Montello. Christoph Tagatz. Alfred A. Bock. Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee August F. Zentner. Alfred A. Bock. Milwaukee Appleton. Durand. Dorenta. John J. Morgan. John Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Pepin. Dorwin. John G. Flanagan. Marsahon. Wausau. William J. Gehrke. Alfred A. Bock. Marinette. Montello. Christoph Tagatz. Frank J. Dodge. Alfred A. Bock. Milwaukee Appleton. John J. Morgan. John J. Morgan. John Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. John J. Morgan. John Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Charles A. Lane. William J. Delaney. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Dorwin. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Darwishington. Henry Kreiss. Henry McIdmin. Henr	Dane	Madison	Eugene Shepard	Charles Edwin Parish
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Corest	Fond du Lag	Fond du T	Charles S. Hopkins	Albert M. Parmenter.
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Front	Grant	Lancactor	Charles E Di-li-	Josian W. Hawes.
John C. Flanagan. Daniel Reid. Jackson. Black River Falls. Jefferson. Jefferson. Frederick Bullwinkel. Juneau. Mauston Almon S. Wetherby. Isaiah M. Mason. Kenosha. Kenosha. Herbert E. Robbins. Kewaunee. Kewaunee. William Rogers. La Crosse. La Crosse. Milo J. Pitkin. Larglade Antigo. Henry Smith. Edwin A. Petersen. Lafayette. Darlington R. James Lancaster William B. Vail. Langlade Antigo. Henry Smith. Edwin A. Petersen. Landitowoc Manitowoc Edward C. Schaffland Marathon. Wausau. William J. Gehrke. Marinette. Montello. Christoph Tagatz. Alfred A. Bock. Milwaukee Milwaukee August F. Zentner. Alemonto. Milwaukee Milwaukee Appleton. John Montgomery. Daukee Port Washington. John J. Morgan. John Dorwin. Peierce Ellsworth. Jens B. Jenson. Lina L. Richardson. Polk. Oscoola Mills. Ernst A. Scharin Portage. Stevens Point Charles A. Lane. Price Phillips George M. Chamberlain Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Rashawano. Shawano. Sheboygan. Rodman B. Melvin. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. John Radellife. Wallam B. Pank N. Cleveland. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. Johnson. Benjamin F. Heald. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. John Radellife. Wallam B. Pank N. Cleveland. Harry F. Johnson. Benjamin F. Heald. Peters. Thomas Toner. Wallam B. Pank N. Cleveland. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. Johnson. Benjamin F. Heald. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. Johnson. Sheboygan. Rodman B. Melvin. Peter H. Johnson. Harry F. Gosling. John Radelliffe. Walworth. Elkhorn. Dyar L. Cowdery. Theron R. Morxan. Thurston Evers. Thomas Toner. Waluscha Wauneaca Waupaca Waupaca Harlow. James F. Pickett. William W. Kimball. Waluscha Waupaca G. Pickett. William W. Kimball. Waluscha Waupaca Harlow. James G. Pickett. William W. Kimball. William W. Kimball. Waluscha Waupaca Waupaca John Clark. Walliam W. Kimball. William W. Ki	Green	Monroe	Fred Ties	Reuben T Helessill.
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Oconto Oc	Marathon	Wansan	William J. Gehrke	Alfred A Rock
Oconto Oc	Marinette	Marinette	George W. Thorne	Robert O. Hunt
Oconto Oc	Marquette	Montello	Christoph Tagatz.	Frank J. Dodge
Oconto Oc	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	August F. Zentner	Alexander W Hill
Ocneida Rhinelander E. P. Brennan E. C. Sturdevant. Appleton John Montgomery Henry Kreiss. James Hedding. Durand John J. Morgan John Dorwin. Polk. Oscoola Mills Ernst A. Scharin Nischer Price Phillips George M. Chamberlain Racine Racine Racine Racine Rock Janesville William J. McIntyre Heddon Morse. Otto E. Alrens. Omer E. Winton. Omer E. Winton. Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Gengent Walwesha Bagle River Dyar L. Cowdery Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Therman H. Suhs. Wauheasha Wauheasha Waunpaca Wanned G. Pickett Walliam J. Doln Dixon Charles A. Lane. William J. Delaney. William J. Delaney. William J. Delaney. William J. Delaney. Otto E. Alrens. Omer E. Winton. Omer E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. E. Charles A. Lane. Otto Christianson. Omer E. Winton. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. E. Charles A. Lane. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. E. Charles A. Lane. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. J. Egbert. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. W. J. Egbert. Otto Christianson. Oner E. William J. McIntyre Theodore W. J. Egb	Monroe	Sparta	G. Horman	Henry Graf.
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Pierce Ellsworth Jens B. Jenson Luna L. Richardson. Polk Oscoola Mills Ernst A. Scharin Nils A. Davidson. Stevens Point Charles A. Lane. William J. Delaney. Price. Phillips George M.Chamberlain Racine Racine John Dixon Otto E. Ahrens. Richland Center Robert R. Benton Otto E. Ahrens. Ot	Jutagamie	Appleton	John Montgomery	Henry Kreiss.
Golk. Osceola Mills Ernst A. Scharin Nils A. Davidson. Portage Stevens Point Charles A. Lane. William J. Delaney. Phillips George M. Chamberlain George M. Chamberlain Racine Racine Racine Racine Racine Racine Robert R. Benton. Omer E. Winton. nin	Durond Durond	John C. Schroeling	James Hedding.	
Acaine Racine John Dixon Otto E. Ahrens, Omer E. Winton. Racine Racine John Dixon Otto E. Ahrens, Omer E. Winton. Richland Center Robert R. Benton Mellan J. McIntyre Hudson H. G. Thoen W. J. Egbert. Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Edward F. Dithmar. Ole Hanson Hayward Otto Christianson Ole Hanson. Shawano Shawano Frederick Waegli Harry F. Johnson. Paylor Medford Andrew H. Peterson Fernon Wirempealeau Whitehall Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Viroqua William Brandon Harry H. Scott. Viroqua William Brandon Harry F. Goling. Viloan Brandon Harry H. Scott. Viroqua William Brandon Harry G. Gosling. Viloan Brandon Harry G. Gosling. Viloan Brandon Harry G. Gosling. Vashburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Vashburn Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Waupaca John Clark William W. Kimball.	Pierce	Fileworth	John J. Morgan	John Dorwin.
Racine Racine John Dixon Otto E. Ahrens, Omer E. Winton. Racine Racine Racine George M. Chamberlain Otto E. Ahrens, Otto E. Ahrens, Omer E. Winton. Richland Center Robert R. Benton Melliam J. McIntyre H. George W. Goldin, H. G. Thoen W. J. Egbert. Sauk Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Geward F. Dithmar. Otto Christianson Oltothristianson lk	Oscaola Milla	Emat A Sabasia	Nils A Davidson.	
Racine Racine John Dixon Otto E. Ahrens, Omer E. Winton. St. Croix Hudson H. G. Thoen W. Goldin, H. G. Thoen W. G. Thoen W. G. Goldin, H. G. Thoen W. G. Thoen W. G. Golding, W. G. Thoen W. Goldin, H. G. Thoen W. G. Thoen W. G. Golding, W. G. Thoen W. G. Golding, W. G. Thoen M. G. Thoen M. G. T	Portage	Stevens Point	Charles A Lane	William I Dolonou
Richland. Richland Center Robert R. Benton. Omer E. Winton. Theodore W. Goldin. H. G. Thoen. Ulrich Buehler Edward F. Dithmar. Ole Hanson. Shawano. Shawano. Shawano. Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin. Equipment Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin. Benjamin F. Heald. Andrew H. Peterson Frank N. Cleveland. Frank N. Cleveland. Frank N. Cleveland. William Brandon Harry H. Scott. Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morxan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Eyers. Washburn West Bend John Horlumus. Thomas Toner. Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca John Clark. Walkim B. James G. Pickett William W. Kimpall. Walkim B. Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Herman H. Suhs. Frank W. Darling. Winnebago. Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimpall.	Pricel	Phillips	George M.Chamberlain	Glen Morse
Rock Janesville William J. McIntyre Theodore W. Goldin. St. Croix Hudson H. G. Thoen W. J. Egbert. Sauk Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Edward F. Dithmar. Sawyer Hayward Otto Christianson. Ole Hanson. Shawano Frederick Waegli Harry F. Johnson. Benjamin F. Heald. Caylor Medford Andrew H. Peterson. Frank N. Cleveland. Crempealeau Whitehall Peter H. Johnson. Harry H. Scott. Vernon. Viroqua. William Brandon. Harry H. Scott. Valworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery. Theron R. Morkan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard. Thurston Eyers. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie. Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Cameron W. Fraser. Waushara Wautoma John Clark. William W. Kimball. Winnebago. Oshkosh James G. Pickett. William W. Kimball.	Racine	Racine	John Dixon	Otto E Abrons
Asservice. Janesville. William J. McIntyre. Theodore W. Goldin. H. G. Thoen. W. J. Egbert. Sauk. Baraboo Ulrich Buehler. Glaward F. Dithmar. Ole Hanson. Shawano. Shawano. Sheboygan. Rodman B. Melvin. Benjamin F. Heald. Paylor. Medford Andrew H. Peterson. Fremengealeau Whitehall. Peter H. Johnson. Harry H. Scott. William. Viroqua. William Brandon. Henry C. Gosling. Walworth. Elkhorn. Dyar L. Cowdery. Theron R. Morkan. Washburn. Shell Lake. R. E. Leonard. Thurston Evers. Waushata. Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie. Thomas Toner. Waupaca. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Herman H. Suhs. Waushapara. Wautoma. John Clark. William W. Kimpall.	Richland	Richland Center	Robert R. Benton	Omer E. Winton.
Sauk Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Baraboo Ulrich Buehler Otto Christianson. Shawano Frederick Waegli Hayward F. Dithmar. Sheboygan Frederick Waegli Hayward F. Dithmar. Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin Benjamin F. Heald Fraylor Medford Andrew H. Peterson Harry H. Scott. Vernon Whitehall Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Viroqua William Brandon Henry C. Gosling. Vilas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe Bary Henry C. Gosling. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Wauheesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Wautoma John Clark. Wannebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimbell	Kock	Janesville	William J. McIntyre	Theodore W. Goldin.
Shawano Shawano Frederick Waegli Harry F. Johnson. Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin Benjamin F. Heald. Andrew H. Peterson Frank N. Cleveland. Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morkan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Eyers. Washington Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Herman H. Suhs. Wannebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett Wilkim M. Kiephall	et. Croix	Hudson	H. G. Thoen	W. J. Egbert.
Shawano Shawano Frederick Waegli Harry F. Johnson. Sheboygan Rodman B. Melvin Benjamin F. Heald. Andrew H. Peterson Frank N. Cleveland. Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morkan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Eyers. Washington Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Herman H. Suhs. Wannebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett Wilkim M. Kiephall	auk	Baraboo	Ulrich Buehler	Edward F. Dithmar.
Tempealeau Whitehall Peter H. Johnson Harry H. Scott. Vernon Viroqua William Brandon Harry H. Scott. Vilas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe Valworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morgan. Vashburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Vashburn Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Vaupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Wautoma John Clark. Vannebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimbell		Hayward	Otto Christianson	Ole Hanson.
Tempealeau Whitehall Peter H. Feterson Harry H. Scott. Vernon Viroqua William Brandon Henry C. Gosling. Vilas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morgan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca John Clark Frank W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	snawano	Shawano	Frederick Waegli	Harry F. Johnson.
Tempealeau Whitehall Peter H. Feterson Harry H. Scott. Vernon Viroqua William Brandon Henry C. Gosling. Vilas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morgan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca John Clark Frank W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Paylon	Sneboygan	Rodman B. Melvin	Benjamin F. Heald.
Villam Brandon Henry C. Gosling. Villas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe Walworth Elkhorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morkan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Waupaca Wautoma John Clark. Waundoma John Clark. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Fremnesless	Whitehall	Andrew H. Peterson	Frank N. Cleveland.
Vilas Eagle River Joseph Elliott John Radeliffe, Walworth Ellchorn Dyar L. Cowdery Theron R. Morgan. Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Herman H. Suhs. Waushara Wautoma John Clark Frank W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Vernon	Virogua	William Pronder	Harry H. Scott.
Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Herman H. Suhs. Waushara Wautoma John Clark Finak W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Vilas.	Eagle River	Togoth Filiott	Toba Podeliffs
Washburn Shell Lake R. E. Leonard Thurston Evers. Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Herman H. Suhs. Waushara Wautoma John Clark Herman H. Suhs. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Walworth	Elkhorn	Dyar I. Cowdery	Theren R Morren
Washington West Bend John Horlumus Thomas Toner. Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Herman H. Suhs. Waushara Wautoma John Clark. Frank W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett. William W. Kimball.	Washburn	Shell Lake	R. E. Leonard	Thurston Evers
Waukesha Waukesha Frank A. McKenzie Cameron W. Fraser. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker Herman H. Suhs. Waushara John Clark Frank W. Darling. Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Washington	West Bend	John Horlumus	Thomas Topor
Waupaca. Waupaca Louis F. Shoemaker. Herman H. Suhs. Waushara. Wautoma John Clark. Herman H. Suhs. Winnebago. Oshkosh James G. Pickett. William W. Kimball.	Vaukesha	Waukesha	Frank A. McKenzie	Cameron W Frages
Wangbago Wantoma John Clark Frank W. Darling. Winnebago William W. Kimball.	Naupaca	Waupaca	Louis F. Shoemaker	Herman H. Suhs
Winnebago Oshkosh James G. Pickett William W. Kimball	Wanshara	Wantoma	John Clark	Frank W Darling
MOOD Grand Davids Tid C D	Winnebago	Oshkosh	James G. Pickett	William W. Kimball
William J. Shea	Wood	Grand Rapids	Ed. S. Renne	William J. Shea.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	Arthur J. Barrett	Geo. W. Waterman.
Ashland	Ashland	George Sell	Geo. W. Waterman. Henry Scott
Barron	Barron	David A. Russell David F. Glover Patrick H. Carlin	William Hooker.
Barron Bayfield	Washburn	David F. Glover	Henry Hannum. Chas. Pfotenhauer, Sr.
Brown	Green Bay	Patrick H. Carlin	Chas. Pfotenhauer, Sr.
Buffalo	Alma	Ed. Funke	John More.
Burnett	Grantsburg	A. Cornelison	Simon Olson.
Calumet	Chilton Chippewa Falls	Elmer E. Thurston	Peter Leipzig.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	John Ring	George Kanause.
Clark	Neillsville	Lewis L. Ayers Charles E. Corning Albert L. Hurlbut	Luke H. McGuire.
Columbia	Portage Prairie du Chien	Charles E. Corning	George Willard
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	John H Rucey	Benj. M. Allen. George Willard. Matthew W. Lynch. Frank M. Warner.
Dane	Madison	John H Bucey Fred W. Pamperin	Frank M Warner
Dodge	Sturgeon Bay	Frank R. Straddling	Alexander Lawson.
Door Douglas	Superior	Martin Sparby	Z. A. Downs.
Dunn	Menomonie	Daniel W. Waite	George Galloway.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Martin Sparby Daniel W. Waite Charles A. Alderman	_
Florence	Florence	Charles S. Simpson	Robert Mitchell.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lcc	Byron K. Fairbanks	George W. Watson. William Vanzil.
Forest	Crandon	Fred W. Andrews	William Vanzil.
Grant	Lancaster	Charles Sampson	William S. Gulicke.
Green	Monroe	Charles A. Alderman. Charles S. Simpson. Byron K. Fairbanks Fred W. Andrews Charles Sampson Daniel H. Morgan Robert H. Spragg	Chas. S. Shriner. Ernest Carey.
Green Lake	Dartford	Kobert H. Spragg	Ernest Carey.
Iowa	Dodgeville	LOOPER II. SOTHER	Wm. R. Ruggles.
Iron	Hurley Black River Falls	James Guest	Thomas Morris.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Henry H. Powers	Eugene Krohn. Phineas Jacquith.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Edward C. Jones Charles H. Shields	George H. Parham.
Juneau	Mauston		Chas H Gonnermann
Kenosha	Kenosha	Jason Lothrop L. Q. Jonte	Chas. H. Gonnermann. G. A. Hipke.
Kewaunee	La Crosse	George P. Bradish	l Julius J. Hirsnneimer.
La Crosse		Matt. Murphy	Daniel D. Coyle.
Lafayette Langlade	Antigo	Matt. Murphy A. J. Miltimore	Daniel D. Coyle. J. M. Fischer. L. H. Buchanan.
Lincoln	Antigo Merrill	L.Toseph Chevrier	L. H. Buchanan.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Louis Pitz	l Alexander C. Fraser.
Marathon	Wausau	Louis Pitz William N. Allen Henry McCollum Geo. E Phillips	Dr. D. Sauerherring.
Marinette	Marinette	Henry McCollum	l John Boyd.
Marquette	Montello	Geo. E. Phillips	J. T. Perkins. J. W. Winkenwerder.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	r rederick Airchman	J. W. Winkenwerder.
Monroe	Sparta	Hamilton La Rue	Henry Coome.
Oconto	Oconto	Eugene Fitzpatrick	Carl Bentz.
Oneida	Rhinelander	A. Sievwright Florian J. Harriman	Geo. C. Pingry. Wm. F. Montgomery.
Outagamie	Appleton Port Washington	I. Towelov	I Anton Schmit
Ozaukee	Durand	George A McGilton	George G. Gobar.
Pepin	Ellsworth	Belden R. Eaton	John S. Copley.
Pierce Polk	Osceola Mills	L. Towsley. George A. McGilton. Belden R. Eaton. Seymour W. Blanding. Frank E. Halladay.	George G. Gobar. John S. Copley. Henry A. Halliday. Paul Roettger. W. P. McMullen. Glarician Stripple.
Portage	I Stevens Point	Frank E. Halladay	Paul Roettger.
Price	Phillips	John Grieves Sayrs G. Knight. James M. Appleby. Otto G. Bleedorn. John McClure	W. P. McMullen.
Racine	Racine	Sayrs G. Knight	Christian Stripple. James M. Armstrons Max Pfenning. John Conway. Paul Lachmund.
Richland	Richland Center	James M. Appleby	James M. Armstrons
Rock	Janesville	Otto G. Bleedorn	Max Pfenning.
St. Croix	Hudson	John McClure	John Conway.
Sauk	Baraboo		
Sawyer	Hayward		Charles J. Smith.
Shawano	Shawano	Howard B. Gumaer	Charles J. Smith. John A. Winans. Nathan S. Goodell. Mandel Marcus.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Louis Bode	Mandel Marcus
Taylor Trempealeau	Medford Whitehall	John Logan Thomas G. Cox	Christopher E. Scott
Vornon	Viroqua	Vivian R. Traer	Christopher E. Scott Granville P. Aiken.
Vernon Vilas	Eagle River		Samuel Walters.
Walworth	Tellebonn	l William Child	Charles L. Lyon.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Henry H. Meredith	William McEvov.
Washington	West Bend	II. Kargas	Adolph Detuncy.
Waukesha	Waukesha	John P. Dey	Adolph Detuncy. Daniel Hughes. Henry Werner. James Larson.
Waukesha Waupaca	Waupaca	Nath. H. Smith	Henry Werner.
Waushara	Wautoma	George Ellis	James Larson.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Herbert G. Finch	Fred Burgess.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Byron K. Tarbox	Thos. J. Cooper.
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COUNTY OFFICERS.—Continued.

Counties.	County Superintendent.	Post Office.	*County Judge.
Adams	John P. Lewis	White Creek	John B. Keyes.
Ashland	Maggie Ryan	Ashland	James McCully.
Barron Bayfield	Charles H. Museus Jessie N. Smith	Chetek Washburn	Henry S. Comstock. Howard Burton.
Brown	Lohn R. Fournier	Wequiock	H. J. Huntington.
Buffalo	Wm. J. Eberwein Mrs. Tena Davidson	Nelson	Robert Lees.
Burnett	Mrs. Tena Davidson	Grantsburg	Canute Olson.
Calumet	William B. Minahan Anna E. Schaffer	Chilton Chippewa Falls	Wm. Paulson.
Chippewa		Neillsville	Richard R Salton
Člark Columbia	Everett E. Burlingame	Portage	James B. Taylor.
Crawford	Edwin E. Brindley	Portage Soldiers Grove	John A. Anderson, Richard B. Salter, James B. Taylor, James A. Curren.
Dane	Kate L. Sabin, 1st	Windsor	Jarius H. Carpenter.
Dodge,	Thomas S Thompson 2d	Mt. Horeb Watertown	-
Door	John T. Flavin William T. Anderson Glen G. Williams Elvira Brickley	Bailey's Harbor	C. A. Christiansen. Charles A. Masse.
Douglas	Glen G. Williams	Bailey's Harbor West Superior	David E. Roberts.
Dunn	Elvira Brickley	Meromonie	David E. Roberts. John Kelley, Jr.
Eau Claire		Augusta	August C. Larson. John O'Hara.
Florence Fond du Lac	Myron E Keats	Florence Fond du Lac	John O'Hara. August E. Richter.
Forest	George W. Bliss	Crandon	M. S. Barker.
Grant	Elisha P. Swift Myron E. Keats George W. Bliss Charles H. Nye	Laucaster	George B. Carter.
Green	i John Zimmerman	Monroe	Brooks Dunwiddie.
Green Lake	Walter H. Hunt	Kingston	J. Edmund Millard.
Iowa	Walter H. Hunt Emma C. Underwood. Wilbur H. Bridgman	Avoca Hurley Black River Falls.	Charles W. McIlhon. Thomas Boden.
Jackson	Freeman B Dell	Black River Falls	David Barclay.
Jefferson	Jerome L. Hellen	Jefferson	George Grimm
Juneau	Melville L. Bunnell John B. Maloney	Mauston	Charles II Custs
Kenosha	John B. Maloney	Kenosha Kewaunee	Anthony Van Wyck.
Kewaunee La Crosse	Jeremiah Donovan Charles E Lamb	Bangor	Thomas A Dyson
Lafayette	John H. Nattrass	Shullsburg	Charles F. Osborn.
Langlade	H. F. Morson	Antigo	Anthony Van Wyck. Frank K. Wapil. Thomas A. Dyson. Charles F. Osborn. Michael G. Flanning Thomas J. Mathews. James S. Anderson.
Lincoln	Jacob J. Hoffman	Merrill	Thomas J. Mathews.
Manitowoc Marathon	Edwin R. Smith John F. Lamont	Manitowoc Wausau	Henry Miller.
Marinette	Robert C. Ramsay	Peshtigo	Amos Holgate.
Marquette	Tamaa Mallawall	Packwaukee	Minl Diamond
Milwaukee	Emil L. Roethe	Williamsburg	John E. Mann.
Monroe	F. M. Mason. Gottlieb D. Zeigler	Tomah	John E. Masn. Seth W. Button. David G. Classon. James W. McCormick Gerhard T. Moeskes. Leopold Eghart. William E. Blancas
Oconto Oneida	F M Mason	Abrams Rhinelander	Tames W. McCormiels
Outagamie	Gottlieb D. Zeigler	Appleton	Gerhard T. Moeskes
Ozaukee	Peter n. Numny	Fredonia Station	Leopold Eghart.
Pepin	William H. Kratzer John F. Shaw	Arkansaw	william E. Fiummer
Pierce,	Tong D Dotomoon	Ellsworth West Denmark	Allen P. Weld. Ole Larson.
Portage	Miss Stacia Livingston	Plainfield,	John A. Murat.
Price	C. Georgia Bever	Phillips	John A. Murat. Edward W. Murray. Ellsworth B. Belden.
Racine Richland	Elmer A. Morse	Racine	Ellsworth B. Belden.
	Miss Stacia Livingston C. Georgia Bever Elmer A. Morse George S. Moody William M. Ross, 1 dist	Footville	Daniel L. Downs.
Rock }	William M. Koss, I dist David Throne, 2 dist Frank W. Bixby John S. Roeseler Anna E. Guy Lorenzo D. Roberts George H. Drewry Kuno A. Kuenne.	Afton	John W. Sale.
St. Croix	Frank W. Bixby	Hammond	John D. Goss.
Sauk	John S. Roeseler	Sauk City	W. T. Kelsey. F. N. McIntyre.
Sawyer	Anna E. Guy	Hayward	F. N. McIntyre.
Shawano Sheboygan	George H. Drewry.	Shawano Waldo	Herman Naber. Simon Gillon.
Taylor	Kuno A. Kuenne	Waldo Medford	Clinton Textor.
Taylor Trempealeau		Osseo	Clinton Textor. Robert A. Odell. Charles W. Graves. Daniel Graham.
Vernon	Howard C. Miller	Viroqua	Charles W. Graves.
Vilas Walworth	Alex. Higgins Lillian B. Webster	Eagle River	Daniel Graham.
Washburn	Walter C. Crocker.	ElkhornSpooner	Jaynes B. Wheeler.
Washington	Robert M. Derse	Hartford	Jaynes B. Wheeler. Lewis H. Mead. Hiram W. Sawyer. Milton S. Griswold.
Waukesha	James K. Lowery	Waukesha	Milton S. Griswold.
Waupaca	Daniel F. Burnham	Waupaca	James W. Harch
Waushara	Malter C. Crocker Walter C. Crocker Robert M. Derse James K. Lowery Daniel F. Burnham Charles T. Taylor Oscar E. Pederson	Terrill Winneconne	J. S. Bugh,
Winnebago	Robert A. Havenor	Centralia	J. S. Bugh. C. D. Cleveland. Emil C. Pors.

^{*}Post offices of county judges at the county seats.

DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS.

FOUR YEARS' COURSES.

		36.363	T II Wasan alia
Ahnapee	Elbert Phillips	Medford	J. H. Francis.
	C. O. Marsh	Menasha	A. B. Dunlap.
Appleton, 2d Appleton, 3d	F. E. McGovern W. T. Winsey	Merrill	Anna E. Anderson.
Appleton, 2d	W T Winsov	Milton Junction	J. T. Healy.
Appleton, ou	G. O. Banting	Mineral Point	A. R. Jolley.
Arcadia	D. II. Marallar	Monroe	Alvin F. Rote.
Argyle	R. H. Mueller		Design Town
Ashland	J. L. Hooper L. W. Wood J. E. Necollins	Montfort	David James.
Augusta	L. W. Wood	Necedah	C. H. Maxon.
Baraboo	J. E. Necollins	Neenah	J. F. Conant.
Daraboo	A McCulloch	Neillsville	W. L. Morrison.
Bayfield	A. McCulloch H. B. Hubbell	New Lishon	S A Rostwick
Beaver Dam	H. H. Hunner	New Lisbon New London	DeWitt Elwood. J. W. T. Ames. C. R. Cross.
Beloit	C. H. Gordon	New Hondon	Dewitte Elwood.
Berlin	F. A. Lowell	New Richmond	J. W. T. Ames.
Black Earth Black River Falls	D. E. Kiser	Oconomowoc	C. R. Cross.
Plack Biror Falls	J. H. Derse	Oconto	R. L. Cooley.
Diack Hiver Pans	S. E. Pearson	Omro	E. E. Sheldon.
Bloomington	S. E. Tearson	Onalaska	B. F. Oltman.
Boscobel	Geo. W. Gehrand R. W. Pringle J. M. Turner		
Brodhead	R. W. Pringle	Oregon	Franklin Gould.
Burlington	J. M. Turner	Palmyra	F. J. Wells.
Cassville	Willis P. Colburn	Pewaukee	F. L. McGowan.
Centralia	S M Kovos	Phillips	A. D. Prideaux.
	E A Theyer	Plainfield	Eber Dafoe.
Chilton Chippewa Falls	S. M. Keyes. F. A. Thayer	Dlamanth	Otto Gaffron.
Chippewa Falls	R. L. Barton H. B. Lathe	Plymouth	W. C. Clarich
Clinton	H. B. Lathe	Portage	W. G. Clough.
Columbus	M. H. Jackson	Poynette	Henry S Yonker.
Cumberland	M. H. Jackson D. E. Cameron	Prairie du Chien	Henry S Yonker. John A. Pratt.
	James M. Stevens	Prairie du Sac	J. F. Bergen.
Darlington	James M. Stevens	Prescott.	James Goldsworthy.
Deerfield	A. B. Moses		
Delavan,	C. W. Rittenburg	Racine	A. N. Ozias.
De Pere	A. B. Moses C. W. Rittenburg Violet M. Alden	Reedsburg	W. N. Parker.
Dodgeville	O. J. Schuster	Rhinelander	C. M. Gleason.
	T W Nashit	Rice Lake	E C. McClelland.
Durand	G E Hands	Richland Center	A. E. Brainerd.
East Troy	O. J. Schuster. J. W. Nesbit. C. F. Hardy. M. S. Frawley.	Piner	A T Sahamb *
Eau Claire	M. S. Frawley	Dipon 73-11-	TT T WILL-
Edgerton	H. A. Adrian	Ripon River Falls Sauk City	H. L. Wilson. H. F. Lueders. R. H. Schmidt. J. G. Skeels. E. H. Reynolds.
Elkhorn	C. D. Kipp	Sauk City	H. F. Lueders.
Ellsworth	C. J. Brewer	Seymour	R. H. Schmidt.
	W. E. Uttendorfer	Sharon	J. G. Skeels.
Elroy	H. F. Kling	Shawano	E H Reynolds
Evansville	n. r. King	Cheberran	J. E. Riordan.
Fennimore	Elizabeth Clary	Sheboygan Falls	J. E. Hordan.
Fond du Lac	L. A. Williams	Sneboygan rans	F. F. Showers.
Fort Atkinson	L. A. Williams A. W. Weber	Shullsburg	O E. Rice.
Fox Lake	Robert Rienow	Sparta	J. W. Livingston.
C Lake	Cun C Ford	Spring Green	W. H Schulz,
Grand Rapids	Wm. O. Brown A. W. Burton E. W. Pryor	Stevens Point	H. A. Simonds.
Green Bay, (e. side).	wm. O. brown	Stoughton	A. H. Sholtz.
(Freen Bay, (W. Side)	A. W. Burton		A. II SHOILZ.
Hartford	E. W. Pryor	Sturgeon Bay	E. E. Beckwith.
Hayward	J. G. Adams	Sun Prairie	James Milville.
Highland	James McGovern	Tomah Tomahawk	Edwin H. Cassells
IIIginanu	E. T. Johnson	Tomahawk	J. W. West.
Horicon	John Bridgman	Two Rivers	Elmer E. Carr.
Hurley	John Pringman	Union Grove	W. W. Storms.
Hudson	S. B. Tobey		Toulon Enus
Janesville	D. D. Mayne	Viroqua	Taylor Frye.
Jefferson	D. D. Mayne H. J. Hammill A. Pike West Ira M. Allen C. E. Wiswall	Washburn	H. W. Rood. G. H. Landgraff.
Juneau	A. Pike West	Waterloo	G. H. Landgraff.
Juneau	Iro M Allan	Watertown	
Kaukauna	C E Wiewell	Waukesha	H L Terry
Kenosha	U. E. WISWAII		E E Dot.
Kewaunee	M. McManon	Waupaca	E E Dow
Lake Geneva	A. F. Bartlett	Waupun	F. C. Howard.
Lake Mills	l Allen B. Westl	Waupun Wausau	H. L. Terry. F. E. Doty. F. C. Howard. H. C. Curtis. Karl Mathie.
Lancaster	L. L. Clarke	Wausau	Karl Mathie.
	R. E. Loveland	Wauwatosa	W. H. Goodall.
Lodi	T II Untebian	West Bond	W. H. Goodall. L. E. Amidon.
Madison	J. H. Hutchison	West Bend West De Pere	Toba D. Conles
Marinetre	G. E. Maxwell	west De Pere	John D. Conley.
Marshall	Wm. Fowlie	Weyauwega	F. W. Starr. H. A. Whipple.
Marshfield	Geo. W. Paulus	Whitewater	H. A. Whipple.
	A H Fletcher	Windsor	Edward Meland.
Mauston	T. C Kooley	Wonewoc	W. S. Freeman.
Mayville	O M Solicbury		1
Mazomanie	Wm. Fowlie		ł

DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS—Continued.

THREE YEARS' COURSES.

Albany. Albany. Albany. Alma. John H. Bille. Almond. Peter Peterson. Amherst. H. S. Perry. Avoca. James Foy. Bangor. F. A. Harrison. Barron. T. H. Lage. Belleville. William J. Hocking. Birnamwood. M. P. Cady. Bloomer. Elmer Roberts. Brandon. Geo. E. Dickinson. Brillion. Wm. H. Luehr. Cadott. Elsie O. Ewing. Cambridge. John Hooper. Chetek. B. F. Budworth. Clintonville. W. H. Hickok. Cobb. Lewis A. Jones. Colby. F. M. Jackson. Cuba City. R. Milton Orchard. Fairchild. E. W. Beeman. Florence. W. T. Campbell. Friendship. O. H. Day. Glenbeulah. Wm. L. Greese. Glenwood. John Callahan. Hazel Green. R. E. Smith. Hillsboro. A. F. Elmegreen. Humbird. T. J. Metcalf. Kiel. G. W. Morrissey. Linden. Paul Vander Eike. Loyal.	Lone Rock Manawa Merrillan Middleton Mondovi Montello Mondovi Mount Hope Muscoda Oakfield Oakwood Pepin Peshtigo Platteville Port Washington Potosi Rosendale St. Croix Falls Sextonville Shell Lake South Milwaukee Stanley Stockbridge Trempealeau Unity Waldo Walworth Westfield West Salem Wilton Winneconne	Edgar Ewers. C. B. Stanley. W. P. Roseman. T. T. Blakely. G. M. MacGregor. A. G. Hough. C. E. Shearer. A. W. Kopp. Anon M. Olson. A. H. Cole. G. E. Pratt. J. M. Bold. Chas. M. Fox. T. J. Jones. P. A. Kolb. Alice M. Tetherly. J. G. Burridge. Kirk. L. Hatch. John N. Foster. John E. Roets. T. W. Davis. T. W. Davis. L. E. Gotham. O. M. Jones. J. M. Powers. Geo. H. Drewry. J. W. Blodgett. Edward A. Ketcham. C. E. Slothover. C. E. Thompson. G. R. Grye.
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CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Cities.	Superintendent.	Cities.	Superintendent.
Antigo Appleton Ashland Baraboo Beaver Dam Beloit Beloit Brodhead Chippewa Falls Columbus De Pere Eau Claire Frond du Lac Grand Rapids Green Bay Hudson Janesville Kaukauna Kenosha La Crosse Madison Marinette Menasha Menomon'e	John E. Martin. Carrie E. Morgan. B. B. Jackson. J. E. Necollins. J. E. Necollins. J. E. McClure. C. W. Merriman. N. M. Dodson. Emma C. Randall. Robert L. Barton. M. H. Jackson. Violet M. Alden. Otis C. Gross. L. A. Williams. Geo. L. Williams. M. H. McMahon. Geo. D. Cline. D. D. Mayne. Hampton Corlette. G. R. McDowell. Albert Hardy. R. B. Dudgeon. J. T. Edwards. Jos. Fieweger. Judson E. Hoyt.	Merrill Milwaukee Mineral Point Neenah New London Oconto Onalaska Oshkosh Portage Prairie du Chien Racine Reedsburg Rice Lake Ripon! Sheboygan Stevens Point Sturgeon Bay Superior Tomahawk Watertown Waupaca Wausau Whitewater	Francis E. Maehews H. O. R. Siefert. Albert R. Jolley. E. A. Williams. DeWitt Ellwood. R. L. Cooley. C. W. Farrand. Buel T. Davis. A. C. Kellogg. Robt. J. Morrison. J. B. Estabrook. W. N. Parker. C. E. West. L. E. Reed. Geo. Heller. H. A. Simonds. E. E. Beckwith. W. H. Elson. O. M. Smith. C. F. Viebahn. H. H. Suhs. Karl Mathie. A. A. Upham.

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES, SEMINARIES AND THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTIONS.

Carroll College	
St Francis Wis.	
Catholic N. S. and Pio Nono College	
Christian Endayor Academy Endeavor, W18.	
Concordia Collaga German Evangelical Luthern Synod Milwaukee, Wis.	
Gorman English Academy Milwaukee, Wis.	
Hillaida Homa School	
Vermon Hell Kenosha, Wis.	
Lac du Flambeau Indian Industral School Lac du Flambeau, w	is.
Lawrence University Appleton, Wis.	
Marquette College Milwaukee, Wis.	
Milton College	
Milwaukee, Wis.	
Milwaukee College Downer College	
Mission House of Reformed Church Franklin, Wis.	
Nashotah Housa Nashotan, Wis.	
Northwestern University Waterlown Wis.	
North Wisconsin Academy Ashland, Wis.	
Racine College	
Pinon College Kipon, Wis.	
Sacred Heart College Prairie du Chien, Wis	
Spint Clara Famala Academy Sinsinawa, Wis.	
Sacred Heart College Watertown, Wis.	
St Catherine's Academy Racine, Wis.	
St. John's Military Academy Delaneld, Wis.	
St. Lawrence College	
St. Mary's Institute Prarie du Unien, Wis.	
Stoughton Academy and Business Institute Stoughton, Wis.	

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1897.

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District.	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in legis- lature.
5	Austin, William H	R.	Part of Milwaukee	135 30th St.,Mil-					
40	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	waukee	Lawyer	New York	37	1859	1893, 95, 97.
16 13	Baxter, Charles H Burke, Michael E	R. D.	Grant and Iowa Dodge	Lancaster Beaver Dam	Merchant	New York Wisconsin	55 34	1857	1893, 95, 97.
27	Conger, William F	\mathbf{R} .	Columbia and Sauk	Prairie du Sac.	Lawyer Merchant	New Jersey	53	1863 1862	1891, 93, 95, 97. 1895, 97.
19 20	Davis, Charles W Dennett, Fred A	$_{ m R.}^{ m R.}$	Winnebago	Oshkosh Sheboygan	Banker and Manufacturer Manufacturer	Vermont Maine	70 47	1857	1895, 97.
6	Devos, William H	Ř.	Part of Milwaukee	604 17th St., Mil-				1851	1897.
7	Fisher, Charles T	R.	Part of Milwaukee	waukee Wauwatosa	Merchant Farmer	Wisconsin	39 51	1857 1846	1897. 1895, 97.
4	Green, J. Herbert	R.	Part of Milwaukee	1118 2d St., Mil-					,
12	Lamoreux, Clarence A.	R.	Ashland, Barron, Bay-	waukee	Merchant	Wisconsin	36	1860	1897.
			field, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn	A-1-13	<u>_</u>				
2	Mailer, Andrew C	R.	Brown and Oconto	Ashland Depere	Lawyer Physician	Wisconsin	36 43	1860 1853	1897. 1897.
33	Mayer, Stephen B	D.	Washington and Wauke- sha	West Bend					
31	McGillivray, James J	R.	Jackson, Juneau and		Brewer	Wisconsin	43	1854	1895, 97.
			Monroe	Black River Falls	Architect & Manufacturer.	0	40		
15	McMullen, John E	D.	Calumet and Manitowoc.	Chilton	Lawyer	Canada Canada	49 53	1866 1855	1891, 93, 95, 97. 1895, 97
11	Mills, Thomas B	R.	Burnett, Douglas and	Superior	Lumbering & Real Estate.				
28	Munson, Oliver G	R.	Crawford, Richland and	•			40	1857	1885, 87, 89, 95, 97.
21	Phillips, John	R.	Vernon	Viroqua Stevens Point	Publisher and Editor Physician	Yowa Vermont	40 73	1876	1897.
9	Phillips, John Peirce, Clarence E	R.	Adams, Marquette, Wau-				1	1845	1895, 97.
17	Putnam, Henry C	R.	shara and Wood Green, Lafayette, and	Germania	Farmer	Canada	46	\	1891, 93, 95, 97.
30	Riordan, Daniel E	R.	part of Rock Florence, Forest, Lincoln.	Brodhead	Banker and lumberman	Ohio	50	1849	1891, 93, 95, 97.
30	mordan, Daniel E	IL.	Oneida, Langlade,				1		
8	Roehr, Julius E	R.	Price, Taylor and Vilas.	Eagle River 807 Nat. Ave.,	Lawyer	Wisconsin	33	1963	1897.
	1	10.	Lui, Hillwaukoo	Milwaukee	Lawyer	New York	36	1873	1897.

23	Solliday, Albert	D.	Walworth and part of Jefferson	Watertown	Dentist	Pennsylvania	5 6	1868	1893, 95, 97.
1	Stebbins, De Wayne	R.	Door, Kewaunee, and Marinette	Ahnapee Menomonie	Banker and Publisher Lumberman	New York Iowa	62 48	1835 1889	1895, 97. 1895, 97.
29 18	Stout, James H Thayer, Lyman W	R. R.	Fond du Lac and Green	Ripon	Farmer	Wisconsin Prussia	43 53	1854 1848	1893, 95, 97. 1895, 97.
3	Timme, Ernst G	R. R.	Kenosha and Racine	Kenosha Madison	Farmer	Ohio	52	1877	1897.
$\frac{26}{24}$	Whelan, John W	Ř.	Buffalo, Eau Claire and	Mondovi	Lawyer	Wisconsin	51	1845	1889, 97.
22	Whitehead, John M	R.	Part of Rock and part of	Janesville	Lawyer Lawyer and real estate	Illinois Maine	44 42	1883 1857	1897. 1897.
14 32	Whitman, Alexander B. Withee, Levi	R. R.	La Crosse and Trempea-	La Crosse	Lumberman	Maine	62 51	1853 1868	1893, 95, 97. 1895, 97.
10 25	Woodworth, Dempster. Youmans, Clarion A	R. R.	Pierce and St. Croix Clark and Marathon	Ellsworth Neillsville	Lawyer	Wisconsin	49	1847	1895, 97.

STATE SENATORS, 1897, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED SHOW-ING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Austin...... Judiciary (Ch.), Manufactures.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

On Judiciary.

Senators Austin, chairman, Youmans, Whitman, Whelan, Riordan, Lamoreux, McMullen.

On State Affairs.

Senators Putnam, chairman, McGillivray, Munson, Whitehead, Conger.

On Banks and Insurance,

Senators Davis, chairman, Roehr,

Peirce, Timme, Baxter.

On Public Lands.

Senators Fisher, chairman, Timme, Lamoreux.

On Public Health.

Senators Mailer, chairman, Stebbins, Solliday.

On Military Affairs.

Senators Welton, chairman.

Putnam, Baxter, Stebbins, Solliday.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senators Roehr, chairman,

Green, Whitehead, Withee, Mayer.

On Railroads.

Senators Withee, chairman, Fisher,

Devos, Phillips, Welton, Riordan, Mailer, Dennett, Mayer.

On Education.

Senators Stout, chairman, Woodworth, Mills, Phillips, Mailer.

On Manufactures.

Senators Dennett, chairman, Lamoreux, Youmans, Green, Austin.

On Legislative Expenses.

Senators Conger, chairman, Peirce, Munson.

On Federal Relations.

Senators Whitman, chairman, Putnam, McMullen.

On Agriculture.

Senators McGillivray, chairman,
Dennett,
Wheelan,
Thayer,
Peirce.

On Roads and Bridges.

Senators Peirce, chairman, Youmans, Burke.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senators Conger, chairman, Fisher, Welton.

On Assessment and Collection of lawes.

Senators Woodworth, chairman, Conger, Thayer.

On Corporations.

Senators Mills, chairman, Stout, Thayer, Davis, Devos.

On Town and County Organization.

Senators Youmans, chairman, Whitehead,

On Enrolled Bills.

Senators Phillips, chairman, Davis, McMullen.

On Bills on Third Reading.

Senators Wheelan, chairman, Withee, Mayer.

Seat.	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
32 76 48	Ackermann, Christian. Agen, James H Anson, Frank A	R.	Sheboygan 1st dist Douglas, 1st dist Milwaukee, 4th dist	Sheboygan West Superior . 1621 Grand Ave.	Manufacturer Real estate	Germany Vermont,	46 50	1874 1887	1895, 97. 1897.
58 45 64 96 11 56 70	Barnum, Marcus H Beach, Joseph B Bechtel, Daniel. Borschsenius, Mans Buckstaff, Geo. A Buffington, Byron A Bullard, Silas	D. R. R. R.	Marathon, 2d dist Trempealeau Dane, 1st dist. St. Croix Winnebago, 1st district Eau Claire, 1st district Winnebago, 2d dist Milwaukee, 8th dist	Whitehall Madison. Baldwin. Oshkosh. Eau Claire Menasha 823 So. Pierce	Wholesale grocer Lawyer and publisher Publisher Farmer Lawyer and real estate Lawyer and manufacturer Merchant. Lawyer	Wisconsin Massachusetts.		1868 1855 1866 1850 1856 1861 1852 1871	1895, 97. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1895, 97.
80 66 27 42 74 83 4 54 51 17 88	Buttles, Mark M Cashin, Patrick H Church, Leonard C. Clack, Charles. Clark, Gid H Clason, Jesse A Connors, Mathew J Davidson, James O Drosser, Lester B. Eaton, Barney A Edwards, Wynn, Feige, Julius	R. R. R. R. R.	La Crosse 2d dist	St., Milwau Onalaska Stevens Point Walworth Apple Creek Rhinelander Neosho Hurley. Soldiers Grove St. Croix Falls Cudahy Rosendele	Manufacturer Merchant Contractor Farmer Farmer Merchant and lumberman Physician Lumberman Merchant Meachant Farmer and fruit grower Farmer	Wisconsin	40 52 46 51 40 37 36 41 43 32 43 54	1856 1845 1851 1846 1867 1859 1860 1875 1872 1864 1853 1859	1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1898. 95. 97. 1897.
84 73 87 68	Flagg, Abner S Flett, William H Fogo, William M Frink, Chas. N	R. R. R.	Rock, 2d dist Lincoln and Taylor Richland Milwaukee, 5th dist	Milwaukee Edgerton Merrill Richl'nd Center 404 Orchard St		Wisconsin New Jersey Wisconsin Ohio	35 45 40 55	1861 1855 1856 1853	1897. 1897. 1897. 1897.
89 67	Froehlich, Wm. H Gawin, August M	R. D.	Washington Milwaukee, 14th dist	823 Wind Lake		New York Wisconsin Germany	36 39 27	1888 1857 1872	1897. 1895, 97.
47 25	Goodell, Emilus S Hall, Albert R	R. R.	Vernon Dunn	Virogna	Liveryman Farmer and manufacturer	Mon Vonle	18	1851 1880	1897. 1897. 1891, 93, 95, 97

24 33 19 14 85 72 28 90 31 29	Harvey, Leslie C Hindes, Lamuel P Hcgan, John M Hoyt, Emerson D Haghes, William Hurd, Frank E Hurlbut, Wm. H. Jensen, Andrew Jones, David F Jones, William A. Klabunde, Reinhard	R. R. R. R. R. R. R.	Oconto Columbia, 1st dist Brown, 2d dist. Milwaukee, 7th dist. Waukosha Juneau Walworth, 1st dist. Waupaca, 2d dist. Monroe Lowa Milwaukee, 9th dist.	Oconto Lodi Green Bay Wauwatosa Waushara New Lisbon Elkhorn Ogdensburg Sparta Mineral Point 2005 F. du Lac	Real estate Farmer Merchant and farmer Physician Farmer Lawyer Farmer	Wisconsin. New York. New York. Wisconsin. Wales. Ohio New York Denmark New York South Wales	49 50 50 55 49	1854	1897. 1897. 1897. 1882, 97. 1887, 93, 95, 97. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1895, 97.	
35	Kraus, Chas. A. W	R.	Milwaukee, 15th dist	Av., Milw'kee Sub. StationNo. 1. Milwaukee	Merchant	Germany Wisconsin	45	1851	1897.	ΗM
65 18	Lange, Louis A Latta Geo. W	D. R.	Forest, Florence and	Fond du Lac	Publisher	Illinois	42 45	1861 1851	1893, 95, 97 . 1895, 97 .	MВ
5 23 61 22 87 2 44 92 60 30 94 6	Legried, Christopher Lewis, William T Maertz, Fred C Marsh, Joseph C Merrill, Addison W Merriman, Chas. W McDonald, Thomas Jr McGrath, Thomas J. Minch, Oscar F Morgan, John E Mosher, Thomas H Niss, Chas., Jr	R	Langlade Dane, 2d dist Racine, 1st dist. Manitowoc, 2d dist Jackson Rock, 3rd dist. Brown, 1st dist. Dane, 3rd dist. Sauk, 2d dist. Racine, 2d dist.	Antigo Cambridge. Racine Redsville Spokevil 6 Alma Center Beloit Lancaster Green Bay Paoli Spring Green Kneeland 699 3d St., Milwaukee	Manufacturer. Manufacturer. Merchant Farmer and lumberman. Farmer Physician Insurance General contractor Miller. Stock dealer Merchant and Farmer Furniture and bldg. ma-	Wisconsin New York Germany Pennssylvania Massachusetts Wisconsin Canada Wisconsin Ohio New York	40 57 45 45 40 32 38 28 49 63	1857 1855 1852 1857 1848 1856 1865 1875 1868 1854 1841	1897. 1897. 1895, 97. 1895, 97. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897. 1897.	MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
97 41 93	Olson, Hans H Overbeck, Henry, Jr Parker, Maynard T	R. R. R.	Green Lake Door Kewaunee	Berlin Sturgeon Bay Ahnapee	terial	Wisconsin Norway New York New Ha'pshire	35 49 44 46	1861 1857 1854 1854	1897. 1897. 1997. 1897.	LY, 1897.
91	Peterson, Peter N Pierce, Solon W Plummer, Samuel F	R. R. R.	Portage, 2d dist Adams and Marquette Buffalo and Pepin	Friendship	ments	Norway New York Wisconsin	46 66 43	1856 1855 1853	1897. 1877, 78,80,81,82,97. 1897.	7.
36 69	Polacheck, Chas	\mathbf{R} .	Milwaukee, 2d dist	431 Chestnut St. Milwaukee	Plumber	Bohemia New York	40 55	1858 1848	1897. 1897.	
20 55 16	Polley, Horace N Pratt, George E Ray, George H	R. R. R.	Eau Claire, 2d dist Pierce La Crosse, 1st dist	Augusta River Falls 928 King St., La	Farmer Meat business	Vermon t	54	1854	1897.	
19	Reinnoldt, Henry O	$\mathbf{R}.$	Milwaukee, 12th dist	Crosse 2630 Lisbon Av.,	Banker and Lumberman Druggist		31	1878 1865	1895, 97. 1897.	-
26 95	Reynolds, John F	R. R.	KenoshaShawano	Milwaukee Genoa Junction Pulcifer		Wisconsin	44	1852 1856	1895, 97.	587

1 97 1 1960 1 1907

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY FOR 1897—Continued.

Seat	Name.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
100 62 898 31 16 78 100 52 388 53 12 15 59 57 77 573 4 63 71 40 88 7	Rutherford, Gilbert	R ROBERRERE REGERERERE REGERERE	Waukesha, 2d dist Jefferson, 2d dist Ozaukee. Waupaca, 1st dist Lafayette Sheboygan, 2d dist Waukesha, 1st dist Barfeld, Sawyer and Washburn Jefferson, 1st dist Manitowoc, 1st dist Manitowoc, 1st dist Marinette Chippewa, 2d dist Marinette Chippewa, 2d dist Marinette Chippewa, 2d dist Warnette Chippewa, 2d dist Marinette Chippewa, 2d dist Milwaukee, 1st dist Winnebago, 3d dist Green Sauk, 1st dist Winnebago, 3d dist Milwaukee, 1st dist Mood Bouglas, 2d dist Wood Sheboygan, 3d dist Milwaukee, 10 dist Milwaukee, 10 dist Milwaukee, 15t dist Milwaukee, 15t dist Milwaukee, 15t dist	Grand Rapids. Rhine Dundas 1118 Walnut St., Milwaukee Appleton	Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer. Farmer. Merchant and Mfg. Farmer Farmer Farmer Farmer Editor and Publisher Lumberman and Mfg. Lumberman and Mfg. Lumberman and Mfg. Lumberman and Mrg. Lumberman and Mrg. Lumberman Farmer Dairyman Lumber Merchant. Merchant Farmer Farmer and Stock Shipper Farmer and Stock Shipper Farmer and Breeder. Stenographer Lawyer. Merchant Lawyer. Merchant Lawyer. Merchant Lawyer. Manufacturer. Ins., Loans & Real Estate Agricultural Impl. Dealer. Farmer and Breeder. Laundryman.	New York Wisconsin Germany Wisconsin Germany Wisconsin Germany Wisconsin Hilinois Wisconsin Maine England New York Massachusetts Wales Maine Maine Mew Hamps're Michigan Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin	49 52 48 31	1837 1861 1859 1848 1849 1862 1878 1878 1878 1890 1854 1856 1854 1856 1854 1857 1865 1857 1865 1857 1857	1891, 97. 1897, 97. 1897, 97. 1898, 97. 1895, 97. 1895, 97. 1895, 97. 1890, 82, 97. 1890, 82, 97. 1891, 1895, 97. 1897, 1897, 1898, 97. 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1897, 1898, 97, 1898, 97, 1898, 97, 18

MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, 1897, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED SHOWING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Ackerman...... Bills on Their Third Reading, Cities.

Agen Cities, Roads and Bridges.

Anson Cities (Ch.), (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Barnum Enrolled Bills (Ch.), Cities.

Beach Engrossed Bills, Town and County Organization.

Bechtel..... Town and County Organization.

Borchsenius...... Public Lands, Privileges and Elections. Buffington Finance, Banks and Insurance, Cities.

Bullard Judiciary (Ch.).

Burnham...... Cities, Public Health and Sanitation.

Buttles Judiciary, Public Lands. Cashin Cities, (Jt.) On Claims.

Church..... Dairy and Food, Federal Relations.

Clack Agriculture, Engrossed Bills.

Clark..... Railroads.

Clason Bills on Their Third Reading, Public Health and Sanitation (Ch.).

Connors....... Town and County Organization, (Jt.) Fish and Game.

Davidson Finance, Banks and Insurance, Roads and Bridges (Ch.).

Dresser..... Education, (Jt.) Fish and Game (Ch.).

Eaton Agriculture (Ch.).

Edwards Assessment and Collection of Taxes, State Affairs.

Feige Manufactures, Military Affairs. Flagg Enrolled Bills, Railroads.

Flett Cities, Judiciary.

Fogo Ways and Means, (Jt.) Printing (Ch.).

Frink Finance Banks and Insurance, Public Health and Sanitation.

Froehlich Dairy and Food (Ch.).

Gawin Bills on Their Third Reading, Corporations.

Goodell Military Affairs, State Affairs.

Hall...... Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Lumber and Mining (Ch.).

Harvey..... Judiciary.

Hindes Education, (Jt.) Fish and Game.

Hogan..... Manufactures, Privileges and Elections.

Hoyt Railroads (Ch.).

Hughes Dairy and Food, Legislative Expenditures.

Hurd Public Improvements, Railroads.

Hurlbut Education, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Jensen Lumber and Mining, Public Lands (Ch.).

Jones, D. F Judiciary.

Jones, W. A..... Finance, Banks and Insurance, Manufactures.

Klabunde Corporations.

Krauss Public Improvements.

Lange Railroads, (Jt.) Printing.

Latta Engrossed Bllls (Ch.), Judiciary.

Legried Corporations, Military Affairs.

	WIDCOUDIN DIOE BOOK.
	Lewis Manufactures, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions (Ch.).
	Maertz Manufactures, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
	Marsh Manufactures (Ch.), (Jt.) Fish and Game.
	Merrill State Affairs.
	Merriman Education, Public Health and Sanitation.
	McDonald Public Improvements, Roads and Bridges.
	McGrath Public Health and Sanitation, Railroads.
	Minch Education.
	Morgan Legislative Expenditures, (Jt.) Claims.
	Mosher Dairy and Food, Roads and Bridges.
	Niss Railroads, Roads and Bridges.
	Olson Education, Enrolled Bills.
	Overbeck Corporations, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
	Parker Judiciary.
	Peterson Railroads.
	Pierce Legislative Expenditures, State Affairs.
٠	Plummer Engrossed Bills, Public Lands.
	Polacheck Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Cities.
	Polley Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
	Pratt Military Affairs, Town and County Organization
	Ray Finance, Banks and Insurance, (Jt.) On Claims (Ch.).
	Reinnoldt Manufactures, Privileges and Elections.
	Reynolds Railroads, Ways and Means.
	Risum Federal Relations, Lumber and Mining.
	Rosenkrans Corporations, Federal Relations (Ch.).
	Rutherford Agriculture, Bills on Their Third Reading.
	Schellenberg Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Privileges and Elections
	Sether Legislative Expenditures, Public Lands.
	Shaffer Enrolled Bills, Lumber and Mining.
	Sieker Public Improvements (Ch.), Privileges and Elections.
	Smith, D. K Agriculture, Federal Relations.
	Smith, J. J Military Affairs, Town and County Organization (Ch.).
	Stanley Corporations (Ch.), Ways and Means.
	Staples Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Lumber and Mining.
	Stone State Affairs (Ch.).
	Sweeting Dairy & Food, Federal Relations.
	Taylor Military Affairs (Ch.), Railroads.
	Thomas Dairy and Food, Railroads.
1	Thompson (Jt.) On Claims.
	Treat Assessment and Collection of Taxes (Ch.), Finance, Banks and Insurance.
	True Agriculture, Dairy and Food.
	Tucker Education (Ch.), Judiciary.
	Utt Legislative Expenditures (Ch.), Privileges and Elections.
	Webster Agriculture, Ways and Means.
	Welch Judiciary.
	Wheeler Judiciary, Ways and Means (Ch.).
	White Military Affairs, (Jt.) Claims.
	Wipperman Judiciary, Privileges and Elections (Ch.).
	Wolff (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
	Wolfinger Engrossed Bills, State Affairs.
	Woller Corporations, (Jt.) Printing.
	Wolter Bills on Their Third Reading (Ch.), State Affairs
	Wylie Agriculture, Public Improvements
	Yorkey Enrolled Bills, Finance, Banks and Insurance.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Assessment and Collection of taxes.

Messrs. Nath. E. Treat, chairman, Wynn Edwards, Albert R. Hall, King G. Staples, Charles Polacheck, Horace N. Polley, Herman Schellenberg.

Agriculture.

Messrs. Barney A. Eaton, chairman, D. K. Smith. Samuel R. Webster, Gilbert Rutherford, John M. True, Charles Clack, George Wylie.

Bills on Their Third Reading.

Messrs. Bernard C. Wolter, chairman, Gilbert Rutherford, Christian Ackermann, Jesse A. Clason, August M. Gawin.

Cities.

Messrs. Frank A. Anson, chairman, Christian Ackermann, James H. Agen, Mark H. Barnum, John F. Burnham, Chas. Polacheck, Byron A. Buffington, William H. Flett, Patrick H. Cashin.

Corporations.

Messrs. Charles A. Stanley, chairman, Omar L. Rosenkrans, Reinhard Klabunde, Albert Woller, Chris Legried, Henry Overbeck, Jr., August M. Gawin.

Dairy and Food.

Messrs. William Froehlich, chairman, John W. Thomas, Charles William Sweeting, Thomas H. Mosher, William Hughes, Jeonard C. Church,

Education.

Messrs. Frank T. Tucker, chairman, Charles W. Merriman, Lester B. Dresser, Hans H. Olson, William H. Hurlbut, Lemuel P. Hindes, Oscar F. Minch.

Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. George W. Latta, chairman, Charles Clack, Samuel F. Plummer, Joseph B. Beach, Joseph Wolfinger.

Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. Mark H. Barnum, chairman, Hans H. Olson, Abner S. Flagg, George P. Shaffer, John H. Yorkey.

Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Messrs. William A. Jones, chairman, George H. Ray, James O. Davidson, Nath. B. Treat, John H. Yorkey, Byron A. Buffington, Charles N. Fink.

Federal Relations.

Messrs. Omar L. Rosenkrans, chairman, Charles Wm. Sweeting, Otto A. Risum, Delbert K. Smith, Leonard C. Church.

Judiciary.

Messrs. Silas Bullard, chairman, George W. Latta, Herman C. Wipperman, William G. Wheeler, Maynard T. Parker, David F. Jones, William H. Flett, Frank T. Tucker, Mark M. Buttles, Leslie C. Harvey, Charles H. Welch.

Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. Albert L. Utt, chairman, William Hughes, Solon W. Pierce, Ole C. Sether, John E. Morgan.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY -Continued.

Lumber and Mining.

Messrs. Albert R. Hall, chairman, King G. Staples, Otto A. Risum, George P. Sheffer, Andrew Jensen.

Manufactures.

Messrs. Joseph C. Marsh, chairman, John M. Hogan, William A. Jones, Julius Feige, William T. Lewis, Henry O. Reinnoldt, Fred C. Maertz.

Military Affairs.

Messrs. George W. Taylor, chairman, Jonathan J. Smith, Christ Legried. Jarvis White, Emilus S. Goodell, George E. Pratt, Julius Feige.

Public Lands.

Messrs. Andrew Jensen, chairman, Hans Borchsenius, Mark M. Buttles, Ole C. Sether, Samuel F. Plummer.

Public Health and Sanitation.

Messrs. Jesse A. Clason, chairman, Charles W. Merriman, John F. Burnham, T. J. McGrath, Chas. N. Frink,

Public Improvements.

Messrs, William F. Sieker, chairman, Frank E. Hurd, Thomas McDonald, Jr., George Wylie, Charles A. W. Kraus.

Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. Herman C. Wipperman, chairman, John M. Hogan, Hans Borchsenius, William F. Sieker, Adelbert L. Utt, Henry O. Reinnoldt, Herman Schellenberg.

Railroads.

Messrs. Emerson D. Hoyt, chairman, John W. Fhomas, John F. Reynolds, George W. Taylor, Frank E. Hurd, Abner S. Flagg, Charles Niss, Jr., Gid H. Clark, Peter N. Peterson, Thomas McGrath, J. Louis A. Lange.

Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. James O. Davidson, chairman, Charles Niss, Jr., Thomas McDonald, Jr., James H. Agen, Thos. H. Mosher.

State Affairs.

Messrs. Jesse Stone, chairman, Solon W. Pierce, Bernard C. Wolter, Emilus S. Goodell, Wynn Edwards, Addison W. Merrill, Joseph Wolfinger.

Town and County Organization.

Messrs. Jonathan J. Smith, chairman, Mathew J. Connors, Joseph B. Beach, George E. Pratt, Daniel Bechtel.

Ways and Means.

Messrs. William G. Wheeler, chairman, William M. Fogo, Samuel R. Webster, Charles A. Stanley, John F. Reynolds.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

Charitable and Penal Institutions.

ON THE PART OF THE SENATE.

Senators Stebbins, chairman, Woodworth, Stout. ON THE PART OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Messrs. William T. Lewis, chairman, Frank A. Anson, George W. Wolff, William H. Hurlbut, Fred C. Maertz.

Claims.

Senators Baxter, chairman, McGillivray, Solliday. Messrs. George H. Ray, Chairman, Henry M. Thompson, Jarvis White, John E. Morgan, Patrick H. Cashin.

Fish and Game.

Senators Timme, chairman, Green, Riordan. Messrs. Lester B. Dresser, chairman, Joseph C. Marsh, Mathew J. Connors, Lemuel P. Hindes, Henry Overbeck, Jr.

Printing.

Senators Munson, chairman, Burke. Messrs. William M. Fogo, chai.man, Albert Woller, Louis A Lange.

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE - 1897.

SENATE.

Name. Age. Position. Occupation. Signature Sig	
E. G. Asmus 39 Assistant chief clerk; Real estate broker 30 Germany. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. H. C. Schultz 35 Journal clerk. Publisher 35 Wisconsin Chippewa Falls Chippewa. Henry E. Roethe. 30 Book keeper Publisher 30 Wisconsin Fennimore. Grant.	у.
R. C. Heydlauff. 38 Engrossing clerk Real estate 14 Michigan Ashland Ashland Dane Enrolling clerk Architect 38 Usiconsin Windsor Dane Richland Center Richland	

Stanley A. Pettibone 18	Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger	Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student Student	12 18 17 8 13 12 11	Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Iowa Iowa Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin	Oconomowoc Ellsworth Alma Milwaukee Mayville Prairie du Chien Milwaukee Janesville Brodhead Milwaukee	Pierce. Buffalo. Milwaukee. Dodge. Crawford. Milwaukee. Rock. Green.
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LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE—1897.

ASSEMBLY.

Name.	Age.	Position.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post Office.	County.
Winslow A. Nowell Frederic W. Coon Charles M. Durkee Charles F. Hanson John E. Jones John H. Frazier Claude K. Pettingill Christopher J. Rollis	56 46 40 42 25 28 24 37	Chief clerk Assistant chief clerk Journal clerk Journal clerk Bookkeeper Bookkeeper Index clerk Proof reader	Lawyer Insurance and real es-	28 25 28 24	New Hampshire Wisconsin Connecticut Maine Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee. Rock. Price. Oconto. Bayfield. Richland. La Crosse.
Henry H. McGraw Willard L. Notbohm. Llewellyn Davis. Earle N. Hurd John A. Risken. John W. Squires. Arthur J. Novak. Bertha C. Sieker. Clark H. Tennant. Ray Hollister. James Gagen Elizabeth Barnum. Ralph Pomeoy.	38 21	Stationery clerk Engrossing clerk Enrolling clerk Assistant index clerk Assistant engrossing clerk Assistant enrolling clerk Stenographer Stenographer Clerk committee on judiciary Clerk committee on engrossed bills Clerk committee on engrossed bills Clerk committee on engrossed bills Clerk committee on bills in third	tate Merchant Commercial traveler. Carpenter Printer Insurance Provision packer Stenographer Stenographer Carpenter Law student Stenographer Musician	30 32 28 38 21 36 32 21 19 30 20 26 18	Norway New York Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Pennsylvania England Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Owa Wisconsin Wisconsin	Stoughton Whitewater Milwaukee Mineral Point New Lisbon Shullsburg Chippewa Falls Milwaukee Franklin Oshkosh Oshkosh Antigo Wausau	Dane. Walworth. Milwaukee. Iowa. Juneau. Lafayette. Chippewa. Milwaukee. Sheboygan. Winnebago. Winnebago. Langlade. Marathon.
Chas, M. Hambright. David Justice. J. T. Moak S. D. Baird. Wm. Haslam C. H. Grant, Hiram Batchelder. Thomas Hayes. G. W. Overbeck Geo. Boyer Jule Derthick. J. B. Foster G. W. Allen.	51 50 67 40 34 62 66 45 20 31 25 34	reading Sergeant-at-Arms Assistant sergeant-at-arms Postmaster Assistant postmaster Day attendant Doorkeeper Doorkeeper Doorkeeper Doorkeeper Gallery attendant Gallery attendant Document clerk Document attendant	Journalist Manf. and merchant. Merchant Retired business man Newsdealer Drayman Carpenter Painter Watchman Telegraph operator Mason Farmer Manufacturer. Farmer	35 51 38 43 40 26 42 40 27 20 17 25 34	Wisconsin America America America America America America America Ireland Germany France America America	Appleton Racine. Greenwood Watertown Neenah Green Bay River Falls Prairie du Chien. Milwaukee Ahnapee. Marinette Spring Prairie Beloit Viroqua	Outagamie, Racine. Clark. Jefferson. Winnebago. Brown. Pierce. Crawford. Milwaukee. Kewaunee. Marinette. Walworth. Rock.



PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.



MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1840 TO 1800.

States and Territories.		1840 .		1850 .		<i>1860</i> .		1870.		<i>1880</i> .		1890 .
Total	::	17,069,453	 	23, 191,876	::	31, 443, 221 ======	: =	38, 558, 371	=	50,155,783	:=	62,622,250
Alabama	12	590,756	12	771,623	13	964, 301	16			1,262,505	17	1,513,017
Alaska	••		١				1:5		45	33,426		
Arizona	::	97,574	::	209,897	::		46	484, 471	94	40,440 802,525	24	59,620 1,128,179
Arkansas	20	97,574	20	92,597	20	379,994	20	560, 247	21		22	1,208,130
			29		38		42	39,864		194, 327	31	412, 198
Colorado	20	309,978	21	370 792	24	460.147	25	537,454	28	194, 327 622, 700	59	746,258
Dolowere	26	78,085	130	91.532	132	112.216	35	125,015		146,508	42	168,493
District of Col	28	43,712	133	51,687	35	1 75.080	34	131,700	36	177, 624	39	230,392
Florida	27	54,477	31	87.442	31	140,424	33	187,748	34	269,493	32	391,422
			9	906, 185	11	1,057,286	12	1,184,109	13	1,542,180	12	1,837,353
Idaho			1::		1.,		45		47	32,610 3,077,871	40	84,385 3,826,351
Illinois	14	476, 183	11	851,470 988,416	4	1,711,951 1,350,428	6	1,680,637	6	1,978,301	0	2,192,404
Indiana	10	685,866	1	988,410	41	9,761	41	68, 152	41	76,895	45	120,389
Indian Ter*	66	43,112	37	192, 214		674, 913	11	1, 194, 020	10	1,624,615	10	1,911,896
Iowa	~0	40,112	۲.	100, 013	33	107, 206	29	364.399	120	996,096	19	1,427,096
Kansas Kentucky Louisiana	6	779,828	8	982, 405	9	1,155,684	8	1,321,011	8	1,648,690	11	1,858,635
Louisiana	19	352,411			17	708,002	21	726,915	$ 2\bar{2}$	939, 946	25	1,118,587
Maine Maryland	13	352,411 501,793	16	583, 169	22	628,279	23	626, 915	27	648, 936	30	661,086
Maryland	15	470,019	17	583,034	119	657,049	20	780, 894	23	934, 943	3 27	1,042,390
			6	994, 514	7	1,231,066	1.7	1,457,351 1,184,059	1 %	1,783,030 1,636,937	7 9	
Michigan	123	1 212.201	20	397,654	10	749, 113 172, 023	16		06	780,77	1 20	1,301,826
Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	177	375,651	30	6,077 606,526	100	791, 305	15	827, 922	18	1,131,59	21	1,289,600
Mississippi	16	383,702	119	600,520	14	1, 182, 012	1		5	2,168,38)[~	2,679,184
Missouri Montana	10	000,102				1,100,010	44	11 20, 595	145	39,15		132,159
Nebraska			1		36	11 28.841	130	122, 99	3130	452.40	2 20	1,058,910
Nevada	١		1::		42		41	42, 49	43	62,26	3 50	45,761
Nevada N. Hampshire.	22	284,574	22	317,976	27	326,07	3	318, 300		346,99	1 3:	376,530
New Jersey	18	373, 306	119	489,556	21	[672,035	17	906,096				
New Mexico	١.	1	32	61,547	34	93,510	13	91,874				
New York N. Carolina		2,428,921		3,097,39	1	3,880,735 992,625		4,382,759 1 1,071,36	11.	1,399,75		
			1	,	1	1 '	1	1	1	1,000,00	4	182,719
N. Dakota Ohio	1 3	1 519 467	ءِ اَہٰ	1 980 329	ا ا	2, 339, 511	il :	2.665,26		3, 198, 06	2 2	1 3,672,310
Oklahama	1	1	1	1	Ί.		١.		٠١	1	. 4	71 61.83¢
Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island S. Carolina	I.:		13	13,29	1 36	52,46	5 3	90,92	3 37	174,76	8 3	3 3,76
Pennsylvania	12	1,724,03	3 5	2,311,78	3 5	2 2,906,215	5 5	3,521,95	1 2	4, 282, 89	1 :	2 5,258,01
Rhode Island	24	108,830) 58	147,54	5 29	174,620			3 3:	276,53	$\frac{1}{2}$	5 345,50
S. Carolina	11	594,398	3 14	668,50	7 18	3 703,70	5 2	2 705,60	이강.	995,57	η_z^z	3 1,151,14
South Dakota.	1.:		J٠		يا.	1	:1:	1 350 50	نزان	1,542,35	013	7 323,80 3 1,767,51
Tennessee	15	829,210	7	1,002,71	q_{3}	0 1,109,60	- 1	9 1,236,52		1,591,74	9 1	7 2,235,52
South Dakota Tennessee Texas	1	1	3	11,38	اد اه	7 40,27		9 86,78	613	143,96	3/4	0 ~, 207, 90
UtahVermontVirginia	13	991 04	8 0	314 19	ŏlá	8 315.09	813	0 330, 55	113	2 332,28	6 3	6 332, 42
Virginia.	1~2	1, 239, 79	7	1 1 421 66	ĭľ	5 1.596.31	8 1	0 1,225,16	3 1	4 1,512,56	5 1	5 1,655,98
Washington	1.	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. [.		. 4	0 11,59	4 4		5 4	2 75,11	613	4 349 39
West Virginia. Wisconsin Wyoming	. [. :	.1	.1.	.]	. 12	7 442,01	4/2	91 618,45	7 2	8 762,79
Wiggongin	130	0 30.94	5 2	4l 305, 39	111	5 775,88	íl1	5 1,054,67	H	61 1,315,49	9711	4 1,686,88
WISCOUSIE.										8 20,78		8 60,70

Note.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the sates and territories according to magnitude of population.

*Not included in totals.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1886-1895.

(STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTIES.	1836.	1838.	1840.	1842.	1846.	1847.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.	1895
dams				l			187	6,868	6,492	5,698	9 001	0.700				ļ
			 .						515	256	6,601	6,502	6,741	6,921	6,889	7,5
									13	200	538	750	1,559	6,941	20,063	17.2
ayfield									353	269	344	3,737	7,023	13,596	15,416	20,1
rown	2,706	3,049	2,107	2,146	2,662	2,914	6,215	6,699	11,795	15, 282	25,168	1,032	564	3,431	7,390	12,5
инаю	1					.		832	3,864	6,776	11, 123	35,373	34,090	36,921	39,164	45,6
urnett	1		ı						12	171	706	14,219	15,528	16,483	15,997	16,9
alumet			275	407	836	1,060	1,743	3,631	7,895	8,638	12,335	1,456	3,140	4,607	4,393	5,8
hippewa							615	838	1,895	3,278	8,311	15,065	16,631	17,667	16,639	17.7
lark								232	789	1,011	3,450	13,995	15,492	25,135	25,143	28,7
olumbia					1,966	3,791	9,565	17,965	24,411	26,112	28,802	7,282	10,715	15,423	17,708	21.3
rawford	1,220	850	1,502	1,449	1,444	1,409	2,498	3.323	8,068	11,011	13,075	28,803	28,065	29,855	28, 350	30,8
ane	••••	172	314	776	8,289	10,935	16,639	37, 714	43,922	50, 192	53,096	15,035 52,798	15,644	16, 181	15,987	17,2
odge		18	67	149	7,787	14,906	19,138	34,540	42,818	46,841	47, 035		53,234	58,400	59,578	65,6
oor								739	2,948	3,098	4,919	48,394	45,928	46,333	44,984	47,8
ouglas	••••							385	812	532	1,122	8,020	11,645	15,552	15,682	16.9
								1,796	2,704	5,170	9,488	741	655	2,704	13,468	29.9
au Ciaire				1					3,162	5,281	10,769	13,427	16,818	21,951	22,664	25.0
TOT GHICH									0,102	0,201	10, 109	15,991	19,902	34,789	30,673	33,1
ond du Lac	••••		139	295	3,548	7,459	14,510	24,784	34, 154	42,029	46,273			1,720	2,604	2,8
orest									01,101	12,020	40,210	50,241	46,855	46,822	44,088	47.4
rant			3,926	5,937	12,034	11,720	16,198	23,170	31, 189	33,618	37,979			425	1,012	1,2 38,3
reen Lake	••••	494	933	1,594	4,758	6,487	8,566	14,827	19,808	20,646	23,611	39,086	37,852	37, 277	36,651	38,3
Teen Lake									12,663	12,596	13, 195	22,027	21,729	23,071	22,732	23,4
wa		5,234	3,978	5,029	14,906	7,963 [9,522	15, 205	18,967	20,657	24,544	15,274	14,481	16,008	15, 163	23, 4 15, 9
on	••••								20,500	20,00.	41,011	24, 133	23,628	22,872	22, 117	23.4
ckson	•••••							1,098	4,170	5.631	7,687					5,3
fferson	•••••	468	914	1,638	8 680	11,464	15,317	26,869	30, 438	30,596	34,050	11,339	13,283	15,902	15,797	5, 8 16, 7
neau									8,770	10,013	12,396	34,908	32, 155	34,256	33,530	36, 8
nosha							10,734	12,307	13,900	12,676	13,177	15,300	15,580	17,024	17, 121	18, 7
									5,530	7,039	10,281	13,907	13,550	14, 137	15,581	17,5
Crosse								3,904		14,834	20, 295	14,405	15,805	17,278	16, 153	17, 6
Doints	•••••		· · · · · · ·			9,335	11.531	16,064		20,358	22,667	23,945	27,072	34,791	38,801	43, 6
Pointe		•••• ;••• }				367				- 1		22,169	21,278	20,467	20, 265	21,4
nglade	•••••		• • • • • • • • •								••••	• • • • • • • • • • • •				,
ncoln										•••••	•••••		685	5,912	9,465	11.09
initowoc	•••••	•••••	235	263	629	1,285	3,702	18,018	22,416	26,762	33, 369	895	2,011	6,989	12,008	14, 76
rathon	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			489	447	2,892	3,678	5,885	38,456	37,506	38,692	37,831	40,80
ттепе	,					- 1		,	-,	0,010	0,000	10,111	17, 121	27,053	30,369	36, 59

Marquette Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida									8,233 62,518 8,410 3,592	7,327 72,320 11,652 4,858	8,057 89,936 16,552 8,322	$\begin{bmatrix} 8,597 \\ 122,927 \\ 21,026 \\ 13,812 \end{bmatrix}$	8,907 138,523 21,603 9,843	9, 487 189, 660 23, 549 13, 205	9,676 236,101 23,211 15,009 5,010	10,203 287,922 26,350 18,339 7,060
Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce								4,914 12,973	9,587 15,682 2,393 4,672	11,852 14,882 3,002 6,324	18,440 15,579 4,659 10,003	25,558 16,545 5,816 15,101	28,716 15,462 6,226 17,744	35,659 15,797 6,972 19,645	38,690 14,943 6,932 20,385	44,404 16,545 7,567 23,040
Pierce					931	1,504	1,250	547 5,151 20,673	1,400 7,507	1,677 8,145	3,422 10,640	6,736 14,856	10,018 17,731 785 30,921	12,881 23,248 3,071 35,398	12, 968 24, 798 5, 258 36, 268	16,117 28,531 7,257 41,110
Racine Richland Rock St. Croix Sauk			1,701	2,867	12,405 1,419	14,729 1,614	963 20,750 624 4,371	5,584 31,364 2,040 13,614	9,732 36,690 5,392 18,963	12, 186 36, 033 7, 255 20, 154	15,736 39,030 11,039 23,868	17, 353 39, 039 14, 956 26, 932	18, 174 38, 823 18, 956 28, 729	19,303 42,620 22,379 30,359	19, 121 43, 220 23, 139 30, 575	19,619 48,414 25,870 32,919
Sawyer								254	829 26,875	1,369 27,671	3, 165 31, 773	6,635 34,021 849	10,371 34,206 2,311	2,431 16,629 38,600 5,703	1,977 19,236 42,489 6,731	3,741 22,573 48,396 8,498
Shawano Sheboygan Tavlor Yrempealeau Vernon Vilas Walworth		1				15,039		493 4,823 22,662	2,569 11,007 26,496	5, 199 13, 644 25, 773	10,728 18,673 25,992	14,992 21,524 26,259	17, 189 23, 235 26, 249	19,112 24,423 27,802	18,920 25,111 27,860	21,963 27,035 3,801 29,162
Washburn Washington Waukesha Waupaca Waushara				965	7 473	15,447 15,866	19,485 19,258	18,897 24,012 4,437	23,622 26,831 8,851	24,019 27,029 11,208	23, 905 28, 258 15, 533	23,862 11,523 19,646	23, 442 28, 957 20, 954	1,671 23,692 31,123 25,340	2,926 22,751 33,270 26,794	4, 266 24, 077 36, 562 30, 793
Winnebago Wood			135	143	132	2, 141	10,167	11,459		9,002 29,767 2,965	37,325 3,911	29, 425 45, 033 6, 048	12,688 42,741 8,981	13,921 50,395 14,358	13,507 50,097 18,127	15, 355 57, 627 21, 637
Total	11,683	18,139	30,945	44,478	155,277 	210, 546	305,391	552,109	775,881	868, 325	1,054,670	1,236,729	1,315,480	1,563,413	1,686,880	1,937,915

Norz-In 1830, the population of Wisconsin Territory was 3,245, and there were but two counties, Brown and Crawford.

AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama	59 950	7710	
ATIZOHA	52, 250 113, 020	710 100	51,540
Arkansas	53, 850	805	112,920 53,045
Camornia	158, 360	2,380	155, 980
Colorado	103, 925	280	103, 645
Connecticut	4,990	145	4,845
	2,050	90	1,960
District Of Comming	70	10	7,60
Florida	58,680	4,440	54, 240
Georgia	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho	. 84,800	510	84, 290
Illinois. Indiana	56,650	650	56,000
Indian Territory	36,350	440	35,910
Iowa.	31,400	400	31,000
Mansas	56,025	550	55, 475
IXCHUUCK V	82,080 40,400	380	81,700
Louisiana	48,720	400	40,000
maine	33,040	3,300	45, 420
maryiand	19 910	3, 145	29,895
massachuseus	12,210 8,315	2,350 275	9,860
michigan	58, 915	1,485	8,040 57,430
minuesota	83, 365	4,160	79, 205
MISSISSIPPI	46,810	470	46 340
missouri	69,415	680	46,340 68,735
montana	146,080	770	145, 310
Neuraska	77,510	670	76,840
Tievaua	110,700	960	109,740
new mampshire	9,305	300	9,005
New Jersey	7,815	360	7,455
New Mexico	122,580	120	122, 460
New York	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina North Dakota	52,250	3,670	48,580
Ohio.	70,795	600	70, 195
Oklahoma (a)	41,060	300	40,760
Oregon	39,030	200	38,830
rennsvivania	96,030 45,215	1,470	94,560
Rhode Island	1,250	230	44,985
South Carolina	20, 570	165 400	1,085
South Dakota	77,650	800	30,170
Tennessee	42,050	300	76,850 41,750
Texas	265, 780	3,490	262, 290
Utan	84,970	2,780	82, 190
vermont	9,565	430	9, 135
Virginia	42,450	2,325	40, 125
washington	69, 180	2,300	66, 880
West Virginia	24,780	135	24,645
WISCONSIN	56,040	1,590	54, 450
Wyoming	97,890	315	97,575
Delaware how			,,,,,
Delaware bay	620	620	
	100	100	

 $[\]alpha$ Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Ratifica- tion or date of admission.	How formed.
1 A	labama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted July 13, 1868.
3 A 4 A 5 C 6 C 7 C 8 D	laska rizona. rkansas. alifornia olorado onnecticut elaware ist. of Columbia.	1836 1850 1876 1788	admitted July 13, 1868. Russia, treaty 1867. Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852. France, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852. Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803. One of the thirteen original states. One of the thirteen original states. Established under 17th clause of 8th, section constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts
10 F	lorida	1845	of states, 1788-89. From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; From territory and Instantiated June 25, 1868.
- 1	eorgia	1788 1890	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870. From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
13 I 14 I	daho Itinois ndiana	1818 1816	Virginia. Virginia.
15 I	ndian Territory owa		France, treaty 1803. From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of
18 F	Kansas Kentucky Jouisiana	1792	Towa, June 12, 1895. Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850. Territory of Virginia. France, treaty 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; read- mitted July 9, 1868.
21 N 22 N 23 N 24 N	Aaine. Aaryland Aassachusetts Michigan Minnesota. Mississippi.	1788 1788 1837 1858	One of the thirteen original states. One of the thirteen original states. Virginia. France, treaty 1803. Georgia and South Carolina; seconded
26	Missouri Montana	1821 1889	January 9, 1861; readmitted act February 23, 1870. France, treaty 1803. France, treaty 1803.
29 30 31	Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	. 1864 . 1788 . 1787	January 9, 1861; Feadminded act February 25, 1865; France, treaty 1808. France, treaty 1808. France, treaty 1848. One of the thirteen original states. One of the thirteen original states. Mexico, treaty 1848.
34	New Mexico New York North Carolina	. 1789	Mexico, treaty 1848. One of the thirteen original states. One of the thirteen original states; seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1868.
30 37	North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	1802	France, 1808. Virginia. From portion of Indian Territory. France, 1803: Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846. One of the thirteen original states.
39 40	Pennsylvania Rhode Island Soutb Carolina	1787	One of the thirteen original states. One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20,
	South Dakota . Tennessee	1889 1796	France, 1803. North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24,
44	Texas	1845	1866. Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt inde- pendence established and annexed to United States; se- ceeded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
46	Utah Vermont Virginia	1791	pendence established and almost at the America, 1870. Mexico, treaty 1848, and Gadsden purchase, 1852. New York. One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December, 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of, January 26, 1870.
48	Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon, treaty," June 15, 1846.
50	West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1848	Virginia. Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836. France, 1803.

AREA AND POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.

The following table gives a general view of the area, population, and density of population of the states of the world and of the dependencies, including protectorates and spheres of influence belonging to each:

	Area,	Population.				
	Square Miles.	Total.	Per Square Mile.			
European —						
Austria Hungary	115,900 125,000	23,895,400 17,463,000	206 139			
Austria-Hungary	240,900	41,358,400	171			
BelgiumBulgaria	11,370	6,262,300	551			
Denmark	37,800 14,800	3,310,000	88			
Denmark	87,000	41, 358, 400 6, 262, 300 3, 310, 000 2, 172, 000 127, 280	147			
Total Denmark	101,800	2,299,200				
France	204, 100	38, 343, 000	188			
Asia	276,600	23,700,000				
Africa America	2, 151, 100	20,000,000				
Oceania	48,010 9,170	378,000 93,000	8 10			
Total France	2,689,010	82,514,000				
German Empire—	į.					
Prussia	134,500 29,280 5,790	29,957,000	223			
Bavaria	29,280	5,595,000	191			
Saxony	5,790	3,503,000	605			
Other States	7,530 31,600	2,037,000	271			
	31,600	8,336,000	264			
Total	208,700	49, 428, 000	237			
AfricaPacific	920, 920 102, 150	8,370,000 400,000				
Total German Empire	1,231,770	58, 198, 000				
Greece.	25,000 110,620	2,187,000 30,725,000 6,259,000	87			
Italy	110,620	30,725,000	278			
Africa	546, 100	6,259,000				
Total Italy	656,720	36,981,000				
Montenegro	3,630	200,000	55			
NetherlandsAsia	12,600	4,733,000	374			
America.	736,400 46,500	200,000 4,733,000 32,617,000 107,900	····			
Total Netherlands	795,500	37,457,900				
Portugal	35,800	5,050,000	141			
Asia	7,900	939,300	141			
Africa	735, 300		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Portugal	779,000	10, 421, 300				
Roumania.	48,300	5,800,000	120			
Russia, European	2,095,000	99,553,000	47			
Total Russia	6,565,000	18,049,000	3			
	8,660,000	117,602,000	13			
Servia	19,050	2,256,000	118			
Spain	197,700	17,565,600	88			
Asia	110,200 [7, 121, 000	· • • • • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Africa	243,900 45,200	136,000 2,439,000	56			
Total Spain		=, 100, 000				

AREA, POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.—Con.

		Population.				
	Area, Square Miles.	Total.	Per Square Mile.			
g 1	172,800	4,824,000	28			
Sweden Norway Switzerland	124,000 15,900	2,001,000 2,918,000	16 183			
Turkev**—	61,270	4,780,000	78			
European	687,640	21,608,000	31			
African	398, 740	1,300,000	3			
Total Turkey	1,147,580	27,688,000	24			
	121,000	38, 105, 000	315			
United Kingdom	1,800,000	287, 223, 000	160			
India	150,400	4,902,000				
Rest of AsiaAfrica	2,477,600	39, 425, 00u				
AfricaAmerica	3,614,400	6,780,600	2			
Australasia	3,174,000	4, 297, 900	1			
Total United Kingdom	11, 337, 400	380, 733, 500				
ASIATIC —		4,000,000				
Afghanistan	1,320,000	386,000,000	292			
China Proper Dependencies	2,898,000	16,680,000	5			
Total China	4,218,000	402,680,000	95			
	82,000	10,500,000	128			
Çorea	147, 700	41, 100, 000	278			
JapanPersia	147,700 628,000	7,654,000	12			
Siam	200,000	5,000,000	25			
A EDICAN	000,000	00 000 000				
Congo Independent State	900,000	30,000,000 6,818,000	638			
Egypt Proper	10,700 219,000	5,000,000	000			
Morocco	48,300	207,500*	4			
Orange Free State	119,140	490,000*				
South African RepublicLiberia	14,360	1,068,000	74			
NORTH AMERICAN —		40.050.000	1 1 2			
Mexico	767,000	12,056,000	15 21			
United States	2,939,000† 170,000	62,622,250 3,033,000	18			
CENTRAL AMERICAN	110,000	3,055,000	1			
SOUTH AMERICAN — Argentine Republic	1,125,000	3,963,600	4			
Bolivia	567, 400	2,020,000	4			
Progil	3,209,900	14,002,000	4			
Chili	294,000	2,915,000	10			
Colombia	. 505,000	3,879,000	8			
Fanador	. 120,000	1,270,00				
Paraguay	98,000 464,000	459,645 2,621,000	6			
Peru		728,000	10			
Uruguay						
Venezuela	• 550,500	2,020,000				

^{**} Immediate possessions.
* Including natives.
† Exclusive of 562,000 square miles in Indian Territory and Alaska.
‡ Including Indians.
§ Venezuelan figures.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

Value of gold and silver coin and bullion imported into and exported from the United States, fiscal years 1838-1895.

YEAR ENDING SEPTEM-	Go	DLD.	Silv	ÆR.
BER 30—	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1838 1839 1840 1841	\$11,674,883 1,164,580 3,085,157 1,269,449 757,294	\$ 740, 263 2, 892, 310 1, 468, 300 843, 383 1, 134, 002	\$ 6,072,233 4,430,596 5,797,656 3,719,184 3,329,722	\$ 2,767,785 5,884,433 6,948,714 9,190,949 3,679 537
Year Ending June 30— 1843 1 1844 1 1845 1 1846 1 1847 1 1848 1 1849 1 1850 1 1851 1 1852 1 1853 1 1854 1 1855 1 1855 1 1856 1 1857 1 1858 1 1859 1 1859 1 1860 1 1860 1	17, 066, 437 1, 613, 304 818, 850 910, 413 21, 574, 931 3, 408, 647 1, 776, 706 3, 569, 090 3, 658, 059 2, 427, 356 3, 212, 719 1, 092, 802 990, 305 6, 654, 636 2, 125, 397 2, 508, 786	300, 258 1, 183, 116 2, 210, 979 1, 629, 348 975, 301 8, 370, 785 1, 015, 359 2, 513, 948 4, 767, 333 2, 636, 142 1, 894, 323 2, 491, 894 1, 151, 797 852, 698 5, 154, 301 7, 505, 58 3, 605, 748 1, 499, 188 2, 624, 103 35, 439, 903	5, 253, 888 4, 217, 125 3, 251, 392 2, 867, 319 2, 546, 338 1, 951, 522, 593 2, 552, 593 2, 552, 593 2, 552, 593 1, 846, 985 1, 774, 026 3, 726, 623 2, 567, 010 3, 217, 327 5, 807, 163 7, 780, 428 5, 309, 392 6, 041, 349	1, 220, 533 4, 271, 098 6, 395, 516 2, 275, 920 931, 723 7, 470, 831 4, 383, 239 5, 009, 046 24, 705, 419 40, 037, 991 25, 592, 552 38, 789, 610 55, 095, 546 44, 592, 787 63, 982, 621 45, 037, 589 60, 281, 663 65, 047, 651 2 26, 166, 177 2 26, 166, 177
862 863 864 865 864 865 867 867 875 876 877	13, 001, 011 5, 530, 538 11, 176, 769 6, 498, 228 8, 196, 261 17, 024, 866 8, 737, 443 14, 132, 568 12, 056, 950 6, 883, 561 8, 717, 458 8, 682, 447 19, 503, 137	6, 169, 276 100, 661, 634 58, 381, 033 71, 197, 309 39, 026, 627 73, 396, 348 36, 003, 498 33, 633, 962 66, 686, 208 49, 548, 760 44, 556, 717 34, 042, 420 66, 980, 977 31, 177, 050	2,508,041 4,053,567 1,938,843 3,311,843 2,503,831 5,045,609 5,450,925 5,675,308 14,362,229 14,386,463 5,026,231 12,798,490 8,951,769 7,203,924 7,943,972	57, 987, 135 4, 734, 107 9, 262, 193 14, 816, 762 21, 841, 745 21, 134, 822 24, 519, 704 31, 755, 780 30, 328, 71, 859 32, 587, 985 25, 151, 165 25, 329, 252
877 878 878 879 880 880 881 882 883 884 885 888 889 889 891 891 892 893 894 894 895 895	13, 699, 799 26, 246, 234 13, 330, 215 5, 624, 948 80, 758, 396 100, 031, 259 34, 377, 054 17, 734, 149 22, 831, 317 26, 691, 696 20, 743, 349 42, 910, 601 43, 924, 317 3 10, 372, 146 3 18, 516, 112 3 50, 162, 879 3 72, 989, 580 3 72, 989, 580 3 72, 989, 580 3 72, 989, 580 3 72, 989, 580	26, 590, 374 9, 204, 455 4, 587, 614 3, 639, 025 2, 565, 132 32, 587, 880 11, 600, 888 41, 081, 957 8, 477, 892 42, 952, 191 9, 701, 187 18, 376, 234 460, 033, 246 477, 350, 193 486, 461, 880 470, 305, 533 477, 162, 228 477, 162, 228 477, 162, 228 477, 162, 228 477, 162, 228 477, 162, 228	14, 523, 180 16, 491, 099 14, 671, 052 12, 275, 914 10, 514, 238 8, 093, 336 10, 755, 242 14, 594, 945 16, 550, 627 17, 850, 807 17, 260, 191 6 20, 514, 232 6 24, 682, 380 6 27, 524, 147 6 26, 278, 916 6 28, 764, 734 6 34, 233, 999 6 19, 965, 711, 734 20, 211, 179	29, 571, 882 24, 535, 670 20, 408, 827 13, 503, 841, 715 16, 821, 599 20, 219, 445 28, 051, 426 28, 149, 510 28, 149, 510 28, 149, 510 28, 149, 510 28, 131, 219 26, 256, 504 28, 149, 510 23, 533, 551 23, 803, 562 41, 947, 812 47, 842, 968
Total	\$970,828,813	\$1,485,901,853	\$550,815,565	\$1,468,722,67

Total excess of exports over imports \$917, 907, 108.

1 Nine months. Includes gold and silver coin and bullion. Includes gold in ores. Includes gold in ores and copper matte. Includes silver in ores.
Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.

The commercial ratio of silver to gold for each year from 1687 to 1894 is shown in the following table:

From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. Adolph Soetbeer's tables; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.

Year.		Voor	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
	Rauo.	rear.	matio.	Tour.							
				1000	14.87	1792	15.17	1827	15.74	1862	15.35
1687 1688 1689 1690	14.94 14.94	1722	15.17 15.20	1757 1758	14.85	1793	15.00	1828	15.78	1863	15.37
1688	$14.94 \\ 15.02$	1723 1724	15.11	1759	14.15	1794	15.37	1829	15.78	1864	15.37
1689	15.02	1725	15.11	1760	14.14	1795	15.55	1830	$15.82 \\ 15.72$	1865 1866	15.44
1691	14 98	1726	15.15	1761	14.54	1796	15.65	1831 1832	15.72	1866	15.43
1691 1692 1693	14.98 14.92	1727	15.24	1762	15.27	1797	15.41	1832	15.73 15.93	1867 1868	$15.57 \\ 15.59$
1693	14.83 14.87	1728	15.11	1763	14.99	1798 1799	$15.59 \\ 15.74$	1833	15.73	1869	15.60
1694	14.87	1729	14.92	1764 1765	14.70 14.83	1800	15.68	1834 1835 1836	15.80	1869 1870	15.57
1695	15.02	1730 1731	14.81 14.94	1766	14.80	1801	15.46	1836	15.80 15.72	1871	15.57
1695 1696 1697	15.00 15.20	1732	15.09	1767	14.85	1802	15.26	1 1837	15.83	1872	15.63
1598	15.20	1733	15.18	1768	14.80	1803	15.41	1838 1839	15.85	1873	15.92
1699	15.07 14.94	1734	15.39	1769	14.72	1804	15.41	1839	15.62	1874 1875	$16.17 \\ 16.59$
1699 1700	14.81 15.07	1735	15.41	1770	14.62	1805	15.79 15.52	1840 1841	15.62 15.70	1876	17.88
1701	15.07	1736	15.18	1771	14.66 14.52	1806 1807	15.43	1842	15.10	1877	$\frac{17.88}{17.22}$
1702	15.52	1737	15.02	1772 1773	14.62	1808	16.08	1843	$15.87 \\ 15.93$	1877 1878	17.94
1703	15.52 15.17 15.22	1738 1739	14.91 14.91	1774	14.62	1809	15.96	1844	15.85	1879 1880	18.40
1704 1705	15.22	1740	14.94	1775	14.72	1810	15.77	1844 1845	15.85 15.92	1880	18.05
1706	15.27	1741	14.92	1776	14.55	1811	15.33	1846	15.90	1881	18.16
1707	15.44	1742	14.85	1777	14.54	1812	16.11	1847	15.80	1882	18.19
1707 1708	15.41	1743	14.85	1778	14.68	1813	16.25	1848	15.85	1000	18.64
1709	15.31	1744	14.87	1779	14.80	1814 1815	15.04 15.26	1849 1850	15.78 15.70	1885	18.57 19.41 20.78
1710	15.22	1745	14.98	1780 1781	14.72 14.78	1816	15.20	1851	15.46	1886	20.78
1710 1711 1712	15.29	1746 1747	15.13 15.26	1782	14.42	1817	15.28 15.11	1852	15.59	1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888	21.13
1712	15.31 15.24	1748	15.11	1782 1783	14.48	1818	15.35	1853	15.33	1888	21.99
1713	15.13	1749	14.80	1784	14.70	11 1819	15.35 15.33	1844	15.33	1889 1890	22.10
1715	15.11	1750	14.55	1784 1785	14.92	1820	15.62	1855	15.38	1890	19.76
1716	15.09	1751	14.39	1786	14.96	1821	15.95	1856	15.38	1891 1892	20.92
1717	15.13	1752	14.54	1787	14.92	1820 1821 1822 1823	15.80 15.84	1857 1858	15.27 15.38	1893	26.49
1718	15.11	1753	14.54	1788	14.65 14.75	1824	15.82	1859	15.19	1894	32.56
1719	15.09	1754 1755	14.48 14.68	1789 1790	15.04	1824 1825	15.70	1860	15.29	-00-	
1714 1715 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720	15.04 15.05	1756	14.94	1791	15.05	1826	15.76	1861	15.50	11	
1121	15.05	1130	11.01]	IJ.	}]]	}	1]	

CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

July 1.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population June 1.	Money per capita.	Circula- tion per capita.
1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1880 1882 1882 1882 1883 1884 1885 1885 1886 1887 1886	774, 445, 610 806, 024, 781 798, 273, 509 790, 683, 284 763, 033, 847 791, 253, 576 1, 051, 521, 541 1, 205, 929, 197 1, 406, 541, 823 1, 480, 531, 719 1, 643, 489, 816 1, 705, 454, 189 1, 817, 658, 336 1, 808, 559, 694 2, 075, 350, 711 2, 144, 226, 159 2, 195, 224, 075 2, 372, 599, 501	\$738, 309, 549 751, 881, 800, 751, 881, 800, 751, 801, 801 754, 101, 947 727, 609, 38, 887 722, 312, 634 818, 631, 793 973, 382, 228 1, 114, 238, 119 1, 230, 305, 696 1, 243, 925, 969 1, 242, 925, 968, 615 1, 252, 700, 525 11, 317, 539, 143 1, 372, 170, 870 1, 380, 361, 649 1, 429, 251, 270 1, 487, 440, 707 1, 487, 440, 707 1, 601, 347, 187	40,596,000 41,677,000 42,796,000 43,951,000 45,137,000 46,533,000 47,598,000 50,155,783 51,316,000 52,495,000 53,693,000 54,911,000 55,148,000 57,404,000 58,880,000 59,974,000 61,289,000 62,622,250 63,975,000 65,403,000	\$18.79 18.58 18.85 18.16 17.52 16.46 16.62 21.52 4.04 27.41 28.20 30.61 31.06 32.37 31.51 32.39 34.40 33.86 34.24 34.31	\$18.18.19 18.04 18.13 17.16.12 15.58 15.32 16.75 19.44 21.71 22.97 22.65 23.02 21.82 22.45 22.85 22.45 22.83 22.45 22.83 22.44 24.44
1893 1894 1895 1896	2, 323, 402, 392 2, 249, 325, 276 2, 209, 215, 665 2, 345, 631, 328	1,596,701,245 1,664,061,232 1,606,179,556 1,506,631,026	66, 826, 000 68, 397, 000 69, 753, 000 71, 390, 000	34.75 32.88 31.68 32.86	23.87 24.33 23.02 21.10

The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the treasury.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in tables for years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN, DECEMBER 31, 1896.

bbottsford & Northeastern hnapee & Western lig Falls R'y Co hicago, Milwankee & St. Paul hicago & Northwestern hicago, Surlington & Northern licago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River hicago, Madison & Northern hicago, Madison & Northern hicago, Madison & Northern hippewa River & Menomonie	15.16 34.00 15.00 1,647.79 1,579.62 621.66 223.09 18.00 91.31	1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856	Miles. 10.36 35.48 71.48 90.08 151.90
hnapee & Western lig Falls R'y Co. thicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. chicago & Northwestern chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha thicago, Burlington & Northern chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River chicago, Madison & Northern chicago, Madison & Northern chicago, River & Menomonia	34.00 15.00 1,647.79 1,579.62 621.66 223.09 18.00	1851 1852 1853 1854 1855	35.48 71.48 90.08 151.90
kig Falls R'y Co- blicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul blicago & Northwestern blicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha blicago, Burlington & Northern blicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River blicago, Madison & Northern blipnews River & Menomonia	15.00 1,647.79 1,579.62 621.66 223.09 18.00	1852 1853 1854 1855	71.48 90.08 151.90
hicago & Northwestern hicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha hicago, Burlington & Northern hicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River hicago, Madison & Northern hipagos River & Menomonia	1,647.79 1,579.62 621.66 223.09 18.00	1853 1854 1855	90.08 151.90
hicago & Northwestern hicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha hicago, Burlington & Northern hicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River hicago, Madison & Northern hipagos River & Menomonia	1,579.62 621.66 223.09 18.00	1854 1855	151.90
hicago, Burlington & Northern. chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River. chicago, Madison & Northern. chippewa River & Menomonia	621.66 223.09 18.00		
hicago, Burlington & Northern. chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River. chicago, Madison & Northern. chippewa River & Menomonia	18.00	1856	318.7
Shicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River			507.7
Chicago, Madison & Northern	1 91 31	1857	700.1
hippewa River & Menomonie		1858	761.5
	32.50	1859	849.4
Drummond & South Western	18.47	1860	880.7 900.7
uluth, South Shore & Atlantic	111.79 1.75	1861 1862	957.18
Ouluth Short Line	1.75	1863	957.1
Ouluth & Winnipeg	22.10	1864	1,030.2
astern Railway Co. of Minnesotareen Bay, Winona & St. Paul	225 00	1865	1,030.2
Townshoo Groon Ray & Western	37.82	1866	1,030.2
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western	34.00	1867	1,030.2
ake Superior Terminal & Transfer R'y Co	15.70	1868	1,089.0
		1869	1,140.9
filwaukee & Superior. filwaukee, Bay View & Chicago	16.20	1870	1,286.43 1,798.3
Iilwaukee, Bay View & Chicago	11.96	1871	1,798.3
lilwaukee & Wauwatosa	0.00	1872 1873	1,975.4 2,378.9
Innesota & Wisconsin	26.00 276.02	1874	2,465.9
finneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie	96.15	1875	2,513.9
Forthwestern Coal R'y Co	17.53	1876	2,647.6
Shkosh Transportation Co	4.27	1877	2,707.7
Ort Edwards, Centralia & Northern	30.00	1878	2.79 8.0
Rice Lake. Dallas & Menomonie	7.52	1879	2,909.9
t. Cloud. Grantsburg & Ashland	12.00	1886	3,120.2
ackwaukee & Montello	8.04	1881	3 , 42 5 . 2
Vest Range	7.00	1882	3,702.5
Vinona Bridge R'y Co	.54	1883	3,895.5 4,259.4
Visconsin & Chippewa	$18.40 \\ 32.12$	1884 1885	4, 239.4 4, 336.4
Visconsin & Michigan Visconsin Central R. R. Co	531.38	1886	4,746.5
Visconsin Central R. R. Co	284.09	1 87	5,082.6
Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota	72.12	1888	5,272.0
Iilwaukee & Lake Winnebago	66.73	1889	5,389.5
III Haddo to man Haddongo Hillian		1890	5,471.7
	•	1891	5,548.6
		1892	5,784.5
		1893	5,925.4
		1894	6,003.6
		1895	6,176.7 6,279.5
		1896	0,419.0
Total mileage	6,279.58	11 1	

DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN WISCONSIN FACTORIES.

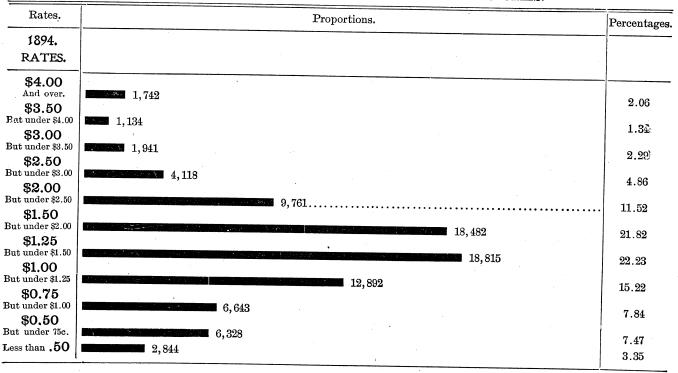


DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN WISCONSIN FACTORIES.

Rates.	Proportions.	Percentages.
1895.		-
RATES.		
\$4.00 And over.	1,505	1.78
\$3.50 But under \$4.00	1,095	1.32
\$3.00 But under \$3.50	1,875	2.23
\$2.50 But under \$3.00	4,264	5.07
\$2.00 But under \$2.50	9,090	10.82
\$1.50 But under \$2.00	18,655	22.18
\$1.25 Sut under \$1.50	20,697	24.61
\$1.00 But under \$1.25	11,489	13.66
\$0.75 But under \$1.00	6,289	7.48
\$0.50 But under 75c.	6,212	7.38 3.47
Less than .50	2,924	3.41

MISCELLANEOUS,

COMMISSIONERS FROM OTHER STATES FOR TAKING THE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND PROOF OF DEEDS.

Name.	P. O. Address.	Term expires.	States represented.
Francis Bloodgood. Paul D. Carpenter. Francis Bloodgood. Francis Bloodgood. W. H. Killen. Henry Kessenich John B. Fairchild. Wm. W. Strong. Francis Bloodgood. Francis Bloodgood.	102, Wis. St., Milwaukee 71 Colby & Abbott Bldg. Mil 102, Wis. St., Milwaukee 102, Wis. St., Milwaukee Appleton Madison Marinette Kenosha 102, Wis. St., Milwaukee 102, Wis. St., Milwaukee	Not stated	Louisiana. Michigan

LIMITATIONS OF REDEMPTION OF TAX SALES IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY IN THE UNITED STATES.

States.	Time.	States.	Time.
Alabama Arizona Arkansas Colifornia Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Marine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana	2½ yrs. 1 yr. 2 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr. 1 yr. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 1 yr. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs. 2 yrs.	Nebraska. Nevada New Hampshire New Hersey. New Mexico New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota. Ohio. Oklahoma Oregon. Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee. Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	2 yrs **None 1 yr. 83 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 1 yr. † None 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 1 yr. 1 yr. 1 yr. 2 yrs 2 yrs 1 yr. 1 yr. 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs 2 yrs

[†] No redemption.
§ Varies in incorporated cities, but does not exceed four years.
** Six months on real estate; otherwise no redemption, except that minors and persons laboring under legal disability have until six months after the disability is removed.
‡ Except in incorporated cities.

[Various extensions exist when the state is the purchaser.

OFFICERS OF NATIONAL POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN.

Appointed by the National Convention at St. Louis, Mo., June, 1896. Headquarters—Chicago and New York.
(Charles Dick, Chicago, Ill.
Secretaries
Chairman (Charles Dick, Chicago, Ill. Secretaries (William Osborn, New York City. Treasurer (C. N. Bliss, New York City.
DEMOCRATIC.
Appointed by the National Convention at Chicago, July, 1896. Headquarters—Chicago.
Chairman James K. Jones, Washington, Ark. Secretary C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Iowa. Treasurer Wm. P. St. John, New York City.
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC.
Appointed by the National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., September, 1896. Headquarters—Chicago and New York.
Chairman

PEOPLE'S PARTY.
Appointed by the National Convention in St. Louis, Mo., July, 1896. Headquarters—Washington, D. C.
Chairman Marion Butler, Raleigh, N. C.
Secretaries
PROHIBITION.
Appointed by the National Convention at Pittsburg, Pa., May, 1896. Headquarters—Albion, Mich.
Chairman Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich.
Vice ChairmanJames H. Tate, Nashville, Tenn.

NATIONAL.

Appointed by	\mathbf{the}	National Headqua	Convention	at	Pittsburg,	Pa.,	Мау,	1896.	
Appointed by	the	National Headqua	Convention arters—Allia	at	Pittsburg, e. Ohio.	Ра.,	Мау,	1896	•

ChairmanL.	В.	Logan,	Alliance.	. o.
Vice ChairmanJohn P.				
SecretaryD.	J. 1	homas,	Alliance.	. O.

SOCIALISTIC LABOR.

Appointed by the National Convention at New York City, July, 1896. Headquarters—New York City.

Secretary	. Henry	Kuhn,	184 W	Villiam St.,	New Yor	k City.
Treasurer				••••••	Henry	Stahl

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

JOSEPH W. BABCOCK, Chairman. LEWIS D. APSLEY, Vice-Chairman. DAVID H. MERCER, Secretary. WARNER P. SUTTON, Assistant Secretary. WILLIAM B. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John A. T. Hull, Iowa.	Jesse Overstreet, Indiana.
Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois.	James S. Sherman, New York.
Jeter C. Pritchard, North Carolina.	John H. Mitchell, Oregon.

Alabama	c.
California	
Colorado Senator Wolcott. North Carolina Senator Pritchard	_
Connecticut Kep. Russell, North Dakota Rep. Johnson	•
DelawareRep. Willis. Ohio Rep Brownell	
Illinois	
Indiana	
Iowa	
MarylandRep. Coffin. VirginiaRep. Walker.	
massachusetts Rep. Apsiey. West Virginia Rep. Miller.	
Wisconsin Rep Rabcook	
Minnesota	
Missouri Del Murphy	
Nebraska	
New Hampshire Senator Gallinger. Oklahoma Del. Flynn.	

WISCONSIN POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EDWIN D. COE, Chairman. JOHN M. EWING, Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.			
Edwin D. Coe Chairman Ex-officio. John M. Ewing Secretary Ex-officio. Geo. E. Bryant Madison. W. A. Brown Marinette. Leander Ferguson Brandon. L. H. Mead Shell Lake.	H. J. Arleit C. M. Gregg Milwaukee. H. J. Smith Racine. John W. Gaines Mayville.		
MEMBERS OF STATE	CENTRAL COMMITTEE.		
First District— H. J. Smith Racine W. W. Clarke Milton Second District— Mayville John W. Gaines Mayville Gec. E. Bryant Madison Third District— H. B. Allen Richland Center F. S. Veeder Mauston Fourth District— C. M. Grege Milwaukee F. J. Marshall Milwaukee Fifth District— Charles Pittelkow Milwaukee H. K. Butterfield Hartford	Tra Non Trainiest		

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

officers.

GEORGE W. PECK, Chairman. C. J. NOEL, Secretary. E. C. Wall, Treasurer.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District	Six
P. J. Mouat	
Second District— P. B. Lamoreux	Sev
Albert GoerzJefferson.	77.
Third District— G. W. Mallhon Mineral Point.	Eig
J. L. R. McCollumTwin Bluits.	Nin
Fourth District— Richard BurkeMilwaukee.	NII
Michael KruszkaMilwaukee.	Ten
Fifth District— C. W. BriggsMilwaukee.	
W. M. RootSheboygan.] [

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.					
Chairman Ellis B. Usher.					
Treasurer	Secretary				
	John Johnston, Milwaukee.				
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.					
Ellis B. Usher.	H. W. Hostman.				
E. P. Hackett.	John Nagle.				
Rollin B. Mallory.	Dr. Rush Winslow.				
MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.					
First District— A. M. Valentine. Janesville. John O'Brien. Darlington. W. W. Strong. Kenosha. Second District— B. J. Stevens. Madison. C. C. Eaton. Columbus. Albert Solliday Watertown. Third District— L. F. S. Viele. Prairie du Chien. George Crawford Mineral Point. W. A. Wyse. Reedsburg. Fourth District— E. P. Hackett Milwaukee. Rollin B. Mallory Milwaukee. H. J. Hilbert Milwaukee. Fifth District— Richard Weaver Sussex. W. F. Jahn Thiensville H. W. Hostman Plymouth.	Sixth District— H. B. Dale				

PROHIBITION PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. E. CLAYTON, Chairman, Milwaukee.
DE. I. D. MISHOFF, Secretary, Milwaukee.
W. R. NETHERCUT, Treasurer, Milwaukee.
B. E. Van KEUREN, Oshkosh,
CHAS. E. BADGER, Elkhorn.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—
Chas. E. BadgerElkhorn.
J. F. CarleAlbany.
Second District—
C. F. Cronk
G. S. Martin
Third District—
H. J. Noyes
S. M. FlunsMauston.
Fourth District—
E. W. Drake Milwaukee.
Dr. I. D. MishoffMilwaukee.
Fifth District—
W. R. NethercutWauwatoso.
H. W. Goodwin Hartland.

Sixth District—
B. E. Van KeurenOshkosh.
Rev. W. D. CornellFond du Lac.
Seventh District—
Dr. Chas. AlexanderEau Claire.
Ed. BergHolmen.
Eighth District—
C. W. Lomas Green Bay.
Pliny Myers
Ninth District—
R. H. Churchill
H. W. HuntGreenwood.
Tenth District—
Geo. I. ConstanceCumberland.
M S Hull Washburn

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

ChairmanRober	r Schilling, 482 Market St., Milwaukee, Wis.
SecretaryEt	GENE Low, 482 Market St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Treasurer	HENRY SMITH, 766 Booth St., Milwaukee, Wis.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

2. L. V 3. D. H 4. Rob	HarringtonTibbits. WoodwardPardeeville. H. RichardsRichland Center. wert SchillingMilwaukee.	7. 8. 9.	Charles Scheel
5. F. V	V. StearnsMilwaukee.	10.	Carl PieperMenomonie.

NATIONAL (NOW LIBERTY) PARTY.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Adolph R. Bucknam, chairman, Mrs. W. E. Thompson, secretary. John W. Evans, treasurer, Wm. A. Ward. Newell Demeritt, Geo. Wisnon, W. D. Ringsdorf.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMEITTEE.

First District—
Lily Runals,
W. C. Lawshe.
Second District—
Oliver H. Crowl,
Henry W. Hunt.
Third District—
E. B. Knowlton,
W. I. Carpenter.
Fourth District—
Mrs. W. E. Thompson,
Minona L. Fitts,
Fitth District—
Mrs. M. W. Law,
L. L. Sowles.

Sixth District—
Geo. Wisnon,
Andrew Jenson.
Seventh District—
W. A. Ward,
Annette J. Shaw.
Eighth District—
John P. Zonne,
Geo. Ratcliff.
Ninth District—
J. F. Knudson,
Gideon Young.
Tenth District—
John Bartlett.

WISCONSIN SOCIALISTIC LABOR PARTY.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

John Moser. William Pietch. John Janutoch. Joseph Kubash. Andrew Wiese. Charles Schultz. Edward Groeshel. O. B. E. Gundermann, State Secretary.

POLITICAL PLATFORMS.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM.

ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, JUNE 18, 1896.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the civil war the American people have witnessed the calamitous consequences of full and unrestricted democratic control of the government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In administrative management is has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, entailed an unceasing deficit, eked out ordinary current expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt by \$262,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund, pawned American credit to alien syndicates and reversed all the measures and results of successful republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has precipitated panic, blighted industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable to conduct it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequaled success and prosperity, and in this connection we nearuly indorse the wisdom, patriotism and success of the administration of President Harrison.

THE TARIFF.

We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism. We denounce the democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the public credit and destructive to business enterprise. We demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government but will protect American labor from degredation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and devlopment of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.

RECIPROCITY.

We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories. Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both, and both must be re-established—protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessaries of life which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interest which gain open markets for us in return for our open market to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own market for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

SUGAR.

We condemn the present administration for not keeping faith with the sugar producers of this country. The republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar which the American people use and for which they pay other countries more than \$100,000,000 annually.

WOOL AND WOOLENS.

To all our products—to those of the mine and the field as well as to those of the shop and the factory, to hemp, to wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished woolens of the mill—we promise the most ample protection.

MERCHANT MARINE.

We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the up-building of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American ships—the product of American labor, employed in American shipyards, sailing under the stars and stripes and manned, officered and owned by Americans—may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

THE CURRENCY.

The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote; and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

PENSIONS.

The veterans of the union army deserve and should receive fair treatment and generous recognition. Whenever practicable they should be given the preference in the matter of employment, and they are entitled to the enactment of such laws as are best calculated to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to them in the dark days of the country's peril. We denounce the practice in the pension bureau, so recklessly and unjustly carried on by the present administration, of reducing pensions and arbitrarily dropping names from the rolls as deserving the severest condemnation of the American people.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Our foreign policy should be at all times firm, vigorous and dignified, and all our interests in the western hemisphere carefully watched and guarded. The

Hawaiian islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them; the Nicaraguan canal should be built, owned and operated by the United States; and by the purchase of the Danish islands we should secure a proper and much-needed naval station in the West Indies.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

The massacres of Armenians have aroused the deep sympathy and just indignation of the American people, and we believe that the United States should exercise all the influence it can properly exert to bring these atrocities to an end. In Turkey American residents have been exposed to the gravest dangers and American property destroyed. There and everywhere American citizens and American property must be absolutely protected at all hazards and at any cost.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in its full extent, and we reaffirm the right of the United States to give the doctrine effect by responding to the appeals of any American state for friendly intervention in case of European encroachment. We have not interfered and shall not interfere with the existing possessions of any European power in this hemisphere, but those possessions must not on any pretext, be extended. We hopefully look forward to the eventual withdrawal of the European powers from this hemisphere and to the ultimate union of all English-speaking parts of the continent by the free consent of its inhabitants.

CUBA.

From the hour of achieving their own independence the people of the United States have regarded with sympathy the struggles of other American peoples to free themselves from European domination. We watch with deep and abiding interest the heroic battle of the Cuban patriots against cruelty and oppression, and our best hopes go out for the full success of their determined contest for liberty. The government of Spain having lost control of Cuba and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.

THE NAVY.

The peace and security of the republic and the maintenance of its rightful influence among the nations of the earth demand a naval power commensurate with its position and responsibility. We therefore favor the continued enlargement of the navy and a complete system of harbor and seacoast defenses.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

For the protection of the quality of our American citizenship and of the wages of our workingmen against the fatal competition of low-priced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The civil-service law was placed on the statute book by the republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable.

FREE BALLOT.

We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot and that such ballot shall be counted and returned as cast.

LYNCHINGS.

We proclaim our unqualified condemnation of the uncivilized and barbarous practice well known as lynching or killing of human beings suspected or charged with crime without process of law.

NATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We favor the creation of a national board of arbitration to settle and adjust differences which may arise between employers and employes engaged in interstate commerce.

HOMESTEADS.

We believe in an immediate return to the free-homestead policy of the republican party and urge the passage by congress of the satisfactory free-homestead measure which has already passed the house and is now pending in the senate.

THE TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and of the United States. All the federal officers appointed for the territories should be selected from bona-fide residents thereof and the right of self-government should be accorded as far as practicable.

ALASKA.

We believe the citizens of Alaska should have representation in the congress of the United States, to the end that needful legislation may be intelligently enacted.

TEMPERANCE.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

RIGHTS OF WOMEN.

The republican party is mindful of the rights and interests of women. Protection of American industries includes equal opportunities, equal pay for equal work and protection to the home. We favor the admission of women to wider spheres of usefulness and welcome their co-operation in rescuing the country from democratic and populistic mismanagement and misrule.

Such are the principles and policies of the republican party. By these principles we will abide and these policies we will put into execution. We ask for them the considerate judgment of the American people. Confider alike in the history of our great party and in the justice of our cause, we present our platform and our candidates in the full assurance that the election will bring victory to the republican party and prosperity to the people of the United States.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 5 and 6, 1896.

The republicans of Wisconsin in convention assembled announce their cordial and hearty endorsement of the platform of principles adopted by the National Republican Convention at St. Louis and pledge a loyal, united and vigorous support of the principles and policies therein announced and defined. We believe that in the restoration to power in national affairs of the party that stands for a sound and stable currency, honest money with which to pay the wages of labor, buy the products of the farm and factory and carry on the business of this great country; and for a fair and equitable protective tariff, that will protect all the people and every section of this country, give employment to American

can labor, preserve to American producers the first chance in our great home market, and at the same time give us enough revenue to pay the necessary expenses of carrying on the government, lies the only hope of a return to our former prosperity.

We recognize in William McKinley and Garret A. Hobart, our nominees for president and vice-president, the highest character and fitness—candidates in whose wisdom, integrity and patriotism all the people can safely put their trust and confidence.

We express our unqualified disapproval of the utterances of the late Chicago convention upon matters of national policy. We denounce them as dangerous in their character—tending to the destruction of all business security and prosperity and subversive of the fundamental principles of good government.

We commend most heartily the able, economical and business-like conduct of public affairs by our present state administration.

The republican party believes in perfect liberty of conscience, non-sectarianism in public affairs, entire separation of church and state, in free common schools, and the utmost independence of individual thought, speech and action within the law.

We favor the restriction of undesirable immigration, as opposed to the interests of our laboring people and approve the enactment of measures to prevent fraudulent naturalization.

We cordially invite the voters of Wisconsin without regard to past political affiliation to the support of the principles herein announced.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Chicago, July 9, 1896.

We, the democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

During all these years the democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic of republics. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom and it renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution.

THE MONEY PLANK.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the constitution named silver and gold to-

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gether as the money metals of the United States and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver-dollar

We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legaltender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

INTEREST-BEARING BONDS.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace and condemn the trafficing with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for duties to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

TARIFF RESOLUTION.

We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the Supreme court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by the democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly 100 years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the government.

IMMIGRATION AND ARBITRATION.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactories; and, as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its rights.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employes, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

TRUSTS AND POOLS.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading rail-road systems, and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and such restrictions and guaranties in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

DECLARE FOR ECONOMY.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation, and the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high, while the labor that pays them is unemployed, and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a democratic government, and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE IN LOCAL AFFAIRS.

We denounce arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States, and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States senate, and now pending in the house of representatives, relative to contempts in federal courts, and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

No discrimination should be indulged by the government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the refusal of the LIIId congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill, and denounce the efforts of the present republican congress to enact a similar measure.

PENSIONS.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving union soldiers, we heartly indorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll; and the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

ADMISSION OF TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resource to entitle them to state-hood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed. The democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

SYMPATHY FOR CUBA.

The Monroe doctrine, as originally declared, and as interpreted by succeeding presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

CIVIL-SERVICE LAWS.

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed terms of office, and such an administration of the civil-service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

THIRD-TERM RESOLUTIONS.

We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of 100 years, and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our government, that no man should be eligible for a third term of the presidential office.

IMPROVEMENT OF WATERWAYS.

The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic so as to secure for the interior states easy and cheap transportation to tide water. When any waterway of the republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government, such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declarations of principles and purposes to the con siderate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people, and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, Sept. 2, 1896.

We, the democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, hereby ratify and endorse the nominations and platform made by the Democratic National convention, held at Chicago in July last, and pledge to the support of our standard bearers, William Jennings Bryan and Arthur Sewall, the entire strength and energy of the democracy of the state.

We believe that a nation of 70,000,000 freemen, determined to secure and enjoy its liberties, is able to maintain a financial policy of its own. America was always a leader, never a follower; we therefore declare that the interests of the people of the United States imperatively demand the restoration of the free coinage of silver, as it existed at the time of the demonetization in 1873, and that, too, without waiting the consent of any other nation on earth, and we cordially invite all persons, irrespective of party, to join us in securing the triumph of this principle so closely connected with the prosperity of our countrymen.

We condemn the action of the republican party in releasing judgments legally obtained against former state treasurers as a grave breach of public faith, and in direct contravention of the solemn pledges of that party to the contrary.

We favor a co-employe bill that will efficiently protect the employe against the negligence of a co-employe, and recommend immediate legislation to that end. That while we recognize the rights of all classes of our citizens to vote as their convictions dictate, we enter our solemn protest against the monied and corporate interests in their attempt to control this election by intimidation and corruption. We therefore look with great apprehension upon the fact that the republican campaign in the west is placed under the immediate direction and control of a recognized oppressor of labor and corruptor of legislation; and we especially insist at this time upon the right of free speech and the largest freedom of action.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Indianapolis, Sept. 3, 1896.

This convention has assembled to uphold the principles upon which depend the honor and welfare of the American people, in order that democrats throughout the union may unite their patriotic effort to avert disaster from their country and ruin from their party.

The democratic party is pledged to equal and exact justice to all men of every creed and condition; to the largest freedom of the individual consistent with good government; to the preservation of the federal government in its constitutional vigor and to the support of the states in all their just rights; to economy in the public expenditures; to the maintenance of the public faith and sound money, and it is opposed to paternalism and all class legislation.

The declarations of the Chicago convention attack individual freedom, the right of private contract, the independence of the judiciary and the authority of the president to enforce federal laws. They advocate a reckless attempt to increase the price of silver by legislation, to the debasement of our monetary standard, and threaten unlimited issues of paper money by the government.

They abandon for republican allies the democratic cause of tariff reform to court the favor of protectionists to their fiscal heresy.

In view of these and other grave departures from democratic principles, we cannot support the candidate of the convention nor be bound by its acts. The democratic party has survived many defeats, but could not survive a victory won in behalf of the doctrine and policy proclaimed in its name at Chicago.

The conditions, however, which make possible such utterances from a national convention are the direct result of class legislation by the republican party. It still proclaims, as it has for years, the power and duty of government to raise and maintain prices by law, and it proposes no remedy for existing evils except oppression and unjust taxation.

The national democracy here convened therefore renews its declaration of a faith in democratic principles especially as applicable to the conditions of the

times.

FOR TARRIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY.

Taxation, tariff, excise or direct, is rightfully imposed for public purposes, and not for private gain. Its amount is justly measured by public expenditures, which should be limited by scrupulous economy. The sum derived by the treasury from tariff and excise levies is affected by the state of trade and of consumption. The amount required by the treasury is determined by the appropriations made by congress. The demand of the republican party for an increase in tariff tax has its pretext in the deficiency of revenue, which has its causes in the stagnation of trade and reduced consumption, due entirely to the loss of confidence that has followed the populist threat of free coinage and depreciation of our money and the republican practice of extravagant appropriations beyond the needs of good government.

We arraign and condemn the populistic conventions of Chicago and St. Louis for their co-operation with the republican party in increasing these conditions, which are pleaded in justification of a heavy increase of burdens of the people

and a further resort to protection.

We therefore denounce protection and its ally, free coinage of silver, as schemes for the personal profit of a few at the expense of the many, and oppose the two parties which stand for these schemes as hostile to the people of the republic, whose food and shelter, comfort and property are attacked by higher taxes and depreciated money.

In fine, we reaffirm the historic democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only.

TO DEVELOP AMERICAN SHIPPING.

We demand that henceforth modern and liberal policies toward American shipping shall take the place of our imitation of the restricted statutes of the eighteenth century, which were abandoned by every maritime power but the United States, and which, to the nation's humiliation, have driven American capital and enterprise to the use of alien flags and alien crews, have made the stars and stripes an almost unknown emblem in foreign countries and have virtually extinguished the race of American seamen.

We oppose the pietense that discriminating duties will promote shipping. That scheme is an invitation to commercial warfare upon the United States, un-American in the light of our great commercial treaties, offering no gain whatever to American shipping, while greatly increasing ocean freights on our agri-

cultural and manufactured products.

GOLD STANDARD IS UPHELD.

The experience of mankind has shown that, by reason of their natural qualities, gold is the necessary money of the large affairs of commerce and business, while silver is conveniently adapted to minor transactions, and the most beneficial use of both together can be insured only by the adoption of the former as a standard of monetary measure and the maintenance of silver at a parity with gold by its limited coinage under such safeguards of law.

Thus is the largest possible enjoyment of both metals gained, with the value universally accepted throughout the world, which constitutes the only practical currency, assuring the most stable standard, and especially the best and safest money for all who earn a livelihood by labor or the produce of husbandry. They cannot suffer when paid in the best money known to man, but are the peculiar and most defenseless victims of a debased and fluctuating currency, which offers continued profits to the money-changer at their cost.

Realizing these truths, demonstrated by long public inconvenience and loss, the democratic party, in the interests of the masses and of equal justice to all, practically established, by the legislation of 1834 and 1853, the gold standard of monetary measurement, and likewise entirely divorced the government from banking and currency issues.

To this long-established democratic policy we adhere, and insist upon the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity therewith of every dollar issued by the government, and are firmly opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and to the compulsory purchase of silver bullion. But we denounce, also, the further maintenance of the present costly patchwork system of national paper currency as a constant source of injury and peril.

We assert the necessity of such intelligent currency reform as will confine the government to its legitimate functions, completely separated from the banking business, and afford to all sections of our country a uniform, safe and elastic bank currency under government supervision, measured in volume by the needs of business.

PRAISE FOR MR. CLEVELAND.

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The patriotism, fidelity and courage with which President Cleveland has fulfilled his great public trust, the high character of his administration, its wisdom and energy in the maintenance of civil order and the enforcement of the laws, its equal regard for the rights of every class and every section, its firm and dignified conduct of foreign affairs, and its sturdy persistence in upholding the credit and honor of the nation, are fully recognized by the democratic party, and will secure to him a place in history beside the fathers of the republic.

We also commend the administration for the great progress made in the reform of the public service, and we indorse its efforts to extend the merit system still further. We demand that no backward step be taken, but that the reform be supported and advanced until the undemocratic spoils system of appointments shall be eradicated.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We demand strict economy in the appropriations and in the administration of the government.

We favor arbitration for the settlement of international disputes.

We favor a liberal policy of pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors of the United States.

The Supreme court of the United States was wisely established by the framers of our constitution as one of the three co-ordinate branches of the government. Its independence and authority to interpret the law of the land without fear or favor must be maintained. We condemn all efforts to defame the tribunal or impair the confidence and respect which it has deservedly had.

The democratic party ever has maintained and ever will maintain the supremacy of law, the independence of its judicial administration, the inviolability of contract and the obligation of all good citizens to resist every illegal trust, combination and attempt against the just rights of property and the good order of society, in which are bound up the peace and happiness of our people.

Believing these principles to be essential to the well-being of the republic, we submit them to the consideration of the American people.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 26, 1896.

The democrats of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, hereby declare their love for, and allegiance to, the time-honored principles of Jefferson, Jackson, Van Buren, Tilden and Cleveland, and refuse to abandon or be driven from them

by the action of the Chicago convention of July, 1896.

In the selection of candidates by a party convention, differences as to men are non-essential, and party aflegiance, as well as good faith, requires acquiescence by the minority in the fairly expressed will and action of the majority. But when fundamental, vital party principles are trampled under foot, repudiated and scoffed at, and rank heresies promulgated in their stead as party principles and rule of action, the will and action of a majority has no more binding effect upon the minority in a political organization than a resolution would have, attempting to control their manhood and personal honor.

The majority who controlled and directed the Chicago convention was largely men whose names were unknown in democratic councils and whose declarations and action prove them to be strangers as well to democratic principles and

They invaded the rights of state in the selection of delegates and acting censors over state conventions made selection of state representatives, unseating men elected by unanimous acclamation, for no reason save that they had the power of a majority.

They refused to recognize the honesty and integrity of the national democratic ${f a}$ dministration because it had the patriotism, honesty and integrity to protect the

public credit by the only means in its power.

They declared against the protection of life and property by national interference when the exigency demanded it, and thus encouraged and invited mobs, anarchy, destruction of property and bloodshed.

They declared for an unlimited issue of paper money by the government with-

out provision for its redemption.

They declared for an unlimited coinage of silver at a largely fictitious value, thus debasing the coin of the realm and aiming a blow at the financial credit of the government and the business prosperity of the citizens.

They refused to exempt pre-existing contracts from payment in this debased currency, and thus recognized and invited repudiation of public and private con-

tracts.

They declared for liberal and generous pensions to the soldiers of the republic. but provided for their payment in debased currency that would rob them of one-half of their support; and to fully carry out their pernicious and revolutionary schemes they assailed the supreme court of the nation, and shadowed their purpose to change its constitution, so that no judicial determination should prove an obstacle in the carrying into execution their proposed policy.

They concluded their work by the selection as a candidate for the presidency of William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska, whose democracy, if he has any, sits so loosely upon him that the populist convention at St. Louis hailed his nomination with delight as the harbinger of success to their communistic theories, and they, too, gave him their nomination under the assurance made in their con-

vention that he was in spirit and in truth a populist.

We, as democrats, denounce the action of the Chicago convention as being in open violation of the principles of the democratic party, and refuse to recognize or be bound by it; and to distinguish ourselves from that portion of our old party who may elect to support Mr. Bryan, irrespective of the declarations of the conventions which nominated him, hereby declare the organization made here today shall be known as the national democratic party, and invite all good citizens to co-operate with us in putting the stamp of condemnation upon the populistic and anarchical heresies promulgated at Chicago and endorsed at St. Louis.

We declare as democrats, that it is the duty of every citizen of the republic to protect and preserve its national honor and credit at home and abroad; that good government gives the greatest liberty to the citizen consistent with public peace, social order and the rights of persons and property.

We declare that it is the highest duty of the government to enforce its laws, preserve peace and good order, to punish crime and to protect and preserve the lives, liberty and property of its citizens.

We further declare as a fundamental principle of the democratic party that the government should be honestly and economically administered, and that no more taxes should be levied either by customs, duties or otherwise than is actually necessary to support the government so honestly and economically administered, keep its faith sacred and preserve its credit.

In the words of the national democratic platform of 1892, "We hold to the use of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall ensure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every uollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin. We insist upon this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmer and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and a fluctuating currency."

And to create and maintain the integrity of that dollar we adopt the words of the democratic party of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, in June, 1896, in favor of gold, the highest monetary standard of the world, as the true measure of unfluctuating value.

PEOPLE'S PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, Mo., July 24, 1896.

The people's party, assembled in national convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the republic, and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that through the connivance of the present and preceding administrations, the country has reached a crisis in its national life, as predicted in our declaration four years ago, and that prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. We realize that while we have political independence, our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to our country the constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to a people's government, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our legislatures and defeat the will of the people and plutocracy has thereby been enthroned upon the ruins of democracy. To restore the government intended by the fathers and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of an economic and financial system which shall make us masters of our own affairs and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

I. FINANCE.

1. We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people and through the lawful disbursements of the government.

2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, without waiting for the consent of foreign

nations.

3. We demand the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of business and population and to re-

store the just level of prices of labor and production.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest bearing debt made by the present administration as unnecessary and without authority of law, and demand that no more bonds be issued except by specific act of congress.

5. We demand sush legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the law-

ful money of the United States by private contract.

6. We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of money in which they are to be paid, and we denoune the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

7. We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation, and we regard the recent decision of the supreme court relative to the income tax law as a misinterpretation of the constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of congress over the subject

of taxation.

8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

II. TRANSPORTATION.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people and on a non-partisan basis; to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment in transportation and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great railroad corporations, which result in the impairment if not the destruction of the political rights and personal liberties of the citizens may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually in a manner consistent

with sound public policy.

- 2. The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys and the proceeds of extensive grants of land to the Pacific railroads, should never be alienated, mortgaged or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare as provided by the laws organizing such railroads. The foreclosure of existing liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof by the debtor companies; and at the foreclosure sales of said roads the government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interests therein or if they can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property, giving to all transportation interests equal privileges and equal rates for fares and freights.
- 3. We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their true intent and spirit.
- 4. The telegraph, like the post office, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

III. LAND.

- 1. True policy demands that the national and state legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious citizen to secure a home, and therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only, subject to the right of every human being to a home on the soil, and private land monopoly, as well as alien ownership, should be prohibited.
- 2. We condemn the frauds by which the land grant Pacific railroad companies have, through the connivance of the interior department, robbed multitudes of actual bona fide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims and we demand legislation by congress which will enforce the exception of mineral land from such grants after as well as before patent.

3. We demand that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes as provided in the national homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement and that all lands now not patented come under this demand.

IV. DIRECT LEGISLATION.

We favor a system of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum, under proper constitutional safeguards.

V. GENERAL PROPOSITIONS.

- 1. We demand the election of president, vice president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.
- 2. We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the great republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is and of right ought to be a free and independent state.
- 3. We favor home rule in the territories and the District of Columbia and the early admission of the territories as states.
- 4. All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.
- 5. In times of great industrial depression idle labor should be employed on public works as far as practicable.
- 6. The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling them by injunction should be prevented by proper legislation.
 - 7. We favor just pensions for our disabled union soldiers.
- 8. Believing that the elective franchise and an untrammeled ballot are essential to a government of, for and by the people, the people's party condemn the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the states as unrepublican and undemocratic and we declare it to be the duty of the several state legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands, and for the vindication of which its organization will be maintained, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present presidential election will turn, is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties, we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, September 2, 1896.

When the people's party in its national platform four years ago declared that the action of the old parties had brought our country to the verge of moral, political and material ruin, very few outside of the party would believe the statement and populists were called "calamity howlers" in derision. But less than a twelve-month demonstrated that our party was the only one at the time to recognize and realize the evils that threatened the welfare if not the existence of the nation because the very calamity we predicted, overwhelmed us. Our country is in the midst of financial ruin and economic distress, brought upon us principally by the scarcity of money, the "present gold standard," which, according to the demands of the republican party is to be maintained. the people's party recognizes the necessity of a radical change in our economic system, its members understand that all great reforms must be reached by evolution. Our object is therefore to remedy existing evils by overthrowing the greatest of all trusts-the money trust-as demanded and explained in our national platform, first. And to this end we welcome the co-operation of all voters and all parties, so that prosperity may come once more to our business, our industry, and our agriculture.

We endorse the national platform of the people's party, as adopted at St. Louis,

July 24, 1896, and in addition make the following demands:

1. The public control of all public utilities, national, state and local.

2. The adoption of a corrupt practices act, to punish dishonesty and bribery in the election of public officials.

3. Whenever an industry becomes so centralized in the hands of a trust as to assume the nature of a monopoly and a menace to the interest or the welfare of the people such industry should be conducted by the government in the interest of the people.

4. We demand the loan of government money at cost, to states, counties and

local governments in aid of the purchase and building of public works.

5. The extension of the cardinal principle of the people's party, "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," to all the men and women of the country.

6. In the interest of labor we demand compulsory education; a legal eight hour workday in industrial pursuits; sanitary inspection of workshops, mines and buildings; liability of employers for injury to health, body and life without regard to the negligence of co-employes; abolition of the contract system in all public work; a cash pay day; the abolition of the "sweating" system and a law to prohibit the system of blacklisting.

7. We demand that the people be permitted to remove dishonest or incompetent public officials by popular vote and the establishment of minority repre-

sentation.

8. The abolition of the system of taxing people on their debts, by providing that all mortgages be deducted from the assessment for taxes.

 The exemption of a reasonable amount of improvements on land so that people no longer be punished for being industrious and economical.

10. That the state furnish a uniform system of text books to the pupils of the public schools at cost of production.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 27, 1896.

We, the members of the prohibition party, in national convention assembled, renewing our declaration of allegiance to Almighty God as the rightful ruler of the universe, lay down the following as our declaration of political purpose:

The prohibition party, in national convention assembled, declares its firm conviction that the manufacture, exportation, importation and sale of alcoholic beverages has produced such commercial, industrial, social and political wrongs, and is now so threatening the perpetuity of all our social and political institutions, that the suppression of the same by a national party organized therefor is the greatest object to be accomplished by the voters of our country, and is of such importance as that it of right ought to control the political action of all our patriotic citizens until such suppression is accomplished. The urgency of this cause demands the union without further delay of all citizens who desire the prohibtion of the liquor traffic. Therefore, be it resolved, that we favor the legal prohibition, by state and national legislation, of the exportation, inter-state transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages; that we declare our purpose to organize and unite all the friends of prohibition into one party and in order to accomplish this end we deem it but right to leave every prohibitionist the freedom of his own convictions upon all other political questions, and trust our representatives to legislate upon other political questions as the changes occasioned by prohibition and the welfare of the whole people shall demand.

PROHIBITION STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Eau Claire, May 14, 1896.

The prohibitionists of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, this 14th day of May, 1896, conscious of their responsibility to God and their fellow men for the proper use of their political power, do reaffirm their adherence to the national prohibition party, and declare for the following principles:

1st. We demand the suppression by law of the manufacture, sale and supply of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes, and that all laws making either federal, state or municipal governments partners in its profits, be repealed.

2d. Suffrage should depend upon intelligent citizenship rather than upon sex.

3d. We stand unequivocally for our public schools, taught in the English language, and are opposed to any appropriations of public money for sectarian purposes.

4th. We demand that silver be restored to its position prior to 1873.

NATIONAL SILVER NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, July 24, 1896.

The national silver party, in convention assembled, hereby adopts the following declaration of principles:

THE MONEY QUESTION.

The paramount issue at this time in the United States is indisputably the money question. It is between the gold standard, gold bonds and bank currency on the one side, and the bimetallic standard, no bonds and government currency on the other. On this issue we declare ourselves to be in favor of a distinctively American financial system. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold sandard, and demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by the restoration by this government, independent of any foreign power, of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver into standard money at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality as they existed prior to 1873; the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts and dues, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We hold that the power to control and regulate a paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money, and hence that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general government only, and should be legal tender.

BOND ISSUES.

We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, and we denounce as a blunder worse than a crime the present treasury policy, concurred in by a republican house, of plunging the country into debt by hundreds of millions in the vain attempt to maintain the gold standard by borrowing gold; and we demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the government, and not at the option of the creditor.

DEMONETIZATION OF SILVER.

The demonetization of silver in 1873, enormously increased the demand for gold, enhancing its purchasing power and lowering all prices measured by that standard, and since that unjust and indefensible act the prices of American products have fallen upon an average nearly 50 per cent., carrying down with them proportionately the money value of all other forms of property. Such fall of prices has destroyed the profits of legitimate industry, injuring the producer for the benefit of the non-producer, increasing the burden of the debtor, swelling the gains of the creditor, paralyzing the productive energies of the American people, relegating to idleness vast numbers of willing workers, sending the shadows of despair into the home of the honest toiler, filling the land with tramps and paupers and building up colossal fortunes at the money centers.

In the effort to maintain the gold standard the country has, within the last two years, in a time of peace and plenty, been loaded down with \$262,000,000 of additional interest-bearing debt under such circumstances as to allow a syndicate of native and foreign bankers to realize a net profit of millions on a single deal. It stands confessed that the gold standard can only be upheld by so depleting our paper currency as to force the prices of our products below the European and even below the Asiatic level, to enable us to sell in foreign markets, thus aggravating the very evils of which our people so bitterly complain, degrading American labor, and striking at the foundations of our civilization itself.

The advocates of the gold standard persistently claim that the cause of our distress is overproduction—that we have produced so much that it has made us poor—which implies that the true remedy is to close the factory, abandon the farm and throw the multitude of people out of employment. A doctrine that leaves us unnerved and disheartened and absolutely without hope for the future. We confirm it to be unquestioned that there can be no such economic paradox as overproduction and at the same time tens of thousands of our fellow-citizens remaining half clad and half fed, and who are piteously clamoring for the common necessities of life.

MONEY OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Over and above all other questions of policy, we are in favor of restoring to the people of the United States the time-honored money of the constitution—gold and silver; not one, but both—the money of Washington and Hamilton and Jefferson and Monroe and Jackson and Lincoln, to the end that the American people may receive honest pay for an honest product; that the American debtor may pay his just obligations in an honest standard, and not in a standard that has appreciated 100 per cent. above all the great staples of our country, and to the end further that silver-standard countries may be deprived of the unjust advantage they now enjoy in the difference in exchange between gold and silver—an advantage which tariff legislation alone cannot overcome.

We therefore appeal to the people of the United States to leave in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important and even momentous they may appear, to sunder, if need be, all former party ties and affiliations, and unite in one supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power—a power more destructive than any which has ever been fastened upon the civilized men of any race or in any age. And upon the consummation of our desires and efforts we invoke the gracious favor of divine Providence.

Inasmuch as the patriotic majority of the Chicago convention embodied in the financial plank of its platform the principles enunciated in the platform of the American bimetallic party, promulgated at Washington, D. C., Jan. 22, 1896, and herein reiterated, which is not only the paramount but the only real issue in the pending campaign, therefore, recognizing that their nomines embody these patriotic principles, we recommend that this convention nominate William J. Bryan of Nebraska, for president and Arthur Sewall of Maine, for vice president.

NATIONAL PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 29, 1896.

The national party, recognizing God as the author of all just power in government, presents the following declaration of principles, which we pledge ourselves to enact into effective legislation when given the power to do so:

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

1. The suppression of the manufacture and sale, importation, exportation and transportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes. We utterly reject all plans for regulating or compromising with this traffic, whether such plans be

local option, taxation, license or public control. The sale of liquors for medicinal and other legitimate uses should be controlled by the state, without profit, and with such regulations as will prevent fraud or evasion.

2. No citizen should be denied the right to vote on account of sex.

THE FINANCES.

3. All money should be issued by the general government only, and without the intervention of any private citizen, corporation or banking institution. It should be based upon the wealth, stability and integrity of the nation. It should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and should be of sufficient volume to meet the demands of the country. And for the purpose of honestly liquidating our own out-standing coin obligations we demand the full and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, without consulting any one other nation.

4. The initiative and referendum and proportional representation should be

adopted.

PUBLIC LANDS.

5. Free land is the common heritage of the people, and should be preserved from monopoly and speculation. All unearned grants of land, subject to forfeiture, should be retained by the government, and no portion of the public domain should hereafter be granted except to actual settlers, continuous use being essential to tenure.

OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS, ETC.

6. Railroads, telegraphs and other natural monopolies should be owned and operated by the government, giving to the people the benefit of service and protecting them from all cost.

TAXATION.

7. The national constitution should be so amended as to allow the national revenues to be raised by equitable adjustment of taxation on the properties and incomes of the people, and importation duties should be levied as a means of securing equitable commercial relations with other nations.

8. The contract convict labor system, through which speculators are enriched

at the expense of the state, should be abolished.

SUNDAY LAWS.

9. All citizens should be protected by law in their right to one day of rest in seven, without oppressing any who conscientiously observe any other than the first day of the week.

10. The American public schools, taught in the English language, should be maintained, and no public fund should be appropriated for sectarian institutions.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT.

11. The president, vice-president and United States senators should be elected

by direct vote of the people.

12. Ex-soldiers and sailors of the United States army and navy, their widows and minor children, should receive liberal pensions, graded on disability and time of service, not merely as a debt of gratitude, but for service rendered in the preservation of the union.

IMMIGRATION.

13. The immigration laws should be so secure as to exclude paupers and criminals. None but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote in any state, and naturalized citizens should not vote until one year after naturalization papers have been issued.

14. Having herein presented our principles and purposes, we invite the co-op-

eration and support of all citizens who are with us substantially agreed.

SOCIALISTIC LABOR NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at New York, July 9, 1896.

PLATFORM.

The socialistic labor party of the United States, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

With the founders of the American republic we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, of liberty and of happiness.

With the founders of this republic we hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common.

To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of our democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class.

Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessaries of life.

Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule.

Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated; that the people may be kept in bondage.

Science and invention are diverted from their humane purpose to the enslavement of women and children.

Against such a system the socialistic labor party once more enters its protest. Once more it reiterates its fundamental declaration that private property in the natural sources of production and in the instruments of labor is the obvious cause of all economic servitude and political dependence.

The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalistic combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the socialistic labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public powers; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present class struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the aboliton of classes, the restoration of the land and of all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the Co-operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder; a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

RESOLUTIONS.

With a view to immediate improvement in the condition of labor we present the following demands:

- 1. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the progress of production.
- 2. The United States shall obtain possession of the railroads, canals, telegraphs,

telephones and all other means of public transportation and communication; the employes to operate the same co-operatively under control of the federal government and to elect their own superior officers, but no employe shall be discharged for political reasons.

3. The municipalities shall obtain possession of the local railroads, ferries, water works, gas works, electric plants and all industries requiring municipal franchises; the employes to operate the same co-operatively under control of the municipal administration and to elect their own superior officers, but no employe shall be discharged for political reasons.

4. The public lands declared inalienable. Revocation of all land grants to corporations or individuals, the conditions of which have not been complied with.

5. The United States have the exclusive right to issue money.

- 6. Congressional legislation providing for the scientific management of forests and waterways, and prohibiting the waste of the natural resources of the country.
- 7. Inventions to be free to all; the inventors to be remunerated by the nation.
- 8. Progressive income tax and tax on inheritances; the smaller incomes to be exempt.
- 9. School education of all children under 14 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitious and accessible to all by public assistance in meals, clothing, books, etc., where necessary.
- 10. Repeal of all pauper, tramp, consipracy and sumptuary laws. Unabridged

right of combination.

- 11. Prohibition of the employment of children of school age and the employment of female labor in occupations detrimental to health or morality. Abolition of the convict labor contract system.
- 12. Employment of the unemployed by the public authorities (county, city,

state and nation).

- 13. All wages to be paid in lawful money of the United States. Equalization of woman's wages with those of men where equal service is performed.
- 14. Laws for the protection of life and limb in all occupations, and an efficient employers' liability law.
- 15. The people to have the right to propose laws and to vote upon all measures of importance, according to the referendum principle.
- 16. Abolition of the veto power of the executive (national, state and municipal), wherever it exists.
 - 17. Abolition of the United States senate and all upper legislative chambers.

18. Municipal self-government.

- 19. Direct vote and secret ballots in all elections. Universal and equal right of suffrage without regard to color, creed or sex. Election days to be legal holidays. The principle of proportional representation to be introduced.
- 20. All public officers to be subject to recall by their respective constituencies. 21. Uniform civil and criminal law throughout the United States. Administration of justice to be free of charge. Abolition of capital punishment.

THE CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

In force, 1896.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 483, Laws 1891.)

Section 1. Until otherwise provided by law, the state of Wisconsin shall be divided into ten congressional districts, each of which shall be entitled to elect one representative in the congress of the United States, and the territory comprising each district shall be divided as follows:

The counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette shall constitute the first congressional district.

The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia shall constitute the second congressional district.

The counties of Adams, Juneau, Vernon, Sauk, Richland, Crawlord, Grant and Iowa shall constitute the third congressional district.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fourth congressional district.

The counties of Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha, and the 10th and 13th wards of th city of Milwaukee and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fifth congressional district.

The counties of Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc, shall constitute the sixth congressional district.

The counties of Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse, shall constitute the seventh congressional district.

The counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door, shall constitute the eighth congressional district.

The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon. Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto, shall constitute the ninth congressional district.

The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce, shall constitute the tenth congressional district.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1-Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 1. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the assembly districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:

The county of Barron shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Clark shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Crawford shall constitute an assembly district.

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The county of Door shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Dunn shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green Lake shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Iowa shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Jackson shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Juneau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kenosha shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kewaunee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Lafayette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Marinette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Monroe shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Oconto shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Ozaukee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Pierce shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Richland shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of St. Croix shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Shawano shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Trempealeau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Vernon shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Washington shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Waushara shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Wood shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Adams and Marquette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Ashland and Iron shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute an assembly
district.
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The counties of Buffalo and Pepin shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Burnett and Polk shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Forest, Florence and Langlade shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Lincoln and Taylor shall constitute an assembly district. The counties of uneida, Price and Vilas shall constitute an assembly district.

Brown County: 1. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico, and the city of Green Bay shall constitute the first assembly district of Brown county. 2. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown and the city of De Pere shall constitute the second assembly district of Brown county.

Chippewa County. 1. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the first assembly district of Chippewa county. 2. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer, Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson, Flarubeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the second assembly district of Chippewa county.

Columbia County: 1. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, Newport, Pacific and West Point and the village of Poynette and the city of Portage shall constitute the first assembly district of Columbia county. 2. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus shall constitute the second assembly district of Columbia county.

Dane County: 1. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland and the city of Madison shall constitute the first assembly district of Dane county. 2. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie and the city of Stoughton shall constitute the second assembly district of Dane county. 3. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton,

Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport and the villages of Belleville and Waunakee shall constitute the third assembly district of Dane county.

Dodge County: 1. The towns of Ashippun Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Le Roy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville shall constitute the first assembly district of Dodge county. 2. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Dodge county.

Douglas County: 1. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the first assembly district of Douglas county. 2. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the second assembly district of Douglas county.

Eau Claire County: 1. The towns of Seymour, and the city of Altoona, and the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the first assembly district of Eau Claire county. 2. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the second assembly district of Eau Claire county.

Fond du Lac County: 1. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taychedah, and the city of Fond du Lac shall constitute the first assembly district of Fond du Lac county. 2. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon, and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Fond du Lac county.

Grant County: 1. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the clues of Boscobel and Lancaster shall constitute the first assembly district of Grant county. 2. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer, Waterloo, and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville shall constitute the second assembly district of Grant county.

Jefferson County: 1. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown shall constitute the first assembly district of Jefferson county. 2. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson shall constitute the second assembly district of Jefferson county.

La Crosse County: 1. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the first assembly district of La Crosse county. 2. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onolaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the second assembly district of La Crosse county.

Manitowoc County: 1. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc shall constitute the first assembly district of Manitowoc county. 2. The towns of Cooperstown,

Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville and the city of Two Rivers shall constitute the second assembly district of Manitowoc county.

Marathon County: 1. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the East ward of the city of Colby shall constitute the first assembly district of Marathon county. 2. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston and the city of Wausau shall constitute the second assembly district of Mar-

athon county.

Milwaukee County: 1. The First, Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the first assembly district of Milwaukee county. 2. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the second assembly district of Milwaukee county. 3. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the third assembly district of Milwaukee county. 4. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milassembly district of Milwaukee the fourth shall constitute county. 5. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 6. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 7. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa and the village of Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 8. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 9. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the ninth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 10. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the tenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 11. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eleventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 12. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the twelfth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 13. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the thirteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 14. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fourteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 15. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the village of Whitefish Bay and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county.

Outagamie County: 1. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville and the city of Appleton shall constitute the first assembly district of Outagamie county. 2. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London shall constitute the

second assembly district of Outagamie county.

Portage County: 1. The towns of Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point shall constitute the first assembly district of Portage county. 2. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton shall constitute the second assembly district of Portage county.

Racine County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine shall constitute the first assembly district of Racine county. 2. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove, and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine shall constitute the second assembly district of Racine county. Rock County: 1. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city

of Janesville shall constitute the first assembly district of Rock county. 2. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton shall constitute the second assembly district of Rock county. 3. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit shall constitute the third assembly district of Rock county.

Sauk County. 1. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo shall constitute the first assembly district of Sauk county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg shall constitute the second assembly district of Sauk county.

Sheboygan County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the first assembly district of Sheboygan county. 2. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the second assembly district of Sheboygan county. 3. The towns of Greenbush, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake, and the city of Plymouth shall constitute the third assembly district of Sheboygan county.

Walworth County: 1. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn and the city of Whitewater shall constitute the first assembly district of Walworth county. 2. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien, Delayan, Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon, Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva shall constitute the second assembly district of Walworth county.

Waukesha County: 1. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha and the city of Waukesha shall constitute the first assembly district of Waukesha county. 2. The towns of Delafield, Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee, Summit and the city of Oconomowo shall constitute the second assembly district of Waukesha county.

Waupaca County: 1. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia and Weyauwega and the city of Waupaca shall constitute the first assembly district of Waupaca county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming and the city of Clintonville and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London shall constitute the second assembly district of Waupaca county.

Winnebago County: 1. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the first assembly district of Winnebago county. 2. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, ad the cities of Menasha and Neenah shall constitute the second assembly district of Winnebago county. 3. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the third assembly district of Winnebago county.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1-Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 2. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the senatorial districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:

- 1. The counties of Door, Kewaunee and Marinette shall constitute the first senatorial district.
- 2. The counties of Brown and Oconto shall constitute the second senatorial district.
- 3. The counties of Kenosha and Racine shall constitute the third senatorial district.
- 4. The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the towns of Granville and Milwaukee shall constitute the fourth senatorial district.
- 5. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth senatorial district.
- of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the first belaction of Milwau-6. The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth senatorial district.
- 7. The Fourteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh senatorial district.
- 8. The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth senatorial district.
- 9. The counties of Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood shall constitute the ninth senatorial district.
- 10. The counties of Pierce and St. Croix shall constitute the tenth senatorial district.
- 11. The counties of Burnett, Douglas and Polk shall constitute the eleventh senatorial district.
- 12. The counties of Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute the twelfth senatorial district.
 - 13. The county of Dodge shall constitute the thirteenth senatorial district.
- 14. The counties of Outagamie and Shawano shall constitute the fourteenth senatorial district.
- 15. The counties of Calumet and Manitowoc shall constitute the fifteenth senatorial district.
 - 16. The counties of Grant and Iowa shall constitute the sixteenth senatorial
- 17. The counties of Green and Lafayette, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock, shall constitute the seventeenth senatorial district.
- 18. The countles of Fond du Lac and Green Lake shall constitute the eighteenth senatorial district.
- 19. The county of Winnebago shall constitute the nineteenth senatorial district.
- 20. The counties of Ozaukee and Sheboygan shall constitute the twentieth senatorial district.
- 21. The counties of Portage and Waupaca shall constitute the twenty-first senatorial district.
- 22. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo and the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-second senatorial district.
- 23. The county of Walworth and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of

Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-third senatorial district.

- 24. The counties of Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin shall constitute the twenty-fourth senatorial district.
- 25. The counties of Clark and Marathon shall constitute the twenty-fifth senatorial district.
- 26. The county of Dane shall constitute the twenty-sixth senatorial district.
- 27. The counties of Columbia and Sauk shall constitute the twenty-seventh senatorial district.
- 28. The counties of Crawford, Richland and Vernon shall constitute the twenty-eighth senatorial district.
- 29. The counties of Chippewa and Dunn shall constitute the twenty-ninth senatorial district.
- 30. The counties of Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas shall constitute the thirtieth senatorial district.
- 31. The counties of Jackson, Juneau and Monroe shall constitute the thirty-first senatorial district.
- 32. The counties of La Crosse and Trempealeau shall constitute the thirty-second senatorial district.
- 33. The counties of Washington and Waukesha shall constitute the thirty-third senatorial district.

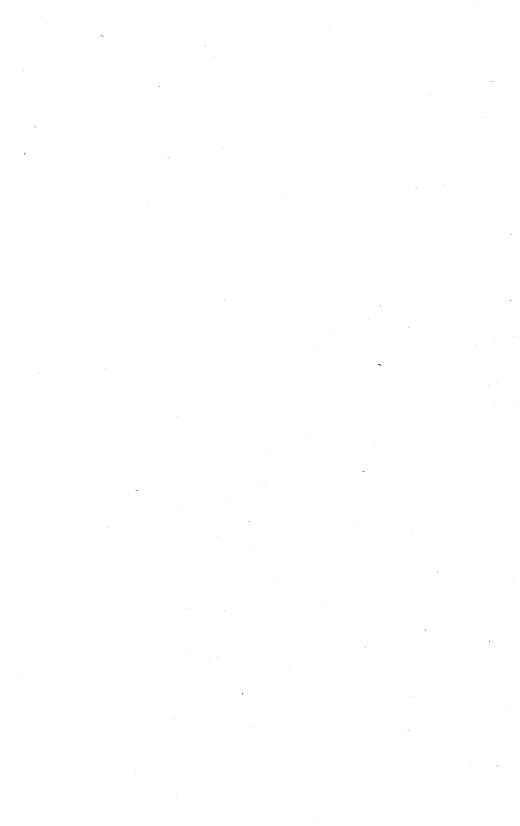
Section 3. Every incorporated village, whether mentioned in this act or not, that is not entirely separate from any town for the purposes of assessment and taxation, shall be considered as a portion of the town which it forms a part. Every incorporated village that is entirely separate from any town, and any town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall join two assembly assembly district in which it is situated, if it shall be entirely surrounded by territory forming such district, and also be a part of the same senatorial district as such assembly district. If, however, any such incorporated village, town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall joint two assembly districts in the same county, it shall form a part of the assembly district which it may adjoin having the smallest population, and also be a part of the senatorial district of which such assembly district forms a part.

Section 4. This act shall be published in the official state paper and be in force from and after its passage and publication, and no other publication shall be required. Such act shall also be included in the volume of laws that may be passed by the legislature at its session in 1897 and no other publication in a volume shall be required. The journals of the proceedings of the senate and assembly of the present session of the legislature shall also be included in the printed volumes of the legislature of 1897 and no printing of such proceedings in a separate volume shall be required.

Approved February 28, 1896.

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL.



BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

JOHN LENDRUM MITCHELL, of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., October 19, 1842; acquired the rudiments of an education in the Milwaukee public schools, followed by a course in a military school in Hampton, Conn.; he was then sent abroad and studied in Dresden, Munich, and Genoa; upon the breaking out of the rebellion he returned home, and at the age of 19 entered the military service as second lieutenant of Company I, Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteers; promoted to be first lieutenant January 17, 1863, and transferred to Company E, same regiment; in June, 1863, was detailed for service on brigade staff of General Rousseau; participated in the battles and engagements of his regiment, including Perryville, Murfreesboro, Hoovers Gap, and the campaigns about Chattanooga; threatened with loss of eyesight and on surgeon's certificate of disability he resigned his commission, which was accepted; was a member of the State senate of Wisconsin in 1872-73 and 1876-77; president of the Milwaukee school board 1884-85; president of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society, and president of the Northwestern Trotting-Horse Breeders' Association; in 1886, by joint resolution of Congress, he was appointed a member of the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, reappointed in 1892, and elected second vice-president of the Board in 1895; was a member of the National Democratic Committee for four years, and in 1892 was chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee; is vice-president of the Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company Bank, and of the Northwestern National Insurance Company: was elected to the fifty-second congress from the Milwaukee district in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving 19,616 votes, against 18,294 for Theobald Otjen, republican; 829 for Theodore Fritz, people's party; 349 for E. L. Eaton, prohibitionist. He was elected as a democrat, to succeed Philetus Sawyer in the United States senate, receiving 77 votes in joint legislative convention, against 46 for John C. Spooner, republican, and 1 for Gen. Edward S. Bragg. His term of office will expire March 4, 1899.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born January 6, 1843, in Lawrence-burgh, Dearborn county, Indiana; was educated at the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in 1864; came to Wisconsin June 1, 1859, and settled at Madison; removed from Madison to Hudson, Wis., in September, 1870, where he resided until 1893, when he returned to Madison, where he has since resided; is by profession a lawyer; he entered the war as a private in Co. D, 40th Wis. Inf. Vols.; was Captain of Co. A, 50th Wis. Inf. Vols., and at the close of service was brevetted major; was private and military secretary to Gov. Lucius Fairchild for a time and was assistant attorney general under Attorney Generals Charles R. Gill and S. S. Barlow; was member of legislature from St. Croix county in 1872; he was elected January 28, 1885, to succeed Hon. Angus Cameron as United States senator, serving from March 4, 1885, to March 4, 1891; was nominated by the republicans for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was defeated; he was nominated and elected United States senator January 27, 1897, to succeed Hon. W. F. Vilas, receiving every republican vote in both houses.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1895-181,142.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, Wis., was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law In 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise Las always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to National republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of the Fifty-third Congress in 1892. In 1894 he was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 21,972 votes, against 12,334 for Andrew Kull, democrat; 2,828 for Hamilton Utley, people's; and 1,615 for Alex. S. Kaye, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 28,235 votes, against 14,723 for Jeremiah L. Mahoney, democrat, and 1,084 for George W. White, prohibitionist.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia counties. Population in 1895-180,705.

EDWARD SAUERHERING (Rep.), of Mayville, Dodge county, was born at Mayville, June 24, 1864. He was educated in the Mayville public schools and high school and graduated from the Chicago College of Pharmacy in 1885. His occupation is that of a pharmacist. He was nominated for the assembly from the first district of Dodge county in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate, and was elected to congress in 1894. He ran 130 votes ahead of his ticket in the district, receiving 18,197 votes, against 17,932 for Charles Barwig, democrat, 1,433 for John Sutton, prohibition, and 455 for B. W. Hewitt, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 24,011 votes, against 17,480 for William H. Rogers, democrat, and 1,025 for Jesse Meyers, prohibitionist.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams countles.

Population in 1895—184,881.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK, of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; removed with his parents to Iowa in 1855; was educated at Mount Vernon and Cedar Falls; removed from Iowa in 1881, and settled at Necedah, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of lumber; was elected to the Wisconsin Assembly in 1888, and served as chairman of the Committee on Incorporations, and was re-elected in 1890; was elected chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee in 1894, and re-elected in 1896; was elected to the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congresses, and re-elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,691 votes, against 15,168 votes for A. J. Davis, fusion democrat.



WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVES, 55th CONGRESS.



FOURTH DISTRICT.

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nine-teenth wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city except the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards) and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—212,407.

THEOBALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 27, 1851, at West China, Michigan. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Michigan, and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was defeated for congress in 1892 and 1893, and for comptroller of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; but in every case running largely ahead of his ticket. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 17,997 votes against 12,375 for David S. Rose, democrat, and 7,110 for Henry Smith, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress receiving 25,896 votes. against 21,429 for Robert Schilling, democrat, and 433 for Robert May, prohibitionist.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties, and the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—201,095.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY (Rep.), of West Bend, Washington county, was born January 31, 1846, at Hartford, Wisconsin. He received his education in the public schools and at Lombard University at Galesburg, Ill. He taught at Hartford from 1869 to 1872, when he commenced the study of law with the late attorney general, L. F. Frisby, and was admitted to practice in 1872. He has ever since practiced law at West Bend, and is now senior member of the firm of Barney & Kuechenmeister. He edited the Washington Courty Republican, now the Hartford Press, at West Bend, in 1872 and 1873; was superintendent of schools of Washington county for four years, beginning January 1, 1876, and was an unsuccessful candidate for congress against General Bragg in the old fifth district in 1884. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 18,681 votes, against Henry Blank, democrat, who received 13,057, and Fred C. Runge, populist, who received 3,794. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,613 votes, against 16,492 for George W. Winans, democrat, and 557 for Henry Mensing, socialistic labor candidate.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population in 1895—205,106.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON (Rep.) was born June 18, 1858, in Colchester, Delaware county, New York; received a common school education in the public schools and at Walton Academy, Walton, New York; was a teacher in the public schools of Delaware and Sullivan counties, New York, for several years, and for one year was engaged at the same occupation at Princeton, Green Lake county, Wisconsin; began the study of law at Walton, New York, in the office of Fancher & Sewell, and graduated from the Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884. Subsequently removed to Green Lake county, Wisconsin, and commenced

the practice of law in that county in 1887; was elected district attorney of Green Lake county in 1888, and in 1890 was chosen chairman of the republican congressional committee for the sixth district of Wisconsin, and continued in that position until he was nominated for congress on the 20th of August, 1896. On January 1, 1892, he removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, and became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Harshaw & Davidson, which partnership continued for three years, when he withdrew and continued the practice alone. In May, 1895, he was appointed city attorney of that city for a term of two years; was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,649 votes, against 18,944 for William F. Gruenewald, democrat, and 626 for James S. Thompson, prohibitionist.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1895—166,315.

MICHAEL GRIFFIN (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born September 9, 1842, in county Clare, Ireland, and went to Canada in 1847, and to Ohio in 1851; coming to Wisconsin in 1856. He received his education in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin. He first resided in Sauk county until 1868, and then removed to Kilbourn City, where he resided until 1876, removing that year to Eau Claire, where he has since lived. He enlisted as a private September 11, 1861, in Company E, Twelfth regiment, Wisconsin volunteers, and served until the close of the war, being promoted successively to the grade of second and first lieutenant. He served at the siege of Vicksburg, on the Meridian campaign and in the Atlanta campaign, and marched to the sea and north through the Carolinas with Sherman. Was wounded at Atlanta, July 21, 1864, and mustered out July 16, 1865. He was town clerk of Newport, Columbia county, for three years, a member of the county board of Columbia county in 1874 and 1875, member of the assembly in 1876, city attorney of Eau Claire in 1878, 1879 and 1880, state senator in 1880 and 1881, and department commander of the G. A. R. in 1887-1888. Served as quartermaster-general of the state, with rank of brigadier-general in 1889, and 1890. He has been an attorney at law since May 19, 1868. He was elected in 1894 to the Fifty-third Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George B. Shaw, and at the same election to the Fifty-fourth Congress, in which he served on the Committee on Military Affairs. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 24,073 votes, against 11,718 for Caleb M. Hilliard, democrat, and 791 for James H. Moseley, prohibitionist.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties. Population in 1895—205,589.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, New York, in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. He subsequently lived in the city of Milwaukee two years. He, with his parents, then settled on a farm in Sheboygan county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. He is the owner of some marine property, and is a licensed master of steam yessels. In connection with a large stone quarry

he owns and operates a steam tug and two scows. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 19,902 votes, against 15,522 for Lyman E. Barnes, democrat; 330 for A. J. Larrabee, people's party, and 949 for John Faville, prohibition. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,471 votes, against 16,845 for George W. Cate, democrat, and 580 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population in 1895—205,313.

ALEXANDER STEWART (Rep.) was born September 12, 1829, in York county, Province of New Brunswick, and received a common school education at that place. In 1849 he removed to what is now Marathon county, and settled where the city of Wausau is now located, engaging in the lumber business, which occupation he has ever since followed. Aside from his selection as a delegate from his district to the National republican convention at Chicago in 1884, he has neither aspired to nor held public office of any description. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 22,741 votes, against 14,910 for Thomas Lynch, democrat; 2,187 for John F. Miles, people's, and 785 for John J. Sherman, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 30,438 votes, against 17,705 for William W. O'Keefe, democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce counties. Population in 1895—195,362.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; received a common school education, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852; resided at Baraboo until 1870, when he removed to Chippewa Falls, where he has ever since resided, practicing his profession as a lawyer; served during the civil war as a member of Co. A, 6th WisInf.; was clerk of the Sauk county circuit court from 1867 to 1870, when he resigned; was a member of the assembly in 1872, county judge of Chippewa county from 1872 to 1876, has been city attorney of Chippewa Falls for five terms; was appointed United States attorney of the territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; was elected to the house of representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 19,836 votes against 9,054 for E. C. Kennedy, democrat; 1,531 for John Holt, prohibition, and 3,855 for William Monroe, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 28,149 votes, against 14,823 for Frederick H. Remington, democrat. Scattering 26.

STATE OFFICERS.

Terms of office expire first Monday of January, 1899.

GOVERNOR.

EDWARD SCOFIELD (Rep.), of Oconto, was born in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1842; received a common school education and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1868, and settled at Oconto; enlisted in Co. K, 11th Pa. Reserves, June 7, 1861; he was successfully promoted to corporal and sergeant, and April 15, 1863, to 1st lieutenant; after the battle of South Mountain he was commissioned captain; he participated in all the battles and marches of his regiment up to the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, 1864, where he was taken prisoner; he was reported dead and his friends mourned him, and thus he was permitted to read his own obituary; he was a prisoner ten mouths, during which time he was incarcerated in twelve different southern prisons; he was released at Wilmington, N. C., March 1, 1865; March 13 1865, he was brevetted major. Since the war he has been engaged with the Jagineer corps of the A. & G. W. R. R., and is now a member of the Scofield & Arnold Lumber Co. He was elected state senator for the First Senate district in 1886 for four years, receiving 6,177 votes, against 5,919 votes for Amos Holgate, democrat; was chairman of the committee on engrossed bills in the 38th session; he was elected governor in 1896, receiving 264,981 votes (the largest number ever cast for a candidate for governor in Wisconsin), against 169,257 votes for Willis C. Silverthorn, democrat; 8,140 votes for Joshua H. Berkey, prohibitionist; 1,306 votes for Christ Tuttrop, socialistic labor, and 407 votes for Robert Henderson, nationalist. Scattering, 16.

- EUTENANT GOVERNOR.

EMIL BAENSCH (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born June 12, 1857, at Manitowoc, and received his education in the private and public schools of that city, and at the State University. Prior to attending the university he was a clerk in a general store; but was admitted to the bar in 1882, and has ever since been practicing law at Manitowoc. He founded the Lake Shore Times, a republican newspaper at Manitowoc, in 1881, and was its editor until 1883. He is an occasional contributor to the Central Law Journal and Masonic Tidings, and has delivered addresses before the National Guard Association and the German Press-Verein. He was justice of the peace from 1882 to 1884; city clerk from 1885 to 1888; county judge from 1888 to 1894. He was captain of the "Rankin Guards" from 1882 to 1888, and is president of the Manitowoc Building & Loan Association and of the Humane Society. He was nominated for congress from the Sixth district, in 1892, reducing his opponent's plurality 1,800 below that of Cleveland in the district. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1894, receiving 198,181 votes, against 136,928 for A. J. Schmitz, democrat; 24,676 for Frank Smock, populist, and 11,455 for O. B. Oleson, prohibition, giving him the highest plurality on the ticket. Was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,704 votes, against 167,640 votes for Horatio H. Hoard, democrat; 8,840 votes for Ephraim L. Eaton, prohibitionist; 1,299 votes for Henry Reese, socialistic labor.



HENRY GUGLER CO., MILWAUKEE.



SECRETARY OF STATE.

HENRY CASSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born December 13, 1843, at Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa., and received a common school education. He came to Wisconsin in 1873, making his home at Viroqua, where he has ever since resided. He is a printer and publisher by occupation, and owned and edited the Vernon County Censor, at Viroqua, from 1875 to 1885. He was private secretary to Governor Rusk from 1885 to 1889, to Governor Hoard from 1889 to 1891, to Hon. J. M. Rusk, secretary of agriculture, in 1891 and 1892. He was Chief Clerk of the United States Department of Agriculture from January 1, 1892, to March 8, 1893, and private secretary to Hon. J. W. Babcock from August 1, 1893, to August 1, 1894. He was elected secretary of state in 1894, receiving 197,710 votes, against 137,585 for Thomas J. Cunningham, democrat; 24,452 for M. P. Larrabee, populist, and 10,969 for T. J. Van Maber, prohibition. Reflected in 1896, receiving 265,832 votes, against 167,590 votes for Cyrus M. Butt, democrat; 8,086 votes for Eugene B. Knowlton, prohibitionist, and 1,323 for Jacob Rummel, socialistic labor.

STATE TREASURER.

SEWELL A. PETERSON (Rep.) was born February 28, 1850, at Soloer, Norway, and came to Wisconsin from the old country in 1864. He received his education in the common schools and at a business college in La Crosse. He resided in Dunn county until 1887, when he removed to Rice Lake, Barron county, where he now resides. In early life he worked on a farm, in the woods, on the drive and at teaching school, but has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1882, and also owns and operates a farm of 240 acres in Dunn county. He was town treasurer of Sand Creek, Dunn county, in 1874 and 1875, register of deeds of Dunn county from January, 1876, to January, 1882, and alderman of Menomonie in 1886 and 1887, city clerk of Rice Lake from 1888 to 1890, city treasurer in 1891, and mayor in 1892 and 1894, and member of assembly of 1893. While he was at Menomonie he was first lieutenant of Company H, Third infantry, Wisconsin national guard. He was elected state treasurer in 1894, receiving 197,742 votes, against John Hunner, democrat, who received 137,775 votes; German Scherzinger, populist, 24,405 votes, and William Johnston, prohibitionist, 11,161 votes. Was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,808 votes, against 167,626 for Wm. F. Pierstorff, democrat; 8,100 for Lorenzo Crandall, prohibitionist, and 1,330 for John Riedel, socialistic labor.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WILLIAM H. MYLREA (Rep.) was born at Rochester, New York, January 1, 1853, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856. He was educated in the common schools and at Lawrence University at Appleton. He resided at Kilbourn City until 1883, when he went to Wausau, where he has since resided, and practiced law. He was district attorney of Marathon county in 1886 and was defeated for re-election in 1888. He was elected attorney general in 1894, receiving 197,709 votes, against 137,483 for James L. O'Connor, democrat; 24,455 for Carl Runge, populist, and 11,214 for Charles W. Lomas, prohibition. He was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,690 votes, against 167,707 for Henry I. Weed, democrat; 6,755 votes for George C. Jones, nationalist; 1,359 votes for Albert E. Dixon, prohibitionist, and 1,266 votes for Otto R. E. Gundermann, socialist labor candidate.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

JOHN Q. EMERY (Rep.), of Albion, Dane county, was born in Ohio, September 15, 1843, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1846. He was edu-

cated at the public schools and at the Albion Academy and Normal Institute, graduating from the latter institution in 1866, with the degree of Ph. B. He received the degree of A. M. (Hon.) from Beloit college in 1883. He has resided at different times in Dane, Jefferson, Wood and Pierce counties, holding various responsible educational positions; among others, was county superintendent of the Dane county east district, county superintendent of Wood county and principal of the union graded school at Grand Rapids, sixteen years principal of the high school at Fort Atkinson, and president of the State Normal school at River Falls. He was president of the Wisconsin Teachers' association in 1874-5, and a member of the state board of examiners for teachers' state certificates from 1886 to 1889. He has had extensive experience as a special conductor of teachers' institutes and been several times appointed official visitor to state normal schools. He owns and operates a farm in the town of Albion, and is, after education, most deeply interested in the progress of agriculture. He was elected state superintendent in 1894, receiving 197,063 votes, against 137,565 for Wm. H. Schultz, democrat; 24,641 for John Uhlrich, populist, and 11,229 for E. L. Eaton, prohibition. He was unanimously re-nominated by acclamation and re-elected state superintendent in 1896, receiving 265,940 votes, the largest number of votes ever given to any candidate for a state office in Wisconsin, against 167,319 votes for Francis Cleary, democrat; 8,064 votes for Wm. L. Morrison, prohibition, and 1,322 votes for Herman Seibt, socialistic labor.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

DUNCAN J. McKENZIE (Rep.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Glengarry county, Ontario, July 4, 1848, and received a common school education in Ontario; came to Wisconsin in 1872, and settled at Chippewa Falls; in 1875 removed to Buffalo county, and has resided there since; is by occupation a miller and lumberman; was trustee of the village of Alma and one of the first aldermen of the city; was supervisor in 1884; was state lumber inspector of the Ninth district in 1878-89; was chairman of the Buffalo county republican committee in 1888 and 1889; was mayor in 1891; was postmaster of Alma in 1892 and resigned before taking his seat in the assembly; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, representing the counties of Buffalo and Pepin. He was elected state railroad commissioner in 1894, receiving 197,299 votes against 137,267 for George C. Prescott, democrat; 24,693 for Nicholas F. Lawler, people's, and 11,239 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist. He was re-elected in 1896, receiving 265,672 votes, against 167,648 votes for C. F. Kalk, democrat; 3,121 votes for Ole A. Christensen, prohibitionist, and 1,330 votes for August Greifenhagen, socialist labor candidate.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM A. FRICKE, of Milwaukee, was born in New York city, May 15, 1857; came to Wisconsin with his parents the same year, and has resided in Milwaukee ever since. After passing through public schools and high school, studied medicine and dentistry. He has been prominently identified with insurance organizations—never held public office—is the secretary of the republican county and city committee of Milwaukee. Was nominated for commissioner of insurance by the republican state convention in 1894 by acclamation, and was elected, receiving 197,343 votes, against 136,523 for O. R. Skaar, democrat; 24,616 for Henry Stoltze, populist, and 11,241 for Thomas Edwards, prohibitionist. He was reelected in 1896, receiving 265,893 votes, against 167,205 for Frederick W. Thal, democrat; 8,135 for James E. Broadwell, prohibitionist, and 1,324 for Fred Schuster, socialistic labor.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate consists of thirty-three members, who hold their office for four years, and receive a compensation of \$500 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1894, and hold office until January 1, 1899. Those from even numbered districts were elected in 1896, and hold office until January 1, 1901. The population given is from the census of 1895.

The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie, when he has the casting vote therein.

The senate contains 29 republicans and 4 democrats.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population, 1895-61,872.

DEWAYNE STEBBINS (Rep.), of Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, was born at Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y., April 5, 1835, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the fall of the same year. He received a common school education and graduated at the United States naval academy at Ar apolis, served four years during the late war as an officer in the United States navy. He resided in Racine until 1856, when he removed to Ahnapee, where he has ever since made his home. He is cashier of the Bank of Ahnapee, and publisher of the Ahnapee Record. He was a member of the assembly in 1873, has been a member of the Kewaunee county board for 25 years, and is now chairman of that body. He was nominated for the assembly in 1870, but defeated by a narrow majority, and was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,332 votes, against 4,571 for C. C. Daily, democrat and populist, and 206 for G. A. Jacobson, prohibition.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1895-63,962.

ANDREW CALDWELL MAILER (Rep.), was born April 4, 1853, in DePere, Brown county, and is of Scotch parentage. He was educated in the public and private schools of DePere, Lawrence University at Appleton, Wis., University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, Rush Medical College, Chicago, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York, graduating from Rush Medical College in 1878 and from Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1882. He has lived in DePere except when engaged in teaching school and attending college. Was connected with the drug business about four years before entering the profession of medicine. He has been a member of DePere board of education six years, from 1890 to 1896, and was president of the board two years; was mayor of DePere from 1892 to 1894, and was health officer of the city several terms. He received the unanimous nomination for senator at the second district senatorial convention, 1896, and was elected state senator, receiving 7,600 votes against Benj. A. Godfredson, democrat, who received 5,607 votes, and Edward Cauldy, prohibitionist, who received 140 votes.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1895-58,658.

ERNST G. TIMME (Rep.), of Kenosha, was born at Werden, Prussla, June 21, 1843. He received his education in the public schools and at commercial college. He came to this country in the summer of 1847, taking up his residence in Kenosha county. He is a farmer by occupation, but has been in public life for a large part of the time for many years. He was town clerk and justice of the peace in the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, from 1865 to 1867; county clerk from 1867 to 1882; secretary of state from 1882 to 1891, and was fifth auditor of the treasury department at Washington from July, 1892, to March, 1893. He enlisted in the First Wisconsin volunteers in July, 1861, and having lost his left arm in the battle of Chickamauga, was honorably discharged in May, 1864. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,381 votes against 4,120 for Adam Apple, democrat; 320 for Rhodes, prohibitionist, and 1,915 for Warsley, populist.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Village of Whitefish Bay, and the Towns of Granville and Milwaukee. Population, 1895-56,118.

J. HERBERT GREEN (Rep.), was born September 7, 1860, in Fond du Lac, Wis. Was educated in the public schools at Oshkosh; moved from Fond du Lac to Oshkosh in 1861, to Chicago in 1880 and to Milwaukee in 1884; was general salesman in wholesale dry goods house in Chicago from 1880 to 1888. Opened business in Milwaukee as retail dry goods merchant in 1883 and is still engaged in same business there. Was a member of the Milwaukee county republican committee in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 6,262 votes, against Fred C. Fass, democrat-populist, who received 5,358 votes, and Jac. Four, socialistic labor, who received 161 votes.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895-59,252.

WILLIAM HARVEY AUSTIN (Rep.) was born at Binghamton, N. Y., October 22, 1859; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1869 and settled at Portage City; moved to Milwaukee in 1871, where he has since resided; was educated in the common schools, studied law with Joshua Stark, and was admitted to the bar in 1879. In 1880 and 1881 he was assistant district attorney for Milwaukee county; was school commissioner in 1889, and was appointed assistant city attorney of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; was city attorney in 1891. In the fall of 1892 he was elected to the assembly upon the republican ticket from the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards; he was the unanimous choice of his party for speaker during the session of 1893. In the fall of 1894 he was elected senator, receiving 5,697 votes, against 2,993 for William G. Bruce, democrat, and 1,875 votes for Mr. McAuliffe, people's.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee.

Population, 1895—59,417.

WILLIAM H. DEVOS (Rep.) was born November 19, 1857, in Milwaukee, and is of Hollandish parentage; he is a graduate of Milwaukee public schools and

Spencerian B siness College. He was engaged in the milling business until January, 1895, and since April, 1896, has been in the coal business. He represented the 9th ward of the city of Milwaukee as alderman on the city council from April, 1894, to April, 1896; was defeated for alderman in April, 1896. He was elected to the state senate in November, 1896, receiving 6,821 votes, against Max Hottelett, democrat-populist, who received 4,966 votes, and Chas. Pample, socialistic labor, who received 238 votes.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The Fourteenth and Seventeenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the Towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa. Population, 1895—57,722.

CHARLES THOMPSON FISHER (Rep.) was born August 11, 1846, at Wauwatosa, Wis.; was educated at a select school in Wauwatosa and at the Spencerian Commercial College in Milwaukee; is a farmer and stockraiser by occupation, and has always resided in Wisconsin. He was town treasurer of Wauwatosa in 1879-80, and chairman of the town board from 1892 to 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 6,780 votes against George Winans, democrat, who received 3,130 votes, and Chester P. Porter, populist, who received 1,425 votes.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895-55,413.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.) was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1879 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for member of assembly by the republicans of the eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 6,681 votes against 5,600 for Michael Kruszka, the democrat-populist fushion candidate, and 126 for Oswald Schubert, the socialist labor candidate.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood Counties. Population, 1895-54,727.

CLARENCE E. PEIRCE (Rep.), of Germania, Marquette county, was born December 25, 1850, and was educated in the common schools and at a business college in London, Canada. He was engaged in the mercantile business from 1870 to 1890, and has since been engaged in stock farming and dairying, and is interested in a milling enterprise at Lawrence, Wisconsin. He was elected to the assembly in 1890 and 1892, and to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,716 votes against 4,200 for Isaac L. Alsbacher, democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix Counties. Population, 1895-48,910.

DEMPSTER W. WOODWORTH (Rep.) was born May 25, 1846, in Windham, Portage county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Hiram

(Ohio) College; came to Wisconsin in September, 1868, and settled at Ellsworth, Pierce county, which has ever since been his home; is a practicing physician and surgeon; was associate editor of the Pierce Co. Herald from 1869 to 1873, and partial owner of the same paper from 1884 to 1894; was an examining surgeon for U. S. pensions from 1872 to 1894. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 7,035 votes against 3,997 votes for Mark M. Sanderson, democrat, and 333 votes for Melvin Johnson, prohibitionist.

EVENTH DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1895-51,995.

THOMAS B. MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, Wis., was born at Manchester, in Jackson county, October 12, 1857. Educated at McMyin's Academy at Racine. He resided in Jackson county until 1890, when he moved to West Superior and engaged in the lumbering and real estate business. He was member of the assembly from 1885 to 1891 and speaker in 1887 and 1889. Elected to the state senate in 1894 in the 11th district, which comprised the counties of Ashland, Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn, receiving 8,820 votes against 4,417 for David Dobie, democrat, and 1,876 for Hans T. Engoe, prohibitionist and populist.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population, 1895—63,303.

CLARENCE A. LAMOREUX (Rep.) was born September 20, 1860, in Portage county, Wis.; was educated in the common and high schools of Wisconsin; resided in Dodge county from the time he was one year old until he was 20; in Cumberland, Wis., from 1881 to 1884, and since 1884 in Ashland; has been a practicing attorney at law since he was 21 years of age. He published the Cumberland (Wis.) Herald from 1881 to 1884; was postmaster at Cumberland for two years, resigning on account of removal to Ashland. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,315 votes against 4,966 votes for A. E. Kennedy, democrat.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

The county of Dodge. Population, 1895-47,851.

MICHAEL E. BURKE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, Dodge county, was born at Beaver Dam on October 15, 1863. He prepared for college in the public schools, graduated at Wayland University, Beaver Dam, in 1884, and attended the State University law school in 1886 and 1887, was admitted to the bar in 1888, and has ever since practiced law at Beaver Dam. He was town clerk of the town of Beaver Dam in 1888 and 1889, assemblyman from the Beaver Dam district in 1891 and 1893, and city attorney of Beaver Dam in 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896. While in the assembly, he was member of the committees on Claims and on Retrenchment in 1891, and chairman of the committee on Expenditures, and a member of the committee on Retrenchment and chairman of the Judiciary committee in 1893. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 4,945 votes, against 4,240 for C. A. Pettibone, republican, and 170 for Charles S. Williams, populist.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1895-66.977.

A. B. WHITMAN (Rep.) was born April 1, 1854, in Turner, Maine; was educated in the common schools at Hortonville, Wis.; afterwards attended Law-

rence University, from which he graduated in 1875; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, first settling at Algoma, now part of the city of Oshkosh; afterwards moved to Hortonville, Outagamie county, where he worked in a saw mill and in the lumber woods, attending school part of the time; resided at Oshkosh (then called Algoma) from 1857 to 1859; at Hortonville from 1859 to 1870; went to Appleton in 1870, where he took a course at Lawrence University; taught school in Sturgeon Bay and northern Wisconsin eight years; studied law while teaching school and was admitted to the bar in 1882; settled in Appleton and practices law and deals in real estate; was city superintendent of schools in Appleton from 1882 to 1889, district attorney of Outagamie county from 1889 to 1891; city attorney of Appleton in 1894, 1895 and 1896; organized the Appleton Advancement Association, an organization to legitimately develop Appleton and Fox River Valley industries, and as secretary of this association, has helped start many industries at Appleton. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,427 votes, against 5,733 votes for Dr. H. R. McComb, democrat and populist; 196 votes for J. B. Sanborn, prohibitionist, and 52 votes for B. M. Gurnee, nationalist.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1895-58,546.

JOHN E. McMULLEN (Dem.) was born October 7, 1843, in Kingston, Canada; was educated in University of Wisconsin; also took the law course in Michigan University. Came to Wisconsin October 15, 1855; has lived in Manitowoc and Calumet counties; has been an attorney at law since 1868; held the office of district attorney of Calumet county from 1868 to 1878; was mayor of Chilton in 1881. He served as a private in Co. D, 40th Regt. Wis. Vol. Inf. during its existence. Was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 4,854 votes, against 3,940 votes for Fred Schwalbe, republican, and 344 votes for Walter Witman, populist.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Grant and Iowa counties. Population, 1895-61,819.

CHARLES HENRY BAXTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, November 15, 1841, and was educated in the public schools in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled on a farm near Lancaster; enlisted as private in Company C, 25th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infant y, in August, 1862; was with that regiment until after the fall of Vicksburg; was also private in Company A, 41st Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and afterward captain Company K, 47th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was appointed chief of ordnance, district of Middle Tennessee, by Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and attached to the staff of Gen. Van Cleve and Gen. Milroy; was mayor of the city of Lancaster; member of the council; member of county board of supervisors; member republican state central committee eight years; chairman of the county central committee twenty years; president Southwestern Wisconsin Veterans' Association ten years; delegate at large to the G. A. R. encampment in California in 1885; also in Boston, Mass., in 1890; was the republican candidate for the assembly in 1886; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,972 votes, against 5,211 for Jacob Bremer, democrat, and three scattering; was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,440 votes, against Morton Bustman, democrat, who received 5,727 votes.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Green and Lafayette counties, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth. Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock. Population, 1895—61,000.

HENRY CLAY PUTNAM (Rep.), of Brodhead, was born at Newark, Ohio, in 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1849. His first home was in Decatur, Green county; has resided in that township ever since. Received a common school education; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in Company B, 1st Wisconsin Cavalry, serving in the ranks; was in the campaign against Longstreet in East Tennessee; engaged in the battles of Mossy Creek and Dandridge, in all the battles during Sherman's Atlanta campaign up to July 1, 1864; was on detached service with the troops that drove Wheeler and Forest from Tennessee in 1864; was engaged with his regiment in the last raid of the war-"Wilson's raid"-from Tennessee river to Macon, Georgia, participating in the engagements at Montgomery, Selma, Columbus and West Point, Georgia, which last place was captured and many prisoners taken. Returning home, was a commercial traveler for nine years; from 1880 to 1896 was in lumber business and farming. Is now president of the Green County Bank of Brodhead. Was president of the village of Brodhead in 1883-4; was elected to the assembly in 1890 from the district composed of the south half of Green county, and re-elected in 1892 from the new district, embracing the county. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,129 votes, against 3,214 for Edward Drotning, democrat; 741 for F. R. Derrick, prohibitionist, and 526 for E. P. Hassinger, populist.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1895-63,375.

LYMAN WELLINGTON THAYER (Rep.) was born October 30, 1854, at Wausau, Wfs.; was educated in Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College at St. Louis, Mo. Lived at Wausau until 1886 when he removed to Ripon, where he has since resided. Was engaged in lumbering at Wausau until 1886, and has since been engaged in stockraising. Has been repeatedly elected chairman of the town of Ripon since 1890; was chairman of county board of supervisors of Fond du Lac county in 1895; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and to the state senate in 1894 to fill the unexpired term of Hon. S. M. Smead, resigned. Was made chairman of the joint committee on apportionment, and also chairman of the joint special committee on apportionment at the special session of the legislature in February, 1896; was re-elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,229 votes against 6,617 votes for Benj. F. Sweet, fusion democrat. He was elected president pro tempore of the senate in 1897.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

The county of Winnebago. Population, 1895-57,627.

CHARLES W. DAVIS (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Castleton, Vt., on January 5, 1827. He was educated in the common schools of Warren county, N. Y., with one term in Chester academy. He came west in 1857, settling in Oshkosh in 1860, where he has ever since resided. During his residence in Oshkosh he has been engaged in various manufacturing and lumbering enterprises, and is now president of the German-American bank at Oshkosh, and is a member of the firm of Davis, Hansen & Co., iron pump manufacturers. He is also interested in a lumber business in South Dakota. Mr. Davis served several terms as an alderman during the "sixties," and was elected mayor in 1868, taking a conspicuous part as such in the government improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. For six years he has been a member of the county board, and was

chairman of the board from 1889 to June, 1895, having been repeatedly chosen to that office when the board was democratic. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,591 votes, against 3,721 for Lucas M. Miller, democrat; 371 for Wesley Mott, prohibition, and 878 for Jens P. Jasperson, populist.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1895-64,941.

FRED A. DENNETT (Rep.) was born May 19, 1849, in Greenville, Pisquatiquis Co., Maine; came to Wisconsin with parents at age of two years, and settled three miles north of Sheboygan at Pigeon river; moved thence to Sheboygan, where he lived two years, and thence to Sheboygan Falls where he lived until 21 years of age; was educated in the common schools at Sheboygan Falls, Wis., and Bryant, Stratton & Spencer's Commercial College, Milwaukee. went to Beloit in the employ of Proctor & Stone, reaper manufacturers, and was Was subsequently engaged in afterward secretary of that company. manufacturing binders and mowers in Milwaukee; was for two years general eastern agent for Wm. Deering & Co., of Philadelphia; returned to Sheboygan in 1886 to engage in the manufacture of furniture, where he has since He established the Wisconsin Chair Co. at Port Washington in 1888, which at present employs 400 hands. He was chief clerk of the senate in 1875, and for ten consecutive years previous held the different clerkships in the assembly; was for several sessions bookkeeper and assistant clerk. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,263 votes, against 5,346 votes for James Leahy, democrat-populist candidate.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1895-59,324.

JOHN PHILLIPS (Rep.), of Stevens Point, was born at Richmond, Vermont, November 4, 1823, and was educated in the common schools and at Johnston (Vt.) Academy. He graduated at the Rush Medical College, Chicago, in 1853. He came to Wisconsin in 1845, and has practiced his profession as a physician since 1848, at Stevens Point. He has been supervisor of the town of Stevens Point, a member of the Portage county board of supervisors, school superintendent of the town of Stevens Point, and was a member of the assembly in 1860 and 1864. He was pension examiner from 1863 to 1885. He was a regent of normal schools from 1876 to 1891, and was treasurer and president of the Stevens Point board of education from 1876 to 1881. He was on the board of visitors to West Point in 1864. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,637 votes, against 3,539 for A. R. Lea, democrat, and 603 for George Ratcliff, prohibition.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—50,352.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Illinois. Was educated at a select school, Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law in the office of Leaming & Thompson at Chleago, and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin

in September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Is a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the 4th ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 7,105 votes, against 4,725 votes for W. W. Reed, democrat, and 1 vote for W. T. Vankirk.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—47,449.

ALBERT SOLLIDAY (Dem.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born in Lehigh county, Penn., February 13, 1841; was educated in Pennsylvania and Ohio, graduating from the high school at Circleville, Ohio, in 1861; enlisted in the one hundred and fourteenth regiment Ohio volunteer infantry, August 11, 1862, and took part in the following engagements: Chickasaw Bayou, Arkansas Post, Port Gibson, Champion Hill, Black River Bridge, Siege of Vicksburg, siege and assault of Fort Blakeley; was mustered out of service at Houston, Tex., July 31, 1865; came to Wisconsin in 1868, settled at Watertown, Wis.; is by occupation a dentist; served four years on the school board, part of time as its president; alderman one year, and mayor in 1884; served six years as captain of the Watertown Rifles; commissioned adjutant of the Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, April 25, 1888; major commanding First battalion, Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, February 23, 1892, and lieutenant colonel January 7, 1895; was elected on May 24, 1892, at special election to fill vacancy caused by the death of Walter S. Greene, and was re-elected in 1894, receiving 5,611 votes against 5,236 for Edwin Huebert, republican, and 326 for W. P. Stair, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRIC!

Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin counties. Population, 1895-57,670.

JOHN W. WHELAN (Rep.) was born Nov. 1, 1845, and is a native of Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in the class of 1871; resided at Monches, Waukesha county, from 1845 to 1872; Fort Worth, Texas, from 1872 to 1874; Eau Claire, Wis., from 1874 to 1876; Mondovi, Buffalo county, from 1876 to the present time; taught several terms of school prior to 1872; studied law with Judge Barclay at Fort Worth, Texas, and at Eau Claire and was admitted to the bar in that city in 1876, and has practiced law ever since at Mondovi; lives on a farm of 500 acres adjoining Mondovi city; has been president of the Bank of Mondovi since its organization; was member of the Wisconsin legislature in 1889 and 1890, and served several terms as chairman of the county board of supervisors of Buffalo county; was nominated for the assembly in 1890 on the Republican ticket, but was defeated by John Leonhardy, democrat. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 7,943 votes, against 3,857 for Victor Wolf, democrat, and 225 votes for John D. Elldridge, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1895-57,940.

CLARION A. YOUMANS (Rep.), of Neillsville, Clark county, was born October 14, 1847, at Kenosha, Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and in the law school of the State University, from which he graduated in 1876. He resided in Kenosha until 1852, then in Arlington, Columbia county, until 1872,

in which year he went to Neillsville, where he has since resided. He was raised on a farm, but for a few years before attending the law school had been in the mercantile business at Neillsville. Was county judge of Clark county in 1877, and district attorney of Clark county from 1882 to 1885. He has been interested in farming, lumbering and flouring enterprises, and was from 1890 to 1893 president of the Clark County Agricultural society. He has been since 1876 engaged in the practice of law at Neillsville. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,607 votes, against 3,557 for H. P. Graham, democrat, and 518 for Peter Truax, prohibition. He was a member of the judiciary, railroads and roads and bridges committees during session of 1895.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The county of Dane. Population, 1895-65,669.

CHAUNCEY B. WELTON (Rep.) was born September 1, 1844, at Sharon, Ohio. He was educated in the common schools and the academy at Weymouth, Ohio; came to Wisconsin in May, 1855, but returned to Ohio in 1858; went to Michigan at the close of the war and moved from there to Wisconsin in 1877; resided at Rockton, Vernon county, from 1877 to 1882, at Windsor from 1882 to 1883, and has since been a resident of Madison. Was in the mercantile business at Allegan, Mich., in 1873–4; Kalamazoo, Mich., in 1876–6; Rockton, Wis., 1878 to 1881; Windsor, Wis., 1882–3; and in Madison since 1884. He was clerk of the town of Whitestown, Vernon county, in 1881, and commander of the Department of Wisconsin G. A. R., in 1892; served in the war of the Rebellion in Co. 1, 103 Ohio Vol. Inf., from August 21, 1862, to close of war. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 9,016 votes, against 6,607 votes for Wm. Charleton, democrat, and 438 votes for J. B. Smith, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1895-63,787.

WILLIAM F. CONGER (Rep.), of Prairie du Sac, was born March 5, 1844, at Bloomfield, New Jersey, and received his education in the public schools of Bloomfield and of New York city. He came to Wisconsin at the age of eighteen in 1862, and worked as a clerk at Prairie du Sac until 1871, since which date he has been engaged in a general mercantile business and dealing in wool. He enlisted in the 7th New York Volunteers in 1862, coming to Wisconsin at the expiration of his term of service in the same year and enlisted in the 42d Wisconsin Volunteers. He held the rank of sergeant and acting sergeant major. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in 1892, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1890. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,637 votes against Evan W. Evans, democrat, who received 4,194, and Joseph W. Wood, prohibitionist, who received 390.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Crawford, Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1895-63,857.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Iowa; was educated in the common and high schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and at Viroqua eleven years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon Co. Censor eleven years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 9,361 votes, against 5,221 votes for B. F. Washburn, the fusion candidate, and 1 vote for A. J. Shauff.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1895-53,733.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Iowa, September 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has ever since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education and life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,298 votes against 1,405 for Carl Preper, populist, and ten scattering.

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas countles. Population, 1895-56,611.

DANIEL E. RIORDAN (Rep.) was born September 7, 1863, in Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis.; was educated in Berlin high school and Valparaiso (Indiana) normal school; studied law in the office of R. L. D. Potter at Berlin, Wis., and in the office of J. F. Riordan at Hayward. Wis.; resided at Berlin until 1891, at Hayward from 1891 to 1892, and at Eagle River, Vilas county, from 1892 to the present time; taught school, attended school and studied law until 1892; was admitted to the bar in 1892 and has since practiced law; was appointed judge of the municipal court of Vilas county by Gov. Upham in April, 1895, and still holds the office; was nominated for the office of district attorney of Vilas county in 1896 and declined; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,837 votes, against 6,195 votes for H. R. Fehland, democrat.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1895-61,826.

JAMES J. McGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachois, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Wisconsin, making his home at Black River Falls, November 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer of sash, doors and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also exempting wide tired wagons from taxes. The reduction of interest on money loaned to school districts from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., the reduction of Interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent., and during his entire experience in the assembly took an active and earnest part in all the important legislation brought before the assembly. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 8,573 votes against 3,820 for J. R. Hinckley, democrat, and 491 for D. L. Brown, prohibition.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1895-65,573.

LEVI WITHEE (Rep.), of La Crosse, La Crosse county, was born in Norridgewock, Me., October 26, 1834, and received a common school education in Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at La Crosse; has for the most of the time resided there since; is by occupation a lumberman; has not before held public office; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,802 votes, against 5,293

for George Y. Freeman, democrat, 644 for John N. Jones, people's party, and 38 for C. H. Van Wormer, prohibitionist; was re-elected state senator in 1896, receiving 9,545 votes, against 4,739 votes for Herman E. Simpson, democrat.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1895-60,639.

STEPHAN F. MAYER (Dem.), of West Bend, was born in West Bend, February 1, 1854. He was educated in the common schools and took a commercial course at the university of Notre Dame, Indiana. He has resided all his life at West Bend, where he is engaged in business as a brewer and malster. He was elected county treasurer without opposition in 1886 and in 1888; has been a member of the county board since 1891, and was chairman in 1893, and was elected chairman of the board this year; also a member of the school board of his city. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, without opposition, receiving 6,095 votes.

ASSEMBLY.

The assembly consists of 100 members, who are chosen blennially by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members, and receives \$500 for his services.

The assembly contains 91 republicans, 8 democrats and 1 fusion.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895-17,735.

SOLON W. PIERCE (Rep.), of Friendship, was born March 7, 1831, in Yorkshire, Cattauragus county, N. Y.; received an academic education at Mendon, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin in October, 1855, and settled at White Creek, Adams county; December 1, 1857, he removed to Friendship in the same county, which has since been his home; he is by profession a lawyer and editor, having been admitted to the bar in June, 1858; he established the Adams County Press April 25, 1861, and excepting the time spent in the army in 1864-5, has had editorial charge of the paper from its first issue to the present time; he was the author of a book of war reminiscences, entitled, "Battle Fields and Camp Fires of the 38th Wisconsin Regiment," a volume of about 300 pages, besides many addresses and articles upon current events; he was elected county judge of Adams county in 1861, but resigned to enter the army in 1864; in 1866 he was elected district attorney of Adams county, which office he has held continuously ever since—over thirty years; he was draft commissioner in 1862, and entered the army as 1st Lieut. of Co. K, 38th Wis. Vols., in 1864 and took part with that regiment in

the battles of Peeble's House, Poplar Spring Grove, Hatcher's Run, the siege of Petersburg, the assault and capture of Fort Mahone, and was not absent from duty a day from the time he entered the service until he was mustered out at the close of the war in June, 1865; he has been president of the Adams County Agricultural Association for the past two years, and at the annual meeting of the Association, November 12, 1896, was unanimously re-elected for the ensuing year; in 1870 he was the republican nominee for member of assembly from Adams county and was defeated by 16 votes, Anson Rood being elected; he was relator in the action brought to test the validity of the first apportionment law passed by the legislature of 1891, commonly known as the "gerrymander" suit; he represented Adams county in the assembly in 1870-77-78-80-81-82, and was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,497 votes, against 511 votes for John A. Henry, independent republican.

ASHLAND AND IRON COUNTIES.

Population in 1895-22,579.

MATHEW JOSEPH CONNORS (Rep.), of Hurley, was born August 17, 1855, in Ottawa, Canada; was educated in the Canadian common schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1875; resided at Eau Claire from 1875 to 1880, Fifield from 1880 to 1884, Ashland from 1884 to 1886, and at Hurley from 1886 to the present time; is a lumberman by occupation; was supervisor of the town of Vaughn in 1892 and 1893; chairman of the county board of Iron county in 1893 and 1894 and sheriff of Iron county from January 1, 1894, to January 1, 1897; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,973 votes, against 2,282 for Bert Williams, democrat and populist.

BARRON COUNTY.

Population in 1895-20,122.

JONATHAN J. SMITH (Rep.), of Barron, was born January 13, 1844, in McHenry county, III. He received a common school education, and in 1862 enlisted in the 65th Illinois Infantry and took part in all the battles and campaigns of his regiment until April, 1864, when he re-enlisted and served until June, 1865, when he was discharged for disability. He settled on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, where he resided until 1878, when he came to Wisconsin, locating at Barron, where he has ever since resided. He has held numerous offices, among which are town treasurer, city treasurer and mayor. He was postmaster during President Harrison's administration, and since April, 1893, has been part owner and manager of the Barron Republican. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,952 votes, against 518 for F. M. Angel, democrat, and 474 for J. B. Bennett, populist. Was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,741 votes, against S. W. Hines, the democratic and populist fusion candidate, who received 1,361 votes, and Samuel Dowd, prohibition, who received 146 votes.

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895-20,602.

KING G. STAPLES (Rep.), of Iron River, was born May 26, 1851, in Lee, Maine; came to Minnesota in 1855; received a common school education at Brunswick, Elk River, and Monticello, Minn.; came to Wisconsin in 1884; lived at South Range from December, 1884, to May, 1889, when moved to Iron River where he has since resided: was engaged in the flouring mill business from 1875 to 1879, and has since been in the lumbering business both as logger and manufacturer; was town treasurer for the town of Superior two years, 1857 and 1888;

was elected chairman of the town of Iron River in 1892, and was a candidate for re-election in 1893, but was defeated by 37 votes; was subsequently appointed to fill the three months' vacancy caused by the resignation of the chairman elected and was elected to the same office in 1894-95 and '96; was elected chairman of the county board in 1895 and was re-elected in 1896, and is the present incumbent of the office. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,064, against 1,464 for A. M. Warden, democrat, and 442 for A. P. Oscar, prohibitionist.

BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population in 1895—22,823.

THOMAS J. McGRATH (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born January 15, 1859, in Victoria county, Canada; was educated in the common schools of Canada and by private study; came to this country and to Wisconsin in December, 1875; lived in Waupaca county from 1875 to 1877; in Minnesota from 1877 to 1888, and since that time in Green Bay, Brown county; he was a farmer and general laborer up to 1880, carpenter and jobber from 1880 to 1884; railroad bridge builder from 1884 to 1890, and since that time, a general contractor; cast his first vote for James A. Garfield for president; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,794 votes, against 1,724 votes for John E. Shaughnessy, democrat, and 61 votes for Dr. W. M. Ringsdorf, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, and the city of De Pere.

Population in 1895-22,800.

JOHN M. HOGAN (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born January 21, 1847, in New York; received a common school education in Brown county; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling in Washington county; removed to Green Bay, Brown county in 1851, where he resided until 1860, when he removed to Preble township and settled on a farm; in 1882 he embarked in the merchandising business at Green Bay, but failing health compelled his retirement; he has been chairman of the town board and consequently a member of the county board for ten consecutive years; represented his district in the assembly in 1882; he served three months as a private in Co. G., 41st Wis. Vol. Inf. during the war of the rebellion; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,452 votes, against 2,193 votes for Anton Van der Heiden, democrat.

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895-24,498.

SAMUEL F. PLUMMER (Rep.), of Arkansaw, was born May 28, 1853, in Clarence, town of Spring Grove, Green county, Wis.; was limited to a few weeks' attendance at the district school each winter; resided in Green county one and one-half years, and has been a resident of Pepin county since September, 1854, living in Durand and in the towns of Waterville and Arkansaw; worked in the pine woods, on the river and in the saw mills until 1876, when he settled on a farm; in 1886, he sold his farm and purchased a furniture factory and planing mill and is now a manufacturer of furniture, etc.; has been justice of the peace several years, school district clerk five years and county surveyor of Pepin county since 1894; has followed surveying some of the time since 1872; has worked as carpenter, millwright, wagon maker, cabinet-maker, rotary sawyer and engineer; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,544 votes, against 1,772 for Alex. Lees, democrat.

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

Population, 1895-22,009.

LESTER B. DRESSER (Rep.), of St. Croix Falls, was born in Osceola, Polk Co., Wisconsin, Sept. 3, 1864. He attended district school until seventeen years of age; then entered the Northern Indiana Normal school at Valparaiso, Ind., from which he graduated in 1883. In 1884 he was elected principal of the high school at St. Croix Falls, Wis., which position he held for two years, giving it up for the superintendency of schools of Polk county, which he held for four years. In 1889 he was elected village clerk of St. Croix Falls. He was re-elected to this office four times. He is now serving his fourth consecutive term as president of that village. He also has served on the school board. He entered the general merchandise business in 1890, and still follows it. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,383 votes, against Simon Thorson, independent republican candidate, whose vote was 1,564, and A. M. Greely (fusion candidate) of the democratic and people's party, who received 1,025 votes.

CALUMET COUNTY.

Population, 1895-17,744.

JOSEPH WOLFINGER (Dem.), of Dundas, was born at Wilson, Sheboygan county, January 7, 1857, and received a common school education in that county. He learned the blacksmith's trade and settled in Dundas, as a blacksmith in 1877. In 1881, he went into the manufacture of cheese boxes and butter tubs, and is now proprietor of one of the largest establishments in that line in the state. He is president of the Dundas Butter and Cheese Company. He has been on the town board of Woodville since 1890, and on the county board since 1892. He was republican, 120 for Charles Hatch, populist, and 30 for S. D. Maltby, prohibitionist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,662 votes, against, 1,531 for elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,440 votes, against 1,063 for S. M. Scott, William Greverus, republican, and 266 for Charles Hatch, populist.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden, and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895-14,211.

CHARLES A. STANLEY (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Baraboo, Wis., May 3rd, 1849. He received his education in the public school and at the State University. Has resided at Chippewa Falls since 1870, and is the iunior member of the firm of F. G. & C. A. Stanley, manufacturers of lumber, lath and shingles, sash, doors and blinds, with machine shop and foundry at Chippewa halls, Wis., also a saw mill at Chippewa City, Wis. Was a member of the Chippewa Falls common council in 1885, 1886 and 1887, and a member of the county board in 1886 and 1887. Was nominated for mayor in 1888, but was defeated by 64 votes. Has been a member and president of the Chippewa Falls board of bonding commissioners since 1892, and was reappointed for four years in 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,054 votes against James A. Taylor, democrat, receiving 979; Alva D. Shattuck, prohibitionist, 54; and George B. Horwood, populist, 396. Was elected mayor of the city of Chippewa Falls in April, 1895, by a majority of 100, and during his term of office he took great interest in the location of the Home for the Feeble-minded, which through the efforts of himself and others, was located at Chippewa Falls, the city and county of Chippewa donating to the Home 1040 acres of land and a cash bonus of \$10,000. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,685 votes, against 1,503 for Albert Nunke, democrat and populist, and 26 votes for John P. Shattuck, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer (including village of Bloomer), Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson (including Boyd village), Flambeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895-14,516.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Anson, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, where he received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and he came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and seven years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884, and was defeated for re-election in 1886 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusk in the county. He was president of the Chippewa County Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for 14, which position he now holds. He has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 1,931 votes, against 1,436 for Henry Kramer, democrat and populist, and 60 for Chas. S. Oliver, prohibitionist.

CLARK COUNTY.

Population in 1895-21,342.

JOSEPH C. MARSH (Rep.), of Loyal, was born at Herricksville, Penn., January 1, 1852, and received a common school education, with two years at Oskaloosa college, at Oskaloosa, Iowa. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, settling in Clark county, where he has continuously resided; he is a farmer and lumberman. He was town clerk of York in 1873 and 1874, chairman of the town of Loyal from 1888 to 1890, and chairman of the county board of supervisors of Clark county in 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,476 votes, against 1,300 for George C. Andrews, democrat and prohibition; was re-elected member of assembly in 1896, receiving 3,312 votes, against 1,333 for Bert. L. Bailey, democrat and populist, and 96 for Joseph Dix, prohibitionist.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi (including village of Lodi), Newport (including Kilbourn City village), Pacific and West Point, and the village of Poynette, and the city of Portage.

Population in 1895-15,122.

LEMUEL P. HINDES (Rep.), of Lodi, Columbia county, was born April 3, 1848, in Cameron, Steuben county, New York; was educated in the common

schools and Lodi high school; came to Lodi, Wisconsin, in March, 1855, and has resided there ever since; was engaged in farming from 1866 until 1870; since that time has been engaged in the mercantile business, and is a wholesale shipper of butter, eggs and cheese; was justice of the peace fifteen years, and supervisor of the viliage or Lodi for the past five years; enlisted at the age of sixteen in Company "C", 42nd Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served until the close of the war. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,229 votes, against 1,283 for L. Kleimenhagen, democrat, and 117 for Owen J. Owens, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland (including Cambria village), Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus.

Population in 1895-15,746.

GEORGE WYLIE (Rep.), of Leeds, Columbia county, was born Jaunary 6, 1848, in Campbelltown, Argyleshire, Scotland, and received a common school education; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1857; resided at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, from 1857 to 1864, and at Leeds, Columbia county, from 1864 to the present time; is by occupation a farmer and breeder of pure bred stock; was chairman of the town of Leeds continuously from 1883 to 1890 and again elected chairman in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,573 votes, against 1,100 for Samuel Sampson, democrat and populist, and 168 for Robert F. Roberts, prohibitionist.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Population, 1895-17,203.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.) of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, February 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for nineteen years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894. Was again re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,269 votes, against 1,575 for Peter N. Peterson, democrat and populist.

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland, and the city of Madison.

Population in 1895—22,002.

DANIEL BECHTEL (Dem.), of Madison, Dane county, was born August 31, 1845, in Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, and received a common school education; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1850, settling in the town of Pleasant Springs, Dane county; in 1853 he moved to the farm he now owns in the town of Blooming Grove, and is by occupation a farmer; was town clerk three years; chairman of the town fourteen years; sheriff of Dane county in 1883-84; secretary of the Cottage Grove Fire Insurance company nine years, and has been president of the same company for the past three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,831 votes, against 2,772 for George B. Burrows, republican, and 198 for Chas. F. Cronk, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie, and the city of Stoughton

Population in 1895-21,421.

CHRISTOPHER LEGRIED (Rep.), of Cambridge, Dane county, was born January 27, 1857, in Deerfield, Dane county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools; resided on a farm in Deerfield until he was twenty-one years old; since that time has been engaged in blacksmithing and manufacturing at Cambridge; has been a member of the county board from the village of Cambridge continuously since 1892 and has served as trustee of the village for two years; has been a member of the Dane county campaign committee since 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,466 votes, against 1,444 for Geo. L. Saunders, democrat, and 1/6 for Lorenzo D. Clark.

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains.

Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose,
Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport, and the
villages of Belleville, Waunakee, Oregon and Mazomanie.

Population in 1895-22,246.

OSCAR F. MINCH (Dem.), of Paoli, Dane county, was born November 16, 1868, at Paoli, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools of Paoli, the Madison high school and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in 1893; resided at Paoli from birth until 1883; Madison from 1883 to 1893, since 1893 at Paoli; was engaged in the baking and confectionery business at Madison from 1888 to 1892, and since 1893 has been associated with his father in the custom milling business under the firm name of F. H. Minch & Son. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,608 votes, against 2,394 for C. G. Lappley, republican, and 153 for John Schumann, prohibitionist.

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, LeRoy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville.

Population in 1895-24,284.

JESSE A. CLASON (Gold Dem.), of Neosho, Dodge county, was born October 15, 1860, at Clason Prairie, town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and was a lineal descendant of Stephen Clason, who settled at Stanford, Connecticut, in 1654, having been forced to flee from Scotland in consequence of hostility to Cromwell's government; he was educated in the Clason Prairie district school, in the Milwaukee public schools and Wayland University, Beaver Dam; began the study of medicine in 1882; became a medical student under Dr. S. W. Thurber, with whom he went to Tecumseh, Nebraska; attended the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis, graduating therefrom March 4, 1884; in the same year he settled at Elk Creek, Nebraska; moved to Chicago in 1885, and in October of the same year returned to Neosho. He is a member of the Wisconsin State Medical Society, of the Bernard Medical Society, and of the Dodge County Medical Society, and has been health officer of the towns of Herman and Rubicon since 1889; was appointed United States pension examining surgeon with headquarters at Milwaukee in 1893, and in 1894 was transferred to the board of pension examining surgeons established at Horicon, Wisconsin; he organized and has been president of the Neosho Young Men's Democratic Club, number 23 in the National League, the first uniform democratic club organized in Dodge

county; was chairman of the Dodge county democratic committee until the first convention of 1896; was elected delegate to the democratic state convention, but publicly declared his adherence to the sound money principles; when the Chicago convention adopted the free silver platform he renounced it and became an ardent supporter of McKinley and Hobart, and Hon. Edward Sauerhering for member of congress. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, from the First Assembly district of Dodge county, having been nominated by the gold democrats and endorsed by the republicans, receiving 2,946 votes, against 2,414 for Herman Rosenkrans, the regular democratic nominee.

Second District. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895-23,567.

SAMUEL R. WEBSTER (Rep.), of Danville, Dodge county, was born July 7, 1854, in Danville, Wisconsin, and was educated in the Danville and Columbia high schools, Ripon college and Milwaukee Business college; was born and has always lived upon the farm which he now owns; is by occupation a farmer and breeder of registered Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs; has written articles on the subject of care and management of improved live stock, one of which was read before the State Agricultural Society's meeting at Madison, and published in the State Agricultural Society's report, and one published in the local press; was secretary of the Dodge County Fair Association during 1891–95. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,770 votes against 2,486 for H. S. Gilmore, democrat.

DOOR COUNTY.

Population, 1895-16,969.

HENRY OVERBECK, Jr., (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born February 2, 1853, at Tonawanda, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1854; lived at Ahnapee until 1887, and since then at Sturgeon Bay; is by occupation a telegraph operator and insurance agent, and has been manager of the Western Union at Sturgeon Bay since 1887; owned a half interest in the Ahnapee Record from 1882 to 1885; was chairman of the eighth congressional district republican committee from 1894 to 1896, and is still a member of the committee; serving his second term as chairman of county committee; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,298 votes, against 1,004 for Joseph Harris, fusion candidate of the democrats, populists and independent republicans.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895-15,016.

JAMES HERMAN AGEN (Rep.), was born April 29, 1847, in Montpelier, Vt. He removed to Wyoming county, N. Y. at an early age where he was educated in the public schools; came to Wisconsin March 10, 1887, settling at West Super-

lor, where he has since been engaged in the business of real estate, loans and fire insurance. He was president of the West Superior Chamber of Commerce in 1890-91; represented his ward as alderman in 1893-94; was president of the Douglas County Agricultural Society and also president of the Northwestern Wisconsin Fair Association in 1895-96. Mr. Agen has an enviable war record, having served two years and nine months in the First N. Y. Dragoons; he was in 42 battles, serving under Gen. Phil. Sheridan; he was wounded in the battle of Winchester in 1864. In recognition of his valiant services in the war of the rebellion, he was a made a member of Jack Adams' staff at the national encampment at Pittsburgh in 1894. During his residence in West Superior he has been recognized as an important and leading factor in the development and settlement of the great northern or "New Wisconsin." He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,038 votes over O. H. Perry, the fusion candidate, who received 1,166 votes.

Second District. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895-14,970.

JARVIS WHITE (Rep.), of South Superior, Douglas county, was born April 2, 1833, in Whiting, Addison county, Vermont, and was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in the fall of 1890, settling in South Superior; is a merchant by occupation, dealing in wall paper, paints and oils; has been alderman of the Eighth ward of Superior for two years; enlisted in the 24th Massachussetts Infantry, October 13, 1861, as private, and was promoted through the different grades to captain, was wounded in front of Richmond, in 1864, and after remaining in the hospital several months returned to Richmond, and was mustered out January 20, 1866. He was elected to the assembly from the Second District of Douglas county in 1896, receiving 2,074 votes, against 1,367 for Andrew G. Newbergh, populist.

DUNN COUNTY.

Population, 1895-25,006.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota. Enlisted in Company D, Second Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21, 1861; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga September 20, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kenesaw Mountain, when his three years' term of service expired. Was mustered out July 4, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G. Eleventh Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the post of Gallatin, Tennessee, which position he held until the close of the war; was mustered out with his regiment June 26, 1865; served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker: removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer. Has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural society. Was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and is now one of the asylum trustees. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, re-elected in 1892, again re-elected in 1894, and again reelected in 1896, receiving 3,332 votes, against 1,464, for John R. Mathews, fusion candidate of the democrats and populists, and 140 votes for O. W. Massee, prohibitionist.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour and the city of Altoona, and the First Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth, and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895-16,576.

BYRON A. BUFFINGTON (Rep.), of Eau Claire, Eau Claire county, was born November 27, 1852, in Dodge Center, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public schools of Eau Claire and Faribault Military school, at Faribault, Minnesota; has resided in Eau Claire since 1856; was engaged in general merchandising from 1874 to 1883; wholesale grocer from 1883 to 1893; president of the Chippewa Valley Bank from 1894 to 1896; director of the Valley Lumber company, and also director of the Carson-Rand Lumber company, of Eau Claire. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,178 votes, against 1,338 for Frank A. Sebenthal, the democratic, populist and prohibition-list fusion candidate.

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick (including Porters Mills village), Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta, and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895-16.596.

HORACE N. POLLEY (Rep.), of Bridge Creek, Eau Claire county, was born at Massena, St. Lawrence county, New York, March 10, 1842; was educated in the public schools of St. Lawrence county, New York, and Columbia county, Wisconsin; came west with his parents in 1848, settling at West Point, Columbia county, in this state, where he resided until 1858, when he returned to St. Lawrence county, New York, remaining there until the spring of 1861, when he returned to his former home at West Point, Wisconsin; removed to the town of Bridge Creek, Eau Claire county, in 1886, and has been a resident there since that time; is a brick mason by trade and a farmer by occupation; has been assessor of the town of Bridge Creek from 1885 to the present time; enlisted as a musician in Company "H," 11th Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry, October 24, 1861, and was honorably discharged on the twelfth day of February, 1864, at Indianola, Texas, by reason of re-enlistment as veteran volunteer under general order 191; was promoted to the position of principal musician of the same regiment February 29, 1864, and was honorably discharged September 16, 1865, at Mobile, Alabama. He was elected to the assembly from the Second district of Eau Claire county in 1896, receiving 2,245 votes, against 1,288 for Obadiah Works, democrat, populist and prohibitionist, and 1 for Mark Sebenthal.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taychedah, and the city of Fond du Lac.

Population in 1895-23,499.

LOUIE A. LANGE (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1854; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856, settling in Fond du Lac; in 1861 moved with his father's family to Milwaukee, where he was educated

in the public schools and Engleman's Academy, until he entered the law offices of John W. and A. L. Cary, at the age of 13 years, continuing his studies while messenger boy and clerk; returned to Fond du Lac in 1870; entered the printing office of Edward Beeson, attending evening school while he learned the printing business; in 1874 was city editor of La Porte (Ind.) Chronicle, and in 1877 of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth; was engaged on the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee; in 1883 bought an interest in the Reporter at Fond du Lac, establish ing a daily. In 1885 he purchased the Reporter plant; in 1894 he consolidated the Fond du Lac Journal and The Reporter, and is now proprietor of the Reporter Printing House; was appointed a director of the public library in 1891; reappointed in 1895; was elected alderman and president of the common council and board of education for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1892; appointed by Governor Peck as a member of the visiting committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1894. In the 1895 session and 1897, Mr. Lange received the complimentary vote of the minority for speaker. In the new district under the 1894 apportionment, was elected to the assembly, receiving 3,132 votes, against 2,511 votes for Jacob Waldschmidt, republican.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895-23,937.

WYNN EDWARDS (Rep.), of Rosendale, Fond du Lac county, was born November 9, 1842, in Denbighshire, North Wales, received a liberal English education in Wales, and took a business course in Bryant & Stratton's college at Chicago, Illinois; came to this country in May, 1859, settling at Rosendale, Wisconsin, which has been his residence ever since; is by occupation a farmer, and has taken an active interest in the tramp problem, and through his influence a tramp workhouse has been erected in Fond du Lac; was treasurer of the town of Rosendale seven years, and postmaster during the Harrison administration and is now serving his sixth year as chairman of the town; enlisted in Company "F," 21st Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served with General Sherman all through the Atlantic campaign, until wounded August 7, 1864, by gun shot wound; joined the regiment again at Savannah and marched through the Carolinas. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,515 votes, against 1,844 for J. William Burns, democrat, and 105 for Irving Hemmingway, prohibitionist.

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster.

Population in 1895-18,917.

THOMAS McDONALD, JR. (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born February 24, 1865, at Lancaster, Grant county, Wisconsin; was educated in the common schools and Bayless College at Dubuque, graduating from the latter institution in 1884; has always resided at Lancaster, living on a farm until twenty-six years of age; was in the mercantile business three years, since which time he has been an insurance solicitor. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,677 votes, against 1,765 for J. J. Oswald, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville.

Population in 1895-19,455.

ADELBERT L. UTT (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, was born June 11, 1856, in the town of Harris, Grant county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools and Platteville State Normal school; has always resided in Platteville; was in the furniture business in Platteville in 1893, 1894 and 1895, and is now engaged in farming and stock shipping; for the past nineteen years he has held the office of town treasurer and justice of the peace. Was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,559 votes, against 1,966 for Joseph Shepherd, democrat, scattering, 2.

GREEN COUNTY.

Population, 1895-23,420.

NATHANIEL B. TREAT (Rep.), of Monroe, was born at Orono, Maine, March 12, 1839, and received his education in the public schools of that place. He came to Wisconsin in September, 1858, and settled at Monroe where he has ever since resided. He has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1865. He served during the late war as lieutenant and captain in the Thirty-first regiment of Wisconsin volunteers from July, 1862, until the close of the war, and participated in Sherman's march to the sea. He has held the offices of alderman of Monroe and supervisor of Green county. He was chairman of the republican county committee in 1884, and has held various offices in the local post of the G. A. R. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,301 votes, against C. T. Hodges, democrat, who received 1,648; Lemuel Taylor, prohibition, 265, and W. H. Hudson, populist, 345; he was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,055 votes, against 2,394 votes for Frank H. Smock, populist; 152 votes for Alexander S. Kaye, prohibitionist; and 1 vote for Michael Joy, silver democrat.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

r'opulation, 1895-15,939.

HANS H. OLSON (Rep.), of Berdin, was born July 23, 1847, near Skien, Norway; came to this country and to Wisconsin in June, 1857; was educated in the common and Normal schools; lived in the town of Ashippen, Dodge county, from 1857 to 1861, Waushara county from 1861 to 1880, and Berlin, Green Lake county, since 1880; followed lumbering and school teaching up to 1880, and since then hotel keeping; was clerk of circuit court for Waushara county in 1877-78, clerk of the board of education of the city of Berlin from 1890 to 1893; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,090 votes, against 1,550 for Henry Volkman, democrat.

IOWA COUNTY.

Population in 1895-23,447.

WILLIAM A. JONES (Rep.), of Mineral Point, was born in South Wales, September 27, 1844, and came to Wisconsin in 1851, settling in Iowa county. He received a common school education and graduated later from the Platteville State Normal School. He is a farmer by occupation, but has taught in the schools of Iowa county and served two terms as county superintendent, and has been mayor of Mineral Point. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,829 votes, against 1,925 for A. J. Doran, democrat, 324 for Geo. E. Plant, prohibitionist, and

93 for Harvey Cushman, people's; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,263 votes, against 2,067 votes for John M. Smith, democrat and populist, and 1 vote for N. H. Snow.

JACKSON COUNTY.

Population, 1895-16,722.

ADDISON W. MERRILL (Rep.), of Alma Center, was born May 30, 1842, in Lowel, Mass.; was educated in the district school of Princeton, Green Lake county, Wis.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling in what is now Green Lake county; lived at Princeton until 1862, and since 1865 in Jackson county; is a farmer by occupation; was member of town board of Garden Valley in the years 1886–87–88–99–94 and is at present a member; has also served on Jackson county board of supervisors; has been a member of the Jackson County Soldiers' Relief Commission since 1891; in 1862 he enlisted in Co. H, 18th Wis. Inf.; was under Grant through the Vicksburg campaign and under Sherman in the Atlanta campaign; was in the famous defense of Allatoona, October 5, 1864, and marched to the sea; was discharged at Milwaukee, August 3, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,767 votes, against 751 votes for John Levis, democrat, and 1 for J. B. Miller.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord. Farmington. Hebron. Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown.

Population in 1895-18,287.

JESSE STONE (Rep.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born August 23, 1836, in Lincoln, Lincolnshire, England, and received his education in the common schools; came to this country in 1841 and to Wisconsin August 1, 1869; has always resided at Watertown, Jefferson county, and is a manufacturer by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1880 and again in 1882; was a member of the school board of the city of Watertown in 1882; was an unsuccessful candidate for the asembly in 1881 and for the state senate in 1890; was a delegate to the national convention in 1888 and also in 1892; was a member of the state central committee from 1888 until 1844. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,293 votes, against 1,526 for Thomas Shennick, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Millford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson.

Population in 1895-18,030.

GILBERT RUTHERFORD (Rep.), of Lake Mills, Jefferson county, was born January 12, 1861, in Oakland, Jefferson county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the district schools and the Lake Mills high school; has always resided in the town of Oakland and is a farmer by occupation; was assessor of the town of Oakland in 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1895; was director of the Oakland Fire Insurance company from 1893 to 1896; was an unsuccessful candidate for the office of sheriff of Jefferson county on the republican ticket in 1890, for assessor in 1892, and for chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1894; was elected school treasurer of his district in 1884, 1887, 1890, 1893 and 1896; marshal of the Jefferson county fair in 1892, and was elected member of the board of trustees of the fair association in 1894, 1895 and 1896; was a delegate to the republican state convention in Milwaukee in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,084 votes, against 2,046 for Lewis Benson, democrat.

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895-18,754.

FRANK E. HURD (Rep.), of New Lisbon, was born November 16, 1847, at Clyde, Sandusky county, Ohio, coming to Wisconsin by ox team with his parents in 1856, settling on a farm in the town of Germantown, Juneau county, where he spent five years, but moved into New Lisbon in 1861, and has resided there ever since. He was a private in Company E, Forty-first Wisconsin Volunteers, and is a member of the G. A. R. He was employed as a clerk after his discharge from the service, in 1864, until 1869, when he opened a general store, and has ever since been in a general mercantile business at New Lisbon, with a branch store at Necedah. He also operates a large farm, and is a cranberry grower. He has served several terms as mayor and alderman. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,386 votes, against 1,736 for Job N. Grant, populist and democrat, and 98 for John I. Herrick, prohibition; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,769 votes, against 1,696 votes for Freedom R. Potter, democrat, and 66 votes for Elbridge G. Dodge, prohibitionists.

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Population in 1895, 17,548.

JOHN F. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Genoa Junction, was born in the town of Randall, in Kenosha county, July 25, 1852. He received a common school education, and attended a commercial college at Rockford, Illinois, and the State Normal School at Platteville. With the exception of nine years' residence at Rockford, he has spent his entire life farming in the town of Randall. He has been chairman of the town of Randall since 1892, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,137 votes, against 1,623 for George H. Kroncke, democrat, and 91 for Larrabee, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,631 votes, against 1,814 votes for John M. Orvis, democrat; 60 votes for Robert S. Houston, national democrat, and 1 vote for — Roberts.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-17,632.

MAYNARD T. PARKER (Rep.), of Ahnapee, was born October 30, 1850, at Roxbury, N. H.; received such common school training as was obtainable in a western town from 1856 to 1867, and later attended Ripon College; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854, settling at Racine; lived at Racine in 1854-55; came with his parents to Ahnapee (then called Wolf River) April 19, 1855, where he has since resided; taught school several years; is by profession a lawyer, having been admitted to practice in October, 1879, and has since practiced his profession; was one of the editors and proprietors of the Ahnapee Record from 1881 to 1884; was city attorney and city clerk of Ahnapee several terms, mayor of the city of Ahnapee seven terms, the last ending in April, 1895; was district attorney of Kewaunee county in 1884, appointed by Governor Rusk; was a delegate from the eighth district of Wisconsin to the republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,864 votes, against 1,662 for P. H. Heffernen, democrat.

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse.

· Population in 1895—21,851.

GEORGE H. RAY (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, October 4, 1847, both his father and mother being American citizens. He was educated in the common schools at St. Stephens, and came to this country at the age of eighteen, and resided in Rockland and Gardner, Maine. During his residence at Gardner he served two years in the city council of that place. He came to Wisconsin in 1878, and has with the exception of a brief residence He served six years upon at Neillsville, resided continuously at La Crosse. the county board of La Crosse county, being for two years chairman of the board. He is a member of the board of trustees of Beloit College, president of the State Bank of La Crosse and a stockholder and director in the Gem City Saw Mill company of Quincy, Illinois. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,070 votes, against 1,536 for H. A. Pammel, democrat; 124 votes for John N. Jones, prohibitionist, and 470 for John Marquette, populist; was reelected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,291 votes, against 1,650 for R. C. Kuhn, silver democrat and populist, and 65 votes for Dr. H. C. Miller, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bangor (including village of Bangor), Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton (including West Salem village), Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onalaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse.

Population in 1895-21,759.

MARK M. BUTTLES (Rep.), of Onalaska, La Crosse county, was born April 30, 1844, in Chautauqua county, New York, and came to Wisconsin in 1845; was educated in the common schools of La Crosse county; resided in Walworth county from 1845 to 1852; in Rock county from 1852 to 1854; in La Crosse county from 1854 to 1860; was engaged in mining, railroading and cattle raising in the Western territory from 1864 to 1873, returning to La Crosse county in 1873; from 1873 to 1879 he was a dealer in lumber, grain and live stock; from 1882 to 1896 he has been a merchant and stock buyer at Onalaska; was sheriff of La Crosse county in 1880–81; served as a member of the county board in 1888, 1889, 1890, 1896; enlisted as a private in Company "A," First Wisconsin Cavalry, in 1861, and served two years, until disabled and honorably discharged. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,933 votes, against 1,579 for Frederick Schnell, democrat and populist, and 121 for Cornelius Hoffman, prohibitionist.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-21,488.

GEORGE P. SHEFFER (Rep.), of New Diggings, was born November 19, 1844, in the township of New Diggings, Lafayette county; was educated in the common schools of New Diggings; has always lived in the town of New Diggings; is by occupation a farmer; was a soldier in the late war, serving three years in Co. H, 33d Wis.; has been town treasurer of his town three times, and also member of the town board of supervisors of New Diggings; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,849 votes, against 2,269 votes for Charles Burris, democrat, and 115 votes for Nelson Ladue.

LANGLADE, FOREST AND FLORENCE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895-15,230.

GEORGE W. LATTA (Rep.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born July 29, 1851, in Bradford, Rock county. He was educated at the Albion academy, and graduated from the law school of the state university in 1874. He practiced law at Shawano until 1881, when he removed to Antigo, where he has since made his home. He was district attorney of Shawano county in 1877-78, and of Langlade county from 1881 to 1885. He was a member of the Langlade county board three years, and city attorney of Antigo one term. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,850 votes, against 1,562 for Peter McGovern, democrat, and carrying both the formerly democratic counties of the district. He was reelected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,984 votes, against John Byrne, democrat, who received 1,504 votes.

LINCOLN AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

Population, 1895-23,263.

WILLIAM H. FLETT (Rep.), of Merrill, was born May 10, 1856, in the town of Somers, Kenosha county, Wis.; was educated in common schools and University of Wisconsin; read law one year in office of Quarles & Winslow, at Racine, and graduated from the law department of the Wisconsin University in 1884; resided in Kenosha county until 1884, except while attending or teaching school; located in Merrill in 1885, where he has since resided and practiced law; was city attorney of Merrill in 1888, 1889, 1894, 1895 and 1896; was chairman of Lincoln county republican committee from 1888 to 1892, and of the ninth congressional district republican committee from 1890 to 1894; was an unsuccessful candidate for district attorney of Lincoln county in 1896 and 1890; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,071 votes, against 2,562 votes for Charles F. Groencke, democrat and populist fusion candidate.

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton and the city of Manitowoc.

Population in 1895-20,119.

CHARLES W. SWEETING (Rep.), of Clark's Mills, Manitowoc county, was born September 27, 1854, in Syracuse, New York, and received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1878; resided at Plymouth until 1882, since then at Cato, Manitowoc county; started the first successful cheese factory in the western part of the county, and has been manager of several cheese factories since that time; has been engaged in the broker business since 1884, handling butter, cheese and dairy supplies; has been president of the Manitowoc Dairy Board of Trade since 1891; has been a delegate to seventeen county conventions and member of the republican county committee for many years; was elected a delegate to the republican congressional conventions of 1892, 1894 and 1896, and to the state conventions of 1892 and 1894, and was United States census enumerator in 1890; was an unsuccessful candidate for assemblyman in 1894 in a strong democratic district; has been a progressive dairyman and active republican for many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,500 votes against 1,679 for Adolph Rodewald, democrat, and 141 for Walter Besant, populist.

Second District. The towns of Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers.

Population in 1895-20,683.

FRED C. MAERTZ (Dem.), was born February 29, 1852, in Germany, coming to Wisconsin with his parents in the same year. Settled in Milwaukee, and removed to his present home in 1858. Was educated in the common schools of Manitowoc county, and in the Spencerian business college at Milwaukee. He was a member of the district school board of Reedsville for three years, and was assessor of the town of Maple Grove from 1886 to 1890. Was chairman of Maple Grove in 1891, and has been a supervisor from Reedsville since 1893. He was a lumber manufacturer from 1873 until 1889, since which he has been a general merchant. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,597 votes against 1,523 for Chas. Sweeting, republican, and 81 for J. McCarthy, populist; was reelected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,975 votes, against 1,852 for J. R. Currens, republican, and 379 for F. Althew, populist.

MARATHON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the east ward of the city of Colby.

Population in 1895—18,174.

HENRY M. THOMPSON (Rep.), of Mosinee, Marathon county, was born December 23, 1861, in Dover, Maine, and was educated in the Milwaukee public schools and Milnor Hall, Gambia, Ohio; came to Wisconsin in 1868; resided in Milwaukee until 1888, and at Mosinee since that time; was clerk in the Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company Bank from 1882 to 1888, and has been in the lumber business at Mosinee since 1888; was supervisor from Mosinee in 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,870 votes against 1,847 for E. C. Fish, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Knonenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau.

Population in 1895-18,424.

MARK H. BARNUM (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born March 14, 1834, in Syracuse, New York; was educated in the common schools and Janesville Academy, in Onondaga county, New York; came to Wisconsin in 1855, taught school at Rosendale in 1856 and in Springvale in 1857, and moved to Wausau in the spring of 1857; was admitted to the bar in 1858; was elected district attorney of Marathon county the same year; was village clerk in 1863 and district attorney in 1871; served in the war of the rebellion from May 10, 1861, to December 2, 1862; participated in the slege of Yorktown, the battle of Williamsburg and seven days' battles before Richmond, was owner and publisher of the "Torch of Liberty" from August 9, 1877, until 1894, having established the paper in 1877. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,092 votes, against 1,922 for E. J. Anderson, democrat.

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-27,271.

GEORGE W. TAYLOR (Rep.), of Marinette, was born in Wenham, Mass., March 31, 1855, and fitted for college at the high schools of Middletown and Hartford, Conn., but preferred a business life. Has been engaged in the lumber business since 1878. He came to Wisconsin in 1890, settling at Ocento, but removing to Marinette in 1892, where he has since resided. Prior to coming to Wisconsin he resided for fourteen years at Chicago. Mr. Taylor is a lineal descendent of John Alden, of Mayflower fame. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,866 votes, against 2,059 for Amos Holgate, democrat and populist, and 139 for Jacob O. Lindern, prohibition; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 4,098 votes, against 1,991 votes for John E. Wilson, democrat.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1895—20,871,

CHARLES H. WELCH (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born May 2, 1856, at Lake Village, New Hampshire, and was educated in the public schools at Vineland, New Jersey, and Janesville, Wisconsin; resided at Janesville from 1856 to 1872, and at Milwaukee from 1877 to the present time; is by occupation a law and general stenographer; was official court reporter in the courts of the city of Milwaukee from 1887 to 1892, since which time he has been official court reporter for the First Judicial Circuit, comprising Racine, Kenosha and Walworth counties. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,949 votes, against 2,315 for Charles S. Hart, democratic and populist fusion candidate.

Second District. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-19,626.

CHARLES POLACHECK (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born April 15, 1857, in Bohemia; was educated in the Milwaukee public schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1858, settling at Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has been in the plumbing business since 1878; is president of the Masters' Plumbers Association of Wisconsin, and vice president of the Interstate League. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,895 votes, against 2,250 for Louis Wiemann, democratic-populist.

Third District. The towns of Frankin, Oak Creek and Lake, and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee, and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 29, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colorado; is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy high school board of education in 1895, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the chairmanship of the town board of Lake in the spring of 1894; was director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurane Company six

years and served as school director twelve years; is at present vice president and director of the Milwaukee and Waukesha Electric Railway Company. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,492 votes, against 1,818 for F. E. Mansfield, populist.

Fourth District. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1895—18,755.

FRANK A. ANSON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county. New York, March 8, 1844. He received a common school education. From the age of 13 to 16 he was a sailor on the lakes He then settled in Montpelier, Vt., where he engaged in clerking in a store. In 1863 he enlisted as a private in Battery "E," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol. He was promoted to regimental commissary sergeant, thence to regimental quartermaster sergeant, thence to Second Lieutenant, Battery "C," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol., thence to First Lieut. Battery "A," 1st Artillery of the same regiment; thence to adjutant of the regiment. He was mustered out of service, September 1, 1865. He served during the year 1864 and spring of 1865 in 2d Brigade (Old Vermont Brigade), 2d Division 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in battles of Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, June 18th to 20th, Fort Stevens, Petersburg, March 25th, Petersburg, April 2d, and Appomattox (Lee's Surrender), April 9th, 1865. He is a member of E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1, G. A. R., Milwaukee, also of the Commandery of Wisconsin, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States, of which he has been senior vice commander. During the years 1866-7 he was engaged in business at Whitehall, Washington county, N. Y. In 1868 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee where he has since resided. He is a wholesale grocer. He was elected to the assembly in 1894. Appointed by Gov. Peck as a member of the Legislative Visiting Committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,141 votes, against 1,466 for Samuel Isaac, democrat and populist.

Fifth' District. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-21,152.

CHARLES NATHAN FRINK (Pop.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 20, 1860, at Rochester, New York, and was educated at South Bend, Indiana, and at Valparaiso (Ind.) Normal school; came to Wisconsin in 1888, and resided at Janesville from 1888 to 1891, since which time he has lived in Milwaukee; was a traveling salesman from 1880 to 1887, and has since been engaged in the insurance business; is president and general manager of the American Casualty Association, with headquarters at Milwaukee. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,621 votes, against 2,447 for T. L. Mitchell, republican, and 39 for Carl Kowalsky, social labor.

Sixth District. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1895-24,581.

CHARLES NISS, JR. (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born June 9, 1861, in Milwaukee, and has always been a resident of the district he represents; was educated in the public schools and commercial college of Milwaukee; is a member and manager of the firm of C. Niss & Sons, established in 1867, dealers in furniture, bicycles, sash, door and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,778 votes, against 2,653 for J. F. Schindler, democrat and populist.

Seventh District. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the village of Wauwatosa.

Population in 1895-20,057.

EMERSON D. HOYT (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born March 7, 1847, at Wauwatosa, and received a common school education. He is a dealer in real estate by occupation. He was a member of the assembly in 1887, 1893 and 1895, and president of the village of Wauwatosa in 1893, 1894 and 1895; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,424 votes, against 1,362 votes for John J. Crawley, democrat.

Eighth District. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-15,618.

JOHN FREMONT BURNHAM (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 23, 1856, in Milwaukee, and was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and the College of Notre Dame, Indiana; was sheriff of Waukesha county in 1889, 1890; is senior member of the firm of J. L. Burnham's Sons, brick manufacturers; was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1884. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,197 votes, against 1,463 for Martin Peldt, democrat and populist, and 29 for Rudolph Wilke, social labor.

Ninth District. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-16,933.

REINHARD KLABUNDE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born March 14, 1858, in Germany, and received a public school education; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1867, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; is a merchant by occupation. He represented his district in the assembly in 1894, and was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,778 votes, against 1,561 for Ed. Berner, democrat and populist, and 60 for Otto Meyer, socialistic labor.

Tenth District. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-16,052.

ALBERT WOLLER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born November 17, 1861, in Milwaukee and has always been a resident of that city; received a public school education; is engaged in the insurance, loans and real estate business. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 1,871 votes, against 1,354 for Charles F. W. Maas, the fusion candidate, and 54 for Emil Kreutz, socialistic labor.

Eleventh District. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-18,643.

JULIUS FIEGE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 10, 1861, in the city of Milwaukee, and was educated in the public and parochial schools of Milwaukee, where he has always resided; is a merchant by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,898 votes, against 1,638 for August Schmidt, the fusion candidate, and 51 for W. Dobrowscky, socialist.

Twelfth District. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-26,432.

HENRY OTTO REINNOLDT (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born August 23, 1865, at Sheboygan, Wisconsin, and was educated in the Sheboygan public schools and in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy; has been in the drug business since 1881. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,317 votes, against 1,890 for O. W. Bowe, democrat and populist, and 118 for J. Moser, socialistic labor.

Thirteenth District. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population, 1895-15,291.

JOHN H. YORKEY (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born October 4, 1856, at Ava, Oneida county, New York, and was educated in private and public schools; came to Wisconsin January 2, 1885; resided at Fredonia from 1885 to 1887, and in Milwaukee from 1887 to the present time; he is a laundryman by occupation, being president of the Northwestern Laundry in Milwaukee; was chairman of the republican county committee of the thirteenth ward of Milwaukee from January, 1004, to 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,667 votes, against 1,393 for James F. Sullivan, fusion candidate, and 56 for Charles Minkley, socialistic labor.

Fourteenth District. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-17,145.

AUGUST M. GAWIN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born August 27, 1869, in Posen, Germany, and was educated in the Milwaukee public and parochial schools; came with his parents to Milwaukee April 20, 1872, and has resided there ever since; is an artist by profession and is engaged in the art glass business. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,662 votes, against 506 for Andrew Reuter, republican, and 865 for M. S. Cyborowski, populist, and 18 for Carl Bartsch, social labor.

Fifteenth District. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895-16,246.

CHARLES A. W. KRAUSS (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born October 24, 1851, in the town of Milwaukee, and was educated in the public schools and Spencerian Business College at Milwaukee, and has always resided in Milwaukee; was clerk in a loan office in Milwaukee from 1870 to 1875; was traveling agent for a Chicago house from 1875 to 1880, and is now engaged in the real estate and loan business; was justice of the peace four years, from 1881 to 1884; supervisor from the town of Milwaukee from 1887 to 1891. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,981 votes, against 1,139 for Fred. Frisch, democrat and populist, and 47 for Carl Schultz, socialistic labor.

MONROE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-26,350.

DAVID F. JONES (Rep.), of Sparta, was born May 11, 1859, in Utica, N. Y.; was educated in the district schools, Sparta schools, Galesville College and Lake

Forest University; came to Wisconsin in 1866, lived at Cambria in 1866 and 1867, at Bangor, La Crosse county, several years, and for the past fifteen years has resided at Sparta; is by profession a lawyer, having been admitted to the bar in 1884, and has since been engaged in the practice of law at Sparta; was district attorney of Monroe county from 1884 to 1890 and from 1892 to 1894, chairman of republican county committee from 1888 to 1894; unsuccessful candidate for senator in the 31st district in 1894; was a delegate from the seventh congressional district to the republican national convention in St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,598 votes, against 2,455 votes for William Hornermiller, democrat, and 14 votes for Loren Howe, populist.

OCONTO COUNTY.

Population in 1895-18,339.

LESLIE C. HARVEY (Rep.), of Oconto, was born October 25, 1869, in Green Leaf, Brown county, Wis.; was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin and Valparaiso (Ind.) College; came to Oconto county with parents at the age of three years and has resided there ever since; taught in the public schools of Oconto county until elected to the office of register of deeds in 1894; served as Columbian Guard for eight months at World's Columbian Exposition, receiving gold medal for efficient service; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,791 votes, against 1,304 votes for William Guthrie, the fusion candidate of the democrats and populists.

ONEIDA, PRICE AND VILAS COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—18,118.

GID H. CLARK (Rep.), of Rhinelander, was born January 28, 1859, at Neillsville, where he received his education; has lived at Neillsville and Rhinelander; is a hardware merchant and lumberman by occupation; he was sheriff of Oneida county in 1889 and 1890 and county treasurer in 1891 and 1892. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,584 votes, against 1,619 for Casper Faust, democrat.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville, and the city of Appleton.

Population in 1895-21,710.

BERNARD C. WOLTER (Rep.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born February 26, 1852, at Mecklenberg, Germany, and came to this country in 1854; was educated in the common schools of Outagamie county, Island City, Neenah high school, and state University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in the civil engineering department in 1875; was brought up on a farm and taught school winters while attending college; was county clerk of Outagamie county eight years; has been a dealer in agricultural implements from 1887 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,618 votes, against 2,055 for Joseph Mayor, democrat, and 88 for W. S. Lamb, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London.

Lopulation in 1895-22,694.

CHARLES CLACK (Rep.), of Freedom, Outagamie county, was born February 18, 1857, in Oxfordshire, England, and was educated in the district schools; came

to Wisconsin with his father in 1867, settling in Burnett, Dodge county, where he resided until 1878, since which time he has been a resident of the town of Freedom, Outagamie county; is a farmer and dairyman by occupation. He was chairman of the town of Freedom for seven years in succession, from 1888 until 1895, and an unsuccessful candidate for chairman in 1896; was elected a trustee of the Outagamie county asylum for chronic insane for three years, from 1895 to 1898; was treasurer of the school district from 1879 until 1896, which office he resigned to accept the office of district clerk. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,730 votes, against 2,082 for William Lamure, democrat, and 64 for Christ. A. Anderson, prohibitionist.

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-16,545.

HERMAN SCHELLENBERG (Dem.), of Horn's Corners, was born August 18, 1842, in Saxe Altenberg, Germany, coming to the United States in 1855. He was educated in the public schools of Germany. He was first employed for three years in a toy store in New York city, but came to Wisconsin in 1859 and worked as a blacksmith's apprentice until in 1861 he went to the Superior copper region, where he worked in the mines until 1865. He then operated a farm in Trenton. Washington county, until 1872, and then operated a general store in Horn's Corners, which he still conducts, together with a cheese factory, since established. He was a supervisor of Trenton in 1866 and 1867, of the town of Cedarburg. Ozaukee county, in 1872 and 1873, and chairman of said town in 1874 and 1875; has been town clerk since 1885, justice of the peace for twenty years, and postmaster of Horn's Corners post office since its establishment in 1875. He has for six years been secretary of the Cedarburg Driving Association. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,417 votes, against 743 for D. E. McGinley, republican, and 656 for Louis C. Kieker, independent democrat, being a majority over both of 18 votes; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,835 votes, against 1,505 for William H. Rintelmann, republican, and 212 for F. X. Kloety, populist.

PIERCE COUNTY.

Population in 1895-23,040.

GEORGE E. PRATT (Rep.), of River Falls, was born March 8, 1843, at Braintree, Vermont; was educated in the common schools of River Falls; came to Wisconsin in 1854; has been engaged in the meat business 25 years; has been city treasurer of the city of River Falls and member of the county board of supervisors of Pierce county; has lived in River Falls since he was eleven years of age; enlisted in the 64th III. Regt. in 1863 and served till the close of the war in the western army under Gen. Sherman; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,713 votes, against 1,396 for Frank Alexander, democrat, and 177 for Loyal B. Walker, prohibitionist.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point.

Population in 1895-14,442.

PATRICK HENRY CASHIN (Dem.), of Stevens Point, Portage county, was born April 4, 1851, in the town of Granville, Milwaukee county, and was educated in the district school of Granville; resided in Granville from birth until 1877, and at Stevens Point from 1882 to the present time; was a carpenter and

contractor until 1877, then engaged in the barber and city express business until 1882, when he embarked in the barber and liquor business, from which he retired November 30, 1896; was alderman from 1886 to 1892, president of the Stevens Point city council in 1892, and was nominated for mayor in 1892, and alderman in 1896, but was defeated. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,914 votes, against 1,378 for A. R. Week, republican.

Second District. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton.

Population in 1895-14,089.

PETER N. PETERSON (Rep.), of Amherst, Portage county, was born May 1, 1850, at Arendahl, Norway, and came to this county and to Wisconsin in 1856. He was educated in the Milwaukee public schools, the German and English Academy, and the Lutheran College at Marshall, Dane county; resided in Milwaukee from 1856 until 1872, and in Amherst from 1872 to the present time; salled on the lake from 1865 until 1872, clerking in a store during the winter; was engaged in the mercantile business from 1873 to 1884, and in the produce and implement business from 1885 to 1896; was town treasurer of Amherst from 1875 until 1878, re-elected in 1880 and 1896; has held the office in all about fifteen years. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,142 votes, against 951 for John Een, democrat.

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the City of Racine.

Population in 1895-21,463.

WILLIAM T. LEWIS (Rep.), of Racine, was born March 10, 1840, in Utica, Oneida county, N. Y.; was educated in Utica; came to Wisconsin in October, 1855, settling at Racine, which has since been his place of residence; is a telegraph operator and served as military operator in 1864 at Etowal and Cartersville, Ga., until Sherman marched to the sea. In 1864 he formed a co-partnership with Mr. Mitchell, which corporation at present is styled the Mitchell & Lewis Co., manufacturers of vehicles. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in Minneapolis in 1892; was president of the Baptist state convention in 1891–2; was nominated for state senator in 1884, but was defeated by the landslide that carried others also along into the gulf; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,049 votes, against 2,222 for Andreas Hanson, democrat, and 73 for William R. Taylor, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine.

Population in 1895-19,647.

THOMAS H. MOSHER (Rep.), was born February 17, 1834, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1841 and settled in what was then Milwaukee county. At the age of 16 he began life in the pine woods of northern Wisconsin, where he earned sufficient money to give himself the best common school and business college education the country then afforded. He then went south, entering the employ of the Louisiana Stock Co., with which concern he remained for three years, traveling through all the southern states, Mexico and the West India Islands. He then commenced merchandising in Louisiana on

his own account, but upon the breaking out of the war, he left there and came back to Wisconsin in 1860. He offered the recruiting officer \$200 to permit him to enlist in the army, but was refused owing to having lost part of one hand. He entered the government employ, however, serving in the quartermaster's department until near the close of the war, when he started an extensive mercantile establishment at Montgomery, Ala. Disposing of his interests there in 1866, he came home and purchased a large farm near Milwaukee; he entered mercantile life again at Kneeland, which has been his home ever since, merchandising and farming being his occupations. For many years he was one of the most extensive dairymen in the state. For more than thirty years he has been very prominent in the politics of Racine county, taking an active part in all campaigns, but always refusing office himself until 1896, when he was elected to represent the second assembly district of Racine county (a democratic district) by a majority of 648 votes, receiving 2,606 votes, against 1,920 for Batty Gleason, democrat, and 157 for John Rhodes, prohibitionist.

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Population in 1895-19,619.

WILLIAM M. FOGO (Rep.), of Richland Center, was born June 18, 1841, in Columbiana county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin with his parents in the year 1853, settling in the town of Marshall, Richland county; has been editor and publisher of the Republican Observer, of Richland Center, since 1873; he enlisted in Co. F, 2d Wis. Vol. Cavalry, December 10, 1861, serving one year; re-entered the army in 1864 as sergeant major of the 42d Wis. Vol. Infantry and served until mustered out at the close of the war; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,540 votes, against 2,133 for F. O. Smith, democrat and populist, and 158 for John Maly, prohibitionist.

ROCK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville.

Population in 1895-16,084.

WILLIAM G. WHEELER (Rep.), of Janesville, Rock county, was born November 11, 1861, in the town of La Prairie, Rock county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the district and high schools of Rock county, graduating from the Janesville high school April 22, 1881; in December, 1881, he entered the law office of Winans and Fethers as a student and read law until August 24, 1884, when he was admitted to the bar; has always resided at Janesville, from September 24, 1884, to June 6, 1885, he was deputy clerk of the circuit court of Rock county; was clerk of the circuit court from June 6, 1885, to January, 1887, since which time he has practiced law in Janesville; was district attorney of Rock county from January, 1891, to January, 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,235 votes, against 1,499 for John Winans, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Forter and Union and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton.

Population in 1895-16,238.

ABNER S. FLAGG (Rep.), of Edgerton, was born Dec. 13, 1851, at Princeton, New Jersey. He was educated in the public school at Lancaster, Wis. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1855, and settled at Lancaster, and con-

tinued to reside there until 1874, when he went to Yankton, Dakota. He remained there until 1879, and then moved to Wisconsin, and settled at Edgerton, and is engaged in the leaf tobacco business. He was mayor of Edgerton for two years, and a member of the county board of supervisors of Rock county for three years, and was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,48 votes over D. E. Thorpe, the democratic candidate, who received 1,182 votes.

Third District. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring-valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit.

Population in 1895-16,092.

CHARLES W. MERRIMAN (Rep.), of Beloit, Rock county, was born June 19. 1856, in Beloit, Rock county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public and high school of Beloit, graduating from the latter institution in 1874; also graduated from the classical course of Beloit College in 1878, receiving the degree of M. A. in 1879; graduated from the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago in 1889; was principal of the Danville Academy at Danville, Quebec, during the year 1878-79, and was principal of the high school at Evansville, Wisconsin, from 1879 to 1885; from 1885 to 1887 he was principal of the high school at Beloit; from 1889 to 1890 he practiced medicine at Wabash, Indiana; has been engaged in the practice of medicine at Beloit from 1890 to the present time. In 1890 he was elected city superintendent of the public schools of Beloit, which position he still holds; from 1891 to 1894 he served in the common council as alderman from the second ward; has been health officer of Beloit from 1894 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,157 votes, against 928 for Charles Jones, democrat and populist, 3 for Halvor Cleophas and 2 for John Winans.

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Population in 1895-25,870.

HANS BORCHSENIUS (Rep.), of Baldwin, was born September 19, 1832, at Nestved, Denmark; was educated in the Nestved high school and academy; came to this country July 15, 1856, and to Wisconsin on August 15 of the same year; lived in Madison from 1856 to April 17, 1877, and since that time in Baldwin, St. Croix county; from 1856 to 1860 his occupation was that of a printer, editor and publisher; from 1860 to 1863, soldier; from January, 1863, to January, 1869, clerk of land office; from 1869 to 1873, county clerk of Dane county; from 1874 to 1875, proprietor of Capitol House, Madison; in 1873, U. S. gauger; was admitted to the bar of Dane county in 1876, and has since conducted a real estate and law business at Baldwin; was editor and publisher of the North Star at Madison in 1858-59, and of the Wisconsin Banner in 1872; was state agent on Chippewa and Menomonie rivers from January, 1874, to June 1, 1878; president of the village of Baldwin three years; member of county board of supervisors of St. Croix county two years; from October, 1891, to May 20, 1893, was chief of the internal revenue office in the treasury department at Washington, D. C.; he was elected to the assembly from St. Croix county in 1896, receiving 3,315 votes, against 2,627 for William C. Bradley, democrat and populist, and 149 for Elisha G. Partridge, prohibitionist.

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac, and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo.

Population in 1895-16,523.

JOHN M. TRUE (Rep.), of Baraboo, was born in Moultonboro, Carroll county, N. H., in 1838; received an academic education at New Hampton, N. H., and for

several years taught in the schools of New York, Massachusetts and Maine, came to Wisconsin in 1866, settling upon a farm in Greenfield, Sauk county; engaged in farming and teaching, at the same time serving as town clerk or supervisor until 1874, when he was elected register of deeds of Sauk county, a position he held for six years. In the meantime, he moved to the city of Baraboo, purchased a farm in the suburbs and engaged in the raising of fine stock; he has been eight years assessor of the city of Baraboo, six years supervisor of his ward, and is serving his second year as chairman of the county board of supervisors; has been for over twenty years officially connected with the Sauk County Agricultural society, and was four years secretary of the State Agricultural society; it was during his term of service that the present State Fair grounds were purchased and fitted up. He was regent of the State University from 1889 to 1892, being chairman of farm committee and a member of the executive committee during that time; is a member of the Baraboo board of education, a position he has held continuously for fifteen years; has been actively engaged in Farm Institute work almost from its inception, most of the time acting as a conductor; was for several years chairman of the republican county committee of Sauk county; he was elected to the assembly to represent the first district of Sauk county in 1896, receiving 2,540 votes, against 1,009 votes for James S. Weaver, democrat, and 183 votes for Richard B. Griggs, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green (including village of Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg).

Population in 1895-16,396.

JOHN E. MORGAN (Rep.), of Spring Green, Sauk county, was born June 14, 1847, at Coalport, Meigs county, Ohio; was educated in the public schools of Spring Green and Spring Green Academy; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1854, residing twenty-four years in the township of Spring Green and eighteen years in Spring Green village; taught school winters and farmed summers from 1867 to 1874; was a farmer from 1874 to 1878, since which time he has been engaged in shipping hogs, cattle and sheep to Milwaukee and Chicago; was deputy sheriff from 1887 to 1892; president of the board of education from 1890 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,048 votes, against 1,582 for Henry W. Sorge, democrat.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

Population in 1895-22,573.

OTIO A. RISUM (Rep.), of Pulcifer, was born February 23, 1835, in Christiana. Norway; was educated in the Christiana high school; came to this country July 3, 1855, landing in Boston, Mass.; came to Wisconsin in November, 1856; resided at Spring Valley, Rock county, from November, 1856, to October 13, 1861, and from February 15, 1865, to May 1, 1873; since that time he has resided at Pulcifer: was a farmer from November, 1856, to October, 1861; soldier from October, 1861. to February 13, 1865; farmer from close of war until May, 1870, and merchant from May, 1870, to March, 1896; was chairman of the town board of Green Valley from 1873 to 1876; delegate to the state and congressional republican conventions three times; was an unsuccessful candidate for member of assembly on the republican ticket in 1882; enlisted in the 15th Regt. Wis. Vols. on October 13, 1861, and was promoted to lieutenant and adjutant September 24, 1864, and was honorably discharged at Chattanooga, February 13, 1865; is a member of the Loyal Legion and Grand Army of the Republic; was elected to the assembly in 1896. receiving 2,995 votes, against 1,503 for Otto O. Wiegand, democrat, and 144 for Charles A Horgert, populist.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895-16,647.

CHRISTIAN ACKERMAN (Rep.), of Sheboygan, was born in the city of Ottendorf, Hanover, Germany, September 4, 1850. He received his education in the common schools of his native city and came to Chicago in 1869. He located in Sheboygan in 1874, and has since resided there. By occupation he is a mason contractor and manufacturer of brick. He was a member of the board of supervisors in his county from 1884 to 1888, and was one of the incorporators of the Sheboygan mutual building and loan association, and has been one of its directors since 1885. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,412 votes, against 1,216 for H. Mueller, democrat, and 589 for Wm. Schultz, populist; he was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,192 votes, against 1,124 for Charles Dean, democrat and populist.

Second District. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895-16,089.

WILLIAM F. SIEKER (Rep.), of Franklin postoffice, town of Herman, Sheboygan county, was born January 28, 1849, in Lippe, Detwold, Germany, and was educated in the private and public schools; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1849; has since resided in the town of Herman, Sheboygan county; is a farmer by occupation; was town clerk of Herman in 1879, and chairman of the town board from 1887 to 1896. Was elected to the assembly in 1894, and reelected in 1896, receiving 2,049 votes, against 1,235 for Frank Wedel, democrat and populist.

Third District. The towns of Greenbush (including village of Greenbush), Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake, and the city of Plymouth.

Population in 1895-15,660.

GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), of Rhine, was born on the farm where he now lives in the year 1848. He received a common school education, and has always been a farmer. Has been for several years chairman of his town and of the county board, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 2,291 votes, against 1,314 for Henry W. Fischer.

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,963.

JOSEPH BARNES BEACH (Rep.), of Whitehall, was born May 12, 1853, in Charlotte, Chittenden county, Vermont; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin with his parents in the spring of 1866; he resided on a farm until nearly 21 years of age, when he entered the office of the Galesville Jour-

nal and learned the printer's trade; in 1873 he established the Galesville Independent under the auspices of the Galesville Printing Association; he conducted that journal one year, then went to La Crosse and started the North La Crosse Star, remaining as one of the proprietors of that paper about two years; he became interested in the Whitehall Times in December, 1880, and has been sole editor and proprietor thereof since 1885; has been chairman of the republican county committee of Trempealeau county continuously since 1884, which position he still holds; he was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,322 votes against 1,408 for Albert J. Bautch, democrat and populist.

VERNON COUNTY.

Population in 1895-27,035.

EMILUS S. GOODELL (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born May 3, 1848, in Oswego county, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools of Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in April, 1851; resided four years in Green Lake county and forty-one years in Vernon county; is a liveryman by occupation; has been sheriff, supervisor and chairman of the county board of Vernon county for the past four years; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 4,264 votes, against 1,761 for Chris. Ellefson, fusion candidate; 1 vote for E. W. Shreve and 1 vote for E. W. Wernick.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

First District. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn, and the city of Whitewater.

Population in 1895-14,338.

WILLIAM HENRY HURLBUT (Rep.), of Elkhorn, Walworth county, was born January 8, 1837, at Venice, in Cayuga county, New York. Was educated at Groton Academy, Groton, New York, and at Cortland Academy, Homer, New York; graduated from the Eclectic Medical Institute at Cincinnati, Ohio, in February, 1868. Came to Wisconsin in 1856, settling at Clinton, Rock county, where he resided until 1865; lived at Beloit from January, 1865, until April, 1867; at Elkhorn, Walworth county, since July, 1870; was engaged in teaching school and farming until January, 1865; in the grocery business while in Beloit, and in the practice of medicine since March, 1868. He was supervisor from Elkhorn in 1879; United States Examining Surgeon for pensions since 1877, and attending physician at the Walworth County Insane Asylum since 1883. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,510 votes, against 884 for David W. Agnew, democrat, 157 for William B. Ellis, prohibitionist, and 90 for George Chaffee, populist.

Second District. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien (including Darien village), Delavan (including Delavan village), Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon (including Sharon village), Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva.

Population, 1895-14,824.

LEONARD C. CHURCH (Rep.), of Walworth, Walworth county, was born January 31, 1846, in Walworth, Walworth county; was educated in the district schools and at Allen's Grove Academy; is by occupation a farmer and dairyman, and also a breeder of Jersey cattle; has always lived in Walworth county, with the exception of three years spent in Chicago in the commission business; he enlisted in the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, Company "L," October 21, 1861, and

was mustered out in February, 1865; was elected county treasurer on the republican ticket in 1886, and re-elected in 1889-90, serving three terms; was appointed one of the Soldiers' Relief Commission in 1890, and re-appointed in 1893, serving as secretary of the commission; has been a member of the republican county committee for the past six years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,788 votes against 866 for Augustus P. Deignan, democrat, 169 for William C. Deane, prohibitionist, and 60 for Peter J. Miserez, populist.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Population in 1895-24,077.

WILLIAM H. FROEHLICH (Rep.), of Jackson, was born at Jackson, his present home, June 22, 1857. He was educated in the public, private and parochial schools of the town of Jackson, and graduated at the Spencerian Business College at Milwaukee. He was employed as a clerk at Milwaukee from 1874 to 1877, as assistant bookkeeper for T. A. Chapman Company from 1878 to 1880, and has been a dealer in general merchandise and grain at Jackson since June 1, 1880. He was postmaster at Jackson from 1881 to 1893, has been justice of the peace since 1887, member of the school board since 1891, and was elected town clerk in 1893, and re-elected in 1894, 1895 and 1896, without opposition. He was nominated for the assembly in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate; but was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,310 votes, against 2,200 for Herman Karten, democrat; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,845 votes, against 2,463 votes for George W. Jones, democrat.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha, and the city of Waukesha.

Population in 1895-18,215.

DELBERT K. SMITH (Rep.), of Big Bend, was born at Big Bend, November 15, 1862. He was educated in the district schools, at Rochester seminary, and at the state university. He is and has been a farmer since his graduation. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,207 votes, against 1,528 for Frederick Classen, democrat, 101 for Hazlett, prohibition, and 74 for Babeock, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,637 votes, against 1,685 for Math. J. Regan, democrat, and 84 votes for W. H. Stockman, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Delafield (including Delafield village), Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee (including Menononee Falls village), Merton, Oconom-woc, Pewaukee (including Pewaukee village), Summit and the city of Oconomowoc.

Population in 1895-18,347.

OMER L. ROSENKRANS (Rep.), of Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, was born April 16, 1843, at Cohocton, New York, and was educated in the common schools, the Columbus high school and Rogersville academy; came to Wisconsin in 1857; resided at Columbus from 1857 to 1867; at Berlin, from 1867 to 1869; at Milwaukee, from 1869 to 1873, and at Oconomowoc since that time; is a merchant, mechanic and farmer by occupation; has done considerable writing for the press and has taken an active interest in the good roads movement in Wisconsin; represented his district in the assembly in 1891, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1892. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,671 votes, against 1,583 for Edw. M. Solverson, and 81 for C. J. Will

WAUPACA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf (including Hartland village), Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia, Manawa, Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca.

Population in 1895—16,222.

OLE C. SETHER (Rep.), was born March 10, 1848, in the town of Merton, Waukesha county. He moved to Waupaca county in 1853, at the age of five years, and has ever since been a resident of the county he represents. He was educated in the common schools of Waupaca county. He is a farmer by occupation and also deals in timber lands. He was elected sheriff of Waupaca county in 1886 and served two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,077 votes, against H. Lindow, democrat, who received 730 votes, and S. A. Bannington, prohibitionist, who received 123 votes.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola (including Iola village), Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, and the city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London.

Population in 1895—14,571.

ANDREW JENSEN (Rep.), of Ogdensburg, Waupaca county, was born June 2, 1852, near the city of Copenhagen, Denmark; was educated in the common schools of Denmark and Ogdensburg, Wisconsin; came to this country with his parents in 1867, locating at Neenah in this state; lived at Ogdensburg from November, 1867, until 1884, when he moved to a farm in the township of Helvetia, his present home; began the business of lumbering in 1871, and is a lumberman and farmer by occuration; has held various town and school offices. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,332 votes, against 791 for G. Sullivan, democrat.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Population in 1895-15,355.

WILLIAM HUGHES (Rep.), of Aurora, was born August 11, 1841, in the county of Radner, Wales, and was educated in the common schools of that county; he came to this country and to Wisconsin in May, 1869, and has resided in the town of Aurora, Waushara county, ever since; is a farmer by occupation; served as chairman of the town board of his town from 1889 to 1895; was elected chairman of the county board in 1892 and re-elected in 1893; is a stockholder in and treasurer of the Waushara Dairymen's Association, and has taken an active interest in dairy and agricultural progress in his county. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,207 votes, against 442 for John Morrisey, democrat, and 107 for J. L. Evans, prohibitionist.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

First District. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895—19,372.

GEORGE A. BUCKSTAFF (Rep.), was born at Oshkosh, December 22, 1861. He prepared for college in the public schools of Oshkosh, and attended the Wisconsin State University in the civic-historical course from 1882 to 1885. He graduated from Columbia Law school and from the University of Wisconsin Law school in 1886. Upon his admission to the bar in 1886, he entered the Buck-

staff-Edwards Company, manufacturers of caskets and chairs at Oshkosh, and has ever since been manager of the chair department and secretary of the company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, from the 3d district, receiving 2,749 votes over Leo L. Larrabee, democrat, who received 1,036 and Nick Becker, populist, who received 252. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, from the 1st district, receiving 2,487 votes, against 2,042 for D. W. Fernandez, democrat. He was elected speaker of the assembly, session of 1897, receiving 91 out of 100 votes cast.

Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah.

Population in 1895-19,372.

SILAS BULLARD (Rep.), of Menasha, was born December 9, 1841, at Green. field, Franklin county, Massachusetts. He attended the common schools in Massachusetts, Power's institute, Bernardstown, Massachusetts and Bridgeton academy at Bridgeton, Maine; working on a farm to earn his way through He came to Wisconsin August 4, 1871, settling at Menasha, where he has ever since resided. In 1873 and 1874, he was part owner of the Menasha Press. He studied law at Portland, Maine, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. He was superintendent of the Menasha schools for six years; mayor of Menasha in 1881-2, county supervisor for seven years; city attorney 1882-3, and since 1893. Was district attorney from January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1889, and has held various other offices. He is a lawyer, banker and manufacturer, being secretary and treasurer of the Paul Paper company and vice-president of the First National bank of Menasha. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,821 votes, against 1,415 for M. M. Schoetz, democrat, and 309 for Sam'l Neff, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,250 votes, against 1,885 for Jens P. Jasperson, democrat and populist.

Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro (including village of Omro), Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895-18,883.

FRANK TYLER TUCKER (Rep.), of Omro, in said county, was born in Macon, Lenawee county, Michigan, June 11, 1864; came to Omro, Wisconsin, in 1869; is the son of Dr. E. L. Tucker, lieutenant of Fourth Michigan cavalry, who was killed at Chattanooga, and of Mary F. Tucker, the well-known authoress; received a common and high school education and then attended the Northern Indiana Normal School, from which he graduated in 1866; for one year he was principal of schools at Winneconne and for four years was principal of the high school at Omro; was admitted to the bar in 1888, and intends to make law his profession, was elected to the assembly in 1892 and again in 1896, receiving at the last election 2,810 votes, against 1,587 for his opponent, Geo. C. Cornish, democrat.

WOOD COUNTY.

Population in 1895-21,637.

HERMAN C. WIPPERMAN (Rep.), of Grand Rapids, was born in the town of Mosel, Sheboygan county, July 28, 1853. He received a common school education; is a lawyer by profession, having graduated from the law department of the state university with the class of 1889. In 1873 he removed from Mosel to Chilton, in Calumet county, where he remained until 1891, when he located at Grand Rapids. Aside from minor town offices to which he was chosen, he was city attorney of Grand Rapids from 1893 to 1894; was nominated by the republicans of Calumet county for district attorney in 1890, but falled of election. He was a member of the assembly in 1895, and was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,657 votes, against 2,014 for James K. P. Hiles, democrat, and 1 for E. C. Yant, prohibitionist.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER, of Mondovi, Buffalo county, chief clerk of the senate, was born May 6, 1855, at Tidioute, Pennsylvania, and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He received a common school and academic education. Le first settled in Pierce county where he resided until 1870, when he removed to Pepin county, where he remained until 1874, when he returned to Pierce county for a short time. Since 1875 he has resided in Mondovi. He is editor of the Mondovi Herald. Has been justice of the peace, municipal judge for five years, and mayor. At the session of the legislature of 1895, he was chosen chief clerk of the senate, having been nominated by acclamation in the republican caucus; he was re-elected chief clerk in 1897, receiving 30 of the 31 votes cast.

CHARLES A. PETTIBONE, Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, Wisconsin, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was born in the town of Hartsville, Steuben county, New York, May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; published the New London News at New London, in 1874, and The Telephone, at Mayville, in 1877, and is at present editor and proprietor of the Oconomowoc Republican; enlisted August 15, 1861, in Company C, First Wisconsin cavalry; served as a private, second lieutenant and captain, acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the thirteenth district in 1886, for four years. Was chairman of the committee on Printing in the 38th session. In 1895 and 1897 he was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the senate by acclamation, receiving the nomination in the republican caucuses by acclamation.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

WINSLOW A. NOWELL, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, was born at Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 31, 1840. He received a common school and academic education. Was in business employment as bookkeeper and cashier in the city of New York from 1856 until 1863, removing to Milwaukee during the latter year and engaging in mercantile business, and subsequently in paper manufacturing. His present occupation is that of a journalist. He was an alderman in 1872, commissioner of public works from 1873 to 1876, deputy United States marshal from 1878 to 1880, and postmaster at Milwaukee, by appointment of President Harrison, from Oct. 1, 1889, to Dec. 31, 1893. From 1885 to 1889 he was secretary of the Republican State Central committee. He was chief clerk of the session of 1877, and was again elected to that position in 1895 and re-elected in 1897.

CHARLES M. HAMBRIGHT (Rep.), of Racine, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, was born in Racine county, July 7, 1845, and received his education in the public schools. He resided in Dodge county from 1849 to 1867, and for three years in the seventies, but with those exceptions, has spent his entire life in Racine. He has for a number of years been traveling for the Racine woolen mills, and is a stockholder and secretary of that company. He enlisted for one year in March, 1865, and was discharged in the following June. He was an alderman of Beaver Dam in 1876 and 1877, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,119 votes against 1,185 for Peter Galloway, democrat, 1,288 for Andrew Hanson, populist, and 113 for J. B. Corse, prohibition. He was elected sergeant at-arms of the assembly at the present session, receiving 90 out of a total of 99 votes cast.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSODAY, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pennsylvania, and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pennsylvania. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wisconsin, and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, November 11, he was appointed by Governor William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Chief Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born October 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, New York. He graduated at Racine college, Wisconsin, in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

SILAS U. PINNEY was born in Rockdale, Crawford county, Penn., March 3, 1833. In 1846 his father moved with his family to Dane county, Wisconsin, settling in what is now the town of Windsor. The country was then new and sparsely settled..He attended the common schools and received the benefit of some private instruction. At the age of seventeen years he taught district school, and while working on a farm he began reading text-books of law. In 1853 he entered the law office of Vilas & Remington, in Madison, as a student. In February, 1854, he was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in the practice until his entry upon judicial labors in 1892. In 1858 he was attorney for the city of Madison; in 1865 member of the city council; in 1869 he was the democratic candidate for attorney general; in 1874 he was mayor of Madison; re-elected mayor in 1875 without opposition, and was elected member of the assembly the same year. He prepared the 16th volume of Wisconsin Reports in 1865; in 1870 he was appointed special reporter of the supreme court to report for publication the decisions of the territorial supreme court. He was elected justice of the supreme court in April, 1891, and entered upon his duties January 5, 1892; for several years, while in practice, he was lecturer in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin.

ALFRED W. NEWMAN, associate justice, was born April 5, 1834, at Durham, Greene county, New York, and graduated from Hamilton college at Clinton, Oneida county, New York, with the class of 1857. He came to Wisconsin the following year, and after a brief residence at Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, removed to Trempealeau, Trempealeau county, where he resided until he was elected associate justice. He was county judge of Trempealeau county from 1860 to 1867, district attorney from 1867 to 1876, excepting during the years 1871 and 1872, was a member of the assembly in 1863, state senator in 1868 and 1869, and was circuit judge of the sixth circuit from June, 1876, to October, 1893. He was elected associate justice of the supreme ccurt to succeed Hon. William P. Lyon, in April, 1893, receiving 123,476 votes, against 73,803 for Charles M. Webb.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL was born December 27, 1847, in Nashau, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled at Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Sauk county, until 1872, and since that time at Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; was county judge of Chippewa county from 1876 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1895, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased.

HEADS OF INSTRUCTIONAL FORCE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D., President of the University of Wisconsin, was born January 24, 1835, at Derby, Vermont; graduated at the University of Michigan; pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1862; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1886; was student in University of Michigan from 1857 to 1862; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1862 to 1867; professor of history from 1867 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1885 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1892; president of Am. Historical Association, 1890; president of North Central Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, 1896; is the author of Democracy and Monarchy in France, 1872, German edition, 1874; Manual of Historical Literature, 1882, 3rd edition, 1898; British Orations, 3 vols., 1883; Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works, 1892; editor in chief of Johnson's Universal Cyclopaedia, 8 vols., 1895.

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born near Edwardsville, Madison county, Illinois, April 11, 1834; graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was appointed instructor in 1861; was a regent of the university in 1866, appointed full professor—the first from the Alumni—in 1867, and vice-president in 1885; has been connected with the university over thirty years; several addresses of his read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have also been prepared, but have not yet been published.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born September 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoölogy at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year of 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879, and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science. His papers are scientific papers, mainly in the Archiv für Physiologie, the Biologisches Centrallblatt, and the Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that in

stitution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1879 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and '80 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell university. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887 was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspondent for the Breeders' Gazette, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiloing of fedders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment station, under his direction, has issued thirteen annual reports and fifty-five bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, pullshed by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1895, he prepared a hand book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of 40 pages showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root.

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, N. Y., April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1876-79; student at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-86; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-88; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications-French and German Socialism in Modern Times, New York, 1883; The Past and the Present of Political Economy, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Japan, 1888; Taxation in American States and Cities, New York, 1888; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1894; Problems of Today, New York, 1888; Social Aspects of Christianity, New York, 1889; also London, 1894; An Introduction to Political Economy, New York and London, 1891; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1890; Outlines of Economics (College edition), New York, 1893; Socialism and Social Reform, New York and London, 1894; the Social Law of Service, New York, 1896. Frequent contributions to the North American Review, the Forum, Harper's Magazine, the Century, Outlook, Harper's Weekly, the Independent, etc.

FREDERICK ENGENE TURNEAURE, C. E., chairman of the Board of Engineers, was born July 30, 1866, near Freeport, Illinois. He was prepared for college at the Freeport high school, and graduated from Cornell university in 1889, where he held a university scholarship. From 1889 until 1890 he was engaged with the C. & O. Ry. Co. on surveys in Virginia and with the Norfolk & Western R. R. on construction in Kentucky. In the fall of 1890 he was elected to a fellowship at Cornell university, but soon resigned to accept a position as instructor at Washington university, Mo. In 1892 he was made professor of Bridge and Hydraulic Engineering at the University of Wisconsin.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the University

sity of Michigan, 1878. Assistant engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-85. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Visited the principal European observatories, 1890 and 1894. Published five volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory. Method of Least Squares, 1889. Numerous scientific papers in the Astronomical Journal, Sidereal Messenger, Astronomy and Astro-Physics, Astronomische Nachrichten, Astrophysical Journal, etc.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, was born January 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittendon county, Vt. He received an academic education in the New Hampshire Institute, spending two years in the classical department; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe. Was engaged in the practice of law at Monroe until the rebellion broke out, when he enlisted as a private in Company C, Third Wisconsin Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years, first as lieutenant, and in 1862 became adjutant of his regiment under Colonel, now General Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fiftieth Wisconsin Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild. At the expiration of Governor Fairchild's administration in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again became adjutant-general under Governor Ludington, was reappointed by Governor Smith, in 1878, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed with W. F. Vilas to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884 was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, which position he held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. He has been a fertile writer on subjects relating to his profession. In 1869, associated with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice department he edited the Postal Guide, and compiled a volume of postal laws and regulations and a manual of instructions to postoffice inspectors. He is the author of several works on legal subjects: The Wisconsin Justice, a manual for justices of the peace (1884), Code Pleading (1894), Elementary Law (1895), Code Forms for use in Wisconsin, besides various notes of lectures. His military experiences are recorded in the History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, written by him, published in 1891. He has been president of the Commissioners of Fisheries since 1893. During the past year he has written a history of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, for the Green Bag, a law magazine published in Boston.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, was born at Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., August 27, 1851. He removed to Madison, Wis., with his father (the late Hon. J. C. Gregory) in 1858. Graduated with honor at the University of Wisconsin in 1871, taking the Latin salutatory, and a year later graduated in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin. Studied law with the firm of Gregory & Pinney, composed of his father and Mr. Justice Pinney, now of the supreme court of Wisconsin, and became junior partner of the firm. Later was a member of firms of Gregory & Gregory, and of Gregory, Bird & Gregory. He for years held an annual retainer from C., M.

& St. P. Ry. Served three years as alderman of the city of Madison (1882-3-4), one year as a member of the Board of Education, and one year as president of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin. Edited The Tariff Reform Advocate in 1888, and has published articles in old Scribner's Magazine, Littell's Living Age, Overland Monthly, Harper's Weekly, Outing, Youth's Companion, New York Nation, New York Evening Post, New York Independent, Harvard Law Review, The London Law Times and The Legal Advisor, and many western newspapers and publications. Has also published pamphlets on "The Corrupt Use of Money in Elections, and Laws for Its Prevention," and given addresses in New York, Chicago and elsewhere on the topic. He has long been a member of the General Committee of the National Civil Service Reform Association, and is president of the Wisconsin Civil Service Reform Association, and also a member of the American Bar Association. He was elected to his present position in the faculty in June, 1894.



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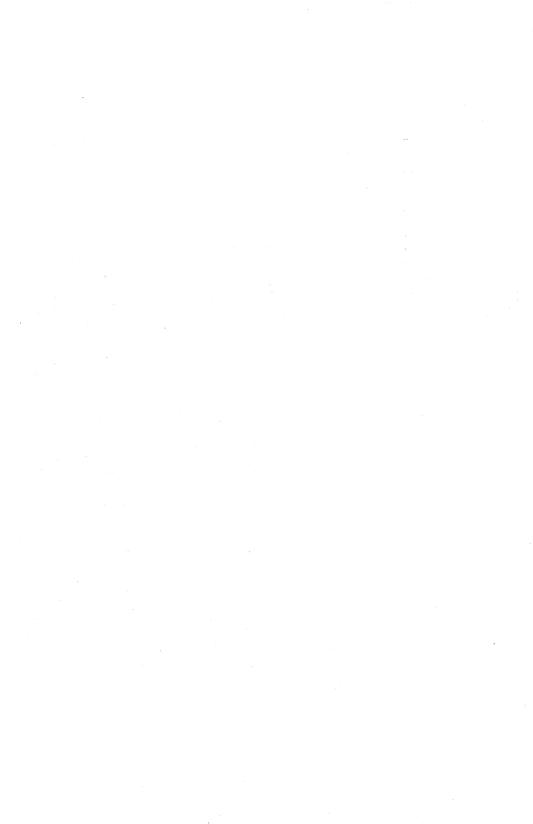
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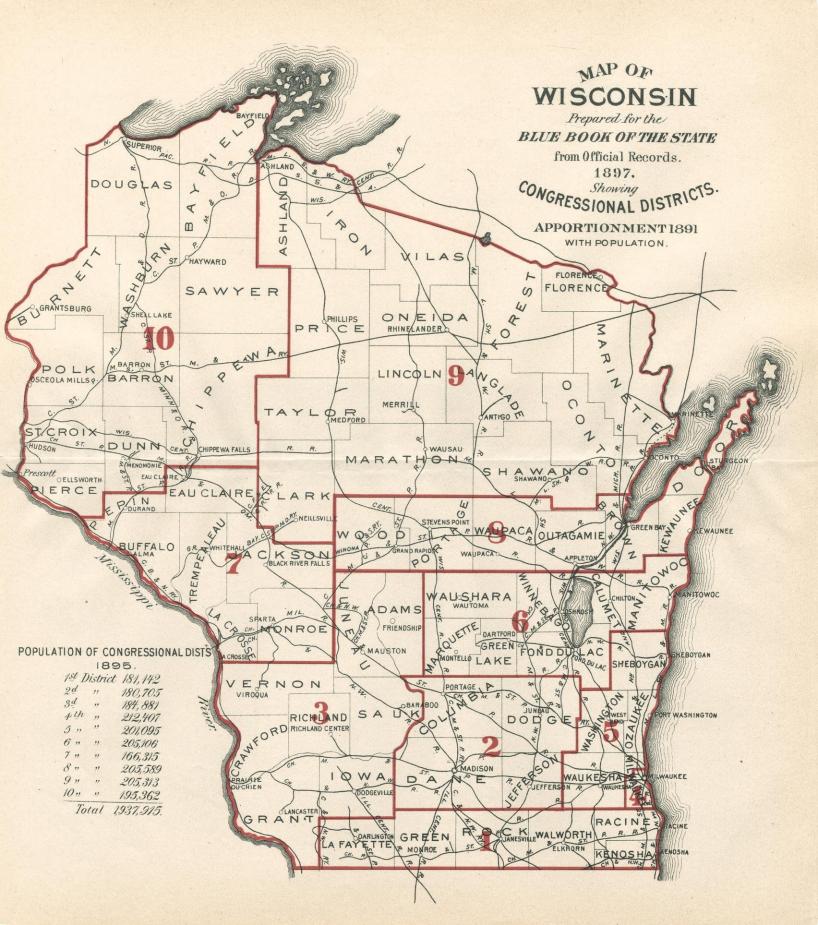
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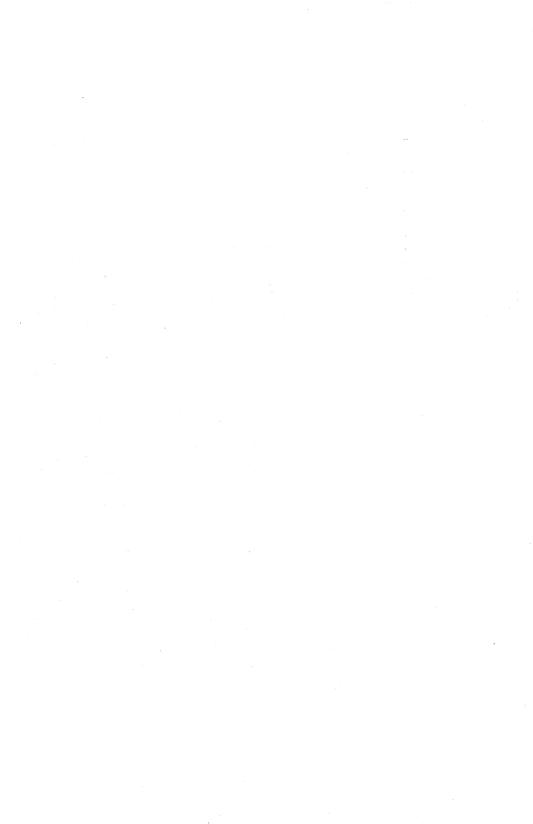
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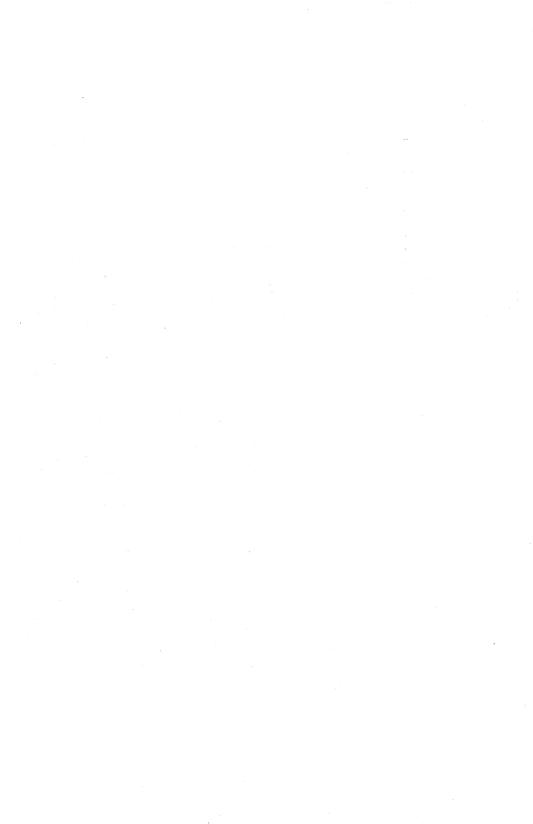
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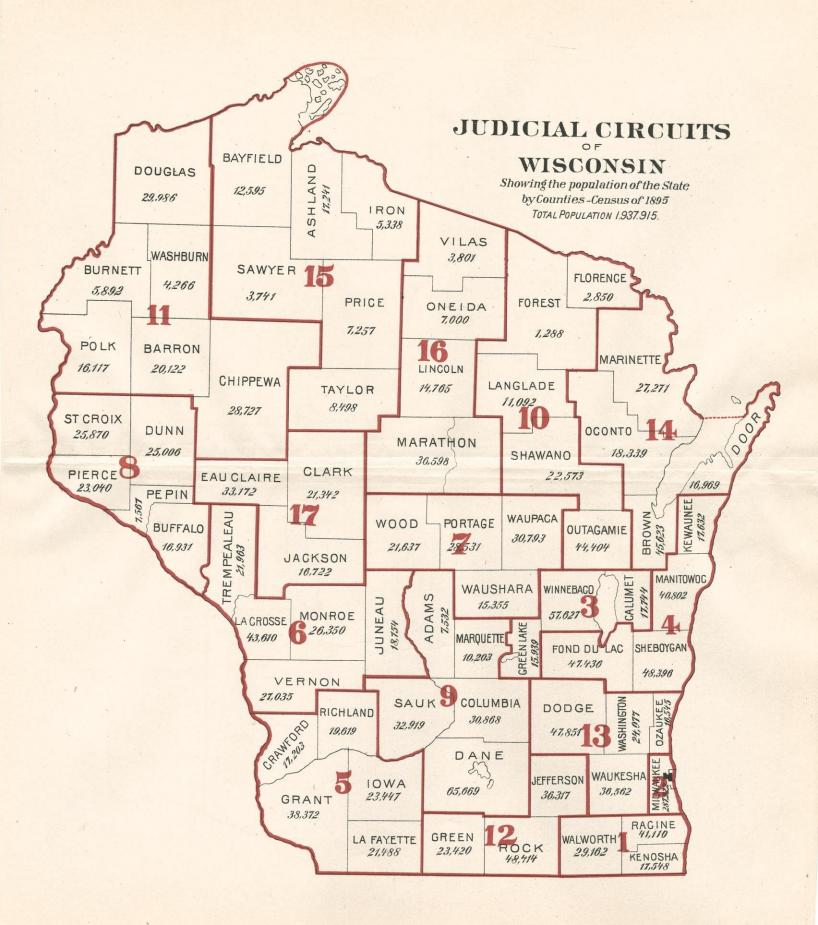
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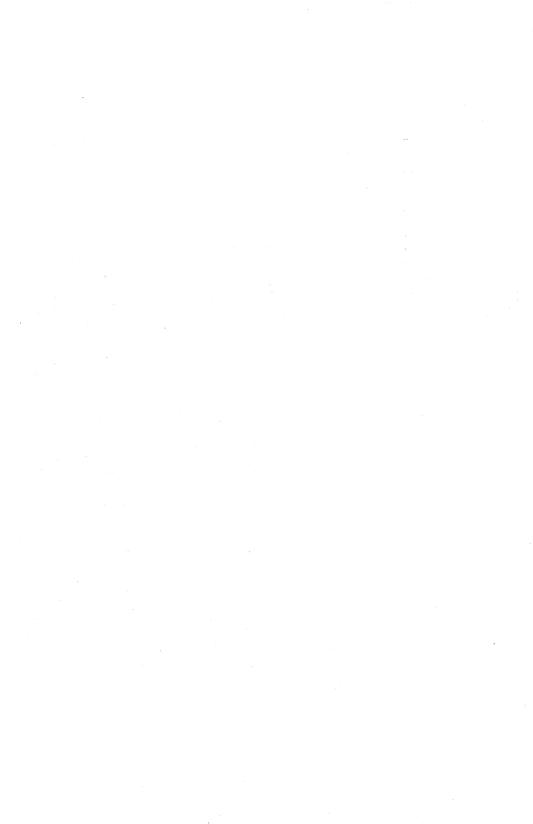


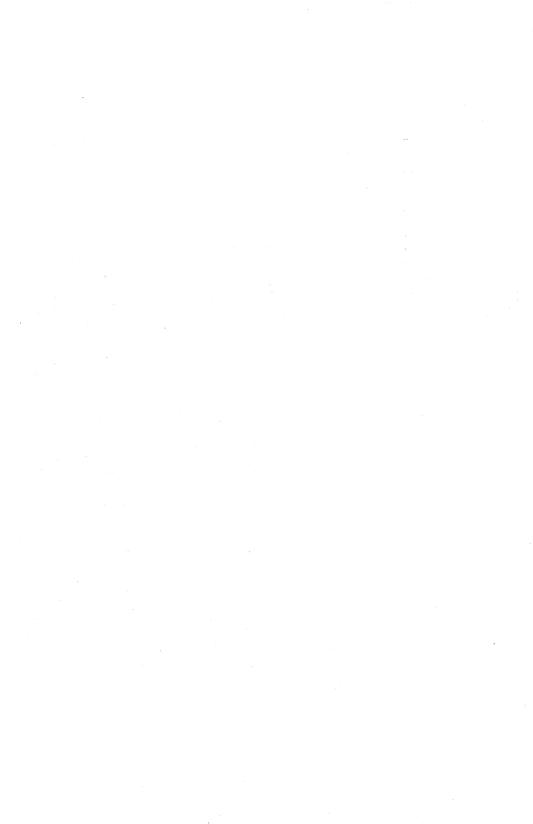


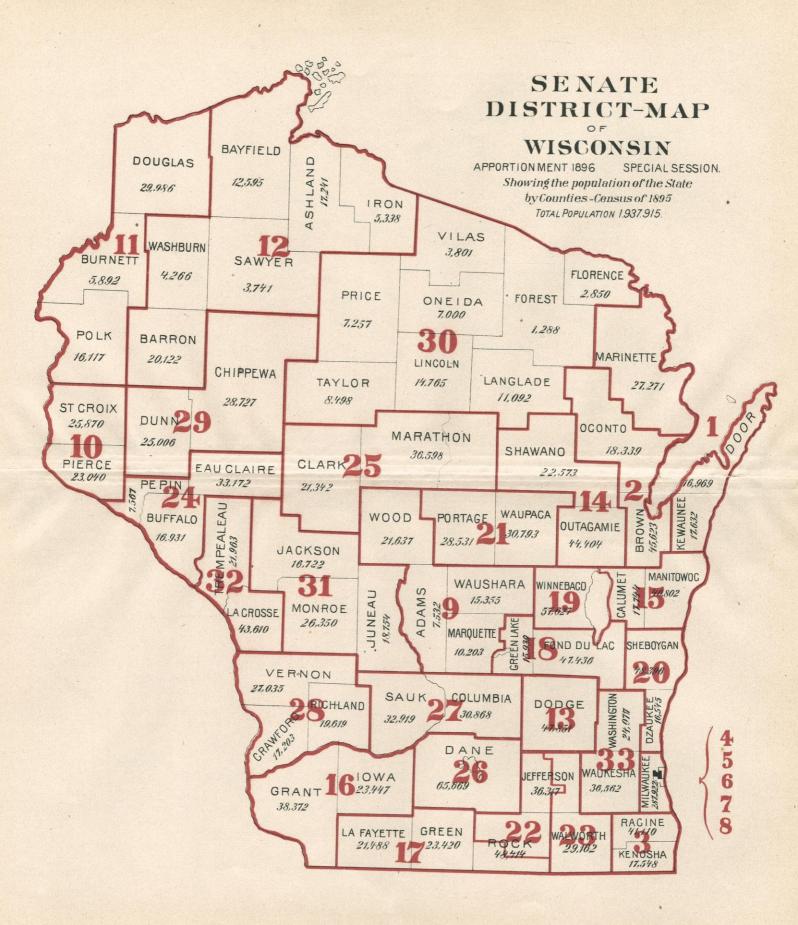


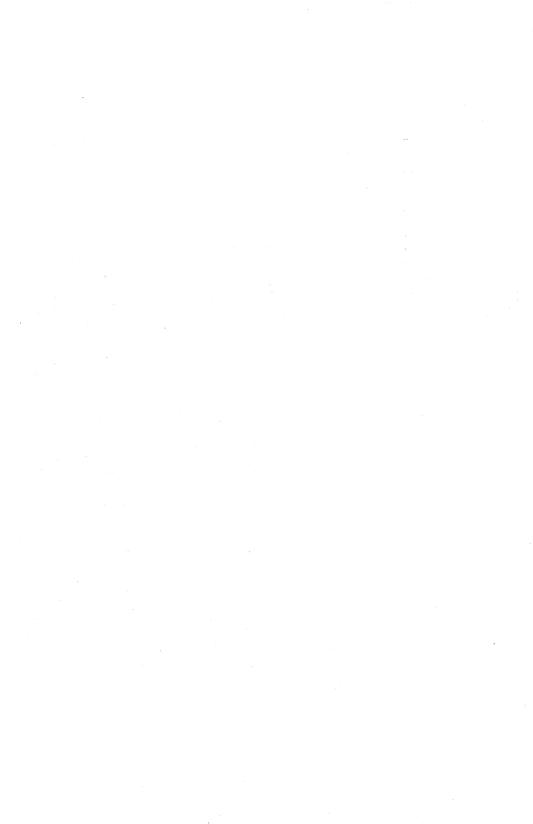


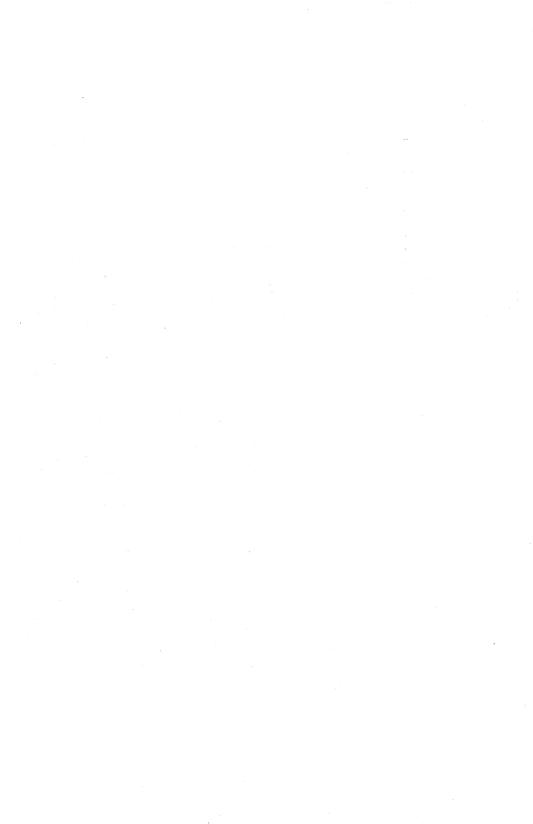


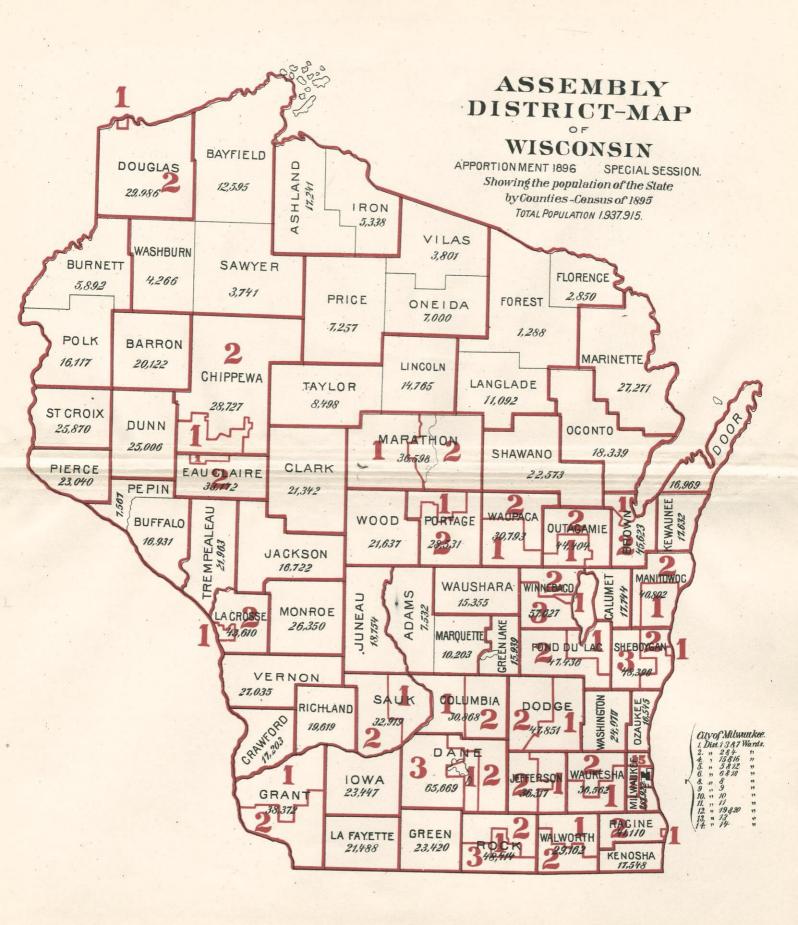


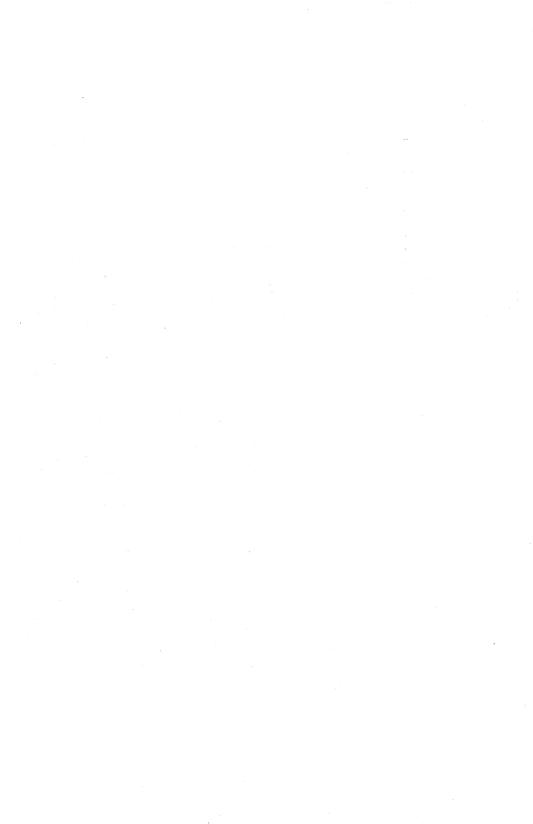


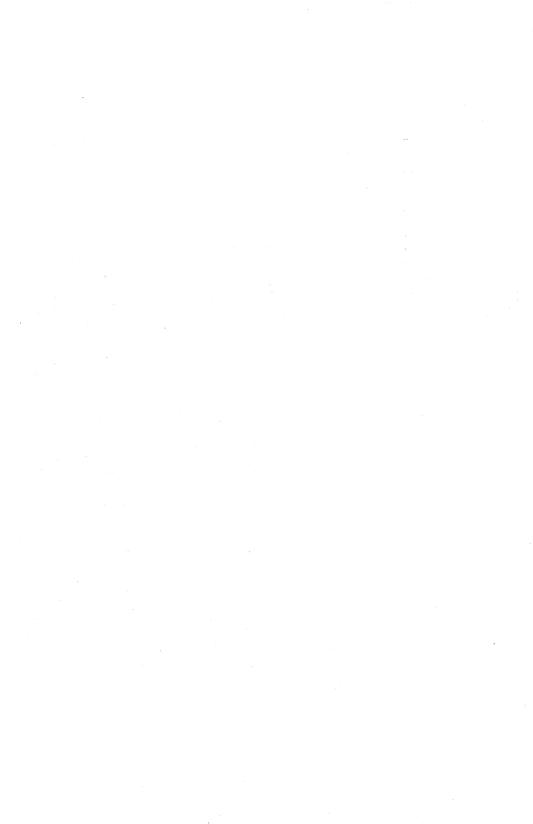


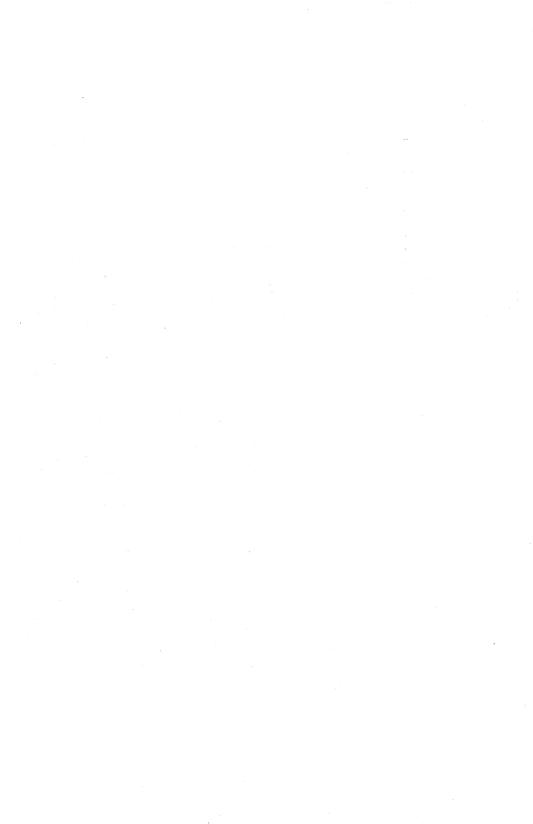


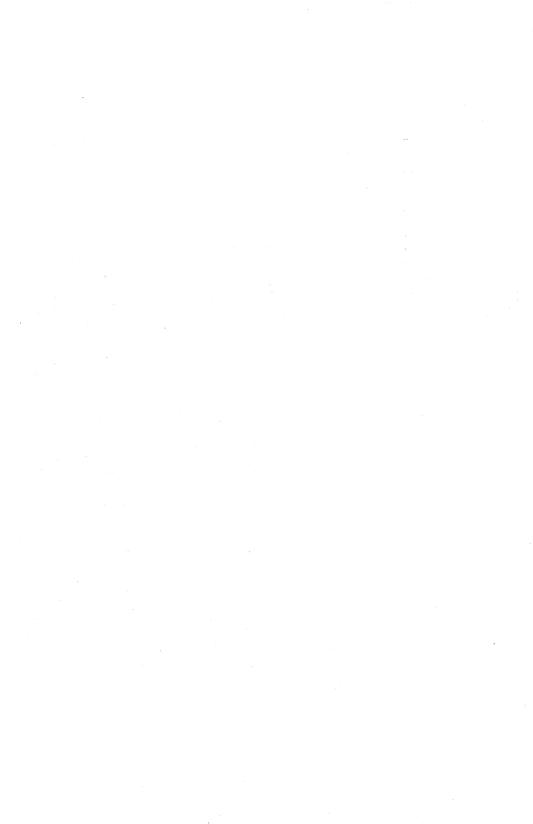


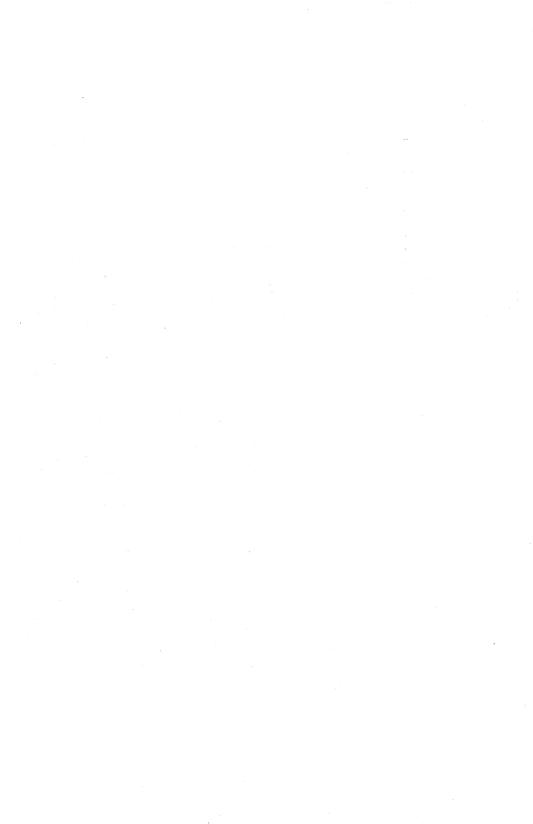












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